# Quebec Morning Chronicle

VOL. XLVI. QUEBEC, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1892. NO. 17,283.

## Quebec Central Railway.

THE WAGNER PALACE CAR LINE BETWEEN QUEBEC AND NEW ENGLAND.

Through Train Service Between Quebec and Boston Via Sherbrooke and Boston and Maine Railroad, and Between Quebec and Portland via Dudswell Junction and Maine Central Railroad.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, 31ST OCtober, 1892, trains will run as follows:—

EXPRESS—Leave Quebec (Ferry) 1.30 P.M. Leave Levis 2 P.M. Arrive Dudswell Junction 6.50 P.M. Leave Dudswell Junction 7.05 P.M. Arrive Sherbrooke 8.05 P.M. Arrive Boston 8.05 A.M. Arrive New York 11.40 A.M. This train runs a Through Coach and Wagner Car Quebec to Boston, and connects at Dudswell Junction with Through Cars for Portland and other points in Maine.

MIXED—Leave Quebec (Ferry) 12.30 P.M. Leave Levis 1.15 P.M. Arrive St. Francis 6.30 P.M.

GOING NORTH.

EXPRESS—Leave New York 4.00 P.M. Leave Boston 7.15 P.M. Leave Sherbrooke 7.45 A.M. Arrive Levis 2.00 P.M. Arrive Quebec (Ferry) 2.15 P.M. Through Wagner Palace Cars and Coach on this train, Boston to Quebec. Connections made at Dudswell Junction with Maine Central Railroad Company's through trains from Portland and all points in Maine.

MIXED—Leave St. Francis 6.00 A.M. Leave Beauce Junction 7.10 A.M. Arrive Levis 10.00 A.M., arrive Quebec Ferry 10.15 A.M.

This is the only line running through cars between Quebec and New England points in connection with the Boston and Maine and Maine Central Railways.

Connections at Levis and Harlaka Junction with Intercolonial Railway; at Sherbrooke with Boston and Maine Railroad for Boston, New York, etc., etc.; at Dudswell Junction with Maine Central Railroad for Portland, Danville, Lewiston and all points in the State of Maine.

For further information, tickets, time tables, apply at the General Ticke Office, opposite St. Louis Hotel, Quebec or of any of the Company's Agents.

FRANK GRUNDY, Gen'l Manager. J. H. WALSH, Gen. Frt. & Pas. Agt

October 27, 1892.

## QUEBEC AND LAKE St. JOHN RY.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, 10TH October, 1892, Trains will run to and from St. Andrew Street Terminus, Quebec, as follows, Sundays excepted:

LEAVE QUEBEC.

6.00 A.M. Local Express for Riviere a Pierre Junction, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, arriving there at 9.50 A.M.

7.30 A.M. Through Express for Lake St. John, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, arriving at Chambord Junction at 5.48, and at Roberval at 6.30 P.M.

4.15 P.M. Local Mail, daily for St. Raymond, arriving there at 6.45 P.M.

ARRIVE AT QUEBEC.

9.00 A.M. Local Mail leaves St. Raymond, daily, at 6.30 A.M., arriving at Quebec at 9. A.M.

6.40 P.M. Through Express leaves Roberval Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7.30 A.M., and Chambord Junction at 8.12 A.M., arriving at Quebec at 6.40 P.M.

6.40 P.M. Local Express leaves Riviere a Pierre Junction at 2.40 P.M. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, arriving at Quebec at 6.40 P.M.

20 minutes at Lake Edward for lunch.

Local Express will make close connection at Riviere a Pierre Junction with the Lower Laurentian Railway to and from St. Tite, Grand Piles and Three Rivers.

Freight for points in Lake St. John and Saguenay districts, East of Chambord Junction, must be billed to Chambord Junction, and for Roberval, and points West thereof, to Roberval.

☞ Freight for St. Raymond and intermediate stations will not be received at Quebec after 3 P.M., and for points beyond St. Raymond, after 5 P.M.

SINGLE FARE Return First-Class Tickets on Saturdays good to return till following Tuesday, are issued from Quebec to all Stations.

Excellent land for sale by Government in the Lake St. John Valley at nominal prices. New settlers, their families and a limited quantity of effects will be transported by the Railway free.

Special advantages offered to parties establishing Mills and other industries.

Tickets for sale by R. M. STOCKING, opposite St. Louis Hotel.

For information as to Freight and Passenger Rates, apply at the General Offices of the Company, St. Andrew Street Terminus, to ALEXANDRE HARDY, General Freight and Passenger Agent.

J. G. SCOTT, Sec. & Manager,

October 8, 1892.

## Quebec, Montmorency and Charlevoix Railway.

COMMENCING MONDAY, OCTOBER 17TH, 1892, Trains will run as follows:—

WEEK DAYS.

| Leave Quebec. | Arrive Ste. Anne. |
|---|---|
| 7.55 A.M. | 9.00 A.M. |
| 6.15 P.M. | 7.20 P.M. |
| **Leave Ste. Anne.** | **Arrive Quebec.** |
| 5.45 A.M. | 6.50 A.M. |
| 11.50 A.M. (except Saturday) | 12.55 P.M. |
| 12.20 P.M. (Saturday only) | 1.25 P.M. |

SUNDAYS

| Leave Quebec. | Arrive Ste. Anne. |
|---|---|
| 7.55 A.M. | 9.00 A.M. |
| 2.00 P.M. | 3.05 P.M. |
| 5.30 P.M. | 6.35 P.M. |
| **Leave Ste. Anne.** | **Arrive Quebec.** |
| 5.45 A.M. | 6.50 A.M. |
| 11.50 A.M. | 12.55 P.M. |
| 4.00 P.M. | 5.05 P.M. |

For other information apply to the Superintendent.

W. R. RUSSELL, Superintendent. G. S. CRESSMAN, Manager.

October 15, 1892.

## COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE.

FRENCH LINE TO HAVRE.

Pier (new) No. 42, North River, foot of Morton Street.

LA BOURGOGNE.....Sat. Nov. 19, 5 A.M.
LA CHAMPAGNE.....Sat. Nov. 26, 7.30 A.M.
LA GASCOGNE.....Sat. Dec. 3, 5.30 A.M.
LA BRETAGNE.....Sat. Dec. 10, 8 A.M.

For passage apply to

A. FORGET, 3, Bowling Green, New York. R. M. STOCKING, 32 St. Louis Street Quebec.

November 14, 1892. h-Lm

## GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

FAST EXPRESS TRAIN SERVICE.

— FROM QUEBEC TO —

Sherbrooke, Portland, Boston, New York, Ottawa, Kingston, Peterborough, Toronto, Niagara Falls, Hamilton, London, Detroit, Saginaw, Bay City, Chicago, &c., &c.

Train leaving Levis 12.30 P.M. connects at Richmond with mixed train for Sherbrooke, arriving there 5.58 P.M.

NO. 3 DAY EXPRESS DAILY. (Sundays Included).

Leave Quebec (Ferry).....12.00 noon.
" Levis (G. T. R.).....12.30 P.M.

NO. 1 NIGHT EXPRESS DAILY (Sundays Excepted).

Leave Quebec (Ferry).....7.30 P.M.
" Levis (G. T. R).....7.55 P.M.

Pullman Sleeper to Montreal.
Through Coaches to Montreal and Portland.

No. 5 Mixed train for Richmond leaves Quebec (Ferry) 8.30 A.M. Levis 9.05 A.M. daily except Sundays.

FROM THE WEST.

Express Trains arrive at Levis 6.50 A.M. and 2.15 P.M. Mixed trains at Point Levi 1.30 A.M. and 7.15 P.M.

THROUGH TICKETS TO ALL POINTS in Western States, Manitoba, North-West Territories, British Columbia and the Pacific Coast are issued by this route.

☞ One Management only from Quebec to Chicago.

For fares, time tables, Sleeping Car accommodation, and general information, apply to the Company's Ticket Offices, opposite St. Louis Hotel, and 17, Sous-le-Fort Street, also at the Company's Wharf, Quebec, and Levis and Point Levi Stations.

L. J. SEARGEANT, General Manager.

N. J. POWER, General Passenger Agent.

October 12, 1892. apl20

## Intercolonial Railway.

1892—WINTER ARRANGEMENT—1893.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, 17TH October, 1892, the trains will be run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:—

TRAINS WILL LEAVE LEVIS

| | |
|---|---|
| Accommodation for Riviere du Loup and Campbellton | 8.00 |
| Through Express for St. John, Halifax and Sydney | 14.40 |
| Accommodation for Riviere du Loup | 17.00 |

TRAINS WILL ARRIVE AT LEVIS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Accommodation from Riviere du Loup | 5.30 |
| Through Express from St. John, Halifax and Sydney (Monday excepted) | 12.00 |
| Accommodation from Campbellton and Riviere du Loup | 13.00 |

The Train arriving at Levis at 5.30 o'clock will leave Riviere du Loup Sunday night, but not Saturday night.

The Sleeping Car attached to the Express Train leaving Levis at 14.40 o'clock runs through to Halifax.

The cars on the through express trains are lighted by Electricity, and heated by steam from the locomotive.

☞ All Trains are run on Eastern Standard Time.

Tickets may be obtained, and all information about the route; also Freight and Passenger Rates on application to

D. R. McDONALD, Quebec City Agency, 49, Dalhousie Street, Quebec.
D. POTTINGER, Chief Superintendent.

Railway Office, Moncton, N. B., 21st October, 1892.

October 24, 1892.

## TEMISCOUATA RAILWAY.

WINTER CHANGE OF TIME]

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, OCTOBER 17th, 1892, trains will run as follows:—

LEAVE River du Loup daily (Sundays Excepted) at 8 A.M., arriving at Edmundston Junction, N.B., at 12.58 P.M., and leave at 1.30, arriving at Connors at 3.25 P.M.

RETURNING

LEAVE Connors at 7.15 A.M. daily (except Sundays) arrive at Edmundston Junction at 9.12, leaves 9.45 arriving at River du Loup at 2.30 P.M.

Trains cross at Notre-Dame du Lac, where 20 minutes is allowed for dinner.

CONNECTIONS at Edmundston with trains of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and at River du Loup with trains of the Intercolonial Railway.

The new Hotel at Connors offers excellent accommodation to the traveller. It is fitted with all modern improvements, and is situated in the midst of the hunting ground. Excellent Red Deer shooting in the vicinity.

T. CROCKETT, Gen. Supt. D. B LINDSAY, Gen. Frt. & Pas. Agt.

General Offices, River du Loup, P. Q., October 10th, 1892.

October 10, 1892. feb8-Lm

## CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

## Views of Scenery!

SET 1.

"The Three Sisters from Canmore"
"Albert Canon, Selkirk Range."
"Giant Trees, Stanley Park, Vancouver."

SET 2.

"Moonlight Fraser Canon"
"Great Glacier of the Selkirks."
"Louise Lake near Laggan."

These exquisite Works of Art are sold in sets of Three Views each at

ONE DOLLAR PER SET.

Apply early at

Canadian Pacific Ticket Office,
ST. LOUIS HOTEL.

November 11, 1892.

## BISHOP'S COLLEGE, LENNOXVILLE.

*Matriculation Examination Sept. 13, 1892.*

For calendars apply to the Principal or Bursar.

BISHOP'S COLLEGE SCHOOL.

MICHAELMAS TERM BEGINS SEPT. 10th, 1892

For calendars, apply to the Secretary.

August 4, 1892. july11

## J. L. O. Vidal & Son,

Engines, Boilers, Machines, OF ALL KINDS.

— HAVE REMOVED TO —

97, 99, 101, St. Paul Street, Quebec.

TELEPHONE 247

April 13, 1892 Lm

## ALLAN LINE.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

1892.—SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.—1892.

This Company's Lines are Composed of Double-Engined Clyde Built

IRON AND STEEL STEAMSHIPS.

THEY ARE BUILT IN WATER-TIGHT compartments, are unsurpassed for strength, speed and comfort, and are fitted up with all the modern improvements that practical experience can suggest.

Liverpool, Quebec and Montreal Service.

| From Liverpool. | Steamships. | From M'treal. | From Quebec. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 Sept | *MONGOLIAN... | 17 Sept | 18 Sept |
| 8 " | SARDINIAN... | 24 " | 25 " |
| 15 " | *NUMIDIAN.... | 1 Oct. | 2 Oct. |
| 22 " | PARISIAN .... | 8 " | 9 " |
| 29 " | CIRCASSIAN ... | 15 " | 16 " |
| 6 Oct. | *MONGOLIAN... | 22 " | 23 " |
| 13 " | SARDINIAN... | 29 " | 30 " |
| 20 " | *NUMIDIAN.... | 5 Nov. | 6 Nov. |
| 27 " | PARISIAN..... | 12 " | 13 " |
| 3 Nov. | CIRCASSIAN... | 19 " | 20 " |

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM QUEBEC

Cabin..... $45.00 to $100.00
According to Steamer and Accommodation
Intermediate.....$30.00
Steerage.....$20.00

*Steamships Mongolian and Numidian will not carry Intermediate of Steerage Passengers on voyage to Liverpool.

☞ Parisian, Sardinian, Mongolian and Numidian are lighted throughout with the Electric Light.

Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service.

| From Glasgow. | Steamships | From Montreal to Glasgow on or about |
|---|---|---|
| 2 Sept. | PERUVIAN..... | 21 September. |
| 9 " | SARMATIAN..... | 23 " |
| 16 " | GRECIAN..... | 5 October. |
| 23 " | POMERANIAN... | 12 " |
| 30 " | BUENOS AYRE'N | 19 " |
| 7 Oct. | PERUVIAN ..... | 26 " |

These Steamers do not carry Passengers on voyage to Europe.

London, Quebec and Montreal Service.

| From London. | Steamships. | From Montreal to London on or about |
|---|---|---|
| 7 Sept. | BRAZILIAN..... | 28 September. |
| 17 " | MONTE VIDEAN. | 3 October. |
| 1 Oct. | ROSARIAN..... | 22 " |
| 15 " | BRAZILIAN. | 5 November. |
| 29 " | MONTE VIDEAN. | 19 " |

These Steamers do not carry Passengers on voyage to Europe.

☞ Return Tickets, available for 12 months, issued at reduced rates.

☞ Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.

The Liverpool Steamers are intended to leave Quebec at 9 A.M. on the advertised date of sailing.

Through Bills of Lading granted in Liverpool and at Continental Ports to all Points in Canada and the Western States.

For further particulars apply to

ALLANS RAE & CO. Agents.

September 15, 1892.

## CUNARD LINE.

NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL VIA QUEENSTOWN, FROM PIER 40, NORTH RIVER.

FAST EXPRESS MAIL SERVICE

ETRURIA.....Saturday, Nov. 19, 5.30 A.M.
SERVIA.....Saturday, Nov. 26, 10 A.M.
UMBRIA.....Saturday, Dec. 3, 5 A.M.
AURANIA.....Saturday, Dec. 10, 10 A.M.
ETRURIA.....Sat. December 17, 2 P.M.
SERVIA.....Saturday, Dec. 24, 8 A.M.
UMBRIA.....Saturday, Dec. 31, 2 P.M.
BOTHNIA.....Saturday, Jan 7, 9 A.M.

Cabin Passage $60, and upwards; Second Cabin, $35. Steerage Tickets to and from all parts of Europe at very low rates. For freight and passage apply to the Company's Office, 4 Bowling Green, New York.

VERNON H. BROWN & CO., General Agents

Or to R. M STOCKING, 32, St. Louis Street, Quebec.

November 14, 1892.

## BEAVER LINE.

The CANADA SHIPPING CO.'S LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN

Montreal and Liverpool.

Lake Ontario, Capt. H. Campbel 5,300 Tons
Lake Superior, " Wm. Stewart, 5,000 "
Lake Huron, " F. Carey, 4,100 "
Lake Winnipeg, " Herriman, 3,300 "
Lake Nepigon " W. H. Taylor. 2,300 "

SUMMER SAILINGS

Between Montreal and Liverpool

| From Liverpool. | Steamships. | From Montreal. |
|---|---|---|
| Thurs. Oct. 20 | Lake Winnipeg. | Sat. Nov. 5 |
| " " 27 | Lake Ontario... | " " 12 |
| Wed. Nov. 2 | Lake Huron.... | " " 19 |
| Sat. " 5 | Lake Nepigon.. | Tues. " 22 |

Connection is made at Montreal with the different Railways for all points in Canada, Manitoba and the Northwest Territories and the Western States of America.

These steamers have superior accommodation for Saloon, Intermediate and Steerage Passengers, and carry Surgeons and Stewardesses.

RATES OF PASSAGE, MONTREAL TO LIVERPOOL

Saloon, $40 and $50.

Round Trip, $80 and $90. According to accommodation

The $40 and $80 Rates are per Lake Nepigon only.

Intermediate $30, Steerage, $20.

All passengers land and embark at Montreal. Passengers from Montreal embark after 8 p.m. the day previous to the advertised sailing date, as steamers sail at daybreak.

Passengers can obtain through ticket by the Beaver Line to and from all points in Canada and Great Britain and Ireland.

Through Bills of Lading are granted for freights to and from all points by most direct routes.

For freight or other particulars apply:—In Belfast, to A. A. WATT, 8 Custom House Square; in Queenstown, to N. G. SEYMOUR & Co.; in Liverpool, to R. W. ROBERTS, 21 Water street; in Boston, to E. A. ADAM & Co., 115 State street.

H. E. MURRAY! Genera Manager
Custom House Square, Montreal

H. H. SEWELL, Agent, 125 Peter Street, Quebec

October 28, 1892. april28

## Quebec Engraving Company,

54 Garneau Street, Quebec.

Steel Dies, Copper Plate and Wood Engravers. Copper Plate Printers and Embossers. Rubber Stamps, etc.

March 21, 1892

## THE IMPERIAL BAKING POWDER

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, or any Injurious.

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto, Ont.

August, 15, 1892. mon,wed&fri-Lm-4

## DOMINION LINE

*ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

Running in connection with the Grand Trunk Canada Pacific, Intercolonial, and other Canadian Railways and Steamer

Summer Sailings 1892.

| From Liverpool. | Steamer. | From Montreal Daylight. |
|---|---|---|
| Thurs. Oct. 20 | VANCOUVER. | Wed., Nov. 9 |
| Fri. " 28 | *TORONTO .... | " " 16 |
| Wed. Nov. 2 | SARNIA.... | Sat. " 19 |

*S.S. "Toronto" has only First Cabin Accommodation on the voyage to Liverpool.

