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....TRIBUTES OF LOVE AND SYMPATHY FROM PUBLIC MEN....

The death of the Queen calls forth world-wide expressions—tributes to her worth as a Sovereign, mother and friend. These tributes are international in character and come from all classes, all creeds. There is not a jarring note in the voicings of her praise. To-day the Star presents to its readers messages of sympathy, love and appreciation from the foremost citizens of Canada and the United States. Without reservation and without exception all speak feelingly, eloquently and with manifest sincerity of Victoria's life and influence.

It is not given to many rulers to have the nations of the world in the attitude of mourners at their bier. It might almost be said that Victoria is greater in death than in life. In life she ruled the greatest empire of the world; in death she sways the minds of all races on the face of the civilized globe, and elicits spontaneous words of well wishing for the nation bereft of its wisest counsellor.

LORD STRATHCONA AND MOUNT ROYAL, CANADIAN HIGH COMMISSIONER IN LONDON.

(Special Cable to the Star.)

To the Editor of the Montreal Star:

LONDON, January 23.—It is not the mere respect and regard that we Canadians have felt for the Queen, but the affection amongst us all, English and French; whilst, as for the Indians of Canada, I know well how with them the feeling towards the Queen was one of reverential devotion. She was to them a great, benificent being, incapable of doing harm, and forever doing good.

STRATHCONA.

FROM HON. GEORGE A. DRUMMOND.

To the Editor of the Montreal Star:

When Her Majesty came to the Throne in 1837, loyalty was neither a widespread nor pronounced virtue in her realm.

The Nation was recovering from the long and exhausting wars with Napoleon.

Legislation having for its object the amelioration of the condition of the poorer classes was scarcely dreamt of

The advocacy of political reform was a crime; Chartism was argued about with bludgeons, and quelled with the bayonet.

Such a thing as personal popularity in the occupant of the Throne was almost non-existant.

Contrast these conditions with those now existing when, alas, her beneficent rule is ended.

A nation mourns; the lowest and the highest stand together in line in heartfelt sorrow.

Over four hundred millions of our fellow subjects scattered over the globe—widely as the poles asunder—will to-day feel that a calamity has overtaken them.

Her Majesty not only gave a steadfast example to her subjects in all that concerned personal conduct, but discharged her high, onerous and never ending duties with unflagging industry and devotion.

Her unrivalled experience and judgment gave to her counsels a weight which among Sovereigns was absolutely without parallel.

Ruling strictly as a constitutional Sovereign, she nevertheless wielded an enormous influence in the policy of her Governments, and in guiding the Car of State.

It is impossible to do justice to her great qualities or adequately to estimate the benignant influence exerted by her over the destinies of her Empire and the well-being of her people.

No grander or more memorable record has been left by any Ruler of our Race.

Within a few months the sight of her wise, and kindly, and strong face, a heavy-laden look overshadowing all, left an impression on me which will never be forgotten.

Fortunately we have in her son a successor who by his devotion to the duties of his station gives assurance of being worthy to follow the lofty example of the Great Queen.

GEO. A. DRUMMOND.
(Montreal.)

HON. JOHN D. LONG, SECRETARY OF THE NAVY, WASHINGTON.

Navy Department.
WASHINGTON, D. C., January 21, 1901.

To the Editor of the Montreal Star:

I am very happy to express my appreciation of the long, exemplary and pure life of Queen Victoria. She has been a noble example, both as a Sovereign and a woman. Her death will be a loss not only to her own people, who so justly revere her, but to the world at large. I am sure she has a very warm place in the respect of the people of the United States.

Very truly yours.

JOHN. D. LONG,
Secretary.

HON. E. A. HITCHCOCK.

(Secretary of the Interior, Washington.)

Department of Interior, Washington, D. C. January 21st, 1901.

To the Editor of the Montreal Star:

The American people will deeply and sincerely sympathize with their kinsmen across the sea in their irreparable loss of a devoted Sovereign, whose pure and gracious personality and illustrious reign have so abundantly blessed the people of her great Dominion, and which have contributed so effectively to Christian civilization in every quarter of the world.

E. A. HITCHCOCK, Secretary.

HON. JOHN T. MORGAN, U. S., SENATOR FROM ALABAMA, UNITED STATES SENATE,

WASHINGTON, D.C., January 21, 1901.

To the Editor of the Montreal Star:

The passing of Her Majesty, Queen Victoria, to her higher honours and greater glory, leaves a sure and profound feeling of regret in the hearts of our people, that her long reign should end. We share in the sorrows of our kindred, while we are proud that the English-speaking family of the world has produced a woman of such noble traits and such pure renown.

JOHN T. MORGAN.

WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN.

(Democratic Candidate for the Presidency of the United States.)

(Special to the Star.)

To the Editor of the Montreal Star:

LINCOLN, Neb., January 23. — The death of Queen Victoria will be regretted in all lands. Her personal virtues won for her the love of her subjects and the respect of the world. Her successor will find it difficult to fill her place in public esteem.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

MONSIGNEUR DUHAMEL, ARCHBISHOP OF OTTAWA, (R.C.)

To the Editor of the Montreal Star:

"Queen Victoria was a good and noble woman. During her reign she did a great deal of good and was always solicitous about the morals of her people. We Catholics in Canada are enjoying such liberties and rights that we all feel sorry the Queen has passed away. The Queen has always been considered a superior woman, and the fact of her having a say in public affairs has surely helped any Ministry she has had. She unceasingly looked out for the progress and welfare of all her subjects. The Bishops of Canada, whenever they had an opportunity, as at the last Jubilee, on which occasion they sent Her Majesty a letter of congratulation, wished to make known to her their sentiments and to express their gratefulness. A noble Queen has departed."

ALL THE WORLD MOURNS.

HIS GRACE ARCHBISHOP O'BRIEN (R. C.), OF HALIFAX.

(Special to the Star.)

To the Editor of the Star:

HALIFAX, N. S., January 23.—His Grace Archbishop O'Brien said: "The Queen is dead:"

Were it possible that some new emotion should be awakened in the soul, that some chord in the human heart hitherto untouched should be played upon and give voice to new expressions of sorrow and national regret, we should expect these results to follow from this simple, yet potentially momentous announcement. For she has been, since the earliest recollection of the vast majority of her subjects a Queen, the object of their loyalty and the symbol of the Imperial power, so that she came to be looked upon as a permanent element in the ever changing surroundings.

Ministries rose and fell. Old forms in social and political life were superseded. Industrial and economic conditions were transformed. Numerous dynasties, many of ancient lineage, were overthrown. We all were realizing that we were fast hastening to the end of our earthly career. Yet the Queen remained stronger in the affections of her people, and endowed in their imagination with unfailing youth.

"And now she is dead. It is too soon to write her history or to speak her eulogy. This, however, we can say: That she set a noble example of public and domestic virtue in an age when the former is not conspicuously practised and the latter is too often forgotten or despised. While her position was essentially public, her personality was eminently domestic. The duties of the state were conscientously discharged by the Queen. But the woman was never in the blare and flare of notoriety. She realized that a "valiant woman, even if a Queen, should have the care of her household and should shine chiefly in the domestic circle. Hence her necessary contact with public men and her intimate connection with affairs of state never unsexed her. To the end she was a womanly woman. She had all the strength of Elizabeth, without her vices; she had Mary's purity of conduct and disposition, but more gentle. This is in a great measure the secret of Queen Victoria's popularity, (for the instinct of a popular heart are, in the main, clean and healthy.") As well as of the respect and the chivalrous devotion in which she was held by men of all nations. Her life should be a lesson, not to rulers only, but to those of her sex who chafe under what they are pleased to term the injustice inflicted upon them by their fathers and brothers.

Naturally Victoria imbibed in her youthful days some of the prejudices of her time. To her credit these did not increase or harden with advancing years. They softened and almost disappeared. Her visit a short time ago to Ireland and many well-known actions on her part prove this.

One of these graceful actions, appreciated thoroughly by all right thinking Canadians, was the honour paid by her to the memory and remains of the late Rt. Hon. Sir John Thompson.

Of all the English Sovereigns her life and her reign were the longest; of all earthly rulers, past or present, her domains were the vastest, her subjects most numerous and devoted. Yet she knew sorrow, both public and domestic. The fire of affliction tries alike the subject and the sovereign affording impartially to each an occasion of purification. Though a Queen, she could not always shape the governmental policy of country; yet she had to experience sorrow by reason of its result. When the Empire shall be catalogued with the buried kingdoms of the past, the story of her life shall form a bright page in its annals."

HON. D. FARQUHARSON, PREMIER OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

(Special to the Star.)

To the Editor of the Star:

CHARLOTTETOWN, January 23.—Prince Edward Island deplores the death of the Queen. She dignified the throne with the noblest attributes of womanhood. Her Christian example and unselfish patriotism inspired her subjects and wielded a wonderful influence for good over the British Empire and the civilized world. She was an Empire builder, and in the discharge of duty was animated by those virtues and graces which made Victoria's life and reign a blessing to every part of Britain and her dependencies, and these have been the chief elements in giving strength, prestige and greatness to England and the Colonial Empire, standing for righteousness, which exalteth a nation. Her rule was a perpetual benediction. She was the best and greatest of all earthly sovereigns.

D. FARQUHARSON.

FROM HIS HONOUR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR JONES, NOVA SCOTIA.

(Special to the Star.)

Editor Montreal Star:

HALIFAX, N.S., January 23.—The death of our beloved Queen is the most momentous event that has occurred in our time. At this moment, it is being discussed in every court and hamlet in the civilized world, and if the earnest prayers and the supplications of her affectionate and grateful people at the Throne of Grace should have affected the event, her precious life would have been spared to us for many years to come.

She has been such a wonderful personality, not only with her own people, but in the weightiest affairs of the world at large, that we are almost led to wonder, in doubt and apprehension, what may be the effect of the loss of her guiding judgment and influence of the century now otherwise so happily opening. The greatness of her character and soundness of her judgment has been shown by the wisdom and consideration with which she has fulfilled the duties and responsibilities of her exalted position. With her great power as a ruling Sovereign, inherited and confirmed, she has always proved herself a wise and constitutional ruler, and has invariably shown respect for the wishes of her people and the different Governments, on either side of politics, whom they have chosen to represent their interests and opinions. She has never thwarted the wishes of her people, but has led the way and encouraged them in every good work and deed that was for their own benefit or for the welfare of the nation at large.

No country that I know of has given the world a Sovereign clothed with the same prerogatives and authority who has given such proofs of moderation, combined with kindness and fitness, when necessary, and her grateful and loving people will forever cherish the memory of one who has given them such abundant cause for devotion and respect.

A. G. JONES.

REV. ROBERT CAMPBELL, D.D., MONTREAL.

Editor Montreal Star:

The first of the striking characteristics of Queen Victoria that occurs to my mind, is her unfailing good sense. Clear perception, coupled with mental promptness, seemed to enable her always to say and do the right thing at the right time. This was a royal gift she had.

The tenderness of her heart was perhaps, even more conspicuous. And so comprehensive were her sympathies, going out towards the prince and peasant alike, that they contributed not a little to her success as a Sovereign She was endowed with an imperialistic nature, not in the sense of being arbitrary, for that she was not, but in the catholicity of her temper, so that she was able to embrace in her concerns, the welfare of all the vast millions that owned her sway.

Then she set herself determinedly against everything that was of doubtful morality, and in matters of conduct established a standard not for royalties alone, but for every wife and mother in the land.

ROBERT CAMPBELL.

HON. MR. JUSTICE KING, SUPREME COURT, OTTAWA.

Editor, Montreal Star:

In the earlier years of her reign, it was thought that the Queen's opinions were largely influenced by King Leopold of Belgium and by the Prince Consort; but when all these props were withdrawn, it was soon seen that she could stand alone, and that a strong personality was veiled under a plastic exterior.

Absorbing devotion to public duty under all vicissitudes (and who experienced more?), and a steady attachment to the side of virtue, were amongst her marked characteristics.

As for the British people, the devolution of sovereignty, on its public side, is a mere incident of national life, but the character and reign of the good Queen must continue long to be a touchstone for the monarchy.

GEORGE E. KING.

FROM THE PORTUGUESE AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED STATES, WASHINGTON.

PORTUGUESE LEGATION.
Washington, D.C., Jan. 21, 1901.

To the Editor of the Montreal Star:

The reign of Her Majesty, Queen Victoria, is one of the most glorious periods in the history of Great Britain; her noble life is one of the brightest pages in the history of mankind.

SANTO THYRSO.

REDFIELD PROCTOR, UNITED STATES SENATOR FROM VERMONT.

UNITED STATES SENATE,
WASHINGTON, D.C., Jan. 21, 1901.

To the Editor of the Montreal Star:

There will be no more sincere mourners for the death of Queen Victoria than the people of the United States. In this respect our hearts are as English as yours can be. We do not yield to any of the subjects of her vast Dominions in our respect for the Queen, and our affection for the woman. We remember that she was our friend in the dark days when we needed friends and when her people needed her wise counsel and restraining influence.

We mourn with you.

REDFIELD PROCTOR, Senator.

MR. R. BICKERDIKE, M. P. MONTREAL.

To the Editor of the Montreal Star:

It seems impossible to realize that our beloved Queen is gone from us; it is truly a sad event to mark the opening of the twentieth century, not only for the British Empire, but for the whole of civilization. As a mother, a model as Queen, a shining example to future rulers. Her example and life will with the Lord's blessing, bear fruit with generations to come. We hope that her mantle will fall upon the shoulders of her successor.

Yours, respectfully,
ROBT. BICKERDIKE, M. P.
St. Lawrence Division,
Montreal.

HON. MR. JUSTICE GIROUARD, SUPREME COURT, OTTAWA.

Editor Montreal Star:

The Queen of England, both in her public and private life, is the greatest Sovereign of the nineteenth century. Her Empire extends over all parts of the world, and everywhere, to her millions of subjects of different races, means purity, progress, liberty and civilization. History will give her the glorious name of Victoria the Beloved.

D. GIROUARD,
Judge of the Supreme Court of Canada.

CHAIRMAN PROTESTANT COMMITTEE, COUNCIL OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Editor Montreal Star:

The supernatural halo of earthly courts is doomed. The Worship paid to the Caesars long ago vanished, that to the Emperor of Japan is disappearing, and that to the Emperor of China recently received a very rude interruption. Victoria the Good needed no factitious aids to secure for her universal respect and love. As Queen and Empress, wife and mother, she has been in the very midst of the modern democracy, to which her life and spirit, her gracious words and wise and kind deeds became familiar. No wonder that all nations call her Blessed.

The accession to the British throne in 1901 will with moral certainty proceed as smoothly as it did in 1837. The world-wide Empire is waiting to acclaim its king. The enemies of monarchy may rejoice in evil prophecy, but King Edward VII. will be enthroned at once, as his merits entitle him to be, in the hearts of 400 millions of Britons on all continents and seas, who will soon re-echo the familiar strains of "God Save the King."

Wesleyan College, Montreal. WILLIAM I. SHAW.

SIR JOHN G. BOURINOT, CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

To the Editor of the Montreal Star:

OTTAWA, January 23. — Canadians will always associate the name of the Queen as a constitutional ruler, with the concession of responsible government and the confederation of British North America, which have especially made the Dominion of Canada one of the most prosperous and happy countries in the world.

We all contemplate that the beneficial influences of her reign will be continued by her son.

JOHN G. BOURINOT.

PROF. GOLDWIN SMITH.

(Special to the Star.)

To the Editor of the Montreal Star:

TORONTO, Ont. January 23.—The Queen's highest influence was domestic and social.

She was, above all, the head of English homes. As head of the State, she was strictly constitutional, giving all parties and ministries fair play in their turn, without regard to her personal feelings. The policy has varied with the party in power.

GOLDWIN SMITH.

FROM ALFRED T. WAITE, EDITOR BOSTON HERALD.

(Special to the Star.)

To the Editor of the Montreal Star:

The Boston Herald says: "It is quite within bounds, we think, to say that the death of no other monarch who ever reigned has produced such world-wide genuine sadness as will be felt on account of the death of the gracious and beloved Queen Victoria. Her reign is not more remarkable for its extreme length than for its excelling wisdom, prosperity and honour. She has a high secure place in the roll of the world's beneficent rulers, who have won the devotion of their own subjects and the admiration of all peoples. Her greatness is the natural development of her womanliness, which has been pure and true in every circumstance of her long life. Her character is the illustrious element in her influence, and so her fame she has represented, and she will continue to represent the highest type of a constitutional monarch the world has ever seen; a model of excellence in that form of government. None of her predecessors on the throne has had a sounder understa ding of the English constitution, a safer intelligence in its administration, a more resolute purpose to promote the true welfare of the nation. She was not without some of the infirmities which pertain to Royal station, the natural consequence of its isolation, and its unquestioned supremacy. But they were not of the kind that stay. The record of her life was that of an earnest Christian woman, conscious of serious responsibility that devolved upon her and anxious not to fail in any duty, public or personal, that her lot imposed.

"Empress; an august and powerful ruler of millions in every quarter of the globe; a true woman, who in her exalted station, won the whole world's favour for human excellence that men and women in every station may hope to emulate."

ALFRED T. WAITE,
Editor Boston Herald.

HON. DAVID MILLS (MINISTER OF JUSTICE).

(Special to the Star.)

To the Editor of the Star:

In the death of Queen Victoria, the world will have lost the most influential sovereign that has ruled in Europe since the Reformation.

Her Majesty has endeavoured to secure to the Empire during the whole period of her reign, peace with honour.

Her exalted position gave her great influence, and that influence has always been exerted for good.

The British Empire has been governed throughout Her Majesty's reign, not only by law, but by royal influence, and Her Majesty, more than any other living person, has, in social life, been be friend of those who have done well.

Queen Victoria was by far the most influential sovereign of her time, and no one that preceded her on the throne of England was more endeared to those over whom he or she reigned than the Queen. There is not a Christian family in her Great Empire who did not earnestly desire her recovery, and many a prayer by those in humble life, who are living in obscurity has been offered in her behalf. She was Queen of the British Empire by eminent worth not less certain than by legal succession, and the British Empire will be singularly fortunate if her successor leaves behind him at the end of his royal career a name equally illustrious, and a memory equally dear.

DAVID MILLS,
Minister of Justice.

THE NEWS IN U.S.

MR. McKINLEY'S CONDOLENCES

Stars and Stripes Placed at Half-Mast Over the Executive Mansion—Resolutions of Sympathy.

WASHINGTON, January 23.—Four days of anxiety had in a large measure prepared officials at Washington for the news which was flashed across the cable of the death of the Queen of England. While the cabinet was in session during the noon hour the President and his advisers were in receipt from time to time of all news which came from Osborne House. When the end came later in the afternoon it found appropriate measures of condolence framed, and even orders for execution looking to the half-masting of the flags over the executive departments, and the carrying out of the usual formalities. The half-masting of the national ensign was an unusual tribute to the memory of a deceased sovereign; it is said that this had been done rarely on occasions of the funeral of some great world ruler, but never before in the case of the death of a monarch.

The actual despatch of the message of the President to the new King of England, and from Secretary Hay to Ambassador Choate was delayed only long enough to receive the physicians' statement announcing the demise of the Queen, and then they were sent forward at once, and copies were furnished to the press.

The British embassy also received the press news as of full worth, and the Royal Standard, flying over the embassy building, was perhaps the first flag in Washington to sink slowly half-way down the staff, giving notice to official Washington of the sad event.

The rapidity with which the news spread was remarkable, and within a short half hour the members of the diplomatic body here began to appear at the British embassy bearing cards of condolence.

Another unusual mark of the high appreciation of the worth of the deceased Queen was the action taken by the House of Representatives in adjourning as a mark of respect to her memory.

Nothing now remains to be done by the United States Government save to exchange through the slow process of the mail, the formal expressions of regret which are prescribed by international etiquette.

MR. McKINLEY'S MESSAGE.

The following is the text of President McKinley's message of condolence to King Edward VII.:

"To His Majesty the King, Osborne House, Isle of Wight:

"I have received with profound sorrow the lamentable tidings of the death of Her Majesty the Queen. Allow me, sir, to offer my sincere sympathy and that of the American people in your personal bereavement, and in the loss Great Britain has suffered in the death of its venerable and illustrious sovereign, whose noble life and beneficent influences have promoted the peace and won the affection of the world."

"WILLIAM McKINLEY."

Secretary Hay, upon being assured through the physicians' statement of the demise of Queen Victoria, promptly cabled the following message to Ambassador Choate, at London:

"Department of State, Washington, January 22, 1901:

"CHOATE, Ambassador, London:

"You will express to Lord Lansdowne, the profound sorrow of the Governmen and people of the United States at the death of the Queen and deep sympathy we feel with the people of the British Empire in their great affliction.

"JOHN HAY."

The flag on the executive mansion was placed at half-mast at 3.30 o'clock. So far as any record goes, this is the first time in the history of this country that this mark of respect has been paid to the memory of a foreign ruler.

SENATE ADOPTS RESOLUTION.

The announcement of the death of the Queen, conveyed unofficially to the Senate, was recognized by that body in the adoption of the following resolution, which was ordered to be engrossed and forwarded to the Prime Minister of Great Britain:

"That the death of Her Royal and Imperial Majesty, Victoria, of noble virtues and great renown, is sincerely deplored by the Senate of the United States of America."

The resolution was adopted by the Senate unanimously.

The House of Representatives also adopted a resolution expressing profound regret and sympathy for the English people on account of the death of the Queen. The President was requested to communicate the expression to the British Government, and as a further mark of respect to the memory of the Queen the House immediately adjourned. The action of the House was particularly impressive in that the resolution was adopted without a word of dissent or debate. The resolution followed the usual precedents and was in almost the identical language of the resolutions adopted upon the occasion of the deaths of the President of France and the Czar of Russia.

Mr. Hitt, chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, offered the resolution, which read as follows:

"Resolved—That the House of Representatives of the United States of America has learned with profound sorrow of the death of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, and sympathize with her people in the loss of their beloved sovereign. That the President be requested to communicate this expression of the sentiment of the House to the Government of Great Britain. That, as a further mark of respect to the memory of Queen Victoria, the House do now adjourn."

The reading of the resolution was listened to with impressive silence.

The resolution was unanimously adopted, and the House adjourned until noon to-morrow.

Pimples

are more than a disfigurement of the skin; they are a handicap to a young man, alike in love and business. The pimply face looks dissipated and both merchant and maiden look askance at the unfortunate fellow whose face is his misfortune. An almost certain cure for pimples and similar disfiguring eruptions is found in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It purifies the blood of the corrupting cause of ordinary eruptive diseases, cleanses the skin and builds up the body with sound wholesome flesh. "Discovery" contains neither alcohol nor narcotics.

"I am well pleased with your medicines," writes John A. Calloway, Esq., of No. 218 [illegible] St., Columbus, Ga. "In [illegible] I was working at night and I broke out in lumps all over, and when these left the skin peeled off. I took six bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and two of Doctor Pierce's Pellets, and I do believe that I am sound and well. I have a good appetite, but before I commenced treatment I had no appetite at all. My eyes were sunken and my face was pale. I had pimples and brown spots on my face. Now these are all gone. I have used many kinds of medicines but received no benefit. Last year I weighed one hundred and thirty-four pounds, and now I weigh one hundred and forty-five. Please accept my thanks. I am so glad I found the right kind of medicine."

Medical Adviser is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay cost of customs and mailing *only*. Send 31 one-cent stamps for paper covered, or 50 stamps for cloth binding, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N.Y.

FLAGS LOWERED IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, January 23.—As the news of the Queen's death was received here many flags on business buildings were placed at half-mast. The bell in the steeple of Trinity church was tolled for some time after the death was known. As soon as the news was confirmed the flag of the British consulate was hauled to half-mast and it was announced that the consulate would be closed for all but most urgent business.

As the news of the death quickly spread flags all over the city began to be lowered. This was particularly true with regard to the financial district, where every business house or building has its bunting ready. Wall street and its adjacent thoroughfares were soon giving silent intimation that one of the world's most notable personages had passed away

In no part of the city was respect for the memory of Queen Victoria more quickly shown than in the waters of the port of New York. Steamers and sailing vessels flying the British flag were not alone in their manifestations of honour to the memory of the dead Queen. United States flags over ferry houses, schooners and tugs in the East and North rivers all brought the emblem down, and by this means the news was conveyed to thousands who were on the lookout for this signal. The flags of Russia, Austria, Mexico, France, Germany, Italy and others were half-masted at the various foreign consulates and steamship offices on Bowling Green and lower Broadway.

AT BUFFALO.

BUFFALO, N. Y., January 23.—Superintendent William F. Fisher, of the city and county hall this afternoon ordered the flags of the building placed at half-mast as a token of respect to the memory of Queen Victoria.

AT ALBANY.

ALBANY, N. Y., January 23.—The Right Rev. Wm. Crosswell Doane, Episcopal Bishop of Albany, announces that he will shortly hold a memorial service at the Cathedral of All Saints in honour of Queen Victoria of England, deceased, of whom he was a great admirer.

UNIVERSAL PRAISE

Statesmen, Clergymen, Business Men and All Others Unite in Speaking Highly of "Victoria the Good."

(Special to the Star.)

NEW YORK, January 23.—Chauncey M. Depew, at Washington, said: "Queen Victoria had the rare distinction at the close of her long reign of possessing the ardent love and the loyalty of many races of her great Empire, and the admiration and respect of the people of all other nations."

BISHOP DOANE.

Bishop Doane, of Albany, says: "Queen Victoria did not need to die to receive the honour and homage of the world. It poured at her jubilee, it gathers in new force today, taking a deeper emotion and tenderer tone. Noble in her womanhood, she has honoured and adorned even the throne of England."

BISHOP POTTER.

Bishop Potter spoke of observations he had made during his travels on the influence of the Queen's personality exercised upon subjects in her great colonial Empire. "No political bond in the Empire," said the Bishop, "has been stronger than the bond of personal devotion to this beautiful character and personality. On my trip around the world I was struck by the extent of this extreme personal devotion."

CARDINAL GIBBONS.

Cardinal Gibbons, of Baltimore, says: "The death of Queen Victoria will send a thrill of sorrow throughout the world, not only because of the almost universal diffusion of the British Empire, but still because of the domestic views of the woman whose long and eventful reign will be ever memorable in the annals of England, and whose character will command the love of her subjects and the admiration of the civilized world."

DR. TALMAGE.

Rev. Dr. Talmage said: "I believe that no throne since the throne of David and the throne of Hezekiah and the throne of Esther has been in such constant touch with the throne of heaven as the throne of Victoria."

CHARLES PIERCE.

Charles D. Pierce, the Boer representative in New York, says: "The Boers have always believed the Queen was their friend. She was possessed in the highest degree with these Christian sentiments that have underlain the whole course of her reign. She was forced into the war by the maligne influences of Chamberlain and Milner, who by sympathetic misrepresentation kept the truth from her."

ALFRED HARMSWORTH.

Alfred Harmsworth, now at Jacksonville, Florida, says: "The splendid and sympathetic treatment of this great sorrow of ours by the American press will do more for international accord than all the utterances of politicians and the workings of diplomacy. You feel for us as we wept for you at the death of Lincoln and Grant. I cannot but realize that we have lost in our Queen the centre of Imperial sympathy that did much for cohesion and unity. But the future has good in store for us. The world has passed from the realm of sentiment to the age of business, and in Edward VII. we have one who is, above all, a man of affairs. Not enough is known on this side of the Atlantic of the marked aptitude of our King as a diplomatist, negotiator and hard working business man. His only rival in this matter among the world's Sovereigns is his nephew, William of Germany, and no one will gainsay the fact that for discretion and savoir faire Edward VII. is more than a match for William II."

COUNT CASSINI.

Count Cassini, the Russian Ambassador at Washington, is deeply touched by the death of the Queen, more particularly, perhaps, because of the relationship which existed between her and the Czarina. "Queen Victoria," he said, "represented the ideal of womanhood. She combined all the lovable qualities of her sex with the judgment and will of the sovereign, and her personality awakened and held the affection not only of her own, but of other peoples. The people of Russia will sympathize deeply with the Royal Family and the British nation in their loss."

CHARLES EMORY SMITH.

Charles Emory Smith, United States Postmaster General, says: "The Victorian era is a golden era of English history. The Ruler whose remarkable reign now closes is pre-eminently distinguished as the model Queen and model woman. While fully representing the limitations of the British constitution and carrying them further than they had ever been carried before, she was nevertheless an active and a powerful factor in affairs, and her influence was altogether on the side of right. Americans especially can never be unmindful of her friendly attitude during their own great struggle. Her noble character has given her country a noble reign, and her death will be lamented wherever purity, uprightness and love of humanity are honoured."

JAMES WILSON.

James Wilson, United States Secretary of Agriculture says: "She was a good, Christian woman and great and wise ruler."

REAR ADMIRAL SAMPSON.

Rear Admiral W. T. Sampson says: "The death of Queen Victoria will cause more sincere grief among Americans than among any other people outside the British dominions, on account of her steady, wholesome, far reaching developments of Anglo-American friendship during her extraordinary reign."

SIR AUGUSTUS HEMMING.

Following is the tribute paid the late Queen Victoria by Sir Augustus Hemming, Governor of Jamaica: "The noblest of women, best beloved and most honoured of Sovereigns, tenderest and most loving of wives and mothers, she leaves a memory to be revered and an example to be followed."

WHITELAW REID.

Whitelaw Reid, editor Tribune, says: "The British Sovereign has been commonly referred to in America for more than a generation as the 'Good Queen,' or simply as 'The Queen,' nothing more is needed to tell how the American people esteemed her; but it ought to be added that after her intervention in the Trent affair his feeling of respect and admiration took no a character of affection and regard."

Lieut.-General Scholfield says: "Queen Victoria was a great Sovereign because her conduct, both public and private, was always in accord with the highest aspirations of her people."

LONDON IN MOURNING.

LONDON, January 23. — London donned to-day a garb of mourning from end to end and the early hours found a thick fog enveloping the city like a pall. Throughout the West End blinds were drawn. On all the Embassies, Government offices and public buildings the flags were half-masted. The law courts, the stock exchange and all the produce and metal exchanges throughout the country assembled only to close immediately after the presiding officers had addressed to the respective members a few words of tribute to the dead monarch.

There were exceptionally large congregations in the churches. At St. Paul's Cathedral the prayers for the Royal family were altered to read:

"For our Sovereign Lord the King and the Queen Consort."

All the services were ended by the playing of a dead march.

The various naval and military stations fired salutes of eighty-one guns at midday to signalize the death of the Queen, one gun for each completed year of the Queen's age.

The public buildings were being draped to-day with black, the stores were displaying many signs of mourning and business was practically at a standstill.

WAITING FOR THE KING.

Dense crowds, beginning at St. James street, lined the entire route to Victoria station from an early hour. The Mall and the front of Buckingham Palace were especially thronged. All along the former from the Palace to Marlborough House, carriages filled with ladies stood as if for a drawing-room excepting that the coachmen, the footmen and the occupants were dressed in mourning. The police precautions were unusual. Men on foot and mounted guarded almost every yard of the way. All waited patiently for hours to greet their King.

Eventually, preceded by half a dozen mounted policemen, a plain brougham driven very rapidly, with the coachman and footman in their usual gray liveries, wearing mourning bands on their arms, brought into view the King with an equerry seated beside him. He was dressed in the deepest and most simple mourning, and carefully raised his hat in acknowledgment of the silent uncovering of heads. The King looked tired and very sad.

Following him came the Duke of York, the Duke of Connaught and others. Both the King and the Duke of York looked pathetically up at Buckingham Palace as they passed and acknowledged the salute of the guard of honour drawn up inside the Palace grounds. All the officers had crape on their left sleeves.

PERIOD OF MOURNING.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, January 23.—The immediate effect of Her Majesty's death will be noticeable at Ottawa during the coming session. It is not known yet how long a period of mourning will be proclaimed. The Government will be guided in this respect by the Imperial authorities. The change of Sovereign will not affect the meeting of Parliament, the two Houses will assemble on the date for which they have already been summoned. It is questionable, however, whether there will be any state dinner on the night of the opening, and it is certain that the Governor-General's Drawing Room will be dispensed with. The session will be a quiet one socially, as, with the exception of a few quiet dinner parties, there will be little or no entertaining.

THE NEWS AT COPENHAGEN.

COPENHAGEN, January 23.—The news of the death of Queen Victoria arrived here at a late hour. The King was already sleeping, and it was thought best not to disturb him. The Crown Prince was notified of Her Majesty's demise and at once telegraphed condolences to Osborne House. He will attend the funeral as the condition of the King's health precludes his undertaking the journey.

The late editions of the newspapers announcing the Queen's death created a deep impression. All fetes have been abandoned.

THE NEWS IN HOLLAND.

AMSTERDAM, January 23.—The newspapers here are full of respectful sympathy with Great Britain but the views of the political aspect of the death of Queen Victoria are largely influenced by the prevailing sentiment concerning the South African war. The Handelsblad says: "The end of her pacific reign was obscured by the shadow of war and insurrection and, alas, finishes with an unjust war against a little people, which is all the more humiliating as England has not conquered the valiant Africanders. The Queen dies profoundly regretted by her people whose great love and respect she merited."

ALL FUNCTIONS CANCELLED.

BOMBAY, January 23.—All public functions have been cancelled, the public offices have been closed and business has been suspended. The genuine sorrow of the natives is extraordinarily marked, even the poorest and most ignorant expressing the utmost regret and sorrow. It is a remarkable revelation of sincere loyalty. Special services have been arranged to take place in the native places of worship.

EMPEROR JOSEPH'S SYMPATHY.

VIENNA, January 23.—Emperor Francis Joseph went to the British embassy this morning and personally expressed his sympathy to Lord and Lady Plunkett. He remained there half an hour. The Duke of Cumberland called at the embassy and many of the nobility and court dignitaries inscribed their names.

THE BERLIN COURT.

BERLIN, January 23.—The court has been ordered to go into mourning for four weeks. The Empress has arrived at Homburg and proceeded to the Royal Castle in order to be near Dowager Empress Frederick.

KING CHARLES WILL ATTEND.

LISBON, January 23.—King Charles intends to attend personally the funeral of Queen Victoria. Court mourning for a month has been ordered. The papers are filled with eulogistic articles on Victoria and her reign.

SYMPATHY IN CEYLON.

COLOMBO, Ceylon, January 23.—The deepest sympathy with the Royal family on the death of Queen Victoria is felt throughout this island. The flags are half-masted, all functions have been postponed and business is suspended.

NEW YORK, January 23.—The news of the death of Queen Victoria was received in this city with the sorrow due to so momentous an event in the history of the British Empire. The buildings of J. P. Morgan & Co., bankers, and the two buildings of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, are being appropriately draped with mourning symbols. Owners of other buildings are following the example set by these leading institutions.

THE AMERICAN PRESS

Complimentary References to the Departed Queen and Her Reign by American Writers.

(Special to the Star.)

NEW YORK, January 23.—The New York Tribune says: "The Queen is dead. The Victorian age is ended. But 'far on, in summers that we shall not see,' something of the Victorian Queenship will victoriously abide as a still vital force wherever the British flag is raised, and indeed wherever the English tongue is heard.

NEW YORK TIMES.

The New York Times says: During her lifetime the Queen grew to be not merely an historical figure as she truly was, but a remote and mythical figure to the British imagination and in her own person, as it were to sum up the secular glories of her race. And this impression was deepened by the retirement she imposed upon herself during almost forty years of widowhood, so that each of her rare public appearances became, for the British nation, a kind of avatar.

THE NEW YORK SUN.

The New York Sun says: "England will mourn sincerely for Queen Victoria for from the moment of her accession she was born again in the hearts of her British subjects and never lost her hold upon their affection. Nay, she unceasingly made it stronger and deeper. No one who has not inherited it can know the feeling cherished for the person of a sovereign; and that Victoria enjoyed to a degree not equalled by any monarch of her time. The Sun also says: "The friendly relations between the United States and Great Britain are in no way likely be disturbed by the change on the British throne. As far as the Crown has an influence it is probable that an influence will be exerted to make the friendship closer and to smooth away the possible difficulties that may be raised by blundering diplomats. The Sun hails King Edward VII and his lovable Queen, Alexandra. It wishes them a long happy reign, with the hope that history may look upon it as a fit sequel to the golden age of Victoria.

NEW YORK WORLD.

The New York World says: "The accession of Edward VII., to the throne will cause no change whatever in British policies. The Salisbury Chamberlain party will continue to control and shape them, just as if Victoria still reigned, until either their majority in the Commons refuses to longer support them or parliament expires by its seven year limitation."

NEW YORK JOURNAL.

The New York Journal says: "There have been many greater monarchs than Victoria, but there never has been one more richly endowed with qualities that win peoples affection. A more brilliant sovereign might have had a less successful reign. It was the British nation's aim to make its Empire great an intellectual prodigy at Windsor could have done nothing to advance the national destiny and might have done much to hamper it. Napoleon, Cromwell or Frederick the Great, on the throne of England could hardly have restrained himself from an attempt at personal government, and at the stage when English constitutional development had reached at that time that would have meant friction, strife and possibly a crash. What was needed was a self-effacing monarch. Victoria was the perfect ruler for nineteenth century."

NEW YORK HERALD.

The New York Herald says: "Victoria once Queen of England and Empress of India, passes into history, followed by the affection of all the people of the earth, first because she was the most Gracious Queen, and second because, better than being Queen, she was the noble woman and the faithful mother.

CONTINENTAL PRESS.

(Special to the Star.)

PARIS, January 23.—The first impulse of the continental press has been to direct public attention to the effect of Queen Victoria's death on international politics. Drumont and a few other Nationalists continue their ignoble comments, but the respectable organs of every shade agree with Le Temps that the Queen's death will probably be in more than one domain the signal of grave changes.

It is the end of an era. It is universally acknowledged that apart from direct action forbidden to a constitutional monarch, Queen Victoria, from the fact of her long reign and personal relations, had come to be a weighty influence not only in British policy, but also in the frequent counsels of European sovereigns among themselves. Her close family connections with Germany, Russia, Belgium, Greece and Portugal, and her known habit of corresponding with friendly sovereigns at critical junctures, are admitted to have told directly for peace and moderation. All this will now be wanting, especially as the new King, according to Le Temps, "has a long life behind him. He has his tastes, his friends, and his court." In the present crisis, the Anglophobes everywhere on the continent profess to dread the new monarch's connection with the financiers directing Chamberlain's policy. It is feared that henceforth British ministerial policy will lack reserve, and that France, with Russia, but for different reasons, will separate more and more from Central Europe. Mutual resentment already exists between France and England since Fashoda, and because of the inevitable aggressiveness of the policy of each nation to expand colonially. It is remembered unfavourably that the Prince of Wales ostensibly refrained from visiting the Paris Exposition. The fact that Germany's advance through Asiatic Turkey is supported by England will further alienate Russia and France, already willing to take offence in the Far East."

MACHINISTS GO ON STRIKE.

Two Hundred of Them Walked Out at Glace Bay This Morning—Question of Wages.

(Special to the Star.)

SYDNEY, C.B., January 23. — The big machine shop at Glace Bay, is idle to-day, as the result of a strike among the machinists. Some time ago the men made a demand for an increase of fifty cents a day, but it was not granted. At a meeting held this week the men decided to go on strike this morning. The difficulty has not extended to the other collieries. The number of machinists employed there, however, are insignificant. At Glace Bay over 200 are employed, and these are all out. Conferences have been held. The difficulty will likely be submitted to arbitration.

A MILITIA ORDER.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, January 23. — The following Militia Order is issued, dated January 21. It is notified for the information of all concerned that the headquarters of the Royal Canadian Dragoons, Canadian Mounted Rifles and Brigade Division of Field Artillery, organized for special service in South Africa, having returned to Canada, the Hon. the Minister will recommend, for the approval of His Excellency the Governor-General-in-Council, that these corps be disbanded from this date.

MR. WILLIAM C. GUNN DEAD.

KINGSTON, Ont., January 23. — The death is announced in London, Eng., of Wm. C. Gunn, formerly of this city, and for years in the wholesale grocery business in Montreal. He was in the wholesale provision business in London. Mr. Gunn was a brother of Alexander Gunn, ex-M.P.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE BURNED.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, January 23. — The Grand Opera House was destroyed by fire last night. The loss will exceed [illegible].

MONEY SAVING **SHOE SALE**

Men's Black Box Calf, lined, heavy sole, were $5.50, now $3.49

Men's English Enamel, laced, heavy sole, were $5.00, now $3.49

Packard Heavy Tan Bal, slip sole $3.49

Men's Tan Calf Rubber Sole Lace, now $3.49

Ladies' Slippers from 90c to $2.00. Choice lines.

Ladies' Laced and Button Boots at less than Cost.

See our Bargain Tables for Genuine Snaps.

CLUB SHOE CO., 2244 2417 1334 **St. Catherine.**

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Any one who drinks green tea will do well to try a package of Blue Ribbon Ceylon Green Tea.
Ask your Grocer for it.

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BILLIARDS FOR HOME USE.

Cue games have a fascination by reason of skill and judgment they bring into play that no other games possess. To make it possible for most homes to enjoy such games, "Baletto" Tables have been introduced. Being portable and containing all the features of most expensive tables, they supply an amount of enjoyable recreation that make them the greatest of all home games. Prices $16, $22, $25.

R. & W. KERR,
2230 St. Catherine St.

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The Empire Typewriter.

"Montreal Gas Co.'s Opinion"

RE EMPIRE TYPEWRITING MACHINE.

MONTREAL.

MESSRS. WILLIAMS MFG. CO.,
MONTREAL.

Dear Sirs,—In reply to your request. We have been using the Empire Typewriter exclusively for the past five years, and have now six of them in use, five of which are used in making out our monthly gas accounts which number about 250,000 annually. These accounts are made out by inexperienced boys just from school who subject the machines to pretty rough usage, but notwithstanding this I am pleased to say that our repair account is very low indeed.

After taking into consideration our experience with high-priced machines, we do not hesitate to recommend the "Empire" to any individual or corporation desirous of having their typewritten work neatly executed.

Yours truly, H. S. HOLT, President.

WILLIAMS M'F'G. CO., LTD., MAKERS, MONTREAL.
City Office: 61 St. Francois Xavier Street.

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INDIANS ON THE WAR PATH

The Creek Nation Notifies President McKinley That They Will Run Their Own Government.

United States Marshall Asks For Federal Troops—White Men Arming for Battle in Indian Territory.

MUSKOGEE, I. T., January 23.—United States Marshal Bennett has requested that Federal troops be sent to his assistance in an endeavour to suppress the warring Creeks. The whites are arming for self protection. The Creeks are said to be led by "Crazy Snake," from whom the band takes its name.

It is reported that the insurrectionary Creeks have "officially notified" President McKinley that they have taken the Creek national government into their own hands, and will run it without reference to the United States in the future.

A detachment of horsemen of the "Snake band," rode into Eufala Tuesday night and posted unsigned notices as follows:

"HICKORY GROUND CREEK CAPITAL

"To Whom it may Concern:

"From now all Indian citizens employing white labour shall be fined $100, and shall receive fifty lashes upon the bare back; also, all persons renting land to white tenants. Any improvements made in the Creek nation by white men shall be confiscated and become the property of the Creek nation."

THERE HAS BEEN NO SCANDAL

But the Hospital Arrangements in South Africa Were Seriously Defective.

LONDON, January 23.—The report of the South African hospital commission published yesterday, say:

"The evils are serious and ought not to be minimized; but reviewing the campagn as a whole it cannot be said that the medical and hospital arrangements have broken down. There has been nothing in the nature of a scandal, in the care of the sick and wounded, nor any widespread neglect of patients, nor an indifference to suffering. In no other campaign have the sick and wounded been so well taken care of."

The commissioners recommend the appointment of a committee of experts to define the steps necessary to secure qualified officers of the medical corps to undertake sanitary duties, to prevent orderlies pilfering stimulants and the comforts of patients and to relax strict rules as to give patients an additional feeling of ease.

ENLISTMENT OF RECRUITS.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, January 23.—The order issued by the Militia Department regarding the enlistment of recruits for the Third Canadian Contingent stationed here, was received with general interest in this city. The impression has prevailed in military circles that a regular regiment would be sent here for garrison duty, but the new turn of affairs makes the visit of a regular line battalion a matter of great uncertainty.

It is estimated that fully five hundred men will be required, as that many will take advantage of the first opening to get their discharges. They are heartily sick of the life they have been leading. The force is not up to strength, and the result is that the men have long hours to put in. Companies E and F, recruited in the province of Quebec, will remain, but the large majority of the others will leave for home the first of March, or as soon after as they can.

MAY PROLONG HOSTILITIES.

(Special to the Star.)

CAPE TOWN, January 23. — The Loyalists fear that the fatal termination of the Queen's illness may indirectly tend to an indefinite prolongation of hostilities.

IN PUBLIC FAVOR.

A Remedy for the Cure of Piles Which Has Met With Remarkable Success.

There are many popular medicines that are known in every household in America.

There are blood purifiers, nerve tonics, headache powders, dyspepsia cures and cough cures which are sold in every drug store.

But all of these must divide popularity with many rivals, no one remedy has the field to itself, with the single exception of pile cures, for it is a singular fact, that among the host of remedies, there is but one pile cure that can be considered as having a national reputation, without a rival, and the remedy referred to is the Pyramid Pile Cure, which for seven years has steadily worked into public favour, by reason of its extraordinary merit and a method and a record of remarkable cures, until it is known from Maine to California and from Manitoba to the Gulf of Mexico.

It is true there are many pile remedies having a small local reputation for a year or two but the Pyramid Pile Cure has rapidly supplanted them all and really has the field to itself when anything like national popularity is considered.

The explanation is simple. It is because piles is in no sense an imaginary trouble, that a simple salve or ointment will cure, but an obstinate, painful and often dangerous trouble and a remedy to give satisfaction must possess positive and very apparent merit. A person suffering from piles will not experiment for months with a remedy; it must give relief and a cure in short order or it is condemned.

The worst cases of piles are relieved on the first application, and being in suppository form is convenient to use and cures without interfering with daily occupation.

Medical men use it in preference to surgical operations because it is so safe and painless, and the cost, compared to benefit given, is a mere trifle as all druggists sell it at 50 cents.

If suffering from any form of piles, bleeding, itching or protruding, a trial of the Pyramid Pile Cure will cure you and add another to its thousands of friends. 19 3aw 2

DAN BAIN WILL PLAY

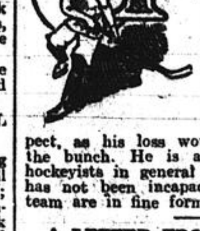
The Winnipeg Captain Was Out For Practice Last Night.

INJURY NOT AT ALL SERIOUS.

Shamrocks and Victorias Meet To-Night For the First Time This Season.

(Special to the Star.)

WINNIPEG, January 23.



THERE is now little doubt that Bain will be able to play during the Stanley Cup matches. He has nearly recovered from the injury to his eye. He joined in the practice of the team last night. By this time next week it is expected his eye will be as well as ever. His comrades rejoice at the prospect, as his loss would greatly handicap the bunch. He is a plucky player and hockeyists in general are pleased that he has not been incapacitated. The whole team are in fine form.

A LETTER FROM WINNIPEG.

Mr. L. Skaife received a letter from a friend in Winnipeg relative to the Victoria team. Mr. Skaife's friend says, that the recent Winnipeg-Victoria match was as fast as any of the Stanley Cup matches. Speaking of the accident to Dan. Bain, Mr. Skaife's correspondent says that it is naturally serious, and that Bain will come East with the team.

SHAMROCK-VICTORIA CONTEST.

To-night the Shamrocks and Victorias will meet for the first time this season. This will doubtless be the best of the series, and a hot game is being anticipated by the friends of both clubs. It will be the final appearance of the champions previous to the Stanley Cup contests.

The Vics had their last practice Monday night, and are in fine fettle. Capt. Bowie and Munroe will be out again for this match, and the team should be much stronger than when they played Ottawa such a hard game on Saturday night. That the Vics are going to be pretty well to the front in the race for the 1901 championship is very generally admitted, and not a few of their supporters are already willing to risk a few dollars that they will land the championship. This, however, will be pretty well settled by the result of to-night's game, which, by the way, no one should miss, if they really want to see some very fine hockey. Mr. Andrew Mackinnon will referee the game.

