

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Birth notices are inserted for 25c, marriage notices for 50c, death notices for 25c prepaid. The announcement of funeral appended to death notices, 25c extra; other extension to obituary, such as short sketch of life, two cents per word extra, except poetry, which is 50 cents per line extra-prepaid.

Annual subscribers may have announcements of births, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verses) occurring in their immediate families, free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should be given.

BIRTHS.

BAKER.—At 108 St. Luke street, on Sept. 18, 1897, the wife of W. A. Baker, of a daughter.

DESLANDERS.—On the 20th instant, at 144 Lussignan street, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. E. Deslanders.

EDSELL.—In this city, on the 19th Sept., the wife of W. H. Edsell, of a son.

MARRIED.

DAULANTYNE-PATTULLO.—At Burnside, the residence of the bride's father, Woodstock, Ont., on Sept. 15, 1897, by the Rev. Mr. McMillen, assisted by the Rev. Prof. Ballantyne of Knox College, Toronto, Ethelwyn, eldest daughter of George R. Pattullo, Registrar of Oxford, to Adam Walker Ballantyne of Osgoode Hall, Toronto, and son of the Hon. Thomas Ballantyne, ex-Speaker of the Provincial Legislature.

BAGNANI-DEWAR.—In Trinity College School Chapel, Port Hope, Ont., on Sept. 14, 1897, by the Rev. C. J. S. Bethune, D.C.L., head master, Igo Bagnani, daughter of the Italian Staff Corps, Cagliari, Sardinia, to Florence Ruby, daughter of the late John Forrest Dewar, M.D., Edinburgh, and Mrs. Dewar, Port Hope.

DISSETTE-COURELLE.—On the 18th of September, by the Rev. D. Winter, pastor of the West-End Baptist Church, Ottawa, Michel Bisette to Elise Courelle, both of Hull, Que.

CAWTHRA-BEATTY.—At St. James' Cathedral, Toronto, on Sept. 16, 1897, by the Right Rev. the Bishop of Niagara, assisted by the Right Rev. Bishop Sullivan, William Herbert Cawthra of Osgoode Hall, barrister-at-law, son of the late John Cawthra, Esq., to Alice Maud, second daughter of W. H. Beatty, Esq., of Toronto.

CLINES-TAYLOR.—In Ottawa, on Sept. 15, 1897, at the residence of the bride's father, 219 Marie street, by the Rev. J. A. MacFarlane, George Albert Cline of Winnipeg, Man., to Emma M., daughter of John Taylor, formerly of Montreal.

FRYE-BAILEY.—At the Methodist Church, Cookshire, on Sept. 15, 1897, by the Rev. C. W. Finch, B.A., D.D., assisted by the Rev. J. A. Edwards, the Rev. Alfred W. Frye of Stewartstown, N.H., to Miss Hattie L., daughter of Mr. J. C. Bailey of Cookshire.

GREIG-SHAW.—At Carleton Place, Ont., on Sept. 1, by the Rev. A. A. Scott, Alex. Rodger Greig, B.A., Esq., of Ottawa, (formerly of Westmount, P.Q.), to Jessie Shaw, daughter of the late Alexander Shaw, druggist, Almonte.

LEONARD-HARRIS.—On Sept. 15, 1897, at Grace Church, Brantford, Ont., by the Rev. G. C. Mackenzie, Major H. F. Leonard to Mary M. Harris, widow of the late Wm. T. Harris, M.D.

LITTLE-MURRAY.—On the 17th of Sept., by the Rev. W. H. Wardner, B.A., Miss Nellie C. Murray, daughter of Wm. Murray, to George J. Little, both of Montreal.

MATTHEWS-WHITEHEAD.—In the Baptist Church, Lindsay, Ont., on Sept. 14, 1897, by the Rev. L. S. Hugheson, B.D., assisted by the Rev. N. Wolpert, M.A., of Lindsay, Texas, brother-in-law of the groom, Albert Edward Matthews of Ottawa, son of George Matthews, Esq., of Lindsay, to Margaret Maud, daughter of Mrs. H. G. Whitehead of Lindsay.

MIDDLETON-O'CALLAGHAN.—On Sept. 15, 1897, at Trinity Church, Aylmer, Ont., by the Rev. J. A. Andrew, Harry H. Middleton of Morrisburg, son of the late Rev. Canon Middleton, to Esther W. O'Callaghan of Cork, Ireland.

NEIL-ELLIOTT.—At Knox Church, on the 15th instant, by the Rev. James Plick, John A. Neil, of Matamoras, Ont., to Josephine daughter of Mr. Hugh Elliott, of Montreal.

QUIN-GILLESPIE.—On August 30, 1897, at Christ Church, Barnet, Eng., by the Rev. L. Bonford, William T. C., eldest son of Thomas Quin, of Kilbeggan, Esq., J.P., to Maud Elizabeth, daughter of Robert Gilmore, Esq., C.E., of Toronto.

SEALE-MCKEAGE.—On Sept. 15, 1897, by the Rev. Geo. Mooney, Mr. Robert F. Seale of St. Cecile, to Miss Annie J. McKeeage of Inverness, P.Q.

WRIGHT-BOOTH.—At St. John's Church, Ottawa, by the Rev. H. Pollard, on Sept. 15, 1897, Ella K. Booth to Basil H. Wright, of the Interior Department.

WHEELER-MOBERG.—On Sept. 15, 1897, at the English Cathedral Chapel, Quebec, by the Very Rev. the Dean of Quebec, Chas. Wheeler to Gerda Moberg of Carlsburg, Sweden.

DIED.

BLACK.—On Aug. 25, at Liverpool, Eng., Annie, widow of the late James Black and niece of Mrs. John Houghton, Maple Shade Farm, Allan's Corners, late of Seaford, Liverpool.

CRAIG.—On Sept. 15, 1897, Robert Craig, farmer, of St. Foye, Quebec, aged 71 years.

CRANTREE.—At Joliette, on Sept. 14, 1897, Alice Crantree, of cholera infantum, beloved daughter of David Crantree, aged 5 months and 2 weeks.

DEE.—At Queenston, Ont., on Sept. 15, 1897, T. W. Dee, aged 72 years.

INGLIS.—On Sept. 4, 1897, at 6 Queen's Gate, London, S.W. England, Jane Louisa Inglis, eldest and last surviving daughter of the late Right Rev. John Inglis, D.D., third Bishop of Nova Scotia, aged 81.

JARVIS.—Drowned in the Hudson River on the 16th instant, Montague M. third son of Frank Jarvis, New York city, late of Montreal.

SLEETH.—In this city, on Sept. 17, Mary Brown, wife of David Sleeth, sen., in her seventy-second year.

Funeral will take place on Monday, the 20th inst., at 2:30 p.m., from the residence of her son, William Sleeth, 574 Amherst street.

Those sending notices for the above column may send them a list of names of interested friends.

Noticed copies of the "Witness" containing such notices will be sent free to any address in Canada.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Mr. J. H. Lauer, organist of Trinity Church, has placed an order with W. H. Leach, 49 Metcalfe street, for a Morris Upright Piano.

THE S. CARSLY CO., Limited.

Notre Dame street. Montreal's Greatest Store. Sept. 20, 1897.

GRAND EXHIBITION

—OF—

NEW FALL JACKETS

—AND—

NEW FALL CAPES.

All this week we will hold a grand exhibition of the latest styles in Ladies' New Fall Jackets and Capes. Among the newest Paris and Berlin Novelties are many exclusive designs to be found only at

THE S. CARSLY CO., LIMITED.

NEW JACKETS.

The latest style in Ladies' New Black Rough Cloth Jackets, double-breasted, with roll collar, coat back, fancy cuffs, lined with black silk serge. A perfect fit, \$8.00.

Ladies' New Black Beaver Cloth Jacket, stylish cut, semi-double-breasted, prettily braided in front, collar and cuffs, edged with cord, full coat back and pockets, \$10.00.

The Latest New Black Box Beaver Cloth Jacket, full collar and revers, trimmed mohair braid and handsomely lined with black silk serge. A model garment, \$15.00.

Jacket Novelties up to \$100.

THE S. CARSLY CO., LIMITED.

NEW CAPES.

Ladies' New Black Cheviot Cloth Capes, cut full sweep, and trimmed with braid and jet, high fancy collar, new style, \$5.75.

Ladies' Very Stylish New Black Knotted Cloth Jackets, richly trimmed with real mohair braid, large Ferrier collar, and lined with rich black satin, \$6.00.

Ladies' New Fancy Rough Cloth Capes in green and gold, fancy checked fronts, stylish high collar, fancy hood and cut full sweep, very stylish length, an elegant garment, \$9.25.

Latest Cape Novelties up to \$80.00.

THE S. CARSLY CO., LIMITED.

NEW DRESS GOODS.

Five cases additional novelties in new Fall and Winter Dress Goods, just received, and will be shown for the first time to-morrow.

COLORED DRESS GOODS.

New Shot Covert Cloths in an excellent variety of combination shades, very pretty and stylish, 55c.

New Two-toned Basket Cloth in all the latest effects, with very coarse, open weave, 75c.

New Jacquard Cloth, one of the very latest Paris novelties for Street Costumes, 95c.

New Silk and Wool Cloth with delicate raised pattern on repp foundation, \$1.15.

THE S. CARSLY CO., LIMITED.

NEW BLACK GOODS.

New Black Satin Soleil in elegant bright finish, with small figures and scroll designs, very extraordinary value, 55c.

New Gazelle Cloth, one of the very latest fabrics, just received, exquisite designs in raised mohair, grand value at \$1.10. Our Special price, 99c.

New Zamora Cloth in choice scroll patterns at special purchase made at our own price to clear the production. In the ordinary way would sell at \$1.45. Our special price, 99c.

THE S. CARSLY CO., LIMITED.

Mail Orders Carefully Filled.

The S. CARSLY CO., Limited,

1765 to 1783 Notre Dame st.

192 to 194 St. James st., Montreal.

AU BON MARCHE

ALPHONSE VALIQUETTE.

1883 & 1885 Notre Dame St.

All our friends will please remember that our stock of Carpets, Oilcloths, Wall Paper and House Furnishings is now complete and all very cheap.

TEES & CO.

THE

UNDERTAKERS,

300 St. James St.

Montreal

ELECTROTYPING DONE IN

the very best style and with despatch at

Witness Office.

Mr. J. W. Reynier Appointed.—Messrs. Willis & Co., 1824 Notre Dame street, have greatly increased their staff of tuners, and have appointed as head tuner Mr. J. W. Reynier, whose many friends will find him at the warehouses, 1824 Notre Dame street, near McGill street. Telephone, 1643. Artistic tuning by the year will be undertaken at the lowest rates.

TRADE UNIONISM.

Mr. Charles Booth's ninth volume of "Life and Labor of the People of London" contains a chapter on trade unionism, which would be valuable reading for all interested in manual labor. Every mechanic's institute and public library should have a copy of this volume, but they would be enriched by having the whole nine volumes. Libraries intended for working men should have works of a more educational nature than the ordinary novel.

AN ALLEGED POLICEMAN'S

ANTICS.

There was much excitement on St. James street, near Little Craig street, on Saturday afternoon, when a man in plain clothes, but displaying a policeman's badge, made a scene on the street. He was drunk and was following a woman, who was anxious to avoid him. Finally some men took the woman's part and gave the alleged constable a bad beating, knocking him down at the roadway near Little Craig street, and leaving him there.

GULF REPORT.

L'Islet—Raining, east wind.
River du Loup—Raining, strong east wind.
Father Point—Raining, north-west wind.
Inward, 8 a.m., steamers.
Martin River—Cloudy, calm.
Cape Magdalen—Raining, calm; inward 6 a.m., Turcot Court; outward 7 a.m., Vancouver.
Fame Point—Cloudy, calm; inward 7 a.m., Montevideo.
Cape Despair—Cloudy, south-west wind; inward 6 a.m., Adulral.
North Shore—Cloudy, variable wind.
Bertram—Outward, 7 a.m., Otter.
Trinity Bay—Dauntless here.
Anticosti—Cloudy, variable wind.
Low Point—Cloudy, south wind; inward ship Caldera, Stratford and Pelino; outward, Louisbourg and Cacouna.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

NEW COLORED DRESS GOODS

All the Latest and Choicest Novelties now in stock!

NEW ALL WOOL COVERT CLOTHS, in all the new shades, prices from 50c per yard.

NEW SILK AND WOOL DRESS GOODS, choicest colorings and newest designs, a fine special line at 50c per yard.

NEW BOUCLE or ASTRACHAN CLOTH, one of the leading novelties for this season. All the new colors to select from, prices from 25c per yard.

NEW FALL TWEED SUITING, in the latest colorings and New Fall Patterns, prices from 35c per yard.

NEW SATIN AMAZON (Fine Ladies' Cloth) in all colors, stylish goods for Tailor Made Suits. Special Fine Line, 46 inches wide, for 75c per yard.

NEW COSTUME CLOTH, colors Grey, Brown, Navy, Myrtle, Electric, &c., 48 inches wide, only 40c per yard.

ALL WOOL NAVY BLUE SERGES, Guaranteed Fast Colors, prices from 40c per yard.

FANCY PLAID DRESS GOODS, over 50 new patterns to select from, in all the new and pretty colorings, prices from 25c per yard.

High Class Dress Patterns

A very choice selection from the Leading Paris and London Dress Goods Houses, restricted to our trade; prices from \$7 to \$30 per pattern.

Country Orders Filled with Care. Samples Sent on Application.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

2343 St. Catherine street,

Cor. of Metcalfe st.

TERMS CASH. TEL. 3833.

The Daily Witness.

MONDAY AFTERNOON, SEPT. 20.

COMMERCIAL.

WITNESS OFFICE, Sept. 20, 1897.

Montreal Wholesale Markets.

GRAIN.

The new crop of oats has just begun to move in Ontario and four car loads of No. 2 white offered at Toronto this morning at a price equal to 20c afloat in Montreal; one car load of mixed at a price equal to 20c afloat here. There was no price fixed in Montreal show 153,000 bushels less than last week, and another such week would very nearly take all that is left. Rye remains nominal at 55c; the crop not having as yet begun to move; barley is also nominal and corn is worth from 38c to 39c.

FLOUR.

Prices are rather irregular and quotations are somewhat at variance. A sale on export account was made to-day of 2,000 sacks of Manitoba patents. We quote: Winter patents, \$5.15 to \$5.25; straight rollers, \$4.75 to \$4.85; Manitoba strong bakers, \$5.25 to \$5.50.

CHEESE.

The market is extremely dull. Though the sales on yesterday's cheese boards were larger than for a few days past the prices realized were somewhat lower. The top price was 99c, which is higher than the market price. Exporters are willing to sell here, the extreme price being 94c for finest Western. About six to eight thousand French cheeses arrived by boat and rail this morning. There was no price fixed. It will be adjusted some time this afternoon or to-morrow and when fixed will not exceed 94c.

The exports of cheese from the port of Montreal during the past week were 78,845 boxes against 82,716 for the same week of last year; an increase of 26,129 boxes. This makes a total export since May 1, 1897, of 1,345,589 boxes against 1,055,079 for the corresponding period of last year; an increase of 294,510 boxes or nearly 30 percent.

COUNTRY CHEESE BOARDS.

South Plinch, Ont., Sept. 17.—Regular meeting of South Plinch board, 778 boarded; 40 colored, balance white; 9 1/2-lbs for white, 9 1/2c for colored.

Perth, Ont., Sept. 17.—The cheese market to-day was quiet; no cheese was sold, all being shipped to Montreal for storage.

Chesterford, Sept. 17.—At a meeting of the cheese board held here last night 945 boxes of cheese were boarded, 578 of which were white and balance colored; 9 1/2c was bid for white and 9 1/2-lbs for colored, but none sold.

London, Sept. 18.—Thirty-five factories offered 8,700 boxes August cheese; sales, 475 boxes at 9 1/2c; 400 at 9 1/2c; 400 at 9 1/2-lbs; 750 at 9 1/2c. Large attendance.

Watertown, N.Y., Sept. 18.—Sales on cheese board to-day were 2,800; leading, 9 1/2c; ruling, 9c.

Ogdensburg, Sept. 18.—Nineteen lots, 1,739 boxes, offered; 2 1/2c bid; no sales on board. On street later selling at this price.

Iroquois, Sept. 18.—At a meeting of the cheese board to-day about 1,000 boxes of cheese were offered, and 250 August sold at 9 1/2c. After adjournment more sales were made of August at same price, and September at 9 1/2c.

Canton, N.Y., Sept. 18.—Fourteen hundred twin cheese sold at 9c to 9 1/2c; twelve hundred large at 9 1/2c; two hundred at 9 1/2c; two hundred tubs butter at 19c; others asking 20c.

Cowansville, Sept. 20.—Sales of the cheese board last Saturday were: 243 boxes to Wm. T. Ware & Co. at 9 1/2c; 83 boxes to Hodgson Bros. at 9 1/2c; 145 boxes to Warrington & Co. at 9 1/2c; 428 boxes to Hodgson Bros. at 9 1/2c; 360 boxes to Warrington & Co. at 9 1/2c; total sales, 1,259 boxes; balance unsold, 1,211 boxes. Many factories refused 9 1/2c for their cheese feeling confident that the market was still improving. There has not yet been any contracting for the

fall make. The board adjourned for one week. Thirty factories were represented.

BUTTER.

The market is falling off and prices are unsettled. Factories are asking 19 1/2c for finest creamery, but 19c is the highest exporters would pay according to present foreign quotations. Locally prices are rather better and sales are made as high as 18 1/2c cents to 20c. Seconds are worth from 18c to 18 1/2c and dairy butter 12 1/2c to 13c.

The exports of butter from the port of Montreal during the past week were 26,077 packages against 8,593 for the same week of last year; an increase of 17,484 packages. This makes a total export since May 1, 1897, of 158,326 packages against 90,348 for the corresponding period of last year; an increase of 67,978 packages.

EGGS.

The export market is dull and private cable advices report a falling off in prices. Russian and Austrian 15 lb. stock is very plentiful and selling at 12c to 13c. At the local market is strong at 13c to 14c there is little export business being done. We quote: Fresh laid stock for local demand, 13c to 14c; strictly candied stock, 11c to 12c; No. 2 8c to 9c.

PROVISIONS.

Liverpool cable advices report lard and bacon 6d higher than yesterday. Locally there is no change in the situation, the market keeping active with a brisk trade in smoked meats. We quote as follows:—New packed Canadian short ribs, best brand, 15c to 17c; ham, 11c to 13c; bacon, 12c to 13c; pure lard, 7c in pails; compound lard, 5c to 6 1/2c.

BEEF.

Boston continues to buy at prices equal to 41¢ net at Montreal. Ontario white wheat bran is very scarce. On the other hand Manitoba bran is barely steady at 10¢ to 11¢.

MEAL.

The market is active and we quote standard meal at \$3.20 per barrel and \$1.50 per bag; oatmeal, \$3.30 per barrel and \$1.60 per bag.

BEANS.

There is no change in the situation, the market continuing firm and steady. We quote 70c to 80c, and hand-picked at 90c to \$1 per bushel in car lots.

HAY.

Old hay is still selling well at \$11.50 to \$12.50 for No. 1 and \$9.50 to \$10.50 for No. 2 in car lots on track.

Honey.—There is little demand. White clover comb is offering at 10c, and dark at 7c; bright extracted at 6c to 6 1/2c, and dark at 4c to 5c per lb.

Maple Products.—Maple syrup in wood, 4 1/2c to 5c in tins, from 45c to 55c according to size; sugar, 5c to 5 1/2c per lb.

Ashe.—Some demand is still reported for fir, spruce, and pine, but no seconds are offered, and the quotations for the same are nominal. We quote \$3.10 to \$3.15 for first pine; \$2.80 to \$2.85 for second pine, and \$4.25 to \$4.35 for pearly.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.—Sept. 20. There were about 600 head of butchers' cattle, 30 calves, 800 sheep and lambs, and 200 sows and pigs offered for sale at the East End Abattoir to-day. The weather was rather wet and the stock was not so plentiful as last week's markets. Yet the butchers were present in large numbers, and trade was fair with prices a little better than on last week's markets.

There were no prime heaves on the market to-day, pretty good stock sold for 35c to nearly 40c per lb.; common dry cows and rough young stock sold at 2c to 3c per lb., and the leaner beasts at 1 1/2c per lb. Calves were scarce, and pretty high priced, ranging from \$3 to \$5 each. Good large sheep bring from 3c to 3 1/2c per lb.; lambs sold at from 3 1/2c to 4 1/2c per lb. Fat hogs were scarce, heavy hogs sold at from 5c to 5 1/2c, and the light ones at from 3 1/2c to a little over 5 1/2c per lb. Store hogs sold at from \$6 to \$13 each, and pigs at from \$3 to \$5 each.

MONTREAL STOCKS IN STORE.

The following were the stocks of grain in store at Montreal on the dates mentioned:

	Sept. 16,	Sept. 11,	Sept. 19,
1897.	1897.	1897.	1896.
Wheat, bush	237,964	198,536	355,335
Corn, bush	43,204	51,042	43,857
Peas, bush	70,541	51,942	96,142
Oats, bush	208,719	386,944	162,775
Barley, bush	22,667	21,117	25,251
Rye, bush	25,441	17,561	6,484
Flour, brls	12,715	12,212	31,702
Meal, brls	129	153	2,139

MOVEMENTS OF GRAIN AND FLOUR.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
At Chicago—		
Wheat, bush	143,000	293,000
Corn, bush	75,000	11,000
Oats, bush	532,000	33,000
Flour, brls	9,752	22,443
At Milwaukee—		
Wheat, bush	58,000	2,000
At Duluth—		
Wheat, bush	454,000	254,000
At St. Louis—		
Wheat, bush	118,000	760,000

RECEIPTS IN MONTREAL.

	G.T.R.	C.P.R.	T.T.
Wheat, bush	12,200	3,400	20,000
Peas, bush	6,000	1320	7,520
Oats, bush	5,100	6,500	16,600
Rye, bush	1,800	1,150	2,950
Flour, brls	2	2	910
Butter, pkgs	1,760	710	2,265
Cheese, bxs	1,260	120	1,480
Lard, tierces	608	793	1,003
Eggs, cases	36	36	36
Hams, bacon, bxs	50	50	50
Tinned meats, pkgs	1128	98	1526

JAMES A. OGILVY & SONS' Advertisement.

A FASHIONABLE EVENT

Takes place at OGILVY'S, on
WEDNESDAY, Sept. 22nd,

—WHEN OUR—

Millinery & Mantle Departments

Will hold their openings of Fall and Winter Fashions.

MILLINERY.

Our Fall Display of MILLINERY embraces the latest and newest ideas. Imported HATS and BONNETS, our own special importations. Also a range of attractive novelties from our workshop.

We cordially invite you to visit us on WEDNESDAY 1st, or following days.

The Cream of Perfection

JACKETS and CAPES

Are at OGILVY'S. Our buyers have visited the leading Mantle Manufacturing Centres, and selected the best in every line of these choice garments. Our display surpasses all previous openings, and New Novelties keep coming to hand every day.

EVERY LADY

In the city or intending visiting the city, should make it one of their appointments to see both displays.

MAIL ORDERS
Carefully Attended to.

James A. Ogilvy & Sons

THE LARGEST EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS STORE IN CANADA,
St. Catherine Street and Mountain Street.

TERORS OF DYEA TRAIL.

MR. S. C. DUNHAM GIVES HIS EXPERIENCE
ALONG THE ROUTE.