Tender with Quebec passengers will leave the wharf on arrival of the steamer from Montreal the afternoon of day of sailing from Montreal.

Winter Sailings 1892-3.

| From Liverpool. | Steamer. | From Portland. | From Halifax. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Nov. 10 | LABRADOR..... | Dec. 1 | Dec. 3 |
| " 24 | VANCOUVER.... | " 15 | " 17 |
| Dec. 8 | SARNIA..... | " 29 | " 31 |

Steamers sail from Portland at 1 P.M., from Halifax at 2 P.M.

Bristol Service via Avonmouth Dock.

| From Avonmouth. | Steamer. | From Montreal. |
|---|---|---|
| 21st October. | TEXAS ..... | 7th Nov'r. |
| 27th " | PLASSEY..... | 15th " |
| 3rd Nov'r. | DOMINION..... | 19th " |

Bristol boats carry no passengers.

Rates of Passage Montreal or Quebec to Liverpool.

Cabin....$40 to $80. Return....$80 to $150
According to accommodation.
Intermediate.....$30. Steerage.....$20

These Steamers have Saloon, State-Rooms, Music-room and Bath-rooms amidships where but little motion is felt.

The accommodation for SECOND CABIN on these Steamers is exceptionally good, and well worthy the attention of the travelling public.

The "Vancouver" and "Labrador" are lighted throughout with the Electric Light, and have proved themselves to be two of the fastest vessels in the Atlantic trade.

For Freight or Passage, apply: In Liverpool, to Flinn, Main & Montgomery, 24, James Street; David Torrance & Co. Exchange Court, Montreal.

WM. M. MACPHERSON, AGENT Quebec.

November 5, 1892.

## BERMUDA AND WEST INDIES ROYAL MAIL LINES OF THE Quebec Steamship Company.

SAILING FROM PIER 47 NORTH RIVER NEW YORK

For Bermud —

SS. ORINOCO, Thursday, November 17th 3 p.m.

For St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadalqupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, and Barbadoes.

SS. MURIEL, Saturday, November 19th, at at noon.

For Freight, passage and insurance, apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents 39, Broadway, New York

ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec.

November 14, 1892.

## QUEBEC AND LEVIS FERRY.

THE STEAMERS ON THIS FERRY (Weather permitting) Sunday excepted

WILL LEAVE

QUEBEC. | LEVIS.

For GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

| A.M. | A.M. |
|---|---|
| 8.30 Mixed to Richmond | 7.00 Mail from the West. |
| 12.00 Lightning Express to the West. | P.M. |
| P.M. | 2.30 Lightning Express from the West. |
| 7.30 Mail to the West. | |

For INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY,

| A.M. | A.M. |
|---|---|
| 7.30 Mail to Campbellton | 6.00 Mixed from R. du Loup. |
| 7.45 Accommodation to R. du Loup. | P.M. |
| P.M. | 12.15 Mail from Halifax. |
| 2.15 Mail to Halifax | 1.15 Mail from Campbellton. |
| 4.30 Accommodation to R du Loup. | 6.15 Accommodation from R. du Loup |

For QUEBEC CENTRAL RAILWAY.

| P.M. | A.M. |
|---|---|
| 12.45 Mixed to St. Joseph. | 10.15 Mixed from St. Joseph. |
| | P.M. |
| 1.30 Express to Sherbrooke. | 2.15 Express from Sherbrooke. |

October 31 1892

PRIZE MEDAL, PHILADELPHIA EXHIBITION 1876

OAKEY'S WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

BEST FOR CLEANING AND POLISHING CUTLERY 3d., 6d., 1/-, 2/6 AND 4/-.

WELLINGTON KNIFE BOARDS

PREVENT FRICTION IN CLEANING AND INJURY TO THE KNIVES.

POLYBRILLIANT METAL POMADE

NEVER BECOMES DRY AND HARD LIKE OTHER METAL PASTES.

SILVERSMITHS SOAP

FOR CLEANING PLATE.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS, MANUFACTURERS OF

EMERY EMERY CLOTH GLASS PAPER BLACK LEAD

"Wellington" Mills, LONDON

June 24, 1891. Lm-so-wed


If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache, biliousness or constipation, you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable; small and easy to take. Don't forget this. m,w,fri&w

# AFTERNOON REPORTS.

THE INTERNATIONAL MONETARY CONFERENCE.

*POLITICAL CRISIS IN FRANCE.*

THE DEACON ABDUCTION CASE.

The British Cotton Spinners' Strike—An Alleged Anarchist Arrested—American Swindler Sentenced—Arrested for Parricide.

LONDON, Nov. 15—No programme yet exists for the International Monetary Conference which will open at Brussels November 22. When the delegates meet, the proceedings will be opened by one of the Belgian representatives inviting the American delegates to state the proposals they desire to have discussed. These finished, a Committee will be appointed to prepare a definite agenda. The representative of the Associated Press has learned that the instructions of Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer, to the English delegates, are that they are to treat the Conference as a purely deliberative body, without power to commit Governments represented to anything. The representative of the Associated Press also learns from a high authority that the Indian Currency Committee is to have a meeting, which is supported by three members including Baron Herschell, the Lord Chancellor, who presides over the Committee, to establish gold coin in India. The proposal has no chance of approval. It is doubtful whether Baron Herschell is really earnest in his support of the motion, as he has been warned even by single standard experts, that a change would convulse India politically besides causing tremendous trade and financial panics there and in the Indian markets in Great Britain. There is reason to state that Baron Herschell rather designs to check, by means of bravado, a proposal to influence the bi-metallists at the monetary conference

The supposed American swindler Frederick Evans, *alias* the Duke of Teck, who pleaded guilty of obtaining check orders from the Anglo-Australian Bank (Limited), with intent to defraud, was sentenced to-day to one year's imprisonment. It was learned to-day that Evans is a son of Dr. Helmbold, the patent medecine manufacturer of Philadelphia.

The Rochedale mill owners have decided to put their operatives on short time. This decision affects 1,200,000 spindles and the shortening of hours will greatly lessen the amount received by the Operatives Association, which levies an assessment on spinners working full time to support the idle operatives.

Friends of Mrs. Parnell, widow of the late Charles Stewart Parnell, state that her liabilities, on which she claims the intervention of the bankrupt circular, are personal, and that she has no means to draw upon except her resources under her aunt's will. These are tied up and are beyond their benefit in furnishing a life income. Mrs. Parnell gets nothing from them.

PARIS, Nov. 15—The Parliamentary situation is disquieting. The Ministry, in all probability, will be overthrown to-day on the question of the liberty of the press, for it does not wish to take the responsibility of the prosecutions called for in the Panama Canal affair. The excitement in the political and newspaper world is very great.

Detectives have succeeded in laying hands on one of the persons who wrote anonymous letters threatening to blow up people with dynamite. Commissaire of Police Cornette, who looks after the St. George's quarter, recently received a letter unsigned, but bearing the postmark of Levallois Perret Station, warning him that in a few days he would have an explosion to attend to, as the Anarchists had resolved to blow up the employment bureau of Collin Tivoli. The Commissaire sent for Collin and asked him if among the bakers' workmen who were on his books there were any of whom he had reason to complain. Collin gave a list of his clients who lived at Levallais Perret, and drew special attention to one named Dorange, who had recently abused him in threatening terms. Two detectives were detailed to take up their residence in Levallais Perret and represent themselves as journeymen bakers in search of employment. They called a bottle into play after making Dorange's acquaintance and the latter drank freely and spoke in the same manner. The detectives noticed a striking similarity between his language and the expressions in the letter. Next they induced him to write something for them, and as the handwriting was the same as that of the anonymous letter, they ran him in. He at once confessed to writing the letter, but denied that he was an Anarchist. He is now in prison under a charge of sending a threatening letter.

The Procureur General has finally decided to prosecute the directors of the Panama Canal Company.

An official despatch from Gen. Dodds, states that he will give his troops a rest before advancing upon Abomey, the capital of Dahomey. King Behanzin now offers to negotiate for peace.

Maitre Dlunet, Edward Parker Deacon's advocate, to-day said that the procedure in the Court of Appeal to-morrow in the case would not admit of witnesses being heard. He added: "We can produce sworn affidavits and have abundant proof that Mrs. Deacon has for a long time grossly neglected her children and that in other respects she is unfit to have the custody of her daughter. Our evidence will depend upon the line followed by her counsel. Mr. Deacon will not press matters against his wife further than she forces him to in order to obtain the custody of his daughter."

BERLIN, Nov. 15—Paper roubles fell two points to-day, owing to a report that the conditions which Germany had proposed as a basis for a commercial treaty with Russia, had been rejected by the Commissioners of the latter country.

The Socialist Congress resumed its session to-day. Herr Singer, who was yesterday elected President, made a speech.

ROME, Nov. 15—It is reported that a member of the Imperial family of Russia is negotiating for the purchase of the Borghese Palace.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 15—Cholera is increasing here. Yesterday, twelve new cases and five deaths were reported. The increase is attributed to warm weather. Numerous cases of influenza are also reported.

## AMERICAN.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15—A circular is being prepared at the Treasury Department, to the effect that the President's order of September 1st, imposing twenty days' quarantine on emigrants, is to be applied to immigrants who come over in the steerage.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15—The city seems to be on the eve of another general strike of the building trades. Just as the members of the Electrical Contractors' Association were congratulating themselves that they had at last put down the strike of the Electric Wiremen's Union, the strike has revived with fresh vigor. A special meeting of the board of walking delegates is being held this afternoon.

Cyril J. Scabel, a well-dressed English youth, was sent to the Penitentiary to-day for swindling a number of hotel-keepers in this city out of board bills.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 15—One non-Unionist shot another last night in a junk house of the Carnegie steel works at Homestead. The murderer is Max Newman and the name of the victim is supposed to be Maynard. The cause of the killing is unknown.

MORRISON, Ill., Nov. 15—A. M. Swarthout, a prominent and wealthy farmer residing near the village of Lyndon, was murdered in his own barn on Thursday afternoon. His two sons have been arrested on suspicion.

BRIDGETON, N.J., Nov. 15—Dr. Enoch Tuthian, the oldest man in Cumberland county, died this morning aged 100 years, 7 months and 5 days.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 15—"I bet on Harrison and Reid," the legend in red and blue, chalked on a large placard which decorated the front of a hand organ, attracted quite a crowd on Vine street yesterday afternoon. The stylishly-dressed man who turned the crank was William Nelson, who agreed that if Harrison lost he would play a hand organ in the streets of this city for six hours, and on inauguration day go to Washington and play in front of the reviewing stand as the parade goes by. In addition he also bet half his month's salary in advance and all his ready money, a little over $50. John Leithead, a foreman of engine company 19, Germantown, will sit as a target until William Bennett, hoseman, throws four dozen eggs at him. Mr. Leithead will occupy a seat on the water plug in front of the company's building, and Mr. Bennett will do the throwing from a distance of thirty feet. The leading Democratic politicians of the ward have been invited to witness the performance.

ELMIRA, N.Y., Nov. 15—Mrs. E. L. Ferris, her daughter May and Miss Lizzie June were arrested last night on a charge of murder in the first degree. They are charged with killing an infant whose remains were found in a vault on the premises of Mrs. Ferris. It is supposed to be the child of May Ferris, who is 18 years of age. All three women are in jail. The doctors allege that the child was alive when born.

CHICAGO, Nov. 15—A man named Ryan shot Susie Ruff and Frank Whittaker at 477½ Clark street, at 3 o'clock yesterday morning and afterwards committed suicide by blowing his brains out. The Ruff woman is shot in the left breast and will die. Whittaker is shot in the back and has a slight chance of recovery. Jealousy was the cause of the shooting.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 15—A special despatch from Danville, Va., announces the death of Rev. J. R. Moffatt at 1.45 yesterday morning. Mr. Moffatt was shot by J. T. Clark Friday afternoon. Moffatt was editor of *Anti-Liquor*, a prohibition paper, and the murder grew out of a published attack upon Clark by Moffatt.

# CANADIAN REPORTS.

ANOTHER MONTREALER DISAPPEARS.

*A DARING HIGHWAY ROBBERY.*

Important Action at Ottawa.

*LATEST FROM THE QUEEN CITY.*

## QUEBEC.

RIMOUSKI, Nov. 15—A recount of the ballots in the Matane election, gives Pinault, Liberal, 17 majority.

MONTREAL, Nov. 15—A daring case of highway robbery occurred late yesterday afternoon near Coteau Landing. Yesterday Mr. D. O'Brien, of Messrs. O'Brien & Son, contractors for section No. 12 of the Soulanges Canal, came here and drew $4,202 from the Quebec Bank with which to pay their men. This he took away in a valise, leaving the city by the 4.45 p.m. train and reaching Coteau Landing at 6.10. Here Mr. O'Brien met his father, who was waiting to drive him home. They had gone half way when they were stopped by three men, who asked Mr. O'Brien if he could give them a day's work. They were told to call the following day, when one of the men drew a revolver and told Mr. O'Brien to drop the valise. This the latter was compelled to do. After securing the plunder, the men ordered the O'Briens to return to Coteau Landing and this they were also compelled to do. The police here have the case in hand.

The Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Company had decided to purchase two new boats in New York, to be ready for the World's Fair traffic on the St. Lawrence.

A peculiar disappearance case is occupying the attention of the Society for the Protection of Women and Children. An old English army sergeant, named Axson, an employee at the Turkish Baths, has been missing for several days past. As he was only married three weeks ago, his absence is peculiar. The story of his marriage is most romantic. Many years ago the sergeant was stationed with his company in Wales. While there he became very much attached to a young woman who lived near the barracks. They were to have been married, but somehow Axson drifted out to this country, where he married a Canadian girl who died about a year ago. Axson, two months ago, wrote to Wales to the girl he had neglected so long, and told her that if she was still unmarried and if she cared for him, that he would marry her if she would come to Montreal. The woman wrote back that she still cared for him, but she did not think he would care to marry her after she had told him that she was now very lame in one leg, and had lost all her teeth owing to sickness. Axson wrote back telling her to come and he would marry her all the same. Three weeks ago she landed in Montreal and was taken to St. George's Church, where they were married.

The following are the Grand Trunk Railway returns of traffic for the week ending November 12th, 1892:—1892, Passenger train earnings, $122,342; 1891, $124,687; freight train earnings, 1892, $286,691; 1891, $289,917. Total train earnings, 1892, $409,033; 1891, $414,604. Decrease, 1892, $5,571.

A. Filiatrault, proprietor of the *Canada Revue*, which was recently banned by Archbishop Fabre, was arrested here to-day by High Constable Jobin, of Joliette, on a charge of criminal libel, made against him by Abbé Baillairge, of Joliette. Mr. Baillairge is a Professor in the Joliette College, and he seems to have taken special exception to an article which appeared in the *Canada Revue* two weeks ago. This article was signed by Mr. Filiatrault himself, and it stated, among other things, that Abbé Baillairge had the mania to write in a language that resembled a great deal the Algonquin language, and that he was not an ordinary imbecile, but a whole asylum in himself. Mr. Filiatrault was taken to Joliette to-night to answer the charge.

A *saisie gagerie* for $24,117 has been taken by James E. Mullin *vs.* Alex. Chisholm & Son. The plaintiff alleges that defendants, in May, 1891, rented from him premises on College street, for ten years, the rent to be paid in quarterly instalments, and only one quarter having been paid he now takes the present seizure for the balance.

The steamer "Quebec" of the R. & O. Navigation Company, will make her last trip to Quebec on Friday and return to Montreal and thence to Sorel to go into her winter quarters. The "Canada" will leave for Quebec on Saturday.

The Hon. John McIntosh is reported to be in pretty much the same condition as yesterday, though he spent a tolerably good night. The medical men attending him, hope for his recovery.

## ONTARIO.

OTTAWA, Nov. 15—The Supreme Court met this morning and took up the cases from the Maritime Provinces. After concluding the Maritime Province appeals to-day, the Court adjourned to December 13 for the delivery of judgments.

The case of Magee vs. the Queen came up before Judge Burbidge to-day. The action is a very interesting as well as important one. Mr. Magee represents the heirs of the Sparks estate, who claim a couple of hundred thousand dollars worth of land along the Rideau canal in the city. The claim is that when the Rideau canal was constructed, fifty years ago, Nicholas Sparks gave the land free on condition that it be all used for canal purposes. Part of it is alleged not to be so used. The plaintiffs ask that they get back the land. It is said that the Government by deed gave back some lands not actually used for canal purposes to the late Mr. Nicholas Sparks, but contrary to the advice of Mr. Robert Harvey, then acting for the family, this deed was not registered and has since been lost. This morning Mr. C. A. Biggar, D.L.S., was examined as to the extent of the property, and Capt. Wise, superintendent of canals, as to the uses to which the property had been put. Capt. Wise, in his examination, said that although certain of the lands were used by the Government for other purposes, the whole property was, in his opinion, required for the canal purposes for which it was deeded.

The Internal Economy Committee of the House of Commons has ratified the action of the Speaker in suspending Mr. R. R. Brewer, accountant, and Mr. George Bolton, assistant accountant of the House. There are good grounds for believing that unless some new light be thrown on the case, the suspension of both officers is final. In the meantime, Mr. Hartney will act as accountant and Mr. Bowles as his assistant, until such time as the matter is fully investigated. The discrepancy has been reduced from $2,600 to $

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.


THE QUEBEC GAZETTE.
The Game to Play This Winter—The Copp, Clark Co., Toronto. See 3rd Page.
Boys' and Girls' Annuals—Wright & Co.
Cheese, etc—E Roumilhac.
Quebec Gun Club—By Order.
Ayer's Sarsaparilla.
Jacques Cartier Hall—A Fiset.
Liebig Company's Extract of Beef.
Hood's Pills and Sarsaparilla.
Carter's Little Liver Pills—Carter Medicine Company.
Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co'y—Julien Chabot. See 3rd Page.



LOOK OUT FOR

—THE—

"Quebec Gazette"

—AT—

Eleven O'clock This Morning.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

November 16, 1892. A

JACQUES CARTIER HALL.

ROYAL THEATRE.

A. Fiset, & Co., Proprietors and Managers.

Week Commencing Nov. 14th.

