

PRICE OF ADVERTISEMENTS. In one Language 1st insertion, each subsequent Ins. 10 lines and under..... 2s. 6d..... 7d.

MONTREAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. IN conformity to the Articles of Association of the MONTREAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, the Stockholders are hereby required by the subscribing Directors, to meet at the Office of the said Company, in this City, on the first Monday in February next ensuing, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of dissolving the said Company.

BY virtue of a WRIT of EXECUTION, issued out of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, holding civil pleas, in and for the District of Montreal aforesaid, at the suit of William Maitland, of that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England, George Gard and George Auldjo, of the City of Montreal, in the said District of Montreal, Merchants, and Copartners, trading in the said City of Montreal, under the name or firm of Maitland, Gard and Auldjo, against the lands and tenements of Rhoda Griffin, of Montreal, widow of the late Samuel Park, in his life time of Montreal, merchant, in her own name and right, Ann Park, also of Montreal, the daughter of the said Samuel Park by a former or first marriage, and Benjamin Hall, also of Montreal, merchant, tutor duly elected of Maria Park, the minor daughter of the said Samuel Park, by his former or first marriage, the said Ann and Maria Park, being heiresses of the said Samuel Park, and Nicholas Benjamin Doucet, Esquire, of Montreal, Public Notary, tutor duly elected in the place and stead of the said Rhoda Griffin, since the institution of this action, to George Washington, Caroline Harriet, Amelia, Edwin, Francis and Ediza Rozina, minor children, issue of the marriage between the said Samuel Park and Rhoda Griffin, to me directed, I have seized and taken in execution, being lands and tenements belonging to the said Rhoda Griffin, Ann Park, Benjamin Hall, and Nicholas Benjamin Doucet, in their several and respective capacities aforesaid,—1. A lot of ground or emplacement situated and being in Saint Paul Street, in the City of Montreal aforesaid, containing forty-four feet and nine inches in front, on the line of Saint Paul Street, and forty-five feet in width in the rear, by sixty-seven feet and nine inches in the north-east line, and seventy-one feet in the south-west line in depth, and forming in the whole, eighty-six toises and seven feet in superficies, more or less, bounded in the front by the said Saint Paul Street, in the rear by another lot of ground or emplacement belonging to the said heirs or representatives of the said Samuel Park, and hereafter described under No. 2, and in part by Pierre Berthelet, on one side to the south-west by James McDouall, and on the other side to the north-east by Goulan Cauchy, with a stone house and other stone buildings thereon erected, together with the right of passage, with or without a Carriage to communicate to and from the yard of the said lot of ground now described, through the said lot of ground herein after next described under No. 2 to Saint Nicholas Street. 2. Another lot of ground or emplacement situated and being in Saint Nicholas Street, in the City of Montreal aforesaid, containing thirty-seven feet and nine inches in front, on the line of Saint Nicholas Street, and widening as it runs in depth to thirty-nine feet and six inches in width in the rear, by sixty-four feet on the west side, and fifty-eight feet and eleven inches on the east side in depth, and containing in the whole, sixty-five toises in superficies, bounded in the front by the said Saint Nicholas Street, on one side and in the rear, by Pierre Berthelet Esquire, and on the other side in part by James McDouall, and in part by the lot of ground or emplacement above described under No. 1, with a stone building and wooden shed thereon erected, subject to the servitude of allowing a free passage with or without a Carriage, to the proprietor of the said lot of ground and premises first above described, his heirs or assigns for ever, to communicate to and from the yard of the said Lot of ground and premises first above described to the said Saint Nicholas Street. 3. A lot of land situated at the upper end of the Saint Lawrence Suburbs of the City of Montreal aforesaid, on the north east side of the Côte à Barron, of irregular figure, bounded on the south-west by Saint Lawrence Street, on the north west by Saint Pierre Street, on the north-east by Saint Louis Street, and on the south-east by Meunier and Lamouche, and by the heirs or representatives of the late Pierre Foretier, Esquire, with a Barn thereon erected, the said lot of land containing one hundred and thirty-one feet in front, two hundred and twenty-four feet on Saint Lawrence Street, two hundred and seventy feet on Saint Louis Street, and one hundred and thirty-six feet on Saint Pierre Street, in the rear, and forming thirty-one thousand five hundred and thirty feet and nine inches, in superficies, the whole more or less. Now I do hereby give notice, that the said lands and tenements will be sold and adjudged to the highest bidder, at my Office, in the City of Montreal aforesaid, on TUESDAY the TWENTY-FIRST day of NOVEMBER next, at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known. FREDK. W. ERMATINGER, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a WRIT of EXECUTION, issued out of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, holding civil pleas, in and for the District of Montreal aforesaid, at the suit of Jean Denoyé, of the City of Quebec, in the County and District of Quebec, carpenter, against the lands and tenements of Charles Hamelin, of the Parish of St. Charles des Grondines, in the County of Hampshire, in the District of Quebec, navigator, and Charles Lefevre, of the Parish of Ste. Anne de la Paroisse, in the County of Hampshire aforesaid, and District of Quebec, also navigator, to me directed, I have seized and taken in execution, as belonging to the said CHARLES HAMELIN, a lot of one apartment in front, or thereabout, by about forty arpents in depth, in the aforesaid Parish of Grondines, bounded in front by the river St. Lawrence, and in the rear by the end of the said depth of forty arpents, adjoining on one side, to the north-east, to Joseph Côté, and on the other side, to the south-west, to the said Charles Hamelin, circumstances of dependences. Now I do hereby give public notice, that the aforesaid premises will be sold and adjudged to the highest and last bidder, at the Church Door of the Parish of Saint Charles des Grondines, on TUESDAY the NINETEENTH day of SEPTEMBER next, at Ten of the clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known. PH. A. DE GASPE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a WRIT of EXECUTION, issued out of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, holding civil pleas, in and for the District of Quebec aforesaid, at the suit of Jean Denoyé, of the City of Quebec, in the County and District of Quebec, carpenter, against the lands and tenements of Charles Hamelin, of the Parish of St. Charles des Grondines, in the County of Hampshire, in the District of Quebec, navigator, and Charles Lefevre, of the Parish of Ste. Anne de la Paroisse, in the County of Hampshire aforesaid, and District of Quebec, also navigator, to me directed, I have seized and taken in execution, as belonging to the said CHARLES HAMELIN, a lot of one apartment in front, or thereabout, by about forty arpents in depth, in the aforesaid Parish of Grondines, bounded in front by the river St. Lawrence, and in the rear by the end of the said depth of forty arpents, adjoining on one side, to the north-east, to Joseph Côté, and on the other side, to the south-west, to the said Charles Hamelin, circumstances of dependences. Now I do hereby give public notice, that the aforesaid premises will be sold and adjudged to the highest and last bidder, at the Church Door of the Parish of Saint Charles des Grondines, on TUESDAY the NINETEENTH day of SEPTEMBER next, at Ten of the clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known. PH. A. DE GASPE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a WRIT of