TO-DAY'S WEATHER,
Winds with Rain.

The Quebec Chronicle.

TEMPERATURES.
24 Hours Ending 8 p.m. Yesterday.
Minimum, 30; Maximum, 50.

ESTABLISHED 1764. QUEBEC, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1913 ONE CENT.

Week End Delicacies

Fruit and Vegetables.

Boston Lettuce, Radishes, Cucumbers, Parsley, etc.
Florida Grape Fruits, California "SUNKIST" Oranges, Malaga and Tokay Grapes, Fameuses Apples, etc.

OUR SPECIAL SAUSAGES.

Made of Pork only, pure Spices, and selected Casings .....22c lb.

FRESH BUTTER.

We sell the finest Butter, in 2-lb. blocks, and as requested by a new CIVIC law, we have our name on every block, and we guarantee full weight i.e., 16 ozs. to the pound .....35c per lb.

A. GRENIER,

Established 1882. 94-96 St. John Street. Phones 1247-1248

TORONTO WOMAN IS ACCUSED OF BIGAMY

IS ALLEGED TO HAVE MARRIED OWN GRAND-NEPHEW WHILE HUSBAND WAS ALIVE.

Toronto, Nov. 7.—Mrs. Hattie Fountain, apparently about forty years of age, made her appearance in the woman's court today on a charge of bigamy. It is alleged that recently she married her own grand-nephew, her sister's grandson, while her first husband was yet alive.

W. J. Fountain, formerly of Renfrew, Ont., who is the first husband, was present and stated that the marriage was celebrated about 28 years ago at a place called Camden. He had an order of separation dated July, 1903.

Nelson Godfrey, the young man in the case, is only 27, and speaking of him Mrs. Fountain said: "I met him up in Renfrew, where I had been, then I came back here and we were married." Regarding Fountain, the woman stated she was only thirteen when he came to her stepmother's house in Renfrew. He took her one night to some village and some sort of ceremony was performed, but right after that she was very sick and could not remember anything of it. She asked later to see the marriage certificate, and the stepmother said it had been spoiled, so she did not see it.

The case was sent on to the County Court and will be tried by Judge Morgan in two weeks. Mrs. Fountain goes free on $1,000 bail.

CANADIAN BRANCH FOR SHIPBUILDING

ARMSTRONG-WHITWORTH COMPANY WILL START OPERATIONS AT LONGUEUIL.

Ottawa, Nov. 7.—The Canadian branch of the Armstrong-Whitworth Company, one of the great shipbuilding concerns of Britain, has been incorporated preparatory to the commencement of operations in this country, the company having already secured a site for shipbuilding and machine works at Longueuil, near Montreal.

The incorporators named are Sir Percy Girouard, K. C. M. G.; Rt. Hon. Sir George Herbert Murray, C. B.; Sexton William Armstrong Noble, engineer of London; George G. Foster, K. C.; John A. Mann, K. C., and M. J. Butler, C. M. G., engineer of Montreal.

Besides the manufacture of machinery, engines, etc., and the building of ships, the company is empowered by its letters of incorporation to operate dry docks, to own steamships, mine coal and develop electricity.

The concern is to be known as Armstrong, Whitworth of Canada, and its capital is placed at two million dollars.

GIRL STRANGELY STRANGLED.

Sharon, Pa., Nov. 7.—Seized with a dizzy spell while washing dishes, Anna, fourteen years old, daughter of Peter Bruce, a wealthy resident of Hickory township, fell and was strangled to death when her head slipped through the loop of a harness repairing strap that was hanging on the wall.

Bruce is the proprietor of a dairy, and Mrs. Bruce was in the barn overseeing the handling of the milk when the accident occurred. When she returned to the kitchen she discovered her daughter was dead.

DENIES RUMOR THAT DREDGE IS BROKEN

ANOTHER LIBERAL FABRICATION ABOUT HUDSON BAY OPERATORS DENIED.

Toronto, Nov. 7.—Following a hurried trip to Ottawa, where he held a lengthy consultation with Hon. Frank Cochrane, Minister of Railways and Canals, Lieutenant-Colonel J. B. Miller, manager of the Polsons Iron Works, tonight made a further denial of the reports that the dredge Port Nelson, which the company built for the Dominion Government for use in the development of Port Nelson's harbor, had broken her back because of being beached on a "hump" at her winter quarters.

"We have had word from Mr. McLachlan, government engineer in charge of the harbor works; Captain Freakley, Marine Superintendent of the Railways Department, and from Capt. H. B. Saunders, American representative of the Salvage Association of London, England, who took the dredge to the Hudson Bay," declared Col. Miller, "and they all declared that she is intact and safe. In fact, we received a despatch on Wednesday from Captain Saunders declaring that the boat was in the same condition as when she left here, and that steam was up as a test for days after she had settled down on her bed for the winter.

"The berth was hand-picked in every sense of the term by the engineers, and all boulders, etc., which would be liable to cause damage, were removed. In order to take further precautions, Captain Saunders waited for the October fall tide, which is three feet higher than any ordinary tide. This left her high and dry. Not content with this, and in order to reduce the chances of destruction to a minimum, the captain ballasted her down with tons of weight. She now lies two hundred feet above low water line."

GERMAN WARSHIPS START WORLD TOUR

OPINION IS THAT THIS MAY INDICATE BETTER RELATION WITH ENGLAND.

Berlin, November 7.—The new German battleship Kaiser and Koenig Albert, and the cruiser Strassburg, have been ordered to start early next month on a cruise to South American waters, and to the German West African coast.

The newspapers here lay stress on the fact that this is the first time that battleships have been detached from the North Sea fleet since the naval rivalry between England and Germany became keen.

Window-dressing on behalf of the big shipbuilders, and an object lesson to stimulate the agitation for more cruisers are among the reasons unofficially suggested to explain the move.

If the cruiser involves any other policy than that of making the crews of the warships more efficient, and giving German colonists an opportunity to gaze on the big ships, it is not yet apparent.

The infringement on the German principal of concentrating her naval strength in the North Sea is regarded as testimony of improved relations with England. Those who are not Anglophones, say such a weakening of the North Sea force would not have been thought of a year ago.

POMMERY

THE LEADING
CHAMPAGNE
OF FRANCE

Commands the highest prices in Paris and London, and all the markets of the world.

TROOPS ARE BEING DRAFTED INTO KIEV

ANTI-SEMITIC OUTBREAKS ARE FEARED AS RESULT OF BEILISS TRIAL.

Kiev, November 7—Troops in considerable numbers are being drafted in Kiev as a precautionary move in the event of anti-Semitic outbreaks as a result of the trial of Mendel Beiliss, who is charged with ritual murder.

At today's session of the trial M. Shmakoff, representative of the anti-Semites, made an appeal to anit-Jewish prejudice. He alluded to the large financial resources of the Jewish race and alleged that their money had enabled them to control the news papers in favor of Beiliss. He described Dr. Sikorski, who last week in an anti-Semite diatribe before the court declared that ritual murder was not the myth of popular prejudice but a reality of the twentieth century, as standing on the brink of the grave and, therefore, fearless in speaking the truth.

M. Shmakoff pictured the Jews as regarding Christians as animals to be destroyed without compunction. He said he did not desire that a severe penalty be indicted on Beiliss, but he asked the jury to convict the prisoner so as to bring joy to the millions of anxious Russian mothers.

ROOSEVELT TELLS HIS PARTY'S AIMS

WILL TRY TO CONTROL GREED CUNNING AND BRUTALITY WHEREVER FOUND.

Buenos Ayres, Nov. 7.—Theodore Roosevelt recited his political creed before an audience of Argentines here today and outlined, in a speech lasting more than an hour, the work that he and his followers had set themselves to accomplish in the United States.

"We do not see all the steps that it will be necessary to take in the future in order to realize our ideals," he said. "But we do see the six or eight or a dozen steps which it is now necessary to take. These we shall take; and then the further steps will become clearer to us. We welcome the aid of those who believe in our taking these first steps, even though it may that our ways shall be sundered from their ways in the remote future."

Col. Roosevelt spoke at length on the topic of recalling judicial decisions. In the United States, he said, certain great privileged interests had sought for two generations to rob the people of their sovereignty by dividing it between courts and legislatures and finally by placing it in the courts through giving the courts political and non-judicial power. This was one of the grave evils which he and his followers fought to wipe out. Among the many reforms written on their program, he said, were these:

"We propose to make the process of constitutional amendment far easier, speedier and simpler than at present.

"We wish to make the people the supreme arbiters between their servants, the court and the legislature, whe nthe court and the legislature differ as to proper interpretation of the constitution which the people made.

"We know that it is folly to try to make the fool the equal of the wise man, but we intend to control greed and cunning and brutality in high places just as we control greed and cunning and brutality in low places.

"We intend to provide for the mother whose husband, the bread winner, has died.

"We intend to protect the right of children to their childhood.

"From the men and women who work hard with clean hands we intend to try to lift the burden of haunting fear of an old age of undeserved penury and misery.

"We intend that machinery shall be the handmaiden and not the mistress of humanity.

NEW LUMBER COMPANY HAS BEEN INCORPORATED.

Ottawa, November 7—The Lamsden Lumber Company, of Ottawa, has been incorporated with a capital of $500,000. The incorporators named, are: William White, sales manager; L. M. Farson, and Gilbert Ogilvy, accountants; and A. W. Green and W. D. Herridge, solicitors.

A. H. Coplin, Morley P. Walters, Thomas H. Birks, Eugene St. Jean, and Louis Bertrand have been incorporated as the Hull Iron and Steel Foundries, Limited, capital $250,000.

Other companies incorporated durthe week were : Longueuil Heights, Limited, Montreal, capital $100,000; Winnipeg River Power Company, of Winnipeg, capital $1,000,000; E. H. Walsh & Company, Toronto, capital $55,000; Advertising Service Company, Montreal, capital $50,000; W. V. Dawson, Limited, Montreal, capital $300,000; Frank Hawkins Tobacco Company, Montreal, capital $50,000; E. G. M. Cape and Company, contractors, Montreal, capital $500,000; Canadian Specialties Manufacturing Company, Toronto capital $1,000,000; Montreal Playhouses, capital, $75,000.

MOLINEUX, TWICE FRIED FOR MURDER, MARRIED YESTERDAY

OFFICIALS INSISTED ON PRODUCTION OF COPY OF DECREE OF DIVORCE FROM HIS FIRST WIFE.

New York, Nov. 7—Roland B. Molineux, twice tried twelve years ago for the murder of Mrs. Katherine J. Adams, and acquitted, was married at the City Hall today to Miss Margaret Connell of this city. When the couple applied early this afternoon for a license it was not granted because Molineux had forgotten to bring with him a copy of the decree of divorce which his former wife, Blanche Cheseborough, obtained against him in the South Dakota courts.

Molineux and his fiancee gave the same address in their application for the license. Miss Connell said that she was 28 years old and a secretary. Molineux is 47.

When he was told that a copy of the divorce decree would have to be filed with the application Molineux pleaded with the clerk to waive this procedure, saying that his mother was very ill and that he and Miss Connell wanted to be married at her bedside as quickly as possible. He was told that if he could not get a copy of the decree quickly he might return to the license bureau and that his affidavit that he was divorced probably would be accepted instead.

Later in the afternoon Molineux and Miss Connell returned to City Hall with a copy of his decree of divorce. The license was obtained, an alderman was called in and they were married on the spot. After the wedding Mr. and Mrs. Molineux hurried to the home of Molineux's mother in Brooklyn.

NOTED BRITISH SCIENTIST DIES

London, Nov. 7.—The death occurred today of Mr. Alfred Russell Wallace, one of the leading British scientists, in his 91st year. He published many works of world-wide reputation on the theory of natural selection, the geographical distribution of animals and other branches of science.

Mr. Wallace was a great authority on the land question and was a strong advocate of land nationalization. He traveled in every part of the world in pursuit of his studies.

MINISTER OF JUSTICE DENIES LIBERAL YARNS.

Ottawa, November 7.—The Hon C. J. Doherty, Minister of Justice, has always ignored the imaginary stories published from time to time that he is to resign and succeed Sir Charles Fitzpatrick as Chief Justice, but when they go to the length of talking of by-elections resulting from his supposed retirement, he considers it time to deny the rumor once and for all.

The Minister of Justice was on the bench for many years and voluntarily retired. He has no intention or wish either of going back to judicial work or giving up his portfolio in the Cabinet.

The Weather

Toronto, Nov. 7.—Pressure is highest tonight over the northwest states, while the depression which was last evening covering Manitoba and Saskatchewan has developed into an important storm and is now centered over the Great Lakes. Rain is falling locally in the lake region and light showers of freezing rain or snow have occurred today in Manitoba.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	40	44
Vancouver	38	44
Kamploops	28	36
Edmonton	26	44
Calgary	30	44
Battleford	26	40
Moose Jaw	30	41
Winnipeg	32	36
Port Arthur	40	48
Parry Sound	40	60
Toronto	29	51
Kingston	48	58
Ottawa	32	56
Montreal	40	56
Quebec	30	50
St. John	36	54
Halifax	28	56

Forecasts.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay:—Strong winds and gales, southerly, shifting to westerly and north-westerly; rain today, turning colder at night, with some local snowfalls or flurries.

Ottawa Valley and Upper Lawrence—Increasing southerly, shifting to westerly and north-westerly winds with rain; turning colder by Sunday.

Lower Lawrence and Gulf:—Winds gradually increasing to gales, southerly to westerly, with rain towards evening or at night.

Maritime:—Southerly winds, gradually increasing to strong breezes and gales; fine and mild today; rain late tonight or by Sunday.

Superior:—Gales, westerly to northwesterly, with local snowfalls and flurries. Sunday fair and cold.

All West:—Fine; no decided change in temperature.

SULZER TO TESTIFY IN JOHN DOE PROBE

WHITMAN WILL REQUIRE HIM AS WITNESS REGARDING HENNESSY'S CHARGES.

New York, Nov. 7.—William Sulzer will be called by District-Attorney Whitman as a witness in the John Doe investigation of graft charges made by John A. Hennessy, Sulzer's former graft investigator, according to announcement made at the District-Attorney's office this afternoon.

It was stated, however, that the former governor had not been subpoenaed to appear. It was reported that Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, also would be called.

When the John Doe inquiry is resumed Tuesday before Chief Magistrate McAdoo it is expected that John A. Hennessy, who was Governor Sulzer's graft investigator, will be called again, and also George H. McGuire of Syracuse, bonder of construction companies, much of whose testimony yesterday contradicted that of Hennessy regarding campaign contributions to Tammany Hall from up-state contracting firms.

The telegram Hennessy alleged he received from Syracuse relating to contributions is regarded as of pivotal importance by Mr. Whitman, who is expected to subpoena the receiving clerk in the Western Union Telegraph Company at Syracuse to determine whether the message was sent by McGuire, as Hennessy testified he believed it was. A copy of this telegram was received here today by the District-Attorney.

It is understood Mr. Whitman will forward to the Attorney-General such parts of the minutes of the proceedings as relate to occurrences of suspected criminal nature in counties other than in New York county.

INDIANS MENACE LIVES OF WHITES

THEY SAY THEY WILL MASSACRE AGENCY IF OUTLAWS ARE NOT PARDONED.

Santa Fe, N. M., Nov. 7.—An appeal for aid to prevent the massacre of the Indian agency force at Shiprock, on the Navajo reservation in Northwestern New Mexico, was received by United States Marshal A. H. Hudspeth today from Agent W. T. Shelton. A telegram from the agent says the Indians threaten to kill the whites at the agency on Monday unless the government drops prosecution of eleven Indian outlaws indicted by a federal grand jury on charges of riot and assault.

Upon receipt of the appeal, the United States Marshal telegraphed the sheriff of McKinley county to go to the reservation with deputies. Hudspeth also plans to leave for the scene tomorrow with a posse.

After the indictment of the eleven outlaws, Marshall Hudspeth spent three weeks at the reservation and received a promise from the chiefs of the tribe that the indicted men would surrender on Nov. 12. Thinking the matter settled, he returned, reaching Santa Fe last night.

There are about 500 Navajos in the vicinity of Ship Rock, who have never visited the agency nor acknowledged the authority of the United States.

BOY COMMITS SUICIDE.

Truro, N. S., Nov. 7.—Randolph Edwards, 16 years old, whose home is believed to be in Halifax, shot and killed himself with a revolver in the railway dining room here tonight. No cause can be assigned for the act.

HARMONICA JAMMED DOWN HIS THROAT

OBLIGING STRANGER REMOVES THE OBSTACLE WITH A PAIR OF PLIERS.

Albany, N. Y., Nov. 7.—If John Mullen suffered any ill-effects from having a loose metal side and part of the body of a harmonica jammed down his throat today he did not show

Mullen, who is from Rockport, Ills., was on his way to his old home in Naples, Italy, when three men gagged him by stuffing the harmonica into his throat, took his money and tickets, and threw him from a passenger train near here. He wandered around in a dazed condition for several hours until S. G. Whitehead found him. Whitehead removed the harmonica with a pair of pliers.

"Much obliged," Mullen said, and, grinning, walked away.

Whitehead says Mullen apparently was uninjured. Physicians declare such an experience probably would result fatally in most cases.

THIRTY DAYS MORE WITHOUT TELEPHONE

SUCH IS LIKELY TO BE THE LOT OF 13,000 SUBSCRIBERS IN MONTREAL.

Montreal, Nov. 7.—It will take all the available mechanical staff of the Bell Telephone Company, working three shifts of men continuously, more than thirty days to remedy, even temporarily, the damage done by the fire at the Main Exchange on Nov. 5, and to give the 13,000 subscribers affected a downtown telephone service. This was the statement given out today by C. F. Sise, general manager of the company. A detailed examination of the wreck at the exchange has revealed the fact that the damage is much worse than anticipated. A complete equipment of new cables, comprising about 50,000, will have to be installed, requiring the making of about 190,000 solder connections.

ANOTHER SUICIDE.

Sackville, N. B., Nov. 7.—Richard D. Polly, of Upper Cape, shot and killed himself with a rifle in his home last night. News of the shooting reached here today, and a coroner's jury brought in a suicide verdict.

Last mail before Xmas to New Zealand, November 29th.
Last mail before Xmas to Australia, November 29th.
Last mail before Xmas to Asia, November 29th.
Last mail before Xmas to Africa, November, 27th.

Last year, unfortunately, many of our customers were disappointed in getting off their greetings to friends in foreign parts in time for Christmas. This year in order to avoid this, we have put out a large display of

Xmas Cards and Calendars

almost a month ahead of the usual time. These are now on sale at our store, and, as the choice at this stage of the season is mostly for England and British possessions, we have confined the major portion of our display for the present mostly to the product of

Canadian & American Art

MAKE YOUR CHOICE NOW BEFORE THE RUSH!

John E. Walsh's Reg'd, 11 St. John St.

VALIQUET'S

We have a large variety of Fresh Home-made Candies, Chocolates, and French Mixtures. The fact of us selling a large supply of these Candies is sufficient proof as to their quality.

Charlotte Rouses, Eclaire Cakes, Cream Sandwiches, Ladies Fingers and Macaroons.

Don't forget to have our nice rolls on your table for Breakfast.

VALIQUET'S

12 Fabrique St. Phone 1526

TEAS.

HILL GROWN DARJEELING - - 60c. per lb.

5lb. PACKAGE, $2.75.

P. G. COPEMAN,

GROCER,

Sole Distributor Castle Blend Teas and Coffee.

135 ST. JOHN STREET, COR. OF URSULE.

Phone 693.

THE
LONDON & LANCASHIRE GUARANTEE & ACCIDENT COMPANY

CAPITAL - - $500,000.00.
GOV'T DEPOSIT - 87,000.00.

Personal Accident & Sickness, Employer's Liability.
Plate Glass. Guarantee Bonds. Automobile Liability.

Good Agents wanted for Quebec District.
For terms, apply to the Resident Secretary.

QUEBEC BRANCH: 81 St. Peter St.

The Quebec Chronicle

Printed and published by the Chronicle Printing Company, D. Watson, General Manager, at the building of the Company, 9 Buade Street, Quebec.
Advertisements: 15 cents per agate line each insertion.
Subscriptions: Daily, $3.00 per annum. Weekly, $1.00 per annum in advance.

QUEBEC, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1913.

IMPROVE THE EYESORES

We understand that it was the intention of the city last year to apply to the Legislaure for authority to compel proprietors of such places as the Glover & Fry property which have been damaged by fire to board up their windows and doors. Whether this intention will be carried out this year or not we are not in a position to know at the moment, but the idea is to be commended and the appearance of some of our streets would be greatly improved if some such remedy were applied to these eyesores with their ugly, gaping windows and doors. Nor would it be amiss if these buildings were divested of the glaring and unlovely posters and bills which add to their present hideousness.

LIBERALS AND THE TARIFF.

In order to cover up his blunders on the Naval Aid Bill, the Highways Bill, etc. Sir Wilfrid Laurier has again turned right about face on the tariff question, hoping thus to divert public attention. He is now calling for a general revision of the tariff and that too by a tariff commission, a bill to provide for which was defeated last year by his partisans in the Senate.

The Montreal Telegraph, of which Hon. W. S. Fielding has recently been appointed editor-in-chief, makes the following tragic appeal:—

"Sir Wilfrid Laurier disagrees entirely with those who hold that the present alarming increase in the cost of living is an inevitable adjunct of 'prosperity.' He says the increase can be stopped by lowering the tariffs and by grappling with the trusts who rob the farmer on the one hand and the consumer on the other. In this matter it is common knowledge that the people can look with hope only to the Liberal party. It is gratifying, therefore, to see that Sir Wilfrid Laurier is leading his party with such splendid energy into the fight."

This is about the same language as was used by the Laurierites prior to their coming into power in 1896. The people were then told that "they could look with hope only to the Liberal party." What did they do? They did not dare to touch the tariff. They left it where they found it, and with the exception of a few reductions made by the Borden Government it remains the same as it was during the Laurier regime because Sir Wilfrid's obedient senators refused to allow the appointment of a tariff commission to make needful readjustments.

Even in the dying days of his administration he positively refused to take a step towards tariff reform as far as manufactures were concerned. Witness the following from the chief organ of the Liberal party in Montreal in its issue of March 23, 1911:—

"It is perfectly well established and admitted that our industries are not in a position to bear the unrestricted competition of American or British industries. It is on public record that all through his tour Sir Wilfrid proclaimed that there would be no reciprocity in manufactures. It has been repeatedly affirmed that the American negotiators were told so and that they assented to the Canadian position as reasonable. It is manifest to any student of the Dominion's finances that we cannot part with the revenue the tariff duties bring in. Sir Wilfrid has declared that what has not been done will not be done."

These statements were repeated time and again.

There was no advocacy of tariff revision. When indeed the Borden Government proceeded to make preparations for ascertaining in what particulars, if any, the tariff needed revising, and introduced a bill to establish a tariff commission, the Liberals in the House bitterly opposed the measure and the Liberals in the Senate at the orders of their leaders killed the bill.

Now, however, Sir Wilfrid has the effrontery to ask for a tariff revision all along the line.

As for the Government the operations of the new Underwood tariff are being closely watched, and whatever changes are necessary in the public inferest will be made.

Sir Wilfrid's present appeal repudiates the whole record of the Liberal party between 1896 and 1911. It is the swan song of a party which realizes its fast fading strength, and it will not deceive anybody.

WATERED STOCK AND THE HIGH COST OF LIVING.

It is noticeable that the investing public seems to prefer watered stocks at higher dividend promises than more stable ones which are sure to give but a low return. The cautious few purchase stocks and bonds at 3 to 5 per cent. returns, but the ambitious many are inclined to take a chance on getting more out of their investments. Were it practical to identify properly the decree of water in stocks and label them as the pure food law labels the quantity of alcohol or other undesirable ingredients in foods and drugs, it is still doubtful if the speculative public would deduct the per cent. of adulteration, the added moisture, from them, or shun them entirely in favor of the unwatered securities of low interest or small dividends.

Many will ascribe this speculative tendency as the chief cause of the high cost of living. Recklessness of investment, as well as improvidence of expenditure, make the annual income often fall below the outgo, or at least below the desire to spend. The theory of the man who claimed that the era of high prices is the best time to save money, because every time you fail to buy anything you save more money, does not seem to have taken a deep hold upon the financial sense of the present generation. Dire necessity may indeed cause a smoker to cut down his daily supply of two-for-a-quarter cigars, with the hope of saving a quarter, but he does not save it if he turns around and spends it for drinks. The only place to save it is in the bank, and that is where the average economizer fails to put it. Skimping on some luxuries to indulge in others, or to buy speculative stocks or invest in attractive land propositions, is not economy in any sense of the word. It is not even robbing Peter to pay Paul. It is cutting down Peter's fun a little that Paul may be a trifle more hilarious.

True economy consists in spending less than one's income, whatever that may be, and this can be done in eras of high prices as well as low ones, if we do not imagine a whole lot of things necessary which are not, and especially if we do not chase after doubtful investments. Sound securities are ample, almost a drug on the market, because of the chase after watered ones which are more alluring in speculative promise.

Eighty persons were sent to prison in Great Britain last year in default of paying fines. The Home Secetary has announced that a bill will be prepared to enable such persons to pay by instalments "where it is deemed proper and advisable." He believes that thousands will thereby be spared the degrading effects of serving a term in prison.

Tammany is routed but Tammany is not destroyed if its past political record is any guide. It has suffered routs in 1894, in 1901 and in 1909, but has always been able to raise its head as bold as ever. Nor is the present rout likely to prove more than a temporary setback to its power, which is the natural result of the well regulated "machine" it has built up. Only by repeated fights, with never ceasing vigilance will its corrupt influence be finally eradicated..

The English pheasant is not a game bird but a barnyard fowl, according to the decision of the New York custom authorities, who permitted Lady Cheylesmore to import a hat decorated with a pheasant's ttil feathers. How will some of the noble English aristocracy regard this decision? Probably their Christmas invitations will now read: "In place of our annual pheasant shoot, we have decided this year to ask you to aid us in a thorough search of the barnyard for winter-laid pheasants' eggs."

Professor Delbruck, a distinguished historian, and said to be the most influential publicist in Germany, has been visiting London. In an interview he has expressed great pleasure at the many signs of increasing harmony between Germany and Great Britain. This he attributes chiefly to the throwing together of the two countries in the diplomacy connected with the Balkan War. Englishmen, he says, appear at last to understand what it is that Germany wants. "She does not aspire to any hegemony in Europe. If such an ambition is cherished anywhere, it should be looked for in St. Petersburg rather than in Berlin. What Germany does want is a certain extension of her still very small colonial empire. I am encouraged to think that in future England will not only not thwart us, but will actually assist us in attaining it." Certainly Great Britain desires no fresh territory for herself. She can well afford to aid Germany in the acquirement of opportunities for colonial expansion, and doubtless, when any suitable occasion arises, she will not hesitate to do so.

Comment of The Press

An experiment, which will be watched with interest by military men will be made tn Montreal when seven corps of the Canadian militia will demonstrate how quickly they could march in war time if the safety of the country should depend upon their ability to reach a designated position at a certain moment. In most of the great wars occasions have arisen when the ability to perform a forced march has had an important bearing upon the ultimate result. Such occasions were not infrequent in South Africa and later, during the first war between the Balkan State and Turkey. Still more recently, in the second Balkan conflict there were notable instances when the ability of the forces to move rapidly from place to place stood them in good stead. There is little possibility that Canada will ever be attacked by a land force, but it is well to know just to what extent our militia forces can be depended upon in all sorts of emergencies. This is the plan the Minister of Militia has determined upon for the training of the Canadian soldiery; to reproduce, as far as possible, the conditions of actual warfare. Already military experts have remarked upon the great improvement in the Canadian forces since Col. the Hon. Sam Hughes took charge of the militia department. It is safe to assume that this improvement will be maintained. The Montreal experiment of Saturday next furnishes one of the best tests of the marching ability of Canada's citizen soldiers and as such will be watched with interest.—St. John Standard.

A special society has for some time been dealing with the question how to cope with suicides among young Russians and the famous Pirogiff Society of Russian Physicians, which will shortly meet in Moscow, intends to give its particular attention to the broad aspects of this sad problem. A preparatory committee appointed by the society has ascertained the following facts. In 1902 there were twenty-three cases of suicide in European Russia to every million inhabitants while in 1910 the number has risen to thirty-five. That a real epidemic of suicide is raging among the younger generation is proved by the fact that while in 1901 there were twenty-four cases of suicide recorded among pupils and students of the public schools under the ministry of education, the figure rose to 256 for 1910. It need scarcely be stated that the suicide epidemic finds a specially fertile soil in the Russian prisons, where the number of suicides increased fourteen fold between 1900 and 1910.—Darkest Russia.

The work of the Finance Minister, Hon. W. T. White, has borne fruit. The central gold reserve established by the Government at Montreal under the provisions of the Bank Act of last session has entered upon its work, and, according to advices received here, is fulfilling the object for which it was created, namely, to increase the note circulation. Deposits of about four million dollars are reported. For every dollar deposited in gold in this reserve the banks making the deposit may issue an equivalent in note circulation. This is in addition to the ordinary powers and those exercised under the provisions governing emergency circulation. The institution is designed as a factor in increasing the circulation at periods, such as those of the crop movement, when it is most needed. The gold reserve is directed by a board of trustees, upon which the Government is represented by the Royal Trust Company. The other trustees are the Montreal, Royal and Commerce Banks.—Sydney Post.

ORIENT-INDIA CRUISE

To Madeira, Spain, Algeria, Italy, Greece, the Holy Land, Egypt, India and Ceylon, by SS. "CLEVELAND" of the Hamburg-American Line, leaving New York, January 15th, 1914.
Cost: $700.00 and up. Duration: 93 days.

For further particulars, apply at

HONE & RIVET, General Travel Agency
81 BUADE ST., OPPOSITE THE BASILICA, QUEBEC.
TELEPHONE 4104.

FRANKFURTER SAUSAGE

Finest quality, containing nothing but the best of Beef, Pork and Spices. Full directions on each tin. Order a supply of this famous Sausage today from

GEORGE PATRY,
22 FABRIQUE STREET - QUEBEC
PHONE 3515

The Quebec Bank
95th Year in Business

TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT

Issued by The Quebec Bank are payable all over the world.
The leading hotels and shops will cash them without question.
Those going abroad should carry their funds in this safe manner.
Full information concerning these travelling conveniences may be obtained at any branch of The Quebec Bank.

DIRECTORS.

John T. Ross, President; Vesey Boswell, Vice President; Gaspard Lemoine, W. A. Marsh, Thos. McDougall, G. G. Stuart, K.C., J. E. Aldred, R. MacD. Paterson, Peter Laing.

FIVE BRANCHES IN QUEBEC CITY.

110 St. Peter Street, 2 Fabrique Street, 217 St. John Street, 781 St. Valier Street, 187 St. Joseph Street.

Safety Deposit Boxes at Head Office, 110 St. Peter St., and 2 Fabrique St., Upper Town.

NEW ARRIVALS 1913
Chums
Sunday
Young Canada
Chatterbox
H. F. KIMBALL
Bookseller and Stationer
Phone 432. 148 St John St.

You never get "Short Count" when buying a box of
EDDY'S MATCHES
THE CHOICE OF GENERATIONS
The price you pay buys you full quantity—every time.
Remember this when buying matches. Always ask for EDDY'S.
36 Brands for all demands.

SATURDAY SALES
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 8th

Silver Deposit Sugar and Cream Sets,
Regular $1.95; Saturday $1.00
Brass Sewing Sets and Ink Stands, etc.
Regular $1.95; Saturday $1.00
Leather Shopping Bags and Purses.
Regular $1.95; Saturday $1.00

OAK PIPE RACKS.

Regular $2.75 ..... Saturday $1.00
This is an opportunity to anticipate some of your Christmas shopping.
Goods displayed in Show Window Friday evening.

G. SEIFERT & SONS
16 Fabrique Street

AUTUMN and WINTER UNDERWEAR

Our stock of Fall and Winter Underwear is now complete. We have them in all qualities and prices.

Velvet Bonnets for Children, trimmed silk and ribbons, 75c for 38c; 88c for 44c; 80c for 55c; 98c for 68c; $1.18 for 78c; $1.25 for 85c; $1.48 for 98c.
White Bonnets, in imitation Bearskin, for children, 45c for 23c; 40c for 20c; 85c for 43c; 95c for 65c; $1.10 for 55c; $1.15 for 68c; $1.48 for 74c; $1.90 for 95c.
Tweed Overcoats for boys; good heavy Coats for winter, at $5.88, $5.98, $6.10, $6.28, $7.00, all at the very low price of $4.25.
Umbrellas.—A large lot of good Umbrellas, $1.95 for $1.25; $2.18 for $1.48; $2.38 for $1.58; $2.50 for $1.68; $2.75 for $1.88; $2.88 for $1.98.
Black Tights, in fine and heavy makes, for ladies, at $1.10, $1.15, $1.40, $1.50, $1.85, $1.88, $1.90.
White Cotton Vests, for ladies, in good heavy makes, at 28c, 30c, 33c, 35c, 38c.
White Wool Vests, good reliable makes for ladies, at 55c, 58c, 68c, 85c, 88c, 95c, $1.10, $1.15, $1.38, $1.48, $1.68 and $1.75.
Wool Combinations, in white and natural, for ladies, at $1.45, $1.55, $1.60, $2.10, $2.25, $2.65, $2.75.
Wool Combinations, in white and natural, for children, at 65c, 70c, 75c, 95c, $1.00, $1.10, $1.48, $1.68.
Children's Wool Vests, in white and natural wool, at 65c, 68c, 75c, 88c, 95c and 98c.
Wool Shirts and Drawers, in natural wool, for boys, at 55c, 58c, 65c, 68c, 70c, 72c, 75c.
Blanket Coats, in good heavy cloth for children, at $4.48, $4.50, $5.65, $5.75, $5.98, $6.25.
Cream Felt Hats, ready-to-wear, at $1.25 for 80c; $1.48 for 98c; $1.68 for $1.10; $1.75 for $1.15.
Knitted Silk Scarves in white, grey and mixed colors, 58c, 60c, 75c, 90c, 95c, $1.10.

Simons & Minguy
20 Fabrique Street.
Telephone 338. QUEBEC

Misses M. & A. Brownrigg
Have opened their popular Millinery Parlors for the Autumn Season, and have on hand a large assortment of beautiful Parisienne designs, as well as a fine line of Velvets, Velour and Jetts of superior quality. A first-class assortment of Children's Millinery is also on view.
A visit from our patrons is highly solicited.

MISSES M. & A. BROWNRIGG
MILLINERS
64 John St.

J. Arthur LaRue, C.A., L.I.A. Eugene Trudel, L.I.A.
LARUE & TRUDEL
Accountants,
Auditors,
Administrators,
Appraisers, Trustees,
Liquidation of insolvent estates.
Compromise between debtors and creditors.
126 ST. PETER STREET,
"DOMINION BUILDING"
Tel. 4520-4521.
Ag.4x1y

DUFFERIN TERRACE HOUSE
Opposite Governor's Garden and Chateau Frontenac. Terms moderate. 5 Genevieve Ave., Cape, Quebec.
MRS. WHELAN, Prop.
Phone 4237.
Jy.19x1y

W. Morton Massey
GENERAL INSURANCE BROKER
111 Mountain Hill

SHOOTING SEASON
New Guns, Rifles, Pistol, Ammunition, Decoy's, Tents, Knives, Animal Traps, Axes, Flasks, Blankets, Sleeping Bags, Camping Outfits, Thermos Bottles, etc., etc.
— To be had at —
THE CHINIC Hardware Company STORES

We are offering a Special Discount
10%
— on all lines —
TABLE CUTLERY, Cases FISH AND BEFF CARVES. FRUIT and DESERT KNIVES. FORKS and CABINETS CUTLERY.
— also on —
Plated Tea and Dessert and Table Spoons, Plated Dessert and Table Forks.
S. J. SHAW & CO.
13 St. John St.
Telephone 573

IF YOUR SHIRT IS LAUNDERED
by our new "pressing system" it has the same attractive appearance that it had when new. Our process gives the shirt the proper stiffness without that harsh, board-like effect.
And, owing to the fact that there is no friction used to iron your garments, by this method, there is positively no opportunity for unnecessary wear.
Our "press ironers" make your linens fit and look better—and wear longer.
Try our work.
THE IMPERIAL LAUNDRY,
Phone 95.

L. G. BELLEY,
Advocate.
Formerly of Chicoutimi, now practising his profession in Quebec.
Office: 126 St. Peter Street, Phone 6102. Dominion Bldg.
Residence: St. Ann Street. Phone 1442. 4 College Court.
Correspondent at Chicoutimi: BELLEY & GAGNE.
Oct.22x6m

TAKE NOTE
Do not overlook your Fall and Winter Suit and Overcoat. I stock nothing but the best in material and give perfect fit.
Drop in and choose for yourself.
S. J. BURKE,
187 St. John St. Quebec.
feb.14xmon,wed,fri1y

NOTICE
Is hereby given that the Pier at the mouth of the Cap Rouge River is submerged, as well as the other deep water Pier that was there up to last winter at the end of the long wharf. The position of the pier at the mouth of the Cap Rouge river is as heretofore shown by a flat buoy by day, and a white light by night, and the position of the deep water pier recently taken at the end of the long wharf is in a straight line with the said flat buoy and about 600 feet to the west.
W. A. KINGSLAND,
Agent.

SELECTED TITLES
"The Visioning," by Susan Glaspell.
"The Prince and Betty," by P. G. Wodehouse.
"The Golden Road," by L. M. Montgomery.
"Miss Jimmy," by Laura E. Richards.
"Parrot & Co.," by Harold MacGrath.
"American Nobility," by Pierre de Coulevain.
"The Lady and the Pirate," by Emerson Hough.
"The Gold Tarif," by Harold Bindloss.
"The Wilderness Trail," by Frank Williams.
"Sandburrs," by Alfred Henry Lewis.
"Honorable Mrs. Cary," by Mrs. Henry de la Pasture.
—taken from Fall Fiction, received by
P. J. EVOY,
Bookseller & Stationer
141 St. John St.

Framed Pictures, $1.10

Paquet Picture Prices are popular with the public of Quebec. Here is one of the best of recent months. As a special tit-bit to buyers during our Distribution Sale we have bought about 100 pictures to sell at a very close price indeed. They are all good colored subjects suitable for almost any part of the house, and are framed in a massive 3-inch gilt moulding, with elaborate fancy corners. Size 23 x 26 inches. Sale Price $1.10

THE PAQUET COMPANY LIMITED.
Retail Division,
157-173 St. Joseph Street, Quebec

Sheet Music, Per Sheet, 15c

1,000 pieces of up-to-date popular Sheet Music by the best composers, including all kinds of music, principally instrumental, but a few vocal selections, a great treat fo rmusic lovers. Now on Sale at the low price of, per piece.....15c

Saturday Savings in Our Distribution Sale

Mens' $2.50 Hats Here, Only $1.75

$1.75 is our regular price on this special Hat, but as most stores sell it for $2.50, we can honestly clai mfor it a value of $2.50. We bought this hat as a special "leader," which is the only reason why we are selling it at this low price.

It is a smart smooth felt hat, with turned down brim and velvet ribbon band with a bow at the back; colrs brown and navy.

Our Special Price, each $1.75

Great FREE Portrait Offer

How would you like to have a life size Portrait of yourself or some dear one (bust size), in black and white effect

By special arrangement with a reliable firm we are able to make the following very liberal offer.

With every purchase we give coupons for the same amount. Ask for them. When you have bought to the value of $10,000 you will have $10.00 worth of coupons. Present these coupons, along with the portrait you wish reproduced, and we will make for you beautiful, artistic reproductions on canvas, absolutely free, provided you buy a frame from us at $1.69 or more.

These portraits are not crayon enlargements, but genuine oiled reproductions, superior to anything formerly put out in this line. A photographer would want several dollars to make an enlargement equal in appearance.

Ask for coupons and save them.

A Special Trunk, $5.49

This is a good trunk covered with canvas and bound with strong straps; it is reinforced with 26 brass bumpers, and has a good solid lock. Bound with hard fibre, that is tougher than wood. Made with division inside. Special Price, each.....$5.49

A Special Suitcase, $1.69

This is the best suitcase at the price that has ever been put on the market. It is infinitely superior to the paper articles that have been sold at this price before, being made of tough fibre on a strong wood-en frame, has patent lock and catches, round leather handle, and is lined with fancy paper. A real $2.50 value for.....$1.69

Music Carriers, of embossed leatherette, lined with Moleskin; made to carry either sheet music or stiff covered books. Fancy handle and nickel lock. Price $1.75

Taffeta Ribbons, 7 1-2c

This is such a splendid opportunity that if you need, or are likely to need, ribbons in the near future, it is like throwing money away to let it pass. We have done a record business with these ribbons, and cannot say how much longer the supply will last.

They are Taffetta Ribbons, 3 1-2 inches wide, in cream, sky, pink, old rose, Nile, mauve, Alice blue, and scarlet. Special, per yd.....7 1-2c

Ladies' Lovely Velvet Coats At Stupendous Reductions

These Velvet Coats are truly the most gorgeous among our Autumn stock of ladies' outer appeal. They are imported German models, of super-excellent quality, and most dignified in design and appearance. Read how heavily we have reduced our prices.