THE FOUR EARL SISTERS, SONGsters, Song and Dance and Aerial Artists, 3 separate and distinct acts. The Earl Sisters, Maud and Hazel, in their daring Trapeze Act. The Saloiva, in their great sketch, "Lost Paradise." Little Gypsy, the brightest and most finished artist in the profession. The Four Earl Sisters, in their Daring Trapeze Act. Jack Brown Bros. Walley, the acme of Refined Song and Dance Artists, and the Champion Lancashire Dancers of the World. Maud and Hazel, the Earl Sisters, in their wonderful specialties. Miss Lizzie Johnston, the little serio-comic Queen of Song and Dance Artists. First appearance of the Aerial Queens, the 4 Earl Sisters, America's own versatile stars, in Highland Dances, introducing their High Kicking. Miss Bobbie Carson, the little English character soubrette. The whole to conclude with the laughable comedy, Sullivan's Arrival.

Popular prices 10c., 20c., 30c.

November 14, 1892.

QUEBEC GUN CLUB.

AT THE NOVEMBER MEETING OF the members of the Quebec Gun Club, it was decided to begin trap shooting again on SATURDAY NEXT, at 2 P.M., at the usual place. The trap puller will be ready at 2 P.M. each Saturday.

BY ORDER.

November 16, 1892. Bp

E. ROUMILHAC,

I NOW OFFER GREAT BARGAINS IN all sorts of CHEESE, including Camembert, Muenster, Brie, Limbourg, Gruyere, Neuchatel Cream Cheese, (in delicate packages) as well as a new stock of French Green Peas, Mushrooms, French Mustard, Olive Oil, Sardines, etc.

☞ Snow Birds.

A splendid assortment of Ports, Sherries, Clarets and other Wines; as well as Spirits and Cordials of choicest marks.

☞ Nice Bordeaux Claret, at $3 per doz.

All goods wholesale and retail.

Fresh Baltimore Oysters received daily, 35c. per quart.

E. Roumilhac,

Nos. 17 and 19 St. John Street.

☞ Telephone No. 246.

November 16, 1892. A

WE HAVE THEM.

Boys' and Girls'

ANNUALS FOR 1892

—AND ALL—

The Latest Xmas Books.

—AT—

WRIGHT & CO.'S

120 JOHN STREET.

November 16, 1892. aug22-t31dec

8th R. R. Mess Association.

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE above Association will be held at the Rooms, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 18th instant, at 7.30. All members are urgently requested to be present.

By order,

H. J. MORGAN,
Sec.-Treas.

November 15, 1892. B

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT AN APPLIcation will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, during its next session, for an act to incorporate the Quebec Electric Railway Company, with power to build, construct and operate an Electric Railway in the City, Banlieu and County of Quebec, and to make and enter into running arrangements with other railway companies, and with all other usual and necessary rights and powers.

Quebec, 11th November, 1892.

CARON, PENTLAND & STUART,
Solicitors for Applicants.

November 15, 1892. Am

GAS, WATER and STEAM

All consumers and users of these elements will please bear in mind that we carry the largest stock in this Province of Tools and Supplies for plumbers, gas, steam and hot water fitters; that we sell at close prices, often as cheap as the manufacturer, being sole agents for many of the lines we represent, and that we are constantly endeavoring to procure all the newest and most improved articles.

☞ Price Lists on Application ☜

☞ WHOLESALE AND RETAIL ☜

Mechanics' Supply Co.,

96, St. Peter Street,

TELEPHONE 456.

November 15, 1892. my1-Lm

Rooms to Let.

ROOMS TO LET WITH BOARD.

No. 4 ANGELE STREET,
Upper Town.

November 10, 1892. Fp

A Famous French Chef

once wrote: "The very soul of cooking is the stock-pot, and the finest stock-pot is

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF BEEF."

Genuine only with signature. Invaluable in improved and economic cookery. For Soups Sauces & Made Dishes.

October 26, 1892. june25-wed&sat-Fm


## Levis Snow-Shoe Club.

THE 28TH ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Levis Snow-Shoe Club will be held in the Intercolonial Railway Dining Room, Levis, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, 16th November, 1892, at 8 o'clock sharp, for the election of officers, etc. A full attendance is requested.

By order,

ROBERT HUNTER,
Secretary-Treasurer.

November 15, 1892. Bp

## Province of Quebec

### Taxes and License Duties.

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT all persons or firms subject to the taxes and license duties imposed by the Act 55-56 Vic., cap. 10, intituled "An Act respecting certain licenses," and the Act 55-56 Vic., cap. 15, intituled "An Act respecting direct taxes upon certain persons," who shall not have paid the same within one week from the date of this notice, will be proceeded against in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts.

By order,

ALFRED BROSNAN,
Comptroller of Provincial Revenue.

Quebec, 11th November, 1892

November 14, 1892.

QUEBEC, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 16, 1892.

### THE MATANE ELECTION.

There is great rejoicing in the Liberal camp over the result of the recount in Matane. Capt. PINAULT, who was defeated by the Returning Officer by thirteen, has been declared elected by the Judge, by a majority of seventeen votes. The Government loses a seat, and as the battle was, practically, fought out on the new taxes question, we presume there is a disposition in the country districts, to resist the imposition of fresh demands on the incomes and industries of the people. This is a more serious matter than, at first blush, appears, and it more than justifies Mr. SIMPSON's assumption, that taxation in any form, is unpalatable to the people at large. The *habitant* has been left untouched by the Treasurer. Had he been mulcted of a single dollar, there would have been likely a revolution over it. The *habitant* will draw the funds of the country for his roads, and bridges and schools and railways, but he will not pay a *sou* to maintain them. Presume to tax him and he resists. In Matane, in all the parishes where the new taxes were discussed, the majority of votes went to Mr. PINAULT. This shews conclusively, that the *habitant* feared that his turn might come next. But what is to be done? The country is in a bad state. It is heavily in debt. The interest account for a dozen years and more, has been increasing. We must pay our bills. Mr. MERCIER left us with the heritage of an empty treasury. When Mr. SHEHYN assumed office he said that there were only a few uncurrent coins in the strong box. But how can we pay our legitimate bills without money? We must raise the needful, and the only way to do that is to put on the screws in the shape of taxes. In the cities the manufacturers are paying promptly. Indeed, if they don't pay within the next few days they will find a costs bill to settle as well. They do not complain, because they are business men, and they know that the music which we have been having under the late "popular" *regime* must be paid for. But in the ranks of our own party comes opposition to the Government's taxation scheme, and curiously enough it comes from the professional class. The lawyers and notaries and doctors object to paying the paltry few dollars which are asked of them, and they are "kicking" vigorously against the impost. This is a shameful proceeding on their part, for they are taxed the least, and besides they have an easy chance of getting their tax bill paid by their clients or patients. Mr. AUGE, we are informed, intends to lead the revolt. Mr. AUGE is one of the best paid professional men in Montreal. He has an enormous practice, and the tax he is asked to pay, cannot worry him a single instant. What is a six dollar tax to a man who counts his income from his profession by thousands of dollars? We hope that the country will do nothing rash, but sustain the policy of the Government, and listen only to the voice of wisdom. Taxation has always been regarded as a bugbear. But we owe millions of money, repudiation is out of the question, and the only way to recover ourselves is to issue a tax-bill. Debts must be liquidated, no matter what happens.


### The Plain Truth

Is good enough for Hood's Sarsaparilla—there is no need of embellishment or sensationalism. Simply what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merit. If you have never realized its benefits a single bottle will convince you it is a good medicine.

The highest praise has been won by Hood's Pills for their easy, yet efficient action. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents.


ACQUITTED.—Mr. Alexis Lebrun, accused of forgery at River du Loup and who was defended by Mr. Lemieux, was acquitted by the jury yesterday.

## Notes and News.

### HERE AND ELSEWHERE.

**Personal Intelligence.**

Mr. Dalgleish, of Montreal, is in town, looking hale and hearty.

**British Columbia's Governor.**

The Hon. Edgar Dewdney has been sworn in as Lieut.-Governor of British Columbia.

**Apple Export.**

The shipment of apples from Montreal to the United Kingdom continue large. Last week 55,953 barrels were shipped, and the week previous 61,481 barrels, making total shipments for the season to date, 356,700 barrels as compared with 262,852 barrels for the corresponding period of last year. Of the shipments the past week, 29,354 barrels were shipped to Liverpool, 16,931 barrels to Glasgow, and 9,638 to London. A large quantity of apples will be shipped the current week. The market for winter stock is fair.

**Fatal Accident.**

It is with deep regret that we report the details of a fatal accident which occurred in this city yesterday afternoon. Mr. Louis Dugal, the victim of the accident, was a brother of Mr. J. B. Dugal, of the CHRONICLE office. He was a plasterer by trade and was employed by Mr. F. Parent, contractor, at the new building of Messrs. P. Garneau, Sons & Co., Dalhousie street. He was ascending to the upper part of the building, preceded by other workmen, when a block of wood carried by one of them slipped from his hold and fell upon the head of Dugal, who, stunned by the blow, fell through two flats of the buildings and struck the floor head first. He was picked up unconscious and conveyed at once to the Hotel Dieu, where Dr. Ahern attended to his injuries. Despite all the care that could be given him, the unfortunate man died at 5 p.m. The deceased was a married man and father of four children. His family have our most sincere sympathy in their sad affliction.

**What Will be the Result?**

The circular of Archbishop Fabre prohibiting two local French periodicals was the general topic of conversation in French-Canadian circles this morning. The general opinion is that the ultimate result will be disastrous to both publications, while some of their supporters claim that one of them, at least, the *Canada Revue*, can survive the ordeal.

It was stated this forenoon that the *Canada Revue* Publishing Company had already decided to take proceedings against the Archbishop for injuring their business, and to devote enough money to this enterprise to carry the case to the Privy Council, if necessary.

There is also some talk about subscribers taking proceedings for the reimbursement of their subscription fees, since they cannot now in conscience receive the paper. In that case, the Archbishop would also be called as *mis en cause*. A friend of the *Canada Revue* said this morning: "Most of the agencies will probably have to be changed and there will be few regular subscribers, but the paper will nevertheless sell like hot cakes."—Montreal *Witness*.

**Smugglers Captured.**

The Federal authorities are relaxing none of their efforts against the demoralizing smuggling system of the Lower St. Lawrence. But a few days ago a large schooner which was under the surveillance of the proper officers went ashore near L'Islet and was promptly seized by Detective Carpenter, of Montreal, with some 65 barrels of spirits on board valued at between three and four thousand dollars. As the liquor could not be immediately transferred to Quebec it was stored in the cellar of a prominent citizen of the locality who was appointed its guardian. During the night a successful attempt was made by parties suspected of being in league with the smugglers to recover possession of a portion of the confiscated liquor. On Saturday last one Arthur Dussault, a merchant of L'Islet, was arrested on a warrant charging him with having been a party to the midnight raid above described. On Monday he was brought before a magistrate at St. Thomas when the Crown was represented by C. Panet Angers, Esq., Q.C., and the accused was admitted to bail to the amount of $1,000 to appear on the 22nd instant, when the preliminary investigation will be commenced into his case.

**An Imperial Confederation Scheme.**

The following special cable from London appears in the Toronto *Globe*:—The special committee appointed by the Council of the Imperial Federation League to consider definite proposals for the federation of the self-governing bodies of the British Empire, has presented an exhaustive and very important report. The committee suggests the formation of an Imperial Council, to give a united voice to the Empire in time of peace and to enable the defence of the Empire in time of war, to be undertaken by its united forces and resources. The Council should consist, it urges, of members appointed by each of the various self-governing colonies, also of the British Prime Minister, the Secretaries of State for Foreign Affairs, for War, for the Colonies, and for India, of the First Lord of the Admiralty and the Chancellor of the Exchequer. The method of the raising funds at the outset should be left to the choice of the self-governing states, but a uniform principle might afterwards be found and substituted. The committee proposes that an Imperial conference be summoned to consider the question, the conference, if it is deemed necessary, to be preceded by a Royal Commission.

The committee closes its report with a strong appeal to the Ministry to take action in this direction.

**The R. M. S. "Circassian" Arrives in Port.**

DYSENTERIC DIARRHŒA THE CAUSE OF HER DETENTION.

The Allan R. M. S. "Circassian," Captain R. P. Moore, from Liverpool, with 292 cabin, intermediate and steerage passengers, arrived in port yesterday afternoon. Immediately on being made fast at the Breakwater, she was boarded by Drs. Catellier and Jolicœur, who after a consultation with the ship's surgeon, decided that everyone on the ship were in a healthy state.

It appears that some of the members of a Swedish family named Sandin, consisting of the mother and three children, who were in perfect health when they joined the ship at Liverpool, took ill on the passage from dysenteric diarrhœa, brought on from eating supposed tainted sausages which they purchased in Stockholm. On the 11th, Oskar Sandin, aged six years and six months, died of dysentery and was buried at sea. When the vessel reached Rimouski the other two children were ill, the youngest, two and a half years old, suffering from inflammation of the lungs. The "Circassian" was ordered by the medical inspector at Rimouski to proceed to Grosse Isle to land the sick children and was detained there thirty-five hours under observation, the compartment occupied by the sick family being thoroughly fumigated.

No other disease occurred on board the ship during the passage, and all the passengers brought here yesterday were in perfect health.

The following information furnished to the Associated Press, by the medical authorities at Grosse Isle, fully explains the case of the "Circassian":—"Grosse Isle, Nov. 15, 1892—The as 'Circassian' arrived here at 12.55 a.m. yesterday with a Swedish family on board suffering from dysenteric diarrhœa. The sick were removed to the hospital and the ship quarantined for observation. The sick persons all belong to the same family and come from a healthy district in Sweden and were in good health before leaving. On arriving in Stockholm they purchased some bread, butter and sausages. After leaving there and using this diet that they were not accustomed to they sickened with diarrhœa. They passed through Gothenburg, Hull and Liverpool and were not in cholera infected districts. As there are no symptoms of any infectious disease amongst those removed to the hospital or among those on the ship, she will be allowed to proceed at one o'clock today. The sick family consists of a woman with two children and the oldest boy, who is out of danger. The youngest child, two and a half years old, is seriously sick, but not from any cholera symptoms, but from inflammation of the lungs.—(Signed,) F. W. CHURCH."

The following is the latest received by Mayor Fremont in response to enquiries made by him of the Federal authorities:—

*J. Fremont, Esq., Mayor, Quebec.*

OTTAWA, ONT., Nov. 15—Bulletins not continued because nothing to send. Following received to-day from Grosse Isle: "Telegraphic communication between here and Quebec interrupted until late last night. Steamer 'Circassian' arrived here 12.55 a.m. yesterday with Swedish family suffering from disenteric diarrhœa. They were removed to hospital where they are doing as well as can be expected. The ship was detained under observation. As there is no suspicion of any infectious disease either amongst those on the ship or in the hospital, she will be discharged at one today.—J. LOWE, D.M.A."

## Honoring Their President.

### THE MEMBERS OF THE UNION CLUB ENTERTAIN THE HON. GEORGE IRVINE.

*A MAGNIFICENT BANQUET.*

The Union Club of this city, at whose handsome club house so many superb dinners have been given during the past year, fairly eclipsed itself last night in the splendor of the banquet at which its members entertained their worthy and respected President, the Hon. George Irvine, on the occasion of his 66th birthday. With a membership of between two and three hundred, it was of course impossible for the entire Club to be accommodated at dinner on one occasion, so that the first sixty or so members who applied for tickets, and who entirely filled the dining room, were of course all who could obtain seats.

The decorations were very handsome, consisting largely of flowers, palms and mosses; the picturesqueness of the table arrangements having been principally due, we believe, to the artistic taste of Mrs. Douglas. The centre piece was supported by a handsome floral pedestal, upon the two ends of which were the initials of the guest of the evening, and upon the two sides the figures "66."

The subscribers and their guests included the following:—

Vice-President Ulric Tessier, who presided with the guest of the evening at his right, Mayor Fremont, Col C E Montizambert, Chas Fitzpatrick, J Macara, Veasey Boswell, Geo Rolt White, Chas Mackenzie, Jno S Fry, Wm Rae, Jno Y Welch, J E Murphy, W E Duggan, Capt Rutherford, Wm Cook, D C Thomson, A H Cook, Dr Geo Stewart, Edson Fitch, Albert Peters, J J Foote, J G Garneau, Wm Herring, Wm McLimont, H M Price, Jno C Eno, E C Benson, D McGie, Harold Kennedy, J D Cameron, S H Dunn, L Odell, H J Andrews, Simon Peters, D D O'Meara, E T D Chambers, Jas King, M P P, E B Garneau, H H Sewell, L Lynch, R Turner, Cyrille Duquet, Jules Tessier, W G Wyatt, C C Sewell, G Macquet, P Huot, J B Letellier, Count Turenne, F Van Bruyssel, F X Gosselin, C P Angers, Ernest Pacaud, A Charlebois, A H Furniss, H A Bedard, J D Gilmour, H T Walcot, R Dalgleish, J U Gregory, Major Wilson, Hon P Garneau, H H Sharples, V Chateauvert, M P P, Hon F Langelier, E Morin, A Lavigne.

THE MENU

was as follows:—

*Complimentary Dinner*

of the

UNION CLUB, QUEBEC,

to

*Hon. George Irvine, President.*

"Thou shalt have justice at his hands."

SHAKESPEARE.

MENU.

"This night let due repast refresh our powers,
For strength consists in spirits and in blood
And there are owed to generous wine and food."

POPE'S ILLIAD.

Les Huitres.
Potage.
Tortue verte.
Poisson.
Fillet of Red Snapper à la Duxelles.
Entrées.
Filet de Bœuf piqué à la Colbert.
Champignons frais sur croûte.
Punch à la Romaine.
Rôti.
Dindonneau, sauce airelles.
Les Epinards, Choufleurs, Pommes de terre à l'Anglaise.
Gibier.
Plavier d'Or.
Salade de Laitue.
Entremets.
Aspic de Légumes.
Pouding glacé à la Chesterfield.
Fromage et Céleri.
Dessert.
Café.

"Sir, we invite your Highness for this one night,
Which part of it we'll waste in such discourse as we doubt not,
Shall make it go quick away."

SHAKESPEARE.

