The Montreal Daily Star

VOL. XVIII., NO. 191. MONTREAL, MONDAY, AUGUST 16, 1886. PRICE ONE CENT.

RIOTING RESUMED.

A Sunday Rifle Fight in Belfast.

Many Persons Killed and Wounded—Orange Riot in Lancashire — Verdicts of Murder Against Belfast Police —Constabulary Attacked at Dungannon.

LONDON, August 15.—Rioting has been resumed in Belfast. From midnight last night until 4 o'clock this morning a rifle fight was in progress on the Shankhill road and the Old Falls road. One person was killed and many were wounded. The town is seething. Another despatch from Belfast says: Sectarian strife has recurred in a deplorable, cold blooded fashion. Expert marksmen this morning conducted a rifle fight from roof tops, chimney stalks and street corners. Immense crowds of partisans, who carefully kept out of range, were prepared to assist by supplying ammunition and removing the wounded. The sides were equally divided. The moon shone brightly throughout the contest. The Orangemen admit that one of their men, named Mcfarlane, was killed, and that two more, named Smith and Johnson, were mortally wounded; also that there were numerous minor casualties on their side. They claim that they killed and wounded many Catholics, but the latter deny that they sustained

SERIOUS INJURY.

Many houses were riddled by bullets. Whenever the military appeared the combatants shifted their ground. Finally at 5 o'clock, after the riot act had been twice read, the troops charged upon the crowds and cleared the streets temporarily. An old man and two women, the inmates of a house on Conway street, from which many shots had been fired, were arrested. They stated that three men had forced an entrance into the house and had remained there all night, firing from the roof. A howling crowd escorted the prisoners to the gaol. The mob to-day repeatedly fired upon the police. A tavern owned by a Catholic, situated in a Protestant district was footed. The order instructing the police to use buckshot instead of bullets has been rescinded. The populace is sullen and menacing.

ALL QUIET AT MIDNIGHT.

LONDON, August 16.—A despatch from Belfast says that at 2 o'clock this morning the city was quiet. The priests, by supplicating exertions, induced the Catholics to retire at midnight. All the wounded were doing well except one little girl, who had been shot in the chest and was said to be dying.

THE TROUBLE SPREADS TO ENGLAND.

LONDON, August 15.—An Orange procession while passing through the streets of Widnes, Lancashire, yesterday evening was jeered at by the spectators. The Orangemen thereupon broke ranks and attacked the crowd. One of the spectators was stabbed and mortally wounded, and two policemen and a number of other persons were injured.

THE POLICE BLAMED.

Belfast, August 14.—The jury in the case of John Edgeworth, a laborer, who was shot and killed by a shot from a recent riot, brought in a unanimous verdict of wilful murder against unknown members of the police force. The police do not dare to venture into the Shankhill road district for fear of attack by mobs.

POLICE ATTACKED BY A MOB.

DUBLIN, August 14.—A detachment of Kildare police, while marching from the Dungannon railway station to the barracks to-day, was attacked by a mob with stones and bottles. The crowd was soon dispersed without bloodshed. It is feared there will be trouble in Lurgan and Newry to-morrow.

NEWS OF THE WORLD CONDENSED.

Cable.

Lord Salisbury will remain at Osborne till Monday.

Princess Frederick Charles has returned to Potsdam.

The Prince and Princess of Wales have arrived at Homburg.

Emperor William has already resumed his regular work in the business of the state.

Two Dutch smuggling ships have been captured by British gunboats and towed into Leerwick.

The Empress Augusta joined the Emperor William at Babelsburg, on his way hither from Potsdam.

Extensive coal fields have been discovered in the vicinity of Dulcigno, Albania. The coal is of the best quality and easily accessible.

Saturday's cholera returns gave a total of 108 new cases and 78 deaths in Italy and 21 new cases with 8 deaths in Austria-Hungary.

M. Jolibois presided yesterday at a banquet of 500 Imperialists at St. Maude, France. A similar, but smaller, banquet was held at Bordeaux.

Three shocks of earthquake were felt in Malta, Saturday, at intervals of eight hours. No damage was done, but the people were made frantic with fear.

A memorial asking the appointment of a royal commission on the currency question is being circulated in England. Many members of the House of Commons have signed the petition.

Premier de Freycinet stated at a meeting of the French Cabinet, Saturday, that the Pope had not yet decided finally regarding the despatch of a nuncio to Pekin and that negotiations between France and the Vatican were still proceeding.

Sunday being the two hundredth anniversary of the capture of Buda from the Turks, Premier Tisza opened an historical museum at Pesth, in commemoration of the day, in the presence of all the political and learned notabilities in Hungary and a large concourse of people. The Premier delivered a patriotic speech, which was enthusiastically applauded.

American.

Forest fires have begun burning again at Humboldt, Chocolay, Baraga and along the line of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway in Wisconsin. A great area of pine timber is being burned over and much damage done.

During a game of baseball on the Medford, Mass., baseball grounds, Saturday afternoon, between the Medfords and Hinghams, Charles Larrabee, the umpire, was killed by a foul tip. He was standing back of the striker and the ball struck him with terrific force over the heart and killed him almost instantly.

It is understood in Washington the mission of Gen. Sedgewick to Paso del Norte and Chihuahua is not in any sense of a diplomatic nature, but is undertaken at the request of the Secretary of State for the purpose of examining into the facts and legal features of the Cutting case. His journey may be extended to the city of Mexico.

Out of 98 counties in Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Nebraska, Kansas and Missouri, from which returns were received during last week, only 18 predict a full average yield of corn. Thirty counties indicate not to exceed one-half an average yield; 16 indicate not to exceed one-fourth of a crop; 26 report the promise of three-fourths of an average; while 10 promise a yield of not to exceed 5 to 10 bushels an acre unless for fodder.

Canadian.

Hon. Messrs. Bowell and Foster, with Mr. N. F. Anderson, engineer of the Marine Department, left Ottawa, Saturday evening, for British Columbia.

It is stated in Ottawa that several reforms in the Canadian militia service recommended by Major-General Middleton will shortly be instituted.

The parcels post service recently inaugurated is reported to be working very successfully so far, and to be availed of by considerable numbers of merchants and others.

Summers & Co., dry goods merchants, Yonge street, Toronto, have assigned. Their liabilities are placed at $15,000 and assets $12,000. The cause of trouble is said to be accumulation of bad debts.

Mr. Conrad Kohrs, a ranchman from Montana, has had an interview with the Government at Ottawa respecting the 20 per cent. import duty upon live cattle about to be imposed. He urges that this will virtually prohibit the importation of cattle from the States for stocking the North-West grazing lands.

A young woman named Maloney, residing on Ashburnham Hill, Ottawa, narrowly escaped being burned to death, Saturday evening. She was carrying a lamp, when the oil in it took fire and the lamp bursting, the flames spread to her clothing. She ran screaming into the street, where two young men who were passing promptly tore off the burning clothes. She was severely burned about the body and face.

Letters patent have been issued incorporating Jas. Cooper, of Montreal, merchant and manufacturer; Frederick Fairman, Montreal, merchant; Charles Carroll Colby, of Stanstead Plain, advocate; James Cooper McCormick, Montreal, bookkeeper, and Angus McIntyre Thom, Montreal, bookkeeper, as Wire manufacturers, etc., by the name of "The Dominion Wire Rope Company, limited," with a total capital stock of $50,000, divided into 500 shares of $100.

A yacht containing F. Aldrich, J. Hannan and T. H. Russell, all of Ottawa, capsized in the river off East Templeton yesterday morning through a sudden squall and in a dense fog. The occupants clung to the rigging for three hours and were rescued by the lumbermen of Greene shoal boom. The yacht was recovered and righted by Mr. Laberge, lighthouse keeper at Greene shoal, and left for Ottawa. The three occupants lost most of their clothing.

THE KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

Cardinal Gibbons on Cardinal Taschereau's Letter—The Condemnation only Meant to Apply to Quebec.

BALTIMORE, August 14. Cardinal Gibbons said to-day "Cardinal Taschereau's condemnation of the Knights of Labor should not be taken as the sentiment of the church towards that organization. I am not familiar with the labor organization in Quebec, but it is certain that the Cardinal's hostility grew out of some local laws or conduct of the Knights, which are contrary to the doctrines of the church. As to the Knights of Labor organization in the United States, I have not thoroughly examined their constitution or studied their purposes, but from the newspapers and Mr. Powderly's public statements I infer that the objects of the Knights are praiseworthy and in no way opposed to the views of the church. The Catholic prelates will to a man declare in favor of the organization of labor. There can be no wrong in such a course. Organization is the basis of all progress, political, social and religious. Only when it is abused does the church raise her voice and call out her children. We hold," he said, "that if a man joins a society, swearing never to reveal any of its workings, no matter how criminal, and to obey the dictates of its officers, blindly, he surrenders his personal liberty, becomes a slave to his fellowman and cannot partake of the sacraments of the church. On the other hand, if a man joins an organization swearing to keep secret its workings with the proviso that nothing therein shall be contrary to the laws of the land, his conscience and religious tenets, we hold that his action is perfectly justified. The whole question as to the church's attitude towards the Knights of Labor depends upon which of these two oaths the members take. If the latter, and in accordance with Mr. Powderly's statements, then the church says to the Knights of Labor 'God speed you.'"

THE EUROPEAN POWERS.

The Significance of the Recent Meeting at Gastein—An Understanding Between Austria, Germany and England.

BERLIN, August 14.—The Russian press persists in maintaining that the recent meetings between the German and Austrian emperors signify a closer *rapprochement* between Germany and Austria, and a relative estrangement between both these powers and Russia. The newspapers of St. Petersburg and Moscow have become very hostile to Germany, and devote much space to attacks on the whole German race. Military circles in Berlin are indignant over the conduct of the Russian officers in St. Petersburg in recently banqueting Paul DeRenledes, the great French advocate in Russia, of a war of *revanche* against Germany. At the banquet the Frenchman delivered a speech advocating a Franco-Russian alliance against Germany. The speech was loudly cheered by the Russians. The military *attache* of the German embassy at St. Petersburg had not been invited to be present at the Russian military manœuvres at Warsaw.

LONDON, August 15. The *Economist* says: "The Batoum affair and the Bulgarian difficulty have rendered Prince Bismarck suspicious of Russia, and have led Germany and Austria to discover the Russians' selfishness. This may lead to an informal understanding between Germany, Austria and England, which may serve the purpose of a triple alliance for the maintenance of peace without the risks and responsible irksomeness of an ordinary alliance."

TORONTO'S MUNICIPAL SCANDALS.

Application for an Injunction — Arrival of Symons, the Defaulting Bookkeeper.

TORONTO, August 14.—Argument on the applications for an injunction to restrain certain parties from examining P. Burns' books on the ground that they had been illegally seized, took place at Osgoode Hall this morning. The application was enlarged till Tuesday, the Crown counsel promising that meantime nothing will be done to prejudice the interests of the accused. Counsel for the accused complained that although an agreement was made at the Police Court on Thursday that none but accountants for the Crown and Mr. Burns would examine the books, Mayor Howland was busily engaged this morning in going over the books with the accountant for the Crown.

TORONTO, August 15.—Detective Reburn left on Friday night for Detroit and returned last night accompanied by Chas. H. Symons, the defaulting bookkeeper of P. Burns, coal merchant. Symons will give evidence for the Crown on Wednesday in the cases against Burns and others for defrauding the city and Government. No one will be permitted to interview Symons, as he will be under the special care of Reburn.

SOCIALIST DEMONSTRATION.

Fifty Thousand Workmen and Socialists Parade the Streets of Brussels.

BRUSSELS, August 14.—Midnight.—The national fêtes have begun, a grand military fête announcing the opening of festivities. The streets were densely crowded, but there is no disorder. Soldiers preceded by bands of music are parading and boys are marching through the streets singing the "Marseillaise."

BRUSSELS, August 15.—Fifty thousand provincial workmen and Socialists took part in the Socialist procession to-day, which was organized as a demonstration in support of the demands for universal suffrage and amnesty to Germans and other foreigners. The demonstration was orderly. Thirteen thousand railway tickets were issued to-day to passengers coming to Brussels. The procession dispersed quietly. The council of the labor party has sent to the Premier a petition for universal suffrage, which will be submitted to Parliament. The Cabinet held a council this afternoon.

TRANSATLANTIC TRAVELLERS.

Passengers per Steamship "Circassian," from Liverpool.

EMIGRANT STATION, Que., August 15.—List of saloon passengers per steamship "Circassian" for Quebec: Mr. Arthur Allan, Mrs. Bellhouse, Mr. James Black, Capt. F. R. B. Bryan, Miss Byrch, Mr. Henry Birks, Mrs. Birks, Rev. C. Bohrer, Mr. A. Campbell, Tester F. Carroll, Mr. Cater, Mrs. Cater, Sister L. Clarkson, Sister J. Daley, Mr. Geo. Dennison, Mr. R. P. Drage, Mr. Ellis, Sister P. Fitzgerald, Lieut.-Col. Gardner, Mr. H. Gear, Sister R. Grant, Rev. F. J. Hardee, Rev. W. B. Hinson, Mrs. Hinson, Mr. King Houston, Sister S. Kelley, Mr. F. Littlejohn, Hon. Judge Loranger, Mr. J. M. Loranger, Mr. L. W. Marchand, Mrs. Marriott, Mr. J. B. McIver, Mr. K. McIver, Sister E. Murray, Sister T. Murta, Mr. Muskett, Mr. T. Nichol, Sister H. O'Neal, Miss Stinson, Sister A. Swales, Mr. H. S. Warner, Mrs. L. Warren, Miss Warren.

DAVITT ON HOME RULE.

Immense Gathering of Irish Sympathizers at Chicago.

The Father of the Land League Reviews the Situation and Urges a Moderate Policy —The Progress of the National Cause and the Effect of the Late Elections.

CHICAGO, August 14.—There was a tremendous concourse of sympathizers with the Home Rule movement at Ogden's grove, in this city, to-day. The meeting was presided over by ex-Congressman John T. Finerty, who introduced Michael Davitt as the first speaker. He was greeted with tremendous cheering. On the platform were Alex. Sullivan, P. Egan, P. M. Brady, John Boyle O'Reilly. The Clan Na Gael Guards and the Hibernian Rifles served as an escort to the speakers to the park. It is estimated that 10,000 people were on the grounds. In the course of his speech Mr. Davitt said the defeat of Mr. Gladstone's measure of Home Rule in Parliament and the rejection by the English electorate of the appeal which he made against this decision has placed the reins of Government in the hands of the bitterest enemies of Irish national sentiment. This is not so much of a misfortune for the cause of Home Rule itself as for the evil consequences which a postponement of the question cannot fail to bring, in inflicting on Ireland continued

TURMOIL AND AGITATION.