LADIES' COAT of Brocade Cloth in purple and black, made full length, with large collar, kimona sleeves, lined with mauve satin. Price $32.00, for $24.50

LADIES' COAT of black Velvet, full length, lined with light grey satin, collar and cuffs trimmed with braid. Price $35.50 for $24.50

LADIES' COAT of black silk Velvet, with shawl collar, lined with satin, collar and cuffs trimmed with silk cord. Price $38.00, for..$29.00

LADIES' COAT of black silk Velvet, full length, loose back, trimmed with silk braid ornament. Price $39.50, for $29.50

LADIES' COAT of black silk velvet, with large lapels and collar trimmed with Ottoman silk; loose fitting coat. Price $35.00 for..$27.50

LADIES' COAT of black silk Velvet, silk lined, with collar and cuffs trimmed with Battenberg lace and silk. Price $55.00, for...$43.50

LADIES' COAT of black silk Velvet, full length with loose back, lined with black satin; collar and cuffs made of silk insertion and Peau de Soie. Price, $55.00, for $44.00

LADIES' COAT of black Bengaline silk, with shawl collar; lined with light grey Duchesse Satin, and hand-made silk work on collar, cuffs and front. Also rounded at bottom. Price $75.00 for $59.00

Sale of Hat Trimmings, 39c

Quills, Marabouts, Fancy Wings, Feathers, Etc

The greatest event of the season in Millinery Trimmings. A big job of ever 100 dozen pieces in all cleared from a large importer at a price that permits us to put these mounts on sale Saturday at an almost unbelievably low price.

The assortments, fancy wings and feathers, in black, white and all fashionable shades.

Saturday's Sale Price, each 39c
Another lot of Hats at 69c

We have manged to secure another 75 dozen of those Untrimmed Hats in felt, beaver and velvet finish, in small, medium and large shapes. Those will go on Sale Saturday at the same price as those which we sold last week, namely 69c

50c to 90c Silks, 35c and 47 1-2c

Did you see the crowd at our stock Counter on Monday. These are the same silks as brought the people out then in force, and we have a sufficient quantity left to make interesting selling for Thursday.

Paillette and Duchesse Silks in plain, and fancy styles, worth 50c to 90c a yard.

DISTRIBUTION SALE PRICE, per yd.....35c & 47 1-2c

Velveteens, Very Special, 35c

This sale of Velveteens has pleased a host of keen guyers. The big value is apparent even to the uninitiated.

You don't need to know the market values to recognize this as a big bargain.

Plain and Corduroy Velveteens in different colors. A good 50c value for 35c

Best of All Times to Buy Wall Papers

Right now you can save wonderfully on the cost of papering your house for the Winter.

This Department contributes some of the best values of our Distribution Sale, and our former low prices have been smashed to give splendid bargains on a well selected line of papers. Read these interesting items.

Separate borders, of which we have anything from 1 to 20 rolls of each, formerly priced from 12c, 18c, 20 and up to 35c a single roll. Sale Price, per single roll 3c

Wall Papers worth 5c a singe roll, for.....3 1-2c
9-inche border to match this paper.

Wall Paper worth 7c a single roll, for.....4 1-2c
No border to match.

Wall Paper worth 7c and 10c a single roll, for 5c

Wall Paper worth 9c a single roll, for.....6c
18-inch border to match this paper.

Wall Paper worth 12c a single roll, for.....7c
No border to match.

Wall Paper worth 15c a single roll for 8c
No border to match.

Fancy Jabots 75c to $1.25 Values for 59c

There is a big story in the few words expressed here. These fancy Jabots make up an interesting line of Neckwear, and the Sale Price is exceptionally low.

We say they are worth from 75c to $1.25, as a matter of fact, a few of them are worth $1.50, yet the Sale Price is only 59c

Special Prices on Mens' Tailoring

Mens' $11.00 Suits for Only $8.50

These Suits are from our ready-made department, and it would be hard to find their equal for value even at the higher price, being made in our own workshops and sold at one profit only. Made of good wearing Tweeds in brown and grey, in single-breasted styles, sizes 34 to 44. Regular value $11.00. Sale Price $8.50

Mens' Overcoats

Overcoats made to measure, in very stylish fancy grey materials; made to measure in any style from 36 to 44. Tailored with our usual excellence of workmanship, $20.00 for $16.00

Overcoats made to measure, in grey and brown materials in sizes 36 to 44. Our regular $22.00 overcoats. Sale Price $18.00

Great Sale of Rubbers

Ladies' plain croquet Rubbers, sizes 2 1-2 to 8. Sale Price, per pair 49c

Ladies' "Unice" storm Rubbers; sizes 2 1-2 to 7. Sale Price per pair 59c

Ladies' "Leonore" Rubbers, with rolled edges; sizes 2 1-2 to 7. Sale Price, per pair.....59c

Ladies' plain croquet wool lined Rubbers; sizes 2 1-2 to 7. Sale Price, per pair.....59c

Ladies' "Elite" fine croquet wool lined Rubbers, sizes 2 1-2 to 7. Sale Price, per pair.....59c

Ladies' "Elite" fine croquet Rubbers, Sale Price, per pair.59c

Misses' plain croquet wool lined Rubbers; sizes 11 to 1 1-2. Sale Price, per pair 49c

Misses' plain croquet Rubbers, sizes 11 to 2. Sale Price, per pair 39c

Children's plain croquet wool lined Rubbers; sizes 4, 5, 6, 7 and 10 1-2, Sale Price, per pair 39c

Children's plain croquet Rubbers; sizes 3 to 10 1-2. Sale Price, per pair 33c

Men's Plain Over Rubbers; sizes 6 to 12. Sale Price, per pair 69c

Men's "Dandy Hito" fine plain Rubbers; sizes 5 to 11. Sale Price, per pair 79c

Men's "Dandy" and "Student" Wool lined Rubbers; sizes 6 to 11. Sale Price, per pair 89c

Boys' plain over Rubbers, wool lined; sizes 4 to 5 1-2. Sale Price, per pair 69c

Youths' plain over Rubbers, wool lined; sizes 10 to 13. Sale Price, per pair 59c

Basement Bargains

Diamond Dyes, in asorted colors, reg. 10c pkg., Sale Price, 3 pkgs. 19c

Hardwood Axe Handles, reg. 15c and 20c for .....10c & 15c

White Cotton Clothes lines, 30 feet long; reg. 10c. Sale Price..5c

Sylva Putz Metal Polish, splendid for cleaning brass, nickel, etc., half pint bottle, reg. 20c. Sale Price 15c

Tin Roasting Pans, square, size 19 x 12 inches, reg. 20c, for....15c

Unusually Low Grocery Prices

This Week We Offer a Big Advantage to Quantity Buyers.

Maracaibo Coffee Beans, per lb. 30c, 3 lbs. for 79c

Mocha or Java Coffee Beans, lb., 40c, 3 lbs. for $1.10

Fry's Icing Chocolate Powder, 1-4-lb. box 9c, 3 boxes for.....22c

Cowan's Cocoa, 13c size, 3 boxes for 32c

Cowan's Cocoa, 10c size, 3 boxes for 21c

Plums in syrup, gallon size, 60c, 3 for $1.45

Smith's Pear Jam, 20c, or 3 for.52c

Smith's Strawberry Preserves, 30c, 3 for 79c

Bee Jelly Powders, 5 packages assorted in a box for 23c or 3 boxes for 55c

Paquet Jelly Powders, assorted flavors, pkg. 10c or 3 for.....20c

Bouillon Maggi, 4 cubes in a tube, 12 1-2c, 3 tubes for 29c

Vimbos Cubes, 10c a box, 3 for..29c

Vimbos Cubes, 10c a box, 3 for.24c

Franco-American Invalid's Chicken Broth, per can, 19c, 3 cans for....45c

Campbell's Soups, 3 cans for...31c

Sausages in tomato sauce, can 24c, or 3 cans for 57c

Roast Veal, 2-lb. can, 35c, 3 for.78c

Partridge with cabbage, lb. tin, 35c, 3 for 78c

Hare Stew, per tin, 18c, 3 for..42c

Boneless Roast Goose, per can, 20c, 3 cans for 52c

Milne's Preserved Bloaters, per tin, 15c, or 3 tins for 37c

Milne's Fresh Herring, per tin 12c, or 3 tins for 26c

British Columbia Salmon, per tin, 3 tins for 25c

Labrador Lobster, in lb. cans, 40c, 3 cans for $1.00

Filleted Kippered Herring, boneless, in tomato sauce, 10c a box or 3 for 23c

Norton's Pickled Walnut, per bottle 25c, 3 bottles for 61c

Cremo Maple Butter, lb. box...20c

Great Savings in All Sections of Dress Goods Dept.

Blanket Cloth and Ratine

54-inch Blanket Cloths and Ratines, in tan, brown, grey, red, navy and black; all wool goods, most suitable for heavy winter Coats. Actual values $1.25 and $1.40 a yard.

DISTRIBUTION SALE PRICE, per yd...93c

New Cloakings, Special $1 29

This line of Cloakings was a special leader at $1.69 per yard up to the opening of this Sale. At the further reduced price they are unapproachable value. The line includes several different weaves in new season's goods, all as fashionable as can be for present wear.

DISTRIBUTION SALLE PRICE, per yd..$1.29

75c to 90c Black Dress Goods on Sale at 93c

A large quantity of black Dress Goods, such as Serges. Venetians, Crepe de Chine, Poplins, Repp ,tricot, etc., for Dresses and costumes; new seasonable goods, priced at 75c to 90c a yard.

DISTRIBUTION SALLE PRICE, per yd...59c

Sealette and Caracul $3.50 Value for Only $2.59

These heavy Sealettes and Caracul Cloths are most desirable for Winter wear. They are very rich qualities at a big reduction. If yiu want a handsome coat for the Winter this is a grand opportunity to save money on the cost. 50 inches wide, in black only, regular $3.50 a yard. Sale Price, per yd $2.59

Making One Dollar Do the Work of Two

YOUR dollars vary in value according as they vary in purchasing power.

The man or woman who studies advertising is able frequently, to make one dollar do the usual work of two.

The experienced reader of advertisements will *always* make a dollar command a premium, that is, make it buy more than the dollar of a non-reader of advertisements.

How much "above par" are the dollars in your pocket worth?

It will depend on how closely you study the buying opportunities out-lined in the store ads.

The Chronicle

Quebec's Best Paper

"QUEBEC EYE, EAR & THROAT HOSPITAL."

56 D'ARTIGNY STREET. INCORPORATED.

Founded and under the direction of Dr. Coote, professor of eye and ear diseases at Laval University. Specially organized for the treatment of eye, ear, nose and throat diseases.

THE ROMANCE OF PERSIAN LAMB

How many people who possess garments of Persian Lamb know from whence comes this luxurious fur? It comes from Asia, being raised in the districts of Persia, Touran, and Afghanistan, the principal centres of the Persian Lamb industry being Bokhara and Nijni-Novgorod. To this latter place, once a year the Asiatic shepherds ascend the river Volga and come to trade these rich furs with European buyers.

A remarkable display, showing the evolution of the richest Persian Lamb garments from the raw skins is now being made in one of our largest windows. This Exhibit is interesting alike to young and old, as it graphically depicts the four principal stages in the production of finished garments, and illustrates the far-reaching methods which this store adopts in procuring the finest possible skins from far away countries.

The first display is entitled:

PERSIAN LAMB AS IT IS FOUND IN THE MOUNTAINS OF ASIA.

This consists of a stufied specimen of the Persian Lamb, mounted in a lifelike attitude showing this pretty animal as it would be seen gambolling with its mother in the mountains of Asia. You can see that it is a small animal, and that quite a number of skins are required to make a ladies' coat. This natural history Exhibit would be very instructive to the children, for not often would they have the chance of seeing a specimen of this rare animal.

The second Exhibit is entitled:

PERSIAN LAMB AS WE RECEIVE IT FROM NIJNI-NOVGOROD.

This shows large bundles of Persian Lamb skins roughly tanned, as we receive them direct from far off Russia, where, in the medieval city of Nijni-Novgorod, the world-famous Fair is held annually, attended by fur buyers from every market in the world. There is a great difference between the appearance of these skins as we receive them, and the glossy skins that we show in the finished garment. They are only at the second stage of the process at present. We have our own European agents who attend the Nijni-Novgorod Sale for us, and with their expert knowledge choose for us the finest offerings of the market; which means that we are able to make up for our customers the finest Persian Lamb garments that could be obtained anywhere in the world.

Display No. 3 is entitled:

PERSIAN LAMB AS WE RECEIVE IT FROM THE DYER.

Here you will see what a great change has taken place in the appearance of the skins since they were handed over to the dyer, who gives them that rich black lustre, and raises the pile of the fur so that it hardly resembles the skins shown in the former stage. These skins are all ready to be cut, and customers of our store have the privilege of inspecting and choosing from an immense quantity of skins of various grades. For this season we are specializing on Persian Lamb garments, and our purchases of skins were extraordinarily heavy in consequence. Buyers of fur garments can rest assured that in our store they can see a selection of Persian Lamb, both in the skins and in the made up garments, that would be very hard to equal, not only in this city, but anywhere else in Canada.

Display No. 4 is entitled:

PERSIAN LAMB AS IT IS SOLD IN PAQUET'S

This is an Exhibit of completed garments, and we pride ourselves that nowhere could you find better specimens of fur coats, muffs, stoles, etc., either in the quality of the skins, or in the manner in which they are made up. The workmanship is guaranteed, as is indeed everything that is sold in our store.

As the colder weather is now fast approaching our Fur Department is getting busier, and prospective customers are respectfully urged to place their orders immediately so that full care and attention can be given to the execution of their order. We invite inspection of our stock of furs, which is most interesting in its variety. Comparison of prices too advocates the placing of your order here.

During the week of the Quebec Exhibition our magnificent window display of furs excited the admiration of many thousands of people, and brought personal congratulations from many, who declared that never had they seen such a well arranged display of furs in Quebec. Our window displays, as well as the interior decoration of the store, are the subject of much favorable comment on the part of our customers, which assures us that our unstinted efforts to present the **World's Best Merchandise** to them in the **Most Attractive Manner**, receives an amount of attention which encourages us to greater efforts with every season.

In conclusion, we wish to repeat our invitation to the people of Quebec to visit our Fur Department and inspect with freedom, our magnificent stock of furs, which incurs no obligation to buy. We are always ready to show what we have for we believe that in showing our furs we can prove to our visitors that it is to their advantage to buy here.

THE PAQUET COMPANY LTD.,
157-173 St. Joseph St., Quebec.

LONDON MARKETS.

London, Nov. 7.—Raw sugar, centrifugal, 10s 7½d; muscovado, 9s 3d.

Beet sugar, Nov., 9s 5¼d.

Calcutta linseed, November-December, 43s 3d.

Linseed oil, 22s 1½d.

Sperm oil, £30.

Petroleum, American refined, 8⅛d; spirits, 9⅛d.

Turpentine, spirits, 32s.

Rosin, American strained, 9s 6d; fine, 15s 6d.

THE HALF-SPEED MAN AND WOMAN

What It Means When You Feel "All Out of Sorts."

You know what it means to feel "all out of sorts". Most people have felt this way at some time. Nerves out of order, irritable, languid, depressed. An aching head, a fagged brain, appetite bad and digestion weak. With some people this condition comes and goes; with others it is chronic; they can't shake it off. It interferes with business, spoils recreation and robs life of all its joys. These men and women are only able to live and work at "half speed."

Half speed people have lost that abundant natural vitality which enables others to go "full-speed-ahead" through life. Their energy and nerve power have evaporated—they cannot work long without breaking down. The trouble is nerve weakness and is caused by poor watery blood. You can begin to improve your condition today by taking Dr. William's Pink Pills. They make rich, red blood once more pulsate through your veins, and your nerves thrill with fresh vigor. Here is convincing evidence new strength and full health can be had through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Mr. Newton Mayhew, North Tyron, P. E. I., says: "I am a farmer and naturally have to work very hard. The result was that I found myself very much run down. My blood became thin and watery, and my muscles flabby, I took doctor's treatment but it did not help me and I grew so weak that I could scarcely work at all. As I found the medical treatment was not helping me I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and in these I found the medicine I needed, as in a short time I was restored to my old health and vigor. I shall always recommend these pills to all sufferers."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all medicine dealers, or will be mailed, post paid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 by The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"THE LADY AND THE PRINCE."

"The Lady and the Prince," is a romantic—farcial play with musical mountains. This piece is somewhat different from the other Ott comedies, as it contains rather a clever story. The Curtis family are on the verge of starvation. At the critical moment Harriet Curtis, prevails upon her daughter, Marie, to accept an offer of marriage from one Solomon Pinkofski In order to save her mother and herself from hard roads of adversity, she condescends to marry Pinkofski. He arrives upon the scene, and proposes—they quarrel, she upbraids and insults him, and then leaves. In the meantime Dudley Lenox, one of Pinkofski's employee's appears upon the scene. Out of revenge, Pinkofski asks him to impersonate a nobleman, and later, Dudley is preesnted as the Prince of Martavia. Marie immediately falls in love with the Prince. In the meantime, Joe Curtis, brother of Marie, is writing to Dora Pinkofski. He has never seen her, and one night while intoxicated he sends her a photograph, which he thinks, is one of his own, but in reality is one of Horace's—the butler. Dora appears and mistakes the butler for Joe Horace, who, by the way, is in the habit of going off once in a while and getting pickled, imagines that he has met Dora on one of his nightly excursions, and is living in great fear, as he is a married man. This is just part of the story, and it wouldn't be fair to Mr. Ott, to divulge the funny farcial story. This is a great girl play. Plenty of singing and dancing and elaborate costumes. "The Lady and the Prince" will be presented Wednesday and Thursday of next week at the Auditorium.

MISS IRMA SEYDEL.

On Wednesday evening, the 12th inst., at the Columbus Hall, 73 Grande Allee, the young and handsome violin virtuoso, Miss Irma Seydel, an extraordinary talented artist who has scored, this summer, most brilliant successes in Europe, in Cologne, Dresden, Mounheim, Hamburg, Berlin, Munich, as soloist with the big orchestras of the above named cities, will give an ideal violin and piano recital, in company with the beautiful piano virtuoso, Miss Ethel Harding. The visit of such a wonderful performer, graceful and elegant, possessor of a marvellous technical ability, full of youthful vim and deep feeling, will procure our citizens an evening of such refined enjoyment that every one present will certainly remember it with intense pleasure for a long time to come. In Berlin, on the 16th of September last, at the Beethoven Hall, before an audience composed of the members of the Imperial Court and the highest nobility of the city, Miss Seydel raised such enthusiasm by her extraordinary playing that the old Count Zeppelin, of aeronautic fame, at the close of the performance, presented the youthful virtuoso with a magnificent floral tribute and congratulated her in the warmest terms.

RUN DOWN BY A BICYCLE, DYING WOMAN FORGIVES.

Toronto, November 7—Almost the last words which passed the lips of Mrs. Annie Fair, who died in the General Hospital, following injuries received by being run down by a bicycle, near her home, three weeks ago, were those of forgiveness for the rider of the bicycle—a young lad who has not yet been located by the police. Speaking to Mrs. Shea, a friend who was with her at the last, the dying woman said: "I would not like to see the boy get into trouble. Perhaps he is the son of a widow who needs every cent he is able to earn."

Mrs. Fair, who was 72 years of age, had been herself a widow for a number of years, though considering her age, she was strong and active.

FINDS DECENCY BREAKING DOWN

CANON NEWBOLT AT ST. PAUL DEPLORES GENERAL LAXITY OF MANNERS.

London, Nov. 7.—Canon Newbolt has just completed his holiday series of "straight talks to the people in St. Paul's Cathedral, knowing that during the holiday season people have more time for reflection than at other times of the year. H ehas spoken very directly on some of the evils of the day as he has seen them.

"There is," he says, "a general laxity of manners, of decency and of propriety. Books are sometimes gravely reprehensible. The modesty of town life has been breaking down for many years. It is not necessary that there should be a great religious upheaval. If people will only return to the ordinary old-fashioned laws of conduct and demeanor things will come right again."

Some of the more pointed of the canon's utterances were:

"You can only pass through life in London with the most stringent reservations."

"We sigh for another Isaiah to denounce the indecencies and extravagances of dress. Warning voices are heard about the modern dance and the lack of refinement, good manners and Christian courtesy."

"Vice is common, virtue rare. To follow vice a man has only to let himself go."

"A man may be a libertine in his private life, but the world asks no questions. He is smart, he is wealthy, he is amusing; if he has powerful friends his misdeeds are concealed."

"No man, we shall be told, is the worse for having a past, or woman either."

"A man rushes here and there in a mad glut of what he thinks is pleasure—theatres, music halls, races and worse. He is drifting on to the midnight leap, the pistol or the fatal draught."

"An age which is shocked at the marriage service welcomes for its sons and daughters the sex problem dressed up in all the nauseous unreserve of a society novel."

SOME LOBSTER!

Boston, November 7—"Grandfather of all living lobsters," was the title accorded a giant crustacean brought to port today.

The lobster was the largest landed here in fifty years, old time lobstermen said. When they had finished their observations the following figures were given out:

Weight, 27 lbs.; age about 50 years; spread from claw to claw, 37 inches; length of claw, 24 inches; feelers, 20 inches; width of back, 10 inches; would make salad for 25 persons.

NO TELEGRAPHERS STRIKE AT CLEVELAND, O.

Cleveland, O., November 7—The threatened strike of 200 telegraphers employed by the Wheeling and Lake Erie Railroad will not materialize. G. W. W. Hanger, of Washington, Assistant Commissioner of Mediation and Conciliation, announced here late today that after four days of conference representatives of the Railroad and the telegraphers have agreed to arbitrate the demands recently submitted by the latter. The demands include a fifteen per cent wage increase.

FIGHT AGAINST RISE IN MILK PRICES.

Hamilton, Ont., November 7—The fight led by Mayor Allan against the increase of milk to nine cents per quart is spreading and the Ratepayers Association and other bodies are taking sides. Consumers meanwhile are clamoring for a return to the old price—eight cents—and in many cases smaller dealers are giving in, though they still carry the nine cent sign on their wagons.

Today a new concern came on the scene, and with a guarantee of 100 gallons a day began a canvass for customers at eight cents. Before noon they had secured a large number of patrons.

The East End Ratepayers Association is the latest body to go on strike and its members have agreed that they will drink no more milk until the price drops back to eight cents.

AVOID STOCK PHRASES

There are writers with something to say whom it is very difficult to read with any attention, because their sense is constantly weakened by stock phrases. They have not learned to fit their thoughts with their own language, and these thoughts are disguised in language that seems to mean nothing. A writer who can make his own phrases keeps the reader's attention alert. There is no doubt that he always means something, that his thought is working in every sentence; but in stock phrases thought ceases to work, and the reader's attention ceases with it. He may like this little holiday; indeed, some writers are popular just because their stock phrases are so numerous that the reader's mind can enjoy a complete idleness among them. But it is not the proper aim of writing to provoke this kind of unconscious idleness; and even the writers who do provoke it are probably themselves unconscious of the effect they produce. Even they are trying to say something, and failing so pretentiously that their failure is concealed from themselves as well as from their contended readers. No clergyman would wish to fill his church because his sermons had the power of putting all his congragation to sleep; and the writer who becomes popular through his use of stock phrases owes his success, if only he knew it, to causes just as unflattering.—London Times.

How Do You Like This Overcoat?

It's the Fit-Reform "BLIZZ"

A storm defier—a protector against wind and weather. Yet, as you see, it is an extremely smart, dressy Overcoat for any wear.

The convertible collar makes it doubly useful, as well as doubly attractive.

If you prefer a Combination Overcoat like the "Blizz", we are sure to suit your ideas of color and effect with our Chinchillas, Naps, Whitneys, Heather Mixtures and Scotch and Irish Tweeds.

We have these big, roomy, comfortable Overcoats, as low as $15—and up to $40. 868

FIT-REFORM

Raymond, Binet & Co.

93-95 St. John Street.

Auditorium Theatre

Week of November 10th

J. W. GORMAN

Presents

LEW WILLIAMS

and his Merry Company

In the Hits of the Season.

"THE DAINTY QUAKERESS," Monday and Tuesday.

"THE REFINING OF FATHER," Wednesday and Thursday.

"THE LADY AND THE PRINCE,' Friday and Saturday.

Superb Specialty Features and the Funniest of Musical Comedies ever produced. Everything right up-to-date.

MATINEE every day except Monday TICKETS now on Sale.

PRICES: Evening - - - - - - 15c to 50c
Matinee - - - - - -15c to 25c

Nov.7,8,10x3

ENGLISH HAND-MADE LACE

MADE BY THE COTTAGERS OF BUCKINGHAMSHIRE.

This is the old-fashioned lace made on the cushion, and was first introduced into England by the Flemish Refugees. It is still made by the village women in their quaint old way.

Our Laces were awarded the Gold Medal at the Festival of Empire and Imperial Exhibition, Crystal Palace, LONDON, ENGLAND, for general excellence of workmanship.

BUY some of this hand-made Pillow Lace, it lasts MANY times longer than machine made variety, and imparts an air of distinction to the possessor, at the same time supporting the village lace-makers, bringing them little comforts otherwise unobtainable on an agricultural man's wage. Write for descriptive little treatise, entitled "The Pride of North Bucks," containing 200 striking examples of the lace makers' art, and is sent post free to any part of the world. Lace for every purpose can be obtained, and within reach of the most modest purse.

COLLAR—Pure Linen. $1.00.

DAINTY HANDKIE—70c.

Collars, Fronts, Plastrons, Jabots, Yokes, Fichus, Berthes, Handkerchiefs, Stocks, Camisoles, Chemise Sets, Tea Cloths, Table Centres, D'Oylies, Mats, Medallions, Quaker and Peter Pan Sets, etc., from 25c., 60c., $1.00, $1.50, $2.00 up to $5.00 each. Over 300 designs in yard lace and insertion from 10c., 15c., 25c., 45c., up to $3.00 per yard.

IRISH CROCHET.

Mrs. Armstrong having over 100 Irish peasant girls connected with her industry, some beautiful examples of Irish hand made laces may be obtained. All work being sold direct from the lace-makers, both the workers and customers derive great advantage.

Every sale, however small, is a support to the industry.

(1¼ in. deep.) STOCK—Wheel Design. Price 25c. each. (Half shown.)

No. 122.—30c. per yard.

MRS. BECKY ARMSTRONG, OLNEY, BUCKS, ENGLAND.

LA CAISSE D'ECONOMIE
NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC
UNDOUBTED SECURITY
TO
DEPOSITORS
on account of its
EXCEPTIONAL CHARTER
Head Office: St. John Street, Upper Town.
Branches Open Evenings, Mondays and Saturdays.

DIED.

FULLERTON.—On the 6th instant, after a lengthy illness, Arthur, second son of Mr. John Fullerton, Customs officer.

Funeral will take place from his father's residence, 282 Champlain street, on Saturday morning, at 9.30 o'clock for St. Patrick's Church and thence to St. Patrick's Cemetery.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

LESSARD—In Montreal, on the 7th of November, Mary Georgina Florence, eldest daughter of Major-General F. L. Lessard.

Notice of funeral, which will take place in Quebec, will appear in next issue.

MOFFET—At Quebec, on the 6th Nov., 1913, at No. 9 1-2 St. John street, Marie-Suzanne, aged three years, child of F. V. Moffet.

Funeral at 3 p.m. today.

AUDITORIUM THEATRE.
Week of November 3rd.
BOVAIS and FRITZ.
Comedy Acrobats and Balancers
DAVIS and PERKINS.
Comedy Musical Act.
DICK and ALICE McAVOY,
Man and Woman, Singing, and Dancing.
CHARLES EARTHOLOMY,
Singing.
ZAZEL VERNON,
Four people introducing a Comedy Pantomime.
MOVING PICTURES.
500 Pony Votes Given at This Evening's Performance.

Grand Performance
— by the —
PIERROT TROUPE
— of the —
EMPRESS OF IRELAND
Y. M. C. A. HALL,
Monday Evening, November 10
At 8.00 P.M.
TICKETS 25c and 50c
Tickets on sale at Kimball's Store, Y.M.C.A. Building, St. John Street.
Nov.6x4

Columbus Hall
(73 Grande Allee)
Wednesday Evening, Nov. 12th
The Wonderful
Young Violin—Virtuoso
Miss Irma
SEYDEL
assisted by
MISS ETHEL HARDING
Piano-Virtuoso
Reserved seats: Parquet, $1.00.
Reserved seats: Balcony, 75c & 50c.
Plan of the Hall and tickets of admission at A. Lavikne's Piano Warerooms, 54 Couillard street.
Doors open at 7.30; Performance at 8.15.
For details, see program.
nov. 8,10,11,12

W. Childs. Telephone 5993
The Marathon Cafe and Quick Lunch
For Ladies' and Gentlemen.
Special Menu from 12-8 p.m.
Malpecque and American Oysters. Oysters and Clams in every style. Fresh Lobsters. Try our Home-made Pies.
All kinds to take home, 25c.
We serve the Best in the Market and Study to please.
Apples, Raisin, Cocoanut, Custard, Fig, Cranberry, Pumpkin, Lemon, Mince.
120 ST. JOHN ST.
Nov.6xtu,th,stxly

Board of Assessors

Notice is hereby given to all those who have filed complaints against the Assessment Books, for overcharge that their complaints will be called before the said Board of Assessors in the Hall wherein are held the sittings of the Recorder's Court on Friday, the fourteenth day of November instant, at half-past two o'clock in the afternoon, when it will be necessary that each complainant do appear, either in person or by attorney, in order to have a future day fixed for the proving of such complaints, otherwise the same may be rejected.

EDWARD FOLEY,
Clerk of the Board of Assessors.
Quebec, 8th November, 1913.
8 to 14.

EUREKA
MEANS DISCOVERED.
In Eureka Cigars we have discovered a Cigar that suits all tastes and pockets.
We have this line of Cigars in three sizes, which sells for. 3 for 25c; 10c straight, and 2 for 25c. Try them.
Sold only at
WALLING'S STORES
46 Mountain Hill, and
182 St. John Street.
QUEBEC.
mon.wed.sat.

OSTEOPATHY
The science of healing without the use of drugs.
Dr. J. F. LANDERS
Osteopathist
Consultation and examination free. Office: 55 Louis St. Phone 1193.
Here are a few of the ills which yield readily to Osteopathy:—
Asthma, Fevers, Lumbago, Headache, Kidney and Liver Diseases, all forms of knee trouble, including all dislocations. Constipation, Insomnia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervous Heart Trouble and many others. Spinal Meningitis a sure cure.

CANADIAN NORTHERN
Reduced Fare to Montreal
Saturday, November 15th, 1913
$3.80—RETURN TICKET—$3.80
Tickets will be good on train leaving Canadian Northern Station at 9.00 a.m. Saturday morning, November 15, and good to return until Wednesday morning, Noverber 19th.
Tickets may be obtained at Canadian Northern Station, City Ticket Offices, 32 St. Louis street, and 31 Buade street.
Nov.8to14

NOTICE
The Beaurevage Lumber Co.
Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of this Company will be held, according to its By-laws, on Tuesday, the 18th day of November, at the Company's office, Craig's Road, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon. This meeting will be held pro forma, and adjourned to a later date.
P. B. KEENS,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Correspondence

WHY THE LIGHT FAILED.

To the Editor of the Chronicle:

The Dorchester Company has a letter of your issue of today and they tell us why the light failed on 2nd, 3rd and 4th, but they do not tell us why the light has failed throughout the year.

Anybody who went to the enjoyable concerts given by the R. C. G. A. Band on Dufferin Terrace during the summer knows that the lights frequently went out. It was not in isolated instances but with frequent regularity, it seemed to me. Why was it?

They say that "Quebec has the largest installation of ornamental standards in Canada."—rather a rash statement, it seems to me, from what I have seen in other cities. When such statements are made inclines to throw doubt upon the whole explanation.

Yours,
ENQUIRER.

BOY STOLE LETTERS FROM POST OFFICE

Ingersoll, Ont., November 7—That middle aged man, and leaves a wife here was the admission of a nine-year-old boy who was arraigned in the juvenile court this afternoon. The police have been working on the case since this afternoon. On several streets opened letters were picked up. There were so many of them that as soon as the fact was brought to the notice of the police and post office officials that they were supposed to have been stolen. After a few hours the boy was suspected and finally admitted taking the letters. He went through the letters for money and finding none threw them away. Some of the letters contained checks. The lad gained access to the post office through a rear door. The magistrate reserved his decision.

QUALITY FIRST, LAST AND ALL TIME THE SLOGAN FOR FASHION-CRAFT CLOTHES
Supreme in quality, style and fit. Models for Fall now ready for your inspection. No pressure used to sell you what you do not want and desire to purchase. Prices varied according to materials used, but always moderate.
Your patronage solicited by
L. A. ROY, Proprietor,
Shops of Fashion-Craft,
178 St. John St.,
128 St. Joseph St.,
Quebec.

IN AND ABOUT TOWN

SMALL FIRE AT CHATEAU RICHER

QUEBEC FIRE BRIGADE SUMMONED TO EXTINGUISH FIRE IN WOODSHED.

A fire broke out in a woodshed at Chateau Richer yesterday, which caused the mayor of that municipality to request assistance from Quebec. Chief Hamel and a squad of his fire fighters with an engine proceeded to the scene over the Q. P. L. H. & P. Co., and when they arrived found that their services were required to help to extinguish a fire that was consuming a woodshed, with its contents, and was soon subdued. The property destroyed is owned by a Mr. Gravel of Chateau Richer.

LOTBINIERE CASE ON NOVEMBER 18

EXAMINATION OF THE WITNESSES WILL BE CONTINUED ON THAT DATE.

Chief Justice Lemieux and Judge Dorion have fixed the 18th November for the continuation of the examination of witnesses in the federal election of Lotbiniere Co. Mr. Lavergne represents the petitioner, Mr. Bergeron, while the interests of Mr. Fortier, the Liberal member, will be looked after by the firm of Messrs Taschereau, Roy, Cannon, Parent & Fitzpatrick.

THE DOMINION ALLIANCE.

Under the auspices of the Dominion Alliance, the World's Temperance Sunday will be observed at the Baptist Church on Sunday next.

At the seven o'clock evening service the Rev. W. Willis Wilks, will preach, on Total Abstinence and the Argument of the Cross.

APPOINTED CURATOR.

At a meetingof the creditors of Davila Jean Dallaire, merchant, of Pont Rouge, held before Judge Cannon yesterday, Mr. J. P. E. Gagnon was appointed curator and Messrs. Nap. Lavoie, and Hector Collette, bank managers, and Joseph A. Roger, accountant, all of Quebec, were appointed inspectors.

PRESENTATION.

Mr. W. Edmund Reed, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. Reed, of this city, was recently transferred from the St. John (N.B.) branch of the Bank of British North America, to the head office in Montreal.

On his departure from St. John, he was made the recipient of a handsome case of pipes at the hands of the bank staff, accompanied by hearty good wishes for his future welfare.

TRINITY CHURCH.

Special services commemorating the eighty-eighth anniversary of the opening of Trinity Church for Divine Service, will be held on Sunday, November 30th. The Rev. W. Southam, rector of All Saints Church, Toronto, will be the special preacher, both in morning and evening. On Monday, December 1st, the annual banquet for the men of the congregation will take place. The Rev. Herbert Symonds, vicar of Christ Church Cathedral, of Montreal, and Rev. W. Southam, will be the speakers.

SPOT CASH SHOP
N. MOISAN
Corner Julia and D'Artigny Sts..
We are receiving weekly all kinds of fresh goods such as: figs, dates, chestnuts, table raisins, cranberries. Also "spot cash butter" the best on the market, 16 ounces to the pound, 34c a lb. Special price for winter supply. Phone 1406.

MAIL FOR NORTH SHORE.

This year, no restriction in weight is indicated on the Public Notice, concerning mail matter to be despatched to the North Shore of the Gulf and River St. Lawrence, during the Winter Season. However, it will be well for the Public to refrain from sending fragile or too bulky packets, containing articles which can be broken or become deteriorated in transit, since the service by dog-team (cometiques) along the North Shore necessarily does not afford complete security for the transmission of such matter, and the Department is not liable for damage which may ensue.

SEES NO TRACE OF MISSING COLLIER

C. G. S. MONTCALM FAILS TO LOCATE THE BRIDGEPORT—EXPERIENCED ROUGH WEATHER.

The Quebec Agency of the Marine and Fisheries Department received a wireless message from the Government steamer Montcalm yesterday afternoon, advising the Agency that the steamer succeeded in serving the lighthouse stations at the south and west ports of the Straits of Belle Isle with their supplies, but had not as yet been able to supply the eastern part. The Montcalm experienced a snow storm that lasted three days, during which time she had to lie to at Birds Rocks for three days, and only succeeded in landing stores at the lighthouse there yesterday, leaving at 2:30 p. m. for Cap Rosiers.

The Montcalm, which had been ordered to be on the lookout for the Donald Line Cutter Bridgeport, which left Sydney, N. S., with a cargo of coal for Montreal on the 26th of last month, and has not been seen or heard of since, reports that though a sharp lookout for the missing steamer was maintained, the lookout failed to see any trace of her.

Three colliers who left Sydney after the Bridgeport, have since passed by Quebec, who also report that they did not meet with or see any trace of the Bridgeport, now several days overdue, and the absence of any tidings from her, is causing her owners and others interested, much concern.

CELEBRATE THEIR GOLDEN WEDDING

ALDERMAN AND MRS. P. CAMPBELL RECEIVE CONGRATULATIONS OF THEIR FRIENDS

Alderman and Mrs. P. Campbell are celebrating their golden wedding jubilee. They were fifty years married on Sunday last, and during the whole period of their married life, have lived together under circumstances of the greatest happiness. Both Mr. and Mrs. Campbell are in the enjoyment of perfect health, and it must be a pleasure for them to look back over the ground of the past fifty years, to observe the time of success, prosperity and happiness that have crowded their lives, and gained for them the respect and esteem of the entire community.

The Chronicle joins with their legion of friends and citizens of Quebec in extending its sincere and hearty congratulations.

LADIES TRIMMED HATS REDUCED
We are offering a selected lot of our New Models at half price, for cash only.
Holt, Renfrew & Co., Ltd.,
Buade Street.

RECORDER'S COURT.

Only two prisoners charged with drunkenness appeared before the Recorder yesterday. They were both discharged.

WEEK END.

The regular week-end Tie Sale, at Mullin's, is now going on with Satin Check Ties, reg. 75c, for 50c; also extra thick Cashmere Sox, 25c a pair.

UNSIGHTLY BUILDINGS BEING REMOVED.

The work of demolishing the last of the old G. T. R. freight sheds on the East India wharf, was commenced yesterday. No one will regret their disappearance.

PRINGLE CASE POSTPONED.

The case of Pringle vs. The Canadian Electric Company, which has been proceeding before Judge Roy for several days past, was yesterday postponed until the 24th instant, as His Lordship has to leave on Sunday for Rimouski to hold court in that district.

REVENUE CUTTERS FOR THE ATLANTIC COAST.

Washington, November 7—President Wilson today signed the order providing for the regular winter and spring cruise of revenue cutters along the Atlantic coast. Eleven vessels have been designated for this service and they will be out looking for opportunities to meet other vessels from December 1st to April 1st. The cutters to be sent on this duty are the Woodbury, Androscoggin, Greshan, Acushnet, Mohawk, Onondaga, Pamlico, Apache, Seminole, Itasca, and Yamacraw.

NO PROHIBITION IN LARGE CITIES

SUCH IS UNDERSTOOD TO BE THE RECOMMENDATION OF LICENSE COMMISSION.

Many rumors have been in circulation during the past few days regarding the proposed suggestion to be made by the License Commission to the local Legislature at its next meeting, which commences on Tuesday next. Among these rumors, to which mere credence is given, is one to the effect that the Commission suggests another reduction in Montreal, and Quebec license, but that there would be more permanency in these licenses. It also appears that the Commission declares itself against prohibition in large cities, and asks for more discretionary powers. As regards the removal of bars and the establishment of cafes with tables and chairs, it is stated that this will not effect the present license holders.

GAUTHIER-ROY MUSICAL SUCCESS

MISS GAUTHIER WAS UNFORTUNATELY INDISPOSED BUT CARRIED THROUGH PROGRAM.

The musical recital given at the Auditorium, under the patronage of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Sir Francois Langelier and Lady Langleier, last night was a charming entertainment and appreciated by the large audience present.

Miss Ernestine Gauthier the well-known Canadian mezzo-soprano from the Boston Opera House, is no stranger to Quebec lovres of music and song, and she accordingly received an enthusiastic reception when she came on the stage. Unfortunately, however, and amidst the deepest sympathy of the audience, she was seized with a weakness during the rendition of her first song, and, though she bravely fought to overcome her indisposition, she was obliged to leave the stage, supported by her piano accompanist, Mr. J. A. Bernier.

As the evening progressed, Miss Gauthier, however, recovered and went through with her numbers on the program with the most charming grace and effect, her pleasing and well cultivated voice being much admired. She rendered a well-chosen and varied selection of very choice songs from the best composers, and in conclusion sang Canadian melodies by Mr. Ernest Gagnon.

Madame Hector Berthe Roy, the brilliant pianist, shared the honors with the Canadian cantatrice and rendered a number of solos, including Lesat's Misere from "Il Travatore," Wagner-Brossin's fire scene from "Die Walkiere," and Liszt's Rapsodie Hongroise No. 12, with marvelous effect in execution and beauty of touch which fairly made the instrument speak. Her rendition of Misere from "Il Travatore" enchanted the audience by the life she brought out of the instrument, that portrayed the inspiration of the composer. Her rendering of Wagner-Brossin's fire scene from "Die Walkiere" was a marvel of execution, full of pathos and rich cadence in effect, as was also Liszt's Rapsodie Hongroise. The audience was very enthusiastic in their applause, and Madame Roy, very generously showed her appreciation by responding to an encore after each number. At the first indisposition of Miss Gauthier, Madame Roy very gracefully added an extra number "Tristan and Isold, selection by Wagner, which also won her an encore.

SUPREME COURT.

Ottawa, Nov. 7.—The first case argued in the Supreme Court today was the appeal from the Superior Court of New Brunswick in Rundle vs. Miller. The action was brought by the respandents, the Millers, for trespassing.

