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DREYFUS TRIAL NEARING ITS END.

The President of the Court Martial Refuses to Accept the Evidence of the German and Italian Military Attaches, Which Labori Had Secured—Gen. Mercier Makes a Final Address to the Court in Denunciation of the Accused —Addresses of Counsel Begun—A Verdict Is Expected on Monday Next.

(Special to the Star.)

RENNES, September 7. — The end of the famous second court-martial of Captain Alfred Dreyfus upon the charge of treason is in sight.

The evidence is all in and the argument of counsel for the prosecution has been heard.

The close of the taking of testimony was characterized by a deliberate exhibition of partisanship upon the part of the president of the court-martial without parallel in history. Although the other members of the court-martial and the representatives of the Government saw no objection to the admission of the testimony of the former German and Italian military attaches at Paris—which Maitre Labori had secured permission to obtain—Col. Jouaust deliberately closed the door upon this evidence, the taking of which would have thrown more light upon the case than anything else possible under Heaven.

These two military diplomats would have testified that they never had any dealings with Alfred Dreyfus, and as a consequence he must have been acquitted. The refusal of Colonel Jouaust to admit this evidence makes it fairly clear that he will be convicted. The Generals must have him convicted again—that was proved by the remarkable exhibition made by General Mercier this morning just before the closing of the case—and so the members of the court-martial would take no risk of the introduction of any evidence which would threaten the verdict which they have already determined to give.

LABORI'S LAST FIGHT.

When Labori appeared this morning in his usual place at the opening of the day's session, he was greeted with cheers by the crowd. This was popular evidence of approval of the stand he had taken yesterday against the one-sided rulings of the court and of his courage in continuing the fight. He received personal congratulations and announced that in spite of his conviction of the adverse spirit of the court, he would remain Dreyfus' champion.

The greatest sensation of the trial was produced by M. Labori. His face was radiant and his eyes flashed with the light of anticipated triumph when he said in loud and clear tones that he had received replies to his appeals to the German and Italian Governments that they permit the evidence of Colonel Schwartzkoppen and Major Panizzardi to be taken and laid before the court. These replies had been gracious, he said. "They had been dictated by principles of justice and humanity." The testimony of these officers would be forthcoming. It would be forwarded at the earnest possible moment.

These depositions touch upon vital points of defence of Dreyfus. They relate to the most important evidence adverse to prisoner that has been given in the trial. M. Labori asked that the court adjourn for forty-eight hours, to allow for the transmission of the depositions from Berlin and Rome to Rennes.

Argument on the request was heard and the court retired to consider the decision. The judges returned and announced that they refused to receive the deposition of Schwartzkoppen and Panizzardi, unless they were sworn to at the French Embassies in Berlin and Rome. The request that they accept the depositions under other conditions, even though coming from embassies of Germany and Italy in this country, they declared could not be complied with, being contrary to the law governing court and binding its authority. They stated however, that they would hear Schkartzkoppen and Panizzardi in person as witnesses.

THE REQUEST REFUSED.

Colonel Jouaust Declined to Allow the Truth to be Thrown Upon the Case.

(Press Report.)

RENNES, September 7.—At the opening of the court-martial of Captain Dreyfus this morning, Maitre Labori, leading counsel for the defence, announced that he had received a semi-official intimation that Colonel Schwartzkoppen, the former German military attache at Paris, and Major Panizzardi, the former Italian military attache at Paris, would be unable to appear personally before the court, and consequently, counsel proposed that a rogatory commission should be telegraphed to receive the depositions.

M. Paleologue, of the French Foreign Office, and Major Carriere did not oppose M. Labori's application; but the latter pointed out that the proposed step would involve a deviation from the usual procedure, in making a long adjournment necessary.

Counsel replied that the court was entitled to adjourn for twenty-four hours, and in case a longer period was required, he suggested that a short session be held to-morrow, when the court could adjourn until Monday.

M. Labori then drew up a formal application that Colonel Schwartzkoppen and Major Panizzardi be cited as witnesses, and that seven questions be telegraphed to them to which they were to reply under oath.

The first question was to be if they had ever received the documents mentioned in the bordereau.

The other questions would ask the former attaches if they had received the firing manuli; when they had received it; and from whom; and whether either of them sent Esterhazy the petit bleu, a copy of which was to be telegraphed; and, finally, if they ever directly or indirectly had any relations with Dreyfus.

The court deliberated for a quarter of an hour, and, on returning, the president, Col. Jouaust, read its decision, declaring it incompetent to grant Mr. Labori's application.

A VERDICT ON MONDAY.

When Major Carriere, at 10.30 a.m., began his speech closing the case for the prosecution, all the generals and other officers who were seated in the witness chairs rose and left the court-room just before the Government Commissary opened, in accordance with the orders of the Minister of War, General the Marquis de Gallifet, to leave Rennes within two hours after the pleading had begun.

There was an interesting scene in the court-yard of the Lycee, where the officers took leave of each other. They appeared to be in good spirits.

Maitre Demange, of counsel for the defense, will probably occupy the whole of to-morrow in his speech for the defence, and Maitre Labori will speak on Saturday.

The verdict will be rendered on Monday, because the police authorities are opposed to the announcement of the verdict on Saturday, even if it were possible to do so, on the ground that it will be likely to lead to trouble on Sunday.

THE CLOSING EVIDENCE.

After M. Labori had submitted his application for the despatch of a rogatory commission to receive the deposition of Colonel Schwartzkoppen and Major Panizzardi, the chief of detectives, M. Cochefort, deposed favourably regarding the attitude of Dreyfus when Colonel Du Paty de Clam dictated the bordereau to him. The witness said Dreyfus only appeared to be troubled afterwards, when Du Paty de Clam questioned him. M. Cochefort referred to the revolver found on a table near the desk at which Dreyfus was then seated, and he recounted how the prisoner on perceiving it, cried:

"I will not kill myself. I will live to establish my innocence."

The clerk of the court then read a letter from Captain Humbert to the effect that Dreyfus had expressed a keen desire in 1894 to enter the statistical section of the War Office and saying that he met Dreyfus once carrying some voluminous packets of maps and documents and remarked that he was acting very imprudently.

Dreyfus then rose and calmly traversed Captain Humbert's statements, declaring them to be inexact.

MERCIER WINDS UP.

General Mercier afterwards came to the bar and said that he felt the deposition of Captain Freystaetter was bound to have produced considerable impression on the minds of the judges. He spoke of the attacks made on him since the Captain had testified, saying the Dreyfusard press had been calling him a false witness, etc.

The General declared that he gave an order in 1894 that nothing should be done with the various translations of the Panizzardi despatch, adding that he, himself, was present when the packet of secret papers for the court-martial was taken up, and it did not contain the Panizzardi despatch. He had since questioned the judges of the court-martial on the subject, but not one of them was prepared to swear that the despatch was not submitted to them, because their recollections were now rather vague. This statement of General Mercier evoked a chorus of disgusted "Ohs" from the audience.

FREYSTAETTER ATTACKED.

Gen. Mercier proceeded to call attention to contradictions in Capt. Freystaetter's statements regarding an old letter from the captain to a friend, in which he declared that his mind was made up in 1894, before he had seen the secret dossier, and another letter, from an officer who was in company with Freystaetter in Madagascar, where the writer asserted that Capt. Freystaetter talked of the court-martial of 1894, but never mentioned the Panizzardi despatch.

After this, Gen. Mercier brought up two points in Capt. Freystaetter's career, averring that while in Madagascar he had been guilty of an act of disobedience to his chief and that he had also executed thirty natives.

This assertion caused a certain impression in the audience, and Col. Jouaust asked Gen. Mercier to abstain from giving any further particulars.

The general added that he firmly believed Freystaetter was a brave man, but he thought the two acts referred to showed he could not be entirely trusted. He asked the judges not to allow the captain's evidence to shake their confidence in his own depositions, but to lend him the same credence as though the Freystaetter incident had never occurred.

JOUAUST'S DECISION.

The court then retired to deliberate on M. Labori's application, and its probable decision was eagerly discussed. Every one in court stood up when the judges returned. Col. Jouaust gave the order: "Present arms," to the guard of soldiers at the bottom of the hall, while he, standing, and with the other judges standing on either side of him, read the decision that the judges had unanimously decided that the President (Col. Jouaust) was competent to order a rogatory commission, and that the judges, as a body, according to the military code, were not competent to do so.

M. Labori thereupon asked Col. Jouaust if he still maintained his refusal to appoint the commission, the colonel having, when M. Labori submitted his conclusions, said he was opposed to the application.

Col. Jouaust replied, "Yes," and the evidence of Col. Schwartzkoppen and Major Panizzardi, who were prepared to swear they never had relations with Dreyfus, was thus excluded.

LOOKS DARK FOR DREYFUS.

The refusal of Colonel Jouaust seemed inexplicable, because it appeared to be his duty to receive all evidence directly bearing on the case, and more especially the evidence of the two attaches, the refusal of whose evidence is equivalent to a slight on their respective countries.

A very pessimistic feeling was produced by Colonel Jouaust's decision, and it was predicted that it means the condemnation of Dreyfus. This was the unanimous opinion of the anti-Dreyfusards, and it was the intention of the majority of the Dreyfusards, whose last hope is that Colonel Jouaust only dared to refuse to take the evidence of Colonel Schwartzkoppen and Major Panizzardi because the court has already made up its mind to acquit the prisoner.

MAJOR CARRIERE'S SPEECH.

Major Carriere in the final speech for the prosecution only occupied an hour and a quarter. The speech was generally characterized as a weak oration. His arguments, colouredby his usual mannerisms, evoked outbursts of laughter. He said that he considered it to be established that Dreyfus wrote the bordereau. The phrase concerning the covering of troops was very significant, he thought, and pointed out that Dreyfus could have obtained the firing manual with little difficulty. Moreover the Major argued, Esterhazy could not say in August that he was going to the manoeuvres, while Dreyfus could have thought so up to August 28. The government commissary affirmed that he, himself, had noticed the difference in Dreyfus's handwriting since 1894 in letters which he had written from Devil's Island. Alluding to the secret dossier, the Major said that Esterhazy was not in a position to furnish the interesting information. Discussing the correspondence of "A" Colonel Schwartzkoppen), Major Carriere declared emphatically his belief that Dreyfus had relations with the power of which "A" was the agent. He admitted Esterhazy was not a nice person, but said there was nothing to prove that he was a traitor, and admitted that Colonel Picquart had utterly failed to convince him of the innocence of Dreyfus.

"My belief in the innocence of Dreyfus," said Major Carriere, in conclusion, has been transformed into a conviction of his guilt, which has been strengthened by the testimony of the witnesses for the prosecution. To-day I come to tell you, on my soul and conscience that Dreyfus is guilty, and to ask for the application of article 76 of the penal code."

When Major Carriere had concluded, Colonel Jouaust ordered the adjournment of the court, and Dreyfus rose quickly and apparently not dejected.

As the prisoner was passing counsel's table, M. Labori stopped him and whispered "Courage." Dreyfus smiled and nodded as he proceeded, M. Jaures, the Socialist leader, and a number of others seated on the benches before which Dreyfus passed, repeated M. Labori's word encouragement.

The most elaborate police measures will be taken during the last day of the trial. Eight gendarmes will be distributed in the court room. Twenty gendarmes and a detachment of infantry will be stationed in the court yard, the cordons of troops and gendarmes in the vicinity of the Lycee will be trebled and placed farther back. Detachments of gendarmes will be posted on the squares and the bridges of the town and mounted gendarmes will patrol the principal streets of Rennes. The garrison of neighbouring towns will be held in readiness to be despatched here at a moment's notice. If a cry is raised or a threatening gesture made by any one in the audience before or after the verdict, the offender will be arrested and taken before the president of the court, Colonel Jouaust, and will be then and there sentenced to punishment, the minimum penalty being two years in prison.

THE TESTIMONY IN DETAIL.

A More Complete Account of This Morning's Historical Sitting.

RENNES, September 7. — The detailed report of to-day's proceedings of the Dreyfus court-martial shows that at the outset Major Carriere, the Government Commissary, announced that Eugene Cernuschi, the Austro-Hungarian refugee, was sick and unable to attend court to-day. But, the Commissary added, the witness held himself at the disposition of the court at his hotel.

After this, Savignaud, the former orderly of Colonel Picquart, and one of the witnesses, asked the court to certify that Senator Trarieux, the former Minister of Justice, had called him an impostor and a perjurer. M. Trarieux rose and insisted that Savignaud's evidence was a contradiction of the evidence of Colonel Picquart, M. Scheurer-Kestner, and M. Roques, proving, he claimed, perjury somewhere, but not by the last trio of witnesses. M. Trarieux added his statements were in accordance with the dictates of his soul and conscience and, if he was amenable to the law for them there was also a law against perjurers.

LABORI'S REQUEST.

M. Labori said: "I have received notice that, for reasons of public policy, Major Panizzardi and Colonel Schwartzkoppen could not come to Rennes to testify before the court martial. But I am also informed from the same quarter that they would answer the questions of a commission sent by the court-martial. I, therefore, beg the court to direct, as in the case of Colonel Du Paty de Clam, that Colonel Schwartzkoppen and Major Panizzardi be examined by a commission. The court will certainly understand that the defence must submit to the necessities of public policy, which are, I have no doubt, similarly understood by the Government of the Republic. I shall, therefore, be glad if you will ask M. Paleologue, if, in this case, the telegraph should not be employed. I think such a method would be exceedingly rapid, and I am convinced that the president of the court-martial and the court-martial itself will not refuse to allow the defence to ascertain the truth." Counsel added that he would make a formal application to this effect.

Colonel Jouaust, president of the court, invited the opinion of M. Paleologue, who replied: "It is clear that considerations of public policy stand in the way of foreign military attaches appearing in a French court to testify in regard to facts of which they had cognizance in their diplomatic capacity. Colonel Schwartzkoppen and Major Panizzardi will not attend the court-martial. As regards the despatch of a commission, I believe the Foreign Office will not oppose it. But I must make all reservations regarding the use of the telegraph. I do not know if that would be a regular proceeding."

M. Labori—"But couriers can be employed."

M. Paleologue—"I do not think the telegraph can be used."

Major Carriere—"I do not oppose the appointment of a commission. It is a matter for the president to decide. There is no legal objection, provided we respect the provisions of the military code, which does not permit an interruption of the trial. Such procedure must not be allowed to hinder the progress of the trial and must, therefore, be rapid."

THE KAISER'S ATTITUDE.

Has The German Emperor Changed His Views as to Intervention.

(Special to the Star.)

PARIS, September 7.—The announcement of Maitre Labori that he had received semi-official information that Colonel Schwartzkoppen would be allowed to tell before a commission on German soil his knowledge of the Dreyfus case, has revived interest in the attitude of the German Emperor. It is supposed that such an intimation would not have been made unless the Kaiser had given his consent to such examination, but no absolute knowledge has been had on this point. In this connection an anecdote recently told in the Paris Figaro on the authority of a guest at a Potsdam dinner party, in February, 1898, becomes particularly interesting. The story, as recounted in the Figaro, is as follows:

In reply to the Empress, who asked the Emperor whether he would intervene in favour of Dreyfus, His Majesty said:

"The Dreyfus affair does not concern me. It is agitating France and the French, and, as a German, I have no business with it."

"But humanity?" asked the Empress.

"Humanity for me," rejoined the Emperor, "ends at the Vosges. Any intervention by me would rather injure Dreyfus. I have no positive knowledge of the affair except what my Ministers have stated in the Reichstag. These things are not in my province."

Herr Von Bulow had a few days before denied the existence of any relations between Dreyfus and Germany.

ANTI-SEMITE LEADERS.

Jules Guerin, the famous anti-Semite, is a strong man, thirty-five years of age, tall and very broad. Anger lurks always in his eye, his fist is perpetually pounding; among agitators he is the fiercest. Director of the "Ligue Anti-Semitique," editor of its organ, the Anti-Juif, he has to interest and entertain the 40,000 members of the first and the 80,000 readers of the second; he does all this sturdily and glories in it. What other leagues has its fencing-master, its doctor, its solicitor—generous fellows, my friends, too, inasmuch as their services are fee-less. What paper provides greater excitement that the Anti-Juif, with its fiery denunciations, bloodthirsty cartoons and poetic lies, its bets and invariable plea, "Francais n'achetez rien aux Juifs"? And who but M. Jules Guerin would be extravagant enough to invite his followers to frequent "evenings"—sociable affairs, at which everyone chats, smokes, sings and sips; stirring, too, for the "Marseillaise" is chanted after each anti-Semitic song and every anti-Semite speech. No committee aids M. Guerin. Now and then his good camarades, Deroulede and Drumont, thunder a little at his "evenings," and help to send the audience home raging against the Government, flushed and furious; but neither are responsible for the organization of the league and its organ, M. Jules Guerin alone may truthfully claim the credit for it.

A MOST DANGEROUS MAN.

Callers wait on M. Guerin by the score every afternoon at five; he receives them in his cosy little study—sinister looking fellows and violent. Soon their voices rise, their fists go pounding. They plan a brawl for the next Dreyfusard meeting; an ovation for Guerin; a manifestation in favour of the army. And again it is Guerin who organises. Should his enemies attack him in his own quarters they would find him fully prepared. A rack of pistols is nailed to the wall, behind them, in a hidden but easily reached corner, stands a loaded gun. Says Guerin: "Let any man attack me here and I will bury him in my garden." Nor does he hesitate when the occasion presents itself to fight. When his carriage was surrounded by a mob in the Rue de Chabrol some time ago he charged into the midst of it and dispersed rioters and left with his formidable fists. He has conducted many a campaign in Algiers, in the provinces, and among the peasants. It has even been given out that he and Deroulede proposed holding anti-Semitic meetings during the present Dreyfus trial at Rennes, but their absence has most effectually changed all that. Many accuse him of being "Monsignore's" agent, a fervent Royalist, and of taking up anti-Semitism only as a blind. Edouard Drumont, M. Guerin has sown more hatred, done more harm, than even M. Deroulede; so considerable is his influence that he was described by the Prefet of Police as "the most dangerous man in France."

ROCHEFORT'S HOME.

More allied to Rochefort than to Drumont is the chief of the "Ligue Antisemitique"; both are freethinkers, whereas Drumont is the most ardent Catholic. Yet angry folk do not hover about Rochefort's home—near the Bois de Boulogne, a peaceful, shady retreat. Nurses pass his door, children gambol by, bowling their hoops; the atmosphere is cool and innocent. Nor does Henri Rochefort himself impress you as a particularly fiery soul, but as a benevolent old gentleman, fond of his hearth amiable and courteous. Robed in a dressing-gown he will narrate his London experience, refer lovingly to Christie's, where he bought countless "bibelots," and only flush and pull his silver tuft when asked about Captain Dreyfus. Had he taken up the Captain's cause, he will tell you, he would now be worth millions; and, warming to his subject, treats his visitor to a long and eloquent discourse on the "villanies of the syndicate." Every one is bought, according to M. Rochefort. France's ministers, judges, journalists, all Dreyfusards, in short, are dishonourable men. Never was there such buying; never were so many people bought! After Longchamps, a Dreyfusard manifestation was planned to take place outside his door; but, adds Rochefort with a smile, "it heard that I and my friends were waiting with a hose, and soon abandoned that portion of its ignoble programme." Calmer again, Rochefort shows you his pictures, furniture, busts, embroideries, treasures, and seeing you to the door, warmly shakes your hand, and retires to write a violent leader for the Intransigeant.

EDOUARD DRUMONT.

M. Drumont had severe struggles in his youth. Installed au sixieme, he contributed to reviews that never paid, and wrote books and plays that were neither published nor represented. He dined in cremeries, where food is cheap, but bad; and eventually became the protege of a kindly Jewish family. Years later, when he had published his powerful, preposterous book, "La France Juive," and taken charge of his rather despicable paper, La Libre Parole, he encountered a friend on the Boulevards who had known him in his youth. "My congratulations," said the friend. "Once you ate the bread of the Jews, and now you are trying to eat up your benefactors whole." Like Jules Guerin, M. Drumont employs original measures to prejudice Paris against the Jews. He has anti-Semitic books published, and distributes them free of charge; also illustrated pamphlets, in a simpler style, for kindergartens and schools. Any one may apply for these gifts; M. Drumont will post you as many as you like, and even pay the postage. His outlay on claques, too, must be considerable. Wherever he goes he is accompanied by a sinister band, whose duties are to cheer him and create a brawl. After the avenue Wagram riot these hirelings admitted that M. Drumont paid them two francs a day for their services; the Dreyfusard press, amused, dubbed them "les quarante sous."



JOHN Y. McKANE.

(See Page 11.)

HANDLED MORE GRAIN.

An Excess of Nearly Three Million Bushels

EXPORTED BY WAY OF COTEAU AND MONTREAL THIS SEASON.

The amount of grain which has gone through the Coteau elevator this summer is far in excess of the same period in 1898, and this interests Montreal business men, inasmuch as the same grain is brought through to the port of Montreal, and is transhipped from here to Europe.

During May, June, July and August of this year the total amount of grain put through the Coteau elevator amounted to 4,331,908 bushels, according to the figures forwarded to Mr. R. S. White, collector of customs. This is 2,907,538 bushels in excess of the same amount put through in the corresponding month last year.

These figures do not take into account 114,000 bushels of oats put through locally and therefore not figuring in the books of the customs department.

There were two grains which did not figure at all in last year's receipts. These were barley and rye. The former amounted to 1,26,668 bushels, and the latter to 58,706 bushels for the four months already mentioned.

The excess of corn this year was upwards of a million bushels, and the excess of wheat almost a million.

All this, of course, means incidentally a very large increase of freight for the Canada-Atlantic the present season.

LOCOMOTIVE FIREMEN.

The Joint Protective Board of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen of the Canadian Pacific Railway, which has been in session at the Grand Union Hotel, concluded its sessions yesterday afternoon. Mr. E. M. Sawyer, of Winnipeg, has been re-elected chairman of the board, and Mr. W. E. Stiffins, of Farnham, secretary-treasurer.

LOOKING FOR HER UNCLES.

A letter was received this morning addressed to His Worship, the Mayor, from Mrs. Bridget E. Barry, of Kowhegan, Me., asking for information as to the whereabouts of her uncles Martin and James Hickey, who when last heard from resided in Montreal. The letter has been handed to the Chief of Police to make enquiries.

Special Notice.

Improvements at the Laurentian.

During the past few months many improvements have been introduced at the Laurentian Baths—more particularly in the Turkish and Electric Bath departments.

The popularity of the Turkish Bath at the Laurentian has become widely known, not only amongst the citizens of Montreal, but throughout the province—many out-of-town people coming especially to take a course of baths and treatment on advice of their physicians.

There are many advantages enjoyed by patrons of the Laurentian, which are not found in any other bathing establishment in Canada. It is becoming generally known that the copious drinking of the Laurentian spring water, in addition to the baths, has a wonderfully beneficial effect in disorders of the stomach, liver and kidneys, etc. The Electric Bath department has also been enlarged. During the past year many of our citizens have received the most gratifying results from the electrical treatment, and the management receive a limited number of patients in this department, who are treated free of charge, every morning from 9 till 11. The Laurentian is certainly a credit to Montreal.

"Do You Know Why" we pack and sell

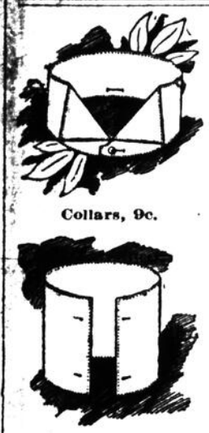
"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

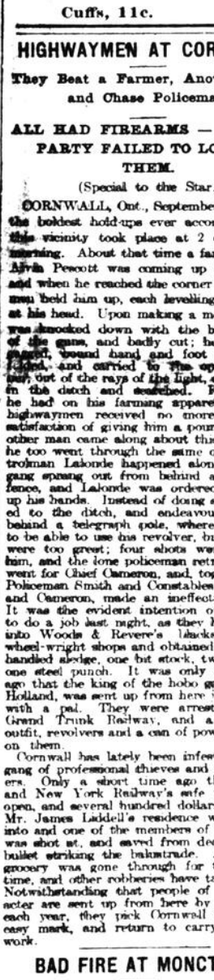
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FALL HATS 1899.

A complete line of Soft and Stiff Felt Hats is now ready for your inspection. In addition to the established shapes will be found the latest novelties.

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HIGHWAYMEN AT CORNWALL.

They Beat a Farmer, Another Man and Chase Policeman.

ALL HAD FIREARMS — SEARCH PARTY FAILED TO LOCATE THEM.

(Special to the Star.)

CORNWALL, Ont., September 7.—One of the boldest hold-ups ever accomplished in this vicinity took place at 2 o'clock this morning. About that time a farmer named Alvin Prescott was coming up Pitt street, and when he reached the corner Third, four men held him up, each levelling a revolver at his head. Upon making a move Prescott was knocked down with the butt of one of the guns, and badly cut; he was then gagged, bound hand and foot and blindfolded, and carried to the opposite corner, out of the rays of the light, and thrown in the ditch and searched. Fortunately, he had on his farming apparel, and the highwaymen received no more than the satisfaction of giving him a pounding. Another man came along about this time, and he too went through the same ordeal. Patrolman Lalonde happened along, and the gang sprang out from behind a bill-board fence, and Lalonde was ordered to throw up his hands. Instead of doing so he jumped to the ditch, and endeavored to get behind a telegraph pole, where he hoped to be able to use his revolver, but the odds were too great; four shots were fired at him, and the lone policeman retreated. He went for Chief Cameron, and, together with Policeman Smith and Constables Johnstone and Cameron, made an ineffectual search. It was the evident intention of the gang to do a job last night, as they had broken into Woods & Revere's blacksmith and wheel-wright shops and obtained one short-handled sledge, one bit stock, two bits and one steel punch. It was only two weeks ago that the king of the hobo gang, Henry Holland, was sent up from here in company with a pal. They were arrested by the Grand Trunk Railway, and a burglars' outfit, revolvers and a can of powder, found on them.

Cornwall has lately been infested with a gang of professional thieves and safe crackers. Only a short time ago the Ottawa and New York Railway's safe was blown open, and several hundred dollars obtained. Mr. James Liddell's residence was broken into and one of the members of the family was shot at, and saved from death by the bullet striking the balustrade. Anderson's grocery was gone through for the fourth time, and other robberies have taken place. Notwithstanding that people of this character are sent up from here by the dozen each year, they pick Cornwall out as an easy mark, and return to carry on their work.

BAD FIRE AT MONCTON.

The Lower Part of the Town Had a Narrow Escape This Morning.

(Special to the Star.)

MONCTON, N. B., September 7. — The lower part of this town had a narrow escape from destruction this morning. Fire broke out during a high wind in the outbuildings of James Flannagan's residence on Steadman street and spread with great rapidity. Mr. Flannagan's residence was destroyed, and those of W. B. McKenzie, chief engineer Intercolonial Railway, and Mr. Thompson, more or less damaged. The loss is about $8000, pretty well covered by insurance. It was only by great effort and the fortunate course of the wind that a serious conflagration was averted.

THE WARSHIPS COMING.

They Leave Halifax To-morrow After noon En Route to Montreal

(Special to the Star.)

HALIFAX, N. S., September 7.—H. M. S. Crescent, H. M. S. Pearle, H. M. S. Talbot and the torpedo boat destroyer, Quail, leave here to-morrow afternoon at 5 for Montreal.

THE COTEAU STRIKE.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, September 7. — A report has reached here that the Canada Atlantic freight shed hands at Coteau Landing have gone on strike.

Mr. Morley Donaldson, General Superintendent of the Company, was seen in regard to this. "I don't care to say anything," he said, "except that we have been giving good average pay. We have been giving $1.25 per day right along. There are twenty-five freight shed men and these have all struck. Fourteen elevator men have also gone on strike, but that is not the entire staff. Some of these refused to strike. We have a full quota of men working to-day. I cannot say that I apprehend any further trouble."

WOMEN SUFFRAGE REJECTED.

(Special to the Star.)

MELBOURNE, September 7. — The Legislative Council of Victoria yesterday rejected the bill for the enfranchisement of women. A similar measure became law in West Australia a fortnight ago.

THE LAKES OF KILLARNEY.

Sir Thomas Lipton Makes an Offer for the Estate.

HE WOULD VEST THE PROPERTY IN TRUSTEES FOR THE IRISH PEOPLE.

(Special to the Star.)

LONDON, September 7.—The announcement is made that Sir Thomas Lipton has offered $250,000 for the Lakes of Killarney. If the offer is accepted he intends to make a present of the estate to the Irish people. It is his intention to vest the title of the property in the hands of trustees, who will forever maintain and preserve it as Irish National property.

NEW YORK, September 7.—Sir Thomas Lipton was asked yesterday whether the above report from London was correct.

"Yes, sir, it is," he replied. "I made an offer to purchase the beautiful Muckross estate from the Standard Insurance Co., of Scotland. They held a mortgage on the property and recently foreclosed. I offered $250,000, and if they accept it, I intend presenting the estate and the lakes it includes to the Irish people. I have not heard yet whether my offer has been accepted, but I hope it will be. I am very anxious that this charming piece of nature be preserved to Ireland and I would also like the preserving of it to belong to Irishmen, rather than allow it to fall into the hands of foreigners."

YUKON COUNCIL CHANGES.

Major Perry Succeeds Inspector Steele —The Liquor Permits Question.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, September 7—His Excellency the Governor-General has been pleased to approve the appointment of Edward C. Senkler, the present gold commissioner, and Major Aylesworth B. Perry of the North-West Mounted Police, as members of the Yukon Council. Major Perry succeeds Inspector Steele on the Council. Mr. Clement, the present legal adviser, has also been appointed public administrator with the duties of looking after the estates of deceased persons and persons of unsound mind, etc.