EXECUTION, issued out of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, holding civil pleas, in and for the District of Quebec aforesaid, at the suit of Pierre Chauveau, merchant, of the City, County & District of Quebec, against the lands and tenements of Charles Lefevre, of the same place, to me directed; I have seized and taken in execution as belonging to the said CHARLES LEFEVRE, an Emplacement situated and being in the Lower Town of the City of Quebec, extending in front the distance there may be found to be from the north side of the house of George Blumhart, to the summit of the Cape, with the depth that there may be from the house of Frederick Wise and Mountain Street to the porch of the hangar on the south side, and to the south west corner of the said hangar of William Fisher Seat on the north side, bounded in front partly by the said Mountain Street, and partly by the emplacement of Frederick Wise, adjoining on the one side, to the north to the summit of the cape, and to the other side to the south to George Blumhart and Chas. Smith, together with a house, hangars and other offices thereon erected. Now I do hereby give notice that the aforesaid premises will be sold and adjudged to the highest bidder, at my Office in the Court House in the City of Quebec, on TUESDAY the TWENTY-SIXTH day of SEPTEMBER next, at ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known. PH. A. DE GASPE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a WRIT of EXECUTION, issued out of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, holding civil pleas, in and for the District of Quebec aforesaid, at the suit of Michel Cloutier, of the City, County and District of Quebec, Merchant, against the lands and tenements of Thomas Stott, senior, of the same place, Esquire, curator to the vacant estates and successions of the late James Cockburn, Esquire, deceased, to me directed, I have seized and taken in execution, as belonging to the said JAMES COCKBURN, and now in the hands of the said Thomas Stott.—First. A certain farm or lot of land, ca. re. situ, situate, lying and being at Cap Rouge, in the Parish of Ste. Foy, in the Seigneurie of Silley, near this City, of six arpents and six perches in front, by twenty-five to thirty arpents in depth, or more, should it be found in the boundaries herein after mentioned; which said lot of land or farm is bounded and abutted as follows, that is to say, in front by the river St. Lawrence, in the rear by the lands of Nicolas Villair, Charles Guillaume Cheneau, and the land herein after described, representing one Carrier, on the north-east side by the lands of Peter De Krus, alias Villair, and on the south-west side by the lands of Pierre Paradis, or their respective representatives, with a wood-built Dwelling House, Barn, and other buildings thereon erected. And secondly; a certain other lot or tract of land, also in return, situate, lying and being at Cap Rouge aforesaid, in the Parish of Ste. Foy, in the Seigneurie of Silley, of three arpents and two perches in front, with the whole of the depth there may be from the road or highway herein after mentioned, to the extremity of the depth of land herein before described; bounded and abutted as follows, that is to say, at one end, towards the south, by the lands herein before described, and that of Pierre Villair, at the other end, towards the north, by the road or highway called Côte St. Jean, on one side, towards the north-east, by the property of Doctor Holmes, and on the other side, towards the south-west, by the property of Nicolas Villair, circumstances and dependences. Now I do hereby give public notice, that the aforesaid premises will be sold and adjudged to the highest and last bidder, at the Church Door of the Parish of STE. FOY, on MONDAY the TWENTY-SIXTH day of SEPTEMBER next, at Eleven of the Clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known. PH. A. DE GASPE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a WRIT of EXECUTION, issued out of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, holding civil pleas, in and for the District of Quebec aforesaid, at the suit of Joseph Couselle, Chevalier, Master Mason and Undertaker, residing in the Saint Lawrence Suburbs of the City of Montreal, against the lands and tenements of Pierre Roy, Master Butcher, residing in the Quebec Suburbs of the said City of Montreal, to me directed, I have seized and taken in execution as belonging to the said PIERRE ROY:—1. Two lots of ground or emplacements contiguous the one to the other, situated in the Quebec Suburbs of the City of Montreal aforesaid, in the Parish of Montreal, on the line of a piece of ground marked out as a market place on Papineau Street, containing forty-five feet in front by ninety feet in depth, each lot, bounded in the front by the said market place, in the rear by William Ricketts, on one side by George Harrison, and on the other side by a lot of ground hereinafter next described under No. 2. 2. A lot of ground hereinafter next described under No. 2, containing forty-five feet in front by ninety feet in depth, bounded in the front by the said market place, in the rear by John Molson, Esquire, on one side by the lots of ground above described under No. 1, and on the other side by Angelelle Demarais, with a wooden house & stable thereon erected. 3. Another lot of ground or emplacement situated in the City of Montreal aforesaid, containing forty feet in front by eighty feet in depth, bounded in the front by Amherst Street, in the rear by Anabelle Auclair, on one side by Jean Baptiste Noro, and on the other side by another lot of ground or emplacement hereinafter next described under Number 4, belonging to the said Pierre Roy, with a wooden House and Stable thereon erected. 4. Another lot of ground, or emplacement situated in the Quebec Suburbs of the City of Montreal aforesaid, containing forty feet in front by eighty feet in depth, bounded in the front by Amherst Street, in the rear by Joseph Amiotte, on one side by the lot of ground or emplacement above described under No. 3, and on the other side by Angelelle Demarais, with a wooden house & stable thereon erected. 5. Another lot of ground or emplacement situated in the Quebec suburbs of the City of Montreal aforesaid, containing forty feet in front by eighty feet in depth, bounded in the front by Amherst Street, in the rear and on one side Jean Baptiste Noro, and on the other side by Angelelle Demarais, with a wooden house thereon erected. Now I do hereby give notice, that the said lots of ground or emplacements and premises, will be sold and adjudged to the highest bidder, at my Office in the City of Montreal aforesaid, on WEDNESDAY the TWENTY-SECOND day of NOVEMBER next, at ELEVEN of the Clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known. FREDK. W. ERMATINGER, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a WRIT of EXECUTION, issued out of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, holding civil pleas, in and for the District of Quebec aforesaid, at the suit of Jean Denoyé, of the City of Quebec, in the County and District of Quebec, carpenter, against the lands and tenements of Charles Hamelin, of the Parish of St. Charles des Grondines, in the County of Hampshire, in the District of Quebec, navigator, and Charles Lefevre, of the Parish of Ste. Anne de la Paroisse, in the County of Hampshire aforesaid, and District of Quebec, also navigator, to me directed; I have seized and taken in execution, as belonging to the said CHARLES HAMELIN, a lot of one apartment in front, or thereabout, by about forty arpents in depth, in the aforesaid Parish of Grondines, bounded in front by the river St. Lawrence, and in the rear by the end of the said depth of forty arpents, adjoining on one side, to the north-east, to Joseph Côté, and on the other side, to the south-west, to the said Charles Hamelin, circumstances of dependences. Now I do hereby give public notice, that the aforesaid premises will be sold and adjudged to the highest and last bidder, at the Church Door of the Parish of Saint Charles des Grondines, on TUESDAY the NINETEENTH day of SEPTEMBER next, at Ten of the clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known. PH. A. DE GASPE, Sheriff.

