



FIRST DAY'S TROTTING AT LEPINE.

The Bel-Air Track Open, and Some Training Done.

WHEELMEN'S NARROW ESCAPE.

General News of the Sporting World— Entries for To-day's Races—Half Raters at Dorval This Evening.

The first of the three days' trotting meet at Lepine Park opened yesterday afternoon, with delightful weather and a good track favoring the starters. The attendance was, however, not large, but an improvement in that direction is expected to-day. Only fair time was made in the two principal classes, but both were hotly contested.

SUMMARIES. Three-minute Class— Heats. 1 2 3 4. 2 Josephine, Lecavaller, 1 3 1 1. 3 Sheriff of Moscow, Riel, 1 3 2 3.

Special Race. Heats. 1 2 3 4 5. 1 Glenora, Panetton, 1 1 1 1. 2 Joe W. Poirier, 2 3 3 2. 3 Farmer Boy, McPherson, 2 3 2 2. 4 Glenwood Prince, Emond, 4 4 4 4.

ENTRIES FOR TO-DAY. Purses, \$125, 2.40 class. James Bullock, Moulmette, Ont. Magpie B. G. M., by General Stanton, 2545.

ENTRIES FOR HAMILTON. Hamilton, Ont., June 2.—The opening of the spring meeting of the Hamilton Jockey Club takes place to-morrow and if the weather continues as at present, the meeting is sure to be a great success.

THE BEL-AIR MEETING. Local horsemen are taking a great deal of interest in the coming ten-day meeting at the Bel-Air track, and it is expected that either Mr. W. O. Farmer or Capt. Price, of the Windsor Racing Association, will be in town this week to arrange for the local details.

HASTINGS BY A NECK. New York, June 2.—The attendance at Morris Park to-day was large, the card was a high-class one, and the enthusiasm over the Belmont Stakes, which Hastings beat Handspring, a short head, greater than has been witnessed at the Park for many a day.

THE WHEEL. REGULATING CYCLISTS IN OTTAWA. Ottawa, June 2.—A special committee of the City Council to-night held a conference with local wheelmen and afterwards drafted regulations to govern cycling in the city. It was decided that wheelmen should carry bells and that the maximum speed permissible within the city limits be at the rate of ten miles per hour.

WHEELMEN'S NARROW ESCAPE. Atlantic City, N.J., June 2.—Captain George Trevelyan, of the New York Wheelmen, the leading cycling organization of Philadelphia, accompanied by a number of members of the club, while on a tour along the Atlantic coast, was last night caught by a rising tide and narrowly escaped drowning.

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CYCLING TRACKS ON THE ERIE CANAL. Albany, N.Y., June 2.—Superintendent of Public Works Aldridge has issued orders to the superintendent of repairs along the whole line of the Erie canal, to that they should place the banks in condition for wheeling purposes, without interfering in any way with their regular duties.

BASEBALL. CLEVELAND NOT SOLD. Cleveland, June 2.—The story to the effect that the Cleveland Baseball Club had sold its franchise and that the players were to be divided up between Brooklyn and Indianapolis, has been emphatically denied.

TORONTO UNIVERSITY AND HARVARD. Cambridge, Mass., June 4.—Toronto University and Harvard played lacrosse on Holmes Field this afternoon before a large and fashionable audience. The Harvard team showed up in good form but the superior team play of the Canadians gained them a victory by eight goals to four.

QUITS. DOMINION DEFEATS RIVERSIDE. The first match of the schedule games in connection with the Montreal Quilting League came off on Saturday afternoon on the Dominion Club's grounds between the Riverside and Dominion quilting clubs.

FOOTBALL. CALEDONIAN SOCIETY CUP. It will interest football players to know that the Caledonian Society has again decided to offer a valuable cup for competition among the clubs playing in the Association game.

PERSONALS. Among the latest arrivals at the Windsor yesterday were Lord Stavordale, eldest son of the Earl of Fife, and the Hon. Guy Baring, son of Lord Arbuthnot.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS. NATIONAL LEAGUE. Club. Won. Lost. Baltimore, 25 13. Cincinnati, 21 17. Cleveland, 21 17.

YACHTING. THE ROYAL ST. LAWRENCE YACHT CLUB RACES. A race for half-raters will take place from the Royal St. Lawrence Yacht Club pier this evening at 6.30 o'clock sharp.

BRITANNIA WON. London, June 2.—The Prince of Wales' cutter Britannia won the race for the larger yachts in the Harwich regatta to-day of the Royal Harwich Yacht Club.

RING. BRADY BARRED OUT. London, June 2.—The National Sporting Club, last night, refused admittance to William A. Brady, Corbett's manager, who desired to be a spectator of the Burge-Lavigne mill.

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Everything depends on how a thing is done. Clothes washed with poor soap don't last long, nor do they look right. The very best soap for use on clothes is SUNLIGHT SOAP.

It whitens them beautifully without eating any holes in them. Clothes washed with Sunlight Soap will last a great deal longer. And, you know, you don't have to rub when you use Sunlight Soap.

Less labor Books for Wrappers.—For every 12 Wrappers sent, we will send you a useful paper-board book for free.

Sunlight Soap Depot for Quebec. FRANK MAGOR & CO., Montreal.

LACROSSE. VICTORIA LACROSSE CLUB. The Vics will practice to-night on Fletcher's Field. There will be a meeting to-morrow night.

CAPITAL TEAM THE SAME. The Capital team to meet the Shamrocks on Saturday will be the same as the champions on May 24th.

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McCready's Special. Bearings. Specifications. Wheels, 25 in. in front and rear; hubs, barrel, turned from solid bar steel; frame of best imported cold drawn steel tubing, large size, 25 in.; tires, Morgan & Wright or New York tread, 4 1/2 in.; weight, 23 lbs., optional pedals, handle bars, saddle and gear.

The R. A. MCCREADY CO., Ltd. IRELAND & CAMPBELL, Agents. MANUFACTURERS, 2126 ST. CATHERINE STREET, TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL.

WE HAVE BEEN MAKING LAURENTIAN GINGER ALE just about a month. We secured experienced help; imported the latest machinery; bought only the purest syrups and then had the natural soda water—the pure, sparkling LAURENTIAN WATER for the body of the beverage.

GINGER ALE, CREAM SODA, SODA WATER. Laurentian Spring Water Co., 90 BAUDRY STREET. Telephone 5965.

Richmond STRAIGHT CUT Cigarettes. Costliest Because the Best. 15 CENTS PER PACKAGE. ALLEN & GINTER, - - - Richmond, Va.

That electors will take advantage of this announcement. The headquarters are 2337 St. Catherine Street.

POLITICAL JOTTINGS. Hon. Messrs. Montague, Wood, Sir John Carling, Senator Baker and others spoke at the meeting in defence of the Tupper Government.

THORBURN-MEREDITH. Toronto, June 2.—This morning, in St. Symons (Anglican) Church, Miss Isabel Magrath Meredith, youngest daughter of Chief Justice Sir William R. Meredith, was married to Dr. Thorburn.

Accident to Mr. and Mrs. Edgar. Stouffville, Ont., June 2.—Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Edgar, of Toronto, met with a slight accident here this evening, which may be the means of laying Mr. Edgar up for a few days.

St. Antoine Ward Municipal Campaign. Mr. R. J. Whitty, candidate for municipal honors in St. Antoine Ward, will open his campaign this afternoon by a meeting in the long room of the Mechanic's Institute.

RUBBER HOSE. COTTON and RUBBER HOSE, all sizes and prices. HOSE REELS, Garden Tools, Watering Pots, etc., at L. J. A. Surveyor, 6 St. Lawrence St.

THOS. HOCKING. (SUCCESSOR TO CHAS. CHILDS). Mechnic, Model and Tool Maker, 47 WILLIAM STREET.

SNOW. DUPLEX STEAM PUMPS. For Every Service. Agents: Canada Machinery Agency, 331 St. James Street. W. H. NOLAN, Manager.

MR. MACKAY'S COMMITTEES. Already nine splendid committee rooms have been opened in St. Anne's Division by Robert Mackay, Prompt, polite and careful officials have been placed in each, and any information electors may desire will be cheerfully given.

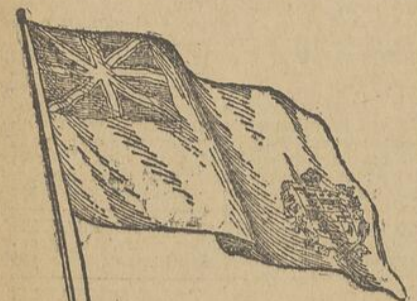
To Succeed the Late Mr. Gordon. Toronto, June 2.—A. G. McKay will leave for the Pacific coast next Saturday, having been appointed superintendent of the Dominion Coal and Lumber Co., Ltd., in a very important position, who last his life in the recent disaster at Victoria.



The Montreal Herald

Founded 1808. MONTREAL, JUNE 3. SUBSCRIPTION RATES. DAILY HERALD—City Delivery. One Year, \$7.50. Six Months, \$4.00. Three Months, \$2.00. Daily Herald—By Mail. One Year, \$8.00. Six Months, \$4.50. Three Months, \$2.50. One Month, \$0.30. WEEKLY HERALD. One Year, \$5.00. Six Months, \$2.75. Three Months, \$1.50. CASH IN ADVANCE. DOMINION ELECTIONS. From date till June 30th the Daily Herald will be mailed to any country address or delivered in the city at house or office for 30 CENTS.

St. Antoine—ROBERT MACKAY. St. Lawrence—ALD. E. GOFF PENNY. St. Ann's—JAMES HOSKINS. St. James—ALD. BRUNET. St. Mary—ALD. DUPRE. Hochelaga—J. A. C. MADORE. Maisonneuve—ALD. PREFONTAINE. Jacques Cartier—ARTHUR ROYER. Laval—THOMAS FORNIN. Chambly-Verchères—CA. GEOFFRON.



MONTREAL LIBERAL CANDIDATES.