As regards the issuing of liquor permits it will be remembered that whilst the Yukon was a portion of the North-West Territories, the power to issue these permits lay with the Lieutenant-Governor of the Territories in Council. Just before the passage trough the Federal House of the Yukon bill the North-West authorities, to obtain revenue, issued an inordinate quantity. After the passage of the North-West bill the power to issue permits was given to Commissioner Ogilvy, but the first thing the Government heard was that he had issued an enormous number with a view to obtaining money for hospitals, sanitary works, etc. Then his power was cancelled and by the act of last session it was reposed in the Minister of Interior. It is expected that Mr. Sifton will very shortly nominate somebody in his department to whom the work of issuing permits will be entrusted.

BIG HOTEL BURNED.

NEW YORK, September 7.—The Garden City Hotel, at Garden City, L.I., was burned this morning. All of the 100 guests got out safely. The volunteer fire department of the neighbouring towns endeavoured to save the building from total destruction, but were unsuccessful. The loss including the furnishings will be nearly a quarter of a million. The hotel is understood not to have been insured.

A FIRE AT VAUDREUIL.

The Fire Department received a telegraph call for help from Vaudreuil at 3 o'clock this morning, and sent one steamer and a reel to the Bonaventure station, when the following other telegram was received, which caused the steamer and reel to return to their fire station:

VAUDREUIL, Sept. 7, 1899.

(Time, 3.40 a.m.)

Chief Benoit,

Montreal.

We have fire now under control. Will not require your services. Many thanks for your offer of assistance.

(Signed) W. R. DAVIS.

The fire was in a barn in the outskirts of the village, and it was feared that it would communicate to the grain in the field, and destroy acres of good crops.

MARTELL & CO.'S.

COGNAC, FRANCE. - ESTABLISHED 1715.

Fine Old BRANDIES

For sale by all leading Grocers and Wine-Merchants. 77651 Mon

CANCER And Tumors cured to stay cured, at home; no knife, plaster or pain. For Canadian testimonials & 130-page book—free, write Dept. 8, MASON MEDICINE Co., 377 Sherbourne Street, Toronto Ontario.

BILLIARD.

XXth CENTURY ELECTRIC CUSHIONS

Are the latest improved Billiard Cushion New substance, and new forms, in the rubber. They are without equal for perfection in every respect. Order them if you want the BEST.

Large assortment of BILLIARD TABLES for sale CHEAP.

R. L. STRIKER & CO., Billiard Mfg. 35 St. Denis St. Montreal

WILL LOWER RATES.

Lloyds Will Shortly Do so, Says a London Broker.

The Increase Attributed to the Number of Accidents, He Says.

Mr. Matthew Jones, of the firm of Matthew Jones & Co., shipping, insurance and passage brokers, and forwarding agents, of London and Birmingham, in association with Lloyds, is in Montreal, staying at the Windsor. Mr. Jones says that the present high rates of marine insurance on shipping by the St. Lawrence route will be lowered within a short time to approximately their old basis.

The action of Lloyds in raising the rates on marine insurance for the St. Lawrence route has been a source of considerable injury to the shipping of the port of Montreal, increasing the expenses of shipping coming there, and hurting the reputation of the port. At the time the rise in rates took place it was generally felt by shipping men here that the discrimination was unduly high, and it was urged that the Canadian Government should use its influence to induce Lloyds to lower the new rates.

In conversation with a reporter for the Star this morning, Mr. Jones said that the rates would soon be lowered as a natural result of the small number of claims which had had to be paid on St. Lawrence shipping during the present season. Insurance rates always find their level, and rise and fall according to the risks involved. Just previous to the advance made by Lloyds there had been a succession of serious accidents to shipping connected with North American ports, and it was as a result of heavy claims paid that the rates had been put up.

Mr. Jones says that the absence of such claims during the past few months will bring the rates down as surely as these frequency had brought them up. Whenever it is seen that there is money in certain insurance risks there is certain to be competition in securing the paying investments. Risks on St. Lawrence business had been worth money this year, and, of course, they would cost less next year in consequence. If Lloyds did not reduce them other companies would, and Lloyds knew it.

Mr. Jones is spending a month or more in this country, and in the United States. Mr. Montreal he goes to Toronto, after which he will spend a few days with friends in New York.

"He eye like the master's eye." You are master of your health, and if your blood is out of order you should take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HERCULES Wire Beds

The Life Insurance Co's

If approached would doubtless unqualifiedly recommend Hercules Wire Beds to their policy holders. They want you to live and pay premiums. It doesn't pay them to have you die.

Hercules helps to longevity of life!

Gold Medal Furniture Mfg. Co., Ltd., Montreal and Toronto.

NEWS OF THE CITY.

FOUND DEAD.—Mrs. Paul Payant, an old lady—seventy-four years of age, was found dead in her bed by her grandson at her home, 105 Montana street, yesterday morning. The coroner disposed of the case without a jury, as death was due to senility.

COUNCILLOR RESIGNS.—Mr. Max Desautels, councillor of the Municipality of Delorimier, will resign. On his proposition the Council has decided to stop all proceedings in the law suit against Mr. Perron so that he will take his seat again in the council without any more delay. Mr. Desautels had been elected to replace Mr. Jeffries.

MRS. MOWAT'S DEATH.—The coroner on hearing the facts, did not deem it necessary to hold an inquest into the death of Mrs. J. Mowat, (nee Elizabeth Wilkie) which occurred at the residence of Mr. W. T. Dryden, 83 Conway street, on Monday. The old lady who was over 80 years old, was sitting in her chair knitting a sock when death came; the thimble was still upon her finger when she was found. Notwithstanding her advanced age she supported herself and was not in any way dependent on charity as has been stated. She possessed remarkable strength of character and independence, and insisted on earning her own living, which she did to the last.

STREET CAR COLLISION—Car No. 1 of the St. Lawrence street route, belonging to the Montreal street railway company, was coming St. Catherine street at a quarter past ten last evening, when it came into collision with another car, the motormen having apparently lost control of the apparatus at the moment. One of the passengers, George Brown, was seated on the front platform of the car when it came into contact with the other car, and he was either thrown or jumped to the ground. Anyhow, he landed on his head and rendered unconscious for some time. George Brown was conveyed to his home on Dorchester street, and later his family were notified to come and get him. He was attended by the Hospital ambulance, which was summoned by telephone from the Central Station, which was driving on the spot.

BETTING CHANGING.

New Yorkers are Getting More and More Afraid of the New Green Challenger.

SHE MADE VERY FINE SHOWING.

Sir Thomas Lipton Says He Wants That Cup as it Has Been Long Enough in America.

NEW YORK, September 7.

Oh! Ireland dear and did you hear
The news that's going round,
Pat has challenged for the cup
And an Irish crew is found;
The yacht they call the Shamrock,
She'll sail from Dublin Bay
Shure, be jabers! Mr. Yankee
Keep your steamers out of the way.

Chorus.

Oh! the flagon of the Queen,
Oh! the flagon of the Queen,
Pat's the boy to fight for
The flagon of the Queen;
The yacht they call the Shamrock,
No finer ne'er was seen,
Say farewell, Mr. Yankee,
To the flagon of the Queen.

This is the latest song composed by one of Sir Thomas Lipton's Cingalese attendants, named Sanapathigay Aluciaus Matthew Rodrigo. For economical reasons, Sir Thomas calls him "Murphy." Murphy has composed a song, and, by his employer's request, he sang it to the reporters. The air is that of "The Wearing of the Green."

Following is the betting:

In London—7 to 4 offered by New Yorkers on Columbia, eagerly accepted by Lipton's friends by cable.

In New York—First odds of 2 to 1 on Columbia now shortened up 5 to 4.

Little betting so far, but plenty of it expected when the Shamrock delegation arrives from England to back their boat.

* * * *

The brilliant performances of Shamrock in her trial spins off Sandy Hook will give a stimulus to betting on the international event to-morrow, which up to now has been somewhat dormant. When Lord Chief Justice Russell and others of the Lipton party arrive there will be plenty of wagering. So great has been the American confidence in Columbia that no one cares to lay a wager against her, even at long odds.

Shamrock's trials will, in the course of a few days, strengthen her stock considerably in public estimation. Only the few yachting sharps who have followed Shamrock in the press tug during the past few days have had opportunity to witness her performances. It must be confessed that the Irish challenger proved a surprise even to them.

Four of these, after a day's following in the wake of the Shamrock, were discussing last night, around the dinner table, the question of betting, endeavouring to fix some standard of odds, based on their own judgment after witnessing trials of both American and English yachts.

Previous to this the only talk in sporting and yachting circles concerning betting has been an expressed willingness on the part of some New Yorkers to lay 2 to 1 on the Columbia. It is not recorded, however, that any wagers of importance have been made even at these odds. Patriotism has kept the ordinary citizen from betting against his own country's boat, and the prices have been held off until they could find out something about the foreign challenger.

I SUGGEST 5 TO 4 ON COLUMBIA.

Basing their discussion on the proposition that 2 to 1 on Columbia were the prevailing odds, the experts were unanimous in their opinion that such odds were too high; that Shamrock, judged from her performances, was certainly worth a higher rating, and that barring unexpected change of form between each and race day, 2 to 1 against Shamrock would be a good bet to take up every time.

The chief of the sharpers who has followed cup racers for many years, was for a time in doubt whether Shamrock's form did not entitle her to even money, and on the spur of the moment a small bet was laid at that figure.

It was finally determined, however, that from an American point of view Columbia was worth small odds; say 5 to 4 on, as she has demonstrated so great superiority over Defender that Shamrock will have to be a marvel to beat her.

There has been absolutely no betting in England up to date on the yachts. It is expected that as the time for the races draws nearer there will be considerable wagering in London, and the bookmakers will open books on the event.

Sir Thomas Lipton never bets.

"I never wagered a shilling in my life," he said yesterday to a reporter.

"But I am much interested in the question of gentlemanly wagers, for it shows how the boats are regarded. I don't think you New Yorkers will be inclined to stick to very long odds on Columbia. We have a boat here that will surprise you. It isn't always safe to wager against a dark horse, and the Shamrock is a dark horse. I think

FIFTY YEARS OLD

Why let your neighbors know it?

And why give them a chance to guess you are even five or ten years more?

Better give them good reasons for guessing the other way. It is very easy; for nothing tells of age so quickly as gray hair.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

is a youth-renewer.

It hides the age under a luxuriant growth of hair the color of youth.

It never fails to restore color to gray hair. It will stop the hair from coming out also.

It feeds the hair bulbs. Thin hair becomes thick hair, and short hair becomes long hair.

It cleanses the scalp; removes all dandruff, and prevents its formation.

We have a book on the hair which we will gladly send you free.

under water, was noticed even more forcibly on Tuesday. In the breeze that prevailed she heeled at an angle of about 18 degrees, or fully three degrees further than during Monday's trial, yet her decks were never under water, and were wet only from the flying spray that drifted across like spindrift from her weather bow.

The same absence of a following quarter wave was also noticeable, and although she was driven into heavy seas she appeared to ride over them without any appreciable lessening of her speed.

Under a spinnaker, which said she spread for the first time, her bow was lifted perceptibly, and at times the downward curve of her forefoot was visible. Her stern buried somewhat under Tuesday's weather conditions when running before the breeze, but although the water at times climbed up to within three feet of her after rail, the following wave that was looked for to act as a drag, and which is noticeable to a degree in the Columbia, was conspicuous by its small proportions. Even then there was little solid water in it, only a wake of bubbling foam.

Her spinnaker is a well-cut sail and a tribute of the ability of Mr. Ratsey to carve balloon canvas as well as other styles of driving sails. It was an immense expanse extending from the golden ball on her truck to extreme out board end of the long spinnaker pole and shooting some distance to leeward and the centre line of her deck in order to catch any zephyr that might possibly be spilled around the luff of the mainsail.

During the afternoon a small No. 1 jib topsail of silk, similar in colour and texture to the big balloon jib topsail of the schooner Colonia, was sent aloft. It failed to set well, the trouble apparently being that it was sheeted too far forward to permit of the best draught. It was doused after scarcely more than ten minutes.

Altogether, the consensus of opinion among experts who saw the yacht under sail yesterday was that the Irish cup-hunter was more dangerous as an opponent for the Columbia than was at first supposed, and the good impression the craft had already made in her first trial was strengthened.

COLUMBIA A WONDER.

Grand Exhibition of the New Defender's Sailing Qualities.

NEWPORT, R. I., September 7.—In the finest kind of a sailing breeze Tuesday, the Columbia defeated the Defender three minutes and eleven seconds over a twenty-mile course—ten miles to windward and return. She rounded the windward mark two minutes and thirty-three seconds ahead of the Defender, besides making up a handicap at the start of thirty-one seconds.

On the run home, with spinnakers set, she gained thirty-eight seconds over her rival. The wind was about eight knots from southeast by south, at the start, and freshened steadily as the afternoon wore on, so that the boats finished in a twelve knot breeze. There were only two or three yachts outside to witness the race, because of the horse show and other social attractions. The new boat had the worst of the start, but there was a grand exhibition of the sailing qualities in the Columbia. For fifteen minutes the two yachts were side by side, their clouds of white canvas glittering in the sun and rails well awash, presenting an unrivalled marine picture. Then followed two or three quick manoeuvres, and presto! the relative positions of the two contestants were changed and the new boat took the lead.

The race was for a cup offered by Managing Owner C. Oliver Iselin's father-in-law, Colonel William Goddard, of Providence, and was managed by the New York Yacht Club Regatta Committee, using Harrison H. Moore's steam yacht Margarita for a flagship. It was given out last night that the race was to be over a course fifteen miles to windward or leeward and return, but, owing to the lateness of the hour at which the boats would cross if so long a course was sailed, the committee shortened it to twenty miles.

The Columbia bent on a new mainsail of lighter weight canvas than any she has previously used, and it was to test the new cloth that the race was sailed. She also had a new forestaysail of the same weight duck as the mainsail. It may be said that the new mainsail was the finest fitting one that the Columbia has ever had. A close inspection gave the impression that it was a little longer at the hoist than the one used Monday. It is not any longer on the boom or gaff than the other, but comes well out on the two steel spars, and will not admit of much hauling out should it stretch any more. On the windward work the canvas set like a board. There were four wooden battens in the leach, and there are rows of reef points for a half and single reefs only.

The new staysail stood the test thoroughly also, and seemed a little larger than the old one. The topsail and jibtopsail were the same as used in Monday's race, but there was a noticeable improvement in the set of the former. The Defender had the only accident of the day, the splitting of her jibtopsail when hall over the windward leg.

The fact that the Defender got the best of the start was due to the clever work of Captain Rhodes, and all over the course he handled his ship in better shape than did Captain Barr, of the Columbia. Barr was inclined to pinch his boat a little too much, and he made several more tacks than there was need of, and overstood the turning mark quite a little.

As regards handling of sails, honours were about even, both crews setting spinnakers in exactly the same length of time, but Rhodes had the Defender's baloonser drawing better down the wind.

GETTING READY FOR NEXT YEAR.

(Special to the Star.)

LONDON, September 7.—The Thorneycrofts have been approached concerning the construction of a new cup challenger, in case Shamrock is beaten.

LAWN TENNIS.

THE CHAMPIONSHIP TOURNEY.

Results of Yesterday Afternoon's Play.

Play was continued yesterday afternoon in the championship lawn tennis tournament. One pair of the contestants in the championship played. A. C. Brown, Toronto, defeated H. L. Fuller, 6-1, 6-2, 6-2.

These results were arrived at:

Handicap Singles.

W. A. Dark beat Dr. Grafton (default.)

Radford (scratch) beat O. M. Sharpe (rec. 15), 6-4, 6-4.

A. Skitton, (rec. 15) beat J. W. Rose (rec. 15), 6-3, 6-3.

H. Scrutton, (scratch) beat H. N. Gowan (rec. 15), 6-4, 6-4.

Dr. Grafton (rec. 15) beat N. Larmonth (rec. 15), 6-4, 6-4.

H. Young (scratch) beat Walter Dart (rec. 15), 6-2, 6-2.

AMERICAN CUP RACES—Sir Thomas Lipton Speaking on the Erin.



"I never wagered a shilling in my life."

"Take off your caps, gentlemen, and wave in answer to their cheer (as an excursion boat passes).

"If you beat Shamrock you beat Britain."

"To be sure, I have come here to lift your cup, but you treat me as if I had come to save your lives."

"If we don't get the cup we can try again next year."

WHITE BEAR HAS IT.

The Challenge of the Minneapolis Club For the Seawanhaka Cup Has Been Accepted.

BY THE R. ST. L. Y.C. COMMITTEE

The Boats Must be More Substantial in Future Contests for This Trophy.



THE challenge of the White Bear Yacht Club, of Minneapolis, for the Seawanhaka international challenge cup for small yachts, has been accepted by the Royal St. Lawrence Yacht Club.

This was done last night at the meeting of the Sailing Committee of the club, which was held at the club-house, at Dorval, there being present Mr. Harrison B. Young, Mr. J. J. Riley, jr., Prof. Capper and Mr. Bolton, which gentlemen constitute the committee.

There were two challenges received by the club, and these were laid before the committee for their consideration. One was from the White Bear Yacht Club, of Minneapolis, and the other was from the Bridgeport Yacht Club, of Bridgeport, Conn. These were the only challenges which had been received. There had been some communication with the owner of the Genesse, which had won the Canada cup in contest with the Beaver, of Toronto, but no official letter had been received from the Rochester Yacht Club, which was mentioned in the preliminary wire. These two challenges being put before the gentlemen, there was an unanimous disposition to immediately accept that of the White Bear Club. The sportsmanlike conduct of the representatives of that club when they were there in the spring with the Yankee to race Mr. Duggan's Dominion, was remembered, and the knowledge that had been gained of them

STOOD IN THEIR FAVOUR,

in this instance. This challenge had been put in the hands of the club immediately after the Genesera III. had finished the fifth and last race in the last series between the Seawanhaka Club and the Royal St. Lawrence Yacht Club. No challenge was received from the Seawanhaka Yacht Club, although it had been given out on authority that Mr. Regis Post had a challenge written and in his pocket on the last day of the races. It was thought, however, that the latter gentleman might have challenged on behalf of another club of which he is a member.

An important decision was arrived at in connection with the holder of the cup, the Royal St. Lawrence Yacht Club, in this instance, may stipulate within certain limits regarding the type of boat eligible to sail. It has decided that a more substantial class of boat should in future sail in these contests, a twenty-foot boat to defend the cup. This was done in order to have a more solid class of boat built for such contests.

The result of the meeting of the Sailing Committee will be brought before the members of the Royal St. Lawrence Yacht Club, and a general meeting of that body will be held in the near future, when the deliberations of the committee will be laid before them for their consideration.

RUGBY.

ALL ARE AT WORK.

The Local Kickers Getting Into Trim.

All the local rugby teams are pretty busy now and there have been big turn-outs at the preliminary practices. The Brits have been doing good work in this direction and have had more men out than any other club. Their practices yesterday morning and this morning were favoured with large numbers of players.

The Brits practices will take place every Monday, Wednesday and Thursday mornings, so that if there are intending players who are wishful to join in the game, they know when to put in an appearance.

PIMPLES CURED BY Cuticura SOAP

The most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery. It is the only preventive of pimples, blackheads, red, rough, and oily skin, red, rough hands with shapeless nails, dry, thin, and falling hair, and simple, baby blemishes. It is so because it strikes at the cause of most complexional disfigurations, viz., THE CLOGGED, INACTIVE, INFLAMED, OVERWORKED, OR SLUGGISH PORES.

My face was covered with a pimply, suppurated, itching skin. After using CUTICURA SOAP for six weeks my skin was in a remarkable change, all the pimples were gone, my skin getting as soft as velvet.

H. CROMIE, 316 Melrose St., Chicago, Ill.

I was troubled with pimples, especially on the chin and forehead. I tried several famous remedies, but as they proved to be of no value, I decided to use CUTICURA SOAP, and in six weeks I was entirely rid of them.

HENRY F. DARLEY,
4611 St. Paulina St., Chicago, Ill.

My face was covered with pimples and blackheads. Some would be all red, and others would be full of white matter. The blackheads would be all over my face. I spent about ten dollars for soaps, medicines, etc., but they never did me any good. I used CUTICURA SOAP, and in only four weeks time it gave me a new face.

JOSEPH R. CLARK,
40 Cedar St., Rochester, N. Y.

BABY HUMOURS

cured by CUTICURA SOAP, when all else fails.

THE BASEBALL DIAMOND.

THE STARS WON.

Loose Work in Yesterday's Game.

Costly errors lost yesterday's game for Montreal. There was much loose work and it was a poor exhibition at best.

Bishop was in the box for Syracuse, and Montreal found him effective on all save the sixth and seventh innings when they touched him up quite freely. Bishop was in great luck, however, for in the earlier innings of the game liner after liner went straight into the fielders' hands. Syracuse got two in the first off Wrigley's double, Schiebeck's error on Shannon's grounder, Jacklitz's high throw to second, and Chalhoun's single which Schiebeck should have got.

Four more came in the second. With two out Steelman was hit, Bishop singled, Lynch hit for two bags, Steelman scoring, Wrigley singled, and he and Lynch worked a double steal. Shannon hit for two bags scoring. Souders was taken out and Felix substituted. He had the Stars at his mercy, not a hit being made off him until the eighth. Then, after he had passed Shannon, and with two out Hargrave singled. Shannon and Hargrave attempted a double steal. Shannon would have been an easy out, but Henry in throwing to Jacklitz hit him with the ball, and he scored the winning run.

Montreal could do nothing with Bishop until the sixth. Then Moran singled, and Johnson hit for two bags. Moran scored on a passed ball. Henry singled and Johnson scored. Richter was hit Jacklitz was safe on Dundon's fumble filling three bases. Dundon couldn't hold Felix's hit, and Henry scored. Schiebeck forced Richter at the plate, and Jacklitz was retired when he also attempted to score on Steelman's unsuccessful attempt to make a double play at first.

In the seventh, singles by Moran, Johnson, Dooley and Henry, and a balk gave Montreal three more. Montreal almost scored in the ninth, Moran, who was passed, being stranded on third base.

SYRACUSE.

	A.B.	R.	1B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Lynch 2b	4	1	1	1	1	0
Wrigley, s.s.	5	2	2	3	2	0
Shannon, l.f.	5	2	1	2	0	0
Calhoun, 3b	4	0	1	0	1	0
Griffin, r.f.	4	0	1	2	1	0
Hargrove, c.f.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Dundon, 3b	4	0	0	1	3	2
Steelman, c.	4	0	1	10	2	0
Bishop, p	4	1	0	2	2	0
Total	36	7	7	*26	14	3

MONTREAL.

	A.B.	R.	1B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Schiebeck, s.s.	5	0	0	2	6	2
Odwell, c.f.	5	0	1	3	0	0
Moran, r.f.	3	2	2	2	0	0
Johnson, 2b	4	2	2	2	3	0
Dooley, 1b	5	0	1	12	1	0
Henry, 3b	4	1	1	1	2	1
Richter, l.f.	3	0	1	2	0	0
Jacklitz, c.	4	0	1	3	1	1
Souders, p	4	0	0	0	3	0
Felix, p	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	36	5	10	27	16	4

Score by innings:

Syracuse	2	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	1—7
Montreal	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0—4

SUMMARY.

Stolen base, Lynch, Wrigley and Moran. Sacrifice hit, Johnson. Two base hits, Lynch, Wrigley, Shannon and Johnson. First base on balls, Bishop 2; Felix 3; struck out, by Bishop 4, Felix 2; hit by pitcher, by Bishop 1, Souders 1; balk, Bishop; double plays, Griffin to Lynch, Bishop to Steelman to Calhoun; to Steelman; passed ball, Steelman; left on bases, Syracuse 3, Montreal 8. Time 1.50. Umpire, O'Neill. Attendance, 800.

*Odwell out, hit by batted ball.

THE EASTERN LEAGUE.

At Toronto—

Toronto	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	3	8 7
Rochester	1	1	5	0	0	2	0	0	5	15 2

Batteries—Williams and Butler; Bowen and Smink.

Second game—

Toronto	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	6 7 3
Rochester	1	1	2	0	0	3	0	2	0	9 12 1

Batteries—Sudhoff and Butler; Becker and Smith.

At Springfield—

Providence	0	0	4	4	0	1	1	8	1	—22 20 0
Springfield	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	—3 11 12

Batteries—Dunkie and Lamar; McDermott and Gunson.

At Worcester—

Worcester	1	0	1	0	0	0	3	2	x—	6 11 3
Hartford	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0—	2 9 2

Batteries — Miller and Bransfield; Sebrist and Urquhart.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

Club.	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Rochester	71	41	.634
Toronto	69	42	.539
Worcester	58	51	.532
Toronto	54	54	.500
Springfield	53	56	.481
Hartford	50	56	.472
Providence	54	62	.466
Syracuse	38	68	.358

Suffered Five Years

With Palpitation and Pain in the Heart.

A Berlin gentleman's statement of his cure of serious Heart and Nerve trouble through the use of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

The great number of deaths we read of day by day, which are the result of heart failure, should put every one on his guard to keep that most vital organ of the body in a perfectly healthy condition.

On the slightest indication of any heart trouble, palpitation, fluttering, skip beats, weakness of the pulse, dizzy or faint spells; numbness of the hands or feet, Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills should be taken.

They have saved many a life and are daily proving themselves the greatest benefactors of mankind.

One after another, grateful for the blessing of life spared and health restored, is coming forward and speaking a word for this splendid remedy.

To-day Mr. F. W. Meyers, King street east, Berlin, Ont., gives a history of his case in the following words:

"Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are the best remedy for heart and nerve trouble on the market. I suffered for five years with palpitation, shortness of breath, sleeplessness and pain in the heart, but one box of these pills completely removed all these distressing symptoms. I have since suffered about taking them, and now sleep well, and feel strong and vigorous."

Not only do Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills cure heart disease, but by their action on the blood, which they build up and strengthen, the weak, worn out, run down system, and impart vigor and vitality to every organ of the body.

Price 50c. a box, or 3 for $1.25, at all druggists. T. Milburn & Co., Toronto, Ont.

THE KENNEL.

THE CANADIAN CLUB.

(Special to the Star.)

TORONTO, September 7.—The annual meeting of the Canadian Kennel Club was held here yesterday. The secretary's report showed a large increase in membership during the past year. Officers were elected as follows: President, John G. Kent, Toronto; secretary-treasurer, H. B. Donovan; 1st vice-president, Dr. J. S. Niven, London; vice-presidents, F. T. Miller (Ottawa), Jas. A. Lemaire (Montreal), E. E. Collins (Windsor), Rev. W. Fletcher (Victoria, B.C.); executive committee, Dr. Wesley Mills (Queenspark), P. G. Keyes (Ottawa), Geo. Gooderham, W. P. Fraser, A. A. Macdonald, Dr. A. Scobbie and A. E. Kemp (Toronto), Jas. Bertram (Dundas), Dr. Hall (Kingston), Rev. Geo. Grasett (Hamilton).

THE LACROSSE FIELD.

SATURDAY'S MATCH.

Shamrocks in Good Trim Again.

All things are moving very nicely for the big game between the Capitals and Shamrocks on Saturday and the prospects are that the people who will attend the match will witness one of the greatest battles ever seen on any lacrosse field in Canada. There is a silence in and around the camp of the big Ottawa'ites which is only broken by the clash of sticks at practice work. Paddy Green, the trainer of the Caps when in this city some days ago was very pronounced in expressing the opinion that his team would stir things up in a way which some of the people, who were certain that they had the championship easy, would not relish. He predicted the defeat of the Torontos when they visited Ottawa and he proved to be a true prophet. He now says that this Shamrocks will have to hustle and put up a better game than they did with the Cornwalls in order to win the championship. Green is a good man at his business, and despite the fact that he cannot size up a lacrosse player as quickly as Barney Dunphy of the Shamrocks he is a long-handed and valuable man to have near a team when the game is hard and fast. The Capitals have always given the Shamrocks a hard run in every game in the senior series for many years. If the lacrosse people would take the trouble to look over past records of both teams, they would be surprised to see how close up and neck style—the score has been in every match. The contest on Saturday will be no exception to the rule.

What are the Shamrocks' chances? is a remark now frequently heard on the streets where any number of the young people congregate. They know how uncertain are the ways of the players when matters are very close between them, the pointed enquiry. As far as the Shamrocks are concerned they may be short one man of the regular team, on the defence end. Who will take his place? That is the problem which the executive will have to solve. Intermediate and juniors there are galore, and all of their friends look upon them as stars, but when they are put out on the field against a senior man, of even only a little experience, alas! their shining qualities fade. The Shamrocks of course, have a slight advantage over the Caps, owing to the fact that the game will be played on their own grounds, but there are many people in this city, who do not think it will make much difference to the Caps as they can play their game away from home with as much vim as in Ottawa. The Shamrocks held a rattling practice yesterday afternoon in the presence of a few members of the executive. After the boys had taken their bath and the trainer had finished his rubbing, a Star reporter had a little chat with several of them. They felt in good trim, they said, and would certainly do their utmost to maintain their position against the Caps on Saturday. It is likely that William Pollock will be agreed to, by both sides, for referee.

MARKHAM WILL CHALLENGE.

(Special to the Star.)

TORONTO, Ont., September 7.—The World says to-day that it is the intention of the Markham club, the C. L. A. champions, to play the big league winners for the world's championship, either home and home games, or one game, say at Rochdale.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Chicago—										R.	H.	E.
Chicago	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—	4	11	3
Pittsburg	1	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	0—	5	10	1

Batteries—Garvin and Donahue; Leever and Bowerman.