ATTEMPTS SUICIDE A SECOND TIME

St. Catharines, Ont., Nov. 7—Ernest Clarke, of Ridgeway, held for sentence tomorrow on a charge of holding up the Grand Trunk ticket agent at Ridgeway, for the second time attempted to take his own life. He made a noose of his shirt and attached the end to the bars of his cell. He was cut down in time to save his life.

ILLS OF CHILDHOOD.
Every mother should be able to recognize the symptoms of the little ailments that attack her children. She should also be in a position to treat them promptly. To do this she should keep a supply of Baby's Own Tablets in the house at all times. The Tablets never fail to be of help to little ones. Mothers who are anxious for the welfare of her little ones will receive free for the asking a valuable little book on the care of infants and young children. Concerning the Tablets Mrs. G. L. Bonham, St. George, Ont., says: "I can recommend Baby's Own Tablets as a safe and sure medicine for little ones. I have raised four babies with their aid and would not be without them." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

ORIGINAL GENUINE
Horlick's Malted Milk
Instantaneous Lunch. Invigorating.
The Food-Drink for All Ages—Highly Nutritious and Convenient
Rich milk, with malted grain extract, in powder form—dissolves in water—more healthful than tea or coffee. Used in training athletes. The best diet for Infants, Growing Children, Invalids, and the Aged. It agrees with the weakest digestion.
Ask for "HORLICK'S"—All Chemists, Hotels, Cafés and Stores.
Don't travel without it. Also keep it at home. A lunch in a minute.
In Lunch Tablet form, also, ready to eat. Convenient—nutritious.

Ladies Emporium
D. R. Murphy Reg'd.
BIG REDUCTION SALE
Millinery, Half Price
Mounts, Half Price
Coats and Costumes
Less 25%
Blouses, Half Price
Our stock of Wool Underwear and Hose for Infants, Juniors, Ladies, now complete.
D. R. Murphy, Reg'd.
Phone 22. 46 Fabrique Street

FOR SALE
First class hotel in one of the best Towns in the Eastern Townships, population over 3500.
For full particulars,
Address P. O. Box 130, Quebec City

WANTED TO BUY
House with 10 to 12 rooms, good yard and shed. Located near Rampart.
Address P. O. Box 130, Quebec

A few lines of Winter Goods are offered here at exceptionally low prices.
GAITERS FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN.
See the prices of our Gaiters and Leggings for Ladies and Children, they are lower here than anywhere else, that's why the Sale is so considerable.
HOSIERY, MITTS, POLOS AND SASHES.
We have Mitts, Polos, Sashes and Stockings, of same colors to form sets, in pale blue, cardinal, sky, scarlet, black and white, at moderate prices.
FRILLINGS FOR NECK AND SLEEVE TRIMMINGS.
Do you want any of these Frillings in white, black, grey or ecru. Come here, we have the largest assortment.
LONG KIMONOS.
Now we have a good assortment of Long Eiderdown Flannelette Kimonos and Plain Wool Eiderdown Kimonos.
Prices... ... ...$2.75 up
HERE are some MOIRE UNDERSKIRTS offered at a Great Reduction.
These Underskirts are too large to be strictly stylish, that's why we offer them at a Great Reduction. Colors: Navy, brown, green and black. Regular values $1.50, $2.00 and $3.50, for... ... ... 79c, $1.29 and $2.89
A new lot of rich Satin Underskirts; black and white. Special price $1.59. A better quality in green, purple, cerise and black; special price $1.95.
Double Bons Next Week
Faguy, Lepinay & Frere
254-264 St. John Street

Latest Sporting News

HOCKEY MEN HAVE GONE TO MONTREAL

SIX ARE ATTENDING SITTINGS OF N. H. A. AND INTER-PROVINCIAL LEAGUES.

Six hockey magnates from Quebec will be in Montreal tonight, two of them to attend the meeting of the National Hockey Association and the other four to assist at the meeting of the Interprovincial League.

Messrs. M. J. Quinn and Chas. Fremont will represent the Quebec Hockey Club at the N. H. A. meeting, while Messrs. M. J. Hanrahan and J. A. Carbray will represent St. Patrick's at the Interprovincial meeting, and Messrs. Eddie and Gus Picard, will look after the interests of the new Laurentide Club, of this city, who are seeking admission to this league.

The new club, if admitted to the league, hope to have a very strong aggregation on the ice. Their prospects are good, as they signed up a number of Quebec's best French Canadian players, and should the league permit the playing of professionals with and against amateurs, the directors of the new club hope to reach an agreement with Mr. George Kennedy, of the Canadians, whereby they might secure the services of some of his spares and utility men.

Messrs. Picard, if their club be admitted, will therefore favor the playing of amateurs and professionals. They will also favor the three twenty-minute periods, but will go against the six-man team, which, like St. Patrick's, they consider too strenuous.

QUAKERS DEFEAT BANKERS IN BASKETBALL SERIES

Won By a Score of Nineteen to Six In Scheduled Fixture at the Y. M. C. A. Last Night.

The Quakers and Bankers of the Y. M. C. A. Senior Basketball League came together last night in a scheduled fixture in which the Quakers came out out victors by a score of nineteen to six.

At half time it was eight to six for the Quakers and they further increased their score in the second half to nineteen.

The teams lined up as follows:—

Quakers:—P. Raymond, C. H. Jackson, P. Ross, N. P. Woods, R. I. Andrews.

Bankers:—W. Rochette, H. E. Kennedy, O. Learmonth, G. Petrie, H. A. Shink. The last named was replaced during the game by R. Bourget.

Basket scores:—Andrews, 3; Ross, 3; Kennedy, 2; Jackson, 1; Raymond, 1.

Foul scores:—Kennedy, 2; Ross, 2; Andrews, 1.

Referee: D. Allan.
Scorer: J. Whales.
Time-keeper: P. G. Jackson.

DE ORO COMES BACK.

New York, Nov. 7.—Alfred De Oro of Cuba retained his title of champion at three-cushion billiards by defeating Joseph Carney of Denver in the third and final block of the match tonight, 64 to 53. The total score of the match was 150 to 143.

Carney led 100 to 83 at the start of tonight's block but failed to score in the first nine innings. De Oro played a steady game, making 9, the high run of the match, in the 28th inning, and in the 34th inning was on even terms with his opponent. De Oro made a run of 7 in the 53rd inning and Carney made an equal number in the 80th in a last effort to catch his opponent, who made the deciding point in the 86th inning.

IS AGAINST LYNCH.

Boston, Nov. 7.—President James E. Gaffney, of the Boston National League Club, today declared himself in favor of the election of Governor John K. Tener, of Pennsylvania, to succeed Thomas J. Lynch as president of the National League. Governor Tener's election should be for a long term of years and at a generous salary, President Gaffney said. Governor Tener, he added, "is by far teh best man that the National League could possibly get for president."

LYNCH DEFENDS HIMSELF.

New York, Nov. 7—When President Thomas J. Lynch was questioned regarding the report that Governor Tener, of Pennsylvania would be a candidate for the position of chief executive of the National League, he said:

"I know nothing about the campaign being made against me except what I read in the newspapers. If it is true that Governor Tener is a candidate for the office of president of the National League, then I shall consider it an honor to run against him. My administration of league affairs cannot be so bad when they pick one of the foremost public men in the country to oppose me."

Heals the Scratches
Stops the Smarting
Seal's After-Shave
Dries Instantly
Not Sticky

EUGENE TREMBLAY WILL MEET MILLER

CANADIAN LIGHTWEIGHT MATCHED WITH U. S. WELTERWEIGHT FOR DEC. 1.

Winnipeg, Nov. 7.—Eugene Tremblay of Montreal, lightweight wrestling champion of the world, and Walter Miller of St. Paul, claimant of the welterweight championship of the world, have been matched to meet here in a match on Dec. 1.

ARGUE JOHNSON STILL CHAMPION

LONDON REGARDS BOXING FEDERATION READING HIM OUT AS A JOKE.

New York, Nov. 7.—A London cable to the Herald says:

No importance is attached here to the International Boxing Federation's deposition of "Jack" Johnson from the heavyweight championship of the world, as it is generally regarded that so far as it concerns Great Britain and the United States, Johnson's boxing days are over.

A. F. Bettinson, manager of the National Sporting Club, knows of nobody who has been selected as Great Britain's representative.

"We all know about the Federation," he said, "but anything they do or say will not affect the conduct of our contests, which will be boxed under our own rules and no other.

"This so-called decision taking away Johnson's championship is absurd. I am glad the National Sporting Club is not affiliated with the French Federation, which makes itself so ridiculous."

Eugene Corri, well known as a referee, said he very much doubted whether Great Britain would be represented in the Federation. With regard to the Federation's list of champions. Mr. Corri said that in the middle weight class, for instance, Frank Klaus has just been beaten by George Chip, and Chip was beaten by "Jeff" Smith.

"So, how can Klaus be champion?" he argued. "Ritchie is still the holder of the lightweight title. But," he added, "it must not be forgotten that Ritchie has sidestepped 'Fred' Welsh."

In Mr. Corri's opinion the welterweight vacancy should be filled by "Packey" McFarland.

BASEBALL TOUR.

Bisbee, Ariz., Nov. 7.—The New York Giants again defeated the Chicago White Sox today.

Score:	R.
New York	100 103 013—9
Chicago	000 000 100—1

Fromme and Meyers; Russell and Daley.

WILL SHIP NO APPLES.

Because Portland Longshoremen Want Increased Pay.

Portland, Me., Nov. 7.—On account of a demand of longshoremen for an increase in pay of five cents an hour for loading merchandise, it was announced today that there would be no foreign shipment of apples from Portland this winter.

The steamer Lillie, which was to have loaded 10,000 barrels of apples here for Hamburg, will go to Boston instead to take on the cargo there. The annual apple shipment from this port averages about 50,000 barrels.

The demand of the longshoremen went into effect Nov. 1 and while it was accepted by the stevedores, has not yet been accepted by the steamship people.

ONTARIOS HAVE SIGNED UP SCOTT

Was Leading Goal Getter in Maritime Province League Last Two Seasons.

Toronto, Nov. 7.—Manager Jimmy Murphy, of the Ontarios, successors to the Tecumsehs in the N. H. A., returned to town last night after a trip to Montreal, Ottawa, and other eastern points, and found awaiting him the signed contract of Harry Scott, of Port Arthur, who will be one of the wearers of the colors of the new local team.

Scott has been for two years the leading goal getter of the Maritime League, where he played with the New Glasgow. He is a youngster, and in the letter which accompanied the contract he said he was more than confident that he would make good.

"We will have a new team," says Manager Murphy. "Perhaps the only members of the 1912 team who will be asked to report here are the brothers McNamara. It is our intention to build a team around that strong pair. We will pursue a policy of youth and speed and ought to have a good team before the season is over. The Ontarios are building for the future, and high class teams are not made in one season."

8TH R.R. MARCHERS SAILED LAST NIGHT

SQUAD WILL UPHOLD QUEBEC'S COLORS IN "STAR'S" FORCED MARCHING COMPETITION THIS AFTERNOON.

Shortly before eight o'clock last evening the R. and O. steamer St. Irene sailed away from the company's wharf bearing the 8th Royal Rifles Marching Squad, who will uphold the Ancient Capital colors in the Star's Forced Marching Competition in Montreal this afternoon.

The boys presented a trim, snappy, appearance as they marched down Grande Allee from the Drill Hall last night, and all along the way citizens were lined up to see them pass.

The members of the squad who left lats night are as follows:

Captain A. W. Hay, Lieutenant N. Fletcher, Sergeants Carseel, Copeman, Myers, Henchey, Shirley, Hill, Hannan, Fletcher, Byrne, M. Slater; Quartermaster Norton; Corporals Young, Langton, Cooper, Pelletier, Lynch, Fellows, Sewell; Privates Wiggs, J. Dall, Kenney, Lemelin, McGee, Baillarge, Lynch, Clint, Ruhens, Vallieres, Bergeron, Jordon, Plain, Guibord, Cooper, Copeman, A. Lemieux, Turgeon, Morton, Hamel, Hannan, Halligan, McDonald, Todd, Sewell, Blackdone, A. Dall, Crowdey, Sweezey, M. Tremblay, H. Penney, Hanson, Malone, J. Penney, J. Lemieux, W. Penney, Byrne, Sutherland, Garrett, Fanning and Scott.

Pipers Will be There.

Montreal, November 7—Quebec is still the favorite with the crowd for tomorrow's forced marching contest. The idea that they are the greatest hill climbers in the world, as far as the militia goes, seems to be the principal reason for the people's faith in them, although the hills they have to mount here are comparatively small.

The local corps admit that they are a dangerous opponent, but they are willing, by any means, to admit that they should be looked upon as practicably unbeatable.

The Highlanders' pipe band will go to Fletcher's Field, and will accompany the battalions to the armories after they return from the march.

Going Some.

The Sixty-Fifth had another march out last night, and at least the start of it was a wonder.

No one knew that they were going and there was not a soul around the armory watching for them to come out, but no sooner were they out than the crowd gathered and the corner of Pine avenue and St. Lawrence boulevard was reached, a crowd cheered them on.

Yet there was nothing to announce their march, but the steady thud, thud of their boots on the ground, their feet comng down with just one sound. If this turn-out is taken as a sample of what will happen tomorrow, there will be some great speed made.

Boys and men who essayed to follow them, dropped out as a rule before they had gone half a dozen of blocks, and one carter's horse had to gallop to keep up with them.

It was an inspiring sight.

LAST FOOTBALL MATCH OF THE SEASON.

The last association football match of the season will take place on the Kent House grounds this afternoon between the Empress of Ireland and the following team representing Montmorency:

Willis, Mills, Roberts, Rose, Kear, Forbes, Price, Phillips, Warner, Taylor and Newton.

MONTREALL WRESTLER AGAIN VICTORIOUS.

Ottawa, Nov. 7—Charles Simard again defeated Mort Henderson in their wrestling match here tonight. He won the first fall in 35 minutes and the second in 20 minutes, both with body and leg holds. Henderson was unable to withstand the great strength of the heavyweight championship aspirant.

MARITIME HOCKEYISTS ACCEPT AGREEMENT.

Halifax, N.S., November 7—Harmony prevailed at the annual meeting of the Maritime Province Hockey Association at the Halifax Hotel yesterday afternoon. The Halifax Socials and Crescents and the Sydney Millionaires were represented. Neither Moncton nor New Glasgow sent representatives; the former will not be in the league owing to not having a rink. New Glasgow is, however, expected to be in the league and to have representatives at the next meeting. Gordon Isnor represented the Socials, John Murphy and Jas. Cosgrove the Crescents, and J. C. Larder and D. J. Buckley the Millionaires. President Lithgow presented his report for last season, criticizing the disregard for by-laws and rules at some of the decisions given by the executive, and stated that unless the incoming president had full powers they would not get anybody to act.

John R. Morrison was present on behalf of Glace Bay, asking for admission, which was deferred until New Glasgow is heard from.

The agreement between the N.H.A. and Pacific coast league, copies of which were submitted, were fully discussed, and it was decided that the agreement as far as it applies to the section with amendments, take the place of the present agreement, which expires Janutry 15th.

The Merit and Goodness of "Black Cat" Cigarettes are proved by their Tremendous Sales

From the fields of the choicest Virginia Tobacco, the leaves that go into the "Black Cat" Cigarettes are selected.

They are carefully ripened and cured until a most delightful, pure, aromatic flavor is brought out.

Black Cat

These famous cigarettes come from the cradle of the Tobacco Industry, where the careful selection of tobacco is not a modern science but an art long established and handed down from generation to generation.

Black Cat

An Unsolicited Analytical Endorsement

The London Lancet, the most authoritative Medical Journal in the world, published on page 548 of its issue of August 24, 1912, an analysis of various best known cigarettes including "Black Cat" Cigarettes. The report shows that the least harmful tobacco is that which contains the least Furfural.

In other words *The London Lancet's* analyst has proved that "Black Cat" Cigarettes are the purest and best for health.

Black Cat

Look for the Profit-Sharing Coupon in Every Packet of "Black Cat" Cigarettes.

Value of Coupons. Instead of receiving a dividend in cash, smokers receive Profit-Sharing Coupons worth about twice as much in obtaining the Profit-sharing gifts described in the Booklet found in each packet. All articles described in the Booklet are *British-made* by well-known manufacturers and of the best quality.

Black Cat

Mild Cigarettes—10 for 10 Cents Medium

In every packet of "Black Cat" Cigarettes you will find one Profit-Sharing Coupon and the Booklet, giving full particulars and the list of gifts. Save the Coupons, select the gift, and mail Coupons to the address below. Your gift will reach you by return. Address:

CARRERAS & MARCIANUS OF CANADA, Limited **853 St. Lawrence Boulevard, Montreal, Que.**

If you do not find the Booklet of Gifts in the packet write to us.

SIX-DAY BICYCLE RACE.

Boston, Nov. 7—Alfred Grenda, the Tasmanian wood-chopper, carried the six-day bicycle riders on a merry whirl about the arena saucer tonight, in an effort to make up the lap he lost by forfeit when forced to retream following the loss of his portner, Hehir.

Grenda ,with the assistance of his new partner, Carman, peddled a complete ring around the leaders, getting on even terms, only to lose his lap again when Joe Fogler and Eddie Root started another "jam." The Tasmanian left in the ruck, dropped back to where he was when the evening started. He made the night a tiresome one for the other riders by repeated efforts to win back the lead.

The 1,000 mile mark was passed tonight during the 44th hour of the race, and at 10 o'clock the score was 1,043 miles, two laps for the five leaders. Grenda-Craman and Ryan-Corry were one lap behind, and the Keefe-Kopsky pair were three laps in the rear.

EXCLUSIVE WIRELESS LINE.

London, November 7—A wireless line devoted entirely to traffic between Canada and the United Kingdom is amongst the many important wireless developments now pending by the Marconi Company.

"It is hoped to complete arrangements very shortly by which the present line from Glace Bay to Clifden will be devoted entirely to Canada," said an official of the company. We have just completed the installation of a duplex system at these two stations," says an official of the company, "and the only things which is delaying us is a slight difficulty in regard to communications between the transmitting and receiving stations at Letterfrank and Clifden. It is purely a land line difficulty, to which the post office is now attending.

"We expect that in a week or two everything will be ready and we hope to transmit messages at the rate of 100 words a minute and receive them at a similar rate.

"We also propose to lower the tariff between Great Britain and Canada to 10 cents a word as against 15 cents at present and one shilling a word charged by the cable companies. Deferred messages will naturally be sent at a reduced rate, though we have not yet decided whether to make the reduction 50 per cent."

RAILROAD AGENT DIES.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 7. — W. A. Vaughan, aged 65, for years general passenger agent of the Atlanta Terminals Company, and one of the best known railroad men in the south, died here today after a brief illness. Mr. Vaughan at one time was connected with the Michigan Central. His body will be taken to Detroit, his former home, for burial.

Genuine Calabash Pipes
from $1 to $2.50
Sold at 75 cts
Come and pick them out
— AT —
LANGLOIS CIGAR STORE
40-42 St. John St.
QUEBEC
aug12xtu,th,satx1y

ALLEGED FORGER TAKEN YESTERDAY

MAN CHARGED WITH SIGNING VAN HORNE'S NAME TAKEN AT HERVEY JUNCTION.

News reaches here from Champlain County of the arrest of a man named J. A. McClure, who is charged by the Manager of La Banque Nationale, at St. Tite de Champlain, with having tried to cash a cheque for $500 drawn on the Bank of Montreal by the Laurentide Paper Company and signed by E. Van Horne, President.

Mr. Lebrun, the manager of the bank, who on receiving the cheque recognized it to be false held it telling McClure that he would look into the matter. He immediately communicated with Montreal and verified his conjectures, after which he placed the matter in the hands of High Constable Dover, of Three Rivers, who arrested McClure at Hervey Jnct. McClure will be tried in Three Rivers.

SEEK SOLUTION OF IRISH QUESTION

IMPORTANT MEMORANDA HAVE PASSED BETWEEN THE TWO GREAT PARTIES.

London, Nov. 7—Writing in the Canadian News, Mr. Sheehen, M.P., sums up the Irish situation in the following words:—

"The powerful authority of the Throne is mediating, according to legitimate usage, in an endeavor to find a peaceful solution. Important memoranda have passed between the leaders of the two great parties.

"Stripping the recent notable pronouncements of their party garnishings, we see the following situation:

"Premier Asquith, speaking at Ladybank, said the Government was ready for a free, frank, unprejudiced interchange of views and suggestions. Mr. Bonar Law, replying at Newcastle, said he could not be expected to shout back an answer in detail, but promised carefully to consider any proposals the Premier makes with a real desire to find a solution.

Sir Edward Grey, who represents, in a special manner, the British conception of the Imperial idea, looks beyond Home Rule in Ireland to a scheme of devolution in the United Kingdom, and suggests Home Rule within Home Rule for Ulster. He particularly specifies autonomous control of education and police.

Sir Edward Clarke, ex-Solicitor-General and a Unionist, returns to the political arena as a reluctant advocate of Home Rule because he thinks a dangerous political experiment is better far than civil war. He advocates provincial converts for each of the four provinces of Ireland.

"Finally Mr. Bonar Law declares that in order to avoid civil war in Ireland he is ready for any sacrifice so long as they do not mean loss of honor or ruin of national interests.

These are the factors that weigh the most at the moment. They are creditable in the highest degree to the temper and the statesmanship of British politics.

THE SECONDER OF THE ADDRESS.

The seconder of the address in reply to the speech from the throne in the Legislative Assembly of the Provincial Legislature which formerly opens next Tuesday, is Mr. W. A. Bullock, member for Shefford. As already announced the address will be moved by Mr. Lucien Cannon, the young representative of Dorchester County.

WANTS NANAIMO STRIKERS ALLOWED OUT ON BAIL

Vancouver, Nov. 7.—Chief Justice Hunter today intimated that the 127 defendants who are in jail awaiting trial on charges connected wit hthe riots in Nanaimo and Ladysmith should be allowed out on bail. So far as he could see, said His Lordship the evidence against the accused was such as would warrant him in releasing them but he would take up the cases individually before giving a final decision on any of them. The probability is that bail will be granted.

CANADIAN DINOSAURS TAKEN TO NEW YORK.

New York, November 7.— Enough bones of the monoclonius, or horned dinosaur have at last been unearthed from the Red Deer river region in Alberta, Canada, to form the first complete skeleton of the prehistoric creature. Barnum Brown, of the staff of the American Museum of National History, has just returned to New York with a carload of bones of the dinosaur and other mammoth animals which flourished in Red Deer River region some three million years ago, it is estimated.

Fragments of the bones which now make up the first complete skeleton of the monoclonius were first discovered in 1876. The skeleton complete shows that the creature stood about 5 feet high and fifteen feet long.

Besides the monoclonius, there were found parts of three new species of the horned dinosaur and sufficient material to complete the skeleton of an ankylosaurus, a weird creature which had a coat resembling a suit of armor and carried a sort of club at the end of its tail.

The discoverers make the dinosaurus collection of the Natural History Museum here, the finest of the sort in the world.

Church Services

Cathedral of the Holy Trinity.—Sunday Service: Holy Communion, 8 a.m.; also at 7 a.m., on the second Sunday in the month. Morning Prayer, Holy Communion and Sermon on first and third Sundays in month at 11 a.m. Morning Prayer, Litany and Sermon on second, fourth and fifth Sundays in month at 11 a.m. Children's Service and Catechism at 3.30 p.m. Evening Prayer and Sermon, 7 p.m. All seats free.

St. Patrick's, McMahon street, Rev. Father Woods, C.SS.R., rector—High Mass at 10.30 a.m.; vespers at 7.30 p.m.

Lady Perpetual Help Chapel, Diamond Harbor, Rev. Father Woods, C.SS.R., Champlain street —Mass at 7 and 8 a.m.; vespers, 5 p.m.

Chalmers Church (Presbyterian), St. Ursule St.—Rev. S. T. Martin, M. A., Minister. Residence, 67 St. Ursule St. Public worship will be conducted tomorrow at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. The minister will preach at both services. Sabbath School and Ladies Bible Class at 3 p. m. Strangers are cordially invited to worship with the congregation.

Trinity Church, St. Stanislas St., (below St. John).—Rev. A. R. Beverley, Rector. Sunday Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Classes at 3 p.m. Holy Communion 1st Sunday in month, at 11 a.m.; 3rd Sunday at 7 a.m., Brotherhood of St. Andrew, 1st and 3rd Mondays, at 7.30 p.m. Service every Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock.

St. Andrew's Church (Presbyterian) St. Ann St.—Rev. Dr. A. T. Love, pastor; residence, 106 St. Ann St. Public worship at 11 a.m., and 7 p.m. Sabbath School, 3 p.m. Strangers cordially invited to this old historic church—services date from 1759.

St. Andrew's (Presbyterian), Levis, Rev. J. J. Wright, B.A., pastor— Regular Sunday Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

St. Michael's, Sillery — Rev. E. A. Dunn, M.A., rector. Holy Communion every Sunday at 8 a.m. Morning Prayer, Holy Communion and Sermon on the second and fourth Sundays in month at 11 a.m. Morning Prayer, Litany and Sermon on the first, third and fifth Sundays in month at 11 a.m. Young People's Service at 3.30 p.m. Evening Prayer and Sermon at 7 p.m.

St. Peter's, 230 St. Valier St., St. Roch, Rev. E. A. W. King., M.A., R.D., Rector — Morning Prayer at 10.30. Bible Class and Sunday School at 2.30 p.m. Evening Prayer, 8 p.m. Holy Communion celebrated about mid-day on the first and third Sunday in the month, and on all other Sundays, at 8 a.m. Seats free. All welcome.

St. Matthew's Church, St. John St. (without)—Rev. Canon Scott, Rector: Holy Communion, 7.30 a.m.; Choral Celebration of Holy Communion, 11 a.m.; Mattins, 10.30 a.m.; Evensong, 7 p.m. Daily Holy Communion at 7.30 a.m.; Evensong, 5 p.m.

St. Mary's, Montmorency Falls—Incumbent, The Rev. E. R. Roy, M.A., Divine Service on the first and third Sundays in the month at 11 a.m. The second and fourth Sundays at 7.30 p.m. Holy Communion, first Sunday of every month, after 11 o'clock service, and on special festivals.

Methodist Church Services tomorrow, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The pastor, Rev. T. P. Perry, will preach morning and evening. Strangers cordially welcome.

Baptist Church — Oppo. Artillery Park. Public worship at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Pastor, Rev. W. Willis Wilks. A welcome to citizens and visitors is extended.

Holy Trinity Church, Levis, Rev. W. H. Cassap, Rector; list of services: 1st Sunday in the month—Celebration of the Holy Communion, 8 a.m.; Evening Prayer and Sermon, 7 p.m. 2nd Sunday — Morning Prayer and celebration of the Holy Communion, 11 a.m.; Evening Prayer and Sermon, 7 p.m. 3rd Sunday—Morning Prayer and Sermon, 11 a.m.; Evening Prayer and Sermon, 7 p.m. 4th Sunday—Morning Prayer and Sermon, 11 a.m. 5th Sunday—Morning Prayer and Sermon, 11 a.m.; Evening Prayer and Sermon, 7 p.m.

TO BE CORRECT, WEAR NEW TURKISH VEIL.

Paris, Nov. 7—The Turkish veil, some time known as the "yashmak," is to be the chic thing in Paris during this Fall, and Paris beauties will hide one-half their pretty faces behind it.

The new veils are not confined to the face, it should be understood. At Longchamps many of the fair attendants looked for all the world like overgrown lampshades, costumed in floating draperies from the waist, while others resembled spiral staircases rolled round and round in dresses expanded at the hips and tailing off like a corkscrew at the feet.

EX-DEPUTY-MINISTER DIES AT OTTAWA

Ottawa, Nov. 7.—John Lowe, ex-Deputy Minister of Agriculture, died here tonight in his 90th year. He was born at Warrington, England, in 1824. From 1850 to 1870 he was senior editor and proprietor of the Montreal Gazette in the latter years entering the Dominion Public Services as census officer, and later as Assistant Deputy and Deputy Minister of Agriculture. He retired in 1895.

DEADLOCK IN U.S. SENATE COMMITTEE

CURRENCY BILL DEBATE LEADS TO BITTER FEELING AMONG THE MEMBERS.

Washington, Nov. 7.—A shift in the line-up in the currency bill today strengthened the position of the administration forces, but left the Senate committee in a temporary deadlock. Senators Reed and O'Gorman, who have been opposing administration proposals in the committee, rejoined the Democrats and the committee voted to reconsider the decision which cut down from twelve to four the number of regional banks in the proposed new system.

Senator Crawford (Republican) voted with the Democrats to reconsider but a discussion which at times waxed warm and which lasted all afternoon, failed to force a vote on a proposition to fix the number of banks at seven. Senator Crawford said he had voted to reconsider solely as a matter of courtesy. He made it clear that he would not support a resolution to increase the number. Senator Hitchcock made it plain that he would not swing into line with the other Democrats and with a six to six tie in prospect, the administration forces avoided a vote.

A Point Gained.

The administration senators succeeded today in voting to retain the Secretary of the Treasury on the proposed federal reserve board. The reading of the bill was begun and a number of minor proposals were passed upon The committee voted down a proposal to force a double liability similar to that of present National Bank stockholders, on the stock of the proposed regional banks. The section of the present bill, which would force all National Banks into the system under penalty of losing their charters within a year was changed. National Banks, under the amendment, would be required to signify their intention of entering a system within sixty days. Banks which are at present reserve agents, and which fail to enter the new system within 90 days would forfeit their reserve agencies. The committee voted down a proposal by Senator Crawford to allow the regional banks to be created to do a general commercial banking business.

Fundamentals in Question.

With the committee hard at work, but tied up on the fundamentals of the bill, the movement for a caucus of Democratic senators gained momentum today. A petition was circulated by Senators Ashurst, of Arizona and Martine of New Jersey, calling for a conference on the currency question generally. No detailed directions were included in the call. It was understood tonight that the real subject of the caucus and its scope in relation to the work of the committee would be decided after it met. Administration senators, including Senator Owen, declared that they had taken no part in the starting of the call for a conference, and it was stated that the administration was not behind the call.

Senator Kern, the chairman of the Democratic caucus, to whom the call is directed, left Washington. He will not return until Monday and the call will be presented to him then.

Talk of rather bitter feeling among the members of the committee and reported heated outbursts during the sessions cropped up today. It was asserted that one member of the committee on the Democratic side had threatened to leave the committee room and refuse to participate in the deliberations after Chairman Owen had made a speech urging support for administration proposals.

PEAR-SHAPE TO BE WOMAN'S NEW FIGURE.

Autumn Styles Fix Gowns Tight at Feet and Full at Shoulders.

London, Oct. 7—The Fall costumes, decreed for women by European style makers, will cause those who obey orders to resemble inverted, elongated pears. Coats and gowns will fit tightly at the ankles and very loosely at the shoulders; an immense muff will be carried, to add to the broadening effect of the upper portion of the correct costume, and a large fur boat will encircle the neck and drape the shoulders gracefully.

No single material will be sufficient for the making of a gown. Several fabrics of various harmonizing shades must go int othe construction of the fashionable frock. The brighter the colors used the more fashionable the creation.

PANAMA COLLISION.

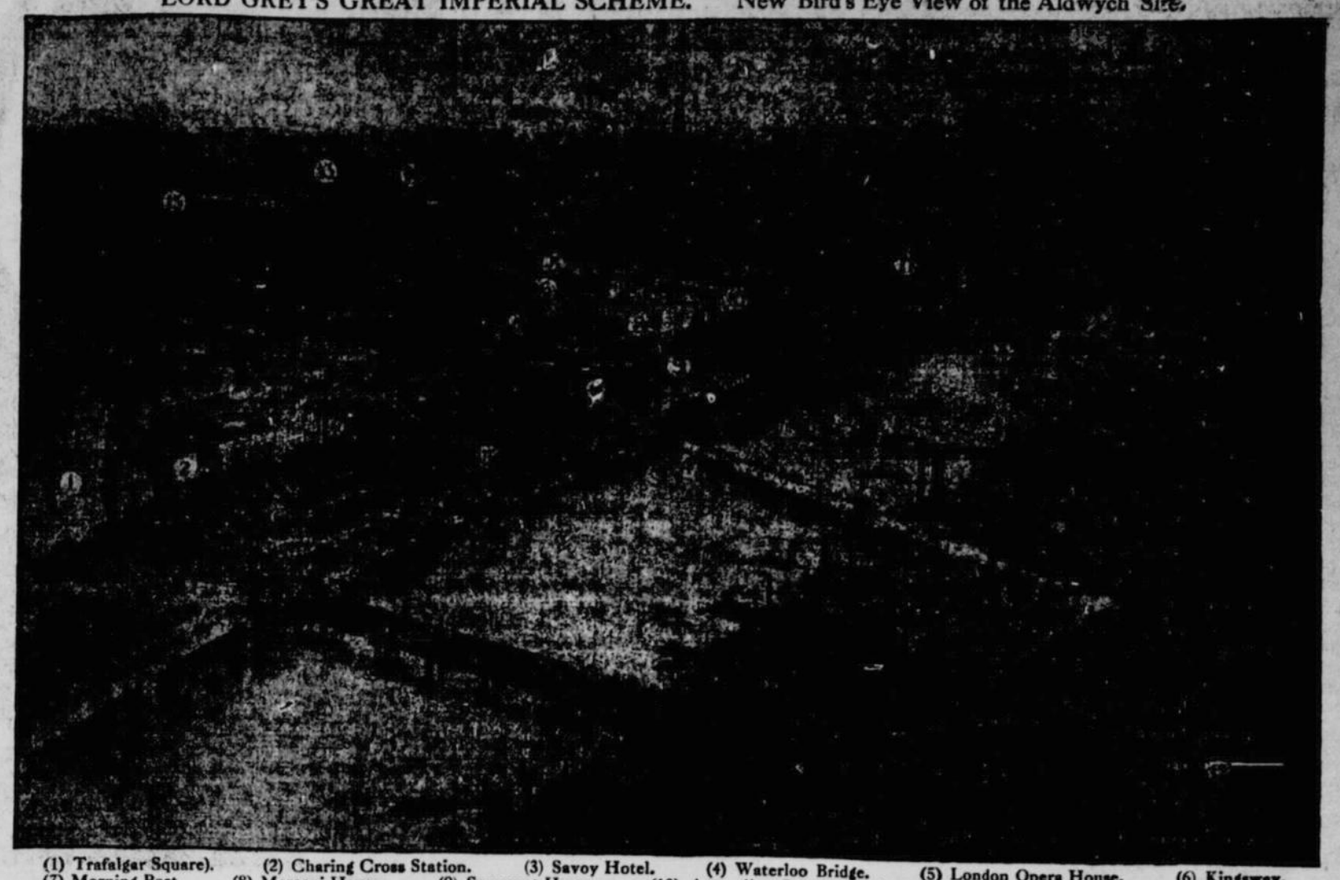
Panama, Nov. 7.—Six persons were killed and five injured as the result of a collision last night between a passenger train and a repair train on a branch line of the Panama Railroad eight miles from Panama. J. H. Wilkins, engineer of the work train, was the only American killed, the other five dead being West Indian members of the train crew. No passenger was injured.

It is stated that the accident was caused by the repair train running on the passenger train's time.

POCKETBOOKS FROM HIDE OF "QUEENIE"

New York, Nov. 7.—The hide of "Queenie," a 150-year-old elephant, that was mate to the famous Jumbo at one time, has been converted into pocketbooks and the pocketbooks are on sale at the shops of a downtown jewelry firm here.

LORD GREY'S GREAT IMPERIAL SCHEME. New Bird's Eye View of the Aldwych Site.



(1) Trafalgar Square). (2) Charing Cross Station. (3) Savoy Hotel. (4) Waterloo Bridge. (5) London Opera House. (6) Kingsway. (7) Morning Post. (8) Marconi House. (9) Somerset House. (10) Australian Commonwealth Site. (11) Law Courts. (12) Temple. (13) Euston (L. & N. W. Rly.). (14) King's Cross (G. N. Rly.). (15) British Museum. (16) St. Paul's Cathedral. (17) Waterloo Station (L. & S. W. Rly.

The above illustration, taken from Westminster Bridge, shows the magnificent and unique site, the option for which Lord Grey has secured for the Dominions Overseas, should the idea appeal to them to erect thereon a great Imperial building, and which will be as visible, suggestive, and inspiring as St. Paul's.

As will be seen in the illustration, the site is in the very centre of the Metropolis—halfway between St. Paul's Cathedral and Trafalgar Square, flanked by the Courts of Justice, Somerset House, and the other great institutions of the city With the exception perhaps of the Mansion House, probably more people pass this point during the day than any other in London, while north of this great island site is a splendid new street, Kingsway, which in ten or twenty years time (a very short span in the life of a nation) will be one of the finest streets in Great Britain. The amount to be paid for this site is, according to a leading Montreal paper, "a surprisingly low one, a price at which land could not be got on St. James' or St. Catherine's Streets."

The money expended would be by no means all outgoings, for after securing what would be undoubtedly the most impressive headquarters in London, a considerable return would accrue from the large amount of remaining space which would be rapidly filled by institutions and business concerns connected with Canada, many of which have expressed a keen desire to become tenants the moment the scheme matures.

London is not only the centre of the Empire, but is becoming more and more the magnet of the world. Tens of thousands, not of needy aliens, but the leading citizens of both hemispheres visit the city every year, and pass this spot in the heart of her busiest thoroughfare.

As does a business house, so must a nation advertise her wares, and no one can accuse Canada of not having set the pace. Here we have an opportunity of taking a leading part, in not temporary exposition, but in a great monument in stone, which will secure a permanent exhibition of her vast resources and which would focus Imperial trade in a manner otherwise unobtainable. To quote the *Australian World*, "Such a colossal building as the one contemplated, with its commercial administrations, aims and possibilities, would come to be regarded as the embodiment of the Empire in such a way that even the most unimaginative, unthinking and unreflecting person would be forced to realise what the British Empire is, and what it means."

It rests with the people of Canada to say "Yes," or "No."

NON-MILITANTS ARE AFTER AGREEMENT

SUPPRESSION OF MILITANTS ONLY WAY OF SECURING THE VOTE.

London, Nov. 7.—Decided efforts are being made to induce the British Government to come to an agreement with the suffragists, whereby a measure for the enfranchisement of women can be made a section of the official programme of the Liberal party now in power.

Some of the suffragist leaders admit that this movement has obtained considerable headway, and a significant feature of the conferences which have been held in the presence at them of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick William Pethick-Lawrence, who left the fold of the Women's Social and Political Union, the militant organization, at the request of Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, and who took with them their paper, "Votes for Women."

It is known that the Government will consider only a compromise based on an unqualified repudiation of the Woman's Social and Political Union, and all of its militant methods.

Hitherto the constitutional suffragists have refused to criticise formally the actions of their militant sisters, declaring that it was bad tactics in the face of the common enemy to question the actions of the militant organization, but several of the prominent constitutional suffragist leaders express themselves as willing to abandon their former attitude in regard to the fighting section.

They have, they declare, been convinced that suppression of the militants is the only hope of securing the parliamentary suffrage for women, which is the only form of political activity denied to them in the British Isles, where they possess the municipal suffrage and may hold every civic office outside of parliament.

TRAIN HITS AUTO

Two Killed and Two Injured in Collision.

Erie, Pa., Nov. 7.—Gerald Richardson, son of John H. Richardson, a wealthy department store owner and prominent Pennsylvanian, and Eleanor Kennedy of Bradford, Pa., were crushed to death tonight when a freight train on the Erie & Pittsburgh Railroad wrecked an automobile driven by Richardson at the West Lake road crossing near here.

Irvin McMullen, owner of a local theatre, and Beatrice Treavold, of this city, are dying in a local hospital from injuries. It is believed that a drizzling rain blurred the windshield of the automobile and Richardson was unable to see the train.

MEETS FOOTBALL DEFEAT FOR THE FIRST TIME

State College, Pa., Nov. 7.—For the first time in its history the Pennsylvania State College football eleven was defeated on the home grounds today, Notre Dame University winning 14 to 7.

The game was the hardest fought and one of the most brilliantly played of any game ever seen at Pennsylvania State. With the exception of five minutes each at the close of the first half and opening of the second half the Blue and White outplayed the visitors.

In these few minutes Notre Dame uncovered a series of brilliantly executed forward passes, which together with the wonderful gaining power of Eichenlaub, the two hundred pound fullback, produced two touchdowns, Dorais taking both goals.

LIND AND CARDEN HOLD CONFERENCE

REPRESENTATIVES OF STATE AND ENGLAND SAID TO DIFFER WIDELY.

Mexico City, Nov. 7—John Lind, President Wilson's personal representative in Mexico, was in conference here tonight for fore than two hours with Sir Lionel Carden, the British Minister. Neither Mr. Lind nor Sir Lionel would repeat for publication the gist of their conversation, but it is believed the opinions of the two men differ widely regarding the Mexican problem and the part the United States should play in its solution.

It developed tonight that Mr. Lind's stay in the capital would be longer than was anticipated. It is not improbable that he will remain there until a final settlement or a final break in the negotiations is recorded.

Doubtful About Huerta.

Unwilling to admit another failure on the part of Washington to bring about the elimination of President Huerta, John Lind, President Wilson's personal representative, nevertheless, failed today to manifest any enthusiasm over the prospect of Huerta giving up office. From his manner and his conversation he indicated that he believes the negotiations are nearing an end.

There was nothing at the American embassy today to indicate that a more favorable turn in the events is expected, and there is reason to believe that an ultimatum, in its full diplomatic sense, soon will be handed Huerta, the time limit being brief. It is expected that this new document will be so written as to bring an end to the relations between the two countries before Nov. 22, the date fixed for the convening of the new congress, unless Huerta sees fit to agree to the terms of the Washington communication.