Washington, Sept. 20.—Mr. Oren W. Weaver, Acting Commissioner of Labor, on Saturday gave out for publication a copy of a letter containing a most graphic account of the terrors of the trip across Alaska to the Klondike gold fields. The letter had just been received from Mr. Samuel C. Dunham, statistical expert of the Government's Department of Labor, who had been assigned by Commissioner Wright, to make an investigation of the opportunities which the gold regions in the Yukon Valley and adjoining valley afford for the remunerative employment of American labor and capital. Extracts from the letter, which is dated Lake Linderman, Alaska, Aug. 26, follow:—

I left Dyea on Monday morning at eleven o'clock, and arrived here Tuesday evening at seven. When I reached the foot of the summit a terrible storm was raging on the pass and I presume my Indian packers went into camp somewhere on the other side to await better weather. It has been storming—rain, sleet, and snow alternating—constantly on the summit since Tuesday morning, and the situation is aggravated by a piercing wind of thirty miles velocity. I started out with my handbag strapped on my back, thinking that, as it weighed only forty pounds, I would carry it. I managed to struggle along to the head of navigation for canoes, six miles from Dyea, and was there forced to employ an Indian packer, paying him \$10 to carry my grip to Sheep Camp, twelve miles from Dyea. I spent the night at Sheep Camp, which is merely a collection of tents, and started out for the summit at eight o'clock Tuesday morning in a drizzling, cold rain. I employed a packer to carry my grip from there to Lake Linderman, paying him \$16. At the foot of the summit we met perhaps a hundred Indian and white packers who had cached their packs on the trail above and were returning to Sheep Camp to await an abatement of the storm. We were warned that it was dangerous to attempt to get over. Every hundred yards or so, mountain torrents. Add to this a gale blowing fifty miles an hour, with sleet and snow rushing horizontally through the air, and the temperature at thirty degrees, and you will have a faint idea of the horrors of my passage across the summit. Struggling up a steep ascent of twenty-five or thirty feet, I would be forced from sheer exhaustion to rest for a moment, but would scarcely stop before the chilling wind would cut me to the marrow, and I would have to continue my course to keep from chilling to death. Before I reached the summit I was wet to the skin. It was almost impossible to proceed. I finally reached this camp, at the head of Lake Linderman, about seven o'clock in the evening, having been eleven hours in covering twelve miles, so thoroughly exhausted that I could scarcely drag one foot after the other. As my Indians had not arrived, I had no change of underclothing. I remained in bed all day yesterday, too thoroughly worn out to move. I had some fear of pneumonia, but, with the exception of some soreness, am feeling fairly well this morning. The sun has just made its appearance, and old timers say we are likely to have good weather by to-morrow. This climate is very treacherous, changes being very sudden. On the ocean side of the mountains it rains more than half the time, and rains hard. On account of the continuous rains the soil washes down from the steep mountain sides, and wherever there is a level place you will find a bog into which a man or horse sinks to the knees at every step.

LAKE WINNIPEG'S PASSENGERS.

List of passengers per Beaver line SS. Lake Winnipeg, which sailed from Liverpool on the 11th inst., and is due in Montreal this week—Mr. H. Clark, Mrs. Clark, Mrs. Duval, Rev. Dr. George, Mrs. George, Mr. J. Craig, Miss Wingrove, Miss K. Welles, Miss A. Welles, Mrs. S. R. Stayer, Miss L. Williams, Miss Howard, Mr. E. M. Lillibridge, Mrs. Lillibridge, Herbert, Lillibridge, Miss O. W. Bates, Miss M. E. Burt, Rev. Prof. Clark, Mrs. Clark, Mr. C. C. Clark, Miss M. Patthorpe, Mr. A. E. Lewis, Mrs. Lewis, Mr. E. Lewis, Mr. W. L. Dickson, Miss A. E. Draper, Mr. W. S. Scudder.

Gibraltar, Sept. 20.—Arrived SS. Ems, from New York for Naples, and proceeded.

GOODNESS HONORED.

A PLEASANT JEWISH CEREMONY.
At the Baron De Hirsch Institute yesterday the portraits of the Baroness De Hirsch and the late Baron De Hirsch, which have just been received from Paris, were unveiled in the presence of the board of directors and a number of the past officers of the Young Men's Hebrew Benevolent Society. The portraits are the gifts of the Baroness and are copies of fine oil paintings in her possession.

Amongst those who took part in the proceedings were Messrs D. A. Ansell, president; L. Cohen, treasurer; Max Goldstein, hon. collector; D. A. Hart, hon. physician; Messrs L. Rubenstein, H. Hart, L. Goldstein, Z. Finkelshteyn, M. Givensky, members of the board of trustees; Messrs A. Goldstein, F. Ship, S. Scherman, N. Sperber, H. Rubenstein, J. Hirsch and W. H. Baker, superintendent of the school.

The ceremony of unveiling was performed by Mr. D. A. Ansell, who spoke eloquently of the great charities of the deceased Baron, and the kindness of the Baroness to their institution.

Mr. Maxwell Goldstein said the Baroness had followed in the footsteps of her husband and materially aided, not only their institution in Montreal and other Jewish institutions, but likewise assisted other deserving charities belonging to different creeds. The society should be proud of the picture and should tender their thanks to the Baroness De Hirsch for them.

Dr. D. A. Hart proposed that the thanks of the board be forwarded in suitable terms to the Baroness for her kind gift. The resolution was seconded by Mr. Rubenstein and carried unanimously.

OBITUARY.

Winnipeg, Sept. 20.—Mr. Thos. Stone, one of the most prominent residents of Alberta, and formerly manager of the C.A.C. ranches, is dead at Calgary.

Paris, Ont., Sept. 20.—Mr. George Inkess, one of the city's oldest and most respected citizens, died last night after an illness of several weeks. He was in his sixty-sixth year, was born at Kirkwall, Orkney Islands, Scotland. He came to Paris forty-two years ago, and at the time of his death was one of the largest business men in Paris, being the senior member of the firm of Inkess & Son, shoe dealers. He leaves a widow, six sons and two daughters.

Three Rivers, Que., Sept. 20.—Three Rivers lost one of its self-made men this morning in the person of Oreste Carignan, who died at his residence here at 8.30 a.m., aged fifty-eight years. Deceased was once the Ottawa representative for Champlain County. The funeral will take place here next Thursday.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 20.—Mr. G. J. Armstrong, for the past 11 years assistant cashier for the G.T.R., here is dead. Mr. Armstrong was 54 years of age. He was born in Brantford, Ont., and had lived in different places in Western Ontario before coming to Detroit.

DRUNKENNESS IN ENGLAND.

IMMODERATE DRINKING SAID TO BE PREVALENT AMONG THE UPPER TEN.

London, Sept. 20.—Interesting figures have been furnished in the report just issued of the Inspector of Inebriates' Retreats. They show that the effect of legislative intercession to reform drunkards is a machinery which is still experimental and wholly inadequate. About one-third of those entering these retreats are entirely cured. The largest retreat, the Dalrymple Home, at Rickmansworth, reports that out of 442 cases discharged, subsequent reports show that 149 are doing well, 24 have improved, 31 are dead, four are insane, and 164 have not improved. The other cases were not traced.

The report of the inspector contends that the number of habitual drunkards in English society is greatly underestimated, and adds:—Immoderate drinking, though frightfully common among the industrial classes, is still more prevalent among the 'upper ten.' Continuing, the report says:—It is also certain that among women of all classes drunkenness is increasing rapidly. Out of 442 cases mentioned above (at the Dalrymple Home), 101 were university men, 316 were well educated, 235 were married, and the others were widowers or bachelors. In 228 cases, sociability caused the downfall, ill-health caused the downfall in thirty-six cases, and overwork caused the downfall in thirty-two cases. In fifty-five percent of the cases the excess was traceable to predisposing hereditary indications.

LYNCHING CASE AT DAWSON.

BROTHER OF THE LATE VICTIM GOES TO WASHINGTON TO SEEK VINDICATION FOR EUGENE CUMMINGS.

Tekamah, Neb., Sept. 20.—Vigilantes lynched Eugene Cummings at Dawson City last spring. Fred Cummings, the dead man's brother, says the case was clear murder. He is hastening to Washington, D.C., in the hope of securing an investigation, and if not the punishment of the lynchers, at least his brother's exoneration of the offence for which he suffered. Mr. T. E. Boyd, who brings the story here, met Fred Cummings in Seattle not long ago. The latter had just arrived in the United States. As both were going east, they travelled part of the distance together. On the road Cummings told his companion something of the errand on which he left Alaska. He asserts that his brother's death was due to a dispute with a miner named Baynter. The two quarrelled over some trifling matter. Soon after Baynter accused Cummings of robbing him of several articles of wearing apparel and a quantity of food. At his request the vigilance committee ransacked the Cummings cabin, found the things and handed Eugene to the nearest tree. The alleged thief protested to the last that he did not take the goods, did not even know that they were in his cabin, and that Baynter must have concealed them himself. Baynter was instrumental in saving Fred Cummings, with whom he had no quarrel, from the same fate as his brother. Fred was not grateful for the favor. He vowed vengeance upon his brother's slayers, and Baynter first of all. Finding, he says, that he had nothing to hope from the local authorities, he is on his way to Washington, where he will urge the State Department to use its offices with the Canadian Government to investigate the matter.

KING OSCAR'S ANNIVERSARY.

HAS NOW REIGNED A QUARTER OF A CENTURY.

Stockholm, Sept. 20.—Saturday being the twenty-fifth anniversary of the accession of King Oscar II. to the throne, the city is brilliantly decorated, and the streets are crowded with sightseers. The royal family and princely personages and foreign envoys and others were present at a Te Deum which was chanted at eleven o'clock in the chapel attached to the castle. Bishop A. G. L. Billing, the court chaplain, reviewed the King's life work, and implored the divine blessing upon His Majesty, upon the country, and upon the people. During the singing of the hymn an artillery salute was fired. At the conclusion of the religious ceremony His Majesty received deputations from many parts of Sweden and Norway. One of these deputations presented His Majesty with the sum of 220,000 crowns, which amount had been raised among the people. The King has decided to devote this money to combating tubercular diseases.

CRUSH AT DAWSON CITY.

A THOUSAND PROSPECTORS UNABLE TO SECURE LOCATIONS—FOOD SUPPLY VERY LIMITED.

Ottawa, Sept. 20.—A letter has been received from Inspector Scarth of the Mounted Police, dated Fort Cudahy, June 23. As it is a private letter for his father and not for publication, it will be all the more valuable as an honest opinion. He says there are a thousand men around Dawson unable to get claims near that city. They will have to explore fresh locations. Although they get rations from the government, the other police officers are compelled to buy out of their own pocket condensed milk at one dollar a pint, and canned goods at big prices to guard against scurvy which he says is prevalent. He strongly advised no person to go there with less than \$500 cash. The police have also hundreds of dollars worth of furs in addition to what they are provided with by the government.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

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A most extensive line of

LAMPS, DECORATED GLOBES, AND SILK SHADES.

We buy our Lamps from the best manufacturers only, and can guarantee all Brass Goods to retain their color.

Brass Lamps, 21 inches high, with lift-out fount, from \$2.50 up. Highly Decorated Lamps, with Round or Dome Shades, from \$1.75 up.

Decorated Globes and Domes are the most artistic designs the markets produce, all of which are imported and to be seen nowhere else.

Beautifully Hand-Decorated Globes from \$1 up.

Etched Globes, in all designs, from 75c up.

Silk Shades in all colors and shapes.

SPECIAL SPECTACLES!

The Eye Expert of the World-renowned Lemaire Optical Co. is here at present and will examine and advise in all cases of defective vision.

FREE OF CHARGE.

HENRY MORGAN & CO., MONTREAL.

ALWAYS TO THE FRONT

is the White Shirt and White Vest. Nothing washes either cleaner than does Strachan's Gilt Edge. There is a gloss and sheen on the ironed edge that can only come from the Cleanest Water and Purest Soap. Hence the laundries use only

STRACHAN'S GILT EDGE SOAP.

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT.

The opening of the baptistry, transept and organ chamber recently added to the Church of the Advent, Westmount, took place yesterday. The new organ, heard for the first time yesterday, and which will be dedicated on Wednesday evening, has cost \$2,100, of which amount \$383 of which is yet unsubscribed, has to be paid within a month. The rector, the Rev. Henry Kitchin, preached in the morning from St. Luke xvii, 15 and 16, speaking to the congregation of the many benefits for which they should return thanks to God. They had been blessed both in things temporal and in things spiritual. They were yearly extending their walls, and their influence seemed to go out beyond the pale of their own little circle, where generous hearts had been found to help.

A ST. HENRI LOAN.

To-day a poll opened in St. Henri for the purpose of endorsing or otherwise the loan of twenty thousand dollars, which the city council of that district propose granting to the Moseley Shoe Leather Company, as part of a bonus scheme looking to the establishment of a tannery in St. Henri. The money, providing the voting goes the right way, is to be reimbursed to the city in yearly payments of one thousand dollars and interest, and the company will have a tax exemption for ten years. The poll will be continued to-morrow.

A YOUNG THIEF.

In the Police Court this morning Judge Desnoyers sent a fourteen-year-old boy named Edward Grouard, who lives with his parents on Cadieux street, to the Reformatory School for four years for theft. The lad was employed by Mr. Calixte Leboeuf, a lawyer, and he stole \$3.90. It appears this is the fourth time young Grouard has appeared before the Court.

TAYLOR CHURCH SOCIAL.

The above social and concert gives promise of being a great success. The choir, under the leadership of Mr. Herbert Stuart, L. Mus., have gotten up a highly artistic programme. The following artists have also kindly consented to assist:—Mrs. W. Ross, soprano; Mrs. Jean Harvey, prima contralto; Newfoundland; Mr. A. Andrews, tenor; Dr. F. Ibbotson, baritone; Mr. W. Green, violinist, and Miss F. Love, pianist.

GUARD DUTY FOR FOREIGNERS.

AMERICANS AND BRITISH IN BELGIUM TO HOLD MEETINGS.

Brussels, Sept. 20.—The new law compelling foreigners to serve in the Civic Guard is causing excitement here and in all centres inhabited by foreigners. A mass meeting of Americans between the ages of twenty-one and forty was held in this city to-day to decide upon the action which they will take in the premises. This will be followed by a meeting of the British subjects for the same purpose. In spite of the treaty between the United States and Belgium providing that neither country shall call upon the citizens of either for any military service, the Belgian Government proposes to uphold the theory that service in the Civic Guard is not military service. But, according to the new law, the Civic Guard becomes a direct auxiliary of the Belgian army in case of war, and in time of peril it may be called upon to go to the front.

Antwerp, Sept. 20.—The 'Matin,' referring to the stand taken by King Leopold's Government in taking steps to enrol foreigners in the Civic Guard, says:—The government is preparing a series of diplomatic incidents, from which the national dignity will issue in a much humbled condition.

NO SALOON MUSIC.

At a recent meeting of the Ste. Cuno-gonde city council it was agreed to put a stop to the use of musical instruments in saloons, as it was considered the means of enticing patronage. The resolution will take effect on and after Sept. 25.

REVENUE FROM THE YUKON.

Ottawa, Sept. 20.—The government is getting some revenue from the Yukon. The Customs Department received \$12,500 to-day from Mr. D. W. Davis, collector at Dawson and Fort Cudahy.

Weekly Calendar.

MONDAY, SEPT. 20.

ART ASSOCIATION.
Phillips Square.
WATER COLOR CLASSES.
The Out-Door Sketching Classes, under the direction of Mr. J. E. M. B. M. B. A.R.C.A. will commence on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 13th. For particulars apply at the Gallery.
Galleries open daily, 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.
ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 21.

CALEDONIAN SOCIETY OF MONTREAL.
The regular quarterly meeting will be held in the St. Andrew's Home, on TUESDAY EVENING, September 21st, at 8 o'clock. A large attendance is requested, as several very important motions, notice of which was given at the last quarterly meeting, will be discussed, and voted on at this meeting.
W. C. McALLISTER, Hon.-Sec.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 22.

METROPOLIS LODGE, 191, C.O.O.F.
Special Notice.
Every member is earnestly requested to attend the next meeting of the above Lodge, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 22, at 8 p.m., in Federation Hall. Election of Officers and other important business. By order of N.G., THOS. W. FOSTER, Perm. Sec.

SUNDAY, SEPT. 26.

SUNDAY MASS SCHOOL MEETINGS.

PROF. H. M. HAMILL, of Illinois,
International Field Secretary,
WILL ADDRESS UNION MEETINGS

On SUNDAY Next, September 26, 1897,
In CHALMERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH at 4:15 p.m.
In CENTRAL METHODIST CHURCH at 8:15 p.m.

All Are Invited.
R. H. BUCHANAN, Chairman.
C. H. ARCHIBALD, Secretary.

SABBATH DESECRATION.

The Rev. W. H. Warriner, before his sermon in Zion Church last evening, referred to the Sabbath desecration in connection with the Street Railway festival in the following terms:—"During the past week there has been, as you know, a festival held in the exhibition grounds. It has been for the benefit of various charities, and I hope has been successful. I should have liked to attend it, but was prevented by other engagements. I was sorry, however, to see an advertisement in a car last evening announcing that it would be continued to-day. Of course there was to have been a 'sacred concert,' which may, or may not, have been good, but the rest of the attractions, whatever they were, were also to run full blast. For myself, I do not find the Sabbath any too long to give to the holiest purposes. I know our French-Canadian fellow-citizens do not look upon this matter altogether in the light we do. One Sunday some years ago one of our city regiments marched up to and drilled upon Fletcher's field in preparation for Queen's Birthday, which fell on Monday. On account of the close proximity of our place of worship I wrote in the name of the Church to the officer in command of that regiment protesting against this Sunday drill. I received in reply a very polite and courteous letter pointing out the different standpoints from which he looked at the question, but at the same time promising that out of kindness to us it would not occur again unless exceptional exigencies should arise. It has not occurred again. I mention this merely to show that each one of us has some little influence he may exercise in an occasion of this sort. I regret having to bring this matter forward, but we certainly should take care that our exhibition grounds do not degenerate into a place for systematic Sabbath desecration, especially on an occasion of this nature, when charities such as the hospitals and the Fresh Air Fund are concerned."

KITE SAILING RECORD BROKEN.

Blue Hill Observatory, Mass., Sept. 20.—All kite records were broken here recently, when the topmost kite of a string of seven, all of the Hargrave type, four miles of wire, attained an altitude of 10,016 feet above the sea level, or 9,380 feet above the summit of the hill. An aluminum box was sent up containing an instrument for recording pressure, temperature and humidity, and was swung one hundred and thirty feet below the topmost kite. At the highest point the instrument recorded a temperature of thirty-eight degrees, while at the same time it was sixty-three at the surface of the earth. At a height of 4,000 feet, the humidity rose rapidly, but sank again at a mile where it was quite low. At seven thousand feet it again rose, and soon reached a point where there was almost a complete saturation in the air. From there up the atmosphere became drier until at the highest point there was scarcely any moisture recorded. At the ground the humidity all the afternoon was quite low.

GRACE CHURCH.

The services at this church yesterday were of unusual interest and were attended by very large congregations. The special occasion was the fifth anniversary of the opening of the church. Services were held at 8 a.m., 11 a.m., 2 p.m., and 7 p.m. At the children's flower service an immense quantity of beautiful flowers were presented, which were afterwards distributed amongst the various city hospitals. Miss Jarvis assisted in the singing.

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	1	2	3	4	5

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily Witness, \$3.00. Weekly Witness, \$1.00; with reductions to clubs: Northern Messenger, 30c; 10 copies to one address, \$2.25; 20, \$4.40; 50, \$10.50; 100, \$20.
For Great Britain add \$1.04 per annum for postage on Weekly Witness; 28c on Northern Messenger; \$3.60 on Daily Witness.
The last edition of the DAILY WITNESS is delivered in the city every evening of publication at \$4.00 per annum.

ADVERTISING RATES.

DAILY WITNESS.
Five lines and upwards, 10c per line. Contract on favorable terms.

WEEKLY WITNESS.

With large type or cuts, 20c per line. One-third reduction if set in our usual small advertising types. Special contract rates.

All business communications should be addressed 'John Douglas & Son, "Witness" Office, Montreal,' and all letters to the Editor should be addressed 'Editor of the "Witness," Montreal.'

The Daily Witness.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1897.

Canada would rather remain Canada than become British Empire-North-West. Such descriptive names never supersede the original names or come into general use. The different portions of the Roman empire were named somewhat after this fashion, but the names, when used even by the Latins, had to be supplemented with the original name, which was for the most part, however, adhered to. Canadians prefer to be called Canadians to being called British North-Westerners. And the Scot and Irishman would openly rebel against being called British Centralers or British Centrales, perhaps, while the Englishmen would simply ignore the name and go on calling himself and everything connected with the empire, English.

The British being firmly established at Berber with four or more gunboats, they must be greatly tempted to reconnoitre in the direction of Khartoum, between which place and Berber navigation is clear the year round. It appears that Major Hunter sent a couple of the gunboats up the river, and they did not come in sight of the dervish forces until they reached Damer, opposite which, on the left bank of the Nile, a body of the enemy was found, which retreated in the direction of Metemneh. Damer is at the junction of the Atbara river with the Nile, about fifty miles above Berber. Kassala is situated on one of the tributaries of the Atbara river. Metemneh, a fortified town which the dervishes hold in force, and where they have taken up positions on both sides of the river, is about seventy-five miles further up the river than Damer. It seems to be doubted now that the dervishes will offer much, if any, resistance to the British advance until Omdurman is reached, which is across the Nile from and somewhat further down than Khartoum.

A reported pronouncement of Mr. Michael Davitt to the effect that the Irish people do not want royalty in Ireland and that the Duke and Duchess of York mistook Irish hospitality for loyalty, is quite timely in view of the agitation for the establishment of a royal residence in the 'Emerald Isle.' If it is not questionable that Mr. Davitt is entitled to speak for any considerable or important section of the Irish people, it is perhaps not less doubtful that he is declaring what he wishes rather than what he considers to be the real desire of the Irish. Many of the Irish leaders proved that they knew very little concerning Irish feeling by prophesying that trouble was more likely to arise over the visit than that the Duke and Duchess would receive any welcome at all except at the Castle. One thing is certain, Mr. Davitt is not of the number who made themselves conspicuous by their hospitable demonstrations, and is consequently a not very competent authority as to their intent. On the other hand, Irishmen like Lord Charles Beresford, who represent at least one section of Irish opinion, voice a very emphatic demand for the at least occasional presence of royalty in Ireland, and

as a concomitant a royal residence therein. Appearances are proverbially deceptive, but to outsiders it suggests itself, that exceptionally enthusiastic 'hospitality' exhibited towards the grandchildren of the sovereign, for no conceivable reason except the existence of that relationship, if not closely akin to loyalty, so much resembles it that British statesmen may be forgiven if by mistake they endeavor to cultivate it further. The experiment of having a royal residence in the sister isle, and of encouraging just such hospitality as it is now attempted to belittle, is well worth trying, and from present indications it would appear to be resolving itself into an accomplished fact. Then, supposing that, after all, the alleged distinction between hospitality and loyalty should be found non-existent, how much happier Ireland would be judging from the demonstrations during the royal visit.

PEACE AT LAST.

It is probable that more than one European diplomatist will feel relieved of a heavy and menacing responsibility by the signature of peace between Turkey and Greece. If the concert of great powers has been slow in its action, it appears to have been persistent, and however much regret may be felt that it has been found necessary, to ever so small an extent, to incorporate a limited portion of Greek territory within the Turkish frontier, this regret is tempered by the knowledge that the territory in question is almost uninhabited and is valuable only from a military point of view. Although the actual population of the village of Kontzofani, which it is understood is now ceded to Turkey, had probably little or nothing to do with the belligerent movements which precipitated the war, seeing that they are reported to be, for the most part, Mohammedan, and there is a spice of retributive justice in the disposition of the place. It was this village which was made conspicuous immediately prior to the outbreak of open hostilities between the regular troops of Turkey and Greece by the raids organized in it by the Greek National Brotherhood into the adjoining Turkish territory, with the express intention of initiating the war which has terminated so disastrously for Greece. The report that the Sultan, in recompense of his acquiescence with the demands of the powers in the matter of the evacuation of Thessaly, seeks a modification of the terms of settlement of the Cretan difficulty, may be true, but the Turk will hardly get his own way in regard to an island from which he can be excluded without danger to the rest of Europe. By the proclamation of autonomy to that island by the accredited officials of the powers, the latter would appear to have committed themselves to a definite line of policy from which there could be no retreating without dishonor. No doubt, however, the critical stage in the settlement of this dangerous question has not yet been reached, but as usual, the difficulty lies not so much in treating with the Porte as in the distrust entertained by the great powers the one of the other. There is at least one bright feature about the Cretan matter, that if the worst must be met, it is a case where the dominating naval power of Great Britain must be reckoned with, a fact which, now that Greece is eliminated from the question, the Sultan will probably not be long in discovering.

THE YUKON MINING REGULATIONS.

Canadian miners who protest against and oppose the policy of the Dominion Government in exacting a considerable royalty upon gold mined in the Yukon country, are not patriotic and are not even good citizens. For they carry their opposition to the point of threatening the government with resistance in case it attempts to enforce the regulations, and warns it against the danger of coming into collision with the advance agents of civilization, as the 'free miners' are termed by one writer. According to this writer these advance agents are 'irresponsible,' and therefore to be feared, presumably because by irresponsible 'lawless' is really meant. Yet we are told that the maintenance of law and order among these 'irresponsible' miners, the cost of which the royalties are in part necessary to defray, is not necessary because they are quite able to maintain order themselves. The sort of order that mining camps maintain has been exemplified in almost every gold region of the United States, where the 'irresponsibles,' with their 'safety committees,' their 'regulators' and their lynch law judges and executioners, live the lives of ruffians and blackguards and en-

tail upon the country for half a century afterwards the curses of the vendetta and the lynch law and private revenge. The British method, that of establishing regular judicial districts and enforcing the common and statute laws of the country by means of regular officers appointed by the government, is preferred by every good British citizen, who understands, as all ought to understand, that the love of law and order which characterizes the British is the foundation of their wide empire.

Canada will not willingly or without a great struggle admit lynch law to obtain a foothold within her territories. One of those who protests against the regulations over the signature of 'A Free Miner' declares that they will provoke trouble and disaffection among thousands of good citizens in Yukon. The 'good citizens' who own the best and richest claims in the Klondike district were until a year ago mining or prospecting in Alaska territory, where only American citizens can legally secure mining claims, and they only rushed over the border when the greater richness of the Canadian regions became known. And now every steamer is bringing them back, not to Canadian provinces either west or east, but to different states of the union. Coming back with tens and scores, and even hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of gold taken in the course of one year from Canadian territory, they have so great a greed that they talk about resisting and defying the government which generously admits aliens to so great a privilege as mining in a country so rich, and declare that they will resist paying any part of the great wealth to the government of the country from which it is dug. The man who first discovered the richness of the Klondike district might justly claim a liberal share of the riches he discovered, but the rest, who merely rushed in and took up rich claims for which they had not labored and had given no return, certainly should not object to being taxed to pay the costs of the administration of the country, and should be willing to share their riches with the owner and sovereign of the soil.

All governments exact large royalties, as large as they profitably can, in fact, upon the timber cut within their jurisdiction. Royalties are generally exacted upon coal also. If iron, copper, tin and other metals escape, the reason is that the manufacture of them affords a sufficient return to the country, and the competition of other countries reduces the prices of the manufacture so much as to make the mines unable to bear a royalty. But gold, silver and precious stones that may be easily dug up and carried away without leaving any return to the country in which they are found, may be justifiably subjected to a very heavy royalty indeed. Of the six or seven millions or more of dollars' worth of gold taken out of the streams of the Yukon this year with so little labor, probably not one million, perhaps less than half a million, remains in Canada or in any way enriches Canadian citizens; it has all gone to the United States, which itself enacts laws forbidding Canadians or other aliens from owning mining claims within its territory, in order to keep all its own gold among its own people so far as it can. And Canadians who claim to be 'good citizens' yet object to the Canadian Government exacting a royalty upon gold, because they themselves being miners object to paying their share of the general tax to the country. These 'good citizens' would rather see the Dominion Government suffer loss to its revenues, would rather the rest of the taxpayers of the country should bear the cost of ruling those who are becoming suddenly wealthy by exhausting the mineral riches of the Dominion; would rather that the Canadian North-West should become a region of lawlessness and disorder under the British flag than that they themselves should contribute from rich mineral finds a share of the revenue necessary to administer their country.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Marie Harrison, the popular vocalist, who has just returned from Paris, where she has received a course of training under noted masters, has left for St. John, N.B., after having spent a very pleasant visit in Montreal as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Dalpé of Westmont.

The Rev. George S. Savage, D.D., in whose home the great Chicago Theological Seminary was organized, and who is still a life trustee and ex-treasurer, and also a trustee of Beloit College, is a guest of the Windsor Hotel. Dr. Savage took part yesterday in the morning service at Calvary Church, and though, perhaps, nearing three-score years and ten, is hale and hearty, and with Mrs. Savage, is on a visit to their native place in New Hampshire.

QUIET RESTORED.

THE SITUATION AT ST. VINCENT DE PAUL PENITENTIARY.

To all appearances quietness and peace have now been restored in the St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary. On Saturday afternoon, a number of the more devout convicts, made their confession to the Roman Catholic chaplain, as usual, and yesterday morning all attended Grand Mass in the chapel. The authorities must have felt pretty sure concerning the disposition of the men in allowing them to attend service in a body, for the great majority being Roman Catholics, the large chapel of the institution reserved for their worship has the bulk of the prisoners gathered together during the Sunday services, and in moments of excitement there may be reason to fear an uprising. Yesterday, however, things went on very smoothly. No service was held in the afternoon, as the inspector, Mr. Stewart, took the occasion to visit a number of the convicts, with a view to convince them that they would find it to their interest to be quiet and orderly. Most of those visited were easily brought to understand that the officer was merely doing his duty in enforcing the regulations, and that they must not expect to be treated to luxuries. Some refused to promise better behaviour, but it is expected that a few days more in the punishment cells will be sufficient to bring them to their senses and that no more vigorous measures will be needed.

It now turns out that the word suspension is not the exact term to be used in the case of Mr. McCarthy, deputy warden, as will be seen by the following text of the letter which he received:—

St. Vincent de Paul,
17th September, 1897.
Dear Mr. McCarthy, Esq., deputy warden:
Dear Sir,—I am instructed by the Minister of Justice to inform you that in view of the present emergency and the fact of your advanced age you are granted leave of absence from this date.

Yours sincerely,
DOUGLAS STEWART,
Inspector.
Complaints are now being made that the administrative or main building of the penitentiary is not suitable for the purpose. Besides the fact that the building is old, it is stated that the inside partitions are not solid enough to resist pressure in case of emergency, although the bulk of the prisoners never have any business there.

MR. DEBS IS ANGRY.

HE DENOUNCES HIS FOLLOWERS FOR THEIR INCENDIARY UTTERANCES A WEEK AGO.

Chicago, Sept. 20.—Eugene V. Debs attended a meeting of Branch No. 1 of the Social Democracy at Journal Hall last evening and lectured its members soundly on the incendiary speeches of the preceding Sunday. Mr. Debs told them in plain language he did not favor the use of the dagger or the torch. He repudiated the talk of revolution. He declared that violence and bloodshed had no part in the plans of Social Democracy. He said the hopes of Social Democracy lay in peaceful methods, and he pointed to the ballot as the remedy for the evils complained of. He told the anarchistic element in plain terms that it would be better to withdraw from the organization.

John J. Cook caused a mild sensation by resigning his membership, and declaring that Debs had practically abandoned the colonization scheme and was seeking to make a political party.

Fitzgerald Murphy, chairman of the executive board of Branch No. 1, frankly acknowledged he had committed a mistake in making an inflammatory speech and he announced he would endeavor to carry out Mr. Debs's programme of peace.

RENFREW COUNTY FAIR.

Renfrew, Sept. 18.—The South Renfrew Agricultural Exhibition was held here on Thursday and Friday, Sept. 16 and 17. The first day was devoted to receiving exhibits and having them placed in their positions in the hall and grounds. Friday was visitors day, and drew a large crowd of people into town. The variety and display of exhibits was not as large as in some previous years. The falling off is partly accounted for by the increased interest being taken in the larger exhibitions, such as the Montreal, the Toronto Industrial, and the Ottawa exhibit.

Topeka, Kansas, Sept. 20.—Charles J. Devlin, the big coal mine operator in Illinois and one of the largest individual operators in the United States, stands by the miners, who are fighting for living wages and against the operators, who meet to-day at Springfield to try to further reduce wages. He said:—"The miners of Illinois should get a price equal to the Columbus scale. The price which they were forced to accept last May and which they refused to continue to work on, is not enough to keep body and soul together."

A HORRIBLE DEATH.

Presque Isle, Ont., Sept. 20.—Albert Lake was killed in Farwell Township on Saturday morning. While feeding a threshing machine, at the farm of Wm. Lee, he fell into the cylinder. His head and one arm were taken off.

PAPAL POWER IN ENGLAND.
(New York Times.)

London, Sept. 20.—Were any such needed of the great increase of influence in the power and prestige of the Roman Catholic Church in England, the fact afforded by the striking scenes witnessed this week on the Kentish coast, in the early days of Victoria, and even a much later date, there would be a violent 'No Popery' cry. The scene in full enormity. Yet such a scene took place not only unimagined, but with all the signs of peace and respect last Tuesday at Folkestone, Minister, on the spot, now a distance of a mile inland, where St. Augustine's monks landed some thirteen centuries back. Hard by is a cross marking the place where Augustine landed, and a statue with Ethelbert. Cardinal Vaughan delivered an address which was a strong proof of the diplomatic ability of the Churchman. The fact that the bishops a short time back had been on a pilgrimage to the same place, and a similar object, created a deep impression in which a less able man might easily have stumbled. But it was difficult for the most rapid Anglican to trace any disrespect in his utterance, or in the manner of the speaker, as he surrendered none of his claims as Prince of the Church. While many added thousands to his flock, late years, Cardinal Vaughan summed up the present situation tersely by saying that multitudes had so far swung away that they were more than half-way to Rome. Any one watching the direct religious practice in England knows this to be the case. The cry of 'No Popery' is heard no more in the land, indeed the very word is dead.

It was by special desire of the Pope that the eminent French litterateur, member of the Academy, Cardinal Fauriol, Bishop of Autun, was present at the Augustinian celebrations there. The reason for the presence of the most illustrious of French Churchmen was that it was to Autun that Augustine retired after his first visit to England. It was a curious sight last Wednesday to see the Cardinals piloted around Canterbury Cathedral by the Anglican Dean, Canon Farrar. Times have changed indeed since the days of Cardinal Wiseman, and it is not without reason that the English Catholic leaders claim that the larger Oxford movement has in very truth set in.

A LONDON MURDER MYSTERY.

London, Sept. 20.—Scotland Yard is now endeavoring to trace the murderer or murderers of Monte Von Veltheim, a naturalized American citizen, and from 1893 to 1896 the American consul at Santa Marta, Columbia. On Aug. 5 the naked body of a man six feet four inches in height was found floating in the Thames in the vicinity of the docks. A strong rope was wound tightly around the neck and down the back, tying the hands, and then securely fastened to the ankles. The body, it was declared, had been in the water a month and the doctors affirmed that death was caused by strangulation before immersion. The police content with the verdict of the coroner's jury, consigned the body to a pauper's grave in Brompton Cemetery. About two weeks ago Mrs. Von Veltheim applied to the Home Secretary for an order to have the body exhumed, as she believed it to be that of her husband. She said she had lost sight of him early in the year, and that soon afterward he had mysteriously married a young Greek lady, Marie Magrovdorato, when he met at a Bloomsbury boarding house. The body was exhumed last Friday night, and Mrs. Veltheim identified it as that of her husband. It is surmised Von Veltheim was thrown overboard from some foreign ship.

SITUATION IN GUATEMALA.

New York, Sept. 20.—A despatch to the 'Herald' from Panama, Colombia, says:—"A correspondent in Guatemala says that President Barrios has forced a new cabinet. General Gregorio Solano has been made Minister of War; Mariano Cruz, Minister of Public Instruction, and Feliciano Garcia, Minister of Public Works. No further news of the progress of the revolution in Guatemala has been received here as yet."

MGR. WALSH HOME AGAIN.

Toronto, Sept. 20.—Archbishop Walsh returned to the city after an absence in the Old Country of two months. His Grace left in the middle of last July for Ireland, the home of his fathers, for the benefit of his health, which has been greatly improved.

THE REV. ROBERT MACKAY.

We cut the following from the 'London Christian':
The Rev. Robert Mackay has for more than three years been the efficient secretary of the Christian Instruction Society and Deaconess's Mission. Believing that the regular income of the society, not warrant the payment of his salary, he resigned the position, and his resignation has been regretfully accepted by the committee. Next month Mr. Mackay intends to take a holiday and business trip to Canada. His friends think it a favorable moment to join in asking his acceptance of some useful present as a token of personal regard.

Mr. Mackay is a minister of the Congregational body and is well known in this country, where he is expected to arrive about the end of this week. Any communications for him may be addressed care of Mr. F. E. Griffin of the city.

A MONUMENTAL SHAFT.

FOR THE ERECTION OF
OVER THE GRAVES OF
SHIP FEVER VICTIMS.

CATHOLICS OF MONTREAL UNITED
YESTERDAY IN COMMEMORATIVE
SERVICES.

Eight thousand souls yesterday gathered to the memory of the multi-
tude of Irish immigrants who perished
from ship fever on the banks of the St.
Lawrence river fifty years ago. All the Irish
societies in Montreal were represented
by the Ancient Order of Hibernians,
the Catholic Order of Foresters, the
Mutual Benefit Association, Young
Men's Societies, temperance societies,
the Benevolent Society, St. Patrick's
Society, and besides the five thousand or
more in the procession, thousands of the
Irish people were gathered in the vicinity
of the tomb. The latter is a large, rough-
hewn boulder, of oval shape, set up on a
base of black stones in a little plot near
the Grand Trunk railway track leading
to the Victoria bridge. It bears the fol-
lowing inscription:

To
commemorate from desecration the remains of
immigrants who died from ship fever
A.D. 1847-5.
This stone
is erected by the workmen
of
MESSRS. PETO, BRASSY & BETTS
employ 4 in the construction
of the
VICTORIA BRIDGE
A.D. 1859.

Near this primitive monument was
a platform heavily draped in pur-
ple and black, which was occupied on
behalf of the societies—who, amalga-
mated at St. Ann's Church, marched in
to the cemetery headed by the
command of police, by His Grace Arch-
bishop Bruchési, who officiated in the re-
ligious exercises, the Rev. Fathers Schell-
man and Smaral, who assisted; Bishop
of Orléansburg, Rev. Father
Guerin, M.P.P., president of
St. Patrick's Society; Mr. M. J. F.
Quinn, M.P., Rev. Devlin, Hon. Judge
McKenzie, Mr. Alfred Perry and others.
Services were opened by the singing
of a Libera by the united choirs of the
societies, immediately followed by a service
of the Rev. Father Strubbe then
the gathering of the occasion
had drawn them together, referring
to the mournful history of
the unfortunate immigrants who, fifty
years ago, had left their home across the
ocean to find in a new country the liveli-
hood which was denied to them in their
land, and the mournful fate which befall
them in the land to which they had look-
ed forward with feelings of hope. The
other spoke of the neglected state of
the sacred spot, and expressed the hope
that the utmost would be done by those
of the faith to have the cemetery secured
by the Roman Catholic Church in order
to said, that the sacred duty of prayer
for the dead, so long neglected, might be
properly performed. He asked them to
hold their hands in prayer, that if the spot
did not go back to the Church, the
souls of the departed might at least be
sent to a more fitting place. He would
then attempt to pray for the souls of the
dead, and hoped that the various so-
cieties of the Church would give and ask
for masses to pay for the repose of
their souls.

A service of prayer was then offered
after which Father Strubbe an-
nounced that Dr. Guerin, president of
St. Patrick's Society, would say a
few words. Dr. Guerin, after reading a
few lines of the terrible occurrences, said
that he was needless on such an occasion,
as the green field beside them spoke its
tale of pathos deeper than words
could describe. In joining together at a
commemoration of this kind they had it
before their minds in the most
vivid manner at what cost they had
the position they occupied in the
world today.

Mr. M. J. F. Quinn, the next speaker,
referred to the occasion as one unique in
the history of the Irish Catholics of
Montreal. As the hon. gentleman who
addressed him had said, perhaps the great-
est consequence that could be displayed
today would be a reverential sil-
ence in the presence of so many thou-
sands of their co-religionists and fellow
men, who by their presence there,
at this late hour, testified their
sorrow and their warm sym-
pathy for those unfortunate fellow-coun-
trymen who fell victims to that
pestilence in 1847 and 1848. History
told them, and they saw again the
Archbishop of Montreal leav-
ing his duties to show his heart-
felt sympathy and his warm sympathy for
the Catholic parishioners, as his
Bishop Bourget, had fifty
years ago. When they thought of the
men of 1847, when they thought
of the men who made their brethren
of native land, and when they
thought of the men in this particular, un-
derstand that it was probably about
the same time that the heart should be moved
to sympathy and active sympathy with
the victims of those
years. They saw today that the
Irish people had so worked that
the place of those poor immi-
grants was surrounded by every-
thing that indicated prosperity, which
was the result of those who fol-
lowed them. Their brethren, their sis-
ters, their children had come to this
land, and here, not only the

home which they sought, but they had
aided in building up this centre of com-
merce, in which they enjoyed all the
liberties that they had to-day. But, while
their march of progress had been going
on, and they had been advancing their
material interests, unfortunately, per-
haps, they had neglected those which,
on an occasion of that kind, seemed to
claim something from their people. Yet
the hearts of the Irish Catholics to-day
were surely as warm as those of the
French-Canadians who received into their
bosoms, into their families, the children
of those unfortunate immigrants. He
asked them when they should be called
upon to make a little sacrifice in behalf
of the people of 1847, to remember that
in doing so they were honoring their
nationality and honoring those who sacri-
ficed their lives in order to obtain the
same liberty, the same rights, and the
same means of earning a livelihood that
they had to-day.

Mr. Fred Perry, one of the few who
had witnessed the mournful scenes of
1847, described the sufferings of the peo-
ple at that time, and the noble services
rendered to relieve their distress. Among
those unfortunate immigrants there had
been a few Protestants, but he was not
there as a Protestant, but as one who
had sympathized with those unfortunate
people in their distress. The people of
Montreal ought to raise a monument, in
place of that primitive rock, in memory
of the people who left their homes in
the Old Country and came here to perish
in a strange land. It had not been a
question in those days whether the
sufferers were Catholic or Protestant; it
was simply a question of rendering as-
sistance to the living and of burying the
dead.

The speaker next introduced was the
Hon. Mr. Justice Curran, who said that
he wished to join with those who had
spoken so eloquently of the heroic con-
duct of the many who had themselves
fallen in ministering to the victims. Hon-
or was due to the clergy who had sacri-
ficed their lives until only one Irish
priest was left, the Rev. Father Connolly,
who exclaimed in the pulpit that God
had but one more blow to strike, to the
valiant Mayor of Montreal, Mr. W. Mills,
who in laying down his life in the cause
of Christian charity had cemented the
bonds of union amongst our fellow-citizens
of every creed, a union which had
happily subsisted to the present day; to
our French-Canadian friends who had ac-
ted so nobly in that hour of dire distress.
Nor could they forget the daughters of
Mother D'Youville, the Grey Nuns, whose
unceasing ministrations to the sick and
dying was as bright a page as illumined
the history of any religious community
in any land. The speaker referred to how
men of the Irish race had won their way
in every walk of life. Those beside whose
graves they stood were the fallen heroes
of the march. The idea had been put
forth that they should have a monument.
The spot where they stood might not be
considered in any way suitable, but if the
remains could be transferred to the Cote
des Neiges cemetery, then, as the pa-
trists of 1837 and 1838 had their monu-
mental shaft, so might they have theirs
in that consecrated ground, and let it be
something worthy of the commemoration.
Mention had been made of another im-
pending famine. They all prayed that
such a calamity might be averted, but
should it become alarmingly threatening,
then the men of the race in America and
Australia would not tarry in answering
any appeal.

The ceremony was closed by a short
address by Dr. Devlin, who said that in
raising a monument to the memory of
these men they would be enhancing the
reputation of the Irish people, not only
of this city and Dominion, but of the
Irish race the world over.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Blais & Love, men's furnishings, and
Bouchard & Dion, carriage makers, have
dissolved.
Max Davidson, men's furnishings and
clothing, has opened a branch store.
Robert Etienne, contractor, who has
assigned to Lamarque & Benoit, will have
a meeting of his creditors to-morrow.
The assets of G. Lewis & Co., com-
mission dry goods, are to be sold on
Friday, Sept. 24.
The stock of E. W. Matthews & Co.,
bicycles, etc., is advertised for sale by
tender.
The assets of C. W. Mayotte, tailor,
have been sold by the bailiff.
Renshaw & Emerson, merchants, have
dissolved.
Carl Rosenberg, pedlers' supplies, has
sold out the St. Catherine street store.

SPENT A PLEASANT EVENING.

The regular weekly concert of the Sailors'
Institute was well attended on Friday.
The choir of St. Matthew's Church assisted with
the musical programme. A very pleasant
feature of the evening's entertainment was
the violin playing of Miss Laura McLaren
of Ottawa. Misses Ina Read and Dolly
Driscoll danced a Highland fling very pret-
tily. The sailors were very amusing in
their songs. Mr. James Spofforth of the
R.M.S. 'Vancouver,' shared the honors with
Master Thomas Jones, the cook's mate of
the S.S. 'Devona.' Among those who as-
sisted were Messrs. John McDonald, SS.
'Greellan'; Henry Parker, R.M.S. 'Vancouver';
and Michael Kiernan, R.M.S. 'Vancouver.'
The sailors will take part in the grand an-
nual concert in the Windsor Hall on Tues-
day, Oct. 19.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Return of traffic earnings from Sept. 7 to
Sept. 13:
1897 \$435,000
1896 433,300
Increase \$2,700

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM.

Earnings from Sept. 8 to 14:
1897 \$357,795
1896 351,589
Increase \$6,206

A HAPPY EVENT.

THE PATIENTS AT THE PROTES-
TANT HOSPITAL FOR THE
INSANE

SPEND A DAY THAT WILL BE MEMORABLE
TO THEM — FOUR-FIFTHS OF THE
PATIENTS ENJOY THE ANNUAL GAMES.

Those who witnessed the annual ath-
letic sports of the Protestant Hospital
for the Insane on Saturday afternoon
will not readily forget the pleasure the
event brought to the patients of the in-
stitution. The fact that this day of days
was to commemorate the seventh year
since the inauguration of annual sports
at the institution added not a little to
its importance among those who had
looked forward so eagerly to entering into
the contest for the many coveted prizes.
The day was an ideal one for sports, the
sun thoughtfully hiding his beams so as
not to unduly try the contestants.

The spacious and well-kept grounds in
the front of the asylum presented a
pretty sight when the games were begun.
The female nurses, attired in neat white
caps and charming little aprons, moved
with the male attendants, doctors, and
many visitors among the patients scat-
tered all over the ground, shaking hands
and chatting now with this one and then
with another. The ready hands of the
patients and the equally ready lighting
up of their faces, when accosted by either
nurse or doctor, spoke louder than any
words of systematic kindness and loving
treatment.

It was good to stand, too, and watch
the intense joy with which the patients
welcomed dear friends and relations who
were constantly arriving, many of whom
brought little tokens of remembrance
from others who were unable to be pre-
sent at this great field day.

Among the many friends of the hos-
pital who went out were the Hon. J. K.
Ward, president; Messrs. Robert Reid,
David Watson, William Wilson, George
Esplin, the Rev. James Barclay, Drs.
Tait McKenzie, Armstrong, Ross and
Anglin.

The following programme shows how
numerous were the events and how, in
consequence, nearly all the contestants
won prizes: Throwing baseball, one hun-
dred yards dash, running high jump, one
hundred and twenty yards race (male
employees), hop, step and jump; stand-
ing broad jump; woman's race, seventy-
five yards; running broad jump, woman's
race, seventy-five yards (female em-
ployees); hurdle race, sack race, obstacle
race (male employees), obstacle race, old
woman's race, two hundred and twenty
yards race, putting shot (male em-
ployees), egg race (female employees),
three-legged race, barrel race, governors'
race (one hundred yards), boot race, pipe
race, old man's race, tug-of-war.

It must not be forgotten, too, that
there were prizes for crocheting, knitting,
sewing, darning, as well as for the best
dressed male and female patient.

The referees were the Hon. J. K.
Ward, Mr. F. Wolferstan Thomas and
Mr. G. R. Prowse. Starters, Mr. Robert
Reid, Drs. Anglin and Macphail.
Judges of field events, Messrs. J. Wil-
son, J. H. Stearns, Dr. C. Kirkpatrick
and Dr. R. Tait McKenzie. Judges
of track events, Dr. J. J. Ross, Messrs.
G. Esplin, G. W. Sadler and James Mc-
Bride. Judges on female work, Mes-
dames Ward, Thomas, Esplin, J. M.
Crawford and Burgess.

The races, which caused the contestants
much enjoyment and laughter, were the
sack race, obstacle race, egg race, three-
legged race, barrel race, pipe race and
tug-of-war. In not one of the events
was there any begging for contestants.
The many prizes were distributed to
the happy winners by Messrs. Ward and
Reid, and were kindly donated by the
following:

H. A. Nelson & Sons, Lyman, Sons &
Co., R. J. Tooke, W. Drysdale, G. R.
Prowse, S. Hyman, C. Alexander & Sons,
H. Shorey & Co., C. R. Phillips & Co.,
Tester & Co., Wm. Evans, Stonewall
Jackson Cigar Company, Caverhill, Lear-
mont & Co., J. Palmer & Son, G. H.
Featherston, John Murphy & Co., Colin
McArthur, W. Ewing & Co., Babcock &
Son, Hislop & Hunter, Lockerby Bros.,
W. & F. P. Currie & Co., J. A. Mathew-
son & Co., Montreal Biscuit Company,
J. Brodie, J. A. Ogilvy & Sons, J. H.
McKeown, D. Surgeon, Seal & Son, Vi-
pond, McBride & Co., Joseph L. Gurd,
James Mason, Miss Jessie Chalmers,
Tooke Bros., Ames, Holden & Co., the
Robert Miller Company, Simpson, Hall,
Miller & Co., E. L. Bond, A. Pallascio,
Henry J. Dart & Co., J. H. Chapman, W. H.
Scroggie, D. Wilson, James Wilson, Hon.
J. K. Ward, A. T. Wiley & Co., Morton,
Phillips & Co., H. W. Reynolds, Chase &
Sanborn, Edgar, Swift & Co., G. Arm-
strong & Co., Montreal Electric Com-
pany, McArthur, Cormelle & Co., Joseph
C. Wray, Robert Linton & Co., Bowes &
McWilliams, Ed. Askew, George Bridge-
man, Hy. Gatehouse.

While the games were in progress a
few visitors were accorded the privilege
of being shown through portions of the
institute—so beautifully situated and com-
manding such a charming view of the
river and surrounding country. The first
thing that struck the attention was the
absolute cleanliness which met one on
every hand, and the brightness of the
wards in general. Especially was interest
centred upon the many evidences of cul-
ture and refinement to be found on every
hand in the private wards—and in the
wards generally where it was known that

pictures, music, flowers and artistic sur-
roundings would be appreciated.

The new range in the kitchen, a most
imposing structure, was much admired,
while the glittering copper-clad boilers,
in the centre of the room, which are used
for making soup, etc., were given much
attention. The several dining rooms were
found to be well appointed, the patients
being allowed to use knives, forks and
spoons—in fact nearly all the comforts of
civilized life. The absence of bars from
the windows told a tale of the steady ad-
vancement of knowledge in the treatment
and care of the insane. Much of the work
at the asylum is done by the patients,
and that with great willingness. The
farm, in the rear of the asylum, is es-
pecially popular among the men, who love
to tend the garden, milk, and in other
ways make themselves useful. Only those
who have the care of patients can fully
appreciate the great value of work for
giving ease to the mind and happiness to
the heart.

It speaks exceedingly well for the treat-
ment in vogue in this hospital that dur-
ing the past three years the cures have
been no less than forty-two percent.
There are now about two hundred and
ninety patients in the institute. It should
be specially mentioned that four-fifths of
the patients were on the grounds on Sat-
urday.

IN CRITICAL MOOD.

SIR CHARLES TUPPER UPON THE
FAST LINE AND OTHER
MATTERS.

Sir Charles Tupper has returned from
his visit to England. In an interview in
the 'Gazette' he criticises the action of
Sir Wilfrid Laurier in making, as he says,
preferential trade within the Empire im-
possible. In view of the stand which the
Premier took upon this question before
he was returned to power and his decla-
ration in England in favor of free trade
as against the proposition of the Duke
of Devonshire, he convicts Sir Wilfrid of
duplicité. Moreover, he declares it to be
utterly foundationless that Sir Wilfrid
secured the denunciation of the German
and Belgian treaties. He says that the
state paper absolutely disposes of that
claim—a claim put forward by the Pre-
mier with great hypocrisy. For in that
state paper it is definitely stated that
Mr. Chamberlain only agreed to recom-
mend the denunciation of the treaties to
the government provided all the colonies
were one in asking for such denunciation.
The colonial premiers met and passed a
resolution agreeing to request such den-
unciation. The action was combined, Sir
Charles says, and not isolated, as the
Premier would have the country believe.

Sir Charles laughs bitterly at the idea
of Sir Wilfrid making the discovery for
the first time that Canada was a nation—
a phrase which was employed with jus-
tice in connection with Confederation
and the building of the C. P. R. Free-
dom alone cannot make a nation, as in
that case Prince Edward Island might be
called a nation. With regard to the fast
line Sir Charles had this to say:

'I am quite sure that Mr. Laurier now
regrets not having carried out the policy
of the late government. Before we re-
signed office we passed an order-in-coun-
cil authorizing the signing of a contract
with the Messrs. Allan. The Governor-
General having refused to sign the order-in-
council, I wrote a letter to Mr. Laurier
asking him to obtain the approval of the
Governor-General. Not only did he not
act on that suggestion, but he adopted
the remarkable course of sending Mr.
Dobell, who had avowed himself as op-
posed to the fast line service, to nego-
tiate the matter in England. After claim-
ing the credit of having saved some two
hundred and fifty thousand dollars and
having assured parliament that when the
contract was approved of, a large deposit
would be made with the government as
security for its fulfilment by Messrs.
Petersen & Tate, I have yet to learn
that any deposit has been made, or any
contract entered into. I would have been
very glad if this great work could have
been accomplished at any reduction on
the cost authorized by parliament. But,
after spending some months in England,
I have yet to meet with the first person
who had any confidence in that firm be-
ing able to carry the undertaking
through. If that should be the case, as
there seems little reason to doubt, it is
to be hoped that Mr. Laurier will be in-
duced to fall back upon the arrangement
that the Messrs. Allan proposed to enter
into, and that the undertaking will thus
be placed in the hands not only of men
who have been pioneers of the St. Law-
rence steam traffic, but a company pos-
sessing all the resources and experi-
ence necessary to enable them to make
a complete success of the under-
taking. I cannot believe that there is
any foundation in the rumor that it
is prepared to radically change the
contract without calling for tenders, as
such a course would be regarded by all
business men as, under the circumstances,
utterly unjustifiable.'

Sir Charles left for Ottawa this morn-
ing, and will proceed west in a few days
to look after his mining interests. The
news of the mining discoveries has creat-
ed the greatest interest in England, he
concluded, 'and I believe Canada is on
the eve of an era of great prosperity, a
fact in which we will all rejoice.'

DEATH OF A PRIEST.

The Rev. Abbé L. J. Huot, parish
priest of St. Paul l'Ermite, died on Sat-
urday at the age of eighty years, after

an illness of eight years. The deceased
clergyman was the first pastor of St. Paul
l'Ermite and had lived with his parishion-
ers for nearly forty years at the time of
his death. He was a man of large mental
culture and most zealous in looking after
his flock. The funeral will take place at
St. Paul l'Ermite to-morrow morning at
nine o'clock.

CHURCH OF ST. JOHN THE
1 EVANGELIST.

The Rt. Rev. Edward S. Talbot, D.D.,
Lord Bishop of the Diocese of Rochester,
England, who is on his way to attend
the annual convention of the Brother-
hood of St. Andrew in the United States
at Buffalo, N.Y., where he and the Rev.
Chas. Gore, M.A., Canon of Westmin-
ster Abbey, are to be the principal
speakers, is expected to arrive in the
city to-day, and will deliver an address
at the 7 a.m. celebration of the Holy
Eucharist in the Church of St. John
the Evangelist, to-morrow, Tuesday.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOLIDAYS

BEING NOW OVER.

THE THRIFTY HOUSEWIFE
IS GIVING HER ATTENTION
TO HOME COMFORTS. THIS
IS WHERE WE CAN HELP
YOU IN BOTH LABOR AND
SAVING.

IF YOU WANT CARPETS
WE OFFER YOU THIS EX-
TRA INDUCEMENT: WE
WILL MAKE AND LAY FREE
ALL CARPETS BOUGHT
FROM US DURING THIS
MONTH.

IF YOU WANT FURNITURE
WE OFFER YOU THE BEST
ASSORTMENT AT PRICES
WHICH CANNOT BE BEAT-
EN.

IF YOU WANT A STOVE
OR RANGE
WE GUARANTEE AND PUT
UP FREE EVERY STOVE
SOLD BY US. REMEMBER WE
ARE COMPLETE HOUSE-
FURNISHERS, AND HERE
YOU CAN HAVE CREDIT IF
YOU WANT IT OR PAY CASH
IF YOU HAVE IT.

THE AMERICAN
FURNISHER CO.,
1678 & 1680 Notre Dame St.
T. A. EMMANS, Manager.

GRANT'S PATENT
SPECTACLE INDICATOR
Prof. Samuel S. Grant,
1st Honor's Pupils of Dr. Bucklin, A.M., M.D.
OCULIST'S PRESCRIPTIONS EXECUTED
EXACT.

Spectacles and Eyeglasses fitted in Newest Im-
proved Styles of Frames.
SIGHT ACCURATELY TESTED.
Tel. 5042. Store closes at 6 o'clock p.m.

HENRY GRANT & SON, Opticians,
2445 St. Catherine st., near Drummond

THE GRAND HOTEL

CALEDONIA SPRINGS,

Closes MONDAY, Sept. 20.

Till then all the advantages
of the place can be enjoyed.

VACCINE.

RELIABLE VACCINE VIRUS

Received daily from the two best sources
in the U.S. —AT—

THE MEDICAL HALL
Colonial House, Phillips Square.
KENNETH CAMPBELL & CO.

MARRIAGE LICENSES,

ISSUED.

MONEY TO LEND,

—BY—

JOHN M. H. DUFF,

ACCOUNTANT AND COMMISSIONER

107 St. James and 345 Prince Arthur st

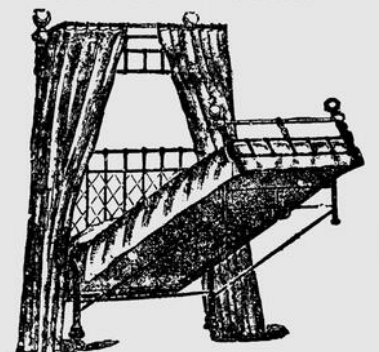
MARRIAGE LICENSES,

ISSUED.

MONEY TO LEND,

CUSHING, DUNTON & BARRON,
NOTARIES & COMMISSIONERS,
110 St. James Street.

No Wood Whatever.



Patent Folding Iron Bed

ADVERTISEMENTS.

ECZEMA

Most Torturing, Disfiguring,
Humiliating

Of itching, burning, bleeding, scaly skin
and scalp humors is instantly relieved
by a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP,
a single application of CUTICURA (oint-
ment), the great skin cure, and a full dose
of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, greatest of blood
purifiers and humor cures.

Cuticura

REMEDIES speedily, permanently, and
economically cure, when all else fails.

POTTER DREG AND CHEM. CO., Sole Props., Boston.
"How to Cure Every Skin and Blood Humor," free.
PIMPLY FACES Purified and Beautified by
CUTICURA SOAP.

Winter
Quarters

With every home comfort and
hotel attractions, at reasonable
prices.

TURKISH BATH HOTEL

140 to 144 ST. MONIQUE STREET.

I WOULDN'T

be so headstrong
as to refuse advice

when offered in a friendly spirit.

WOULD YOU

Not show better judgment by investi-
gating? If right, follow it. It WILL
BE RIGHT if you are advised to us

The COOK'S FRIEND

Baking Powder.

MONEY TO LEND

At Low Rate of Interest and on favorable
terms, on first-class property.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE CO. of Canada

CENTS FOR SALE

Apply at the "WITNESS" OFFICE.

REAL ESTATE.

THE CITY OF MONTREAL
WILL OFFER FOR SALE
—BY—
Public Auction

At the City Clerk's Office, City Hall.

— ON —

TUESDAY, the 28th day of SEPTEMBER

AT 11 O'CLOCK A.M.,

the following immovable property, being
cadastral number 280 of COTEAU ST.
LOUIS, (now St. Denis Ward), comprising
a lot of land, with buildings thereon, situ-
ated upon, and bearing numbers 308 to 319
CARRIÈRE STREET.
TERMS CASH.

W. KOBE,
City Treasurer.

City Treasurer's Office.

City Hall,
Montreal, 17th Sept., 1897.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

In the matter of

E. W. MATTHEWS & CO.,
Dominion Square,
Montreal.

TENDERS will be received up to TUES-
DAY, 21st instant, for the stock of
the above Insolvent, consisting of Bicycles,
Bicycle Sundries, Tools, etc., contained in
their store.

The highest nor any tender not neces-
sarily accepted. Terms, cash.

Stock can be seen, and all information
obtained by applying to

JOHN McD. HAINS,
Curator.

43 St. Sacramento street, Montreal.

13th Sept., 1897.

THIS BED

Being All Iron,

Is superior to the Wooden Folding Beds,

— BECAUSE —

1st, When folded it is not all boxed in
like other Folding Beds, but open and
airy.

2nd, Being All Iron, it affords no pro-
tection to vermin.

For sale by all Furniture Dealers or by Manu-
facturers.

A PAVING DIFFICULTY.

NOTRE DAME STREET WEST AGAIN IN TROUBLE.

Dissatisfaction is already being expressed by the city surveyor at the quality of the bricks that are being laid on Notre Dame street, from Chaboillez square to St. Martin street. Despite the fact that the company supplying the bricks guaranteed them to last for a number of years they have already been found to be crumbling away in many places.

Aldermen Grothe, Kinsella and Dupré, who were appointed to enquire into the condition of the bricks met this morning in the city surveyor's office. Like the city surveyor, they found the bricks were crumbling in some places. The paving on Notre Dame, near Colborne street, was found in an especially unsatisfactory state.

It is not the contractor who is to blame for the condition of the bricks, but the company which supplied them, the contractor is compelled by the city to take the bricks from the company. The City Council decided some time ago to help home industries and have contractors take bricks needed for paving from this company.

The company contend that the cause of the bricks crumbling is due to the unsatisfactory condition of the bed they are resting upon. This complaint is strenuously combated, however, by the contractors. The company has asked to be allowed to put down about a hundred feet of paving, west of Guy, on Notre Dame street, and to be allowed, in this instance, to make the concrete bed for the bricks.

The sub-committee and city surveyor decided to-day to grant this request, and also allow the company to tear up the bricks near Colborne street and re-lay them in the way they contend they will last. If these tests do not prove satisfactory it is expected that in the spring the street will have to be re-paved. The completion of the paving from Guy to the city limits will not be proceeded with unless it is proven beyond a doubt that the bricks are suitable for paving.

CRY OF FAMINE IN IRELAND.

London, Sept. 20.—The extent of the distress threatening Ireland seems to be deepened largely as to through which party's eyes it is viewed. The Council of the National Federation has decided that the country is on the brink of a widespread calamity and calls upon Messrs. Dillon and Harrington to convoke a meeting of the Irish members of parliament for the purpose of requisitioning Mr. A. J. Balfour, the government leader in the House of Commons, and the First Lord of the Treasury, to call an autumn session of parliament for the purpose of devising relief measures and to pass a bill reducing rents in Ireland in proportion to the loss incurred by the tenants, owing to the wholesale destruction of their crops.

On the other hand, the Dublin 'Express' says the cry of famine is only a continuation of the party war which is raised every year the Unionists are in office, and adds:—Judging from the past we may hope that much of the crops doomed to destruction by the prophets of evil will be rescued and that the general yield will be much larger than expected.

The 'Daily Independent' regards the suggestion that the Duchess of York will shortly appeal for funds in behalf of the Irish who are threatened with famine, in a manner similar to the appeal of the Princess of Wales in behalf of the London poor, at the time of the Queen's Jubilee, as being an insult, and says: 'If the country was ten times as badly off as it is likely to be, it would resent any charitable appeal to the English.'

At the same time the 'Daily Independent' emphatically denies that Ireland, as a whole, will suffer much distress.

BEIRING SEA CLAIMS.

Halifax, N.S., Sept. 20.—Mr. Charles B. Warren of Detroit is expected to conclude his argument before the Behring Sea claims commission to-day. This morning he devoted his remarks to the value of seal skins and its relation to the claims of sealers. On Saturday afternoon Mr. Warren severely attacked the testimony and conduct of Alexander Frank in connection with the claims of the 'Black Diamond' and the 'Alfred Adams.' Frank, he argued, knowing that the commission was established and that a channel for obtaining damages was open to him, availed himself of the chances to recover damages and swore falsely to secure an award from this commission. These claims had been supported by testimony shown to have been false and must fail. Bechtel, Alexander McLean, Daniel McLean and Frank being American citizens, were part owners of the 'Carolina,' 'Pathfinder,' 'Triumph,' 'Onward,' 'Favourite,' 'Black Diamond' and 'Alfred Adams,' and therefore the United States denied liability for these claims.

THE LATE MR. RENFREW.

Quebec, Sept. 20.—The funeral of the late Mr. G. R. Renfrew took place this afternoon from the Methodist Church to Mount Hermon Cemetery. The remains were enclosed in a fine oaken casket, heavily bound in brass, and having ornaments and handles of the same metal as well as a rich and heavy name plate on which was engraved the words:—'George Richard Renfrew, born Feb. 9, 1829; died Sept. 4, 1897.' In the Methodist Church last night the Rev. Mr. Sparling made a feeling reference to the death of the late Mr. Renfrew.

TO BE BROUGHT INTO COURT.

A COAL DEALER ANNOTED AT THE ALDERMEN.

The reason why aldermen like to peddle out coal contracts instead of awarding them to the lowest tenderers is likely to be ventilated in the civil courts in the course of a few days. Mr. William Bellingham, whose place of business is at 84, and 96 Prince street, has, through his lawyers, Messrs. Doherty, Scotte, Barnard & Macdonald, served writs on Aldermen Kinsella, Harper and Jacques, representing St. Ann's, St. Lawrence and St. Gabriel Wards, respectively. Mr. Bellingham claims \$50,000 damages in each case for false and libellous statements made during the consideration of tenders for coal in the market and police committee. It will be remembered that Mr. Bellingham has been tendering to supply coal to the city for years past at fifteen cents a ton less than the coal dealers in the coal combine tendered to supply it; but on account of certain statements as to his engaging in other lines of business besides coal, not having screened coal, etc., he managed to secure but few of the contracts.

AN INCENDIARY FIRE.

The Fire Commissioners held an enquete this morning into a fire at No. 14 Emily street in an unoccupied flat which took place on Saturday morning. The fire occurred on the ground floor, the one above being occupied. From the evidence there was everything to show that the fire was one of incendiary origin, but had been discovered in time to prevent serious consequences.

A WIFE ASSAULTED.

In the Recorder's Court this morning Judge DeMontigny disposed of thirty-three cases, composed mostly of drunks. John Donnelly, a frequenter of the Recorder's Court, was fined five dollars and costs for assaulting his wife. On Saturday night he went to his home on St. Antoine street in a drunken condition and turned his wife and four children out of the house. Constable Boudard went to their rescue and gained admittance through a rear door. Donnelly was infuriated through drink and attempted to strike his wife with a chair, but the officer frustrated the effort.

SERIOUS NOSE-BLEED.

The Rev. Abbé J. L. Leclerc, pastor of St. Joseph's Church, in this city, had an attack of bleeding of the nose, early yesterday morning. The bleeding became so serious that medical assistance had to be summoned, and the hemorrhage reappeared several times during the day. The consequence was that the pastor could not take part in the proceedings of the official visit of Archbishop Bruchesi. Although very weak, Abbé Leclerc is much better to-day.

THE MINERS' STRIKE.

WARRANTS ISSUED FOR THE ARREST OF SHERIFF MARTIN AND HIS DEPUTIES.

Hazleton, Pa., Sept. 20.—The strike situation again assumed an uncertain phase this morning. An attempt to resume work was made at Pardee's Latimore mines, but only three hundred out of thirteen hundred miners returned to work. These were mainly Italians, with a few English-speaking men.

During the night the Hungarians paraded through the settlement beating tin cans and kettles. This was done to notify those of their race that they must not go back to work. The warning was observed, and this morning a band of Hungarians, led by women, were massing and threatening to march on the mines later in the day. The thirteenth regiment is keeping close watch for further trouble.

News of a disturbance at Eckley reached brigade headquarters about nine o'clock this morning. The workmen there had fixed to-day for the decision whether or not to strike. About half the strikers attempted to return and the others gathered about the mines in a menacing manner. Companies C and E of the Fourth Regiment were sent over and gave the would-be workers protection.

The men at Drifton and Jeddo, in the same district did not go out. The two thousand five hundred miners at the Lehigh and WilkesbarreMcAddo mines kept their word and returned to work under military protection.

The threatened raid at Latimore occurred shortly after ten o'clock. About one hundred and twenty Italian women armed with clubs and stones, divided into three companies, marched on the mines. Signals were given the camp by the sentries of the Culm Bank Station and three companies of the 13th were sent over, under Major Whitney. The women outflanked the soldiers and were within twenty feet of the engine before the troops reached them. Missiles were flying through the air and the rabble ignored the command to retreat. The soldiers then lined up shoulder to shoulder and with guns pointed, pushed the crowd back until they dispersed. Meanwhile, the attack on the company's store was repelled in the same manner. John Tomasco, a Hungarian who threw a heavy piece of iron to one of the women and told her to use it as a weapon, was arrested. A body of miners from Butler Valley came over to Latimore to work this morning but were compelled to go back by a band of strikers, at the point of revolvers.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Sept. 20.—The court issued warrants to-day for the arrest of Sheriff Martin and his deputies. The court officers will go to Hazleton this afternoon to serve the warrants. Great efforts were made to keep the action of the court quiet. It is feared if the report gets abroad that a warrant is out for the deputies that many of them will leave the state.

MINISTERS MEET.

CABINET COUNCIL IN SESSION AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, One, Sept. 20.—The Cabinet is now in session, having met at two o'clock. The appointment of Sir Oliver Mowat as Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario may be made this week. That much is settled as first announced in this correspondence, but a more important matter is the choice of a successor. Some writers in the press have the idea that the Governor-General is vested with authority to name a Minister of Justice. This is quite a mistake. Sir Wilfrid Laurier is the only man. The Premier, as already stated, has been advised by Sir Oliver Mowat to call on the Hon. David Mills to accept the portfolio of Justice, and will probably do so. Justice is the only portfolio of any consequence held by Ontario, and it will not therefore be offered to any but an Ontario man.

DEATH OF GEORGE WALDRON.

CORONER'S JURY SAY IT WAS DUE TO A NATURAL CAUSE.

At the coroner's enquiry on Saturday into the death of George Waldron, which occurred immediately after he had been struck on the head by his wife the evening previous, Dr. George Villeneuve, medical expert, who had assisted at an autopsy, testified that while there was a small fracture of the skull, death was undoubtedly due to intense congestion of the lungs. He also found chronic disease of the kidneys and disease of the heart of a severe nature. In reply to a question of the coroner he said that sudden excitement might have had something to do with the congestion of the lungs. Other evidence went to show that the rap administered to the deceased by Mrs. Waldron was not heavy enough to cause serious injury. The jury found that death had occurred from a natural cause.

Waldron had served an honorable career in the British army, and was a veteran of the Crimea. The last months of his life were passed in intoxication.

DARING ROBBERS.

THE THIEVING FRATERNITY HAVE A BUSY TIME.

Early yesterday morning thieves entered the boot and shoe store occupied by Mr. Joseph N. Massé, at the corner of Rachel and Montana streets, through the cellar window and carried away one hundred and fifty dollars' worth of stock, in addition to breaking open his cash drawer and extracting sixty-two dollars in money. The perpetrators turned the place upside down and then turned their attention to the store next door, which is a barber's shop kept by Mr. Felix Berthiaume. Here the thieves collected about fifty dollars' worth of razors, shaving brushes and fancy perfumes, and quietly escaped. The case has been reported to the detectives, and Acting Detectives Riopel and Côté are working on it.

During the past month a second-hand dealer who keeps a store at 82 Grey Nun street has been the victim of several robberies, and this morning he notified the detectives of the fact. In some mysterious manner the thieves entered his place and altogether two hundred dollars' worth of goods of various descriptions disappeared. Suspicion led him to accuse one of his employees of the work, with the result that this morning that person failed to put in an appearance at the store, consequently his employer made complaint to the detectives.

ALLEGED HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

Last night Acting Detective Richard arrested a man on the charge of highway robbery. Ernest Pepin, a cabman, of 19 St. Andre street, while under the influence of liquor, came across three men who promised to pilot him home. Instead of doing so, they let him sleep in a gateway. While he was snoring soundly the trio went through his pockets. The officer caught one of them, but his companions, who had got the spoils, escaped. The accused when arraigned in the Police Court before Judge Desnoyers this morning pleaded not guilty, and the case was put back until Wednesday.

C. E. CONVENTION.

The provincial convention of the Christian Endeavor Union of Quebec will open at Coaticook on Oct. 5, and will continue on the two following days. The programme issued suggests a practical and helpful meeting, containing as it does the names of Prof. Wells, Mr. John Currie, Dr. Mackay, Mr. F. C. Stephenson and other strong men as speakers. Coaticook itself offers many attractions. It is a thriving town in the midst of a beautiful district, on the main line of the Grand Trunk Railway twenty-two miles east of Sherbrooke. Single fare and a third has been secured from all railways. All visiting delegates will be entertained by the Coaticook friends.

BISHOP'S COLLEGE SCHOLARSHIPS

The Faculty of Medicine at the University of Bishop's College decided to award a scholarship of the value of half the fees, to the student showing the highest aggregate of marks in the provincial matriculation examinations of each year, and a like scholarship is to be awarded to the graduate in arts from Lennoxville showing the highest aggregate of marks in the arts course.

TOOK POISON AND IS DYING.

THE SECOND DRESSMAKER TO POISON HERSELF IN MONTREAL WITHIN A WEEK.

Another attempt at self-destruction occurred in the city last evening, and the Notre Dame Hospital to-day contains a young woman who is slowly but surely sinking from the effects of poison, self-administered. This is the third case of the kind in Montreal within a week. The latest young woman to adopt this means to get away from present troubles is Mrs. T. F. Brown of 19 Maria Louise street, a dressmaker, which is believed to have been the occupation of the Cadillac Hotel suicide, although the latter has not been fully identified as yet. Mrs. Brown succumbed in a Craig street drug store last evening, having previously taken Paris green. She was taken to the hospital and efforts made to save her life, but the poison could not be neutralized. She would not give any reason for her act, and even refused to divulge her name, but as it happened, her identity was known.

JUDGMENTS IN APPEAL.

The Court of Appeal will render judgment in the following cases to-morrow morning at ten o'clock:—Town of Westmount and Warrington (motions); ex parte Watson (motion); Burland and Lee; Consumers Cordage Company and Young; Bank of Ottawa and Bingham; Lamarche and Foucault; England and Kerry; city of Montreal and Gauthier; Gauthier and city of Montreal; Bell Telephone Company and Dineen; Jeanotte and Gauthier; Warrington and Heaton; Dominion Cartridge Company and Cairns.

ANOTHER DENIAL.

Referring to the most recent political rumors, the 'Patrie' says:—'The "Patrie" once more declares that there is nothing true, nothing founded in the rumors circulated by the Tory press concerning cabinet changes. The ministers who are at the head of the different departments enjoy public confidence, and also the confidence of their distinguished leader. There is no government more united than the Laurier Government.'

STILL ANOTHER BREAK.

Mr. Laforest, superintendent of the Water Department, found it necessary, on Sunday, to have all but two feet of water let out of the canal, in order to completely pump out the cofferdam and repair one of the two broken thirty-inch mains at the bottom of the canal. When the necessary repairs were made to the pipe, and the water let in again, it was found that a new break had unfortunately occurred in the very pipe which had been repaired. The water will be let out of the canal again next Sunday, when Mr. Laforest hopes to thoroughly repair the broken pipes.

BEHRING SEA SEALS.

Washington, Sept. 20.—General John W. Foster returned to Washington last night and immediately began arranging for the approaching international conference of seal experts in this city, which will take place some time in October. The Japanese Government has signified its assent to the invitation from the United States to send representatives to attend the conference.

MORE FIGHTING IN INDIA.

Peshawar, Sept. 20.—Advices from Hangu say that two thousand tribesmen on Thursday last attacked a flying column of British troops at Soda. The fighting lasted two hours. The British loss consisted of only two men killed and four men wounded.

GRANTED SPECIAL RATES.

New York Sept. 20.—The managers of the Joint Traffic Association have approved of special passenger rates to the Woman's Christian Temperance Union convention at Toronto, Ont., Oct. 20 and 21, and the national convention of the union at Buffalo, Oct. 27 to Nov. 5. Special stop-over privileges were also granted to the delegates to the convention.

WELL-KNOWN MANITOBA DEAD

Winnipeg, Sept. 20.—Mr. John Hettle, member of the Manitoba Legislature for Turtle Mountain, died at his home at Boissevain this morning. Deceased was chief dairy instructor for Manitoba.

EXCHANGE DEALERS ASSIGN.

New York, Sept. 20.—Fuller and Wilson, dealers in domestic and foreign exchange, of 20 Wall street, made an assignment this morning to William H. Fleet. The low rate of foreign exchange is said to have something to do with the assignment. The liabilities are as yet unknown.

THE EMPEROR WILLIAM.

Buda Pest, Sept. 20.—The Emperor William of Germany arrived here at ten o'clock this morning and was welcomed by the Emperor Francis Joseph, the cabinet ministers and the civil and military authorities.

MR. GAUTHIER SAFE.

The contestation of the election of Mr. Jos. Gauthier, M.P., for L'Assomption, was dismissed on Saturday last.

SHIPPING.

The Allan line R.M.S. Siberian, from Glasgow and Liverpool to St. John's, Nfld., Halifax and Philadelphia, arrived at St. John's at 8 yesterday morning. The Allan line S.S. Montevideo, from London for Montreal, passed Fame Point this morning.

LULL IN SPECULATION.

Toronto Street Railway the Leading Feature.

On the local stock exchange this morning the market was quiet, and in a few cases, fractionally lower. There were no advances. Toronto Street Railway was the only active stock, 925 shares changing hands at a ruling value of 84. Dominion Cotton fell off a point, 130 shares selling at 91.

The sales at the morning board were as follows:—25 Cable at 18 1/2, 17 Montreal St. Railway at 22 1/2, 25 Toronto Street Railway at 83 1/2, 87 1/2 at 84, 25 at 83 1/2, 50 Electric at 134, 25 at 134, 10 Halifax Street Railway at 118 1/2, 50 at 119, 24 Merchants Bank at 184, 10 at 185, 2 Bank of Montreal at 240, 50 Montreal Cotton at 142 1/2, 10 at 142 1/2, 2 at 102, 25 at 102 1/2, 8 Dominion Cotton at 92, 130 at 91.

New York, Sept. 20.—10.10 a.m.—The prices of stocks tended lower at the opening, Omaha showing a decline of 1/2, and Burlington and Union Pacific 1/4 each. The exceptions were Rock Island and Manhattan, which gained 1/4, and Chicago Great Western, 1/4. Opening prices—Atchafalpa, 10 1/2; sugar, 15 1/2; General Electric, 40 1/2; Chicago Gas, 10 1/2; Burlington, 10 1/2; Rock Island, 55 1/2; St. Paul, 10 1/2; Louisville, 11 1/2; Leather preferred, 69 1/2; Southern preferred, 38 1/2; Manhattan, 109 1/2; New Jersey Central, 100 1/2.

The afternoon sales were: 25 Cables at 18 1/2, 50 Montreal Street Ry. at 22 1/2, 25 Toronto Street Ry. at 83 1/2, 125 at 83 1/2, 25 at 83 1/2, 25 New Street at 217, 25 Halifax Street Ry. at 119, 4 Bank of Montreal at 238, 3 Montreal Cotton at 143, 50 Dominion Cotton at 92 1/2, 100 Duluth Common at 44, 100 Dominion Coal at 24 1/2, 2,000 Dominion Coal bonds at 101.

Reported by Messrs. Nichols & Marler, Stock Brokers, corner Notre Dame and St. Francois Xavier streets.

Stocks	Sellers	Buyers
Canadian Pacific	74	73 1/2
do. do. Land Bonds	100	100
Duluth S. & A. Atlantic	4 1/2	4 1/2
Do. do. pref.	9	7 1/2
Grand Trunk 1st Pref.	152	151 1/2
Commercial Cable	180	176
Montreal Telegraph	180	176
Burland & Lee	180	176
Montreal St. Railway Co.	223 1/2	223
Montreal Street Railway (New)	217	216
Montreal St. Railway Rights	194	193 1/2
Montreal Gas Co.	175	170
Intercolonial Coal	143	145
Do. do. Bonds	133 1/2	132 1/2
Royal Electric	240	238
Bank of Montreal	100	100
Ontario Bank	100	100
Bank of British North America	100	100
La Banque du Peuple	215	209
Molson Bank	234	234
Bank of Toronto	153	153
La Banque Jacques Cartier	153	153
Merchants Bank	153	153
Do. do. of Halifax	153	153
Eastern Townships Bank	121	121
Quebec Bank	121	121
La Banque Nationale	138 1/2	134
North West Land	111	111
Do. pref. stock	111	111
La Banque Ville Marie	111	111
Canada Shipping Co.	111	111
Canadian Paper	111	111
Chapman and St. Lawrence Bonds	111	111
Montreal Cotton	145	141 1/2
Can. Col. Cot. Mills Co.	111	111
Do. do. bonds	111	111
Merchant's Manufacturing Co.	111	111
Dominion Cotton Mills Co.	111	111
Do. do. Bonds	111	111
Loan and Mortgage Co.	83 1/2	83
Toronto Street Railway	83 1/2	83
Halifax Tram	119	118
Do. do. bonds	119	118
Heat & Light	119	118
St. John Railway	119	118
Halifax Electric	119	118
Cornwall Street Railway	119	118
Dom. Coal pref.	119	118
Com. Bonds	24 1/2	24

NEW YORK STOCK LIST

(Furnished by J. R. Meeker.)

Opening and Closing Prices—10 a.m. and 3 p.m.	10 a.m.	3 p.m.
Atchafalpa	10 1/2	10 1/2
Can. Southern	61 1/2	60
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	101	101
Del. & Hudson	121	121
Del. Lack. & West.	121	121
Erie	18 1/2	18 1/2
Louis. & Nash.	61 1/2	61 1/2
Lake Shore	111	111
Manhattan Consolidated	111	111
Missouri Pacific	55 1/2	55 1/2
Nor. American	55 1/2	55 1/2
Nor. Pac. pf.	10 1/2	10 1/2
New Jersey Central	100 1/2	100 1/2
Nor. West.	111	111
N. Y. Central	111 1/2	111 1/2
Omaha Common	57 1/2	57 1/2
Pacific Mail	38	37 1/2
Reading, Philadelphia	41	39 1/2
Richmond Terminal	41	39 1/2
Rock Island, Chic. & Pac.	109 1/2	109 1/2
United States Leather	101 1/2	100 1/2
St. Paul, Chic. & Minn.	101 1/2	100 1/2
St. Paul, Minn. & Man.	101 1/2	100 1/2
Texas Pacific	14	13 1/2
Union Pacific	23	22 1/2
Wabash	23 1/2	23 1/2
Wabash pf.	23 1/2	23 1/2
Western Union Tel.	95	94
Sugar	41	40 1/2
Lead	41	40 1/2
Gas, Chicago	10 1/2	10 1/2
Gen. Electric	43 1/2	43 1/2
Rubber	18 1/2	18 1/2

WHEAT ADVANCES.

Provisions Remain Very Steady.

In Chicago this morning wheat opened steady for Sept., but nearly 1/4c lower for both Dec. and May. A gradual rise carried it up till Dec. was 1/4c higher than opening figures at 93 1/2. The decline, however, brought Sept. down to 1/4c lower than yesterday's close at 92 1/2; Dec. closed 1/4c higher at 92 1/2 and May 1/4c higher at 92 1/2. Provisions held remarkably steady, not varying more than 10c during the day.

RUSSIAN WHEAT CROP.

London, Sept. 20.—The Mark Lane 'Express' reviewing the crop situation says:—'Though the Russian wheat crop is under the average, the best judges credit Russia with being able to export a surplus of quite 8,000,000 quarters.'

DOMINION COTTON CO.

Mr. C. R. Whitehead has been appointed to succeed Mr. James Jackson as manager of the Dominion Cotton Company. Mr. Whitehead was formerly the manager of the Montgomery Cotton Mills.

FOREIGN MONEY MARKETS.

London, Sept. 20.—Gold is quoted at Puenos Ayres to-day at 188.50; at Lisbon, 47 1/2; at Rome, 106.22. Exchange on London, 20 marks, 39 pfennigs for cheques.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

The following table shows the range of prices in Chicago to-day and the closing quotations as compared with those of yesterday:

	Saturday's Close.	To-day's Open.	High.	Low.	Close
Wheat—					
Sept.	92½	92½	92½	92½	92½
Dec.	92½	92½	92½	92½	92½
May	92½	91½	92½	91½	91½
Corn—					
Dec.	29½	30¼	30½	29	29½
May	33½	33¾	34¾	33½	33½
Oats—					
Dec.	20½	20½	20½	20½	20½
May	23½	23½	23½	23½	23½
Pork—					
Oct.	8.42	8.47	8.50	8.47	8.47
Dec.	8.50	8.55	8.57	8.48	8.48
Lard—					
Oct.	4.70	4.70	4.72	4.67	4.67
Dec.	4.77	4.77	4.80	4.70	4.70
Short Ribs—					
Oct.	5.87	5.42	5.46	5.41	5.41
Dec.	4.95	4.97	5.05	4.92	4.92

POTATO CULTURE.

As to the grain crop, that of potatoes is the most important which the farmer has to manage. Many changes have taken place in its management during the last few years, and a reference to the old methods may be of service to such as are not wholly abreast of the times. The first and most beneficial change is early planting. I remember in the old days that the custom was to plant potatoes in the first field work. After all the crops were in, even the corn, in the localities where that product was raised, the potatoes were put in. It was not until the length of the growing season was discovered that this was a great mistake. Spring is usually the best season, but our summers are so short that the potatoes are not able to be dry and hot. Potatoes require coolness and moisture, especially in the early stages of their growth. They should be safely planted as soon as the ground is thoroughly out of the ground. Even if there are frosty nights they will sprout and grow, protected by the earth which covers them. Only when the tender shoots protrude above the soil are they liable to be injured by frost, and then then a slight nip of it does not harm them very much.

There were no early potatoes in those times, that is varieties that matured early. The ashleaf kidney was known to gardeners and there is a good story of one of this fraternity in England, who hearing the person say in a sermon that 'comelators did not agree' took him to a present of 'kidney' potatoes to see if they would agree with him any better. But 'kidney' potatoes were never grown as a farm crop. The early rose was the first early potato that came familiar to farmers, and it proved a great boon and blessing to the rural population, while it retained its vigor. When it got exhausted, as all varieties of potatoes do in course of time, its place was taken by numerous early sorts, and so keen has the competition been that it is now hard to tell which kind comes off the palm for earliness.

A change in the mode of culture came with the advent of the Early Rose, instead of planting on sod ground, it was found that a corn stubble or soil that had been cropped and left rich, and friable was next best to new soil for the 'apple of earth' to grow in. Planting in hills went out of vogue and drill culture took its place. The use of the hoe was practised less and less, the implement being superseded by the smoothing harrow and one-horse cultivator. With the coming of the potato bug the cultivation of this crop received a great check, but this visitation did not prove an unmixed evil by any means. It led to better culture, and this, with several applications of Paris green and water, secured better yields than had ever been obtained before. The introduction of Prof. Mapes and Stockbridge's potato fertilizers and the stimulus of the American Agriculturist prizes for the largest yields gave a great impetus to potato cultivation. Enormous crops were grown, and it was found that large areas could be planted without any hand-labor, leaving the Aspinwall and other potato-patchers, which made their own furrows, dropped, covered and rolled the seed, planting ten or twelve acres per day. The introduction of potato-planters was speedily followed by that of diggers, and though these machines are expensive, many potato farmers, like T. B. Jones of Ohio, find it pays to make a quality of this crop. In some localities a number of farmers join to buy a machine and combine in co-operating in potato-farming. The low price of potatoes, like most other farm products, have fallen, has necessitated the use of machinery and the practice of co-operation in the production of the crop. The day for 'dollar-a-bushel' potatoes, like that for a dollar a bushel of wheat, appears to have gone by. But the new method according to modern methods, the machinery and co-operative system, they can be produced at a profit of twenty-five cents a bushel. It is not that they will bring this price in average years. Last year was an exception, and for both apples and potatoes, the common saying was, they were 'no price at all.'

These diseases are liable to affect the growing of potatoes. These 'blights,' or rot, and the scab, which is a mixture of the former, while considered as equally destructive, is regarded as equally less so, counteracting the latter. In 1896 no less than ninety-one varieties of potatoes were tested at the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph. In view of the large number of varieties now competing with each other, it is a bewildering question for a plain, ordinary farmer to know what kind to plant. Only a careful study of the reports issued by the institutions located at Ottawa and Guelph would qualify him to form an intelligent and independent judgment. The first six on each list may be mentioned as a slight help. At Ottawa these are American Wonder, Rochester Rose, Early Northern, Irish Daisy, General Gordon and Early White Prize. At Guelph the first six are Empire State, Conroy, Thorburn, Summit, Tonhocks and Beauty of Hebron. In a trial of the twelve best early potatoes at Guelph Stray Beauty comes out at the head of the list.

LINDENBANK.

Personal.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

PERSONAL-BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS 1566 Notre Dame, Beautiful Sets of Teeth for Ten Dollars. Fit and quality guaranteed. Painless extracting a specialty. All charges moderate.

Residential Flats To Let

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

TO LET, NEW FLATS OF 7 ROOMS, 65 Selby street, Westmount; low rent. Apply at 694 St. Antoine street.

Property.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

FOR SALE, SELF-CONTAINED NEW HOUSE No. 1 Mackay street, two new flats, Nos. 9 and 11 Mackay street, corner of Victoria and Windsor street, Westmount; new stone front houses; also small house on Windsor street; something nice; double flat, 18 Park avenue; all above heated by furnace and in first class order. JAS. M. MITCHELL, 214 St. James street.

FOR SALE, BUILDING LOT IN OUTSKIRTS OF OUTRENT, size 50 x 100, with 200 foot lane, terms easy, price 150 per foot. Address S. 16, 'Witness' Office.

FOR SALE-A SNAP, LAST BUILDING LOT I have in Montreal Annex. No reasonable offer refused to prompt cash purchaser. DONALD MCLEA, P.O. Box 785.

FOR SALE, MONTREAL WEST, a Limited number of choice building lots close to electric railway, size 50 x 110, price 5 and 6 cents per foot; small cash payment will secure lot. Balance in easy monthly payments without interest. ARMSTRONG & COOK, 2706 Notre Dame street.

FOR SALE, THAT ELEGANT NEW HOUSE, No. 129 Crescent street, near Sherbrooke street, containing all modern conveniences, also No. 127 and 129 Crescent street, now being built. Parties in want of a house may find it to their interest to purchase before completion that any changes may be made to suit their taste; also No. 69 Mansfield, near Dorchester st. Enquire JAMES DOUGLAS, 127 Crescent street.

FOR SALE, ON ARGYLE AVENUE, Westmount, cut stone front, solid brick, modern house, 9 apartments, 'Daisy' furnace, price \$5,000. Apply to S. H. WARD, Manager, Real Estate Department, Fraser Bros., 453 St. James street.

FRED. R. ALLEY,
1163 1/2, James Street.
REAL ESTATE BOUGHT AND SOLD.
MONEY LOANED.

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JOB WORK OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, in a thoroughly satisfactory manner at MODERATE RATES, and at SHORT NOTICE.

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Pupils Wanted.

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WANTED, PUPILS IN GERMAN, six years' experience. G. MARON, formerly Master of German School, 407 Rachel street.

WANTED, PIANO PUPILS BY LADY Pupil of Prof. Ducharme, diplomas from Quebec Academy and Dominion College of Music. 32 Mackay, or 216 Greene ave. 18

WANTED-A COMPETENT TEACHER desires Pianoforte Pupils; terms moderate. Apply 254 Mountain street.

WANTED, BEGINNERS IN PIANOFORTE Playing. Terms moderate. CECIL G. BOG, 334 St. Antoine street.

PUPILS WANTED BY PRACTICAL Stenographer to learn Shorthand and Typewriting. Personal instruction. 1833 Ontario street, near Bleury.

WANTED-THE CROIZARD SCHOOL OF Languages-French, English, German, etc. (Rapid method.) Instruction is given in small classes or privately. French evening classes, twice weekly, \$2 a month. Special classes for the young from 4.15 to 6.15 p.m., twice weekly, \$2 a month. A Commercial course is in connection with the school. Write or call for Prospectus and information. 2444 St. Catherine st.

To Let.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

TO RENT, A \$15 HOUSE for \$10, and an \$18 house for \$12, from Oct. 1 to May next; immediate possession. Apply to R. A. MAINWARING, 147 St. James street.

TO LET, SELF-CONTAINED NEW HOUSE, No. 1 Mackay street, two new flats, Nos. 9 and 11 Mackay street, corner of Victoria and Windsor street, Westmount; new stone front houses; also small house on Windsor street; something nice; double flat, 18 Park avenue; all above heated by furnace and in first class order. JAS. M. MITCHELL, 214 St. James street.

TO LET, NOS. 33, 37, 39 SHUTTER STREET, upper and lower dwellings; modern conveniences, at reduced rent for balance of year. Apply 28 Donegan street.

TO LET, SHOP AND DWELLING OR separate, 2055 St. Catherine street; rent reasonable. Apply to JOHN HENRY HODGES, 104 Temple Building.

FURNISHED HOUSE-UPPER TENEMENT of five rooms, neatly furnished, vicinity of Windsor Hotel. Apply to J.H. 'Witness' Office.

TO LET, TWO FINE STONE FRONT Houses, Nos. 139 and 141 Metcalfe street. They are being put in perfect order, and will be ready for occupation in October; heated by hot water, and have all modern conveniences. R. K. THOMAS, No. 174 St. James street.

TO LET, 107 STANLEY STREET, Eleven apartments; apply to 127 Stanley street, or to J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO., 151 St. James street.

TO LET, CERTAIN PREMISES IN THE 'Witness' Building, consisting of a Store on the street level, and two well-lighted, well-furnished, heated flats, immediately above said Store. These premises would be very suitable for a wholesale establishment requiring a shop or office on the ground floor, or would be let separately. Only first-class tenants need apply. Full particulars or application to Mr. WALLACE, 'Witness' Office.

TO LET, TWO NEW HOUSES, BEST Part of Westmount; rent moderate. H. P. JACKSON, 4191 St. Catherine street, 17. Telephone 4754.

TO LET, 23 BALMORAL STREET, comfortable house, five rooms, on a flat, good order. JOHN BURRELL, 155 St. James street.

TO LET, SELF-CONTAINED HOUSE, 780 Dorchester street, near Beaver Hall Hill, perfect order, nine rooms and bathroom, furnace, modern improvements; rent moderate to good tenant. Apply to L. D. PERHAM, Registry and Shipping Office, Custom House.

STORE TO LET, 361A ST. JAMES STREET, double front, perfect order; immediate possession; low rental until May. W. WALKER, 121 St. Francois Xavier street.

TO LET, 1724 ONTARIO STREET, roomy dwelling, 12 apartments; also 23 Montcalm street, near river; 9 rooms, good yard and shed; terms very moderate to good tenants. Apply to H. H. AUSTIN, Agent Estate John Timm, 318 St. Paul street.

TO LET, THAT FINE STORE, 650 Craig street, consisting of street flat and cement floored basement, over 100 feet in depth, with good entrance in Fortification lane; fine show window. Apply to H. H. AUSTIN, Agent Estate John Timm, 318 St. Paul street.

TO LET, ON PARK AVENUE, Modern, medium sized house, first class order; immediate possession; h. w. furnace, gas fixtures, water tax paid; rent, \$20, worth \$30; also on Park avenue, snug upper tenement; present occupant leaving the city. For permits apply to S. H. WARD, Manager Real Estate Department, Fraser Bros., 453 St. James street.

TO LET, 589 SANGUINET STREET, upper tenement, 8 large rooms, hot water, bath and w.c., grained and varnished, light and bright, easily warmed in winter. Rent, \$11 per month all year round.

TO LET, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED good House in Westmount, fine situation, large yard, Daisy furnace, etc. 515 Lansdowne avenue.

SELF-CONTAINED COTTAGE TO RENT, partly furnished, 5 rooms, rent, \$15.00, or to a party of gentlemen for \$25.00 per month. Apply 215 Pine avenue.

Business Flats To Let.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

FLATS TO LET, IN BEST PART OF ST. JAMES street, being 2nd and 3rd over 226 to 230 St. James street, corner Dollard lane; lofty, excellent light; use of goods hoist; moderate rent. Apply to H. H. AUSTIN, Agent Estate John Timm, 318 St. Paul street.

DESIGNING, ELECTROTYPE AND STEREOTYPING Done promptly, and good work guaranteed. 'WITNESS' PRINTING HOUSE.

Rooms and Board.

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ROOMS-SINGLE AND DOUBLE Room, well furnished, with or without board. 26 Mackay street.

GOOD ROOMS MAY BE OBTAINED BY applying at 36 Mackay street.

ROOM-LARGE BRIGHT FURNISHED Room, with or without board. Private family. No children. 510 Seigneurs st.

ROOMS-A LARGE FURNISHED ROOM To Let, with or without breakfast. 2424 St. Catherine street.

ROOMS, WELL FURNISHED, SUNNY, large parlor bedroom; also single room, Daisy furnace; electric light; private family. 22 Mackay street.

TWO DOUBLE ROOMS, WITH BOARD at 92 Union avenue.

VACANCIES FOR TABLE BOARDERS at 29 Mance street.

TO LET, COMFORTABLE FURNISHED rooms, for Gentlemen only, \$5 and \$6 per month. 722a Lagachetiere street.

ROOMS-TWO FURNISHED ROOMS TO Let, in private house, for two gentlemen; telephone in house. 73 Bleury street. Phone 1007.

ROOM TO LET-TO LET, TWO furnished front rooms, one large and one small, for a married couple or two gentlemen. Apply 179 Cadieux street, below St. Catharine street.

ROOMS-TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN will find comfortable rooms, with board; also table board, at 420 1/2 Richmond st., near the square.

COMFORTABLE, FURNISHED ROOM, well heated for winter, in private family, where no other boarder is kept. No. 7 St. Joseph's Place, off 134 Bleury street, above St. Catherine.

FURNISHED ROOM TO LET-Room, large front room, with wardrobe and writing desk in room, and on bath flat; hot and cold water; gas; small, strictly private family. 124 Durocher street.

TO RENT, LARGE, FRONT ROOM, furnished on bathroom flat, with or without board. 1255 Dorchester street.

ROOM TO LET-ONE FURNISHED Bedroom in private family; can have breakfast if required. Apply, 12 Mackay st.

FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH GOOD board, bath, hot water heat; private family. 69 Beaver Hall Hill.

LARGE FRONT ROOM, UNFURNISHED, and Double Bedroom furnished. Apply 57 Cathcart street.

ROOM-LARGE AND NEATLY FURNISHED, suitable for two gentlemen of quiet habits; private family; no children; bathroom flat. Apply, 222 St. Antoine st.

ROOMS-TWO DOUBLE ROOMS NICELY furnished, gas, hot and cold water. 30 Mackay street.

ROOMS FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED, with or without board. No. 50 Anderson street.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, WITH OR without board. 250 St. Luke street.

'ARLINGTON HOUSE', 842 Dorchester st., west of St. James Club. Rooms and board, table boarders. Early and late dinners. Table first-class.

Bargains.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

FOR SALE-SEVERAL SPLENDID Nearly New Upright Pianos, Heintzman and other Standard makes, Cabinet Organs, Household Furniture, two good Square Pianos, Groves and Bedding, four No. 5 Daisy and Gurney Hot Water Furnaces, Large Assortment Carriages of all kinds, Harness, Riding Saddles, etc. Bargains at Private Sale. Auction of Horses and Vehicles every Tuesday at 2.30. Household Furniture and Effects every Friday at 10 a.m. FRASER'S Auction Rooms and Depository, corner St. James and Inspector st.

FOR SALE, R. C. ST. BERNARD PUPS, 6 weeks' old, beautifully marked; Al pedigree. Address PUPS, 'Witness' Office.

FOR SALE, A PIANO IN GOOD ORDER. Apply 90 St. Luke street, between 1 and 3 p.m. and 6 and 8.

A REAL BARGAIN-DOUBLE IRON BEDstead and Woven Wire Spring Mattress (new), for \$5.00; party giving up house-keeping. Apply to 109 Mansfield street.

FOR SALE, FOR THE MILLION, KINDLING, \$2.00 Cut Maple, \$2.50, Tamarac Blocks, \$1.75, Mill Blocks, \$1.50; cut any length; delivered anywhere in the city. C. MACDIARMID, Richmond square. Bell Telephone 833.

\$250 TAKES MAGNIFICENT CENT Square Chickering Piano (new), original cost, \$600. This is an exceptional high class bargain; will be sold on very liberal terms; also several other Square Pianos at \$50, \$60, \$75, \$100 and \$125. All on easy terms. LINDSAY-NORDHEIMER CO., 2366 St. Catherine street.

Wanted.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

WANTED, GYMNASIUM APPARATUS, Chest weights, rowing machine, clubs, dumbbells, etc. Must be modern and reasonable in price. Address Miss WARNER, 4290 Sherbrooke street, or W. A. KNEELAND, Riverside School.

WANTED TO PURCHASE LADIES' AND Gentlemen's Cast-off Clothing, old gold jewelry, etc.; highest prices paid. H. PEARSON, 681 Craig street, near Bleury. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

WANTED, TO PURCHASE, CAST-OFF Clothing, Furs, Carpets, Musical Instruments, Fire Arms, Bicycles. Good prices paid on account of having great demand. Address M. FRANK, 569 Craig street.

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN IN AMOUNTS OF \$25 or more, for two or three months. Assurance of repayment required. Address WILLIAM, 'Witness' Office.

Classified Advertisements

CASH TARIFF.

Situations Vacant.
Situations Wanted.
Pupils Wanted.
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NOTICE PARTICULARLY.

The above rates are CASH with order. When not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher.
No charge made in our books for any advertisement of less than five lines space.

Employment Wanted.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

WANTED-WANTED, BY WIDOW, Position as Housekeeper, or care of house, or any position of trust. Address HOUSEKEEPER, 20, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, SITUATION OF ANY KIND: to take care of furnace, or any other kind of work. Apply 763 St. Urban st.

WANTED, A SITUATION BY A Respectable woman as Upper Housemaid or Housekeeper. Apply to DEAN CARMICHAEL, 150 Windsor street.

WANTED, BY A SOBER, STEADY AND trustworthy Young Man, situation as Coachman or any kind of steady employment. Address K. 40, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, BY AN ENGLISHMAN, AGED 45, situation as Watchman or other light work; over ten years in present employment. Address W.C., 214 Bourgeois street.

WANTED, A SITUATION AS SEXTON OF a church, or to take care of a Furnace; good references. Address N. DARVEAU, 1274 DeMontigny street.

WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE English Woman, washing and housecleaning by day or week. 212 St. George street, in rear.

WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN work by the day of any kind. Apply No. 6 Vallee street.

WANTED-LADIES TO KNOW THAT they can have dresses, coats and capes; also children's clothes made in latest styles; prices moderate; fit guaranteed, at No. 11 St. Edward street, off Bleury.

WANTED, BY RESPECTABLE WOMAN, a situation as good plain cook; best city reference; capable to manage and take charge of working house. Apply D. 32, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, A SITUATION AS Coachman, by a respectable young man, aged 25; thoroughly understands his duties; strictly sober; good city references. Address J.W. 50 Adeline street.

A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MARRIED Man, smart and active, desires a situation as Caretaker, or other employment; good references. Address D.S.K., 29 Guilbault street.

WANTED, BY RESPECTABLE Woman, work by the day, any kind. No. 72, rear of St. Maurice street.

WANTED-OFFICE WORK some kind for young man, 17 years, just from school; salary not so much an object as employment. Address B.D., 760 'Witness' Office.

Lost, Strayed and Found.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

LOST, SATURDAY, A LADY'S Gold Watch between Sherbrooke, St. Catherine, Bleury street and Union avenue. Finder returning to 45 Shuter street, will be rewarded.

LOST, OR STRAYED FROM 706 MOUNT Royal avenue, Thursday, 18th instant, a red and white cow, leather collar. Reward by returning to above address.

LOST, 8th, Alderney Yellow Cow, one horn re-grown, and an Ayrshire, set on back, red and white. Reward on return. Prosecution if detained. 337 Kensington ave., Westmount.

LOST, A LADY'S Silver Watch, Hunting case, by way of Sherbrooke, Mark and Luke streets, to Victoria school. Reward at 38 St. Famille street.

LOST, IRISH SETTER PUP, eight months old, strayed on the 8th instant, from 4000 St. Catharine street. Reward at above address.

Business Chances.

BUSINESS CHANCE-FOR SALE, FIRST-Class Projecting Apparatus, with fine set of animated views; a bargain. Apply to HARRISON & CO., 140 St. Peter street.

Situations Vacant.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

WANTED, A GENERAL SERVANT at 237 Mountain street.

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, 200 SMART women and girls to work at fruit and tomatoes; bring knives. Apply to J. W. WINSTON, Canal Bank, city.

WANTED, SERVANT GIRL, WAGES, \$5.00 per month; small family; easy work. Apply 579 St. Urban street.

WANTED, A GENERAL SERVANT FOR a small family. 45 Lorne avenue.

WANTED, COOK, GOOD WAGES. Apply 443 Western avenue, Westmount.

WANTED, A GENERAL SERVANT TO DO washing and ironing, where another Girl is kept. Protestant. Apply 435 Elm ave.

WANTED, AT ONCE, A GOOD GENERAL Servant; must have references. Apply 18 Seymour ave.

WANTED, BY 1st OCTOBER, an Experienced German Nursery Governess, to take charge of three little girls; must be a good needlewoman and musical, aged between thirty and forty. Apply to MRS. MAY, P.O. Box 2257.

WANTED, A COACHMAN: must thoroughly understand the care of horses. Apply 380 Pine avenue.

WANTED, AN EXPERIENCED HOUSE and Tablemaid. Apply between 1 and 3 and 7 and 9 p.m., 503 Sherbrooke street.

WANTED, A GOOD PLAIN COOK; ALSO a Young Girl for Housework; references required. Apply at 294 Peel street.

WANTED, A GENERAL SERVANT OR nurse, willing to assist with housework; references required. Apply 204 Elm ave., Westmount.

WANTED, GENERAL SERVANT. Apply 18 Overdale avenue.

WANTED, A GOOD PLAIN COOK; ALSO a Housemaid to wait on table. Apply 77 Durocher street, forenoon or after seven evening.

WANTED, GOOD COOK, Immediately, at 71 McGill College avenue.

WANTED, NURSE FOR ONE CHILD; one sleeping at home preferred. Address G. 11, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, A GOOD COOK, at No. 377 Mountain street.

WANTED, STEADY MAN AS Teamster; also Cookmakers. 112 Ann street.

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. References required. Apply 285 Bishop street.

WANTED, A COMPETENT HOUSE AND Tablemaid for a small family; good references. Apply immediately to 211 Peel st.

WANTED-APPRENTICE for the Dry Goods Trade, boy, just finished schooling preferred; must be prepared to serve full apprenticeship. Apply, with parent or guardian, to JAMES A. OHLVY & SONS, before 10 a.m. on Tuesday.

Board and Rooms Wanted.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

WANTED, BY LADY, FURNISHED Room and good board; must be central; terms, \$12 a month; state all particulars in replying. Apply C. 18, 'Witness' Office.

Miscellaneous.

(By Mary E. Palgrave, author of 'In Charge,' 'Under the Blue Flag,' &c.)

CENTS FOR SALE.
Apply at the "Witness" Office

HARTDALE HALL.

Arkinson, in 'Sunday-School Times' (English).

Looking for lodgings in one of those houses which stand up and down the hills in the north country, I saw Hartdale Hall. It was exactly what we wanted. Both exclaimed, 'If they will only let us in here!'

People besides ourselves like to see the picturesque farm houses now and then. If the rooms were pre-arranged, they were sure to be let. In other cases the farmer's wife is only 'thinking about it.' It is another year or two, perhaps, before she would have made up her mind. She moved muslin curtains for the first time, and a painted screen for the first time. We were sick of the noisy, haunted little town—the most convenient centre for excursions in the north country, the guide-books said, with its rattling 'sharrybangs,' and tooting whistles, and street music, and personal photographs, and litter, and rattle, and environment of villadom. Even the mountains and lakes seemed to get a suburban tone seen from such a point of view. 'We might as well go back to town,' we grumbled, 'as stay in this convenient centre,' if what we want is to get near to the heart of nature. We held the old-fashioned creed that, however like, we could only renew our strength by direct contact with mother earth. Strength evaporates in the constant friction with one's fellow-creatures and society. Hartdale Hall, we saw at a glance, was the very place for us.

We stood leaning on the gate which led from the lane we were in to the farmyard, only there was no yard. The road led by the back of the house right on up to the dale, and seemed to follow a path across the hills. The only enclosure was a little walled garden about the house. The stable, cowhouse and barn straggled about, and the open, rocky ground and farmyard were all one. The side of the house which we had first seen had two beautiful, half ruined, pillared windows, and a lovely arched doorway under a high-gabled porch. A group of sycamores rose to the left where the dale was widest; the cart-track led to the right by the side of a swiftly flowing beck, which we could reach by gleams of whiteness far up the dale to where it fell in slender threads from crag to crag of the cliffs which crown the head of Hartdale.

Massive and sombre frowned the piled rocks in the evening gloom; but one did not look up the dale without longing to follow the bed of the hurrying stream back to its source among the crags. No doubt, a path could be found through to the dales beyond, though no opening was to be seen. Hartdale was no more than a wide gorge scooped out by the beck on its way to join the river which flowed through the water valley to the lake.

The house was, in truth, as solitary as any nineteenth century hermit could reasonably require. It was more than a mile from the coach road. The lane, which was the only approach to it, went no further. The nearest habitation was a small farmhouse, the chimneys of which could be seen half a mile to the left before the dale narrowed. The 'convenient centre' was at least four miles away, so that the 'sharrybangs' and trippers would not reach our souls no longer could we but get away here.

As we looked and longed—dreading to put our fate to the test—an ancient and 'lost son of the soil' came out of one of the farm buildings. We opened the gate and went towards him.

'Can you kindly tell us the name of this place?' one of us asked in propitiating tones. He was deaf, of course, and we had to repeat the question.

'It seemed to annoy him. "This—this place? Why, they call this Hartdale Hall," he said. But he said "Hartdale." Then he whistled to his dog and shuffled on, not deigning to look at us. One would have thought that any man in this lonely place, would have had a chance of a little talk with two friendly young ladies. We were disappointed.

'It is very dismal and deserted-looking,' Kate said with a little shiver.

'Yes, a moated-grange kind of feeling,' I said. 'That is just the beauty of it,' answered.

It had been a day of rain and wind. The sycamores waved their branches against the heavy wet leaves rustling against another with a moaning murmur of complaint. There was not a ray of sunlight on any crag or fell, nor ever way we looked. A grey, low sky met the grey, cloud-wrapped mountains almost black in the gloom. The dale covers the foxgloves, and hawk-bells, and campions—hung their heads away in the dreary wind which howled on the dale. The weather was getting worse. We had hardly started how wild it was in the sheltered dale. But the storm clouds on the crags were lower and lower, the moaning in the tree tops, the rushing splash of stream, the lonely grey old house, the mournful bleat of a lost lamb in the fells—all were part of the picture to happy youth.

'It is far enough from the madding crowd to suit even us,' Kate said. 'We must suffer from nervous irritation and the necessary noises of civilization here. Let us go to the house.' We went a few steps and then stopped. A woman came from the low garden wall. She was dressed in the cloud-wreathed dress that the head of the dale, and did not see us. She was middle-aged, and

of a strange dark beauty not often seen in this country. A handkerchief was knotted over the black hair which rippled low on her brow; her full figure, as she stood erect, motionless, with arms folded on her bosom, was one which Frederick Walker might have painted. All at once she lifted her hands, wrung them together, and threw up her arms with a gesture of despair. We looked at one another, and then moved nearer. She turned when she heard our steps, and I hope never again to see such an expression of tragic frenzy in a woman's eyes.

It seemed insultingly grotesque to ask her if she let lodgings; yet what else could we say? 'No,' she said, 'I never have let lodgings. I never thought of it. No one has ever asked for them before.' She spoke calmly. The expression of despair in her dark eyes passed into one of apathy. She almost smiled when I said, 'This is such a lovely place! One of the loveliest we have seen. We should like so much to lodge here, if you have rooms, and would take us.' 'Oh! there are plenty of rooms, if that's all. But they are not ready. I had never thought of letting. It might be as well. . . it would be good to have something more to do. Would you like to come in and rest a bit?'

We eagerly consented. She led us through the little garden—something of a wilderness, but with possibilities of picturesqueness; yellow poppies fringed the walls and steps; honeysuckles trailed luxuriantly about the porch. When we admired it, she said carelessly, 'It was pretty enough once. I don't attend to it as I used to, and it's neglected.' She took us into the house by a side door, which opened into the kitchen. The front door had not been open for a year, she said.

(To be continued.)

To every Christian who desires the best life there is a very subtle temptation to spare himself. Voices are constantly appealing to us, as Peter's to Christ when the Master spoke of His approaching death, and from loving, persuasive lips we hear the tender entreaty, 'Spare thyself.' 'If Thou be a Son of God come down from the cross.' Such voices coincide with those of the generality of men, people of whom Saul stood in fear. Why should you do more than we do? Of what good is this excessive religiousness? Kill off the viler manifestations of sin, things which are reprobated by society as disgraceful and disreputable before the great court of public opinion, but spare those natural virtues, that earnestness in Christian work, that generous benevolence, which, though they may not be prompted by the highest motives, nevertheless perform a useful function in the world, and are certainly fair to behold. It is very difficult to avoid sparing Agag, who comes so delicately and speaks so suavely. And in our secret soul we cherish the hope to compensate for what we save from the sword of extermination by presenting it as a sacrifice to the Lord our God. In too many lives and homes the quick ear can detect the lowing of the cattle and the bleating of the sheep. In all the greater matters of Christian consistency you can detect no flaw. Impurity, untruthfulness, unkindness, are studiously condemned and put away, but there is an irritableness, a restlessness of manner, an impatience of speech, an impatience over trifles, a spirit of liberty and irreverence, which show that Agag has been spared; these are the lowing of the herds and the bleating of the flocks.—Rev. F. B. Meyer.

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take Ayer's Pills, and you will sleep better and wake in better condition for the day's work. Ayer's Cathartic Pills have no equal as a pleasant and effectual remedy for constipation, biliousness, sick headache, and all liver troubles. They are sugar-coated, and so perfectly prepared, that they cure without the annoyances experienced in the use of so many of the pills on the market. Ask your druggist for Ayer's Cathartic Pills. When other pills won't help you, Ayer's is

THE PILL THAT WILL.

CHILDREN'S CORNER.

WHAT WILL YOU DO WITH IT?

'Hurrah! New Year's coming soon. The old year's almost done and gone!' A quiet, pleasant-faced man looked up as George burst into the room with his usual shout and bound.

'Where is it gone?' he asked. 'Where, uncle?—what, the old year, do you mean?'

'Yes.' 'Why, it's just gone. I don't know where. Where does a candle go when it goes out? Just so with a year that is gone. It's gone and that's all there is to it.'

'Not all,' said his uncle. 'It has gone into eternity to carry its record with it. All the thoughtfulness suddenly faded out of the boy's face as he turned it towards the older man.'

'But, uncle—half questioningly—I have done with it—'

'No. It will meet you one day.' George took a few steps up and down the room, then said with a poor attempt at a smile.

'Uncle your have such a fearful way of putting things.'

'It is not my way my dear boy. It is the way things are put for us. When you take the trouble to think seriously you must realize that I have only given expression to what you already know.'

'But—I don't like to think of it. I don't like the record I've sent ahead of me with the year.'

'Not such a bad one, I hope,' said the other kindly.

'No nothing so dreadfully bad. Only the small bads all the way along.'

'It was given you a fair new page to write on,' said his uncle thoughtfully.

'Yes, and I've blotted and marred and scared it. I wish I could blot the whole of it out.'

'You cannot do that. It is a solemn thing to reflect on that all the days of all the years of our lives are waiting to testify against us. That they keep with cruel exactness the account of our use of the great gift of time—precious time—with its blessed opportunities for our own improvement or the doing for others.'

'But another year is coming,' began George.

'Yes, let us be thankful for that. For the reasonable hope that its days of privilege may be granted us. What are you going to do with the new year?'

'You tell, uncle. You can say it better than I can. All that a boy who wants to—'

'I truly do—can do and be in a year.'

His uncle gazed at the eager face with an affectionate smile.

'The practice of all that goes to the make-up of a noble character.'

'That's indefinite. A boy, you know, wants to get down to the real things.'

'That's right. Well, then, more kindness, gentleness and helpfulness toward all whom you love and who love you, or any with whom you come in contact.'

'Good,' said George, jotting down the points with his finger. 'More industry

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in study and all other work. More attention to all the small cares and neatnesses which go to make you more pleasant to others. More care and willingness in all the small duties you are called on to do for others. More effort to be in all things sincere, generous and noble. In short, to show yourself in all things a true follower of the Master. That gets it all in,' said the boy in a low voice.

'Yes. You need not be afraid to send before you a year so filled.'—Sydney Dayre, in New York 'Observer.'

THE SOUL'S INQUIRIES.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 20.

What wilt thou that I should do unto thee?—Mark x., 51.

Prosper, I pray thee, thy servant this day.—Neh. ii., 11.

This book of the law shall not depart out of thy mouth; but thou shalt meditate therein day and night, that thou mayest observe to do according to all that is written therein: for then thou shalt make the way prosperous, and then thou shalt have good success.—Joshua i., 8.

The 'British Medical Journal' says that the development of abstaining tem-

perance has assumed so organized a form by the year 1837, when the Princess Victoria succeeded to the throne, as to warrant the description of the great temperance movement as a distinguishing feature of the Victorian era. With little more than a hundred abstinent ministers of religion and no ecclesiastical dignity in 1837, we have now in Britain some thousands of the clergy of all denominations, including two archbishops, sixteen home and more colonial bishops, and lesser dignitaries by the score. From less than a dozen abstaining members of the medical profession sixty years ago, we have now over a thousand, including six university professors (four hundred and fifty-three of whom have associated themselves in the British Medical Temperance Association for the promotion of abstinence). With no university abstinence society in 1837, there are now several, the first having been founded by a medical student at Glasgow in 1857 with a hundred members, of whom one-third were medical. In the legislature, as elsewhere, abstainers are now seen by the dozen where none were known sixty years ago. Even in the navy and the army, in which services only a very few men abstained when the Queen ascended the throne, abstainers are to-day numbered by the thousand.

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Scents

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THE HOUSE OF "STEINWAY."

A few great artists have set the ideals of art throughout history. These men were creators, not imitators. Their number is few. They appeared only here and there in the centuries. Likewise in the creation of musical instruments, genius has found vent in a few instances in its highest form. One instance that has swayed the world in so far as the development of the highest type of pianofortes is concerned, was the instance of Steinway.

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VERY OBLIGING.

'Our new neighbors are very polite,' said Mrs. Perkase to her husband, when he came home at night.

'Are they?'

'Yes; I sent to borrow their step-ladder, and they told me they hadn't one, but if I'd wait a while they'd send and buy me one.'

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WHICH?

He—'What is the name of your wheel?'

She—'Do you mean the name the maker gives it, or the names papa called it when he fell over it in the hall the night before last?'

Given away—Colds and coughs. Take Menthol Cough Syrup. 20

WHAT HE HAD DONE!

An extraordinary incident is reported from one of the villages in the South of England. One Sunday morning a young fellow went to a church, and took his seat, keeping his hat on all the while. A gentleman sitting near him, politely asked him to take his hat off, but the young man paid no attention. Again he spoke to him, and seeing that he still hesitated, the gentleman quietly lifted his hat off, when, much to his dismay, out rolled a quart of walnuts, making a great noise as they scattered about the floor. On this the youth turned round to the gentleman, and said, 'Now, you see what you have done!'

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13.

SHAMROCKS DEFEATED.

THE CAPITALS' GOOD LACROSSE LEAVES THEM BUT A SMALL CHANCE FOR THE CHAMPIONSHIP.

AN EXCITING CONTEST.

The Shamrock grounds on Saturday afternoon was a sight long to be remembered by those present. Fully eight thousand people occupied the grand stands to witness the deciding match between the almost invincible Shamrocks and the Capitals. In lacrosse circles the match had been the only topic of conversation during the whole of the past week and naturally Montreal was living in hope that the green jersey with its winged foot would bring the contest to a favorable termination, but alas all hopes were disappointed and the Shamrock supporters left the field of battle crestfallen. The visitors had plenty of admirers on the grounds, who cheered their good play and applauded their success. When one refers to the records it seems that there is yet a small possibility of the Shamrocks being the champions, but it is so remote that it barely merits serious consideration. However, the old saying "wait till life there is hope" should not be forgotten, consequently the Shamrocks must not give in. It might come about if the Capitals should be beaten in their match with Toronto, which is scheduled for next Saturday, but which might be postponed until the following week. Should Toronto win the match in question, the Shamrocks would have eight games won on a completed schedule, and the natural result would be a play-off match on Montreal grounds, probably M.A.A.A. The weather on Saturday, although rather cool for the spectators, was all right for playing lacrosse. Both teams were in excellent form. The closeness of the Shamrock passing was phenomenal, and, with few exceptions, individual brilliancy was not apparent, for all efforts seemed to be concentrated on team play. What the Capitals lacked in combination they more than made up in speed. It was very seldom that the ball travelled a long distance, therefore it rendered no opportunity for record throwing. The game was peaceable but rapid and keen. Every player seemed intent on exciting himself for his team and it appeared to be a fight for dear life instead of honor. A little disappointment was expressed on both sides when it became known that the Hon. Wilfrid Laurier could not attend. However, Mr. James McShane took his place and the fact was soon forgotten as enthusiasm increased. Following was the position at the line up:

Shamrock goal.	Stinson.	Dwyer	J. Powers
	Murphy	Gleason	
Kavanagh	Sparrow	Hayes	Westwick.
Murphy	Carson	Kelly	Hyde
		Dade	Bluks
Hinton		Tucker	Baldwin
James		Robertson	
		Wells	
		W. Powers	
		O'Dogherty.	
		Capital goal.	
		Timers—Stuart and O'Connell.	
		Referee—Allan Cameron.	
		Umpires—W. Geraghty and F. McCallum.	

Game, Won by Scored by Time.
1. Shamrock.....Wall.....13m. 11s.
2. Capital.....Carson.....6m. 00s.
3. Capital.....Gleason.....9m. 03s.
4. Shamrock.....Tucker.....1m. 54s.
5. Capital.....Westwick.....27m. 01s.
6. Capital.....Powers.....7m. 39s.

The first game opened with an attack on the Shamrock flags, which was not dangerous, and in a moment the ball was back again in centre and Kelly did one of his tricky runs and made a shot which would have scored had not O'Dogherty's knee in the way. Robertson relieved the pressure. The home team woke up suddenly and played rings round the Caps, but they could not score. The combined play was simply wonderful. Dade, Wells, Tucker, Hinton and Kelly seemed to have a string on the ball. The Shamrocks in one instance had a splendid chance, but it failed. The Shamrocks succeeded in drawing out the Capital defence and Wall scored. Time, 13 min. 11 sec.

The second game lasted six minutes, and ended in a win for the visitors. Up and down play was freely indulged in, but the Capitals were too quick. It is to the individual activity of their representatives, rather than to their team play that the real people of the capital owe the honor of the match won.

The third game was saved to the Capitals at the very beginning by good luck, for they made a few dangerous muffs at the wrong time and they had to sustain a very fierce attack. It was Dwyer's game for the following five minutes, and both goalkeepers had several chances of distinguishing themselves, which they utilized fully. After six minutes play things took a turn and the Capitals got the best of it. Then the Shamrocks opened up and Jack Powers' clever work gave Gleason a chance and he scored. Time, 9:08.

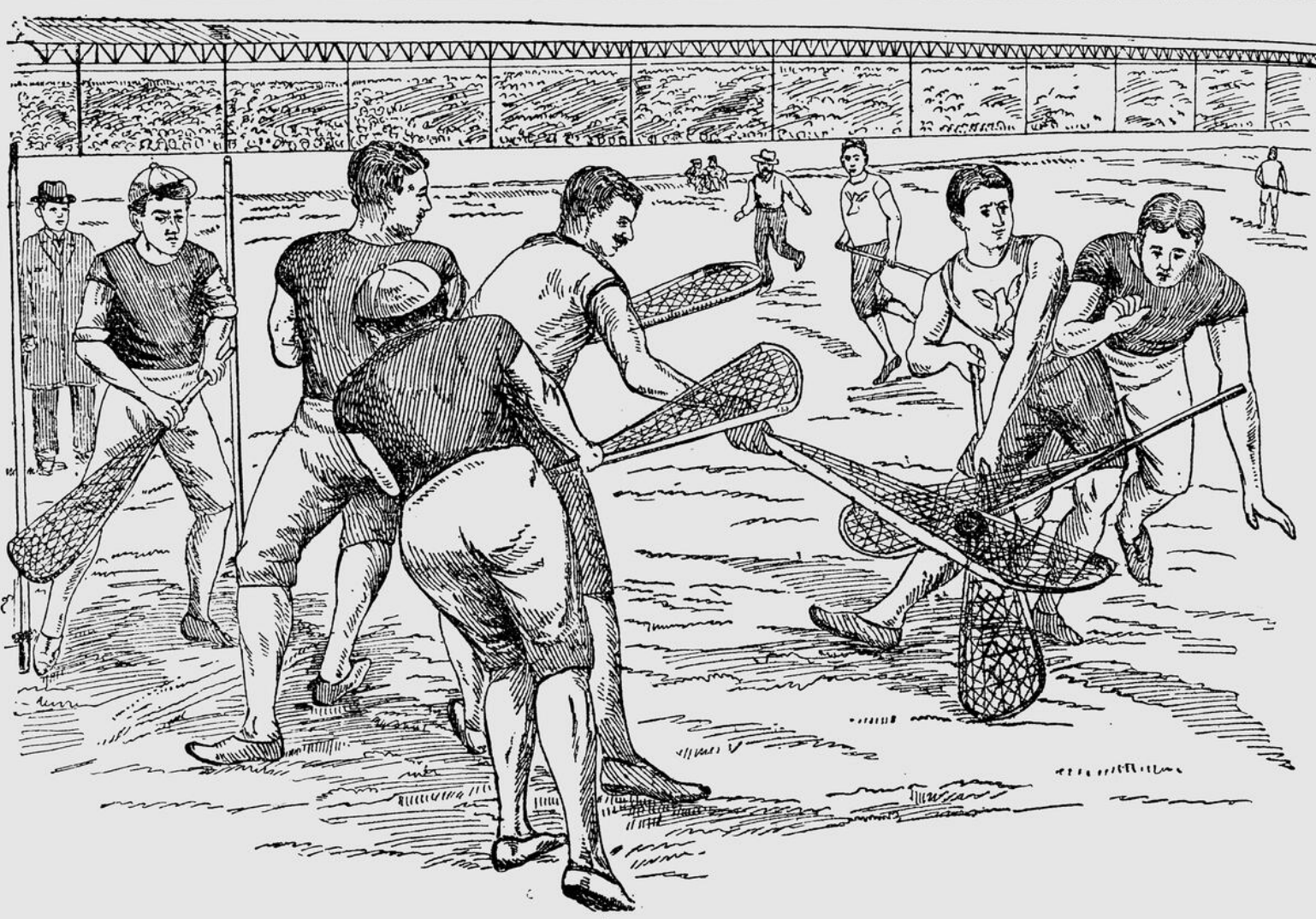
In the fourth game the Capitals were caught napping, their chronic state for the first minutes of almost every game, and Tucker, for the Shamrocks, scored. Time, 1:54.

The fifth game was a long one, but in the end the Capitals came out victors. After hard play lasting twenty-seven minutes, Westwick scored in a brilliant manner. The last game was again won by the visitors, who, in this instance, assumed the aggressive at the commencement. Time, 7:20.

This ended a most exciting match in favor of the Capitals, with the score standing four to two.

RECORD OF THE GAMES.

June 5—Cornwall-Toronto, won by Cornwall, 5-4.	
June 5—Shamrock-Capital, won by Capital, 4-3.	
June 12—Shamrock-Toronto, won by Shamrock, 5-4.	
June 12—Capital-Cornwall, won by Capital, 6-3.	
July 1—Cornwall-Shamrock, won by Cornwall, 5-3.	
July 1—Capital-Toronto, won by Toronto, 7-5.	
July 10—Cornwall-Shamrock, won by Shamrock, 5-2.	
July 10—Capital-Toronto, won by Capital, 6-3.	
July 24—Capital-Cornwall, won by Capital, 6-3.	



SHAMROCKS AGAINST CAPITALS—HEAVY CHECKING WHEN NEAR THE CAPITALS GOALS.

July 24—Toronto-Shamrock, won by Shamrock, 5-2.	
Aug. 7—Capital-Cornwall, won by Cornwall, 4-3.	
Aug. 7—Toronto-Shamrock, won by Shamrock, 4-3.	
Aug. 14—Capital-Cornwall, won by Capital, 7-2.	
Aug. 21—Cornwall-Shamrock, won by Shamrock, 5-3.	
Aug. 21—Toronto-Capital, won by Capital, 5-4.	
Aug. 28—Toronto-Cornwall, won by Toronto, 6-1.	
Aug. 28—Shamrock-Capital, won by Shamrock, 4-3.	
Sept. 4—Shamrock-Cornwall, won by Shamrock, 8-2.	
Sept. 11—Shamrock-Toronto, won by Shamrock, 8-2.	
Sept. 18—Toronto-Cornwall, won by Toronto, 4-2.	
Sept. 18—Shamrock-Capital, won by Capital, 4-2.	

HOW THE VICTORS WERE RECEIVED.
Ottawa, Sept. 19.—A special train met the victorious Capitals at South Indian on Saturday night. Mayor Bingham was on board, and made an address. An immense crowd was at the station when the train arrived home. A procession was formed, headed by a band and the boys were escorted to the Russell House.

CORNWALL DEFAULTS.
At Cornwall's request their match with Toronto did not come off on Saturday, and it counts as a default for Cornwall.

QUEBEC WON.
On Saturday the Quebec lacrosse team defeated Sherbrooke on the ground of the former. The play was one sided, and the home men exhibited superior play, notwithstanding the Sherbrooke men put up a good game. The score was as follows:

Game.	Won by.	Scored by.	Time.
1. Quebec.....M. Murphy.....12 mins.			
2. Quebec.....M. Murphy.....13 mins.			
3. Quebec.....H. Owens.....8 mins.			
4. Quebec.....M. Murphy.....22 mins.			
5. Quebec.....M. Murphy.....36 mins.			
6. Quebec.....L. Webster.....3 mins.			
7. Quebec.....W. W. W. 3 mins.			
8. Sherbrooke.....W. W. W. 8 mins.			

A CHANGE OF DATE PROBABLE.
Report says it is likely that the championship lacrosse match scheduled for Sept. 25, will be postponed until Oct. 2, owing to the amateur championships, which take place on Sept. 25.

CRICKET.

POINT ST. CHARLES VS. WESTMOUNT.
The interesting match between these enthusiastic players on Saturday at Westmount ended in a win for the visitors.

Westmount—First Innings.	
H. Ready, b Preston.....4	
A. C. Shaw, b Preston.....6	
E. E. Fox, b Preston.....17	
G. C. Cobban, b Preston.....2	
H. Suckling, b Edson.....0	
D. MacIntyre, b Preston.....0	
W. Allworth, not out.....4	
T. H. Cox, not out.....2	
H. R. Stevenson, did not bat.....4	
W. Kent, did not bat.....6	
Extras.....6	
Total.....42	

Point St. Charles—First Innings.

C. Preston, b Cobban.....2	
W. H. Moran, b Cobban.....5	
T. Jenkins, b Stevenson.....31	
J. Glass, run out.....3	
S. Windsor, b Stevenson.....10	
W. Edson, not out.....9	
F. W. Adams, c Shaw, b Stevenson.....1	
P. J. Smith, c Shaw, b Suckling.....1	
A. J. Jenkins, b Stevenson.....7	
G. H. Jenkins, b Ready.....3	
A. H. Jenkins, b Ready.....2	
Extras.....2	
Total.....71	

QUOTING.

CHALLENGE MATCH—DESROCHER VS. PAQUETTE.

The challenge match between Mr. F. X. Desrocher of the Dominion Quotting Club and Mr. T. Paquette of the Montreal Quotting Club, came off on Saturday afternoon, on the St. Gabriel grounds, Centre street. The weather being favorable for quotitching, attracted a large number of quotters and their friends to witness the match. The match commenced at 2:30 p.m. and lasted for two hours and a-half. The pitching of the two players throughout the game was very close, both being a several times. Mr. F. Starke acted as referee, and had a hard time of it setting very close lying quottis, and gave his decisions satisfactorily to both the players. Mr. James Knox acted as scorer for Mr. Paquette, and Mr. J. Donohue acted as scorer for Mr. Desrocher. At the eighty-fifth end Mr. Desrocher's score was 61 points, and Mr. Paquette's score was 49 points. Mr. Desrocher being the winner of the match.

MONTREAL QUOTTING CLUB.

The third draw for the annual medal matches, in connection with the Montreal Quotting Club, was made on Saturday evening, and resulted as follows:—
1—T. Paquette vs. H. McPhee.
2—R. Scott vs. D. Ferguson.
3—A. Lindsay vs. W. Watt.
4—Andrew Muir vs. S. Tinning.
5—Charles Muir vs. M. Leaper.
Members are requested to be on the grounds during the present week to play off as the fourth draw will be made next Saturday evening in the club-room.

BASEBALL.

MONTREAL COMPLETELY WHITE-WASHED.

The baseball match on the old Shamrock grounds on Saturday between Buffalo and Montreal ended in a complete whitewash of the latter. A large crowd witnessed the interesting game, but it was of too much of a one-sided character. The result was as follows:

Montreal.	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
Shannon, s.s.....4	0	0	0	3	0	0
Barnon, i.f.....4	0	0	0	3	0	0
Geler, 2b.....4	0	0	0	2	6	0
Dooley, 1b.....4	0	0	0	1	0	0
Richter, c.f.....4	0	0	0	2	0	0
Henry, 2b.....3	0	0	1	2	2	1
Butler, c.....4	0	0	0	2	1	1
McFarlan, r.f.....3	0	0	0	1	2	0
Mason, p.....3	0	0	1	1	0	0
Total.....31	0	3	24	15	6	0

Buffalo.	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
Gray, r.f.....4	4	1	3	0	0	0
Field, 1b.....4	2	2	1	0	0	0
Wise, 2b.....4	0	1	1	0	0	0
Grimmering, 3b.....3	1	3	1	2	1	0
Barry, s.s.....3	0	1	2	1	0	0
Clymer, c.f.....4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Urquhart, c.....4	1	1	3	1	0	0
Gray, p.....4	0	1	1	3	0	0
Total.....34	8	11	27	9	1	0

Score by innings.
Montreal.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Buffalo.....1 1 0 0 2 2 2 2 8
Summary—Earned runs, Buffalo, 2. Two-base hits, Gler, Urquhart. Home runs, Gremlinger, Stolen base, Butler. Sacrifice hit, Gilroy. Double play, Shannon to Geler to Dooley. Bases on balls, by Mason, 4; by Gray, 4. Struck out by Gray, 4. Passed ball, Butler. Time, 1:45. Umpire, O'Neill.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 18.—Pittsburg and St. Louis were engaged in a baseball match here, but both teams played poor ball up to the fourth innings, when Cross struck out. Excellent play then followed with the following results:

Pittsburg.....	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
4	1	0	0	2	5	1
St. Louis.....	4	1	0	5	0	0
10	12	9	0	12	9	1

Batteries—Hawley, Hughes, Gardiner and Merritt; Donohue and Murphy.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 18.—Seymour's erratic pitching and Boston's superior fielding were responsible for the home club's victory to-day. Klobedanz was steady except in the first inning and he had good backing. The fielding of Lowe, Tenney and Collins for Boston and Gleason and Gettig's work for New York were features of the game.

Batteries—Klobedanz and Yeager; Seymour and Warner.

Chicago, Sept. 18.—Teh Colonel's battery work was off to-day. Frazer made three wild pitches and a muff, while his catcher did as badly with a very bad throw and two passed balls. Ryan's batting and some pretty fielding by Callahan were the features. Score:

Chicago.....	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
0	0	1	0	2	0	1
Louisville.....	0	0	0	1	0	0
2	6	3				

Batteries—Friend and Donohue; Frazer and Wilson.

OTHER EASTERN LEAGUE GAMES.

**Toronto, Ont., Sept. 18.—Between 2,500 and 3,000 people saw the last games of the championship battle between Toronto and Providence. Score:—
Toronto.....5 0 0 3 0 7 2 17 17
Providence.....0 0 1 0 0 3 0 4 11 7
Batteries—Williams and Snyder; Braun and Dixon.
Second game—
Toronto.....1 0 0 2 0 1 2 21 12
Providence.....0 0 1 1 0 0 3 11 7 10
Batteries—Norton and Casey; Rudderham and Conran.
Syracuse, N.Y., Sept. 18.—The Stars played like school boys to-day, and lost a game that they richly deserved to lose. Kissinger**

amused himself by pitching easily in the first and sixth innings, and was hit hard. Keenan was a mystery to the Stars after the first Manager Selee of Boston was a spectator.

Syracuse..... 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 8 4
Wilkesbarre..... 2 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 5 8 1
Batteries—Kissinger and Ryan; Keenan and Digging.
Springfield, Mass., Sept. 18.—Scranton gained a victory over Springfield to-day. Score:—
Scranton.....0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 2 4 8 2
Springfield.....0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 1 3 8 4
Batteries—Gillon and Gunson; Korwan and Nichols.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

**Cleveland, Ohio, Sept. 18.—Young performed a feat to-day which is said not to have been accomplished since Hawk performed it for Baltimore in 1888, shutting the Reds out without a hit in the first game this afternoon. Four of the visitors reached first base during the game. The second game was a brilliantly contested one, both pitchers doing great work. Score:—
First game—
Cleveland.....2 0 0 1 0 0 0 3 3 8 3
Cincinnati.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Batteries—Young and Zimmer; Rhines and Schriver.
Second game—
Cleveland.....1 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 8 2
Cincinnati.....2 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 3 6 2
Batteries—Powell and Criger; Bretenstein and Peitz.**

ATHLETICS.

M.A.A.A. FALL HANDICAPS.

There was a large attendance at the M.A.A.A. grounds on Saturday on the occasion of the holding of the annual fall handicaps. The weather was all that could be desired and the various events were keenly contested. In the two mile bicycle race one of two of the competitors came to grief and they had to retire. However, everything passed off without any serious mishap and the committee are to be congratulated on the success of the proceedings.

The following is a list of the officers:—
Referee—Ed. Sheppard, president M. A. A. A.
Judges of track events—W. L. Maltby, Harry Brophy.
Measurers and judges of field events—E. W. James, Walter Williams.
Scorers—David J. Watson, Robt. Starke.
Timekeepers—M. Freeman, Louis Rubenstein, A. W. Gifford.
Starter—Wm. C. Finley.
Announcer—F. C. A. McIndoe.
Clerks of course—Laz. Rubenstein, G. T. Pettisrew, J. P. McNaughton, P. R. Gault.
Umpires of bicycle events—G. S. Low, W. G. Ayling, W. G. Robertson.
Number clerk—Art. Harries.
Summary of events:—

100 yards run (in heats).	
The first in each heat to run in finish: second in each heat to run in second trial for final.	
First heat— George Paris, M.L.C., scratch.....12 George Paris, M.L.C.....Scratch.....1	
Time—10 2-5.	
Second heat— J. Corbett, Alexandria, Ont.....6 feet.....1 Third heat— F. Palmer, Knickerbocker A.C., 15 feet.....1	
Putting 16 lb. shot.	
1. Arthur Smith, M.B.C.....Scratch.....35.00 2. P. Logue, Montreal.....24 inch.....34.11	
Second put— 1. Arthur Smith, M.B.C.....Scratch.....37.10 2. H. Pelletier, M.B.C.....Scratch.....36.02	
Last put— 1. Arthur Smith, M.B.C.....Scratch.....38.02 2. P. Logue, Montreal.....24 inch.....37.08½	
Second trial heat—100 yards.	
C. A. Springings, M.A.A.A.....24 feet.....1	
Final heat—100 yards.	
George Paris, M.L.C.....Scratch.....1 J. Corbett, Alexandria, Ont.....6 feet.....2 C. A. Springings, M.A.A.A.....15 feet.....3	
Time—10 3-5.	
Two mile run.	
S. A. Finley, M.A.A.A.....Scratch.....1 Geo. Glashan, Montreal.....150 yds.....2	
Two mile bicycle.	
H. J. Tollington, Overland, B.C. 150 yds.....1 A. C. Brown, M.B.C.....125 yds.....2	
Time—4 57 3-5.	
120 yards hurdle.	
J. L. Todd, McGill A.A.A.....Scratch.....1 T. Matthews, M.L.C.....9 feet.....2	
Time—20 sec.	
One mile run.	
Alex. Brodie, M.A.A.A.....Scratch.....1 A. Marshall, Montreal.....125 yards.....2	
Time—4 35 4-5.	

220 yards' run (boys 13 and under.)

R. Sanderson.....Scratch.....1	
M. Greenshields.....Scratch.....2	
Time—31 4-5.	

Running broad jump.

J. Corbett, Alexandria, Ont.....Scratch.....20.84	
H. P. McDonald, M.A.A.A.....Scratch.....20.4½	
One mile bicycle.	
H. A. Coussirat, M.A.A.A.....Scratch.....1	
W. Tuff, M.A.A.A.....Scratch.....2	
Time—2 20 1-5.	

440 yards run (boys 16 and under.)

Norman Bryson.....Scratch.....1	
Percy Gifford.....Scratch.....2	
Time—55 sec.	

880 yards run.

Alex. Brodie, M.A.A.A.....Scratch.....1	
George Stephen, M.A.A.A.....Scratch.....2	
Time—1 09 2-5.	

Running high jump.

J. Corbett, Alexandria, Ont.....Scratch.....5.1	
J. O'Brien, Knickerbocker A.C., 3 inches.....4.10	
440 yards run.	
J. F. Davidson, M.A.A.A.....35 yds.....1	
S. A. Finley, M.A.A.A.....15 yds.....2	
Time—52 sec.	

WHEELING.

A FINE OUTING.

The Primrose Club ride, held on Friday last, was a splendid success. Over twenty-five wheels lined up in front of the club rooms. At eight o'clock the prizes were distributed for the races held on the Longueuil track on Sept. 4, after which a pleasant evening's ride was taken.

A SPLENDID EXHIBITION OF CYCLING AT BOSTON.

Boston, Sept. 18.—Jimmy Michael has right well been styled the world's champion bicycle rider, and it was no great surprise to see him win the greatest cycling event ever held on any New England track to-day. It was the international 25 mile race on Charles River Park, and was run in the fastest cycling time the world ever saw. Michael demonstrated his phenomenal power on a wheel contest against Lesna at Springfield. He was raw and cold, and his legs were aching, but he was not to be beaten. He covered the distance in 45:55, leading Lesna over a third of a mile, and over two-thirds of a mile ahead of McDuffy. The records in this race were something remarkable. Up to this time Lesna has held practically all records from three miles to twenty-five, except the 16th and 20th mile records, which was broken on Thursday last by Michael in his twenty mile contest against Lesna at Springfield. Every American and world's record from three to twenty-five is now credited to Michael.

GOLF.

The annual meeting of the Royal Canadian Golf Association will be held this week (Sept. 22, 23, 24, and 25), on the course at Dixie. In the amateur championship of Canada match, and will occupy the whole of Thursday and Friday, the Montreal Club will be short of two very good players, Mr. Stancliffe and the Hon. G. Drummond, but Mr. W. W. Watson, the club captain, Mr. Barclay, Mr. K. Macpherson, Mr. Healderson and other leading players in the Montreal and Quebec clubs, as well as Mr. Archibald Kerr, Mr. Lyon, and the other strong men of the Toronto and Rosedale Clubs, will provide in this championship match, one of the finest displays of golfing ever made in Canada. Thirty men from the Toronto and Rosedale Clubs are expected to represent Ontario; also a large and strong team is hoped for from the Quebec Club, to help the Royal Montreal Club in the interprovincial match, Ontario vs. Quebec, on Saturday. In the six interprovincial matches, played in 1887, 1892, 1893, 1894, 1895 and 1896, the results were:—

Ontario vs Quebec	Holes up.	Holes up.
1887 played at Montreal.....	0	0
1892 played at Montreal.....	0	51
1893 played at Ottawa.....	30	0
1894 played at Montreal.....	0	37
1895 played at Toronto.....	47	0
1896 played at Quebec.....	0	40½
Total.....	77	168

Quebec Province has thus won four times out of six, and is about one hundred holes ahead. Play begins on Wednesday at 10 o'clock, with an open handicap match in the morning, and with driving, approaching and putting competitions in the afternoon, at two o'clock. The links at Dixie are in pretty good condition, and are giving the golfing fraternity great hopes of a successful and enjoyable tournament. With the return of the ladies to town, their golf club, of which Mrs. Turnbull is president, has also put out new energy. The return match with the Toronto ladies, who came here soon, is being prepared for, as well as several other competitions.

UNITED STATES CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Wheaton, Ill., Sept. 18.—H. J. Wheaton, of the Wheaton Club, won the golf championship of the United States for 1897, after defeating W. Rossiter, of the Shinnecock Hills Golf Club, eight and six to play.

HUNTING SEASON OPENED.

AN EXCITING RUN.

The hunting season opened on Saturday and the meet took place at the residence of Mr. W. H. O'Brien, on Lower Lake. There was a large attendance of sportsmen and gentlemen, and the meet was a pretty picture. The sound of the gun was heard in the distance, and the start was made up the hill. The fox

TWO STEAMERS WRECKED

WENT ASHORE OFF THE COAST OF NEWFOUNDLAND ON SATURDAY NIGHT.

CREWS OF BOTH VESSELS RESCUED AFTER A DISTRESSING EXPERIENCE.

St. John's, Nfld., Sept. 18.—Two steamers became total wrecks last night on the southern shore between Cape Race and St. John's. The British steamer 'Khosro,' Captain Flaws, left Boston, Lincolnshire, on Sept. 3, bound for Philadelphia, ballast laden. She met severe weather, followed by five days of dense fog as she neared the banks of Newfoundland. At this season a strong current runs north-easterly, which was increased by recent southerly gales. So the ship was thrown out of her reckoning. No observation had been possible for days, and the captain thought himself thirty miles south of Cape Race, but at seven o'clock last evening the ship, going at full speed, with her sails also set, struck ten miles north of the cape. She struck stem on with great force, staying in her bows and tearing asunder her whole bottom. The engines had been reversed when land was sighted, but without avail, and the engineers and stokers had barely time to reach the deck before the hold was flooded. All hands were called when danger became imminent, and the lee life-boats launched, it being impossible to lower the weather ones, so fierce were the seas. In the boats the crew of twenty-five crowded and pushed off from the wreck. Not three minutes later the boilers burst and blew up the deck. The engine cylinders fell through the ship's bottom, and the bunker coal shifted and, falling on the blazing furnace fires, set the whole wreck on fire. The boats barely escaped the flying pieces of iron and timber scattered by the explosion, and soon the ship began to go to pieces. The two boats rowed for land, but soon got swallowed in the fog and were adrift all night. They had no water, no provisions, no extra clothing. The stokers and watch below were thinly clad, and rain, fog and intense cold combined to make their lot most unenviable. They were fearing the death of the weaker ones before another night, but in the forenoon the steamer 'Grand Lake' passed. They heard her whistle, rowed towards her and were picked up at noon. Their ship is broken to pieces, nothing remaining but the forecastle deck driven in among the rocks.

Almost at the same hour, thirty miles further north, the Norwegian steamer 'Eugenie,' Captain Hansen, twelve days out from Shields to Louisbourg, Cape Breton, in ballast, met a similar fate on Great Island, off Tors Cove. She ran over two ledges of rock and into a cleft, where she sits upright as if in a cradle, but her masts and funnel went this afternoon and she will never leave the place. Her crew were in a desperate predicament with high, beeding cliffs surrounding them except astern, where the waves were boiling over their ship's tail. By great efforts the boatswain managed to reach the land with a life-line round his waist. He then scaled the cliff, two hundred feet high, and a hawser being got up the crew and captain were hoisted to the plateau above. Here they remained sheltered all night and this morning made signals of distress when the fog lifted. Boats came off from the mainland and rescued them.

Last year two steamers were lost near those points within a day of each other.

CABLE NOTES.

The King of Siam has returned to Bangkok Court from France, and will remain there until Oct. 1.

The Paris municipal council is debating a scheme to furnish cheap baths in small buildings erected on the sidewalk.

Captain-General Weyler cables to the Spanish government saying he is perfectly confident of being able to pacify Cuba in four months.

The London County Council has undertaken to reform or abate the noises in the streets of that city so far as the shouting of newspaper boys is concerned.

Ferrouh Bey, councillor of the Turkish Embassy at St. Petersburg, has been appointed Turkish minister to the United States in succession to Moustapha Tachein Bey.

It is understood that a syndicate has 'cornered' all of Whistler's future work in this country, securing exclusive control, and that a recherche gallery, exclusively Whistlerian, will shortly be opened.

The Marquis de Louville, it is announced, has gone to Paris with the object of challenging all the detractors of Prince Henry of Orleans so long as the Prince is unable to wield a sword in his own defence.

Mr. William Waldorf Astor is about to erect a huge Neapolitan marble fountain at Clarendon, his magnificent estate on the Thames, formerly owned by the Duke of Westminster. Already a score of blocks, each weighing twelve tons, have arrived there.

An agitation, which has assumed proportions in Paris, is against the proposal of the municipal council to raise the octroi duties from nineteen to fifty centimes on each bottle of champagne. The wine-growers declare this extra tax will materially affect the consumption of champagne.

The unclaimed jewels and curios, to the value of 750,000 francs, which were found in the ruins after the fire at the Charity

Bazaar, in the Rue Goujon, Paris, which occurred on May 4 last, have been sold at auction. The money realized is to remain bonded for thirty years, after which all the money unclaimed goes to the state.

About the middle of October an exhibition will be opened at the Imperial Institution, London, of all the jubilee gifts and addresses presented to the Queen during the celebration of her jubilee. Half of the proceeds will go to the Prince and Princess of Wales's hospital fund, the contributions to that charity having fallen far short of expectations, reaching only a total of £185,000.

The latest developments in the use of waste across the water is a scheme to produce hot water at a halfpenny per gallon from the waste heat of the street gas lamps. A machine for this purpose has been exhibited and appears to work effectively. The various parish authorities of the poorer districts of London are considering its introduction into the streets.

NEWS FROM INDIA.

NATIVE TROOPS ADVANCING ON PANKJORA AND SHABKADR.

MORE ABOUT THURSDAY'S BATTLE—LOWER MOHMAIDS SUBMITTING.

Peshawar, Sept. 19.—The lower Mohmaids south of here have submitted, and have agreed to pay a heavy fine and to surrender their arms.

Bombay, Sept. 19.—The advices from the front show that the various columns are advancing against the Mahomkhis from Pankjora and Shabkadr. As yet they have met with no serious opposition, but the difficulties of transportation in a mountainous and almost pathless country are immense. Another formidable obstacle in the way of rapid movement is the lack of water. The brigade of General Jeffreys has not joined in the advance. Yesterday it left camp at Anayat, with sixteen companies of infantry and four guns, in order to re-attack the enemy at the village of Danodatta. The enemy made a desperate resistance, but were driven out into the hills. The British demolished their towers and captured four hundred mule loads of supplies. As soon as the troops began to retire from the village the enemy reappeared in force. The retirement, however, was effected with great precision, the native troops behaving splendidly. Two Sikhs were killed and six wounded.

It is known that the enemy's loss during the fight on Thursday last between the Mohmaids and the second brigade of General Sir Bindon Blood in the valley north of Anayat, was very heavy. The tribes engaged did not press the brigade during the retirement, but fresh tribesmen appeared. Captain Ryder's company of Sikhs virtually owed their lives to an Afriidi sergeant of the Guides corps, who, when the Sikhs had exhausted their ammunition and were desperately cutting their way back through the enemy, dashed up the hill under a heavy fire with a supply of cartridges. He arrived just in the nick of time, as the swordsmen of the enemy were already among the Sikhs, who were absolutely unable, after the heavy climb and the hard fighting, to continue a successful struggle. Lieut. Watson was thrice wounded while gallantly leading a handful of Buffs, who routed a large body of the enemy that was trying to storm the village in which General Jeffreys had taken up a position after missing his main body in the gloom on Thursday night. It appears the enemy lost 180 men before they captured the Saragaj police post. They burned alive two Sikh cooks whom they captured while out hunting for firewood.

The Queen has sent the following despatch with reference to the reverses near Camp Anayat:—I am deeply grieved at the loss of so many brave officers and men. I earnestly desire to be informed as to the condition of all the wounded. The conduct of the troops was most admirable.

London, Sept. 18.—A special despatch from Bombay, describing the defence of Fort Gulistan, refers to the childlike impression of the six-year-old daughter of Major Desvoeux, the British officer who was in command of that place and who had his family with him. Little Miss Desvoeux is quoted as saying:—A horrid man crept up to burn the hedge (part of the defences surrounding the fort) and daddy would not shoot until the hedge was burning and the man crept back. Then he shot him dead. I think daddy should have shot him first. Her smaller brothers, it appears, kept their nurses busy restraining them from going to the ramparts.

THE YELLOW FEVER OUTBREAK.

Cairo, Ill., Sept. 20.—Dr. Guiteras, the yellow fever expert, who arrived here from Mobile yesterday, has pronounced the two suspicious cases at the Marine Hospital to be yellow fever of a mild form. There are several suspicious cases on the government dredge boat 'Alpha' lying at East Cairo, Ky.

KILLED WHILE DOING HIS DUTY.

Whitehall, N.Y., Sept. 18.—William Jackson, deputy sheriff at Schenectady Lake, was killed last night near Paradox Lake while trying to arrest three brothers named Lajoie, charged with violating the game law. Jackson's body was also mutilated with an axe. The Lajoies escaped and have not yet been captured. Officers are in pursuit.

THE KLONDIKE.

PROPOSAL OF THE MILITARY MINING COMPANY TO WORK GOVERNMENT CLAIMS REJECTED.

THE UNITED STATES SECRETARY OF WAR ANXIOUS TO ARRANGE FOR FORWARDING RELIEF SUPPLIES TO THE MINERS.

Ottawa, Sept. 20.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier presided at a meeting of council of Saturday. There were present besides Sir Oliver Mowat, Sir Henri Joly de Lotbiniere, Mr. Fielding, Mr. Paterson, Dr. Borden, Sir Louis Davies, Mr. Sifton, Mr. Scott and Mr. Fisher. The proposal of the Casey-Kerr Company to work the government claims in the Klondike on shares and send in drilled men who would act as volunteer police in the event of need, was laid before the cabinet by Mr. Sifton without any recommendation. The proposal was rejected unanimously. A despatch has been received from Washington through the British minister to the Governor-General stating that the United States Government has acceded to the suggestion of the Canadian Government that without prejudice to the boundary question no objection would be taken to the Government of Canada erecting a telegraph line from the head of the Lynn Canal over the summit to Lake Tagish. By this means communication between the Klondike and the outside would be facilitated. The line will be available for the public, government messages having priority.

Mr. Patullo of Woodstock, who replaces Mr. McCullough of Ottawa on the government's Yukon expedition, is here to outfit. Mr. McCullough is ill, and cannot therefore go. The expedition starts from Ottawa in a week's time, and will include a clergyman.

RELIEF SUPPLIES.

Washington, Sept. 20.—Two representatives of the North American Trading and Transportation Company, Messrs. Porteous B. Wear and Michael Cudahy, of Chicago, arrived here yesterday. They came at the special request of Mr. Alger, Secretary of War, who desired to confer with them in regard to the question of sending relief supplies to the gold seekers in the Klondike country, should the investigation now being made by Captain Ray, of the army, show such measures to be necessary. Mr. Alger said that nothing final had been determined upon, and nothing would be until a report had been received from Captain Ray. The latter is supposed to be now at Dawson City, and his report is expected here about the middle of October. An important matter upon which Mr. Alger especially desired the opinion of Messrs. Wear and Cudahy was the feasibility of a locomotive sled designed to draw logs and other material over the ice. This has been in successful operation in the logging camps in Wisconsin, and its adaptability to this work influenced the Secretary to believe it might be put into practical operation in Alaska, should relief measures be necessary. The representatives of the trading company had examined a drawing of the sled and had its workings briefly explained to them and they expressed the opinion that it might be feasible for the purpose contemplated.

New York, Sept. 20.—Lord Douglas of Hawick, eldest son of the Marquis of Queensbury, arrived on Saturday night on the steamship 'Britannic.' He intimated that he had come across the ocean to do prospecting in Canada, not having met with the success he had expected in the mines of Western Australia. He will be here four months.

SNOW ON SAGUAY TRAIL.

San Francisco, Sept. 20.—A special to the 'Call' from Hal Hoffman, dated Juneau, Sept. 13, says: The first snow-storm of the season swept over the mountains last night, which is one indication that the same thing is likely to occur at any time or likely to continue indefinitely. Small boats which arrived here today from Skaguay report that snow fell one and a half feet deep on Skaguay trail. This means that further progress cannot be made on that trail by the staggering thousands and that the establishment of winter quarters must be begun quickly where not already under way. The snow will render it almost impossible to make any progress. The snowstorms may be said to stop further progress over both the Dyea and Skaguay routes, unless such an unprecedented thing as a spell of dry calm weather comes. Already the indications begin to fear out the statement made in these despatches four weeks ago that the trails to Klondike would be marked by collapsed tents, and the skeletons of the unwary and venturesome.

Winnipeg, Man., Sept. 20.—Mr. William Pugsley announces that he has arranged on behalf of eastern capitalists to extend the railway from Edmonton to Athabasca river and build steamers on the Athabasca and Mackenzie rivers for the purpose of catering to Yukon traffic.

LANARK W.C.T.U. CONVENTION.

Smith's Falls, Ont., Sept. 20.—At the Lanark convention of the W.C.T.U. held in Smith's Falls, the election of officers resulted:—President, Mrs. W. C. Caldwell, Lanark; vice-president, Mrs. Taylor, Carleton Place; recording secretary, Miss Playfair; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Merrick, Carleton Place; treasurer, Mrs. W. M. Keith, Smith's Falls; auditor, J. R. Lavell, Smith's Falls.

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THAT DISCRIMINATING CLAUSE.

SENATOR ELKINS EXPLAINS ITS OBJECTS AND URGES ITS ENFORCEMENT UPON THE PRESIDENT.

Washington, Sept. 19.—Senator Elkins of West Virginia had an interview with the President yesterday, in which the ten percent discriminating duty provided by the tariff bill was discussed. Concerning the doubt expressed as to the intent of section 22, which provides for the assessment of the discriminating duty, Senator Elkins said that there was no doubt in his mind as to what was meant by the framers of the bill. Section 22, he said, embodied the principles and provisions of the bill for the protection of American shipping, and, as he was practically the author of the section, he was in a position to know what it meant. It should be interpreted broadly in favor of the United States, remarked the senator, and was intended to protect American railway and shipping interests from foreign competition.

A GREAT TUNNEL.

PROJECT REVIVED OF UNITING SCOTLAND AND IRELAND BY A SUBMARINE TUNNEL.

London, Sept. 19.—The project has been revived this week of the construction of a tunnel between Scotland and Ireland. The idea, once regarded as visionary, is now admittedly practicable as an engineering feat, but few people believe there is the slightest prospect of making it a commercial success. Successive governments have been asked to undertake the work as a national enterprise, irrespective of paltry pecuniary considerations, but have invariably thrown cold water upon the enthusiasts. The latest estimates put the length of the tunnel at twenty-five miles, the period of construction ten or twelve years, and the cost at forty-three million dollars. These figures are largely fanciful, for nothing can be said until the preliminary borings and soundings have been made, and even then, if those operations promised success it would be necessary to spend a million more to sink a shaft and drive a heading in order to make the tests complete.

A SUBURBY MYSTERY.

Sudbury, Ont., Sept. 20.—Mr. M. C. Biggar, a leading barrister and ex-mayor of the town, disappeared between nine and ten o'clock on Tuesday night. That evening he arrived in town at eight o'clock from a business trip to Webbwood, and proceeded to his office, where he agreed to meet his wife after looking over his mail. Shortly after nine o'clock Mrs. Biggar went to the office but found it locked up and thinking he had gone to a meeting of the Conservative Association, went home alone and sat up for him till near morning. The fact of his disappearance was mentioned to some friends next day but no action was taken, they believing that he had been hurriedly called away on business. On Thursday his absence became generally known, and parties were organized to search the woods near by and also Lake Ramsay, a mile distant. No possible reason can be assigned for his disappearance. His business was prosperous, and he had one of the most comfortable homes in town.

INSANITY IN LONDON.

London, Sept. 18.—The report of the Asylums Committee of the London County Council shows there has been an alarming increase in lunacy during the last nine years, especially in London. While the population of London is 4,599,000 the proportion of insane persons is 19.87. Dr. Shaw, an expert on the subject, says: 'There is no doubt that, as regards the future of lunacy, we are doing all in our power not to stamp it out, but to increase it.' This is largely due to the want of asylum accommodation, the technically cured being discharged before they are really cured and thus adding further chances for transmitting lunacy.

W. M. S. CONVENTION.

WILL BE HELD AT CORNWALL IN OCTOBER.

Cornwall, Sept. 20.—The Montreal Conference branch of the W. M. S. of the Methodist Church, of which Mrs. W. E. Ross of Montreal and Mrs. (Dr.) Williams of Sherbrooke are president and corresponding secretary, respectively, will meet in Cornwall on Oct. 5 to 7. A large gathering of ladies from all points between Quebec and Kingston is expected, and the work of the auxiliaries throughout the conference will pass under review.

KINGSTON'S NEW ELEVATOR.

Kingston, Ont., Sept. 20.—Capt. Gaslin is in Montreal to make arrangements with the Montreal Transportation Company for the erection of the new elevator. When asked the probable site of the new elevator, the Captain stated that he could not say as to that just now. It might, however, be said, be built at the foot of Princess street, near Richardson's elevator. Work will be proceeded with at once.

MICHIGAN BANK FAILURE.

Benton Harbor, Mich., Sept. 18.—The First National Bank of this city did not open for business today. About \$90,000 is due depositors, and it is generally believed that seventy-five percent will be about as much as will be realized.

CONSUL AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

Washington, Sept. 18.—The President today appointed Charles M. Dickinson, of New York, as consul at Constantinople.

MICHIPICOTEN GOLD FIELDS.

MACHINERY OF THE LAW TO BE SET IN MOTION—A NOVEL SCHEME.

Toronto, Sept. 20.—Mr. Archibald Blue, of the Ontario Bureau of Mines, left today for the Michipicoten gold district in company with Mr. David Boyd, son of Chancellor Boyd, who has been appointed inspector of the newly created mining division of Michipicoten. As this is the first occasion that certain provisions of the mining act have been called into play in the province, Mr. Blue has gone to the locality in order to properly install Mr. Boyd in his office and to set the machinery of the law in motion.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 20.—John W. Hyman, of London, Ont., a prominent politician and a man of considerable means has a scheme which he will work in the Lake Wawa, Michipicoten gold fields and which may pay out well. His plan is to pump sand from the bottom of the lake adjoining the Mackey-Dickinson claim. The lake is from fifteen to more than one hundred feet in depth. Hyman says there is good reason to believe that gold will be found in paying quantities at the bottom of the lake. He is willing to spend some money to find out, and is now at the Canadian Soo for that purpose. He has purchased four thousand five hundred feet of pipe and will take a sand pump and outfit to the field at an early date. He also has a scheme to organize a syndicate and have every member put up, say \$100, and from the proceeds grub stake from twenty to fifty prospectors, who have had lots of experience. These prospectors will then determine whether gold exists in large quantities in the Wawa district. This is the most practical move made since the excitement began.

THE CHARTER GRANTED.

Albany, N.Y., Sept. 18.—The railway commissioners have granted the application of the New York & Ottawa Railway Company for permission to build a steam railway from Moira, a distance of eight miles, to the St. Lawrence river. The road will cross a bridge to be built over the St. Lawrence at Cornwall and connect with the Ottawa & New York Railway, which will run from the Canadian side of the bridge to Ottawa. It is said that the construction of this road is a nucleus of a scheme to shorten the distance by rail between New York city and Canada by fifty-seven miles. The granting of this application was strenuously opposed by the New York Central on the ground that the new road would interfere with the business of their Adirondack lines. The attorneys of the Central stated that the Delaware & Hudson was behind the scheme and that it would eventually make a connection with the new road from its terminus at North Creek.

FREIGHT TRAINS COLLIDE.

Trenton, Sept. 20.—Yesterday morning about five o'clock a rear-end collision occurred a short distance west of the Grand Trunk railway station in which six freight cars loaded with corn and wheat, one caboose and engine, No. 227, were destroyed. The fireman and engineer of the colliding engine jumped, escaping with slight injuries. Immediately after the collision the six cars and contents were destroyed by fire. About a hundred yards of the main track was torn up, impeding traffic for seven hours. The Belleville wrecking train had cleared the track at noon. It is believed the cause of the smash-up was that the incoming freight from the west passed the semaphore although it was up. The loss will be heavy.

A CANADIAN MURDERED.

Chillicothe, Ohio, Sept. 20.—John Quinn, who has been employed as a brakeman on the Baltimore & Ohio South-West Railway for the past year, and whose home is at Toronto, Canada, where he has a sister living, was discovered shortly before twelve o'clock on Thursday night lying by the side of the track near Schooley's station, in a dying condition. The back of his head had been caved in by some blunt instrument, his back was broken, as were also a leg and an arm, but he lived four hours after he was found. His coat, hat and lantern were found in an empty coal car on the train he had started out with. The lantern was still burning. The authorities believe that Quinn was attacked and thrown off the train by tramps, who hoped to rob him of the wages he received on Thursday.

SPANISH CABINET CRISIS.

Madrid, Sept. 20.—The cabinet held a meeting yesterday and refused to approve all the steps taken by the Minister of Finance, Senor J. Reverter. As a result the minister will resign. The Bishop of Majorica, Balearic Islands, as announced, has excommunicated Senor Reverter for taking possession of the treasury of the church in his diocese.

KILLED IN DAKOTA.

Cornwall, Sept. 20.—News has reached Glen Robertson friends of the sad death of Miss Clara Falconer of Bismarck, North Dakota, formerly of Gengarry. The young lady, who was in her sixteenth year, was accidentally shot through the body.

MAXIME LEPINE DEAD.

Winnipeg, Sept. 20.—A Duck Lake special says:—Maxime Lepine, one of the most noted men amongst the Metis of Manitoba and the North-West, died suddenly at his home here. The cause of death was ulceration of the stomach. Deceased was widely known as one of Riel's noted councillors during the rebellion in 1885.

GRECO-TURKISH WAR OVER

END REACHED ON SATURDAY BY THE SIGNING OF THE TREATY BY THE SULTAN.

London, Sept. 19.—At last the war, which really terminated some weeks ago, by the Sultan's agreement, noon attaching his signature to the treaty of peace. It took the powers more than two months to arrange them as the war lasted. At present the struggle is a military victory of the Sultan over Greece, and the reward for yesterday's triumph of complaisance in the Sultan's plainness showed in an interview with the Sultan, the Italian ambassador Constantino, when he said: 'The turn for Turkey's yielding in the war of peace he expected that the powers would show leniency concerning the only for Crete, to which Turkey presented, had already been agreed to. The Sultan replied with a gesture expressing 'We shall see.'

Signor Panza, the Italian ambassador, left the city to-night, and Mr. de la French ambassador, will leave Monday. The treaty is signed, the impossibility of further maintenance of the army in Thessaly, owing to the great increase of sickness among the troops, is understood that the strategy established by the treaty gives to the village of Kontonizhi, which the raid of the Greek National Brotherhood into Macedonia was the war—Zurkos, Ganiza, Molina, Rapsani. Turkey also claims the lake of Xezeros and the lake of that lake.

Athens, Sept. 19.—The conditions of the peace signed between the ambassadors of the powers, on behalf of Greece, and Tewfik Pasha, the Turkish minister at the Tophan Palace, are universally pronounced by the Greek press as exceedingly onerous. The organs of M. Delanyis, former premier, who commands an actual majority in the House, violently attack M. Ralli and the Cabinet, denouncing them as the real cause of the present misfortune. The anti-Delanyis press abuses M. Delanyis as the 'Evil Genius of Greece.'

The public generally accepts the result with mournful resignation.

AN EARTHQUAKE RECORDER.

London, Sept. 20.—Prof. John Milne furnishes wonderful proof of the reliability of the earthquake recorder apparatus. He writes: 'While at the British Association meeting in Toronto I exhibited a seismogram which, having forwarded from my station on the 1st of August. This was the record of a severe earthquake, the duration of which had been three hours. From the general character of the diagram, and because the preliminary tremors had a duration of thirty minutes, I suggested that the centre of the disturbance was near Japan, and, if so, originated there on Aug. 5, about 9.00 a.m. On Aug. 6, when I left Toronto, no news of such an earthquake had been received. I found by my mail advices, dated New York, Aug. 30, that in Japan there was an earthquake and tidal waves accompanied by much loss of life, on Aug. 5 and 6. Captain Snow, of Yokohama, in a letter dated Aug. 5, says: 'While I was writing a heavy, slow earthquake was going on. It is now 9.14 a.m.' The character of the motion felt by Captain Snow indicates that Yokohama was a considerable distance, possibly six hundred miles, from the place of origin of the disturbance. Therefore, the earthquake took place at least five minutes earlier than noted by Captain Snow.'

ROYAL RESIDENCE IN IRELAND.

London, Sept. 18.—A royal residence in Ireland now appears to be within reach since the Queen seems to support the proposition. In a long letter to the Duchess of York congratulating her on the success of her recent tour, with her husband, in Ireland, Her Majesty said she would like to spend part of each year in Ireland. On the other hand, Mr. Michael Davitt declares the Irish do not want royalty in Ireland, and he says that the Duke and Duchess of York took Irish hospitality for loyalty.

A UNIQUE IDEA.

London, Sept. 18.—A curious suggestion has been made with the object of emphasizing the union of the British Empire and it is meeting with considerable favor. The idea is that in place of the distinctive names as Canada, Australia, etc., that the designation of 'British Empire' should be applied to all the territories under British rule. Under the Great Britain proper would be the 'British Empire-Central,' and the others known as 'British Empire-North-West,' etc.

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