Ottawa Citizen says: "Saturday night's match with the Victorias has proven to the Ottawa executive that its team is a short-distance horse, and in future struggles must be coached to go at its opponents during the first half even if it requires the expense of playing a strictly defence game in the second. The Ottawas must have thought they were in better condition than they really were else they would have rushed the visitors more during the first half hour. The fact that the Victorias were able to end the first half with honours even was enough to encourage them to stay with the game with much more heart than they would have shown had Ottawa had a lead of say two goals in the first half. However, the Ottawa's may now profit by Saturday's match in seeing where they are weak and making a special effort to fill up the breaches there. The defence is practically all right and consistency with the form already shown in that department is all that is necessary. On the forward line there will have to be improvement, not so much in stick-handling or playing ability, but in condition, which it may be said was the telling factor in the Ottawa-Victoria game."

THE P.A.A.A. TEAM VICTORIOUS.

The game in the Intermediate series, between the Point St. Charles team, and McGill College team, at the Victoria Rink last night resulted in a win for the Point boys, by 3 goals to 1.

The players were:

P.A.A.A.	Position.	McGill.
Brighton	Goal	Blair
Roach	Point	Reford
Melville	Cover point	Molson
Masterson	Forwards	Wurtele
Murphy	Forwards	Young
McRostie	Forwards	Ness
Lawlor	Forwards	Fortin

Referee, Dessie Brown, Montreal.

The third match of the Inter Church Hockey League, was played on the Prince Arthur Rink, between teams from Sherbrooke Methodist Church and the Lily Association of St. James Methodist Church. The play was fast and clean and at the call of time the score stood 4 to 2 in favour of the Lily Association.

THE MONTAGNARD CLUB.

The masquerade of the Montagnard Skating Club, which was going to take place to-night, has been postponed on account of the death of her most gracious Majesty Queen Victoria. To-night being band night also, the music has been cancelled.

SHOTS.

The Strathcona Hockey Club would like to play any club whose players average 17 years of age. Address W. Reid, 21 St. George street.

An exciting game of hockey was played on the St. Lawrence rink, between Overlands and Stars. The Overlands defeated the Stars by a score of 4 to 1.

FOR BRIEF NOTES OF DOINGS.

The P. A. A. A. and R. A. A. A. bowling teams will meet in the intermediate championship series on the P. A. A. A. alleys on Friday evening.

A special meeting of the Argyle snowshoe Club will be held this evening in the P. A. A. A. rooms, to arrange for the annual cross-country run to Lachine and other important business.

C. N. Jackson, treasurer of the Oxford Athletic Club, speaks hopefully of the prospects of the Oxford-Cambridge and Harvard-Yale games in New York. He said to-day, that while the negotiations have not been resumed they doubtless will be soon.

SKATING IN AND ABOUT TOWN.

FIGURE SKATING CONTESTS.

Mr. Rubenstein Goes to New York to Judge.

Mr. Louis Rubenstein, hon. secretary of the Amateur Skating Association of Canada, goes to New York to-night.

A meeting of the Figure Skating Committee of the National Skating Association of America has been called for Thursday night, at New York. It has been decided, owing to the numerous letters that have been received by the executive on the subject of reorganization of figure skating to make a change in the programme so that it will be of a more interesting character to the public who attend such competitions.

At the meeting on Thursday night the question will be discussed whether or not skaters must pass through certain grades before they are eligible to compete in the final championship of figure skating honours. This systm is at the present time in vogue in England, and is declared to be more satisfactorily to all concerned. Hence its probable adoption by the American Association. Mr. Rubenstein, who is chairman of the Figure Skating Committee of the National Skating Association, will preside at the meeting.

While in New York he will also look after the interests of the championship speed skating races, which are to be held on the M.A.A.A. track on February 2 next.

RESULTS ON TURF AND TRACK.

A TRAINER WAS REINSTATED.

Horses Contest Steeplechase and Race on Flat at Same Meet.

NEW ORLEANS, La., January 23.—The racing stewards yesterday removed the ban of suspension pronounced some days ago against Trainer Fred. Gardner, and recommended that hereafter horses starting in steeplechases be barred from racing on the flat thereafter during the meeting. The stewards also recommended that the entry of the horse Applejack and any entries of Buckner and Walker and R. J. Stewart be refused in future. Donna Rita and Trebor were the winning favourites. Weather cloudy and track fast. Summary:

First race, mile, selling—Teagown, 105, Kane, 7 to 11 and 3 to 1, won; Syncopated Sandy, 110, Mitchell, 3 to 1 and even, second; Sempire, 107, Alary, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1.43½. Fairy Prince, Madeline G., Bean, John Bull, Shut Up and Callipus also ran.

Second race, 1⅛ miles, selling—Donna Rita, 107, Mitchell, 8 to 5 and 3 to 5, won; Sarilla, 104, Slack, 3 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; Blocker, 103, O'Brien, 25 to 1, third. Time, 1.56½. Silver Coin, Defender II, Gray, Forge and False Lead also ran.

Third race, one mile, selling—Trebor, 111, Mitchell, 6 to 5 and 1 to 2, won; Cogswell, 111, Richards, 10 to 1 and 4 to 1, second; Belle Simpson, 105, McCann, 9 to 1, third. Time 1.43½. Patchwork, Candleback, Menace, Tragedy and Lady Mother also ran.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles, handicap—Sir Gatian, 100, Cochran, 5 to 2 and 4 to 5, won; Dramburg, 100, O'Brien, 5 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; Sir Florian, 107, Dale, 3 to 1, third. Time, 1.48½. Hoods Brigade, Major Mansir, Linden Ella and Strangest also ran.

Fifth race, 5 furlongs, selling—Locust Blossom, 100, Cochran, 15 to 1 and 5 to 1, won; Heroics, 102, Walsh, 8 to 1 and 3 to 1, second; Thurles, 100, Slack, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1.29½. McGrathiana Prince, Dousterswivel, Grantor Domadge, George Kratz and Mordelmo also ran. Applejack ran away two miles before start.

Sixth race, mile, selling—Dagmar, 111, Dupee, 3 to 1 and even, won; Porter B., 96, Cochran, 7 to 5 and 1 to 2, second; Bequeath, 111, Waters, 8 to 1, third. Time, 1.44. Agaras, Waterplant, Lancewood, Glenfellow, J. H. Barnes and Island Prince also ran.

ICE TROTTING AT PORT PERRY.

PORT PERRY, Ont., January 23.—The winter meeting of the Port Perry Trotting Association commenced yesterday on the fine track of Central Park. The several events were keenly contested, as shown by the following summary:

2.50 class—

W. A. Fanning's Cambray, Little Buck	1	1	5	5	1
Geo. Curtis, Lindsay, W.D.	2	2	1	1	2
O. Powell, Napanee, Johnny P.	3	3	2	2	4
H. Leadley's Maud Hayes	5	4	3	3	5
John Aldros, Harry Wilkes	4	5	4	4	3

Time—2.30 1-2, 2.30 1-2, 2.34, 2.38, 2.38.

County purse

George Powell, Orillia, Nannie Wilkes	4	1	1	1
I. Watson, Toronto, Barney Mack	1	4	3	4
John McMillan, Port Perry, Charley C.	3	2	2	2
W. Hezzelwood, Oshawa, Maggie Also	2	3	4	3

Time—2.43 1-4, 2.44 1-4, 2.44 1-4, 2.44 1-4.

BLOOD POISON

Have you Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Coloured Spots, Aches, Old Sores, Ulcers in Mouth, Hair Falling? Write

COOK REMEDY CO.

1097 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill., for proofs of cures. Capital $500,000. We solicit the most obstinate cases. We have cured the worst cases in 15 to 35 days. 100-page book free. 100 tf

Ten Dollar "Lonelies."

Don't imagine for a moment that because the $10 "Lonely" Sale is the topic everywhere, "Semi-ready" is forgetting its regular business.

Not a bit of it.

Lonelies are plentiful.

Branded "Semi-ready" garments are twenty times more so.

The best designer in Canada is constantly planning new styles.

The big day and night wholesale Tailorey is turning them out.

And Semi-ready's eight exclusive wardrobes show the latest ideas in Gentlemen's Clothing simultaneously with their appearance in the best custom-tailoring quarters of New York and London.

The "Lonely" Sale won't last much longer.

"Semi-ready" claims all seasons as its own.

Semi-ready

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TORONTO WINNIPEG LONDON

OUR "ROYAL" SERIES,

By LADY JEUNE.

(Published Under Special Arrangement.)

I.

THE EARLY DAYS OF QUEEN VICTORIA.

In November, 1817, an event occurred which plunged Great Britain into the deepest distress and sorrow, for the Princess on whom the hopes of the nation centred died in child-bed, in her twenty-first year. There was a most intense feeling of devotion to Princess Charlotte of Wales, for she was a woman of a very generous and kindly disposition, whose courageous conduct in standing by her unhappy mother and thus incurring the displeasure of the Prince Regent, appealed strongly to the instincts of a fair-minded people. Her death gave rise also to feelings of apprehension for in spite of the large family of George the Third, there were no heirs to the throne. The Dukes of York and Cumberland were childless, the Duke of Sussex had made a morganatic marriage and his offspring were debarred the succession. It thus became imperative that the King's three remaining sons should marry, and in 1818, the Dukes of Clarence, Kent and Cambridge took wives to themselves. The Duchess of Clarence bore one daughter who died young, and the birth of a child to the Duke and Duchess of Kent was hailed with great delight. The Duke of Kent was determined that his child should be born in England, and he and the Duchess undertook the long journey from Amorbach to Kensington in order to carry out his purpose.

THE QUEEN BORN.

The Ministers and Privy Councillors who were assembled at Kensington Palace were duly notified of the birth of this little Princess at 4 a. m., on the 24th of May, 1819. The Princess was christened a month later by the Archbishop of Canterbury and the Bishop of London. The Duke of Kent wished his daughter to be called by the good English name of Elizabeth, but the Prince Regent, who was her godfather, wished her to be christened Georgina. However, the Prince Regent gave the name of Alexandrina, after the Emperor Alexander of Russia, who was her sponsor, and the name Victoria, that of her mother, was given her as well. One interesting little episode in her baby life took place shortly after, when the little Princess was vaccinated, being the first member of the Royal Family who had undergone this operation. The Princess's childhood was much the same as that of other children; she was a healthy, strong, happy being, and was too young when the sudden and premature death of her father took place to realize what she had lost or how entirely it had altered her position. In all the sorrows and joys of her early life Prince Leopold, the Duchess of Kent's brother, had been her friend and comforter, and he brought the widowed Duchess and her little daughter back from Sidmouth to Kensington, where the early years of her life were spent, and where they arrived on the day on which King George the Third died.

A HEALTHY, SIMPLE UP-BRINGING.

All the details of the young Princess's life which are known to us from the days when she was driven by her half-sister, Princess Feodora, in her little phaeton in Kensington Gardens, is interesting as showing the healthy simplicity of her bringing-up. The early breakfast with her mother and governess, the walk, the wise teaching of the Duchess of Kent, the nurse whom she loved, the afternoon exercises and lessons, the beautiful evening, and the long, quiet night slumbers in the little bed beside her mother's, all tell of a training and life as wholesome as it was peaceful. The choice of her governess, Baroness Lehnyen, and Dr. Davys as tutor and spiritual instructor to the Princess, were both happy appointments, and the deep affection she showed to her old governess was one of the most delightful traits in her character. The Princess was a girl of great intelligence and quickness, as the varied list of her studies shows. For music and drawing she had a great talent, and when we remember that she spoke French, German and Italian fluently, and also studied Greek, Latin and Mathematics, there was little left to be desired even in these advanced days.

THE QUEEN'S CHILDHOOD.

All that is known of the Princess in her early days points to the fact of her being a healthy, bright, high-spirited, affectionate child, of a sunny and sweet disposition, and if there was one cloud over her life it was the longing she, like every child, had for companions of her own age, and she, alas, had no young brothers, sisters or cousins to share her childish joys and occupations. She, however, spent many happy days and hours at Claremont, where her uncle, Prince Leopold, encouraged her love of flowers and watched the young life developing, over whose future, by so sad an irony of fate, he was still to exercise so lasting an influence. The health of Queen Adelaide soon made it evident that the little Princess Victoria would be Queen of England, and Parliament, when she was six years old, voted £6,000 a year for her education in addition to the Duchess of Kent's allowances and the King, when she was quite a child, gave her a miniature of himself set in diamonds, but she took no part in any Court gaities till she was ten years old, when the visit of the Queen of Portugal, but little older than herself, gave her an opportunity of seeing something of Court life, and she appeared at a juvenile ball given by the King in honour of Queen Maria. The Portuguese Queen was a vision of great splendour and beauty, but the heart of all the guests went out to the sweet, simple, pretty, English maiden, and, as the chronicler says, "all persons of refined taste gave the preference to the modest graces of the English-bred Princess."

HER PERSONAL APPEARANCE.

All accounts of the personal appearance of the Princess, both in her childhood and girlhood, agree that she was a typical Englishwoman, fair-haired, blue-eyed, with a lovely fresh complexion and dazzling white skin, and slim tidy figure, very active, fond of walking, acting and riding. Fortunately for her people, her appearance did not belie her strong constitution, which is the foundation of the good, able common-sense, the practical ability and the wisdom which all through her long life the Queen had devoted to the welfare of her people. Through her long life the Queen has been a very strong woman, and we only hear of one or two occasions, during her youth, when she was attacked by maladies common however to that period. It was not until the Princess Victoria was twelve years of age that she appears to have realized the great future that was in store for her, so carefully had the Duchess of Kent kept from her child any knowledge of the important vocation to which she was to be called. There are one or two versions of the way in which she first became aware of the fact that she was the next in succession to the King, and whichever version is accurate the story is deeply touching as showing how even in her earliest years the little girl realized the responsibilities which lay before her. The natural instinct of a child, to be carried away by so unexpected a prospect, never seems to have appealed to her, and the keynote of the character is struck in the words, "There is much splendour, but there is more responsibility"; and the affectionate pathetic after-words, "I will be good," as she placed her little hand in that of her governess, was a resolution, childish though it was, which has never been broken during the long years of the reign. There is no incident in the whole history of the Queen's life which is more descriptive of all she has been, in her long and busy life, than this in which, as a child of 12 years of age, she showed how truly she realized the duties that were laid on her and which she has nobly carried out.

AS HEIRESS PRESUMPTIVE.

In 1830, at the accession of William IV., it became necessary to make provision in case of a Regency; the Princess Victoria's position was formally recognized. She made her first appearance at Court at the Drawing-room which was held on the Queen's birthday; and when the King prorogued his first Parliament the Queen, who was watching the procession from the windows of the Palace with the Princesses, took her little niece by the hand, and led her on to the balcony, and introduced her to the crowd below. The Princess did not appear at the Coronation of the King and Queen which gave rise to some surprise and criticism at the time, but it was officially announced that her absence was in consequence of her mother's apprehensions lest the fatigue should be too much for her. During the years that elapsed between the accession of King William and his death, the Princess Victoria pursued her studies indefatigably, and paid many visits to various places of interest throughout the country, so that she learnt many things from her own personal observation; she also began to take part in a few state functions. There is an account of her going in state to Ascot races with the King and Queen, where she apparently enjoyed herself very much, and awoke a most romantic interest in the heart of Mr. N. P. Willis, the well-known American writer, who describes her with great admiration. The description of her toilette is no doubt interesting to all women, especially when compared with those of to-day, and we are told she wore "a large pink bonnet and rose coloured satin dress broche with a pelerine cape trimmed with black lace," a somewhat dazzling costume for a young lady of 16. Shortly after, in August, 1835, the

PRINCESS WAS CONFIRMED

in the Chapel Royal, St. James's, in the presence of the King and Queen, and all the members of the royal family. The ceremony of confirmation is one which has been always regarded with great solemnity in our royal family, and we can well realize in the case of the Princess that there must have been a special importance attached to it. The Archbishop of Canterbury made a most touching and pathetic exhortation to the young girl who struggled bravely for a time against the deep emotion his words aroused; at last, unable to bear it any longer, she laid her head on her mother's shoulder and sobbed aloud. It was during these years that the Queen's two cousins, the Princess of Saxe-Coburg, and their father, paid a visit to England, and the Princess for the first time saw her future husband. The visit was a long and pleasant one, and one never to be forgotten by the young girl and boy. The succeeding year, 1837, saw the Princess attain her legal majority, and a State ball was given at the Palace by the King, who was, however, too ill to appear, but the Princess, for the first time, took precedence of her mother, occupying the central chair of State. The City of London and various public bodies attended at Kensington Palace to present addresses of congratulation to the Princess. They were thanked by the Duchess of Kent, and the Princess Victoria gently, quietly and blushingly replied, "I am very thankful for your kindness, and my mother has expressed all my feelings." Only once or twice again did Princess Victoria appear as heiress presumptive to the throne. The King's health, which had been failing, became rapidly worse, and the moment had arrived, when the shy, gentle, retiring girl was called on to fulfil one of the greatest missions on earth.

THE KEY OF THE QUEEN'S POWER.

We cannot but be impressed with a sense of the deep regret of gratitude the country owes to the mother under whose guidance she grew up, for the influences under which we live during the early and most impressionable years of our life are those which help to mould our character for good or bad. The strong sense of duty and self-sacrifice which the Queen has always shown must have grown out of this early training and we can never think that enough praise has been bestowed on those who realized the great responsibility that rested on them to train up the Princess in a way which would fit her for a future so full of labour and anxiety, for the Queen of England not only governs this vast Empire, but the policy and conduct of England affects that of the whole civilized world. The parting of the ways had come, and though the constitutional power of the Sovereign had lost much of its former sway, the position of a country must gain strength or suffer from the character of the Sovereign. The secret of the Queen's power was her higher character and her great usefulness, which ever made her willing to sacrifice everything for the welfare and greatness of her country and people.

Next article: "Over Half a Century of Glorious Rule."

KRUGER LEAVES THE HAGUE.

The Ex-President Will Pass Some Weeks at Utrecht—His Health is Much Improved.

THE HAGUE, January 23.—Mr. Kruger has started for Utrecht, where he will pass some weeks. He was greeted by a crowd at the railroad station, and said he felt very well for the first time since his recent illness.

How Old She Looks

Poor clothes cannot make you look old. Even pale cheeks won't do it. One thing does it, and never fails. It is impossible to look young with the color of seventy years in your hair.

Ayer's Hair Vigor permanently postpones the tell-tale signs of age. It brings back the color of youth. At fifty your hair may look as it did at fifteen. It thickens the hair also, and stops it from falling out.

One dollar a bottle.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us $1.00 and we will express a bottle to you, all charges prepaid. Be sure and give us your nearest express office.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Send for our beautiful book on The Hair. 19 1

FRASER BROS.' SALES.

Household Furniture of Every Description.

Pianos, Carpets, Stoves, etc., at our regular auction salesrooms, No. 453 St. James Street, corner Inspector Street, on FRIDAY, 25TH JANUARY, at 10 A.M. Consignments solicited. Advances made. Storage for Furniture, etc. Private sales every day.

FRASER BROS., Auctioneers.

16 5

ANXIOUS WOMEN.

Dr. Wilson's Resolvator

Women threatened with or suffering from irregularities and wishing prompt and painless relief should write for

FREE BOOK

which tells how to prevent and correct such irregularities.

Of interest to all married ladies.

The Dr. Wilson Medical Co., Box 1171, Montreal.

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WALTER M. KEARNS' SALES.

DAMAGED DRY GOODS

1 Bale of Flannelettes,

Slightly Damaged by Sea Water,

Marked J. P. & Co.) Ex. SS. "Lake Champlain to St. John, N. B., will be sold by auction, for whom it may concern, at the undersigned's salesrooms, 1823 Notre Dame street, on

Friday 25th January, at 11 a. m.

WALTER M. KEARNS, Auctioneer.

18 3

Before. After.

Wood's Phosphodine

The Great English Remedy

Sold and recommended by all druggists in Canada. Only reliable medicine discovered. Six packages guaranteed to cure all forms of weakness, all effects of excess, Mental Worry, Excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or stimulants. Mailed on receipt of price, one packet $1, six $5.00. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlets free to any address.

THE WOOD COMPANY, Windsor, Ont.

Sold by B. E. McGale, 2123 Notre Dame st.

20 nty 154 eod

BENNING & BARSALOU'S SALES.

SALE OF AN

Excellent Private Residence

NO. 88 ST. MARK STREET,

AT AUCTION.

The subscribers have received instructions to sell at their salesrooms, Nos. 86 and 88 St. Peter Street, on

TUESDAY, JANUARY 29TH.

That Rough Cut Stone, Two Story Cottage, with Basement, formerly occupied by the late G. A. RAYMOND, ESQ.

The House is laid out with all modern improvements, Large Drawing Room, Dining Room, Boudoir, Three Bedrooms, Servants' Rooms, Bath Rooms, Kitchen, Cellar, Pantries, Wool and Coal Sheds, etc.

Size of House, about 25 feet front by 42 feet deep.

Size of Lot, 25 feet by 77-5 feet, English measures.

Side and back lane.

For permits to view and all particulars apply to the office of the undersigned.

Sale at 11 o'clock a.m.

BENNING & BARSALOU, Auctioneers.

16 4 2aw

COMMON SENSE KILLS Roaches, Bed Bugs, Rats and Mice. All druggists, &c. 381 Queen St. W., Toronto. Beware of worthless imitations. 29 1t

MARCOTTE BROS.' SALES.

INSOLVENT NOTICE

In the matter of Gustave Trudeau, Grocer, 146 St. Antoine St., Montreal, Insolvent.

The undersigned will sell by public auction at the salesrooms of Marcotte Freres, No. 69 St. James street, in the city of Montreal, on Thursday, the 31st day of January, 1901, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, all the assets ceded per Inventory, as follow:

Stock of groceries, wines and liquors	$1,035 86
Shop furniture	75 00
Rolling stock, horse and vehicles	190 00
License for the sale of liquors	165 00
Unexpired rent to 1st May, 1901	90 00
	$1,464 06
Book debts per list	$158 92
	$1,622 98

Terms cash. A deposit will be required on adjudication. Store will be opened for inspection on Wednesday, the 30th of January, 1901. Inventory and list of book debts on view at our offices.

BILODEAU & CHALIFOUR, Joint Curators, 15 St. James st. Montreal.

MARCOTTE FRERES, Auctioneers. 18 2

M. HICKS & CO.'S SALES. M. HICKS & CO.'S SALES.

TURKISH RUGS!

During January we will offer at Private Sale a Valuable Collection of

Turkish, Indian and Persian Rugs, Carpets and Palace Strips

At Greatly Reduced Prices.

Goods are now on view at our rooms, 1821-1823 Notre Dame St. (First Floor). Descriptive Catalogues with lowest prices mailed on application.

M. HICKS & CO., Auctioneers.

19 4

QUEEN'S AUCTIONEERS M. HICKS & CO.

390 Pine Avenue

(Opposite Royal Victoria Hospital).

We have been instructed to sell, at the above residence, all the elegant furniture and effects therein contained, including: Moquette Carpets (in squares), Parlour Set, Odd Chairs, and Rockers, Morris Chairs, Oak Centre and Fancy Tables, Rattan and Wicker Chairs and Rockers, Parlour Cabinet, Sofas, Oak Secretary, Folding Screen, Rugs, Brass Gasaliers and Brackets, Lace and Tapestry Curtains, Ornaments, Nice Etchings and Drawings, Oak Hall Stand and Chair, Brass Hall Light, Rugs, Table, Reed Rockers, Oak Sideboard, Ex. Dining Table and Chairs, Carpet Squares, China, Glassware, Silverware and Cutlery, Oak Desk and Revolving Chair, Rattan Lamp, Edison Mimeograph, Engravings, etc., Ladies' Spalding Bicycle, Ladies' Rambler Bicycle, Gent's Waverley Bicycle, all in good order, Oak Bedroom Sets, Springs, Mattresses, Pillows, Blankets and Bedding, Lounges, Oak Chiffoniers and Desks, Enamelled Iron Beds, Toilet Sets, Chairs, Tables, Carpets and Rugs, etc., etc., Refrigerator, Lawn Mower and Kitchen Utensils, etc., etc.

Everything equal to new.

SALE

THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 24TH, ALSO AT 2 O'CLOCK P.M.

A large collection of Ecclesiastic Works, Sermons, etc., by best authors.

17 2 M. HICKS & CO., Auctioneers.

Real Estate,

BY AUCTION.

JANUARY 1901.

This is the best month in the year for selling improved property, as leases must be fixed on or before February 3rd. Public sales, well advertised, afford the best and quickest means of selling.

I shall be glad to meet any one wishing to sell houses, stores, etc., and give them full information at No. 1821-1823 Notre Dame street, the office of Messrs. M. HICKS & CO., Auctioneers.

THOS. J. POTTER.

4 25

RAILROADS.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

WEEK OF SPORTS

AT

QUEBEC

FEBRUARY 4th to 9th

For the above, round trip tickets will be sold to Quebec at lowest

ONE WAY FIRST-CLASS FARE

Tickets good going February 2nd to 7th, inclusive, and valid for return on or before February 11th, 1901.

For further particulars apply to any agent of the Grand Trunk Railway System.

CITY TICKET OFFICES, 137 St. James st. and Bonaventure station. 19 1

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Week of Sport

QUEBEC

(Feb. 4th to 9th Inclusive)

First-Class Tickets will be sold to

QUEBEC AND RETURN

—AT—

SINGLE FARE

FEB. 2nd to 7th Inclusive.

Good to return until February 11th, 1901.

Trains leave Place Viger Station 8.20 a. m., 2 p.m., 11 p.m. Sundays at 3.30 p.m. and 11 p.m.

City Ticket and Telegraph Office, 129 ST. JAMES STREET, next Post Office, 19 1

MERRIMAN'S MISSION.

He Will Advise Kruger to Accept Terms Other Than Independence.

NEW YORK, January 23. — A special despatch to the Herald from its Cape Town correspondent says: Mr. Merriman sailed on Thursday in the Tantallon Castle for England.

It is stated that he goes instructed by an absolute majority of the Bond members to advise Messrs. Kruger and Fischer to accept terms other than independence as they recognise that the Republic are ended and that British rule is a fixity.

He and his friends wish to avoid a period of crown government, professing as an alternative a confederation of Africa.

THE FRENCH PREMIER UPHELD.

PARIS, January 23.—Count de Munn championed the cause of the Church in the Chamber on Monday, when the Law of Associations was under debate. He accused the Premier of raising prejudice against monastic institutions, and of pursuing an anti-clerical course. This, he said, would rebound upon Waldeck-Rousseau; like a religious war, which the Government was responsible for, it would weigh heavily against its supporters. The Rightists and Centrists would continue to combat the proposition and its outcome.

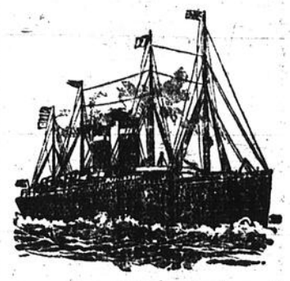
The Premier declared that the time had arrived to test whether civil or religious authority was paramount in France. The Church was in no way threatened. He appealed to the Deputies to support his Government. The Chamber, by 298 to 226, directed that the Premier's speech be posted throughout the country.

Special Notice.

"Children Teething."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.



ALLAN LINE.

PORTLAND to LIVERPOOL.

From Liverpool.	Steamer.	From Portland.
19 Jan.	Numidian	Feb. 6, noon
24 Jan.	Corinthian	Feb. 9, noon
7 Feb.	Tunisian	Feb. 23, noon

Cabin Passage, $50 and upwards. Return ticket at reduced rates. Second cabin, Liverpool, London or Londonderry, $35 to $40; single, $68.88 to $76.00 return. Steerage, Liverpool, London, Glasgow, or Belfast, $26; Paris, $33. Midship saloons, spacious promenade decks, electric lights throughout.

NEW YORK and GLASGOW.

From Glasgow.	Steamer.	From New York.
17th Dec.	Laurentian.	2nd Feb.
31st Jan.	Sardinian.	16th Feb.

Cabin Passage, $40 to $60 single; $80 to $108 return. Second cabin, $32.50 to $61.75 return. Steerage to Glasgow, Belfast, Derry or Queenstown, $26. For freight, passage or further information apply to H. & A. ALLAN, Montreal, Boston or Phila. 138 tf

—DOMINION LINE—

Mail Steamships—Liverpool Service.

From Portland.		From Boston. VIA QUEENSTOWN.	
Cambroman	Jan. 22nd	New England	Jan. 30th
*Roman	" 30th	Commonwealth	Feb. 13th
Vancouver	Feb. 2nd	*Columbian	" 13th
*Dominion	" 16th	Commonwealth	Mar. 13th

* These Steamers do not carry passengers.

Rates of Passage.	Rates of Passage.
Cabin—$50.00 and upwards.	Cabin—$60.00 and upwards.
Second Cabin—$38.00 and $37.50, according to steamer.	Second Cabin—$40.00 and upwards.
Third Class—$25.00 and $26, according to steamer.	Third Class—$28.00 to London, Londonderry, Belfast and Glasgow.

Midship saloons, electric light, spacious promenade decks. For further information apply to any agent of the Company, or to DAVID TORRANCE & CO., Gen'l Agents, 17 St. Sacrament st., Montreal. 144 tf

GRAND CRUISES

OF THE

Hamburg-American Line.

Delightful Itineraries arranged.

All appointments strictly first class.

To the **Mediterranean** and the **Orient**

By the twin-screw express

S. S. Auguste Victoria,

LEAVING NEW YORK JAN. 31, 1901.

Duration 67 days; rates $450 and upward.

A limited number of passengers will be carried from

New York to Alexandria only

At Special Rates.

TO THE MEDITERRANEAN,

the **CRIMEA** and the **CAUCASUS**

By the large new twin-screw Cruising Yacht

Prinzessin Victoria Luise,

Leaving New York March 9, 1901.

Leaving Genoa March 26, 1901.

Duration of voyage about 65 days. Rates $450 and upward. Passengers leaving for the Mediterranean during the winter can arrange to join the yacht at Genoa.

For particulars and descriptive pamphlet apply to

Hamburg-Amer. Line, 37 B'way, N.Y.

For Local Agencies see other Adv. 16 tf

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD.

FAST EXPRESS SERVICES.

CHERBOURG, S'HAMPTON, BREMEN.

Lahn	Jan. 29, 10 a.m.	Lahn	Mar. 26, 10 a.m.
Saale	Feb. 26, 10 a.m.	Saale	April 2, 10 a.m.
K. W. d. Gr.	Mch. 5 10 a.m.	K.W.d.Gr.	Th., Apl. 20, 10 a.m.

OELRICHS & CO., 5 Broadway, N.Y.

W. H. HENRY, SOLE AGENT for Montreal 116 St. Peter St. 2936

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.

Twin-screw Express Steamer during Winter on German-Mediterranean service. Service to London, Paris, Hamburg resumed March 2, 1901.

TWIN SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE.

PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—HAMBURG.

Also New York to Hamburg Direct.

For sailing, etc., apply to Hamburg-American Line, 37 Broadway, N. Y., or James Thom, General Agent, 44 St. Francois Xavier st.; W. H. Henry, 116 St. Peter st., Montreal; D. Torrance & Co., 17 St. James st., opposite Temple Building. 31 tf

A WINTER CRUISE IN SUMMER WATERS

To Jamaica (about two weeks special trip) and all points on the Caribbean Sea by the commodious steamers of the

ATLAS LINE

Leaving New York every Saturday. Send for illustrated booklet 5, free.

About $6 Per Day Defrays All Ex.

PIM, FORWOOD & KELLOCK, Gen'l Ag'ts, 17 State St., New York.

Battersby's Tourist Agency, 178 St. James St

W. H. HENRY, 116 St. Peter St.

MONTREAL. 303 26 2aw

WINTER RESORTS

DR. STRONG'S SANITARIUM,

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y.

For Health, Rest or Recreation. The appointments of a first class hotel. Elevator, Suites with Bath, Electricity, Massage, Turkish, Russian, Sulphur, Hydro-Electric, Nauheim, Mineral and other baths, Sun Parlour and Promenade on the roof; Saratoga Waters, dry, quiet atmosphere, with much sunshine. Send for illustrated circular. 260 39eod

LEGAL CARDS.

McGibbon, Casgrain, Ryan & Mitchell

Barristers, Solicitors, Etc.

CANADA LIFE BUILDING, MONTREAL.

R. D. McGibbon, Q.C. T. Chase-Casgrain, Q.C., M.P.

Percy G. Ryan. Victor E. Mitchell.

Edouard Surveyer. Lawrence Macfarlane.

244 tf

"Otards" Brandies Are the Very Finest Produced. 19 2 2aw

The milk you use should be free from impurities and disease germs

Can your present supplier

Prove the same Careful Supervision

that is given by the Guaranteed Pure Milk Company?

7c per Quart.

THE GUARANTEED PURE MILK CO.

2685 St. Catherine Street.

If you wish further information telephone Uptown 669 and our representative will call on you.

19 1

THE LAST FUNCTION.

Her Majesty Reviewed a Detachment of the Royal Canadian Regiment

IN WINDSOR CASTLE COURT.

Rev. Mr. Almond, the Chaplain, Who Was Present Gives an Interesting Account of it.

The last public function at which Her Majesty presided before she left Windsor Castle for Osborne House when the end came, was the review of that part of the Royal Canadian Regiment which returned from active service in South Africa by way of England about the middle of that month.

Rev. J. M. Almond, of Quebec, who served with the Canadian Regiment as chaplain during the campaign, was one of the Canadian officers who was presented to the Queen on that occasion.

Rev. Mr. Almond is staying at the Queen's, and was asked by a Star reporter as to how Her Majesty appeared when she inspected the Canadians scarcely a month ago.

QUEEN LOOKED FEEBLE.

"There was not a dry eye among the little band of Canadians that day in the square at Windsor Castle. It was sentiment, I suppose, but you know we expected to see the dear old Queen looking as she did in her pictures. It's hard to describe the effect when we saw her seated in her carriage with bowed head looking so feeble and weak.

"You see the Canadians were drawn up in the form of a hollow square in the great courtyard of Windsor Castle.

"From where we were it was just possible to see the heads of the horses attached to the carriage which was waiting at the entrance to the Queen's private apartments to bring Her Majesty to where the Canadians were paraded to receive her. You can imagine our expectations!

"Most of us had of course never seen the Sovereign, and, as the royal carriage swept into the courtyard, the boys from Canada greeted it with the heartiest cheers I ever heard in my life. After the cheering subsided and the Royal Canadians presented arms to their Sovereign it was announced that Her Majesty was graciously pleased to say

A FEW WORDS TO HER SOLDIERS FROM CANADA.

"In a second you could hear a pin drop.

"The men were absolutely breathless, and every neck was craned to catch the gracious words that fell from the Queen's lips.

"But it was in vain! Only the few who were nearest to the royal carriage caught a single word that Her Majesty uttered. Then it was that I noticed how much affected our boys were. I didn't see a single dry eye down the whole line! It sounds strange to say so, but I understood the reason for it at the time and felt what it all meant.

"The dear old Queen, for whose sake we had gone through all the trials of the South African campaign, and to whom we had been accustomed to look up to as the greatest and most powerful monarch in all the world, was before us.

SHE LOOKED SO FRAIL AND FEEBLE

and so bowed down under the weight of many years, that our hearts were touched.

After that Private Milloy, of Ottawa was brought before the Sovereign. She had expressed a desire to see the man who had lost his eyesight in defence of the Empire. With a solicitude which was infinitely touching in one so infirm, Her Majesty spoke a few kindly words to Private Milloy, after which Col. Otter and his officers were presented. I shall never forget the impression that last scene made upon me. I was moved with infinite compassion for the dear old Queen whom we all loved, and every one present showed plainly strong symptoms of the same feeling.

SHE SOUGHT TO AVOID WAR.

New York Post Pays a Splendid Tribute to the Life of the Late Queen.

(Special to the Star.)

NEW YORK, January 22. — The New York Post says:

Queen Victoria's finest qualities were womanly before they were royal; and it is a woman's tact and grace, silently influencing the policy of a mighty empire through an unprecedented reign, which we chiefly admire in her in her capacity as sovereign.

She was a constitutional monarch. In that limitation we see the check which would have been put upon even a more masterful character than hers, if it had occupied the English throne. As for Victoria, she was fortunate in having as her first Prime Minister and Constitutional tutor in one, Lord Melbourne. In reality, no shrewder or happier adviser of the young Queen could have been imagined. With tact equal to her own, and with firm decision always in the background for use when necessary, he discharged with great skill the difficult task of inducting a girl into the duties of Constitutional Queen of England.

In one great department of government a great part is yet left to English sovereigns. We mean foreign policy. In this the Queen's influence was undoubtedly powerful and most beneficent. From her earliest years she gave unremitting and intelligent attention to all the phases of England's world international relations. Foreign despatches and blue books found in her a regular and attentive reader. She had in addition the great advantage of hearing, in confidential conversation with the leading actors in great events, first-hand accounts of the progress of negotiations, of crises impending, of dangers to be skirted. More than one member of the English diplomatic service, admitted to the Queen's presence, has been astonished at the extent and minuteness of her information. Sir Bartle Frere, for example, before going to South Africa in 1877, had an interview with the Queen, and was as much amazed as delighted to find how closely she had followed the official correspondence.

SHE SOUGHT TO AVOID WAR.

That the Queen's one great hope and almost passion, so far as she could exert her influence in foreign affairs, was to avoid war, is testified to by many witnesses. Twice, and only twice, in her reign, has a great foreign war come in spite of her efforts to prevent it. In other emergencies, the Queen's love of peace was more effective. She is thought to have done more than any one else to prevent the threatened war between Germany and France in 1875. Her bearing at the time of the Trent affair in our civil war is well known. Like Lincoln, she moderated the tone of the despatches of the Ministers directly in charge of the negotiations, and thus helped to avert the awful calamity of war between England and the United States. This high and noble exertion of the power of the English Queen will be in the eyes of posterity one of her chief titles to affectionate remembrance and to fame.

WAS A VENERABLE FIGURE.

It was a venerable figure which the world watched go down to the grave. To say that in America the death of no other foreign sovereign could excite the sympathetic concern—almost a sense of personal loss—which is perceptible in all classes, is faintly to suggest the place which Queen Victoria has held in public esteem in this country. It was not simply ties of race and speech that made the difference; not alone the glamour and almost mythic glory which necessarily gather around a reign so beyond all precedent; it was the womanly virtues, kept clear and shining in exalted station, to which we pay tribute. We may make our own the words of the Bishop of Meaux, respecting the Queen of France, and say of Queen Victoria that "God raised her to the summit of human greatness in order to make the purity and constant orderliness of her life the more conspicuous and instructive." Thackeray paused, in the hard words which truth compelled him to hold in regard to the earlier monarchs of the House of Hanover, to speak in honest praise of the "good life" and "unsullied virtue" which all acknowledged in the "inheritrix of the sceptre" of the Georges. She was granted, as the Dean of St. Paul's prayed that she might be, in the service following her accession, a "long sojourning upon earth," and passed from it secure in the affection and memory not only of her own loyal subjects, whose attachment to her has been something wonderfully personal and passionate, but of alien peoples and distant lands.

GOVERNMENT AMBULANCES.

Five Were Shipped From Woodstock This Morning—Montreal Gets One of Them.

(Special to the Star.)

WOODSTOCK, Ont., Jan. 23.—Yesterday morning five ambulance waggons, which were made by the Bains Company for the Canadian Government, were shipped away. One goes to St. John, N.B., another to Quebec, the third to Montreal, and the other two to Toronto and Winnipeg. Two others were shipped to Ottawa last week.

THE SPIRIT OF WINTER.

During the cold and stormy weather of winter a reliable stimulant is a necessity. BARNARD'S SCOTCH WHISKIES are peculiarly suitable for beverage and medicinal use, being of great age and absolute purity. For more than half a century they have commanded a greater sale in Great Britain than any other whiskies. 19 1

The Daily Star.

GRAHAM & CO., Proprietors, 163 and 165 St. James Street.

THE MONTREAL DAILY STAR is sent to any part of the United States or Canada, post-age free, at $3 a year, $1.50 for six months, and 80c for three months.

We believe the circulation of THE MONTREAL DAILY STAR exceeds the combined issue of all the other English newspapers published in the city of Montreal.

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CIRCULATION

—OF THE—

Daily and Weekly Star

FOR WEEK ENDING

January 19th, 1901.

Monday	55,834
Tuesday	55,822
Wednesday	55,830
Thursday	55,847
Friday	55,842
Saturday	62,027
	341,202

Present Average:

DAILY, for week ending Jan. 19 **56,867**

WEEKLY STAR Last Week **118,867**

Average Circulation of the STAR Last Week. **175,734**

From the above figures are excluded several thousand subscriptions regarded as more or less ephemeral.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 23, 1901.

THE NEW KING AND QUEEN.

The most interesting personality in the world to-day is His Majesty the King. Edward the Seventh has the advantage and the disadvantage of succeeding the wisest, best and most popular Sovereign that ever reign over the British Empire. For many years he has borne such a large share of the burden of the responsibilities of the Crown that his millions of loyal subjects can view his accession without the slightest anxiety as to his fitness for the high office he is called upon to fill. If the motto of the Princes of Wales, "Ich Dien," means, as is supposed by many, "I Serve," he has had to live up to his motto as none of his predecessors have had to do. Few public men have had to work harder for the last thirty or forty years than the gentleman so long known to society as "The Prince." Had he been a reigning monarch during that period, he could not have had more loyal addresses inflicted upon him, laid more corner stones, attended more banquets, balls and other state functions, or made more speeches, in which he was forbidden by his exalted position from saying anything. While none of these things look very onerous, as an occasional relaxation, it is difficult to imagine a greater weariness of the flesh than a steady and long continued course of such functions. The mere wearing of a uniform or any kind of "dressing up" is intensely repugnant to the average English gentleman, and "the Prince" has had to don more uniforms and oftener than any other man in the realm. That the new King is largely imbued with Her late Majesty's ideas on public affairs and royal responsibilities is only natural to suppose. It would be impossible for Queen Victoria to be in constant intercourse with her eldest son and to be continually represented by him for a long period of years without their coming to have many ideas in common. It is certain that the Prince habitually displayed the tact, moderation, good sense and dignity that were so characteristic of the Queen. Probably the qualities that have most endeared the Prince to a very large section of the people of the United Kingdom have been his personal courage, and his taste for sport, both of which appeal strongly to the average Briton.

If there is one person in the realm who is more popular than the King, it is Her Majesty Queen Alexandra. The King, in his younger days, did not always escape criticism, but the feeling of the nation towards "the Princess" has been nothing short of an intense personal affection. The "Sea-Kings' daughter from over the sea" took the heart of Britain by storm, from the day she landed in 1863, and has never for one moment lost her hold upon the devotion of the British people. It is no slight consolation for the nation in the days of its mourning that the sceptre is still in good hands, that the British Constitution is as safe as ever, and that there is no reason why the reign of Edward the Seventh should not be as glorious and as properous as the reign of Victoria.

APPRECIATED WORDS OF SYMPATHY.

The expressions of opinion published in the Star, coming from statesmen and savants, distinguished public men, college presidents, from writers and jurists, from clergy and laity, men speaking for all classes and from all parts of the continent, tell the same story, the story of deep reverence and truest regard for the noble lady who for nearly sixty-four years ruled over the British Empire. Especially notable are the letters and telegrams we have received and are receiving from the best and most representative people of the United States.

It is in time of trouble that true friendship speaks.

We have had differences with our neighbours, differences in which doubtless both sides thought they were right. Our mother country has had differences with them, which led to the separation, in which we know we were not altogether right. But in our hour of mourning our neighbours stretch out their hands, with the warm grasp of heartfelt sympathy, and we can remember only that we are of the same blood, the same race, with a joint share in the same glorious history.

They join us in mourning the loss of one who was a warm friend to them in their time of distress. They know that when Britain is humiliated the greatest Christian country in the world is humiliated; that, under the benign rule of the beloved Sovereign who has just passed away, the British people have made a progress towards the truest freedom; advancement in education, art, science, literature, which meant the advancement of the world. They read in that progress, in some sense, a part of their own, for so interwoven had the interests of the two great English-speaking peoples become, under the wise reign of Victoria, that no good could come to one without benefiting the other; no grief come to one without the other sharing the sorrow.

The eloquent words of sympathy spoken to the bereaved people of this Empire, through the columns of the Star, show that in very deed, do our cousins over the border feel that the bereavement is theirs as well as ours.

Seeing the Queen.

To the Editor of the Montreal Star:

There are others more competent to express an opinion on the life of Queen Victoria and the effect upon the British people of the change in the sovereignty. Queen Victoria's exemplary life as a Sovereign, a wife, a mother and a Christian, is perhaps without a parallel in history. Queen Victoria was personally beloved by millions of British subjects—revered and respected by vast numbers of the people in all civilized countries

I had the privilege to see her early in 1854, and frequently during the following seven years, generally accompanied with Her Royal Consort, Prince Albert. The last time I saw Prince Albert, was when he attended the British Association in Aberdeen in the autumn of, I think, 1858. I had the honour to be presented to him on that occasion—it was a most brilliant gathering.

The last time I saw Her Majesty was in 1861, when as a member of the 1st Aberdeen Volunteer Rifle Corp, I was present at the review of the Scottish Volunteers in Queen's Park, Edinburgh,—a sight never to be forgotten by any one present. On the morning of that day Her Majesty was driving past the George Heriott Hospital, where we were quartered; we were hurriedly lined up on each side of the road, the Queen and three of her children drove slowly between the lines,—Her Majesty bowing and smiling on every one. At the close of the Review, I was standing beside an Aberdeen Bailie, Bothwell, Lieut. of my Co. 4th. As the cheers upon cheers arose first in front, and mingled with the music of the numerous military bands gradually swelling in volume until they reached the summit of Arthur's Seat, which was crowded by a perfect mass of people. The Bailie remarked,—"we will never see such a magnificent sight or hear such a glorious shout until we meet at the judgment day."

A thought now occurs to me, that our Canadian Constitutional Government commenced at about the beginning of Queen Victoria's reign, and the 24th May, Queen's Birthday, has in a measure become a Canadian holiday. Our Federal Government should legalize the 24th May as a statutary holiday to be called VICTORIA DAY, and perpetuate the long, glorious and benignant reign of Queen Victoria,—and our Canadian Constitutional Government.

JAS. A. CANTLIE.

To the Editor of the Star:

Sir,—I have had the pleasure of seeing our late dear Queen some fifteen times altogether, in Liverpool, Derby, Manchester and London.

In the year 1891, I went to Windsor Castle with the hope of viewing the state apartments but was refused admission as the Queen was in residence.

I soon found a gentleman whom I well knew, the Marquis of Normandy, residence Canon of Windsor. I stated my case to him and he at once got me permission to go through the superb apartments.

The Marquis was going down to London which is about 23 miles from Windsor and he invited me to go by the same train with him when to my astonishment on getting to the station I found all the platform covered with crimson cloth, plants and flowers, and in a few moments Her Majesty, Princess Beatrice, and Princess Christian came up, walked close by me, and entered the train, and I can assure you sir, I felt highly honoured at being allowed to travel by the same train as Royalty.

The last time I saw the Queen was at the Diamond Jubilee festivities in London. I well remember walking in the small hours of the morning from Shoe Lane, Fleet street, down the Strand through Trafalgar Square, and on to St. James street, at the corner of which I stood for eight hours before Her Majesty passed. Her loving smile and gracious acknowledgments filled me with rapturous loyalty, and delight, and I could hardly contain myself for I. shouted and cheered myself almost wild with joy.

Now, millions are mourning for the best monarch who ever graced a throne; she has laid aside her earthly crown to take another and a more lasting one with Her Saviour in Glory. We can truly say of her that,

She lived for those who loved her,
For those who knew her true.
For the Heaven that smiled above her and
waited her coming too;
For the cause that lacked assistance,
For the wrongs that needed resistance,
For the future in the distance,
And the good that she could do

ALFRED WARD.

Verdun Place, Montreal.

S. A. CONSTABULARY.

Militia Department Has Issued Blank Forms of Application.

OTTAWA, January 23.—Blank forms of application for enlistment in the South African establishment in the South African constabulary have been issued by the Militia Department. Candidates having filled in these blanks may return them to the "Adjutant-General, Headquarters, Ottawa," free of postage.