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ket place, in the rear by John Molson, Esquire, on one side by the lots of ground above described under No. 1, and on the other side by the said John Molson. 3. Another lot of ground situated in the Quebec Suburbs of the City of Montreal aforesaid, containing forty feet in front by ninety feet in depth, bounded in the front by Amherst Street, in the rear by Anabelle Auclair, on one side by Jean Baptiste Noro, and on the other side by another lot of ground or emplacement hereinafter next described under Number 4, belonging to the said Pierre Roy, with a wooden House and Stable thereon erected. 4. Another lot of ground, or emplacement situated in the Quebec Suburbs of the City of Montreal aforesaid, containing forty feet in front by eighty feet in depth, bounded in the front by Amherst Street, in the rear by Joseph Amiotte, on one side by the lot of ground or emplacement above described under No. 3, and on the other side by Angelelle Demarais, with a wooden house & stable thereon erected. 5. Another lot of ground or emplacement situated in the Quebec suburbs of the City of Montreal aforesaid, containing forty feet in front by eighty feet in depth, bounded in the front by Amherst Street, in the rear and on one side Jean Baptiste Noro, and on the other side by Angelelle Demarais, with a wooden house thereon erected. Now I do hereby give notice, that the said lots of ground or emplacements and premises, will be sold and adjudged to the highest bidder, at my Office in the City of Montreal aforesaid, on WEDNESDAY the TWENTY-SECOND day of NOVEMBER next, at ELEVEN of the Clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known. FREDK. W. ERMATINGER, Sheriff.

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yeoman, against the lands and tenements of Clement D'Anglade, of the same place, navigator, and Marie Joseph Despres, his wife, to me directed, I have seized and taken in execution, as belonging to the said CLEMENT D'ANGLADE,—a lot of land situate and being in the said Parish of L'Islet de Bonsecours, of forty-five feet in depth, or thereabout, by about an arpent in front, adjoining on one side, to the south-east, to Joseph Ignace Fortin, and on the other side, to the south-west, to Jean Baptiste Bernier, bounded on the south by the King's highway, and on the north by the shore, together with a house and barn thereon erected, circumstances and dependences. Now I do hereby give notice, that the said premises will be sold and adjudged to the highest bidder, at the Church Door of the Parish of L'Islet de Bonsecours aforesaid, on TUESDAY the FOURTEENTH day of NOVEMBER next, at TEN of the clock in the forenoon, at which time and place the conditions of sale will be made known. PH. A. DE GASPE, Sheriff.

All and every person or persons having claims on the above described premises, by mortgage or other right or incumbrance, are hereby advertised to give notice thereof to the said Sheriff, at his Office, in the City of Quebec, according to law; and further, that no opposition *afin d'annuler* or *afin de distraire*, the whole or any part of the said premises, or *afin de charge* or *servitude* on the same, will be received by the said Sheriff during the fifteen days previous to the sale thereof.—Sheriff's Office, 12th July, 1820.

BRIDGE OF SAINT EUSTACHE. EUSTACHE N. L. DUMONT, Esq. Seigneur of St. Eustache, gives notice, that he will apply to the next Parliament, to obtain the privilege, for the space of fifty years, to make two Toll Bridges on the River Outawas, at the discharge of the Lake of the Two Mountains, between St. Eustache and l'Isle Jésus; the one about half a league above the village of St. Eustache, from the domain of the mill to l'Isle Spénard, at the head of the rapid, with an Escape (Echappe) of sixty feet long, which will be four feet higher than the highest water, and opposite the buttress (l'Epave) of the dam of the said mill; and the other Bridge from the said Isle Spénard to l'Isle Jésus. He gives notice that he will not ask more for the Toll of the two said Bridges, than ten pence for a cart loaded or not, or a sleigh *traînée* loaded or not, and the Toll of other carriages and animals in proportion, and two pence for every person on foot, if the Legislature will be pleased to grant him the privilege of Toll to the neighbouring Parish of Ste. Thérèse; that he will not take more than seven pence half penny for each cart loaded or not, or sleigh loaded or not, and the Toll of other carriages in the same proportion, as well as the animals, one and a half penny for every person on foot, if the Legislature will grant him the privilege of Toll to the established ferry opposite Ste. Rose, at a dozen of acres higher than the Church of said Ste. Rose; as soon as it shall be necessary to make a draw-bridge, he will make it at his own expense. St. Eustache, 17th July, 1820. 5p2419

District of QUEBEC. THIS maketh known to such as it may concern, that the immovable hereinafter described, dependant on the *communauté* which existed between the late Pierre Vincent and Louise Langevin, his wife, having been sold on the premises, by Mr. Charles Voyer, Notary, on the 21st August last, the *procès verbal* and *enchères* of the said immovable have been deposited at our office of the Clerks of the King's Bench, of the District of Quebec, in conformity to an authority of the Honourable O. Perrault, one of the Judges of the said Court of King's Bench, dated 26th August last, for the purpose of receiving additional biddings, during the space of six weeks, which will expire the 7th October next, the said additional biddings upon the same claims and conditions as expressed in the said *procès verbal* and *enchères*, with which all persons may become acquainted by application to the undersigned Prothonotaries, duly authorised to receive additional biddings.

