

The Weather

Lower Lawrence and Gulf—Fair and moderately cold.

ESTABLISHED 1764.

The Quebec Chronicle.

QUEBEC, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 8, 1911.

Temperatures
Quebec Temperature—Minimum, 4 below; maximum, 22.

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LAURIER'S APPEAL FOR RECIPROCITY DISAPPOINTING

He was Eloquent, but His Argument was Shallow and Without Either Force or Point.

ADMITTED THERE WAS MUCH OPPOSITION

Ottawa, March 7.—In the House of Commons to-day Sir Wilfrid Laurier came to the rescue of the reciprocity agreement, which is being battered about by its opponents in a very vigorous manner, and for upwards of two hours the Premier brought all the force of his eloquence to bear upon those who are fighting the pact, declaring that in entering upon the arrangement the government was fulfilling its policy and giving to Canada the benefit of a market of ninety millions.

The Premier's effort was disappointing to even the most ardent government supporters. He dwelt a great deal on generalities, and eulogized the pact without giving serious attention to the effect it would be likely to have on Canada's national or economic future.

In a glowing peroration, Laurier declared that annexation was an impossible thing even to theorize about, and the agreement would set an example of two great nations living side by side, one attached to its great institutions and self-help path and the other to the British Empire, each trading with the other freely and fully.

Sir Wilfrid said a full month had elapsed since Mr. Fielding had announced to Parliament the terms of the agreement, and during that time it had been freely discussed not only in the House, but in the press and by public bodies. Unless he greatly misapprehended the trend of public opinion and failed to read aright the signs of the times, he could venture the assertion that it had met with enthusiastic approbation of the large majority of the people. He was quite sure that no word of his could change the Opposition views. They would persevere in them until the very eve of the polling day.

Laurier turned to the agreement, stating that from unexpected quarters it had met with strong opposition, which was stubborn as well. Organizations had been started in Montreal and Toronto for the purpose of fighting this agreement. To this he took no exception. These men who opposed the pact were perfectly within their rights. And he did not underestimate or undervalue the movement or the men at its head. "But there is no cause for alarm for those who believe that this agreement is in the interests of Canada," added the Premier.

Sir Wilfrid then went on to say that some of the objections to the agreement were singularly lacking in force. Others were born of a strange misconception. Who could deny, he asked, that we had now reached a stage in our relations with our neighbors which both parties in Canada had been seeking for the last forty years. He ventured to say that if it had occurred in bygone years such an abatement in the tariff brought to a successful issue would have been received with joy. The two parties had worn out a great deal of shoe leather on missions to Washington in the past in an endeavor to obtain better trade relations. Now the government had entered into an agreement which brought to fruition all the past endeavors.

Laurier continued that when the Liberals came into office the reciprocity

policy was not abandoned. An application was made to the United States, but it was not favorably received. Then the government thought it was consistent with the dignity of Canada not to make any further effort to obtain better trade relations. However, they did not cease to believe in it, but felt that if any more approaches were to be made they should come from the other side of the line. "I deny," said the Premier, "that we changed our policy or principles, but we took a stand more in keeping with our national dignity."

Laurier continued that so long as his government retained the confidence of the people, it would seek new markets wherever they were to be found. Canadians were above all an agricultural people. In cereals and vegetables and fruits he had no hesitation in saying they could beat the world. With a fair chance and no tariffs, these products, he believed, could outstep competitors. The object of this agreement was to open the doors of ninety millions, which had been closed for fifty years. And yet, when the doors were on the eve of swinging wide, they were met with these objections that a simple trade arrangement would shatter the British Empire and crush the Canadian Confederation.

The Premier dealt with the argument that this agreement put an end to the chance of mutual preferential trade. With that assertion he took direct issue. Canada had not taken any sides in the conflict between the tariff reformers and free traders. In 1902 Canada was prepared to give Britain a preference on manufactured articles in return for a preference in the British markets for Canadian products. That would be the attitude of Canada at the next Imperial Conference. Canada had not changed her opinion in this respect. This agreement did not alter the position in the slightest. He then turned to the only objection which, he said, was of any consequence—that the agreement would imperil our industries. In the agreement no manufactured article was touched except agricultural implements. The government had kept within the terms of the resolution at the convention of 1893 and arranged for reciprocity in natural products only. It was easy to understand that when the negotiations were proceeding the United States was more anxious to get its manufactured articles into Canada than farm products. It had been asked by some why we not agricultural implements placed on the free list. He reminded the House and country that while it was always comparatively easy to put a duty up, it was a very difficult thing to decrease duties.

Taking up the assertions of the opponents of the agreement that the government had no mandate for making it, Sir Wilfrid declared there was absolutely no foundation for that statement. When the tariff was revised in 1907 and the intermediate tariff placed therein, it was suggested that this was aiming a blow at the United States. At the Imperial Conference of that year the Premier said he made Canada's position plain.

It was that they would be only too glad to trade on better terms with their American neighbors than at that time. Regarding Mr. Sifton, whom the Premier complimented "for an able speech," he could say that his distaste for reciprocity was more sudden than he would have the House and country to believe. At the Liberal convention at Ottawa in 1893 Mr. Sifton had supported the resolution respecting better trade relations with the United States. The Liberal party had never abandoned that plank of the platform. True, the policy had been allowed to lie dormant, but the policy of 1893 was the policy of to-day, and he challenged any one to prove that it had been departed from.

Laurier admitted that in the last three general elections the question of reciprocity was not an issue, because at that time, so far as he knew, there was no difference of opinion between the Liberal and Conservative parties on that question. The argument that Parliament was debarr'd from discussing any question which had not been an issue at a general election he described as "childish."

The Premier then sought to find a reason for the attitude of the Opposition, saying it seemed to be founded on the argument that Canada was prosperous to-day as she never was before. Prior to 1896 the vast land and resources had been lying dormant, transportation facilities were in their infancy. The country was extraordinarily prosperous, but was that any reason, he asked, why we should not go further. The Opposition said, "Fold your arms and let well enough alone." "Is this Canada or is it China?" Sir Wilfrid asked amid loud Liberal cheers.

The government had proceeded with great care in this matter, and he emphasized the point that the government did not exist alone for the manufacturers or the farmers, but for the whole people. There should not, he declared, be any antagonism between class and class. Manufacturers and farmers needed each other, and when they walked hand in hand prosperity was assured. The government's policy was for none. The Premier recognized that capital was at all times a timid thing, and the aim of the agreement had been to insure the safety of capital. The Premier ridiculed the suggestion that a crisis would overtake the country if the agreement did not work out all right. Canadians, he hoped, were built of sterner stuff than that. The Tories of 50 years ago were certainly made of sterner stuff than their successors. The abrogation of the treaty of 1854 was an undeniable blow to Canada, but the Canadians of that day did not falter. Did they seek refuge in the Union?

It was fortunate that Lord Elgin was not advised at that time by the Conservative leaders of to-day. Canada stood to-day by the example of the men of sixty years ago. There were evidences that a new era had been commenced with our relations with our neighbors.

One thing was certain—the policy which meant that two great nations lying alongside each other for thousands of miles were cut off from commercial intercourse with each other was passing and a brighter day was dawning. The thoughtful men of the United States were realizing that the selfish and narrow policy of past years had to be thrown overboard, and they were preparing to retrace their steps. Was it credible that Canada, in view of the action of her neighbors, should on her part adopt a retrograde and selfish policy?

There have been important joint manoeuvres during the last few years, but they have been planned far in advance and carried out without a tittle of excitement, or of evidence of interest, at the White House. To-day the executive officers were steeped with mystery; the entire morning was given over to conferences with officers of the War and Navy departments. This thick atmosphere of mystery, and the zealous efforts to minimize the importance of the business, lent a curious significance to the fact that General Leonard Wood, chief of staff of the army, in an effort to elude interviewers, slipped out of one of the rear windows of the President's office and beat a masterly retreat through the secluded portions of the White House grounds to a rear entrance of the War Department.

The real significance of these activities, which have been confined apparently to the last forty-eight hours or less, is thought to relate very directly to the conditions in Mexico, and to the growing belief that the situation there is by no means so satisfactory as the Mexican government would have it believed to be. There are persistent reports that the physical condition of President Diaz has lately become such as to alarm his adherents, and that momentous developments are to be prepared for.

One report which was current here to-day was that the Pearson Syndicate, heavily interested in enterprises in Northern Mexico, had appealed to the British government for adequate protection of themselves and other foreign interests in preparation for the chaotic conditions which would almost certainly follow any serious loss of prestige, to say nothing of the collapse of the Diaz government. It was said that the British Ambassador had taken up the question with the State Department here with a suggestion that unless the United States took immediate steps to exhibit its disposition and ability to protect foreign interests in Mexico, the European governments, more particularly Great Britain and Germany, would be compelled to do so. Of course, no direct confirmation of this report was obtainable, but the sudden burst of martial activity gave it color.

Ambassador de la Barra, of the Republic of Mexico, who has been in New York, returned to Washington to-night to fulfill a social engagement, and returned at midday to New York. He never is anxious about the affairs of his government, and professed entire ignorance as to the meaning of the mobilization of American troops. He disclaimed any knowledge of any change in the internal conditions of Mexico, and as for the health of President Diaz, he insisted that nothing in the personal and official communications indicated anything but his usual satisfactory condition of health. Moreover, he stated that apart from sporadic disorders connected with the revolt in isolated parts of Mexico, the situation was normal.

It was said that one reason for the return of Ambassador de la Barra to New York to-night was to meet there Senator Limantour, the Mexican Minister of Finance, who arrived to-night from France. It was also said here to-day that another party to this meeting would be Porfirio Diaz, Jr., son of the President, who was said to be on his way north from Mexico City for that purpose.

Henry Lane Wilson, the American Ambassador to Mexico, has been in the United States on leave for about

ten days, and to-day left for Crawfordsville, Ind., to visit his mother who is ill. He has talked more or less about general conditions in Mexico, but on the subject of most interest at this juncture has been dumb to interviewers. As to what he may have told his superiors at the State Department about the rumored crisis in the health of President Diaz, not a syllable could be ascertained.

It was admitted at the White House this evening that the Mexican insurgents had been giving considerable trouble to the contractors engaged on the work of damming the Colorado River across the line from the Imperial Valley in California, and that Mexico was sending by way of the Gulf of California a regiment of federal troops to guard the work, which was undertaken by the United States to prevent floods in the Imperial valley and the surrounding country. Two hundred Mexican soldiers sent through Yuma, Ariz., some time ago for this purpose were gobbled up by the insurgents and never reached their destination.

The President told callers to-day that Texas and the adjacent country offered an admirable field for manoeuvres at this time of year, but vouchsafed no further information. No such secrecy ever before has marked the preparations for practice manoeuvres; quite to the contrary, at other times the participating officers have been only too glad to draw public attention to and arouse public interest in the work of the army and the navy. Furthermore, it was freely stated to-day that the appropriations for army manoeuvres for the current fiscal year are all but exhausted, and it is pointed out that in ordinary circumstances no such movements as those sprung on the army and navy during the past forty-eight hours would be thought of. Hence, it was inevitable that Washington should be skeptical toward the explanations given officially and should look to conditions in Mexico, known or suspected, as explaining more plausibly this concentration of an army close to the border, with a goodly portion of the navy at hand in either ocean.

The News in London.

London, March 8.—The news of the Mexican developments and the mobilization of American troops reached London at a late hour, when the government offices were closed, rendering it impossible to obtain official comment on the situation. The morning newspapers give great prominence to this subject, but few discuss it editorially.

The Morning Post accepts as a fact the report that Great Britain has intimated to the U. S. that, as American tradition is averse to intervention by European powers, it is incumbent upon the United States to take such action as shall render British action unnecessary. The paper says: "This seems to be the logical corollary of the recent development of the Monroe Doctrine and its tacit acceptance by the European powers. Should the U. S. feel justified in sending an army to Mexico, it is hardly likely to be in the power of the American government to limit the consequences of its intervention, which must in all probability open a fresh chapter in American history."

BANK OF ENGLAND.

London, March 7.—Bullion amounting to 275,000 was taken into the Bank of England on balance to-day.

GREAT ACTIVITY AT WASHINGTON

Sudden Mobilization of the Army and Navy Toward the Mexican Frontier.

Washington, March 7.—The most extensive movement of troops and war vessels ever executed in this country in time of peace is now under way by order of the President, as commander-in-chief of the army and navy, the objective being the country north of the Mexican boundary and the waters of the two oceans at either end of it.

Twenty thousand soldiers—more than one-fourth of the army of the United States—of all arms of the service, are moving toward the Mexican border; four armored cruisers, comprising the Fifth Division of the Atlantic Fleet, have been ordered from northern waters to the naval station at Guantanamo, Cuba, and most of the Pacific Fleet is or shortly will be on its way to assemble at San Pedro and San Diego, Cal., and 2,000 marines are preparing to make the Guantanamo station their temporary headquarters.

It was officially announced at the White House and at the War and Navy departments to-day that the purpose of this great mobilization, unprecedented save in war times, is the training of officers and men under service conditions, and practice in co-operation between the land and naval forces. Unusual pains were taken by all officially concerned in the matter to give this color to the sudden activity; but these statements were accepted with increasing reserve.

There have been important joint manoeuvres during the last few years, but they have been planned far in advance and carried out without a tittle of excitement, or of evidence of interest, at the White House. To-day the executive officers were steeped with mystery; the entire morning was given over to conferences with officers of the War and Navy departments. This thick atmosphere of mystery, and the zealous efforts to minimize the importance of the business, lent a curious significance to the fact that General Leonard Wood, chief of staff of the army, in an effort to elude interviewers, slipped out of one of the rear windows of the President's office and beat a masterly retreat through the secluded portions of the White House grounds to a rear entrance of the War Department.

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IRISH MEMBERS ARE DISSATISFIED

With the American Meat Supplied to the Army of Great Britain.

London, March 7.—Richard Burden Haldane, Secretary of State for War, in the House of Commons to-day described the supply of American beef furnished for the British army as "excellent and wholesome food." This was his rejoinder to the attack on the American products which was renewed by Denis Kilbride, John O'Connor and Rowland Hunt. These three joined in the suggestion that diseased animals were slaughtered and shipped abroad to be consumed by British soldiers.

The War Minister characterized the anxiety expressed as groundless, and said that representatives of this Government resided in Chicago where they supervised all meat shipments to England. He asked the Irishmen if they would undertake to supply the army with the same quality of food at the same rates at which the War Office bought excellent and wholesome food from the United States.

A SPIRITUALIST CONDEMNED

To Pay Heavy Damages for Frauds with Regard to Madagascar.

London, March 7.—Mrs. Elizabeth Horne, the well-known Spiritualist and preacher of the ancient theory that the earth is flat, was assessed \$17,500 damages in the King's Bench division of the High Court of Justice to-day for fraudulent representations regarding alleged concessions in Madagascar. According to the allegations, Mrs. Horne's victims were many. She collected in the neighborhood of \$150,000 on the basis that

she had a concession in Madagascar that would yield gold and diamonds to the value of \$50,000,000.

The prosecutor in the present case is the owner of a livery stable in a suburban town. He was so impressed with the stories told by the defendant that he regarded her as the "uncrowned queen of Madagascar." It is expected that other suits will be pressed.

Mrs. Horne is about 64 years of age and the daughter of the late Dr. Cowie, bishop of Auckland, N. Z. Her operations attracted attention four years ago, when steps were taken to organize the "Secret Syndicate," which was to develop her properties. At the time some enquiries were made, but the authorities were not able to establish that fraud had been committed.

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We have an assortment of Tailor Waists at a great reduction.

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A lot of Skirts in cloth with nice trimming, black or navy, worth \$6.00, for.....\$2.24

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Nice Underskirts in black sateen, with a large flounce. SPECIAL SALE.....\$1.49

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For your Suits and your Overcoats come and try us for our cut and our prices.

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Additional Improvements

During the month of March we will complete the improvements to our Show Rooms. We expect by Easter to have the pleasure of showing our customers through one of the most attractive and best equipped jewellery establishments in the city.

While this work is going on we will display in our show windows a variety of goods at greatly reduced prices. These are lines of fancy goods left over from the Christmas sales. Rather than store them in the show cases we will dispose of them at about half the usual prices.

There are Ink Stands, Match Stands, Work Boxes, Manicure Sets, Thermometers, Scent Bottles, Salts Bottles, Letter Scales, Collar Boxes, Tobacco Pouches, Blotting Pads, Photo Frames, etc., etc.

We are also displaying six dozen fine gold rings set with real gems, the regular prices \$8 to \$10. Sale price, \$5. Another lot of rings, regular \$5, for \$3.

Other goods to be disposed of during this sale are Dining Room Clocks, striking hours and half hours on gong, \$15 for \$10.

Ornamental Electric Lamps, \$16.75 for \$10

A Cabinet of one dozen each Sheffield Fish Knives and Forks, \$30 for \$15.

G. SEIFERT & SONS
Jewelers
16 Fabrique Street, Quebec

The Quebec Chronicle

QUEBEC, MARCH 8, 1911.

POLLUTING THE ST. CHARLES.

As a rule, Le Soleil is not apt to lose its head or to go off into hysterics, but this question of floating timber in the St. Charles seems to have affected its reason somewhat badly for the moment. It therefore makes a frantic appeal to the citizens of Quebec and abuses us roundly because we consider that the city water supply is more likely to be contaminated by sewage than by the driving of logs.

Le Soleil must consider its readers to be woefully lacking in intelligence when it allows its own feverish imagination to conjure up a fearful and wonderful picture of the awful consequences which, it says, must be incidental to the floating of these poor, innocent pieces of timber.

According to it they are not the ordinary common or garden log at all. It even hints that they are peculiar and pestiferous, that the baleful diphtheria germ clings to them with parasitic insistency and the terrible typhoid bacillus is a constant passenger upon their floating forms, and only awaits the opportunity to hop off and sneak into the water pipes with the object of dealing out death and devastation among the citizens.

This kind of talk is no doubt very entertaining as showing to what shifts Le Soleil will go to bolster up its case. And it also serves to draw the attention of the reader from the really dangerous source of contamination. But if that journal would only face the facts instead of inflicting this absurd kind of fiction upon a public that has still managed to retain some vestige of intelligence in spite of the infantile babblings of Le Soleil, then this soi-disant champion of the public welfare might possibly accomplish something useful.

The real peril lies in the pollution of the St. Charles by sewage. What possible benefit can it be to prevent the floating of logs and still allow the farms and houses to drain into the river? The danger of typhoid will not be lessened one iota by stopping the logs, and we think that neither the civic authorities nor Le Soleil will be able to produce a medical man to say that it will.

If the city authorities really want a supply of pure water, why not lay a new main to one of the upper lakes, where there will not be such danger of pollution as in the case of the St. Charles River?

A SENSIBLE BILL.

A short time ago Mr. Lewis, M.P. for West Huron, introduced a bill into the Commons designed to prevent the rough handling and consequent smashing of baggage by transportation officials generally. The wording of the bill was as follows:—

"Every one is guilty of an offence and liable—on summary convictions before a magistrate, stipendiary magistrate or any one justice of the peace having the power alone to do such acts as are usually required to be done by two or more justices—to a penalty not exceeding fifty dollars over and above the value of the baggage destroyed or damaged, or, to one month's imprisonment with or without hard labor, or both, who wilfully or through negligence destroys or damages any trunk, valise, satchel, box or other baggage when handling such baggage for transportation by railway, vessel, vehicle or any other means of conveyance used by common carriers.

When a person found guilty of violating this act is an employee of a corporation or company, the magistrate, or acting magistrate, may convict such corporation or company of the offence and find it liable to the actual damages caused; the employee in such case being held liable only for the penalty."

Smoke

**SWEET
CAPORAL**



CIGARETTES

Some of the penalties above enumerated may seem somewhat harsh, but there can be doubt that the resolution touches upon a matter of grave importance. About five million tons of baggage were carried by the Canadian railways last year, and 24,000,000 tons of freight. The freight boxes and parcels do not suffer so much, but there is reason to believe that there is possibly 50 per cent depreciation in the value of baggage receptacles every year.

It can hardly be denied that a good deal of this baggage-smashing might be avoided. There is too much carelessness, if not wilful roughness, in the manner of handling trunks, etc., and a curb might well be put upon it. Such legislation as we have concerning the liability of transportation companies in connection with injury to baggage is ineffective.

If a man were to steal a valise and its contents, he would receive short shrift. But if he ruins it—which amounts to the same thing as far as the owner's pocket is concerned—he gets off scot-free.

CONFEDERATION SMASHERS.

Laurier and Fielding are the men trying to force reciprocity on the Canadian people. What is their past record on this question of commercial relations with our "good brethren to the South"? Eight years ago both of them said that the best thing for Canada would be to be "absolutely independent of the United States," and for that reason they succeeded in involving the country in a \$300,000,000 "national" railway to keep Canada's trade within her own borders. Now they wish to abandon that policy and go back to the policy of their green and salad days and sacrifice Canadian nationhood to the upbuilding of American prosperity. That this is not the first attempt of these two gentlemen to smash Confederation is well illustrated by the following speeches:—

Hon. Wilfrid Laurier (Boston, November, 1891):—"The tie which now binds Canada to the Mother Land is Canada's own will. * * Of course, light as the dependence is, it cannot last forever. * * Canada and England have interests apart, and the day will come and must come when Canada and England will have to separate from each other. * * Our object is to offer to the United States free entrance into our territory to all American products, natural and manufactured, provided the United States extends the same privilege to the products of Canada. This involves that we should offer to the American nation advantages denied to the rest of the world. * * I am firmly convinced that the economic interests of Canada lie with this continent. * * Trade knows but one law—profit—and will move for and seek profit within or beyond allegiance, without any regard to it."

The St. John Standard quotes the following:—

Hon. W. S. Fielding (1886):—"I stand here a repealer. * * It is warring against God and nature, against every element of geography * * to attempt to establish any consolidated nationality under our present union."

"The interests of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island are alike in this matter. All these provinces have been sacrificed in the Confederation. * * The people are in earnest in this matter and the politician who fails to keep faith with them will have reason to regret that he has come forward to take part in the agitation."

"People of Nova Scotia, if you have any of that latent fire and enthusiasm which once throbbled in your hearts and in the hearts of your fathers, let it be awakened and aroused; let the vials of your righteous indignation be poured forth against those who bind you by that monstrosity of legislation, the British North American Act—and let it be said to-day that you have championed the cause of political freedom, that you have thrown off the Canadian monster, and have emancipated yourselves from the bondage of the Canadian union."

History repeats itself. Laurier and Fielding are the same to-day as in their green and salad days. The Confederation smashers are again abroad in the land.

Now the Liberal newspapers have commenced to break away from Laurier on the reciprocity issue. The Owen Sound (Ont.) Herald announces that it has gone into opposition.

The Doukhobors in British Columbia are making preparations to plant a large number of trees this season. It is intimated that special attention will be given to fig trees, the leaves of which form a simple and economical substitute for the customary wearing apparel.

The Navy leads to war, Reciprocity is an assurance of peace, says La Vie. If we have Reciprocity, what need will we have of a navy? When our products are shipped through American ports, is it likely that the United States will allow any one to in-



DAME G. d'AUTEUIL
Weak and discouraged,
Mrs. Guillaume d'Auteuil
gains by the use of
St. Michel's Wine
renewed strength and
vitality.

The joys of motherhood often cause pain, fatigue and losses which produce exhaustion, nervous depression and the impoverishment of the blood causing serious anemia and weakness.

The following letter tells how Mrs. Guillaume d'Auteuil, following the example of many mothers, has recovered from weakness from which she was suffering.

These are her own words:

Messrs. Boivin, Wilson & Co., Montreal.
Gentlemen:—After the birth of my first child, I was extremely weak; I had great difficulty in walking, I was deeply discouraged, when my husband having one day read the testimonials of several women in the same condition as I was, who owed their restoration to health to ST. MICHEL'S WINE, became convinced of the value of this famous restorer and bought me some. After having taken one glass before each meal during eight days, I felt that my strength was coming back. Being encouraged, I took a third bottle and now I can attend to my work without fatigue and I am feeling very well.

MRS. GUILLAUME D'AUTEUIL,
St. Honore, Temiscouata Co., P.Q.

P.S.—I am sending you a photograph to prove that I have really been cured by ST. MICHEL'S WINE. You may publish my testimony if you so desire.

All mothers or housewives who have to assume the burden of their household should regularly take St. Michel's Wine, to repair the loss of strength caused by fatigue and worry. When health departs, the happiness, joy and pleasure of life also vanishes. This is why it is extremely important to be in good health. St. Michel's Wine, will restore health and strength to mothers. The fact is proven by thousands of people.

BOIVIN, WILSON & CO.
AGENTS
520 ST. PAUL ST. MONTREAL

terfere with them. Besides, when Mr. Brodeur attended the Imperial Conference in London, he let it be inferred that America was the natural if not the only enemy of Canada.

At the pro-reciprocity assembly of the Mercier Club Dr. Beland abused the "implacable English fanatics," and denounced those whom he described as being the "slaves of Jingoism and Imperialism." Dr. Beland seems more Nationalist than the Nationalists.

Italy and Austria are said to be preparing to make military demonstrations upon the frontier separating the countries as a result of a diplomatic misunderstanding over protectoral rights. Both countries are reported to be moving troops. In State circles fears are said to be felt for the permanency of the triple alliance if the two nations are not reconciled.

The opposition to the agreement is daily growing stronger, but the most surprising news is from Alberta, to the effect that the American farmers in that province are out against it, for a very interesting reason. They state that they came to Canada to avoid the operation of the trusts, which have been controlled on this side of the line by the customs authorities.—Toronto World.

THE QUEEN'S

Toronto, the Queen City of Canada, is the important business and tourist centre of the Dominion, its many handsome churches, artistic public buildings, imposing offices, public drives, parks and gardens, are the admiration of many thousands of visitors throughout the year.

One of the best hotels in Canada is located here, the old-established "Queen's," a hostelry that is especially popular with all discriminating people, standing on its own beautiful and extensive grounds, it has an air of quiet and refinement that appeals strongly to the home lover, its fame is far reaching, and many remember with pleasure the hours spent within its hospitable walls.

The "Queen's" is operated on the American and European Plan, the rates being: Rooms without Bath (American Plan) \$3 per day up. Rooms with Bath (American Plan) \$3.50 per day up. Rooms (European Plan) \$1.50 per day up.



**CARTER'S
LITTLE
LIVER
PILLS.**
**CURE
SICK
HEAD**
Aches they would be almost as to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all, sick headache is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.
Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

MILLINERY.

The Misses Hill and Turcot, having taken up the Millinery Department of Messrs. Glover, Fry & Co., beg to announce that they have opened

A Millinery Salon
at 22 Palace Hill

and will have on view the first Spring Novelties on WEDNESDAY, THE 8TH INST. They cordially invite all their former clients and ladies generally to visit their new establishment.

mar6x3

G. A. LAFRANCE
NOTARY

Removed his Office to 92
St. Peter Street.
Money to Loan
LOTS FOR SALE
on St. Louis Road

Prize Medal, Philadelphia Exhibition, 1876.

**OAKLEY'S
WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH**
Best for Cleaning and Polishing Cutlery,
Sd., Gd., 1/2, 2 1/2 & 4."

WELLINGTON KNIFE BOARDS
Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to Knives.

POLYBRILLIANT METAL POMADE
Never becomes dry and hard like other Metal Pastes.

SILVERSMITHS' SOAP
For Cleaning Plate.

**EMERY, EMERY CLOTH
GLASS PAPER, BLACK LEAD**

MANUFACTURED BY
JOHN OAKLEY & SONS, Ltd.,
Wellington Mills, London, England.



Big G
Dorated Golden Seal
A safe and simple remedy for
Dysentery, Colic, Hay Fever,
Inflammation, Irritation, etc.,
etc., of all mucous membranes,
etc., of the nose, throat,
stomach or intestines.
AT DRUGGISTS 31
"It cures yourself"
Treatise with each bottle
or mailed on request.
The Great Canadian Co.,
Quebec, P.Q.,
U.S.A.

**INJECTION
BROU**
FOR
GONORRHOEA and GLEET
NO OTHER TREATMENT REQUIRED
Sold by all Druggists

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Notice is hereby given that a Special General Meeting of the shareholders of the Union Bank of Canada will be held at the Head Office of the Bank, No. 36 St. Peter Street, in the City of Quebec, on Friday, the twenty-fourth day of March next, 1911, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, for the following purposes, namely:—
(a) To enact a By-Law increasing the number of Directors of the Bank from eleven to fifteen, and providing for the election of new Directors to fill the vacancies thus created.
(b) To make provision for the remuneration of the new Directors.
Dated at Quebec, the 31st day of Jan., 1911.
By order of the Board,
H. B. SHAW,
Assistant General Manager.
Feb 20/11, Thurs to 9 Mar

Eduard Hamel, B.A. So. J. des R. Tessler, B.A. So.

HAMEL & TESSIER
CIVIL ENGINEERS

Hochelaga Bank Bldg. 136 St. Peter St.
Tel. 2689. Quebec.
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CHING HARDWARE CO.
Fabrique Street and
Foot of Mountain Hill

Fire Saws and Fenders

Brass and Wrought Iron Finish

FIRE SCREENS
COAL HODS
GAS LOGS

Brass Tea Kettles on Stands

Coffee Machines
Chafing Dishes

KITCHEN UTENSILS

S. J. SHAW & CO.

43 Mountain Hill
LOWER TOWN

Removal Sale

Our Entire Stock
—OF—
HARDWARE

We are offering discounts of
from 10% to 30%

ESTEY
FLOUR

WOLVERTON MILLING CO.
ESTEY
PATENT
WOLVERTON, ONT.

IS
THE BEST

TRY IT
AND BE CONVINCED

FOR SALE BY
J.B. RENAUD & CO.
P.G. BUSSIERE & CO.
AND FIRST CLASS GROCERS.

Continuation

of the

Great Cheap

Sale

Balance of Felt Hats
Reduced to 25c

Embroideries
at half price

White Silk Blouses
at half price

Black Silk Blouses
at half price

Striped Flannels
at half price

Boys' Black and
Navy Overcoats
at half price

Fancy Dress Gowns
at half price

White Lace Curtains all
reduced \$1.10 now 88c; \$1.40
now 1.12.

Pure Linen Handkerchiefs
all reduced 10c now 8c; 15c
now 12c; 20c now 16c.

Best Print all reduced 15c
now 12c.

Strictly Cash

Simons & Minguy

20 Fabrique Street,
Telephone 338. QUEBEC

LATEST HATS and CAPS

The Latest London Style of "Mascot" Caps, made Specially and Sole Agent

— ALSO —

Tress Latest Black Hats Doe, Chamois and Dogskin Gloves, Latest Styles

J. H. MULLIN,

Ladies' and Gents' Tailor and Haberdasher.

48 Fabrique Street.

ONE WEEK ONLY**Trousers Made To Order**

From West of England
Tweeds and Worsted

for

\$5.00 Spot Cash
Worth \$8.00 and \$9.00

JOHN DARLINGTON, Registered
Opposite Post Office

When you Need
A Pail, or a Tub, or a Fire Bucket
See that you get
EDDY'S FIBREWARE

It is Light, Tight, and Durable.

Made in one Solid, Compact Mass, and Positively
will not taint Liquids of any kind.

The E. B. EDDY Co., Limited, Hull, Canada.

**OCEAN ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE
CORPORATION, LIMITED**
(of London, England)
ASSETS OVER - \$10,000,000.00

Place your **EMPLOYERS LIABILITY INSURANCE** in
a strong Company with funds that will enable them
to make good all demands by Employees for annuities,
weekly wages, or other compensation provided
for under the "TASCHEREAU ACT."

ALEX. LAURIE, Sp'ol Agent.
98 St. Peter St.
Phone 1397.

W. J. FRASER, General Agent,
Hochelaga Bank Building,
PHONES: Office 3659, Residence 79

\$10.00 Cash

and
\$6.00 per month
will put a beautiful
PIANO
in your home.

Just receiving a new stock of
Pianos from the leading manu-
facturers.
ARTHUR LAVIGNE
93-95 John Street

BOSSE & BANKS

Steel Beams, Columns, Plates, Gas
and Water Pipes, Contractors',
Unipal and Builders' Sup-
plies, Machinery and
Specialties.

BOARD OF TRADE BUILDING,
39 St. Paul St., QUEBEC

SANTAL-MIDY
Standard remedy for Gleet,
Gonorrhea and Runnings
in 48 HOURS. Cures Kid-
ney and Bladder Troubles.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM**REDUCED RATES**

In Effect From March 10th to April 10th,
Inclusive.

Second Class Colonist Fare from Quebec to—
Nelson, Vancouver, Victoria,
Westminster, B. C. \$51.00
Seattle, Spokane, Tacoma,
Wash.; Portland, Ore. \$51.50
San Francisco, Los Angeles,
San Diego, Cal. \$51.50
Mexico City, Mex. \$51.50
Low rates to many other points.

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS
Leave Montreal for Chicago on Mondays,
Wednesdays and Fridays, at 10.30 p.m. Berths
available for accommodation of passengers
holding first or second class tickets on pay-
ment of nominal charge. Connection made
with trains carrying cars of similar style at
Chicago.

For further information apply to Geo. H.
Stott, agent, G. T. R. St. Anne, or any other
representative of the company.

ENTERTAINMENTS

Games, Playing Cards,
Bridge Sets, Chess,
Drafts, Parohesi,
Flinch, Etc., Etc.

Score Pads,
Bridge Pads "500" Pads
Tally Cards,
Whist Markers, Etc., Etc.

Rule Books, Euchre,
Bridge, Whist,
All Games
Entertainment Books, Etc.

John E. Walsh
11 John Street

King's Coronation**SPRING and SUMMER****SAILINGS NOW READY**

Let us advise you to book early and
secure the choice accommodation.

DO NOT DELAY

Plans, rates, sailings of all lines al-
ways on hand.
Your patronage is solicited.

F. S. STOCKING, 32 ST. LOUIS STREET
Gen'l. R.R. and S.S. Agent.



THE
ORIGINAL
and only
GENUINE
Beware of
imitations
Sold on the
merits of
Midard's
Liniment

Send Us Your Underwear
Each Week

We launder underwear better
than it can be done at home,
without making the garment feel
harsh and rough when worn. Yet
we get them thoroughly clean all
over.

Take advantage of this service.
Our aim, to Please.

THE IMPERIAL LAUNDRY
Dyers and Cleaners
54 VALIER STREET
Phone 95

QUEBEC CENTRAL RAILWAY**EVERY DAY**

AT 3.30 P.M.
Through train leaves Levis
for
NEW YORK
and
BOSTON
THE ONLY LINE
with Pullman and Dining
Cars

Local leaves Levis at 8.00 A. M.
daily except Sunday.

For further information and Pullman
reservations apply to F. S. Stocking, City and Dis-
trict Passenger Agent, 32 St. Louis St., re-
presenting Thos. Cook & Son, and all Ocean
Steamship Lines.

NOTICE
Glover, Fry & Co
Office 22 Palace Hill

All parties indebted to the
firm of Glover, Fry & Co., will
kindly make immediate pay-
ment at the above address.

Glover, Fry & Co.

HIGH WATER AT QUEBEC.

A. M. P. M.
Tuesday, March 7. 10.31 11.19
Wednesday, March 8. 11.36 12.00
Thursday, March 9. 12.49 12.57
Friday, March 10. 2.05 2.17
Saturday, March 11. 3.15 3.26
Sunday, March 12. 4.14 4.28

Moon Phases.
First quarter, Tuesday, March 7th,
6.09 p.m.

OUR LINES.
It is useless to enumerate our prices
and the assortment of stock. We must
maintain the reputation we have had
in the past. See our great advertise-
ment.

WAGUY, LEPINAY & FRERE.

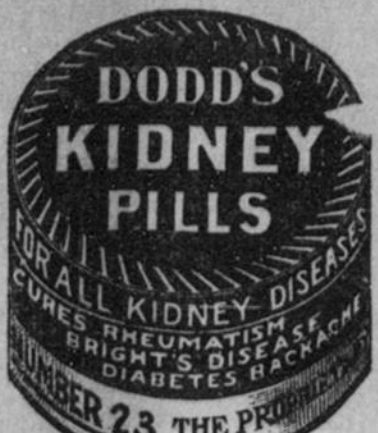
Wood's Phosphorine.
The Great English Remedy.
Tones and invigorates the whole
nervous system, makes the
blood to flow, cures
debility, mental and brain worry,
neurasthenia, nervousness, indigestion,
dyspepsia, and all ailments of the
stomach and bowels. One will please, all
will be pleased. Sold by all druggists or mailed
in plain package on receipt of price. New pamphlet
mailed free.
(Formerly Dr. Williams' Pink Pills)

Shipping News

LAUNCH OF A THOMSON LINER.
London, March 7.—The Caronia, a twin-
screw steamer of the Thomson line, to
trade between Southampton and the St.
Lawrence, built to carry 200 saloon and
1,500 second class passengers, was
launched at Welland yesterday.

FREIGHTS AND CHARTERS.
New York, March 7.—Steamer freights
offered steadily and a moderate business
was done in chartering. Rates held firm
in almost every trade, and the offerings
of tonnage were limited. For sail ton-
nage the demand was limited and charter-
ing was light. Rates were steady and
unchanged. Quotations to Liverpool, Lon-
don and Hull, 2d; Glasgow, 1 1/4d a 2d;
Rotterdam, 4 1/2d; Hamburg, 40 pfennigs;
Bremen, 35 pfennigs; Bristol,
2 1/2d; Antwerp, 1 1/4d a 2d; Cork for or-
ders, 2s 4 1/2d; picked ports, large ton-
nage, 2s 1 1/2d; cotton to Liverpool, per
100 lbs., 18c.

Charters.—German steamer, 150,000
cases petroleum, Philadelphia to two
20,000 quarters grain, Baltimore to
ports Japan, 20s, June; British steamer,
picked ports United Kingdom or Con-
tinent, is 10 1/2d, option Dunkirk, 2s, or
three ports Denmark, 2s 3d, March; Nor-
wegian steamer, 2,474 tons, transatlantic
trade, one trip on time charter, \$1,250,
March-April; Spanish steamer, 1,777
tons, same, basis 4s, April; German
steamer, 1,433 tons, timber, Gulf to
Aviles, Passages and Bilbao, 65s, March;
British steamer, 1,632 tons, ore, Huelva
to Jacksonville, 11s 3d, March; British
steamer, 1,619 tons, West India trade,
trip down, private terms, prompt; British
steamer, 690 tons, rails, Baltimore to
Havana, lump sum, prompt; British
steamer, 1,515 tons, rails, Baltimore to
Sagua, private terms, prompt.



DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
CURES ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, BRONCHITIS,
DIABETES, BACKACHE,
AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE
KIDNEYS.

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Quebec Market

MARCH 7, 1911.

FLOUR
(Per 98 lbs.)

Hungarian patent. \$2.90 to \$3.00
No. 1 strong bakers'. 2.55 2.65
Choice family str. bakers'. 2.40 2.50
Second bakers'. 2.15 2.20
Ninety per cent patent. 2.20 2.25
Feed flour. 1.65 1.70

FARM PRODUCE.

Manitoba oats, per bush. \$0.44 to \$0.45
Barley, per bush. 0.48
Peas, bolls, choice. 1.25 1.30
Hay, good No. 1, per 2,000 lbs. \$9.50
Hay, baled, per 2,000 lbs. \$11.50 12.00
Straw, per 1,200 lbs. 3.75
Potatoes, per bag. 0.90 1.00

SUGAR.

Montreal, granulated, 110 lbs. \$4.50
Montreal, granulated, bags. 4.45
Yellow, 110 lbs. 4.10
Yellow, bags. 4.05
Acadia, granulated, bags or 110 lbs. 4.40
Acadia, yellow. 3.85

DAIRY PRODUCE (WHOLESALE).

BUTTER.

The local market is firm, with a good de-
mand for choice qualities, which are quoted:
Creamery prints, choice. \$0.26 to \$0.27
Turkey, per lb. 6.00 8.00
Creamery solids, choice. 0.26
Creamery solids, seconds. 0.24 0.25
Dairy prints. 0.22 0.23

CHEESE.

New cheese. 0.12 0.13 1/2
Old cheese. 0.14 0.14 1/2

EGGS.

The market is easier with prices as follows:
New laid, per doz. \$0.23 to 0.23 1/2
Selected, per doz. 0.21 0.22
No. 1 limed, per doz. 0.20
Cold stored, per doz. 0.18 0.19

DRESSED MEATS.

The price of dressed hogs has declined 25
to 50c per 100 lbs. We quote:
Hogs, abattoir killed, cwt. \$10.00 to \$10.50
Hogs, country dressed, cwt. 9.50 10.00
Beef, forequarters. 6.00 8.00
Beef, hindquarters. 9.00 11.00
Carcasses, good. 9.00 10.00
Carcasses, common. 6.00 7.00
Mutton. 8.50 10.00
Veal. 9.00 12.00

POULTRY.

Chickens, per lb. \$0.12 to \$0.15
Poultry, per lb. 0.14 0.16
Ducks, per lb. 0.21 0.22
Geese, per lb. 0.16 0.17

LADIES' MORNING

MUSICAL CLUB.

The closing concert of the Ladies'
Morning Musical Club will take place
on Wednesday, March 8th, at 3.30 p.m.
in the Columbus Hall. A very at-
tractive programme has been arranged.
Mrs. F. O. Robbins, of New York, is
the featured singer and has sung in the Phil-
harmonic concerts in New York. In
addition to this attraction the Quebec
Symphony Orchestra have kindly con-
sented to play for us. As this is the
last concert of the season, a large at-
tendance is expected.

Water Supply of the City

Sanitary Engineer Talks of the
Pollution of the St. Charles
River.

Quebec, March 7, 1911.

Editor of the Chronicle:—

Dear Sir,—Enclosed please find the
copy of a report which I have just re-
ceived, coming from Mr. James O.
Meadows, sanitary engineer, of an in-
spection made by him at the com-
mand of the Provincial Board of
Health of Quebec, of the condition of
the water supply of the city, which re-
port he submitted to the Provincial
Board of Health, by whom it has been
accepted and approved.

I call your attention especially to
the paragraph before last of the said
report, in which Mr. Meadows de-
clares that should the floating of logs
on the St. Charles River above the
dam of the city waterworks continue
to be allowed, the Quebec water sup-
ply would be subject to pollution, and
then it would be necessary for the
city of Quebec to consider the meth-
od best applicable for the purification
of their water supply.

Thanking you for the hospitality of
your columns, I remain yours truly,
NAP. DROUIN,
Mayor.

Copy of Mr. Meadows' Report.

To the President and Members of the
Provincial Board of Health of
Quebec:—

In compliance with your request, I
have visited the city of Quebec, to
look into the matter of ascertaining
the best method for securing an ad-
ditional water supply for the city of
Quebec.

The city of Quebec at present re-
ceives its water supply from the St.
Charles River at a point about seven
miles distant from the city and at
a sufficient elevation to deliver water
by gravity to all parts of the city. The
water supply is conducted to the city
by means of an 18-inch and a 30-inch
main.

On account of the natural growth
of the city of Quebec, these two mains
do not at present supply sufficient
water at all times for the needs of
the municipality. This is especially
true in the case of water necessary for
fire protection.

Two schemes or projects have been
proposed for increasing the Quebec
supply and are as follows:—

1. The construction of a reservoir
near the Plains of Abraham and of
sufficient size to store a considerable
volume of water. The fire under-
writers estimate that the reservoir to
meet the needs of the city of Quebec
should have a capacity of 37,000,000
gallons. This size reservoir was con-
sidered very large, and a reservoir of
about 10,000,000 gallons capacity has
also been suggested.

This latter reservoir was suggested
by a special committee appointed in
regard to insurance rates in the city
of Quebec. The pipe line to feed
either one of these two reservoirs
would be the 18-inch line, and, as
this line is worked up to its capacity
about 18 or 19 hours a day, it can only
be used during the remaining hours
of the day to fill the reservoir. If the
latter reservoir—that is, the 10,000,000-
gallon one—is considered, it would
take over thirty days for this 18-inch
main to completely fill the reservoir.
It is proposed that the reservoir shall
only be used for fire protection, and
in that case the water will stand in
the reservoir for considerable periods
at some times.

In the winter the water in this quic-
escent state would freeze to a consid-
erable depth unless measures were
taken to cover the reservoir and pro-
vide some means for heating the same.

During the summer months the
water in the reservoir will become
warm and subject to the growth of
algae. Some of these algae growths
impart a very disagreeable taste and
odor to water, and if allowed in the
distributing system of the city would
cause considerable complaint from
the consumers of the municipal water.

2. The construction of a 40-inch
pipe line from the St. Charles River
to the city of Quebec to increase the
present supply. By the addition of
this main the water supply of Quebec
would be greatly increased and the
future needs of the city would be sa-
feguarded for several years. This pipe
line would be about seven miles long
and would tap the St. Charles River
at the same point where the two
present mains are now located.

I have not gone into the cost of
either of these propositions, but I am
of the opinion from the information
received from Mr. J. Gallagher, Su-
perintendent of Waterworks for Que-
bec, that the cost of the 37,000,000 gal-
lons reservoir would be considerable
more than the cost of the 40-inch pipe
line, but it cannot compare with a
new pipe line in regard to its effi-
ciency as to increase the city's water
supply.

At a short distance above the mu-
nicipal intake is situated Lake St.
Charles, which can be easily dammed
at a low cost and will store a large
volume of water which can be used
during the dry season. This lake may
be considered as a large reservoir,
which is at a sufficient elevation to
deliver to the city of Quebec an abun-
dant supply of water, if it is impounded
so as to conserve a portion of its waters
to be used at such times as the needs
may demand.

I am informed that at present the
City of Quebec has before the Pro-
vincial Parliament a bill to prohibit
the floating of logs in the St. Charles
River above the dam of the city water-
works. Should this bill not pass it
is very probable that the Quebec
water supply would be subject to pol-
lution, and should this be the case it
would be necessary for the city of
Quebec to consider the method best

WATER SUPPLY OF THE CITY

Sanitary Engineer Talks of the
Pollution of the St. Charles
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Quebec, March 7, 1911.

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Board of Health, by whom it has been
accepted and approved.

I call your attention especially to
the paragraph before last of the said
report, in which Mr. Meadows de-
clares that should the floating of logs
on the St. Charles River above the
dam of the city waterworks continue
to be allowed, the Quebec water sup-
ply would be subject to pollution, and
then it would be necessary for the
city of Quebec to consider the meth-
od best applicable for the purification
of their water supply.

Thanking you for the hospitality of
your columns, I remain yours truly,
NAP. DROUIN,
Mayor.

Copy of Mr. Meadows' Report.

To the President and Members of the
Provincial Board of Health of
Quebec:—

In compliance with your request, I
have visited the city of Quebec, to
look into the matter of ascertaining
the best method for securing an ad-
ditional water supply for the city of
Quebec.

The city of Quebec at present re-
ceives its water supply from the St.
Charles River at a point about seven
miles distant from the city and at
a sufficient elevation to deliver water
by gravity to all parts of the city. The
water supply is conducted to the city
by means of an 18-inch and a 30-inch
main.

On account of the natural growth
of the city of Quebec, these two mains
do not at present supply sufficient
water at all times for the needs of
the municipality. This is especially
true in the case of water necessary for
fire protection.

Two schemes or projects have been
proposed for increasing the Quebec
supply and are as follows:—

1. The construction of a reservoir
near the Plains of Abraham and of
sufficient size to store a considerable
volume of water. The fire under-
writers estimate that the reservoir to
meet the needs of the city of Quebec
should have a capacity of 37,000,000
gallons. This size reservoir was con-
sidered very large, and a reservoir of
about 10,000,000 gallons capacity has
also been suggested.

This latter reservoir was suggested
by a special committee appointed in
regard to insurance rates in the city
of Quebec. The pipe line to feed
either one of these two reservoirs
would be the 18-inch line, and, as
this line is worked up to its capacity
about 18 or 19 hours a day, it can only
be used during the remaining hours
of the day to fill the reservoir. If the
latter reservoir—that is, the 10,000,000-
gallon one—is considered, it would
take over thirty days for this 18-inch
main to completely fill the reservoir.
It is proposed that the reservoir shall
only be used for fire protection, and
in that case the water will stand in
the reservoir for considerable periods
at some times.

In the winter the water in this quic-
escent state would freeze to a consid-
erable depth unless measures were
taken to cover the reservoir and pro-
vide some means for heating the same.

During the summer months the
water in the reservoir will become
warm and subject to the growth of
algae. Some of these algae growths
impart a very disagreeable taste and
odor to water, and if allowed in the
distributing system of the city would
cause considerable complaint from
the consumers of the municipal water.

2. The construction of a 40-inch
pipe line from the St. Charles River
to the city of Quebec to increase the
present supply. By the addition of
this main the water supply of Quebec
would be greatly increased and the
future needs of the city would be sa-
feguarded for several years. This pipe
line would be about seven miles long
and would tap the St. Charles River
at the same point where the two
present mains are now located.

I have not gone into the cost of
either of these propositions, but I am
of the opinion from the information
received from Mr. J. Gallagher, Su-
perintendent of Waterworks for Que-
bec, that the cost of the 37,000,000 gal-
lons reservoir would be considerable
more than the cost of the 40-inch pipe
line, but it cannot compare with a
new pipe line in regard to its effi-
ciency as to increase the city's water
supply.

At a short distance above the mu-
nicipal intake is situated Lake St.
Charles, which can be easily dammed
at a low cost and will store a large
volume of water which can be used
during the dry season. This lake may
be considered as a large reservoir,
which is at a sufficient elevation to
deliver to the city of Quebec an abun-
dant supply

Men's Stylish Overcoats To Order

OVERCOATS, made to order, Ulster or Auto style, as preferred, new grey Overcoatings, heavy weight, regular price \$15.25, Clean Sweep Sale Price \$11.00

OVERCOATS, made to order, medium grey and brown Overcoatings, pure wool, heavy weight, Ulster or Auto style, reg. price \$18.50, Sale Price, only \$12.80

OVERCOATS, made to order, in any style desired, pure wool Overcoatings, fashionable light brown stripes, regular price \$20, Clean Sweep Sale Price, only \$14.00

THE PAQUET COMPANY
LIMITED.

RETAIL DIVISION,
157-173 St. Joseph Street

Bargains in the Music Dept. (Balcony)

MUSIC ROLLS for Player Pianos, 64 and 88-note Rolls, regular prices 50c, 60c, 80c, 95c and \$1.10, Clean Sweep Sale Prices 42c, 50c, 69c, and 89c

MUSIC FOLIOS, black imitation grain leather, leather handle, nickel plated fastener, colored designs in raised work, regular price 85c each, Clean Sweep Sale price \$1.10, Sale Price 89c

MUSIC FOLIOS, Imitation Leather, sheet music size, artistic designs in raised work, regular price 85c each, Clean Sweep Sale price \$1.10, Sale Price 89c

A Host of Clean Sweep Bargains For Wednesday
Mid-Week Bargains That Spell E-C-O-N-O-M-Y

WEDNESDAY has now come to be recognized as a Great Bargain Day. This week, in addition to the usual Wednesday Bargain opportunities, the Clean Sweep Sale tends to make Wednesday buying more profitable than ever. We must make room for New Spring Goods, owing to the approaching Spring Opening, and our method is to sacrifice present stocks regardless of profit. Every Department contributes its share to these Clean Sweep Sale Bargains—better come on Wednesday, and look around. You will find hundreds of things you need right now at prices that make it well worth your while to buy.

Finnan Haddie

Smoked Finnan Haddie, fine quality, splendid for breakfast, On Sale Wednesday, per lb. 6c

Cod Fish

Shredded Cod Fish, put up in 1-lb. packages, succulent and delicious, Wednesday, per pkg 9c

Salmon

Very best quality Salmon, large quantity, specially priced for Wednesday's selling at, lb. 12c

Filletts

Smoked Filletts, just received, perfect condition, tasty and delicious, Wednesday, per lb. 14c

Tomatoes

Little Chief Brand Tomatoes, large 3-lb. tins, good quantity, On Sale Wednesday, per tin 11c

Sugar Corn

Boulter's Brand Sugar Corn, 2-lb. tins, extra special value, On sale Wednesday, per tin 9c

Fine Peas

Boulter's Brand Peas, regulation 2-lb. tins, splendid value, On Sale Wednesday, per tin 9c

Wax Beans

Boulter's Brand Wax Beans, regulation 2-lb. tins, rare value, On Sale Wednesday, per tin 9c

Clearing Ladies' Furlined Coats

TO make sure of clearing the balance of our stock of Ladies' Furlined Coats already reduced to less than wholesale prices, we have cut these prices still further. This is a rare chance—buy now for next winter!

FURLINED COATS for Ladies, Black Cloth shell, Muskrat lining, Mink collar, and White Squirrel lining, Stone Marten collar, cost \$55, Sale Sweep Sale Price\$39.

FURLINED COATS for Ladies, Black Cloth shell, fine Hampster lining, Mink collar, wholesale price \$93, Sale Price, only\$66. Sweep Sale Price\$85.

Sweeping Out Flannelette Underwear

LADIES' Flannelette Underwear, well made, serviceable, comfortable, splendid values at the regular prices, will be cleared during this sale at a trifle over half price. You will be wise to lay in a supply for the future.

CHEMISES in Fine Flannelette, white, pale blue or pink, trimmed with pretty flannelette stripes, made with flounce, reg. embroidery, reg. price 75c for 59c

DRAWERS, striped Flannelette, blue and white, also pink and white, regular price 25c, Clean Sweep Sale Price 19c

UNDERSKIRTS, blue and white, pink and white, etc., neat trimmed with flounce, reg. price 55c, Sale Price, only 39c

NIGHTGOWNS, Fine Flannelette, pale blue, pink or white, tucked front, silk trimmed, reg. price \$1.15, Sale Price 89c

Fine Flannelette, Flannel & Mohair

BUYING Flannelettes at these prices will prove a wise investment. The qualities are matchless, and the prices have been reduced to make room for the 'Wash Goods and lighter tissues for Ladies' Summer Dresses—READ!

EIDERDOWN Flannelette, beautiful white design on sky, pink, heliotrope, green, navy, etc. 42-inch width, yard 39c

FRENCH FLANNEL, beautifully embroidered, pure wool, white only, for Ladies' Underskirts, etc., \$2.50 and \$2.75, yard\$1.69 and \$1.92

FLANNELETTE, latest colorings and designs, cashmere and satin finish, reg. prices 20c to 28c a yd., Sale Prices 15c and 19c

MOHAIR, pure wool, 27 inches wide, white, grey or brown, extra quality for Underskirts, 50c and 60c values, Sale Price, per yard 35c

Youths' Hats

Camel's Hair Hats, in black, bronze and green, medium weight, regular price \$1.50, Sale Price 39c

Kitchen Towels

Heavy Linen Kitchen Towels, 28x28 inches, red border, hemmed, ready for use, Sale Price, each 12½c

Cups and Saucers

White Ironstone Cups and Saucers, large and heavy, good quantity, Clean Sweep Sale Price (2 pcs) 4½c

Sweeping Reductions on Carpets

CARPETS, Rugs and Linoleums of unimpeachable quality have been reduced for quick clearance. Moving day will soon be here—better buy your Carpets now, while these remarkable reductions are in force. Come and see these:—

AXMINSTER, pure wool, 27 inches wide, 27 inches wide, red or patterns, in green, blue and red, green, Oriental patterns, reg. \$1.75 value, yard\$1.35 price \$1.20, Sale Price, yard. 80c

MORAVIAN RUGS, good sizes 7-6x10-6 and 9x12 feet, of from 12 to 30 yards, reg. prices Oriental patterns, Clean Sweep 90c and \$1.15, Sale Prices, per sq. Sale Prices \$7.50 and\$9.50 yd. 65c and 80c

Wednesday's B'g Basement Bargains

THE Big Basement Section presents a lively appearance every day, especially just now while the Clean Sweep Sale is in progress. Thousands of money-saving opportunities are here, all ready for you to grasp—come early, Wednesday.

LUNCH BASKETS, straw, with leather strap, 7-in. length, tinny wire, 10x14 inches, for good value at the regular price 35c, Sale Price, each 25c

COLLONDERS, Fine White Enamelware, 12 inches in diameter, regular price 60c, Clean Sweep Sale Price, only 49c

LETTER BASKETS, re-tinned wire, 10x14 inches, for Office use, regular price 25c, Clean Sweep Sale Price 19c

TABLE MATS of good quality Straw, 3 in a set, regular price 19c a set, Clean Sweep Sale Price 9c

Ladies' Slippers

Ladies' Brown Leather Slippers, also Misses' and Children's sizes, 55c, 75c and 90c values for 39c, 59c and 69c

Felt Slippers

Ladies' and Misses' Black and Brown Felt Slippers, reg. prices 70c, 90c and \$1.75, Sale Prices 55c, 69c and\$1.39

Warm Gaiters

Balance of Drab and Black Gaiters, winter weight, regular prices 60c, 80c, \$1.25 and \$1.35, Sale Prices 49c to\$1.19

PRINTING

FOR THE

MILLION

CHRONICLE

PRINTING

COMPANY

WE are in a position to turn out first class type printing of any description in quick time.

If you desire to convey an impression of distinction, your printing, like your dress, must be correct.

The "Chronicle" is equipped to handle Printing that is distinctive. Better order now and create a good impression.

LA CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE DAME DE QUEBEC SAVINGS BANK

HEAD OFFICE with five BRANCHES in Quebec.
Two BRANCHES in Lévis.
The ST. ROCH, ST. SAUVEUR, ST. JEAN BAPTISTE and LIMOILLOU Branches at Quebec, and EDEN STREET at Lévis, also open on Monday and Saturday evenings from 7 to 8.30 o'clock.
Safety Boxes can be leased at the HEAD OFFICE and ST. ROCH BRANCH for \$1.00 and upwards according to sizes.
La Caisse d'Economie is now in a position to offer to the public portable Home Banks which have the advantage of being at all times ready to receive deposits.



The whole world contributes and the



distributes the unusual delicacies that make up the daily menus for our table.

Be it luncheon or dinner, we have everything from land or sea served as only a skilful chef can suggest.

On Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday we have our now famous Orchestral Concert Dinners, from 6 to 8.30.

Norton's City Express

Becomes a Cartage and Transfer Co.

The Norton's City Express and Baggage Transfer takes this opportunity of thanking all its numerous customers and friends for encouragement in the past and are pleased to inform them that we are now in a position to give better service than ever before, having purchased the stock of the Murphy Cartage Co., we are now a cartage and baggage company, and are prepared to receive contracts for heavy work—safes, machinery, motor boats, etc., as well as moving household furniture, baggage or small parcels, and hope that in the future we may have the same support as in the past. Good, reliable, careful men, and satisfaction guaranteed. Under personal direction of JAMES NORTON, Manager.

PERSONAL

Mr. L. E. Guille, of Montreal, is registered at the Neptune Inn.

Mr. Eug. LeSueur, of F. X. St. Charles, Montreal, is at the Neptune Inn.

Mr. J. A. Garipey, representing the P. D. Dodds Co., of Montreal, is registered at the Neptune Inn.

Mr. N. T. Turgeon, of Beauveille, is in town for a few days and staying at the Neptune Inn.

Mr. B. J. Leonard returned to town yesterday from a business trip to Montreal.

Mr. Antoine Guilbault, of this city, underwent an operation in St. Luke's Hospital and was reported resting quietly last evening.

Mr. Eustace C. Wurtele, of the Bank of Montreal, Ottawa, sails from New York on the 11th instant by the Cunard steamship Franconia for the Mediterranean on a three months' holiday trip. His mother, Mrs. F. C. Wurtele, of this city, accompanies him.

Mr. H. A. Turcotte, K.C., one of the oldest and most prominent members of the Quebec Bar, was stricken with apoplexy in his office yesterday morning and his condition was so serious last evening that the last rites of his church were administered to him.

Latest arrivals at the St. Louis:—G. W. Elliott, W. St. Francois, H. F. Gribble, M. Nicholson, R. A. Lamarre, F. Neander, W. J. McDonald, Alex. Finlayson, Montreal; W. Van Weger, Montreal; M. Eader, New York; H. M. Smith, Lisbon, N.H.; W. Smith, Sherbrooke; H. C. Christie, Toronto; T. D. Walsh, Sherbrooke; T. H. Hungerford, Bedford; Mrs. A. Jobin, Beauce.

Latest arrivals at the Neptune Inn: W. J. Wilson, B. Martin, O. Mailloux, Montreal; L. Desbriens, St. Jerome; E. Olivier, St. Agapit; D. Michaud, Lévis; H. Tardif and wife, J. O. Sauvageau, St. Pierre; Mrs. L. E. Otis, Miss Hervey, Roberval; A. Larochelle, St. Michel; A. Talbot, F. Robbins, H. Walbank, Pictou, N.S.; W. Gray, Toronto; J. H. Robinson, Trenton, N.J.

Arrivals at the Clarendon:—J. N. Levesque, St. Vincent de Paul; L. Beaudry, A. A. Chagnon, L. A. Roberge, L. Beauchamp, V. Cusson, A. Chartrand, Montreal; P. G. Stanley, Toronto; W. T. Trudel, Ste. Genevieve; J. A. Dallaire, St. Evariste; A. Z. Levesque, Dr. T. W. Michaud, St. Paoime; Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Godin, Lake St. Joseph; M. W. Taylor, Moncton; Mr. and Mrs. Cormier, Plessisville; J. E. Lafond, Montreal; J. J. Crete, Grandes Piles; F. Paradis, Berlin Falls; J. W. Kirkup, J. E. Laguerre, C. A. Daoust, Montreal.

The defendants are ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of the present order.

(Sgd.) T. W. S. DUNN, Dep. P.S.C.

Prothonotary's Office, Quebec, 6th March, 1911.

Archd. Laurie, Attorney for Plaintiffs.

mar.8x2

IN AND ABOUT TOWN

8TH MEN FOR THE CORONATION

Three Names Have Been Recommended to Government for Quebec Contingent.

It is understood that the selection of three men to represent the Eighth Royal Rifles on the Coronation contingent has been made, and that the names of Sergt.-Major Wilkinson, Sergt. W. Murray, No. 6 Company and Sergt. R. Canty, No. 7 Company, have been recommended.

The selection of men is regarded as an excellent one, all of them being old and valuable members of the regiment, and two out of the three having seen active service in South Africa.

Phil Ott and Girls-Auditorium

RECORDER'S COURT.

There were only two prisoners charged with drunkenness before the Recorder yesterday. As both were novices at the business, they were discharged.

SUDDEN DEATH.

Mrs. Nazaire Bedard, a widow, of Victoria street, St. Sauveur, died suddenly in Lévis, where she was visiting friends on Monday night. Deputy Coroner Bedard will hold an inquest on the remains to-day.

ENGLISH HEADS.

The smartest heads in England are covered by "Mascot Caps," which is the latest style for the smart dresser who wishes to wear the most comfortable cap for the spring time. The agent, J. H. Mullin, has now received his spring stock, and they are on view.

ONE WEEK ONLY.

Take advantage of this offer. Trousers made to order for \$5.00 of West of England Tweeds and Worsteds, worth \$8.00 and \$9.00. Don't wait. Come now. Darlington's advertisement will tell you all about them.

WOMAN BADLY HURT.

The ambulance was called to the Good Shepherd Convent last night to remove a woman named Beaudoin to the Hotel Dieu Hospital. She was suffering from wounds on the head, caused by a piece of wood falling on her.

CHILDREN'S CARNIVAL.

The secretary will be at the rink office to-day (Wednesday) from 10.30 to noon, and from 3 to 6 o'clock, to register the names of the children taking part in the children's fancy dress carnival to-morrow (Thursday) afternoon, from 4 to 6 o'clock. Admission cards will be issued at the same time.

MEETING OF IRISHMEN OF CHAMPLAIN WARD.

A meeting of Irishmen of Champlain Ward was held last evening to make arrangements for the St. Patrick's Day celebration. It was decided to erect an arch and other preparations were made to have the ward worthily represented in the parade. Another meeting will be held shortly.

Phil Ott-Auditorium

QUEBEC MINISTERIAL ASSOCIATION.

The ninth session of the Quebec Ministerial Association was held in the rooms of the Y.M.C.A. on Monday, 6th instant, at 10.30 a.m. The president was in the chair and there was a good attendance of members, with the Rev. A. Boegner as visitor.

After devotional exercises and reading of the minutes, it was arranged that the Rev. Dr. Jackson be the essayist of March 20, and the Rev. R. E. David on April 3. Correspondence was read re the Children's Celebration of the Tercentenary of the Authorized Version of the English Bible on the 29th instant. The president was appointed to confer with the chairman of the School Commissioners, and also with the chairman of the Boys' High School, as to the use of the school rooms on the afternoon of that date. The following were appointed a committee of arrangements: Revs. A. T. Love, D.D., H. A. Ellis, A. R. Beverley, M.A., with the president, and to report at next meeting. A letter was read from the Dominion Alliance for the Suppression of the Liquor Traffic, but no action was taken. The Rev. Dr. Boegner, from Paris, France, then gave a very interesting address on French Missions, Home and Foreign. He was welcomed and thanked for his address. The Rev. A. R. Beverley, M.A., then read a very able and timely paper on the doctrine of the Trinity as taught in the New Testament Scriptures. The paper was criticized and commended by the brethren. The President, in the name of all, thanked Mr. Beverley. The secretary's presence was thankfully acknowledged.

Our discount sale is over, but for a few days we are going to offer great bargains in several lines we want to clear out. See the ornaments in our window that we are offering at half price.

THE THOMAS CO., LTD., 10 St. John St.

MEETING OF THE FIRE COMMITTEE

Reorganization of the Brigade Discussed—Looking for a New Chief.

The Civic Fire Committee held a meeting last evening under the presidency of Ald. Cummings, those present being Mayor Drouin, Ald. Dinan, Lockwell, Cummings, Delisle, Barbeau and Emond, members of the Committee, and Ald. Paquet, Collier, Levallee, Madden, Beaumont, Gauvin, Shink and Goulet.

The chairman announced that the city required an additional fire engine, and on the Mayor's suggestion letters had been written to the fire chiefs of the principal Canadian cities, Chief Tremblay, of Montreal, had replied that an engine furnished by the Waterhouse Engine Works, of Brantford, Ont., had given them entire satisfaction. Consequently Mayor Drouin wrote to the latter company to give the city prices for their fire engines.

The committee also decided to call for tenders for the summer uniforms for the brigade.

Immediately after the meeting of the fire committee a meeting of the special committee on insurance rates was held under the chairmanship of Ald. Cummings, the members of the committee present being Mayor Nap. Drouin, and Ald. Collier, Lockwell and Goulet.

The correspondence between the city and Mr. Hadrill, Secretary of the Fire Underwriters, and a letter from the Board of Trade was read to the committee.

Mayor Drouin remarked that the underwriters wanted the city to act promptly and he thought that the city should do so. Yesterday he had visited Chief Fitzback, who is seriously ill, and had come to the conclusion, after consultation with his medical adviser, that the present chief was not in a position to resume his duties, and the city could not be without the services of a fire chief. A chief of the fire brigade must be appointed immediately to take the place of Chief Fitzback, and the city could then provide for the latter who has been in the service for so many years.

Ald. Lockwell asked if the city could send a member of the Quebec fire brigade to Montreal, Toronto, Chicago, or any other big city for a few months so as to get some experience in fire fighting, and come back to Quebec, sufficiently instructed as to how to handle a fire.

Several of the Aldermen present spoke of the necessity of having an experienced, educated man as chief of the brigade, who could speak both languages. The present salary of the Quebec chief was only \$1,600, while the Montreal chief's salary was \$3,000.

Mayor Drouin remarked that the appointment of a fire chief was not a question of nationality or religion, but the best man should be selected. He would favor the appointment of a Quebecer, but if a good fire chief could not be found in this city, he would certainly favor the calling in of an outsider who had some experience in that line of business. As regards the composition of the brigade it was large enough and the men as good as could be found elsewhere, but what was required was an up-to-date chief.

The names of Deputy Chief John Walsh and Engineer Donnelly, of No. 5 Fire Station were specially mentioned as being men who could fill the position to the satisfaction of the city, without selecting an outsider.

Ald. Lockwell had no objection to either men, but informed the committee that Mr. Berthiaume, an ex-Montreal fireman, who was chief of the St. Hyacinthe fire brigade and is now chief in Rivière-du-Loup, had an exceptionally good record, and would be a suitable man.

Ald. Delisle, Code and Beaumont thought the preference, if possible, should be given to a Quebec fireman, if it was possible to find the right man.

The committee also decided to request the Health Committee to remove the ambulances out of the central station and ask the city hospitals to take the ambulances under their care, as patients transferred in the ambulance cannot be properly looked after by firemen or policemen on their removal to the hospitals.

TREPANIER'S PLEA IS NOT GUILTY

To the Charge of Murder—The Prisoner Is in a Cheerful Mood.

Three Rivers, Que., March 7.—Charged with the murder of Maurice Plouffe, to which, according to the detectives, he has already confessed, Hermidas Trepanier, this morning pleaded not guilty. He was sent back to jail until Saturday morning.

Trepanier, who was brought to Three Rivers yesterday afternoon, was arraigned before Magistrate J. M. Desilet, and there entered a plea of not guilty. He had a long conference last night in his cell with his lawyer, Mr. J. A. Desy. On the journey from St. Leonard to Three Rivers, Trepanier was cheerful and conversed freely with the detectives and driver.

THERE WAS VERY LITTLE BUSINESS DONE

Yesterday in the House of Assembly—Council Was Busy, However.

Yesterday was practically an off-day in the Legislative Assembly, and not even an item on the order paper was passed during the afternoon. However, the Legislative Council got through considerable business in the Upper Chamber and in the Private Bills Committee, while the Montreal Tramway Bill took up all the morning and evening sitting of the Railway Committee of the Legislative Assembly, and when the committee adjourned at 11.30 last night there were still certain important clauses to be put through. As a result, there is no knowing when the House will prorogue, although it was expected that the business before Parliament would have been put through this week.

The Legislative Assembly only sat yesterday afternoon, and went immediately into committee of supply, and the entire afternoon was spent in a criticism of the printing and binding of public reports for both houses, which amounted to \$50,000. Hon. Mr. Prevost spoke at length on that item and protested against the expenditure of public money to the government organs, who do nothing but pay compliments to the members of the government and publish their photographs at so much a line.

The member for Terrebonne paid considerable attention to the editor of Le Soleil, whom he attacked in a fiery address. Messrs. Laverne and Cousineau also took part in the debate on the Opposition side and insisted on getting details of the accounts paid to the Liberal organs.

Hon. Mr. Mackenzie replied to the attacks of the Opposition and brought down the details of some of the printing contracts, promising to bring down the others to-day.

The official minutes of the afternoon's proceedings were the smallest for years past, and as stated before, not even one item was passed.

Notes.

Mr. Bernard will on Thursday next ask if the government is aware that certain parties are selling liquor without a license in Quebec, and, if so, who these parties are. Has the government fined them? If so, how many times and for what amount each time within the past two years?

Funny Phil Ott-Auditorium

NORTON EXPRESS AND CARTAGE COMPANY.

Attention is directed to the advertisement which appears in another column this morning in regard to Norton's City Express. As will be seen by the notice, the well-known proprietor of this important service is branching out in a wide direction and is now prepared to do all kinds of cartage, heavy as well as light delivery. The reliability and attention which Mr. Norton has shown in all his business dealings with the public meets the hearty support of all in his new and more extensive undertaking.

VETERANS OF 1866 ASSOCIATION.

Toronto, Feb. 22, 1911.—At our annual meeting, held on February 8th, 1911, the following resolution, proposed by J. T. Hornibrook and seconded by J. A. Macdonald, was unanimously passed:—

That inasmuch as the Dominion Government has up to the present time refused to consider the petition of the Veterans of 1866 and 1870 for recognition of their services in defending Canada from the attacks of invaders during the years mentioned, this association desires to place on record its deep regret that grave injustice has been meted out to the men who guarded our frontiers in the most perilous crisis in the history of Canada. In the bestowal of grants of land to the volunteers who took part in the Red River Expedition, the Riel Rebellion of 1885 and the Canadian soldiers who took part in the South African Campaign, the Government of Canada has established a precedent which in all justice should be extended to those who saved the country in 1866, and made confederation possible. We therefore hope that all comrades will stand shoulder to shoulder, and continue our agitation for what is our rights, and by united effort make another strong appeal to the Government for that justice which has been denied us. We would recommend that our corresponding secretary issue a circular to all other veteran associations, inviting their earnest co-operation, and that every member be requested to interview their parliamentary representatives along the lines of granting justice to the Veterans of 1866 and 1870 by the bestowal of land grants such as have been given to our comrades of other campaigns.

JOHN H. NOVERRE, Secretary.

See Phil Ott-Auditorium

REPORTED BATTLE IN MEXICO

Nacoo, Ariz., March 6.—A battle, the result of which is so far unknown, occurred recently between insurgents and federalists near Cananea, Mexico. Travellers arriving to-day from Cananea report that wagon loads of federal wounded were being brought into the town when they left. As the train on which the travellers arrived federal cavalry could be seen moving rapidly toward Cananea. From this, they believed that the rebels had forced the government troops to flee.

THOS. DONOHUE

New Whitewear For The Coming Season

Exquisite Designs in Underskirts with Embroidery Flounce and Insertions.
Dainty Corset Covers of All Over Embroidery adorned in Ribbons Bows.
Handsome Night Dresses of Nainsook, beautifully trimmed in fine Embroidery and Ribbons.
Elaborate Models in Dressing Jackets with Embroidery and Lace Trimmings.
White and Colored Muslin Kimonos in smart new patterns.

New Styles in Ladies' White Combinations.
Princess Slips in Plain and Dressy styles.
Bridal Sets in a Great Choice of Patterns.

THOS. DONOHUE

188 and 194 St. John St.

Formal Display of New Spring Dress Goods

EVERY NEW WEAVE, EVERY NEW COLOR, IS HERE IN MATCHLESS ASSORTMENT.

BUY YOUR SPRING COSTUME OR EASTER GOWN NOW!

FRENCH COSTUME CLOTH. VENETIAN CLOTH.

Pure wool, 47 inches wide, 17 new shades, value \$1, our price..... 75c Strictly all wool, 43 inches wide, in all the new shades; value 60c, our price..... 48c

FANCY HERRINGBONE. SHEPHERD'S CHECK

A beautiful weave, all wool, an exceptional value at our price..... 39c Black and white, in medium and large check, 42 ins. wide; special... 29c

With these special prices we are giving Cash Register Bous.

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Men's colored shirts, made of the best washable gingham, coat style, prices \$1.00 and \$1.25. Special..... \$1.25

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Men's black velveteen overcoats, good fit, best trimmings, silk lapels and facings. Sizes 35 to 42. Special price..... \$9.89

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500 yards of cotton chalis, 15 different patterns, usually 20 and 23 cts. Special price..... 14c.

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Two good lines of ladies' black Panama shirts, usually \$4.25 and \$6.50. Special prices \$3.50 and..... \$5.50

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Ladies' plain black cotton stockings, seamless, guaranteed fast black, woven from best mako yarn, sizes 8½ to 10. Our special price..... 25c.

Ladies' good black mercerized Lisle hose, "The Famous Pen-Angle, without a seam," usually 45c per pair. Our special price..... 35c.

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ANNUAL FANCY DRESS BALL

A Spectacular Gathering Took Place at the Quebec Rink Last Night.

The annual fancy dress ball of the Quebec Skating Club took place at the Rink last night, and was, as usual, a spectacular and pleasing event. Over five hundred and fifty skaters took part in the gay and gladsome affair, and everyone seemed to enjoy themselves immensely. The rink board supplied a fine programme of music, and the large crowd of spectators present were much pleased with the varied and splendid costumes of the hundreds of skaters. While, of course, there were the usual plethora of dominos, there was not lacking a vast amount of originality in some of the costumes. Perhaps one of the most striking was a Highland lassie with the veritable Royal Stuart Tartan and garb. It would be impossible, however, to particularize all the principal costumes, many of which were really handsome. The list of those who took part was as follows:

LADIES.

Misses J. Amy, Dolly Varden; B. Amy, Poudre; G. M. Andrews, Spanish Dancer; I. M. Andrews, Maid of Ireland; E. M. Aird, Indian; N. Askin, Poppy.

Misses M. Bruneau, Bohemian; Lottie Burke, Cracker; May Burke, Poppy; I. Beach, Tambourine Girl; Marjorie Boyd, Mexican Girl; Naomi Baillairge, Nurse; L. Burke, Night; G. Burke, Gypsy; M. Bruneau, Marquise; Gladys Burns, Japanese; S. Brown, Fairy Queen; M. A. Blanche, Bohemian; E. Baker, Japanese; E. Burke, Bohemian; T. Brunet, Nigger; Stella Belanger, Red Riding Hood; J. Belanger, Domino; N. Butler, Nurse; Mary Breen, Geisha Girl; E. Brady, Poudre; Stella Brady, Queen of Hearts; Jessie Brady, Bohemian Girl; G. Brady, Peasant; I. Beauchamp, Japanese.

Misses E. Creighton, Maid; K. Creighton, Sailor Girl; Agnes Creighton, Sailor Girl; M. Creighton, Nurse; Mary Creighton, Tambourine Girl; R. Creighton, Highland Lassie; R. Cathcart, Maid; M. Cummings, Priscilla; M. Carr, Queen of Hearts; B. Charest, Cowboy; A. Crofton, Western Girl; L. Carson, Domino; R. Cream, Peasant; I. Corcoran, Japanese; J. Clarke, Red Cross Nurse; C. Carson, Western Girl; L. Conway, Nurse; R. Choquette, Indian Girl; C. Cotter, Queen Mary; J. Carson, Buttercup; C. Conway, Lash Girl; L. Cantillon, Princess Patricia.

Misses K. Dooley, Dutch Girl; E. Dooley, Poudre; M. Devere, Martha Washington; E. Dall, Sister Sue; R. Dall, Red Riding Hood; M. Delery, Farmer Girl; I. Dempsey, Tambourine Girl; M. Duggan, Poudre; Jessie Duggan, Poshonah; Marie Dunn, Rough Rider; Ethel Douglas, Red Riding Hood; G. DeLory, Tambourine Girl; H. Delany, Nurse; P. Dignan, Fairy Queen; F. Duggan, Bohemian Girl; R. Dugal, Poppy; J. Dugal, Spanish Dancer; N. Dugal, Peasant; E. Deronin, Italian Peasant; M. Duggan, Showgirl.

Miss F. Ellis, Priscilla.

Mrs. A. Fackney, Polly Pickles; Misses C. Fellows, Peasant; M. Fitzgald, Maid; Western Girl; Mary Fitzgerald, Queen of Hearts; V. Fogarty, Night; S. Fullerton, Western Girl; A. Fitzpatrick, Western Girl; A. Falkner, Angel; F. Fraser, Poudre; L. Fraser, Grand Mother; B. Fraser, Japanese; E. Forest, Dutch Girl.

Misses G. Gauvreau, Marquise; R. Green, Dancer; E. Gallagher, Rough Rider; L. Gagnon, Gypsy; M. J. Gingras, Baby; H. Grenier, Bohemian; M. J. Gibaut, Mary Queen of Scots; J. Gilpin, Priscilla; E. Garden, Stars and Stripes; S. Gourdau, Night; G. Gourdau, Flower Girl; A. Grogan, Ranch Girl; L. Grogan, Tambourine Girl; J. Grogan, Wild West Girl; J. Garand, Mexican Girl.

Misses Rita Huete, Polly; G. Hayden, Tambourine Girl; B. Hamel, Bohemian; I. Hayden, Canadian Girl; I. Hutchinson, Sporting Girl; Mollie Huete, Polly; V. Hartley, Marguerite; G. Hartley, Red Riding Hood; Ruth Home, Poudre; O. Henchey, Sailor Girl; May Haberlin, Bohemian Girl.

Misses Eva Jackson, Britannia; B. Jackson, Night; R. Joseph, Japanese; Ruth Johnson, Domino; G. Johnson, Domino.

Misses Helen Kinnear, Evangeline; M. Kerwin, Rough Rider; Mrs. H. B. Kelly, House Maid; Misses L. Kerr, Red Riding Hood; Ruby Kelly, Polly; J. B. Kennedy, Flower Girl; E. Kenwood, Pageant.

Misses M. Lawrence, Troubadour; Elza Lemesurier, Evangeline; P. Lemesurier, Frolics; O. Lemesurier, Junonia; O. Langford, Dolly Varden; E. G. Learmonth, Poudre; M. N. Learmonth, Priscilla; M. V. Learmonth, Grand Mother; Clara Lawrence, Tambourine Girl; L. LaRoche, Dutch Peasant; C. LaRoche, Spanish Dancer; G. LaRoche, Red Riding Hood; M. LaRoche, Japanese Girl; A. Lemesurier, Bohemian; M. Lavoie, Summer Girl; May Lawson, Indian; M. A. LeLoux, Marguerite; M. Larue, Japanese; L. Laurie, Queen of Hearts; Y. Lafore, Lady of Y Olden Time; E. Laird, Domino; J. Lemieux, Summer Girl; M. Lane, Red Riding Hood; A. Lane, Queen of Hearts.

Misses M. Monaghan, Red Cross Maid; M. Moler, Fairy; Pearl Mortimer, Purser; F. Marquis, Highland Lassie (Royal Stuart Tartan); A. Mahieux, Domino; G. Marquette, Tregan; M. Marcotte, Greek; A. Murphy, Japanese Lady; P. Marois, Bretagne; J. Miller, Crimson Rambler; G. Miller, Queen of Brownies; I. Miller, Red Cross Nurse; M. Miller, Winter Sport; M. Marois, Domino; A. Morency, Princess; M. S. Morency, Domino; E. Moore, Gypsy.

Misses F. MacDonald, Indian Girl; F. McMahon, Spanish Girl; Mildred McMahon, Western Girl; S. McDonald, Daughter of the Empire; M. Macmanan, Fairy Queen; B. McMahon, Grand Mother; A. McMahon, Fortune Teller; G. McMahon, Rough Rider; A. McKenna, Domino; E. McKenna, Yellow Peril; C. McDonald, American Maid; M. McLellan, Priscilla; E. McCaghey, Domino; C. McKenna, Wild West Indian Girl; N. McManamy, Night; M. McManamy, Fortune Teller; H. McManamy, Grecian Princess; K. McHenry, Summer Girl; Mrs. Jas. McKenna, Domino.

Mrs. F. O'Connell, Snowshoe; Misses K. O'Dowd, Night; P. O'Dowd, Peasant; R. O'Connor, Spanish Dancer.

Mrs. E. D. Payne, Snowshoe; Misses G. Paradis, Gypsy; M. Paradis, Domino; A. Paineaud, Carmen; Mary Preston, Japanese; M. Preston, Gypsy; M. Petrie, Japanese; M. K. Power, St. Patrick's Hockey Girl; N. Power, Crescent Hockey Girl; M. Power, Summer Girl; Mrs. C. S. Papps, Fortune Teller; Misses M. B. Pelletier, Indian; N. Paul, Princess; V. M. Poston, Domino.

Miss M. Quartz, Fencing Girl.

Misses G. Robitaille, Gypsy; K. Reynolds, Japanese; I. Reynolds, Sailor Girl; M. Ramsay, Mrs. Lukeman; G. Roy, Red Riding Hood; B. Roy, Western Girl; L. Racine, Spanish Lady; T. Roy, Gypsy; B. Ross, Dutch Girl; M. Rondeau, Doll; D. Ross, Britannia; G. Roy, Sarcere.

Misses M. J. Soucy, Dutch Girl; E. Sweeney, Sarcere Girl; M. Sweeney, American Girl; J. St. Michel, Aurora; Y. St. Michel, Domino; May Swindell, Evangeline; Myra Swindell, Japanese; I. Swindell, Grand Mother; Claire Soucy, Hindoo Girl; M. Staton, Snowshoe; N. Savard, Arrahanna; E. Swindell, Japanese; Mrs. M. Slater, Night and Day.

Misses J. Talbot, Bohemian Girl; G. Trudelle, Grand Mother; Vera Tierney, Western Girl; M. Thomas, Rough Rider; A. Turner, Highland Lassie; F. Turner, Egyptian; C. Tanguay, Mexican.

Misses H. Van Felson, Peasant; G. Van Felson, Mexican Dancer; W. Van Felson, Mexican Dancer; Eva Vandry, Domino; E. Vandry, Domino; H. Vandry, Domino; A. Vandry, Bohemian; Ida Vandry, Domino; E. Vincent, Mexican Girl.

Misses J. Wallace, Irish Colleen; H. Weir, Evangeline; S. Walsh, Peasant; J. Walker, Flower Girl; F. E. Wright, Merry Widow; A. Walsh, Belgium Girl; H. Wyse, Husar; V. Walker, Japanese; M. Woodley, Poudre; E. Walsh, Merry Widow; E. A. Wright, Law Student.

Misses E. Young Queen of Spades; F. M. Young, Spanish Dancer.

GENTLEMEN.

H. Amy, Indian; R. Arneson, Cowboy; T. Alexander, Cow Puncher; G. T. Aird, Gold Dust Twin; S. Atkinson, Marchal de Saxe; J. B. Andrews, Clown; E. M. Ackman, Domino; A. J. Anderson, Domino.

E. Bronsman, Domino; G. Baillairgeon, Clown; A. M. Blanchet, Sunny Jim; J. Baker, Mephisto; S. C. Blair, Gloomy Gus; L. Beaudry, Domino; P. Beaudry, Clown; S. Belanger, Pageant; H. Belanger, Domino; C. Bryson, Domino; J. Bryson, Clown; J. G. Brousseau, Jr., Domino; C. Brown, Arabian Night; A. Beaudry, Domino; C. Brown, Domino; S. Brucke, A. S. Buckle, Tramp; J. Brochu, Domino; P. Butler, Sailor; T. Butler, Domino; W. Battis, Duke of Orleans; H. Battis, Courtier; L. S. Burdett, Kit Carson; J. B. Belanger, Marquis; J. Brady, Sr., Domino; J. Brady, Buffalo Bill; J. Brown, Cadet; A. Bisset, Domino; P. Blouin, Domino; L. C. Beupre, Domino.

G. H. Chantrevert, Spaniard; R. Croty, Domino; G. Colley, Clown; A. Charon, Domino; H. Cloutier, Buster Brown; P. Choquette, Domino; P. L. Carbar, Domino; W. G. Carbar, Domino; G. W. Carey, Soldier; L. L. Crawford, Cowboy; L. P. Cote, Clown; P. W. Cook, Domino; N. Chasse, Domino; P. L. Cockburn, Mask of Comus; A. J. Cote, Domino; P. A. Choquette, Duke; J. Carr, Clown; B. J. Currie, Ace of Hearts; M. Cloutier, Clown.

B. Dumas, Tramp; J. Dooley, Indian Chief; W. A. Dall, Domino; J. Doherty, Domino; L. DeLery, Cowboy; T. Davis, Clown; A. Dinan, Domino; W. Duggan, Domino; R. Delaney, Mephisto; T. Delaney, Clown; J. Drouin, Clown; E. Delaney, Jockey; R. DeLery, Clown; W. Dollard, Domino; Charles Dieffenthal, Shueey; J. Dall, Chieftain; G. Dinan, Indian; H. Drouin, Nigger; Clem. Dieffenthal, Tramp; P. Dinan, Jr., Domino; W. Drouin, Pageant; M. Dempsey, Domino; Martin Dempsey, Domino; R. Davis, Domino; P. Dugal, Cowboy; H. Dugal, Clown.

W. J. Fitzgerald, Coon; T. Fuller, Page; T. W. Fraser, Mexican; M. Flynn, Clown; P. Fontaine, Domino; P. Fuller, Clown; T. J. Farrar, Uncle Sam; W. Farrar, Student; J. Fullerton, Domino; F. Fitzpatrick, Clown; P. Fackney, Nigger Baby.

A. Garneau, Clown; R. Garneau, Domino; P. Garret, Domino; L. Goodno, Domino; J. Grenier, Clown; R. Gingras, Clown; L. Garneau, Clown; R. Ganvin, Tramp; G. Gourdau, Domino; J. Gibaut, Shueey; P. Gibaut, Nigger Baby; E. Gignac, Highlander; G. Garret, Clown; R. G. Granville, Domino; G. S. Gourdau, Domino; Jos. Gourdau, Domino; M. Gagnon, Cowboy; M. Green, Soldier; J. Gauvreau, Duke; G. R. Gourdau, Reuben; E. Gravel, Sailor; P. Gauvreau, Clown; E. G. Grenier, Cowboy; L. Gagne, Domino.

P. Hamel, Roman; J. Hackett, Japanese; F. Hackett, Domino; E. Hutehison, Domino; C. Henchey, Cowboy; W. Howe, Pierrot; Paul Hamel, Nigger; A. Hutehison, Mephisto; O. Hannon, Buffalo Bill; H. P. Hamel, Uncle Sam; C. A. Hardy, Clown; B. Halpin, Jackey.

Geo. Jacques, Domino; R. Jacques, Cowboy; G. Jobidon, Domino; H. T. Jewell, Cowboy; Wm. Jewell, Pageant; H. Joseph, Sunny Jim; E. Joseph, Domino; G. D. Jackson, Domino.

D. Kerwin, Nigger Duke; A. Kerr, Dago; H. B. Kelly, Cowboy; P. Kelly, Domino; M. Kelly, Naval Officer; T. Kelly, Clown; M. Kerwin, Cowboy; L. Kerwin, Jr., Harmless Pete; J. Kirkwood, Clown; E. Kirkwood, Domino; G. Kelly, Grenadier; J. Kelly, Grenadier; A. M. Kinnear, Julius Caesar.

C. Legare, Gingerbread Man; W. Legare, Cowboy; E. Labrecque, Gentleman; K. R. Lindsay, Domino; F. Langford, Sport; H. Lawson, Clown; Jas. Ledden, Pageant; H. Ledden, Cowboy; L. Ledden, Prince; J. LaRoche, Clown; H. LaRoche, Domino; A. Love, Uncle Sam; Jules Legare, Cowboy; Jos. Labrecque, Domino; E. Labrecque, Clown; C. Larue, Clown; A. Lacasse, Courtier; P. Larue, Cowboy; S. Lemesurier, Col. Wolseley; H. Lavigne, Foxhunter; P. Letourneau, Pierrot; R. Larue, Domino.

F. Myers, Duke; G. B. Myers, Prince of India; John Malone, Prince; I. Malone, Baseball Player; M. Marcotte, Prince; G. Marquis, Domino; A. Morency, Domino; C. Malone, Pageant; A. Marois, Domino; St. G. Morency, Domino; J. Myler, Domino; J. Marcotte, Chauffeur; Joe Malone,

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SWISS FEDERAL RAILROAD

FORMER MONTREAL HABERDASHER

On Trial in New York for the Fraudulent Use of the United States Mails.

New York, March 7.—Geo. H. Munroe, the former Montreal haberdasher, who, after conducting a notorious "stock laundry" in New York, had a short but sensational career in Toronto where he exploited the Berna motors, the Bartlett mines and an appliance for the prevention of railroad accidents, was placed on trial in the United States Circuit Court today charged with using the mails to defraud. His brother Alexander Munroe who was indicted with him, has never been arrested, though Post Office Inspector O'Brien has visited both Montreal and Toronto in attempts to locate him. The charges upon which Munroe was put on trial to-day date back to 1907 when he cut such a dash in New York while he was running what was known as the "biggest stock laundry" in New York, washing over \$2,000,000 worth of Montreal and Boston copper stocks in a few weeks. Raymond G. Brown, the blind Assistant District Attorney, has been investigating the operations of Munroe & Munroe in Marconi wireless stocks and as a result he has called to court for the trial witnesses from England, New Mexico, Arizona as well as from the various New England States, and the States nearer New York. At the time of his arrest last September, Geo. H. Munroe has been instrumental in organizing the Dominion Bankers' Corporation which had rented elegant offices on Broadway, and was announced to begin business the day after the arrest. The company does not appear to have done much. Previous to that time, after he had been forced to leave Toronto in a hurry, Munroe had tried to float the United Shoe Shine Company, also known as the "Blackboard Trust," the shares of which were fixed at \$10 though they were offered to the public at 35 cents. There are 24 counts in the indictment on which Munroe is being tried. Horace Greeley Tolson, a broker who was associated with the Munroes in their stock laundry operations, has supplied the Government with much of the information on which it is proceeding. As set before the jury, which was chosen in an hour, the Government's case is that in 1906 when they had only a few shares of Marconi wireless stock, the Munroes started to advertise the sale of the stock, saying that they expected a large allotment of the English company's issue. They also offered stock in the Canadian Marconi Company and the American Marconi Company, according to the statement of Assistant United States Attorney Dorr to the jury. While they thus offered to sell stock or return the money, however, the allegation against Geo. H. Munroe is that only \$1,000 worth of stock of the various Marconi wireless companies was delivered, while 39,000 shares were sold at prices varying from \$10 to \$15 a share. Miss Aurelie Fuchs, formerly a stenographer in the office of Munroe & Munroe, testified that Geo. H. Munroe was the active partner of the concern and that he directed the circulars, some of which she identified. Then came the list of alleged victims of Munroe's sales. Mrs. Jane Mason, of Newark, N.J., and her husband testified that she had sent \$100 in reply to an alluring circular of Munroe & Munroe for ten shares of stock, on which she was promised a return of 22 per cent. After several vain visits to the office of Munroe & Munroe, she was told by Geo. Munroe that his brother had gone to England to get the stock certificates. Her husband visited the office and got no better satisfaction. When he visited the place a second time it had been closed by bankruptcy. Mrs. Carmine Voght, of Boston, invested \$100. Miss Margaret Hennessy, of Braintree, Mass., \$20. Max Hoefler, St. Peter, Minn., \$150, and John H. Burns, Peoria, Ill., \$2,500. Other witnesses will be heard to-morrow.

TERRIBLE TALE OF STARVATION

And Neglect Told by a Woman in the Recorder's Court at Montreal.

Montreal, March 7.—A terrible tale of starvation and neglect was told in the Recorder's Court by the wife of Alphonse Bouthillier, 53 Wurielle street, who was this morning sentenced to four months at hard labor for non-support of his family. According to Mrs. Bouthillier's story for fifteen days past she and her three children have lived on a dollar's worth of food and for ten days she kept a two-months' old baby alive on bread and water. Her husband, she said, had not worked for a long time and collected what food he could for them by begging. He had brought some bad meat and worse bread. Four years ago, Mrs. Bouthillier said a daughter had died from starvation. The mother was unable to go out and find work herself, as her husband, she declared, was always attempting assaults on his sixteen-year-old daughter. In sentencing Bouthillier to four months hard labor, Recorder Weir decided that his family get his earnings while he is in jail. His sixteen-year-old daughter this morning lodged another complaint against Bouthillier, claiming he had chased her with a carving knife.

DENIED PRIVILEGE OF PAUPER'S OATH

Gaynor and Greene Sent Back to Prison—Willing to Take Oath.

Atlanta, Ga., March 7.—Denied the privilege of taking the pauper's oath and swearing off the fine of \$775,000 imposed by the Government in connection with prison sentence, Benj. D. Greene and John E. Gaynor, to-day were sent back to the Federal prison to await further action in their cases. The hearing before Commissioner Colquitt was postponed until March 21, when the Government expects to show that Greene and Gaynor have considerable property under cover and are not entitled to the privileges of the pauper's oath. They were released on parole last week after serving several years for frauds in Savannah harbor work.

GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC RAILWAY

To Be Rushed to Vancouver to Head Off the Canadian Northern

Vancouver, B. C., March 7.—That the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway will proceed this year with its Port George-Vancouver line, in an effort to be into Vancouver before the Canadian Northern, is predicted in private despatches from Montreal which have just been received here. It is stated that an official announcement may be expected at any time, the officials of the company having come to the realization that the tonnage obtainable at Prince Rupert will be light for many years, while far better results can be secured by means of a branch line to Vancouver. It is learned that actual grading of the Vancouver line will be under way this summer, nearly all the surveys having been completed. The choice of a route via Harrison Lake or via Howe Sound has not yet been made. The action of J. D. McArthur, the Winnipeg millionaire contractor, in buying three river steamers on the Upper Fraser, is regarded as significant of the fact that he will use them for conveying supplies for the construction work south from Port George.

NAVIGATION DURING WINTER

To Montreal Not Yet Accomplished—Ice-Breakers Having a Hard Time

Montreal, March 7.—The ice breakers, which the Department of Marine employ every year to open up the ship channel, appear to be likely to have a harder task of it this season than they had last year, according to a statement made to-day by Mr. Willard, general agent for the Marine and Fisheries Department in Montreal. Early last season there had been little trouble experienced in bringing the vessels up as far as Three Rivers, as the channel up to that point had been more or less open from the first of the year. Conditions are far different this season, the ice being not only thicker, but also much more solid than was the case in the spring of 1910. At present every vessel which the department can press into the service for the purpose of breaking up the ice is in the neighborhood of Grondines. Mr. Willard hopes that Lake St. Peter will be reached on or before the 15th of this month, providing there is no further "packing."

A MEXICAN OPINION.

Mexico City, March 7.—"The Mexican Government has no reason to doubt the word of the State Department at Washington that the movement of the 20,000 soldiers to the border is for nothing more than military manoeuvres designed as instruction for junior officers. We do not believe there is any occasion for intervention by the United States or any other power. No American property has been damaged by either side and so far as I know no complaint has been made by any American." Enrique C. Creel, Minister of Foreign Relations, so commented to-night on press despatches from Washington regarding the mobilization of troops near the international border. No representations, he said, had been made to the Mexican Government by the United States, Great Britain or any other nation that foreigners had sustained any loss, or had been placed in jeopardy to an extent that would even suggest the necessity for outside interference. "The situation in the north, and for that matter throughout the republic, is entirely satisfactory," said Mr. Creel.

PECULIAR DEATH OF A LITTLE BOY.

Montreal, March 7.—A little boy, 10 years of age, named Albert Menard, was playing with several companions to-day in St. Denis street, when a rope he had attached to his waist caught in the shoe-brake of a passing street car, which jerked him under the car. He was badly mangled and crushed to death before the motorman or passengers on the car were aware of what had happened. The victim was the son of Police Lieutenant Menard, of the Montreal force.

THE CORCORAN CASE IN DUBLIN

More Evidence Taken Yesterday—Defence Say That It Is Blackmail.

Dublin, March 7.—Proceedings were resumed to-day in the matter of the petition of E. Corcoran to have his father, Edward Corcoran, adjudged insane. The elder Corcoran is said, because of weak mental condition, to have signed away to American lawyers a large part of an estate inherited from his cousin, John Sullivan, of Seattle. The son to-day testified that in December, 1900, a lawyer named Wright called on his father with reference to the Sullivan inheritance. Subsequently the lawyer took him to Cork, where, before the American consul, he signed a deed giving Wright half his inheritance.

In November, 1901, witness said, his father received a letter from Mr. Howe, of the law firm of Piles, Donworth & Howe, of Seattle, stating that the property was worth \$447,000. The witness then went to Cork and asked Wright for a copy of the deed which his father had signed. He was told that it had been sent to America.

Subsequently his father signed another deed, giving property to Wright for the stipulated sum of \$50,000, which he never received.

Opening for the defence, the Right Hon. James H. Campbell, M. P., characterized the action as an attempt to blackmail Corcoran's lawyers, which might have succeeded but for the fact that the elder Corcoran was satisfied with their treatment of him and refused to assist in the action.

ECHOES OF THE SHELDON CASE

Important Judgment Rendered in Montreal by Judge Archer re a Cheque.

Montreal, March 7.—An important judgment was given to-day by Mr. Justice Archer in one of the numerous legal tangles which have arisen out of the sudden bursting of the Sheldon blind pool bubble by the departure of Sheldon. In this case the plaintiff had "invested" \$250 with Sheldon the day before the financial wizard skipped, paying the money by cheque. Hearing of the debacle, the plaintiff stopped payment of the cheque the next morning. Now Judge Archer rules that this stoppage was illegal, and that the money must be paid. The case was brought by one Richardson, who had a sum of money on deposit, and had been considering making more out of it by getting into the Sheldon game. This he did on October 10 last, sending Sheldon a cheque for \$250 for investment. Sheldon then deposited this, with other cheques and money, with his bankers, Messrs. Garand & Tonnoux. But that same evening Sheldon got away and when the cheque was put through by Messrs. Garand & Tonnoux they found that payment had been stopped by Richardson.

Sheldon's bankers, in the meantime, had paid out some overdraft cheques for him and when he made his escape his account was overdrawn by something like \$1,700. The bankers then entered suit against Richardson to compel payment of the cheque, which claim is upheld by Judge Archer.

In his decision, Mr. Justice Archer finds that Messrs. Garand & Tonnoux had acted as bankers for Sheldon for nearly two years, and that it was not up to them to investigate the nature of his business, which they naturally did not attempt.

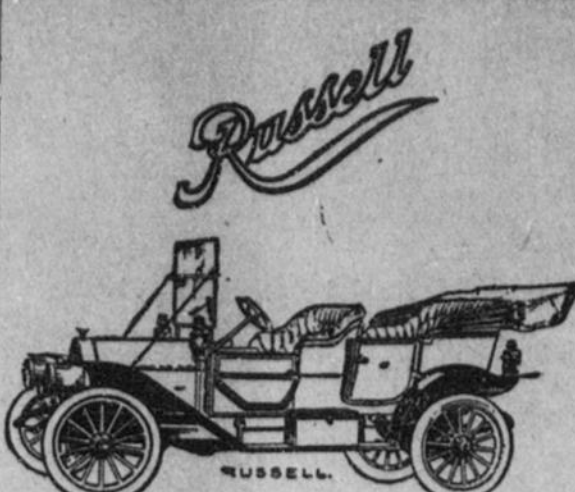
Canada's Champion Dancer

Cured of Piles by Zam-Buk.

Mr. Thomas J. Hogan, Champion Clog and Pedestal Dancer of Canada, who resides at 59 Chamboard street, Montreal, writes: "It gives me much pleasure to let you know my opinion of your wonderful Zam-Buk. For some time past I have been troubled with piles, but this year I suffered so much that I was obliged to cancel a number of engagements. I tried all the so-called remedies that were recommended, but they seemed to do me no good. Having been advised to try Zam-Buk I purchased a box and after applying it a few times I felt marked relief. I continued with the Zam-Buk treatment, and the relief was extended into a permanent cure. I gladly permit you to use my experience as an illustration of the great value of Zam-Buk for piles."

Another illustration of how Zam-Buk cures long-standing cases of piles is provided by Mr. William Kenty, of Upper Nine Mile River, Hants Co., N.S. He says: "I suffered terribly from piles, the pain at times being almost unbearable. Zam-Buk was recommended to me so I procured a supply and commenced with the treatment. After a very short time Zam-Buk effected a complete cure."

Zam-Buk is also a cure for ulcers, abscesses, eczema, cold sores, chapped hands, varicose ulcers, rashes, blood-poison, ringworm, cuts, burns, bruises, children's abrasions, tetter, salt rheum, etc. All druggists and stores sell at 50c. box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Zam-Buk Soap, which may be had from any druggist at 25c. per tablet, should be used instead of ordinary soap in all cases of eruptions and skin diseases.



RUSSELL "30," \$2,350.

FULL EQUIPMENT.
Top, Top Envelope, Glass Front, Speedometer, Tire Holders, Gas Lamps.
Ready for the Road.

CANADA CYCLE & MOTOR CO., LIMITED, WEST TORONTO.
Makers of High-Grade Automobiles.

Branches: Toronto, Hamilton, Montreal, Winnipeg, Calgary, Vancouver, Melbourne, Aust.

SCHOOL CHILDREN TO BE VACCINATED

In Montreal—Industrial Employees Must Also Be Sanitarily Treated.

Montreal, March 7.—Following the report submitted by Dr. J. E. Laberge, chief of the civic contagious disease branch of the Board of Health, the Controllers have decided to rigidly enforce the by-law calling for the vaccination of all school children and all employees engaged in manufacturing and other industrial establishments in this city. The recommendation that such a course should be adopted was especially mentioned on account of the prevalence of smallpox throughout the Province. Although it was gratifying to note that a large percentage of the school children had complied with the by-law, many parents had made conscientious objections to vaccination, but according to Dr. Laberge, all such objections will henceforth be rejected.

BOSTON AND MAINE AND G. T. RAILWAY

Former Purchases a Line in Vermont to Compete with the Latter.

New Haven, Conn., March 7.—"Parties in the interest of the Vermont Valley Railroad Company, a corporation of the State of Vermont, have purchased the interest of the Sortwell estate in the Montpelier & Wells River Railroad, the Barre Railroad and the Barre Station." This announcement was made this afternoon from the offices of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad here. It is further stated that as soon as the legal preliminaries can be arranged the properties will be merged into and become a part of the Boston & Maine Railroad system and thereafter be operated as a part of the same.

The announcement of this purchase and its projected merger with the Boston & Maine, discloses a new step taken by the New Haven Company in its contest against the Grand Trunk. This newly acquired line reaches from Wells River, Vermont, to Montpelier, Vermont, with branches to Barre and to one or two other points, the whole including about 60 miles of road. The line is an old one, having been opened in 1873 and of late years, excepting in one year, has paid 5 per cent upon its stock of \$800,000. At Wells River it connects with the Boston & Maine, and at Montpelier with the Vermont Central, which is leased to the Grand Trunk. It is understood to have been a valued feeder to the Grand Trunk system, particularly in connection with the Barre quarries. The controlling interest in the road was held by the Sortwell estate. Hitherto the Boston & Maine lines have had no direct connection with Montpelier or Barre. Outside of the Montpelier & Wells River Railroad, the Central Vermont has had no competition. The acquisition of the three smaller roads will give the Boston & Maine a direct entrance into the important granite fields of central Vermont.

FIGHT AGAINST ALLEGED BOYCOTT

In New York—Manufacturers Take Against Union and Contractors.

New York, March 6.—The fight against an alleged boycott in the New York market against non-union-made wood-working materials was begun to-day with manufacturers from the South and Middle West and complainants. The Anti-Boycott Association, which prosecuted the boycott suits of the Danbury Hat Company and the Buck's stove and range case, and which will handle the present suit, declares that the action is of far-reaching importance because on its success depends the future conduct of employers and employees in every branch of the building trade. The suit, filed in the United States Circuit Court to-day is against the national and local officers of the Carpenter's Union and all of the New York contractors who have agreed with the union to use only union-made trim. It seeks to restrain the carpenters and contractors from further carrying out this agreement, and alleges that the products of the Middle West and Southern wood-work manufacturers, who employ non-union labor is boycotted.

Among the defendants are the local officers of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America and the Amalgamated Society Carpenters, together with a number of executive officers of the national organization. Altogether, there are about 120 local contractors named as defendants, among them many prominent concerns.

According to Walter Gordon Merritt, attorney for the Anti-Boycott Association, Western trim manufacturers are in position to furnish the New York market with wood work of this description at a saving to the public of almost 40 per cent. But, as is alleged in the suit, the combination complained of between the union carpenters and contractors acts "as effectively as a Chinese wall" in the exclusion of woodwork from open-shop mills in the South and Middle West.

BRAVE RESCUE OF A CHILD.

New York, March 7.—Toddling along at his mother's heels, 4-year-old Eddie Burrell plunged out of sight into a manhole in East 86th street, near the East River, and was swept for two hundred feet underground in a snow-choked sewer. He was rescued an hour and a half later, huddled on a pile of snow where it had congested the drain. The little fellow was about frozen, but will recover. The street was thrown into excitement by the mother's frenzy, and hundreds cheered a police lieutenant and Lee Keiser, a volunteer, who went into the great dark sewer and fought their way through slush up to their waists until they found the child.

THOMAS DELANY VICTUALLER

For about half a century occupying stalls in the Champlain Market Hall has now, owing to the demolition of that building, removed to

NAPOLEON WHARF
Dalhousie Street. Tel. No. 392

As always, we shall constantly have on hand at our new place of business a choice assortment of meats of all kinds; butter, eggs, poultry, hams, bacon, etc.

Feb 28th, 1911, at 2m

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Us Do Your
Repair Work

PICARD & BUREAU Mechanical Engineers

Repair any Marine Engines, Electric, Hydraulic and Power Elevators

REPAIRS OF ALL KINDS

Tel. 1917 - - 5 Laliberte St.

July 16th, 1911, at 11.15

LENTEN SPECIALTIES

FISH: Fresh Haddock received by Express weekly. Fresh Salmon, Halibut, Herrings, Smoked Fillets, Finnan Haddie, Boneless Fish, Dry Cod, Green Cod, Salt Herrings.

Fresh Eggs from Our Ste. Foye Farm.

Pickles, Catsups, Sauces, Etc.

GENERAL GROCERIES.

M. BOYCE & SON, "The Reliable Grocers"
Established 1856 19-21 Cote D'Abraham Tel. 294

FOUNDED IN 1878 TELEPHONE 2224
CHARLES VEZINA

Contracting Plumber, Tinsmith and Roofer
Specialty:—Steam, Hot Air and Hot Water Heating

Varied assortment of the most modern Electrical and Plumbing Apparatus as well as Kitchen and Passage Stoves of all makes and Refrigerators

ALSO ON HAND
A complete assortment of Asphalt and Rubber Roofing Material from the Brantford Roofing Company of Brantford, Ont. Mr. Vezina having accepted the general agency of that firm for the district of Quebec.
This material advantageously replaces the present system of Metal shingles and Concrete Roofing.

119-123 BRIDGE STREET, QUEBEC

PERMANENT SIDEWALKS

We are well equipped for the paving of sidewalks with our Mosaic Cement Blocks. The blocks may be bought by the hundred or by the thousand, as well as the chain which serves as a border to the pavement. SPECIALTY—Church Steps, Passages, Cellars.

BLAIS & FRIGON

TEL. 3662 179 Crown St.
All pavements bear the name of the Firm
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Imperial Bank of Canada

ESTABLISHED 1875.
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.
CAPITAL PAID UP - - - - - \$ 5,600,000.00
RESERVE FUND - - - - - \$ 5,600,000.00
TOTAL ASSETS - - - - - 60,450,000.00

Commence the New Year by opening an account in our Savings Department. It can be done with one Dollar and a small depositor will receive the same courteous consideration which is accorded all the patrons of this Bank.

UPPER TOWN BRANCH
No. 5 ST. JOHN STREET
A. C. SMITH, Manager.

QUEBEC BRANCH,
MAIN OFFICE, ST. PETER STREET
GEO. WILSON, Manager.

The Quebec Bank

93rd Year in Business
Offers a complete Banking Service. Money collected and Negotiable Paper discounted. Money transmitted by Money Order, Draft, Telegraphic or Cable Transfer. Money loaned to responsible men or firms at reasonable terms. Interest at highest current rate paid on Savings Deposits.

DIRECTORS.
John T. Ross, President; Vesey Boswell, Vice-President; Gaspard LeMoine, W. A. Marsh, Thos. McDougall, G. G. Stuart, K.C., J. E. Aldred.
FIVE BRANCHES IN QUEBEC CITY
110 St. Peter Street, 2 Fabrique Street, 217 St. John Street, 718 St. Valier Street, 187 St. Joseph Street.
Safety Deposit Boxes at Head Office, 110 St. Peter St., and 2 Fabrique St., Upper Town.

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Most Artistic Portable Table Lamps

LARGE ASSORTMENT

MECHANICS' SUPPLY CO.
80-90 St. Paul Street.

We keep a complete line of "Invalid Chairs," Household Furniture, Ladies' Secretary, at Low Prices.

D. S. RickabyFurniture, Warehouse and Undertaking Establishment
Phone 351 337 St. John St.

NEW QUEBEC VIEWS

We have just received a number of New Post Card Views of Quebec, in colors, including several new views of Quebec from the river, View of Harbour, New Views of Chateau and Terrace, Observation Car, City Hall, Parliament Buildings, Jeffery Hale's Hospital, Interior of St. Patrick's Church, Entrance to Citadel, Governor's Garden, St. Matthew's Church, Wolfe's Cove, etc.

PRICE, ONE CENT EACH.

See our NEW GIANT SIZE COLORED POST CARDS of Quebec and Ste. Anne de Beaupre. These cards are excellent for Passe Partout Work.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS EACH.

T. H. O'NEILL

248 St. John Street.

MYRAND & POULIOT,

215 Joseph St., St. Roch

YESTERDAY and TO-MORROW LINES

Very Interesting Bargains for the Coming Week

SPECIAL

Men's fine corded and knitted wool drawers and shirts. Price 99c for 58c

SCOTCH WOOL.

Drawers and shirts. Price 75c. for 49c

FLEECE WOOL.

Drawers and shirts. Price 75c for 49c

Ladies' Woolen underwear, a considerable bargain 40c. for 25c

NOTICEABLE

Printed Cotton 14c. for ...8c

MERCERIES.

Shining Sateen 30c. for ...14c

Panamas for ladies' dresses, all shades, not excluding black 60c. for 49c

All we have left of our \$5.00 blouses will be sold for...\$2.99

LINGERIES.

5 different styles with laces and embroideries for only...24c

LADIES' WHITE PETTICOATS

With embroideries and insertion \$1.50, for 89c

All we have left from a special bargain in white petticoats at 49c

Night dresses, richly adorned \$1.50 for 89c

Special Discount in the Fur Department.

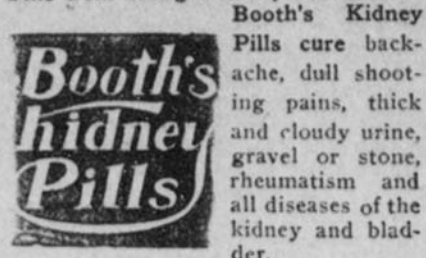
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215 Joseph St., St. Roch

NINE YEAR OLD BOY

Cured of Bed Wetting By Booth's Kidney Pills.

Mrs. J. Tait, of Denmark St., Meaford, Ont., says:—
"Our nine-year-old boy has suffered severely with kidney weakness or bed wetting for over two years. Several remedies have been used to cure the trouble, but none gave any relief until he used Booth's Kidney Pills. This medicine went right to the cause of the trouble, removed same, and to-day the boy is practically devoid of all kidney complaint. I wish all mothers knew of this excellent curative remedy and am glad that Booth's Kidney Pills were brought to my notice."



The Booth Guarantee
We do not guarantee to cure in all cases, but if you derive no benefit our agents are authorized to refund you your money. Booth's Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists 50c. or postpaid from the R. T. Booth Co., Limited, Fort Erie, Ont. Sold and guaranteed by Henry Willis.



COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, & ALL Lung & Throat Troubles.

YOUR EYES ARE YOUR OWN

Of course they are; but are you treating them—your very best friends—as you should. If you abuse them now, you'll pay dearly for that abuse later on.

If you are wise you will let us examine them.

Should you then need glasses we will say so. If you don't we will be equally frank.

Our motto is Quality not Cheapness and what McClure sells or repairs he guarantees.

J. A. McCLURE

The Optometrist

18 MOUNTAIN HILL, QUEBEC

Graduate of Dominion McGill College of Optics, South Bend, Indiana, Institute of Optometry.

Jan 10 to 15, 1911

CANADIAN CLUB'S ANNUAL MEETING

Favorable Reports Presented and Officers Elected for the Ensuing Year.

The annual meeting of the Quebec Canadian Club, which was held at the Chateau Frontenac yesterday afternoon, was well attended, and the reports presented were all of the most satisfactory nature.

The report of the executive committee was as follows:—
"Your executive committee, which has met on occasion during the past year, has the honor to report that the following addresses have been delivered before the club since our last annual meeting:—

In the month of March, 1910, Captain Bartlett, of Newfoundland, who accompanied Peary on his journey of discovery in the Far North, gave a most entertaining and instructive talk on "The Peary Expedition to the North Pole."

Mr. Arthur Hawkes, of Toronto, spoke to an appreciative audience on April 7 on the subject of "What the West owes to the East."

Major-General Sir Robert Baden-Powell, the founder of the Boy Scout movement, gave us an interesting address on that movement on the evening of September 9 last, and, as the matter was one of such general interest, the public was invited to hear the lecture, and through the kindness of His Worship the Mayor, the large hall of the Recorder's Court in the City Hall was secured for the occasion.

Mr. Henry Vivian, M.P., addressed us at a club luncheon on October 29, on the subject of "Garden Suburbs and Town Planning."

On December 7, 1910, we had an entertaining talk from the Rev. Wylie C. Clark on "Canadians for Canada," which also took the form of a farewell from the Club to Mr. Clark on the occasion of his departure from Quebec to take up his abode in Edmonton.

Mr. U. J. Ledoux spoke at the luncheon of December 20 on "Modern Diplomacy."

Professor B. E. Fernow, dean of the Faculty of Forestry in Toronto University, was the speaker at the luncheon of January 20, 1911, and, though the address was one of the most interesting of the year, the attendance of members was a most discouraging one.

With a view to removing the objection made by some of our members to the club luncheons, that they occupy too much time in the middle of the day, your executive has decided that the luncheons of the future must commence sharp at the appointed hour, and that the speaker of the occasion will be called upon for his address as soon as half an hour has elapsed.

Negotiations for ensuring the carrying out of this arrangement are now under way. In addition to the speakers who have addressed us during the year, invitations have been extended to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, Lieut.-General Sir John French, Sir Lomer Gouin, Hon. R. Lemieux, the Hon. Judge Routhier, the Hon. Premier Hazen, Dr. Beland, M. P., Mr. Geo. W. Stephens, Montreal; Mr. Wallace Nesbitt, K.C., Toronto; Mr. E. W. Thompson, vice-president of the Ogilvie Flour Mills Company, and others.

Some of these gentlemen have found it necessary to decline the invitation extended to them, but from the greater number addresses are still expected, and they have been asked to select their own dates.

Owing to his frequent absence from town, Mr. J. W. Hamilton tendered his resignation as Hon. Treasurer to your committee during the year, reluctantly urging that circumstances precluded the possibility of its reconsideration. Your executive had therefore no alternative but to accept Mr. Hamilton's resignation. On your behalf, as well as for themselves, the members of your committee expressed very warm thanks to Mr. Hamilton for his valuable services as Hon. Treasurer.

Mr. W. G. Hinds, manager of the Merchants Bank of Canada here, was elected Hon. Treasurer on Mr. Hamilton's nomination, and your executive has much pleasure in reporting that Mr. Hinds has accepted the office of Hon. Treasurer of the Club, and has fulfilled its duties since the month of December last.

Several courtesies have been extended to the club during the past year, which are gratefully acknowledged. The officers have been invited to attend the luncheons of the Ladies' Canadian Club of Quebec, and our president has received invitations to attend the annual dinners of the New York and Hamilton Clubs.

A resolution, of which proper notice has been given, will be submitted at this meeting, to amend the constitution so as to provide for a reduction in the number of members necessary to form a quorum at general meetings.

There have been a certain number of resignations during the year, mostly caused by removals, and the following new members have been elected: Alfred Robitaille, R. H. Smith, T. B. O'Neill, Lorne C. Webster, Rev. A. E. Burnett.

The financial position of the club is fully disclosed in the report of the Honorary Treasurer.

The whole, nevertheless, respectfully submitted.

The officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows:—

Patron—Sir C. A. P. Pelletier, K. C. M. G., Lieut.-Governor of Quebec.

Hon. President—Sir Lomer Gouin, K. C., Prime Minister of Quebec.

Hon. Vice-President—Mr. Napoleon Drouin, Mayor of Quebec.

President—Mr. George A. Vandry.

First Vice-President—Mr. John Hamilton, D.C.L.

Second Vice-President—Sir George Garneau.

Joint Secretaries—E. T. D. Chambers, T. Levasseur.

Hon. Treasurer—Mr. W. G. Hinds.

Committee—Hon. Judge McCorkill, Hon. Charles Langelier, A. H. Cook, K.C., A. E. Doucet, C.E., Nap. Lavoie, G. W. Parmelee, D.C.L., George E. Amyot, G. H. Balfour, Hon. Judge Lemieux, W. M. Dobell, Major Aime Talbot, Frank Carrel, Dr. Charles Verge, Col. B. A. Scott.

Votes of thanks were tendered to Col. Scott, the retiring president; Mr. J. W. Hamilton, retiring treasurer, and other officers for their good work during the year past.

THE DOMINION.

MINOR NOTES OF

THE DOMINION.

OTTAWA, March 7.—Hon. James Bryce, British Ambassador at Washington, is coming to Ottawa. He will arrive on Friday and will be the guest of Earl Grey at Government House. The ambassador was here last year and discussed with the Premier a number of questions of an international character, but his coming this time is of especial interest in view of the reciprocity debate. He will spend the week-end here.

East Hull will put up a big fight for local option on the 16th instant. The Roman Catholic clergy, in compact with the Methodist and Presbyterian congregations, are striving hard to persuade the public to go to the polls on the 16th and vote in favor of local option. For two years or more the Methodists and Presbyterians have been trying hard to establish local option, but now that they have the Catholic clergy on their side they feel almost confident of success. The voting will take place all day Thursday at Cantley.

Many of the justices of the peace are at present taking the oath of allegiance to King George V. It is rather late, but many of the justices of the peace forgot that they had to be sworn in again or else they neglected it. As the same was being done in other parts of the province, the Crown attorneys were instructed to notify justices of the peace again to the effect that they must take the oath at once.

A writ has been issued in the High Court by Hugh Wylie, of Montreal, against the Massada Silver Mines, Limited, Ottawa, for the sum of \$7,471 and interest on all eight promissory notes. Five of the notes are for \$1,000, one for \$1,500, one for \$500 and the last for \$250. These, with the interest of 6 per cent per annum is the amount claimed by Mr. Wylie against the defendants.

"A pretty cheap John Job," is the way Chief Commissioner Mahe, of the Railway Commission, characterized the wooden bridge which is to be put over the Grand Trunk Railway tracks at Bronson avenue. The cost of putting up the structure is to be \$20,000, of which \$8,000 is for the bridge itself and \$12,000 for land damages.

The Railway Commission to-day approved of the plans filed by the Grand Trunk Railway Company for the proposed platforms and train shed for the new central passenger station here. The plans call for the erection of the most modern covered track shed on the Bushet style, the same as in the Great North-western Station at Chicago and the Jersey Central Station at Jersey City. Special arrangements are made for the ejection of smoke from locomotives through the roof to keep the platforms clear of this nuisance.

MR KELLY IS REALLY VERY PRECISE.

Montreal, March 7.—Bernard Kelly has not been in jail a dozen times. He was quite indignant when Mr. E. Ladouceur, clerk of the Police Court, hinted something about his having been locked up at least a dozen times. "No, sir," said Bernard, who had been caught red-handed stealing a pair of overalls, "I have been run in only ten or eleven times at the most."

His latest "run in" will last two months, which were given him by Judge Leet.

QUEBEC LADY WINS THE FIRST PRIZE.

At a recent competition of the Canadian Handicraft Guild, held in Montreal, Mrs. Colin Campbell, of this city, was awarded first prize for white embroidery.

There is Only One "Bromo Quinine"

That is Laxative Bromo Quinine

USED THE WORLD OVER TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Always remember the full name. Look for this signature on every box. 25c. E. W. Grove

No Lint

Our Patrons do not find their clothes covered with lint when they come back from our laundry.

The reason is that we know how to wash clean without any unnecessary wear. This is accomplished by care, and intelligent handling. Our Prices are right—Our Quality is right—Our Service is right—We solicit your patronage.

The Frontenac Laundry

Laundress—Dyers—Cleaners.

mar. 3x4m, wed, fri, 9

LACK OF PURE BLOOD

The Cause of Most Illness—The Cure, Enrich the Blood Supply

Any illness caused by lack of blood will be benefited and cured by a course of treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These Pills increase the red matter in the blood and enable it to carry it to every organ and tissue an increased supply of oxygen, the great supporter of all organic life. This has been proved by cures in thousands of cases not only in Canada but in all parts of the world. More people to-day owe health and happiness to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills than to any other medicine. One of these is Mr. James Starr, of Calahad, Alta., who says:—

"A few years ago I became ill and very weak. Some days I would have a hot dry fever and on others would be bathed in a cold sweat. I grew weaker and weaker until I could do no kind of work and was finally confined to my bed. I tried several doctors, who cost me considerable money, but did me no good, as I was still getting weaker and weaker. I asked the last doctor who attended me to tell me frankly if he could cure me, and he told me my case was so complicated that he did not think he could help me. I told him that I had heard a great deal about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and asked if he thought they would help me. His reply was: 'Well, they won't do you any harm and they may help you.' I sent for a half dozen boxes at once and began taking them. After taking three boxes there was no doubt they were helping me and I continued using them for some time longer. With the result that I am now as strong and hearty and can do as good a day's work as any man in my neighborhood."

These Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or may be had by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

MAYOR GUERIN WILL NOT GO TO ROME.

Montreal, March 7.—Mayor Guerin this morning refused an invitation from Mayor Nathan, of Rome, Italy, to represent the city of Montreal at the fiftieth anniversary of the declaration by the Italian Government of Rome as the capital of United Italy. Mayor Nathan's letter was couched in the most effusive terms. The celebrations take place during this summer.

EVERY MOVE A LAUGH AT THE AUDITORIUM.

All the old-timers can tell you about Joe Ott in "The Star Gazer," etc. They remember him as the most pronounced of eccentric comedians. They also remember "The Double" in that play. Well, "The Double" whose appearance so amused and bewildered them was none other than Phil Ott, who now heads his own company in musical comedy. Although he has always been appearing in high-priced attractions, his own ambition has been to present high class, original musical comedies at popular prices, the range of which is to be within easy reach of all. He realizes that nothing is farther from the truth than the idea that people as a rule despise a bargain. Let the fact be distinctly understood that fifty cents will secure the best seats, and there will be precious few who will carry a grudge toward you for having kept them in convulsions of laughter during two solid hours of an entertainment, wherein there is no such thing as an intermission. Remember Phil Ott's comedians are now an established fact, and popular prices is one feature they emphasize. One will want to see him and his company if only to keep in touch with current events. After the curtain rises, it will not be long before those "From Missouri" will have forgotten their mission and abreast of the crowd will tell you to go and see Phil Ott's comedians if you don't wish to remain a back number. Don't miss this treat, Friday and Saturday with Saturday matinee.

F. SIMARD & CIE.**THE NEW TAILORED SUITS**

One of the very interesting sections of our second floor now holds a quite remarkable collection of tailored suits in the New Spring Styles.

One of the favorite groups is composed of smart tailored suits, plain style, fancy materials, dark grounds, latest styles, elaborately trimmed with wide silk braid, lined with farmer satin of best quality, value \$18.75. Special\$11.50

WOMEN'S SPRING COATS

New coats are arriving daily, and so the coat section presents an ever changing picture, radiant with color and sparkling with clever new styles in Spring Coats.

SPECIAL

New Fancy Mixture Coats trimmed with velvet collar unlined, in grey, green or tan effect, value \$16.50. Special\$13.15

Four Extraordinary Specials For This Week

BATH TOWELS. 24x36, with fringe and red borders, a remarkable quality at 35c. for 25c.

PILLOW SHAMS. 36x36, made of fine quality lawn, nicely embroidered, regular 35c. quality for 23c. Runners, same pattern and quality, value 40c. for 32c.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR. Men's all wool shirts and drawers, very heavy, suitable for winter, regular 75c. for 58c.

CARPETS. Brussels Carpets with border to match, patterns suitable for any room, value \$1.25. Special 95c.

FLANNELETTE. 36 inches wide, striped flannelette, a quality that can't be duplicated for less than 14c. Special 10c.

Axminster Rugs, 27x54, desirable patterns, best quality, at \$3.00. Special\$1.98

F. SIMARD & CIE.

142 St. Joseph St., St. Roch, Quebec

Half Price Sale OFF

All odd lines of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Boots, Shoes and Slippers

One lot of Ladies' Rubbers at 55c a pair.

One lot of Men's Rubbers at 75c a pair.

WM. JACQUES & SONS

Tel. 427. 42 1/2 Fabrique Street.

P. J. COTE,

Opposite Palace Hill

Special Cheap Lots for March

REAL ORIENTAL RUGS

For the whole month of MARCH we shall give a special discount of 25 per cent on all our Real Oriental Rugs which runs in prices from \$85.00 to \$300.00.

Also the balance of our Job of Wilton and Axminster Rugs. Sizes 3x4 at about 33 1/3 per cent discount. There are about 35 of them left, all beautiful designs.

We have a lot of Jobs in Tapestry and Brussels Carpets.

Cretonnes, Portieres, Curtains and Furniture materials in quantities. Linoleums, Corticine, Oilcloths, etc.

We keep the goods in storage without extra charge.

P. J. COTE,

Opposite Palace Hill