A FEW QUERIES. The Sherbrooke Gazette of the 22nd ult. contained an advertisement by Bishop's College, Lennoxville, to the following effect: "Money to lend on improved property, other than farms." Here is room for a few queries. How is it that the corporation of Bishop's College does not deem improved farm property security for a loan? If the country were prosperous would not the value of improved farm property be assured and above suspicion? Is it not a fact that farm properties, even when improved, in Canada, have depreciated so materially in value that they are in many cases refused as security? If the country were prosperous, improved farm property would be among the most easily negotiable of assets. The Bishop's College advertisement simply goes to show that the agricultural industry in Canada is not flourishing as it should flourish.

IN ST. ANTOINE WARD. It would be regrettable if the representation of St. Antoine Ward in the City Council could not be decided without an appeal to the electorate. The electors of the ward are at present engaged in the discussion of larger affairs. As among Messrs. Weir, Carter and Sadler there is no great public principle at stake. All are good men. Any two of them could withdraw from the contest and be able to cherish the assurance that in the hands of the third, the interests of the ward and of the city at large would be safe. It would be a thousand pities if so much of the popular attention as would be distracted by a contest between the three nominees, so much energy and so much money should be wasted as will be wasted in the event of a contest to the end. Messrs. Weir, Carter and Sadler would earn the gratitude of the electors of St. Antoine Ward if they were to settle the question among themselves, by flipping a coin if need be.

SOUND MONEY. The business men of the United States must view with considerable disquietude the rapid progress made by the free silver contingent in the Democratic party. Already it is being taken for granted that the free silver man will be successful in the forthcoming national convention at Chicago. To head off this event it will be incumbent upon the sound money element in the Republican party, which is undoubtedly very strong, to secure the insertion of an anti-silver plank in the platform to be arranged at St. Louis. The question will give rise to acrimonious discussion is beyond doubt; but that the sound money Republicans are in the majority is also indisputable. It is sad to see the howl which the free silverites are playing with a party which has otherwise such wise and worthy principles in its programme as has the Democratic party. Whatever chance of victory it may have next November, and it does not seem to be a strong one, will be diminished a good deal by the intrigues of the enemies of sound money.

FREEDOM AND RESTRICTION. New South Wales and Victoria have furnished the world with a great lesson in the merits of the rival fiscal policies of freedom and restriction. According to an article in McMillan's Magazine for July, 1889, by Hon. Bernard Ringrose Wise, late Attorney-General of New South Wales, the two colonies having started together as free trade colonies, Victoria, after twenty years of freedom, adopted a policy of commercial restriction. At the time she made the change, in 1868, she had every advantage over the older colony. She was 200,000 ahead in population; she had £1,000,000 a year more revenue; her external trade was £3,000,000 a year larger; her area of cultivated land was larger by 150,000 acres; she was the equal of New South Wales in shipping, and far ahead of her in manufactures. Since 1866 the two colonies have pursued their courses along the same lines in nearly all respects except as to their fiscal policies. The conditions of the comparison are considerably in favor of Victoria.

What is the result? Victoria, who when she was a free trade colony was in everything which indicates material progress, ahead of New South Wales, has been steadily falling behind in the race since she adopted protection. In 1866 the Victorian revenue was one million more, in 1888 it was one million less, than that of New South Wales. In 1866 the imports into Victoria were valued at five millions more than those into New South Wales; in 1888, the imports into Victoria only exceeded those into New South Wales by one million. In 1866 the exports from Victoria were valued at three millions more than those from New South Wales; in 1888, they were seven millions less. In 1866, under free trade, Victoria had already a considerable manufacturing industry, whereas New South Wales could hardly be spoken of as a manufacturing colony. Yet in 1887 New South Wales employed in her manufacturing industries 45,788 hands out of a population of a million, with a machinery of 26,152 horse-power, while Victoria employed 45,773, with a machinery of 21,015 horse-power, showing a surplus in favor of New South Wales—small, it is true, but still a surplus! It is impossible, indeed, to resist the conclusion that the progress of one colony has been hampered by protection, while the progress of the other has been furthered by free trade.

AS TO MR. TAILLON. Mr. Taillon, speaking at Beloeil on Sunday, said that owing to the conduct of the rascally Liberals at Ottawa last session, he intended to speak only on the school question from now until June 23rd. This means his continuance in the disgraceful "holy war" which is being preached in this province against liberty of judgment and action. But we venture to predict that whenever Mr. Taillon, between now and election day, faces an English-speaking audience either in his own constituency or out of it, he will not use the language or the arguments with which he tried to advance his cause at Beloeil last Saturday. Last week when he spoke in St. Lambert he was mildness itself, his denunciations of Mr. Laurier's course were not strong enough to stir the placid surface of his whippers. But at Beloeil four or five days later what a change! There he was transformed into a shrieking, scolding, cursing Theriot. Then he stamped up and down the platform; his beard streaming in the wind was the oriflamme of the ultramontanes. At this meeting Mr. Taillon denounced as fanatical the Herald's characterization of his policy as a reactionary one fit only for Spain in its darkest ages. A great many public men in this province seem to think that "fanatic" like Mesopotamia, is a "blessed word," and that one has only to utter it to destroy an inconvenient argument, and Mr. Taillon has the weakness in the fullest degree. If it be fanatical to hold that the Dominion Parliament should be free to legislate in the best interests of all Canadians instead of becoming a mere instrument to record the decisions of Archbishop Langevin on the school question, then we plead guilty. Nay, we plead guilty of being more fanatical still, for we hold that in view of Mr. Taillon's expressed views as to the necessary degree of subservience which Parliament should display, no elector, and particularly no Englishman, the allegiance of whose race to representative institutions is hereditary, can vote for him without being a traitor to the cause of free government. Mr. Taillon on the mediaeval platform on which he stands ought not to get a single vote in the County of Chambly or Verchères, from any man who values political freedom. Mr. Taillon speaks in this city on Thursday evening. Will he repeat in English the intemperate harangue which he has been repeating in various parts of this province since the opening of the campaign? Let him tell the electors of St. Lawrence and St. Antoine as he will, if he is the candid and courageous man that he claims to be, that he holds that in a matter such as the school question, involving as it does the autonomous rights of an English-speaking province, Parliament has no right to question the instructions given it by Archbishop Langevin; that he is prepared to pass the Remedial Bill unaltered and with his eyes shut; that Sir Charles Tupper has given a promise to introduce and pass, if possible, the Remedial Bill of last session in contempt of Manitoba's offer to arbitrate, and that he wants the electors of Montreal to send Mr. Smith and Dr. Roddick to Parliament because he expects them to carry out the programme he has been outlining in the country districts, and because he is afraid that if Messrs. Mackay and Penny are elected they will insist on hearing all the facts of both sides and judging between them with justice. Nothing Mr. Taillon may say will deprive Messrs. Smith and Roddick entirely of support, for many of the electors have fallen so low in partisan slavery that no indignity could stir their watery blood; but there are enough generous-minded Conservatives to resent such language by giving Dr. Roddick and Mr. Smith a burial so deep as to preclude all possibility of political resurrection.

The Tupper Government is still squandering the public money in order to reward those who supported the party in the last session. Mr. L. Z. Jocas, ex-M.P., editor of L'Evenement, has received a snug berth in the Marine and Fisheries Department at Quebec which will henceforward cost the country \$3,000 a year more than the position has hitherto cost. Mr. Jocas, an invalid, has replaced Mr. Gregory, a man of robust and vigorous health, who retires from his \$3,000 a year post on a pension of \$2,000 a year. There is comfort in the reflection that the opportunities so long enjoyed by the Conservatives of perpetrating these scandals—opportunities of which they have so fully availed themselves—will be taken from them in a couple of weeks more.

The year 1870 was one of the most important in English history, for in that year the Education Act was passed, marking an epoch in the social history of the nation. The effects of a solid education such as is now provided, is nowhere more marked than in the various statistical reports. Take for example the criminal reports. Up to 1877 there was a tendency to increase, the average number in that year being 20,800. After that year there was a marked decrease till in 1894 it was only 13,000. Nor must it be forgotten that meanwhile the population had increased by one-third, and that therefore the number ought to have been 28,000 instead of 13,000. England is the land of free education. A United States paper tells us that when Cleveland's nomination was talked of, previous to the last Presidential contest, a screw-making firm alleged that the possibility of his election had brought on their failure. "People," says the paper, "ceased to buy screws as soon as they heard Cleveland was to be nominated." Here is a great chance for the Tupperite organs. They should tell us that the hundred odd failures in Canada last month were not caused by the N. P., but by the possibility of a Laurier victory. They have very little respect for the federal constitution in some of the southern states. In several of them the negroes are not allowed to vote; and now Florida has passed a law which forbids that any negro child shall be instructed in the same building or by the same teachers as a white child. The law applies even to private schools. And yet "all men are born free and equal"; and the fifteenth amendment to the federal constitution forbids restrictions of any kind on account of race and color. A casual canvas of Ontario has brought to light that there are about 267 manufacturing concerns in that province that will support the Liberal party in the coming elections. Some of the largest enterprises in Canada are mentioned in the list employing from 300 hands downwards. The Government cry "Where are the Liberal manufacturers?" has a hollow sound. "Prince in enthusiasm and paupers in fact," is the phrase used by a writer in the Engineering Magazine for June to describe those who are trying to boom the Nicaragua canal enterprise. The phrase might also be aptly applied to the young men who are working and speaking for the Tupper candidates in Montreal. A long and reproachful editorial has been addressed to the Washington meteorological office by the Chicago Times-Herald because those employed in it had failed to predict the series of cyclones which culminated in the St. Louis horror. The Times-Herald should take its weather service from Toronto instead of Washington. According to Senator Landry, Mr. Angers' representative in the district of Quebec, Sir Charles Tupper, is willing to accept any settlement of the school question that may please the bishops. Does Dr. Roddick subscribe to this policy? Does Mr. Wilson Smith?