Followeth the description of the said immovable. An emplacement situated in St. Valier Street and Suburb, of thirty-five feet in front, by fifty feet in depth, bounded on the south-west side by the widow of Guillaume Deligny, and to the south-east to the heirs of the late Pierre Vincent, father, in front by the said St. Valier Street, and in the rear at the end of the said depth, upon which is a wooden House in a decayed state, adjudged to Jean Marie Breton, for the sum of 275. PERRAULT & ROSS, P. K. B. Quebec, 1st Sept. 1820. 5p2503

NOTICE is hereby given that a Lease will be granted for the term of nine years, (commencing September next), of the Bannal Mill situated in the Parish of Ancient Lorette, Seigneurie of St. Gabriel.—Proposals for leasing the same, will be received, addressed under Cover, to the Commissioners Office, in Hope Street, where the conditions of the Lease will be made known. By Order of the Commissioners, Quebec, 7th August, 1820. 5p2454t M. FOY.

NOTICE. Barrack-Office, Quebec, 2d August, 1820. WHEREAS divers Cattle have lately been found trespassing on the Government Ground known by the name of the Race Course, or Plains of Abraham, Public Notice is hereby given, by command of His Excellency the Governor in Chief, and Commander of the Forces, that any persons whose cattle may hereafter be found trespassing thereon, will be prosecuted to the utmost penalties of the law. 4p245t F. TRIGGE, B. M.

TRIN

SPEECH OF THE KING OF SPAIN, To the Cortes.

Gentlemen Deputies, A length has arrived the day, the object of my ardent wishes on which I see myself surrounded by the representatives of the heroic and generous Spanish nation, and in which a solemn oath has completely identified my interests and those of my family, with the interests of my people.

When excess of evils produced the clear manifestation of the voice of the nation, formerly obscured by lamentable circumstances which ought to be erased from our memories, I immediately determined to embrace the desired system, and to take the oath to the political constitution of the monarchy sanctioned by the General and Extraordinary Cortes in the year 1812. Then did the crown, as well as the nation, receive its legitimate rights; my resolution being no less spontaneous and free than conformable to my own interests and those of the Spanish people, whose happiness has never ceased to be the object of my sincerest wishes. My heart thus indissolubly united with the hearts of my subjects, who are also my children, the future presents to me only agreeable images of confidence, love and prosperity.

With what satisfaction must the grand spectacle be contemplated, hitherto unexampled in history, of a magnanimous nation, which has passed from one political state to another without confusion or violence, subjecting its entire conduct to the guidance and control of its laws, other less fortunate countries.

The general attention of Europe is now directed to the proceedings of the Congress which represents this highly favored nation. From it are expected prudent indulgence for the past, and enlightened firmness for the future; and that at the moment which confirms the happiness for the present and succeeding generations, the errors of the preceding epoch may be buried in oblivion. It is also hoped that multiplied examples will be displayed, of justice, beneficence, generosity; virtues which always distinguish Spaniards; which the constitution recommends; and which, having been religiously observed during the effervescence among the people, ought to be still more strictly practised in the congress of their representatives, investigated with the circumspect and tranquil character of legislators.

It is now time to undertake the examination of the state of the nation, and to commence those labors indispensable for the applications of remedies suitable to the evils produced by ancient causes, and aggravated by the invasion of the enemy, and by the erroneous system of the succeeding period.

The account of the public revenue, which the Secretary of State, to whom that department belongs, will present, will show its diminution and embarrassment, and will excite the zeal of the Cortes to seek and select, among the resources still possessed by the nation, those best suited for meeting the engagements and indispensable charges of the state. This inquiry will serve more and more to confirm the opinion, that it is essential and urgent to establish public credit on the immutable basis of justice and good faith, and the scrupulous observance and fulfillment of all engagements which give satisfaction and tranquillity to creditors and capitalists, native and foreign, and relief to the treasury. I fulfill one of the most sacred duties which the royal dignity and the love of my people impose on me, in earnestly recommending this important object to the serious consideration of the Cortes.

The administration of justice, without which no society can exist, has hitherto depended almost exclusively on the honor and probity of the judges; but, now made subject to known and established principles, it affords to the citizens new and stronger grounds of security; and still greater improvements are to be expected, when our codes, carefully improved, shall attain that simplicity and perfection which the knowledge and experience of the age in which we live are capable of giving.

In the interior administration difficulties are experienced, which proceed from old abuses, aggravated during these latter times. The persevering application of the government, and the zeal with which its agents and the provincial authorities, labour to establish the simple and beneficent municipal system adopted by the constitution, are lessening the obstacles, and will in time perfect a department of the state which has an essential influence over the public welfare and prosperity.

The army and the navy call more particularly for my attention and solicitude. It would be one of my first cares to promote their organization, and establish them in the manner most convenient for the nation, combining as far as possible the advantages of force so important with that economy which is indispensable, and relying on the patriotism and good will of the people and the wisdom of their representatives to whom I shall always have recourse with entire satisfaction.

It is to be expected that the re-establishment of the constitutional system and the flattering prospect which that event presents for the future, may, by removing the pretext of which malignity has been able to take advantage in the ultra-marine provinces, smooth the path to the pacification of those which are in a state of agitation or disturbance, and render unnecessary the employment of any other means. The example of moderation and the love of order given by Peninsular Spain—the just pride belonging to so worthy and generous a nation, and the wise laws which are promulgated conformable to the Constitution, will contribute to this object, to the oblivion of past evils, and will draw closer all Spaniards around my throne—sacrificing to the love of their common country all the recollections which might break or weaken those fraternal ties by which they ought to be united.

In our relations with foreign countries the most perfect harmony in general prevails, with the exception of some few differences, which though they have not disturbed the existing peace, have given rise to discussions which cannot be terminated without the concurrence and intervention of the Cortes of the Kingdom. Such are the differences pending with the United States of America respecting the Floridas, and the marking out the boundaries of Louisiana. Conflicts likewise exist, occasioned by the occupation of the Monte Video, and other Spanish possessions on the left bank of the river Plata; but though a complication of various circumstances has hitherto prevented the adjustment of these differences, I hope that the justice and moderation of the principles which guide our diplomatic operations, will produce a result suitable to the nation and conformable to the pacific system; the preservation of which is now the general and decided maxim of European policy. The Regency of Algiers has given indication of a wish to renew the old system of restlessness and aggression. To avoid the consequences which may arise from this want of respect of existing stipulations, the defensive treaty entered into in the year 1815 with the King of the Netherlands, stipulated the union of the respective maritime forces in the Mediterranean, destined to maintain and secure the freedom of navigation and commerce.