At Boston—

Boston	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0—	3	9 4
Baltimore	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	2	—5	10	1

Batteries—Lewis and Bergen; Nops, Robinson and Smith.

At New York—

New York	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	4—	4	1	
Brooklyn	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	x—	6	11	4

Batteries—Doheny and O'Neill; McJames and Farrell.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

Club.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Brooklyn	82	37	.689
Philadelphia	74	46	.623
Boston	75	46	.613
Baltimore	68	48	.586
Cincinnati	68	52	.567
St. Louis	60	54	.500
Pittsburg	61	59	.508
Chicago	61	61	.500
Louisville	53	65	.449
New York	49	69	.415
Washington	41	77	.347
Cleveland	19	107	.150

LINERS.

"There is a great deal more in this talk of the new league than the outside public thinks," said a Baltimore player. "I believe it is a sure go. Two new clubs will started at St. Louis, Chicago and Philadelphia. They can get a couple of clubs from the Eastern League and a couple from the Western League, and thus have their circuit almost complete. I also hear they have enough money behind the plan to make a club in Washington a sure go. I understand it is the intention of the Washington club to have grounds across the river on Virginia soil, out near where the old winter merry-go-rounds at Alexandria and St. Asaph used to be.

Second League results:

At Buffalo—Buffalo, 8; Milwaukee, 7.

At Grand Rapids—Kansas City, 5; Grand Rapids, 0.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 6; Minneapolis, 4.

At Detroit—Detroit, 4; St. Paul, 3.

It is doubtful if there ever was such a batting team in the history of the League as the present Philadelphia combination. There have been a number of teams that had four or five clean A batsmen. The Detroits, champions of 1887 and 1888, were loaded with good batters. Now, while the Michigan team had a number of great batters, including White, Rowe, Richardson and Brouthers, they also had men on the infield and outfield and behind the bat who were only medium hitters. Take the present Philadelphia team, and it is a slugging team from first to last. Every outfielders has a batting average of over .350. Every man on the infield is hitting at over a .300 per cent. clip. Even the catchers of the Philadelphia team are high class batters. One of its catchers is batting up around the .380 mark, and another one stands over the .300 per cent. line. When it hunch the Philadelphia pitchers have over pitchers in other teams! They can feel all the time they are in the box that they have a team behind them that can make up for any slight mishap in the box by a rally at the bat. The Quakers in any one inning of a game are very liable to put the game on easy street by a batting rally.—N. Y. Telegram.

A COMING EVENT.

At a meeting of the committee of the Montreal Lacrosse Club, held last night, it was decided to hold a big assault-at-arms in the Arena early in October. It will be under the auspices of the M.A.A.A., and will have championship sanction from the Amateur Athletic Union of Canada.

WITH THE WHEELMEN.

A SEND-OFF FOR CALDOW.

J. A. Caldow, bicycle champion of Scotland, who made so many friends at the World's Meet, leaves for home this morning. A few of his friends were at the steamer last night to wish him bon voyage, among them being Messrs. Ed. Sheppard, L. Rubenstein, W. G. Ayling, W. G. Robertson, Art. Harries and many other members of the M. A. A. A.

MISCELLANEOUS SPORTS.

MONTREAL PIGEONS FLY.

Following are the results of the races of the Montreal Homing Pigeon Association: Belleville race, old birds, 220 miles—1st prize, J. Townsend; 2nd, R. Robinson; 3rd, L. Bery; 4th, J. Tousaint; 5th, Latour; 6th, Laramee; 7th, Latcur; 8th, Bernard.

Toronto race, 333 miles—A tie between J. Robinson, P. Braem, and J. Tousaint.

Young birds, Kingston race, 175 miles—1st prize, Mr. Benard; 2nd, Latour; 3rd, Tousaint; 4th, Latour; 5th, Tousaint; 6th, P. Braem.

Belleville race, 220 miles — 1st prize, 2nd and 3rd, J. Tousaint; 4th, and 5th, Mr. Latour; 6th and 7th, prize, Mr. P. Braem.

GOSSIP.

At Hastings, Eng., yesterday, in their second innings, the South of England players were all out for a total of 207 runs, the Australians thus winning their last match. The two days' cricket match between the United Service and Boston Zingaris began yesterday at Halifax, with the local team at the bat. The service men proved strong players, and by the time they retired at 6 p. m., they had run up a score of 236. The Zingaris went in for their first innings, and when stumps were drawn for the day they had 108 runs to their credit for the loss of three wickets.

A cricket match between a team from the Montreal Woollen Mill Co. and Westmount Club, resulted in a win for the former team by 10 runs.

Add. Ed. Hanlon, of Toronto, has just completed arrangements for the holding of a big water carnival at Ottawa, commencing on October 5, 6 and 7.

The distress in Nebraska is in consequence of the failure of the harvest. It is very great. Farmers are unable to feed their horses, and are giving them away for a few topnotchers, or allowing them die. The Red Cross Society is endeavoring to help the starving people, but through lack of funds is able to accomplish but little.

A TORONTO CASE.

T. H. O'Reilly, 27 Niagara Street, Cured of Diabetes by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Suffered for Three Years—Tried in vain, as others have tried, to find a Cure—Found one—the only one—at last, as others have done before him—Dodd's Kidney Pills.

TORONTO, September 6. — How often is the old, old story repeated—of sufferers trying to cure themselves of severe diseases of the Kidneys, like Diabetes, Bright's Disease etc., without the medicine that alone renders such a cure possible. Dodd's Kidney Pills is the only medicine that will cure either Bright's Disease or Diabetes and yet we are continually hear of people trying (or years to cure themselves by other means.

Mr T. H. O'Reilly was one of this class. He suffered with Diabetes for three years. He tried other medicines in vain. He shared in the old-fashioned prejudice against patent medicines, which, as far as Dodd's Kidney Pills are concerned, is being rapidly swept away. But all doubters and skeptics are won over by Dodd's Kidney Pills in the end.

Mr. O'Reilly says:

"I have been troubled for three years with Diabetes and I could get nothing to help me. I tried other remedies to no end, but nothing had the least effect until I got Dodd's Kidney Pills. I used three boxes and I am now completely cured."

Dodd's Kidney Pills are for sale at all druggists at fifty cents a box, six boxes for $2.50, or will be sent on receipt of price by The Dodds Medicine Co., Limited, Toronto.

Freight Cars vs. Bicycles.



The man who builds freight cars could hardly build a fine bicycle.

And the men who make coarse shoes could not succeed in making the fine gentlemen's shoe you want to wear.

The "Slater Shoe" is made in the only factory in Canada where only gentlemen's fine shoes are made.

Goodyear welted, sole stamped with makers' trade mark and price: "$3.50 and $5.00."

Shoes by mail.
Catalogue free.



TRADE MARK.

The Slater Shoe Stores,

225 St. James Street (Removed next door to J. Henderson & Co.) - Tel. Main 430

2315 St. Catherine Street (Near Mansfield St.) - Tel. Up 1309.

210 1

MONEY TO LEND

On city property and improved farms at low rates and on very desirable terms.

CREDIT FONCIER F.C.,
30 St. James St.

APIOL & STEEL for Ladies PILLS

A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES.

ROOFING and ASPHALTING.

Boston Blower Co.

Hot Blast Heating and Ventilating Stock Converters.

FOR CIVIC REFORM.

A Mass Meeting Held on Chaboillez Square.

Letters of Endorsation From Major Bond, Mr. James Robertson and Mr. George Hague.

An open air mass meeting was held last evening at Chaboillez Square, to discuss municipal reform and principally the subject of machinery tax and the actual deeds of the City Fathers.

The meeting was under the auspices and had been called by the newly formed Municipal Reform Association of Point St Charles, which was created last July with the following officers elected for its guidance: Messrs. James Brady, president; J. Prescott, financial secretary; William Darlington, recording-secretary; William McCarthy, treasurer, and a committee of seven.

About five hundred persons gathered about Rile's Exchange Hotel, from the front balcony of which place the speeches were to be made.

The meeting was opened at a quarter to nine o'clock by Mr. William Darlington making a general address to the public and presenting Mr. John White as chairman of the meeting.

THE MACHINERY TAX.

Mr. J. H. Hughes spoke mainly against the machinery tax. The outlaying municipalities not only do not tax machinery at all, he said, but are giving manufacturers exemptions from all municipal taxes for long terms, and in addition to this, giving them large sums of money as bonuses. I am opposed to the tax, yet if our City Fathers deemed it necessary to impose this tax they should have put all citizens on an equal footing. Take my own case, I am so unfortunate as not to be rich enough to own my factory, but run my machinery in a rented place. I am exempt from this obnoxious tax, while neighbours who are within a stone's throw of me and are the unfortunate owners of their buildings have to pay it. I claim this is unfair."

Mr. Hughes' motion read as follows:

"That this meeting of citizens of all classes here assembled, desire to express our regrets that the City Council of Montreal in levying taxes upon its industrial institutions, namely by including as immoveable property with real estate, machinery used in the factories and workshops, thereby placing the manufacturing industries of Montreal at a disadvantage with those outside the city which are exempt from taxation.

And further—By such action of the City Council, some of our manufacturers are moving away from Montreal, thereby causing a depreciation in real estate at a loss of business in general. Therefore, we call upon the City Council to, first modify the present law relating to taxes upon machinery, and further That the City Council should express itself in favour of abolishing all taxes upon machinery, with a view to having clause 361 of the City Charter amended accordingly at the next session of the Quebec Legislature.

WOULD REDUCE WAGES.

Mr. J. A. Rodier addressed the audience in French, and explained theoretically why a machinery tax should not be levied on the City of Montreal, and demonstrated in a clear manner that the law was not only iniquitous, but that it was against the best interests of the city, taking his predecessor's point of comparison as to manufacturers going away to other cities where they would be less taxed, for an example, and dwelling on the fact that the tax meant a reduction of wages for the workingman.

Mr. George Peart spoke of the abuses committed by the present Council. He made allusion to the recent Police Committee scandal, speaking of how money had to be paid to obtain civic positions, and also of the Police and Water Departments having adopted a decision regarding the coal supply, which ignored the lower tenders, but instead divided coal contracts between the members of a coal combine with a view to making votes for the next election. He submitted the following notices:

"That inasmuch as many candidates for aldermanic honours in the past have been too much given to seeking their own interests and not the interests of the citizens, we call upon the electors of Montreal not to sign any requestion list or make any promise to vote for a candidate unless he is personally known to the signer as a trustworthy supporter of a thorough construction to our municipal administration on a purely business basis.

"And, further, in reference to those already aldermen, we request all citizens to thoroughly study their past record, and if their votes have been against the public interest, to do their utmost to replace those who have been untrue to their trust by others more worthy of confidence."

PRINCIPLES OF THE ASSOCIATION.

Mr. Darlington was the last to speak. He advocated the principles of the Municipal Reform Association, of which he is the secretary. Those principles are as follows:

1. The abolition of all taxes upon industries.

2. Taxation of land values, irrespective of ownership.

3. Free public libraries, baths and playgrounds.

4. Promotion according to ability and length of service in all public offices.

5. Abolition of property qualification and the substitution of a cash deposit.

6. Weekly wage system, publicly and privately, wherever possible.

7. Montreal citizens to have preference in all work done for the city, whether by day's work or contract.

8. General reorganization of the whole civic administration.

Mr. Darlington explained the beauty of a system which would be created by the above principles, and described in glowing colours the differences which existed between the City Council's mode of government, which gave the bad condition of affairs known to all, such as filthy streets, manufacturers getting ready to go out of the city, and hoodlums running everywhere, and the ideal government which would be the city's after the reforms which had been put into practice.

The resolutions were adopted.

The meeting was over by ten o'clock. Among the persons listening to the orators were remarked Aldermen Kinsella and Messrs. M. R. Arahill and Tansey, two prospective candidates.

LETTERS FROM CITIZENS.

Several invitations had been sent out by the recording secretary of the Municipal Reform Association to manufacturers and persons interested in the question requesting their attendance at last night's meeting. Among the letters received was one from Mr. E. L. Bond, which was as follows.

MONTREAL, Sept. 1.

Mr. Wilham Darlington,—

I need hardly say I approve most strongly of the object of your association. There is one point in particular upon which I have frequently spoken, that is the miserable, iniquitous practice of making citizens pay—presumably to those in authority—before they can obtain civic employment. It is an outrage that particularly affects the workingman, and one that should not be tolerated for a moment. You are undoubtedly acting wisely in endeavouring, first, to elect honest representatives to Council.

Yours faithfully,
E. L. BOND.

Mr. James Robertson wrote in part as follows:

"I have always felt strongly that it was most unjust proceeding on the part of our City Council to introduce into the last city bill passed by the Legislature at Quebec the system of taxing machinery.

"What we require and must have in this city is common sense, honest government by capable men and at the present time this is what we have not. Let the working classes wake up and elect honourable independent men of means as councillors and administrators of the city.

"Most of our aldermen at the present time appear to have axes to grind, which makes it hard for them to understand and realize that they are the servants of the public, a pointed by them to honourable positions to administer the civic affairs of this city on sound and just business principles without fear or favour to any one, and, until such men are appointed, the present system of mismanagement will continue."

Mr. George Hague wrote in part as follows:

"Some of us are paying double the taxes on the same property that we were some years ago, yet with all this immense amount of money that is collected look at the scandalous state of our streets—dirty and filthy and unhealthy and badly kept; —look at our sidewalks—rotten and dangerous. There are not near enough policemen, too. These are samples of bad management in the streets, all of which might be remedied if men were returned pledged to honestly administer the city funds and introduce the same economic administration by which men succeed in their own affairs."

DENTAL ASSOCIATION.

Proceedings at the Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of this Association was held at Laval University. Sixty members from Quebec, Sorel, Sherbrooke, Eastern townships and city were present. The reports of secretary Dr. Eudore Dubeau and Treasurer Dr. F. A. Stevenson were adopted unanimously. The by-laws of the association were submitted to the meeting and carried, also unanimously. The association showed its satisfaction of the proceedings of the last Board of Examiners by re-electing it:

The officers elected are:

Dr. Jos. Nolin, President, Sorel; Dr. F. A. Stevenson, vice-president; Dr. Eudore Dubeau, secretary; Dr. J. E. Gardner, treasurer, Dr. A. S. Ives, registrar, Montreal; Dr. G. E. Hyndman, registrar, Sherbrooke. The elected auditors are Drs. T. D. McGregor and D. H. Fortin. The scrutineers were Drs. T. D. Tansey, L. Franchere, C. F. Morrison and S. Gaudreau.

The next examination for matriculation will be held on the 4th of October.

SUMMER HOTEL AT ST. JOSEPH.

Mr. N. Vallee, proprietor of the Queen's Hotel, has definitely decided on the plans for the new hotel which he will open next year at St. Joseph, Ont., the new summer resort on the shores of Lake Huron. The hotel, which will occupy ground space of 161 feet by 132 feet, will be of brick and cut stone, and will be completed ready for occupation by May 1 next. The foundation and basement are already built.

Mr. Vallee is paying $50,000 for the new structure, and will make is one of the finest summer resort hostelries in the country. The rooms will be specially large, and each room on the first floor will be provided with a separate bath. There will be one hundred rooms in all.

The construction of the hotel is being conducted by Mr. Narcisse M. Cantin, from whom Mr. Vallee purchased it. Mr. Cantin is the founder of the town of St. Joseph, and is a sort of a "Czar" in his way, owning pretty much of everything in St. Joseph, and being altogether the principal moving spirit in the community. He owns saw mills and factories of various kinds, and his ambition is to make St. Joseph a city. Already there are 7,000 of a population within a radius of twelve miles, and Mr. Cantin considers that a pretty fair nucleus for further expansion. The population is largely French-Canadian at present, but there has been a considerable influx of English-speaking settlers of late. Mr. Cantin himself is a native of the locality, though he early in life started out to make money in another field. Returning with his "pile," he conceived the idea of making his native town a city. Mr. Cantin has been at the Queen's Hotel for the past few days in negotiation with Mr. Vallee. "Bradstreet's and Dun's say I am crazy and my project a dream," he said to a reporter this morning, "but I think they are mistaken. St. Joseph will be a city yet."

NATURAL HISTORY FIELD DAY.

The field committee of the Natural History Society announce that the first Saturday afternoon ramble will be held next Saturday afternoon, under the direction of the Rev. Robt. Campbell, D.D., who has kindly consented to act as director. Members and friends of the society are invited to assemble at the museum on University street not later than 2.30 o'clock. The older scholars attending the High and McGill Normal schools will be welcomed, and this is an opportunity that doubtless they will avail themselves of. These Saturday afternoon rambles will prove very attractive, the intention being, if sufficient interest is awakened, to have one every week as long as the season will allow. The first two being devoted to botany as the flowers are now in their prime—to be followed by zoological, entomological and geological rambles, under experienced directors, whose only remuneration will be the pleasure it will give them to be of service to the lovers of nature.

SUPERIOR COURT JUDGMENTS.

Mr. Justice Curran has rendered the following judgments in the Superior Court:

Bourdeau vs. Fraser et al and Miss Roy, intervening and plaintiff contesting. Miss Roy claimed a piano as being her property. She is the daughter of U. Roy, who purchased the piano in question from the plaintiff who had had it seized. The Court could not uphold the intervention after hearing the evidence and it was dismissed, the contestation maintained.

Leguerrier vs. St. Denis—Judgment by default, ordering the defendant to give a discharge.

Latour vs. Loyer—Judgment ordering the return of the writ of capias, and ordering plaintiff to answer the petition to quash the capias within a delay fixed.

The following judgment has been rendered by the prothonotary:

Price vs. Lefebvre—Judgment by default for $6,516.02, on obligations.

A boy named Moore, aged thirteen, had his right arm cut off in a dove tailing machine in Moore's planing mill on St. Mary's, Ont., on Tuesday.

THE WOOING OF MONICA,

By L. T. MEADE,

Author of "The Medicine Lady," "The Siren," "Scarlet and Steel," "Dr. Rumsey's Patient," &c.

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Published by Special Arrangement.

CHAPTER IX.—(Continued).

The mother went up to the little one and pulled down the blanket which covered it. She was justly proud of its bonny face and fine limbs.

"Ah," she said, "if you had only seen him a week ago; he is not at all well tonight, he is suffering with his teeth."

"You will send for a doctor, will you not?" said Mordaunt.

Mrs. Findlay looked at him, all the anxious mother-love shining out of her faded eyes.

"I wish I could," she said, "but we are that poor."

"Surely you ought not to be," said Mordaunt in a vexed tone. He disliked nothing more than the fact that his tool, the great city financier, should show in such a poor light at home.

"I will tell you why we are poor," said Mrs. Findlay. She droped her voice. "You'll forgive me, sir, but I think I can guess why you have come."

"You? Impossible!" said Mordaunt.

Mrs. Findlay smiled in a very knowing way.

"I think I do guess why you have come," she repeated: "It's Findlay—poor, dear fellow, he is the best husband a woman ever had. I know well I wasn't born to his position, and I have no knowledge of the usages of society."

"I should rather think you have not," thought Mordaunt.

"But all the same I know a few things," continued the good woman, "and now, sir, I know you have come about the house on Clapham Common."

"She must be mad," thought Mordaunt to himself; "perhaps I had better humour her."

"Yes, what about it," he said.

"Oh sir, I have been hankering after that house for years. We are a large family and this house is too small, and Findlay has lots of money but he is a miser. Poor fellow it has grown on him gradually; he can pay you well, sir, if you'll only humour him. Oh, sir, it would be such a happy day for me if I could only get out of this and enjoy a little of the comforts of wealth."

"But in the meantime," said Mordaunt, in an impatient tone, "what about the baby. He is a pretty child, but he does look ill. Why don't you send for the doctor. If your husband has plenty of money he must pay."

"We owe the doctor sixty pounds, sir, and Findlay won't shell out so much as one. It's very hard on me, and I have never spared myself, never."

"Look here," said Mordaunt; "what is the name of your doctor?"

Mrs. Findlay supplied it.

"Dr. Blake," she said; "he lives in the next street to this—number ten."

"I am going that way," said Mordaunt, "and I will call on him and ask him to look round immediately. I will say something about the bill to him: it will be all right, you'll see. That child wants attention. Now, good-bye, I won't forget what you have told me."

CHAPTER X.

One Hundred Pounds.

Mrs. Findlay sat trembling after Mordaunt had left her.

"I have gone and done it now," she said to herself. "I wonder if he will call on the doctor, and if he will humour Chris. He was mad about the house, there's no doubt on that point, but I'll take courage in my hands, and say nothing to Chris this evening. Poor Chris, he is in a very bad humour, any one can see that, and of course, now I know the cause. He is worrying at parting from his gold, poor dear, dear fellow. They say it cuts like a knife to a miser to part with his savings; but he must do it, he must do it for the children's sake."

Just at this juncture little steps were heard on the stairs, and several hungry eyes peered round the dining-room door. On seeing that their mother was alone in the room, the children scampered in and clamoured vigorously for the remainder of the feast.

Mrs. Findlay was much relieved in her mind, and in the best of spirits.

"Sit down, all of you honeys," she said, "there are more chops downstairs. I'll keep one for father against he comes home; but I declare you shall have half a chop each."

Little Jane quite shouted at the prospect of half a chop, and some fried potatoes, and the other children looked equally pleased.

Mrs. Findlay was delighted to feed them. Poor thing, there was no half chop for her, but she never thought about that. The tea was drunk, the chops demolished, nothing but a few bones remaining as a trophy of the past glory of the great feast, when there came another ring to the front door.

"For goodness sake, Jimmy," said his mother, "run and open it like a good lad. I don't suppose we shall want Hannah long, but while she is here we had better keep her in some sort of humour. Run at once, there's a good fellow."

"Not want Hannah!" said little Jane; "but you have so often said you would give up altogether if it was not for Hannah."

"Things are changing, darling," said Mrs. Findlay. "You must not breathe it to daddy, but soon we will be having a very superior servant to Hannah."

Meanwhile, Jimmy had rushed into the hall and opened the door. He returned presently with a letter which bore his mother's name on the envelope.

"A boy brought this, mother, and he says there is no answer," said the lad.

Mrs. Findlay gazed at the handwriting; she turned the envelope over to look at the back. She held it up to the light. She was devoured with curiosity, and she did every single thing except open it. At last Jimmy suggested that she might know the contents when she had read them.

On hearing these words of wisdom from a baby she did open the envelope, whereupon to her delighted astonishment four bank notes, crisp and new, tumbled out. Inside was a very brief message:

"I owe a hundred pounds to Findlay, and am glad to settle accounts now. Have paid the doctor's bill and enclose you the balance.

"ROBERT MORDAUNT."

"Oh! the Lord be thanked!" said Mrs. Findlay.

She had not said the words a moment too soon, for just then the poor baby opened its eyes, gave a frightened cry, and the next instant was in a fit—Mrs. Findlay screamed, Hannah appeared on the scene, the nursery-maid also came down from the nursery regions. Hot water and a bath were fetched and all the children helped to put the baby into it. He had just come to himself and was lying weak and faint in his mother's arms when another ring at the hall door caused Jimmy to start. It was unnecessary on this occasion to tell him to attend to it. He ran off at once, and the next instant Dr. Blake appeared on the scene. He was a kindly, middle-aged, benevolent man. He would have come to the Findlays even if their bill had not been paid; but, being a poor man himself, he was decidedly glad when the debt had been removed. He now came quickly forward.

"A gentleman of the name of Mordaunt, who has settled your account in your husband's name, asked me to call round immediately," he said. "Ah! what is the matter with this little man?"

The children were hustled out of the room, and Mrs. Findlay and the doctor had a consultation. The doctor felt the baby's gums with his experienced finger, the little gums were quickly lanced, the child's sobs had died away into sweet slumber, and the mother held him clasped to her breast.

"He will do now, Mrs. Findlay," he said. "Watch him carefully until the morning. There was great pressure on the gums, which doubtless accounted for his feverish state and that convulsive attack. Send for me, be sure you send for me, at any moment."

He was hurrying form the house when Findlay appeared on the steps. If there was a wretched-looking man at that moment it was Christopher Findlay. A very keen and cruel east wind was blowing, and that overcoat, which had not been renewed for many years, was much too threadbare to keep out the cold. But it was a fearful inward chill that was troubling Findlay. His nose was blue, his eyes slightly bloodshot, as he walked up the steps. He stared with a frozen half-smile at Dr. Blake.

"Is anything wrong?" he said. "I am very sorry, sir," he began.

"I came to see the baby," said he is much better now, Mr. Findlay," said the doctor in a cheerful tone. "He had a nasty little seizure, however, but I have lanced the gums and set him right. I will look in again early to-morrow."

Findlay felt inclined to call after him. "You had better not, for I shall never be able to pay you," but already the doctor was out of the house, hurrying quickly down the street. Findlay entered the house. The remains of the feast were on the table; four bank notes, each for 4en pounds, lay at one corner.

Mrs. Findlay was seated by the fire with flushed cheeks and tearful eyes, holding the baby close to her breast.

"Oh! Chris," she said, "come in, come in."

Christopher shut the door and came forward; his moody eyes surveyed the whole scene. Suddenly he saw the bank notes, made a hasty lunge forward, and caught them in his hand.

"Put them down, Chris, do," said his wife. "It is all right. Oh! darling, how miserable and shivering you look, but your chop is downstairs, and Hannah will cook it in a twinkling. Just touch the bell, Chris. Chris, dear, I know all about it; it is all right, and baby is better."

The tears now rolled down the poor woman's cheeks. Christopher looked from her to the notes; he had re-placed them on the table.

"I don't understand," he said.

"Oh, I will tell you in a minute, but first of all, I must creep upstairs with baby, without waking the dear little heart, and put him into Susan's care. He is better now, but he was very ill indeed, Chris."

"Can't someone remove that path and things?" said the man, kicking his foot impatiently at the bath, which occupied the centre of the hearthrug.

"Oh, yes, yes, Hannah shall come and do it. Just touch the bell, Chris."

Christopher gave the bell such a resounding ring that even Hannah was awakened to a sense of her duties and came stumbling upstairs. She had a smut on her face, and her apron was the reverse of clean.

"Yes, ma'am," she said, "you rang."

"Please take the bath away, Hannah," said Mrs. Findlay. "The baby is much better. The doctor has been and has lanced his gums."

"Yes' ma'am," answered Hannah. There was not a gleam of either pleasure or the reverse on her stolid face. She was still thinking of the notice she had just given and the queer attitude of her mistress who had not begged her to stay.

"The chop, Hannah," said Mrs. Findlay, "and cook your master's chop, and fry some fresh potatoes immediately."

Hannah calmly removed the bath, and Mrs. Findlay crept upstairs with the child.

When he was alone, Findlay, quite mechanically, took up the bank notes. He guessed who had given them—only one person, his most deadly enemy. He looked from the notes to the fire. He longed, with a kind of agony, for something that he could possibly purchase himself, to thrust the flimsy notes into the flame. In one instant they would be all shrivelled up, but he thought of his wife and the children, the hungry children, of the tradespeople and their unpaid bills, and he mastered himself. He let them drop again feebly on to the table, and by the time his wife had returned had sunk into a chair which he had drawn up close to the fire.

Mrs. Findlay had waited to brush her hair and wash her face. She came down now with the most cheerful smile.

"Well, I have had a turn," she said. "Dear, dear, I wish Hannah would be quick with the chop, she is getting slower and slower, that woman. I shan't be able to keep her when we move, Chris, that's certain."

"When we move?" said Christopher. He just raised his lackluster eyes to his wife's face as if he had not heard her, and then lowered them.

"Oh, I know all about it, darling," said Mrs. Findlay. She laid her round arm and tall-woman hand for an instant on his shoulder, then she sat down opposite to him.

"My wren't say anything more about it to-night, but I think it can be arranged; I thought I had better speak to him myself. He is a very nice man, I am sure he will come to terms, and it will be such a relief, Chris, when once you have done it. You won't know yourself, my man; and I have wanted you, Chris, such a weary time. I don't think I could have held out much longer; I was just at the last straw, so to speak, when he came."

"You allude to Mordaunt, I presume," said Findlay.

"Yes. What a handsome man he is. I allude to Mr. Mordaunt—Robert Mordaunt, as he calls himself. And oh, Chris, you will be glad to hear this. He says he owed you a hundred pounds. He found out that the debtor's bill had not been paid."

"You told him?" said Findlay in a fierce voice.

(To be continued.)

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Telephone Up 2476. 208 6eod

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675 LAGAUCHETIERE ST.
Will re-open their classes for young ladies and children on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4th. An evening class for girls in connection with the school. 205 6eod

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Will re-open her School, Friday, 15th Sept.
Pupils receive thorough English education. Backward scholars coached. Special attention paid to modern languages. Advanced classes formed afternoon and evening.
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Private Kindergarten and Preparatory Classes,
164a MANSFIELD STREET.
Mrs. Gwill and Miss Barr will re-open their classes FRIDAY, SEPT. 15th, and will be at home on and after Monday, the 11th, to visitors on School Business. A musical kindergarten course is included in the kindergarten work. 200 6eod

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Professor of Music, 674 Cadieux Street.
Pupils prepared for examinations. 210 2eod

"ROLLESTON HOUSE,"
170 Bloor Street West, Toronto,
Resident and Day School for girls. Prepares for the Universities. Re-opens September 12th. For prospectus apply to
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Miss Sophie Myers
has resumed her teaching in music,
138 Crescent St. 208 6eod

MRS. WOLFF'S ACADEMY,
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Will re-open on Monday, the 4th September. Subjects—English, French, Mathematics, Book-keeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Plain and Fancy Needlework, Music, Drawing, Painting and Physical Training. 200 6eod

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For young ladies and children will re-open Wednesday, the 6th Sept. 49 Fort St., City. 204 12

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At Home 10.30 to 1, 3 to 6. Full particulars on application. Telephone Up 944. 208 12

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H. E. ASCROFT, Superintendent.
208 7 GEORGE DURNFORD, Secretary.