Now come the days when specially favored manufacturers assemble their workmen and tell them that they are free to vote as they please, but that if the Liberals are returned to power on June 23rd, the mills and shops will shut down next day. "Sir John Thompson drove Mr. Rykert from public life," says the St. Thomas Journal, "but Sir Charles Tupper will welcome him back. The crows are gathering." But there will be no carcass for the Tupperite crow this time. "Mr. Ed. Farrer is again in the city," says the Montreal correspondent of the Toronto World, "and was moving about St. James Street to-day in a very mysterious sort of way." This is dreadful. "I have not read the Remedial Bill; anything the bishops approve is good enough for me,"—Mr. Taillon. "Me, too,"—Dr. Roddick. "Me, too,"—Mr. Wilson Smith. A Liberal tariff would be a tariff for revenue only. A revenue tariff means a maximum of revenue for a minimum of taxation. The need of our day in this city—Universal Education, Compulsory Education, Free Education. Laurier will listen to both parties to the school question. Mr. Laurier is a Reformer, not a revolutionist. The country wants no Tupper Dynasty. No Tupperism.

BANK OF MONTREAL. Sir Donald A. Smith, G.C.M.G., and the Hon. G. A. Drummond were re-elected president and vice-president of the Bank of Montreal at the first meeting of the new board of directors, held yesterday.

ROYAL TRUE BLUES. Cobourg, Ont., June 2.—The 22nd convention of Loyal True Blues opened in the Grand Opera House, Cobourg, this afternoon. Grand Master Wm. M. Fitzgerald was in the chair. The body delegates were to be re-nominated. They are here from as far east as Halifax, and west to the State of Ohio. Altogether the delegates are a representative and enthusiastic body of Protestants. A special committee to draft resolutions dealing with the burning questions of the day has been appointed. The committee is expected to report before five o'clock Wednesday evening.

FRENCH PRESS.

A Poser for Conservative Candidates. The provincial law abolishing separate schools in Manitoba has been declared void by the English Privy Council. This is to say, the Legislature at Winnipeg has the power to dispose of the school grants, and to refuse whenever it wishes, and as it did in 1890, to give any portion of those grants to the schools of the minority. There are two ways in which this state of things could be remedied. Legislation could be used; and the Government could be made to conform to the law of 1890 was quite constitutional, yet it inflicted an injustice upon the minority; and asking that a grant should be given to the schools of the minority. The other way would be to exercise the power given by the constitution to the Federal Government to make the grants, which the provincial government refuses to make, and has the power to refuse to make, according to the decision of the Privy Council. Now, this is just what the Dickey Remedial Bill sought in by the Tory Government did not; and the Tory Government is now taking good care not to promise to do. The question is not reduced to one of simply making a grant to the Manitoba Catholic schools.—L'Electeur.

Less Work and Lower Wages. Our workmen must have been astonished to learn from La Presse that their wages have been nearly doubled since 1881. La Presse would give its statement in French which it lacks if it drew up a list of the wages paid in 1881 and in 1891 in the leading branches of industry. The trades in which wages have increased since 1881 are very few, and these are not increases more than offset by the enforced idleness of large numbers of people in other trades. Let La Presse address itself to the shoemakers, tailors and dressmakers, plasterers, stone-cutters, cabinet makers, railroad shop hands, tobacco factory hands, and workmen in general; and we will learn that their wages are lower and their working days fewer than they were ten years ago.—Le Soir.

Double Language. We warn the Conservative party that Sir Charles Tupper's double language, at Winnipeg and at Montreal, in reference to Mr. Laurier's race and religion and intentions in regard to the school question, is the reverse of honorable, and it is impossible to believe that it will do more good than harm to Mr. Laurier.—La Verite. Dr. Severin Lachapelle. La Presse has been trying to place Dr. S. Lachapelle, the Conservative candidate in Hochelaga, on a pedestal that was never made for him. It puzzles us to find out what Mr. Madore's opponent has done to earn this celebrity and become independent of parliament. Is it because he has been more servile than any other French-Canadian member of Parliament that he should be re-elected? Is it because he has approved of the gigantic Curran Bridge frauds? Is it because he approved of the scandalous squandering of money on rifles and harness? Is it because he has approved of the Curran Bridge frauds? Is it because he has approved of the squandering of money on rifles and harness? Is it because he has approved of the Curran Bridge frauds? Is it because he has approved of the squandering of money on rifles and harness?

THE STAR'S INDEPENDENCE. It is amusing to hear some people talk of the independence of such papers as the Montreal Star. An opinion of its wobbling, straddling, dishonest attitude on nearly all public questions has often been expressed in these columns. It seeks to win its way into homes under the guise of an independence which will condone the most flagrant corruption of the Conservative party in parliament. In a recent issue, and it conceals as many excuses for the misdeeds of its friends as the most violent party paper about which it writes so pharisaically. The Montreal Herald of late has been tearing the mask from the hypocrite, and continues to pour some pretty hot words in the face of the Star. In a recent article the Herald uses this terse language: "We beg to inform our contemporary that independence is not whitewashing corrupt and black-souled men into a sort of natural gray. It's nothing short of trucking to evil. Men may hold diverse opinions on many things and yet be honest, estimable persons; but when flags and crests are exposed and gross corruptions are laid bare, upon such things there can be no independent, half-way house opinions; the honest denounce, the corrupt applaud."

When such jobs as the Tay Canal, the Curran Bridge, the Shell's Island dam, and a host of others just like them, are exposed to paper or person with any pretensions to honesty, should they condemn them? To do otherwise is to condone, which is almost equal in point of guilt to the actual performance of the corrupt act. The present is a time for thought and action by all honest statesmen, and apologists for corruption such as the Star has always been, will find their work fruitless in the present campaign.—Brookville Recorder.

Not to be Trusted. Dr. Montague is reported to be going about the country reading a letter purporting to be from Right Hon. Walter Long, of the Board of Agriculture in England, stating that the Canadian Government was not to blame for the imposition of the cattle embargo by the Imperial Government, as the latter had no right to do so. The letter is a fraud. It is a copy of a letter from Dr. Montague, who is the Queen's agent. He is his friend, and by voting for him everyone of the Indians will please Queen Victoria.

ROYAL TRUE BLUES. Cobourg, Ont., June 2.—The 22nd convention of Loyal True Blues opened in the Grand Opera House, Cobourg, this afternoon. Grand Master Wm. M. Fitzgerald was in the chair. The body delegates were to be re-nominated. They are here from as far east as Halifax, and west to the State of Ohio. Altogether the delegates are a representative and enthusiastic body of Protestants. A special committee to draft resolutions dealing with the burning questions of the day has been appointed. The committee is expected to report before five o'clock Wednesday evening.

FRENCH PRESS.

A Poser for Conservative Candidates. The provincial law abolishing separate schools in Manitoba has been declared void by the English Privy Council. This is to say, the Legislature at Winnipeg has the power to dispose of the school grants, and to refuse whenever it wishes, and as it did in 1890, to give any portion of those grants to the schools of the minority. There are two ways in which this state of things could be remedied. Legislation could be used; and the Government could be made to conform to the law of 1890 was quite constitutional, yet it inflicted an injustice upon the minority; and asking that a grant should be given to the schools of the minority. The other way would be to exercise the power given by the constitution to the Federal Government to make the grants, which the provincial government refuses to make, and has the power to refuse to make, according to the decision of the Privy Council. Now, this is just what the Dickey Remedial Bill sought in by the Tory Government did not; and the Tory Government is now taking good care not to promise to do. The question is not reduced to one of simply making a grant to the Manitoba Catholic schools.—L'Electeur.

Less Work and Lower Wages. Our workmen must have been astonished to learn from La Presse that their wages have been nearly doubled since 1881. La Presse would give its statement in French which it lacks if it drew up a list of the wages paid in 1881 and in 1891 in the leading branches of industry. The trades in which wages have increased since 1881 are very few, and these are not increases more than offset by the enforced idleness of large numbers of people in other trades. Let La Presse address itself to the shoemakers, tailors and dressmakers, plasterers, stone-cutters, cabinet makers, railroad shop hands, tobacco factory hands, and workmen in general; and we will learn that their wages are lower and their working days fewer than they were ten years ago.—Le Soir.

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THIS WEEK THIS WEEK

3—Concerts Only—3 Sousa's Famous Band

John Philip Sousa, Conductor, assisted by Miss Minnie Tracy, Soprano; Miss Marthe Jolin, Violinist; Mr. Arthur Fry, Trombone; Signor Simone Mantia, Euphonium.

Next Friday Evening, JUNE 5. Next Saturday Evening and Evening, JUNE 6.

Secure your seats now at Northcote's, Shaw's and Hardy's Music Stores.

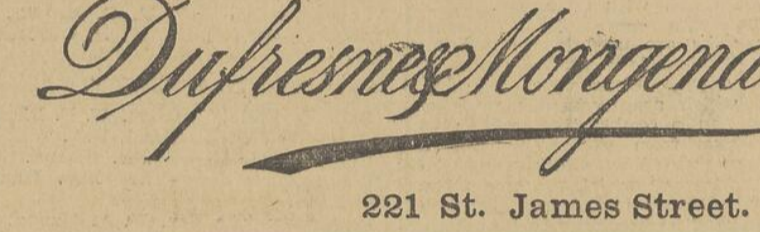
Street Cars from any part of the City to the Rink

Summer Goods.

We are daily receiving goods best suited to the season's needs. In Canned Goods we have just received Connor's Bros.' Fresh Clams and Scallops. Our stock of Club Cocktails includes Martini, Manhattan, Vermouth and Whiskey.

We have just received this week an assortment of Kennedy's Biscuits. Try KENNEDY'S CREAM BLOSSOMS.

the lightest Biscuit made. In a few days we expect to receive some Society Cheese and Hand-made Pretzels. We are always receiving the latest and best in the Grocery line.



DISEASES OF ANIMALS BILL

Passes the Committee Stage in the British Parliament. MANY AMENDMENTS DEFEATED. Pleas on Behalf of the Colonies.—The Third Reading Fixed for June 4.