Thus, as it is the duty of the Cortes to consolidate general happiness through the medium of wise and just laws, and thereby to protect religion, the rights of the crown, and of the citizens; so also it belongs to my office to watch over the execution and fulfillment of those laws, and especially of the fundamental law of the monarchy, in which the hopes and wishes of the Spanish people are centred. This will be my most grateful and most constant duty. To the establishment, and to the entire and inviolable preservation of the constitution, the power which that constitution grants to the royal authority will be devoted, and in that will consist my duty, my delight, and glory. To fulfill and bring to perfection this great and salutary enterprise, after humbly imploring the aid and guidance of the Author of all good, I require the active co-operation of the Cortes, whose zeal, intelligence, patriotism, and love to my royal person, lead me to hope that they will concur in all the necessary measures for the attainment of such important ends, thus justifying the confidence of the heroic nation by which they have been elected.

The Cortes had heard with singular satisfaction the wise address in which your Majesty has expressed your noble and generous sentiments, and described the state of the nation. The Cortes present to your Majesty its most respectful thanks for the ardent zeal with which you promote the general prosperity, and promises to co-operate with your Majesty's intelligence, and to contribute by all possible means to the attainment of the important objects for which it has been convoked.

LONDON, July 24.—A letter from Madrid, dated the 11th inst. contains the following particulars.

A Decree, dated the 5th of June, provides that the pardon granted to foreigners made prisoners in the service of the South American Insurgents, shall not extend to Englishmen who may have entered into such service after the 31 of July, 1819, the day on which the Foreign Enlistment Bill was passed by the British Parliament. Other decrees have been issued in the King's name, ordering the full and complete execution of a great number of decrees passed by the Cortes at Cadiz. The most remarkable of these enactments are the following:—The re-establishment of the national order of St. Ferdinand—the abolition of the torture.—The organization of the Council of State and the supreme Tribunal—the suppression of the Inquisition, and every authority of that kind, with the destruction of all emblems and monuments relating thereto—the reservation of the title of Majesty to the King alone—the fixing of the annual donation for the Royal Household at 40 millions of reals—the suspending the exercise of other functions by Deputies during the session—the establishment of the Liberty of the Press & the Juntas of Censorship (but which exercise no previous Censorship)—finally, the regulations of the article of the Constitution relative to the appointment of a Regency during the King's minority, and the transmission of the supreme authority by the Regency to the King, on his coming of age. The Government Gazette merely recapitulates the titles and dates of the decrees, some of which, as may be seen, are of great importance. There are some others of a nature, which must astonish those foreigners who reason on what passes in Spain, without knowing the country for example, a decree of the Cortes, of the 28th June, 1812, declares St. Theresa patroness of the Spaniards. One renews the prohibition of printing the Constitution without the authority of government.

LONDON, July, 1820. In the House of Lords, July 11th, the Marquis of Lansdowne presented a petition from the people of Manchester, praying that

the House would take into consideration the trade with India and China. He also stated, that the committee on foreign trade was anxious that a corresponding duty should be placed upon timber from Canada with that upon the Baltic timber. The Earl of Liverpool agreed that some such measure should be adopted. It was a question whether they ought to give any advantage to Canada over Baltic timber; but he thought they would have particularly to examine whether they should not give the only advantage of freight and transhipment to the Canada timber. It might therefore be that Parliament would wish to regulate these duties by a reduced rate of them.

The petition was then ordered to be referred to the committee on foreign trade.

In the House of Commons, on the 10th of July, Mr. Blackburn presented petitions from Birmingham and Manchester, praying for a free trade to India.

The Sergeant at Arms reported that Sir W. Manners was in his custody, when it was moved by Mr. C. Wynn, that Sir W. Manners having absconded to avoid being taken into custody pursuant to an order of that House, that for the said offence he be committed to Newgate—agreed to. Henry D'Este, Esq. Recorder of Limerick, was called to the bar, reprimanded, and discharged.

Lord John Russell rose to propose an address to his Majesty, praying that he would shorten the term of imprisonment of Sir Manners Lopez. He stated that the age of the prisoner was now 65; that he had paid 10,000 pounds fine, and his confinement was hurrying him to the grave. At the suggestion of several members, the motion was withdrawn, that an appeal might be made to the crown.

LONDON, July 27.—Some erroneous accounts having been published with respect to two important points, stated by the Right Hon. Thomas Wallace, Vice President of the Board of Trade, in presenting the Report of the Committee on Foreign Trade, the commercial world will thank us, we are sure, for rectifying those errors.

Mr. Wallace stated the two material points to which the recommendation of the Committee applied—First, the relaxation of the Navigation Laws, so far as to admit of the importation of all articles from every part of the world, without reference to the place of their growth or produce, in British ships; 2dly, an extension of the warehousing system, so as to allow the admission to warehouse for re-exportation, duty free, to all countries, exclusive of British Colonies with the exception of linens, on which the Committee had expressly reserved their opinion for the present with a view to further examination and consideration of the subject.

It certainly was the intention of the Committee, that the manufacturers of this country should continue to enjoy the supply of our market, and hence it is peculiarly desirable that no mistake on this head should occur.

To the Editor of the London Chronicle.

Sir—Supposing that it will be of some interest to you to know the gentleman that have lately made themselves conspicuous in the glorious event at Naples, I take the liberty of noting the following facts.

Gen. Caracciolo a man of 55 years of age, of known bravery; in the year 1798, he was a merchant, and partner in the firm Michele Larginella & Co.

Gen. Peneis a very clever mathematician, and a very excellent officer of the Engineers. He is a profound scholar.

Melch. Deffico is about 65 years, a classical scholar, and a very benevolent man. During the bloody persecution of the Austrians from 1798 up to 1804, he took shelter in the little republic of San Marino, whose history, in a large volume in 4to, he published with much credit to himself.

Count Zulo is a man of profound classical knowledge, of known integrity, and perhaps one of the greatest political economists of the age.

Reclardi is a profound lawyer, and no body denies him the boast of integrity.

NAPLES, July 10.—Our revolution is complete. All the old Ministers have retired, and a new list been appointed.

A communication between Paris and Naples is cut off. In Paris the questions were, what part will Austria take? What will the Holy Alliance determine on?

A new Ambassador had arrived at Paris from Naples, and a grand cabinet council was called immediately.

An account from Naples states, that the Austrian government had information of a secret society of 200, composed of late officers in Bonaparte's army.