During the discussion of the above magnificent *menu*, one of the finest that was set before a Quebec dinner party, Mr. Vézina's orchestra rendered the following exceedingly choice programme of music:—

1. March—Scotch Airs.....Vézina. Orchestra.
2. Clarionet Solo—3rd Air Varié..Thornton. J. E. Wallis.
3. Valse—Amour.....Leinat's. Orchestra.
4. Duett—La Serenata.....Braza. Cornet and Clarionet.
5. Cornet Solo—Concert Polka..... L. N. Gendreau.
6. Xilophone Solo—The Rattler..... J. E. Wallis.
7. Quartette—Attila.....Verdi. Cornet, Clarionet, Barytone and Piano. Messrs. Vézina, Gendreau and Wallis.
8. Valse de Concert.....Vézina. J. Vézina.

VIVE LA CANADIENNE.

*God Save the Queen.*

The music rendered by the excellent orchestra was very much admired, though it was probably a mistake to have the accompaniment so far in the background, whence only its echoes could reach the audience.

The cuisine and attendance left nothing to be desired.

Ulric Tessier, Esq., Vice-President of the Club, who presided, proposed the health of the guest of the evening. In doing so he said:—

GENTLEMEN,—It is a very great pleasure for me to have to propose the toast of the guest of the evening, the Hon. Mr. Irvine, President of this Club. Mr. Irvine is too well known by all of us as one of the prominent men of this city to require any notice at my hands. As a business man he has made for himself a reputation for honor to be envied by many of us, and the distinguished company to be seen around this table is a proof of what I advance. Besides the residents we have here the representatives of France and Belgium in Canada and a few outside friends, who have most willingly joined us on this occasion to honor our guest. Besides being a business man, Mr. Irvine is also a very social man, and as he is ready to work he is also ready at the proper time to take a little recreation, and many of us have had occasion to judge of his hospitality and amiability. Mr. Irvine is the first President of this Club, which was originated through his energy and self-sacrifice with the help of a few of his friends, and we can now, gentlemen, boast ourselves of having a Club which is an honor to our city, and a comfortable place of amusement and recreation for its members. This is Mr. Irvine's birthday, at least it is to-morrow, but it is so near, we may say it is to-day, and as we should give people the age they seem to have, we all believe him young enough to pass a great many more years with us, and as pleasant as they have been in the past.

The toast was received with all the honors.

Hon. Mr. Irvine in replying said that he thanked his friends for the kindness to him which was so great that he felt diffident in replying. Going down the western slope of life, as he said he was, it was very gratifying to him to find that the Club had been the success it was, notwithstanding the fact that he had run a considerable pecuniary risk when the Club was originated. He had for his idea also to help the social life of Quebec, which he believed the formation of the Union Club had already done. The Hon. gentleman in conclusion said that brevity was the soul of oratory, and that for once in his life he intended to pass for an orator. He thanked all his friends for the kindness they had shown him and the honor done him on this occasion, and was loudly applauded upon taking his seat.

Mr. Dalgleish, of Montreal, extended the congratulations of the Montreal friends of the guest of the evening to Mr. Irvine, and songs were given before the company separated by Messrs. Simon Peters, H. A. Bedard and Harold Kennedy.


10 per cent. on Kid Gloves for a few days more. Blagdon & Paradis.

A MOST SUPERB ASSORTMENT of Ladies' Opera Cloaks in all the latest European styles at S. Carsley's, Notre Dame street, Montreal.


### How It Feels To Be Buried.

The Sensations of a Man who Lay for Three Hours in His Grave.

(*From the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*)

"I'll wager the wine there is not a gentleman present who can guess within ten years of my age," said Calvin S. Freeman, who sat talking with some fellow-travelling men. The guesses ran all the way from 48 to 65.

"I am just 34 years old," said Mr. Freeman. "I was born in 1858. I grew old in a day. I have passed through the most terrible ordeal to which a mortal was ever subjected—I was buried alive and lay in the grave, with six feet of earth on top of me, for nearly three hours. That was at Edinburgh, Scotland, nearly nine years ago. I was born in that city. At the age of 24 I married a girl who had been my playmate in childhood. A year later I was taken sick, and, after an illness of but two days was pronounced dead, and preparations were made for my burial.

"I was as conscious as at this moment, but unable to speak or move a muscle. A great weight seemed to lie on my chest and eyelids. All that night and until ten o'clock next day I lay with a cloth over my face listening to the preparations for my interment. At that hour I was placed in a coffin, the funeral services were read, and I was consigned to the grave. There was no stifling sensation, for I had ceased to breathe, but the black loneliness of those hours haunts me day and night. I felt that I would come out of the trance state before death ensued, would slowly smother to death, and the thought added horror to my situation. I had read of graves being opened where people had been buried alive, and how they had torn their flesh with their nails and turned over in their coffins in a mad struggle for air. I wondered if there was any way by which I could quickly destroy myself when nature asserted its sway. Every hour seemed to me as days. It was Tuesday when I was buried, and I fancied I could hear the Sunday chimes of the church which stood a few yards distant. I wondered who my neighbor was on the right and who on the left, and if they, too, were buried alive. I wondered if there really was such a thing as death, or if I was doomed to lie conscious in that prison forever.

"Suddenly I felt a muscle twitch. 'It is coming now, I thought. A minute more and I will be struggling for breath.' I felt a faint flutter at the heart. I gave a little gasp, and the air seemed freighted with lead. I tried to breathe, but it was like drawing fetid water into my lungs. I had resolved not to move a muscle, to die with my hands folded on my breast, so that if my body was ever taken up my friends would not suspect the awful truth, but I could not lie still. The struggle began, and I fought in my narrow prison house as a man only fights for life. Horrible as it was, I seemed to hear my wife's voice ringing in my ears. It was a cry of agony. I tried to answer it, but could not.

"A succession of thunder peals shook my prison house. It was the heavy blows of axes breaking open the box which contained the coffin. A moment later I was lying on the churchyard sward in my wife's arms. After my interment she conceived the notion that I had been buried alive, and to quiet her fears the grave was opened. I went into the grave a young man, and came out aged, as you see me now."

**Believes in the Dead Meat Trade.**

John Elliott, cattle exporter, of Kingston, Ontario, is a believer in the slaughtering of cattle before exportation, because the meat can be better preserved and the exporter can send five times the amount of beef for the same price that it now costs for one head. He would also like to see corn, for fattening purposes, made duty free, and then Canadian cattle could compete in any market in the world, while the natural wealth of the country would be greatly increased. Distillers bring their corn in from the United States duty free for the manufacture of whiskey, which is exported. There is no reason why our farmers should not be allowed to fatten their cattle for export on corn, similarly free of duty.

**The Late Mr. O'Farrell.**

RESOLUTIONS OF CONDOLENCE BY THE QUEBEC BAR.

A general meeting of the Quebec Bar was held on Monday, and amongst others, the following were present:—Hon. C.A.P. Pelletier, Q.C., Batonnier, J. Dunbar, Q.C., M.A. Hearn, G. Lampson, S. Aubert, W. J. Miller, J. E. Bedard, H. A. Turcotte, Q.C., W. C. Languedoc, L. F. Burroughs, G. M. Dechesne, G. Amyot, J. Gosselin, E. Dorion, B. Letellier, J. S. Dunbar and N. N. Olivier, Secretary.

The following resolutions were adopted:—

Moved by J. Dunbar, Q.C., seconded by W. J. Miller—That we regret to learn of the death, after a long illness, of John O'Farrell, Esq., one of the oldest members of this Bar.

Moved by M. A. Hearn, Q.C., seconded by G. Amyot, Esq.,—That during his professional career of upwards of forty years, our deceased confrère was noted for his great talent and perseverance, and by astuteness and acquirements he gained a wide reputation as an advocate and specially as a criminalist.

Moved by J. E. Bédard, Esq., seconded by H. A. Turcotte, Q.C.,—That a copy of the foregoing resolutions be transmitted by the Secretary to the family of the late Mr. O'Farrell, with an expression of the sympathy and condolences of this Bar in their sad bereavement and published in the newspapers.

N. N. OLIVIER,
Secretary.

Quebec, November 14th, 1892.

**Number of Employes at the Krupp Foundries.**

In 1890 the population of Essen was nearly 79,000, and this number included 16,000 of Krupp's workmen (with their families, numbering over 50,000). In addition to this, a large number of the factory hands live in the workmen's colonies in the suburbs of Essen, and are not reckoned with the population of the city, while about 3000 Krupp employes are located at various branch works. The total number of mem employed by the Krupps and affected by their social experiments was, according to the census taken in this year, 25,200; and with their families amounted to 87,900 persons.

**Sweet Revenge.**

"I'm putting up a prescription for your wife's milliner," said the drug clerk to his employer. "What shall I charge her?" "What is the usual price for what she is getting?" "Fifty cents." "Charge her $2.75."—*Detroit Free Press.*


EVERY SHADE in Colored Dress Fabrics, also every new design, at S. Carsley's, Montreal

LADIES' EVENING GLOVES in all shades and in all lengths can be procured at S. Carsley's, Notre Dame street, Montreal.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

WITH FRESH SHIPMENTS RECEIVed every week by Mail Steamers, we are keeping our STOCK well assorted in every Department of

NEW FANCY GOODS!

AND ALSO IN THE STAPLE LINES OF

Woollens, Cottons & Linens,

For which we have exceptional facilities.

Flannels,
Blankets,
Tweeds,
Cloths,
Naps,
Beavers,
Sealettes,

—AND OTHER—

NEW MANTLE CLOTHS!

Hosiery, Underclothing, Wool Yarns, &c.,

All of reliable qualities, and at LOWEST NET PRICES.

☞ It will be to the interest of all purchasers at this season to examine for themselves before buying elsewhere,

Real Sterling Quality Being the Test.

No inferior or Job Goods kept in our Stock.

Glover, Fry & Co.

BOYS' WEAR

BOYS' TWEED SUITS, Etc.

This Autumn we are keeping a new line of goods, namely: Boys' Tweed Suits, and offer them at low prices.

The following various articles for Boys' Wear are here given.

**Boys' Tweed Suits**—In 5 Sizes, suitable for boys from 5 to 10 years of age. In Check Tweeds, Heather Mixtures, etc., $2.88, $3.18, $3.38, $3.88, $4.18, according to size and quality.

**Boys' Navy Serge Suits**—At $3.18, $3.38, $3.68, $3.88, $4.38, according to size.

**Boys' Jersey Suits**—In only a few sizes, $2.00, $2.55, $2.98 and $3.50.

**Children's Sailor Dresses**—Pleated Skirts, $1.58, $2.12, $2.38. Cardinal Dresses in all Wool Serge, $3.38 and $3.58.

**Boys' Collars**—In Eton, Sailor and other shapes.

**Boys' Handkerchiefs**—In Scotch Lawn, only 60c. dozen, and with Colored Wove Border and large size, only 6c. each.

**Boys' Heavy Knitt Gloves**—Only 21c., 23c., 25c., 27c., and 31c., according to size.

**Children's Ringwood Gloves**—Fancy Backs, at 21c., 25c., 27c., 31c. and 35c.

**Boys' Scotch Caps**—In 2 qualities, best Indigo dye, only 38c. and 58c.

**Seal Plush Caps**—With peak, only 29c.

**Boys' Black Cashmere Hose**—Ribbed and six fold knees and ankles, 31c., 35c., 39c., 42c., 46c., and 52c., according to size. Better quality with 10 fold knees and 6 fold ankles, 40c., 45c., 50c., 55c., 60c. and 65c., according to size.

**Boys' Black Lamb's Wool Hose**—Ribbed, 38c., 43c., 48c., 53c. and 68c., according to size.

**Boys' Wool Pants**—35c., 45c., 55c., 60c. and 72c., according to size.

**Boys' Wool Shirts**—At 35c., 40c., 50c., 55c., 62c. and 68c., according to size.

**Boys' White Shirts**—At 85c., 90c. and 95c.

All buying and selling done on

STRICTLY CASH

terms.

Simons & Foulds,

FABRIQUE STREET.

October 24, 1892.

S. J. SHAW & Co

St. John Street, Upper Town, and Sous-le-Fort Street, Lower Town.

—GENUINE—

English Tortoise Stoves,

Self-Feeding Hall

—AND—

Cooking Stoves!

JEWEL RANGES.
FIRE IRONS,
BRASS FENDERS,

COAL HODS, VASES

—AND—

HOUSE FURNISHING!

—AND—

Builders' Hardware.

Telephones { Upper Town 573. Lower Town 44.

FURS AND SKINS.

We are now showing all the New Styles Ladies' Sealskin Coats and Wraps for the Fall Trade.

Gentlemen's Fur Lined Coats,

Lion, Tiger, Leopard, Grizzly and Polar Bear Skins, suitable for Drawing Rooms and Halls. A large stock of Russian and Hudson Bay Sables.

☞ Strangers are invited to visit our Establishment.

G. R. RENFREW & CO.,

35 & 37 BUADE STREET, UPPER TOWN QUEBEC

Branch:
71 & 73 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO

September 5, 1892. mar31-1m

West of England Beavers,

Direct from the Mills.

BEAVERS IN BLACK, BLUE, BROWN OLIVE.

Meltons in Black, Brown, Blue, Oxford.

Ulster Cloths,
Elysians, Suitings,
and Trouserings.

John Darlington,

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

October 17, 1892.

LATEST NOVELTIES

—IN—

Dress Goods,
Costume Cloth,
Mantling!

—AND—

Felt Hats Trimmed & Untrimmed

—ALSO—

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF HOUSE FURNISHINGS.
Carpets, Mats,
Oil Cloths,
Curtains
and Poles.

☞ ONE PRICE ONLY ☜

F. SIMARD,

137 St. Joseph Street, St. Roch's.

TELEPHONE 145.

October 19, 1892. Feb22-Lm

LIQUIDATION!

Great Cheap Sale

—OF—

Dry Goods!

Being about to make a change in our business, we are now offering our large and extensive stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS

—AT—

An Immense Reduction!

Our Stock having been all bought at Lowest Market Rates and marked on the Closest Margin, the present Reduction offers an exceptional opportunity for purchasers to obtain Goods at Extremely Low Prices.

Owing to the quantity and variety of Goods on hand, we cannot give any list of reductions, but every article in stock is marked down, and Prices Speak for Themselves.

Sale Begins Saturday, 29th October.

DAVIDSON & HORAN

178 JOHN STREET.

October 29, 1892. Cm

HARDWARE

—AT—

REDUCED PRICES.

The Undersigned Having Purchased

—THE—

Hardware Stock

Of the Insolvent Firm of

BEAUDET, LEFAIVRE & GARNEAU,

ARE NOW OFFERING AT THE

Store Nos. 40 & 42 St. Paul Street.

—SOME—

LEADING LINES!

—AT MUCH—

Under Market Prices.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED ☜

It Will Pay Merchants and Dealers to Call.

THE

Chinic Hardware Co

October 31, 1892. may20-Fm

FASHIONABLE TAILORING!

FALL GOODS.

Suitings, Overcoatings,
Meltons, Beavers, Elysians,
and Fancy Scotch Checks

ALSO, A NICE RANGE OF

Fancy Trowserings.

WILLIAM LEE,

Civil and Military Tailor,

25 BUADE STREET,

QUEBEC.

August 31, 1892.

GET YOUR

BOYS' AND GIRLS' OWN

AND ALL THE

Annuals for 1892 at the Lowest Rates.

Large Supplies of Oil and Water Colors and Artists' Requisites.

CHILDREN'S PAINTING BOOKS AND COLOR BOXES.

The Largest Supplies of Bound Books in the City.

Immense Cheap Job Lots of Stationery Selling Less Than Wholesale Prices.

Typewriters' Supplies in Largest Assortment and Quantities.

JOHN E. WALSH,

Bookseller and Stationer,
25 St. John Street.

November 14, 1892.

Lectures on Logic.

BY REQUEST OF SEVERAL WHO cannot attend the regular College Lectures, the Rev. Prof. Macadam will deliver during the winter a course of about 20 Lectures on Deductive and Inductive Logic. A preliminary meeting will be held in the Philosophy Classroom, Morrin College, on FRIDAY, 18th instant, at 8 P.M. The Lectures will be open to Ladies and Gentlemen.

November 14, 1892. Ep

To Let,

FURNISHED OR UNFURnished, the Three Story Dwelling House, No. 1 Ste. Genevieve street, the Cape, facing both Dufferin Terrace and Governor's Garden. In first-class order; fitted throughout with Electric Light and Electric Bells, and heated by Hot Water. Can be seen any day from 3 to 5 o'clock. For terms, apply to

P. O BOX 657.

November 12, 1892. nov5-F


## AUCTION SALES.

BY C. R. GRENIER & CIE

In the matter of
WILFRID LEVESQUE,
St. Alphonse de Chicoutimi,
Insolvent.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT ON

**Friday, November 18th, 1892,**
At 11 A.M.,

will be sold at auction at so much in the dollar the assets of this estate as follows:—

| | |
|---|---|
| A—Stock-in-Trade General..... | $919.08 |
| Store Fixtures..... | 110.50 |
| | $1,029.58 |
| B—Book Debts as per List..... | 3,235.21 |

C—A certain piece of land, being lot number one hundred and twenty-six (No. 126) of the official cadastral plan of the Village of Bagot, heretofore Village Bagotville, bounded in front by Victoria street, with house, store and other buildings thereon erected, circumstances and dependencies.

D—A certain piece of land, being east part of lots numbers seven, eight and nine (Nos. 7, 8 & 9) of Range B, of the Township of St. Germain, in the County of Chicoutimi, bounded in front by the river called "Riviere de la Descentedes Femmes," with house and other buildings thereon erected, circumstances and dependencies.

The sale will be made for each item *en bloc*, at so much in the dollar.

The Inventory and a List of Book Debts are at my office.

Terms: CASH.

The sale will take place at my office, 125 St. Peter Street.

HENRY A. BEDARD,
Trustee

GEO. R. GRENIER & CIE.
Auctioneer.

November 15, 1892.


A. GOODRICH, LAWYER, 124 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ills. 28 years experience; secrecy; special facilities in several States. Goodrich on Divorce with laws of all States in press.

November 14, 1892. Lm

Overcoatings

AND

ULSTERINGS!

Genuine Irish Frieze.
Treble Milled Meltons.
Moscow Beavers.
Cheviots, Elysians, &c.