QUEEN'S LAST MOMENTS

A Few Simple Facts Have Been Given Out in Regard to Them —Royal Patient Was Not Fed Artificially.

EAST COWES, January 23.—Victoria, R. I., by the Grace of God, Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, and Empress of India, is no more. She passed away without pain or suffering at Osborne House at half past six o'clock last evening.

King Edward VII. rules in her stead.

England is silent with grief. The sense of personal bereavement is so overwhelming that Englishmen will be unable for a season to join in the loyal cry of "Long live the King."

The fateful news came in the following simple bulletin. "Her Majesty the Queen breathed her last at 6.30, surrounded by her children and grandchildren." A glimpse of the last moments of the beloved Sovereign, which the nation and the world also so earnestly craved, has been vouchsafed by a representative of the stricken family. We are permitted to know not only the brief, but eloquent facts stated in the frequent bulletins, but also some few details which make very human this deathbed of the Most Illustrious Sovereign of her times.

It was when the cold, grey day dawned that the renewed decline of the vital powers warned the watchers that their struggle against nature could not much longer succeed. The Queen was then completely unconscious, and from moment to moment the exhaustion of the small remaining store of vitality became perceptibly greater. Shortly after 9 o'clock the doctors sent summonses to all the members of the family, and also to the rector of Royal Chapel. Before they all arrived there took place that prudential phenomenon which nature sometimes grants to the dying. The Queen became conscious and free of all suffering. It was under those circumstances of precious memory that the last interviews with her children and grandchildren took place. The Queen recieved them all singly and by twos and threes within the next four hours. She recognized most of them. Then the curtain of unconsciousness fell for the last time, and the physicians made known that the Queen was dying. All assembled and remained until the very end. It was so quiet, peaceful and gentle, that it was difficult to realize that the shadow of death was present.

Nothing more can be said of these last moments. Even a dazzling light which beats upon a throne did not penetrate that chamber, and the tender memories of the last hours belong to those who mourn Victoria not as a Queen, but in the dearer relationship of family.

THE FACTS MADE KNOWN.

The circulation of all manner of imaginative reports during the past three days led the authorities at Osborne House to authorize the publication of these simple facts. In addition to the foregoing the Queen was attended throughout her illness by two nurses, and four dressers, in charge of Miss Soal, who is matron of the Sanitarium in Osborne Park. They long had been her personal ministrators when Her Majesty was at Osborne. The Queen was nourished throughout her illness only with warm milk, invalids prepared food, champagne and brandy. She was never fed artificially.

The doors of the wing of the palace where the Queen lay were kept locked during her illness, so she was entirely isolated from the rest of the establishment. The strictest precautions were taken on Saturday, Sunday and Monday nights, that in case of sudden death no unauthorized person should communicate the fact to the Prince of Wales in violation of the strict traditions.

The Earl of Clarendon, the Lord Chamberlain, and Hon. Arthur Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury, arrived just in time to perform this duty. Mr. Balfour did not see the Queen. The significant point of the present situation, is the statement of the authorities of the Court that absolutely no preparations have been made for any feature of the elaborate proceedings now forced upon the nation. One would imagine that the great age of the sovereign would have led to some consideration of the inevitable problem now presented. It is only another evidence of the marvellous hold that the Queen had upon the affections of all classes, included, of course, most of all, those personally attached to her. These simply refused to consider the possibility of her death.

OSBORNE HOUSE DESERTED.

Within an hour of the Queen passing away, the vicinity of Osborne house was deserted, and it was difficult to believe that one was almost in the presence of the first great event of the new century. Then came one of those little signs which even Englishmen are sufficiently superstitious to take note of. The day had been damp and chill, and heavy overcast. Presently, when the tragedy had been enacted, the evening became mild, the clouds rolled away, and the stars shone brightly throughout the firmament.

While the Court is not prepared for the great public functions attendant upon a change of sovereigns, it, of course, is settled that the remains will be taken to Windsor, and buried beside those of the Prince Consort, at Frogmore. The funeral certainly will be delayed more than a week. It has not yet been decided whether the body will lie in state in Osborne House or be removed immediately to St. George's Chapel, Windsor.

DESIGNATION OF THE KING.

Some doubt about the designation of the King has been caused in certain minds by his first signature since his accession. This is attached to a brief to the Lord Mayor of London, announcing the death of the Queen. It is signed Albert Edward. It is of course within his power to adopt any designation he chooses, but it has always been understood that he will be Edward VII. It is pointed out that his signature to the Lord Mayor was not that of a sovereign, although he had been King just a quarter of an hour when the message was written. Had he been signing as a sovereign, his signature would have been "Albert Edward, R.I.," whereas his name was written precisely as he always signed as the Prince of Wales. All doubt on this point, however, will be settled by the proclamation that will be issued to-day.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

(Special to the Star.)

LONDON, January 23.—There has been much misapprehension regarding the dissolution of Parliament on the death of their Sovereign. The law formerly was that Parliament must be dissolved within six months of the death of the King or Queen, but this was amended by the representation of the People's Act of 1867, which provides that the existing Parliament shall continue as long as it otherwise would, unless dissolved by the Crown in the customary exercise of the royal prerogative. Therefore, there is practically no doubt that the present Parliament will be summoned, and the members re-sworn. Resolutions of sympathy with the royal family and of congratulations to the new Sovereign on his accession will then be passed. There is a possibility of a curious quibble being raised on a clause of the act of 1867, quoted above. A clause in the act refers apparently only to England. Acts for Scotland and Ireland were passed in 1868, and the clause was omitted from these acts. If such a quibble should be raised, the matter could be remedied by the passage of a short act. The following official announcement was made at midnight: "In consequence of the death of Her Majesty the Queen, the Houses of Parliament will assemble on Wednesday at four p.m., for the purpose only of enabling the peers and members to take the oath of allegiance.

"GOOD-BYE, DEAR QUEEN."

These Words Serve as the Key Note of the Expressions of Sorrow by London Newspapers.

(Special to the Star.)

LONDON, January 23.—"Good-bye, Dear Queen," are the words with which a morning paper closes an editorial. They serve as the key-note of the expressions of sorrow which the newspapers lavish in memory of the Queen, whom all of them delighted to honour. Greater than the pride in the achievement of her reign, which one paper describes as "A dream of Empire coming true," is the sense expressed in every comment of the irreparable loss which the nation and the individuals composing it sustain. The various eulogies are but a paraphrase of the same sentiment of loving admiration and regret. In the midst of the sadness, there are expressions of satisfaction that the sceptre passes to one who has abundant claims of his own to the nation's regard.

The Standard, for instance, says: "Whatever tact, good nature, sound sense, and broad sympathy can contribute to the making of an ideal King, whatever grace and kindness can effect to render a Queen popular, we may count on finding the royal couple, who are to maintain the traditions of the English Court."

The Daily News says: "Our new King has come late into his inheritance. Every one of his subjects will pray that he may enjoy it long."

THE LONDON TIMES.

The Times says: "The King has undergone a long training in the best of schools, and has proved himself the possessor of great natural aptitudes for the duties of royalty. Endowed as he is with many of the most lovable and most attractive qualities of his mother, with warm sympathies, a kind heart and generous disposition, and with a quick appreciation of genuine worth, the nation is happy in the confidence that it may count upon the maintenance of that conception of royalty which is the only one that most of us has ever known. To these qualities the King adds perfect tact, a wide knowledge of men and business, the virtues of method, prompt decision, and punctuality, and a great capacity for work. We shall now pretend that there is nothing in his long career which those who respect and admire could not wish otherwise, but which of us can say that with even approximate temptations he could face the fierce light that beats on an heir apparent no less than upon a throne."

With regard to the new King's relations with public affairs, the Times says: "He has never failed in his duty to the throne and the nation. He never followed the examples of his predecessors by encouraging intrigue or placing himself at the head of a faction. What is much more, he has shown a scrupulous care, worthy of his mother herself, never to overstep the lines marked out for him by the constitution."

The Daily Mail says:

"We can but regret that the Queen was not permitted to see the end of the South African struggle. She has been taken from us in a dark hour which we may hope is a prelude to the dawn, and when we can ill spare her ripe experience and her vast knowledge of measures and men."

The Daily Telegraph publishes two editorials under the caption: "The Queen and the King." In the latter it says:

Most happily for him, he has with infinite credit to himself, passed through a period of probation, in some ways more difficult and certainly more prolonged than that to which any successor to a throne in modern times has been subject. He assumes the burden of his Imperial task equipped with all the invaluable experience which the most painstaking discharge of great duties could secure him during the lifetime of his august mother.

A RADICAL'S TRIBUTE.

Mr. Henry Labouchere, in to-day's Truth, pays a tribute to Queen Victoria, the more remarkable because of his democratic ideas and frank criticisms of royalty.

"Among all her millions of subjects," he says, "there are but few who will not mourn for her loss as for one of their own household. Nor will the mourners be found among her own subjects alone. It is not too much to say that never in the history of the world has a single death caused such universal grief. Alike in happiness and sorrow, she lived a life beyond reproach, without thought of self and unreservedly devoted to the duties of the hour.

"Although occupying, perhaps, the proudest position ever filled by a woman, and never wanting in a certain queenly dignity, her tastes, habits, demeanour, and even her dress were marked by the rarest simplicity.

"She has been, indeed, the mother of her people, and as a mother she will be mourned. In all the affairs of state she manifested the same wisdom that inspired her private life, nor did her own country alone enjoy the fruits of her experience and sagacity. Through her kindred and descendants abroad her influence for many years has been felt in continental politics, always on the side of peace; and in at least one crisis she is known to have rendered service to the whole of Europe.

"Her sudden and lamentable break-down was due entirely to worry and over-work. She had been greatly distressed by events in South Africa and by domestic griefs."

LONDON, January 23.—The Royal Commission appointed to investigate the South African Hospital question, under the presidence of Justice Romer, has issued a long report, the tenor of which is that reviewing the campaign as a whole it cannot properly be said that the medical or hospital arrangements broke down. It adds that there has been nothing in the nature of a scandal in regard to the care of the sick and wounded, and no general widespread neglect. All the witnesses of experience in other wars were practically unanimous in declaring that taking it all in all, the sick and wounded were never so well cared for in any campaign. The commissioners recommend the appointment of a committee of experts to define the steps necessary to secure qualified officers of the medical corps, to undertake sanitary duties to prevent orderlies pilfering stimulants and the comforts of patients, and to relax strict military rules so as to give patients an additional feeling of ease.

AN UNUSUAL INCIDENT.

NEW YORK, January 23.—An unusual incident happend at Plymouth Church Sunday morning. Organist Stebbins at the finish of the usual organ prelude branched off into the American National hymn, "My Country, 'Tis of Thee." The melody being the same as that of "God Save the Queen," several persons in the congregation arose and commenced the English national anthem having been moved by the news of the Queen's illness. The whole congregation then stood up, and while the greater portion sang "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," the rest sang "God Save the Queen."

Interesting Information About Cancer

Our new book entitled "Cancer, its Cause and Cure," contains valuable information about the new painless method of treating cancer and tumour. Sent by Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., to any address, on receipt of two stamps. Wwty I

MEETINGS AND AMUSEMENTS. MEETINGS AND AMUSEMENTS.

ARENA TO-NIGHT At 8.15.

VICTORIA vs. SHAMROCK

USUAL PRICES. Seats now on sale at Club Shoe Store, 2417 St. Catherine St., Phone Up 2437, or Slater's Shoe Store, 249 St. James Street. Phone Main 2592.

Sale of 75c Seats for STANLEY CUP Matches will open THURSDAY MORNING at 9 o'clock at STAR BRANCH OFFICE.

There are still a few good $1.00 Seats left. 19tf

Amateur Skating Championships of America

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE Amateur Skating Association of Canada and the National Skating Association of America,

Will be held on the .. M.A.A.A. OPEN-AIR RINK, *SATURDAY AFTERNOON, Feb. 2nd, 1901.*

AMATEUR EVENTS: 220 YARDS. 880 YARDS. ONE MILE. THREE MILE. FIVE MILE. 880 YARDS (Backwards) 220 YARDS HURDLES. HALF MILE (12 years and under.) ONE MILE (15 years and under.)

Entries Close THURSDAY, 31st January.

Sale of Reserved Seats will open Monday, 28th Jan., at 9 o'clock a.m

1922aw LOUIS RUBENSTEIN, Hon. Secy. A.S.A. of Canada.

THE SECOND ANNUAL **PUBLIC EXHIBITION**

of rapid shorthand writing in the Isaac Pitman system and proper formation of outlines on the blackboard will be given on Monday evening, the 28th inst., at 8.15 o'clock, at the Conservatory Hall, 2269 St. Catherine street, by R. Goltman, Official Stenographer and Instructor, Principal of the METROPOLITAN BUSINESS COLLEGE.

N. B.—Employers of stenographers, teachers and writers of the Isaac Pitman and other systems are particularly invited. Teachers of shorthand will be at liberty to also use the blackboard to give phrases and correct outlines to words asked by any one present.

Shorthand teachers who would like to take advantage of this offer will oblige by sending their names to the Principal before that date, or Telephone Up 2509. A large attendance of past and present students of the "Met." and other students of shorthand is respectfully requested.

Admission free to all interested in shorthand. 17 6

SOBRITE 10 CENTS Rapid action cleaner, will not scratch

THE NEWS IN LONDON

A Hush Fell Over the Immense Assemblage When the Lord Mayor Appeared to Make the Announcement.

LONDON, January 23.—At an early hour yesterday a large number of people gathered at the Mansion House seeking news of how the Queen had passed the night. By the time the first bulletin was posted a large crowd had assembled. The grave intelligence conveyed in that produced the conviction that the end was not far off. Nevertheless, the thoroughfare continued to be thronged with anxious watchers, many of them being men going or coming to or from their offices and shops. The second bulletin appeared about luncheon time, when the crowd was very large. Its contents occasioned some relief. Some unknown person started the National Anthem, which was immediately taken up by many hundreds of voices. During the afternoon the unofficial news in the papers again tended to dispel hope, and about the time a majority of men were leaving their places of business the announcement that Her Majesty was sinking prepared everybody for the final news, which soon followed the Prince of Wales' intimation to the Lord Mayor that the Queen was in the greatest danger. This news spread, and brought hundreds of persons hurrying along the many thoroughfares which converge on the Mansion House, until the throng numbered many thousands. The comparative silence of the tremendous assemblage was in remarkable contrast to the customary boisterous spirit displayed by such gatherings.

LORD MAYOR'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

About seven o'clock Lord Mayor Green appeared upon the balcony of the Mansion House. His appearance was immediately recognized as presaging an announcement of importance. Complete silence fell on the crowd, broken only by the clattering of horses' hoofs on the asphalted street. In a voice, which he controlled with difficulty, the Lord Mayor then announced the deep regret with which he had received the following telegram:

"OSBORNE, 6.45 p.m.—My beloved mother has just passed away, surrounded by her children and grandchildren.

(Signed) "ALBERT EDWARD."

Having finished reading the telegram, the Lord Mayor withdrew. A subdued murmur of sympathetic exclamation rose from the crowd, a great number of whom were genuinely saddened. A crowd hastened away to their trains and conveyed the tidings to their families and friends. Meanwhile, the Lord Mayor telegraphed the following to the Prince of Wales upon whom his mother's death had forced the Kingship.

"Your Royal Highness' telegram announcing the nation's loss I have received with profound distress and grief, and I have communicated this most sad intimation to my fellow citizens. Her Majesty's name and memory will live forever in the hearts of her people. May respectfully convey to Your Royal Highness the earnest sympathy and condolence of the city of London in your great sorrow."

(Signed) FRANK GREEN, Lord Mayor."

ST. PAUL'S BELL TOLLED.

After sending this despatch the Lord Mayor took the necessary steps to have the great bell in St. Paul's Cathedral tolled, and soon its deep note was sounding at intervals of a minute over the metropolis. The bell is only tolled for a member of the Royal Family, the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Bishop of London, the Dean of St. Paul's, or the Lord Mayor. Many flags were placed at half mast on public and private buildings. The blinds were down on many houses, and narrow black boars were fastened in the centres of windows of offices and shops.

At Windsor the mournful tolling of the bell in the Curfew Tower of the castle announced to the townsfolk at 6.45 that the end had come. At the first stroke hundreds hastened to the Henry VIII. gateway, and read the bulletin. The Queen was a good friend to the poor of Windsor and its neighbourhood, and she probably will be deplored here more as a woman than as a Queen.

THE NEWS IN SCOTLAND.

From Edinburgh, Glasgow, Dublin, and all the cities and towns of the United Kingdom, the same reports of sorrow come. Muffled peals were rung in many of the Cathedrals and Churches. The theatres were closed, public engagements were cancelled, and messages of condolence were despatched by the mayors and public bodies.

LIVERPOOL MOURNED.

At Liverpool where there is a considerable Mussulman community, the celebration of the festival of Bairam was proceeding in the Mosque when news of Her Majesty's death was received. The Sheikh Ul Islam, of the British Isles, immediately proposed a resolution of condolence, which was approved in solemn silence, and then transmitted.

THE NEW KING'S TITLE.

The Daily News prints the following regarding the King's title: "The style of the name of the Sovereign will be chosen by himself. In the case of the lamented Queen all the Parliamentary forms had been prepared on the understanding that the oath would be taken as Alexandrina Victoria. The Queen, however, at her declaration signed herself simply Victoria, and alterations in the forms prepared had accordingly to be made. Those whose duty it is to look up precedents will probably be warned by this experience and will either wait to see how the King styles himself, or ascertain beforehand what his desire is."

"The D. & L." Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil (Trade Mark.)

Will give you an appetite! Will tone your nerves! Will make you strong! Will make you well!

Dr. Burgess, Med. Supt. of the Prot. Hospital for Insane, Montreal, prescribes it constantly and gives us permission to use his name.

Miss Clark, Supt. Grace Hospital, Toronto, writes they have also used it with the best results.

50c. and $1.00 Bottles.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Limited. 19 1

TO LET NEW LODGE ROOMS

One large hall, one medium hall, Empire building, St. Catherine street. Richmond Hall, 280 Richmond street; all comfortable halls. For terms and nights of meeting apply to Thomas Liggett early, 1884 Notre Dame st. 12 eod tf

THE NEWS ON THE CONTINENT

POPE KNELT IN SILENT PRAYER.

Aged Pontiff Heard the News of the Queen's Death With Silence.

(Special to the Star.)

ROME, January 23.—The Pope received the news of the death of Queen Victoria from Cardinal Rampolla, the Pontifical Secretary of State. His Holiness, who has followed Her Majesty's illness with the greatest interest and sympathy, did not speak, but immediately knelt in silent prayer, and so remained for a considerable time.

Afterwards he ordered that prayers be said in all the churches to-morrow for the repose of Her Majesty's soul. It is understood that His Holiness will be represented at the funeral by a cardinal. The fact of Queen Victoria's death was known here at nine o'clock.

King Victor-Emmanuel, Queen Helena, the Dowager Queen Margherita, and the Pope telegraphed their condolence.

KING LEOPOLD IS DEPRESSED.

(Special to the Star.)

BRUSSELS, January 23.—King Leopold was the first one to receive the news of the Queen's death in a telegram from Osborne. He is very much depressed. The King announced his intention of attending the funeral.

The British Legation was thronged with callers all day. The Anglo-American Chamber of Commerce will be closed to-day.

BROWN'S Bronchial Troches. A most useful for coughs, hoarseness, sore throat and lung troubles. Sold in boxes only. Avoid imitations.

PRES. LOUBET'S SYMPATHY.

(Special to the Star.)

PARIS, January 23.—The news of Queen Victoria's death became known here about eight o'clock. All the newspapers issued special editions, which were eagerly bought up by the Boulevardiers. President Loubet immediately directed M. Paul Cambon, the French Ambassador at London, to tender his condolence to the King. The news reached Paris too late to allow of comment by the leading evening papers. The Petit Temps merely published the fact of her death. In a telegram to the press, Leon Bailby ponders on the sad thoughts that must have passed through the Queen's mind during the last few hours of her life, if she contrasted the England of 1901 with the England of the Jubilee Year. M. Bailby welcomes as a good sign the kindly telegram in reply to President Loubet's expression of sympathy received from England's new King. He says it is indicative of a desire to maintain a courteous, correct and almost friendly attitude towards a neighbouring nation not precisely friendly.

The Soir publishes the fact of the death, its only comment being M. Laurencen's impressions, written before the news of the passing away of the Queen was received.

THE TIDINGS AT VIENNA.

VIENNA, January 23.—Emperor Francis Joseph, who was greatly affected to learn that Queen Victoria had passed away, immediately despatched a message of condolence to Osborne.

SADNESS AT CALCUTTA.

CALCUTTA, January 23.—Queen Victoria's death caused the utmost distress here. All public functions have been abandoned.

BARBADOES IS IN GLOOM.

BRIDGETOWN, Barbadoes, January 23.—The death of Queen Victoria has plunged the ancient and loyal colony of Barbadoes into the deepest grief, and mourning is apparent everywhere.

CAPTAIN TOZIER APOLOGIZES.

United States Cutter Grant Seems to Have Acted Too Hastily in the Japanese Matter.

(Special to the Star.)

VICTORIA, B.C., January 23.—Captain Tozier, of the cutter Grant, yesterday apologized to Collector of Customs Milne for landing the Japanese here on Monday in contravention to the quarantine and immigration laws, and offered to take them back to Waldron Island.

The Japanese will have their papers examined this afternoon.

MEETINGS AND AMUSEMENTS.

HER MAJESTY'S | THIS WEEK. Every Eve. at 8.15. Doors open at 7.30. Mats. Wed., Fri. and Sat. at 2.15 p.m. THE CHERRY PICKERS. EXTRA — Moving Pictures of the Transvaal War. PRICES—Matinees, 10c, 25c.; Nights, 10c, 20c, 30c, 50c. Next week, commencing Tuesday, Jan. 29—"Nancy & Co." 17 s6

Church of the Advent, WESTMOUNT. The Women's Guild Social Postponed to next month. 19 1 HENRY KITTSON, Rector.

Court St. Jude No. 3889. ANCIENT ORDER OF FORESTERS. Members of the above Court are requested to attend the funeral of the late wife of P. D. C. Bro. J. W. Cole, from her husband's residence, No. 599 Rivard Street, on THURSDAY AFTERNOON, the 24th inst., at 2.30 p. m., to All Saints Church, thence to Mount Royal Cemetery. Sister Courts invited to attend. 19 1 JOHN D. BUTT, Secretary

S. O. E. B. Grosvenor Lodge No. 120. Members of the above Lodge are requested to attend the funeral of the wife of Brother J. W. Cole, from her late residence, 599 Rivard St., at 2.15 p.m., Thursday Next, 24th instant, thence to Mount Royal Cemetery. Sister Lodges invited to attend. 19 1 BY ORDER.

Conservatory of Dancing, Deportment and Physical Culture, 79—81 Drummond Street. Classes Day and Evening, 4 and 8 p. m. Private Lessons at any hour to suit. Drummond Hall To Rent for Balls Socials, Theatricals, etc. Send for Circular. Tel. Up 1435. 300tf GEO. F. BEAMAN.

What meaner feeling is there than Constipation induces? The **MAGI DUNCAN Water** —OF— **CALEDONIA SPRINGS** Never loses its effect. Sold by best Clubs, Hotels and Grocers everywhere. GURD & CO., Montreal, SOLE AGENTS and BOTTLERS. 19tf

Skin and Scalp Diseases. Blood Poison and Urinary Troubles. Weak Men, Loss of Vitality, Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Drains and Emissions, Diseases of the Urethral Tract, Stricture, treated at 120 Bleury Street by DR. H. J. BRODEUR, Specialist, of Paris. Superfluous Hair, Moles, etc., removed by Electricity. OFFICE HOURS—10 to 12; 1.30 to 5; 7 to 8.30. Sundays 1.30 to 3. Bell Tel. Main 2182. 304tf

Daily Piano Bargain. EMERSON UPRIGHT PIANO $190. Easy Terms. Great chance for a quick buyer. LINDSAY-NORDHEIMER CO., 2366 St. Catherine St. 19 1

MEETINGS AND AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY, ENTIRE WEEK. | MATINEE SATURDAY. FIRST PRODUCTION HERE. WALTER E. PERKINS **The Man From Mexico** A Farce by H. A. Du Souchet, author of "MY FRIEND FROM INDIA." PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00. Coming Feb. 4th—The Burgomaster. 17 6

THEATRE ROYAL Every Afternoon and Evening. THIS WEEK, JAN. 21. **THE UTOPIAN BURLESQUERS** And a Carnival of High Class Novelties. Prices — 10, 20 and 30c. Next Week — THE TIDE of LIFE. 17 6

MONTREAL'S LEADING SCHOOL **Dancing and Deportment** New Classes now forming for beginners at Stanley Hall, 127 Stanley St. Learn the McGill Lancers, the prettiest and most popular Square Dance. Private Lessons given day or evening. Halls (one large and one small) to rent for Euchre Parties, Balls, Meetings, etc., etc. Tel. Up 934. Prof. FRANK H. NORMAN. Assembly every Saturday at 8 p.m. 18stf

DANCING and DEPORTMENT TAUGHT BY A. ROY MACDONALD. Classes meeting every Evening, 8 p. m. Afternoon for young people, 4 p.m. Private Lessons by appointment. Tel. Mount 468. Hall to rent for parties, etc 288s tf 220 ELM AVENUE.

DANCING. DANCING. NEW CLASSES FOR BEGINNERS. Tues. and Thur. at 4 and 8 p. m. Reasonable rates. Thorough instruction. Private lessons day or evening. Assembly Every Saturday at 8.15 p. m. FREDERIC W. NORMAN, 2209 St. Catherine St. (Cor. of McGill Coll. Ave.) Phone Up 2611. 12stf HALL TO RENT.

EDUCATIONAL.

Miss Abbott, Pianist and Accompanist, Pupil of Ducharme and Herrmann Scholtz, Court Pianist, Dresden. Pupils Received at Residence, 419 Guy St. 7 26

THE MONTREAL **CONSERVATORY** OF MUSIC Founded, 1893, by C. E. Seifert, the Director. 938 & 940 Dorchester St., near Mountain. BRANCHES: Voice, Piano, Violin, Organ, the Theory of Music, &c. &c. Send for Prospectus. 290tf

Compton Ladies' College, COMPTON, P. Q. The pupils of this institution will reassemble on Wednesday, 16th January, 1901. For Circulars send to the Rev. G. H. Parker, Hon. Bursar, the Rectory, Compton, Que. 9 10

St. John the Evangelist's School A CHORAL SCHOLARSHIP is vacant. Boys (not over 9) with musical tastes, able to read, are eligible. Value, $60 per annum. Tuition and books. Apply at 3 p.m. to C. S. FOSBERY, headmaster, 1773 Ontario. 18 2

NOTICE. The Woman's Art Association announces that owing to the death of Her Majesty the Queen, "OPEN STUDIO DAY" will not be observed this month. 19s1 By Order of COMMITTEE.

BISHOP ENGRAVING & PRINTING CO. Although we have had a loss from fire, work is going on as usual. All orders will have prompt attention. 17 6

WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD HOXBAN, I.T. DR. RADWAY & CO., New York—Gentlemen: I send enclosed M. O., for which you will please send me one dozen Radway's Ready Relief and one dozen Radway's Pills. Your Ready Relief is considered hereabounts to be worth its weight in gold. This is why I am induced to handle it. I have handled —— Oil for some time, but I consider the R.R.R. far superior to this, as it gives better satisfaction. J. M. ALEXANDER.

R R R RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Radway's Ready Relief cures the worst pains in from one to twenty minutes. For Headache (whether sick or nervous), Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Lumbago, pains and weakness in the back, spine or kidneys, pains around the liver, pleurisy, swelling of the joints and pains of all kinds, the application of Radway's Ready Relief will afford immediate ease, and its continued use for a few days effects a permanent cure. 25 cents a bottle. Sold by druggists. BE SURE TO GET RADWAY'S. 19 1

"Humbert" ITALIANS

are the best made Italian Cloths in the world. They are made of Botany yarns and Egyptian cotton warps, thoroughly shrunk and beautifully finished. A large shipment completes our range of numbers. Sole Agents in Canada

MONTREAL REPRESENTATIVES, MESSRS. DESNOYERS and O'MALLEY, Nordheimer Bldg.

NISBET & AULD, TORONTO. 19 3 ns

KING EDWARD VII. ENTERS HIS CAPITAL

And Before the Privy Council Took His Title "King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and Emperor of India."

An Immense Throng Witnessed His Majesty's Arrival in London.

LONDON, January 23, 1 p. m.—The King-Emperor entered his capital 12.55 p. m. and proceeded to Marlborough House.

At the meeting of the Privy Council the King took the title of Edward VII.

The King's correct title is Edward VII. "King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and Emperor of India."

After the ending of the first Privy Council at St. James's Palace at 2 p. m., when a decision will be reached regarding the public proclamation of his accession, which it is expected will be read to-morrow at 10 a. m., His Majesty will proceed to the House of Lords for the meeting of Parliament.

AT ST. JAMES PALACE.

The King drove to St. James Palace from Marlborough House, to preside at the first Privy Council. He was attended by Lord Suffield (who has been Lord of the Bedchamber to the Prince of Wales since 1872), and was escorted by a captain's escort of the Horse Guards. The procedure was exactly as on levee days.

By the time the King arrived a great gathering of Privy Councillors in levee dress with crape on their left arms had taken up a position in the Throne room—members of the Royal family, Cabinet Ministers, Peers, Commoners, Bishops, Judges, the Lord Mayor, etc., including the Duke of York, the Duke of Connaught and lesser members of the Royal family. Lord Salisbury, Lord Rosebery, Mr. A. J. Balfour, the Duke of Devonshire, Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, and a host of the most prominent personages in the land were there to receive the King's formal oath binding him to govern the kingdom according to its laws and customs and hear him assume the title of King Edward VII. of Great Britain and Ireland and Emperor of India. The ceremony was interesting and according to precedent. The King was in a separate apartment from the Privy Councillors. To the latter the Duke of Devonshire formally communicated the death of Queen Victoria and the succession of her son, the Prince of Wales to the throne. The Royal Dukes and certain Lords of the Council, were then directed to repair to the King's presence to acquaint him with the terms of the Lord President's statement.

KING MADE BRIEF SPEECH.

Shortly afterwards His Majesty entered the room in which the Councillors were assembled and addressed them in a brief speech The Lord Chancellor (Lord Halsbury) then administered the oath to the King and afterwards the various members of the Council. Commencing with the Lords in Council they took their respective oaths of allegiance and they passed in turn before His Majesty as at a levee, except that each paused and kissed hands before passing out of the chamber. This brought the ceremony to a close.

By 3.30 p.m., when His Majesty returned to Marlborough House, the crowd in the neighbourhood was of immense proportions. The King's prior journey was accomplished in almost complete silence, but on this occasion he was lustily cheered all along the line of route.

Immediately opposite Marlborough House gates a tall gentleman in the front of the crowd waved his hat and shouted:

"Long Live the King," whereupon the crowd cheered with redoubled vigor.

THE QUEEN'S REMAINS

In All Probability the Body Will be Conveyed to Windsor Castle on Thursday.

COWES, Isle of Wight, January 23.—The town bore an aspect of misery this morning. The air was dull and heavy and the sky threatening. Everywhere blinds were drawn and black was displayed. The only sign of life was at Trinity Pier where a constant interchange of signals was being carried on between the Royal yacht Alberta alongside the pier and the Royal yacht Osborne aboard of which some Royal personages still remained.

A message from Osborne House said Emperor William's plans were not known, but it was believed that he would not leave to-day. The Alberta had steam up all night and at 8.30 had a big awning fixed and was in readiness to proceed for Portsmouth at 9.40 with the King, the Duke of York, Mr. Balfour and the Earl of Clarendon on board, to catch a special train for London at 11 o'clock. The King and the Duke of York will return to Osborne House to-night.

Unless the King otherwise shall direct it is probable that the Queen's body will be taken on board the Royal yacht Alberta to-morrow for conveyance to Windsor. The dining room at Osborne House has been transformed into a mortuary chapel. The body has been removed from the bedroom and lies there at present. The servants will be admitted to view the remains. There will be nothing in the nature of lying-in-state here nor so far as known at Cowes will there be any public lying-in-state at Windsor. A guard of Royal Reservists is watching the body.

The arrangements for the obsequies will be made at the Privy Council after consultation with the King.

Orders have been sent to Windsor to prepare the apartments for Royal arrivals.

PROCLAIMED KING

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, January 23.—His Excellency the Earl of Minto, Governor-General of Canada, arrived at his office at 11.15 this morning, and was immediately waited upon by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Prime Minister. A few minutes after, His Grace the Archbishop of Ottawa arrived on the scene and paid his respects to the representative of the new King. At 11.30 Council assembled, His Excellency being present in person. Up to that hour the only official intimation received at Government House was a brief message from the Colonial Secretary:

"I regret to inform you that the Queen died at 6.55."

The customary intimation as to the title to be assumed by the new Sovereign on his accession remains yet to be learned. Owing to this delay the difficulty of re-taking the oaths of allegiance intended to have been done at yesterday's Council arose. To-day His Excellency signed the oath, which reads in the name of Albert Edward, and afterwards administered it to the Ministers present.

THE PROCLAMATION.

The proclamation will be issued this afternoon, and, it is understood, will be substantially the same as that issued by the Earl of Gosford, the then Governor of Upper and Lower Canada, on the accession of the late Queen to the throne, in 1837, with such changes as the present situation calls for. The tenor of the proclamation is as follows:

"Whereas, it hath pleased Almighty God to call in His Mercy our late Sovereign Lady, Queen Victoria, of blessed and glorious memory, by whose decease the Imperial Crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and all other of her late Majesty's dominions are solely and rightfully come to the high and mighty Prince Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, I, the said Sir Gilbert John Eliot, Earl of Minto, Governor-General of Canada, etc., assisted by His Majesty's Privy Council for Canada, and with their hearty and zealous concurrence, do, therefore, hereby publish and proclaim that the high and mighty Prince Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, is now by the death of our late Sovereign of happy and glorious memory become our only lawful and rightful Liege Lord, Edward the Seventh, by the grace of God, King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, defender of the faith, to whom are due all faith and constant obedience, with all hearty and humble affection. And I do hereby require and command all persons whomsoever to yield obedience and govern themselves accordingly, beseeching God, by whom Kings do reign, to bless the Royal Prince Edward the Seventh, with long and happy years to reign over us.

"Given under my hand and seal, etc.

(Signed) "MINTO.

"By command,

"R. W. SCOTT,

"Secretary of State."

A SECOND PROCLAMATION.

This will be accompanied by another proclamation in the name of the King continuing in office, the Governor-General, the Lieutenant-Governors, the Ministers and persons holding commissions. The question of who is required to take the oath of allegiance forms a bone of contention, but it is decided that outside of the Governor-General, the G. O. C., the Lieutenant-Governors, the Dominion and Provincial Ministers, and all officers holding Her Majesty's Commission either in the army or navy, only members of Parliament and the Legislatures will be required to do so. These later will take the oath on the meeting of their respective Houses. Nothing has as yet been learned regarding the funeral arrangements, but it is probable that Lord Strathcona will be Canada's representative on that occasion. An immense amount of work is entailed in the Printing Bureau by the demise of the Crown, and in order to meet the demand it is stated that the Government have requisitioned the use of every printing press in town. The work of putting black edges on the departmental note is being proceeded with by one firm.

THE NEW SEAL.

From all over the country and from all sorts and conditions of men from high officials, from collectors, from getters-up of subscription books, come enquiries as to the King's title. The new Great Seal is not to be made in Canada; it is prepared by the Imperial authorities and sent out. Provision is made for the use of the old seal pending the arrival of the new one.

The Militia Orders for military mourning will be issued to-day.

Generally speaking, they will direct the veiling or removing of anything in the uniform, except buttons, which may cause show. Black chevron on the arms, black coverings of the sword hilts, and ornaments in the cross belts, the removal of plumes, etc., from shackho will constitute the main items of mourning.

CHILDREN'S ALBUM.

(Special by cable from the special correspondent of the Star in London.)

LONDON Jan. 23.—The Canadian government offices to-day share in the general mourning. The flag is at half mast. The High Commissioner and other colonial representatives are sending messages of condolence to the King. It transpires that one of the latest acts of Queen Victoria before her illness reached an acute stage concerned the children's album from Canada. She learned of this unique tribute with great interest and directed the case containing the album to be forwarded to her unopened, and on learning through the colonial office of the amount of subscription directed it to be added to the Princess of Wales' soldiers and sailors families fund.

WINDERMERE.

LORDS AND COMMONERS.

LONDON, January 23.—The House of Lords and the House of Commons assembled at 4 o'clock, and took the oath of allegiance to the new Sovereign.

LAST NIGHT'S STAR.

Newsdealers in all parts of the city report that their regular supplies would not meet the demand for last night's Star, as nearly every regular reader wanted a second copy to mail to a friend. A few hundred copies of last night's Star were run off this morning in order not to disappoint our regular readers, and any desiring a copy can secure them while they last at the Star Office, St. James street, or the Branch Office, corner of Peel and St. Catherine.

VICTORIA RIFLES' ARMOURY.

A large streamer of crepe was affixed to the main entrance to the Victoria Rifles' Armoury this morning.

THE CORN EXCHANGE.

Resolutions Eulogistic of the Dear Dead Queen Adopted To-day.

THE ASSOCIATION ADJOURNED

Until After the Funeral—Speeches by Messrs. Craig, Judge and Meighen.

The Corn Exchange held a meeting at half past twelve o'clock to-day and passed a resolution of condolence in connection with the death of the late Sovereign.

The Corn Exchange stands adjourned until after the funeral.

Mr. E. F. Craig, President of the Corn Exchange, occupied the chair. A large number of members was present. The proceedings were silent and mournful.

THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH.

Mr. Craig, after referring to the object of the meeting, said:

As I have said before, hers was a pure and womanly life, and although Victoria may have passed away, Victoria, wife and mother, will ever live in the hearts of present and future generations.

When we assembled here only a few days ago to bid farewell to the old year, and sang "God Save the Queen," we little thought it was for the last time in this Exchange but as we revered and honoured the Mother so will we the Son, King Edward VII, and when we sing God Save the King, our best and truest prayer will be that he will walk in her footsteps.

MR. JUDGE'S SPEECH.

Mr. Edgar Judge in moving the resolution, said: "I desire to say that the death of our beloved Queen has brought us face to face with an experience which is without a parallel. Never since the nations began to select Kings and Queens to reign over them has the death of a monarch evoked such universal—such worldwide sorrow as has hers. Men and women of the highest attainments and most exalted virtues have died and have been deeply mourned, but never has the heart of the whole world been so deeply touched as it has been by the passing away of Victoria the Good. Wherever the cable has flashed the sad intelligence men and women have stood with bowed heads.

TEXT OF THE RESOLUTION.

The resolution which Mr. Judge then read was as follows:

"That the members of the Montreal Corn Exchange Association have received with deepest grief the sad intelligence of the death of Her Most Gracious Majesty our Beloved Queen.

That in common with the whole of her subjects, they desire to express their high appreciation of the dignity and wisdom with which she ruled over her mighty Empire during her long reign. Even governed by the strictest regard for her own and her people's constitutional rights, and ever sympathizing alike in their joys and sorrows, with a pure, womanly tenderness.

That this Association humbly tenders to His Majesty the King, its sincerest sympathy in this bereavement, and prays for him and his beloved consort, in the high responsibilities to which they have been called, a continuance of the happiness they have hitherto enjoyed, and to the love and reverence that surround the throne throughout the reign of our great and good Queen."

THE SECONDER'S ADDRESS.

Mr. Robert Meighen in seconding the resolution, said:

Her name will be handed down to posterity, and the history of her actions, both public and private, read and admired by generations yet unborn, and quoted as an example for future generations to follow.

After Mr. Meighen's speech, it was moved by Mr. Thomas Harling, seconded by Mr. Alexander McFee, that the resolution be sent to the Governor-General for transmission to Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, Colonial Secretary.

It was subsequently unanimously decided that the Corn Exchange stand adjourned until after the funeral of the late Queen.

THE ROYAL STANDARD.

Lieut.-Col. Peters, D.O.C., received instructions from Ottawa this morning to place the Royal Standard at half-mast on the flag-staffs of the Drill Hall and the Military Barracks on the Island.

This has since been done.

It is the first time since the announcement in Montreal of the death of the Prince Consort that the standard has been so flown from any flag-staff in the city. The use of the standard is by Imperial legislation restricted to all public buildings, citadels, barracks, fortresses, royal palaces, the Houses of Parliament, the Tower of London, British naval stations, and British men-o'-war.

Private citizens are forbidden to fly it, except when they are entertaining a member of the Royal family. It is always hoisted, wherever the Sovereign takes up his residence, and it has also been used by the Viceroys of Canada, Australia, India, Ireland and South Africa on certain occasions.

In the reign just closed, it was hoisted by those who were legitimately entitled to float only on three occasions during the year, namely, on the anniversaries of the late Queen's birth, accession and coronation. It is only lowered to half-mast on the occasion of the death of a Sovereign or his or her consort.

PRINCIPAL PETERSON, McGILL UNIVERSITY, MONTREAL.

To the Editor of the Montreal Star:

I write as the sharer of a sorrow that is world-wide. We are looking back to-day on the completed record of a glorious life—a life in which womanly worth has played a much greater part than queenly state and splendour. Victoria's reign will ever be cherished as among the proudest possessions of the British people. If we had had a different kind of ruler during these long and eventful years, the course of our national history might have been very different indeed. As it is, there is none of us but holds his head higher to-day for the memory of what the Queen has been to her people and to the world at large. We loved her in her life, and now in the hour of her death the feeling that is uppermost in the hearts of all is the feeling of thankfulness and pride.

As to the effect of the change of sovereignty, the new King is no untried man, but one who has long filled a somewhat difficult place with geniality and acceptance. Of him we need only say "God give you wisdom in your heart to judge his people in righteousness, that their good things be not abolished, and that their glory may endure for ever."

(Montreal). W. PETERSON.

JUDGES AND LAWYERS

Unite in Lauding the Memory of Our Deceased Sovereign.

SIR ALEX. LACOSTE'S TRIBUTE.

Judges of the Queen's Bench and of the Superior Court Express Heartfelt Sorrow.

The Court of Appeal held a special session this morning to give expression to the general sorrow on the death of the Queen.

Sir Alexandre Lacoste, Chief Justice, presided, and with him on the Bench were Messrs. Justice Hall, Wurtele and Ouimet.

The Chief Justice read the following address in French, in presence of a large gathering of the bar:

Painful news has reached us; the Queen is dead. Familiar as we are with that noble figure we scarcely realize her disappearance. She was so identified with the Empire, that in our illusion we forgot that she would come to an end before it. But Providence has decreed that even the greatest disappear and that the most beautiful souls return to their Creator.

Weighted down with the grief at the death of a personage who is dear to us, we feel, as it were, a longing to seek in the life of her who is no more, food to nourish our sorrows. And in looking over the long career which has just closed our sentiments of admiration are shared between the Sovereign, whose wisdom and ability has astonished the world, and the woman whose kindly and heroic virtues have gained and preserved the affection and devotion of her millions of subjects. As for us, Canadians, we shall never forget that it was she who gave us our Federal constitution, which made us a nation and that it was during her reign that that complete and full liberty which we enjoy and which is envied by other nations was fully assured.

We shall always remember the high consideration which she showed under all circumstances to our fellow countrymen and the great personal interest which she always evinced towards Canada.

We have thought fit to meet in special session to express our regret at the death of the Queen and our profound sympathy for our Sovereign and the Royal Family. May God extend to these those powerful consolations, which He holds in reserve for the moments of poignant grief and soften the bitterness of the cup they are called upon to drink.

His Honour announced that Messrs. Justice Bosse and Blanchet had wired concurring in the remarks.

Hon. L. O. Taillon, Q.C., stated that he was requested, on behalf of the Batonnier, to declare that the Bar shared fully the sentiments of the Bench, and he moved that the address be inscribed in the records of the court, which the Chief Justice ordered to be done, after which the court rose.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

After the adjournment of the Court of Queen's Bench, the judges of the Superior Court entered the Court Room, headed by Acting Chief Justice Sir Melbourne M. Tait. The other judges present were Messrs. Justices Belanger, Taschereau, Gill, Loranger, Mathieu, Davidson, Pagnuelo, Tellier, Archibald, Doherty, Curran, Charland and Delorimier.

Sir M. M. Tait addressed the judges and the members of the Bar as follows:

After a long and glorious reign of 63 years 7 months, the longest and most glorious of any Sovereign, our beloved Queen has passed to her reward, loved and revered by all her subjects, who, besides recognizing and deploring her death, as a great national calamity, are filled with a deep sense of personal loss.

In all relations of life her example and influence have been for goodness and purity. Every effort to improve the moral and social condition of her people had her warm sympathy and hearty co-operation. She shared in their joys and sorrows, so far as they were known to her, and such a bond of love has existed between her and them that the breaking of it fills them with a sense of personal bereavement difficult to express, although so deeply felt.

This is not the occasion for reviewing, even in the most cursory manner, the history of her reign. The growth of the Empire and of that civil and religious liberty which we now enjoy—the marvellous discoveries which have done so much to alleviate suffering and to add to our comfort—the progress of Christianity—the spread of education—the march of commerce, and in short the wonderful advances made all along the different lines that have led to our present high state of civilization, and to the social, industrial and commercial conditions by which we are now surrounded—point out the Victorian era as far surpassing all others in its beneficial results to mankind.

But to-day we do not think so much of these things as we do of the personality of the Sovereign we have lost. We think of Her as having been a faithful wife and loving mother, a true friend of her subjects, and a conscientious and constitutional ruler of the great Empire to which we have the great privilege to belong. We recall the sorrows she has so patiently borne, the tremendous responsibilities she has so bravely faced and the noble manner in which she has fulfilled her mission. Perhaps in no way has her influence been more beneficially felt than in the upright and impartial manner in which justice has been administered throughout her vast Empire.

We who have been administering justice in her name in Her Superior Court of this Province, desire, in common with all others who have been her devoted subjects, to express our profound grief at her death, and our sincere sympathy with all members of the Royal Family.

The effect of this sad event is to adjourn the sittings of the Superior Court in this District will stand adjourned until the proclamation required in such cases shall issue.

Mr. J. A. C. Madore, batonnier of the bar, addressing the justices, said that the Bar of Montreal wished to join with the bench, and he had been requested to move that the remarks of the Acting Chief Justice be inscribed on the records of the Court. The motion was unanimously agreed to, after which the members of the Bench fyled out of Court.

SUBURBAN COUNCILS.

Mayor W. D. Lighthall, of Westmount, has called a public meeting for eight o'clock to-morrow evening, in Victoria Hall, to adopt resolutions on the occasion of the Queen's death.

The City Council of St. Henri will hold its regular meeting this evening, when resolutions of regret at the Queen's death will be passed.

DROPPED IT.

Quit Coffee and Got Well.

"My breakfast never seemed complete without coffee, but the stomach became gradually weakened, although I had no idea of the cause. An hour or so after eating, a dull aching pain would come in my stomach and sick headache set up. This misery would continue two or three hours, increasing to an intense burning pain, until relieved by vomiting, then I would quickly recover.

"These attacks grew more frequent, and the pain more intense, until it began to affect my general health. I tried many remedies for strengthening my stomach, until finally I noticed that the much loved coffee appeared to have a wooden taste, and I concluded to see what effect leaving it off would have.

"In a short time, the sick, aching attacks ceased entirely, gradually my stomach regained its vigour. I began drinking Postum Food Coffee, and I discovered by experiment that it has a delicious crisp coffee taste, and yet I could drink all I wanted of it, without any oppression; on the contrary, it gave me a well fed, nourished and lightened feeling, instead of the old oppression.

"My general health has been greatly improved and I am able to eat, without fear, many things I dared not attempt before. I am grateful that someone has found so satisfactory a beverage. It is already a boon to thousands who have been troubled with coffee drinking, and there are yet thousands who, if they knew the cause of their trouble, would get well by leaving off coffee and using Postum Food Coffee. Please omit name." Name and address furnished by Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich. 19 1

QUEEN VICTORIA.

Her Last Portrait.

Everybody will want a souvenir of our beloved Queen, something that will remind them not only of her life, but of her death.

The Star will issue on Saturday next to Star readers, free of charge, a very striking likeness, being her last portrait, from a sitting given a short time before her last illness. This portrait gives us the woman, the mother, the widow.

As the edition is strictly limited to regular readers of the Star, it will be necessary to present the following coupon, cut from the Star.

This Coupon entitles the holder to a portrait of Queen Victoria, if presented at the Star Office.
The distribution begins on

SATURDAY, 26TH JANUARY.

See issues of the Star for the hours.

Only one coupon is needed, but this one is indispensable. The portrait is on paper 16 x 21.

EMBLEMS OF MOURNING.

Montreal is taking on a cloak of mourning such as it has never known before. At an early hour this morning citizens prepared to show their respect to the memory of the dead sovereign by draping their buildings in crepe and designs symbolic of the loss to the nation. The work of draping is in strange contrast to the last occasion when bunting and flags were flown from the buildings of Montreal in honour of the raising of the siege of Ladysmith.

Among the first to drape their building was the Bank of British North America. The front of it is nearly covered with black cloth, and the Royal Standard is surrounded in crepe. The result is very effective and striking.

Almost as soon as the news of the death of Her Majesty became generally known, the large lanterns in front of the entrance of the St. James Club were draped in black, and to-day more elaborate mourning decorations were added to the facade of the building. Over the porch a sort of a large mourning canopy was erected, and under that a black shield bearing the large white letters, V.R.I., was suspended. Festoons of the national colours, partly hidden by mourning, and ending in long, graceful streamers, completed the decoration, which was surmounted by an imperial crown.

The entire front of the store of Messrs. Scroggie Brothers, on the corner of St. Catherine and University streets, was hung with black streamers from the roof to the lower story, where they were looped together above the main entrance and knotted to a mourning shield bearing the words: "We mourn."

One of the few places of business actually closed down to-day, is the Lepage Departmental Store, corner of St. Lawrence and St. Catherine streets. The building is draped from the roof in mourning, and attached to the folds of crepe on the double doorway are the words "Closed in memory of Our Queen."

The front of Mr. John T. Hagar's store, 180 Inspector street, has been very effectively draped in black.

THE MONTREAL BAR.

After the departure of the judges of the Superior Court, a general meeting of the Bar was held in Room 24. The attendance was very large.

Mr. J. A. C. Madore and Mr. C. B. Carter spoke feelingly of the Queen's death.

On the suggestion of Mr. H. C. St. Pierre, Q.C., the Council of the Bar was appointed as a committee to draw up resolutions.

SANG GOD SAVE THE KING.

The scholars of the High School were not given a holiday, because, as the principal explained, children associate holidays in their mind only with frivolity and jollification, but shortly before Her Majesty died, Principal Rexford brought them into the large auditorium, and there making a little address to them, told them that it would probably be the last time they would have an opportunity to sing "God Save the Queen."

A MEMORIAL SERVICE.

Several of the commanding officers of the city are in favour of holding a big memorial service in Christ Church Cathedral in this city, at which only the officers, non-commissioned officers and men belonging to the local brigade shall be present. The proposal will very probably take tangible form in the course of a day or so, when a meeting is to take place for the purpose of discussing the matter.

THE STATUE OF THE QUEEN.

To the Editor Daily Star:

May I suggest that you recommend a movement for the draping of the statue of our beloved Queen—the mother Queen—during these mournful days.

V. M. C.

ALD. AMES SPEAKS.

Ald. Ames said he could only express his own personal sorrow in the death of such a well beloved Monarch.

As one of the great multitude he joined in the chorus of sympathy for the bereaved Royal Family, and prayed that the reign of the new monarch migh be a long and happy one.

PERSONALS.

The reception for which invitations had been issued by Madame Chase-Casgrain for Monday evening next, has been postponed.

The invitations issued by Mrs. Louis Le Sage, 530 St. Hubert street, for a reception for Sunday afternoon, have been recalled owing to the general mourning.

Mrs. Rodolphe Forget, Sherbrooke st., has, owing to the general mourning, postponed the reception for which she had issued invitations for January 26th, until February 2nd.

Miss Swift, formerly of Quebec, who has been living in Boston the past two years, is in Montreal on a visit, and is the guest of her brother Mr. W. A. M. Swift, 56 Crescent street.

Owing to the general mourning Mrs. Rawlings, Simpson street, has indefinitely postponed the dance, for which she had issued cards, for January 30th, and the tea for February 2nd.

Owing to the general mourning the dance of the Nineteenth Century Club, which was to have been held last night at Victoria Hall, Westmount, and at which the Misses Peacock, "The Sherbrooke," were to have been hostesses, is postponed indefinitely.

BIRTHS.

HART—At 30 Chaboillez street, on the 17th inst., the wife of A. Hart, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

WILLIS-KIRBY — At Ninette, on December 24th, by the Rev. Mr. Matheson, of Hilton, Alfred E. J. Willis, of Ninette, to Miss Annie Kirby, late of Orillia, Ont.

DEATHS.

LEONARD—At St. John, N. B., on Jan. 18th, of pneumonia, after a short illness, Alice I., eldest daughter of Walter F. and Sara Leonard, aged 16 years. 19 2

McGUIRE—In this city, on Tuesday, Jan. 22nd, Mary Jane Shannon, wife of Francis McGuire. Funeral from her husband's residence, No. 98 Colborne street, on Thursday, January 24th. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

THE DEAD QUEEN

Messages of Sympathy.

The Star, to-day, has received messages on the Queen's death from

LORD STRATHCONA,
SENATOR PROCTOR,
Ex-Secretary of War of the United States.
SENATOR JOHN T. MORGAN,
of Alabama.
E. A. HITCHCOCK,
U. S. Secretary Interior.
JOHN D. LONG,
Secretary U. S. Navy.
PORTUGUESE AMBASSADOR,
Washington.
GOVERNOR OF VIRGINIA.
GOVERNOR OF NEW YORK STATE.
GOVERNOR OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.
GOVERNOR OF MAINE.
HON. DAVID MILLS,
Minister Justice, Canada,

And a vast multitude of Archbishops, Bishops, Lieutenant-Governors, Senators and other public men of the United States and Canada, giving a wondrous tribute to the worth of the dead Sovereign and showing why the American Nation is in deep heartfelt sympathy with their kin across the sea and over the Dominion borders. These messages are of vast interest and calculated to do vast good, and should be read by old and young alike. See to-day's Star and following issues.

LAVAL TO THE KING.

The professors and students of the law faculty of Laval University met this morning at the University to adopt resolutions on the occasion of the Queen's death.

His Honour, Mr. Justice Mathieu, Dean of the Faculty presided, and addressed the meeting. He was followed by Professors Eugene Lafontaine and Philippe Demers, who spoke in feeling terms of the loss sustained by all, and dwelt especially on the benefits derived by the French-Canadians from the beneficent rule of Her Majesty.

The following address was adopted:

To His Majesty the King of England:

The Dean and Professors of the Law Faculty of Laval University, Montreal, hasten to lay at the feet of Your Majesty the expression of their deep sorrow for the loss sustained by the Empire.

With the assurance of their entire devotion and perfect loyalty.

M. MATHIEU,
Dean.

The flag is floating at half mast over the University, and the lectures were adjourned.

The annual banquet of the students, which was to take place this evening has been indefinitely postponed.

PROPOSAL TO POSTPONE.

The following letter was sent last night by the committee of the Shamrock Hockey Club to the president of the Victoria Hockey Club:

Montreal, January 22, 1901.

J. S. Bishop, Esq., President Victoria Hockey Club, city:

Dear Sir,—Owing to the death of our beloved Sovereign, we, the committee of the Shamrock Hockey Club, suggest that to-morrow's match be postponed.

Trusting this will meet with your heartiest approval.

Yours very truly,
HENRY McLAUGHLIN,
CHARLES M. HART,
HENRY J. TRIHEY,
CLARENCE F. SMITH.

CIVIC HOSPITAL FULL.

Two Additional Physicians Sent to Help Dr. Laberge.

Two additional physicians were to-day sent to the Civic Hospital to help Dr. Laberge deal with the scarlet fever cases at that institution. Out of 83 patients in this hospital, 75 are suffering from this disease. It is stated to-day that 500 cases are known to the civic authorities. The hospital is crowded, however, and more patients cannot be accommodated.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Specially reported for the Star by C. D. Monk, 16 St. Sacrament street, local manager for J. S. Bache and Co., New York, over direct private wire.

2.30.

Stocks	Jan 23 Op'g.	Jan 23 Close.	Jan. 22 Op'g.	Jan. 22 Close.
Amer. Tobacco Co.	114	114¾	112¾	113
A. Sugar Refin Co.	136	135½	134	135½
Anaconda Mining Co.	......	......	42½	42½
A. Top & St. Fe all pd	45	46⅛	44	44⅛
Do do Pref	85	85¼	84⅞	85
A. S. W	40	41½	38⅞	39¾
Baltimore & Ohio	88¾	88	87⅛	87⅞
Do do Pref	85	85	85	84¾
Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	79¾	81	79¾	79¾
Canada Pacific	......	......	......	......
Canada Southern	......	......	......	......
Ches & Ohio	39⅛	39¼	38¼	38⅞
Chic. Burl. & Quincy	146	148	143	143¾
Chicago Gas	98¾	99⅞	98⅞	98
Chic. & N. W.	......	......	......	......
Chic. R. I. & Pac.	120¾	120¾	119¼	120¾
Chic. Mil. & St. P.	150½	150½	148	150
Continental Tob. Co.	44¼	44⅛	43½	44
Do Pref	......	......	......	......
Consolidated Gas N.Y.	191	190⅞	190	190
Colorado Fuel & Iron	45	44⅛	......	43⅞
Cleveland C.C.&St.L.	77	77	78	77
Delaware, L. & W	193	196¾	......	......
Delaware & Hudson	152	152	151¼	150½
Denver & Rio Grande	......	......	......	......
Do do Pref	......	......	......	......
Federal Steel	46½	46½	46½	45⅞
Federal Steel, pref	69¾	69¼	68⅞	69
General Electric	......	......	......	187
Glucose com	......	......	......	47¼
Do do pref	......	......	......	96¾
Ill Central	......	......	......	130¼
Jersey Central xd	......	......	......	......
Kansas & Tex pref	48	48¼	47	47⅞
Louisville & Nashville	88	88¼	88	87⅞
Manhattan Elevated	114⅞	116¼	115	114
Missouri Pacific	89⅞	88	91½	88⅞
Metropolitan Trac	162⅞	162⅞	161½	161⅞
National Lead Co	......	......	......	......
Nor Pacific Com. new	83	83⅞	81¼	82⅞
Do do do pref	86½	86½	86	85¾
N.Y. Central & Hud	142⅞	143	141½	141⅞
N.Y. Lake Erie & West	28½	29	27⅞	28¼
" " II pfd	42	41⅞	......	41⅞
" " " I pfd	64¼	63⅞	62⅞	63
N.Y. Ontario & West.	31	31⅞	30¼	30⅞
Omaha, com	......	......	......	......
Pacific Mail	......	......	......	......
Pressed Steel, com	37⅞	40	36	36
Pressed Steel, pref	80⅞	81⅛	......	......
Phil. & Read all paid	31⅞	32⅞	31½	31⅞
Pullman	......	......	......	......
Southern Ry. Com	19⅞	19⅞	19¼	19⅞
Do do Pref	70½	71½	......	69½
Southern Pacific	43½	43⅞	42⅞	43⅞
Tenn. Coal & Iron	56½	57½	55⅞	56
Texas Pacific	28¼	27⅞	27⅞	28⅞
Twin City	......	......	......	......
U. S. Leather Co	11½	12	11½	11
Do do pref	74	76⅞	......	74
U. S. Rubber Com	21½	21	21½	21⅞
Do Do pref	63⅞	64	61	61
Union Pacific Com	84⅞	85	82	85⅞
Do pref	85⅞	85½	......	......
Wabash	13½	13¼	14¼	13⅞
Do pref	29⅞	28¼	29	28⅞
Western Union Tel	......	......	83½	83⅞

Ladies' Morning Musical Club.

No meeting of the club will be held this week.

Holders of tickets for concert to have taken place Thursday, 24th inst., please return to Secretary-Treasurer at Club Room, Y.M.C.A., who will refund money.

J. M. MURRAY,
President.

K. L. S. SAUNDERSON,
Sec.-Treasurer. 19 1

LOCAL STOCKS STRONG

The Market Shows an Upward Tendency With Moderate Business.

LONDON IS CLOSED TO-DAY.

New York Market Both Strong and Active—Large Gold Shipment From Metropolis.

There was a decidedly strong market on the Montreal Stock Exchange this morning, though at the same time the amount of stock bought, and sold was not large. New York opened strong this morning, and this perhaps had much to do with the action of the local market.

Both the stock and produce exchanges of London are closed to-day, as a mark of respect for their late Sovereign.

Richelieu was both active and strong this morning. The stock opened at 106½ and closed at noon at 108¼; Twin City continues to be a feature of the market, selling at 107 and 107¼.

Street Railway took a decided upward movement this morning, the stock opening at 269 at the close of the morning session. This is a gain of a point and one-half over yesterday's best price.

From a financial point of view, says a London despatch, the adverse feature in connection with the Queen's death is the fact that leading securities, such as consols, are liable to further depression. Insurance officers have sold enormous amounts of insurance dependent on the Queen's life, and in financial quarters a number of policies have been taken out on that basis. The life of the Prince of Wales is likewise an important feature in certain classes of policies and leases.

The New York stock market during the early hours to-day was strong and a number of substantial gains were recorded. The upward movement was led by Grangers, International issues, Coal stocks, local traction issues and a few industrials. There were one or two reactions, but strength followed and prices as a rule were well above yesterday's closing figures. Missouri Pacific was about the only exception and inclined to weakness. There was evident disposition to regard with more tranquility changed conditions in Great Britain, resulting from the death of the Queen, and calmer views in this respect seemed to be an actual factor in dealings.

Heidelbach, Ickelheimer and Company will ship from New York $1,000,000 in gold on the steamer sailing for Havre to-morrow.

AFTERNOON SALES.

Electric, 25 at 213, 75 at 213 1-2.
R. and O., 10 at 107 1-2, 25 at 108 1-2, 25 at 108 1-4.
Payne, 625 at 46, 500 at 47, 1,000 at 49.
War Eagle, 1,000 at 77.
Twin City, 50 at 67 1-4.
Montreal Street, xd., 75 at 269 3-4.
Montreal Street, new, 75 at 263 1-2, 75 at 263 3-4.
Bank of Montreal, 15 at 260.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Reported for the Star by Gordon Strathy & Co., Stock Brokers, 9 St. Sacrament st.

Stocks Closing	Jan. 23. Ask.	Jan. 23. Bid.	Jan. 22. Ask.	Jan. 22. Bid.
Canadian Pacific	89	88¾	88⅞	88½
Duluth S.S. & A. Com.	6	4	6	4
Do do Pref	16	13	16	13
Mont. Street Ry. xd	269¾	269¼	268	265⅞
Do do New xd	265	263¾	260	257½
Toronto Street Ry	108	107⅞	107⅞	107
Halifax Electric Ry	97	......	97	90
St. John Electric do	117½	112	117½	......
Twin City Transit	67½	67	66⅞	66½
Do do pref	......	......	......	......
Rich & Ont. Nav. Co.	108½	108¼	106½	105½
Commercial Cable	167½	166	168½	165
Montreal Telegraph	173	171	173	170
Bell Telephone Co.	175	172	175	170
Montreal Gas Co	219	218½	218½	218
People's Heat & Light	......	......	......	......
Royal Electric	213½	213	212	210¾
Montreal Cotton	145	137½	145	18
Dom. Cot. Mills Co	93	91	90	88
Can. Col. Cot. Mills Co.	79	75	79	75
Merchants Cotton Co.	......	1 5	......	181
Mont. Cotton	......	......	......	......
Laurentide Pulp	135	120	130	120
MINES.				
War Eagle	78	76½	77	72
Republic Mining	60	47½	54	45
Payne Mining	49	48	50	45
Montreal-London	......	......	......	4
Virtue Mining	25	......	28	25
North Star	89½	......	89½	88
Centre Star (unlisted)	......	......	......	......
Dominion Coal Co	......	......	......	......
Do Pref	109¾	109¼	109½	......
Inter Coal Co.	100	......	100	......
Do do pref	100	......	100	......
BANKS.				
Montreal	260	258½	260	......
Ontario	124	124	......	124
Molsons	191½	190	......	190
Toronto	245	230	......	......
Provincial	......	......	......	......
British N. American	......	126	......	126
Merchants	160	153	160	150
Royal xd	190	175	190	175
Nova Scotia	235	224	235	224
Eastern Townships	......	......	......	......
Commerce	147½	146	......	......
Dominion	......	......	......	......
Hochelaga	......	......	......	......
Hamilton	......	......	......	......
Ottawa	......	......	......	......
Union	108	105	108	105½
Quebec	......	......	......	......
National	......	......	......	......
North West Land	51	46	51	46
BONDS.				
Com. Cable (Coupon)	101½	101½	......	......
Do do (Reg'd)	......	101½	......	......
People's Heat & Light	......	......	45	......
Halifax Railway	110	100	110	100
Land Grant	......	109	......	109
Can. Col. Cotton	99¼	......	99½	98½
Dominion Coal	......	110	......	......
Laurentide Pulp	105	104¾	105	100
Bell Tel.	......	......	......	......

WHEAT WAS VERY FIRM.

(From the Star's Special Correspondent on the Chicago Board of Trade.)

CHICAGO, January 23. — Wheat showed remarkable firmness later in the day, May selling up to 74⅝c, compared with 74¼c at the opening. It was evident that the increase in the supply of wheat from Australia and India will be sufficient to make up for any decrease in the Argentine surplus, Australian reports to-day indicating the largest wheat crop ever raised, and the exportable surplus of 10,000,000 to 15,000,000 bushels more than last year, and the free offerings of spring wheat from India are taken to show that large supplies are available from that country owing to the cessation of business in English markets, and the lack of public interest on this side the wheat pit was left to local scalpers, around 74c. Some of the larger traders were inclined to take moderate lines, but the market showed no enthusiasm. There is no change in the situation, and the outlook is for a continuance of scalping fluctuations. Corn received the support of influential local traders in the early decline this morning, and showed more rallying power than the wheat market, the relatively large primary receipts of corn are the chief argument of the bears, but the extremely low grading and small stocks on hand, and the probability that receipts must fall off sharply within a month or two, more than neutralized the effect of this feature.

NOTICE.

The Intercollegiate Debate Committee hereby give notice that the debate between the four Theological Colleges, announced for Friday, the 25th inst., has been indefinitely postponed owing to the national bereavement. 19 1

BAILIFF'S SALE — PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal. No. 16747. Circuit Court. Rodolphe Jules Demers, Plaintiff, vs. Thomas Forest, Defendant. On the first day of February, 1901, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile of said Defendant, No. 444 Rachel street, in the City of Montreal, will be sold, by authority of Justice, all the goods and chattels of the said Defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of outfits and works at the use of plumbers. Conditions cash. ALPH. ST. GEORGE, B. S. C. Montreal, 23rd January, 1901. 19 1

BAILIFF'S SALE — PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal. No. 16819. Circuit Court. A. Lauzon, Plaintiff, vs. A. A. L. Desaulniers, and al, Defendants. On the first of February, 1901, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile of the Defendant, A. A. L. Desaulniers, No. 161 Montana st. and at eleven of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile of J. A. F. Desaulniers, No. 444 Berri st., in the City of Montreal, will be sold, by authority of Justice, all the goods and chattels of the said Defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of household furniture. Conditions cash. EUG. BLEAU, B. S. C. Montreal, 23rd Jan., 1901. 19 1

THE PEOPLE'S AUCTIONEERS

Sale

—OF—

Handsome Axminster, Wilton, Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, English Oilcloth, Linoleums, Curtains and Portieres, Pianos, Fancy Goods, Dinner and Tea Sets, Etc.

The subscribers will sell at their rooms, 241 and 243 St. James st.,

FRIDAY AFTERNOON, Jan. 25th,

a large assortment of handsome carpets, in various sizes and beautiful designs, also hall strips, rugs, mats, costly stair carpets, English oil cloth and linoleums, 500 pairs Swiss lace curtains, elderdown and Marseilles bed covers, house furnishings, etc., etc.

Also a lot of neat household furniture, bedroom sets, odd bureaus and bedsteads, carpets, parlour and bedroom sets. Sale at 2.30 p.m.

RAE & DONNELLY,
Auctioneers.

N. B.—Goods at private sale this month at auction prices. 19 2

Remember To Attend

The Sale by Catalogue of

UNREDEEMED PLEDGES

THIS AFTERNOON and THIS EVENING. 19 1

Annual Expropriations of 1899.

AQUEDUCT STREET. . .

NOTICE ......TO......

RATEPAYERS.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Special Roll of Assessment for the widening of Aqueduct street is completed, and is now deposited in the office of the undersigned, in the City Hall.

All persons whose names appear therein, as liable for the payment of any tax or assessment, are hereby required to pay the amount thereof to the undersigned, at his said office, within ten days from this day, without further notice.

W. ROBB,
City Treasurer.

City Hall,
Montreal, 22nd January, 1901. 19 2

CAPITAL

FOR BUILDING AND DEVELOPING RAILWAYS, WATER WORKS, ELECTRIC LIGHT PLANTS, MANUFACTURING ENTERPRISES, INVENTIONS, MINES.

CORPORATIONS FORMED AND BOND ISSUES MADE.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES,

Paying 5 per cent to 12 per cent per annum.

HENRY VOORCE BRANDENBURG & CO.
NO. 6 WALL ST., NEW YORK.
19 4 law

The Montreal Temple Company.

SPECIAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

A Special Meeting of the Shareholders of the Montreal Temple Company will be held in the Grand Secretary's Office, Temple Building, No. 207 Dorchester Street, Montreal, on Monday, the 28th day of January, 1901, at eight o'clock p.m., for the purpose of considering a resolution to be brought before the Grand Lodge of Quebec, A. F. & A. M.

By order of the president.

CHAS. W. HAGAR,
Hon. Secretary.

January 17, 1901. 14 10

MONTREAL ROLLING MILLS CO.

Annual Meeting.

The Thirty-fourth Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Montreal Rolling Mills Company will be held at the Company's office, Room 65, Temple building, St. James street, on WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 30TH, 1901, At 12 O'Clock (noon) for the purpose of receiving from the directors their report of the business for the past year, for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and for other business.

17 4 2aw JAS. L. WALDIE,
Secretary.

The Royal Trust Co.

MONTREAL.

Capital Authorized	$5,000,000.00
Capital Subscribed	500,000.00
Capital Paid Up	250,000.00

PRESIDENT.

Rt. Hon. Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal,
G.C.M.G.

VICE-PRESIDENT.

Hon. George A. Drummond.

DIRECTORS.

R. B. Angus	Sir W. C. Macdonald
E. S. Clouston	A. Macnider
A. F. Gault	H. V. Meredith
E. B. Greenshields	A. T. Paterson
C. M. Hays	James Ross
C. R. Hosmer	T. G. Shaughnessy

Sir William C. Van Horne, K. C. M. G.

Office.—109 St. James Street.

246 1 aw tf H. ROBERTSON, Manager.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

We hereby notify all persons having goods left with us during 1899 that they should claim them at once before we dispose of them.

ROYAL STEAM DYE WORKS,
19 1 732 Craig street.

TO THE

NOTARIES

The Notaries of the District of Montreal are hereby invited to meet together on Thursday, the 24th inst., at 4 o'clock p.m. at the Board of Notaries' Secretary's Office, on the occasion of the death of Her Majesty Queen Victoria.

N. PERODEAU,
Secretary.

Montreal, 23rd January, 1901. 19 1

EDWARD VII., GREAT BRITAIN'S NEW RULER.

Incidents in the Life of His Majesty and Queen Consort, Alexandra.

Our King, Albert Edward, was born November 9, 1841, at Buckingham Palace. His title at the moment of his birth, as is the case with the eldest son of every British monarch, was Duke of Cornwall. Before the Prince was four weeks old he was created Prince of Wales and Earl of Chester, by royal patent, as the former of these titles never passes by merely hereditary right, but is subject to fresh creation for each holder of the title. He afterwards obtained many other titles, and Sir Bernard Burke, Ulster King of Arms, some years ago described him as follows:

The Most High, Most Puissant and Most Illustrious Prince, Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, Duke of Saxony, Prince of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, Duke of Cornwall and Rothesay, Earl of Chester, Carrick and Dublin, Baron of Renfrew, and Lord of the Isles, Great Steward of Scotland, K.G., K.T., K.P., G.C.B., G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., Knight of the Tower and Sword, Knight of the Elephant of Denmark, and of the Black Eagle of Prussia, Knight of the Golden Fleece, and Knight of the White Elephant of Siam, and Bailli Grand Cross of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem, Hon. Knight of the Order of St. John, Germany, P.C., a Field Marshal in the Army, Colonel-in-Chief of the three Regiments of Life and Royal Horse Guards, Hon. Colonel 6th Bengal Cavalry, late Colonel-in-Chief of the Rifle Brigade, Colonel of the 10th Hussars, Captain-General and Colonel of the Hon. Artillery Company of London, Hon. Colonel 2nd Brigade Eastern Division Royal Artillery, Hon. Colonel 3rd Batt. the Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, Military Aide-de-Camp to the Queen, Hon. Captain Royal Naval Reserve, Hon. Colonel of the Oxford and of the Cambridge University Corps, of the Middlesex Civil Service Corps Rifle Volunteers, of the Royal Aberdeenshire Highlanders, and of the Sutherland Highland Rifle Volunteers, Field Marshal in the German Army, Hon. Colonel of the Pomeranian Hussar Regiment No. 5, Elder Brother Trinity House, Grand Master of the United Grand Lodge of Freemasons of England, Barrister-at-Law, and a Bencher of the Middle Temple, and President of the Society of Arts, D.C.L., Oxford; LL.D., Cambridge; LL.D., Trinity College, Dublin, etc., etc.

But all these high-sounding titles sink into insignificance besides his new titles as King and Emperor.

HIS MOTHER'S WISH.

She Hoped That the Little Prince Would Grow to be Like His Father.

About a month after the birth of her eldest son, Queen Victoria wrote to her uncle, King Leopold of Belgium:

"I wonder very much whom our little boy will be like. You will understand how fervent are my prayers, and I am sure everybody's must be, to see him resemble his father in every respect, both in body and mind."

The young Prince was christened in St. George's Chapel, January 25, 1842, and was the first one of his dynasty to be christened in that historic edifice. King Frederick William of Prussia was chief sponsor at the baptism. Instead of a long string of names the Prince was christened simply Albert, after his father, and Edward, after his grandfather, the Duke of Kent. A year later the Queen wrote to one of her intimate friends:

"The Prince, though a little plagued with his teeth, is strong upon his legs, with a calm, clear, bright expression of face."

The education of the heir to the throne was very properly deemed a matter of vast consequence. The Royal parents not only obtained the counsels of Baron Stockmar on the question but also treatises on the same subject by Bishop Wilberforce and Sir James Clark. Stockmar decided that the education of the Royal children must be "a truly moral and a truly English one." The court was not blind to the democratic tendency of public opinion, and the Baron declared the great and leading question to be "whether the education of the Prince should be one which will prepare him for approaching events or one which will stamp, perhaps, indelibly, an impression of the sacred character of all existing institutions on his youthful mind and teach him that to resist change is to serve at once the cause of God and of his country." The Baron decided in favour of the former policy. He made one reservation; the education of the Prince must not tend to make him "a demagogue or a moral enthusiast." A nursery governess, several private tutors, Oxford, Cambridge, and Edinburgh, all shared in the work of educating the Prince.

In the spring of 1849 the education of the Prince was committed to the charge of the Rev. Henry Birch, a Fellow of King's College, Cambridge. The Prince Consort drew up careful memoranda for the guidance of the curate and teacher, concluding with these words:

"Your great aim shall be to build up a noble and princely character, in intelligent sympathy with the best movements of the age."

INTRODUCED TO THE PEOPLE.

The Young Prince Makes Himself Popular in the Three Kingdoms.

The Prince paid his first visit to Wales in 1847, and to Balmoral in the following year.

In August, 1849, the Prince saw Ireland for the first time. He landed with his parents at Queenstown, where he received an ovation which was so hearty that he has not forgotten its chief incidents to this day.

Strange to say, the Prince had visited Ireland, Scotland and Wales and had made a lasting favourable impression upon the people of those parts of the kingdom before he was brought to public notice in England. It was not until October, 1849, that loyal Englishmen had an opportunity to salute their future king.

On October 30 the young Prince and his sister—"Puss and the Boy"—as the Queen called them, went with their father in state from Westminster to the city in the royal barge, rowed by twenty-seven brawny watermen, the Lord Mayor preceding them in his own barge. It was a great day for London and for all England, for Englishmen from every nook and corner of the kingdom came to town to join in the festivities and salute the youthful Prince. The youngster became instantly popular with the masses.

In 1850 the Prince was rather seriously ill for the first time in his life. He had a bad case of measles, and, being a whole-souled boy, he gave them to the entire family, even the Queen and the Prince Consort.

In August, 1850, he had his first introduction to the army, and a month or so later to the navy.

In April of the same year the Prince of Wales made his initial appearance in public life, sitting beside the Queen upon the throne. Upon that occasion he heard read the address of the two Houses in answer to the Queen's message announcing the beginning of hostilities in the Crimean war.

VISITED FOREIGN LANDS.

He Goes to France With His Mother—Met by the French Emperor.

In the summer of 1855 the Prince extended his travels beyond the borders of his own lands. He visited France with his sister and parents. That visit became historically eventful, because Her Majesty was the first English sovereign to enter Paris since the days of Henry VI. The party was met at Boulogne-sur-Mer by the French Emperor, and escorted by him to the then beautiful palace of St. Cloud.

During that visit the young Prince saw 40,000 French soldiers, not the famous 40,000 that "marched up the hill, and then marched down again," but the pick of the then Emperor's splendid army. He also paid his respects to the memory of that other French Emperor, the great Napoleon, an act which, however admirable and appropriate it may have been, must have made a profound impression upon the mind of the Prince, who was as familiar with the leading events of the war with France as if he had been a participant in its battles. This visit lasted eight days, and the Prince became a general favourite with the Parisians.

In 1857 the Prince went to Germany, and spent four months in study at Coblenz, on the Rhine.

In later years he visited nearly every country in Europe, and a great many out of Europe.

In April, 1858, he was confirmed, and on the next day he partook of his first communion.

On November 9, 1858, the Prince, having attained his eighteenth year, was gazetted as colonel in the army, and received the Order of the Garter. In the late fall of that year he continued his sightseeing on the continent, his itinerary including Germany and Italy. At Rome he was received by His Holiness Pio Nono. Spain and Portugal were next visited, and in the following July he returned to England.

His education, which even during his journeyings had not been neglected, was now closely attended to, and before attempting further globe-trotting the Prince concluded his fifth term at Oxford.

Special care was taken in his education and he was subjected to strict parental control until he reached his eighteenth year. The Queen then wrote him a letter announcing his emancipation from the direction of his parents. "It is one of the most admirable letters that ever were penned," says Charles Greville, who adds that the Prince brought it to General Wellesley in floods of tears. The Prince took up his residence at White Lodge Richmond Park (where the Duke of York thirty-five years later found his bride), to devote himself quietly to study and to prepare for a military examination. Study at home was varied by a tour abroad in 1859, when he visited Italy. This was the Prince's first important tour on his own account. He travelled as Baron Renfrew, a title which he assumed on other occasions, without in the least concealing his identity. He attended Christ Church College, Oxford, where he was reported diligent in his studies.

Diphtheria and scarlet fever cannot spread where Vapo-Cresolene is used. All Druggists. 25 1

THE VISIT TO AMERICA.

A Triumphant Progress Through Canada—A Tour in the United States.

While yet a student he made his famous trip across the Atlantic. The Prince has had many great tours, but none more successful than this. Both in Canada and the States "Lord Renfrew" was received with enthusiasm. Through Canada he made a triumphal progress, and among his public functions was the opening of the Victoria tubular bridge over the St. Lawrence at Montreal, which was at that time regarded as the greatest engineering achievement of its kind in the world.

During this visit the Prince of Wales saw Blondin carry a man on his back on a tight rope over the Falls of Niagara.

His Royal Highness saw many strange things in Chicago, and then passed on to St. Louis, Cincinnati, Pittsburg, Baltimore and Washington. For five days he was the guest of President James Buchanan in the White House. Levees and state dinners were the order of the day. Mount Vernon was visited, and this great-grandson of George III stood with the President before the grave of George Washington in silent thought.

While at Mount Vernon the Prince planted a chestnut tree by the side of Washington's tomb. From the capital the Prince and his party set out for Richmond, Va.

The Prince next visited Philadelphia, and from Philadelphia the party sailed for New York, and landed on October 11 at Castle Garden, the famous old structure which had received Kossuth, Jenny Lind, Dickens and many another celebrity, and which was afterward turned into an immigrant receiving station and is now an aquarium.

The Prince was joyously welcomed by New Yorkers. He was driven to the Fifth Avenue Hotel, escorted by the Mayor and other dignitaries, through Broadway, walled in by half a million Americans, who received him with perfect courtesy and salvoes of cheers loud and hearty.

The Prince remained in New York five days, during which time he was entertained in various ways, though all the while the guest of the Mayor and corporation. One feature of the festivities which pleased the royal visitor immensely was a parade of the Volunteer Fire Department, 6000 men strong, each man in uniform, and all, save those at the ropes and tillers, bearing torches.

Among the firemen in line were Wm. M. Tweed, Richard Croker, Peter B. Sweeny, and many others who have since become famous or notorious in the annals of New York City. A grand ball was given in honour of the Prince during his visit to New York. He afterwards visited Albany, Boston and Portland.

OUR KING'S LOVE STORY.

Prince Albert Edward Sees a Picture of a Lovely Girl by Accident and Determines to Marry Her.

Prince Albert Edward's parents were meditating a marriage with a German Princess when Fate took the matter out of their hands. The Prince was whiling away a summer afternoon with some young gentlemen of rank when one drew from his pocket a photograph. He had intended to produce the picture of his fiancee, but instead of that there appeared the carte de visite of a lovely girl simply attired. The Prince asked who the beautiful "country girl" was, and was told that she was the daughter of Christian, Crown Prince of Denmark. The Prince despatched a friend to the court of Copenhagen, and from him he received such glowing accounts of the beauty and goodness of the Princess that he determined to seek her hand. He submitted the matter to the Queen; and doubtless a private understanding was arrived at between the parents of the young folks, for in the autumn of 1861, when the Prince left for a long trip through the continent, the Princess Alexandra was taken on a similar tour by her parents, and the two met, apparently by accident, in the Cathedral at Worms. After this it happened that the Danish royal party frequently encountered this same young English gentleman on their tours. In 1861 the English Prince found himself in Heidelberg, which is a most interesting town, and the Danish royal family, or certain members of it, happened to be there at the same time. The Prince was there for three days in September, and not long after that visit England had to mourn the passing away of that Prince Consort whose most constant thought seems to have been to do his duty to the utmost by the British people.

Some little time after his father's death the Prince paid a visit to the Danish royal family, and on the 9th of September, in the year 1863, his engagement to the Princess Alexandra was formally announced by the King of Denmark, to the great rejoicing of the people.

There seems to have been no public announcement of the engagement in England until the 25th of November, when it was published in the Times newspaper. It is scarcely too much to say that the news gave unqualified satisfaction. To begin with, it was universally believed to have been the Prince's own spontaneous act, and that he had really fallen in love with the Princess for herself alone. English people believe in love matches; they not unfrequently make them themselves, and they highly approve of their king's sons doing as they do. Of the charms of the young lady herself there could be no doubt; her photographs, for which there was an enormous and instantaneous demand, proclaimed the fact of her undeniable beauty. Report affirmed her kindliness and amiability to match her face. She had been excellently brought up by an admirable mother; she was of a nation which has more or less amalgamated with our own.

THE NEW QUEEN'S EARLY LIFE

Her Childhood Spent Almost in Poverty in a Quiet Street of Copenhagen.

When the Princess Alexandra-Caroline-Marie-Charlotte-Louise-Julie was born, in 1844, her father was not in the direct succession to the crown of Denmark. Indeed, so far was he from close relationship to the then king, that he had to go back to common ancestry of them both in the fifteenth century. Had the king had children, of course they would have succeeded; but some ten years or so after the Princess' birth, when it was recognised that no direct heir to the throne was likely to be forthcoming, Prince Christian was acknowledged as Heir Presumptive, and his prospects naturally brightened accordingly. He succeeded to the throne of Denmark shortly after his daughter's marriage to the Prince of Wales.

The house in which the Princess was born is in a quiet street in Copenhagen, in the Amaliegade. It is a plain house of four stories, with a steep roof and slightly curved bay windows in the middle, by no means a palatial residence. Here she spent most of the days of her childhood.

The Princess and her sisters were all educated at home, and seem to have led very quiet and retired lives. There is a rumour, which, however, we cannot vouch for, that during her childhood her father was so poor as to be compelled to earn money by giving drawing lessons in a little town in Germany. It is not at all unlikely to be true, for with a very small income and a large family, Prince Christian may well have been reduced to such straits. His beautiful, amiable wife, whose quiet dignity was so much admired at her daughter's wedding, apparently has not been less loved by the simple, kindly peo-

HIS MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY EDWARD VII.

A FATEFUL MONTH FOR ROYAL FAMILY

NEW YORK, January 22—The correspondent of the Tribune in London says:

The Queen is dead and the King reigns. At 6.33 o'clock last evening there passed away at Osborne the Gracious Sovereign, once happily described as queenliest of women and most womanly of queens. In Europe she was honored as the wisest and most statesmanlike of sovereigns; to the United States she was a friend in its dark-

QUEEN ALEXANDRA.

est hour of civil war, and throughout her world-wide empire none named her but to praise. Like wild-fire the news spread throughout the metropolis, and vendors of special editions of the evening newspapers did a roaring trade. All the west end theatres and music halls at once closed their doors, and church bells began to toll. Everything betokened the nation's sorrow.

January has been a fateful month in the life of royal family. It is a singular coincidence that Queen Victoria passed away on the 81st anniversary of the death of her father, the Duke of Kent, which event occurred just six days before the death of his father, George III. in 1820. It was on the 30th of January, 1836, that Prince Henry of Battenberg passed away, and it was also in January (the 6th) the Duke of Clarence, the direct heir to the throne in the second generation, came to his untimely end.

The first official message yesterday from Osborne was discouraging, and the second, recording the Queen's recovery of consciousness and recognition of members of the royal family, offered no basis for encouragement, since it implied, what had been suspected, that she had been unconscious and in a comatose state. Later in the afternoon came the warning that Queen Victoria was slowly sinking; then there was naught but waiting for the end.

SUSPENSE WAS TERRIBLE.

Public suspense remained unchanged, and for four days it had been accompanied by a sense of the inevitableness of the end. It was this feeling of utter hopelessness that induced something like apathy on the part of the classes in their drawing-rooms and club houses. They have loved and honoured the Queen, but have not been deceived by illusive hopes, and with one consent have busied themselves with preparations and forecasts of the new reign. Ministers had been looking up precedents and finding out just what they must do in certain contingencies.

Every one, from the Archbishop of Canterbury to Speaker Gully, or from the Lord Chancellor to the Lord Chamberlain, has obtained cues and studied his part for the opening scenes of the new reign. The Prime Minister had arranged for special trains for a meeting of the Privy Council at short notice at Osborne, and the Speaker had provided for almost automatic action by which Parliament could assemble with the least possible delay. Diplomatists prepared calls at Marlborough House or Buckingham Palace, and inscribed their names in the visitors' book, and ambassadors had their messages of condolence in mind. As for the world of fashion, it had already suspended all engagements, and was preparing for a long season of mourning by ordering in advance changes in costumes and in liveries. Mourning will be general, and there is already a great scarcity of black goods and gloves in the shops.

PARLIAMENT MEETS TO-DAY.

Parliament, which has been prorogued until the 14th of February, will meet today at 4 o'clock to re-swear the members and pass a resolution of condolence with the Royal Family, and of congratulation upon the accession to the throne of the new monarch.

The demise of the Crown is the only contingency upon which Parliament is required to meet without a summons in usual form. In 1837, when William IV. died, between 2 and 3 a.m., on June 20th, Parliament met at 1 p.m. the same day.

MANY CHANGES SOCIALLY.

The opening of the new reign will involve many changes in social England. It is expected that the King will reside at Windsor during the early months of the reign, and that the Duke of York will occupy Sandringham, but that ultimately their chief residences will be Buckingham Palace and Marlborough House. All royal functions will be suspended during the next six months, and there will be no London season. Country house pleasure will be suspended, and English upper classes will go to the continent until the period of gloom has ended. Ultimately London will be a gayer capital than ever before, for the King, after his coronation, is expected to live at Buckingham Palace, and conduct court functions with unwonted splendour. The trades men's view is that titled and rich people will spend more time in town, and that country house galeties and receptions will decline.

Many inaccurate accounts of the Queen's illness are now appearing in print, and there are many contreditory and irresponsible explanations. Old time fictions have been revived about her being nearly blind, and her dependence upon Princess Beatrice for the transaction of public business and affixing her signature to state papers, and to these are added a series of tales respecting her last visit to Balmoral and her own conviction as well as the feeling of Highlanders about the castle That she would never see Scotland again. Not only are members of the Royal Family exclusive, but it is considered bad form for people in the highest social circles to talk about them, and consequently most of these revelations must be accepted with reserve. There are, however, several statements which I have received from high sources and consider trustworthy. There was no marked change in the Queen's health during her last stay at Balmoral, nor were members of the Royal Family alarmed about her until a short time before she left Windsor for Osborne. She had what has been described either as a fainting fit or a slight stroke of paralysis, and this was followed by loss of appetite and increased feebleness. Whether the symptoms were those of apoplexy or paralysis may be an open question, but the significance of them was concealed from her, and she was encouraged to make the effort, required for the journey to Osborne. The Royal Family were, however, alarmed, and ladies of the court were convinced that she would not be able to go to the Riviera. The Queen, herself clung persistently to the idea that if she could once reach the Riviera she would improve, and as late as Tuesday of last week was still hoping to go. Meanwhile insomnia had been added to loss of appetite, and her strength was diminishing daily.

THE FIRST ANNOUNCEMENT.

It may be stated with confidence that the first announcement from the Royal Family of the Queen's real condition was made last Thursday night, at the dinner given to Lord Roberts, attended by the Duke of Cambridge and a small group of military men. The Prince of Wales had been unusually reticent, but at the close of the dinner he frankly stated that the Queen was failing rapidly, and that the members of her family were greatly alarmed about her. The Court Circular with the first reference to the Queen's health, appeared 24 hours afterwards. Medical bulletins have recorded symptoms from that night, but there has been no real improvement nor ground for hope.

INSPIRED BY PREJUDICE.

There has been a deliberate attempt in some quarters to prove that the Queen's illness was due to the many ills caused by the war in South Africa. This suggestion has been inspired by partisan prejudice rather than precise knowledge. The Queen was reported at one time to have said that Mr. Kruger expected to kill her with mental worry, but he would not succeed. Whether she made this remark or not, it it safe to assume that family anxieties rather than public cares, added to the burdens of old age, have hastened her end. There has been a remarkable combination of tragic events in her own family circle during the last year. Not only had she lost a grandson and other near relatives, but she was also terribly anxious over the condition of the Empress Frederick, who was ill with a painful and incurable malady, namely, cancer. The Queen had taken almost a morbid interest in the medical details of this case, and had insisted upon having constant reports of it. There had been distressing accounts of various family matters which the Grand Duchess of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha brought from Germany, and the sudden death of Lady Churchill, at Osborne, at Christmas, was a serious shock to the Queen's nerves.

There has been a general belief that the Queen was one of the richest of Sovereigns, and that she would leave an immense estate to her heirs. I have the highest authority for saying that there will be much astonishment when the amount of her personal property is shown by the provisions of her will. Instead of being very great, it will prove of moderate value, and all estimates of her private fortune will be found fallacious. The truth seems to be that the Queen, like other rich people, had a great number of relatives dependent upon her, and that she was compelled from time to time to pay their debts and extricate them from embarrassments. The reading of the Queen's last will and testament may involve one of the most remarkable surprises of her reign.

One of her executors is Lord Cross, whom she honoured with friendship, and in whose business ability she had implicit confidence.

Another fact which has not been known is the intimate friendship between the Queen and King Leopold of Belgium. His father was her chief adviser when she ascended the throne, and helped to bring about the marriage with the Prince Consort. The present King of Belgium for many years had corresponded weekly with the Queen, and his letters to her have been continued year after year. The King will be one of the sincerest mourners when he comes to England to attend the final services at Windsor,

BRITAIN'S NEW KING.

The King of England will leave Cowes at 9 o'clock this morning for London. He will at once preside over a special Privy Council to be held in the St. James's Palace, at which the various formalities in connection with the accession of His Majesty will be gone through. The usual oath will be administered to the King, by which he binds himself to govern the Kingdom according to its laws and customs. The oath of allegiance will then be taken by the other members of the royal family and by the councillors present, and the terms of the proclamation of the new sovereign will be settled and orders given for its promulgation. Everything will be done according to precedent. It is expected that the proclamation will take place to-day in front of the Mansion House, and also on the Victoria Embankment at the city boundary near the Temple Station. It is also possible that, as on the occasion of Queen Victoria's accession, a third intermediate station will be determined on. The announcement of the new king's title will probably be made at the Privy Council meeting. It is believed that he will assume the title of King Edward VII.

THE DUKE OF YORK.

The Duke of York will not necessarily become Prince of Wales now that his father has ascended the throne. The principality was granted by Edward I to the Black Prince and his heirs. Consequently, when the Prince of Wales succeeds to the throne his princely title merges into the sovereignty. The sovereign's eldest son is still the Duke of York, but he becomes also Duke of Cornwall, this title descending to him from his father. It is generally assumed tht the King will immediately confer the principality upon him, as it is within his royal prerogative so to do.

The newspapers this morning are issued in deep morning. They vie with one another in expressing sorrow at the death of Victoria the Great and the Good. The period during which mourning is worn for a sovereign of the realm is usually three months, divided as follows: Full mourning, eight weeks; mourning, two weeks; half-mourning, two weeks. The King can, however, prolong the duration of the period, and nothing has yet been definitely decided in regard to this matter.

THE COURT OF APPEAL.

The Court of Appeal has heard argument and reserved judgment in the following cases:

Rodhon (plaintiff in court below), appellant, and Gaisthler (defendant in court below), respondent. This is an appeal from a judgment which declared the defendant's tender of $1,800 sufficient. The appellant claimed $3,767.04, alleged value of work done by him for the respondent, in connection with the construction of a brick cased house.

Cuthbertson (plaintiff in court below), appellant, and Labelle et al. (defendants in court below), respondents. The appeal is from a judgment which dismissed the appellant's action for $83.20, which was alleged to be due to J. S. Cuthbertson and Co., for work done, and materials furnished, and which sum Cuthbertson and Co. had transferred to the plaintiff, now appellant. The court below held that J. S. Cuthbertson and Co. were not in a position to claim the amount from respondent at the date of the transfer to appellant, and the action of the appellant was therefore dismissed for the present.

The Queen vs. Riendeau.—The defendant's motion to be allowed to amend his case by filing the original evidence was dismissed.

The January term was then declared closed.

Alphonse Genereux, of the Executive Council Department, has been appointed private secretary of His Honour Lieutenant-Governor Jette.

"Quickcure"
At once reduces the inflammation in throat, tonsils and whitlows. Cures bunions. Three sizes, 15c, 25c, 50 cents. At all druggists.
Lyman Sons & Co., Wholesale Agents

ple she has reigned over for having experienced the lot common to most of her subjects. With the recognition by the nation of the Prince's heirship to the throne brighter, or at least easier times, must have come for the family, and when the Princess was sixteen, we find her travelling about with her parents, and visiting places of interest on the continent as already recorded.

THE WELCOME TO ENGLAND.

From the Day She Came Among Them to the Present She Has Lived in the Hearts of the People.

The wedding day was fixed for the 10th of March in the year 1863. Three days before this the Princess left Denmark for her new home.

At Margate, and Sheerness, and Southend the welcomes were enthusiastic; fireworks and illuminations blazed over the land, and the press of boats that put off to get a closer view of the Royal guest was a source of positive danger, the crowd was so great. At Gravesend the river was covered with craft, and the whole place was decked with flags and evergreens, and such devices as enthusiasm dictated to do honour to the bride.

The Prince, in a blue frock coat and gray trousers, was soon on board, and there by the cabin door saluted his bride in the usual English manner by a kiss on her sweet face. Then arm in arm they walked between the lines of spectators, bowing and smiling on all. Little girls, dressed in white frocks, with scarlet cloaks, strewed flowers before them, and there was such a hurrahing and cannon firing and rejoicing, that the Princess could have no manner of doubt of her welcome.

All through London it was the same; every roof and window packed, the streets mobbed with people, triumphal arches, banners, devices everywhere. The English are supposed to be a cold nation, but every now and then they manage to give a contradiction to that assertion. The Princess did not seem to have formed that opinion of her future subjects; from the day she came among them a young girl to the present time, to quote the words of one of the Bishops of the English Church, "she has lived in the hearts of the people."

At Eton the schoolboys had raised a triumphal arch, and 300 of them signed and presented an address of welcome. Windsor was reached at last, and the next day the wedding took place.

All over England that night bonfires blazed, and bells rang, and houses were illuminated. Balls and festivities were held, school children treated, and banquets spread. Never since has there been such an outburst of national joy as on this occasion of the wedding of the heir to the throne. There was so much to hope, and so little to fear from such an alliance.

NEAR TO DEATH'S DOOR.

The Serious Illness of the Prince of Wales in 1871.

In 1871, as a result of bad plumbing at Sandringham House, Prince Albert Edward had a bad attack of typhoid fever, and for several days in December of that year hovered between life and death. "In every town," as the Times reported, "crowds waited anxiously for the issue of newspapers containing the latest news of the Prince, and the Government found it expedient to forward the medical bulletins to all the telegraph offices in the United Kingdom. Throughout India, in the colonies, and even in the United States, the daily progress of the disease was recorded and watched: and at home, in the churches of every religious communion, prayers were offered, though almost without hope, for the recovery of the Prince." Fortunately on the anniversary of his father's death, December 14th, symptoms of amendment were shown, and he gradually recovered. There was a national thanksgiving service at St. Paul's, to which the members of the royal family and the dignitaries of the state went in procession. During that period of intense anxiety, when the Prince's life hung by a thread, and the grave evil of a possible long minority of the next King was in every one's mind, the Princess' devotion and self-control were the admiration of the nation. During the crisis in December, when the Prince was getting weaker and weaker, and the nation looked forward with dread to the 14th, lest that day should see the death of the son, as it had of the father ten years before, a special service to pray for the Prince's recovery was to be held in Sandringham Church. The following are the words the Princess wrote on that occasion to the clergyman: "My husband being, thank God, somewhat better, I am coming to church: I must leave, I fear, before the service is concluded, that I may watch by his bedside. Can you not say a few words in prayer in the early part of the service, that I may join with you in prayer for my husband before I return to him?"

At the time of the Prince's illness one of the grooms belonging to the establishment was lying dangerously ill, and prayers were offered for him in church on the same day. In the midst of her own anxieties and fears the Princess found time to go and see her servant, and when after a few days he died, she went to bring such consolation as her sympathy could to his relations.

In 1875-76 the Prince visited India, and was entertained in gorgeous Oriental style by the native Princes.

SOCIAL HEAD OF THE NATION.

His Tact, Good Judgment and Wonderful Memory for Names and Places.

During the last quarter of a century the growing age of the Queen and her disinclination to take part in public functions has led to the Prince of Wales discharging many of the public duties of the sovereign, as his father did before him. He has been the social head of the nation; and has been simply indefatigable in such labours as opening bridges, parks, hospitals; presiding at meetings, dinners, etc., and taking a lively interest in social, imperial and charitable matters. His Royal Highness is the busy ideal of a man of the world. With tact and good judgment he knows by instinct the right thing to do; and to these qualities he adds the invaluable gift of an unfailing memory for names and faces. He wears his dignity easily, though he never casts it off. Men who have been tempted to treat him with undue familiarity have found they mistook his affability. He always expects the deference due to his rank.

The Parliamentary experience of the Prince extends over three and thirty years. In 1863 he first took his seat in the House of Lords as Duke of Cornwall. When he attends the House of Lords he sits on the cross-benches, as do all the Royal Dukes.

THE KING A FARMER.

His Estate at Sandringham Farmed on Scientific Principles.

As was the case with his father, the Prince of Wales is greatly interested in agriculture. His 600 cultivated acres at Sandringham are farmed on scientific principles. Every known improvement in machinery is introduced there, with the result that the crops are as near perfection as it is possible to have them.

The Prince looks a genuine farmer as he tramps through the fields in true Norfolk garb of tweed and gaiters; and it does not require much attention to find from his conversation that he quite understands what he is talking about.

There are many interesting sights at Sandringham besides the farm proper. It is a beautiful estate of 3000 acres. There are parks, stables and kennels, all models of their kind. The Prince has a dairy, and so has the Princess, and the latter has made with her own hands many a good honest pot of creamy Norfolk butter.

The Prince is never without a fine string of thoroughbred racing horses, and his horses have won many prizes.

IN MEMORY OF FR. O'DONNELL.

To-morrow morning at nine o'clock the month's mind requiem service for the late Father O'Donnell will be held. This service is a special tribute from the pupils of St. Mary's Boys' School. The boys' choir, to the number of 40, will sing the service. After the "Libera," that soul-inspiring hymn, which was the late pastor's special favourite, "Nearer, My God to Thee" will be sung. The church will be heavily draped for the occasion.

FLAGS FLY LOW ALL OVER CANADA

News of the Death of the Queen Received With the Deepest Sorrow in Every City and Hamlet of the Dominion—Festivities of All Kinds Have Been Postponed and the Day of the Funeral Will be Proclaimed a Day of Mourning Throughout the Country.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, January 23. — A Cabinet Council was held yesterday afternoon, when a message of condolence was drafted and sent to the Governor-General for transmission to England. The message read as follows:

The announcement of Her Majesty's death, which has just reached Canada, has created universal sorrow. My Ministers desire that you will convey to His Majesty the King and the members of the Royal Family an assurance that the people of Canada share in the great grief that has visited them. No greater sovereign has ever ruled over the British people or been more beloved and honoured by her subjects than Her Majesty Queen Victoria, and nowhere has this love and respect been more deeply felt than by the people of His Majesty's Dominion of Canada.

(Signed.) MINTO.

The Cabinet also considered the steps which should be taken to give public expression to the nation's grief at the demise of the Sovereign. Orders will be issued for draping the Governor-General's residence, Departmental Block and the entrance to the House of Commons. When the date for the State funeral is fixed, it will be observed as a day of national mourning throughout this country and a proclamation to that effect will be issued. Emblems of mourning will be displayed in the various public buildings all over Canada, and flags will be placed at half mast until the remains of the dead Queen have been consigned to their final resting place. Had official notification of Her Majesty's death and of the title assumed by her successor reached Ottawa earlier, a proclamation would have been issued setting forth these facts in the quaint phasology customary on such occasions. A draft proclamation with a black border had been prepared and the staff at the Printing Bureau were in readiness to print the document. The anticipated information did not, however, arrive, and at 6.30 o'clock the Secretary of State gave orders to dismiss the employes in waiting and announce that the proclamation would not be published until to-day.

There is sorrow in every heart in the Capital over the death of the Queen. The news first reached the city about 2.20, and was announced by the tolling of the City Hall bell, quickly followed by the bells of all the churches. Private despatches conveyed the news to Government House, but the official communication from His Majesty's Ministers to His Excellency the Governor-General, had not reached here up to a late hour at night.

"There will be nothing done to-night," said a Cabinet Minister. "The proclamation should be issued, but we cannot authorize it until we are advised of the title which the new Sovereign will assume."

Anent this, it is recalled that there was a curious anomaly at the time of the late Queen's accession. In the proclamation read by the Heralds at Charing Cross and Trafalgar Square, her Majesty was named Alexdrina Victoria I. It was afterwards found, however, that the young Queen had signed herself as Victoria merely, both in signing the oath of allegiance and that undertaking to preserve the Scotch church, and it was held that this signature was binding as the title of the Sovereign, who was henceforth known as Queen Victoria. This incident was recalled to the mind of the Minister, who said: "We want to avoid anything of that kind."

Taking this incident as a guide, and coupling with it the fact that the first known signature of our Sovereign Lord the King is then attached to the telegram informing the Lord Mayor of London of Her Majesty's death, the theoretic conclusion would be that the new King will be Albert Edward I.

DRAPING THE BUILDINGS.

The inward and heartfelt mourning of the whole community is finding vent in arrangements for draping buildings. Already the entrance to the City Hall is heavily draped in black, and many houses will be during to-day. Orders have been given to drape the entrance to the Parliament buildings, and the entrances of all public buildings throughout the Dominion. The militia orders governing military mourning will be issued to-day.

All state functions will be suspended during the period ordered for Court mourning, and though the State dinner on the evening of the opening of Parliament may be held, yet it will be a very quiet affair. The drawing room, usually held on the first Saturday after the meeting of Parliament, and the State ball, will certainly not take place this year.

OPENING OF PARLIAMENT.

The opening of Parliament itself will be shorn of much of its usual glory. The ladies' dresses will all be black, and everything in the way of ornament upon the military uniforms, except the buttons, will be concealed in crepe.

The following cablegrams passed between His Excellency and Mr. Chamberlain yesterday:

From His Excellency the Governor-General to Mr. Chamberlain:

OTTAWA, January 21.

Following telegram received from Lieut.-Governor of British Columbia addressed to you:

"The people of British Columbia, have received with profound grief the news of their beloved Queen's serious illness. They earnestly join their prayers with those of all her faithful subjects that her precious life may be preserved to continue her noble work for the good of mankind.

(Signed) "MINTO."

From Mr. Chamberlain:

To His Excellency the Earl of Minto.

LONDON, January 22.

The Prince of Wales desires me to express gratitude for kind messages from you and the Lieut.-Governor of British Columbia. Sympathy of the people of Canada warmly appreciated.

(Signed) CHAMBERLAIN.

The Cabinet yesterday forwarded a formal resolution of condolence with the Royal family. The congratulations to the new Sovereign will be sent later.

A DAY OF MOURNING.

The day on which the funeral of the Queen is held will be proclaimed a public holiday throughout the Dominion.

The death of the Queen recalls a very interesting episode in the history of Canada. In 1820 the Quebec Parliament had been dissolved, a general election held, and the House convened by Lord Dalhousie, who had just become Governor. When the House met, a member rose and objected that as several writs, one of which was Gaspe, were not returnable until the ensuing week, the House was not complete and therefore could not legally proceed to business. Next day a message was received from His Excellency stating that he had summoned the House with the knowledge of these facts, and would like to have a decisive ruling on the point. That day and the next the House met and separated without coming to any decision. When the House assembled on the third day after Lord Dalhousie came down he informed the members of the death of the King, and that thereby the House was dissolved. The point in debate was never settled. The new Parliament met in Montreal, and on its opening Mr. Seigneur Papineau delivered his great ovation divided into three heads: Canada under the French regime, Canada under the British regime, and what Canada wanted for the future. This speech was the first great gun fired on the agitation which culminated in 1837. The Seigneur laid down that no return to the French regime was possible, that the best portions of the British regime should be preserved and combined with needs peculiar to Canada. In particular he advocated a new departure in finance, and the appointment of an agent in London.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

The Ottawa City Council held a special meeting last evening, His Worship Mayor Morris presiding.

In taking the chair, Mayor Morris said:

"Gentlemen of the city council, I suppose you all are aware why this special meeting has been called this evening; all must be aware of the sad loss to the empire occasioned by the death of our Queen-Empress. On this account I called this special meeting as early as possible.

"We have been exceptionally fortunate in the fact that the representatives of the Queen have invariably been men of most distinguished ability Residing in this city we perhaps have seemed for ourselves to have held a closer relationship with Her Most Gracious Majesty, who by her example has fixed a standard to be aimed at, but hardly reached, be it as a woman, as a wife, as a mother or as a sovereign.

"The Queen had been so long inseparably connected in our minds with the Empire which has grown to such vastness during her reign that we can scarcely realize the possibility of the awful loss which will be felt in every portion of the globe, and will be mourned by every nation. The universal respect and esteem were so evident in her lifetime that universal mourning will be certain.

"Windsor Castle and Rideau Hall, in Ottawa, have been linked by ties of royalty almost since Confederation. Ottawans have had better opportunities of judging Her Majesty through her representatives than have had other Canadian communities. She has been reverently esteemed by the radical and loyalist alike, in an irreverent age. I think the judgment of history will concede her the foremost place among the monarchs and colossal figures of the 19th century.

"As mayor of Canada's capital city, I desire to waft the loyal devotion of the learned, the deep sympathy of the noble, the tears of the orphans, the benediction of the widow, the worship of the poor and the love of all to our late lamented Queen and Empress. May the Great Consoler be with her children as with her loving subjects."

Ald. R. J. Davidson then moved, seconded by Ald. Champagne

"The council of the city of Ottawa, assembled on the occasion of the death of our late beloved sovereign, Queen Victoria, hereby, on its own behalf, and on behalf of the citizens, records the deep and heartfelt sorrow experienced by our people by the decease of one who for upwards of sixty-three years has ruled over the destinies of our Empire, and by the innate nobility of her character and her many great and estimable qualities of head and heart has been enshrined in the affections of her subjects.

"Not alone as Empress-Queen of a mighty empire did she earn the deserved respect and esteem of our own people and foreign nations as well, but in those other spheres of daughter, wife and mother, she proved herself the pattern and embodiment of the highest and noblest types of Christian womanhood and has left behind the record of a life spent, not for self, but in the service of others and in the discharge of great and important duties well and faithfully performed. In the hearts of the present and future generations, her memory will be cherished as one who lived and ruled in the fear of God and the love of man and whose chief end and object of life was to discharge faithfully and well the responsible duties imposed upon her by her exalted positionas well as those which fell to her lot in the privacy of her home and social life.

"To the members of her family in this time of sore trial and bereavement, our hearts go out in loving sympathy and sincerely do we hope and trust, that He who tempers the wind to the shorn lamb, will in His own good time and season, bring comfort to their sorrowing hearts, and that for the present they will find some degree of consolation in the knowledge that a nation mourns with them, and that their sorrow and grief is shared by all throughout our empire.

"That this council wait upon His Excellency, the Governor-General, and submit to him, on behalf of our citizens, this expression of their sorrow and sympathy, and that his worship the mayor be authorized to issue a proclamation calling for the suspension of business on the day of the funeral and that between now and then flags shall be hung at half mast throughout the city."

Ald. Dearing suggested that some badge of mourning should be worn by the aldermen until after the funeral.

The mayor—"It's my intention to issue a proclamation as soon as the date of the funeral is known and the feature suggested by Ald. Dearing will receive full attention."

ADOPTED IN SILENCE.

The resolution was then adopted in silence all the aldermen standing with bowed heads.

The meeting then adjourned and the Council in a body proceeded to Government House, where they had an audience with His Excellency and presented him with the resolution.

Mayor Morris briefly explained the object of the visit and expressed the sorrow which all classes of the community felt at the demise of the Crown. He asked His Excellency to be pleased to forward the resolution to the Colonial Secretary.

City Clerk Henderson then read the resolution and presented it to the Governor-General.

His Excellency Lord Minto in reply thanked the Mayor and Corporation for their visit, expressing his keen appreciation of their action. "I will take the utmost care" he assured them, to see that the communication is forwarded to the proper quarters. It was only late this evening that I received any confirmation of the Queen's death, and consequently I did not previously know whether to take any action or not. I fully agree with you and with the loyal subjects of the Crown that in the death of Her Majesty we have lost the greatest Queen the Empire has ever had. Not only was she a model Queen, but also a model woman, and we can scarcely do better than attempt to follow in her footsteps. It is particularly gratifying to me that the first request of this kind comes from the citizens of Ottawa where I have so many warm friends. I will do my best to see that your kind and sympathetic resolution is at once placed before the proper authorities."

The Mayor thanked His Excellency and withdrew.

AT TORONTO.

TORONTO, January 23.—The news of the death of Queen Victoria was received in Toronto with tokens of the deepest sorrow mingled with sympathy for the members of the royal family in their great bereavement. All morning, when it was seen from the bulletin boards that hope had at last been abandoned, large crowds gathered around the newspaper offices, awaiting the end. The first tidings came in a cable from the Great North-western Telegraph Company, which was immediately posted at all the offices. As no confirmation could be secured for almost half an hour, there was a disposition to regard the news as unofficial, and at the City Hall, Parliament Buildings, courts of justice, and other points, to which the news was quickly despatched. No steps were taken toward making public announcement until 2 o'clock, when a second confirmatory bulletin was received, and at 2.14, the city bells began to toll. "Big Ben" in the City Hall, being first started, and the bells of the fire halls and St. James, joining in. "Big Ben" tolled sixty strokes, a minute apart, and then eighty-two, for the years of the Queen's life. The chimes of St. James played the dead march in Saul, and from the flagstaffs of the public buildings, schools and most private buildings, flags were quickly hung at half-mast.

Mayor Howlands summoned the members of the City Council to a conference, at the close of which the following cablegram was sent to the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain:

"The city of Toronto joins in the universal grief of the Empire over the lamented death of our venerated and beloved Queen."

The Board of Trade had been called to nominate officers for the year, and met shortly after the news came to the city. After the formal business had been passed upon, the members of the board authorized the President to send the following message:

"To His Excellency the Earl of Minto,
"Governor-General, Ottawa:

"The Board of Trade of the City of Toronto beg that Your Excellency will convey to His Majesty the King and the royal family their profound grief at the death of Her Beloved Majesty Queen Victoria, and their most sincere sympathy with His Majesty, with his royal consort, and with the other members of the royal family, in their great affliction.

"A. E. KEMP,
"President."

AT QUEBEC.

(Special to the Star.)

QUEBEC, January 23.—The suggestion of L'Evenement, to cancel the proposed week of sports in Quebec, was unanimously adopted last night at a meeting of the Executive Committee. All other pending social functions, whether of a public or private nature, have been countermanded including the ball of the Quebec Snowshoe Club and the reception of the Lord Bishop and Mrs. Dunn.

During the afternoon of yesterday, the bells of all of the Roman Catholic, as well as Protestant churches, were tolled, and at 6.15, corresponding to the hour in England at which the Queen died, a muffled peal was rung from the bells of St. Matthew's Church. At this church also, at the evening service, the prayer "for our Sovereign Lady, Queen Victoria," was changed to "Our Sovereign Lord, King Edward," and the following prayer was changed from "Alfred Edward, Prince of Wales and the Princess of Wales," to "the Duke and Duchess of York," pending the appointment of the Duke as Prince of Wales.

In the Superior Court yesterday afternoon, Mr. Adjutor Turcotte and Mr. Charles Brodie proposed the adjournment in consequence of the Queen's death. Judge Andrews accorded the motion, and paid a glowing eulogy to the deceased Monarch. It is understood that no new writs can be issued at present, as all existing forms are in the name of the late Queen.

His Grace Archbishop Begin has sent the following telegram to the Governor-General:

"The Archbishop of Quebec, prays His Excellency the Governor-General to transmit to the Royal Family the expression of his profound regrets with those of his clergy and of all the faithful of the diocese on the occasion of the death of Her Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria, who has illumined the throne by all the virtues of a mother, a wife and a Queen. Her memory will be cherished in the hearts of her loyal subjects."

All the schools were closed for the day yesterday, as soon as the news of the Queen's death reached them.

AT HALIFAX.

(Special to the Star.)

HALIFAX, N. S., January 23. — The news of the death of the Empire's Queen was received here with the utmost regret, and for a time with grave doubts. The cheering news of early morning was taken as an indication that Her Majesty would once more be restored to her usually good health and crowds surrounded the bulletin boards all day long hopeful that the best would be announced, but they were doomed to disappointment and at two p.m. the fatal announcement was made. The news spread like wild-fire and the editions of the evening papers with their borders of black and inverted column rules were bought up as fast as they appeared. Not until the Prince of Wales' message appeared were the public fully satisfied that the Queen was no more. Immediately flags were run up at half-mast in all directions, and steps were taken to honour the memory of the Queen in a fitting manner. Lieutenant-Governor Jones, on hearing confirmation of the news, formally requested the theatre managers to close down and his suggestion was quickly acted upon. The Truss Stock Company's engagement was at once cancelled, and most of the performers prepared to leave town in view of the fact that it will be at least three weeks before they can hope to appear again. Other public entertainments were also cut out. The senior league hockey game was allowed to go over for a month and all rinks were closed. The first Canadian Artillery ball was postponed and Halifax will be dead socially until after the burial service is held. The civic authorities, acting on instructions of Mayor Hamilton, ordered all public buildings to hoist their flags at half-mast and the City Hall will be draped in mourning inside and out. Other public buildings which, within the past few months, have been gaily decorated in honour of the returning troops, will now wear garments of black. The Citadel and forts did not lower their flags at half-mast, as official orders were not received in time, but to-day the Union Jack was lowered for an English Sovereign for the first time for 63 years. The garrison has already been given notice that mourning will be in order, and to-day they will wear the black band. Other arrangements will be perfected at once.

AT ST. JOHN, N. B.

(Special to the Star.)

ST. JOHN, N. B., January 23.—The citizens of St. John joined with heartfelt sorrow yesterday afternoon in the Empire's mourning at the death of the Queen. Evidences of grief were everywhere manifest. The flags on all the principal buildings and on the shipping in the harbour floated at half mast. Places of business were closed and trade was practically suspended. The church and fire bells tolled mournfully in expression of the heartfelt sorrow of the loyal sons of the founders of the loyalist city. Every entertainment last evening was cancelled and hotels and fronts of leading business houses were heavily draped in black. The Common Council meets this morning to pass resolutions of condolence and loyalty to the new Sovereign and to arrange for official expressions of grief. The Council Chamber is hung with mourning drapery.

AT LONDON.

(Special to the Star.)

LONDON, Ont., January 23.—The news of the Queen's death was received with the most genuine expressions of sorrow in London the less. Throughout the day, the bulletin boards in front of the newspaper offices were surrounded by great crowds of people anxiously awaiting what was known to be the inevitable result. On Sunday in every church in the city fervent prayers for the recovery of Her Majesty were offered up; but the news of yesterday dispelled any hope born of the indefiniteness of the earlier despatches. As soon as the news of the final transition reached the city, it was echoed by the deep-throated and portentous tolling of bells. The flags on the civic buildings were lowered to half-mast and as by magic, street cars draped in black began to pass through the crowded down town streets.

AT WOODSTOCK.

(Special to the Star.)

WOODSTOCK, January 23.—The news of Queen Victoria's death reached here about 2 oclock yesterday afternoon. Profound sorrow was manifested on all sides. Mayor Mearns requested the schools to close which was done. Flags were soon flying at half mast all over the city. Bells tolled for nearly one hour. The Mayor said that he would proclaim a holiday on the day of the funeral. The County Council was in session, but adjourned when the mournful news came. This evening they cabled the following message to London:

To the Right Honourable Joseph Chamberlain, Colonial Secretary:

The County of Oxford, through its representatives, desires to express to the bereaved Royal family, their sympathy in the great loss to the Empire of our beloved Queen.

(Signed) S. J. COLE,
Warden.

The Benevolent Societies, whose regular meetings were to-night, dropped their charters and adjourned without doing any business.

AT CORNWALL.

CORNWALL, January 23.—The news of the Queen's death, although not unexpected, was received with expressions of deep regret in Cornwall. The tolling of the church bells spread the sad news and the Union Jack was run up to half mast on every public building. The schools were dismissed and Mayor Campbell sent the following cable:

To King Edward 7th, London:

Citizens mourn the death of our beloved Queen. Deepest sympathy for members of Royal family. Long live the King.

(Signed) P. E. CAMPBELL,
Mayor of Cornwall, Ont.

All public functions have been called off and the firemen's ball which was to have been held on Friday night, was postponed till February 15th.

AT VANCOUVER.

(Special to the Star.)

VANCOUVER, B. C., January 23.—Immediately on the receipt of the Queen's death the following cable was sent:

"Rt. Hon. Jos. Chamberlain,
Colonial Secy., London.

"The citizens of Vancouver who are stricken with grief at the death of our beloved Queen desire me to request you to convey to His Majesty and Royal family our deepest sympathy.

(Signed) T. O. TOWNLEY,
Mayor Vancouver."

While the following proclamation was issued:

"To the Citizens of Vancouver—As a token of sympathy and as an expression of our feelings on the receipt of the sad news this morning of the death of our beloved Queen, the citizens are requested to close all places of business from 12 noon to-day to 12 noon to-morrow, also that all festivities and public functions shall be suspended for one month from date, and some badge of mourning be worn as a slight recognition of the irreparable loss we have all sustained. I declared that all city offices shall be closed until to-morrow noon.

(Sgd.) T. O. TOWNLEY,
Mayor."

The merchants all responded to the Mayor's request. A symbol of mourning was donned by the citizens generally, and all festivities postponed. The stores were draped in mourning, while the public buildings were hung in black cloth. All Government offices are closed.

AT VICTORIA.

(Special to the Star.)

VICTORIA, B.C., January 23.—Immediately upon the news of the Queen's death being received bulletins were posted in windows, and inside of a few minutes flags were flying at half past from almost every flag pole in the city. A few minutes after the receipt of the intelligence the fire bells commenced to toll, and this was continued until noon.

Promptly on receipt of intelligence, the Mayor took steps to have the day properly observed, and at noon issued a proclamation closing business places.

The Government of British Columbia took prompt steps to pay tribute to Her Majesty's memory. The Education Department ordered the schools closed until Friday morning, and otherwise took steps to mark the sorrow experienced upon the death of Her Majesty.

The executive met and by order of Council closed the Parliament buildings and departmental offices for yesterday and to-day.

His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor despatched a message of sympathy to Cowes.

The full court met, but almost immediately adjourned, cases going over until next sitting. The Customs House also closed.

The officers' fleet did not receive word officially until several hours after the newspapers' despatches arrived. Flags then were put at half-mast, and all work ceased at the navy yard. Other steps were taken to mark the event.

The Chinese Benevolent Society sent a telegram on behalf of the Chinese of Canada to Lord Minto for transmission to Cowes, expressing deep regret at Her Majesty's death.

TRIBUTES FROM THE CANADIAN PRESS.

Within Black Borders the Newspapers All Over the Dominion Echo the Expressions of the People's Universal Sorrow and Praise the Personal and Administrative Qualities of Britains's Dead Sovereign—The Feeling is General That Edward VII. Will Make a Model Ruler.

(Special to the Star.)

TORONTO, January 23.—The Mail and Empire says: "The world wide Empire mourns the most powerful and the wisest, yet the gentlest and best beloved, of earthly rulers. Nor does the grief belong alone to the millions over whom Victoria held sway. Beyond the limits of the union of nations created, in so large a measure, during her glorious reign, there is a sound of lamentation. All races acknowledged that the noblest woman of the age has been called to her rest and that the world loses by the repose she gains.

"Other monarchs have passed away. Emperors and Kings in their turn have journeyed from the palace to the tomb. But deeply as these potentates have been deplored, not one in his death has touched the hearts of all his subjects; not one has evoked the universal personal sorrow, or has called forth the ready tear as Victoria in her demise has done.

"The people loved their Queen. Respect ceased long ago to be the particular sentiment entertained for Her Majesty. Reverence supplanted respect, and a passionate attachment took the place of both. She was sustained by a nation's will, and enthroned in a nation's devoted affections. In an especial sense she was the Queen, mother centre around whom all the children gathered, the embodiment not only of the ideas and aspirations of her people, but of the qualities which are most cherished and admired by the best of them."

THE TORONTO GLOBE.

The Globe says: "The Queen is dead, and the flag flies low over all the wide realms of Britain. Other flags, too, are dipped in reverence for the good woman, who has gone to rest. The earth over all its islands and continents is hung with mourning, and the touch of a common sorrow makes all the world kin. For two generations 'God Save the Queen' has been the heartfelt prayer of the British peoples,and faith in her simple goodness has been one of the bulwarks of her Empire."

We do not know if history will say that the Queen was great. We do believe that the generations that come after us will say that she was wise and good, and perhaps wisdom is greatness and goodness even better than greatness. Some have thought that she nursed her private griefs unduly, and lost something of her sense of public duty in her sense of personal sorrow. But in proportion as she felt for her own she felt for her people. If she failed at all it was in the pageantry, not in the real service of Kingship.

Queen Victoria will live alike in the character of the British monarchy, and in the character of the British people, and in all the splendid story of the rulers of Imperial Britain no name will bear a sweeter flavour than that of the good woman who now lies sleeping at Cowes, while the great loud world pauses for a moment and bows its head in sorrow for Britain's beloved dead. Alike for King and churl the end is this: "The rich and poor meet together, the Lord is the maker of them all."

THE TORONTO WORLD.

The World says: "Queen Victoria has indeed been a remarkable woman. History will be searched in vain for a parallel life. Two points that stand out prominently in her career are that she made so few mistakes in her decision on affairs of State and that her domestic life had been so absolutely beyond reproach. The Queen is mourned to-day more as the motherly sympathetic woman than as the Empress of Greater Britain. Queen though she was, Victoria had her full share of human suffering. Hers must have been an exceptionally robust constitution to have withstood the continuous mental application and strain that her position naturally demanded of her. Notwithstanding her manifold duties of state and her constantly increasing family affairs, the Queen retained her intelligence equanimity, her sweetness of temper to the end. Fate was fortunately kind to the veteran Queen in her leave taking of this earthly sphere. But a few days of sickness separated her from the duties of an active life and the peace of an eternal repose.

In no part of the Empire will there be more genuine sorrow over the death of Queen Victoria than in Canada. In the minds of Canadians she is emblematic of everything that is pure and good. Her image has been graven in the hearts of her subjects in the Dominion, and it will be many a long year before the memory of her will begin to fade from their minds.

LONDON FREE PRESS.

(Special to the Star.)

LONDON, January 23.—The local papers all appear with black borders, and comment at great length on the passing of the Queen. The Free Press says: "In every domestic relation of life, as woman, wife, mother and widow, her character has been spotless; in all these relations perfection is the only phrase that can adequately be applied to describe her virtues. She has ever set an example to her own sex of conduct and character of the highest type. Her memory will be revered throughout the ages. History will of necessity do her justice, and the era in which she lived and presided over the destinies of a vast Empire, will be held to be the most remarkable in British annals."

THE LONDON NEWS.

The Evening News says: "Meantime do not worry about the Empire. The Empire is all right. All the British people have to do is to be true to themselves and each other, and there need be no fears for the future."

HALIFAX PRESS COMMENT.

(Special to the Star.)

HALIFAX, January 23. — The Evening Mail said editorially: The death of Queen Victoria, which it is our painful duty to announce this evening, plunges the whole Empire into mourning and will produce heartfelt sorrow throughout the civilized world. Thus passes from life the greatest monarch of the greatest Empire the world ever knew—of all successors of Egbert, Saxon, Dane, Norman, Plantagenet, Tudor, Stuart or Hanoverian. She was most certainly the greatest, measured by any standard known to mankind. Compared with the expansion, progress and achivements of her reign, those of the reign of any of her predecessors on the British throne sink into comparative littleness, and most of them into utter nothingness. In duration, her rule exceeded that of any other sovereign that ever reigned in the British Islands,and none of them, not even Alfred the Great, who died in 901, just one thousand years before her, commanded so fully and absolutely the love and admiration of the people. In results, there is no reign to compare with hers, not alone in British history, but in the history of the world. During the 63 years that she occupied the British throne, the Empire has grown in round numbers, in extent from 4,500,000 to 11,000,000 square miles, and in population from 137,000,000 to 400,000,000. Its growth in other respects has been equally stupendous and marvellous. But in no respect has her reign been greater or grander than in the progress made in morality, freedom, education, humanity and love of righteousness, and in none have the results been more largely due to her personal power and influence. She was good as well as great, and from the beginning to the end of her long and glorious reign. She made righteousness more than greatness her foremost policy. Her death will be mourned by millions beyond the bounds of the vast Empire over which she ruled. The death of no other human being could possibly produce more general and sincere grief. But the great debt must be paid by all, monarchs as well as subjects.

At a good old age she has been gathered to her fathers and we can do naught but bow our heads in submission and thank the God of nations for the long and prosperous reign which her death brings to an end, and for the Christian virtues and graces which her long life so conspicuously displayed.

THE HALIFAX CHRONICLE.

The Chronicle says editorially: Long and right gloriously did the Queen reign over us. God has sent her final victory. She is not dead. Such as she do not die, she has merely laid aside forever her earthly crown.

Her people are bereaved. They have lost a mother and a Queen. They mourn. But at the same time they rejoice. Her fragrant memory will be their abiding possession. She has abundant rest after long years of labour, of love and of sorrow. God has indeed saved our Gracious Queen. She will continue to reign, but what a blank her departure leaves in the British world. We have had her with us so long that we had come to regard her as an essential part of our lives, as well as of our institutions. Practically all of us have known no other Sovereign than she, those among us are old who were born when she ascended the British Throne, and during each of the sixty-three long years of her queenly life she grew dearer and dearer to her own people.

Her life is unique in regal annals, not only did she reign during a longer period of maturity than any other sovereign that the world has known, but she ruled more wisely, lived more nobly, set a better example to her people and to the world, and exercised a more far-reaching influence for good than any other of earth's great ones to whom divine honours have not been paid. The millions of her sorrowing subjects scattered far and wide over the globe will mourn their loss with a sincerity which has never before characterized a public mourning. Even Britain's enemies must feel and regret the loss which the world has sustained in the death of her, who to all had become "The Queen," and now we, her saddened people can only comfort ourselves by echoing the poet's aspiration that she may have left us rulers of her blood "As noble till the latest day" as she.

THE ST. JOHN STAR.

(Special to the Star.)

ST. JOHN, N.B., January 23.—Extra editions of the evening papers, with details of the Queen's last hours and death, were bought eagerly, and in great numbers.

The Evening Star, which was the only paper to come out in the morning, said: "It seems a little difficult to adjust ourselves to the new conditions, Victoria was Queen when most of those who mourn her death were yet unborn. She had seemed so much a part of our thoughts in all pertaining to the affairs of the Empire, that it is hard to realize that henceforth she is to be but a memory."

THE ST. JOHN GLOBE.

The Globe said: "The long reign of Queen Victoria ended to-day. Full of years and of honours, she passed to the enjoyment of eternal rest. The duties of a great station she has well discharged, and she leaves this earthly life, which she has so well adorned, with the affectionate regard of many millions of human beings. She needs no eulogy and none can be adequately given her. History will record her reign as the greatest in the national life and one of the most remarkable in the era to which she belonged. The Queen is dead, the King, her son, reigns."

WINNIPEG PRESS COMMENT.

(Special to the Star.)

WINNIPEG, January 23. — For more than sixty years, Victoria has reigned, not only on her throne, but in the hearts of her subjects, as a true Queen and Empress of our "Crowned Republic." Before millions upon millions of men and women and children, during a long life time, she has been an exalted example of a good woman and a good Queen. In domestic affairs of State, she has been a model constitutional Sovereign. In international diplomacy, she has been the enemy of war and the friend of peace. In her court she has diffused an influence, reaching eventually all ranks of society, that has been a most powerful force, making for a righteousness, which has not only included abstinence from wrong, but has included also kind-heartedness and an active performance of duty to others. Venerated and beloved in a thousand lands, the good she has done will live in the world long after her spirit shall have quitted its tenement of clay.

WINNIPEG FREE PRESS.

The Free Press says: "What the British people, what its subject races, owe to the great Queen and good woman, in whose name all have been governed for more than three score years, none can estimate. It rests with history to attempt to measure the immensity of that debt. That her influence as a shaping factor in European politics,and not in European politics alone, but in the progress of the whole world, in all things good, has been commensurate with her character, will be attested by every historian of the nineteenth century, through all the ages to come. In treading the path of Empire, she has truly and consistently governed her life by the most inspiring and elevating ideal of her duty as a Sovereign. The enduring memory of her faithfulness to that lofty ideal is the most precious heritage she has left with the Imperial Crown to her son."

THE WINNIPEG TELEGRAM.

The Telegram says: "As our grandfathers used to delight to tell us of 'The good old days when George the Third was King,' so shall we recount to our grandchildren our privileges in having lived during the great reign of good Queen Victoria. We shall tell of the benign sway of a good woman, whose personal character was a model to every household in the nation, whose general rule permitted the free and bloodless expansion of popular liberty to its fullest limit, whose sagacity and experience enabled her to give advice to even her ablest statesmen whose family connections and personal influence with almost every racial house in Europe enabled her to preserve in a most remarkable manner the peace of the world, whose name has inspired her troops to victory in every clime where, in spite of her influence, the red banner of war has been unfurled, whose sympathy was ever freely given to every cause having for its object the moral and material advancement of her nation, whose noble and useful life evoked the enthusiastic love of a loyal people and whose death plunged her subjects in profoundest sorrow and caused the whole world to mourn."

VANCOUVER PROVINCE.

(Special to the Star.)

VANCOUVER, January 23.—The Province says: "The gerat debt has been paid and the Empire's heart is broken, for whether as Queen or woman, whether as wife or mother, Victoria commanded the sincere respect as well as the love of her millions of subjects, and no matter what art or history will do to make her name imperishable, her greatest monument will be in the memory of the people, for she was very close to the nation's heart."

VANCOUVER WORLD.

The World says: "Victoria crossed the bar, on such a tide as moving seems sleep. She met her pilot face to face after a life of 82 years. As a man measures things, there is no place too good for her in after life. As a ruler, she wrought her people lasting good. As a woman, she was an example to all women. Millions never saw her, but all loved her."

ACCESSION OF THE QUEEN.

Mr. George H. Kernick Remembers Changing the Public Documents on That Occasion

Mr. George H. Kernick, Deputy Prothonotary, who has been employed at the Court House for over sixty years, remembers having been engaged at the time of the accession of the late Queen, in erasing the name of William IV. from the court documents and substituting therefor the name of Victoria. He is among the oldest public officials in the Empire, and is still hale and hearty, rarely ever being absent from his work. He makes it a practice to walk to and from his residence to his office.

THE REASON WHY.

At the time of the death of the Prince Consort, in 1861, one of the New York papers published the following lines (repeated from memory), supposed to be a conversation between a father and son while walking along New York Harbour. The lines will bear repeating at the present time:

Son.

Look at the ships in the river that lie,
Don't they look splendid, but tell me why
So many flags are at half-mast high?

Father.

The ships, my boy, thus mournfully spread
Their flags below the tall mast-head
Because Prince Albert of England's dead.

Son.

But, father, it seems ridiculous
That the Stars and Stripes should be lowered thus,
Prince Albert was no prince for us.

Father.

Listen to me, my boy, and learn
How every man the love may earn
Of all who good from bad discern.

Albert of England ever stood
Valiantly forth for the people's good,
Watching them with solicitude.

More for the welfare of the poor,
The village school, the home secure,
Cared he than for ambition's lure.

Whoever, from the cereal seed,
Added fresh means for human need,
Albert of England gave him God-speed.

Whoever from the factory-mill,
Added fresh means for human skill,
Albert of England helped him still.

And ever lent he cheerful aid,
To elevate the plough and spade,
From all that could lower and degrade.

In one large fact all others merging
That man toward a nobler state is verging
Upon the waves of onward surging.

And this, my boy, is the reason why
The ships in the river there that lie
Hang out their flags at half-mast high.

Telling as far as eye may scan,
The grief that is moving nation and clan,
Not for the Prince—but for the man.

Right Shoes but Wrong Kind

Scene—a sleeping car. Time—to get up. Irate passenger, "That confounded porter has given me the wrong shoes. Look like mine but they don't feel like' em."

Upon investigation finds they are his.

Did you ever have any trouble in the morning convincing your feet that your shoes hadn't been changed during the night?

That's because they came off the lasts too soon when making.

"Slater Shoes" are all Goodyear Welted, take six days to make and remain on the lasts till finished, have no shrink and retain their shape till worn out.

Slate frame on every sole, that's the trade mark and tells you the price $5.00 or $3.50.

THE SLATER SHOE STORES,

225 St. James St. Tel. Main 430.
2381 St. Catherine St. Tel. Up 1309.
1551 St. Catherine St., Tel. East 390.
Factory, 63 to 69 Latour Street.

MONTREAL. TORONTO. OTTAWA. LONDON.

19 1

Municipal Elections.

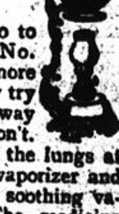
St. Mary's Ward No. 1

Committee Rooms for Mr. J. O. RICARD have been opened at following places:

48 Papineau Avenue.
1305 St. Catherine Central Committee Room.
953 Ontario Street.
1084 Ontario Street.

Friends of the Candidate will be welcome at any of the above rooms. Those willing to assist by providing vehicles on polling day, Wednesday, 31st, will confer a favour by leaving their address at the Central Committee room. 18 7

To the Lungs.



Do you go to Chicago to reach Quebec? No. There's a better and more direct way. Then why try to reach your lungs by way of your stomach? Don't. Better go straight to the lungs at once. Just light the vaporizer and breathe-in the healing, soothing vapors of Cresolene. The medicine goes exactly to the right place. Your lungs quickly heal and your cough disappears. For whooping-cough it's simply perfect.

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists everywhere. The Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a life time, and a bottle of Cresolene complete, $1.50; extra supplies of Cresolene 25 cents and 50 cents. Illustrated booklet containing physicians' testimonials free upon request. Vapo-Cresolene Co., 180 Fulton St., New York, U.S.A.

The Greatest Enemy to Indigestion is LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE.

It tones and strengthens the digestive organs, thus promoting health.

J. M. DOUGLAS & Co., Montreal, Sole Canadian Agents. 19 1

Buy Wine. What Wine? Sparkling Wine. Whose Wine?

"DRY-ROYAL" CHAMPAGNE

The Best Value on the Market. 191

Government Institutions Endorse Japanese Catarrh Cure as the Only Permanent Cure For Catarrh.

CURED EVERY CASE WHERE THE REMEDY WAS TRIED.

Catarrh is one of the diseases which should not be experimented with, every day's neglect allows it to spread deeper and deeper, until loss of taste, smell and hearing are the inevitable result, and finally consumption sets in, for which there is no cure. Thousands who have suffered for years from catarrh proclaim Japanese Catarrh Cure the only permanent cure. It will cure you.

Mr. A. B. Wilson, Principal, Government Indian Home, Elkhorn, Manitoba, writes: "Some time ago we purchased three boxes of Japanese Catarrh Cure, and must say it gave wonderful results in every case tried. It certainly is an article of unequalled merit."

Japanese Catarrh Cure is not a powder; it is a pleasant, healing, penetrating, volatile pomade; it is easy to use, requires no instrument of any kind; it reaches every catarrhal diseased portion of the mucous membrane and permanently cures Catarrh wherever located. Sample box free. Enclose 5 cent stamp. Address The Griffith & Macpherson Co., Limited, 121 Church street, Toronto. Sold by all druggists. 50 cents.

Sold by B. E. McGale, Montreal. 19 1

MERCHANT TAILORING.

Full Dress Suits To order for $2 dollars. Silk lined elegantly made, perfect fit guaranteed by Hemming, the tailor, 2390 St. Catherine st. (near McGill College.)

TYPEWRITING REPAIRING.

Typewriters of all makes repaired by skilled mechanics. Work guaranteed. Wm. M. Hall & Co., 1702 Notre Dame St. Tel. Main 183. SMITH PREMIER Typewriters.

RESTAURANTS.

Windsor Cafe always open. First class meals, 25c. Oysters, clams, lobsters, all styles. E. Desjardins, 88 Windsor st.

You Lunch Where? The brains of Montreal's Commercial Community lunch at the Merchant's Lunch Room, 26 Hospital St. Menu unsurpassed. Liquors the best.

WATCH REPAIRING.

Your Watch cleaned 50c, main spring 50c, crystals 5c, warranted for one year. A. Heller, 145a St. Lawrence st.

BLUE PRINT PAPERS, ETC.

Rapid Blue-Print Paper, Tracing Cloths and Papers, Drawing Papers. Wholesale and Retail. Hughes Owens & Co., Importers, Board of Trade Building.

RATES

—FOR—

Prepaid Classified Advertisements

In the MONTREAL DAILY STAR.

SITUATIONS WANTED, 10 cents for 20 words or less, and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion.

PUPILS WANTED, 10 cents for 10 words or less and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

All other "WANTED" ads. 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

ROOMS TO LET, 10 cents for 20 words or less and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion.

BOARD, 10 cents for 20 words or less and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion.

FOUND, 10 cents for 20 words or less, and ½ cent per extra word each insertion.

TO LET, HOUSES, STORES, ETC., 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE, 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

LOST, 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

BUSINESS CHANCES, ETC., 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

PERSONAL, page 6, 2 cents per word, with a minimum charge of 25 cents each insertion.

NOTICE PARTICULARLY.

The above rates are NET CASH with order. When such advertisements are not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher.

No charge made in our books for classified advertisements of less than five lines.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—MUST BE SOLD AT once; open for offers for splendid solid stone and brick house on Wood ave., Westmount, near Sherbrooke street; contains double parlours, dining room, kitchen, five bedrooms, etc.; property is worth $7000; make your offers. J. H. Morley, Temple building. 17 3

FOR SALE

$3800—Mance street, 7 rooms, $25 a month.
$4000—Mance street, 8 rooms, $35 a month.
$4500—St. Catherine road, 9 rooms, $40 a month.
$4750—Flats, Mount Royal avenue, $45 a month.
$5500—Park ave., 10 rooms, $50 a month.
$6000—Park ave., 10 rooms, $55 a month.

The above are modern, with all conveniences; $500 cash down required. Montreal Annex lots taken in part payment. Call or ask for our free list of properties. Montreal Investment and Freehold Co., 228 Temple building. 17 5 3aw

FOR SALE — THAT FINE PROPerty situated at Cote St. Luke; lot 85; it consists of 97 acres and 53 rods of well cultivated land, with a large stone house, barns, stables, in good order; also a fine producing and well-fenced orchard; the farm is only four miles from the city. A very good chance for a safe investment, and sold at a reasonable figure. Apply to Sisters of St. Ann, Lachine, or G. DeSerres, 97 St. James. 3 8 2aw

FOR SALE — IN ST. JOHN BAPtiste Ward, brick house 2 flats, rented, worth $2,000; corporation valuation $1,700; will sell for $1,500, half cash, if sold before end of month; this is an exceptional chance. Address A 2111, Star office. 19 2

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET—VERY DESIRABLE LOWer tenement, No. 418 Richmond street; possession immediate. Apply to Estate Walter Drake, No. 61 St. Gabriel street. 15 8

TO LET—HANDSOME RESIDENCes on Park avenue of 9, 10 and 11 rooms; modern and up-to-date in all respects; rents reasonable. Apply Room 228, Temple building. 17 6

HOUSES WANTED.

WANTED — BY PAINTING CONtractor, house, 10 or 12 rooms, steam heat; must be central; no children; rent not to exceed $25. Apply R, 1906, Star office. 18 2

WANTED — TO RENT, COMFORTable modern house or flat about 8 rooms; immediate occupation; nice locality. Address W 2103, Star office. 19 2

BUSINESS PREMISES WANTED.

WANTED — IN MONTREAL OR NEIGHbourhood, premises suitable for heavy machinery, about 4000 sq. ft. Address R, 1908, Star Office. 18 2

SHOPS, STORES, BUSINESS PREMISES, ETC., TO LET.

TO LET—STORE, NO. 62 McGILL street, lighted on three sides. 62 McGill street. 8 Lemoine street.
JESSE JOSEPH,
17 3 16 St. Sacrament st.

TO LET—SHOP, 41 MANCE ST., IN rear, suitable for carpenter, light manufacturing, or storage; rent $6 per month; key at 202 St. Denis street. 18 2

COTTAGES WANTED.

WANTED — ABOUT APRIL 1ST, a cottage suitable for winter occupation; must be easy of access to city by rail or electric cars, and must have at least an acre of ground around it. Address, with full particulars, to B 2148, Star office. 19 1

RESIDENTIAL FLATS WANTED.

WANTED — FOR MAY 1ST, BY A middle-aged couple, an unfurnished flat of three or four rooms in the vicinity of McGill College avenue. B 7613 Star Branch office. 17 3 eod

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED — LADIES AND GENTLEMEN afflicted with bad complexions and with... [illegible] ...and sure remedy, address S. P. O. Box ..., Montreal. 18 3

GENT'S FURNISHINGS.

20 Per Cent. discount for the month of January only, at de Lorimier, Gent's Furnishing, 1700 Notre Dame st., near Place d'Armes.

PLUMBING AND STEAMFITTING

Specialties. Hot water heating, sanitary plumbing and automatic fire sprinkler apparatus. James Aitchison, Plumber, Gas and Steamfitter, 53 Bleury St. Tel. Main 856.

PICTURE FRAMING, GILDING, &c.

Your Pictures framed with taste. Frames regilded. Bamboo work a specialty. Geo. R. Heasley, 2087 St. Catherine st., near Bleury.

REAL ESTATE.

Stop Renting and buy a home. I have some bargains for prompt purchasers. Any reasonable terms of payment arranged. J. H. Morley, Temple Bldg.

CLOTHING RENOVATORS.

"My Valet" 15 Phillips Square. Tel. Up 2636. Gentlemen, we press, mend and clean your wardrobe in superior style for $1.00 per month.

HALF TONES, ETCHINGS, ETC.

Dennison's, 141 St. Peter St., undertakes complete illustrating of trade catalogues, book and newspaper illustrations. Tel. Main 2214.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — FOR THE MILLION, KINdling, $2; cut maple, $2.50; tamarac blocks, $1.75; mill blocks, 1.50 per load, delivered anywhere in the city. J. C. MacDiarmid, Richmond square. Bell Tel. Up 2553. 206 tf

FOR SALE — CASH OR CREDIT, FURNIture and carpets for parlours, bedroom, dining room and kitchen, pictures, mirrors, clocks, etc. Call and see. 189 and 189a Montcalm st., 2nd door above St. Catherine st. 181 tf

FOR SALE — MANUFACTURERS' SAMples, ladies' vests, combinations and bodices; gent's shirts and drawers, Balbriggan, merino and natural wool; remnants pillow cotton, roller, butcher and table linens. Rowell's General Bazaar, 3 Cypress, opposite Windsor Hall. 17 3

FOR SALE — FINE UPRIGHT PIANO, ALmost new, must be sold, a great bargain. 69 Aylmer st. 18 3

FOR SALE— R. S. WILLIAMS UPRIGHT piano, $105 cash. Owner left town. Can be seen at 2440 St. Catherine st. 18 2

FOR SALE — BEAUTIFUL UPRIGHT piano, New York make, cost $425 last September and being seized for debt, will be sold cheap for cash. 356 Logan Park West. 17 2eod

FOR SALE — A LARGE STOCK OF PIANOS and organs, of the 19th century design; must be sold regardless of cost before the end of the month, to make room for the new 20th century styles, which we shall soon be receiving. Layton Bros., 144 Peel st., sole agents for the celebrated Behr Bros., Evans Bros., Whaley, Royce, and Williams pianos. Thomas, Berlin and Uxbridge organs. N. B.—Clearance sale now on. Open evenings until Feb. 1st. 16 2 2aw

FOR SALE — WE OFFER CHOICE OF the finest new pianos ever seen in the City of Montreal, for $300 each; payable $7 monthly; warranted high class American and Canadian makers; no inferior goods, but finely constructed and beautifully cased pianos of splendid tone and appearance. These pianos will please any musician and are better value than many pianos sold by small dealers at $400 and upwards. Lindsay-Nordheimer Co., 2366 St. Catherine st. 19 8

FOR SALE — ONE NEW RACCOON COAT, $10, and one do. $20; one Russian fur coat, $13; good size. Apply 12 Plateau st. 19 1

FOR SALE — FINE BOOKS. NEW WORK, Queen Victoria; Her Reign and Diamond Jubilee; 400 pages, cloth, $1.50. Dominion Company, T. Bowland, 46 Belmont Park, Montreal. 19 1

FOR SALE — UPRIGHT PIANO AND stool, New York make, handsome case, modern size, good tone, only real bargain in city; sacrifice; $37 cash. 83½ Sanguinet street. 19 1

FOR SALE — GREAT PIANO BARGAINS at W. H. Leach's, 2440 St. Catherine st., between Stanley and Drummond. Morris, Steinway, Chickering, Williams, Nordheimer, Heintzman, and other makers, to select from; prices from $100 upwards. Terms to suit purchasers; pianos exchanged. N. B.—Open every evening until 9.30. 19 1

HORSES, CARRIAGES, ETC.

FOR SALE — A DOUBLE QUEBEC CARIole, a single crossway sleigh, and a four wheel dog-cart. Address A, 1923, Star Office. 272 tf

FOR SALE — BAY MARE, TROTTER, beautiful square gaited driver; can road better than 2.30; sold cheap or traded. A. St. Germain, Cote St. Antoine Road, Westmount. 17 4

FOR SALE — HORSES, JUST ARRIVED from the West, carload of horses, suitable for all purposes. Private sales at all times. Auction every day at 2.30 p.m., T. W. Foster and Co., 597-601 St. Paul st. 18 2

FOR SALE — QUEBEC CARRIOLE, CARRY four or six, made by T. Carette, Ste. Marie Beauce, used one season, cost $80, price $40. 108 McCord st. 19 1

FOR SALE — 2 VERY FINE BUFFALO robes and 1 Quebec carriole. Apply to 2607 St. Catherine st. 19 2 2aw

FOR SALE — BAY MARE, 16½ HANDS high, showy in saddle and harness; can be driven by a child; would be a good mare for a farmer, who wants to raise a superior class of colts; also light cutter, almost new; light open buggy, harness, saddles, bridles, etc. Apply between 12 and 2 or 4 and 6 p.m., 2627 St. Catherine st., city. 19 2

FOR SALE — FAST PACING GELDING, BY Almont Wilkes, dam by Winfield Scott; he is a bay gelding, 6 years old, 15½ hands high; perfectly sound and kind, without a record, and can pace a full mile in 2.18 or better. If handled this season should pace in 2.10 or 2.12. Will show his speed the day of the sale under the watch. Will be sold by auction Thursday, January 24th, at 2.30 p.m., at T. W. Foster and Co.'s, 597-601 St. Paul st. Tel. Main 3363. 18 2

LOST.

LOST — A YOUNG BLACK COCKER SPANiel dog, name Silk; small leather collar and red ribbon. Reward at Mr. Cramp's, 62 McTavish st. 17 8

LOST — WOULD THAT YOUNG GENTLEman that was seen picking up the purse near or entering Dr. Young's, on Notre Dame st., Monday, at 12.20, please return, as he is known, at 300 St. Charles Borromee st., and receive reward. 19 2

LOST — ON ST. CATHERINE, BETWEEN St. Mark and Hallowell sts., square brown purse, containing change and car tickets. Finder please return to 874 Metcalfe ave., Westmount. 19 1

LOST — SATURDAY LAST, PURSE, WITH $7.00 in bills and visiting cards, Lothia Magorem. Finder please return to 1780 Notre Dame st. for reward. 19 1

LOST — ABOUT 6 O'CLOCK TUESDAY evening, via St. Antoine, Windsor or Lagauchetiere sts.; musk ox robe. Finder return and be rewarded. E. Cote, 143 St. Antoine st.

LOST — ON JANUARY 22, MUSK OX ROBE, on St. Antoine, Cathedral, Dorchester, Beaver Hall or Lagauchetiere st. Generous reward at 791 Lagauchetiere st. A. Dubois. 19 1

LOST — ON THE 21ST INST., NEAR THE corner of Craig and Bleury, a right hand fur gauntlet. Finder please return to 712 Craig street. 19 1

FOUND.

FOUND — A COLLIE DOG. OWNER CAN have same by proving property and paying expenses, at 1698 St. James st. 19 1

PARTNERS WANTED.

WANTED — LADY OR GENTLEMAN TO take half interest in established office business. Open to strict investigation and your capital under own control. For particulars address P. O. Box 1171. 18 2

WANTED — THE ADVERTISER HAVING several well established agencies, and with the object of extending same, is open to offer partnership to a party whose duties will be to take the office management. This is a splendid opening to a party with a few thousand dollars capital required, is to purchase stock. For further particulars, apply A, 2135, Star Office. 19 3

PIANO TUNING AND REPAIRING.

An Expert Tuner At your service. Moderate charges. All work guaranteed. Drop post card or telephone Up 960. W. H. Leach, Piano Dealer, 2440 St. Catherine st., between Stanley and Drummond sts.

ADVERTISING SIGNS.

Outdoor Advertising The largest Newspapers in Canada have placed orders through me for Tin Signs. They appreciate this means of advertising. Get prices from J. N. Warminton, 207 St. James St., Montreal. Tel. Main 23.0.

HARNESS, SADDLERY, ETC.

"Stays Mended" when we repair your harness, Saddlery, etc. Fine harness and stable requisites a speciality. J. W. Roberts, 336 St. James. Tel. Main 1968.

PLUMBING AND STEAMFITTING.

Emergency You can get a plumber any hour of the day, night or Sunday. Tel. Up 1052. Jobbing promptly attended to. JNO. BURNS & CO., Plumbers, Gas and Steamfitters, 684 Craig and 76 Mackay Sts.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR

Removed Forever by Electrolysis at Mrs. Geo. Tucker's Chiropodist and Facial Dermatologist, 437 Craig, opposite Champ de Mars. Work guaranteed or fee refunded.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED— THE NATIONAL LIFE ASSURance Company of Canada wants general agents in every city and county in the Province of Quebec, and local agents in every parish. Apply, with references, to Charles G. Glass, Provincial Manager, 180 St. James st., Montreal. 8 12

WANTED — A FIRST CLASS COOK FOR hotel work, lady or gentleman; good wages. Apply the Adams House, Chatham, N. B. Give reference. Thomas Flanagan. 14 tf

WANTED — AGENTS ON SALARY OR commission; the greatest agents' seller ever produced; every user of pen and ink buys it on sight; 200 to 500 per cent. profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours. Monroe Mfg. Co., X. 147, La Crosse, Wis. 16 6

WANTED — A COMPETENT GENERAL servant for small family; must be able to cook. Apply with references to 4156 Dorchester street. 17 3

WANTED — A GOOD COOK; MUST BE A young woman and have the best city references. Apply after 7 p.m., Mrs. Major, 421 Guy st. 17 3

WANTED — A SMART BOY. APPLY AT once, to Star Editorial Rooms, 163 St. James st. 17 4

WANTED — 100 MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade; terms moderate; good positions secured everywhere; wages Saturdays; lodgings, tools, railroad ticket, catalogue free. Hall's Barber School, Montreal. 17 4

WANTED — A MAN TO ACT AS WASHER in laundry. 799 Craig st. 18 3

WANTED — AT ONCE YOUNG MAN AS INdoor servant, experienced and with city references. Apply 84 Redpath st. 18 3

WANTED — HOUSE AND TABLEMAID for small family; references required. 289 Mountain st. 18 2

WANTED — 50 FIRST CLASS MACHINIST lathe and planer hands, men willing to work on night gang; large shop; steady work; good wages. State age and experience. Address N. 1907, Star Office. 18 12

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED GIRL for the kitchen, where upstairs girl is kept; references required; no washing or ironing. Apply in the evenings, 368 St. Antoine st. 18 2

WANTED — A YOUNG GIRL FOR UPstair work and to assist with 2 children; references. Apply to 435 Mount Pleasant ave., Westmount. 18 2

WANTED — PLAIN AND FANCY IRONERS; only experienced hands. Apply Troy Laundry, 8 and 10 Inspector st. 18 2

WANTED — A BOY FOR A PRINTING office, one who has had some experience preferred. Apply Trade Review, 679 Craig st. 18 3

WANTED— A GENERAL SERVANT, GOOD reference required. Apply 13 Tupper st., from 7 to 9 p.m. only. 18 2

WANTED — AGENTS IN UNOCCUPIED territory for the finest line of bicycles ever constructed. We have a splendid proposition for the right parties. For particulars address Box 426, St. John, N. B. 13 3aw tf

WANTED — AGENTS FOR SALE OF NIAgara vapor bath cabinets, easy to sell; big profits. Send for particulars. Jones and Co., 37 Yonge st., Toronto. 17 3eod

WANTED — RELIABLE MEN IN EVERY locality throughout Canada to introduce our goods, tacking up show-cards on trees, fences, along roads and all conspicuous places, also distributing small advertising matter; commission or salary, $60 per month and expenses not to exceed $2.50 per day; steady employment to good, honest reliable men; no experience needful. Write for particulars. The Empire Medicine Co., London, Ont. 13 26eod

WANTED — WE MUST HAVE AT ONCE A number of reliable persons and families in this locality to work for us, whole or spare time; good wages paid. No canvassing. Write for position to-day. People's Syndicate, Dept. A., 130 Yonge st. 10 13 3aw

WANTED — LADIES AND GENTLEMEN to prepare for the stage, practical experience given; plays put on for all occasions. Coleman, 2444a St. Catherine st. 19 1

WANTED — MEN TO START IN THE DIStributing business; a new and profitable profession for men of ordinary intelligence and limited means; start now while the field is new; send for circular describing book teaching how to establish and conduct successful distributing agency. W. H. Steinbrenner, Dept. 68, Cincinnati, O. 19 6 2aw

WANTED — A TRAVELLER HAVING A knowledge of woollens, who could carry samples as a side line. Applicants should state their experience, give references, etc. Address "Traveller," Star Office. 19 4

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL OR WOMAN to assist with light housework and care of two children. Apply 620 St. Urbain street. 19 1

WANTED — MEN AND WOMEN TO learn a trade; wages soon. Apply after 12.30 p.m., at 55 Metcalfe (basement.) 19 1

WANTED — GIRL ABOUT 15 TO ASSIST with light housework; one to sleep at home preferred. Apply 5 Lorne Crescent. 19 2

WANTED — GOOD HANDS TO OPERATE on Singer machine, to make shirts and overalls, at our factory. Apply R. C. Wilkins, 198 McGill st. 19 2

WANTED — HOUSE AND TABLEMAID, with references, for 31st January. Apply Mrs. Gordon Strathy, 154 Metcalfe st. 19 3

WANTED — BY THE EQUITABLE LIFE Assurance Society, two experienced French speaking inspectors to appoint agents and work with them in the Province of Quebec; salary and expenses to thoroughly responsible and capable men. Apply to S. P. Stearns, Manager, Office Equitable Life, 157 St. James street. 19 3 3aw

WANTED — A YOUTH ABOUT 17 TO DEliver inc. lamps for Electric Lt. Co.; must be intelligent and know city well. Apply V. 2090, Star Office. 19 1

WANTED — YOUNG MAN TO COLLECT; must have fair education and be able to furnish references. Address V, 2091, Star Office. 19 1

WANTED — A STENOGRAPHER WITH knowledge of bookkeeping. Apply in own handwriting, stating salary expected. Address V, 2094, Star Office. 19 2

WANTED — ACTIVE BOY FOR OFFICE and store, about 14 years; must write well. Address V, 2097, Star Office. 19 1

WANTED — RESPECTABLE DINING ROOM girl. Grand Central Dining Room, 518 St. James street. 19 1

WANTED — A NURSE FOR A FAMILY OF three young children. Address 407 St. Hubert. 19 1

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT FOR small family in flat, no washing, good home. 283 Clarke avenue, Westmount. 19 1

WANTED — AT ONCE GENERAL SERvant for small family. Apply 58 Mackay street. 19 1

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL TO HELP WITH general housework. Apply 169 Mansfield st. 19 1

WANTED — A BELL RINGER FOR Church of St. James the Apostle. Applicant must have a knowledge of chimes. Apply Henry Miles, Warden, 63 St. Sulpice st. 19 1

HORSES, ETC.

Horse Auction every day at 2.30 p.m. Private sales at all times. Choice stock, fine selection always on hand. T. W. Foster & Co., 597 St. Paul St.

MESSENGER SERVICE.

Call Uptown 932 Theatre tickets, tickets for hockey matches, concerts, etc., secured and delivered promptly by telephoning The City Despatch Messenger Service. Messengers furnished for Hall Service.

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Window Shades to order, all sizes and colours, wholesale and retail. Measures and estimates free of charge. The Montreal Window Shade Co. Tel. Main 3342. 132 William.

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Pianos $2 Month The best place to buy or rent Pianos, Organs and Sewing Machines rented with privilege of purchasing pianos, $25, $100, $110. New Pianos half price. Tuned for $1, exchanges made. Telephone east 317. Arthur Graham, 84 Prince Arthur.

LADIES' TAILOR.

Wanted—500 Ladies To get tailor-made suits to order, at the Engel American Tailor Co., $30 and $40 suits, silk lined, will be made to order for $20, for 10 days only. Home spun and pure wool guaranteed perfect fit; all the work we do is up to date. 2454 St. Catherine. (Open evenings.)

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED — A GOOD ASSISTANT BUTTER maker; must speak French and English; also a storehouse or shipping clerk, one who is a good judge of butter, a cheese maker. Address C. Mignault, General Delivery, Montreal. 16 6

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED TABLEmaid. Apply at 898 Sherbrooke st. 17 4

WANTED — BOILER MAKER FOR A CONtractors' repair shop in Western Ontario; good wages and steady employment for a steady man. State references and wages expected. Box M, 1887, Star Office. 17 3

WANTED — AGENTS SELL "CANADA'S Sons on Kopje and Veldt" like a whirlwind. It is the only Canadian book. Superbly illustrated with original pictures, and reads like a romance. Every loyal Canadian subscribes. Experienced canvassers reaping the richest harvest of their lives. Beginners doing wonders. Send for our free prospectus and coin money. Linscott Publishing Company, Toronto. 17 6

WANTED — AGENTS. YOU TALK ABOUT a bonanza. An agent sold five hundred dollars worth of "Canada's Sons on Kopje and Veldt," in 26 days. Just think of it! Another 155 copies in two weeks; another fifty in a few hours; another sixteen in an afternoon; another 57 in five days. This is the way to make money. Get free prospectus. Bradley-Garretson Company, Limited, Brantford. 17 6

WANTED — HUSTLING YOUNG MAN can make forty dollars a month and expenses; permanent position. Experience unnecessary. Box F, 1740, Star Office. 17 6

WANTED — FOUR YOUNG MEN TO DO special work, two East and two West. Good thing for pushers. References. Box F, 1739, Star Office. 17 6

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED MILLwright, one who is also a machinist, for Montreal. Address P, 1966, Star Office. 17 3

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED MAID and general servant. Apply between 7 and 9 p.m., at Apartment 16, 1018 Sherbrooke st. 17 3

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY AN INVOICE clerk for wholesale hardware firm, who can write English and French. Apply with references, T, 2045, Star Office. 18 2

WANTED— A GENERAL SERVANT WHO can cook; references required; good wages. Apply at 4100 Dorchester st. 18 2

WANTED — A GOOD SKIRT AND BLOUSE maker, could board with the family. Apply McCoy's Cheap Dry Goods Store, 194 Bleury street. 18 2

WANTED — OFFICE BOY. ADDRESS P, 1983, Star Office. 17 3

WANTED — AT ONCE, A FIRST CLASS window dresser; no need to apply if not fully experienced. Address The Old St. George, 1883 Notre Dame st. 18 3

WANTED — AT ONCE A GOOD RELIABLE nurse, with experience, for one child; city references wanted. Apply to 93 Crescent st. 19 1

WANTED — FIRST CLASS GENERAL SERvant, family of eight, for Westmount. Address Box D, 7643, Star Office. 19 3

WANTED — DRAUGHTSMAN. WANTED junior, who can do plain lettering and writing, quickly and neatly. Apply by letter, giving rough specimen of lettering, to A, 2117, Star Office. 19 2 2aw

WANTED — BOY TO DELIVER PARCELS, etc., and assist storekeeper. Apply 419 St. James st., Ness, McLaren and Bate. 19 1

WANTED — ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, salary $6 per week for first year. State experience. A, 2112, Star Office. 19 1

WANTED — LADY STENOGRAPHER, SALary $5 per week. State speed and experience. A, 2113, Star Office. 19 1

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT; REferences. 154 Mance st. 19 1

WANTED — AN OFFICE BOY. APPLY IN applicant's own handwriting, to Box A, 2124, Star Office. 19 1

WANTED — AT ONCE A YOUNG GIRL AS general servant. Apply 88 Park avenue, city. 19 1

WANTED — BOY TO WORK AROUND store and run messages. Apply to R. C. Anderson, 185 St. Antoine st. 19 1

WANTED — HEADWAITER AND DINING room girls. Apply Grand Union Hotel, 1912 Notre Dame st. 19 1

WANTED — AT ONCE TWO STRONG girls for kitchen work. Apply 1750 Notre Dame st. 19 1

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY SMART youth for warehouse and to keep stock of cloths. Address, stating age, wages and references, B, 2146, Star Office. 19 1

WANTED — A GOOD GIRL TO ASSIST IN light housework in small family; good wages. Apply to 62 City Hall avenue. 19 1

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSE work; good wages. Call 178 Elgin st., cor. Prince Arthur. 19 1

WANTED — COOKS FOR HOTELS AND private families in town and out of town; general servants for St. Johns, St. Annes, Ottawa, New Brunswick and Halifax; fares paid. Gorman's Agency, 76 Mansfield st., court entrance. 19 1

WANTED— A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT; no washing; good wages; references required. Apply at 15 St. Mark st. 19 1

WANTED — ONE HAVING A GOOD CONnection with the retail grocers, to sell goods on commission; speaking French and English. Apply at 101 Inspector st. 19 1

WANTED — A RELIABLE YOUNG MAN, to whom good wages will be paid, to deliver on a milk round. Address at once, with references, to B, 2156, Star Office. 19 1

WANTED — RAPID AND ACCURATE stenographer and typewriter. Apply with references to P. O. Box 509. 19 3

WANTED — AS GENERAL SERVANT, good plain cook. 88 Shuter st. 19 1

WANTED — RELIABLE AGENTS, WITH reference, for instalment house; salary or commission. Apply 749a St. Lawrence street. 19 1

WANTED — AGENTS, TO WORK ON COMmission, with a view to permanent employment if services are satisfactory. The United Incandescent Gas Light Co., 24 Victoria square. 19 3 3aw

WANTED — GOOD WAITERS AT SYDNEY Hotel, Sydney. 19 3

WANTED — RUNNERS, TURNERS, BANDers, Skelton, Bros. and Co., Shirt and Collar Factory, cor. Duke and William sts. 19 3

WANTED — SMART, RELIABLE OFFICE man, position permanent to right man. Apply to Box B, 2155, Star Office. 19 3 3aw

WANTED— A SALESMAN, WITH EXPERIence in the dry goods and boot and shoe business, one capable of keeping stock; also an assistant. Apply with references, P. 908, Star Office. 19 3

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.

ROOMS — FURNISHED ROOMS, GAS AND steam heating, also large unfurnished room, central location. 735 Palace st., corner of Palace and Beaver Hall Hill. 17 3

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Cages, Aquariums in all the latest novelties. Parrots, Thrushes and Mocking Birds. Fish Food, Bird Seed, etc. I have no agents or branch stores. R. C. Wills, 109 Bleury st.

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SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED— SITUATION BY A NURSE FOR children; good references. Apply to Mrs. Jacobson, 64 Crescent st. 19 1

WANTED — POSITION OF STOREMAN, OR packer; several years' experience and can be well recommended. Address 736 St. Dominique street. 19 2

WANTED — SITUATION AS CUTTER IN first class tailoring business, also understands cutting; best of references in Canada and the United States. Apply E, 1691, Star Office. 15 10

WANTED — CLOTHES WRINGERS TO REpair at your house, promptly. Send your address immediately. Mention what's wrong. John Stapleton, 8a Hermine st. 16 4

WANTED — BY A YOUNG LADY REcently from the old country, post as submatron; is well connected and educated. Address M, 1888, Star Office. 17 4

WANTED — TO TAKE CHARGE OF A case requiring isolation or care of an invalid, experienced. Apply 1836 Ontario st. 17 3

WANTED — POSITION AS HOUSEKEEPer by highly respectable person, Protestant, capable of taking any position of trust. Address Housekeeper, 25 Guilbault st. 18 2

WANTED — SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPer by a lady whose husband is away from home most of the time, capable of taking charge of a first class establishment; references exchanged. Write giving name and requirements. Address R, 1999, Star Office. 18 2

WANTED — POSITION AS CASHIER OR assistant bookkeeper, by young lady; experienced in office work. Address R, 2000, Star Office. 18 2

WANTED — SITUATION AS CHINESE cook. Address B, 7589, Star Branch Office. 18 3

WANTED — SITUATION AS JANITOR, best of references. Address S, 2015, Star Office. 18 2

WANTED — BY RESPECTABLE GIRL situation as plain cook. Address C, 7602, Star Branch Office. 18 2

WANTED — BY GENTLEMAN POSITION, salesman, traveller or any other occupation requiring brains; highest references, want no salary if cannot satisfy employer. Address T, 2058, Star Office. 18 3

WANTED — CLERKSHIP BY GENTLEman, with sixteen years' experience in first class Dublin offices; excellent testimonials. Apply H. Leet, care of Dean Carmichael, Windsor st. 18 3

WANTED — BY A YOUNG LADY, WITH experience, position as stenographer and typewriter; best reference. C, 7614, Star Branch Office. 18 2

WANTED — BY A YOUNG MARRIED MAN, 32 years of age, a position in a wholesale house, or with a manufacturing company, has had full charge of stock and shipping department of a large manufacturing company for over five years, and six years' office experience. Address Box O, 1950, Star Office. 17 3 3aw

WANTED — FIRST CLASS COOK REquires position, hotel or restaurant; would work as extra. Address C, 7632, Star Office. 19 2

WANTED — DRESSMAKING OR CHILdren's sewing in private families, by the day or week. Address 828 Palace st. 19 1

WANTED — BY EDUCATED WOMAN position as housekeeper or manager of institute; thoroughly experienced; highest references. Box C, 7627, Star Branch Office. 19 2 2aw

WANTED— POSITION BY AN ALL ROUND cook; hotel or restaurant. Address 11 St. Bernard st., city. 19 1

WANTED — SITUATION BY EXPERIenced nurse, care of an infant. Apply 745 Lagauchetiere st. 19 1

WANTED — SITUATION AS PLAIN COOK or general servant, in private family. Apply 745 Lagauchetiere st. 19 1

WANTED — SITUATION AS BOOKKEEPer or general office work, many years experience, both languages, best of references. Address V, 2092, Star Office. 19 3

WANTED — POSITION AS WORKING housekeeper. Address 11 St. Bernard st. 19 1

WANTED — BY FIRST CLASS DRESSmaker, work in private families; ladies', misses', children's work. D, 7648, Star Branch Office. 19 1

WANTED — BY LICENTIATE IN PHARmacy, position in retail drug business; 8 years' experience. Address B, 2145, Star Office. 19 2

WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN, WITH knowledge of bookkeeping, and experienced in stenography and typewriting; position; holds reference. Apply Flanders, 341 Cadieux street, city. 19 1

WANTED — LADIES TO HIRE GENERAL servants, cooks, tablemaids, kitchenmaids and nurses, now coming in after the holidays; always reliable; always quick. Gorman's Agency, 76 Mansfield st., court entrance. 19 1

ROOMS AND BOARD.

ROOMS — NICELY FURNISHED FRONT room, for a gentleman; private family, and all modern conveniences; no children. Apply 64 Crescent st. Tel. 2485. 19 1

ROOM — WITH BOARD, LARGE FRONT, sunny, warm room, on bathroom flat, with first class board, at 131 Metcalfe st. 14 6

ROOMS — AND BOARD, VERY WARM sunny double room, on bathroom flat, with board, at 92 Union avenue. 16 5

ROOMS — AND BOARD AT WESTMOUNT, country air, with city conveniences, street cars every minute, double and single rooms, suitable for small family. 214 Wood avenue.

ROOMS — FINE DOUBLE ROOM, FRONT and back parlour, with or without board. 8 Durocher st. 17 3

ROOMS — WITH BOARD IN CENTRAL LOcality, also rooms without board, to be had at 53 Union ave. 18 6

ROOMS — AND BOARD, ONE DOUBLE and one single room, both very comfortably furnished, with first class board. 34 St. Matthew st. 19 4

ROOMS — AND BOARD, LARGE ROOM, bath flat, and board, at 112 Stanley, hot water, heating, Auer light; private Protestant family; references exchanged. 19 3

ROOMS — WELL HEATED, WITH GOOD board, $3.50, also table board, $2.50 a week. 30 Victoria st. 19 4

ROOMS — AND BOARD, AT UNION AVEnue House, 83 Union avenue; first class table board; transients accommodated. 19 4

ROOMS — ONE OR TWO ROOMS, FURnished or unfurnished, with board or use of kitchen; family private; no children. 2692 St. Catherine st. 19 2

ROOMS — WITH BOARD; TRANSIENTS accommodated; late dinner. 38 McGill College avenue. 19 2

ROOMS — AND BOARD, 55 BEAVER HALL Hill, central and most healthy position in city, $4.50 per week; also double rooms, heated by water; parlour and piano, etc. Table board, comfortable accommodation; full board, $3 per week. 19 1

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ROOMS — TO RENT, LARGE BEDROOM and double parlour, well furnished, well lighted, with every convenience. Address Box G. 1780, Star Office. 171 tf

ROOMS — WELL FURNISHED DOUBLE and single. Auer light. 49 Beaver Hall Hill. 9 12

ROOM — TO LET, PLEASANT FRONT room, breakfast and late dinner if desired; family private. 1175 St. Denis st. 13 10

ROOM — TO LET, LARGE, WELL FURnished room, bathroom flat, suitable for two gentlemen; strictly private family; electric light. 142 Bishop st., above St. Catherine. Telephone Up 1693. 17 6

ROOMS — TO LET, FURNISHED OR UNfurnished. Apply 25 Torrance st. 17 6

ROOMS — TO LET, WITH BOARD, ALL modern improvements; transients accommodated. 148 Mansfield st. 17 3

ROOMS — DOUBLE OR SINGLE, WITH board; transients. 106 Union ave. 17 3

ROOM — NICELY FURNISHED FRONT room, mantel iron bed, Auer light, bath, suitable for one or two gents or married couples; board if required. 234 Bleury street. 17 4

ROOM — LARGE FRONT UPPER ROOM, furnished, suitable for two; terms low. 23 Victoria st. 18 2

ROOM — COMFORTABLE BEDROOM, SUITable for one or two, h. w. heating, Auer light, every convenience. 96 Union avenue. 18 2

ROOM — TO LET A WARM, COMFORTably furnished front room, bathroom flat. 40a Latour st. 18 2

ROOM — LARGE FRONT ROOM, HOT water, gas, all the comforts desired; private family. 1505 Ontario st., corner St. Denis street. 18 5

ROOMS — COMFORTABLY FURNISHED, warm, Auer light, with or without board; transients taken. 45 McGill College ave. 18 3

ROOMS — COMFORTABLY FURNISHED, with gas and every convenience, with or without board. 91 University st. 18 5

ROOMS — TWO LARGE FRONT ROOMS; handsomely furnished. 129 Metcalfe st. 18 5

ROOM — SINGLE FURNISHED FRONT room; very warm; terms moderate. 53 Victoria st. 18 3

ROOM — TO LET, HANDSOMELY FURnished single room, Auer light; also transients. 63 Dubord st. 18 3

ROOMS — PARLOUR AND BEDROOM, comfortably furnished, hot water heating, gas, etc. 471 Guy st., near Her Majesty's Theatre. 18 5

ROOM — TO LET, IN PRIVATE FAMILY, comfortably furnished room, hot water heating, bathroom floor. Apply 178 Mance st. 18 2

ROOM— ONE LARGE WELL FURNISHED, on bath flat, family of two, house very warm, steam heated, Auer light, hot water in bath all time; room very clean and kept clean; to one or two gentlemen; no students. 69 Beaver Hall Hill. 18 4

ROOM — COMFORTABLY FURNISHED, $3 per month, hot water. 288 St. Charles Borromee, near Sherbrooke. 18 3

ROOM — NICELY FURNISHED, FOR A lady and gentleman or a couple of gentlemen preferred. 93 St. Felix st. 19 1

ROOM — FURNISHED ROOM, HEATED BY furnace, and board, gentlemen only, at 29 Victoria st. 19 2

ROOMS — WELL APPOINTED LARGE and small, private family, bath flat. 37 McGill College avenue. Apply forenoon, or evening before 8.30. 19 4

ROOMS — SINGLE AND DOUBLE, HANDsomely furnished. 138 Metcalfe st. 19 1

ROOMS — WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, with board, all conveniences; no children. 109 Stanley st. 19 1

ROOMS — TWO LARGE, BRIGHT ROOMS, on bathroom flat, with board; private family. 15 Plateau st. 19 3

ROOM — NICELY FURNISHED FRONT room, on bath flat, suitable for one or two gentlemen; Auer light; every convenience. 87 Mansfield st. 19 2

ROOMS — BEAUTIFUL FURNISHED rooms, on bath flat, with cold and hot water. Apply to 325 St. Lawrence st. 19 3

ROOMS — TWO FRONT ROOMS VACANT, with gas and heated by hot water; transients accommodated. 56 University st. 19 2 2aw

ROOMS — TO LET TWO FINE ROOMS, ADjoining, can be used as one or two offices; possession at any time. Apply to Mr. Godin, "La Presse" Building. 19 1

ROOMS — BACK AND FRONT PARLOUR, hot water heat, quiet, respectable private family; exceptionally low rates. 778 Dorchester st. Inspection solicited. 19 1

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WANTED — PUPILS. FRENCH (PARIsian), German, Spanish (bright prospects in Cuba.) Highly efficient methods. Professor Dambach, 2440 St. Catherine st. (over Leach's, Telephone Up 998.) Correspondence solicited. 303 27

WANTED — (FRENCH.) MONSIEUR WARnault 929 Berri.) Conversational method. Moderate terms. (No extra charge at pupils' residence.) 7 3 3aw

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE — GROCERY; BEST DOWN town location, $350 weekly business; immense whiskey trade; profits astonishingly large; no opposition; cheap rent; snap; $800 required. Address V, 2066, Star Office. 19 2 2aw

TO PHOTOGRAPHERS! EXTRAORDINARY opportunity. Walford's photographic studio is offered for sale. Health of proprietor necessitates immediate change of climate; first class equipment; large stock valuable negatives. "Lodge room," fully furnished, in connection; splendid opening, for energetic, competent man. Walford, corner St. Catherine and Victoria, Montreal. 19 3 2aw

FOR SALE — A FINE CANDY AND CIGAR stand, 12 Beaver Hall Hill, established 7 years; reasons for selling, wishing to give up business; stock, fixtures amount to $250.00, will sell for $100 cash. Apply on premises. 19 1

BOARD.

BOARD — MRS. McEWAN, LADIES' SICK nurse, superior accommodation; best medical attendance and references; strictly private. Terms moderate. 187 Cadieux st. 280 100

BOARD — AND ROOMS FOR LADIES DURing confinement; private. Ladies attended at their own home. Mrs. Bohme, Ladies' Doctress. 87 City Hall avenue. 232 100

BOARD — MRS. BEARL, LADIES' DOCtress, strictly private and superior accommodation, with professional attendance; ladies treated and attended. 73 Monique street. 19 5

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PERSONALS.

PERSONAL — WANTED INFORMATION OF Mrs. Margaret Hall, whose maiden name was Margaret Burns, supposed to live somewhere in Ireland; she will find something to her advantage by addressing D. G. Donovan, McKeesport, Pennsylvania, administrator of the estate of Andrew Burns, deceased. Irish papers please copy. 15 6

PERSONAL — WANTED INFORMATION OF Joseph C. Kenney, son of Lawrence J. and Elizabeth Queenan; last heard of in Terra Haute, Indiana, sixteen years ago. Address any information to his sister, Mary Kenney, 14 Cross st., Waltham, Mass. 15 6

PERSONAL — WANTED INFORMATION OF Margaret Behan, of Blacklion, King's County, Ire. Came to America (Boston supposed) some thirty to forty years ago. Maiden name Mahon. Had three daughters, Bridget, aged 47; Sarah, 43, and Margaret, 36 about. Write to W. H. O'Brien, Attorney-at-Law, 20 South Broad st., Philadelphia, or J. R. Murphy, Esq., 27 School st., Boston, Mass. 15 6

PERSONAL — INSOMNIA OR SLEEPLESSness. For instructions to prevent the above enclose $1. Address Peterboro' Medical Co., Box 55, Peterboro', Ont. 17 10

PERSONAL — WRINGERS REPAIRED promptly at your house. J. Stapleton, 8a Hermine st. 18 3

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

WANTED — TO PURCHASE LADIES' AND gentlemen's cast off clothing. We pay best prices in the city. S. Pearson, 2336 Notre Dame st. Mail orders promptly attended. 15 6

WANTED — LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES purchased and money lent thereon and on mortgage. M. J. Doherty, 180 St. James street. 17 6

WANTED — TWO WOODEN SIGNS, about 18 or 20 ft. long x 2 to 2½ ft. wide. Address V, 2077, Star Office. 18 2

LESSONS WANTED.

WANTED — A PERSON WILL GIVE LESsons in French, English, shorthand, bookkeeping, arithmetic, in exchange for piano lessons. Address V, 2098, Star Office. 19 1

MONEY TO LOAN.

SALARIED PEOPLE

Can get money on their own names without endorser or security; payments to suit borrower. Montreal Credit Company, 104 Temple Building, 185 St. James st. 57tf

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE and RETAIL
MERCHANTS without security, easy payments. TOLMAN, 302 New York Life Building 34 307

Do You Ever Borrow Money?

IF SO, WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS.

Whether you want to borrow $10 or $1000, whether you want it one month, six months, or one year, come and talk it over with us, we can save you money. No loan is too large; none too small to receive our careful attention. YOUR FURNITURE, PIANO, ORGAN, HORSE, WAGGON, ETC., can be used as security. No removal of goods. No enquiries among your neighbors. No publishing your transactions.

WHY TROUBLE YOUR FRIENDS

For the loan of a little money when you can borrow from us on one hour's notice, and so cheap? Because we guarantee our rates the cheapest in the city and have made the terms within the reach of all. That's why our old customers are borrowing of us from time to time.

MONTREAL LOAN & BROKERAGE CO.,
Room 8, No. 260 St. James St.,
Cor. Victoria square, Bank of Toronto Bldg.
298 tf

PATENT SOLICITORS.

INVENTIONS PATENTED
AND TRADE MARKS REGISTERED
IN ALL COUNTRIES.
OWEN N. EVANS,
290eod (2) Temple Building, Montreal.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

Write today for a free copy of our interesting books "Inventors Help" and "How you are swindled." We have extensive experience in the intricate patent laws of 50 foreign countries. Send sketch, model or photo for free advice. MARION & MARION, Experts, New York Life Building, Montreal, and Atlantic Building, Washington, D. C.

FETHERSTONHAUGH & CO.
CANADA LIFE BUILDING, Montreal.
Also Toronto, Ottawa and Washington.
169

The Grand Old Staple

COOK'S FRIEND BAKING POWDER

Is not cheap goods, but Good Goods Cheap.

Best Value in the Market. No Alum.
130e ntyt

BAILIFF'S SALE — PROVINCE OF QUEbec, District of Montreal. No. 16706. Circuit Court. M. Davidson, Plaintiff, vs. J. Fitzgerald, Defendant. On the 1st day of February, 1901, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile of said Defendant, No. 16 Champlain street, in the City of Montreal, will be sold, by authority of Justice, all the goods and chattels of the said Defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of household furniture, piano, etc. Conditions cash. J. E. COUTU, B.S.C. Montreal, January 23rd, 1901. 19 1

BAILIFF'S SALE — PROVINCE OF QUEbec, District of Montreal. No. 9795. Circuit Court. A. J. Proctor, Plaintiff, vs. E. Authier and al, Defendant. On the 1st day of February, 1901, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the place of business of the said Defendant, No. 1174 Notre Dame street, in the City of Montreal, will be sold, by authority of Justice, all the goods and chattels of the said Defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of machinery, fixtures, etc. G. A. LAFONTAINE, B.S.C. Montreal, Jan. 23, 1901. 19 1

PHOTO SUPPLIES, KODAKS, ETC.

Special Prices on Kodaks, Cameras, for Holiday Gifts. Developing and Printing for Amateurs. Montreal Photographic Supply. R. F. SMITH, 1756 Notre Dame. Up town, 148 Peel St.

GRINDING.

Just Like New! Old cutlery when ground and polished by us. Send your Scissors, Table Knives, Carvers, Razors, etc. W. L. Chipchase, 639 Craig St. Tel. M. 1589.

CARPENTRY WORK.

Quickly Done. Office, store or warehouse alterations promptly done. General estate work a specialty. Jos. Dubrule, Carpenter, 27 St. Alexander st. Tel. M. 3186.

BRASS FOUNDERS.

Rubenstein Bros. Brass castings of all descriptions. Electrical copper castings a specialty. Tel. M. 880. 587 Craig St.

DRAWING MATERIAL, ETC.

Science and Art students will find the largest stock of Drawing Instruments at Harrison & Co., Witness Building.

HORSES.

4 Cars heavy horses arrived Monday. Telfer & Climie Co., 19 St. Maurice street.

BAILIFF'S SALE — PROVINCE OF QUEbec, District of Montreal. No. 8964. Circuit Court. H. Thibeault, Plaintiff, vs. B. A. Drapeau, Defendant. On the first day of February, 1901, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile of the said Defendant, No. 318 Visitation st., in the City of Montreal, will be sold, by authority of Justice, all the goods and chattels of the said Defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of household furniture, etc. Terms cash. J. CAISSE, B.S.C. Montreal, 22nd January, 1901. 19 1

Finance and Commerce

MORNING SALES.

Bank of Montreal—3 at 260.
Royal Electric—15 at 213.
R. and O.—25 at 106¼, 40 at 106¾, 25 at 107, 1 at 106½, 25 at 107¼, 25 at 108¼, 25 at 108¼.
Twin City—100 at 67, 300 at 67¼.
Montreal Telegraph—10 at 172, 100 at 173.
Toronto Railway—175 at 108.
Republic—8000 at 48, 3000 at 47, 500 at 48, 2000 at 47.
C.P.R.—100 at 89.
Street Railway—50 at 268½, 100 at 268¾, 125 at 269, 50 at 269.
Street Railway (new)—35 at 264.
Merchants Cotton—10 at 137.
Dominion Coal pref.—35 at 109½.
Coloured Cotton bonds—$5000 at 99.
Dominion Cotton—50 at 91.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Reported for the Star by Gordon Strathy & Co., Stock Brokers, 9 St. Sacrament st.

12.30	Jan. 23 Ask.	Jan. 23 Bid.	Jan. 22 Ask.	Jan. 22 Bid.
STOCKS.				
Canadian Pacific	89½	89	89	88½
Duluth S.S. & A. Com	6	4	6	4
Do. Do. Pref.	16	13	16	13
Montreal St. Rail xd.	270	269½	268	267
Do do new xd	264	262½	262	259½
Toronto St. Railway	108	107¾	108	107½
Halifax St. Rail.	97	94½	97	94½
St. John do do	117½	......	117½	112
Twin City, Transit	67¾	67¼	67	66½
do do Pref.	......	......	......	......
R. & O. Nav. Co.	109	108½	107	106½
Commercial Cable	168	166½	165	166
Montreal Telegraph	173	170	175	170
Bell Telephone Co.	175	172	175	172
Montreal Gas	218½	217	218	217½
People's Heat & Light	......	......	......	......
Royal Electric	215	213	214	212½
Montreal Cotton	......	......	145	137½
Dom. Cotton	92	90½	91	90
Can. Cl.Ct. Co	79	75	79	75
Merch. Cotton Co.	......	131	......	131
Montmorency Cot.	......	......	......	......
Laurentide Pulp	135	120	134½	120
MINES.				
War Eagle	80	73	80	74
Republic	50	47	50	47
Payne Mining Co.	50	45	50	49
Montreal-London	......	......	......	......
Virtue Mining	28	25	28	23
North Star	89½	85	89½	85
Centre Star (unlisted)	......	......	......	......
Dominion Coal Co	......	......	......	......
Do do pref.	109¾	109¼	......	109
Inter. Coal Co.	100	......	100	......
Do do pref.	100	......	100	......
BANKS.				
Montreal	260	258½	......	......
Ontario	......	124	......	124
Molsons	191½	190	191½	190
Toronto	245	230	......	......
British N. America	......	128	......	128
Merchants	160	153	160	153
Royal	190	175	190	175
Nova Scotia	235	224	235	224
Eastern Townships	......	......	......	......
Commerce	147½	146	149	146
Dominion	......	......	......	......
Hochelaga	......	......	......	......
Imperial	......	......	......	......
Union	108	105	108	105
Quebec	......	......	......	......
National	......	......	......	......
North West Land	......	......	51	46
BONDS.				
Com. Cable (Coupon)	......	101½	......	101½
Do do (Reg'd)	......	101½	......	101½
People's Heat & Light	......	......	45	......
Halifax Railway	110	100	110	100
Land Grant	......	109	......	109
Can. Col. Cotton	99½	......	99½	98½
Dominion Coal	......	110	......	......
Laurentide Pulp	105	104½	105	100
Bell Tel.	......	......	......	......

MONTREAL MINING EXCHANGE.

Following were the sales at this morning's session of the Mining Exchange:
Payne—1000 at 50, 1000 at 48½.
Iron Mask—1000 at 40.
Republic—1000 at 48½.

MORNING BOARD.

Specially reported for the Star by S. Meredith and Company, Mining Brokers, 51 St. Francois Xavier st.

Wednesday, Jan. 23, 1901, 12.40 a.m.

Par Values of Shares.	Stocks.	Sellers.	Buyers.
1.00	Payne	49	45
1.00	War Eagle	80	72
1.00	Republic	48	46
1.00	North Star	90	84
1.00	Virtue	30	24
.24	Montreal, London	4	3
1.00	Big Three	2½	1½
1.00	Brandon & Golden Crown	10	3
1.00	California	4½	3½
.10	Can. Gold Fields Syn.	8	7
5.00	Cariboo Hydraulic	1.90	......
0.10	Evening Star	7	3
1.00	Gold Hills Developing	3	......
1.00	Knob Hill	50	40
1.00	Monte Cristo	2	......
.25	Montreal Gold Fields	3	2
.01	Noble Five	6	1½
0.10	Novelty	1½	1
1.00	Old Ironsides	75	65
1.00	Virginia	8	......
1.00	Rambler Cariboo	31	26
1.00	Bullion	40	......
1.00	Morrison	......	4½
1.00	Golden Star	5	2½
1.00	Slocan Sov.	7½	5½
1.00	Winnipeg	......	......
1.00	Deer Trail, Con.	3½	2½
1.00	Dupont	25	......
	UNLISTED STOCKS.		
1.00	Decca	3	1
.25	Dominion Consolidated	3½	2
.30	Montreal-Oregon	17	16½
.30	Granby Smelter	47	45
1.00	Majestic	8	......
.25	Fairview	5	......
1.00	Giant	5	......
1.00	White Bear	......	......
1.00	Grey Eagle	60	40
	Certainty	10	4

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

NEW YORK, January 23.—Cotton futures opened quiet and steady. January, 9.75; February, 9.38; March, 9.29; April, 9.25; May, 9.27; June, 9.25; July, 9.25; August, 8.95; September, 8.45; October, 8.25; November, 8.15.

MANITOBA WHEAT.

(Special to the Star.)

WINNIPEG, Man., January 23.—Wheat, Fort William freight rate, 82c; Brandon freight rate, 69c.

GROCER ASSIGNS.

Zoel Tardif, grocer, has consented to assign at the instance of David Tardif, who has been appointed provisional guardian.

Special Notice.

Mason & Risch Recital Postponed.

The usual Mason & Risch Recital, at their warerooms, 2366 St. Catherine street, will not be given this week. Due notice of the next recital will be given in the press.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

La Vida Corsets at 20 p. c.

Jeuness Miller Shoes at 20 p. c.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS AND PUBLICATIONS!

Miss Sexton, expert Corsetiere and Demonstrator, from New York, will be present in our Corset Dept. all this week in the interests of the W. B. and La Vida Corsets.

January Clearing and Discount Sale.

SPECIAL BARGAINS in all departments, and a general discount of 10 per cent. throughout the store all this month.

BLACK GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Black All Wool Henriettas, from 40c.
Black All Wool Costume Serges, from 25c.
Black All Wool Broadcloths, from 75c.
Black Silk and Wool Henriettas, from $1.50.
Black All Wool Bengaline, from 55c.
Black All Wool Satin Soleil, from 50c.
Black All Wool Canvas Cloth, from 35c.
Black Mohair Lustre, from 30c.
Black Silk Grenadine, from $1.00.
Special Discount of 10 per cent. off all the above
Black Silk and Wool Fancy Dress Goods, $3.50 for $1.60; $4.00 for $1.85; $4.25 for $2.00; $4.75 for $2.25.
And a Special Discount off all the above reduced prices of 10 per cent.
Fancy Black Mohair Lustre, prices from 30c to $1.00 per yard.
Less a Special Discount of 33 1-3 per cent.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

2343 St. Catherine St., Corner Metcalfe St.

TERMS CASH. 19y1 TELEPHONE UP. 933.

Stems, Dust and Company

—Don't offer this combination to your guests. Spend a cent a day more on your tea and buy the best of all

NECTAR TEA

Sold in Lead Packets Only, 25c, 35c, 50c and 60c per lb

Wholesale by E.D. MARCEAU, 296 St. Paul St., Montreal

19 1

THE BOARD OF TRADE ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report of the Montreal Board of Trade, Canada's greatest commercial institution, was issued to the members this morning. As is usual, the report deals exhaustively with the different branches of trade of the port of Montreal.

The report opens with a short summary dealing with the trade of the country at large, and is as follows:

The closing year of the nineteenth century was not without its vicissitudes, for continued war in South Africa, together with the unsolved Chinese problem and the war in the Philippines, all tended toward disquieting the financial world. Nevertheless, the expansion and general activity which was such a prominent feature in the commercial world during 1898 and 1899, continued throughout the year 1900, Canada enjoying a full measure of success in practically all fields of industry.

THE AGGREGATE TRADE

of the Dominion for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1900, was much the largest of any year in its history, the trade and navigation returns showing the total imports and exports of the Dominion to have been $381,317,000 as against $321,661,000 in 1899, and $304,475,000 in 1898. It will thus be seen that Canada's trade has amounted during 1900 to over one million dollars per day, and a comparison of last year's figures with those of five years ago (1895) shows that the combined import and export trade of Canada has increased by seventy per cent.

CANADA'S GRAIN CROP.

Of the Canadian grain crop the report says:

In Ontario the winter wheat crop was a large one, but, as there does not seem to be any great demand on the part of farmers to sell at the present low prices, very little of the crop has been exported. The spring wheat crop is larger than last year, and of good quality.

In Manitoba and the North-West Territories the yield has been the smallest in a number of years and the quality unsatisfactory. The drought in May and June damaged the crop very much, and many fields of wheat were ploughed under. The rains in July did considerable good, and had the harvest weather been good we should have had a fair crop of first-class quality. Unfortunately, the harvest was a wet one, and the larger portion of the crop is damp.

Corn.—Exports of this grain via Montreal during the season of 1900 were less than those of the year previous. The crop in the United States is a large one, but the stock of old corn has been reduced to a very small quantity, and prices for cash corn have been higher than usual. Owing to the small stocks in Chicago, the price in that market was run up to 50c during November.

Peas.—According to the Government report in Ontario, this crop is smaller than that of the previous year, and, owing to the high price of corn, dealers are feeding their peas and not selling as largely as usual.

Oats.—The crop in Ontario is larger than that of 1899, but our crop in Quebec is not as good. Prices have been fair and export demand good.

Barley.—There has been quite a good export demand for barley, but the crop in Ontario is not a large one.

Rye.—This crop is about the same as usual, and not a great deal going for export.

Hay.—The crop this year was barely an average one, and a much larger proportion than usual was of an inferior quality, owing to the wretched weather at cutting time. Good prices have been obtained for shipments to the United States, but the trade has been curtailed by the scarcity of cars. Exports to England have been much smaller than in previous years, owing to the comparatively higher prices realized in the States.

THE FLOUR TRADE.

Flour.—Trade during the first few months of the year was of a very quiet character, but in June some excitement was caused by the extreme dry weather in Manitoba and the Western States threatening to materially decrease the hard wheat crop. Prices advanced fully one dollar per barrel, but, notwithstanding the unusually short crop in Manitoba, most of this advance has since been lost, and prices of hard wheat grades at the close of the year are only about twenty cents per barrel higher than at the opening. Ontario wheat flours have been in good supply, and have met with a steady demand at fairly satisfactory prices.

THE DAIRY TRADE.

Butter.—Prices have been good and the demand in excess of supply. It is a matter of regret that in many sections our factorymen dropped the making of butter, thus causing a serious decrease in our exports of that article and an excessive make of cheese.

Cheese.—Our farmers have had a good time—large make and high prices. Complaints of poor quality from the British markets have been frequent during the past season. If our farmers wish to maintain the good position gained after many years of hard work, they must continue to make finest quality, or others will come in and take the trade from Canada.

Eggs.—The trade in eggs, like that in all other Canadian produce, has benefited greatly by the increased demand for our goods, as their value is becoming better known to the British consumer. The exports have within a few years grown to very large proportions, having increased from 35,000 cases in 1892 to 327,126 cases during the past season of navigation. This season has been very satisfactory, the prices realized being such as to ensure a fair profit to exporters.

Poultry.—The exports of poultry to Great Britain have grown in a few years to such an extent that it is now a very important branch of Canada's export trade. The bulk of this trade consists of the exportation of turkeys for the Christmas market. The chief obstacle to the increase of the trade lies in the disinclination of the Canadian farmer to alter his methods of preparing the birds for the market.

THE CATTLE TRADE.

The exports of cattle from this port show a considerable increase for the past season as compared with those of 1899, the figures for 1900 being 92,180, against 81,804 for the previous year. On the whole, the season's business, although large, was not a profitable one to the shippers. Less than 6,000 head of American cattle were exported through this port, while about twice that number of Canadian cattle found their way to European markets through American ports.

Sheep.—The high prices ruling in Britain during the whole season has made the export business a profitable one, but the relatively high rates of ocean freight, and the scarcity of freight space from this port, have forced a large part of the exports to go through American ports. The exports from this port were only 32,514 head, or less by almost half than those of last year, which were 58,272.

Horses.—Owing to the demand for horses for shipment to South Africa for war purposes, and to the high prices paid by the Imperial Government for good animals, exporters found it impossible to get horses at a price low enough to give them any return; this circumstance, together with the high rate of freight from this port, resulted in a falling off in the exports for the season of 1,907 head as compared with those of 1899, the figures for this year being 2,832.

THE DEATH ROLL.

During the year the board lost fifteen members by death. The names with the dates of their death are as follow:

Walter Drake, died on February 8th, 1900; H. A. Budden, died on February 27th, 1900; D. Battersby, died on March 28th, 1900; F. Cowans, died on April 18th, 1900; A. Sabiston, died on May 5th, 1900; T. F. Moore, died on May 17th, 1900; F. Wolferstan Thomas, died on May 17th, 1900; W. Barclay Stephens, died on May 27th, 1900; Francis Simms, died on July 14th, 1900; George Mc-Bean, died on July 18th, 1900; Thos. Samuel, died on August 10th, 1900; M. B. Smith, died on January 1st, 1901; F. B. Foster, died on January 6th, 1901; W. Oliver Smith, died on January 8th, 1901; George W. Simpson, died on January 15th, 1901.

THE BOARD'S FINANCES.

The treasurer's statement shows that the net revenue from the building has been increased from $51,054.01 to $53,178.99, a gain of $2,124.98; there has, at the same time, been a reduction in the cost of running the building, the expenditure for supplies, repairs, electric lighting and general expenses being $3723.60 in 1900, against $4,234.17 in 1899. The alterations to the building, of a permanent character, have cost this year $1800—one-third of this amount as well as one-third of what was expended in the same way last year, amounting in all to $1300, being charged against maintenance of building in the current year's accounts. There has been a slight falling-off in the membership during the past twelve months and the surplus in this department is reduced from $3240.59 for 1899 to $3081.82 for 1900. The result of the year's operations is that the revenue deficiency on the building, after paying over $27,000 interest, has been reduced from $2306.01 to $338.04, and that the net surplus for the year has been increased from $934.58 to $2355.78.

THE DELPIT CASE.

A largely attended public meeting was held in Association hall yesterday to consider what action should be taken in regard to the Delpit case.

The Rev. Dr. Williams presided, and briefly explained why he in conjunction with other members of the Ministerial Association had convened the meeting. In this connection he stated that a foreigner had declared a marriage performed by a competent officer and with the authority the Queen herself, as represented in the Lieutenant-Governor, to be null and void, and had furthermore informed the contracting parties that they were at liberty to marry again. Such a pronouncement dealt a blow to the sanctity of the marriage relation, and was a direct insult to British authority. An act of British law was the point at stake now and not the status of an Anglo-Saxon or French-Canadian or Hebrew. The Legislature of this province had appointed certain officers to perform marriages and had issued licenses to those who wished to enter the marital relationship. When a man and woman armed with one of these licenses appeared before a competent officer of the law and contracted marriage, that marriage was legal and no foreign power could upset it.

WHAT IS DONE IN FRANCE.

Even in France the question of setting aside civil marriages had never been thought of by the church. The newly-married couple might afterwards go through a second ceremony in the church, but that was not the marriage ceremony—that having been performed by the civil power. The man and woman were as truly man and wife before they entered the church as when they came out.

THE STEPS TAKEN.

The Rev. Dr. Hill added a few words in the course of which he explained that a wrong impression prevailed in the city, inasmuch as many people were of the belief that the Ministerial Association had taken up the case and had then dropped out of it. This he said was wrong, as the Association had never taken up the case, although three or four of its members had formed the committee which had convened the present meeting. Dr. Hill then referred to the offers of assistance which he had received, and expressed his belief that a sufficient sum would be obtained by popular subscription to take the case if necessary to the Privy Council.

THE RESOLUTION ADOPTED.

Dr. Hill proposed, and Rev. G. G. Huxtable, seconded, the following resolution, which was unanimously passed.

"That this meeting, deprecating the attempt on the part of Mr. Delpit to nullify his marriage, performed by a Protestant minister, under authority of the Lieutenant-Governor of this province, and sympathizing with Madame Delpit, and her innocent children, in the deplorable circumstances in which she and they are placed, resolve to appoint a committee to watch over the case, and to receive subscriptions to assist her to carry her defence, if need be, to the highest court of the Empire."

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The meeting then nominated the following citizens to act as the committee to receive, expend and control the funds, which may be received: G.W.Stephens,Jeffery Burland, Hon. J. K. Ward, Geo. Hague, Seth P. Leet, Walter Paul, Rev. Dr. Williams, Rev. James Fleck, Rev. Dr. Amaron, Rev. J. A. Gordon, Rev. Dr. Hill, Charles Cushing, Samuel Finley, A. A. Ayer, Rev. L. Massicotte, A. F. Gault, and L. J. A. Papineau, of Montebello.

THE ROYAL COMMISSION.

The royal commission on grain inspection in the port of Montreal met this morning in the council chamber of the Board of Trade. There were present Messrs. David Horn, Winnipeg, chairman; W. G. Parmelee, Deputy Minister of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa; Mr. Thomas A. Crane, Montreal, and Mr. C. A. Wilson, secretary. Mr. George Hannah, manager of the Montreal Warehousing Company, and Mr. Alex. Boyer, Deputy Grain Inspector, explained before the commission the methods of inspecting and weighing grain at present in use at this port. The witnesses said that under the present system it was not necessary to inspect all the grain passing through this port. Those wishing inspection, however, could have it. It was announced that a telegram had been received from Mr. McCuaig, secretary of the Liverpool Grain Association, to the effect that he was coming out to Canada with samples of grain said to be defective.

The band at the Victoria Skating Rink.

On account of a national sorrow for the death of our beloved Queen, who especially showed her love for children, the annual festival of St. Thomas Church Sunday School, arranged for Friday next, the 25th inst., is postponed until further notice.

CARRIED TOO FAR.

The Fear of Being Deceived or Humbugged Prevents Many People From Trying a Good Medicine.

Stomach troubles are so common and in most cases so obstinate to cure, that people are apt to look with suspicion on any remedy claiming to be a radical permanent cure for dyspepsia and indigestion. Many such people pride themselves on their acuteness in never being humbugged, especially in medicines.

The fear of being humbugged can be carried too far, so far, in fact, that many people suffer for years with weak digestion rather than risk a little time and money in faithfully testing the claims made for a remedy so reliable and universally used as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Now Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are vastly different in one important respect from ordinary patent medicines for the reason that they are not a secret patent medicine no secret is made of their ingredients, but analysis shows them to contain the natural digestive ferments, pure aseptic pepsin (government test) Golden Seal and diastase. They are not cathartic, neither do they act powerfully on any particular organ, but they cure indigestion on the common sense plan of digesting the food eaten thoroughly before it has time to ferment, sour and cause the mischief. This is the only secret of their success.

Cathartic pills never have and never can cure indigestion and stomach troubles, because they act only on the bowels, whereas the whole trouble is in the stomach.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets taken after meals, digest the food. That is all there is to it. Food, not digested or half-digested, is poison, as it creates gas, acidity, headaches, palpitation of the heart, loss of flesh and appetite and many other troubles which are often called by some other name. They are sold by druggists everywhere in the United States, Great Britain and Canada. 17 3 sod.

MR. PETER CROSSBY

A Well-Known Citizen Passed Away This Morning After a Short Illness.

WAS A PROMINENT MASON

And He Will Be Given a Masonic Funeral on Friday.

Mr. Peter Crosby, for fifty years a citizen of Montreal, died this morning at his home, 2747 St. Catherine street, after a short illness. He had been enjoying good health until Thursday last, when he was taken ill. There was thought to be no cause for alarm until Saturday, when his physicians were called in. In spite of everything he continued to sink, and this morning he passed away.

The late Mr. Crosby was 58 years of age. He came to Montreal from the Old Land just half a century ago, and after being educated worked as a reporter on the Pilot. Later he became a member of the staff of the Transcript. It then became the Daily News, and when it ceased publication in 1870 Mr. Crosby was managing editor. Continuing in the service of Mr. Lovell he compiled the first edition of Lovell's Gazetteer of British North America. Mr. Crosby then took a position as traveller for the Dominion Type Foundry, and then became the general manager, which position he occupied until the business was dissolved a little time ago. His mother, daughter and second wife survive him.

Mr. Crosby was a prominent Mason. He was Past Master of Zetland Lodge, No. 12, Q.R., A. F. & A.M., Grand Representative of the Indian Territories, and Past Noble Grand of Mizpah Lodge of Oddfellows.

Zetland Lodge will have charge of the funeral, which will take place from his late residence, on Friday, at 2.30 p.m.

MR. CROCKETT RESIGNS.

Will be Succeeded as Manager of the Temiscouata Railway by Mr. Lindsay

Mr. Thomas Crockett, who has for years been general manager of the Temiscouata Railway, has retired from the position, and has been succeeded by Mr. D. B. Lindsay, formerly the general freight and passenger agent of the railway.

It is understood that Mr. Crockett's retirement is due to ill health.

AN OLD CONSTABLE DEAD.

Police Constable Michael Cullen, who has been on the force for the past thirty years, twenty-five of which he was stationed in St. Ann's Market, is dead. He was a brother of ex-Chief Detective Cullen.

ST. MARY-WEST WARD

MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the election for the office of Alderman No. 1, for St. Mary-West Ward of this city, will be held on **Thursday, the 31st day of January instant.** The polls will be opened in the said Ward at 9 o'clock in the forenoon and closed at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, at the following places to wit :—

Poll No. 1.—At or near No. 6 De Salaberry street, comprises Electoral Districts Nos. 1 and 2, bounded by St. Ignace, Craig, Panet, Lagauchetiere, Visitation, Barclay streets and River St. Lawrence.

Poll No. 2.—At or near No. 1070 Notre Dame street, comprises Electoral District No. 3, bounded by Delorimier avenue, Craig, St. Ignace streets and River St. Lawrence.

Poll No. 3.—At or near No. 59 Lagauchetiere street, comprises Electoral Districts Nos. 4 and 5, bounded by St. Adolphus, Champlain, Dorchester, Maisonneuve, Lagauchetiere, Panet and Craig streets.

Poll No. 4.—At or near No. 96 Dorchester street, comprises Electoral Districts Nos. 6 and 7, bounded by Shaw, Dorchester, Champlain, St. Adolphus and Craig streets.

Poll No. 5.—At or near No. 22 Dorchester street, comprises Electoral District No. 8, bounded by Delorimier avenue, Kent, Shaw and Craig streets.

Poll No. 6.—At or near No. 123 St. Rose street, comprises Electoral District No. 9, bounded by Panet, St. Catherine, Visitation and Lagauchetiere streets.

Poll No. 7.—At or near No. 32 Maisonneuve street, comprises Electoral District No. 10, bounded by Maisonneuve, Dorchester, Panet and Lagauchetiere streets.

Poll No. 8.—At or near No. 135a Panet street, comprises Electoral Districts Nos. 11 and 12, bounded by St. Alphonse, St. Catherine, Panet and Dorchester streets.

Poll No. 9.—At or near No. 64 Maisonneuve street, comprises Electoral Districts Nos. 13 and 14, bounded by Champlain, St. Rose streets, Papineau avenue, St. Catherine, St. Alphonse and Dorchester streets.

Poll No. 10.—At or near No. 84a Gain street, comprises Electoral District No. 15, bounded by Shaw, St. Catherine, Papineau, St. Rose, Champlain and Dorchester streets.

Poll No. 11.—At or near No. 1471 Champlain street, comprises Electoral Districts Nos. 16, 20 and 21, bounded by Delorimier avenue, Demontigny, Champlain, St. Catherine, Shaw and Kent streets.

Poll No. 12.—At or near No. 234 Panet street, comprises Electoral Districts Nos. 17 and 18, bounded by Maisonneuve, Demontigny, Visitation and St. Catherine streets.

Poll No. 13.—At or near No. 143 Champlain street, comprises Electoral Districts Nos. 19 and 25, bounded by Champlain, Logan, Maisonneuve and St. Catherine streets.

Poll No. 14.—At or near No. 925 Demontigny street, comprises Electoral Districts Nos. 22, 23 and 24, bounded by Maisonneuve, Logan, Visitation and Demontigny streets.

Poll No. 15.—At or near No. 163 Champlain street, comprises Electoral Districts Nos. 26 and 27, bounded by Shaw, Ontario, Gain, Lafontaine, Champlain and Demontigny streets.

Poll No. 16.—At or near No. 647 Demontigny street, comprises Electoral Districts Nos. 28 and 30, bounded by Delorimier avenue, Ontario, Shaw and Demontigny streets.

Poll No. 17.—At or near No. 332 Plessis street, comprises Electoral Districts Nos. 29, 30 and 31, bounded by Maisonneuve, Lafontaine, Visitation and Logan streets.

Poll No. 18.—At or near No. 309 Maisonneuve street, comprises Electoral Districts Nos. 32 and 33, bounded by Champlain street, the line of Nonancourt street, Maisonneuve and Logan streets.

Poll No. 19.—At or near No. 338 Plessis street, comprises Electoral Districts Nos. 34 and 35, bounded by Maisonneuve, Ontario, Panet and Lafontaine streets.

Poll No. 20.—At or near No. 316 Panet street, comprises Electoral Districts Nos. 33 and 40, bounded by Panet, Lariviere, Visitation and Lafontaine streets.

Poll No. 21.—At or near No. 1038 Ontario street, comprises Electoral Districts Nos. 37 and 38, bounded by Gain, Ontario, Maisonneuve streets, the line of Nonancourt street, Champlain and Lafontaine streets.

Poll No. 22.—At or near No. 420 Plessis street, comprises Electoral Districts Nos. 41 and 46, bounded by Maisonneuve, Sherbrooke, Panet and Ontario streets.

Poll No. 23.—At or near No. 334 Champlain street, comprises Electoral Districts Nos. 42 and 47, bounded by Champlain, Sherbrooke, Maisonneuve and Ontario streets.

Poll No. 24.—At or near No. 319 Champlain street, comprises Electoral Districts Nos. 43, 44 and 48, bounded by Gain street, the line of Amity street, Papineau avenue, the north limits of the Ward, Visitation, Lariviere, Panet, Sherbrooke, Champlain and Ontario streets.

Poll No. 25.—At or near No. 454 Shaw street, comprises Electoral Districts Nos. 45 and 49, bounded by Delorimier avenue, the north limits of the Ward, Papineau avenue, the line of Amity street, Gain and Ontario streets.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is further given that the following persons are candidates at said election, to wit:

PIOOTTE, Joseph Narcisse, M. D., No. 1401 St. Catherine St.

RICARD, Joseph Onesime, Grocer, No. 690 Ontario St.

DIRECTIONS FOR THE GUIDANCE OF ELECTORS IN VOTING.

The elector is to vote only for one Candidate.

The voter will go into one of the compartments and with a pencil there provided, place a cross opposite the name of the Candidate for whom he votes.

The voter will then fold the ballot, so as to show a portion of the back only, and also in such manner as to permit the annex to be detached without unfolding the ballot paper; he will then deliver the ballot paper so folded to the Deputy Returning Officer, who will place it in the Ballot Box, after having detached the annex. The voter will then forthwith quit the poll.

If a voter inadvertently spoils a ballot paper, he may return it to the proper officer, who, on being satisfied of the fact, will give him another.

If the elector votes for more than one Candidate, or places any mark on the ballot paper by which he may afterwards be identified, his vote shall be void and will not be counted.

If the voter takes a ballot paper out of the poll, or fraudulently puts into the Ballot Box any other paper than the ballot paper given him by the Deputy Returning Officer, he shall be subject to severe punishment (sections 153 and 108 of the Charter).

L. O. DAVID,

City Hall, Montreal, 21 January, 1901. Returning Officer.

The Belfast Warehouse

January LINEN SALE

Have You a Table Linen Want?

Bring it to us and have it amply satisfied for a very small outlay.

NAPKINS.

Twenty dozen of "seconds," slight flaws, regular price, $1.60, for... ... ...

Forty dozen of a better quality, also "seconds," regularly $2.00, for ... ...

A special purchase of regular goods at the price of "seconds."

TEA SIZE in very pretty designs, Marguerites and small Fern patterns, $2.50, for ... ...

DINNER SIZE in Ivy and Oak leaf, Water Lily and Bulrush, and handsome conventional designs, $3.95 for... ... ...

Table Cloths.

Price list cannot contain much information. We prefer that purchasers see our goods.

Some reader may not have that opportunity, we therefore give a short list of some of our "specials," assuring you that our reputation for good linens is maintained in these offerings.

TABLECLOTHS one yard and three-quarters square at $1.25 and $1.35.

TABLECLOTHS, two yards by two and a half—the popular size: $1.95 Cloths for $1.45. $2.25 Cloths for $1.75. $2.50 Cloths for $1.90. $2.95 Cloths for $2.25. $4.50 Cloths for $3.15.

TABLECLOTHS two yards square at $1.58, $1.70, $1.75, $1.90, $2.52, $2.93 and $3.60.

TABLECLOTHS two yards by three yards, at $2.25, $2.75, $3.10, $4.28, $4.64, $4.95 and $5.95.

Besides the above "specials" we are this month giving a discount off all our regular lines of

10 PER CENT.

HAYCOCK & DUDGEON,

2401-2405 St. Catherine St.

19y1

Ice-Cutting Tools

for Butchers, Dairymen, Farmers and Ice Dealers, Etc.

Write for Catalogue and Prices.

ROBERT DONALDSON & SONS,

30 Foundling Street, MONTREAL, QUE.

292 law tf P. O. Box 289. Dept. D. S.

A CLERK DEFAULTS

A City Hall Employe Admits Having Appropriated Civic Money.

Quite a sensation has been created at the City Hall over another serious defalcation on the part of an employe of the "Long Room."

The clerk has been in the employ of the corporation for quite a long period. He has admitted his defalcations, and is no longer working for the city.

The affair was brought before the attention of the Treasurer, chairman of the Finance Committee, and the Comptroller just a week ago. Nothing was known of the matter till a lady went down to the officials at the City Hall and protested against paying a large water bill which had been sent to her; her contention was that she had paid the amount to a clerk of the long room, and, of course, did not intend to pay it twice.

The books were looked up, but no trace of the amount had been found.

The lady then gave the name of the clerk she had paid the sum to. He was instantly called before the heads of the department, and confronted with the case as it stood. A very painful scene ensued.

The young man admitted having taken the money, and kept it. Being closely questioned, he admitted having taken other amounts, the whole amounting to over two hundred dollars.

The first intent was to bring the clerk before the criminal courts, as was done a few months ago with a clerk who embezzled from the city, who skipped to New York, who was brought back and sentenced to six months in gaol.

This intent was not carried out, however, as the young man belonged to a well known family, and as his father, when apprised of the painful circumstances, instantly said that he would make the amount good. Under these conditions the clerk was allowed to sever his connection with the corporation without being arrested.

It is understood the clerk had got into difficulties in regard to money matters, and in the hope of getting free of them took moneys he had no right to.

Some months ago it was announced in council that all clerks who in the future embezzled from the corporation would be prosecuted without fear or favour. This not having been done, aldermen are to ask explanations about this new affair at the next meeting of council.

Eighty Years Old — Catarrh Fifty Years.— Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder cures him. Want any stronger evidence of the power of this wonderful remedy over this universal disease? Want the truth of the case confirmed? Write George Lewis, Shamokin, Pa. He says: "I took upon my case as a miracle." It relieves in ten minutes.—35.

Sold by B. E. McGale, 2123 Notre Dame street, Montreal. 19 1

SCROGGIE'S

We have lately been drawing your attention to our TOP floor and now we are going to draw your attention to the BOTTOM floor for to-morrow. The good things purchased at the Food Fair must have the necessary kitchen utensils to cook them and prepare for the table. In our basement we have specially set out at great reductions every kitchen requisite.

The prices set out below in our Mantle Department do their own talking—Peruse them.

The Food Fair will soon be over. Come to the 3rd floor to-morrow.

Kitchen Utensils

Everything necessary for the kitchen set out in the basement. Discounts on all.

Tin Novelty Bread Pans reduced from 8c to 4c.

Gray Steel Enamel Cooking Kettle, reduced from 40c to 23c.

Japan Coal Shovel, reduced to 2½c.

Washing Wringer Machine, solid rubber roller; regular price, $2.50, now $1.65.

Heavy Tin Bread Boxes, assorted colours; regular price, 45c; now for 25c.

Gray Steel Enamel Basting Spoons, reduced from 10c to 5c.

Soup Ladles, gray steel enamel, from 15c reduced to 9c.

Japan Foot Baths; regular price, $1.00, now 58c.

Steel Enamelled Sauce Pans, reduced to 25c.

Block Tin Biscuit Mould; regular price, 20c, now 10c.

SILKS

Four different lines in Blouse Silks.

Black and White Striped Merino (6 different patterns), 38c, and 25 per cent. discount.

Black and White Striped Satin, 59c, and 25 per cent. off.

Coloured Merino, with Pin Dot, 69c, and 25 per cent. off.

Fancy Broche (small design), 55c, and 25 per cent. off.

Mantle Department

Special for To-morrow.

1 Lot of Dress Skirts at 50 per cent. discount, or half price.

1 Lot of Ladies' Jackets, all new this season, at half price.

1 Lot of Ladies' Costumes, this season's styles, at half price.

Millinery Department

The balance of Trimmed Hats and Bonnets, about 25 in all, to be cleared at half price.

The balance of Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Felt Hats, at half price; all this season's styles.

W. H. Scroggie, Corner St. Catherine and University Sts.

19 1

LAMB...

We have been fortunate enough to secure some very choice LAMBS, and are now selling the finest and most appetizing cuts in our stores.

We know that if you try a leg or a loin you will be pleased both with the quality and price.

THE LAING PACK. & PRO. CO., LTD.

SEVEN STORES. 19y1

It is a genuine "National Quality."

Our trade mark on the sole guarantees you a shapely, well made boot, Good-year welted, made from very latest American lasts with stitching and finish of best character. We have "foot knowledge" which enables us to make snug fitting, fashionable shoes that everyone can afford to wear. First class dealers sell National Quality Shoes. Men's styles $3.00 to $5.00.

The Whitham Shoe Co., Makers, Montreal.

19 1

Radia HOUSEHOLD POLISH 10¢

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY

TRADE THERAPION MARK

This successful and highly popular remedy, so employed in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Hutchinson, Fehrs, Vidpius and others, is introduced into the dealers in to be brought in a specific of the kind and surpasses every thing hitherto employed.

THERAPION No. 1

in a remarkably short time, often, a few days only removes all discharges from the urinary organs, superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious disorders.

THERAPION No. 2

for impurity of the blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swelling of the joints, secondary symptoms, gout, rheumatism, and all diseases for which it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, corrosives, &c., to the destruction of sufferers' constitutions. In short, this preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates every poisonous matter from the body.

THERAPION No. 3

for nervous exhaustion, impaired vitality, sleeplessness, and all the distressing consequences of early excesses, a safe guard in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated.

THERAPION is sold by all the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the World. Price in England 2/9 & 4/6. In ordering, state which of the three numbers is required, and observe above Trade Mark, which is a face-similie of word. "THERAPION" as it appears on the Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground) affixed to every package by order of Her Majesty's Hon. Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

For further particulars of Therapion send addressed envelope for pamphlet to Mr. R. Johnson, 48 Mitford square, London, W. C., England. Large Edition (36 pages), post free for twelve cents stamps. 280 104 2 aw

THE YOUNG MAN ADMITTED HAVING TAKEN THE MONEY, AND KEPT IT. BEING CLOSELY QUESTIONED, HE ADMITTED HAVING TAKEN OTHER AMOUNTS, THE WHOLE AMOUNTING TO OVER TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS.

THE FIRST INTENT WAS TO BRING THE CLERK BEFORE THE CRIMINAL COURTS, AS WAS DONE A FEW MONTHS AGO WITH A CLERK WHO EMBEZZLED FROM THE CITY, WHO SKIPPED TO NEW YORK, WHO WAS BROUGHT BACK AND SENTENCED TO SIX MONTHS IN GAOL.

THIS INTENT WAS NOT CARRIED OUT, HOWEVER, AS THE YOUNG MAN BELONGED TO A WELL KNOWN FAMILY, AND AS HIS FATHER, WHEN APPRISED OF THE PAINFUL CIRCUMSTANCES, INSTANTLY SAID THAT HE WOULD MAKE THE AMOUNT GOOD. UNDER THESE CONDITIONS THE CLERK WAS ALLOWED TO SEVER HIS CONNECTION WITH THE CORPORATION WITHOUT BEING ARRESTED.

IT IS UNDERSTOOD THE CLERK HAD GOT INTO DIFFICULTIES IN REGARD TO MONEY MATTERS, AND IN THE HOPE OF GETTING FREE OF THEM TOOK MONEYS HE HAD NO RIGHT TO.

SOME MONTHS AGO IT WAS ANNOUNCED IN COUNCIL THAT ALL CLERKS WHO IN THE FUTURE EMBEZZLED FROM THE CORPORATION WOULD BE PROSECUTED WITHOUT FEAR OR FAVOUR. THIS NOT HAVING BEEN DONE, ALDERMEN ARE TO ASK EXPLANATIONS ABOUT THIS NEW AFFAIR AT THE NEXT MEETING OF COUNCIL.

CEYLON AND INDIA TEA

GREEN OR BLACK

There is nothing artificial about these teas. The purity is unquestioned, the flavor is delicious, the bouquet is a revelation. If you have never tasted British grown teas a treat awaits you. Japan tea drinkers try Ceylon Green. 17 Sod

Stricture Cured While You Sleep, in 15 Days.

"GRAN-SOLVENT" Dissolves Stricture the same as the sun removes frost, and strengthens the Genital Organs, Stopping Drains and Emissions in Fifteen Days. No drugs to ruin the stomach, but a direct local and positive application to the entire urethral tract. "Gran-Solvent" is not a liquid. It is prepared in the form of Ointment or Powder, smooth and Elastic, to be passed on to the Stricture. Every Man Should Know Himself.

THE GRAN-SOLVENT AGENT, 33rd St. Cincinnati, O. has prepared an great pamphlet on scientific Physical Culture on the most approved system which, they will send to any male applicant, postpaid FREE

St. James Assn. 77 St. James Bldg. Cincinnati, Ohio.

LADIES' SAFE REMEDY

The most powerful remedy for pain and irregularities peculiar to the sex.

APIOLINE (CHAPOTEAUT)

Superior to Apiol, Tansy or Pennyroyal.

Price, $1.00; a bottle of Capsules lasts 2 months. Druggists, Agts., Lymans, Sons & Co., Montreal.

When Ordering Brandy insist upon getting "Otards." It is pure.

All notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths must be addressed with the names and addresses of the persons sending same.

BIRTHS.

ANDREWS—On Tuesday, January 15th, at 32 Victoria avenue, Westmount, the wife of H. H. Marsden Andrews, of a daughter. 19 2

MARCHAND — At Lachine, on January 17, the wife of Desire Marchand, of a son.*

MARCUS—At Springhill, N.S., on January 3rd, to the wife of S. L. Marcus, a daughter.*

MEIKLE—In this city, on the 21st inst., at 123 Elgin street, the wife of Wm. Meikle, of a daughter.

NOBLE—On January 16th, at Halifax, to Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Noble, a son.*

PERRY—On the 18th inst., the wife of Albert Perry, of St. Thomas, Ont., of a son.*

PHINNEY—At South Farmington, N. S., on January 3, to Mr. and Mrs. Wimburn L. Phinney, a son.*

PREVOST — At Blue Bonnets, on January 17, the wife of M. T. Prevost, of a daughter.*

ROURKE—On the 13th of January, 1901, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Rourke.

SHARP — At Moncton, N.B., on January 14th, to the wife of R. D. Sharp, a son.*

WILLIAMS — On January 18th, at Magog, the wife of Miles L. Williams, of Georgeville, of a son. 17 2

MARRIAGES.

GILLESPIE-ARMSTRONG — On Friday, January 18th, by Rev. J. M. Snowdon, Wm. Gillespie, Ottawa, to Annie Armstrong, South March, Ont.*

GREIG-GUTHRIE — On the 23rd of January, 1901, at the residence of the bride's father, 24 Laval avenue, by the Rev. Mr. Heine, Mr. James Frederic Greig, son of the late James Greig, to Mary Helen Guthrie, youngest daughter of Mr. David Guthrie, warehouseman, Montreal.

RICHARDSON-WILSON — At Hebron, N. B., on January 18, by Rev. M. Addison, LeBaron Richardson, of Waterside, to Sarah, daughter of James Wilson, of Hebron.*

STEACEY-STRATTON — On January 9, John E. Steacey, Warburton, Ont., to Mrs. L. Stratton, Gananoque.*

THOMPSON-CAMPBELL—On January 7, at Ormstown, Que., by the Rev. D. W. Morison, B.A., Robert James Thompson, of Montreal, to Amanda Barrett, youngest daughter of the late Mr. James Campbell.*

DEATHS IN THE CITY.

BROWN—Suddenly, at 340 Wood avenue, on January 19th, Mary Ann (Dot) Brown, for many years a faithful and devoted servant.

CULLINAN—In this city, on Tuesday, the 22nd of January, Michael Cullinan, of Montreal police. Funeral from his late residence, No. 250 St. Dominique streets on Thursday morning, at 8.30, to St. Patrick's Church, thence to Cote des Neiges cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend. 18 2

COLE — On January 22nd, Catherine Ann Morris, beloved wife of W. J. Cole, aged 48 years and 5 months. Funeral from her late residence, 599 Rivard street, to All Saints' Church, at 2.30 p.m., Thursday, January 24th, thence to Mount Royal Cemetery. Friends please accept this intimation. 18 2

CROSSBY—In this city, on Wednesday morning, January 23rd, 1901, Peter A. Crossby, aged 58 years, late manager of the Dominion Type Foundry. Funeral from his late residence, 2747 St. Catherine street, on Friday, the 25th inst., at 2.30 p.m. 19 2

EATON—On January 22nd, at 12 Imperial avenue, Margaret Abbot, wife of Edward Eaton. Funeral on Thursday at 8.30 a.m. Friends and acquaintances please accept this invitation.

HAWKINS—In this city, on the 23rd of January, 1901, Frances Lea, aged 89 years, widow of the late Thomas Hawkins, in his life-time of Montreal, leather inspector. Funeral at 2 o'clock on Friday afternoon, the 25th inst., from 248 Notre Dame street, to St. Thomas' Church, thence to Mount Royal cemetery. 19 2

McLELLAN—In this city, on January 22, 1901, Charles William McLellan, son of D. J. McLellan, aged 10 years and 1 month. Funeral on Thursday, January 24th, from his father's residence.

MEAD—At the Royal Victoria Hospital, on January 21st, Reginald Berkeley Cranmer Mead, youngest son of Joseph Robert and Martha Kelsey Mead. Funeral on Thursday, 24th inst., from his father's residence, 804 St. Urbain street. Funeral private. (Toronto and Hamilton papers please copy.) 18 2

NUGENT—In this city, on the 23rd of January, Mary E. Coot, beloved wife of Michael M. Nugent, aged 24 years and 1 month. Funeral on Friday, at 2.30 p.m., from 611 St. Dominique street, to the Cote des Neiges cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend. (Portland and Boston papers copy.)

O'LEARY—In this city, on Tuesday, Jan. 22, 1901, Mary Ann, darling wife of Thomas O'Leary, and beloved mother of Mary and Lizzie Egan. Funeral on Thursday morning at 8 o'clock from her son-in-law's residence, 497 Sherbrooke street, thence to the R. C. Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation. Dublin, Ireland, papers please copy. 18 2

RUSSELL—In this city, on the 22nd of December, 1900, Catherine Mary Clare, aged 3 years, 4 months and 10 days, only daughter of the late Michael Russell and Veronica McNally. Funeral took place from her mother's residence, 1140 St. James street, on Monday, December 24, to Cote des Neiges cemetery.

DEATHS OUTSIDE THE CITY.

BERTRAND — On January 16th, at Quebec, Jean Baptiste Bertrand, aged 68 years and 5 months.

BOYD—Suddenly, at Regina, on January 18th, 1901, Eva, youngest daughter of the late William Boyd, Co. Longford, Ireland. Funeral from the residence of her brother-in-law, R. Grantham, Esq., Underhill Place, University street, Friday, 25th inst., private. 19 2

BROWN—On the 19th inst., at St. Thomas, Ont., Lauretta Brown, wife of Mr. T. A. Brown, aged 33 years.*

DUFF—At Valleyfield, on January 22, 1901, Bessie, daughter of Willis Duff, 64 Columbia avenue, Westmount. Interred at Lockport, N.Y.

FLANAGAN — On January 15th, at Quebec, Catherine (Katie) Flanagan, aged 20 years and 4 months, beloved daughter of Mrs. Widow John Flanagan.*

HARPER—At Hamilton, Ont., on Thursday, January 17, Susan McCombie, beloved wife of Wm. Harper, aged 57 years.*

HUNT—On January 17th, at Halifax, N.S., Charles Howard, aged 9 months, 9 days, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hunt.*

HUTTON — At Grande Mere, Que., on January 11th, Mr. Andrew Hutton, formerly of Quebec.*

KING—At Lachine, on the 22nd January, 1901, Charles Edward, aged 4 years and 4 months, only son of B. P. King. Funeral private.

MACKAY—Suddenly, at his late residence, 115 Maitland street, Toronto, on Monday, 21st January, Thomas Mackay, in his 78th year.

MULLIGAN — On Monday, January 21st, of pneumonia, at the residence of his brother-in-law, Mr. T. M. Mulligan, 387 Gloucester street, Ottawa, Ont., Denis P. Lynch, M.D., of Hawkesbury, Ont., aged 26 years and 11 months. Interment at Pembroke, Ont., Jan. 23, 1901. 19 2

McMANEMIN — At St. John, N.B., on the 19th inst., Mary A., eldest daughter of Mary and the late Patrick McManemin, aged 5 years and 8 months.*

ROSS — At St. John, N.B., on January 18th, Ann Ross, widow of the late James E. Ross, in her 91st year.*

SCHWARZ—At Hamilton, Ont., on January 19th, Edna, beloved daughter of Edward and Mary Schwarz.*

SCOTT—At Rose Cottage, Hamilton, Ont., on January 18, Martha, beloved wife of W. S., Scott.*

SLATER — In St. John, N.B., on January 20, John Slater, a native of Londonderry, Ireland, in the 82nd year of his age.*

SMITH — At Fairville, N. B., on Sunday, January 20, Rebecca, wife of William Smith.*

SPEARS — At St. John, N.B., on the 20th instant, John Spears, in the 52nd year of his age.*

YOUNG — At Quebec, on January 18th, Miss Sarah Young.*

For additional Births, Marriages and Deaths, see page 5.

Mourning Badges!!

Hundreds upon hundreds of Mourning Badges very suitable for present wear out of respect to our Queen.

These badges will be prized and kept in remembrance of the greatest Sovereign that ever reigned. Prices from 10c to 60c each.

Mourning Decorations!

Thousands upon thousands of yards of mourning materials suitable for decorating the outside of Public Buildings, Banks, Private Residences, etc., prices 7c, 10c, 13c, 15c, 25c to $1.00 yard.

THE S. CARSLEY CO. LIMITED.

Notre Dame Street. Montreal's Greatest Store. St. James Street.

JANUARY 23rd, 1901.

Thursday's Special Offering

"Ever onward" This Great Sale rushes from one success to another, and from the overwhelming crowds that throng every section of The Big Store, it's quite evident that the goods offered are nothing short of DOWNRIGHT ECONOMY. With such liberal offers as we'll make to-morrow successful issues are attained and maintained.

A Gigantic Sale of White Embroidery!!

New stock just received of beautiful White Embroidery direct from the famous hand looms of St. Gall, Switzerland.

A special line of White Lawn Embroidery in neat patterns. Regular value 3c. Sale price - - - - - 1c yard

About 10,000 yards Dainty White Lawn Embroidery Edging in a large variety of pretty designs. Special sale prices - 1½c 2c 3c yard

Whitewear Sale!

The Alteration Cheap Sale of Ladies' Whitewear has certainly eclipsed any of The Big Store's former sales. Enormous quantities of beautiful Lingerie has been brought forward and will be sold for the remainder of January at prices that will hardly represent the price of the material.

Ladies' Corset Waists

Just a hint of these pretty garments, cheaper than ever and prettier too.

Ladies' White Cambric Corset Covers from 8c to $1.50

SPECIAL.

Ladies' Fine White Muslin Corset Covers, high neck, close fitting, neatly trimmed. Sale Price . 14c

Ladies' Chemises.

LADIES' CAMBRIC CHEMISES from 11½c to $4.00

SPECIAL.

Ladies' White Cambric Chemises, neatly trimmed with dainty frill, made in all sizes, splendid value. Sale price . . . 19c each

COSTUME SALE.

72 only Ladies' New Costumes in good quality Navy and Black Cheviot, two pieces, jacket cut latest style, double breasted front, lined through, skirt cut full flare, inverted plaited back and lined linenette, perfect fitting. Regular $7.75, sale price - - - - - $3.75

Neckwear Sale!!

EVERY PIECE TO GO AT A SACRIFICE.

By the end of the January Sale The Big Store intends to close out the balance of its stock of Ladies' Neckwear, including all the exquisite novelties. The cost counts for nothing, they all must go.

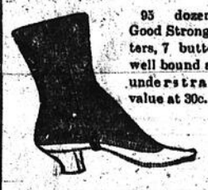
Ladies' Stylish Silk Bow Ties, latest shape, and in large variety of new colors. Regular value 25c. Sale price 12½c

Ladies' New Corded Silk Ties with long ends in white, black, pink, sky and cardinal, the latest out in neckwear. Regular 65c. Sale price - - - - - 36c

Ladies' New Silk Stock Collars, with fancy Chiffon Bow Ties, up-to-date style. Regular value 75c. Sale price 44c

Ladies' Gaiters

Special value in Ladies' Gaiters To-morrow. Values that have the true element of economy about them.



95 dozen Ladies' Good Strong Cloth Gaiters, 7 button length, well bound and leather understrap. Good value at 30c. Special 17c pair.

Book Sale News

JANUARY BOOK SALE goes merrily forward, prices are convincing of value, and hundreds are embracing the opportunity of adding to their libraries.

1000 SATIN CLOTH BOUND Books, stories, poets, fiction, travels, etc., by popular authors English and American, good print, attractive titles, regular price 20 and 25 each; to-morrow's sale price . 10c

2000 CLOTH BOOKS, being the remnants of three great library series, splendid books, splendidly bound, regular retail price 60c and 75c; to clear to-morrow . . . 25c

STEEL SPIDERS

1000 Heavy Steel Spiders to fit No. 8 or 9 stove, same as cut. Regular 35c. Special sale price . . . 18c

Butterick's Patterns and Publications on Sale at

THE S. CARSLEY CO. LIMITED.

1765 to 1785 Notre Dame Street, 184 to 194 St. James Street, Montreal.

DRESS GOODS AND SILKS AT... January Sale Prices!

Dress Goods Colored

TWEED DRESS GOODS, were 75c, for . . . . . 65c yard

CAMEL'S HAIR TWEED, were 90c yard, for . . . . . 79c yard

Another line, that was $1.25 yard, for . . . . . $1.05 yard

FANCY CAMEL'S HAIR TWEED $1.20, for . . . . . 95c yard

AMAZON CLOTH, 70c, for 55c yd.

CHEVIOT SERGES, 65c line, for . . . . . 47c yard

HEAVY WEIGHT CHECKS, $1.25 and $1.50 yard, for . . . . . $1.05 yard

All subject to a discount of 10 per cent. off extra for cash.

Silks

Fancy Striped Silks, $1.25 line, for 75c yard, less 10 per cent. off for cash.

Plaids

Special line Canvas Plaids, 60c reduced to 25c yard.

All our Fancy Plaids 25 per cent. off for cash.

Black and White Goods

Figured and Striped Black and White Goods, 20 per cent. off for cash.

Black and Colored Effects

Black and White, Black and Heliotrope, Tweed Effects, $1.00 and $1.10 yard for 47c yard.

Black Figured and Polka Dot, 90c line for 69c yard.

Black Serges

$1.00 line for 69c. yard.

Dress Lengths

All our Embroidered Black Dress Lengths, 33 1-3 per cent. off for cash.

All subject to a further discount of 10 per cent. off for cash.

Silks

Fancy Silks for evening wear, $1.60 line for $1.00 yard. Less 10 per cent. off for cash.

Shot Taffeta Silks

A fine line assorted effects, 60c. Less 10 per cent. off for cash.

Plaid Silks

21 inch Plaid Silks, $1.00, for 65c yard. Less 10 per cent. off for cash.

Brocaded Silks

Beautiful Coloured Brocaded Silk, $2.60 yard, for $1.65 yard. Less 10 per cent. off for cash.

Dress Shields

We are clearing out two Special lines of Rubber Dress Shields.
30c Quality for 20c pair.
35c Quality for 25c pair.
Less 10 per cent. off extra for cash.

Dr. Deimels Linen Mesh Underwear. We are special agents for Montreal and carry in stock a full range.

REFRESHMENT ROOM— 2nd Floor.

Is a pleasant place to Lunch whilst out shopping, all refreshments at popular prices.

Ogilvys'

1901

Gales Shoe Great Sale.

LADIES' EVENING SLIPPERS

Patent leather vamps, dongola kid quarters, new cut, with bow, turned sole, new toe, kid lined, very neat, regular value $1.75 a pair. Sale Price . . . $1.10

Dongola Kid Strap Slipper, hand turned sole, new last, kid lined, very neat, regular value, $1.25. Sale Price . . . 88c

Hundreds of other bargains.

OPEN EVENINGS.

GEO. G. GALES & CO., 137 ST. ANTOINE ST. Just West of Windsor St.

19 1

THE ROYAL STANDARD WILL BE FLOWN.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, January 23.—Orders were issued last evening from the Adjutant-General's office that the Royal Standard should be flown at half-mast at all the flag stations in the Dominion until the funeral of her late Majesty has taken place. Accordingly in all military posts the standard will be half-masted. The issuing of this order has given rise to much discussion in military circles here, it being held to be utterly without precedent. The Royal Standard is the personal flag of the Monarch, it is argued, and, as the King never dies, the standard can never be half-masted. It is said that the military authorities themselves are gravely in doubt about the matter. Another matter which is being freely criticized is that the red ensign, the flag of the mercantile marine, is floating from the tower of the Parliament instead of the Jack, the proper flag.

HORSES FOR SOUTH AFRICA.

NEW ORLEANS, January 23.—The British steamship Monterey, Capt. Parry, cleared for Cape Town to-day, with 1,000 horses for the British army.

IN ENGLAND'S OLDEST COLONY

Keen Regret in Newfoundland Over the Death of Their Sovereign.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., January 23.—Announcement of Queen Victoria's death has called forth expressions of the keenest regret in Newfoundland, the oldest colony of the British Empire. The colonial cabinet met last evening and adopted resolutions of condolence, which were cabled to London.

THE SYMPATHY OF SPAIN.

LISBON, January 23. — The papers of this city publish lengthy eulogies of Queen Victoria and renew their expressions of sympathy with England, "a friendly and allied nation." They speak of the brilliant qualities of the new King.

Special Notice.

Unbiased musicians pronounce the celebrated Morris Upright Pianos the best made in Canada. W. H. Leach, 2440 St. Catherine street, between Stanley and Drummond, has received an assortment of this firm's instruments, including duplicates of styles awarded prize medal at Paris, 1900.

IN CANADIAN CITIES

Exterior of Hamilton City Hall Draped With Two Thousand Yards of Black Bunting.

(See also page eight.)

(Special to the Star.)

HAMILTON, Ont., January 23. — Mayor Hendrie and committee of the City Council last night ordered the City Hall exterior to be draped with two thousand yards of black bunting over the whole of the main front. The council chamber also will be draped.

In all the city schools the classes were assembled yesterday afternoon and addressed by the head masters before being dismissed. All sports and many entertainments have been cancelled.

HEARD AT ANCIENT CAPITAL.

QUEBEC, January 23.—Lieut.-Colonel Pelletier, D. O. C., and Lieut.-Colonel Wilson, commanding the R. C. A., received the following instructions to-night from the Adjutant-General at Ottawa:

"Announcement of the death of Her Gracious Majesty has been received, and it is directed that the Royal Standard is to be flown at your station at half-mast this morning, and daily at the usual hours until final orders."

On Sunday next a Te Deum will be sung in all the Roman Catholic churches of the diocese on the accession of the new King.

Mgr. Laflamme lectured in the Laval University last evening, and after the lecture Rev. Mr. Mathieu, rector of Laval University, made some very touching remarks on the death of Queen Victoria. He referred to the great virtues of the deceased sovereign as wife, mother and Queen, and said that Laval University could never forget the fact that it was Queen Victoria who signed its charter. It was only a few days ago that he had read in an English newspaper that Her Majesty had stated that her great object in life was the welfare of her subjects.

The Archbishop of Quebec, immediately on hearing the news, sent the following telegram to His Excellency the Governor-General:

The Archbishop of Quebec prays His Excellency the Governor-General to transmit to the Royal family the expression of his most profound regret, and also of the clergy and faithful of the diocese on the occasion of the death of Her Majesty Queen Victoria who cast lustre on the throne by all the qualities and virtues of a mother, wife and Queen. Her memory will remain honoured in the hearts of all her loyal subjects.

(Signed), LOUIS NAZAIRE,
Archbishop of Quebec.

On the official confirmation of the tidings being received, through the Governor-General, Lieut.-Governor Jette telegraphed to the Imperial authorities, in the name of the province, saying that nowhere throughout the Empire would Her Majesty's demise be more deeply mourned than by her French-Canadian subjects.

A somewhat similar message was sent by Hon. H. N. Parent, in the name of the city of Quebec.

AT ST. CATHARINES.

ST. CATHARINES, Ont., January 23.—A wave of profound sadness passed over this city when the news of the Queen's death was received yesterday afternoon. Mayor McIntyre ordered the tolling of the city bell, which acted as a signal, and soon the bells on the different churches, schools and colleges were ringing out the sad news of the nation's great loss. Flags are flying at half-mast from all public buildings and many business places are draped in deep mourning.

The military banquet, which was to be held in the Masonic Temple in honour of the South African heroes, has been indefinitely postponed. Gold watches and lockets, which were to be presented at the banquet by the citizens of this city, were quietly handed to the different men in the Battery quarters without any display, by Major Merritt and Lieut.-Col. Gregory.

AT STRATFORD.

STRATFORD, Ont., January 23. — The news of the death of the Queen was received here yesterday afternoon with deep sorrow and regret. The public schools were at once dismissed and the County Council, which was in session, adjourned out of respect to Her Majesty. Flags on public and private buildings were raised at half-mast, the bells were tolled and the general topic of conversation was with regard to the blow which had come to the British nation.

AT VICTORIA.

VICTORIA, B.C., January 23. — When the announcement of the Queen's death was received here, flags were put at half-mast at almost every flag pole in the city. The Education Department ordered the schools closed until Friday morning, and the Executive, by Order-in-Council, closed the Parliament buildings and departmental offices until Thursday. The Lieutenant-Governor despatched a message of sympathy to Cowes.

AT WINDSOR.

WINDSOR, Ont., January 23. — News of the Queen's death cast a gloom over the city of Windsor. Flags were floated at half-mast, bells tolled and the schools were closed. A special meeting of the council will probably be called to decide upon what action to take.

AT WATERLOO.

WATERLOO, Ont., January 23. — On the receipt of the sad news of the death of Her Majesty, all public and private flags were promptly placed at half-mast, and the town bell was tolled for an hour.

AT ST. THOMAS.

ST. THOMAS, Ont., January 23.—All day long the newspaper bulletins were scanned by eager crowds from early morning and and the offices besieged with telephone enquiries as to the latest news from the Queen. As soon as her death was announced flags were placed at half-mast on all public buildings, city schools and many private buildings. The bell in the City Hall tolled all afternoon. Mayor Chant has summoned the council to meet to-day.

AT OWEN SOUND.

OWEN SOUND, Ont., January 23.—On receipt of the sad news of the Queen's death, about 1.30 p.m., Mayor Reed had the town bell tolled for an hour. All the school children were dismissed and the county council adjourned. Flags on public and private buildings are flying at half mast.

AT GUELPH.

GUELPH, Ont., January 23.—The news of the Queen's death was received here shortly before two o'clock, and the citizens of Guelph are in mourning. Flags are flying half mast over all public buildings. The City Hall and some of the business places are draped in black. The bells, which were kept tolling all afternoon, spread the sad news quickly, although it was momentarily expected. Mayor Kennedy has called a special meeting of the city council for to-night to consider civic action.

AT BROCKVILLE.

BROCKVILLE, Ont., January 23. — Though every one was, in a measure, prepared to hear the worst, few could at first bring themselves to believe the sad news conveyed in the few short words of the message announcing that our beloved Queen had passed away. When the report was confirmed, deepest sorrow was expressed on every side. Flags were placed at half-mast everywhere, bells were tolled and most of the business places were hung with black. The schools were closed and all business practically suspended for a time.

AT CHATHAM.

CHATHAM, Ont., January 23.—Flags are flying at half-mast on all public buildings, banks and many private houses. The bells on the City Hall and church towers tolled for an hour, and the merchants draped their stores with mourning emblems. Memorial services will be held here. Many concerts and social functions announced to be held this week have been cancelled.

AT BELLEVILLE.

BELLEVILLE, Ont., January 23.—On the announcement of the Queen's death, shortly after 1 p.m. yesterday, the City Hall bell was tolled and flags were half-masted on public and private buildings. At the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb the bell was tolled, the flag was hoisted at half-mast and a portrait of Queen Victoria draped in mourning was displayed. Tokens of grief were visible in all parts of the city.

AT ST. JOHNS, QUE.

ST. JOHNS, Que., January 23.—On receipt of the news of the Queen's death the church bells were tolled and the flags on the public buildings, the American Consulate, and several private residences were raised at half-mast. An informal meeting of the Council was called for last evening, and the following cable sent:

To Joseph Chamberlain,
Secretary for the Colonies, London.

"The Town of St. Johns mourns with the Empire the death of our late beloved Sovereign Queen Victoria.

(Signed) J. E. MOLLEUR,
Mayor.

AT SHERBROOKE.

(Special to the Star.)

SHERBROOKE, January 23. — Loyal Sherbrooke mourns the death of the beloved Sovereign. The receipt of the sad tidings was the signal for the raising to half-mast of hundreds of flags over public buildings and private residences in all parts of the city.

AT KINGSTON.

(Special to the Star.)

KINGSTON, January 23.—The news of the Queen's death was received in Kingston with great regret, for in this city there are many residents who had seen Her Majesty and have an intimate knowledge of the charitable acts which she performed during her lifetime. When the news came the Mayor ordered the town clock to be tolled, and the flags to be hoisted at half-mast on the city buildings. Flags flew at half-mast on other buildings, and the bells of St. Mary's Cathedral and Sydenham Street Methodist Church were tolled.

AT ST. JOHN, N. B.

ST. JOHN, N.B., January 23.—The sad news of Her Majesty's death was received here with much sorrow. Flags were hoisted at half-mast over the City Hall, Custom House, and other buildings, private as well as public, in the city, and also on the ships in the harbour. The fire bells and many of the church bells were tolled. At Fredericton all the bells were tolled and flags were displayed at half-mast all over the city.

ORDERS FROM OTTAWA.

(Special to the Star.)

QUEBEC, January 23.—Last evening Lieutenant-Colonel Pelletier, D.O.C., and Lieut.-Col. Wilson, R.C.A., received the following instructions from the Adjutant-General, Ottawa: Announcement of death of Her Gracious Majesty having been received, it is directed that the Royal Standard is to be flown at your station at half-mast to-morrow morning and daily at usual hours until further orders.

A solemn Te Deum will be sung in all the Roman Catholic churches of this diocese on Sunday next, in honour of the accession of King Edward VII.

At a dinner given last evening by the officers of the R. C. A., at the Citadel, to Lieutenant-Colonel Buchan, the health of the King was duly honoured. After drinking the King's health, Lieut.-Colonel Wilson added: "To our late Sovereign, God rest her soul," to which the officers responded "Amen."

A TOUCHING REFERENCE.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, January 23.—At the meeting of the Carleton County Council yesterday the newly elected Warden, Mr. J. C. Bradley, of Goulbourne, in his inaugural address, made a touching reference to the loss sustained by the Empire in the death of the Queen, who had for such a long period successfully ruled and guided the destinies of the British domains. Warden Bradley also referred to the great interest taken by the Queen during her life time in Canadians and all things pertaining to Canada.

HOUSE CALLED TOGETHER.

TORONTO, January 23. — Hon. G. W. Ross summoned the Ontario Cabinet yesterday afternoon, that the members might discuss changes that will be necessary upon the death of Her Majesty Queen Victoria. Officials have been looking up precedents for Legislatures upon the death of the Sovereign, and will follow precedents set in the way of drawing the Legislative Chamber with mourning.

HAMILTON'S

Will place on sale To-morrow, THURSDAY, 5,000 Mourning Rosettes,

Like Cut, showing portrait of our BELOVED QUEEN draped in black crape.

As the quantity is limited, we would advise you coming early. These rosettes "In Memoriam," the only ones offered for sale in the city, will be prized as historical souvenirs of a great and sad event. The price will be 10c each. "Out of town people desiring to secure one of these rosettes must send their orders in at once." We prepay the postage to any part of the Dominion.

HAMILTON'S,

St. Catherine and Peel Streets and Dominion Square.

1901

THE "RYRIE" WATCH.

Not for a year, but for a lifetime. Watches that may be handed from father to son—heirlooms.

The movement of a "Ryrie" Watch is as nearly perfect as possible, and yet, it's not expensive.

That is why it has brought to our store so many buyers who are particular about accurate time.

Let us send you our 1901 Catalogue, showing the many styles of solid gold, fine gold filled, silver and gun metal "Ryrie" Watches in both ladies and gentlemen's sizes.

The "Ryrie" Monogram Watches are particularly attractive.

RYRIE BROS., Yonge and Adelaide Sts., TORONTO.

DIAMOND HALL, Established 1854.

19 1

FITS STOPPED FREE. Permanently Cured by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. Positive cure for all Nervous Diseases, Fits, Epilepsy, Spasms and St. Vitus Dance. No Fits or Nervousness after first day's use. Treatise and $2 trial bottle sent through Canadian Agencies FREE to Fit patients. They paying express charges only when received. Send to Dr. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. 677 16tsw

ANNUAL CLEARING SALE

Of Boots, Shoes, Slippers and Rubbers.

Every Pair Must Go Regardless of Cost to make room for our Spring Goods.

WE WANT YOUR TRADE! YOU WANT OUR SHOES!

MEN'S.

	Sale Price
Men's Rockey and Skating Sale, regular $2.00 and $2.50	$1.49
Men's Tan and Box Calf, single and double soles, an up to date style	$2.95
Men's Tan Storm Calf Leather Lined Rubber sizes 6, 7, 8, 9, 10	$2.45
Men's Imported Patent Calf Bal and Buttoned, regular $4.50 and $5.00	$3.89

LADIES.

	Sale Price
Ladies' Dongola Strap Slipper	89c
Ladies' Warm Cloth Laced Boots, regular $1.25 and $1.50	79c
Ladies' Fine Dongola Oxford Shoes	$1.00
Ladies' Sample Shoes and Slippers at less than manufacturer's cost, size 2, 2½, 3, 3½. Come early and have your choice.	

RUBBERS.

Men's Jacques Cartier Rubbers	39c
Men's Jacques Cartier Wool Lined	49c
Ladies' Good Quality Rubbers	23c
Ladies' Fine Quality Rubbers	29c
Ladies' Storm Rubbers	43c
Boys' Plain Rubbers	45c
Children's Rubbers, spring heel, size 8 to 10	35c

OVERSHOES.

Men's Overshoes, small sizes, 6, 6½, 7	89c
Men's Buckle High cut, Jersey Water-proof, reg. $2.00	$1.49
Ladies' Fine Arctic, 3 buckle and 4 strap, reg. $2.50	$1.89

FRANK POWER, 1847 Notre Dame St., NEAR McGILL STREET.

When Ordering Brandy insist upon getting "Otards." It is pure.

19 2 2w

Postponed Owing to the Queen's Death

A large number of meetings and social functions have been postponed owing to Her Majesty's death. Among these are the following:

The Church of the Advent parish social, Thursday the 24th of January.

Ladies' Morning Musical Club concert, Thursday morning, January 24.

Burns' anniversary concert, Friday evening, January 25.

Royal St. Lawrence Yacht Club ball, February 1.

The Hon. J. I. Tarte's ball, Place Viger Hotel, Monday, January 28.

Garrison Artillery banquet and dance, Friday, January 25.

Canadian Society of Civil Engineers' banquet, Thursday, January 24.

Military ball, Windsor Hotel, to-night.

Paardeberg dinner and re-union of "E" Company, First Contingent, February 27.

Miss Abbott's concert, Art Gallery, to-night.

Laval students' dinner, Friday, January 24.

Salvation Army brass band concert, from January 24 until February 7.

"The English Night" at the Presbyterian mission, Inspector street.

The "Nondescript Players'" Amateur Dramatic Club have postponed their performance and dance, which was to have taken place at the Strathcona Hall, Lachine, on 28th inst.

The concert and social by Clan MacLennan, 25th January (Burns' anniversary).

SPORTING APPOINTMENTS.

The boxing entertainment, which was to be given by the Montreal Lacrosse Club at the M. A. A. A. gymnasium, has been postponed till February 15.

Montagnard rink masquerade, Friday evening.

A meeting of the Canadian branch, Royal Caledonia Curling Association, was held last evening, at which the following were present: Mr. D. Guthrie, St. Lawrence (chair), R. W. MacDougall (Montreal), A. C. Hutchison (Heather), Lieut.-Col. Stevenson (Caledonia), W. D. Aird (Thistle). It was decided that the big matches should be postponed in respect to the memory of Her late Majesty the Queen.

The Cedar Snowshoe Club had made all arrangements to have held a grand ladies' snowshoe night on Thursday next, the 24th inst., which was to take the form of a snowshoe tramp and progressive euchre, but the members have decided now to postpone the same, as they feel that owing to the death of Her Majesty the Queen, which great loss they, with all loyal subjects of our late beloved Queen, deeply regret, they should show their sympathy as a club in every way possible at this time of universal mourning.

THE NEWS AT THE COLLEGES.

When the news of the death of the Queen reached McGill University, the lectures in every department and at the Royal Victoria College were brought to a close. Dr. Peterson, moreover, decided that there will be no lectures to-day, but they will be resumed as usual to-morrow. The Canadian flag was placed at half-mast over the Arts building.

As soon as the death of Her Majesty was known, all lectures at Bishop's Medical College were suspended.

The Union Jack was half-masted over the Wesleyan Theological College for the death of the Queen. Lectures were suspended yesterday afternoon, and will not be resumed till Thursday morning.

At the Diocesan College the news of Her Majesty's death did not arrive in time for the postponement of yesterday's lectures, but special prayers were used at the evening service. To-day there were no lectures, but a memorial service was held in the college chapel at noon.

At the Presbyterian Theological College the lectures yesterday afternoon were suspended, and reference to Her Majesty was made at the evening's service. The authorities of the colleges are prepared to take official part in any public commemoration of the nation's sorrow.

Several of the lectures were not held at the Congregational College yesterday afternoon, on the receipt of the sad news. A memorial service will be held, probably upon Thursday.

McGILL CORPORATION TO MEET.

The following notice was posted in the various buildings at McGill yesterday evening:

A special meeting of the Corporation of the University is to be held at four o'clock to-morrow (Wednesday) afternoon to consider what action is to be taken in connection with the death of the Queen.

Meanwhile all lectures and classes throughout the University will be suspended until Thursday morning.

CHAPLAIN TO THE QUEEN.

Rev. Dr. James Barclay Speaks of the Characteristics of Her Majesty Which Endeared Her to Her People.

As chaplain to Her Majesty, the Rev. Dr. Barclay, pastor of St. Paul's Presbyterian Church, has had exceptional opportunities of observing those qualities which, throughout her long reign, endeared her to the hearts of her subjects. The numerous instances of her characteristics, not only as a Queen, but as a woman, recalled by the doctor, explain the wonderful power she exercised over all who came in contact with her. And this influence was not confined to those who enjoyed the privilege of conversing with her, but extended throughout the British Empire and the whole world. Wherever the name of Victoria was mentioned, homage was paid her in honour and respect.

This was the involuntary tribute offered by mankind the world over to her whose tender heart and pure life have influenced, more than will ever be known, the destiny of the nations.

Those who have seen her, for instance at her Highland home at Balmoral, will never forget her true queenliness of deportment. Her very bow was the embodiment of grace, and her manner charming to the last degree.

Dr. Barclay regards it as a cause for satisfaction that the Queen passed away in the possession of all her faculties, and without lapse in the performance of the duties to which she had always been so faithful. The end came quietly and quickly, in the fullness of time, and when her life's work had been accomplished.

NEWS AT THE ARMOURIES.

Signs of Mourning on Every Hand—A Memorial Service Mooted.

At the various armouries last night nothing was talked of but the death of Canada's beloved Queen. Members of city regiments discussed the event in whispers, and their intense grief, under which they were labouring, was plainly manifested in the absolute silence which prevailed in quarters where so much hilarity generally obtains.

At the Victoria Rifles' Armoury, the pianos in all the company rooms were locked up, and covered, and thus they will remain until after the funeral. The pictures of Her Majesty in the officers' and sergeants' mess, were draped in black. The bugle corps were to have had a practice last night, but the sound of the drums and the clarion tones of the bugles were hushed in the presence of the death of one who was regarded by the "Vics" as their "patron saint."

It is just possible that a memorial service will be held by the regiment in the Church of St. James the Apostle on the day of the funeral of Her Majesty at Windsor.

In the quarters of the 2nd Regt. Canadian Artillery, the gunners were awaiting orders from Ottawa, to fire minute guns from the Island.

In all the other armouries, the signs of grief were everywhere apparent, and wherever a picture of Her Majesty was to be found it was draped in black.

Buy "Otards" Brandies There are none better. 19 2 2aw

ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.

The members of the St. George's Society have sent the following cablegram to Lord Strathcona:

The members of the St. George's Society, of Montreal, assembled, desire you to express their heartfelt sorrow at the death of our Beloved Queen.

W. E. SMITH,
Vice-President.

CANADIAN MASONS.

The following cable was sent last evening to the Freemasons of Great Britain, by the Grand Lodge of Quebec:

Letchworth, Freemason's Hall,
London.

Profound sympathy to our King, fraternity and the nation from the Grand Lodge of Quebec.

B. TOOKE,
Grand Master.

BARON DE HIRSCH INSTITUTE.

A special meeting of the directors of Baron de Hirsch Institute was held last evening, when the following cablegram was drafted for transmission to Lord Strathcona:

"Convey deepest grief of Hebrews in Canada at death of beloved Queen, under whose benign rule our people have enjoyed perfect liberty and equality."

It was also determined to drape the building in black. The flag is at half-mast.

MEMORIAL SERVICES.

Memorial services for the Queen will be held on Sunday at Emmanuel Congregational Church, Stanley street, in the evening, when the Rev. Hugh Pedley will preach; at Calvary Congregational Church in the evening, and at the Westmount Congregational Church in the evening.

At St. James Methodist Church, the services on Sunday will be of a memorial nature for her late Majesty. The preacher in the morning will be the Rev. Mr. Zuifel, of the Troy Conference, New York, but both the Rev. Dr. Williams and the Rev. Mr. Sparling will give addresses upon the Queen's life and character. Special hymns and music appropriate for the occasion will be selected.

The evening service at the First Baptist Church, St. Catherine street, on Sunday, will be commemorative of the Queen. The Rev. J. A. Gordon will preach.

METHODIST MEMORIAL SERVICES

The Rev. Dr. Williams, chairman of the Montreal district, has called a meeting of the Methodist ministers of the city for Thursday afternoon, at three o'clock, in the pastor's vestry, St. James church, to arrange for memorial services for the Queen.

MR. CASGRAIN'S TRIBUTE.

Mr. Tho. Chase Casgrain, M. P. for Montmorency, has forwarded the following message to the Warden of that county:

I hasten to inform you of the sad news, just received, of the death of Her Majesty the Queen. I am certain that the loyal electors of Montmorency will mingle in one common thought the feelings of pain and regret, and join in the universal concert of praise which arises at the moment to honour the virtues of that admirable woman, who, during sixty-three years, reigned for the happiness of her people, and especially that of her French-Canadian subjects. We must not forget that during her reign we acquired constitutional liberty and witnessed its development in our midst. History will say that in the questions which interested Canada, the Queen exercised that beneficial influence which brought about peace and concord among her numerous subjects throughout the whole world. May she have exchanged for her earthly crown which she so nobly bore, the eternal crown, that the King of Kings reserves to those who know how to struggle with all the more courage energy and perseverance that their temptations and obstacles for them are all the greater.

(Signed) TH. CHASE CASGRAIN, M.P.

POLICE AND FIRE STATIONS.

As soon as Chief Benoit received the news yesterday that the Queen had passed away, he immediately issued an order to have the flags on all the fire stations hoisted half-mast. Chief Hughes afterwards issued a similar order to the captains of police stations.

POLICE COURT ADJOURNS.

When Judge Choquet took his seat in the Police Court this morning Mr. James Crankshaw arose and proposed that the court should adjourn out of respect to the memory of Her Majesty.

Mr. Crankshaw spoke in feeling terms of the great loss to the country and the world in general.

Mr. H. J. Cloran seconded the proposition. He said that no action could, however, tell of the great reverence in which the memory of the dead Queen is held. No Sovereign in the history of the civilized world had brought such universal expressions of affection.

Judge Choquet at once adjourned the court. In doing so, he said that there were two reasons for so doing. One, and the most important one, was to pay a small tribute of respect to the memory of the illustrious Sovereign, who had just passed away. The other was because it was a question if a judge could render judgment in a case until after he had sworn allegiance to the King.

The court was then adjourned until the 29th.

THE RECORDER'S COURT.

There were only three prisoners in the dock in the Recorder's Court this morning, and they were allowed out on their own bail to appear for trial on Saturday next or such day as may be later determined by the court.

Recorder Poirier said that he would adjourn the court from day to day, allowing prisoners out on bail until after the funeral obsequies of the Queen. In any case, he did not feel at liberty to adjudicate upon cases until after the question had been settled as to whether or not the judges must be sworn in under the name of the King.

WHAT THE LAW SAYS.

The law as regards the courts and public offices is laid down in the Revised Statutes of Canada, Chapter 19, sections 2 and 3:

"Upon the demise of the Crown, it shall not be necessary to renew any commission by virtue whereof any officer of Canada, or any functionary in Canada, held his office, or profession, during the previous reign; but a proclamation shall be issued by the Governor-General, authorizing all persons in office as officers of Canada, who held commissions, under the late Sovereign, and all functionaries who exercised any profession by virtue of any such commissions, to continue in the due exercise of their respective duties, functions, and professions; and such proclamation shall suffice; and the incumbents shall, as soon thereafter, as possible, take the usual and customary oath of allegiance, before the proper officer or officers thereunto appointed; upon such proclamation being issued and oath taken, each and every such officer in Canada and functionary shall continue in the lawful exercise of the duties and functions of his office or profession, as fully as if appointed de novo, by commission derived from the Sovereign for the time being; and all acts and things bona fide done and performed by such incumbents in their respective offices, and in the due and faithful performance of their duties, functions and professions, between the time of such demise and the proclamation so to be issued —such oath of allegiance being duly taken —shall be deemed to be legally done and valid accordingly."

Scrofula

Few are entirely free from it.

It may develop slowly, as it causes little if any disturbance during the whole period of childhood.

It may then produce irregularity of the stomach and bowels, dyspepsia, catarrh and marked tendency to consumption before manifesting itself in much cutaneous eruption or glandular swelling.

It is best to be sure that you are quite free from it, and for its complete eradication you can rely on

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best of all medicines for all humours. 19 1

Photos of the Queen.

Various poses, including the famous

LAFAYETTES OF DUBLIN.

Cabinets, 10c. 8 x 10, - 25c. GEM PHOTO CO., 114 St. Lawrence St.
Trade Supplied. 19x1 Mail Orders 5c extra.

In Memoriam of QUEEN VICTORIA

BADGE or HAT PIN, exact size of illustration. Queen's head in relief surrounded by black enamel, wording and head silver finish, 50c each.
Same as above, in solid Sterling Silver, 75c each.
MAIL ORDERS—Free by mail to any address on receipt of money.

HEMSLEY'S,
Manufacturers of Enamelled Souvenirs,
253-255-257 St. James St.
Branch Store—1913-1915 Notre Dame St
Established 30 years. 19 2

LOANS made on **REAL ESTATE**

in amounts and on terms to suit all classes of borrowers.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Low Prices. Easy Terms.

Montreal Loan & Mortgage Co.,
1763 Notre Dame St., Cor. St. John St. 3032awtf

ROYAL ROSE LODGE, LACHINE
S. O. E. B. S.

Owing to our sad national bereavement, the presentation and social in honour of the return of Pte. D. Murphy, will be postponed until Feb 13th. 19 1

Montreal Snowshoe Club.
There will be
NO TRAMP
Thursday, January 24th.
19 1 FRED. D. ROGERS, Hon. Secy.

People's Theatre.

The new theatre which is being built now on Lagauchetiere street, between St. Dominique and Main streets, will be opened on February 1st under the name of PEOPLE'S THEATRE.

It has all the latest improvements, and will hold over 1,000 people.

Parties wishing to rent the place for single nights will kindly apply to the Manager at the Theatre. 19 2

PROCLAMATION OF '37

Hon. R. W. Scott Recalls Its Reading at the Time When the Late Queen Became Ruler.

OTTAWA, January 23.—Hon. R. W. Scott recalls the occasion of the proclamation issued in Canada when the late Queen became ruler of Great Britain and Ireland, in 1837.

At that time the Earl of Gosford was Governor-General of Upper and Lower Canada, and Sir Francis Bond Head was Governor at Toronto.

The proclamation was dated Quebec, August 1, 1837, and a copy was sent to Sir Francis Bond Head, who in turn transmitted copies to the sheriffs of Upper Canada, directing them to summon together the Magistrates, Justices of the Peace and office-holders under the Crown and read the message to them.

In company with the late Mr. Alpheus Todd, Mr. Scott, at that time a mere boy, drove from Prescott to Brockville and heard the late Sheriff Sherwood read the Governor's proclamation to the assembled listeners in the open air.

On the present occasion, in addition to the notification respecting the new ruler, a proclamation will be read continuing in office all those who hold appointments under the Crown. Formerly all such appointments were revoked on the demise of the Sovereign.

A BOSTON CLERGYMAN

Mr. Charles S. J. Phillips received the following despatch yesterday from Rev. Dr. Upham, of the Stoughton Street Baptist Church, Boston:

"My heartfelt sympathy with you all. God save the Queen.

"A. G. UPHAM."

Dr. Upham was for ten years pastor of Olivet Baptist Church, in this city, and also occupied a seat on the School Board.

THE WEATHER CHANGE

Predicted for the Star, Wednesday, 11 a m.—Easterly to southerly winds, rising temperature; Thursday, a light snow fall and mild early in the day, followed early in the day, folerly winds, turning colder again.

Maximum and minimum temperatures during the past twenty-four hours: Calgary, 30, 10; Winnipeg, 29, 68; Parry Sound, 30, 24; Toronto, 30, 40; Ottawa, 30, 46; Montreal, 30, 46; Quebec, 30, 33.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 207, 32 eod tf

TOOKE'S DISCOUNT SALE

Has become celebrated for the great values. Never in the history of our business have our January Sales been so great. If you want anything in our line you'll have to call soon. All this month we allow 20 per cent. off the regular marked prices.

R. J. Tooke,
177 St. James Street.
2387 St. Catherine St., West.
1553 St. Catherine St., East.

GAS-ELECTRIC

and both combined, lighting fixtures are being sold this month at a

DISCOUNT of 20 PER CENT. OFF REGULAR RETAIL PRICES

THE ROBERT MITCHELL CO., Limited,
8 BLEURY STREET. 15stf

The Residents of Westmount

are invited to attend a Public Meeting of Citizens to be held in Victoria Hall, Westmount, TO-MORROW (Thursday) Evening, at 8 o'clock, to give public expression of their regrets at the death of Her Majesty Queen Victoria.

W. D. LIGHTHALL, Mayor.

WESTMOUNT, 23rd Jan., 1901. 19 1

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

In the matter of VIPOND, PETERSON & CO., Insolvents.

The Curator of the above estate has received instructions to sell by tender, the undermentioned assets of the estate of Vipond, Peterson & Co., also the good will of the business, situated at No. 10 Shannon st., so well known as the "People's Coal Co."

This property consists of, as per inventory:

Plant	$1510.00
Horses	840.00
Harness Room	375.00
Buildings, erections, etc	1865.00
Sundries in Coal yard	337.00
Electric Light Plant	40.00
Office Fixtures	126.00
	$5083.00

Tenders will be received up to Tuesday, 29th inst., at 12 o'clock, stating amount on the dollar offered, enclosing accepted cheque for 10 p. c. of amt. of tender. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Inventory and stock can be seen on the premises, No. 10 Shannon st., and all information can be obtained from the Curator.

As this Company has been doing a good business, has been well advertised, and is in a good situation for the coal and wood business, this sale presents a first class business opportunity.

Tenders addressed to and all information obtained from

ANDREW ANGUS,
Curator,
19 4 5 Victoria square.

A NEW GREAT SEAL,

Also a New Issue of Stamps and Coins Will Now Be Necessary.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, January 23.—The passing of Victoria and the accession of Albert Edward will necessitate among other changes the procuring of a new great seal. Mr. Mills, however, holds that it is quite legal to use the present seal until a new one is ready and he mentioned the interesting fact that Queen Victoria used the great seal of Her Uncle King William IV, for some nine or ten months after his death. In the Reign of George III, the great seal of England was stolen from the residence of the keeper. The fact was immediately reported to the King and a new seal was ready for official use next day. No time will be lost in securing a new great seal for the Dominion. Another change of importance will be the substitution for the present postage and revenues stamps of a new set bearing the vignette of the King. Another change which will take place as new coins are minted will be the substitution of the profile of the King for that of Queen Victoria, but it will be years before the present coinage is absolutely called in.

SALUTE OF 101 MINUTE GUNS

Will be Fired Upon Receipt of the Official Notice of the Queen's Death.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, January 23.—The Militia Department has ordered a salute of 101 minute guns, to be fired at Victoria, Winnipeg, London, Toronto, Kingston, Montreal, Quebec, St. John and Charlottetown as soon as the official notice of the Queen's death is received. This will make 909 guns in all. On the day of the State funeral the salute will be repeated.

Special Notice. During This Month.

At F. Lapointe's you can buy Furniture and Carpets at greatly reduced prices for cash, and for credit, terms are very easy. Address 1447-1449 St. Catherine street, corner Montcalm. 13 x tf

The Imperial Life Assurance Company of Canada, which has made a record unparalleled in Canadian Life Insurance, wishes to secure District agents at Quebec City, Sherbrooke, Three Rivers, St. Hyacinthe and other important centres in the Province of Quebec, and would be pleased to negotiate with energetic and reliable men who are anxious to build up for themselves a lucrative and permanent income. Applications will be considered as confidential if so desired. E. S. Miller, Provincial Manager, Bank of Toronto Chambers, Montreal. 19 3 2aw

The Montreal Daily Star, printed at the corner of St. George street and Fortification lane, is published by Hugh Graham, resident in Montreal. Publishing office, 163 and 165 St. James street.

Auction Sale
—OF—
Private Residences
—IN—
WESTMOUNT,
....AND....
City Business and Tenement Properties,
Monday, Jan. 28th inst.
At 10 O'Clock
At 92 St. James St.

NO. 216 PRINCE ALBERT STREET, corner York street, Westmount.—Detached two-story pressed brick and stone trimming residence, with extension, 25x38x15x20, replete with all modern conveniences electric light and gas, open nickeled plumbing, hot water furnace, laundry and cemented cellar; lot 40x90; a mortgage of $4500 can remain at 5 per cent. for a term of years; title perfect. Can be visited every day until day of sale.

NO. 40 WINDSOR ST., WESTMOUNT. —Very fine semi-detached residence in stone and pressed brick, 25x50, with extension, replete with all modern conveniences and up-to-date improvements; seven sleeping rooms; open plumbing; lot 37½x110 feet; a gem of a home; $5000 could remain at five per cent. for a term of years. Now open for inspection.

NOS. 408 TO 414 MOUNT ROYAL AVENUE, corner of Drolet street.—Business corner, containing store and five tenements, encased brick, stone foundations, 40 feet front by 100 feet in depth; rented for $500 per year; Mount Royal avenue is one of the coming retail streets of the city, and any real estate purchased on this thoroughfare is bound to materially increase in value and prove a first-class investment. This property includes house built on Drolet street.

NOS. 520, 522 MOUNT ROYAL AVENUE. —Stone building, containing three tenements, with lot 50x100. This property offers a good speculation. Terms easy to suit purchaser.

NOS. 147, 147a ST. DOMINIQUE; 10, 10½ ST. JUSTINE STREET. — Cased brick building, with lot 25x175 running through from street to street; splendid spot to build modern flats.

NOS. 70, 72½ ST. TIMOTHY ST., NEAR CRAIG.—Cased brick three-story building, three tenements, with lot 50 feet front; terms, half cash and balance at five per cent.

Sale at 10 o'clock.

PARENT BROS.,
Real Estate Agents
18 5 and Auctioneers.

Valuable Stock for Sale by Tender.

In the matter of GAUN CHRISTIE, of South Mountain, Merchant, insolvent.

The undersigned has been instructed to offer for sale en bloc, at a sum certain or at a rate on the dollar, by tender, the stock of the above insolvent, composed of and estimated as follows:

Dry goods and ready made clothing	$1,375.83
Groceries and confectionery	719.37
Hardware, flour, feed, etc	498.17
Boots and shoes	508.88
Glass, china, crockery and stoneware, books and stationery	122.73
Patent medicines and fancy goods	317.36
Fixtures (including acetylene gas plant and empties)	158.62
Total	$3,695.91

This is a very valuable stock, well assorted, and desirable for a country general store. Tenders will be received up to three o'clock p.m. on the 30th day of Jan., 1901, for the above stock. Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned, and marked "Christie Estate Tender."

Terms—Ten per cent. when notified of acceptance of tender, balance as soon as stock checked over, not later than ten days after notice of acceptance. Inventory can be seen and stock inspected on the premises. Inventory also at the office of the undersigned.

Dated at Kemptville this 18th day of January, 1901.

T. K. ALLAN,
Assignee,
Box 445,
19 3 2aw ..Kemptville, Ont.

MOSCOW IS MORE RUSSIAN

And for That Reason the Czarina Will Proceed to That City.

(Special to the Star.)

PARIS, January 23.—A despatch from St. Petersburg says the Czar has definitely decided that the Czarina shall proceed to Moscow to await her accouchment in order that the child shall be an out-and-out Russian. Moscow is more of a Russian city than St. Petersburg.

WELL KNOWN MAN DEAD.

(Special to the Star.)

ST. JOHN, N.B., January 23.—A. Chipman Smith, Director of Public Works, and one of St. John's best known citizens, died early Wednesday morning, aged 62 years. He was mayor of St. John from 1874 to 1876, chief of the fire department from 1878 to 1883, and since 1889 had been Director of Public Works. He was sitting Police Magistrate for years, and filled a host of positions of public trust. He leaves a widow and one daughter, Mrs. Fred. H. Sayre.

READ THIS!

For Sale, at a Bargain,

DEAN'S EMBLEMATIC CHART

of the British Empire, a Beautifully coloured and Gold Tinted Souvenir of Her Majesty's long reign, showing all the Emblems and Coats of Arms of the different Colonies and Dependencies of the British Empire, with information about Parliaments, Army and Navy, etc. Useful and instructive to scholars; makes a handsome picture to frame; an ornament to any home or office; they were sold by canvass in the city of Montreal at $1.50 each. We purchased the balance of stock, and are now prepared to mail them free to any address

For 25c each.

Money or stamps to accompany all orders. For Sale only at

JOHN ALLAN, Corner Craig and Bleury Streets, MONTREAL. 19xx1

ALL SIZES OF
COAL
ARRIVING DAILY FROM MINES BY RAIL.
PROMPT DELIVERY.
THE HARTT & ADAIR COAL CO.,
229 ST. JAMES STREET. 19x1

BOLS' VERY OLD GENEVA.
THE NE PLUS ULTRA OF SCHIEDAM.
(YELLOW COLORED BY AGE.

	Per case of 12-1 Stone Jugs (3.16 Gallons)	Per case of 12-1 Stone Jugs (2 Gallons)	Per case of 24-2 Stone Jugs (3.16 Gallons)	Per case of 15 Glass Jugs (2 Gallons)
Per Single Jug,	$1.20	.85	.65	.75
Per Case,	13.25	9.50	14.25	10.00

From and after this date, the prices for Bols' Liqueur Gin will be as follows:—

Less 3 Per Cent. Discount for Cash.

FRASER, VIGER & CO., SOLE AGENTS FOR ERVEN LUCAS BOLS, AMSTERDAM.
Italian Warehouse, Montreal, 15th January, 1901. 19xx1

Secure a Home for Yourself!
A GOOD NEW YEAR'S RESOLUTION!
Take out a book and commence to save now. Invest your small savings in the
People's Mutual Building Society---Class B.
BETTER THAN A SAVINGS BANK.

Shares $200 each. Weekly payments, only 10c per share.

Full particulars at the Society's Office, Mechanics' Hall Building, Rooms 11 and 12. Second Floor.

DIRECTORS—C. B. Carter, Q.C.; President; J. Widmer Nelles, Vice-President; Alex. D. Fraser, Trustee; David Guthrie, Alfred Joyce, David Anderson, Arch. Watt, W. Geraghty, H. W. Raphael.

We invite one and all to attend the following meeting and see for themselves the working of our society.

People's Mutual Building Society---Class B.
Commenced business 3rd July, 1893. Amount invested on Mortgage at this date, $135,374.00

APPROPRIATION NOTICE.

The 64th and 65th Appropriations will be awarded by Ballot and Sale at the Long Room, Mechanics Institute, No. 204 St. James street, on MONDAY, 28th JANUARY, 1901, during the course of the annual meeting on that evening.
(By order of the Directors,)
19x1 W. M. J. McGEE, Sec.-Treasurer.

Three Good Forwards
Make a Sure Success.

We have them and they are winners.

THREE NEW LINES OF

Men's Hard Flexible Fur Felt Hats.

Just received from British manufacturer direct, *The British Hall Mark Hat.* When you wear one you pass anywhere for a gentleman.

Prices—$2.00, $2.25 and $3.00.

INSPECTION INVITED.

Allan's "MY HATTER," *Corner of Bleury and Craig Streets, and 2299 St. Catherine Street.* 18x1

Euchre Prizes.

When in doubt as to what to choose for Euchre Prizes, you can always find some thing suitable for ladies or gentlemen in HEMSLEY'S CANADIAN ENAMELS at a moderate price. They can be had in

STICK PINS (Sterling Silver Gilt), 50c, 60c.

BROOCHES, HAT PINS, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25.

WATCH CHATELAINES, $1, $1.25.

CUFF LINKS, $1.25, $1.35 per pair.

BELT BUCKLES (in large variety of shapes and designs), from $1.25 to $4.50.

Can also be had in Solid 18k. gold.

MAIL ORDERS — Any goods sent free on receipt of money, which will be returned if the goods are in any way not satisfactory.

HEMSLEY'S
253, 255, 257 St. James Street,
BRANCH STORE,
1913, 1915 Notre Dame Street,
Established 30 Years. 19x1

Another extract from Dr. J. M. Barrie's delightful book, "My Lady Nicotine."

THE ARCADIA MIXTURE.

"Pettigrew will be welcomed if he comes, but he is a married man, and we seldom see him now-a-days. Others will be regarded as intruders. If they are smoking common tobaccos, they must either be allowed to try ours or be requested to withdraw. One need only put his head in at my door to realise that tobaccos are of two kinds, 'The Arcadia,' and others. No one who smokes, 'The Arcadia' would ever attempt to describe its delights, for his pipe would be certain to go out. When he was at school, Jimmy Moggridge smoked a cane-chair, and he has since said that from cane to ordinary mixtures was not so noticeable as the change from ordinary mixtures to 'The Arcadia.' I ask no one to believe this, for the confirmed smoker in Arcadia detests arguing with anybody about anything. Were I anxious to prove Jimmy's statement, I would merely give you the only address at which 'The Arcadia' is to be had. But that I will not do. It would be as rash as proposing a man with whom I am unacquainted for my club. You may not be worthy to smoke 'THE ARCADIA' MIXTURE."

Copy of letter from Dr. J. M. Barrie to Mr. Carreras:

Dear Sir,—In answer to your letter, it is your "Craven Mixture" and no other that I call The Arcadia in "My Lady Nicotine." I see no objection to your announcing this if you ever want to do so.

Yours truly,
J. M. BARRIE.

Mr. J. Joaquin Carreras, 7 Wardour st., W.

We have much pleasure in drawing the attention of Canadian consumers to the above.

"Barrie" Blend of Tobaccos
NOW IN STORE.

		Price per tin.
"The Craven Mixture" (Mild),	¼-lb. tins,	$0.65
	½-lb. tins,	1.25
"Hankey's Mixture" (Medium),	¼-lb. tins,	0.75
"The Guard's Mixture" (Full),	¼-lb. tins,	0.75

FRASER, VIGER & CO.,
Sole Importers.

Only 91 barrels of the fine

NOVA SCOTIA WINTER APPLES

remaining in stock. The Gravensteins and the Golden Russets are all gone.

We have now remaining only

4 Barrels ROYAL BLENHEIMS
2 Barrels Selected No. 1 BALDWINS
AND
85 Barrels of the No. 1 KINGS

We offer them all round at 60 cents per basket any one kind, or 60 cents per basket all three kinds, mixed.

The Royal Blenheims at $3.50 per barrel.

The Selected No. 1 Baldwins at $3.50 per barrel, and the

Selected No. 1 Kings at $3.50 per barrel.

OXOL! OXOL!! OXOL!!!

Ward off the "Grippe" by a liberal use of

OXOL FLUID BEEF.

The best brand in the market.

Oxol Fluid Beef, 1-oz. bottles, 19 cents each, $2.00 per dozen.

Oxol Fluid Beef, 2-oz. bottles, 30 cents each, $3.50 per dozen.

Oxol Fluid Beef, 4-oz. bottles, 55 cents each, $6.50 per dozen.

Oxol Fluid Beef, 8-oz. bottles, 97 cents each, $11.25 per dozen.

Oxol Fluid Beef, 16-oz. bottles, $1.55 each, $18.25 per dozen.

OXOL SOLID EXTRACT OF BEEF.

Oxol (paste) Fluid Beef, in 2-oz. jars, 30 cents each, $3.50 per dozen.

Oxol (paste) Fluid Beef, in 2-oz. tins, 25 cents each, $2.85 per dozen.

Oxol (paste) Fluid Beef, in 4-oz. tins, 45 cents each, $4.80 per dozen.

FOR FLUID BEEF CUP.

Oxol (Standard Brand) Fluid Beef, in 8-oz. bottles, 50 cents per bottle, $5.50 per dozen.

Oxol (Standard Brand), in 20-oz. bottles, $1.00 per bottle, $11.50 per dozen.

CHOICEST
DAIRY and CREAMERY BUTTER.

Westover's, Frelighsburg, Butter, in 11-lb. tubs.

Westover's, Frelighsburg, Butter, in 30-lb. tubs.

The Shipton Creamery Butter, in 20-lb. tubs.

Received by Express this morning.

150 Dozen Strictly New Laid Eggs
40c per dozen.

Choicest Dairy Butter
in ¼-lb. prints, blocks and 5-lb. tins.

CHOICE DRIED FRUITS
FOR THE MILLION.
PRUNES. PRUNES. PRUNES.
French Table and Stewing Prunes.
California Table and Stewing Prunes.
APRICOTS. APRICOTS. APRICOTS.
PEARS. PEARS. PEARS.
PEACHES. PEACHES. PEACHES.

CHOICE FRENCH PLUMS
FOR THE TABLE.
In 2, 4 and 7-lb. glass jars, 5 lb-tins and wooden boxes.

STEWING PRUNES.

"Belle Rame," 8c per lb., 7 pounds for 55c.
"Demi Choix," 9c per lb., 5 pounds for 40c.
"Imperials," 12c per lb., 5 pounds for 55c.
And 500 pounds of a Special Line of Stewing Prunes at 5c per lb.

TABLE PRUNES.

2-lb. glass jars, "Imperiales Extra Fleur," [illegible] per jar.
2-lb glass jars "Imperiales Fleur," 65c per jar.
2-lb. glass jars "Imperiales Superfines," 75c per jar.
5-lb. tins "Imperiales" Prunes, $1 per tin.
4-lb. glass jars "Imperiales Fleur," $1.25 per jar.
7-lb. glass jars "Imperiales Fleur," $2 per jar.

CALIFORNIA PRUNES
THE GOLDEN GATE BRAND.

The very finest possible to procure.

Large Selected Fruit, running 30 and 40 to the pound.

"Golden Gate" Prunes, 20c per lb.
"Golden Gate" Prunes, in 25-lb. boxes, 18c per lb.

DRIED FRUITS FOR PIES.

"Golden Gate" Evaporated Pears, 18c per lb.
"Golden Gate" Evaporated Pears, in 25-lb. boxes, by the box, 15c per lb.
"Golden Gate" Evaporated Apricots, 22c per lb.
"Golden Gate" Evaporated Apricots, in 25-lb. boxes, by the box, 19c per lb.
"Golden Gate" Evaporated Peaches, 20c per lb.
"Golden Gate" Evaporated Peaches, in 25-lb. boxes, by the box, 17c per lb.

FRASER, VIGER & CO.,
IMPORTERS,
19xx1 207, 209 and 211 St. James Street.