Mr. Lind today saw no Mexican government official and probably will not see any during his stay in the capital, which it is believed will be short. Mr. Lind had a long conference today with Nelson O'Shaughnessy, the American Charge D'Affaires.

Money Difficulties.

Silver was the fost elusive thing in the capital today. The price of foreign exchange stiffened and a few merchants resorted to the plan of issuing vouchers in the place of silver when making change. At some of the city banks the bank notes of certain state banks were refused. This caused a slight panic among the holders of such paper.

The credit slips issued by the mercantile houses have no legal standing and in many cases were refused. In cases where they were declined, the business houses were forced to hand back the bank notes to wouldbe patrons without having made a sale. These slips are written on various sorts of paper on which appears in ink or pencil "good for....," with the amount due specified. Below this usually the merchants stamped the slip with the ordinary rubber stamp bearing the firm's name. In numerous instances these slips passed as currency not only at the houses putting them out but in neighboring stores friendly to the store of issue. As yet the public has placed no prefium on paper money.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day, Cures Grip in Two Days. 25c.

DRINKING IN EUROPE.

Munich Heads the List in the Quantity of Beer Consumed.

Norwegians are one of the most temperate of northern nations, consuming but 46 1-2 pints of beer and 4 1-2 of brandy per head of population yearly.

The Dane drinks on the average 156 pints of beer, but little wine, and only 36 pints of brandy each year. The Swede manages to consume 84 pints of beer and 13 of spirits. The Russian drinks 7 1-2 pints of vodka and the same amount of beer. The Frenchman, however, takes 160 pints of wine, 15 of beer, 48 of brandy. The Britisher soothes himself with 9 pints of whisky or gin, 3 of claret and 228 of beer.

The Dutchman will drink 54 pints of beer and 12 of brandy. Taking every German province to obtain an average, it is found that the German consumes 187 1-2 pints of beer, 10 1-2 of wine and 9 3-4 of spirits. In Munich, however, the average amount per head rises to 850 1-2 pints, being the highest of any province, while the lowest average obtains in the northern province of Alsatia. Here the inhabitants are satisfied with only 144 pints of beer per head.

The Italian is the least of all adicted to alcoholic everages, taking only 3 pints of beer, 1 3-4 of alcoholic beverages and 144 of wine per head.—Pearson's Weekly.

COMPLIMENTS FOR GRAND TRUNK

Recently the Grand Trunk ran a special train from Chicago to Boston and return, to accomodate the delegates from the different Bankers Associations of the North Western States. Since their return the Company have been in receipt of several letters of commendation in regard to the service. The following being abstracts from two of these.

The Secretary of the South Dakota Bankers Association, writes as follows:—

"The writer just returned with his wife from a trip to the American Bankers Convention held in Boston and takes this opportunity to express his appreciation of the excellent service your Company rendered our party. The equipment was all that could be desired and I have never seen the dining service excelled."

The Secretary of the Minnesota Bankers Association writes:—

"As one of the passengers of the North Western Bankers Chicago-Boston Special, I wish to express my appreciation of the service furnished by your road and by the courteous attention of the employees. I was very agreeably surprised at the dining car service throughout the whole trip and it gives me pleasure to acknowledge the excellence of your service and accomodations."

RESULTS OF PRINCE GEORGE TOWN LOTS SALE.

The net results of the sale that took place at Vancouver and Edmonton the latter part of September, of lots in the Grand Trunk Pacific townsite of Prince George, B.C. amounted to $1,000,000.

NOW, WHAT DID HE GIVE HER?

A particular old gentleman, pulling something out of his soup that should not have been included among the other ingredients, thus addressed his cook: "Josephine, I am much obliged for your thoughtfulness, but next time kindly give it to me in a locket."—London Tit-Bits.

"Koh-i-noor" Quality means Pencil Economy also. One "Koh-i-noor" easily outlasts half a dozen ordinary pencils, 17 degrees and. Copying Don't be put off with imitations — only L. & C. Hardtmuth's "Koh-i-noor" is good enough for you.

IS CHRISTIANITY FAILURE IN INDIA?

HINDU DELEGATE TO CONFERENCE AROUSED AUGER BY ARGUING THAT IT IS.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 7.— Dr. Keshava Deva Shastri of Benares, India, who addressed the International Purity Congress today aroused the ire of many of the delegates, and it was demanded that his name be stricken from the program. At a business meeting it was decided not to do so, and the doctor probably will deliver his scheduled speech tomorrow. The trouble grew out of an interview printed in a local newspaper, which was construed as an attack on the Christian missions in his native land.

Among the statement attributed to Dr. Shastri and to which exceptions were taken, as appearing in the published interview were:

"If Americans knew how much money is being spent in missionary work and how little is being accomplished, the donations for proselything would stop at once.

"Christianity has gained practically no headway in India.

"There is little prospect that the Hindus in any great number will ever be converted to the Christian religion.

"As to the low class Hindus, the missionary system is one of bartering material aid for converts.

"The Missionary lives like a lord with a retinue of servants."

Dr. Shastri told the committee appointed to act on his case that he stood by the interview in every detail.

"I was not intending an attack," he said. "I was asked questions about conditions in my country and I told about them."

SEIZED AIGRETTES ARE ONLY IMITATIONS.

New York, Nov. 7.—Most of the plumage seized by the customs inspectors here as aigrettes, which are prohibited from this country, proved to be imitations made of horsehair, customs officials announced late today, after completing their appraisal of the confiscated ornaments originally valued by the inspectors at $3,000 to $4,000, the value of the so-called aigrettes has dwindled to $400 and they probably will be returned to the women who were forced to surrender them.

Appraisers said the imitations were clever and had been sold to American women in European shops at prices equal to those of the genuine plumage. Only ten per cent of the seizures proved to be what their owners declared they were in placing values upon them.

AVIATOR MISSING.

Paris, November 7—Some anxiety is felt here for Pierre Daucourt, one o fthe aviators in the Paris to Cairo aeroplane race. Daucourt left Varna, a town in Bulgaria, on the Black Sea coast at 10 o'clock this morning for Constantinople. Since then nothing has been heard from him.

DECLINES DUEL.

Paris, November 7—Pierre Loti, the French novelist, says he will disdain to receive the seconds of the Bulgarian Lieutenant Torcom, who is said to be coming to Paris to challenge Loti to a duel on account of the anti-Bulgarian articles he has written. He adds that if the Bulgarian's seconds are not satisfied with the statement they can always resort to assassination.

Vancouver, B.C., Nov. 7.—That there is not the slightest probability of the railway to the Yukon being built with money supplied by the Standard Oil trust, was the statement made here today by J. J. Hill, of the Great Northern Railway.

Ridgways "Old Country" TEA

The tea value of this delicious blend is absolutely unmatched. Equal in flavor and cup quality to teas of much higher price. The great household favorite which combines exceptional quality with economy. Sealed in air-tight, dust-proof packages.

Awarded Gold Medal LONDON 1911

50c. per Pound

Other Ridgways Specialties
"Her Majesty's Blend" $1.00 per lb.
"5 O'Clock" 60c. "
"Capital Household" 40c. "
May Now be Had in Town at Best Shops.

Agents: B. Renaud & Co Quebec.

EST'D 1836

MEN WHO KNOW

prefer the J. C. Clear Havana cigar to others because they appreciate it at its full value, in other words they know a good thing when they see it. Buy some J. C. Clear Havana cigars before you go out to dinner or the club. You won't have many left if your friends find out you have some with you.

JOS. COTE, the largest distributor of Tobaccos and Candy in Quebec. Call at our Branches for fine Cigars and Chocolates: 179 St. Joseph Street; 18 and 112 St. John Street, Quebec.

Wholesale Department: 188 St. Paul Street, QUEBEC.

House Established 1875. Confidential House

E ROUMILHAC
COGNAC

Cognac Perle d'Or. Marque Deposee
Guaranteed Pure Wine

XXX Case 12 bottles ..... $ 8.00
XXXX Case 12 bottles Fine Champagne 10.50
V.S.O.P. Case 12 bottles Vieille Reserve 16.50
XXX Case 24 Flasks 9.00

On Sale at All Leading Grocers.

J. ROUMILHAC, Sole Agent and Proprietor of the Marque.
48-50 Palace Hill
Telephone 1146 - - - - QUEBEC

tues.sat.

TELEPHONE 1917

PICARD MACHINE SHOP CO.

5 LALIBERTE STREET

ENGINEERS - MACHINISTS

Stationary Engines and Marine Machinery, Electrical, Hydraulic and Steam Elevators.

REPAIRS OF ALL KINDS

decl0xlaw.satxly

QUALITY COUNTS DON'T OVERLOOK THIS FACT

YOU may teach a PARROT to say "JUST AS GOOD" but he won't know what he's talking about.

Don't listen to the fake dealer that tells you that, this and that is just as good as TIMMONS'. DON'T "GUESS," "WONDER" or IMAGINE, but ask for TIMMONS' and see that you get our Ginger Ale, Soda Water, Ginger Beer, etc., and you are certain to get purity and quality. WE SPECIALIZE IN AERATED WATERS.

Our Dry Ginger Ale as high-class baverage challenges the world, and our Claire Fontaine Water is the "World's Best."

Our Motto is PURITY and OUR WATCHWORD THE BEST.

M. TIMMONS & SON,
Quebec, P. Q.

HISTORIC SERMON AT YORK MINSTER

RECTOR OF ST. CUTHBERT'S TELLS OF GENERAL WOLFE'S RELIGIOUS LIFE.

Breaching recently in York Minster, England, Rev. G. R. Pyne, Rector of Ct. Cuthbert's York, after recounting the historic associations of that church, went on to tell how the parents of general Wolfe had worshipped there, and dwelt upon the religious aspect of the young hero's life. Referring to the church he said in part:—

As the eighteenth century dawned, there might have been seen entering its doors Sunday by Sunday, all through the spring, autumn, and winter months a young parishioner, Miss Henrietta Thompson, from her home on Peaseholme Green, opposite the church. To good purpose she offered her devotions in this House of Prayer, and received into the texture of her character the priceless gift of hope. In due time she married, and for a season husband and wife were privileged to attend St. Cuthbert's church, together being impressed with this living message. Regimental duties called them to the south, but they took with them the grace of hope, and when their eldest son was born, endowed him with this great gift.

Amid temptation, trials, difficultics, hope built upon the rock of true religion was the uplifting strength of their son, known to history as General Wolfe, Hero of Quebec. As the poet Cowper says:

"Wolfe, where'er he fought,
Put so much of his heart into h act,
That his example had a magnet's force,
And all were swift to follow whom all loved."

Mr. Beckles Willson has admirably collected many letters from General Wolfe to his mother, showing her great influence upon him. In a letter to his mother, dated March 5, 1749. Wolfe says:

"Neither my inclination or interest lead me to anything that may disoblige either my father of you, much less against both, can I be persuaded to oppose your wills." On Sept. 17, 1751, he writes: "The many obliging things in your letter deserve all the acknowledgements I am able to make. They claim a return of gratitude from me, and equal concern for your happiness and welfare. I hope very few words will serve to convince you that every kindness from you or expression of kindness leaves impressions not easily erased." Mrs. Wolfe was a deeply pious woman, and in a letter to her son urged him to seek strength and consolation on his knees before his Maker, through faith in God. On his twenty-fifth birthday, Dec. 22, 1751 (old style), he replies: "You certainly advise me well. You have pointed out the only way where there can be no disappointment, and comfort that will never fail us, carrying men steadily and cheerfully in their journey, and place of rest at the end." On March 26, 1755, he writes to his mother: "To be good and religious is the only means of quieting the mind under great afflictions; we have no other comfort here below, nor anything else worth our regard. I thank you for all your kindness and for the pains you bestow upon me." And again, on July 19, 1755, he writes: "For riches, honors, possessions and the dazzling advantages of this world, I disregard them; my utmost desire and ambition is to look steadily upon danger, and the greatest happiness that I wish for here is to see you happy." The following words testify to his high esteem of his mother's character: "Resignation to the will and disposition of Heaven is so consistent with piety, charity, and a good mind, that I doubt not your thorough resignation." Baffled time after time, Wolfe pressed on amid all the difficulties of his career until his life's work was finished. Frail in body, the indomitable spirit of hope overcame every obstacle. "Now God be praised, I die happy." The legacy which he bequeathed as he lay dying upon the Heights of Abraham, was the legacy of inspiring hope, more precious than rubies. Hope for the British empire, hope for the glorious future of the Dominion of Canada, hope for the cultivation of her vast prairies and the development of her immense resources, hope for her children's children, hope for the prosperity of all in happy fellowship, hope for the progress of vital religion.

In his outward life men felt the force of Wolfe's character. The secret of it is found, under God, with his mother in the ancient parish church of St. Cuthbert in the old city of York. Hence St. Cuthbert's church bears the noble title of "The Cradle of Canada."

"What doth the future say? Hope!
Turn thy face sunward!
Look where light fringes the far-rising slope.
Day cometh onward."

Appeal for Help.

This spirit of Hope has led to the restoration thus far of St. Cuthbert's chuch, inspiring friends from all parts to give contributions to the extent of nearly £1,500. It now looks with confidence for the remaining sum of about £260, namely £200 to meet the excess of expenditure already incurred, and £60 for the completion of necessities. Besides, further of necessities. Besides, further gifts are desired for the worthy adornment of this historic House of God.

Many difficulties confront us. The parish, with a population of nearly 4,000 people, is one of the poorest in York. Supporters have rallied again and again.

To whom now shall we turn for help? We trust that this expression of our need in this sacred minster today may bear much fruit. "My God shall supply all your need according to his riches in glory by Christ Jesus." The eye of Hope sees the outpourings of offerings from cheerful hearts. "Then the people rejoiced, for that they offered willingly, because with perfect heart they offered willingly to the Lord." It may be that (in addition to the opportunity provided by the offertory) there are some visitors here who are willing to make some special thank-offering. The mission of St. Cuthbert's church still lives, namely, to inspire its parishioners and the city of York with everlasting hope, and to continue to extend its influence beyond the seas.

Now, and increasingly so in the future when Canada, the country of the twentieth century, shines with ever-brighter lustre, shall men thank God, the God of Hope, for the ancient church dictated to his memory, with all its healthful and hopeful influences. They will remember with gratitude those who have contributed to its preservation.

BOOKS REVIEWED.

MADAME TALLIEN.

Madame Tallien. A Queen of Shreds and Patches. By L. Gastine, New York: The John Lane Company.

The bitter days of the reign of Robespierre marked the beginning of a memorable friendship, that of two fellow prisoners, Theresia Cabarrus and Josephine de Beauharnais. Both were destined to attain important positions in the admiration of the people, both were to lose their positions, and die away from the glamour which they loved. The haze of sentiment which has surrounded the unfortunate empress has gradually given way to what history shows to be a truer view of her chaarcter. It is not strange to think that Josephine saw in the little Corsican her surest means to power, and that she kept his name no fairer than he forced her to keep it, when we consider her in relation to her friendship for "La Belle Tallien," a friendship never relinquished until by Napoleon's strict orders. Romance has lingered long about the name of Madame Tallien, but its glamour is dispelled by the studies of M. Gastine. Out of the mass of legend he has sought the truth, and that truth reveals a woman little meriting canonization by the mob. The author's attitude is so clearly one of investigation that the book is somewhat marred for the casual reader by his discussion of the varcity of many small points, but for the student his critical attitude cannot help attracting interest.

The early days of Madame's Tallien's life call for the most attention, for it was in that period that she was known as "Notre Dame de Thermidor," hence it is with this period that M. Gastine has been the most careful in his statements. He takes the old romantic story of the girl's imprisonment by Robespierre, and of her communication in prison with Tallien, her lover. The story of Tallien's obtaining permission for her to go into the courtyard of the prison in the evening, that she might get the air, and of his throwing stones laden with messages from some impossible distance, of her dagger being secretly and exceedingly mysteriously conveyed to Tallien's apartments as a message that he was to kill Robespierre, is naturally almost pure fiction. But since it came about that the populace believed that it was through her influence that the tyrant was put to death, it is by no means strange that she should suddenly find herself an idol of the people. But many of the legends are far too wonderful for belief.

The last marriage of Madame Tallien marks a change in her tactics. Before this she has been glad to be a queen of shreds and patches, to be admired by any kind of persons. From this time the last twenty years of her life were an unavailing struggle to secure a social position and to be received at courts. It may chance to be that in an effort toward truth, M. Gastine has drawn too unattractive a picture. There is always the danger of such an error, but such an honest effort to find what is true and what is false in th tradition cannot fail to have its value to a student of the French Revolution.

A FLOATING WORKSHOP

The British Admiralty, says the Sphere in its "Naval Notes," has been responsible for a great number of innovations in warship building, and has proved as fertile in original ideas for the improving of the more humble vessels which generally go under the name of fleet tenders. This term includes all those colliers, oil carriers, repair and victualling ships, mother ships, and others which are so useful to the main fighting force.

At the present moment the Admiralty is asking the private firms for a price to construct a large floating workshop, which will be stationed at Cromarty. This strange vessel will have three decks, and will in shape be rectangular. It will be 450 feet long and 90 feet wide. The bottom deck will contain the coal bunkers and stores, also boilers and engines for generating plant. On the deck above will be found the foundries, machine shops, boiler shops, smithies, engineering and patternmaking departments, and also accomodation for the workmen of all branches. The top deck will have housing room for the staff of 140 to 150 officers and men.

SANOL

CURES

Kidney trouble.
Price $1.50.
Leading Druggists.
W. BRUNET, 139-141 St. Joseph St.
W. B. ROGERS, 44 Fabrique St.
Correspondence invited with the
SANOL MFG. CO., LTD.,
Winnipeg, Man.

MADE IN CANADA

KODAK

Picture-taking adds interest to the walks, adds pleasure to the talks—then and afterward. Anyone can Kodak.

Catalogue at your dealer's, or write us.

CANADIAN KODAK CO., LTD.
TORONTO, CAN.

CITY HALL

CITY OF QUEBEC.
CITY CLERK'S OFFICE.
Quebec, October 28th 1913.

AMENDMENTS TO THE CITY CHARTER.

Public notice is hereby given that the City of Quebec will petition the Legislature of this Province, at its next session, to obtain certain amendments to its charter..

To be authorized to borrow one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars ($125,000.) to cover the expenditure already made and other expenditures to be incurred for, ligghting in the City by means of ornamental posts for lights; and in case the town of Montcalm should become annexed to the City, to be authorized to borrow an additional sum of $250,000. (two hundred and fifty thousand dollars to execute in the annexed territory the works mentioned in the conditions of its annexation; and to be also authorized to borrow another sum of fifty thousand dollars for public works to be executed in the municipality of the Little River in case that municipality should become annexed to the City; to be authorized to borrow an additional sum of $50,000. (fifty thousand dollars for public works of a permanent nature to be executed in Limoilou ward; to be au-
pay an interest of four and a half (4 1-2 p.c.) upon obligations issued by the City; to modify the dispositions of the Charter as to the cost of wooden sidewalks; to petition for the validation of certain exemption of taxes and the closing of streets. In conformity with the contract intervened between the City and His Majesty and other parties for the construction in this City of the National Transcontinental Railway and accessories; and also to ask the validation of a contract between the City and the Sisters of Charity of Quebec, concerning the establishment of a Civic Hospital and other objects, and also to obtain divers other amendments to its charter of incorporation.

H. J. J. B. CHOUINARD,
City Clerk, Quebec.

CITY OF QUEBEC

October 1st, 1913.

Public Notice Re Snow Guards.

The attention of the public is called to clauses 4 and 5 of By-law No. 23 concerning the lighting of certain portions of the city, which read as follows:

4. When the apparatus for the said lighting shall be placed in certain places where they may be exposed to damage through the fall of ice or snow coming from the roofs of buildings, the proprietor of said building shall place on the edge of the roof of said building a snow fender or an appropriate and convenient protection bar to prevent the fall on the said lighting apparatus of any snow or ice or objects of a similar nature to damage the said lighting apparatus.

5. If the owner of a building in this city omits or neglects to place on the edge of the roof of his building a snow fender sufficient to prevent the fall on the said electric lighting apparatus of snow or ice or other objects liable to damage the said lighting apparatus, such proprietor shall be liable to a fine not exceeding forty dollars, and in default of payment of the said fine and costs, to an imprisonment for a space of time not exceeding two months.

I have the honor to request proprietors opposite whose property ornamental poles have been erected to kindly have the snow guard above referred to erected immediately.

W. D. BAILLAIRGE,
City Engineer.

SANTAL-MIDY
Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.

"AMERICA'S SWITZERLAND"

LAKE TOXAWAY, N. C.
TOXAWAY INN NOW OPEN
$75,000 Improvements Including 40 new Bathrooms, Golf Links, 20-mile Lake Drive.

PASSACONAWAY INN, York Cliffs, Maine
Seashore and Country combined.
A charming picturesque resort, directly on and overlooking the ocean, combined with every known Summer pastime.
Golf, Tennis, Billiards, Bowling, Automobiling, Garage, Bathing, Fishing, Sailing, Fine Orchestra.
On direct line to Portland and the White Mountains.
Open June 27th. For booklet address
HOLLAND HOUSE, Fifth Avenue and 30th Street, New York.

GEORGIAN TERRACE, Atlanta, Ga.
Headquarters for tourists from all points of the compass.

HOLLAND HOUSE, 30th St., and 5th Avenue, is the most delightfully located hotel in New York.

ALBEMARLE-HOFFMAN
NEW YORK

A new modern hotel representing a Five Milloin Dollar investment on the site of the former Hoffman House,
BROADWAY, 24TH STREET, FIFTH AVENUE
The Acme of Architectural Perfection
LOCATED AT THE HUB OF NEW YORK'S GREATEST BUSINESS. OVERLOOKING MADISON SQUARE.
Accommodations for 1,000, offering maximum luxury and comfort at much lower rates than offered in any other Hotel in America, consistent with highest class service.
A Good Room at $1.50 Per Day.
A Good Room, with Bath, $2.00 Per Day.
Handsome Apartments of any number of rooms at proportionate rates. The Management is a guarantee of the highest refinement and protection to ladies and families. DANIEL P. RITCHEY.

feb.15xtu,th,sat.to.Nov.13.

IN THE HEART OF THINGS

Hotel Martinique
Broadway at 32d St.,
NEW YORK.
600 Rooms 400 Baths
Splendid room, with adjoining bath, $2.00.
With private bath, from $2.50.
Special weekly rates.
Restaurant Prices Moderate.
The most convenient location to theatres, department stores and all transit lines; baggage transferred to and from Pennsylvania Station free.
Chas. S. Taylor, President.
Walter Gilson, Vice-President.
Walter Chandler, Jr., Gen. M'gr.

Oct.14xtu.th.satx40

RESORTS — ANLANTIC CITY.

HOTEL STERLING
Kentucky Avenue, near Beach,
Atlantic City, N.J.
Open all year. Write for booklet and rates. The Norris Co., A. L. Beidleman, Manager.

Spt.20xtu,th,stx26

HOTEL ALBERT
11TH STREET & UNIVERSITY PLACE
One Block West of Broadway
NEW YORK CITY
Close to Wholesale and Retail Dry Goods Districts, Railroad and Steamship Lines.
MODERN ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
300 Rooms (200 with Bath)
RATES $1.00 PER DAY UP
Excellent Restaurant and Cafe. Moderate Prices.
Send for free Illustrated Guide and Map of New York City.

dec24xtu,th,sat1x1y

HOTEL GREGORIAN
NEW YORK CITY,
35TH ST.,
FIFTH AV., BROADWAY,
14 Stories. Modern. Absolutely fireproof. Luxurious, comfortable and home-like.
Nearest amusements, shops and depots.
None better at Any Price.
300 Rooms, each with a private bath.
A good room and bath, $2.00 per day.
Others up to $3.50.
Parlor, Bedroom, Bath, $4.00.
Special rates week or month.
Restaurant a la Carte.
Also Table d'Hote.
D. P. RITCHEY, Prop.

Mch.5xwed.sat.x1y.

NEPTUNE INN
J. T. LEVALLEE, PROP.
115 Mountain Hill.
American and European Plan.
Cafe Attached to Hotel.
Close to Boats, Elevator, Cars and Trains.
Phone 1708. QUEBEC.

Telephone 1841 — SAVOY CAFE and Quick Lunch — Telephone 2102
68 St. John Street — Crown & Dorchester Streets (Underground Floor)

Special Dinner 25c
Special Chicken Dinner 40c
Malpecque Oysters (on the half-shell), per dozen 50c
American Oysters, (on the half-shell), per dozen 35c
We serve Oysters in all styles.

Phone 4956 DUGAL Phone 1858
HOTEL-RESTAURANT-CAFE
142 St. John St., Quebec.
Rooms, $1.00 upward; with board, $2.00. Special rates by the week. Breakfast (6:30 to 10 a. m.), 35c. Luncheon (12 to 2 p. m.), 35c. Dinner (6 to 8 p. m.), 50c.
Open from 6:30 a. m. until 1 a. m.
P. W. DUGAL, Prop.

ST. GEORGES HOUSE
18 St. Anne Street
Opposite Place d'Armes,
MOST CENTRAL LOCATION IN QUEBEC
Very suitable for business men, being close to Law Courts, Post Office and Lower Town Offices.
Comfortable rooms, good table. Table board by week or month. Terms moderate.
Telephone 88. sept13x2m

ST. LAWRENCE HALL
MONTREAL.
Magnificent new entrance on St. James Street.
200 Rooms (many with baths attached.)
European rate from $1.00 per day.
American Plan from $2.50 per day.
A. J. HIGGINS, LTD.

Milian Medical Institute
SPECIALTY—Venereal diseases, rapidly cured according to our new process by a specialist of the Paris and London hospitals.
410 1-2 ST. JOHN STREET,
'Phone 1975.
Consultations: 7 to 9 p.m.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Societe de Construction on Permanente de Quebec, a corporation constituted by 8 Edward VII., Chapter 130, will apply to the Legislature at its next session, in order to obtain an act changing its corporate name into that of "Le Pret Hypothecaire," and granting it a new charter.

CASGRAIN, LAVERY, RIVARD, CHAUVEAU & MARCHAND,
Attorneys for Applicant
Quebec, October 29th, 1913.
oct31x1m

PUBLIC NOTICE

Estate John U. Gregory,
For Sale or to Let.
The house and residence of Mr. J. U. Gregory, No. 43 Ste. Genevieve Avenue, Upper Town (Cape). Immediate possession.
Apply to
JOS. ALLAIRE, Notary,
No. 61 St. Peter Street.

CITY OF QUEBEC.

City of Quebec,
District of Quebec.

BY-LAW No. 24a.

To Amend By-Laws, Concerning the Buildings.

(Drawn up in French Language.)

At a meeting of the City Council of the City of Quebec, held at the City Hall, in the said City of Quebec, on the seventeenth day of October, One Thousand Nine Hundred and thirteen (1913) in conformity to law, and in virtue of a By-Law passed by this Council pursuant thereto, and after the due observance of all the formalities prescribed by the statute in such case made and provided, at which meeting two-thirds of the members composing the Council of the City of Quebec, that is to say:

His Worship the Mayor, Aldermen Berube, Campbell, Cannon, Collier, Cote, Dinan, Dussault, Emond, Fiset, Gauvin, Guillot, Lantier, Lavigueur, Lockwell, Madden, Morin, Pouliot, Trudel, Verret.

It is ordained and enacted by the Municipal Council of the City of Quebec, and the said Council ordains and enacts as follows:

1st. In the following wards of the City, to wit: St. Peter's, St. Louis and Palace, it is forbidden to erect any building whatsoever, even sheds, otherwise than in stone or brick or concrete or wooden wall recovered with brick of at least four inches in thickness, or with asbestos cement.

2nd. In the following wards of this City: St. John, Montcalm, St. Roch and Jacques Cartier, not only the houses, but also all the other buildings, shops, ware houses, must be constructed of stone or brick or concrete or of wood covered with brick of at least four inches in thickness, or with materials of cement asbestos, or with a rough cast of cement laid upon metallic laths, with the exception of such sheds as are used exclusively to put in fuel or coal.

3. But even as regards such wooden sheds, their front walls bordering on a street, or public square, must also be of stone or brick or of wood recovered with brick of at least four inches in thickness, or of materials of cement asbestos, or of rough cast of cement laid upon metallic laths. The other side may be covered with sheet iron laid upon asbestos building felt of at least fourteen pounds to the toise.

4. But if such shed does not border on a street or public square, the four sides may be covered with sheet iron laid upon asbestos building felt of at least fourteen pounds to the toise.

5. In the following wards of this City, to wit: St. Sauveur, St. Valier, St. Malo, Limoilou and Champlain, the front walls of the houses, shops, ware houses, bordering on a street, or (beton), or of wood with brick of at least four inches in thickness, or with materials of cement asbestos, or of rough cast cement laid upon metallic laths.

6. The walls of wooden houses not bordering on a street of public square must be shielded with brick of at least four inches in thickness or of materials of cement asbestos, or with a rough cast of cement laid upon metallic laths, or with sheet iron laid upon asbestos building felt of at least fourteen pounds to the toise, and the sheds must be completely covered with sheet iron.

7. In all the wards of the City, if a proprietor raises his wooden building by adding one or more stories, and that by this fact, the gable ends or side walls exceed the roofs of the neighboring buildings, such gable ends or side walls may be covered with sheet iron laid upon asbestos building felt of at least fourteen pounds to the toise.

8. In all the wards of this City, if the owner of a house already built wishes to shield the gable ends or sides thereof facing a yard or a vacant lot, he may cover them with sheet iron laid upon asbestos building felt of at least fourteen pounds to the toise.

9. In all the wards of this City, the porches and enclosed stairways situated on the outside of buildings must be shielded on their sides and on the top and bottom thereof with sheet iron laid upon asbestos building felt of at least fourteen pounds to the toise or square, or with other incombustible material above enumerated.

10. The wooden sheds or outhouses used as store houses upon the wharves must be shielded with sheet iron laid upon asbestos building felt of at least fourteen pounds to the toise or square. And if there is no wooden board covered such asbestos must exceed by an inch on all sides the studs, rails or rafters.

11. Such sheds or out houses built on wharves must not be occupied as offices or rooms used as lodgings, unless such sheds be put in the same conditions as those required for the building of houses.

12. In the following wards: St. John, St. Roch, Montcalm, Jacques Cartier, St. Sauveur, St. Valier, St. Malo, Limoilou, Champlain, private stables and dependencies occupied for domestic purposes shall be considered as sheds (hangars).

13. In all the wards of this City, it is forbidden to construct wooden buildings of more than thirty-five feet in height from the average level of the sidewalk to the highest point of the roof, nor having more than three stories above the masonry walls of the cellar or basement.

14. In all the wards of the City, a wooden building constructed in conformity with the present by-law must be coated with brick, stone, materials of asbestos cement, or sheet iron immediately after it has been erected.

A STARTLING OFFER
WHICH WILL BE FAITHFULLY CARRIED OUT.
Countries of the World Puzzle
GENUINE OFFER OF SOLID GOLD WATCHES.

FREE. Try To-day.
To any Lady correctly naming the two countries illustrated and carrying out conditions below, we guarantee to present as a Free Gift a Lady's Solid Gold Watch, English Government Stamped, finest jewelled movement, perfect timekeeper, our ordinary price £5.
To Gentlemen, we present Gent's Solid Silver Watch, English Government Stamped, Heavy Cases, High-class movement, Splendid timekeeper.
A limited number of Consolation Prizes given.
The winner is required to purchase a chain from us to wear with watch.
Send your solutions, together with stamped addressed envelope for reply, and stating the name of this paper to DUDLEY & CO., WATCH FACTORS, 17, Corporation St., Birmingham, Eng.

In case the proprietor or builder should neglect to conform to the present by-law within thirty days after being notified by the City inspector of buildings to build such coating, the said building shall be considered as having been constructed contrary to law and to the by-laws of this Council.

15. In all the wards of the City, no wooden building already built and not covered with incombustible materials will be allowed to be transferred from one lot of land to another, or from one portion of the said lot to another portion of the same lot, unless it be covered in incombustible materials, as required by the present by-law immediately after such displacement.

16. In all the wards of the City, it is forbidden to use saw dust or shavings of wood between the floors or in roofs except as regards ice houses and refrigerators.

17. The outside cornices of buildings must be in incombustible materials, and in all cases the stone or brick walls behind the cornices must be extended up to the under side of the planking of the roof (or cut-fire wall, if need be), and such cornices shall be solidly fixed to the wall independently of all wood work.

18. Whenever there shall be within the limits of this City any old walls, chimneys, or buildings in ruins, either through age, or after fire which may menace public security, it shall be the duty of the City Inspector of Buildings to inspect the same and examine them, in company with a competent person and to draft a report stating the facts, and to deliver a copy of this report with a notice summoning the proprietor of the said building to demolish, throw down immediately the said walls, chimneys or buildings or any portion thereof which may be a menace to the public security, and the said proprietor shall then be bound and compelled to demolish or take them down immediately at his own cost or expense.

19. Every proprietor or builder must remove the rubbish from buildings in construction or in process of demolition through a conduit made of wood or metal, running from the upper story down to a distance of two feet from the ground.

20. When a wall of a building must be erected alongside another wall already existing, whether the latter be a wall belonging to an adjoining building or that it belongs to a wall of a building the property of the person who erects the new wall, such new wall must be built of stone or brick or of wood covered with brick of at least four inches in thickness.

21. In all the wards of the City, if a proprietor builds of wood or of brick two or more houses, he shall be bound to erect the dividing or cut-fire walls (coupe-feu) in brick or concrete, of at least eight inches in thickness between each or the said houses, and moreover the said dividing or cut-fire wall must be laid on a stone or concrete foundation.

22. The roofs of buildings in this City may be covered with five layers of ten ounce tarred paper with one layer of gravel over. The said gravel must be imbedded in warm pitch.

23. Whoever proposes to build in this City any building whatsoever, or to execute upon a building repairs, the cost of which is valued at more than one hundred dollars, must, before beginning such works of construction or of repairs, obtain from the City Building Inspector a written permit to execute the same.

24. The following sums shall have to be paid for the water from the waterworks used in the preparation of mortar or concrete to be used in the construction of buildings as follows, to wit:

A. For each thousand of bricks employed for the said building, ten cents (10 cts.).

B. For each cubic yard of masonry of stone, concrete or terra cotta, three cents (.03).

C. For each one hundred superficial yards of plastering or deafening floor, fifty cents.

25. When a building is in course of construction in line with a street, the sidewalk must be kept all the time free of obstruction.

26. Every sidewalk, whether temporary or not, fronting a building in course of construction, must be provided at a height of eight feet above the said sidewalk with a planking sufficiently strong and waterproof to protect the passers by against the fall of objects which might drop over them.

27. That all the former provisions in the City By-Laws which are incompatible with the provisions of the present by-law, are by the present by-law repealed.

28. Whoever infringes any of the provisions of the present by-law is liable to a fine not exceeding forty dollars, and in default of the said fine and costs thereof, liable to be imprisoned for a space of time not exceeding two months.

29. Each separate day during which an infringement of any of the above provisions shall be committed or continued during the day, shall constitute a distinct and separate offence punishable in the manner above prescribed.

NAP. DROUIN,
Mayor.

Attested:
L. S.
H. J. J. B. CHOUINARD,
City Clerk.

THOMAS HARDY STORY TELLER

ANOTHER PROSE VOLUME AFTER A FIFTEEN YEARS' INTERVAL.

(By E. F. E., in Boston Tronscript)

About fifteen years ago, apparently wearying of his fame as novelist, Mr. Hardy sought to conquer the world of poetry. For more than twenty-five years he had spent his time in the writing of novels and short stories, and in "Desperate Remedies" and "Judge the Obscure" with the fifteen volumes that come between them, he proved himself worthy his unrivaled reputation as a master of English fiction. The name of only one other English novelist was mentioned with his, and that not becauses of any similarity in their work, but because each in his own way had shown himself capable of revealing the soul of man through the medium of fiction. In George Meredith and Thomas Hardy, England had apparently two novelists who would beyond all doubt have a permanent claim upon the attention of posterity.

Suddenly, however, Mr. Hardy announced that henceforth he would be a poet. He had, we were informed, or at least we were led to infer, written his last novel in "Judge the Obscure." To be sure, "The Well-Beloved" came along two years later, in 1897, but it was only the revised book edition of a five-years-old serial story, and "Judge the Obscure" therefore remains, through the eighteen long years that have elapsed since its writing, his last novel. In it, as in "Tess of the D'Urbervilles" some four years earlier, Mr. Hardy had aroused the ire of those who look only for sweetness and light in the novel, in the drama and in poetry, but it seems scarcely likely that the fierce onslaught upon him by the advocates of the "early Victorian" novel could have impelled him to seek the fame of the poet. In fact, the change in him was probably the reappearing of an early tendency, for Mr. Hardy himself says, in the condensed language of "Who's Who," that he "practised the writing of verse 1860-1868; relinquished verse-writing for prose about 1868, but resumed more recently." In these "more recent" years since 1895, we have received from Mr. Hardy three volumes of poems and the further three volumes that contain the potentous poetic drama, "The Dynasts." And to these he naively adds, in getting a list of his books, "sundry poems in periodicals, including lines on the death of Swinburne, 1909-1912."

In the face of all protests, in spite of appeals that must have reached him from every part of the world, Mr. Hardy has kept faith with himself. He has written, as far as we know, nothing but verse since its writing was "resumed more recently." Now, however, he has been persuaded, or he has persuaded himself, to collect certain scattered short stories and to make them into a book. On its titlepage appear the words: "A Changed Man, The Waiting Supper, and Other Tales, concluding with The Romantic Adventures of a Milkmaid," and in it may be found twelve tales, the earliest dated 1881 and the latest 1900, all of them, however, doubtless being antecedent in his mind the and in their writing, to "Judge the Obscure." In his prefatory note, dated August, 1913, Mr. Hardy vouchsafes this explanation: "I reprint in the volume, for what they may be worth, a dozen minor novels that have been published in the periodical press at various dates in the past, in order to render them accessible to readers who desire to have them in the complete series issued by my publishers. For aid in reclaiming some of the narratives I express my thanks to the proprietors and editors of the newspapers and magazines in whose pages they first appeared." The stories and their dates, with one undated exception, are as follows:

What the Shepherd Saw	1881
The Romantic Adventures of a Milkmaid	1883
A Tryst at an Ancient Earthwork	1885
A Mere Interlude	1885
The Waiting Supper	1887
Alicia's Diary	1887
Master John Horseleigh, Knight	1893
A Committee-Man of the "Terror"	1895
The Grave by the Handpost	1897
Enter a Dragoon	1899
A Changed Man	1900
The Duke's Reappearance.	

Scarcely one of these twelve stories is not, or does not contain, a poignant tragedy. They are invariably the narration of tragic circumstances, frequently mingled with the comic in the lives of men and women who love, who indulge in love-making, or who show symptoms of loving. Each is an epitome of life and love as revealed in the fateful progress of the days or the years. Nothing too much or too little is said by the story-teller; the facts he gives are essential to the completeness of his story, and when they are given, he stops. He is always guiltless of the sin of padding; he never keeps his readers out of the secret for the sake of prolonging it beyond the length absolutely necessary for its telling. The longest story is one hundred pages; the shortest is twelve pages; in the one nothing too much, in the other nothing too little, is said. In several of them the lapses of time are many and frequent, but they have in these silent passages of the years as strong a dramatic quality as may be found in moments of intensest passion. The reader is able to feel in them the happenings of the interval. The action seems to progress as speedily as if unity of time were punctilliously observed.

As in his long novels, Mr. Hardy is still here the historian of Wessex, and familiar names reappear to readers who bear vividly in memory the scenes and people of "Far from the Madding Crowd," of "The Mayor of Casterbridge," "The Woodlanders" and "The Return of the Native." Here, too, may be found many a characteristic Hardyan episode—the delayed marriage, the soon-to-be bride or bridegroom falling in with an earlier lover, the return of recreant lover from abroad, the capricious maiden who longs for finery beyond the reach of her expectant husband, the murder kept secret through a long period of years, and the marriage interrupted by one means or another. In every story the plot is important, but it never exceeds the characters or the incidents in importance. Many story-tellers subordinate one to the other; Mr. Hadry makes them all equal, and thereby receives the added interest and arouses the continuous curiosity of his readers.

In the story called by the somewhat meaningless title, "A Mere Interlude," is disclosed the characteristic Hardy methods. It involves grim tragedy and comedy that is scarcely less grim. A school-teacher who dislikes her profession succumbs to the importunities of a suitor many years older than herself, and to the arguments of her parents, and agrees to marry him. The wedding arrangements are made, she sets forth from school for nome at the last moment, is delayed on the way, falls in with an old-time sweetheart, marries him on the impulse of the moment, and while they are on the way to make confession, he is accidentally drowned. The next day, her marriage with her elderly suitor takes place, and a month later she tells him her secret. Instead of the wrath she expects, he is in great spirits, tells her that he is a widower with four ignorant children who must be educated, "And so I thought that by marrying a young school-mistress I should get some one in the house who would teach 'em," he said. Thus by the irony of fate Baptista Trewthen became not a teacher in a school, but a teacher in her own household. None but Mr. Hardy could tell such a story as this with the combination of seriousness and sportiveness necessary to its acceptance as a true tale.

As always, Mr. Hardy is an adept at the apt phrase which expresses thought with Shakespearean compactness. Again and again his few words carry with them an astonishing clarity. "Though it had not failed her, there was, nevertheless, no great ardour in Christine's bearing—merely the momentum of an antecedent impulse." "This relic was now as dry as brick, and seemed to belong to a pre-existent civilization." "Their wills were somewhat enfeebled, their hearts sickened of tender enterprise by hope too long deferred." "From her earliest young womanhood, civilians, however promising, had no chance of winning her interest if the meanest warrior were within her heroism." And these sentences display his skill at his visualizing of a scene: "A dense white fog hung over the valley of the Exe, ending against the hills on either side. But though nothing in the vale could be seen from higher ground, notes of differing kinds gave pretty clear indications that bustling life was going on there. The audible presence and visual absence of an active scene had a peculiar effect above the fog level. Nature had laid a white hand over the creatures ensconced within the vale, as a hand might be laid over a nest of chirping birds."

