LAST EDITION.

The Montreal Daily Star

CIRCULATION 38,301

VOL. XXVI—No. 179. MONTREAL WEDNESDAY AUGUST 1, 1894. PRICE ONE CENT.

RATES

FOR

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

SITUATIONS WANTED. 10 cents for 25 words or less, and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion.

PUPILS WANTED. 10 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

All other "WANTED" ads. 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

ROOMS TO LET, 10 cents for 25 words or less, and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion.

BOARD, 10 cents for 25 words or less, and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion.

HOUSES TO LET, 10 cents for 25 words or less, and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion.

FOR SALE, 10 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

PROPERTY FOR SALE, 10 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

LOST, 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

BUSINESS CHANCES, 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.

All other classifications, 25 cents per word, minimum 25 cents.

All advertisements under this heading must be paid in advance, or sent by order through their home correspondents.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

All "Want" advertisements received too late for classification will be found on page 6 of to-day's "Star."

WANTED MALE TEACHER, THOROUGHLY competent, for Roman Catholic Protestant Model School, Aylmer, Que. Must be able to speak French. Salary expected low. Apply to Rev. Treasurer, Box 1078, Aylmer. 179 2

WANTED — WAITERS IMMEDIATELY AT Queen's Hotel and 1204 Notre Dame street. Experience not necessary. Apply 179 2

WANTED PROTESTANT TEACHER FOR ANNIE Bay School, Grange Bay South, Quebec. Apply to Secretary-Treasurer.

WANTED CONTRACTORS CLERK WITH FAIR education and good penmanship. Must be able to keep accounts and do light office work. Apply by letter, stating salary required, to Box 1, Star office.

WANTED FIRST CLASS ENGINEER AT ONCE. Apply Must be good machinist. Apply stating experience and wages expected, to Company of Canada.

WANTED AT ST. SOPHIE, COUNTY TERREBONNE, a Protestant teacher for one year. Apply to Secretary-Treasurer.

WANTED A SMART BOY FOR INSURANCE office. Must be good penman and good accountant. Apply Insurance, Box 1, Star office.

WANTED FOR BURGAL WHEEL NURSE IN Asylum. Apply 179 2

WANTED BY WHOLESALE HARDWARE house, a young man as traveller and warehouseman. Must have thorough knowledge of shelf hardware. Address, giving reference and experience, W. 2085, Star office.

WANTED A GENERAL SERVANT NO WASHING. Apply 179 2

WANTED SHOEMAKER MUST BE GOOD FIT. Apply Fine Fitting Factory, 21 Wellington st.

WANTED STRONG YOUNG GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in family of two. 53 St. Urbain.

WANTED A LITTLE GIRL TO MIND A BABY and help in house. Apply 57 Craig st.

WANTED SEVERAL GOOD ASSISTANTS FOR WORK in connection with Dyeing having some experience. Gauther on paper Box 1, Star office preferred. Apply 269 St. Paul.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY PLAIN COOK, Wednesday for family of two, $20 wages. Splendid situation for a good cooking steady employment. Address Windsor Hotel, Hartland, N. B.

WANTED YOUNG GIRLS FOR THE MAKING and packing of Confectionery. Apply Troy Steam Laundry, Co. Inland Revenue Office.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, OFFICE BOY MUST have good references. Apply to Carter & Goldstein, Advocates, 1709 Notre Dame st.

WANTED PUR CUTTERS AND FINISHERS. Apply to M. Rodolph, 2320 St. Catherine st.

WANTED A JUNIOR CLERK FOR THE HARD ware business, one having some experience preferred. References required. Apply to R. & W. Keyes, 1656 Notre Dame.

WANTED FIRST CLASS STONE MILLER FOR custom mill. Must be good stone dresser. J. & G. Black, Thurso, Que.

WANTED YOUNG MAN ENGLISH ABOUT 18 to assist in office. Must have good references. Address H. 99, Star.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY GOOD GENERAL servant; one who understands plain cooking. High wages given to suitable party. Apply with references, 2 Gain st.

WANTED GENERAL SERVANT MUST UNDERstand cooking; no washing; no children; good wages. Apply 179 2

WANTED A FAIR CUTTER A MAN THAT is thoroughly competent to cut business suits; other need apply. Clothing Trade Paper, Box 1, Star.

WANTED A GENERAL SERVANT NO WASH. Apply 179 2

WANTED A SMART HONEST SALESLADY for a fancy store. Good wages for the right party. Norman Murray, 12 Beaver Hall Hill.

WANTED A RESPECTABLE PERSON TO ASSIST in light housework. Must have a home. Apply at 304 Lagauchetiere west.

WANTED CITY TRAVELLER ON COMMISSION. Big chance to a good man. Address, stating trade, Municipal Journal, Toronto.

WANTED PROFESSOR TO TAKE CHARGE OF the English department of a Ladies' College, Quebec. Must be able to teach French. Address, stating salary, Box 1, Star, Montreal.

WANTED GENERAL SERVANT FOR A SMALL family; no washing. Apply at 3 Stanley st., between 1 and 2 and 7 and 8 evenings.

WANTED YOUNG GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 8 St. Denis.

WANTED GENERAL SERVANT FOR SMALL family. Apply 179 2

WANTED FIRST CLASS PATTERN FITTER. Apply H. R. Lowe & Co.

WANTED ONE GOOD PLAIN BONNET MAKER. Good staff and wages. Apply 179 2

WANTED A GOOD PLAIN COOK. Good wages. Apply 179 2

WANTED FOR COMPOSITOR. APPLY TO Pet Cosmetique, 179 2

PUPILS WANTED.

WANTED — MRS. MORRIS, 37 ST. MARTIN st., Hochelaga, Pupils for Piano, Organ, Harmony and Singing. 179 2

WANTED — PUPILS FOR PIANO AND ORGAN. Apply 179 2

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

WANTED — 1 BAY SPECIAL HIGH Horse, 15 hands, 5 years old, 1 Bay Mare, 15 hands, 5 years old. Apply Dr. Catherine street, Montreal.

WANTED — 1 BAY MARE AND TAN Horse. Apply 179 2

LOST.

LOST — A VICTORIA CANADA FROM ST. HENRY to Point St. Charles. Finder will be rewarded. 179 2

LOST — ON FRIDAY, BLACK RAT WITH A WHITE Breast. Finder will be rewarded. Apply Star office.

LOST BETWEEN ST. PHILIP AND ST. ANTOINE streets, a gold watch, marked "Grace." Finder will be rewarded. 179 2

LOST — TUESDAY, 31ST JULY, IN FORESTER'S Hall, Ste. Catherine st., a Gold Watch. Finder will be rewarded. 179 2

LOST — ON SATURDAY, 28 JULY, AT COLBY Lake, Laurentides, a light colored Scotch Terrier, answering to the name of Sandy. Finder will be rewarded. 179 2

LOST — ABOUT 3 WEEKS AGO, A BROWN AND White Spaniel Dog, called Bob. Finder will be rewarded. 179 2

FOUND.

FOUND — ABOUT 2 WEEKS AGO A PARCEL ON Kent st. Apply to Decorator, Baker st.

FOUND — AT SOUTH PARDS A WHITE Horse. Owner can have same by applying to H. Bergevin, and paying expenses. 179 2

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED SITUATION AS APPRENTICE TO bricklayer by a respectable young man. Address William M. Mir, ah, 30 Chamblier square. 177 3

WANTED SITUATION BY CUTTER. PRACTICAL tailoring experience and ability, steady and reliable. Best references. J. G. 22 Dunn ave., Toronto. 177 6

WANTED BY YOUNG WOMAN WORK BY DAY of position as housekeeper. Must sleep at home. Apply 161 St. Antoine. 177 3

WANTED SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER OR general servant, by woman with girl, 2½ years, would go in country place with or without children preferred. Would take small wages. Apply T. 268 Star office. 178 2

WANTED BY YOUNG MAN SITUATION AS assistant bookkeeper or collector. Address J. A. B. 1169 St. George st. 178 2

WANTED SITUATION BY AN ENGLISHMAN, age 22, office work preferred, no particular trade, willing to do any kind of work. W. Pollard, 30 Champlain. 178 2

WANTED BY YOUNG MAN 28 SITUATION as general clerk or collector; several years experience, both in large and small business houses. Best references. Apply V. 254, Star office. 178 2

WANTED BY A BOOKKEEPER, WORK BY THE DAY, night or Sunday, or Sunday night, would work for $1.00. Apply V. 253, Star office. 178 2

WANTED 8 TO ANY ONE PROCURING AD. English gentlemanly young man, in any suitable capacity. Frost, Y.M.C.A. Montreal. 179 3

WANTED TO BAKERS YOUNG ENGLISH man seeks situation with baker to learn the trade, is of good character. Address B.34, Star office. 179 1

WANTED SITUATION BY FIRST CLASS COOK. Salary moderate, expect to be paid the month, will not work on Sundays. W. Alexander. 179 1

WANTED PAINTING, PAPER HANGING AND Kalsomining. No Inspector. 179 2

WANTED STENOGRAPHER AND TYPE writer, would give her services one month free when suiting for position. Address A. Z. Star office. 179 2

WANTED BY YOUNG MAN AGE 22 SITUATION in wholesale or retail house. Address A. Z. Star office. 179 2

WANTED BY FRENCH GOVERNESS A LADY with Normal school diploma, highest references and twenty years experience in ladies' colleges. Private or day. Address, Pensionnat, United States of Canada, Box 1, Star office. 179 2

WANTED SITUATION BY AN ENGLISHMAN in wholesale or retail house, thoroughly well versed in the business, good salesman, good writer. Apply P. 2, 22 Colborne st.

WANTED YOUNG MAN WANTS SITUATION as a young man of 18 years to assist himself generally in office. W. 251, Star office. 179 1

WANTED — ADVERTISER (SCOTCHMAN) wishes situation as bookkeeper or assistant bookkeeper in dull times. Best of testimonials. Address V. 252, Star office. 179 2

WANTED SITUATION BY YOUNG MAN WITH good education, knowledge of shorthand, typewriting and office work. Address A. 28, Star office. 179 2

WANTED BY THE DAY OR WEEK, WASHING or ironing, good references. Apply 11 Hermine st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE A FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT with license, good opportunity for buyers. Apply 539 St. Paul street. 176 4

FOR SALE EASY TERMS, FINE CIGAR AND Tobacco store, barbers shop attached. Recently fitted up, equal to any in Dominion. L. Mallette, 207 Notre Dame. 178 5

FOR SALE A MILK ROUND, 25 GALLONS daily. Apply 515 St. James st., between 10 and 12 a.m. 178 2

FOR SALE BEST PATENT IN CANADA, Beaudry's Patent Fire Escape. Enquire Pacher Beaudry, 401 St. Andre st. 178 2

FOR SALE GROCERY WORTH FROM $1200 TO $1500, in good business centre of city, with license and good customers. Reasons, ill health. Address T. 267, Star office. 178 1

FOR SALE HOTEL, ON LEADING THOROUGHfare, first class custom and transient trade. Owner going out of business. Only principals dealt with. Address T. 2499, Star office. 178 3

FOR SALE WELL ESTABLISHED MERCHANT tailoring and gents furnishing business, in one of the most prosperous towns in the Eastern Townships. Good reasons for selling. Address X. 2566, Star office. 178 3

FOR SALE 100 SHARES OF BRITISH COLUMBIA Gold Mining Stock. The B. C. Company, over 50 miles of claims in The Fraser River. Address at once, K. 2261, Star office. 178 3

BOARD.

BOARD AND ROOMS, FOR LADIES DURING confinement, private. Ladies attended to at their own homes. Mrs. Bohne, Ladies' Doctress, 151 Carleton.

BOARD MRS. MCEWAN, LADIES' SICK NURSE, superior accommodation for boarders, best medical attendance, strictly private. Terms moderate. 167 Cadieux, below St. Catherine. 138 100

BOARD AND ROOM AT NO. 210 SHERBROOKE street, handsomely furnished room, gentlemen only, also table board. 179 2

BOARD MADAME M. VILLARD HAS LATELY opened her house for a select number of ladies, at No. 127 Victoria street, near Mount Royal ave. Comfortable and well aired rooms, first class board, quite strictly private. Terms moderate. 156 26

BOARD MADAME DE FRANCOIS, LADIES and gentlemen, Homeopathic treatment for boarders, best medical attendance, strictly private. Terms moderate. 58 St. Dominique st. 158 10

BOARD VACANCIES FOR TWO YOUNG MEN, 65 Mansfield, St. Charles and Lagauchetiere, good board, modern conveniences, home comforts and private. 176 5

BOARD AND ROOMS, ALSO TABLE BOARD, 79 Hickory st. 176 5

BOARD NICE ROOMS ON GROUND FLOOR, double and single, with board, $5 per week, without board if desired. Dorchester st., near Bleury.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE FOR THE MILLION KILN DRIED sawdust, $2 per load; 25 per cent discount for quantity. Apply 2 Mullins st., $1.50 per load. J. C. Macdonald & Co., 2 Mullins st. St. James ward city. Telephone 8116. 179

FOR SALE 200 BUNDLES RUBBER AND cotton hose, 50 per foot, 100,000 feet new rubber belts, 5 and 6 ply, discount packing and mill supplies. Lowest and only genuine manufacturers. Munn & Co., 37 Papineau avenue, Montreal. 164 11

FOR SALE RECEIPTS FOR MAKING WITHOUT an apparatus English, German and French wines, liquors and cordials. Profits 1000 per cent. Address Secretary, 1,438 St. Denis st., Montreal. 178 6

FOR SALE UPRIGHT AND SQUARE PIANOS, slightly used and second-hand, at tempting prices for cash or instalments. Apply at C. W. Lindsay's warerooms, 2365 and 2372 St. Catherine st. 178 2

FOR SALE MANUFACTURER'S SAMPLE LACE Curtains, 60 pairs, 30c to $6.50 per pair, about half the regular price. Some patterns. Rosenta General Bazaar, 135 Notre Dame, between St. Lambert Hill and Court House. 178 2

FOR SALE OFFICE DESK AND FURNITURE. Cheap. Address A 19, Star office. 179 1

FOR SALE BOILER AND ENGINE, 26 H. P. good condition, cheap. Address 215 St. Lawrence st. 179 1

FOR SALE COMET BICYCLE, '94 MODEL, ALmost new, weight 27 lbs., suitable for road or track, at a bargain. Open evenings. The Gould Bicycle Co., 2410 St. Catherine. 179 2

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE FOUR SECOND HAND HORIZONTAL tubular boilers, new boilers and engines in stock for quick shipment, boilers and engines for cream, butter factories and small powers, for saw mills, grist mills, saw mill machinery, stone and ore crushers, rock working quarrying and mining machinery, Rand Drills, compressors. Write or call for prices and particulars. The Jenckes Machine Co., Sherbrooke, Montreal Branch, 58 Victoria square. 101 3aw tf

WANTED TO BORROW.

WANTED TO BORROW THIRTEEN HUNDRED dollars on house property, in vicinity of Montreal Rents $50.00 per month. Address F. O. Box 1798. 177 3

WANTED TO BORROW, $5000 ON 1ST MORTgage on city property. Address "S 2473, Star. 177 3

HORSES AND CARRIAGES, ETC.

WANTED TO PURCHASE ONE HORSE, VICToria. Must be in good order and cheap. Address A. Star office. 179 1

FLATS WANTED.

WANTED MODERN FLAT OR SMALL HOUSE, in good locality. Rent not to exceed $20 to $25 per month including taxes. Address X. 2565, Star office. 182 2

HOUSES WANTED.

WANTED FOR 1ST SEPTEMBER, SMALL FURnished house for two, no children. Best of references. Must be cheap and in good location. Address W. 239, Star office. 178 2

STORES, ETC. WANTED

WANTED, PREMISES SUITABLE FOR HAY and grain with stabling. Must be central. Address B.97, Star office. 179 2

ROOMS TO LET.

ROOMS 37 MCGILL COLLEGE AVENUE, LARGE well furnished, on bath or upper flat, private house. 174 9

ROOM, NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, SUITABLE for two. 840 Dorchester st. 175 6

ROOMS TO LET FURNISHED, SUITABLE FOR light housekeeping. Apply to 30 City Councillors st. 174 6

ROOMS COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOMS, with partial or full board. Apply 102 Mansfield st. 176 5

ROOM TO LET FURNISHED, A FRONT ROOM, suitable for one or two young men. Apply 18 Aylmer st. 177 2

ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD, SINGLE and double, comfortable furnished, on bathroom flat. 108 Mansfield st. 177 3

ROOMS BEAUTIFUL UNFURNISHED ROOMS to let on bathroom flat. 2420 St. Catherine st. 177 3

ROOMS WELL FURNISHED, DOUBLE AND single rooms, house every convenience, gas, telephone, etc. 51 Beaver Hall Hill. 178 5

ROOMS TO LET LARGE DOUBLE ROOM ALSO a single room, with board. 127 Metcalfe, corner Burnside. 178 5

ROOMS WELL FURNISHED, WITH BREAKfast. 827 Palace st. 178 3

ROOMS TWO FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH OR without board. 138 Metcalfe st. 178 3

ROOMS TO LET WITH USE OF KITCHEN. APply 144 Dalhousie st. 176 2

ROOM SINGLE ROOM, WITH BOARD. 104 Mansfield st. 176 2

ROOM SUITABLE FOR ONE OR TWO GENTLEmen or married couple, very central. 240 St. Catherine street, near Peel st. 178 2

ROOMS FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD terms moderate. Transients accommodated. 31 McGill College ave. 178 4

ROOM FURNISHED SINGLE ROOM ON BATH room flat. 206 St. Catherine st., corner Balmoral street. 178 2

ROOMS FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, bathroom flat, suits bright and airy. Terms moderate. Apply 32 Inspector st. 178 2

ROOM ONE NICE ROOM, NEWLY FURNISHED gas, bath and hot water. 781 Palace street. 179 3

ROOMS FURNISHED WITH BOARD, A LARGE front room, suitable for two young men or married couple, also a single room. 214 St. Antoine st. 179 3

ROOMS WELL FURNISHED PARLOR AND bedroom, suitable for married couple or two gentlemen. 2 minutes from Windsor Hotel. 52 Osborne st. 179 3

ROOMS NICE FURNISHED FRONT ROOM with board, for one gentleman. 84a Bleury st. 179 2

ROOM FURNISHED ROOM WITH BOARD, ON bathroom flat, with English family, suitable for one of strictly quiet habits. 21 St. Edward st. 179 4

ROOMS TO LET

ROOMS 1 VICTORIA STREET, WELL FURnished large rooms, by the week or month. Visitors to the city will find nice accommodation, good board. 179 4

ROOMS 47 METCALFE STREET, OPPOSITE Dominion square, two double rooms, newly furnished, with board and every convenience, gentlemen only, also table board. 179 2

ROOM FURNISHED ROOM TO LET, SUITABLE for a married couple or two gentlemen, convenient to Beaver Hall Hill. 744 Lagauchetiere. 179 1

ROOM LARGE COMFORTABLY FURNISHED bedroom, bathroom flat, all modern conveniences, quiet family. 106 Union ave. 179 2 2aw

ROOMS TO LET, SUITABLE FOR GENTLEMEN. Terms reasonable. 142 Peel st., near Windsor Hotel. 179 1

ROOM NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, ON BATH room flat, with gas and every modern convenience. 802 Palace st. 179 2

ROOMS LARGE WELL FURNISHED FRONT and back rooms, bathroom flat, gas, hot water, city also a sitting room. 30 Osborne st. 179 1

ROOM SINGLE BEDROOM, WELL FURNISHED in bathroom flat. 332 Peel st., 2nd door from Windsor Hotel. (Telephone 4836.) 179 3

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET—THAT ELEGANT VILLA RESIdence, No. 290 Upper University street, unsalleded for situation and perfect in all its convenient, comfortable and sanitary arrangements, with garden, coachhouse and stables. Apply to Est. H. B. Smith, 34 King street. 177

TO LET—A COTTAGE, FOR PARTICULars apply to Thomas Liggot, 1884 Notre Dame st. 111 2aw tf

TO LET—COMFORTABLE UPPER TENement, Plymouth Grove, $15.00 per month, also comfortable lower tenement. Apply 74 Plymouth Grove. 165 28

TO LET LOWER TENEMENT FURnished, on St. Denis st., above St. Catherine, from Aug. 1st to May 1st. Terms moderate. Address C. Y., Upper Lachine, P. Q. 134 2aw

TO LET TWO MODERN FLATS, CORner of Dorchester st. west and Gladstone avenue, newly tinted and painted. Rent low and free till the 1st August. Apply 616 Craig st. Telephone 416. 158 6

TO LET A FINE LARGE UPPER TENement, No. 47 Sussex st., near St. Catherine street cars and close to Western square, 10 rooms, hot water heating and every modern convenience, separate yard and fuel shed, with covered way to house. Apply to Wm. Hood & Son, 10 Richmond square. 178 6

OFFICES TO LET

TO LET THOSE DESIRABLE AND CENtrally located offices, No. 32 St. Gabriel street. Will be altered and fitted to suit desirable tenants, or the whole building will be let for business or other suitable occupation. Apply to G. S. Brush, 34 King street. 681f

FLATS TO LET.

TO LET MODERN FLAT, 570 ST. ANtoine st., 5 rooms, bath, w. c. and h. w. in excellent condition. Rent $12.00. Apply 570 St. Antoine. 179 2 2aw

THERE IS

A certain amount of risk in buying new Shoes or Boots. You want three things, fit, appearance and quality. We live showing our goods, for we know they look well, we know they wear well, and we can fit almost any kind of foot. There is another thing about our Boots, they are cheap. We don't look for big profits, we are small profits and big sales. In Men's Boots there is

NOTHING

In the trade to touch our $2.50 Calfskear Welt Calf Boot for value. It is without exception the best Boot ever offered at the money, and that is our one line, out of many. All we want us to get you to try us, we pleased with our goods, that it will be, one come, always come. After all there is nothing

LIKE LEATHER

When you're going anywhere on foot. With good fitting and good looking understandings making is a pleasure. All Tan Boots and Shoes now selling for 10 per cent less than regular prices

JOHN ALLAN,

659 Craig Street, Montreal. 179a1

SPECIFIC ARTICLES.

They Say That Ladies Jump at Conclusions.

We can't vouch for that, but can that the majority use

The Cook's Friend Baking Powder.

178 2

PRESENTATION ADDRESSES!

HANDSOMELY ILLUMINATED.

EDWIN COX & CO., 114 St. Fra. Xavier street.

BOECKH'S Standard all Bristle BRUSHES.

For sale by all leading dealers. 159z

KOFF NO MORE.

Watson's Cough Drops

are the best in the world for the THROAT and CHEST. For the Voice I use pulled.

R. & L.W. stamped on each drop. 286

BILLIARD

Manufacturers, Also Bowling Alley Balls.

Dealers in all kinds of Work in the Billiard line.

E. I. ETHIER & CO., Importers,

88 ST. DENIS, MONTREAL.

Telephone 9067. 267 eod tf

ADAMS' PEPSIN TUTTI-FRUTTI

Sold by all Druggists and Confectioners. 5 cents

SHIRTS

WHITE OR COLORED.

We take the lead and have done so for years. They can be had in all the leading fabrics and at prices to suit all pockets.

R. J. TOOKE,

177 St. James Street.

BRANCH—1553 St. Catherine Street East. 179z 1

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

For headache (whether sick or nervous), toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and weakness in the back, spine or kidneys, pains around the liver, pleurisy, swelling of the joints and pains of all kinds, the application of Radway's Ready Relief will afford immediate ease, and its continued use for a few days effects a permanent cure.

A CURE FOR ALL

Summer Complaints

DYSENTERY, DIARRHEA.

CHOLERA MORBUS.

A half to a teaspoonful of Ready Relief in a half tumbler of water repeated as often as the discharges continue and a flannel saturated with Ready Relief placed over the stomach or bowels will afford immediate relief and soon effect a cure.

INTERNALLY A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Sleeplessness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Flatulency, and all internal pains.

Malaria in Its Various Forms Cured and Prevented.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure fever and ague and all other malarious, bilious and other fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

RADWAY'S PILLS Purely Vegetable, mild and reliable, cure constipation and all Liver Disorders. 25c. (1)

Old Dr. Gordon's Remedy for Men

CURES POSITIVELY

Lost Power, Nervous Debility, Failing Manhood, Secret Diseases, caused by the errors and excesses of youth.

Young, middle-aged, or old men, suffering from the effects of folies and excesses, restored to health, manhood and vigor.

Price $1.00, 6 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail, securely sealed. Write for our book, "Startling Facts," for Men only, tells you how to get well and stay well.

Address, QUEEN MEDICINE CO., Montreal.

FOR SALE BY

JOHN T. LYONS, cor. Craig and Bleury Sts.

B. E. McGALE, 2123 Notre Dame St

A. DECARY, cor. St. Denis & St. Catherine Sts.

121 2aw tf

IN REMEDIAL QUALITIES

Caledonia Springs Waters

RIVAL ALL OTHERS WHATEVER.

Rheumatism, Stomach, Liver, Kidney and Skin Troubles.

Highest Class of Accommodation. 163

Moonlight Excursion.

A. R. J., Valois.—We are arranging a moonlight excursion, and noticing you publish the time moon rises and sets each day, think you may tell us if it will be moonlight on night of August 20?

ANS. August 20, moon rises at 8.29 p.m., sets at 9.22 a. m. of 21st. So, unless weather is unfavorable, it would be a suitable night for a moonlight excursion. You will find the complete table in STAR Almanac for 1894.

THAT COAL CONTRACT

DISCUSSED BY THE CITY COUNCIL YESTERDAY.

The Question of Increased Water Rates Laid on the Table—The Wellington Bridge.

A special meeting of the City Council was held yesterday afternoon, Mayor Villeneuve presiding. The announcement having been made that the proposal of the Finance Committee to increase the water rates so as to aid in making up the deficit in this year's money drew a number of prominent labor men to the meeting to watch the proceedings. In this they were disappointed, however, as the aldermen were not ready to take up the question, and it was, therefore, laid on the table until next Friday, when the Council will meet again.

After the minutes were read the Mayor refused to sign them. He announced his willingness to sign all with the exception of the coal contract. He had had the advice of the City Attorney in the matter.

Ald. Costigan—"Why won't you sign?"

The Mayor replied that he had received a protest and also stated that the accepted tender was $4235 above the lowest tender.

Ald. Stevenson—"You had better sign the minutes."

After a somewhat heated discussion, in which all the members participated, the Mayor finally agreed to sign the minutes, but under reserve.

Ald. Costigan stated, in reply to a question from Ald. Leclerc, that the Water Superintendent had given his own specifications for the coal contract, and insisted that they be accepted by the Committee. The tender had been given to the only man who had tendered according to the specification. It was also, in his opinion,

THE LOWEST TENDER.

Ald. Penny thought that the coal from the mines was just as good as the screened and fully answered the purpose. He did not know why it had been in the specifications at all.