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Housekeeper. Matron, a Trained Nurse.
Preparation for the Universities.
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178eod18

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184 29eod Principal.

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Teacher of Pianoforte,
51 CRESCENT STREET, will be at home to receive pupils on and after August 31st. 207 12

MR. MAX BOHRER,
PIANIST,
has resumed PIANOFORTE Instruction.
Will be at home between 9 and 11 a. m., and also 1 and 3.30 p. m., to receive pupils.
2582 ST. CATHERINE ST. 207 12

Miss M. E. Campion's
ACADEMY, 622 Cadieux St.,
For young ladies and children will re-open MONDAY, September 4th. 202 12

54 TUPPER STREET.
The school conducted by the Misses Gwill will re-open Thursday, September 14th. After September 10th Miss Gwill will be at home to receive visitors on school business. Miss V. Gwill will resume her music class September 14th. 204 12eod

WESTMOUNT GYMNASIUM.
MISS S. MORRIS will resume classes in the new Gymnasium, Westmount Park, Saturday, Sept. 30th, at 10 a. m. Miss Morris will be at the Hall on the 27th and 28th, from 3 to 5. 206 6eod

CATHOLIC HIGH SCHOOL.
BELMONT PARK.
BOARD OF GOVERNORS:
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Frank T. Hart, Esq., merchant.
William McNally, Esq., merchant.
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The School will open its classes on the SIXTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER. Principal readers will be in attendance every day during August, except Saturday and Sunday, from two to four in the afternoon, to receive applications for admission.
FEES PER MONTH.
Kindergarten $2.00
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A. J. SANDERS,
180 18 2aw Principal.

WARD-WHATE'S,
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RE-OPENS THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 7th.
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Boys admitted at all ages.
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Splendid accommodation for a few boarders, under the personal charge of Mrs. Ward-Whate.
For Prospectus and further particulars apply
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Compton Ladies' College,
COMPTON, P. Q.
Church school for girls. This institution will re-open on Wednesday, 13th September. Very considerable changes and improvements have been made which will add much to the comfort of the pupils, and the building will be lighted throughout with electric light. For circulars and information apply to the
REV. G. H. PARKER,
Hon. Bursar, The Rectory, Compton, P.Q
180 18eod

Fletcher Music Method And Piano School..
MRS. H. O. WILSON
—AND—
MISS ELIZABETH DAVIDSON,
ROOMS 2, 3, 8,
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St. Catherine St.
Parents are kindly requested to make early registration of pupils in order to facilitate the formation of classes.
209 26

DOMINION COLLEGE OF MUSIC.
Pianoforte Department.
Arrangements have been concluded whereby lessons on the pianoforte will be given in Graded Sections (four) under the direction of Prof. Wm. Bohrer.
The term will be of nine weeks duration; two private lessons per week (half hour lessons.)
FEES (per term):
Section I. (Beginners) $7.00
Section II. - - - 9.00
Section III. - - - 13.00
Section IV. - - - 17.00
The Secretary will be at the College to receive pupils and give further particulars between the hours of 11 and 1 and 3 and 6 p.m. daily.
Examinations in all grades of practical and theoretical music are held in December, March and June.
PERCIVAL J. ILLSLEY, Mus. B.,
Telephone Up, 2408. Registrar.
210 3 2aw

The West End Boarding & Day School
MISS LAWDER,
2716-18 St. Catherine Street.
The classes in this school will be resumed on THURSDAY, September 14th. The Senior, Intermediate and Junior classes are taught by experienced teachers, graduates of McGill Normal School. In the higher classes special attention is paid to Literature, History and French. The Kindergarten class is conducted by Miss M. Samuel, who has devoted much time to the culture of young children. Miss Lawder is at home daily to receive visitors on school business.
196 26

S. John the Evangelist's School,
1778 ONTARIO ST.,
Re-Opens September 13th, 9 A.M.
25 Boarders and 40 Day Boys Received.
STAFF:
Rector: The Rev. Canon Edmund Wood, M. A., Durham; Head-Master, The Rev. W. C. Rodgers, M.A., Cambridge, assisted by The Rev. Arthur French, B.A., Ozon, C. Rawnsley Dutton, Esq., B.A., London, Alex. Dixie Hainworth, Esq., B. A., Cambridge, H. Archer, Oulton, Esq., A. A. McGill. Also by Miss Warrenath, for French Conversation, Prof. Ross, for gymnastics.
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188 31 REV. R. D. MILLS, M.A., Head Master

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Day classes will be resumed Aug. 28th. Call, write or telephone Main 2092 for prospectus.
204 26 CASA & LORD, Principals.

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393 MOUNTAIN ST. 208 12

Miss Helen Collard
Will resume her teaching in MUSIC on Sept. 5, at 2 KANE HALL and 261 Victoria Avenue, Westmount.
208 13

MISS KYTE'S SCHOOL,
20 Platean Street.
Will Re-open WEDNESDAY, Sept. 6th. 202 12

MRS. MUIR'S SCHOOL,
2200 ST. ANTOINE ST.,
WILL RE-OPEN TUESDAY, SEPT. 12th. 207 6

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The educational course comprises every useful branch suitable for young girls. Terms moderate. Classes will be resumed on the first of September. For further information address:
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WANTED — GENERAL AGENT TO represent a first class life company for the Province of Quebec, with head office in Montreal; must be a man capable of writing at least one hundred thousand personal business and handling local agents. The position is a first class one. Correspondence will be treated strictly private. Apply F. 549, Star office, stating present position and past experience. 208 6

WANTED — BLACKSMITH. GOOD shoer and light carriage ironer; steady employment; state wages and experience. A.P.E. Stevens, Delhi, Ont. 208 4

WANTED — WE HAVE EXCEPTIONAL advantages to offer any energetic man, who will engage with us in the sale of nursery stock. Apply now. The Thomas W. Bowman and Sons Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont. 10Sead tf

WANTED — SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS offered ladies, gentlemen, teachers, students, to handle our publications, large salaries paid; best selling goods in Canada. You can make $50 to $150 per month. Write for particulars, Canadian Publishing Co., London, Ont. 12Sead tf

WANTED — $2 PER DAY SURE, GENTLEmen or ladies, not to canvass but to employ agents; position permanent, $600 per year and expenses; reliable firm, with best references required. Address with stamp, W. A. O'Keefe, District Manager, Toronto Office, Montreal Star, Toronto, Ont. 14Sead tf

WANTED — SALESMAN TO SELECT nursery products, which for thirty-three years we have furnished the Canadian public, earning a record second to none for quality and purity of stock. For particulars address Maple Grove Nurseries, Fruitland, Ont. 94ead tf

WANTED — AGENTS, HONEST AND energetic, for the most popular Canadian nursery stock, unquestionably the finest in Canada; eighteen years has proved it. Outfit free. Apply quickly for choice territory. Address E. D. Smith, Winona, Ont. 94ead tf

WANTED — PRESSMEN, EDGE TURners, stitchers and machine hands. Apply John W. Peck & Co., 92 Bleury st. 208 2 Sead

WANTED — RESPECTABLE GIRL AS general servant in small family. Apply 9 Fort street, morning 10 to 12, or evening. 208 2 Saw

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY A LADY teacher for the Coteau Landing Dissentient School. Apply to Ernest Stevens, Coteau Landing. 210 1

WANTED — NURSE GIRL TO HELP with baby and assist with light housework in small family. Apply at once, 461 Sanguinet st. 210 1

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT FOR small family, where another girl is kept; references required. Apply 105 Shuter street, afternoon. 210 1

WANTED — DRAUGHTSMAN ENGINEER, capable of handling Stevens Wheel system. Address G, 776, Star Office. 210 1

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED — A YOUNG GIRL AS CASHIER and to assist in light housework. Apply 1781 St. Catherine st. 210 1

WANTED — A YOUNG GIRL, BETWEEN 15 and 16 years of age, to assist a few hours every morning; must go home at night. Apply 1781 St. Catherine st. 210 1

WANTED — AT ONCE A GOOD GENERAL servant, one who understands cooking perfectly; no washing or ironing; references required. Call from 6 to 9 p.m., 469 Guy street, city. 209 3

WANTED — A YOUNG LADY TYPEWRITer, with general office experience. State salary expected and references to J. 666, Star Office. 209 2

WANTED — ROLLERS AND BUNCHMAKers, to go west, at once; highest prices paid. Enquire Johnson, 554 St. Paul st. 209 3

WANTED — AT ONCE A YOUNG GIRL AS general servant; good wages; good city references required. Apply at 138 Hutchison street. 209 2

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL AS PLAIN cook; good wages. 84 Mackay st. 209 2

WANTED — SMART MESSENGER BOYS. wages $2.40 per week. Apply Advance Mngr. Service, 181 St. James st. 209 2

WANTED — GOOD PLAIN COOK AND housemaid; 3855 Dorchester st, between 11 and 1 and 4 and 6. 209 2

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY GOOD GENeral servant; highest wages; no washing; care of one flat only; city references required. Apply 35 Tupper st. 209 4

WANTED — A HOUSEMAID, WITH BEST references; good wages. Call morning after 10 and afternoon after 3. 83 Durocher st. 209 2

WANTED — SMART BOY FOR MANUFACturer's office. Apply in own handwriting, to L. 644, Star Office. 209 3

WANTED — GOOD GENERAL SERVANT, no washing, housemaid kept. Apply between 3 and 5 p.m., on Friday, at 248 Mountain st. 209 2

WANTED — A CLERK, WHO IS GOOD AT figures, for railway accounting office. Address J. 8691, Star Branch Office. 209 3

WANTED — A HOUSEMAID. APPLY MRS W. N. Evans, 217 Milton st. 209 3

WANTED — GARDENER FOR PRIVATE place; must know its business and come highly recommended. Apply to S. S. Bain, Nurseryman, seedsman and florist, 66 Beaver Hall Hill. 209 2

WANTED — YOUNG MAN AS TIMEKEEPer and handy man, also young girls as learners. Apply to The Miller Bros. Co., Ltd. 209 3

WANTED — A GOOD GENERAL SERvant, one who can do plain cooking preferred; also a young girl to take care of children. Apply 72 Hutchison st. 209 2

WANTED — GIRLS FOR THE MANGLE Apply Troy Laundry, 8 and 10 Inspector. 209 2

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY EXPERIenced house and tablemaid; must have good references. Apply Miss Duff, 1134 Sherbrooke st. 209 3

WANTED — A GOOD PLAIN COOK OR general servant; must have references. Apply at 265 Peel st. 209 2

WANTED — A GOOD PRESSER ON coats and ladies' jackets, steady work and good pay. Apply at once. Imperial Cloak Co., 1631 Notre Dame st. 210 1

WANTED — GOOD PLAIN COOK, ALSO A housemaid. Apply 77 Durocher street, forenoon, or after 7 evening. 210 2

WANTED — A YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST in light housework. Apply at once, 170 Ropery st., Pt. St. Charles. 210 1

WANTED — A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at once, at No. 9 Gresden ave. 210 2sod

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY A COAT maker. Apply Mr. Findlay, H. R. Ives and Co., 117 Queen st. 210 2eod

WANTED — EXPERIENCED GIRLS ON glueing and covering paper boxes. Apply to the Empire Paper Box Co., 64 Queen st. 210 2

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT, must be a good plain cook, small family. Apply 401 Mance st. 210 1

WANTED— FIRST CLASS COAT MAKERS; none but the best need apply. F. Wallace and Co., English Tailors, 2282 St. Catherine street. 210 3

WANTED — AT ONCE A YOUNG GIRL AS general servant; country girl preferred. Apply at 137 Laval ave. 210 1

WANTED — AN OFFICE BOY APPLY BEtween seven and eight o'clock this evening at 10 Richmond square. 210 2

WANTED AGENTS ON SALARY AND commission good opportunity for the right people. Apply 16 St. James st., room 8, 10 210 2

WANTED — YOUNG MAN, SPEAKING both languages as salesman in electrical store. Address N. 251, Star Office. 210 1

WANTED — A NURSE. MUST HAVE good references. Apply to Mrs. Wilder, 20 Arlington ave. 210 1

WANTED — OFFICE BOY FOR A LAWyer's office; must write a good hand and be active and smart. Apply before 9.30, room 40, Canada Life Building. 210 1

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY A YOUNG girl for light housework. Apply 441 St. Denis st., below Sherbrooke st. 210 1

WANTED — OFFICE BOY, SPEAKING French and English. Apply at 9 o'clock, Kent and Turcotte. 210 1

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT; NO washing or ironing; must be a good cook. Apply 1139 Dorchester st. 210 3

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT FOR small family, must be good cook and willing to remain in the country for six or seven weeks; wages $5 a week. References required. Apply to P. O. B. 479. 210 1

WANTED — A RESIDENT GOVERNESS, capable of teaching English, French and music, for two children, eldest 12 years; must be willing to reside in the country. Apply stating references, to P. O. B. 479. 210 1

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL AS GENERAL servant for regular work of a small family; this place has good pay to the right party. 78 Tupper st. 210 2

WANTED—WOMAN TO WASH AND IRON, one or two days a week. 608 City Hall avenue. 210 1

WANTED — A STRONG WOMAN TO mind a baby and make herself generally useful. Apply at once to 256 Bleury st. 210 1

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT FOR small family in Westmount; good cook; references required; no washing. Apply room 15, 200 St. James st. 210 2

WANTED — SALESMAN AND STOREMAN for mantels, tiles, etc. Address L. 700, Star Office. 210 1

WANTED — A YOUNG GIRL IN A FAMily of two, no washing, may sleep at home. Call between 10 and 1 o'clock, 28 Mackay street. 210 1

WANTED — A COOK 109 HUTCHISON ST. 210 1

WANTED — FOR A PAPER WAREHOUSE an invoice clerk. Apply with references, P. O. Box 2206. 210 3

WANTED — THREE BOYS TO WORK IN a cutlery factory. Apply 10 Cote street, upstairs. Sheffield Cutlery Co. 210 1

WANTED — YOUNG WOMAN AS GOOD plain cook. Apply 33 Park ave. 210 2

WANTED — VEST HANDS. USED TO THE best custom trade only. Apply F. Wallace and Co., 2282 St. Catherine st. 210 3

WANTED — A SMART, ACTIVE YOUTH to work around store and do cellar work. Apply to John Allan, 665 Craig st. 210 1

WANTED — HOUSEMAN, COMPETENT and experienced, to wait at table, take charge of silver, clothes, boots and general housework; must be sheltainer and have good references; none others wanted. 34 Lemoine st. 210 1

WANTED — EXPERIENCED WAITRESSes. Apply Headwaiter, Balmoral Hotel. 210 1

WANTED — HOUSEMAID, WILLING TO assist with children. Apply at 141 Metcalfe st. 210 1

WANTED — A SMART YOUNG LADY that can speak English and French, for a hat and fur store. Trudel and Graham, 107 Bleury st. 210 1

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY A LADY, AT Archambault's Studio, must speak and write both languages perfectly. Archambault, Photo., 2192 Notre Dame st. 210 1

WANTED — A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT in a small family; must be a good plain cook; no washing or ironing. Apply 210 Prince Arthur st. 210 1

WANTED — TWO YOUNG GIRLS AS COOK and housemaid, no children, no washing, small family. Apply 271 St. Lebbe st. 209 2

WANTED — GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. must be used to children; references required. 66 Mance st. 210 1

WANTED — A YOUNG GIRL BETWEEN 15 and 16 years of age, to assist a few hours every morning; must go home at night. Apply 1781 St. Catherine st. 210 1

WANTED — A YOUNG GIRL, BETWEEN 15 and 16 years of age, to assist a few hours every morning; must go home at night. Apply 1781 St. Catherine st. 210 1

WANTED — AT ONCE GOOD HOUSE AND tablemaid. also competent nurse for one child; must have references. 191 Mountain st. 210 1

WANTED — PLAIN COOK, WILLING TO do washing and ironing; good wages. Apply 6 Edgehill ave., off 1100 Dorchester st. 210 2

WANTED — A HOUSEMAID, WITH REferences. Apply at 47 Victoria street. 210 1

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSE work, no washing nor ironing; references required. Apply 227 Mountain st. 210 1

WANTED — GOOD MILLINERY TRIMmers. 2517 St. Catherine st. 210 1

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT FOR A small family, good wages and home, no washing; must understand good plain cooking Apply 26 Seymour ave., one street past Fort. 210 1

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL AS PLAIN cook, who can wash and iron, two in family. Apply after 7.30 p.m., 6 Bishop st. 208 3

WANTED— YOUNG GIRL AS HOUSEMAID, to sleep at home. Apply after 7.30 p.m. 6 Bishop street. 210 1

WANTED — A TABLEMAID; MUST HAVE a good reference. Apply at 45 Union ave. 210 1

WANTED — SALESLADY, EXPERIENCED in hats and furs. Address P. 807, Star Office. 210 1

WANTED — SALESMAN. APPLY R. Hemsley, Jeweller, 258 St. James street, Montreal. 210 3

WANTED — TEACHER FOR SMALL school, near Montreal. Address by letter in first instance, to Fulton and Richards 1738 Notre Dame st., city. 210 2

WANTED — GOOD GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework. 53 Prospect st., near Atwater ave. 210 1

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT, SMALL family, good home and good pay to the right person. Apply W. L. Hogg, 4024 St. Catherine. 210 3

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT, SMALL private family, plain cooking; must have references. Apply 2284 St. Catherine st. 210 3

WANTED — BOY OR YOUTH. APPLY AT G. Stephenson, 209 St. James st. 210 1

WANTED — A SMART GIRL TO ASSIST with general housework; good wages. Apply 488 St. Antoine st. 210 1

WANTED — A WHOLESALE HOUSE wants a youth to collect and help in the office; preference given to one who can speak French and that lives with his parents. Address Office Help, Box 1165, P. O., Montreal. 210 2

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY A GOOD COOK. 34 St. Matthew st. 210 1

WANTED — BREAD DRIVER FOR UPtown baker. Address P. 810, Star Office. 210 1

WANTED — BOY FOR DRUG STORE, strong and willing to work. Apply 4110 St Catherine st., Westmount. 210 1

WANTED — A BOY TO WORK IN THE kitchen. "Arlington House," 49 Metcalfe street. 210 1

WANTED — AT 297 PEEL STREET, COOK and house and tablemaid; Protestant; city references required. 210 1

WANTED — A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT at 141 Bayle st. 210 2

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY A GOOD cook and house and tablemaid. Apply at 900 Sherbrooke st. 210 4

WANTED — A GROCERY CLERK, WHO understands his business well, no other need apply at 1780 St. Catherine street, between 6 and 7 o'clock. 210 1

WANTED — SITUATIONS SUPPLIED, first class canvassers, ladies or gentlemen, in any city of Dominion, can make five dollars daily. Employment Office, 204 St. James street, Mechanics' Building. 210 1

WANTED — A WIDOW WHO WISHES A good home as mother's help, two children, four and two years. Apply 17 Vercheres avenue, off St. Charles Borromee, near St. Catherine st. 210 1

WANTED — A SALESLADY FOR WALL paper, at 8c store; must speak, read and write both languages. Apply John Hoolahan, 2191 Notre Dame st. 210 1

WANTED — LADIES' AND GENT'S CUTter for tailoring department. Apply to G. H. Pearson and Co., Chaboillez square. 210 1

WANTED — A RESPECTABLE, TRUSTworthy young girl as general servant, plain cooking, no sweeping, washing or ironing, small house, with every convenience, good wages to a thoroughly competent girl. Apply with references, at 4172 Dorchester st. 210 2

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT OR plain cook, no washing or ironing; wages $15. Apply No. 146 Durocher st. 210 1

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT FOR small family, where another girl is kept; must have references. 366 Bishop st. 210 1

WANTED— A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT, with references, at No. 381 St. Denis st. 210 1

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — FOR THE MILLION, KINdling, $2; cut maple, $2.50; tamarac blocks, $1.75; mill blocks, $1.50 per load. Ordered anywhere in the city. C. Macdiarmid, Richmond square. Bell Tel. 8533. 121 tf

FOR SALE — NICE UPRIGHT PIANO, and stool, in good order, great barrain, $27 cash. 202 City Hall avenue. See it. 209 4

FOR SALE — DINNING'S ARABIAN COFfees, the highest standard of purity, strength and flavour, in 1 and 2 lb. tins. If your grocer does not keep them write or telephone Dinning and Co., Montreal. 96eod tf

FOR SALE — FOOT UNDERWEAR. BIG value in boys' and girls' cashmere and ribbed wool stockings, ladies' hose, men's socks and bicycle hose, just received. Jas. T. Clark, room one, 210 St. James st. 209 2 Saw

FOR SALE — TAM O'SHANTERS, CHILdren's, misses' and ladies', in latest styles, extra good value, for school girls, at Mc. Clark's, room one, 210 St. James street. 209 2 Saw

FOR SALE — BEAUTIFUL STEINWAY upright piano, cost $700 cash, five months ago. Owner will sacrifice for immediate cash. Address M, 713, Star Office. 210 1

FOR SALE — UPRIGHT PIANO, FINE AMerican make, will be sold by lady leaving town, for $85 cash, perfect order. 22 Gul bault st. 210 2

FOR SALE — CHEAP, THREE OWL nickel machines, also 2x5, way electrics, must be sold at once. Owl Novelty Co., Syracuse, N. Y. 210 1

FOR SALE — A GOOD, SOUND SECONDhand organ, walnut case, two knee swells, seven stops, five octaves. This instrument is in perfect order and will be sold for $35 to an immediate customer. Apply Layton Bros., new warerooms, 184 Peel st. 206 2 Saw

FOR SALE — MAN'S BICYCLE, IN PERfect order, lamp, bell and sprinkler included, $20 cash. Address N, 721, Star Office. 210 1

FOR SALE — 8c PER LB., BROKEN SODA biscuits, fresh and good, suitable for household use, in barrels, about 45 lbs. each, no charge for barrels. Christie, Brown and Co., Limited, 2324 St. Catherine st. 202 6sod

FOR SALE— GENTLEMEN'S NORTHAMPton Bicycle, in perfect condition, $15. Can be seen Mountain City Cycle Co., 2545 St. Catherine. Party leaving city at once. 210 1

FOR SALE — FAMOUS ACTIVE RANGE, small hall stove, baby carriage, to be sold cheap. Apply 108 University st. 210 1

FOR SALE — STOVE PATTERNS, FOLLOW boards and boxes for same. Apply H. R. Ives and Co., 117 Queen st. 210 2sod

FOR SALE — CREAM AND BUCKEY SAFINE cloth, 52c; finest tweeds, 39c, 49c, 59c; fashionable cheviots, suiting, 59c; fancy worsted, 59c; fashionable cheviots, suiting, 59c; fancy worsted, 59c; fashionable cheviots, suiting, 59c; fancy worsted

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE — OR TO LET, NEW houses in Westmount; several desirable locations. See what I have before building. F. R. Bulmer, 624 Prince Albert st. 208 6

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—WESTmount, choice modern house on one of the best avenues, value $11,000, would be exchanged for a smaller house worth about $6000. The house offered is partly finished in oak and in perfect order. Immediate sale. H. L. Putnam, 1st floor, Temple building. 210 2 eod

FOR SALE — ROSEMOUNT AVE., two new semi-detached houses for sale, finished in oak. Apply H. A. Mutchine, Temple building. 208 eod tf

FOR SALE—FOUR SMALL SHOPS and dwellings on St. Lawrence street, above Sherbrooke street; always rented, and would yield a handsome income to the right person. Price for the four, $6,500. H. L. Putnam, Temple Building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE, UNencumbered property in the lower part of the city, well rented and paying handsomely; would be exchanged by an estate for uptown property on favourable terms. H. L. Putnam, Temple Building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — CHOICE LOT, MONTrose street, Westmount, to close an estate. I am instructed to sell a fine lot on the lower side of this favourite street. Size 100 x 154. Price, 35 cents a ft. H. L. Putnam, Temple Building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — BOULEVARD LOT, Westmount, cheap, owner living in England. Would sell at 40 cents a foot. Lot contains about 29,000 feet. The new railway service will greatly enhance the value. H. L. Putnam, Temple Building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE—CHEAPEST COTTAGE on St. Catherine street. A stone front cottage in perfect order; heated by hot water; regular price, $6,500. Owner is willing to accept $5,650. Possession in October. H. L. Putnam, Temple Building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — SEMI - DETACHED residence in the West End. Lot 65 feet front. Locality first class. All modern improvements in the house, which is double and in perfect order. Price only $13,000, or would be exchanged for good seat and property. H. L. Putnam, Temple Building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — SHERBROOKE ST. and Selkirk ave. houses. Special attention is called to the situation, design and finish of these houses just completed by Mr. Douglass, and now ready for inspection. Prices $19,000, $11,000, $8,500. H. L. Putnam, Temple Building. 208 2 eod

FOR SALE—VALUABLE ST. CATHERine street lots, cheap. The committee of Douglas Church have instructed me to sell without delay that fine block of land, adjoining the church, just west of Chomedy street; size 69 x 102, area 7038 ft. This makes three fine building lots without any waste land. Price asked $1.75 per foot. Plan at my office. H. L. Putnam, Temple Building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — DETACHED MODern cottage, Westmount, adjoining the park; rooms all on two floors; six bedrooms, good cellar, beautiful surroundings; cannot be duplicated for the money. Price only $7,500. H. L. Putnam, Temple Building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — CHEAP, THREE houses on Dorchester street west, and Westmount, 1st, detached house, with grounds, conservatory and park features; $13,000. 2nd, semi-detached house, with extension billiard room; fine site, $15,500. 3rd, modern house, 26 1-4 feet wide, 3 stories; a good purchase, $11,000. H. L. Putnam, Temple Building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — CHEAP, THREE houses on Dorchester street west, and Westmount, 1st, detached house, with grounds, conservatory and park features; $13,000. 2nd, semi-detached house, with extension billiard room; fine site, $15,500. 3rd, modern house, 26 1-4 feet wide, 3 stories; a good purchase, $11,000. H. L. Putnam, Temple Building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — SHERBROOKE ST., cut stone front house, 26 feet wide, in a good situation, three flats and basement; modern plumbing. Owner living in New York and will sell cheap. Price $7,500. H. L. Putnam, 1st floor, Temple Building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — ST. CATHERINE ST., valuable lots, adjoining Douglas Church, 69 x 102; no waste land; price asked, $1.75 per foot. A choice piece of land, almost adjoining Peel street, 53 x 102, with solid buildings on it. The most available piece of vacant land on the street. H. L. Putnam, 1st floor, Temple Building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — CRAIG STREET PROperty, with large frontage on St. Urbain street, close to Place d'Armes Hill. Suitable for a warehouse or manufacturing business. H. L. Putnam, Temple Building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE—TWO STONE FRONT cottages in the west end, above Dorchester street; situation excellent; hot water furnaces. Owner would accept $7,300 each. H. L. Putnam, Temple Building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — WEST END STONE front tenement of two dwellings, both heated by hot water furnaces. This property is just below Dorchester street, and the owner is anxious to sell. H. L. Putnam, Temple Building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — UPPER LEVEL LOTS in Westmount, choice positions. I have several lots which the owners are anxious to sell, and can make the prices attractive. H. L. Putnam, Temple Building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — SPECIALLY GOOD house on Dorchester street; a moderate sized modern house, on two flats; highly finished exterior, suitable for a small family. Not far from Windsor Hotel. H. L. Putnam, Temple Building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE — Westmount, corner lots in good locality; would be exchanged for a good suitable house in the west end. H. L. Putnam Temple building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE — Westmount, corner house, extra well built and finished, modern in every particular; would be exchanged for a smaller house. H. L. Putnam, Temple building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — ST. LAWRENCE-MAIN street corner. A very fine corner lot, about 77x80, on one of the best upper portions of the street; to close an estate. H. L. Putnam, Temple building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — REAL ESTATE INvestment, Metcalfe avenue, Westmount; a block of modern houses, thoroughly well built and rented; would be sold cheap. H. L. Putnam, Temple building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — ELEGANT MODERN house in the West End. A full sized house in the best part of one of our best West End streets; elegantly finished in every detail. Ready for immediate occupation. Price $16,000. H. L. Putnam, Temple building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — SEMI - DETACHED and detached houses, Westmount. I have some very choice houses in Westmount to offer at various prices and in situations which cannot be excelled, $7500, $8000, $8500, $10,000, $12,000, $13,000, $15,000. H. L. Putnam, Temple building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — TWO CHOICE LOTS ON Stanley st. 250 feet above St. Catherine, 45x100, lane in rear; best and most economical lots in that part of the city for modern cottages. H. L. Putnam, 1st floor Temple building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — MANSFIELD ST. houses; one below St. Catherine street, where business is gradually taking possession; one near Dorchester street, in the best residential part of the street; both in perfect order; price $4000 and $7250. H. L. Putnam, 1st floor, Temple building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — CHOICE CORNER lots, Westmount. Three of the very best in the whole town, suitable for builders; no waste land. H. L. Putnam, 1st floor, Temple building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — CHOICE HOUSE above Sherbrooke street. A cut stone front house in one of the best streets above Sherbrooke street; is in the market for delivery this fall; price $16,000. H. L. Putnam, 1st floor, Temple building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — STONE COTTAGE, Westmount, close to the city limits; one minute's walk from cars; extension kitchen, electric lighting, hot water heating; in perfect order; $6000. H. L. Putnam, 1st floor, Temple building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — FLATS AT ST. Henri, 84 and 86 Park avenue, containing two dwellings, both rented; price $8500. For particulars apply to H. L. Putnam, Temple building. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — HOUSE AND GARden, Westmount, 50 cents per foot; in one of the very choicest sites in Westmount. The house is comfortable and homelike; the grounds in a high state of cultivation; an ideal spot for a home. H. L. Putnam, Temple building. 208 3 eod

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—STONE HOUSE WITH two entrances, close to Mount Royal Park, grounds; owner moving away, and would sell for $6700. H. L. Putnam, Temple Buildings. 208 3 eod

FOR SALE — AT GREAT SACRIFICE, MT Royal, including corner of St. Denis and St. Viateur ave., adjoining line sold at 10c. For immediate sale, any reasonable offer for 17,000 feet will be accepted. Address R. 220, Star Office.