The French nation is perfectly tranquil in every department.

NAPLES, July 12.

On the 6th July the King issued an act of cession of his authority to his son FRANCIS, Duke of Calabria, constituting him his Lieutenant-General, and granting to him the unlimited clause of the *Alter Ego*, the exercise of his every right, prerogative and faculty. The King assigns as his motive for this act, his great age and ill health. [Francis was 4th Duke of Calabria, not born in 1777, and is brother-in-law to the Emperor FRANCIS, of Austria, and father to the interesting Duchess of Berri, of France.]

The above decrees were not deemed wholly satisfactory; and the revolutionists demanded, that the King should promise the Constitution, and sign the decree himself.—This was complied with, and the King fully confirmed all the promises of his son.

PROCLAMATION.

WE HAVING given to our well beloved son all the faculties necessary to provide for the Government of our Kingdom, by declaring him our Lieutenant-General with the *Alter Ego*; he has already arranged the basis of the Constitution which we promised, taking for a model that adopted by the Kingdom of Spain in 1812; which was sanctioned by his Catholic Majesty in the month of March last, saving the modifications which the National Representatives constitutionally convoked, may think it expedient to propose in order to adapt it to the particular circumstances of your States. We confirm this act of our well beloved son, and we promise to observe the Constitution on our faith and royal word, reserving to ourselves to swear to it in a solemn manner, in the presence of the Provisional Junta, which, conformably to that established in Spain, shall be appointed by our well beloved son and Lieutenant-General, and afterwards in the presence of the General Parliament, as soon as it shall be fully assembled. (Signed) FERDINAND.

Naples, July 7 1820.

PROCLAMATION of the Duke of Calabria, of the 7th July.

WE FRANCIS, Duke of Calabria, Lieutenant-General of the Kingdom, by which his Majesty, our august Father, has transmitted to us, with the unlimited clause of the *Alter Ego*, the exercise of all rights, prerogatives, pre-eminences and faculties, in the same manner as they can be exercised by his Majesty.—In consequence of the decision of His Majesty to give a Constitution to the State. "Wishing to manifest our sentiments to all his subjects, and to second at the same time their unanimous wish. "We have resolved to decree, and do decree as follows:—

ART. 1. The Constitution of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies shall be the same that was adopted for the Kingdom of Spain, in 1812 and sanctioned by his Catholic Majesty in March, 1820, saving the modifications which the National Representation constitutionally convoked, shall consider it suitable to propose, in order to adapt it to the particular circumstances of the States of his Majesty.

"2. We reserve to ourselves to adopt and make known all the arrangements which may be necessary to facilitate and accelerate the execution of the present decree.

"3. All our Ministers Secretaries of State are charged with the execution of the present decree. (Signed) FRANCIS, Lieut.-Gen."

Naples, 7th, July, 1820.

Then follows a decree for the formation of a Provisional Congress, to be composed of fifteen persons, and before whom the King, and all the Princes of the blood-royal are to take the oath to the new Constitution of the Monarchy, which oath is to be repeated before the National Parliament after its legitimate convocation. The same decree directs, that L. Gen. PARIS, the Chevalier DELICHO, L. Gen. PERE, the Baron WISSREAR, and the Chevalier MATEUCCI, shall be a committee to present a list of twenty other persons, from whom the King will choose ten, who, joined to those above named, shall form the Congress.

A decree was also issued by the Prince Vicar General promulgating the establishment of the Constitution, &c. On the same evening several regiments returned to Naples in good order. Tranquillity was every where preserved.—The young men called out for arms, but the lower orders of people took no part in the revolution.

On the 9th Gen. PERE entered Naples, at the head of part of the Constitutional Army, composed of troops of the line, militia, and armed peasants and filed off before the Prince Vicar-General. The General then ascended to the balcony of the Palace, saluted the Prince, who received him graciously, and conducted him to the King—who from rheumatic pains, is not able to leave his room. The troops of the line preserved the royal cockade, which is red; but the other parts of the army adopting a tri-colored one, (red, black and blue) the troops have conformed thereto.

The Provisional Congress preserve order, and not the least complaints are made against the royal family.

The Minister of the Interior, Count ZULO, and the Minister of Finance, M. MACCHIOSO, both held offices under MURAT.

PETERSBURG, Dec. 10.—The Russians are constantly increasing the number of their stations in America, at Norfolk Sound, they have a fort with more than 100 pieces of cannon. In 1815, they had pushed to the distance of 500 leagues, to the south of Columbia River, and established themselves at Bodega, distant only 50 leagues from the northernmost Spanish colony in California. The country about Bodega is highly fertile and adapted to commerce. The roads from St. Petersburg to Kamtschatka have been restored. A great number of vessels with peltry leave the North-West Coast annually, pass the Cape of Good Hope, and thus transport their rich burden to the Gulf of Finland. The Russian colonists in America are protected, both by a civil and military magistracy. Marine officers of good families are sent there,

who, as far as the situation of the country admits, receive an excellent education. The case is different in the American and English colonies of which gain is the only object. The Russians have other views of civilization and remote prosperity; and at the present moment Russia by means of its stations on the N. W. of America, has through Asia, a regular communication between America and Europe, and aspires to the control of the trade with China.

BRUSSELS, July 26.—The Italian witnesses against the British Queen have arrived in Holland, and will reside at Woerden, under the protection of the British Minister, until they shall be required in England.

NEW YORK, September 2. Great preparation was making for the trial of the Queen. Any Lord not giving the required attendance, to pay £100 for the first three days, and £50 for each day after. No excuse will be allowed, except disability from the age of 70 and upwards, sickness, or being without the realm, on the 10th of July, the day on which the second reading of the bill was made; or being in the King's service.

The king of England is at present very severely afflicted with the gout in one of his hands.

The Jesuits banished from Russia amount to 800. An attempt was made on the 18th of July, by James Murray, to assassinate the Duke of Athol. Murray was secured and carried to jail, at Perth.

Stratford Canning has been appointed by the King of England, Minister Plenipotentiary to the United States.

The Army of France has been augmented 46,712 men.

A London paper says—"Sir Humphrey Davey, who has contributed so largely to the interest of science, is to be the President of the Royal Society."

Dr. Wilson's appointed Professor of Moral Philosophy in the University of Edinburgh in the place of the late Dr. Brown. He had 21 votes, and Sir Wm. Hamilton, the opposing candidate, had 9.

Two Spanish 64 gun ships have been equipped in Spain to sail immediately for the Pacific, to protect the Spanish trade in that quarter.

High Treason.—William Wilson and William McIntyre, have been convicted of the crime of high treason, at Glasgow, and sentenced to be hanged and beheaded. Several others are on trial for the same offence.

British Stocks, July 27.—Three per cents, Consols 69 5/8; Omnium 3 1/2.

French Stocks, July 31.—Five per cents, 78f. 85c; Bank Stock, 1522f. 50c.

LIVERPOOL, July 29.—New-York flour is selling at 25s.

The House of Lords adjourned on the 26th of July to the 15th of August; and the House of Commons to the 21st August.

Prices at Liverpool, July 26.—Tar 16 1/4; Turpentine, 9s. 5d. to 12s. 6d.; Ashes, 30s to 40s; Pearls, 58s to 40s; Flour, 9m. sweet, in bond 25s 6d to 27s; sour, out of bond, 54s to 56s. 17 5 0 bbls. Am. flour arrived the last week.

A letter to the Norfolk Editor, dated Gibraltar, July 14 says—"The Tangier packet has just arrived, by which letters are received, announcing that disturbances of a most serious nature had broken out at Morocco, between the people and the Emperor, and it was believed he would have to abdicate at last."

FROM LLOYD'S LIST, 27th July.

Mary, Dunn, from Quebec, off Southampton 18th.

Royal Yeoman, Siv, from Quebec, off Weymouth on the 18th.

Union Wallace, sailed from Gravesend 25th for Quebec.

Garland, Knight, from Quebec, off Beachy Head 25th.

Abeona Transport, Pritchard, and Nita, Park, from Quebec, at Portsmouth 21st.

Triton, from Quebec, off Plymouth 22nd.

Emerald Galelee & Latona, Garency from Q. off Fal. 22d.

Prince, Fidelity, Liburn, & Liddell, from Quebec at Bristol, 22d.

Cherub, Rayside, from Montreal, at Clyde 21st.

Hope Simpson, from Belfast to Quebec, with 200 settlers, was on shore on Rathen Island, 16th.

HEALTH OFFICE.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 27.—Four new cases of malignant fever, on the east side of Front-street, above Walnut street, have been reported to the Board of Health, for the last 24 hours, entering this day at 4 o'clock, P. M. all in the infected district. One of the above cases has been sent to the city hospital.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 28.—Two new cases of yellow fever have been reported to the Board of Health this morning, and one other case not yet reported, is known to exist all in the infected district. Two slight shocks of an earthquake were felt at Lancaster, Pa. on Monday, 21st inst. between 10 and 11 o'clock, A. M.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 2.

The City.—We believe that the apprehensions of the inhabitants have grown more and more serious during the last week. The weather has been very warm, humid and unwholesome. No wind, nor but just rain enough to moisten every thing, and render the air moist and oppressive. Fresh cases of the malignant disease appear in every corner; no person can say whose turn comes next.

An apothecary and his apprentice have been brought to trial at Paris, for having caused the death of a young woman, by giving her poison in a mistake. Both were condemned to three months imprisonment, 200 francs fine, and 1000 francs damages to the family of the deceased.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 18.—There is a great mortality in this town at present. The yellow fever has set in most dreadfully. Regularly, these two weeks past, the deaths are from 8 to 10 a day. The most old country people. I was at four funerals yesterday. The town is deserted—at no other period has this unfortunate place been so unhealthy.—*Norfolk Herald*, Aug. 31.

From the National Intelligencer.

A letter from New Orleans, dated July 20th, mentions that the yellow fever has appeared in that place, but adds there are but four cases.—Let them take immediate measures to cut off all communication with the infected part of the city, that Philadelphia has, at least, done, and of which New York set the example last year, and they will arrest its progress, before it becomes epidemic.

The story recently circulated in the papers, of a confession of one of the pirates lately condemned at New Orleans, involving particulars relative to the mysterious loss of sea, some years ago of Mrs. Alston, is perpetually contradicted in the Louisiana Advertiser of July 23, and the name of Rev. Mr. Larned is used to vouch that no such confession was ever made. This, then, is a most detestable imposition on the public, the author of which we have no doubt the first publishers of it will detect.

NEW YORK, September 6.

Latest from France.—Captain DUBOIS, of the ship Warrington, from Bordeaux, arrived at Philadelphia on Monday, informs us that he is the bearer of dispatches from our Legation in Spain to our government. He brings papers to the 17th July. The day previous to his departure from Bordeaux, private letters had reached of the city mentioning, that in consequence of the augmentation of rate of tonnage on every French vessel sailing into all ports of the United States, that a law had passed, which was to put immediately into effect, imposing one hundred francs per ton on every American vessel arriving on, or after the 1st day of July, in all its ports. Captain D. likewise informs us, that the heavy rains and hails which took place in the adjacent country of Bordeaux in the months of June & July, have done great damage to the vines, and which has consequently produced a great rise in the price of wines.—*Phild. Gaz.*

Extract of a letter received in this city.

BORDEAUX, July 21.—The Rye and Corn is gathered in the South of France; the crop turns out good, and the grain of an excellent quality.

The Vines, which had the best appearance, have suffered much from the bad weather in June, and the next vintage will not exceed one half or two thirds of last year's. On this account, the prices of Brandy are firm at 210 a 220f for Armagnac, first proof; a further advance is most probable.

From the Stratoga Sentinel.—The Northern Canal is rapidly progressing. The excavation of the earth from Fort Edward to Stillwater will be completed the present season, and many of the locks will be in such a state of forwardness, as to be finished early the ensuing year. The tunnel to be cut through the hill at Baker's falls, as a feeder, has been commenced, and will probably be effected with less expense, than was at first anticipated.—The hill is mostly composed of slate, but it is supposed to be sufficiently firm to require no artificial means to prevent the tunnel from being obstructed by the falling of rocks or earth.

In Stratoga, at the south end of the vale in which the surrender of Burgoyne took place, a beautiful basin of two or three acres, is nearly completed, for the purpose of receiving lumber, boats, &c.

BUFFALO, Aug. 29.—The steam boat Walk in the Water, capt J. Rodgers, arrived here on Saturday last, from Detroit and Mackina, having been absent only 16 days, 8 of which she lay in port. She ran the distance between Mackina and Detroit in 45 running hours—and between Detroit and Buffalo in 36; being, we believe, the shortest time in which the same distance has ever been performed before. She has a cargo of 1000 packs of furs, for the American fur company. We understand that a number of scientific and military gentlemen were passengers. A number of the latter were left at Detroit on official business.