The methods which were resorted to in accomplishing the defeat of Mr. Gladstone's efforts were as mean and unscrupulous as the triumph which they achieved will be fruitless and fleeting. Mr. Gladstone appealed to the heads and hearts of the British people to right a mighty wrong, which has inflicted miseries on Ireland. The appeal for justice to Ireland was addressed to what is good in English nature. A counter appeal was made by the Tories and Unionists to the prejudice, bigotry and fear of their countrymen, with the result that the meaner traits in English character have triumphed for a time over the better. He thought the result of the recent election would have been more favorable to Ireland had the Home Rule plan not been weighted down with the Land Purchase bill. This opposition to buying out the Irish landlords, he said, is in itself a significant sign of the times and a victory for Irish and reformers, as well as a tribute to the movement of the Land League which began

THE ASSAULT ON THE CITADEL

of Irish landlordism. If England will not bring out its territorial garrison in Ireland, the landlords must ultimately surrender or make terms with the Irish nation. Speaking of the feeling widely prevalent in America and among the Loyalists in Great Britain that the defeat of Mr. Gladstone's Home Rule proposals is not an unmixed evil, he said in many respects the constitution provided by the bill was ultra-moderate. The limitations of power, curtailment of privilege, and the amount of tribute were justly unsatisfactory and irritating. The safeguards provided for the interests of the British Empire were ridiculously unnecessary, but they paid an unconscious tribute to the determination of the Irish nation in the struggle for liberty. These blots in the bill being unpleasable, many men in America charged us with weakness in consenting to accept such a solution of the Irish question. Notwithstanding all the drawbacks of the measure it must be credited with recognizing, in the exclusion of the Irish representation from Westminster and the constitution of a

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY IN DUBLIN,

the national principle for which our race has so long contended, while the very limitations placed to the powers of the proposed Irish legislature bore testimony to the fear which Irish patriotism has caused in the English mind. This recognition of the national idea compensated, from my point of view, for most of the blots in the proposed constitution, and induced me, when consulted by Mr. Parnell, to join with him in accepting Mr. Gladstone's proposal and asking a fair trial for it at the hands of the Irish people. The progress of the Irish cause must not be judged by either an optimistic or pessimistic estimate of Mr. Gladstone's home rule scheme. Account must be taken of the forces which were arrayed against that cause, the disparity in resources between a poor country with five millions of people, having a dismal record of centuries of political subjection and tyranny, and the power of the greatest Empire of the world. Judged from this point of view, what are the possibilities of our movement when we compare

THE POSITION OF THE IRISH CAUSE

ten years ago with that which it occupies to-day? The landlord garrison of Ireland is to-day so battered and broken that England refuses to buy them out. More manifestos and determinations are shown by the Irish landlords in protecting their interest. Dublin Castle has become so politically impoverished that no English party is so poor as to do it the slightest reverence. In a word, the institution which ruled Ireland ten years ago is hopelessly doomed today. The greatest of England's statesmen, the Prime Minister, who imprisoned 1000 Land Leaguers in 1881, has brought forward a measure in 1886, which, if carried, would have made some of the "ex-suspects" the practical rulers of Ireland. Not only this, but the majority of the English Liberal party, with a million and a half of British voters, have endorsed this remarkable change of policy on the part of Mr. Gladstone. Scotland and Wales, by the voice of their electorate, and the British colonies by that of their press, sustain the proposal which would substitute in the government of Ireland an Irish Parliament for English coercion, while Ireland itself, instead of being what she was ten years ago, is practically

MASTER OF HER OWN DESTINY,

within her own limits and stands to-day the object of constant attention, discussion and sympathy with the entire civilized world. Not only this. Our movement in Ireland rests upon two principles of such unquestionable right and such universal application that it is bound to win more and more of external moral support day by day. If we will only continue to shape and control our efforts in such a way as will compel the electors of person in every right thinking mind to earnestly wish us success. Speaking of the future prospects of the Irish cause, Mr. Davitt said in conclusion: "The situation in Ireland at the present moment is such as may draw largely upon the patience and forbearance which I ask from my countrymen in America. Mr. Gladstone's defeat has handed the government of Ireland into the hands of its landlord garrison. To impulsive and unreflecting minds this might seem like the complete defeat of our policy and overthrow our movement. Impatient enthusiasts may be induced to affirm that sterner means are now required, when pacific ones have apparently failed, and that England, which has rejected a moderate measure of Home Rule, will never consent to reconsider her verdict unless induced to do so by other than constitutional methods. This emphatically is

NOT THE BELIEF OF THE LEADERS.

They are neither disheartened nor dismayed at the reverse recently sustained. Nor do they believe the methods employed in this constitutional fight to be either blunted or impaired while resolute hands and cool heads are still to the front, determined to face again an enemy intoxicated with unexpected and temporary success. The parliamentary wing of the Irish national movement has received a check in its Westminster operations. For the past few years Mr. Parnell has held the balance of power in the House of Commons and the right for Irish autonomy has been chiefly there. The fortunes of electioneering war transferred this balance for a time to the hands of Hartington and Chamberlain, but it will change the scene of action from Westminster to Ireland where, despite the might and resources of England, Irish national sentiment holds the field in impregnable position. Here it will be called upon to defend

THE HOMES OF THE PEOPLE,

but the power of the sentiment for which it will combat leaves no doubt as to the issue of the struggle. In attempting to violate the inviolable rights of the hearth stone, in assaulting the influences which cluster around the homesteads of a people, our landlord Tory rulers may find themselves confronted by a spirit which nothing but the extermination of a race can overcome. It may be objected that this will mean a sociable policy rather than a national spirit of resistance. It will mean both, for just as the efforts which were made in Westminister for Home Rule would, if successful, free the tenantry of Ireland from the tyranny and injustice of landlordism, so will the fight of the Irish people for the emancipation of the land carry with it the contest for national self government.

Another demonstration was held during the day at the West side driving park under the auspices of what is known as the "Palmer House committee." There was a good attendance, but the throng went to Ogden's Grove owing to the presence of noted speakers there.

Medical.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York City.

OVER WORKED Women

For "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated school teachers, milliners, seamstresses, housekeepers, and over-worked women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best of all restorative tonics. It is not a "Cure-all," but admirably fulfills a singleness of purpose, being a most potent Specific for all those Chronic Weaknesses and Diseases peculiar to women. It is a powerful, general as well as uterine, tonic and nervine, and imparts vigor and strength to the whole system. It promptly cures weakness of stomach, indigestion, bloating, weak back, nervous prostration, debility and sleeplessness, in either sex. Favorite Prescription is sold by druggists under our positive guarantee. See wrapper around bottle. Price $1.00, or six bottles for $5.00.

A large treatise on Diseases of Women, profusely illustrated with colored plates and numerous wood-cuts, sent for 10 cents in stamps. Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

SICK HEADACHE, Bilious Headache, and Constipation, promptly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pellets. 25c. a vial, by druggists.

Washing Powder.

JAMES PYLE'S PEARLINE

The Great Invention, FOR EASY WASHING

In Hard or Soft, Hot or Cold Water, without Harm to Fabric or Hands.

No family, rich or poor, should be without it.

Sold by all Grocers, but *beware* of vile imitations. PEARLINE is manufactured only by JAMES PYLE, NEW YORK. 16zeod.

SOAPS.

J. BARSALOU & CO.,

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

FOLLOWING BRANDS OF SOAP.

IMPERIAL SOAP, Trade-Mark. Horse's Head.

HOUSEKEEPERS' SOAP, 1 lb. Bar. 60 lbs. per Box.

ALL-RIGHT SOAP, RED MOTTLED SOAP, BLUE MOTTLED SOAP, these are Naturally Mottled Soaps.

SHOE BLACKING.

Our Shoe Blacking is justly esteemed for its Brilliancy, Blackness and Leather Preserving Qualities. The name of the Firm is impressed on each Bar of Soap and each Box of Lye and Blacking. Beware of Imitations.

OFFICE AND FACTORY:

St. Catherine & Plessis, MONTREAL.

179ztf

HEALTH AND VIGOR QUICKLY RESTORED. Send for our new book on the cure of wasting weakness, debility and decay, mailed free to all afflicted. Address The Clarke Medical Co., East Haddam, Conn. 156z

Railroads.

CENTRAL VERMONT RAILROAD.

Trains Leave Montreal.

7.35 A.M.—Express arriving Farnham, 9.23 a.m., Granby 10.03 a.m., Waterloo 10.8 a.m., Magog 11.30 a.m., Sherbrooke 12.15 p.m. This train makes close connections at Magog, with Steamer "Mountain Maid" for Newport, Newport, Vt., and all points on Lake Memphremagog.

8.40 A.M.—White Mountain Express, with Pullman Buffet Parlor Cars to Fabyans, arriving 4.25 p.m., summit Mount Washington 6.30 p.m., Portland 8.00 p.m., Old Orchard Beach 8.30 p.m.

2.30 P.M.—Fast Train, arriving St. Albans, 10.30 a.m., Burlington 12.10 p.m., Montpelier 12.50 p.m., White River Junction, 2.55 p.m., Boston, via Lowell 7.30 and New York, via Springfield 10.30 p.m. Pullman Buffet Parlor Cars to Boston.

5.00 P.M.—New York and Boston Express arriving St. Albans 7.35 p.m. (supper), Burlington 8.05 p.m., Montpelier 11.25 p.m., Troy 2.35 a.m., Albany 3.30 a.m., New York 8.00 a.m., Worcester, 6.40 a.m., Boston 7.45 a.m., via Hoosac Tunnel and Fitchburg. Wagner Sleepers Montreal to New York and Pullmans St. Albans to Boston.

Through cars on this train arriving Waterloo 8.15 p.m., Magog 8.42 p.m., and Sherbrooke 9.35 p.m.

5.40 A.M.—Night Express, arriving St. Albans, 10.45 a.m., White River Junction 3.15 a.m., Manchester 6.25 a.m., Nashua 7.00 a.m., Boston, via Lowell 9.40 a.m., via Fitchburg, 9.35 a.m., New York via Northampton, Holyoke, Springfield, New Haven 11.45 a.m. Close connection at Nashua and Winchendon for Worcester, Providence and all points on New York and New England Railroads. Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars to Boston and Springfield.

For tickets, Time Tables and all information, apply at Windsor Hotel and Grand Trunk Offices, or at the Company's office, 136 St. James street.

A. C. SHEARER, Canadian Passenger Agent.

J. W. HOBART, Gen. Manager. C. W. CANNING, Gen. Pass. Agent.

July 7th, 1886.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. Commencing 14th June, 1886.

THROUGH EXPRESS PASSENGER TRAINS RUN DAILY (Sunday excepted) as follows:

Leave Levis	8.15 A.M.
Arrive Riviere du Loup	11.50 A.M.
Trois Pistoles	1.50 P.M.
Rimouski	3.29 "
Little Metis	5.34 "
Campbellton	7.00 "
Dalhousie Junction	7.35 "
Bathurst	9.50 "
Newcastle	10.50 P.M.
Moncton	1.40 A.M.
St. John	5.30 "
Halifax	9.10 A.M.

The Grand Trunk Trains leaving Montreal at 10.45 p.m. connect at Chaudiere Junction with these trains.

The Trains to Halifax and St. John run through to their destinations on Sundays.

The Sleeping Car leaving Montreal on Monday, Wednesday and Friday runs through to Halifax, and the one leaving on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday to St. John.

All trains are run by Eastern standard Time.

THROUGH TICKETS may be obtained via rail and steamer to all points on the Lower St. Lawrence and in the Maritime Provinces.

For tickets and all information in regard to passenger fares, rates of freight, train arrangements, &c., apply to

G. W. ROBINSON, Eastern Freight and Passenger Agent, 137 St. James Street, MONTREAL.

D. POTTINGER, Chief Superintendent. Railway office, Moncton, N.B., June 12th, 1886. 140z

Steamships.

ALLAN LINE —OR— ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

1886—SUMMER SERVICE—1886

From Liverpool.	STEAMSHIPS.	From Quebec.
July 29	Peruvian	Aug. 13
" 29	Sardinian	" 19
Aug. 6	Circassian	" 27
" 12	Polynesian	Sept. 7
" 19	Parisian	" 17
" 27	Sarmatian	" 27

From Glasgow.	STEAMSHIPS.	From Montreal
July 22	Corean	August 10
" 29	Siberian	" 18
Aug. 5	Hungarian	" 24
" 12	Lucerne	" 30
Aug. 12	Norwegian	Sept. 31
" 19	Huronian	Sept'r 7

From Liverpool.	STEAMSHIPS.	From Halifax.
July 29	Carthaginian	August 16
Aug. 5	Nova Scotian	" 23
" 17	Caspian	Sept. 13

From Glasgow.	STEAMSHIPS.	From Boston
July 21	Prussian	August 7
" 28	Waldensian	" 14
August 11	Canadian	" 28

For freights, passage, etc., (Bermudas) apply to

G. W. ROBINSON, 1368 ST. JAMES STREET, opposite St. Lawrence Hall.

H. A. ALLAN, 25 Common Street, Montreal. 80 State Street, Boston. 231z

Dominion Line of Royal Mail Steamers.

Liverpool Service.

SAILING DATES FROM QUEBEC.

MONTREAL ..... Friday 6th August
SORNIA ..... Thursday, 19th "
TORONTO ..... Friday, 20th "
*VANCOUVER ..... Thursday, 26th "

Bristol Service for Avonmouth Dock.

SAILING DATES FROM MONTREAL.

QUEBEC ..... Friday, 13th August
ONTARIO ..... Friday, 27th "

Rates of Passage from Quebec, $50 to $80, according to steamer and accommodation. Second Cabin, $35. Steerage lowest rates.

*These steamers have saloon, state-rooms, music-room, smoking-room and bath-rooms amidships, where but little motion is felt, and are noted for their speed.

Passengers for SS. MONTREAL, TORONTO and SARNIA can embark at Montreal; also those for the steamers sailing by Avonmouth.

Apply to W. D. O'BRIEN, 141 St. James Street, or D. TORRANCE & Co., Hospital Street.

Black Diamond Line

SUMMER EXCURSIONS IN THE RIVER AND GULF.

3000 miles and 18 days, on salt water $50
1500 " 10 " 35

Meals and Berth included.

The SS. "CORAN," SATURDAY, August 21st, the SS. "BONAVISTA," THURSDAY, September 2nd, will sail for Charlottetown, P.E.I., Pictou, N.S., and St. John's, Nfld.

Every accommodation has been provided for passengers' comfort; Elegant Saloons, Ladies' Cabins, Bath-rooms, Smoking-room, &c. Each vessel carries an experienced stewardess. For further particulars apply to

KINGMAN, BROWN & Co., 14 Custom House Square, Montreal.

Miscellaneous.

J. H. R. MOLSON & BROS., Ale and Porter Brewers, No. 286 ST. MARY STREET, MONTREAL.

Ale and Porter in Wood and Bottles. Families regularly supplied.

MR. WM. WATSON, 70 Formication Lane, bottler of Ales and Porter, is authorized to use our labels.

ORDERS RECEIVED BY TELEPHONE. 177zeod

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS ACTS UPON THE BOWELS, LIVER, KIDNEYS AND THE BLOOD.

REMOVED.

L. C. DeTONNANCOURT, MERCHANT TAILOR.

Has now removed to his new store,

No. 8 St. Lambert St.,

adjoining the old Ville Marie Bank.

His stock of Tweeds, Coatings, French and American Cloths, &c., &c., is Unsurpassed in the City.

Perfect Fit Guaranteed. 131z2aw

OAKLANDS KOUMISS.