The Best Goods from the Best Makers.

IMPORTED DIRECT!

W. VINCENT,

FABRIQUE STREET.

November 12, 1892. Dec4

1

# What Game Shall We Play This Winter.

## THE UPPER TEN!

PRICE $1.00.

Write us for price list, and if your local dealer does not carry our games, which is unlikely, upon receipt of price will send post-paid.

THE COPP, CLARK CO., TORONTO, ONT.

November 16, 1892. ao-wed-D

## WEDDING PRESENTS!

HENRY BIRKS & CO.

Invite Orders for Very Choice Selections, Arriving Weekly, per European Steamers, of

**Sterling Silverware, Clocks, Fine China, Tables, Stands and Cabinets,**

SUITABLE FOR WEDDING PRESENTS AND ARTISTIC FURNISHINGS.

☞ Selections Sent on Approval on Receipt of References ☜

235, 237 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

November 15, 1892. nov2-Lm

# EXPIRATION OF LEASE!

## Clearance Sale of Surplus Stock.

Owing to the approaching expiration of the lease of our present premises and the contemplated alterations to the building, we find it necessary to dispose of a large portion of our Stock of Fancy Goods, and in order to attain this end as rapidly as possible, we are offering certain lines at prices that connot fail to attract attention.

## HALF-PRICE!

— THE SURPLUS STOCK OF —

Vases, Jardinieres,
Lamps, Candlesticks,
Ink-stands, Fans,
Terra Cotta Statuary,
etc., etc.

may now be purchased at about half the former prices.

## LIBERAL DISCOUNT!

A liberal Discount on Clocks, Electro-Plated Ware and Optical Goods.

## Latest Purchases!

Customers desiring Goods of this season's importation, will find our Stock to equal anything we have shown in previous years, the prices moderate and subject to a Cash Discount of TEN PER CENT.

## G. SEIFERT
## 34 Fabrique Street 34

October 29, 18

# CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Archer, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

January 5, 1892 mon, wed, fri&w

IZOD'S PATENT CORSETS Are the Best. Prepared by a New and Special Scientific Process.

Medical opinion recommends them for THE HEALTH. Public opinion all-over the world unanimous that they are unsurpassed for COMFORT, STYLE, AND DURABILITY. Sold in every town throughout the World. Name and Trade Mark, Anchor, on every pair and box. Ask your Draper or Outfitter for IZOD'S make; take no other, and see you get them, as bad makes are often sold for sake of extra profit. Write for our sheet of Drawings.

E. IZOD & SON, 30, Milk St., London; Manufactory: Landport, Hants.

May 24, 1892. Zaf

## Greatest Chance of the Season

LOOK OUT FOR THE OPENING OF

## MISS MOHR'S FAIRY SHOW

MISS MOHR BEGS TO ANNOUNCE that on

TUESDAY NEXT, the 8th inst.,

she will open at her store, in John Street, one of the finest stocks of the newest

TOYS AND FANCY GOODS,

suitable for Christmas and New Year's Gifts, and surpassing all former displays in this city. She also offers the extraordinary advantage of

A 25 PER CENT. DISCOUNT

on all Cash Purchases, in order to clear off the whole stock, which is unusually extensive this year. MISS MOHR invites the public to call in time while the stock is well assorted, as none of the goods can be repeated at the low figures at which she is now offering them.

A special line of

Goods for Bazaars

will be sold at less than they can be

Purchased Wholesale!

November 5, 1892 Am

## GOLD LACK SEC.

(DRUTZ & GELDERMANN'S)

THE WINE OF ALL "BON VIVANTS."

Now kept in crushed ice at all leading Clubs, Hotels and Restaurants in Canada.

THE FAVORITE CHAMPAGNE OF CONNOISSEURS THROUGHOUT THE CIVILIZED WORLD.

LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO., SOLE AGENTS, Montreal.

September 28, 1892. wed&sat T


# SHIPPING.

## OCEAN STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

| Date | Steamship | Arrived at | From |
|---|---|---|---|
| Nov 15 | —Circassian | Quebec | Liverpool |
| " | —Spree | Southampton | New York |
| " | —Anchoria | " | " |
| " | —City of New York | Queenstown | " |
| " | —State of California | New York | Glasgow |

**Probabilities for the Next 24 Hours for the St. Lawrence Etc. Etc.**

TORONTO, November 15, 11.00 p.m.—Lakes and Upper St. Lawrence—Generally fair and mild; light showers in some localities.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Generally fair and mild.

THE WEATHER.—Quebec, Nov. 15, 1892.—The thermometer at the MORNING CHRONICLE Office to-day registered as follows:—7.00 a.m., 39°; noon, 47°; 6.00 p.m., 40°. Clear and fine.

### In Trouble Again.

*THE SS "STATE OF GEORGIA" DISABLED.*

PUTS INTO ST. JOHN'S, N.F.

Montreal, Nov 15—A private cable from St John's, Nfld, received to-day, states that the steamship "State of Georgia" has put in there disabled, her machinery having broken down. She was bound from Montreal to Aberdeen, and had 190 head of cattle on board. She left Montreal eight days ago. No loss of life is reported.

MAIL STEAMER—CIRCASSIAN.—The Allan R M S "Circassian," Captain R P Moore, from Liverpool, via Moville, having been released from Quarantine, arrived in port at 2.55 p m yesterday, mooring at the Breakwater. After landing passengers, Quebec and Western cargo, she left for Montreal at 7 p m. Captain Moore reports experiencing fresh westerly gales all the way across the Atlantic. Encountered a snow storm off Belle Isle. Had fine weather coming up the Gulf. Pilot A Gobeil reports a detention of thirty-five hours at Quarantine. For particulars of the "Circassian's" detention see other columns.

ALLAN LINE.—STATE OF CALIFORNIA—The ss "State of California," from Glasgow, arrived at New York on Tuesday morning.

DOMINION LINE—DOMINION—The ss "Dominion," Captain G J Cross, from Bristol, passed Martin River at 2 p m yesterday. Due in port this afternoon.

SARNIA.—The ss "Sarnia," Captain W P Couch, from Liverpool, with passengers and a general cargo, passed Cape Ray at 1.30 p m yesterday. Due in port to-morrow evening.

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.—MIRAMICHI—The ss "Miramichi," Captain A Baquet, arrived from Montreal yesterday morning, mooring at St Andrew's wharf, where her stores and cabin furniture were removed. She was subsequently placed in the Princess Louise Basin.

AGROUND—London, Nov 15—The steamer "Lahn," which sailed from Bremen this morning for New York, ran aground in the River Weser.——The Dutch steamer "Maasdam," Captain Potjer, from New York, Nov 5, for Antwerp and Rotterdam, which arrived to-day at Maaslius, is aground there.

A PAYING VOYAGE—New York, Nov 15—The big Yankee sailing ship "Susquehanna" arrived here to-day after completing her maiden Atlantic and Pacific passage. She made the triangular passage from this city to San Francisco, San Francisco to Liverpool, and Liverpool to Sandy Hook, a total of 39,000 miles, in 270 running days, an average of 144½ miles per day. The trip to San Francisco was made in 140 days, that to Liverpool in 92 days and that from the Mersey here in 38 days. The "Susquehanna" has earned $57,000 freight money on the triangular voyage.

FOR SEA—Bark "Beppo" left for sea yesterday morning in tow of tug "Relief," which takes her to the foot of the Traverse.

LIGHTSHIP—The Lower Traverse lightship arrived from her station yesterday afternoon in tow of tug "Rhoda."

PASSED—Yesterday, ss "Iona," Montreal, for United Kingdom.

**SIGNAL SERVICE MARINE DEPARTMENT.**

QUEBEC, November 15, 1892.

L'Islet—Cloudy and calm. Outward at noon, tug Relief with bark.

Father Point—Clear; north-west wind. Inward at 11 a m, a Black Diamond steamer.

Cape Chatte—West wind. Inward at noon, str Storm King.

Martin River—Clear; west wind. Outward at 3 p m yesterday, str Lake Ontario. Inward at 2 p m to-day, str Dominion.

Cape Magdalen—North-west wind. Outward at noon, bark Neophyte.

Fame Point—South wind. Inward yesterday at 3 p m, str Louisburg. Outward at 7 p m, strs Parisian and Cacouna; to-day, at 9 a m, str Netherholme.

Cape Despair—Clear; north wind. Inward at 10 a m, str Beaver.

Point des Monts—Strong west wind. Inward at 8 a m off Esquimaux Point, str Otter.

Cape Ray—Clear; west wind. Inward at 1.30 p m, str Sarnia.

**PORT OF QUEBEC—ARRIVED.**

Nov 15—SS Circassian, Moore, Liverpool, Nov 3, via Moville, Allans, Rae & co, 292 passengers and general cargo.

## TIDE TABLE.

HIGH WATER AT QUEBEC—STANDARD TIME—1892

| November. | Morning. | Evening. |
|---|---|---|
| Monday.....14 | 2 21 | 2 58 |
| Tuesday.....15 | 3 31 | 4 01 |
| Wednesday.....16 | 4 26 | 4 48 |
| Thursday.....17 | 5 08 | 5 26 |
| Friday.....18 | 5 43 | 6 01 |
| Saturday.....19 | 6 16 | 6 31 |
| Sunday.....20 | 6 47 | 7 03 |

N.B.—The stream of tide runs up forty-five minutes after high water.

MOON'S PHASES.—New Moon, Saturday, 19th November, 8.19 a.m.

# COMMERCIAL.

QUEBEC, 15th November, 1892.

**River Freights.**

To Montreal—Molasses, 70c. per puncheon. Salt, 8c. per sack. Coal, 90c. Iron, $1.00 per ton, sailing. Scrap Iron, $1.10 per ton. Sawn Lumber, Pine and Spruce, per 1,000 feet, board measure, $1.00; Tamarac, $1.25.

Lumber to Burlington, Whitehall and Plattsburg, $1.50 per 1,000 feet, B. M.

Lumber to New York, $2.50 per 1,000 feet B.M.

To Cohoes, N.Y.—Pulp wood, $3.00 per cord.

To Three Rivers—Salt, 7 cents per bag. Coal, 80 cents per ton.

To Larabee Point—Railway ties, tamarac, 8½ cents.

From Batiscan to Burlington, Plattsburg and Whitehall.—Lumber, $1.40 per 1,000 feet, B. M.

From Montreal—Flour, 8 cents per barrel, and 4 cents per bag. Pork, 12 cents per barrel, Heavy goods, 5 cents per 100 lbs., and charges, or 6 cents free. Bran per ton of 2,000 lbs., $1.00.

GOLD EXCHANGE—NEW YORK, Nov. 15, 11.00 a. m.—American Gold, 4.87½. Sterling Exchange, 4.85.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, Nov. 15, 11.30 a.m.—Cotton, easier. American Middlings, 4 13-16d.

QUEBEC RETAIL MARKET, Nov. 15, 1892.—Beef, 1st quality, dressed, per 100 lbs., $10; 2nd do $8; 3rd do do $6.00 to $7.00; per lb., 5c to 12½c. Veal, per lb., 10c to 12c. Mutton, per lb., 10c to 12c. Spring Lamb, $2.50 to $4.00 each. Pork, fresh, per 100 lbs, $6.50 to $7.25; per lb., 12c; salt, per barrel, $17.50 to $19.00; per lb., 11c to 12c. Hams, fresh, per lb., 8½ to 9c; smoked do, 10c to 11½c. Flour, Hungarian Roller Process, per barrel, $4.10 to $5.25; Superior Extra, $4.25 to $4.40; Extra, $3.75 to $3.90; Strong Bakers, $4.40 to $4.50; Spring Extra, $3.70 to $3.75; Superfine, $3.60 to $3.70; Fine, $3.25 to $3.40; Bag 100 lbs., $1.90 to $2.20. Oat Meal, per brl., $4.50 to $4.75; Corn, white, do, $3.50 to $3.60; do yellow, do, $3.10 to $3.25. Salmon, No. 1, per brl of 200 lbs., $14.00 to $14.50; per lb., 10c to 10c. Codfish, green, per brl., $4.25 to $4.50; do in draft, $4.50 to $4.50; per lb, 4c; dry, per quintal, $5.00 to $5.50. Cod Oil, per gallon, 32c to 33c. Labrador Herrings, No. 1, per brl, $6.00 to $6.50. Fowls, per pair, 40c to 80c; Spring Chickens, do, 50c to $1.00; Turkeys, do, $2.00 to $4.00; Black Duck, per brace, $1.00; Plover, do, 50c; Woodcock, do, $1.00 to $1.25; Snipe, do, 50c to 60c; Partridge, do, 50c to 60c. Potatoes, (early rose), per bushel, 50c to 60c. Oats, per bus 34 lbs, 36c to 37c Butter, salt, per lb., 16c to 18c; Fresh do do, 18c to 20c; do do do (prints), 25c to 30c. Cheese, per lb., 12c to 12½c. Eggs, per dozen, 18c to 20c. Hay, per 100 bdls., $8.25 to $8.50 Straw, do, $4.00 to $5.00. Wood, per cord (2 feet 6 inches), $3.50 to $4.50; (3 feet), $3.50 to $5.50.

LEATHER MARKET.—Spanish Sole, No. 1, per lb, 22c to 24c; do No. 2, 20c to 21c; Slaughter Sole, No. 1, 24 cts.; Harness Leather, 24c to 27c; Waxed Upper, 30c to 35c; Buff and Pebbled Cow, per foot, 12c to 15c; Patent Cow, 15c to 17c; Enamelled Cow, 15c to 17c; Calfskins, heavy, per lb., 55c to 65c; do light, 60c to 75c; Splits, small, 18c to 22c; do large, 22c to 26c.

HIDES AND SKINS.—Green and Inspected per 100 lbs. No. 1, $5.00; do do do No. 2, $4.00.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.—Montreal, Nov. 15—Bank of Montreal, ex-div., 233¾ to 232¼; sales, 50 shares at 232¼. Quebec Bank, 130 to 127. Ontario Bank, ex-div., 117½ offered. Banque du Peuple, 110 to 108. Molson's Bank, 172 asked. Bank of Toronto, 250 offered. Banque Jacques-Cartier, 130 to 122. Merchants Bank, ex-div., 167½ to 164¾. Eastern Townships Bank, 150 to 130. Union Bank, ex-div., 93 offered. Banque Nationale, 86½ offered. Bank of Commerce, ex div., 144 to 141. Imperial Bank, 188½ to 187½. Hochelaga Bank, 117 to 115. Commercial Bank of Manitoba, 90 asked. Montreal Telegraph Company, 156 to 155; sales, 25 shares at 156. North-West Land Company, 90½ to 89½. Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, 69 to 68. City Passenger Railway, 240 to 239; sales, 25 shares at 236. Montreal Gas Company, 228 to 227¾; sales, 640 shares at 227½. Canada Pacific Railway, 89½ to 88¾; sales, 100 shares at 89. Canada Colored Cotton Company, 111 to 109. Montreal Cotton Company, 142 to 139½. Dominion Cotton Mills Company, 140 to 136½. New Gas Company, 200 offered. New Passenger Railway Company, 178 asked. Commercial Cable Company, 177½ to 177; sales, 25 shares at 177½; 50 shares at 177¾; 25 shares at 177½. Bell Telephone Company, 162 to 159. Grand Trunk Railway, 1sts, 60 to 59. Duluth Railway, 12½ to 12. Duluth Railway, preferred, 28½ to 28; sales, 50 shares at 28½. Wabash Railway, 12½ to 11. Wabash Railway, preferred, 27 to 26½.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET, November 15.—Stock market, steady. American Express, 119; Atcheson, 38¾; C B and Q, 103; Canada Pacific, 88¾; Canada Southern, 57½; D and H, 132; Deleware and Lackawana, 151¾; L and N, 70½; Lake Shore, 132¾; Michigan Central, 108; Northern Pacific, 18½; do preferred, 51¾; North-Western, 116; New York Central, 110⅝; Rock Island, 82½; St. Paul, 80⅝; do preferred, 124½; St. P M and M, 113½; Union Pacific, 30⅝; Western Union Telegraph, 98¾.

LATEST PRODUCE MARKETS.—NEW YORK, November 15.—Cotton, quiet; Uplands, 9½; Orleans, 9 7-16; futures, steady; sellers, Nov, at 8.79; December, at 8.87; January, at 8.99; February, at 9.16. Flour market, firm: receipts, 61,000 barrels; sales, 5,000 barrels. Winter wheat, low grades, at 2.00 to 2.75; fair to fancy at 2.75 to 3.75; patents, at 4.00 to 4.25. Rye flour, steady; sellers at 3.35 to 3.60 Wheat, steady; receipts, 231,000 bushels; sales, 730,000 bushels; sellers, Dec, at 76 7-16c to 76⅝c; Jan, at 78⅛c to 78½c; March, at 81½c to 81 7-16c; May, at 83½c to 83⅞c; June, at 84⅝c to 85c. Rye, steady; sellers, western at 58c to 60c. Barley, quiet; sellers, western at 65c to 75c; No. 2 Toronto, at 85c to 85c. Corn, steady; receipts, 48,000 bushels; sales, 210,000 bush. No. 2 sellers, Dec, closed at 50½c to 50⅝c; No. 2 at 50½c to 51½c. Oats, easy; receipts, 159,000 bushels; sales 30,000 bushels; sellers State, at 34½c to 46½c; Western, at 34½c to 46½c. Pork, firm; sellers at 13.25 to 13.50. Lard, firm; sellers at 9.75 to 9.80. Butter, quiet; sellers, State dairy, at 18c to 26c; creamery, at 23c to 30c. Cheese, firm; sellers, State at 7½c to 10½c; fancy, at 10½c to 10¾c. Eggs, firm; sellers, State at 28c to 28c. Sugar, steady; crushed at 5 5-16c to 5½c; powdered at 4 13-16c to 5c; granulated at 4 11-16c to 5c.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 15.—The leading futures closed as follows:—Wheat, No 2 sellers, Nov, at 71c; Dec, at 72c; May, at 78½c. Corn—No 2 sellers, Nov, at 40¾c; Dec, at 41c; May, at 46½c. Oats—No 2 sellers, Nov, at 30½c to 30¾c; Dec, at 31½c; May, at 35½c to 35¾. Mess Pork—per barrel, sellers Dec, 12.12½; Jan, at 13.52½; May, at 13.72½. Lard—per 120 lbs sellers Nov, at 8.95; Jan, at 7.87½; May, at 7.92½. Short Ribs—per 100 lbs, sellers, Jan, at 6.92½; May, at 7.10. Cash quotations were as follows: No. 2 spring wheat at 71c; No. 3 spring wheat, at 61c to 61. No. 2 Red wheat at 72c. No. 2 Corn at 40¾c. No. 2 Oats at 30½c to 30¾c. No. 2 white oats, at 34½c to 36½c. No. 3 white oats, f o b, at 32½c to 32½c. No. 2 Rye at 49½c. No. 2 Barley, at 63c to 64c. Mess Pork at 12.12½ to 12.25. Lard at 9.30. Short Ribs sides at 7.50 to 7.55. Dry salted shoulders at 7.25 to 7.35. Short clear sides at 8.00 to 8.05. Receipts—Flour, 20,000 barrels; wheat, 186,000 bushels; corn, 240,000 bushels; oats, 192,000 bushels; rye, 6,000 bushels; barley, 111,000 bushels. Shipments—Flour, 16,000 barrels; wheat, 333,000 bushels; corn, 142,000 bushels; oats, 161,000 bushels; rye, 8,000 bushels; barley, 96,000 bushels.

