

Quebec Chronicle.

QUEBEC, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 8, 1903.

ONE CENT.

SMOKE THE
ST. LOUIS
At 5 cents. The strict-
Union made Cigar. For sale
everywhere.

SMOKE THE
EL GREYANT
Clear Havana Cigar. The
best in the market for 10 cents.
For Sale everywhere.

IN THE DOMINION PARLIAMENT

Government Scored for Neg- lect of Immigrants

LOOK OUT FOR THE BUDGET

HON. MR. FIELDING WILL HAVE
IT READY TO-MORROW WEEK —
THE PENSION FOR THE PER-
MANENT FORCE — NEW
BRANCH ORDNANCE STORE —
WHAT IT COSTS TO FEED THE
GOVERNMENT COLLECTION OF
OPHTHIA.

(Special to the Chronicle.)
Ottawa, April 7.—Mr. Logan, M.P.,
will, after Easter, move for the papers
in connection with the Chicago Ship
Railway, with a view to ascertaining
the present condition of negotiations.
The trustees of the company are ask-
ing the Government for compensa-
tion for not being permitted to finish
the work. About \$4,000,000 has been
expended by the company in the un-
der-taking.

Table Robinson will ask if the Gov-
ernment intends to make any efforts
to induce immigrants now coming to
Canada to settle in Ontario.

Mr. Boyd (MacDonald) will enquire
whether the Government intends to
increase the number of Senators and
members for Manitoba and the North-
west in proportion to the increased re-
presentation; also whether it is in-
tended to grant provincial autonomy to
the Territories this session.

The proposed incorporators of the
Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scot-
ia Railway Co. are D. Mann, Mont-
real; Z. A. Lash, Toronto; Senator
MacSwiney, Moncton; Charles Fergie,
Westville, and Graham Fraser, Syd-
ney Mines. The route of the railway
is given as from Quebec to the Quebec
bridge, thence to Moncton, Piquash,
New Glasgow and on to Country Har-
bour.

On suggestion of Mr. Borden, to-
day, the Prime Minister postponed his
motion to take Wednesday for Gov-
ernment business until after the Easter
vacation, so that there will be
two more Wednesdays for private busi-
ness.

Sir Wilfrid's motion of Easter ad-
journment from to-morrow until Tues-
day, the 14th, was carried.

Mr. Fielding intimated, in reply to
Mr. Borden, that the budget speech
will be delivered on Thursday of next
week.

The House went into Committee on
the Government Bill to amend the
Military Pension Act.

Sir F. Borden explained that the
object was to make the pension law for
the permanent forces in the mili-
tary similar to the law passed last
year for the Northern Mounted
Police. He also announced that it was
proposed to create an ordinance
branch out of the present stores and
place it under the jurisdiction of the
military branch of the Department.

The expenditures upon advertising
and printing with party newspapers
are much larger than formerly. At
the time when Sir Richard Cartwright
made a strong speech against such
outlays, declaring that they meant
"the poisoning of the wells of public
information," the aggregate accounts
throughout the Dominion were \$180,
000 per annum. Some papers were
paid a few dollars for advertising
others did printing and received
\$4000 or \$5000 in a year for the work.
The figures for the year 1901-2 are as
follows: Advertising, \$116,919; print-
ing, \$383,164, a total of \$499,383.

The larger figures of to-day are
all the more remarkable in view of
the fact that there is now a Govern-
ment Printing Bureau, and that the
law requires all the work to be done
there. Last year the largest haul
was made by the Montreal Herald,
which received \$15,831. After it came
Halifax and St. John organs, with
\$8000 each, and later on in the list is
the Toronto Globe with \$3,134. We
have now the newspaper pickings for
six years. They aggregate more than
\$2,000,000, and represent a consider-
able sum in each case. The follow-
ing are the receipts of the principal
organs during this period:

Halifax Recorder	18,345
Halifax Chronicle	36,444
London Advertiser	4,301
Moncton Transcript	42,918
Montreal Herald	115,617
Montreal Witness	7,310
Ottawa Free Press	7,919
Quebec Solel	15,657
Quebec Telegraph	14,919
St. John Gazette	17,925
St. John Globe	21,969
St. John Telegraph	33,584
Toronto Globe	15,107
Winnipeg Free Press	11,492

The Canada Atlantic sectionmen's
strike is still in progress. Trains are
running on time, and the company
say they will have no difficulty in
filling the places of the strikers. A
strong undercurrent of feeling is being
manifested against John T. Wilson,
Grand President of the Main Branch of
Way Brotherhood, for his action in
the matter, when there were good pros-
pects of reaching an agreement. It is
thought that before long the Govern-
ment will have to step in and prevent
the interference of foreign labor agi-
tators in Canadian affairs.

Ottawa, Ont., April 7.—Mr. Boyd
(MacDonald) has again drawn at-
tention to the inadequate provision
made for incoming immigrants. He
quoted from an article in the Winn-
ipeg Telegram which depicted the sad
plight of these settlers on arriving at
that city. So poor were the arrange-

ments that hundreds were compelled to
sleep on the floors of the waiting
rooms at the railway stations and a
vast amount of inconvenience was ex-
perienced by all settlers. There was
no excuse for such poor arrangements
because the great influx of people was
anticipated as far back as two years.
He demanded more attention to the
needs of immigrants at Manitoba.
Dr. Roche (Marquette), said if the
Government was so anxious to assume
credit for bringing so many immi-
grants to Canada, they must also
take blame for so miserably looking
after this long expected influx of popu-
lation. At the very beginning of the
season with thousands of settlers
pouring into Winnipeg and places of
accommodation long since overcrowd-
ed, people coming in were forced to
sleep on the floors in railway waiting
rooms to the great discredit of the
Government.

Mr. McCreary Liberal (Selkirk) was
sorry to be compelled to join with the
previous speakers in criticising the
neglect of the government in this mat-
ter (Opposition applause).

Mr. Puttee (Winnipeg) referred to the
bad accommodation for immigrants.
He also said that government had for-
warded a petition asking for better
treatment to the Winnipeg hospital
which was much crowded with immi-
grants.

Mr. Mulock replied admitting that
the situation was very serious. He
had received a petition for a grant of
\$50,000 for an addition to the Winni-
peg hospital with a per capita allow-
ance for patients, and the Government
would at once consider the request.
With reference to the transportation
trouble he was bound to confess that
there was ample ground for Mr. Put-
tee's statements. The C.P.R. had an-
swered their representation in an apologetic
strain which was not con-
sidered satisfactory. If any other
grounds for complaint were brought
up he promised a frank statement to
the House. He took no exception to
the House. He took no exception to
the House. He took no exception to
the House.

Mr. Boyd's complaint as he was
saying doing his duty in the matter.
It was inevitable that there should be
some suffering when immigrants were
arriving at the rate of 5,000 a week
at times a temporary congestion was
inevitable at certain points. He asked
the previous speakers to take a reason-
able view of the situation and not
exaggerate what had taken place.

Mr. R. L. Borden said there might
be conditions which the government
could not well foresee, but from Mr.
Mulock's remarks he could not see
that anything at all had been done.
This great rush of western settlers
had long been expected and the gov-
ernment had not adopted ordinary
business foresight in preparing for it.
They ought at least to have avoided
the suffering caused by immigrants
being without accommodation during
inclement weather. The matter was
important as settlers' letters home de-
scribing their first impressions of Can-
ada would undoubtedly have consider-
able influence on future immigration,
and settlers compelled to sleep in po-
lice stations and on officers' floors,
would not send very glowing accounts
home. The subject then dropped.

The estimates for rivers and harbors
in the Maritime Provinces were passed
at the evening sitting.

A representative convention of men
interested in the merchant marine of
Canada was held in the City Hall to-
day under the presidency of J. J.
Long, Collingwood. Over one hundred
delegates were present. Resolutions
were adopted urging the abrogation
of tonnage and inspection fees impos-
ed on steam vessels in Canada. Fees
payable to Customs officers for ser-
vices for after hours and on holidays.
Tolls imposed on vessels using Domi-
nion canals. These resolutions were
endorsed by the Boards of Trade of
Port Colborne, St. Catharines, Parry
Sound, Windsor and Whitchy. The Cham-
ber of Commerce of Montreal, City
Council of Kingston, Montreal Corn
Exchange, National Association of
Marine Engineers, Canadian Associa-
tion of Masters and Mates.

Judge MacTavish, of Ottawa, who
was appointed to investigate the al-
leged tobacco combine in Canada, has
handed in his report to the govern-
ment. It will be presented to Parlia-
ment shortly.

Mr. Monk will interrogate the gov-
ernment about the formation of a
Canadian Chamber of Commerce in
Paris.

LORD ROBERTS WILL NOT COME

Toronto, April 7.—A letter was
received in town to-day which indicates
that Lord Roberts will hardly be
likely to visit Canada this year. A
member of Parliament was talking to
his Lordship on March 25, when the
latter remarked that he regretted be-
ing compelled to decline the invita-
tion of his Canadian friends to visit
the Dominion this year.

TOO MANY YELLOW NOVELS

Bellefonte, Ont., April 7.—John Wes-
ley Stevens, who is charged with try-
ing to hold up a telegraph operator
at Tweed Station, and tried here to-
day before Judge Luzzar Stevens, is a
slight-built red-headed boy about 19,
and looks as much like a desperado
as he does like John L. Sullivan. He
does not seem to realize his position.
After evidence had been heard, the
Judge reserved judgment for a week.
The general opinion is that Stevens is
a victim of too much yellow novel
reading. He pleaded not guilty.

REVOLUTIONISTS IN POSSESSION

Mobile, Ala., April 7.—Persons on
the steamer Gyther, which arrived to-
day from Ceiba, Honduras, report the
affairs of the city being conducted in
a satisfactory manner by the revolu-
tionists, who are in possession. The
forces of General Bonilla are said to
have taken every Atlantic port of
entry in Honduras.

DREYFUS CASE RECRUDESCENT

General de Pellieux's Letter of Resignation

DUPE OF MEN WITHOUT HONOR

VERY SERIOUS CHARGES MADE
AGAINST A FORMER MINISTER
—REVELATIONS FOLLOWED BY
AN UPROAR IN THE CHAMBER.

Paris, April 6.—M. Jaures, a So-
cialist deputy, to-day launched his
promised revelations of the Dreyfus
case in the Chamber of Deputies.
They proved to be more sensational
and more important than was antici-
pated, and reawakened much of the
angry excitement that marked the sit-
ting of Parliament when "L'Affaire"
was tearing France to pieces. M.
Jaures undertook to show that a docu-
ment of the most serious import-
ance, which might have procured a de-
cisive investigation of the case, was
systematically suppressed, that the
spurious letter attributed to Emperor
William was, like Col. Henry's forgery
done at the Ministry of War, and that
highly placed officials were responsible
for it and that this fraudulent docu-
ment was afterwards slipped into the
ministerial dossiers in a manner that
enabled it to be procured as evidence
without incurring the risk of public
scrutiny.

M. Jaures's speech was long, and
though it was eloquent and powerful,
it need not be followed in detail. Its
kernel was the exposition of a letter
purporting to have been written by
Gen. De Pellieux in August, 1898, the
day Col. Henry committed suicide, to
M. Cavaignac, who was the Minister
of War, asking permission to resign
because he realized that he "was the
dupe of those without honor and un-
able to longer rely on the confidence
of my superiors, and unable to
trust my superiors, who have made
me work upon forgeries."

The reading of this letter aroused a
great sensation, in the midst of which
M. Brisson rose, white and agitated.
He was barely able to control his
voice as he said: "As president of the
council at that time, I declare that
I had no knowledge of the letter."

This caused an outburst of indigna-
tion from members of the Left, all of
whom turned menacingly towards
M. Cavaignac. The latter protested
against the insinuation thus made
against himself and said:

"It was not my place to take notice
of General De Pellieux's letter." M.
Brisson continued impressively, "I
knew that on August 14 M. Cavaignac
was convinced of Col. Henry's first
forgery, although he did not inform
me of it until August 30. To-day I
learn for the first time of the exist-
ence of Gen. De Pellieux's letter. If
Cavaignac did not bring it to my
knowledge it was because he had it
the meantime come to an arrangement
with Gen. Mercier."

M. Brisson proceeded to denounce M.
Cavaignac as unworthy to be called a
Republican. He added that he deserv-
ed to be impeached, and that he might
bless the fact that amnesty had been
decreed. The truthfulness of M. Bris-
son's utterances carried complete con-
viction to the members of the Left,
and a prolonged uproar followed. The
Right, however, was not convinced
and taunted M. Brisson with acting
comedy.

M. Cavaignac denied that he was
aware of the first Henry forgery or
August 14. He also denied having
made an arrangement with General
Mercier, and protested that the whole
matter was being exploited for a poli-
tical purpose.

A SENSATIONAL MINING SUIT

STOCK HOLDERS CLAIM THAT A
WORTHLESS PROPERTY WAS
PAID OFF ON THEM, AND
THAT THE DEFENDANT FILED
DOWN GOLD QUARTER EAGLES
TO SALT THE ROCKS WITH
AND DECEIVE THE SHAREHOLDERS.

Buffalo, N.Y., April 7.—Sensational
papers were filed in the county clerk's
office this afternoon in an action
brought by the Log Cabin Gold and
Copper Company against Frederick C.
Fisk, Bertha C. Fisk and Chas. A.
Slack. The suit is brought to re-
cover \$25,100 from Fisk, some property
in Williamsville, N.Y., and what-
ever shares he and the other defend-
ants held in the company.

The stockholders of the company
claim they have been fraudulently
dealt with by Fisk in the purchase of
seven hundred acres of land in Onta-
rio, the land being represented to
them by Fisk as being valuable gold
mining property. They now claim
that the property is worthless, and
that Fisk made false assays concern-
ing the alleged vein of gold in the
property, and that he filed up Ameri-
can five dollar gold pieces for the
purpose of sprinkling the bits among
the rocks to deceive the shareholders.
Fisk and one Emma C. Simmon form
ed the company, which was capitaliz-
ed at 3,000,000 shares of the par
value of \$1 each. The company then
purchased the land from Fisk, and
gave in return \$250,000 shares of the
stock in the company and \$7500. Lat-
ter \$18,600 was given him to im-
prove and develop the worthless land,
but it is claimed that he converted a
portion to his own use.

LEGISLATURE TAKES A REST

ADJOURNED TILL TUESDAY —THE
BUSIEST DAY OF THE SES-
SION IN COMMITTEE WORK —
QUEBEC BILL PASSES THIRD
READING IN LEGISLATIVE
COUNCIL — MONTREAL BILL
ADOPTED IN PRIVATE BILLS
COMMITTEE — CHARGES
AGAINST RECORDERS OF MON-
TRÉAL.

Press Gallery,
Quebec, April 7, 1903.

Yesterday was the busiest day of
this session of Parliament, and al-
though very little business was
transacted in the Legislative Council
Chamber or the Legislative Assembly,
still the committee of both Houses
sat until a very late hour last evening
in the Private Bills Committee of the
Council the Quebec Bill and the Cha-
teauguay and Northern Railway bills
were adopted without amendments,
while the large number of bills pre-
sented by students for admission to
practice the different professions with
out examinations were amended in
such a manner last evening that all
the applicants will have to undergo
an examination before the different
Boards.

In the Private Bills Committee of
the Legislative Assembly, the morning
afternoon and evening sittings were
devoted to the Montreal Bill, and it
was only at 11:30 last evening that
the bill was adopted, but not before
a number of amendments had been in-
troduced. In fact the amendments
and sub-amendments to the various
clauses are so numerous that the civic
delegation from Montreal suggested
that the bill be re-printed. One of the
features before this committee last
evening was the almost unanimous
opinion that the powers of the Recor-
ders of the city of Montreal had to be
curtailed, owing to the severity with
which Recorders Poirer and Weir
treated prisoners brought before them.
As stated before, the business transac-
ted in the Assembly yesterday after-
noon and evening was of short dura-
tion, and one hour was sufficient to
transact the routine affairs when at
midnight the Legislature, on proposi-
tion of Hon. Mr. Parent, seconded by
Hon. Mr. Pelletier, adjourned until
next Tuesday afternoon.

The day may be appropriately called
"Montreal day," as it was devoted to
matters specially affecting that city,
and consequently a large number of
Montrealers could be seen in the cor-
ridors of the House all day. At ten
o'clock the Private Bills Committee
of the Legislative Council and As-
sembly met, the former to consider
the Chateauguay and Northern Ry.
Co. bill, and the latter to resume dis-
cussion on the Montreal Bill, while
at ten o'clock the representatives of
the Licensed Victuallers Association
waited upon the Government.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

The bill to amend the charter of
the Chateauguay and Northern Rail-
way Co. was first brought up before
the Private Bills Committee, Messrs.
L. Greenfield, K.C., and J. P. Mul-
lark representing the promoters of
the bill, and Mr. Ethier, K.C., Mont-
real, City Attorney, representing the
city, and Hon. L. O. Taillon repre-
senting companies objecting to the
measure. The bill has for its principal
effect to run the Great Northern Rail-
way into Montreal, and the first
clause was objected to by Messrs.
Taillon and Ethier. It reads as fol-
lows:

The powers of the company, in re-
spect of its railway between Montreal
and Joliette, and in respect of its ter-
minal properties at Montreal, may be
revised or any property acquired
by the company or other property
suitable for the purposes of the com-
pany.

After deliberating for some time on
his clause, the Committee adjourned
until the afternoon, when it was adop-
ed on division.

Hon. Mr. Taillon then moved that
an amendment be inserted to the
clause protecting the rights of the
Park and Island Railway running into
Longue Point, as the latter had con-
structed this road at the request of
the inhabitants of that municipality,
and after the charter of the Chateau-
guay Co. had ceased to exist in Jan-
uary, 1902. Hon. Mr. Taillon moved
several other amendments to protect
rights of third parties, but Mr. Green-
field objected, as if these amend-
ments were adopted, the bill would
again return to the Assembly. The
Committee again sat with closed doors
and at six o'clock adopted the bill
without amendments.

When this bill was adjourned in the
morning, the Committee proceeded to
take into consideration

THE QUEBEC BILL.
The trouble over the bill was on the
first clause granting the city power
to borrow an amount not exceeding
\$100,000 for the widening and paving
of streets, for city improvements, etc.
Hon. Mr. Chapais inquired if the
city could specify what streets were
in view without mentioning the
amounts to be spent on each street.