FOR SALE — WESTMOUNT, TWO modern stone front cottages on Greene avenue, with extension kitchens, hot water furnaces; all in perfect order; would be sold for $4,000 each; terms half cash. H. L. Putnam, 1st floor, Temple Building. 210 3 eod

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—STONE front solid brick cottage ten rooms; hot water heating; every convenience. Apply at 99 Fort street, Montreal. 210 3 eod

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET — HOUSES, 195 HUTCHInson, and 571 Cadieux street, first class order, rent moderate. For further particulars apply to J. P. Whelan, 51 Durocher street. 208 6

TO LET — NO. 462 GUY ST., ABOVE St. Catherine street, will be rented low to a desirable tenant. Apply Dr. Vipond, 905 Dorchester st. 208 3

TO LET — NO. 20 TUPPER ST., 10 apartments; in very good order. Apply to Wm. Cooper, 261 St. James st. 209 6

TO LET — A 9 ROOMED HOUSE, in first class order, all modern improvements; rent moderate. Apply to M. J. McAndrew, 750 Dorchester st. 209 4

TO LET — FURNISHED OR UNfurnished modern corner house near Windsor Hotel; one of the best corner houses in that vicinity; thoroughly modern and well furnished; suitable for a doctor. H. L. Putnam, 1st floor Temple Building. 209 3

TO LET — FURNISHED HOUSE, hot water heating, gas; four bedrooms; good locality; moderate. Address L 680, Star office. 210 3 eod

TO LET—OR FOR SALE, 320 PARK avenue, Montreal Annex; modern three story sand stone front house; beautiful home, with all latest improvements; ten rooms, extension kitchen, bathroom, wash tubs, cemented cellar, Daisy furnace, gas, electricity, stables, sheds in rear; easy terms; soon five minutes electric car service. Apply 70 St. James street, or 707 Sherbrooke, or corner Park ave. and St. Louis street. 210 3

TO LET — 4291 DORCHESTER ST., Westmount; modern house, 10 rooms; furnace, chandeliers and gas fixtures; newly papered and painted; low rent. Chas. J. Brown, agent, 4228 St. Catherine street. 210 4

TO LET — UNTIL MAY NEXT, A bargain; commodious house on Dorchester; all conveniences; close to M. A. A. A.; rent low. Write at once to P. O. Box No. 2411. 210 1

TO LET — VERY COMFORTABLE, warm house, 69 Drummond street; 12 rooms; newly done throughout; cheap for winter. Apply 12 St. Famille street. 210 1

TO LET — HOUSE, NO. 14 RICHmond square, nine rooms, no basement; heated by hot water furnace; has all modern improvements; reduced rental. Apply at 10 Richmond square. 210 3

RESIDENTIAL FLATS TO LET.

TO LET — NO. 98 SELBY, OFF Greene ave., upper flat of seven rooms; in perfect order; has just been tinted and painted; has gas, bath, hot water boiler; rent only $13.50; no taxes; key at No. 96 Selby or at 568 St. Paul, or Telephone Main 683. 209 4

TO LET — A 7-ROOMED FLAT, DEsirable locality, 53 Ste. Famille street; immediate possession; low rental until 1st of May. For further particulars apply at house. 210 2 eod

TO LET — A COSY FLAT, NO. 789 Mount Royal ave.; overlooking Mountain Park, and close to Park avenue cars, containing seven rooms, bath, closet, Daisy furnace; only $14 a month. G. W. Badgley, Room 110, Temple Building. 210 3 eod

TO LET — COMFORTABLE UPper flat of five rooms and bathroom; pleasantly situated, rent low. Apply 227 Elgin street, above Prince Arthur. 210 4 New

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

TO RENT — FURNISHED, UNTIL 1st May next, No. 30 Buckingham avenue. Apply Y, 389 Star office. 207 10

TO LET — TO CAREFUL TENANT without children, small three story furnished house, nine rooms, on Drummond street, near Sherbrooke; Daisy furnace. Address J 7849, Star Branch office. 210 1

TO LET — FURNISHED, A HANDsomely furnished house in the western part of the city, for six months or longer; all modern conveniences. J. Cradock Simpson & Co., 181 St. James street. 210 3

COTTAGES TO LET.

TO LET — ST. LAMBERT, COMFORtable cottage, 7 apartments, modern conveniences. Apply Mrs. Gowans, St. Lambert. 210 2

TO LET — WESTMOUNT, SEMIdetached cottage; fully furnished, from $30 to $35 per month. Address O 769, Star office. 210 1

SHOPS, STORES, BUSINESS PREMISES, ETC., TO LET.

TO LET — SHOP IN THE "SALISbury," corner of Guy and St. Antoine streets; rent very low. Apply to Janitor, on premises, or S. H. McDowell, 21 St. Helen street. 208 6

TO LET — 646 CRAIG STREET, depth 125 feet; four stories and basement. Estate John Tiffin, per H. H. Austin agent, 318 St. Paul street. 209 7 eod

TO LET — FLATS OVER 13 LEmoine street. Estate John Tiffin, per H. H. Austin, agent, 318 St. Paul street. 209 7 eod

OFFICES TO LET.

TO LET — FINE OFFICES AND sample rooms 30 Hospital and 17 St. John sts.; price $4 per month and upwards. W. F. Lewis, 13 St. John st. 209 2

STABLES TO LET.

TO LET — VERY CHEAP, STABLE on Beaver Hall Hill. Apply to H. Clayton, No. 52 Street Railway building. 210 1

RESIDENTIAL FLATS WANTED.

WANTED — A SMALL FLAT OF 5 to 7 rooms, west end; rent not to exceed $10 per month, for winter months. Address Mrs. W. Kennedy, Ahuntsic P.O., Back River. 208 3

FURNISHED FLATS WANTED.

WANTED — COMPLETELY FURnished flat in unexceptional locality, by small family of adults; Westmount preferred; references and best of care given. Address J, 596, Star office. 208 1

PROPERTY WANTED.

WANTED — TO PURCHASE IN Westmount or neighbourhood a house having all modern conveniences; will require to have 8 bedrooms and not to cost over $6000. Address "Westmount," Box 1166 P.O., Montreal. 209 3

HOUSES WANTED.

WANTED — IN GOOD LOCALITY, a small furnished house (6 or 7 rooms) for the winter. Address J, 7716 Star Branch office. 210 1

PATY DE CLAM'S TALE

He Reiterates His Conviction of Dreyfus' Guilt, but Told Nothing Startlingly New.

Further Details of the Scene Between Labori and the President of the Court Martial.

RENNES, September 7.—It has just been developed that Cernuschi, the Austrian refugee, whose evidence caused such a sensation the other day, some time ago wrote a letter to Colonel Jouaust and to Major Carriere, but neither Carriere nor Jouaust paid any attention to the letter, the reason being that truthfully given by Carriere, when he said the witness was a political refugee of too doubtful character for him to call.

Every afternoon at the Military Club of Rennes the generals meet to talk over the day's proceedings and make plans for the morrow. Last Saturday they met as usual to discuss Cernuschi, who is one of De Beaurepaire's witnesses, and perfectly well known to them.

Mercier, who has been influenced latterly by Billot and Boisdeffre, was opposed to risking Cernuschi, who has the worst possible record. He considered Cernuschi a too dangerous card to play. A short quarrel ensued, Roget insisting on Cernuschi, with the result that Roget took the whole responsibility on his own shoulders, saying he would have him called.

Roget then left the club and called on Lieutenant-Colonel De Brogniart, one of the judges. Brogniart went straight from Roget to Jouaust and said:

"I understand you have an important letter from a man named Cernuschi. I wish that man called as a witness."

Jouaust, against his will, was compelled to call him.

At this same meeting of the generals, an important incident occurred, which is given me by a person who had it from one of the generals present. In the course of the quarrel, one of the generals said that Cernuschi was unnecessary, because Dreyfus would certainly be condemned without him.

"How do you know?" was asked. Here is the answer:

"I have it from Captain Beauvais that the Judges have fully made up their minds to condemn."

The officer who tells me this added: "Beauvais is perfectly well known here as a furious anti-Semite. His two party newspapers are L'Intransigeant and La Libre Parole."

The impartial mind may well wonder what chance Dreyfus has before such Judges as Brogniart and Beauvais.

WEDNESDAY'S TESTIMONY.

Senator Trarieux's Strong Argument for Dreyfus.

RENNES, September 7—The chief interest in the evidence of Senator Trarieux, ex-Minister of Justice, yesterday, was his reference to the petit bleu. M. Trarieux said he had examined the petit bleu which had been the cause of the accusation against Col. Picquart. If the witness had not known in the first place that the genuine document had been falsified, he would not have received Picquart at his house the day the letter was to be arrested. The witness had not accused Commandant Lauth any more than others. Lauth had not believed the document might have been tampered with until after he was asked to conceal the traces of its having been torn up. He must have yielded to the influence of the plotting rampant at that time.

M. Trarieux vehemently defended Picquart against the charge of tampering with the petit bleu, the original genuineness of which was proved by the very use to which Picquart had put it when he submitted it to his superiors the scheme of decoy letters which he proposed to send to Major Esterhazy, in which was to be introduced the exact wording of the petit bleu. Picquart, therefore, was a man of untarnished honour when he was prosecuted for forgery. When this witness investigated the real motives of the prosecution he learned that Picquart was accused of making erasures in the petit bleu. All the evidence adduced that Picquart was connected with the erasures, which thus constituted a new forgery and a new device to squelch Picquart.

WERE MANY FORGERS.

"I cannot believe," added the ex-Minister of Justice, warmly, "that the number of persons who perpetrated these forgeries was very great. We have discovered one source form which emanated other forgeries. I have not far to go to seek him."

M. Trarieux's remarks brought Commandant Lauth to his feet. The Commandant declared that he took no exception to Picquart's instruction to look for traces of the trading of the petit bleu, wished to make of the petit bleu, Lauth but that when he saw the use Picquart proceeded to accuse Picquart of the most profound contempt for the officers of his department and their home life. The day of the Court's entry into Paris, Commandant Lauth asserted, Picquart introduced to the witness Madame Henry, a woman unfit to be in their society, and whom they had since discovered to be the wife of a magistrate.

Lieut.-Colonel Picquart sprang to his feet and vigorously protested against the monstrous allegation.

ZURLINDEN'S EVIDENCE.

General Zurlinden followed. He explained that he deposed both in the capacity of ex-military governor of Paris and ex-Minister of War. He had played a most prominent part in the Du Paty de Clam, Picquart and Esterhazy cases. The proceedings in the case of Major du Paty de Clam had caused him great anxiety. The witness wished for more light with regard to the ground upon which revision of the trial of Dreyfus was demanded and the charges emanating from other officers of the General Staff against Col. Picquart. He thought it absolutely necessary that the charges of forgery against Picquart should be cleared up by the court. Col. Picquart was then in the custody of the civil authorities, but the Minister of Justice asked to have him arraigned before the court-martial, not for making an erasure in a document, which was insignificant, but for forgery.

M. Trarieux broke in upon General Zurlinden to reproach the witness with being responsible for the ten months' groundless imprisonment of Picquart and an unwarranted prosecuting resulting in the dismissal of the charges.

After further explanations by Gen. Zurlinden, M. Labori asked permission to speak.

Col. Jouaust—"Is it with regard to the evidence of M. Trarieux."

M. Labori—"It is with reference to the erasure on the petit bleu."

Col. Jouaust (sharply) — "In that case, no. We are trying Dreyfus, not the Picquart case."

M. Labori—"Allow me, Mr. President. It is the question of a document alleged to be a device of Picquart's against Esterhazy.

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THE FIRST SILET WITNESS.

M. Labori opposed the application from the Minister of Justice (Cassagnac) that Gendarme Gendron, attached to the department of the Seine Inferieure, should be called as a witness. He said that M. Picquart possessed documents which would prove that the petit bleu was a forgery. The witness Gendron possessed certain information of importance in this regard.

General Zurlinden replied: "It was pigeon himself who discovered the erasure. I first thought it attributable to an attempt to remove a blot, and, therefore, it did not possess, in my mind, the importance which others attached to it."

M. Labori—"Was the erasure subsequent to the first photograph?"

General Zurlinden, amid intense excitement, admitted that the Tavernier inquiry showed that the petit bleu had not been scratched when it reached the statistical section of the Intelligence Department, and, that consequently the erasure was not the work of Col. Picquart.

M. Laborl asked M. Paleologue's permission to read a document belonging to the diplomatic dossier, conclusively proving, as he claimed, the genuineness of the petit bleu.

M. Paleologue—"I do not know the document referred to."

M. Labori—"The document relates to a conversation between M. Delcasse and Count Von Munster-Ledenburg, German ambassador to Paris, in which the ambassador is represented to have said that Col. Schwartzkoppen admitted he had sent Major Esterhazy a number of telegraph forms."

M. Paleologue—"I can only confirm M. Labori's statement. There is in the diplomatic dossier a document reciting a conversation between M. Delcasse and Count Von Munster-Ledenburg, who stated that Col. Schwartzkoppen sent Major Esterhazy a number of petit bleus. As regards the petit bleu in this case, Col. Schwartzkoppen could not say he had written it himself because he had not seen it; but the ambassador said he believed it had been sent by him (Col. Schwartzkoppen).



(From the Paris Petit Bleu.)

GENERALS MERCIER, DE BOISDEFFRE, GONSE AND ROGET.

Replying to M. Laborl, M. Trarieux dwelt at length upon the charges which he described as fairy tales, against Picquart, who had been alleged to be an agent in the pay of the Dreyfus family and whose object, as asserted, was to put Esterhazy, an innocent man, in the place of Dreyfus, the culprit.

M. Trarieux read a letter which he wrote to General Billot, June 1, 1898, protesting against these falsehoods. To this letter General Billot had replied that he had not instituted the enquiry. The judges entrusted with the investigation of the Esterhazy case, notwithstanding their conscientiousness, were, M. Trarieux asserted, absolutely deceived by stories then current. The judges accepted as gospel all the lies of Esterhazy, who, though acquitted, was not tried.

Col. Jouaust protested against the vehement language of the witness, who, he said, could not maintain statements affecting judges.

"You are no longer giving evidence," added the president of the court-martial. "You are delivering a speech for the defence. You have assumed the role of counsel for the defence."

M. Labori—"We make no complaint, Mr. President."

M. Trarieux—"I regret that the remark should be made to me in such terms, when I was merely replying to questions."

GEN. BILLOT'S BOMBSHELL.

The Attempt to Prove That Dreyfus and Esterhazy Were Accomplices.

General Billot, at this juncture, arose and stepped rapidly to the platform. Speaking with suppressed excitement, he said he regretted he had not heard the first part of M. Trarieux's evidence on Tuesday, but he was aware that, like yesterday's deposition, it was merely a speech in favour of Dreyfus and Picquart, and an accusation against former Ministers of War. M. Trarieux, General Billot said, mentioned things which ought to have been left unspoken as a witness. He desired to associate himself with the protest just made by the President of the court. As a former Minister, he was responsible for his acts, and he came forward to claim his share of responsibility. General Billot admitted that Lieut.-Colonel Picquart was an officer with great merit, in whom he had had the greatest confidence—a confidence which he regretted he no longer retained. The witness always obeyed the behests of conscience, and considered with great care all questions affecting the grave Dreyfus case. He had defended with all his force the chose jugee which had been entrusted to him. He protested against the course pursued by M. Trarieux.

Replying to M. Labori, General Billot accepted entire responsibility for the receipt given to Major Esterhazy for the "document Libreteur" by the Chief of the Cabinet, and expressed the opinion that even proof of Esterhazy's guilt would not acquit Dreyfus, as often several culprits were mixed up in espionages.

LABORI GETS ANGRY.

M. Labori—"That goes without saying. But, excuse me, Mr. President, it has never been said that Dreyfus had an accomplice in Esterhazy. We must know if the prosecution or accusation is approaching that theory."

At this juncture, the prisoner startled the court by shouting in ringing tones: "I protest against such an odious accusation."

Colonel Jouaust—"I must ask you, M. Labori, to observe more moderation."

M. Labori—"I have never uttered an immoderate word."

Colonel Jouaust—"Your tone is improper."

M. Labori—"I am not altogether master of my tone."

Colonel Jouaust—"Unless you can control your tone I forbid you to speak."

M. Labori—"I must submit to your ruling; but I note the fact that I am forbidden to speak every time I enter upon ground where my position is irreducible."

This retort by Labori led the defence counsel to indulge in a few words. Clamorous applause broke out, drowning the murmurs of the Generals and their supporters. Colonel Jouaust, after quite half a minute, declared that if the demonstrations were renewed the court-room would be cleared. The President of the court-martial then ordered the witness Gendron to be called.

SUSPICIOUS DOCUMENTS.

Artillery Officer Saw Dreyfus Take Papers Home.

Major Gallopin, of the artillery, deposed that Dreyfus never asked him for information. He once met Dreyfus carrying a package and asked him what it contained. Dreyfus replied that the package contained secret papers, relating to mobilization, "which," he added, "I am taking to the Geographical Department to be destroyed as soon as printed."

Col. Jouaust (to the prisoner)—"Did you take those papers home?"

The prisoner—"I do not think so."

Col. Jouaust (to witness)—"Where did you meet Dreyfus?"

Major Gallopin—"On the Boulevard St. Germain. He was going to the Avenue de l'Alma, where he is staying."

Captain Dreyfus—"There must be some confusion. It was perhaps transfer papers."

Col. Jouaust—"Did you say you were taking the papers home?"

Captain Dreyfus—"I don't remember."

Major Hirsch-Auer, of the Engineers, deposed that in 1894 he heard Dreyfus express the desire, which was very legitimate, to attend the manoeuvres. He minutely detailed circumstances which made him positive that Dreyfus proposed to attend the manoeuvres, but, curiously, the Major had entirely forgotten the dates.

Captain Dreyfus corrected Major Hirsch-Auer on several points and added: "It is possible I expressed regret that I could not attend the manoeuvres, but what is certain is that we all knew we should not be present.

Major Hirsch-Auer suggested that Col. Picquart might confirm his (witness') statement.

Col. Picquart declared that Dreyfus never asked to be allowed to attend the manoeuvres.

DU PATY DE CLAM'S TALE.

The Evidence Taken on Commission Gives Little That is New.

After the introduction of a letter purporting to fix the date of the bordereau as August 6, 1894, the evidence of Lieutenant-Colonel Du Paty de Clam, which was taken on commission by Magistrate Tavernier, was read. In his deposition Du Paty de Clam began by replying to attacks against him as a soldier and a citizen. He complained that slanderous statements unsupported by proof had been made regarding him. The witness laid stress upon the fact that the charges against him had been dismissed, and expressed the opinion that the sole object of his slanderers was to impugn the judges who tried Dreyfus in 1894. He denied that he had even had relations with Colonel Henry, or that he was concerned with the publication of articles in the Eclair, or with furnishing Esterhazy with the "Document Liberateur." The witness admitted that he had had relations with Major Esterhazy, and repeated the explanations with reference thereto, which he gave before the Court of Cassation. With regard to the Dreyfus case, the witness declared that he was not connected with the discovery of the bordereau. It was under pressure, the deposition continued, that the witness accepted the task of investigating the charges in this case. After detailing the course of this investigation, Du Paty de Clam said that the order for the arrest of Captain Dreyfus had been distinctly issued quite independent of the dictation test. The witness then described the

FAMOUS DICTATION SCENE,

in the course of which he said Dreyfus displayed an emotion, regarding the cause of which there might be differences of opinion, but the fact, witness asserted, was undeniable, that M. Cochefert, the chief detective of the department, who was present, regarded the prisoner's agitation as an indication of his guilt. Dreyfus manifested his excitement by nervous movements of the jaw and complained that his fingers were cold. Du Paty de Clam defended himself against the charge of being a torturer of Captain Dreyfus and his family.

As to the bordereau he expressed the opinion that it must have been written between the 15th and 30th of August, 1894. Witness denied all statements attributed to him in regard to the incorrect versions of the Panizzardi's telegram. Du Paty de Clam referred to the preparation by himself and Col. Sandherr, of a secret commentary intended to show who was the traitor among the officers at the headquarters of the General Staff, who must be a captain D." The witness further asserted that in the communication of secret documents to the court-martial of 1894, he acted solely as a transmitting agent.

WHAT DREYFUS SAID.

Regarding the interview with Captain Dreyfus Du Paty de Clam declared that he never said to Dreyfus: "The Minister knows you are innocent." The Minister of War never spoke of delivering documents

Brave Men Fall

Victims to Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, headache, nervousness, headache, and tired, listless, run-down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that. Listen to J. W. Gardner, Idaville, Ind. He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies. It did more to give me new strength and good appetite than anything I could take. I can now eat anything, and I have a new lease of life." Only 50 cents at any drug store. Every bottle guaranteed. 210 1

HATRED AND MADNESS.

Clemenceau so Characterizes the Persistent Pursuit of Captain Dreyfus.

PARIS, September 7. — In the Aurore M. Clemenceau says:

"I ask every man of good faith, having in his hand the note furnished by General Deloye, wherein the German Military Attache in August, 1894, asked for a 'Reglette de tar,' whether, if a French military officer had informed him that Dreyfus had borrowed his 'Reglette,' at the same moment and had never returned it, all the nationalists would not have shouted at once, 'We have truth at last.'

"This is a veritable statement of fact, with the sole condition that the adventure must be put down to the account of Esterhazy. How is it that all these folk draw no conclusion against the Uhlan, and continue with their eyes shut to accuse Dreyfus? Alas, there is but one reason—blind hatred and murderous madness which derange the mind and suppress the heart."

In the Figaro M. Cornely has this to say: "I have endeavoured to explain why a foreigner had the right and duty to disclaim all complicity in the judicial error in which he is a partner. Since the benefit of the treason committed is attributed to him it is a right and duty to impose the obligation of receiving his testimony and attributing to it a value equal to that of native testimony. For no nation in the world can reasonably pretend to a monopoly of probity and sincerity. There are in Germany, Italy, Russia, or Austria, in Spain or in England, as many honourable men incapable of violating faith of an oath as there are in France. To pretend to the contrary is to reason like Sioux or Pawnee."

BRITISH COLUMBIA'S PROTEST.

Test of the Labour Resolution Concerning the Chinese Expulsion Question.

VANCOUVER, B.C., September 7.—W. W. B. McInnes, M.P., was somewhat inflamatory in his speech at Nanaimo on Labour Day, when he said he would regard his seat because of the Laurier Government's action in vetoing British Columbia's anti-Mongolian legislation. He said that next session the matter would be taken up again. If the Government then refused to do anything they must take the matter in their own hands. It was a serious thing to counsel violence, but there would then be no other recourse open to them.

The text of the resolution passed by the Nanaimo people is as follows:

"Resolved, that this meeting views with alarm the recent decision by the Privy Council, which pronounces it ultra vires of the Provincial Government to legislate against Chinese.

"That we believe that unless the Dominion Government aids the provincial authorities by enacting legislation which will restrict Oriental immigration, an incalculable injury will be done both to the labour and the business interests of the country.

"That the Dominion Government and the people of the East generally do not seem to be aware of the gravity of the situation, and that it is necessary for us in British Columbia to initiate missionary work in the East to open its eyes to its duty.

"Therefore, we pledge ourselves to support morally and financially any scheme looking to the accomplishment of the above aims, and would recommend that one or more able speakers be sent to the East and supported there in an active campaign along the suggested lines."

CHANGES IN THE YUKON.

Inspector Steele of the Police Recalled —Officials Must Buy Their Own Food.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, Ont., September 7.—Within a short time, Inspector Steele, commanding the North-West Mounted Police in the Yukon, will return to duty in the North-West Territories. Instructions are already on the way to Inspector Steele, instructing him to report as soon as possible at Regina. Inspector Steele's recall, it is stated, does not indicate in any way that his services in the Yukon were not satisfactory. It is probable that Capt. A. B. Perry, who is now on the way to Dawson, will be the new commander of the police contingent in the district. Since the first Government officials took up new quarters in Dawson and Selkirk, it has been the practice to give them board at the expense of the Government. This was necessary when Dawson was nothing but an embryonic community, but now that the capital of the gold fields has taken on every character of a modern city, the Government has decided to do away with the system of providing rations for officials. In place of this, the Administration will pay a living allowance to the officers, who will be at liberty to live as economically or as lavishly as they please. It is the opinion of the Minister of Interior that the new plan will be more satisfactory to the gentlemen concerned, and will also save the Government a considerable sum annually.

NOT A POLITICAL AFFAIR.

(Special to the Star.)

QUEBEC, September 7. — Apparently fearing that the invitation to Sir Wilfrid Laurier to speak at St. Francois, Beauce, next Sunday night, may be construed as a demonstration in his honour, the committee of organization request it to be made known that the fete is to be purely a civic and religious one, with which politics have nothing to do, and that Conservative as well as Liberal leaders will be amongst the speakers.

PRESBYTERIAN SUNDAY SCHOOL

(Special to the Star.)

TORONTO, September 7. — The Sabbath School Committee of the Presbyterian General Committee met here yesterday, and decided to take active steps with a view to general extension work in connection with the Sabbath schools throughout the Dominion. The high religious instruction will be discontinued for the present year, but it is hoped that it may be again undertaken next year.

William Brownlee, of the firm of Cassells, Galt, and Company, died in Edinburgh yesterday. His condition is serious.

PERSONALS.

Dr. S. Gendreau, of Quebec, is at the St. James Hotel.

Hon. Mr. Tarte left Paris yesterday morning for London.

Mrs. (Dr.) Telfer has returned from a trip to Toronto and Niagara.

Miss Amy Hiam has left town on a visit to the "Laurentian Cab."

Dr. Louis N. Lemieux, of Quebec, is a guest at the Place Viger.

Judge George H. Sheard, of Louisiana, is a guest at the Place Viger.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier is expected to return to Ottawa by the 15th inst.

Dr. J. R. Laine, Mrs. Laine and child are guests at the Place Viger.

The Misses Ivy and Mabel Eaves have left Ste. Agathe for Stanstead College.

Mr. S. P. Stearns returned yesterday from his summer holidays on the Maine coast.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Alloway have returned from their visit to the Toronto Exhibition.

Mr. C. A. Lebel has returned from the Gaspe shore, where he spent the month of August.

Miss Sermon having spent the summer at "Villa l'Achigan," Lac l'Achigan, has returned home.

The marriage of Miss Effie Hersey to Dr Alfred T. Bazin will take place on September 20th.

The Misses Currie, Union avenue, who have spent the summer at Little Metis, have returned to town.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier will, on Saturday next, be the guest of Dr. Godbout, M.P., at St. Francois de Beauce.

Miss Sewell, Westmount, has left for Lancaster, where, during her visit she will be the guest of Mrs. MacLennan.

Mr. F. Colson, of the Secretary of State's Department, Ottawa, and formerly of Montreal, was in the city yesterday.

Dr. MacCallum, of Union Avenue, has returned to town after spending his holidays at his country place, Kalien, Odelltown.

The engagement of Miss Elsie Burgess, daughter of Dr. T. J. W. Burgess, to Mr. J. B. Creighton, of Toronto, is announced.

Hon. Clifford Sifton, the Minister of the Interior, will leave Ottawa on Tuesday next, on an extended tour through the North-West.

Hon. Whitelaw Reid, former U.S. ambassador to the French Republic, and Senator G. G. Vest and wife, of Washington, D.C., are in the city.

Mrs. Geo. Smithers and family, 1127 Sherbrooke street, who have spent August at the Bay Point Hotel, Rockland, Maine have returned to town.

Rev. C. A. French, of Lombardy, Ont., has been transferred to Tweed Anglican Mission to supply the place of Rev. C. T. Lewis, removed to Melbourne, Quebec.

The marriage of Mr. Numa E. Brossoit, advocate, of Valleyfield, and Miss Hector ine Mailloux, eldest daughter of the late Mr. Ovide Mailloux, will take place on the 26th inst.

Duke Saisamoti, Japanese delegate to the International Peace Conference recently held at The Hague, passed through Montreal yesterday, en route for Vancouver, where he will embark to Tokio, Japan.

Mrs. Isabel Garrison, the well known Chicago woman journalist, and a moving spirit in the projected Anglo-American institute which was launched some time ago by Sir Walter Besant, sailed on the Bavarian this morning for England. Mrs. Garrison spent yesterday in Montreal, and will not visit this country again until after the Paris Exhibition next year.

A fashionable wedding took place at Grace Church, Winnipeg, to-day, when Miss Catherine White, daughter of Mr. R. J. White, was married to Mr. Jack C. Green-Armytage, a member of the Winnipeg Hemley crew. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. S. Cleaver, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Spaulding. Mrs. W. A. Austin, of Toronto, was among the guests at the wedding. Both Mr. and Mrs. Green-Armytage are well known in Montreal and Toronto.

A pretty wedding took place at Peveril, P. Q., on Tuesday, September 5th, at the residence of Mr. Donald S. Morrison, when his eldest daughter, Miss Sarah A. Morrison, and Mr. George A. Perry, of Dalhousie station, were united in marriage by the Rev. John McKinnon, assisted by the Rev. J. W. McLean, of Kirk Hill

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CIRCULATION
—OF THE—
Daily and Weekly Star
FOR WEEK ENDING
Sept. 2nd, 1899.

Monday	50,262
Tuesday	50,382
Wednesday	50,888
Thursday	50,267
Friday	50,273
Saturday	54,664
	306,276

Present Average:

DAILY, for week ending Sept. 2nd **51,046**

WEEKLY STAR Last Week..... **103,870**

Average Circulation of the STAR Last Week. **154,916**

From the above figures are excluded several thousand subscriptions regarded as more or less ephemeral.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1899.

THE ELECTIONS.

Our Quebec correspondent states upon the authority of a Ministerial member that the general elections will not take place until 1900. We have published the statement for what it is worth, but we do not believe that there is any member or Minister in Canada who can speak authoritatively on the subject. Wherever Mr. Tarte sits is the seat of Government, and just now the seat of Government is in France. Sir Wilfrid Laurier may speculate like any body else about the date of the general elections, but there is no reason to suppose that he is in the confidence of the Government.

We do not believe that the date has been settled, but the signs of the times seem to indicate that most of the Ministers expect the elections to take place this year. To begin with, Sir Wilfrid is travelling around picking up his dishonoured political promissory notes, and no doubt renewing them. He was publicly notified by his own party organ "Le Soleil" that the boys were not satisfied with the amount of work performed by the civil service guillotine and that he must not expect the same enthusiasm from them in the next elections as in the last, unless a lot of offensive partisans were dismissed to make room for partisans of the inoffensive stripe. The fact that the Premier and Mr. Sutherland, the Liberal Whip, so promptly reported to Mr. Pacaud at Quebec, seems to suggest that the services of the disgruntled Grits are likely to be wanted at no distant date.

The fact that the Ministers are so anxious to create the impression that the elections will not take place until 1900 is perhaps the strongest reason for expecting them in 1899. It does not harmonise with their present activity in their several provinces, but it is perfectly consistent with their general practice of saying the exactly opposite of what they mean.

The enormous budget is another indication of a coming struggle at an early date. No Government could have expected to win public approval by such prodigality, much less a Government pledged to retrenchment and economy. The phenomenal budget means that the Government does not base its hopes upon public approval, but that it is going to fight the people with their own money, and fight them soon. The coming struggle will not be Liberal against Conservative, so much as the machine against the people, and the budget was a machine budget.

Then the Government has particular reason to dread another session; the revelations about the working of the machine commenced last session are not by any means completed.

'JOHN CHARLTON OF MICHIGAN.'

Mr. John Charlton, M. P., who is one of the representatives on the Commission which is endeavouring to arrange a treaty between this country and the United States, gives it as his opinion that the Michigan lumbermen will win their suit against the Ontario Government. This suit, it will be remembered, is an endeavour to set aside the Ontario Legislation which compels the manufacture in Canada of logs cut on lands leased from the Province of Ontario. Now Mr. Charlton, though not a lawyer, has a right to any legal opinion that he likes to hold. If he thinks the Ontario case to be weak, there is no need to prevent him from saying so. But it is a little unfortunate that he should use it on a State unfortunate that he should use it on a State unfortunate that he should use it on a State

SAYS WHOLE RETURN WAS FALSE.

An Enlarged Charge Laid Against Ville Marie Bank Officers —Evidence Produced to Show That the Banks Held $457,000 of its Notes.

The enquete into the charge laid by the Minister of Finance against William Weir, the president, A. W. Smith, one of the directors, and Mr. Ferdinand Lemieux, accountant, of the Ville Marie Bank, was commenced this morning before Judge Choquet in the Police Court, and after a number of witnesses had been heard, was adjourned for a week to give the counsel for the accused time to reply to the enlarged charge laid on behalf of the Minister of Finance that practically the whole statement supplied the Government on July 11 was false.

The original charge was that the report was false and deceptive in so far as the circulation was concerned when it was placed at $261,370, and the greatest on any one day at $280,410, and that in reality it was greater than the...

This morning a representative from each bank in the city was heard, and the result is that these banks now hold $457,365 of Ville Marie Bank bills.

BANKS HOLD $457,365.

A recapitulation of the evidence given by the representatives of the banks shows the amount held by each of them to be as follows:

British North America	$ 5,480
Commerce	3,025
Ottawa	30,355
Merchants of Canada	29,940
Montreal	155,680
Nova Scotia	2,170
Ontario	1,305
Merchants of Halifax	10,510
Nationale	17,820
Toronto	8,960
Hochelaga	100,355
Quebec	36,690
Dominion	8,580
Imperial	925
Molsons	29,945
Jacques Cartier	5,485
City and District	350
Union Bank	2,390
Total	$457,365

Mr. M. Hutchinson, Q.C. conducted the case for the prosecution. Mr. Weir was defended by Messrs. R. C. Smith, Q.C., and Charles Archer; Mr. Smith by Mr. A. J. Browne, Q.C., and Mr. F. Lemieux by Messrs. E. L. Greenshields, Q.C., and M. F. Quinn, Q.C. Mr. E. N. St. Jean, Q.C., followed the case on behalf of Mrs. Herbert, mother of the missing teller. A large number of witnesses subpoenaed were in attendance. The accused first appeared before Judge Lafontaine and their bail bonds were renewed. The enquete was conducted before Judge Choquet.

MR. CHARLES G. BEARON IN DETAIL.

Mr. Charles G. Bearon, accountant of the Bank of British North America, was the first called regarding the circulation of the bank, and examined by Mr. Hutchinson.

A number of objections were put to the witness, but disallowed, and the witness stated that the bank held $6480 of the Ville Marie Bank's notes.

Edward J. Meek, clerk in the Canadian Bank of Commerce, said that the bank held $3025 in Ville Marie Bank bills, which bills it had received since July 25th, the date upon which the bank suspended payment.

Mr. C. R. Campbell, acting accountant of the Montreal branch of the Bank of Ottawa, said that the bank held $30,355 in Ville Marie Bank bills.

Mr. Chas. J. Crockall, accountant of the Merchants Bank of Canada, said that that bank now held $29,940 of Ville Marie Bank bills.

Mr. William A. Bogg, assistant accountant of the Bank of Montreal, said that the bank held $155,680 of the bank's bills.

Mr. Robert E. Wallace, of the Bank of Nova Scotia, said that that bank holds $2170 of Ville Marie Bank bills.

Mr. A. L. Hagerman, clerk of the Ontario Bank, said they hold $3305 of the bank's bills.

Mr. David S. Bendle, assistant accountant of the Merchants Bank, Halifax, said they hold $10,510 of the bank's bills.

Mr. Herman Koelle, assistant accountant Banque National, said they hold $17,820 since the suspension.

Mr. John A. Tate, clerk in the Bank of Toronto, said that bank held $8960.

Mr. Charles A. Sylvester, assistant manager of the Hochelaga Bank, gave $100.- as the bank's holdings.

Mr. T. E. Cox, assistant inspector of the Quebec Bank, gave $36,690.

C. A. Bogert, manager of the Dominion Bank in Montreal, gave $8,580.

William Fleming, messenger of the Imperial Bank in Montreal, gave $925.

Mr. James Elliott, local manager Molsons Bank, gave $29,945.

Mr. H. Bourbeau, accountant of the Jacques Cartier Bank, gave $5,485.

Mr. Arthur A. Barbeau, of the City and District Savings Bank, gave but $350, having transferred the other bills to the Bank of Montreal.

Mr. Arthur S. Herchell, of the Union Bank, gave $2,390.

ONE OF THE CURATORS CALLED.

Mr. Ambrose L. Kent, one of the liquidators of the bank, was asked how many notes had been redeemed.

Mr. Greenshields objected to the evidence of the witness unless the books were produced.

Mr. Kent said that none had been redeemed since he was in charge. He could not say how many notes had been taken in in payments of debts.

Mr. Kent was asked as to the specie the bank had on hand on June 30, and said it amounted to $16,899.

Mr. Greenshields objected to the question, because he could only speak from the books of the bank, and besides the accused were only charged with making a false return as to the circulation. Mr. Smith also objected on the ground that there was no specie mentioned in the charge, which only related to circulation.

Mr. Quinn held that the complainant is narrowed down to the charge laid by him, that of excessive circulation. No other point could be raised.

Mr. Archer took the same ground.

Judge Choquet held that if the defence was not prepared to answer to the specific charge regarding the specie, they were entitled to delay, but the question was legal and he would allow it.

THE ENLARGED CHARGE.

Mr. Hutchison then produced the following particulars as to the false statement in addition to the particulars already given in the information and complaint.

First.—It is stated in said return that the amount of rest held by the said bank on the said 30th of June last, 1899, was $10,- 000, whereas the said bank at the said date held no sum whatever as a rest.

It is stated in said return that the amount of specie held by the said bank on the said 30th of June last was $16,899.25, whereas it was a sum very much less than what is mentioned in the return.

3.—It is stated in the said return that the notes and cheques of other banks held by the said bank on the said 30th day of June last, 1899, were $172,676.22, whereas the notes and cheques of other banks held by the said bank on the said date amounted to a sum much less than the sum mentioned in the said return.

4.—It is stated in the said return that the call loans and stocks held by the said bank on the said 30th June last, 1899, were $33,055.81, whereas the call loans on bonds and stocks held by the said bank on the said date amounted to a sum much less than what is mentioned in said return.

5.—It is stated in said return that the "other assets not included under the former head," to wit, and meaning assets not mentioned or particularized in the said return were on the said 30th of June last $294,703.23, whereas the assets of the said bank on said date, not otherwise mentioned or particularized in the said return, were a sum very much less than what is mentioned in said return.

7.—It is stated in the said return that the aggregate amount of loans to directors and firms of which they are partners, was on the said 30th of June, 1899, $57,900, whereas the aggregate amount of said loans on said date was a sum much greater than the amount mentioned in the said return.

It was then agreed to adjourn until Thursday morning next to enable counsel to prepare for the broader charge which has now been made of the falsity of the whole statement.

Mr. Greenshields intimated that the enquete might be a very lengthy one if it was decided to investigate into the whole of the bank's affairs.

A PRIEST WAS HELD UP.

Rev. S. L. Gagnon of the Quebec Seminary the Victim.

ASSAULT TOOK PLACE ON ST. PAUL STREET—FOUR MEN ARRESTED.

Reverend S. L. Gagnon, of the Quebec Seminary, who was on a short visit in this city, was seriously assaulted last night on St. Paul street, by five dangerous footpads.

They relieved him of the money he had collected for masses ($18), his prayer book and several other articles. Detective Despeault, who was on duty at the Central Headquarters, was immediately called to the scene, and a man giving the name of Emile Christian was found in possession of the prayer book of the priest, and later on was recognized as one of the assailants by the victim. Constable Houle was also on the scene, and he arrested Joseph Boyer, Delphis Chopin and Elizear Allain for interfering with the police. All appeared before the Recorder this morning, who remanded them for eight days.

MR. C. R. DEROUIN IS DEAD.

Mr. C. R. Derouin, special agent of the Nationale Bank at the Eastern Abattoir, died this morning at the Notre Dame Hospital, where he had been a patient for some time. Deceased was thirty-six years old. He was the son of Mr. Philippe Derouin, agent for the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company at Berthierville, and the nephew of Rev. Father Piche, parish priest of Lachine.

WILLIAM CUSSACK CONVICTED.

The jury, which had failed to agree yesterday, was called once more this morning to give the result of their deliberations in William Cussack's case, and they finally agreed to the verdict of guilty. The trial of J. J. Kelly and G. E. Stone, accused of entering Rev. Henry Edson's residence, began this morning. Kelly pleaded guilty, and Stone stood his trial in the Court of Queen's Bench.



HUTCH AT OSGOODE HALL.

Alfred R. Symons, librarian at the Law School, Toronto, is one of those who praise Hutch's curative powers. Mr. Symons says that owing to the sedentary nature of his work he suffered for years with sour stomach, dyspepsia, and constipation. He endeavoured by every means to obtain relief, and did not spare expense. Prominent physicians were consulted, but at best only temporary relief was obtained. The same old misery came back stronger than ever. Mr. Symons was induced to try Hutch, and procured his first package at Harbottle's Drug Store, King street west. "I was a very much surprised man," said Mr. Symons, "at the sudden relief I obtained. I have been taking Hutch three weeks now, and I have not suffered any stomach distress whatever in that time. I am no longer costive. I am delighted with Hutch. It is a wonderful treatment."

Ten Hutch. Ten cents. All druggists, or by mail from the Woodward Medicine Co., Limited, 11 Colborne St., Toronto.

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PERSONALS.

(See also page 6.)

Dr. Charles McEachren returned this morning from Toronto.

Mrs. Frank Scott and little Miss Scott have returned from a fortnight's visit to Metis.

Miss J. Alex. L. Strathy and the Misses Strathy have returned from a visit to St. Patrick.

Mr. M. R. Ives, accompanied by his little daughter, has returned from a week's visit to Portland.

Miss Mathewson has returned to the city after over two months' stay at the Cascade House, Little Metis.

Mrs. C. B. Esdaile, 46 McGill College avenue, has returned from summering at Little Metis with her family.

Mrs. R. S. M. Bouchette and her little daughter, Claire, are expected to return to town from Bic on Saturday.

Mr. Fred. Archibald, has returned from spending a fortnight's holiday at Lake Megantic, accompanied by Mr. Alan Law.

Mrs. Geo. F. Benson, 18 Ontario Avenue, who has spent the summer at Manchester-on-the-Sea, has returned to town with her family.

Mrs. Fred. Sherwood has returned with her little daughter from Como, Que., where she has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Henderson.

Mrs. A. E. Boo has returned to Union ave., from Europe, much benefited by the waters and baths of Aix les Bains and Buxton.

Miss Amy Cundill, Greene avenue, Westmount, who has spent the summer at Manchester-on-the-Sea, with Mrs. Geo. F. Benson, has returned to town.

Mr. D. A. Budge, secretary of the Y. M. C. A., is a passenger on the incoming Dominion liner, Dominion. He is expected to reach the city on Saturday or Sunday next.

Mrs. T. D. Bell has left her country residence at Cartierville for the Adirondacks, where she intends to spend a few weeks. She is accompanied by her daughter, Miss Bell.

Miss Ethel Arnton, who has returned from a visit to Midland, Ont., where she was the guest of Mrs. James Playfair, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Jas. Bell, at Cartierville.

Miss Clare Harrington, eldest daughter of Professor and Mrs. Harington, who is visiting in the Old Country, has been the guest of Lady Glen Coats at Fergusie Park, Renfrewshire, for some weeks.

Rev. Father McCallen, of St. Patrick's parish, leaves by the seven o'clock Grand Trunk train this evening for Philadelphia, where he will begin on Sunday, a year's work devoted to preaching special missions in various parts of the United States.

The marriage of Miss Henriette Racicot and Mr. Alex. Ducios took place Tuesday in the chapel of the Sacred Heart, at St. James Church. The ceremony was performed by Monseigneur Racicot, assisted by the Rev. Father Leveille, uncle of the groom.

Mr. M. A. James, proprietor of the Bowmanville Statesman, and agent of the Allan Line in that town, arrived in the city last night, and left this morning for Quebec, on board the Bavarian, as the guest of the Allan Company. Mr. James will return to Montreal to-morrow.

A pretty wedding took place at St. George's Church, on Monday afternoon, when Miss Florence Ellen Lawes was married to Mr. F. Law. The bride, who was given away by Mr. Hugh Henry, wore a travelling dress of pale gray, trimmed with white silk, and a becoming toque of pale gray and white, and carried a bouquet of white roses. Miss Willett, who acted as bridesmaid, wore a dress of gray cloth, trimmed with white silk, and a white hat trimmed with pink roses, and carried a bouquet of pink roses. Mr. S. M. Luke acted as best man. The bride was the recipient of many handsome presents. Mr. and Mrs. Law left for their honeymoon later in the afternoon.

Mr. J. W. Tatley, of Montreal, and Miss Sarah West Burrill, daughter of Colonel C. C. Burrill, president of the Burrill National Bank, Ellsworth, Me., were married September 5, at 8 p.m. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Joseph M. Adams, at the Burrill residence, which was beautifully decorated for the occasion. Mr. G. E. Moberly, of Montreal, was best man, and Miss Annie C. Emery, daughter of Judge Emery, acted as maid of honour. There were a number of handsome presents, including a magnificent sable set from the bond office of the Phoenix Insurance Company, of Hartford, of which company Mr. Tatley is manager for the Dominion of Canada. After a reception, which was very largely attended, Mr. and Mrs. Tatley sailed from Boston by the S.S. Canada for Europe, where they will spend two months before returning to take up their residence in Montreal.

THE MORNING'S TENNIS PLAY.

Results of the Games in the Championship Tourney.

Play was continued in the Province of Quebec Lawn Tennis Tournament this morning, on the Montreal Club's courts, on the M.A.A.A. grounds, at Westmount. The championship singles, handicap singles and the doubles being under way and the following results were obtained:

CHAMPIONSHIP SINGLES.

Brown vs. Mackerel, won by Brown, 1—6, 8—6, 6—4.

De Wolf vs. Willet, won by De Wolf, 6—4, 4—6, 6—4.

Cowan vs. Semple, won by Cowan, 6—2, 7—5.

Suckling vs. Dr. Harding, won by Harding, 6—4, 4—6, 6—1.

HANDICAP SINGLES.

Peiler vs. Acer, won by Peiler by default.

Osborne vs. Oxley, won by Osborne, 6—4, 6—2.

McKim vs. Radford, won by Radford, 6—4, 8—6.

DOUBLES.

Oxley and Nash vs. Larmouth and Rose, won by Larmouth and Rose, 6—2, 6—2.

SCHREIBEK FOR WASHINGTON.

Schiebeck, Montreal's lively shortstop, has received an offer from Washington, and will finish out the season with the Senators. "Shy" will report in Washington immediately on the conclusion of the Eastern League season at the end of this week.

TOLSTOI SEEKS REST.

The greatest novelist of all the Russians is enjoying a long rest after his hard work of the past year, during which time he completed a novel and put the finishing touches upon some long-neglected literary work.

After a long period of pen work, Count Tolstoi always feels that it is his duty to devote himself personally to the peasants, those common people in whose defence he has wasted the Russians say, the best years of his life and the noblest pen in Russia.

Tolstoi loves to go among the poor people and mingle with them. He wears on these occasions a blue smock which he made with his own hands, and a pair of peasants' boots, also his own work. His hands, which are hardened with toil, are laden with gifts for them, and he carries in his pockets as many small pieces of money as he can steal away from under the vigilant eyes of his Countess, who knows that, were she to allow him, the Count would give away every cent of his substance.

Tolstoi is very fond of children, and when visiting the huts he dearly loves to take a tiny girl upon his knee and talk to her. He tells her the mysteries of nature and the flights of the birds. He sings small songs of his own composition to her and when he comes he has to look into her hand a cent which had a piece in money. Many a peasant child of this generation will tell, perhaps five years hence, how she sat there on the knee of the great Tolstoi, and, maybe, will show the piece of money he gave her.

MOVE BY ELECTRIC.

The Price Advanced to 186 3-8 With a Subsequent Slight Reaction.

Realizing in War Eagle Softens the Price—Trading in Virtue.

Some days the stock market appears to be considerably exercised over the international situation and moves in sympathy with the prevailing feeling as marked out by the conditions in London and Wall Street. Then there are other days when the market assumes an independent air and takes its own course in a bold manner, particularly when there is a little domestic matter to be arranged.

This was one of the days when it took an independent stand. London continues under the spell of the Transvaal uncertainty, and prices dropped a little lower than yesterday. Canadian securities being among those affected. Wall Street was also on the off-course to-day, Tennessee Coal and Iron losing part of the gain it has made during the boom of the past few days. Those circumstances, which are usually counted on as adverse, did not prevent Royal Electric being subjected to a small sized boom. Over 400 shares changed hands, and the particular share that she has been dealt in at the present time is put down to the fact that the time is near at hand when the decision of the buyers to get the stock must be made. The new stock argument has frequently been used as an argument for an advance, but its course is now nearly run and will soon have to be put aside. Yesterday the price of Royal was moved up two points to 184, and this morning sales commenced one point higher at 185. The highest reached was 186¾, but as the orders were filled holders contracted their views of its value to 185¼ at the close of the morning board.

War Eagle was again a leader to-day in point of activity, but the price was on the downward course. There has been heavy buying for the past few days, which is said to have been based on the hope that War Eagle shareholders would get the first preference on Centre Star stock, which is to be re-organized by the magnates who are at the head of War Eagle. Whether these expectations will be realized or not, the effect was to bring out all the stock that was needed to fill the demands and a little more in addition, with the result that the price opened, and after opening at $3.68 this morning sold down to $3.67, after having gone up as high as $3.85 this week on the earlier buying. Payne was strong, selling up to $1.25½, while Virtue attracted considerable attention, 12,500 shares changing hands at 45 cents.

Canadian Pacific sold at 86¼ in sympathy with the decline in the London market to 86¼, owing to the feeling of unrest over the Transvaal situation. In that connection Foster's cable to-day contained the following comment: "Market dull and not likely to improve until something definite is known about the Transvaal."

Grand Trunks were also slightly lower to-day. A London cable says: The Jewish holiday and politics kept the stock markets here lifeless, but operators at present holding aloof are keenly watching their opportunity. Conditions indicate that the rise in prices on good news would probably be more marked even than would the fall on a declaration of war.

In Wall street yesterday large amounts of money were called in by banks from their loans, and most of the new loans made were placed at 4 per cent. The notices calling in the loans were not sent out until after noon, when belated holders put up the rate to 6. An impression prevailed that the reason the banks called in so much money was that the cash was required to pay for some of the recently floated industrials. One direct result of the calling of the loans was to make commission houses advise their customers to reduce their lines of long stocks.

The profits of the Bank of British North America for the half year have been announced as:

L. J. Forget & Co.'s London cable to-day quoted: Grand Trunk first 96¾; second, 58⅝; third, 28. Canadian Pacific 86¾; Hudson Bay 21¼; Consols, 111 3-16.

Weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve, increased	£228,000
Circulation, decreased	18,000
Bullion, increased	211,822
Other securities, decreased	307,000
Other deposits, decreased	331,000
Public deposits, decreased	184,000
Notes reserve, increased	189,000
Government securities, decreased	7,000

The proportion of the Bank of England's reserve to liability is 51.25 per cent. Last week it was 50.39 per cent. Rate of discount unchanged, at 3½ per cent.

MORNING SALES.

Canadian Pacific—5 at 86; 20 at 97; 175 at 96½; 25 at 96¾.

Royal Electric—54 at 183; 100 at 186; 100 at 186¼; 25 at 186; 25 at 186⅜; 75 at 186⅛; 25 at 186; 25 at 185¾; 25 at 185½.

Richelieu and Ontario—25 at 113¼.

Twin City—25 at 66.

Heat and Light—25 at 25.

War Eagle—1,000 at $3.63; 1,000 at $3.62; 1,000 at $3.61; 2,000 at $3.60; 500 at $3.59; 2,500 at $3.57½; 2,000 at $3.57.

Payne—3,500 at $1.25; 500 at $1.25½.

Virtue (unlisted)—12,500 at 45c.

Quebec Bank—10 at 128.

Merchants Bank—36 at 169¾.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Reported for the Star by Gordon Strathy & Co., Stock Brokers, 9 St. Sacrament St.

Morning Board.	Ask.	Sept. 7. Bid.	Ask.	Sept. 6. Bid.
STOCKS.				
Canadian Pacific	86¾	86¼	97	96¾
Duluth S.S. & A. Com.	5½	5¾	6	5
do. do. Pref.	15¼	14¾	15¾	14
Commercial Cable	187		188	188
Rich. & Ont. Nav. Co.	113¾	111¾	113¾	112
Montreal St. Railway	323	320	328	320
Do. do. New	321¾			
Halifax Elec. Rail	110	107	112	
Toronto St. Railway	116¾	116	116¾	116¼
Cornwall Electric Rail				
St. John do. do.				
London do. do.				
Montreal Gas	203	202½	203	202
Royal Electric	186	185¾	186¾	185
Montreal Telegraph	175	173	174	172
Halifax Heat & Light	25	25	30	25
Bell Telephone	167	167	168	167½
do. do. New				
Dominion Coal, Com.	56	54	56	54
do. do. Pref.	116	116	120	116
Montreal Cotton xd.			150	150
Can. Col. Cotton	85	75	80	70
Merchants Colonial Co.		120		
Dom. Cotton	107	106	107	105
War Eagle xd.	$3.60	$3.55	$3.63	$3.61
Payne Mining Co. xd.	$1.27	$1.24	$1.28	$1.24
Virtue Mining				
Montreal-London xd.	56c	52c	58c	54c
Carlton MacKinney				
Twin City, Common	68¾	67¾	67	66
Do. Pref.				
Rapid Ry. xd.	1.33	$1.32	1.35	1.33
Ottawa Gas				
BANKS.				
Montreal		265		260
Ontario				
British N. American		124		124
Molsons	225	220	230	225
Toronto				
Jacques Cartier				
Merchants	179	180	170	180
Merchants of Halifax		180		180
Nova Scotia	280		280	
Eastern Townships		105		105
Quebec		127½	130	127½
Nationale	57			
Union	100		100	
Commerce	139	138	140	140
Dominion				
Hamilton				
Ville Marie				
Imperial				
Hochelaga				
Western Canada				
Intercolonial Coal				
Do. Pref.				
North West Land pfd.		50		50
Canada Paper Com.		15		
Loan & Mortgage Com				
Diamond Glass Co.				
West. Loan & Trust Co.				
N. W. Land pfd.			55	55½
BONDS.				
Land Grant Bonds		111		111
Can. Cable Coupon	104		104	103
Bell's				
Heat & Light	75½	70	80	70
Halifax Ry.	107		107	
Dt. Coupon		100	101½	100
Dominion Coal				
Montmorency Cotton Co.				
Bell Tel.		155		155

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

The Price of Beef is Slightly Lower, But Small Meats are Scarce and Dear.

At the Eastern Abattoir this morning there was a slight decline in the price of beef, and the choicest in the market could be obtained for 5½ cents compared with 6¼ cents and 6 cents a week ago. The best beef ranged from 4 cents upwards to the highest at 6½ cents, while good cows could be had at 3½ cents, common stuff selling as low as 2 cents.

Small meats on the other hand were dearer, owing to their scarcity. Sheep were up 1 cent, while early spring lambs reported as high as 11 cents. The range was from 7 cents upwards. Calves were also scarce and ranged from 6½ to 8 cents, while pigs were the cheapest thing in the market, their selling price being 4½ cents per pound dead.

FARM PRODUCTS.

A Halt Has Apparently Been Called in the Advance in Cheese.

Butter Market Continues Dull With No Change in Prices.

CHEESE—The market is quiet and buyers do not seem to be so keen after cheese as they were. They were indifferent bidders at country points yesterday, around 11¾c, a decline of ⅛c on the top price freely conceded last week. There was no change in the cable. On spot prices were nominal at 12c to 12¼c for western, and 11¾c to 12c for eastern.

BUTTER—The market is dull, but prices are not quotably altered from 21½c to 22c for creamery, and 16 to 17c for western dairy. In an export way, with ½c advance for local jobbing lots.

EGGS—A fair trade in a jobbing way was done at unchanged prices. Quotations are: Choice candled stock, 15½ to 16c; straight lots, 14 to 15½c; No. 2, 11 to 12c, and culls 9 to 10c per dozen.

MAPLE PRODUCTS.—There was nothing new in maple products to note. Quotations are: Syrup in small tins, 55 to 60c; sugar, 7½ to 8c per lb.

HONEY—In honey, business was quiet at steady prices. Old white clover extracted is offering at 6½ to 7c per lb.

BEANS—Beans continue to move in a small way at 85c to $1 for choice handpicked, and $5 to 80c for primes.

ASHES—The market for ashes is still dull and featureless. Quotations are: First sorts, $3.70 to $3.75; second do., $3.50 and first pearls, $5.25 to $5.50 per 100 lbs.

THE CHEESE BOARD.

The Prices Realized at the Board Sales on Saturday Ranged From 11 3-4c and 12c.

As the following table covers more than a week's transactions, yesterday's prices may be compared with those paid a week ago upon the same board;

Date.	Place.	Cheese Boarded.	Cheese Sold.	Price
August.				
30.	Woodstock	1760 w & c	360	11¾
30.	Woodstock			11 13-16
30.	Napanee	920 w & c	all	11¾
30.	Picton	995 c	880	11 13-16
31.	Brockville	3702	3702	12
31.	Ormstown	3305		12 1-16
31.	Ormstown	box 95	bid	12¼
31.	Barrie		bid	11
31.	Kingston	1898 w & c	300	11 11-16
31.	Madoc	800 w	755	12¾
September.				
1.	Kemptville	1000 c	all	12
1.	South Finch	2716 c & w		12
1.	Iroquois	782 c	680	12-12½
1.	Oxford	955 w & c	all	12
1.	Belleville	1065	990	11
1.	Watertown, N.Y.		2300	11 to 12¾
2.	Cowansville	1240 w. & c.	1205	12¾
2.	Montreal	1413 w. & c.	2176	12
2.	Belleville	1041 w	110	12
2.	Lead'n	2221 w. & c.	150	11¾
2.	Ogdensburg, N.Y.	1060		11¾ bid.
4.	Utica		3960 l. c.	7¾
4.	Utica		700 l. w.	10¾
4.	Utica		710 l. w.	11
4.	Utica		2075 l. c.	8
4.	Utica		420 l. w.	11¾
4.	Utica		270 l. w.	10¾
4.	Utica	butter	1277	22 to 25
4.	Little Falls		278 l. c.	10¾
4.	Little Falls		90 l. c.	10¾
4.	Little Falls		921 l. c.	10¾
4.	Little Falls		3898 l. w. & c.	11
5.	Ingersoll	1230	no sales	11¾ bid
5.	Campbellford	1125	405	11¾ to 11 13-16
6.	Woodstock	2215 w. & c.	no sales	
6.	Picton	980 c.	no sales	11¾ bid.
6.	Peterboro	4000 c.	875	11 15-16 to 12
6.	Napanee	975 w. & c.	no sales	11¾ bid.
6.	Woodstock	2225 w. & c.	no sales	11 bid

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Specially reported for the Star by C. D. Monk, 16 St. Sacrament Street, local manager for J. S. Bache & Co., New York, over direct private wire.

	Sept. 7. Op'g.	Close.	Sept. 6. Op'g.	Close.
Amer. Cotton Oil Co.	44¾	44¾	44¾	44¾
Do. do. Pref.				
Amer. Tobacco Co.	128¾	128¾	130¾	130
Do. do. Pref.				
Amer. Sugar Refin Co.	155¾	155¾	156	156¾
Do. do. Pref.				
Amer. Spirits Mfg. Co.				
Do. do. Pref.				
A. T. & S. F. Trans. pd.	22½	21¾	22½	22¾
Do. do. Pref.	65¾	64¾	65¾	65¾
Baltimore & Ohio	54	54	54¾	54¾
Baltimore Gas				
Canadian Pacific				87
Canada Southern				54½
Ches. & Ohio	29½	29½	29¾	29¾
Chic. Burl. & Quincy	135¾	135¾	136¾	136¾
Chicago Gas	119¾	118¾	120	119¾
Chic. R. I. & Pac.	170¾	171	172¾	171¾
Chic. & E. I. & Pac.	191¾	191¾	194	193¾
Chic. Mil. & St. P.	135¾	135¾	134¾	135¾
Consolidated Gas N.Y.	188¾	188¾	192¾	190
Cleveland C.C. & St. L.			69	69
Delaware, Lack. West.	180¾	180	182	180
Delaware & Hudson	124¾	124	126¾	124¾
Wayne & S. Grand pf.	76¾	76¾	77	77¾
Duluth S. Shore & Atl.				
Do. do. do. pref.				
Erie	12¾	12¾		12¾
Jersey Central	119¾	119¾	120¾	120¾
Hocking Valley				
Lacleede Gas Co.				
Lake Erie & Western			19	19¾
Do. do. pref.			80¾	80
Lake Shore				
Louisville & Nashville	81¾	80¾	81¾	81¾
Manhattan Elevated	114¾	113¾	114¾	114¾
Missouri Pacific	49¾	48¾	49	49
Michigan Central				
National Lead Co.			31¾	31¾
Do. do. pref.				
North American			19	19
Nor. Pacific com. new	55	54¾	13	55
Do. do. pref. xd.	76¾	76¾	76¾	77
N. Y. Central & Hud.	138¾	138¾	139¾	139
N. Y., Lake Erie & West			14	14
Do. do. 2d pref.	19¾	19¾		
N. Y. Ontario & West.	27	26¾	27¾	27¾
N. Y. Chic. & St. L. com				
N. Y. Susq. & West pref.				
Omaha, com.			135	134
Pacific Mail				46¾
Phila. & Read. all paid	23¾	23	23¾	23¾
Pullman	166	165	169	168
Southern Ry. com.	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾
Do. pref.	35¾	34¾	35¾	35¾
Stand. Rope & Twine				
Tenn. Coal & Iron	71¾	111	111	112
Texas Pacific	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾
U. S. Leather Co.	15¾	14		15¾
U. S. pref.	75¾	76¾	76¾	76¾
U. S. Rubber Com.	25¾			25¾
Do. pref.				
Union Pacific Com.	47¾	47	46¾	47¾
Do. Pref.	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾
Wabash				
Do. pref.	28	28¾		28¾
Western Union Tel.	89	89¾		89¾
Wheeling & Lake Erie				
Do. do. pref.				
Metropolitan Ry.	210¾	207¾	210	208
Brooklyn Rapid Trans.	114¾	113¾	115¾	114¾
Federal Steel	61¾	60¾	61¾	61¾
Federal Steel pref.	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾
Anaconda	44¾	43¾	44¾	44¾
A. & W.	57¾	57	57¾	57¾

PRICES TREND UPWARDS.

Sugar, Cordage, Petroleum and Hides are all Included.

The present time is full of advances in various commodities. Sugar has taken another move up, to the tune of 10c per 100 lbs., which it is said is due chiefly to the fact that American refiners have no more sugar for export. This, coupled with the small stock held here in first hands has strengthened the position considerably. At the factory granulated is selling at $4.60, and yellows at $3.75 to $4.40 per 100 lbs.

Petroleum has advanced ½c on Canadian and 1c for American, owing to a scarcity of crude oil. The demand is exceedingly good for the season, in fact refiners state that the volume of business in the month of August was larger than the best month during the past winter. Quotations are: Crown acme, the new Standard of Perfection and Silver Star, Canadian refined, 20c; American, Pratt's astral, 19½c, in small quantities.

The cordage market is very strong, and sellers are firm. Pure Manila, unassorted, in jobbing way, is now as follows: Small lots for 7-16 and up, 10½c; for ½ and 9-16, 10c; for 5-8 and 11-16, 9½c; for ¾ and 13-16, 9c; for 7-8 and 15-16, 8½c; for 1 inch and over, 8c. Sisal has been made 1c per lb. higher all round, with prospects of a further advance owing to active buying. For local trade there has been a good demand from manufacturers buyers, and early next month sales have been made of very much better prices than could be obtained here. The local market is steady with demand, ranging as follows: 7-16 to ½ inch, 8½c; ½ inch and over, 8c; 7-16 to ½ inch, mixed, 7½c; ½ inch and over, 7c. Jute continues very firm, and prices unchanged, at 3½c for No. 1, and 3c for No. 2.

LIVERPOOL LATEST PRICES.

	Sept. 7. d.	s.	Sept. 6. d.	s.
Spring Wheat				
Red Winter				
No. 1 Cal.				
Corn				
Peas				
Pork				
Lard				
Bacon				
Tallow				
Cheese, W.				
Cheese, C.				

CHICAGO HOG MARKET.

UNION STOCK YARDS, September 7.—The estimated receipts of hogs were 15,000. The official report of yesterday was 21,000. Shipments, 4,000 head, and 2,000 left over.

The quotations to-day were: Light mixed $3.20 to $3.70; mixed packing $3.25 to $3.60; heavy packing $3.10 to $3.60; rough packing $3.10 to $3.25; pigs $3.00 to $3.60. Trading fairly active. Market strong to higher.

THE GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat Market on the Weak Side in Chicago This Morning.

Liverpool Advanced on American Advices on Wheat and Corn.

Prices of wheat and corn evidenced a downward tendency in Chicago around noon to-day, September wheat being quoted at 70¾, December 71⅝, May 74⅝, a decline of ¼ from yesterday's closing. Corn was quoted at 31⅝ for September, 31 for October, 28¾ for December and 29¾ for May.

Liverpool advices gave wheat as ¼ higher and steady, while corn was ⅛ higher. Both were affected by American advices.

At Chicago on the curb, May wheat sold at 69⅝. December 71⅝ to 71¾. At noon, trade was reported light. Shorts covered pretty freely yesterday in the face of the free movement of spring wheat to market. It will likely take better foreign demand to hold prices, an authority says. Corn was strong and it looked as if some of the big shorts

NEW LICENSE LAW.

The Demand Of the Licensed Victuallers Association

Say the Present Law is Too Complicated—Illegal Liquor Selling.

The Licensed Victuallers Association want a new license law.

The matter was fully discussed at their meeting yesterday afternoon with Mr. Henri Dubois, the president, in the chair. Among others present were Messrs. Joseph Riendeau, William O'Brien, Edward Fortin, E. L. Bohler, Napoleon Richard, A. Poitras, Victor Bougie, Wilfrid Michel, Benjamin Legrise, A. Blondin, Ulderic Gauthier, James Finlay, Antoine Huot, Albert Labbe, A. H. Goulet, Louis Durand, Joseph Laporte, Antoine Molinari, Odilon Lessard, H. Boisseneau, Stanislas Valles, Victor Lemay, Leon Duchene, Joseph Charest, L. A. Lapointe.

Several members expressed a wish for a new and more modern law, as they think that the present

LAW IS TOO COMPLICATED

and puzzling, even to the Commissioners and favored a revision of the law, as the present law was not applicable, especially regarding theatres and other places of amusements, which were becoming and James of saloons. It was thought that the Government should assimilate the restaurant to the hotel and grant it the same privileges, particularly when the restaurant furnished meals to those who wanted them. It is certain that the suburban boniekeeper in such places as St. Henri, Maisonneuve, Mile End, etc., should be placed under the control of the License Commissioners, as they were to all intents and purposes doing business in Montreal. Again, it was about time to ask that the Liquor License law should be an act by itself, and not have its clauses mixed up among a heterogeneous mass of other trades, such as pewter, etc., pedlars, and market. Finally, the Liquor License law, it is thought, should be entirely distinct from municipal law, and not be weighted down with all kinds of clauses which actually had no connection with the trade in cities. Some action was particularly necessary in view of the illegal competition the trade has to sustain. It was an absolute necessity that more stringent regulations be made against illegal liquor selling, and that when conviction is secured, the offender be treated in strict accordance with the law.

GOVERNMENT TO BE APPROACHED.

Mr. Napoleon Richard finally moved, seconded by Mr. Edward Fortin, and it was resolved that the secretary be instructed to place the views of the association before the Government with as little delay as possible, so that should it meet the matter in a favourable spirit a commission consisting of members of the trade, license Commissioners and the Citizens' League might draft an act more in accord with modern requirements in time to be placed before the next session of the Local House.

The treasurer's report showed a balance in the bank to the credit of the association of $1521.27, and, in addition to this, the secretary stated that there were still 106 members in arrears.

A letter was read from Mr. E. R. Fitzpatrick, secretary of the English-speaking Hotelkeepers' Association, that that body had resolved to disband and merge their identity in the Montreal Licensed Victuallers' Association, and requesting that when the proper time arrived a joint secretary be appointed to represent the English element on the board. The reply was to the effect that when the proper time arrived the English-speaking trade would find that full justice would be accorded them.

The secretary reported that he had written to England and France for information regarding Sunday liquor traffic. In reply to the full text of the English law had been received. The secretary is to ask for fuller information.

THE FRENCH LAW.

A letter had been received from Mr. Fabre, the Canadian agent, on this subject. In Paris hotels, restaurants and wine shops are allowed to remain open on Sundays and festivals the same as on ordinary days. The licenses to sell wines and liquors in France apply to every day of the year. Further, certain cafes are permitted to stay open all night, others are only two or three in the morning; but this authorization is granted by special favour or influence, and is not based on any by-law or municipal regulation.

The beer pump question was discussed, but the secretary stated that from information received from the proper quarters the trade had nothing to fear on that score during the present year. At the same time he had been advised that it would be to the advantage of the association to put the question of taxation for beer pumps before every candidate for municipal honours at the approaching city elections.

Objection was taken to Mr. Laforest's report on this matter as being inaccurate.

The St. Henri Licensed Victuallers' Association sent in a formal application for affiliation with the Montreal body under the terms of the by-law of the latter governing such matters.

It was resolved not to take action until steps be taken to draft more extended by-laws to govern affiliated bodies, and prevent them doing anything or adopting rules which might tend to injure the members of the Montreal association.

In answer to Mr. Lessard, who wanted to know if steps could not be taken to prevent unfair competition in the trade, and if theatres and other similar amusements in connection with licensed premises, could not be suppressed. President Dubois held that no such step could be taken, particularly as it was directly opposite to the spirit of the association, which was in favour of increasing, not curtailing, the privileges of the trade.

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

The great prominence given to the dramatic sensation of last season, "Cyrano de Bergerac," by the press of England, France and America, will materially aid Francis Wilson's scheme to set the story to music and lend his own droll personality to the character of the roystering swashbuckler, "Cyrano." Most people interested in theatrical matters seem inclined to think that the idea, though daring, was happily conceived, and that the entire atmosphere of Rostand's lends itself admirably to light opera treatment. The original play has its grotesque sides, its extravagant characters and its exaggerated purposes, which afford a splendid foundation for the work which has just been completed at Mr. Wilson's special order, and his large following of admirers are firm in the faith that will be seen in the new vehicle that he ever submitted to the public. The new opera will be in three acts, and musicians generally will be gratified to know that the important matter of melody has been entirely in the hands of Victor Herbert. The lyrics are Harry B. Smith's, and the book is credited to Stuart Reed. The management seem anxious to emphasize the rather agreeable fact that the production will be given here in its absolute entirety—that is to say there is a distinct promise that every scene, property, light and other accessory will be utilized on the opening. The performance will be given here precisely as it will be presented in New York a fortnight hence. The orchestra will be materially enlarged for this engagement, and in every other respect the strictest regard will be paid to the legitimate and artistic necessities of the occasion.

Minnie Seligman has once more returned to Sandlar pastures and leaving vaudeville and continuous performances behind her is appearing as Claire Taupin in the new French farce, "Un Parfait Mari," which, after a short trial on the road, was produced at the Bijou Theatre, New York, this week. Other well known members of the theatrical profession are following her example or have preceded her in her desertion of the variety stage. The omen is a good one. The time may yet come when names which have been won through tireless effort in the dramatic field will cease to "head the bill" at the continuous performance houses. Time given up to "doing sketches" is time as well as labour lost, unless one considers the financial side of the question, which is, after all, one of the greatest importance in these degenerate days. There's money in vaudeville, and money in most cases takes precedence of art. The public cries out to be amused; what is more, it will pay well to get the amusement it desires. Lay the blame where it belongs and forgive the murmurer who prefers butter on his bread, or rather the steeterss of a good dinner paid for by a salary earned in vaudeville to wares than dinnerless days in a tour of one-night stands and a knowledge that he has not fallen from the high estate of "the legitimate."

Annie Russell has abandoned "Catherine," her great success of last season, and to-night will, under the management of Charles Frohman, produce "Miss Hobbs" at the Lyceum Theatre, New York. Miss Russell's new venture is the work of that genial humourist, Jerome K. Jerome, and gives her an entirely new part to play. Until now Miss Russell has been chiefly identified with demure maidens and injured but unconquering wives. She has been the recognized exponent of the new school of emotional comedy, and has been the delight of thousands who have seen her in "Catherine," "Sweet Nell of Old Drury," "Mistress Nell," "Esther Sandraz" and "Richard Lovell." She has never been identified with the old school of tragedy, and has never appeared in a play which could be called a tragedy. Her success has been in separating a husband and wife and breaking off an engagement. Her latest role and certainly most startling departure is the last act for the curtain falls on Miss Hobbs as an enraged young woman. The supporting company includes Mrs. Gilbert, late of "Daly's;" Charles J. Richman, Orrin Johnson and Joseph Wheelock, Jr. Should "Miss Hobbs" fail to make a hit, Miss Russell will probably substitute a new play written for her by Sydney Grundy.

The day has come when it is realized more than ever that stage success of a spectacular nature depend in a great measure upon the comeliness of its women. What with every effort to produce a show

NEAT SURROUNDING AND SCENERY,

it next becomes necessary to fill the picture with attractive looking femininity. The representative of Jefferson De Angelis and his comic opera company says that "The Jolly Musketeers," at Her Majesty's next week, will scintillate with pretty faces and forms. Chief in the beauty show will be Florence Wolcott, a young California soprano prima donna, vocally talented as she is graciously beautiful. Another pointed to with pride is Maud Holmes. He does not leave out mentioning Lenore Soulier and Hilda Hollins, of the principal ladies, both contraltos and of more than passing fairness. The masculine section consists principally of merry Jefferson De Angelis, his side partner in fun, Harry Macdonough; the virulent baritone, Hubert Wilke, Fred K. Logan, Edwin Tester and Herman Steinmann. The male chorus is composed of twenty dashing young fellows, not one of whom is under 5 feet 11 inches, selected to look formidable as the "King's Own Musketeers."

When Sarah Bernhardt announced that she would play "Hamlet" the world shrugged its shoulders and smiled indulgently—it was accustomed to the divine Sarah's freaks. When Miss Julia Arthur made public her intention of following suit, nobody took her seriously. The announcement was looked upon as a good bit of advertising. Most great actresses have fads which range from pearls to poodles, and "Hamlet" was supposed to be Miss Arthur's. But Miss Arthur has proved that she is in earnest, and, fully determined to carry out her plan, Hamlet with a Canadian woman as the melancholy Dane is promised us in the near future. The details of the production—elaborate scenic effects and beautiful costumes—are already well under way, and no one is assured Hamlet will be given a presentation this season, no matter how success-ful the new play, "More Than Queen," may prove. Miss Arthur can afford to indulge in artistic successes and disregard the box office returns; her bank account is large enough to stand any strain she may choose to put upon it.

Anna Robinson is said to be dying. Dainty Anna Robinson, who was perhaps one of the most popular as well as one of the prettiest of the bevy of beautiful women whom Hoyt has selected at one time or another to appear at his Twenty-fourth street play house in New York. Her first appearance was made in "Shenandoah," under the management of Charles Frohman, and was quickly succeeded by an engagement with Hoyt. In time she made a pronounced hit in "A Temperance Town," in which she succeeded the late Caroline Miskel Hoyt as leading woman. After a season with W. H. Crane, Miss Robinson went to Europe for a season on the lyric stage. Since that time she has been in ill health, and now, according to the latest accounts, may not live to add another to her long list of personal and professional triumphs.

The Francais vaudeville so far this season has been thoroughly up to the standard. It is a question if a better magician than Derno, in his own particular line, has ever been seen here. He is certainly astounding the audience this week. For the coming week all of the three turns booked have been making a success of the entertaining portion of the big Toronto Exhibition these last two weeks. They are Corrie and Stanton, known as the humourous farmer and rooster. They are among the big features of the New York production, "Man in the Moon," and theirs is regarded as the strongest act in its line on the vaudeville stage. Lewis and Blakely, the black face comedians, are known as exceedingly clever entertainers, and will doubtless receive a hearty welcome at the Francais.

Henry Miller is to present in America Martin Harvey's great London success, "The Only Way," dramatized from "A Tale of Two Cities," that wonderful novel over which most of us have sighed and dreamed in our youthful days. Mr. Miller has just finished a successful season in San Francisco, and is now back in the east getting ready for his new production. In London, Martin Harvey will follow up his first venture into the field of actor-management with "Colonel Roylo's Boy Juan." Mr. Harvey may be remembered by theatre-goers on this side of the water for his work with Henry Irving.

Mr. Lewis Henderson, the leading man of the Theatre Francais Stock Company, is one of the best pianists in the dramatic profession. For some time it was a question whether he would become a solo pianist or enter the dramatic ranks. He chose the latter. In Miles Royle's play, "Friends," it will be remembered that he played the piano in a magnificent manner. It is to be hoped that the manager of the theatre will arrange to produce a play in which Mr. Henderson can once more display his musical ability to a Montreal audience.

The new production of "King John," which ambitious Beerbohm Tree is to give Londoners this season, bids fair to be as great a financial success as the wonderful production of Julius Caesar with which he captured London two seasons ago. Rehearsals have already begun and all are now running smoothly. Among the well known members of the cast are Julia Neilson, Lewis Waller and ever-popular Franklin McLeay.

The new farce, "Why Smith Left Home," which is one of the plums of the present theatrical season in New York, will be presented at the Queen's Theatre on Monday, September 11. It possesses in a refined measure the essence of fun without vulgarity, and it can assure any person of ordinary understanding two and one-half hours of undiluted laughter. It comes here direct from its great London triumph, and while it is still convulsing New York.

The matinee performances are evidently becoming more and more popular at the Theatre Francais, for in the afternoon the ladies and children are made especially welcome.

The advance sale for "Cyrano de Bergerac" opened at the Academy of Music this morning.

FORESTERS ELECT OFFICERS.

TORONTO, September 7.—The Central Ontario High Court of the Independent Order of Foresters last night elected the following officers: H.C.R., G. L. Wilson, Toronto; H.V.R.C., J. W. Frost, Owen Sound; H.S., R. J. Niddrie, M.D., Creemore; H. T. Atwell Fleming, Toronto; H. C. W. A. Boys, Barrie; auditors, Barlow Cumberland and George Challice, Toronto. The next meeting will be held at Owen Sound.

GREAT STORM IN PARIS.

PARIS, September 7. — A terrific thunderstorm, accompanied by hail, began here at 9 o'clock last night, and, lasted for an hour. Great damage was done. The electric light plants were damaged, and the cafes and boulevards, in some sections of the city were in darkness.

WOMEN NEED NOT SUFFER

From Those Terrible Pains in the Back and Side—Doan's Kidney Pills Never Fail to Relieve and Cure.

There are too many women who are dragging out a life of misery. The pains and aches in the back and side they endure from day to day are bringing gray hairs and wrinkles, which should not be. Women who are sufferers! Listen to the sensible advice of a St. John, N.B., woman, Mrs. E. Brown, who lives at forty-two Garden avenue. She says that some time ago she was exposed to the cold, and as a result her kidneys were affected. The pain in her back became so severe that she could scarcely stoop, and suffered intensely at every movement.

Hearing that Doan's Kidney Pills were a good remedy for backache and kidney trouble, she determined to try them, and procured a box. She considers the results wonderful! The backache quickly disappeared, and now she hasn't a pain anywhere, and is in better health than she had been for some time.

Now, isn't it reasonable to suppose that if Doan's Kidney Pills could give Mrs Brown freedom from pain and build up her health, they can do the same thing for you?

See that it's the genuine Doan's Kidney Pills you get, as imitations never cured any one. 210 1

CANADIAN MINES AND MINING.

Good Reports From the Crown Point Mine.

OTHER WESTERN ONTARIO PROPERTIES REPORTED UPON.

Americans Looking for Canadian Copper Propositions.

GOOD VALUES SHOWING.

(Special to the Star.)

BAG BAY, Lake of the Woods, September 5. — The opening work on the Crown Point mine belonging to the Western Ontario Mining Co., was begun on Wednesday, 23rd August last, at noon, and on Friday, 1st September, the main shaft, 8 feet by 16 feet, was down 31 feet. The vein, which on the surface, was only 18 in., has widened to over 4 feet, and from a number of pannings made, good values have been shown, which Mr. Ahn thinks will increase with depth.

Another shaft is being opened on the same vein, No. 1, and a further stripping done, which indicates the presence of a large vein. On No. 2 vein, a shaft has been sunk to a depth of about 9 ft. A roadway has been cut to the lake, and teams arrived on Friday, August 31, to haul the 45 tons already cut to the lake for shipment to the reduction works, and this week it is hoped fully 50 tons will be shipped.

Mr. Ahn, in speaking of the mine, says: "I may say that I am more than ever pleased with this property, and I am quite certain that it is the making of a splendid mine. A number of people who have visited the property during the last week are loud in praises of its merit, and also the amount of work done in so short a space of time."

Mr. Ahn reports visiting the three properties of the Gold Reefs Company, Limited, on Clytie Bay, Lake of the Woods, and formed upon the properties adjoining them, two splendid veins, about 10 in. wide, which certainly strike into and cross the "Gold Reefs" properties, on the other side of which some people are working some veins, so far as I can understand, show some splendid values and are striking into our property, while to the south on a property adjoining another is being worked.

MORE RAILWAY BUILDING.

(Special to the Star.)

GRAND FORKS, B.C., September 7. — A party of C. P. R. engineers have begun the preliminary survey of a spur from a point on Brown's Creek, north four of Kettle river to Pathfinder Mountain on the east side of the river. The Pathfinder mine is now on a shipping basis, and a number of promising properties in the vicinity are being developed. Recent assays range from $12 to $22 in gold and copper per ton, the values of both metals being about equal. The main working shaft is down 120 feet, and in a cross-cut in the fifty-foot level there is 14 feet of ore. The Pathfinder has three distinct ledges, from 15 to 30 feet wide on the surface, all being within 400 feet of one another. The mine is now in a position to ship 50 tons of ore daily. In this amount will be largely increased as soon as the new compressor is installed.

With the completion of the new waggon road from Central Camp to Grand Forks the shipment of ore from the Lone Star and Washington properties, just south of the international boundary, in Colville Reservation, will be commenced. Central Camp embraces considerable territory on both sides of the boundary line. Mr. Ainsridge, superintendent of the Trail smelter, who had been asked to quote a rate for treatment, recently visited both properties and returned satisfied both ores can now make continuous shipments. The ore will be forwarded by rail from this point. The group is owned by the Reservation Mining and Smelting Company. After the reorganization in January a tunnel was run into the Washington hill one hundred and thirty-seven feet, of which forty feet is in ore, mostly of a sulphide character, at a depth of 110 feet.

GOOD WORK BEING DONE.

MINE CENTRE, Ont., Sept. 7.—Two properties in the Seine River district, one of Mr. M. C. French, West Superior, are now attracting more than passing interest—the Golden Star and the Olive. The former has struck richer rock than any yet taken from this property, and that has been in the past two weeks. I am told that Superintendent Flaherty looked for the increase in values which has now come, but in making his report to the company he told them only of what was in sight at that time. He dwelt only on what had been shown up. He refrained, through professional motives, from making any predictions that were not absolutely sure of being realized. The mine is now thoroughly equipped, and in a very short time will have rock work outlined for a year's milling. The weak holders of the stock, who sold when prices were away down, will have some regrets, in my opinion. It is true that there are many weak spots in the Golden Star, and that the old management took the best ore in sight, but it was at the same time reasonable to suppose that more would be and has discovered with adequate development work; this has since been proved.

The best evidence I found while visiting the mine was in the words of the miners, and implicit faith in the future of the property. Superintendent Flaherty said to me only yesterday: "It is true that we have found much richer ore than was in sight at the time of changing managements; indeed, it is showing up richer than I had expected."

At the Olive preparations are being made for the installation of fifteen additional stamps, making 25 in all, and the big dyke will all be milled in the future.

The Randolph is now down 85 feet; at a depth of 70 feet the ore was about 18 inches in width, and at the present depth has widened to two and a half feet (2 1-2) and indications go to show that it will grow wider with further sinking. Cross cutting is being done at the present depth. The characteristics of the Golden Star are being repeated in the Randolph, with the exception that the Randolph values have been a little higher. The vein was well defined until a depth of 40 feet was reached, when numerous stringers came in; at 75 feet the vein came in again stronger than ever, and since that point has continued to widen and grow richer with every foot of sinking. The machinery is all now on the ground and good headway is being made.

The Lucky Coon is working night and day crews, and is now putting in pumps and machinery preliminary work. The Golden Crescent and Decca are also working night and day; indeed, there are more men working in and about Mine Centre than in any two previous years; the demand for miners is growing all the time. The Western Ontario gold district is now about to demand that interest from the capitalist which its rich mineral deposits warrant.

COPPER IN DEMAND.

VANCOUVER, B.C., September 7.—American capital is much interested in British Columbia. Copper is what New York and Boston is particularly seeking just now. The Van Anda smelter is shipping $50,000 worth of copper matte a week. New York monthly. Jas. Underhill, M.E., representing New York capital, has just been visiting East Kootenay, with an eye to investment. He says Windermere is the coming copper district.

It is not Dawson now, but Atlin, that returned Argonauts speak of when they come from the north. Two big ledges of copper are reported to have been discovered within six miles of Atlin. They were located by tenderfoots, who staked six claims. The two ledges are close to each other; 1,500 feet covers two. They say the ledges are exposed for three or four miles along the mountains. Atlin people who have been told of the discovery, say that if half of what the tenderfeet say is true, this copper find is about the richest thing in the whole country.

The Hall Mines, Limited, at Nelson, opened the present month with a shipment of copper matte and bulk copper. There was 271,617 pounds of copper in the shipment, which was entered through the customs as being valued at $40,512. The copper was consigned to the refiner at Newark, N.J.

A. J. Alcock, of Vancouver, has made a big copper find near Agassis, on the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway. It is practically under bond for $75,000.

THE SHERBROOKE FAIR.

Another Large Crowd Was in Attendance all Day Yesterday.

(Special to the Star.)

SHERBROOKE, September 7.—Yesterday's crowd at Sherbrooke fair was a record breaker, there being over 17,000 people on the grounds. The weather was fine but cool, and the great programme of attractions was fully carried out. About 400 horses visited the grounds in the evening to witness the grand illumination and fireworks display. It was magnificent, surpassing anything yet seen here. An interesting feature of the evening

MUNYON'S



I will guarantee that my Rheumatism Cure will relieve lumbago, sciatica and all rheumatic pains in five or three hours, and cure in a few days.

MUNYON.

At all druggists, 25c. a vial. Guide to Health and medical advice free. 1505 Arch st., Phila.

RHEUMATISM

210 1

Regular customers' orders for galvanized iron are promptly filled, no matter how big or special.

Irregular buyers are served same way, so far as we can—that's fair.

Apollo Iron and Steel Company, Pittsburgh.

210 eod

LEGAL CARDS.

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BARRISTERS, ETC.,

Commissioners for Provinces and Newfoundland.

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CANADA LIFE BUILDING, MONTREAL.

R.D. McGibbon, Q.C. Th. Chase Casgrain, Q.C., M.P.
Percy C. Ryan. Victor E. Mitchell,
Edouard Surveyer. 202tf

THE RIGHT TO DIE.

A Connecticut Judge Startles the Social Science Congress.