Ald. Leclerc jumped to his feet and started to defend the action of the Water Committee. He then undertook to explain the coal contract. This the members strenuously objected to and cries of "sit down" and "order, order" greeted the speaker from all parts of the Council Chamber. Ald. Leclerc would not be put down and continued to defend the Water Committee and coal contract.

Ald. Stevenson—"You are out of order, Ald. Leclerc."

Ald. Leclerc—"You have too much to say yourself sometimes."

Matters once more assumed interesting proportions, and cries of "Order" came from all parts of the house.

The Mayor then informed Ald. Leclerc that if he did not stop wrangling the meeting would have to be closed.

Ald. Leclerc—"You can close the meeting if you like, but here I stand until I have my say on the coal contract."

In spite of all protestations he kept on talking, to the evident delight of all.

The Mayor once more advanced to the front of the dais and earnestly requested Ald. Leclerc to be seated.

Ald. Prefontaine—"He always wants to talk when he is out of order. Why don't he go out in the passage and shout?"

Ald. Leclerc—"You speak too much yourself very often, and you are many times out of order."

Ald. Prefontaine—"That's not so."

A protest was read from the Real Estate Association asking for the annulling of the Montreal Water and Power Company's contract so far as the newly annexed St. Denis ward was concerned. It was referred to the City Attorney.

POINT ST. CHARLES CAR SERVICE.

A communication was read from Ottawa requesting the presence of the City Attorney before the Railway Committee of the Privy Council to watch the city's interest regarding some propositions of the Street Railway company respecting the crossing of Wellington street, and also the crossing of the Grand Trunk tracks on St. Etienne street.

"Next meeting," cried Ald. Leclerc.

But the Mayor said this was a question of urgency.

Ald. Stevenson said that Ald. Leclerc was within his rights in saying "Next meeting." If it was a matter of urgency the Mayor could instruct the City Attorney to go to Ottawa.

Ald. Prefontaine moved, seconded by Ald. Lyall, that the City Attorney be instructed to proceed to Ottawa.

Ald. Kennedy and Turner and the City Surveyor are in Ottawa on this business now.

Ald. Nolan said that the question was one of vital importance to the residents of that section of the city and he appealed to the Council not to stand in their way of getting a car service they needed so much.

This was supported by Ald. Prefontaine, whereupon Ald. Stevenson got up and said this hasty legislation had been the ruin of Montreal for the past twenty years and it was time to stop it.

There was some more talk in this line when Ald. Leclerc took exception to the Mayor ruling his objection out of order. The vote was called and the Mayor sustained by 14 to 2. The nays were Ald. Leclerc and Stevenson.

The Council also passed the recommendation of the Finance Committee for a grant of $500 towards the Labor bureau.

CITY ITEMS.

Anne Kennedy, a woman of about fifty years of age, was found dead in her bed at 8 o'clock last evening at her residence, 37 Cote street.

The steamship Stubbenhuk brought twenty-five immigrants for Quebec, fifteen of whom were old country French farmers, with considerable capital.

The Dry Goods Retail Association and friends left on a Grank Trunk special this morning for Otterburn Park, where they are enjoying their annual picnic.

The man Elzear Dubois, whose body was found in the canal at the foot of Seigneurs street on Monday afternoon, was drowned accidentally. The coroner's jury so decided this morning.

The body of the drowned man found in the canal at Seigneurs street was identified last night as Elzear Dubois. Miss Dubois, of 2168 Aqueduct street, recognized the remains as those of her father, who had been missing for a few days.

The Coroner held an inquest this morning on the body of the unknown man who was killed on the Grand Trunk track on Monday night. The verdict was that he died through being crushed between two cars while trying to steal a passage.

Last evening, in the Firemen's Hall, a special meeting of the Montreal Veteran Volunteer Firemen's Association was held, presided over by Wm. Cunningham. A programme of games for the picnic was submitted and accepted, and a committee was appointed to look after prizes. The date decided on was August 16, and the place the Military Grounds on St. Helen's Island.

The Largest Pilgrimage of the Season.

The Rev. Father Staunton, of Smiths Falls, has the distinction of having organized the banner pilgrimage of the season to Ste. Anne de Beaupre. It reached St. Martin Junction last evening, and consisted of a special train of twenty-four coaches drawn by two big Canadian Pacific Moguls, and containing two thousand pilgrims. One hundred and twenty-five went out to the Junction from Montreal to join it. They will return on Friday morning and spend a day in Montreal. Most of the pilgrims are from Central Ontario, and thirty priests convoy them to Ste. Annes. Mr. A. E. Lalonde, special travelling agent of the Canadian Pacific, accompanied the pilgrimage to smooth over the rough places.

PERSONALS.

Mr. Lawrence Wilson has left for Quebec.

Mr. L. J. Demers arrived in town yesterday.

Mr. A. D. Bennett, Port Huron, is at the Windsor.

Mr. J. C. Langelier has left for Quebec yesterday.

Ald. Savignac returned from Berthier yesterday.

Mr. P. Valliere, Quebec, is at the St. Lawrence Hall.

Dr. A. E. Robertson, Lennoxville, is at the Queen's.

Mr. L. J. Frechette, M. P. for Megantic is at the Hall.

Mr. F. H. Miller, Augusta, Georgia, is at the Windsor.

Hon. Mr. Starnes returned yesterday from Tadousac.

Mr. J. Bruce Payne, of Granby, is at the St. Lawrence Hall.

Mr. St. Marie, M. P. P. for Napierville, was in town yesterday.

Dr. Lesperance has been enjoying a short holiday at Old Orchard Beach.

Mr. Gustave Daoust left on Monday for Old Orchard for a few holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Samuel and Miss Jean Samuel are at River du Loup.

Mrs. H. S. Auld and family are spending some weeks at Lake View, Knowlton.

Mrs. J Ponsonby Sexton and the Misses Sexton have left for the Adirondacks.

The family of the late Judge McCord is spending the summer at Lake St. Joseph.

Mr. T. B. Macaulay and family are spending some weeks at Bondville, Brome Lake.

Mr. Arthur J. Hall, Oldham, England, is among the recent arrivals at the Queen's Hotel.

Mrs. Robert McCulloch is on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Whitman, at Lacolle.

Mrs. James Law, who has been spending a fortnight in town, has returned to Cacouna.

Mr. L. H. Archambault and family are among those summering at Notre Dame du Portage.

Mr. H. O. Mavinaw has been spending a holiday with his family at Notre Dame du Portage.

Mrs. D. Tansey, jr., and family have left to spend the summer months at Old Orchard Beach.

Mr. Justice Desnoyers, arrived at Old Orchard Beach, last week to enjoy a few week's holiday.

Lady Caron accompanied by her son, Master Adolphe Caron, arrived at the Windsor yesterday.

Miss Gross, Hutchison street, is spending a few weeks at Bay View House, Portland, Maine.

Mr. Baker and Miss Minnie Baker have left town for a few weeks sojourn at Long Island, N. Y.

Mr. James H. Peck has returned from Metis, where he has been spending a holiday with his family.

Warden Ouimet, of St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary, and Mrs. Ouimet left for Old Orchard to-day.

Mrs. J. T. Dillon and family are among the Montrealers established at Kamouraska for the season.

Mrs. J. W. Dunn and Miss Dunn have been among the recent visitors at the Caledonian Springs.

Mr. P. A. Choquette, M. P. for Montmagny, passed through the city this morning en route for Boston.

Mr. Eugene Taché, Deputy Commissioner of Crown Lands, is spending the summer at Lake St. Joseph.

The Hon. T. C. Casgrain, Attorney-General, and Mrs. Casgrain left yesterday for Orchard Beach, Maine.

Mr. Ludlow Ogden and Mrs. Ogden, of New York, are among the recent arrivals at the Queen's Hotel.

Mrs. J. W. Smythe and Miss Smythe are among those summering at Georgeville, Lake Memphremagog.

Mrs. P. S. Stevenson has left town, on a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Whitehead, at Montmorency, Quebec.

Lt.-Governor Kirkpatrick, of Ontario, passed through the city last night from London, en route for Toronto.

The Rev. Dean Harris, St. Catharines, Ont., has been among the recent arrivals at the St. Lawrence Hall, Cacouna.

Mr. H. A. Harries, of the Molsons Bank, has returned from Scarboro Beach, where he was spending his vacation.

Mr. J. W. Clarke, representing "Fire and Water" in the interest of the Firemen's Convention, is at the Windsor.

Mrs. S. Hayward and family, of Medicine Hat, North-West Territories, are among the guests at the Grove, Beaconsfield.

Mr. Jonathan Hodgson is building a fine residence on Peel street, which, when completed, will be occupied by his daughter.

Mr. Norman J. Leslie, who is spending the summer at Murray Bay, has been enjoying a trip in the Lake St. John District.

The Hon. Thomas Chapais and Mrs. Chapais are at present at St. Denis of Kamouraska, where they will spend a few weeks.

Mr. Shirley Davidson, second son of Mr. Justice Davidson, returned last week from a short visit to England, after a few weeks' absence.

Mr. T. C. O'Brien and Mr. Duncan McPherson have been among the recent arrivals from Montreal at the Hotel Roberval, Lake St. John.

Mr. Graham Drinkwater, who has recently returned from a trip to Austrrlia, has joined his family at the St. Lawrence Hall, Cacouna.

Mr. J. J. Gormully, Q.C., Ottawa, was in town yesterday on his way to Murray Bay to join his family, where they are spending the summer.

Mrs. Lapthorn Smith and family are spending the summer at Kamouraska, where Dr. Lapthorn Smith joins them occasionally for a brief holiday.

Mrs

The Daily Star.

GRAHAM & CO., Proprietors.
163 and 165 St. James Street.

THE DAILY STAR is sent to any part of the United States or Canada, postage free, at $3 a year $1.50 for six months, and 90c. for three months.

We believe the circulation of THE STAR exceeds the combined issue of all the other English newspapers published in the city of Montreal. 23

Agents for French Advertising are Messrs. Mayence, Havre & Cie, Rue de la Grange, Batelliere 18, Paris, France.

CIRCULATION OF THE DAILY STAR

For week ending 28th July, 1894.

Monday	37,554
Tuesday	37,467
Wednesday	37,529
Thursday	37,397
Friday	37,546
Saturday	42,312
	229,805

PRESENT DAILY AVERAGE

For Week -ENDING- July 28, 1894. **38,301**

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1894.

"STAR" AT SUMMER RESORTS.

The STAR will be sent to any out of town address during the summer months at city rates. Orders should be left at the STAR Office before leaving town.

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE FRESH AIR FUND COMMITTEE.

Ten dollars sent to this committee will send a mother and two children to the country for two weeks. Five dollars will send two mothers. Three dollars will send one child for a like period. 23

THE GOVERNMENT'S OPPORTUNITY.

The Canadian Federal Government are opposed to boodling, to the misuse of public funds, and to all other corrupt practices.

So they claim.

They dare not openly profess the contrary.

But no one imagines that Parliament thoroughly completed the unsavory task of uncovering the Curran bridge nastiness. The investigation was delayed and drawed until they had only the fag end of the session for it. Yet the moment Parliament prorogues and the gadfly Opposition goes home, the Government throws up the job as if there were nothing more to be done. Now it is no more the duty of the Opposition to get to the bottom of this business than it is the duty of the Government. Why cannot the Administration make some further discoveries on its own hook? It may be that the Ministers might be able to get at the contents of those burned books of the cautious Sir Louis with even a surer hand than would be possible for the Opposition. There is no reason to quit work because Parliament has prorogued. All that the Government could do while Parliament sat would be credited by cynics to the prodding of the Opposition. But now the Ministry can make a hit or two off its own bat. Now there is an admirable chance for it to build up a reputation for a Brutus like love for clean government; and there is nothing in the way of bric-a-brac that it needs more than just such a reputation.

WILL BRITAIN LEAD US?

The latest explanation of the effect of the German and Belgian treaties, given us by Sir Edward Grey, is that Britain may discriminate by tariff in favor of the colonies, but that the colonies may not discriminate in favor of Britain. This, like all other readings of the documents in question, denies the unity of the Empire. On the question of the correctness of the reading, only expert opinion is valuable; but if these treaties, framed in a day when the spirit which we for lack of a better name call "imperialism" was possibly not so rampant as now, do actually interfere with the internal trade relations of the Empire, they should be swept out of the path of progress. The world must be taught that the British Empire is a unit. The popular conception of that Empire, of a day not long gone, which regarded the British Islands as one nation and each of the colonies as another, more or less properly classed as "foreign," is directly opposed to the spirit of the Ottawa Conference and of the unifying movement that has spread everywhere under the flag. No one would propose a treaty to the United States which presumed to dictate to New England how it should treat California. If it be objected that this is not a parallel case, the reply is that we want to make it so, at least so far as the outside world is concerned. If geographical and commercial conditions made it advisable for the western states to protect themselves by a tariff against the Eastern States, and the nation chose to permit it—and this supposition is not entirely ridiculous—the Republic would still be as much one nation as it is to-day, and in treaty making with foreign powers would be regarded as such. This is the position now within the Empire. The necessities of our industries, our trade and our government make it prudent to establish independent tariffs for each member of the Empire, but that is no foreigner's business. It is simply our way of attending to our own business. It no more splits the Empire up into separate nations than the diverse marriage laws of the various states of the American Union divide the Republic. It may be a good or it may be a bad way to raise revenue and promote industry; but in any case it is a purely internal arrangement, and the sooner all treaties, which regard it as a sign that the Empire can be dealt with piecemeal, are shaken off, the better.

It may be urged that the interests of Britain are advanced by these treaties, or may be advanced in other possible cases by being free to enter into trade bargains with foreign nations without being compelled to trail the colonies in after her every time. This is an argument for Britain to consider, of course; but British statesmen will perceive at once that it does not stand alone. The continuance of such treaties or of such powers will perpetuate the existence of noticeable hindrances to the easy flow of the rising tide of inter-Imperial trade. The colonies are now all agog for the closer knitting together of the Empire. We are all more British to-day in feeling than for a long time before. Canada is undergoing a reaction from the fruitless, senseless chase after the American market. Is this a bud of any promise in the eyes of Britain? Is it worth watering with assiduity even at the cost of some trade advantages with the perpetually hostile camp of Europe? These are questions for Britain; and every man who looks toward a future in which the largest island in the Pacific, the largest section of the North American continent, the richest land in Asia, the key of Africa and the first power of Europe, all grown to full natural stature, will be his parts of one solid, world leading and world uplifting Empire—every such man will hope that Britain will decide to tell the world that the Empire is already one.

CLEVELAND AGAIN.

Spectators of the American legislative drama for the past two years, have become accustomed to the spectacle of President Cleveland carrying "the key of the situation," existing at any given time, about in his puissant right hand. He has proven that a Man can lead from the White House. To-day there would be more hope in Senatorial circles that the House would yield, if it were not that the President stands behind the House with a loaded veto. It is useless for the Senate and its allies in the House to batter down the Wilson phalanx of tariff reformers only to face an impassible veto beyond. It would be interesting as a study of the man to see what would happen if the House were to yield and the full force of his own party should beat upon his determination. To stand firm then would be to pit his reading of the popular need and the popular mind against the united wisdom of practically all public men, Democratic and Republican. But it can hardly come to that, with a House standing under the shadow of the pending elections.

CHINA seems as brittle a ware as ever.

THE D. R. A. MEET.

Programme Issued and Arrangements Nearly Completed Important Changes.

OTTAWA, August 1.—The programme for the twenty-seventh annual prize meeting of the Dominion Rifle Association was issued yesterday. In cash the prizes aggregate $7000, exclusive of prizes in kind, cups, medals, badges and other trophies. Among the more important changes adopted this year is the size of the rings on the 200 yards target. The bull's eye will be eight inches. The skirmishing target has also undergone a marked change, which, it is hoped, will remove the dissatisfaction which existed last year. The target will be three feet six inches high and six feet wide, divided into three belts, the lower, eleven inches wide, scoring five points; the middle, twenty inches wide, three points, and the upper, eleven inches, two points. The targets will carry the figures of men upon them as usual, but scoring is to be according to the belts and not on the figures as last year. The entrance fees will include the cost of ammunition and sighting shots. The matches begin on Monday, August 27, and are timed to conclude on Friday evening. Squadding arrangements for 396 competitors have been made, with room for many more, and the method hitherto adopted has been improved upon, until it is considered to be as near perfection as possible.

HIS EXCELLENCY AT HALIFAX.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

HALIFAX, August 1. When the Intercolonial train reached here shortly after seven o'clock last night all of Halifax's civic and military dignitaries were at the station to receive Their Excellencies the Governor-General and Lady Aberdeen. The Dowager Duchess of Tweedmouth was of the latter party. On the platform were General Montgomery Moore, Lieutenant-Governor Daly, Premier Fielding, Attorney-General Longley, His Worship Mayor Keefe and the Civic Committee. The King's Regiment formed the guard of honor at the station. The cannons on the Citadel roared out a salute, and amidst rousing cheers from the assembled multitude the Vice-regal party drove off for Maplewood, their passage being greeted with enthusiastic cheers.

SIR JOHN THOMPSON.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

GRAVENHURST, Ont., Aug. 1. Muskoka for a month is Sir John Thompson's programme. He is accompanied by Lady Thompson and Miss Thompson. Port Carling welcomed the Premier as heartily as did Gravenhurst. Then the party proceeded to Senator Sanford's residence.

Husband and Wife Drowned.

STURGEON POINT, Ont., August 1.—While returning from a fishing excursion last evening in a canoe, Mr. James Carling, of the Steele Bros. Seed Company, of Toronto, with his wife were drowned. When found Mr. Carling had his coat half off and his legs were entangled with a trolling line. He was inexperienced in handling the frail craft.

Connecticut Crops Suffer.

HARTFORD, Conn., August 1.—A destructive hail, wind and rain storm passed over the towns of Wethersfield and Glastonbury yesterday afternoon, doing immense damage to the tobacco and onion seed crops. The loss is estimated at between $50,000 and $100,000.

Salvation on the Lakes.

TORONTO, August 1.—(Special.) A small steam yacht named the Blanchina was last night dedicated to work on behalf of the Salvation Army on the great lakes. The boat was purchased for $2000 by two friends of the army in the city.

Burned to Death.

WINCHESTER, August 1.—A young German, named John Burgart, was burned to death at Langenburg, while rescuing his brother's children from a burning house.

SPECULATION OVER WAR NEWS.

London Feeling Very Ugly Over the Kow Chung Matter.

JAPAN TELLS HOW SHE CAME TO FIGHT FIRST.

China Submitted an Ultimatum; Japan Refused, and Thought This Equivalent to a Declaration of War.

LONDON, August 1.—In their eagerness to read and fully appreciate the Japanese and Chinese situation, the average Londoner is getting fairly well conversant with the localities, geography, habits and resources of Japan, Corea and China. Supplementing their despatches, which are quite meagre, the London dailies publish any amount of matter of the sort above described. In this case war is becoming an educator.

The bitter feeling against Japan has not subsided any in its violence, and high class papers like the *Standard* and *Times* voice this in an unmistakeable manner to-day.

Meanwhile the Japanese Legation has given out interviews to the effect that they have no advices; that the news is made up in hostile quarters, and that judgment should be suspended until receipt of the facts.

The Chinese diplomats here say nothing, and the British Government again made the announcement last night that their advices were practically nil, but, through France's aid, they might procure a report when the despatches from the Lion came to hand.

The meagre details of the battle on Monday, resulting in the loss of the Chen Yuen, of the Chinese fleet, created great interest among naval men. The poor showing of China has been canvassed in all its bearings, and the conclusion reached that they do not know how to properly put in action the grand ships and splendid ordnance under their care.

Attention is drawn to the fact that all the news received here comes from China. Yet it tells of Chinese defeats. This is quoted as supporting the correctness of the press despatches regarding the dreadful scenes transacted when the Kow Chung was sunk.

Mr. Hugh Mathieson, of Hugh Mathieson and Company and Jardine, Mathieson and Company, London and Shanghai, from whom the Chinese transport, Kow Chung, sunk by a Japanese cruiser, was chartered, received a despatch to-day from Tien Tsin dated August 1, saying that Col. Von Hannekin, formerly aide-de-camp of Li Hung Chang, the viceroy of China, who was on board the transport when she foundered, was saved.

The despatch adds that a court of enquiry has been opened at Tien Tsin, in order that the real facts in connection with the sinking of the Kow Chung may be known.

Finally, the despatch to Mr. Hugh Mathieson says that it is reported at Tien Tsin that war between China and Japan will be formally declared this afternoon.

A Shanghai despatch received to-day says: It is reported here that Col. Von Hannekin and another foreigner, who were on board the transport Kow Chung when she foundered, have been saved. The name of the second foreigner rescued is not given.

The Japanese Government has instructed its minister in London, says a Tokio despatch to day, to apologize to Great Britain for firing upon and sinking the transport Kow Chung while she was flying the British flag.

The Japanese Minister has been instructed to inform Great Britain that the commander of the Japanese cruiser did not know that the Kow Chung was a British vessel until after the fight. Captain Galesworthy, of the Kow Chung, and many other persons, who were on board the transport, were rescued by the boats of the Japanese warship Naniwa.

Lord Kimberly, Secretary for Foreign Affairs, has telegraphed to the British consul at Tien Tsin for a detailed report of the sinking of the Kow Chung.

The British Government will probably ask the French Government to get the commander of the French gunboat Lion to report on the affair.

The officials of the Japanese embassy here have telegraphed to Tokio for an explanation of the Chinese charges that an unassisting transport was blown up.

The Chinese embassy here has received no confirmation of the report of the engagement whereby the Chen Yuen was sunk.

The correspondent of the *Times* at Pekin says that a startling and painful impression has been caused in Chinese government circles, and also among the members of the diplomatic corps, by the news of the sinking, by a Japanese cruiser, of the Chinese transport Kow Chung, and the loss of so many lives. According to the reports received at Pekin, only eleven of the two thousand aboard were saved. The attitude of the Chinese Government since it learned of the loss of the troopship has completely changed. Hitherto it has been inclined to be conciliatory, but the indications now are that she will pursue the war against Japan with the utmost vigor. Li Hung Chang, the Viceroy, in an interview at Tien Tsin recently declared that if war were once provoked China would fight to the bitter end. It is the opinion of all that the provocation has been given.

The managers of the Indo-Chinese Steam Navigation Company, which owned the steamer Kow Chung, stated that there is no room for doubt, but that the vessel was in every respect a British steamer, though she was in the Chinese government service. She was manned by British officers and carried the British flag. Besides the English captain, the Kow Chung had four British officers, three of them engineers. The managers of the company say the action of the Japanese in attacking the vessel was most extraordinary. The Japanese authorities claim the flying of the British flag by the Kow Chung was regarded by the Japanese officers as a ruse. They maintain that the fullest and most impartial details of the affair ought to be known in advance of any condemnation for the act.

The *Standard*, in its address, the Japanese for sinking the Kow Chung, it says: The pretexts for the war are flimsy as any ever advanced. If a further and more disastrous conflict cannot be prevented, it will unquestionably be because the Japanese have resolved upon war and that nothing shall divert them from that policy.

The *Standard* warns them that if in the earlier stages of fighting they carry off the honors, there is a patient and resourceful endurance about the Chinese that is likely to embarrass and tire even a more powerful than Japan. It advises the Japanese to awake to the probability that Europeans will interfere, and concludes by saying that if the report about the Kow Chung be true Japan will also have to reckon with Great Britain, which has every reason to assert its position in the most compromising manner.

The *Times* says: "Such explanations as Japan has put forth are certainly not the sort that will diminish the indignation of China or gain the sympathies of the other powers. The Japanese may have real excuses for the action of their sailors; if so it is high time they produced them, as the world is getting anxious to know it."

A despatch from Yokohama gives the Japanese Government's official statement of the differences which led to the rupture between China and Japan. It says Japan and China were approaching a settlement of their difficulties when China suddenly requested Japan to withdraw her fleet from Corea, and to give a formal compliance with the Chinese demands by July 20, otherwise the whole Chinese forces were to land and a sea advance upon the part of China was to be made. The Japanese regarded this as an ultimatum; but, acting under the advice of the friendly powers, they agreed to the proposals in principle in amended form, at the same time declaring that if the threatened attack was made on July 20, it would be regarded as a menace to Japan.

The Japanese assert that the claim that the Kow Chung was flying the British flag is unfounded. They also deny the charges that the officers and crew of the Japanese cruiser that sunk the Kow Chung were brutal in their treatment of the Chinese struggling in the water.

In view of the above, it is conjectured that the Japanese naval commanders were instructed to be on the qui vive for the Chinese warships, and seeing the latter advancing on July 27, they opened fire with fatal effect on the Kow Chung.

The news of the last naval battle if true means that an end has been put to the power of China, as far as fighting Japan upon the sea is concerned until new ships are procured. Not one of the remaining ships of China will dare to show itself out of port, if it is true that the first class battleship Chen-Yuen has been sunk by the Japanese.

The Chen-Yuen must have started out from Taku after leaving the Chinese transports there.

Thinks China Must Win.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., August 1.—Dr. L. H. Lusher, of this city, has an intimate knowledge of the war and navy departments of China and Japan, and a personal acquaintance with the country for which they are contending. During the Franco-Chinese war, Dr. Lusher was in the service of Li Hung Chang, as a surgeon in the Chinese navy, and he has travelled much in both China and Japan. For about two years he was in the Chinese navy, and was thereby accorded exceptional opportunity of studying the fighting qualities of the Chinese.

In his opinion, China must win in the end. It can afford to wage war for years, and from the millions of its people can pour troops into Corea, as a child would pour sand in a rathole for amusement, without missing them from the densely populated districts.

"The fighting qualities of the Chinese must not be under-estimated," said Dr. Lusher. "I witnessed instances of both courage and daring, and it is my opinion that they are incapable of physical fear. In late years China has made considerable progress in war methods. At Foo Chow there is a splendidly equipped navy yard. The Chinese make the stationary engines for all their naval vessels."

"Of course, the supervision is under foreigners, but the work is the work of Chinese artisans. China has an immense advantage over Japan in the Corean difficulty, because it can pour its innumerable thousands into Corea without trouble, whereas Matsuhito, the Mikado, must transport all his troops."

NEW HAVEN, Conn., August 1.—It is learned that several carloads of arms and ammunition were shipped yesterday by the Winchester Repeating Arms Co. to an agent of the Chinese Government at Montreal. The goods go thence, via Vancouver, to China.

GRAPPLED IN THE DARK.

An Attempted Assassination at Sandwich.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

WINDSOR, August 1.—A bold attempt at assassination was made in Sandwich West, evidently through the feeling which has been worked up on account of a criminal assault upon Maggie Patterson by one Buchanan, who is now in the Sandwich gaol. Richard Buchanan, a brother of the prisoner, went to his brother's house, as the wife was afraid to remain alone. Shortly after midnight he was aroused by hearing a noise in his room and called out to know who was there. A voice he did not recognize replied. Before Buchanan could make a move of any kind he saw the flash and heard the report of a revolver. Another and still another followed before Buchanan was able to get out of bed, but it was dark and the stranger's aim was consequently inaccurate and he escaped injury. Before the fourth shot Buchanan was grappling with the man and the two had a desperate fight in the room. Finally, Buchanan got away and secured a shot gun in the next room. When he returned the man was jumping out of the window, and as the gun was not loaded he got away.