# IMPORTS.

Nov 16—Per ss Storm King, Crosby, London—1 box effects to Mrs S S Oliver. 2 cases nutmegs to N Turcotte & co. 2 do candles, 43 do confectionery, 3 hhds mustard flour, 6 cases do, 3 do blue, 1 do show cards to John Ross & co. 1 hhd mustard flour, 1 cask do, 3 cases do, 6 do blue, 1 do show cards to Langlois & Paradis. 7 cases mdse, 1 bale do to Simons & Foulds. 1 case do, 25 do pickles, 50 do candles to order. 6 brls linseed oil to Jas Young. 79 hlf chests tea, 30 boxes do to John Ross & co. 15 hlf chests do, 45 boxes do to N Rioux & co. 2 cases leather goods to T J Moore & co. 3 do do to J E Walsh. 2 do paper to Dobell, Beckett & co. 7 csks mdse to Turcotte & Provost. 49 boxes tea to A Carrier & Fils. 1 case mdse to J B Laliberte. 1 tree do, 6 casks do to Archdale, Wilson & co. 101 hlf chests tea, 1 pkge stationery, 1 do sundries, 100 cases candles to A Joseph & Sons. 175 do do to John Ross & co. 300 green cases gin, 30 cases rhum to order.—Remainder of cargo for Montreal and the West.

**Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, 50 cents. No exception will be made to this rule.**

# DEATH.

KEATING.—On Tuesday, the 15th instant, at the age of 19 years and 10 months, Marguerite, daughter of Mr. John Keating.

The funeral will leave the residence of her father, No. 21 Ramsay street, on Thursday, the 17th instant, at 2.30 o'clock p.m., for St. Patrick's Church, and thence to St. Patrick's Cemetery. Relations and friends are requested to attend without further invitation.

☞ Halifax, N.S., papers please copy.

## THOMAS NEILL EXECUTED.

*THE END OF THE GIRL POISONER.*

### HE MADE NO CONFESSION.

LONDON, Nov. 15—Neill, the poisoner, was executed at 9 a.m.

Thomas Neill, the murderer of Matilda Clover and several other girls, paid the penalty of his crime at 9 o'clock this morning. At three minutes to nine, Billington, accompanied by an assistant who carried the pinioning material, entered the cell of the condemned man, where he found the prison chaplain ministering to Neill. Without a moment's delay the hangman, while courteously asking the permission of the condemned man, deftly and rapidly pinioned him, passing a broad belt around his waist and securing his elbows with two straps tightly drawn back and fastened to the belt behind. Straps were placed round the wrists and connected with the body belt in front. This rendered Neill absolutely incapable of moving his arms or hands. The condemned man did not utter a word during the process, which lasted barely a minute.

THE PROCESSION TO THE GALLOWS

was then formed. It was headed by the chief warden, who was followed by the chaplain, who as he walked read the burial service. Neill came next, guarded on each side. He walked firmly. A deadly pallor overspread his features, but his face showed no other trace of emotion. Close behind the prisoner walked the hangman.

ON ARRIVING AT THE SCAFFOLD

the white cap, which had been previously placed on the head of the condemned man, was pulled down over his eyes. Hangman Billington then guided him on to the trap doors beneath the cross beam, from which a rope with a hempen noose at the end was dangling. The white cap was then drawn so it covered the chin, rendering it impossible for Neill to see the final preparations for his death.

THE FINAL SCENE.

These took only a few minutes. His legs were pinioned with a strap that was fastened below the knees. The noose was then dropped over his head and adjusted around his neck. The ring was fixed behind the left ear. In another second the executioner stepped a pace to the rear, pressed a lever, the trap fell and Neill's body dropped five feet into the pit.

Billington and the other persons who saw the execution concur in the opinion that death was instantaneous. There were convulsive twitchings of the muscles of the back and limbs, which lasted for a few seconds, and then the body hung motionless. Just prior to the cap being darwn over his face, Neill thanked the prison officials for their courtesy and kindness.

NEILL'S LAST MOMENTS.

The prison chaplain says that yesterday he found Neill exceedingly morose and unresponsive to his appeals to accept his fate and to think only of passing to a higher life. This morning the chaplain's endeavors to bring him to a happier frame of mind were to little purpose. Neill passed a restless night, dozing occasionally and then awaking with a start. A medical register was kept in his cell recording the hours he spent in sleep since his condemnation. It shows that he slept a few hours each night. Last night he went to bed at nine o'clock, but did not have a single hour of unbroken sleep.

Without being called he arose at seven o'clock this morning and washed and dressed. Then he sat down awaiting his last meal. He spoke hardly a word to his warders. He partook sparingly of breakfast, which consisted of tea, bread and eggs. At eight o'clock the chaplain arrived and was conducted to the cell of the condemned man. Neill paid respectful attention to him, but throughout the three-quarters of an hour which the chaplain spent with him, exhorting him to repent of his sins, Neill scarcely said a word, listening with seeming apathy.

HE GREETS THE EXECUTIONER.

When the hangman and prison authorities entered the cell, Neill was seated on a chair at the foot of his pallet. He arose and advanced to meet them. Billington at once stepped forward and Neill greeted him with a bow. As he began to pinion him, Neill took off his spectacles and left them on a table in his cell.

RESIGNED TO HIS FATE.

Mr. Metcalf, the Under Sheriff, told the representative of the Associated Press that the calmness and self-possession displayed by Neill throughout rendered the work of execution easy. He seemed resigned to his fate. Neill told Mr. Metcalf that the last two days had been the calmest and perhaps the happiest of his life. He declined to take wine or spirits to sustain him in the final ordeal.

HIS REMARKABLE COOLNESS.

Billington says he was notably cool. He required little direction and placed himself in the exact position in the centre of the drop. Neill doffed his prison clothes this morning and wore a black morning coat and brown trousers.

During the reading of the service for the dead on the way to the scaffold, Neill remained silent, not joining in as some condemned men going to the scaffold have been known to do.

Billington stated that the exact length of the drop was five feet four inches. Between the time of his sentence and execution Neill gained four pounds in weight, scaling yesterday 127 pounds. His physical build required a long drop. The body was cut down at 10 o'clock.

THE CORONER'S INQUEST.

At noon a jury viewed the body and returned a formal verdict in accordance with the medical testimony, that death had been caused by a fracture of the neck. The body was then placed in a perforated coffin into which a sack of quick lime was poured. The features showed no trace of the man's violent end. The only sign of what had caused death was a red line about the neck, made by the noose, and a deep impression below the ear, where the ring had caught.

A GHASTLY GRAVEYARD.

The body was buried under the flagstones in the corridor through which Neill had passed a short time before on his way to the scaffold. The grave was not opened until after the execution, when a flagstone was lifted close to the spot where Mrs. Piercey, the murderess of her paramour's wife and child, was buried. The corridor of Newgate is perhaps the most ghastly spot in the world. Under the flogging of this corridor have been buried the bodies of a long succession of notable and obscure criminals. Initials or numbers cut in the walls indicate the more recent interments. Earlier inscriptions have been defaced by time.

NO SYMPATHY FOR THE POISONER.

A crowd of about 500 persons gathered outside of the prison. Not the faintest trace of sympathy was shown for Neill. On the contrary, such expressions as "They'll soon finish him," and "It will be a good job too," were heard on every side. Probably no criminal was ever executed in London who had a less pitying mob awaiting his extinction. Neill died amid general execrations. When the black flag was run up on the flagstaff, just as the church clock ceased chiming nine, groans and half-suppressed howls along the ranks of the people testified to the state of feeling.

Neill made no confession.


**"Au Bon Ton" will continue the cheap sale for a few days more. Blagdon & Paradis.**


An interesting feature of the December number of *Harper's Magazine* will be the publication, for the first time, of a series of drawings by W. M. Thackeray illustrating the ballad of Lord Bateman. Mrs. Anne Thackeray Ritchie, in some words of comment on the drawings, explains how they were discovered and how they came into the possession of the *Magazine*. "I never knew," she says, "that my father had made pictures to the familiar ballad, nor was it until the other day, when Mrs. Leslie Stephen sent them to me, that I ever saw the sketches. This lady happened to be nursing her children through some infantine illness, and in their nursery stood a table which had also stood in my own sister's nursery before. By some accident the table went over with a crash, and an unsuspected drawer fell out, all stuffed full of papers and odds and ends. Among them were these present pictures, which had emerged into the daylight after over a quarter of a century of seclusion."


## AT HAND

In a dangerous emergency, AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL is prompt to act and sure to cure. A dose taken on the first symptoms of Croup or Bronchitis, checks further progress of these complaints. It softens the phlegm, soothes the inflamed membrane, and induces sleep. As a remedy for colds, coughs, loss of voice, la grippe, pneumonia, and even consumption, in its early stages,

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

excels all similar preparations. It is endorsed by leading physicians, is agreeable to the taste, does not interfere with digestion, and needs to be taken usually in small doses.

"From repeated tests in my own family, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has proved itself a very efficient remedy for colds, coughs, and the various disorders of the throat and lungs."—A. W. Bartlett, Pittsfield, N. H.

"For the last 25 years I have been taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for lung troubles, and am assured that its use has

Saved My Life

I have recommended it to hundreds. I find the most effective way of taking this medicine is in small and frequent doses."—T. M. Matthews, P. M., Sherman, Ohio.

"My wife suffered from a cold; nothing helped her but Ayer's Cherry Pectoral which effected a cure."—R. Amero, Plympton, N. S.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Prompt to act, sure to cure

March 28 1892 Lm

## Currie's

Edinburgh Waterproof { Free from odor. Always soft and Durable.

## Coats.

These are the popular coats throughout ENGLAND and SCOTLAND and are really the finest waterproof garments in the world.

All Good Dealers Sell Them.

October 8, 1892. wed&sat-tf

## No! No! No!

You need n't go to Florida, but take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Of Pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites.

It will STRENGTHEN WEAK LUNGS, STOP THE COUGH, AND CHECK all WASTING DISEASES. A remarkable flesh producer and it is almost as Palatable as Milk. Be sure to get the genuine put up in salmon-colored wrappers.

Prepared only by Scott & Bowne, Belleville.

September 30, 1892 m,w fri&w

COUGH NO MORE

WATSONS' COUGH DROPS

WILL GIVE POSITIVE AND INSTANT RELIEF TO THOSE SUFFERING FROM COLDS, HOARSENESS, SORE THROAT, ETC., AND ARE INVALUABLE TO ORATORS AND VOCALISTS. R. & T. W. WATSON ON EACH DROP. TRY THEM

## CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

May 1882 w&m,fr

## SALE!

OVERCOATS, Beavers, CHEAP. D. MORGAN.

OVERCOATS, Irish Frieze, CHEAP. D. MORGAN.

OVERCOATS, Twills, CHEAP. D. MORGAN.

SUITS, Newest Styles, CHEAP. D. MORGAN,

SUITS, Heavy Tweeds, CHEAP. D. MORGAN,

CLOTHS, All Styles, CHEAP. D. MORGAN.

Underwear, Gloves and Gent's Furnishings.

☞ Owing to improvements to take place in my establishment, the entire stock is to be sold off.

## D. Morgan,

PLACE D'ARMES,

November 5, 1892. Oct

## Business Stand and Dwelling

TO LET!

THAT LARGE AND WELL situated building No. 22 Fabrique street, heretofore occupied by Messrs. Fyfe & Leitch, Dry Goods Merchants, and more recently by Adam Watters, Grocer. The building is heated throughout by hot water, extends from Fabrique street in front to Garneau street in rear, having entrance on latter street to extensive frost-proof cellar, and private entrance to dwelling. The Shop is fitted with counters and shelving, private office, &c. The property is in close proximity to the New Hotel, the Post Office and is one of the most desirable business stands in the city of Quebec. Possession on 1st May next, 1893, or earlier if required.

For further particulars apply to

MEREDITH & COUTURE, Notaries Public, 92 St. Peter Street Quebec.

TELEPHONE No. 562.

November 5, 1892 Am


# NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Quebec & Levis Electric Light Company will apply to the Quebec Legislature at its next session, for an Act amending its Act of Incorporation, in among other respects the following to wit:—To change the Corporate name; to grant power to purchase and lease Lands, Rivers, Lakes and Waterpowers, to build, lease or sell Dams, Flumes, Canals, Power, Power Stations, Mills and Electrical Appliances; to manufacture and sell Electrical Apparatus, and in other particulars.

CARON, PENTLAND & STUART, Solicitors for Quebec & Levis Electric Light Company.

Quebec, November 2, 1892.

November 4, 1892. Am


## COALS!

If You Are Not Yet Supplied

☞ CALL UPON ☜

Geo. M. Webster & Co.

95, 97, 99, Dalhousie Street.

TELEPHONE 196

October 29, 1892

MOTT'S DIAMOND CHOCOLATE. JOHN P. MOTT & CO. HALIFAX, N.S. ESTABLISHED 1844. IS THE BEST.

For Sale Everywhere.

ASK FOR

MOTT'S.

November 5, 1892. t,th,sat-Lm

THE CANADA

Sugar Refining Co.

(Limited), MONTREAL,

MANUFACTURERS OF REFINED SUGARS OF THE WELL-KNOWN BRAND

Redpath

Of the Highest Quality and Purity.

*Made by the Latest Processes, and Newest and Best Machinery, not surpassed anywhere.*

LUMP SUGAR, In 50 and 100 lb. boxes.

"CROWN" Granulated, Special Brand, the finest which can be made

EXTRA GRANULATED, Very Superior Quality

CREAM SUGARS, (Not dried).

YELLOW SUGARS, Of all Grades and Standards.

SYRUPS, Of all Grades in Barrels and half Barrels

SOLE MAKERS, Of high class Syrups in Tins, 2 lb. and 1 lb each.

June 11, 1892. nov29-tu,th&sat-L


## IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 35.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A Dividend at the rate of Eight per cent. per annum upon the Paid-up Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared for the current half-year, and the same will be payable at the Bank and its Branches, on and after THURSDAY, the first day of December next

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 30th November, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

D. R. WILKIE, Cashier.

Toronto, 27th October, 1892.

November 2, 1892. wed&sat-td

## QUEBEC BANK.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A Dividend of Three and a Half per cent. upon the Paid-up Capital Stock of this Institution, has been declared for the current half year, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House, in this city, and at its Branches, on and after THURSDAY, the first day of December next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to 30th Novemberr next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

JAMES STEVENSON, General Manager.

Quebec, 28th October, 1892.

October 29, 1892. F&ao-td

## BANK OF MONTREAL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT a DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. upon the paid-up Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be PAYABLE at its Banking House in this City, and at its Branches, on and after THURSDAY, the FIRST DAY OF DECEMBER next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th of November next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

E. S. CLOUSTON, General Manager.

Montreal, 25th October, 1892.

October 27, 1892. ao-td

## UNION BANK OF CANADA.

DIVIDEND NO. 52.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A Dividend of THREE per cent. upon the Paid-up Capital Stock of this Institution, has been declared for the current half-year, and will be payable at the Bank and its Branches on and after THURSDAY, the FIRST day of DECEMBER next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th of November next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

E. E. WEBB, General Manager.

Quebec, October 25, 1892.

October 26, 1892.


## Always in Stock!

Pepsalia, 4th Supply.
Nestle's Food (10 cases).
Hot Water Bags, all sizes.
Bermuda Arrowroot.
Spirit Stoves.
New Perfumes.
Air Cushions and Pillows,

—AT THE—

MEDICAL HALL,

16 FABRIQUE STREET.

W. B. ROGERS PROPRIETOR

October 4, 1892. 25-Lm


THE QUEBEC

# Morning Chronicle

ESTABLISHED 1847.

The Daily CHRONICLE, the only morning paper in Quebec, containing the latest intelligence from all parts of the world up to five o'clock every day, is delivered at the residence of subscribers or mailed to all parts of Canada at

SIX DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

# The Quebec Gazette

WEEK

## CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

**Mail Orders Carefully Filled.**

# IF YOU WANT

## Groceries

Go to any respectable Grocery Store and you will be well served.]

**If You Want**

## Stationery

Go to any respectable Stationery or Book Store and you will get well served.

**If You Want**

## Tin Kettles

Or any other kind of Hardware, go to any respectable Hardware Store and you will get well served.

**If You Want**

## Boots

Go to any respectable Boot and Shoe Store and you are sure to get well served.]

**If You Want**

## DRUGS

Go to any respectable Druggist and you will get well served.

**If You Want**

## FURNITURE

Go to any respectable Furniture Dealer and he will serve you well.

**If You Want**

## SILVERWARE

Go to any respectable Jewellery Store and you will be well served.

**If You Want**

## DRY GOODS

Go to any respectable Dry Goods Store and you will be well served.

**IF YOU WANT**

## CREDIT

Go to any respectable Credit Giving Store and they serve you well at Credit Prices.

**IF YOU**

## PAY CASH

Then any respectable Cash Store will serve you well, and you get the best value for your money.