In Health and Disease, a refreshing and invigorating Beverage made from Milk. Athletes use it. Dyspeptics assimilate it. Consumptives make flesh on it. Convalescents gain strength rapidly. It is Meat and Drink.

KOUMISS IS PREDIGESTED MILK FOOD, READY FOR IMMEDIATE ABSORPTION AND ASSIMILATION. IT IS A NUTRIENT AND A TONIC. PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND IT.

JAMES CHEESMAN, 54 St. Francois Xa. St. 159z

Specific Articles.

AHI DELORMIER, THE SHIRTMAKER, has just received a full assortment of Cambric, Marseille and Silk Scarfs, from 50, 60c, 75c and 85c each. Shirts and Collars made to order. 1700 NOTRE DAME STREET, 2nd door east of French Church. 164z

DRAIN PIPES!—PORTLAND, ROMAN and Canada Cements; Fire Bricks, Fire Clay. White Bricks, &c., &c. ALEX. BREMNER, 540 Craig street. 240z

JUST RECEIVED, EX SS. PARISIAN. A large quantity of Assorted Crates of English Crockery, 2nd quality, from the very best makers. Fine selection, good assortment, low prices. Wholesale only.

Z. GRAVEL, 251 St. Paul street, Montreal. 179ztf

Educational.

Montreal Business College.

Corner Notre Dame and Place d'Armes.

WILL RE-OPEN ON MONDAY, AUG. 16th.

The course of instruction is a short, sharp, and thorough drill, in practical education for business purposes. It includes, Bookkeeping in all its forms, Commercial and Mental Arithmetic, Penmanship and Business Correspondence, Commercial Law and Business Forms, English, French and Shorthand. The actual Business Department, is a characteristic feature of this College, it is thorough and complete in every detail, and gives the Student, actual practice and experience, in the various branches of business.

For particulars, apply at the College, or send for circular containing full description of the course, terms, etc.

Address, DAVIS & RUE. 180 tf

MRS. MILLAR'S & MISS PITT'S

ENGLISH AND FRENCH FINISHING AND PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR THE BOARD AND EDUCATION OF YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN.

No. 4 Prince of Wales Terrace, 893 Sherbrooke St., Montreal.

This School re-opens for its seventh session, in new premises, on September 15th.

Professors and competent teachers in all departments. Musical rehearsals, Literary conversazione, Shakspeare evenings, Lectures on Art, Science, Literature, and History form distinctive features of the Senior Classes. Preparatory department is well suited to the wants of young children. Special care and time is devoted to the study of Music and Painting. At home after the 6th Sept. Circulars on application. 188z

MONTREAL ACADEMY, 60, MACKAY STREET.

Rector: Rev. J. Williamson (of Glasgow and Edinburgh Universities). Mathematical Assistant: T. Hilder Davies, B.A. (Trinity Hall, Cambridge), with assistants for French and other branches.

Boys prepared for Royal Military College, Kingston, and for entering the second year of the Arts and Science Faculties at McGill, Queen's, and other Universities.

Bursary of $50 a year, tenable for 3 years, for competition by pupils junior class IV.

The Rector receives 2 boys as boarders.

The next session begins on Monday, 6th September, at 10 o'clock.

Prospectus on application. 190

MISS LAWDER'S SCHOOL, 110 MANSFIELD STREET.

Will be re-opened on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 13TH.

Circulars may be obtained at C. Ashford's and Dawson Brothers', St. Catherine street.

After September 1st, Miss Lawder will be at home every afternoon, to receive visitors on school business. 187 tf

BOARD OF THE Roman Catholic School Commissioners OF MONTREAL.

The reopening of the classes of the Polytechnic School, Plateau Academy, and of all the other schools under the control of the Board, will take place on

MONDAY, Aug. 30th.

The Evening Class of the Commercial Academy will open on MONDAY, October 4th.

For particulars apply to the Principal or the Director of each school. 190 18z

School of St. John the Evangelist, 278 ST. URBAIN STREET.

REV. EDMUND WOOD, M. A., Durham, Rector.

REV. ARTHUR FRENCH, B. A., Oxford, Headmaster, with competent assistants.

School will meet (D. V.) on Wednesday, September 8th. Boys are thoroughly grounded in all the branches of an English and classical education. The masters seek to impart to the boys a healthy, moral tone. The numbers are limited. A few boarders are received. z190

St. Francis College, (AFFILIATED TO McGILL UNIVERSITY), RICHMOND, P. Q.

OPENS SEPTEMBER 1ST, 1886.

Young Men prepared for Matriculation and for Teachers' Certificates. Thorough and Practical Business Course. Excellent Boarding Department. Send for New Calendar. to 184 16 PRINCIPAL BANNISTER, M.A.

LINCOLN COLLEGE, SOREL, P.Q.

The Fall term of the above institution will open on Wednesday, the 1st September. Applications should be made early to the undersigned from whom all information as to terms, &c., can be obtained.

HENRY J. EYALL, Principal. 182 23

MRS. LAY'S ESTABLISHMENT, FOR THE BOARD AND EDUCATION OF YOUNG LADIES 1736 and 1738 St. Catherine Street West

This school will re-open SEPTEMBER 15th. Music and the FRENCH LANGUAGE specialties. President French Governess. Pupils can be prepared for the University if desired. The attention of families residing at the West End is called to the advantages offered by Mrs. Lay's Collegiate and Kindergarten Department, suited to the wants of young children, is an important feature. Application personally or by letter to Mrs. LAY. 190 z

MRS. MERCER'S BOARDING AND DAY School, for young ladies and children will re-open on September the 8th, for the 17th Session. Special arrangements made for attending, either the whole or partial course at McGill College. Apply for circulars to Mrs. MERCER, 9 Prince of Wales Terrace, 903 Sherbrooke street. 194 3

KINDERGARTEN — FRŒBEL'S SYSTEM and Preparatory School.

The Misses McIntosh, will re-open the Kindergarten and Preparatory School on Thursday, Sept. 9th, at 27 Victoria St. In the Preparatory school, the children are instructed in all the branches of English and French, necessary to qualify them to enter the more advanced divisions of the High School. For further information, circulars may be obtained at Ashford's, Dawson's and McGallum's, and at the Kindergarten, where the Misses McIntosh will be at home on and after Monday, Sept. 6th, every afternoon to receive applications. 163

THE MONTREAL MUSIC SCHOOL, 1164 St. Catherine street, will re-open on Wednesday, 1st September.

The prospectus is inserted on page 273 of Lovell's City Directory, or may be had from the Principal, Professor W. Bohrer, who will be at the school daily after

The Daily Star.

GRAHAM & Co., Proprietors.
138 St. James Street.

THE DAILY STAR is sent to any part of the United States or Canada, postage free, a $3 a year, $1.50 for six months, and 90c for three months.

☞ We believe the circulation of THE STAR exceeds the combined issue of all the other English newspapers published in the city of Montreal. ☜

London, Eng., Office—American Agency, 449 Strand, W. C. R. P. Noah, correspondent and agent for advertising.

Correspondent and agent for French and Belgian advertising in THE STAR—Mons. A. Lorette, 61 Rue Caumartin, Paris, France.

CIRCULATION OF THE DAILY STAR FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 14, 1886.

Monday	24,849
Tuesday	24,854
Wednesday	24,992
Thursday	24,728
Friday	24,593
Saturday	26,149
Total	150,165

PRESENT DAILY AVERAGE

25,028.

MONDAY, AUGUST 16, 1886.

BOSSES IN TROUBLE.

The city of New York has now, not for the first time, a local scandal of the first magnitude. It is but a couple of months or so since some of her aldermen were sent to the State prison for corrupt dealings with a railway charter; to-day the sensation of the hour is the prosecution of the Commissioner of Public Works, Mr. Rollin M. Squire, and the boss of the County Democracy, Mr. Maurice B. Flynn, for a corrupt bargain by means of which Squire secured his office on condition of holding and exercising it subject to Flynn's orders at all times. With his own hand Squire wrote and signed a letter binding himself to be Flynn's creature in everything relating to the management of the Public Works Department of the city, provided Flynn would get certain aldermen to vote for his appointment. Flynn carried out his part of the agreement, and worked Squire into the office. The compact worked smoothly for a time; but, as Squire got accustomed to his office, he began to find it irksome not to be able to turn round in it without Flynn's permission. He tried at one time to persuade Flynn to give up the letter. The latter pretended to burn the letter before Squire's eyes in a fit of generosity; but in in reality, as he now confesses, he lied about it, the letter he destroyed not having been the one in which Squire was interested. Squire, thinking the letter was destroyed, began to grow independent. The agreement was that he was to appoint to his department whomsoever Flynn nominated, and dismiss any one whom Flynn might indicate for dismissal. This he would no longer do; and the leader of the County democracy began to consider how he could accomplish his quondam creature's downfall. He thought of course of the letter; but certain candid friends whom he consulted told him plainly that, while the letter might injure Squire, it would injure himself more and might even get him into gaol. Then the bright idea occurred to Flynn that, as he had himself several times bribed Squire to do various dirty jobs, he might turn States' evidence, and so ruin his enemy, while himself escaping punishment. The trouble with this plan was that the money he had advanced to Squire was nominally loaned; so that, as against Squire, the bribery might be hard to prove. But just while Flynn was racking his honest brains to discover a safe method of accomplishing his object, a Mr. Thompson, into whose custody the letter had been given, died very suddenly; and the letter, found among his papers, was given to the press. It was quickly lithographed, and now all the world knows how infamously these two men, Squire and Flynn, both of whom held their heads very high, tradicked in the most important office of the New York corporation.

A criminal prosecution has been instituted against both, and both are now held in $10,000 bail. Unfortunately, Squire and Flynn do not stand alone in their infamy. The City Chamberlain, Ivins, was the confidant of Flynn throughout; and it would seem as if the whole business was one thoroughly congenial to the mind of the average civic politician. Mr. Squire is a gentleman with some pretensions to culture, as might be expected when we say that he hails from Boston. When the city of New York was in mourning for General Grant, Squire struck his tuneful lyre and produced some verses which he insisted on displaying amongst the funeral decorations at the City Hall. Sad to say, the chaste effusion of the Boston bard did not suit the low level of New York taste. The papers criticized the poetry; and their strictures were so pointed and emphatic, that at last Mayor Grace ordered the verses to be removed. It was the same hand that penned the infamous letter to Flynn binding the writer to prostitute a high public office, and that produced an elegy on the fallen warrior. Alas, poor Grant!

If the ventilation of civic scandals can purify the political atmosphere of New York, there should be some chance, after what has recently occurred, of a partial purification at least taking place. It is difficult indeed not to believe that the many demonstrations afforded of the extreme insecurity attaching to corruption in connection with public trusts will not do something to re-habilitate the sadly decayed motto (in the latitude of New York at least) that honesty is the best policy. Who knows but that the time may come when it shall be roundly recognized that honesty is the best politics? We could stand a little education of opinion in that direction even here.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Lavioletie, warden of St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary, was in the city yesterday. His health is improving quickly.

Mgr. Grandin will leave shortly for the North-West, accompanied by ten nuns belonging to the order of "The Faithful Companions of Jesus," who have just arrived from England. They are to be stationed at Brandon, Prince Albert and Calgary.

On the 2nd inst., the Hon. Hector Fabre and Dr. Alfred R. C. Selwyn, were invested by the Queen as Companions of the Order of St. Michael and St. George. A special train was provided and Her Majesty's yacht "Alberta," conveyed them and other distinguished colonists from Portsmouth to Osborne.

THE LABOR CANDIDATES.

Meeting in the East End Yesterday Afternoon.

Mr. Gravel, the Candidate for Montreal East, Addresses the Electors.

Fully three thousand people were present at the Labor Candidates' meeting at St. James market yesterday afternoon. The gathering was a most peaceable one, and the speeches were listened to with great interest. The proceedings were opened shortly after three o'clock by the election of Mr. A. Brouillet as chairman.

Mr. Adelard Gravel, the candidate for Montreal East, was the first to speak. He was accorded a hearty reception and was repeatedly interrupted by applause. He opened his remarks by stating that the time had come for the working classes of Montreal to elect men to represent them who were acquainted with their wants and could see that justice would be done to them. If the electors of Montreal East did him the honor of electing him he would do his utmost to secure beneficial legislation, which was badly needed. A law that needed to be amended was that of the employer and employés. As it was now the protection was

ON THE SIDE OF THE EMPLOYER.

There was no protection whatever for women and children. The law relating to women and children employed in factories wholly failed to protect them. Men employed on railroads did not secure the protection which they were entitled to, and when an accident happened they were unable to obtain the damages to which they were entitled. So far Montreal East had been almost always represented by lawyers, who had framed laws which were not in the interest of the workingmen. In the United States there was a law in force which exempted the wages of the workingmen from seizure in case of debt. Such a law was needed here. Convict and prison labor was another subject which needed attention. He claimed it was a great injustice to the ratepayers to bring the prisoners in competition with honest labor. As it was now, contractors could enter the prisons and employ the prisoners for a few cents a day, and thus deprive honest labor of the revenues to which it was entitled. At the Reformatory, for instance, a large number of boys were detained and used by the contractors to compete against the workingman. Legislation was needed to do away with this injustice. On the subject of immigration Mr. Gravel stated that the workingmen's interests consisted in doing away with imported labor. It was unfair to make the workingman pay to bring in competitors from other countries. He concluded by appealing to all workingmen to rally to the support of the labor candidates and thus assist in securing a great victory which would be of great benefit to the labor classes. (Applause.)

MR. KEYS,

the labor candidate in Montreal Centre, was the next to speak, and he did so with considerable effect, stating that the moment had arrived for the workingmen to think and act for themselves. Up to the present the workingmen been made to pay a large ratio of the cost of the several governments without receiving any benefit. He was glad to have an opportunity of testifying to the worth and sterling qualities of Mr. Gravel, the candidate in Montreal East. (Applause.) Every workingman who understood his own interest and that of the country was aware that legislation was badly needed by the working classes. If the labor candidates were returned, as he had no doubt they would, they would go to Quebec to secure such alterations as would be asked for. The representatives they had elected up to the present had gone there to satisfy their own ambition, and not to work in the interests of the people. The labor organizations of Montreal now called upon all workingmen to come up and assist in regenerating politics. Mr. Gravel's platform was one which appealed to the intelligence of the people of Montreal East, and which, if sanctioned by them, would be developed in the best interests of the public. They were all aware of what that programme was. It had been framed after full consideration, and was valuable as the result of well matured experience. As a friend of the workingmen he appealed to them to do their utmost to put Mr. Gravel at the head of the polls. His victory would be their victory; his defeat would be their defeat. If they loved their children and wanted to see them protected by the law, they should rally to the support of the workingmen's candidate and secure an immense victory, which would have a good effect for all time. (Applause.)

MR. GEORGE WARREN.

The next speaker was Mr. George Warren, who said that the opportunity had come for the people to rise in their might and see that the workingman obtained that measure of justice to which he was entitled. The labor candidates would go to Quebec and see that no injustice was done to their class. Up to the present time all legislation had been framed for the purpose of protecting capitalists and monopolists. He concluded by asking every workingman present to realize that a great principle was at stake, and that it was in their interests to return Mr. Gravel by an immense majority. (Applause.)