London, June 2.—In discussing the Diseases of Animals Bill in the House of Commons to-day, Mr. J. M. White, Liberal, moved an amendment leaving the exclusion of live cattle at the discretion of the Privy Council. Mr. Broadhurst, Liberal, member for Leicester, supported the motion, declaring the bill to be injurious to Canada, and of no assistance to British farmers. Mr. Walter Long, president of the Board of Agriculture, opposed the motion, claiming that it only complicated the working of the bill. Mr. White's amendment was rejected by a vote of 202 to 90. Mr. Sydney Buxton, Liberal, who was Under Secretary of State for the Colonies in the late Government, moved to exempt the colonies from the operation of the bill where it was shown that they were free from cattle disease. Mr. Buxton added that he thought Canada made a strong case. He asserted that there was no pleuro-pneumonia there and pointed out that Canada offered to do her utmost to prevent the export of infected cattle. Mr. Howard Vincent, Conservative member for Central Sheffield, expressed the hope that the Government would not place the colonies on the same footing as foreign countries. Mr. Long in reply, said that the Government had no desire to injure Canadian trade and was acting with the strictest sense of duty. It was the duty of the Government to do its best in the matter. But the latter was in a difficult position owing to the long frontier, on the other side of which pleuro-pneumonia was confined to the United States while the latter complained that the disease existed in Canada and not in the United States. Continuing, Mr. Long said he did not hesitate to say that the disease discovered in Canadian imported cattle was pleuro-pneumonia, and he further stated the Canadian Government was unable to shake the expert evidence that there were only 200 tons compared with 5,000 tons in January, 1894, and two in 1895. The two latter, Mr. Long explained, were detected by the slaughter men. It has been suggested, Mr. Long also said, that the Government appoint a commission to go to Canada, but the Canadian experts contended that the disease was simple and not infectious pleuro-pneumonia, while the Imperial Government supported the view of the British experts that the disease was contagious, and therefore, it was found impossible to accept the suggestion. Regarding the proposal to quarantine the cattle Mr. Long said it was impracticable as it was difficult to find grazing quarantines. The Government did not share the view that the bill would injure the trade of the colonies and lead to colonial bitterness against Great Britain. It is believed that the Canadian breeders would accommodate themselves to the new conditions.

THE ST. LOUIS DEATH LIST. St. Louis, Mo., June 2.—The known list of dead in St. Louis foots up 141 names, all of these bodies have been recovered. Besides this, it is known that 13 other persons have been killed in the storm whose names are unknown, and none of whose bodies have been recovered. The list of missing persons has diminished somewhat from the number reported yesterday. The list to-day contains the names of 86 persons, not including the 11 said to have been lost from the steamer Libby Conger.

THE VICE-PRESIDENCY. Boston, June 2.—The Boston Journal to-day prints the following despatch from Bangor, Maine: "I have never written to Mr. Hanna or to any other person that Hon. Thomas B. Reed would accept the nomination for Vice-President. On the contrary, I know that Mr. Reed will not accept this nomination under any circumstances. We expect to nominate him for President."

BREVITIES. A pleasant and attractive looking pilgrimage left Windsor Depot at 6.30 yesterday morning for the shrine of Our Lady of Lourdes at Rigaud. They comprised 100 nuns and about 500 little girls from the Lachine convent and school. The girls were dressed in their noticeable garb of white dresses and black capes. They returned to town at 8.10 p.m.

Pianos & Organs. WILLIS & CO., 1824 Notre Dame St. (Near McGill Street) "Knabe," "Bell" and "Williams" Pianos, and "Bell" Organs. Wholesale and Retail.

Tutti Frutti. A dance is more than doubly enjoyable when one's breath is pure and fragrant. To secure this use Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum. Some dealers try to palm off imitations which they buy cheaply. See that the Trade Mark is on each 5c. package. Save coupons inside of wrapper for LATEST BOOKS.

TRY. A pair of our \$3.25 trousers—worth \$4.00 anywhere. They are all wool fashionable stripes—wear and fit well. MAX USHER, Merchant Tailor, 12 McGill College Avenue.

AMUSEMENTS

THEATRE ROYAL. Every Afternoon and Evening this Week The London Sports Big Barlesque and THE X-RAY STATUE. Admission—10, 20, and 30 cents. Reserved seats, extra. Plan at Theatre from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m.

THEATRE FRANCAIS. St. Catherine St., near St. Lawrence St. Continuous Performances. An Elaborate and Correct Production of Dumas' Romantic Drama. MONTE CRISTO. Superbly Mounted and Costumed. An Excellent Vaudeville Bill. Matinees at 2. Nights at 8. Prices—10c, 20c, 25c.

SOHMER & PARK. Open every day from 1 to 11 p.m. Performances at 3 and 8 p.m. Attractions this Week. Bonnie Bro., The Disappearing Demon, Miss Grace Milburn, Seno-comic Vocalist, Thompson & Bunell, Musical Comedians, Miss Venette, Expert Dancer & Contortionist, Mason & Healy, The Giant and the Dwarf, and Others.

Lavigne's Splendid Band of 40 Soloists. ADMISSION—10 CENTS. Managers desire to call the attention of Children, Afternoons, 5 cents extra.

Trafalgar Institute. For the Higher Education of Young Women. 83 Simpson Street, Montreal. Applications are invited for the position of teacher in mathematics and science, also for the position of teacher in French and German, in the above school. Duties to begin after the coming summer vacation. Salary in both cases \$100 per annum and residence. Applications should state experience and qualifications, and be accompanied by certificates and testimonials. Further information may be obtained from the Principal at the Institute, or from A. F. RIDDELL, Secretary, 22 John Street.

Art Association. PHILLIPS SQUARE. Galleries of Paintings... OPEN DAILY. Admission 25c. 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

THE GENERAL HOSPITAL FAIR. The Executive Committee and the Presidents of the General Hospital Fair, Mrs. Drummond, Lady Hickson, Lady Lacombe, Madame Thibault, Mrs. Wolferstan Thomas, desire to call the attention of their friends and the public to the Fair, which is to take place in the Victoria Rink through the summer months, with the full name of donor, and address should be given, and if article sent is for any special table. The great work of the old General Hospital requires no words from the Executive Committee or the Presidents to receive from the public a most generous response.

Canadian Royal Art Union. (Incorporated by Letters-Patent Feb. 14, 1894. JUST OPENED AT 238 & 240 St. James St. This Company distributes Works of Art, painted by the Masters of the Modern French School. A Novel Method of Distribution. Tickets, from 25c to \$10 each. Awards from \$5 to \$5,000 each. You are invited to inspect this fine collection.

To the Electors. ST. LAWRENCE DIVISION. Comprising St. Lawrence and St. Louis Wards, and Residents thereof in 1893 and 1894.

The approaching Parliamentary Election will be held on the voters' lists of the above years. As many have removed since then who are entitled to vote, and as many who ought to have that right have been left off the list, those who are favorable to the election of

the Candidate of Hon. Wilfrid Laurier, will greatly assist in securing his election by calling at any of the following Committee Rooms, viz.:

Nos. 209 & 764 St. Lawrence St. Nos. 11 & 206 Bleury Street. No. 437 Clark Street, or No. 1879 St. Catherine Street, to verify if their names are on the list, and to report any change of address since above years.

CHAS. A. L. FISHER, Chairman Central Organization, 209 ST. LAWRENCE STREET.

W. C. T. U. COFFEE HOUSE, 594 COFFEE ST. Next Door Gazette. Open from 6 a.m. to 9 p.m.

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SHIPPING MATTERS.

June 2. Steamship Arrivals. From. Emp. of China... Hong Kong... Vancouver...

By Wire and Cable. Sunderland, June 2.—Sailed: Springfield, Montreal.

PORT OF MONTREAL

Arrived—June 2. SS. Mongolian, Moore, Liverpool, May 21. H. & A. Allan, general agent.

Harrogate, Clark, J. Hope & Co. Mongolian, Moore, Liverpool, May 21.

Deer Hill, Burr, Livingston & Co. Scylla, Trippe, Egan & Son.

Lake Winnipeg's List. Father Point, Que., June 2.—SS. Lake Winnipeg, Deaver Line, Liverpool.

The Mongolian Arrives. Allan, SS. Mongolian, Capt. Moore, was docked early yesterday morning.

The Head Line SS. Ramona Head, from Montreal 23rd, B. & O. Bond was docked yesterday.

Lachine Canal. Passed down: Barges with wheat—Cornell, 12,844 bush; Victor, 10,300 bush.

Montreal Marine Underwriters Association. At the last meeting of the Board of Underwriters...

On the 29th February the Hon. Minister of Marine was asked to consider the following points:

1st. That owing to the heavy losses in the St. Lawrence during 1895 there was a disposition on the part of underwriters to advance the rate of premium...

2nd. The dangers of the Straits of Belle Isle. This route is the only one between the Gulf of St. Lawrence and the Gulf of St. Lawrence...

3rd. An inquiry into the pilotage system both between Montreal and Quebec and Quebec and Father Point...

4th. A change in far as may be found expedient from fixed lights to revolving ones.

5th. An inquiry into the pilotage system both between Montreal and Quebec and Quebec and Father Point...

6th. To bring vessels loading full cargoes of wood under the rule and supervision of the Port Warden...

The reply of the Hon. Mr. Costigan met with approval, but the replies from the Deputy Minister were regarded as unsatisfactory...

Correspondence with the secretary of Lloyd's, England, was also submitted regarding the necessity for an improved signal at Cape Pine, Trepassie Bay...

At one-half the Turret Cable's cargo of coal was jettisoned while anchored at Cape Chatte, Sydney, coal, 4,000 tons.

SS. Longhurst, for Liverpool, will sail to-morrow.

SS. Alfred Menzell, at this port, reports having spoken ship Carin bound in lat. 48 N. long 69 W.

Steamers Lake Winnipeg and Merrimac will be due in port to-morrow afternoon.

The French steam yacht Valde from Havre, with Mr. Montier, owner of Anticosti, and party on board, has arrived at English Bay.

Client will finish discharging cargo to-morrow, and will leave for Sydney for another cargo of coal.

GULF REPORTS. L'Islet—Clear, east; out 11 a.m., Eureka.