CONRAGO, Aug. 5.—It is stated that a suspension of hostilities had taken place between the Spanish troops in the interior of Venezuela and the Independent Proes; and that mutual civilities had passed between the troops of both parties. It was thought that the forces under Paez would embrace the offers held out to them by Morillo, and join his standard. It is even added that Paez himself was not inimical to the change.

We are told that a late Caracas Gazette contains an account of an attack made by the troops which adhered to Brion after the evacuation of Riode la Hacha, upon St. Martha, and that they were defeated with very considerable loss. The Gazette in question was read by a gentleman in Puerto Cabello, but as far as we can learn has not reached this island, nor have any further particulars as yet transpired.

NAGARA, August 26. If you go to an ale house (we believe in any part of the Province) you will be charged 7d for a quart of beer—go into the shop in this town, you will get a quart of whiskey for 7d—it will take a bushel of grain to make 24 gallons of whiskey; 1 bushel will make 10 gallons of beer—yet, strange to tell, beer, chased at 2s. to 2s. 5d.

MONTREAL, September 6. The EARL OF DALHOUSIE has been highly delighted with the route through the new settlements on the Ottawa; has established an agricultural society at Richmond, of which he is patron. RAMSAY and Colonel COCKBURN have also located, each of them, the same number of acres, and all three intend to be competitors for premiums on crops the ensuing season.

The Governor has given £400 towards building an Episcopal Church at Richmond, and ordered a great military road to be cut from that settlement to Kingston; the road is actually begun.

FIRE.—This morning, before day break, a fire broke out in the St. Lawrence Suburb and consumed three houses, one of them the property of Mr. Plessis Bellair, and the two other of wood, with the name of whose proprietors we are unacquainted. The disaster originated in the first, which was occupied by Mr. KAY, a butcher, and whose moveables have been destroyed, but his property insured at the Phoenix Office for £150. It is said that Bellair's house had been also insured till about 4 or 5 days ago, when he neglected to renew the policy, from a reluctance to the expense of further damage, although a fresh breeze has prevailed all the morning. The flames have been arrested by pulling down a fourth of the house, the activity of the Sheriff, the 57th Regt., and generally taken advantage of the confusion occasioned by the accident, to be disposed of its fruit and vegetables Mr. Kay's garden, which, being to windward of the fire, escaped otherwise unscathed.

Inventive Genius.—A Canadian named Joubert, residing at Sault au Recollet, has lately (we are informed) given proof of superior mechanical talent, by the invention and construction of a car propelled solely by the hand of the guide; and by the aid of a thrashing machine. A sketch of the former has been shown us, but as it would be very difficult for us to give, or our readers to receive a clear idea of it from description, we must confine ourselves to the observation that the impulse is produced by several vertical and horizontal wheels and that it is a fine specimen of inventive genius. Such a vehicle has, indeed, been long since exhibited in England and Germany, and perhaps of a less complete structure; but this, though destructive of the claim of originality, does not by any means detract from the merit of ingenuity.

The working on the canal from the head of the Long Sault will cease on the 24th instant, at least for sometime, the money appropriated for that purpose by government being expended.

MURDER.—We have been informed by a gentleman lately arrived from Isle aux Noix, that, last week, some officers, residing in the evening from their mess, were alarmed by the groans of a human being, and, approaching the spot whence they issued, discovered a man in the agonies of death. The unfortunate being had been a short time before at the cañon of the place, and had received after his departure such violent kicks and blows on the sides as caused his almost immediate dissolution. He was an emigrant on his way to the United States. The perpetrators of this detestable action have not yet been detected.

We are glad to learn that all the emigrants who arrived by the Company, have reached this season, in safety, and are now located on their lands. The settlement consists of three towns, ships named Lathrop, Lamark and Lamoignon. The Village is placed upon a fine stream of water named the Cayar.

QUEBEC: THURSDAY, 14th SEPTEMBER, 1820.

We received yesterday New York papers to the 6th inst. inclusive, but they contain no later news from England than those received last Monday.

We are sorry to find, that at the latest dates the yellow fever has been increasing at Philadelphia. It also prevails at Savannah and New Orleans. Only the two cases of fever already mentioned, have appeared at New York. They were both persons from Philadelphia.

If the same description of weather which has prevailed here for the last eight days has extended to Philadelphia and the other large cities of the coast, it is to be feared that the yellow fever will spread extensively this season. During several days last week, and on Monday, the Thermometer stood at about ninety degrees in the shade. These warm days have, since Tuesday, been followed by heavy rains from the westward.

On Tuesday morning last, about 4 o'clock, the Steam-Boat Car of Commerce, having left Goudie's Wharf, and proceeded on against the tide opposite to Brehaut's wharf, on her voyage to Montreal, ran against a bateau belonging to one GORON, on its passage down from Lotbiniere. This bateau had on board nearly four persons, a crew, horses, poultry and other loads for the market. It was not day light, but the bateau was perceived at some distance by the people of the Steam-Boat, which was also seen by the people of the bateau; each hailed and attempted to avoid the other, but, probably owing to a mutual mistake as to the direction which the other was taking, both struck in shore. The bateau had no sail set and only two oars, and was otherwise unmanageable, being so much crowded. It struck on the bow of the Steam-Boat, and sustained very little injury; one of the passengers dreading the wheels, got hold of the anchor, the remainder with the bateau, were carried under the wing of the Steam-Boat, when it filled—several of the passengers were saved on the wheel, which had been stopped—others got hold of ropes, and other articles thrown out by the Steam-Boat, and were taken to the sides of the vessel, or picked up by the boats of the Car, which immediately came to anchor. One child which had sunk twice, was saved by a person from the Steam-Boat, who kept near the river for that purpose. Great exertions seem to have been made by the people of the Car, to assist those who were in the bateau. Twenty of them were landed by the boats of the Car at Brehaut's wharf. A quantity of the effects which were floating down with the tide, were picked up by the Boats of the last Sherbrooke, and taken on board of that vessel at Woolsey's wharf.

The persons who are missing, are

MR. WILLIAM RUTVENS, of Quebec, Bookbinder.

A Woman of Lotbiniere, of the name of Du Cap.

Another Woman of the same parish, named Lemay.

A Lad of 15 years of age, same parish, Hilaire Leduc.