NEVER EXPECT
NEVER EXPECT
NEVER EXPECT
NEVER EXPECT
NEVER EXPECT

To get good value for Ready Money at a Credit Giving Store, because their system of business necessitates a very large profit in order to make up for Bad Debts

AND NEVER EXPECT
AND NEVER EXPECT
AND NEVER EXPECT
AND NEVER EXPECT
AND NEVER EXPECT

To get as well served at a General Store as at a Store where their whole attention is devoted to their own business only.

Who would think of going to an ordinary general medical practitioner to have a tooth drawn instead of to a professional dentist. The former doubtless would get the tooth out, and may be a piece of the jaw in the bargain, as often been done years ago.

IT IS JUST THE SAME

with general store keepers, when compared with those who adhere to their own profession.

S. CARSLEY.

DON'T
DON'T
DON'T
DON'T

BUY AT S. CARSLEY'S
UNLESS HE GIVES
UNLESS HE GIVES
UNLESS HE GIVES
UNLESS HE GIVES
UNLESS HE GIVES

THE BEST VALUE
THE BEST VALUE
THE BEST VALUE
THE BEST VALUE
THE BEST VALUE

IN THE DOMINION
IN THE DOMINION
IN THE DOMINION
IN THE DOMINION
IN THE DOMINION

**S. CARSLEY'S,**

1765, 1767, 1769, 1771, 1773, 1775, 1777
NOTRE DAME STREET,
MONTREAL.

**CARSLEY'S COLUMN.**

November 15, 1892. 1m


If sick headache is misery, what are Carter's Little Liver Pills if they will positively cure it? People who have used them speak frankly of their worth. They are small and easy to take. m,w,fri&w

## CHESS.

Correspondence intended for this column and exchanges should be addressed "CHESS EDITOR MORNING CHRONICLE, QUEBEC."

QUEBEC, Wednesday, Nov. 16th, 1892.

The Quebec Chess Club meet every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 8.00 p.m., in the Rooms, ground floor of the Masonic Building, Garden street.

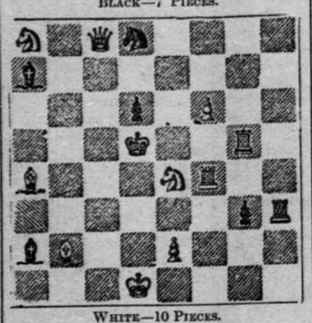
Chess players visiting the city are cordially invited.

PROBLEM No. 696.

Third prize in Hackney *Mercury* tourney.

By Walter Gleave, London.

BLACK—7 PIECES.



WHITE—10 PIECES.

White mates in two moves.

WHITE—K Q sq; Q Q B 8; R's K B 4 and K R 3; B's Q Kt 2 and Q R 4; Kt's K 4 and Q R 8; P's K 2 and K B 6.
BLACK—K Q 4; R K Kt 4; B's Q R 2 and 7; Kt Q sq; P's Q 3, K Kt 6.

SOLUTION TO PROBLEM No. 694.

1. Kt K 4, P B 4; 2. Q tks P ch, etc. If 1—P Kt 4; 2. Q K Kt 6, etc.; If 1—K tks Kt; 2. Q R sq ch, etc.

Correct solution received from J. B. A.

MONTREAL CHESS DIRECTORY.

The Montreal Chess Club meets every day from 4 to 6 p.m., and on the evenings of Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at the Club rooms, No. 14 Phillips Square.

The French-Canadian Chess Club meets every evening, at their rooms, No. 480 Seigneurs street.

The Montreal A. A. A. Chess Club meets on Monday and Friday evenings, at their rooms, corner of Mansfield and Burnside streets.

The Beaver Chess Club meets every Tuesday and Friday nights, at their rooms, 130 St. Lawrence street.

The Heather Chess Club meets at No. 3,021 St. Catherine street, corner of Greene avenue, Cote St. Antoine, every Tuesday and Saturday at 7.30 p.m.

HOW A CHESSPLAYER BECAME A MILLIONAIRE.

A festive gathering of Liverpool chessplayers has taken place in Liverpool lately, at which the *Liverpool Mercury* Trophy, a magnificent silver castle, competed for by forty-six players of that city, was presented to the winner, Mr. Levy. The well-known veteran, Rev. J. Owen, presided, and, in the course of his opening address, said that, as a clergyman, he had always felt it his duty, as well as inclination, to support the extremely interesting game of chess as providing, in intellectual and social scenes, a happy occupation and amusement for leisure hours. There was said to be a danger about chess—that it was apt to absorb too much of the time of those who were actively engaged in business. He thought that the true way of looking at chess was to regard it as an abstraction. Two instances occurred to his mind. Both men were well known in the literary world; and both were very hard workers indeed. One was Buckle, the writer of the history of civilization, and the other was Staunton. Both excelled in chess; and they regarded it in the light of what he might call an abstraction. He knew Buckle very well at one time of his life, and he used to close the doors of his study for something like three weeks at a time, after perhaps as much as six months' hard work, and devote himself to this most valuable abstraction. Staunton, too, would have his months, so to speak, at chess. Speaking for himself, he found a pleasant change from his studies in chess, giving to it an afternoon once in the week or fortnight. The very strongest chessplayer was an amateur—Tarrasch—and there in Liverpool they had had such a champion as Mr. Burn, who was an amateur. He urged them, therefore, not to make the game a profession, but to follow it in their leisure hours, and regard it as an amusement and as an abstraction. They had the case of Baron Kolisch. He knew a good deal of Kolisch in his early career, and found him one of the deepest players he had ever been acquainted with. He was taken up by a Russian prince on account of his chessplaying powers, and the same accomplishment brought him into contact with the great Rothschild. On one occasion Rothschild said to him that it was a great pity that he had nothing else to do but play chess. He urged him to go into business, and he offered him the opportunity of gaining business experience in the financier's office. Kolisch had the sense to follow the advice, and later he was set up by his friend as a broker in Paris. One day, at a very critical time on the French Bourse, Kolisch was seen in very earnest conversation with the great Baron Rothschild. All eyes were turned upon them, and curiosity ran high as to who was the person who engaged Rothschild's attention, and led him to walk backwards and forwards. This gave a start to Kolisch, which he required, and made good use of. But the very curious thing was that the very earnest conversation on the Bourse had all been about a variation in the Evans' Gambit. The result of this prominence was that Kolisch became a millionaire, and a while ago was receiving the Empress of Austria. Kolisch when a young man was simply impecunious, and yet this chess faculty, this Chess Association, gave him the chance in life.—*Northern Whig.*

GAME No. 639.

After the tournament in Belfast, Lee visited Ballynahinch and other parts of Ireland, Bird returned to Newcastle (where coal is less expensive than in American hotels), and Blackburne went to Scotland, where he played the following brilliant, in a blindfold performance, at the Glasgow Club, of six simultaneous games:—

| WHITE. Mr. Blackburne. | BLACK. Mr. Gilchrist. |
|---|---|
| 1 P K 4 | 1 P K 4 |
| 2 P Q 4 | 2 P tks P |
| 3 P Q B 3 | 3 P tks P |
| 4 B Q B 4 | 4 P Q 3 |
| 5 Q Kt 3 | 5 Q B 3 |
| 6 Kt tks P | 6 Kt K 2 |
| 7 Kt B 3 | 7 P K R 3 |
| 8 B K 3 | 8 Q Kt B 3 |
| 9 Castles K R | 9 P R 3 |
| 10 Q R Q sq | 10 P K Kt 4 |
| 11 Kt Q 4 | 11 Kt K 4 |
| 12 P B 4 | 12 Kt tks B |
| 13 P tks P | 13 Q Kt 3 |
| 14 Q tks Kt | 14 P Q B 3 |
| 15 R B 6 | 15 Q R 4 |
| 16 P Kt 6 | 16 P Q 4 |
| 17 P tks Q P | 17 Kt tks K P |
| 18 P tks P ch | 18 K K 2 |
| 19 Kt tks Kt ch | 19 P tks Kt |
| 20 Q K B sq | 20 Q tks R |
| 21 Q tks Q | 21 K tks R |
| 22 Q B sq ch | 22 K K 2 |
| 23 Kt B 5 ch | 23 B tks Kt |
| 24 Q tks B | 24 B Kt 2 |
| 25 B B 5 ch | 25 K Q sq |
| 26 Q tks P ch | 26 K B 2 |
| 27 Q Q 6 ch | 27 K moves |
| 28 Q K 6 ch | 28 K Kt sq |
| 29 B Q 6 ch | 29 K R 2 |
| 30 Q K 3 ch | 30 P Kt 3 (a) |
| 31 Q mates. | |

(a) Interposing the Bishop would have delayed the mate for some moves.—*Montreal Gazette.*

### Naming the Baby.

The Wife—And what shall we name baby, dear?

The Husband—What's the matter with Mary? I've had 10 or 12 sweethearts by that name and am rather fond of it, of course. Besides, they may each of them send her a silver cup.

The Wife (freezingly)—That's so—and if any of them are solid we can sell them.—*Truth.*

**Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.**

## CITY AND DISTRICT ITEMS.

**Don't miss calling at "Au Bon Ton" this week. It will pay you.**

DIPHTHERIA—There are now nine houses placarded for diphtheria, and 17 cases in all.

—The 8th R. R. Mess Association will meet this evening at their rooms at 7.30 o'clock. See advt.

QUEBEC GUN CLUB.—The members of this Club will notice, by advertisement in another column, that trap shooting will begin again on Saturday next at 2 p. m. at the usual place.

QUEBEC S. S. CLUB.—The list for those who are desirous of giving a ball this year is now open at the secretary's office. We understand a certain number of names must be down on the list before any steps will be taken in the matter.

—It is probable that the fancy sale of the ladies of the St. Peter's Church Guild will be held in the St. Matthew's Parish room, on Friday, December 2nd, when, amongst other attractions, it is expected that there will be an extraordinary exhibition of dolls, etc.

THOUSANDS OF AMERICANS from Baltimore are arriving at Mr. Roumilhac's, 17 and 19 St. John street. They have come on in cars from Maryland and are packed in barrels. They will meet a favourable reception here as they travel under the name of the Baltimore oysters. They have been reduced in price by Mr. Roumilhac and are for sale at 35 cents per quart. See advt.

AVOID THE RUSH.—Messrs. Wright & Co., John street, are announcing in another column the receipt of the Xmas and holiday stock of the old favorite Boys' and Girls' annuals, besides all the other assortment of books, including Chatterbox, Little Folks, Wide Awake, etc, etc. These books are elegantly got up with beautiful colored pictures, and are just the things for Xmas gifts.

RECORDER'S COURT, YESTERDAY.—A plumber, who had imbibed more whiskey than water, was picked up in the streets and fined $5 and costs or one month in jail. A young clerk in an Upper Town store started out to paint the town red. After much difficulty, he was captured and lodged in the cells. The Recorder thought he would give him a lesson in good behaviour, and fined him $5 and costs or one month, for getting drunk, and another $5 or one month for resisting arrest.

EIGHTH R. R. SOCIAL.—We hear with much pleasure that the non-commissioned officers of our crack corps, the 8th, intend giving a series of socials during the winter in their comfortable rooms on Palace street. The first of these will take place to-morrow night, and those who are fortunate enough to secure invitations will no doubt have a jolly time. These social gatherings are considered to be a very good mode of bringing together the men and building up the backbone of the regiment.

POLICE COURT, YESTERDAY.—Two young men from Levis, respectively aged nineteen years, were arrested on a charge preferred against them by Superintendent Skeffington of the Intercolonial Railway, of having stolen several cases of brandy, whiskey and gin from the cars of the said company, and were remanded for three days. A lad of 13, employed by a grocer, pleaded guilty to taking a sum of money from his employer, and it being his first offence sentence was suspended. A warrant was taken out for assault, and the defendant gave bail to appear on the 18th instant to answer.

JACQUES CARTIER HALL.—A very large audience attended the Jacques Cartier Hall last night, in fact standing room was at a premium. The performance was good throughout. Miss Lizzie Johnston, the Little Serio Comic Queen of song and dance, is exceedingly good and was encored several times. The Earl sisters, Hazel and Maud, are really wonderful. Everyone should make it a point of going to see them. Miss Bobbie Carson was a great attraction. The Earl sisters in their daring trapeze act kept the audience spell bound and were loudly encored. The Brown Brothers, the acme of refined song and dance artists, and the Champion Lancashire Clog Dancers, brought down the house, and were repeatedly encored, to which they responded. They are a host in themselves. The clog dance was admirably executed. Little Gypsey performed some very fine dancing, which was much admired. In fact every one of the artists are first-class. The performance concluded with the laughable comedy "Sullivan's Arrival" and kept the audience in roars. Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

YOUNG MEN OF ALL LANDS.—The Union Service at the Y. M. C. A. Hall last night was well attended. Mr. J. C. Thomson, Vice-President of the Quebec Association, occupied the chair. After singing several selections from the Gospel Hymns, the Rev. W. T. Noble delivered an able address on the "Body, Soul and Spirit," showing the three-fold character of the work of the Young Men's Christian Association. His remarks were listened to with rapt attention. Mr. H. H. Distin, General Secretary, then presented the work of the International Committee, showing the wonderful growth of Association work since the Committee was organized in 1866. In 1866 there were less than 100 Associations with a membership of only 15,000, now there are 1,385 Associations with a total membership of 225,000. In 1866 the total net property amounted to $90,000, now it amounts to $12,000,000. Then there was less then $50,000 given annually to local work and only $522 for general (International) State and Provincial work, now there is $1,800,000 contributed to local Associations and $190,000 to the general work. The speaker also showed the remarkable growth of Association work in its different departments, among college students, railroadmen, Germans, French, colored and Indian young men, also the rapid increase in the different lines of effort carried on by local associations, including Bible and training classes, Gospel and prayer meetings for young men, lectures, entertainments, educational classes, libraries, reading rooms, gymnasiums, etc. The secretary then made an appeal on behalf of the international work, which was followed by a collection being taken up for this purpose. The service was brought to a close by singing the Doxology.——A mothers' prayer meeting will be held in Association Hall this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

### Literary Notices.

MISS JANE AUSTEN'S NOVELS.

Messrs. Roberts Bros., Boston, complete their convenient library edition of the novels of Jane Austen, by the publication of "Persuasion" and "Northanger Abbey," two stories, which, in their day, well sustained the author's reputation as a brilliant delineator of character. "Northanger Abbey" is, to a considerable extent, a humorous bit of work, travesting Mrs. Radcliffe's "Mysteries of Adolpho" most good-humoredly. Indeed, to enjoy the quiz thoroughly one must read the "Adolpho." Miss Austen is not spiteful, but she cuts deeply, and her story is rich in incident, bright talk, and character-drawing. Horrors,—after the manner of Mrs. Radcliffe,—of course there are, and they and the haunted Abbey are very amusing reading. The book is a good deal of a satire. The last work of Miss Austen was "Persuasion." It was written while the author was nearing her end. There is much in it that is tender, and sympathetic and melancholy. It is full of art too, and despite its sadness, the reader will find a great deal in it to enjoy. Anne Elliot, the "tough" Admiral, (from life) Elizabeth Elliot, and Mary Elliot are sketched with the vigor which characterizes all of Miss Austen's portraits. The story is well-constructed. The plot is ingenious and well-worked out. Though in failing health when the work was begun, and almost on her death-bed when "Persuasion" was finished, Miss Austen exhibits no sign of feebleness of literary execution. Every page has the true ring, the indefinable charm and color which have made her writings famous on two continents. Those who think Jane Austen old-fashioned, and neglect to read her wholesome, clean-cut tales, lose rare enjoyment indeed. She is worth a hundred of the hack-writers of to-day, whose works will not live as many weeks as her's have lived years. It is a pleasure to see Jane Austen re entering the world again, as it were, to give pleasure and delight to a fresh generation of appreciative lovers of high-class fiction. Lord Macaulay thought that there were no compositions which approached nearer to perfection than the novels of this remarkable woman, and to that estimate very many will be disposed to subscribe.

### Old Habits Strong.

"Say! You!" angrily shouted the street corner huckster to the well-dressed stranger who had swiped a peanut in passing, "don't you think you had better buy a cent's worth?"

"I beg your pardon, my friend," said the stranger, tossing him a dollar and passing on. "Before I struck natural gas I was a policeman."

## HON. MR. DALY'S SPEECH.

At the grand banquet given to the Hon. Minister of the Interior, the other night, at Brandon, Mr. Daly made the following speech, in response to the toast of his health:

Mr. Chairman, ladies and gentlemen, I am sure that I cannot find language in which to express to you, to-night, my feelings on this occasion. I have received, during the past 10 years that I have lived among you, many evidences of your good-will towards me, but to-night I feel almost too deeply touched for utterance. I feel that no words of mine can convey to you my gratitude, my neighbors and my friends.

I feel that, by your presence here to-night, to do honor to me as Minister of the Interior, not only you and Selkirk have been honored, but also that the whole of Manitoba has been honored. I am afraid, by the many kind things that I have heard here to-night, that you will expect almost too much from me; but rest assured, gentlemen, that I will do my duty in the present and future, as I have endeavoured to do in the past. (Cheers.) Though I am obliged to move my residence, with my family, to Ottawa, yet I shall remain forever mindful of you, my friends and neighbors during the past eleven years. Though I have received many telegrams and letters from my friends in Ontario, yet I value none so highly as those I have received from my friends in Manitoba.

I see among those here to-night many of those who belong to the Reform party, and I may say that I am proud that they have shown their friendship to me by coming here to-night. (Cheers). I am not going to say much to-night about the political questions of the day, as I have to be more guarded as a member of the Cabinet than as a simple member of the House.

"THE SCHOOL QUESTION."

It has been stated that my constituents would require certain statements from me upon this question, before they would allow me to be elected by acclamation. I understand that no one was present at the nomination upon behalf of the Opposition to demand these pledges, so I conclude their better judgment prevailed. (Hear, hear.) I am one of the sub-committee to which this great question was referred, and, as one of that sub-committee, it would be unfair for me to express an opinion as to what the finding of that committee is likely to be. But I will say here to my neighbors and to the public that neither I nor any one else has given any expression of opinion in reference to this question, or will do so, till the conclusion arrived at by Sir John Thompson, as leader of the Government, is announced in his place in the House. Yet my friends should have regard to the fact that the Government of Canada is a Government supported to-day by the desire to do right. Have confidence in that Government in the present and future, as you have shown in the past, and I feel that, when the times comes, you will have no reason to regret that confidence.