Sir C. A. P. Pelletier, civic attor-
ney, replied that the city of Quebec
could boast of having an expropriation
Council, which almost everybody ad-
mits. On several occasions the city
has asked permission to borrow mon-
ey for civic improvements, and never
has that question been asked. The
present bill is made out in almost the
same terms as others as regards loans.
It must be remarked that neither the
local press nor the citizens have ob-
jected to the loan nor to the bill.

(Continued on Sixth Page.)

F. SIMARD & CIE.

EASTER NOVELTIES

Women's Neckwear.

Novelties Without Number, of the Uncommon Kind.
New and Attractive Productions Added Daily.

Cape Ruffs and Flat Stoles of
Lace with Chiffon and Ribbon
ends.
Lace and Chiffon Stocks with
Jabot and Stole Tie ends.

Hand Embroidered Linen Lawn
Collar and Cuff Sets.
Lace Cape Collars.
Fancy Lace and Silk Collars.
Yokes and Fronts for Waists and
Coats.

Handkerchiefs, Gloves,

Belts, Feather Boas, Women's Wash Waists,

Of Mercerised Lawn, Etamene and
Lawn, Beautiful new styles to
choose from.

ONE PRICE ONLY. - TELEPHONE 2157.

F. SIMARD & CIE., 137 ST. JOSEPH STREET, St. Roch

A NEW MARINE ORGANIZATION

FORMATION OF THE DOMINION
MERCHANT MARINE ASSOCIA-
TION — STIRRING SPEECH BY
HON. MR. TARTÉ — NONE OF
OUR PORTS PROPERLY EQUIP-
PED — WOULD HAVE MADE
THINGS GO FASTER IF HE
HAD HAD HIS WAY.

Ottawa, April 7.—As the result of the
meeting at Ottawa of marine men to
wait on the Government, an organiza-
tion was formed this afternoon to
be known as the Dominion Merchant
Marine Association. The officers elect-
ed were as follows:

President—C. F. Giklesleeve, Mont-
real.
First Vice-President—John J. Long,
Collingwood.

2nd Vice-President—E. W. Rathbun,
Deseronto.
Executive Committee—The above of-
ficers and Capt. Grange, Toronto; R.
D. Mackay, Hamilton; James Cuttle,
and Thos. Harding, Montreal; R. C.
Carter, Deseronto, and Capt. Donnel-
ly and Capt. Gaskin, Kingston.

The executive will draft up consi-
derations and by-laws for presentation
at the next annual meeting. Mr.
Francis King, of the Kingston Board
of Trade, will act as secretary pro
tem. Kingston will be the head-
quarters of the Association. The As-
sociation spent an hour preparing the
memorial for presentation to the Gov-
ernment to-morrow. Hon. J. Israel
Tarté, in addressing the Association,
said:

"It is beyond doubt that we are
the shortest route between the East
and the West. Railways and water-
ways should not be antagonistic. On
the other side they are allied, and
here they should be allied. But how
can we expect to retain through traf-
fic when we have no terminal facilities
at either end of the line? There
is much that should be done, and if I
had been master of the administration
as I have been called, I would have
made things go faster. None of our
ports are properly equipped, while if
they were we could have ports open
all the year round. Then, our ports
should be free, or the tolls charged
should be just enough to pay for
maintenance. We must develop a
strong railway and waterway policy,
and prevent the Americans from di-
recting the trade of the Northwest. I
am for a Canadian policy
always. We are all proud of our
country, but there has been some-
thing lacking in us so far, or we
would not have lost so much of the
carrying trade as we have. We have
no Canadian ships practically speak-
ing. If our ports were properly equip-
ped I believe we would carry down to
Montreal 100,000,000 bushels of wheat
every year. The Department of Pub-
lic Works has, at its disposal to-day,
the best fleet of dredges that could be
obtained, and within a year we shall

have a channel at least 400 to 500
feet wide and 31 feet deep from Mon-
treal to the sea. For a long time
the Government did not do its duty
to mariners, but in the past two years
there has been an awakening, and
much has been accomplished.

THE DREYFUS
DISCUSSION
DEBATE EXCITES GREAT BIT-
TERNESS — AN ADMINISTRA-
TIVE INVESTIGATION DEMAN-
DED, WHICH THE MINISTER OF
WAR CONSENTS TO — CER-
TAIN JUDGES WILL ASSIST IN
IT.

Paris, April 7.—The renewal of the
Dreyfus discussion in the Chamber of
Deputies drew a great crowd to the
House to-day. The galleries were
packed and there was much excite-
ment on the floor. The debate was
evidently arousing great bitterness. M.
Jaures renewed his criticisms. Logan
yesterday, of the methods adopted to
convict Dreyfus, asserting that after
the Colonel Henry incident, the War
Office adopted the plan of using the
incriminating letter which was falsely
scribed to Emperor William. During
the speech there was continuous in-
terruptions and much disorder.

M. Jaures closed with a demand
that the Government conduct an ad-
ministrative investigation into the
letter sent by General Pellieux to M.
Cavaignac, when the latter was War
Minister in 1898. The Socialist leader
received a prolonged ovation as he
resumed his seat, members of the
Right party shouting to him "Go to
Berlin."

Minister of War Andre followed. He
declared the Government proposed to
ascertain the truth, and confirmed the
facts in connection with the Pellieux
letter, as stated by M. Jaures.

General Andre, amid great applau-
se, closed his remarks with an acceptance
of the proposition to institute an
administrative inquiry, which, he
added, will be conducted with the as-
sistance of certain justices.

Former War Minister Cavaignac then
demanded to be heard, and proceeded
to speak amid uproar and confusion.

THE GAMEY CHARGES

Toronto, Ont., April 7.—At two
o'clock this afternoon Mr. McCreary,
of London, filed with the registrar of
the Court of Appeals the affidavits of
all the Ministers accused in Mr. Ga-
mey's charges, except that of Hon.
Mr. Latchford. The affidavit of the
Commissioner of Crown Lands was
filed by Mr. Aubrey White, Deputy
Commissioner, owing to the absence
of Hon. Mr. Davis in Winnipeg. Chan-
cellor Boyd has given the registrar in-
structions not to make the affidavits
public until they come before the com-
mission. Mr. W. D. McPherson, Mr.
Gamney and a stenographer called on
Registrar Grant at Osgoode Hall this
morning and looked over the papers
and schedules already filed and copied
them.

Z. PAQUET'S

Departmental Stores.

EXAMINE

The new Butterick Patterns.
They will show you the latest
fashions in skirts, capes, etc.
A Butterick pattern enables
you to make your own dress.
We have received the Butter-
ick Patterns for March.
Fashion sheets free at our
Pattern Counter.

We are the sole
Agents in Quebec

ELEGANT NOVELTIES

IN DRY GOODS AT New Prices.

Everybody knows that the
Ta as silk is never offered at
reduced prices

Queen Quality You want both

When you try on a pair of
shoes look for two things—Com-
fort and style.
You must have them both!
Either one by itself is not
enough. It is easy to make a
comfortable shoe; it is easy to
make a stylish shoe. But it
is very difficult to combine the
two. To make a Stylish shoe
that is comfortable is the highest
art. A shoe may feel comfortable
yet not fit properly. Now it
must fit or you are sure to have
trouble. And the better it fits
the better it will wear and the
longer it will last.

The one shoe that fits where
all others fail is "Queen
Quality."

It fits because it is made in
an infinite variety of original
styles to suit all shapes of feet
and all occasions. "Queen
Quality" originates its own
styles. Then they are copied
by other makers. If you want
to be ahead on the fashion wear
"Queen Quality." If you want
twice as many chances in selection,
try "Queen Quality." A
glance through our stock shows
this

Shoes \$3.75 Oxfords \$3.00
Sole agents in Quebec, Z.
Paquet's Departmental Stores.

Paper Hanging

Our stock of wall-paper is
large, complete and exquisite.

It contains the newest styles,
the latest and most elegant designs
in paper hanging and our prices
are very moderate.

We have at our service, many
competent paper-hangers. Please
come and see our stock before
going elsewhere.

Novelties in our Carpet Department

We have new and very elegant
carpets, "Empire" and "Axminster"
"Imperial" and "Wilton,"
large stock of "Axminster,"
quarries a sorted sizes, sumptuous
stock of oil-cloth, more than 150
different patterns, for new ones.

Frames and Mouldings

Our department of Frames
and Mouldings is complete.
The most artistic frames are
made up daily in our extensive
workshop.

Our stock of frame and mould-
ings contains the latest styles and
the most exquisite goods.
We sell in this department
steel engravings of all kinds,
crayon and oil paintings, looking
glasses, etc.

All orders are promptly and
well attended to.
We offer for sale this week, a
lot of 500 very fine assorted en-
gravings, richly framed, at
25 Cents a Piece

Z. PAQUET,

GLOVER, FRY & CO.

EXTENSIVE SPRING IMPORTATIONS

JUST RECEIVED.

Very latest shades and fabrics in Dress and Mantle Materials.
Newest colorings and designs in Cottons, Scrims and Mulls.
Very newest styles in Cloth and Silk Mantles.
Spring Jackets in endless variety.

Exclusive Creations in English and French Millinery. Trimmed Hats a Specialty.

Tweeds, Cloths and Suitings in all the newest shadings and a large and varied assortment of Gents' Furnishings in all lines.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF KID GLOVES.

Carpet & Curtain Dept.

This department is replete with all the latest and most improved colorings and textures in Axminster and Brussels Carpets and Squares including a well selected assortment of Portiers, Lace and other Curtains.

GLOVER, FRY & CO.

24 & 26 Fabrique St.

The Sunlight way of washing requires little or no rubbing. You should try Sunlight Soap. Will not injure dainty fabrics.



The Quebec Chronicle.

CHRONICLE TELEPHONE No. 45



QUEBEC, APRIL 8, 1903.

THE HYGIENE OF MR. FITZPATRICK

The action of Mr. Fitzpatrick in pardoning Arthur Brunet finds few defenders except among the extremists of his own party, and is denounced in more or less severe terms by the independent newspapers with Liberal tendencies, such as the Ottawa Journal. It is, indeed, condemned, so far as the Conservatives are concerned, by the action of their leader in this Province, Mr. Monk, who, if he is not misrepresented, promised to place no obstacle in the way, and not to make it a subsequent weapon against the Government, but that does not alter the character of the proceeding any more than the saw-offs which are disgracefully common alter the fact of the practice of bribery and corruption, indeed, it is evident that the Government felt that its course might be justly and efficiently attacked, or it would not have sought to secure the co-operation of the Conservative leader. The Ottawa Journal of Friday last had a long editorial on the question, and starting with the premise that some further legislation is desirable to help against undue influence in elections, concludes by approving the suggestion by Mr. Borden of an appointment of an officer, independent of Parliament, like the Auditor-General, to institute and push prosecutions in cases of alleged violations of the electoral law. The experience of the Auditor-General with the Minister who runs the Intercolonial, so far to show that even an independent officer is not a more efficient check where Cabinet Ministers are concerned than legislative enactment and constitutional usages, and it is obvious that the prosecuting and convicting power is utterly useless where the Minister of Justice is bent on shielding a zealous partisan, and can secure the connivance of the Quebec leader of the Opposition, but the Journal thinks that there would be some gain at any rate, that "we should remember that not all would escape—only half—only those who would usually be pardoned by the Government who had been on the Government side; only those would be pardoned by the Government whose crime the Government had expected to benefit by." In our opinion this is altogether too much of a one-sided proposal, and though it would undoubtedly tend to produce political morality in the Opposition, it would set a premium on political immorality in the Government which would be wholly superfluous if we may judge by the scandals of the last half dozen years. It is possible, of course, that nothing could make the Government more unscrupulous and corrupt than it is, but that is no reason why extra inducements should be placed in its way. The best thing to do would be to bring in a bill to restrain Mr. Fitzpatrick from indulging in hygienic theories; hygiene was not a branch of education when he was a boy, and it is very evident from Mr. Brunet's case that he has been too much engaged in prosecuting other studies since to have more than a very superficial acquaintance with this particular one.

MR. PREVOST'S BILL.

Mr. Prevost has a bill before the Legislature to empower municipalities to prohibit the sale of trading stamps within their limits, which has been submitted to the consideration of the Attorney-General. It is a proposition which has found much favor elsewhere, notably in Toronto, and has therefore many arguments in its support, but we are inclined to think that these are more specious than solid, and that a case has not been made out sufficiently strong to justify legislative interference with what is not contra bonos mores in itself, and with the individual liberty of trading. The assertion that trading stamps encourage extravagance is utterly untenable, the effect is all the other way, since a purchaser is always more economical when he has to pay cash, and so far as country traders are concerned, the credit system which gives three, six or twelve months in which to pay is far more likely to produce recklessness, and actually does it. In his case the trading

stamps are a positive benefit, and, in so far as a benefit also to the wholesale houses, who are frequent sufferers from rural insolvencies. The trading stamp system is really a discount of something less than 5 per cent disguised under the form of a gift. It has been urged that it creates a monopoly for the traders who avail themselves of it, but this is only a monopoly in form, and not in reality. There are very few traders that will refuse a discount of five per cent. on cash purchases if asked, and there are a great many who virtually set up trading stamps of their own in the form of cash certificates, coupons, etc. If it is right and desirable to suppress the operation of trading stamps, it is right and desirable to suppress these also, and if the former encourage reckless purchases, so do these. Moreover, in fact, because in the case of trading stamps it is necessary to expend some \$2.9 to secure an article whose actual market price is somewhere less than \$5, or half that sum to get \$2.50 worth, whilst the substitutes do not call for an expenditure prolonged, in the case of an ordinary citizen, over such a necessarily lengthy time, and being swifter in their returns, foster greater expenditures. No principle of equity, therefore, could justify a discrimination between the two systems to the prejudice of either.

The benefits to both seller and purchaser, and to the country at large, of encouraging a habit of cash payments are sufficiently obvious not to be insisted on. The question then, is what is there in this peculiar method of doing so that removes it from the category of all others, and renders it immoral and injurious, and that is a question which the Attorney-General should be able to answer to his entire satisfaction before he gives his support to Mr. Prevost's bill. To us it appears to be simply a matter of competition in business affairs with interference. The municipalities already which the Legislature has no right to possess extensive powers in this direction, which it is not desirable to increase. They can, and do, impose special taxes on the trading stamp companies, which add to their own revenues, and form a considerable handicap on the operation of the companies, and those who patronize them in favor of the traders who are now seeking for an absolutely prohibitive enactment. They have no right to seek this, and in doing so they make confession of weakness, for if the trading stamps enable the traders who give them to inflict such a serious loss on the business of their rivals that nothing short of positive prohibition will save them, it is an obvious conclusion that that business is in such a shaky position as not to be worth saving; if, on the other hand, it is merely a question of increased profits, we do not see why the Legislature should interfere to build them up.

THE ALLEGED GERRYMANDER.

What was described as the first "gerrymander" was introduced in 1882 by Sir John Macdonald. Following that redistribution of seats, a general election was held. Ontario returned her 92 members. Of this number 53 were Conservatives and 39 were Liberals. The Conservatives in the constituencies which they carried polled an aggregate majority of 13,740. This was an average of 259 per member elected. The Liberals in the constituencies which they carried polled an aggregate majority of 9,561. This was an average of 248 per member elected. The redistribution thus produced in Parliament a fair representation of the people. Sir John Thompson redistributed in 1892. The succeeding election, that of 1896, actually gave the Liberals a majority of one over the Conservatives, although their popular vote was 21,800 less. If Sir John Thompson had been trying to cheat, no such result as this would have been possible. The last general election, that of 1900, was conducted under Sir John Thompson's "gerrymander." In that contest there were three elections by acclamation—two Liberals and one Conservative—and one election of an Independent. Taking the constituencies in which there was a straight party vote it is found that these ridings, 88 in all, returned 54 Conservatives and 34 Liberals. The 54 Conservatives had an aggregate majority of 21,232, which is equal to 393 per member. The 34 Liberals had an aggregate majority of 12,416, or an average of 365 per member. No "gerrymander" could have produced a result so fair to both sides as this. Let us put the "gerrymanders" as they worked out in tabular form:

	Members	Popular Vote	Per Member
Conservatives of 1882	53	13,740	259
Liberals of 1882	39	9,561	248
Conservatives of 1892	54	21,232	393
Liberals of 1892	34	12,416	365

If there had been a "gerrymander" the result would have been different.

the Conservatives could have been elected by small majorities, and the Liberals by large majorities. The purpose of a "gerrymander" is to secure a large number of friendly representatives into Parliament on the basis of a small vote, and to give the large vote of the other side a small representation. But the redistributions of both Sir John Macdonald and Sir John Thompson have not had that effect.—Mail and Empire.

A DEFICIT EXPECTED.

The estimates of expenditure of the province for the year 1903-04, provide for an outlay of \$4,476,633 on ordinary services, and for \$192,284 on account of railway subsidies. The total is \$4,668,917. Mr. Duffy, in his budget speech, thought he would have during the twelve months a revenue of \$4,478,765. The total outlay, therefore, will be about \$190,152 in excess of the income. The financial hole the province is in gets a little deeper and wider each year.—Montreal Gazette.

QUEBEC PROVINCE FINANCES.

It appears difficult for the managers of the Province of Quebec to restrain expenditure within income. According to the estimates just laid before the Legislative Assembly of that province, the outgo of the provincial treasury for the fiscal year 1903-04 will be \$4,668,917, while the income of the same twelve months, according to Hon. Mr. Duffy's budget speech, will be \$4,478,765, the difference on the wrong side of the account being \$190,152. The balance would be on the right side, but for the railway subsidies, etc., which will absorb \$192,284.—Monetary Times.

THE SPIRIT OF THE HUCKSTER.