Mr. Hardy calls these tales "Minor Novels," and he is right. They are novels in little, the fragments of life out of which longer novels are made. While we are sorry that he still prefers to call himself a poet, we are nevertheless grateful to ihm for bringing these tales together. They are meet companions for "Wessex Tales," "Life's Little Ironies" and "A Group of Noble Dames."

A MODERN MIRACLE

He Had Eczema 25 Years and Doctors said "No Cure."

Yet Zam-Buk has Worked Complete Cure.

This is the experience of a man of high reputation, widely known in Montreal and whose case can be readily be investigated. Mr. T. M. Marsh, the gentleman referred to, lives at 101 Delormier Avenue, Montreal and has lived there for years. For twenty-five years he has had eczema on his hands and wrists. The disease first started in red blotches, which itched, and when scratched became painful. Bad sores followed, which discharged, and the discharge spread the disease until his hands were one raw, painful mass of sores. This state of affairs continued for twenty-five years!

In that time four eminent medical men tried to cure him, and each gave up the case as hopeless. Natnurally, Mr. Marsh tried remedies of all kinds, but he, also, at last gave it up. For two years he had to wear gloves day and night so trerible was the pain and itching when the air got to the sores.

Then came Zam-Buk! He tried it, just as he had tried hundreds of remedies before. But he soon found out that Zam-Buk was different. Within a few weeks there were distinct signs of benefit, and a little perseverance with this great herbal balm resulted in what he had given up all hope of—a complete cure! And the cure was no temporary cure. It was permanent. He was cured nearly four years ago, interviewed the other day, Mr. Marsh said: "The cure which Zam-Buk worked has been absolutely permanent. From the day that I was cured to the present moment I have had no trace of eczema, and I feel sure it will never return.

If you suffer from any skin trouble, cut out this article, and mail it with one cent stamp to pay return postage, to Zam-Buk Co., Toronto. We will forward you by return a free trial box of Zam-Buk. All druggists and stores sell this famous remedy, 50c. box, or three for $1.25. Refuse harmful substitutes.

TRIES TO STIR UP LITTLE EXCITEMENT

GIRL BINDS AND GAGS HERSELF AND SETS FIRE TO RUBBISH NEAR.

Chicago, Nov. 7.—Gertrude Hanson, 16 years old, who today was found bound and gagged in the cellar of the home of O. V. Jahne, with a pile of rubbish burning near her, confessed to the police that she had set fire to the rubbish and bound and gagged herself. She said her object was to cause a little excitement. The girl was uninjured by the blaze, although nearly unconscious from smoke.

The police were called by Mrs. Jahne, who smelled the smoke and discovered the girl. After she had been released Miss Hanson told the police she had been attacked by a pyromaniac, whom she had discovered firing the house. To prevent an outcry the man had bound her and left her near the fire, she said.

DYING AMID THOUSANDS.

Huge Hoards Left by Misers Who Lived In Squalor.

The miser presents a strange problem to the student of human nature. Surrounded by dirt and often possessed of wealth sufficient not merely to provide the necessities of life but such luxuries as only the rich can afford.

It was only recently that the discovery was made at Hull (Eng.) of two women, both possessed of considerable means, who died amid the utmost squalor and poverty. Both had their abode in hovels in some vile slum, and ate just sufficient food to keep them barely alive.

When one died her hovel had to be disinfected, and upon the paper of the room being stripped from the wall, a mouse-nibbed bankbook which showed the possessor to be worth £500, was discovered. The case of the other woman was even more extraordinary. She died of malnutrition — and yet was worth £2,000!

A short while ago the authorities at St. Petersburg were engaged in distributing the vast sum of £100,000, which had been bequeathed to various churches and monasteries in very singular circumstances.

No fewer than 200 churches and other institutions benefited through this money, which had been hoarded up by an old woman — an eccentric character who might have been drawn both by Dickens and Balzac. Her name was Madame Kolobova, and when she died it was thought she was a pauper. She was, indeed, buried as such. Some talk as to her having saved a fabulous hoard led, however, to her rooms being searched.

In almost every nook and cranny, pockets tightly bound up were discovered. Those that did not contain banknotes were filled with valuable share certificates of title deeds.

In previous year Madame Kolobova had lived with her sister. Every Sunday she received any beggars or priests who might care to call, and gave liberally to both. Upon the death of her sister, she changed her life completely; became a recluse, developed miserly habits. For twelve years she never opened a door or a window. During this period she lit one fire only. Her house looked like a prison, and she had double alarm-bells on each door.

Those who lead strange lives often die strange deaths. A woman recluse named Emma Pritchard was found, some time ago, at her house in Cheltenham street, Bramley (Eng.), stretched out on a white sheet spread carefully over the carpet and attired in a white nightdress with a white pillow-slip over her head. By her side was a bottle, the contents of which—ammonia—she had taken. For years she had lived in the most miserly fashion, and yet it was discovered that she had £300 invested in Leeds Corporation stock,—160 in a Leeds building society, and £30 in the Postoffice Savings Bank.

ANGRY WATERS STILLED.

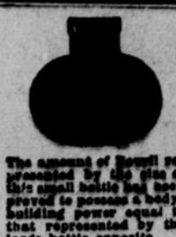
When They Reach the Wonderful "Oil Spot" Off Sabine Pass.

A freak of nature never fully described is the wonderful "oil spot", situated about ten miles south of Sabine pass, into which flows the Sabine river to the gulf of Mexico. The river forms the boundary between the states of Louisiana and Texas. The "oil spot" extends two miles along shore and seaward about three-quarters of a mile. A storm from the northeast, by way of east to southeast, has a rate of from 300 to 700 miles across the gulf of Mexico into this mystic haven.

During a gale this spot is wonderfully defined. Looking seaward the scene is grand. An acre of towering foam marks the abrupt dissolution of the lashing seas as they thunder toward the shore. This occurs in about three fathoms, or eighteen feet of water, from which the storm driven craft, creaking and straining in every timber, emerges and suddenly finds herself reposing like a child rocked in its mother's arms, hemmed in by a wall of wrath, where the weary mariner can be lulled to rest by the road of the winds. The place is termed the "oil spot" not from any known analysis of its nature, but simply from its conditions—it has no troubled water. —Philadelphia Inquirer.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day, Cures Grip in Two Days. 25c.



The amount of Bovril represented by the size of this small bottle has been proved to possess a body-building power equal to that represented by the large bottle opposite.

The remarkable Body-building Power of Bovril.
The large diagram represents the flesh and muscle-building power possessed by the amount of Bovril represented by the small bottle.

In a series of remarkable experiments upon human subjects conducted under the direct control of one of the foremost physiologists of the day and reported to the British Medical Association,

the body-building power of BOVRIL was proved to be from 10 to 20 times the amount taken.

In each case the addition of Bovril to the regular diet showed a definite increase in bodily weight —out of all proportion to the Bovril taken.

This remarkable increase was due firstly to the nourishing value of Bovril itself, and secondly to the fact that Bovril possesses the peculiar power of enabling the system to extract from other foods nourishment which would otherwise be wasted.

In cold weather

drink Bovril—the *proved* body-builder—to maintain strength and fortify the body against the attacks of disease. Bovril is the concentrated goodness of the best of beef. It is a wonderfully warming winter beverage; it builds up the weak constitution and strengthens the strong one; it guards against the grip; it checks colds and chills; it is cook's right hand in the kitchen; it is nurse's first-aid in the sick-room. Buy a bottle to-day.

861

E. T. NESBITT
BUILDER AND CONTRACTOR
Dealer in Lumber

Lumber of all kinds—dressed and in the rough.
Manufacturers Window Frames, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, and Boxes.
—also—
Panelling, Flooring, Roofing, Interior Decorations, Partitions and Skirting Boards, either in stock or specially made to order at short notice.
A full line of Doors, Sashes, Frames and Mouldings at very low prices.
Planning Mill, Lumber Yard and Offices: Corner of St. Roch and Queen Streets.
Telephone No. 2202.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY, LIMITED
MINERS AND SHIPPERS OF THE CELEBRATED
"DOMINION" STEAM AND GAS COALS
Screened, Run-of-Mine and Slack
For Particulars, apply to
SALES AGENT, 112 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne
THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.
The Most Valuable Medicine ever discovered.
The best known Remedy for
COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.
Acts like a charm in
DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY & CHOLERA.
Effectually cuts short all attacks of SPASMS. Checks and arrests those too often fatal diseases—FEVER, CROUP and AGUE.
The only palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM.
Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind, creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.

INSIST ON HAVING Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.
The immense success of this Remedy has given rise to many imitations.
N.B.—Every bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne.
CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.
Sold by all Chemists.
Prices in England: 1/1½, 2/9, 4/6.
Sole Manufacturers: J. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd., LONDON, S.E.

THE LIFE OF A MARTYR

Was In Agony For Years And Nothing Gave Him Relief Until He Used "Fruit-a-tives" The Famous Medicine Made From Fruit.

ALFRED FERRIS, ESQ.

PENETANGUISHENE, ONT., March 4th, 1913

"I want to inform you of what your remedy "Fruit-a-tives" did for me.

"For years, I was a martyr to Dyspepsia and Constipation, often having to leave work from the agonizing pains of Acute Indigestion. Doctors treated me continually, but without satisfactory results. It seemed to me that I tried every advertised medicine on the market, and got no relief.

"On one of the days that I was compelled to absent myself from work, a neighbor came to my house to whom I told of my suffering, and he said to me that all I had to do, if I had Dyspepsia, was to take "Fruit-a-tives". They would cure me. He had cured himself. I immediately procured a 50c. box and continued taking them until cured. I suppose I took in all, about eleven boxes and I am glad to be able to say that I have been free of indigestion for nearly two years. They cured the Constipation also. They were worth their weight in gold to me and I will be glad to have you publish this letter, along with my photo, if it will induce another dyspeptic to take the right road to a permanent cure."

Yours truly, ALFRED FERRIS.

Don't suffer any longer. To-day—right now—get "Fruit-a-tives" and cure yourself. "Fruit-a-tives" will sweeten the stomach—strengthen the stomach muscles, increase the quantity of digestive juices, regulate kidneys and bowels, and make the digestion as sound as a bell. Fruit-a-tives" will positively cure every case of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Belching Gas, Bloated Feeling after eating and al other disorders of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. 50c box, 6 for $2 50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

Establ'd- 1875

Head Office, Toronto

Capital Authorized $10,000,000
Capital Paid-up $6,925,000
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits $8,100,000

Letters of Credit, Drafts and Money Orders issued. Available in all parts of the world.

Special Attention Given to Collections.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Interest allowed on deposits at best current rates.

Two Branches in Quebec:—83 St. Peter St. G. F. LOVE, Mgr.
5 St. John St. A. C. SMITH, Mgr.

If the public were aware of the great advantage of Toric Lenses over the ordinary kind, Torics would be the only kind in demand. The focus of these glasses is absolute, while in the ordinary flat glasses it exists in a limited space only. These are recommended by oculists as the only lens to prescribe.

P. C. LACASSE

Optician and Optometrist.

40 FABRIQUE STREET

JAEGER PURE WOOL

Winter Overcoats, Double Breasted, Storm Collars.... $35.00
Winter Overcoats, Double Breasted, Storm Collars.... $40.00
Winter Overcoats, Double Breasted, Raglan Sleeves... $40.00
Hunting Coats, Double Breasted, Khaki Colour..... $22.50

LADIES' WOOL GLOVES,
CHILDREN'S WOOL GLOVES,
MEN'S WOOL GLOVES.

JOHN DARLINGTON, Registered

Selling Agents for Jaeger Pure Wool

GLIMPSES OF OLD QUEBEC

From the Files of the CHRONICLE, October, 1813 and 1913.

THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY

The Electric Light.

So much interest did the electric light create in Quebec 30 years ago, that His Worship Mayor Langelier and a number of citizens attended the works of the company, near St. John's Gate to witness some interesting experiments in connection with the public and private use of this important factor towards a good, cheap and first class light for city streets, offices and private dwellings. They came away satisfied that the electric light was of such a character as to merit attention at the hands of Quebec citizens.

Ocean Freights.

On this date 30 years ago the following appeared in these columns: — Seven hundred and nine sea going vessels have been entered at the Custom House since the opening of navigation.

The following were the week's transactions:—Liverpool,—Timber, 21 shillings, Deals, 55.s. Bright. "New Dominion," has been chartered to carry a cargo of lumber to St. John's, Nfld., at $5.00 per 1,000 feet. Board measure, by the Quebec Timber Co., Schooner "Mary Queen of the Seas" has been chartered to carry a cargo of lumber to St. Pierre— Mequelon by Messrs. Archer & Co., Lumber $5.00 per 1,000 feet. B. M. flour and sundries at 50 cents per barrel.

Coastwise Trade.

The number of market steamers and schooners which have arrived in port since the opening of navigation is 2,261.

A HUNDRED YEARS AGO TODAY

Quebec Harbor.

The Harbor has for some days past presented a very busy scene, in regard to shipping. It has a look similar to what it had before the commencement of the war; it is well known that Quebec was distinguished throughout the world as a Port. The supplies of stores and provisions of every kind which are being sent to this Country is amazing. The streets through which the troops pass also present an animated scene. Part of the 70th Regiment marched up this morning numerous detachments for every Regiment in the Country are hourly making their appearance.

Convoy Expected.

As the mind is now fair a large convoy on its way to this port may now soon be expected, they probably will be up today.

Retaliations.

By the threats of retaliations made by the Americans on British prisoners, if any harm come to British subjects, who have been made prisoners when fighting with the enemy against their own Country be carried out, which we cannot believe, it would reduce human Societies to that state of barbarism from which we were raised by the virtue and wisdom of ages. At the present time, Europe and America are tinged with blood. Every Christian people are now engaged in the work of destruction, to which the U. S. have largely contributed.

RAILROAD COMEDY OF THE PAST

METHODS OF OPERATION IN 1852 SEEM LAUGHABLE TODAY.

A most interesting exhibit of the early days of railroading in this country has been found by the Railroad Age Gazette. It is a schedule for passenger trains and rules for the conduct of enginemen and conductors on the Western and Atlantic, which was at the time and still is, owned by the state of Georgia. The table is dated March 1, 1852, and was issued by William M. Wadley, superintendent, father of George D. Wadley, the latter for many years manager of the Central Railroad of Georgia.

The schedule shows a picture of an engine and cars at the top. Under it the numbers and names of the stations, the times for arrival, the times for departure and the time taken to run between stations as well as remarks about passing sidetracked freights are all carefully tabulated.

In the rules for enginemen and conductors are many which seem quaint in this age of colossal railroading. Of course the road had only one track, and rule 14 for passenger conductors shows that there must have been some dispute when trains met as to which train had the right to keep on its way uninterrupted. This rule says:

"As a general rule, when trains meet between stations the train nearest the turnout will run back. Any dispute as to which train is to retire is to be determined at once by the conductors without interference on the part of the engineer. This rule is required to be varied in favor of the heaviest loaded engine or worst grades if they meet near the center."

Rule 7 gives the conductor directions for reporting on the number of passengers who are paying and the number of ministers of the gospel who were to be charged half price when on busienss connected with their calling. The same rule indicated that the governor of the state and the general superintendent of the road were the only individuals who had a right to give passes.

The conductor was ordered to inspect the running gear of his train at every station and in rule 13 was admonished never to leave Atlanta or Chattanooga without the mail or without first sending to the post office after it. Rule 17 says that a train stopping at any station at night must invariably be run on the turnout so as to leave the main track clear, and that strict watch had to be kept in all cases where a train stopped at night.

In the regulations for passenger enginemen there are a number which seem almost humorous in this period of railroad management. For instance, the engineman was instructed that if his train killed any stock and threw the cow or cows in such a position as to endanger the safety of the next train he was to stop his train and see that the track was cleared.

Passenger trains were not to exceed the speed of their schedule except when behind time, in which case the speed might be increased three miles an hour generally. In passing turnouts (the turnout evidently was the switching track) the speed had to be diminished to six miles an hour.

Rule 6 might be put in force today with good effect and to the delight of a much jolted traveling public. It reads:

"In connecting and in starting with his train the engineman will be exceedingly careful in the management of the throttle so that the cars may not be injured or the passengers annoyed by the sudden violence of the start."

This paragraph is found at the end of the regulations for enginemen:

"For any violation of the above rules, for running off at turnouts, for killing of stock by daylight and for all other irregularities the general superintendent will impose such fines as he deems just and called for by the nature of the offense."

The fright trains took two days to make the 137 miles between Atlanta and Chattanooga. The stops at the stations varied from ten to sixty minutes. One of the rules for freight conductors about keeping a certain distance from the trains ahead of him and behind him shows that there must have been a delightful uncertainty about the provisions for changing meeting points in case trains were delayed. It is evident that there was no telegraph communications along the line, although this was eight years after Morse had demonstrated that he could send messages over the wire from Washington to Baltimore. Several months before Charles Minot also had made use of the telegraph in ordering the operation of trains on the Eric.

QUEER BRIDGE FOUNDATION.

At the little town of Wadebridge, Cornwall, England, there is a bridge of a unique character. Owing to the strength of the current ordinary stone foundations would not hold, and numerous devices were tried without success. Eventually bags of wool were sunk in the stream and the piles driven in, and this strange foundation has proved wonderfully firm and satisfactory.

TOMB OF JONAH.

Moslems Look Upon it as Sacred and Guard it From Intrusion.

The site of Nineveh is almost perfectly level, but adjoining the western wall are two huge mounds that conceal the palaces of the greatest kings of Nineveh. On the lower or southern mound stand a mosque and a village of considerable size, says a correspondent of the Christian Herald.

The village is named Nebi Yunus, or the Prophet Jonah, for the mosque contains the tomb in which Jonah is said to have been buried. The age of the tomb is uncertain, but it was probably built long after the Hebrew prophet's time. However, the place is now sacred, so sacred that pilgrims from afar visit it.

"I rode up the steep, narrow streets of the village to the mosque," writes the Herald's correspondent, "dismounted and entered the yard. A crowd of excited Arabs quickly surrounded me. I explained to a priest that I had come to see the grave of Jonah, and with a motion of the hand I made him understand that I should reward him. Removing my shoes, I followed the priest through a dark passageway.

"Then he pointed to a wall and said the tomb was just beyond. I wished to enter the prayer room, from which the tomb itself might be seen, but the place was considered far too sacred for my profane feet. The few Christians who have been permitted to see the tomb may only look through a small window into a dark chamber, in which a cloth covered mound is barely discernible. It is said that no Moslem will enter the inner shrine."

THE CHINESE MUSIC.

The Chinese have eight instruments for making their ritual music —the bell, the flute, the drum, the sonorous stone, the fife, the plume, the shield and the axe. The last three make no music, but are used as decoration or emblem in the musical ceremonies and are enumerated as musical instruments. In every ceremony there are always two instruments of each kind, sometimes as many as four or six, never an old number, in order to emphasize the duality of the Chinese people. For instance, one drum announces the beginning of the music, and its mate strikes the last note; one bell calls, and its counterpart answers.

MARTELL BRANDY

is the recognized favorite of connoisseurs, the choice of the medical profession.

MARTELL BRANDY

is preferred the world over, because for over two centuries it has been the standard for quality and purity of all the best brandies made in Charente (France.)

FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING WINE MERCHANTS

North Shore Steamship Line,
Mail and Passenger Service.
SS. "ARANMORE,"

Capt. O. Sherrer.

Proposed sailing from Quebec to Natashquan, via all intermediate ports of call,

NOVEMBER 13th.

Freight will be received up to 3 p.m. day of sailing.

For rates of passage and freight, and other information, apply to

HOLLIDAY BROS.,

Phone 359. 108 St. Peter St.

Gaspe Steamship Company Ltd.

S. S. LADY OF GASPE.

This steamer will sail from Quebec for the Gaspe and Baie des Chaleurs ports as far as Paspebiac, on Wednesday, 5th November, at 4 p. m.

Freight will be received at the Custom House Pontoon until 2 p. m. on the day of sailing.

For information, apply to

GASPE STEAMSHIP COMPANY, Limited.
40 Dalhousie Street.

Gaspe & Baie des Chaleurs

S. "GASPESIEN."

This steamer, Captain P. Blouin, will sail from Quebec on Friday, October 31st, at 3 p. m., for Gaspe and Baie des Chaleurs ports from Cap Chat as far as Paspebiac.

Freight will be received at Customs House Pontoon, the day of sailing, until 2 o'clock p.m.

For further information, apply to:

J. M. POULIOT, Agent.
Cor St. Paul and Dambourges Sts.
Telephone 2861.

FURNACE FOR SALE

A No. 4 "DAISY", double base, in good order

Apply to

No. 43 Lachevrotiere St.

QUEBEC

FOR SALE

House Nos. 308-316 St. John Street, opposite St. Matthew's Church; 2 stores and 2 dwellings. Good investment.

W. R. LaRUE,
Notary,
28 St. Ann St.

MOORE'S 'HAPPY HOME' RANGE

THOUSANDS IN USE
Reliable-Perfect-Economical

CHAS. VEZINA, REG'D

PLUMBER and ELECTRICIAN.

How about the plumbing and electric fixings of your residence? Let us overhaul them for you. We do everything in modern plumbing and electrical apparatus, and make a specialty of apparatus for hot air, hot water, and steam heating.

A full line of Hall and Kitchen Stoves.

A new assortment of the celebrated Tungsten Lamps.

119 to 123 BRIDGE STREET.
Shop: 12a King St., St. Roch.
Tel. 2224.

NEW GOODS

JUST RECEIVED.

Dr. "Jaeger's" Wool Slippers, Kid Evening Slippers in Black Suede Patent Leather, Kid, and in all colors.

Satin Slippers and Pumps. Colors: White, Pink, Blue, Gold, Black and Mauve.

Ladies' Cloth Top Patent and Kid Boots with low heels, for growing girls.

Everything in Footwear.

First-class Custom Work. Repairs Neatly Done.

Wm. Jacques & Sons

42½ Fabrique St.

The Royal Trust Co.

Capital Fully Paid Up - $1,000,000
Reserve Fund - - - - - 1,000,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Right Hon. Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, G. C. M. G., President.
Mr. H. V. Meredith, Vice-President

Sir H. Montagu Allan,
R. B. Angus,
A. Baumgarten,
A. D. Braithwaite,
C. B. Gordon,
Hon. Sir Lomer Gouin, K.C., K.C.M.G.
E. B. Greenshields,
C. R. Hosmer,
Sir W. C. Macdonald,
Hon. R. Mackay,
A. Macnider
David Morrice,

Sir T. G. Shaughnessy, K.C.V.O.
Sir William Van Horne, K.C.M.G.

The Company is authorized to act as Trustee, Executor under Wills, Assignee, etc., to give Bonds in connection with Judicial Proceedings, and to accept any Financial Agency.

As the law of the Province of Quebec does not require Executors to give security for their administration, nor does it oblige them to render accounts to the Courts, the nomination of

The Royal Trust Company

rather than an individual, as Executor, affords the greatest possible security to Testators. The Company does not die. Its charges are reasonable and its appointment is the best guarantee a Testator can have that his Estate will be honestly and economically managed.

The Company will act as Agent and Attorney for Executors already acting, will manage Estates, and will receive free of charge, for safe keeping, Sealed Wills in which it is named Executor.

The Company is also prepared to receive securities for safe keeping, collection of coupons, etc.

Solicitors and Notaries placing business with the Company may be retained to do the legal work in connection with such business.

Information and advice may be obtained at the Company's Quebec office Bank of Montreal Building, St. Peter Street.

A. E. NASH, (Manager of the Bank of Montreal.
MANAGER IN QUEBEC.

CITY OF QUEBEC.

City of Quebec,
District of Quebec.

BY-LAW NO. 449.

CONCERNING THE ANNEXATION OF VILLE MONTCALM TO THE CITY OF QUEBEC.

(Drawn up in the French Language.)

At a meeting of the Municipal Council of the City of Quebec, held at the City Hall, in the said City, on the 10th day of October, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen (1913), in conformity to law and in virtue of a by-law passed by this Council pursuant thereto, and after the due observance of all the formalities prescribed by the statute in such case made and provided, at which meeting were present two-thirds of the members composing the Council of the City of Quebec, that is to say:

His Worship the Mayor, Aldermen Beaumont, Campbell, Cannon, Collier, Cote, Dinan, Dussault, Emond, Fiset, Gauvin, Gosselin, Lantier, Lavigueur, Lockwell, Madden, Morin, Plamondon, Pouliot, Trudel, Verret.

DRAFT OF BY-LAW

Concerning the Annexation of the Town of Montcalm to the City of Quebec.

It is ordained and enacted by the Municipal Council of the City of Quebec, and the said Council ordains and enacts as follows:

1. After the approval of the present by-law by the majority of the municipal electors of the town of Montcalm who are proprietors, and who shall have recorded their vote on this by-law in the manner prescribed by law, and especially in accordance with section 71 of the Act 51-52 Victoria, chapter, 78, it is enacted that the territory now comprised in the limits of the Town of Montcalm, shall, through the operation of the law, and in virtue of the present by-law, be annexed to the City of Quebec and shall form part thereof to all intents and purposes. The said Town of Montcalm shall then be one of the wards of the city of Quebec, and shall be known and designated as "Belvedere Ward."

The said annexation shall be effected on the following conditions, to wit:

2. The said ward shall be represented in the Council of the City of Quebec by two aldermen, in conformity to the Statute 1, George V, chapter 59, section 27, sub section 3a.

3. The first election of the two aldermen after the annexation shall take place under section 72 of the Act 51-52 Victoria, chapter 78, and shall be effected in the manner prescribed by law, by the municipal electors of the territory so annexed who possess the qualifications required by the charter of the said City for voting at the elections of such Aldermen respectively, according to a list previously prepared by the secretary-treasurer of the annexed municipality who shall transmit the same to the City Clerk after having subdivided the polling districts in accordance with article 5378 of the Revised Statutes.

4. When the said Aldermen shall have been so elected and shall be legally entitled to sit in the City Council, the secretary-treasurer of the Town of Montcalm shall hand over to the treasurer of the city all the minute books, registers, assessment or valuation rolls, archives, papers and all documents whatsoever belonging to the Corporation of the Town of Montcalm, as well as all sums of money which may then be in his possession in his said capacity of secretary-treasurer, and from and after such delivery, all sums of money due and to become due to the former corporation of the Town of Montcalm shall be payable to the City Treasurer only.

5. After the election of said Aldermen, the assets and liabilities of the Town of Montcalm shall be consolidated with the assets and liabilities of the City of Quebec, and that City shall be vested with the rights and be liable for the obligations legally contracted by the Town of Montcalm.

6. From the date of the annexation to the 30th of April, 1914, no other taxes shall be levied upon the inhabitants of the new ward than those imposed by the Council of the Town of Montcalm for the fiscal year 1913-14.

7. During the seven (7) years following the 1st May, 1914, the immoveables of the new Belvedere Ward on which one or more buildings are erected, shall not be valued, either as to their real value or yearly or leasing value, for an amount higher than that at which they are now entered on the valuation roll of the Town of Montcalm. Lots of land on which one or more buildings are erected within three (3) years from now, shall during the remainder of the said years, be entered on the valuation roll at their real value.

8. During the ten years following the 1st May, 1914, the lands not divided into building lots and used solely for farming purposes, shall continue to be valued at the same rate as that for which they appear on the valuation roll of the Town of Montcalm, notwithstanding any improvements thereon, either as regards farming purposes or in connection with the houses and other buildings actually on them or those which may replace them for the same purposes, during the said ten years.

9. The buildings and lands which are to have the privilege of a certain valuation for a certain number of years on the conditions set forth in articles 7 and 8 hereinabove, shall, during the said years, be assessed at the rate of ½ of 1% (one-half of one per cent.) for assessment on immoveables, and ½ of 1% (one-half of one per cent.) for water rate on water and drainage, based upon the value mentioned in the valuation roll. This last mentioned tax on buildings surrounded by large tracts of land shall be imposed according to the mode actually practised in the city of Quebec, and as regards the lands upon which the water from the waterworks and drainage are not yet introduced, the water rate shall be one-eighth of one per cent. upon their value.

10. The waterworks now existing in the town of Montcalm shall, become the property of the City of Quebec, remain as separate as they are now; they shall be fed from the present sources and shall be maintained in good and effective condition and, except in case of fire, shall be used solely for the service of the Ward so annexed, and that so long as the City Engineer will judge it convenient in the interest of the efficiency of the general service of said Ward.

11. During the five years following the annexation, the City of Quebec shall spend an amount of at least two hundred and fifty thousand dollars on works of a permanent nature required in the ward, at the rate of at least one hundred thousand dollars for the first year; seventy-five thousand dollars for the second year; forty thousand dollars for the third year; twenty thousand dollars for th fourth year, and fifteen thousand dollars for the fifth year.

12. The Corporation of the City of Quebec shall introduce and maintain the water of the waterworks and shall construct and maintain sewers for drainage as well as cesspools, and put hydrants in the streets and avenues of the new ward when it shall deem the same expedient.

13. Within the limits of the new ward, the St. Foye Road, the St. Louis Road, the Belvedere Street, the Levis Avenue in Montcalm Park shall be paved or macadamized during the year 1914, as needs be, provided the water works and drainage systems shall have been introduced therein in a permanent manner.

14. The other streets shall be opened, paved or macadamized as need for the same arises.

15. All the streets and avenues of the new ward shall be as well lighted as those of the other wards of the City.

16. During the first year following the annexation, a fire alarm system shall be organized like the system of the City of Quebec, and at least as perfect.

17. During the year following the annexation, the City of Quebec Corporation shall improve the fire and police services of the new ward.

18. The City of Quebec shall ask the Provincial Government to not grant any licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquors within the limits of the new ward.

19. Proprietors or occupants of farming lands shall, during the ten years following the annexation, pay no taxes or licenses whatever for the live stock or moveable effects used for farming such lands, except for water rates.

20. Proprietors and occupants of farm lands shall have the right to heap up and preserve manure at a distance of at least 100 feet from the public road and all habitation without prejudice to the general law of the Board of Health of this Province.

21. Carters, hackmen, bakers, milkmen, and other persons residing in the Town of Montcalm who may have obtained licenses from the City of Quebec previous to the annexation, for plying their business, trades or occupations in the said City for the current fiscal year, may obtain from the city the repayment of the amounts they have paid over and above that paid for such licenses by persons residing in the City of Quebec.

22. The City of Quebec shall regulate the construction of buildings in the new ward in such a manner as to respect, in their general dispositions, the actual by-laws of the Town of Montcalm on construction, and shall not allow the construction and operation of factories, forges, shops, stores, or any business or industrial establishment whatever along the St. Louis and St. Foye Roads, west of Maple Avenue, nor on Maple Avenue, nor on Belvedere Street, nor on Avenue des Braves, nor on the Levis Avenue in Montcalm Park.

23. The City of Quebec shall favor and regulate the planting of trees and generally maintain and add to the typical character of a residential quarter which the new ward desires to possess.

MOTHER! NO USE TAKING CHANCES

IF CHILD IS CROSS, FEVERISH, COSTIVE, GIVE "CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS."

If your little one's tongue is coated, it is a sure sign the stomach, liver and bowels, need a gentle, thorough cleansing at once. When your child is cross, peevish, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, eat or act naturally; if breath is bad, stomach sour, system full of cold, throat sore, or if feverish, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the clogged-up, constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again.

Sick children needn't be coaxed to take this harmless "fruit laxative." Millions of mothers keep it handy because they know its action on the stomach, liver and bowels is prompt and sure. They also know a little given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs" which contains directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. Get the genuine, made by "California Fig Syrup Company." Don't be fooled!

ASPECTS OF PAST COMMERCIAL LIFE

CONTRAST IN PRESENT CONDITIONS OF THOSE OF FIVE CENTURIES AGO.

The near approach of the opening of the Panama Canal to the commerce of the world is stirring the nations of both hemispheres with increasing activity. A new route for modern commerce is about to be made available. New conditions are to be faced, new plans to be matured, new questions to be settled. The student of history can not help a glance backward. By the immense contrast between present conditions and those of half a thousand years ago he is led to ponder upon some aspects of the commercial life of the times when the Atlantic was an unknown expanse, when the Mediterranean was the great ocean highway. Some considerations, therefore, concerning the life and activity of the business man of those old days is not without interest to us now. We may perhaps learn that while conditions are so vastly different, human nature as displayed in the life of those earlier times is not so very unlike that of our century of world-wide commercial relations, of swift steam-driven ships, of wireless communication and routes of exchange then unknown.

A famous Greek historian remarks that one of the principal causes that raised some of the Greek cities to such a high degree of prosperity and power was their engagement in commercial pursuits. All the great peoples of antiquity by whom the shores of the Mediterranean were occupied—Phoenicians, Carthagenians, Etruscans, Ionians of Asia Minor—rose to wealth and importance by the same means. The Romans alone, in those early days, despised it. After the deluge of barbarians that overwhelmed the western part of the Roman Empire in the fifth century, the natives of Italy were the first to emerge from the ruins of the ancient world. Except religion, they found no worthier or more potent element of civilization than commerce. So throughout the middle ages until the discovery of America and the passage to India by the Cape of Good Hope, Italy was the most forward nation in Christendom for wealth, refinement of manners and intellectual culture. It is to Italy, therefore, that we look for the most interesting and flourishing of the commercial towns of that time, and these towns reached the greatest development of their prosperity during the period which we are now considering. There was Venice, the home of the adventurous Marco Polo, whose tour through Tartary and China was never repeated until, a little more than 20 years ago, two venturesome youths from our own city followed his track, mounted upon the modern bicycle—Venice, "The Bride of the Adriatic." There was Genoa, the birthplace of Columbus, in whom is embodied the genius of navigation, a rival of Venice on land and sea, her companion in many an attack upon the infidel and a noble competitor for the trade of the Far East. There was Florence, seated between these rival cities; engaged rather in reaping the fruits than in sowing the seeds of enterprise; destined, as it were, to unite in itself the glory of both Italian shores, for a citizen of Florence, Amercus Vespucius, gives his name to the New World.

Reaching its noblest proportion during the fourteenth century, the commerce of these great towns for a hundred years spread over every land and sea then known in the eager search for wealth, bringing back to its votaries whatever luxury Europe, Asia and Africa produced or man's invention had as yet evolved out of the necessities of his nature.

Amalfi Was Progressive.

Then there was Amalfi, on the western shore of the peninsula, whose inhabitants showed themselves most successful navigators, trading with Sicily and Tarentum, and even with Egypt, Syria and Constantinople. Flavio Giorja, a citizen of Amalfi, if pass, as is sometimes incorrectly asperss, as is sometimes incorrectly asserted, certainly improved it about the year 1302, either by its mode of suspension or by the attachment of the needle to the card. From this time what had been for ages hardly more than a skillful art, became at once a science. Vessels no longer crept slowly along the shore, or skipped from island to island, but attempted the vasty deep, and at last crossed from the Old World to the New.

On the same side of Italy was Pisa, another rich commercial town of those days. Some miles from the sea, this city had a port formed by a natural bay to the south of the old mouth of the Arno. In its early trading days Pisa dealt chiefly with Sicily and Africa. Jealous and proud, the Pisans became involved in bitter wars with Genoa and Amalfi.

To the north of Pisa rose her haughty rival, Genoa the Superb. They were too near each other for friendship, and after four bloody wars the Genoese swept the fleets of the Pisans from the seas, destroyed their port and ruined their commerce. From that blow Pisa never recovered, and Genoa remained as ruler of the Western Mediterranean, with one rival only, Venice. These two cities may, therefore, be taken to represent the commercial glory and prosperity of Italy, the mistress of the southern waters of Europe for 300 years. Their power and wealth were immensely increased by the Crusades. These great expeditions may be said to have laid the foundations of many commercial enterprises which since that period have never ceased to occupy the attention or to increase the wealth and to increase the liberties of the maritime powers of Europe. Disguised in Oriental robes and turban, many a once ardent pilgrim undertook to explore new routes to Cashmere or Golconda. Returning homeward, especially the merchants of Genoa, Pisa and Venice, they planned the establishment of Eastern entrepots of trade as rivals to Constantinople and Alexandria. They founded factories at Tyre, at Antioch and at Acre.

In the year 1204 the Venetians and the leaders in the fourth crusade took possession of Constantinople and placed a count of Flanders on the imperial throne. In less than six years came a counter-revolution in which the Genoese took the side of the old imperial line, which in gratitude for such aid gave to them the suburb of Pera, north of the Golden Horn, as well as many important commercial privileges. So now, as the trade of the Black Sea and of Constantinople came more and more into the hands of Genoa, it rival, Venice, turned to Alexandria, at the mouth of the Nile, the headquarters of the great trade with India by way of the Red Sea and the Persian Gulf. Thus two great centers of trade on the eastern side of Europe developed an enormous business through the enterprise of these sharp Italian competitors.

Venice Commercial Fleet.

At the beginning of the fifteenth century, when the prosperity of Venice was at its maximum, the Venetian fleet comprised 300 vessels of from 100 to 200 tons burden each, employing 17,00 sailors, besides 45 war galleys, on which there were 11,000 men. The maritime commerce of Venice was equal to that of all the rest of Christendom. Her ships visited every port of Europe, and as late as 1518 an argosy of five Venetian ships arrived at Antwerp, laden with spices, drugs, silk, leather, etc., for the great fair held in that Northern city. The Venice of that day must have been a glorious spectacle. Today she reminds one of a worn-out, rotten ship, anchored in some deserted harbor, slowly sinking into the waves from which she so proudly rose. Then her wharves were lined with ships unloading the treasures brought by caravan and water from the Far East. The aroma of spices and strange fruits and sweet-smelling woods perfumed the air. Many languages were heard in the great square of St. Marc, and the guardian lion gazed from the height of his antique column upon striking combinations of color and costume. The narrow streets to the north and the Rialto, to which with many windings they lead, were thronged with citizens, with foreign merchants, with sailors from every European port, with money lenders and money borrowers, intent as are the crowds in our business streets and exchanges upon making good bargains and amassing wealth. Were we in that shifting and changing throng we would learn that then and now are not as far apart, after all, as we may have thought. In the lagoons lie many vessels, Venetian, Genoese, Flemish, Spanish, Greek, waiting their turn to discharge or to load, or making ready for departure. From India have come cottons, silk goods, brocades, cashmere shawls, spices, rhubarb, and other drugs, amber, indigo, pearls and diamonds. From Persia, are silks, carpets, skins, and manufactured articles used by the great for clothing or for the comforts of their homes. Hemp, canvas, ship timber, tar, wax, caviare, raw hides and peltries come from Tartary and Russia. From the ports of Syria and Asia Minor were shipped to Italy hareskins, leather, camel's hair, cotton stuffs, damasks, dried fruits, beeswax, drugs, armor, and cutlery. Thence many articles of Asiatic luxury and magnificence found their way through Italian merchants to the courts and castles of England, Scotland, France and Germany, Greece sent fine wines, raisins, currants, filberts, silk and alum. Grain was brought in large quantities from Egypt and the Barbary States. These were the principal imports. In return a great variety of native and manufactured articles were exported from all the ports of Italy. We find an immense trade in cloth in Italy, centering especially in Florence. In Florence, too, were the jewelers, the money changers, the money lenders, the goldsmiths of the whole of Europe and the eastern shore of the Inland Sea. The Florentine coiners were so skilful that they were often called upon to conduct or superintend the coinage of other countries, and thence came incidentally great commercial advantage.

Woolen Manufacture.

In the distant north, as well as in the sunny South, upon the coast of the Netherlands, of France, of England, and even of far-off Germany and Scandinavia, appear all the bustle and business modified by local circumstances which we find in Venice or Genoa, but affected by and dependent upon these Italian centres. This northern division of the commerce of Europe received its first impulse from the woolen manufacture of Flanders, next in importance to that of Italy, England as yet only raised the wool which was sold to the Flemish weavers. Flanders was a market for all countries of the world, and the city of Bruges was the chief of many splendid towns, centres of wealth and learning and the arts. To Bruges the merchants of Venice especially resorted, and they made of this enterprising town the storehouse from which the more northern nations were supplied. One who visits Bruges nowadays naturally wonders how this could ever have been a great port. It is eight miles from the sea, connected with a by a canal of only moderate width and depth. The town itself is intersected with numerous canals, like a lesser Venice, crosed by many bridges whence the name Bruges—Bridges. These seem mean and inadequate as waterways for a world's commerce until we recall the small size of the vessels that composed the mercantile fleet of those days. The smallest of the vessels of the fleet of Columbus whose models we saw some years ago in Chicago, was larger than most of the ships that crowded the canals of Bruges, bringing to this great reservoir the riches which Europe created or gathered together from the uttermost parts of the world of the fourteenth century. The traveler who strolls today along the streets of Bruges finds it hard to believe these familiar historical facts. Where hurrying throngs jostle each other on the bridges and in the market places, we see all the signs of a melancholy desertion. Groups of tourists take the place of the multitudes of traders from all the leading cities of Europe. The clatter of the hoofs of the cavalry of Charles the Bold is exchanged for the rattle of the wooden shoes of the peasant or the artisan. The grassy ramparts are dotted with wind mills instead of watch towers, and upon the old canals, now covered with lily pads, clumsy canal boats here and there, manned by sleepy crews, take the place of the fleets of Spain and Venice. The old gateways still stand, but the portcullis no longer falls at the arrival of strangers, and the only excitement caused by their approach is among the small boys of the suburbs, who wonder what the tourist is doing with his notebook and pencil. The contrast affords an object lesson upon the vissitudes of European commerce, equaled nowhere else, unless, it may be, in Venice.