MR. EDWARD LAUER

was the next speaker, and expressed the pleasure which all should feel in seeing that the workingmen, irrespective of nationality or religion, had finally joined hands in their interests and had decided that justice should be done to themselves and their families. In this great struggle of labor all party ties had been wiped out and the people were decided to regenerate politics and alter legislation as it now existed. Now when an accident happened an inquest was held and the stereotyped verdict of "accidental death" was returned, when in a large number of cases the death was the outcome of the employer's neglect. The coroner was a most accommodating official for the employers, as was also the law which now exists. Legislation was needed to help the workingman out of the House of Refuge. The men of the present generation had a duty to perform which would be of great benefit to the present as well as the rising generations. If they wish to raise a nation of free men it was time that they should send men into Parliament to represent them and defend their cause as they were now little better than slaves. The child working in the factory was wholly unprotected. The law needed to be changed in this respect. He concluded by hoping that a great effort would be made by the workingmen to place Mr. Gravel at the head of the polls and thus secure the first great victory in the interests of the workingman.

MR. ALPHONSE LEPINE

came next and expressed the hope that the workingmen of Montreal knew their duty sufficiently well to elect a man who would work in their interests. The programme drawn up by the workingmen was an excellent one which if carried out would be of great benefit to the laboring classes. As the law now existed it looked as if the governing class was afraid to see the workingmen educated up to their own wants. It was in the interest of every workingman in the constituency to do his utmost to secure Mr. Gravel's election.

MR. THEOPHILE LAVIGNE

called upon all workingmen to vote for the labor candidates and see that at last the people should be represented as they should be by men of their own choice who were acquainted with their wants and would see that they were secured. The men who now sat in the Legislature should be replaced by workingmen who will work for the common good, and particularly for the laboring classes. Their duty was to elect Mr. Gravel, and he hoped the majority would be such as to enable him to enter the legislature backed by the people's respect and power. (Applause.)

MR. J. A. RODIER

supported Mr. Gravel's candidature, and claimed that practical men were needed to fight the people's battles. It was the duty of the workingmen of Montreal East, whether Liberals or Conservatives, to support Mr. Gravel and see that he was elected to defend the rights of the people, and secure legislation which would be beneficial to all.

Mr. Rodier then handed a resolution to the president expressing approval of Mr. Gravel's candidature and pledging him support. The chairman put the resolution to the meeting and it was adopted with an immense cheering. Mr. Rodier then declared the meeting closed in so far as the labor candidates were concerned. If they wished to listen to any other speakers they could now do so.

Mr. P. E. Tremblay and Ald. Prefontaine, M. P., were then called upon to speak and did so at considerable length, stating that the workingmen had a perfect right to select whom they pleased, and that in rallying to the support of one of themselves they were doing an act which would be beneficial to themselves and their families. Both speakers condemned the present Quebec Government and Mr. Taillon, and expressed the hope that when election day came along Mr. Gravel would be placed at the head of the poles by an immense majority.

GAELIC GAMES.

A Successful Meeting—Athletic Scots—Other Games and Prize Winners.

The following is the list of prize winners at the Caledonian society's games in addition to those given in Saturday's STAR:

Quoits (open)—1, A. Tattersall; 2, — Maclaren; 3, Angus McIntyre.

Dambrod match, nine competitors—1, Thomas Finn, who won 16 out of 18 games; 2, E. A. Valin.

Running hop, step and jump, six entries.—1, A. Scott, 42 ft. 5 in.; 2, A. Millar, 39 ft. 9 in.; 3, D. S. McLean, 39 ft. 4½ in.

Running hop, step and jump, open only to members of the Royal Scots.—1, Walter Brown, 35 ft. 1 in.; 2, R. P. Niven, 33 ft. 3 in.

Running long jump, five entries—1, D. S. McLean, 18 ft. 8 in.; 2, A. Scott, 17 ft. 9 in.; 3, A. Millar, 17 ft. 4 in.

Standing high leap, four entries.—1, A. Scott, 4 ft. 9 in.; 2, D. S. McLean, 4 ft. 8 in.; 3, A. Millar, 4 ft. 2 in.

Running high leap, four entries.—1, A. Scott, 5 ft. 6 in.; 2, D. S. McLean, 5 ft. 4 in.; 3, A. Millar, 4 ft. 11 in.

Vaulting with pole, five entries—Wm. Robertson, Dundas, and A. Scott, a tie, 10 ft. 3 in.; 3, A. Millar, 9 ft. 9 in.

Vaulting with pole, open only to members of Royal Scots, three entries—1, Walter Brown 8 ft. 1 in.; 2, R. P. Niven, 8 ft. 1 in.

Highland Fling in costume, eleven entries—1, G. A. Mathieson, Hamilton, Ont.; 2, D. S. Johnson, Toronto; 3, Wm. Anderson, Lucknow.

Highland Fling, in Highland costume, boys under 14—1, W. Milne; 2, Fred. Stuart; 3, Willie Stuart.

Highland Fling, for girls in Highland costume—1, Aggie Rankin, Woodstock; 2, Bella Finlay, Cornwall; 3, Jessie Milne, Montreal.

Ghillie Callum, in Highland costume—1, J. Moon, New York; 2, G. A. Mathieson, Hamilton; 3, L. D. Robertson, New York.

Ghillie callum in Highland costume, boys under 14—1st, Wm. Milne; 2nd, W. Stuart; 3rd, Fred. Stuart.

Ghillie Callum, for girls in Highland costume—1st, Aggie Rankin, Woodstock; 2nd, Bella Finlay, Cornwall.

Best dressed Highlander, own expense, 5 entries—1st, Pipe Major Mathieson; 2nd, John Burleigh, Philadelphia; 3rd, D. S. Johnson, Toronto.

Best dressed boys in Highland costume, six entries—1st, W. Milne; 2nd, W. Stuart; 3rd, Frank Stuart. The non-winners received a special prize from Senator Ogilvie.

Best piper, in Highland costume, reels strathspeys and marches, three entries—1st, L. Ireland; 2nd, J. Moon; 3rd, Pipe Major Mathieson.

Best young piper—1st, F. Riddell; 2nd, John Macdonald.

Scotch reel, boys and girls—This was most gracefully danced by Willie and Jennie Milne and Frankie and Willie Stewart, and evoked great applause and admiration. The dancers were so equal that the judges decided to divide the prizes.

Hurdle race, sack, four entries—1st, Wm. Robertson, New York. All other competitors ruled out as not members of any Caledonian society.

Three-legged race for members of Royal Scots—1, W. Kerr and G. Taylor; 2, Thomas Crawford and E. Foote.

Boys' race, under 12 years—1, Sydney Smith; 2, Duncan Carmichael; 3, John Carmichael.

Quarter mile race, open only to amateurs—1, J. F. Owens; 2, W. Kerr.

Half mile race, open only to members of Royal Scots, four entries—1, W. Kerr; 2, Thomas Crawford; 3, E. Foote.

One mile race, open, eight entries—1 Louis Hemlock, 4m. 42s.; 2, John Raine; 3, T. Gallagher.

Half mile race, for amateurs—1, S. D. Jones; 2, J. F. Owens.

200 yard race, for U. S. delegates—1, Mr. Robert Fleming, Detroit.

200 yard race, for Canadian delegates—1, Mr. Brown, London, Ont.

JUDGES.

George Goodfellow, Philadelphia; Dr. L. D. McMichael, Buffalo; John Fairgrieve, London; J. H. McLean, Brantford; Lieut.-Col. Fletcher, Lieut.-Col. Cavendish, Angus Grant, Wm. Angus, Frank Stephen, W. W. Ogilvie, Peter Ross, New York; Thos. Waddell, Pittsburg; George Anderson, jr., Guelph; Hon. Wm. B. Smith, Philadelphia; John Portous, Hugh Paton, Dr. D. McEachran, Hugh McKay, Wm. Wilson.

PRESENTATIONS.

During the afternoon Mayor Smith, of Philadelphia, mounting the platform, and addressing Ald. Stevenson, president of the Caledonian Society, thanked him for his kindness to the delegates, and presented to the "loyal, noble-hearted and generous Sandy Stevenson," as a mark of their respect, a handsome silver jug and goblets, standing on a large silver tray. In conclusion Mayor Smith wished Ald. Stevenson a continuance of happiness.

Ald. Stevenson, in replying, said that he had been asked to come upon the platform to assist in a presentation, but he was never so taken aback in his life as when he found that the presentation was to himself. He warmly thanked them from the bottom of his heart for their handsome present. He then called for three cheers for Mayor Smith, which were heartily given.

Mr. Craig, of Woodstock, Ont., addressing Mr. James Wright, ex-president of the Caledonian Society, presented him with a handsome gold headed cane on behalf of the delegates. Mr. Wright suitably replied, thanking them.

In the evening the clansmen and a number of their friends met in the Ladies' Ordinary at the Windsor Hotel and spent a very pleasant time. Scotch songs were sung and Scotch dances were danced to Scotch music, and a little before, 12 o'clock, after having sung Auld Lang Syne in good Scottish fashion, the party broke up. Thus ended a very pleasant reunion of Scotchmen and the sons of Scotchmen.

The competition for the best dancing of a sailor's hornpipe which was not concluded on the field was finished in the ladies' Ordinary at the Windsor with the following result: 1, W. Anderson, Lucknow; 2, G. A. Mathieson, Hamilton; 3, R. P. Niven, Montreal.

THE LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS.

The grand union picnic under the auspices of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and the Conductors' and Brakesmen's association at Otterburn Park, St. Hilaire, was a grand success, over a thousand being in attendance. The following is the list of prize winners:

Boys' race, under 8 years—1, Albert Dade; 2, S. Broadhurst; 3, A. Smith; 4, M. McEwen; 5, James Bowan; 6, Walter Mills.

Girls' race, under 8 years—1, Annie Garfoot; 2, L. Salter; 3 Lottie Cox; 4, Hannah Smith; 5, Jennie Dougherty; 6, A. Cunningham.

Girls' under 14—Miss Kitts; 2, E. Morris; 3, Ellen McEvoy; 4, Nellie Devine.

Married ladies' race—1, Mrs. Druet; 2, Mrs. Arnold; 3, Mrs. Russell; 4, Mrs. Kiel.

Single ladies' race—1, Miss Annie Michel; 2, Miss Kitts; 3, Miss Minnie Inglis; 4, Miss Malo; 5, Miss Sullivan; 6, Miss Ford.

Running broad jump—1, T. Anderson; 2, C. Bomar.

Standing broad jump—1, Cunningham; 2, Warl.

100 yards race—1, C. Michael; 2, G. Anderson.

Running hop, step and jump—1, A. Bomar; 2, H. Page; 3, H. Ward.

Putting heavy shot—1, E. Smith; 2, T. Anderson.

Committee men's race—1, J. Miller; 2, G. Shaw; 3, W. Kinnesten.

Yardmen's race—1, W. Kinnesten; 2, Cunningham; 3, J. Currie.

Quarter-mile, conductors'—1, T. Anderson; 2, E. Cook; 3, R. Dickinson.

Quarter-mile, engineers—1, J. Louis; 2, J. Allen; 3, W. Kelly.

Quarter-mile, firemen—1, S. Edwards; 2, A. Bonnar.

Quarter-mile, brakemen—1, W. Colborne; 2, D. O'Shaughnessy.

One mile, open to amateurs—1, S. Edwards; 2, A. W. Ross.

Mile race—1, A. Bonnar; 2, R. Dickson.

Potato race—1, T. Anderson; 2, A. Bonnar.

Mile race, to members of Association—1, S. Edwards; 2, E. Cook.

The tug of war was won by the traffic department.

Dancing music was furnished by Casey's band.

The Late Lamented.

I.

It is a crypt, this cabinet;
A love affair is buried here;
Its requiem a faint regret,
And scented letters for a bier.
Its wreaths are roses interlaced
With memories of ball and fête,
And for a headstone I have placed
A portrait in a paper weight.

II.

Here lie as ashes in an urn
A verse or two I learned to quote,
The notes I had no heart to learn,
The letters—what a lot we wrote!
A silken tress of sunny strands,
A faded rose I used to prize,
A glove—she had such tiny hands—
A miniature with her own eyes.

III.

'Tis with a smile I view to-day
The relics in this cabinet,
When love is dead and laid away,
It is so easy to forget.
The verses quite have left my mind,
Her rose, her glove, her picture eyes,
Her letters are to dust consigned.
Their fitting epitaph—"Here—*lies*."

Montreal. T. B. S.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

VALOIS REGATTA.

A Stiff Breeze for the Sailing Races—Good Rowing and Paddling.

Although the wind was blowing a gale on Lake St. Louis on Saturday which made the sailing races at the Valois's Regatta decidedly lively events, still Valois Bay inshore was sufficiently sheltered from the waves to admit of the rowing and paddling events being brought off with complete success. The management of the regatta was excellent, and the attendance was very large. Lachine, Pointe Claire and Ste. Anne's, all contributed large contingents of visitors, and the Montreal trains also brought out a number of people. The races were nearly all with a turn, the start and finish being opposite Valois boat-house, the boat-house on the one side, and a large barge anchored a couple of hundred yards out on the other, formed the chief points of view for the spectators. The officers of the day were as follows, the hon. secretary, Mr. A. M. Swift, receiving special commendation from the Valois people for the industry and energy with which he furthered the regatta:

Judges—Geo. Childs, A. S. Ewing, J. A. Crane, W. R. Ross, Geo. R. Prowse and Angus Thom.

Referee—J. G. Grant.

Measurer—J. T. Gibson.

Starters—Captain Low and H. Wallace Stroud.

For the first event, the yacht race for a sweepstakes of $5 each, with second and third prizes, there were nine entries, namely "Zoe," Lachine; "Charlotte," Lachine; "Wanda," Valois; "Scud," St. Lambert; "Waterwitch," Valois; "Iris," Valois; "Eolus," Ste. Anne's; and two others, one from Pointe Claire and one from Longueuil. The course was about eight miles twice round a triangle made by the two Ottawa lighthouses and a buoy opposite Valois boat-house. The race was splendidly sailed and won by the "Zoe," whose crew consisted of Messrs. G. H. Duggan and A. Sherwood, the owners; J. G. Monk, J. Grace, and a couple of Pointe Claire volunteers. The "Eolus" had her mainmast blown out of her, the main mast of the "Iris" was lifted out of its stepping, and fell back through the bottom of the yacht, which sank, fortunately, in shoal water; the "Waterwitch" sprung a leak, and had to turn back; other accidents happened to the Pointe Claire and Longueuil boats, and only the four boats first mentioned in the list of entries finished the race. The winner, "Zoe," is the yacht which won at the St. Anne's regatta two weeks ago.

The second event was the open boat sailing race, and was almost as exciting. Three boats started, the "Viola," of Valois, sailed by the Messrs. Childs, another Valois boat sailed by the Messrs. Stevenson, and the "Galatea," of Pointe Claire, sailed by Mr. Grant Ferrier and two others.