HAIL EIGHT INCHES DEEP.

Along With a Cloudburst, It Wiped Out Crops in Minnesota.

HILLS, Minn., August 1.—The territory four miles west of here, near the Dakota line, was visited by a terrible cloudburst on Monday night. Water stood four feet on the level, and did great damage to grain in shock. The cloudburst was followed by a heavy hailstorm, which threshed out the wheat and cut down hundreds of acres of corn. The hail lay eight inches deep in some places yesterday morning. The damage is enormous.

FUNERAL EXPENSES PAID.

Sued for by an Undertaker, the Deceased Having Died Under Peculiar Circumstances.

TORONTO, August 1.—An undertaker named V. P. Humphrey sued Thomas Langton and James J. McConvey in the division court yesterday for $34, the funeral expenses of Joseph Mills, aged 60, who died on February 28, 1893, the date of the by-election, contested by Dr. Ryerson and Dr. Ogden. On the forenoon of election day, Langton and McConvey drove up to Mr. Mills' house and took him in a sleigh to have him deposit a vote for Dr. Ogden. On the way to the polls, the old gentleman was seized with a hemorrhage. He was rapidly driven back to the house, carried in and died in fifteen minutes. The undertaker, Mr. Humphrey, through his foreman, R. Moffatt, brought suit against the gentlemen for the funeral expenses. It was shown by the evidence that McConvey had promised to settle the bill, and judgment was given against him for the amount claimed. The case as against Langton was non-suited.

THE MANITOU COUNTRY.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

TORONTO, August 1.—Prof. Coleman, of the Toronto School of Practical Science, has finished work on his geographical survey in the Rainy Lake district, and has gone up into the Manitou country, following the Manitou system of rivers and lakes. He will thoroughly examine the formation and general characteristics of the rocks in that country and will strike the line of the C. P. R. about 70 miles east of Rat Portage. A number of valuable gold discoveries have been made in the country, and prospectors report large veins of the ore. The professor will examine the ledges already sicked out, and will also prospect on likely places.

Will Fight the Railroads.

CHICAGO, August 1.—The corporation counsel, Mr. Rubens, says the city will fight all the claims of the railroads for damages growing out of the recent strike and riots.

Lightning Killed a Millionaire's Son.

PULASKI, Ill., August 1.—A severe electrical storm raged here last evening. Hubert Scroggin, a son of the millionaire banker Scroggin, was killed by lightning.

NORTH-WEST SCHOOLS ACTS.

LEGISLATORS IN THE WEST ASKED TO CONSIDER THEM,

And, Request the Federal Authorities, Do the Best Possible to Remedy Alleged Grievances in the Bishops' Memorial.

OTTAWA, August 1.—The following is a copy of the order-in-council passed on July 26, with reference to the memorial of the Cardinal, Archbishops and Bishops on the Manitoba and North-West school question: The committee of the Privy Council have had under consideration a memorial addressed to Your Excellency-in-Council by His Eminence Cardinal Taschereau, Archbishop of Quebec, and by the Roman Catholic Archbishops and Bishops in Canada on the subject of the laws relating to education in the province of Manitoba and the North-West Territories. The memorial sets forth the condition of the public schools in the province of Manitoba from the establishment of that province until 1890, and proceeds to state that: "In 1890 laws were passed changing the school system and replacing it by other enactments which are, for a portion of the community, a source of grief, regret and hardships." The memorial asserts that: "The result of the new system is purely and simply the legal suppression of all Catholic schools and the maintenance of all Protestant schools, with all the rights and privileges they enjoyed previous to the school laws of 1890," and that the "Catholic ratepayers have now to help to the support of Protestant schools, which are exactly what they were, and to which naturally, Catholic parents cannot conscientiously send their children." The memorial proceeds to state, in detail, some of the provisions of the enactments of Manitoba, of 1890, which are claimed to have the effect previously stated. It further states that "for the last four years the Catholics of Manitoba have been subjected to the unfair and unjust treatment resulting from the change in the school laws of 1890," that "they asked in vain for relief; instead of a remedy they have been made the victims of a fresh injustice in the new Manitoba law, 57, Vic. chap. 28, assented to on March 2, 1894," one of the provisions of which forbids aid to be given by any municipality to any school not conducted according to the school system adopted in 1890. The effect of this enactment is stated by the memorialists to be "that no municipality, even one exclusively Catholic, without a single Protestant in its limits, has any power to levy a single dollar for Catholic schools, with a Catholic municipality where there are ten Protestant children is obliged by law to levy on all the Catholics, as well as on the parents of the ten Protestant children, the money required for the education of the ten Protestant children." The memorial complains also that the enactment of 1894 "decrees the confiscation of all school property in all the districts which do not submit their schools to the new law," even though the school property may have been acquired by Catholics with their own money. The memorial further states that in the North-West Territories "the Catholic separate schools have been retained, but, in virtue of the ordinance number 22 of 1892, they are deprived of their liberty of action and of the character which distinguishes them from other schools," and that there, as well as in Manitoba, The result is very detrimental to the cause of education and really has in both cases, created bad feelings, dissensions and the most "deplorable results." It adds that "the painful experience of the Catholics of Manitoba and of the North-West Territories is also resented by all the Catholics of the Dominion," and has excited sympathy "among many Protestants, who though separated by faith are united with the Catholics in a sentiment of justice and 'fair play,' and the desire of the prosperity of their common country." The memorialists make reference to the many claims to gratitude which Catholic missionaries have established by their work in time past, in connection with Christian missions and in spreading civilization as well as religion throughout what are now British possessions in North America, and in encouraging sentiments of loyalty to British rule and British institutions, when those possessions came under the British flag, and they seem (properly in the view of the committee) to consider that those circumstances give a strong claim for generous recognition of the rights of Catholics in Manitoba and the North-West. They also refer to the fact, "that the Federal Parliament has endowed the schools of Manitoba and of the North-West with a large domain in assigning to the support of such schools the eighteenth part of all public lands." They cite the promise made to the inhabitants of Manitoba and the North-West Territories when Rupert's Land was acquired by Canada, in the name and by the authority of Her Majesty that "respect and attention would be extended to the different religious persuasions, and that on their union with Canada all their civil and religious rights and privileges would be respected." The memorialists add that "in the estimation of Catholics their religious rights are not respected, and their religious persuasions are not treated with respect and attention when there are difficulties thrown by law in the way of securing to their children an education conducted in accordance with their religious conviction. The memorialists "repudiate the idea of interference with political parties, or with the direction of affairs purely political or temporal." They state that "their sole object is to secure for the Catholics a protection needed for the accomplishment of their religious obligations," and that "it is in that view, and in that view only, that they petition His Excellency the Governor-General-in-council and ask the honorable members of the Senate and of the Commons of Canada, of whatsoever party they may be, to help in a fair settlement of the actual difficulties," and they pray: First, for the disallowance of the Manitoba School act of 1894. Second, to give such directions and make such provisions for the relief of the Roman Catholics of the Province of Manitoba as Your Excellency-in-Council may see fit, with regard to the Manitoba School laws of 1890. Third, to communicate with the Lieutenant-Governor of the Northwest territories in order that, by amending ordinances, redress should be given to meet the grievances of which the Catholics of the Northwest territories complain on account of the ordinance No. 22 of 1892. The Committee having taken all these matters into consideration have the honor to recommend that a copy of this memorial above referred to, and also of this report, if approved, be transmitted to the Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba with a request that he will lay the same before his advisers and before the Legislature of that province, and that copies of the same be also sent to the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West territories with the request that he will lay them before the executive committee of the territories and the Legislature thereof. The committee beg to observe to Your Excellency that the statements which are contained in this memorial are matter of deep concern and solicitude in the interests of the Dominion at large, and that it is a matter of the utmost importance to the people of Canada that the laws which prevail in any portion of the Dominion should not be such as to occasion complaint of oppression or injustice to any class or portion of the people, but should be recognized as establishing perfect freedom and quality, especially in all matters relating to religion and religious belief and practice; and the committee therefore humbly advise that Your Excellency may join with them in expressing the most earnest hope that the Legislatures of Manitoba and the Northwest territories respectively, may take into consideration, at the earliest possible moment, the complaints which are set forth in this petition, and which are said to create dissatisfaction among Roman Catholics, not only in Manitoba and the North-West Territories, but likewise throughout Canada; and may take speedy measures to give redress in all the matters in religion to which any well founded complaint or grievance be ascertained. The Committee also advise that a copy of this report be sent to each of the memorialists. All of which is respectfully submitted for Your Excellency's approval.

TERSELY TOLD TELEGRAMS.

Princess Bismarck is better.

Providence's (R. I.) laundrymen say they will go to China to help fight Japan.

The French warship Naiad is in Halifax harbor; the Hussard is expected in a month.

Lightning killed Frederick Webb, of Jerusalem (Queen's Co., N. B.), on Monday.

The American House and Senate Conferees are getting nearer together on the tariff.

William Hyland, a farmer, of Pittsburg Township, Ont., was kicked to death by a horse.

The Governor of Crete was shot at yesterday by a would-be assassin and slightly wounded.

A preliminary formal meeting of the American Railway Strike Investigation Committee was held at Washington yesterday.

Crazed by consumption, a locksmith, Latshowski, of Berlin, hanged himself yesterday, and induced his wife and two sons to do likewise.

The Mayor of Marseilles officially denies that cholera is epidemic in that city. He says that the quarantine against the city is unjustifiable.

The budget statement of the Australian province of Victoria shows the years deficit at $3,325,000. Further economies in the public service are advocated.

The closure of the debate on August 9, on the Evicted Tenants bill, moved by Sir William Vernon Harcourt, was carried in the British House yesterday.

The London *Standard* announces the betrothal of Prince Adolphus, eldest son of the Duke of Teck, to Lady Margaret Evelyn, the youngest daughter of the Duke of Westminster.

James Corbin, Scott Clarke and Richard Clarke were killed and John Rugg fatally injured by the premature explosion of dynamite at the Hawthorne Stone Works, Chicago, yesterday.

Drunken waiters at the Carlsbrook Inn, near Longwood, N. J., went on strike last night and refused to serve and threatened the landlord. The police settled the row and the meals were served.

Edward Canuff, a farm laborer, of Morden, has been arrested for killing Sam Lard, a fellow worker. The killing, the prisoner says, was accidental, but an investigation of the shooting is taking place.

Dr. M. J. Henderson has been inspecting the Jersey herd of cows on a farm near Rome, N. Y. He found twenty-five out of the thirty-four affected with tuberculosis, and they have been condemned to be killed.

Cantwell and Quinn, the two English Anarchists, who, the day previous to the opening of the Tower Bridge, made speeches tending to incite people to murder members of the Royal Family, were sentenced each to six months' imprisonment.

The Duke of Argyll, several clergymen and numerous members of the British House of Commons, among them Sir J. E. Gorst and Justin McCarthy, have joined a new "anti-lynch" committee, formed to act in concert with a similar committee in the United States.

Lord Winchelsea, presiding at a meeting of the Agricultural Union, yesterday, said 156 parliamentary candidates in the coming election were pledged to support the Union, and 56 others partly supported the organization. This promised a strong party in the House of Commons for the farming interest.

So foul have become the encampments of the people who fled from Constantinople on account of earthquakes, that the authorities have ordered them to return to their homes; but this they refuse to do. Destitution is rife and much mortality prevails. It is said five hundred people were killed in the recent earthquake.

Mangled Beyond Recognition.

NEW GLASGOW, N. S., August 1.—James Gillis, aged ten years, jumped on a passing team last night. When crossing a railway track the horse became balky. A train was approaching and the driver jumped off and escaped, but the waggon and horse were smashed up and the boy Gillis mangled beyond recognition.

HIP-JOINT DISEASE.

Elizabeth, Harrison Co., Ind.

At the age of eight years I became afflicted with "Hip-joint Disease." For a year I suffered as much as it was possible for a human being to suffer. My physicians told me I would have to wait patiently, but my father procured me some of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and I found my failing health restored.

I can cheerfully say that I believe I owe my life to the use of that valuable medicine.

EDWARD J. RUSH.

Your true friend,

PIERCE'S GUARANTEED CURE

OR MONEY IS REFUNDED.

A scrofulous state of the system is the primal cause of Hip-joint Disease. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has cured thousands of cases of Scrofula. In Skin Diseases, all Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, it's the only *guaranteed* blood-purifier.

AGONIZING ECZEMA

Foot Sore and Thumbs Useless. Doctors and Medicine no Avail. Terrible Suffering. Cured in Four Weeks by CUTICURA.

I have a boy, fifteen years old, who had the eczema so offensive that I could not stay in the room with him. The poor boy suffered horribly. His feet were terribly sore; he could not wear any shoes, and had therefore to stay at home from school. When he put on dry stockings in the morning, they would in one hour be saturated with moisture, and very offensive even in the coldest weather. The disease began to spread over his body, especially his hands and fingers. The thumbs on both his hands became stiff and as useless as two withered sticks of wood. It would be useless for me to try to tell the suffering this boy endured. I took him to two different doctors; both gave him lots of medicine, but all to no use. He grew worse. I therefore despaired of ever having him cured. One day I saw the great benefits promised to those who would use CUTICURA REMEDIES. I went right away to the drug store and bought them. However, I used them according to directions, and to-day I say truthfully to all the world, that my son is entirely cured, thank God and thank the discoverers of CUTICURA REMEDIES. They cured him in four weeks as sound as a gold dollar.

JOHN SAVAGE, Fishkill Village, N. Y.

CUTICURA WORKS WONDERS

The almost miraculous cures daily effected by the CUTICURA REMEDIES prove them to be the greatest skin cures, blood purifiers, and humor remedies ever compounded. Their wonderful popularity and sale are due to the cures effected by them, and this is the most substantial evidence of their curative value. Sale greater than the combined sales of all other blood and skin remedies.

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA, 75c.; SOAP, 35c.; RESOLVENT $1.50. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Proprietors, Boston.

"How to Cure Skin Diseases," mailed free.

PIMPLES, blackheads, red, rough, chapped, and oily skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

BACK ACHE, KIDNEY PAINS

Weakness, Soreness, Lameness, Strains, and Pains relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. First and Only Pain-killing Plaster.

That meerschaum's your pride? Then don't ruin it with inferior tobacco. Use MASTIFF PLUG CUT. It will color your pipe in a manner that will make it an art treasure. And do it better than any other brand.

J. E. PACE TOBACCO CO., Richmond, Va., and Montreal, Can.

Cook's Cotton Root COMPOUND.

A recent discovery by an old physician. *Successfully used monthly by thousands of Ladies.* Is the only perfectly safe and reliable medicine discovered. Beware of unprincipled druggists who offer inferior medicines in place of this. Ask for Cook's Cotton Root Compound, take no substitute, or inclose $1 and 6 cents in postage in letter and we will send, sealed, by return mail. Full sealed particulars in plain envelope, to ladies only, 2 stamps. Address The Cook Company, Windsor, Ont., Canada.

Sold in Montreal by B. E. McGALE, 3123 Notre Dame st.

MONEY TO LEND

AT LOW RATES.

Sun Life Assurance Company OF CANADA. 131 2eow

EDUCATIONAL.

Fettes College School

1265 DORCHESTER ST.,

Corner of Essex Avenue.....Montreal

Session 1894-95 will begin on September 3rd. Preparation of students into every department of a University Course, certified to by the parents of those who have successfully passed.

N. B.—Mr. Claude Doucet, who (last June) gained the highest proficiency and distinction of his year, at Kingston Military College. Dr. Wm. Burnett, gold medalist and valedictorian (in 1892), at Bishop's College, and Mr. F. Simpson, who (when over three hundred students were rejected) passed the entrance examination to Boston Technology College, with distinction, etc., etc., were all prepared at Fettes College. During July, August and September, Mr. Oman, headmaster, will prepare any students, wishing to enter the Medical, Law, Science and Arts classes of McGill in September, or for Kingston and Boston Technology.

Call at the above address for terms, etc. 170 18 2aw

VERY CONVENIENT!

Pencil-Pockets!

To hold pencils, pens, &c., in the vest pocket. In plain Leather, Calf, Russia and Morocco, both light and pliable.

Prices, 10, 15, 20 Cents Each.

Sent by mail at above prices.

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ROAD DEPARTMENT

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tenders for the Carting and Incinerating of Garbage," will be received at the office of the City Clerk, at the Town Hall, 234 Richelieu street, until Noon, Tuesday, the Seventh Day of August, for the Carting and Incinerating of the Garbage, &c., according to specifications, deposited at the office of the undersigned.

The city does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

City Clerk's office, St. Cunegonde of Montreal, Town Hall, 26th July, 1894.

CHAS. F. POELIEN, City Clerk. 175 6

STORAGE Best in the City. Enquire of JAMES LEGGAT, 173t 796 CRAIG STREET.

LEGAL CARDS.

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ADVOCATES, &c., NEW YORK LIFE BUILDING, MONTREAL.

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MEETINGS AND AMUSEMENTS.

SOHMER PARK.

Open Every Day from 1 to 11 p.m. Performances at 3 and 8 p.m.

Varied attractions this week.

THE EDDY TRIO, with Miss Alaisia, floor acrobats performing in full evening dress.

FIFI LA QUINO, "The long and short of it." Excentric burlesque act.

FULGORA, the world's greatest transfigurator.

MIS PALMER, the iron-jawed queen.

MORALES, the Dutch comic singer.

LAVIGNE'S MILITARY BAND of 40 soloists and other attractions.

Admission, 10 cents; Menagerie, 10 cents extra. Children, afternoon of week days, 5 cents, including rides on Carrousel. 177

A Cheap Trip to the Holy Land.

25c will pay your entrance fee to the Cyclorama of Jerusalem and the Holy Land at the time of the Crucifixion.

Bottles of water from the RIVER JORDAN will be given away to each visitor.

Do not miss this marvellous Painting.

Building corner of St. Catherine and St. Urbain sts.

Open from 9 a. m. to 10 p. m.

The electric cars pass the door. 178

IRISH PROTESTANT BENEVOLENT SOCIETY

The members of the above society are requested to attend the funeral of the late George Forbes, from his late residence, 75 Fort street, on WEDNESDAY, August, at 3 p.m.

178 2 J. HAMILTON FERRIS, Secretary.

Young Irishmen's L. & B. Assn.

Regular monthly meeting of the above Association will be held in its Hall, Dupre Block, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Aug. 1st, at 8 o'clock. Every member is requested to attend. By order,

179 1 A. PHELAN, Rec. Sec.

GRAND MOONLIGHT EXCURSION

TO-MORROW NIGHT, Thursday, the 2nd inst.

The boat will leave the wharf of Sir. OTTAVIANI, at 8.15 o'clock, sharp. A Grand Orchestra has been engaged to furnish music for dancing. Refreshments served on board.

179 1 L. MARCHESSAULT, Organizer.

ST. LUKE'S S. S. PICNIC TO STE. ROSE,

By C. P. R., leaving Dalhousie Square Station at 8.30 a.m. and 1.30 p. m., on Saturday, August 4th, 1894.

Adult Tickets, 50c. Children's Tickets 25c.

171 2 2aw

THE BEST DAY'S OUTING,

AND MOST SELECT, is that to CARILLON and back by Str. Sovereign, $1.00.

Capital meals served on board.

Take 8 a.m. train for Lachine. 177 6

DANCING.

Private Lessons Given in Fancy and Society Dances.

MISS BARRON (Pianist) is at liberty to accept engagements for Dancing Parties.

165 Apply A. ROY MACDONALD.

HAVE YOU VISITED THE TRAPPIST MONASTERY AT OKA

Take

MINNETONKA SCULLING.

TORONTOS ACKNOWLEDGE TANSEY GUILTLESS.

International Cricket—Valois Regatta Programme—Trotting and Running Meetings in the States—Miscellaneous Sports.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

WINNIPEG, August 1.—Only two races were rowed at Minnetonka on Monday, owing to rough water. W. N. Armstrong, St. Paul, first; P. A. Macdonald, Winnipeg, third. Junior fours—Duluth, first; Winnipeg, second; Minnesota, third; Rat Portage, fourth. There was not a boat length's difference between the front and last boat.

Yesterday morning the junior single was won by Hackett, of Rat Portage; Wann, of St. Paul, second, and MacDonald, of Winnipeg, third.

The junior double was won by Debrisey and Hackett, Rat Portage; Bend and Snugaste, Minnesota, second; Andrews and Cooper, of Winnipeg, third.

In the evening the senior four race was won by the Minnesota by a boat length. Winnipeg second, these were the only crews.

In the junior singles Wann of the Minnetonkas was the only entry. He rowed over the course and was given first place.

Hackett and Debrisey, the Rat Portage double which captured the Junior contest this forenoon, won in the senior event in the afternoon. The lion's share of prizes go to Rat Portage, that club having captured three events to-day.

The C. A. A. O. Regatta.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

TORONTO, August 1.—The regatta at Hamilton Beach on Friday and Saturday next will be the best ever held, said Secretary Littlejohn, of the C. A. A. O., last night. It certainly if the labors of the secretary and the regatta committee count for anything, it will be such. The steam yacht belonging to the club is at the disposal of the regatta committee. She will be used as referee's boat. Coxes Wright and J. A. Russell will row double for the Torontos. Wright will be stroke and Russell stroke. Some of Russell's Argonauts are prepared to back their favorite for any amount in the singles. The regatta is creating considerable interest in Hamilton, and if Friday and Saturday be fine the attendance promises to be a record one for the Association.

Gaudaur's Big Regatta.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

ORILLIA, August 1.—Arrangements have been made by Jake Gaudaur for a big regatta here on August 7 and the programme will be such that there is no doubt the crowd in attendance will be a large one. There will be two races in which Gaudaur himself will take part, a double scull in which he will row with Bob Curran will row Rogers and Durnan over a three mile course. In a single scull race he will allow Rogers and Curnan ten seconds start over a similar course. There will be six events altogether, in which local oarsmen from Orillia, Barrie, Gravenhurst and other towns have consented to take part. Edward Hanlan has consented to referee the events.

The Valois Regatta Programme.

The twelfth annual regatta of the Valois Rowing Club will be held on Saturday next, and it will be followed in the evening by a concert hop. Following is the programme of events:

1. Yacht race, open; Handicap, open to all; two races; Valois course; entrance $1.
2. On corrected length with time allowance; two prizes; entrance $1. Preparatory gun for both classes will be fired precisely at 2.30 p. m., the starting gun at 2.35 p. m. No yacht can compete in both classes. When making entry owner must state which class he desires to enter.
3. Sailing skiffs; two prizes; time allowance; entrance $1.
4. Sailing canoe race, open and decked; two races; handicap; entrance 50 cents. All competitors in above events will receive a printed chart of the course with all details and instructions.
5. Single scull; two prizes; one mile with turn; entrance, 50 cents.
6. Tandem canoe race, green; four prizes; half mile with turn; entrance per boat, 50 cents.
7. Tandem canoe race; four prizes; half mile with turn; boys under 15 years; no entrance fee.
8. Tub race, two prizes; boys under 14 years; no entrance fee.
9. Lady and gentleman tandem canoe race, two prizes; quarter mile straight away; no entrance fee.
10. Tandem canoe race, two prizes; half mile with turn; entrance per boat, 50 cents.
11. Swimming race, two prizes; handicap, 440 yds; entrance 25 cents.
12. Swimming race, two prizes; handicap; boys under 15 years; no entrance fee.
13. Single paddle, green, two prizes; half mile with turn; entrance 50 cents.
14. Single paddle, two prizes; half-mile with turn; entrance 50 cents.
15. Four paddle, four prizes; half-mile with turn; entrance per boat, 50 cents.
16. Grand water football; straw hats vs. plug hats; team of six.
17. War canoe race, crews of fifteen, fifteen lines; half mile with turn.

Conditions.—All events are open to amateurs only. Canoe races must be in regulation canoes, which must not exceed 16 feet in length, beam not less than 30 inches and depth not less than 12 inches. Weight of canoe must not be less than 75 lbs. Sailing races will be flying starts. All others will be from pistol shot after warning. The preparatory gun for yachts will be fired at 2.30, followed by a starting gun at 2.35, after which five minutes will be allowed in which to cross. In the skiff race preparatory gun will be at 2.40 and starting gun at 2.45. Charts with all instructions will be furnished each competing boat. Two to start or no race. Three starts or no second prize. All entries must be made to the secretary not later than Thursday, August 2. Positively no late entries. This is imperative in order to facilitate getting out proper programmes containing all entries. Prizes will be distributed in the boat house at 8 o'clock p. m., and boatmen will follow immediately. Refreshments, luncheon, tea, etc., can be had at the boat house. Train service, G. T. R., leaves Montreal for Valois and Lakeside 10.15 a. m., 12.30, 1.45, 5 and 6.15 p.m. C. P. R. leaves Montreal for Valois and Lakeside (Valois only 8.25 a.m.), 1.30, 4.15 and 6.15 p.m. G. T. R. leaves Lakeside and Valois for Montreal 7.02, 7.41, 10.38 p.m. C. P. R. leaves Valois only for Montreal 7.26 p.m.

Pointe Claire Boating Club.

The fortnightly hop of the club takes place this evening when a very jovial time is anticipated. The services of Miss Riley have been secured, which is an assurance that the musical programme will be first class.

Spray.

The Longueuil Boating Club will hold their first annual moonlight excursion on Friday, August 10. The steamer Longueuil has been chartered for the occasion, and an orchestra for dancing has also been engaged.

The St. Lambert boathouse is now the repository of another trophy, the Irving Bros. having received the Lachine Club's double canoe championship cups, which they won last Saturday.

GUN CATALOGUE.

Now Ready.

A most complete list of Guns, Rifles, Ammunition and Implements from the World's best makers. Free to dealers.

For trade discounts address "Wholesale Department,"

THE H. P. DAVIES CO'Y

81 Yonge Street, Toronto.

177 3 2aw

LACROSSE.

Toronto Clears Tansey.

TORONTO, August 1.—As announced in Saturday's STAR the directors of the Toronto Lacrosse Club have officially decided to drop the Tansey protest. Hugh McConaghy is satisfied the man who played in Peterboro was Tansey, but the other players there deny it, and deny that his play was good enough to justify the suspicion that it was Tansey. Moreover, the original list of players has been lost, and it was considered inadvisable to push the matter.