The commercial importance had hardly begun to secure recognition in the fourteenth century, although a beginning had been made in manufactures, and at that time its commerce was confined to the exportation of wool, and the luxuries which the variety of the Venetian and Flemish trade had brought to Italy and Flanders were only just beginning to be known in England. In the consideration of our present subject, therefore, England has but little place. Some aspects of trade in England are, however, sufficiently interesting to notice briefly. Nothing seems to have troubled and bewildered both the government and the people of England during the mediaeval period so much as the new phenomena connected with the increasing trade of the country. In these days, to the public at large, it is a matter of indifference whether the merchants, shipowners, bankers or other capitalists be natives or foreigners. Not so thought our English commerce.

Absurd Regulations.

The most absurd regulations were made by the government to restrict the trade carried on by foreigners. In 1275, for instance, an order was issued by Edward I., obliging all merchants from foreignen parts to sell their goods within forty days after their arrival. No foreign merchants were allowed in England at all without a license from the King. Even then trade was clogged with many restrictions. The goods imported were to be sold only at wholesale. No wine was to be carried out of the country without special license. Most grievous of all was the continuation of an ancient order that every resident stranger was answerable for the debts and even for the crimes of every other foreign resident. Still further, in 1307, Edward issued an order prohibiting either coined money or bullion to be carried out of the country on any account whatsoever. The merchants, therefore, who came from other countries were now reduced to the necessity of either bartering their commodities for the produce of the kingdom, or, if they sold them for money in the first instance, of investing the proceeds in other goods before they they could return home. Notwithstanding, however, the impediments and embarrassments caused by all this blind and contradictory legislation, English commerce undoubtedly made some progress during the fourteenth century, although its trade could not compare with that of Venice or Flanders.

There was another northern market, the opening of which powerfully affected English, Flemish and Italian commerce, greatly broadening and extending its influence. By the middle of the thirteenth century had been organized a powerful confederacy which we know as the Hanseatic League. Eighty of the most important cities of Germany composed this union. Every merchant belonging to this league was entitled to a certain privilege in other countries as well as his own. The great position which we must assign to Venice in the commercial life of the Midle Ages is only enhanced when we study carefully the history of these northern centers of trade. All have a close connection with and a great dependence upon the Bride of the Adriatic.

But in the fifteenth century a new and unforseen era opened for Europe and the world. In 1453, Constantinople was seized by the conquering Mohammed II. New commercial relations had to be arranged with the great power, which was to go on in its conquering might for 200 years, and was to control the Mediterranean and its ports east of the Adriatic.

The news of the discovery of strange and unheard-of lands, of new races and novel products, and then of the successful passage around the Cape of Good Hope, hastened, perhaps by the Turkish occupation of the Eastern Mediterranean, by which goods could come in unbroken bulk from the Far East—all this came to the Flemish and Venetian merchants as wonderful tidings, and then filled them with consternation. Venice, mistress of the Levant, had reaped almost the entire benefit of the carrying trade. The Venetian market began to feel the effect of the new Cape route almost at once. A Venetian merchant made note in his diary when he heard of the voyage of the Vasco di Gama, in 1497: "This is the worst piece of news that we could ever have had." New powers were to control these new conditions. Whatever might be the posibilities in store for the viborous English or phlegmatic Dutch traders, the star of the commercial supremacy of Venice and the Italian shore was about to set to rise no more. The decline of Venice and Bruges, companions in distress, was slow but sure, and the grass-grown wharves and streets of the one, and the decaying splendor of the other alike testify that other times and other manners and other men have come to displace the old.

Strengthen Your Lungs Is Timely Advice

when consumption claims over 350 daily in the United States. Neglected colds, overwork, confining duties and chronic disorders exert the weakening influence which allows tubercular germs the mastery.

The greatest treatment that science affords is courage, rest, sunshine and *Scott's Emulsion.*

Scott's Emulsion contains pure cod liver oil to clarify and enrich the blood, strengthen the lungs, rebuild wasted tissue and fortify the resistive forces to throw off disease germs.

Strengthen YOUR lungs with Scott's Emulsion—its benefits are too important to neglect.

Physicians everywhere proclaim its worth and warn against alcoholic substitutes.

13-121

NOTICE

We beg to notify our friends and the public that we have resumed our Exchange Business and hope for a continuance of the patronage which our firm has enjoyed for the last sixty years.

CHECKS CASHED
STOCKS BOUGHT AND SOLD
FIRE INSURANCE
GENERAL BROKERAGE

DANIEL McGIE & SON, 63 St. Peter Street.

oct9x.m

NEITHER CHINESE HOUSE CAN FORM A QUORUM

Peking, Nov. 7—As neither House of the Chinese Parliament is able to form a quorum the leaders of the other parties are endeavoring to persuade the government to return their credentials to the less hostile members of the Democratic party, all of whom, about 300, had been expelled from parliament by presidential proclamation. The party was formerly led by Dr. Sun Yat Sen, the first Provisional President of China, now in exile.

The Speaker of the Assembly Tang Hua Lung has requested the remaining members of parliament to stay in Peking and strive for the maintenance of the parliamentary institutions, as he states that the termination of these will mean the ending of the Chinese republic.

It was reliably reported today that the Chinese military leaders had been urging President Yuan Shi Kai to assume control, arguing that government with a parliament in China was impossible.

POTATOES IN MAINE SUFFER MUCH DAMAGE

Bangor, Me., November 7—Losses totalling from $500,000 to $1,000,000 are estimated to have been caused to the potato growers of Maine by rains and frosts. In consequence, the supply, it is said, will be smaller, and the price much larger than was expected early in the season.

Three weeks of rain in October, followed by freezing weather delayed the harvesting of the crop. Fields turned into swamps by the rain, were frozen over by a cold wave so that digging by the usual methods was impossible. Throughout eastern and northern Maine, thousands of acres of potatoes still remain in the ground.

Put This Book on Your Christmas Gift List

Mr. Jeffery Farnol, author of "THE AMATEUR GENTLEMAN," which enjoys such wide popularity, and has been one of the largest sellers of 1913, has just published his new book:

The Honourable Mr. Tawnish

with eight full-page illustrations in color, by Charles E. Brock, the well-known English artist.

Critics say "Mr. TAWNISH" will be even more popular than "THE AMATEUR GENTLEMAN," and will be in great demand as a holiday gift book.

PRICE, $1.50.

FOR SALE AT ALL BOOKSELLERS.

THE MUSSON BOOK COMPANY, Ltd.
TORONTO, CANADA

CANADIAN NORTHERN — THE SCENIC ROUTE

TRAINS LEAVE QUEBEC AS FOLLOWS:

CANADIAN NORTHERN QUEBEC RY.

9.00 a.m. For Montreal and intermediate Stations with Buffet Parlor Car attached.
x5.10 p.m. For Grand Mere and Shawinigan Falls and Intermediate Stations.

QUEBEC & LAKE ST. JOHN RY.

b8.30 a.m. For Chicoutimi and Intermediate Stations with Buffet Observation Parlor Car attached.
d8.30 a.m. For St. Raymond.
f 5.00 p.m. For Chicoutimi and Intermediate Stations with Sleeping Car attached.
x5.30 p.m. For St. Raymond.
e9.15 a.m. For St. Raymond.

(x) Daily except Sunday. (b) Daily except Saturday and Sunday. (c) Daily except Sunday and Monday. (d) Saturday only. (e) Sunday only. (f) Thursday and Saturday only.

Buffet Parlor Car Service.

A Buffet Observation Parlor Car is attached to all trains leaving Quebec and Chicoutimi in the morning. This service will replace the Lake Edward restaurant, which was opened on arrival of trains, and which has since been discontinued.

For further information apply at Canadian Northern Station, or City Ticket Offices: 32 St. Louis street and 31 Buade street.

oct11xlawxtf

ESTEY FLOUR

WOLVERTON MILLING CO. REGISTERED TRADE MARK ESTEY PATENT WOLVERTON, ONT.

IS **THE BEST**

TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED

FOR SALE BY
J.B. RENAUD & CO.
P.G. BUSSIERE & CO.
AND FIRST CLASS GROCERS.

Prize Medal, Philadelphia Exhibition, 1876.

OAKEY'S "WELLINGTON" KNIFE POLISH

Best for Cleaning and Polishing Cutlery. 3d., 6d., 1/-, 2/6 & 4/-

"WELLINGTON" KNIFE BOARDS

Prevent friction in cleaning & injury to Knives.

POLYBRILLIANT METAL POMADE

Never becomes dry and hard like other Metal Pastes.

SILVERSMITHS SOAP

For Cleaning Plate.

EMERY, EMERY CLOTH GLASS PAPER, BLACK LEAD

MANUFACTURED BY
JOHN OAKEY & SONS, Limited
Wellington Mills, London, England.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Kamouraska.

No. 5266.

The sixth of October 1913

Joseph Cleophas Sirois, of the village of Cacouna, Insurance Agent, and Irenee Roy, of the parish of St. Fabien, cultivator, and having done business formerly at Cacouna as Hotel-Keeper under the firm name of J. C. Sirois & Cie.

Plaintiffs;

vs.

Lionel Hall, Civil Engineer, of the parish of St. Jean Baptiste of l'Isle-Certe, in his quality of testamentary executor to the late Dame Arthemise Dionne.

Defendant:

Dame Caroline Bertrand of the City of Montreal, wife separated as to property of Louis Daniel Mignault, chirurgian of the said place and the said Louis Daniel Mignault to assist and authorize his wife, Dame Georgine Bertrand wife separated as to property of Wilbrod Pagnuelo both of unknown places in the United States of America and the said Wilbrod Pagnuelo, to assist and authorize his said wife, Dame Arthemise Laurence Bertrand, a nun in the Convent of Jesus Marie, in the town of Aylmer, Joseph Philippe Charles Eugene Bertrand, Marie Joseph Edouard Bertrand, Marie Gabrielle Yvonne Bertrand, Marie Juliette Bertrand, Marie Joseph Perrault Bertrand and Anne Aline Juliette Bertrand, of the place called Lake St. Vincent, in the Province of Alberta, and Louis Joseph Bertrand, merchant, of Richards in the Province of New Brunswick;

Mis-en-cause.

It is ordered to the said Mis-en-cause Dame Georgine Bertrand and her husband Wilbrod Pagnuelo, Louis Joseph Bertrand, Joseph Phillipe Charles Eugene Bertrand, Marie Joseph Edouard Bertrand, Marie Gabrielle Yvonne Bertrand, Marie Juliette Bertrand, to apear within the month.

J. C. PELLETIER,
P. S. C.

E. H. CIMON,
Attorney for Plaintiffs.

Nov. 7x2.

SYNOPSIS OF REGULATIONS.

GOVERNING Timber on Dominion Lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, the Northwest Territories, the Railway Belt in the Province of British Columbia, and the tract of Three and a Half Million Acres, Located by the Government of the Dominion in the Peace River District in the Province of British Columbia.

LICENSES.

A license to cut timber on a tract not exceeding twenty-five square miles in extent may be acquired only at public auction. A rental of $5.00 per square mile, per annum, is charged on all timber berths excepting those situated west of Yale in the Province of British Columbia on which the rental is at the rate of 8 cents per acre. In addition to rental, dues are charged on the timber cut at the rates set out in section 20 of the regulations.

TIMBER PERMITS AND DUES.

Permits may be granted in the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, to owners of portable saw mills, to cut over a definitely described tract of land not exceeding one square mile in extent, on payment of dues at the rate of 50c. per thousand feet, B.M., and of a fee at the rate of $100.00 per square mile for each permit.

TIMBER FOR HOMESTEADERS.

Any occupant of a homestead quarter-section having no timber of his own suitable for the purpose may, provided he has not previously been granted free allowance of timber, obtain a free permit to cut the quantity of building and fencing timber set out in Section 59 of the Regulations.

W. W. CORY.
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTHWEST LAND REGULATIONS

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Subagency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made to any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties.—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties.—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry including the time required to earn homestead patent and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchase homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties.—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

W. W. CORY.
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS TENDER.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and marked on the outside, "Tender, Diversion of Line, North Sydney to Leitches Creek," will be received up to and including MONDAY, NOVEMBER 10th, 1913, for the construction of a line of Railway from North Sydney to Leitches Creek, N. S.

Plans and specification may be seen at the office of the undersigned at Ottawa, Ont., at the Station Master's Office, North Sydney, N. S., at the Office of the Resident Engineer, at New Glasgow, N. S., and at the Office of the Chief Engineer, Moncton, N. B., where forms of tender may be obtained.

All the conditions of the specification must be complied with.

L. K. JONES,
Assistant Deputy Minister and Secretary, Department of Railways & Canals.
Ottawa, Ont., Oct. 24th, 1913.
oct29tonovS

WINTER MAIL SERVICE TO NORTH SHORE AND GULF.

The following notice is given the public in connection with the despatch of mails for the North Shore of the River and Gulf of St. Lawrence during the winter season of 1913-1914:

Ten mails will be despatched from Bersimis during the coming winter season for Esquimaux Point and intermediate points, viz.: On the 4th and 18th December, 1913, on the 1st 15th and 29th January, 12th and 26th February, 12th and 26th March, and 9th April, 1914, respectively.

Couriers will leave Esquimaux Point for Bersimis on or about 27th November, 11th and 25th December, 1913, 8th and 22nd January, 5th and 19th February, 5th and 19th March, and 2nd April, 1914.

Letters and papers mailed at Quebec Past Office or received at Quebec before 4.00 p.m. on the 26th November, 10th and 24th December, 1913, 7th and 21st January, 4th and 18th February, 4th and 18th March, and 1st April, 1914, will be despatched by couriers leaving Bersimis for Esquimaux Point on above mentioned dates

Ten mails will leave Esquimaux Point for Natashquan on or about the 8th and 22nd December, 1913, 2nd 16th and 30th January, 13th and 27th February, 12th and 16th March, and 9th April, 1914.

Couriers will leave Natashquan for Esquimaux Point on or about the 8th and 22nd December, 1913, 2nd, 16th and 30th January, 13th and 27th February, 12th and 26th March, and 9th April, 1914.

Five mails will leave Natashquan for Bonne Esperance and Lourdes du Blanc Sablon on or about the 18th December, 1913, 5th and 29th January, 19th February, and 11th March, 1914, and five mails will leave Lourdes du Blanc Sablon for Esquimaux, Point, via Bonne Esperance, on or about the same dates.

Nov.8x3

GRAND UNION HOTEL
Opp. Grand Central Station NEW YORK CITY Rooms $1.00 a day and upward
Baggage to and from Station Free
Send 2c. stamp for N. Y. City Guide Book and Map

A SOUR STOMACH GAS, INDIGESTION

"PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN" ENDS ALL STOMACH DISTRESS IN FIVE MINUTES—TIME IT!

If what you just ate is souring on your stomach or lies like a lump of lead, refusing to digest, or you belch gas and eructate sour, undigested food, or have a feeling of dizziness, heartburn, fullness, nausea, bad taste in month and stomach headache, you can get blessed relief in five minutes.

Ask your pharmacist to show you the formula, plainly printed on these fifty-cent cases of Pape's Diapepsin, then you will understand why dyspeptic troubles of all kinds must go, and why they relieve sour, out-of-order stomachs or indigestion in five minutes. "Pape's Diapepsin" is harmless; tastes like candy, though each dose will digest and prepare for assiuilation into the blood all the food you eat; besides, it makes you go to the table with a healthy appetite; but, what will please you most, is that you will feel that your stomach and intestines are clean and fresh, and you will not need to resort to laxatives or liver pills for biliousness or constipation.

This city will have many "Pape's" Diapepsin" cranks, as some people will call them, but you will be enthusiastic about this splendid stomach preparation, too, if you ever take it for indigestion, gases,, heartburn sourness, dyspepsia, or any stomach misery.

Get some now, this minute, and rid yourself of stomach trouble and indigestion in five minutes.

MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster-General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 12th December, 1913, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, twelve times per week each way, between Kingsey Falls and Ry. Station, G. T. R., from Postmaster-General's Pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Kingsey Falls and Lorne, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, Quebec, 6th November, 1913.

S. TANNER GREEN,
Post Office Inspector.
nov.8x1a.w. satx3w.

INSOLVENT SALE

BY TENDER.
Under the Winding-Up Act.

CANADA.
Province of Quebec.
District of Quebec.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.
No. 2204.
In the matter of:—
LA COMPAGNIE DE MARBRE DU CANADA, LIMITEE.
In Liquidation.

Notice is hereby given that according to a judgment rendered on September 19th, 1913, by the Honorable Justice A. Malouin, tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned liquidators until Saturday, the 15th day of November, 1913, for the purchase of the assets of the above named Company, as follows:

1. A lot of land containing a Marble Quarry, situated at Ste. Thecle, in the county of Champlain, P.Q., containing about eighteen acres in area being known and designated as forming part of lots number two hundred (200) and two hundred and one (201), and two hundred and two (202), of the cadastral plan for the parish of Ste. Thecle, in the county of Champlain, with buildings thereon constructed and more fully described and designated in deeds of sale by Treffle Bouchard and Louis Toupin, dated on August 10th, 1912, and another deed of sale by Joseph Richard dated on August 28th, 1912, in favor of La Compagnie de Marbre du Canada, Limitee.
2. The waterworks on same.
3. Machineries and tools used for operations.
4. Fire wood, lumber, explosives and oils.
5. Office furniture and rolling stock.

This quarry is situated at proximity from railway station and fully supplied with necessary plant and tools to start operation.

Samples of marble drawn from the quarry may be seen at our office, as well as certificates of analysis and architect's appreciations.

The five above mentioned items will be sold in a single lot and every tender will have to be accompanied by an accepted cheque for the amount of $1,000.00 which will be confiscated from the tenderer who might refuse to fill the conditions of his tender.

Any person wishing to tender may have all particulars by applying to the office of the undersigned.

The liquidators do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any of the tenders that may be offered.

BEDARD & BELANGER,
Joint Liquidators.
Office: 101 St. Peter street.
Quebec, October 10th, 1913.
Oct.15,18,22,25,29. Nov.3,5,8,11,13

NEWEST RULES IN COURTESY LEAGUE

LONDON ORGANIZATION HAS NO SYMBOLS, BUT BOWS TO STATUES

London, Nov. 7.—When a young man—an eminently respectable looking young man—is seen suddenly to pause on his way when passing a statue to confront the effigy and reverently doff his hat, accompanying the movement with a sweeping bow, it is not at all necessary for one, as some nervous folks have been observed to do, to make a wide semi-circular sweep round him, keeping umbrella or cane the while "on guard."

It is simply the sign and symbol of membership of a new society in London, modestly called the Courtesy League.

To be truly courteous in this age of hustling, of unusual impatience, is the aim that has inspired the entire program of the Courtesy League, as explained by Raymond Arthur Prince Pierpont, its honorary secretary.

"It is not an ordinary or conventional league," he said. "For instance, it has no headquarters, entrance or membership fees, rules or badges. The distinguished mark of a member is that on passing a statue in the street he shall face it, doff his hat and bow low to the ground. This is consistently done by our members. A small crowd is usually attracted by the action and our league members make a speech to them, impressing on them the almost forgotten virtues the league advocates—reverence for the great of all ages and all climes, respect for the dead and honor of the living.

"It is not readily recognized that discourtesy is a greater evil than it appears to be to the casual mind. It negatives all the virtues of courtesy, and courtesy results in calmness of thought, equipoise of mind in times of difficulty, patience and strength of character.

"We are losing these things as a community because of the general decadence of old time courtesy. We have had some communications accusing us of effemiacy, but I believe as a general rule that women have become more discourteous, not to say downright rude, than men, and the modern feminist movement is probably the cause of a surprising amount of present day discourtesy on the part of men toward women in general."

CLOSING LETTER.

Received over the private wire of Neuville Belleau & Co., brokers, 93 St. Peter st., Quebec.

New York, Nov. 7.—The market today continued to express the same professional conditions that have existed heretofore. The heavy selling yesterday and particularly at the close was almost entirely by the big operators, who deemed the time opportune for bearish demonstration, yet on attempt to cover this morning prices rose ½ and 1. Rubber on the announcement of a further issue of about $10,000,000 new first preferred stock dropped 4 points and the first preferred 4, likewise touching 100 and making the rights worthless. The copper producers statement was expected to show a gain in stock of about, at least, and possibly 15,000,000 pounds, but the amount reported was only the small gain of 2,773,388 pounds.

The Steel market is decidedly unsettled and price reductions are frequent and radical, with small buying, even at the cut rates. Some of the Standard Oil subsidiary stocks continued their rise, Kentucky advancing a further 75 points. The Mexican situation was regarded as improved by Mr. Lind's return to Mexico City. New Haven loaned flat, the short interest still continuing large. Mr. Schiff, who had been charged with expressing his opinion that unless currency reform became a fact we might have to face a panic, now denies that there is anything like a financial panic or crisis in sight.

London was a buyer of about 20,000 shares.

Wabash net for Sept. fell off nearly $100,000.

Closing was dull but at fractional gains net for the day. There is setill nothing to encourage one in the situation and until the large operators take it upon themselves to inaugurate a continued campaign either bullish or bearish, there will be but little public interest shown. The traders position is the only one at present and chances to make one point on market turns will continue if stocks are bought only on weak spots.

THE TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET

Toronto—The quotations on the exchange are as follows:

Wheat—Ontario, No. 2 winter, 80a 82c outside according to location. Manitoba, No. 1 northern, 88c; do, No. 2 northern, 86c.

Oats—Canadian west., No. 2, 39c; No. 3 do., 38c at lake ports for immediate shipment. Ontario, No. 2 white, 32a34c outside; do., on track Toronto, 35a36c.

Corn—American, No. 2 yel., 77c on track, Toronto.

Peas—No. 2, per bushel, 88c to 90c.

Barley—Outside for malting, 58c to 60c.

Buckwheat—Per bush., 53c.

Flour—Manitoba, listed at Toronto, first patents, $5.40; do second patents, $4.90; strong bakers', $4.70. Ontario, winter, 90 per cent patents, $3.45 seaboard.

Millfeed—Manitoba bran, $23.00 per ton; do., short, $24.00 per ton, on track Toronto.

Eggs—Selected, 34c; fresh, 30c; No. 1 stock, 28c; No. 2 stock, 27c.

ARSON TRIAL.

Widow Detective Concludes Evidence Against Young Lawyer.

Williamantic, Conn., Nov. 7—The state continued today its evidence against Frank E. Howarth, the young Putnam lawyer accused of arson, and his companion, Lindley Cain, a Superior Court messenger. When court adjourned this afternoon until next week, the state's chief witness, Mrs. Zola Bennett, a widow who had acted as a detective in securing evidence, had completed her testimony and State Policeman Robert T. Hurley, had begun testifying in corroboration of her evidence. It is understood that Cain, who had not yet been put to trial, has made a confession.

Mrs. Bennett's testimony today related to conversations with Howarth, which she says were recorded on a telephonic device in the Brooklyn jail, where the accused were placed after arrest. Howarth is said to have told Lindley they would "get out all right" as the state "had nothing on them." She told of conversations with Howarth in her home, during which Howarth promised to burn a mine shoft in Coloardo, which she told him she wanted destroyed. Howarth cited some of the Putnam fires as evidence of his qualifications.

Hurley testified that he was in an adjoining room to the widow and Howarth, when their conversations took place. He recorded everything they said. According to Hurley, Howarth asserted it was an easy thing to start a fire and avoid being caught. He would gurantee to burn the Putnam foundry because of its location, but he would not guarantee to fire the Putnam Inn "because there were too many people there."

BLAMES TAFT.

For Having Vetoed Immigration Bill Passed Last Year.

Seattle, Wn., Nov. 7.—Frank Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor, addressing the Western Labor Immigration Congress today denounced ex-President for voting the Immigration Bill passed a year ago, and declared that employers who opposed this bill were bent on "tearing down the civilization of the country to fatten their own purses."

Mr. Morrison predicted an enormous flow of European immigrants to the Pacific Coast through the Panama canal.

"When these strangers come—500,000 to 800,000 of them the first year," he said, "they will have to find work If they can't get $3 a day they will take less, possibly fifty cents, or just enough to buy bread and avoid starvation. By admitting these people you are not only hurting yourself, but the nations from which they come. If conditions are bad there, the only way they will ever be bettered will be by forcing the dissatisfied workers to remain and fight their own way to victory."

President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, in urging that the Trades Union exhibit at the Panama-Pacific Exposition be a good one, said it had virtually been agreed that there would be no convention of the federation next year and that the 1915 convention should be held in San Francisco early in the year.

VESSEL ARRIVES A WEEK OVERTIME.

Boston, Nov. 7.—A week overdue at this port with a cargo valued at $1,300,000 the Hamburg-American Line freighter Aragonia was the subject of some anxiety today. No word has been heard from her since she passed Gibraltar, Oct. 17, bound from Yokohama and other Asiatic ports. The Aragonia carried a crew of fifty men.

While crossing the Red Sea the furnace crown's of one of her boilers collapsed, and she was forced to put in at Aden for repairs.

How To Prevent Acid Stomachs And Food Fermentation

By a Stomach Specialist.

As a specialist who has spent many years in the study and treatment of stomach troubles, I have been forced to the conclusion that most people who complain of stomach trouble possess stomachs that are absolutely healthy and normal. The real trouble, that which causes all the pain and difficulty, is acid in the stomach usually due to, or aggravated by, food fermentation. Acid irritates the delicate lining of the stomach and food fermentation causes wind which distends the stomach abnormally, causing that full bloated feeling. Thus both acid and fermentation interfere with and retard the process of digestion. The stomach is usually healthy and normal, but irritated almost past endurance by these foreign elements—acid and wind. In all such cases—and they comprise over 90 per cent. of all stomach difficulties—the first and only step necessary is to neutralize the acid and stop the fermentation by taking in a little warm or cold water immediately after eating, a teaspoonful of bisurated magnesia, which is doubtless the best and only really effective antacid and food corrective known. The acid will be neutralized and the fermentation stopped almost instantly, and your stomach will at once proceed to digest the food in a healthy, normal manner. Be sure to ask your druggist for the bisurated magnesia, as I have found other forms utterly lacking in its peculiarly valuable properties. F. J. G.

WILSON CABINET SEEMS UNDECIDED

WHAT WILL BE NEXT MOVE OF U. S. IF HUERTA REFUSES TO RESIGN?

Washington, November 7—What shall the United States do in the event that Provisional President Huerta refuses to resign? This question was discussed at length today in the Cabinet meeting, but no decision was announced. Formal reply to the latest American representations had not been received up to late today, and until a definite answer comes it is not expected that there will be any determination of the policy to be pursued.

The discussion at the Cabinet meeting turned, however, to various alternatives. Nothing concrete developed, it was said, nor were there any tangible conclusions, but members went away with fixed ideas of the determination of President Wilson that the American government should unwaveringly insist on the elimination of Huerta from the situation as the first step toward peace in the southern republic.

Lifting the embargo on arms so that the Constitutionalists may obtain munitions of war, was one of the principal suggestions taken under consideration, but as yet, there is no change in the neutrality attitude of the Washington government.

Press despatches today announcing to an extent Huerta's purpose of rejecting the American demands made no impressiog on government officials They had received no official communication to that effect and would not comment, they said, until they had.

A hopefulness that Huerta would realize the certainty of future complications and eliminate himself from the situation was expressed by some officials, but there was no information available to indicate upon what such optimism might be based.

Despatches from Berlin stating that Germany would consider a movement to bring the Powers in support of the American policy only if such a step were desired by the Washington government, led to the belief in many quarters that some movement might yet be developed in the situation to convince Huerta of the force of the American viewpoint.

Secretary Bryan declined to discuss this or any other phase of the situation.

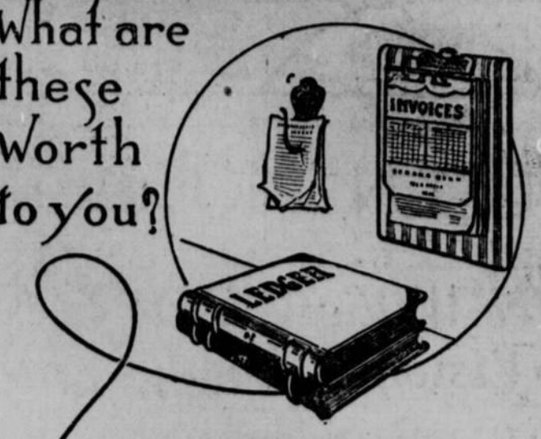
GROOM OF 73, FATHER OF 24, TAKES BRIDE, 63

Heverhill, Nov. 7.—Joseph Charbonneau, seventy-three, of Hudson, and Mrs. Elmire Simono, sixty-three, of this city, will be married at Hudson within two weeks. A marriage license has been secured from City Clerk W. W. Roberts.

Mr. Crabonneau and Mrs. Simono have each been married twice and first met at Concord about thirty-five years ago, when they were each first married. Last Summer, when Mrs. Simono was spending her vacation at Hudson with relatives the friendship was renewed.

Mr. Charbonneau is a retired farmer of Hudson and by his first marriage had twelve children and an equal number by his second marriage. He owns a large farm at Hudson.

What are these Worth to you?



Business men insure their stock.
A reliable safe is the *only* insurance for your books.
There is nothing you buy for your business where quality is so strongly demanded as in a safe.
Quality and *confidence* are what you obtain in a Taylor Safe.

64

Write for price and terms.

J. & J. Taylor Limited
Safes
ESTABLISHED 1855
TORONTO SAFE WORKS
TORONTO
Branches at Montreal Winnipeg Vancouver

Lepage Garage & Auto Exchange Co. Rgd.
Automobiles Rented by Hour or Day.
Repairs of all Kinds of Motor Cars.
Experienced Machinists Attached to our Staff.
Office, Quebec Railway Bld. Phone 1872
Garage 47 Bayard Phone 2631
Oct.17xtf

Flour, Grains, Hay, Provisions, Etc.
William Carrier & Fils
Registered
Wholesale Dealers,
QUEBEC
jan.2xtu,th,satx1y,

THE FASHIONABLE STORE
THOS. DONOHUE
T. D. DUBUC, Successor.

Exclusive Models in Blouses

Pretty styles in Ninon Blouses in colorings to match suitings.

Latest Novelties in Net and Shadow Lace Blouses, ornamented in colored Ninon and Ribbons.

Dainty Marquisette Blouses, hand embroidered and trimmed in pretty Insertions

Exquisite Fancy Ninon Blouses, trimmed in Satin and Shadow Laces.

Tailored Styles in Challie and Flannel Blouses.

New Crepe de Chine and Messaline Blouses in shades most in vogue this season and in a variety of pretty models.

Kimonos

Fancy Silk Kimonos. Quilted Silk and Challie Kimonos. Eiderdown and Crepe Kiomonos.

THOS. DONOHUE
T. D. DUBUC, Successor,
188 and 194 ST. JOHN STREET

QUEEN MOTHER ❋ LONDON'S ART AND SOCIAL GOSSIP ❋ CHINA

Wee Willie Winkie Is New Vision in London Gallery

Mr. Arthur Rackham, the Artist of the Nursery, Displays His Drawings of "Mother Goose," "St. Ives" and Other Friends of Childhood.

EXHIBITION OF BLAKE'S PAINTINGS AT THE TATE

(Special Dispatch.)
LONDON, November 8.

THOSE of his friends and critics who thought that Mr. Arthur Rackham was wasting his natural talent in Wagnerian subjects will point to his exhibition at the Leicester Galleries as a complete justification of their opinions, which were formed on his inimitable drawings for "Rip Van Winkle," the "Ingoldsby Legends" and more or less similar themes. His genius finds fullest scope, not in imaginative flights, but in the fanciful and the grotesque, particularly as they appeal to children of all ages. He is the artist of the nursery, just as William Miller was its laureate. With rare insight and charm he illustrates the latter's:—

"Wee Willie Winkie runs through the town,
Upstairs and downstairs, in his night-gown,
Tirlin' at the window, cryin' at the lock,
'Are the weans in their beds, for it's noo ten o'clock?'"

Most of his water colors at the Leicester are pictorial comments and appreciations of "Mother Goose" and other nursery rhymes. "As I Was Going to St. Ives" shows Mr. Rackham's fancy in its happiest mood. He himself figures as the fortunate pilgrim to St. Ives—fortunate, that is, to have seen such an avalanche of cats and witches, and even more so in his ability to present his fantastic visions in this graphic fashion. Very sympathetically he enters into the joy of the squirrels and the brownies as they watch the fair maid who, on the first of May, perpetuates her beauty by washing in dew from the hawthorn tree—a legend which recalls Stevenson's lines:—

"And ye shall wash your linen and keep your body white
In rainfall at morning and dewfall at night."

The fun of "Hark! Hark! The Dogs Do Bark, the Beggars Are Coming to Town," is infectious. With the little lad in front you go piping down the street to the amusement of old and young. "Mother Goose," "There Was an Old Woman Who Lived in a Shoe," "Cook-a-Doodle-Doo" and "Jack Sprat and His Wife" also are genuinely humorous, and they reveal the artist's happy power of observation and rare technical skill.

The remarkably comprehensive exhibition of the works of William Blake organized by Mr. Charles Aitken at the Tate Gallery will once more raise the old question:—"Was Blake a genius or a madman with lucid moments?" Some will find the answer to both questions at this exhibition. The artist himself says:—"The nature of my work is visionary or imaginative." From his earliest days he saw visions, and he used to converse daily with the spirit of his dead brother Robert, just as Mr. W. T. Stead conversed with Julia. He believed he could assume the personality of departed souls.

Blake despised nature, the "vegetative world," as he called it. The things of the imagination alone were real. A spirit or a vision was to him not merely cloudy vapor. It was "organized and minutely articulated beyond all that the mortal and perishing nature can produce." He presents figures of gods and men and women of the most fantastic muscular development in painful attitudes at variance with all anatomical structure.

At his best, however, Blake produced wonderful figures, monumental in design, titanic and awesome in their appeal to the imagination. The winged "Creator," "Nebuchadnezzar," the "Satan" and the "Unidentified Subject of Dantesque Character" are among the most impressive conceptions in imaginative art.

Blake expressed violent dislike for colorists and chiaroscurists. Rubens, Rembrandt, Correggio, Titian and Reynolds were to him "as the enemies of art." Yet a number of his most suggestive and beautiful works are remarkable for the qualities which he denounces. "The Spiritual Body of Pitt Guiding Behemoth," "The Spiritual Body of Nelson Guiding Leviathan," "The Flight Into Egypt" and "Christ Blessing Little Children," to name a few, are passionate or exquisite in color and chiaroscuro.

The exhibition is certainly a unique one, and affords an opportunity to study the works of one of the greatest figures in British art.

A majority of the members of the Old Dudley Art Society remain true to their ancient faiths, and no doubt they have many followers in their fidelity. Among those who have more or less broken with the society's traditions are Mr. Burleigh Bruhl, the president; Mr. W. C. Stacey and Mr. Eyres Simmons.

Mr. Bruhl makes a distinct advance. He has, so to speak, stepped out of the opaque dark of his former pictures into the clear daylight in "At Heybridge Basin" and "On Dyffryn Sands, Merioneth." Both are fresh and crisp, and temperament moves to vitality the factors that constitute the latter. The "Barbican, Plymouth," by Mr. Simmons, indicates a knowledge of craft and considerable appreciation of atmosphere to bring objects into artistic relation. Of Mr. Stacey's contributions, the best is the bright, broadly treated "Dinner on the Farm."

Queen Alexandra and Her Relatives

The group photograph shown herewith was taken recently at Bernstorff Castle by special command of Her Majesty. Reading from left to right, the figures are the Duke of Cumberland, Princess Victoria, Princess Olga of Cumberland, seated; Prince George of Greece, Princess George of Greece, in front of whom are standing their children, Prince Petros and Princess Eugenie of Greece; Prince Petros recently broke his arm and is seen carrying it in a sling; Queen Alexandra, the Empress Marie of Russia, the Duchess of Cumberland, Prince Valdemar of Denmark, his son, Prince Aage of Denmark, and Prince Antoine of Orleans.

Payment for Votes Already an Exact Science in China

Election of Yuan Shih-kai to the Presidency Attended by Amazing Circumstances, in Which Recalcitrants Are Bulldozed and Even Starved While Forced to Vote.

"BOODLE" ABUNDANT AND NONE OF IT WASTED

(Special Dispatch.)
Pekin, November 8.

THE recent election of Yuan Shih-kai to the Presidency of the Republic of China affords most interesting examples of what peculiar things can be done in a free and enlightened republic—as this newest and largest aspirant to republican honors is called by the "heroes" who founded it.

The election of a Chinese President compares in no particular with a similar event in America. There is no stumping the country, no tearing round and whipping the citizens to a frazzle from the tail of a hundred mile an hour express; no sixteen speeches a morning by rival candidates; no popular upheaval; no "booze." But there is abundant "boodle." Payment for votes is reduced to a fine art, and the ostentatious display of force is reduced to a finer one. That is where the would-be President in China has the advantage if he happens to have been in power over the army.

The election which has just placed Yuan Shih-kai in the Presidential chair came ahead of the constitution which he swears to uphold. The committee which occupied the Temple of Heaven in its work of drafting a constitution was making remarkably slow progress when intimation was conveyed to them at the instance of the President that it would be well if they first of all drafted the section dealing with the election of the President and postponed the remainder for a later day. The hint permitted of no evasion. It came just as Yuan Shih-kai arrived on top of the rebels and after the "heroes" had placed the Sea of Japan between themselves and what they had previously euphemistically described as "the greatest Republic on earth."

Arranging the Term.

The members of the Constitution Committee were convinced upon reflection that it would be profitable to be wise in time, and forthwith the draft of the rules and regulations for making of Presidents in China was produced. One rule placed the term at six years; another prevented a President from seeking re-election, and a few others placed restraints which were aimed directly at Yuan Shih-kai, the members hoping they would eventually be adopted by Parliament, but paving the way for escape from culpability, if serious objection arose to them, by declaring that they were only the basis for consideration and that was all the committee was expected to prepare.

Very little time elapsed before the members of the committee began to hear gentle remonstrances from various military and police organizations. Some conveyed sinister threats, others a hint that if considerable freedom were not given the President, perhaps there would be no need of a constitution at all.

When the draught reached Parliament similar "demonstrations" were made, the military and police assuming a more dictatorial tone, demanding that wide scope be accorded to the President and that more than one term be provided for. Representation to the President by the indignant members of Parliament brought a rap over the knuckles for the "interfering military and police," but the man in the street was not so blind that he could not see the tongue in the official cheek.

Prevented from openly reminding the members of Parliament of their duty, the military and police adopted other means. Circulars were issued to individual members and were publicly distributed in front of Parliament House, warning recalcitrants of troubles in store if any nonsense was shown in moulding a section of the constitution of which they did not approve.

The campaign was not without its effect. Members known to be opponents of Yuan Shih-kai who had previously proved immune to the temptations of dollars became alarmed, and when the voting stage was reached they were prepared to let amendments defeating their own object go through without much question. Therefore the term of the President was set at five years, with the right of re-election for a second term, and provision for an exhaustive ballot was agreed to.

Taking the Ballot.

For the first ballot a three-fourths majority out of a two-thirds attendance of the members of the joint houses was required to elect a President, and if that ballot failed a second ballot on similar lines was to be held; a second failure to lead to the two candidates with the highest votes being put up to the vote, a bare majority to elect.

Although it was fairly certain that Yuan Shih-kai would be returned, a suspicion lurked in quarters that perhaps the majority would go against him when voting time came—the vote being secret—and again the military became active. The well known leaders of the opposition were once more warned, and on the day of the election the aggressive attitude of the military was not disguised.

Members of Parliament and the public in general found the locality of Parliament House occupied by mounted men, infantry and policemen, with a large number of soldiers in mufti standing by to enforce reason if it did not display itself voluntarily. It is estimated that three thousand soldiers were on duty, and that many others had been placed throughout the city.

Early the rumor was allowed to spread that trouble was brewing, and members "felt in their bones" that if they kicked over the traces and did not elect Yuan Shih-kai the Parliament buildings would be assailed, the city would be the scene of fires and looting, and the soldiers would rush to the Presidential palace and declare Yuan Shih-kai Emperor. This, of course, may have been merely a figment of the imagination, but the belief was entertained by foreign residents as well as by Chinese that something untoward would happen if opponents of Yuan had the temerity not to elect him.

As members of Parliament approached the House they were accosted by elderly men who knelt on the road and begged them to "elect Yuan Shih-kai, so that China may have peace," and when some of them were asked who suggested that method of appeal they stated that they had been paid twenty cents each for the performance. As the members passed in through the gates and saw the formidable array of troops and the ominous looking self-appointed guardians of the interests of Yuan Shih-kai, most of them, no doubt, made up their minds that they had better pocket their prejudices and cast their votes as the men with the arms wished, but the result was not so speedily in favor of Yuan Shih-kai as was at first thought it would be.

Starving Them to Elect.

To the surprise of every one the first ballot resulted in the Provisional President being 99 votes behind the requisite number to elect him. The opening of the ballot boxes was awaited with tense interest, and when the result became known among the soldiers there was a restless movement that boded no good for the unhappy Parliamentarians confined in the building. Members who strolled about the grounds and who attempted to leave were peremptorily refused permission to do so. The gate was crowded by a large, noisy mob of soldiers, who threatened physical violence if any one left and so prevented a quorum.

The members who wished to escape were thus defeated, and sullenly they responded to the bell for the second ballot. It was now long past luncheon time and no food was to be obtained in the enclosure, nor could any be got in. Parcels and packages suggested bombs to the guardians at the gates and they refused them admission. Anyway, they thought it better that the members should starve a little and so be brought to their senses.

By six o'clock in the evening the second ballot was counted, and once again Yuan Shih-kai failed to obtain the required votes. There was a murmur of astonishment among the visitors in the galleries, but the members in the Chamber regarded the result good naturedly, hungry as some of them were. The soldiers were less restrained in their feelings. They had had enough of the whole day wait and considered the second failure to elect as a deliberate slight of the provisional President. Certainly it was a blow at Yuan Shih-kai's prestige that he should be submitted to a third ballot to be elected.

The sight of a member near the gates aggravated the soldiers outside, and some very pertinent advice was given to those within hearing. The irritation broke into activity whenever an unhappy coolie happened to provoke a warrior or some other spectator ruffled a guardian's feathers. There were several short and sharp scuffles, and some unfortunates took away broken heads to remind them of the election.

Meantime the bell rang for the final ballot, and members determined to rush it through. By eight o'clock it was declared and amidst wild cheering the Speaker announced that Yuan Shih-kai had been elected President, with a vote of 507, Li Yuan Hung being the other nominee, with 179.

The "Bomb" Explodes.

As the Speaker read the result an enterprising photographer lighted a flash for a photograph and precipitated a panic. The members and the spectators, who were without warning of the intention of the photographer, broke for the doorways and windows. There was wild shouting, a fighting mob and a room full of smoke. Every one thought a bomb had been thrown and sudden death was about to be let loose upon them. It was an anti-climax, but the shock straightened out the nerves of the hungry members who had been shut within the grounds since eight in the morning. It was now eight at night, and the hullabaloo which followed realization of the cause of the flash and the smoke was deafening. Echoes reached the railings where the troops still held guard, and, feeling it to be the sign that Yuan Shih-kai had been elected, cheered accordingly. But they had formulated a plan to find out if possible those who had voted for some other person and thus delayed the result. As the first man appeared at the gate to reach the street a rush was made at him and wild yells told him to raise his hat and cheer. The man happened to be a foreigner. "What for?" he demanded. "Because Yuan Shih-kai is President," they replied, and forthwith he swung his hat, despite the commands of officers that "he is a foreigner; leave him alone." The Chinese who came out were scrutinized carefully, and any hesitation to wave the headgear would have meant serious handling. As the crowd surged out the word went back that the mob was endeavoring to detect opponents of the President and consequently all were prepared, the mob catching none.

FROM MILL TO COLLEGE

The accompanying portrait is that of Miss Annie Evans, an eighteen-year-old cardroom worker of Stalybridge, England, who has just won the Herbert Rhodes scholarship founded to help promising Stalybridge musicians and tenable at the Manchester Royal College of Music. Miss Evans worked until recently in a cotton mill and although she left home at half past five o'clock each morning, found time to devote a part of the day to her musical studies. She has a soprano voice and is a clever violinist.

FINDS CHECK FOR PHILIPPINE PLAGUE

Dr. E. L. Walker Makes Announcement as to Means to Fight Amoebic Dysentery.

EXPERIMENTED 3 YEARS

Declares That It Is Possible to Eradicate Disease from Any Well Kept Community in the Tropics.

(Special Dispatch.)
MANILA, November 8.

AFTER three years of experiment to determine the nature, prevention and cure of amoebic dysentery, Dr. E. L. walker, of the Bureau of Science of the government of the Philippine Islands, has just made public some important discoveries regarding the insidious tropical disease. His statement, printed in the Philippine Journal of Science, gives the history of many experiments in which information was gained by feeding various kinds of amoebae to volunteers.

In the problem of tropical sanitation there is at present no more serious consideration than that of amoebic dysentery, and effective measures to prevent spread of the disease have been sought for many years. Amoebae are to be found everywhere in the tropics, in the water, on soil, on plants and even in the air, and the ease with which the ailment is contracted, together with the difficulty of curing it, has made it a vital menace in tropical countries.

One of the results attained by Dr. Walker is the proof that only one species of amoeba is pathogenic and that it is possible to eradicate the disease from any well kept and sanitary community in the tropics. He has found effective treatments, most of them much more moderate and comfortable than those formerly practised, and through his work the ravages of the dysentery have been halted to a considerable extent.

In a statement made to your correspondent concerning his researches Dr. Walker said:—

"The knowledge obtained in our investigations divides the amoebae into three distinct classes and enables a specialist to diagnose with certainty the progress of the disease and the particular course of treatment applicable. It makes it unnecessary for those persons who are parasitized with the harmless entamoeba to undergo treatment and enables the physician to forestall with treatment attacks and relapses of the more serious quality of the disease.

"The precautions that must be taken to prevent infection of the virulent entamoeba must be generally known by all persons living in the tropics, since the pathogenic entamoebia can propagate only as a parasite in the intestines of man. It has been definitely established that every case of entamoebic dysentery must originate directly or indirectly from some other case of the same type and the steps to tramp out the disease must therefore be organized and general.

"We have made it clear that water or raw vegetables of themselves, or in consequence of the common amoebae in or upon them, cannot cause entamoebic dysentery. It is only when they are contaminated with faecal matter that they become passive carriers of the infection. There is a possibility, of course, of contamination of water or food in cases where sewage is allowed to enter into a water supply or where contaminated fertilizer is used to produce vegetables. The matter, therefore, rests largely with care and sanitation, and a great amount of the disease can be curbed in this way alone."

Headquarters.

Judge:—"Do you have as much trouble finding your cuff and collar buttons as you used to?"

"No; I always find 'em in one place now."

"Indeed!"

HARD ON THE CANARY

This is the method adopted by England to test the atmospheric conditions of coal mines. The picture shows a miner with a caged canary, which is lowered into the shafts to test the state of the poisonous air.

Now Build Ships Longitudinally

Lloyd's Register Shows Striking Departure in Construction on Isherwood System.

(Special Dispatch.)
LONDON, November 8.

CONSIDERABLE prominence is given in the annual report of Lloyd's Shipping Register to "a remarkable increase in the amount of tonnage classed by the society in respect to vessels intended for carrying oil in bulk;" but there are other matters to which Lloyd's pays special attention, and as shipowners and shipbuilders look to Lloyd's for "a sign of the times" it is possible to form a fair indication of the things that count among the maze of new inventions.

From the point of view of the tonnage involved and the advantages offered to shipowners, irrespective of the nature of the propulsive power, comes that most striking departure in systems of ship construction known as the Isherwood system. Using the actual words of Lloyd's report, "the number of vessels built and building upon the Isherwood system of longitudinal framing has largely increased during the last twelve months. Up to the end of June, 1913, 116 such vessels, representing 552,845 tons, had been assigned the society's classification, and there are now in course of construction under the inspection of the society's surveyors eighty-five of these vessels, registering 451,344 tons—altogether a total of 1,004,189 tons."

Any rumors that Diesel internal combustion engines are unsatisfactory are entirely dispelled by the report, which, after referring to the satisfaction given by the boats in service from one foreign yard, state that "with further experience on these engines, increased economy has been effected, and the improvements have been such that they have also been applied to the older vessels. The confidence which has been obtained as a result of the successful working of the earlier vessels has led the builders to reduce the number of cylinders in the later designs from eight to six per shaft, and at the same time to make the cylinders of such larger dimensions that a considerably higher power will be developed upon each shaft."

The question of the rules dealing with the burning and carrying of oil fuel is also discussed. After pointing to the revision of the rules dealing with fuel the flash point of which does not fall below 150 deg. Fahr., the report points out that "the use of oil fuel with a flash point below 150 deg. Fahr. has not yet become sufficiently general to warrant detailed rules on the subject being formulated by the society. The committee, however, give careful consideration to proposed arrangements in any case in which it is desired to use low flash oil fuel, and they have in fact already approved several installations of this kind."

Lloyd's List to Become a Daily

Now Incorporated with Shipping and Mercantile Gazette, It Will Soon Appear Separately.

(Special Dispatch.)
LONDON, November 8.

THE announcement that Lloyd's List is to have a separate existence as a daily newspaper next year is of interest from the fact that, with the exception of the London Gazette, it is the oldest newspaper in London.

It was started by the city coffee house keeper, Edward Lloyd, who gave his name to the great corporation of underwriters. Lloyd kept a coffee house in Tower street, but about 1692 he removed to Lombard street. To his house were attached the merchants engaged in ship broking, and in the course of time they made it their usual meeting place.

Lloyd was a man of business and enterprise, and he conceived the idea of issuing a newspaper devoted to shipping and commerce. The first number appeared in September, 1696, and was called Lloyd's News. It was a very modest production, consisting of a single sheet printed on both sides, the letterpress measuring only 10½ inches by 5½ inches. There was no regular day of publication, its appearance being regulated evidently by the supply of news, but this news would seem to have been forthcoming in abundance at times, for there were weeks when as many as three numbers were issued from the press.

But the newspaper had a brief career, and with the seventy-sixth number (issued on February 23, 1697) it ceased publication. In the final issue Lloyd had apparently given offence to the government by announcing that the Quakers had petitioned the House of Lords to be excused from all offices. According to the Protestant Mercury, Lloyd was "desired that, the statement being groundless and a mistake, he doe rectifie in his next."

This the coffee house keeper declined to do, but he promised not to publish any further numbers for a time.

The British Museum, in its great collection of newspapers, has but one copy of Lloyd's News, but in the Bodleian Library at Oxford there is almost a complete set of the entire issue, only the first six numbers being missing.

It was not till 1726 that the newspaper made its reappearance, and then with the title altered to Lloyd's List. Whether Lloyd himself was responsible for its publication it is impossible to say; but at any rate it was issued from "Lloyd's Coffee House."

It is this newspaper which still exists today as the official publication of Lloyd's although since 1836 it has been incorporated with the Shipping and Mercantile Gazette. It is issued daily, and gives the movements of ships in every part of the world and all the news which is likely to be of interest to merchants and the shipping community.

The Shipping and Mercantile Gazette is the property of Messrs. Spottiswoode & Co. (Ltd.), and Lloyd's arrangement with that firm for the issue of the Gazette and Lloyd's List as a joint newspaper will terminate in June next.

The List will then be issued as a daily morning paper, giving all the latest shipping intelligence and articles of special interest to those engaged in shipping, commerce and underwriting.

MUSICAL ATTRACTIONS OFFERED TO AMERICA

(Special Dispatch.)
LONDON, November 8.

MR. M. H. HANSON, the American concert manager who has been in Europe for some months, announced yesterday that he had some splendid musical attractions to offer for the season of 1914-15.

He will take Signor Ferrucio Busoni, the well known pianist, to America in the autumn of 1914, and the German violinist, Professor Willy Burmester, has signed for one hundred American concerts to begin about this time.

Signor Busoni will appear in joint recitals with his bosom friend, Signor Arrigo Serato, the Italian violinist, who will also be taken to America by Mr. Hanson.

Mr. Hanson will also present to the American public two American artists who have won success in Europe but are practically unknown in their own country. These are Mrs. Frank King Clark, of Lincoln, Neb., and the tenor, Mr. Arthur Alexander, of Portland, Ore., who has for some time been organist of the American Church in Paris.

Mme. Alice Veriet, the coloratura soprano of the Théâtre de la Monnaie, at Brussels, and of the Opéra Comique, in Paris, will go to America for ten special engagements during February, 1914.

Frau Ottilie Metzger, who went to America last year for a special engagement with the New York Philharmonic, will again go to America in February, 1914, when she will appear ten times with the New York Philharmonic and in joint recitals with Frau Marie Rappold-Berger and Herr Franz Egenieff, the barytone now singing in Berlin.

SEAFARING LANGUAGE ON LAW LORD'S LIPS

(Special Dispatch.)
LONDON, November 8.

MR. JUSTICE PHILLIMORE, the new Law Lord, is a strong Judge, but prim and mild of speech.

It was when he was hearing an admiralty case that the contrast between his manner and the bearing of seafaring witnesses was not without its humorous aspects.

In one action tried before him, the defaulting vessel pleaded "compulsory pilotage," and her captain intimated in his evidence that he was aware that the pilot was taking a course which might lead to mishap.

"But surely," interposed Mr. Justice Phillimore, "you might have said to the pilot, 'You goose, you are steering a wrong course.'"

The suggestion of such dainty language on the bridge left the captain speechless. The only person who would have been more astonished would have been the pilot, if he had heard himself addressed by the captain in such drawing-room terms.

NO PITY FOR PRINCE WHO "HATES" PORRIDGE

(Special Dispatch.)
LONDON, November 8.

FROM time immemorial oatmeal has had a reputation of being good for the complexion. Whether it be due to oatmeal or not, the complexions of the royal children, like that of their mother, Queen Mary, have always been admired and envied; but Scotch porridge has always formed the first course of their breakfast.

The Prince of Wales alone among the family hates it. One morning lately he "funked" it, and begged his mother to let him off "just this once." But the Queen replied promptly, "I want you to grow up tall and muscular."

The Prince, who is known to be very jealous of his sister Mary's inches, gulped it down.

I. & R. MORLEY ENGLISH UNDERWEAR

Natural Cashmere, "Theta" $1.25	Morley Thin Wool Cashmere Sox.....35c
Natural Wool, Fleece-lined.....$1.50	Morley Thick Wool Cashmere Sox.....25c
Extra Thick and Soft Natural Wool.....$2.00	Morley Extra Thick Wool Cashmere Sox.....35c
Natural Wool Combination Undersuits.	Morley Soft and Thick Wool Cashmere Sox....50c
Stanfield's Canadian Underwear $1.50	

J. H. MULLIN,
HABERDASHER - 48 FABRIQUE STREET.

GET AWAY
from the disagreeable weather of this season and
TRY A TRIP
to
Bermuda
only $25 and up return from New York.
Apply to
F. S. STOCKING,
32 St. Louis St. Tel. 82

STEAMER "CHAMPION."
St. Laurent, St. Michel, St. Jean and Berthier Line.

On and after the 13th October, weather and circumstances permitting, the Steamer "Champion" will run as follows, Sundays and Holidays excepted:—

From Berthier Monday and Wednesday at	7:00 a.m.
From St. Jean	8:00 a.m.
From St. Michael	9:00 a.m.
From St. Laurent	10:00 a.m.
From Quebec Tuesday and Thursday and Saturday	1:00 p.m.
Friday from—	
St. Francois at	6:30 a.m.
St. Jean at	8:00 a.m.
St. Michael	9:00 a.m.
St. Laurent	10:00 a.m.
Quebec Saturday	1:00 p.m.
SUNDAYS:	
From Quebec	8.00 a.m.
From St. Jean	4.00 p.m.

On Saturday the same Steamer will run between Quebec and St. Francois, I. O., so as to give citizens the advantage of breathing the fine air from the river.

Leaving Quebec	2.00 p.m.
Return	9.30 p.m.

COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANS-ATLANTIQUE.
FRENCH LINE
New Direct Passenger and Freight Service Between Quebec and Havre.

SS. CAROLINE.....Nov. 8th

The "Caroline" returns from Quebec to Havre and Dunkirk via New York, and is open for cargo to either ports, or passengers to New York.

Rate, first-class, including berths and meals, Quebec to New York, $30.

For passenger accommodation and freight rates, apply to:
W. M. MACPHERSON,
General Agent, Quebec.
Or to City Ticket Agents: F. S. Stocking, St. Louis street; Hone and Rivet, 31 Buade street; E. Roumilhac, Palace street.

The SS. NATASHQUAN
CAPT. JOS. BOUCHER,
Will sail THURSDAY, NOV. 6th, at 7.00 P.M., for Natashquan and Ports of call, with passengers, mail and general cargo.

Freight now received at Steamer's berth, Pointe-a-Carey wharf.

For all particulars, apply to
The National Navigation Co., Ltd.,
116 Dalhousie St.
Tel. 399.

$10.00 Cash
—and—
$6.00 per month
will put a beautiful
PIANO
in your home.

Just receiving a new stock of PIANOS from the leading manufacturers.

ARTHUR LAVIGNE
54 Couillard Street

No More Shortage in Hardwood Flooring

Just call 14 St. Romuald the new factory and get the best flooring made in Canada.

Every foot guaranteed as to quality and workmanship.

St. Romuald Hardwood Flooring Co., Ltd.
OSCAR A. GRAVEL, Manager.

Nov.5x1w

JUST RECEIVED

A choice lot of Brooms at very low prices for this coming week.

Also Potatoes, Turnips, Cabbage, Carrots and Onions for winter supply.

Choice Teas, Coffees, and Liquors.

This store will remain open late, as on Saturday, tonight. We will be closed Saturday on account of All Saints.

M. BOYCE & SON.
"THE RELIABLE GROCERS."
19-21 Cote d'Abraham.
Tel. 294. Estabi'd. 1856.

EMILE JACOT, Reg.
JEWELER, OPTICIAN.
95 St. Joseph Street QUEBEC

Fine assortment of Wedding Gifts, Cabinet of Cutlery, Silverware, etc., Diamonds Rings, Fine Watches.

95 St. Joseph Street - QUEBEC

Ask for prices at the
QUEBEC SCRAP METAL CO.
14 St. Roch Street
for your raw furs, hides and skins and all kinds of scrap material.

Telephone 2777

SHIPPING NEWS

STR. BRIDGEPORT IS NOW OVERDUE

LEFT SYDNEY LAST SATURDAY FOR QUEBEC, FEARS FOR HER SAFETY.

Fears are entertained for the safety of the steamer Bridgeport, now more than three days overdue from Sydney, C.B.

The Bridgeport left Sydney last Saturday afternoon, for this port, with a cargo of coal, and had, up to last night, not been heard from, although she was due to arrive here on Tuesday last. Other vessels that left Sydney on the same day as the Bridgeport, passed here on Wednesday last for up the river.

The Bridgeport is a comparatively new steel steamer of 3,880 tons register, capable of carrying nearly 12,000 tons of coal. She has been engaged in the coal trade between Sydney, Quebec and Montreal during the present season. She is commanded by Captain Olsen and carries a crew of about 36 men.

Two of the Government steamers which have been cruising about the gulf looking for her, have reported, it is said, that they can find no trace of her.

The Bridgeport should have arrived at Montreal on Tuesday afternoon. She should have been signalled from Fame Point thirty hours after leaving Sydney. Her sailing date coincided with the date of the hurricane reported to be raging in the lower river and Gulf, which was felt most severely at Matane.

The Dominion Coal Company officials are hopeful that the Bridgeport is sheltered somewhere on account of an accident to her machinery. Weather conditions of the past week too, might have made it impossible for her to communicate with any passing vessel, or be signalled from a point possession a signal station. The collier is not required with wireless.

It was further pointed out that Cape Rosier had signalled a two masted steamer inward at one o'clock today, no name being given, and that this might be the Bridgeport. It might also be the Kamouraska, of the same line, which would be due to pass that point inward at that hour.

To marine men, however, it appears strange that steamer of the Bridgeport's size could possibly be in the river for a week without once being signalled.

The Bridgeport was only built last year, and has a carrying capacity of about 11,000 tons dead weight.

ALLAN LINE.

R.M.S. Tunisian, Captain Hamilton, from Liverpool, arrived in port at 2.45 p.m., yesterday, mooring at the Breakwater. She had on board 41 first, 117 second and 184 third-class passengers, the mails and a general cargo.

Captain Hamilton reports strong head winds and gales and heavy head seas throughout the passage. Saw no ice and very little fog.

After landing passengers, the mails and Quebec cargo the Tunisian left for Montreal.

R.M.S. "Victorian", left Liverpool last Wednesday on the final St. Lawrence trip of the steamer for this season. A good complement of saloon passengers includes Dr. and Mrs. Charles Harriss, Dr. and Mrs. Yates, of Montreal, Mr. and Mrs. Campbell Nelles and Lieutenant-Colonel Pyne.

R.M.S. "Corsican" sailing on 12th November, will terminate the Liverpool-Quebec-Montreal program of the Allan Line for this year.

C. P. R. LINE.

Steamer Lake Manitoba, Captain Evans, arrived from Montreal, yesterday afternoon, embarked Quebec passengers and proceeded for Liverpool.

R.M.S. Empress of Ireland, Lieut. Turnbull, R.N.R., from Liverpool, left Rimouski at 4.00 p.m. yesterday, and arrived in port at one o'clock this morning. She encountered very strong head winds and gales on the passage, with fog to the eastward of Belle Isle.

The Empress brought out 68 first, 181 second and 602 third-class passengers, the mails and a general cargo.

CUNARD LINE.

Steamer Audania, Lieut. Miller, R.N.R., from London, was reported 255 miles east of Belle Isle at 8.30 p.m. on Thursday. Due here on Sunday. She has 129 cabin and 336 third-class passengers and a general cargo.

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP CO.

Steamer "Korona", arrived at St. Thomas, W.I., from New York, at noon last Thursday.

ROYAL LINE.

R.M.S. Royal George, Lieut. Thompson, R.N.R., from Bristol, with passengers, mails and a general cargo was reported 240 miles east of Cape Race at 11 p.m. on Thursday. Due here Sunday.

DIRECTORY OF OCEAN SAILINGS.

Date of Sailing with ports of departure and arrival, compiled for the Chronicle by F. S. Stocking, General Steamship Agents, 32 St. Louis Street, Quebec.

Oct.			
Nov.			
5	La Touraine	New York	Havre
6	Hesperian	Quebec	Glasgow
6	Lake Manitoba	Quebec	Liverpool
6	Kr. P. Cecilie	New York	P. C. & S.
6	Cymric	New York	Liverpool
6	KR. Aug. Vic.	New York	P. C. & S.
7	New York	New York	P. C. & S.
8	Letitia	Quebec	Glasgow
8	Oceanic	New York	P. C. & S.
8	Megantic	Quebec	Liverpool
9	Scotian	Quebec	Lon Havre
11	Tunisian	Quebec	Liverpool
11	K.W. de Grosse	New York	P. C. & B.
12	Lusitania	New York	Liverpool
12	DeSavoie	New York	Havre
13	Emp. Ireland	Quebec	Liverpool
13	Celtic	New York	Liverpool
15	Athenia	Quebec	Glasgw
15	Pretorian	Quebec	Glasgow.
15	Royal George	Quebec	Bristol
15	Rochambeau	New York	Havre
15	Fr. Ft. Wm.	New York	P. C. & B.
15	Caronia	New York	Liverpool
15	Olympic	New York	P. C. & S.
15	Teutonic	Quebec	Liverpool
15	Andania	Quebec	London
16	Corinthian	Quebec	Lon. Havre
18	Victorian	Quebec	Liverpool
18	K.W. II	New York	P. C. & B.
19	Mauretania	New York	Liverpool
19	LaProvence	New York	Havre
20	Grampian	Quebec	Glasgow
20	Cedric	New York	Liverpool
21	Sicilian	Quebec	Glasgow
21	St. Louis	New York	P. C. & S.
21	President Grant	New York	P. C. & H.
22	Saturnia	Quebec	Glasgow
22	Majestic	New York	P. C. & S.
22	Amerika	New York	P. C. & H.
22	Laurentic	Quebec	Liverpool
25	Gr. Kurfust	New York	P. C. & B.
25	Corsican	Quebec	Liverpool
26	France	New York	Havre
27	Emp. Britain	Quebec	Liverpool
27	Baltic	New York	Liverpool
28	Philadelphia	New York	P. C. & S.
29	Ruthenia	Quebec	Trieste
29	Carmania	New York	Liverpool
29	LaTouraine	New York	Havre
29	Geo. Washington	New York	P. C. & B.
29	Oceanic	New York	P. C. & S.

Note:—Abbreviations — P., Plymouth; C., Cherbieurg; B. Bremen; S., Southampton; H., Hamburg; P., President or Prince; Wil'm., Wilhelm.

WHITE STAR-DOMINION LINE.

R.M.S. Megantic sailed from Montreal at daylight this morning, and will arrive here this afternoon and moor at the Breakwater, sailing from there at 7.00 o'clock this evening, on arrival of the Western mails.

FREIGHTS AND CHARTERS.

New York, Nov. 7.—The tonnage market was quiet in all departments and there was very little inquiry for either steam or sail vessels. Rates were unchanged and tonnage offerings ample. Quotations to Liverpool, 1-4d; London and Glasgow, 1-2d; Rotterdam, 6c; Hamburg, 42 1-2 pfennigs; Bremen, 35 pfennigs; Hull and Bristol, 3d; Antwerp, 2 1-4d; Cork for orders, 2s 9d; picked ports, large tonnage, 2sa 2s 1 1-2d; cotton to Liverpool, per 100 lbs., 30c.

Charters—British steamer, 90,000 cases petroleum, hence to two ports Smyrna-Bourgas range, 19c, with options, January; British steamer, 25,000 quarters grain, Atlantic range, to Avonmouth or Rotterdam, 2s, with options, November; British tseamer, 24,000 quarters grain, Baltimore to Avonmouth or Rotterdam, 2s, option, Hull, 2s 3d, December, 1.10; British steamer, 2725 tons, transatlatnic trade, one trip on time charter, basis 5s 6d, delivery Gulf, November; Norwegian steamer, 718 tons, West India trade, two years, £900, June.

PETITION OF PILOTS.

Montreal, Nov. 7.—The statement was given out yesterday that the petition being prepared by pilots for presentation to the Government with regard to the constitution and status of the court of wreck commission is being extensively signed by captains and officers of ships visiting the port. The petitioners seek to have the court removed from under the jurisdiction of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, and, instead, made amenable to the Department of Justice. They also intend making certain representations with regard to the constitution of courts of wreck enquiry. Their main contention is that the Marine Department might easily occupy the role of defendant in cases which turned on the correct position of buoys, and therefore think it would be more suitable for the wreck commissioner to be responsible to the Department of Justice alone. They claim also that one member at least of the court should have had recent experience of the management of ships at sea. In this aspect of the petitioners' case, the Government has already shown a disposition to meet their wishes, is Captain Mitchell, commander of the Donaldson liner Cassandra, has helped to adjudicate on two recent cases, the stranding of the Lake Manitoba and Mount Temple respectively, while, but for the enquiry being postponed, Captain Muchie, commander of the Charterhouse, would have been retained to assist at yet another hearing.

GENERAL NOTES.

Steamer Serrana, Captain Maskell, arrived from Montreal yesterday afternoon, and went into the Louise Basin to load a full cargo of timber and deals for London. This is the last full cargo to be taken here this season for London. The Serrana belongs to the Crown Line, represented here by Robt. Reford Co., and it may be stated that a steamer of the same line, took on board the first full cargo shipped from here for London this season. So the line has the double honors of being first and last.

Steamer Soesldijk, Captain Heys, with a general cargo from Hamburg, arrived in port last evening, and went into the Louise basin.

Steamer Senator Derbyshire, left for the upper lakes yesterday with a cargo of pulpwood.

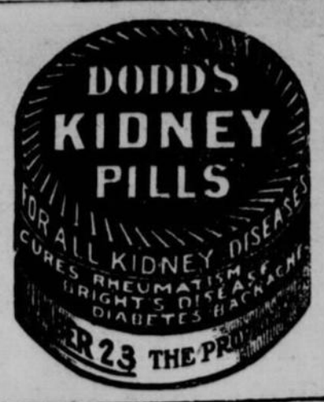
Steamer Kronprins Olva, Captain Munsen, from Sydney, with a cargo of coal, arrived here yesterday and moored in the Louise dock.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

Arirved November 7.

SS. Tunisian, Hamilton, Liverpool, Allans, Rae & Co., passengers and general cargo.

SS. Soesldijk, Heys, Hamburg, general cargo.



HOBBERLIN CLOTHES

Choosing one's clothes is a personal matter. Every particular dresser knows that.

In nine cases out of ten he will buy Hobberlin tailored Clothes, because he knows they're right.

PURE, RIGHT TAILORING, STYLE RIGHT, PATTERNS RIGHT.

The fall lines in suitings are wonderful creations.

From $20 to $40.

T. LAFRANCE,
11 BUADE STREET, QUEBEC

SS. Kronprins Olvo, Nilsen, Sydney, coal.

SS. Serrana, Maskell, Montreal, Robt. Reford Co., ballast.

November 8.

SS. Empress of Ireland, Turnbull, Liverpool, C.P.R. Co., passengers and general cargo.

Cleared.

SS. Tunisian, Hamilton, Montreal, Allans, Rae & Co., part cargo.

SS. Soesldijk, Heys, Montreal, part cargo.

SS. Kronprins Olva, Nilsen, Sydney, ballast.

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT.

Matane, 200—Smoky, calm. In 1 p.m. Empress of Ireland.

Cape Chatte, 234—Clear, calm. In 12.50 p.m., suposed Maskinonge. 1.30 p.m., Thomson steamer.

Fame Point, 325—Cloudy, calm. In 5.40 a.m., Maskinonge. Out 2.30 a.m., Queen Wilhelmina, 11 p.m. yesterday. In 12.10 p.m. today, Lingan. Out 12.20 p.m., Lady of Gospe.

Cape Rosier, 349—Clear, west. In 1 p.m., two masted steamer.

Point Maquereau, 400—Clear, calm. Gaspesian passed here 9.30 p.m. yesterday, bound, Quebec.

West Point— Cloudy, southeast, Savoy at Ellis Bay wharf.

Heath Point, 438—Clear, west. Out 11 a.m., two masted steamer.

Godbout—In noon, Aranmore.

Cape Race, 826—Clear, northwest, Caroline, 140 miles east 5.30 a.m., In Teutonic, 430 miles east, 8 p.m yesterday. In, Royal George, 240 miles east 11 p.m., yesterday inward.

Belle Isle, 734—Clear, strong north, Andania, 255 miles east, 8.30 p.m. yesterday inward. Out 4 p.m. yesterday, Virginian, 11.30 p.m., Pomeranian.

Above Quebec.

Longe Pointe, 134—Smoky, calm. In 9.35 a.m., Quebec, 10.35 a.m., Tug Spray and tow, 12.40 p.m., Manchester Shipper, 12.4i p.m., Montrose.

Vercheres, 120—Cloudy, south. Out 1.05 p.m., Cascapedia. In 1.05 p.m., S. B. Port Colborne.

Sorel, 100—Cloudy, calm. In 11.45 a.m., S. B. Senator Derbyshire, 1.10 p.m., S. B. W. H. Dwyer, 2 p.m., Tug J. H. Hackett, Wacousta arrived inward 1.30 a.m. Out 12.15 p.m., Cairndhu.

Grondines, 41—Light haze, northeast. In 3.10 p.m., Alaska and tow.

H. S. McGREEVY,
Superintendent.

PRINCESS MARY IS STURDY YOUNGSTER

Fond of Out-of-Doors Sports and is Good, Hard Worker.

London, Nov. 7.—Some interesting details of the daily life of Princess Mary are given by Mrs. Sarah A. Tooley in the "Home Messenger."

As the one girl among five brothers, the Princess's life has not been wanting in robust fun and frolic, and has been passed largely out-of-doors.

Her ambition as a little girl was to do all that her two elder brothers did, and she followed them hard in learning to ride and drive, and could play cricket quite passably.

Princess Mary has been taught to be an industrious needlewoman, even though she may have arrived at it through some tribulation. Once, when a visitor to the Exhibition of Work for the Needlework Guild was admiring a piece of Princess Mary's needlework, the Queen laughingly said, "I am afraid it cost some tears."

Some years ago the Princess opened a savings bank account, and used to go regularly with her governess to the post office to transact the business herself.

An amusing story is told of the Princess when on a shopping excursion a year or two ago, which proves that she knows what she wants and means to have it.

She went to an emporium near Buckingham Palace to buy a birthday present for her young brother, Prince Henry. The shopman was much astonished when she asked for a small, hard broom.

The exact thing was not to be found, and the shopman tried to tempt the Princess with other things likely to please the little Prince. But Princess Mary would have none of them. "I want," she said, "a nice little hard broom for Henry to sweep the garden paths with."

Her persistency was rewarded, and ere she left the shop the desired broom had been procured.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Fine business property on St. Paul street, four storey brick building, 100 feet frontage, covering 3,800 ft. of ground, 14,000 ft. total floor area, in first-class condition, formerly occupied by Lemesurier's. Immediate possession. Address on premises, 235 St. Paul st., or telephone 5842.

BOAT LAUNCHES AND ENGINES

RAISED DECK CRUISER, 30x8½, new August last; perfect order; ready to launch, mahogany finish, Sterling engine, 15 H. P., heavy duty, with Bosch magneto, electric lighting outfit, also pressure whistle, very complete and comfortable; low price for immediate sale as owner is building larger boat. Apply A. S. F., 248 Craig St. west, Montreal. nov6x3

LOST.

LOST.—On November 4th, from corner St. Peter and St. Antoine streets via car line to St. Sauveur terminus, a pocketbook containing $48.00 and two letters. Reward on returning to this office.

LOST—Small brindle bulldog answering to the name of "Pete." Ears cut, with a little white on chest, weighs about 25 lbs. Anybody finding the same please return to Geo. E. Letourneau, 79 Bridge St., or phone 3894 and receive a reward. nov3x2

WANTED.

WANTED — General servant able to do cooking, for out of town; small family. Wages $20.00 per month. Apply 50 Couillard Street. nov.8x3.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT for winter months, 43 Esplanade, residence of Mr. Murray Kennedy. Apply to McLean, Kennedy & Co., 159 Mountain Hill. Telephone 597. nov.5x3.

WANTED— Immediately, married couple; wife to cook and do general housework; husband to do general work; two in family. Apply by letter to A. L. M., care Chronicle. Nov. 3x1w.

WANTED—Men 15 years or over, become Canadian Government Railway Mail Clerks. Big pay. Examinations frequently. Common education sufficient. Write for free sample questions. Franklin Institute, Dept. 823-H, Rochester, N.Y. Oct.31toDec.31

SALESMEN WANTED.

SALESMAN WANTED—Experience unnecessary, easy work, big pay. Write for list of openings offering opportunities to earn $100 to $500 a month while you learn, positions assured. Address Dept. 544, National Salesmen's Training Ass'n., Chicago, New York, Kansas City, San Francisco. Nov.8x3

MALE HELP WANTED.

$3,000 to $10,000 yearly for active, ambitious representatives willing to learn our business; unparalled opportunity to become established; valuable book free. Interstate Realty Co., Pittsburg, Pa. Nov.1,8x2

LEARN BARBER TRADE— Few weeks required; tools free; positions secured. Molar System, 21 years established. 42 colleges. Write for particulars. Molar Barber College, 62n St. Lawrence Boulevard, Montreal.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Money easily earned in spare time writing for the Movies; experience unnecessary. Full particulars Free. New York's School of Photo-play Writing, 101 Astor Theatre Building, Broadway, New York.

AGENTS & SALESMEN WANTED

WANTED at once. Person to work for us in spare time at home. No experience required with our NEW ART COLORING PROCESS. Easy and fascinating work. Good pay. No canvassing. Write for instructions (free).
COMMERCIAL ART STUDIO,
315 College St., TORONTO, Canada. Tu.th.st.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS—Chance to make big money calling on automobile owners. Get our proposition today. The Jefferson-Jones Co., 53 Isabells st., Toronto, Ont.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

PROFIT OF 50 P. C.—Do you want to join a syndicate. Honest proposition; little capital, and large profits. Write or apply in the evening from 7 to 10 o'clock. J. A. Gagnon, 258 Desfosses st. Telephone 6221. Nov.8x3

SPECULATORS AND TENANTS—Do you wish to buy a property at the following places: St. John, Ste. Anne, D'Auteuil, Ste. Ursule, St. Louis, Mount Carmel streets; Genevieve avenue, Cape; Grande Allee, De Salaberry, Maple avenue, St. Joseph, St. Valier, St. Peter streets, Mountain Hill. Apply in the evening only, from 7 to 10, to J. A. Gagnon, No. 258 Desfosses street. Telephone 6221. Nov.8x3

NOTICE
For Sale
or to
Let

Two valuable business properties, situated in most central business sections of city, viz: One on St. John St., outside gates, and the other on St. Joseph street. This is a splendid investment for any person desiring a good proposition.

For further particulars apply in writing to "E," care Chronicle.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One beautiful young Panaman Parrot, young and tame, with cage; will sell cheap. Address: No. 10 St. Albert street, Limoilou, Que., first floor. Nov.7 3

CAMP FOR SALE—A well furnished Camp, provided with canoe, etc., situated in the most beautiful place, on the bank of the river, at Indian Lorette, with large space of ground, not far from railway station; good conditions for a quick buyer. Apply by letter to P. R. J., P.O. Box 343, Quebec. Nov.7 3

FOR SALE—House No. 26 St. Ann street, Upper Town; 15 rooms. Property of the late J. O. Tousignant. Best location. W. R. LaRue, Notary, 28 St. Ann street.

FOR SALE.—A commercial property with a frontage of 60 feet on St. Joseph street, and fronting on two streets, situated in the business centre and in proximity to the future Union Station, containing two stores and dwellings. Terms of payment easy. The purchaser is certain to triple his money within three months. For further information, apply to J. A. Faucher, N.P., Quebec Railway Building, Quebec, oct.5xwed,satxtf,

TO LET.

TO RENT—Furnished Rooms to rent for gentlemen, opposite City Hall. Apply at 57 Ste. Anne street. Nov.7x1w

HOUSE TO LET—No. 79 St. Ursule street. Apply on the premises or telephone 3449. Nov.7 3

TO LET—Furnished house, with immediate possession, until May 1st, 1914. Please apply to 172 Grande Allee, between the hours of 2 and 4 p.m. Nov.6x3

TO LET—Furnished rooms, with home comforts, centrally located at 10 St. Ursule street, near St. John street. Meals if required. Terms moderate. Phone 5235. nov.4x1w.

TO LET—On St. Louis Street, (near Chateau) one large, well furnished front room; also smaller one, phone, etc. Address "Comforts of Home," Chronicle. nov.4x1w.

ROOM TO LET IN PRIVATE FAMILY—A nicely furnished room; most select and centrally located; (Esplanade) in close proximity to Parliament and Garrison Club; modern conveniences and home comforts. Address "F. H. J.," Chronicle office.

TO LET—On the Hill at Sillery, a large self contained house, 8 rooms and bath, furnace, modern conveniences, also large area of ground suitable for vegetable garden, out houses, etc. Short distance from end of street car line. For further particulars apply to M. P. Connolly, No. 43 Dalhousie street.

TO LET—A house of 8 rooms with good cellar and yard in very good order. No. 241 Prince Edward street. Immediate possession. Apply to Mrs. Bruneau, 243 Prince Edward St.

PERSONAL.

MARRY—If you are lonely, The Reliable Confidential Successful Club has large number of wealthy eligible members, both sexes, wishing early marriage; descriptions free. Mrs. Wrobel, Box 26, Oakland, Cal. oct.15x1m.

LADIES, when delayed or irregular, use Triumph Pills; always dependable; "relief" and particulars free. Write National Medical Institute, Milwaukee, Wis. lawsat

ALLAN LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS
MONTREAL and QUEBEC.

—to—

Liverpool, Glasgow, Havre and London.

Weekly sailings until 25th November.

CHRISTMAS SHIPS.

To Liverpool.

From
Sat. 6 Dec. Virginian...Halifax
Wed. 10 Dec. Tunisian. St. John

To Havre and London.

Thu. 11 Dec. *Pomeranian St. John

To Glasgow.

Fri. 12 Dec. *Hesperian, Halifax
Sun. 14 Dec. *Ionian...Halifax
*One class (II) Cabin steamers

For rates and full particulars apply to Local Agents or
ALLANS, RAE & CO., Quebec.

DONALDSON LINE

GLASGOW PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE.

From Glasgow — From Montreal
Nov. 1....*T.S.S. ATHENIA.....Nov. 15
Nov. 7....S. S. MARINA.....Nov. 29
From St. John
Nov. 15....*T.S.S. CASSANDRA.....Dec. 4
Cold Storage on Steamers marked *
Passage Rates: One class cabin (II) $47.50 upwards; Third class, East and Westbound, $31.25.
Apply any steamship agent or
THE ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited, AGENTS.

CUNARD THOMSON LINE

JOINT LONDON FREIGHT SERVICE.

Cold Storage and Cool Air on all Steamers marked *

From Montreal
*T.S.S. ANDANIA.....Nov. 15
*T.S.S. ASCANIA.....Nov. 22
From Portland
*T.S.S. AUSONIA.....Dec. 13
Calais Service
From Montreal
S. S. CAIRNDON.....about Nov. 12
Leith Service
From Montreal
F.S. IONA.....about Nov. 13
S. S. JACONA.....about Nov. 20
New Castle Service
From Montreal
S.S. JACONA.....about Nov. 20
THE ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited, AGENTS.

Gaudias Bureau

MACHINIST.

Repairs of all kind promptly attended to.

Telephone 2946
Residence 5628

116 St. Street, Limeloin.

Hotel Blanchard

JOS. CLOUTIER, Prop.

American and European Plan. Near the Terminus of Railways and Navigation Companies.

NOTRE DAME SQUARE - QUEBEC

CUNARD

NEXT SAILINGS
OF THE
Fastest Steamers in the World

MAURETANIA NOV. 19
LUSITANIA DEC. 3

Sailing at 1 A.M.

QUICKEST ROUTE via FISHGUARD for LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA

*Caronia, Nov. 15, 10 a.m. | LUSITANIA Dec. 24 1 A.M.
*Carmania, Nov. 29, 10 a.m. | *Campania, Dec. 31, 1 a.m.
*Ivernia, Dec. 10, 10 a.m. | *Carmania, Jan. 10, 10 a.m.
*Caronia, Dec. 13, 10 a.m. | LUSITANIA Jan. 14 1 A.M.
Mauretania Dec. 10 8 P.M.

*Calls at Queenstown East and West Bound

MEDITERRANEAN---ADRIATIC SERVICE

Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Trieste, Fiume, sailings noon. See itinerary.

††PANNONIA Nov. 22 | †ULTONIA....Dec. 31
† CARPATHIA. Dec. 9 | ††PANNONIA Jan. 15
*Will call at Patras
†Omits Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa. ‡Omits Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, carries 2d and 3rd class only. †† Omits Genoa and Madeira.

Special Winter Cruises
RIVIERA-ITALY-EGYPT
Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Monaco or Genoa, Naples, Alexandria.

FRANCONIA *NOV. 15 JAN. 8 *FEB. 26
LACONIA *DEC. 2 JAN. 22 CARONIA JAN. 31 MAR. 17
*Will not call at Alexandria.

Round the World Trips, $498.60 and Up

Special through rates to Egypt, India, China, Japan, Manila, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa and South America, Independent tours in Europe, etc. Send for booklet Cunard Tours.

AGENTS FOR PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. Co. FREQUENT SAILINGS TO INDIA, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Piers, foot West 14th Street, N. R. Offices, 24 State Street, N.Y. opposite Battery.
The Robert Reford Co., Limited, 103 St. Peter St., Hone & Rivet, 31 Buade St., F. S. Stocking, 32 St. Louis Street, Quebec.

CUNARD LINE

CANADIAN LONDON PASSENGER SERVICE.

From Southampton — From Montreal
Oct. 30.....T.S.S. ANDANIA ..Nov 15
Nov. 6.....T.S.S. ASCANIA ...Nov. 22
From Portland
Nov. 27 .....T.S.S. AUSONIA ..Dec. 13

All steamers will call at Plymouth Eastbound and Queenstown Westbound.
Passage Rates: Cabin (II) minimum $46.25, $47.50 and $53.75. Third Class British Eastbound $30.25 and $31.25. Westbound $30.00 and $31.25.
For full particulars of all services, apply to any steamship agent or The Robert Reford Co., Limited, Montreal, Quebec, Toronto, St. John, N.B., and all Cunard Line Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC EMPRESSES

CHRISTMAS SAILINGS
From St. John, N.B.
Lake Manitoba.....Dec. 10
FROM HALIFAX, N. S.
Empress of Ireland..Dec. 13
Empress of Britain..Dec. 27

QUEBEC-LIVERPOOL
Empress of Ireland....Nov. 13
Empress of Britain....Nov. 27
Montreal-Quebec-Liverpool
Lake Manitoba.....Nov. 6
Montreal-Quebec-Trieste
(Calling at Naples both ways.)
Ruthenia .....Nov 29

Particulars, sailing lists, etc., on application to G. J. P. Moore, 46 Dalhousie street, and 30 St. John street. Also at F. S. Stocking, Q.C.R. and G. B. Stott, G.T.Ry., Quebec.

STEAMERS TO MONTREAL

Staterooms Steam Heated.

To Montreal at 6.00 P.M. Daily Except Sunday.

TO MONTREAL and RETURN $4.90
WEEK-END TRIPS, including berth both ways.

Tickets good going Friday or Saturday and returning Saturday or Monday night.

$13.00 SAGUENAY RIVER EXCURSION $13.00
Meals and Berth Included.

Steamers leave Quebec at 8 A.M. on Tuesdays, and Saturdays.
For Tickets, etc., apply M. P. CONNOLLY, Gen. Agt., R. & O. Lines

WHITE STAR DOMINION LARGEST STEAMERS FROM CANADA

Weekly Sailings between Montreal, Quebec and Liverpool

BY THE TWIN and TRIPLE-SCREW ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS
LAURENTIC Nov. 22 | CANADA *Dec. 2
MEGANTIC *Dec. 6 | TEUTONIC Nov. 15 *Dec. 13

Maintaining a Service of Exceptional Merit and affording the latest device for comfort and safety. Rates and Sailings on application. Phone No. 6.

*From winter ports, viz., Portland, Me., and Halifax, N.S.

New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Celtic.....Nov. 13 | Baltic.....Dec. 4
Cedric.....Nov. 29 | Celtic.....Dec. 11

MEDITERRANEAN PORTS
Canopic.....Nov. 27 | Cretic.....Dec. 11
RED STAR LINE
New York—Dover—Antwerp (for Paris)
Lapland....Nov. 12 | Vaderland....Nov. 19

Red Star and White Star Line, 53 Dalhousie st., Quebec; F. S. Stocking, 32 St. Louis st; Hone & Rivet, 31 Buade street; Geo. J. P. Moore, Canadian Pacific Ry.; J. G. Hayden, Chateau Frontenac Ticket Office.

Tu.th.st.

FRENCH LINE

Compagnie Générale Transatlantique

Direct Line to Havre-Paris (France)
SAILINGS FROM NEW YORK EVERY WEDNESDAY AT 10 A.M.
NEXT SAILING *La Savoie, Wed., Nov. 12

*LA PROVENCE.....Nov. 19 | *LA SAVOIE.....Dec. 10
†FRANCE (new).....Nov. 26 | †FRANCE (new).....Dec. 17
*LA LORRAINE.....Dec. 3 | *LA LORRAINE.....Dec. 24
*Twin-screw steamer. †Quadruple-screw steamer.

SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILINGS FROM NEW YORK, 3 P.M.
ONE CLASS CABIN (II) and THIRD CLASS Passengers Only.
†ROCHAMBEAU.....Nov. 15 | *SARDLINE.....Nov. 19
Wm. M. Macpherson, 53 Dalhousie St., Hone & Rivet, 31 Buade St., F. S. Stocking, 32 St. Louis St.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY, LIMITED

MINERS AND SHIPPERS OF THE CELEBRATED
"DOMINION" STEAM AND GAS COALS
Screened, Run-of-Mine and Slack
For Particulars, apply to
SALES AGENT, 112 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL

CANADA.
Province of Quebec.
District of Gaspe.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

Re: Vacant Estate of LATE ROBERT ST. CROIX, in his lifetime, of l'Anse a Brillant, Merchant.

Notice is hereby given that in virtue of an order of the Court, dated October 18th, 1913, I have been appointed Curator to this vacant Estate.

All persons having claims against this vacant Estate are requested to file them with me duly attested, in the thirty days from this date.

J. P. E. GAGNON, Curator.

Office: 44 Dalhousie street, Rich. & Ont. Nav. Co., Bldg. Quebec, November 3rd, 1913.
Nov.4x2

McDOUGALL & COWANS

Stock Brokers
81 ST. PETER STREET
H. S. THOMSON
MANAGER

The Canadian Surety Company

Head Office - - - Toronto, Ont.
BONDS OF SURETYSHIP.

BONDS for officers and employes in positions of trust.
BONDS required for Inland Revenue Department from Licensed Manufacturers, and Warehousemen.
BONDS in lieu of certified checks to accompany tenders by contractors for furnishing supplies.
BONDS for Costs in actions before the Court.
BONDS required under Succession Duty Acts.

Full Deposit with Dominion and Provincial Governments throughout Canada.

C. W. Walcot, Agent,
Tel. 377. 98 St. Peter Street.

Bell Phone 3033. P. O. Box 367.

BOSSE & BANKS

Steel Beams, Columns, Plates, Gas and Water Pipes, Contractors', Municipal and Builders' Supplies. Machinery and Other Specialties.
BOARD OF TRADE BUILDING, 39 St. Paul St., Quebec.

Barry & McManamy

Financial Agents
BOND AND STOCK BROKERS.
18-20 St. James Street

Safe and solid investments, yielding six per cent. and better.
Write P. O. Box 77, or 'Phone 5226.

COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

McDonald & Lesperance, stock brokers, private wire to New York and Montreal, Hochelaga Bank Building. Telephone 1227.

(Canadian Press Service.)

New York, Nov. 7.—The stock market has been contending with a succession of depressing influences for so long that speculators were grateful today for a few mildly favorable developments, and prices were marked up. The movement was irregular, and gains of the leaders were offset by losses among less active stocks, but the general trend was upward.

The rise in American stocks in London started the upward swing here. There was considerable demand from abroad, and buying in this market for London account was estimated at 20,000 shares.

Copper stocks were influenced by the monthly report of the producers, which, while showing an increase of 2,773,000 pounds in stocks on hand, was rated as unexpectedly good. A much larger accumulation of the market had been looked for. The report was made the basis of some bullish activity in Amalgamated.

Another favorable feature was the improved outlook for the money market. Cash movements of the week indicated that the banks would make a good showing in tomorrow's statement, and convert the deficit reported last week into a surplus. The gain in cash from the interior was the largest of weeks and there was a small gain from the sub-Treasury, as compared with a loss of $8,000,000 last week. Foreign exchange rates were easier, and it was expected that more gold would be taken from Europe before long.

Speculation was concentrated largely on Steel, Amalgamated, Reading and Union Pacific, all of which were strong. Rubber Common and first preferred fell 4 points each, being weakened by the offerings of $9,442,000 new first preferred stock. Can was under pressure from the bears, who revived the old report that the company would be prosecuted by the government. On the curb there was another brisk advance in stocks of the Standard Oil group.

Bonds were irregular, the earlier heaviness being followed by some improvement in tone. Total sales, par value, $1,332,000.

United States bonds were unchanged on call.

NEW YORK CLOSING LETTER.

By private wire to M. L. Dohan, broker, Dominion building, St. Peter street. Phone 4748.

New York, Nov. 7.—There was no change in the market in the late afternoon, although in the last hour of the room traders tried to sell stocks down, predicting that the close would be as weak as that of Thursday. The bearish effort achieved very little success. Not only were the dealings professional, but they were confined to comparatively few stocks, and many of the usually active issues contributed nothing whatever to the day's business. Some observers thought the market was inclined to go up, but that its natural tendency was held in check.

Money closed at 4 per cent.
Total sales, 210,006 shares.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

Quotations on the New York Stock Exchange, as reported through Bruneau & Dupuis, by Chas. Head & Co. Telephone 1596.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal Cop ...	70¼	70⅝	69⅞	70⅜
Atchison	91¾	91¾	91⅝	91⅜
Am Car Fdy.	43⅛	—	—	43⅛
Am S & Ref.	62⅝	62½	62⅜	62½
Am T & T ..	120⅞	120⅝	120⅝	120⅜
Ana Cop ...	33⅝	34	33¾	34
Brook R T...	86⅞	...	—	86⅞
Can Pac	224½	224⅝	223¾	224
Col F & I ...	27⅛	—	—	27⅛
Ches & O ...	56	—	—	56
Can	29⅝	29⅞	28⅝	29⅛
Erie	26⅝	26¾	26⅝	26⅝
Gt No pfd ..	123	123½	123	123½
Inter Met	14	14⅜	14	14¼
do pfd	58¼	58¾	58	58¼
Lehigh V	149½	149¼	149¼	149¼
Lou & Nash.	130⅜	130⅞	130⅜	130⅞
Mo Pac	27	27¼	26¾	27¼
Nevada	14¾	15	14⅝	14⅞
Norfolk & W.	102⅞	—	—	102⅞
No Pac	107	107⅛	106⅞	107
N Y Cent ...	95¾	—	—	95¾
Pennsy	108¼	108¼	108⅛	108¼
Petrol Cal ...	18	—	—	18
People's Gas.	122¼	—	—	122¼
Reading	159⅜	159⅞	159	159⅝
Rock Isld ...	14	14⅝	14	14⅜
do pfd	22¼	—	—	22¼
St. Paul	100¼	100⅜	99¾	100⅛
So Pacific ...	85⅝	86⅛	85⅞	85⅞
South Ry ...	21⅞	—	—	21⅞
Third Ave ...	39	39¼	39	39
Union Pac ..	149¼	149⅝	148¾	149⅛
U S Steel	54¾	55⅛	54⅝	55
do pfd	104⅜	104¾	104⅜	104¾

COTTON.

New York.—Cotton futures closed steady. Closing bids:

Nov.....	13.25	Apl	13.37
Dec.....	13.50	May	13.40
Jan.....	13.33	June	13.35
Feb.....	13.30	July	13.30
Mar.....	13.40	Aug	13.10

Spot closed quiet. Middling uplands, 14.00c; do Gulf, 14.25c.
Sales, none.

Liverpool—Cotton, spot, fair demand. Prices easier.

Am. mid., fair..	7.95	Low mid....	7.29
Good mid.....	7.65	Good ordy...	6.65
Middling.....	7.51	Ordinary ...	6.31

The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export, and included 9,600 American.

Receipts were 11,000 bales, including 9,600 American.

Futures opened and closed steady.

BREEN & GOURDEAU

STOCK AND BOND BROKERS.
63 ST. PETER STREET. 6 SAULT AU MATELOT.
Telephone 185.

Private wire connections:
New York, Chicago, Montreal and Toronto Exchanges.
Correspondents: Jenks, Gwynne & Co., members New York Stock Exchange; Molson & Robin, members Montreal Stock Exchange.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

Accumulated Funds	$65,000,000.00
Revenue for the Year.....	7,750,000.00
Assets in Canada	18,000,000.00

The Reversionary Bonus of Policyholders for period of 190- to 1910 amounted to $5,857,920.00, being at the rate of $15 per $1,000 per annum on all with profit policies.

W. MORTON MASSEY, Chief Agent.
111 Mountain Hill, Quebec.
april25x1y.

Neuville Belleau & Co.

Stock and Bond Brokers
Private Wire to
Montreal, Toronto, Boston AND New York
Municipal Bonds to yield from 5 to 6%
93 St. Peter St., Quebec
Telephone 946

Arthur Bruneau, Member Montreal Stock Exchange, 4 Hospital St., Montreal. — A. T. Dupuis, Quebec.

BRUNEAU & DUPUIS

Stock and Bond Brokers,
TELEPHONE 1596.
11-13-15 SAULT AU MATELOT,
QUEBEC.
Direct wire with Chas. Head & Co., New York.
Orders promptly executed on all Exchanges.
A. A. GINGRAS, Manager.

M. L. DOHAN

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN AND COTTON.
Dominion Building

Private Wires to
NEW YORK
CHICAGO
PITTSBURG
TORONTO
MONTREAL

Stocks bought or sold for cash or on small margin. Small commission charged on trades.
All cash deposits guaranteed
PHONE 4748
may22x1y.

W. M. DUNLOP & CO.

Chartered Accountants and Auditors.
CITIZENS BLDG., OTTAWA, Ont.
Accounting and Systematizing for Economical Efficiency In
Construction and Contracting Work.
Nov.5x1m

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Quotations furnished by Messrs. Neuville Belleau & Co., 93 St. Peter street, Quebec.

	Buyers.	Sellers.
Bell Telephone	—	145
Brazilian T L & P.....	82⅞	83
Can Pac	224	224¼
Canada Cement	31⅞	32
do pfd	91	91¼
Canadian Cottons	32	33½
Crown Reserve	173	175
Detroit United Ry	71¾	72
Dom Steel Corp	40¼	40¼
Dom Textile	80	80¾
do pfd	—	99
Goodwins Ltd	32	—
Lake of Woods	130	134
Laurentide Co	158	160
Mackay Co pfd	76	80
Min, St P & S S M.....	127	128½
Mont L H & P	127	128½
Mont L H & P	206	207½
Nova Scotia S & C	75	80
Ogilvie Flour Mills	118⅝	118⅝
Ottawa L H & P	158	159½
Penmans Ltd	50	—
Quebec Ry L & P.....	—	11¾
Rich & Ont Nav	107⅝	107¾
Sawyer Massey	30	32
Spanish River	10	11
Steel Co of Canada	—	17
Tooke Bros pfd	—	79
Twin City Elec Ry.....	103½	104
Ames	11	12
do pfd	70½	—
Locomotive pfd	—	90½
Sawyer Massey pfd	88	—
Scotia Steel pfd	—	123
Banks.		
British North America..150		—
Commerce	204¾	205
Hochelaga.....	154	155
Molsons	192	194½
Nationale.....	132	—
Nova Scotia	—	254

Sales.

Brazil, 100 at 82½, 125 at 82¾.
Bell Tel, new, 10 at 137⅝.
Cement, pfd., 5 at 91¼, 2 at 91½, 1 at 91¾.
Merchants Bank, 10 at 185.
Crown Reserve, 60 at 173.
Dom Steel, 50 at 40.
Ogilvie, 25 at 118½.
Detroit, 30 at 72½, 10 at 72.
Can. Cotton, pfd., 10 at 72.
Montreal Tramway, 9 at 190.
Montreal Tramway Deb., $3,000 at 77½.
Rich. & Ont., 25 at 107⅝, 2 at 107⅜.
Quebec Bank, 1 at 122½.
Tor. Ry., 11 at 138.

NEW YORK CLOSING LETTER.

Received over the private wire of McDougall & Cowans, Stock Brokers, 81 St. Peter St. Quebec. Tel. 245

New York, Nov. 7.—The liquidation which was going on yesterday ceased this morning and the market started out higher all around. It rallied farther in the first hour, but there was no buying of an aggressive character anywhere in evidence, and before long the market became extreemely dull, from which condition it didn't emerge during the balance of the day.

The news from Mexico was considered favorably, but merely because Wall Street expected that a crisis has been reached and nothing further developed to prove that Wall Street was right. As a matter of fact no development in the situation was allowed to leak from Washington.

London was a moderate buyer here and traders generally took the long side in the belief that in such a narro wmarket the decline of yesterday should be followed by an advance today. Money rates remained unchanged both for time and call funds. There was some shading in the quotations in the afternoon, but stocks maintained a fairly firm tone and closed with fractional net gains as a result of the day's dealings. United States Rubber was unfavorably affected by the announcement of an issue of new stock and all of the rubber securities were weak.

Sales total 212,000.

R. ERNEST LEFAIVRE

L. I. A.
Successor of
Lefaivre & Lefaivre
Auditor, Liquidator of Insolvent Estates.
Office: 98 St. Peter St., Quebec.
Tel. Office 1103. Tel. Residence 4403

Quebec Steamship Co. Ltd.

NEW YORK BERMUDA AND WEST INDIES LINES
From Pier 47, North River, New York
ROYAL MAIL FOR BERMUDA.

SS. BERMUDIAN, 10,518 tons displacement, sails from New York at 11 a. m., 12th and 22nd November, 3rd, 13th and 24th December.

Fastest, newest and only steamer landing passengers at the dock at Bermuda.

From New York, for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadaloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbados and Demerara:
SS. GUIANA, 2 p. m., 15th November.

For all information apply to
QUEBEC STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.,
40 Dalhousie Street.
F. S. STOCKING, HONE & RIVET,
G. J. P. MOORE,
Ticket Agents, Quebec.

WINTER CRUISES

THE RIVIERA ITALY AND EGYPT
Largest Steamers in the Trade
"Adriatic"
"Celtic"
White Star Line
NOVEMBER 29
JANUARY 10
JANUARY 24
FEBRUARY 21
MARCH 7
Ask for Booklets

PANAMA CANAL WEST INDIES SOUTH AMERICA
Newest Steamers to the Tropics
"Lapland"
"Laurentic"
"Megantic"
Red Star and White Star Lines
JANUARY 7.
JAN. 17 FEB. 25
JAN. 24 MAR. 4
JAN. 31 MAR. 14
FEB. 11 APL. 4
16 to 28 Days
$145 to $175 upward

Red Star and White Star Lines, 53 Dalhousie st., Quebec; F. S. Stocking, 32 St. Louis st.; Hone & Rivet, 31 Buade street; Geo. J. P. Moore, Canadian Pacific Railway.

Oct.18xtu.th.stxtf

TEMISCOUATA RAILWAY
TIME TABLE.

Taking Effect November 10th, 1913.

No. 1. (a) Leaves Riviere du Loup. 7.30 A.M.
Arrives Connors, N.B.. 12.43 P.M.
No. 3. (a) Leaves Riviere du Loup. 10.30 A.M.
Arrives Connors, N.B.. 3.33 P.M.
No. 2. (a) Leaves Connors, N.B... 3.20 P.M.
Arrives Riviere du Loup. 8.35 P.M.
No. 4. (a) Leaves Connors, N.B.. 7.00 A.M.
Arrives Riviere du Loup 4.20 P.M.

All trains Daily Except Sunday.

Connecting at Edmundston Junction with Canadian Pacific Ry. for Woodstock, Fredericton, St. John, N.B.; Houlton, Presque Isle, Caribou and Fort Fairfield, Me.

And at Riviere du Loup with all Intercolonial Railway Express Trains.

For further information, folders, etc., apply to F. S. Stocking, 32 St. Louis St., Quebec, and Hone & Rivet, 31 Buade Street or 9 Boulevard St. Laurent, Montreal.

G. G. Grundy, General Manager.
F. X. Belanger, General Freight and Passenger Agent, Riviere du Loup.

QUEBEC STOCK EXCHANGE.

The following are the quotations on the Quebec Stock Exchange:
(From Barry & McManamy.)

	Asked.	Bid.
Banks.		
Montreal, x-d 3½	—	228
Quebec	—	122
Nationale.....	—	132
Hochelaga	155	154
Molsons.....	195	193
Commerce	204⅝	204½
Royal.....	—	220
Miscellaneous.		
Can Pac Ry	224¼	224
Rich & Ont Nav	108¼	107⅝
Mont H L & P, x-r.....	207½	206½
Quebec R L & P	11¾	11
National Tele	2¼	—
do pfd	22	—
Dom Textile	80⅛	80
do pfd	100	99
Toledo Ry & L	—	2½
Bonds.		
Dom Tex Series C 100	99	
Montmorency Cot Co...100	—	
Quebec Ry	45	44
Can Electric	100	—
Quebec Steamship 100	—	
Quebec Jacques Cartier..	80	—

CANADIAN PACIFIC

$3.80 MONTREAL AND RETURN $3.80
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15TH.

Tickets god going by special train only, at 1.50 p.m.
Return limit, Tuesday, Nov. 18th, 1913.

PARLOR CARS.

$35.00 CHICAGO, ILL., AND RETURN.

Going, Nov. 8th and 9th.
Return limit, Nov. 25th, 1913.

Full particulars at 30 St. Jean St., corner Palais Hill, Chateau Frontenac, Palais Station, and 46 Dalhousie St.

G. J. P. MOORE
General Railway and Steamship Agency. All lines represented.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS FROM LEVIS (Opposite Quebec).

Local Passenger, 6.50 a.m.—For Sherbrooke, Portland, Boston, St. Hyacinthe, Montreal and intermediate stations, daily except Sunday.

Fast Express, 12.30 p.m.—For St. Hyacinthe, Montreal, New York, Ottawa, Toronto, Chicago and west. (Daily except Sunday for Sherbrooke, Coaticooke and Island Pond).

Express, 7.20 p.m.—For Sherbrooke, Portland, Boston, New York, Montreal, Toronto, Chicago, and the west, daily except Sunday.

For further information, apply to
GEO. H. STOTT,
C. P. & T. A.,
Corner St. Ann and Du Fort Streets, Phone 567.
Ferry Landing, Dalhousie Street, Phone 73.

QUEBEC CENTRAL RAILWAY

BOSTON and NEW YORK
Through Cars Daily
DINING CAR SERVICE.

Trains Leave Levis:

8.00 a.m.—For Portland, Sherbrooke, and all local stations daily, except Sunday.

3.30 p.m.—For New York and Boston. For New York and Boston and main line stations daily.

For Chaudiere Valley and Megantic divisions daily except Sunday. Through New York Pullman daily connecting at Sherbrooke with Pullman for Boston.

Ferry from Quebec 30 minutes in advance of train departure.

For further information and Pullman reservations apply F. S. Stocking, C. and D. P. Agent, 32 St. Louis St., Agent for Thos. Cook & Son, and all ocean steamship lines. Phone 82.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

TRAIN SERVICE.

Trains depart from Levis as follows:—
Daily Except Sunday.

8.20 A.M.—Express for Murray Bay, via Riviere Ouelle Jct., Riviere du Loup and Ste. Flavie.
1.55 P.M.—Maritime Express for Campbellton daily; St. John and Halifax daily except Saturday.
5.15 P.M.—Express to Riviere du Loup.
12.10 A.M.—Ocean Limited to Halifax daily; connections for St. John and Sydney except on Sunday.
3.40 A.M.—Ocean Limited to St. Hyacinthe and Montreal daily.
7.00 A.M.—Express to St. Hyacinthe and Montreal.
12.50 P.M.—Maritime Express to St. Hyacinthe and Montreal daily.

Ticket Offices, Nos. 7 Du Fort and 22 Dalhousie streets. Telephones 530 and 99; also No. 31 Buade street. Telephone 4104.

S. J. NESTOR,
C. T. A., 7 Du Fort Street.

CANADIAN NORTHERN

Atlantic Royals
Unsurpassed for Speed, Comfort.
Quality of Appointment and Service Montreal Quebec Bristol
Next Sailings:
Royal George.....Nov. 15th
Canadian Northern SS., 160 St. Andrew street, 32 St. Louis street, and 31 Buade street.

OFFICES TO RENT

Opposite the Merchants Bank. Heated, lighted and recently repaired first and second stories. Apply to
ARTHUR MARCOTTE,
Insurance Agent,
82 St. Peter Street
Tel. 1290.
Tel. 5893.
Oct.31x2w

We own and offer
City of Toronto 4% Bonds, due 1948
City of Vancouver, B.C., 4½% Bonds, due 1923
Bell Telephone Co. of Canada 5% Bonds, due 1925
Montreal Tramway Co. 5% Bonds, due 1961

And over 200 other issues of the very highest grade Canadian and American municipal, railway and public utility Bonds of practically any desired maturity to yield from
4 to 6 PER CENT

Circular offerings and booklet based on over 30 years' experience, entitled:
"Why Bonds Are Safe Investments"
Mailed Free on Request.

N. W. HARRIS & CO., Incorporated
157 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

It's the
'DAISY'
that is
Universally
Acknowledged
as being the
BEST BOILER
in the market.
— Agents —
Mechanic's Supply Co.
Limited

FURNITURE
and
BEDDING
BABY SLEIGHS
In variety
D. S. RICKABY,
CABINET MAKER
and
UPHOLSTERER.
Phone 351. 337 St. John Street.

HAMEL & TESSIER
CIVIL ENGINEERS
AND LAND SURVEYORS,
Engineers for
"Ville Montcalm."
Water Power Development. Water Supply. Specifications. Inspection. Cement Testing. Reports, Surveys and Plans for Subdivisions, Etc.
Corner Mountain Hill,
Caisse d'Economie Bldg.,
Telephone 2685.
51 St. Peter St. - QUEBEC.

TRY US
Have you tried the New Laundry? We make a specialty of collars and shirts. We also do the pound wash. A sample parcel is solicited to convince you that we are the best.
The careful Laundry.
GLOVER'S LAUNDRY
92 Colomb Street. 'Phone 4382
GLOVER'S DYE WORKS
393-395 St. Valier St. 'Phone 1810

GAMES
See our Card and other Games, also Playing Cards, Dominoes, Checkers, Puzzles, etc., all suitable for indoor amusements. Prices from FIVE CENTS upwards.
SPECIAL OFFER.
Everyone who purchases any Game will receive one Free Guess in our Baby Doll Contest, with each Game purchased. No matter what price the Game is—even if only Five Cents—you can have one Free Guess with each, provided the Game is on exhibition in same window as the Prize Baby Doll. This offer is good for one week only.
One Free Guess, as usual, with all other goods purchased amounting to the sum of 25 cents.
Baby Doll Contest closes Nov. 15th. Winning number is in a sealed envelope in the Doll's hands. Can you guess it?
T. H. O'NEILL
248 ST. JOHN STREET.

SILLERY NURSERIES
BERGERVILLE.
We have the finest show of Chrysanthemums in Quebec. Thousands in flower now; all colors. Come and see them and pick for yourself. Prices from 75c to $2.00 per dozen. Stevia and Carnations just coming into flower. Open to visitors Sundays and week days.
Pot Plants—Azelia, Stevia, Cyclamen, Begonias, Boston and Whitmanii Ferns, Chinese Primrose and Primula Obconica.
Phone 295. Designs from $3 up. Deliveries in city daily.
JOHN RAMSDEN, Gardener.

WALLACE COLLEGE
25 STANISLAS ST., QUEBEC.
16th Year.
Instruction given in Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy, Mathematics, Drawing, Music and Modern Languages. No vacations. Day and Evening Classes.
J. W. M. WALLACE.

ST. MICHAEL'S BEAT McGILL SECOND

TORONTO COLLEGE BOYS WIN BY 20 TO 3 IN INTERMEDIATE GAME.

Toronto, Nov. 7.—"Our line has not been crossed this season," was the slogan of the McGill intermediate intercollegiate team previous to their game with St. Michael's College this afternoon at University of Toronto stadium. Father Carr's sturdy little team beat the Montrealers by 20 to 3, and thus carry a 17-point lead for the return game at Montreal next week, which will decide the championship.

The victory was not a surprise to the followers of the local team. They have played brilliant football in all their games this season, and are considered by many the best intermediate team seen here for a number of years. The only respect in which the Double Blue were found lacking was in weight. Their aggressiveness, however, practically offset this, and McGill had little advantage on the local team in bucking. In fact the only play which gained them much ground was the tandem buck.

The weakness of the McGill fourteen was in the fumbling of their backfield. This was noticeable in the early part of the game. They had numerous trick plays, but on only one, a fake criss-cross, where the centre half goes through the line, could ground be gained. Fawcett was the best man on the visitors' backfield.

SHERBROOKE REGIMENT'S DIFFICULTY OVERCOME.

Sherbrooke, Que., November 7—Lieut-Col. Rioux, of the 5th Regiment and Mr. C. D White, K.C., were in Ottawa yesterday. They had an interview with Col. the Hon. Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia, with reference to the difficulty between the 54th and 53rd Regiments, over the occupancy of the quarters at the armoury.

The Minister of Militia informed Lieut.-Col. Rioux and Mr. White that orders had already been issued permitting the 53rd Regiment to take possession of their new armory.

No mention was made of the resignation of the 54th Regiment officers, and it is believed the difficulty has been overcome.

ROOSEVELT ENTERTAINED IN THE ARGENTINE.

Buenos Ayres, Nov. 7—Col. Roosevelt today attended the session of Congress. He was escorted to a seat among the Chamber of Deputies and listened to speeches by several of the deputies eulogistic of the United States and himself. Later he attended areception given in his honor at the home of Dr. Ernesto Bosch, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

PERSONAL

Hon. M. Hackett, of Stanstead, is spending a few days in town and is a guest at the St. Louis.

Mrs. T. A. Piddington, Misses F. and E. Piddington arrived from England by the R. M. S. Tunisian yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Rowley, of Lake Edward, who have been guests at the Chateau Frontenac since Thursday last, are returning home this evening.

Mr. Ernest Taschereau, advocate, who has been receiving treatment at the Lake Edward Sanitarium since August last, returned home last evening and is stopping with his mother, Mrs. Liniere Taschereau, St. Cyrille street.

Arrivals at Dohan's Victoria Hotel, Levis: J. E. Masse, E. E. Charlton, Montreal; J. C. Gravel, A. F. LeBlanc, Moncton; A. W. Landers, Boston; C. A. Ring, East Angers; H. E. Voyer, Ste. Flavie; A. Pratt, Matapedia, B. D.

Arrivals at Neptune Inn: S. Julien, Shawinigan; H. E. Castezze, Montreal; S. Lauthoud, Three Rivers; Petre Potress, La Tuque; J. O. Lavallee, M. P., Bellechasse; A. Lavouche, Cacouna; G. Vermette, Thetford Mines; N. Doyen, Beauce Jct.; Gabriel Barberie, St. Come; C. Johnson, Fort William; A. Roy, Stanfold; Mat. A. Gagne, St. Pierre; O. Lampson, Alf. Lampson, D. Lampson, St. Simeon; Mad. J. Allard, Matabalchswar; L. P. Turgeon, Scott; F. X. Pelletier, St. Anne.

Last arrivals at the Blanchard: Mr. B. Cohen, Sherbrooke; D. J. Perrault, Three Rivers; V. O. Noel, St. Flavien; Jos. Larue, St. Antoine de Tilly; Nap. Dusseault, Deschambeault; J. Alfred Grondin, Wilfrid Leclerc, St. Georges; Edmond Guipe, Maria; C. Sutton, Englehart; Mr. and Mrs. E. Bogault, Grosse Isle; J. L. Piche, Lac St. Joseph; Mr. J. E. Blais, Grondines; A. Z. Levesque, St. Pacome; Herm. Simard, Baie St. Paul; J. H. Langis, Montreal; W. Levesque, Bagotville; Roger Boily, Baie St. Paul.

KILLED BY TRAIN AT LEVEL CROSSING.

Coburg, Ont., November 7—Patrick Cunningham, of this town, was killed at the G. T. R. level crossing at Ontario street in this town by being struck by a train. He was returning to his home in the evening when the accident took place. He was a he stole letters from the post office but no family.

STEAMER ARRIVALS.

New York, November 7—Laura, Trieste; Roma, Marseilles.
Baltimore: Main, Bremen.
Liverpool: Baltic, New York.
Plymouth: Imperator, New York; Philadelphia, New York.
Dover: Finland, New York.
Hamburg: Graf Waldersee, New York.
Gibraltar: Cincinnati, New York.
Naples: Verona, New York; Canopic, Boston.
Port Natal (previously). Bendu, Montreal.

MITCHELL DECLARES WAR ON TAMMANY LEADER

New York, Nov. 7.—It is to be war to death upon Charles F. Murphy, as the result of the disastrous defeat at the polls on Tuesday. Mayor-elect Mitchell has served an ultimatum to that effect. He says he has no personal grudge against the Tammany leader, but he will fight him as an institution that should be destroyed.

On all sides the storm gathered yesterday upon the man who has held the reins of Tammany leadership since Richard Croker went to Ireland. Within the organization there were mutterings of revolt. Several old leaders declared the time had come for a change. They declined to discuss Murphy for quotation, but asserted that the organization, weaker now than it has been in years, should demand the abdication of Murphy.

LEARNED REAL VALUE OF BLACK FOXES

Maine Man Thought He Was Well Paid—Then Woke Up.

Rangeley, Nov. 7.—Fred Lamb of Dallas is learning a thing or two about black and silver gray foxes, and says the next time one gets into his traps—he'll know it.

A month ago he caught a black fox, killed it in the trap and then was amazed when someone gave him $300 for the pelt and told him that he could have had more had the fox been alive.

So when Lamb caught a silver gray he carefully saved it alive, and sold it to Willie Hanscom of Stratton, a barber, for $900.

Lamb was satisfied till he learned Hanscom sold the fox to a New Yorker for $1,700 for breeding purposes.

SENATOR GIVES OPINION ABOUT CIVIC AFFAIRS

HON. P. A. CHOQUETTE CONDEMNS MANNER IN WHICH OUTLAY IS GROWING.

Senator Choquette, who opposed Mayor Drouin in the municipal election of 1910, and is said to have some idea of presenting himself again at the elections next February, said yesterday that he was keeping in touch with civic affairs but had been surprised to learn how the city's debt had grown during the past two or three years and what large expenditures had been incurred in that period.

Senator Choquette said he would be reluctant to make any personal attack on the present mayor, especially as he had been his opponent on a former occasion, but he could not help blaming him for allowing certain of the aldermen over whom he presided to set so swift a pace of extravagance.

He was of the opinion, said the Senator, that there were several of the aldermen who failed to realise the responsibility which was theirs as the trusted representatives of the public whom they had the honor to represent. He did not wish to say for a moment that any of the aldermen were dishonest or dishonorable, though some of them seemed to be rather injudicious and, if they really had the interests of the citizens more at heart, they would strenuously oppose the extravagance that was going on.

For himself, he was a firm believer in progress but such was not to be achieved by the lavish expenditure of public money without a reasonable return. While he favored the annexation of Montcalmville, he did not believe that the annexation of other small municipalities spelt real progress and expansion. What Quebec needed was more industries and a determined and concerted effort should be made to get them, while sane methods of publicity should be adopted to this end by advertising the resources and advantages of the city and district.

There was too much of a craze for annexation of outlying municipalities and he wondered, said the Senator, if Mayor Drouin had not realised that certain of the aldermen were laying themselves open to the suspicion of apparently favoring annexation of certain municipalities because they were interested in land transactions there and their property would be enhanced in value by improvements to be carried out there at the expense of the taxpayers of the older wards.

Senator Choquette said:

"There is no income of population apparent in the City of Quebec. Fifteen years ago house rent was as much as 200 per cent lower than at present, and the people could live. The salaried class was not groaning then as now under the burden of high rent, high taxes and high cost of living generally. Within those past 15 years the population of Quebec has not increased to any appreciable extent, and there will be no great increase in this respect until the new Transcontinental Railways are running to Quebec, with properly equipped terminals to receive them to facilitate trade, and until winter navigation of the St. Lawrence is recognized as practicable, and becomes an established fact.

"In the meantime it is imperative that we live within our means, and the city husband its financial strength. Above all things we should stop at all hazards the present system of extravagence.

"I repeat that I am carefully studying the municipal situation and later will make up my mind whether I will be a candidate or not in the Mayoralty contest at the general municipal elections to take place in February next."

SUSPEND FREIGHT INCREASE.

Washington, Nov. 7.—The 5 per cent increase in freight rates proposed by eastern railroads was formally suspended by the Inter-State Commerce Commission today until March 12th, 1914, and Nov. 14, 1913, was set as the date for the first hearing. About 21,000 tariffs are suspended by the order.

EXTRADITION CASE.

Tokio, Nov. 7.—The Japanese government holds that the case against John Eills, business manager of the Japan Advertiser whose extradition to the United States has been refused was not one of perjury according to the Japanese law which requires false testimony during an examination in judicial procedure to be proved. Eills it is said, made an alleged prejurious affidavit in regard to his wife's insanity before an extra judicial attorney.

Offices: Montreal, Quebec and Paris, France.
L. G. BEAUBIEN & CO.
Stock Brokers
Members of the
Montreal Stock Exchange
Private Wire to
Montreal and New York
McGILL BURROUGHS,
74 Peter Street. Manager.
Quebec. Phone 5057.
may,july,sept,nov,jan,mch.

F. SIMARD & CIE
142 St. Joseph Street, St. Roch, Quebec

Our Important November Sales

SALE OF COMFORTERS
Never before have we been in a position to offer such values.
Double Bed colored cotton comforters filled with cotton value $2.00 our Special Price.....$1.38
Full Sized comforters for double bed covered with good flowerd satin also filled with cotton regular value of $3.75 our Special Price.....$2.78
Double Bed comforters in all colors pretty designs and down filled value $5.00. Our Special Price.....$3.47
Double Bed mercerised sateen comforters including pretty parsley and floral designs and filled with purified down. Regular Value of $5.75. Our Special Price.....$4.29

WOLLEN BLANKETS
One case of 60x80 white wool Blankets, with pink or blue borders. Regular $3.48, for this Sale at...$2.58

RUGS! RUGS!
27x54 fringed mohair Velour rugs in plain colors. Value of $2.00. For this Sale.....$1.48
27x54 fringe or without fringe Axminster carpet rugs in rich floral designs and colorings value of. $3.00 For this Sale at.....$2.39

TRIMMED MILLINERY AT ONE-THIRD THE VALUE.
UNTRIMMED MILLINERY.
Felt, Velour and Plush Shapes
Including black and colored newest small and medium size shapes. Prices ranging from $2.50 to $4.00. Price for a few days only at.....$1.49 each

IMPORTED FRENCH AND ENGLISH MODEL HATS.
For the benefit of those who are in want of a trimmed hat, we will offer our entire stock all of this season's latest creations prices ranging from $9.00 up to $35.00 at 33 1-3 per cent. Discount.

SUITINGS
A special sale of diagonal tweed suitings heavy quality 58 inches wide in light and dark grey drab, brown, and blue, suitable for this season; value of $1.75 and $2.00 per yard.
For this Sale, at.....$1.25

PURE WHITE FLANNELETTE.
36 inches imported heavy strong Flannelette, in white only; value of 17c; a few pieces only, at.....12c

FEW SPECIALS for MEN'S AND BOY'S.
Men's soft negligee shirts made of good colored stripe percale regular value of $1.00 For this Sale at....49c.
Men's (Dents') knitted wool gloves in all sizes never sold less than 75c. a pair. Our prices at.....48c.
Men's Black knitted wool half hose assorted sizes our special of 25c., For this Sale at.....19c.

BOY'S KNITTED WOOL
Sweaters and sweater coats in assorted colors and sizes 5 to 15 years Value of 75c. Priced for this sale at.....29c.

SAVE MONEY on FLANNELETTE
Eiderdown Flannelette, in plain and figured designs all colors heavy plush finish 44 inch wide for Kiminos. Value 60c our price per yard.....39c.

F. SIMARD & CIE
142 St. Joseph Street, Quebec. Telephone 2632

E. J. DYNES

C. Turnbull's Underwear, in Wool and Union.
Ladies', Children's and Infants' Vests, Drawers, Tights and Combinations, in White, Natural and Black, from 29c to $3.50 a garment.
E. J. DYNES, 49 St. John St., Tel. 1271.
(Agent for P. C. Parisian Corsets.)

A Description of Our Curtain Department

CURTAIN MATERIAL BY THE YARD.
Plush, Peluchette, Watered Plush, Velours, Art Serge, Repp, Brocade Repp, Broche Repp, Hair Cloth, Bengaline, Poplin, Satine, Casement Cloth, Broche Silk, Watered Silk, Repp Antique, Repp Gobelin, Fancy Denim, French Taffetas, Cretonne, Taffetone.

NET CURTAINS BY THE YARD.
Nottingham Net, Paris Net, Brussells Net, Fish Net, Applique Net, Point D'Esprit, Scrim, Estamine, Voile, Swiss Muslin, Madras, Grenadine, Mercerized, Art Muslin, Vitrage, Spotted Muslin, Marquisette, etc., etc.

DIFFERENT STYLES OF CURTAINS BY THE PAIR.
Louis XIV., Louis XV., Louis XVI., Empire, Richelieu, Renaissance, Art Francais, Marie Antoinette, Guipure d'Art, Venetian, Moroccan, Tunisian, White, Cream, Ivory, Ecru, Arabe, Shaded.

PORTIERES AND CURTAINS MADE TO ORDER.
P. J. COTE,
31 St. John Street
OPPOSITE PALACE HILL.

Watch
MYRAND & POULIOT'S
Big Ad
MONDAY MORNING
3 BONS FOR 1
All Next Week
Myrand & Pouliot
DRY GOODS MERCHANTS & GROCERS
715 ST JOSEPH STREET & 70 CROWN STREET