Cape Chatte—Cloudy, west; in 1 p.m., Lake Winnipeg.

Martin River—Cloudy, west; in 11 a.m., one steamer.

Cape Rosier—Cloudy, north; out noon, Tibet.

RAILWAYS.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM. EXCURSIONS. Sunday Schools and Societies should make early applications for their summer excursions...

Excursions. The above can now be arranged for with societies, clubs, military and other organizations.

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SHIPPING.

BEAVER LINE OF STEAMSHIPS. 1896—Summer Season—1896. Direct Weekly Sailings Between MONTREAL & LIVERPOOL.

From Montreal. Sat. May 2. Lake Winnipeg... To Liverpool, June 6.

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SHIPPING.

REFORD AGENCIES. DONALDSON LINE. WEEKLY GLASGOW SERVICE. Sailing from MONTREAL every WEDNESDAY Morning.

From Glasgow. Steamship. Montreal. From Montreal. Steamship. Glasgow.

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SHIPPING.

ALLAN LINE. Royal Mail Steamships. Liverpool, Quebec and Montreal Royal Mail Service—Calling at London.

From Liverpool. Steamship. Montreal. From Montreal. Steamship. Liverpool.

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THE BISHOPS AND POLITICS.

Important Letter of Instructions Received From Rome.

MUST NOT CONDEMN LIBERALS.

The Pope Desires That Bishops and Priests Should Not Meddle in Canadian Politics.

It is painful, says L'Electeur, to note that the venerable Bishop of Three Rivers should have separated himself from his episcopal brethren in order to deliver a political harangue from the pulpit of his cathedral.

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The Bishop of Three Rivers should have separated himself from his episcopal brethren

INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

Government Municipal and Other First-Class Bonds. Suitable for Trust Estates, Banks, Insurance Companies and Investment, bought and sold by...

A RECORD FOR DULLNESS.

Local Stocks Absolutely Devoid of Life.

A NICE THING IN DIVIDENDS.

Over a Million and a Half Will Be Paid Out—British Consols—Gossip.

Herald Office, Tuesday, June 2.

A more inactive market than today's would be difficult to imagine. There were not 150 shares of stock sold altogether, and the prospects of any business were so small, that it was decided to omit the usual afternoon session.

The money market continues in a fairly satisfactory groove, but for the present, at least, it fails to offer the more satisfactory features.

A few shares of Pacific were placed at 62 1/2 to 63, and Street Railway at 20 1/2 to 21, and other business consisted of small sales of Toronto Railway, Bank of Montreal, Merchants and Commerce.

The "hike" is again responsible for a falling off in Toronto Street Railway earnings. The statement for May shows a gross income of \$83,004.90, against \$84,956.00 for the same month last year, a decrease of \$1,851.04.

Montreal Street Railway started the month of June with an increase of \$206.66, the earnings being \$3,737.70. The total earnings for last June were \$11,148.64, or \$2,880.20 less than the returns of the month just past.

Sterling exchange rates were quoted today as follows: Buyers, Sellers, Counter. New York Futures, 1-16 dis. 1-16 dis. prem. Sterling 40 days, 4 1/2 to 4 1/2 to 4 1/2 Demand, 4 1/2 to 4 1/2 to 4 1/2 Cables, 4 1/2 to 4 1/2 to 4 1/2

Money in New York is featureless as it was last week. A report says: "Call money is on offer in large quantities, and demand is poor. Only the most languid interest is taken in the market by anybody. Lenders do not wish to put out all their money on time at the existing low rates, but even if they did so wish they could not place a large amount. Dull speculation and dull trade keep the market heavy and extremely quiet."

The highest, lowest and closing prices, total sales and net changes from yesterday's closing are given in sales in the local markets were as follows: MORNING BOARD. Sales. Open. High. Low. Close

HALF-YEARLY DIVIDENDS. BANK SHAREHOLDERS TO SCOOP IN A BIG FILE. This is about the period when the banks pay out their half-yearly dividends. A partial list is given below.

BRITISH CONSOLS. NOT LIKELY THAT THE GOVERNMENT IS BUYING. "The statement last week that the Government was again buying consols is not verified by this week's Bank of England return. Instead of the Government balance having been drawn upon to pay for the consols purchased, there has been the large addition of \$1,500,000 to the public deposits, bringing up the total to the exceedingly high figure of \$16,637,000, which contrasts with \$14,848,000 a year ago and \$15,700,000 in 1894.

NEW YORK GOSSIP. J. S. Bache & Co. telegraph their local manager, C. D. Monk, as follows: "Journal this morning says that Mr. Reed would never accept a nomination as vice-president. 'We expect to nominate him for President.'"

THE DAY IN WALL STREET. New York, June 2.—The Evening Post says: As soon as today's stock market opened London houses sold back all the stocks which they had purchased yesterday afternoon. This cast an immediate shadow over the narrow local market. Everything on the New York list declined and the latter trading dullness and weakness was continued notwithstanding one or two favorable developments.

THE LONDON SITUATION. New York, June 2.—Evening Post's financial cablegram from London: The stock market opened booming today, but soon yielded to a healthy reaction in speculative descriptions. The rise in Kaffirs has brought out a good deal of real stocks and prices at close are below the best. Gift edged securities were very strong. Consols were 113 1/4 ex-div. Americans generally were lower on London Times cable dispatches reporting the progress and strength of the silver party in the U.S. Transaction in them were few. The Continental demand for gold here has almost ceased and arrivals are going into the Bank of England.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE. The closing prices on the local stock exchange today were reported as follows by Chas. Meredith & Co., St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal:

WHEAT MARKET CLOSED STRONG

After Having a Rather Weak Day. Grain Space For June Almost All Taken—Cheese Quiet and Easy—Heard on 'Change.

OCEAN FREIGHTS ARE FIRM.

HEARD ON 'CHANGE.

WHAT THE GRAIN AND FLOUR MEN ARE TALKING ABOUT.

Manitoba wheat is still selling in New York for exports. The latest sale reported took place yesterday, and the wheat will go to Portugal. The price was 40.00 bushels No. 1 hard, and it was sold to arrive at 40.00.

A local miller to-day said: "They are having great growing weather in Manitoba, and the outlook for wheat crop is considerably brighter than it was some time ago."

The weekly crop report from Columbus is as follows: "Wheat has reached a point where it can't be made to improve. Oats in the condition. Corn shows good progress. Tobacco planting delayed by scarcity of plants."

"Wheat," wired a Chicago broker, "is low and will be bought by a better to buy on sharp breaks. The short side is becoming too popular."

A local broker received the following from Chicago: "Any customers you have who are long of July wheat and are restricted to showing the market over September a month. The premium will widen to almost half charge in the market at present, but it is nevertheless still very quiet. The range of values is pretty much the same."

Private messages received from Paris read as follows: "European crop prospects all that could be desired. Excellent. Rain fall has been deficient, and is needed to prevent serious damage to oats, barley and hay. Russian prospects excellent. Spring seeding has been much benefited by rain. Spain: The wheat crop previously reported badly damaged by drought has made marked recovery, owing to rains, and the prospect has entirely changed."

Among the visitors on the floor to-day were: Jno. A. Book, Chicago, introduced by R. Allan, and J. Murray Giblett, London, Eng., introduced by W. W. Craig.

The clearance sheet from Chicago posted to-day showed a decrease of 671 bushels corn, and 30,500 bushels oats going to Prescott, and 48,000 bushels corn to Midland.

Cable advices to the Board of Trade report the English grain and breadstuffs as follows: London—Cereals of coast, wheat and maize, nothing doing. Cargoes on passage and for shipment wheat, maize dull. Liverpool—Futures: Wheat, June and July, 48 1/2; August, September and October, 48 1/2; Malt, June, 11 3/4; July, 8 1/4; August, 8 1/4; September, 8 1/4; October, 8 1/4; November, 8 1/4. English country wheat markets, easy. Weather in England, cloudy.

MONTREAL GRAIN FREIGHTS. GENERAL TONE OF THE MARKET IS QUIET FIRM. No material change has developed in the freight market since last week, the tone still keeping quiet firm.

Leading shipping men estimate that the two-thirds of most grain and wheat has been engaged up to July, so that the market for the next week or so will probably be rather quiet.

There is also a freer movement of provisions reported, and there is a good demand for deep space.

Quotations for grain are about as follows: 15 3/4 to 22 Liverpool, 10s London, 2s to 2s 3/4 Liverpool, 10s Glasgow, 7s 6d Liverpool, 8s 9d Glasgow, 10s London, 2s to 2s 3/4 ports.

EXPORTS. Per S.S. Lake Superior for Liverpool: H. Crow, 25,000 bushels; W. Grant, 65,000 bushels; Bruce, 65,000 bushels; W. Grant, 65,000 bushels; Bruce, 65,000 bushels; W. Grant, 65,000 bushels; Bruce, 65,000 bushels.

THE ARSON CASES. Crown Closes Its Case—Evidence Is Weak. The charges of arson against Belsler and Thomas were continued in the Court of Queen's Bench yesterday morning.

Mr. Crankshaw and Mr. R. A. E. Green-shield's rigidly cross-examined the witnesses. On the opening of the court Mr. Crankshaw made application to have Payer recross-examined, on the ground that there has been no preliminary examination of the witness. The judge granted the application, and Payer was once re-examined.

Monday the 16th of May next, both of the Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th day of May next, at 12 o'clock noon.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Banking House in the City of Montreal, on Wednesday, the 17th day of June next, at 12 o'clock noon.

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white at 20 1/2, with a few sales of the local at 20 1/2. No. 2 Manitobas locally are quoted at 28c and the range for No. 2 white is 27c to 28c, and No. 1, 28 1/2 to 29c.

Wheat, No. 1 hard, 27c to 28c. Wheat, No. 2 hard, 26c to 27c. Corn, Canadian, 90c to 91c. Peas, per 60 lb. cask, 12c to 13c. Oats—No. 2 white in store, 27c to 28c. Oats—Mixed, 25c to 26c. Barley, feed, 35c to 36c. Buckwheat, 45c to 47c.