It is the Canadian who wants to eat the Imperial jam but declines to do anything to protect the Imperial cupboard who is the patience-destroying article. Whether it be that of Mr. Bourassa in Quebec, or that of a news paper in Toronto, the voice is an irritating one which professes content with the British flag while demanding that the cost of the flag be left to two little islands off the north coast of Europe. True, the Star gives us the old familiar tune about what Canada has done for British connections—built the C.P.R., constructed the Intercolonial, developed rail and water ways, all the old graces about things which we did and do for ourselves without the slightest dream of how they will affect the empire. "If Canada opens up the Peace River Country she does more for the Empire, etc., etc." If Canada opens up the Peace River country she does it for herself; and the unpleasant narrowness of the pretense that she does it in part for the Empire, or that doing it relieves her of outer Imperial responsibility, is shown in the Toronto Star's case in the same column, where a few lines previously the argument was used that if Canada did not exist, Britain would spend just as much upon warships. No doubt; but if it was an argument against our help to Britain that Britain would be no more burdened if we did not exist, would it not have been honest to avoid the plea that we are helping Britain by "opening up the Peace River country" which we would do anyway if Britain had never existed? The spirit of the huckster is seen in this double exhibit—this claim that we need not help the outer Empire because the Empire would have to stand the cost anyway, but that we do help the Empire when we do something which we would in any case stand ourselves.—Ottawa Journal.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Wm. Wood

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and so easy to take as sugar.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION.

Montreal, April 7.—A colored hotel porter eloped with the 17 year old daughter of a French-Canadian property holder in the West End last week, and the neighbors of the lovely pair are much exercised over the affair. The colored gentleman resided with his wife and children next door to the young lady's father, and the foolish girl was a constant visitor at the domicile.

S. J. SHAW & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail HARDWARE

White Lead and Paints, Paint Oil and Turpentine, Varnishes.

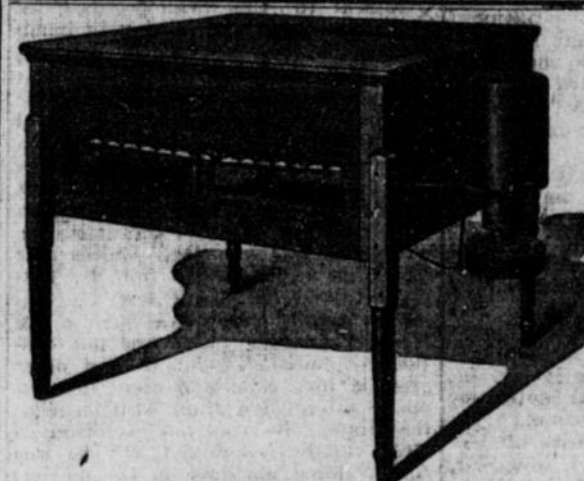
Rubber Packing and Asbestos, Steam Gauges, Globe Valves, Injectors, Rope and Oakum.

13 St. John Street. Corner Notre-Dame & Mountain Hill. TELEPHONE 578. TELEPHONE 44.

FINEST ASSORTMENT OF WALL PAPERS.

James Copeman,

52-54 PALACE STREET. PHONE 893.



FROST & WOOD Co., Ltd. 78 St. Paul St., QUEBEC.

Spring Trade 1903.

CYPHERS INCUBATOR. CULTIVATING & SEEDING MACHINERY.

WINDSOR AND LION DISC HARROWS, SPIKE TOOTH HARROWS, CLIMAX STIFF TOOTH CULTIVATORS, BROADCAST SEEDERS, ETC.

THE CYPHERS PATENT-DIAPHRAGM, non-moisture, self-ventilating and self-regulating incubators. THE CYPHERS BROODERS. THE "MELOTTE," King of Cream Separator.

Carriages most elegant in design and most attractive in painting. Saw mill and Pulp mill machinery, Engines, etc.



"Melotte" Se parato

Chinic Hardware COMPANY.

St. Peter Street, Lower Town Branch Fabrique St., Upper Town.

CHARCOAL FILTERS FROM 1 TO 6 GALLONS.

FAMOUS ELITE AGATE WARE FOUR COATINGS OF ENAMEL.

CURTAIN STRETCHERS WITH SOLID AND MOVABLE NICKLED PINS AND EASELS

Clothes Wringers, Washing Machines, Fiber, Tubs & Buckets, Smoothing Irons.

EASTER GOODS.

We have just received a very fine lot of . . .

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Hats.

In straw and chip; very pretty colors and styles.

FEATHER BOAS

A big assortment to choose from.

The balance of our Ladies' Rain Coats have just arrived, and are prettier than ever.

Holt, Renfrew & Co.,

35-43 BUADE STREET.

SALE EVERY CLASS OF GOODS

Still Selling AT Reduced Price.

Quilts, Damasks, Towels, Napkins, Sheetings all at Reduced Prices.

BOYS' TWEED NAD SERGE SUITS—All reduced. Great assortment, all prices and all sizes. \$2.28 now \$1.83; \$2.38 now \$1.91; \$2.48 now \$1.99; \$2.58 now \$2.07; \$2.68 now \$2.15; \$3.10 now \$2.48; \$3.28 now \$2.63; according to size.

BOYS' REEFERS, in Nap Cloth, Serge and Beaver Cloth—All reduced; from age 5 to 15 years; price according to size; \$2.10 now \$1.68; \$2.28 now \$1.83; \$2.68 now \$2.15; \$3.10 now \$2.48; \$3.28 now \$2.63; \$3.51 now \$3.03; \$4.38 now \$3.51; \$4.98 now \$3.99; \$5.69 now \$4.55.

CLOTH TAMS—Navy Blue and Cardinal. All reduced to 22c., 41c., 53c. and 68c.

SCOTCH CAPS—All reduced. All sizes; price 35c. and 53c.

PEAK CAPS—All sizes. All reduced; price 15c. now 12c.; 19c. now 16c.; 24c. now 19c. Men's size, at 25c. now 20c.; 40c. now 32c.

BOYS' WINDSOR TIES in Plaid, Navy-blue and White spots, Cardinal, White and Cream—All reduced; price, 18c. now 14c.; 24c. now 19c.; 28c. now 23c.; 32c. now 26c.; 35c. now 28c. Also a large lot of ties at half-price.

LACE CURTAINS—All reduced. 20 per cent off; price, 95c. now 76c.; \$1.20 now 96c.; \$1.48 now \$1.19; \$1.90 now \$1.35; \$2.25 now \$1.80; \$2.90 now \$2.32; \$3.25 now \$2.40.

Balance of Cotton Blouses, Ladies' Wrappers, Felt Hats, Dress Goods and Corsets on table Still offered at Half Price to clear.

SIMONS & MINGUY

SUCCESSORS TO SIMONS & FOULDS,

20 FABRIQUE STREET. Telephone 338.

Easter Silver Wares.

NEW DESIGNS

BELT PINS, BELT BUCKLES, GIBSON GIRL SETS AND GIRDLES.

We have also an interesting collection of Silver Slides and Back Belt Ornaments. Prices range from \$1.25 for a stylish Belt Pin to \$25.00 for an elegant Girdle.

Engagement Rings.

We display one of the finest collections of Fine Gem Rings in Canada there are Diamonds, Rubies, Emeralds, Pearls and Sapphires in Solitaire and Three Stone and Five Stone Half Hoop Settings, the prices are from \$25.00 to \$500.00

Wedding Rings.

Most popular patterns in Wedding Rings in 14k, 18k and 22k Gold. Prices from \$5.00 to \$10.00 according to weight and quality.

G. SEIFERT & SONS,

JEWELLERS,

16 Fabrique Street.

To Cure Grip in 2 Days Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets

on every box 25c

THE QUEBEC CHRONICLE IS published every lawful day by the Chronicle Printing Company, at their printing house, Buaide street, Quebec. D. Watson, General Manager.

SPRING OVERCOATING.

We have received some special Novelties in Colored Cheviots for Chesterfield Overcoats as now in use in London.

LAFRANCE & MULLIN, - TAILORS AND HABENDASHERS.

48 FABRIQUE STREET.

TELEPHONE 1606.

WANTED

WANTED—A GOOD PLAIN COOK. Apply to Mrs. Hoare, 622 St. John street.

WANTED BY A LARGE INDUSTRIAL insurance institution, furnished premises in this city, suitable as a branch office and at a reasonable rental. Reply, stating address, size, rent, and full particulars to XXX office of this paper.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A brick or stone house, in a quiet part of the Upper Town, if obtainable at a reasonable price. A single house, containing not less than ten rooms, with ample ground around it, would be preferred. Apply by letter, with particulars, to E. G. W., Chronicle office, Quebec.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—REPRESENTATIVES for the sale of high grade mining stocks which are now paying a dividend of 2 per cent. monthly. A contract for right party. For particulars, etc., address Clark, Drake & Harper, Bankers, 79-85 Wall St., N.Y. City.

WANTED BY A LARGE INDUSTRIAL insurance office several intelligent clerks for branch office in this city. Those with experience of industrial assurance business preferred. Applications giving the fullest particulars, experience, age, salary required, etc., should be addressed XXX of this paper.

TO LET.

STORAGE TO LET—Apply to T. Davidson & Co., East India Wharf.

ROOMS TO LET—FURNISHED OR unfurnished, heated and electric light; in fine locality. Apply A. L. care Chronicle.

ROOMS TO LET—DOUBLE AND single rooms with first class board; facing the Esplanade. Apply 61 Esplanade.

HOUSE TO LET—NO. 130 ST. Augustin street, opposite Parliament Building, lately occupied by the late Mr. Cumberland, Apply to E. Valiere, 14 Haldimand street.

TO LET—SEVERAL OFFICES TO let at No. 133 St. Peter street. Apply to Hubert Cimon, Esq., Advocate, 125 St. Peter street. Phone 1118.

TO LET—ONE COMFORTABLY FURNISHED room for gentleman, in private family. All modern conveniences, telephone, etc. Apply to 44 D'Artigny street.

TO LET—HOUSE NO. 126 ST. Augustin street (latterly occupied by the late L. J. Jones) 14 rooms. Apply to James J. Murphy, Bank of Hochelaga Building, St. Peter street.

TO RENT—THAT SPLENDID new house, 12 DeSallaberry street, about 100 yards walk from St. John street, with verandah. Hot water heating, electric light, bath, good shed, separate entrance to kitchen, etc. Rent \$500, clear of taxes. Apply next door, 14 DeSallaberry street.

OFFICES TO LET—NO. 77 DALHOUSIE street, a complete floor flat, will divide to suit tenants; at present occupied by the Canadian Import Co. and Messrs. G. M. Webster & Co. Possession May 1st. Apply to James Gibb, 83 Dalhousie street.

ROOMS TO LET—OPPOSITE THE Frontenac, 14 first class furnished rooms, price \$1.00 per day. Also 5 large rooms, suitable for offices, ranging in price. The above are over B. Morgan's tailoring establishment. Apply D. Morgan, Place d'Armes.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET—No. 83 Berthelot street, close to Grande Allee, 9 rooms, garden behind. Apply to J. G. Couture, Notary Public, National Bank Building, 75 St. Peter street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—BEAUTIFUL business stand on St. Joseph street. A magnificent business stand for sale or to let situated No. 155 St. Joseph street, recently occupied by La Quebecoise. Apply to P. M. Laurent, agent, 108 St. Joseph street.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME MARE, five years; brown color, black hair, and very handy; weight 900 pounds. Address Capt. Joseph Desile, St. John, Island of Orleans, or Mrs. John Desile, Hotel Dieu du Precieux Sang, Quebec.



"MY VALET"

FRONTENAC ELECTRIC LAUNDRY AND DYE WORKS CROWN STREET, QUEBEC.

VALET DEPARTMENT!

\$1 For One Dollar! \$1 per month we keep your clothes in first class order, viz: Minor Repairs, Sponging and Pressing. We call for and deliver to any part of the city. Our Valet service costs one dollar per month, taken for not less than one year. Phone 2409.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—HOUSE NO. 120-122 Franklin street. Societe des Prets & Placements, 75 St. Peter street.

THAT FINE PROPERTY, NO. 44 Arago street, for sale. For further particulars apply to Jos. Bignouette, 155 Valier street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE MOST desirable property of Dr. LaRue, at St. Romuald. Large farm with buildings, gardens, etc. LaRue & LaRue, N.P., 28 St. Ann street.

PROPERTY FOR SALE—THAT dwelling house containing three tenements, Nos. 20, 22, and 24 Ferland street, Upper Town, with a passage by St. Flavien street, shall be sold at auction in the office of the undersigned Notary, Tuesday, the 14th April instant, at 11 o'clock a.m. Monthly rents \$21, \$27 and \$12; 52 feet front by 64 feet in depth. For the conditions apply to L. P. St. Denis, N.P.

FOR SALE—SECRET WRITING System. It is invisible and can only be made appear at will of operator. It is used by business men, to keep secret memorandum, recipes, formulas and addresses. Spiritualists and magicians use it at their best tricks of spiritual and secret writing. The young people use it to write secret love letters. You can write on a post card and no one will know it until you wish the writing to appear. Sent with complete directions Ten Cents. Canadian Specialty Institute Dept., 593, Toronto, Ont.

REAL ESTATE.

VIRGINIA HOMES—LEARN ABOUT Va., lands, soil, water, climate, products, fruits, berries, cultivation, prices, etc., by reading the Virginia Farmer. 10c. for 3 months subscription. C. Farmer Co., Emporia, Va.

FREE—100 LOTS TO ADVERTISE Wildwood Lake Park suburb, New York; send stamp for deed 25 feet. Seaside Co., 157 P. Broadway, N.Y.

For Esquimaux Point & Way Places

The North Shore Mail Steamer "DOURO" CAPTAIN J. S. BROWN. April Sailings—14th and 22nd. A. FRASER & CO. Quebec, 3rd March 1903.

Valiquet's Gold PRESENTS.

These presents in Gold Dollars will be given to the person guessing the nearest to the number of folding boxes that have been used at Valiquet's Store in putting up goods since opening day, 13th March, 1902 to May 1st 1903. All customers buying for 25c. or more are entitled to a guess.

La Caisse d'Economie

From the first of May next, the banking hours of La Caisse d'Economie de Notre-Dame de Quebec, at their offices in Quebec and Levis, will be like other banks, viz: From 10 A.M. to 3 P.M. every day, excepting Saturday. On Saturday the hours will be from 9:30 A.M. to 12 (noon).

From the first day of June next interest will be credited on savings deposits twice a year:—The 1st of December and the 1st of June.

By order,

L. C. MARCOUX.

Sec-Treas.

ALMOST AFRAID TO GO TO SLEEP FOR FEAR SHE WOULD NOT WAKE UP.

FLUTTERING OF THE HEART.

SHORTNESS OF BREATH.

FAINT AND DIZZY SPELLS.

Mrs. Wm. Bingley, Grand Tracade, P.E.I., Has a Very Trying Experience, but Thanks to

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

She has been restored to perfect health.

She writes: "About seven months ago I was badly run down in health and became very weak. I was troubled with fluttering of the heart and shortness of breath. When lying down at night I was almost afraid to go to sleep for fear I would never wake up. When I arose in the morning I would feel a little better, but as soon as I started to work my heart would start fluttering, my head would become dizzy, faint weak spells would come over me and it seemed as if black objects were floating before my eyes. I was growing worse every day until I got a box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. When the box was half gone I could feel that they had done me good and by the time it was finished I was in excellent health and would advise all sufferers from heart and nerve troubles to try them."

Price 50 cts. per box, or 3 for \$1.25, all dealers, or

THE T. MILBURN CO., Limited, TORONTO, ONT.

Marine News.

OCEAN SAILINGS

The following is a list of ocean sailings for the month of March, 1903, prepared by E. H. Green, General Steamship Agent, 14 Dundas street:—
Allan Line.....2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd, 30th
American Line.....4th, 11th, 18th, 25th
Havre Line.....6th, 13th, 20th, 27th
Compagnie Generale.....7th, 14th, 21st, 28th
Dominion Line.....8th, 15th, 22nd, 29th
Franklin Line.....10th, 17th, 24th, 31st
Hornet Line.....11th, 18th, 25th, 31st
Imperial Line.....12th, 19th, 26th, 31st
North Atlantic Line.....13th, 20th, 27th, 31st
Red Star Line.....14th, 21st, 28th, 31st
White Star Line.....15th, 22nd, 29th, 31st

ALLAN LINE.

The R.M.S. Bavarian, from St. John, N.B., for Liverpool, via Halifax and Quebec, sailed from Halifax at 2 a.m. yesterday with 28 first, 54 second and 53 third class passengers.

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

The ss Pretoria sailed from New York for Bermuda at 8:30 p.m. last Monday.

THE BUOYS.

The ss Druid has left for below to place some of the buoys in position.

WELLAND CANAL.

Port Colborne, Ont., April 7.—The Welland Canal will open on Friday, April 10. The wind has driven the ice off shore.

THE SS. DOURO.

The North Shore mail ss Douro, Captain J. S. Brown, will leave port at seven o'clock this morning for Esquimaux Point and way places, with passengers and general cargo.

CONTRACT AWARDED.

Messrs. Carbay, Son and Co., have secured the contract to supply the Richelieu Company's steamers with what coal they require at this port for the coming season.

FOR NATASQUAN.

The ss King Edward, Capt. Bernier, left port yesterday morning for Natasquan and way ports, with passengers and general cargo, on her first trip of the season. She is the first passenger steamer to leave for the Lower St. Lawrence this year.

ARRIVED SAFE.

New York, April 7.—Six days overdue, the Red Star liner Stenmark, from Antwerp, with 1000 passengers and 65 cabin passengers, arrived here yesterday, and officials of the company have notified the relatives of passengers who for several days have been besieging the company's offices for news of the overdue ship.

GIVEN UP AS LOST.

The Norwegian ship Dronningen, bound from Dartford for Liverpool, with a cargo of pitch pine, has been so long on the passage that she has been given up as lost with all on board. She left Dartford on December 30th last under the command of Captain L. B. Martinsen, and has not been heard of since leaving port, while ships which left Dartford at the same time, or indeed, weeks after the Dronningen, have arrived safely at their respective destinations in the United Kingdom.

C.P.R. ATLANTIC SERVICE.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Atlantic Steamship Line announces the following order of sailing of steamers on the St. Lawrence-Liverpool service. The Lake Champlain will be the first steamer sailing from Liverpool on April 14, and will leave Montreal on her return trip May 1. She will be followed in order by the Montrose, with accommodation for second and third class passengers; the Lake Erie, Lake Manitoba and the Lake Michigan. The latter vessel is not fitted for passenger accommodation.

IS IT TRUE?

Kingston, April 7.—Capt. Charles Ferris, Oswego, has received a letter from M. E. Luff, keeper of the hotel on Stony Island, enclosing probably the last message that will ever be received from the crew of the ill-fated

steamer John Hall, that foundered last December, with all hands, some 100 miles off Main Duck. Last Monday morning, as Orvis Luff was making his daily tour of the beach he found a bottle lying on the sand, and picking it up, found that it contained a message purporting to come from the steamer Hall. On a small piece of manila paper, that had the appearance of being torn hastily from a larger sheet, was written with lead pencil the following: "Steamer Hall, off Ducks. Come quickly. No time to lose."

