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Montreal Daily Herald

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EIGHTY-NINTH YEAR. NO. 135. MONTREAL, FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 5, 1896. PRICE ONE CENT.

THE MEETING AT LONDON.

Sir Oliver Mowat and Mr. J. Israel Tarte.

TUPPER'S DOUBLE-FACED POLICY.

Hon. Wilfrid Laurier Dissects the Conservative Policy on the School Question—News From Other Parts.

Glencoe, Ont., June 4.—A very large and enthusiastic crowd gathered here to-day to do honor to the leader of the Reform party. The town was gaily decorated with flags, bunting and mottoes, which presented a grand appearance. About 8 a.m. the crowd began to arrive, and by noon there were about 6,000 people on the streets. Processions headed by bands came from all parts of West Middlesex and surrounding counties. The distinguished visitors arrived about noon, and were met at the G. T. R. Depot by a deputation of prominent Liberals and escorted to the McKellar House. At 1.30 a procession was formed and marched with bands playing and banners flying through the principal streets. About two o'clock they arrived at the rink, which had been gaily decorated for the occasion. Here it was quickly discovered that even that large building with a seating capacity of about 3,000, would not begin to hold the vast throng and the crowd proceeded to the park, where speeches were delivered by the Hon. W. Laurier, Hon. G. W. Ross, Minister of Education; Mr. Casey, ex-M.P., for West Elgin and Mr. Calvert, the Liberal candidate for West Middlesex, dealing with all the leading questions of the day. After Mr. Laurier's address, the audience were treated with a selection from the male quartette of the Young Liberals of London, who were roundly applauded. Hon. W. Laurier and Hon. G. W. Ross left by special train at six p.m. for Chatham. A feature of the day was the heading of the procession by the Boys Brigade in full uniform.

Chatham, Ont., June 4.—Hon. Mr. Laurier arrived here this evening and was tendered a great reception. He spoke in the Grand Opera House to an immense audience.

London, Ont., June 4.—The success of the Liberal demonstration last night was the sole topic of conve)sation in political circles to-day. In the opening portion of his address, Mr. Laurier said:

I certainly was under the impression before I came to this good city of London, that it had been my privilege within the course of my political life to see what were supposed to be very great demonstrations, but I am bound to say that everything I have seen heretofore pales before the demonstration which I have witnessed this evening.

Mr. Laurier on rising was received with tremendous applause. After paying his respects to the electors of London, he proceeded to speak of the prominent men who refused to join the Tupper Cabinet, and then to some of those who did. After referring to Mr. Hugh J. Macdonald, he continued:

Having secured the services of Hugh John Macdonald, they applied for the services of Mr. Taillon, who is Postmaster-General in the Government of Sir Charles Tupper, and who up to three weeks ago was the Prime Minister of Quebec. It was quite proper to ask Mr. Taillon to join in the Administration of Sir Charles Tupper. Mr. Taillon has not the nose of Hugh John Macdonald, but he has also a characteristic feature, he has the beard of the Wandering Jew—(laughter)—and he has other features of resemblance to the Wandering Jew—he has been wandering a good deal. He was first elected in Montreal, then in Chambly, then in Montreal again, and now he is running again in Chambly, where he is sure of a sound defeat by my friend, Mr. Geoffrion. He has some other qualifications to enter the Administration. When his present colleague, the then Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec, Mr. Angers, dismissed his Government and called upon Mr. Taillon, Mr. Taillon promised to the people of Quebec that his accession to office meant the closing of the taxing era. He had scarcely been two months in office when he forgot the promise he had made to the people at the polls. He did not bring the era of taxation to a close, but he levied on the people by way of direct taxation. He had scarcely been twelve months in office when he again forgot the promises that he made at the polls; he commenced a new era of borrowing, and borrowed no less a sum than four millions at a time. With such a record don't you think Mr. Taillon had done well in going where he will find opportunity for expanding his talent for borrowing and taxing? As to the other members of the Government I need not tell you anything; you know them all. You know Col. Tisdale. He is one of your fellow-countrymen in this province, and he has long been before the public.

After dealing with the subject of Sir Charles Tupper's greatness in a humorous vein, Mr. Laurier quoted the 1893 Liberal convention at Ottawa for a clear exposition of the Liberal policy. He discussed the question of preferential trade, and afterwards coming to the Manitoba school question, dwelt eloquently on the double-faced policy of the Government. After stating his policy of investigation and conciliation, he said: The position taken by the Government, I say it in the presence of foes and friends of the Government, is to appeal to the prejudices of every section, for they have no settled policy upon that question. I repeat within the hearing, I hope, of that whole country, of Manitoba, of Quebec and of Ontario, that the Government have no settled policy upon that question, that they have one policy for one province and another policy for another province, that they have one for Quebec and another for Ontario and another for Manitoba.

Read the speeches of the Ministerial candidates in Quebec and those in Ontario, and they will differ as much as day from night. Have they said the same thing in Quebec as they have in Ontario? You could never obtain that from any one of them. Take the speeches of the Ministerial candidates in Ontario and let them be repeated in Quebec, and the people would be horrified. Let the Ministerial speeches of Quebec be repeated in Ontario, and again the people would be horrified. Let me give you the language of Mr. Hugh John Macdonald, a man who is respected, I acknowledge. He spoke in Manitoba, in the City of Winnipeg, in the presence of Sir Charles Tupper himself. He said: "I am and always have been in favor of remedial legislation, but not necessarily of the present bill. It is the Greenway Government that will settle it." This is not what we hear in Quebec. In Quebec we do not hear that the question is to be settled by the Greenway Government; in Quebec we hear that the question is to be settled by the Tupper Government. Sir Charles Tupper says: "We will settle the question," and Mr. Taillon repeats that they will settle the question, but in Manitoba the question is to be settled by the Greenway Government, because, forsooth, the people understand if the question is to be settled by the Greenway Government there will be no coercion of Manitoba. Mr. McDonald goes on to say: "It is the Greenway Government that will settle the question after the elections, whichever party triumphs." Mark it. Mr. Macdonald says to the electors of Manitoba, to those who are in favor of the present school system, he believes that the question will be settled by the Greenway Government; but, mark you, "you don't want to have your system interfered with; therefore elect Tupper and not Laurier, because Mr. Greenway will do more for Mr. Laurier than he will do for Sir Charles Tupper."

Then he goes on to say: "I am opposed to Mr. Laurier's proposition to investigate and conciliate." Why should Mr. Macdonald be opposed to that plan, which I have advocated all along, of investigating and conciliating? Does he want coercion? If he will not have the plan I have offered the people of investigating and conciliating, what in the name of common sense is he going to substitute therefore? He goes on to say: "If elected I will endeavor to give the smallest amount of relief possible." Now, that is for the people of Manitoba; this is never repeated in Quebec, that if the Government is elected they will endeavor to give the smallest amount of relief. In Quebec they say they will give full relief, more than they have already given. I take issue with all this, and what I have to say is this, whether I speak in Quebec or Ontario, whether I speak before my fellow co-religionists or before the population of Ontario, I do not promise more, I do not promise more or less. I promise to do right in the judgment of all Canadians, not in the judgment of Catholics, not in the judgment of Protestants, but in the judgment of all Canadians. (Tremendous applause.)

He then dealt with the diversified utterances of Sir Charles Tupper at Winnipeg and at Sohmer Park, Montreal, at the latter place charging him with being a traitor to his race and religion, which elicited cries of shame and hisses from the indignant audience. Continuing, he said:

Now, sir, I brand them as cowardly words in the face of all Canada. (Cries of "Hear, hear," and tremendous applause.) I brand them as a disgrace and a shame, nay, a crime against our Canadian citizenship.

In conclusion, he said:

What is it that is wanted to settle the question? Simply a little courage and a little commonsense, and I am proud to say that in this task I shall have the help of such a man as that veteran statesman of Canada, Sir Oliver Mowat. (Applause.) What is best to be done, then? What shall you have, you people of Ontario? I come here before you with what little merit I have, with all the faults I have. The language I speak here I speak everywhere. I have not a speech for Winnipeg and another for Quebec. I would not be worthy of the position I occupy if I had not the courage to speak the same language everywhere.

SIR OLIVER MOWAT.

Loud and prolonged cheers greeted Sir Oliver Mowat when he rose in response to the chairman's call. When quiet was restored he paid a tribute to the splendid speech delivered by the Liberal leader. Of Mr. Hyman's address he also spoke in words of praise, saying that the Liberals of London were to be congratulated upon having a candidate who could with such familiarity discuss public questions. They had been continually telling him he was an old man. He did not accept that view, but he would take at least one of the privileges that went with age and would not speak at great length. Mr. Laurier, he continued, has discussed with his usual eloquence and force most of the principal topics which are occupying public attention at this crisis. I spoke with regard to several of them yesterday afternoon at a public meeting in the Township of Mariposa, where a Roman Catholic is the Liberal candidate. It occurs to me this evening that I cannot do better than to pass by the topics referred to and to take up a few of the false statements which have been made and are being made in the Government journals for election purposes. One of these refers to Mr. Tarte, and I should like first to say something about him. I have been on the political platform with that gentleman three times, and on each of these occasions he was received by the Liberals present with a warmth not exceeded by that shown to any other of the speakers; perhaps it was not equalled by that shown to any of them. The first time was at the great Liberal convention at Ottawa in 1893, and the other two occasions were more recent, and in the Reform County of Oxford, once in the south riding and once in the north riding, which has been my own honored constituency for 23 years. The truth is that the Government party are extremely anxious to injure Mr. Tarte in public estimation, to make him out to be a very bad man, whom no one ought to support. The reason of this is that he was formerly a Conservative who has done good work for his party, but had in 1891 found it necessary to leave the party because he could not stand, and was of opinion that no one should stand, the scandalous transactions which had come to his knowledge on the part of certain Conservatives in high places, and which the Conservative leaders desired to overlook and condone. (Cheers.) The matters referred to are known as the Connolly-McGreevy frauds, and the result of the enquiry made at the instance of Mr. Tarte was that one of the Ministers had to leave the Government and that a member of Parliament and some of his associates were sent to jail. The Government relieved them after a short imprisonment from the sentence which the judge pronounced upon them, and the Government organs have ever since been doing their best against the man to whom the country owes the exposure of the frauds and the partial punishment of some of those who were guilty of them. It would be a public misfortune if such an effort were successful, and it would be a public calamity if Mr. Tarte should fail to obtain a seat in the new Parliament. (Applause). Before leaving his party he endeavored to prevail upon his leaders to do their duty with regard to these matters, but failed, and therefore he felt it his duty to make them public through the press and in the House of Commons. This he did, and under the circumstances it was a bold thing for him to do, and required great courage and resolution. A Reform member of the House spoke the general sentiment when he said that Canada was under a great debt to Mr. Tarte; that a man who had the pluck, the persistence and the courage to cut away the ties which bind him to a party in this country, and to make these serious charges on his responsibility of the House, and to press them with the care, the ability and assiduity with which Mr. Tarte had done, deserved the gratitude of every true Canadian; that Mr. Tarte was not only justified in the course he took, but in the minds of honest men of both sides of politics he was entitled to the gratitude due to every one who deserved well of the country. (Applause).

AFTER HE LEFT.

The Government organs and speakers represent him as a very bad man, but they never discovered this until he had left the party and exposed the frauds. Most of the charges now made against him relate to transactions which occurred while he was a member of the Conservative party, and I should not be surprised if closely associated with them as he had so long been he had done some things or been privy to the doing of some things which the severe ethics of the Liberal party condemn, and most justly condemn. Some of the charges made Mr. Tarte has denied. Others of them he has explained so as to take away all force from them. He has been chosen by the Liberals of Beauharnois as their candidate. He is endorsed by our Liberal leader, and I should be glad to help him in his candidature. The Government journals say that I did not attend the meeting after engaging to do so, and that I did not go because on consideration I could not bring myself to publicly support him. There is not the slightest foundation for this statement. I had not heard of the meeting until I saw it announced in a Government journal in an article condemning me for my supposed neglect to attend. I some days afterwards received an invitation and several letters. I answered inquiring whether the meeting was in the open air or indoors, and stating that I should not be able to speak in the open air, my throat not having quite recovered from a severe cold which I had had last winter. The answer I received was that the meeting was in the open air, and that I should therefore not be expected. So much for my opposition in regard to Mr. Tarte. (Applause).

JOBBERY AND WASTE.

The next thing I may allude to is the maladministration in regard to the public buildings and public works of the Dominion during the last eighteen years. The amount of waste of public money in connection with these buildings and works would be incredible if it were not certain beyond cavil. It has arisen sometimes from the weakness and insufficiency of the contract or the specifications, sometimes from the weakness and inadequacy of the supervision and inspection after the contracts were entered into, and sometimes from causes more culpable then even these, and the result has been the loss of millions of dollars to the public treasury, and which the taxpayers will have to make good. A Government alive to its duty and competent for its discharge, guards against extras by thorough consideration beforehand of the work to be done—(Applause) — by careful preparation of the specifications and the contract; and where this is done there is no room for large subscriptions from the contractors for election purposes; for that object, the looser the previous consideration, the looser the specifications and the looser the contract, the better for those who want a pretence for taking a large election fund from the public funds. The St. Charles branch railway seems to have cost 12 times the amount on the faith of which Parliament sanctioned the first expenditure. Other works, involving hundreds of thousands of dollars, cost three times the amount anticipated when the work was undertaken. This sort of thing seems, from the official returns, to be a common result. It is sometimes said as an answer to it all that the Parliament buildings of Ontario cost far more than at first estimated. The economy with which those buildings were erected and the moderate cost of them as compared with their value are so well known and such a pride to our people, Conservatives and Reformers, that if the Federal buildings and works could be made to appear as in the respects mentioned, on the same footing as the Ontario buildings, the Government would be entitled to a renewal of your confidence. Continuing, Sir Oliver showed how the Legislature had been consulted regarding every step taken, and its consent secured before the more costly structure than that at first proposed was undertaken. American visitors to the buildings had admitted that if they had been erected on their side of the line the buildings would have cost four times as much as they had done. (Applause.)

CANNY AND ADMITS IT.

Continuing, the Premier made a jocular reference to the remarks of the Conservative press to the effect that, while Mr. Taillon, the Premier of Quebec, had resigned to take a place in Sir Charles Tupper's Cabinet, he (Sir Oliver) had not resigned. There was, he pointed out, no vacancy for him to fill just at the moment. When there was he intended to accept. (Applause) And it might be pointed out that Mr. Taillon was obliged to resign and accept at once or the office would have been filled by someone else. It is said, continued Sir Oliver, that I am a canny man and cautious as to what I do. I admit it, and you will not blame me when I say that I try to bring the same quality to bear in the discharge of my public duties. (Cheers.) Perhaps one of the reasons why I have had the confidence of the country for twenty-five years is that I have attended to public affairs in a canny and business like way. (Cheers.) By our opponents almost everything involving money has been abused whereby some party purpose may be accomplished. Take the superannuation system as an illustration. The statute respecting the subject was passed in 1870, and was entitled "an act for better securing the efficiency of the civil service of Canada by providing for the superannuation of persons employed therein in certain cases." And this is the recital of the act:—Whereas, for better securing the efficiency and economy in the civil servic of Canada, it is expedient to provide for the retirement therefrom on equitable terms of persons who from age or infirmity cannot properly perform the duties assigned to them." A superannuation system framed and carried out on business principles may be in the public interest and in use in the banks and some other financial and commercial companies. But as carried out by the present Government superannuation is extravagant and indefensible. Officials fully capable of performing their duties for years to come are superannuated and pensioned. The amount of the pension depends in part on their length of service, but a frequent practice is to add several years to the time actually served and increase the pension accordingly to an amount not warranted by the intention or spirit of the statute which regulates the subject. The result is that by the last return, of which I have seen an account, while there were 551 pensioners on the list, no fewer than 173 of those were under the age of 60, which is the limit fixed by the act and below which the Government is not to go except in very special cases; 73 were under the age of 50, and the annual expenditure is $200,000 over the sums paid into the treasury to meet the expenditure.

The strain of speaking in so large a building evidently induced Sir Oliver to shorten his remarks. He concluded by again expressing pleasure that he had been able to come and take part in such a splendid demonstration and resumed his seat amid loud applause.

MR. PELLETIER'S TIRADE.

Richmond, Que., June 3.—At a joint meeting at Wotton, in the County of Wolfe, on Tuesday, at which the two candidates, Messrs. Cleveland and Stenson, were present, Attorney-General Pelletier, of the Quebec Government, in most violent language appealed to the religious and racial feelings of the electors, denouncing Mr. Laurier as a traitor to his race and religion, who should be branded on the forehead with a red-hot iron, so that in future his fellow-countrymen may shun him and relegate him to the company of fanatic McCarthy, yellow Martin and apostate Chiniquy. He extolled the virtues of Mr. Cleveland who had promised to obey the command of the bishops in all matters pertaining to his Parliamentary duties, and concluded by saying that he would resign his office as Attorney-General if the Tupper Government does not pass a coercive remedial bill within six months.

AN IMPORTANT CONVERSION.

Toronto, June 4.—At a meeting held in St. Paul's Hall to-night in the interests of Mr. H. R. Frankland, Liberal candidate for East York, Mr. Hugh Blain, ex-president of the Board of Trade, announced himself as on the Liberal platform for the first time in three general elections.

POLITICAL JOTTINGS.

Dr. Ennis, Conservative, and Mr. R. Lemieux, Liberal, were nominated at Perce, Gaspe, Wednesday.

L'Electeur, of Quebec, states that the Governor-General has refused to sign the Order-in-Council superannuating Mr. J. U. Gregory and appointing Mr. Joncas, ex-M.P., Quebec, agent of the Marine and Fisheries Department. It adds that Mr. Joncas will probably join the editorial staff of the Presse. One thing certain is that Mr. Gregory still holds possession of his office.

Albert Edkins, registrar of the Ontario Association of Stationary Engineers, writes to the Galt Reformer emphatically denying the published report that the Ontario Association of Stationary Engineers at its recent meeting here fully endorsed the National Policy. He says no resolution was passed endorsing the National Policy, and, further, the O. A. S. E. is distinctly a non-political institution.

A Kingston despatch says: Colin Chisholm, of Port Hood, Cape Breton, sent the following message to Archbishop Cleary, of this city: "Is the Canadian Freeman, of Kingston, your official organ?" It is circulated here as such." The Archbishop replied as follows: "The Rev. Colin Chisholm, P.P., Port Hood, C. B.—That miserable rag was never my organ. I have always refused to recognize it as Catholic. It is now anti-Catholic, its extremely ignorant manager expecting a beggarly situation should Laurier win. (Signed.) James Vincent Cleary, Archbishop of Kingston."

The Farmers' Sun, the organ of the Patrons of Industry, denies the statement that there has been a compact between the McCarthyites, Patrons and Liberals, and says that its information is that the speech of Mr. Welch, the grand secretary of the order, who first made the charge of intrigue against the order, was prepared largely by Dr. Montague, Minister of Agriculture. "The price paid to Mr. Welch for his treachery," it adds, "has not, however, yet been revealed." Mr. Welch, the paper declares, bears false witness against his late associates when he represents that their desire is that the Liberals should triumph in the coming elections. Patrons as sincerely desire now that neither party shall hold the controlling power in the next House of Parliament, as they did in the Provincial campaign, and nothing has been done by the head or any representative to indicate anything but a determination to accomplish this result.

FELL IN A FAINT.

A Bicycle Thief Feels Bad Over a Verdict of Guilty.

In the Queen's Bench Court yesterday the whole day was consumed in trying Phillip Rothschild, the alleged bicycle thief. Mr. Jacobs, of Ryan and Jacobs, made a splendid defence of his client, but the Crown had uncontrovertible proof to sustain it. Rothschild went into the witness box and told a nice little story of how he had bought the wheel stolen from Mr. Boivin from another who, of course, has disappeared since the deal was transacted. The Crown counsel, however, mixed up Rothschild in cross-examination so badly that he began to cry. The Chief Justice's charge was impartial, but somewhat against the prisoner. The jury, after a short retirement, returned a verdict of guilty with a recommendation to mercy. The moment the prisoner heard the verdict he gave a frightful shriek and fell fainting in the dock. Four policemen carried him out, and when he was sufficiently recovered he was taken to jail in a hack.

The trial of Napoleon Labreche for robbery from the person is in progress.

WORKINGMEN FORSAKE LEPINE.

Trades and Labor Council Entirely Disown Him.

ELECTORS WON'T HEAR HIM.

Complete Rout of the Tory Candidate in St. Mary's—Mr. Quinn Forming Committees in St. Ann's—Notes From the Fight.

A mass meeting of the electors of St. Mary's Division had been called for last evening by Mr. Lepine, the Conservative candidate, and about 500 people responded to his call. The meeting was held in the open air at the corner of Maisonneuve and De Montigny Streets. The electors were not satisfied with Mr. Lepine, and manifested the fact emphatically. The first intimation he had of the hostility of the meeting was when he tried to find a chairman. He asked a venerable looking old gentleman to preside and he flatly refused. He finally found Mr. J. Lauzon, who was willing, and the meeting was opened at 8.30.

The first speaker was Mr. E. Fournier, advocate, who made but a short speech, touching the National Policy a little and the school question a great deal.

Mr. Wm. Mount, another advocate, was made away with in short order by the crowd, who played with him a few minutes and then howled him down. He said that he wanted to say a few words in favor of Mr. Lepine, who had taken the interests of the workingmen so much to heart for the last ten years. (Laughter.)

Mr. Lepine was received with groans, deep hollow groans which covered up the applause he got. He seemed to be astounded at the reception, and the more he tried to speak, the more nervous he got, so that after speaking for about 15 minutes, he gave it up in despair. He talked about all the Government had done for the workingmen since he had the honor of representing St. Mary's Division. He was continually interupted by the electors whom he had so often deceived and who cried out in loud tones that his political days were numbered. He said that since 1888 when he had been elected for the first time the Government had done much for the laboring classes. Had they not passed a law protecting the wages of the workingmen?

Voices—"Not the Government but L. O. David."

Had they not ordered that the 2nd day of September be a legal holiday for the workingmen? Had they not passed the Chinese immigration law? Since then not more than 25 Chinamen had entered the whole Dominion. Had not the Government reduced the working hours? (Cries of "Yes, we don't work at all, now." and laughter). And finally had not the Government established the Statistic Bureau? Of course, it had, and the workingmen should be very grateful for everything which had been done for them.

That was about all Mr. Lepine could manage to say, for his voice was continually drowned by cries of reprobation from those whom he had promised to defend, but whom he had deserted. He retired amidst the derisive laughter of the large majority of the meeting and the cheers for Laurier and Dupre. Several other speakers tried to make themselves heard, but failed, and the meeting dispersed quietly.

ST LAWRENCE ORGANIZATION.

The organization in St. Lawrence division in behalf of Ald. Penny is now in splendid order, and things are working in great shape. At the committee rooms everyone is busy, and the work is well in hand. The canvassers are reporting for some of the sections, and the results are astounding. For instance, the following report was handed in at one room for a couple of sub-sections, which were considered strongly Conservative: For Penny, 244; against, including doubtfuls, 171. The work is being much lightened also by large numbers of persons calling at the committee rooms and volunteering information which in previous elections had to be sought, and only obtained with considerable difficulty. There have also been several quite important conversions from the Conservative ranks, and the names are only withheld from publication as the converts prefer to cast a silent vote for business purposes.

The following are the names of those composing the central organization for the division:

E. A. Cowley, chairman; M. P. McGoldrick, secretary.

Executive Committee—E. Halley, W. D. Burns, W. Marriage, N. Laporte, F. W. Hibbard, D. McLean, J. R. Roy, G. F. O'Halloran.

General Committee of Liberal Club and citizens of the ward—D. Wolferstan Thomas, hon. president; R. Reid, J. M. Greenshields, L. Rubenstein, F. Ship, E. Forcimmer, J. Smillie, A. McCaffrey, P. Roy, C. S. Roy, C. Grothe, J. P. Griffen, T. P. Crowe, L. Rubenstein, W. H. Cunningham, E. Cunningham, A. E. Sennat, D. McLynn, J. Corrigan, J. Laverty, E. Guerin, Dr. Guerin, M.L.A., H. W. Raphael, J. B. Owens, J. Sheridan, W. H. Johnson, M. Elliott, M. P. Laverty, W. Stafford, D. T. Ritchie, T. Collins, W. Ryan, F. Langan, W. Gallagher, Hector Cadieux, Godfroi Chapleau, W. W. McRae, D. Gallagher, J. P. Gallagher, Jno. Anderson, R. S. Weir, J. M. Duff, J. O. Neville, E. Elliott, M. Fitzgibbon, J. T. Finnie, M.D., J. Friedman, M. E. Williams, R. J. Anderson, H. H. Callahan, W. Hannan, Chas. Bates, W. M. Kearns, T. T. Moore, Thos. Spurrur, R. A. Wilson, W. H. Cross, W. H. Moore, C. F. Moore J. W. Michaud, J. M. McRae, Thos. Sonne, sr.; Thos. Sonne, jr.; G. P. England, Jno. Carroll, D. Patterson, M. Sullivan, Alfred Carroll, J. T. Stratton, W. J. Little

The following are the committee rooms: No. 1, 24 St. Lawrence Street, J. P. Griffin, J. P. A. Lanctot, chairmen, J. H. Wallace, secretary; No. 2, 11 Bleury Street, E. Halley, chairman, A. L. Brault, vice-chairman, W. Webb, secretary; No. 3, corner Dorchester and St. George Streets, E. Cunningham, T. P. Crowe, Jno. Smillie, chairmen, J. Gordon, secretary; No. 4, 292 St. Lawrence Street, Nap Laporte, Godfroi Chapleau, Hector Cadieux, chairmen; No. 5, 206 Bleury Street, E. A. Cowley, chairman, P. T. McGoldrick, secretary; No. 6, 98 St. Famille Street, Thomas Collins, W. J. Little, chairman, E. Bain, secretary; No. 7, 764 St. Lawrence Street, Wm. Stafford, C. Grothe, W. D. Burns, chairmen, J. M. Harvey, secretary.

MR. QUINN TAKES THE FIELD.

The friends of Mr. M. J. F. Quinn met last night in halls in Point St. Charles and Victoria town and organized committees to carry on the campaign in opposition to the Hon. James McShane. This settles any doubt about Mr. Quinn not being in the field for Parliamentary honors for St. Ann's Division in the Conservative interest.

THE GEOFFRION-TAILLON MEETINGS.

The Herald has received the following letter from Mr. C. A. Geoffrion, Liberal candidate in Chambly-Vercheres:

To the Editor of the Herald:

The report that I read in your paper this morning of my meeting at Boucherville is correct, with the exception of two inaccuracies. 1st, I had not invited Mr. Taillon personally to be present at this meeting. There is an understanding between him and me that we are to meet at certain places and dates now fixed. When we made that agreement, I informed him, however, that I meant to be free to call as many meetings as I chose, and that it was understood that I would not invite him there; but I was willing to allow his friends to come and make the discussion with me and my friends if they chose to do so. That is the way in which the meeting at Boucherville was called, and therefore I think it is fair to Mr. Taillon to correct the statement published by you that he had been invited to the meeting. The other inaccuracy is when it is stated that I am holding a meeting at St. Lambert. It ought to have been St. Hubert.

C. A. GEOFFRION.

Montreal, June 4th.

DENOUNCED BY ORGANIZED LABOR.

The Central Trades and Labor Council had a meeting last night at 662½ Craig Street, which was attended by a large number of delegates from the various labor organizations.

The meeting was called for the purpose of discussing the candidature of Mr. Lepine in St. Mary's Division. The ex-member was not present, but several of his friends were present to advocate his claims. Nevertheless it was resolved:

"That Mr. Lepine, under no consideration can be backed by the members of the trade and labor organizations of Montreal, and that, no matter what he may say in the future, it will be regarded as simply a political cry in order to gain votes in the division in which he is running."

The candidature of Mr. Lepine's opponent was discussed at length, but no definite stand was taken in reference to it, and another meeting will be called at an early date.

THE LIBERAL CLUB.

The Liberal Club held an enthusiastic meeting in the Windsor last night, under the chairmanship of Mr. Edward Holton. The time was chiefly taken up in discussing details of the campaign work, and making necessary arrangements for the next two weeks, and for election day. Short addresses were made by several of those present.

TO-DAY'S WEATHER.

Fair and Warm.

Toronto, June 4.—High pressure and fair weather continues from the lakes to the Atlantic. In the Northwest there is also little change. The weather continues fair, and local thundershowers have fallen in Manitoba.

TEMPERATURES.

Minimum and Maximum temperatures: Medicine Hat, 48—68; Prince Albert, 42—64; Qu'Appelle, 56—66; Winnipeg, 60—68; Parry Sound, 46—82; Toronto, 54—78; Ottawa, 46—82; Montreal, 58—80; Quebec, 54—80; Halifax, 60—74.

PROBABILITIES.

Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—Moderate winds; fair and warm.

MONTREAL TEMPERATURE.

Temperatures observed by Hearn & Harrison's standard thermometer, 1649 and 1642 Notre Dame Street: 8 a.m., 62; 1 p.m., 76; 6 p.m., 75; maximum, 76; minimum, 60; mean, 68. Standard barometer: 8 a.m., 30.00; 1 p.m., 29.99; 6 p.m., 29.95.

5 Minute Service around the Mountain. Take Windsor Car to Victoria Ave.

AUSTIN CORBIN KILLED.

New York Multi-Millionaire Loses His Life at Newport.

Newport, N.H., June 4.—Mr. Austin Corbin, the multi-millionaire, of New York, died at 9.42 to-night from injuries received by the running away of the horses attached to his carriage. The accident occurred about 3 o'clock this afternoon while Mr. Corbin was driving from his estate and game preserves, two miles from here, accompanied by his grandson, Edgell Corbin, and the latter's tutor. The coachman was also killed.

When You Are Going

To buy an article and don't know the value of the goods, pick out an old established house and trust their experience and reputation. TOOKE'S SHIRTS have been on the market for over twenty-five years, and are known all over the country as the best Shirts made.

R. J. TOOKE,

177 ST. JAMES STREET.
2387 ST. CATHERINE STREET, WEST.
1553 ST. CATHERINE STREET, EAST.

LIGHT COLORS in the Stonewall Jackson RIBBON TRADE MARK

ARE EXCEPTIONALLY MILD,

And are equally as fine in quality as the Noted Dark Colors of this Famous Brand.

Pianos to Rent

A large number of Pianos to Rent for the country from $3.00 to $6.00 monthly.

PRATTE PIANO CO.,
1676 Notre Dame St.

WILFUL MURDER.

Coroner's Jury Implicate Four Men in the Dupuis Case—Three in Custody and the Principal Will Soon Be.

The Coroner's jury have declared that Arthur Dupuis, who died at his home in Point St. Charles on Monday from stabs inflicted on him on Saturday night, was wilfully murdered by Michael Leahy, and that William Conway, George Edwards and Daniel Buckley were accessories.

The inquest had been adjourned until Tuesday next, but from facts which came to light on Wednesday evening, it was re-opened yesterday morning. Edwards had surrendered to Lieut. Taylor the previous night and was present in custody with the other two accused. He admitted having been in the row with Buckley, Conway and Leahy, when Dupuis wanted to send them away. One of the men with Dupuis struck Buckley. After the row when they had walked a block witness saw a knife in Leahy's hands, but he did not say he had used it in the scrimmage.

Wm. Conway said he lent his knife to Michael Leahy during the row at Leahy's own request after they had been told to go away from the yard. The knife had one blade, two and one-half inches long. Witness had hesitated in lending his knife to Leahy. He did not see him strike deceased with it.

Daniel Buckley admitted having been in the row, and having been thrown down by Dupuis.

After hearing some further evidence, the jury returned the following verdict: "We, the undersigned jurors, after having heard the evidence, declare that Arthur Dupuis died in Montreal on the first day of June, 1896, from knife wounds inflicted on May 30th, 1896, by Michael Leahy, whilst the said Leahy was in company with William Conway, owner of the knife, George Edwards and Daniel Buckley. The three last mentioned should be detained in connection with the murder of the said Dupuis."

Immediately after the three lads under arrest were brought before Judge Desnoyers, charged with wilful murder, and remanded for enquete. The verdict was communicated to the Detective Department, and the whole staff set on Leahy's trail. As he had very little money, it is not believed he can have gone far if, indeed, he is not in hiding in the city.

THE HONORABLE A. W. ATWATER.

There Was No Opposition and He is Now Provincial Treasurer.