Quebec Booming Things.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

QUEBEC, August 1.—The Q. A. A. A. Club House on their splendid grounds is now well under way, and Contractor Cummings is pushing the work very rapidly. It will be a pretty two story building, containing large dressing rooms, baths, reading and committee rooms, as well as a lodging for the caretaker. The size is 60 x 34 feet, and will be quite an ornament on the grounds and grand allee. The cinder track is completed, and only needs a little more rolling to be second to none in Canada. It is ¼ mile in length, 15 feet wide and 20 feet on the home stretch. The grading at the turns is one inch to the foot. Some bicycle races will be organized for Exhibition week, and an attempt will be made to get the Capitals and Shamrocks play an exhibition game for a trophy. In view of the large excursion expected from Montreal on the 18th, when the Young Shamrocks play the Quebec Lacrosse team for the championship on their grounds, the directors have given a contract to extend their already large stand in order to increase its capacity, and give accommodation to 800 people more. The Quebec boys are practising hard, and will give a good account of themselves in Montreal next Saturday when they play the Crescents, and they are confident of victory.

Long Throws.

The 2nd Beavers and Red Rose twelves played on Saturday afternoon on Fletcher's Field, and the Beavers won by three straight games.

The Junior Juvenile League will hold a meeting this evening at 112 Wolfe street. Delegates from the Maples, Clovers, Cliftons and Emeralds are requested to attend.

The Crescents were out in full force last evening, practising hard for Saturday's match with Quebec, and when the team from the Ancient City meet the men with the half moon they need not expect to find them unprepared. Several changes have been made in the team, and they are confident of holding their own.

BASEBALL.

National League Games.

Following are the results of yesterday's National league games:

	R.	H.	E.
At Chicago—			
Chicago	0 4 0 0 1 1 1 1 0	8	12 3
St. Louis	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	1	2 4
Batteries—Schriver and Hutchison; Breitenstein and Twineham. Umpire, Lynch.			
At Baltimore—			
Baltimore	0 2 0 5 0 4 0 0 x	11	13 3
Washington	0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0	3	8 6
Batteries—McMahon and Robinson; Sullivan, Mercer and McGuire. Umpire, Hoagland.			
At Philadelphia—			
Philadelphia	5 3 0 1 3 1 x	13	17 3
Brooklyn	0 3 0 3 0 0 0	6	11 4
Batteries—Harper and Cross; Kennedy and Daley. Umpire, Campbell.			
At Pittsburg—			
Pittsburg	0 0 3 0 0 2 2 1 2 1	11	16 4
Cincinnati	3 3 0 0 1 0 0 3 0	10	13 2
Batteries—Nicol, Ehret and Sugden; Dwyer, Parrott and Murphy. Umpire, Gaffney.			
At New York—			
New York	0 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 x	4	11 3
Boston	1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0	3	9 3
Batteries—Nichols and Tenny; Rusie and Farrell. Umpire, Emslie.			
At Cleveland—			
Cleveland	0 1 0 2 0 0 5 2 0 2	12	17 4
Louisville	3 0 0 1 2 0 2 2 0 0	10	12 6
Batteries—Young, Mullane and O'Connor; Henming and Weaver. Umpire, Hurst.			
Second game—			
Cleveland	0 0 2 2 0 5 0 0 0 4	8	1
Louisville	0 4 3 0 0 0 5 x	12	12 1
Batteries—Young and Zimmer; Menefee and Grim. Umpire, Hurst.			

Behind the Bat.

On Saturday afternoon the Shamrock lacrosse grounds will be the scene of a grand double event, the first part of which will be the scheduled baseball match between the Farnhams and Granites. The Granites have been picking up in their play and the game will likely be an interesting one. The second part of the programme will be a lacrosse match between the Montreal and Shamrock Juniors.

FOOTBALL.

Valleyfields Get the Match.

Last Saturday the first draw for the Caledonia cup was to have been played off at Valleyfield between the Mohawks and Valleyfield teams. As the Mohawks did not go to Valleyfield, the Valleyfields naturally claimed the match by default. The Mohawks tried to induce them to drop the protest and play in Montreal, they (the Mohawks) paying their expenses. The Valleyfields, however, fought for their rights, and the council, therefore, gave the match to them.

Kicks.

The Metropolitan and Druid teams will play a friendly game on the Druids grounds to-morrow evening. Kick off at 6.30 p.m. sharp.

Mr. Fraser-Crierie, secretary of the Canadian Football Association, has received a letter from the Barrie, Vermont, Rangers inviting a Montreal team to visit Barrie on Labor Day and to play a match with the Rangers. If the men can be got together in time a team will be picked from the Montreal clubs, that will cross the line.

There is a probability that a crack English Association football eleven will visit Canada during the coming season. The Sunderland Football Club of Sunderland, Eng., if they can arrange the finance matters satisfactorily, will start on a tour through America.

CRICKET.

Point St. Charles vs. Bell Telephone.

The following team will represent the Point St. Charles Cricket club in their match against the Bell Telephone Cricket club team on Saturday, August 4, on the Point grounds: W. W. Walles, E. E. Fox, T. Pearson, J. Cuthbert, Scott, W. Farrar, T. A. Pownall, Knight J. Farrar, R. Morton, Lyons, spare, Fenn. The members are requested to attend the meeting of the club, because business of special importance is to be transacted.

The Hamiltonians and Quakers Draw.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

HAMILTON, August 1.—The international cricket match between the Gentlemen of Philadelphia and the Hamilton elevens was recontinued yesterday afternoon. In the morning the Hamiltons went to bat and made 51 runs for 3 wickets; after luncheon the Hamiltons again took the bat and added 224 runs to their former 54, making a total of 278 runs for the innings, which with 111 runs in their first inning, makes 389 runs for the two innings. As the match was a two days' one, and the Philadelphians having other engagements to keep the match was declared a draw.

KENNEL.

The Toronto Bench Show.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

TORONTO, August 1.—The premium lists of the sixth annual bench show of dogs of the Toronto Industrial Exhibition Association, to be held September 10 to 14, have been made up. Over $3000 offered in prizes, 172 classes being provided, with a proviso that should five of any other recognized breed be entered, additional classes will be made; also that classes made for dogs and bitches will be divided, if five or more are entered. The entry fee is placed at $3, and the entries close Wednesday, August 29.

THE WHEEL.

From Boston to Denver.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

LONDON, Ont., Aug. 1.—Fred. Johnston, a young Englishman, passed through London on his bicycle at noon yesterday. He is on his way from Boston to Denver, Colo., and expects to accomplish the journey in 35 days. Johnston left Boston on July 11.

Carman's Feat.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

TORONTO, August 1.—W. M. Carman, formerly for several years the recognized champion bicycle rider in Canada, on Friday last on Rosedale track made a record of a mile, unpaced, in 2.15, which is recorded as one of the most remarkable cycling events in Canada. It is prophesied that he will make things lively in the races this autumn.

Wells' Fast Half Mile.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

TORONTO, August 1.—The fastest half mile ever ridden in Canada was reeled off yesterday at Rosedale by G. Marshall Wells, of the Wanderers B. C. Paced by Decks and Jaffray on a tandem, he negotiated the distance from Flying start in 59 seconds flat. Wells sprinted away from his pacemakers at the finish, the time of the latter being one minute flat. G. H. Orr and others clocked the event.

Johnston in Toronto.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

TORONTO, August 1.—John S. Johnston, the cyclist, accompanied by his manager, "Tom" Eck, arrived in Toronto yesterday evening and will remain for the week, if not longer. Johnston suffered a nasty fall while riding in Toledo and has been in poor form since. He has rested for the past few days, but will recommence training at Rosedale to-day. So soon as he recovers his form he will return to follow the L. A. W. Circuit races. It is possible that while here he may try to whittle down some of the Canadian records.

TURF.

Canadian Stakes at Saratoga.

SARATOGA, August 1.—Pierre Lorillard carried off his first stake race of the year here yesterday, when his filly Anisette put the Salvador stake to his credit. She was a hot favorite for the event, a run of 5½ furlongs and the third of the races on the card for the day. There were six other starters in the event, those most fancied in the betting being Mayday filly and Havoc, but neither of these was good enough to beat Anisette at the distance. Mr. Caldwell got a quick and a good start at the first attempt with all in motion and Mayday filly in the lead. Anisette and Havoc, close up, were the two leaders all through the contest. This developed into a drive through the stretch, but Anisette had the foot of the party and won by two lengths with something to spare. Havoc ridden out beat the Mayday filly by a length and a half for the place. Lamplighter won the only other stake race on the card, the Canadian, at a mile and three-sixteenth, very cleverly, and in such fashion as to show that this game son of Spendthrift has got back his old form and the speed that made him a remarkable colt early in his career as a four-year-old. He simply played with George Beck and Stowaway, and though the time of the race was poor—2.04¾—it was wholly

DUE TO THE FACT

that all the boys had waiting orders which they carried out to the letter. George Beck was a wild horse at the start, but Martin kept him under a double wrap in the first half mile and choked his speed out of him, so Taral had an easy task with Lamplighter, letting him romp home under a restraining pull at the finish. The most hotly contested race of the afternoon was the second, in which John Cooper, Ferrier, Cactus and Balbriggan were the contestants. Chant was scratched. The horses finished in the order named after a very pretty and exciting contest. Ferrier cut out the running for the party, with Cactus and Cooper chasing him and Balbriggan bringing up the rear.

At the half, which was run in 50¼, Ferrier had a couple of lengths the best of it, and he held that lead to the head of the stretch. There Clayton moved up with Cooper, and there was a hot rush to the finish, Cooper getting the decision by a neck from Ferrier, who beat Cactus the same distance. Balbriggan was four lengths away. The race was one of the sharpest betting events of the season, for all the horses were well backed, even Balbriggan, who won on Saturday with all sorts of fancy prices against her. A good thing was bowled over when Redowac was

BEATEN IN THE LAST

race, Mr. Lorillard and his friends making the gelding an even money favorite. Rossmore won the race by a neck from Mohawk, with Redowac a very poor third; and Lamley riding the latter with the lines knotted very short, close up to the horse's ears, just as McCaffrey occasionally ties them when he rides. This was so suspicious that Lamley's riding is to be officially investigated to-morrow, as Judge Burke was not at all pleased with it. Higgins, who trains the gelding, said to Judge Burke that he was satisfied with the ride, and thought the horse might have stopped because he had sore shins. But the stewards were not satisfied, and Lamley will be asked to explain in the morning.

First race, 1 mile—Potentate, 112 [Brooks], 2 to 5, 1; Floriana, 107 [Van Brunt], 3 to 1, 2; Domingo, 112 [Perkins], 8 to 1, 3. Time, 1.14. Ed. Kearney, Leonville also ran.

Second race, one mile—John Cooper, 109 [Clayton], 13 to 5, 1; Ferrier, 105 [Simms], 10 to 5, 2; Cactus, 110 [Griffin], 8 to 5, 3. Time, 1.41¾. Balbriggan also ran.

Third race, 5½ furlongs—Annisette, 108 [Griffin], 4 to 5, 1; Havre, 108 [Simms], 4 to 1, 2; Mayday filly, 108 [Clayton], 6 to 1, 3. Time, 1.08¾. University, Favor colt, Belle of Stonewall, Salver also ran.

Fourth race, 15-16 mile—Lamplighter, 114 [Taral], 1 to 10, 1; George Beck, 99 [Perkins], 12 to 1, 2; Stowaway, 112 [Simms], 20 to 1, 3. Time, 2.04¾. Only three starters.

Fifth race, 7 mile—Figaro, 109 [Lamley], even, 1; J. P. B., 112 [Martin], 11 to 10, 2; Memento colt, 108 [Griffin], 8 to 1, 3. Time, 1.28¾. Wheeler and West Park also ran.

Sixth race, ¾ mile—Rossmore, 94 [Donohue], 4 to 1; Mohawk, 94 [Perkins], 4 to 1, 2; Redowac, 103 [Lamley], 4 to 1, 3. Time, 1.03. Madge, Forager, Glimpse filly also ran.

ENTRIES FOR TO-DAY.

SARATOGA, Aug. 1.—First race, mile—Banquet, 124; Merry Monarch, 19; Rey El Santa Anita, 114; Lonsdale Burlingham, 91.

Second race, seven furlongs, handicap—Ducat, 114; Illume, Weraberg, 104; Galilee, 97; Aurelian, 91; Kentigerna, 90.

Third race, mile and a sixteenth, selling—Rightmore, 108; Tom Skidmore, Brahma, 100; Lizelg, Clementine, 95.

Fourth race, five furlongs, selling—Campania, Valkyrie, Roundelay, 108; Jewel, Miss Dixon, Relict, Favor Me, Widow Cliquot filly, 96 each.

Fifth race, five furlongs, selling—Vestibule, Wild Jim, 112; Future, Skeiddle, Lustre, 107; Casson, Assignee, Torchbearer, 105; Raceland, jr., Old Dominion, 104; Promenade, 102; Clansman, Robin Hood, 100; Miss Galop, 98; Innocent, 95.

Sixth race, mile and a half, over six hurdles, selling—Prize, 147; Marcus, St. John, Beaubrummel, 150; Japonica, 140.

Trotting at Boston.

BOSTON, August 1.—The four days' meeting at Franklin Park opened yesterday with a good crowd and good racing. Summaries:

2.16 class, pacing, purse $400—Blizzard, 1; Ben D., 2; Walter Roberts, 3; Merry Legs, 4. Best time, 2.15¾.

2.33 class, trotting, purse, $400—Honeywood, 1; L'Empress, 2; Don, 3; Belle Morrow, 4; Tom Gillig, 5. Best time, 2.23¾.

2.23 class, trotting; purse $400—Dot, 1; Wildoats, 2; Cuckoo, 3; Little Ellen, 4; El Robinson, 5; Dawn R., 6; Eunice, 7. Best time, 2.21¾.

At Brighton Beach.

BRIGHTON BEACH, August 1.—The card here yesterday was a fair one and the attendance large. Thirteen started in the first race with Lord Hawkstone, the favorite. The Lord won easily by three lengths after making all the running. Caledonia beat Tiger a neck for the place. In the second event Longbrook was backed almost off the boards, but he failed to land, being defeated by Hazel Hatch. The third event was a pretty one, the field running close together to the last furlong, where the Clio filly and Vocality locked horns, the former winning by half a length. In the fourth race Captain T. made all the running, winning by two lengths from Herald, who beat Lifeboat five lengths for the place. Berwin had no trouble defeating Judge Morrow in the fifth and Woodchopper at 8 to 1 carried off the honors in the sixth.

First race, 1 mile—Lord Hawkstone, 113 (Hamilton), 6 to 5, 1; Caledonia, 107 (Ballard), 6 to 1, 2; Tiger, 101 (Bergen), 30 to 1, 3. Time, 1.03¾. Laughing Water, Montlece, Clement, Republic, Black Lock, Bon Voyage, Blondy's Victim, Tammany Hall, Ollvia, Charter also ran.

Second race, ¾ mile—Hazel Hatch, 107 (Ballard), 5 to 1, 1; Long Brook, 107 (Doggett), 9 to 10, 2; Sprite, 104 (McDermott), 20 to 1, 3. Time, 1.17. Solitaire, Terrapin, Golden Valley, Basirius, Gertie, Zelina filly, Ninety-Seven also ran.

Third race, ⅞ mile—Clio filly, 101 (Taylor), 10 to 1, 1; Vocality, 97 (McClain), 6 to 1, 2; May Irwin, 100 (Carter), 16 to 5, 3. Time, 1.04¼. Golden Gate, Himyaric, Nineveh, Cremona, Fantine, Tyhura, Monte Carlo, Vermilion, Emulate, Uproar filly also ran.

Fourth race, one mile—Captain T., 98 (Keefe), 6 to 1, 1; Herald, 109 (Hamilton), 7 to 2, 2; Lifeboat, 108 (Bergen), 13 to 10, 3. Time, 1.42. Annie Bishop also ran.

Fifth race, ⅞ mile—Berwin, 107 (Doggett), 30 to 1, 1; Judge Murrow, 114 (McCafferty), 6 to 1, 2; Revenge and Ready, 96 (Reiff), 8 to 1, 3. Time, 1.04. Panway, Equation, Darkness, Lakeview, Masher and Master Murray also ran.

Sixth race, mile—Woodchopper, 111 (Ballard), 8 to 1, 1; Vespasian, 111 (Doggett), 8 to 1, 2; Bonaventure, 109 (Reiff), 6 to 5, 3. Time, 1.44¾. Musmee, Plenty, Saunterer, Sir Catesby, Merry Duke and Bolero also ran.

Grand Circuit Trotting.

BUFFALO, August 1.—Nothing of a sensational character marked the opening day of the local Grand Circuit meeting. The three events on the card were all won by favorites, but in one race it looked as though the best horse did not win. This was in the opening event, the 2.30 trot. Newcastle took the first heat very handily in 2.15¾, but lost the next to Sixty-Six in much slower time. In the fourth heat Splan's drive was not an exhibition of winning reinsmanship, and though he forced out the Village Farm colt in time that equalled the first mile, the effect came too late to do any good, but the chances are that the desired object was attained. "Knapsack" also had a mare in the same that will bear watching further down the line, for to-day it looked as though she was out only to get warmed up. Rubinstein kept up his excellent record and captured the 2.24 pace off the reel by going three good miles in 2.12. He was not forced in any one of them, and predictions are now numerous that he will be the sidewheeler that will finally lower the colors of game little Robert J. The pacing phenomenon of '94 is

CERTAINLY A WORLD-BEATER

and is now going in the best of style. Even after his race to-day he was sent a work-out mile in company with Axel and beat out the trotter by a half length in 2.15. The two-year-old event was easy for Marie D., a stout-hearted daughter of Patron, and she went the two miles necessary well within herself. Miss Kate kept near her in the second heat and Whalebone did the act in the first, but neither could go the clip set by Marie. To-morrow's card includes the special race between Robert J. (2.05¾) and Mascot (2.04), and horsemen are wondering if Gen. Lutner is due to cut a watermelon with the gelding by Decisive.

2.30 class, trotting, purse $2000—

Sixty-Six, b g, by Chimes, dam Jersey Lilly, by Hambleton	2	1	1	1
Newcastle, b g, by Cornelian, dam by Joe Hagar [Splan]	1	2	3	2
Anna Mac gr m, by Robert McGregor [McCarthy]	3	3	2	3
Lovelace, br. h, by Egotist [Chandler]	4	4	4	4
Venita Wilkes, b m, by Guy Wilkes [Goldsmith]	dis			
Pathwood, b m, by Woodnut [Kline]	dis			

Time—2.15¾, 2.17, 2.17, 2.15¾.

2.24 class, pacing; purse $2000—

Rubinstein, b s, by Baron Wilkes, dam I. Littlpa, by Aristos [Laird]	1	1	1	
Clay Hontas, ch s, by Pocahontas [Dever]	2	2	2	
Barondale, br c, by Baron Wilkes [Chandler]	3	3	4	
Simmons, brg, by Bella Donna [Barnes]	8	4	3	
Syrean, b m, by Sphinx [Starr]	4	7	6	
Direction, blk s, by Director [Dickerson]	5	5		
Lenore K., b m, by Sweepstakes [Sargent]	7	6		
Sailor Wilkes, b g, by Star Wilkes [W. McDonald]	6	8		
Abetto, b m, by Woolsey [Isabell]	dis			
Rokeby, b c, by Director [McDowell]	dis			

Time—2.12, 2.12¾, 2.12.

2.40 trot, 2-year-olds, purse $1000—

Marie D., gr h, by Patron, dam Cleopatra by War Call [Jamison]	1	1
Miss Kate, b f, by Direct [McDowell]	3	2
Whalebone, br c, by Sable Wilkes [Goldsmith]	2	3
Dressie, b c, by St. Vincent [Smith]	5	4
Cappie Woodline, b f, by Woodline [Chandler]	4	dis
McLane, gr c, by Pilot Medium [McLane]	6	dis
Ackerland, ch g, by Warlock [Curtis]	7	dis
Anteoyne, b c, by Anteeo [Rush]	8	dis
Akron, b f, by Ambassador [Maloney]	9	dis

Time, 2.27¾, 2.25¾.

Sporting Correspondence.

SINGLE MAN.—All single men are not widowers, but all widowers are single men.

FAIR PLAY.—Thanks for your suggestion. The expression "Stinson earned his salary stopping balls" was used merely as a figure of speech and intended as a compliment, not a reflection on the team, which certainly deserves all manner of support.

Condensed Sporting News and Gossip.

Ernest Roeber, the wrestler, has gone to Germany, where he will try to arrange a match with Carl Abs, the German champion.

The distribution of prizes won at the grocers' picnic on July 18th will take place this evening in Mechanics Hall at 8.30 o'clock all interested please attend.

The national championship games of the Amateur Athletic Union will be held under the auspices of the New York Athletic Club at Travers Island on September 15.

A polo match will take place on Monday evening at the Grand Trunk Boating Club, Point St. Charles, between the Grand Trunk and Laurentian, the M.A.A.A. and Montreals winning Club.

Among the arrivals on the Lake Winnipeg, which arrived last evening, were eight thoroughbred yearlings consigned to Mr. Dyment, the owner of Flip-Flap. The animals were all in splendid condition and will be put into training at once for coming races.

Harry C. Tyler is riding in great form notwithstanding the accident he met with in his trials last Saturday. Yesterday afternoon in a private trial he lowered Bliss' time for the mile, standing start, by covering the distance in 1.59 2-5, which is 3-5 of a second faster than the Chicago flyer's time. Tyler will try Friday and Saturday for the record and Buller will go for the five-mile record.

THE TYPEWRITER IN BATTLE.

The Operator Bestrides a Bicycle and Types Messages.

The typewriter on the field of battle is a curious sight. It has not quite reached that point yet, but it was to be seen at the military tournament in the mimic action

Tommy Atkins mounted on a 'cycle, which was surmounted by a typewriter, rode into the arena and typed the messages taken from the signallers, while a trained war dog carried the despatches to the rear. Whether all this would do in real warfare remains, of course, to be seen.

Old Russell Hall Demolished.

Old Russell Hall, on St. Catherine street, near Cadieux street, which was built in 1864 as a mission school in connection with the First Baptist Church, and which was for some years occupied as a French Mission Church, is being demolished to make way for some business buildings. The corner stone was laid by Major-General Russell, then in command of Her Majesty's troops in Canada. The cost of the building was borne by Mr. T. James Claxton. When, in the course of demolition, the corner stone was reached, a bottle containing certain documents and coins was found in the cavity. They were handed over to Mr. Claxton, who found that the documents and photographs had been destroyed by moisture. The coins were also much eaten by rust.

James E. Nicholson.

Almost Passes Belief

Mr. Jas. E. Nicholson, Florenceville, N. B., Struggles for Seven Long Years with

CANCER ON THE LIP,

AND IS CURED BY

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Mr. Nicholson says: "I consulted doctors who prescribed for me, but to no purpose; the cancer began to

Eat into the Flesh,

spread to my chin, and I suffered in agony for seven long years. Finally, I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. In a week or two I noticed a

Decided Improvement.

Encouraged by this result, I persevered, until in a month or so the sore under my chin began to heal. In three months my lip began to heal, and, after using the Sarsaparilla for six months, the last trace of the cancer disappeared."

Ayer's The Only Sarsaparilla

Admitted at the World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS Regulate the Bowels.

"A Little Near."

(An Old Country Storekeeper's Story.)

Many a man in the city remembers the old country store of his boyhood days. The winding road, the brook, the pendulous locust powers, the shining elms, with their long shadows and happy orioles; the open doors, the barrels, the cheese boxes, the shovels, rakes, brooms and mop handles on the white pine steps; the glass jars of candies and peppermints in the window, the crockery ware the coming and going of waggons, the bread-cart man, with his fat old lazy horse and gingling bells; the loungers, the gray story-tellers, the farm-hands in a hurry, the old woman with eggs—who that was ever accustomed to see this pastoral bazar does not recall it, and some perhaps with a sigh for the simplicity of rural life which it brings to mind?

The amusing characters of the old country store were those who strove to make sharp bargains—"a little near" such people were called. Every old country neighborhood had some shrinking soul who came to receive this title, and incidents telling of such sharp economy often occupied the merry storekeeper's spare time.

In sharp bargains, the elderly women usually matched the men, but such was not the case in the present story, which we think is not equaled in the old towns by that of any tradeswoman.

The old Colony Road, between Boston and Plymouth, had such stores as we have described, at regular intervals, and the tales of penurious people which used to be related upon their cracker barrels would fill volumes.

The sharpest bargain that we ever heard of in one of these stores, was related to us by an old storekeeper, and was nearly as follows;

"Of all the men that I ever had any dealings with," began this leisurely man, in the old terms which were common to such country stores, "Solomon Short was the capper. We used to call him 'Sol,' for short—excuse the pun!"

The old storekeeper was a hearty man. It requires genius to know how to keep a store. He had an honest, open face, for, like the early New England small tradesmen, he had conducted his business with honor, and was, as he was proud to say, always "able to keep his head up" in meeting when the "parson preached plain."

He had shaggy gray hair, tufted eyebrows, and a smile that might have bidden the whole world welcome. He was so charitable in his views of the conduct of the weak and frail, that he seldom lost a customer.

The children had loved to look in at his door, on their way to and from school; even the dogs would visit him unbidden, with a confident wag of the tail; and on Sunday, when the store was closed, the people from the Poor Farm would rest on his steps with a friendly feeling on the hot midsummer days, and talk of the sermon and breathe the air scented with the clover meadows.

The old storekeeper continued his homely narrative:

"Sol was forehanded, and one of the property people. He had a well-stocked farm, and didn't owe anybody anything. He was always a little near, and so was his father before him, for that matter, but as he grew old and well-to-do, he became more frugal—tighter than the bark of the tree,' as folks said. I broke with him at last once. I must tell you the reason.

"One Fourth of July morning, after I'd been kept up late at night selling firecrackers, lemons, gimcracks and things, I heard a hard rap at the door. It was not yet four o'clock, but the light was breaking. I wanted to take one more nap, for the night had been hot, and I had been kept awake, so I put my head out of the window and asked:

"'Who's there?'

"'Oh, Sol! Come down. I have a bargain for you!'

"'Come round later,' said I.

"'Can't. I'm goin' to the doin's I've a trade for you. Come down, I say! Come down!'

"I dressed impatiently enough, and went down into the store and opened the door.

"'See here,' said Solomon, 'I've brought you a fresh-laid-egg. It's a staver, ain't it? Well, I want to trade it off for a darnin'-needle. See here, my gallowses are all ravelin' out. Never do to go to the doin's in this way.'

"I gave him the needle, and he laid the egg into a box on the counter. He lingered.

"'I must go and get another nap,' said I.

"'Hold on,' said he. 'What's your hurry? You are goin' to treat a feller, ain't you, seein' it's Fourth of July day?'

"My face turned red, but rather than be pestered, I turned out a glass of drink, after the manner of the old country store, before temperance growth had quickened the public conscience.

"'Thank you!' said Solomon. 'Now I will have to have an egg to put into it. If you don't mind I'll take the one I traded off for the needle. That is a fresh one, and a bouncer. Found it on the hay-mow; laid by that speckled hen. Suppose you've seen her before now?'