A close race was in progress when the "Galatea" went over. The wind and sea were so high that the other boats were unable to reach the upturned craft for a dangerous time, when the Messrs. Childs' "Viola" finally reached it, Ferrier and his comrades had been nearly three quarters of an hour in the water. The race was not decided, as the "Viola" protested the winner on account of having had to turn back, and it will be sailed over.

The canoe sailing race was the last of the sailing events. Two classes sailed, namely, lee-boards and centre-boards.

The lee-board race was won by F. Barlow and J. G. Ross, and the centre-board race by J. G. Ross and J. Barlow. One of the canoes in this race upset.

The first event in the second part of the programme was the single scull race in skiffs for ladies. All the skiff and canoe races, it may be remarked, took place in ordinary pleasure skiffs. Miss Ella Horne won the lady's race, with Mrs. Angus Thom a close second. The events continued as follows:

Boys' single scull, under 18—1st, A. E. Childs; 2nd, Geo. Barry. Under 15—1st, J. A. Barry; 2nd, D. Towle.

Gentlemen's single scull half mile with turn. Five entries: A. E. Childs, H. M. Childs, C. S. Shaw, A. Tessereau, and C. Drew. A. E. Childs, Valois, won a splendid race, with H. M. Childs second. This was the more creditable to Childs, as he had won the boys' race just before.

Double canoe, half mile with turn—Five entries: 1st, Messrs. Barry and Girdwood, Ste. Anne's; 2nd, Messrs. Auldjo and W. Robertson, Lachine; Shaw and Tessereau, Lachine; and two other crews. Barry and Girdwood used double-bladed paddles, and won handsomely. Shaw and Tessereau were making a good race of it, when they stopped to help the crew of another canoe which had upset, and finally they upset themselves.

Ladies' double scull race, quarter mile, four entries, 1st, Miss Ella and Miss Leta Horne, Valois; 2nd, Mrs. Mundie and Miss Sturrock. The Misses Horne pulled beautifully together, and won handsomely.

Gentlemen's double scull, one mile with turn. This was one of the best races of the day. Six crews started. The first start resulted in a foul, but the second attempt was a splendid race, won well by Messrs. D. & J. Robertson, of Lachine, with Barry and Girdwood, of Ste. Anne's, second; A. and H. Childs, of Valois, third; R. Campbell and J. N. Fulton, of Lachine, fourth.

The single canoe race, half mile with turn, had six entries, all using double bladed paddles. The race throughout lay between W. G. Ross, of Valois, and G. Barry, of St. Anne's. Ross, who paddled standing up in his canoe, won by a couple of lengths after one of the closest contests of the day.

Tub race, 40 yards—1st, W. Barlow; 2nd, Freddy Tooke.

Canoe, lady and gentleman, quarter mile—1st, C. S. Shaw and Miss Gregory; 2nd, Mr. and Mrs. Wiseman. A splendid race, Mr. Shaw and Miss Gregory winning by a little over a length.

The next event was the four-paddle canoe race, which had a very amusing result. Six crews entered, and the six canoes were so loaded down that it looked as if none of them would float through the quarter mile race. They all did however. The contest was most of the way between a Lachine and a Valois crew, and was won by a length by the Lachine one, consisting of G. Auldjo, Fred. Stewart, Harry Stewart and W. Robertson; second, J. G. Ross, W. G. Ross, G. S. Low and Fred. Barlow. After the Lachine crew got across the finish first, the Valois crew went after it and upset it, and the Lachine men in turn got hold of the Valois craft and whirled it and its crew over. This proved contagious, and four out of six the canoes which had been in the race were upset before they got back to the boat house.

Double scull (lady and gent)—1st, J. S. Robertson and Miss L. Horn; 2nd, H. M. Childs and Mrs. Mundie.

Farmers' rabe—1st, Vidon Legault; 2nd, Joe Legault.

This ended the afternoon programme.

IN THE EVENING.

the prizes were presented to the winners in the boat-house by Valois ladies: Mrs. Childs, Mrs Ewing, Mrs. Thom, Mrs. Mundie, Mrs. Prowse, Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Swift, and Mrs. Wiseman. The prizes were both handsome and useful. The presentation was succeeded by a bonnet ball, with refreshments by Joyce, which terminated on the departure for Montreal at 11.30 of the special train, which the Grand Trunk had kindly placed at the disposal of the Valois residents.

Lacrosse.

Notwithstanding the numerous attractions that occurred elsewhere on Saturday, a large crowd assembled on the Montreal Lacrosse Grounds to witness the match between the Irish team and the Montrealers. The following were the players:

IRELAND.	POSITIONS.	MONTREAL.
D. McDonald	Goal	W. Aird
A. W. Child	Point	W. Cleghorn
A. H. Dill	Cover Point	Clouson
J. C. Gibb	1st Defence Field	Sheppard
H. Seaver	2nd " "	Geraghty
S. C. Kelly	3rd " "	Elliott
W. A. Wheeler	Centre	Carlind
J. McLeish	3rd Home Field	D. Patterson
D. J. Ross	2nd " "	J. Patterson
J. Bilow	1st " "	A. McNaughton
H. Montgomery	Outside home	Hodgson
J. Sinclair	Inside home	Grant
H. C. Kelly	Captain	Fred. Larmonth
R. Nelson	Umpires	H. Stearns
	W. H. Whyte, referee.	

The Irishmen on entering the field received a hearty burst of applause from the spectators. It was arranged to play for an hour and a half without considering the number of games. The ball was faced at 3.40, and a lively game ensued. The visitors had evidently profited by the experience of the day before and followed their opponents more closely, in many cases succeeding in capturing the rubber. They were, however, very deficient in team playing, and it was amusing to see the easy way in which the home team distributed the ball to each other. The games were most enjoyable and the spectators were highly amused with them, and applauded heartily every bit of fine play that occurred, especially when performed by the visitors. McDonald, the Irish goal keeper, was in splendid form, and the manner in which he returned the well directed shots of the Montreal players was particularly noticeable and obtained universal praise. Gibb showed some fine play, and by rapid movements and skilful dodging proved no mean opponent. When time was called no less than eight games had been played, the scores being: Montreal, 6; Irishmen, 2.

After the match the teams with the officials and Big John, of Caughnawaga, were photographed by Messrs. Summerhayes & Walford.

At 7.30 there was a large gathering of lacrosse, football, cricket and other sportsmen at the Windsor to attend the banquet given to the Irish team by the Montreal Lacrosse Club. Among the guests were the Hon. Mr. Taillon, Dr. Guerin, J. J. Curran, Q. C., M. P., and eight of the West Indian cricketers, besides many well known citizens. The banquet was an excellent one and the evening was thoroughly enjoyable. Songs and toasts followed in quick succession and the toast of the evening, "Our Guests," was proposed by Mr. White, the president, and responded to by Captain Kelly, who expressed the great pleasure the team had experienced in Canada and their heartfelt thanks for the kind and cordial reception they had met with.

Captain Fyfe, of the West Indian cricketers, thanked those present for the hospitality extended to them and hoped to see the Canadians some day in Jamaica. Mr. J. J. Curran made one of his neat little speeches, and was obliged to follow it with "Old King Cole," the chorus of which was liberally taken up. The evening's entertainment concluded with a "grand bounce" led by Ross McKenzie.

Yesterday the Irishmen were driven through Lachine to Valois, where they were entertained by the boating club, returning to Montreal early in the evening. At eight o'clock last night they went by the C. P. R. to Toronto. They were escorted to the station by a great number of friends and were given a hearty send off.

GAME AT LOGAN'S FARM.

The Lilac and Victoria lacrosse teams had a good game at Logan's Farm on Saturday. The Lilacs had the advantage in height and weight and outplayed their opponents by 3 games to 1.

REGATTA OF Y. B. B. C.

A large number of people assembled at the Point on Saturday on the occasion of the sixth annual regatta of the Victoria Bridge Boating Club. A good programme was provided, and the affair was most successful. The officers of the day were: Starter, Charles R. Moore; referee, W. H. Garfield; judges, Geo. Wilson, J. Dickson, C. McWood, F. Green, M. Rodger, W. Murphy, A. W. Stavelley, J. McMurtrie, W. A. Bell, C. J. McLean and Mr. Root. F. Jones, who filled the position of secretary and treasurer to the satisfaction of all. The competitions resulted as follows:

Sailing race, open handicap, 6 miles, won by "Witch Hazel," owner Mr. Maclarlane.

Single shell club race, 2 miles.—1st prize won by C. McWood.

Double scull, open handicap, 2 miles—won by A. and F. Greene with J. and J. Green second.

Single scull club race, 1 mile.—1st, A. Green; 2nd, M. Bodger.

Single scull, pleasure skiff, for boys under 16, 1 mile.—1st, F. Charles; 2nd, J. Bird; 3rd, M. McWood.

Double scull pleasure skiff, lady and gentleman.—1st prize, Mr. C. McWood and Miss P. Lainz; 2nd, Mr. and Miss Bell.

Swimming race, 300 yards, open.—1st, E. Judge; 2nd, T. Dart.

Double scull pleasure skiff, club.—1st, A. and F. Green; 2nd, McWood and Jones.

The smaller and consolation races were well contested. The Garrison Artillery band was in attendance and a most enjoyable time was spent by those present.

ST. HILAIRE BOATING CLUB.

The St. Hilaire Boating Club held their annual sports on Saturday, and the shores of the Richelieu were lined with thousands of spectators. The events were well contested and the officers of the club were indefatigable in promoting the comfort and pleasure of their visitors.

Baseball.

The Gordons and Clippers had a fine game at baseball on the grounds at Atwater Avenue on Saturday. The following was the score:

GORDONS.	R.	O.	CLIPPERS.	R.	O.
W. Rainsford	2	2	Brown	0	5
P. O'Brien	1	3	C. Cornell	2	2
E. Batterworth	1	3	Reilly	2	3
J. Swan	2	2	W. Cornell	2	1
C. Moore	1	3	Mathieson	0	4
G. McGowan	0	4	Allison	0	4
A. Bastien	2	2	Farrell	0	3
R. Johnson	2	2	Furlong	0	3
F. McDonald	0	3	Roester	2	2
Totals	11	24	Totals	8	27

BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Tl.
Gordons	1	2	3	2	1	1	0	1	x	11
Clippers	2	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	8

Mr. Joshua Cuthbert umpired the game, and gave great satisfaction by his square ruling.

The Royal Electric Light Company's employés played the men of the Pettener Shoe Machine Co. on Saturday. The former won the match by 34 to 10.

THE MOCHETTE BUG.

An Entomological Curiosity—A Personal Adornment—In Golden Chains.

In the window of M. Cochenthaler's jewellery store, on St. James street, is a placard bearing the words "A Mochette Bug," "It is Alive," and over this placard industriously and persistently crawls a member of the bug family. He is a little more than an inch and a half in length, yellowish gray in color, spotted with black, and black legs. The name of his "go-as-you-please" race is circumscribed by a slender gold chain four or five inches in length. The chain is made fast to the bug by two gold bands across its back, connected by another similar band, the ends of the bands being connected by soft silken cords passing around the under part of the bug's body. He leads an easy life, and is so peculiarly constructed that his record for fasting is far ahead of the celebrated Dr. Tanner's, as this wonderful bug can do without food or drink for a century. Where he learnt this economical habit is not known, but it is certainly peculiarly fitting faculty if he is doomed to pass his life in a jewellery store. He is not at all disturbed by the numbers who daily stop to gaze at him, but seems occupied with gazing at the vases, bric-a-brac and jewellery in the window. He is an imported article from Brazil, and the reason he has come so far from his native land is that there is a craze for such things as a means of personal adornment by ladies who thus fish for admiration and attention. He is usually placed on the bad of some lady devoted to Fashion's decrees and allowed to crawl round and about the length of his chain.

The bugs have already been introduced into New York and Boston, and many have been sold. Mr. Cochenthaler has also disposed of many here at $25 each. They are really as ornamental and should be as popular as imitation insects, being just as cleanly. The Mochette Bug, when not out for an airing with his mistress, is kept in a perforated box, two-thirds filled with a special kind of wood dust.

Farewell Sermon.

The Rev. H. A. McIntyre preached a farewell sermon in Zion Church yesterday evening, the time for the Congregationalists to vacate the building in favor of the Presbyterians being at hand. Taking his text from Mark xii, 31: "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself," he delivered an eloquent discourse on man's inalienable rights and obligations. The measure of one's rights is the measure of one's obligations, both in family and Church matters, and these rights nature and revelation forbade men to surrender voluntarily. He then reviewed the history of the congregation during the period of his connection with it. It is not their fault that they have to vacate it now. During the past year the membership of the church had been increased by 52; while the Sunday school had developed from small beginnings into an attendance of 190. The prospects of the congregation were therefore never so bright as now. As for himself, he had no regrets at having been engaged as their minister, as he had stored up thereby many pleasant memories. The people had helped him, and he himself had tried to do his duty. He closed his remarks by a prayer that all would continue to persevere in Christian work.

Something New.

The young people of St. Joseph street Presbyterian church hold a moonlight excursion to Lake St. Louis to-night on the "Dagmar." This is a new departure and a happy one, as the sail along the canal now illuminated by the electric light will be a novelty as well as a gull on Lake St. Louis.

THE RIFLE.

The Annual Matches of the Sixth Fusiliers.

The annual rifle matches of the 6th Fusiliers were held at the Point St. Charles ranges on Saturday and were probably the most successful regimental matches this season. The entries were larger than any previous year and despite the uncertain light and a vexatious left wind the scores throughout were on the whole very good. The officers and men of the regiment presented a very smart and serviceable appearance in the new field service forage caps, manufactured for the regiment in England and imported by John Martin & Co., military furnishers of St. Paul street. There was not the slightest hitch throughout the day thanks to the efforts of Major Mooney, the efficient range officer of the day, Capt. Denison, the energetic secretary of the Rifle Association, and Capt. Pettigrew, Adjutant of the Regiment, who attended to the arduous duties of the office assisted later on in the day by Lieut.-Col. Sinton, who still shows his affection for his old regiment by taking advantage of every opportunity to work for its welfare. The officers of the regiment present were: Lieut.-Col. Massey, Maj

BIRTHS.

DUSSAULT—At Three Rivers, on the 13th inst., the wife of Alderman Dussault, of a daughter.

TREE—In this city at 77 Aylmer street, Aug. 16th, the wife of E. M. Tree, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

ALLEN-CRAWFORD—At Port Elgin, N. B., August 10, by Rev. J. McG. McKay, assisted by Rev. Mr. Lewis, William H. Allen to Lizzie A. Crawford.

CANNON-CARPENTER—At St. John, N. B., August 11, by Rev. D. D. Moore, A. M., Clifford H. Cannon to Nettie Carpenter.

DALRYMPLE-CAMERON—At Lower Selma, Hants Co., N. S., August 11, by Rev. T. C. Jack, B. A., Robert Dalrymple to Louise Adelaide Cameron.

EDWARDS-DOWLING—At London, Ont., August 11, by Rev. J. V. Smith, Wm. Edwards to Elizabeth J. Dowling.

LYNCH-TWINING—At Halifax, N. S., August 10, by Rev. F. R. Murray, assisted by Rev. H. B. King, Frank Lynch to Adele Goodwin Twining.

MALONE-WALSH—At the St. Louis Chapel, Quebec, on the 3rd of August, by the Rev. F. Mayrand, Thomas Malone, jun., to Mary Clare A., only daughter of Matthew F. Walsh, Esq., Inland Revenue Department, Ottawa.

McMINN-OXNER—At Chester Basin, Lunenburg Co., N. S., August 11, by Rev. J. F. Kempton, A. B., George McMinn to Janet Oxner.

SMITH-HENDERSON—At St. John, N. B., August 12, by Rev. W. W. Brewer, Wm. G. Smith to Emma V. Henderson.

DEATHS.

AITKEN—On August 13, Margaret Wilson, aged 79, widow of the late James Aitken, Esq. Funeral on Monday, August 16, at 3 p. m., from her son-in-law's (Mr. Geo. Macdougall) residence, 18 Hanover street. Friends invited to attend.

BALDWIN—At St. John, N. B., August 13, William Stevens Baldwin, 26 years.

BARRY—At St. John, N. B., August 10, Mary Barry, 85 years.

CAMPBELL—At Getchell Settlement, August 9, Maria A. Campbell, 43 years.

COTÉ—At St. Gabriel de Montreal, August 16, 2 a. m., Mrs. Charlotte Victoire Odile Roy, wife of H. D. Coté Esq., N. P. The funeral from the residence of her husband, No. 236 Centre street, 6.30 a. m., Wednesday, to St. Charles Church, thence to Bonaventure Station for the train of 8.30 a. m., up to Lacadie, where the inhumation shall be made. Parents and friends are requested to assist without any other invitation.

COUTSOL—At Montmagny, Que., on Sunday, August 15, Dame Emelie Henriette Helene Taché, fourth daughter of the late Sir A. P. Taché, and wife of C. J. Coursol, Esq., M. P. 191 2

ELLIOTT—On August 13, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the late Robert Elliott. The funeral will take place from her brother's residence, 31 St. Urbain street, on Monday, August 16, at 2.30 p. m. Friends will kindly accept this intimation. 190 2

FRYER—On August 15, at 947 St. Lawrence street, Ellen Tombleson, aged 31 years and 10 months, wife of Christopher Fryer, of this city. Funeral will take place on Tuesday, 17th, at 2 p. m.

HOLT—At Selkirk, Manitoba, August 3, Jane M. Holt, 49 years.

JAMIESON—At Lancaster, N. B., August 11, George A. Jamieson, 34 years.

LOWERISON—At Lower Sackville, N. B., August 7, Melinda Jane Lowerison, 30 years.

MARTIN—At Portland, N. B., August 11, Patrick Martin, 57 years.

MILLER—At St. Martins, N. B., August 11, Christiana Miller, 50 years.

ROBINSON—At St. Stephen, N. B., August 6, Joel M. Robinson, 50 years.

REDMOND—On the 15th inst., Thomas Redmond, aged 61 years. Funeral from his lat residence, corner of William and Seigneurs streets, on Tuesday, 17th inst., at 2.30 p. m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

SHIRLOW—On August 15, Thomas, fourth son of Wm. Shirlow, aged six years, five months and fifteen days. The funeral will take place from his father's residence, 130 Nazareth street, at 2.30 p.m., on Tuesday, 17th inst., to Mount Royal Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend. 191 2

WETMORE—At St. Stephen, N. B., August 10, Rebecca E. Wetmore, 74 years.

The Weather.

1 a.m.—Probabilities for the next 24 hours: Moderate winds; mostly fair, warmer weather.

READINGS BY HEARN & HARRISON'S Standard Thermometer this day: Max., 65°; Min., 53°; same date last year: Max. 80°; min., 55°.

Barometer readings to-day: 8 a. m. 29.93 12 m., 29.87; 3 p. m., 29.85.

Appointments this Evening.

Theatre Royal—Humpty Dumpty.

Made Believe He Was a Barber.

"Hello, Bassett! You shave yourself now, eh?"

"Yes, Bromley."

"Whom were you talking to when I entered?"

"To no one."

"But—I heard voices."

"Yes, Bromley. The shaving went awful at first. I couldn't conceive what was the matter. Then I began to talk into my ear and had no more trouble."
—*Philadelphia Call.*

Steamer "OCEAN,"

FOR TORONTO AND ST. CATHARINES. EVERY TUESDAY, 7 P.M.

Fares include Meals and Sleeping Berths.

Toronto, $7.50; Return, $14.00.
St. Catharines, $8.00; Return, $14.00.

W. TOWNLEY BENSON, 18 Foundling St. | T. H. TURTON, 154 St. James St.

G. E. JAQUES & CO.,
110 COMMON STREET.
1423aw

MONTREAL YACHT CLUB.

—:o:—

POSTPONED MOONLIGHT EXCURSION

WILL TAKE PLACE

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY EVENING.

Str. MONTARVILLE leaves Jacques Cartier Wharf at 8 o'clock.

191

S. O. E. B. S.

Excelsior Lodge No. 93, meets To-morrow, Tuesday Evening, at 8 p.m., at 622½ Craig street. By order, J. WRIGHT, Sec.
191 1

CITY FURNITURE WAREHOUSE,
1626 NOTRE DAME.

FURNITURE AND BEDDING.
GOOD, CHEAP and RELIABLE.
1022awtf

FOR THE HOT WEATHER!

CHAPMAN'S GRAPE SALT

Cools the Blood, corrects the Liver, and therefore prevents and cures Billiousness, Sick Headache, Fever, Diarrhœa, &c.

No tourist or household should be without a bottle.

50c a Bottle.

To be had of all Druggists or Proprietor.

CENTRAL DRUG STORE,
186 121 Cor. Craig and Bleury streets.

USE THE ALBERT CO'Y'S

CARBOLIC ACID SOAPS.

WHOLESALE ONLY. 168 McGORD ST.

SEND FOR PRICE LISTS.

CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

MONDAY, AUGUST 16, 1886.

SILKS. SILKS. SILKS. SILKS. SILKS. SILKS. SILKS. SILKS. SILKS. SILKS. SILKS. SILKS. SILKS. SILKS. SILKS. SILKS.

For the choicest Dress Silks of the best qualities and all prices, as well as the largest stock to select from come to

S. CARSLEY'S

DRESS GOODS. DRESS GOODS. DRESS GOODS. DRESS GOODS. DRESS GOODS. DRESS GOODS. DRESS GOODS. DRESS GOODS. DRESS GOODS. DRESS GOODS. DRESS GOODS. DRESS GOODS. DRESS GOODS. DRESS GOODS. DRESS GOODS. DRESS GOODS.

For all the very choicest and newest designs in Dress Goods come to

S. CARSLEY'S

MANTLES. MANTLES.

For Mantles, all at half-price, come to

S. CARSLEY'S.

MILLINERY. CHEAP MILLINERY. MILLINERY. CHEAP MILLINERY. MILLINERY. CHEAP MILLINERY. MILLINERY. CHEAP MILLINERY. MILLINERY. CHEAP MILLINERY. MILLINERY. CHEAP MILLINERY. MILLINERY. CHEAP MILLINERY. MILLINERY. CHEAP MILLINERY. MILLINERY. CHEAP MILLINERY. MILLINERY. CHEAP MILLINERY. MILLINERY. CHEAP MILLINERY. MILLINERY. CHEAP MILLINERY. MILLINERY. CHEAP MILLINERY. MILLINERY. CHEAP MILLINERY. MILLINERY. CHEAP MILLINERY. MILLINERY. CHEAP MILLINERY. MILLINERY. CHEAP MILLINERY.

All Millinery marked down to half-price. Come at once to secure real bargains.

S. CARSLEY.

CARPETS CARPETS CARPETS

Last Edition.

THE ARMY AT WAR.

Salvationists vs. Carters—A Day of Engagements for the Army.

The Salvation Army is again involved in difficulties with the police authorities. While the Army were parading on Craig street, Saturday evening, a carter was forcibly prevented from driving through their ranks, the circumstances causing a little disturbance. The police appeared on the scene and arrested three members, Wm. Maddleton, Samuel Fraser and John E. Butler. Bail was at once given.

The foregoing is the version of the affair as given by the police. Today a STAR reporter was informed by Mr. John Hammond, of 759 Craig street, a member of the Army, who was present at the time, that, in his opinion, the whole affair had been previously concocted to entrap the soldiers, inasmuch as several policemen were on hand when the carter tried to accomplish the feat of driving through the procession. This surmise he believed all the more when he saw them arresting men who were not acting illegally, while they allowed the cabman, whose behaviour was rather questionable, to go scot free. "The facts of the case," he continued, "are just these: A cabman deliberately tried to drive through the procession of the army as it was wending its way along Craig street, near St. Lambert Hill. The Army officers had passed the crossing, while the female soldiers were still on the crossing. To prevent the carter from injuring the lady members, his horse was seized by the bridle and held. Upon this the carter swore furiously and used insulting language, the incident causing some confusion in the ranks. The police, who witnessed the whole affair, then stepped up and made the arrests, using the prisoners very roughly, the Sergeant being struck on the head by a baton. A soldier, who was not arrested, had his scalp split by a stone which was thrown by an individual who stood on the sidewalk at the time. The police, it is alleged, also beheld this, yet did not arrest the offender."

The case will come up for trial in the Recorder's Court.

The Army yesterday attempted to hold a service on the wharf slip off Commissioners street, near the foot of St. Peter street. The police patrol composed of Messrs. McWilliams, Laporte, Bernault, Dubuc and Pretontaine ordered them to move on, and upon their refusing to do so, arrested three of the principal members, viz., Captain Stephen Marshall, color sergeant Henry Thompson and Major John E. Margetts. They were then brought to the Central Police Station, but on each furnishing $5 bail, were allowed to go.

Mr. H. M. Goodchild, of 86 Besserer street, Ottawa, a non-interested gentleman who witnessed the occurrence and was, in his own language, wishing to see "nothing more than British fair play done," in conversation with a STAR reporter said: "The army had taken up a position on the wharf slip, which is on grounds of the Harbor Commissioners, near the Allan vessels, where no boat was being said could be heard by the sailors who had climbed up the rigging and others who came from the direction of Joe Beef's canteen. A hymn was sung, after which Captain Marshall, encircled by his soldiers, knelt in prayer. Four or five constables then came up, and apparently without giving warning arrested the captain. The other two arrests were made later."

Mr. H. W. Smith, a gentleman residing at 70 Champ de Mars, who, as a member of the Army, was an eye-witness of the affair, corroborated Mr. Goodchild's statements.

"The police did not notify the army to disperse. Coming up to the captain, who was on his knees at the time, they said in French: 'Stop! Enough of that! move on!' and laying hold of the captain they separated his hands which were clasped in prayer, and had him handcuffed on the spot."

The persons arrested will be tried for obstructing the highway on Thursday, when Mr. St. Pierre will appear for the defence.

Thrown Upon the Streets.

A case of apparently very harsh official treatment was brought to light this morning, and if the facts turn out to be as stated an investigation will probably be asked for. The police yesterday found a little lad running about the streets homeless and in a very feeble state for want of food and rest. He was taken to the station, and there gave the name of James Kearns, and added that he was nine years of age. He explained that he had been discharged from the Protestant Industrial School at Sherbrooke on Friday and had been given a ticket to this city and twenty-five cents in cash. As soon as this sum was expended he had tried to secure a situation but failed. The case was reported to Mr. Edward Hollis, secretary of the Society for the Protection of Women and Children, and he recognized the little waif as an orphan who through the society's agency had been sentenced by the Recorder in January last to three years' detention in the Sherbrooke Industrial School. The little lad being without friends was taken charge of by Mr. Hollis, and through the kindness of Mr. W. D. Stroud, president of the St. George's Society, he will be accommodated with quarters at the St. George's Home until a situation or a permanent home can be secured for him.

The Dupuis-Brien Failure.

Among some of the largest creditors of Dupuis, Brien, Coutlee & Co., of *Le Grand Syndicat de la Paussance*, on St. Cather ne street, are: McIntyre, Sons & Co., $18,000; S. Greenshields, Son & Co., $11,000; G. Robert, $18,000. For smaller amounts are: Thomas May & Co., Paterson, Kissock & Co., Ross, Haskell & Campbell. None of the banks are interested.

Mr. Coutlee, one of the insolvents, stated to-day that his estate showed a surplus of $2000, and that he was determined none of the creditors would lose anything. The firm did an excellent business, its receipts this year being largely in excess of last year. He had no hesitation in saying that were the creditors to give them an extension of time they would be able to meet their liabilities.

Concert on Dominion Square.

The band of the Victoria Rifles will perform the following programme on Dominion Square to-morrow evening:

1. March—La ligne des Patriotes.....Herpin
2. Waltz—Toujour à toi.....Mrs. J. E. Whitney
3. Overture—La Dame Blanche.....Boieldieu
4. Caprice for Cornet, Mandolin-Guitar—Paladilke Mr. F. A. Marrie.
5. Waltz—La Fête des Canneurs.....Selbwick
6. Grand Selection from "Mikado".....Sullivan
7. Polka—En Attendant.....De Brandt
8. Gallop—Razzia.....Corbin

Vive La Canadienne
God Save the Queen.

In case of rain the concert will take place on Thursday.

Broke His Neck.

A painful accident happened at Varennes, on Saturday afternoon. Two men were at work on a scaffold in the sacristy of the church, when a heavy plank left on the scaffold and broke it. The two unfortunate men fell to the ground, a distance of about 20 feet, and one of them, J. B. Fanchaud, a resident of Descambault, Que., broke his neck and died instantly.

The other man was very severely injured and his life is despaired of. Fanchaud leaves a wife and five children to mourn his death. An inquest was held in the evening by Mr. Archambault, deputy coroner. After hearing the evidence the jury returned a verdict of accidental death, imputing no blame to the contractors.

Quebec Pipe Laying.

The water department have succeeded even better with the laying of the new mains on St. James street than they had promised. The last pipe on St. James street was laid this afternoon, and the cutting for the branch pipe on St. Sulpice street was begun. This is several days less than the fortnight in which Mr Lesage originally promised to have the work along St. James street completed, and it is expected that the whole work will be completed much earlier than originally expected.

The Presidential Trip.

The Delaware and Hudson Railway Co. have sent their new directors' car to Washington to be placed at the disposal of President Cleveland and party, who intend to reside in the Adirondacks for a few weeks. The distinguished visitors will probably arrive there on Wednesday next via Plattsburg.

Obituary.

Dr. Anthime Leclair, a graduate of Victoria and brother of Mr. P. Leclair, advocate, of this city, died at St. Thérese yesterday morning.

THE POLITICAL ARENA.

Mr. Mercier Claims a Victory in Berthier—Meetings in Laval, Montcalm and Verchères.

A large political meeting was held yesterday at St. Gabriel de Brandon, in Berthier County, at which some 1500 people were present. The meeting was to enable Mr. Conrad Pelletier, advocate of this city, to prove certain charges which he had made against Hon. Mr. Mercier. Mr. Pelletier charged the leader of the Opposition with the following:

1st, with having sold himself by accepting $3380 in the Terrebonne election contestation case; 2nd, with having sold himself by accepting $5000 in the Jacques Cartier election case; 3rd, with having offered to sell himself for $10000 in the Berthier election contestation.

Messrs. Pelletier and Mercier were the only speakers. After both had been heard the Liberals submitted a resolution clearing Mr. Mercier of the charges made against him. They claim that it was almost unanimously adopted, and it was so declared by the chairman of the meeting. The leader of the Opposition telegraphed to-day as follows: "It is one of the great triumphs of my life." Mr. Mercier remained over at St. Gabriel to-day where a political picnic is taking place. Mr. Sylvestre is the Liberal candidate in Berthier and Mr. Robillard, M. P. P., remains the Conservative standard-bearer.

Mr. Leblanc, M. P. P., for Laval, addressed the electors at St. Vincent de Paul yesterday after mass and gave an account of his stewardship during the last session. He upheld the Local Government policy of non-intervention in the Riel affair. Ex Ald. Benoit Bastien, who is to oppose Mr. Leblanc in the interests of the *Parti National*, was also present, and replied to Mr. Leblanc, blaming his conduct generally. Both sides claim a victory.

There is to be a political meeting at Lanoraie on Sunday next in the interests of the *Parti National*, at which Hon. Messrs. Laurier, Mercier, Bellerose, Guevremont, Messrs. Duhamel, Bergeron, M. P., Desmarais and Poirier have been invited to be present and address the electors. The "Cultivateur" will leave the Jacques Cartier wharf at 7.30 a. m. for Lanoraie, and return in the evening.

A political meeting will be held at St. Jerome, Montcalm County, on Wednesday, at which all the chief leading speakers of the opposition party have been invited to be present. It is expected that Mr. Armand Riopel will be the Opposition candidate. Hon. Louis Archambault is expected to be present and address the electors.

The people of St. Janvier, Terrebonne county, were addressed after mass yesterday by Mr. Boileau on behalf of Mr. Nantel, M.P.P., and Mr. Longpre in favor of the Opposition. It is believed that Mr. Bothemier will be the Opposition candidate.

Mr. A. Lussier, the newly chosen candidate of the Liberal party in Verchères County, addressed the electors after Mass at Verchères yesterday. He declared himself a staunch Independent Conservative Nationalist, and stated that he would oppose the Government tooth and nail. Though it is claimed that he has a large following among the Liberal, the Rebel Liberals are thoroughly dissatisfied at the rejection of Mr. Bernard, M. P. P., and threaten to abstain from voting if he is not taken back.

The Nationalists of Chambly County met with a sore disappointment yesterday. Their intention was to have gone to Sorel to celebrate Mr. Prefontaine's victory. With that object in view several hundred electors met at Longueuil; but when the time came to start no train could be secured. After waiting uselessly for a couple of hours the crowd perforce dispersed.

THE SCOTTISH DELEGATES.

Visiting the Lions of the City To-Day.

The visitors to Montreal in connection with the convention of the United Caledonian Association of North America visited the different points of interest in the city this morning, in company with Col. Stevenson, Messrs. Jas. Wright, and Geo. Kay. Among the party were Mayor Smith, of Philadelphia, and Miss Smith; Dr. McMichael, of Buffalo, the new president of the Association; Mr. and Mrs. Croy, of Hamilton; Mr. and Miss Rankin, Woodstock, Ont.; Mr. Geo. Goodfellow, Buffalo, ex-president of the Association; Hon. Mr. Waddell, Pittston, Penn.; Ald. Walker, of Toronto; Mr. J. Burleigh, Philadelphia; Mr. Flemming, Detroit; Mr. Jno. Sheiden, of Philadelphia, and several others. The visitors expressed themselves delighted at what they had seen at the time that he had fallen out of his wagon and been run over. According to the evidence produced so far it would appear that he was followed by a young man who it is believed quarrelled with the deceased and struck him.

Lawn Tennis Tournament.

The Montreal lawn tennis club tournament begins to-morrow with open single matches for the Challenge Cup now on view in Dawson's window. The double matches begin on Thursday, and the tournament will probably last all week. There are a number of entries from outside clubs and the club expect to have some of the best matches ever played in Canada. The courts are in splendid condition and everything promises very well.

Arrested at the Hackmen's Picnic.

On Saturday, Bernard Lappin was arrested by Constable Keyworth at the Hackmen's picnic, Point St. Charles, on a charge of assaulting and stealing a watch from a man named Michael Minogue. The prisoner was tried in the Police Court to-day. Being found guilty he was fined $10 and costs or one month with hard labor.

MICHAEL DAVITT.

FAVORITISM IN THE RANKS.

Officers of the Sixty-Fifth Claim Their North-West Services Have Been Systematically Ignored—Major-Gen. Strange's Sympathy.

An officer of the 65th stated to a STAR reporter to-day that the regiment had great hopes that Major-General Sir Fred Middleton would look into the complaints which had been made regarding the manner in which Major-General Strange's force had been treated in the report of the Militia Department.

"What do you really complain of?" queried the reporter.

"We complain that the most unblushing partiality presided over the compilation of the minister's report of the whole North-West campaign."

"It will be remembered that at the end of the session of 1885 the Minister of Militia, when asking the House of Commons to pass a vote of thanks to the regiments which had helped to suppress the rebellion, kept all his praise for other corps than the Sixty-Fifth, of Montreal, and the Ninth, of Quebec, on behalf of whom he did not speak one word of compliment. Still they had gallantly done their duty.

"The friends of the 65th protested against so injurious a silence, alleging that the battalion which had performed such forced marches, had gone through the greatest privations, and received without flinching its baptism of blood and fire, had at least rendered itself deserving of a complimentary remark. It was then hoped that the official report of the campaign would repair the wrong that had been done, and that after all it might have been an unintentional piece of forgetfulness on the minister's part. It was far from that, however; the wrong had been done intentionally by Sir Adolphe. It was his desire to give as little space as possible in the official history of the campaign to the merit of those who have the misfortune of being French Canadians. Were it not for the sympathetic report of Major-General Strange one might seek in vain for one line to indicate the part played by the 65th during the campaign, which part was certainly up to that of any other corps. Frenchman's Butte, the scene of the battalion's engagement with Big Bear, has been suppressed from the official map of the campaign preceding the report, but Batoche, Fish Creek, Cut Knife and even Deer Lake are there in large and colored letters.

"Is Frenchman's Butte mentioned in Mr. Lindsay Russell's map of the Dominion?" was asked.

"Of course it is. It is mentioned in every map of the Dominion, except that accompanying the report."

"Perhaps the authorities judged that the engagement was not sufficiently important to insure its mention in the report."

"I don't want to boast about what we did then, but I candidly believe that our engagement was sufficiently important for that. When one considers that the immediate effect of the meeting was to put to flight a band of over 800 savages who had been spreading desolation about that part of the country for over three months, who had taken possession of Fort Pitt, who were the authors of the late massacre and who were detaining over forty prisoners, it seems to me that if the authorities had not had the intention of wilfully ignoring our deed, it would have been mentioned before the Duck Lake disaster, the Fish Creek defeat or the flight of Cut Knife Hill."

It will be remembered that Major-General Strange wrote a letter to a friend in Montreal a few days ago in which he expressed great sympathy for the Sixty-Fifth.

THE LAURENTIAN CLUB.

How the Lake Region is being Fished.

This season a new fishing club, called the Laurentian, has been formed and the membership already exceeds seventy; it is expected that this club will soon have the largest membership of all the clubs in the Province, the membership fees being placed at twenty-five dollars. It is a chartered club, and has secured as fine a fishing property as can be found in the Laurentides. A meeting of the club is to be called in a few days. The property of the club is in the Laurentides. The advantages of this region as a fishing and game resort are being more and more fully appreciated. During the past five years many gentlemen of this city, having acquired fishing rights and property, have built Summer residences for themselves and families. One portion of the Laurentides, namely, that north of Three Rivers, is exceedingly picturesque and easy of access by means of the Piles railway. This district has been the favorite locality. There are also other fishing clubs, such as the Winchester, composed of New York, Boston and Montreal gentlemen, of limited membership, the fee being $250; the Shawenigan, composed mostly of Montrealers, the fee being $100, and other minor clubs.

These clubs are doing much to colonize these districts in building roads to their lakes, and in giving employment to some of the farmers in the neighboring parishes. Many of the clubs, when they erect their club house, have from forty to one hundred acres of forest cleared so as to provide a farm for the man who has charge of their property all the year round. In this and similar ways the country is opened up.

The Abattoirs.

Certain rumors were circulated this morning to the effect that the Abattoir Company was about to make an assignment in consequence of the demand made on them to that effect by some of their creditors. A STAR reporter saw Mr. Lavigne, the manager, who denied the statement *in toto*: "We are able," he said, "to pay all we owe, and we are going to do so. I'm going to pay a note now," said Mr. Lavigne, as he walked away.

Saved Twenty-Four Lives.

Charles Arcand, the boatman who saved the lives of Messrs. Seguin and Chatelle on Thursday, claims to have saved twenty-four people from drowning in the neighborhood of Montreal. He states that he can give the names of twelve of those he has saved.

IRISH AFFAIRS.

Protestants of Belfast Censured — Lord Randolph Churchill's Scheme.

LONDON, August 16.—The *Times* again censures the Protestants of Belfast for their refusal to submit to the authorities.

Referring to the report that Lord Randolph Churchill is preparing an Irish measure, the *Times* says he will have a long and arduous task. The nature of the local government proposed must depend in some degree upon the attitude of the Irish people and possibly upon the action of the Irish convention at Chicago. But it is quite certain that nothing like a statutory parliament will enter into Lord Randolph's scheme, and that the development of county government or an election system will be applied on the same principles to all parts of the kingdom.

RUMORED DEFALCATION.

NEW YORK, August 16.—R. A. McKenny, agent of the main office of the American Express Company, has been displaced. It is rumored a defalcation of $35,000 in office has been discovered. It is believed a settlement will be made.

ILLEGALLY CASHIERED.

The Comte de Paris Expounds the Law Under which Commissions are Held in the French Army—He Condemns the Treatment of the French Princes as Illegal and Unjustifiable.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

LONDON, August 16.—The following letter has been received from the Count of Paris in reply to an enquiry for the exact truth concerning the measures depriving the Duke d'Aumale of his property and commission: "The grade or commission of a French officer when obtained according to law is his absolute property, of which he can be deprived only by sentence of court martial for a special offence. The grade is distinct from the functions. The Minister of War has control over the latter, but not over the former. He can refuse to give an officer employment or command. He can put him out of active service for special causes, such as some temporary infirmity, or he can put him in what is called "Reform" for permanent infirmities, or for demerits after an investigation and a decision by a Court of inquest convened for that purpose; but no minister can deprive a French officer of his commission. The Duke d'Aumale won his promotion very rapidly, but not more rapidly than many other officers in time of war, certainly not more so

THAN GENERAL BOULANGER,

whom we find serving as Captain in 1870, and as Colonel eleven months afterward, June, 1871. Assuredly the promotions of the Duke d'Aumale were made under and according to existing French law, which provided that French Princes could be promoted without the usual delays as recognition of good conduct in war. Every promotion of the Duke was won in that way. In consequence of this, after the fall of the empire, the Duke was at once replaced on the army list, from which he had been arbitrarily and unjustly struck off at the time of the revolution of 1848. As to the other Princes, the Duke of Chartres received from Mr. Gambetta during the Franco-German war the provisional commission of Major under the assumed name of Robert Le Fort, and was confirmed in his grade by the Commission of Grades, a committee of the National Assembly clothed with sovereign power to settle without appeal all questions concerning grades obtained in that war. The Duke of Alençon was made captain by an Imperial law passed by the same National Assembly. These three princes were deprived of their active functions in 1883, by General Thibaudeau, then Minister of War, whose political measures were inspired by the disappointment of the Radicals at the repeal of the law of exile. He chose to inflict upon them that withdrawal from service, which is generally considered the heaviest penalty any minister can inflict of his own will. But at the same time General Thibaudeau took pains to declare in the House of Deputies that this political step was lawful and within his province expressly because it did not

DEPRIVE THE PRINCES

of their commissions. The law of proscription passed June 23, 1886, provides that no members of families which have reigned over France shall be allowed to enter the French army or navy. This is the language of the law, but General Boulanger, contrary to the formal text of the law, chose to construe it as expelling from the army the Princes who already owned commissions obtained according to law, and he struck off from the lists of the army the Dukes of Nemours, Aumale, Chartres and Alençon. Not content with this he dealt in the same way with the two Princes Murat who are only connected with the Imperial Bonaparte family in the female line, and who had earned their promotion like all other officers. It was upon being notified of his illegal expulsion from the army, an expulsion totally unprovoked, that the Duke d'Aumale wrote his noble letter to President Grevy who was base enough to take a personal revenge for it by exiling the writer. This is the whole story of the case."

MGR. O'BRIEN IN WINNIPEG.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

WINNIPEG, Man., August 16.—Mgr. O'Brien, the Papal Ablegate, yesterday was presented with an address by the Catholics of Winnipeg.

MR. EGAN'S SUCCESSOR.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

WINNIPEG, Man., August 16.—C. W. Spencer is regarded in railroad circles here as the probable successor of J. M. Egan. Harry Abbott's name is also mentioned.

THE PREMIER'S TOUR.

Enthusiastic Reception of Sir John Macdonald in Different Parts of British Columbia.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

TORONTO, August 16.—The *Mail's* special, dated New Westminster, B. C., August 14, says: Sir John Macdonald arrived at New Westminster at one o'clock this morning from Nanaimo, Premier Smythe and Mr. Dunsmuir accompanying the party, the latter placing his steamer at Sir John's disposal. The journey from Victoria to Nanaimo was accomplished in three hours, the distance being 72 miles. On arriving half way, Sir John drove the last spike in the Vancouver Island Railway. Several prominent citizens of Victoria accompanied Sir John to Nanaimo, among them being Sir W. Begbee, Premier Smythe, Messrs. Higgins, Fridth and others. At Cowichan the people presented an address to Sir John, and bouquets to Lady Macdonald, and the children sang "God Save the Queen." An Indian chief also addressed Sir John at considerable length in English, to which the Premier made an appropriate reply. At Nanaimo the Mayor read an address of welcome, to which Sir John replied. The party were then entertained to luncheon by the Mayor and corporation, after which they drove to Vancouver and Wellington mines, inspecting them. The Premier on Friday travelled 72 miles by rail, drove 20 miles in a carriage, descended a coal mine, and crossed from Nanaimo to the mainland by steamer, and made five speeches.

AT NEW WESTMINSTER.

Sir John arrived in New Westminster in capital health. The people crowded to the wharf to receive him, notwithstanding the lateness of the hour. A beautiful procession of boats, with torches, accompanied the steamer up the river for some distance, and on landing a torch light procession formed and escorted Sir John through the principal streets and then to Bishop Sillitoe's residence, whose guest the Premier is to-day. The party spent the morning in driving around and this afternoon a banquet was tendered to Sir John, after which addresses were presented by the citizens of New Westminster, by Vancouver, by the New Westminster Board of Trade and by the Caledonian Society. The latter invested him with the regalia of the Society as an honorary member. Sir John made a lengthy reply, pointing out what his Government had done in behalf of British Columbia, and urging all to realize that they were Canadians and engaged with the rest of the Dominion in making the country prosperous and developing its resources. His speech, which was a brilliant one, was heartily received and frequently applauded. The town is handsomely decorated with flags and mottoes of welcome. By the fresh water terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway, the streets are all closed and it was a general holiday. Sir John leaves New Westminster on Monday morning by boat for Port Hammond, at which point he will take the Canadian Pacific Railway on the home stretch.

LACK OF PROTECTION.

Serious Complaints from Prince Edward Island—American Fishermen Doing What They Please.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., August 16.—A lively controversy is prevailing in Prince Edward Island over the lack of the fishery protection service. "One who knows," understood to be the commander of a cruiser, affirms that no Americans are fishing inside of the three mile limit; but the *Examiner*, the Dominion Government organ, publishes a letter from a well informed correspondent stating that in the North Bay one hundred and twenty-five sails of American mackerel vessels are practically doing what they please. The other day the "Howlett" chased a schooner ashore, only to find she was a Nova Scotian. The writer hoped the Yankee war vessels would blow the "arrant humbugs, the Canadian cutters, to the devil." Sol Jacobs, who has just returned for a second fare, was fishing inside the limit on Monday. The fish are plentiful in two fathoms of water. The *Examiner* loudly denounces the Government, and says the Minister of Fisheries has mistaken the men appointed captains, and they are not carrying out their instructions. Captain Scott is in Halifax qualifying men for captains and mates, instead of protecting the fisheries. Meanwhile Canadian fishermen are profoundly dissatisfied. The Government can only allay this dissatisfaction by asserting the supremacy of Canada in Canadian waters. They can only do this by appointing new captains to cruisers or compelling the present ones to do their duty. The cruisers made a good showing at the beginning, but now that the Yankees are stealing the fish by wholesale, the cruisers are simply playing into the hands of the thieves.

THE NEW HOME SECRETARY.

The Bishop of Kingston Knows Nothing About the Dungarvon Contest of 1868.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

KINGSTON, August 14.—Your correspondent had an interview this evening with His Lordship the Bishop of Kingston, on his return from his vacation, and requested information concerning the position of Mr. Matthews, now Home Secretary in Lord Salisbury's Cabinet, in the contest between him and Mr. Barry, now Judge Barry, and then Solicitor-General under the Whig administration, for the borough of Dungarvon, in 1868. Your correspondent showed His Lordship the extract from the *Daily News*, London England, quoting a well known Irishman for the statement that Mr. Barry suffered defeat "because he had been Crown counsel against the Fenians," and that Mr. Matthews obtained the seat "because of support given him by the whole force of the South of Ireland Fenianism and the allocation of £10,000 sterling among 200 voters." The Bishop, although acquainted with the public rumors of the day respecting that electoral contest between the representatives of the two great English parties, Whig and Tory, in his native town, has no official knowledge of the facts reported to the *Daily News*, and thinks it quite enough to state that he was not "then located in Dungarvan," as the writer assumes, his appointment not having taken place till 1876, that is eight years subsequent to the events referred to.

THE NEW CANADIAN CRUISER.

Arrival of the "Yosemite" at Halifax—Her Name Changed to the "Acadia."

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

HALIFAX, N. S., August 14.—The new fishery flagship, "Yosemite," purchased in New York, arrived here this morning in command of Capt. McElhinney, making the run from New York in forty-two hours, or six hours quicker than the best on record. Her name has been changed to "Acadia," and she will be immediately armed and put in commission under command of the Venerable "Admiral" Scott. A few hours after the "Acadia's" arrival the United States warship "Galena" steamed up the harbor and anchored abreast of the cable steamer "Minna." The Imperial gunboat "Dido" sailed for England yesterday morning. The "Galena" put in here for coal.

ENJOYING HER LIBERTY AT LOUISBURG.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

LOUISBURG, C. B., August 16.—The Yankee fisherman, "Shilock," which recently put into Liverpool to enable members of her crew to visit their families residing there, but which was forbidden by Capt. Quelley, of the "Terror," as not being a privilege permitted by the treaty of 1886, arrived here on the 11th and has been enjoying the liberty of this port ever since without fear of Customs or cruisers.

SEVERE STORM.

CHICAGO, August 16.—A severe storm, accompanied by torrents of rain and a brilliant display of electricity, broke over the city at 4 o'clock this morning. Several buildings were blown down.

CINCINNATI, August 16.—An unusually severe electric storm passed over the country between Cincinnati and Columbus this morning.

BAPTIST MISSIONARY DEAD.

[SPECIAL TO THE STAR.]

HALIFAX, N. S., August 16.—A cablegram from Calcutta announces the death at that place of Rev. W. F. George, Baptist missionary to Burman. He was a Nova Scotian.

THE IRISH DELEGATES.

NEW YORK, August 16.—The Irish delegates to the Chicago Irish National League Convention, Messrs. O'Brien, Deasy and Redmond, arrived from Europe on the steamer "Servia" this morning.

PETROLEUM IN FRANCE.

PARIS, Aug. 16.—A spring from which flow petroleum of a fine quality has been discovered at Ferraud, Auvergne, on the estate of Alfred Arbaux. This is the first petroleum discovery made in France.

THE GERMAN SOCIALISTS.

BERLIN, August 16.—The Socialists of Saxony have collected 3300 marks for the benefit of their imprisoned leaders.

Serious Accident.

James Kavanagh, aged 23, who works in the Windsor hotel, was driving out with a friend yesterday evening, and when coming down Amherst street the wheel of the vehicle went into an excavation which the Road department are making, and on which the men state was no light. The vehicle upset, throwing them out. One of them escaped unhurt, but Kavanagh had both bones of the right leg fractured, and a severe cut on his head. The ambulance was telephoned for, and he was removed to the Notre Dame hospital, where his condition was considered serious. On enquiry at the Hospital this afternoon he was doing well, but remains in a precarious condition.

Shipping Notes.

The Allan Mail SS. "Parisian" arrived out on Saturday.

SS. "Servia," from Liverpool, has arrived at New York, and "City of Berlin," from New York, at Queenstown.

The Beaver Line SS. "Lake Superior," from Montreal, on the 5th inst., with a shipment of 544 cattle and 1355 sheep, arrived at Liverpool, Sunday, the 15th, with the loss of 1 ox and 6 sheep.

Special Notice.

Fruit and vegetable presses, different patterns; coal-oil lamp stoves will boil, fry and give good light. Just the thing for camping. Price $1.50 at L. J. A. Sauveyer's, 1588 Notre Dame street. x1

The moonlight excursion which was to have been held to-night under the auspices of the young people of St. Joseph Street Presbyterian Church, owing to unfavorable weather, is postponed until Thursday, August 19.

FINANCIAL.

MORNING SALES—35 Bank of Montreal 216¾, 55 do, 217; 1 Merchants, 106; 100 Peoples, 100; 10 Toronto, 204¾; 30 do, 204¾; 55 Commerce, 122¾, 25 do, 122¼, 10 do, 122¼; 50 Telegraph, 131¼, 75 do, 131¼, 175 do, 131¼, 88 do, 131¼; 25 City Pass, 181¾, 25 do, 181¼, 50 do, 181¾, 175 do, 182, 25 do, 181¼; 985 Gas, 215, 475 do, 215¼, 600 do, 215, 125 do, 215¼, 275 do, 215, 900 do, 215¼, 141 do, 215¼; 83 Canada Pacific, 66¾; 75 Richelieu, 76½, 25 do, 76¾; 25 Dominion Cattle, 95, 20 Royal Electric Light, 65.

AFTERNOON SALES.—125 Bank of Montreal, 217; 10 Commerce, 122½; 25 Telegraph, 130; 25 do, 129¾; 50 City Pass, 182¼, 100 do 182¾, 25 do 183, 25 do 183¼, 50 do 182¾, 25 do 184, 25 do 181¼; 150 Gas, 215¾, 200 do 215¼; 75 Canada Pacific, 66¾; 100 Montreal Cotton, 113¾; 100 Hudon Cotton, 125.

London Consols unchanged at 101 3-16. Canada Pacific opened at 68¼ and closed at 68¾. Paris Rentes closed at 82.95. Money in London 1¾ per cent.

NEW YORK STOCKS BY MEREDITH & MONK—The market to-day has been weak and very dull. The room traders sold freely and offered stocks down. The short interest shows a marked interest and money is in much better supply loaning freely at 5 per cent.

COMMERCIAL.

LOCAL.

Business on Change was quiet to-day; only one sale of 75 brls fancy flour at $3.60 being reported; outside, a moderate trade is being done in fresh ground strong bakers' within the range of quotations; last week's stock in store show a decrease of about 5000 barrels, on receipts of 20,716 barrels. Wheat is quiet. Peas and oats are firm. Corn is quiet, but firm. Chicago markets are from ½ to ¼c down on wheat, and ¼c upon corn. English markets are firm.

GRAIN—Wheat, Spring, 82 to 82c; do, red Winter, 82 to 83c; do, white Winter, 81 to 82c; corn, 57 to 59c; oats, 30 to 31c; rye, 58 to 60c; peas, 72½ to 73½c; barley, 55 to 58c.

FLOUR—Patents, $4.15 to $4.50; choice superior extra, $4.05 to $4.15; superior extra, $3.80 to 3.90; extra superfine, $3.70 to 3.75; fancy, $3.45 to 3.50; Spring extra, $3.35 to 3.40; superfine, $3 to 3.10; Canada Strong Bakers', $4.10 to 4.20; Manitoba, $4.50 to 4.60; American do, $4.70 to 4.80; fine, $2.85; middlings, $2.75; pollards, $2.60; Ontario bags, medium, $1.70 to 1.75; do, Spring extra, $1.60 to 1.65; do, superfine, $1.45; city bags, delivered, $2.25 to 2.30; oatmeal, brls., $4.10 to 4.20; do, granulated, $4.40 to 4.50.

DAILY RECEIPTS.—Wheat, 26,361 bush; peas, 2850 bus; oats, 2800 bus; flour, 2800 brls; ashes, 28 brls; butter, 27 pkgs; cheese, 4524 boxes; pork, 200 brls; lard, 64 tcs; leather, 196 rolls; spirits, 60 casks; tobacco, 45 pkgs.

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN.

BEERBOHM reports, cargoes off coast, wheat, firm; corn, nothing offering; cargoes on passage and for shipment, wheat and corn, firmer. Mark Lane, wheat, advanced about 6d; do, corn, turn dearer. English and French country markets, generally dearer. Liverpool, wheat, spot, firmer; do, corn, rather easier; do, fair average. Red Winter wheat, 6d 7s; do white Michigan wheat, 6s 8d. Wheat in Paris, turn dearer; flour in Paris, firm. Weather in England showery.

Estimate of season imports required: French range from four to six, and British two million quarters more than past season.

Liverpool, 3.30 p. m.—Beef, prime mess, 42s 6d.

The Liverpool public cable says, wheat, quiet, demand poor, supply good; corn, dull, no demand.

NEW YORK OIL (By Doran & Wright Co.)

Opening	Highest	Lowest	Closing
61¼	62¼	61¼	62¼ B'S

Wholesale Produce, Provisions, etc.

CHEESE.—English markets are unchanged to-day at 43s per cwt, prices here are about the quotation as many as quotations. Some buyers are making enquiries but do not feel disposed to come up to views of holders, who are firm on 9c for choice. At Canton, N. Y., on 14th 1000 boxes were offered, 1200 boxes sold at 8⅞c and 2700 brought 8⅞c. At Ogdensburg on same date 3500 boxes cheese were offered, 1000 boxes sold at 8⅞c, and 2000 at 8⅞c, the top figure and to have been the price yet is 8⅞ for finest. We repeat quotations as follows: 8¼ to 8⅜c, for fine to choice, 7¾ to 8c, for medium to fine; and 6 to 6¾c, for lower grades.

BUTTER.—The butter market continues quiet. The demand for dairy makes it go chiefly for local retail requirements. Choice creamery is held firmly at 20c, at which figure some sales have recently been made for shipment. English markets are firmer. Cook butter has advanced from 6s to 12s per cwt; firsts being 82s and seconds 74s. We quote: Creamery, 19c to 20c; Townships, 14 to 15c; Morrisburg and Brockville, 13 to 15c; Western, 12 to 14c.

EGGS.—The market is fairly supplied, for which there is a moderately active demand. We quote: Newly candled eggs, in case lots, 14 to 14½c, and ordinary, 13 to 13½c per doz.

SALT FISH.—We quote: Labrador salmon, No. 1, $13; do, No. 2, $12; do, No. 3, $11; do, British Columbia, $11; dry cod, $3 to $3.50; Labrador herrings, per brl, $3.25 to 3.50; lake trout, half-brl, $3.75.

APPLES.—Pots, firsts, $3.50 to 3.60; seconds, $3.10 to 3.20; pearls, firsts, $5.25.

PORK.—The market is steady and firm, a fair jobbing trade in the several lines is reported within the range of quotations as follows: Chicago mess pork, new, $13.50 to $14; clear short cut, new, $14 to 14.50; smoked hams, 12 to 13c; do canvassed, 12½ to 14c; breakfast bacon, 10½ to 11c.

TALLOW.—14 to 5c.

LARD is firm, holders of Western ask 10c, although sales of round lots have been made at 9¾c. Canadian is held at 9c in small lots, a fairly brisk retail trade in each is reported. We quote: Fairbanks at 9¾ to 10c, and Canadian, 8¾ to 9c in pails.

FRUITS.—The market is fairly supplied in the leading lines for which there is a good active demand at quotations. Apples are coming in freely. We quote: Apples, new, $2.50 per brl; Valencia oranges, $12 to 13 per case; Rhodes, $6.50 per box; Messina and Palermo lemons, 9.50 to $10 per box; yellow bananas, Aspinwalls, $4.00 to 5.50 per bunch; do Jamaica, $2 to $3; red do, $1.50 to 2.50; dried onions, 5c per lb; Spanish onions, $3 per case; cherries, $1 to 1.25 per basket; California grapes, $3.50 per case; Delaware $3.50 per crate, do, $4.50 to 5.50 in carriers peaches, $3 to 3.50; do plums, $2.50 to 3.50 per box; southern grapes, 10 to 12c per lb; Bartlett pears, $4 to 4.50 per box; bell pears $4 to 6 per brl; cocoanuts, $6 per 100; water melons, 40c each.

LIVERPOOL—LATEST PRICES CURRENT, AUGUST 16.

	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.
Spring Wheat	6 6 to	6 8	Pork.....		57 6 to	0 0
Red W. Wt.	6 4 "	6 7	Lard.....		35 6 "	0 0
No. 1 Cal'a...	6 8 "	6 9	Bacon, Lc.....		34 0 "	0 0
No. 2.....	0 0 "	0 0	do s. c.....		35 6 "	0 0
Corn(new).....	3 3½ "	0 0	Tallow.....		28 0 "	0 0
Peas.....	5 5 "	0 0	Cheese.....		43 0 "	0 0

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Reported for the STAR by Gordon Strathy & Co Stock Brokers, 100 St. Frs. Xavier st., Aug. 16, 1886

	Ask.	Bid.		Ask'd.	Bid.
Montreal.....	217	216¾	City Pass.....	183	182½