Flour—The millers reported a slightly better business in Manitoba flour to-day, in fact there were more cars sold than on several days past. Prices are still more or less irregular and it is difficult to say just what figures are being realized. It is certain, however, that inside prices are being taken in most first-hand sales.

"The demand is slow and the market is weaker, owing to the fact that American flour is offering to Canadian dealers for export at lower prices than they have to pay for Canadian flour. An instance of this was shown to-day when a lot of Ontario straight roller was offered in Montreal at \$3.45. It was wanted by an export firm, and the Montreal was bid for it, and the flour of the same grade, with which the order was filled, was obtained at the price bid for the Ontario flour. This was on export freights and the price of \$3.45 for consumption in the Province of Quebec."

"No new export business has been reported by local millers. Straight rollers, \$3.05 to \$3.15. Superfine, 0.00 to 0.00. Extra, 0.00 to 0.00. Strong bakers' Man, best brands, 3.40 to 3.55. Spring patents, 3.35 to 3.40. Buckwheat, 2.80 to 3.10.

Meal—The market is extremely quiet for all grades and prices remain unchanged. Rolled, per bushel, \$2.80 to \$3.00. Standard, per bushel, 1.40 to 1.50. Unbranched, per bushel, 2.80 to 3.00. Bran, per bushel, 2.80 to 3.00. Moulins, 17.00 to 15.00.

CHICAGO MARKETS. Messrs. J. S. Bache & Co. report the following quotations from Chicago:

June 2. Op'g High. Low. Close. Wheat, May, 65 1/2 66 1/2 65 1/2 66 1/2. Wheat, July, 64 1/2 65 1/2 64 1/2 65 1/2. Corn, May, 27 1/2 28 1/2 27 1/2 28 1/2. Corn, July, 26 1/2 27 1/2 26 1/2 27 1/2. Oats, May, 17 1/2 18 1/2 17 1/2 18 1/2. Oats, July, 16 1/2 17 1/2 16 1/2 17 1/2. Pork, May, 6 1/2 6 3/4 6 1/2 6 3/4. Pork, July, 6 1/4 6 3/4 6 1/4 6 3/4. Lard, May, 4 1/2 4 3/4 4 1/2 4 3/4. Lard, July, 4 1/4 4 3/4 4 1/4 4 3/4. Short luts, May, 3 1/2 3 3/4 3 1/2 3 3/4. Short luts, July, 3 1/4 3 3/4 3 1/4 3 3/4.

RECEIPTS IN MONTREAL. G.T.R. C.P.R. CANAL T.H. Wheat, 14,908 14,908 14,908. Corn, 4,751 4,751 4,751. Oats, 4,195 4,195 4,195. Rye, 17,295 17,295 17,295. Barley, 739 739 739. Ashes, 8 8 8. Eggs, 207 207 207. Cheese, 3,951 3,951 3,951. Lard, 1,000 1,000 1,000. Leather, 105 105 105. Hams, 745 745 745. Cattle, 143 143 143.

PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS. CHEESE MARKET CONSIDERABLY QUIETER THAN YESTERDAY. Tuesday, June 2. Cheese was much duller to-day than yesterday, and if anything it feeling just a shade easier, it has transpired that the market was feeling easier, these changes had been yesterday and a good deal of the buying was supposed to have been for the London boat. This was of course outside of the wharf cheese.

The latest mail from London brings the following on the situation there: "English cheese of new season's make is very dry in coming forward, nothing of moment having appeared since we last wrote, and excepting of Wiltshire Loaf at 5s, and of Derbys from 3s to 4s, no sales worthy of note have been reported. There are inquiries for combed cheddar, but few parcels are to be had here, having been absorbed for cheap cuts long ago; and while fancy lots are likewise wanted, and would bring high prices, the quantity of such transactions is from becoming what might be termed large. Medium to fine sorts of Canadian and American, on the contrary, which are in liberal supply, fall to enter attention. The market shows firmness; operations are restricted. New States cheese has been on offer at 3s to 4s for colored, but the trade do not rush at it, so that these figures they are not so dear, especially when it is known that the quality of the cheese is not above 3s 6d to 3s for red and white; and this cautiousness gives to the market a quiet tone. Dutch cheese has been available at again lower rates, chiefly for best factory goods, which have been forced off at 30s per cent. The arrivals of New Zealand cheese—consisting of 3,011 pigs, per Rimutaka, 954 pigs, per Aorangi, and 2,312 pigs, per Maori, between 13th and 13th inst.—are passing steadily into consumption, and the prices generally current have been from 3s to 4s for colored and white, up to 4s for the pick of the assortment."

At Belleville, Ont., June 2.—At a meeting of the Ontario Board of Agriculture, 2,630 boxes white and 135 colored were offered, the following sales were made: F. Watkins, 340 white at 6 1/2c; McCarraig & Co., 150 white at 6 1/2c; J. R. Brower, 55 white and 35 colored at 6 1/2c; P. Murphy, 190 at 6 1/2c; A. A. Cox, 200 white at 6 1/2c and 280 at 6 1/2c.

Ingersoll, Ont., June 2.—At market to-day 2,286 boxes, principally balance May cheese offered; 113 sold at 6 1/2c and 434 at 6 1/2c; 1,289 at 6 1/2c, also 100 at 1 7/16. Market steady.

Campbellford, Ont., June 2.—At the meeting of the Cheese Board here this evening 1,100 boxes white were offered and the following sales were made: T. Watkins, 190 at 6 1/2c, 300 at 6 1/2c, also 100 at 6 1/2c. Balance un-sold. Buyers present: Messrs. Whitton, Cook, McGrath and Thompson. Next meeting of the board one week from to-night.

Butter—in a great many respects the butter market remains about the same. Exporters are picking up a little here and there, but on the whole their purchases do not amount to much. A small quantity was taken yesterday at 15c. In a local way there is not a awful lot doing, but values are maintained. Finest creamery to the local trade is selling within the range of 16c to 17c, and the range for the rest is 14c to 15c.

Eggs—The range for fresh eggs seems to be about 8c to 9 1/4c, while the range for old eggs is 7c to 8c.

Provisions—There is little new to report in the provision market, and

Boilers OF ALL TYPES. Canadian Rand Drill Co., 516 Board of Trade - - - - - MONTREAL.

La Banque Jacques Cartier. DIVIDEND No. 61. NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend of three per cent (3 p.c.) for the current half year, equal to six and a half per cent per annum on the paid-up Capital Stock of this Institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city, on and after Monday, the first day of June next.

FINLAYSON & GRANT. Custom House Brokers, Forwarders and Warehousemen, 418 to 417 St. Paul St., MONTREAL. Bell Co. 657. P.O. Box 631.

W. H. WARREN. ACCOUNTANT & TRUSTEE. Special attention paid to auditing the books, closing entries and statements of joint stock companies. Trust Moneys kept in separate Bank Accounts and carefully administered. Loans Negotiated.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS. BARRISTERS NOTARIES ETC. GIBBONS, MULKERN & HARPER. BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. Office—Cor. Richmond and Carleton Streets, LONDON, ONT. GEO. C. GIBBONS, Q.C., P. MULKERN, FRED. H. HARPER.

CHRYSLER & LEWIS. BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC. SUPREME COURT AND DEPARTMENTAL AGENTS. OTTAWA, CANADA.

F. H. CHRYSLER, Q.C., J. CHRYSLER LEWIS, J. EITCH & FRINGLE. BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY, NOTARIES PUBLIC, ETC. JAMES LEITCH, Q.C. CORNWALL, ONT. R. A. FRINGLE.

A. DAVIS. Consulting Engineer. Oil Fuel a Specialty. 116 ST. PETER STREET.

F. T. COSTELLO. Barrister, Solicitor, Etc. ALEXANDRIA, ONT.

ST. LAWRENCE HALL. 126 to 128 St. James St. Montreal. HENRY HOGAN Proprietor. The Best known Hotel in the Dominion.

THE ST. ELMO. For McGill and Recollets Sts. The Best 25 cent Dinner in the City. Best Ales, Wines, and Porters On Draught or in Bottle. Fo Po Attention. Prompt Service.

BALMORAL HOTEL, MONTREAL. The only first-class down town hotel in the city. E. H. DUNHAM, Proprietor.

A NEW HOME TREATMENT. Sufferers are not generally aware that these diseases are contagious and are due to the presence of living parasites in the membrane of the nose and unguis. Microscopic research, however, has proved this to be a fact, and the result is that a simple remedy has been formulated whereby catarrh, nasal deafness and hay fever are permanently cured in from one to three simple applications made at home by the patient once in two weeks.

THE BANK OF TORONTO. Dividend No. 50. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT FOR THE CURRENT HALF-YEAR, BEING AT THE RATE OF TEN PER CENT PER ANNUM UPON THE PAID-UP CAPITAL OF THIS INSTITUTION, HAS BEEN DECLARED, AND THAT THE SAME WILL BE PAYABLE AT ITS BANKING HOUSE IN THIS CITY, ON AND AFTER MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE NEXT.

THE FENIAN SCALE. London, June 2.—Papers here are beginning to make much of the revival of Fenianism. Naturally the ex-labourers, Stephens, and other former leaders, deny knowledge of the new movement. Chief Inspector Melville, of Scotland Yard, however, says: "We are only awaiting an opportune moment to proceed against men we know to be conspirators. At present they have not gone far enough for our purposes."

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA. Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 4 per cent for the current half-year, being at the rate of 8 per cent per annum upon the Paid-Up Capital Stock of this Institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city, on and after MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE NEXT.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS. A Quarterly Dividend at the rate of Eight Per Cent (8 p.c.) per annum on the Paid-Up Capital Stock of THE ROYAL ELECTRIC COMPANY. For the quarter ending the 31st inst., has been this day declared, payable to the shareholders on record of the 31st day of May, 1896, and will be mailed to them on the 1st day of June next. By order of the Board.

"SANTAS" NATURE'S GREAT DISINFECTANT. Non-Poisonous. Does not Stain Linen. FLUID, OIL, POWDER, &c.

HOW TO DISINFECT. A valuable Code giving full directions for the use of Santas in all cases of contagious diseases, and also in preventing the same. Price 10c per copy. Sent by mail on receipt of 10c.

General Manager, H. H. HENSHAW, Montreal, April 21st, 1896.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS. The Bank of Toronto, Toronto, 22nd April, 1896.

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JOHN MURPHY & CO.'S ADVERTISEMENT.

GREAT SALE OF Colored Quilts!

Guaranteed Fast Colors. Just the thing for Country Use. All sizes for single and double beds. NOTE THE PRICES: 75c for 50c. 90c for 65c. \$1.10 for 75c.

Assorted patterns. Colors, red and blue. 100 fine White Quilts, extra size, free from dressing, worth \$1.50; choice for \$1.10 each.

GINGHAM SALE. 25 patterns finest Gingham, fast colors, worth 20c and 25c; choice while they last at only 12-1-2c per yard.

Fine, Fancy Dress Muslins. All the Newest Colorings and Patterns for this season, worth from 25c to 35c per yard; while they last take your choice for only 15c per yard.

WINDOW SHADES. Opaque Window Shades in all widths and colors made to order. A large assortment of New Lace and Fringes now in stock. Measurements taken free of charge. All work guaranteed.

New Curtain Poles. New Curtain Poles, 50 New and Handsome Patterns to select from. Complete Sets. Poles, with Brass Ends, Rings and Brackets, from 14c per set.

New Laundry Bags. 15 New Patterns in Laundry Bags, embroidered in assorted colors; all guaranteed fast. Prices from only 25c each.

New Pillow Cases. Fancy hem-stitched in White, Blue and Red; warranted fast colors; only 50c per pair.

JOHN MURPHY & CO., 2843 ST. CATHERINE ST.

Amateur Photography. JUST RECEIVED—Eastman's Pocket Kodaks, Eastman's Roll-type Cameras, Eastman's Developing and Printing Outfits.

WM. NOTMAN & SON, 14 Phillips Square

Food for the Sick!

The Diet Dispensary carefully prepares a food for the sick, at reasonable prices, thus facilitating the care of their sick. The poor are supplied gratis upon presentation of order from physician, clergyman or visiting nurse.

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FURNITURE FOR COUNTRY COTTAGES.

Renaud, King & Patterson, 652 Craig Street.

Karn Pianos

Come and See Them. Montreal Branch, D.W. Karn & Co., 2344 St. Catherine Street.

SNAP! SNAP! SNAP! SNAP! one of our AI Scotch or English worsted Suits at once. They are being SNAPPED every day. Prices reasonable and unsurpassed.

J. ROSENTHAL, Tailor and Outfitter, 182 St. Antoine Street.

Plate Glass Insurance

Lloyd's Insurance Co., Of New York. Deposit with Canadian Government Policies Covering Glass Against Breakage Issued for One or Three Years. LOWEST RATES.

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BRITISH AND FOREIGN.....of Liverpool RELIANCE.....of Liverpool BOSTON MARINE.....of Boston

EDWARD L. BOND, Gen. Agent, 30 St. Francois Xavier Street.

DERMATOLOGICAL INSTITUTE

DR. H. J. BRODEUR, Specialist, of Paris. Special treatment of all Complexion, Skin and Scalp Diseases: Acne, Eczema, Pimples, Dandruff, Blood Poison, Spontaneous Hair destroyed by electricity; also of all Genito-Urinary troubles. 385 St. Denis Street.

The Montreal Herald is published daily at 608 Craig Street, by the Montreal Herald Company, Edward Holton, President.

LAURIER TO MANUFACTURER.

Trade Policy of the Liberal Party Set Forth.

THE LAURIER-BERTRAM LETTERS.

Liberal Policy Not One to Create Monopolies and Enrich the Few—Tariff to Meet Government Necessities.

The following interesting correspondence has passed between Hon. Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Geo. H. Bertram, of the Bertram Engine Works Co., Limited, Toronto, on the Liberal trade policy:

The Bertram Engine Works Co. Ltd., Toronto, May 26, 1896. My Dear Mr. Laurier,—Having been asked to support the claims of the Liberal party to the confidence of the electors during the present contest, and being specially interested in the trade policy of the Liberal party, owing to the fact that I am actively engaged in business as a manufacturer and merchant, and deeply concerned in the outcome of any change in the tariff, I would be glad to have your endorsement in the form of a letter of the views I hold as to what would be the practical outcome of tariff legislation in the event of a Liberal administration being formed.

It is asserted over and over again, by extreme protectionists and others, that the advent of the Liberal party to power would mean the adoption of a free trade policy. "Following the articles that come to us from abroad in competition with those which we make or can make, to come in free of duty," giving us in fact, free trade as it is in England. If I thought for one moment that such a result would follow the defeat of the Conservative party, I would be compelled to vote and do what I could against the party I have been supporting for many years. Party loyalty would not influence me in voting against my better judgment.

I do not believe it is possible, or desirable, to have free trade in Canada as it is in England. In Mackenzie's time we had a tariff of 17 1/2 per cent. Since 1878 the debt of the Dominion has been increased \$143,000,000 and the yearly expenditure is now \$14,000,000, more than it was then. The requirements of the Government are now so great that in framing a tariff for revenue, a must of necessity mean a substantial increase over the general tariff in Mackenzie's time. It should also be borne in mind that previous to Confederation old Canada had a tariff of 20 per cent, which was reduced to 15 per cent, in 1867 to meet the demands of the Maritime Provinces before entering Confederation. This low tariff was afterwards raised to 17 1/2 per cent, by the Mackenzie Government, and it is well known that it would have been increased to 20 per cent, but for the determined opposition of the members from the Maritime Provinces. No one in connection with the Liberal party proposes, as far as I know, to return even to the 17 1/2 per cent. tariff; that it is impossible under the altered circumstances. If such is the case the manufacturers of the country will continue to have an advantage over the foreign manufacturer to as great an extent as they have any right to expect, and surely the assertion that a free admission of foreign manufactured goods is contemplated, is just a bogey to frighten a certain section of the community. When the protective principle, pure and simple, was introduced, and a tariff on manufactured goods ranging all the way from 30 to 100 per cent, was in operation for a number of years, the agitation in the country against such a burdensome tariff became so great that the present Government was compelled in 1894 to cut off "the mauling branches" and make a large number of substantial reductions. Unfortunately, however, a very large number of manufacturers who are now protected to the extent of say 25 and 30 per cent, and even less, have to pay a duty of over 50 per cent on the raw material required by them. This applies particularly to agricultural implement makers, stove manufacturers, and engine builders. In reforming the tariff these excessive duties on the raw material of important industries will have to be materially reduced. Owing to the adoption of the protective principle beyond what a revenue tariff would afford, combines and associations of certain Canadian manufacturers, have been formed, designed to destroy domestic competition, and interfering with the legitimate mercantile trade of the country to the great detriment of the purchaser. It is high time that such a condition of things was put an end to, and no more of factious remedy can be applied than a reduction in the tariff on all goods manufactured and sold under a combine which has secured the home market without being subjected to competition of any kind. It was always promised that domestic competition would regulate the price to the consumer. Instead of that, we find that high salaries are paid to American experts to regulate the Canadian combines, and in some cases dividends are paid on factories that are shut down in the interests of the combines.

A policy which creates monopolies and enriches a few at the expense of the many, cannot truly be called a National Policy, as only a small section of the people are benefited. Such a policy is sectional rather than national. I have carefully considered your attitude toward Canadian manufacturers, and I believe you have the ability and the desire to legislate with due regard to the interests of all classes, and I am sure the manufacturers of the country who are manufacturing under proper conditions and are willing that the interests of the great body of the people should be cared for, have nothing to fear from any gradual changes that would be made by an administration of which you were the head. I am strongly of the opinion that it is time both political parties in Canada came to some understanding regarding the future trade policy of the country. Continued agitation as protectionists and free traders, unsettles business and retards the growth of the country. The Conservative party in 1894 readjusted the tariff in the direction of more moderate duties. The Liberal party has adopted the principle of a revenue tariff high enough to meet the necessities of the Government, which practically gives the manufacturers all they can reasonably expect. The tariff is due between the two parties is not as wide as it was in 1894. If some concession of opinion could be reached which would remove the inequalities of the present tariff, and do justice to all, granting special privileges to none, we would have greater stability in business and be in the same position as political parties in England, who have no tariff issue for election. I am every day of the country every election for such a result.

If I am right in concluding that a Liberal administration would reform the present tariff in the direction I have outlined, taking a practical business view of the whole question as to what was best for our own and the British system of Dominion, and not to the merits of protection or free trade, I will be pleased to have your confirmation in the form suggested.

Yours sincerely, GEORGE H. BERTRAM, Arthabaska Mills, 1st June, 1896.

My dear Mr. Laurier,—There can be no ambiguity as to what is the trade policy of the Liberal party, as it was placed before the country nearly three years ago, at the Great Liberal Convention which met at Ottawa, in June 1893.

The Government and their supporters are now systematically trying to confuse the issue by attempting to persuade one class of our population, the manufacturing class, that our aim is to introduce into this country, the British system of free trade, and that such a system would be injurious, even fatal to that class.

Whether a policy of absolute freedom of trade would or would not be injurious to the manufacturing industries of this country, is a question which I will not stop to discuss here. There is no occasion for such a discussion, as the intention of the Liberal party is not and never was to establish absolute free trade in this country. The question was discussed at Ottawa, but after anxious consideration, while fully recognizing the superiority of the British system of freedom of trade as an abstract principle, the Convention came to the conclusion that under the existing conditions of our country, the fiscal policy best adapted to its requirements, its economic situation, its enormous financial obligations, is a revenue tariff, that is to say a tariff levying our revenue from customs duties, the basis of which would be the amount necessary to carry on the business of the country. Let me quote the exact words of the language adopted by the Convention:

"The highest interests of Canada demand a removal of this obstacle (the present tariff) to our country's progress, by the adoption of a sound fiscal policy, which, while not doing injustice to any class, will promote domestic and foreign trade, and on the return of prosperity to our people."

"That to that end the tariff should be reduced to the needs of honest, economical and efficient government."

There is no ambiguity in this language, and all attempts to make it say anything different from its plain and obvious sense, is a wilful effort of a dying cause and a demoralized party.

The two political parties have therefore in this common, that both agree in this, that the public revenue must be levied chiefly from customs duties, but in the manner of levying those duties there is a marked and clearly defined difference.

The Government and their supporters proclaim as a guiding principle, that in the imposition of customs duties, the object of levying the revenue should be primary consideration, but that duties should be imposed and the nation taxed not for the nation itself, but for special interests in the nation.

It was supposed at one time and fondly asserted that the favoring of special interests would redound to the advantage of the whole. Experience has proved that to tax the nation for the benefit of special interests is detrimental, and most detrimental to the nation. This point I will not discuss here. I appeal upon it, to the judgment of the people and to the experience of all.

On the other hand, the Liberal party assert as a cardinal principle, that in the levying of the public revenue by means of a customs tariff, the duties should be imposed simply with the view of collecting the necessary revenue of the country, so as to produce a minimum of tax of revenue with a maximum of benefit to the people.

That under such a system manufacturers goods coming from abroad should be especially selected for exemption, is an assertion for which there never was the slightest shadow of foundation, and one the absurdity of which defects the very object for which it is contemplated.

While it is hardly possible to lay down specifically and minutely the particular articles which should be included in such a tariff, certain broad lines may be stated which ought to prevail. As far as practicable the burden of taxation ought to weight equally upon all classes, the only exception being that articles of luxury should be more heavily taxed, whereas all the necessities of life should be more lightly taxed, and as nearly free as possible, and even in many cases entirely free.

It is also impossible to lay down even approximately what should be the rate of the tariff. It is quite certain that public expenditure ought to be, and can be considerably reduced. Yet the enormous additions which have been made by the Government to our burdens, make a return to the low tariff of 1878 a hope not to be seriously entertained, while I confidently assert that the mere change of the system of taxation, would afford to the consumers, ample and substantial relief.

You say that it is "high time that both political parties came to some understanding regarding the future trade policy of the country." This is a hope which, I am sorry to say, it is hardly possible to indulge in, so long as the Conservative party remain in office.

One of the most beneficial effects of what is called the National Policy, is, as you will point out, that it creates class legislation. The Liberal party strongly urge upon the consideration of the people in this contest, that legislation should be for the people as a whole, and that the granting of privileges to any class can never be conducive to the general welfare. This is well illustrated by the universal demand which now exists here, and has existed for several years past in the entire community, for a reform of the tariff and a reduction of taxation. Indeed, the expression of that desire became at one time so strong and so universal, that the Liberal party in question has long been in a question as to whether they were pleased to call a reform of the tariff. But handicapped as they were by the radical principle in which

they profess to believe, their attempt has proved to be a miserably abortive failure, and the operations of their so-called reform tariff have not reduced the burden of taxation by even one per cent.

I submit also that apart from the community as a whole, the manufacturers have not only not to suffer, but much to gain from the substitution of a revenue tariff to the present system. A revenue tariff being based upon the fixed charges of the country, and not therefore subject to fluctuations and alterations made to suit and please now one interest and now another, would establish those conditions of stability and permanency which, experience has shown, are essential to the security and prosperity of manufacturing interests. Moreover, I think I can confidently appeal to the experience of the business community, that with the exception of monopolies and combines, all manufacturing interests would welcome a change of policy on the lines which I have indicated above.

I entirely concur with you in the hope and belief that the advent of the Liberal Party to power would place political parties in Canada in the same position as political parties in England who have no tariff issue for election.

The moment a tariff had been framed and enacted, which would not be subject to variations; under which manufacturers would know that their invested capital would operate regularly according to the conditions calculated upon by them; and which their own business community, that with the exception of monopolies and combines, all manufacturing interests would welcome a change of policy on the lines which I have indicated above.

I have the honor to be, my dear Mr. Bertram, with great respect,

Yours very sincerely, WILFRID LAURIER, George H. Bertram, Esq., Toronto, Ont.

CITY AMUSEMENTS.

The Deaves' Royal English Marionettes are consulting the audiences that assemble at Theatre Francais this week. Both young and old enjoy the fantastic capers of the puppets, and no real flesh and blood actor has ever succeeded in so charming a spectacle as these which are worked by Mr. and Mrs. Deaves. Like all art of entertaining, there has been a decided improvement in the handling of these figures during the last ten years, and the most careful viewer can scarcely detect the deception in some of the acts, the performance being so real. Monsieur Christian, a young man who has been away by the week advances, large audiences witnessing the performances yesterday.

A BIRTHDAY BANQUET.

There was an enjoyable afterpiece to the performance of "The New Farmer" at Theatre Francais on Saturday night, of which the public who witnessed the act, were not aware, and which came as a pleasant surprise to the tired players who had appeared at the theatre throughout the week. Immediately after the curtain fell upon the play, the stage was cleared and re-set with banquet tables, the occasion being the 22nd birthday anniversary of Mr. W. E. Phillips, a young man who has been away by the week advances, large audiences witnessing the performances yesterday.

SOUSA'S BAND.

John Phillip Sousa received more serious consideration from musical people than any bandmaster that ever caught the popular favor in this country. To such men as Messrs. Wilson and Seabrooke he is a musical doctor rather than a director. He takes the result of the exuberant musician and makes it fit both orchestra and opera company. He tackles a score with an axe much the same way that a hurried editor gets after the copy of the new reporter. It requires the highest order of musical talent to do this work, and Sousa stands at the head of this class of doctors. It is advisable to secure seats at once for the Sousa Band concerts in this city, as the seats are being rapidly picked up.

SOHMER PARK.

At Sohmer Park Mason and Healey are as funny as ever. The wrestling bout seems to take largely with the audience. Lavigne's band gave some charming selections to the music of Messrs. Stevenson and Bunell are an A 1 live team; do some very clever turns on a number of instruments. The programme is varied, and culminates in an act entitled "The Disappearing Demons," by the brothers Borrali. The audience is very satisfied with the veracity of artists warranted, but what they lacked in numbers they more than made up in enthusiasm, encores being frequent.

WALES AND ASTOR.

Society's Tongue Wags About the Recent Royal Visit. London, June 2.—The Prince of Wales returned to London last night from his twenty-four hour visit to W. W. Astor, at Cliveden. The weather being summery, the Cliveden party made an excursion in an electric launch up the Thames after lunch on Sunday and had tea on board.

This being the first occasion on which Mr. Astor has entertained the heir apparent to the British throne, and such a visit being esteemed the highest social distinction in English swifdom, London society is much exercised as to the circumstances under which the visit was brought about.

According to the story prevalent in the best informed circles, the visit was arranged on the initiative of the Prince himself through an American lady, the widow of an Englishman of title, whom the owner of Cliveden has been said for some time to wish to marry.

The Prince of Wales, who takes a paternal interest in such affairs where the members of his set are concerned, has been very anxious to bring about this match, as the lady in question has long been an intimate friend of both himself and the Princess. Some people go as far as to predict that now the engagement will shortly be formally announced.

Supernumeration and Appointments.

Windsor, Ont., June 2.—Miles Cowan, deputy collector of Customs, has been supernumerated, and it is expected that Mr. Killackey, of London, will be appointed in his stead.

Halifax, N.S., June 2.—It is understood here that Frederick J. Trice, the barrier, of this city, is to be appointed collector of inland revenue for this district in place of R. Bora-dalle, who has just been supernumerated.

Pianos to Rent All About It.

A large number of Pianos to Rent for the country from \$3.00 to \$5.00 monthly. PRATTE PIANO CO., 1676 Notre Dame St.

A Backward Spring

—and summer slow in coming is what we have had this year. The cold winds and sudden showers have caught many unawares, and the result is they have had colds. A quick, sure cure is the

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GEO. J. BROWN, Merchant Tailor.....

Late of G. Brown & Sons, 864 St. James Street. Complete lines of Suitings, Trouserings and Overcoatings in Stock.

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FOR JUNE

20 to 50 Per Cent. Discount. On parlor sets, bedroom sets, dining-room sets, hall racks, book cases, secretaries, lounges, iron beds, spring beds, mattresses, fancy chairs, fancy tables, etc. etc. Open until 10 o'clock on Monday and Saturday's. Frederic Lapointe, 1551 St. Catherine St.

CORNWALL NOTES.

Cornwall, June 1.—The plans for the new lock and canal improvement at Ironopolis are about completed. The lock will be 850 feet long and in every respect one of the finest on the river. The Farmers' Cheese Factory, near Ironopolis, has been destroyed by fire which was supposed to have originated in the engine room. Building and contents, including about sixty cheese, were destroyed. Loss about \$1,000, insurance \$800.

THE CZAR'S CORONATION.

The Czar has been crowned as ruler of all the Russias. Ross of 30 Chabaz Square was long since crowned as king of the tobacco dealers of Montreal. Ross' Cut Plug is the best smoking tobacco in the world.

Cycle Company Falls.

Chicago, June 2.—The March Davis Cycle Company has made an assignment in the county court. Its scheduled assets to the amount of \$80,000, and liabilities of \$70,000. The cause of the failure is said to have been inability on the part of the company to collect outstanding bills and to dispose of its manufactured stock.

The Best Smoking.

The smoking tobacco, mild you—the best—is "Tuxedo," a special mixture, sample packages, 10 cents. Half pound tins, 50 cents. Havana Importing Co., 134 St. James Street.

Rhodes at Bulawayo.

London, June 2.—A despatch from Bulawayo to the Daily Telegraph, says that Cecil Rhodes arrived there late on Saturday night. A long Government despatch was handed to him, to which he will cable the reply to the Colonial office.

Snits worth the money—really worth it—at \$12.00. Made to order in a first-class manner. H. J. Adler, 2,320 St. Catherine Street.

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