MONTREAL LABOR TROUBLES.

Montreal, April 7.—The contractors who load and unload the ships have not as yet come to an understanding with the longshoremen regarding the terms of pay, hours of work, etc., for the coming year, and have now set about getting labor from England. Some time ago the stevedores issued their terms for the coming summer, and these were posted at the offices of the Independent Labor Bureau, Commissioners street. About 900 men have already signed at this office, but the members of the Ship Liners' and Longshoremen's unions decided that the prices offered for work would not suit, and so got up a scale of their own. This scale was not acceptable to the contractors, and so a deadlock ensued. The stevedores were confident they could get all the help they want, but to make assurance doubly sure they held a meeting yesterday morning and after much discussion decided on bringing help from England. One thousand men will be contracted with immediately. They will be assigned to the steamship companies, and will be hired out to the stevedores as required.

NOTES.

The ss Glenora Head, Capt. Brennan, loads a full cargo of grain at Rotterdam, and is expected to sail from there about the 23rd instant for Quebec and Montreal.

The ss Carriagan Head, Capt. Orr, is now at Barrow loading rails for the Grand Trunk Railway Company, and will sail on Friday for Montreal direct.

CLEARED.

SS Douro, Brown, Esquimaux Point, etc., A. Fraser & Co., general cargo.

HIGH WATER AT QUEBEC.

Compiled by Tidal Survey Branch M. & F. Department.

	April	a.m.	p.m.
Wednesday.....	8	3.12	3.26
Thursday.....	9	4.09	4.29
Friday.....	10	4.55	5.17
Saturday.....	11	5.37	6.02
Sunday.....	12	6.16	6.45

MOON PHASES.

Full moon, Saturday, 11th.
Last quarter, Sunday, 19th.
New moon, Monday, 27th.

Stopped For Once.

A citizen from the frontier, who never had been in Washington before, was visiting a friend in the nation's capital and was taken one day to the gallery of the senate while an important measure was under discussion. A senator was delivering a long, prosy and apparently aimless speech, and the visitor soon grew tired of it. "Why doesn't he say something worth listening to?" he whispered to his friend.

His Folded Arms.

"Madge, Harry asked me to be his wife last night."

Oh, I am so delighted!

"Oh, I am so delighted!" replied her friend. "How did it happen?"

"Well, you see, he just asked me, and I said 'Yes,' and then he stood up and folded his arms."

"Well, I never! Was he not more interested than that? Whatever did you do at such treatment?"

"What could I do? You see, I was in his arms when he folded them!"

Saxon State Dinners.

At Saxon dinners slices of bread were the substitutes for plates, and these generally went into the alms basket afterward. Grandees were treated to a silver platter placed beneath the bread, which last in course of time became discarded as people came to recognize the superior advantages of metal and pewter.

A Wealthy Citizen.

"That man Moneybags has so much money he doesn't know what to do with it."

Indeed. How much has he?

"Well, I don't know exactly, but he's got so much he doesn't have to endow colleges to 'set his name in the paper.'"

Sincerity.

Clerk—I would like to get off early, sir, as my wife wants me to do some odd jobs around the house while it is light enough.

Manager—Can't possibly do it.

Clerk—Thank you, sir. You are very kind.

A Diagnosis.

Myer—I wonder what causes constipation of the brain.

Hyder—A collision between two trains of thought, I suppose.

IT WOULD PLEASE HIM.

"When they revised the calendar there was a good lot of time lost, wasn't there?"

"Yes, they just arbitrarily dropped out all the days between two particular dates."

"Well, I wish they'd revise the calendar again."

"Because there would be at least a fair chance that would lose the date when my note for \$500 falls due."

The roulette wheel is always doing a turn for the better.

Sporting News

Hockey.

Montreal, April 7.—English field hockey will be introduced into Montreal this summer by the Montreal Hockey Club, which will provide members of the team with an outfit to see how they like the game. Captain Boon, discussing the new game said he thought it would be great practice for the players and a good thing to keep them in condition. A meeting of the club will be held to discuss rules, which, Captain Boon thinks, may be changed to make the game faster than it is at present.

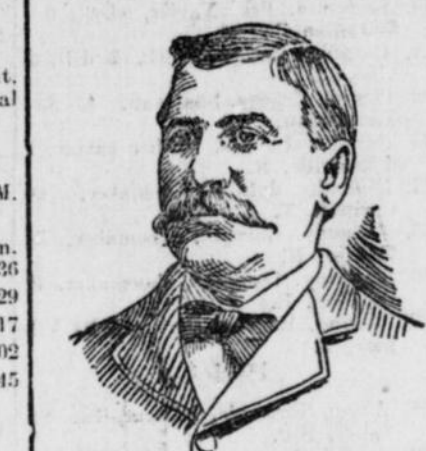
Swimming

London, April 7.—The Life-Saving Society, to which King Edward recently presented a handsome cup for international competition, has despatched invitations to leading amateur associations of the United States, Canada, European countries and the colonies, to send representatives to compete in a series of three swimming races for the cup. These are to be held in London, July 10 and 11.

ECZEMA AND INSOMNIA

Besides Eczema Mr. James Bushby, of Toronto, Was Troubled With Insomnia and Became a Very Sick Man.

His Pastor Advised Powley's Liquefied Ozone—in a Few Days He Felt Better and Was Soon Entirely Cured.



For nine months I was afflicted with a disease that seemed to battle the skill of three doctors, for I took their medicine but got no relief. I was troubled with an itching and a rash that appeared three or four times every week. The more I scratched the more I itched, until sometimes I almost became insane. It was confined to no particular spot, but occurred all over my body. I could not work. I was reduced in flesh from 145 pounds to 124 pounds; I became weak and pale and was physically miserable. I was told that I was in an anemic condition. My pastor, the Rev. G. L. Powell, B.A., advised me to try Powley's Liquefied Ozone. I acted on his advice, purchased a bottle, and in a very few days began to feel better. I am now in excellent physical condition. The itching and rash have disappeared long ago.

Since taking Ozone I have gained 16 pounds; I now weigh 140 pounds. I shall be pleased to answer any inquiries that may be made regarding my condition.

(Signed) JAS. BUSHBY, 447 King St. East, Toronto.

Ozone Cures by Destroying the Disease Germs.

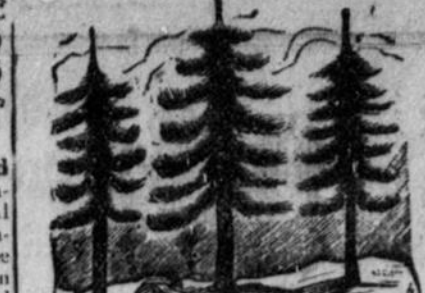
The cleansing and purifying powers of Powley's Liquefied Ozone are exemplified in no disease to better advantage than in a case of Eczema. The germs that cause the trouble are attacked and soon destroyed, when the eruptions gradually disappear and the skin becomes as clean and smooth as that of a baby. This has been proven so often in the worst possible cases that there is no doubt about it. Mr. Bushby's case is simply one among hundreds. Powley's Liquefied Ozone is sold by all first-class druggists at 50 cents and \$1.00 per bottle.

A Box of Powley's Ozone Ointment FREE

Powley's Ozone Ointment is especially recommended in cases of Eczema and other skin diseases for use in connection with Powley's Liquefied Ozone. For external application this ointment is superior to Liquefied Ozone because it holds the Ozone in contact with the diseased parts for hours, destroying all outside germs. So certain are we that Powley's Ozone Ointment used in connection with Powley's Liquefied Ozone will cure the very worst case of Eczema or any other skin or blood disease that we will mail free a regular fifty cent box of this ointment to any person who will cut out and mail to us the following coupon:

This Coupon Is Worth 50 Cents.
I am afflicted with
Name of disease,
and if you will mail me a fifty cent box of Powley's Ozone Ointment from I will agree to give it a fair trial in connection with Powley's Liquefied Ozone.
Write your name plainly.
Street and number.
Town and Province.

THE OZONE CO., Limited, Toronto, Ont.



Dr. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP

Cures COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS and all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES. Miss Florence E. Mailman, New Germany, N.S., writes:—I had a cold which left me with a very bad cough. I was afraid I was going into consumption. I was advised to try DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP. I had little faith in it, but before I had taken one bottle I began to feel better, and after the second I felt as well as ever. My cough has completely disappeared.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

Ladies' Suitings OF THE Latest Styles

CALL AND SEE US We take pleasure in showing customers our goods.

WM. LEE, - 25 BUADE ST.

NEW OFFICES TO LET

In Bosse's block, corner Dalhousie and Mountain Hill, heretofore occupied by Jos. Hamel & Freere, Wholesale Importers. All sizes; heated and lighted; provided with electric elevator and all modern improvements. Desirable tenants may secure space on either of the four flats if they apply immediately, before partitions are made. May be seen at any time. Plans deposited with

LARUE & LARUE, N.P., 28 Ann Street.

La Banque Nationale NOTICE.

On and after Friday, the first of May next, this Bank will pay to its shareholders a dividend of three per cent upon its capital for the six months ending on the 30th April next. The transfer book will be closed from the 16th to the 30th April next, both days inclusive.

The annual meeting of the shareholders will take place at the banking-house, Lower Town, on Wednesday, the 13th May next, at three o'clock p.m.

The powers of attorney to vote must be valid, be deposited at the bank five full days before that of the meeting, i.e., before three o'clock p.m., on Wednesday, the 6th May next.

By order of the Board of Directors.

P. LAFRANCE, Manager.

Quebec, March 20th 1903.

Have You Tried THEM McINTOSH'S English Muffins

... AND ...

Crumpets

Fresh every Saturday morning.

Also Sugar Cured Hams, Boneless Bacon, Fresh Eggs, Salad and Celery, etc., etc.

JAS. MILLER,

Y. M. C. A. BLOCK, 152 JOHN STREET

Nothing Like the Good Old COOK'S FRIEND BAKING POWDER.

For Excellence of Quality and Best Value for Your Money.

Chemists

find Cook's Friend Baking Powder pure.

Doctors



BOARD OF REVISORS OF THE City of Quebec

Examination and Cor. ction
of the Electoral Lists of
the City of Quebec.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The Quebec Election Act and
Amendments.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Revisors of the City of Quebec will begin to examine the applications or complaints entered concerning the Electoral Lists of each of the electoral districts of the City of Quebec, of the voters qualified to vote at the election of members of the Legislative Assembly, and to correct the said lists on TUESDAY, the fourteenth day of APRIL, instant, at 7:30 P.M., in the large hall of the Central Police Station, in the basement of the City Hall, and that the said Board of Revisors of the City of Quebec will sit on each judicial day, at the same hours and in the same hall, as more fully specified in the following special notice, until the completion of the said revision, which shall be completed on or before SATURDAY, the 16th of MAY next.

Quebec, 3rd April, 1903.

By order

H. J. J. B. CHOUINARD,

Clerk of the Board of Revisors of the City of Quebec.

SPECIAL NOTICE

SPECIAL NOTICE is hereby given to all persons whose names are hereafter published against whom complaints have been filed to be laid before the Board of Revisors of the City of Quebec to have their names inscribed, corrected or struck off upon the lists of electors qualified to vote at the election of members of the Legislative Assembly, in any of the electoral districts of the City of Quebec, to wit: St. Sauveur, Quebec Centre, Quebec West or Quebec East, that all such complaints shall be taken into consideration by the Board of Revisors of the City of Quebec, beginning Tuesday, the 14th of April instant, at 7:30 in the evening, in the large hall of the Central Police Station, in the basement of the City Hall, and that the said revision shall be proceeded with at such meetings as shall be appointed by the said Board of Revisors when they shall adjourn at the close of each such meeting, but in such a manner as to secure the completion of the said revision on or before the 16th day of May next, and meetings to be held on such days as appointed at the following hours, to wit: Tuesday and Wednesday, the 14th and 15th days of April, instant, for the electoral district of St. Sauveur.

The Board of Revisors shall take up first the list of complaints against the lists of St. Sauveur, and afterwards the said Board shall take up the list for Quebec Centre, beginning Thursday, the 16th day of April, and continuing Friday and Saturday, the 17th and 18th of April, instant, until such list shall have been exhausted; and afterwards, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 20th, 21st, and 22nd of April instant, the said Board shall take up the complaints against the list of Quebec West, and afterwards, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, the 23rd, 24th and 25th of April, instant, the said Board shall take up the complaints against the list of the electoral district of Quebec East, and they shall adjourn, if need be, their meetings for the revision of the list of any of the said electoral districts, to one or several subsequent days, provided such adjournment shall be to dates not posterior to the 16th of May next.

In each district the Revisors shall follow the numerical order adopted in the list hereinafter printed in the present notice, saving the case of adjournments, if required.

Key to the abbreviations employed in the following list of names:

P. signifies proprietor.

T. signifies tenant.

O. signifies occupant.

Re. signifies salary.

Rev. signifies revenue.

P.S. signifies son of proprietor or of tenant.

Quebec, 3rd April, 1903.

By Order

H. J. J. B. CHOUINARD,

Clerk of the Board of Revisors of the City of Quebec.

Names of applicants for inscription on the list of St. Sauveur, Quebec Centre, Quebec West and Quebec East, to be called successively, commencing Tuesday, the 14th of April, instant, at 7:30 p.m., and at the following meetings of the Board until the said list is exhausted.

I-ST. SAUVEUR.

1. Aubert, Telephore, Gaudios, clerk, 416 St. Joseph, R.
2. Bertrand, William Alfred, tobacconist, 458 St. Joseph, R.

3. Blais, Francois Xavier, Insurance Agent, 1 Rigauville, R.
4. Couture, Louis, furrier, 149 Boul. Langelier, R.
5. Dore, Honore, 18 Bedard, P.
6. Duclos, Stanislas, leather cutter, 24 Rigauville, P.
7. Drouin, Arminias, leather cutter, 41 Bedard, R.
8. Fortin, Georges Ernest, clerk, 75 Bedard, R.
9. Gravel, Charles, shoemaker, 54 St. Ambroise, R.
10. Letourneau, Napoleon, printer, 2 Recollets, T.
11. Martel, Joseph, clerk, 59 St. Ambroise, P.
12. Matte, George, trader, St. Ambroise and Chevreton, P.
13. Nadeau, Zephirin, shoemaker, 105 Bedard, T.
14. Paquet, Joseph, commission merchant, 140 Bedard, R.
15. Plante, Adelard, leather cutter, Rigauville, T.
16. Samson, Eudore, leather cutter, 120 Bedard, R.
17. Samson, Telephore, carpenter, 2 Bedard, R.
18. Verret, Telephore, butcher, 95 St. Ambroise, R.
19. Vallee, Joseph Albert, constable, 164 Bedard, correction.

POLL 2.

20. Blanchet, Gilles, manufactur, 21 Carillon, P.
21. Drolet, Ludovic, machinist, 6 St. Mathias, R.
22. Dumais, Cleophas, carter, 33 Falard, S.P.
23. Devarennes, Odilon, furrier, 8 Tessier, R.
24. Ferland, Jules, jr., machinist, 18 St. Mathias, R.
25. Guilbault, Joseph, leather cutter, 74 Carillon, R.
26. Garipey, George Vincent, laborer, 12 Talon, R.
27. Gingras, Emile, carter, 44 Av. Taschereau, R.
28. Jolin, Theophile, T. agent, 41 Carillon, P.
29. Lessard, Elzear, trader, 42 DeJumonville, P.
30. Lachance, Frs. Xavier, clerk, 0 DeJumonville, R.
31. Paradis, Joseph, clerk, 2 d'Herberville, R.
32. Picard, Eugene, boatman, 4 Av. Taschereau, T.
33. Paradis, Phileas, leather cutter, 2 d'Herberville, R.
34. Reindard, Adolphe, shoemaker, 60 Carillon, T.
35. Tanguay, Georges, shoemaker, 38 Tessier, R.
36. Tanguay, Leonidas, shoemaker, 19 Carillon, R.
37. Vezina, Eugene, clerk, 14 De Villiers, T.

POLL 3.

38. Auger, Francois, laborer, 728 St. Valier, S.P.
39. Crothy, Thomas, jr., 815 St. Valier S.P.
40. Corriveau, Arthur, butcher, 812 St. Valier, R.
41. Corriveau, Jean Bte., leather cutter, 812 St. Valier, R.
42. Corriveau, Omer, leather cutter, 812 St. Valier, R.
43. Duchaine, Thomas, manufacturer, 98 Parent, P.
44. Drouin, Alfred, physician, 832 St. Valier, T.
45. Griffin, Charles G., commercial traveller, 823 St. Valier, R.
46. Legare, Albert H., bookkeeper, 698 St. Valier, S.P.
47. Leduc, Rene, 764 St. Valier, R.
48. Moisan, Ludger, Alfred, manufactur, 658 St. Valier, T.
49. Paquet, Philippe, motorman, 799 St. Valier, S.P.
50. Rousseau, Phileas, plumber, 795 St. Valier, S.P.
51. Shink, Joseph, merchant, 752 St. Valier, T.

POLL 4.

52. Brousseau, Jean Docile, burgess, St. Malo, T.
53. Brousseau, Jean Docile, physician, St. Malo, T.
54. Cantin, Phileas, student, 1136 St. Valier, S.P.
55. Drolet, Joseph F.X., machinist, 998 St. Valier, S.P.
56. Dion, Narcisse, sr., burgess, 934 St. Valier, P.
57. Galarneau, David, son, clerk, 1016 St. Valier, T.
58. Gosselin, Stanislas, commercial traveller, 975 St. Valier, R.
59. Giroux, Alfred P., commercial traveller, 974 St. Valier, T.
60. Lagace, Israel, tinsmith, 209 Massue, R.
61. Legare, Leo, commercial traveller, 1185 St. Valier, S.P.
62. Lepage, Joseph, motorman, 1051 St. Valier, T.
63. Lavender, Ludger, clerk, 112 Bayard, R.
64. Leblond, Leonidas, shoemaker, 79 Maribon, T.
65. Minguay, Adelard, printer, 182 Bayard, T.
66. Morency, Laureat, butcher, 950 St. Valier, S.P.
67. Parent, Alberic, 999 St. Valier, S.P.
68. Parent, George, student, 999 St. Valier, S.P.
69. Plamondon, Mathias, baker, 191 Bayard, R.
70. Thibault, Joseph, joiner, 1139 St. Valier, S.P.
71. Vidal, Daniel, clerk, 146 Bayard, P.
72. Vallieres, Georges, merchant, Marie de l'Incarnation, P.

POLL 5.

73. Auger, Joseph, 35 Ave. Renaud, R.
74. Allard, Alfred, leather cutter, 42 St. Germain, R.
75. Bedard, Joseph A. Raoul, clerk, 2 Durocher, R.
76. Brunet, Edouard, manager, 42 Bayard, R.
77. Cantin, Arthur, furrier, 56 Avenue Renaud, R.
78. Cardinal, Arthur, butcher, 63 D'Herberville, R.
79. Cardinal, Isaac, shoemaker, 63 D'Herberville, S.P.
80. Cantin, Joseph, clerk, Ave. Renaud, R.
81. Devarennes, Fortunat, clerk, 18 Durocher, S.P.
82. Devarennes, Fortunat, clerk, 18 Durocher, S.P.
83. Drolet, Narcisse, butcher, 14 D'Herberville, R.
84. Falard, Omer, shoemaker, 17 St. Germain, R.
85. Fiset, Edmond, baker, 26 Chenier, R.

87. Fiset, Elzear, roofer, 26 Chenier, R.
88. Giguere, Wilfrid, shoemaker, 12 Bayard, R.
89. Gignac, Louis, Civil Service, 34 Bayard, R.
90. Houle, Gaudios, 19 Chenier, R.
91. Langlois, Phileas, Dollard, machinist, 27 Dollard, S.P.
92. Mailloux, Georges, engineer, 204 St. Germain, R.
93. Marcoux, Thomas, barber, 56 Dollard, R.
94. Marois, Felix Jos., printer, 14 Duquesne, T.
95. Marcoux, Eugene, furrier, 75 St. Germain, R.
96. Paradis, Isidore, carter, 57 Ave. Renaud, R.
97. Paradis, Francois Xavier, carter, 57 Ave. Renaud, T.
98. Paquet, Alexandre, shoemaker, 3 Chenier, T.
99. Rochette, Jules, clerk, 82 Dollard, R.
100. Tardif, Odilon, stonecutter, 14 Bayard, T.
101. Tessier, Joseph Elie, shoemaker, 74 St. Germain, T.
102. Tanguay, Pierre, shoemaker, 32 Duquesne, R.
103. Turcotte, Avila Joseph, bookkeeper, 28 Dollard, R.
104. Turcotte, Laureat, trader, 28 Dollard, R.
105. Brunet, Joseph, painter, 122 Massue, T.

POLL 6.

105. Bisson, Francois, shoemaker, 196 Massue, T.
- 106a. Bisson, Paul, shoemaker, 198 Massue, T.
106. Brousseau, Napoleon Paul, storeman, 152 Massue, R.
- 106a. Giguere, Joseph, machinist, 88 Massue, T.
107. Harvey, Wilfrid, shoemaker, 93 Massue, T.
108. Plante, David, insurance agent, 23 St. Luc, R.
109. Poulin, Victor, typographer, 56 Massue, T.
110. Poitras, Francois Xavier, shoemaker, 52 St. Luc, T.
111. Savard, Louis, notary, 68 Massue, T.
112. Talbot, Louis A., 68 Massue, T.

POLL 7.

113. Boucher, Napoleon, leather cutter, 107 Montcalm, R.
114. Boucher, Francois, leather cutter, 107 Montcalm, R.
115. Boudreau, Louis Alfred, clerk, 89 Victoria, correction.
116. Bernard, Daniel, clerk, 45 Montcalm, R.
117. Cadoret, Joseph, shoemaker, 112 Montcalm, R.
118. Drolet, Pierre, printer, 79 St. Sauveur, R.
119. Dussault, Jean Bte., clerk, 79 St. Sauveur, R.
120. Fortier, Joseph, currier, 102 St. Ignace, R.
121. Fleury, Gaudios, carter, 90 St. Therese, T.
122. Gauthier, Dollard A., stenographer, 89 Montcalm, S.P.
123. Gagne, Pierre, barber, 45 St. Bernard, R.
124. Hamel, Adelard, butcher, 8 St. Therese, R.
125. Lafoire, Arthur, leather cutter, 81 Montcalm, T.
126. Letourneau, Pierre, carpenter, 65 St. Therese, P.
127. Lepage, Anselme, jr., clerk, 20 St. Ignace, R.
128. Lagace, Jean Bte., son, shoemaker, 39 St. Ignace, S.P.
129. LeFebvre, Etienne, joiner, 161 Montcalm, P.
130. Lachance, Adelard, currier, 84 St. Therese, R.
131. Marquis, Adjutor, leather cutter, 59 Montcalm, T.
132. Plamondon, Joseph, shoemaker, 40 St. Therese, P.
133. Pionnier, Philippe, plumber, 68 St. Bernard, T.
134. Roth, William, son, shoemaker, 46 St. Therese, R.
135. Therrien, George, motorman, 10 St. Sauveur, R.
136. Villeneuve, Arthur Michel, plumber, 67 Montcalm, S.P.

POLL 8.

137. Belanger, J. A., motorman, 19 St. Felix, T.
138. Bisson, Arthur, glove maker, 9 Boulevard Langelier, R.
139. Darveau, Charles, merchant, 43 Boulevard Langelier, R.
140. Darveau, Theophile, baker, 43 Boulevard Langelier, R.
141. Dumas, Adelard, currier, 53 Sig-nal, R.
142. Drolet, Albert, roofer, 63 Boulevard Langelier, R.
143. Galipeault, Antoine, lawyer, 713 St. Valier, T.
144. Jolin, Alphonse, confectioner, 99 Signal, R.
145. Langlois, Eudore, pilot, 110 Signal, R.
146. Leclerc, Joseph, son, clerk, 741 St. Valier, R.
147. Lefebvre, Francois, leather cutter, 14 St. Felix, R.
148. Patry, Joseph, Civil Service, 739 St. Valier, S.P.
149. Patry, Alphonse, clerk, 739 St. Valier, S.P.
150. Patry, Joseph Hilarion, civil service, 739 St. Valier, R.
151. Patry, Jules, student, 739 St. Valier, S.P.
152. Poitras, Edouard, blacksmith, 93 Signai, T.
153. Therrien, Napoleon, currier, 85 Boulevard Langelier, T.
154. Tanguay, Edouard, carter, 34 Demers, P.

POLL 9.

155. Laroche, Philemon, furrier, 251 Arago, T.
156. Levesque, Ovide, dit L., shoemaker, 128 Agnecourt, R.
157. Lalbe, Adelard, motorman, 170 St. Luc, T.
158. Nadeau, Leon, clerk, 195 Arago, R.
159. Nadeau, Rosario, engineer, 195 Arago, R.
160. Asselin, Xavier, laborer, 153 Boisseau, T.
161. Bertrand, Avila, printer, 151 Massue, S.P.
162. Beland, Vilemond, clerk, 153 St. Germain, R.
163. Carreau, Ernest, typographer, 146 St. Germain, R.
164. Coumbes, Francois Xavier, engineer, 137 St. Germain, T.
- 164a. Dumas, Charles, Arthur, clerk, 119 Massue, T.

POLL 10.

165. Donaldson, Theophile, mason, 7 Boisseau, T.
- 165a. Hant, Wilfrid, shoemaker, 93 Boisseau, T.
166. Fréchette, Benjamin, burgess, 45 Boisseau, T.
167. Lachance, Laureat, bookkeeper, 162 St. Germain, R.
- 167a. Lagace, Israel, tinsmith, 209 Massue, T.
168. Lebel, Silfrid, barber, 25 Boisseau, R.
169. Lucavallier, Seraphin, shoemaker, 45 Boisseau, R.
170. Moisan, Joseph, typographer, 133 Boisseau, R.
171. Paquet, Napoleon, shoemaker, 166 St. Germain, P.
172. Talbot, Victorien, joiner, 215 Massue, T.

II-QUEBEC CENTRE.

POLL 11.

173. Alain, Alphonse, beer driver, 177 Sauvaageau, R.
174. Bois, Francois, laborer, 165 Napoleon, S.P.
175. Bernier, Cleophas, burgess, 64 Sauvaageau, T.
176. Bourget, Antoine, laborer, Napoleon, T.
177. Boivin, Francois, leather cutter, 158 Napoleon, R.
178. Gingras, Ludger, typographer, 65 Napoleon, T.
179. Gingras, Mederic, shoemaker, 63 Napoleon, T.
180. Lortie, Flavien, leather cutter, 80 Sauvaageau, R.
181. Lafrance, Jean, joiner, 30 Napoleon, P.
182. Myranda, Joseph, trader, 40 Sauvaageau, R.
183. Noel, Joseph, joiner, 116 Napoleon, S.P.
184. Paquet, Joseph, pilot, 8 Napoleon, P.

POLL 12.

185. Arel, Delphis, C., fireman, 4 Bagot, T.
- 185a. Beaubien, Louis Alfred, clerk, 89 Victoria, R.
186. Boutet, Edouard, carter, 208 Bagot, T.
187. Dubc, Joseph, typographer, 46 Victoria, R.
188. Fortier, Pierre, boatman, 3 Bagot, correction.
189. Gagne, Foseph, currier, 179 Bagot, P.
190. Giguere, Edouard, clerk, Victoria, R.
191. Guenard, Raoul, shoemaker, 23 Bagot, R.
192. Jolin, Francois Xavier, jr., clerk, 189 Victoria, R.
193. Jolin, Albert, clerk, 140 Victoria S.P.
194. Jolin, Eugene, plumber, 46 Bagot, T.
195. Lachance, Eugene, mail carrier, 220 Bagot, R.
196. Morency, Alphonse, clerk, 104 Victoria, R.
197. Maranda, Xavier, tailor, 30 Bagot, R.
198. Pichette, Denis, carriage maker, 23 Bagot, R.
199. Raiche, Cyrille, painter, 43 Bagot, T.
200. Trudelle, Emile, conductor, 25 Victoria, R.

POLL 13.

201. Bedard, Edmond, laborer, 176 Durocher, T.
202. Cameron, Octave, clerk, 84 Morin, R.
203. Conlombe, Edouard, trader, 20-22 Morin, P.
204. Delisle, Desire, leather cutter, 88 Hermine, T.
205. Dion, Edmond, fireman, 172 Morin, R.
206. Bmond, Louis, shoemaker, 64 Morin, P.
207. Galarneau, Elzear, tailor, 219 Hermine, R.
208. Genest, Edmond, printer, 58 Hermine, R.
209. Huot, Nazaire, tanner, 139 Hermine, R.
210. Lamontagne, Michel, furrier, 218 Hermine, R.
211. Letourneau, Hubert, blacksmith, 44 Hermine, R.
212. Vover, Isidore, shoemaker, 8 Hermine, T.

POLL 14.

213. Boudreau, Amedee, tanner, 150 Kirauc, P.
214. Bedard, Edouard, carter, 113 Chateauguay, P.
215. Boily, Edouard, laborer, 53 Chateauguay, P.
216. Bolduc, Alfred, leather cutter, 207 Chateauguay, S.P.
217. Forques, Pierre, shoemaker, 232 Chateauguay, R.
218. Gilbert, Cyrrion, laborer, 15 Chateauguay, T.
219. Ledoux, Joseph, shoemaker, 76 Chateauguay, T.
220. Paradis, Joseph, plumber, 14 Chateauguay, T.
221. Vermet, Joseph Arthur, merchant furrier, 68 Kirauc, P.

POLL 15.

222. Brodrique, Joseph, burgess, 269 Colomb, P.
223. Begin, Elzear, clerk, 93 Colomb, T.
224. Belanger, J. Bte., furrier, 235 Colomb, T.
225. Chartrand, Zephirin, machinist, 246 Colomb, correction.
226. Cote, Ernest, clerk, 133 Colomb, R.
227. Dompierre, George, shoemaker, 243 Franklin, R.
228. Beaumont, Isidor, son, carter, 69 Franklin, R.
- 228a. Faucher, Omer, storeman, 227 Colomb, P.
229. Fortier, Arthur, shoemaker, 282 Franklin, R.
230. Gravel, Adelard, butcher, 330 Colomb, R.
231. Gravel, Arthur, butcher, 330 Colomb, R.
232. Paquet, Alphonse, carriage maker, Solomb, T.
233. St. Pierre, George, civil service, 287 Colomb, P.
234. Vermette, Joseph Achille, furrier, 204 Colomb, S.P.
235. Vermette, Ovide, furrier, 204 Colomb, R.
236. Fournier, Simeon, carpenter, R.
237. Gagnon, Ernest, joiner, R.
238. Galipeault, Andre, Avelin, bailiff, R.
239. Lessard, Louis, laborer, R.
240. Maranda, Edmond, tailor, R.
241. Ouellette, Henri Ernest, stenographer, 34 St. Jean, S.P.
242. Trudel, Adelbert, architect, 485 St. Valier, P.
243. Faucher, Omer, 227 Colomb S.P.
- 243a. Maranda, Edmond, tailor, R.
- 243b. Lessard, Louis, laborer, R.
- 243c. Galipeau, Andre Avelin, bailiff, R.

- 243d. Gagnon, Ernest, joiner, R.
- 243e. Fournier, Simeon, carpenter, R.
- 243f. Trudel, Adelbert, architect, R.
- 243g. Ouellette, Henri Ernest, stenographer, R.

241. Audet, Gustave, clerk, 1 Collins, R.
245. Austin, Alfred, Civil Service, 10 St. Ursule, R.
246. Arcand, Dosithe, broker, 17 St. Genevieve Ave. R.
247. Amyot, Arthur, 505 St. John, S.P.
248. Amyot, Eugene, 505 St. John, S.P.
249. Auger, Desire, facteur, 236 St. John, R.
250. Audet, Charles, mail conductor, 38 St. Eustache, R.
251. Audet, Alfred, mail conductor, 65 St. Anne, R.
252. Audet, Eugene, G., accountant, St. Anne, R.
253. Allevy, Ernest C., burgess, 131 St. Anne, R.
254. Allevy, Henry, 65 St. Louis, R.
255. Allevy, Oghm Alexander, 65 St. Louis, R.
256. Allard, Arthur, driver, 168 Latourelle, S. P.
257. Bellingsley, F. Charles, clerk, 35 St. Ursule, R.
258. Bedard, Romeo, painter, 128 St. Olivier, S. P.
- 258a. Belleau, Arthur, driver, 169 Latourelle, R.
- 258b. Bouchard, Earnest, clerk, 150 Artillery, R.
260. Bouchard, Alphonse, clerk, 150 Artillery, R.
261. Bouchard, Leonidas, clerk, 150 Artillery, S. P.
262. Bouchard, Hemel, 150 Artillery, R.
263. Bertrand, Alphonse, 40 Ste. Cecile, T.
264. Bisson, Edmond Hercules, Civil Service, 58 Du Palais, R.
265. Bernier, J. Amedee, clerk, 133 Richelieu, R.
266. Bisson, Joseph, clerk, 65 Ste. Cecile, R.
267. Boivin, Louis Alfred, leather cutter, 65 Ste. Cecile, R.
268. Brodie, Charles, advocate, 17 St. Genevieve Ave. R.
269. Bergeron, Robert, advocate 26 Desjardins, R.
270. Beupre, Rodrigue, conductor, 161 St. Olivier, R.
271. Bilodeau, Eudore, account, 24 Provost, R.
272. Bernier, Wilbrod, clerk, 33 St. John, R.
273. Baker, Arthur, barber, 234 St. Olivier, T.
274. Brunet, Art. Francois, burgess, 595 St. John, R.
275. Bigouette, Joseph, carter, 10 Stuart, T.
276. Begin, Edmond A., 35 Ste. Marie, R.
277. Bolduc, Joseph Etienne, physician 258 St. John, R.
278. Bedard, Michel, farmer, 32 Artillery, P.
279. Bilodeau, W. Edmond, 33 St. Eustache, R.
280. Bedard, Arthur, clerk, 99 d'Aiguillon, R.
281. Bogue, Lawrence, accountant, 11 Chateaux, R.
282. Bedard, Albert, clerk, 128 St. Olivier, S. P.
283. Bussieres, Alfred, conductor, 55 St. Patrick, R.
284. Belanger, Olivier, boarding house keeper, 20 Garneau, T.
285. Begin, Charles Edouard, accountant, 425 St. John, T.
286. Belanger, Edmond, clerk, 30 St. Flavien, R.
287. Berthe, Henri, laborer, 55 Ste. Cecile, T.
288. Berthiaume, Joseph, bookbinder, 58 Latourelle, R.
289. Bellisle, Jos. Adolphe, Civil Service, 37 St. Eustache, R.
290. Bisson, Auguste, accountant, 35 St. Eustache, R.
291. Bedard, Phileas Hector, physician 236 St. John, R.
292. Bilodeau, Frs. Xavier, commercial traveller, 1 Ferland, R.
293. Beauchamp, Onesime, clerk, 210 St. John, R.
294. Beauchamp, Ona, clerk, 210 St. John, R.
295. Bilodeau, Eudore, accountant, 24 Provost, R.
296. Baillargeon, Joseph Alphonse, clerk, 35 St. Eustache, R.
297. Bolduc, Joseph Pierre Henri, student 1 Ferland, S. P.
298. Boivin, Joseph Arthur, commercial traveller, 1 Ferland, R.
299. Boiteau, Odilon, clerk, 116 Latourelle, S. P.
300. Boily, Adjutor, clerk, 39 Cote d'Abraham, R.
301. Bussieres, Augustin Joseph, reporter, 65 St. Augustin, R.
302. Blouin, Adelard, trader, 10 St. Michael, S. P.
303. Blouin, Leopold, butcher, 10 St. Michael, R.
304. Brodie, Charles, clerk, 593 St. John, T.
305. Boutet, Arthur, laboere, 178 Latourelle, T.
306. Breen, Walter John, stenographer 36 St. Ursule, R.
307. Breen, James Joseph, 36 St. Ursule, R.
308. Blais, Edouard Napoleon, manager, 21 Deligny, T.
309. Blondeau, Civil Service, 38 St. Louis, R.
310. Brousseau, Emile, clerk, 138 St. Olivier, R.
311. Baillargeon, Charles J., student, 141 St. Ann, S. P.
312. Baillargeon, Elzear, advocate, 141 St. Ann S. P.
313. Brousseau, Prudent, clerk, 24 St. Angele, T.
314. Bussieres, Laureat, student, 37 Sutherland, S.P.
315. Rabin, Arsene, student, 80 St. John, S. P.
316. Ben, Joseph, clerk, 136 Richelieu, R.
317. Benn, Henri, fireman, 3 Berthelot, R.
318. Berthiaume, Joseph Antoine A. clerk, 97 Richelieu, R.
319. Bertrand, Ludger, clerk, 251 Richelieu, T.
320. Boisseau, Joseph Pierre, Odile, druggist, 36 Garneau, T.
321. Boisseau, Gaspard Nicolas, burgess, 36 Garneau, P.
322. Boisseau, Ra