I regret very much that, in the discussion of this matter, it has not been approached by the people in what, I think, is a proper spirit. For this question is one more far-reaching and important than people in general are disposed to think. This question must be approached by the people of Canada as Canadians, not from the lights of their different and respective religious beliefs. (Hear, hear.) I will now give you a couple of quotations from the well-considered speeches of great public men, one in England and the other in Ontario, in order that the people of Manitoba and of Canada may consider this question as of far greater moment than they have done in the past:—

"Lastly, in the ninety-third clause, which contains the exceptional provisions to which I referred, your Lordships will observe some rather complicated arrangements in reference to education. I need hardly say that that great question gives rise to nearly as much earnestness and division of opinion on that as on this side of the Atlantic. This clause has been framed after long and anxious controversy, in which all parties have been represented, and on conditions to which all have given their consent. It is an understanding which, as it only concerns the local interests affected, is not one that Parliament would be willing to disturb, even if in the opinion of Parliament it were susceptible of amendment; but I am bound to add, as the expression of my own opinion, that the terms of the agreement appear to me to be equitable and judicious. For the object of the clause is to secure the religious minority of one Province the same rights, privileges and protection which the religious minority of another Province may enjoy."

This is the utterance of Lord Carnarvon. Then I have the utterance of Sir Oliver Mowat on the 25th of March, 1890, when he said as follows:—

"In what spirit was the new constitution framed? It was a compromise all round, and an essential part of that compromise—so essential that without it Confederation could never have taken place—was the provision by which the separate schools of Ontario, and the Protestant dissentient schools of Quebec, were guaranteed by Imperial enactment. But for this being guaranteed, we would have had no Dominion Parliament with its present limited powers, and no Provincial Legislatures with their powers."

Now, these statements that I have read to you will convey to your minds the greatness and the vastness of this question of education in Canada.

I have been told by the Press and I have been told by speakers here to-night that the people look to me, in my capacity as Minister of the Interior, for a more vigorous immigration policy. Now, I want those men who come here from foreign lands to understand that they can exercise their religious beliefs with the same freedom as in their fatherland. We find that almost all emigrants come here imbued with the idea that this is a free country and that they and their children will be able to worship according to their respective beliefs, and I hope and trust that we people in the western portion of Canada will set an example to the rest of Canada in this particular and that it will be said in the future that, so far as Manitoba and the North-West Territories are concerned, we are a free, broad-minded people and that, when a man comes here, we shall not care what his religious opinion or belief is and, when he goes out on any public or Dominion holiday and sees our national emblem unfolded to the breeze in the corner of that flag he will see the Union Jack, which is emblematical of the free institutions of Great Britain, and that that flag means religious freedom throughout the British possessions, that grand old flag that has braved a thousand years the battle and the breeze. I hope that we shall show that our attention is to people this country with a hardy and progressive race, who will become Canadians in heart and spirit.

Now, in reference to this great question of immigration I may say that my desire has been in the past to impress upon the Government at Ottawa the necessity of an active progressive immigration policy. I may say that I am now actuated by the same desire as I was when I was your simple representative in the House. I will endeavour to carry out that which I have desired others to do in the past and will try to inaugurate an immigration policy which will agree with the feelings and meet the expectations of the people in Manitoba and the North-West Territories. Yet I would ask you here in the Western Provinces to remember that Rome was not built in a day, and you must not expect too much at once. Our countrymen in the Eastern Provinces have not the same progressive views as we have here on this great question of immigration. As the House is likely to meet in January or February, you will see that there is but little time left for me, with all the heavy duties devolving on me, to make any radical changes in the very near future and, if you do not see people flowing in here by hundreds and thousands this coming year you must not blame myself or the Government. I am actuated by the sole and only wish that we should bring in people by the thousand to take up their residences in Manitoba and the North West Territories. (Hear, hear). I do not look for that immigration from Ontario and Quebec, or from the Maritime Provinces, but I look for that immigration to come from the States of the neighbouring Republic and from Europe. However, it takes time to show the results of any policy. Yet I can assure you that I will do my whole duty in the matter and will do my best to make this portion of this grand Dominion the noblest and best of all our Provinces, as the Provinces of Manitoba, Assiniboia, Saskatchewan and Alberta well deserve. (Loud cheering.)

Now, Mr. Chairman and ladies and gentlemen, I regret very much that, owing to your ovation to-night and the memories that surge through me as I think of leaving the place that has been my home for so many years, I have been unable to give expression to my feelings as fully and as ably as I should like to have done. I am unable, gentlemen, to do justice to my feelings; I am filled with the thoughts of days gone by, I can see my friends here to-night from Virden, Elkhorn, Souris, Hartney, Deloraine and many other places in my constituency, and I can remember when these places were not. When I think of the hardships that those men have had to endure and the pluck that they have needed to sustain them in their struggles, and find them all so prosperous to-day, I have but one desire and that is that I shall never forget those men of Western Manitoba, for I have been a pioneer myself and know what they have had to contend against. (Hear, hear and cheers). When I remember the city of Brandon in the early stages of its existence, I cannot help feeling proud of the fact that I have been one of the residents of your city for so many years and seen it reach the prosperous condition in which we find it to-day. (Hear, hear.) I cannot help extending to the citizens my thanks for their many kindnesses in years gone by, and I shall not forget in years to come that we have been pioneers together in this western country. I assure you that, though absent, I shall still remember not only the section of the Province of which I happened to be a resident, but I shall remember also the Province as a whole. I shall still be in the House of Commons a representative of the Province of Manitoba as a whole; I will also be a representative in the Cabinet of Manitoba, the North-West Territories and British Columbia, and I hope that my mind is large enough and that my ideas are progressive enough, so that I shall not look after the interests of only one of these great Provinces, but after the interests of all of them as a whole.

Now, as a Conservative and as a supporter of the National Policy, I think Canada will only be what it should be when we have fully peopled this great western plains and thus given the manufacturers of the East a home market for their productions. (Hear, hear and loud cheers). Then and only then do I think the National Policy will fully realize what its originators expected of it.

I am glad to think, gentlemen, that when you sent me to Ottawa, you sent me to support our late lamented leader the Right Honourable Sir John A. Macdonald; that I was a supporter of that great leader who gave us that great work of which we Canadians are all proud, the Canadian Pacific Railway. (Loud applause.) And, gentlemen, I am proud to point to the fact that the policy of the Government I have supported in the past has been a progressive one and I can assure you will be the same policy in future. (Hear, hear.) I am proud to say that I am a native Canadian, born in the Province which is probably the greatest in our Dominion, I refer to the Province of Ontario. (Applause.) I am a member of a Government that will do its best for Canada as a whole, composed of men who are Canadians like myself, imubued with the true Canadian spirit. (Loud cheers.) Gentlemen, I hope and trust that, in the course of two or three years, when I have to come back to you and again place in your hands the trust you reposed in me yesterday, that I will have a record as in the past, at which, I am proud to say, my opponents have not been able to point a finger, and I hope that I may meet with the same warm feelings of friendship that I have found existing towards me in the past throughout my constituency.

I thank you for your goodness towards me, I thank you for your great demonstration in my favor this night, I thank you for the victory of 1887, for that of 1891 and again for having elected me yesterday. Good-night, my friends. God bless you all. (Loud and prolonged cheering.)

### A Pretty Scrap-Book.

A Lewiston (Me.) young lady has a very pretty album devoted to one maple tree in front of her house. She began in the early spring, and every week picked a dozen buds and pressed them, pasting them into the book when dry. Now she is completing the collection. Open the book and you trace the growth of the leaves from the beginning of summer to the fall.

*Patrolman Julius Zeidler*

Of the Brooklyn, N. Y., Police Force, gladly testifies to the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla. His wife takes it for dizziness and indigestion and it works charmingly. "The children also take it with great benefit. It is without doubt a most excellent thing for **That Tired Feeling.** I cheerfully recommend

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**

and Hood's Pills to every one who wishes to have health and comfort." Get HOOD'S.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, and sick headache.

April 18, 1892. Lm

**Guyot's Tar Solution**

*Cures* Colds, Coughs, Pulmonary Consumption Whooping Cough, Catarrh of the bladder, etc. The best Hygienic and preservative drink in hot climates in cases of Epidemics, Fevers, Cholera. It destroys all bad germs in impure water.

GUYOT'S TAR SOLUTION

Used with the greatest success in the seven largest parisian Hospitals.

*« Doctors in all countries have but to try* **Guyot's Tar,** *to at once appreciate the important services it renders. This preparation, I hope, soon to see universally popular.»*

Prof. BAZIN.
Head Doctor of St-Louis Hospital.

See that the label on each bottle bears the Address: L. FRERE, 19, Rue Jacob, PARIS
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

August 26, 1891. A


## CITY OF QUEBEC

FIRE COMMITTEE.

**Tenders Wanted for the Building of a Ladder.**

City Clerk's Office,
QUEBEC, 8th November, 1892.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that sealed tenders, endorsed "Tender for Ladder," and addressed to the undersigned, shall be received at this office from this day till MONDAY, the 21st day of November instant, at 4 o'clock P.M., to build a ladder sixty (60) feet high, with turning table. The truck to be supplied by the city and can be seen at No. 4 Fire Station, St. Paul street.

The tenderers are obliged to accompany their respective tenders with a detailed plan of such ladder and a specification.

The Fire Committee does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any of the tenders.

AUG. MALOUIN,
Secretary Fire Committee.

November 9, 1892.

**City Engineer's Office,**
CITY HALL,
QUEBEC, November 7, 1892.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that tenders endorsed "Tender for Ice Bridge," will be received at this office up to WEDNESDAY, the 30th instant, at 4 P.M., to make and keep in good order the ice bridge between Quebec and the Island of Orleans, the Corporation of Quebec's share of the road on the ice bridge between the said City of Quebec and the said Island of Orleans, as per blanks to be had at this office.

Each tender shall cover the City Treasurer's receipt for a deposit of $40.00 to be forfeited in case of refusal to sign the contract, and be retained till the contract is executed to the satisfaction of the Corporation.

Each tender to be made on a blank form to be had at this office, and subscribed to by two responsible parties willing to secure the execution of the contract.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept the lowest or even any of the tenders.

The contractor to pay for drawing up the contract, and supply the City Engineer with a certified copy thereof.

W. D. BAILLAIRGE,
Asst. City Engineer.

November 8, 1892.

### PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS RECEIVED instructions to put in force the By-Law prohibiting the purchase or sale of any produce or provisions intended for the public markets of the city, in or upon any street, public place, yard, house or building or any other place whatever in the city.

Anyone infringing the above By-Law will be liable to a fine of FORTY DOLLARS.

L. P. VOHL,
Chief of Police.

Quebec, 12th Nov., 1892.
November 14, 1892.

## CITY OF QUEBEC.

CITY HALL,
QUEBEC, 5th November, 1892.

AT A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE City Council of the city of Quebec, held on the 4th day of November, 1892, the following By Law was read a first time, to wit:

(Drawn up in the French language.)

No. 311.

*By-Law to amend By-Law No. 275, intituled: "By-Law to amend, revise and consolidate the divers By-Laws concerning carters, their tariff and carters' stands."*

It is ordained and enacted by the Council of the city of Quebec, and the said Council ordains and enacts as follows, to wit:

1. The seventh paragraph of the twenty-sixth section of said By-Law No. 275, is hereby repealed and replaced by the following, to wit:

"7. The ground bounded by St. Roch, St. Paul and Desfosses streets, prepared to that effect and belonging to the city."

### PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that in conformity with the 30th section of the Act 29 Vic., chap. 57, as amended by section 11 of the Act 31 Vic., chap. 33, and section 8 of the Act 39 Vic., chap. 51, the above By-Law shall be read the second time and passed, FRIDAY, the Eighteenth day of November instant, 1892.

H. J. J. B. CHOUINARD,
City Clerk.

November 7, 1892.

### CORPORATION OF QUEBEC.

**City Treasurer's Office,**
QUEBEC, October 20th, 1892.

## PAY YOUR TAXES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT unless the Taxes for the current year are paid without delay, the accounts will be handed over to the Recorder's Court for collection.

All the accounts due for sidewalks or drainage will also be handed to the Recorder's Court if not paid immediately.

C. J. L. LAFRANCE,
City Treasurer.

October 21, 1892.

**City Engineer's Office.**
CITY HALL,
QUEBEC, October 3rd, 1892

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Palace Hill, between Lacroix street, and Rampart and Arsenal streets, will be closed to vehicular traffic until the paving of said street shall be completed.

W. D. BAILLAIRGE,
Asst. City Engineer.

October 4, 892.

## QUEBEC POST OFFICE GUIDE.

NOVEMBER, 1892.

| CLOSE. A.M. | CLOSE. P.M. | CLOSE. P.M. | MAILS. | DUE. A.M. | DUE. P.M. | DUE. P.M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| .... | .... | .... | *Canada Pacific Railway:* | 8.00 | 3.30 | .... |
| .... | 12.40 | .... | From Quebec to Montreal, Toronto, Ontario, Manitoba, N. W. Territory and British Columbia | .... | .... | .... |
| .... | *9.00 | .... | Three Rivers and the West, Boston and New York | .... | .... | .... |
| *11.30 | .... | .... | *Grand Trunk Railway:* Somerset, Stanfold, Arthabaskaville, Victoriaville, Warwick, Danville, Richmond and Island Pond, and Western States, Montreal | .... | .... | .... |
| 11.00 | .... | .... | Sundays, Montreal, Ottawa and the West | .... | .... | .... |
| .... | .... | 7.00 | Quebec and Richmond, Arthabaska and Three Rivers, Richmond and Montreal, St. Hyacinthe, Montreal and Kingston, Western States, Sherbrooke, Richmond and Island Pond Route, and the Eastern States | 8.00 | .... | .... |
| .... | .... | 6.45 | Registered matter for Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto and the West | .... | .... | .... |
| .... | 1.10 | .... | *Quebec Central Railway.* The Counties of Dorchester and Beauce and Sherbrooke, Boston, New York, Eastern and Southern States | .... | 2.45 | .... |
| 7.10 | .... | .... | *Intercolonial Railway:* *Quebec and Campbellton Local Express:* The Counties of Bellechasse, Montmagny, L'Islet, Kamouraska, Temiscouata, Rimouski; Campbellton, Matapedia and part of Gaspe Route as far as Chlorydorma inclusively | .... | 1.45 | .... |
| .... | 2.00 | .... | *Quebec and Halifax Through Express:* Montmagny, St. Roch des Aulnaies, Ste. Louise, the Counties of Kamouraska, Temiscouata, Rimouski, part of Bonaventure and Gaspe, the Edmundston route, and the Maritime Provinces | .... | 12.45 | .... |
| | | | MAGDALEN ISLANDS AND ANTICOSTI: No winter service. | | | |
| 7.00 | .... | .... | LAKE ST. JOHN RAILWAY. St. Raymond to Roberval and places beyond, and from Chambord to Chicoutimi, Bagotville and Grande Baie, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays | 8.00 | .... | .... |
| .... | .... | 3.40 | Quebec to Riviere a Pierre daily | 9.30 | .... | .... |
| .... | .... | 3 45 | NORTH COAST OF GULF ST. LAWRENCE: Matter for Bersimis and places East of Bersimis are dispatched from this office on Mondays and Wednesdays. Six Mails will be dispatched between Bersimis and Esquimaux Point, leaving Bersimis on the 1st December, 1892, and 3rd and 24th January, 14th February, 7th and 29th March, 1893, respectively. Four Mails will leave Esquimaux Point for Natashquan, Bonne Esperance and Lourdes du Blanc Sablon, on or about the 28th December, 1892, 18th January, 8th February and 18th March next respectively, in connection with the mails from Bersimis. | | | |
| | | | RICHELIEU AND ONTARIO NAVIGATION COMPANY | | | |
| .... | .... | 3.30 | Batiscan and Sorel | 8.00 | .... | .... |
| | | | BY VEHICLE. | | | |
| 7.45 | .... | .... | SOUTH WESTERN:—St. Nicholas to Becancour | 8.00 | .... | .... |
| 7.45 | .... | 4.45 | Etchemin, Hadlow Cove, New Liverpool and St. Jean Chrysostome | 8.00 | .... | 3.30 |
| .... | .... | 4.00 | NORTH WESTERN:—Ste. Foye, Champigny, St. Augustin and Point aux Trembles | 10.00 | .... | .... |
| .... | .... | 3.45 | NORTH EASTERN:—Hedleyville, Villa Mastai, Beauport and Montmorency Falls | .... | .... | 2.30 |
| 8.45 | .... | 3.45 | Beauport to Tadousac daily. Bagotville, Grande Baie and Chicoutimi, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays | .30 | .... | 2.30 |
| 7.45 | .... | 4.45 | SOUTH EASTERN:—Bienville, Lauzon, St. Joseph, Indian Cove. | | | |
| .... | .... | 4.45 | Beaumont and St. Michel | 8.00 | .... | 3.30 |
| 7.45 } 11.45 } | | 4.45 | LEVIS | 8.00 | .... | 3.30 |
| | .... | 3.30 | ISLAND OF ORLEANS Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays | 8.50 | .... | .... |
| 9.30 | .... | 3.30 | Spencer Cove | 9.30 | .... | 3.00 |
| 9.30 | .... | .... | Sillery Cove | .... | .... | 3.00 |
| 11.00 | .... | 4.00 | Bergerville | 10.00 | .... | 3.00 |
| .... | .... | 4.00 | Cap Rouge and Neilsonville | 10.00 | .... | .... |
| .... | .... | 2.00 | Laval, Wednesday and Saturday | 10.00 | .... | .... |
| .... | .... | 3.00 | Lake Beauport, Wednesday and Saturday | 10.00 | .... | .... |
| .... | .... | 3.00 | Stoneham, Tuesday and Friday | 10.00 | .... | .... |
| .... | .... | 3.00 | Charlesbourg, daily | 10.00 | .... | .... |
| 7.50 } 9.45 } | 12.00 | 3.30 | St. Roch and St Sauveur | 9.45 | 12.00 | 3.00 } 3.30 |
| 9.15 | 12.00 | 5.30 | St. John Suburb | 9.00 | 12.00 | 5.30 |

*No Registered matter sen by this Mail.

### ENGLISH MAILS.

| A.M. | P.M. | DATE. | DAY. | NAME OF STEAMER. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ....