Colonial Institute
Trafalgar Square
London SW ENG

Five Pages

DAILY WITNESS

Cooler To-morrow.

VOL. XLII., No. 138. MONTREAL, FRIDAY, JUNE 14, 1901. PRICE ONE CENT.

THE BOSTON JUBILEE

Great Enthusiasm at the Y. M. C. A. International Convention.

SUCCESSFUL RECEPTION IN THE FINE ARTS MUSEUM.

The reception announced to be held in the Boston Museum of Fine Arts yesterday, by invitation of the Ladies' Y. M. C. A. Auxiliaries, in connection with the jubilee celebration, took place and was very largely attended. Miss Helen Gould and Mrs. Russell Sage were in the receiving line, as were the wives of several well-known business men of the city.

At a meeting held in the Mechanics' Hall on Wednesday afternoon President Dodge, speaking of the museum reception, said, in part: 'Do not forget the kindness and courtesy of the ladies of Boston in tendering to us a reception this evening at the Art Museum. In all our great cities the refining influence of museums of fine arts and natural history societies have been of the greatest value to education. I hope that all of our members will avail themselves of the opportunity to be present and thus show our appreciation of the courtesy of the ladies and of the trustees of the Museum of Fine Arts.'

One of the speakers at yesterday morning's meeting was President W. H. P. Faunce, D.D., of Brown University, who said that the Y.M.C.A. had enabled the church to express marvellous Christian unity. At the regular session of the convention which followed, James Stokes, of New York, presided. The first speaker was Mr. Cephas Brainerd, of New York, whose topic was 'The fundamental principles of the Y.M.C.A.' Mr. Brainerd dealt almost exclusively in statistics and a review of the growth of the Y.M.C.A.

The Rev. F. E. Clark, D.D., president of the United Society of Christian Endeavor, the next speaker, was given an ovation. It was some minutes before he could proceed with his address.

The event of the afternoon was the reception of Governor Crane, more than 1,500 persons attending. The exercises in the old South Meeting House began at 2.30, nearly all the delegates coming directly from the State House. The Hon. Franklin W. Smith, of Washington, presided, while the commemorative sermon was delivered by the Rev. Alexander McKenzie, D.D., of Cambridge, Mass., a charter member of the Boston association.

Scarcely had the meeting at the Old South Church broken up when an equally large gathering assembled in historic Faneuil Hall, and the delegates listened to speakers from England, Hungary, Switzerland, India and Canada.

Mr. Josiah H. Quincy, of Boston, presided, and Mayor Hart and Lieutenant-Governor Bates gave welcoming addresses. Lord Kinnaird, of England, echoed the appeal made last night that rooms be set aside in every army post and every navy dock yard, to save young men.

Dr. Kranz, of Hungary, spoke in his native tongue, with the aid of an interpreter.

Adolphe Hoffman and Lieut.-Colonel Fermaud reviewed the work in Switzerland.

M. L. Rallia Ram, of India, told of what the Y.M.C.A. had accomplished in his country.

The last speaker was Mr. Herbert B. Ames, of Montreal, who thanked the American delegates for their assistance in spreading the movement in Canada.

The evening meeting in Mechanics' Hall was given over to the consideration of work in the railway branch of the association.

The Hon. John J. McCook, of New York, presided, and spoke of the great influence of this work upon foreign nations. The secretary then read messages from the president and secretary of the Copenhagen association, the University Christian Union of Copenhagen, the president of the World's Young Men's Christian Union at Geneva, and from the Swedish minister at Washington, with the replies sent to the various messages received. Letters were also read from a number of railway officials, including Prince Hilkof, imperial minister of Russian railways.

Mr. Lucius Tuttle, president of the Boston and Maine Railway, made the principal address of the evening. Mr. Cephas Brainerd, of New York, and Mr. J. G. Cannon, of New York, also spoke. While a contribution was taken up Mr. Ira D. Sankey sang.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

MONTREAL POLICE SEARCHING FOR WILFRID BLONDIN.

The detectives of this city are on the lookout for a man named Wilfrid Blondin, who is wanted by the police of Lowell, Mass., on a charge of murdering his second wife in that city, whose headless body was recently discovered in the woods near Lowell.

Chief Detective Carpenter yesterday received a telegram from Chief Rufus R. Wade, of Lowell, asking him to look out for and if possible to arrest Blondin. Blondin is from St. Polycarpe. Detective Guerin was at once sent to that town while others of the detective staff were sent to watch the various railway stations, etc. The crime of which it is suspected that Blondin is the author, is believed to have been committed on or about Saturday, April 27, when his wife disappeared from her lodgings on Green street, Boston. Blondin had come in at four o'clock in the afternoon, and on going upstairs to his wife's room entered it and closed the door violently behind him. The landlady heard angry talk and the fall of a body. Ten minutes later Blonding came out wearing his best clothes. He locked the door, not only with the ordinary fastening, but with a padlock, which he had attached that morning. The landlady tried to get Mrs. Blondin to speak after her husband had left but without success. Blondin came back the following Tuesday, and sending off a number of trunks by an expressman left the house saying he was going to Montreal. He told the landlady that his wife was at the station. It was afterwards ascertained that Blondin went to Chelmsford, Mass.

FUNERAL OF THE VICTIM.

Lowell, Mass., June 13.—The body of Mrs. Margaret Blondin, the victim of Chelmsford's tragedy, was removed today to Lawrence, where the funeral will take place, from the residence of Mrs. Casey, a sister of the murdered woman. A pawnbroker of this city stated to-day that a man answering the description of Blondin pawned a watch here yesterday at eleven o'clock. The man said that he wanted to get out of town as soon as possible. When he got a few dollars on the watch he ran at full speed toward the railway station.

'THE OLD FIRM.'

Dowager Empress of China (to old Li Hung Chang).—'They said we were wrong 'uns, did they? Tried to shift us! But we're back in the old place in spite of 'em.'—'Punch.'

NEW YORK FOG BOUND

HARBOR HAS BEEN ENVELOPED SINCE MIDNIGHT.

New York, June 14.—The dense fog which has enveloped the harbor since midnight effectually stopped the movement of shipping and no arrivals were reported this morning, the Sandy Hook and Quarantine Marine observers reporting at 7.30 a.m. 'nothing but dense fog.'

The steamer 'Georgian,' from Liverpool, which arrived in the lower bay during the night, is supposed to be still there. Probably a number of steamships are anchored outside the bar waiting for the fog to lift as they are due: the 'Auguste Victoria,' from Hamburg; the 'Sardinian,' from Glasgow; the 'Cufic,' from Liverpool, the new Italian liner, 'Nord America,' from the Mediterranean, on her maiden trip; the 'Seguranca' from Mexico and Havana, and a number of others.

SHOULD VISIT MONTREAL.

New York, June 14.—To make a study of the police of this country and their methods of catching criminals, Arthur Carl, chief of police of Bremen, Germany, has come here on the SS. 'Lahn.' He was met by several prominent Germans and expects to remain here several weeks. Speaking about the police he commands, he said they were all graduates of the German army, and none but the best men were transferred from the army to the police force.

THE RICHMOND FIGHT

A JOINT MEETING HELD AT KINGSBURY ON WEDNESDAY.

Kingsbury, Que., June 13.—One of the most successful joint meetings in the campaign was held here last night in the Town Hall, which was crowded to the door with temperance enthusiasts, there not being one solitary cheer or sign of applause in favor of the opposition. Mr. Marcus G. Crombie, mayor, occupied the chair, and opened the meeting by introducing Mr. Summerhayes as the liquor representative. He said that, although Kingsbury was one of the enemy's strongholds, he was of the opinion that an open discussion was preferable under the circumstances. He was sanguine, he continued, that when dispassionate speeches were made by the enemy that he always got the best of the argument. The speaker dwelt strongly upon local option, and said that the people of Kingsbury had a say as to what would take place in Richmond or Windsor Mills. Richmond county was unique, as it was the only county in the province now under prohibition. As the temperance sentiment in the civilized world was less than one percent to-day, the temperance people here, from a prohibition point of view, were in a hopeless minority. There had been a vast change in the people in the last few years, he remarked. No longer was it considered right to get intoxicated; it was admitted everywhere at present, he argued, that a drunken man was a nuisance not only to his family, but to the hotel-keeper as well, therefore a license law was not immoral, but necessary. Prohibition doctrines say, continued the speaker, that because five percent of the people abuse one of God's gifts, that the remaining 95 percent must be deprived of its benefits also. This was wrong, he stated, as no one could interfere with the rights of any one individual subject. Prohibition having been given an extensive trial in Europe and America, had proven a failure insomuch as Europe was entirely licensed, and only a few states remained under prohibitory law. He denied that the Scott Act had not been fairly tried in Ontario, as it had been from 1885 to 1889. Special officers had been appointed to give the act a fair trial, which had been done, and which Mr. Nicholls undoubtedly would deny. The speaker next referred to Brome as having freed itself of the yoke after thirty-five years of bondage, by a majority of 532 votes, and which so far had infinitely bettered the position in that county. There was, as a result of prohibitory law, two or three times more drinking and drunkards, he continued, than under a perfect license system. Mr. Summerhayes referred to the plebiscite votee, which gave a good majority in the county of Richmond against, and said that he was of the opinion that there would not be any very great change in the vote from what was polled then.

The chairman then called on Mr. W. H. Lynch, of Danville, ex-commissioner to Yukon. He was greeted with loud cheers from the audience when he made his appearance. 'When,' he remarked, 'Mr. Summerhayes told you that to hold the position in Brome the temperance people had had the aid of pulpit, crown, teachers and press, and yet were defeated, he did not tell what they had done to win. That he left to you to imagine. Whatever they had done, the work was not done on a public platform.'

In reference to the act, Mr. Lynch said that, although the act was not all that could be desired, the temperance people had to take what they could get. In reference to Mr. Summerhayes's statements that the county was a solitary one and stood alone, the speaker replied that it was the highest compliment that could be paid, as it showed that the people of Richmond county were the only ones who had held the fort.

Mr. Lynch, replying to Mr. Summerhayes's statement that the people wanted repeal, said that, as he had lived nearly all his life in the county, he did not know of a single person who wanted license in the county. (Cheers.) He went to the office at Ottawa, and on the petition found a number of 'his marks' on it, and checked them with blue pencil. When he was finished it was a very blue-looking list. (Loud cheers.) Mr. Lynch said that this was the first time that he had stood on a public platform where liquor men forgot themselves so far as to advocate temperance. Evidently all of the speakers were prohibition men, and he was glad to hear it.

Mr. E. King Dodds was next called, and in the course of his address dealt with the X marks on the petition. He held that while these men did not have the gift of an early education, because they could not sign their names, they were just as good citizens as some of the best educated. He said that the act could not be repealed by outsiders unless the question appealed to the electors, as it had done.

Mr. John A. Nicholls stated that he had been back and forth in the county for the last twenty-three years, and knew as much and perhaps a little more than either Messrs. Dodds or Summerhayes about the working of the act. Even when adopted, some persons would not observe the law. The men who are attempting the repeal by signing the petition were largely those whose names are also on the magistrate's record books. (Cheers.) Some of them are even out of jail to-night through charity shown to them by the temperance people. There were others, he continued, who were in the United States at the present moment, he was ashamed to say, on behalf of the great republic, afraid to show their faces here for the reason that the Dunkin Act had been, and is now, enforced. If we successfully maintain the act, stated Mr. Nicholls, we will show those people after June 20 that the way of the transgressor is hard. We have still got a good grip on the Dunkin act. He hoped that when the day of polling arrived the electors would bury the repeal question where it never could be resurrected again.

At the close of the meeting three cheers were proposed for Mr. Nicholls, together with the tribute: 'We are proud of him.' These were given, as well as one for temperance.

GERMANY AND CANADA

LATTER EXCLUDED IN LIST OF NATIONS ENJOYING FAVORED TRADE TREATMENT.

Berlin, June 14.—Canada is specifically excepted in the official announcement that the federal council on the basis of law of May 29, has decided, from July 30, to extend to the products of Great Britain and her colonies the most favored nation treatment.

SCULPTOR SUING MR. TARTE.

Ottawa, June 14.—Acting on behalf of Mr. Thomas Mowbray, a sculptor, of this city, Mr. A. E. K. Greer this morning issued a writ for $2,000 against the Hon. J. Israel Tarte, and J. B. Laurent and Alfred Brad, government carpenters, at Ottawa. The claim is that Mr. Tarte, as minister, called for a competition for statues of Queen Victoria, and the Hon. Alexander Mackenzie, and that Mr. Mowbray sent down two models that cost him two thousand dollars to produce. They came back to him all broken and spoiled; Mackenzie's head being so wrapped up as to prove that it had been broken off before the model left Ottawa. There were no stays in the cases and the damage had been caused by gross carelessness. Mr. Mowbray tried to enter suit in the Exchequer Court against the Crown, but Mr. Justice Burbridge decided that the Crown was not responsible, and now he sues the minister and men, whom he claims knocked off Mackenzie's head.

SUMMER HOTEL BURNED.

West Baden, Ind., June 14.—The Mineral Springs Hotel was destroyed by fire early to-day. No person was injured. The fire broke out at 1 a.m. in the baker shop at the south end of the building. It burned rapidly and by three o'clock the hotel had been completely consumed. The loss is five hundred thousand dollars; insurance, $100,000. Two hundred and twenty-five guests registered at the hotel last night. Most of them lost their effects. The guests were transferred to French Lick and most of them left for their homes on morning trains.

TORONTO ANGLICAN SYNOD.

Toronto, June 14.—The background of hard routine work accomplished by the Synod of the diocese of Toronto yesterday was only lit up for a moment by the speech of Mr. C. R. W. Biggar, in which he warmly declared that he did not want a return to a puritanical Sabbath, when the observance of the Lord's day was being discussed. Because of a ruling of the chair that last year's proceedings in the trust company matter were out of order, the expected discussion on this subject did not materialize. The discussion of the methods of handling the trust funds of the Synod therefore occurred upon the presentation of the investment committee's report. This report was sharply criticised by Mr. F. B. Hodgins, and one or two others, and these criticisms brought out full and spirited replies from the members of the committee under fire. The remainder of the session was devoted to the election of officers and routine business.

DEATHS AND ACCIDENTS

CHILD DRANK LYE—MR. IBBOTSON HURT—GATEMAN'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Mr. Napoleon Matte, 62 years old, of St. Sauveur, near Quebec, fell dead suddenly while doing business in the Bonsecours mraket yesterday afternoon. The body was taken back to St. Sauveur for burial.

Mr. H. R. Ibbotson, travelling passenger agent for the C.P.R., was driving along Craig street with Mr. Charles Cassils yesterday afternoon, when their rig was caught between a car and a team and upset. Mr. Ibbotson had his shoulder and neck injured, and was taken to the General Hospital, where he is recovering rapidly. Mr. Cassils was much shaken up, but was able to go home.

James Wilcox, 23 years old, of 690 Wellington street, fell from the second story of the Thomas Robertson factory yesterday. No bones were broken, but he was much shaken up, and was taken to the General Hospital.

An inquest was held yesterday afternoon on the death of Albert Loyer, whose death resulted from a fall from a balcony. The verdict was 'accidental death.'

Joseph Arthur Sayer, four years old, while playing in his home, 2459 Notre Dame street, drank a bottle of lye. A doctor was called, but could not save him, and the child died. The coroner decided that the death was accidental.

Joseph Leclair, G.T.R. gateman, at the Lusignan street crossing, was struck by a passenger train which was backing up yesterday afternoon, and knocked down between the rails. He had the presence of mind to lie where he was until the train could be stopped, when he crawled out uninjured.

AMERICAN ANARCHISTS

MEMBERS TO INDULGE IN RIFLE PRACTICE AT DUMMY FIGURES OF EUROPEAN 'DESPOTS.'

New York, June 14—The 'World' says: Wooden dummies wearing metal chest protectors and representing the crowned despots of Europe, are to be set up in Liberty Park, Ridgewood, L.I., next Sunday for anarchists to shoot at. This occasion will be the grand annual love feast of the anarchists of Greater New York. Johann Most will be marshal, chief patron and honored guest. The anarchists a year ago passed resolutions declaring that the war which they had made upon capital and power had not met with success. So they organized themselves into a rifle club and bought the wooden dummies. Because of their fear of the police, the anarchists refuse to admit that the dummies represent any one. They say they are anonymous dummies, but it is understook they stand for the Czar of Russia, the German Emperor and other agents of power. Six hundred anarchists have promised to attend and blaze away at the wooden tyrants. Herr Most, it is said, will be one of the sharpshooters.

FIFTEEN LIVES LOST

DISASTROUS EXPLOSION IN A FRENCH CARTRIDGE FACTORY.

Paris, June 14.—An explosion in a cartridge factory situated in the suburb of Les Molineaux has resulted in the loss of fifteen lives and the injuring of about twenty persons. The victims were horribly mutilated. A majority of those injured were women.

MORE GALICIANS FOR CANADA.

Halifax, N.S., June 14—The Hamburg-American SS. 'Armenia' from Boulogne arrived here this morning. She landed 497 Galician immigrants, consisting of 320 adults, 134 children and 43 infants, and reported the death of a child aged one year on June 12.— The remains were buried at sea. The ship has about seven hundred immigrants for New York. The 496 landed here are bound for Montreal and the west, the majority being booked for Winnipeg, Alberta, Sifton and Yorktown. Nearly all of them have friends in the west, who induced them to come to Canada

Mr. R. W. Hilliard, of Ottawa, representing the immigration department, came here to meet them and see them off. The party left this afternoon for the west. Many of them wore sheepskin coats, while others were clad only in thin garments.

THE PETROLEUM LANDS IN THE WEST.

Ottawa, June 14.—An order-in-council has been passed changing the regulations regarding petroleum lands in the west. Under the old system the Dominion government reserved 640 acres for those making discoveries in Alberta. Under the new regulations, which have just been passed, no reservation is made, but any one who finds petroleum in paying quantities will be granted 640 acres at one-dollar per acre, subject to such royalties as may be imposed from time to time by the government. These regulations apply to Manitoba, the North-West and the Yukon.

GRAND TRUNK ACCEPTS

AGREEABLE TO THE CONDITIONS FOR THE LAND EXCHANGE IMPOSED BY THE CITY.

The land exchange between the Grand Trunk Railway Company and the city, comprising the property on Albert street and Chaboillez square, appears to be in a fair way towards accomplishment. It will be recalled that the company offers to cede to the city enough land to extend Chaboillez square westward to a line in prolongation of Bonaventure station, in exchange for strips of land along either side of Albert street, and for a corporation lot on Mountain street. The company, in brief, wants to erect sheds on the south side of Albert street, to remove the sidewalks, and replace them by landing platforms for freight.

At the last meeting of the special civic committee on level crossings it was decided to accept the company's offer, provided it was willing to keep Albert street, which will become a lane between the company's property, in repair, and allow the middle of the street to be used for public traffic. There was some doubt as to whether these conditions would be accepted; but this morning Mr. Reeves, general manager of the G.T.R., sent to the city a letter agreeing to the conditions on behalf of the company.

COOLER TO-MORROW.

Meteorological office, Toronto, June 14, 11 a.m.—The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures:— Victoria, 58—50; Kamloops, 66—50; Calgary, 50—39; Edmonton, 56—50; Prince Albert, 68—44; Qu'Appelle, 56—42; Winnipeg, 64—46; Port Arthur, 84—52; Parry Sound, 84—60; Toronto, 82—60; Ottawa, 82—66; Montreal, 76—66; Quebec, 66—50; Halifax, 72—50. Very warm and partly cloudy, with local thunderstorms. Saturday, northerly winds and cooler.

1640 and 1642 Notre Dame st., Montreal, June 14, 1901.—Readings by Hearn & Harrison's Standard Barometer at noon

To-day, 29.88; yesterday, 30.32.

Temperature.	Max.	Min.
To-day	84	54
Yesterday	76	56

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Births notices are inserted for 25c, marriage notices for 50c, death notices for 25c prepaid. The announcement of funeral appended to death notice, 25c extra; other extension to obituary, such as short sketch of life, two cents per word extra, except poetry, which is 50 cents per line extra—prepaid.

Annual subscribers may have announcements of births, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verses) occurring in their immediate families, free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should be given.

BIRTHS.

HATCH—On June 10, 1901, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Merton Hatch, Delmer, Ont. 14

MARRIED.

CAMPBELL — KERR — At the residence of the bride's mother, on June 12, 1901, by the Rev. A. Mackay, Mr. Duncan S. Campbell, of Greenock, to Mary, youngest daughter of the late Mr. Norman Kerr, of Kinloss. 14

DRYSDALE — CARRUTHERS — At the residence of the bride's uncle, Mr. John McNaughton, Appleton, Wis., on June 12, 1901, by the Rev. R. C. Harker, Peter W. Drysdale, to Annie L., daughter of the late William Carruthers, of Ormstown, Que. 14

HENDERSON—SEVERS—At the residence of the bride's parents, June 12, 1901, by the Rev. A. Rowat, Mr. Henry Nelson Henderson, of the Gore, Hinchinbrook, to Mary Helen, second daughter of Thos. Severs, Esq., of Elgin.

HENDRY — FREEMAN — In the Congregational Church, Milton, N.S., on June 11, 1901, by the Rev. C. Moore, assisted by the Rev. H. B. Sloat, Mr. Edward S. Hendry, of Brookfield, Queen's County, N.S., to Miss Louisa F. Freeman, of Milton, N.S. 14

HORSEY — MORELAND. — On the evening of June 11, 1901, at the residence of the bride's father, 338 Somerset street, Ottawa, by the Rev. Wm. McIntosh, assisted by the Rev. John Wood, Harold I. Horsey, pastor of the Second Congregational Church, Ottawa, to Lilian F., daughter of Mr. C. Moreland, Ottawa. 13

KERRY — ATKINSON — On April 3, 1901, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. R. L. Ockley, of Eden Grove, Mr. Thomas Kerry, to Miss Martha Atkinson, daughter of Mr. Wm. Atkinson, all of Brant Township, County Bruce, Ontario. 14

KIDD—HAMILTON.— At St. Margaret's Church, on June 5, 1901, by the Rev. R. J. Moore, Thomas Henry Kidd to Mildred Maud Hamilton, daughter of the late Arthur Hamilton, both of Toronto.
Manchester and Liverpool papers please copy. 13

LINDSAY—WEISBROD.—On June 6, 1901, at Holy Trinity Church, Aylmer, Ont., by the Rev. Mr. Andrews, Sandford Fleming Lindsay, son of the late James Lindsay, Esq., of Collingwood, to Edith May, third daughter of the late John Weisbrod, Esq., Aylmer, Ont. 13

PARKER — WAGNOR — On Wednesday evening, June 5, 1901, at the home of the bride's father, by the Rev. R. L. Ockley, of Eden Grove, Mr. Sidney Parker, to Lillie Pearl, daughter of Mr. John Wagner, all of the village of Cargill, Bruce County, Ontario. 14

PURDY — CUNNINGHAM — In the village of Glamis, on Wednesday night, June 5, 1901, at the residence of the bride's mother, by the Rev. R. L. Ockley, Mr. Charles Reid Purdy, of Greenock, to Miss Ciara, daughter of the late Robert Cunningham, of Bruce County, Ontario. 14

SMITH — GALT — On Wednesday, June 12, 1901, at the residence of the bride's mother, by the Rev. Dr. Hackett, Principal Diocesan College, Dr. William Harvey Smith, of Winnipeg, to Annie Prince, youngest daughter of the late Sir Alexander T. Galt, G.C.M.G.

STODDART — BURLAND — On June 13, 1901, at the residence of Mr. Bruce B. Burland, Chambly Canton, by the Rev. Mr. Dennis, rector of Chambly, Benjamin Stoddart, of Magog, to Margaret Burland, youngest daughter of the late Benjamin Burland, of Ste. Therese. 14

WALKER—BENSON.—On June 11, 1901, at St. Matthew's Church, Quebec, by the Rev. F. G. Scott, Isabella Scott Benson, to Frank Earle Walker. 13

WALKER—DEAN.—In Quebec, on June 11, by the Rev. A. T. Love, B.A., the Rev. Edward G. Walker, B.A., of Valcartier, Que., to Daisy, daughter of Mr. William R. Dean, of Quebec.

YOUNG—PLAIN.— On June 12, 1901, at the home of Mr. C. E. Plain, 549 Gilmour street, Ottawa, father of the bride, Mabel Ross Plain, to W. George Young, son of Mr. Wm. Young, by the Rev. Dr. Moore, assisted by the Rev. Thurlow Fraser, all of Ottawa. 13

ZIMMERMAN — WALKER. — On June 12, 1901, at Christ Church Cathedral, Hamilton, Ont., by the Rev. Canon Bland, rector, Alexander Franklin, eldest son of Adam Zimmerman, Esq., to Hessie Beatrice, only daughter of the late W. F. Walker, M.A., LL.B., Q.C. 13

DIED.

BROOKS—At Chicago, on June 8, 1901, Maria M. Brooks, aged 49 years.
Interment at Sherbrooke, Que. 14

SHOREY — At the Royal Victoria Hospital on June 12, 1901, Catherine Cacouna Buntin, beloved wife of Albert K. Shorey. 12

SPENCER.—Entered into rest, at Picton, Ont., on June 8, 1901, Albert Spencer, Priest, Canon of St. George's Cathedral, and Clerical Secretary of the Diocese of Ontario, in his 62nd year. 13

IN MEMORIAM.

NICHOL—In memory of Thomas Nichol, M.D., LL.D., D.C.L., who died June 14, 1890, in the 60th year of his age. 14

Notices received too late for this page may possibly be in time for page 6.

Those sending notices for the above column may send with them a list of names of interested friends. Marked copies of the 'Witness' containing such notice will be sent free to any address in Canada Montreal excepted.

Advertisements.

TEES & CO.,
Undertakers,
800 St. James Street.

ELECTROTYPING DONE IN the very best style and with despatch at 'Witness' Office.

THE S. CARSLEY CO Limited

Notre Dame Street. Montreal's Greatest Store. St. James Street.

JUNE 14th, 1901.

STYLISH SUMMER CLOTHING

Not the Clothing Store kind; the Big Store's Clothing is better. If you think it isn't, a trial purchase will convince you. Buying here you run no risk. Every bit of extravagance has been taken out of the following prices:

MEN'S SUMMER CLOTHING.

Men's White Duck Pants.. .. ..88c
Men's Crash Linen Pants.. ..$1.20
Men's Striped Duck Pants.. ..$1.40
Men's Grey Stripe Linen Pants $2.20
Men's White Flannel Pants.. ..$2.50
Men's Navy Yachting Coats.. ..$3.60
Men's Crash Linen Suits.. .. ..$3.10
Men's Tennis Suit.. .. ..$3.40
Men's Gray Stripe Flannel Suits $8.70

BOYS' SUMMER CLOTHING.

Boys' Fancy Print Blouses.. ..57c
Boys' Navy Blue Sailor Blouses..75c
Boys' Crash Sailor Blouses.. ..63c
Boys' White Muslin Blouses.. ..83c
Boys' Fancy Muslin Blouses..$1.15
Boys' White Lawn Blouses.. ..$1.20
Boys' Fancy Pique Blouses.. ..$1.55
Boys' White Pique Blouses. ..$2.40

LADIES' GOLF CAPES.

Ladies' Travelling Golf Capes, made newest style, in black and white, blue and white check, cut very long, with high collars.
Special price, $7.50

Ladies' New Golf Capes, made of very soft finish genuine golf cloth, tailor-made, extra long, varieties of patterns to select from, blue and white mixed, brown and red mixed, large monk's hood. Special price, $9.50

Ladies' New Golf Capes, made of fine check golf cloth, trimmed all round fancy applique of cloth and stitching. Special price, $11.25

LADIES' SUMMER GLOVES.

Ladies' Fine Quality Taffeta Silk Gloves, in new summer shades of tan, fawn, grey, also black and white. Special, 25c

Ladies' Extra Quality Pure Silk Gloves, in pretty shades of tan, fawn, grey, green, helio, purple, Cyrano, also white, cream and black. Special, 35c

Ladies' Fine Suede Gloves, in pretty shades of fawns, grey and black, with dainty white and black silk points. Special, 45c

SCHOOL PRIZE BOOKS.

The many teachers and trustees who still believe in giving prize books will find the finest assortment to select from in Canada in our book store. Books run in price from 5c to $5.00, and every price stands for the lowest record yet reached. Country orders receive immediate attention.

14c A great assortment of Books—200 different titles, full cloth, bevelled brass, worth 25c.

90c Our great line of handsome full leather poets in generous padded binding, ideal for senior prizes.

Prize Books at 7c, 10c, 12c, 18c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 40c, 50c.

Men's Boots.

Best Quality Box Calf Lace Boots, Goodyear Welt, Double Soles and Whole Fox Vamp, new toes, all sizes, 6 to 10.

Special, $3.00

Men's Shoes.

Men's Best Quality English Enamel Leather Shoes, heavy grain back, double soled throughout, Goodyear welt, latest toes and best finish, sizes, 6 to 10.

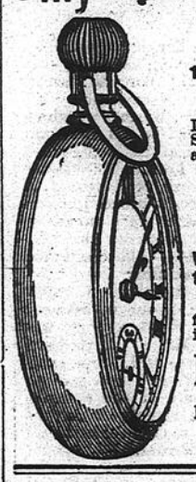
$4.40 pr.

BUTTERICK'S FASHION SHEET FOR JULY NOW OUT.

The S. CARSLEY CO., Limited,

1765 to 1783 NOTRE DAME ST. 184 to 194 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

Only $12.00



P. S. BARTLETT

17 Jewel, Adjusted Movement,

In Solid Silver cases, Stem Wind. Others ask $15.00 and $17.00.

Our Price $12

Other WALTHAM Watches from $8.00 to $40.00.

Mail orders carefully filled. Money refunded if not satisfactory.

D. BEATTY,
137 St. Peter St,
Opposite 'Witness' Office.

LACHINE POWER HOUSE

ALDERMEN INSPECT THE ELECTRIC WORKS.

A number of the aldermen of Montreal and adjoining municipalities visited the Lachine Hydraulic Company's power-house yesterday afternoon. Among the party which left the Victoria square offices at 4.30, for Lachine were Messrs. R. Wilson-Smith, S. Carsley, Peter Lyall, W. McLea Walbank, M. C. Foley,, W. Robb, L. O. David, Hy. Dalby, H. Bulmer, E. McArthur, Mayor Lighthall, of Westmount; Aldermen Sadler, Turner, Robillard, Lesperance, Lariviere, Lamarche, Clearihue, Chevalier and Gallery, M.P., R. C. Smith, K.C., J. A. Descarries, K.C., mayor of Lachine; C. H. Shetagne, Ald. Wilson, Ald. Valliere, Ald. Gagnon, R. Bauset, Ald. Chausse, Ald. Lapointe, F. H. Mathewson, Ald. Ricard, G. Ducharme, the mayor and councillors of St. Henri and Ste. Cunegonde, J. Pitblado, T. Cyphiot, Fred. Smith, G. Hughes, of the London Express; J. Brierley, F. H. Mackey and J. Montgomery.

The party inspected the power house, the details of the establishment being explained by Mr. Wilson-Smith, Mr. P. Lyall, and Mr. Walbank. A luncheon was then provided by the company, at the close of which ex-Mayor Wilson-Smith, after proposing 'The King,' made a speech of welcome to the visitors. The Lachine Rapids, he said, were the cause of Montreal's greatness, both being at the head of navigation, and because of their ability to produce cheap power. The power house was now producing 4,000 horse power, but could produce 15,000. By this power, Montreal could become one of the first manufacturing centres on the continent.

Mr. Walbank proposed 'The City of Montreal'; Aldermen Gallery, Sadler, Lamarche, Clearihue, Gagnon, Valliere and others, made speeches praising what they had seen, but not committing themselves about the lighting contract.

Mr. Peter Lyall proposed 'The Surrounding Municipalities,' which was replied to by Mayor Descarries, of Lachine; Mayor Lighthall of Westmount, and others.

The party then drove to Lachine, to inspect the lighting of that town.

The Daily Witness.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 14.

COMMERCIAL

Montreal Wholesale Markets.

WITNESS OFFICE, June 14, 1901.

Dulness is still the prevailing feature of the local grain market, and the situation is not improved by a weak turn in the Liverpool advices. This state of things is not without its effect on the flour market, and the demand is not so good as it was a few days ago. There is still a good demand for rolled oats at steady prices. Feed, on the other hand, is quiet, especially for bran. Hay is pretty active, and prices are steady. The trade in pork is quiet, but there is an active demand for smoked meats and lard. Cheese is advancing despite heavy receipts; butter is also firmly held. Eggs continue firm.

GRAIN — No. 1 Ontario spring wheat, afloat May, 77c; peas, 76c afloat; No. 1 oats, 36¼c; No. 2 do., 35¾c to 36c; buckwheat, 62½c; rye, 58c, and No. 2 barley 52½c.

FLOUR—Manitoba patents, $4.30; strong bakers, $3.90 to $4; straight rollers, $3.20 to $3.40; in bags, $1.60 to $1.65; Ontario patents, $3.75 to $4.

FEED—Manitoba bran at $15; shorts at $16; Ontario bran in bulk, $13.50 to $14; shorts in bulk at $16 to $16.50.

ROLLED OATS—We quote millers' prices to jobbers, $3.50 to $3.60 per barrel, and $1.70 to $1.75 in bags.

HAY—No. 1, $11.50 to $12; No. 2, $10.50 to $11; clover, $9.50 to $10 per ton in car lots on track.

BEANS—We quote $1.35 for primes; car lots, $1.25 to $1.30.

PROVISIONS—Heavy Canadian short cut mess pork, $19.50 to $20; selected heavy short cut mess pork, boneless, $20.50 to $21; family short cut back pork, $19.50 to $20; heavy short cut clear pork, $19 to $19.50; pure Canadian lard, in 375 lb. tierces, 11½c; parchment lined 50 lb. boxes, 11¾c; parchment lined pails, 20 lbs., 12c; tin pails, at 11¾c; tins, 3, 5 and 10 lbs., 12c to 12¼c; compound refined lard, in 575 lbs. tierces, 7½c; parchment lined wood pails, 20 lbs., 8c; tin pails, 20 lbs., 7¾c; hams, 12½c to 14c, and bacon, 14c to 15c per lb. Fresh killed hogs, $9 to $9.50 per 100 lbs.

BUTTER — Choice creamery at 19½c to 20c; seconds, 17c to 18c; dairy, 15½c to 16c.

EGGS—Good sized lots of No. 1 at 11½c to 12c; No. 2, 10c to 10½c.

CHEESE—Ontario, 9 1-8c to 9¼c; Quebec, 8⅞c to 9c.

MAPLE PRODUCTS—New syrup, at 6½c per lb., in wood; 70c to 75c per tin; sugar, 9c to 10c per lb.

POTATOES—Prices continue quiet at 38c to 40c in bags.

ASHES—Firsts, $4.20 to $4.30; seconds, $3.85.

FARMERS' MARKET PRICES—June 14.

There was a large attendance of the farmers, the market gardeners, and the housekeepers at the markets this forenoon, and enormous quantities of seasonable greenstuff were bought and sold at pretty low figures; potatoes were also more plentiful than they have been for some weeks past, and they bring lower prices. Fresh laid eggs are a trifle higher in price, and so also are poultry, alive and dead; very few old apples are to be found, but bananas are very plentiful, while strawberries are being brought from across the lines in increasing quantities, and were sold at auction this morning at from 12c to 14c the box. Oats sold at 70c to 80c the bag; buckwheat, $1.10 do.; peas, 80c the bushel; potatoes, 40c to 50c the bag; beets, 25c the basket; young carrots, 30c to 40c the dozen bunches; radishes, 8c to 10c do.; rhubarb, 3c to 13c do.; lettuce, 7c to 12c do.; cucumbers, 40c to 60c the dozen. A market gardener from Cote Ct. Paul sold some very fine cauliflowers at $2 the dozen; he also had much smaller ones which he sold down to 25c the dozen. Dressed hogs, 8½c per lb.; dead turkeys, 11c to 13c per lb.; live fowls, 75c to $1.40 the pair; spring chickens, 40c to 60c do.; apples, $6 the barrel; oranges, $2.50 to $3.50 the box; lemons, $2 to $3.50 do.; bananas, $1 to $1.75 the bunch; tomatoes, $1.75 the crate; hay, $8 to $10 per 100 bundles of 15 lbs.; straw, $3 to $5 per 100 bundles of 12 lbs. Tub butter, 18c to 20c per lb.; print butter, 20c to 25c do.; fresh laid eggs in baskets, 14c to 20c the dozen.

MONTREAL TRADE.

Dun's Bulletin of Saturday, June 15, will say of Montreal trade:—

At Montreal business conditions continue of a healthful encouraging character. The infrequency of failures is a matter for congratulation, only two being reported in the district for the week, and general remittances leave comparatively little cause for complaint. The money market is well supplied with funds and the call rate is easy at 5 percent. The season has been a wet and backward one, and in some low-lying sections a considerable amount of corn and potato planting has yet to be done, but the pastures are in excellent condition, and the flow of milk is large, while butter exports show a very material gain over last year, with satisfactory prices prevailing. Dry goods travellers are mostly out again with fall samples, and are sending in some fair commands, but a certain proportion of the goods ordered are for summer sorting purposes. In metals and hardware the spring activity is keeping up longer than it has for years, and the wholesale houses report they are still quite rushed in keeping up with orders. The dearth of barb wire is intensified, while Canada plates are quite scarce, especially th lighter weights, and deliveries of domestic bars are somewhat behind. Leather rules quiet, and hides also. Groceries show a very fair distribution. The sugar market is fairly steady, and large supplies of raws are now coming forward for local refiners, who report the preserving demand to be a little late this year. Supplies of peas and corn are expected to be somewhat short for canning purposes, and strawberries are said to be more or less winter-killed in some sections.

LIVERPOOL CABLES.

Liverpool, June 14.—Wheat, No. 1 Cal., at 6s 1d; red winter, 5s 11¾d; No. 1 Northern 5s 11½d; corn, new, 3s 11d; old, 4s 2½d; peas, 5s 8d; pork, 61s; bacon, l.c., light, 43s 9d; l.c., heavy, 42s; s.c., heavy, 42s; lard, 43s; tallow, American, 25s; Australian, 26s 6d; cheese, new, 43s.

RECEIPTS BY RAIL AND CANAL.

	C.P.R.	G.T.R.	Canal.
Wheat, bush	—	22,400	254,767
Corn, bush	—	28,700	—
Peas, bush	900	—	—
Oats, bush	3,000	5,200	49,291
Flour, brls.	1,055	1,423	—
Eggs, cases	273	522	37
Butter, pkgs.	2,745	926	—
Cheese, boxes	2,144	5,455	1,072
Meats, pkgs	508	10	10

EUROPEAN GRAIN MARKETS.

London, June 14.—On passage: Wheat quiet and steady. Country wheat markets dull.

Liverpool, June 14.—Spot: Wheat and maize, quiet. Futures: Wheat steady, July and Sept., 5s 3½d; maize, steady, July 3s 10½d; Sept., 3s 11d.

Paris, June 14.—Wheat quiet, July, 20.00; Sept. and Dec., 20.70. Flour quiet, July, 25.05; Sept. and Dec., 26.45. Country markets partially cheaper.

CHEESE BOARDS.

Brockville, Ont., June 13.—At the meeting of the Brockville cheese board to-day, 4,478 boxes were registered, 2,096 white, 2,382 colored; 1,613 colored sold at 9¼c and 1,870 white at 9¼.

TORONTO MINING EXCHANGE.

Toronto, June 14.—Sales:
W. D. Mount Lion—1,000 at 21¾; 2,500 at 21¾.
Virtue—2,000 at 10½.
G. F. S.—1,000 at 5½.
Deer Trail—2,000 at 2½.
Total: 8,500.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

Butterick's Patterns and Publications.

PARASOLS & SUNSHADES!

We are showing a very perfect assortment of PARASOLS AND SUNSHADES in all the newest patterns, and would direct special attention to the following lines:

BLACK SATIN PARASOLS, lined Colored Chiffon, beautiful sample lot, worth $5.75, for $2.90.

PONGEE SILK PARASOLS, trimmed Chiffon and Ribbon, gilt frames, handsome sample lot; worth $7.00, for $3.90.

ASSORTED WHITE PARASOLS, from $1.35.

A NICE LOT OF SATEEN PARASOLS, stripes and polka Dots, suitable for the country, 85c, 90c, and $1.00.

CHILDREN'S PARASOLS, from 25c.

LADIES' SAILOR HATS—A large assortment of the best makes at all prices!

BATHING SUITS and CAPS—For Ladies and Children!

STYLISH BLOUSEWEAR and SUMMER DRESSES—An immense stock at popular prices to select from!

JOHN MURPHY & CO.,
2343 St. Catherine St., Cor. Metcalfe St.
Terms Cash. *Telephone Up, 933.*

DOMINION IRON & STEEL CO.

ANNUAL MEETING YESTERDAY, AND MR. WHITNEY RE-ELECTED.

The annual meeting of the Dominion Iron and Steel Company took place yesterday afternoon at two o'clock in the Street Railway Chambers, the president, Mr. H. M. Whitney, occupying the chair, with Mr. F. R. F. Brown as secretary. The president announced that owing to the accident that had befallen Mr. Moxham's son, the general manager's report had been delayed, and that the auditors' statement was all they had to present. He asked, however, the indulgence of the meeting, and said that a satisfactory report from the general manager would soon be forthcoming. Mr. Whitney said that the company had two furnaces in operation, and was shipping all over Canada, as well as to the United States and Great Britain. Mr. Moxham would probably be able to tell them in his report that two reserve furnaces would be ready in July, and that steel furnaces would be ready by September.

The election of officers then took place, resulting as follows:—Sir W. C. Van Horne, R. B. Angus, James Ross, the Hon. George A. Cox, Elias Rogers, the Hon. Robert Mackay, H. F. Dimock, A. H. Paget, the Hon. David Mackeen, W. B. Ross, B. F. Pearson, J. S. McLennan, A. J. Moxham, H. M. Whitney, F. S. Pearson.

At a subsequent meeting, Mr. H. M. Whitney was re-elected president, and Mr. A. J. Moxham vice-president and general manager. It was decided to adjourn the meeting till June 26, when Mr. Moxnam's report will be presented.

Following is the auditor's report: Bonded indebtedness, $8,000,000; preferred stock, $5,000,000; common stock, $15,000,000; bills payable, $90,808.77; accounts payable, $545,848.25; total, $28,638,657.02.

Property account, $14,551,408; plant account $9,668,406.42; interest on bonds, $232,522.32; expenses, preferred stock, $22,711.13; construction material on hand, $241,014.89; warehouse material, $64,500.75; Bell Island (winter work), $96,440.26; freight and advances to vessels, $117,075.51; operating suspension, $76,747.06; undistributed accounts Marbel Mountain, coke ovens, foundry and R.R., $63,898.12; warehouse suspension, $32,854.74; manufacturing supplies, $530,553.75; bills receivable, $27,431.66; prospecting, $6,093.25; freight undistributed, $14,527.53; sundry small expense items, $3,548.87; accounts receivable, $225,431.73; Bell Island (sales), $19,986.32; due from preferred stock, $1,435,849.20; cash on hand and in banks, $1,205,583.51; total, $28,636,657.02.

SHIPPING NEWS.

HAS 1,300 IMMIGRANTS ON BOARD.

Halifax, N.S., June 14.—The Hamburg-American liner SS. Armenia, from Hamburg, arrived in port at midnight and anchored at quarantine. The steamer has on board over 1,300 immigrants. She will land 600 of them here in the morning, and the balance will go on to New York.

HER CARGO GUN COTTON.

Quebec, June 14.—The SS. Belgian, of the Leyland line, reached port about one o'clock yesterday. It is her second trip to Quebec this season. She has 1,500 cases of gun cotton on board from the War Office, which will be unloaded here and sent by rail to the naval authorities at Esquimalt, B.C. The Belgian will take her second cargo of grain under the Great Northern elevator.

SALOON PASSENGERS.

List of saloon passengers per SS. Tunisian, from Liverpool to Quebec and Montreal, Thursday, June 6:—Mr. Ackman, Mr. R. Adamson, Mr. Anderson, Mrs. W. Anderson, Mrs. Attenborough, Miss Baines, Captain Bayfield, Mrs. Bayfield, Mr. John Bradford, Mrs. Bradford, Mrs. T. Beaudry, Miss B. L. Berson, Miss E. C. Benson, Miss Benson, Mr. Blackburn, Mr. A. Blake, Miss Blair, Miss Briggs, Miss Burnett, Miss Burnett, Mrs. C. A. Busby, Miss Busby, the Rev. John Campbell, Miss Ida Campbell, Mr. J. Chalmers, Sir Thomas Cleeve, Mr. J. Cole, Mrs. Louise Coste, Commander Curry, Mrs. Dench, Mr. Dent, Miss Dent, Miss Dingwell, Miss B. Donkin, Mr. Dottridge, Mrs. Dunelle and maid, Mr. H. C. Dunn, Mrs. E. D'Esterre, Mr. J. Erskine, Mr. R. W. Ethelston, Mrs. Ethelston, Mr. M. Vesey-Fitzgerald, Mrs. Vesey-Fitzgerald, Mrs. Nelson Fitch, Miss E. C. Fitch, Mr. Charles E. Fripp, Mrs. Fripp, Mrs. Furness, Mrs. Gillitte, Miss S. Gibb, Mrs. Gough, Miss Hilda Graham, Mrs. A. Halkett, Miss H. T. Halkett, Mrs. Harding, Miss Harvey, Miss Harvey, Mr. Hawkings, Mrs. Hawkings, Mrs. Haworth, Miss E. Hoban, Mr. E. Hollis, Mrs. Hollis, Mr. J. H. Hopkins, Mrs. Hurran, Miss Brooke Hunt, Miss Irvine, Mr. Jessop, Mr. F. J. Jones, Mr. W. Kelly, Miss Kelly, Mrs. Harold Kennedy, two children, infant and maid, Mrs. Lacon, Mr. G. LeBlanc, Mrs. LeBlanc and two children, Mrs. P. E. LeBlanc, Major A. C. Macdonell, Mrs. Macdonell and child; Miss Maclaren, Mr. M. Macleod, Miss Marryatt, Miss R. F. Maunsell, Mrs. McDonnell, Master R. McDonnell, Miss M. McDonnell, Mr. T. McCredy, Mr. H. H. McCredy, Commander Milne, Mrs. Milne, Miss Milne, Miss P. Miller, Miss S. Mitchell, Mr. V. Morin, Miss Motherwell, Mrs. Nicholls, Mr. A. Powys, Mr. Richens, Mrs. E. W. Ross, Miss M. Ryan, Mr. J. Ryan, Mrs. Ryan, Mr. H. S. Sclater, Mrs. Simpkin, Miss Snowball, Mr. T. R. Starkey, Miss M. J. Thomson, Miss Mona Thomson, Miss M. L. E. Turnbull, Miss Turner, Lieut. Brooke-Webb, R.N., Mrs. Brooke-Webb, Miss Wolman, Mr. L. Williams, Mrs. Williams and maid, Miss Wilson, Miss H. Wright, Mr. H. Wyatt, Miss Yates, Miss Yates, Miss Young.

Following is the list of first cabin passengers per R.M.S. Corinthian, from Montreal, June 15 to Liverpool:—Miss Grace Aitkin, Montreal; Mrs. James Blair, Desoronto, Ont.; the Rev. James Barclay, D.D., Mrs. Barclay, Miss Barclay, Montreal; Mrs. Mary Keyes Babcock, Chicago, Ill.; Mr. G. F. Burton, Mrs. Burton and maid, Miss Isabella Burton, Miss Betty Burton, Toronto, Ont.; Mr. Boucher, London, England; Miss M. A. Cowley, Ottawa; the Rev. F. H. Du Vernet, Toronto; the Rev. George Glorer, San Francisco, Cal.; Dr. C. F. Heard, North East, Pa.; Mr. V. Hunton, Mrs. Hunton, New York, N.Y.; Mr. J. Herz, Liverpool, England; Miss Hodgins, Toronto; Mrs. Jackson, Ottawa; Miss Jane M. Keller, Mrs. Jane Livensetter, New York; Mr. H. H. Langton, Mrs. Langton, Miss Monteith, Toronto; Mr. J. Moore, of London, England; Mr. G. W. Parsh, Mrs. Parsh, Chicago; Miss Pangman, Montreal; Captain Perrelle; Mr. George Robsinson, Mrs. Robinson, Woodstock, Ont.; Judge Ross, Ottawa; Mr. W. P. Steer, Quebec; Miss Thompson, Toronto; Miss Rebecca Vrooman, Miss Beatrice Vrooman, San Francisco, Cal.; Mr. Lucien Waggener, of New York; Mr. A. L. Willis, Mrs. Willis, two children and nurse, Massawippi, Que.; the Rev. J. Williams, London, England.

A TOTAL WRECK.

St. John's, Nfld., June 14.—The Leyland line SS. Assyrian, ashore off Cape Race, went to pieces during the night and this morning is a total wreck. The central part of the vessel is under water and the hull is broken asunder.

A heavy sea is raging and the cargo is partly washed ashore and partly carried seaward. Owing to the fury of the gale and the tremendous sea, little of the cargo has thus far been salvaged. The tug Petrel, which was forced on the rocks yesterday afternoon while engaged in attempting to assist the Assyrian, has also become a total wreck. The crews of both vessels escaped safely to the shore and are housed in the Cape Race lighthouse.

NOTES.

The Dominion line Royal and U. S. Mail SS. New England, from Liverpool, arrived at Boston at 5.30 a.m. to-day (Friday).

The Leyland line SS. Indian arrived at London on June 13, from Quebec.

The Allan line SS. Assyrian sailed from Glasgow for Boston, via Moville, on Thursday afternoon, with 50 passengers.

The Head line SS. Dunmore Head, Captain Burns, sailed from Batiscan yesterday for Cork with 1,035 standards of deals.

The Dominion line SS. Vancouver, Captain McDonald, sailed from Liverpool at 5 p.m on Thursday, June 13, for Portland.

The Head line SS. Ramore Head, Captain Smith, from Dublin, passed Cape Race yesterday, and is due to arrive in this port on Sunday.

The Allan line SS. Numidian sailed from Liverpool for the St. Lawrence yesterday afternoon with 27 cabin, 63 intermediate and 210 steerage passengers.

The Dominion line Royal and United States mail SS. Commonwealth, Captain McAuley, from Boston, passed Brow Head on Wednesday, June 12, at 7 p.m.

The SS. Glasgow, Captain Lessard, sailed this morning for St. Thomas to load a cargo of deals for the United Kingdom. Messrs. McLean, Kennedy & Co. are the agents.

PORT OF MONTREAL.

Arrived—June 13.

SS. Polino, Lachance, Sydney, H. Dobell & Co., coal.

SS. Bogstad, Gullicksen, Sydney, Kingman & Co., coal.

Cleared—June 13.

SS. Brazilian, Williams, London, H. & A. Allan, general.

SS. Glasgow, Leslie, St. Thomas, McLean, Kennedy & Co.

SS. Lake Megantic, Taylor, Liverpool, Elder-Dempster & Co., general.

GULF REPORT.

L'Islet—Clear strong west wind; inward 7.30 a.m., three-masted steamer.

River du Loup—Clear, south-west wind; inward 7 a.m., Marie Josephine.

Father Point—Cloudy, west wind; inward 5.20 a.m., Kastalia.

Martin River—Cloudy, south wind; inward 7 a.m., Tunisian.

Cape Chatte—Cloudy, calm; inward 9 a.m., Louisburg, with a tow.

Fame Point—Raining, strong south wind. Anticosti—Raining, south-east wind.

English Bay—Outward 7 a.m., Bachante and Savoy.

Low Point—Unsettled, south-east wind; inward 3.20 a.m., Aladdin; outward 3.30 a.m. Mora; inward yesterday, 9 p.m., Fortunia.

Cape Race—Clear, strong north-east wind; Assyrian and Petrel total wreck; crew safe.

MILITARY CONCERT.

The Victoria Rifles Bugle Band will tender a complimentary concert to its bugle major, Mr. Frank Smith, on Tuesday evening, June 25 next, in the Armory Hall. The best local talent has been secured for the occasion and no effort is being spared to make this one of the most successful events of the season. The concert is being given under the patronage of Lieut.-Col. Hamilton and officers of the Regiment.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

About Men's Furnishings.—There is perfect satisfaction in buying Men's Furnishings at The S. Carsley Co., Limited. In the matter of White Shirts and Underwear every garment is made and cut to their own order; there's no skimping in material or finish, and prices are lower than most men's furnishing stores.

Concerning White Shirts.—The best kind of White Shirts to buy are the shirts that are well made, generously cut, not skimped in length or width, finished with a thought and care in every stitch; reinforced back and front. Such are The S. Carsley's one dollar White Shirts. Try them once—results are sure to be satisfactory.

Piles To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. 60c a box, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto

Dr. Chase's Ointment.

SPORTS

The Past Week in the Sporting World.

HUNTINGDON GUN CLUB ELECTS OFFICERS—P.A.A.A. LACROSSE TEAM FOR QUEBEC—CRICKET, YACHTING, AQUATICS AND OTHER SPORTS.

The past week has been an eventful one in sporting circles. Notable were the successes of the American bred horses in England. The Derby was won by Volodyovski, who, while he is of English origin, was raced in the name and interests of Mr. William C. Whitney, of New York. Then came the success of Mr. Foxhall, P. Keen's filly, 'Cap and Bells' in the Oaks, the first American bred filly to win this event.

In the yachting world no more interesting feature has come before the public during the week than the controversy between the New York Yacht Club and Mr. Lawson, owner of the 'Independence.' The former refuses to have anything to do with the latter, and now an effort is being made to have the N.Y.Y.C. purchase the 'Independence' as it is considered by many well-known American yachtsmen that the Lawson boat is the fastest yacht on this side of the Atlantic.

In Canada the Royal St. Lawrence Yacht Club and its affiliated crews are busily engaged in preparing the several new cup defenders for the next Seawanhaka cup trials, while the Toronto Yacht Club declares that in the new Canada cup challenger 'Invader,' it has a yacht worthy in every respect to represent the club in the coming races with the American raters.

The Montreal baseball team during the week, unfortunately came out at the wrong end. Nevertheless the Royals have played fine ball. Not so strong at the bat as the might be, their work has greatly improved.

In the lacrosse field the different Montreal teams have had an eventful week. Montreal met with an unexpected reverse at the hands of the Crescents of New York, while the Nationals were defeated by the Cornwall boys. Fortunately for lacrosse in this city the Shamrocks upheld our good name by administering a decisive defeat to the Toronto aggregation on Saturday last. The winged foot representatives have now left for New York, where they will play an exhibition, practically a championship game, with the American champions to-morrow afternoon. The different intermediate and junior and minor league teams have had their respective contests during the past week and the class of lacrosse put up was of the fastest kind.

The different cricket teams have also done hard work, but the Montreal representatives were easily vanquished in their regular league match by the veterans from Ottawa. Westmount, McGill and the Montreal Woollen Mills have all won their respective matches, while other cricket clubs throughout the city have been doing good work at the wickets. In football the Montreal Association teams have all been successful in their respective matches. The Points won from Lachine, while the Strathconas easily defeated Valleyfield. The intermediate teams also report a good week for the city end of the league.

The different boating clubs along the lake front are flourishing, and several keen and well contested trial and handicap races have been held during the week. The coming week promises to be more eventful than the past one in local sporting circles.

LACROSSE

SHAMROCKS FOR BROOKLYN.

Captain O'Connell and the following members of the Shamrock lacrosse team left last evening for Brooklyn, where they play on Saturday: Hayes, Howard, Finlayson, Smith, Robinson, Currie, Dade, Hoobin, J. Brennan, P. Brennan, Hendry, Nolan and Leddy.

Percy Quinn, the brilliant goal tender of the 'Shams,' will leave to-night to join the boys at the metropolis. The supporters of the winged foot feel certain that the Shamrocks will easily defeat the New Yorkers.

POINTS TO PLAY QUEBEC.

The Point St. Charles lacrosse team will leave for Quebec by boat this evening. They are going to play the Quebec team in the Ancient Capital to-morrow afternoon.

The team will be picked from the following: Modler, Roach, Hafferty, Taylor, Jackson, Raffel, Hess, Masterson, Lawlor, Tierney, Buckley, Kerwin, Sarney; Warren, captain. The team will be in charge of F. G. Wright.

NATIONALS READY TO MEET MONTREAL.

For the first time this season the Montreal team will leave its headquarters at Westmount to meet the sturdy French-Canadians of Maisonneuve. Both teams have suffered defeat, and it is worthy of note that in both instances the Cornwalls were the victors. Each and every player on both teams has made up his mind to wipe out, if possible, the recent defeats by a victory to-morrow afternoon. No team in the league is more difficult to judge than the National, as it is a policy never to divulge the personnel of the team, until they step upon the field. All the old warriors who battled for the last two years for the Nationals will again wear the crimson and white. There should be a large attendance to encourage the Nationals.

NATIONAL TEAM TO MEET MONTREAL

At a special meeting of the National Lacrosse Club held last evening the following players were chosen to represent the National Club in the senior match with Montreal on the N.A.A.A. grounds, Maisonneuve, to-morrow afternoon:— L'Heureux, Jos. Valois, Kavanagh, Blanchard, Alph. Valois, Marcellin, St. Aubin, Brown, Cousineau, Deery, Butler and Reilly.

MONTREAL TEAM FOR TO-MORROW.

The Montreal team had a splendid practice last evening in preparation for their match with the Nationals to-morrow afternoon. The team will be picked from the following players: Messrs. Hamilton, Taylor, Haines, Cameron, Liffiton, Porteous, A. Christmas, McCarthy, Bowie, Coppin, Percival, Buddo, Nivin, Lunan and Johnston.

In the absence of their captain, Mr. D. Patterson, the Montreal team will be captained by Dr. Irvine.

Mr. George Carpenter has been decided on as referee for the match. Messrs. Wall and Polan will act as referees.

BASE-BALL

NO GAMES SCHEDULED YESTERDAY IN THE EASTERN LEAGUE.

Yesterday was an open date in the Eastern League, no games being scheduled. As none of the clubs had postponed games, none were played.

To-day and to-morrow Montreal plays in Syracuse.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	R.	H.	E.
At Chicago—			
New York	2	4	1
Chicago	7	12	4
Batteries—Doheny and Bowerman; Taylor, Eason and Kling.			
At St. Louis—			
Brooklyn	3	9	1
St. Louis	5	8	1
Batteries—Hughes and McGuire; Harper and Nichols.			
At Pittsburg—			
Boston	2	6	2
Pittsburg	6	11	1
Batteries — Pettinger and Kittridge; Philips and O'Connor.			
At Cincinnati—			
Philadelphia	3	9	1
Cincinnati	4	7	5
Batteries — Duggleby and McFarland; Newton and Bergen.			

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

Club.	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Pittsburg	25	17	.595
New York	20	15	.571
Cincinnati	20	18	.526
Philadelphia	21	12	.512
St. Louis	21	12	.512
Brooklyn	20	20	.500
Boston	14	19	.424
Chicago	15	28	.349

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Boston—	R.	H.	E.
Detroit	11	13	1
Boston	6	13	3
Batteries—Miller and Shaw; Lewis and Schreckengost.			
At Washington—			
Cleveland-Washington game postponed on account of rain.			
At Baltimore—			
Chicago	12	16	1
Baltimore	0	9	3
Batteries—Patterson and Sugden; McGinnity, Nops and Robinson.			
At Philadelphia—			
Milwaukee	0	2	2
Philadelphia	6	10	2
Batteries—Garvin, Connor, Hastings, McCormick and Maloney; Plank and Powers.			

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

Club.	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Chicago	28	15	.651
Detroit	25	17	.595
Washington	19	15	.559
Boston	19	17	.528
Baltimore	17	18	.486
Philadelphia	18	22	.450
Milwaukee	15	26	.366
Cleveland	14	25	.359

MONTREAL AMATEUR BASEBALL LEAGUE.

The Montreal Amateur Baseball League series will be opened to-morrow on the home grounds of the Y.M.C.A. Baseball Club (the Montreal baseball grounds), when they will meet a strong aggregation representing the Westmount Baseball Club.

WESTMOUNT TEAM TO MEET Y.M.C.A.

To-morrow afternoon teams representing the Westmount A.A.A. and the Y.M.C.A. baseball clubs will strive for supremacy in the opening game in the above league, and as both teams contain some of the best amateur players in the city an interesting match is looked forward to.

The game will take place on the Montreal Baseball Park (Atwater avenue), and as there is no admittance fee charged, no doubt a large crowd will be present.

The following players will represent the Westmount A.A.A.:—F. Parks, G. Parks, H. Moir, A. Vallance (captain), A. Ross, W. Anglin, G. Rivet, G. Foy, H. Cole and R. Townsley.

YACHTING

YACHT RACING AT LONGUEUIL.

On Saturday afternoon the regular yacht races of the Longueuil Boating Club held every alternate Saturday during the season, will be inaugurated. There are five entries so far. The series are:—

Thornton's 'Ilva,' Hurtubise Bros.' 'Fleur de Lis,' Marcou Bros.' 'Nemo,' Elliott's 'Marion,' Lavoie's 'Aeolus.'

These races having proved such a success last year, are to be conducted on a more elaborate scale this year. There are going to be two or three cruises this year —Saturday to Monday.

LAWSON IN MORE TROUBLE.

New York, June 14.—The opinion of yachtsmen and others prominent in the world of sports relative to the stand taken by Thomas W. Lawson on behalf of his ninety-foot cutter 'Independence' were the principal topics of conversation among men who are particularly interested in the abiding place of the treasured 'America's' cup.

'For the first time since the controversy began,' said a memoer of the New York Yacht Club, 'the exact state of affairs has been placed clearly before the public, and we are satisfied that the position taken by our committee is understood. We want the best yacht in America to defend the cup, and if the Boston cutter is faster than the 'Constitution,' she is the craft that should be the opponent of the 'Shamrock II.' in the races next September. Just why her owner will not permit the craft to compete under our rules is difficult to understand, unless it is because he desires some additional advertising in the newspapers. His attitude is open to that construction at any rate, and in view of the fact that all his former appearances in the world of sport were extremely well advertised in the newspapers, such a construction might be placed upon his actions.'

LAWSON DENIES PURCHASE OF 'INDEPENDENCE.'

Boston, Mass., June 14.—Thomas W. Lawson, owner of the 'Independence,' yesterday stated that he knew nothing about a syndicate having been formed in New York to purchase his yacht and denied that negotiations had been begun for such a purchase. Mr. Lawson, when asked about the matter, refused to consider it seriously.

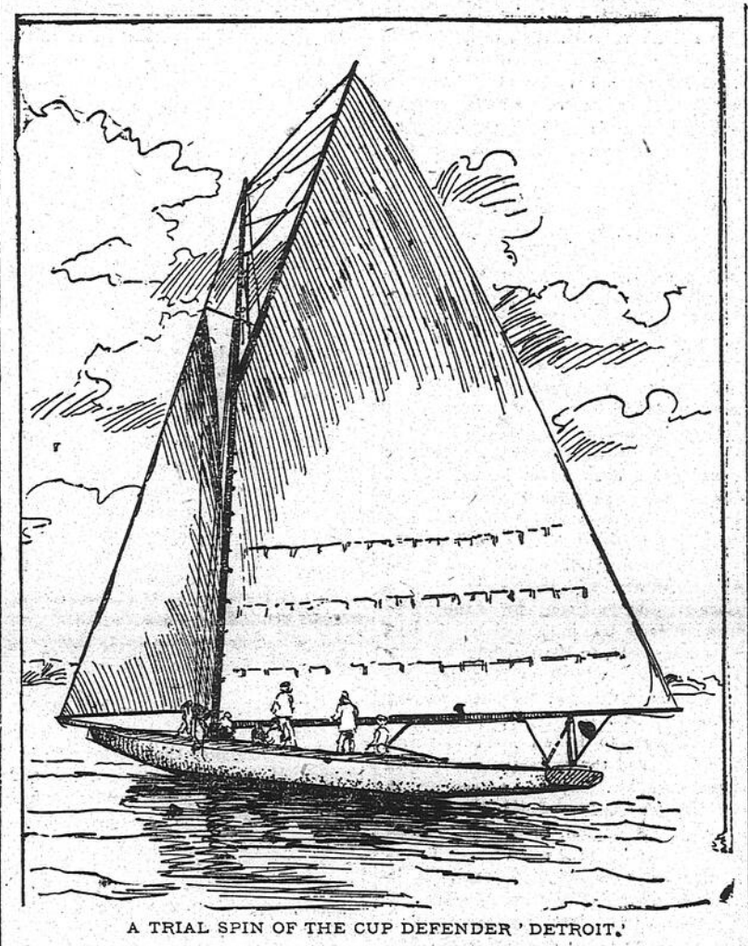
THE SEAWANHAKA CUP CHALLENGER ON THE SS. 'AUSTRALASIAN.'

Southampton, June 14.—Mr. Lorne Currie's yacht 'Grey Friar,' which is to represent England in the Seawanhaka races, will be placed aboard the SS. 'Australasian,' which will sail for Montreal on June 27. The racing crew will consist of Mr. Lorne Currie, the owner; Messrs. Algernon Maudslay, helmsman; and Rivers Fletcher and Marmaduke Poke. Mr. Currie will sail for New York on the White Star line steamer 'Oceanic' on July 10.

AQUATICS

THE ST. LAMBERT REGATTA.

The St. Lambert Boating Club intends holding its spring regatta on Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock, and judging from the number of crews that have entered some interesting contests may be expected. The committee this year has purchased a 20-foot canoe and presented it to the club. The officials for the day are:—Judges W. H. B. Hooper, Joseph Horsfall, sr.; Arthur Horsfall and J. R. Innes. The starter, Mr. Johnson Smith. The committee has decided to send four of their members to Buffalo to take part in the races to be held in connection with the Pan-American Exhibition, and Saturday will give the many friends an opportunity to see what the boys can do.



A TRIAL SPIN OF THE CUP DEFENDER 'DETROIT.'

THE GUN

HUNTINGDON GUN CLUB ELECTS OFFICERS.

Huntingdon, June 14.—A meeting of the Strathcona Rifle Club was held in the club-room, Mr. W. S. Maclaren, M.P., the president, presiding. There was a fair attendance of members present. The following officers were elected:

Patron—Lord Strathcona.
President—W. S. Maclaren, M.P.
Vice-presidents—R. N. Walsh, J. C. Bruce.
Secretary—Charles Dewick.
Treasurer—J. A. Macpherson.
Executive committee—Rev. P. H. Hutchinson, G. W. Cunningham, J. W. Stark, G. L. McFarlane, jr., W. D. McCallum and D. H. Sparrow.
Range Committee—G. W. Cunningham, G. L. McFarlane, W. D. McCallum and J. A. Macpherson.
Room Committee—Rev. P. H. Hutchinson, Chas. Dewick and D. H. Sparrow.

The range committee was instructed to procure within the least possible delay a suitable range and report in regard to the matter as soon as possible.

AMERICANS WIN THE INTERNATIONAL CONTEST.

London, June 14.—The Americans won the third consecutive day of the shooting match by a score 843 to 739. The result was accepted with the greatest good-will on the part of their British opponents, the ladies on the stand waving American and British flags. Speeches were afterwards made by Captain T. A. Marshall (Keithsburg, Illinois), for the United States, and by Captain Butt for the British.

FOOTBALL

MONTREAL ASSOCIATION LEAGUE STANDING.

The Association Football season, first half, has been more interesting than formerly. The P.A.A.A. Club has had all its own way for a few seasons back, but matters are a little shaken up at present, and all the clubs being equally balanced, the question as to who will land the championship is as much in doubt as ever. The M.A.A.A. and the Strathconas are somewhat more ambitious than they were last year, and have good reason to be. The P.A.A.A. still have an excellent team, and both Valleyfield and Lachine make the best of them hustle.

The standing of the clubs to date, for first half, is as follows:

	Games to play.	Won.	Drawn.	Lost.	Points.
Strathcona	1	2	1	0	5
P.A.A.A.	2	1	1	0	3
M.A.A.A.	2	1	0	1	2
Valleyfield	2	1	0	1	2
Lachine	1	0	0	3	0

The Strathcona F.B.C. will play their last game of the first half of the season with Lachine on Lachine grounds to-morrow afternoon. The boys will meet at the Post-Office at 2.30 p.m. The following players have been chosen: Brown, Butler, Shoemaker, Duffy, Coull, Gillard, Moore, Messer, Anderson, McClure, Porter, Nettleship, Black, Duckworth, Stewart, Hoerner.

ATHLETICS

M.A.A.A. SPRING HANDICAPS.

The spring games to-morrow promise well, if any line may be got on performances from practices. The last two fine days have seen the cinder path on the M.A.A.A. grounds very busy. Distance men and sprinters were all out, and the jumpers were working in a way that looks like good scoring when the measuring tape or the pole is applied.

PAN-AMERICAN ATHLETIC CONTESTS.

Pan-American Grounds, Buffalo, June 14.—The first of the series of national track and field contests arranged by the Amateur Athletic Union for the Pan-American Exhibition, were held to-day at the Classic Stadium in the fair grounds. The heat set a limit upon the attendance, but a large number of athletes came to measure muscle and endurance in the lists, and there was an afternoon of spirited sport. There were no records smashed, but some of the time made and distance covered were close to the standards that have been set. The athletes assembled here represent nearly every section of the United States and Canada, and the junior championships to-morrow, and the senior championships on Saturday on the same field will bring them out. The prettiest event to-day was the final of the 100 yards sprint which George H. Hoffman, of the Anchor A.C., Jersey City, took after a rattling race from W. S. Edwards and A. W. Burlingame, of the Knickerbocker Athletic Club, of New York, in 9 4-5 seconds. The weights developed a series of surprising events, A. B. Gunn, a Y.M.C.A. lad of Buffalo, beating John Flanagan, of the New York A.C., in the shot put, and John R. Dewitt, of Princeton, defeating both Flanagan and Charles H. Hennemann, of Milwaukee, the champion, in tossing the discus. Irvine Orton, of the Toronto Lacrosse Club, won the 880 yards run. George W. Orton, New York A.C., was without pacing material in the five mile run, and took nearly 29 minutes to go the distance. Of the club represented, the Knickerbocker Athletic Club of New York, scored the greatest number of victories for the day.

GOLF

THE LADIES' BIENNIAL TROPHY.

The match for the club trophy was played for yesterday at the Dixie links. Miss Green was the holder previously, but yesterday Mrs. D. Macpherson won out with a score of 114, and a handicap of 6.

To-day the match between the Royal Montreal Golf Club and the Metropolitans will begin at 9.30. It is expected that about twenty-five a side will compete.

CRICKET

P.A.A.A. TEAM FOR M.A.A.A.

The following players will represent the P.A.A.A. intermediate team in their match against M.A.A.A. to-morrow, on the latter's grounds:—Pritchard, Jennings, Paton, Drabble, Parr, H. B. Tompkins, Waugh, Rice, F. Strike, R. Ashcroft, Wm. Tomkins, Calder, Smith, Jehu, Fox, Mattison and J. Callaghan. The players will meet at the P.A.A.A. at 2.15 o'clock sharp.

THE OTTAWA PLAYERS AGAINST McGILL.

Ottawa, June 14.—The following team has been chosen to represent the Ottawa Cricket Club in their match next Saturday afternoon against the McGill team: H. B. McGiverin, H. Ackland, H. S. Southam, M. G. Bristow, F. Pereira, D. C. Campbell, A. J. Lewis, W. C. Little, W. Johnston, J. G. Orerar, E. Turton; spares, A. Gilmour, V. H. Steele, B. Francis, T. Ranlin. M. G. Bristow will captain the team.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

The Imperial Bank of Canada in its annual statement just issued shows continued evidence of progress. The statement last year was an exceptionally good one, but this is even better, the net profits amounting to $403,477, or 16.14 percent on the total paid-up capital. During the year the capital has been increased slightly to $2,500.000, and the 'rest' account has been increased by $150,000 to $1,850,000, bringing the rest account up to 74 percent of the total paid-up capital. Two half-yearly dividends have been paid, one of 4½ and one of 5 percent, making the return to shareholders 9½ percent per annum on the part value of their stock. Besides the $150,000 transferred to the 'rest' account, $20,000 has been written off bank premises and furniture account and $104,637 has been carried forward to profit and loss account. The bank's total liabilities to the public amount to $15,851,362, and its assets to $20,308,394. The total liabilities to the public amount to $15,851,362, and its assets to $20,308,394. The total deposits shown in this statement amount to $17,467,595, compared with $15,851,362 in the previous statement, and the current loans and discounts amount to $12,086,325, compared with $11,289,062 last year.

A PLEA FOR NEW ONTARIO.

The 'Patrie' makes a strong appeal to the French-Canadians who wish to return from the New England States to settle in New Ontario, where they will find customs and methods more in keeping with American push than in the old districts of Lower Canada.

COLONIAL HOUSE, Phillips Square.

MEN'S OXFORD SHOES

"Colonial" Shape.

Decidedly the popular Shoe for this summer, all the latest styles and new leathers in stock.

A Good Walking Shoe

In Tan Russia Calf, Black Box Calf, and Enamel Box Calf, with Heavy Extension Soles and Heels, sewed by the Goodyear process, with the new heavy rope stitch.

A Cool Hot-Weather Shoe

In White Canvas, from $1.60 up.

SHOE DRESSINGS.

A large stock is kept, specially recommended:

"VASEROLE" "put up expressly for the Colonial House" and PACKARD'S COMBINATION POLISHES; they give a brilliant, lasting shine, preserve the leather, and add much to the wear of the Shoe.

5 Percent off for Cash.

MILLINERY DEPT.

TRIMMED MILLINERY, which has been selling for the past two weeks at 20 p.c. discount, will be offered on

SATURDAY, June 15th,

At 33⅓ Percent Discount, *with 5 p.c. extra for Cash.*

HENRY MORGAN & CO.
MONTREAL.

UGH! BIG INJUNS, US.

(Chicago 'Inter-Ocean.')

Charles Dana Gibson, who has come to be regarded as an arthority on the American girl, says that in the last ten years her average height has increased two inches. That her development in every particular has been pronounced and even phenomenal is admitted. She is beyond all comparison a healthier, hardier, handsomer girl than she was thirty or forty years ago, taking her on the average, and she is becoming wholesomer and, we believe, happier every year.

It is possible that Charles Dana Gibson is correct in his statement of her gain in height. She certainly has a finer poise, a firmer step, and, generally speaking, is altogether a more stately, graceful creature than she used to be, thanks to outdoor exercise and indoor athletics. But suppose she should continue to increase in height at this ratio, taking on two inches every decade or twenty inches every century, what then? Assuming that she averages now five feet two inches she will be six feet tall in 1951, six feet ten inches tall in 2001, seven feet eight inches tall in 2051, eight feet six inches tall in 2151, ten feet two inches tall in 2251, and practically out of sight, so far as man is concerned, in a couple of thousand years. That is, if man does not also make gains.

An Eastern contemporary, commenting upon Mr. Gibson's statement, asks, 'But are American men "sizing up" in due proportion?' and answers the question by saying, 'There is a fear, based upon the necessity of lowering the standard height for recruits whenever a large draft of extra men for the army is required, that the American man is growing shorter while his women folk are lengthening.' This is erroneous, and places the American man in a wrong light. The standard height for the volunteer service is sometimes lowered in cases of large drafts, not because tall men are less plentiful than they ever were, but in order that short men who are willing and able to serve their country may have a fair chance.

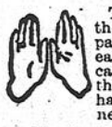
The fact is, the men and women of this country alike are growing in stature, in weight, and in muscular development. They are growing morally, too, as well as physically. And they are also growing mentally. We Americans are destined to be the biggest people, in every respect, on the face of the earth.

CATHOLIC SCHOOL BOARD.

At a meeting held on Tuesday last the Catholic School Commissioners fixed June 21 and 22 next as the dates for the closing of the different schools. The examination of teachers who wish to take service under this board has been fixed for July 4, at the Plateau Academy.

A statement was furnished showing the following amounts of cash on hand: In the Savings Bank, $25,535.08; Hochelaga Bank, $42,204.76; Provincial Bank, $30,000; petty cash, $8.19; total, $97,748.03.

D. D. T.



The registered trade mark of the Dunlop detachable tires is a pair of hands. These signify the ease with which the Dunlop tire can be detached and repaired in the event of a puncture. And the hands are the "only tools you'll need."

Montreal Branch, 11 Phillip Sq.

CERTAINLY

We lay TILES on Floors and Walls and only do First-class Work at right prices.

TILES for all purposes
—AT—
The G. R. LOCKER CO.,
1753 Notre Dame Street.

OUR WORK TELLS

In a way that will convince the most critical customer, that the B.A. DYEING CO. are far and away ahead of any other cleaning and dyeing establishment, both in size and excellency of work, in the Dominion.

B.A.D.C. BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.

Offices: 215 McGill, 2433 Notre Dame, 1595 St. Catherine Streets.

MEDICAL REGISTRATION

DR. RODDICK'S SCHEME ENDORSED IN TORONTO.

Toronto, June 13.—Dr. Roddick, M.P., of Montreal, addressed the Ontario Medical Council this morning on Dominion medical registration. He explained the provisions of the bill which he introduced into the Dominion Parliament, and after a first reading withdrew. The members of the Medical Council were unanimously in favor of Dominion registration. Some difference of opinion was expressed as to the composition of the proposed Dominion Medical Council, to which registration was to be confided. After two hours' full discussion a large committee was appointed to confer with Dr. Roddick and draft resolutions to be sent to the Dominion Government expressive of the Ontario Medical Council's views.

SUNDAY AT THE PAN-AMERICAN FAIR.

Rochester, N.Y., June 13.—The appellate court, which has had charge of the matter re the Sunday closing of the Pan-American exhibition, has ordered the matter dropped.

Weekly Calendar.

FRIDAY, JUNE 14.

Nothing More Delightful

CARILLON and Back, $1.00.

PALACE STR. SOVEREIGN.

Take 8 a.m. Train to Lachine.

Husbands, send your wives and children to Carillon. Meet them returning at Hudson. Take C.P.R. train 12.30 (noon); Saturdays, 1.30 p.m., and home via Rapids. Trip $1.00.

Art Association,

PHILLIPS SQUARE.

GALLERIES OPEN DAILY,

9 A.M. to 6 P.M.

Admission, - - - - 25 cents.

SATURDAY, JUNE 15.

M. A. A. A.

ANNUAL SPRING HANDICAPS

Will be held on the

M. A. A. A. GROUNDS,

On SATURDAY, 15th JUNE,

COMMENCING AT 3 P.M. SHARP.

A fine programme of music will be rendered by the Royal Scots Band.

Free admission to members and their friends on presentation of complimentary cards, which may be had on application at M.A.A.A. office.

E. HERBERT BROWN, Sec.-Treas.

ISLE GROS BOIS

Saturday,

June = = = = 15th.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH

.....AND.....

Sunday School Picnic.

Regular Prices.

Young Men's Meeting,

SATURDAY NIGHT, 8 O'CLOCK.

MR. GEO. T. WOODLEY will lead this meeting, and others will take part. A bright place to spend an hour at the close of the week.

YOUNG MEN'S BIBLE-CLASS,

SUNDAY AFTERNOON, 3 o'clock.

Subject—THE PARABLE OF THE POUNDS

Leader—W. H. BALL.

SUNDAY MORNING, Bible Class

This class is held at 9.45 to 10.30 to study the International Sunday school lesson, led by JOHN BROWN.

ALL YOUNG MEN are invited and heartily welcomed to any or all of the above.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION,

Dominion Square.

WYKEHAM HOUSE SCHOOL CLOSES.

The annual distribution of the prizes of Wykeham House School took place last night in Victoria Hall, Westmount, Sir Melbourne Tait presiding. Mr. Holmes Orr spoke of the school's progress, there being now thirty-eight boys on the books. Mr. Arblaster, Sir Melbourne Tait, Prof. McGoun and Dr. J. M. Elder also spoke, the last hoping that Westmount would have a contagious diseases hospital of its own. The Montreal Civic Hospital would, he said, be a disgrace to any mining town.

The prize list was as follows:—

Fourth Form—Class prize to be awarded on result of McGill examinations.

Second Form—Class prize, W. G. Hanson; prize for year's work, W. A. Fowler; mapping, E. Sawyer.

Upper First Form—Class prize, A. H. Elder;; arithmetic, H. J. Coon; writing, N. Root; French, G. H. Savage and G. H. Kohl.

Lower First Form—Class prize, A. Ware; arithmetic, A. Grafftey.

Preparatory Form—Class prize, M. O'Halloran; arithmetic, D. Jackson and N. Cuningham; reading, R. Read.

AN HEIR OF JOSEPH BONAPARTE.

Dr. W. H. Dion Young, surgeon dentist, of this city, who claims to be related on his mother's side to Joseph Bonaparte, who left a large estate in France, and one of four living heirs, says the estate has not yet been settled. He is in hopes that a settlement will be made at some future time. Joseph Bonaparte was the eldest brother of the great Napoleon. He was at different times king of Naples and of Spain. After Waterloo he went to the United States, where he lived for many years near Philadelphia. He died in 1844. He had two daughters, who married Charles Bonaparte and Napoleon Louis Bonaparte respectively.

AN ANCIENT CUSTOM REVIVED.

New York, June 14.—The 'Tribune's' special London cable says: 'The presentation of a suit of Elizabethan armor to the King yesterday marked a curious revival of an ancient custom. It was the armor once worn by the champion of royalty who rode fully equipped to Westminster Hall and threw his gauntlet on the floor as a challenge to combat. The armor was used at the coronation of George IV., but was not exhibited during the Victorian reign. The college heralds hunted for it, and the Duke of Marlborough presented it to the King.

○ F.M. 2 ☾ L.Q. 9	JUNE	● N.M. 16 ☽ F.Q. 23				
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
..	..	..	..	..	..	1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	..	..	..	..	..	..

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily Witness, $3.00; Weekly Witness, $1.00, with reductions to clubs; Northern Messenger, thirty cents; 10 copies to one address and over, twenty cents per copy, postpaid in each case, to United States, Newfoundland and Canada, excepting Montreal.

For Great Britain add $1.04 per annum for postage on Weekly Witness; 52c on Northern Messenger; $3.60 on Daily Witness.

The last edition of the Daily Witness is delivered in the city every evening of publication at $4.00 per annum.

All business communications should be addressed 'John Dougall & Son, 'Witness' Office, Montreal,' all letters to the Editor should be addressed 'Editor of the 'Witness,' Montreal.'

The Daily Witness.

FRIDAY, JUNE 14, 1901.

The machinists' strike in the United States is assuming proportions and characteristics similar to those of the strike of British machinists a few years ago. It was that great and prolonged disturbance in British industrial conditions which led to the boom in American machine construction and the placing of many large orders in the United States for locomotives, steel rails, bridges and machinery of all kinds required in India, Egypt, South Africa and other British dependencies. That the present strike will have a like effect in transferrring orders from the United States to Britain is quite probable, and whatever advantage the former may have gained will be lost. This seems more likely since the published declaration of the masters that under no conditions will they give in to the demands of the men. It was precisely this no surrender attitude, maintained for many months by British strikers and employers, which cost both a loss of millions of pounds and so greatly injured the trade of the whole nation. When the strike was all over these were the only results apparent. A lesson so pointed and recent should, one would suppose, deter American operators from repeating the folly which had cost their British confrères so dear.

Overcrowded districts furnish perhaps the most difficult problem connected with the rapid growth of great modern cities. The fact that the health and well-being of the whole urban population depends in some degree at least upon the sanitary condition of the least favored localities is now so generally recognized that government interference for the improvement of those conditions is admittedly justifiable. The expansion of cities made possible by rapid transit has not lessened the evil of slums to the extent anticipated, as suburban rents advance with extension, and this, with the cost of transit, combines to keep many families in crowded quarters. In New York the City and Suburban Homes Company has made a successful effort to grapple with this problem. While the purpose of the company is mainly charitable, with a view to improving living conditions for the poorer residents, it is founded and conducted on business principles. The idea is to make a beginning in mitigating the evils of crowded tenements and at the same time earn a reasonable interest on the money invested. The company now has over two million dollars invested, on which it pays dividends at four percent, after allowing for all expenses in the way of interest, taxes, repairs and depreciation. The most encouraging fact revealed in its working is that losses from vacancies and failure to pay rent are small, the experiment having shown that working people fully appreciate better living surroundings, and are willing to pay for them. Of course, the great difficulty attending all charitable schemes for the better housing of the poor is that its benefits are practically confined to a class created by the scheme, who become more or less pauperized by it, or at least become greedy beneficiaries of it. When Mr. Peabody started his London tenement movement it was generally thought that he had found a way of benefiting the poorer classes as a whole, and that the result of making rents of fairly comfortable dwellings lower for a considerable proportion would be to compel all landlords to provide improved dwellings at reduced rents. But it was not long before it became apparent that he had only provided better accommodation for the better-off class of workingmen, and that they, under the conditions of the trust, had an Ulster tenant right, which was a valuable asset. This must be the result of any comparatively limited charitable movement. Only by charging the full market value can this evil be avoided. The New York company claims that success has attended its venture so far, and announces that the company will expend this year in building new houses another million and a half dollars.

A chorus of approval has greeted the announcement of President McKinley that he will not be a candidate under any circumstances in the next presidential election, and Mr. McKinley is compared to Caesar. Caesar had a successor whose ambition was not affected even by his tragic fate. Men die, ideas live. There never yet was a republic not haunted by the spectre of Caesarism any more than a monarchy which was not threatened by republicanism. But the danger of a coup d'etat in the United States seems as distant at present at least as the danger of rebellion in Great Britain. Unless it is possible that some trust, combining all other trusts of the United States, will be formed and declare its president emperor of the Americas, there is no indication of danger, near or remote, to the republic. But in this third term business Mr. McKinley has reason to exclaim: 'Save me from my friends.' Mr. Grosvenor, a Congressman, known to be on intimate terms with him, had the extreme bad taste, in supporting Mr. Depew's suggestion, to say that 'it was fear of defeat which impelled Washington to decline a third 'nomination.' That settled it. To impugn George Washington's motives in order to override his example killed the third term boom instantly. After that there was no other course for Mr. McKinley than repudiation of the whole scheme. Still, he is deserving of respect for the stand he has taken. With a tremendous volume of patronage at his disposal; with sycophants galore seeking administrative favors; with many powerful bosses at his service skilled in the black art of stifling popular sentiment and prostituting conventions to selfish ends; with a money power of incalculable influence, capable of raising an enormous campaign fund, which would welcome the perpetuation of the President in office, and with the glamor of expansion and empire which environs him, it is idle to say that William McKinley would not have been a formidable candidate both in convention and at the polls. To win a distinction never conferred on even the greatest of Americans might well prompt the ambition of a man in his position. That he has had the strength and wisdom to refuse it is to his credit, even though he may have acted on the warning contained in the career of General Grant.

DEATH OF MR. HARDY.

By the death of Mr. Arthur Sturgis Hardy the province of Ontario has lost one of its sons who during the last quarter of a century has occupied a prominent place in its public life. With the exception of Sir Oliver Mowat, no public man has borne anything like so heavy a share of the responsibility for the administration of the province during that period as he. While the Premiership was yet held by Sir Oliver, Mr. Hardy was popularly supposed to be the main deviser and executor of the policy of the government, which his political foes sought to discredit by ascribing to him when all attacks upon the aged Premier failed to shatter the public confidence in him. The reproach which began in a jest, that Mr. Hardy was the 'wicked partner' of the Mowat-Hardy government, was maintained seriously when it was found to answer the purpose of Conservatives who sought to make it appear that Sir Oliver was no longer the real director of the government. As so much of the responsibility for the policy of the government was borne by Mr Hardy it will be impossible to deny him a large share of credit for the wisdom, the economy and the ability with which the administration was carried on. If the present members of the Ontario government can claim, with a large degree of truth, as one of them did the other day, that the administration had been honest and careful, the province governed wisely and well, that it was the only civilized country in the world without public debt, except perhaps Switzerland, while all the other provinces have big debts; that it had a surplus of $2,580,471; that it received in interest on money deposited in the banks $300,000 annually; that since confederation $216,000,000 had passed through the hands of the government, with every cent accounted for, and yet the public service was well maintained, without cheeseparing or scrimping, if all this can be truthfully claimed for Liberal administration, Mr. Hardy, who, from 1873 to 1900, was one of the most responsible members of the government, must have been worthy, after all, of the confidence which Sir Oliver Mowat always implicitly reposed in him. Mr. Hardy, when he retired from the Premiership last year, after such a long term of public office, was a poor man, who found it necessary to accept a position in the civil service of the province.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Mr. R. E. Preston, ex-director of the United States mint, contributes to the 'Rand-McNally Bankers' Monthly' an article on the Canadian Mint question. He says: 'With the opening of a 'mint at Ottawa, the question naturally presents itself, how is it 'going to affect the United States? 'Will it in any way stop the importation of gold from British North 'America?' This question is readily answered in the negative. From an examination of the commercial relations between the United States and the Dominion of Canada, he concludes that the mere fact of the coinage of gold by the country will have little if any effect in retarding the export of gold to the United States. An examination of the statistical abstract of the United States for the ten years ending June 30, 1900, shows the value of the imports of commodities and gold coin and bullion from British North America to have been $436,900,843, and the value of exports from the United States thereto, for the same period, $679,636,383, an excess of exports over imports amounting to $242,735,420. Of the exports from the United States to British North America the value of the domestic commodities was $590,621,346, and foreign commodities was $53,544,438. Mr. Preston argues that so long as the balance of trade between Canada and the United States is so heavily against Canada, there will be a strong tendency to ship Canadian gold, whether coin or bullion to the United States. The only charge imposed at the United States mints is limited to the actual cost of fitting the bullion for coinage, the government paying the transportation on all gold bullion deposited at the western assay offices to the mints for coinage. Mr. Preston concludes it is not probable that the mint at Ottawa will receive any large amount of gold bullion for coinage, unless assay offices are established at Dawson, on the Yukon, and other points, where miners could deposit their dust and receive payment upon the same terms as at the United States assay office at Seattle. The distance from Dawson to Ottawa is about five thousand miles, and if a charge for transportation were made, it would divert the gold from an assay office at Dawson to that of the assay office at Seattle. The establishment of an assay office at Victoria or Vancouver was understood to be a part of the scheme for minting in Canada.

Two important annual meetings took place yesterday in Montreal, over both of which Mr. Henry M. Whitney presided. The Dominion Coal Company had a very satisfactory state of affairs to report, sales having increased some two hundred thousand tons, and the output is now being further increased at a lessened cost of transportation. Since the close of the fiscal year the sum of $995,743 has been deposited in the sinking fund, and this, together with interest on $125,000 reserve sinking fund, is sufficient to retire $90,500 of the bonds of the company. The total bonded indebtedness of the company is now $2,704,500. The net proceeds from sale of coal and net income from steamships, barges, railways, stores, and real estate amounted to $687,294 for the year. Ten thousand shares of preferred stock have been sold at $110 a share. Mr. Whitney made the important announcement yesterday that Mr. James Ross now has the company's affairs in charge, with Mr. Shields in the position of general manager. The meeting of the Dominion Iron & Steel Company followed the meeting of the coal company, but the general manager's statement was not to hand, owing to the fatal accident which had befallen his son. Great sympathy was naturally felt and expressed for Mr. Moxham. The company has now two furnaces in operation and is shipping all over Canada, as well as to the United States and Great Britain. It is expected that two reserve furnaces will be ready in July and that steel furnaces will be ready in September. The auditor's report shows a bonded indebtedness of $8,000,000, preferred stock, $5,000,000, and common stock, $15,000,000. The property account is valued at $14,551,480, and the plant account at $9,668,406, the company has $1,205,583 cash on hand and in the banks and numerous other assets.

The Canadian Bank of Commerce and the Imperial Bank of Canada have both published their annual statements this week and both were highly satisfactory. The statement of the Bank of Commerce shows the surplus derived from the purchase of the assets of the Bank of British Columbia to have been $562,776, and the net profits for the year to have been $854,323. The bank is now the second largest in Canada, having a capital of $8,000,000 and a 'rest' of $2,000,000. The profits of the Imperial Bank amounted to $403,477, or about sixteen and a quarter percent on its paid-up capital of $2,500,000. The Imperial Bank also increased its reserve account by $150,000, and bringing it up to $1,850,000, or seventy-four percent of the total capital.

Last week local stocks closed higher generally than the previous week, M. S. B. showing a gain of six points, C. P. R. of two and three-quarters points, Duluth Common of three and a quarter points, Heat and Power two and a half points, and Twin City Street of one and a half point. There was also a general revival of interest, both professional and on the part of the public, and the market broadened to some appreciable extent. This week the volume of business has also been fairly large, but values generally are not quite so high, the chief exceptions being M. S. R., which shows a gain of five points, closing at 294¼, and Twin City Street, which closes four and an eighth points higher at 88⅝. C. P. R. shows a decline of nearly two points on the week, closing at 104⅞; Toronto Street of one and an eighth point, closing at 109⅜, and Heat and Power of one point, closing at 98½. The Cotton stocks close the week pretty firm, and the mines continue at their extremely low point. The total clearings for the week of the Montreal Clearing House were $17,727,536, compared with $14,255,650 for the corresponding week last year, $14,857,604 for the corresponding week of 1899, and $13,758,925 for 1898. Montreal business is reported good, and there were only two failures reported in the district for the week. Call money is easy at five percent, and the money market is well supplied with funds.

PLAYED BEFORE THE QUEEN

Famous English Organist in Montreal.

THINKS CANADIANS SHOULD BECOME GREAT MUSICIANS—THE MUSICAL ART PROGRESSING AMONG THE BRITISH PEOPLE.

Mr. H. W. Richards, Mus. Bac., one of the most widely known musicians of Great Britain, is at present in Montreal to conduct the practical examinations of the Associated Board of the Royal Academy of Music and Royal College of Music, which are taking place to-day at the Royal Victoria College for Women, Sherbrooke street. Mr. Richards has been holding examinations in eastern Canada, and is on his way to hold similar ones at the principal centres in Ontario and the western provinces before embarking for Australia, where these examinations are held also. Mr. Richards had the unusual distinction of being the regularly appointed organist of a church at the early age of thirteen, and at present holds the appointment of organist of the fashionable Christ Church, Lancaster Gate, London, which he received when only twenty-one years of age, in succession to the famous organist and composer, Dr. Gladstone. Mr. Richards is a Musical Bachelor of Durham University, a Fellow of the Royal College of Organists and one of the council, one of the professors of the Royal Academy of Music, and one of the examiners for the degree of L. R. A. M. He had the honor of playing before Her late Majesty at Windsor, and he has for several years given four organ recitals during the month of November on the four-manual organ in Christ Church, Lancaster Gate, built by Walker, which have come to be regarded as events of the London music season. Mr. Richards has also given a number of pianoforte recitals and concerts which have been very successful. He has written considerable church music of a high class.

Mr. Richards is delighted with his trip through Canada so far, and has been much impressed with the alertness and energy of the candidates he has examined. With these characteristics, he thinks Canadians will in time become a great musical people. He finds that those who do go in for music in Canada do so in the same whole-souled way that they go in for business, and provided this energy is guided in the right direction, the result must be most gratifying. Mr. Richards explained that it was largely with the object of directing the musical education of the British students of music throughout the world into the right channels that the Associated Board was instituted. Reputable schools, and the better class of music teachers, felt the need for a standard examination to show them how their work was progressing, and to satisfy the pupils themselves or their guardians and parents that, judged by a perfectly independent and unassailable standard, they were getting satisfactory results, were receiving value for their expenditure of time and money.

So the Associated Board, which is purely an examining body, was established by an agreement between the Royal Academy of Music and the Royal College of Music, the two greatest chartered musical institutions in the empire. The then Prince of Wales, realizing the importance of the aims of the new body, became its president, and took an active interest in it until his accession to the throne. The announcement that these two great institutions, the only schools of music in Great Britain responsible to the nation for the character of their educational and examining work, had combined their forces for the establishment of local examinations on a quasi-university basis, was met with the greatest enthusiasm in the British Isles, and as the character of the work of the board becomes better known its advantages are being more eagerly seized in the colonies. A feature of these examinations is that while a certain sound knowledge of theory as a foundation is insisted upon, the certificate issued to the passed candidate is a certificate for practical work, as distinct from the university degree which represents theoretical learning.

Mr. Richards says that people living outside of England can have no idea of the progress made during the past few years in music in England. The elementary teaching of music is being systematized, and the number of most efficient pupils trained under eminent men and discharged each year from the Royal College of Music and the Royal Academy of Music is rapidly raising the level of the musical profession throughout the English world. Thus it comes that though of late years English music has lost such great men as Sir Joseph Barnby, Sir Arthur Sullivan and Sir John Stainer, there are men coming up to take their places. The work done by Mr. Edward Germain in completing Sullivan's last opera was highly spoken of, and the music of 'Coriolanus,' composed by Sir Alexander C. Mackenzie, principal of the Royal Academy, and a prominent member of the Associated Board, is declared by the critics of the world to be a masterpiece. Then Professor Villiers Stanford, of the Royal College of Music, and also a member of the Associated Board, is bringing out a new opera, which the whole musical world is awaiting with interest.

Mr. Richards says that it promises well for the natural musical talents of Canadians that Mr. Clarence A. Lucas, a former Montreal boy, and at present a personal friend of his own, holds a very high position in London musical circles.

FRUITS OF THE TRAFFIC.

St. Catharines, Ont., June 14.—On Saturday morning last two men, Pattison and Murphy, left St. Catharines for Niagara, each driving a load of lumber. About noon they left Niagara for home. It is said both were under the influence of liquor. A short time after Murphy appeared at a farm house and reported that a man was lying dead on the road. On investigation it was found that it was the body of Pattison, who had apparently been killed by his horses running away, throwing him off the waggon and the wheels passing over his head. So many conflicting reports were circulated and Murphy told so many different stories that an inquest was ordered. The supposition drawn from the evidence so far is that Pattison and Murphy were racing, the former leading, and that Pattison was either jarred off his waggon or possibly knocked off by Murphy's approaching team, and then run over by Murphy's waggon.

ALLEGED DISCRIMINATION.

Toronto, June 14.—A number of prominent canners met here yesterday to consider means for bringing about an equalization of freight rates on shipments to Manitoba and British Columbia. It appears that there is quite a disparity in rates on goods shipped from Montreal, Toronto and other points on the way for the west. The canners are endeavoring to secure a uniform tariff and will meet the railway companies to-day in regard to the question.

ONTARIO 'PRENTICE BOYS.

Kingston, June 14.—At the 'Prentice Boys' Grand Lodge meeting at Harrowsmith, it was decided to divide the five districts in Canada and the United States into ten to make the work of the district deputies easier and less expensive. The finances of the society are in splendid shape. Numerically it is growing gradually. There are now twenty-seven lodges, a gain of four during the past year. The next meeting of the Grand Lodge in June, 1902, will be held in Deseronto.

WORLD WIDE.

SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1901.

CONTENTS OF TWENTY-FOURTH NUMBER.

ALL THE WORLD OVER.

A Run Through the United States (Impressions of a Birmingham merchant)—Birmingham 'Post.'
China and The Hague—New York 'Tribune.'
The Royal Visitors in Australia — 'The Times,' London.
The Case of Finland—New York 'Times.'
The Matter of Good Roads — Brooklyn 'Eagle.'
The Marriage Market—'The Spectator,' London.
Concession from the Sultan—'Daily Mail,' London.
'War is War'—By an Irregular.
Wearing of Armorial Insignia—'Fashion,' London.
A Reminiscence by Mr. Stead—
The Livingstone Memorial—'The Westminster Budget.'

SOMETHING ABOUT THE ARTS.

John Ruskin—By the Very Rev. Francis Paget, D.D., in 'St. George' Magazine, London.
'The Guardian Angel' (A Picture at Fano)—By Robert Browning. Published by request.

CONCERNING THINGS LITERARY.

Besant and Buchanan—New York 'Press.'
White, of Selborne—'The Standard,' London.
Italy To-day—'Daily News,' London.
The Naturalist's Summer Evening Walk—Poem, by Gilbert White, the Eminent Naturalist of Selborne.
Chaucer—'The Saturday Review,' London.
The Uses of Self-Consciousness—'The Spectator,' London.
De Quincey and the Habit of Confession—'Daily News,' London.
Legislation on Penny Ices—'The Lancet,' London.
The Red River Voyageur—By John Greenleaf Whittier. (Published by request.)
The Child's Wish in June—Poem, by Jane Gilman.
Summer—Poem, Anonymous.

HINTS ON THE PROGRESS OF KNOWLEDGE.

A Whistling Arc—By Frank C. Daniel, in the 'Scientific American.'
The Cost of Small-Pox—'British Medical Journal.'
The Strange Story of Manna—By G. Clarke Nuttall, B.Sc., in the 'Sunday Magazine.'
The New Edison Storage Battery—'Scientific American.'
Jupiter—New York 'Evening Post.'
Science Brevities.

For sale at all newsdealers, Two Cents a copy.

Prepaid Annual Subscription.

$1.00, delivered in Montreal and suburbs.
.75, mailed throughout Canada and U.S.
$1.00, mailed to foreign countries.

JOHN DOUGALL & SON,
Publishers, Montreal.

THE CITY STREETS

PHOTOGRAPHS SHOW THEIR UNTIDY CONDITION.

The petition presented to the Road Committee the other day, as reported in the 'Witness,' referring to the untidy condition of the business streets of the city, has aroused much interest. It asked the committee to take steps to have the refuse removed from the business streets during the night in the interests of cleanliness and health. The refuse, the petition stated, is allowed to remain on such narrow streets as St. John, Hospital, St. Sacrament and St. Alexis, for a couple of days, and removed as late as eleven o'clock a.m., and then part of the filth, empty barrels and boxes, are scattered over the streets. The photographs (which were enclosed) were taken in St. John street, immediately opposite the Board of Trade and Corn Exchange buildings on Thursday, June 7, at 4.30 p.m., and showed refuse which, it was claimed, had remained there from Wednesday morning previous. The following names were signed to the petition: The Robert Reford Co., Ltd., Furness, Withy & Co., Elder, Dempster & Co., David Torrance & Co., McLean, Kennedy, & Co., William Petersen Ltd., Walter Baker & Co., Ltd., Seymour & Co., J. Try-Davies, Henry Dobell & Co., W. W. Craig, Wright & Esdaile, E. F. Craig, William Fair, A. G. Thomson, John Hope & Co., Peck, Benny & Co., W. B. Walsh, Wilson & Gillespie, James Robertson, Colin Campbell, George Stephens, jr., William Cunningham, Michaud Bros. & Co., E. H. Schmidt, Bartlett, Frazier & Co., Ltd., the Northern Elevator Co., Ltd., A. W. Grant, R. Peddie, W. W. Watson, F. Upton, R. Moat & Co., Henry C. Scott, Thomas Wilson, Oswald Bros., W. J. Turpin, C. E. Gault, E. Howard, C. Simpson Garland, John A. Douglas, George H. Smithers, F. C. Nash, F. W. Barlow, John Low, Andrew A. Wilson, Ernest de B. Strathy, H. S. MacDougall, James Hutchison, Arthur Hamilton, John G. Grant, C. Meredith, E. G. Rykert, J. L. Marler, A. J. Ferguson, Norman F. Nash, John Nichols, G. C. Dunlop, W. H. Weir, C. Ross Dobbin, F. W. McAnulty, J. D. Crawford, J. L. Leclaire, W. F. Lewis, W. B. Chapman.

The photographs were taken by Mr. R. F. Smith, at the instance of Mr. William Cunningham.

ANOTHER VIEW ON ST. JOHN STREET.

REFUSE OPPOSITE THE BOARD OF TRADE BUILDING.

COURT OF KING'S BENCH

SENTENCE DAY FOR THOSE FOUND GUILTY.

To-day was sentence day in the Court of King's Bench, but by reason of the comparative smallness of the docket, the proceedings were of brief duration. Chief Justice Sir Alexandre Lacoste ascended the bench at eleven o'clock. The first prisoner to receive sentence was George B. Ogden, who was found guilty of uttering a false document. There was no doubt, said His Honor, of the fraud committed by the prisoner, and it was immaterial if he had acted for others or not. The prisoner was then sentenced to one year's imprisonment in the common jail. The prisoner, if he liked, had the right to appeal against the sentence.

James Simpson, found guilty of obtaining goods under false pretences, was the next prisoner to appear at the bar. There were three charges against him, the court remarked, but he would be only sentenced to two years in the penitentiary on the first charge, sentence being suspended on the other two. If he behaved well he would only have the two years to serve, but he was liable to be brought back to receive sentence on the other two charges.

John Clancey, for the theft of a coil of rope from the Consumers' Cordage Co., was sentenced to one year's imprisonment.

Joseph E. Constantin, the mail clerk, for the theft of a number of letters from the mail bags in his charge, was sentenced to six years in the penitentiary. His Honor referred to the gravity of the offence committed by the prisoner, for which, he said, the latter could be imprisoned for life. He (the judge) had no doubt that the prisoner was the guilty party, and he was going to sentence him to seven years, but, on account of the way in which the prisoner's friends had pleaded for him, he would only receive sentence of six years in the penitentiary.

This closed the proceedings and the court adjourned.

JUDGMENT ON A CONTESTED CLAIM.

Judge Choquette rendered judgment yesterday in the case of Fernandez vs. Lacroix, and the School Commissioners of Cote St. Louis. Defendant was being sued for over two hundred and fifty dollars of school taxes, when he went into insolvency. One, out of a number of his properties, having been sold by the sheriff, the commissioners filed a claim on the proceeds for a hundred and twenty-seven dollars, which included eighty-six dollars, being the total costs made for the collection of the two hundred and fifty dollars, although thirty dollars taxes only were due by the property sold. The plaintiff contested this claim of a hundred and twenty-seven dollars, which the commissioners then reduced to fifty-six dollars. The Court held it good for forty-two dollars only, with costs of contestation against the commissioners.

THE HUNDREDTH CANADIANS.

Information has been received in this city indicating that the Leinster Regiment (Royal Canadians) will return to Halifax at an early date, and that the regiment will be recruited exclusively from Canadians. If that expectation is realized it is probable that the 3rd Special Service Battalion of Royal Canadians, now doing duty on this garrison, will form part of the Leinster Regiment. That plan is said to be receiving the consideration of both the Imperial and Canadian authorities, but how the details will be worked out has not been announced. It may be that the garrison regiment will be established as a permanent battalion of the Leinsters, or amalgamated with the latter to form a new 1st Battalion territorially attached to Canada.—Halifax 'Chronicle,' June 12.

MR. BICKERDIKE, M.P., RETURNS.

Mr. Robert Bickerdike, M.P. and harbor commissioner, and Mr. H. D. Metcalfe, president of the Corn Exchange Association, returned to Montreal yesterday, after an interesting trip to the west. Mr. Bickerdike returns to the city to attend the annual meeting to-morrow of the Banque d'Hochelaga, of which he is vice-president, and he will then return to Buffalo to view the elevators in that city. Mr. Bickerdike says the commissioners have met with some very interesting experiences on their trip, and will have much to tell when 'all is over.'

STODDART—BURLAND.

The wedding of Mr. Benjamin Stoddart, of Magog, and Miss Margaret Burland took place at the home of her brother-in-law in Chambly yesterday in the presence of their immediate relatives and friends. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Mr. Dennis, rector of Chambly. After the wedding Mr. and Mrs. Stoddart left for a trip to the Pan-American Exhibition, Niagara and Toronto. The bride was the recipient of a number of useful and handsome presents.

PRINCE OF WALES FUSILIERS.

The commanding officers' inspection of the 1st Prince of Wales Fusiliers took place on the Champ de Mars last night and was a big success, no less than 495 being present on parade. The regiment is in good shape and is expected to give a good account of itself at the annual inspection on the Champ de Mars before Major-General O'Grady-Haly.

LOGAN'S PARK.

In view of the possibility of ill-feeling over the suggestion to change the name of Logan's Park, an effort was made to kill the idea in the council, but Ald. Gagnon called a caucus of the French aldermen at his house and they agreed that they would support his suggestion to change the name to Parc Lafontaine.

SUCCESSFUL STUDENTS

THIRTY-FIVE Y. M. C. A. MEMBERS PASS INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS.

Thirty-five members of the Montreal Young Men's Christian Association passed the International Y. M. C. A. examinations, just concluded, against thirty-one a year ago, the list being as follows:

English, elementary—F. Slocombe, 85; A. Weir, 75; J. W. Weir, 75.

Arithmetic, elementary—D. Wright, 80.

Arithmetic, advanced—J. Atter, 95; H. Stafford, 92; H. T. Owens, 80; W. H. Whinfield, 79; L. Willows, 75.

Mechanical drawing, elementary—F. B. Kilbourn, 92; W. J. Phillips, 89; A. S. Richardson, 80; D. Angus, 78.

Advanced—H. W. Meyers, 80; H. W. Buckland, 80; D. R. Deacon, 77; E. Duckett, 75.

Electricity, elementary — S. McOuat, 86; A. A. Owens, 77.

Bookkeeping, elementary— H. Stafford, 100; Walter Louer, 84; H. T. Somers, 83; T. S. Trenaman, 83. Advanced—H. H. Hopkins, 94; F. R. Yule, 93; E. L. Miles, 92; F. A. Crowe, 88; R. E. Dixon, 88; W. J. Marshall, 84; J. W. Carlyle, 82; E. E. Hamilton, 77.

Stenography, advanced—J. McKeen, 98; E. C. Budge, 95; J. H. Taylor, 80; D. E. McIntyre, 80.

VERDICT AGAINST THE RAILWAY COMPANY.

The jury trial in the case of Mrs. and Miss Munroe vs. the Grand Trunk Railway Company, was concluded yesterday afternoon. As already stated, the plaintiffs claimed damages for injuries received by being struck by a train while standing on the platform of the station at St. Lambert. The jury was unanimous in declaring the company responsible. Mrs. Munroe was granted $800 and Miss Munroe $1,200, the jury standing ten to two on the question of the amount to be awarded.

ANOTHER ACTION AGAINST THE CITY.

Messrs. Leeming, Miles & Co., who, since the St. Sulpice street fire, have occupied premises in the Mussen building, at the corner of Notre Dame street and St. Lambert Hill, have just entered an action for $1,500 damages against the city. The action is based on the ground of defective drainage, the plaintiffs alleging among other things that a telegraph post on the street actually goes through the drain.

A PRESENTATION.

Centenary Methodist Church Epworth League Society has presented the Rev. Melvin Taylor and Mrs. Taylor with a very handsome silver cabinet, as a token of the esteem in which they are held by the members of the society, upon the occasion of their removal to Mountain street Methodist church.

A LEASE CANCELLED.

Judge Archibald rendered judgment this morning in the case of Damase Marsolais vs. Miss Agnes Grenier. This was an action to set aside an emphyteutic lease, on the ground of failure on the part of defendant to comply with the conditions of said lease. The principal question raised was as to the authenticity of the deed. The Court declared it authentic and maintained the action.

CITY ITEMS.

Sir A. P. Caron has entered an action claiming $200 from Dr. G. A. Simard as the price of a horse sold to him.

Ex-Constable Plouffe, charged with several robberies, was again brought before the magistrate to-day, but was again remanded.

A meeting was held yesterday morning by the cigar-makers who were locked out a while since by the manufacturers here. A report was mentioned that the Department of Labor has ordered the immediate deportation of aliens at Granby.

The contract for the new Coristine block which is to be erected on St. Paul street has been let to Messrs. Peter Lyall & Sons. The cost will be in the neighborhood of $100,000, and the work is to begin at once.

Judge Loranger rendered judgment yesterday in the casee of M. McCallum vs. the Wilson Company. The plaintiff claimed $112.50 as salary, and the Court admitted his claim to the extent of $88.50.

Another action taken out against James Irvine, who was charged with theft, was discontinued yesterday in the Enquete Court, as the accused had already been acquitted on a similar charge in the Court of King's Bench.

The 3rd Montreal Field Battery will go into camp on St. Helen's Island to-morrow afternoon. Major Richard Costigan will be in command, and the other officers will be Capt. G. W. Stephens, Lieut. A. D. Reford, Second Lieuts. S. H. Capper, W. A. Grant and Veterinary Captain Charles McEachran.

PERSONAL.

Mr. J. D. King is spending the summer at Longueuil.

Mr. and Mrs. George Stephen and family have moved to Longueuil for the summer.

Miss Tucker, of the Church Home, has gone to Newfoundland on a two months' vacation.

Mrs. Ellis, wife of the Rev. J. D. Ellis, B.A., formerly of Sawyerville, Que., accompanied by her family, is visiting her father, Mr. J. Nichols, in St. Lambert, before going to her new home at Carleton Place, Ont.

A COMING EXCURSION.

The Hibernian Knights of Montreal intend holding a demonstration on Dominion Day. The programme includes an excursion down the river on the steamer 'Three Rivers.' There will be sixty uniformed Knights from Portland, Maine, to aid in the celebration. At a meeting to be held on June 16, at 2042 Notre Dame street, final arrangements will be made.

CORPUS CHRISTI PROCESSION.

Corpus Christi processions will be held on Sunday next in several of the parishes of the city and suburbs. In St. Ann's parish, the event will take place in the afternoon. The procession will start from the parish church and the route will be McCord, Wellington, Nazareth, Ottawa, Colborne to William street, where the repository will be erected. The procession will return to the church by way of Young and Smith streets.

CASES CARRIED OVER.

In the first division of the Superior Court yesterday Mr. W. J. White, K.C., batonnier, made a motion on behalf of the Bar asking that all the cases inscribed on the enquete and merits roll of the present term, from June 11 inclusive, except cases between lessor and lessee, be carried over until the next term, on account of the number of cases in arrears. Judge Loranger granted the motion.

CABINET MEETING POSTPONED.

Out of respect for the memory of the late Sheriff Gagnon, a former member of the Quebec Cabinet, whose funeral took place yesterday, the meeting of the provincial ministers, which was to take place here yesterday, has been postponed to next week. It will then be held either in this city or in Quebec, although the probabilities are that the meeting will take place here.

FEAST OF THE SACRED HEART.

On the occasion of the feast of the Sacred Heart a solemn service will be held in the Church of Notre Dame this evening at 7.15 o'clock. There will be brilliant illuminations, a procession and a choir of ladies will render special music.

DOCTORS ERECT TABLET.

The doctors of the Notre Dame Hospital have erected a marble tablet in the hall of the hospital. The inscription on it is in French, and reads: 'To the memory of the house surgeons who died on duty: Paul Berthiaume, died May 4, 1896; Amedee Lamarche, died Sept. 23, 1898.'

COURT OF KING'S BENCH

LAST TRIAL OF THE TERM IN PROGRESS.

The last trial of the June term of the Court of King's Bench commenced Wednesday afternoon, being that of Hugh F. Carey who is charged with perjury. It was alleged that he passed a forged money order for the sum of $8 on the Dominion Express Company, which money was paid by the company's agents at Amherst, N.S. After a number of witnesses were examined the case was adjourned until yesterday. Mr. J. P. Cooke, Crown Prosecutor, conducted the case for the Crown, while the accused was defended by Mr. J. C. Walsh.

The trial was continued yesterday, further evidence for the prosecution, including that of Chief Detective Carpenter and of handwriting experts, being given.

The jury returned a verdict of 'Not guilty.'

James Irvine, who was acquitted a day or two since on a charge of stealing fifty boxes of cheese, was then arraigned on three similar charges but, in the course of ten minutes, the jury returned a verdict of 'Not guilty' in each case.

Chief Justice Sir Alexander Lacoste then thanked the juors, and discharged them.

The case of Mr. Hugh Graham, charged with criminal libel, will stand over until the September term.

LABOR MATTERS DISCUSSED

BY THE CENTRAL TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL LAST NIGHT.

The regular meeting of the Central Trades and Labor Council was held in the Labor Hall, Notre Dame street, last night, Mr. P. Verdon, president, being in the chair.

The report of the deputation which waited on Mr. Mullarkey, manager of the Terminal Railway, was presented by Messrs. Garneau and Fitzpatrick. They reported that Mr. Mullarkey received them in a most courteous manner, recognizing the right of organized labor to present its claims as regarding hours of labor, scale of wages, and general treatment of employees, and that he stated that he would concede to men employed on construction work weekly payment, and to the permanent hands, fortnightly payment.

Mr. Fitzpatrick introduced the following series of demands which were prepared by the legislative committee, and endorsed by the council:

That the Central Trades and Labor Council petition the City Council to withhold the granting of the franchise to the Terminal Railway until the conditions herein named are granted by said company, and that copies of these conditions be forwarded to Mr. Mallarkey, the Mayor and the aldermen of the city.

The Central Trades and Labor Council petition the city council of Montreal to impose the following conditions on the Montreal Terminal Railway Company, previous to granting them the privilege of extending their rails through the streets of Montreal: —(1.) The fixation of a minimum rate of wages for conductors and motormen at $1.75 per day of 10 hours. (2) The company to supply the motormen and conductors with one suit of clothes and one overcoat each year free of charge. (3) The company to pay all tradesmen employed by them a minimum wage of $2 per day of 10 hours. (4.) All laborers working at the construction of the company's roads to be paid a minimum wage of $1.50 per day of 10 hours. (5.) The company not to allow the conductors or motormen to work over 10 hours per day of 6 days per week. (6.) The company to have all cars in their service built within the city, and employ only resident taxpayers in the construction of the same. (7.) The company to pay all employees weekly in cash. (8.) The City Council to reserve to itself the right to purchase the terminal railway tracks within the city at the expiration of every five years.

A vote of thanks was passed to Alderman Sadler and Laporte for having a clause inserted in the arrangements between the City Council and the Terminal Railway to have the laborers paid $1.50 per day and tradesmen $2.00 per day, and that they be requested to use their influence to have all employees receive similar scale of wages.

It was reported to the council that Mr. J. T. Fontaine, a representative to the council, was a candidate for the position of Chief of Police, and it was unanimously resolved that the council use all legitimate efforts to secure his appointment.

In view of a resolution from the Garment Workers it was decided to complain to the authorities of the lack of escapes in many of the buildings where clothing is manufactured.

Advertisements.

DON'T STRAIN YOUR EYES

And spoil your pretty face with nasty, ugly wrinkles. This frowning habit comes from over-strained eyes, and can only be cured by a suitable pair of correcting lenses.

PROF. SAM'L S. GRANT, Refracting Oculist,

1st Honor Pupil of DR. BUCKLIN, M.D., is in Daily Attendance from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m., at the Optical Establishment of

HENRY GRANT & SON, OPTICIANS,
2172 St. Catherine Street, 4 doors east of Phillips square
TO TEST THE SIGHT WITHOUT ANY EXTRA CHARGE.

MONEY TO LOAN
—ON—
First Class Mortgages
—OR ON—
Stocks as Collateral
Commercial Paper Discounted. General Banking Business Transacted.
FINANCIAL AGENTS—IMPERIAL FRUIT CO.
MACLAREN, CAMERON & CO.,
BANKERS,
185 St. James Street.

TO WASH UP AND CLEAN OUT

In a mining camp is to take the Gold out of the dirt; but to wash up and clean out in Household or Laundry, is to take the dirt out of the clothes that gold is paid for. No soap can do it as cleanly as

STRACHAN'S
GILT EDGE
SOAP
ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT.

ICE CREAM SOCIAL.

The members of Yorkshire Lodge, No. 39, Sons of England, held a successful ice cream social last Friday evening in their lodge room, 134 Chatham street. The following members and their friends contributed to the excellent programme: Bro. G. H. Dickenson, Bro. Culmer, Bro. C. H. Timm, Mr. Brebner and Master Taylor gave songs and instrumental music; Miss Davies and Miss Norton were very good in a vocal duet; Miss Cox, elocutionist, was much appreciated, as were also the songs by Miss Sellars and Miss Timm. Miss Lett presided at the piano. During the serving of refreshments Mr. Thompson gave some selections on the gramaphone. A pleasant evening closed with 'God save the King.'

AN ARTISTIC SOUVENIR.

A souvenir which will be highly prized has been prepared by the National Council of Women for presentation to those who collected signatures for the address from the women of Canada to Queen Alexandra. The souvenir is a handsome booklet of eight pages, the four central pages reproducing the text of the address with artistic and national design, in which it has been carried out. On page seven of the souvenir the designer, Mr. A. H. Howard, of Toronto, gives a description of the design and of the symbolism which he has wrought into it. The 'Canadian Lily' (the trillium) has been chosen as a type of Canadian womanhood, for the decorative motif of the dedication page. The Royal Arms appear among the leaves and blossoms. The first page of the address proper has a border of maple trees, among which are doves bearing the several letters of the name 'Alexandra.' On the next page, which refers to our late beloved Queen, pine trees take the place of the maple, and the doves bear the letters of 'Victoria.' The wild iris and the stately pitcher plant about the roots of the trees have also their significance, while on the last page appear the sceptre and the orb securely resting among the spreading branches of the mighty oak. The second page of the souvenir gives an interesting idea of the list of signatures which will accompany the address. Over 25,000 signatures were received, in a little over a month, at the central office, from about 250 different parts of Canada. On the eighth page is a short financial statement. The total receipts, sent with signatures, etc., is $413.95. The total expenditure for fac-similing signatures, artists' fee, binding, etc., is $353.95. The balance of $60 is to be used for incidental expenses and souvenirs for those who assisted in procuring signatures. Additional copies may be had on application to the corresponding secretary, 71 Brunswick avenue, Toronto.

MARRIAGE LICENSES,
INSOLVENT ESTATES.
JOHN M. M. DUFF,
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT,
107 St. James Street and
5 Selkirk Ave., Guy St.

The Grand Old Staple
COOK'S FRIEND
BAKING POWDER
Is NOT "Cheap" Goods, but "Good Goods" cheap.
Forty years on the market with continuous large sales, proves its high merit.

R. A. DUNTON, B.C.L.,
NOTARY, &c.
Funds for Investment,
MARRIAGE LICENSES.
TEMPLE BUILDING, 185 St. James St.

MARRIAGE LICENSES
ISSUED.
MONEY TO LEND.
CUSHING & BARRON,
NOTARIES & COMMISSIONERS,
110 St. James street.

TO BOUT DE L'ILE.

The first annual picnic of Loyal Harmony Lodge, I.O.O.F., Manchester Unity, will be held to-morrow, to oBut de L'Ile. Good music and a programme of games will be provided.

STRIKE ORDERED

C. P. R. Trackmen Will Leave Work on Monday Morning

MR. McNICOLL SAYS THE TRACKMEN ARE THE BEST PAID ON THIS CONTINENT.

The C. P. R. trackmen have been ordered out on strike.

It is said that something like five thousand men will quit work along the system from the Atlantic to the Pacific, on Monday morning. The strike has been ordered because Mr. Shaughnessy, president of the company, refused to agree to the open conference which Mr. Wilson, the president of the Brotherhood of Trackmen, asked for, or, rather, declined to in any way reply to the letter which Mr. Wilson sent him, and which is printed below.

Mr. Wilson to-day gave out the correspondence and also the strike notice, which is as follows:

Headquarters Joint Protective Board, Maintenance of Way Department employees on Canadian Pacific Railway.
Grand Union Hotel,
Montreal, June 14, 1901.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

We, the committee, representing the Maintenance of Way Department employees on the Canadian Pacific Railway, have been trying to effect an amicable adjustment of the men's differences with the C.P.R. officials for the last two months, but to our sorrow and disappointment, we find it impossible to make any kind of a settlement with the company.

We hold written instructions from at least ninety-five percent of the regular men employed in the Maintenance of Way Department, to secure an agreement setting forth the terms and conditions of their employment, or to order a suspension of work. After exhausting every means known to us to bring about a satisfactory settlement we decided to order a suspension of work, and placed the whole matter in the hands of our president. The following letter, addressed to Mr. T. G. Shaughnessy, president of the Canadian Pacific Railway Co., which was sent to him by our president, is self-explanatory:

Grand Union Hotel,
Montreal, June 13, 1901.

T. G. Shaughnessy, President, Canadian Pacific Railway Company, Windsor St. Station, Montreal, Que.:

Dear Sir,—Owing to the manner in which negotiations have been conducted between your subordinate officials and our committee representing your Maintenance of Way men, I do not think it possible for them to make a satisfactory and peaceable settlement.

I judge from the reports received from our committee that the gentlemen they have been holding conferences with are experienced diplomats, but it seems they are not broad enough to make due allowance for a committee of humble workingmen, who have had no training in such matters, in fact, if I have been correctly informed, conferences have been conducted in such a manner as to arouse passion, instead of appealing to reason. According to rumors which seem to be well authenticated, the committee, and the men they represent, have been referred to by officials of the company in a very disrespectful manner. One official is quoted as saying: 'Bosh! bosh! the idea of an ignorant lot of trackmen coming here and wanting to be dealt with like skilled workmen.' Another of your officials holding an important position, have scoffed at committees representing other classes of your employees, taking the position that they should be ashamed to ask any concessions from the company, and that if any class of men in the service of the company received an increase of wages it should be the poor trackmen; his heart went out to them,' etc., but when the 'poor trackmen's' committee appeared before him, he took the position that if they would practice economy and live right, they would have money to burn on $1.15 per day.

Other officials have reported to the men along the line that their committee (trackmen's), had 'left Montreal, were drunk, and did not attend to business while here, etc., and that they were a set of fools.'

Your general manager takes the position that it would be unjust to the stockholders for him to make a greater allowance for Maintenance of Way men. Having studied the wage and transportation questions for several years, I think I can make a suggestion, which, if put into practice, would enable the company to allow its Maintenance of Way men all they have asked for, and, at the same time, increase the dividends. The suggestion is this: If the company would restrict the use of free passes to railway mail clerks and railway employees generally, and require all who ride on complimentary passes to pay for transportation, the increase in revenue would amount to a great deal more than the increase of wages which the Maintenance of Way men are asking for.

I asked one of your conductors some time ago how many passengers he had in the two sleeping cars attached to his train; his answer was 'Forty-two.' I then asked how many were riding on complimentary passes; he replied, 'Twenty-two.' On another occasion six other passengers and myself were riding in a first class coach, and I asked the conductor how many of us were paying our fare. He replied, 'Yourself and one other passenger,' and on another occasion, a passenger was on board travelling on a complimentary pass to Vancouver and return, who appreciated the favor to such an extent that he was swearing at and damning the Canadian Pacific Railway Company on account of its poor sleeping car facilities; another of your passenger train conductors in answer to a question propounded by myself stated that about half of the people who rode on the train he was in charge of were riding on passes, and that about 75 percent of the passes were complimentary, the other 25 percent were issued to employees.

I am also advised that your manager retains in the service of the company an army of train auditors and private detectives at an expense of several thousand dollars a year to the company. Honest workingmen take offence at being scrutinized by idle parasites who consume, but do not produce wealth. Such things have a tendency to prejudice employees against the corporation they are employed by.

On my arrival in Montreal on May 29, I stopped at the Grand Union Hotel. A rough looking character stopped at the hotel the same day and kept a close watch on me until I requested the clerk to give him to understand that I was not a criminal and did not care to have strangers following me over town.

If you desire to take the matter up with me for the purpose of finding out what is right and proper under the circumstances, and to effect a peaceable settlement with your Maintenance of Way men, I will be glad to begin negotiations on the following conditions:—

1. You to concede that the committee which has been practically ignored by your subordinate officials are your maintenance of way men's chosen representatives, with myself as their spokesman.

2. That the committee and the men they represent should not be humiliated and discouraged by the company refusing to enter into an agreement with the committee setting forth the terms and conditions of their employment, and that the agreement be signed by the proper official of the road.

3. Conferences to begin to-morrow (June 14) and to continue daily thereafter until we agree or disagree.

4. You to employ one stenographer competent to report the proceedings, and the committee to employ another equally as competent.

5. Our committee and such other officials as you desire to have present to meet and participate in the conferences.

Our committee representing your Maintenance of Way men voted last night without a dissenting vote, to order a suspension of work.

The matter is now in my hands and if I am not advised by you before three o'clock this afternoon (June 13th) that you will endeavor to effect settlement along the lines above indicated, my sanction for the committee to order a suspension of work will be given.

I sincerely hope that trouble can be averted, and I certainly do not desire to consent to anything that might inconvenience the public, or embarrass any of the C. P. Railway ocials, but the men I am speaking for are as essential to the successful operation of railways as any other class, and are entitled to similar treatment from the officials of the company.

Yours very respectfully,
JOHN T. WILSON,
President B. of R. T. of A.

Up to the hour of 4 o'clock p.m. on June 13, no answer had been received from Mr. Shaughnessy, and our order for the men to suspend work was sanctioned by our president.

In consideration, however, of the rights and safety of the travelling public, we decided that the strike should not become effective until six o'clock p.m., on June 17.

The general manager of the C.P.R. contends that he has offered to make liberal concessions to the men we represent, and that if we were reasonable men, we would accept and be satisfied with the new rules adopted by the company for the government of our craft.

The following letter from one of the section men explains the manner in which the men are receiving what the general manager calls 'liberal concessions.'

Dear Sir and Bro.:

I wish you to bring before our committee at the Grand Union Hotel, Montreal, the following facts, which I hope will give them an idea of the kind of officials they have to deal with, and also to show how those same officials are doing (as they say) all they can for us.

I am one of those five cent men (as we boys call it) that is, the great C.P.R. Co. has condescended to advance my wages the whole of five cents a day. Just as I was congratulating myself on the advance in my wages, I received notice that after a certain date, track walkers on Sunday will only be allowed one half day for their services, where formerly we received a day's pay. As we are such an ignorant class of men it took me some little time to figure out 'where I was at,' but I found the result as follows:

Decrease in wages through trackwalking being cut down	57½c
Increase in wages, 6 days at 5c per day	30c
Balance in favor of C. P. Railway Company per week	27½c

Now, sir, does the C.P.R. Co. think for a moment that we are to be gulled that way. Every man in this part of the country is up in arms at such a low piece of trickery; it surely must be the same official who, it is said, concocted the scheme that beat the trainmen out of two or three dollars per month each, and received, as a reward, one thousand dollars per annum increase in his salary. Of course, we know it is not supposed to be a very hard job to fool the ordinary trackman, but we object to being 'done up' that way, and if our committee cannot make a fair and reasonable settlement with the company we are prepared to fight the matter to the bitter end.

All members of the B. of R. T. of A. are earnestly requested to refrain from saying or doing anything which would reflect discredit upon them, or cause the honest thinking people of Canada to withhold their support while we are struggling with a giant corporation to secure a just share of the wealth we help to create.

(Signed),
JOSEPH LENNON, Chairman.
A. F. STOUT, Secretary.

'HEADQUARTERS OF THE JOINT PROTECTIVE BOARD,
GRAND UNION HOTEL,
Montreal, June 13, 1901.

'Dear Brother:—

'Being unable to effect a settlement, according to your expressed wishes, with the Canadian Pacific Railway officials, your general grievance committee, as provided for in the certificate of authority, hereby orders a suspension of work, to take effect on Monday, June 17, 1901, at six o'clock a.m., as authorized by Section 13, page 28, of the constitution of the Brotherhood of Railway Trackmen of America.

'All foremen in the Maintenance of Way department will put their cars and all tools in car houses, and lock the doors, turning over all keys belonging to the company to the nearest station agent, after taking their receipts for the same. Then send the following message to their superior officers:

'Mr. .....

'Myself and men have suspended work, and will not be responsible for the company's property in our charge after six o'clock a.m., June 17, 1901.

(Signed) .....

'This message should be sent promptly at six o'clock a.m. on the above date, or as soon thereafter as received. No order to resume work should be taken notice of unless it bears the written signature of your chairman and the impression of grand division seal of the Brotherhood of Railway Trackmen of America.

'All bridgemen receiving notice as above will comply with same and be governed accordingly.'

Mr. Wilson, being asked how many men would be affected by the strike, replied that in all, the number would come close to five thousand. The president was careful to point out that in the circular which was originally submitted to the company there was no demand made. There were propositions, and these would gladly have been modified had the officials condescended to go into the case with a desire to effect a settlement.

The men asked an increase, which, all round, would amount to twenty cents per day. This Mr. Wilson admitted to-day would amount, in the year, to about three hundred thousand dollars.

MR. McNICOLL'S OPINION.

The general manager of the C. P. R., Mr. McNicoll, although he had not received any official notification of the intention of the men to strike, understood that this had been agreed upon. He seemed to take the matter coolly. Asked if he was prepared for such a contingency, he replied that he had no reason to suppose that such a thing would occur, seeing that the men were the best paid on the continent, as they admitted themselves, and also seeing that advances had been made since the first of May which aggregated a hundred thousand dollars. The committee had admitted that the company paid the trackmen higher wages than any other line; in fact, it was so stated in their circular of grievances. There was no foundation whatever for the statement that the C. P. R., under the pretence of increasing wages, were actually making reductions. In fact, the contrary was the case. The tendency was all the other way, as the circular, issued on June 12, showed. In this document it was pointed out by the general manager that increases of five and ten cents had been granted; that foremen were advanced from ten to twenty cents, according to the character of service; and that all over the system advances had been made having regard to position, amount and value of work; men and foremen being carefully considered in relation to environment and the cost of living. In this circular the general manager concludes by saying that 'with these advances and liberal rules I find that our track forces are receiving generally a higher rate of pay than is in effect on any other railway on this continent.'

Mr. McNicoll smiled at the idea of five thousand men leaving their employment on Monday morning. He said he felt perfectly easy as to the outcome. So far from having evaded the issues involved, he had been most direct, as was his wont, and had done all that was possible, having regard to the interests of the company, to avoid trouble.

Mr. Wilson showed letters to-day from various parts of the line indicating the preparedness of the men to strike, insisting upon their loyalty to the organization, and predicting success in case the committee should fail with Mr. Shaughnessy.

Mr. Wilson leaves for Portland this evening. Several members of the committee have left for home. Mr. Wilson states that ninety-five percent of the men will respond to the order, and that the temporary hands who have been brought in gradually to replace the regular men who were known to be anxious for better condition, will follow the example of the majority and quit work.

INJURED BY RUNAWAY

HORSE FRIGHTENED BY AN AUTOMOBILE.

Mrs. G. H. Harrower, of 355 Mountain street, and Mrs. W. P. Bailey, who is in the city visiting her, were struck by a runaway horse at the corner of Drummond and St. Catherine streets at noon to-day; Mrs. Harrower had one leg injured, but not broken, and lost consciousness. Her companion was much shaken up. Both ladies were taken into Harte's pharmacy, and Dr. Springle was called, and attended them. They were then taken to Mrs. Harrower's house, in Griffith's private ambulance.

The horse was one belonging to Mr. Dionne, grocer and butcher. It is said to have been frightened at the corner of Guy and St. Catherine streets by an automobile. In running away it got loose from the waggon, which was upset on the street.

DEATH OF MRS. J. J. REDPATH AND HER SON.

A very distressing event occurred yesterday afternoon, resulting in the death of Mrs. J. J. Redpath and her youngest son, Mr. J. C. Redpath. Mr. Redpath had been in poor health for some time, but, notwithstanding that severe nervous symptoms developed, he had been preparing for his law examinations. During yesterday he was in a state of increasing mental depression.

About five o'clock he discharged a revolver several times, causing the immediate death of his mother and fatal injury to himself. Mr. Redpath was removed by the ambulance of the Royal Victoria Hospital, and on his arrival at the hospital was attended by Dr. Bell, in the absence of Dr. Roddick, the family physician. In spite of everything that could be done for him, he died about midnight, without at any time recovering consciousness, so that no explanation of the calamity could be obtained from him.

Dr. Roddick was seen this morning on his return from Toronto. He was greatly affected by the distress that had befallen a family he had known so long, but, knowing the young man's constitution so well, that he had been subject to epileptic fits, and that he had for some time suffered from insomnia, knowing, too, that in spite of his nervous condition, he was studying very hard for his bar examinations and helping also to nurse his invalid mother, he was not surprised that his mind should have temporarily given way. But neither he nor those who knew Mr. Redpath could imagine that he committed such acts intentionally or while in his right mind.

There is even doubt as to whether the first shot was not accidental. Certainly his constant and tender solicitude for his mother all through these months of her illness are evidence of the young man's real attitude toward her.

He was a devoted son and brother, a man of exceptional graces of mind and manner, and a brilliant future was before him. No one who knew Mr. Redpath but will greatly grieve for his tragic end. His friends are many, and he was exceedingly popular among his fellow-students at college.

The funeral will be strictly private.

SENATOR VILLENEUVE ILL.

The ill-health of Senator Villeneuve is causing his friends considerable anxiety. It was hoped that the advent of warm weather would have brought improvement, but the reverse seems to have resulted. His condition this afternoon is said to be unchanged since yesterday.

FLOWERS IN THE PARKS.

The work of planting the flower beds in the various city squares has been completed, the city gardeners setting out no less than five hundred thousand bedding plants, thirty thousand alone being planted in Dominion square.

LOCAL STOCKS

Witness Office,
June 14, 1901.

Montreal Street Railway opened this morning at 295, and went up to 295¼. The price was not maintained, however, and fell off to 294½. Other stocks were firm. Montreal Power going up to 99, and Richelieu to 120. Pacific was steady, but other stocks were sparingly dealt in.

MONTREAL BOARD.

C.P.R.—225 at 104½, 100 at 104¼, 150 at 104, 125 at 104¼, 100 at 104½, 275 at 105.

M.S.R.—750 at 295, 50 at 295¼, 425 at 295, 100 at 295 1-8, 50 at 295, 50 at 295 1-8, 50 at 295¼, 325 at 295, 25 at 294¾, 25 at 294½.

New M.S.R.—125 at 293, 50 at 292, 30 at 292.

Mont. Power—150 at 98¼, 100 at 98½, 175 at 99, 3 at 100, 50 at 99¼, 100 at 99.

Twin City—200 at 88¾, 275 at 88⅞, 25 at 88½.

Payne—5,000 at 30.

Dom. Coal pref.—75 at 117, 125 at 117.

Dom. Coal com.—75 at 34¾, 150 at 35, 50 at 35¼.

Richelieu—25 at 119½, 325 at 120, 5 at 120, 35 at 119¾, 65 at 120, 5 at 120, 25 at 119¾.

North Star—2,000 at 60.

Dom. Steel com.—25 at 30.

Dom. Cotton—100 at 82.

Bank of Montreal—5 at 256.

AFTERNOON BOARD.

C.P.R.—25 at 104¾, 25 at 104, 100 at 104¼.

Tor. Railway—25 at 109½, 15 at 109¼.

Mont. Power—75 at 99, 225 at 99, 1,050 at 99½, 75 at 100, 11 at 99½, 25 at 99¾, 50 at 100, 105 at 100, 150 at 100, 295 at 100, 125 at 100, 100 at 100¼, 425 at 100, 25 at 100½, 25 at 100⅝, 25 at 100¾, 25 at 101, 25 at 100¾, 50 at 100½, 25 at 100½, 100 at 100.

War Eagle—1,000 at 20½.

New M.S.R.—75 at 291½.

Twin City—50 at 88¼, 50 at 88½.

Richelieu—150 at 119¾, 50 at 119¼, 25 at 119.

Reported by Messrs. Nichols & Marler, Stock Brokers 1734 Notre Dame Street.

AFTERNOON BOARD

Stocks	Sellers per $100	Buyers per $100	Stocks	Sellers per $100	Buyers per $100
Can. Pacific	104¼	103¾	Com. Cable	188¼	186
Duluth Com.	12	11	Richelieu	119	118¾
Do. Pfd	21	19			
STREET RAILWAYS.					
Montreal St	294	293¾	Toronto St	110	109½
" New	292	291½	Twin Cy Tr.	88½	88¼
Mon'l St. Rts.	....	....	pfd.	160	140
Halifax Elec.	96¾	94	St. John Ry*.	....	114
Ottawa Elec.	....	....			
MISCELLANEOUS.					
Mntl. Teleg.	172	169⅞	Bell Tel	175½	170
Mont'l Gas	....	....	Hlfx. H & L.	....	....
Mont'l Power	100½	100¼	Dom. Coal.	....	....
do new stock	....	....	" pfd.	....	....
Windsor Htl.	....	....	Peo. H & L.	....	....
COTTONS.					
Mont'l Cot*.	136	133	Dominon	83	80
Can. Col. Cot	70	65	Merchants	115	....
Mont'cy Cot. Co.	....	....			
MINES.					
War Eagle	....	20	Payne Min.	....	28
Repub Con.	....	10	Mont. Lond.	....	....
Virtue Mg. Co	....	....	North Star*.	....	60
Laurentide Pulp Co	....	....			
Dom Steel Com.	....	34	28		
pfd.	....	85	84		

FINANCIAL NOTES.

London, June 14, 4 p.m. — Consols for money at 93⅞; do., for the account at 93 15-16.

Atchison, 89⅝; C.P.R., 107½; St. Paul, 176; Illinois Central, 147; Louisville, 113 1-8; Union Pacific preferred, 94; N.Y.C., 159½; Erie, 45; Penna., 78½; Reading, at 23¼; Erie, first preferred, 72¾; Northern Pacific preferred, 100; Grand Trunk Railway 11¾; Anaconda, 10; Rand mines, 4⅝; United States Steel, 51⅜; do., preferred at 101¼.

Bar silver steady, 27 7-16d per ounce; money, 1 to 2 p.c.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills and for three months' bills is 2⅝ p.c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, June 14.—Wall Street—There was an active and well distributed demand for stocks at the opening. Union Pacific and St. Paul were the features; 8,000 shares of the former sold at 114⅜ to 111¼, compared with 113½ last night, and 10,000 shares of the latter sold at 170½ to 172½, compared with 170 last night. There were 9,000 shares of Southern Pacific taken at 61½ to 61¼, compared with 60¼ last night. Other stocks showed fractional gains except in a few of the specialties, notably Colorado Fuel, Tennessee Coal, and Manhattan, the last named selling ex-dividend, and gains running from 1 to 1½.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.
(Furnished by J. R. Meeker.)

Opening and Closing Prices—10 a.m. and 3 p.m

Atchison	87½	87½
Atchison pfrd	103⅞	104
Can. Pacific	105	104½
Can. Southern	71½	72¼
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	....	....
Clev. C.C. & St. Louis	87⅝	87⅝
Baltimore and Ohio	....	....
Baltimore & Ohio pref	....	....
Com. Cable	....	....
Great Northern pfd	....	....
B.O.	111½	109¾
B.O. pr.	95	95
Del. & Hud.	167¾	168
Del. Lack & West	....	....
Erie	44⅝	44½
Ill. Central	144	144½
Louis & Nash	110⅞	110⅝
Lake Shore	....	....
Manhattan Consolidated	123⅞	122½
Missouri Pacific	124	122¾
North American	....	....
Nor. Pacific	....	....
Nor. Pacific pfd	....	....
Southern Pacific	61¼	60⅝
New Jersey Central	....	....
Nor. West	....	....
N.Y. Central	157	157
Omaha, Common	....	....
Pacific Mail	44⅛	43
Reading, Philadelphia	46⅞	46⅝
Richmond, Terminal	....	....
United State Leather	14½	14¾
Rock Island Choc 1& Pacific	169⅝	170
St. Paul, Chico & Minn	....	....
St. Paul, Min & Man	170½	174¼
Texas Pacific	48⅝	47½
Third Avenue	....	....
Union Pacific	114¾	112⅞
Federal Steel	....	....
" pfd	....	....
American Steel & Wire	....	....
Wabash Com	....	....
Wabash pfd	43¼	43⅝
Western Union Tel	96½	96
Sugar	143¾	144
Leas	24	23
Gas, Chicago	115¾	116
Gen. Electric	247	248½
S R T	82½	81
Tol. Ann Arbor & Nor. Mich.	....	....
Rubber	21	21
Rubber pfd	....	....
Met. Traction	174⅞	173
Tenn. Coal and I.	66	67½
Am. Copper	....	....
Southern Railway	....	....
Consolidated Gas	....	....
Louisville, K.Y.	....	....
N. Y. Gas	....	....
Chicago, Ill & E.	....	....
U S. Steel, Com.	49¾	49⅛
U. S. Steel pfd.	99	99

Reported for the 'Witness' by G. R. Marler Banker and Broker, 1721 Notre Dame st.

	Buyers.	Sellers.	Counter.
New York Funds	5-64 dis	3-64 dis	⅛ to ¼ prem
Sterling, 60 days	9¼	9 3-16	9¼ to 9⅜
Sterling, Demand	9¾	9 13-16	9⅞ to 10
Sterling Cable	10	10 1-16	10⅛
Paris Cheques	5.15	1-16	

CHICAGO CATTLE.

Chicago, June 14.—Cattle, receipts, 2,500; generally steady; good to prime steers, $5.45 to $6.25; poor to medium, $4.40 to $5.40; stockers and feeders, $3 to $4; cows, $2.70 to $5; heifers, $2.75 to $5.10; canners, $2 to $2.65; bulls, $2.80 to $4.80; calves, at $4.50 to $6.25; Texas fed steers, $4.35 to $5.60; Texas bulls, $2.75 to $3.75.

Hogs—Receipts to-day, 22,000; to-morrow, 15,000; left over, 4,950; weak; top, $6.15; mixed and butchers, $5.80 to $6.10; good to choice heavy, $5.90 to $6.15; rough, heavy, $5.75 to $5.85; light, $5.75 to $6.02½; bulk of sales, $5.95 to $6.05.

When the Complexion Is Pale and Sallow.

The complexion tells the quality of the blood and acts as a thermometer of the health. A pale, sallow skin and pallor of the eyelids, lips and gums, bear unquestionable evidence that the blood is thin, watery and vitiated. Poor, weak blood fails to supply the nervous system with proper nourishment and day by day the system breaks down and constitutional diseases, such as catarrh, consumption, pneumonia and heart troubles, find easy victims. There can be no cure, no permanent relief, until the blood is made pure, rich and life-sustaining.

The influence of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food in enriching the blood and revitalizing the nervous system is seen in the healthful glow which it gives to the complexion and the new life and vigor which it instils into every motion of the body. By its potent help shattered nerves, palpitating heart, clouded brain, depression of mind and exhausted energies give place to steadiness of nerve, vigorous heart action, good spirits and good health. If you want color to return to the cheeks and strength to take the place of weakness you must use the great Food Cure and tissue-builder,

DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD.

50 cts a Box, 6 Boxes for $2.50. At all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co Toronto.

Agents Wanted for Dr. Chase's Last and Complete Receipt Book,

CHICAGO MARKETS

Range of prices on the Chicago Board of Trade, June 14, 1901:

	Opening	High	Low	14th Clos'g	13th. Clos'g
Wheat—					
July	70⅝	71	70⅛	70¼	71¼
Sept	69½	69½	68⅝	68⅝	69⅝
Corn—					
July	42	42⅜	41⅞	42½	42
Sept	43¼	43⅝	43	43⅜	43¼
Oats—					
July	27	27⅛	26⅞	27	27⅛
Sept	25⅝	25⅞	25½	25⅝	25⅝
Pork—					
July	14.75	14.75	14.72	14.72	14.75
Sept	14.95	14.95	14.87	14.87	14.92
Lard—					
July	8.52	8.52	8.50	8.50	8.50
Sept	8.60	8.62	8.57	8.57	8.60
Short Ribs—					
July	8.05	8.07	8.05	8.05	8.07
Sept	8.10	8.12	8.02	8.02	8.12

CANADA FOR CANADIANS.

Protest Against the Appointment of Outsiders to Canadian Colleges

ASSEMBLY TO PRESENT LOYAL ADDRESS TO THE KING.

Ottawa, June 14.—This morning's session of the Presbyterian General Assembly was taken up with a discussion of the college reports.

Before adjourning the Assembly will prepare a loyal address to the King and Queen. To-day at the opening session a committee was appointed to draft the address.

A feature of the morning session was the protest made by the Rev. Dr. Griggs, of Toronto, a former professor of Knox College, against the habit of going abroad for professors for the church colleges. This came up in connection with the report of Knox College, Toronto, in which was contained a recommendation that the Rev. W. Halliday Douglas, of Cambridge, England, be appointed to succeed the Rev. Dr. Proudfoot in the chair of homiletics. Dr. Griggs advocated Canada for the Canadians and professorship chairs, other things being equal, for our own men. He felt humiliated at the action of the board in passing over qualified men and offering this appointment to an outsider, and spoke with much warmth. He moved that the appointment be not now made, but that the matter be handed to a specially appointed committee for further examination. The Assembly, however, did not take this view. The Rev. Mr. Douglas was appointed to the chair of homiletics, apologetics and pastoral theology. The resignation of Dr. Proudfoot, of Knox College, was received, and the board of the institution was instructed to arrange matters about a retiring allowance to Dr. Proudfoot, while the special committee of the Assembly is dealing for a year with the large matter of retiring allowances to professors of all colleges of the church.

Queen's University and College had strong spokesmen in Principal Grant, Dr. Gordon, of Halifax, and Dr. Thompson, of Sarnia. The principal spoke at length, tracing the progress of the institution during the year. Inasmuch as the matters presented concerning Queen's was in such a shape that a definite conclusion could not be arrived at on the spur of the moment, all presentations, ordinary and special, to the Assembly for the year were handed to a committee to examine and draft a deliverance upon to be submitted to a future sederunt.

Mr. D. B. Macdonald, the principal of St. Andrew's College, Toronto, an institution for young men, was given a hearing by the committee of the court on the suggestion of the moderator.

Fifty-four of the fifty-five presbyteries in Canada are represented at the Assembly.

There are 587 commissioners in attendance—304 ministers and 293 elders.

TROOPS IN CHINA

FORCE OF SIX THOUSAND TO BE LEFT, EXCLUSIVE OF LEGATION GUARDS.

London, June 14.—In the House of Commons yesterday afternoon Viscount Cranborne, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, said the military representatives of the allied forces in China thought it necessary that six thousand troops be detained in China, exclusive of the legation guards.

Washington, June 14.—The United States Government has not protested and does not intend to protest under present conditions, against the maintenance of a large German garrison at Shanghai, which appears to be attracting attention in England. The German Government has been very frank with the United States in responding to our representations in the past, and our government is content to place implicit confidence in the motives of Germany, so far as the maintenance of a German force in Shanghai is concerned.

MAINE CENTRAL STRIKE.

Portland, Me., June 14.—Mr. Evans, general manager of the Maine Central Railway, when interviewed to-day about the strike of his sectionmen, said that there was really no strike, that it was over, that he had been able to fill all the places, and that many of the old hands were heartily sick of the position they had placed themselves in by listening to reckless advice from those who had nothing to lose by a strike. He said there was no truth in the claim of the sectionmen that other organizations would join them, that the other organizations were well satisfied with their treatment, and had also expressed the opinion that the increases offered the sectionmen were all that should have been expected, that they were making demands on the company that they could not hope to get for very many years yet.

OBITUARY.

St. Joseph, Mo., June 13—Mr. David Rea, former Congressman from this district, died to-day.

York, Penna., June 13.—Captain A. W. Eichelberger, president of the Hanover Branch Railway Company, died at Hanover to-day, aged 82. In point of service he was the oldest railway president in the United States, having been elected to that office in 1853.

Financial.

W. H. WEIR & SON
STOCKBROKERS,
113 St. Francois Xavier St.
W. H. WEIR. P. H. WEIR.
Members Montreal Stock Exchange

PATENTS IN ALL COUNTRIES
GUARANTEED
BEAUDRY & BROWN
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND LAND SURVEYORS
107 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL

QUESTIONS & ANSWERS.

GENERAL.

MISSIONARY ADDRESS.

Missionary.—Address the Rev. Andrew Murray, Wellington, Cape Colony, S.A.

ANGORA GOATS.

Elgin, N.B.—Asks where Angora goats can be procured. Ans.—They are advertised by the Beldena Farms, Maquoketa, Iowa.

PARMELEE'S PILLS.

Everett, Mass. — Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which you saw recommended in the 'Witness' are manufactured by the Northrop, Lyman Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

RECITATIONS.

W.J.S., Cathcart.—The recitation, 'Shadows on the Wall,' is too long for publication in this column. It consists of eighteen stanzas. You can find it in '100 Choice Selections,' No. 9, The Penn Pub. Co., of Philadelphia.

COPPER KETTLE.

Friend of the 'Witness'—Purchased a copper kettle covered with nickel. Am told that if water is left in it over night, the water will become impregnated with verdigris. Is this so? Ans.—If the kettle is lined with nickel or tin, there is no danger of verdigris.

WOODSTOCK COLLEGIATE — THE PREMIER'S PARENTS.

Athelum—1. We cannot pronounce on the relative value of individual schools. Write for a curriculum of the school in question, and you will be able to judge for yourself. 2. Neither of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's parents is living. Sir Wilfrid was born at St. Lin, Que., and is the only son of the late Carolus Laurier, by his first wife Marcella Martineau.

GETTING RID OF RATS.

Several Readers.—How can we get rid of rats that infest a dwelling house? Ans.—The three plans most frequently resorted to are traps, poison and cats. A well-baited trap—a banana makes an alluring bait for rats—does very well as far as it goes, but if the rats have a start the trap cannot clear them out. Poison is effective, but the animals die in holes about the place, and the obnoxious odor in more to be dreaded than the rats. A good, active cat in the house, clears them out, as those she doesn't catch, stand in wholesome awe of her, and are willing to leave her the field. The following plan has been recommended, and we give it for what it is worth to any one who wishes to try the experiment. A tub is placed in a room, which rats freuent, and partially filled with water, so that a brick standing on end on the bottom of the tub will project about an inch above the water. The top of the tub is covered with stout brown paper, on which is laid out a feast of cheese, bacon rind, and other rat delicacies. A sloping board leads to the 'spread.' If you are not impatient to begin the work of destruction, the feast might be given several nights, till all the rats in the place have been attracted. Then cut the brown paper in such a way that any rat venturing on it will be precipitated into the water. He will clamber on to the brick and scream his loudest for help. The squeal of the rat in distress summons every one of his kind within hearing. Soon another victim is struggling in the water, and when he attempts to take refuge on the brick, where there is room for only one, a battle ensues with squalling that brings more rats to the scene of conflict. In the morning, the corpses of the drowned show how many were the victims of rash confidence. This plan was once tried in a large warehouse, several tubs being used, with the result that an almost incredible number of rats fell into a watery grave.

FLORA MACDONALD.

J.I.S., Kingsbury.—Give a brief account of Flora Macdonald and her acts of heroism. Did she ever marry? Where is she buried? Ans.—Flora Macdonald is remembered chiefly from the part she played in helping Charles Edward Stuart to escape after the rising in 1745. She was a daughter of Ronald Macdonald, a tacksman of South Uist, one of the Hebrides. She was born about 1722. Her father died when Flora was very young, and her mother married again and removed to Skye. Flora lived part of the time with her stepfather, but more with her brother at Milton, and with Lady Macdonald, a kinswoman, who took her to Edinburgh for her education. Just where, or under what circumstances she first met 'Bonnie Prince Charlie' is not quite certain. The most probable account is that she met him when on a visit to the Clanranalds at a time when the Prince was wandering there after his defeat at Culloden. Captain O'Neil, one of the Prince's companions, proposed to her that she should help Charles Edward to escape to Skye. She declined at first, but after an interview with the Prince, entered into the scheme. From her step-father, who commanded one of the militia parties in the service of the government, and who may or may not have suspected her design, she obtained a passport for herself, a male attendant, 'an Irish maid, Betty Bourke,' and a crew, under the pretence of going to visit her mother in Skye. After some dangers, 'Betty,' (the Prince in disguise), was landed at Kilbride, and left to take shelter in a cave, where Flora revealed the secret to Lady Macdonald. By this lady's assistance the Prince was taken to Portree, where he bade Flora farewell. The part she had played became known, and she was arrested and taken to the Tower for a short time. When she was released in 1747 she found herself regarded as a heroine, both in London and Skye, even by people who had no Jacobite tendencies, but who felt admiration for the courage and coolness she had displayed throughout the romantic affair. She married Allan Macdonald, of Kingsburgh, in 1750. Dr. Johnson, visiting her in 1773, describes her as 'a woman of soft features, gentle manners, and elegant presence.' A description of her in records made at the time of her imprisonment picture her as 'of a graceful person, good complexion, and regular features, with a peculiar sweetness mixed with majesty in her countenance.' In 1774 she moved with her husband to North Carolina. In the Civil War, Allan Macdonald fought on the Loyalist side, and being taken prisoner, advised Flora to return to Kingsburgh. There she was joined by her husband, and there she died in March, 1790. She was buried in the churchyard at Kilmuir. She was wrapped for burial, so most accounts make a point of recording, in one of the linen-sheets on which Prince Charlie slept on the night he lay at Kingsburgh. A monument was erected to her memory last year in the city of Inverness. She was the mother of several children, and most of her sons served in the British army.

NUMISMATIC.

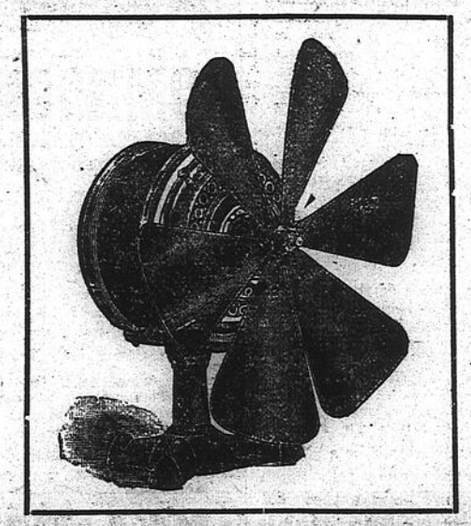
J.R., Williamstown.—What are the values of the following coins? 1. Copper, obverse, a double-headed eagle; reverse, 2, (inscription in Russian characters), 1812. 2. A penny of George III., 1791 (should be 1797). 3. A United States cent, 'Liberty,' surronded by thirteen stars, 1855. 4. Ten cent piece of the Straits Settlements. 5. One twenty-sixth of a shilling of Jersey, 1858; three lions on shield. 6. A United States two-cent piece, 1869. 7. Carolus III., D.G., Hispanarum, 1760. 8. Napoleon III., of France, reverse, an eagle, 1856. 9. Copper, Merchants, New York. 10. Copper, 'Trade and Navigation,' a ship; rev., 'Halfpenny Token,' 1813. Ans.—1. A Russian two kopec piece; common; worth little more than one cent. 2. Common, worth only face value. 3. Worth from one to five cents, according to condition. 4. As the standard in the Straits Settlements is silver, the currency is depreciated to one-half. A quantity of this silver has been imported into Canada, and passed off as Canadian, but it is now rejected; value of the ten-cent piece, five cents. 5. Value, one cent. 6. From two to five cents, according to condition. 7. You do not give the size or metal of this piece. If copper, two to five cents; if silver, little more than the price of old silver. 8. One or two cents. 9. From two to five cents. 10. One or two cents.

A.N.—Kindly give the value of the following copper coin: Obverse, Montreal in the centre, a rose above, and a beaver below inscription, 'Corner St. Vincent and Notre Dame'; reverse, inscription, 'Maysenholder & Bohle, Goldsmiths.' In the centre 'Established 1849,' and a watch and chain. Ans.—There are some doubts about the authenticity of this coin, some authorities claiming that it is of recent manufacture. In any case, it sells at a good price, having brought at auction as high as twenty dollars. It is now worth somewhere about ten dollars.

Subscriber, O.S.—What is the value of the following stamps: 1. British one penny, black, 1841. 2. British, one penny, pink, 1865; 3. British, one penny, dark red, 1867. 4. British, twopence, blue, 1865. 5. British, three pence, pink, 1865. 6. British, sixpence, mauve, 1859 to 1866. 7. Canadian, one cent, yellow, 1869. 8. Canadian, two cents, green, 1869. 9. 2Canadian three cents, red, 1869. 10. Canadian, five cents, red, with beaver, 1862. Ans.—Much depends on the condition of the stamps. If torn, soiled, or obliterated, with a heavy impression covering the whole stamp, they are worthless. 1. Two to three cents. 2. Twenty-five cents to one dollar per hundred. 3. Same price. 4. About one cent. 5. Two to five cents. 6. Two to three cents. 7, 8 and 9. Twenty-five to fifty cents per hundred. 10. About one dollar per hundred.

H.C.S., Louisbourg, N.S.—What is the value of the following coins and stamps: 1. South African Republic, half pound piece in gold. 2. South African Republic, two and a half shilling piece. 3. South African Republic, two shilling piece. 4. South African Republic, sixpenny piece. 5. Threepenny piece. 6. South African Republic, a penny piece. 7. South African Republic, a halfpenny stamp, surcharged V.R.I. 8. South African Republic, a penny stamp, same surcharge. 9. A British halfpenny stamp, 1880. 10. British, one penny stamp, 1880. Ans.—The Transvaal coins and stamps at the present moment are selling for very high prices, but there is likely to be a decline when the war is over, and everything settled down to regular affairs. The first issue of coins in 1892 with shafts instead of a pole to the waggon, having been called in, are rare, the others are comparatively common. 1, Three to five dollars. 2. Seventy-five cents to one dollar. 3. Seventy-five cents to one dollar. 4. Twenty-five to fifty cent 5. Twenty-five to fifty cents. 6. Fifty cents to one dollar. 7 and 8. The surcharged Transvaal stamps are selling very high at present, probably much higher than they will later on, say, twenty-five to fifty cents. 9 and 10, Twenty-five to fifty cents per hundred.

Advertisements.



FAN MOTORS

FOR OFFICE AND STORE.

GASOLINE ENGINE SPARKING OUTFITS.

JOHN FORMAN,

708 and 710 Craig Street.

MEDICAL.

[Letters for this department should be addressed "Medical Editor 'Witness,' Montreal." Should a subscriber ask any question which is not suitable for publication, a reply will be sent by mail if a stamped addressed envelope and $1, physician's fee, be enclosed with such question.]

ACNE.

'S.W.' is sixteen years old, has good health and a good appetite. Takes plenty of exercise and does not eat pork, fat, pastry or other highly seasoned foods. Is bothered greatly with pimples, which come out all over the face. They remain there for a time and go away leaving a scar or a little lump. Ans.—Young people about your age are often troubled with these acne-spots upon the body. They generally come on between ages of 15 and 25. After twenty they begin to lessen in numbers and gradually disappear altogether. They are due to an increased functional activity of the skin and glands which comes on at that particular period of life. The spots are most frequently found on the face, nose, forehead, but may occur on other parts of the body. They are due to plugging of certain ducts in the skin and may inflame so that small pustules are produced. When they go away they may form a small scar. They are often associated with black heads. They are particularly troublesome in those of sedentery habits, dyspeptic, and constipated. With regard to treatment, diet should be plain. Do not take much meat. You are quite right to abstain from the foods you mention. Plenty of exercise is necessary and a daily cold sponge bath will help a great deal. The bowels must be kept regular. The local treatment is as follows: Whenever you find a spot forming, squeeze out the contents with the thumb and finger or with the end of a watch-key. When they some to a head take a clean sewing needle and let out the matter. The face should be washed every night with very hot water and spirits of green soap applied with flannel. The soap is left on five minutes and then washed off with very hot water. Spirits of green soap is made by mixing about three ounces of green soap with eight ounces of rectified spirits. After this is done the following lotion should be applied and allowed to dry on. Boracic acid, one drachm; rectified spirits, 3 ounces. It is not likely that you will get rid of them entirely until you are older, but if you carry out faithfully the treatment described you will relieve the condition very materially.

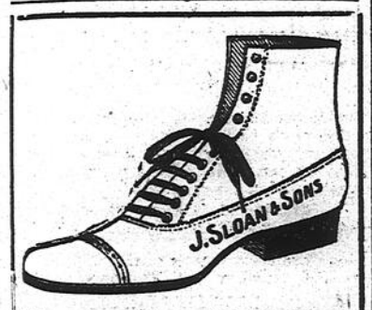
PARALYSIS OF SPINAL ORIGIN.

'Argyll' is a young man, 19 years old. While attending college in October of 1899 was one morning taken ill with pain across the small of the back and a peculiar uneasy sensation in the legs. In 24 hours all motion left both legs, except that he could move slightly the toes of the left. In a day or two severe pain from hips to feet set in, which was much worse at night. This pain continued for over a month and then gradually abated. Since that time the left leg has improved. He can move the foot slightly at the ankle-joint, and can move the muscles or cords back of the knee. He can stand on left leg but as the muscles at the front of the knee are not moving the knee is liable to bend. The left leg is useless with only slight motor power in three of the toes, and in a cord on the inner side of the knee. The feeling in both legs is perfect, but the flesh on both legs has wasted very much. Circulation is defective. The back is strong and the young man can sit up every day. No tender spot in the spinal column can be found. Have tried a battery, but it seems to do no good. Ans.—We regret very much since you have given such a very careful and thoughtful description of the case not to be able to give a definite opinion of the trouble. You will readily understand that anyone not a medical man might write an admirable description of a case and yet leave out many important points which were not obtrusive, and yet absolutely necessary, to be known in order to form an accurate opinion. You have no doubt had your own doctor in and the case presumably has turned out somewhat puzzling. So far as we can judge from the symptoms, viz., the initial pain, the motor paralysis, the wasting of muscles, the original trouble has been some inflammation of the membrane enclosing the spinal cord and the roots of the nerves emerging from it, the part affected must be rather low down; afterwards the end itself has become affected. This might be a meningo-myelitis and might be caused by a number of things, tuberculine being one. Pott's disease of the spine would cause the same symptoms, but as the back is strong and there is no tenderness, and we presume no deformity, that is not likely unless the disease is too low down to show any external changes. With regard to treatment we can give only general ideas not knowing the exact nature of the case. His general nutrition must be kept up. Give him good nourishing food and plenty of it. Milk, eggs, beef tea, etc., are all good. When the weather is fine enough get his bed outside on a verandah where he will be warm and in the sun although to some extent shaded. You should try to keep up the nutrition of the wasted muscles by rubbing with sweet oil and applications of the electric current directly to the muscle so that you see it contract. Frequent baths will be good. Be careful to keep the back in good condition and free from irritation. This is best done by rubbing daily with equal parts of highwines and water. It is not likely now that any medicine will be specially beneficial, but tonics may be tried, cod liver oil and iron for instance. With regard to cure from our knowledge of the case it is difficult to find it. If the trouble is tuberculous the prospects are much more favorable if he stays quiet in bed. If not that the likelihood is that the improvement will be slight. We think that sea-bathing would probably do him harm.

MISCELLANEOUS.

'H.M.' asks if Calgary is a suitable locality for a person who is troubled with bronchitis? 2. On waking in the morning the soles of the feet feel very hot, as if he had walked a long journey the day before when no such cause is evident. 3. What is the cause of itching of the back, especially the scalp? 4. What to do for a boy who breaks out in sores which do not readily heal up. Ans.—We think Calgary would be a very suitable place but on the western slope of the mountains would be even better, for instance in the neighborhood of Kamloops. The elevation is good, the climate dry and the temperature fairly equable. The cause of the peculiar feeling in the soles of the feet is probably nervous and not due to the stomach. It is a trouble that is often seen in nervous exhaustion. If you bathe the feet in hot water at bed time and then rapidly cool them off with cold you will find that the condition will improve. A daily cold bath in the morning would be beneficial. Frequently rub the feet and the muscles of the calf with equal parts of highwines and water. Itching of the scalp is often caused, in the absence of actual disease, by a too great amount of hair. This keeps the head hot, is apt to make it perspire and collects the dust. Dandruff will do the same thing. Itchiness of the skin is perhaps due to unsuitable clothing. Certain forms of wool are very irritating to some skins. If the skin is dry and harsh that will also do it. If you are full-blooded and florid and tend to perspire freely the cream of tartar you suggest would benefit you; but if the skin is harsh and dry do not use it. Rubbing the skin with a very small quantity of sweet oil will help in the latter case. For the boy, not knowing the exact nature of the sores we cannot properly advise. Almost any antiseptic ointment should be of use for ordinary cases. Try carbolic or boracic acid ointment.

Advertisements.



Men's Box Calf Bal, Goodyear Welt, from - $3.00 up.

Men's Standard Screw and Machine Sewed Bal, from - $1.00 up.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS SPECIAL REDUCTION.

Women's Tan Shoes $1.50 to $2.00. Your choice for - $1.00

Misses' Shoes. $1.00 to $1.50 Your choice 75c

Children's Tan Shoes, 75c to $1.00. Your choice 50c.

School Boots, from $1.00 up.

Spring Heel Goods, in white canvas.

J. SLOAN & SONS.,

Cor. St. Antoine and Mountain Street.

Bell Tel. Up 2417

$4,950 Will Buy

A well-built three-story tenement house (two dwellings), well situated on Sussex avenue, and in good order throughout; rented to 1st May, 1902, for $456; rent can be increased. Above price will only hold good for the next two weeks. Apply at once to

THE J. CRADOCK SIMPSON REAL ESTATE & AGENCY CO.,

181 ST. JAMES STREET.

WESTMOUNT--FOR SALE

ABERDEEN AVE., Westerly corner Montrose St.

Comfortable detached residence with grounds, comprising about 28,511 feet of land. House is well laid out, has hot water heating, and wired for electric lights. Would be sold with or without the adjoining land. For full particulars apply to

THE J. CRADOCK SIMPSON REAL ESTATE & AGENCY CO.,

181 ST. JAMES STREET.

Music and Art.

THE MONTREAL CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

Founded 1893 by C. E. SEIFERT, The Director, **938 and 940 Dorchester Street**, near Mountain. **Branches**—Voice, Piano, Violin, Organ, the Theory of Music, etc., etc. Send for Prospectus.

Elocution Department now open. Pupils may enter at any time.

WANT ADS.

—FOR THE—

WITNESS

May be left with

WM. DRYSDALE & CO.,
Booksellers and Stationers,
2478 St. Catherine street,

OR WITH

E. TURNER, Grocer,
Point St. Charles, 60 Wellington Street,
West of Subway.

Classified Advertisements.

CASH TARIFF.

Situation Vacant.
Situation Wanted.
Pupils Wanted.
Rooms To Let.
Articles Found.
Secondhand Articles Wanted or For Sale.

20 WORDS FOR 10 CENTS.

½c for each additional word. Six insertions for the price of four.

Property For Sale or To Let.
Other Articles For Sale.

25 WORDS FOR 25 CENTS

1 cent for each additional word. Six insertions for the price of four.

Personals
Agents Wanted.

25 WORDS FOR 50 CENTS

NOTICE PARTICULARLY.

Postage Stamps will be Accepted.

The above rates are CASH with order. When not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher.

No charge made in our books for any advertisement of less than five agate lines space.

Bargains.

BONNETS AND HATS IN WHITE Embroidered Muslin for Infants and Children, 25c to $1.50 each; large variety. CLARK'S, 210 St. James street, upstairs. 14

FOR SALE, GAS STOVES, ON EASY terms; $6 with order and $6 per year for two years, when stove becomes your own. Connected (ready for use) free. MONTREAL GAS CO.

FOR SALE, Cash or Credit, Parlor Sets, Bedroom Suites, Dining Sets, Carpets, Oilcloth, Curtains, Stoves, etc. PRINCE CO., 33 St. Lawrence street.

KINDLING FOR THE MILLION, Kindling, $2; Cut Maple, $2.50; Tamarac Blocks, $1.75; Mill Blocks, $1.50; cut any length; delivered anywhere in the city: J. C. MACDIARMID, Richmond square. Bell Telephone Up 2553.

Personal.

WANTED, IN MONTREAL, THE address of good market gardener to order garden plants—not flowers. Hudson Heights, P.Q. 7

ADVERTISERS ARE REMINDED THAT it is contrary to the provisions of the postal laws to deliver letters addressed to initials only; an advertiser desiring to conceal his or her identity may economically do so by having replies directed to a box at this office; ten cents added to the price of the advertisement covers expenses in connection therewith, including the forwarding of letters.

Wanted.

WANTED TO PURCHASE SAILING Skiff, about 19 feet long; must be partially decked and cheap. S.A.F., 'Witness' Office. 14

WANTED, TO PURCHASE, LADIES' and Gentlemen's Cast-off Clothing, Furs, Carpets, Household Furniture of all descriptions, Pictures, Paintings, Musical Instruments, Firearms, Bicycles; best prices paid. Address, M. FRANK, 493 Craig street. Post-Office Box 423, formerly of 539 Craig street.

Rooms to Let.

ROOMS, DOUBLE OR SINGLE ROOMS to let, with or without board. 1793 Ontario street. 12

TO LET, FURNISHED AND UNFURnished room. 17 Aylmer street. 11

Rooms and Board.

WANTED, ROOM AND BOARD IN A private family, by young man of quiet habits; vicinity, east of Beaver Hall; state terms, etc. H. B., 60, 'Witness' Office. 10

Lost, Strayed and Found.

LOST, ON TUESDAY AFTERNOON, 11th instant, Pearl Brooch Pin; initials on back. Reward at 46 Richmond square. 12

Professional.

PATENTS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS,
FEATHERSTONHAUGH & CO.,
Canada Life Building, Montreal,
Also Toronto, Ottawa and Washington

SETH P. LEET, K.C.,
MECHANICS' INSTITUTE BUILDING,
204 St. James street. Tel. Main 616

SMITH, MARKEY & MONTGOMERY,
ADVOCATES, BARRISTERS, &c.,
TEMPLE BUILDING,
185 ST. JAMES STREET.
ROBT. C. SMITH, Q.C. FRED. H. MARKEY.
GEO. H. A. MONTGOMERY.

PATENTS AND TRADE MARKS.
OWEN N. EVANS,
TEMPLE BUILDING. MONTREAL.

Situations Vacant.

WANTED, GOOD, STRONG YOUTH. Apply to JOHN W. PECK & CO., 92 Beaudry street. Fur Dept. 14

WANTED, BRIGHT YOUTH, ABOUT 18 years of age, with knowledge of French for salesroom and office; must furnish references; good opportunity for advancement. Apply D.M.C., 'Witness' Office. 14

WANTED, A SERVANT, TO DO HOUSEkeeping, for one or two gentlemen during summer months. Apply at 4059 Dorchester street, before 9 a.m. or between 6 and 8 p.m. 14

WANTED, YOUNG GIRL AS GENERAL Servant; small family, no washing or ironing. Apply after 6 p.m., to No. 65 Durocher street. 14

WANTED, AN UPPER HOUSEMAID, willing to go to the seaside; must be able to sew and mend; references required. 198 University street. 14

WANTED, TWO STRONG BOYS FOR Plumbing. DENMAN & BETHUNE, 279 Bleury street. 14

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, HOUSE AND Tablemaid. Apply to Mrs. N. W. TRENHOLME, head of Rosemount avenue, Westmount. 13

WANTED, YOUNG LADY AS NURSERY governess or mother's help; one willing to go to the seaside during the summer. Address GOVERNESS 14, 'Witness' Office.

SCHOOL TEACHERS WANTED.— THE Board of School Commissioners, of the School Corporation of Clarendon, County Pontiac, will receive applications from School Teachers up to 10 o'clock a.m., of Thursday, the 20th day of June inst., to supply the 14 schools in the Municipality —13 Elementary Teachers and one Model. Applicants will please state grade of Diploma, experience, and salary expected. Only Protestant Teachers need apply. Applications to be addressed to HUGH MATHESON, Sec.-Treas., Shawville, Que. 13

WANTED, GOOD WAIST AND SKIRT hands; steady employment. HENRY MORGAN & CO., Phillips square. 13

WANTED, FIRST-CLASS OPERATOR, one used to tucking. Apply, MISS McGILLIS, John Murphy & Co. 13

WANTED, GENERAL SERVANT TO GO to country; willing to do washing. Apply to 82 St. Hubert street. 13

WANTED, A FIRST-CLASS MAN TO take full charge of a stable of 35 horses; must speak English and French and be an intelligent man who understands horses and have best of references. Free house and good wages to the right man. Apply between 9 and 10 a.m. The Laing Packing and Provision Co., Ltd., 839 St. Catherine street. 13

WANTED, FOR THE FIRST SEPTEMber next, a principal and a Model School teacher, for the High School at St. Johns, P.Q. Special consideration will be extended to a head-master prepared to take in boarding pupils. Applicants must hold McGill College diploma. Apply to H. G. PERCHARD, Secretary-Treasurer, St. Johns, P.Q. 12

WANTED, A COOK AND A HOUSEMAID; not leaving the city this summer; good wages. Apply at 143 Metcalfe street.

WANTED, A CHINESE GENERAL SERvant, with or without washing. Apply, with references, to Box 199, P.O., Montreal. 12

WANTED, AT ONCE, GOOD GENERAL Servant. Apply 88 Park avenue.

WANTED, GENERAL SERVANT; MUST be good cook; housemaid kept; no washing or ironing; references required. Apply 601 Sherbrooke street. 12

WANTED, A FARM HAND AND ABLE to milk. Address H.T.W., 'Witness' Office. 11

WANTED, A SMART YOUNG MAN FOR a financial office; must write stenography. Address P.O. Box 547. 10

WANTED, A MAN WHO THOROUGHLY understands the grinding of concave razors and surgical instruments. Address R.S., 'Witness' Office. 8

Employment Wanted.

WANTED, WORK BY THE DAY. Apply to Mrs. ELLEN BURNS, 125 Mountain street. 14

THE REV. G. OSBORNE TROOP IS anxious to secure employment for a young woman as housekeeper or companion to an invalid. She is skilled in nursing, and would go abroad if necessary. Apply in the first instance to St. Martin's Rectory, 476 St. Urbain street. Telephone East 25. 14

WANTED, PLAIN SEWING OF ALL kind; children's clothes a specialty. Apply 729 St. Antoine street, near Green avenue. 13

Property.

FOR SALE, AWAY BELOW ITS VALUE, building lot on Prince Albert avenue, Westmount, just above Western; sacrifice price to quick buyer. Address TRAVELLER, 'Witness' Office. 14

FOR SALE, IN THE VILLAGE of Ormstown, a desirable property, good house, with furnace, cistern and greenhouse; also stable and sheds, vegetable garden, orchard, and small fruits in bearing. Apply to JAMES BRODIE, Ormstown, Que. 2

FOR EXCHANGE, A FIRST-CLASS RESIdence in West End; good stabling. Would take in part payment two cottages or house built in flats in good locality. Address HOUSE, 'Witness' Office. 25

Summer Board.

A FEW SUMMER BOARDERS CAN BE accommodated at Spring Hill Cottage, Sweetsburg; terms moderate. P. F. FERGUSON. 9

SUMMER BOARDERS WANTED, Plenty of shade trees, and boating and fishing; nice sand beach for bathing. For further particulars, apply to MRS. GRANVILLE HILL, Chebogue Island, Maine. Orchard Cottage, Box. 54. 10

To Let.

TO LET, NO. 31 LORNE AVENUE, Furnished or unfurnished, 12 apartments, h.w. furnace, etc.; immediate possession; moderate rent. THE J. W. MOLSON COMPANY, 101 St. Francois Xavier st.

HOUSE TO LET, FURNISHED OR UNfurnished, close to cars. 211 Prince Arthur street. 11

STORES AND OFFICES, HEATED BY Steam, in the New Building, St. Peter street, between Merchants Bank and 'Witness' Office. Apply to 'Witness' Office. 6

The Boys' Page.

Puzzles.

THE ENTANGLED SCISSORS.

Pass the loop end of a piece of doubled string through one of the bows of a pair of scissors, then pass the opposite ends through the loops, thence through the second bow, and finally tie them round a walking-stick or ruler, as shown in the figure:

The puzzle is to disengage the scissors without untying the cord, or slipping the string off the stick.

If preferred, the ends of the cord may be held by a second person, in which case the use of the stick will be unnecessary.

THE TWO AGES.

Father and son are aged 71 and 34 respectively. At what age was the father three times the age of his son; and at what age will the latter have reached half his father's age?

SQUARE WORD.

To aid—to make a hole—ages—a trial.

BEHEADINGS.

('Youth's Companion.')

I.

I stand as a whole in a churchman's degree;
Behead me, and only to tell you will see;
Behead me again, and I fill you with joy;
Again, and I'm only a lazy schoolboy;
Now a consonant take, and if you are a winner
You will have what I did when I sat down to dinner.

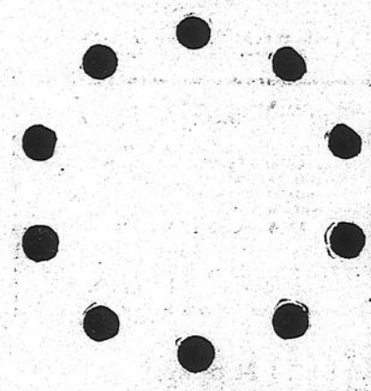
II.

Hurrah for blithesome springtime, when all the grass is one!
We'll all go two, the placid lake is gleaming in the sun.
Our hearts are light, our purses, too, but not one cent we're three,
And not a bird upon the four is half so blithe as we!

Answers to Last Week's Puzzles.

1. CROSSETTE.

Arrange in the form of a circle ten smaller circles (say coins or counters), as

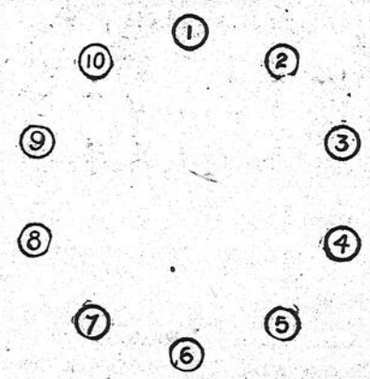


shown in the figure. Starting from any circle you please, and calling such circle 1, the next 2, and so on, strike out the fourth. Then start again from any circle you please, count 1, 2, 3, 4 and strike out the fourth. Proceed as above until all but one have been struck out.

You may count either backwards or forwards. Circles already struck out are to be reckoned in counting, but the count of 'four' must in each case fall upon a circle not already struck out. This puzzle may be most conveniently worked with the aid of 'reversi' counters, which are red on one side and black on the other. Ten of these are arranged in a circle, with the red side uppermost, and as each is 'struck out,' it is turned over, so as to bring the black side uppermost.

Solution: It will be found that unless the experimenter proceeds in accordance with a regular system he will fail, the count of four beginning very soon to fall upon circles already crossed out, and so failing to meet the conditions.

To solve the puzzle, after striking out a given circle, miss three before starting again. Thus, supposing the start to be made from No. 1 (figure):—



No. 4 will in such case be the first to be struck out. Miss three, and start again at 8; No. 1 will then be the one to be struck out. Begin again at 5, and strike out 8.

Again at 2, and strike out 5.
Again at 9, and strike out 2.
Again at 6, and strike out 9.
Again at 3, and strike out 6.
Again at 10, and strike out 3.
Again at 7, and strike out 10.

You have thus struck out nine of the ten circles. It will be observed that you strike out at each round the number with which you started at the previous round.

2. A WEIGHTY MATTER.

With how many weights, and of what denominations, respectively, can you weigh any number of pounds from 1 to 127 inclusive?

Solution: Seven weights are required, of 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, and 64 pounds respectively, together making 127 pounds. It will be found that, by using one, two, or more of these, any weight from 1 to 127 pounds can be weighed.

3. SQUARE WORD.

MUTE
URAL
TALL
ELLA

4. THE FASTING MAN.

How many hard-boiled eggs can a hungry man eat on an empty stomach?

Solution: One only; for after eating one his stomach would no longer be empty.

THAT RIDDLE.

(To the Editor of the Boys' Page.)

Sir,—Would not the word 'thought' be an answer to the riddle you recently published, beginning:

'I paint without color, I fly without wings,
I people the air with most fanciful things.'

The following lines convey the same idea:

'To blind old Milton's rayless orbs
A light divine is given,
And deaf Beethoven hears the hymns
And harmonies of heaven.'

'How fleet is the glance of the mind!
Compared with the speed of its flight
The tempest itself lags behind,
And swift-winged arrows of light.
—Cowper.

JOHN DICKEY.

Yonge Mills.

(To the Editor of the Boys' Page.)

Sir,—I think 'Poet' would be a suitable answer for the riddle sent by Lulu Reichling beginning with 'I paint without color,' in the 'Witness' of June 4. I think if the last two lines are carefully read it will be seen most distinctly that this is the right answer.

A. W. McPHERSON.

Orangeville, Ont.

NOTE.

See the Boys' Page to-morrow for an interesting story by Frank Baird, called 'The Rise and Fall of Tige.'

THE MONTH OF JUNE.

This is the season when boys develop many aches and pains, from working in the garden.

STEAMSHIP TRAVEL.

VACATION TRIPS.
UP THE ST. LAWRENCE.
Steamers PERSIA, OCEAN
MELBOURNE and CUBA.
Low rates until July 1st.—Toronto, $6 single; $10 return.
DOWN THE ST. LAWRENCE.
Steamers CAMPANA, ATLANTIC and BONAVISTA.
Full particulars on application to
W. H. HENRY, Genl. Steamship Agency,
116 St. Peter Street,
Tel. Main 2646. Mechanics' Institute Building.

DOMINION LINE
MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

From Portland.		From Boston. via Queenstown.	
*Roman	June 15	New England	June 19
*Ottoman	" 22	Commonwealth	July 3
Vancouver	" 29	New England	" 17
Dominion	July 6	Commonwealth	" 31
Cambroman	" 13	New England	Aug. 14

*These steamers do not carry passengers.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
Cabin, $50 and upwards.
Second Cabin, $35 and $37.50, according to steamer.
Third Class, $25 and $33, according to steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
Cabin, $75 and upward.
Second Cabin, $45.00 and upward.
Third Class, $28 to all principal points.

For further information, apply to any agents of the Company, or to
DAVID TORRANCE & CO.,
17 St. Sacrament St., General Agents.
Montreal.

ELDER, DEMPSTER
& CO.
ROYAL MAIL STEAMER LINES.
Consisting of 120 Steamers, Aggregating 450,000 Tons.

BEAVER LINE.

Lake Champlain (new) twin screw	9,000 tons
Lake Erie (new) twin screw	9,000 "
Lake Megantic	5,690 "
Lake Simcoe	5,700 "
Lake Superior	5,300 "
Lake Ontario	5,140 "
Lake Michigan (bldg.) twin screw	11,500 "
Lake Manitoba (bldg) twin screw	11,500 "

Regular Weekly Service between
MONTREAL and LIVERPOOL.

From Liverpool		From Montreal.
Tues., May 28	Lake Megantic	Fri., June 14
June 4	*Lake Superior	" " 21
" " 11	Lake Ontario	" " 28
" " 18	†Wassau	" July 5
" " 25	Lake Champlain	" " 12
July 2	Lake Megantic	" " 19
" " 9	*Lake Superior	" " 26
" " 16	Lake Ontario	" Aug. 2

*Lake Superior carries second cabin and steerage passengers only.
†Wassau carries Cabin Passengers only. Rate $40.

SUMMER RATES.
First Cabin—Single, $52.50, and upwards. Round trip, $100.00 and upwards.
Second Cabin—Single, $35.00 and upwards. Round trip, $68.88 and upwards.
According to steamer, location and number of persons in room.
STEERAGE RATES—To Liverpool, London, Londonderry, Glasgow, Belfast, and Queenstown, $24.50 and $26.50.

MONTREAL to BRISTOL.
DEGAMA ..... June 16
*MONTCALM ..... " 23
LYCIA ..... " 30

MONTREAL to LONDON.
MONTENEGRO ..... June 20
MONARCH ..... " 27

ELDER, DEMPSTER & CO.,
6 St. Sacrament St., Montreal.

REFORD AGENCIES.
GLASGOW SERVICE.
From MONTREAL.

SS. AMARYNTHIA	June 12
SS. KASTALIA (cold storage)	June 19
SS. TRITONIA	June 26
SS. LAKONIA (cold storage)	July 3
SS. MARINA (cold storage)	July 10
SS. AMARYNTHIA	July 17

—Agents—
Glasgow: Donaldson Bros.

THOMSON LINE.
Weekly London Service.
From PORTLAND.

*SS. STRATHNEVIS	June 15
*SS. CUMERIA	June 22
*SS. NORDFARER	June 29
*SS. BROOKFIELD	July 6
*SS. ARROYO	July 14

*Chartered.

From MONTREAL.

SS. CERVONA (cold storage)	June 14
SS. FREMONA	June 25
SS. HURONA (cold storage)	July 2
SS. DEVONA (cold storage)	July 9

FOR LEITH.

SS. JACONA	June 25
SS. BELLONA	July 2

*Chartered.

FOR ABERDEEN.

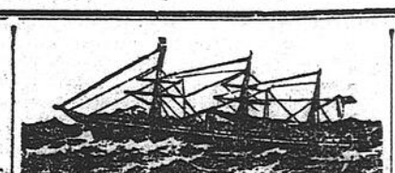
*SS. GLITRA	June 19
SS. ESCALONA	July 5

Chartered.
Agents—Cairns, Young & Noble, Newcastle-on-Tyne: A. Low, Sons & Co., 7 Fenchurch avenue, London, E. C.; W. Thomson & Co., Leith; W. Thomson & Sons, Dundee, Scotland.
COLD STORAGE
Fitted in special steamers of both lines.
LORD LINE.
To Cardiff.
SS. LARNE ..... June 20
Agents—Guthrie, Heywood & Co., Cardiff. Thomas Dixon & Son, Belfast.
THE ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited.
23 and 25 St. Sacrament Street. MONTREAL.

ST. LAWRENCE SS. CO.
Limited.
ROYAL MAIL SS. "ATLANTIC,"
Sails from Montreal, Friday, June 14 at 2 p.m.
Sails from Quebec, Saturday, June 15, at 2 p.m.
GASPE, PERCE and GRANDE RIVIERE and Intermediate Points.
Finest trip imaginable for health, rest, and recreation.
Splendid passenger accommodation, cabins being all on deck, and large and airy.
Freight received at Custom House Basin until noon of sailing day.
For freight and passage apply at Quebec to George M. Webster & Co., 77 Dalhousie street, or to
HENDERSON & TAYLOR,
208 Commissioners street.
Tel. Main 2471. 4

FOR THE WINTER GO TO BERMUDA
From New York, 48 hours by Elegant Steamships weekly. Frost unknown. Malaria impossible.
FOR WINTER TOURS GO TO WEST INDIES
30 days' trip, fifteen days in the tropics. Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices. For further particulars, apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents for Quebec S.S. Co., 39 Broadway, New York, or J. G. BROCK & CO., 211 Commissioners st., Montreal, ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec.

Stationery, &c.
HAVING PURCHASED the Business, Stock-in-trade and Plant of the Estate TIMMIS, NOBLE & CO., we beg to offer several choice lots Blank Books, Journals, Ledgers and office requisites, which will be sold at 50 p.c.
The TIMMIS-NOBLE CO.,
759 CRAIG STREET.



MANCHESTER LINERS
LIMITED.
The only direct and regular steamship line between
CANADA AND MANCHESTER.
It is proposed to despatch the steamers of the line on or about the undermentioned dates:

From Manchester.	Steamer.	From Montreal.
May 24	*MANCHESTER TRADER	June 10
June 3	*MANCHESTER COMMERCE	June 10

*Fitted with cold storage.
Accommodation for a limited number of passengers.
FURNESS LINE
Between Montreal and Antwerp.
SAILING ARRANGEMENTS.

From Antwerp.	Steamer.	From Montreal.
May 25	CEBRIANA	June 15
June 4	EARL	——
June 10	NORTHMAN	——

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.
To Hamburg.

From Hamburg.	Steamer.	From Montreal.
	TEUTONIA	June 11
May 31	AKABA	June 25
June 7	FRISIA	July 1

Through bills of lading granted by any of the above lines to or from any point in
CANADA OR WESTERN STATES.
For rates of Freight and particulars, apply to any Railway Agent, or to
FURNESS, WITHY & CO., Limited, Agents,
44 St. Francois Xavier, st., Montreal, P.Q.

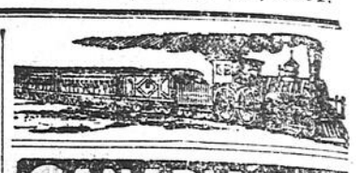
R. & O. RICHELIEU & ONTARIO NAV. CO.
IDEAL ROUTE
—TO—
PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION.
Superb steamers via Thousand Islands, Kingston, Bay of Quinte, Rochester, N.Y. Toronto, Hamilton. Quebec and the Saguenay. Only line running all the St. Lawrence Rapids.
TORONTO-MONTREAL LINE steamers leave on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 11.30 a.m. From June 17th daily, except Sundays.
HAMILTON-MONTREAL LINE steamers leave on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 p.m. Special low rates on this line.
QUEBEC LINE steamers leave daily.
SAGUENAY LINE steamers leave Quebec on Tuesdays and Saturdays at 8 a.m.
R. & O. Hotels, MANOIR RICHELIEU, Murray Bay, P.Q., and HOTEL TADOUSAC, Tadousac, P.Q., now open.
For tickets, state-rooms, etc., apply to Jos. F. Dolan, agent, 128 St. James street (opposite post office).

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP
COMPANY, (Limited).
RIVER AND GULF OF ST. LAWRENCE.
Summer Cruises in Cool Latitudes.
THE WELL and favorably known SS. 'CAMPANA,' 1,700 tons, lighted by electricity, and with all modern comforts, leaves Montreal on Mondays, at 2 p.m., 3rd and 17th June; 1st, 15th and 29th July; 12th and 26th August; 9th and 23rd September, for Pictou, N., S., calling at Quebec, Father Point, Gaspe, Perce, Grand River, Summerside, P.E.I., and Charlottetown, P.E.I.
The finest trip of the season for health and comfort.
ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec.
For freight, passage and Staterooms, apply to
J. G. BROCK & CO., Agents.
211 Commissioners street, city.

OTTAWA RIVER
NAVIGATION COMPANY.
DAILY MAIL LINE STEAMERS
Sundays Excepted.
SOVEREIGN & EMPRESS
BETWEEN
Montreal and Ottawa.
Passengers from Montreal take 8 a.m. train to Lachine to connect with steamer "Sovereign."
Excursions to CARILLON Daily, $1.00.
Take the 5 p.m. train to Lachine for SHOOTING THE RAPIDS.
MARKET BOAT LINES
To Carillon and Intermediate Ports take the Str. DUCHESS OF YORK, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 6 a.m., Canal Basin, foot of Nazareth Street.
For Papineauville, Browns, Montebello, Hawkesbury, etc., take
Str. PRINCESS, Tuesdays and Fridays, at 5.30 p.m. Freight and Passengers carried at lowest rates.
Head Office, 165 Common St.
Telephone Main 1029.
TICKET OFFICES—Four Offices. St. James street: 128, 137, 143 and 178; Windsor Hotel and Grand Trunk Station.

BUFFALO.
Low Rates West to Toronto, St. Catherines & Buffalo.
TORONTO ..... $6.00 single; $10 return
ST. CATHERINES, $6.50 " $11 "
Connecting with Electric Cars and Railways direct to Pan-American Fair.
Steamers PERSIA, OCEAN, CUBA and MELBOURNE.
Sailing Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday.
For particulars apply to
BATTERSBY'S TOURIST AGENCY,
Tel. M., 1307. 178 St. James St.

LINE ETCHINGS,
6c per square inch. Minimum for any single Etching, 50c; drawing extra, if required. Special rates for large quantities.
'WITNESS' PRINTING HOUSE,
Corner Craig and Bleury streets.



CANADIAN PACIFIC
MONTREAL TO
BUFFALO
AND RETURN
$6.00

Good Going	Good Returning
June 17th	June 19th leaving Buffalo
June 21st.	June 24th leaving Buffalo

Every day $10.25 8 days after day of sale
Every day $11.90 15 days including day of sale
Trains leave Windsor St. Station 8.55 a.m. week days and 10 p.m. daily.

Montreal-St. Andrews-by-the-Sea Sleeping Car Service.
Commencing June 25th, and Tuesdays and Fridays thereafter, until further notice, through sleeper will leave Montreal, Windsor St. Station, 8.30 p.m., for St. Andrews-by-the-Sea. Returning, will leave St. Andrews Wednesday, June 26th, and Mondays and Wednesdays thereafter, arriving Montreal 8.35 a.m. following morning.

Through First-class and Sleeping Car Service between Quebec, St. John, N.B., and Halifax, via Megantic.

MONTREAL-PORTLAND SLEEPING CAR SERVICE.
Through sleeper leaves Windsor St. Station 8 p.m. daily, except Saturdays, for Portland, Me.

OLD ORCHARD SERVICE.
Through sleeper will leave Montreal, Windsor St. 8 p.m. daily, commencing June 23rd. Through Parlor Car service week days, commencing June 24th.

ST. AGATHE PARLOR CAR SERVICE.
Lv. Place Viger 1.25 p.m. Saturdays.

CITY TICKET and TELEGRAPH OFFICE, 129 ST. JAMES ST. (next Post Office).

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
BUFFALO
RETURN FARES FROM MONTREAL.

Good Going.	Fare.	Good Returning.
June 17th.	$6.00	June 19th, leaving Buffalo.
June 21st.	$6.00	June 24th, leaving Buffalo.
Every day.	$10.25	8 days after day of sale.
Every day.	$11.90	15 days including day of sale

Excursion Fares from all other stations.
Tickets Valid on All Trains.
UNEQUALLED THROUGH TRAIN SERVICE
Montreal to Buffalo less than 11 hours.

	"International Limited."	Fast Night Express.
Lve. Montreal	9.00 a.m. daily	10.30 p.m. daily
Arr. Buffalo	7.50 p.m. daily	10.45 a.m. daily
Lve. Buffalo	8.00 a.m. daily	7.00 p.m. daily.
Arr. Montreal	7.00 p.m. daily	7.30 a.m. daily.

All trains run via Toronto and Niagara Falls, across Niagara River on Great Steel Arch Bridge.
Cafe Parlor cars on day trains. Pullman Sleeping cars on night trains.
Handsome Illustrated Pan-American Exposition publication furnished free by ticket agent.
Excursion tickets also sold returning by R. & O. N. Co. steamers through 1,000 Islands and St. Lawrence Rapids.

OLD ORCHARD BEACH.
Through sleeping and parlor car service between Montreal and Old Orchard Beach will commence June 23rd.
Excursion tickets now on sale.
City Ticket offices: 137 St. James street. Telephones: Main 460; Main 461; or Bonaventure Station.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 10, 1901, trains will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:
THE MARITIME EXPRESS will leave daily, except on Saturday, at 12.00 noon, for Halifax, N.S., The Sydneys, St. John, N.B., and other points in the Maritime Provinces.
THE MARITIME EXPRESS, from points as above, will arrive at 7.30 p.m., daily, except Monday. On Monday this train will run from Little Metis only.
THE LOCAL EXPRESS will leave daily, except on Sunday, at 7.40 a.m., due to arrive at Levis at 1.00 p.m.; Riviere du Loup at 5.00 p.m.; St. Flavie at 8.00 p.m., and Little Metis at 8.25 p.m.
THE LOCAL EXPRESS will leave Little Metis daily, except Saturday, at 4.25 p.m., due to arrive at Montreal at 6.30 a.m.
THE SEASIDE EXPRESS will leave on Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays at 7.45 p.m.
ACCOMMODATION FOR LEVIS leaves daily, except on Sunday, at 11.30 p.m., due to arrive at Levis at 7.20 a.m., and connecting with accommodation for Campbellton, N.B.
ACCOMMODATION leaves Levis at 11.25 a.m., daily, except on Sunday, due to arrive in Montreal at 10.00 p.m.
ACCOMMODATION FOR NICOLET leaves daily, except Sunday, at 4.30 p.m. Accommodation from Nicolet arrives in Montreal daily, except Sunday, at 10.30 a.m.
Vestibule trains, with luxurious Sleeping and Dining Cars and First-class Coaches on the Maritime Express.
Through Sleeping Cars between Montreal and Halifax.
D. POTTINGER.
General Manager.
Moncton, N.B., June 6, 1901.
H. A. PRICE, Assistant General Passenger Agent, 143 St. James street, Montreal.
JAMES HARDWELL, Assistant General Freight Agent.
130 St. James St., cor. St. Francois Xavier.
City Ticket Agent, 143 St. James street, Montreal.

Cement, Drain Pipes, &c.
DRAIN PIPES,
PORTLAND CEMENTS,
AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
134 McGill Street.

THE DIX HOMESTEAD, GLEN'S FALLS, N.Y., beautifully situated at the foothills of the Adirondacks. Send for circulars; references. G. L. RICHARDSON, Rector, Glen's Falls. HENRY MORTON, 392 Mountain street, Montreal, Que. 6

MOUNTAIN VIEW HOUSE, FOSTER, Que. This well known house on the shores of Brome Lake will be open for guests on June 20th. Boats free. Good bathing and fishing. For terms, address A. KILBURN, Proprietor.

FRANKLIN HOUSE, HIGHGATE SPRINGS, VT. Open June to October. Delightfully located on Lake Champlain. Fine drives, attractive walks, good fishing, golf. Terms reasonable. JUDSON L. SCOTT, Proprietor.

MYRTLE HOUSE, Digby, N.S. Best Tourist Hotel in Digby. Golf and good Bathing within five minutes' walk. Write for Booklet. AUBREY BROWN, Manager.

GROVE COTTAGE, In the Adirondacks. Wadham's Mills, N.Y. Fine Boating, Fishing, Drives and Walks. Reasonable rates. Send for Booklet. J. F. WHITNEY, Prop'r.

CURTIS FARM HOTEL, FORTUNES ROCKS, Me. Send for Booklet. MRS. S. J. CURTIS.

OCEANIC HOUSE, PEAK'S ISLAND, Me. One of the finest locations in Casco Bay, three miles from Portland. Bathing, boating and fishing. Pure spring water. Correspondence solicited.

GASPE BASIN
The Favorite Spot for Health and Sport.
CHARMING RESORT FOR SPORTSMEN AND PLEASURE SEEKERS.
The vicinity affords beautiful Scenery, fine Sea Bathing and unexcelled fishing. Guests have the privilege of salmon and trout fishing in connection with the house
Salmon and Trout Fishing par excellence
BAKER'S HOTEL,
(OPENED JUNE 1st.)
so long and favorably known, offers first-class accommodation for tourists, with all the comforts of home. Before making your plans for your summer outing be sure to write for terms and other information to
BAKER'S HOTEL, Gaspe, Quebec.

Pemaquid, Maine
THE EDGEMERE and BAY VIEW HOUSE,
Near Portland. One of the most beautiful spots on the rocky coast of Maine, to spend a summer vacation. Send for descriptive booklets. W. G. TIBBETTS. 15

ST. LAMBERT, ROOMS TO LET—THREE rooms, unfurnished, facing river, for season only, use of bath room, etc. Apply Mrs. C. T. JOHNSON, cor. Victoria ave. and Front street, St. Lambert.

$4 FOR BOARD AND ROOMS, AT LAKE Louisa Hotel; also, Rooms To Let. Address, I. NEWTON, Louisa, Que.

HOTEL BEAURIVAGE and Cottages, Notre Dame du Portage, Que Near Riviere du Loup, on the I. C. R.
Pleasantly situated on water side; good beach; Croquet and Tennis Lawns, with Verandahs; good boating; charges moderate. ARTHUR LABBE.

ADIRONDACKS, GRAND VIEW FARM.
High elevation, beautiful scenery, pure invigorating air, large rooms. Write for circular and terms. H. I. ARNOLD, Keeseville, N.Y. 11

THE OWEN, Campobello, N. B. On high point on Sea Shore; no hay fever; excellent sailing and deep sea fishing; fine, shady roads for carriages and bicyclers; Golf links, beginning 100 feet from hotel. Terms reasonable. Open early and late in season. I. J. ALEXANDER.

THE BATTLES HOUSE, On LAKE MEMPHREMAGOG.
First-class Bill of Fare. Fine large, airy rooms. Fine Boating, Bathing and Fishing.
For terms, etc., apply to
J. E. TAYLOR, Prop., Magog, P.Q.

THE EASTMAN COTTAGE, OLD ORCHARD, MAINE.
Scenery and climate delightful, every modern improvement, near the surf. Special rates to July 1st.
Write for information, Box 324.

REST For health, rest and recreation go to Abenakis Springs, P.Q. The ideal spot to spend a vacation. Unsurpassed boating, bathing, fishing, country air, woods, fields, river, and the famous Abenakis Mineral Water. For illustrated circular and terms, write R. G. Kimpton, Abenakis Springs, P.Q.

Hatfield House,
MASSENA SPRINGS, N. Y.
Terminus of Grand Trunk. Will open June 15th. Reduced rates for month; $8 to $12 per week. House, first class; waters, specific remedy for wide range of diseases. 16

BROOKSIDE COTTAGE.
Mrs. C. C. BARTLETT, Proprietress.
Eight miles from station; accommodates 12; adults, $4 per week; special rates for children; located in the centre of a beautiful country village; excellent roads for driving and bicycling. Post-office, Redford, N.Y. Those that would like to know more about the place may call on MRS. S. H. FROST, 2424 St. Catherine street, Montreal.

ARE YOU GOING TO THE SEASIDE OR COUNTRY?
The Publishers of the "Witness" have again opened the SUMMER RESORT INFORMATION BUREAU, at the "WITNESS" PRINTING HOUSE, corner of Craig and St. Peter streets, where those contemplating going to a Summer Resort may, at their leisure, look over interesting Booklets, Pamphlets and Cards, descriptive of the leading Summer Resorts of Canada, and the United States. Also time tables of Railways and Steamboats reaching these resorts, together with descriptions of the interesting points along the various routes. This is the oldest newspaper Summer Resort Bureau in Canada. A cordial invitation is extended to all "Witness" readers to consult the Bureau, which is open during regular office hours.

Advertisements.

MY LADY'S TOILET
Is incomplete without the daily use of DR. WHITE'S ELECTRIC COMB. No more hair falling out dandruff or headache. The comb is unbreakable always clean and ready for use, and is sold on a guarantee. Price 40c. Send post card for particulars Dr. White's Electric Comb Agency, 13 St. John St.

KNEIPP-LINEN MESH UNDERWEAR
Approved of and recommended by many Eminent Physicians. The manufacturers of this Underwear have the sol right of using the name KNEIPP.
J. V. CALCUTT,
Cor. Phillips Square and Cathcart St.

Advertisements.

Ceylon and India Tea.

GREEN OR BLACK

The MERIT of the BLACKS has conquered even conservative opposition to change. The GREENS are a REVELATION. Try them.

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS IN BULK OR PACKETS.

BULK GREENS IMPORTED BY

Carter, Galbraith & Co., Laporte, Martin & Cie.,
L. Chaput, Fils & Cie., Ozo Tea Co.

"SALADA" Ceylon Teas are sold in Sealed Lead Packets only. Black, Mixed, Uncolored Ceylon Green. Free Samples sent.
Address "SALADA," Montreal.

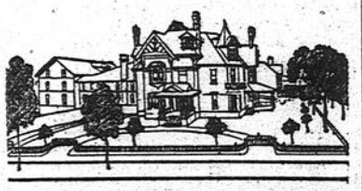
COLLYER & BROCK
Electrical Engineers and Contractors
52 STREET RAILWAY CHAMBERS
Also WIRING & FITTING for PRIVATE HOUSES, Etc.

MANITOULIN & NORTHSHORE RAILWAY.
TENDERS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE MANITOULIN & NORTH SHORE RAILWAY.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at the office of the General Superintendent of the Manitoulin & North Shore Railway Company, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., up to 12 o'clock noon, of the 15th day of June, 1901, for the construction of a section of the the Manitoulin & North Shore Railway from mile 13 to the crossing of the Vermillion River, a distance of about five miles. Plans, profile and specifications, may be seen at the office of the engineer in charge at Sudbury, Ont., or the Chief Engineer, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont. Tenders must be made on printed forms supplied. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., May 27th, 1901.

LEADING SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES



ST. MARGARET'S COLLEGE,
TORONTO.

A Boarding and Day School for girls, in the finest residential part of Toronto.

Full Academic Department
" Musical "
" Art "
" Domestic Science"
" Elocution "
" Physical Culture"

Only teachers of the highest academic professional standing employed.
For Circulars apply to the Secretary.
Mrs. GEORGE DICKSON, Lady Principal.
GEORGE DICKSON, M.A., Director.

ST. ANDREW'S COLLEGE
TORONTO,
A RESIDENTIAL AND DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

Boys prepared for the Universities and the Royal Military College. LARGE STAFF. CAREFUL OVERSIGHT. THOROUGH INSTRUCTION. Re-opens for Autumn term, September 10th, 1901.
For particulars write to
REV. D. BRUCE MACDONALD, M.A., Principal.

Groceries, Provisions, &c.

THE RUSH FOR THE COUNTRY AND SEASIDE IS ON, AND
WALTER PAUL
IS READY FOR IT, with a stock of goods LARGER and BETTER, THAN EVER.
Everything required for
FAMILY USE,
PICNIC PARTIES,
FISHING EXCURSIONS.

All orders carefully packed and promptly delivered. No charge for cartage or packing.
Waggons run along the Lake Shore on Wednesdays and Saturdays, as far as St. Ann's on Saturdays only.
Telephone orders will be sent to any train specified on short notice.
Telephones, Up 1237,
" " 1238.

Bakers and Confectioners.

R. S. AULD,
Cor. Atwater Ave. and St. Antoine St.
Whole Wheat Bread, Fancy Bread, Choice Confectionery and Candies, Boston Brown Bread and Baked Beans on Saturday.
WINNER OF THE SILVER CUP, THE HIGHEST PRIZE FOR CANADA, given by Colonial Bread Show, Sept. 8 to 15, London Eng. Tel. Mt. 13.

GIVE BULLER ... BREAD
A Fair Trial.
D. HARRISON, 1 Dunlop Place,
TEL. MOUNT 386. Westmount.

Cowan's

Queen's Dessert Chocolate,
Chocolate Cream Bars,
Chocolate Ginger,
Chocolate Wafers, Etc.,
AND DELICIOUS CONFECTIONS..

Ask Your Grocer For Them, and You Will Find Them a Rare Treat.

Cancer, Cancer.

Dr. Percy's Anti-Cancer

Is very highly recommended for the Relief and Cure of Cancer, Tumors, Scrofula and Diseases of the Skin. Sufferers are invited to give it a trial. For sale by
J. A. HARTE, Druggist,
1780 Notre Dame St,
Country orders promptly filled.

Begin the Day By Using
Malt Breakfast Food.

The use of Malt Breakfast Food at the morning meal contributes to energy, health and happiness, and enables you to combat successfully with the toils and labors of the day. It is unequalled for the brain worker, and sustains the strength of the muscle user. It is as cheap as ordinary oatmeal, but vastly more nutritious and health-giving. Ask your Grocer for it.

CANADA AT THE EXHIBITION

A SUBSTANTIAL MEAL OFF SAMPLES.

(Correspondence of the 'Witness.')

Buffalo, June 13.—The public seem to be under a misapprehension as to the state in which the Pan-American exhibition now is. Many are under the impression that the exhibits are in a state of chaos, the buildings incomplete, and that this great event of the opening of the twentieth century will not be ready for some time. A visit to the magnificent 'Rainbow City' at Buffalo, with its beautiful buildings, sunken gardens, fountains, statuary and electrical effects will dispel the false impression. The exteriors of the many buildings forming the group have been completed for some time. Within the last two weeks the interiors of the buildings have taken on a new aspect and all the booths are in complete order.

When entering the grounds from the extreme south of the Esplanade and over the magnificent structural conception known as the triumphal bridge, one is dazzled with the splendor and beauty of the architecture that greets the eye. It seems as though one has been suddenly transported from our modern cities to the palaces and surroundings of some old city of Mexico or Spain, the Spanish renaissance being predominant in the architecture of the buildings. Crossing the esplanade to the left, one enters the Colonades leading to the Mine Building, which is a most interesting rendezvous for those whose tastes turn to the study of mineralogy. Canada is well represented here with an extensive exhibit from the Province of Ontario. From this building through conservatories we reach the Horticultural building, in which all the exhibits are completed. Passing out of this building to the Graphic Arts building, an educational as well as interesting display is seen, including printing and lithography, showing its evolution during the past century, all the exhibits being complete. Coming out of the Graphic Arts building, the beautiful Temple of Music looms up to our right and the tones of the superb $15,000 organ is floating through the portals of the artistically-decorated arched doorways. Here the best organists in the country play daily, and professional band concerts are given on the large stage that has been erected in this building for the purpose. The interior decorations of this building are a dream, and hours can be spent here in thorough enjoyment.

All the exhibits in the Machinery and Transportation building are in place and and it is now one of the most interesting places to visit, with its many mechanical devices, its autotmobiles, its steam yachts, naphtha and steam launches, bicycles, in fact, as regards transportation, there is everything from a rowboat to an ocean steamship, and from a baby carriage to the great vehicle of the horseless age. Here also can be seen the great inventions of the age in all machinery and mechanical creations of the twentieth century. The exhibits of the Canadian transportation companies are situated in this building, and are most attractive, the Grand Trunk Railway system exhibit being particularly fine, many words of praise being heard on every side from the thousands of people who daily pass along the aisles. Directly opposite to the Machinery and Transportation building, on the north side of the Mall, is the Electricity building, in which all the latest developments of the electrical world are shown, and crossing the Court of Fountains to the east, the Manufactures and Liberal Arts building is found. A slight conception of the size of this building can be formed by knowing that it has a breadth of 350 feet and a length of 500 feet. All of this space has been taken up, and the divers booths are in complete order, making one of the most interesting collections of exhibits. To many people this building will be the greatest attraction, covering in its scope the manufactures from all parts of the western hemisphere. Nearly every booth is distributing a souvenir of some kind, from a watch charm in the shape of a pickle, to miniature bags of flour. One can almost get a substantial meal from soup to dessert without cost by walking through this building and sampling the many condiments and edibles exhibitors offer. The agricultural building at the north of the liberal arts is also an objective point for great crowds, and the many exhibits from all parts of South America, Mexico and the several states of the union are artistically arranged and create the most favorable comment. The Manitoba exhibit, situated in this building, is particularly fine, Near the Agricultural building, and just to the south of the stadium, is situated the Canadian building, which draws crowds of people daily. The decorations and general arrangement of the exhibits are most artistically executed, and will favorably appeal to visitors who are looking for information about the Dominion. The Stadium is situated in the northeastern part of the grounds and covers several acres. Athletic sports and games are held here almost daily. The exterior dimensions nearly equal those of the famous Coliseum at Rome, and the seating capacity accommodates 10,000 people. The United States government building is a source of great interest, with its aquarium, exhibits from the War Department, Department of Justice, Navy Department, Department of the Interior, and national museums.

The grounds are paved with brick and asphalt, and are in perfect order. The tout-ensemble of the exhibition presents a scene of unexampled beauty and interest, and the present time is the most opportune to see it, when all the exhibits are fresh and attractive. There is no place in the world where people may wish to spend their time in pleasure and sight-seeing that will equal this colossal exhibition. The Midway is in full blast, and merits the high encomiums that have been given it.

As to the illuminations at night, words cannot picture the gorgeous effects and beauty that greet one when the electric current is turned on, and the impression grows on a person more and more that a new world has been discovered and you have been transported into the enchanted grounds of a castle in fairyland.

Everyone who has seen the illuminations agreed that nothing in the world so magnificent and gorgeous has ever been before. No one should miss the Pan-American Exhibition, and our advice is to go early.

KING'S DAUGHTERS' SUMMER CRECHE.

In acknowledging the appended list of further subscriptions and donations, the united circles gratefully recognize the widespread interest in, and generous response to their appeal for support of the work they have undertaken. The unsectarian and practical character of the work is being more fully appreciated as it becomes better known. It is indeed unique in its special features, and in no way antagonistic, but rather supplementary, to existing charities, and the ladies in charge of it feel encouraged in thinking that a benevolent public, upon whom they rely for the money to carry it on, will not allow the work to stop short of full accomplishment for lack of means, of which about half the estimated requirement is now in hand.

In order to afford everyone an opportunity of seeing for themselves the scope and aim of the Creche, the ladies have arranged an 'opening day' for Tuesday afternoon, June 18, when the committee will be pleased to see all interested in the cause, explain the work, and tender such informal hospitality as the house affords, and they take this means of extending a most cordial invitation to all lady and gentleman friends. The house is No. 113 St. Catherine Road, Outremont, situated in its own grounds at the corner of Bellingham Road, the location being indicated by a sign easily seen from the cars.

Cash Subscriptions—Mr. and Mrs. Kingman, $15; Mrs. Hugh McLennan, $10; Mr. Bartlett McLennan, $10; Miss J. C. McLennan, $10; Miss A. McLennan, $10; Mr. G. P. Butters, $10; 'Faithful Circle,' $10; 'St. Paul's Church Circle,' $7; Mrs. Boxer, $5; Mrs. A. F. Gault, $5; Mr. W. G. Cheney, $5; Mrs. Cheney, $5; Mr. E. G. Atwater, $5; Mr. Chas. Blackman, $5; Mrs. Chas. Blackman, $5; Miss M. A. Atwater, $5; Mrs. E. F. Ames, $5; Miss Ames, $5; Mrs. Jeffrey Burland, $5; Mrs. Learmont, $5; Mrs. S. M. Baylis, $5; Mrs. McLachlan, $5; Mr. George Hague, $5; Mrs. M.A. Bigelow, $5; Mrs. C. R. Hosmer, $5; Mrs. E. N. Heney, $5; Mrs. King, $5; 'Henrietta,' $5; Mrs. M. D. Sutherland, $5; J.S.C., $5; Mrs. John Murphy, $5; Mrs. O. S. Corse, $4; Mrs. Brock, $3; Mrs. Cheney, $2.50; 'Happy Circle Busy Workers, $2.25; Mrs. Alex. McDougall, $2; Mrs. A. R. Griffith, $2; Miss M. A. Weaver, $2; Mrs. Fred. Brush, $1.50; Mrs. H. Redpath, $1; Mrs. Busby, $1; Mrs. C. R. Childs, $1; Mrs. E. Dumaresq, $1; Mrs. A. Douglass, $1; Mrs. Francis McLennan, $1; total, $222.25; previously acknowledged, $268.25; grand total $490.50.

Donations in kind—Zeph. Bolleau, florist, two hanging baskets flowers; W. Rutherford & Sons, one load kindling; Haycock & Dudgeon, one piece purple ribbon; Mr. Hall, florist, plants; R. B. Hall & Son, barley and rice; Mrs. Boyd, tricycle and toys; Dora and Hilda Baylis, tricycle; J. M. M. Duff, tent.

The treasurer, Miss Brock, 219 Milton street, will thankfully receive further subscriptions and acknowledge them in the 'Witness.'

LACHINE COUNCIL

A NEW SHOE FACTORY TO BE OPENED.

At the meeting of the Lachine Council on Wednesday night, the Mayor, Mr. Jos. A. Descarries, K.C., presiding, the chief of police, Mr. Martin, formally tendered his resignation, which was accepted.

The contract with Messrs. Clement Lafleur & Co., boot and shoe manufacturers, which has been under consideration for some time past, was confirmed, and it is understood the firm whose factory in St. Henri was recently destroyed by fire, will commence operations at once. The company will take possession of the land and building formerly belonging to Silver Shoe Company, which has been ceded to them by the town on condition that they employ fifty persons and pay out $20,000 in wages annually. No bonus or exemption from taxes has been granted.

CITY EMPLOYS A THIEF.

A man named Aime Charbonneau, formerly a carter in the Fire and Light Department, was yesterday afternoon sentenced to six weeks in jail by Mr. Lafontaine for the theft of a number of iron gas posts, the property of the city. The posts, which had been taken from a yard off Gosford street, had been sold by Charbonneau, at a second-had store, where they were located by Detectives Brophy and Gallagher, who had charge of the case.

Advertisements.

What is
CASTORIA

Castoria is for Infants and Children. Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. Castoria assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels of Infants and Children, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

Castoria.
"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, *Lowell, Mass.*

Castoria.
"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D. *Brooklyn, N. Y.*

THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF
Chas. H. Fletcher.
APPEARS ON EVERY WRAPPER.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

THE DOMINION BURGLARY GUARANTEE CO.,
(LIMITED,)
No. 181 ST. JAMES STREET,
Insurance Against Burglary

Parties who purpose going to the Sea Shore or Country for the summer months should take out a policy covering the contents of their dwellings against loss or damage by burglary.

Houses insured with us, and left vacant, are visited periodically by our staff of Special Constables.

Rates and full information on application.

CHAS. W. HAGAR,
Tel. Main 1234. General Manager.

ROOFING.—Sparham Fireproof Cement Roof
Protected by Trade Mark and Patent.
The Only Reliable Roof for our climate—20 years' proof.
.....ADVANTAGES.....
FIREPROOF. No gravel to fill drains or spouts. Smooth, snows blow off it. Any defect located at once, easily repaired.
Roofs guaranteed 10 years / Roofs guaranteed 5 years } Prices accordingly.
GUARANTEE.
A guarantee is worth only what is behind it to give it value. THE SPARHAM FIREPROOF ROOFING COMPANY, capital $60,000, gives written guarantee with the roof, and that is substantial.
Apply 300 ST. JAMES STREET.
THE SPARHAM FIREPROOF ROOFING CO'Y.
W. L. MALTBY, Man. Director. CAMPBELL & GILDAY, Agents.

BIBLE GLEANINGS.

FRIDAY, JUNE 14.

THE GLORY OF JESUS.

This is twofold. First, the unfolding of the glory and greatness which belong to Deity. Second, the honor and beauty of the twofold nature of Christ. The first, believers shall see. Jesus prayed that His disciples might behold His glory. (John xvii., 24.) The second, believers shall share; when He shall be manifested, then they will be conformed to His glory. (Phil. iii., 21.) If they rejoice now, how much greater will be the joy of seeing Jesus as He is, and of being like Him. (I. John iii., 2.) Grace prepares and fits for glory. Grace is the bud and glory the flower. Moses had seen God's way and desired to see His glory. Paul longed to be with Christ to behold a greater glory than that which blinded him on the way to Damascus. John looked for the appearing of Christ in His glory, and Peter bids believers to hope perfectly for the revealing of Christ from heaven. (I. Peter i., 23.) Desiring to see Jesus will bring the vision of glory. What a scene awaits us at the first sight of Him, whom having not seen we love. A dying mother was told: 'You will see Charley soon,' a beloved son. She answered: 'I shall want to see my Saviour first.'

The doing of the will of God is more than a passive quiescence in in it; it is the furtherance of that which it contemplates and enjoins, in definite acts.'—The Rev. John Marshall Lang, D.D.

So nigh is grandeur to our dust,
So near is God to man,
When duty whispers low, 'Thou must,'
The soul replies, 'I can.'
—Emerson.

READABLE PARAGRAPHS.

GROTESQUE SPELLING.

One of the Boston papers calls attention to this woeful example of bad spelling—and in Boston, too! It is from the doorway bulletin of a little restaurant:

Bill of Fair.
Open at all Owars.
Bakon-Eggs, 15. Ham-Eggs, 15.
Corned-Beef-Cabbage, 10.
Lam Chops, 15. Lam Frie, 15. Stake, 10.
Liver-Baken, 15. Pork-Beas, 10.
Chicken Frize, 15.
Puden and Pie, 5.

This reminds the Tales of the Town man of a sign he saw not long ago in the window of a Broadway saloon: 'A ror oster wit evry Drink.'

Several months ago there was an announcement laboriously chalked on a St. Clair street sidewalk in front of a beer refectory which read like this: 'Fre lunge 11 2 2.'

It took the man who saw this some time to figure out that the patron who didn't drop in between 11 o'clock and 2 o'clock would be very apt to miss the free lunch. —Cleveland 'Plain Dealer.'

THE LITTLE OLD SPINET.

Do you see the little spinet standing in the corner there?
Great-grandmother loved to play it when she was a maiden fair,
Sunbeams through the window twinkle, flick'ring on its yellow keys,
And we almost hear the tinkle of the old time melodies.

Great-grandmother gowned in silk, with high heeled slippers, dainty lace,
Sat there, while a smile of pleasure lighted up her fair, young face;
From without the rose scent lingers, drifting on the summer breeze,
While she plays with fairy fingers all the old time melodies.

And the little spinet waits her patiently these long, long years,
Till its mellow voice is broken, harsh, and has the sound of tears,
Yet it seems the sunbeams straying, flick'ring on its yellowed keys,
And her fairy fingers playing all the old time melodies!
—Mary Small Wagner in 'Optimist.'

Suburbanite—'You've got a new baby at your house, I hear?' Townite—'Dear me! can you hear it away out there in the suburbs.'

Advertisements.

RICE'S STUDIO,
2261 ST. CATHERINE STREET.
Beautiful Portraits. Latest and most Artistic Finishes. New Mountings.
Telephone Up. 2472.

NEW PICTURES,
FOR THE SPRING TRADE.
NEW MOULDINGS and FRAMES Cheaper than ever.
G. W. WILLSON & SON,
Manufacturers of Mouldings and Frames
688 Craig St., Next door to the 'Witness' Office.

THE LAKE OF THE WOODS MILLING COMPANY, Limited.
Mills at Keewatin and Portage La Prairie, Manitoba.
CAPACITY, 3,500 BARRELS DAILY.
Eastern Office,
No. 10 C.P.R. Telegraph Building, St. Francois Xavier St.

CLEANING DAINTY LACE.
It needs skill and care and right kind of experience to clean costly and delicate lace. All this is embodied in the equipment of these works.
R. PARKER & CO.,
Dyers and Cleaners,
1958 Notre Dame st., Montreal, Que.
Phones: Bell (Main) 1597. (Merchants 23.)

KODAKS.
We have a fine line of Kodaks. Prices are right from $1.00 up. We do all Printing, Developing and Mounting, and do it nicely.
ART & PHOTO EMPORIUM, 1822 Notre Dame St., MONTREAL. } Correspondence Solicited.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

Serviceable Steel and Iron Rails.

Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the outside "Tender for Rails," will be received until MONDAY, JUNE 24TH, 1901, from persons wishing to purchase the whole or any part of the following:

3,520 tons of used Steel Rails and fastenings.

These rails weigh about fifty six pounds a yard, and can be seen along the Railway between Sydney and Point Tupper.

Also 700 tons of used Iron Rails and fastenings.

These rails weigh about thirty eight pounds a yard, and can be seen along the Prince Edward Island Railway.

The steel rails will be delivered free of freight charges at any station of the Intercolonial Railway, and the iron rails will be delivered free of freight charges at any station of the Prince Edward Island Railway.

Payment must be made in cash on delivery.

Tenders must state the price per gross ton, also the place and time that delivery will be taken.

The Department will not be bound to accept the highest or any tender.

D. POTTINGER
Railway Office, General Manager.
Moncton, N. B., 10th June, 1901.

BURNING BUNIONS.

FOOT ELM soothes a bunion, takes out inflammation, and gives ease and rest to the poor, sore foot. It is the best foot doctor you ever knew. Price, 25 cents a box. All druggists, or by mail, STOTT & JURY, Bowmanville, Ont.

THE

Way We Clothe You In Summer Attire.

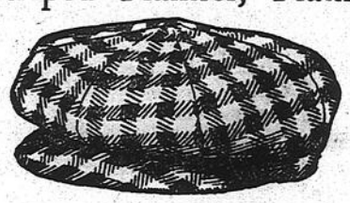
There is no store in Canada, and we might truly say in America, that carries such a variety of Men's Clothing suitable for all occasions. In this advertisement we wish to particularly draw your attention to our stock of

SUMMER CLOTHING

For BUSINESS, OUTING, TENNIS, GOLF, CRICKET, CYCLING, BOATING, and Outdoor Enjoyment.

You can dress yourself tastefully and economically here and look as well as those who spend three times the amount for their outfits.

Light Coats and Trousers to match, in Gray Striped Flannel; Navy Blue, Striped Flannel, Plain White Flannel and Twilled Serge; White Coat and Trousers, White Duck Coats, Navy Blue Serge Coats, White Duck Trousers, Fancy Summer Vests, Caps, Belts, Summer Neckwear, Golf Hose, Suspenders, Soft Knockabout Hats, and a fine variety of Straw Hats. Read over our Prices and take note of our values.



Men's Summer Clothing.

Everything Desirable for Summer Wear.

MEN'S LINEN AND CRASH COATS, at $1.00 and $1.25.

MEN'S BLACK ALPACA COATS, at $1, $1.25, $1.50, $2 and $2.50.

MEN'S GREY ALPACA COATS, at $1.25, $1.50 and $3.00.

MEN'S FANCY ALPACA COATS from $1.75 to $3.50.

MEN'S WHITE DUCK COATS, at $1, $1.50 and $1.75.

MEN'S BLUE SERGE COATS, unlined, at $1.50 and $2.50.

MEN'S NAVY AND BLACK SERGE COATS, made double breasted, half lined, at $4.

MEN'S ALPACA COAT AND VEST, in neat stripes, at $3.

MEN'S BLACK SERGE COATS AND VESTS, unlined, just right for street wear, at $5.

MEN'S LONG WAREHOUSE COATS, in Brown and Black, at $1.50 and $2.00.

MEN'S OUTING SUITS, in White Duck (coat and pants), $3; with double-breasted coat, $3.25.

MEN'S YACHTING SUITS, Navy Blue Serge Coats, double or single breasted, with White Duck Pants, from $4 to $5.50.

MEN'S STRIPED TENNIS SUITS, at $2.50, $3 and $3.50, as illustration on top.

MEN'S OUTING SUITS (Coat and Pants), in All Wool Imported Flannel, Navy Blue and Grey, with White stripes, at $5.50 and $6.

MEN'S WHITE SERGE OUTING COAT AND PANTS, tailor made, at $7.50 per suit.

MEN'S STRIPED TENNIS TROUSERS, at $1.25 and $1.50.

MEN'S WHITE DUCK TROUSERS, at $1.25 and $1.50.

One lot of over 40 dozen Imported Summer Vests, bought from a wholesale firm, to be sold at less than regular wholesale prices, at $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.

SUMMER SHIRTS.

MEN'S SILK FRONT SHIRTS, at 75c.

MEN'S WHITE SHIRTS, with colored woven Zephyr fronts, at 75c.

MEN'S ZEPHYR SHIRTS, fancy striped and checked, soft bosoms, cuffs separate or attached, $1 each.

MEN'S SOFT FINISHED SILK SHIRTS at $1.75.

MEN'S COLORED CAMBRIC SHIRTS, soft or laundered bosoms, at $1.00 each.

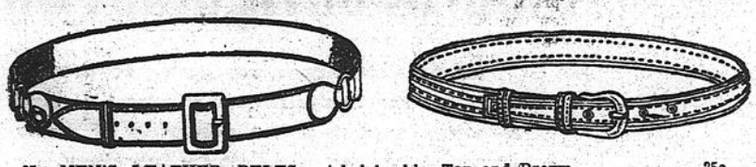
MEN'S FINE WOVEN IMPORTED ZEPHYR SHIRTS, laundered, with short bosoms, at $1.25 each.

Also a full line of SOFT SHIRTS, collar attached, in Oxfords and Silk striped.

FLANNELETTES, at 75c, $1 and $1.25 each.

MONTREAL BELT LINE

Is not in it with our line. We have all the newest and latest styles and improvements. To meet the growing demand for these goods—we bought largely direct from the best American and Canadian makers.



25c—MEN'S LEATHER BELTS, nickel buckle, Tan and Brown 25c

35c EACH—MEN'S LEATHER BELTS, nickel buckle or strap fastener, in Brown, Tan and Russet, each 35c

40c—MEN'S OOZE AND GLAZED LEATHER BELTS, nickel mounts, in Tan, Brown, Chocolate, Grey and Olive 40c

50c—MEN'S LEATHER BELTS (the best American and Canadian goods at this popular price, in Pebble, Black Glazed and Ooze Calf, all widths, both nickel and covered buckles, in Tan, Olive, Grey, Russet and Chocolate. 50c

50c—MEN'S LEATHER BELTS. 2½ inches wide, gusset pocket, Tan and Russet 50c

75c—MEN'S LEATHER BELTS, the finest range ever shown in Montreal, comprising the new widths and styles, from the narrow Rein Belt to the wide, regular width, in Pebble, Ooze, Dull Leather and Patent Leather; colors: Red, Brown, Dark Red, Black, Tan, Grey, Chocolate, Olive and Russet 75c

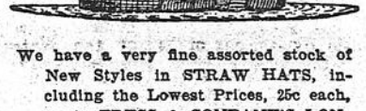
$1.00 TO $1.50—MEN'S LEATHER BELTS, in 1 in., 1¼ in., 1½ in., 4 rows stitching, nickel or gilt fringe, in Ooze Calf, Pebble or Dull Finished Leather; colors: Fawn, Drab, Slate, Brown and Black.

BOYS' LEATHER BELTS 10c, 15c, 25c, 35c

BOYS' ELASTIC BELTS, Snake Fastener 10c, 20c, 25c

MEN'S ELASTIC BELTS, Snake Fasteners ..... 20c and 25c

Men's Straw Hats



We have a very fine assorted stock of New Styles in STRAW HATS, including the Lowest Prices, 25c each, up to TRESS & COMPANY'S LONDON HATS, in Fine Soft Straw, Fedora Shape, at $3.00 each.

MEN'S PLAIN SAILOR SHAPE, at 25c, 50c and 75c.

MEN'S ROUGH BRAID, New Shape, at $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50.

New 3 Deck Rims, in Rough Braid Straws, at $2.25 each.

MEN'S FEDORA SHAPE STRAW HATS, at $1.25 each.

MEN'S LINEN CRASH, Fedora Shape, at 75c each.

BOYS' STRAW HATS, 25c upwards.

BOYS' TWEED and SERGE CAPS, neat checks, and Plain Navy Blue, at 15c and 25c.

MEN'S CYCLING, BOATING and OUTING CAPS, in every style, 25c to 57c each.

SOFT NOCK-ABOUT HATS, for evening or Holiday Wear, in Black, Navy, Brown, Tan, Slate and Light Pearl Grays, 50c to $1.50 each.

Also a fine stock of SOFT HATS, in Pearl Gray, $1.25 up to $2.50 each.

Men's Bicycle Hose.

MEN'S BICYCLE HOSE, in Plain Grey or Shetland, turned tops, 25c a pair.

MEN'S BICYCLE HOSE in Black or Navy, Cashmere or Worsted, 50c pair.

MEN'S BICYCLE HOSE, Imported Goods, in Heather Mixed, Drab Mixed, Fawn, Dark Grey and Fancy Checks, with Fancy Tops, at 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 to $2.25 pair.

Men's Bicycle Suits.

MEN'S BICYCLE SUITS in Navy Blue Serge at $4.00.

MEN'S BICYCLE SUITS in Checked Tweed, at $4.50 and $5.00.

MEN'S BICYCLE SUITS, in Checked Tweed and Plain Grey Homespuns, at $5.50 and $6.00.

MEN'S BICYCLE SUITS in extra good quality Scotch Tweed, in neat checks, at $6.50 and $7.00.

ODD KNICKERS FOR GOLF OR CYCLING, at $1.10 a pair up to $4.00.

SPECIAL SUITS MADE TO ORDER ON SHORT NOTICE.

Men's Summer Neckwear.

We have all the NEWEST STYLES IN LIGHT COLORED WASHABLE GOODS, and the lowest prices and best values ever offered.

Here are a few prices:

WHITE CAMBRIC AND FANCY COLORED STRIPES, SPOTS AND CHECKS, at 25c per dozen, in String Ties to make Bows.

OXFORD OR STRING TIES to make up in Bow Ties, new patterns, 50c per dozen, as they come assorted, or your choice, 4 for 25c.

FINER LINE OF WOVEN ZEPHYR, to make in Bows or Small Derbys, at 10c each, 3 for 25c.

OXFORD WASHABLE TIES, neat new Stripes and Checks, at 15c, or 2 for 25c.

WHITE PIQUE FOUR-IN-HANDS OR DERBYS. Special value, as they were bought at 20c on the English shilling. Price without duty, only 5c each.

BETTER QUALITY, FINE WHITE PIQUE, at 10c, or 3 for 25c.

WHITE PIQUE, in WIDE FLOWING END TIES, at 15c each, or 2 for 25c.

ASSORTED STRIPES AND CHECKS, WASHABLE WOVEN ZEPHYRS, Wide Ends, at 15c, or 2 for 25c.

WHITE LAWN PUFFS, MATTALASSE and COLORED PUFFS, at 15c, or 2 for 25c.

Another lot of FINE COLORED CAMBRIC and OXFORD BOWS, with Neckband, at 15c, or 2 for 25c.

SILK BOWS, with Band or to Hook on Stud, large variety, 2 for 25c.

FINE FOULARD SILK HANDKERCHIEF BORDERED WIDE END TIES, at 25c each, new shape.

NEW WHITE PIQUE DERBYS, with Colored Stripe down centre, at 25c each.

NEW WIDE END BOW, to hook on, as shown in illustration, large variety, only 25c each. Equal to those sold at 50c.

Also a full stock of finer goods in Silks and Satins, DERBYS and FLOWING ENDS.

SEE OUR CORNER CRAIG STREET WINDOW.

COME IN AND EXAMINE THE GOODS. BOTH STORES OPEN TILL 9 and 11 p m. SATURDAYS.

Allan's

Corner of CRAIG and BLEURY STREETS, and 2299 ST. CATHERINE STREET.

Between McGill College Ave. and Mansfield Street

MANY ATTENDED

LEADING CITIZENS HONORED THE BIRTHDAY OF MR. CHARLES ALEXANDER.

There was a large attendance of prominent citizens in the Board of Trade rooms yesterday afternoon on the occasion of the presentation of an address to Mr. Charles Alexander in recognition of his long, useful and exemplary life in this city. Most of the subscribers to the address mentioned in yesterday's 'Witness' were present, and many others.

On motion of Mr. James Crathern, Mr. Henry Miles, president of the Board of Trade, was called to the chair. In the unavoidable absence of the Mayor, Mr. Miles said he was pleased to occupy the position, and in the name of the people of Montreal to welcome and honor Mr. Alexander in acknowledgment of the great good he had done. If the meeting had been publicly announced the Exchange hall would not, he was sure, be near large enough to hold the crowd which would have been present. He scarcely knew of a charitable organization with which Mr. Alexander was not connected.

Mr. William Drysdale was called upon to explain the object of the meeting, and read letters of regret. He had received over a hundred and fifty such letters, including those from Mayor Prefontaine, Messrs. Hugh A. Allan, Hugh Graham, David Morrice, William Boyd, Isaac L. Gibb, the Rev. Dr. Mackay, Judge Desnoyers, etc. He had these letters affixed to the pages of a large morocco-bound album, which would be presented along with the address to Mr. Alexander. The meeting was impromptu, and its only object was to do honor to Mr. Alexander.

The Hon. Senator Drummond was asked to present the address. In doing so he expressed his pleasure at being present. He had known Mr. Alexander many years. He was a keen and earnest worker in every charitable cause.

Mr. Alexander was greeted with applause on rising to reply. He said:

'On this my eighty-fifth birthday words fail me to express the gratitude I feel for these kind words of appreciation of what one has done for many years of a helpful character in trying to make others cheerful and happy. Whatever we have been helped to do, we attribute all to that infinite loving Father of all, "in whom we live, move and have our being." Whatever of life is before me, I desire to spend it to the praise of him whose good will has spared me so long. Dear friends, this address will be an heirloom in my family, and I trust will be an incentive to them to be of use to others.' He wished to be excused from making a long speech, as the event had come unexpectedly to him. It would take long to say all he would like to say.

Mr. Alexander was visibly affected by the presentation and addresses.

Mr. Justice Curran, being called on to speak, said that Montreal had had many citizens of whom it had good reason to be proud, but they had never gathered round any one gentleman with more unanimity of feeling than on the present occasion. There had never been an occasion when men of all races and creeds, and of diverse opinions, had worked so heartily together as they were doing that day in tendering their sincerest congratulations to one who had made himself the friend of all. Wherever there was good to be done; wherever there was a noble work to be achieved, there Mr. Alexander was found. The section of the community to which he (the speaker) belonged had just as sincere respect for Mr. Alexander as the noble race from which he (Mr. Alexander) had sprung, and which had done so much for this Canada of ours. (Applause.)

The Hon. Louis Beaubien touched briefly on Mr. Alexander's philanthropy, and said that he had set a noble example for the young men to follow.

The Rev. Canon Ellegood spoke of his half century's acquaintance with Mr. Alexander, a citizen of whom Montreal might well be proud. He had done a good work, and might he long be spared to continue it.

On motion of Mr. Richard White, seconded by Mr. James Crathern, the chairman, the Hon. Senator Drummond and the secretary, were authorized to organize a committee and call a meeting to consider what further steps should be taken to mark the occasion.

Thanks were tendered those who had assisted in drawing up the address, and a vote of thanks was also accorded the Board of Trade for the use of the Exchange Hall.

The chairman announced that the matter of a more substantial memento of Mr. Alexander's work would have early attention. Just what form this will take has not yet been definitely decided. Several proposals are under consideration.

FIRE AT ST. EUSTACHE.

THE FIRE ENGINE WAS OUT OF ORDER.

The Globensky manor-house at St. Eustache was entirely destroyed by fire yesterday morning, together with all its outbuildings, except one shed. The fire was discovered at 8.30 a.m., and an alarm was given. The firemen of the municipality brought up their only available instrument, a hand-pump, the steam fire engine not being in working order. With this insufficient equipment they were unable to do anything but save the shed, and two neighboring buildings, to which the fire spread. The piano, and some of the most valuable of the manor-house furniture were saved. The loss is estimated at about $20,000. The cause of the fire is unknown.

FARMERS' EXCURSION.

The Huntingdon Agricultural Society has arranged for an excursion to visit the Experimental Farm at Ottawa, on June 20, via the Grand Trunk and N. Y. & O. Railways. The train will leave St. Isidore Junction at seven a.m.; St. Martin's Junction at 7.22; Huntingdon at 8.09; Bombay at 9.02, and is due to arrive at Ottawa at 11.20 a.m. The special train returning will leave Ottawa at six p.m.

THE LEPERS OF CENTRAL AFRICA

The Rev. Norman Russell, of the Canadian Presbyterian Mission, writing in 'Without the Camp,' thus describes the condition of the lepers:

Bent, decrepit and diseased, with haggard, pain-worn faces, and clothed in miserable rags, some crawling on hands and knees, some staggering along on crutches which they are hardly able to hold, they are to be seen on every crowded thoroughfare, at the gates of the temples, or on the market place of all our larger cities in Central India.

One has to conquer repulsion even to stop and talk with them, for they are still more forbidding at nearer sight. The black, glazed stumps from which the toes have been rotted away, the maimed hands in all stages of decay, some with the first joints gone, some without fingers at all, and worse, the festering sores, bound with dirty rags, the scarred, decayed faces and blinded eyes—oh how the weight of human suffering and human misery presses upon one's soul, as he realizes the terrible condition of the lepers.

With their fatalistic ideas, and the doctrine of transmigration the Hindus regard the leper as suffering the just result of his sin, either in this life or in some previous existence, and so no hand is outstretched to help him.

In the city of Ujjain (Central India), where they congregate in such large numbers on account of its being a holy city, their haunts are the shallow alcoves down by the river side, through whose unprotected openings the damp mist pours in during the rainy season, and on whose inhospitable floors with nothing to cover them but their thin cotton rags they have to spend the long nights in the cold season. . . . . We may not be able to cure them, but we can lighten their sufferings, make life brighter and bring them hope and joy for the life to come. We can gather them into homes, and surround them with the Christ life; we can segregate and save their children; we can do with them as Christ did, and thus only shall the leper problem be solved.

There seems a peculiar hunger on the part of these poor souls for the Christ message, and a readiness to receive it that is almost phenomenal. In two of our stations something has been done for them. Especially at Ujjain they have been helped at the Mission Hospital with food and clothing, and taught daily in the Word.

I remember well when the first applicants from among them were received for baptism. I was one of those who had the privilege of examining them. Strong and clear were their testimonies and unfaltering their faith in the Christ whose followers were the only ones who had ever reached out to them the hand of love. The persistency with which these converts, dull witted on account of their disease, pored over their letters till they learned to read, their regularity at church service, their reverence for their Bibles, which they would wrap up so carefully in what little cloth they had to spare, their desire to proclaim the message and have others share in their joy were sure signs that labor had not been spent on them in vain.

As yet, however, we have no hospital in Central India, into which these poor sufferers can be gathered, nor is there any near enough to be of use even if it had room for the many who require help and shelter in our midst. There are in Central India, probably 5,000 lepers without a single place of refuge; they are still using the alcoves or sleeping out on the stones. The plan of 'The Mission to Lepers' is too well known to require me to advocate the advantages of segregating those people and their children. Nothing could be more ideal for the purpose than the neat and inexpensive leper hospitals erected in many parts of India by this mission. Here they are fed and clothed, cared for, and instructed in the Gospel. Many and blessed are the touching incidents told in the history of these homes, of the souls brought to Christ, their earnestness and faithfulness. For instance, in one of these the story was lately told of how, when the agent of the Bible Society was visiting the asylum, the poor lepers went without food for a whole day that they might be able to give him something to spread the Gospel among their less fortunate countrymen.

Mr. Russel is anxious that an asylum should be put up in Central India. It would be supervised by the missionaries on the spot, those of the Canadian Presbyterian Mission, and financed by the Mission to Lepers.

The Mission to Lepers in India and the East is the only agency devoting its whole energy to work among lepers. It is endeavoring to deal with the leper problem by segregating the sufferers, caring for them and giving them Christian teaching. It is now at work at sixty-two stations in India, Ceylon, Burmah, China, Japan and Sumatra.

It works in connection with twenty-two different Protestant missionary societies, among which are the best known British and American societies, and one Canadian, the Canadian Baptist Mission and others.

The following letter asking for another asylum was sent to the secretary of the Mission to Lepers in Edinburgh: (Copy of letter from the Rev. F. W. Ambery Smith, Bankura.)

My Dear Mr. Bailey,—You may perhaps have heard that I had returned to India last December and have been posted to this station. I write now to ask you very earnestly if you can see your way to help me in the establishing of a leper asylum in this station. Bankura is the centre of a district containing a population of one million three hundred thousand persons. The town itself has a population of thirty thousand souls. There are a very large number of lepers and their condition is so deplorable that when the lieutenant-governor visited the station a few weeks ago the municipality besought him for government aid for the establishment of a leper asylum. He was unable to promise them any aid, as the government, owing to the immense sums spent on famine relief, is short of funds—so the proposal has fallen through.

I do not for one moment doubt your willingness to help me in this matter, but I do not know whether the present condition of your funds renders you able to do so. If it does I beg you most earnestly to help and at the earliest possible moment. The need is most urgent. There is no other leper asylum in the district and no other mission but ours working amongst all these people.

Believe me, Yours, etc.,
(Signed),
F. W. AMBERY SMITH.

Information about the work of the mission will be gladly given or contributions received by Miss Lila Watt, Sunny Acres, Guelph, Ont.

The Rev. W. Sparling, of St. James Methodist Church, will preach his farewell sermon at the evening service next Sunday.

Advertisements.

LONDONDERRY
LITHIA WATER.

Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Wine Merchants.

FRASER, VIGER & CO.
DISTRIBUTORS.

The Sparkling, in Quarts, Pints and Half-Pints.
The Still, in Half-Gallon Bottles.

PRIZES FOR PUPILS

A PLEASANT ANNUAL EVENT AT WARD-WHATE'S SCHOOL.

The Rev. C. G. Rollit distributed the prizes yesterday afternoon at Mr. F. C. Ward-Whate's school. They were the results of the June examinations, and reflected high credit on the work of the pupils during the past year.

Form V.—George Hudson, head of school, first gen. stand. and gen. prof., honors in Eng. gram, comp., lit., read., writ., spell., arith., French, algebra, draw., prize for French.

Matriculation class—Fabian Duffy, prepared for the Province of Quebec Bar matric., honors in men. and mor. phil., chem., physics, alg.; Charles Morley, prepared for the Province of Quebec dental matric., honors in French, classical history, geog.; Samuel Ship, prepared for the Province of Quebec dental matric., honors in arith.; Cecil Henry, prepared for McGill Arts matric.; Abraham Silverman, prepared for McGill medical matric.; Claude Conroy, prepared for the Province of Quebec dental matric.

Form IV.—1, Arthur Walker, dux of the division, honors in Eng. comp., lit., read., writ., dict., Fr., arith., book-keeping, shorthand, drawing; prize for first gen. prof. 2. Bruce Hodgson, honors in Eng. gram., comp., writing, dict., arith., alg., drawing; prize for second gen. prof.. 3. Ross Sims, (equal), honors in Eng., comp., writing, arith., alg., trig., drawing; prize for math. 3. (equal) Reginald Tait, honors in Eng., history, reading, writing, alg., drawing. Reginald Crombie, honors in Eng. gram., comp., lit., writing, reading, dict., alg., arith., drawing. Norman Scott, honors in English comp., reading, arith., alg., trig., drawing; prize for uniformly good work throughout the year. Leslie Tooke, honors in Eng. comp., reading, writing, dict., French, arith., alg., book-keeping.

Form III.—1, William Hyman, dux of the division; honors in Eng. gram., comp., hist., geog., spelling, French, Latin, arith., alg., euclid, drawing; prize for first gen. prof. 2, Gordon Fraser, honors in Eng. gram., comp., poetry, hist., reading, writing, spelling, geog., French, arith, alg., drawing; prize for second gen. prof. 3, Arthur Crombie, honors in Eng. gram., comp., poetry, hist., reading, writing, spell., geog., alg., drawing; prize for Eng. and neatest examination work. 4, Alexander McNicoll, honors in Eng. grom., comp., poetry, reading, writing, spell., geog., French, algebra; prize for Eng. comp. 5, Stockwell Day, honors in Eng. comp., poetry, reading, geog., Latin, drawing; prize for uniformly good work throughout the year. Gordon Hains, honors in Eng. comp., geog., French, drawing. Paul Bourret, honors in Eng. comp., poetry, French, drawing, shorthand.

Form II.—1, Herbert Tooke, dux of the division, honors in Eng. comp., poetry, reading, writing, drawing, French; prize for first gen. prof. 2, Russell Scott, honors in poetry, hist., reading, writing, French, drawing; prize for second gen. prof. 3, Bruce Crombie, honors in Eng. comp., poetry, reading, French, arith., drawing; prize for arith. Thomas Hodgson, honors in Eng. gram., comp., reading, writing, French; prize for French. Henry Kearley, honors in poetry, read., comp., hist., French.

Form I.—1, Chester Day, dux of the division, honors in poetry, reading, geog., arith.; prize for uniformly good progress. Angus Hodgson, honors in reading, writing, arith., geog., drawing.

Preparatory Form—1, Clarence McCuaig, dux of the division, honors in poetry, hist., reading, writing., spell., French; prize for Eng. Lee Strathy, honors in comp., poetry, reading, writing, spelling, geog., drawing; prize for good conduct and punctuality.

AGAINST PROHIBITION

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., CITY COUNCIL ORDERS MUNICIPAL OFFICERS NOT TO CARRY OUT THE LAW.

The city councillors of Charlottetown, P.E.I., have passed resolutions against the provincial prohibition act in which they caution the city officers and servants against assisting in prosecutions brought under said act so as to render the city liable for damages in respect thereof.

Commenting upon this action, the Charlottetown 'Patriot' of June 11 says: Those who strongly denounced any system of license, as well as those who condemned the Scott act—all united in stating that if the government would pass prohibition, such a measure would have their hearty support. The government did so. The act, notwithstanding the opinion of the adverse few whose 'wish is father to the thought,' went into operation on June 5, and as the temperance organ of the province states: 'So far the operation of the prohibition law has been distinctly wholesome and good. In the few days since it has come into operation here there has been a marked decrease in drunkenness and disorder, a noted falling off in corner loafing and other fruits of the liquor business. The better elements of the community, and even the victims of the appetite of drink have no sympathy with the unlawful vendor. The hopes and prayers of thousands are that the law may be upheld, and that the traffic may cease to exist. We sincerely trust they may not be disappointed, and we believe that a more powerful weapon has been placed in our hands for the suppression of a great evil than we ever had before.'

Notwithstanding these facts, notwithstanding that the legislature passed the law in pursuance of its power and notwithstanding what we believe to be a fact that no lawyer of standing would publicly give an opinion that it is ultra vires, still the city councillors in their assembled wisdom take the responsibility of forbidding the public and other civic officials to in any way assist in enforcing or carrying out the law. Every province in the Dominion is watching our prohibition act. The press throughout Canada has pronounced in its favor and all agree that this Island is the most suitable place in Canada for testing this important matter. But if at the very commencement of its operations the City Council takes a hostile stand, what opportunity is there for a fair test? That the city councillors are straining at a gnat while swallowing a camel is evident. For while they practically condemn a law and refuse to recognize it, although its object is for the betterment of the community, religiously, morally and commercially, yet on the other hand they allow the city to be placarded with posters which are strikingly disgraceful and the tendency of which cannot be otherwise than debasing.

THE OLD, OLD STORY

DEPARTMENTAL FRICTION.

A little friction has arisen between the Road Department and Water Department over the repairs done to permanent pavements over the cuts made by the Water Department. This department pays for the repairs and thinks it is entitled to be consulted, but repairs have been made without consulting the superintendent, who has complained to his committee that the Road Committee has been having the new asphalt laid before the disturbed ground had a chance to settle.

THE LATE MR. OWEN HART.

The funeral of the late Mr. Owen Hart took place yesterday morning from his residence, 28 Hutchison street, and was largely attended. The solemn service for the dead was held at St. Patrick's Church by the Rev. Father Quinlivan, and assistant priests. Among those present were: Mr. Edward Hart, brother, and chief mourner; Mr. Justice Curran, Ald. F. J. Hart, James McShane, L. G. A. Cresse, Judge Purcell, Richard Barry, Geo. Leclerc, Jeremie Decary, Daniel Hoctor, B. Tansey, Ald. Tansey, A. Lesperance, Andrew Finn, Patrick Wright, Sub-Chief Jackson, G. W. Parent, J. J. Vipond, Martin Egan, F. Poirier, William Laird, George Smythe, Thomas Smythe, Peter Rowan, Jas. O'Rourke, D. McLynn, Dr. Casey, Jos. McLaughlin, Chevalier C. Marriotti, E. O'Shea, Martin Hart, Thomas O'Neill, J. Vaillancourt, Chas. Fortin, P. McCaffrey, Patrick McCormick, C. J. Murphy, D. J. O'Leary, J. J. Warren, Daniel Stewart, R. Lajoie, James Cochrane, M.P.P., Wm. Heelan, P. Rafferty, Jas. King, Andrew Cullen, T. J. White, T. J. Potter, Edward O'Brien.

A SUCCESSFUL SOCIAL.

The ice-cream social given by Mr. H. J. Dart's Bible class last evening, in Gariepy Hall, Maisonneuve street, was certainly a success in point of numbers. The hall itself was packed and many more had to be turned away from the door. The programme was a very good one, among those who took part being Miss Hollinshead, Miss Pearl Ulley, Mr. Alfred Larsen, Mr. E. Evans, and members of the Prince of Wales Fusiliers' band. The ice-cream and cake were excellent and plentiful. The proceeds of the entertainment will be given to the Grace Dart Home for the Aged.

HIGHLAND CADET BATTALION.

The following are the engagements for next week: Monday, June 17, corporals' class, recruits and bugle practice; Wednesday, June 19, batalion drill, full dress, practice trooping and march out, bugle band to attend; Saturday, June 22, recruits. The annual church parade to St. Andrew's Church will take place on Sunday, June 30, parading at 2.30 p.m.

BOYS' BRIGADES ARE USEFUL.

Military drill may be barbarous, but it is beneficial, just as out-of-door exercise is barbarous but beneficial. It stimulates the manly qualities and fills the world with a better class of men, better in the physical sense and in the intellectual. You will understand what that means if you will recall the days of the stooped-shouldered, slouching student, and compare him with the erect godlike boy of these present times. It is hoped that our boys' brigades will be well maintained this year.—Charlottetown, P. E. I. 'Examiner.'

OUR 8th STORE
IS NOW READY.
THE RESIDENTS OF STE. CUNEGONDE AND VICINITY WILL FIND THE CHOICEST MEATS, FRUITS, VEGETABLES AND CANNED GOODS AT REASONABLE PRICES, AT . . . . . :
3184 Notre Dame Street.
THE LAING PACKING AND PROVISION CO., LTD.
8 Retail Stores.
3184 NOTRE DAME STREET.
365 CENTRE STREET.
7 CHABOILLEZ SQUARE.
224 BLEURY STREET.
4251 ST. CATHERINE STREET.
1620 ST. CATHERINE STREET.
841 ST. CATHERINE STREET.
772 ST. LAWRENCE STREET.

ATTEMPTED MURDER.

EXCITING SCENE IN THE COUNTY COURT HOUSE AT CHATHAM.

Chatham, Ont., June 14.—A desperate attempt was made by a prisoner to murder Judge Bell and County Crown Attorney Douglas in the County Court yesterday afternoon. Andrew Epperson, who had previously served a term for stabbing, was up on the charge of stabbing his paramour, Ida Allison. The crime was committed last April. The jury had returned a verdict of guilty and the prisoner was remanded for sentence. A few preliminaries were being gone through with before proceeding with the next case, when Epperson made a dash from the prisoner's dock towards Judge Bell, the senior county judge. Just in front of him were lying the razor and knives used as exhibits in the stabbing case. Epperson seized the sharp razor and rushed towards the bench. Constable Charles R. Cape, meanwhile had made an effort to stop the infuriated man, but he was hurled to the floor as if he was a featherweight. Epperson then turned on the constable, and was about to attack him with the weapon when Sheriff Gemmill, Crown Attorney Douglas, High Constable Coogan and others tackled him. R. Bracken, a law student, and Charles Goodall, a reporter, present in the court, seized the prisoner and the former succeeded in wresting the razor from his hands, as Epperson was about to stab the constable lying on the floor. The greatest excitement prevailed throughout. The court room was crowded at the time and pandemonium reigned supreme. In a remarkably short time the court was cleared, the prisoner removed to the cells below and the court adjourned.

BROCKVILLE LIBERALS.

Brockville, Ont., June 13.—There was a big Liberal meeting at Neilson's Grove, near Lyn, to-day. The Premier, the Hon. G. W. Ross and Mr. Pattullo, M.P.P., of Woodstock, were present. The chair was occupied by the Rev. J. A. Mackenzie, who read an address from the Liberal Association, of which he is president. An address from the electors of Lyn was also read. Mr. Pattullo made a speech in which he eulogized the present administration and outlined the future policy of the Liberal Government. He was followed by Mr. Ross, who was received with great enthusiasm. Mr. Ross called attention to the honorable and progressive administration of his government in the past, and said their policy would always be along those lines. It was, he said, the intention of his government to develop the vast resources of New Ontario and to perfect the system of education in the Province of Ontario. Geo. P. Graham, M.P.P., was the last speaker. He also outlined the past and future policy of the Liberal Government, and asked the electors of Lyn to vote for him, and support a good honest, progressive government.

A COOL SWINDLE.

Toronto, June 13.—One of the neatest, coolest and most ingenious swindles ever perpetrated in Toronto has just come to light in connection with that extraordinary case, the Aurora Bank robbery. On the first day of the trial of the Aurora case in the sessions, a young man, well dressed and smart, came to Toronto and cautiously approached the friends of the prisoners with the story that he was 'Eddie,' the confidential agent of the Chicago 'push' deputed to convey funds for the defence. He had a draft for $332 and another for $400. He was taken at par by the Toronto friends of the prisoners, was identified by Charles Rutledge and Mrs. Rutledge, and Messrs. Ripon & Thorley, cashed the $332 draft and the Quebec bank the other. There has been no trace since of 'Eddie.' He put the $732 in his pocket and disappeared and the climax was reached when the discovery was made that the documents were forged.

MOONEY'S
Men's Goodyear Welted Box Calf Bals. $3.00, worth $4.00, best makers.
Ladies' $4.00 and $3.50 Goodyear Welted Bals. reduced to $3.00.
Our $1.00 House Shoe is solid comfort.
MAIL ORDERS CAREFULLY FILLED.
MOONEY'S,
Cor. Alexander and St. Catherine sts.

REFRIGERATORS.
A few left at $6.00, $7.00, $8.00 and upward
CALL AND EXAMINE
Our Pure White Agate-Lined Refrigerators.
GEO. R. PROWSE, 224 St. James st.

BOSTON WANTS RECIPROCITY.

Boston, June 13.—The Chamber of Commerce received yesterday the report of its committee strongly favoring reciprocity with Canada. The committee said it was believed that President McKinley and the cabinet were ready to move in the matter, provided such action received the support of the public. The committee recommends the re-convening of the United States and British joint commission.

ST. JOHN'S SCHOOL

PRESENTATION OF PRIZES AND SPEECH DAY.

The annual presentation of prizes and speech day in connection with St. John the Evangelist's School took place last evening in the large school room in the presence of a number of friends of the pupils. The presentation was to have been made by Mrs. G. A. Drummond, but in that lady's unavoidable absence the prizes were distributed by the Rev. Canon Wood, M.A. The Rev. Arthur French, B.A., was also unable to be present on account of sickness.

The annual report of the head master, Mr. C. S. Fosbery, M.A., was of a distinctly favorable nature. The general progress made by the pupils was very satisfactory, six pupils out of the 32 gaining the requisite percentage of marks to qualify for a prize. His advice to the pupils consisted of four words, 'Look ahead; go ahead.'

Reference was made to the future of the school and the likely construction in connection therewith of a science building, a workshop for carpentering, Sloyd and other technical work, and a fives-court.

Prizes were then presented to the following: Upper Fourth—Heward, M.A., Martin, Haskell, M.A., and Tippet. Third — Hayward. Second — French, M.A.

Following upon the presentation of prizes was the performance, by the lads themselves, of the two farces, 'Box and Cox' and 'The Area Belle.' Both were very well played, the performers having their respective parts well in hand.

The following are the names of the players: Messrs. Heward, ma., French, ma., Rennoldson, Wynne, Chadwick, Heward, mi., Hayward and Turner.

WANT TO SEE THE SIGHTS.

Philadelphia, June 13.—Because of an order to the effect that the cadets of the Pennsylvania school ship 'Saratoga' would not be allowed to visit London and Paris on shore leave during the summer cruise of the ship, 35 cadets today left the ship. An ultimatum was drawn up and presented to the trustees of the schoolship, in which the cadets say they have pledged themselves not to return to the 'Saratoga' until the order complained of is revoked. The 'Saratoga' is scheduled to leave for the cruise on Wednesday next, and the officers of the vessel say the date of sailing will be delayed until the difficulty is settled.

NATURAL FOOD.

'Sickness is unnatural—good health is everyone's birthright—natural food makes possible natural conditions' is the dictum which the free cooking lessons given in the interests of the Natural Food Company try to impress. The series of lessons given in the Y.M.C.A. have been well attended, and will be continued next week, with evening lessons for those who cannot attend in the afternoon. Each lesson is prefaced by a short talk on natural foods, whole wheat being taken as a standard. For want of a stove convenient, the demonstrations are carried on chiefly by means of a chafing dish, and a surprising number of dishes, simple in construction, but dainty and palatable, are turned out from this useful utensil. One scarcely recognizes the plain, homely biscuit when, after a few minutes of deft manipulation it appears as a strawberry short-cake, or jellied apple sandwich, with its nutrition preserved in its more attractive aspect. Suggestions for 'hot weather' and other menus accompany the demonstrations, and at each lesson a book containing 262 recipes is given away to each person present. At some of the lessons, quite a large proportion of those present are young girls who watch the proceedings with interest, perhaps with a view to the wholesome school luncheons they could prepare for themselves. Free demonstrations will also be given by the same teachers in the Grey Nunnery next week.

PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY.

REPORTS OF COLLEGES HEARD YESTERDAY—HOME MISSIONS.

Ottawa, June 14.—On resuming work in the General Assembly yesterday afternoon, after the appointment of committees on the reception of ministers and on results, attention was given to the interests of three of the colleges belonging to the church.

Dr. Sedgewick, Principal Forrest, Principal Pollok and the Rev. J. A. McDonald handled the report of the board of the Presbyterian College, Halifax.

The receipts for the eleven months ended on Feb. 28 last were $10,905.80, as against $11,207.53 for the preceding year. The income from interest has been $6,913.59, as against $6,740.66 for the previous year; from donations, $284.40, as against $250; and from congregations $3,533.07, as against $4,166.87. Repayments have been $174.74. The expenditure amounted to $11,486.25, or $580.45 in excess of receipts, which, added to a debt of $868.14 the year previous, made an adverse balance of $1,448.59. Daniel Alexander Murray, M.A., Ph.D., was recommended as successor to the late Charles McDonald, M.A., as a professor of apologetics in Dalhousie College.

THE MONTREAL COLLEGE.

Mr. David Morrice presented the report of the Montreal Presbyterian College, as follows:

The board of management of the Presbyterian College, Montreal, have pleasure in reporting another year of prosperous work. The number of students enrolled was fifty-eight. Of this number nine were studying with a view to the work of French evangelization. Ten students completed their theological course in the spring, nearly all of whom have since been licensed and have begun their life work.

It is encouraging to report that notwithstanding heavy expenditure in connection with the buildings, the year closes with a small balance on hand in the ordinary fund. It ought, however, to be borne in mind, that owing to the change in the ecclesiastical year, the expenditure in the appended financial statement is only for eleven months. The contributions from congregations were slightly in excess of the preceding year. The amount received for interest was nearly $500 less. This, however, is accounted for by the shortening of the year by one month. The thanks of the board and of the Church are due to the generous friend who has, every year, met in full the salary of Professor Ross since the date of his appointment. As the books closed about a month prior to the end of the session, the scholarships awarded in April do not appear in the accounts of the year. It is encouraging to report that all the funds are in a satisfactory condition, as are also all of the investments of the college.

The board has, during the year, received from Dr. F. W. Kelley, Montreal, the sum of $500 for the endowment of a scholarship for competition among students in the arts course, and since the books closed, the sum of $1,400 has been received from Mrs. Peter Redpath, of England, to endow a scholarship bearing the name of her late husband, who, in his lifetime, was a generous friend of the college. The travelling fellowship of $500, established by Mr. W. J. Morrice, was awarded for the first time at the close of the session. It is hoped that this fellowship will prove a helpful stimulus to the students.

The period for which the subscriptions were promised to the exegetical chair expires a year hence. It is hoped that these may be all renewed, and that considerable additions may be made to them, so that the entire expenditure of the chair may be met from this source. The board, however, do not lose sight of the fact that it is most desirable that this chair should be endowed at an early date, and it commends to all friends of the institution the claims of the college upon their inteligent and large-hearted support.

QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY.

On behalf of Queen's University, Principal Grant presented the report.

The total number registered last session was 727—in the Faculty of Arts, 479; Medicine, 151; Practical Science, 73; Theology, 35; 738 in all, or—allowing for students registered in two faculties—727, as compared with 660 the preceding session.

On account of the steadily increasing number of students in the Faculty of Arts, and an announcement by the chancellor that unless additional accommodation was provided, pass students might have to be excluded in future, the finance committee of the Kingston City Council sought a conference with the university authorities, and, after full discussion of the situation, recommended the City Council to submit to the ratepayers a by-law granting $50,000 for an additional building. The by-law was submitted to vote on Oct. 16—University Day—and was carried by an overwhelming majority, all denominations—including the highest representatives of the Roman Catholic, Anglican, Methodist, Baptist and Congregational churches, and of the Jewish community—uniting in its support, and the Council of the Trades and Labor organizations of the city, after an intelligent discussion of the subject, taking the same position. It is impossible to underrate the significance of this action, and the General Assembly will, on more grounds than one, appreciate it as fully as the trustees. The County Council is also giving favorable consideration to a proposal to submit a by-law to the people of the county of Frontenac granting the university $20,000 for an enlarged examination and convocation hall, greatly needed on account of the university's growth.

The financial statements show a small surplus, notwithstanding the fact that there was a serious falling off in the amount received from the General Assembly's college fund. This decrease in an ordinary collection was doubtless owing to the efforts made on behalf of the century fund, but, seeing that an additional professor had been added to the staff in theology, and that an increase had been asked for on that account, it came as a somewhat disagreeable surprise.

KNOX COLLEGE.

Mr. William Mortimer Clark, K.C., presented the report of the board of management of Knox College, Toronto.

Sixty-seven students were enrolled in the theological classes during the past session. Of these, twenty-seven received their diplomas at the close of the academic year.

The Rev. Dr. Proudfoot, who for the past thirty-four years has discharged the duties of lecturer on homiletics with distinguished ability, has found it necessary, from advancing years and the desire to devote himself to some literary work which he has had in contemplation, to resign his position. It is proposed by the board that the duties heretofore discharged by him, should be divided between the professor of church history and the professor of apologetics, the former taking charge of the subject of pastoral theology, and the latter of the department of homiletics. The income of the college from all sources has amounted to $28,629.30, while the expenditure has been $18,534.48, leaving a nominal surplus of $94.92.

MANITOBA COLLEGE.

The Hon. Colin H. Campbell, K.C., reported on behalf of the board of management of Manitoba College.

The total number of students enrolled during the current summer session in theology is twenty-five and the total number of arts students enrolled during the winter session now closed was 150. At the examinations conducted by the University of Manitoba last month the students of Manitoba College won seven medals and eleven scholarships, that is, Manitoba College, which is one of the four arts colleges in the university federation, won more than half the honors open to her.

The total contributions from congregations and individuals in North-West Territories and Manitoba amounted to $4,925, of which $4,800 was appropriated to the ordinary fund and $125 to the scholarship fund. This contribution is practically the same as that of the previous year, which was the highest in the history of the college. This high rate of giving is the more worthy of remark when it is noticed that the grain crop on which we depend in so great a degree was throughout the greater part of our constituency much below the average.

The congregational contributions from Ontario and Quebec and from the Maritime Provinces are almost to a dollar the same as a year ago. In addition to these congregational gifts, the Rev. Dr. Robertson has been in the habit for several years in virtue of his appointment as convener of a committee of the General Assembly, of collecting a considerable sum to offset the gradually decreasing income from Eastern congregations. On account of Dr. Robertson's absence from Canada last winter the board deputed Professor Baird to take up this work and he spent three weeks in March and April in Ontario and Quebec, and secured a sum of money which brings this item up to the $1,500 aimed at by the General Assembly, and also in part makes up a shortage from last year.

OTTAWA LADIES' COLLEGE.

The report of the Presbyterian Ladies' College, Ottawa, presented by the Rev. Dr. Herridge, was brief and to the point. The session has been in every respect satisfactory. There has been an increase in the number of pupils and a corresponding increase in revenue. The number of pupils enrolled during the year is a hundred and fifty-eight. Of these 48 were in residence. The estimated revenue is $15,125. A considerable amount has been expended in necessary repairs, in fire escapes, in making additions to the scientific apparatus, etc. The revenue for the year will fully meet this outlay as well as the ordinary expenses and interest on the debt. It is confidently expected that a large portion of the debt will be removed by the Century Fund movement.

BOOK OF PRAISE SALES.

Dr. Gregg and Professor Maclaren brought before the court matters relating to the publication of the Book of Praise. The sales made and the royalty received during the year have been much larger than those of the preceding year. The sales have increased from 44,000 to 64,000, and the royalty from $1,200 to $1,700. Of the royalty received, $1,500 has been placed in the hands of the general agent of the church, to be apportioned, $1,000 to the Aged and Infirm Ministers' Fund and $500 to the Widows' and Orphans' Fund. Progress was reported in the matter of preparing a new metrical version of the Psalms.

TERMS OF ELDERS.

The Rev. S. H. Gray, assistant to the Rev. Dr. Laing, of Dundas, was given full standing in the Presbytery of Hamilton, after which came an overture from the Presbytery of Owen Sound looking in the direction of such a change in the constitution of the church as would enable those congregations that desire it to have a term service rather than a life service in the eldership. The matter came to the General Assembly with the disapproval of the Synod of Toronto and Kingston.

Dr. J. B. Fraser supported the overture, with Dr. Somerville. After their addresses numerous questions were asked. Professor Scrimger counselled the assembly not to move too rapidly in the matter.

Dr. Thompson, of Sarnia, and Principal Forrest, of Halifax, moved that the General Assembly express its judgment in accordance with the judgment expressed by the Synod of Toronto and Kingston, and virtually dismiss the subject.

Elder McQueen spoke against the overture, and the Rev. Henry Gracey spoke in its favor.

Dr. Campbell, of Montreal, and the Rev. John McDougall were against it: so were Principal MacVicar and Elder Holt. A large majority of the assembly voted against the overture as presented, to be sent down to the different Presbyteries in terms of the Barrier Act. But when a proposal by Mr. Hamilton Cassels, of Toronto, was submitted to send the matter down as a remit to Presbyteries, to be reported upon a year hence, the assembly sustained the proposal by a majority of two.

Dr. Sedgewick and Principal Forrest proposed that further discussion on this subject should be postponed until a kindred matter, to be presented to the assembly, should be before the house, but the assembly, by a majority of six in a vote participated in by a hundred and fifty-four of the commissioners, ordered the Presbyteries to examine the matter for a twelvemonth, and report their judgment to the assembly of 1902.

The General Assembly accepted an invitation sent to the commissioners individually by the Department of Agriculture, to visit the Experimental Farm; and another for Saturday afternoon to an excursion by electricity to Britannia-on-the-Bay, the Rifle Ranges, and the scenery about Ottawa.

HOME MISSIONS.

The church was full when the assembly took up the subject of Home Missions. The Rev. G. S. Carson and Profesor Calkin were the representatives of the Maritime section of the Dominion in presenting matters relating to home missions. Forty-six missionaries were employed during the summer. During the past year about thirty congregations were under the care of ordained missionaries. The total receipts for the carrying on of this work amounted to $14,000, with a small balance on the wrong side of the account as the year ended.

Dr. Robertson appeared before the assembly in the interests of home missions as conducted between the Province of Quebec and Vancouver Island, inclusive. The year has been one of encouraging success. The operations in the Yukon, in New Ontario, among the Galicians, Doukhobors, and Mormons were rehearsed in turn by him and Dr. Hurdman, of Calgary. Thirty-nine laborers were secured in Great Britain for home mission work last year. The inflow of immigration to the North-West last year was the largest since the early eighties. Over seventy thousand came in within the year. The Presbytery of Portage la Prairie must be divided into two, and the Presbytery of Regina into three to meet the growing requirements of the work. The student missionary societies in the church furnished supplies for 37 fields last year, at an expense of $70,000, which was raised by these societies. The work as a whole was carried on at an expense for the year of $89,500.

Stirring addresses were given by the Rev. Dr. Reid, missionary to the Galicians and Doukhobors in Manitoba and the North-West. The Slav population is now nearly 50,000.

Mr. R. W. Gavin, Hamilton, gave an excellent presentation of his work among the Mormons within the bounds of the Presbytery of Calgary, and Mr. Arch. MacVicar an equally acceptable presentation of mission work among the lumber camps.

It was announced from the chair that someone, whose name was withheld, offered a sum sufficient to supply half the support needed for an assistant to Dr. Robertson, as field secretary, and a resolution was presented asking the assembly to sanction such an appointment, leaving it to the Home Mission Committee to name the nam, state and salary and arrange further details during the year. But objection was taken to this summary procedure, and the motion proposed was changed to a notice of motion for a future sederunt.

AMERICAN COMPETITION

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S VIEWS ON THE SUBJECT.

London, June 13.—Mr. Arthur Chamberlain, addressing the shareholders of Kynochs, Limited, declared that American competition was a bogey of politicians and journalists of destructive tendencies. Modern legislation, he added, had more terrors for him than all foreign competition. English manufacturers, although they were never more confident, more energetic, more successful or wealthier, were subject to many disadvantages, including heavy railway charges, strikes, and constant interference by parliament and local authorities. They were inspected to death, and hampered at every step. The electrical industry had gone to the United States because it had been strangled here by the mischievous activity of the Home Office and local boards.

RUN ON GERMAN BANKS.

Berlin, June 13.—The run on the Dresden Credit-Ansalt continues. The directors to-day resolved to declare the concern bankrupt. According to a private Dresden despatch to the correspondent of the Associated Press this bankruptcy affects about a dozen smaller industrial banks and electric companies.

SERGT. SIMPSON IN TROUBLE.

Halifax, N.S., June 12.—Sergt. Simpson, of the Royal Canadian Regiment, was arrested to-day on a charge of stealing $160 from the quartermaster-sergeant of the regiment. When arraigned in court he pleaded not guilty, but later on he withdrew the plea, and admitted his guilt. He was remanded for sentence. Simpson enlisted in Montreal.

ITALIAN SPY ROUGHLY TREATED.

New York, June 13.—According to a despatch from Barre, Vermont, a man who described himself as Eugene Rispelli, was captured in a socialistic meeting in that city last night and roughly handled. He was placed in a cellar and confined there until rescued by the police.

Rispelli claimed to be an Italian spy, in the employ of the Italian consul in this city, and said he had been sent there to ferret out a plan by which the King of Italy was to be killed.

The Italian consul to-day refused to say anything about Rispelli. He professed to know nothing about the matter.

A TERRIBLE CHARGE.

Galena, Kas., June 13.—Mrs. John Stallion, her father and two brothers, were held for trial to-day on the charge of killing Miss Alice Stallion, the woman's step-daughter. Much interest was attached to the hearing, and threats of lynching were freely made when the mutilated body was recovered in the river.

DROWNED BY A CLOUDBURST.

Bellaire, Ohio, June 13.—Three sons of Lawrence O. Mellott were carried away by the water in Captina Creek by a cloudburst to-day and drowned. The bodies have not been recovered. The victims are Arthur, aged 15; Wilbert, aged 9 and Roy, aged 6.

SOUTH AFRICAN GOLD

TEN PERCENT TAX RECOMMENDED BY SIR DAVID BARBOUR.

London, June 13.—Sir David Barbour, whom the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, sent to South Africa to investigate the sources of revenue of the Vaal River and Orange River colonies, with the view of estimating how much they should contribute toward the cost of the war, reports in favor of a ten percent tax on the profits of the mines, yielding, on the basis, of the profits of 1898, £450,000 yearly. After paying this, Sir David Barbour considers the mines will be better off than before, as they will save six hundred thousand pounds per year on dynamite, owing to the abolition of the monopoly in that commodity.

The Orange River Colony will be unable for some years to meet the ordinary cost of administration and pay its share of the cost of the constabulary. 'It cannot, therefore,' says Sir David Barbour, 'so far as can be foreseen at present, pay anything toward the cost of the war.'

The Vaal River Colony, he thinks, can, two years after the conclusion of peace, begin, out of its ordinary revenue, to pay part of the cost of the war. He is unable now to estimate how much.

Sir David proposes also to apply all revenues derived from the sale of lands or mining rights to the war liquidation.

LORD MILNER TAKES HIS SEAT.

London, June 13.—Lord Milner of Capetown took the customary oath and his seat in the House of Lords this afternoon. He was warmly cheered.

Lord Milner's friends find it difficult to persuade him to accept social invitations. He takes a serious view of what is going on in South Africa, and bluntly says he is not in the mood for luncheons and dinner parties. He is sensitive respecting the criticism to which he has been subjected, and is eager to explain what is going on in South Africa when he can find thoughtful men as listeners. The general opinion among Lord Milner's friends is that he has aged greatly during the last four years, and has lost his elasticity of mind through the continuous pressure of great responsibilities.

OATH OF BISHOPS.

THE HON. S. H. BLAKE FURNISHES SOME FURTHER INFORMATION.

Ottawa, June 13.—The Hon. S. H. Blake is out with his second chapter of the renewed controversy with Father Fallon. He writes a very long letter, taking up the other's invidious paragraph.

He says, in part: The other portion of the oath which may fairly be objected to, and which we may ask to have eliminated, is found on page 63 of the work referred to in my last—the 'Pontificale Romanum': 'Regulas sanctorum Patrum, decreta, ordinationes, seu dispositiones, reservationes, provisiones, et mandata Apostolica totis virtibus observabo, et faciam ab allis observari.' This is translated as follows: 'The rules of the Holy Fathers, the apostolic decrees, ordinances or dispositions, reservations, provisions, and mandates I will observe with all my might and cause to be observed by others.'

One of the most distinct methods in which the Roman Catholic Church speaks is through the bulls promulgated by it from time to time; obedience to which is pledged by the above portion of the oath in question. Of these bulls none is more obnoxious to those who do not conform to the Roman Catholic creed than the one well known and called 'In Coena Domini.' This bull obtained its name by its solemn promulgation on the Thursday of Passion Week, the day before Good Friday, the anniversary of the Saviour's crucifixion. Can anything be more grotesque than that while he who claims to be the special representative of the God of Love and Prince of Peace should be commemorating his wondrous sacrifice, he should stand up and commit to perdition millions of people whose religion is based on faith in him and who are sincerely his followers? Of all the instruments which the Church of Rome has issued, perhaps none is so absolutely offensive in the curses and anathemas it hurls at the heads of all who do not accord to the Pope the worship he claims as this bull 'In Coena Domini.' The extent to which it is sought to reach by this bull may be shown by the following quotations from it: 'We . . . excommunicate and curse, on the part of God Almighty, Father, Son and Holy Ghost, by the authority of the blessed Apostles Peter and Paul, and by our own, all Hussites, Wycliffites, Lutherans, Zuinglians, Calvinists, Huguenots, Anabaptists, Trinitarians and Apostates whatsoever from the Christian faith and all and singular other heretics under whatsoever name they may be classed, and of whatsoever sect they may be, and those who believe, receive or favor them, and all those who defend them in general, whatsoever they may be, and all those who, without our authority, and of that of the Apostolic See, knowingly read or keep print or in any way whatsoever from any cause, publicly or privately, upon any pretence or color whatsoever, defend their books which contain heresy or treat of religion; also schismatics and those who pertinaciously withdraw themselves or secede from allegiance to us and the Roman Pontiff for the time being.'

This bull forms part of the canon law of Rome, and is declared by the canonist to be of universal obligation.

Mr. Blake concludes:—

Is it reasonable to ask that the Church of Rome should be allowed to preserve all this matter in its arsenal, to be used in the extermination of Protestants when the occasion presents itself, and at the same time demand that any bulwark that we may have should be broken down? I think not. Our friends the Jesuits have asked for a little consideration which I think, if you will allow me, it would be unfair not to give them, and I shall return to-morrow to this subject if you will permit me.

STRANDING OF THE 'HERMES.'

Capetown, June 14.—The court of inquiry appointed to decide upon the responsibility of the stranding of the transport 'Hermes' on Blaauwberg Beach, Table Bay, on May 12, when three persons were drowned, has found that the accident was due to Captain Grose, whose certificate as a master is suspended for six months. The board severely censured the second officer of the transport.

MR. HARDY DEAD

FORMER PREMIER OF ONTARIO PASSES AWAY.

Toronto, June 14.—After a battle for life, that in its circumstances, and in the wide public attention attracted to it, recalls the conditions of Sir John Macdonald's death, the Hon. A. S. Hardy, ex-Premier of Ontario, passed away shortly after ten o'clock last night. He grew weaker after every rally since Sunday. Yesterday there was the usual rally after a restless night passed by the patient, with cheerfulness that could not be exceeded. At noon Mr. Hardy was much brighter and quite conscious. In the afternoon a rapid change set in, and toward evening the attending physicians announced that they could do no more, and that Mr. Hardy could not live through another night. The members of the family remained in attendance at the hospital since the operation of Saturday night, and Mrs. Hardy, the sons, Miss Gladys and Judge Hardy were at the bedside when the end came.

The late Arthur Sturgis Hardy, K.C., was born at Mount Pleasant, Ont., Dec. 14, 1837. He was educated at the Mount Pleeasant Grammar School and at Rockwood Academy. Having studied law with his uncle, H. A. Hardy, and with the firm of the late Chief Justice Harrison, Toronto, he was called to the bar in 1865. He practiced his profession

THE LATE HON. A. S. HARDY.

very successfully in Brantford, of which city he became city solicitor, was made a Q.C. by the Ontario Government in 1876, and was elected a bencher of the Law Society the same year.

Mr. Hardy entered political life in April, 1873, being then returned to the legislature in the Liberal interest, for the vacancy in the representation of South Brant, created by the election of the late Hon. E. B. Wood to the House of Commons. In March, 1877, he entered the Mowat administration as Provincial Secretary and Registrar and in January, 1889, succeeded the late Mr. Pardee as commissioner of Crown Lands in the same government. He was chosen to serve as acting Premier and Attorney-General of Ontario during the absence of Sir Oliver Mowat in Europe, May, 1895, and on the latter's transfer to Ottawa, July, 1896, succeeded him in both these offices. In the same year he was appointed a commissioner for the revision of the Ontario statutes. He was vice-president of the British Association for the Advancement of Science in 1897, and in the same year received the honorary degree of LL.D. from Toronto University. In religion he was a member of the Church of England. In 1870 he married Mary, daughter of the late Mr. Justice Morrison, Toronto.

NEW GUINEA CANNIBALS

DEATH OF THE REV. JAMES CHALMERS AVENGED.

Victoria, B.C., June 14.—Additional news was brought by the SS. 'Miowera' yesterday from New Guinea of the massacre of the Rev. James Chalmers and Mr. B. F. Tomkins, and fourteen native teachers, by cannibals. The whites were eaten. The scene of the cannibal orgie was seen by troops sent out to investigate the massacre and a portion of the jaw and thigh bones of the missionaries were found, together with their hats and portions of the trousers which belonged to Mr. Chalmers. The expedition punished the natives, destroying their villages and canoes. Some prisoners were taken during an attack made by the natives on the troops, who told the awful tale of the massacre and cannibalism.

BRITISH STEEL COMBINE

RUMORED THAT BRITISH CAPITALISTS WILL BUY AMERICAN PLANTS.

Philadelphia, June 13.—The 'North American' to-morrow will say: 'British capitalists have come to America with a view to buying all the good companies outside the United States Steel Corporation. If they shall consider it more to their advantage to hold and operate the plants they will do so. If they find it more profitable to re-sell one or all of the plants they will do that, or if they conclude a combination of steel works would be more to their advantage, they will merge the companies they get into a great steel combination.'

PEKIN NEGOTIATIONS

REPRESENTATIVES OF THE POWERS STILL AT LOGGERHEADS.

Washington, June 13.—The representatives of the European powers interested in China were at the State Department to-day, this being diplomatic day, and the general status of the negotiations at Pekin were gone over very fully with Mr. Hill, acting secretary. The chief interest centred in the pending American proposition that the indemnity complication be referred to The Hague tribunal. None of the governments has yet definitely announced its proposition as to this plan. But the prevailing sentiment among the callers seemed to be that a reference to The Hague would entail more delay. One of them remarked that it would mean another six months of negotiations. If the Russian government concurs in the suggestion, as has been reported unofficially, it will materially add to the chances that this reference to The Hague will be made. On the other hand at least one of the continental powers is thought to be quite strongly opposed to removing the negotiations from Pekin.

Paris, June 14.—A despatch from Pekin to the Paris edition of the 'Herald,' dated June 12, says that the ministers at a meeting definitely rejected America's proposal for a reduction of the indemnity. Mr. Hay's proposal to refer the matter to The Hague tribunal of arbitration was considered. If the ministers voice the views of their governments, there is no hope of its acceptance. Russia's opposition, which has been most pronounced, has, however, been withdrawn.

London, June 14.—Your correspondent learns from a most reliable source that there is a probability, almost amounting to a certainty, that the powers will unanimously renounce the idea of a Chinese indemnity loan with a joint or partial guarantee, and concur in the British bonds proposal.

SIR CLAUDE MACDONALD.

San Francisco, June 13.—Sir Claude MacDonald, British minister to Japan, has arrived here on the steamer 'Hongkong Maru,' on his way to London.

CHINESE REFORMER

DR. SAT YEN SEN SAILS FOR CHINA, BENT ON OVERTHROWING THE PRESENT GOVERNMENT.

Honolulu, via San Francisco, June 13.—Dr. San Yet Sen, the Chinese reformer, left on the 'America Maru' on June 5, for China, for the purpose of starting a revolution. His intention is to overthrow the Dowager Empress and the Mandarins. His idea is to have China ruled by a president, on the lines of the government of the United States. He says there will be a strong force at his back, and that he has the support of many white men of China as well as thousands of natives. This is the third revolution which he has attempted in China. Dr. Sen would not state where he intended to land in China or give the details of his plans. There will be bloodshed very soon, he declared.

THE ANCIENT CAPITAL

THE CENSUS.

Quebec, June 13.—The 'Soleil' this evening says: 'It is estimated that the recent census will show a total population of 5,551,036 in Canada. For our part, we do not accept these figures as representing the country's population. In many places the census was very badly taken. In Quebec city alone a municipal census would add upwards of 15,000 to the figure of the census.'

THE LATE SHERIFF GAGNON.

The funeral of the late Sheriff Gagnon took place to-day, a large cortège of mourners, including judges, members of the Bar and legislature, members of the provincial government, etc., accompanying the remains to the I. C. R. station, whence they were taken to his native parish of River Ouelle for interment.

NOTES.

The laborers' strike here is at an end, the men getting the $1.25 per day which they demanded.

The first caisson of the Quebec bridge will be launched and placed in position on Tuesday next.

During a row at the celebration of a wedding at La Jeune Lorette, a young man named Picard had a beer bottle smashed over his head by another young man named Hoyes, lately returned from the United States, who has been arrested. Picard is seriously injured.

TO EXCHANGE EXHIBITS.

London, June 13.—It is announced that as a result of the efforts of Mr. Morris K. Jessup, president of the New York Chamber of Commerce, an arrangement has been reached whereby the New York Museum of Natural History, and the South Kensington Museum will exchange exhibits. The latter, at Mr. Jessup's request, is sending to New York a batch of specimens and photographs, dealing with items in the British collection not possessed by America, and Mr. Jessup has promised to send some rare specimens here.

STATUS OF SHAREHOLDERS.

Annapolis, Md., June 13.—The Maryland Court of Appeals to-day rendered an opinion in a suit brought to decide the status of the preferred stock of the Baltimore and Ohio Railway Company, in which it held that the holders of such stock are entitled to receive no more than the four percent guaranteed by the company.

THE 'DAILY WITNESS' is printed and published at the 'Witness' Building, at the corner of Craig and St. Peter streets, in the city of Montreal, by John Redpath Dougall and Frederick Eugene Dougall, both of Montreal.

All business communications should be addressed John Dougall & Son, 'Witness' Office, Montreal, and all letters to the Editor, should be addressed Editor of the 'Witness,' Montreal.