"'He cooly took up the egg, and broke it with the glass.

"'I am a very even-tempered man, naturally, but my anger began to rise. I was just rattling about in my head for a sharp, razor-like word, when Solomon started back and lifted both hands.

"'Look there, now! What luck I am havin'! You'd a cheated me if I hadn't a broke that egg myself. You would, as sure as cake is dough. Look there!'

"'What?'

"'That egg is a double-yolked one—see! You'll have to give me another darnin'-needle now.'

"He drank the contents of the glass, smacked his lips and looked at me with such an expression of injury that I went to the drawer and gave him another, darning needle. I did it from a feeling of indignation.

"Thank you. This is a good morning for bargins, and I guess that the sun is goin' to rise clear. I'll come over ag'in and trade with you some day,' he said, with a grin.

"'Solomon Short,' said I, as I, felt my temper rising, 'I have no wish ever to meet you in this world or any other, and there is no likelihood of my ever seeing any such person as you in any other world than this!

"I am naturally mild-spoken, but I lost my temper that time. When a man will do a trick and laugh at it, his soul is pretty near dead. Sol's parting shot well nigh distracted me.

"'Sho!' said he. 'Which way are you goin'?

"'Provoking, warn't it? But I invited it. I went to my room and sat down by the open window. The sun was rising in flame over the green hills. I did not go to bed. Carriages were coming, and I put my head out of the window to watch Solomon as he shambled away.

"I had done wrong. The language that I had used was not in the spirit of the reproof that I should have given him. I pitied him after all. Twenty years before he had given me a jack-knife as a birthday present. He would not have made me a present in recent years. His soul had shrunk; something had gone out of it.

"I try to speak charitably, but, when I was asked about Solomon after that Fourth of July morning, I had to say that he was 'a little near.' May heaven forgive me if I did him wrong.'

The old storekeeper is now gone. He sleeps under the mossy stones of the old village graveyard, where the spring avens bloom and the summer ferns bend over with dews.

The children and old people feel kindly as they pass the spot, and love to stop there on the cool gray walls to hear the thrushes sing in the witch hazels and the orioles in the hour-glass elms.

I love to stop there in summer days, and to recall the happy-hearted man's charitable picture of withered old Solomon—"he was a little near."

If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache, biliousness or constipation, you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable, small and easy to take. Don't forget this.

Fraser Bros.' Sales.

EXTENSIVE REGULAR SALE OF new and secondhand Household Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Ranges, Bedding, Refrigerators, Pictures, Crockery, Enamelled Ware, etc., etc., at our auction room, No. 320 St. James street, on

FRIDAY, 3RD AUGUST,

at ten a. m. Liberal cash advances made. Prompt returns.

FRASER BROS., Auctioneers.

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FORMAL DECLARATION OF WAR.

It Comes From Japanese Sources.

CHINA HAS NOT YET PROCLAIMED IT.

Doubt About the Reported Battle Yesterday.

LONDON, August 1.—The Japanese minister at two o'clock this afternoon, informed the Earl of Kimberly, the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, that a state of war exists between Japan and China.

The Exchange Telegraph Company declares that war between China and Japan was formally declared at noon to-day by Japan.

A Yokohama despatch of to-day says: A despatch has been received at Yokohama which is supposed to refer to the Kow Chung, but which may refer to the Chen Yuen.

It says that a Chinese warship and a transport having on board 1500 troops, have been sunk by Japanese warships and that a Chinese gun-boat has been captured by the Japanese.

The government of Japan, the despatch also says, has been informed that Chinese reinforcements have been sent to Corea, which fact Japan considers as a menace. Messages between Japanese officials have been stopped by China.

The Japanese Government has informed the representatives of the foreign powers at Tokio that a state of war exists between Japan and China. This is regarded as equivalent to a declaration of war.

The Chinese legation to-day also received a despatch from Tien Tsin, dated 11 a. m. August 1, but no mention was made in this message of a second naval battle having taken place between China and Japan, and no mention was made of a conflict having taken place between their armies on land.

Neither was a declaration of war mentioned.

Another cable which was published from Shanghai to-day puts quite a different look on the last reported battle between the Japanese and Chinese fleets. On Friday last (July 27), the cable says, at 11 o'clock in the morning, the day after the attack on the Chinese transports, which resulted in the sinking of the Kow Chung, the Japanese warships Takachaio and Hyei made an attack upon the Chinese iron-clad Chen Yuen.

After a long and desperate fight, the Japanese vessels were beaten off, the Hi Yei being disabled and rendered helpless. The Chen Yuen, though badly damaged, succeeded in reaching port in safety, in company with two gun-boats which also took part in the engagement, and immediately went into dry dock for repairs after her two days' fighting.

Advices from Yashan to Shanghai state that the Chinese are strongly entrenched there, and that repeated attempts have been made by the Japanese troops to dislodge them. In every instance, however, the attacking forces, after hard fighting, were repulsed at all points, with heavy losses. A portion of the Chinese soldiers engaged in these battles were the best troops of the Northern Army of Viceroy Li Hung Chang. The Chinese losses were small.

The pro-Chinese tone of this last cable causes it to be regarded with more or less distrust, in view of the details already to hand that tell differently. But in other quarters it is regarded as clearing up the despatch of yesterday, stating that the Chen Yuen had been sunk, the Chin Yuen and Ching Yuen captured and the Foo Tshing probably destroyed.

From the latter view it would appear that there had been no engagement on July 30, and that none of the Chinese ships engaged had been sunk or captured. This view is entertained at the Chinese Legation here. The Chinese Legation is in receipt of advices that the Foo Tshing did not take part in the battle of July 27.

Other advices from Corea by way of Shanghai, say the Japanese are preparing to withdraw part of their troops from Seoul, the capital of Corea, and reinforce their army in front of Yasan, with a view of renewing their attacks upon that place.

Spain Still Anxious.

LONDON, August 1.—The Spanish Government, as a result of its misgivings, officially expressed, regarding the possible results to the Philippine Islands, in the event of Japan becoming the dominant power in the East, purchased three cruisers from English firms to-day. As already announced, the Spanish Government is apprehensive that Japan may utilize the troubles at the Island of Mindano, as a pretext to execute her alleged ambitious designs regarding the Philippine Islands.

NEW YORK, August 1.—The Commercial Cable Company issued the following notice this morning: "Telegraphic communication between Shanghai and Che Foo, Tien Tsin and the north is restored."

"Messages for Japan via the northern route are still accepted only at sender's risk."

NEW YORK, August 1.—The Central Cable office of the Western Union Telegraph Company has received advices from China announcing the restoration of the Chinese wire lines to Chee Foo, Tien Tsin, Pekin and the north, which were reported interrupted yesterday.

PREPARED FOR WAR.

Japan Would Rather Have It Now Than Later.

There isn't so much of the little dog defying the big one in Japan's belligerent attitude toward China as one might conclude from a glance at the geography. Japan is small, but she is chock full of fight and patroitism says the New York *Sun*. Few of her citizens who go abroad for business or study give up their citizenship, no matter how long they remain abroad. They feel that Japan deserves the best the world affords. Her students are to be found in the best universities of the world. Many have been sent abroad to study at the expense of the State. This liberal spirit has done much toward making Japan the progressive nation she is. While China has had her wall and her foreign policy of discouragement to foreigners who were ready to put at her disposal the most advanced improvements, Japan welcomed them. K. Hirata, who until recently, was connected with the War Department of Japan, in speaking of the chances of war, said:—

"I think that every Japanese would rather have this war come now than 20 years later, if it must come, and I have very little doubt as to the result. Japan can whip China now. She is independent of outside aid, and she is thoroughly well prepared. We have been making our guns and our gunboats. I don't believe there is much that any nation can teach Japan in naval architecture. But within the past few years China has been slowly awakening to her opportunities, and a struggle between the two countries twenty years later would be an unequal one. Just now China's army is a rabble without system and without training. I served in the map department of the Japanese War Department. I know how well prepared in that way we are for trouble with China. We have complete war maps

JAPANESE NAVAL OFFICER
(Sketched by a Fellow-Countryman).

of all of China, accurate and brought up to date. On the other hand, I don't believe that China has a single war map of Japan.

"Our soldiers and sailors are far superior to the Chinese and are better drilled. We have a standing army of more than 65,000 men. The tone of our army has changed in the past twenty years. We have sought the best models that we could find. First we took the English, then the French, and now the Japanese army in its training and discipline resembles the German more than the French or the English. We have, however, some of the good features of each. Of course, our standing army doesn't by any means represent our available military force. The conscription system prevails, and at present all males of the age of 20 are liable to serve for seven years. There is probably now a reserve force of well-drilled men in Japan numbering more than 200,000."

"What is the life of the Japanese soldier?"

"Very much like that of the European soldier. The infantryman wears as a uniform a black blouse and black trousers. His cap is of leather, and on the front of it is a metal chrysanthemum. Unlike the Chinese, who go abroad to buy their gun, the Japanese army is supplied with a Japanese gun. It is a repeating rifle invented by Murata, and it is manufactured in our own arsenals.

"The finest body of men in the army is the Imperial Guard. Every man in the four infantry divisions of the guard is more than

OF THE JAPANESE IMPERIAL GUARD.

six feet in height. They wear a very showy uniform, consisting of a black blouse, with yellow frogs across the front, and black trousers with red stripes. They also wear plumes in their hats. Service in the Imperial Guard is considered the most honorable in the army.

"The life of the Japanese soldier is one of very strict discipline. The men live in barracks, and the martial spirit has been well preserved by the tales of brave deeds that have been handed down in each regiment. Story telling is one of the chief amusements of the soldiers. They also drink a good deal of tea. Physically the Japanese soldiers are superior to the Chinese. They are more muscular and they are much braver. Even if we could not raise as many troops as China, we should have better drilled and braver troops. The Chinese army is really more of a mob."

Mr. Hirata's sketch of a Japanese naval officer showed that the uniform is very much like those used in the European navies. Her sailors dress like the English sailors. Japan has recently been building her own men-of-war and with satisfactory results. Her navy is on the whole much more efficient than that of China. She has, all told, nearly forty cruisers, some of them well armored and carrying modern guns, and a fair sized torpedo fleet. Two of the new cruisers have made 22½ knots, and she has others building that promise even better speed.

China has enough modern men-of-war to make a lively fight, and if she and Japan decide that they must fight it out to a finish the opportunity to test modern war ships and the latest guns will be one such as naval officers have looked forward to impatiently.

"Japan," said Mr. Hirata, "has been building some wonderful guns. You know we excel in working steel. We are much further advanced than China in that art."

Japan has borrowed for her naval architecture the ideas of Western nations, and she still orders ships from Europe. Long ago Japan realized the fact that her navy was of much more importance

A CHINESE SOLDIER.
(Sketched by a Japanese.)

to her than her army and she has made liberal appropriations to strengthen it. Her three principal coast defence ships are the Hashidate, the Itsukushima, and the Matsushima. They are of the same class. They displace 4277 tons each, and are 295 feet in length. They were designed by M. Bertin of the French navy. Their armament is the best Japan could buy.

"But it is the Japanese spirit," continued Mr. Hirata, "even more than her ships and her army that makes us confident of victory in a war with China. If a crisis has arisen Japanese the world over will go home to fight. We all feel that we are ultimately going back to Japan and that we are going to bring to her whatever we have learned."

THE WILY CHINEE.

How He Obtains Patented Ideas Without Letters of Authority.

Frank G. Carpenter, an American correspondent, writes from Shanghai, under date of June 20, as follows:

One thing which strikes me in the great gun works of China, which I visited, is the fact that they make everything without regard to patent rights or patent law. There is nothing of this kind in China, and they seem to have no scruples against adopting any invention they can put their hands on. They can copy anything from a collar button to a fifty-ton gun. An American inventor who looks to China as a future field will be disappointed. I know of an American who has been trying to introduce Gray's telantegraph here. The ordinary Chinese alphabet contains about 5000 characters, and as it is now telegrams have to be sent in the shape of numbers and translated back into Chinese. By this invention the characters themselves could be sent and it would be of immense value to China. The viceroy, to whom the man applied, said he would probably introduce the invention, but he would first like to have one of the machines sent on trial. The Americans refused to sell less than $250,000 worth of the machines, and the venture dropped through. Had he sent a single instrument it would probably have been copied by the mechanics of the viceroy, and China would have made her own telautographs.

I heard of similar instances at Nanking, and the Chinaman who told me laughed as he described how easily an American gunmaker had been taken in. The man represented the Maxim rapid-firing gun, and he wanted to get an order from the Viceroy. He came to Nankingand was received right royally. He had several of his guns with him, and as he exhibited them the button-hole eyelids of the Chinese officials widened and their black pupils grew big at its destructive properties. They began to figure with him on prices, and led him to believe that they were going to buy the guns. They treated him well, and when he was invited out to dinner night after night he thought his contract was assured and his visions were those of Monte Christo. All at once the civilities ceased and he was told that the viceroy had concluded after all that he did not want the gun. Before he left it leaked out that during the nights he had been out eating bird's nest soup and shark fins and listening to the dulcet screeches of the singsong girls the agents of the viceroy had picked the locks of his gun cases and had taken accurate measurements and models of the machinery of the guns. The only reason why they are not making these guns to-day is because they have other guns they consider better. They have the drawings and they can reproduce them at any time. In the gun works at Kiangnan I saw all kinds of modern rifles from the Winchester to the Enfield, and I was told that the best of the lot had been chosen, and they were now making them for the troops. I handled some which had just been finished, and to my inexperienced eyes they looked as well as any I have seen elsewhere. Speaking of the wonderful power of the Chinese to copy any piece of machinery which is placed before them, a curious incident occurred in connection with the electric light plant in the palace of the Emperor. The foreign manager of this plant became sick and went off for his health for a few weeks. When he returned he found a second plant running. The Chinese had copied the original machinery, and for fear that they might make a mistake they had

COREAN GIRLS IN COSTUME.

reproduced it even to the color and amount of paint put on the different parts.

During my stay at the Kiangnan arsenal I visited one of the Chinese gunboats. In the centre of a ship's apartment as we entered one of the officers of the ship was sitting on a stool, with a copper basin in front of him and a barber behind him. The barber was shaving his head and braiding his queue, and the other did not seem to regard our presence in the least. He rose and shook his own hands at us, then bowed half a dozen times, and then had his man go on with the shaving. There was, in fact, an unconventionality about the whole ship that was refreshing.

A big madarin was expected and the marines were dressing themselves on board. One man pulled on his trousers as we came out of the captain's cabin out on to the deck; and another hurriedly got himself into his coat. The marines wore dark blue shirts of sack and blue pantaloons of wadded cotton, which were tucked into their black cloth boots. The shirts were bordered with wide bands of red and were embroidered on the breast with Chinese characters. I had one of the marines on deck photographed, and I noted that his gun was a muzzle loader, though he was standing beside a big Armstrong cannon at the time. I afterwards got a picture of the whole crew with their turned-up straw hats and their light blue clothes, as they posed for their photograph on one of the biggest ships of the Chinese navy, and I was struck with the nerve shown in their faces and the agility with which they moved about at their work.

I chatted with the captain some time about his boat, and I found that he understood its organization and equipment. He was anxious to have a new six-inch gun. He spoke pigeon English, and when he was asked if he did not want to try the gun before he took it out to sea, he replied emphatically:

"Yes, must havey fly! S'pose my go way—s'pose gun no good must havey fly—my take gun out—we go shoote. S'pose alle lightee we takee, but must have a fly." This Chinese captain, however, I am told, knows more about his ship than many of the other officials do. The mandarins, as a rule, are politicians rather than business men, and some of those who are in charge of the arsenals know nothing whatever of mechanics. A few days ago a twelve-inch gun was tested and the leading officials of Shanghai went out to see it. These high madarins discreetly retired to a pavilion when the gun was ready to fire, and the understrappers did the business.

If there should be a war between China and Japan it will in all probability, says Carpenter, be a bloodthirsty one. The Chinese would have no scruples about the use of dynamite and all the devillish contrivances of modern invention will be adopted. It may be that the "fo yok po," or hand grenades, which were used by the Chinese war junks of the past will again be brought into service. I chatted the other day with Captain Impey of the Monocacy, of the American navy, about these. He describes them as the most horrible weapon known to man. The smell from them is so suffocating that no one can withstand them, and when they explode they often set the ships on fire and tear the skin from the bodies of the men on board. It is not probable that they would be of great value in the present prospective war, but these people who have used them in the past would not hesitate to adopt anything that might be invented of the same nature in the future.

Japan's Need of a Cable.

Mr. C.R. Hosmer, General Manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's Telegraph, said to a STAR reporter to-day that Japan is in a critical position as regards its telegraph service. They have two routes, one from Nagasaki to Vladivostock in Russia, where connection is made with the Russian land lines through Siberia, and the other from Nagasaki to Shanghai. Both these routes are liable to be cut off at any moment, thus placing Japan in a most perilous position. Mr. Hosmer added that very fair financial progress had been made in 1891 by parties who had been working in connection with the C. P. R. Telegraph Co. and Commercial Cable Company for raising the necessary capital to lay a Pacific cable between Vancouver and Japan, and if the Japan Government had taken a more active interest in it the cable would have now been laid, and might have been the means of saving the Japan Government, in this war alone, more than the estimated cost of the whole enterprise. The distance is less than four thousand miles.

Japan the England of the Orient.

A STAR reporter had an interview this morning with a gentleman well posted in lore Oriental. "Japan," he said, "is the England of the Orient. She is an island, and her navy can play havoc with the Chinese fleets, and can defeat them every time. China's preponderance in numbers will give her victory in Corea, but Japan proper she cannot touch."

SUCH ACTORS, SAYS WALLACE.

Kyrle Bellew and Mrs. Potter Scored from the Pulpit.

PORTLAND, Ore., August 1.—Among those who heard a sermonette delivered on Sunday evening by the Rev. Dr. Geo. R. Wallace, pastor of the First Congregational Church, were Kyrle Bellew and Cora Urquhart Potter, who had just completed an engagement at the Marquam Grand. The announcement that Dr. Wallace would as a prelude speak of "An insult to Portland at Marquam Grand" drew more than the usual large audience. Dr. Wallace began with the statement that he desired to emphasize the fact that people in developing the possibilities of the future has not been dulled sufficiently to allow a permanently low rate of interest.

The London Situation.

The latest *Economist* says of the financial position in London: "For the first time since the end of last year a week has passed during which there has been no influx of gold to the bank from abroad, and although fully a million and a quarter more of the metal is still on its way here it seems doubtful, looking to the disparity between rates in this and continental markets, whether much of it will be retained. On the other hand there is a growing disposition to anticipate withdrawals hence for the United States in the autumn. This makes lenders less disposed to tie up their money at such low rates as have prevailed of late, while at the same time it tends to bring out bills, and the result has been a hardening of discount rates, the quotation for best three months' paper having risen to ¾ per cent. Short money, however, continues easy at ¼ per cent, the market supplies having increased, as is shown in this week's bank return, by the increase of £944,000 in the private deposits. The condition of the market has thus not altered materially, nor is there likely to be any change of importance, unless and until gold begins to be taken from the Bank."

Listed in London.

The London Stock Exchange has been asked to list the following securities:

New York & Putnam Railroad $750,000 additional guaranteed first consolidated 4 per cent. gold bonds.

Grand Trunk Railway of Canada further issues of £1,945,856 consolidated stock and £1,386,357 4 per cent. perpetual debenture stock.

London Stock Market.

Messrs. Meredith & O'Brien report the London market at 2 p. m. to-day as follows:

Stocks.	London Prices.	New York Equivalent.
Atchison.	4⅛	4
Can. Pacific.	64¾	63¾
Erie.	14¼	13¾
Kan. & Texas.	12⅞	12¾
Louisville & N.	46¼	45¾
Lake Shore.	132¼	129¼
Northern Pac. Pr.,	13¼	15¼
Ill. Central.	93¼	91
Ont. & Western.	14⅞	14¾
Reading.	8⅝	16¾
St. Paul.	58⅞	57¾
Union Pacific.	7⅞	7⅜
Wabash Pr.,	13⅝	13⅝

BRITISH MARKETS.

Grain and Provisions, Etc.

BEERBOHM'S REPORT, Wednesday, August 1, 1894, says: Cargoes off coast, wheat, not many bids in market; maize nil. Cargoes on passage and for shipment, wheat, and maize, rather quieter. Mark Lane English wheat steady, do. foreign quiet, Am. maize firm. Danubian do. turn dearer. English flour steady, Am. do. quiet. Red winter Platte wheat ex-ship 22s. Present and following month, 20s. No. 2 Club Calcutta wheat ex-ship 22s. Present and following month, 21s 9d. Danubian maize ex-ship, 18s 6d. Prompt, 12s 6d. No. 1 Cala. wheat, off coast, 23s. Weather in England showery. Liverpool wheat, spot, steady; do. maize, firm but not active.

AFTERNOON BEERBOHM.

LONDON, August 1, 4.30 p.m.—Liverpool stocks, wheat, 360,000 to 380,000 bush.; do. maize, 100,000 to 110,000; do. flour, 210,000 to 220,000. Wheat and maize futures, quiet. Wheat, Sept., 4s 2d, Oct. 4s 3d, Nov. 4s 3½d, Dec. 4s 4½d; maize, Sept., 4s 1½d, Oct. 4s 0½d, Nov. 4s 0½d. Wheat in Paris quiet, Aug. 1790, Sept. 1770. Flour, do, Aug. 4140, Sept. 4000.

LIVERPOOL LATEST PRICES CURRENT, Aug 1, 1894.

	s. d.	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.
Spring wheat	4 7	to 4 8½	Pork	63 9	to 0 0
Red winter,	4 1½	to 4 2½	Lard.	36 0	to 0 0
No. 1 Cala.,	4 6½	to 4 8	Bacon.	36 0	to 36 0
No. 2 Cala.,	0 0	to 0 0	Tallow.	23 0	to 0 0
Corn.	4 3	to 0 0	Cheese, w.	45 0	to 00 0
Peas.	5 3½	to 0 0	Cheese, c.,	45 0	to 00 0

Wheat steady, demand poor, holders offer moderately. Corn firm, demand moderate.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

Receipts and Shipments.

CHICAGO, August 1.—Receipts: 520,000 bush. WHEAT, 309,000 bush. CORN, 357,000 bush. OATS, 19,969 bbls. FLOUR. Shipments: 9000 bush. WHEAT, 175,000 CORN, 109,000 OATS, 9772 bbls. FLOUR.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—Receipts: 291,825 bush. WHEAT, 8400 OATS, 7801 bbls. and 83,501 sacks FLOUR. Shipments: 36,824 bush. WHEAT, 6772 CORN, 92 OATS, 1578 brls. and 4639 sacks FLOUR.

DULUTH, August 1.—Receipts: 68,000 bush. WHEAT. Shipments: 34,000 bush. WHEAT.

TOLEDO, August 1.—Receipts 321,000 bush. WHEAT. Shipments: 133,000 WHEAT.

Chicago Hog Market.

UNION STOCK YARDS, Aug. 1, 1894.—The estimated receipts of hogs were 32,000. The official report of yesterday was 13,129, of which 11,936 were shipped, and 13,000 left over. The quotations today were: Light mixed, $4.80 to $5.20; mixed packing, $4.70 to $5.10; heavy shipping, $4.60 to $5.15; rough grades, $4.60 to $4.75. Receipts of cattle were 17,000, including 3500 Texans. Market dull and lower.

CHICAGO SPECIALS.

Meredith & O'Brien received the following over their direct wire to-day:

CHICAGO, August 1, 10.22 a.m.—Rains in St. Louis; good rain Lower Kansas; light rains Desmoines, Kansas City and Keokuk, 68 to 76; North-West clear, 56 to 70.

Liverpool wheat increase, 286,000 bushels; corn, do, 100,000 bushels; flour, do, 75,000 sacks.

10.55 a. m.—State crop bulletins on corn say: Illinois, damage 25 to 50 per cent.; Iowa, 50 per cent. or more; Dakota, north part, fair condition; elsewhere, beyond redemption; Kansas, damage 25 to 50 per cent.; Oklahoma, more than 50 per cent.; Missouri, 50 to 65½ per cent.; Nebraska, 10 to 90 per cent. Indiana, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Ohio, Michigan and Arkansas reports say: Crop suffering, in critical condition; considerable damage already done. Kentucky and North Dakota not damaged, and doing well, but these are not important corn raising states.

Toronto Produce Market.

TORONTO, Ont., August 1.—Market dull and weak. Quotations: Flour, straight roller, $2.65 to $2.80; extra, $2.50 to $2.60; white wheat, 56c; spring, 58c; red winter, 56c; goose, 55c; No. 1 hard, 70c; No. 2 hard, 69c; winter wheat on the northern, 58c; peas, 56c to 58c; barley No. 1, 43c to 45c; feed, 40c to 42c; oats, 33½ to 34c; corn, 52c. Sales, straight roller flour, middle freights west at $2.60; white and red wheat, outside at 54c; oats on track at 37 to 37½c.

Receipts in Montreal.

	G. T. R.	C. P. R.	Canal.
Flour, bbls.,	———	1455	———
Ashes, bbls.	———	2	———
Butter, pkgs.,	37	777	———
Cheese, boxes,	4453	6236	———
Eggs, cases,	68	92	———
Leather, rolls,	54	48	———
Tobacco, pkgs.,	33	82	———
Whiskey, bbls.,	———	60	———

Special Notices.

It is folly to suffer from nervous troubles, for Hawker's nerve and stomach tonic will give you nerves of steel.

Do the duty nearest thee. Thy second duty will already have become clearer.

Good Things to eat are still better when made with COTTOLENE for they are FREE from GREASE and are easily digested. For Frying, Shortening, and all cooking purposes COTTOLENE is better and purer than lard.

Made only by The N. K. Fairbank Company, Wellington and Ann Sts. MONTREAL.

A JAPANESE SAILOR.

Looking neither to right or left, except to acknowledge the courtesy of someone who moved back a chair that impeded their way, Mr. Bellew and Mrs. Potter finally reached the door, sped quickly down the steps and hastened to their hotel. The visit of Miss Potter to Portland recalls a pathetic incident at the Hotel Portland, nearly three years ago. Among the guests there was a grave-faced but handsome gentleman, accompanied by his little daughter, a child of more than usual attractions. The gentleman was sitting in the main office, the child playing about in careless abandon, when the attendant at the cigar stand gave her a number of cigarette pictures to play with, arranging them carefully on a chair. She seemed lost in her new amusement; then suddenly grasping one, she ran quickly to her father, exclaiming: "Oh, papa, that is mamma." The gentleman looked attentively at the picture for a moment. His face became more than usually pale, and he said to the wandering little one: "No, my child, this is not your mamma, now." Then he crumpled the picture in his hand. The man was James Brown Potter.

DANGLES HER TROPHIES.

Britannia Floats Twenty-four Prize Flags to the Breeze.

LONDON, August 1.—The Prince of Wales' cutter Britannia arrived at Cowes this morning, flying twenty-four prize flags.

Swindled Out of a Fortune.

DULUTH, Minn., August 1.—Robert and Anna Crowley, citizens of Nova Scotia, are

A COREAN SOLDIER
Of the Class that Henry Norman Abominated.

suing the C. N. Nelson Lumber Company, the Chicago and Minnesota Ore Company, and the Wyoming Iron Company, of Duluth, for the vacation of a deed conveying Mesaba mining property worth $300,000. The plaintiffs are illiterate people and were visited last December by Andrew Gowan, agent of the lumber company, who, through gross misrepresentations of the property, of which the owners had not seen for years, induced them to deed the land to the company for a donation of $40.

MEUNIER TRANSPORTED.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

PARIS, August 1.—Meunier, the condemned Anarchist sentenced for twenty years' imprisonment, has been transported to the New Caledonia penal station. He prepared a bomb, blew up the Café Véry, and was apprehended in and extradited from London.

The Unquiet South.

NEW YORK, August 1.—The *Herald's* Valaparaiso despatch says: Private letters received from Rio Janeiro say the restrictions there are worse now than during the revolution. Passenger travel is not allowed by land, while a departure by ship calls for the utmost scrutiny on the part of the authorities. There is a wide-spread opinion that the military are preparing a plot to prevent Président-elect Moraes from taking his seat. Considerable discontent exists in the provinces outside the capital.

The *Herald's* special from Managua says: The *Official Gazette* published yesterday General Cabeza's formal report of the Mosquito troubles. He blames the American firm of Brown, Harris & Company, Mr. Atlen and other merchants, and brands the Americans as adventurers, saying Captains Marblette and O'Neil told him the United States would not allow British intervention in the affairs of the Mosquito coast.

Train Killed Two Women.

FLETCHER, Ont., August 1.—Michigan Central Railway train No. 16, last evening, struck a carriage containing two colored women, Mrs. Simpson, and her daughter-in-law. The elder lady was killed instantly, the other woman died within a few hours. The carriage was torn loose from the horse and completely destroyed.

Specks on Mars.

NICE, France, August 1.—Prof. Venrotin, director of the Observatory here, reports that on July 28, shining specks were observed close to the lighted part of Mars, the same as observed at the Lick Observatory.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Decline in Savings Bank Dividends.

The fact that the largest savings bank in the State of Massachusetts has declared a dividend of but one and a half per cent. for the half year just ended has raised the enquiry whether the four per cent. rate of dividend which has prevailed in this State for a number of years can be maintained by institutions of this kind. It is believed by some that this means a permanent decline in the amount of dividends paid, owing to the fact that the earning power of money has declined with the great increase of the capital of the country. Others contend that while the tendency of interest is downward, it is still a question whether that point is reached where it can be said that savings banks cannot pay as high a rate as four per cent. dividends. The low rate paid by the institution mentioned above is, it is believed, due to exceptional circumstances, and is only one of those fluctuations in business that has occurred before. Bankers who have given this matter much thought and study are of the opinion that the accumulations of capital in the United States are not large enough, and the enterprise of the

COLONIAL HOUSE,
Phillips Square.

MILLINERY
....Department.

$ 4.50 Bonnets reduced to $2.14
$ 5.00 Bonnets reduced to $2.38
$ 6.00 Bonnets reduced to $2.85
$ 7.00 Bonnets reduced to $3.83
$ 8.00 Bonnets reduced to $3.80
$ 9.00 Bonnets reduced to $4.28
$10.00 Bonnets reduced to $4.75
$15.00 Bonnets reduced to $ 7.13

All other Prices in stock in same proportion.

JOB LINE in LADIES' SILK BLOUSE
In Black and Plaids only. Original Prices, $5. $6.00, $7.00, $8.00, $9.50, $10.00 and $12.00.
Price to clear $2.85 net.

Also a Job Line in
LADIES' ENGLISH WALKING HATS
Original prices from $2.50 to $4.00.
To clear at 50c each.

BOYS' TAM O' SHANTERS.
In Cream, Serge, White Sateen and Cardinal F
Sale Price, 50c. each.

LADIES' STRAW HATS.
At Half Price. Less 5 per cent. extra for cash.

HENRY MORGAN & CO
Corner St. Catherine and Union Avenue.

Ho, For Canada's Historic Nich
QUEBEC vs. YOUNG SHAMROCK.
Shamrock Excursion to Quebe
The Palace Steamer "CANADA"
Will leave JACQUES CARTIER WHARF,
FRIDAY, AUG. 17, at 8 p.m
Returning leave Quebec SUNDAY, AUG. 19, at 5 p.m.
TICKETS, $2.00. 2 Days in Quebe
TICKETS FOR SALE by the True Witness, Craig street; Pearson & Co., Chaboillez Square; Dick Kell Bleury street; Gendron Manufacturing Co., Balmoral Block. B. Taylor, Grand Trunk street, and the Secreta Treasurer, 186 St. James street, where Staterooms can be secured between 2 and 6.30 p.m. daily, and Thursday a Friday Evenings, between 8 and 10 p.m.
Meals served during Trip by Richelieu Co., at 40c.
UNDOUBTEDLY THE TRIP OF THE SEASON.
179 3 W. J. SCULLION, Hon. Sec. Y. S. L. C.

For Two Championships.
BASEBALL AND LACROSSE.
Farnham vs. Granite, - - - -
Montreal Juniors vs. Junior Shamrock,
SHAMROCK LACROSSE GROUNDS,
SATURDAY AUGUST 4,
Baseball commencing at 2 sharp. Lacrosse at 3.30. Play rain or shine. 4 hours play. Admission 25c.
F. J. McKENNA, Hon. Sec. J. S. L. C. W. HONEYMAN, Hon. Sec. G. B. B. C.
179 3

SCOTCH WHISKIES!
SHERRIFF'S ISLAY.
DISTILLER'S CO'Y, Ltd.
Import Orders Solicited.
Gillespies & Co.,
MONTREAL.
129 2awtf Agents for Canada.

THE Crawford Tea Co.,
London, England,
Deliver at your door
Teas
direct from the Tea Garden, at 25c, 30c and 40c per lb.
Ring up
...1125
and ask our Agents for half pound sample.
H. M. DINNING & CO.,
16 ST. JOHN STREET.
179 1 MONTREAL.

CHAMPIONSHIP LACROSSE
CAUGHNAWAGA vs. ST. REG
At LACHINE, on SATURDAY, 4th inst.
on Lachine grounds, near Dominion Station. Ball f at 3.30 p.m. sharp. Admission 25 cents. 179

THE PEOPLE'S AUCTIONEERS
AUCTION SAL OF NEW FURNITURE, HOUSE FURNISHING
Very fine Upright Pianos, Brussels and T estry Carpets, Squares, Oilcloths, Portier Curtains, etc. The subscribers will sell their rooms, Nos. 241 and 243 St. James
On FRIDAY AFTERNOON, AUG. 3rd,
—COMPRISING—
Drawing-room Suites in Silk Brocatelle and W ton Rug Parlor Sets in Plush, Hair Cloth, O and Walnut Bedroom Sets, Sideboards, Dini Tables and Chairs, Bookcases, Cabinets, Des Hall Stands, Centre Tables, W. B. Easy Chai Plush Rockers, Iron Beds, Cots, Hair and W Mattresses, Chamberware, China and Glasswa Plated Ware, Cutlery, House Furnishings, etc.
SALE AT TWO O'CLOCK.
RAE & DONNELLY,
179 2 Auctioneers

INSOLVENT NOTICE
CALLING IN CREDITORS.
Province of Quebec, District of Montreal. In t Superior Court of the Province of Quebec.
No. 276.
In the matter of FREDERICK LAWTON, of t City of Montreal, Importer and Manufactur Agent, carrying on business there under t firm name of Dougall & Lawton, Insolvent.
The creditors of said insolvent are here ordered to appear before one of the Judges of t Court, in the Court room for Insolvency matter In the Court House, at Montreal, on the nin day of August, instant, at ten of the clock in forenoon, in order to give their advice touch the appointment of a curator to the propert the said insolvent and on such other matte may lawfully be submitted to them.
H. COLLARD,
Deputy Prothonotary, S. C
MONTREAL, 1st August, 1894. 179 1

FOR SALE
COPPERS
"Star" Office.

BIRTHS.

ILY—At 119 St. Paul street, on July 31, the wife of Honore Beily, of a son.

OWLEY—At 460 Pantaleon st., on July 30, '94, son to Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Crowley. 178 2

NNINGHAM—At Pointe-a-Pic, Que., on Sunday, the 29th inst., Mrs. J. F. Cunningham, of a daughter. 178 2

MONT—In this city, on July 30, at 1698 Ontario street, the wife of Joseph Ovide Dumont, of a daughter.

ISHMAN—At 163 St. Famille st., on the 24th July, a son to Mr. and Mrs. George M. Leishman, Victoria, B. C. 178 3

MAX—At 49a Durocher street, on July 29, the wife of John J. Lomax, of a daughter.

HELAN—At 211 Amherst street, on the 31st inst., Mrs. Wm. B. Phelan, of a son. 179 2

EVOST—At Terrebonne, on July 31, 1894, Mrs. E. W. Prevost, of a daughter. 179 2

EPERT—On Sunday, July 29th, 1894, at 535 Cadieux street, a son to Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Siepert. 178 2

ILLIAMSON—At 1270 Dorchester, on the 29th instant, the wife of David Williamson, of a son. 177 3

MARRIAGES.

RAZIL-PORTER—At S. James Church, Guelph, by Rev. A. J. Belt, on 25th July, W. W. Brazil to Annie Porter, eldest daughter of Robert Porter.

AMERON-FRASER—At Truro, July 26th, by Rev. T. Cumming, Donald Cameron, manager of Albion Mine, Stellarton, to Ellen Fraser, of Thorburn, Pictou co.

REEN-McGILLIVRAY—At Barney Brook, Hants county, July 24th, by Rev. A. R. Dickie, Benjamin Green to Annie McGillivray.

ILL-TEMPLETON—At Erskine Presbyterian Church, Thursday, July 26, 1894, by the Rev. Isaac Campbell, Ph. D., Annie M. Templeton, second daughter of the late James Templeton, to James Hill.

IRSTEAD-PARKER—At Dartmouth, on the 25th inst., by Rev. A. C. Chute, B. D., assisted by Rev. S. P. Kempton, D. D., Rev. E. M. Keirstead, of Wolfville, N. S., to Mary A., daughter of D. McN. Parker, M. D.

cDONALD-CROWDIS—N. E. Margaree, C. B., July 19, by Rev. William Wetmore, Alfred G. McDonald to Mary Crowdis, both of N. E. Margaree.

cDONALD-KELL—At Melden, Mass., June 20, by Rev. Father Sheaon, Dan. McDonald to Mary Kell.

AVERT-STAVERT—On July 30, at S. John the Evangelist, by the Rev. Edmund Wood, rector, William Stavert, of this city, to Christian Stuart Stavert, of Manchester, England. (Manchester, Eng., papers please copy.)

DEATHS.

RADLEY—At the residence of her parents, Blind Line, near Marthaville, on Monday, July 23, 1894, Eliza Ann, daughter of Mr. John H. Bradley.

OUCHARD—On July 31, at 479 Laval avenue, Charles Joseph, aged 3 months and 15 days, son of Charles Bouchard.

UTCHART—On July 28, at Toronto, Ont., Arnold, son of Reuben and Annie Butchart.

AMPBELL—At Campbelltown, Antigonish county, at the age of 91 years, Alexander Campbell, a native of Lochaber, Scotland.

OOK—On 27th inst., at London, Ont., Mrs. J. A. Cook, aged 30 years.

OOK—July 27, Emily A., eldest daughter of C. and D. Cook, in the 22nd year of her age.

AIRNS—At the residence of James Douglas, Spuyten Duyvil, New York, on Saturday, the 28th inst., Miss Annie Cairns.

ORMONT—At Ottawa, Ont., on 26th instant, Bertha Louise, daughter of A. G. O. Dumontier.

MBERSON—In Hamilton, Ont., on the 29th inst., James, second son of Alfred and Ellen Amberson, aged 17 years.

ETCHER—At Victoria Park, St. Lambert, Orville Gordon, second son of Norman Fletcher, born 25th September, 1886, died Monday, 30 July, 1894. Funeral on Wednesday, from his father's residence, at 12.30, and from Bonaventure depot, at 1.25. 178 2

OORE—At Quebec, on the 28th inst., James Fitz-Henry Moore, aged 69 years.

RAFTON—On Tuesday, July 31, 1894, Ray Scott, only child of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Ross Grafton, aged 7 months and 3 days. Funeral private. 179 2

ILMOUR—At Louisville, P. Q., July 29, 1894, Mary Amelia Dunn, wife of Robert Gilmour, of Toronto. 178 2

ERRIOR—At Tracadie, July 22, Benjamin Gerrior, aged 67 years.

OULD—In London, Ont., on July 28, Leo Joseph, son of Thomas and Josephine Gould.

ILMAN—At Louisville, Que., on the 29th inst., Amelia, wife of Robert Gilman, Toronto.

OWELL—On the 24th July, at Omaha, Nebraska, Ella Gertrude, dearly beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Howell, late of Guelph.

ANRAHAN—At Georgeville, Antigonish county, July 15, Mrs. James Hanrahan, aged 86 years.

AYTON—At Middle Musquodoboit, July 24, Mrs. Francis Layton.

ENOIR—At St. Henri, on July 31, Jean Baptiste, aged one month, son of Alphonse Lenoir.

EE—On July 31, Thomas J. J. Lee, aged 8 months and 15 days, infant son of Thomas and Annie Lee. Funeral private.

cCOMB—Samuel Henry, at Toronto, Ont., son of S. H. and Constance McComb.

cGUAN—On the 28th July, at Toronto, Ont., Mrs. Margaret McGuan, in the 57th year of her age.

cGURN—On the 26th July, at Toronto, Ont., Mrs. Margaret McGurn, in the 57th year of her age.

cDONALD—At Hallowell Grant, Antigonish county, July 29, Flora, wife of Hugh McDonald, in the 68th year of her age.

cDONNELL—At Indian Point, Judique, July 16, John, son of Hugh and Maggie McDonnell, aged 45 years.

cISAAC—At Giant's Lake, Antigonish county, July 17, Duncan McIsaac, in the 65th year of his age.

MIRAND—At 113 St. Martin street, on July 31, Marie Lucy, aged one month, daughter of Louis Mirand.

NEUN—On July 14th, at Toronto, Ont., Martha Ann Robinson, wife of William J. Neun, aged 36 years.

HELAN—At Point St. Charles, on the 30th inst., Catherine Murphy, dearly beloved wife of James Phelan, of the G. T. Ry., and mother of Mrs. P. Kavanagh, Daniel, Patrick, Richard, Thomas, Ellen and Maggie Phelan. Funeral will leave her husband's residence, 55 Manufacturers st., on Thursday morning, the 2nd August, at 8 o'clock, to St. Gabriel's Church, and from thence to Cote des Neiges Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend.

RUNEAU—On Thursday, 26th inst., at Ottawa, Ont., Joseph Thomas Pruneau, aged 54 years 9 months.

HILLIPS—Suddenly, at his residence, 3 Evans st., July 30th, Thomas Phillips, aged 66 years and 6 months, native of Woolbury, Devonshire, England. Funeral will take place, Wednesday, at 2 p. m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend. 178 2

PILON—In this city, on July 30, at 66 Montcalm street, Feliv Albert, aged 2 years and 11 months, son of Arcand Pilon.

PRUNEAU—At Ottawa, Ont., on Thursday night, at the age of 51 years and 9 months, Joseph Thomas Hector Pruneau.

ROBERTSON—At Guelph Township, on 27th July, Janet Johnston, wife of Sylvanius Robertson, aged 73 years.

RIKLEY—At South Fredericksburgh, July 25, Beatrice L., daughter of Donald Rikley.

ROSE—On the 26th July, Mary, widow of the late Wm. Rose, in the 75th year of her age.

HERIDAN—In this city, Tuesday, July 31st, Miss Katie Sheridan, sister of Francis Sheridan and Mrs. M. Sullivan. Funeral on Thursday, August 2nd, from her brother-in-law's residence, No. 70 Napoleon road, Ste. Cunegonde, at 2.30 p. m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend. 178 2

TANTON—At Fitchburg, Mass., on July 31, 1894, William Stanton, aged 20 years. Funeral will leave the Bonaventure station on the arrival of the Central Vermont train, 7.30 a. m. Thursday, August 2, for Mount Royal Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

TEELE—At St. John, July 25, Mary Hebb Steele, wife of John Steele, in the 83rd year of her age.

HARPE—At Toronto, Ont., on Saturday, July 28, Mary Adelaide (Addie), wife of John Sharpe, aged 24 years.

ELBY—On Sunday, the 29th inst., at Toronto, Ont., Dollie, youngest daughter of Robert Selby, aged 19 years.

RUDEAU—On July 31, at 73 Visitation street, Joseph Edouard, aged 4 months, son of Theophile Trudeau.

HERIEN—At 384 Centre street, on July 30, Gaspard Therien, aged 49 years.

AYLOR—In Galt, July 27, Michael Taylor, formerly of Barton, aged 90 years, 5 months and 2 days.

ANTON—At London, Ont., at noon, Friday, July 27, 1894, John Tanton, aged 65 years and 6 months.

ILLIAMSON—In Kingston, on July 29, John Williamson, late of Portsmouth, aged 70 years.

PERSONAL DETECTIVES OF THE MOST RELIable character furnished by the Canadian Secret Service, Temple Building Montreal. This agency is under contract with the Provincial Government to perform all their criminal detective work. References: The leading banks, corporations and hotels of this city. Silas H. Carpenter, Chief. Office telephone 2131. House telephone 6049. 65 3 aw

PERSONAL—SEDOREN WENDS "HAIR MAGIC" for restoring grey or faded hair to its natural color. Price $1.00. All druggists. (2)

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR ON THE female face; moles, warts, red vein and all facial blemishes destroyed permanently, painlessly and harmlessly by the new electric process. Treatments free this week. Cure guaranteed. Dimples inserted. Royal Electrolysis Co., 2365 St. Catherine. 179 1

PERSONAL. ROBERT HENRY AND PATRICK Bailey, who were born in Castlebar, Ireland, are requested to communicate with Margaret Farrell, Fyans, Irvington, N. Y. 178 5

CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

A SPLENDID DAY

Crowds of Buyers Attend

S. CARSLEY'S

Annual Remnant Sale

WHY? WHY?

Simply because the Remnants are so cheap.

S. CARSLEY.

Thousands upon Thousands of

REMNANTS

Attend the Remnant Sale

S. CARSLEY.

AUGUST SALE OF LADIES' BLOUSES.

The entire balance of stock of Ladies' Blouses in all materials to be cleared at bargain prices.

S. CARSLEY, Notre Dame Street.

LADIES' BLOUSES

In Pink and Blue with frilled fronts and full sleeves, 25c each.

ALL CAMBRIC BLOUSES
ALL LAWN BLOUSES
ALL SATEEN BLOUSES
ALL EMBROIDERED BLOUSES

Offered at Specially Reduced Prices.

SHIRT WAISTS

In all latest styles, and in all most desirable materials.

Ladies' Shirt Waists in all sizes.

WAISTCOATS

In Pique, Duck, Holland and all other washing materials

AT REDUCED PRICES.

S. CARSLEY, Notre Dame Street.

Ladies' Hosiery

In all seasonable weights

LADIES' CASHMERE HOSE
LADIES' LISLE THREAD HOSE
LADIES' SPUN SILK HOSE
LADIES' PURE SILK HOSE

SPECIAL LINE

Ladies' extra fine quality Black Cashmere Hose well made and finished, 3 pairs for $1.00.

Embroidered Silk Hose
Embroidered Cashmere Hose
Embroidered Lisle Thread Hose
Ladies' Black Cotton Hose with Silk Clocks, full fashioned, 40c pr.
Fancy Cashmere Hosiery.

S. CARSLEY, Notre Dame street.

MEN'S Summer Coats

The remainder of stock of Men's Summer Coats to be cleared at

REDUCED PRICES

Men's Summer Coats from 50c each
All Men's Alpaca Coats reduced
All Men's Flannel Coats reduced
All Men's Tweed Coats reduced

Men's White Shirts

Unlaundried 30c each

All Men's Negligee Shirts reduced.
All Men's Regatta Shirts reduced.
All Men's Boating Shirts reduced.
All Summer Underwear reduced.

S. CARSLEY, Notre Dame st.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.'S

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE LADY ON THE .... DOORSTEP

Who does "a little quiet thinking" in the cool of the evening when the breeze rustles the maple, cannot do better when her mind is "set" in an economical direction than consider the unparalleled chances offering at

JOHN MURPHY & CO.'S

GREAT REMOVAL SALE

A month hence it will be too late! At present "heart-easing and hard-times-relieving Bargains" can be picked up in every Department.

Prudent and experienced housekeepers by the score are visiting our Manchester section. The following list will explain the reason:

1,000 yards Fine Bleached Linen, all double damask, new patterns. Regular prices from $1.00 to $2.00 per yard, less a Removal Sale Discount of 33⅓ per cent.

100 Bleached Linen Damask Table Cloths, all sizes and qualities, to clear at a Removal Sale Discount of 33⅓ p.c.

200 dozen Linen Damask Table Napkins, all sizes and qualities, to clear at a Removal Sale Discount of 33⅓ per cent.

Hem-stitched Linens at Removal Sale Prices, and an extra discount of 10 per cent.

20,000 yards of Fine Bleached Cotton, free from dressing. Regular price, 15c per yard; Removal Sale Price, 10c per yard.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

1781 and 1783 Notre Dame Street, and 105, 107, 109 and 111 St. Peter Street. 17791

ITCHING AND PIN WORMS. PILES

No More Misery.

ITCHING PILES is an exceedingly painful and annoying affliction, found alike in the rich and poor, male and female. The principal symptoms are a severe itching, which is worst at night when the sufferer becomes warm in bed. So terrible is the itching that frequently it is impossible to procure sleep. Often the sufferer unconsciously during sleep scratches the parts until they are sore—ulcers and tumors form, excessive moisture is exuded. Females are peculiarly affected from this disease, causing unbearable irritation and trouble. These and every other symptom of Itching Piles or Irritation in any part of the body are immediately allayed and quickly cured by Chase's Ointment. It will instantly stop itching, heal the sores and ulcers, dry up the moisture.

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT

Gives Instant Relief.

PIN WORMS is an ailment entirely different as to cause than Itching Piles, yet its effects and symptoms are exactly the same. The same intolerable itching; the same creeping, crawling, stinging sensation characterizes both diseases. Chase's Ointment acts like magic. It will at once afford relief from this torment.

REFERENCES.

Newmarket—J. T. Bogart, Mr. Kitto. Sutton—Mr. Sheppard, Mr. McDonald. Belleville—R. Templeton, druggist. Tottenham—James Scanlon, J. Reid. Barrie—H. E. Garden. Hamilton—R. G. Decue. King City—Wm. Walker. Churchill—David Gross. Bradford—R. Davis, J. Reid.

The celebrated Dr. Chase's Ointment is made expressly for Itching Piles, but it is equally good in curing all Itchy Skin Diseases, such as Eczema, Itch, Barber's Itch, Salt Rheum, Ring Worm, etc., etc. For sale by all druggists. Price 60 Cents. Mail address—EDMANSON, BATES & CO., Toronto, Ont., Sole Agents for Dominion of Canada

SMOKE THE ABERDEEN CIGAR Union Hand Made

SMOKE THE MELROSE CIGAR Union Hand Made

Without Exception superior to any other 10 cent Cigars in the market.

SMOKE THE MELROSE CIGAR Union Hand Made

SMOKE THE ABERDEEN CIGAR Union Hand Made

Manufactured by VILLENEUVE & CO., Montreal. 91 2awtf

ARBITRATION AGREEMENT.

Prospects Hopeful For One Between Great Britain and United States.

LONDON, August 1.—The *Standard* says the arbitration party in the House of Commons believe the Government favor, and that the prospects are hopeful, for the adoption of a twenty-five year arbitration agreement between the United States and Great Britain.

The Goodwood Stakes.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—At Goodwood to-day the Goodwood stakes was won by Wadlow's Spindle Leg, Lebaudy's Quilon second, and Lord Beresford's St. Jude third.

To Cleanse the System

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently cure habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers use Syrup of Figs.

Jealousy forbids all outflows of affection or generosity into any other channels than its own, thus inflicting untold injury to all concerned.

Appalling Calamity.

The only person saved from the wreck was one little maiden, and she with the forethought natural to her sex had provided herself with a piece of Cleaver's Terebene Soap and washed herself ashore. Cleaver's Terebene Soap is without exception the most perfect antiseptic and disinfecting Soap in existence. It should be used by every family during the heat of summer.

As the soil, however rich it may be, can not be productive without culture; so the mind without cultivation can never produce good fruit.

Will be found an excellent remedy for sick headache. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Thousands of letters from people who have used them prove this fact. Try them.

THE GOLD WAS INSURED.

Lazard Freres Will Not Lose the $50,000 Stolen.

NEW YORK, July 31.—Lazard Freres have received a cablegram from Lazard Freres et Cie., Paris, confirming the report announcing that a cask containing $50,000 in gold was missing from the consignment of forty casks shipped on the French Line Steamer La Tourraine. The cablegram said that the forty casks were taken from the steamer at Havre and placed on the train for Paris, but when the consignment reached Lazard Freres et Cie. one cask was missing. Enquiry was at once instituted, but nothing is yet known as to how the cask was abstracted. Lazard Freres stated that the shipment of gold was fully insured and that the loss, therefore, will fall on the insurance company.

The Imposition of Foreign Inland Revenue Duties.

WASHINGTON, August 1.—The Canadian Controller of Customs has forwarded to the United States Government, a circular sent by him to collectors of customs in Canada, to govern them in the collection of goods purchased in bond in foreign countries. This instructs them to add to the value of the goods purchased in bond, the customs or national revenue duty, leviable in the country where the goods are purchased, and which is collected in all cases before the goods are allowed to go into home consumption in such foreign country. This action is considered as having an important bearing on American importations into Canada.

Obituary.

WASHINGTON, August 1.—Judge Joseph Holt, who was judge-advocate-general of the army, and at one time assistant secretary of war, died at his residence in this city to-day. His death was due indirectly to a fall sustained a few days ago, but which he paid little attention to.

ARTISTIC

Piano Tuning

THE great masters, Gruenfeld and Xavier Scharwenka, have written us that they have never had their Pianos in such perfect condition as when under the personal charge of our Mr. J. W. Reyner. We pay the highest wages in Canada to our workmen.

Prices moderate. Work guaranteed. Write or call us up. Telephone No. 1643, and place your Piano in our care.

WILLIS & CO.,

1824 Notre Dame St.,

Near McGill Street,

MONTREAL.

1791

Jas. A. Ogilvy & Sons

SPECIAL SHIRT SALE

For Month of August.

OUR SHIRT SEASON HAS BEEN A GREAT SUCCESS.

We Sold More Shirts during July

Than we anticipated Selling in Three Months.

And as we have a few Odd Lines left over, we are going to Clear Them All Out before the Season is over.

Boys' Flannelette Shirts, good quality, 25c.
Boys' Fine Laced Flannelette Shirts, only 41c.
Boys' Fine Regatta Shirts, all sizes, 75c only.

Men's Flannelette Boating Shirts, 27c only.
Men's Fine Flannelette Boating Shirts, 40, 50c each.
Men's Fine Flannelette Boating Shirts, Laced, 60c each.
Men's Oxford Zephyr and Cambric Negligee, 75c each.
Men's Fine Silk Warp Negligee Shirts, $1.50 each.

White Shirts! White Shirts!

Made of good soft Cotton and with pure Linen front and bands, in all sizes, 75c, $1.00, $1.50.

—AND—

A well assorted stock of Gent's Furnishing Goods always on hand.

JAS. A. OGILVY & SONS,

The Family Draper & Linen Warehouse,

203 to 207 St. Antoine St.
Telephone 8295.
144 to 150 Mountain St.
Branch, St. Catherine St., Cor. Buckingham Ave.
Telephone 3335. 1791

HENRY & N. E. HAMILTON'S Shoe Department.

Great Bargains in Footwear for this month, beginning To-day, Aug. 1.

50 pairs Men's Boots, sizes 5, 5½, 6½, 10, 10½ and 11. Regular prices $5.00 and $6.00, to be cleared at $2.50 a pair for cash. Here is a Bargain, so come early and get your first pick.

50 pairs Ladies' Canvas Shoes, in White and Check. Regular prices $1.50 and $2.00, to be cleared at $1 a pair.

Ladies' Dong. Oxfords, Tan, ooze top. Regular price $3.75, to be sold at $2.00.

Ladies' Drab Gaiter Boots. Regular price $4.00, to be cleared at $2.00.
Ladies' Red Goat Oxfords. Regular price $3.50, to be sold at $1.00.
All kinds of Sporting Shoes for men, at less than cost prices.
All American Goods at 25 p.c. off for cash, at

HENRY & N. E. HAMILTON'S,

St. James St. and Victoria Sq. 17791

CARPETS

Fall Patterns Opening, Pretty, Bright and Effective.

Amongst this fall's selections will be found the prettiest Carpets that have ever entered the port of Montreal, designed and made to the special order of

THOMAS LIGGET,

1884 Notre Dame Street. 17791

SULKY UNIONISTS.

They Won't Participate in the Evicted Tenant Bill Discussion.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

LONDON, August 1.—In the House of Commons to-day Thomas Sexton denounced the conduct of the Opposition in regard to the Evicted Tenants bill, as rancorous and sullen. The House, he said, was menaced by the House of Lords' rejection of the bill, but such threats had no weight with the people of Ireland.

"Let the House of Lords do their worst," he declared. The rejection of the bill meant more difficulty in governing Ireland, whose people were passing through another period of agony, but, Lords or no Lords, the principles of the bill would ultimately prevail.

In consequence of the action of the Unionists yesterday, in deciding to abstain from further participation in the discussion of the Evicted Tenants bill, the front seats of the Opposition leaders were vacant when the House resumed consideration of the bill to-day.

CHIGNECTO SHIP RAILWAY.

Proposition Looking to the Completion of the Work.

OTTAWA, August 1.—Mr. A. D. Provand, M. P., who represents the English shareholders in the Chignecto Ship Railway scheme, and Mr. Dickey, M. P. for Cumberland, left last night for Muskoka, to interview the Premier on the subject of an extension of the time for the completion of the work. They will lay before Sir John the full information regarding the proposal to resume and finish the construction of the railway. Mr. Provand, took with him the list of subscribers to the additional capital of $1,500,000 required to go ahead with the work. It is headed with a subscription of $25,000, by the London and Westminster Bank.

Mr. H. G. C. Ketchum, chief engineer of the Chignecto Railway Company; Mr. A. D. Provand, M.P. for Glasgow, and A. R. Dickey, M.P., have been several days here in connection with the enterprise, for which the Dominion Government promised a subsidy of $170,000 a year for twenty years from the completion of the work. But the funds gave out, and the work was never completed. The time for completion expired finally on July 1, 1893. The object of the present visit is to induce the Government to grant a further extension of time for completing the work, in which some three million dollars have been invested. Mr. Provand represents the English shareholders. It is said that Pearsons & Sons, a responsible English firm, if is a promise from the Government that the subsidy will be revived if the work is completed within a given time are willing to undertake the work.

California Forest Fires.

SAN JOSE, Cala., August 1.—A forest fire, which has been burning since Sunday, has devastated 1100 acres in the vicinity of Mount Hamilton, and is now raging on the north side of the Lick Observatory. All the professors and residents of the neighborhood are fighting the flames in the endeavor to save the cottages on the hill. The observatory is not believed to be in danger.

FERNANDEZ IN ARMS.

The Governor of the Venezuelan State of Los Angres Will not Conform to Federal Authority.

NEW YORK, August 1.—The *Herald's* special from Panama says: Word has been received from Maracaibo, Venezuela, that a bloody conflict has taken place in Tachis between the custom house officials and Venezuelan smugglers, who were endeavoring to smuggle arms into Colombia. President Crespo has removed the chief of the Frontier Militia, and censured the State Government of Los Anges for failure to co-operate with the Federal authorities to prevent contraband trade. Apparent complicity with the smugglers existed, he charged. Governor Fernandez resisted Federal interference, saying it was unconstitutional, whereupon President Crespo declared martial law in the province, and appointed Dr. Vizcarrando Provisional Governor, and has despatched twelve hundred men, in command of Generals Moraces, Aralyjo, and Baptista, to force the state into submission. Fernandez and his friends are defiant. They have entrenched themselves near Merida, and threaten to join with the partisans of Jose Manuel Hernandez, and proclaim a revolution in favor of Bojas Paul, if the State is invaded.

NOTORIOUS COOK GANG.

They Rob a Bank and Have to Fight for Freedom.

GUTHRIE, O. T. August 1.—Another bank robbery with all the trimmings of a Dalton raid was enacted at Chandler yesterday. As a result one citizen, J. M. Mitchell, is dead and one of the outlaws who gave the name as Ernest Lucas is dying. Lucas is twenty-one years of age and said his comrades were the members of the notorious Cook gang that has recently given territory officials so much trouble.

Soon after one o'clock in the afternoon armed men rode into Chandler, dismounted back of the Lincoln county bank, and three rushed inside while two stood guard at the doors with Winchesters. Two men covered the president, Harvey Lee, and his brother, the cashier, and demanded that they turn over the cash pretty quick, while the third, rushing into the private office, where the teller, Hoyt, was seriously sick, compelled him to walk to the safe and attempt to open it.

Though a Winchester was pointed in his face he could not stand long enough, but fell to the floor, and the robber kicked him and tried to shoot at him, but missed fire. The men on guard called out that it was time to go, and the three men grabbed between $200 and $300 lying on the counter and ran out to the horses. In the meantime the guard at the front door had shot and killed Mitchell, who attempted to give the alarm. The bandits scarcely passed out of the city when a posse were mounting and starting in pursuit. Twice were the horses shot from under the fleeing men but they compelled farmers coming to town to give up their mounts and went on. Finally a battle was fought for nearly fifteen minutes, when one of the robbers was shot through the hip and the others scattered and disappeared in the hills of the Creek country.

CRUSHED LIKE EGG SHELLS.

SPEEDING MAJESTIC HIT A FISHING SCHOONER.

Split Her From Port Quarter to Starboard Bow—Seven Men Picked Up and One Drowned—Another Died.

NEW YORK, August 1.—The White Star steamer Majestic, Captain Parsell, which arrived from Liverpool and Queenstown, ran down the fishing schooner Antelope last Monday morning off the Newfoundland Banks. It was during a dense fog, at 3.30 in the morning, when the Antelope was seen but a few rods distant, directly ahead.

At the moment the men on the schooner saw the steamer, they attempted to escape by putting their helm to starboard. The big liner was too quick for them, however, and although backing with both propellers at full speed, crashed into the fishing schooner, striking her on the port quarter and splitting her completely to the starboard bow.

The lifeboats were instantly lowered by the Majestic, and seven out of the eight men on board were quickly saved. The eighth man, named Gabriel Mitchell, aged eighteen, a native of Burin, Nfld., was below when the steamer struck the Antelope and was drowned. All of the men were more or less bruised by flying splinters, and one of them, William Woundy, died on the Majestic from the injuries he received. The Antelope was owned by Captain John Bugden and his four brothers, Thomas, Henry, Philip and Reuben, all of whom were on board. They had little else in the world, and their loss is heavy.

LATEST BY CABLE.

Personals, Gossip and News of Europe.

LONDON, August 1.—The *Chronicle's* correspondent at Vienna says that cholera has been raging, for a week, in several districts of the Duchy of Bukowina. The fact has hitherto been concealed, in order to prevent the enforcement of sanitary measures. The authorities, who are responsible for the secrecy, will be prosecuted. The disease is spreading rapidly in Poland.

The debate on the Evicted Tenants Bill closure motion last night was mildly interesting. Mr. Balfour moved an amendment to Harcourt's motion that debate close on August 9), which was rejected. After this Messrs. Chamberlain, Balfour, Saunderson and others left the House, thus giving warning that they would not take part in a division on Sir William Vernon Harcourt's motion for closure. Much surprise was caused when the motion was agreed to without a division. John Morley and Mr. Goschen took part in the discussion. Messrs. Balfour and Chamberlain threatened to relinquish discussion if the closure was ordered.

The rumor current in Cette that in March or April last the authorities of the town hushed up the fact of the discovery of Anarchist pamphlets in Santo's lodgings has been confirmed. The chief of the Cette police has been dismissed for neglect of duty in connection with the case, and proceedings have been commenced against him. Had the discovery been reported at the time to the proper authorities, Santo would have been arrested, or, at least, would have been watched.

President Casimer-Perier, of France, and his wife went to their chateau at Pont-sur-Seine to-day, to spend the Parliamentary recess. The village was gaily decorated, and the President was received with acclamations.

The current number of the *Revue des Deux Mondes* contains an account of an interview had by Jules Simon with the German Emperor in Berlin in 1890, when M. Simon was attending the International Conference on Social Questions. Emperor William, speaking of Zola, expressed great antipathy to the novelist, saying that he read his works with disgust, merely out of curiosity. He admitted, however, that Zola had some grand qualities. In talking of war in the abstract, the Emperor said: "Since coming to the throne, I have reflected much on the subject, and I think my position is my own. 'It is that it is better to do good to men than to make them afraid.'" M. Simon, in alluding to the probability of war between France and Germany, said that the majority of the French were for peace. The Emperor, speaking with entire impartiality, replied: "Your army has worked and has made great progress. It is ready. If by some, at present, apparently impossible event, it should find itself in the field against the German army, nobody could foretell the results of battles. That is why I regard as a fool or as a criminal any one who seeks to push the two peoples into war."

DR. SMYTHE'S SEAT.

One Petitioner Wishes to Withdraw His Name From the Document.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

KINGSTON, August 1.—William McConnell, the Portsmouth grocer, whose name is signed to the petition against the return of Dr. Smythe, M. P. P., now says that when he put his signature to the document he did not know what it was all about.

He intimates that he has no animosity against either Hon. Mr. Harty or Dr. Smythe, certainly not against the latter, as he cast his ballot in his favor. He desired to withdraw from any connection with the protest against the present member. The law provides that in case a petitioner wishes to withdraw his name, another signature can be substituted. The affair has caused considerable commotion in political circles here.

NO CURE; NO PAY.

Mr. Hanlan's Attitude Towards a Gold Cure Club.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

KINGSTON, August 1.—Smart, the Deputy Sheriff of Brockville, paid a visit to Merrickville, and while there seized Jason Hanlan's stock of horses and other property, by order of the Gold Cure Club Institute, of Oakville, which holds notes against him for treatment last spring. Hanlan claims the course did not benefit him, and, therefore, he should not be held liable.

NEGRO MINERS FIGHT.

Six Men Killed and Seven Men and Eight Women Wounded.

PITTSBURG, Kansas, August 1.—Yesterday at a mining camp, seven miles east of here, a row started in a saloon run by Tom Doss, a colored tough from this city, where a lot of negro miners had congregated. Doss was killed and several wounded and the fight continued outside, drawing into the battle men and women alike. A report has reached here that six men were killed, and seven men and eight women wounded, some of them mortally. The row was among the Alabama colored miners imported here last year to take the places of the strikers. They have been a disturbing element ever since they came to the town.

KINGSTON'S CONVICT LABOR.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

KINGSTON, Aug. 1.—The following have been appointed to positions on the staff of the binder twine factory at the penitentiary: Superintendent, Thomas P. O'Connor; first assistant superintendent, John Price; second assistant superintendent, William Charlton; clerk of industries, W. S. Hughes; overseer of convicts, P. O'Connor.

Castaways Picked up.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., August 1.—Mail advices from Unalaska to July 29 per steamer Williamette state that one of the Behring Sea patrol fleet had just returned from a cruise and reported speaking to a sealing schooner, which reported that another sealer, name not learned, had picked up a boat containing fifteen castaways belonging to the wrecked whaling bark, James Allen. The former schooner not being pleased at being boarded by officers of a man-of-war, did not volunteer any particulars. As soon as the sealing fleet enters Behring Sea definite details may be obtained. The Ranger and Albatross visited the seal rookeries at St. Paul and St. George islands and reported that the seals were unusually plentiful.

C. P. R. FREIGHT TOLLS.

The Patrons' Complaint in the Connection Before the Railway Committee.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

OTTAWA, Ont., August 1.—At the afternoon sitting of the Railway Committee of the Privy Council, the memorial of the Patrons of Western Industry against alleged excessive freight rates of the Canadian Pacific Railway in the North-West was taken up. Senator Boulton and Nicholas Flood Davin presented the memorial, which has already appeared in full in these columns. It simply amounts to a declaration that the road's rates are so high that they retard the prosperity of the country, and that the Government should see to it that a better condition of affairs obtained.

Mr. Davin put the substance of the memorial before Messrs. Daly, Bowell and Haggart, and after having done so Mr. Haggart announced that he did think that "we are in a position" to fix the freight rates.

Mr. Clarke, the C. P. R. solicitor, reminded the North-Western member that Parliament had promised to investigate the charges that the freight rates were excessive. There was, he said, in the present allegations nothing definite and no discrimination; therefore, the section 11 of the Act, which Mr. Davin cited, did not apply, in view of the lack of the latter. Mr. Davin's contention was that as the line had been heavily subsidized, the Government should regulate abuses alleged to exist. Senator Boulton then took the floor. He reviewed the settlers' grievances in general terms, while Chairman Haggart pressed him to be more specific, and Mr. Clarke thought and expressed himself in that way also. He told the Senator in effect to get down to a "case." So did Mr. Haggart, and Mr. Clarke followed this up with a remark that the Patrons had no legal representative present.

Mr. Boulton then said that $800,000 of the gross earnings of the C. P. R. was taken out of the western section by charges averaging $3500 per mile, and that this was a discrimination against that sparsely populated country over and above that charged on other sections. On being pressed for more specific charges, the Senator gave the rates charged by the C. P. R. between Montreal and Winnipeg and New York and St. Paul. They were: First class freight, $2.90 and $1.15; second class, $1.77 and 99 cents; third class, $1.40 and 78 cents; fourth class, $1.08 and 52 cents; fifth class, 89 cents and 44 cents. Mr. Clarke declared the C. P. R. could not control the rates charged by the New York Central, over which they ran, and therefore the comparison was not fair. He insisted on a specific charge concerning C. P. R. lines only. Mr. Boulton said the lumber rate between Rat Portage and Winnipeg was $3.75 and between Ottawa and Montreal, $1.25. Mr. Clarke asked that a specific transaction, date, and shipper be given. Mr. Boulton said he was charged $250 on a carload of lumber from Vancouver to Russell, Man., while the Thompson Lumber Company of Cobourg were charged only $180 on a similiar shipment to Cobourg, 1600 miles further east. Judge Clarke asked if the two transactions took place in the same year, and the Senator said one was in 1893 and the other in 1894. The Judge said a comparison of different years was obviously unjust. Mr. Boulton talked at length on the low price of wheat and hence the necessity of a regulation of the freight rates. He was frequently interrupted by Mr. Haggart and Mr. Clarke, who pointed out the committee had no power to regulate freight rates. Finally Mr. Davin and the Senator, after a consultation, decided that the

THE HARBOR BOARD.

MR. M'LENNAN RE-ELECTED A COMMISSIONER.

Meeting of the Board of Trade at Noon To-day—a Large Attendance of Members.

It cannot be said any longer that the members of the Board of Trade take no interest in the election of their representative on the Board of Harbor Commissioners. There must have been quite a hundred and fifty members in the big hall at noon to-day in response to the summons to meet and elect a representative to the Harbor Board. Mr. Hugh McLennan's term, according to the new act of Parliament governing the Harbor Commissioners, expired to-day, and the meeting was to appoint a successor for the ensuing four years. Sharp at twelve, as the bells on the ships in the harbor were striking the noon hour, Mr. Hadrill, the secretary, and Mr. W. W. Ogilvie, the president, moved over to the table and called the members to order. The knots of grain operators about the tickers and blackboards quickly dissolved, and the members gathered about the table.

AMONG THOSE PRESENT

were Messrs. W. C. McDonald, R. Archer, R. Esdaile, Donald Fraser, P. Laing, J. Hodgson, R. Peddie, D. A. P. Watt, H. Bragg, Jas. Allen, A. G. Thompson, Aug. Girard, C. B. Esdaile, E. McLennan, R. White, J. P. Cleghorn, Jno. Tough, D. Robertson, Jas. E. Rendell, C. J. Baird, M. Kennedy, C. McLean, W. Nelson, R. T. Routh, Geo. Wait, A. Mitchell, D. L. Lockerby, Alex Hamilton, E. F. Craig, C. S. J. Phillips, D. A. McPherson, H. McLennan, Wm. Stewart, J. A. Cantlie, J. F. Rapheal, T. Nicoll, H. E. Murray, J. F. Haskell, J. Baird, L. E. Morin, John Crowe, Wm. Gear, A. J. Hubbard, Hon. G. A. Drummond, R. Bickerdike, W. B. Campbell, W. B. Smith, E. J. Major, E. Judge, W. A. Hastings, A. G. McBean, Metcalfe, Alex. Stoddart, J. St. Onge, J. D. Rolland, M. B. Smith, Geo. Hanna, Thomas Shaw, J. B. McLea, H. Labelle, J. C. Sinton, J. H. Stearns, Walter Shanley, W. Little, J. Burns, M. Harman, Jno. Pinder, R. P. McLea, John Torrance.

Mr. Ogilvie is a man of few words. "We have met," he said, "to elect our representative to the Harbor Commission, and I shall call upon Mr. Hadrill to read the notice calling the meeting."

The secretary of the Board read the notice and the president remarked: "I appoint Mr. Robert Archer and Mr. D. A. P. Watt scrutineers, and we are now ready for nominations."

THE HONORABLE GEORGE DRUMMOND ROSE.

He wished to put in nomination the name of Mr. Hugh McLennan, the retiring commissioner. As was generally known, he was, as a general principle, in favor of changes in the offices of the Board. There were many circumstances under which changes were advisable. The infusion of new blood had a good effect in such a body as the Board of Trade. Still he thought that a change was inadvisable in the present case. The position of Harbor Commissioner was one requiring a great deal of expert knowledge and special qualification. Mr. McLennan not only had these qualifications, but he had in addition a great deal of valuable experience in the discharge of the duties of the position. He would not have the Board lose sight of the fact that this is a critical period in the history of the Board of Harbor Commissioners. It was never a good policy to swap horses while crossing a stream. He would draw his hearers' attention to the fact that if the present great harbor works were being carried on at all it was due to the initiation and persistence of the Board of Trade. As the originator of the plan it was certainly of great moment that the Board should be represented by a man thoroughly familiar with what the course of the Board of Trade with regard to harbor improvement had always been. He hoped not only that Mr. McLennan would be re-elected by a large majority, but that there would be no opposition.

Mr. J. D. Rolland had great pleasure in seconding Senator Drummond's motion. Mr. McLennan had other claims to the position besides his standing as the

SENIOR MEMBER OF THE COMMISSION,

but that was in his favor. He would impress upon the members a realization of the importance of having a thoroughly capable Harbor Commissioner at the present moment.

There was loud applause, and a brief period of silence. Whispers of opposition had been heard on the street, and there was some curiosity to see whether a second candidate would be put into nomination.

The President rose. "Are there any other nominations, gentlemen. According to our by-laws we should have a ballot, and if there is no other gentleman nominated, I shall order one ballot to be deposited."

There was no response, and Mr. Watt, with a slip of paper in one hand, and his hat in the other, went over to Mr. Drummond, who wrote on the paper and dropped it in the hat. Mr. Wait and Mr. Archer looked at the paper and Mr. Watt reported to the president.

"I have to congratulate you," remarked the latter, "on the re-election of Mr. Hugh McLennan." He then left the chair, and the members dispersed, the whole proceeding not lasting over a quarter of an hour.

THE SHIP CHANNEL.

Pilots' Complaints as to Dangers Thereof.

At the regular weekly meeting of the Harbor Commissioners held yesterday afternoon, Mr. Henry Bulmer read a letter from the Department of Marine and Fisheries requesting the Secretary of the Harbor Commission to favor them with their views in regard to the complaints of pilots, that owing to the lack of reliable information as to the channel in front of the city and some of the wharves, they were placing the ships under their charge in danger. The secretary was instructed to reply to the effect that the record of investigations held on accidents to vessels in the channel would prove that the pilots' complaints were exaggerated. Steps were being taken to overcome all dangers in the channel caused by currents, etc., by widening the channel between Isle Ronde and the Molson wharves, thus providing a safe entrance to the upper part of the harbor and the work will shortly be commenced.

A copy of the late Pilot Bellisle's will was read, showing his two daughters to be his sole heirs. It was ordered that the quarterly pension should be paid to them, as is usual to the legal heirs.

Help Wanted For the Salvation Army Lighthouse.

The light of the Salvation Army lighthouse on Common street is flickering, and if the friends of the institution do not come to its aid it may go out altogether. The lighthouse, it will be remembered, was formerly "Joe Beefs" canteen and was purchased by the Salvation Army and turned into a lodging house for the wharf laborers. There still remains a debt of $1,800 on the building, which it is to be hoped will be soon collected by the friends of the army. Contributions will be gladly received by Captain Fox, at the Lighthouse, 4 Common street.

Settling Cases Out of Court.

Judge Dugas remarked from the Bench this morning that there was too great a tendency to attempt to settle cases out of Court. This was something to which he would never consent. It savored too much of blackmail, and if it were permitted, all the collectors and shavers would have their debtors arrested simply to force a settlement of their claims. His Honor added that if the evidence showed the innocence of an accused person, he was always glad to find him not guilty.

Serious Charges Against Young Men.

Wilfrid Myre has been condemned by Judge Loupret, Beauharnois, to a fine of eighty dollars, or six months' imprison ment, for assault upon a young girl named Marie Cousineau. Miss Cousineau, who follows the business of milliner in Montreal, was on a visit to her mother at Ste. Philomene, near Beauharnois. During her mother's absence from the house, five young men, among them Antoine Dextras, and Myre, entered the house and behaved so that the two persons named were made the object of serious charges. Dextras fled across the line, and Myre was punished as above. Proceedings will be taken for Dextras' extradition. Mr. H. C. St. Pierre, Q. C., conducted the prosecution.

THE GAS WAR.

Mr. Geoffrion Denies the Montreal Gas Co.'s Claim for Damages in the Present Proceedings—Mr. Beique for the Montreal Gas Co.

The attention of Judge DeLorimier was occupied this morning by listening to arguments for and against a demurrer set up by the Consumers' Gas Co., whereby it was urged that the question of damages alleged to have been suffered by the Montreal Gas Co. could not be entertained in the present proceeding. At the opening of the case, Mr. F. L. Beique, Q.C., for the Montreal Gas Co., drew attention to sections 4 and 18 of the Standard Light and Power Co's. charter, wherein it was declared that that Company could establish local boards of directors in different municipalities. Hence he argued that the Company could not have any powers in any municipalities wherein it had not appointed local officers. Section 18 was peremptory. Before doing any work, in any municipality, the Company was to report to the Minister of Agriculture for the province. This had not been done in the present case.

Mr. C. A. Geoffrion, Q. C., then proceeded to argue in support of the Consumers Gas Co.'s demurrer. The case, he held, was an injunction case pure and simple, and the question of damages should not be entertained by the Court. If damages had been caused, the common law provided the remedy. In Art. 1633 it was provided that a judge could issue an injunction in certain cases and under certain circumstances which

WERE CLEARLY DEFINED.

It was in the case of injunctions alone that summary proceedings were permitted, not in actions for damages. With regard to the merits of the injunction petition, the learned counsel argued that the Montreal Gas Co. had no right of action against the Consumers Gas Co., no contract existing between two companies. The city had a contract with the Montreal Gas Co. Now, if C. violates a contract existing between A and B, neither A nor B could proceed against C by means of injunction. What did Mr. Coates know about the contract between the city and the Montreal Gas Company? He had made a contract with the city himself, and he had proceeded to act within the rights acquired by that contract. What right of direct action could the Montreal Gas Company have against him or the Consumers' Company, to which he had transferred his rights?

Mr. Geoffrion challenged his opponents to cite a case wherein an injunction had been issued for violation of a contract against a party that was not a party to the contract.

Mr. Beique. "My learned friend argued the same doctrine in the case of Johnston and the Canada Paint Co., before Mr. Justice Tait, for a whole hour, without success."

Mr. Geoffrion argued that the circumstances in the case mentioned had been different essentially from those of the present case.

The Court asked if a party could demonstrate that it had sufficient interest in petitioning to have a second party restrained from violating a contract which the first party had with a third; would not there then exist sufficient ground for asking for an injunction?

Mr. Geoffrion replied that in such a case the grounds might exist, but not in the present. With regard to Mr. Beique's objection that the St. Henri Light and Power Company had no board of directors in Montreal, he replied that the Consumers' Company was the cessionaire of the Light and Power Company, and had its headquarters in Montreal, which was sufficient. With regard to the clause providing for the obtaining of "competent authority" to open up public property, the learned counsel asked what was "public property?" The fort on St. Helen's Island was public property; the citadel of Quebec was public property; but the streets of a town were the private property of the citizens of that town.

The case was continued till to-morrow morning.

FRESH AIR FUND.

A Happy Day For Six Hundred Children at Sherringham Park.

The small boys and girls of Montreal who have not the opportunities of their more favored country cousins to see the green grass and trees and smell the freshness of the new mown hay and the flowers of the field, were given a taste of the rural joys of a country existence yesterday. The Montreal Fresh Air Fund gave one of its excursions, and those who have so generously contributed toward the fund would have been well repaid if they could have seen how much happiness was compressed into 625 little bodies in a few short hours. Far too short must they have been for the boys and girls, and to many yesterday will be counted the red letter day of the year. The expectant mass of juvenile humanity left the city yesterday by the steamer Prince of Wales from the canal about 9 a. m. and steamed up to Sherringham Park, where the children soon scattered themselves effectually, and laughter and song, games and eating became the only ends in life worth noticing. Boys and girls on picnics are famous gourmands, and when the picnic is composed of Fresh Air children, the life of anything eatable becomes short and sad. The little bundles of lunch were given to each fresh-airer as he, she, or it left the boat, which reached the Park at twelve o'clock. The merry afternoon sped all too speedily, and at 3.30 the young faces turned sorrowfully homeward and set foot once more in the city at 6.30. The whole affair was a great success. Mr. Lunan furnished the refreshments. The following ladies and gentlemen were present: The Rev. J. Patterson, the Rev. E. McManus, Mr. P. McLeod, Mr. P. Sinclair, Dr. Oliver, Mrs. Campbell, Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Snelling, Mrs. Sinclair, Mrs. McLeod, Mrs. Thompson, Mrs. H. F. Lunan, Miss Minnie McKenzie, Miss E. Ryan, Miss Edna McKenzie, Miss Clara Lunan and Miss Ethel Lunan.

BIRTHS.

RAPPLE—Brooklyn, N.Y., July 27, Mrs. Geo. F. Rapple, of a son.

LOCKWOOD—Sherbrooke, Que., on July 20, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Lockwood.

MARRIAGES.

BERNARD-CLEEVE—July 31, at St. Saviour's Church, Lacelle, Que., by the Rev. W. C. Bernard, rector of the parish, Major E. S. Bernard, of Richmond, to Frances Dorothea, only daughter of the late F. C. Cleeve, Esq., of Cleevemont, Richmond.

DEATHS:

PAINCHAUD—At 681 St. Andre street, July 29, 1894, John Eudore, infant son of J. Eudore Painchaud, aged 9 months.

WILCOCKS—Richmond, Que., Monday, July 30, Marian Fair Evans, beloved wife of Arthur Wilcocks, Esq., J. P., Mayor of Richmond, in the 53th year of her age.

THE WEATHER.

11 a.m.—Probabilities for the next twenty-four hours: Light to moderate winds; fine and stationary or a little higher temperature.

Maximum and minimum temperatures during the past twenty-four hours: Calgary, 56, 44; Montreal, 70, 58; Qu'Appelle, 76, 46; Quebec, 74, 59; Winnipeg, 84, 56; Halifax, 60, 54; Toronto, 72, 56.

August 1, 1894.

Sun rises,	4.43 a.m.
Sun sets	7.28 p.m.
Moon rises,	4.18 a.m.
Moon sets,	8.40 p.m.
New moon	1st Aug.

"Star" Weather Report.

Readings by Harrison & Co.'s standard instruments, August 1, 1894.

	Thermo.	Barometer.
Midnight.	60°	30.16
Six a.m.	62°	30.18
Noon.	73°	30.18

A SATISFACTORY LOAN.

MONTREAL FINANCIAL EXPERTS ENTHUSIASTIC OVER IT.

The Manager of a Western Bank Says it is the Best Loan we Have Ever Heard of—The Banque du Peuple's Close Second to the Bank of Montreal.

The new two million civic loan which was consummated yesterday is the talk of the street to-day. On every side there is nothing heard but praise of the arrangement, and surprise at the high figure secured. It is understood that the Bank of Montreal, the successful tenderer, is placing the bonds on the market at one hundred and three. A STAR reporter this morning interviewed a number of bank managers and other financial experts on the subject.

Mr. Wolferstan Thomas, General Manager of the Molsons Bank, when seen, said: "Every one ought to be satisfied at the exceedingly good price secured. My own idea was that the city would get about par or perhaps an eighth above, but I never thought for a moment that the price would be as high as it proved to be. I do not approve, however, of the tenders being called for in block. It would have been better to have the tenders so arranged that any institution could tender for a portion, say one hundred to five hundred thousand dollars. The loan was placed on the market at a very opportune time. Money is plentiful just now, but if it had been delayed until the United States tariff was settled the price would not have been so good. I believe further that the fatal facility with which Montreal can secure a loan is going to plunge us into unjustifiable debt. However, the price is so excellent that the city has nothing to complain of. In any case, all Canadian municipal securities are now being eagerly sought after, because we have preserved our credit through all the hard times and

HAVE BEEN FREE FROM STRIKES."

Mr. A. M. Crombie, manager in Montreal of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, was very enthusiastic. "I think," he said, "it is one of the best, if not the best loan I have ever heard of, and probably the best loan the city has ever made. I think every credit is due to the Finance Committee, or whoever is responsible for the successful issue. Hitherto these loans were placed on the English market but it is now demonstrated that this can be done right here, and probably with much better advantage to the city, and this even proves it. I feel satisfied that the city has gained from eighty thousand to one hundred thousand dollars by floating it right here. As for the tenders being called for in block in view of the splendid results obtained I think it was all right. However, I am of opinion that it would have been much better to have called for parr tenders so that institutions not caring to take up the whole loan might have been given the opportunity of putting in a bid say for a block of five hundred thousand dollars. In this case

THE RESULT JUSTIFIED THE PROCEEDINGS."

Mr. King, manager of the Ontario Bank, said: "I think the price an exceedingly good one. We did not tender ourselves, so I therefore did not look closely into the matter. It shows pretty plainly that the credit of Montreal is by no means dead on the London market. The price indeed is a very good one.

Ex-Mayor Grenier, President of the Bank du Peuple, said: "I think the price is a very good one, indeed. I am perfectly satisfied with it. Nevertheless, I am of the opinion that the late Premier, Sir John Abbott, and myself, made a better bargain for the city in 1888, when we floated the Montreal permanent three per cent. at eighty-two and a half. After mature consideration I have no reason to complain of yesterday's loan. Money is plentiful in England and everywhere and you are doing better than in Toronto by three per cent. It is only a month ago that that city floated their four per cents. at ninety-eight. I have always maintained that the securities of the city of Montreal are equal to

THE best DOMINION SECURITIES."

Mr. J. S. Bousquet, General Manager of the Banque du Peuple, replied to the usual query as follows: "We tendered for the loan and were the next highest to the Bank of Montreal. Our tender was 101 11-90th, as against the Bank of Montreal's 101 1-5. The difference of the fraction in the two tenders was eleven hundred dollars. I consider it a very good loan, and there is no doubt that the credit of the city is holding its own in England among Canadian securities, and the high price obtained is due to the great demand in England for our securities. There is no doubt we can maintain our credit by careful management of our affairs and the practice of judicious economy."

ALD. SMITH'S VIEWS.

Ald. R. Wilson-Smith said: "Under existing circumstances it is very satisfactory to find that the credit of the city stands so remarkably high. I consider this one of the most favorable loans that has been placed in Canada for some years. Without wishing to make comparisons and taking into consideration the length of time the recent issue of Toronto bonds had to run, Montreal realized about seven per cent. more for this issue. As you are aware there was considerable doubt as to the advisability of placing this loan on the market here instead of in London; it is very pleasing to those who advocated it to find that the city realized about four per cent more than that received for any similar loan placed in recent years, taking into consideration commissions, expenses, and loss of interest, for you will observe that one per cent., interest will only be payable on November 1 next. It will be a total saving to the city of about $80,000. I have always contended that when we have reached the $25,000,000 limit it is the very outside figure that we can safely approach and we must not exceed it for many years to come. We are now face to face with increased taxation and there is no use thinking that this increase will be only temporary. It will be permanent. Our interest charges are very burdensome and the cost of administration must increase in porportion to the rapid improvements that are rapidly taking place. As I took occasion to show some time ago, our revenue is not increasing in proportion to these improvements. The rate-payers must soon take a more active interest in civic affairs than at present."

THE CATTLE SCHEDULE.

An English Agricultural Authority's Views.

"Professor Tanner London" was an entry on the Windsor Hotel register last evening. It was written by a gentleman well-known, not only in Canada, but throughout the world, as a great authority on all matters pertaining to agriculture. Professor Tanner has for some years held the important position of Senior Examiner on Agriculture under the Science and Art Department of the British Government. Professor Tanner has always evinced a great deal of interest in the agricultural development of Canada, and has made several visits to the Dominion for the purpose of familiarizing himself with the position of affairs here.

Professor Tanner stated, at the Windsor Hotel this morning, that he is not on any official business now, but has merely come to Canada to visit friends and enjoy a trip through the country. He did not think that Canadians had any reason to complain of the action of the British Department of Agriculture in scheduling Canadian cattle. The British Government had taken

A TECHNICAL VIEW OF THE CASE

and had not been actuated by any desire to injure or restrict the Canadian cattle trade for the benefit of British farmers. He knew, and appreciated the fact, that the Dominion's quarantine arrangements were perfection itself, so far as the seaboard and all regular importations were concerned, but it was quite impossible to prevent cattle being driven across the lines at the Manitoba and North-West frontiers. Then the fact was admitted that tuberculosis now existed among Canadian cattle, a recent official report having even admitted that some cattle suffering from the disease had been slaughtered on the Dominion Government farms out West. So long as a case of tuberculosis existed in Canada there was no use trying to get the restriction against the importation of Canadian cattle into England removed. The amount of money invested in cattle in Great Britain was so large that the British Government would not run any risks.

Professor Tanner considered that it would be extremely injudicious for Canada to admit United States cattle for export. It was true that there was some tuberculosis in Canada, but there was far more of it in the United States herds. It might be possible to eradicate the disease in Canada, but it was almost a hopeless task in the United States, where it was so widely disseminated.

If the British Government was satisfied that the disease was stamped out in Canada he felt confident that the restrictions against Canadian cattle would be removed, but this would never take place if United States cattle were freely admitted to the Dominion.

Professor Tanner does not regard the present low price of wheat as any indication that Argentina, India and Russia, and the other wheat-growing countries which have the advantage of cheap labor, can undersell the wheat produced in this country. Professor Tanner thinks that with Canada's advantages in the way of extra productive soil and improved sowing, harvesting and threshing plant she has nothing to fear for her wheat. Canada can raise wheat just as cheap as India or Russia, and the quality of her wheat is superior to the best raised in either of those countries. In fact it is universally admitted to be the best wheat in the world.

Professor Tanner says that Canadian butter and cheese continue to hold their own in the English market, and if the quality is only maintained the market can be depended upon.

CLOSED FIRM.

A Glimmer of Hope in the Closing Quotations of the Wheat Market.

The present position of the wheat market is getting tiresome for the grain men. The price has got down dreadfully low and simply refuses to budge either one way or the other. Bears argue that the receipts are so heavy and that the market is so glutted that the price ought to go lower; others say that the present price is absurdly low, that though stocks in America are increasing those in Europe are almost run out, and that prices ought to go up. Meantime the market remains about steady, the fluctuations of a day's market barely exceeding one cent.

Cash transactions at Chicago were few and far between, but they evinced a firmer tone. The closing quotation was a quarter of a cent higher than yesterday, namely, 52½c. September wheat opened steady and for the greater part of the day showed a very slight fluctuation, well within the cent limit. There was a gleam of satisfaction when the market closed with prices three-eighths to one half of a cent higher than the closing price yesterday, namely, 53⅞c to 43½c.

The receipts and shipments at big American centres to-day give an idea of how rapidly wheat is accumulating on this continent. The figures are as follows:

RECEIPTS.

	Bushels.
Chicago	520,000
New York	201,825
Milwaukee	3,000
Toledo	321,000
St. Louis	115,000
Duluth	168,000
Detroit	70,000
Minneapolis	84,000
	1,382,825

SHIPMENTS.

	Bushels.
Chicago	9,000
New York	36,824
Milwaukee	1,000
Toledo	133,000
St. Louis	5,000
Duluth	34,000
Detroit	7,000
Minneapolis	38,000
	263,824

SUDDEN DEATH.

An Express Driver Falls From His Seat—Dead Before Reaching the Hospital.

James Barr, of 533 St. Urbain street, dropped from his express waggon this afternoon about two o'clock and before he reached the hospital had breathed his last. He was an old and trusted employee of the Dominion Express Company, and had just finished delivering some boxes to Renaud, King & Patterson, on Fortification lane, and mounting his seat got as far as the STAR Office on Fortification lane, when he was seen to fall from his seat. Assistance was immediately on hand, and Constable Jefferson, of No. 5 Police Station, who was on beat at this point, rang in for the patrol waggon. This vehicle was not five minutes in getting to the spot, and instead of going back to the station took him as quickly as possible to the General Hospital, but on arrival there it was found that they carried a corpse. This institution could not take in dead bodies, so that it was necessary to take the body to the morgue. The deceased leaves a wife and three children, who are in the country, and so far it has been impossible to locate them. An inquest will be held to-morrow.

ORLEANISTS STILL DEFIANT.

The Brothers Did Not Touch the Wharf on Her Last Trip.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

QUEBEC, August 1.—When the steamer Brothers arrived last evening at St. John, Ile d'Orleans, where the recent troubles occurred, the captain was ordered by Inspector O'Leary not to approach the wharf.

The captain obeyed the instructions and landed the passengers in boats, which transferred them to the beach. Some of the goods on board were also conveyed to the beach in the boats, and what remained on board, consigned to St. John's, was brought back to the city this morning, as the Brothers did not touch the wharf on its return trip. It is said that orders have been received here for the immediate discharge of the collector at St. John's.

Great interest is taken here as to the outcome of the trouble. Yesterday everything was quiet, but a row was expected to break out at any moment. On Monday evening, Constable Giroux and McCualg of the Dominion police force, did not go down to the wharf on the arrival of the steamboat Brothers, as their orders are only to protect the collector, Charles Langlois, and as the latter failed to put in an appearance the constables wisely remained away, as they no doubt would have been severely dealt with. When the boat arrived at the St. John's wharf, the latter was crowded with the parishioners, who cheered enthusiastically when the boat left. One enthusiastic parishioner sang "Vive la Canadienne," while the others joined in the chorus. The goods were transferred from the wharf to the road without any person putting in an appearance to collect the tax. The crowd then embarked in hay-carts and triumphantly drove through the village. Later in the evening a number of the rioters walked down to Gosselin's boarding house, where the two constables are staying, and fired revolvers, the bullets in several cases striking the walls of the houses. At midnight they returned and threw stones at the house and then weat down to the wharf where they continued firing off their revolvers. Yesterday morning the collector and constables failed to appear on the arrival of the boat, and consequently no trouble ensued.

Inspector O'Leary, with Constables Menard and Barbour, of the Dominion Police, arrived here yesterday afternoon, and proceeded to St. John at 4.30 by the Brothers, to reinforce the other two constables.

For Calling Him Names.

Damien Henault, bailiff, has taken an action against F. X. Lemonde, master printer, for $2,000 damages, alleging that Lemonde, on the 29th of August 1893, insulted him in public, calling him "canaille," "faussaire," "voleur," "crasse," etc.

DOMINION ELECTORAL LIST.

REGISTRATION OF VOTERS HAS COMMENCED.

The Electoral Divisions of Montreal and Where Voters are Expected to Register.

The registration of voters for the Dominion Parliament was opened this morning, and qualified voters will be enabled to register until the first of October next. This has been provided for by the amendment to the Redistribution Act of 1892 adopted at last session. There is a large class of young men who are qualified to vote, and it is expected that they will register. The two classes from which most are expected are those having incomes of $300 per annum and sons of owners of real estate which is valued to give a clear $300 valuation to each claimant.

THE REVISING BARRISTERS,

offices and office hours are as follows:

MONTREAL WEST.

Judge Archibald, revising barrister for the West, has opened his office in the Fraser Institute Hall, corner of Dorchester and University streets. The hours will be from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m., and 9 a. m. to noon on Saturday.

MONTREAL CENTRE.

Henry J. Kavanagh, Q. C., revising barrister. The office will be open at No. 3 Place d'Armes Hill, from 10 to 6 daily, and 10 till 12 on Saturday.

MONTREAL EAST.

Judge Mathieu is the revising barrister for this division, and will have his office in the office of his son, G. E. Mathieu, 1617 Notre Dame Street and 5 St. Lambert Hill. The hours will be from 10 till 6 every day; Saturday from 10 till 12.

HOCHELAGA.

J. J. Beauchamp, B.C.L., is the revising barrister for the electoral district of Hochelaga, which takes in St. Gabriel Ward, Cote St. Antoine, St. Henri and Ste. Cunegonde. His office is at 54 St. James Street, where he can be seen in regard to revision work from 10 till 6, or 10 till 12 on Saturday.

THE QUALIFICATONS OF A VOTER

are simple and easily understood. He must be of full age and a British subject, not disqualified by any law of the Dominion from voting. In addition to this he must (a) own real estate within his electoral district of the value of more than $300; (b) be a tenant of real property at a rental exceeding $24 per annum, and have been a tenant of real property within the Dominion of Canada for more than a year previous to his application; (c) be a resident in the electoral district, and have been a resident of Canada and derived an income therein of more than $300 per annum, for more than one year previous to his application; or (d) be the son of a real property owner, residing with his parents, where the property is of the value of more than $300 for each person claiming to be registered in respect thereof.

The following sworn declaration must be made by all claimants:

"I, ——, hereby solemnly declare that I am entitled to vote, and to have my name entered upon the list of voters now being prepared under the above mentioned Act for the Electoral Districts of Montreal West. I am a British subject, of the full age of twenty-one years, and am not disqualified by any law of the Dominion of Canada from voting. In addition to the foregoing I possess the qualifications mentioned in paragraph No.—in the schedule below printed. All which I solemnly declare under the Act for the Suppression of Voluntary and Extra-judicial Oaths, and I apply for registration upon the lists for said Electoral District now being revised."

The preliminary revision is based on the municipal lists so far as proprietary and tenant voters are concerned. Every voter in these classes should be found in the city lists. To facilitate the work of the revisers, they request that no applications be made by these classes of voters until after September 15, when the preliminary revision shall be well advanced.

Sons of property-owners and "income" voters are required to make application for registration at every revision, whether they have been on the lists before or not. Every one who is entitled to vote should obtain a form and hand in his application to the revising barrister of his district, the sooner the better. In the case of "income" voters it should be remembered that they register and vote in the district where they reside, not where their place of business is.

So far no additional revising barristers have been appointed and nothing definite in this direction has yet been done by the Government.

The districts as constituted by the last redistribution act are:

Electoral district of Hochelaga—Towns of Cote St. Antoine, Ste. Cunegonde, and St. Henri; St. Gabriel Ward.

Electoral district of Maisonneuve—Towns of Maisonneuve and Coteau St. Louis; (St. Denis Ward), village of Cote de la Visitation and Mile End; Hochelaga and St. Jean Baptiste Wards.

Electoral district of St. Mary's—St. Mary's Ward.

Electoral district of St. James—St. James and East Wards.

Electoral district of St. Lawrence—St. Louis and St. Lawrence Wards.

Electoral district of St. Antoine—St. Antoine Ward.

Electoral district of St. Ann—Centre, West and St. Ann Wards.

The list will not come into force until after the dissolution of the present Parliament, but by the act in amendment to the act of 1892 the Governor-General-in-Council is authorized to appoint revising barristers in districts affected by the act. The present barristers will carry on the revision in Montreal.

JAPAN'S NAVAL POWER.

An Expert's Opinion on its Utility and Strength.

LONDON, August 1.—In an interview had by a press representative with Sir Edward James Reed, M.P., formerly chief constructor of the British Navy and the designer of several of the Japanese warships, Sir Edward said the only vessel in the Navy of Japan worthy of being called an iron-clad was the Foo Soo. This ship was a belted armor vessel from stem to stern, and was also armor-plated at her centre battery. She had also recently received new armament. The Japanese, Sir Edward said, had for many years abandoned the plan of building armored battleships, preferring to rely upon a larger number of fast cruisers. This class of vessels, of which there are many in the Japanese navy, have no armor on their sides and are built with very thin plates. The Hi Yei and the Kongo are composite ships, with armor belts protecting their engines. They are very fast cruisers, but are unable to resist even the fire of the smallest machine guns, although their engines and other parts below the water line are afforded some protection by what is called a "protective deck." In spite of the fact that these vessels are practically defenceless, they have enormous attacking powers which are furnished by their great speed and their splendid batteries of quick firing Krupp and Armstrong guns.

The Yoshino, the last of the Japanese vessels built on the Tyne, was pronounced by Sir Edward to be about the fastest cruiser in the world. The Yoshino has a record of 23 knots an hour, but though she is formidable by reason of her speed and armaments, she can only engage in battle at close range at the risk of destruction owing to her lack of defensive plating. On the other hand, however, she is able to inflict an immense amount of damage upon slower ships of inferior armament.

China, Sir Edward Reed said, has no such ships as those. She possesses only three ironclad cruisers and the maximum rate of speed attained by two of them is only 16½ knots an hour. Although the Japanese may be expected to be the more successful at the onset, their lack of armored ships will be found to be serious before the war can be brought to a conclusion.

The Tokio Government have already become sensible of this, Sir Edward remarked, as they have just ordered two powerful ironclads from England.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 1.—The Russian newspapers are unanimous in saying that whatever the result of the war between China and Japan, Russia will not tolerate any diminishment of Corean territory, or alienation of Corean independence. Russia, it is added, will not permit any interference on the part of Great Britain or any other power, if such interference endangers Russian interests.

Finally, the Russian newspapers urge the Government to adopt military and naval measures in the Pacific and upon the Russo-Corean frontier, calculated to uphold the interests of Russia should she be called upon to defend them.

LONDON, August 1.—Lord Kimberley, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, immediately, upon receipt of notice from the Japanese Government that war had been declared, wired all British representatives abroad to warn captains of merchant vessels of the fact, in order that they might form their cargo accordingly. Any contraband of war comprised in cargoes will be handled at the risk of the owners or charterers of the vessels.

THE YOUNG ST. JULIENS.

Their Bodies Not Recovered From the Lake—Details of Drowning.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

AYLMER, Que., August 1.—To-day Aylmer mourns the loss of two of her brightest and most popular young men, in the persons of the brothers, Louis and Eugene St. Julien, the only sons of Judge St. Julien, of this town.

On Monday evening the two brothers started out to have a sail on the lake, intending to return at an early hour, to take part in the amusements at the bazaar in the new church. The night wore on, and although some uneasiness was felt for their safety, it was generally supposed that they had stopped with some campers on the opposite side of the lake.

As morning brought no tidings of the missing boys, a search party was speedily organized and Baillie's yacht and a number of small boats, supplied with grappling irons, conveyed the searchers to the scene of the disaster, near Beatty's Point.

About a mile from shore were found their coats and other articles of clothing and the upturned boat and oars. To one of the oars was attached a handkerchief which had evidently been used as a distress signal. The mast and sail were also found with the halyards cut through as if by a knife, but no trace was to be found of the bodies of the poor boys. The members of the Aylmer Boating club saw them in the evening in questing the sails set, well out from Corbett's Island. Shortly afterwards the sail was missed and it was supposed they had taken it in on account of the freshening breeze. This was the last seen of the craft or occupants until they were found as described. At sunset one of the Sisters in the Aylmer convent witnessed the capsizing of a sail boat in the direction of Corbett's Island, but as other boats were in close proximity, she did not consider it necessary to give the alarm. It is thought the bodies are somewhere between that portion of the lake opposite the Island and Beatty's Point.

Flags are flying at half-mast on the Aylmer Boating Club House and elsewhere. Louis St. Julien, the eldest boy, was 21 years of age, and his brother, Eugene, was 18. The former was studying to become an electrician with Ahearn & Soper, of Ottawa.

The search for the bodies is going on to-day.

THE WELLINGTON BRIDGE.

Demand of the Street Railway for Greater Facilities.

OTTAWA, Aug. 1.—At a meeting of the Railway Committee of the Privy Council to-day, H. Abbott, Q.C., on behalf of the Montreal Street Railway, asked that the Wellington swing bridge over Lachine canal be provided with interlocking block and signals, and that the Government pay part of the cost.

Mr. Haggart said that the committee could not charge the Government with any amount of money, as a sum would have to be placed on the estimates and the authority of Parliament obtained. He would, however, consider the matter and that was all that could be done in the matter. Mr. Ethier was present in behalf of the city.

The report of Mr. Schrieber on the application of the Montreal Street Railway, which came up yesterday, has not been put in yet. Solicitor-General Curran is watching matters on behalf of his constituents at Point St. Charles, who are interested.

HE PRAISED HALIFAX.

His Excellency Formally Welcomed by an Enthusiastic Populace.

HALIFAX, N. S., August 1.—The Governor-General and the Countess of Aberdeen and party were formally welcomed to Halifax by the Mayor and Corporation at noon. The City Hall was crowded with a brilliant audience of citizens and naval and military officers.

Lord Aberdeen responded to the address in a felicitous speech, in which he referred to the fact that one of the earliest titles in his family was a baronetcy of ancient Nova Scotia. He was charmed with what he had seen of Halifax and its delightfully cool climate. To use the words of Emerson, "Halifax was the only place he had yet seen which came up to the brag."

THE BIRR EPISODE.

DUBLIN, August 1.—Kathleen O'Donovan and Annie Desmond, the servant girls who were recently assaulted by officers attached to the garrison, at Birr, have been dismissed from their employment, the Adjutant-General ordering that they be not allowed to reside within the garrison.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

SALES.

5 Montreal 219; 1 Merchants 163¾; 34 Peoples 125; 90 Cable 139; 5 St. Ry. 149¾; 125 St. Ry. n.s. 144¾; 10 Telegraph 149¾.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Reported for the STAR by Gordon, Strathy & Co., Stock Brokers, 9 St. Sacrament street.

Close	Aug. 1 Ask.	Aug. 1 Bid.	July 31. Ask.	July 31. Bid.
Canadian Pacific Ry. xd	63½	63	63¼	62¾
Do do Land Bonds	—	100	—	100
Commercial Cable	139½	139¾	139¾	139
Duluth S. S. & Atlantic	6	4	6	4
Do do	16	12	10	12½
Montreal Telegraph	149¾	149¾	150	149¼
Rich. & Ont. Nav. Co.	75	70	75	70
Montreal St. Ry. Co.	149¾	149½	149¾	149
do New Stock	145	144½	145	144
Montreal Gas Co.	169¾	169¾	169¾	168
Bell Telephone Co.	145	143¾	145	143
Do New Stock	142	141½	142	141¾
Royal Electric	130	120	130	125
Do Bonds	—	—	—	—
Bank of Montreal	219½	216½	219½	216
Ontario Bank	110	—	110	—
Bank of Ottawa	—	—	—	—
People's Bank	130	125	130	123
Molsons Bank	168¼	165	169¼	165
Bank of Toronto	256	246	256	246
Jacques Cartier Bank	120	115	120	113
Merchants Bank	166	163½	165	163
E. Township Bank	—	—	—	—