

NEW GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS OFFER FOR SALE:

THREE HUNDRED Boxes Liverpool Soap, 30 Hhds. Refined Sugar, 200 Bbls. Irish Prime Mess Pork, 50 Crates Earthenware, 50 Bales Pepper, 10 Cases Cassia, 50 Chests Bohem Tea, 6 Bales Palm Oil, 50 Bales Sheetings and Canvas.

THE Subscribers have just received, per Bark Ant, direct from Dantzic: Flour, Biscuit, Pork, Beef, Oats, And a lot of superior Oak and Fir Treenails.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER.

TWO puncheons superior mild strong Scotch Whiskey, very old; a few bales real Scotch Linen Tick, 4 cases Irish Linen, 1 case Thibet and Merino Wool bordered and cornered Handkerchiefs; a choice and beautiful assortment of Thibet and Sterling Wool Shawls, from 4s. to 12s.; each; a few cases fashionable Hats; a few ditto 10-0-0, Jaconet and Multi Muslins, Gros de Naples, black and colored, with a general stock of Silks of all descriptions; 8 cases Straw Bonnets, fashionable shapes, made by Messrs. Muir, Connell & Co., celebrated for many years as manufacturers of that article; 2 cases Fowling pieces, double and single barrels, made by the first makers in England; guns are all proved and will be sold low. Also—Oil Paints, nearly all colours; one trunk Gentlemen's Dress Coats, black, blue, olive and green—the most fashionable style in shape. Likewise, a package of beautiful Cloth Trousers of different colors. Great bargains will be given, as the Subscriber is anxious to dispose of the whole of his Stock immediately, No. 6, Sault-au-Maclet Street.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

THE undersigned informs the Public of Quebec, and the Country, that he will have constantly on hand, during the whole year, at his Stores, on Godie's and Hunt's Wharves, a large assortment of Grain and Provisions, such as Wheat, Pease, Oats, Barley, Indian Corn, Flour, Lard, Pork, Butter, Salt Beef, Potatoes, &c. &c.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY SHARES

in the BANQUE DU PEUPLE for Sale. A liberal discount will be made on the amount paid—\$200 and \$700, which remains due, and payable on demand.

FOR SALE.

VERY superior Port and Sherry Wine, in wood and bottles, Very superior Claret, Madeira and Champagne, in cases, Ditto Hock, in ditto, of various brands. The above Wine selling off at low prices to close consignments. Very superior Porter in 5 doz. casks, Ditto Brandy and Gin, in Pipes and Hhds. Ditto London Superior Candles, in 25 lbs. boxes, Ditto Sauces and Pickles. Assorted Cordage and Twines, Bleached Patent Canvas, Dundee Sheetings, Register Ovens and Fenders, Camp Ovens, Iron Pots and 3 feet Sieves, Superior No. 1, Pig Iron, Writing, Wrapping and Printing Paper and Quills, 120 ewt. superior dry Codfish, 10 bbls. Pickled ditto and 16 bbls. Herrings 17 half bbls. Pastry Flour, A lot of superior Upper Canada and Kamouraska Butter 2000 bunches superior Hay, A few childrens New Castle Smith Coals.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS:—

PATENT Bleached Canvas Patent proved Chains of all sizes, from 5/1 to 1 inch Pitch, Tar, Rosin Patent Cordage and Rigging Houseline and Marline, Sperm Candles Olive Oil in quarter casks, Bright Varnish Gordon's Lemon Syrup Regifter Grates, complete Double and Single Barreled Guns Milliners Needles White Paint in casks of 28 lbs. Green, Black, Red do. do. East India Madras in pipes Butts Cold Sherry, hhd. do. do. Cognac Brandy in pipes and hhd. An assortment of Passage Oil Cloth Do. do. of Stationary, &c. &c. Geneva in pipes, hhd. & cases.

FOR SALE.

FIVE HUNDRED Barrels Dantzic and Hamburg Superfine Flour, 100 bags Biscuit, 20 puncheons strong Demerara Rum, 10 hhd. Cognac Brandy, 10 hhd. Bright Mu-covado Sugar, 7 tierces do. do. 10 hhd. Refined Sugar, 20 tierces do. do. 100 boxes Tobacco Pipes, 500 reams Wrapping Paper, 4 cases Alum, 50 dozen Calf Skins, 50 dozen Bazils.

THE undersigned request a Meeting of the Inhabitants of Quebec, who disapprove of the attempts made at the recent meetings in different parts of the Province to disseminate disrespects to the Public Authorities, disaffection towards His Majesty's Government and to excite to a violation of the Laws; the said meeting to be held at the ESPLANADE, on MONDAY, the 31st JULY, at TWELVE o'clock; to express their opinion on the said attempts, and to convey to His Majesty's Government their dutiful assurances of fidelity, and affectionate attachment to the connexion subsisting between this Province and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; and their confidence that His Majesty will not fail to co-operate in the removal of all grievances and abuses which may exist in this Province. Quebec, 24th July, 1857.

- Atkinson W, Augers A, Amiot A, Allan N, Aylwin T C, Andrews F H, Atkins Robt, Armstrong J, Aire David, Atkins H, Aikins T, Allan W, Ardouin C, Anderson Alex, Ahern Edw'd, Allen William, Arkshott Thomas, Amiraux T, Ardouin James, Ardouin George, Atkins James, Bisson Anthony, Bristow W., Baird E., Bonner J., Beaulieu J B, Beaudry F X, Billoreau M, Berthelot Louis, Borneau Ls, Berthelot L G, Borneau F, Brown John, Brown Samuel, Bowles John junr, Buchanan W, Bradford W, Boyd John, Bean John, Bickell Thos, Bell Alex, Byles Daniel, Brown C, Black T, Bruce Geo., Bowles Wm, Burns John, Burke W, Bouchard Robt, Boyer W, Bowles James, Bates J, Brookbanks Thos, Burke W, Blackburn T, Bell F, Bonner John, Blais Pierre, Boudry Joseph, Boulé Louis, Bourassa Frs, Brindley Robert, Brown Henry, Broome John, Brocke Thomas, Brown Nath., Bates Robt, Baxter Wm, Buck F, Brockbridge Jos, Henry Wm, Back Robt, senr., Blackwood Samuel, Bell James K, Beaudette Joseph, Brady Hugh, Bradford G, Buteau George, Brother Luke, Bethel John, Baron B, Chouinard Julien, Carrier Joseph, Cairns Robt, Coriveau Benj, Chisholm Rodk, Chalifour A, Cremazie J, Curry Thos, Cullen James, Cowan Wm, Cowan Hugh, Colly W, Cleat James, Coyle D, Chambers R, Cannon Jas, Cameron John, Cairns H F, Cook W, Collier Chs, Chisholm John, senr., Chipchase John, junr., Carrier Charles, Carrier Joseph, Carrier Ant, Carrier Ant. junr., Carrier Ig, Carrier Alexis, Croteau Janvier, Côté Louis, Cadéret Chs, Corneil C J, Crow B, Coyle Richard, Coyle James, Clark Frs, Chapman J w, Chombers R, Crémazie J, Cullen G B, Cheives John, Cameron John, Deblois Joseph, Denham Geo, Dye John, Denis Aug, Dean James, Duval J, Drolet Ig, Donaughue, T J, Dolorme G, Dame W H, Davis Robt, Davis John, Auld Joseph, Andrews T, Atkins J, Anderson W H, Anderson N C, Anderson J P, Andrews Jas, Amiot A, Alison C E, Aylwin H, Armstrong John, Allan Thomas, Anderson A, Atkins John, Alan George, Arkshott Thomas, Aird David, Addvies F H, junr., Andrews Wm, Aird David, Broklesby C, Barrett K P, Bourne C S, Brooke John, Billings L, Bennett Wm, Broklesby H J, Blunde W, Barnabe John, Blight W, Baker W, Bruce C, Brel James, Bagnall Geo, Buch Thos, Baird W K, Brisson P, Burridge W C, Bouchard Chs, Blouin F X, Bayne Jas, Brown C, Belanger J, Brown W, Brown John, Bell A D, Burns Jas, Bellard Frs, Bolton John, Burstall H, Blenkin G, Brown John, Burnet D, Burgess S, Pomas J, Burn A A, Hambridge M, Bergeron Louis, Brent James, Borland Robert, Botterel Thomas, Baldwin Henry, Barrett S, Boomer John, Brocke Thomas, Brown Nath., Beliveau L J, Bethel Wm, Brady J, Brockbridge Jos, Henry Wm, Back Robt, senr., Blackwood Samuel, Bell James K, Beaudette Joseph, Brady Hugh, Bradford G, Buteau George, Brother Luke, Bethel John, Baron B, Chouinard Julien, Carrier Joseph, Cairns Robt, Coriveau Benj, Chisholm Rodk, Chalifour A, Cremazie J, Curry Thos, Cullen James, Cowan Wm, Cowan Hugh, Colly W, Cleat James, Coyle D, Chambers R, Cannon Jas, Cameron John, Cairns H F, Cook W, Collier Chs, Chisholm John, senr., Chipchase John, junr., Carrier Charles, Carrier Joseph, Carrier Ant, Carrier Ant. junr., Carrier Ig, Carrier Alexis, Croteau Janvier, Côté Louis, Cadéret Chs, Corneil C J, Crow B, Coyle Richard, Coyle James, Clark Frs, Chapman J w, Chombers R, Crémazie J, Cullen G B, Cheives John, Cameron John, Deblois Joseph, Denham Geo, Dye John, Denis Aug, Dean James, Duval J, Drolet Ig, Donaughue, T J, Dolorme G, Dame W H, Davis Robt, Davis John

- Drury Chs, Dauntion Robt, Devery R, Dick J R, Douglas W, Duplain P, Drysdale Thos, Doiron Louis, Dufresne Jacques, Davis David, Dussau Alexis, Day George, Dinning Jas, Downes Jas, Derouin Edouard, Dimont Thomas, Delo William, Dawson S, Dempsey Daniel, Donaldson James, Dudcan John, Doran Chs, Drum William, Eaton Henry, Edwards John, Evans S, Ewen David, Fraser J M, Fortier Louis, Forsyth J B, Frechette J B junr, Fillion Jr, Killion Jean, Paganan Christopher, Fraser A L, Foster H, Finch Alex, Finagan John, Forster H, Fitzgerald Patk, Frost Thos, Gibb James, Gilmour A, Gaudry J, Gillespie Jas, Gagnon Jean, Gagnon J B, Gibb Thos, Gaudry And, Gaudry C H, Gerrie W G, Gallagher Hy, Gillan And, Gordon John, Gilmour Geo, Gagnon D, Gagnon F, Gagnon L P II, Gaudet E L, Gaudet John, Green John, Gale G, Galt Robt, Griffin W, Grant John, Grant John, Grant P H, Galt Robt, Germain D, Gerbings C, Gibson G F, Grainger John, Girard Etie, Greig Robt, Gain R John, Grasset G R, Goulette Chs, Gagnon Et, Gagnon Joseph, Gagnon G B, Greig John, Gillis R M, Gemmel John, Germain J, Hadden A, Henderson G, Holt Chas A, Hammel John, Hayes J, Hunter T D, Baird John, Baird John, Bedard Frs, Beliveau L J, Bethel Wm, Brady J, Brockbridge Jos, Henry Wm, Back Robt, senr., Blackwood Samuel, Bell James K, Beaudette Joseph, Brady Hugh, Bradford G, Buteau George, Brother Luke, Bethel John, Baron B, Chouinard Julien, Carrier Joseph, Cairns Robt, Coriveau Benj, Chisholm Rodk, Chalifour A, Cremazie J, Curry Thos, Cullen James, Cowan Wm, Cowan Hugh, Colly W, Cleat James, Coyle D, Chambers R, Cannon Jas, Cameron John, Cairns H F, Cook W, Collier Chs, Chisholm John, senr., Chipchase John, junr., Carrier Charles, Carrier Joseph, Carrier Ant, Carrier Ant. junr., Carrier Ig, Carrier Alexis, Croteau Janvier, Côté Louis, Cadéret Chs, Corneil C J, Crow B, Coyle Richard, Coyle James, Clark Frs, Chapman J w, Chombers R, Crémazie J, Cullen G B, Cheives John, Cameron John, Deblois Joseph, Denham Geo, Dye John, Denis Aug, Dean James, Duval J, Drolet Ig, Donaughue, T J, Dolorme G, Dame W H, Davis Robt, Davis John, Haddon A, Henderson G, Holt Chas A, Hammel John, Hayes J, Hunter T D, Baird John, Baird John, Bedard Frs, Beliveau L J, Bethel Wm, Brady J, Brockbridge Jos, Henry Wm, Back Robt, senr., Blackwood Samuel, Bell James K, Beaudette Joseph, Brady Hugh, Bradford G, Buteau George, Brother Luke, Bethel John, Baron B, Chouinard Julien, Carrier Joseph, Cairns Robt, Coriveau Benj, Chisholm Rodk, Chalifour A, Cremazie J, Curry Thos, Cullen James, Cowan Wm, Cowan Hugh, Colly W, Cleat James, Coyle D, Chambers R, Cannon Jas, Cameron John, Cairns H F, Cook W, Collier Chs, Chisholm John, senr., Chipchase John, junr., Carrier Charles, Carrier Joseph, Carrier Ant, Carrier Ant. junr., Carrier Ig, Carrier Alexis, Croteau Janvier, Côté Louis, Cadéret Chs, Corneil C J, Crow B, Coyle Richard, Coyle James, Clark Frs, Chapman J w, Chombers R, Crémazie J, Cullen G B, Cheives John, Cameron John, Deblois Joseph, Denham Geo, Dye John, Denis Aug, Dean James, Duval J, Drolet Ig, Donaughue, T J, Dolorme G, Dame W H, Davis Robt, Davis John, Heron G, Hartigan D L, Hamilton A, Hayes J, Handford Wm, Holt E E, Hall George, Hamilton Thos, Hunt W, Hunt Josiah, Hackett H, Hayle Jas R, Hewson Chs, Hall Geo, Hoffman Chm. junr, Hacker Frank, Hall J B, Henderson W S, Hugges J, Heron John, Hoogs J R, Hall Joseph, Hough Saml, Hiram John, Henderson H, Hall Thos, Hofgate John, Heydon J, Hobbs Thos, Holdsworth Thos, Hooper E J T, Hadet Chas, Hobroug J, Hoogs W H, Hyde Heram, Hawkins Saml, Harris John, Hendrick D, Hossack Jas, Hossack Geo, Hossack Wm Jun, Hall Ed, Hassit Daniel, Hickey James, Hutchison David, Hall John S, Hossack J. Senr, Hoffman Chm, Hallan John, Hackett W, Hammond Thos, Irvine J, Irvin Saml, Inglis James, Johnston Joseph, Jenkinson J W, Jenkinson John, Jones John, junr, Jenkinson Thos, Jones James, Jamieson Job, Johnston J, Jones H N, Jeffery J, Jalbert Joseph, Jarnac J, Johnston Wm, Jackson John, Johnston John, Jeffreys John, Jameson John, Johns John, Jenkinson John, Kerr J W, Kerwin Wm, Krimlin J W, Kelly T R, Kelly T R, Kelly Richard, Kelly J B, Kilgour Jas, King Saml, King Peter, Kennard Geo, Le Mesurier H, Langlois Peter, Lemoine Henry, Longmuir R W, Lepper P, LeSueur Ph, Lampson W, Lacroix A, Leaycraft Jer, Leacheur James, Labbé E, Labadie Z, Lacasse Benj, Lyng Ed, Langevin Joseph, Lee T C, Lambert Thomas, Lyman T J, Legg John, Davies W H A, Davelin Jas, Drolet John, Debboue R M, Dallimore S, Dengie Jos, Dysert John, Darveau G, Dayer James, Duais L, Dussau Alexis, Dubois M, Dubois Raphaël, Daniel John, Downs Andrew, Dimont Thomas, Dunford R, Deat C, Dunlop R, Downer Andrew, Dayme J, John, Davis Thomas, Eaton C, Ellis T R, Edgley E, Ewing John, Fisher J C, Ferguson Wm, Fraser D, Forrest Grant, Finch S junr, Farrel Ed, Foster Thos, Finch Saml, Finch Alex, Fisher John, Forster A, Frouin F, Faucher L, Grueber T, Gibb James, Gordon W, Gillespie Jas, Gillespie Chas, Grant Wm, Gaudry And, Gaudry C H, Gerrie W G, Gallagher Hy, Gillan And, Gordon John, Gilmour Geo, Gagnon D, Gagnon F, Gagnon L P II, Gaudet E L, Gaudet John, Green John, Gale G, Galt Robt, Griffin W, Grant John, Grant John, Grant P H, Galt Robt, Germain D, Gerbings C, Gibson G F, Grainger John, Girard Etie, Greig Robt, Gain R John, Grasset G R, Goulette Chs, Gagnon Et, Gagnon Joseph, Gagnon G B, Greig John, Gillis R M, Gemmel John, Germain J, Hadden A, Henderson G, Holt Chas A, Hammel John, Hayes J, Hunter T D, Baird John, Baird John, Bedard Frs, Beliveau L J, Bethel Wm, Brady J, Brockbridge Jos, Henry Wm, Back Robt, senr., Blackwood Samuel, Bell James K, Beaudette Joseph, Brady Hugh, Bradford G, Buteau George, Brother Luke, Bethel John, Baron B, Chouinard Julien, Carrier Joseph, Cairns Robt, Coriveau Benj, Chisholm Rodk, Chalifour A, Cremazie J, Curry Thos, Cullen James, Cowan Wm, Cowan Hugh, Colly W, Cleat James, Coyle D, Chambers R, Cannon Jas, Cameron John, Cairns H F, Cook W, Collier Chs, Chisholm John, senr., Chipchase John, junr., Carrier Charles, Carrier Joseph, Carrier Ant, Carrier Ant. junr., Carrier Ig, Carrier Alexis, Croteau Janvier, Côté Louis, Cadéret Chs, Corneil C J, Crow B, Coyle Richard, Coyle James, Clark Frs, Chapman J w, Chombers R, Crémazie J, Cullen G B, Cheives John, Cameron John, Deblois Joseph, Denham Geo, Dye John, Denis Aug, Dean James, Duval J, Drolet Ig, Donaughue, T J, Dolorme G, Dame W H, Davis Robt, Davis John

- Lacey Patk, Leslie W H, Leek John, Loggier J G, Leconier J G, Lewis John, LeSueur John, Lane E, Lloyd T W, Laperrière Pierre, Lolin Louis, Lamoignon Aug, Labbé Aug, Lafontaine Chs, Lami Antoine, Long John, Lambert n, Lake Chas, Lewis David, Leitch P N, Langlois a n, Lacombe Louis, Langlois P senr, Langlois P junr, Langlois David, Lamontagne Simon, Lamontagne Aug, Lamontagne Simon jr, Langlois J, Lane Wm, Lawson H, Le Vallée Thos, Le Vallée Paul, Lang James, Lang John, Labèque Jérôme, Leucor Thos, Louis C A, Lambert Jean, Laporte G, Micklejohn Wm, Musson J, Meyer J, McCallum D, Murison A, Muckle J M, McCallum C, Macdonald R, Mallet J W, Meunier H, Methot W, Manseau S, Miller Jas S, Martin John, Mcintosh Geo, Muir W F, Mackie James, Murray John, Marsden W, Greig H G, Marlow John, Marlow James, Mairaux Angus, Maguire John, Martin J N, McDerment H, McCowan Geo, McKenzie, James, McHugh H, McMillan W, McMaster W, McKaye H, McNider, Marlow D, McLeith James, McInstry John, Meredith R, Maryn W T, McDonnell T, Maxham J A, McNair J J, Marseau Joseph, Murphy Thos, Murray Jas, Murphy Peter, Murphy James, McKee Andw, Maillois Jos, Mc Gill B, senr, McLaugh Archd, McQuikin P, McMaugh Joseph, Marcotte Laurent, Montgomery Ed, Montgomery John, McLean James, McAmery John, Martin Robt, Morrison James, Martineau J B, Mathison John, Morrison Hugh, McNeil Wm, McNeill Wm, McLaughlin R, Miller a, McAdams Wm, McGie E, McDougall Wm, Munro Donald, McLaren E, McPherson J P, Maguire H, Meek Wm sen, More George, Newton William, Nicholson John, Neilson J, Newton Saml, Nixon J C, Nowland John, Nightingale Geo, Norton John, Newton Senrvener, Norrie T, Nadeau J B, Oliver H E, Oliver Robt, O'Connell R W, O'Connell R W, Orkney J R, Oliver James, Oakshott Thos senr, O'Shaughnessy Park, Oliver Joseph, Pelletier Pierre, Porter John, Prieur W, Pelletier V, Phillips Wm, Parke G H, Pentland Wm, Pagé Geo, Pierce G S, Poland Z, Pentland W G, Parker John, Palmer W, Proudley H, Pardon Peter, Payne Geo, Pursell John, Porter Richd, Porter Joseph, Palmer L G, Paul Thos, Price N, Under John, Pagé Louis, Plamondon Et, Parent François, P. & Frs, P. vel Thos, P. chel Thos, Pardon Peter, Pilon Ph junr, Pilon Ph senr, Porter Wm junr, Paterson W senr, Paterson John, Lenfestey N, Lepper W, Lavoie P senr, Lemlin J senr, Leconier P, Lemotte J B, Labates Jacques, Lalpime Joseph, Lamonte A, Lafrance Alex, Leggo w a, Laing Wm, Larue A, Lawl r P, Leak Chas, Littlejohn James, Larue J n, Louis J, Lee R, Laframboise Laurent, Langevin André, Laroche Jean ate, Le Gallé John, Lee Ed, Lee W, Lamontagne Simon, Lamotte Aug, Lambert Benj, Le Vasseur Louis, Lambert P, Lambert Joseph, Lambert Raphaël, Lane John, Lang James, Lang John, Leonard Henry, Lilliuat John, Malouin F X, Mcauley S, McKelvey Alex, McKie Wm, Moir Patrick, Moore Archd, Miller Alex, Miller J W, Mitchell A, Mookill Thos, McLean Alex, Mangner O, Martin John, Mcintosh Geo, McMillan H v, McLaren D, Manseau S, McGie D, McLaughlin John, Mansey W, McGill A, Maguire John, Mick A, McLean L, McLean M, McKenzie, James, McHugh H, McMillan W, McMaster W, McKaye H, McNider, Marlow D, McLeith James, McInstry John, Meredith R, Maryn W T, McDonnell T, Maxham J A, McNair J J, Marseau Joseph, Murphy Thos, Murray Jas, Murphy Peter, Murphy James, McKee Andw, Maillois Jos, Mc Gill B, senr, McLaugh Archd, McQuikin P, McMaugh Joseph, Marcotte Laurent, Montgomery Ed, Montgomery John, McLean James, McAmery John, Martin Robt, Morrison James, Martineau J B, Mathison John, Morrison Hugh, McNeil Wm, McNeill Wm, McLaughlin R, Miller a, McAdams Wm, McGie E, McDougall Wm, Munro Donald, McLaren E, McPherson J P, Maguire H, Meek Wm sen, More George, Nevins T F, Noid H J, Norris Thos, Nesbitt J J, Norman J, Noad John, Norris Henry, Nixon Henry, Newton C, Nicholson Geo, Nash John, O'Sullivan E, Ouellet B, Oliver T H, Oliver E, O'Connell Wm, Oakshott Thos junr, Oberkl J, Oxan Chas, Prior J L, Phillips Chs, Poston Thos, Puston C, Pelletier V, Patterson Jas, Phillips H J, Pinkerton A H, Poiz Ant, Parent Pr, Philippe Joseph, Prule A, Poston E, Poston W, Preston L, Proctor A, Parr Jacob, Penison E, Phelan Jas, Proctor John, Patton S, Patterson Richard, Perron J, Plante Jos, Paradis J B, Power W, Palen v, Provan John, Pentland Chs, Prudhomme Aug, Pters Charles, Parrott Amb, Phillips T O, Payler Jas, Petit Frs, Potts Geo, Price Geo, Palmer Fredk, Podd Thos, Pappoe J ate, Quinlan Wm, Quinlan John, Ryan EA, Booth T, Reid Duncan, Ross D A, Richardson Jer., Richie And, Richard B, Richardson John, Ruck W, Ryner John, Rosa Frs, Roy F, Rafferty A, Rae Saml, Roy M, Rayner G, Rowbottom John, Robinson W, Ruston T, Ross Jas, Rickaby Theoph, Ross G M, Rich Geo, Robinson Jack, Rich A W, Russell A J, Ray Martin, Reddenn Joseph, Ross C W, Richardson Geo, Rich R, Bassette Joseph, Ross J, Ricbie T, Rickabon W, Rickaby William, Rickaby Abel, Renard M, Simpson Robt, Stewart A G, Sinclair John, Symons R, Secretan C, Stewart McLean, Sempie H, Surrin Ed, Seallon Hugh, Sexton John, Schuch Ad, Stanley William, Smith Robt, Smith Robt, Smith John, Stoklen Jos eph, Schuttkoff P, Strachan W, Sloane w, Stanley Thomas, Sloane H, Scott Wm, Sharp Joseph, Stevenson Geo, Sloan w, Stanley Gilbert, Stuvage Benj, Sleton John, Saunders V V II, Stewart R, Simpson William, Saurin Chr, Sinclair Fr, Sleton Jas, Speer L, Syms Jas, Smith T R, Swaitwell W, Stanford Ed, Swaitwell J, Stock John, Stevenson W, Sinclair Geo, Sanclair Geo, Sandlands Richd., Savard J, Stevenson M, Sutherland J B, Shiel C H, Shiel Andrew, Sainthaire E, Stafford L, Tibbitts James, Tubby J II, Tourangeau Jos, Thunders James, Turnbull H, Thompson H, Taylor Jas, Thompson E B, Tweedell Thos, Taylor Jas, Taylor John, Tranquille Jacq, Tardif C, Thompson Thos, Teasdale Thos, Turner Geo, Touchette Ph, Trudelle Ph, Trimmer John, Thomas G W, Thompson A, Tribby Thos, Thornton R, Tolland John, Tolland Chs, Tait David, Tims Richard, Trinder Hy, Thomas G W, Telford James, Taylor Geo, Urquhart H B, Valière P, Vermette Alex, Vermette Jean, Vallière Frs, Vincent O, Vannovous John, Vachon Pierre, Whitaker W, Woilrich E P, Weyer F, White Wm, Welsh David, Walsh Bart, Weston Thos, Wilson Ralph, Wikkie John, Wilson Geo, Watson David, Wheelan P, Wheelley Chs, Wallace Wm, Williamson John, Wyatt F, Warran Robt, Wallan John, Wallace John, Wright Saml, West John, West John junr, Wharton Archd, Waugh Wm, Worthington John, Woolley J, Woolsey J B, Windsor L, Young John, Young John, Yorston Alex, Ywick O

- Paterson James, Poiry Chs, Quinn John, Quinlan M sen, Quinlan M junr, Ryan Jas, Ross R P, Roy W H, Roy G, Richardson Alex, Rubvan Wm, Russell A J, Russell H, Ruthven P, Russell W, Ross D, Robinson W, Russell R H, Richardson John, Ross D, Ross D, Royan Jos, Rogers R B, Kayside W R, Roberts R, Rose Thomas, Roche Wm, Ross Frs, Richardson Robert, Reilly Ralph, Rouke Frs, Riley w, Ritchie John, Ritchie Andrew, Ritchie John, Ritchie Ign, Roberge Frs, senr, Roberge Frs, junr, Roberge Olivier, Rickaby John, Rickaby Hamilton, Rickaby Geo, Rickaby William, Rickaby Robert, Rodger Jas, Stuart Chs, Syms G B, Sims J J, Sheppard Peter, Shaw R, Strang John, Sward J, St. Hilaire P, Scott Montague, Stewart J W, Smith Alex, Simard Pierre, Sullivan Patrick, Stead Joseph, Spak Wm, Sewell Thos, Sempie Wm, Scaudre Jacques, Simoneau Amb, Simoneau Louis, Smith J, Smith H, Saint-Michel Charles, Savage Frs, Stewart J D, Smith Jas, Saurin John James, Stuart A, junr, Scott Jacob, Scott Thos, Scott Thos, Sewell A, Smith And, Sinclair G F, Scott W, Spang F R, Scott Thos, Stewart H B, Saran Auld, Smille James, Stewart J G, Smith Charles, Shaw John, Spang John, Septon James, Maguire Wm, Symes R, Scott H S, Sharp J, Sillman R, Sheppard C C, Thompson J, Turner W, Thornton J, Thibauden J, Torrance A, Trepanier F, Tourangeau P G, Tozer S, Tozer T, Telford Jas, Thom Jas, Terry Geo, Thompson Geo, Thompson Thos, Teasdale Thos, Turner Geo, Thomas G W, Trimmer John, Thompson A, Tribby Thos, Thornton R, Tolland John, Tolland Chs, Tait David, Tims Richard, Trinder Hy, Thomas G W, Telford James, Taylor Geo, Urquhart H B, Valière P, Vermette Alex, Vermette Jean, Vallière Frs, Vincent O, Vannovous John, Vachon Pierre, Whitaker W, Woilrich E P, Weyer F, White Wm, Welsh David, Walsh Bart, Weston Thos, Wilson Ralph, Wikkie John, Wilson Geo, Watson David, Wheelan P, Wheelley Chs, Wallace Wm, Williamson John, Wyatt F, Warran Robt, Wallan John, Wallace John, Wright Saml, West John, West John junr, Wharton Archd, Waugh Wm, Worthington John, Woolley J, Woolsey J B, Windsor L, Young John, Young John, Yorston Alex, Ywick O

MISCELLANEOUS EXTRACTS.

MARRIAGE OF THE DUKE OF ORLEANS WITH THE PRINCESS HELEN.

We give below an account of the first interview of the Duke and Princess, marriage ceremony, dresses, &c. &c. of the newly married couple.

The following are the most remarkable articles in the trousseau of the Princess Helen:—

A toilette table of antique forms, entirely covered with lace, with a beautiful veil over the glass of the same material, exquisitely worked with the cipher of Her Royal Highness, surmounted by a coronet. A large dressing-case framed of the most rare and beautiful foreign woods, containing a ewer and basin, a writing-stand made by Fossin, and a flower-vase, all of silver gilt, and richly enamelled. Of jewellery, there are six sets of ornaments—

one of brilliants, one of brilliants and rubies, the rubies all being of the same tint, which is very rare; one of turquoises and brilliants, one of emeralds and brilliants; and the last, which is exquisitely delicate, is of white pearls. And to these are added six superb rings, and twelve snuff-boxes, enriched with diamonds, destined for presents. The cost of the jewellery, it is said, amounts to 700,000*fr.* The ornaments will, it is said, be presented thus:—The King will give with his own hand, the set of brilliants, the Queen that of turquoises, the Queen of the Belgians that of emeralds, and the Duke of Orleans that of rubies. The marriage medal to be presented to the bride, is of gold, and measures two inches and a half in diameter. The shawls are twelve in number, six of French manufacture, and six from India. Among the latter, is one of emerald-green, with palm ornaments worked in gold, a present from the Queen of England. The marriage-robe is made entirely of lace, and cost 8,000*fr.* It was in the last exhibition of useful arts, at the Louvre, and was universally admired. The other dresses, twenty-four in number, are too many and too varied, for us to attempt to describe. The same may be said as to the head-dresses, among which are two turbans of Algerine manufacture, pre-eminently beautiful. The details of the linen surpass our technical knowledge. We will not, however, pass over the pocket handkerchiefs, which are most beautifully embroidered, and have borders of Valenciennes lace, four inches deep. Two white muffs, one of the feathers of the bird called the *Alpette*. Two white boas, one of which is of Ostich down. Four *Heron* plumes, several of birds of Paradise, with numerous other varieties. There are also a great many articles in satin, velvet, silk, and other rich stuffs.

A Paris paper says, that M. Prestal, who lately killed M. Hans in a duel, has been condemned by a judicial tribunal, to pay the widow of the deceased an annuity of 800 francs during her life. This is just—when one man shoots another, however honorably, it is but right that he should be compelled to support the widow and children of the murdered person, during their natural lives.—*Boston Mer. Journal.*

FIRST STEPS.—The anxiety of accumulating something for their children—if not enough for their entire support, at least enough to set them well aloft in life—is very common among parents. This is injudicious, and arises from parental weakness. Educate your children well, and you have done enough for them; teach them to depend on their own strength—and this can only be done by putting them upon their own resources—in no other way can they acquire strength. In truth, setting a young man aloft on the wealth accumulated by his father, is like tying a bladder under the arms of a swimmer, or rather one that cannot swim; ten chances to one he will lose his bladder, and his sole dependence, and then where is he? Teach him while young to swim a little with his own strength, and then he will be prepared to enter the stream of life, and take care of himself without any extraneous helps. Under such circumstances he will be likely to buffet the waves with far more success.

HEALTH, CLEANLINESS AND ECONOMY.—A memorial has been got up by some of our citizens, praying the Common Council to adopt a new system in regard to night scavengers. At present their carts are uncovered, and their contents are "dumped" into the rivers, frequently without any special regard to neatness, and certainly to the great annoyance of the people residing in the vicinity. The proposition is, to have the dirt removed in close carts, to a proper distance from town, and there converted into dry, inoffensive, and very valuable manure, called *podrette*. This mode of preparation was invented by Messrs. Payen and Baran, of Paris; and it appears from experiments made in France that the manufactured article is even more efficacious as a manure than bone dust. The inventors received a prize of 8000 francs from the French Academy of Sciences. Farmers generally know the astonishingly fertilizing properties of this manure in its crude state, but its offensiveness always operates as an objection to its use, and in the neighborhood of towns and villages, prevents it altogether. If *podrette* retains the original properties of the manure,—as it appears to do, from all accounts,—the invention is a most important one in an agricultural point of view, and deserves to be encouraged wherever there is a sufficiency of population to justify the manufacture. Taken in connection with the plan of protecting our wharves and docks and salt water baths, from the nuisance to which they are now subjected, and the obnoxiousness of our citizens from the influence of the night carts, we cannot but think the project is a good one; and it ought not to be despised or neglected on account of the unpopularity of the subject. Our belief is, that with a little encouragement from the public authorities at the outset, in providing the necessary machinery, the whole thing might be accomplished without expense to the city, with great convenience to its inhabitants, and with great profit to the manufacturers. The manufactured article would find a ready market, not only in the immediate vicinity of the city, but up the North River, and along the shores of Long Island Sound. The plan now proposed is, and has been for years, in successful operation in Edinburgh, and other well regulated cities of Europe.

A CRY FOR BREAD.—The *Evansville (Ind.) Journal*, of 1st inst. is crying out lustily for bread. The editor says there is not a barrel of flour for sale in the place, nor a loaf of bread at the baker's.

CUT YOUR POTATOES BEFORE PLANTING.—The real cause of the failure of the potatoes which are planted whole appears pretty evident from the following colloquy, which is said to have taken place between two little fellows who were bird-nesting near G—n last week. In passing a newly planted field of potatoes, the one remarked that "Thae 'tatoes belonged to Maister —." "Ay, man, so they do," replied the other, "and what's mair, they're set hale (whole); last night our folk had a real howking at them."—*agr Observer.*

DEATH FROM BEE STINGS.—The *Normalist (Conn.)* Gazette says, that of a few days since, an old gentleman in Danbury, Mr. Eliakim Peck, who was riding in a horse wagon, by some means or other, accidentally brought his wagon in contact with a bee hive, which was thrown from the farm upon which it stood to the ground. The bees instantly attacked the horse and his driver, and stung the former so dreadfully that he died within an hour in the most

excruciating agony. The old gentleman still lives, but it is not expected that he will recover.

A NEW NUISANCE.—A late London paper says: "One of those modern nuisances, a steam carriage, while passing through Pall-mall on Saturday afternoon, between five and six o'clock, blew up opposite the Opera colonnade, to the terror of many persons passing that crowded thoroughfare; fortunately no lives were lost, nor was any mischief done, except to the machine itself."

UNITED STATES.

REBELLION.—Our city had almost become the theatre of a foreign invasion on Saturday afternoon—or perhaps we should rather say that a foreign power having obtained entrance to the very heart of our dominion, under peaceful guise, had assumed a hostile attitude, and threatened war upon us without a previous formal declaration, contrary to the established usages of international politeness and civility. It seems that a certain Captain Newbold, master of a British vessel lying at the foot of Beekman street, had been mulcted by the Marine Court for some violation of the dock-laws; and that a constable was deputed to levy upon the vessel for the amount of the judgment.

Upon going on board, however, he was resisted, *vi et armis*, by the captain and his myrmidons, who hoisted the British flag, and arming themselves with pistols, sabres, handspikes, ropes-ends, broom handles, and such other weapons of war as they could muster, declared vengeance upon any who should set foot on board their vessel. The officer was fain to retreat—but making application to the police magistrates, Captain Newbold and his merry men were discomfited, and the former was made captive. This will do for a set-off to the imprisonment of the agent at Madawaska, by order of the governor of New Brunswick.

CANADIAN AFFAIRS.—We are puzzled to understand what the Lower Canada agitators under Papineau would be at. We don't see what they propose to gain for themselves, unless it be independence—a thing impracticable, situated as they are; and undesirable, even if it were practicable. They are however sufficiently audacious,—and the fact that they are indulged in such pranks without interference from the government, affords a practical demonstration that they possess as much freedom as they can rationally desire. The government has been extremely forbearing toward them; but from some indications we are induced to think its stock of patience is nearly exhausted. If the Papineau party have any secret expectation of aid from the United States, they will be disappointed.—For, besides that it is in every point of view for our interest to live in peace with Great Britain, our territory is already too large, and our population sufficiently diversified. We shall perform no crusades as propagandists of liberty, especially when we know that the parties pretending to be oppressed, are already free.—(*N. Y. Journal of Commerce.*)

MUNICIPAL COURT.—The Grand Jury returned twenty-nine indictments, yesterday afternoon. Eighteen persons have been indicted for an alleged participation in the riot in Broad street, on Sunday the 11th of June. Fourteen of the number are Irishmen; one of them, *John Whaley*, is charged on a separate indictment—he has been clearly identified as one of the rioters, who struck Mr. Charles Sears after he had been knocked down. He also endeavored to demolish Engine No. 9. The punishment which may be inflicted upon him, ranges, according to the degree of guilt, from a nominal fine of one dollar, to five years confinement in the State Prison. The four Americans indicted are Abel Harrington, Elisha Gleason, Thomas Prime, and Mark Adams—the latter has forfeited his bail, and was not forthcoming to answer.—*Boston Post.*

Timothy Wiggins, Esq., The London Banker, whose failure is reported by the last arrival from Liverpool, is a native of Hepkinton in this State. He resided for some years in this city, and then went to England, where he has continued ever since, and where he has been considered one of the most responsible and respectable Bankers in the American loans. Notwithstanding the extent of his business, he has been in the habit of keeping his own books and negotiating his own loans; and the amenity and savviness of his manners, added to his strict and uncompromising integrity, has gained him the esteem of all with whom he has held any business transactions. The failure of such a man is a public calamity, and can be accounted for only by those mischances of fate from which the most active business habits and the most acute foresight do not form an exemption.—(*Boston Times.*)

Killed at his father's residence in Rowe, Mass., Milton Streeter, aged 20. This young man came to an untimely end by blasting a log before his father's door, simply for diversion. It appears that he touched the trail of powder with fire, and depended upon starting back for safety, but too late; the log burst instantly, and about one quarter of it struck him on his forehead and fractured his skull in a shocking manner. What rendered the circumstance still more poignant, was the fact that his father was an eye witness to the scene.—(*Boston Post.*)

The Yankees Indicted for Riot in Broad street. In the case of Elisha Gleason, George Prince, and Abel Harrington, tried at the Municipal Court, charged with riot in Broad street on Sunday, the 11th June, the Jury rendered a verdict of Not Guilty.

The ship *Dalmatia*, loaded with lime, hay, &c. for Mobile, was struck with lightning at the wharf in Boston, on Saturday, and set on fire. All attempts to extinguish the flames proved unavailing, and the ship burnt to the water's edge. She was insured for \$24,000.

BODIES FOUND.—The *Natchez Courier*, of a late date, states that the bodies of 21 persons were picked up at the mouth of the Buffalo Creek, one mile and a half above Fort Adams, by some of the citizens of that place. There is no doubt but that they are a part of the large number that met their untimely and horrid end at that awful catastrophe, the burning of the *Ben Sherrod*. The clothes on some of the bodies were much burnt. In the number were two ladies, one of whom had a child, which a mother's fondness and a mother's despair had so encircled with her left arm, that even in death it remained pressed to that bosom where it could no longer find protection.

Port Huron, (Mich.) July 8. INDIANS.—Immense numbers of Indians have been collecting about this place for about a week past.—On the 21st inst. about 500 descended the rapids in their bark canoes, and encamped on this side of the St. Clair, and in Canada. Most of them are of the Chippewa tribe, and we understand they are from Saginaw. This was formerly their place of resort in the summer months, for hunting and fishing. We are glad to say our inhabitants took early and efficient measures to prevent them from procuring spirituous liquors, and they seem to be peaceable and inoffensive, although some of them are in almost a starving condition.

LOWER PROVINCES.

Fredericton July 6. LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Thursday, 6th July, 1837. The Lieutenant Governor proceeded in State to the Council Chamber, and being seated on the Throne, the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod was directed to command the attendance of the House of Assembly; the House attended accordingly, when His Excellency was pleased to open the Session with the following Speech:

"Mr. President, and Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council, "Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly,

"I have called you together at this unusual season of the year for the purpose of communicating to you His Majesty's final pleasure in reference to a measure of no ordinary favor and liberality on the part of the Crown—the surrender, to your control and disposal, of the proceeds of all His Majesty's Casual and Territorial Revenues in this Province, upon certain conditions; and the only observation with which I will accompany the important documents, copies of which I have directed immediately to be laid before you, is that I feel an entire conviction that the suggestions of the King's Government will be received by you with the most respectful attention.

"Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly,

"My connection with this Province is of much too recent a date to warrant my submitting to you, at present, any suggestions relative to the objects to which it might appear to me advantageous to the interests of the Province to recommend to you to apply any portion of the Revenues to which I have alluded. I will therefore merely express to you the satisfaction which, as His Majesty's Representative, I feel in being authorized and instructed to ratify, on the part of our truly paternal Sovereign, an arrangement with His Majesty's loyal subjects of the Province, of the advantages of which, as respects their interests, the King had only to be satisfied, in order to insure His Majesty's most willing and gracious assent.

"Mr. President, and Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council,

"Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly,

"I will detain you from the exercise of your Legislative duties only for the purpose of expressing my earnest and confident hope, that a spirit of harmony and of wisdom will continue to guide your deliberations upon the very important measures now to be brought under your renewed consideration, and upon which the future welfare and prosperity of this Province so mainly depend."

His Excellency's reply to the Address of the Assembly.

"Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen,

"I thank you for this Address, and more especially for the cheerful alacrity with which you have sacrificed every consideration of personal convenience to the object of endeavoring to promote the interests of your Constituents, and of the Province at large, by the settlement of the great question, for the consideration of which you have been convened.

The conviction which you have expressed that our Gracious Sovereign has only to be satisfied of the tendency of any measure to promote the interests of His Majesty's Loyal Subjects, to ensure for it His most willing and gracious assent, is most gratifying to me—and I infer from the whole tenor of your address, a determination to approach the business of the Session in such a disposition as cannot fail, in harmonious concurrence with the other branches of the Legislature, to conduct us to a satisfactory and beneficial result.

UPPER CANADA.

Kingston, July 18.—Private accounts received from England state that His Majesty's Government have sanctioned the Bank Bill sent home, by which the Bank of Upper Canada will become the Provincial Bank.

LOWER CANADA.

Montreal, July 21st.—The refusal of the people here to receive depreciated coppers, has raised up a class of wholesale exporters of that article, for the consumption of the Upper Province, and of wholesale manufacturers of *skin-plasters*, for the home market. It is difficult to determine with justice which of these two branches of trade deserves the palm. For halves and quarters of a dollar, little loss can be felt, while the change notes of Messrs. Molson and Souigny can be had. But for sums less than a quarter, there is vast room for a choice of risks. Every body gives his notes in change to every body, and thus nobody puts any confidence in any body's willingness to pay. Forgeries of good names are said to have been made; but we do not believe it, because we cannot see the necessity for forging, when there is an equal chance that any real signature will pass in the general *melée*. When the Banks suspended, the public were told to have undiminished confidence in them; but the advice was unnecessary. The public seem to have confidence in any thing and every thing. Judging from the kinds of notes current, we fear that the public faith has become so great, that it will remove the Mountain. If Messrs Molson and Souigny would issue notes of smaller denominations, our change note currency would perhaps be sifted—the good would be preserved and the bad blown away. We wish General Jackson had kept his "better currency" for those alone who wanted it.

By the following, from the Kingston Whig, we learn, that the bad halfpenny is travelling with civility,—westward.

As we foretold, several tons of the most villainous trash that ever issued in the shape of coppers, have appeared in town, and the inhabitants, with one voice, have risen and refused them. No one will take them for even a farthing, for they are actually not worth half that small coin, and we hope our country readers will equally reject them. Did we know the names of the parties who imported this wretched spurious money, we should take great pleasure in exposing them to public indignation. An understanding should be had between the merchants and retailers, as to what coppers should pass current, for such is the state of the market, that the currency of all is doubted.—(*Herald.*)

At the close of the poll, on Tuesday evening, Mr. McLean was only the *a*-head. In such sharp work a single vote may incline the scale. Montreal surely cannot permit that vote to be lost.—(*Id.*)

Montreal, July 21.—That chronicle of mighty events, the *Courier*, informs us that the Rail-road Locomotive *a*: Laprairie, hissed as Mr. Papineau passed it on Sunday, Balaam's ass did more; he spoke at the sight of an angel.—*Vindicator.*

Montreal, July 22.—We were highly gratified last night to hear by a passenger from Cornwall, that Mr. McLean had twenty-two votes of a majority over the revolutionary Dr. Bruce, on Thursday evening. This gives to Mr. McLean an absolute

majority of twenty-four, on that day's polling. We have now no doubts of the issue. A number of gentlemen left Montreal yesterday, to give their votes for Mr. McLean.—*Herald.*

"Mr. Jacques Viger, whom the people of this city had twice raised to the mayoralty, has in return for that mark of confidence, been very active of late in endeavoring to strife the expression of public opinion in this city and its neighbourhood, against the Gosford and Russell atrocity. Very fortunately, however, the public spirit of the people has been stronger than Mr. Jacques Viger's influence, and he has succeeded only in exhibiting his own tergiversation, and want of principle. We mention this circumstance, now, merely to put Reformers at a distance on their guard against Mr. Jacques Viger's sinister attempts to prop up an administration, from which, whatever he may personally expect, the people have nothing to hope but insult, degradation and robbery."—*Vindicator.*

QUEBEC:

MONDAY, 24th JULY, 1837.

LATEST DATES table with columns for From London, Liverpool, Paris, New York, Halifax, Toronto and dates.

The New York papers to the evening of the 19th instant, have no later European news than the 7th June.

Buenos-Ayres, or the "Argentine Republic" declared war against Peru, of which Santa Cruz is President, on the 19th May. In the mean time the insurrection of the *Banda Oriental* gives the Argentine government sufficient occupation.

Maine papers of the 19th instant, and Nova Scotia and New Brunswick of the 13th, were received this morning. The former hardly mention the boundary question, but as an electioneering question. The retention by the British of "our territory" is urged by the Whigs or opposition, against the prevalent party in the state which supports the administration of the general government.

Sir John Harvey's speech at the opening of the New Brunswick Legislature on the 6th instant, will be found in this Gazette. All is harmony in the Legislature of that province.

On the 10th instant, Mr. L. A. Wilmot, one of the Deputies sent by the Assembly to England on the Civil List question, called the attention of the House to Mr. Papineau's letter of 1836, "with a view to express their sentiments on the subject in order to encourage the constitutional party in Lower Canada."

The members who spoke agreed on the propriety of such a course. The Speaker however thought that it was "a very impertinent thing in Mr. Papineau to address such a letter to the Legislature of any other colony;" and that it ought to be "treated with contempt" and the opinions of the House on the state of affairs in Lower Canada expressed, without reference to the letter.

LOWER CANADA.

The present views of the British government in relation to this province, are probably expressed in the following extract from the *Morning Chronicle*, a leading London Ministerial paper. The date was during the discussion in Parliament of Lord Joux Russell's Resolutions:

"It is difficult to understand how the government of Canada can go on without some such vote as that included in the 8th resolution.—Mr. Roebuck has certainly made the objection to it, that it will irritate and not cure the evil; and of that objection we must admit the justice, because to have cured the evil the resolution should have gone further than it does; but the Ministry evidently reluctant to go one step beyond the strict and immediate necessity of the case, have only asked for the power to apply, out of the revenue surrendered by Lord Goderich's colonial administration to the Canadian Assembly, a sufficient sum for the payment of the arrears due to the Judges and officers of government, leaving them still dependent on the local Legislature for a permanent provision; whereas the clearer course would have been to adopt the unanimous recommendation of the Commissioners—the only one in which they were unanimous—and to repeal the Act of the 2nd of William IV., or at any rate suspend its operation until the Canadian Assembly should have fulfilled those professions of their delegates, in reliance on which that improvident surrender was made.

"As the matter now stands, if the French party, after seeing the majorities by which these resolutions are carried in Parliament, shall refuse to reconsider their proceedings, and to provide some arrangement under which a liberal administration can conduct the Provincial government, on the principle now acted on in Ireland by Lord Mulgrave, holding an equal balance, and bestowing patronage fairly on all classes of the inhabitants, according to fitness and qualification without reference to origin or creed, then undoubtedly another appeal must be made to Parliament, and measures of a more decided character than those now proposed must be adopted, or else the colony must be abandoned, leaving the parties, if they persist in preventing the mediation of the superior government to administer justice equally to both, to the final alternative of fighting for the ascendancy. But how can any honest government do this, until every means are exhausted to avert so desperate a crisis?

The gentlemen so systematically and pertinaciously resisting these resolutions, and consuming so much of the public time by useless delay, which they know cannot effect their object, in the face of such overwhelming majorities, should imagine themselves for a moment in the condition of government, and consider rather what is practicable than what is open to objection. The civil government and the administration of justice must be carried on. The House of Assembly of Lower Canada say they will not provide the necessary means to do this, unless the concession is made to them of a change in the constitution, to which the English population object, against which the English Legislature of Upper Canada protest, and which the British House of Commons has decided cannot be granted. The only questions that remain are, whether the King can abdicate the government in favor of the French population, as suggested in one view of the case by Sir Robert Peel, or whether the money required to carry on the Canadian government is to be paid by the people in England, or by the people in Canada; and the proposition contained in the 8th resolution is merely that the latter shall pay the debt already incurred to the public servants leaving the question, with respect to the future, open for the reconsideration of the local Legislature.

And even if the province should, according to Sir Robert Peel's suggestion be abandoned, we are decidedly of opinion that the ascendancy would not long be possessed by the French population, or that a French republic or a "Natio*is* Canadienne" could long occupy the shores of the River St. Lawrence, and command the navigation and commerce of the outlet of the Upper Lakes—the inland seas of North America,—surrounded as such a republic would be, by other states or provinces containing a more energetic and intelligent people than themselves. And even looking to Lower Canada alone, if it cannot

be denied that the majority of the present population is French, can it, on the other hand, be denied that the majority of enterprise and of intelligence is English? Of a thousand ships entering into or clearing from the Port of Quebec for foreign commerce, is there one owned by a French Canadian? Of the merchants of Lower Canada—we no not mean shopkeepers, who are there sometimes called merchants, but of houses carrying on foreign commerce—is there more than one solitary firm? Of all the banks that have been established in the province, is there more than one held by the French, and that one a recent experiment, which can hardly yet be considered established? Are not these proofs of superior enterprise and intelligence? Are they not elements of power as well as mere population? And even as to population, if that of the seigniories be French, is there not a rapidly increasing English population in the Townships? And is there not in the present House of Assembly a naturalized American, a representative of that part of the population, and a strenuous opponent of the French majority? Is not the English population in the cities of Quebec and Montreal also rapidly increasing, as well as the property held by them? And with such a force arrayed against French ascendancy, or a French republic, who shall say that if left to itself it will ultimately prevail?

We deprecate as much as Mr. Grote and his friends any parliamentary interference with the functions of independent legislatures; but in the present crisis of Canadian affairs a case of necessity arises, from which it is impossible otherwise to provide; and we do venture to recommend to the ultra-liberal party to endeavour to acquire with the public on this, as well as on some other recent occasions, a little credit for sagacity in adopting those measures which under given circumstances may be most suitable, because alone practicable, as well as knowledge of the best theories of government. Reasoning by analogy is always dangerous; and we are sorry to perceive that too many of the Liberal Members have suffered themselves to be carried away by analogies which are quite inapplicable."

The following answer of the Duchess of Kent to an address of the city of London on the birth day of the Princess Victoria, acquires a new interest from His Majesty's illness. It is probable that if the heiress apparent have any political bias it will be in favor of the politics of Earl Grey. In so far as this Province is concerned, we may expect that the future Queen, will have imbibed the friendly feeling towards Canada which always distinguished her father Prince Edward, while he resided among us, and which she showed itself, on every occasion, towards the inhabitants of Canada after he returned to England:

"My Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons, of the City of London.—If I consulted my own feelings, I would abstain from a reply, except to assure you that my heart is filled with gratitude. The Disposer of all human events has vouchsafed to allow me to be rewarded far beyond what I deserve, by witnessing at this epoch, so dear to my maternal feelings, such general expressions of loyalty to our King, hope and confidence in my child, and approbation of the way in which I have brought her up. It makes me feel I should add a few words more. As what I say on this occasion may reach many who take a lively interest in the event you congratulate me on, and as this is, most probably, the last public act of my life, I feel called on to do so. I possess the earlier part of my life on my regretted consort's life. Circumstances and my duties obliged us to reside in Germany. But the Duke of Kent at much inconvenience, and at great personal risk, returned to England, that our child should be "born and bred a Briton." In a few months afterwards my infant and myself were awfully deprived of father and husband. We stood alone, almost friendless and unknown in this country. I could not even speak the language of it. I did not hesitate how to act. I gave up my home, my kindred, my duties, to devote myself to that duty which was to be the whole object of my future life. I was supported in the execution of my duty by the country. It placed its trust in me, and the Regency Bill gave me its last act of confidence. I have, in times of great difficulty, avoided all connexion with any party in the State; but if I have done so, I have never ceased to impress on my daughter her duties, so as to gain by her conduct the respect and affection of the people. This I have taught her should be her first earthly duty as a constitutional sovereign. The Princess has arrived at that age which now justifies my expressing my confident expectation that she will be competent to execute the sacred trust which may be reposed in her, for communicating as she does with all classes of society, she cannot but perceive the greater diffusion of religion, knowledge, and the love of freedom in a country, the more orderly, industrious, and wealthy is its population; and that with the desire to preserve the constitutional prerogatives of the Crown ought to be co-ordinate the protection of the liberties of the people."

The reply of the Princess was brief and simple: "I am very thankful for your kindness, and my mother has expressed all my feelings."

QUEBEC GENERAL MEETING.

The adjourned meeting of the committee and the gentlemen who had requisitions for signature, is to be held at the Rooms of the Committee of Trade, To-Morrow forenoon at Eleven o'clock precisely, at which they are particularly requested to attend.

Quebec, Monday 24th July, 1837.

For the requisition for the General Meeting on the Esplanade at Noon on Monday next, see the first page. Several lists could not be got ready in time, but will be inserted on Wednesday.

The old *Quebec Gazette* has published the affidavits of Leon Morin and Louis Fournier, both residing in the Parish of L'Islet, establishing the cowardly outrage committed upon them, by a certain Doctor Etienne Taché, of St. Thomas, one Lavergne and one Pierre Vallée, both of the same place, shopkeepers. These documents fully corroborate our former statement. The offensive words uttered by Leon Morin, were—" *Houura! pour le Roi Anglais! Nous avons toujours bien vécu, et nous vivrons toujours biens.*" And for this exclamation they were pursued by the gallant patriots, who had about three hundred assistants ready to execute their orders—were forced to return, and in fear of their lives, to apologize for having uttered words so offensive to these loyal persons—they were abused and ill-treated, and then permitted to proceed.—Should the truth prove to be, as we believe it will, as stated in the affidavits referred to, we trust fiery gentlemen will learn in future, not to assault passengers who may be bold enough to proclaim their loyalty and attachment to the mother country, even though they may interrupt the revolutionary orgies they may then be celebrating.—(*Mercury.*)

THEATRICALS.—The lovers of the Drama will be delighted to observe by our advertising columns, that Mr. Preston intends opening the theatre of this city in the course of the present week, supported by

a company of talented performers, and it being his intention to bring forward during the season some of the most celebrated actors of the day, we trust he will meet with a liberal encouragement from the citizens of Quebec.

COMMERCIAL.

New-York, July 19th.

PRICES OF SPECIE.

	Offered.	Asked.
American Gold	108	109
Sovereigns	537	sales
Mexican Dollars	110	sales
Spanish Doubloons	17,75	sales
Patriot Doubloons	16,85	sales
Am. Half Dollars	109	sales

THE MARKET.—In Cotton the movement is very languid. Some Pot Ashes are selling at 11.62 1/2 per 100 lbs. A lot of Brazil Coffee, about 1600 bags, has been sold for exportation. No. 1 and 2 Mac-keeel have been sold 25 cts. lower. Flour quite dull. In Wheat and Rye the sales are for the moment in a great measure suspended. Corn remains scarce and is sought for. Oats have sold at the high price of 78 a 80 cents. Montevideo Hides, merchantable, have been sold at 12 1/2 cts. lb. 1500 brls Turpentine at 22, 25. There is no change this week in the condition of provisions. Our sales of box sugars are mostly from the surplus stock of Philadelphia. In Molasses very little is doing, though prices are without change.

Halifax, N. S. July 12.

Coffee, Jamaica, good, 1s per lb.; Sugar, Muscovado, bright, 42s. 6d. cwt.; Ordinary fair, 37s. 6d. Rum, Leeward Islands, proof 25, 4s.; Demerara, proof 24, 4s. 3d.; Jamaica, proof 21, 5s. 3d.; Fish, Cod, Dry, Merchantable, 16s.; Madeira, 15s.; Wheat, German, 8s. 9d.; Flour, fine, 47s. 6d.; middlings, 45s.; Beef, Nova Scotia, 45s. 6d.; Canada, prime, 50s.

Kingston Markets, July 15.—Flour, per barrel, 45s @ 50s; Wheat, per bushel, 6s @ 7s; Barley, per do. 4s @ 4s 3/4; Oats, per do. 2s 6d @ 3s; Rye, per do. 5s; Peas, per do. 5s; Potatoes, per do. 3s @ 3s 6d; Indian Corn, per do. 7s 6d; Beef, per cwt. 27s 6d; Pork, per do. 45s; Butter, per lb. 7d @ 8d; Mutton, per do. 4d @ 5d; Veal, per do. 3d @ 4d; Hay, per ton, 35s @ 40s; Wood, per cord, 7s.

MONTREAL MARKETS, July 21.—To-day there was rather an animated demand for Ashes, particularly Pots; but no advance in prices. A considerable quantity of small bills were sold at 25s 6d; Pearls rather dull at 28s @ 28s 9d. Wheat—Good White Dantzic brings freely 8s 7/8 bushel of 60lbs; a lot of mixed Dantzic, part of the cargo of the Ocean Queen, was sold in Quebec, to be delivered here, at 7s 9d for exportation to Upper Canada. Flour—We have not heard any transactions worthy of notice—holders are firm at our limits. Provisions are looking up, owing to the advance in the United States. Exchanges on England—Private, 20 @ 21 1/2 cent, 60 days.—Herald.

QUANTITY OF TIMBER, &c, dispatched from the *Chaudiere Falls*, on the Ottawa, for Quebec Market, from 11th to 18th July, 1837.—

Red Pine	8,631 pieces.
White Pine	1,620 "
Oak	906 "
Plank	1,440 "

PORT OF QUEBEC.

TIDES.

From the 25th to the 31st July.

Days.	HIGH WATER	Low Water	Festivals.
Tuesday	0h 15m 13h 43m	1h 15m 12h 43m	
Wednesday	1h 15m 12h 43m	2h 15m 11h 43m	
Thursday	2h 15m 11h 43m	3h 15m 10h 43m	
Friday	3h 15m 10h 43m	4h 15m 9h 43m	
Saturday	4h 15m 9h 43m	5h 15m 8h 43m	
Sunday	5h 15m 8h 43m	6h 15m 7h 43m	
Monday	6h 15m 7h 43m	7h 15m 6h 43m	

☞ The times are 14 hours before the turning of the tide.

CLEARED.

July 22nd.

Bark Morning Star, Linton, London, Price & Co. Ship Wakefield, Sullivan, Liverpool, Tibbets. Bark Marchioness of Abercorn, Allen, Port Glasgow, Gilmore & Co. Brig Cambrian, Roper, Flint, Symes & Ross. Albion, Nixon, Falmouth, Gilmore & Co. Pandora, Power, Waterford, H. N. Jones. Ship Frances, Armstrong, Liverpool, Tibbets. Bark Queen, Thompson, Hull, Atkinson & Co. Ship Waterloo, Roberts, do. do.

ARRIVED.

July 22nd.

Bark Sarah, Whitney, 12th June, Liverpool, J. Tibbets, ballast. Brunswick, Blake, 25th May, London, Atkinson & Co. ballast, 19 cabin and 258 steerage passengers. Brig Quebec Packet, Stephen, 31st do, Aberdeen, Tucker, Heath & Co. general cargo, 35 passengers. Brown, Lamb, 24th do, Sligo, Pemberton, ballast, 125 do. Ship Catherine, Longmuir, 2d June, Liverpool, D. Burnet, general cargo, 2 cabin passengers. Brig Constantine, Ellis, 29th May, Waterford, Price & Co. ballast. 23rd. Bark Thomas Hughes, McMan, 10th June, Liverpool, More Brothers, general cargo. Brig Mail, Bryce, 8th do, Greenock, Montreal, do. 4 steerage passengers. Schr. North America, Bears, 4th July, Guysbro', H. J. Noad, fish. Brig Hannah, Briggs, 29th June, Philadelphia, H. W. Welch, ballast.

24th.

Bark Royal William, 24th May, Dublin, coals, Pemberton, 4 cabin and 206 steerage passengers. Ship Harriet Scott, 6th June, Belfast, G. H. Parke, 211 steerage passengers. Bark Thos. Ritchie, 10th do, Liverpool, sail, Pemberton, 2 cabin and 286 steerage passengers. Hawksbury, 5th do, Londonderry, Price & Co. 2 cabin and 286 steerage passengers. Brig Andrew Nugent, 9th do, Sligo, Pemberton, 1 cabin and 127 steerage passengers. Bark John & James, 7th do, Liverpool, do. 1 cabin passenger. Brig Sarah Nicholson, 24th do, Newfoundland do. Betty, 22nd do, do. Symes & Ross. Ship Conbrooke, 5th do, Liverpool, Pemberton. Brig Elizabeth, 9th June, Plymouth, Lemestrir. Lady Douglas, 4th June, Maryport, coals, Symes & Ross. Ardent, 27th June, St. Johns, Newfoundland, Symes & Ross. Schooner John, 8th June, Miramichi, Rodger, Dean & Co., 3 passengers. Albion, 6th July, New Carlisle, J. W. Woolsey, Lord Bishop of Montreal, passenger.

PASSENGERS.

In the *Brunswick*, from London.—Mr. J. Tache- reau, Mr. Lapsley and brother, Mr. A. Stuart, Capt. McDonald, K. N., Mr. and Mrs. Wade and 4 children, Mr. and Mrs. Douge and 4 children, Mr. and Mrs. Phillips, Mr. Isaacson. In the *Margaret*, from Liverpool.—Mr. and Mrs. Stowe of Montreal.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

Ship *Margaret*, from Liverpool, arrived on Saturday, spoke in the Gulf, Ship *Royal William*, from Dublin to Quebec with passengers. Also spoke ship *Sillery*, Hunter, on the 29th June, from Quebec to Liverpool, all well. Halifax, (N. S.) June 8th.—Arrived Schr. Two Friends, Goden, Quebec, 12 days. Cleared—7th Florida, Hoffman, Quebec. Schr. *Medora*, Linnet, from Demerara for Halifax, put into Grenada, in want of repairs—got freight for Quebec, and was to sail about the 20th inst. Miramichi, July 8th.—Cleared—Schr. John Vi- gneau.

The bark *Caroline*, McArthur, from Quebec was towed up here by the steamer *Cape Breton*, on Sunday last, being in a leaky state; she is now unloading to repair.—(Gleaner of July 11th.) Schr. *Happy Return*, Clark hence at Richibucto on the 30th ult. Charlotte-Town, (Pr. Ed. Is.) July 4th.—Cleared for Quebec—Ship *Royal George*, Wilson. New-York, July 18th.—Arrived from Quebec—Br. Bark America, Mackie, Cleared—15th—Br. Brig Niagara, Newbold, for Quebec. Philadelphia, June 14th.—Cleared—Br. Ship Al- bion, Bache, for Quebec. Capt. Davis of the ship *Sarah Barker*, at Ports- mouth, N. H., from Liverpool, reports that in lat 52 22 N, lon 18 20 W, spoke whale-ship *Adwice*, of Dundee, in distress, supplied her with small stores. She had been out 14 mos, had passed the last winter in Ballin's Bay, having been frozen up. Twenty- five men of her complement of sixty-one had died of the scurvy—3 sick on board. 3 days previous had been supplied with three men from an English brig. She would put into the first port. She had but 2 tons of oil. This ship was mentioned in the last London ad- vices as still missing, and much anxiety was felt con- cerning her.

MARRIED.

On Saturday last, by the Rev. Mr. Clugston, Mr. David Tait, Printer, to Elizabeth H., eldest daughter of the late Mr. Duncan Downs, Ship-builder.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

THE Dy. Post Master General begs to inform the public that he is under the necessity of requiring, from this time forth, the payment of ALL POSTAGES in Specie. The Dy. Post Master General has refrained from resorting to this measure, which he is aware must add to the inconvenience experienced by all classes from the scarcity of hard money, until he found that he could not otherwise conduct the duties of his Department. Genl. Post Office, July 24th 1837.

QUEBEC FIRE OFFICE, 24th July, 1837.— Director for the ensuing week:— HONBLE. JOHN STEWART.

CANADA MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY CAPITAL,—£150,000.

Director for the week, D. BURNET, Esq.

J. BELL FORSYTH, Esq.—PRESIDENT. DIRECTORS, JAMES DEAN, F. BUREAU, JER. LEVACRAFT, D. BURNET, Esquires. **THE** Company are now prepared to take Marine Risks generally, and also, risks between MON- TREAL & QUEBEC. Orders for Insurance from any part of the Canadas, addressed to the Secretary, will meet with prompt attention, and no charge for brokerage made. All business offered to the Company must be offered in writing, and addressed to W. STEVENSON, Secretary, Canada Marine Insurance Co's. Office, Quebec, 24th July, 1837.

NOTICE.

THE late SAMUEL NELSON, of the City of Quebec, Printer, Bookseller and Stationer, having made a Donation of all his property to the undersigned, and in trust for his Sisters and Brother, the business heretofore carried on by the said SAMUEL NELSON, will be conducted in the name of the undersigned, till further notice, by his father, JOHN NELSON, and a power of Attorney, and as legally authorized for the interested, and all persons having claims against the said SAMUEL NELSON, are hereby notified to give in the same, duly authenticated, without delay; and all persons indebted to the said SAMUEL NELSON or the late Firm of NELSON & COWAN, are hereby required to pay to the said JOHN NELSON who is duly authorized to grant acquittances. WILLIAM NELSON. Quebec, 24th July, 1837.

Honour to Captain G. Wm. Woodward!

THE passengers in the Ship *Hawkesbury*, of London, (from Londonderry to Quebec), belonging to the Counties Fermanagh and Tyrone, feel grateful to state that the attention of their Capt. G. Wm. Woodward to them on their passage from Londonderry to Quebec, is highly worthy of the greatest applause and merit; his attention to the sick, connected with his humane and orderly conduct, his passengers can scarcely describe. In the early part of the passage the live poultry that he had put on board for himself, he caused to be boiled into soup, for his weak, sea-sick passengers. Whilst on the cold Banks of Newfoundland, he stood out fishing till, like Peter, he "caught a multitude of fishes;" and what was his conduct when he was done?—did he keep his fish for his own table? No. But before he came in, he stood out in cold and wet, and distributed them among the passengers. He, not being content with what he caught himself, went on board a fisherman and bought fish to a considerable amount for us, and gave fish in abundance without charge. When we came to the coast of America, he purchased milk and other necessaries, too tedious to mention, and gave all to his obedient children without charge. We must say that ardent spirits were not known by our honourable Cap- tain or other officers of the ship during the voyage. The sobriety and carefulness of the Mate, Mr. John Forster and Mr. Jas. Anderson, are likewise worthy of esteem. Well done, steady old *Hawkesbury*! which brought us safe to the Quarantine shore was passed by the *Ducor* or 24 hours after she landed, and was declared to be the cleanest ship in the St. Lawrence this year. Great praise is due to the Capt. and officers for their meri- torious conduct on board this ship. No pen or paper, ink or bard Can show the praises of WOODWARD.

ROBT. LOVE, County Tyrone. JAMES McVETRY, Fermanagh. JOHN CLARK, do. JAMES HENDERSON, do. OLIVER JOHNSON, do. THOMAS MURPHY, do. SPROULE BLANEY, Tyrone.

LES REVELATIONS DU CRIME,

OU CAMBRAY ET SES COMPLICES;

PAR F. R. A.

THIS work is ready for delivery and may be had at Messrs. CARY & Co. FRECHETTE & Co. NELSON, and COWAN & Co. Quebec, 20th July 1837.



THEATRE ROYAL, QUEBEC.

MR. H. W. PRESTON, Respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Quebec, that he will

IN THE COURSE OF THIS WEEK OPEN THE THEATRE FOR A LIMITED SEASON.

having it in his power to ensure a succession of STARS

feels every confidence in presenting himself before the public. Among the many celebrated names that he has the honor of announcing, are those of MR. OXLEY, The Young American Tragedian; MRS. PRESTON, Of the New York and Philadelphia Theatres; MR. CONEY AND MR. BLANCHARD, The Celebrated Melo-dramatists.

His Stock Company is very efficient, numbering among its members the names of several well-known Performers.

Due notice will be given of the time of opening. Quebec, 24th July, 1837.

THE Members of the Lower Canada Agricultural Society are requested to meet at the Court House, on SATURDAY next, at ONE o'clock, to take into consideration a matter of some importance to them. GEORGE H. RYLAND. Quebec, 24th July 1837.

TO COLONELS OF MILITIA.

WANTED to hire for Sundry Steamboat Pleasure Parties—A Band of Music for Ex- cursions during the Summer—They must be in full dress— à la Militaire. Apply to the Stewards on board. 24th July 1837.

PINE AND SPRUCE DEALS.

FOR SALE—Bright and floated Pine Deals of every quality. —ALSO— Bright Spruce, fresh from the Mills. W. M. PHILLIPS, Old Custom House Lane. Quebec, July, 1837.

FOR SALE.

A VERY excellent GRAND PIANO—FORTE, nearly new, by "Broadwood & Sons."—Price 50 Guineas, can be seen at the Subscriber's Auction Yard, 22, St. John-street. S. ALCORN. Quebec, 24th July, 1837.

CANADA MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY

THIS Company will take risks on Goods, shipped per regular Steamers, or on board first class Barges, either to or from Montreal, if towed, at five shillings per cent. The charge for policy in cases where the premium does not exceed £5, is also reduced from this date. By Order, W. STEVENSON, Secretary. Quebec, 7th July, 1837.

CLERK'S OFFICE, HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY,

Quebec, 10th July, 1837.

ALL persons having claims or demands upon the Contingent Fund of the House of Assembly, are requested to send in the same to the Subscriber, prior to the 10th August next. W. M. B. LINDSAY, Clk. Assy.

LOST.

A RED POCKET BOOK with some papers, and English Money.—Whoever has found it, on delivering it at this Office shall be rewarded. Quebec, 14th July, 1837.

WANTED.—A young man, who speaks both languages, is desirous to obtain a situation in a Merchant's Store or Office, where he would act as Book-keeper and make himself generally useful. Unexception- able references as to character and ability, will, of course be produced, if required.—Any letter addressed to Mercator Ste. Anne Laprade, will be promptly attended to. 15th May, 1837.

A LADY, a native of England, begs to offer her services to any respectable family, in Quebec, or in this Province, requiring a Governess to give instruction in English Education, with French and Music. Apply at the Office of this paper for reference.

PIANO FORTE FOR SALE.

A SUPERIOR Patent Square Piano Forte, of ALMAINE & Co's. best make, French polished, warranted by Professor HENRY WARTZ. G. D. BALZARETTI. Quebec, 21st June, 1837.

JUST landing, ex *Globe*, from Montrose, a small assortment of HEAD and PAVING STONES. Apply to TREMAIN & MOIR. Quebec, 14th June, 1837.

FOSTER'S REPRODUCTIONS.

NOTICE.—Subscribers, Agents, and others are hereby notified, that by arrangements recently made, the reprints of the *London Quarterly*, *Edinburgh Foreign*, and *London and Westminster Reviews*, *Blackwood's*, and the *Metropolitan Magazines*, heretofore published by the Subscriber, will together with *Foster's Cabinet Miscellany*, henceforth be published by Mr. WILLIAM LEWER, who becomes responsible for all dues accruing from and after this date, and all persons indebted on ac- count of the above publications are requested to make pay- ment to Mr. Wm. Lewer, who alone is entitled to receive payment. THEODORE FOSTER. New York, June 5, 1837.

In the Press and shortly will be published:—

1. THE LONDON AND WESTMINSTER RE- VIEW, No. IX. and LI.
2. THE FOREIGN QUARTERLY REVIEW, No. XXXVII.
3. THE EDINBURGH REVIEW, No. CXXXI.
4. THE LONDON QUARTERLY, No. CCV.
5. BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE, for April.
6. THE METROPOLITAN MAGAZINE, for April.
7. FOSTER'S CABINET MISCELLANY, No. XXXII, being the third part of PASTON'S LIFE or GOLDSMITH.

The Reviews and Magazines will be continued to be issued with all the punctuality the receipt of the original copies, together with the necessary delay reprinting them, will admit of—while the quality of the paper and the typographical execution of the works, will be rendered worthy in every respect of the extensive and increasing patronage bestowed on them.

TERMS: For the *London Quarterly*, *Edinburgh Foreign*, and *London and Westminster Reviews*, 8 dollars per annum; for three of them, 7 dollars; two of them, 5 dollars; one of them, 3 dollars. For *Blackwood's Magazine*, per annum, 5 dollars; *Metropolitan*, 4 dollars; *Blackwood and Metropo- litan* together, 8 dollars; and for the four *Reviews*, *Blackwood's* and the *Metropolitan Magazines*, 16 dollars. *Foster's Cabinet Miscellany* per annum, 5 dollars; single copies, 12 cts.

New York: Published by Wm. LEWER, at the corner of Broadway and Pine Street. Subscriptions receive in Montreal by Messrs. ANTOUR & RUSSEY; at Quebec, by the Editor of the *Quebec Gazette*, and by the several Agents in the principal towns of both the Upper and Lower Provinces. 6 2 w

SALES BY AUCTION.

BY MAXHAM & BOURNE.

BROWNWARE, GLASS, &c.

On TUESDAY MORNING next, 25th instant, at the Store of H. W. WELCH, Esq., East India Wharf, at TEN o'clock precisely:—

3080 PIECES loose Brownware

125 Boxes Window Glass, assorted sizes

10 Hhds. double boiled Linseed Oil

200 Kegs White Lead. 22nd July 1837.

BY S. ALCORN.

Household Furniture, *Ship Chandlery*, Groceries, &c. &c.

TO-MORROW, the 25th and WEDNESDAY the 26th instant, at the residence of Mrs THOMPSON, Cape Cove, at TWO o'clock precisely, each day:

THE ENTIRE STOCK AND EFFECTS

of Mrs. THOMPSON,—consisting of Hotel Fur- niture, Groceries and Ship Chandlery. Conditions—Cash. Quebec, 24th July, 1837.

BY PETER SHEPPARD.

PROVISIONS AND GROCERIES.

On WEDNESDAY next, the 26th instant, at TWO o'clock precisely, on Mr. Simpson's wharf, (late Lam- pson's) for account of Messrs. A. H. VASS & Co.

THE Chests Young Hyson, } Tea.

50 half kegs Plug Tobacco

50 boxes Fig Blue, 10 bags walnuts

9 kegs Ground Ginger, 10 baskets Salad Oil

50 boxes bunch

50 half boxes do.

75 boxes Cluster

25 kegs Smyrna

50 boxes sheet Iron, 25 kegs Butter

100 barrels prime Beef, with other articles. Raisins, 4-s-o-w

MEDICAL PROFESSION.

ANY Gentleman of small capital, duly qualified in his Profession, being desirous of securing a general medical practice in an old settled and highly respect- able neighbourhood in Upper Canada—has now an oppor- tunity of doing so by purchasing, at a moderate rate, the property of a practitioner retiring.—Apply at this Office. Quebec, 21st July, 1837.

ABSCONDED from the service of P. McQUILKIN, Black-

smith, Champlain Street, on the night of Wednesday, the 19th inst., JOHN ARMSTRONG, a regular indentured Apprentice to the above. This is to warn all persons from either harboring or giving employment to the same, and to request that those under whose notice he may come, will give such information as may lead to his apprehension. Quebec, 21st July, 1837.

FIVE THOUSAND Bushels very superior

WHEAT, just arrived per *Benjamin*, and for Sale. —ALSO— 100 bags good quality Ship Biscuit per *Ocean*. CHARLES E. LEVY & CO. Quebec, 14th June, 1837.

FOR SALE.

35,000 BRIDGEWATER front BRICKS now landing ex *Cybele*—Apply to A. HAMILTON, Brehaut's Wharf, or to TREMAIN & MOIR, McCullum's Wharf: 22nd May, 1837.

FOR SALE.

JUST ARRIVED, LONGMUIR from LIVER- POOL, and will be sold EX SHIP.

TWO HUNDRED Tons Liverpool Salt, 109 Barrels extra Superfine Flour, 112 Boxes Window Glass. Apply to THOMAS FROSTE & CO. Quebec, 21st July, 1837.

FOR SALE.

A SET OF DOUBLE HARNESS.—Enquire at Col. Horton's, Clapham Terrace. Quebec, 21st July, 1837.

JUST ARRIVED,

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER: **250 BARRELS** SEAL OIL, 500 do. HERRINGS, 1st quality, 1000 SEAL SKINS. M. BORNE, St. Paul-street. Quebec, 21st July, 1837.

FOR SALE.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY Pun- cheons, 15 Hhds, 5 Half Hhds. very superior Jamaica Rum, from 1 @ 5.—to 1 @ 11. 70 Puncheons, 50 Hhds. Demerara Rum, imported from England, and the finest, probably, ever imported, coloured and of superior flavor, from 1 @ 5.—to 1 @ 15. 20 Hhds., 15 Trs., 40 Barrels bright Jamaica Sugar, Molasses, Ginger, Pimento, Arrow Root, Mahogany, Lime Juice. —ALSO— Prime Mess and Prime Pork, Prime Beef, U. C. Fine Flour, Salmon, 100 quints. very superior merchantable Dry Codfish. D. FRASER, Napoleon Wharf. Quebec, 17th July, 1837.

WINES.

THE Subscribers have just received a small con- signment of Very superior Port Wine, } Sauterne, do. } in Cases of

Hock do. } 5 dozen each. Claret do. }

—ALSO— 2 Hhds. of the celebrated Masden Wine. GILLESPIE, JAMIESON & CO. Quebec, 14th July, 1837.

GILLESPIE, JAMIESON & CO.

HAVE FOR SALE: MUSCOVADO SUGAR, Jamaica Rum, Bohea Tea, Linseed Oil, Marsala Wine, Ditto, Upper Canada and Hamburg Flour, Wheat, Barley, Oats, White Pine Timber, Oak do. Elm do. Standard Staves. Quebec, 14th July, 1837.

JUST received per *Themis* from Bordeaux a fresh supply of superior French Wines con- sisting of— Creaming Champagne, Chateau Lafite in pints and quarts Vin de St-Julien Vintage of 1828. J. M. FRASER & Co. Quebec, 27th June 1837.

FOR SALE.

BEST Grate Coals, now landing on McCullum's Wharf, Best Smith's Coals on East India Wharf, Superior Straw coloured Brandy, by the gallon or hhd. Apply to CHARLES POSTON, St. Peter Street. Quebec, 26th June, 1837.

NEW GOODS.

NOW LANDING AND FOR SALE, MESS & PRIME MESS IRISH PORK,— newly put up and of a superior quality. H. N. JONES. 4, Commercial Buildings, 14th June, 1837.

COATS,

TROWERS AND WAISTCOATS. THREE Trunks of the above have just been received from STULTZ & Co., of London, and are offered to the Gentlemen of Quebec, at COST PRICE, for Cash. H. CARWELL. Quebec, 7th June, 1837.

THE Subscribers have just received *Eleutheria*, the following Patent Medicines: Butler's Extract Sarsaparilla, Collin's Cephalic Snuff, Ching's Worm Lozenges, Dalby's Carminative, Dixon's Anubition Pills, Falcom of Horehound, Gowland's Lotion, Henry's Calomel Magnesia, Sandwell's Issue Plasters, James's Pills and Powders, Lieut. James's Horse Blisters, Moxon's Aperient, Ditto Sarsaparilla, Norton's Camomile Pills, Powell's Balsam of Aniseed, Howland's Eucalyd, Savory's Cheat. Sals, Whitehead's Ess. Mustard. BEGG & URQUHART. No. 15, St. John Street, 31st May, 1837.

THE SUBSCRIBERS OFFER FOR SALE.

corner of St. Peter Street, opposite to L. T. MacPherson, Esquire: 12 Hhds. Virginia Leaf Tobacco, 120 Brs. Prime Beef, 50 Kegs superior Lard, 50 do. do. Butter, 15 Bags fresh Fiberts, 5 Bales Almonds,

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned proprietors of the fief and seigniority of the Lake Metis, hereinafter described, situate, lying and being in the District of Quebec, in the Province of Lower Canada, have made application to His Majesty, by petition through His Excellency the Governor in Chief, for a commutation of and release from the droit de quint, the droit de relief, and other feudal burthens due and to grow due to His Majesty, his heirs and successors, on that certain fief and seigniority of the Lake Metis, which said lake discharges itself into a river of the same name (Metis) together with one league of land in depth all round the said lake; the said lake being distant about twelve or fifteen leagues from the St. Lawrence, lying and being on the south bank of the same, bounded on all sides by the waste lands of the Crown; and to obtain a fresh grant unto them, the undersigned proprietors, their heirs and assigns, of the said above described fief and seigniority of the Lake Metis, to be therefor holden in free and common socage, in like manner as lands are now holden in free and common socage in that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England.

Wherefore, all persons who have or may have, or claim to have any present or contingent right, interest, security, charge or incumbrance, either by mortgage (*hypothèque*) general or special, express or implied, or under any other title, or by any other means whatsoever, in or upon the lands comprised in the said above described fief and seigniority, in respect of which the said commutation, release and extinguishment of feudal and seigniorial rights, dues and burthens hath been so applied for, are hereby required to signify in writing, within three calendar months, from the date hereof, their assent or dissent from the surrender, regrant, and change of tenure of the said lands, and the commutation, release and extinguishment of the feudal and seigniorial rights, dues and burthens, applied for as aforesaid, and to lodge such assent or dissent within the said last mentioned period of three calendar months, at the Office of the Executive Council of this Province.

JEAN BAPTISTE EENE HERTEL DE ROUVILLE,
MARIE ANNE JULIE HERTEL DE ROUVILLE,
Widow of the late Honoré de
Charles Michel Jonberry de Sauberry.
Quebec, 12th May, 1857. 5-m

NOTICE.
PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned proprietor of the fief and seigniority of Mount Louis, hereinafter described, situate, lying and being in the Inferior District of Gaspé, in the Province of Lower Canada, has made application to His Majesty, by petition through His Excellency the Governor in Chief, for a commutation of, and release from the droit de quint, the droit de relief, and all other feudal burthens due and to grow due to His Majesty, his heirs and successors, on that certain fief and seigniority of Mount Louis, situate, lying and being on the south shore of the River St. Lawrence, within the Inferior District of Gaspé, in the Province of Lower Canada, the said seigniority being about three leagues in front upon the said River, by three leagues in depth, bounded on the north-east by the *Ancie Nouvelle*, and on the south-west by the *Rivière à Pierre*, with the appurtenances; and to obtain a fresh grant unto him, the undersigned proprietor, his heirs and assigns, of the said above described fief and seigniority of Mount Louis, to be henceforth holden in free and common socage, in like manner as lands are now holden in free and common socage, in that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England.

Wherefore, all persons who have, or may have, or claim to have any present or contingent right, interest, security, charge or incumbrance, either by mortgage (*hypothèque*) general or special, express or implied, or under any other title, or by any other means whatsoever, in or upon the lands comprised in the said above described fief and seigniority, in respect of which the said commutation, release and extinguishment of feudal and seigniorial rights, dues and burthens, hath been so applied for, are hereby required to signify in writing, within three calendar months from the date hereof, their assent or dissent from the surrender, regrant, and change of tenure of the said lands, and the commutation, release and extinguishment of the feudal and seigniorial rights, dues and burthens, applied for as aforesaid, and to lodge such assent or dissent within the said last mentioned period of three calendar months, at the Office of the Executive Council of this Province.

MATTHEW BELL.
Three Rivers, 28th March, 1857. 5-m

NOTICE.
PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned proprietors of the fief and seigniority of Rivière de la Magdeleine hereinafter described, situate, lying and being in the District of Gaspé, in the Province of Lower Canada, have made application to His Majesty, by petition through His Excellency the Governor in Chief, for a commutation of and release from the droit de quint, the droit de relief, and other feudal burthens due and to grow due to His Majesty, his heirs and successors, on that certain fief and seigniority of Rivière de la Magdeleine, situate in the District of Gaspé, in the Province of Lower Canada, on the south side of the River St. Lawrence, of a league in front, to wit, half a league above and half a league below the said Rivière de la Magdeleine along the River St. Lawrence, by two leagues only in depth; and the appurtenances; and to obtain a fresh grant unto them, the undersigned proprietors, their heirs and assigns, of the said above described fief and seigniority, to be henceforth holden in free and common socage, in like manner as lands are now holden in free and common socage, in that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England.

Wherefore, all persons who have or may have, or claim to have any present or contingent right, interest, security, charge or incumbrance, either by mortgage (*hypothèque*) general or special, express or implied, or under any other title, or by any other means whatsoever, in or upon the lands comprised in the said above described fief and seigniority, in respect of which the said commutation, release and extinguishment of feudal and seigniorial rights, dues and burthens have been so applied for, are hereby required to signify in writing, within three calendar months from the date hereof, their assent or dissent from the surrender, regrant and change of tenure of the said lands, and the commutation, release and extinguishment of the feudal and seigniorial rights, dues and burthens, applied for as aforesaid, and to lodge such assent or dissent within the said last mentioned period of three calendar months, at the Office of the Executive Council of this Province.

JOHN GREENSHIELDS,
JAMES WEIR,
By their Atty. ANDREW PATTERSON.
Quebec, 5th April, 1857. 5-m

ROAD TREASURER'S OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 7th July, 1857.

THE undersigned hereby gives Public Notice, that duplicate copies of the Assessment Books for the present year are now in his possession, and that all persons whose names are inscribed therein, liable to pay assessment dues, tax on horses or personal contribution, are requested to come forward and pay the same on or before the 15th JULY instant, at his Office, No. 5, d'Auteuil Street, Esplanade.

FRANCIS AUSTIN,
Acting Road Treasurer.

NOTICE
Is hereby given, that the Montreal Bank, the Bank of British North America and the Quebec Bank, will receive in deposit or in exchange for Bank Notes, drafts on the Quebec Bank, signed by JAMES GIBB, Esquire, and endorsed by H. DUMAS, Esquire, for 60, 90, 18, and 25, in any quantity.

C. GETHINGS,
Acting Cashier, Quebec Bank.
10th June, 1857.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
THE suspension of specie payments by the Banking Institutions of New York has induced the Directors of the undermentioned Banks in this City to take into consideration the effect which that measure will produce on the currency of the country.

After the most mature deliberation, they can come to no other conclusion, than that it will operate as a drain of specie from the Canada to the United States; and as the only means in their power to prevent such a ruinous effect, and to avert the disastrous consequences to the Commercial and Agricultural interests of the Country, which must inevitably ensue, and involve alike the Merchant, the Mechanic, and the Labourer.—They find themselves compelled to adopt a similar course, in which they are borne out by the unanimous opinion of the Mercantile Body, expressed in Resolutions adopted at a public meeting held this day.

The Directors do therefore now give notice that payments in specie will be discontinued from this time. The Notes of the undermentioned Banks will be received as usual in payment of Debts due to the said Banks, and in Deposit, and as the present course is imperatively forced upon the Directors, not with a view to acquire gain for their respective institutions, but from an anxious desire to avert a public calamity, they entertain a confident hope that the Notes of these Banks will pass current as usual, until such a change shall take place as may render the resumption of payments in specie practicable.


By Order of the respective Boards.
A. SIMPSON,
Cashier of the Quebec Branch of the Bank of Montreal.
C. GETHINGS,
Acting Cashier, Quebec Bank.
Quebec, 16th May, 1857.

NOTICE.
THE Subscribers finding the utter impossibility of carrying on their business for want of small change, have been compelled to issue printed bills for the following sums:—10, 20, 50, 75, 100, and 125, which will be redeemed on demand in sums not less than one dollar, with notes of the Banks of this City, at their Stores, Palace Street.

R. SYMES & CO.
N. B.—Sovereigns taken at 5 dollars; English Crowns, 6s; Half Crowns, 3s; Shillings, 14d.; and Sixpences, 7d.
Quebec, 2nd June, 1857.

NOTICE.
ALL those who have any claims against the succession of the late Mrs. WOOD ROBINSON, in her lifetime Merchant, in St. Roch Suburbs of this city, are requested to give in their accounts, duly authenticated; and those indebted to the said succession, are requested to pay to the undersigned in St. Vallier Suburbs.

FELIX THOMAS BIGAOUETTE,
Testamentary Executor.
Quebec, 14th July, 1857.

FARRIERY, HORSE-SHOEING, &c.

THE Subscriber, (late Foreman to Mr. HOWARD,) having commenced business as FARRIER, SHOEHING-SMITH and GENERAL BLACKSMITH, at that well-known FORGE in the rear of the premises occupied by Mr. J. C. NIXON, St. John Street, solicits a share of public patronage; and having been upwards of ten years in the service of a celebrated Farrier in England, he trusts he will be enabled to give entire satisfaction to those who may favor him with their orders.

Horse-Shoeing after the most approved mode.
ISAAC CLARE.
Quebec, 21st July, 1857.

PROPERTY FOR SALE & TO LET.
TO BE LET,
AND POSSESSION GIVEN ON FIRST MAY, 1858.
THE PREMISES, WHARVES, BOOMS,
&c. at Spencer Cove, now occupied by Messrs. ATKINSON, USHER, & Co.—Apply to
GILLESPIE, JAMIESON & CO.
Quebec, 14th July, 1857.

BREWERY TO LET,
FOR ONE OR MORE YEARS,
A BREWERY and MALT HOUSE complete, with dependencies, the whole ready to go in operation.
AND FOR SALE,
A LARGE STONE HOUSE, beautifully situated on the Fov of the bill or coteau Ste Genevieve, being a most eligible site for a general family. The Garden is extensive and contains upwards of 400 Fruit Trees, Gardener's House, Cistern and other dependencies.—Also, TWO SMALL HOUSES adjoining the above.—Apply to
R. QUIROUET.
Quebec, 12th June, 1857.

TO BE LET,
THE LARGE STORE on Irvine's Wharf, situated on the lower part of the Wharf, for Grain. The Cellars or Lower Flat, are well adapted for Provisions, Liquors or other heavy Goods.—Apply to
GIBB & SHAW.
Lower Town, 8th May, 1857.

TO LET,
AND POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY.
THE HOUSE ON THE CAPE, fronting the Governor's Gardens, formerly occupied by THE LORD BISHOP OF QUEBEC, and at present by Mr. JUSTICE BEHARD.—Apply on the premises, or to
J. NELSON, Gazette Office, Mountain Street.
Quebec, 24th May, 1857.

COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS
ST. PETER STREET, LOWER TOWN, QUEBEC.
THIS property is now on sale, value £6,500, the front lot annexed proves that its value is not founded on fictitious calculations, for when filled up, which there is no doubt it will soon be, the annual revenue is nearly £600.

No. 1.—J. C. Sinton, Broker.
No. 2.—James George, Merchant.
No. 3.—R. McLellan, do.
No. 4.—H. N. Jones, do.
No. 5.—Ryan, Brothers, do.
No. 6.—Anderson & Paradis, do.
No. 7.—J. Dyer, Steam-boat Office, do.
No. 8.—J. Neveu, Merchant.
No. 9.—Jeffery & Son, Agents.
No. 26.—St. Peter Street, R. F. Maitland & Co. Merchants.

Stores, Offices, and Cellars to Let.
All sorts of Merchandise Warehouse, Apply to Messrs JEFFERY & SON, No. 9, Quebec, 1st May, 1857.

TO BE SOLD,
A DECIDED BARGAIN.
A FARM, situate on the River St. Charles, three miles from town, containing sixty acres of EXCELLENT LAND, with a reserve of thirty acres of Wood Land, with good HOUSE, BARN, &c.—A good title can be given with.—For particulars inquire of
SAMUEL TOZER, Butcher,
Quebec, 17th April, 1857. 5-s Upper Town.

TO BE SOLD, together or separately, two Emplacements, situate in Palace Street, Upper Town of Quebec, containing each twenty two feet six inches in front on the said Street, by one hundred and fifty seven feet in depth, bounded on the South by W. Wilson, Esquire, and on the North by Mrs. McGregor, with the remains of the houses destroyed by fire last summer. One of the said lots belonging to T. C. Aylwin, Esquire, and the other to the said Mrs. McGregor.

For more ample information apply to **ROBERT SYMES,** Esquire, or to
LOUIS PANET, Notary.
Quebec, 24th March, 1857. u-d

TO BE LET,
THE large well finished DWELLING HOUSE, near the Quebec Bank, and now occupied by Mrs. Gooley, will be let from the first May next.

—ALSO—
Several Offices, with Vault and Cellars, all in the same premises. Rent, moderate, and terms can be made known on application at the Counting House of
SYMES & ROSS.
Quebec, 27th April, 1857. u-d

TO LET,
TWO excellent brick HOUSES, situated in St. Genevieve Street, Upper Town, and belonging to Wm. J. S. Srorr, Esquire; the one occupied by H. Pemberton, Esq. and the other by Captain Temple, with Coach Houses, Hangars, and other dependencies.—Apply to
LOUIS PANET, Notary.
Quebec, 16th March, 1857. u-d

FOR SALE—THE SAW-MILL, at VALCARTIER, as it now is, with the lot and site on which it is erected, consisting of several arpents.—The distance is six miles from Indian Lake and 15 from Quebec.—Apply to A. STUART, or J. NELSON, Esq., Proprietors.
Quebec, 10th March, 1857. u-d

LO LET,
FROM THE FIRST MAY NEXT.
THE HOUSE and GARDEN, belonging to the undersigned, situated opposite the Ordnance Stores, it contains an excellent Cellar with a Well of Spring Water.

PROPERTY FOR SALE & TO LET.
TO BE SOLD OR LET.
AN excellent FARM at VALCARTIER, of 400 acres, in superfluities, with House, Barn and other dependencies.—Apply to the undersigned Proprietor, No. 11, St. Joseph Street.
SOPHIE PLANTE.
Quebec, 16th June, 1857. u-d

TO BE LET
FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS,
SPENCER WOOD with its Garden, plea sure Grounds, Out-Houses, &c. &c. The House is completely furnished and the Green House stocked with a large and rare collection of Plants in full bloom.—A Gardener is attached to the premises. Possession had now or 1st May next.—Apply to
Wm. PHILLIPS.
Quebec, 20th Feby. 1857. u-s

TO LET,
FROM FIRST MAY NEXT.
A LARGE WOODEN STORE, in St. Paul Street, belonging to the Estate of the late WILLIAM BUNNORS, Esquire, and now occupied by H. Dabord, Esquire.—Apply to
J. M. FRASER & CO.
Quebec, 27th March, 1857. u-d

TO LET.
AND POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY OR AT MAY NEXT.
A dwelling House above Begg & Urquhart's Drug Store, John Street, fit for the reception of a large family, its premises in rear are healthy and convenient, having a good Storehouse and other buildings thereon, with the use of a Well, the water of which is equal to any in Quebec.—Apply to
BEGG & URQUHART.


TO BE LET,
WITH POSSESSION ON THE FIRST MAY NEXT
HUNT'S WHARF, at present occupied by the Saint Lawrence Steam Boat Company, with part of the large Store and two Offices on the Wharf.

—ALSO—
Two Counting Houses on the lower flat and several Rooms on the upper flats of the large House, forming the corner of St. Antoine Street and fronting on St. Peter Street.

—ALSO—
That central, large and commodious Store and Counting House, in St. Peter Street, now occupied by C. A. Holt & Co.

—ALSO—
That pleasant and commodious House on the Cape, St. Denis Street, facing the Glacis, at present occupied by Capt. Sharp of the Royals.

—ALSO—
The two Dwelling Houses adjoining the one occupied by Capt. Sharp, one of them occupied by H. A. Jones, Esquire, and the other at present unoccupied.—Apply to
Mr. McPHERSON, Notary.
St. Peter Street, Lower Town.
Quebec, 15th February, 1857. 1-w


C. & J. SAURIN,
COACH MAKERS
CORNER OF ST. JOHN and STANISLAUS STREETS.
ARE ready to take orders for making any kind of Carriages on very moderate terms,—particularly light American Wagons or Trotting Sulkeys,—such Carriages as will suit bad roads.

Coach Painting, Varnishing and Polishing, not to be rivalled in any city in the world.
Quebec, 19th May, 1857.

SODA WATER
In the highest state of perfection, is now, and will continue to be manufactured at
NIXON & CO'S.
ESTABLISHMENT ST. JOHN'S STREET.

NIXON & CO. having determined to produce an article, superior to any ever offered to the Public in Canada, have spared no expense in fitting up their Apparatus in a most splendid manner, and on quite a new principle, with it they challenge any SODA WATER manufacturer in Canada, to meet them on the fair field of competition, or to produce an article superior, or even equal to theirs,—the machinery for preparing which is solely of their own invention and manufacture.

They will also manufacture
MAGNESIA WATER, LEMONADE,
SOLUTION OF MAGNESIA.
This last article they would particularly recommend to the public, as being a safe and easy method of taking Magnesia, and especially of giving it to children, as it is deprived of that nauseous taste which renders it so disgusting to take.

NIXON & CO. having appointed Messrs. BEGG & URQUHART, Chemists and Druggists, No. 15, St. John's Street, as their sole Agents; all orders for the above articles will be executed by them on the shortest notice.

N. B.—Coffee-Houses, Hotels, Steam Boats, &c. &c. fitted up and kept constantly supplied. u-s
Quebec, 8th March, 1857.

NEW LINE OF LIVERPOOL PACKETS.
To sail from New-York on the 1st, and from Liverpool on the 16th of each month.

FROM NEW-YORK.
Ship SHAKESPEARE—Capt Collins, 1st August.
Ship SHERRIDAN—Capt J. A. Pierce, 1st Sept.
Ship GARRICK—Capt Robinson, 1st October.
FROM LIVERPOOL.
Ship SHAKESPEARE—Capt Collins, 16th July.
Ship SHERRIDAN—Capt Russell, 16th August.
Ship SHAKESPEARE—Capt Collins, 16th Sept.
Ship SHERRIDAN, Capt. J. A. Pierce, 16th Oct.

THESE Ships are of the first class, upwards 800 tons burthen, built in the city of New-York with such improvement as to combine great speed with unusual comfort for passengers. Every care has been taken in the arrangement of their accommodations, the price of passage hence is 15 dollars, for which ample stores, including wines, &c. will be provided. These ships will be commanded by experienced masters, who will make every exertion to give general satisfaction. Neither the Captains nor the owners of these ships will be responsible for any letters, parcels or packages sent by them, unless regular bills of lading are signed therefor.—For freight or passage, apply to
E. K. COLLINS, 74, South St. New-York, or to WM. & JAS. BROWN & CO., Liverpool.

ALL ORDERS FOR TICKETS IN LOTTERIES under the management of D. S. GREGORY & CO. will meet with prompt attention if addressed to
Washington, D. C.
Providence, R. I.
Baltimore, Md.
Richmond, Va.
Charleston, S. C.
Cincinnati, Ohio.
Louisville, Ky.
New-York, N. Y.
Whiting, Va.
Eagle Office,
Covington, Ky.

Care of P. M. Martin & Co. Jersey City, C.
Care of M. S. Pearl & Co. Montreal, L. C.
Care of Thos. Hurter, Quebec, L. C.
Wilmington, Del. Care of
A. W. Robertson, do Chesnut St. Philad.
Care of A. E. Brown, Exchange Office, No. 267, North Market St., Albany.
Care of J. Bunder, Boston.
Care of J. G. Gregory, Mobile, Ala.
Care of do do New Orleans.
Care of J. R. McDonald, St. Louis.
Care of E. T. Baily, Wilmington, Del.
Care of C. H. Rogers, Camden, N. J.
Care of S. Phillips, Detroit, Michigan.
1-w-u

FOR SALE,
AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE—PRICE 1s. 3d.
THE SCIENCE OF ETIQUETTE.
By ASTELOS—Glasgow: John Reid & Co. 1857.

CONTENTS:—Introductions, Introductory Letters, Introduction to Society, at Home and from Home, Visiting, Tattling and Gossiping, Table, Peculiar Habits, Salutations and Ceremonies, Dress, Dances, Presents, Letters and Appointments, Travelling, Servants, Fashion, &c.

"Polite without impertinence, gallant without being offensive, attentive to the comfort of all, employing a well regulated kindness, witty at the proper times, discreet, indulgent, generous; he exercises in his sphere a high degree of moral authority; he is, and he alone is, a GENTLEMAN."
Quebec, 21st June 1857.

FOR SALE,
AT THE OFFICE OF THE QUEBEC GAZETTE,
14 Mountain Street:
THE TERRESTRIAL GLOBE, in Six Maps, laid down according to the Geomonic Projection.

THE STARS, in Six Maps, ditto ditto ditto published under the superintendance of the Society for the Diffusion of Useful Knowledge.
Quebec, 7th July, 1857.

FOR SALE,
AT THE OFFICE OF THE QUEBEC GAZETTE,
No. 14, Mountain Street.
A SPLENDID PORTABLE BAROMETER, of the manufacture of Guay Lussac, Paris.—Cheap for Cash.
Quebec, 26th June, 1857.

FOR SALE,
AT THE OFFICE OF "THE QUEBEC GAZETTE,"
No. 14, Mountain Street.
THE AMERICAN ORCHARDIST; or an account of the most valuable varieties of Fruit, of all climates, with their history, modes of culture, management, uses, &c.—By William Kenrick.

THE COMPLETE FARMER AND RURAL ECONOMIST, containing a compendious Epitome of the most important branches of Agriculture and Rural Economy.—By Thomas G. Fessenden.
MOUBRAY ON POULTRY; a Treatise on breeding, rearing and fattening all kinds of poultry, cows, swine, and other domestic animals.
Quebec, 7th June, 1857.

JUST received, and for sale, at The Quebec Gazette Office, No. 14, Mountain Street:
Mayall's Works, in 2 vols. cloth.
Bulwer's do. 1 vol. do.
Cooper's do. 26 vols. full td.
Sharpley, by Captain Mayall, 1 vol. do.
Mishpam's Laws, do.
Tom Cringle's Log.
Davis's Descriptive Geometry,
" Analytical Geometry,
" Legendre,
" Bourdon,
" Calculus,
" Surveying,
" Shades and Shadows,
Graham on Induction.
—ALSO—
Levize's Theoretical and Practical Grammar of the French Tongue.
Woodbridge's Geography.
Huntingdon's Peelman, &c. &c.
Quebec, 2nd June, 1857.

JUST received, and for sale at THE QUEBEC GAZETTE OFFICE, No. 14, Mountain Street, the following Annuals:—
THE TOKEN and ATLANTIC SOUVENIR, elegantly bound in arabesque, with engravings by the most eminent artists.
THE GIFT, edited by Miss LESLIE, ditto ditto.

—ALSO—
Russia and the Russians, by Leitch Ritchie
Madrid in 1855, by a Resident Officer
A Twelve-month's Campaign with Zumaacarqui, in Navarre, by C. F. Henningsen
De Lamarine's Narrative of a Residence among the Arabs
American in England, 2 vols embossed cloth
Skimming's, or a Winter at Schloss Hamfield, by Captain Hazell Hall, 1 vol cloth
Quebec, 16th September, 1856.

PAVILION HOTEL,
AT THE CITY OF THE FALLS, U. C.
THE Proprietors of this Establishment would beg to call the attention of the Travelling Community, and those whose curiosity may bring to visit the Falls of NIAGARA, that the Pavilion has undergone a thorough repair, and that neither pains nor expense have been spared to render it in every respect worthy of the great patronage it has received since its commencement. The Proprietors would further state, that hot and cold Baths will be always in readiness, and also that arrangements have been entered into for the purpose of establishing Weekly Assemblies for the amusement and entertainment of those who may honour them by their attendance. They have also taken great pains in the selection of their Wines, &c. and their Table will always be furnished with every delicacy the season can afford.