The Hon. A. W. Atwater has been returned by acclamation to represent St. Lawrence division in the Provincial Legislature, in the place of the Hon. A. W. Morris, who resigned in Mr. Atwater's favor.

The nomination took place at No. 5 fire station, the papers being handed in by Mr. E. N. Heney, and these, on being examined by Mr. J. H. Walker, returning officer, were found regular.

Mr. Walker having announced the nominations closed and Mr. Atwater duly elected, the Provincial Treasurer, in a short speech, expressed his pride at being returned by acclamation, and said he was proud of the position he held in Hon. Mr. Flynn's Cabinet. He owed a debt of kindness to the Hon. A. W. Morris, as it was his patriotic action which gained him (Mr. Atwater) his seat. He would always be glad to receive his fellow-citizens about public business, and would endeavor to do his duty irrespective of creed or nationality. He concluded by expressing his sense of obligation to his Liberal friends for abstaining from offering opposition.

Speeches were also made by the Hon. A. W. Morris and by the Hon. J. K. Ward as a representative Liberal.

THE GREAT BROOKLYN HANDICAP.

Sir Walter After Trying Several Times Previously Wins the Race.

ENTHUSIASM OVER THE RESULT.

Emperor William's Meteor Wins Her First Race---Other Sporting News of Interest.

New York, June 4.—Better weather could not have been desired for the opening day at the Gravesend race track for the great Brooklyn Handicap. which is one of the most important races of the year in this country, its only rival being the Suburban, which will be run off on the opening day of the Coney Island Jockey Club, the latter part of this month. The sky was clear, and the rays of the June sun were tempered by a cool breeze which blew across the track, and the prospects for a large attendance were exceedinly good. All through the morning hours the track was filled with horses at exercise, and the candidates for the handicap were cantered slowly, and then breezed a furlong through the stretch to keep them in good condition. Then they were sent back to their stables to await the bugle call to the post, several hours away. Every one of the candidates for the $10,000 stake was fit to run for his life. The morning list of probable starters, weights, and jockeys is as follows:

Horse and Jockey	Weight.	Betting
Clifford, A. Clayton	125	Even.
Keenan, Griffin	121	20 to 1
Counter Tenor, Hamilton ...	120	15 to 1
Sir Walter, Taral	113	6 to 1
Nanki Pooh, Doggett	112	12 to 1
Hornpipe, Sheedy	111	15 to 1
St. Maxim, Simms	108	3 1-2 to 1
Lake Shore, J. Hill	103	25 to 1
Patadin, O'Leary	93	30 to 1

The Brooklyn Jockey Club has never been particularly fortunate in its choice of a day fort he big race, as more than a majority of the days on which it has been run were anything but pleasant. The track has frequently been heavy from recent rains, or else the day has been overcast with more or less rain. To-day, however, the conditions were changed. The track was neither deep in mud nor in dust. There was rain recently enough to put it into good condition, and when the last of the horses had completed their morning exercise, the harrows were put at work, and the dusty spots were wet down occasionally with hose to keep the track as fast as it has been for a day or two. Superintendent Brush thought that with such a good lot of fast horses entered there was no reason why the winner should not have to make under 2.07 to win, and if he was hard pressed, as he was likely, the track record ought to be broken.

While some of the interest in the race has departed owing to the absence of Henry of Navarre and Handspring, Clifford has many admirers who have stuck to him even since he was favorite in the Suburban a few years ago and was left standing at the post by Rowe. His splendid running at Morris Park in his two races with Keenan have made him a strong favorite and if he does not win there will be much disappointment. Few of the trainers at Gravesend this morning were willing to concede a possibility of his defeat. In spite of his bad showing in the Metropolitan Handicap, Sir Walter had many followers, although it was generally conceded that Sir Walter had the chance of his life on the opening day at Morris Park. St. Maxim was considered to have a chance in view of his race in the Metropolitan Handicap and his subsequent victory, there was a general opinion that Counter Tenor, the winner of the Metropolitan, would be handicapped too heavily by his five pounds penalty for his victory there. Keenan was not considered dangerous owing to his bad showing against Clifford and if he is sent to the post it will only be from the desire of August Belmont to see his colors in the race. Lake Shore and Patadin are the extreme outsiders, the former having run badly at Morris Park and the latter being the western horse, not the one recently disposed of by the Morris stable. He has not started this year. Nanki Pooh is an unknown quantity, but the Beards are clever people when it comes to a finish, the Dickey legged colt may be heard from. Hornpipe is a very dangerous horse at the weights, for he is in good condition, and Lakeland made no secret of his hopes this morning. He declared that he is afraid of nothing in the race and that the club-footed colt would be there or thereabouts at the finish.

THE RACE.

New York, June 4.—Three times has the gallant and game Sir Walter tried to win the Brooklyn Handicap, and at last he has been successful. Twice before he was third, beaten out by a fraction at the end, but to-day Taral was on his back and his skill, combined with a lack of judgment on the part of Clayton, who rode the favorite, helped to give the victory to the son of Midlothian and La Scala amid a roar of applause rarely heard now-a-days upon a race track. That it was a popular victory could not be doubted, for from the time he poked his nose into the lead to the las traction of a second of the race there was one wild yell for Sir Walter. It was not the cry of the betting man, for the horse was by no means a favorite, but it was the cheers of encouragement from the sport-loving American citizen, twenty thousand being at the Gravesend track to watch the contest. The cheers that had followed the victory were redoubled when Sir Walter returned to weigh in, and as Taral was hoisted into the floral jockey's chair, where he has sat so many times in his career, he was a very happy person, as the yells resounded through the air and the immense body of spectators gave vent to their feelings. A more perfect day for the race could not have been desired. The air was warm and pleasant, and everybody was in holiday dress, the bright colors of the women's dresses making a pretty picture with the dull background of the grand stand.

The finishes in the first, second and third races were close enough to whet the appetites of the spectators, but they did not care very much for the minor contests, even though there was a stirring contest for the rich Expectation Stakes, which Lithos, a cast-off from the Morris string, won by a nose from the well bred George Kessler. Delays at the start made the handicap very late, and it was 4.25 when the eight contestants went up to the post. Exactly 35 minutes after they went to the post, Flynn caught them in a good line, the red flag swished through the air, the immense crowd rose to its feet with the old cry, "They're off," and the eight highly bred animals began the journey of a mile and a quarter, at the end of which was a purse of $8,000 for the winner. They swept around the turn into the stretch, with Sir Walter showing the way, followed by St. Maxim, Lake Shore, Keenan, Hornpipe, Clifford, Nanki Pooh and Counter Tenor. There was no crowding around the lower turn, each jockey giving the others a wide berth, and the furlong around the oval was one of the fastest of the race, being run in 12 1-2 seconds, the leaders not changing their relative positions, although they drew away from the field a couple of lengths, while St. Maxim took third place, with Hornpipe fourth, Nanki Pooh and Clifford next, side by side, and Keenan back with Counter Tenor in last position. As they straightened out on the back stretch, the leaders were still rating along, well in hand, while St. Maxim and Hornpipe were side by side as before, with no change in the rear division. As they ran up the back stretch, they all felt the steel and began to move faster. Sir Walter's nose began to forge in front. Inch by inch the black muzzle began to show ahead, and the first four were running so close together that a blanket would have covered them, for St. Maxim had cut the lead over him down to a head, while Hornpipe was gamely running with him, the other four not changing their relative positions. The five furlongs post was reached in 12¼ seconds from the half in that order, but the spurt had been too much for Lake Shore, who then dropped back into seventh place, fighting for the last position with Counter Tenor, who was running like a cur. Keenan, too, was out of it, and from that time on the three took little interest in the contest. After leaving the five-eighths pole the race began in earnest, and with a little urging, Sir Walter shot away from the others to get a good position to round the upper turn. He was a length and a half away before Simms took St. Maxim in hand and sent him after Taral and his mount. In five seconds both were going at about the same rate of speed with daylight between them. Hornpipe was still pegging away in third place, but Nanki Pooh and Clifford had come up a little. As they rushed around the long upper turn, the pace quickened, and Sir Walter took a still larger lead from St. Maxim, while he, in turn, held his half length lead on Clifford. There was much disappointment over the showing of Clifford, who did not seem to be able to get up with the leaders, and seemed ready to quit. At the mile pole, which was reached in 1.42¼, the leaders were still running well, in spite of the demands made upon them, and willing to stand the drive which was sure to come. Taral was the first to begin punishing. It was a good thing he did his urging then, for Clayton had at last made up his mind to see what his mount was made of and with whip and spur, drove him at the tiring leaders. Sir Walter was staggering along, urged to his utmost, pounding the earth in a listless fashion with his eyes nearly strained out of his head in the effort to win the prize he was trying for so hard. St. Maxim was tired, too, but Simms had no mercy, and was urging him with whip and spur as he had never been driven before. It was useless for the latter, for Clifford was coming like a whirl wind, and was in second place, fifty yards from the finish. Inch by inch he pushed his nose ahead, and as they passed the judges he was only a short head behind Sir Walter, and then spectators who had been working as hard as the jockeys, settled back in the seats only to rise again as the victor came back to the stand, to breathe forth in a pandemonium of cheers. Summaries:

First race, 6 furlongs—The Swain, 116, Doggett, 3 to 1, won; Zanone, 103, Gardner, 6 to 1, second; Tinge, 120, Ryers, 7 to 1, third. Time—1.15.

Second race, 1 1-16 miles—Septour, 104, Doggett, even, won; Beanamela, 104, Littlefield, 4 to 1, second; Brisk, 104, Sheedy, 11 to 5, third. Time—1.50 1-2.

Third race, Expectation Stakes, 1-2 mile—Lithos, 118, Hart, 6 to 1, won; George Kessler, 118, Taral, 4 to 1, second; Winged Foot, 115, McCafferty, 2 to 1, third. Time.—50 1-4.

Fourth race, Brooklyn Handicap, 1 1-4 miles—Sir Walter, 113, Taral, 7 to 1, won by a head; Clifford, 126, A. Clayton, even, second; St. Maxim, 108, Simms, 3 to 1, third. Time—2.08 1-2. Hornpipe, Nanki Pooh, Keenan, Lake Shore and Counter Tenor also ran as named.

Fifth race, 1-2 mile—Don Blas, 113, McCafferty, 8 to 5, won; Hiddenite, 113, J. Hill, 5 to 1, second; Mattie Stanhope, 110, Hart, 6 to 1, third. Time—.50 3-4.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles, selling —Lehman, 112, Taral, 7 to 10, won; Patrician, 107, Simms, 3 to 1, second; Captain T, 101, Keefe, 10 to 1, third. Time—1.49 3-4.

Seventh race, half a mile—Scottish Chieftain, 113, Taral, 6 to 1, won; Passover, 118, Simms, 5 to 2, 2; Kitty B., 115, Ballard, 10 to 1, 3. Time, 51.

EPSOM RACING YESTERDAY.

London, June 4.—Fourteen horses started at Epsom in the race for the Royal Stakes (handicap), of 1,000 sovereigns by subscription of five sovereigns each, for three year olds and upwards, the second horse to receive 50 sovereigns and the third twenty-five sovereigns out of the race; distance six furlongs.

Mr. Rutherford's Break of Day won; Lord Zetland's Keelson was second, and Leopold De Rothschild's Grig was third.

Mr. Theobald's Phoebus Apollo and Mr. Lebaudy's Bach ran a dead heat for first place in the Durdan's Plate Handicap. Eleven horses went to the post in this event, and Lord Ellesmere's Villiers took third place. The Durdan's Plate Handicap of 1,000 sovereigns was for three year olds and upwards, the second to receive 50 sovereigns out of the plate; Derby course, about 1 1-2 miles. The result was as follows: Mr. Theobald's b.c. Phoebus Apollo, 4 years, by sr. Simon, out of Polynesia, dead heat. M. R. Lebaudy's s. h. Bach, aged, by Barcaldine, out of Anthem, dead heat. Lord Ellesmere's br. c. Villiers, 4 years, by Thurio, out of Lady Clarendon, third.

Lord Surrey Breeder's Foal Plate of 1,200 sovereigns (the nominator of the winner to receive 200 sovereigns, owner and nominator of the second 50 sovereigns each out of the plate) for two year olds; distance five furlongs:

Lord Rosebery's Chelandry won; the Duke of Portland's Lady Frivoles was second, and Mr. J. B. Leigh's Flying Colors, third.

THE CYCLONE'S TRAIL.

St. Louis, Mo., June 4.—The St. Louis Fair Association's grand stand which the recent cyclone carried off, will be completed by Saturday, in time for the club member's handicap races, the $6,000 stake event, in which some of the cream runners of the American thoroughbreds are entered.

THE WHEEL.

BICYCLING VERSUS TRADE.

Business men will presently be looking for a new St. George to demolish the latter day enemy of trade, the bicycle.

One hears the same complaint on every side, "The bicycle has ruined our business."

While this state of the case is doubtless exaggerated there is still a modicum of truth in this oft repeated wail.

The bicycle fever seems to have spared no one, and as a natural consequence money that was once spent in many directions is now sunk in wheels and the concomitants thereof.

It is well known that no branch of trade has been more visibly as well as radically affected by the bicycle craze than the manufacture of watches. A large number of well-known firms which once found it profitable to make watches have abandoned their manufacture for that of bicycles.

This is said to be the case with well known firms in Boston, Canton, Ohio, and Rockford, Ill. These concerns are still turning out wheels, but the wheels are no longer in gold cases.

The falling off in the demand for watches is justly attributed to the increasing number of twenty-first birthdays which are now glorified with bicycles.

In the good old days the proud father always presents his hopeful son with a gold watch when the latter celebrated his accession to manhood's estate.

Now the boy must have a bicycle.

In the brave days of old, when a girl was pretty enough to deserve everything she wanted she asked for jewelry or clothes or diamonds, or a poodle dog.

Now she insists on a bicycle.

All of which is refreshing and amusing when considered from the point of view of poesy or athletics, but to the last degree tragical when looked at through the spectacles of the honest tradesman.

For the retail jewelers no longer sells papa watches or diamonds, the dry goods dealer no longer measures out silks and laces, the cigar man fails to sell perfectos to Mary Jane's young man and is forced to lay in slabs of chewing gum instead. Even the tailors feel the strain. Men roll about so much in bicycle suits nowadays as never to wear out their old clothes.

Theatrical managers complain bitterly that the bicycle is hurting their business. Sweethearts used to go to the theatre together when they felt the need of a let up in the ardent exercise of spooning. Now they go bicycling together. A prominent manager told me that the loss to theatres on account of the mad craze for wheeling was simply incalculable. He said that persons who never in the past were known to go out at night unless they went to the theatre now fly about on bicycles every night and never darken a theatre's doors.

He declared that unless a change for the better occurred very soon the theatres must inevitably go to the wall. If men and women flew to the wheel with the same persistency for another year there would literally be nobody left to support the theatres.

Indeed, the bicycle appears to be "hogging" everything. It confers few benefits upon the world of trade, except in the domain of confectionery and soft drinks. In a vigorous campaign of the asphalted paradise of Eighth avenue I was unable to discover that any of the tradespeople were happy over the despotism of the wheel save the candy men and the saloon keepers.

But the latter were by no means satisfied with the drift of things. They said that they were selling very little hard stuff, and still less beer to bicyclists. It appears that wheelmen find it necessary to stick to soft drinks in order to stick to their saddles.

An immense quantity of candy is consumed by both sexes. Women are said to be incessant chewers of gum and sweets when on the road. Men are becoming converted to the habit, and, instead of smoking, as they used to do, now munch mint stick, suck lemon balls or chew gum.

Wheelmen have also discovered that cycling and smoking are irreconcilable What is the result? Retail tobacco dealers will tell you that there is a tremendous falling off in their receipts. An authority on the tobacco trade told me that the bicycle had lessened the output of the manufacturers by 70,000,000 cigars annually. Chewers also find it inexpedient to use the weed in their rides and many have even gone to the length of giving up the habit altogether.

In conclusion, attention is called to the phenomenon that some of the Chicago theatres have given up their Sunday performances because the patrons who used to flock to them now pedal their ways into green fields and over asphalt roads.

The bicycle already rules the world and its reign has been joyfully accepted. But what is the business man going to do when the woman upon whom he relies for his fortune spends all her pin money in outing suits.—New York Herald.

THE LATEST KIND OF A RACE.

Niagara Falls, Ont., June 4.—A very novel handicap road race is to be run from Niagara Falls, Ont., next Monday night. The conditions are: "To Chippewa, catch a fish and return." The distance is about 12 miles. No particular kind of fish need be caught, but any will satisfy.

M. A. A. A. HANDICAPS.

The following were starters in the 1-3 mile race last evening at the M.A.A.A. grounds. They were handicapped as given:

	Yards.
J. H. Tomlinson	20
W. Eaves	10
W. A. S. Ayerst	Scratch
H. Cook	15
A. Martineau	Scratch
Geo. Briggs	15
M. G. Cameron	Scratch

Eaves 1st, Briggs 2nd, Cameron 3rd. Time—.45.

Three mile race—

	Yards.
J. H. Tomlinson	300
W. Eaves	150
W. A. S. Ayerst	Scratch
H. Cook	100
A. Martineau	Scratch
Geo. Briggs	150
M. G. Cameron	50
J. A. Millen	300
E. H. Smead	60

Tomlinson 1st, Cameron 2nd, Cook 3rd. Time—7.59; scratch time, 8.12.

BASEBALL.

LE NATIONAL AND OGDENSBURG TO PLAY.

Le National Baseball Club have made arrangements with the Hamilton B.B.C., of Ogdensburg, N.Y., to play two games here, the first to take place at 3 o'clock on Saturday next on the National grounds, St. Catherine Street, and the second to take place the following day, Sunday, at 3 p.m. at Lepine Park. The grounds at Lepine Park are now in capital condition, and a great game may be confidently expected between these two well-known clubs. The famous Pastime B.B. Club have amalgamated with the Hamiltons, and the nine thus composed is said to make a very strong combination, and they expect to win from Le National. If so they will have to put up the best kind of ball, as Le National have much strengthened their already very strong team. Le National's new battery, Labelle and Wilson, will probably look after the curves on Saturday, and Belcourt and Brouillette the old reliables, will perform the same office in the second game.

MONTREAL'S NEW MEN.

The Montreal professional nine who will show the beauties of the American national game here this season, will have three new men on the team for to-morrow, when they meet the Farnhams on the new Shamrock grounds, and another addition will be made next week. The new comers are Jas. Doyle, the noted third baseman; Eddie Hanscomb, centre fielder, from the Nashua Club, and last, but not least, Frank McCarthy, the renowned pitcher. Ed. Tobor, of Holy Cross College, who has pitched the majority of the games for the college this year, will be here at the close of the term, which is on Tuesday next, though there is a probability of his arrival on Saturday. These men, with Miller, Sweeney, Burke, Courtemarche, Foley, Bell, Bonner and Reno, should make a team deserving of the best of patronage from the Montreal public, who will certainly appreciate good ball.

MONTREAL AND ST. HYACINTHE.

The Montreal and St. Hyacinthe nines will play their first game of the series on Sunday in St. Hyacinthe, and an excursion will be run at a very low rate. The train leaves at five minutes to eight, and the city will be reached again at 7 p.m. Montreal will take out a strong nine, and should have no trouble in winning. It is expected that a large criwd will accompany the team.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Syracuse— R.H.E.
Syracuse....0 0 3 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—4 11 3
Rochester..1 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1—5 13 3
Batteries—Mason and Hess; McFarland and Boyd. Umpire, Doescher.

At Springfield— R.H.E.
Springfield....2 0 0 0 0 0 0 6 0—8 11 3
Providence...0 1 2 0 0 1 0 2 0—6 12 4
Batteries—Coughlin and Leahy; Knorr and Dixon.

At Scranton— R.H.E.
Scranton.....2 2 2 0 0 9 7 0 0—22 19 6
Wilkesbarre..0 2 0 5 2 0 0 0 0—9 15 7
Batteries—Johnson and Rafferty; Yerrick, Betts and Keenan and Wente. Umpire, Ketrick.

At Boston— R.H.E.
Boston........0 0 0 0 1 4 3 0 x—8 9 4
Chicago.......0 0 1 0 0 2 0 0 0—3 9 2
Batteries—Sullivan and Tenney; Parker and Kittredge.

At Baltimore— R.H.E.
Baltimore....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 7 7
Cleveland....0 2 0 0 2 0 2 2 0—7 11 0
Batteries—McMahon and Robinson; Cuppy and O'Connor.

At New York— R.H.E.
St. Louis.....2 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—3 8 5
New York.....0 5 2 0 0 2 0 4 x—13 18 2
Batteries — Breitenstein, Parrott and Murphy; Campfield and Farrell.

At Philadelphia— R.H.E.
Philadelphia..1 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 3—7 11 2
Pittsburg.....0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 3—6 13 2
Batteries—Orth and Grady; Hawley and Merritt.

At Brooklyn— R.H.E.
Brooklyn.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 11 2
Cincinnati...0 0 0 0 0 1 2 3 x—6 9 2
Batteries—Stein and Burrell; Ehret and Vaughn.

At Washington— R.H.E.
Washington..2 0 1 0 0 0 0 3 4—10 13 3
Louisville...2 0 0 0 0 1 2 0 1—6 10 0
Batteries—King and McGuire; McDermott and Miller.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

At Toronto— R.H.E.
Toronto.......0 0 1 2 1 0 0 0 x—4 10 5
Buffalo.......0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1—2 6 2
Batteries—Staley and Casey; Wadsworth and Smith. Umpire, Stearns.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Club.	Won.	Lost.
Cleveland	23	12
Baltimore	26	14
Cincinnati	25	15
Philadelphia	24	16
Boston	23	15
Pittsburg	18	18
Brooklyn	19	19
Chicago	19	22
Washington	18	20
New York	17	22
St. Louis	11	28
Louisville	9	30

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Club.	Won.	Lost.
Rochester	23	11
Providence	21	9
Toronto	18	12
Syracuse	17	14
Buffalo	17	16
Wilkesbarre	9	18
Springfield	10	22
Scranton	10	21

AQUATICS.

THE VALOIS BOATING CLUB.

The annual meeting of the Valois Boating Club was held Wednesday evening in the Club House, when there was a good sized attendance of members. Financial reports were satisfactory, as was that of the secretary. He says:

"The change in subscriptions has proved a success, financially, to the club, there being an increase over last year's receipts of $172.50, with the loss of only four paying members. The doing away with the collecting of additional subscription for our annual regatta has proved more satisfactory than the old system.

"Although it is our pleasure to report a decided change for the better in the interest taken during the past season in boating, yet it is by no means as it should be; and your committee, although appreciating the interest taken in the bonnet hops of the club, would be pleased if a portion of the enthusiasm could be turned to the sport which the club was primarily formed to promote, namely, boating.

"In this connection your committee think that the financial position of the club now warrants the extension of the privileges granted to members interested in paddling, swimming, etc., by giving them increased accommodation, and placing lockers in the dressing room, etc. This would also be a source of revenue to the club.

"Your committee would also recommend the painting of the club house.

"During the past year the club, in addition to paying all running expenses, paid off $154.19 of outstanding debts from previous season. A boat was also purchased for the use of the caretaker.

"The membership of the club now stands as follows: Active members, 61; associate members, 20; boys, 28; total, 109."

The whole respectfully submitted.

D. McLENNAN,
Secretary.

The following offirers were elected for the year 1896: President, Thos. O. Paton; 1st vice-president, Robert Starke; 2nd vice-president, Colin Lockerby; Hon. secretary, T. Y. Foster; Hon. treasurer, R. N. Scott. Committee, M. Freeman, J. J. Riley, J. Exter Walsh, W. B. Evans, jr., F. W. Barlow, W. C. Strachan and G. S. Low.

The annual regatta takes place on Saturday, August 1, and one of its chief features will be a special race for the half-raters of the Royal St. Lawrence Yacht Club.

YACHTING.

THE EMPEROR'S YACHT A WINNER.

London, June 4.—There was considerable interest taken to-day in the river matches of the Royal London Yacht Club, in view of the fact that the new cutter Meteor, the property of Emperor William of Germany, was to be raced with Lord Lonsdale on board, for the first time. The course for the big cutters, open to all yachts exceeding 40-rating for a prize of £80, was from the lower Hope, to and around the Mouse lightship and return to Gravesend about 50 miles.

In anticipation of witnessing the contest there was a big turning-out of yachtsmen. The weather was warm and light winds prevailed.

Meteor sailed her first race in curious weather, and did not create a very favorable impression at the outset. The start was made in almost a calm and Meteor had the best of it. But Britannia was lucky in catching puffs, and succeeded in slipping ahead. Satanita also passed Meteor a little later. Britannia struck a breeze in the sea reached and soon held a lead of about half a mile. Then, a moderate easterly wind sprang up, and gave the yachts a beat down the river. While Britannia was working into a better wind, Meteor had the task of getting past Satanita. Once clear of the latter, Meteor went away fast and steadily neared Britannia. When about ten miles of the course had been covered, the wind softened, and Meteor began to show her quality, and five miles further after four short tacks, she passed Britannia. These two yachts were right ahead of Satanita and Ailsa. After Meteor had taken the lead, near the Nore, the wind came free, and with sheets away Meteor gained about five minutes in six miles against the tide.

The return journey opened with a beat of six miles, and then there was a long close reach, on both of which points of sailing Meteor increased the gap between herself and Britannia in a wonderful manner, the breeze being true and steady and of balloon-sail strength, causing Emperor William's yacht to gain steadily on her competitors. The yachts had a five-mile beat to the finish, where Meteor arrived about two miles ahead of Britannia. Experts agree that Meteor is a great advance on Valkyrie III., being a better type of boat altogether, although it is a disputed point if she could beat Valkyrie III. in smooth water and soft breezes when going to windward. But she is unquestionably better on the reach than the Dunraven Syndicate yacht, carries her large sail plan ably, goes through the water cleanly, has less free board than Britannia, has a handsome top than the Prince of Wales' yacht, and her rating will not be very heavy, in spite of her big sails.

Meteor's sail plan is looked upon as being equal to that of Valkyrie III. Although it is rather soon to speak confidently on the subject, it is safe to say that Emperor William's yacht is a phenomenally fast vessel. She has never had her equal in British waters in moderate breezes, and if she is as good in a breeze the German Emperor has got a rara avis.

The time of the big yachts at the finish were:

Meteor, 6.33.50; Britannia, 6.47.07; Ailsa, 7.01.07; Satanita, 7.04.15.

ROD AND GUN.

A DOMINION DAY TOURNAMENT.

Sherbrooke, Que., June 2.—The Sherbrooke Gun Club have issued the following notice: "The Sherbrooke Gun Club will hold a tournament on their grounds in East Sherbrooke, on July 1st, lasting all day, to which they invite the members of the clubs of the Province. It is intended to make this shoot a popular one by having the events so arranged that all will get shooting in something near their own class, while numerous open events and added money will prove attractive to all.

While we believe that easy birds will be appreciated by the greater number as large a variety of shooting as possible is to be given, both easy and difficult.

In the division of the various sweeps both "class-shooting" and the "all-in-it" system will be adopted. In the latter system the amount of the entries is divided by the total number of targets broken, and each shooter is paid for the birds he breaks. This is becoming a very popular system with many large clubs, having the advantage of making "dropping for place" impossible.

One set of traps will be devoted to a merchandise match, which will be continued throughout the day, and in which re-entries will be unlimited. Several valuable prizes have already been promised for this.

A cash prze, to be announced later, will be divided among the high aggregates in certain events to be named in programme, which is in preparation and will be sent you next week.

This circular is sent with the desire of soliciting suggestions from the officers of clubs likely to be with us on Dominion Day. We intend to please everybody, old saws and proverbs notwithstanding. Write to our secretary if you have any pet theory as to the running of a shoot, or if you think of any event which would prove interesting, and he will be grateful for the favor. Our secretary likes his job; keep him busy. Send in your suggestions at once, please, and give us an idea of the attendance we may expect from your club."

THE RING.

SAN FRANCISCO SCRAPS.

San Francisco, June 4.—Before the National Athletic Club and 6,000 spectators last night Tom Sharkey whipped Jim Williams, the champion heavyweight of Utah. Sharkey is the sailor who has figured in several battles of late, generally getting the big end of the purse. He went at Williams hammer and tongs, and was declared the victor in the seventh round. A more scientific bout was put up by Danny Needham and Billy Gallagher. After 10 rounds, the first five of which were in Needham's favor and the last five in Gallagher's, the referee decided it a draw. Patsy Corrigan and Australian Billy Smith went on for eight rounds. Smith showed his superiority in every round and got the decision.

MAHER AND SLAVIN FIGHT AGAIN POSTPONED.

New York, June 4.—There will be no sparring exhibition by Frank P. Slavin and Peter Maher in Long Island City to-morrow night, the date to which the bout was postponed, on account of the interference by the clergy and others last week. This decision is announced by the managers of the Empire Athletic Club who have withdrawn the application for an injunction to restrain the Sheriff of Queen's County from interfering with the proposed exhibition. The reason assigned for this action is that there is not sufficient time in which to reach a decision in the courts before the date set for the exhibition.

McAULIFFE AND CARROLL ARRESTED.

New York, June 4.—Jack McAuliffe and Jimmy Carrol,, pugilists, had a rough and tumble fight at Coney Island Tuesday morning. McAuliffe got the worst of the fight. The men were arrested, Carroll being fined for drunkenness and McAuliffe, who had fought against being locked up, was held for resisting arrest.

McAuliffe returned from the West last Thursday night and had been on a spree at the Island since. After being arrested the police found that McAuliffe had a long pocket knife with the large blade open in his hand. They had quite a struggle taking the knife away from "Jack." He will be examined to-morrow.

LACROSSE.

CYCLIST'S HANDLE THE STICK.

The M.A.A.A. handicap bicycle races last evening were very interesting but the most important event a lacrosse match between the Roadsters and Racers quite dwarfed the wheeling events. There was not a large crowd present but those who were there were appreciative. In fact who could not be when Moses Rubenstein made such gallant attempts to secure the ball and in so doing used his stick wonderfully. The players found their arms willing but their legs treacherous, and on this account the game at times took on the appearance of a Buffer and Duffer hockey match. Then at other times it looked like croquet or baseball and occasionally something similar to the old Irish game of handball. The Roadsters finally won by a score of 3 to 1. The teams were:

Road men—Webb, goal; L. Rubenstein, point; Levasseur, cover point; Wadsworth, Harris, M. Rubenstein, defence field; James, centre; Pickard, McCormick, Christie, home field; Gales, outside home; Hodge, inside home.

Racing men—Holcombe, goal; Lanson, point; Briggs, cover point; Cole, Martineau, Tomlinson, defence field; Woods, Centre; Smead, Ayerst, Mitchell, home field; Cameron, outside home; Hagar, inside home.

Referee, Mr. Robertson; Captains, Messrs. Ayerst and Patterson; instructor, Mr. Granger.

MONTREALS GO TO BROCKVILLE.

The Montreal Intermediate lacrosse team will go to Brockville on Saturday, to play Almonte for the old N.A.L.A. championship flag. This is the play off of a 2 to 2 match in a snow storm in Ottawa last fall between the two teams, which were champions of the Eastern and Western divisions, respectively. The game will be played in Brockville as neutral ground.

ATHLETICS.

M.A.A.A. RACING HANDICAPS.

The annual spring handicaps of the M.A.A.A. will take place Saturday, June 13, at 3 p.m., on their grounds. Programme of events: 100 yards run, 440 yards run, 880 yards run, one mile run, one mile bicycle race, three mile bicycle race, high jump, broad jump, putting sixteen pound shot, 300 yards, boys under 12 years; 400 yards boys under 15 years; one mile bicycle, boys under 15 years. Entries close Wednesday, 10th June. Entry fee, 50 cents, must be enclosed with each entry (25 cents of which amount will be refunded to bona fide starters). Boys' races free. Rules of the A.A.A. of C. and C.W.A. will govern events.

PASTIME ATHLETIC CLUB.

A meeting of the Pastime Athletic Club will be held to-night at 8 o'clock, in the Hope Coffee House. All members are earnestly requested to be present.

FOOTBALL.

THE MOHAWKS' TEAM.

The following players will represent the Mohawks in their scheduled match with Valleyfield on Saturday afternoon: McKenzie, Ahern, Bird, Messer, Coates, Morrison, Fleet, Badger, Wands, (captain), Lidgate and Chilton. Reserves, Burton and Lidstone. The match will start at 3.30, on the Exhibition Grounds, and promises to be one of the best games of association football seen here for some time. The Valleyfields came out on top last season without one defeat, and the Mohawks will endeavor to lower their record on Saturday.

LAWN TENNIS.

LARNED CONTINUES SUCCESSFUL.

London, June 4.—In the fourth round of the tennis tournament for the Middlesex championship singles, at the Chiswick Park Club to-day, W. A. Larned, the American player, beat H. A. Nisbet, 6—2, 7—5 and 7—5; H. S. Mahoney beat E. R. Allen ,and E. Greville beat S. L. Bathurst. Larned's game was distinguished by quick service and brilliant forehand drives. He told a representative of the Associated Press that he was having a splendid time, was well treated, and that the courts were perfect.

In the gentlemen's doubles, H. S. Mahoney and W. A. Larned beat H. R. Hallward and O. Hiartas, 6—2, 7—5, after an exciting contest. Larned was especially good in quick stops and puzzling service.

CRICKET.

THE INVICTAS.

The Invicta Cricket Club will meet the Point St. Charles Cricket Club Saturday afternoon next at 3 o'clock on the Exhibition grounds. The Invictas will hold a meeting on their grounds after practice this evening. All members will make it a special point to attend this meeting, as important business will be brought forward.

MONTREAL AND BISHOPS.

The Montreal Cricket Club will play a match with Bishop's College School, Lennoxville, to-day on the M.A.A.A. grounds, starting at 11 o'clock sharp. The team to represent Montreal will be as follows: A. Browning (captain), J. J. Boyes, C. B. Godwin, W. R. Gilbert, A. B. Evans, A. Hodgson, N. G. Grace, H. Jones, J. G. Mackintosh, F. N. Southam, J. H. Walters. On Saturday afternoon a match will be played between the first eleven and the rest of the club, which should prove interesting.

NINETY-THREE RUNS FOR SEVEN WICKETS.

London, June 4.—In the cricket match between the Gloucester and Australian elevens to-day the Gloucester team in their first innings made ninety-three runs for seven wickets.

QUOITS.

MONTREAL QUOITING LEAGUE.

The third match of the schedule in connection with the Montreal Quoiting League takes place to-morrow afternoon on the Montreal Club grounds, Windsor Street, between the St. Gabriel and Montreal Quoiting Clubs.

The fourth match of the same schedule takes place to-morrow afternoon on the Dominion Club grounds, Atwater Avenue, between the St. Lawrence and Dominion Quoiting Clubs.

PERSONALS.

Dr. Charles O'Connor, of this city, is visiting his relatives in Worcester, Mass.

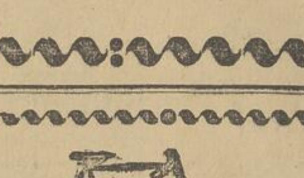
To Aid Canadian Plumbers.

Cleveland, Ohio, June 4.—At the Master Plumbers' session to-day the Executive committee was instructed to aid the master plumbers of Canada to organize their Dominion association.

Straw Hats

If there is one department of our trade in which we claim to excel, it is the magnificent assortment of up-to-date styles in Straw Hats we have to offer our customers. We import our straw goods direct from the English, French and American factories, and cannot be undersold. Prices range from 50c to $3.00.

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THE WOMANS PAGE

THE WOMAN ABOUT TOWN

(Any contributions suitable for this column may be addressed to "The Woman About Town," Herald Office.)

TO OUR READERS.

The Woman About Town would be pleased to receive further suggestions and opinions from readers of the Herald on the subject of the establishment of a "home boarding house," outside the city, for business women. The idea has been heartily endorsed by ladies and gentlemen of experience and it only remains for them to co-operate and start an institution which will be self-supporting and of immense benefit to those concerned.

To "The Woman About Town":

I take great interest in your columns, which I find both interesting and instructive. Apropos to the letter of "H." on the subject of the theatre hat, I send you the following:

"The Federation of Women's Clubs, which was in session last week in Louisville, unanimously declared against high hats or bonnets in interior places of amusement. The members of the Federation are women of intelligence and culture; they believe that what is within the head is of more importance than what is without, and they are doubtless anxiods that all of their sisters who go to theatres and opera houses should show by the removal of their head-gear that they are possessed of brains and intellectuality.

And yet there is not the slightest prospect that all the resolutions and declarations of the Federation will have the slightest influence in making the high hat "go." Legislators in Ohio have sought to immortalize themselves by framing and passing an act to prevent the wearing of towers, domes, minarets, spires, obelisks and mansard roofs on the head at theatres. And yet these men have never had their names proclaimed on the house tops or in the market place, and for all that the world knows of them they might as well be with the historic McGinty at the bottom of the sea. So far as woman is concerned, it is always safe to say that

"When she will, she will, you may depend on't;
And when she won't, she won't, and there's an end on't."

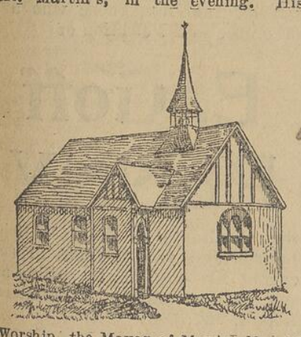
Still, methods have been adopted which seem to be having an effect in lessening the number of structural masses which conceal the horizon of the stage and prevent us from knowing whether Shakespeare was stating a fact when he made the melancholy Jaques assert that players have their exits and their entrances. Quiet and reasonable discussion of the subject has done much to cause women to lay aside their architectural contrivances, and thus clear the way for other people's eyes. Theatrical managers, too, have made polite requests to feminine patrons to doff their head-gear, and all these things are bearing fruit. It is the only way by which the desired reform can be brought about. Legislatures may pass statutes, kings and emperors threaten; and conventions of women pronounce against the hat, but still it will always be with us. You might as well try to catch a whale with a worm on a bent pin as to subdue a woman's vanity by acts of legislation."

With best wishes for the successful establishment of a "home boarding house" for business women, which you are so earnestly advocating, allow me to subscribe myself,

A DEVOTED READER.

Montreal, June 4.

The fifth anniversary of St. Andrew's Church, Sault au Recollet, will be held on Sunday next, June 7. The Rev. P. R. Lewis, B.A., assistant minister of Christ Church Cathedral, will take part at the morning service, and the Rev. G. O. Troop, M.A., rector of St. Martin's, in the evening. His



Worship, the Mayor of Montreal, will attend the evening service. The following brief sketch outlines the history of the church:

On the day before St. Andrew's Day, 1890, the corner stone was laid by His Lordship Bishop Bond, and an address delivered by the Rev. R. Hewton, of Lachine. Being the eve of St. Andrew's Day, it was suggested by J. W. Marling, Esq., that the name of St. Andrew's Church be adopted, which was accordingly done.

The church was opened on the first Sunday in June, 1891. At Easter, 1894, the Rev. E. McManus resigned the charge, having placed the church on a firm footing, and being largely instrumental in raising funds for the church building. Mr. Stephen H. Mallinson, student of the Montreal Diocesan Theological College was then appointed by the Bishop.

The summer residents are increasing, and the average attendance during the summer months is 70 to 80. The church debt has been reduced by $500 during the last three years, leaving a balance of $150, half of which is already subscribed for. It is hoped to have the Bishop consecrate the church next September, when the debt is liquidated. At present the church is self-supporting. The services are hearty, and all seats free. The church wardens are Messrs. Crewe and Hewton; delegates to Synod, Mayor Wilson-Smith and Mr. S. Grant.

The church will be decorated and special music rendered by the choir at these anniversary services.

MISS KINGSLEY.

In Darkest Africa.

In the Young Woman for June, Miss Kingsley, the African explorer, has much to tell of her varied experiences. "I soon gave up having an interpreter," she says. "I engaged one once, and paid seven pounds for him, and all the English he knew was 'p'raps,' 'tis better so," and 'lordie, lordie helpie me.' Well, that did not help me much, so I preferred to rely on my own efforts. I understand a little of the language of some of the tribes, but the difficulty is that there are so many languages spoken, it would take a lifetime to master them all. German and French are helpful, but the best medium for communication is trade English—a kind of jargon in which native forms of speech are Anglicised. "It was while I was in the Canary Islands," she continued, "that I heard very dreadful accounts of the danger and horrors of travelling in West Africa, and I felt I must go—just feminine curiosity, you know. I asked a man who knew the country what I should find most useful to take out with me, and he replied, 'An introduction to the Wesleyan Mission, because they have a fine hearse and plumes at the station, and would be able to give you a grand funeral. However, I proceeded to go, bursting with curiosity. This was in 1893, and in the course of the summer I landed myself right on the top of St. Paul de Loanda. I had been led to understand from the Consular report that there were three hotels there, but I did not find one, and was driven to throw myself upon the protection of the English Consul. The unfortunate man had me and a drunken crew from a shipwrecked trading vessel on his hands at the same time. He stowed me away in a merchant's store for safe keeping. After a time the life became so unbearably dull that I bolted, and got a Portuguese boat to take me to Kabinda, where I hoped to be in time to catch a homeward-bound vessel, for I began to feel that I had had enough of West Africa. When I reached Kabinda I found that the English boat had sailed the day before. There was nothing for it but to remain where I was. I became infatuated with the place and spent a long time there, and in Ka Conga, wandering up and down. This will be taken as a sign of insanity on my part, for the district is considered one of the worst in West Africa.

"The natives have the instinct to see who's who," went on Miss Kingsley; "they know whether you are a person to be trifled with or not. Some travellers worry themselves to death in trying to bring the natives into order, and lose their tempers about it too, which is fatal. You can only deal with them by showing unending patience. The most useful thing for a traveller in West Africa to cultivate is the philosophic temperament of Mark Tapley, to be jolly under all circumstances. It is said that you must either chaff or thrash the Africans to get anything out of them. I recommend the chaffing, and attribute my success in dealing with them to the fact that I never lost my temper, and used jokes instead of hard words."

WORTH WHILE.

'Tis easy enough to be pleasant,
When life flows along like a song;
But the man worth while is the one who will smile
When everything goes dead wrong;
For the test of the heart is trouble,
And it always comes with the years,
And the smile that is worth the praise of earth
Is the smile that comes through tears.

It is easy enough to be prudent
When nothing tempts you to stay;
When without or within no voice of sin
Is luring your soul away;
But it's only a negative virtue
Until it is tried by fire,
And the life that is worth the honor of earth
Is the one that resists desire.

By the cynic, the sad, the fallen,
Who had no strength for the strife,
The world's highway is cumbered to-day;
They make up the item of life.
But the virtue that conquers passion,
And the sorrow that hides in a smile—
It is these that are worth the homage of earth,
For we find them but once in a while.

Proverbs Up to Date.

The world's a cycle and the folks
Are nothing but the cycle's spokes.

One man may seat a cyclist fair,
But ten men can not keep her there.

She rises brightly with the dawn,
While yet the dew is on the lawn.

And ere 'tis dried from hill and plain,
She rises many a time again.

A novice and her wheel soon part
And pride is humbled at the start.

The upright rider winneth praise
But who can mend the humped one's ways?

Behold the woman riding down
Swift as the lightning through the town.

She scorcheth through the outer gate
And goeth far and stayeth late.

Her husband, in the market place,
The elders mocketh to his face.

"Thou buttonless!" they cry; "all hail,
Go clasp thy raiment with a nail!"

He plucks his beard and saith a swear,
But he doth not his garment tear.

For no one bides at home to darn
(Save orally) his suit of yarn.

—G. D. B.

A DANISH PRIMA DONNA.

The Danes in Chicago have received a long anticipated guest in the person of Mlle. Volborg Andersen, a prima donna from the Royal Danish Opera in Copenhagen. This is the first visit of the celebrated Danish singer to this country. She comes by special permission from the director-general of the Royal Opera Company to sing at the Danish musical festival for the benefit of the Hans Christian Andersen Monument Association at Central Music Hall, on June 5, under the auspices of the central committee of the Consolidated Danish Societies of Chicago.

The statue will be unveiled in Lincoln Park next month, when a great children's procession and festival will take place, in which children of the public schools have been invited to join.

Mlle. Andersen has been warmly received by the local Danish population. Andrew Petersen, Danish Consul, said: "She has a magnificently sympathetic voice and it will be a perfect treat for the concert public of Chicago to hear her." Mlle. Andersen is a guest of Niels Juul, president of the Danish Societies, at his Humboldt Park home. She is a vivacious and charming little woman, whose French characteristics come from her mother's ancestry, the De La Matts. Mlle. Andersen will sing in New York with Melba at several private concerts before she returns to Copenhagen.

HOLIDAY HOUSE FOR GIRLS

"The Good Will Club Holiday House" opens again at Berthier July 1st. Terms, $2.50 a week. It is for the benefit of any girl desiring a rest and change, who is unwilling or unable to pay the rates demanded by the ordinary hotel or boarding house. The best of air, good food and plenty of boating are the great attractions. The officers of the club take their turn in superintending the house during the time it is open, and, with a lady helper, looks after boating, drives, picnics, etc. Any one may help in this work. A small sum of money will give a holiday to some one seriously needing a rest, and the guest can either be nominated by the giver or by the officers of the club. Application forms can be had at the club rooms, 2078 St. Catherine Street, and must be sent in at least one week beforehand, as it is impossible to accommodate unexpected guests. Kindly send contributions marked for Holiday House or city work, either to Mrs. Capel, 205 Mansfield Street, or to Miss Howard, 3 Durocher Street.

It Puzzled Her.

It was her first visit to the city, and she was naturally much interested in everything she saw.

"Still, I wouldn't live here for the world," she said.

"Wouldn't live here!" exclaimed her city friend.

"No, indeed, I wouldn't."

"But think of the theatres and the opera!"

"Very nice, of course," admitted the country girl, "and I would like to come to the city and see and hear them, but I wouldn't live here, just the same."

"Think of the big stores and the facilities for shopping!" persisted the city girl.

"I have."

"And the social gayety!"

"It's all very enjoyable, but I'd rather live in the country."

"But we have more of the comforts and luxuries of life, more of everything that makes life worth living."

The country girl shook her head.

"You lack the best thing of all," she said, decidedly. "I don't see how you ever get married."

"Married! I don't understand you," returned the city girl.

"Where do you do your courting?" asked the country girl. "I don't believe I have seen a front gate to swing on during the whole time I have been here."—Gothamite.

A Model Courtship.

I very much approve of my friend Tom Truelove in one particular. Tom made love to a woman of sense, and always treated her as such during the whole time of courtship. His frankness of behavior made him converse with her before marriage in the same manner he intended to continue to do afterwards. Tom would say: "Madame, you see what sort of a man I am. If you will take me with all my faults about me, I promise to mend rather than grow worse." Once hinting his dislike to some trifle his mistress had said or done, she asked him how he would talk to her after their marriage if he talked at this rate before? "I mention this now," said Tom, "because you are at your own disposal. Were you at mine, I should be too generous to do it." In short, Tom has ever since been better than his word. The lady has found nothing more disagreeable in the husband than she discovered in the lover.

He Bought an Ancestor.

A gentleman in London having a portrait of a man claimed to be by Sir Joshua Reynolds, wrote to an art dealer in Washington whether there was a possibility of its sale in this city. The latter thought it was likely and asked the owner to send it over. A few days after it arrived he invited a worthy gentleman who is famous for his wit to inspect it, explained the artistic merits of the work and its great value and suggested that he might hang it in his house as the portrait of one of his ancestors. After a few days of reflection the offer was declined and the art dealer sought a well-known multi-millionaire, who was immediately captured by the ancestor idea and paid $15,000 for the portrait. Soon after the purchase was made customer No. 1 was invited to dine with customer No. 2 and recognized the picture hanging on the wall near him in the dining-room. "Ah," he said to his host, "you have a remarkable work of art there. It is evidently a masterpiece. Who is the artist?" "Sir Joshua Reynolds," was the reply. "It is a portrait of one of my ancestors." "He came very near being one of my ancestors," was the tart retort, "ony I was hard up just then and could not afford him."—Washington Letter.

Health in Sunny Rooms.

The rooms occupied by children should be made bright, light and pleasant. It is seldom thought of as much as it should be, how essential to the health of children plenty of light—especially sunlight—is. One reason why poor people's children thrive in the face of most adverse surroundings is that they are nearly all day out of doors, in the full light of day in the air. Keeping children excluded from sunlight and putting them in dark, young bird and keeping it always in the shade; it will soon droop and lose all brightness, becoming dull and songless. Some children look pale and delicate, although surrounded with every comfort—nay, luxury—well fed, well looked after, and the real cause is often want of light—want of sunlight—and want of cheerfulness in the people and in the rooms they inhabited.

MASTER PLUMBERS' CONVENTION.

A convention of master plumbers will be held in this city on July 2nd for the purpose of forming a Dominion Association. The officers of the local Master Plumbers' Association are: Hon. president, John Date; president, Jos. Lamarche; first vice-president, D. Gordon; second vice-president, A. Champagne; third vice-president, P. Carroll; secretary, W. M. Briggs; treasurer, W. A. Stephenson; financial secretary, J. Thibault; English corresponding secretary, J. W. Hughes; French corresponding secretary, A. Verville. The chairmen of the several committees are as under: Auditing, J. Watson; arbitration, F. Horan; sanitation, J. W. Hughes; legislative, D. Ouimet; apprentices, A. Demers.

GREECE WOULD LIKE CRETE.

Crown Prince, Government and People All in Favor of Annexing the Island.

London, June 4.—The Vienna correspondent of the Daily News telegraphs that he learns from Athens that the Greek nation, the Government and the Crown Prince all favor the annexation of the Island of Crete by Greece. Such a favorable chance as the present one is not likely to recur. The King, however, would do anything rather than offend Russia, but nevertheless he cannot long resist the will of the nation. His abdication is hinted at.

The Prime Minister and Minister of Foreign Affairs were closeted with the King for hours to-day. There are many indications that the recent inaction of the Government will be abandoned.

The Daily News has also a despatch direct from Athens which gives further details of the critical situation in Crete. It says that Turks are pillaging and burning the villages in the vicinity of Retimo. It is stated that seventy-five Turkish soldiers were killed and forty wounded in the recent fighting at Tsavaro and Vamos.

Crete has long been a thorn in the side of the Turkish Government. Its inhabitants are of a bold and independent temper, and they chafe against the misrule of their Ottoman lords. The great rebellion of 1866-69 swept away much of the oppression under which they had previously groaned, but the improvement secured, though great, was not thorough, and there is always more or less trouble brewing in the island.

Like Armenia, Crete is mentioned and provided for in the treaty of Berlin, but the undertakings given by the Sublime Porte proved as little fruitful in the one case as they did in the other. The Cretans complained in particular of the Porte's interference with the Cretan Assembly, with the application of the insular revenues to the gendarmerie, and with the undue favor shown to the Moslem inhabitants, who form about one-fifth of the whole population. The discontent became so acute in 1889 that a rebellion of serious dimensions broke out. When it had been put down a firman was issued by the Sultan which modified the constitution and curtailed the privileges of the Cretans. This did not tend to improve matters, and ever since then there has always been uneasiness in the island.

Elections to the General Assembly were held last year, the number of deputies being reduced by the Sultan from eighty to fifty-seven. The assembly of delegates from all parts of the island petitioned the Sultan to reorganize the system of taxation, to convoke a General Assembly and to appoint a Christian Governor "en permanence." These demands not having been granted, the discontent has once more become acute, and the insurgents are now aiming at effecting a political union with Greece.

London, June 4.—A despatch from Constantinople to the Times says that Russia has warned the Porte that a Christian massacre in Crete would unite the whole of Europe against Turkey.

CITY AMUSEMENTS.

There will be a tremendous audience at the first of the Sousa band concerts to-night. Everyone who has ever heard this peerless organization under the baton of the wizard Sousa will attend and induce some of their friends to go. How can they stay away? No such music has ever been heard in Montreal before as will be heard at these concerts. The programme will suit all classes of people and the encore pieces, of which the genial Sousa always furnishes whatever his beloved public wants, will comprise the most popular selections of his repertoire, and everyone knows what that means. A staff of 20 attendants have been engaged to look after the large audience, which is sure to attend and to avoid a crush. Four box offices will be open; two on each side of the large entrance on Drummond Street. Seats may also be secured to-day at Nordheimers', Shaw's and Hardy's music stores.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.

Next week Manager J. E. Sackett's fine stock dramatic company will present an elaborate production of Oliver Dowd Byron's great play "The Plunger." It is a play of the present, and the characters are imbued with the dash and vim which make a melodrama enjoyable. The principal character, as the name indicates, is a man of sporting tendencies, who lays large bets at the races, and in the story are naturally introduced a persecuted heroine, a vivacious widow, a scheming villain with equally designing associates, a sparkling soubrette, and other characters equally as interesting. Of course, right triumphs in the end and the villain is properly foiled, and all in all it will be sure to prove a most acceptable entertainment.

SOHMER PARK.

The change in the weather has more than doubled the crowds at Sohmer Park, and for next week the attendance promises to be larger than ever, as the attractions include almost anything that could be asked for in the amusement line. The big hit of the week undoubtedly will be the performance of the Massano troupe of funmakers, musicians and acrobats. Their act is a distinct novelty, and will be seen at the park for the first time in Canada, after a long run in New York at Keith's Theatre, having been brought from Paris by the management of that house. The New York papers say it is impossible not to laugh at them, as well as being astonished at their cleverness. The famous Fonti Boni duo will be another of the attractions, and Kamochi, the wonder worker, a very clever lady, will be amongst the other attractions for both the afternoon and evening performance, every day next week.

SENTENCED IN PRIVATE.

In the Police Court yesterday Judge Desnoyers sent Ferdinand Tuecken to penitentiary for two years for stealing from his employer, and a similar sentence was meted out to Laurence Cloutier for stealing tools from a firm of contractors for whom he was working. Both sentences were given in private, the public and the press being excluded.

Heart Disease Relieved in 30 Minutes

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gives perfect relief in all cases of Organic or Sympathetic Heart Disease in 30 minutes, and speedily effects a cure. It is a peerless remedy for Palpitation, Shortness of Breath, Smothering Spells, Pain in Left Side, and all symptoms of a Diseased Heart. One dose convinces. Sold by B. E. McGale, and Laviolette and Nelson, druggists, Notre Dame Street.

"The Daily Output"

IS ENORMOUS. THE REMARKABLE VALUE AND DELICIOUS FLAVOR IS THE SOLE REASON.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Lead Packets Only. Black and Mixed. All Grocers.

TO LET.

STORES AND TENEMENTS TO LET

At Very Low Rentals.

1176 Notre Dame Street, corner Barclay, and one block from Sohmer Park. A fine corner store and dwelling above, with plate glass windows, and in perfect order.

48 Congregation Street, an upper tenement. Rent $8.

137 Drolet Street. An upper tenement. Rent $8.

Many other tenements in all parts of the city at reduced rentals. For full particulars apply

1763 NOTRE DAME STREET,
Corner of St. John Street.

BREVITIES.

Alexander C. Hutchison, Donald W. Ross, Robert Harvie, Alexander Ramsay, James R. Walker, William Minto, Hugh C. Russell, Matthew Hutchinson, Robert Harrower and Geo. W. Wood, all of Westmount, have filed a declaration of their desire to form the "Heather Curling Club," for the purpose of practising curling, chess and checkers.

Theophile Ouimet has taken an action for $500 damages against the city. He alleges that on the 21st March he fell on the sidewalk on Rachel Street and sustained injuries. Miss Ellen Fox has taken an action for $1,000 damages. She alleges that she slipped on the corner of Victoria and St. Catherine Streets on the 25th January last, suffering serious injuries.

Heretofore the Montreal Street Railway Company have not issued transfers after midnight, but after this passengers travelling on the cars after twelve o'clock can have transfer tickets.

A declaration of partnership under the name of the Dominion Collecting and Detective Agency, Montreal, has been filed by C. J. Milligan, St. John, N.B.; Dr. F. C. Granger, Randolph, Mass.; Arthur H. Beal, Montreal; C. D. Baker, Boston, and R. E. Milligan, New York.

THE KEELEY CURE.

The Treatment Recognized as One of the Mightiest Allies in the Work of Philanthrophy.

When the so called Keeley Cure for inebriety first was introduced in this city it very soon obtained popularity and the confidence of the public on account of the success attending its administration. It was claimed that less than three per cent. of the unfortunates treated at the Institute in its earliest months relapsed into their former habits. Subsequently less was heard of the establishment, though during the last year or more it has been pursuing its work in a quiet, modest way and with good results. It is likely now, however, to be put before the public again before long, for the reason that through the efforts of Judge W. S. Arnold, of Dwight, Ill., general counsel of The Leslie E. Keeley Company, the Institute here has been remodelled, and will be made as far as possible to operate in perfect accord with the principles governing the Home Institute.

We are aware that doctors sometimes pronounce the "cure" a fake, but there is too much evidence of the good it has done to admit the truth of so sweeping a statement. People in a position to observe the results obtained have not hesitated to pronounce in favor of it. It has achieved sufficient importance and dignity to be abundantly mentioned and praised in reports to Congress on the condition of the National Home for Disabled Soldiers, as well as the official communications of many state authorities. Christian temperance workers have gradually been led to recognize in the treatment one of the mightiest allies in their work of philanthropy, and ministers have acknowledged the effectiveness of the treatment. Dr. T. De Witt Talmage once before the following strong testimony:

In my church in Brooklyn there are sitting before me Sabbath by Sabbath men who were once under the serfdom of strong drink, but are now clothed and in their right minds, and when I say, "What has been their history?" they say, "We were restored through the Keeley Cure." I have now in my mind a young man who had broken his father's heart and his mother's heart. He was bolstered up and he he fell—he was put in an inebriate asylum and fell; everything tried with him possible. He became a converted man, joined the church; but this awful disease drew him down and down, and there seemed no cure. He is redeemed to-day. The Keeley Cure saved him, and nothing else under heaven would.

And to these testimonies could be added those of thousands who have been benefitted by the discovery.

It is hardly possible, therefore, to deny any longer that inebriety is a disease and that it can be treated as such. The results obtained by Dr. Keeley's discovery entitles this to encouragement from that part of the community to whose interest it is to see the disease extirpated. It has been pointed out that moral suasion alone has not proved successful in the warfare against drink, and it is probable that the medical treatment alone will prove equally ineffective in a large number of cases. But if the two are joined and the patients be given the benefit of a scientific treatment coupled with the influence of a moral atmosphere and surroundings, the probability is that victory will crown the efforts. If inebriety is both a disease and a vice, a treatment that takes cognizance of its double character cannot fail to give favorable results; and this we are assured is the theory and practice of the Home Keeley Institute and all branch institutions managed in accordance with instructions from headquarters. Certainly everyone who desires the uplifting of mankind and the welfare of society ought to lend moral encouragement to an agency that, whatever its critics may say, has saved so many from degradation and utter loss self-respect and hope.—Salt Lake City News.

The Montreal Keeley Institute, which is the only Keeley Institute in the Provinces of Ontario, Quebec, or the Maritime sections, is managed by Dr. Phillipe Roy. The Institute is located at 69 Osborne Street. In it are found all the comforts of a home. Special conditions are made with ladies or gentlemen who desire to be treated privately at their own residence. A message by telephone (4544) will receive prompt attention.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

Three Insertions Free.

WANTED — WIDOW — EXPERIENCED housekeeper, desires engagement, city or country; best city references. J. H., Herald office. 184

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY — FIRST class position as head or second laundress in hotel or institution by young woman. Address Ex. Ref, 130 Vitre St., Montreal. 136

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY WOULD like the position of companion or ladies' maid or the care of children with a family going to the old country. Address "Sea Voyage," Herald Office.

WANTED — WASHING AND IRONing, or work of any kind; best references. Address 40 Devienne St., in rear. 139

SITUATION WANTED BY A YOUNG girl of 12 to mind a baby and sleep at home at night. Apply 393 St. Dominique Street. 138

WANTED — BY THE DAY—HOUSEcleaning. Apply No. 809 Craig St. 137

SITUATION WANTED BY A GOOD cook; willing to go to the country; best of city references. Apply 91 St. Antoine Street. 136

A STUDENT OF APPLIED ART AND design requires situation as companion, mother's help or nursery governess during July or August in city or country. Address D21, Herald. 136

WANTED — DAILY WORK OF ANY kind by young married woman. Apply Mrs. A., 248a Delisle Street. 136

WANTED — SITUATION AS KITCHEN maid in a hotel in the country or seaside. Address M., Herald office. 136

SITUATION WANTED BY A GOOD cook in hotel or restaurant, city or country. Apply 91 St. Antoine Street.

SITUATION WANTED BY A HOUSEmaid, also by a good cook; willing to leave the city. Apply 91 St. Antoine Street. 136

MISS LYNCH CUTS DRESSES—GOOD fit; by the day. 37 Alexander St. 136

WANTED — BY YOUNG LADY — POsition in shoe or confectionery store. Apply by letter to Miss A. L., 320 Seigneurs Street. 136

WANTED — SITUATION BY MIDDLE aged person as nurse to go to the country or seaside; is accustomed to children; good city references. Apply 14 Burnside Place. 136

WANTED — BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation as nurse to one or two children; no objection to going to the country. Write or apply to 460a Rachel Street, city.

A YOUNG LADY WANTS A SITUAtion as milliner, either in city or country store; best city references. Address Box D19, Herald. 135

WANTED — BY AN EXPERIENCED young lady, situation in a confectionery store. Please address M. P., 2095 St. Catherine. 135

WANTED — BY A RESPECTABLE woman, work by the day, washing, house cleaning. Address Mrs. Brodie, 2nd floor 26 Imperial Avenue. 135

WANTED — BY A RESPECTABLE woman, work by the day or washing at her own residence; can do any work; can be well recommended where she worked last. Apply to 117 Murray Street, Montreal. 135

WANTED — WORK BY THE DAY OF any kind, or washing to do at home. Apply 20 Vallee Street. 135

WANTED — WASHING OR WORK OF any kind by the day, or will take washing home. Apply 12 Vallee Street. 135

WANTED — SITUATION AS WORKing housekeeper, in or out of city; references. Apply 42 St. Antoine Street. 135

WANTED — SITUATION AS HOUSE or table maid; city references. Apply 42 St. Antoine Street. 135

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

BEAUTIFUL RIVER POINT

Five Arpents

Of level land, nicely wooded, projecting into deep water, convenient to both railways. Price, only $2,500.

J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO.,
181 ST. JAMES STREET.

$30.00....

ONLY ONE LEFT.

We have only one of those remarkably cheap Bicycles on hand now. Suitable for boy or girl. Apply at...

The Montreal Herald Office.



FREE TO BALD HEADS.
We will mail on application, free information how to grow hair upon a bald head, stop falling hair and remove scalp diseases. Address,
Altenheim Medical Dispensary,
Room 36 Selves Building, Cincinnati, O.

JUST TWO OF MANY

Of to-day's offers. We have made heavy reductions on many lines to-day—just commencing our clearing of a few lines we may have overbought, and also allowing for Friday. Dress Goods offers are as timely as any and about as astonishing.

SILK and WOOL SUITINGS

Beautiful goods, in Grays, Fawns and Drabs, worth $1.50—to-day, 50c.

BLUE and NAVY SERGES

Stylish goods, summer weight—worth 50c—to-day, 39c.

Haycock & Dudgeon,
2401-2403 St. Catherine St.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED — PROMPT AND FAITHful gentleman or lady to travel for reliable established house, Province of Quebec; salary $780, payable $15 weekly and expenses; situation permanent; references. Enclose self addressed stamped envelope. H. H. Hess, pres., 356 Dearborn Street, Chicago. 137

WANTED — A GOOD SHOP MAN FOR butcher shop. Apply 826 Dorchester Street. 136

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — BY A YOUNG MAN WITH five years' experience, a situation as storeman, packer or shipper in dry goods, or any kind of work around store or warehouse; willing to make himself generally useful; with both languages and first-class references. Call or address William C., 416 St. James St. 135

YOUNG MAN — NEW ARRIVAL — English, wants any kind of work; good man with horses or cows. Address T. P., Herald. 136

WANTED — BY AN INTELLIGENT, industrious young man, situation on a gentleman's place; understands gardening, horses, boating, etc. Apply C. C. Gladwin, 306 St. James Street. 136

SITUATION WANTED BY A YOUNG lad of 15, in office or as messenger; a widow's son. Apply 393 St. Dominique Street. 138

WANTED — BY A RESPECTABLE young married couple, a situation as caretakers of a house, and can furnish the best of references. Address 22 St. Martin Street. 136

WANTED — SITUATION BY MARRIED man, work of any kind; understanding hotel or restaurant work, as cook, carver, waiter or porter; good penman; well acquainted with city; can drive; furnishing best city references. Address D20, Herald office. 136

WANTED — SITUATION AS PACKER or storeman; three years' city references. R. Park, Herald. 131

WANTED — BY A RESPECTABLE young man, place of trust; very fond of horses and cattle; can milk and do gardening. Apply J. A. H., Herald office. 132

WANTED — BY A LAD OF FIFTEEN—smart, active and not afraid of work, a situation where he can learn something. Address S. Brown, 513 St. Denis Street. 132

WANTED — SITUATION AS CARETaker by man and wife; willing to make themselves generally useful. Apply 185 St. Urbain Street. 135

ROOMS TO LET.

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOMS with or without board; transients accommodated; terms moderate. 45 and 49 McGill College Avenue. 134

TO LET — A LARGE PARLOR BEDroom, with small room adjoining; also single room on bathroom flat; gas, hot and cold water. 942 Dorchester Street. 134

ROOMS AND BOARD — FIRST-CLASS rooms and board, with all the comforts of a home at 43 Anderson Street. tf

TO LET — WELL FURNISHED ROOMS double and single; with or without board; table board. E. Crofts, 1726 Ontario Street. 134

SINGLE AND DOUBLE ROOMS—ALSO table board. 43 McGill College Avenue.

PARNTER WANTED.

PARTNER WANTED — WITH CAPItal, in the manufacturing business, already established; a young and energetic man preferred, who could attend to finances and outside work; all communications strictly private. Address Box E1, Herald. 140

LOST.

LOST — ON ST CATHERINE ST., Bleury Street or Park Avenue, a silver brooch with stone. Finder will be rewarded by returning to 14 Burnside Place.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

HAVE YOU TAKEN LUNCH AT THE Temperance Coffee House, 594 Craig Street. 145

I'VE HAD A FINE BREAKFAST AT the Temperance Coffee House, 594 Craig Street; porridge, milk, toast, eggs and coffee, all for 16c. 145

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE — ONE OF THE BEST BUsinesses in Richmond County; good reasons given for selling; closest investigation asked; new two-storey building 36x54 feet may be had on reasonable terms, or will rent same. Apply to Geo. H. James, jr., Asbestos, Que. 137

WANTED TO RENT — A PIANO FOR two or three months. Address Piano, Herald.

SAFES AND OFFICE SUNDRIES FOR SALE.

GOLDIE AND McCULLOCH'S FIRE and Burglar proof safes and vault doors, several good second hand safes on hand. Safes moved and repaired. F. M. Sullivan, 308 St. James Street. Telephone 2107.

SCALES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION store trucks, alarm money tills from $2 up Scales repaired. F. M. Sullivan, 308 St. James Street. Tel. 2107. tf

FOR SALE.

One Cent a Word.

FOR SALE — FOR THE MILLION—kindling, $2; cut maple, $2.50; tamarac blocks, $1.75; mill blocks, $1.50 per load, delivered anywhere in the city. J. C. Macdiarmid, Richmond Square. Bell Tel. 3858.

FOR SALE—COMMON SENSE ROACH, bedbug and rat exterminator, in tins, 25c, 50c, and $1. Will return money if it does not clean your house. 71 Main Street. 142

AGENTS WANTED.

One Cent a Word.

AGENTS WANTED AT ONCE FOR AN article everyone wants; liberal commission. For particulars address E. C. Avery Concord, Mich.

DENTISTS.

PERSONAL — BOSTON DENTAL PARlors, 1856 Notre Dame Street. Beautiful sets of teeth for ten dollars. Fit and quality guaranteed. Painless extracting a specialty; all charges moderate.

PATENTS.

MARION & LABERGE,
Land Surveyors and Civil Engineers
185 St. James . . . . Telephone 2398.
Specialty: Subdivision of Properties

DON'T GET BALD!

IT MAKES YOU LOOK OLD.

The Empress Hair Grower

Stops the Hair from Falling Out. Promotes the growth of the hair. A delightful Hair Dressing for both Ladies and Gentlemen. A sure cure for Dandruff.

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WEEKLY OR DAILY HERALD

Of March 6th, 1894
And April 10th, 1894

Parties having same will please notify Herald.

The Montreal Herald

Founded 1808.

MONTREAL, JUNE 5.

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Six Months	2.00
Three Months	1.00
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Six Months	1.50
Three Months	85
One Month	30

WEEKLY HERALD.

One Year	50
Six Months	25
Three Months	15

CASH IN ADVANCE.

DOMINION ELECTIONS.

From date till June 30th the Daily Herald will be mailed to any country address or delivered in the city at house or office for 30 CENTS.



MONTREAL LIBERAL CANDIDATES.

St. Antoine—ROBERT MACKAY.
St. Lawrence—ALD. E. GOFF PENNY.
St. Ann's—JAMES McSHANE.
St. James—ALD. BRUNET.
St. Mary—ALD. DUPRE.
Hochelaga—J. A. C. MADORE.
Maisonneuve—ALD. PREFONTAINE.
Jacques Cartier—ARTHUR BOYER.
Laval—THOMAS FORTIN.
Chambly Vercheres—C.A. GEOFFRION.

RUSSIA AND THE GOLD STANDARD

American "free silver" advocates should take note of the important fact that Russia has adopted the gold standard. This step on the part of the recently coronated Czar closes the last great gap in the circle of European nations which have put their monetary systems on the solid basis of the recognized standard of values throughout the commercial world; for now all the members of the Latin union are practically on the gold basis; while Italy has suspended specie payments. Germany adopted the gold standard in 1873; Sweden, Norway, and Denmark, in 1875; Austria-Hungary, in 1892; and Portugal in 1854. The Government of the Netherlands is preparing to adopt it. The only countries which nominally adhere to the double standard are unprogressive Spain and partially civilized Roumania, Servia, and Bulgaria. Even Turkey, though nominally bimetallic, is practically a gold standard country. Great Britain, as everyone acquainted with matters of finance knows, has been on the gold basis since 1816. The accession of Russia, therefore, means that there is now no country in Europe which can be classed as an important commercial country that does not recognize gold as the legal standard of value. This step on the part of Russia marks another of the great strides which are rapidly bringing that barbaric empire up towards the level of the highly civilized nations who are her neighbors.

SOME FACTS FOR THE MAYOR.

In view of the fact that they are comparative strangers in Montreal, Mayor Wilson Smith and the able gentlemen who preside over the editorial columns of the Montreal Daily Star may perhaps be pardoned for their ignorance of the city's history. Having accepted a brief to defend the National Policy at all hazards, the mayor and his friends appear to have gone to the Mountain to look up or look out their facts. There, having viewed the tall chimneys and miles of streets, with their magnificent public and private buildings spread before them, and having been told by somebody that all this greatness was the result of the National Policy, inaugurated in 1880, they descended again to flat, common places and looked up the statistics, which show that Montreal has been growing all these 18 years in spite of the National Policy. Then comes an avalanche of figures to show that Montreal has prospered during the last 20 years, and that, as the great N.P. has been concurrent with that prosperity, it must be the cause of it.

But there are a few old citizens of Montreal who were here before the worthy mayor and his friends arrived in the city, who remember something of its history. They remember when it was a very small place, indeed, and have watched the leaps and bounds of its progress with a sense of pride and gratification all unknown to those who are not to the manner born. Perhaps a few figures will make clearer to the mind the way in which the population has grown. The population of Montreal was:

In 1850	57,000		
In 1861	90,000	increase	66 p.c.
In 1871	107,225	"	19 p.c.
In 1881	140,747-155,000	"	31 p.c.
In 1891	216,050		39 p.c.

The double figures in 1881 represent the numbers added by suburban annexation. The decade from 1881 to '91 was the protection period and during it the population increased but 39 per cent. against an increase of 66 per cent. under a revenue tariff of about 20 per cent. in the period between 1850 and 1861. It is thus shown that there are other causes than a mistaken policy toward manufacturers which build up cities. This almost unprecedented growth in the history of cities was due in the case of Montreal to the deepening of the water way to Quebec, and thus making of the city an ocean port.

But your true faddist dies hard and he will be sure to claim that the eight per cent. excess in the decade 1881-91 over the previous one was due to the factory people attracted to the city by the industrial establishments resulting from the National Policy. The facts are, however, against them and the figures show that the development of the working population has not been in the same ratio as the development of the whole city. Let us go to the proof.

In 1871 the number of men employed in the manufactures of Montreal was 21,877 in 1881 it was 33,355 an increase of 11,538 or 52 per cent. That was under a revenue tariff.

In 1881, just one year after the inauguration of the National Policy the number was 33,355. In 1891 it was 38,562, an increase of 5,207; or 16 per cent. under a protective tariff as against 52 per cent. under a similiar period of revenue tariff. Thus it will be seen that while the general increase in the population of the city during the decade ending 1891 was 39 per cent. the increase of the working people in the factories was but 16 per cent.

Then, how about the capital invested in manufacturing enterprise? How does it compare as to the two periods? In 1871 it was $11,101,681. In 1881 it had increased after ten years under a revenue tariff to $32,185,691, an increase of about $21,000,000 or 190 per cent.

In 1891 it had grown to $51,212,133, an increase of about $19,000,000 or only 60 per cent. under protection as against 90 per cent. under a revenue tariff.

Thus if figures prove anything these show that Montreal under the "benign" influence of the National Policy has had her industrial interests hampered and contracted rather than developed and enlarged. In other words, Montreal prospered during the decade ending 1891 as God grant she may continue to do till the end of time, but she did it, not by virtue of but in spite of the National Policy. Mayor Smith and the Star should make a note of this fact.

THE SCHOOL IN ST. LAWRENCE.

As the campaign proceeds Mr. Wilson-Smith is beginning to find that the school question is loaded. He no longer tells the people lightly that it is a matter to be settled with a high hand in twenty-four hours; but at his meetings he now has apologists for the government's course. The people are appealed to not to vote against him on the school question because it is only a side issue; and Mr. Donald Macmaster is called upon to use all his gifts in special pleading to make it appear that the government was not free to act other than it did. The school question is not a side issue. In this province it is the chief one, and it has been made so by the plan of campaign laid down by Mr. Angers and Mr. Taillon who are Mr. Smith's chiefs. They have undertaken to crush the Liberal leader in this province because he holds that the investigation thrice asked by the Manitoba Government should precede any action by the Dominion Government, especially as Manitoba has virtually bound herself to abide by the results of such an investigation; and Mr. Laurier has further asserted that Parliament is free to deal with this question, free from dictation from one side to the dispute, with a single eye to producing a settlement satisfactory to all parties. This is a course which must and does commend itself to sensible men; yet for advocating it Mr. Laurier has had unloosed upon him a torrent of abusive denunciation unparalleled in Canadian history. Mr. Taillon and Mr. Angers hold that there is only one side to this case, and that the hundred and fifty thousand English-speaking people in Manitoba and their millions of sympathizers in the rest of the Dominion, have the right only to be trampled upon. They hold in effect that Parliament has nothing to do with it either, and that its only business is to pass the law which John S. Ewart, the lawyer of Archbishop Langevin, has drawn up. Mr. Taillon says he will vote to put this law through en bloc without reading it; and Mr. Wilson-Smith is prepared, if sent to Parliament, to show an equal degree of subserviency. We have said it repeatedly and we say it again that in this battle between the theories of the middle ages and of the nineteenth century Mr. Laurier has the right to claim the support of every believer in free government whatever he may call himself in politics; and that in an especial degree he is entitled to the support of the English-speaking people of this province for reasons which ought to be obvious to the dullest apprehension. Mr. Laurier's compatriots are standing firmly by him in his battle for Freedom of Conscience, Thought and Action, and he will carry an overwhelming majority of the French-speaking constituencies in this province on June 23rd and shall it be said that when these stood true in the face of the tremendous influences directed against them, that the English people of this province voted in favor of rivetting the chains of ultramontane domination on the Parliament of Canada?

As for Mr. Macmaster's contention that the Privy Council settled the matter leaving the Dominion Government no option but to adopt the course which it has since followed, it is not necessary to pay much attention to it at this stage of the discussion. A year ago it was much in favor, but since then the life has been knocked out of it, and it is now all but universally recognized that the Dominion Government and the Dominion Parliament are as free to legislate on the school question as on the tariff or any other matter of public concern. The Tupper Government has sought to find in the last Privy Council judgment a pretext for its arbitrary and coercive actions, and it has failed; and it is now thoroughly well understood that its course has been dictated by the lowest considerations. It has undertaken to exchange the coercion and humiliation of Manitoba for a solid Quebec support, thus making the most sinister bargain in political history, and though men like Mr. Wilson-Smith, Dr. Roddick, Mr. Macmaster and others are trying to give effect to its conditions, they are going to fail as markedly with the English electors, as Mr. Taillon and Mr. Angers will with the French. This province can be neither coerced, cajoled nor bribed into supporting the reactionary policy of the Tupper Government. It will on June 23rd give a rebuke that will be memorable in our annals, to the men who are trying to turn back the hands of time by three centuries. There will be some constituencies that will vote for Mediaevalism but St. Antoine and St. Lawrence will not, we believe, be among them. They will choose Laurier, Peace and Progress rather than Tupper, Coercion and Corruption.

Fifty thousand a year for the Tupper family. It is not worth it.

One of the devil's best points is that you always know which side he's on. A certain journal in Montreal is to be congratulated on its determination, however tardy, to emulate His Majesty in this regard.

"The tariff should be reduced to meet the needs of honest, economical and efficient Government."—Liberal platform.

The management of the Eastern Townships' Bank records disappointment in the lack of fulfilment of the promise of better times, but is able, nevertheless, to show substantial evidences of the bank's prosperity during a season of almost unexampled financial depression. Created to meet the growing demand of the townships for a financial institution of their own, the Eastern Townships' Bank has mounted from humble beginnings in 1859 to a position of unquestioned worth in the financial world. During the year just past the bank has paid dividends aggregating seven per cent., and has added to the reserve fund the sum of $30,000, bringing the total of that fund up to half the capital of the bank, a result which must be exceedingly gratifying to the directors and shareholders. The directors advance the assurance that there will be observed in the future the same principles of caution, combined with energy and enterprise, which have stood the institution in such good stead in the past.

The showing made by the Quebec Bank during a year of exceptional financial stringency is entirely satisfactory. It is pointed out by the president that the earnings of the past year show a substantial increase over the earnings of the previous year. The total amount of the loans is larger than during the previous year and the resources of the bank are increased by additions to the deposits and the notes in circulation. The dividends for the year total 5 1-2 per cent. the first being at 2 1-2 per cent. and the second at 3 per cent. Wise and conservative methods of management appear to have maintained the affairs of the bank in that scale of prosperity which has characterized its transactions in the past.

The Gazette intimates that the Witness is "savage" in anticipation of defeat for the Liberal party. To apply the same text to the Gazette, if its own vituperative, violent, vitrolic language making decency of discussion a simple impossibility, is any indcaton of the hopelessness of the cause, Sir Charles Tupper will not have a corporal's guard of straight supporters in the next Parliament. And that's about true too.

"Most of our children are born to poverty," said a Swiss statesman, "but we take care that they shall not grow up in ignorance." Here is true patriotism and statesmanship; the determination that never matter how poor a child may be, he shall never be a pauper in the realm of learning. The poor are just the very ones who, of all others, ought to be encouraged to educate their children and thus lift them from their evil environment. We, in Montreal, in our wisdom, do the best thing we can to prevent the poor from coming to the common schools by imposing a fee on all those who come, and are too manly to beg for what is a right.

Liebig aptly stigmatised that system of farming which is constantly taking out the land, but never restoring, as raub kultur—"ruffian culture." It is not land alone which suffers from "ruffian culture," it is men. Here we pay heavy taxes; we are enswathed in them. What does the wealth producer get in return? When he wants to educate his children to do better than he ever could, he is promptly told "Pay up or go without." There's more than one kind of "ruffian culture," evidently.

No more sickening evidence of Russian barbarism could be furnished than the spectacle of the Czar and Czarina continuing the coronation festivities by dancing at the French embassy ball while the corpses of the three thousand persons stamped to death on the Hodyusky plain were being gathered up for burial. The mad rush for free bread and beer which resulted in that terribly fatal panic was a proof of barbarism at the other end of the social scale.

One educational authority says that: "There can be no political conscience except as an outgrowth of political intelligence." Heaven knows we need "political conscience" badly enough, and it is equally certain that we do all we can to prevent the masses from having any "political intelligence," for we demand a fee from every poor child that comes to the common school door anxious to fit himself to take part honestly in the country's history.

"The best system of education is that which draws its chief support from the voluntary efforts of the community, from the individual efforts of citizens, and from those burdens of taxation which they voluntarily impose upon themselves."—Garfield in the House of Representatives.

Sir Charles Tupper told the people of Cape Breton that he had made his immense fortune by practising his profession as a medical man. Where did he find so lucrative a professional clientele—in Canada or in London?

"I haven't read the Remedial bill and don't want to; what's good enough for the bishops is good enough for me."—Mr. Taillon.

"Me too."—Dr. Roddick.

"Me too."—Mr. Wilson Smith.

Business stands still to wait the finish of an election campaign which, unless Sir Charles Tupper had been afraid to meet the people, would have been at an end a month ago.

FRENCH PRESS.

The Farmer Under Protection and Revenue Tariff.

In 1851 the census returns show that our five oldest provinces had 215,279 persons engaged in agriculture. During the twenty years that followed, a period of reciprocity and tariff for revenue, the number of farmers in those provinces reached 479,512. During the ten succeeding years another period of tariff for revenue, the number of farmers in the same provinces increased to 639,000, a further increase of 169,000. Now, from 1881 to 1891, under the protection regime, the number of farmers, for the first time in our history, decreased; and this notwithstanding the enormous expenditure incurred in trying to colonize the Northwest. A decrease in the number of farmers is a national calamity.—Le Soir.

The Holy Minerve's Facts.

Not one of the Liberal candidates in Ontario, British Columbia, the Territories, Manitoba, Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick, and Nova Scotia has pledged himself to vote for the settlement of the school question to the satisfaction of the Catholic minority of Manitoba. On the contrary, they all declare themselves hostile to the interference of the federal parliament to do justice and to put into execution the decision of her Majesty's Privy Council.—La Minerve.

Angers Frightened.

A rumor reaches us from Quebec that Mr. Angers intends to retreat from the battlefield, as he has made the discovery that he was being made the victim of a trap laid by Sir Hector Langevin and Mr. Chapleau, who desire to take away from him his seat in the senate.—La Patrie.

Is it Worth While?

Under the present tariff articles manufactured in the country are protected to the extent of 35 per cent. and even up to 50 per cent.; but, on the other hand, certain articles of prime necessity, such as tea and coffee, enter free, so that the average duty on imported merchandise does not exceed 16 per cent. Under the present tariff we protect our national industries. Under the proposed Liberal tariff we would spend the same amount of money as we do now, and would ruin a portion of our manufactures. It is assuredly not worth while to change governments.

CORRESPONDENCE.

MANITOBA LAND VALUES.

To the Editor of the Herald:

Sir,—The statement in this morning's Herald that $2.50 per acre is a high price for Manitoba land, no doubt unintentionally, leaves a wrong impression. It is true that farms can be purchased there for less than that sum, and can even be got for nothing by a homesteader, but the actual price of an ordinary farm, in a good locality, generally reaches a much higher figure. A great deal depends upon the locality (as well as the quality) of the land. For instance, on the Portage Plains, it would be difficult to buy a farm at less than from $35 to $50 per acre—some are held at even higher figures—and in various other parts of the province the price would range from $10 or $15 to $40 per acre. It is not so many years ago that many of them were homesteads and pre-emptions, and averaged the settler not much more than 50 cents an acre for his 320 acres.

There are individual instances, of course, owing to various circumstances, in which land is procurable at very low figures. Speculators have made themselves land poor as they have in all new countries, and many settlers who were entirely unfitted for farm life would not expect to reach the same success that has attended the labors of experienced agriculturists. Others have "bitten off more than they could chew," by buying more land than they could profitably work. Besides, Manitoba has an area of 74,000,000 acres, and only 200,000 population. Hence, there is always land in the market, frequently at very low figures, but, as a rule, the average Manitoba cultivated farm is more valuable than a similar one in Dakota, and the Manitoba settler a good deal better off than his neighbor directly across the border, and this is indisputably proven by the fact that the migration is from across the line to this side.

A MANITOBAN.

Montreal, June 4.

OBITUARY.

EDWARD SCOTT.

The death is announced of Mr. Edward Scott, a gentleman, who came here last fall as the representative of a number of leading American houses, who intended taking part in the proposed British Empire Exhibition. Mr. Scott has been in failing health for the past three months, and he finally succumbed on Tuesday night to a stroke of paralysis. The deceased gentleman occupied a responsible position in the Manufacturers' Building at the Chicago World's Fair, and also took a prominent part in the administration of the San Francisco and Atlanta Exhibitions. His thorough knowledge of exhibition matters secured for him the confidence of some of the most important exhibitors on the continent, while his upright dealings and courteous and genial disposition earned for him the respect and esteem of all with whom he came in contact. During his stay in Montreal he made many warm friends, whose heartfelt sympathy is extended to the sorrowing relatives.

The remains were taken to St. Paul, Minn., last evening in the care of his niece, who has been his devoted attendant during the whole time of his illness.

LOUIS CHAMPEAU.

Mr. Louis Champeau, a well known contractor, of St. Antoine Street, died at Cote des Neiges on the 4th inst. Mr. Champeau was taking a rest at his summer residence at Cote des Neiges, and died at an early hour in the morning at the advanced age of 72 years. Mr. Champeau was very well known in the city, and his death will be heard of with great regret. The funeral will take place from Cote des Neiges Chapel at 8.30 a.m. next Saturday to Cote des Neiges Cemetery.

In the last nine months 17,000,000 bushels of corn were shipped from New York, while 15,000,000 bushels were exported through New Orleans.

Leave Your Orders To-day

FOR THE LAKE SHORE ROUTE.

Our waggons will deliver your Groceries, Teas, Wines, Coffees, Ales, Stout, Mineral Waters, etc., etc., to-morrow morning at your doors.
Waggons leave the Italian Warehouse, in the cool of the morning, at 7 a.m. sharp, and make the run clear through to Beaconsfield, Beaurepaire, etc., etc.
Leave your orders in good time to-day (Friday.)

FRASER, VIGER & CO.

—OUR PRICE FOR—
THE VERY FINEST OOLONG TEA.
Something Extra Choice.
Is $1.00 Per Pound.

—OUR PRICE FOR—
THE VERY FINEST ENGLISH BREAKFAST TEA,
The Imperial Russian Karavan,
Is $1.00 Per Pound.

FRASER, VIGER & CO.

THE CHAUVENET ULTRA SEC.

Sparkling White Wine Vintage of 1889.

We offer in cases of 1 dozen quarts at $20 per case, and in cases of 2 dozen pints at $22 per case. Less 3 per cent. discount for cash.

TAMPIER'S SPARKLING SAINT PERAY.

White Sparkling Burgundy, in quarts $18, pints $20, per case. Less 3 per cent. discount for cash.

FRASER VIGER & CO.

SCHWEPPE'S CELEBRATED ENGLISH SODA WATER

In Bombays and Cylinders.

Schweppe's English Seltzer Water in cylinder bottles, 5 dozen cases.
Schweppe's Celebrated Dry Ginger Ale, in 5 dozen cases.

FRASER, VIGER & CO.

OUR $20 SCOTCH WHISKIES.

The Oldest and Finest.

You can have them straight in single cases of any one brand, or you can have them in assorted cases at $20 per case.

Usher, Dewar and Hill, Thompson—all good men shipping good Whiskies.

Andrew Usher's, the Very Finest Scotch Whiskey, $2.00 per bottle, $20 per dozen.
John Dewar's Extra Special Liqueur, Scotch, $2.00 per bottle, $20 per case.
Hill, Thompson's, the King of Scotch Whiskies, $2.00 per bottle $20 per case.
Take your choice or try an assorted case, say four bottles of each. Our word for it, you will find one and all A No. 1.

FRASER, VIGER & CO.

A BASKET OF FINE CHAMPAGNE WINE.

We have imported this spring some Wine of the Very Highest Quality in nice handy little baskets of 6 quart bottles each, or one dozen pint bottles each, or two dozen half pint bottles each. Just the thing if you are going on a trip of any kind.

Bouche, Fils & Co., Champagnes.

Bouche Sec Champagne, basket of 6 quarts	$12.50
Bouche Sec Champagne, basket of 12 pints	13.50
Bouche Sec Champagne, basket of 24 half pints	15.00
Bouche Brut Champagne, basket of 6 quarts	13.50
Bouche Brut Champagne, basket of 12 pints	14.50

FRASER, VIGER & CO.,

ITALIAN WAREHOUSE.

207, 209 and 211 ST. JAMES STREET.

A Great Day

Three Events. One Admission

LACROSSE.

Junior Shamrocks vs. Montreal Juniors, at 2 o'clock.
Senior Shamrocks vs. Capitals, at 3 o'clock.

BASEBALL CHAMPIONSHIP.
Montreal vs. Farnham, at 5 o'clock.

S. A. A. A. GROUNDS, ST. DENIS STREET. SATURDAY, JUNE 6th.

Reserved Seats, 50c. Grand Stand, 35c. Admission, 25c.

CARS DIRECT TO THE GROUNDS.

Reserved Seats now on sale at the following places—M. J. Tansey, Notre Dame St., near McGill Street: Pearson & Co., Chaboillez Square; Lyons, Drug Store, Bleury and Craig Streets, and Phelan's Book Store, St. Catherine Street.

"L" "JUST REMEMBER" "L"

to ask for "L" Soda or Ginger Ale

once, and see what a difference the use of pure LAURENTIAN SPRING WATER makes in the sparkle and taste of these beverages. Something equal to imported at last and it doesn't cost as much.

"L" GINGER ALE, CREAM SODA, SODA WATER.

LAURENTIAN SPRING WATER CO.,

"L" 90 Beaudry St. "L"

Telephone 6965.

Mount Jefferson, 15,500 feet high, is said to be the tallest in the state of Washington.

Very seldom in recent years has there been such a profusion of blossoms in the gardens and orchards of Scotland as there is this year.

The fact that White Sulphur Springs, Mont., is a splendid antidote for the tobacco habit is attracting the attention of slaves of the weed.

The speaker of the house of commons in state ceremonials stands next to the barons and is immediately followed by the commissioner of the great seal.

The oldest sons of viscounts follow those secretaries of state who are not of noble birth, and are themselves followed by the younger sons of earls.

"BELL" PIANOS & ORGANS

75,000 Made and Sold.

Wholesale and Retail Agents for Central Canada:

WILLIS & CO.,

824 Notre Dame St., near McGill St.

MONTREAL.

They Save Ice

Our stock of Refrigerators comprises the best makes that the year has brought forth. We have them in all sizes and at prices to suit everyone.

Gravel & Boulard,

306 St. Lawrence Street.

Art Association

PHILLIPS SQUARE.

Galleries of Paintings...

OPEN DAILY

9 a.m. to 6 p.m.....

Admission 25c.

THE GENERAL HOSPITAL FAIR.

The Executive Committee and the Presidents of the General Hospital Fair, Mrs. Drummond, Lady Hickson, Lady Lacoste, Madame Thibaudeau, Mrs. Wolferstan Thomas, desire to call the attention of their friends and the public to the Fair, which is to take place in the Victoria Rink on 5th October, 1896. They feel sure that liberal donations of work for the different sections will be sent in, so as to enable all the ladies who have promised to take tables to make the fair a perfect success. Donations of work can be sent in to Mrs. Wolferstan Thomas, 730 Sherbrooke St., through the summer months, with the full name of donor, and address should be given, and if article sent is for any special table. The good work of the old General Hospital requires no words from the Executive Committee or the Presidents to receive from the public a most generous response.

Municipal Elections.

ST. ANTOINE WARD.

Friends favorable to the candidature of MR. GEORGE W. SADLER, Manufacturer, as Alderman, for the vacant seat of this Ward, are requested to attend a meeting at

TWELVE O'CLOCK NOON,

On Friday, the 5th Inst.

in the Long Room, Mechanics' Institute, St. James Street.

J. STEVENSON BROWN.

Canadian Royal Art Union.

(Incorporated by Letters-Patent Feb. 14, 1894.

JUST OPENED AT

238 & 240 St. James St.

This Company distributes Works of Art, painted by the Masters of the Modern French School.

A Novel Method of Distribution.

Tickets, from 25c to $10 each. Awards from $5 to $5,000 each.

You are invited to inspect this fine collection . . .

AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL
Every Afternoon and Evening this Week
The London Sports Big Burlesque and Vaudeville Co.
THE X-RAY STATUE
Admission—10, 20, and 30 cents. Reserved seats, 10 cts. extra. Plan at Theatre from 9, a.m. to 10 p.m.

THEATRE FRANCAIS
St. Catherine St., near St. Lawrence St.
Continuous Performances.
An Elaborate and Correct Production of Dumas' Romantic Drama
MONTE : CRISTO
Superbly Mounted and Costumed.
An Excellent Vaudeville Bill.
Matinees at 2 Nights at 8.
Prices—10c, 20c, 25c.

SOHMER ◆ PARK
Open every day from 1 to 11 p.m.
Performances at 3 and 8 p.m.
Attractions This Week.
Boranis Bros.....The Disappearing Demons
Miss Grace Milburne.....Serio-comic Vocalist
Thompson & Bunell.....Musical Comedy Act
Miss Venette...Expert Dancer & Contortionist
Mason & Healy.....The Giant and the Dwarf
And Others.
Lavigne's Splendid Band of 40 Soloists
ADMISSION—10 CENTS.
Menagerie..... 10 cents extra
Children, Afternoons.....5 cents

Secure your Seats TO-DAY FOR Sousa's Band
CONCERTS
VICTORIA RINK
To-Night
TO-MORROW AFTERNOON & NIGHT

Trafalgar Institute...

For the Higher Education of Young Women.....
33 Simpson Street, Montreal.

Applications are invited for the position of teacher in mathematics and science, also for the position of teacher in French and German, in the above school. Duties to begin after the coming summer vacation. Salary in both cases $400 per annum and residence.

Applications should state experience and qualifications and be accompanied by certificates and testimonials.

Further information may be obtained from the Principal at the Institute, or from

A. F. RIDDELL, Secretary,
22 John Street.

Championship Football Match.

Mohawks versus Valleyfields (Champions)
EXHIBITION GROUNDS,
Saturday Afternoon, 3.30 Sharp.
Admission—10 Cents.

St. Lawrence Division.

MASS MEETINGS
in the interest of
ALDERMAN E. GOFF PENNY,
will be held as follows:
FRIDAY, June 5—764 St. Lawrence St
SATURDAY, June 6—206 Bleury St.
Prominent speakers will address the audience at 8 p.m.
By order Chairman of Committee.

To the Electors —OF— ST. LAWRENCE DIVISION

Comprising St. Lawrence and St. Louis Wards, and Residents thereof in 1893 and 1894.

The approaching Parliamentary Election will be held on the voters' lists of the above years. As many have removed since then who are entitled to vote, and as many who ought to have that right have been left off the list, those who are favorable to the election of

E. Goff PENNY

the Candidate of Hon. Wilfrid Laurier, will greatly assist in securing his election by calling at any of the following Committee Rooms, viz.:

Nos. 209 & 764 St. Lawrence St.
Nos. 11 & 206 Bleury Street,
No. 437 Craig Street, or
No. 1879 St. Catherine Street,

to verify if their names are on the list, and to report any change of address since above years.

CHAS. A. L. FISHER,
Chairman Central Organization,
209 ST. LAWRENCE STREET.

Vosburgh & Springle

DENTISTS.
Rooms 8, 9, 10, 11, Mechanics Institute Building
204 St. James St.—Tel. 2939.
J. BARKER VOSBURGH, L.D.S. J. H. SPRINGLE, D.D.S., L.D.S.

—THE NORTHERN—
W. C. T. U. COFFEE HOUSE,
594 Craig St.
Next Door Gazette.
Open from 6 a.m. to 8 p.m.

THE S. CARSLEY Co. LIMITED.

1765 to 1783 NOTRE DAME STREET. Montreal's Greatest Store. Montreal.

FRIDAY'S SPECIAL OFFERINGS.

LADIES' DRESS SKIRTS.

100 Ladies' Fancy Navy Skirts with yoke band, regular 95c. To-day 45c.



100 Ladies' Fine Black Dress Serge Skirts, gored with full sweep, regular $1.30 to-day

89c each

100 Ladies' Fashionable Summer Dress Skirts, 4 yards wide ,lined throughout, gored with full sweep, regular $2.50, to-day $1.95.

Another lot just arrived of 600 Ladies' Figured Black Dress Skirts, as worn in London, gored, with full sweep, lined throughout, velvet bound, regular $4, to-day $2.85 each.

OUTING COSTUMES.

75 only Ladies' Fashionable Summer Costumes, made in the latest style, with large sleeves, in pretty effects, regular $2.25, to-day until sold $1.40 each.



LADIES' HOSIERY.

100 pairs Ladies' Fine Quality Black Cashmere Hose, Summer Weights, fully shaped and finished, Merino Heels and Toes regular 26c, To-day 19c pair.

LADIES' WRAPPERS.

100 Ladies' Fine American Percale Dressing Wrappers, latest fashion, large sleeves, pretty designs, lined waists, regular $2, to-day $1.39. Ladies wishing to purchase these goods should call early.

ALL WOOL CHALLIES.

The ladies seem to favor these dainty French Challies for blouses and summer dresses. They're extra quality, 32 ins. wide, in stylish shades; regular price, 35c to 40c; altered price 19c.

DRESS GOODS.

These prove again how our prompt buying saves money for our customers. We bought all a manufacturer had left of these goods at little more than half. That's why we will sell 1000 yards of choice Tweed Effect Dress Goods of double width and dainty colourings, at 14 1-2c, regular price 21c.

Also 1500 yards beautiful Tweed Effect Dress Goods, very choice colorings, light weight, for summer wear, suitable for children's dresses, double width, regular value, 25c, to-day only 17c yard.

DRESDEN RIBBONS.

100 yards choice heavy corded all-silk (warranted) Ribbons, in the richest Dresden designs, and in handsome millinery colorings, full 3 inches wide, regular 50c, to-day 35c a yard.

UMBRELLAS.

500 Ladies' Umbrellas, with natural wood, horn and fancy metal mounted handles, strong Paragon frames, covered extra quality Gloria silk, regular $1.25, to-day 89c each.

WHITE COTTONS.

5 bales of fine quality genuine American White Cottons, full 37 inches wide, regular 13c, to-day 10c yard.

Also 20 pieces useful and heavy cream Flannelettes, 26 ins. wide, regular 7c, to-day 4 3-4c yard.

LINEN TOWELS.

100 doz. genuine old Kirkpatrick Linen Huckabuck Towels, red borders and fringed ends, size 44 by 24 ins., regular 28c, to-day 18c each.

BOOK DEPARTMENT

ONLY BY GIVING BOOKS AWAY

Would it be possible to under-rock these remarkable prices:

5,000 BOOKS FOR 4c.

each. We have just purchased a completely new line of books, consisting largely of the Seaside Library and other great editions. Books of all great authors, ancient and modern, from Defoe to Corelli, mostly novels, but some history, science, travels, etc. Bound for the most part in paper, but many in cloth, retail price running from 15c to $1.50.

Ready on counter, 8 a.m. sharp. Price to-day to all-comers, and as long as they last, 4c each. COME EARLY.

Just the Books for the seaside.
Just the Books for the holidays.
Also a hundred other book bargains.
Special Bargains in Paper.
Special Bargains in Pencils.
Special Bargains in Envelopes.

CURTAIN STRETCHERS.

"A Household Necessity." New Folding Curtain Stretchers, made of well-seasoned wood, strong clamped corners, can be used for any size curtain up to 2 by 4 yards. When not in use can be folded and put into very small space. $1.25 and $1.75 each.

FRUIT JAR FILLERS.



Made to fit into fruit jars and prevent the spilling of preserves, etc., when filling; 1 pint size, 3 1-2c; 1 quart size, 4c each. Prices good for to-day only.

FRUIT JARS.

Fruit Jars, with patent screw cover.
1 pint size, 53c a doz.
1 quart size, 63c a doz.
2 quart size, 83c a doz.

BEDROOM TOILETWARE.

Toilet Sets, 4 pieces, 93c.
Toilet Sets, 8 pieces, $1.40.
Toilet Sets, 10 pieces, $2.49.

An odd lot of Toilet Ware in various colors and decorations, including ewers, basins, chambers, soap and brush racks, at half price.

DINNER SETS.

500 very handsome 97 piece Dinner Sets, in one of the choicest colors and designs made. Friday's price, $5.99; regular, $8.50.

WATERING POTS.



A very large quantity of these Watering Pots sold last Friday.

500 Watering Potts, same as cut.
1 quart size, 12c.
2 quart size, 17c.
6 quart size, 23c.
12 quart size, 30c.

THE S. CARSLEY CO. LIMITED

1765 to 1783 Notre Dame Street, MONTREAL.

THE MOST RELIABLE MILK

Buy your Milk direct from the Dairy Farm. Ours is the Largest and Best Equipped Dairy in Canada. Our supply is unlimited, as we are continually adding to our stock of healthy cows.

Special prices for quantities in bulk.

H. & W. EVANS,

CITY OFFICE Telephone 905.

Cor. Latour & St. Genevieve Sts.

Lakeside Points.

My wagon leaves for Lakeside Points on Tuesdays and Fridays at 2 o'clock. Any orders will receive my personal attention.

Chas. Chappell,

Tel. 3457. 2601 St. Catherine St.

PURE CANNED GOODS.

The White Rose Brand of Sugar Corn, Baked Beans, Refugee and Butter Beans, 2-lb. Apples, and Lakeport Brand Tomatoes, Peas, Gallon Apples, Red Raspberries, Pears and Pumpkin are the purest of canned goods. Try them next time, they will please you,

BABY'S HEALTH.

Look out for your baby's health just now. Be sure you gt it pure milk. We are selling the Pasteurized, Sterilized and Modified Milk which is recommended by physicians. Don't cost you any more than the common kind. Delivered anywhere in the city. PURE, HEALTHY, CLEAN and CHEAP.

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125 Mountain St. Branch of the WALKER-GORDON Milk Laboratory of New York and Boston.

Tel. 8512.

NOTICE.

On and after FRIDAY, 8th May, our express will commence to make a weekly trip to Lachine, Dorval, Lakeside, Pointe Claire and Beaconsfield. Express will leave our store at 1 o'clock p.m. sharp. Orders by mail or telephone promptly attended to.

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With your Office Books? Do they fill the requirements of your business? We make ledgers and blank books that give satisfaction in any business. They are the best blank books made. They don't cost much more than the worthless kind. Call and talk with us about blank books.

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The Sign of the Golden Owl,

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Our method of delivering goods as far as Beaconsfield by refrigerator waggons insures the receipt of everything in proper condition. Waggons leave our market at noon every Tuesday and Friday.

BROWN BROS.,

Windsor Market.

HERALD TABLE HINTS,

SPECIALLY PREPARED FOR THE HERALD.

MENUS FOR TO-MORROW.

BREAKFAST.
Bananas.
Cerealine flakes.
Scrambled Eggs. Cream Toast.
Coffee.

LUNCHEON.
Cottage-cheese Sandwiches.
Hominy and Meat Croquettes.
Lemon Sherbet. Angels' Food.
Iced Tea.

DINNER.
Puree of Asparagus.
Terrapin veal.
Mashed Potatoes. Green Peas.
Strawberry Sponge.
After-dinner Coffee.

RECIPES.

Scrambled Eggs—Break eight fresh eggs into a small saucepan; add to them a piece of butter the size of an egg, eight tablespoonfuls of cream, two teaspoonfuls of stock, one small, level teaspoonful of salt, one saltspoonful of white pepper; stir the whole until the eggs begin to thicken, then take from the fire and with a Dover egg beater beat them until they are light and delicate, then return the saucepan to the fire, and as soon as the eggs are hot pour them into a warm dish and serve at once. These are delicious if carefully made.

Cream Toast—Put in the double boiler one quart of milk, then cut even slices of stale bread and toast them a nice brown on each side. Dip each toasted slice into the hot milk a moment, then place it in the serving dish. When all are done add half a pint of milk to the hot milk, put in a large tablespoonful of butter and a large saltspoonful of salt. Beat the yolk of one egg, add to it one small tablespoonful of flour and two tablespoonfuls of cold milk. Mix together until smooth and stir it into the boiling milk. Let it boil until it is creamy, stirring all the while. Then put it into the dish with the toast, lifting up the slices carefully so the cream will be at the bottom of the dish and all around the toast. Fill the dish nearly full of the cream, and if there is any left put that in a bowl, and send all to the table very hot.

Cottage-Cheese Sandwich — Take nice white bread and prepare it as for any sandwich, butter smoothly, then spread with a seasoned layer of cottage cheese through which small bits of the spicy watercress are plentifully scattered; place another buttered slice on top, cut them in strips or any shape desired. Arrange on a nice plate on a folded napkin and serve.

Lemon Sherbet—Take one teaspoonful of gelatine, soak it one hour in enough cold water to cover it, then add one cupful of boiling hot water and stir until dissolved. The juice of six lemons, one good pint of granulated sugar and one quart of cold water. Mix together the sugar, lemon juice, water and gelatine; strain it into the can and freeze.

YOUR BABY

Needs nourishing. The best doctors recommend . . . .

"The First Swiss Brand" of Unsweetened Milk.

R. W. TURNER, Agent,

18 St. Alexis St.

BIRTHS.

LOUDON—In Worcester, Mass., on May 8, the wife of R. A. Loudon, of a daughter. 134

MARRIAGES.

BURNETT—CORNELL—On the 3rd inst., by the Rev. Dr. Rose, at St. James Methodist Church, W. A. W. Burnett, son of Mr. Henry Burnett, to Henrietta Gain, daughter of Mr. C. R. Cornell. No cards.

ELLIOTT—ARNOLD—On the 2nd inst., at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Jas. Arnold, by the Rev. Dr. McDonald, Mr. Herbert J. Elliott, merchant, of Ulverton, Que., to Miss Matilda A. Arnold, of Dundee, Que. 136

GAUTHIER—TOWNER—In St. James R. C. Church, Tuesday, 2nd inst., by Rev. Father Ducet, Mr. N. Gauthier, son of Nazare Gauthier, Esq., hotel keeper, 184 Main Street, to Miss M. A. Towner, daughter of D. Towner, Esq., of Quebec. No cards. 134

HIGINBOTHAM—DYDE—On Tuesday, 2nd June, at St. Stephen's Church, Coaticook, Que., by the Rev. Canon Foster, Henry T. Higinbotham to Florence Myra, second daughter of John S. Dyde, Portland, Me., and granddaughter of the late Colonel Dyde, of Montreal. 134

MacMILLAN—WILSON—On the 25th ult., at the residence of Mr. W. C. McArthur, Godmanchester, by the Rev. Dr. McDonald, of Dundee, Alexander MacMillan, Esq., of Summerstown, Ont., to Miss Eliza Jane Wilson, of Helena, Que. 134

ROBERTSON—WEST—At Toronto, on the 3rd inst., at Dunn Avenue Methodist Church, by the Rev. Wm. E. Scott, Charles M. Robertson, youngest son of James Robertson, Esq., of Montreal, to Sadie E., daughter of the late Samuel West, Esq., of Winnipeg, Man. 136

WHITHAM—STEWART—At No. 4 Macgregor Street, on Wednesday, the 3rd June, by the Rev. James Barclay, D.D., Arthur J. Whitham to Alice Maud, second daughter of William Stewart. 136

DEATHS.

BRIDGE—On the morning of the 3rd inst., Mary Elizabeth Bridge, eldest daughter of the late Samuel S. Bridge, and niece of the late Frederick Griffin. Funeral private. 134

CHAMPEAU—Louis Champeau, contractor, Cote des Neiges, on the 4th inst., at the age of 72 years. Funeral from Cote des Neiges Chapel on the 6th inst. Friends respectfully invited. 134

DOYLE—On June 3rd, 1896, at 77 Moreau Street, Hochelaga, Simon Doyle, aged 23 years. Funeral on Friday, 5th inst., at 8 o'clock a.m. to the parish church, thence to the Cote des Neiges Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited. 134

EASTON—Suddenly, of heart disease, on May 21st, at Lake Wayagomac, St. Maurice River, Sarah, daughter of the late Stephen L'Africain, of the Hudson Bay Company, and wife of Lawrence Easton. 134

FINNELL—In this city, on the 3rd inst., Joseph, infant son of Joseph Finnell. Funeral private. 136

GORMAN—In this city, on the 4th inst., infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Gorman. Funeral private. New York papers please copy. 136

JEFFERY—At 726 Cadieux Street, on 2nd inst., Louisa Caroline, daughter of George James Jeffery, aged 18 years and 3 months.

LYNCH—On 2nd of June, at his residence, 197 Fullum Street, Patrick Lynch, aged 59 years. Notice of funeral hereafter. Please omit flowers. 134

MALLETTE—In this city, on the 3rd June, 1896, Marie Agnes, youngest daughter of J. I. Mallette, grocer, aged 1 month and 12 days. Funeral will take place from her father's residence, 374 Cadieux Street, on Friday, the 5th inst., at 8 a.m. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation. 134

ASSESSMENT ROLL UPHELD

In the Notre Dame West Widening—A Contractor's Case.

Mr. Justice Pagnuelo rendered two important judgments yesterday, the first one being in the case of the city vs. Mulcair. The city sought to recover $863, amount of two instalments for which Mulcair was assessed in connection with the widening of Notre Dame Street West. Mr. Mulcair, however, asked for compensation for damage, owing to the encroachment of his neighbor's property on the street, and claimed $5,000 damage. The defendant pleaded that the assessment roll was not valid, but this plea was dismissed on the ground that the fact of one building encroaching on the street by some eight inches was not sufficient to declare that the whole widening was not uniform. As regarded Mr. Mulcair's claim for damage the court had visited the premises and found no cause for such, and the city's claim for the amount of the assessment would therefore be maintained.

The other case was an action for warranty, in which a Mr. Cusson gave a contract to H. Chagnon to build him a house. Mr. E. Mayer was entrusted by Mr. Chagnon with the building of the cellar. This proved defective and Cusson sued and recovered $150 damages from Chagnon. The latter claimed Mayer was the responsible party, but this plea was dismissed.

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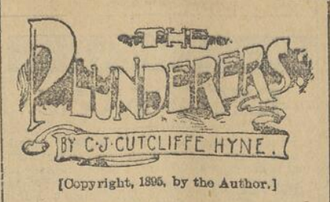
The agitation to stop the catching and sale of immature fish, started by Mr. Joseph Riendeau, is bearing good fruit. Yesterday morning at 4 o'clock Mr. T. O'Connor, the newly appointed Fishery Inspector, and Mr. John Morris, Fishery Overseer, visited the wharf opposite the Bonsecours market and seized 200 pounds of immature fish. The smaller ones were thrown on the manure pile and the larger were distributed among the charitable institutions.

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LUBY'S

PARISIAN HAIR RENEWER

has no equal; cleans the scalp, cures dandruff, promotes the growth of the hair, giving it youthful healthy and glossy appearance. Sold by all druggists. 50 Cents a bottle.



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CHAPTER XVI.—Continued.

"Or any one else with a modicum of dollars. I'm not prejudiced. Believe me, dear boy, I could pour out a whole wealth of affection on sweet Mabel or sweet Kitty or sweet anybody else who was able to support me in moderate comfort. At present my talents are thrown away during nineteen-twentieths of the year, because nature never intended me to shine as a noble savage. Consequently, dear boy, I'm ready to throw myself away on any one."

"Oh, I like that!" said Robinson. "You might have married a girl here last winter."

"The traveling English person without the aitches? Yes, dear boy, I did think about it. But I came to the conclusion that she was too old to reform, and, don't you know, one really couldn't stand living with an aitchless person eternally for any amount of income. Of course it was a sacrifice, and the poor girl was very let down, but I think she'll get over it in time. They all do."

"Probably she has done," said Robinson grimly. "From what he said, her father was quite resigned to your loss before he left here."

"My prospective father-in-law was sordid. He couldn't appreciate a gentleman. Now, Mabel's papa is in a better land, and, by Jove! that's a great point in her favor. I never could stand paternal advice."

"You seem to be making pretty sure of getting the lady."

"I'm not at all sure, but I want to find out how the land lies. And, by Jove, clever thought! I know how to do it! I'll go to Cambel after dinner and tell him I'm going to call on Mrs. Duvernay tomorrow and offer to take him down there in my dugout. I shall soon see what his game is. If he's after her still, he'll look jealous and trust me for seeing, and if he isn't, why, it's a walk over."

"All the same" remarked his other friend, "I don't think I'd—ar—bet very long odds on you, old chappie. There's nothing certain in this life, and widows are apt—ar—to keep a fellow dangling till a fellow gets tired. Finished? Then let's go to the bar and throw for liqueurs. Mine's creme de menthe."

CHAPTER XVII.

AT POINT SEBASTIAN.

Now the great rambling wooden hotel in which Miss Elsie Kildare was staying under care of her friends, the Van Llews, though on the end of a telegraph wire and within easy day's steam of a railroad, was not particularly far in crows' flight from that uncharted river where the Port Edes lay stranded on a sand bar. The hotel, in fact, backed upon the Everglades and faced the blue crisping waters of the Mexican gulf. At one side of it was a plantation of sisal hemp, and beyond that thickets of sawgrass, and beyond again cypress trees and cabbage palms sprouting from an undergrowth which was bound into an impenetrable cheval de frise with wait-a-bit thorn. At the other side were newly planted umbrella trees, two decrepit orange bushes without fruit, 20 luxuriant clumps of elephants' ears, and then straggles of palmetto scrub, right down to the soft white banks of gulf sand. Beyond was clear blue water with a rickety wooden wharf straddling a mile out into it like some uncouth gray legged centiped. And beneath the water dented, rusty food cans grew intimate with the coral polyp.

In winter time Point Sebastian was a resting place for nabobs of the north, and a congregation spot for those delightful American women who leave a convenient husband at work elsewhere on the dollar mill. But in the warmer month these worthy people did their pleasure living at the seabeaches of the north or the hotels of the Alleghanies, and the resthouse at Point Sebastian locked and covered most of its glories. The Floridian who stays in Florida all summer does so usually because of a tightness in the exchequer, and for the few of him who came to dissipate a small but hardly scraped up hoard in a spell of semicivilization a tenth of the available rooms made ample lodging place.

Still there was a summer season of sorts at Point Sebastian, which was merry enough in its way. Most nights on the parquet of the hall a cheery score danced under the glare of electric lights to the lilt of Teuton fiddles, and in the cool gloom of the piazzas outside, if straitened means did prevent the actual drafting of marriage contracts, even penury undisguised could enjoy the dallyings of the week's flirtation. Mr. Kent-Williams and his tribe were entertaining fellows enough to meet for a limited time, and maidens, come into the hotel for an annual outing, basked in the odor of their pretty sayings and frankly prepared themselves for nothing beyond temporary amusement.

Patrick Cambel met at least five men there he knew, which shows the great advantage of being a university man, because since at Oxford and Cambridge they most successfully refrain from teaching anything that is of commercial use to any one except a parson, or a doctor, or a schoolmaster, it naturally follows that many men from those seats of learning fail to make a living at home and drift across the seas.

He did not make the smallest secret about his advent. As the newspapers had told them already, he had been on the unlucky Port Edes when she came to grief, but had managed to get ashore by a marvelous streak of luck and found himself at a spot where less than a year ago he had been wandering about on a shooting expedition. Thence he had made his way in a dugout, bought from a Seminole, to the hotel on Point Sebastian. Voila tout. There was nothing surprising about it. He had had several opportunities for drowning before that, but none of them had ever come off. So he supposed that the Parcæ marked him out to live. And—what would they have? His shout.

At that period Mr. Patrick Cambel was feeling extremely pleased with himself. He hated the work at which he had been engaged, as any man must hate being mixed with a swindle, be it great or small. And the end seemed near; the end, conjoined to full success.

He had had a struggle for it, because once more Captain Kettle had felt inclined to fight for his own hand rather than do all things for mere employers who only paid him a paid salary. It was when Cambel woke from that dead sleep on the wheel grating of the upper bridge and came down to learn of the tragedy of the plume hunters, which had taken place during his unconsciousness, that he got the first hint of this. The little captain received him with cold stiffness, was wooden when asked for any suggestion and snarled when Cambel inquired what ailed him. It was the donkeyman who put the difficulty into words.

"And, captain, now," said he, "how much might yez be getting out of all this for yerself?"

"Five hundred pounds."

"Begor, it's a mighty lot of money and little enough too. I wish I'd it meself an more. I'd like a house ashore, an a wife, an an ass cart that I might dhrive her out in like a gentleman, besides other things."

"Oh, stop that! Don't tell me what a man might do if he'd his pick of the money in this ship. I can figure that out for myself without suggestions from any blasted Irishman."

—sn, now, captain, dear, don't be cross wid me, because I was going on to say that in case of trouble, in case there was, we'll say, a thrilling argument, I'd be on your side. Mr. Cambel, yer a gentleman, an I like ye well, but the captain here's me officer, an—well, sor, a boy must look after himself sometimes, specially when there's a chance like this ready to his fingers. 'Twon't come again in a lifetime."

"Probably not," said Cambel. He lay back in his chair, with linked fingers behind his head. "Look here, Kettle, if you want to shoot me, pull out your gun and get it over. Then you and Sullivan can run the cargo where you please and share it how you like. But that's the only way you'll make me consent to your taking what's beyond your due. Shelf trusted me, and, by Jove, I'm going to act fairly by Shelf if he were a ten times bigger thief than I know him to be already. Now, then, jump quick—let's have it over."

They were in the chartroom. Captain Kettle puckered his head for a minute's thought and then, getting up, shut and locked the starboard door. He took that key and the key also of the other door which gave upon the head of the companionway and handed them both to Cambel.

"Now, sir," said he, "you lock me and the donkeyman in here and go and do as you like. But I advise you to take your d——d gold somewhere out of this ship, because as sure as it's there when I next come out of this room so sure do I go and loot it. That's my bunk there, bang above the place where it's stowed, and I've sat on top of those sovereigns like a hen every watch below I've had this voyage and heard 'em chinkle and wondered what they'd hatch out into. You perhaps understand what I mean?"

Cambel nodded.

"Then take the cinch from me, sir, and cart your boxes away to hell as quick as you can. Poor men like me shouldn't have big temptations. It isn't healthy—for their neighbors. No, by God. Here, get out of this, Mr. Cambel, or I shall be doing you a violence yet, and mind you lock the door. Donkeyman, you hound, there's whisky in that bottom locker. Take the clean glass yourself and give me the dirty one."

(To be Continued.)

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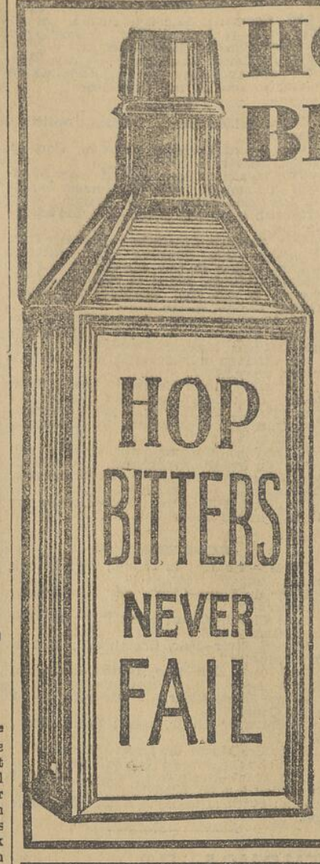
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It contains Phosphate of Lime, the substance most necessary to our existence, and indispensable for the formation of the bony and muscular system, and is the BEST TONIC for LYMPHATIC subjects, and all suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, POORNESS OF BLOOD and the EXCESSES OF YOUTH.

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IT IS A SPECIFIC IN INFANT'S GREEN DIARRHŒA AND ASSISTS CHILDREN IN THE FORMATION AND CUTTING OF THEIR TEETH.

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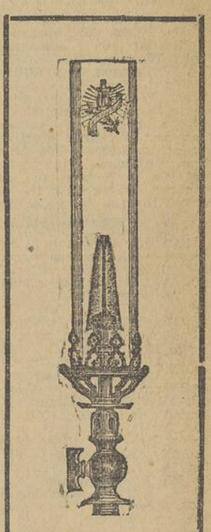
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SHIPPING MATTERS.

Steamship Arrivals.

June 4.	Arrived at.	From.
Germanic	New York	Liverpool
Aachen	New York	Bremen
Buffalo	New York	London
Fuerst Bismarck	Plynouth	New York
Trave	Bremen	New York
Werra	Genoa	New York
Brutannic	Queenstown	New York
Willehad	Philadelphia	Bremen
Bernicia	London	Montreal
Amsterdam	Boulogne	New York

Philadelphia, June 4.—Cleared: Montezuma, Montreal.

Liverpool, June 4.—Sailed: Barrowmore and Labrador, Montreal.

Shields, June 2.—Sailed: Cameo, Quebec.

By Wire and Cable.

Father Point, Que., June 4.—SS. Pomeranian, Allan Line, from Glasgow, inward 10.30 p.m.

PORT OF MONTREAL.

Arrived—June 4.

SS. Turret Crown, Watson, Sydney, Kingman, Brown & Co., coal.

SS. Lake Winnipeg, Taylor, Liverpool, D. W. Campbell, general. Passenger list printed Tuesday.

Cleared.

SS. Turret Crown, Watson, Sydney, Kingman, Brown & Co., light.

Vessels in Port.

(Steamships).

Rapid, Lee, H. Dobell & Co.
Loango, Murray, Elder, Dempster & Co.
Harrogate, Clark, J. Hope & Co.
Mongolian, Moore, H. & A. Allan.
Queen Adelaide, Ritson, R. Reford & Co.
Forest Holme, Johnston, McLean, Kennedy & Co.
Repton, Jack, R. Reford & Co.
Vancouver, Williams, D. Torrance & Co.
North Gwalia, Evans, Carbray, Routh & Co.
Lake Winnipeg, Taylor, D. W. Campbell.
Isis, Walker, McLean, Kennedy & Co.

Brigantines.

Rapid, Gagnon, J. G. Brock.

Schooners.

Deer Hill, Burns, Anderson & Co.
Lizzie Lindsay, Howell, J. G. Brock.

Ships.

Kingsport, Mulcahey, McLean, Kennedy & Co.

The Vancouvers's Great List.

Hosts of people are going abroad, and the popularity of R.M.S. Vancouver, of the Dominion Line, is again asserted by the fact that she will take from port tomorrow 200 saloon, 125 second cabin and 250 steerage passengers. The following is a partial saloon list, which reflects the greatest credit upon the St. Lawrence route, and especially upon the line: Mr. Thos. Ahearn, Mr. N. Awrey, Mr. A. Archer, Miss H. G. Allard, Mr. E. W. Barlow, Mr. Chas. Berger, Mr. F. W. Bartlett, Mrs. Bartlett, Hon. Arthur G. Brand, Mr. S. H. Bethune, Miss Della W. Bertrand, Mr. J. A. Bruce, Mr. F. C. Bruce, Mr. Stuart Bruce, Mr. J. F. Burstall, Mrs. Emslie Brown, Hon. Canon Bouverie, Hon. S. C. Bouverie, Mr. W. H. Beatty, Mrs. A. Beatty, Miss Maud Beatty, Mr. T. H. Bull, Mrs. Bull, Mr. John Breakey, Mrs. Breakey and maid, Master C. Breakey, Master J. Breakey, Miss A. Breakey, Miss H. Breakey, Miss A. Breakey, Mr. Buck, Dr. Bryce and wife, Miss Campbell, Dr. Bryce, Mrs. Bryce, Miss Campbell, Miss K. Campbell, Mrs. Counsell, Miss Counsell, Miss Evelyn Mabel Cutcliffe, Mr. T. J. Coristine, Mr. D. G. Crockatt, Mrs. Crockatt, Mr. Arthur Coleby, Miss Christian, Mrs. H. Cowie, Miss Beatrice Cowie, Master George Cowie, Master Alfred Cowie, Mr. H. Curlven, Mr. R. P. Dene, Rev. T. C. Desbarres, Mr. Engleman, Mrs. Engleman, Rev. Father Estevenant, Mr. Eger, Capt. Evans, Mr. J. B. Folingsby, Mrs. Folingsby, Dr. F. Morley Fry, Mr. Curson Flood, Mrs. Francis, Mrs. Foster, Miss Foster Mrs. Griffin, Mr. W. G. Grant, Mr. W. H. Gillard, Miss Blanche Grinshaw, Mr. Gibson, Mrs. Gibson, Lord Haddo, Mr. W. V. Hutton, Mr. J. O. Hutton, Col. J. Hill, Mrs. Hordsworthy, Miss Hordsworthy, Rev. Dr. Hemphill, Mr. H. Hawley, Mr. Ike Haley, Miss Irwin, Mr. L. Holme, Miss Lillian Irwin, Mrs. A. Ingles, Mr. M. Ingres, Mrs. E. Irwin, Miss Eleanor Irwin, Miss Ethel Irwin, Mr. Geo. Irvine, Miss B. Jacobs, Miss Joseph, Mrs. Kerr, Mrs. Kirkpatrick, Dr. T. H. Knott, R.N., Mrs. Knott, Master T. M. Knott, Mr. King, Mrs. King and infant, Miss King, Master King, Mr. Geo. G. Kempster, Master Herbert W. Kempster, Prof. Kirkland, Mrs. Kirkland, Mr. Stacy Lake, Mrs. Laurie, Miss Lucas, Mrs. H. Ayliffe Langford, Master H. Langford, Dr. W. S. Laton, Mr. Longmore, Mr. Justice Lumb, Mrs. Lumb, Miss Marescaux, Mr. Moore, Rev. D. D. MacLeod, Rev. Dr. Milligan, Miss Milligan, Dr. Geo. S. MacCarthy, Dr. A. A. MacLeay, Principal MacVicar, Mrs. MacVicar, Miss MacVicar, Miss Jessie MacVicar, Mr. Robert M. MacVicar, Mr. Miller, Miss Agnes Miller, Mr. C. A. Muller, Dr. McKenzie, Mr. John McGillivray, Miss McCallum, Mr. Robert McFarlane, Mr. Robert McFarlane, jr., Miss Northwood, Miss Nivin, Rev. H. P. Nichols, Mrs. Nichols, Master Nichols, Master Nichols, Mr. Frank Orsato, Mrs. Orsato, Mr. Percy Penhallow, Mr. R. G. Pattullo, Mrs. Pattullo, Mr. F. S. Patton, Rev. H. B. Patton, M.A., Miss Emma H. Paige, Rev. Father Petre, Miss Russell Mr. A. Rose, Mrs. Rose, Mr. J. Robson, Miss Sidley, Mr. James Stephenson, Mrs. Stephenson, Mr. F. G. Sherlock, Mrs. Sherlock, Miss Sherlock, Mr. Hector G. Spaulding, Mr. F. Shaw, Miss Snively, Mrs. Shortreed, Miss Alice Scrieber, Mr. Geo. A. Schofield, Mrs. Schofield, Miss Smethurst, Mr. W. Twining, Miss Reid Taylor and maid, Mr. Arthur Tibbs, Dr. Thorburn, Mrs. Thorburn, Mr. Tuke, Mr. Wades, Mrs. Wades, Miss Wades, Major-Gen. Sir G. Wolseley, Mr. E. H. White, Mr. Herbert Wallis, Mrs. Wallis, Mrs. R. Wallace and maid, Miss Violet Wallace, Miss Rhona Wallace, Mr. Jas. Williamson, Mrs. Williamson, Mr. W. R. Ward, Mrs. Ward, Dr. J. Allan Williams. Yesterday afternoon a party of 110 people from Chicago left for Montreal in order to catch the Vancouver to-night. They are in charge of Mr. Gus Broberg, general western agent of the Dominion Line at Chicago. This is a splendid proof that Mr. McFarlane, the city passenger manager, is booming the American patronage for the St. Lawrence route.

The Mongolian.

Allan SS. Mongolian leaves port tomorrow with an exceptionally good list. The following is a partial list: Mr. Abbott, Prof. Allen, Mrs. Allen, Mr. Andrews, Mr. Zepherin Benoit, Mr. William M. Birks, Miss Buick, Miss Carter, Mr. R. W. Campbell, Miss E. Campbell, Mr. L. Chapman, Mrs. Chapman, Rev. William Clark, Mrs. Clark, Miss Clark, Miss —— Clark, Mr. Mortimer Clark, Mr. Gordon Clark, Mr. J. K. Dearden, Miss Dillon, Mr. Pierre Dubuc, Mrs. Garrett, Miss Garrett, Miss Daisy Garrett, Mr. J. Neville Gunter, Mr. Harrop, Mr. Thos. Hodgins, Miss Inglis, Mr. Louis A. Jacques, Prof. James, Mr. E. F. King, Most Rev. Robert Machray, Archbishop of Rupert's Land; Rev. A. G. Morrice, Rev. M. McKinnon, Mr. W. J. McWhinney, Mr. Walter Paul, Col. A. A. Stevenson, Miss Stevenson, Rev. J. H. Stevenson, Mrs. Stevenson and infant, Mr. William Stewart, Mrs. Stewart, Master Philip Stewart, Rev. J. A. Shaw, Mrs. Shaw, Mr. A. G. Wood, Mrs. Wood, Master Edward Wood, Master Lewis Wood. There will also be 60 second cabin and a large number of steerage passengers.

Notes.

Elder, Dempster & Co.'s SS. Mayumba sailed to London Wednesday at 2 p.m. with 230 head of cattle and a full general cargo.

The Allan mail SS. Sardinian passed Cape Race at 6.15 p.m. on Thursday.

The Allan SS. Pomeranian, from Glasgow, passed Cape Magdalen at 9 a.m. on Thursday.

Dominion R.M.S. Labrador, Capt. McAuley, sailed from Liverpool yesterday with 55 saloon passengers, 45 second cabin and 140 steerage.

SS. Ottoman, Dominion Line, passed Cape Race at 9 p.m. Wednesday, and is due here Sunday morning. She has 100 passengers on board.

Lachine Canal.

Down June 4: Str. Garnet, 60 boxes cheese, 8 cases eggs; str. Olive, 860 boxes cheese, 4 cases eggs, 12 tubs butter, 279 bales hay; str. Maude, 36 boxes cheese; str. Persia, 8,683 bush. peas, 822 sacks flour, 50 cases canned vegetables, 30 cases hardware, 26 crates wheels, 17 bbls. wine, 100 demijohns vinegar, 25 cases knitted goods; str Cuba, 110 sacks flour, 9,000 bush. rye.

To pass up June 5: Str. Acadia, barges Armenia, J. B. L., Alice, Aid, Emma, Scotland, England, Hattie H., Wilson, McKenzie, Naomi, Cooper, Albion, Winona, Buckley.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

Arrived—June 4.

SS. Campana, Bacquet, Pictou, passengers and general, Quebec Steamship Co. She proceeded for Montreal at 5 p.m.

Ship Carin, Longdash, Norway, ballast, and proceeded for Batiscan this evening in tow of tug Dauntless.

Cleared.

Schr. Golden Boat, Allison, Anticosti, master.

Canal boat Cotterell, Roberts, Fort St. Anne, master.

Tug steamer Spray arrived from Montreal this morning with four lumber barges in tow, and subsequently left on return trip with a number of schoners and barges in tow.

Tug steamer Chieftain arrived from Kingston this morning with raft of square timber in tow for Calvin & Co.

Bark Bothnia, bound to Newcastle, proceeded to sea this morning, tug Home taking her to Indian Cove.

SS. Merimac, having landed Quebec cargo and shipped part of her outward cargo, left for Montreal to-night.

SS. Ottoman will arrive in port on Saturday morning.

Steamships from Montreal passed down to-day are: Mayumba, for London, 1 p.m.; Coban, for Sydney, 3 p.m.; Cacouna, for Sydney, 4 p.m.; Sicilia, for Hamburg, 6 p.m.

Steamships Hungaria and Murcia will arrive during the night, and the Pomeranian, Concordia and Aswanley to-morrow. Latter vessel will load here.

SS. North Flint, from Three Rivers for U. K., passed down at 3 p.m.

GULF REPORTS.

L'Islet—Squally; in 11 am., Relief, with bark.

River du Loup—Clear, west; in 3 p.m., steamer.

Cape Chatte—Clear, east; in 2 p.m., Pomeranian.

Martin River—lear, Cnortheast; in 2 p.m., Asfanley.

Cape Madgalen—lear, north; in noon, Turret Age.

Fame Point—Clear, northwest; in 1 p.m., Concordia.

Cape Rosier—Clear, calm; in 9 p.m., bark, light.

Point Des Monts—In 3 p.m., Meenstad.

St. Johns River—In 2 p.m., Otter.

Low Point—Northwest wind; outward yesterday 5 p.m., Huelva; 6 p.m., Wandsworth; outward to-day 4 a.m., Pocklington.

THOUSANDS SPENT YESTERDAY

Civic Committees Dealt Heavily in Coal and Wood.

The tenders for supplying the coal and wood for the use of the city were opened at a meeting of the City Hall Committee held yesterday afternoon, with Ald. Penny in the chair. For 350 tons of egg coal there were 34 tenders, all at $5.75, except that of Wm. Bellingham, at $5.60. Ald. Prenoveau moved that the contract be awarded to Labrecque & Cousineau. Ald. Dupuis said that there was a great deal for and against the awarding of the contract to one firm. Of course, there would only be one to look after if there is any trouble, but, on the other hand, the other tenderers are taxpayers and are as much entitled to the contract as Cousineau & Labrecque. Ald Stevenson wanted to give the contract to Wm. Bellingham, as the lowest tenderer, but the general opinion was that the coal furnished at $5.60 could not be of superior quality. Ald. Dupuis moved in amendment that the contract be divided up as follows: Labrecque & Cousineau, 100 tons; Geo. W. Cameron, 75 tons; B. Dufresne, 100 tons, and Jas. Bourdon, 75 tons. After a long discussion the amendment was adopted, Ald Penny dissenting because he wanted the favors more fairly distributed. The coal is to be delivered between the 20th July and the 1st of August.

The contract for 10 cords of maple wood was awarded to T. Patenaude at $4.99.

THE FIRE COMMITTEE.

There was a meeting of the Fire Committee held yesterday afternoon, with Ald. Stevenson in the chair. Tenders for the supply of coal and wood were opened and considered. There were 30 tenders for the 578 tons of coal and 40 cords of wood required. The prices were all $5.75 for egg coal, $6.25 for stove, $5.75 for grate and $4 for Scotch grate. It was decided to divide the 578 tons amongst the seven members of the Fire Committee, and they will distribute the contracts as they like. After coming to that very convenient arrangement, it was decided to leave the buying of the wood in the hands of Supply Officer Beaulieu.

Ald. Marsolais was elected chairman of the Fire Committee during the absence of Ald. Stevenson.

It was decided to advance two months' salary to the firemen who leave to-night for London.

The sub-committee which had been appointed to consider the advisability of adopting the Gamble Auxiliary Fire Alarm System, reported favorably, subject to certain modifications. This system has been adopted in all the large cities of this continent, and is rendering immense service. The question will be further discussed at the next meeting of the committee.

Ald. Stevenson and Ald. Jacques made their farewell, and the meeting adjourned.

PITCHER IS PRESIDENT.

Methodist Conference Elects Its Chie Officer.

Stanstead, Que., June 4.—In connection with the Methodist conference the educational anniversary meeting was held last night. Interesting addresses were given by Revs. Dr. Griffith, of Brockville, and J. E. Starr, of Kingston.

Rev. Prof. Harris, of the Wesleyan Theological College, presented a report of the endowment fund. $36,400 have been subscribed to this fund as the result of Mr. Harris' effort, of which $18,568 have been paid. The treasurer, Rev. Principal Shaw, explained the work of the society. Its aim is to make grants to the various colleges doing university and theological work and loans to students. The general educational fund amounts to $22,000.

This morning the conference opened at 9 o'clock with the usual prayer meeting. At 8 o'clock the first of three meetings was held for the study of the Epistle to the Ephesians. Rev. Mr. Phillips, of Montreal, dealt with the book from a literary standpoint, pointing out the right method of study and giving an analysis of its contents. Rev. John Armstrong presided.

The secretary read the roll of ministers and lay delegates.

About 150 ministers and forty laymen were present. The following delegates from the Montrral district are in attendance: John Dillon, G. R. Locker, Charles Morton, D. T. Frost, J. W. Knox, John Cunningham, F. C. Frith, Jos. Allan and Jos. Elliott.

In view of the distance of Stanstead from the greater part of the Conference, the number present is large.

The conference at once proceeded to the election of officers.

The first ballot for president showed the following result: J. T. Pitcher, 92; J. B. Saunders, 50; Dr. Griffith, 12; Hugh Cairns, 14. Number of ballots cast, 175; necessary to election, 88. Rev. J. Talman Pitcher was therefore declared Pelected to the office of president, amid much applause.

Mr. Armstrong welcomed the President elect, in a few graceful words, as one "entitled by the votes of his brethern and by holy faithful pastoral service for many years in the Methodism of Canada."

The new president in accepting the honor conferred upon him warmly thanked the conference for the confidence shown and solicited their sympathy.

Rev. A. Lee Holmes, of Coaticook, was elected secretary of the conference.

RAILWAYS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

ALASKA

The Land of Nightless Days.

Personally Conducted Excursions,

LEAVING MONTREAL

June 26th, July 25th.

$375 ROUND ..TRIP..

Including First Class Sleeping and Dining Cars, Hotels and other expenses. Full information at

CITY TICKET & TELEGRAPH OFFICE

129 St. James St.

(Next Post Office.)

HOTELS.

ST. LAWRENCE HALL.

135 to 139 St. James St. Montreal.

HENRY HOGAN - - - - - - Proprietor.

The Best known Hotel in the Dominion.

THE ST. ELMO

Cor McGill and Recollet Sts.

The Best 25 cent Dinner in the City

Best Ales Wines, and Porter
On Draught or in Bottle ..

Po lite Attention. Prompt Servic

BALMORAL HOTEL, MONTREAL

The only first-class down town hotel in the city.

E. H. DUNHAM, Proprietor.

..Hotel Aberdeen..

ST. JOHN, N.B.

Finest Summer Climate in the World. Sea Breezes, Sea Bathing. First-class new Hotel; Accommodation, 200; Location central; Electric Elevator, Lights and Bells; Steam Heating; Roof Garden; Ordinary and Therapeutic Baths. Convenient Boating and Fishing; Delightful Drives and Short Excursions by Salt and Fresh Water. Jersey Dairy Products from Fir Shade Farm. Germ-proof Water Filters.

RATES—

$2.50 and $3 per day. Special weekly rates.

G. R. PUGSLEY, Proprietor,
E. M. TREE, Manager.

MACHINERY ETC.

THOS. HOCKING,

(SUCCESSOR TO CHA CHILDS.)

Machinist, Model and Tool Maker,

47 WILLIAM STREET,

Manufacturer of Cutting Dies of every description, Steel Shanks, Gaiter Springs, Glove Spring Fasteners, etc.

Boot and Shoe Machinery a specialty, Machine Knives Ground by Automatic Process.

Boiler Tubes Cotton Waste.

SNOW

DUPLEX : STEAM : PUMPS

For Every Service.

Agents:
Canada Machinery Agency,
321 St. James Street.
W. H. NOLAN Manager.

WEAKNESS of MEN

Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured

by a new perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day, soon know yourself a king among men in body, mind and heart. Drains and losses ended. Every obstacle to happy married life removed. Nerve force, will energy, brain power, when failing or lost, are restored by this treatment. All small and weak portions of the body enlarged and strengthened. Victims of abuses and excesses, reclaim your manhood! Sufferers from folly, overwork, early errors, ill health, regain your vigor! Don't despair even if in the last stages. Don't be disheartened if quacks have robbed you. Let us show you that medical science and business honor still exist; here go hand in hand. Write for our book, with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free. Over 2,000 references.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

A NEW HOME TREATMENT.

HAY-FEVER CATARRH DEAFNESS

Sufferers are not generally aware that these diseases are contagious, or that they are due to the presence of living parasites in the membrane of the nose and eustachian tubes. Microscopic research, however, has proved this to be a fact, and the result of this discovery is that a simple remedy has been formulated whereby catarrh, catarrhal deafness and hay fever are permanently cured in from one to three simple applications made at home by the patient once in two weeks.

N.B.—This treatment is not a snuff or an ointment; both have been discarded by reputable physicians as injurious. A pamphlet explaining this new treatment is sent on receipt of stamp by A. H. Dixon & Son, 41 & 43 East Bloor St., Toronto, Canada.—*Toronto Globe.*

Sufferers from catarrhal troubles should carefully read the above.

NATIONAL BRAND

Sugar Cured Hams

English Breakfast Bacon

Are delicious.

For Sale by Leading Grocers.

TRY THEM.

PARK, BLACKWELL & CO, Ltd.

TORONTO.

TRY

A pair of our $3.25 trousers—wort, $4.00 anywhere. They are all wool fashionable stripes—wear and fit well.

MAX USHER,

Merchant Tailor,
12 McGill College Avenue.

RAILWAYS.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

EXCURSIONS.

Sunday Schools and Societies should make early applications for their summer excursions, as the choice dates for Otterburn Park, Clark's Island, Valleyfield, Ormstown, Iberville, Rouse's Point, etc., are being rapidly secured.

Moonlight Excursions Through Lake St. Louis.

The above can now be arranged for with societies, clubs, military and other organizations

The Trip is as follows:

Leave Bonaventure Station by special excursion train about 8 p.m., twenty minutes' ride to Lachine Wharf, where the "Duchess of York," a steel steamer, electric lighted, and with a carrying capacity of 700, will be in attendance for a three hour moonlight sail through Lake St. Louis, and return to Lachine wharf in time to reach Montreal by special train at 11.30 p.m. These moonlight excursions will only be run on application of societies, clubs, etc., the Excursion Committees being allowed to control the sale of tickets if desired.

For choice dates, rates, etc., early application should be made at City Ticket Office, 143 St. James Street, or to D. O. Pease, District Passenger Agent, Bonaventure Station.

Richelieu & Ontario Nav. Co.

SUNDAY SERVICE.

Excursions to Quebec and Return.

$3.00 Going Saturdays and returning Sundays—Single fare between ports.

Steamers leave Quebec and Montreal at 3 p.m. every Sunday. Steamers meet at Three Rivers at 11 p.m., passengers so desiring can return to Montreal, arriving back at 6.30 a.m.; can also make connections at Sorel with Steamer Three Rivers, and return to Montreal 10.45 p.m. Orchestra on Board.

Western Line commences June 1. Steamers leave Monday, Wednesday and Fridays 10 a.m. for Toronto and intermediate ports.

City Ticket Office—128 St. James Street (Opp. Post Office.)

BREWERS

J. H. R. MOLSON & BROS.

Ale and Porter Brewers,

Have always on hand the various kinds

ALE AND PORTER

IN WOOD AND BOTTLES,

FAMILIES REGULARLY SUPPLIED

1006 NOTRE DAME ST., MONTREAL

DAWES & CO.,

BREWERS

Pale Ales and Porter,

LACHINE, P.Q.

Montreal Office: 521 St. James St.

Bell Telephone 563.

ILLEGAL BOTTLING

$50 REWARD

WILLIAM DOW & CO.

will pay the above reward for evidence leading to the conviction of any person using their name, trade mark or labels without their authority

Good Books.

There is something distinctive about this store. The stock stands out with an individuality not seen in other stores. It's good buying does it. We always have the latest and best in the book line.

W. DRYSDALE & CO.,

232 ST. JAMES STREET.

West End Branch—2365 St. Catherine St.

Clearbrook Vellum

Is the name of our new Papeterie, contains 50 Sheets and 50 Envelopes, and only

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS!

No Bargain Day Catch! Real good value—best ever offered.

MORTON, PHILLIPS & CO.

Stationers, Blank Book Makers & Printers,

1755 and 1757 NOTRE DAME STREET Montreal.

E. R. C. Clarkson

...ASSIGNEE...

Ontario Bank Chambers, Scott Street, Toronto.

Clarkson & Cross

Chartered Accountants.

AFTER SICKNESS to tone up the system, and bring back a healthy appetite, physicians recommend the use of

CAMPBELL'S QUININE WINE.

PLEASANT TO THE TASTE.

Prepared only by K. CAMPBELL & CO.,
Beware of Imitations. MONTREAL.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

The Beaver Line SS. Lake Winnipeg, Wm. Taylor, master, from Liverpool, is entered at Customs. Consignees will please pass their entries without delay.

D. W. CAMPBELL, Manager.

Food for the Sick!

The Diet Dispensary carefully prepares food for the sick, at reasonable prices thus facilitating and relieving the work of the household in the care of their sick. The poor are supplied gratis upon presentation of order from physician, clergyman or visiting nurse.

175a St. Antoine St

SHIPPING.

BEAVER LINE OF STEAMSHIPS.

1896—Summer Season—1896

Direct Weekly Sailings Between MONTREAL & LIVERPOOL

From L'pool.	Steamer	From Montreal
Sat. May 23..	Lake Winnipeg..	Sat. June 6
" " 30..	Lake Huron	Wed. " 17
" June 13..	Lake Superior	" July 1
Sun. " 21..	Lake Winnipeg	" " 8
Sat. " 27..	Lake Ontario	" " 15
" July 4..	Lake Huron	" " 22
" " 18..	Lake Superior	" Aug. 5
" " 25..	Lake Winnipeg	" " 12
" Aug 1..	Lake Ontario	" " 19

Weekly Thereafter.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First Cabin—$40, $45, $50 and $60. Round trip, $80, $85, $90 and $110, according to steamer and accommodation.

Second Cabin—To Liverpool, $30; return, $63. Glasgow, $32.50; return, $68. Bristol or Cardiff, $33; return, $69. London, $33; return, $66.

Steerage—To Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Belfast at lowest rates.

NOTE—Steerage passengers by the Beaver Line are provided with the use of bedding and eating and drinking utensils, free of charge.

Freight carried at lowest rates and to all important points, both in Canada and Great Britain, on through bills lading. Special facilities provided for the carriage of butter, cheese and perishable freight.

For further particulars as to freight or passage apply to

D. & C. MACIVER, Tower Buildings, Liverpool.
D. W. CAMPBELL, Mgr 18 Hospital Street Montreal.

DOMINION LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

Steamer	From Montreal.	From Quebec.
Scotsman	May 30, daylight	May 30, 2 p.m
Vancouver	June 6, "	June 7, 9 a.m.
Ottoman	" 13, "	" 13, 2 p.m.
Labrador	" 20, "	" 21, 9 a.m.
Angloman	" 27, "	" 27, 2 p.m.
Vancouver	July 4, "	July 5, 9 a.m.

S.S. Canada will sail from Liverpool on or about July 16, 1896.

RATES OF PASSAGE — First Cabin: Montreal or Quebec, to Liverpool or Londonderry, $50 to $80; return, $100 to $150, according to steamer and berth. Second Cabin: $30; return, $63. Steerage to Liverpool, London, Londonderry, Queenstown, Belfast or Glasgow, including outfit, $24.50 and $25.50.

Midship saloons, electric lights, spacious promenade decks.

For further information apply to any agent of the Company, or to

DAVID TORRANCE & CO., General Agents, Montreal.
17 St. Sacrament St.

SEWERS.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned City Surveyor has completed the special assessment rolls for sewers constructed in the undermentioned streets in the City of Montreal, viz.:

Archambault Lane, from St. Jean Lane to Morin Lane.

Concord Street, from end of sewer westward.

St. Columban Street, from St. Patrick Street to Canal Street.

St. Elizabeth Street, from Craig Street to St. Catherine Street.

St. Hubert Street, from Rachel Street to Marianne Street.

Iroquois Street, from Delorimier Avenue westward.

Labelle Street, from north of Dorchester Street to St. Catherine Street.

De Montigny Street, from Sanguinet to St. Elizabeth Street.

De Montigny Street, from St. Dominique Street to St. Urbain Street.

Mount Royal Avenue, from St. Andre Street to Papineau Avenue.

St. Patrick Street, from d'Argenson Street westward.

Stanley Street, from end of existing sewer to Sherbrooke Street.

And that they have been deposited in his office in the City Hall, where they may be seen and examined by all parties interested until WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of June, 1896, at 12 o'clock noon; that he will then and there hear and examine all complaints in relation to such special rolls of assessment before the accounts are delivered to the City Treasurer in accordance with the law.

PERCIVAL W. ST. GEORGE, City Surveyor.

City Surveyors' Office, City Hall, Montreal, 3rd June, 1896.

CALLING IN CREDITORS.

In the Superior Court of the Province of Quebec.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal.

No. 128—In the matter of Flavien Hurtubise, of the City and District of Montreal, merchant and trader, there carrying on business as such under the name and style of Hurtubise & Co., insolvent.

The creditors of said Insolvent are hereby ordered to appear before one of the Judges of this Court, in the Court Room for Insolvency matters, in the Court House at Montreal, on the thirteenth day of June instant, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, in order to give their advice touching the appointment of a Curator to the property of the said Insolvent, and on such other matters as may be lawfully submitted to them.

H. COLLARD, Deputy Prothonotary, S.C.

Montreal, June 4, 1896.

CALLING IN CREDITORS.

In the Superior Court of the Province of Quebec.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal.

No. 127.—In the matter of MOISE STE. MARIE, of the City and District of Montreal, Haberdasher, Insolvent.

The creditors of said insolvent are hereby ordered to appear before one of the Judges of this Court, in the Court Room for Insolvency matters, in the Court House, at Montreal, on the 11th day of Jume instant, at ten of the cloc kin the forenoon, in order to give their advice touching the appointment of a curator and inspector to the property of the said insolvent.

H. COLLARD, Deputy Prothonotary, S.C.

Montreal, 3rd June, 1896.

Vacant Succession of the late Hugh McReavy.

PUBLIC NOTICE

By the declaration of William Renaud, accountant, of the City of Montreal, curator to the vacant succession of the late Hugh McReavy, in his lifetime grocer, of the said City of Montreal, appert acte en bieret, before me this day, demanding the authorization to sell the property belonging to the vacant succession of the said late Hugh Mc Reavy.

It is by these presents ordered to the creditors, as well as mortgagees as ordinary creditors, to be present Monday, the eighth day of June instant, at three o'clock in the afternoon, in my office, Room No. 22, Ferrier Block, No. 1593 Notre Dame Street, in the said City of Montreal, to give their advice as to the authorization necessary to give effect to the sale of the property belonging to the said vacant succession.

J. S. LAMARCHE, Notary,

Montreal, 2nd June, 1896.

CANADA, PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, district of Montreal; No. 1675; Superior Court; Dame Julia Booth, wife common as to property of Alexander Nelson, wholesale furrier, of the town of Westmount, in the district of Montreal; duly authorized to ester en justice is plaintiff, vs. the said Alexander Nelson is defendant. Notice is hereby given that plaintiff has instituted an action of separation as to property. McCormick & Claxton, Attorneys for plaintiff. Montreal, May 4, 1896.

SHIPPING.

REFORD AGENCIES

DONALDSON LINE.

WEEKLY GLASGOW SERVICE,

Sailing from MONTREAL every WEDNESDAY Morning.

From Glasgow.	Steamship.	From Montreal.
May 20	SS Concordia	June 11
May 29	SS Tritonia	June 18
June 5	SS Amarynthia	June 25
June 12	SS Alcides	July 2
June 19	SS Warwick	July 9

AGENTS.

Glasgow............Donaldson Bros.

THOMSON LINE.

London and Newcastle Service.

Sailing from Montreal on or about

From Newcastle-on-Tyne.	Steamships.	From Montreal to London.
May 22	SS Iona	June 12
June 5	SS. Hurona	June 26

All the London steamers will take cargo for Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

EAST COAST SERVICE.

ABERDEEN, LEITH, AND DUNDEE AT INTERVALS.

SS Bellona, for Leith............June 27
SS. Escalona, for Aberdeen............July 10
SS. Avlona, for Dundee............July 15

Agents—CAIRNS, YOUNG & NOBLE, Newcastle-on-Tyne; A. LOW, SON & CARTER, 27 Leadenhall Street, London, E.C.; G. V. TURNBULL & Co., Leith; W. THOMSON & SONS, Dundee, Scotland.

Special accommodation for Butter, Cheese and Provisions; also Cattle, Horses and Sheep.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING

Granted by any of the above Lines to or from any point in

CANADA OR WESTERN STATES,

For further particulars apply to
HENDERSON BROS., Chicago, Ill.,
J. D. RIDDELL, Stratford. Ont., or

ROBERT REFORD & CO.,

23 & 25 St. Sacrament Street

MONTREAL.

Black Diamond Line.

S.S. CAPE BRETON....2500 tons capacity.
S.S. LOUISBURG......2450 tons capacity.
S.S. CACOUNA........2000 tons capacity.
S.S. BONAVISTA......1650 tons capacity.
S.S. COBAN..........1350 tons capacity.

The above A 1 Iron steamships will run regularly throughout the season from

Montreal to Charlottetown, P. E. I., North Sydney, C. B., and St. John's, Nfld.

NEXT SAILINGS:

S.S. BONAVISTA....Tuesday..........June 16
S.S. COBAN.........."..........June 23
S.S. BONAVISTA....Monday..........July 6
S.S. COBAN..........................July 13
S.S. BONAVISTA....Saturday..........July 25

To be followed by other sailings at regular intervals.

These vessels have comfortable Cabin acomodation. For freight or passage apply to

PEAKE BROS. & Co., Charlottetown, P.E.I
VOOGHT BROS, North Sydney, C.B.;
HARVEY & Co., St. John's Nfld.; or to

KINGMAN, BROWN & CO.

14 Place Royal, Montreal,

Dominion Line.

African Steamship Company's

Regular Line of First-Class Steamships BETWEEN MONTREAL,

BRISTOL (Avonmouth) and LONDON

Steamers of the above line insure at first class rates and are fitted up with all the modern improvements for carrying Live Stock, also Butter, Cheese, Grain and every description of general cargo, and are intended to be despatched from Montreal as follows:—

TO BRISTOL (Avonmouth).

SS. Loango............June 6th
SS. Merrimac............June 11th
SS. Memphis............June 18th
SS. Etolia............June 25th
SS. Lycia............July 2nd

And Weekly Thereafter.

TO LONDON.

SS. Montezuma............June 13th
SS. Memnon............June 20th
SS. Assaye............June 27th

And Regularly Thereafter.

For rates of freight and other particulars apply to

ELDER, DEMPSTER & CO.

219 Commissioners St, MONTREAL

And at 70 Queen's Square, Bristol: 4 St. Mary Avenue, London; 14 Castle Street, Liverpool.

JOHNSTON LINE.

Regular Sailings.

MONTREAL to LIVERPOOL.

SS. PARKMORE............June 13
SS. BARROWMORE............June 20
SS. BALTIMORE............July 8
SS. PARKMORE............July 15
SS. BARROWMORE............July 22

For rates of freight, through bills of lading and full information, apply to all railway agents; Wm. Johnston & Co., Ltd., Chamber of Commerce Bldg., Boston; 218 La Salle Street, Chicago; 208 Railway Exchange Building, St. Louis; or to

WM. JOHNSTON & CO., Ltd.,
Board of Trade Building, Montreal.

International Navigation Co.'s Lines.

AMERICAN LINE FOR SOUTHAMPTON.

Shortest and most convenient route to London. No transfer by tender. No tidal delays. Close connection at Southampton for Havre and Paris by special fast twin screw Channel steamers.

I cabin, $55 and upwards; II. cabin, $40 to $60.

Berlin, June 6, 10 a.m | Paris, June 13, 10 a.m
St. Paul, June 10, 10 a.m | N. Y. June 17, 10 a.m

RED STAR LINE FOR ANTWERP.

I. cabin, $65 and upwards; II. cabin, $45 to $65.

Berlin............Saturday, June 6, 10 a.m
Southwark....Wednesday, June 10, 9.30 a.m

INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY,
6 Bowling Green, New York, or

W. H. Henry, 143 St. James Street,
W. F. Egg, 129 St. James Street,
J. Y. Gilmour & Co 354 St. Paul St. } Montreal.

St. John's, Newfoundland.

SS. ACADIAN will receive freight on Wednesday, 27th May.

HENRY DOBELL & CO., Agents.

Ottawa River Navigation Co.

MODERN STEEL STEAMERS.

SOVEREIGN AND EMPRESS,

FORMING DAILY MAIL LINE BETWEEN MONTREAL AND OTTAWA.

Fares to Ottawa, single, $2.50. Return, $4. Do. Round Trip, Rail and Boats, $5. Most Pleasant and Direct Route to the Caledonia Springs.

STEAMER SOVEREIGN EXCURSIONS.

Daily to Oka, Como, Hudson or Carillon, $1 Take 8 a.m. train to Lachine.

SHOOT THE RAPIDS, 50c.

Take 5.05 p.m. train for Lachine.

Market lines, from Canal Basin, Str. Princess for Carillon, etc., Wednesday and Saturday at 6 a.m.

Steamer Maude for Papineauville, Treadwell, Hawkesbury, etc., on Tuesdays and Fridays, at 6.30 p.m.

Tickets at 143 and 184 St. James Street, Windsor and Balmoral Hotels and Grand Trunk Station. Head Office, 165 Common Street.

R. W. SHEPHERD, Jr., Manager.
Telephone 1029.

SHIPPING

ALLAN LINE.

Royal Mail Steamships

Liverpool, Quebec and Montreal Royal Mail Service—Calling at Londonderry.

From Liverpool	Steamships	From Montreal	From Quebec
21 May..	*Mongolian	6 June	6 June, 3 p.m
28 May..	Sardinian	13 June	14 June, 9 a.m
4 June..	*Numidian	20 June	20 June, 3 p.m
11 June..	Parisian	27 June	28 June, 9 a.m
18 June..	*Laurentian	4 July	4 July, 3 p.m
25 June..	*Mongolian	11 July	11 July, 3 p.m

*Steamers marked thus do not stop at Rimouski or Londonderry on the Eastbound trip.

The Saloons and Staterooms are in the central part, where least motion is felt. Electricity is used for lighting the ships throughout, the lights being at the command of the passengers at any hour of the night. Music Rooms and Smoking Room on the promenade deck. The Saloons and Staterooms are heated by steam.

RATES—Cabin: $50 and upwards. According to steamer, location of, and number of persons in room. A reduction is made on Round Trip Tickets except on the lowest rate.

Second Cabin—To Liverpool or Londonderry, $30.

Steerage—To Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Belfast or Londonderry, including a plentiful supply of provisions, cooked and served, and every requisite for the voyage............$24.50
Cape Town, South Africa............$67.50

Steerage rates, per Parisian and Sardinian $1.00 higher.

Glasgow, Londonderry and New York Service (from New Pier, foot of W. 21st Street, New York)

From Glasgow	Steamships	From New York
29 May....	State of California..	12 June, 11 a.m
12 June....	State of Nebraska..	26 June, 11 a.m
26 June....	State of California..	9 July, 2 p.m
10 July....	State of Nebraska..	24 July, 4 p.m

These steamers do not carry cattle.

Rates—1st cabin, $45 to $65; return tickets $85 to $120. Second cabin, to or from Glasgow or Londonderry, $30; return tickets, $55.

Steerage to Glasgow, Belfast or Londonderry at lowest rates.

Outfit for steerage passengers furnished free.

The Steamships State of California and State of Nebraska are not surpassed for their excellent accommodations for all classes of passengers.

The Saloons are forward, Staterooms near the centre of the ships' Promenade deck, the entire width of the vessel, and two thirds of the length. Electric lights throughout, and electric bells in every stateroom. No cattle carried.

Glasgow, Quebec and Montreal Service

From Glasgow	Steamships	From Montreal on or about
21 May	Pomeranian	9 June
28 May	*Siberian	16 June
4 June	Grecian	23 June
11 June	Sarmatian	30 June
18 June	Scandinavian	7 July

And Weekly Thereafter.

*This steamer, sailing from Montreal to Glasgow direct, has good accommodation for a limited number of cabin passengers. Rates, $45 and $50.

London, Quebec and Montreal Service

From London.	Steamships.	From Montreal on or about
27 May	Monte Videan	14 June
3 June	Canadian	21 June
10 June	Brazilian	28 June
17 June	Ormiston	5 July

And every ten days thereafter.

Liverpool, Halifax, Philadelphia and St. John's Service.

From L'pool to St. John's and Halifax	Steamships	From Phila. on or about	From St John's to Glasgow
16 May	Assyrian	5 June	10 June
30 May	Carthaginian	19 June	24 June
13 June	Assyrian	3 July	8 July
27 June	Corean	17 July	22 July

And regularly thereafter.

Calling at St. John's, Nfld., both east and west bound, with and for Mails and Passengers

For further particulars apply to

H. & A. ALLAN,
25 Common Street, Montreal.

CUNARD LINE.

FAST EXPRESS MAIL SERVICE.

NEW YORK TO LIVERPOOL

Calling at Queenstown.

Lucania	Sat. June 6,	Noon.
Etruria	Sat. June 13,	9.00 a.m
Campania	Sat. June 20,	Noon.
Umbria	Sat. June 27,	9.00 a.m
Lucania	Sat. July 4,	10.00 a.m
Etruria	Sat. July 11,	2.00 p.m
Campania	Sat. July 18,	10.00 a.m
Umbria	Sat. July 25,	2.00 p.m

EXTRA SAILING.

Aurania............Tuesday, June 9, 2.00 p.m

The steamers of this line have, for over fifty years, an unequalled record for the safety and comfort of their passengers.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Cabin, $60 and upwards. Second cabin, $35, $40, $45, according to steamer and accommodation.

Steerage tickets to and from all parts of Europe at very low rates.

Through Bills of Lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other ports on the Continent and for Mediterranean ports.

For freight and passage apply at the Company's office, No. 4 Bowling Green, New York.

VERNON H. BROWN & CO., General Agents.

THOMAS WILSON, Agent, 39 St. Francois Xavier Street.
Or to J. Y. GILMOUR & CO., 354 St. Paul Street, Montreal.

Hamburg-American Packet Co.

Hansa—St. Lawrence Line

The only direct line between Hamburg, Antwerp and Canada affording regular sailings.

SUMMER SERVICE

	From Hamburg	From Antwerp	From Montreal
SS. Sicilia	May 9	May 13	June 3
A Steamer	May 23	May 26	June 17
SS. Christiania	June 6	June 9	July 1
A Steamer	June 20	June 23	July 15

Importers of German and Belgian Goods will find it to their advantage by having their goods come by Hansa-St. Lawrence Line via Hamburg or Antwerp. Through Bills of Lading issued in connection with the Canadian and American Railways to principal points in Canada.

Regarding Freight and other particulars, apply to

JAMES THOM.

Freight and Shipping Manager, 13 St. John S

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP CO.,

LIMITED.

St. Lawrence Line.

The S.S. CAMPANA, 1,700 tons, is intended to leave Montreal on

Monday, 8th June, at 2 p.m.

for FATHER POINT, GASPE, MAL BAY, PERCE, SUMMERSIDE, CHARLOTTETOWN and PICTOU.

No cargo received after noon of sailing day.

For Freight, Passage and Staterooms, apply to

J. G. BROCK, Agent,
211 Commissioners St., Montreal.
Or to W. D. O'BRIEN, 143 St. James Street.

Furness Line.

Hansa-St. Lawrence Line.

	From Hamburg	From Antwerp	From Montreal
Antwerp City	April 25	April 28	May 20
Carlisle City	May 23	May 26	June 17

And regularly thereafter.

Manchester Service.

Feliciana........From Montreal, about May 6
Durham City....From Montreal, about May 20
And regularly thereafter.

French Service.

Calling at St. Pierre Miquelon.

	From Dunkirk.	From Montreal
Sarnia	April 10	About May 6
Oregon	May 5	About May 27

And regularly thereafter.

For further particulars, apply to

DAVID TORRANCE & CO., Agents.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES.. Government Municipal and Other First-Class Bonds.

Suitable for Trust Estates, Banks, Insurance Companies and Permanent Investment, bought and sold by . . .

R. WILSON SMITH, Investment Broker,
British Empire Building,
1724 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.
First-class Investment always on hand.

STREET RAILWAY STOCKS ON TOP.

Toronto and Montreal Rails the Leading Features.

BOTH SHOWED VERY FAIR GAINS.

Earnings of Pacific and Grand Trunk for May—The Day in Wall Street.

Herald Office.
Thursday, June 4.

Street Railway stocks were again the feature of the market, and both Montreal and Toronto showed gains. Business was almost exclusively confined to these stocks, the other favorites being very much neglected.

The general features of the market are not materially changed. The advance in Chicago wheat has contributed a better feeling, and liquidation by holders of wheat is evidently finished. A good deal of the long stock sold to-day no doubt came out on the strength of the better prices.

Montreal Street Railway opened and closed at 209 1-2, the range for the day being 209 to 209 5-8. Total business amounted to a little over 400 shares. Sales of Toronto Railway totalled 600 shares, and the range was 68 1-2 to 69 3-8, closing at 69 1-8. A small block of Gas was placed at a gain of a point over yesterday.

One of the features of the afternoon was the sale of $8,500 Colored Cotton bonds at 99 1-2.

The gross earnings of Pacific for May have been very satisfactory, showing a gain of $278,000 over the same month last year. The two best weeks were those ending on the 14th and 21st, both showing increases of $82,000. The gross statement for the month is as follows:

	'96.	'95.	Increase.
May 7	$353,000	$308,000	$45,000
May 14	404,000	322,000	82,000
May 21	407,000	325,000	82,000
May 31	534,000	465,000	69,000
	$1,698,000	$1,420,000	$278,000

The increase in Grand Trunk for the month was $10,319, the total earnings being $1,390,203, against $1,320,870 for May, 1895. The statement follows:

	'96.	'95.	Increase.
May 7	$332,909	$331,543	$3,788
May 14	226,889	324,276	3,308
May 21	346,827	322,185	17,748
May 31	483,578	342,866	*14,525
	$1,390,203	$1,320,870	$10,319

*Decrease.

The local money market shows no change. Call loans are plentiful at 5 per cent.

Montreal Street Railway earnings yesterday amounted to $3,666.09, an increase of $627.41 over the corresponding day last year.

The "ticker" gave the following prices ruling on the Toronto Stock Exchange this afternoon: Pacific, 63 asked, 62 bid; Toronto Electric, 130 asked, 128 3-4 bid; General Electric, 73 asked, 68 bid; Cable, 159 3-4 asked, 159 5-8 bid; Postal, 86 3-4 asked, 86 1-2 bid; Montreal Street Railway, 210 asked, 209 bid; Toronto Railway, 69 1-4 asked, 68 3-4 bid.

Sterling Exchange was quoted to-day as follows:

BETWEEN BANKS.

	Buyers.	Sellers.	Counter.
New York Funds.	1-10 dis.	1-16 dis.	Par.
Sterling 60 days...	9 7-16	9 9-16	9⅝ to 9⅞
" Demand..	9⅞	9 11-16	9⅞ to 10
" Cables...	9⅞	9⅞	10⅛

The money market in New York shows no new features. A report says: "Money brokers continue to report loans at specially low rates on long time, where the collateral is very good, and even ordinary collateral, backed by a little persistence, will go a long way in the direction of low rates. Lenders are disgusted at the outlook, and are rather despondent as they see no prospect of improvement. "The low prices for produce are attracting the attention of bankers, as a good deal of money has been loaned on this kind of collateral."

The highest, lowest and closing prices, total sales and net changes from yesterday's closing prices for actual sales in the local markets were as follows:

MORNING BOARD.

Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
875 Toronto Ry.	68½	69⅜	68½	69⅜
281 Street Railway	209	209⅝	209	209⅝
30 Gas	187	187	187	187
50 Mchts of Halifax	163½	163½	163½	163

AFTERNOON BOARD.

Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
825 Toronto Ry.	69⅝	69⅝	69½	69½
185 Street Ry.	209½	209⅝	209½	209½
3 Merchants Bank	164	164	164	164
16 Bank of Montreal	219	219	219	219
$8,500 Col. Cot. Bonds	99½	99½	99½	99½

CANADA SOUTHERN.

THE COMPANY'S SEPARATE INCOME ACCOUNT FOR 1895.

The annual report of the Michigan Central Railroad Company for 1895, issued some time ago, treated quite fully, as usual, the year's business of the Canada Southern Railway. The latter, however, issues a separate report, from which the following facts of interest may be condensed:

	1896.	1895.	1894.
Rec'd from Mich. Cent.	$304,715	$287,808	$456,647
Other income	18,660	7,413	7,319
Total	$323,375	$295,221	$463,966
Dividends	375,000	375,000	450,000
Deficit	$51,615	$79,779	$13,966
Previous surplus	110,822	190,599	176,632
Present surplus	$59,197	$110,820	$190,598

The balance sheet shows:

Div. due in Feb.	$187,500	$187,500	$262,520
Cash assets	243,130	295,159	450,030
Stocks owned	3,066,159	3,062,159	3,055,810
Bonds owned	2,899,372	2,899,372	2,899,372
Other investments	30,552	28,452	23,452

AMERICAN BONDS.

APPROPRIATE FIGURES REGARDING THE HOLDINGS IN LONDON.

A London Stock Exchange sheet showing American bonds listed there foots up something over $2,000,000,000, divided into gold bonds, sterling bonds and currency bonds. The currency bonds amount to only $250,000,000 of this enormous total and of this $250,000,000 over $25,000,000 are Reading deferred incomes, $40,470,000 are Rock Island fives, $23,000,000 are West Shore fours, $30,000,000 are New York Central bonds and $20,000,000 are C. B. & Q. bonds. Of course London does not own this $2,000,000,000, but it owns a great many of them and the small proportion of currence issues is remarkable. Any scare about the return of our bonds from London seems to be imaginary in view of this showing. London, however, has plenty of U.S. stocks, left which it could sell if it saw fit on a silver or any other scare.

NEW YORK GOSSIP.

J. S. Bache & Co. telegraph their local manager, C. D. Monk, as follows:

The large surplus of Northwest for the year as already reported does not include receipts from land sales. These will be quoted separately. It does not include operations of Fremont & Elkhorn and other western lines which amounted to several hundred thousand dollars. Northwest preferred is entitled to 10 per cent. before the common can have more than 7 per cent., hence th earnings on the common stock of 9 3-4 per cent. are in a sense misleading.

Washington special: The Ways & Means Committee by a vote of 13 to 2 decided to report the Senate Bill prohibiting bond sales adversely.

C. & O. 4th week May increase $9,278 month decrease $1,067.

Sugar directors will meet in a few days to act on dividend. It does not look like an extra dividend.

Liverpool: Failure of a small cotton firm is reported.

Wabash fourth week May, decrease $18,035, month May decrease, $21,675.

Refined sugars were unchanged at the opening this a.m., cables report further declines and pronounced weakness in raws.

Chicago special: Ex-Gov. Flower who is here to attend the Rock Island annual meeting yesterday said: "I am a Democrat in New York but I do not know what I would be in Illinois. I understand that one Mr. Moloney is the "King pin" of the State and I rather think I would like to be a Moloney man "nit". A concern of which I am interested, Chicago Gas, has succeeded in keeping over $1,300,000 in cash and cash assets out of the clutches of Mr. Molony and we are very proud of the fact. We have actually saved enough for a year's dividend.

THE DAY IN WALL STREET.

New York, June 4.—The Evening Post says: On the stock market various developments were received during most of the day's trading with indifference and apathy, the forenoon changes being as a rule declines. For this, quite obviously, the confused and discouraging political situation in both parts was the cause. In the final hour when the Chicago and Northwestern very encouraging annual report was published the Granger stocks recovered somewhat sharply, and other stocks advanced along with them. This gave a firmer aspect to the market's closing, and altered sentiment in a measure; but there was little animation.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

The closing prices on the local stock exchange to-day were reported as follows by Chas. Meredith & Co., St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal:

Description.	June 4. Ask.	June 4. Bid.	June 3. Ask.	June 3. Bid.
Canadian Pacific Railway	63	62¼	62¼	62½
Do do Land Bonds	....	....	....	....
D. S. S. A.	5½	4½	5½	4½
D. S. S. A. pfd.	13	....	....	....
Commercial Cable Co	160	159	160	159
Montreal Telegraph Co.	166	164	166	164½
Rich and Ont. Nav. Co.	90	....	90	....
Montreal Street Railway	209¾	209½	209½	208¾
Toronto Street Ry.	69⅝	69	68¾	68½
Montreal Gas Co.	187	186	187	186¾
Bell Telephone Co.	156	153¾	156	153¾
Postal Tel. Co.	87	86½	86¾	86½
Royal Electric Co xd.	....	....	120	108
Bank of Montreal	221	217½	221	217½
Ontario Bank	....	56½	....	56½
Bank of British N. A.	....	100	....	100
Molsons Bank	180	175	180	175
Bank of Toronto	....	234	....	234
Jacques Cartier	....	....	....	....
Merchants	166	164	....	....
Merchants' Bk. of H'f'x	164	160	165	162
Eastern Townships	....	....	....	....
Quebec	118½	....	118½	....
Nationale	....	66½	....	66½
Union	110	100	110	97
Commerce	....	130½	133½	....
Ville Marie	100	73	100	73
Hochelaga	123½	....	123½	....
Ottawa Bank	....	....	....	....
Intercolonial Coal Co.	....	20	....	20
Do Preferred Stock	75	....	75	....
North West Land pfd	50	....	50	....
Champl and St. Law. Bonds	....	....	....	....
Montreal Cotton Co.	128	123	130	125
Canada Colored Cotton Co.	60	45	60	45
Do do Bonds	100	99½	100	99
Merchants Mf'g Co.	140	....	....	....
Dominion Cotton Co. x.d.	96	90	96	90
Do do Bonds	....	....	....	....
Montreal Loan and Mort. Co.	....	....	....	....
Ottawa Street Ry.	....	....	....	....
Ottawa Electric Co.	....	....	....	....
Diamond Glass Co.	148	....	148	....
Western Loan & Trust	....	....	....	....

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Messrs. J. S. Bache and Co. report to-day's closing prices in New York by wire to their Montreal manager, C. D. Monk, 16 St. Sacrament Street:

Description.	June 4. Closing. Opening.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cot. Oil	11½	11½	11¾
Am. Tobacco Co.	64	64	64¼
do. pref.	99¼	98	106
Am. Sugar, Refin. Co.	122⅞	122⅞	122⅞
do. pref.	103¾	103¾	104
Atchison, Topeka & S.Fe.	14⅝	14⅝	14¾
C. B. & Q.	77½	77⅜	77⅞
Balt. & Ohio	17¾	17⅞	18
Bay State Gas	26	....	....
Can. Pac.	....	62	63½
N.Y.C. and Hudson	....	96	96½
Cleveland, C. C. and St. L.	33½	34	34½
Chicago Gas	67⅞	67⅞	68
Ches. & Ohio	15⅞	15⅞	16
Canada So	50	50½	50½
Dist. & C. F.	16⅞	17	17¼
Den. & Rio G. pref	47½	48½	48½
Del. & Hud x.d.	125⅞	126¼	126⅞
D. L. & W	161½	163½	....
Duluth	....	....	....
do. pref	....	....	....
N.Y. Lake Erie and West.	14¼	14⅜	14½
do. pref	....	....	....
Gen'l Elec.	33⅜	33½	33¾
Con. Gas	155	154½	155½
Hocking Valley	15½	15⅝	16
Jersey Central	104	105⅝	106
Laclede Gas	....	23	24
Louis & Nash	49⅝	49⅝	49¾
Lake Erie and Western	18½	17¾	18
do. pref	70⅜	70½	70¾
Lake Shore	....	150	152½
Mich. Cent.	....	95	98
Manhattan Elevated	102¼	103	103½
Missouri Pac.	24	23½	23¾
Nor. Am.	5	5	5½
Nat. Lead	24½	24	24½
do. pref	88½	88½	89
U.S. Cordage Co.	5½	5⅛	5⅞
do pref	....	10	10½
N. Y. & N. E	....	....	....
Nor. Pac.	4¾	5	5¼
do. pref	15¼	15⅞	15⅞
C. & N. W.	104½	104⅞	105½
St. Paul, Minn. & Omaha	42¼	41⅞	42½
N. Y. O. & W.	13⅞	14	14¼
Pac. Mail	25¼	25¼	25⅝
Phil. & Reading	9⅜	9⅜	9½
C. R. I. & P.	69⅞	69⅞	70
N. Y. Sus. & W.	8½	8½	9
do. pref.	....	23½	24
N.Y.C. & St. L.	....	12½	14
C. Mil. & St. P.	76⅞	76⅞	76⅞
Tol. A. A. & N. Mich.	....	....	....
Texas & Pac. Trust Rec.	....	7⅞	7¾
Tenn. Coal and Iron	25½	25⅞	26
Union Pac.	7⅛	7	7¼
Western Union Tel.	84½	84⅝	84¾
Wabash	....	6⅞	7¼
do. pref.	16½	16⅞	17
Wheeling and Lake Erie	9½	9⅜	9⅞
do. pref	....	34	36½
Leather com	8¾	8⅞	8⅞
Leather pref.	63½	63⅝	63⅞

LONDON STOCK MARKET.

Messrs. MacDougall Bros., stock brokers, 69 St. Francois Xavier Street, were cabled the closing prices of American stocks in London as follows:

STOCKS.	June 4.	June 3.	June 2.
Atchison	....	....	....
Canadian Pacific	64⅜	64	64⅜
Com. Cable	....	....	....
Grand Trunk 1st	....	....	....
do do 2nd	....	....	....
Erie	14⅞	14⅞	15⅛
do 2nd	35½	35½	36¾
Illinois Central	95¼	95¾	95⅛
Louisville and Nashville	....	50¼	51⅝
Lake Shore	....	....	....
Northern Pacific pfd	....	....	....
New York Central	98½	99	99¼
Ontario and Western	....	....	....
Reading	5	5¼	5⅜
St. Paul	78	77	79⅛
Union Pacific	....	7⅜	7⅜
Wabash pfd	....	....	....
Bank rate	2	2	2

THE LONDON SITUATION.

New York, June 4.—Evening Post's financial cablegram: London—The stock markets were still thinly attended to-day, because of the Epsom races, but the tone was buoyant in all branches except Americans. Home rails, Kaffirs and West Australians were booming. Americans have been sustained here by the general strength of other markets, but the close was dull and under the best on the cabled news of the progress of the free silverites in the United States. This has induced a heavy speculation for a rise in silver, and in silver stocks here. The recent success of the silverites comes as all the more an unpleasant shock, because all the American correspondents for weeks past have indicated otherwise.

WHEAT STRONG AT THE CLOSE.

Bullish State Crop Reports Put It Up.

LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Shipments for the Week—Cheese a Little More Active—Wheat Situation in Manitoba.

Herald Office.
Thursday, June 4.

"Wheat opened weak with a lower tendency on selling by buyers of preceding day," said J. S. Bache and Co.'s Chicago letter. "A sharp decline on this selling was followed by a sharper advance caused by state crop reports showing serious damage to winter wheat. Michigan reduced condition from 90 last month to 62, Ohio, 53 to 49. Indiana, 95 to 60, Missouri, 81 to 75. The result has been a sharp advance in values. One encouraging bull feature has been the large export clearances amounting to 740,000 bushels wheat and flour to-day. Market closed strong with upward tendency.

"Corn ruled weak, ⅛c to ⅜c lower early. When the sharp bulge took place in wheat, it caught the local crowd heavily short. In their efforts to cover, the market advanced ½c, closing at outside prices. Oats were less active, and closed with a gain of only ⅛c.

"Provisions opened a shade higher on lighter receipts of hogs than expected, and sold off on free offerings of September pork and ribs by John Cudahy. Later, Hately and Anglo Packing Company were good buyers of September lard. Cudahy Packing Company and commission houses bought September ribs up to $3.95. Market closed steady."

Mr. Pillsbury says receipts of wheat in Northwest are all from country elevators, and not from farmers, and reports better demand for flour at the decline and sales of 12,000 bbls. patents for export on old orders.

Milwaukee—Closing—57⅛c June, 57⅝c July.

Duluth—Closing—No. 1 Northern, 58⅛c July, 58⅛c Sept.; No. 1 hard, 58⅛c cash.

Toledo—Closing—64⅛c June, 60⅜c July.

St. Louis—Closing—54⅝c July, 53⅜c Sept.

New York—Closing—Wheat, 64⅛c June, 64⅜c b. July, 64⅛c Sept.; corn, 33⅞c June, 34⅝c July, 35⅝c Sept.

Toronto, June 4.—Market dull. Flour nothing doing, prices nominal at $3.20 to $3.30, Toronto freights, for straight rollers. Bran dull; cars quoted at $9.25 to $9.50 west and shorts at $10 to $11. Wheat quiet, very limited demand; white quoted on Northern at 69c, and red at 67c to 68c; No. 1 Manitoba hard 59c to 60c Fort William and the same grade quoted at 66c Midland, and at 70c Toronto freights; No. 2 hard 57c to 58c Fort William. Barley quiet, practically no demand; No. 2 quoted at 31c to 32c, and No. 3 extra at 29c to 30c. Oats quiet, prices unchanged; white sold at 20c outside and mixed at 19 1-2c; cars on track quoted at 23c. Peas quiet, prices easy; sales at 45c north and west. Buckwheat quiet; no business reported; quotations about 32c outside. Oatmeal quiet; prices nominal at $2.65 on track. Corn dull; prices unchanged; yellow quoted at 28 1-2c outside.

MOVEMENTS OF GRAIN AND FLOUR

The movements of grain and flour at given points to-day are as follows:

	Receipts.	Shipments.
Chicago—Wheat, bush.	8,000	11,000
Corn, bush	223,000	260,000
Oats, bush	443,000	301,000
Flour, brls	6,890	4,403
N. Y.—Wheat, bush	24,050	131,627
Corn, bush	45,825	30,751
Oats, bush	258,000	41,324
Flour, brls	4,075	200
Flour, sacks	1,995	6,880
Milwaukee—Wheat	21,000	1,000
Duluth—Wheat	195,000	83,000
Detroit—Wheat	....	....
Minneapolis—Wheat	133,000	7,000
St. Louis—Wheat, bush.	....	....
Toledo—Wheat	9,000	5,000

Grain—There is nothing particularly new in the grain market at present, and trade goes along on pretty much the same lines. Oats show very little activity, prices ruling on the easy side. In the west things are quiet and prices are easy. White oats are quoted at 20c west and 21c on the Midland, while the range for mixed is 19 1-2c to 20c.

Exporters are not bidding much more than 45c or 46c in the west, though holders are asking 47c. In England Canadian peas remain unchanged.

Wheat, No. 1 hard	Nominal.
Wheat, No. 2 hard	Nominal.
Corn, Canadian	00c to 00c
Peas, per 60 lbs, afloat	57c to 57½c
Oats—No. 2 white in store	27c to 28c
Oats—Mixed	25c to 26c
Rye, No. 2	Nominal.
Barley, feed	35c to 38c
Barley	45c to 47c
Buckwheat, per bush	00c to 37½c

Flour—Millers are selling a few cars of flour daily, but that is about all. In the west prices are easy and there is very little business doing.

Straight rollers	$3.65 to $3.75
do, bags	0.00 to 0.00
Superfine	0.00 to 0.00
Extra, bags	0.00 to 0.00
Strong bakers', Man., best brands.	3.40 to 3.65
Spring patents, Man	3.80 to 4.10
Winter patents, Ont	3.80 to 4.10

Meal—The demand is slow, otherwise the market is featureless.

Rolled, per bbl	$2.80 to $3.00
Standard, per brl	2.80 to 3.00
Standard, per bag	1.40 to 1.50
Granulated, per brl	2.80 to 3.00
Granulated, per bag	1.45 to 1.50

Feed—Millers report quite an increase in the movement of bran and shorts. The change they say is in a great measure due to the cheapness of feed. Bran is now selling from $12.50 to $13.00, and shorts about $1 or so more. Mouille remains quiet.

Bran	$13.00 to $00.00
Shorts	12.00 to 14.00
Mouille	17.00 to 19.00

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Messrs. J. S. Bache & Co. report the following quotations from Chicago:

June 4.		Op'g	High.	Low.	Close
Wheat	July	57½	58½	56⅞	57⅞
	Sept	58	58¼-⅜	57	58⅜
Corn	July	28	28⅛-⅜	27⅞-⅞	28⅛-⅜
	Sept	29	29⅜	28⅞-⅞	29⅜
Oats	July	18	18	17⅞	17⅞-8
	Sept	18½	18½	18	18¼-⅜
Pork	July	7 00	7 10	6 95	7 07
	Sept	7 25	7 27	7 07	7 25
Lard	July	4 12	4 22	4 12	4 20
	Sept	4 30	4 37	4 25	4 35
Short Ribs	July	3 75	3 82	3 70	3 80 B
	Sept	3 90	3 95	3 85	3 95

RECEIPTS IN MONTREAL.

	G.T.R.	C.P.R.	Canal.	T'tl.
Wheat	....	....	82,054	82,054
Corn	....	....	34,887	34,887
Barley	....	7,515	....	7,515
Peas	2,600	1,167	3,633	7,410
Oats	8,200	885	....	9,085
Flour	690	600	1,357	2,647
Ashes	2	7	....	9
Eggs	521	472	4	997
Butter	768	805	12	1,585
Cheese	1,910	3,246	860	6,016
Lard, tres	10	....	39	49
Meats	357	....	....	357
Leather	105	45	....	150
Petroleum	45	....	....	45
Pork	....	8	....	8
Hams&Bacon	....	255	....	255
Buckweat	....	....	150	150
Rye	....	....	9,000	9,000

PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS.

A LITTLE MORE ENQUIRY REPORTED FOR CHEESE.

Thursday, June 4.

Compared with yesterday, to-day's cheese market was more active. There was quite a little buying done one way or another, presumably for the Bristol boat. The shipments this week will probably total up pretty large, although the actual buying has really been very light. The price of cheese is about the same, finest being quoted at 6 1-2c with an occasional lot bringing 6 5-8c. At the moment colored goods will sell a little more readily than white.

The cheese situation in New York is reported as follows: "There was very little interest shown in large full cream cheese to-day by any classes of buyers. Exporters still claim encouragement from abroad and operate cautiously, and the limited business done has been on the basis of 6¾ for fancy colored, and 6½c for fancy white, but the latter is certainly the extreme, as white are more plenty than colored and have less call than colored. Small sized full cream have only a moderate demand, and while 7½c is still occasionally obtained in a small way it is extreme, and well posted buyers claim little difficulty in obtaining strictly fancy at 7c, and choice quality a shade less. New skims not in large supply, but have little demand and prices nominally held as before."

Brockville, June 4.—To-day's price for cheese is discouraging to the dairymen, who hoped for an advance. President Wilson, of the cheese board, sells on the board himself, and insists on buyers and sellers doing business or he adjourns the board. To-day 2,351 boxes were offered, 156 being colored; 285 white were sold and 28 colored at 6 5-8c on the board, but quite a large amount changed hands on the streets at these figures.

G. G. Publon, Inspector of Factories for the Eastern Ontario Dairymen's Association, was present, and gave the makers some good advice. He said in his visits he found that in nearly all cases a fine article was being made, but complaints were made that some lots that had gone forward were off flavor. This is due to poor curing and the action of the starters used, which he said predominated in the flavor of the cheese. He thought too much salt was being used in some cases. He was advising a smooth boring, silky textured cheese. Being asked the length of time necessary to cure a cheese, he said three weeks, and never less than 15 days, but he believed that it would be better if no cheese were shipped under one month from date of making. He will visit the Brockville board once a month during the season.

Butter—The market does not show any radical change, although the tendency seems a little easier. Creamery is quoted at 15½c to 16c and exporters do not seem to be in the market at any price. Dairy butter is quiet

A report from Toronto says: "Offerings of butter from Manitoba for June delivery have been received in the city. Advices say that the yield there will be much larger than in former years. Country offerings here continue to be liberal and sellers are getting their ideas to a level with the buyers. There is little or no export demand. Local men say there is but little prospect of an improvement."

Eggs—The price of eggs continues about the same, the demand also keeping fair, sales of fresh at 9c to 9½c, and culls at 8c to 8½c.

Provisions—The demand for pork still continues limited, but there is a very fair business in smoked and canned meats.

Canada short cut mess, per brl	$13.00 to $13.50
Canada short cut clear	12.00 to 12.50
Beef, extra mess, per brl	00.00 to 00.00
Beef, plate, per tierce 300lbs.	00.00 to 00.00
Hams, city cured, per lb	0.07½ to 0.08
Bacon, per lb	0.09 to 0.10
Lard, pure Canadian, per lb	0.07½ to 0.07¾
Lard, com. refined per lb	0.05½ to 0.06

HEARD ON 'CHANGE.

WHAT THE GRAIN AND FLOUR MEN ARE TALKING ABOUT.

Thursday, June 4.

The stronger close in Chicago to-day has created a much better feeling among the bulls, and a good many are inclined to believe that the turning point has been nearly reached. The crop news is certainly very bullish; in fact, the reports from Minnesota and North Dakota to-day were exceedingly so.

Fine forcing weather continues to prevail in Manitoba and the outlook is getting brighter.

Among the visitors on the floor to-day were John L. Coffee, Toronto, introduced by E. F. Craig, and Geo. Shaw, Winnipeg, introduced by A. G. McBean.

The receipts of wheat in the North-west to-day were 427 cars, against 438 cars last week and 198 cars last year.

Chicago special: "It all depends on the crop reports which the trade seems to give precedence to. We thinv there is a large short interest in it and think it will sell higher."

The Michigan State crop report made the condition of wheat 62. On May 1st the state report made it .92 and the Government .90.

Millers are reporting a much better demand for bran and shorts these days. The cheap prices, they say, have a good deal to do with it.

The latest reports from the west note the stock of wheat in store at Port Arthur and Fort William to be 1,873,596 bushels, against 1,857,915 bushels last week and 426,446 bushels a year ago.

The Indiana crop report makes the condition 60, against 85 last month.

Cable advices at the Board of Trade this morning were as follows: London, Thursday, June 4, 1896. Cargoes off coast, wheat is steady; maize quiet. Cargoes on passage, wheat steadier; maize quiet and steady. English country markets, wheat partially 6d cheaper. Liverpool spot wheat steady; do. spot maize firm. Minneapolis first bakers' flour, 17s. Futures, wheat, firm; 4s 11¾d June, July, Aug. Sept., Oct.; maize firm, 2s 11¾d June, 3s 0½d July, 3s 1d August, 3s 1½d Sept., 3s 2d Oct., 3s 2½d November. Paris, wheat, 18.80 June, 19.10 July; flour, 39.75 June, 40.35 July. French country markets, firm.

WHEAT IN MANITOBA.

ESTIMATE OF THE DECREASE IN THE WHEAT ACREAGE.

"This week has been more favorable than recent preceding weeks," says the Winnipeg Commercial. "The week opened with considerable rain, but since Tuesday morning the weather has been settled with only a few sprinkles here. Delayed farmers have made some headway with their work, though in the low districts the land was very wet. In the dryer sections wheat seeding is finished, though in some parts farmers may sow wheat even after this date, though it is now considered too late to safely sow wheat. Growth has been good where the land has not been too wet. There has been no frost this month to hurt anything. What decrease the wheat area will show, as compared with last year is only a matter of guess work, in the absence of statistics, but many estimates place the decrease at 25 per cent., as compared with last year, taking the country as a whole. Some of the low lands adjacent to the smaller streams, have been flooded by the overflow caused by the extremely wet season, destroying crops sown, or preventing seeding probably for this year. The Red River has safely carried off all the water reaching it, but some of its feeders, such as the Roseau and Pembina have overflown the low lands."

LIVE STOCK SHIPMENTS.

GLASGOW GETS A GOOD SHARE OF THE EXPORTS.

The exports of cattle and sheep from Montreal this week were fairly large. The statement of shipments for the week ending June 3rd is as follows, prepared by R. Bickerdike, of the Live Stock Exchange, Montreal:

May 30, Gerona, London, 242 cattle; June 2, Ormiston, London, 299 cattle; May 30, Scotsman, Liverpool, 366 cattle, 1,506 sheep; May 30, Laurentian, Liverpool, 333 cattle; May 29, Lycia, Bristol, 290 cattle; May 28, Alcides, Glasgow, 419 cattle, 611 sheep; June 2, Scandinavian, Glasgow, 436 cattle; May 29, Avlona, Dunkirk, 351 cattle; May 28, Escalona, Newcastle, 220 cattle, 150 sheep. Total, 2,956 cattle, 2,267 sheep.

CATTLE MARKET.

PRICES AT THE EAST END ABATTOIR SLIGHTLY FIRMER.

There were about 450 head of butchers' cattle, 600 calves and 500 sheep and lambs offered for sale at the East End Abattoir to-day. The butchers were present in large numbers, and trade was fair with a slight advance in the price of common stock, as this sort was not so numerous as usual. The best butchers' cattle sold at from 3½c to 3¾c per lb.; pretty good stock at from 2¾c to 3¼c, and the common animals, including most of the milkmen's strippers, from 2¼c to 2¾c per lb. Calves were in good demand; common veals sold at from $1 to $4 each, and superior calves at from $5 to $7 each. Sheep sold at from $2.50 to $4.25 each, or about 3c per lb. Lambs sold at from $2.25 to $3.75 each. Fat hogs continue to sell at about 4½c per lb.

EXPORTS.

Per SS. Scandinavian for Glasgow: Crane & Baird, 39,623 bush. corn; C.P.R., 435 tcs olive oil, 280 boxes meat, 50 tcs lard, 285 bags flour, 300 bags meal, 1 case meal, 1 trunk of clothing; G.T.R., 34 boxes meat, 326 pkgs cheese, 149 pkgs butter, 200 cases canned goods, 159 pkgs radiators; Wilson, Robertson & Co., 35 bdls p ashes, F. Robertson, 3 crates p ashes; P. Walters, 34 bdls spool wool; J. A. Stevenson, 2 cases leather; J. Alexander, 50 pkgs butter; J. C. Sinton 13 brls p ashes; W. & J. Sharples, 4,127 pcs deals; Dobell, Beckett & Co., 4,070 pcs deals; H. & A. Allan, 436 cattle, 101 horses, 54 tons hay, 27 tons feed.

Per SS. Ormiston, for London: J. Carruthers, 13,087 bush. peas; A. McFee & Co., 8,580 bush. peas; Crane & Baird, 8,000 bush. wheat; J. & R. Esdaile, 18,178 bush. corn; G.T.R., 1,500 bgs asbestos, 4 cases plows, 500 cases canned apples, 1 case skins, 1 case effects, 3,336 boxes cheese, 593 boxes meat, 350 pails lard; C.P.R., 2,000 boxes cheese, 75 boxes meat, 4 cts yeast, 60 brls skins; A. W. Grant, 250 boxes cheese; Duckett, Hodge & Co., 48 boxes cheese; A. A. Ayer, 1,342 boxes cheese; W. J. Cluff, 1,127 boxes cheese; Ware & Co., 1,033 boxes cheese, Hodgson Bros., 835 boxes cheese; J. Alexander, 508 boxes cheese; J. Bruce, 625 boxes McPherson & Co., 200 boxes cheese; J. C. & D. Warrington, 52 boxes cheese; E. Henry & Co., 7 cases carriages; Lake of the Woods Milling Co., 500 sacks flour; D. Maltais, 34 bdls spool wool; Edgar & Son, 14 pkgs machinery; W. & J. Sharples, 1,471 pcs deals; Dobell, Beckett & Co., 9,383 pcs deals; H. & A. Allan, 106 boxes cheese, 296 cattle, 283 horses, 53 tons hay, 26 tons feed.

RICH DISCOVERIES OF GOLD.

At Cripple Creek, Colo., and elsewhere, are being made daily, and the production for 1896 will be the largest ever known, estimated at Two Hundred Million Dollars. Cripple Creek alone is producing over One Million Dollars a month, and steadily increasing. Mining Stocks are advancing in price more rapidly than any other stocks, and many pay dividends of 35 to 50 per cent. They offer the best opportunity to make a large profit on a small investment.

J. E. Morgan & Co., 45 Broadway, New York, are financial agents for the Prudential Gold Mining Co. and others in the famous Cripple Creek district. They will send you, free, interesting particulars of the Mining Companies they represent, also their book on speculation in Stocks, Grain and Cotton, containing many new and important features.

Send for these books at once if you are interested in any form of speculation or investments. They may prove profitable to you.

Boilers OF ALL TYPES.

Canadian Rand Drill Co.,
516 Board of Trade - - - - - - MONTREAL

THE QUEBEC BANK.

A Very Satisfactory Report at the Annual Meeting.

Quebec, June 1.—The seventy-eighth annual general meeting of the Quebec Bank was held at the bank building here to-day. There were present Messrs. G. R. Renfrew, S. J. Shaw, G. Lemoine, W. T. Field, T. Norris, John Shaw, Dr. Belleau, P. Johnston, Wm. Sutherland, R. Brodie, E. H. Taylor, W. Brodie, Jas. Morgan, Heber Budden, sr., R. F. Crean, J. A. Simons and others.

THE ANNUAL REPORT.

The president occupied the chair and read the following report:—

The directors beg to present to the Shareholders the seventy eighth annual report of the affairs of the Bank, showing the result of its business for the fiscal year ended May 15, 1896:—

Balance of Profit and Loss Account 15th May, 1895		$ 70,966.61
Profits for the year ended the 15th May, 1896, after deducting charges of management.		266,320.29
		$337,286.90
Dividend 2 1-2 per cent. paid 2nd December, 1895	$ 62,500.00	
Dividend 3 per cent payable 1st June, 1896	75,000.00	
Appropriation for Bad and Doubtful Debts, Real Estate and Bank Premises	108,310.45	
		$ 245,810.45
Balance of Profit and Loss carried forward		$ 91,476.45

Compared with last year the earnings of this year show a substantial increase.

The total amount of the loans is larger than it was in the previous year, and there is also a change to be observed in the items composing these loans as to the mode of investment. The notes and bills discounted have been increased at the expense of the loans on Stocks, the bank having found the opportunity during the year to increase the number of its commercial accounts. The resources of the bank are somewhat enlarged by addition both to the deposits and to the notes in circulation.

Last year an amount of $50,000 was taken from the rest account and placed to the credit of the profit and loss, the directors having then in contemplation an appropriation for certain items of past due debts secured by real estate, the value of which was not at that time determined. These items have since been nearefully considered, along with the rest of the real estate, and it is thought that all these holdings are now placed at figures which accord well with present values. The special provision required in this connection accounts for a large part of the appropriation for this year.

The bank premises are written down to a price which is considered just in relation to their value for purposes of rental.

Two branches have been opened during the year, one in St. Roch, Quebec, and the other in St. Catherine Street east, Montreal, from which good results are expected.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

R. H. SMITH,
President.

Quebec Bank, June 1, 1896.

THE GENERAL STATEMENT.

The general statement of the affairs of the bank at May 15, 1896, is as follows:

Liabilities.

Capital Stock		$ 2,500,000.00
Rest	$ 500,000.00	
Reserved for Interest due to Depositors and for Rebate of Interest on Current Bills discounted	105,962.58	
Balance of Profits carried forward	91,476.45	
	$ 697,439.03	
Unclaimed dividends	1,602.15	
Half-yearly dividend No. 148, payable 1st June, 1896	75,000.00	
		774,041.18
Notes in circulation	$ 864,752.00	
Deposits not bearing interest	1,474,126.76	
Deposits bearing interest	5,089,586.72	
Balances due to other Banks in Canada	105,905.80	
Balances due to Agents in Great Britain	456,297.18	
		7,990,668.46
		$ 11,264,709.64

Assets.

Specie	$ 119,464.81	
Dominion Notes.	636,692.00	
Balances due from Agents in Foreign Countries	68,656.15	
Notes of and Cheques on other Banks	272,806.91	
Deposit with the Dominion Government to secure Bank note circulation	40,000.00	
Bonds and Securities	793,393.89	
Call Loans on Bonds and Stocks	879 078.27	
		2,810,092.03
Time Loans on Bonds and Stocks	$ 145,090.00	
Notes and Bills Discounted Current	7,936,069.39	
Overdue Debts	66,329.41	
Real Estate other than Bank Premises and Mortgages on Real Estate	141,351.28	
		8,288,840.08
Bank Premises and Furniture		165,777.53
		$ 11,264,709.64

THOMAS McDOUGALL,
General Manager.

Quebec Bank, Quebec, 15th May, 1896.

The general manager read the statement and gave explanations concerning the items composing it, after which resolutions of thanks were passed to the directors and officers.

A ballot being taken, the old board was re-elected.

Teeth Made in Three Hour.

Dr. Brosseau, of No. 7 St. Lawrence Street, makes perfect fitting teeth on short notice. No charge for painless extraction when sets are made. Also first-class gold crown, plate and bridge work.

BROKERS, ETC.

A. FINLAYSON. A. GRANT.
FINLAYSON & GRANT,
Custom House Brokers,
Forwarders and Warehousemen,
413 to 417 St. Paul St., MONTREAL.
Bell el. 057. P.O. Box 631.

W. H. WARREN
Temple Building. Telephone 2568.
ACCOUNTANT & TRUSTEE
Special attention paid to auditing the books, closing entries and statements of joint stock companies.
Trust Moneys kept in separate Bank Accounts and carefully administered.
Loans Negotiated

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

BARRISTERS NOTARIES ETC

GIBBONS, MULKERN & HARPER, Barristers, Solicitors, &c.
Office—Cor. Richmond and Carling Streets, LONDON, ONT.
Geo. C. Gibbons, Q.C., P. Mulkern
Fred. F. Harper.

CHRYSLER & LEWIS,
Barristers, Solicitors, etc. Supreme Court and Departmental Agents.
OTTAWA, CANADA.
F. H. Chrysler, Q.C. J. Travers Lewis.

LEITCH & PRINGLE,
Barristers, Attorneys-at-law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, Etc.,
CORNWALL, Ont
James Leitch, Q.C. R. A. Pringle.

McLEOD STEWART,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY, Etc.
Supreme Court, Parliamentary and Departmental Agent.
THE MOLSONS BANK CHAMBERS,
Ottawa, Ont.

F. T. COSTELLO,
Barrister, Solicitor, Etc.,
ALEXANDRIA, ONT.

WALTER THOMSON,
GENERAL GRAIN DEALER.
OATMEAL MILLS—
London, Seaorth, and Montreal.
Orders filled promptly.

A. DAVIS
Consulting Engineer..
Economy on Fuel and Consumption of Smoke.
116 ST. PETER STREET.

La Banque Jacques Cartier.

DIVIDEND No. 61.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend of three per cent. (3 p.c.) for the current half year, equal to six and a half per cent. per annum on the paid-up Capital Stock of this Institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city, on and after Monday, the first day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May next, both days inclusive.

The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House of the Institution in Montreal on Wednesday, the 17th of June next, at noon.

By order of the Board.

TRANCREDE BIENVENU,
Manager.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

A Quarterly Dividend at the rate of Eight Per Cent. (8 p.c.) per annum on the Paid Up Capital Stock of

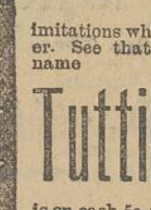
THE ROYAL ELECTRIC COMPANY

For the quarter ending the 31st inst., has been this day declared, payable to the shareholders on record of the 31st day of May, 1896, and will be mailed to them on the 1st day of July, 1896.

By order of the Board.

H. H. HENSHAW,
Secretary.

Montreal, May 19th, 1896.



A dance is more than doubly enjoyable when one's breath is pure and fragrant. To secure this, use Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum.

Some dealers try to palm off imitations which they buy cheaper. See that the Trade Mark name

Tutti Frutti

is on each 5c. package.

Save coupons inside of wrappers for

LATEST BOOKS.

MRS. BESANT'S SURPASSING TREATMENT FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY, PROSTRATION AND LOSS OF NERVE FORCE IN MEN AND WOMEN.

Sufferers from any of these diseases or any of their attendant troubles can get full particulars free of a treatment which is entirely new to this country, but which has been successfully used by Mrs. Besant in India for the past thirty years, where it has achieved a reputation truly astonishing. Never having failed in effecting a rapid and permanent cure, even in the worst cases, this treatment is believed by those who are best able to judge of its merits to be the only permanent cure known up to the present day. It gives blood of incomparable richness, and quickly makes itself manifest in the brightened eye, clear complexion, vivacious spirits, increased mental and physical strength, and general feeling of buoyant health. All the functions are quickly restored to their full vigor, and even where an advanced age has been reached a new life is begun. Weak men and women should write confidentially to Mrs. Martha Besant, Toronto, Canada. A word to the wise is sufficient.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.'S

ADVERTISEMENT.

Blouses!

AN IMMENSE ASSORTMENT.

Look in our windows for Novelties in Muslin Blouses!
Ladies' Shirt Waists from 59c.

Special.

Pure Silk Blouses, in 10 colors, value $7, for $4.45.

Special Bargain.

Ladies' Eider Down Dressing Jackets, full bishop sleeves, pale blue, pink, cardinal and gray, for $1.65 each.
Full range of the R. & G. and P. D. Corsets, also the C. P. double net summer corsets.
Boys' Duck and Linen Suits.
Boys' Blouse Waists.
Boys' Navy Blue Sailor Suits, from $1.20

Duck Costumes.

Navy and White Stripe Duck Costume, $2.50.
Fawn and White Stripe Duck Costume, $2.50.
White and Black Stripe Duck Costume, $3.50.
Navy and White Spot Duck Costume, $3.50.
Black and White Spot Duck Costume, $3.50.
Fawn and White Spot Duck Costume, $3.50.
Plain White Duck Costume, $4.50.
Grass Linen Costumes, $7.50.
The above are all tailor made garments.

Tweed Costumes.

One line Tweed Costumes, $14.50 for $6.90.

SEPARATE SKIRTS.

Black Mohair Separate Skirts, 5 yards sweep, lined throughout. $3.75.
Summer Underskirts in Shot Lustre and Silk Stripes, marked down 1-3.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.,

2343 ST. CATHERINE ST.
Corner Metcalfe Street.

TELEPHONE, No. 3833.

Amateur Photography.....

JUST RECEIVED—
Eastman's Pocket Kodaks.
Eastman's Bull's-eye Cameras.
Eastman's Developing and Printing Outfits.
R. O. Co. Comet Cameras.
C. & C. "Quad" Cameras, with Bicycle Case.
Fresh Kodak Film, Etc., Etc.
Developing and Printing for Amateurs.
Some Special Bargains in Second-hand Cameras.

WM. NOTMAN & SON, 14 Phillips Square

FURNITURE

FOR COUNTRY COTTAGES.

IRON BEDS & SPRINGS

Renaud, King & Patterson,

1652 Craig Street.

Three Shoe Specials...

For Summer wear—Neat, serviceable and low priced.

Men's Tan Low Shoes and Boots..... $1.50 up
Ladies' Tan Oxfords..... $1.00 up
Ladies' Neat, Lace, Tan Kid Boots..... $1.50 up

Our stock is replete with money-saving offers in summer footwear.

Ronayne Bros.,
Chaboillez Square.

SNAP! SNAP! SNAP!

SNAP! one of our Al Scotch or English worsted Suits at once. They are being SNAPPED every day. Prices reasonable and unsurpassed.
A First-class Suit from $15 up.
Pants from $3 up, and good fit.

J. ROSENTHAL,
Tailor and Outfitter,
183 St. Antoine Street.

Karn Pianos

Come and See Them.

Montreal Branch,
D.W. Karn & Co., 2344 St. Catherine Street.
Opposite Murphy's.

See in Operation,

The Crystal Filter

The only self-cleaning and everlasting water filter in the world. Magnify the water from a tap and see the amount of poison you are drinking.

11 6 St. Peter St., Montreal.

DERMATOLOGICAL INSTITUTE

Under the direction of

DR. H. J. BRODEUR,

Specialist, of Paris.

Special treatment of all **Complexion, Skin and Scalp** Diseases: Acne, Eczema, Pimples, Dandruff, Blood Poison; **Superfluous Hair** destroyed by electricity; also of all **Genito-Urinary** troubles. 385 St. Denis Street. 11 a.m. to 4 p.m.; 6.30 to 8.30 p.m. Bell Tel. 7276.

The Montreal Herald is published daily at 603 Craig Street, by the Montreal Herald Company, Edward Holton, President.

EASTERN TOWNSHIPS BANK.

Satisfactory Showing of the Past Twelve Months.

Interesting Resume of Eastern Townships Enterprizes.

The annual general meeting of shareholders was held at their banking house in the City of Sherbrooke, pursuant to notice, on Wednesday, 3rd June instant, a fair number of shareholders being present.

R. W. Heneker, Esq., the President, took the chair.

Wm. Farwell, the General Manager of the Bank, was elected Secretary; C. W. Cate and A. D. Nicolls were elected scrutineers of votes.

Minutes of last annual meeting were read and confirmed, after which the President, on behalf of the Board, submitted their

REPORT.

The Directors beg to submit to the Shareholders their Annual Report on the operations of the past year, with the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Statement on the 15th May last.

The results of the year's working proved satisfactory, so that the Directors at their meeting on the 2nd inst., after making ample provision for all bad and dountful debts, as well as the usual appropriation of $5,000.00 to the Pension Fund, were able to declare a second dividend of three and one-half per cent. (3½ p.c.), payable on the 2nd July next, making seven per cent for the year, and to carry $30,000.00 to the Reserve Fund, with a balance forward to the credit of Profit and Loss of $21,808.74.

The result was the more gratifying, as the general business of the country during the past year proved disappointing to many who had looked forward to the advent of more prosperous times. Much had been looked for from the prospects of the then coming harvest, but, though the yield was abundant, prices of all descriptions of farm produce continued too low to bring much profit. Trade, consequently, languished and dull times prevailed. Notwithstanding this, the country has progressed, as the Bank returns show, the interest deposits having increased considerably during the year. The addition now made to the Bank reserve has brought up that fund to the amount long looked forward to, viz: one-half the capital, and the Directors are confident that the Shareholders will join them in their feeling of satisfaction at this result. The fund should be looked upon, not merely as an addition to the capital, but as a shareholders' security against possible contingencies, and a Bank is greatly strengthened in every way by the possession of a strong reserve.

It does not of course follow that any change in the system of Bank administration will ensue. The same principle of caution, combined with energy and enterprise, will be necessary, in the future, which has brought the small institution of 1859 to the condition of prosperity shown by the Balance Sheet of 1896. The history of the Bank has been in the main a history of steady growth, and the Directors feel that the present prosperous condition is largely due to the help afforded by the Bank since its establishment, to every legitimate enterprise. It was established for the benefit of the Eastern Townships at a time when the business men of this section of country looked in vain for help from the large centres of trade.

The Directors do not shut their eyes to the circumstances of the times. There are clouds on the horizon and every business man must watch them. In the Banking business, one of these clouds arises from the lowering of the rate of interest through the accumulation of money. The fall in the rate has been great during the past few years, and while a low rate of interest is often a help to the business man, it tells against the holder of invested means, and tends to induce a spirit of speculation. Men are now more eager to enter on speculative business than they formerly were, and the banker requires great caution in making advances. But the world grows, and will grow healthily, if men will be prudent. The Directors of the Eastern Townships Bank see no cause for alarm.

There are a few matters of interest, special and general, which the Directors desire to touch upon, and first among these is the opening of the new Branch at St. Hyacinthe.

The St. Hyacinthe Branch was opened last autumn, after careful thought and consideration, at the solicitation of many business men of that city.

It is the first instance of an extension of the business, beyond the limits of the Townships, into a district which had, up to that time, been served entirely by Montreal institutions and a local bank. The greatest confidence was expressed in the system of management of the Eastern Townships Bank, and a prosperous career for it was foretold, bringing benefit to the people of that city. The Directors are happy to be able to report that the experiment has been, so far, successful. The bank was welcomed by the citizens, deposits to a considerable amount have been secured, and satisfactory business relations have been established with firms of high standing and respectability. The outlook is satisfactory.

The Directors feel that it becomes them to express their satisfaction at the course taken by the citizens of Sherbrooke in endeavoring to promote the establishment of new industries in that city. They view with favor the enlargement of the Jenckes Machine Company's works, and the advantages which that company must derive from the change made in the location of their shops. Through the facilities now secured to them, the company can ship the heaviest machinery by rail directly from their works to any part of the continent.

The action of the Sherbrooke Board of Trade in making known the advantages offered by the city as a great business centre, is worthy of praise and promises well for the future of the city.

The Directors are also pleased to notice the development of manufactures at other business centres, such as Granby, for instance, where the Rubber Works have been successfully carried on for some years, and other new industries are being established.

The City of St. Hyacinthe is also an energetic prosperous business centre, and presents a picture of life and activity worthy of notice.

At the village of Magog, the great Print Works and Cotton Mills are kept always full of work, and the industries of Coaticook are also flourishing.

The Dairy industry of the country, in which the Directors have always felt a lively interest, has not been so profitable during the last year, as could be desired. As this is an industry of special importance to the farmers of the country, any falling off in the returns affects more or less the whole community. In their Report of 1894, the Directors drew special attention to this industry, showing the advantages to be derived from a scientific development of the natural resources of the Townships, which are so eminently suitable for dairy farming, through the quality of the soil, the nature of the climate, and the overflowing supply of pure water derived from the hill sides. Competition is no doubt keen, but by combination amongst farmers, so as to secure a proper number of cows, by care in the selection and management of the animals, by care in both summer and winter feeding, by care in manufacturing, and with a proper system of inspection, it seems impossible that such industries should fail of success. The benefits to the farmer are, not merely that he gets a quick return for his outlay, but that he also benefits from having the milk, after separation of the cream, in a state the most profitable for the growth of young animals.

By means of the excellent facilities now provided for inland transportation, as well as ocean transportation through a cool high latitude under a proper system of cold storage, competition need not be feared. There may be in this, as in other products, at times an overplus, but that is a difficulty at all times incidental to man's labor.

The Mining industries cannot be overlooked in a review such as this, for the Townships have established a reputation of being rich in minerals, though as yet only very partially developed.

It is pleasant to note, that despite the dull times, the Asbestos and Copper Mines have continued in operation. When it is recognized that the Eastern Townships furnish eighty per cent. of the practicable asbestos of the world, it is reasonable to conclude that, if the cost of productian can be kept within the bounds of a quick demand, the success of this industry is assured. The Directors have, during this past year, had their attention drawn to the great variety of uses to which this mineral textile material can be applied, and they foresee, if their information prove sound, an immense development of these workings.

The Directors are glad to notice also that Chrome iron has been found and worked profitably, the demand being active and satisfactory.

Even in the search for gold there is a movement, and the discovery of gold in quartz veins is looked upon as a certainty in the near future.

The advantage to the country of giving employment to the various classes of the people, in farming, in manufacturing and in mining, is all the more important at such times as the present, when the United States, our next-door neighbors, have declared it as a part of their policy that employment shall not be given to any but American citizens, all immigrants to that country being obliged to take the Oath of Allegiance and even to pass a literary examination. This is indeed a change of policy from the time when that great country, in order to encourage immigration, was called "the asylum for the surplus population of Europe," and even sent delegates from New England to induce the population of the Province of Quebec to enter the New England factories.

Canada cannot and should not complain, but should seek by enterprize and the employment of capital to furnish employment within her own boundaries for every class of her people.

In conclusion, the Directors bear willing testimony to the excellence of the Band administration, and desire to record their thanks to the whole staff of the Bank officers.

Respectfully submitted on behalf of the Directors,

R. W. HENEKER,
President.

After reading the Report, the President briefly addressed the meeting, and concluded by moving its adoption; this was seconded by Hon. M. H. Cochrane, and after remarks by the General Manager and short remarks by several Shareholders, was carried.

On motion, the appropriation for remuneration of Directors was increased $400, making the amount $8,400.

The thanks of the Shareholders were voted to the President and Directors, and also to the General Manager, Managers, and other Officers of the Bank.

There being no further business before the meeting, the vote was taken for election of Directors for ensuing year, which resulted in the re-election of the old Board, viz: R. W. Heneker, M. H. Cochrane, Thomas Hart, J. N. Galer, I. Wood, N. W. Thomas, T. J. Tuck, Gardner Stevens, John G. Foster.

The meeting then adjourned.

PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING MAY 15th, 1896.

Balance at credit of Profit and Loss, carried forward May 15th, 1895		$ 3,534.54
Profit of Head Office and Branches, after deducting charges of Management, Appropriation towards Pension Fund, Interest due Depositors, and ample provision for bad and doubtful debts		143,274.20
		$156,808.74
Deduct.		
Dividend of 3 1-2 per cent., paid 2nd January, 1896	$52,500.00	
Dividend of 3 1-2 per cent., payable 2nd July, 1896	52,500.00	
Transferred to Reserve Fund	30,000.00	
		135,000.00
Balance carried forward ...		$21,808.74

GENERAL BALANCE SHEET, MAY 15TH, 1896.

Liabilities.

Capital paid in		$1,500,000.00
Reserve Fund	$750,000.00	
Profit and Loss Balance	21,808.74	
Dividend No. 73, of 3 1-2 per cent., payable 2nd July next	52,500.00	
Dividends unclaimed	3,671,82	
		827,980.56
E. T. Bank bills in circulation	874,046.00	
Dominion Government deposits on demand	21,562.60	
Provincial Government deposits on demand	10,797.78	
Other deposits on demand	552,728.75	
Other deposits after notice	2,882,723.54	
Due banks in the United Kingdom ...	6,928 86	
		4,348,787.53
		$6,676,768.09

Assets.

Specie	112,561.33	
Dominion notes	108,887.00	
Bills and cheques on other banks	39,410.24	
Due from other banks in Canada ...	399,410.19	
Due from other banks not in Canada	209,588.94	
Dominion Government, circulation redemption fund	44,111.79	
Dominion Government debentures ...	13,000.00	
Provincial Government debentures ...	51,666.67	
		978,626.21
Bank premises and bank furniture	120,931.67	
Current, loans, discounts and advances to the public ...	5,412,074.51	
Real estate, other than bank premises	52,268.25	
Mortgages on real estate sold by the bank	56,324.00	
Loans overdue, secured	5,293.17	
Loans overdue, unsecured	31,360.82	
Other assets and items in transitu between offices	19,889.46	
		5,698,141.88
		$6,676,768.09

WM. FARWELL,
General Manager.

Ross' Bargain Day.

Saturday, June 6.—Delicia, $5.00 per hundred or $1.25 per box of 25 Mirose, $4.50 per hundred or $2.25 per box of 50. See our window for pipes, 25 per cent. below the regular price. Walking sticks a specialty. 20 Chaboillez Square is the place, (the only cigar store on the square).

The society of Telegraph Engineers was established and put in practical operation in 1872,

FOR JUNE

20 to 50 Per Cent. Discount.

On parlor sets, bedroom sets, dining-room sets, hall racks, book cases, secretaries, lounges, iron beds, spring beds, mattresses, fancy chairs, fancy tables, etc. etc., Open until 10 o'clock on Monday's and Saturday's. Frederic Lapointe, 1551 St. Catherine St.

Lettuces double the size of those grown in the ordinary way have been obtained by the new process of irrigating the soil below the surface.

5 Minute Service around the Mountain. Take Windsor Car to Victoria Ave.

Pulling away the old soil from close up around the stems of the trees, and applying rich, heavy soil in its place, is quite a benefit.

A Flattering Request.

As an evidence of the reputation of the Pratte Pianos, not only in Montreal but in the United States as well, where good pianos are not wanting, the Pratte Piano Co. has received a request last week from one of the most prominent American pianists to furnish one of their pianos to be used at a piano recital in an American city.

Such an event is a credit to Canadian Art enterprise and proves that persons wanting to purchase an artistic piano need not go outside of Montreal to get it. The Pratte Piano contains musical qualities not to be found in any other high grade American piano. The reason why it is sold at a lower price is that the Pratte Piano Co. make their own pianos, and sell them direct to their customers, thus saving the duties and the profit of middlemen.

Straw Hats...

FOR

Men, Youths And Boys.



All the Latest Styles from

75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.60

Some of these same lines are sold elsewhere at $1.75 and $2.25. Give us a call and you will be convinced that our prices are the lowest.

NELSON'S

1864 NOTRE DAME STREET.

Open Till ELEVEN P.M. on SATURDAY.

Strawberries and Cream

Fresh every morning.

Pineapples for the Million—
Now is the time to buy them for preserving.
Pineapples..... per doz. from..... $1.00

Bell Tel. 2371.

E. DESJARDINS,
Grocer and Fruiterer,
Corner Windsor and St. Antoine Streets

This Sudden Heat

—unexpected as it is, takes all the strength out of one—you feel tired and uncomfortable. The quickest reviver is a good swim—in the not-too-cold pure water from the Laurentian spring—morning, evening any time, come and try it. Baths reserved for ladies Monday forenoons, and Wednesday afternoons.

Laurentian Swimming Bath,

Cor. Craig and Beaudry Streets.

JOBS AT A BARGAIN AT

Semmelhaack's 5c Store

Fly Traps worth 25c for 13c, Patent Quick-cut Bread Knife worth 25c for 15c, Cane Carpet Beater worth 25c for 10c, Glass Cruets worth 25c for 15c, Good Black Tea worth 35c for 18c, Steak Pounder in metal, 8c, Granite Teapots, 28c; Asparagus from our garden, 5c package, Radishes, 2 packages for 1c; Rhubarb, 1c; Halter Chains worth 40c, only 15c.

As regards the price, the United States, on an average, sold her coal at the pit's mouth for 5s 3¼d per ton, the English price being 6s 8d, Germany ½d less, Belgium 7s 5d, and France 9s 0¼d per ton. Great Britain exports 42,000,000 tons annually, which is just 20,000,000 tons above the exported coals of any other country.

The Best Smoking.

The smoking tobacco, mind you—the best—is "Tuxedo," a special mixture. Sample packages, 10 cents. Half pound tins, 50 cents. Havana Importing Co., 134 St. James Street.

The Revue des Sciences gives some striking statistics to show how rapidly aluminium production has increased in the United States since 1883, when it did not exceed 83 pounds. In 1894 the total was 550,000 pounds, and the Iron Age puts the production for 1895 at 850,000 pounds.

Suits worth the money—really worth it—at $12.00. Made to order in a first-class manner. M. J. Adler, 2,320 St. Catherine Street.

You Feel It

If you have a disagreeable bit of furnishings on you, you feel it. You don't like it. You may think it is your fault or the fault of the dealer you bought it of. Now, let's tell you a fact. Irresponsible dealers don't care for anything but your money, no matter about your come-again trade. Which do you prefer to trade with? Those who want your custom all the time, or those who want you just once and that once only to deceive you? We're "those" who want your trade all the time.

Munroe Bros.,
2246 St. Catherine Street.

"Sample Sale."

Beginning promptly at 8 O'Clock

To-day,

we will make the day memorable with one of the most unique sales that has ever occurred in the length and breadth of our city. We purchased from a leading wholesale firm all of their spring samples in our lines of goods. We got the lot cheap—in fact at just half the cost price—50 per cent. off. We mean to clear the entire lot as quickly as possible. These goods are excellent in quality and design. They are sold at these prices merely to clear in the shortest time. Take your choice of the 13 lots offered below and come early.

What Woman who Knows the Value of Money can Afford to Miss this Chance?

LOT No. 1.
Boys' Jersey and Flannel, complete Suits—with Sailor collars trimmed with gold braids—
$1.25 to $1.50 and $1.75.

LOT No. 2.
Boys' Duck Suits, cool and neat suits. Your pick—
75c.

LOT No. 3.
Silk and Satin Underskirts—just one of each kind—50 in all—50 per cent. off—
From $1.25 to $1.50.

LOT No. 4.
Sun Bonnets—500 to pick; white with lace trimmings; pink or blue ribbons—3 lots—
50, 25 and 15c.

LOT No. 5.
Ladies' Duck Suits—60 different kinds; one of each—just half ordinary price—
$1.75 to $2.50.

LOT No. 6.
Tam-'o-shanters—Scotch plaids and plain colors—150 to choose from—
30c each.

LOT No. 7.
Ladies' Undershirts—1 large basketful of choice underwear—cut the marked price in two—that's our price for the great sale—
From 25c.

LOT No. 8.
Silk Blouses—New Silk Blouses—Mandolin Sleeves trimmed with lace—one of each—40 in the lot; four colors—
$1.75.

Black Blouses—25 to pick, at
50 p.c. off.

LOT No. 9.
White blouses—trimmed with embroidery—pearl buttons—dainty Summer Blouses—
Choice, 30c.

LOT No. 10.
200 Lace Collars, on their card—Watteau and Empire designs. Some of these cost $2.00. For our Sample Sale—
75 p.c. off.

LOT No. 11.
1,000 fine Linen Handkerchiefs—your pick at Sample Sale prices—
From 15c.

LOT No. 12.
Two large boxes of Beaded Ornaments, small and large. Samples worth as much as regular goods—
80 p.c. knocked off.

LOT No. 13.
150 Zouave Jackets in fancy cloth—with beaded and passementerie trimmings. Three lots—
35c, 65c and $1.00.

COME EARLY.

Our Basement is complete. Tinware, Graniteware and Groceries at Vallieres' prices. Get our Price List at the door.

ARTHUR I. VALLIERES

1869 Notre Dame St.

(Be Sure It's 1869.)

Warm Weather Hardware.

It means quite a saving to buy your hardware from us. By buying judiciously, and for cash, we make quite a saving for you. This tells in the prices, and prices are the test of a business such as this. In seasonable lines we have the following: Coal Oil Stoves, Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Fishing Tackle, Hammocks, Garden Tools, and a complete stock of General Hardware, Household Hardware. Paints, Oils, Glass, Stoves and **COAL** to burn in them.

THE EDWARD CAVANAGH CO.,

(Originators of Hardware Bargain Day,)

2547 to 2553 Notre Dame Street,

(CORNER SEIGNEURS.)

Bell Phone, 8025. Merchants Phone, 550.