502. Gilbert, Alphonse, cabinet maker, 18 St. Marie, R.
 503. Galibou, J. Eugene, conductor, 179 St. Olivier, R.
 504. Grenier, Joseph Adolphe, merchant, 403 St. John, R.
 505. Gingras, A., 324 St. John, S.P.
 506. Gingras, Henri, 324 St. John, R.
 507. Gingras, Ferdinand, painter, 163 Latour, R.
 508. Gingras, Jean Bapt., tailor, 195 Latour, R.
 509. Gingras, Laurent, bookkeeper, 17 St. Claire, R.
 510. Gingras, Victor, painter, 92 Richelieu, R.
 511. Gagneau, Odillon, leather cutter, 280 St. P. R.
 512. Gagneau, F. Pierre, clerk, 42 St. Famille, R.
 513. Gaudin, Ernest, bookkeeper, 178 Richelieu, R.
 514. Gaudin, Louis N., clerk, 214 St. Olivier, R.
 515. Gaudin, Ludger, clerk, 176 Richelieu, R.
 516. Gaudin, Henri, student, 11 Hamel S.P.
 517. Gaudin, Ulric, hotel keeper, 8 Lachetrotiere, R.
 518. Gaudin, Joseph Eugene, 76 St. John, T.
 519. Gaudin, Phileas, clerk, 5 Lachetrotiere, R.
 520. Gaudin, Edgar, blacksmith, 5 Lachetrotiere, R.
 521. Gaudin, Philemon, tobacconist, 76 St. John, R.
 522. Gaudry, Leonel, tailor, 61 St. John, R.
 523. Gaudry, Marc, accountant, 61 St. John, R.
 524. Gaudry, Pierre, clerk, 12 St. Michel, R.
 525. Gaudry, Pierre, clerk, 42 St. Michel, S.P.
 526. Gaudry, Alfred, land surveyor, 42 St. Michel, T.
 527. Gaudry, Eugene, 248 Richelieu, R.
 528. Gagnon, Albert, shoemaker, 214 Richelieu, T.
 529. Gagnon, Jean, shoemaker, 214 Richelieu, T.
 530. Gagnon, Wilfrid, clerk, 69 Latour, R.
 531. Gagne, Jean, Chs., 18 Mont Carmel, S.P.
 532. Gagne, Albert, 18 Mont Carmel, S.P.
 533. Gagne, Joseph H., 25 Garneau, T.
 534. Gagne, Joseph, plumber, 44 de la Fabrique, R.
 535. Gagnon, William G., constable, 617 St. John, S.P.
 536. Giroux, Willie, bookkeeper, 617 St. John, S.P.
 537. Giroux, Victor, druggist, 617 St. John, S.P.
 538. Giroux, George Amelie, student, 617 St. John, S.P.
 539. Giroux, Jean Baptiste, 617 St. John, S.P.
 540. Giroux, Joseph, V.B., clerk, 53 d'Auteuil, S.P.
 541. Giroux, Alfred, trader, 88 St. Patrick, R.
 542. Giroux, Napoleon, trader, 88 St. Patrick, S.P.
 543. Girard, J. Emile, land surveyor, 15 St. John, R.
 544. Girard, Louis, servant, Port Dauphin, R.
 545. Girard, Joseph, son, carter, 47 St. Claire, R.
 546. Gignoux, Francois, butcher, Halle Montcalm, R.
 547. Giguere, Arthur, clerk, 239 Richelieu, T.
 548. Gosselin, Joseph Arthur, bookkeeper, 115 St. John, R.
 549. Gosselin, Arthur, accountant, 115 St. John, R.
 550. Gosselin, Joseph Charles, painter, 196 d'Aiguillon, R.
 551. Hout, Ulric, tailor, 142 St. John, R.
 552. Hardy, Arthur, painter, 9 Claire Fontaine, S.P.
 553. Huot, Edmond, leather, 53 Claire Fontaine, R.
 554. Huot, Antonio, conductor, 368 Richelieu, R.
 555. Hout, Edgar, conductor, 368 Richelieu, R.
 556. Hardy, Hector, accountant, 11 St. Famille, S.P.
 557. Hardy, Joseph, clerk, 274 St. John, S.P.
 558. Hardy, Omer, clerk, 91 Claire Fontaine, R.
 559. Hudon, L. Denis, insurance agent, 38 St. Louis, R.
 560. Harpe, Edouard, porter of Laval University, R.
 561. Hamel, Pierre, clerk, 93 Richelieu, R.
 562. Hunter, Robert, 411 St. John, T.
 563. Hunter, P. R., manager, R.
 564. J. J. J. B. CHOUINARD, City Clerk.
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 591. J. J. J. B. CHOUINARD, City Clerk.

592. Lemieux, Joseph Pierre Lucien, civil service, 24 St. Flavien, R.
 593. Lemieux, Joseph, clerk, 99 St. John, S.P.
 594. Lemieux, Henri, clerk, 5 Hamel, R.
 595. Lambert, Thopodre, manager, 55 St. Anne, R.
 596. Laine, Nazaire, carter, 1 Ste. Eustache, T.
 597. Lacasse, Joseph, clerk, 7 Ste. Claire, R.
 598. Lacasse, Alfred Arthur, clerk, 66 Ste. Eustache, R.
 599. Lapointe, Edouard, hotel keeper, 96 Desjardins, P.
 600. Lavoie, Pierre, architect, 149 d'Aiguillon, T.
 601. Lavoie, Joseph, sailor, 72 Richelieu, R.
 602. Lavertu, Joseph, carter, 333 St. Olivier, R.
 603. Lavertu, Joseph, carter, 333 St. Olivier, R.
 604. Lavertu, Joseph, carter, 333 St. Olivier, R.
 605. Larouche, Joseph, servant, 2 Port Dauphin, R.
 606. Labrie, Napoleon, Joseph Octave, reporter, 15 Buade, R.
 607. Landry, George, photographer, 20 St. Gabriel, R.
 608. Letellier, Ferdinand, bourgeois, 50 St. Augustin, R.
 609. Letellier, Ferdinand, clerk, 59 St. Augustin, R.
 610. Letellier, Alys, clerk, 35 Des Bonaparte, R.
 611. L'Heureux, Alfred, shoemaker, 286 Richelieu, R.
 612. L'Heureux, Napoleon, clerk, 286 Richelieu, R.
 613. L'Heureux, Alphonse, carriage maker, 501 St. John, S.P.
 614. L'Heureux, Joseph, sr., carriage maker, 501 St. John, S.P.
 615. L'Heureux, Jules, carriage maker, 501 St. John, S.P.
 616. L'Heureux, Arthur, carriage maker, 501 St. John, S.P.
 617. Lacombe, Edouard, laborer, 201 St. Olivier, laborer.
 618. Letarte, Napoleon, 89 Latour, R.
 619. Laperriere, Joseph, painter, 140 St. Olivier, T.
 620. Laperriere, Napoleon, carter, 140 St. Olivier, R.
 621. Laperriere, Isidore, joiner, 293 St. Olivier, S.P.
 622. Laperriere, Ferdinand, carter, 140 St. Olivier, R.
 623. Larue, Alfred, Civil Service, 15 Hamel, R.
 624. LaRue, Achille, Civil Service, and advocate, 164 St. John, R.
 625. Lebel, J. M., bookkeeper, 17 Cote d'Alain, R.
 626. Lebel, Achille, clerk, 18 Jupiter, T.
 627. Lebel, William, Jos., Civil Service and advocate, Hebert, R.
 628. Lebel, Lucien E., commercial traveler, 5 Hebert, R.
 629. Legendre, H. Arthur, merchant, 42 St. Louis, R.
 630. Lortie, Joseph Hilderic, clerk, 93 d'Aiguillon, R.
 631. Labreque, Odilon, 146 Latour, R.
 632. Labreque, Romeo, conductor, 183 Latour, R.
 633. Labreque, Adolphe, 20 Buade, S.P.
 634. Lepine, Napoleon, painter, 63 St. Gabriel, S.P.
 635. Lepinay, Ernest, apprentice plumber, S. P.
 636. Lamontagne, Romuald, printer, 36 Fabrique, T.
 637. Lamontagne, Omer, carter, 235 St. Olivier, R.
 638. Lamontagne, Emmanuel, Rosario, sergeant, 88 St. Louis, R.
 639. Lortie, Demase, watch-maker, 4 St. Gabriel, T.
 640. Lortie, Pierre, clerk, 90 Richelieu, T.
 641. Leclerc, Arthur, clerk, 36 Deligny, T.
 642. Lynch, Joseph Arthur, advocate, 25 St. Stanislas, T.
 643. Lelamand, Ernest, painter, 13 St. Augustin, R.
 644. Lemieux, Aurele, advocate, 24 St. Flavien, R.
 645. Lavoie, Joseph Sylvain, servant, 17 St. Louis, R.
 646. Lemay, Eudore, photographer, 8 Haldimand, R.
 647. Lemay, F. X., secretary, 27 Hebert, R.
 648. Livermore, Jules, photographer, 39 d'Aiguillon, T.
 649. L'Esperance, David, broker, 58 Cote d'Alain, R.
 650. LeSage, Jules, 23 St. Genevieve, R.
 651. Langue, Errol, advocate, 67 St. Ann, R.
 652. Laroche, Emmanuel, Civil Service, 47 St. Real, T.
 653. Lanouette, Arthur, clerk, 282 Richelieu, R.
 654. Lanouette, Joseph Charles, accountant, 282 Richelieu, R.
 655. Laquet, Joseph Ollias, clerk, 73 Latour, R.
 656. Laliberte, Mederic, clerk, 31 Scott, R.
 657. Laliberte, Napoleon, clerk, 131 d'Aiguillon, T.
 658. Laliberte, Delphis, clerk, 44 Racine, R.
 659. Laliberte, Mederic, clerk, 31 Scott, T.
 660. Lessard, Oscar, Civil Service, 37 St. Eustache, R.
 661. Legare, Emile, joiner, 3 Stuart, R.
 662. Legare, Henri, clerk, 5184 St. John, S.P.
 663. Legare, Walter, artist painter, 5184 St. John, S.P.
 664. LaRue, J. Arthur, auditor, 30 St. Ann, S.P.
 665. LaRue, Swibert, Jules, student, 30 St. Ann, S.P.
 666. Lefebvre, Louis Alphonse, clerk, 9 Lachetrotiere, S. P.
 667. Lefebvre, Ernest, clerk, 34 St. Ann, R.
 668. Langlois, Adjutor, carter, 2 d'Youville, R.
 669. Langlois, Jean, carter, 34 St. Eustache, R.
 670. Lawrence, Frederick, operator, 86 St. Augustin, R.
 671. Lawrence, Alfred, operator, 86 St. Augustin, R.
 672. Lawrence, John, operator, 86 St. Augustin, T.
 673. Lachance, Arthur, clerk, 3 Ste. Famille, R.
 674. Lachance, Adjutor, pilot, 10 and 12 St. Gabriel, P.
 675. Lachance, Napoleon, blacksmith, 48 Richelieu, R.
 676. Lachance, Arthur, advocate, 46 and 48 Richelieu, R.
 677. Lachance, Stanislas, student, 46 and 48 Richelieu, S. P.
 678. Lachance, Antoine, mail clerk, 48 Richelieu, S. P.
 679. Langlois, Pierre Narcisse, clerk, 495 St. John, S. P.

(To be Continued.)

CITY OF QUEBEC.

CITY OF QUEBEC. To wit:

No. 382.

A By-Law concerning Palace Harbor.

(Drawn up in the French Language.)

AT A MEETING OF THE CITY

Council of the City of Quebec, held at the City Hall, in the said City of Quebec, on the THIRD day of April, one thousand nine hundred and three, the following By-Law was read for the first time:

1. For the purposes of the said By-Law, the Palace Harbor comprises the wharf commonly called "Gas Wharf" and the Palace Basin.

2. Said Palace Basin comprises the stretch of beach between said "Gas Wharf" and the wharf extending from said Gas Wharf as far as the extremity of St. Roch and Prince Edward streets, as far as the line of low tide on the St. Charles River, but not including the wharf known as "Caron wharf."

3. Immediately after a vessel has landed at said Gas Wharf, or has cast anchor in said Basin, the person having charge of said vessel, should make to the collector of harbor dues, or to his substitute, at his office, on said Gas Wharf, a declaration containing his name, his residence, the name of the vessel, its tonnage, and the nature, the quality and quantity of the load; and the unloading of said vessel cannot be commenced before the accomplishment of said formalities.

4. Any person having charge of a vessel, using any part of said Gas Wharf to land, or any vessel made fast, or using any part of said Basin to anchor or place said vessel, must pay said collector or his substitute, the fees or duties determined by the following established tariff, for each day or part of day during which said vessel has been made fast, or landed, or anchored, or placed.

5. Any person using any part of said Gas Wharf, or any part of said Basin, to load, or unload, land, deposit or leave materials, wood, grain, merchandise, effects or anything whatsoever, must pay to said collector or his substitute, fees or duties determined by such tariff, for every day or part of day during which they have been deposited thereon.

6. It is forbidden to throw, place, or deposit in said Basin, or near said wharf, stones, bricks, rubbish, hay, straw, manure or dirt whatsoever.

7. It is forbidden to unload in said Basin, by throwing overboard, stone, brick, sand or gravel; and said material shall only be unloaded at low tide, by taking said materials from the vessel to deposit them in a vehicle.

8. Said collector shall also settle the classifying of vessels at said wharf and said Basin, as also the classifying of materials, merchandise, or other objects on said wharf or in said Basin, and any refusal to obey his orders to that effect, is considered as an offence against the present By-Law.

9. If a person having charge of a vessel, leaves said Palace Harbor without having paid the dues he may owe, said collector must without delay file the account due by said person, in the hands of the Clerk of the Recorder's Court, so as to recover said amount.

10. Said collector must forbid the entrance to the Palace Harbor, or the landing at the Gas Wharf, of any vessel owing harbor dues to the City of Quebec for one or more preceding loads; and any refusal to obey orders of said collector to that end is considered as an offence against the present By-Law.

11. Said collector must keep correct books or registers of all the landings and declarations required by the present By-Law, also of the exact amounts in detail, and of all sums of money collected by him for the City and of the sums which are due or to be collected.

12. The last judicial day of every week, said collector must deposit in the hands of the City Treasurer all sums of money received by him during said week, and have him examine the books, registers and accounts kept by him; and to abide by all instructions that may be given him to that effect, by the said City Treasurer.

13. Any person refusing, neglecting or omitting, to act in accordance with the present By-Law or committing an act prohibited by the present By-Law, or is guilty of any infraction to the disposition of this By-Law is

liable to a fine not exceeding forty dollars and in default of payment of said fine and costs, to an imprisonment for a space of time not exceeding two months.

TARIFF.

1. For every vessel landed or made fast at said Gas Wharf, or anchored, or placed in said Basin, if she is of twenty tons, or less, fifteen cents, and one-half cent additional for each additional ton.

2. For every cord of firewood, five cents.

3. For every thousand of laths, or thousand shingles, four cents.

4. For every hundred stakes, or poles for fences, five cents.

5. For each bent piece of timber, one cent.

6. For each knee of timber, three cents.

7. For every hundred of planks of one inch or less, ten cents.

8. For every hundred of deals, one and one-half inch thick, twelve cents.

9. For every hundred of deals, two inches thick, fifteen cents.

10. For every hundred of deals, three inches thick, twenty cents.

11. For every float, beam or spar, three cents.

12. For every piece of square timber, six cents.

13. For every hundred oars, fifteen cents.

14. For every load or part of bateau load of shals or laths, fifty cents.

15. For every hundred bundles of bark or every thousand bricks, ten cents.

16. For every hundred bundles of hay or straw, twenty cents.

17. For every bushel of corn, oats, wheat, peas or of any other grain, potatoes, salt, one-half cent.

18. For every tinnet of butter, barrel of pork, beef, fish, oil, flour, apples, onions, sugar, or other eatables, or liquors, spirituous or non-spirituous, for every box of tea, or tobacco, or for every crate of cabbages or other vegetables, two cents.

19. For every tinnet of sardines, forty cents.

20. For every pipe or tierce of fish, or oil, or every puncheon, or tierce, or barrel of liquid whatsoever, spirituous or non-spirituous, six cents.

21. For every puncheon of liquid, spirituous or non-spirituous, ten cents.

22. For every loose of stone, twenty-five cents.

23. For every box of poultry, five cents.

24. For every box of butter, eggs or fresh fish, and every hundred pounds of maple sugar, for every quintal of flour in bags, every bag of potatoes, every ox skin, every single stove, one cent.

25. For every double stove, two cents.

26. For every hoghead of sugar, tobacco or molasses, or every package of leather, twelve cents.

27. For every load contained in an ordinary cart, or drivers' effects for which no dues have been paid and not being in the category of goods above mentioned, five cents.

28. For every article, or goods not mentioned above, two cents per hundred pounds if the total does not exceed 500 pounds and if the total exceeds 500 pounds, ten cents, and ten cents also for every additional ton of two thousand pounds.

By order

H. J. J. B. CHOUINARD.

Clerk of the Court of Revisors for the City of Quebec.

(To be Continued.)

CITY OF QUEBEC.

CITY OF QUEBEC. To wit:

No. 382.

A By-Law concerning Palace Harbor.

(Drawn up in the French Language.)

AT A MEETING OF THE CITY

Council of the City of Quebec, held at the City Hall, in the said City of Quebec, on the THIRD day of April, one thousand nine hundred and three, the following By-Law was read for the first time:

1. For the purposes of the said By-Law, the Palace Harbor comprises the wharf commonly called "Gas Wharf" and the Palace Basin.

2. Said Palace Basin comprises the stretch of beach between said "Gas Wharf" and the wharf extending from said Gas Wharf as far as the extremity of St. Roch and Prince Edward streets, as far as the line of low tide on the St. Charles River, but not including the wharf known as "Caron wharf."

3. Immediately after a vessel has landed at said Gas Wharf, or has cast anchor in said Basin, the person having charge of said vessel, should make to the collector of harbor dues, or to his substitute, at his office, on said Gas Wharf, a declaration containing his name, his residence, the name of the vessel, its tonnage, and the nature, the quality and quantity of the load; and the unloading of said vessel cannot be commenced before the accomplishment of said formalities.

4. Any person having charge of a vessel, using any part of said Gas Wharf to land, or any vessel made fast, or using any part of said Basin to anchor or place said vessel, must pay said collector or his substitute, the fees or duties determined by the following established tariff, for each day or part of day during which said vessel has been made fast, or landed, or anchored, or placed.

5. Any person using any part of said Gas Wharf, or any part of said Basin, to load, or unload, land, deposit or leave materials, wood, grain, merchandise, effects or anything whatsoever, must pay to said collector or his substitute, fees or duties determined by such tariff, for every day or part of day during which they have been deposited thereon.

6. It is forbidden to throw, place, or deposit in said Basin, or near said wharf, stones, bricks, rubbish, hay, straw, manure or dirt whatsoever.

7. It is forbidden to unload in said Basin, by throwing overboard, stone, brick, sand or gravel; and said material shall only be unloaded at low tide, by taking said materials from the vessel to deposit them in a vehicle.

8. Said collector shall also settle the classifying of vessels at said wharf and said Basin, as also the classifying of materials, merchandise, or other objects on said wharf or in said Basin, and any refusal to obey his orders to that effect, is considered as an offence against the present By-Law.

9. If a person having charge of a vessel, leaves said Palace Harbor without having paid the dues he may owe, said collector must without delay file the account due by said person, in the hands of the Clerk of the Recorder's Court, so as to recover said amount.

10. Said collector must forbid the entrance to the Palace Harbor, or the landing at the Gas Wharf, of any vessel owing harbor dues to the City of Quebec for one or more preceding loads; and any refusal to obey orders of said collector to that end is considered as an offence against the present By-Law.

11. Said collector must keep correct books or registers of all the landings and declarations required by the present By-Law, also of the exact amounts in detail, and of all sums of money collected by him for the City and of the sums which are due or to be collected.

12. The last judicial day of every week, said collector must deposit in the hands of the City Treasurer all sums of money received by him during said week, and have him examine the books, registers and accounts kept by him; and to abide by all instructions that may be given him to that effect, by the said City Treasurer.

13. Any person refusing, neglecting or omitting, to act in accordance with the present By-Law or committing an act prohibited by the present By-Law, or is guilty of any infraction to the disposition of this By-Law is

liable to a fine not exceeding forty dollars and in default of payment of said fine and costs, to an imprisonment for a space of time not exceeding two months.

TARIFF.

1. For every vessel landed or made fast at said Gas Wharf, or anchored, or placed in said Basin, if she is of twenty tons, or less, fifteen cents, and one-half cent additional for each additional ton.

2. For every cord of firewood, five cents.

3. For every thousand of laths, or thousand shingles, four cents.

4. For every hundred stakes, or poles for fences, five cents.

5. For each bent piece of timber, one cent.

6. For each knee of timber, three cents.

7. For every hundred of planks of one inch or less, ten cents.

8. For every hundred of deals, one and one-half inch thick, twelve cents.

9. For every hundred of deals, two inches thick, fifteen cents.

10. For every hundred of deals, three inches thick, twenty cents.

11. For every float, beam or spar, three cents.

12. For every piece of square timber, six cents.

13. For every hundred oars, fifteen cents.

14. For every load or part of bateau load of shals or laths, fifty cents.

15. For every hundred bundles of bark or every thousand bricks, ten cents.

16. For every hundred bundles of hay or straw, twenty cents.

17. For every bushel of corn, oats, wheat, peas or of any other grain, potatoes, salt, one-half cent.

18. For every tinnet of butter, barrel of pork, beef, fish, oil, flour, apples, onions, sugar, or other eatables, or liquors, spirituous or non-spirituous, for every box of tea, or tobacco, or for every crate of cabbages or other vegetables, two cents.

19. For every tinnet of sardines, forty cents.

20. For every pipe or tierce of fish, or oil, or every puncheon, or tierce, or barrel of liquid whatsoever, spirituous or non-spirituous, six cents.

21. For every puncheon of liquid, spirituous or non-spirituous, ten cents.

22. For every loose of stone, twenty-five cents.

23. For every box of poultry, five cents.

24. For every box of butter, eggs or fresh fish, and every hundred pounds of maple sugar, for every quintal of flour in bags, every bag of potatoes, every ox skin, every single stove, one cent.

25. For every double stove, two cents.

26. For every hoghead of sugar, tobacco or molasses, or every package of leather, twelve cents.

27. For every load contained in an ordinary cart, or drivers' effects for which no dues have been paid and not being in the category of goods above mentioned, five cents.

28. For every article, or goods not mentioned above, two cents per hundred pounds if the total does not exceed 500 pounds and if the total exceeds 500 pounds, ten cents, and ten cents also for every additional ton of two thousand pounds.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Is hereby given, that pursuant to section 30th of the Act 29 Vic., chapter 57, as amended by section 11 of the Act 31 Vic., chapter 33 and section 8 of the Act 30 Vic., chapter 51, the above By-Law will be read a second time and passed on FRIDAY, the 17th day of April, instant, 1903.

H. J. J. B. CHOUINARD,

City Clerk.

CITY OF QUEBEC

City Clerk's Office, City Hall,

Quebec, March 27th, 1903.

Lease of Jacques Cartier Hall—Sale by Auction.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the lease of Jacques Cartier Hall for the civic year 1903-1904 will be sold by public auction, TUESDAY, fourteenth day of April next, at the City Hall, in the room where are held the sittings of the Finance Committee. The sale shall begin at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

The upset price shall be six hundred dollars (\$600.00).

Every person wishing to bid shall previous to the sale, deposit with the City Treasurer, the sum of four hundred dollars (\$400.00) current money of this Province, or an accepted cheque. Said deposit shall be returned after the sale to every bidder except the adjudicataire, whose deposit shall be kept as part of the purchase price. The balance of said purchase price shall be paid by the adjudicataire cash, at the moment of the sale.

The said sale by auction shall be made subject to all clauses and conditions which shall be read at the beginning of the sale, and communication of which may be had by those interested by applying to the City Notary, Mr. Allaire.

By order,

H. J. J. B. CHOUINARD,

City Clerk.

HE MOST NUTRITIOUS.

EPPE'S COCOA

An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact, fitted to build up and maintain robust health, and to resist winter's extreme cold. Sold in 1 lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPPE & Co., Ltd., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England.

EPPE'S COCOA

GIVING STRENGTH & VIGOR

SANTAL MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

THE EASTER BELLS.

WHEN THEY FIRST BEGAN TO RING THEIR INSPIRING MESSAGE.

The First Church Bell Ever Made—How it Revolutionized Church Architecture and Inspired a New Ceremony in the Rites of the Church.

There is nothing more expressive of Easter joy than Easter bells. Even more than the chants and modest beauty of the lily, or of the flowers massed around altar and chancel, do their thrilling, exultant tones typify the gladness of spirit of Christianity's chief festival, proclaiming the glorious tidings of Christ triumphant over death, the inspiring message of eternal life forevermore. A benison, a psalm of thanksgiving, an anthem of victory, peals forth from Easter bells in every clime, circling the earth from pole to pole and softly fluttering heavenward to the great white throne.

When and where did the first bells ring out at Easter? What manner of folk were the first worshippers who listened with rapt attention to their commanding and clamorous call? Was it in Palestine or Egypt or Greece or the farther western countries? Many times have thoughtful Christians asked themselves this same question, and great is the number who would be glad to know the answer. To learn it we must take a look backward over nearly 16 centuries, before the great schism of 726, when the Christian church was one and undivided.

About the year 431, when Naples was a settlement of Roman villas in the luxuriant plains of Campania, there lived in Nola, a considerable city of that province, one Paulinus, now a duly canonized saint of the Roman church. He was not only bishop of Nola, but also the abbot of a flourishing community of monks, monastic life even at that early date having obtained a firm foothold in the primitive church. And he was a bishop of considerable note, whose name and fame have been handed down to us both by history and tradition.

Besides that, he was a church builder. In Nola, the seat of his bishopric, he erected a basilica, or church, modeled after the style of the Roman courts of justice, many of these structures having been handed over by Constantine to the early Christians as places of public worship. Paulinus dedicated his basilica to St. Felix

25 CENTS ONLYIS THE PRICE OF THE NEW EDITION OF
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Corner St. John and Palace Streets.**SPRING IMPORTATION.**Harris Tweeds, Rainproof Coatings,
Shetland Tweeds, Blue and Black Serges,
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Irish Homespuns, Choice Vicuna Cloths.

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JOHN DARLINGTON, OPPOSITE
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School Supplies,
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QUEBEC.**B. LEONARD**

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EVER SEEN IN QUEBEC

BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS, NOVEL DESIGNS,

ATTRACTIVE DESIGNS.

All the Latest Patterns.

Estimates given on all classes of work. It
will pay you to see our work.**B. LEONARD,**

TELEPHONE 458 • 53 John Street.

Provincial Parliament.

Continued from 1st Page.

and what was the reason now why the Councilors should ask. It looks as if it was a want of confidence in the management of the city and that should not be. If the city representatives wanted to borrow money they were the parties responsible to the people as to how the money would be spent. If that money was spent in any other manner than it should, the citizens had their recourse. It was impossible to say on what streets or for what improvements the money would be spent, but the City Council will decide that question, and they should be allowed to decide where the money should be spent.

Hon. Mr. Sharples—Can you tell us if there was any discussion in the City Council on that question?

Senator Pelletier—There was no discussion, but in the Road Committee one of the Aldermen wanted to obtain power to borrow more.

Mr. Lane, M.P.P., remarked that he had a few observations to make on that clause. He represented Quebec East, a very important constituency, in the Assembly, and when he objected to the same clause in the Lower House, his remarks had been received with applause, and the congratulations he had received since had warranted him in coming before the Committee to-day. It was not his intention to criticize the action of the Council at the present moment, but under the present circumstances the burden on Quebec taxpayers should not be increased. The citizens of Quebec had confidence in the Legislative Council, which they regarded as the safety valve for the public. What the citizens required was that the City Council should state what streets were to be widened or paved with that money. If the streets were named in the bill, Mr. Lane, might be inclined to speak in favor of the bill. The taxpayers had a right to know how that money was to be spent, and no borrowing powers should be granted without the citizens knowing where the hundred thousand dollars was to be spent. If, as stated by the City Attorney, the streets in the past were not needed, it was time to begin, and no objection to civic improvements, but if the money was to be spent towards widening Des Carrières and St. Louis streets for the benefit of the Chateau Frontenac, he would strongly protest.

Hon. Mr. Perreault, who presided the committee, inquired what was the expression of opinion among the citizens against that clause.

Mr. Lane—I am not the promoter of the bill, but this Committee has a right to add any amendments it desires. Supposing that Montreal wanted to borrow \$3,000,000 for city improvements, would you grant their request without the city stating what improvements it desired?

Hon. Mr. Turner—Are you not an Alderman, Mr. Lane?

Mr. Lane—No, sir. If I was the City Council vote would not have been unanimous. I am fighting to-day in the interests of the citizens of Quebec and not for the majority of the City Council.

The chairman inquired if any other citizens objected to the bill and as none spoke, Mr. Hon. Mr. Chénais remarked that Sir C. A. P. Pelletier had stated that it was an unheard of thing for the city to specify the streets upon which the money was to be spent, and in opposition to the city attorney's statement he quoted from the statutes of Quebec to show that in 1890 the city had asked to borrow \$523,000 and in 1895 \$85,000 and in each case the improvements were specified. There appeared to be a well founded rumor that the city wanted to widen Des Carrières and St. Louis streets by expropriation. Such an improvement, as suggested was to affect the widest part of the

**The Sufferings
of Woman**

MANY IRREGULARITIES AND WEAKNESSES, MUCH PAIN AND MISERY WHICH CAN BE PERMANENTLY OVERCOME BY USING

**Dr. Chase's
Nerve Food**

No woman can expect to have good health unless the monthly uterine action is regular, and any breaking of this law of nature not only causes much pain and suffering, but may make her an invalid for the rest of her life.

Nearly all derangements of the feminine organism are due to thin, watery blood, a poor circulation or lack of nerve force. Whether the menses are irregular, insufficient, profuse or painful, the cause of the trouble rests with the condition of the blood and nerves, and soon disappears when these are restored to health and vigor.

The dull, aching pain in the back and thighs, these cramps in the abdomen, the distressing headaches, the irritability and feelings of utter weariness will disappear when Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is used to put the blood and nerves in proper condition. It is usually in girlhood that these irregularities have their beginnings, and hence, mothers, the necessity of looking to the health of your daughters during the period of change. A few words of advice at this point may save them from a life of ill-health and misery.

From girlhood to the change in life, for the nursing mother, and at every trying time in woman's life, Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is of inestimable value, because it forms new, red blood insures good circulation and revitalizes the wasted, depleted nerve cells. It gives health, strength and buoyancy, rounds out the form, increases flesh and weight, and builds up the system.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is composed of nature's most powerful restoratives and cannot fail to benefit you. 50 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

street against the wishes of the proprietors of those streets. He had been informed that a conversation with one of the latter Mayor Parent had stated that it was the intention of the city to expropriate immediately, and the public opinion was against such expropriation.

Hon. Mr. Turner remarked that a year ago the city had borrowed \$50,000 without specifying for what that money was intended, while Hon. Mr. Garneau remarked that the sum of \$100,000 was insufficient to expropriate the residences on St. Louis and Des Carrières streets.

Hon. Mr. Gilman remarked that other cities had been granted the same powers as those now asked for by the city of Quebec.

Senator Pelletier was rather surprised at the remarks of Mr. Lane and denied that he represented the citizens of Quebec in objecting to the clause. He moreover asked the member for Quebec East, if the citizens objected to the bill, why he, Mr. Lane, had not called a public meeting to protest against it. There was not a citizen, with the exception of Mr. Lane, who had come before the Committee in opposition to the bill, and if there were any, way were they not there to oppose it. The City Council were unanimous on the bill, and they had the support of the citizens of Quebec, notwithstanding Mr. Lane's opposition.

Those present were then requested to retire, and the committee took the clause under consideration, and in a few minutes announced that the clause was adopted.

As there was no further objection to the bill, it was adopted as introduced by the City Council, and yesterday afternoon was read a third time before the Legislative Council and adopted on division.

After the afternoon session of the Council, the Private Bills Committee sat and adopted the Chateaugay & Northern Railway Co. bill without amendments, although Hon. Mr. Tardieu had proposed several amendments to the bill.

Last evening the Private Bills Committee of the Legislative Council again sat until 11 o'clock and considered every bill introduced by students to be admitted to practice law, medicine, and dentistry. In the Legislative Assembly most of these bills passed without amendments to be admitted to the practice of the different professions without examinations, but the Council reversed the order of things, and all applicants will have to undergo examination before the Boards of Examiners of the different professions in which they seek admission.

LEGISLATION COMMITTEE.

In the Legislation Committee the bill respecting the Bar of this Province was adopted this morning, with slight amendments. The course of studies will in future be four years for students following university courses and five years otherwise, but that portion of the law will only affect students being admitted after the first of February, 1904. Another amendment is to the effect that students will make their deposits with their application papers in the districts where they reside.

PRIVATE BILLS COMMITTEE.

The Montreal Bill was again considered before the Private Bills Committee of the Legislative Assembly yesterday morning, afternoon and evening, and was finally adopted at 11:20 this evening. There were so many amendments and sub-amendments to the different clauses that at the request of the Montreal civic delegation the bill will be re-printed. Yesterday afternoon Ald. Lacombe moved an amendment doing away with the property qualification required for Aldermen, which Mayor Cochrane and Messrs. Chénais and Champagne strongly objected to, but the amendment was finally carried by a vote of 10 to 9. Mr. Guérin the chairman, voting twice in favor of the amendment, as a member of the committee and as chairman. A number of expropriation clauses were also adopted, but the principal discussion during the evening's sitting was on the clauses respecting the enlargement of Bonaventure market which were adopted as amended by Mr. Chénais, and on that respecting the Recorders of the city of Montreal, and both Messrs. Poirier and Weir came in for some bitter criticisms on the part of the Montreal members.

Hon. Mr. Guérin proposed that the Mayor of Montreal should have power to liberate a prisoner who answered before and had been sentenced by the Recorders.

Hon. Mr. Parent objected to this proposition, as it gave right of appeal to the Mayor from judgments rendered by a judge. Members should be careful in making such propositions as if such a clause was adopted anybody could sit and hear cases before that court.

Mr. Dupuis said that Hon. Mr. Parent's remarks were quite judicious, but that the time had come when people had to speak plainly, and say what they thought of the Recorders of Montreal. The position of the citizens of Montreal was a delicate one, between two Recorders who had gone beyond their powers. Recorders Weir had already declared that the higher the social position of a person brought before him, the worse would be the punishment and he was never forgotten that when delivering judgment. The Recorders exercised justice in a manner that they drew condemnation in society, and the present state of things called for immediate intervention. If Hon. Mr. Guérin proposed before the House for the removal of both Recorders, he would certainly meet with an almost unanimous support.

Mr. Weir remarked that what had been said was only an opinion expressed by a member of the Committee, and nothing had been said to show that the Recorders had acted in an illegal manner. He was not speaking on personal grounds, but merely that the Committee was abusing its rights in making such a proposition. If any illegal action can be proven against the Recorders, or if they have gone beyond their powers he would be the first to condemn them.

Mr. Prevost did not complain of the honor of good intentions of the Recorders, but they were too severe in the accomplishment of their duties.

**Shoe Fad**

It is a fact that "Slater" Shoes, which have become out of date and been re-branded to be sold at a cut price, have actually been sold as genuine "imported" shoes for more than they were originally price branded by the makers when they were real "Slaters."

Now, it is also a fact that thousands of pairs of shoes annually sold in Canada as "genuine imported" are made in Montreal and Quebec, sold under unknown brands at fancy prices, with no maker's assurance or responsibility such as the wearer gets with

"Slater Shoe"

Made in Canada 40 Years.
For Men and Women, \$3.50 and \$5.00.
For Boys, \$2.50 and \$3.00.

Sold in 15 "Slater" Stores and 200 Agencies.
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LETS, LILLIES, TULIPS, DAFFODILS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.**SILLERY NURSERIES,** TELEPHONES
395 AND 45**GOLD AND SILVER THIMBLES.**

A large stock of those useful articles
of the best finish and quality is kept in
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CALL AND SEE THE
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Also the WATCHES, RINGS, CHAINS,
SEALS, LOCKETS, ETC., so pleasing to
to wear when the first spring outings
come. Our stock of BROACHES and
NECK CHAINS is unexcelled.

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dainties, all specially bought for the Easter Markets.

The Highest Quality California Navel Oranges;
None better in any Store or in any City. Fresh and
Succulent Pine Apples and Grape Fruit, Cucumbers,
Watercress, Dandelion, Lettuce, Celery, Spinach
and Rhubarb, Ripe and Juicy Tomatoes.

TRY OUR PRIME MUSHROOMS.

PURE MAPLE SUGAR AND SYRUP, ALL
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Royal Mail Steamships.

ESTABLISHED 1845.

SPRING SERVICE.

Liverpool Service.

From Liverpool	Steamship	From Montreal	From Quebec
18 April	Corinthian	1 May	2 May
19 April	Corinthian	2 May	3 May
20 April	Corinthian	3 May	4 May
21 April	Corinthian	4 May	5 May
22 April	Corinthian	5 May	6 May
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DID YOU EVER SMOKE THE FAMOUS 10c. CIGAR "DIXIE"

Try it and be convinced it is the best value for the money.

TO-DAY'S WEATHER.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Clearing and a little milder.

DIED.

LEDROIT—On the 7th instant, at No. 36 Anne street, A. Theophile Ledroit, in the 77th year of his age. Funeral notice later.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Easter Novelties—F. Simard & Cie.
Easter Gifts—Pruneau & Kirouac.
Easter Excursions—Grand Trunk Ry.
Allan Line—Allans, Rae & Co.
Easter Holidays—Canadian Pacific Ry.
Closed on Friday—G. Seifert & Sons.
Shoe Fad—Slater Shoe.
Warner's Safe Cure.
Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.
Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.



Electric Fixtures.
OF
ALL KINDS
IN THE VERY
Latest Designs.

Mechanics Supply Coy.
QUEBEC.

NOTICE.

Friday next being
GOOD FRIDAY
Our Establishment
will be closed.
GLOVER FRY & CO.

G. Seifert & Sons,

JEWELLERY STORE

will be closed on Friday next

GOOD FRIDAY.

The Cornell Studio of Music
38 Coillard Street.

Voice Culture, Italian Method,

Piano Instruction.

PROF. CORNELL, Graduate pupil of Leo F. Vacchini, Mus. Doct., is at the Studio from 10 to 12 A.M., and 2 to 4 P.M., and also on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday Evenings from 7 to 9.

mon.tues.thurs.



WHAT YOU WANT,

For the Easter festival in the Baker line, novelties and fancy articles in endless variety can be found at both our stores. Our prices are right too. Also a fine assortment of new candies. Ask for our fresh home-made candy at 25 cents.

Winfield & Logie,
126 John St., 122 Joseph St.

TELEPHONES: Uptown 170 Branch 4408

Local News.

CLOSED ON FRIDAY.

Messrs. G. Seifert & Sons' establishment will be closed on Good Friday.

There will be divine service in St. Andrew's Church on Good Friday at 11 o'clock.

THE SOLDIERS' MONUMENT FUND
We have received from Hon. Mr. Turner a cheque for \$25 in aid of the Soldiers' Monument Fund.

THE CORNELL STUDIO OF MUSIC.
On the 10th instant (Good Friday) no instruction will be given, the Studio being closed. Friday pupils will kindly note.

EASTER DELICACIES.

Mr. M. Hogan, of the Montcalm Market, is always abreast of the times, and is ever ready to serve his customers with the best of everything in his line, no matter what the occasion may be. For the Easter season he has on hand the finest California navel oranges, succulent pine apples, grape fruit, cucumbers, water cress, dandelions, lettuce, celery, prime mushrooms, etc. All who wish to enjoy a really first class Easter dinner should pay Mr. Hogan's establishment a visit and make a selection from his stock.

EASTER NOVELTIES.

If you want the latest novelties in Easter goods don't fail to call on F. Simard & Co., St. Joseph street. This firm has just received the latest goods from the most prominent English and American firms, and our readers should look over their advertisement in another column.

MEETING OF CREDITORS.

A meeting of creditors of Louis Lazarovitch, merchant, of Quebec, was held in the Court House yesterday, when Messrs. Lefavre & Tachereau were named joint creditors and Messrs. C. Meiklejohn and E. Rioux, of this city, and H. B. Picken, of Montreal, were named inspectors.

DEATH OF MR. T. LEDROIT.

Mr. Theophile Ledroit, one of Quebec's most prominent citizens, died yesterday afternoon at his residence, after a long and lingering illness. The deceased, who was a retired wholesale grocer, was well and favorably known in this city, where his friends were legion. For several years Mr. Ledroit was President and subsequently Honorary President of the Institut Canadien, and during three years was President of the Quebec Board of Trade. He was also a director of La Banque Nationale and the Quebec and Lake St. John Railway. Deceased leaves two sons and four daughters to mourn his loss.

Before deciding on the locality for your summer vacation, you will find it to your interest to make inquiries about the Quebec & Lake St. John Railway, the new route to the far-famed Saguenay, and the only rail line to the delightful summer resorts and fishing grounds north of Quebec and through the Canadian Adirondacks to Lake St. John, the home of the celebrated "Ouananiche," and to Chicoutimi. Trains connect at Chicoutimi with Saguenay steamers. Hotel Roberval, Lake St. John has first class accommodation for 300 guests. A beautifully illustrated Guide Book free on application to Alex. Hardy, Quebec.

THE FOUR-TRACK NEWS.

When the different members of the editor's family ask, "Why don't the Four-Track News come?" it is getting to be like Castoria, even the children cry for it, and this tells the story. It is the most interesting publication that comes in our exchanges, and the reason is easily told. Mr. Geo. H. Daniels, the General Passenger Agent, who has charge of it, has the "Carriage" faculty of getting good men around him, who know their business, and the result is that in everything the publication department of the New York Central distributes, it is "all right."—Brooklyn N.Y. Journal.

The subscription price of "The Four-Track News" is 50 cents per year. A sample copy will be sent free, for 5 cents. Geo. H. Daniels, General Passenger Agent, New York Central & Hudson River Railroad, Grand Central Station, New York.

ARTIFICIAL MARBLE.

New Industry in Quebec—Mr. Ernest Caron is the Promoter.

Mr. Ernest Caron, mechanical engineer, and manufacturer of shoe machinery, of St. Joseph street, Quebec, has undertaken the manufacture of artificial marble, and to this end has secured the services of Mr. George F. Simpkin, who has already gained experience in this line of work in the United States and Canada. By his new process, Mr. Simpkin can imitate all shades of genuine marble. Its durability and consistency are the same as the genuine marble. We can make all kinds of work such as pillars, cornices, cornices, tables, altars, medallions, fountains, etc., etc.

The undersigned are a list of a few firms who have used this artificial marble either for permanent work or ornamentation, and also a few names of architects who recommended it:

Bochela Bank, Montreal; the Edley Estate, Montreal; Mrs. Smith, Quebec; Henry Morgan & Co., Webster Bros & Parks, Point St. Charles Church, Letendre, Sons & Co., Montreal; Ottawa Bank, Ottawa; Royal Insurance Co., Economical Drug Store (fountain) Montreal; A. Mills & Co., Ottawa; St. Jean des Chateaux Church; Lake of the Woods Milling Co., Winnipeg; Hutchinson & Wood, architects; Robert Finlay, architect; Saxe & Archibald, architects, Montreal.

Samples of this marble are on exhibition at No. 304 St. Joseph street, St. Roch's, Quebec. Orders confined to the undersigned will be guaranteed for its fine finish and appearance.

E. CARON,
304 St. Joseph street,
St. Roch's, Quebec.

A minute's silence has often brought greater rewards than an hour's talking.

Mainly About Persons.

Mr. W. D. McCaghey was in Montreal this week.

Mr. Ed. O'Rourke, of this city, has left for Chicoutimi.

Mr. David M. Lefavre, Montreal, is a guest at the St. Louis.

Messrs. W. J. White, K.C., and A. Brown, advocate, Montreal, are registered at the Chateau.

Mr. W. E. Sharpe, representing the Canada Printing Ink Co., Toronto, is in town.

Rev. E. J. Etherington, former rector of Trinity Church, of this city left last evening for the West.

Dr. A. Scott Ives, President, and Dr. Dubeau, secretary of the Dental Association of this Province, registered at the Frontenac yesterday.

Mr. Ernest Roy, M.P.P., counsel for Gosselin, found guilty of murder at Montmagny, leaves on Monday next for Ottawa to plead the appeal of his client before the Supreme Court.

INCREASE OF JUDGES' SALARIES.

Mr. Elliott, Secretary of the Montreal Bar, had an interview yesterday with several members of the Council of the Quebec Bar, respecting the increase in the salaries of Superior Court Judges, and as a result Mr. Stuart, K.C., Batonnier of the Bar, and Mr. Malouin, K.C., M.P., left last evening for Montreal where they will join the delegation of Montreal Bar bound for Ottawa to support the increase in Superior Court Judges' salaries. The resolution of the Bar of this district also requests that a number of judges be placed on their pension at their present salaries.

ENTERTAINMENT.

Miss Wheeler, elocutionist, and Miss Barry, pianiste, of Ottawa, will give Tennyson's "Enoch Arden" with musical accompaniment by Richard Strauss, in the Cathedral Church Hall on Saturday evening, April 18th, under the auspices of the Cathedral Sings Guild. A Heintzmann Grand piano has kindly been loaned for the occasion.

STOLE IT IN HIS SLEEP.

New York, April 7.—When arraigned in court to-day on a charge of burglary, Herman Weiss, said to be an industrious stone mason, told the Magistrate he was asleep when he committed the robbery. A patrolman says he found Weiss in a cellar of a Brooklyn factory and saw him gather 150 pounds of lead pipe into a bag and start for home.

When the patrolman asked Weiss what he had in the bag, Weiss did not answer. Not until the patrolman shook him did Weiss seem to realize where he was. He was sent to gaol.

CHICAGO'S MAYOR.

Chicago, April 7.—In the election for Mayor, 1200 precincts out of a total of 1250 gave Harrison 137,981; Stewart 131,710.

1244 precincts out of 1250 gave Harrison 143,295; Stewart 137,253. As the later returns came in showing Mayor Harrison's election by about 6000 votes over Graeme Stewart, the Mayor said: "I consider it a victory for ultimate municipal ownership and for the referendum. It means that the settlement of the traction question must be in the interests of the people of Chicago. It was the hardest battle I ever had, and I am proud to have won it."

A RECTOR IN TROUBLE.

Kingston, Ont., April 7.—Word comes from Picton that Mrs. Evans, widow of the late Dr. Evans, formerly of Kingston, died at that town, and that an Anglican minister refused her burial service according to the rules of the Anglican Church. The clergyman, it is reported, had no fault to find with the deceased, but his objection was that she was a relation of a young man who had got into difficulty. The congregation are much incensed against the rector, and will ask the Lord Bishop of Ontario to fully investigate the matter.

PASS IT ON.

The True Way To Enjoy a Pleasure.

The way to enjoy a truth is to pass it on to others.

Certainly it is a pleasure after having enjoyed anything to be able to see your friends enjoy it. A lady of Key West, Fla., believes in this. She says: "I am a great believer in passing a good thing along to others, and my faith in Postum Cereal Coffee is founded upon such truthful experiences that I take pleasure in passing it along to my friends."

"Coffee has had a very distressing effect on me. I have long been a great sufferer from indigestion. Some time ago I commenced drinking canned milk with just enough tea to give it a flavor. Even this did not agree with me and when a friend of mine a few weeks ago told me what wonderful results she had gained by giving up coffee and drinking Postum I bought a package to try."

"I quit coffee and tried the Postum. Have found it delicious and nutritious."

"My appetite, which was very poor, has increased wonderfully and my indigestion has disappeared. I look forward to meal time and Postum Cereal."

"I know many people who have benefited by leaving off coffee and taking up Postum. One, a delicate elderly lady, suffered terribly from nervous headaches and other nervous troubles. She was on the verge of nervous prostration when advised to drink Postum instead of coffee, which she did with the result that her headaches have almost entirely disappeared already."

Her doctor was surprised at the result and advised her to stick to Postum. She looks younger and fresher than in 10 years past. This lady also goes on to give the names and names of half a dozen other friends. One of these is a Cuban.

"Cubans are famous coffee drinkers and this gentleman was no exception. His physician exhausted his remedies without any benefit. When it seemed he could live no longer a friend advised him to shift to Postum. He dropped coffee and took up Postum and he is now a living monument to the wonderful properties of this drink."

Nation furnished by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Fire! Fire!!

When that cry sounds how people rush to help and sympathize! And when some fireman rescues a woman from the flames, the streets echo with applauding shouts.

And yet if that woman had perished in the flames it is possible that she would have suffered less than she suffers almost daily from the inflammation which disease has lighted in the delicate womanly organism.

That fire of inflammation can be put out. The gnawing ulcer can be cured. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription not only establishes womanly regularity and dries encrusted drains, but it heals inflammation and cures female weakness. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

"I suffered for four years with what four physicians pronounced ulceration and prolapse of the uterus," writes Mrs. Ada Brooks, of Kirbyville, Taney Co., Missouri. "Also inflammation of bladder and urethra. My case was chronic and complicated. Had several good physicians, but kept getting worse. Had been confined to my bed five months when I wrote to you. I received your reply very soon and then I received your medicine and began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and Golden Medical Discovery, and began to get better at once. In two months I could sit up in a chair, and kept getting better. In four months I could do all my house work, including washing and sewing."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, paper covers, is sent free on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Literary Notes.

SONGS OF A CHILD.

In every respect, Lady Florence Dixie is a remarkable woman. She has travelled and explored misadventure countries. She is a good cross country rider, a strong swimmer and a good shot, is fond of pioneering adventures, and on the question of woman's rights, she ranks high as a champion. She is also a poet, a war correspondent, a novelist, a thinker and a lady of firm views on philosophical subjects, and problems relating to the unseen. And then, she is a Douglas, and a daughter of the Mangus of Queensbury, which is, perhaps, saying enough. With that introduction, our readers' appetites may be whetted to regard a volume of verse, in two parts, which comes from her pen, through the house of Charles Scribner's Sons, New York. It is entitled "The Songs of a Child," by "Darl-ling," the pseudonym adopted by Lady Florence, when at a very early age, she began to write poems. Lord Bulwer Lytton, the author of Pelham, was a great admirer of the young poet and it had been his intention to edit the collection, but death intervened and another editor was found. The book is dedicated to the great novelist, who is thanked for "peerless friendship and kindly sympathy."

The poems represent the lyrical activity of Lady Florence from the age of ten years to seventeen, and they are presented to the public in the form in which they first appeared, untouched and unreviced. Many of them are really so good, so musical, so original in choice of topic, so vigorous in execution, so rich in allusion, and often, so spirited, that one may well wonder how so youthful a poet could turn out such work, and such creations. In the compass of six hundred pages we have here the product of her pen for seven years—only a selection from a mass of manuscripts. We notice only here and there, specimens of hurried composition. Lord Lytton describes the author, "Little Florence Douglas," he calls her, when he first saw her by Lyman's shores, as a "pensive, fair-haired child." Lady Florence's own description of herself is as "a lonely, misunderstood child." Pensive, lonely and misunderstood, she probably was, for at the age of three years, she saw the body of her father, whom she loved so passionately, brought home. He had been out shooting alone, and was killed by the accidental discharge of his gun. Several throes of grief are devoted to his memory, all of them breathing tenderness and affection. She was no less attached to her elder brother Francis, who, at the age of eighteen years was killed on the Matherhorn. Love of country was deeply implanted in her heart, and she never tires of singing the praises of Scotland and Scotch men and Scottish women. On leaving her home on a trip to Germany, she wrote—

"Farewell to thee, Scotland, thou home of the valiant."

Farewell! Oh my country, beloved and adored.

Dear land where the blood of the Bruce and the gallant, Was shed while upholding thy rights with the sword.

Too well do I love thee, brave Scotland, and my mother, Good-bye to thy mountains, thy moors and thy vales.

Where in the wide world shall I find such another? My heart it is aching, my courage it fails."

Brave stanza these to come from a child. But in a larger sphere, she shows a capacity which can only be accounted as marvellous, and, sometimes, startling. Her long poems and romances are well sustained. "The Wandering Wail and the King," which treats of life in the Bavarian Highlands; Estrella, or the lurid witch of the Alpine; Judgement of Arielle, and King Taija and Ewenie are interesting and spectacular, and full of imagery. Quatrains, love songs, ballads, and short poems, we have in plenty, all melodious.

LADIES.

We invite you to come and see our Dress Stuffs which are the newest in the market.

BERTRAND & GAUVIN,
307 St. Joseph Street.

COME AND SEE THE NEW SHOE.

Parlor Shoe Store,

J. MUIR & CO.,

218 JOHN STREET.

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... BARGAINS ...

Here are our regular prices for some lines of goods. Compare them with supposed cut prices.

Dinner and Soup plates, good quality 55c. per dozen.

Breakfast " " " 42c.

Meat dishes, all sizes, from 5c. up to 75c. each.

Handsome new pattern Dinner Sets 97 pi. cos. \$7.00

" " " 114 " " 9.00

NOW FOR "CUT" IN PRICES.

Dinner Sets 98 pieces, Crown Derby pattern gilt, worth \$9.50 for. 6.50

"Irene" pattern Dinner Set 97 pieces, worth \$7.50 for. 5.00

Toilet Sets, worth \$3.00 now. 2.25

" " " 500 " " 4.00

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