SARATOGA, September 7.—The members of the American Association of Social Science are warmly discussing a remarkable question, advanced by Judge Simeon E. Baldwin, of the Connecticut Supreme Court, the association's president, in his opening address, the topic of which was "The Natural Right of Man to Death."

Judge Baldwin took the ground that it is wrong for medical science, where a patient is approaching death, as the result of an incurable disease, to treat him so as to lead to a prolonged state of weakness and suffering incompatible with any enjoyment of life or useful activity, and from which there can be no reasonable hope of ultimate recovery.

He held that to force nutriment into the system in such a case is simply to prolong a useless struggle at the cost of misery to the patient, and to the profit of no one but the doctor and nurse, and added:

"A natural death, coming in ordinary course, may be the Divine way of calling one up from a condition of existence to which he is unfitted, or in which he is not needed, to one in which he is needed, and needed at once. To postpone it, to protract a life in doing so by medical skill beyond its seemingly appointed bound, may look at in this light, risk the loss of a fitter place in a higher life—the loss of a God-given opportunity."

MUNICIPAL CONVENTION.

A Permanent Organization Formed by Delegates at Hamilton.

HAMILTON, Ont., September 7. — At the municipal convention yesterday afternoon, J. A. Culham, of Hamilton, read a paper on improvements in municipal government. City Solicitor Mackelcan, of Hamilton, spoke in favour of electing aldermen for a term of years, reducing the number of aldermen, and electing them from the whole city instead of wards. A resolution by Mayor Keating, of St. Catharines, and Ald. Robertson, that the Legislature be asked to amend the Municipal Act so as to provide that the mayors of cities or towns may be elected for a term of two years and aldermen or councillors for two or three years, one-half or one-third the number to be elected annually as decided by by-law to be carried by the ratepayers, was carried.

It was decided to organize a permanent municipal association and the following officers were elected for the year: President, Mayor Teetzel, of Hamilton; first vice-president, Mayor Keating, of St. Catharines; second vice-president, Mayor Nelson, Guelph; secretary, S. S. Kent, Hamilton; executive committee, R. J. Fleming, Assessment Commissioner, Toronto; Ald. Cluff, Ottawa; Mayor Wilson, London; Mayor Quinlan, Port Hope, and Mayor Johnson, Belleville.

The next convention will be held in London.

FROGS SHIPPED FROM CANADA.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, September 7.—Live frogs are being shipped wholesale from the vicinity of Hull to Cleveland, Ohio, where they are being used for breeding purposes. The intention is to supply the market at Cleveland with this article of diet. It is also stated that a combine to raise the price of frogs is contemplated. Three men are now at work near Hull, and armed with nets, they are capturing the croakers in large numbers. In three days the men caught 2,800 frogs. They are shipped in grass, packed in cases.

NEW ARTILLERY SHOPS.

(Special to the Star.)

QUEBEC, September 7.—New artillery workshops are to be erected here in Artillery park near the cartridge and shell factory, where the repairing and alteration of all Canadian ordnance will be effected. W. O. Hammant, formerly of the Woolwich ordnance factory, and later in charge of the works at Madras, India, has arrived to take charge of the new shops, which will be commenced almost immediately.

SENT TO THE PENITENTIARY.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, Ont., September 7.—Amedee Carrier and Ferdinand Cusson, of Aylmer, both young men, were yesterday sentenced to three years' imprisonment in St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary for robbing the residence of Mr. Alonzo Klock, of Aylmer. The prisoners cried bitterly when Judge Lavergne pronounced sentence.

MR. OGILVIE'S NEW MILL.

(Special to the Star.)

FORT WILLIAM, Ont., September 7.—At a representative meeting of ratepayers this evening, a unanimous resolution was passed in favour of granting W. W. Ogilvie the mill site he has asked for and exemption from municipal taxes. The voting takes place on the 11th inst.

IOLANTHE REVISED.

Being a portion of the Lord Chancellor's song done over.

When you are lying awake with a dismal headache,
And repose is laboured by anxiety;
I prescribe you may use any language you choose,
But take Hutch or you'll diagnose society.

The Liquor and Drug Habits

CURED AT HOME

Without hypodermic injections, publicity, loss of time or other inconvenience, by the "Dixon Cure," a purely vegetable medicine, which is absolutely harmless, and will positively cure every case of alcoholism without exception, when taken faithfully as directed. We are willing to refund the money to any bona fide patient who, having strictly followed our instructions, will not have been cured. A pamphlet giving particulars will be mailed free under plain sealed envelope on application to the "Dixon Cure Co." or privately to the manager, J. R. Lalime, No. 191 St. Denis street, Montreal. Bell Tel. 2548. 209 6 eod 4f

New Artistic and Modern

COTTAGES

FOR SALE.

Very Easy Terms . . .

MONTREAL ANNEX.

$2,500—No. 5 Mance street, pressed brick front, and containing double parlours, extension kitchen, 3 nice bedrooms, bath and closet, good cellar, heated by furnace. $500, or more cash; balance in monthly payments, same as rent, if desired.

$3,000—No. 159 Mance street, next to corner. Brick encased all round, two and a half storeys. Cellar could be turned into basement. First floor, hall, parlour, dining room and kitchen. Second floor, 4 bedrooms, steel-clad baths, and closet, open plumbing, enamelled basin, hot water heating. Gas in the house, $500 or more cash, balance to suit purchaser.

$3,200—No. 50 Waverley street. Solid brick cottage, containing parlor, dining room and extension kitchen. Square hall, winding staircase, four nice bedrooms, bath and closet. All beautifully decorated, and finished in cotton wood. Daisy furnace. Cement cellar. Set in laundry wash tubs. Good yard. $500 or more cash, balance on terms to suit purchaser.

$3,500—Park avenue, near St. Viateur avenue. Brick encased. Solid brick side walls. Two and one-half storeys. Cellar, 25x36. Ground floor, wide hall, parlour, dining room and kitchen. First floor, four bedrooms, steel-clad bath, and closet. Nickel plumbing. $500 or more cash, balance on terms to suit purchaser.

$3,800—No. 145 Mance street. Pressed brick cottage, containing double parlors, extension kitchen, four nice bedrooms, and front room, bath and closet. Concrete cellar, Daisy hot water furnace, and is finished in cotton wood, and up to date in every particular. $500 or more cash, balance monthly payments same as rent.

$3,800—No. 95 Mance street. Brick cottage, containing double parlours, extension kitchen, 5 bedrooms, bath and closet. Concrete cellar, Daisy furnace, cotton wood finish, every convenience at hand. $500 or more cash, balance monthly payments same as rent.

$4,000—No. 110 Park avenue. Fine solid brick residence, lower and bay window, containing double parlours, extension kitchen and pantry. Second story has 4 bright bedrooms, bath and closet. Basement divided into inner want room, larder, laundry and furnace room. This residence is fitted with handsome overmantels, is well finished, and is well worth inspecting. $500 or more cash, balance monthly payments same as rent, if desired.

$4,000—No. 151 Mance street. New handsome stone front house, similar to No. 110 Park avenue. $500 or more cash, balance on terms to suit purchaser.

$4,500—No. 264 Park avenue. Handsome stone front house, containing double parlors, extension kitchen, 4 nice bedrooms, bathroom and closet, large concrete cellar, Daisy furnace, etc., throughout; wash tubs, etc. This house is beautifully finished in cotton wood and artistically decorated. Terms, $600 or more cash, balance on terms to suit purchaser.

$4,500—No. 266 Park avenue. Handsome stone front house, similar to No. 264.

$4,750—Flats Nos. 789 and 791 Mount Royal avenue. One of the most desirable situations in Montreal, overlooking Mount Royal Park. Upper flat consists of 7 rooms, bath, etc., hot water furnace. Lower flat, (two stories), contains 7 rooms, bath, etc., hot water furnace. $750 cash, balance to suit purchaser.

$5,500—No. 334 Park avenue. Artistic new three story solid brick residence, with wide verandahs, square reception hall, handsome hardwood staircase, containing drawing room and dining room, extension kitchen, six large bright bedrooms, sitting room, bathroom and closet separate, tile hearths, handsome hardwood mantels. This residence is finished in hardwood on first floor, and is beautifully decorated. Basement is concreted, and is divided into laundry, furnace room and larder. Large yard in rear. Daisy hot water furnace. Terms $1,000 cash, balance in monthly payments same as rent if desired.

$6,000—No. 206 Park avenue. Three story solid brick residence, containing drawing room, dining room, extension kitchen, winding staircase, 7 nice bedrooms, bath and closet, handsome overmantels and grates, large yard, stable, concrete cellar, Daisy furnace, deep well. Terms, $1,000 cash, balance in monthly payments, same as rent if desired.

CITY.

$2,500—No. 1093 Upper Cadieux street. Stone front cottage, 4 nice rooms, bath and closet, Daisy hot water furnace. Good cellar and large yard. $500 or more cash, balance in monthly payments same as rent if desired.

$2,500—No. 21 King street. Central large lot, suitable for cabman, carter, coal merchant, factory yard; with upper and lower tenement well ventilated. $200 cash down, balance in yearly or monthly payments.

Montreal Annex lots taken in part payment.

For information apply to

G. W. BADGLEY,

Room 110 Temple Building.

186 St. James street.

Or George Marcil, 143 Park avenue, cor. St. Louis street. 209 2 eod

EPP'S COCOAS

GRATEFUL COMFORTING

Distinguished everywhere for Delicacy of Flavour, Superior Quality, and Nutritive Properties. Specially grateful and comforting to the nervous and dyspeptic. Sold only in lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPPS & CO., Limited, Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

BREAKFAST SUPPER

EPPS'S COCOA

3 eod

BICYCLE FOR SALE.

For Sale, at a bargain, a Cleveland Bicycle, 1899 model, is perfect order, having been only a short time in use. Bell and Cyclometer included.

The DOMINION BURGLARY GUARANTEE CO., Ltd., No. 181 St. James St. 208tf

SUMMER RESORTS.

ADIRONDACKS.

THE AMPERSAND

On Lower Saranac lake. Montreal's favourite Mountain Resort.

NOW OPEN.

ATTRACTIVE GOLF LINKS.

THE AMPERSAND, Franklin Co., NEW YORK. 180eod tf

Stanley Island.

"THE ALGONQUIN."

The best, although not the largest, summer hotel in Canada, situated in the middle of Lake St. Francis and the St. Lawrence River.

Among the many amusements are bolting, fishing, tennis, wheeling, bowling, billiards and dancing every evening under the management of Prof. Fred W. Normal, of Montreal, and music furnished by Prof. Chas. Fleck's orchestra. Special rates for June.

For full particulars, booklets and terms, address

J. R. DUQUETTE,

140eod tf Proprietor.

LAROCQUE HOUSE, Valleyfield, Que.

Re-opened and newly furnished, 100 new sample rooms for commercial travellers. Rates $1.50 per day.

206 2eod E. LAROCQUE, Proprietor.



ALLAN LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

From Liverpool	Steamer.	From Montreal
24 Aug.	†Bavarian	7 Sept.
31 Aug.	†Californian	14 Sept.
7 Sept.	Tainui	21 Sept.
14 Sept.	Parisian	28 Sept.

Steamers sailing 5 a. m. call from Quebec 2 p.m. Other steamers 6 p.m.

†The Bavarian, new, is 10,000 tons, has twin screws, and unexcelled accommodation

Cabin Passage $50.00 and upwards. Return tickets at reduced rates. Second Cabin, Liverpool, London or Londonderry $33 single, $60.50 return. Steerage, Liverpool, London, Glasgow or Belfast $22.50. Paris $5.11.

Ribbed saloons, spacious promenade decks, electric lights throughout. No double seating in saloon.

Glasgow, Derry and New York Service

17 Aug. ..... Numidian ..... 2 Sept.
24 Aug. ..... Nova Scotian ..... 9 Sept.
31 Aug. ..... Laurentian ..... 16 Sept.

Cabin Passage $45 00; Return $80. Second Cabin, $30.00; Return, $55.00. Steerage to Glasgow, Belfast, Derry or Queenstown, $15.75.

For freight, passage or further information apply to

H. & A. ALLAN, Montreal, Boston or Phila. 104 tf

DOMINION LINE.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE, via Londonderry.

From Montreal	Steamer.	From Quebec
Vancouver	Sept. 7, daylight	Sept. 7, 2.30 p.m.
Dominion	Sept. 16, 9 a.m.	Sept. 16, 7.00 p.m.
Cambroman	Sept. 23 daylight	Sept. 23, 2.30 p.m.
Scotsman	Sept. 30, 9 a. m.	Sept. 30, 7.00 p.m.
Ottoman	Oct. 4, daylight	Oct. 4, 2.30 p.m.

From Liverpool	Steamer.	From Boston
Aug. 31	Derbyshire,	Sept. 13, 4.00 p.m.

RATES OF PASSAGE.—Cabin, $50.00 and upwards, according to steamer and berth; second cabin, $35.00 and $37.50 according to steamer.

Steerage—To Liverpool, Derry, London, Queenstown, Belfast and Glasgow, $27.50 to $29.50, according to steamer. Steerage outfit furnished free.

Midship saloons, electric light, spacious promenade decks. For further information apply to any agent of the Company or to

DAVID TORRANCE & CO.,

17 St. Sacrament St. General Agents. Montreal. 144tf

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD

FAST EXPRESS SERVICE.

SOUTHAMPTON, BREMEN.

Sailing at 10 a.m.

†Kaiser Wm. d. Gr.	Sept. 12	Saale ..... Sept. 26.
Trave, ...	Sept. 19	Lahn ..... Oct. 3

Kaiser Wm. d. Gr. calls at Cherb'g and Southampton. †Twin-Screw Express Steamer.

SOUTHAMPTON, BREMEN.

Twin Screw Passenger Service.

Friedrich der Grosse	.....	Sept. 14, 11 a.m.
Bremen	.....	Thursday, Sept. 21, 10 a.m.
Oldenburg	.....	Thursday, Sept. 28, 10 a.m

GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, GENOA.

Sailing at 11 a.m.

Ems	.....	Sept. 9 Aller ..... Sept. 23

OELRICHS & CO., 5 Broadway, N. Y.

W. H. HENRY, SOLE AGENT for Montreal, 116 St. Peter St. 208tf

WALTER M. KEARNS' SALES.

Preliminary Notice!

CUT STONE FRONT HOUSE,

625 SHERBROOKE ST.,

Lot about 25x125 feet.

For Positive Sale by Auction

TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.

Sale by order of the Heirs at the undersigned's Salesroom, 1828 Notre Dame Street, on

FRIDAY, 15th September, AT 11 O'CLOCK A.M.

For Particulars later.

Plans can be had from the undersigned.

206 6 WALTER M. KEARNS, Auctioneer.

FRASER BROS.' SALES.

Household Furniture

Carpets, Pianos, Mirrors,

GASALIERS, PICTURES,

THE BOERS ADVANCE.

A Strong Force Pushed Towards the Natal Frontier.

Indian Troops Warned to be Ready For Service in South Africa.

(See also page 6.)

(Special to the Star.)

PIETERMARITZBURG, September 7.—A strong force of Boer troops advanced within striking distance of Laing's Nek, the only pass through the mountains, which separates the Transvaal from Natal. The force is composed in part of 1,200 riflemen, the best trained of the Boer army, who came by train from Pretoria and camped last evening at Standerton, 30 miles from the frontier.

Natal authorities at Newcastle, which lies in the angle of Drakensburg and is open to attack, have taken alarm at the prospect of invasion from the north and have urged that reinforcements be despatched and a strict watch kept on Laing's Nek. It is not thought probable here that the Boer troops was return from seizing the pass. Once in occupation they will be in position to defy invaders or swoop down upon the unprotected British towns near the frontier. They are about to mass forces sufficient to sweep the country to the coast.

LONDON, September 7.—The special correspondent of the Pal Mall Gazette at Cape Town, in a despatch dated to-day, says:

"It is believed in Afrikander circles here that the Transvaal intends forcing matters to a sudden issue and that war may possibly break out within forty-eight hours. It is supposed that the first act on their part will be an advance on Laing's Nek (the sole route from the Transvaal to Natal). It is also rumoured there is a plot at Pretoria to simultaneously blow up the British agency there.

BLOEMFONTEIN, Orange Free State, September 7.—It is understood that all the Transvaal artillery has been called out, and that the burghers have been notified to be ready. The latest reply of the Transvaal to Great Britain is regarded as marking the disappearance of the last hope of peace.

INDIAN TROOPS READY.

SIMLA, September 7.—Three regiments of cavalry, four regiments of infantry and three batteries of field artillery have been formally warned to prepare to leave their stations in India at the shortest notice for service in South Africa. The hospital outfits have received similar orders.

MAY BE A BLIND.

LONDON, September 7.—The London edition of the Standard and Daggers' News, the official Boer organ, to-day says: Ocean state that the diplomatic correspondence between the Transvaal and the Colonial Office is of a reassuring nature and that the dispute has now narrowed to an issue which should make a settlement possible and even speedy. The Transvaal is prepared for all eventualities, but remain hopeful of a peaceful settlement.

Nothing which can be learned here tends to confirm the foregoing statement and, owing to the pro-Boer source from which it emanated, it is regarded with suspicion.

ONLY A PRECAUTION.

LONDON, September 7.—Colonel Stopford, chief of the mobilization division of the British War Office, emphatically denied to a reporter of the Associated Press to-day that the War Office had issued a bulletin notifying the reserves to send in their present addresses. He said this false report was probably based "on our request to the officers on leave that they keep us posted regarding their addresses."

A MILITANT CLERGYMAN.

(Special to the Star.)

LONDON, September 7 — Rev. Arthur Roberts, Rector of Holy Trinity Church, Windsor, chaplain to the forces there and also chaplain to the Queen and the Prince of Wales, has written to the newspapers, saying there should be no peace in South Africa until the British flag waves over the Transvaal. When interviewed he reiterated what he had written, and added he meant just what he said. He said further he believed the conquest of the Transvaal was bound to take place.

THE PHILIPPINE WARFARE.

WASHINGTON, September 7.—The activity of the War Department officials and the close figuring that is being done regarding the available force in the Philippines indicates an early movement. It has been known that a forward movement was contemplated in November, but there are now indications that the campaign may begin to a month earlier if there should be favourable weather conditions. By October 1st General Otis will have an army of 31,000 effective fighting men.

RACING AT DONCASTER.

LONDON, September 7 — At the third day of the Doncaster September meeting, to-day, the race for the Alexandra Plate a handicap of 500 sovereigns, for three-year-olds and upwards, resulted in a dead heat for first place between Sir J. Muller's three-year-old brown gelding Bishopswood and Mr. Teddy's five-year-old horse Uncle Mac. Lord Rosebery's four year old chestnut filly Mauchline was third. Five horses ran the last mile and a half of the old course.

YELLOW FEVER IN CUBA.

WASHINGTON, September 7. — Telegrams to the Surgeon-General of the Marine Hospital from Surgeon Carter, now at Key West, state that up to last night the American physicians have reported 64 cases of yellow fever at that point. He estimated that the Cuban physician were in attendance upon from one-third to one-half as many more cases, but as no reports had been made by them it was impossible to give accurate figures.

LORD RUSSELL IS COMING.

(Special to the Star.)

LONDON, September 7.—Mr. Charles Russell will sail for the United States on the Cunarder's Etruria, on September 17, to witness the race for the America's Cup. Lord Chief Justice Russell, who is a member of Anglo-Venezuelan boundary arbitration commission, now sitting in Paris, will start for America immediately after the adjournment of the convention, and hopes to reach New York in time to see the races.

THE ALASKAN BOUNDARY.

LONDON, September 7.—The Foreign Office, this morning, received despatches relating to the arrangement between Sir Daniel Cahill, Affaires at Washington, Mr. Reginald Tower, and the Secretary of State, Colonel John Hay, regarding the Alaskan dispute. The facts will probably not be made public until the Marquis of Salisbury has had an opportunity to consider the matter.

PONTON'S DISMISSED CASE.

(Special to the Star.)

TORONTO, September 7.—An attempt will be made in the divisional court this afternoon to have Ponton's $50,000 civil suit against the Domanion Bank for false arrest and imprisonment restored to the list. The case was dismissed some time ago by Mr. Justice Street at Cobourg, because Ponton was not ready to go on.

The case of Stewart vs. The Queen was continued in the Exchequer Court Ottawa, this morning, Mr. Stewart again being under examination.

MR. TARTE IN LONDON.

He Has Almost Fully Recovered From His Operation.

WOULD LIKE CANADIAN PACIFIC TO TAKE OVER ATLANTIC FAST LINE.

(Special by Cable from the Special Correspondent of the Star in London.)

LONDON, September 7.—Hon. J. Israel Tarte has arrived here much better. In his own words, he is well out of the bush. He sails on Monday to resume full work at Ottawa. Interviewed by the Star correspondent, he said that nothing would please him better than for the Canadian Pacific Railway Company to take the fast mail service in hand. Their interests were so completely identified with those of Canada that nothing but good could come of it. Moreover, it would enable them to complete the last link in their chain of binding the Orient with England. They had the advantage of the experience gained on the Pacific mail route.

The Minister of Public Works complained strongly of the discrimination against the St. Lawrence route in favour of United States ports by the underwriters at Lloyds, and added: "There is no sense in their action. There is no more danger to navigation in the St. Lawrence than in any ocean highway whatever.

ANGLO-CANADIAN TRADE.

Official Returns for the Past Eight Months Issued in London.

(Special by Cable from the Special Correspondent of the Star.)

LONDON, September 7.—The Board of Trade returns for August show a total increase in imports of £3,489,200 and in exports of £2,072,500. The increases in British imports from Canada were for the 8 months of the year: Sheep £23,000; wheat £223,000; wheat flour £190,000; hams £44,000; butter £319,000; cheese £152,500; wood hewn £12,000; wood sawn, £336,000. The decreases in imports from Canada were: Cattle £14,000; peas £66,000; maize £232,500; bacon £188,000; eggs £32,000; horses £47,000. The chief increases in British exports to Canada were: Cotton piece goods, £46,000; linen piece goods, £19,000; woollen goods, £12,500; iron hoops, £32,000; tin plates, £22,000; railway steel £51,500; seed oil £19,000. The decrease in the exports were Wool £14,000; apparel and slops £45,000; earthenware, £27,500.

THE FRENCH CONSPIRATORS.

Preparations for the Coming Session of the Senate High Court.

PARIS, September 7. — The publication in the Journal Officiel of the degree convoking the Senate as a high court furnished the principal topic of conversation in Paris to-day. Since the date is September 18, no time is to be lost. M. Falateur, M. Deroulede's lawyer, hastened to go out into the country to undertake seriously the defence of his client's interests. He had a long interview with M. Deroulede, and when he came out of the Sante prison he was immediately surrounded with newspaper men, to whom he made the following statement: "As for the attitude we mean to take before the high court, it is not yet entirely decided. It depends on decisions to be arrived at in a meeting which is about to be held by the various lawyers concerned in the defence of the numerous persons the state accuses. I have been elected president of this assemblage since I defend the principal prisoner, but all I can tell you is that we certainly shall raise the question of the incompetence of the court.

"If the Reuilly and Auteil affairs are brought up we shall object on the ground that these are a 'chose jugee.' Thus we can prove that there has been no actual attempt to overrun the present regime.

"We shall also demand the right to be present at the preliminary investigation with which the high court will immediately charge a special committee. This privilege is quite according to the law, which has been changed since the last complication involving the high court's interference. In case of refusal we mean to protest, and call on public opinion to judge. This is an important point, since we have cunning and malicious opponents to deal with."

It cannot be denied that considerable ill feeling has been aroused among all classes against the Government on account of the large batch of new arrests made in the provinces. Even the most radical supporters of the Ministry agree that this is an unfortunate time to carry out such wholesale measures. One influential deputy reminds the Prime Minister in an open letter of Goethe's famous aphorism, "I prefer injustice to disorder." Another critic, who has not a little to do with forming public opinion, M. Saissy, says that at the present juncture such a fresh disturbance of the public mind means that M. Waldeck-Rousseau's mottoes are mean and miserable; that he wants to be absolute master, with control everywhere, so that he can influence the verdict of the Rennes court martial without appearing to try to do so.

M. Saissy also asserts that he knows that President Loubet is still decidedly averse to the whole project, and that the antagonism which has now sprung up between the President and his Prime Minister is sure to have critical results in the near future.

THE WRIT REFUSED.

Mr. Justice Curran has refused to grant the application of John C. Dixon, dentist, for a writ of certiorari, against Judge Choquet and Robert C. Goodfellow, mis-en-cause. Mr. Dixon was suspended (for a month and condemned to pay costs by the Dental Board, for advertising in a manner contrary to the by-laws of the Dental Association. The mis-en-cause then charged him before the magistrate with practising while suspended and Mr. Dixon applied for a writ of certiorari to take the case out of the hands of the magistrate. He complains that the regulations are oppressive unconstitutional and illegal. Mr. Justice Curran held that there was no reason why the Magistrate should not pass upon the case in which he had jurisdiction. After the decision had been rendered Mr. Dixon could then take out a certiorari if he [illegible] he had reason to complain, after giving security.

AN UNUSUAL APPLICATION.

Sir Melbourne Tait heard an unusual application in Chambers this morning. A leading lawyer made an application for a writ of mandamus to compel the Police Magistrates to issue a warrant which had been refused by Judge Desnoyers and Mr. Lafontaine, J. P. The case is creating much interest in medical as well as legal circles as the charge on which it is sought to have the warrant issued is alleged malpractice.

The application was opposed by the Crown Prosecutors and Sir Melbourne took the matter en delibere.

A FARNHAM BURGLARY.

George Spelle, of Inspector street, aged 25 years, was arrested last night by Detective Suthergill, for a burglary that he is charged with having committed at Farnham some time ago. It appear that the accused received six months for burglary at J. Kennedy's store. He pleaded guilty before Magistrate K. Lofontaine this morning, and will be sent back to Farnham for his trial.

SIR THOMAS LIPTON.

The Life of the Challenger For the America's Cup

One of the Most Thrilling Romances on Record.

By John R Spears.

The story of the life of Sir Thomas Lipton is of interest just at this moment to more people in the United States probably than that of any other man ever born under the flag of Her Britannic Majesty Queen Victoria.

For we are a commercial people who make boast that the man of brains has here an unequalled chance—a boast that on the whole is well founded—and so we are of the mental capacity to appreciate one who has done for himself in a country where chances are not so good as well as the most famous of our own self-made men. He has not only done remarkably well in trade and as a financier, but he has done what may another self-made man has failed to do—he has preserved untarnished the good name his hard-working father and mother gave him.

Sir Thomas Lipton is many times a millionaire, but with all the covetous envy aroused by his success among his competitors no one has yet said that he holds one dishonest shilling. To tell the story, however brief, of such a man as that must be a pleasing task to any American writer.

Sir Thomas Lipton was the son of a Scotch wage-earner in Glasgow, where at the age of ten years he began his business career as a messenger boy. His wages amounted to just two shillings and sixpence per week—say sixty cents of our money—ten cents a day and board himself.

But, young as he was, the germ of the great man showed itself even then. He had to work all day to earn his sixpence, but he had the energy and ambition to go to school at night whether he were weary or not from the work of the day.

Eventually—it was when he was fifteen years old—the ambition of the lad made him turn from the streets of Glasgow and look away to America, where so many of his countrymen had won fortune and some had won fame.

Taking a steerage passage he landed here—just where, the writer's incomplete notes do not tell, but it is likely that Charleston was the port, for he was for two years after that at work on a rice plantation in the lowlands of the coast.

In the old days of slavery Scotch youngsters, in spite of Presbyterian training, were known to get on swiftly in making money when employed as managers of slave drivers on any kind of a slave plantation. But when Sir Thomas was a hired man in South Carolina the plantations there had not recovered from the destructive work of the civil war. Wages were in inverse ratio to the work, and at the end of two years of that life the lad, now a sturdy youth of seventeen, had so little money that on determining to leave he had to walk to Charleston. And to get away from Charleston he had to stow himself away on the New York packet. Of course, when found on board this steamer he was promptly set at work shovelling coal in the stokehole.

When Sir Thomas Lipton, in pacing the deck of his beautiful steam yacht Erin today, chances to feel through the ventilators the hot breath of the furnaces below, he will be reminded of the days when he sweated out his life in a hotter hole than that below, and he got for it only necessary food and a passage to the port where his own magnificent cruiser now awaits his wishes. Not one stoker in a million has ever earned the right to such

A CONTRAST OF FEELINGS

as that, but that the contrast was possible has been amply demonstrated to the honour of the man and the nation that he represents in more ways than one.

Reaching New York young Lipton sought employment, but now he had only one object in view. He wanted to go home. What he did while in New York has not been told, but the chances are that he worked in a market of some kind, as will appear further on. At any rate, he saved the money for a steerage passage, and home he went.

Nearly three years had passed since he sailed from Glasgow. He was eighteen years old. He had no money to show for the work and time spent in the New World, but he had what was to serve him better. He had learned something.

"My experience in America sharpened me, and I always felt that I got a good commercial training here, said he in after years.

So much impressed were his parents with the effect of this experience on their son that when he returned they decided, in spite of the financial failure of his trip, to set him up in business—in what they called a shop. They had saved by such economies as only British workmen can understand and practice $400—a great sum in their eyes because of the years that had passed in accumulating it—and this was intrusted to the boy. Such a risk as that ought rarely to be taken. Not more than one boy in ten thousand is worthy of such confidence. But Thomas Lipton was the one boy.

With this sum he opened a provision store. They tell a good story of his opening day, that, whether true or not, is characteristic of the man. They say he bought two of the largest hogs in the market, cleaned and decorated them, and then drove them about the streets of his district with a placard bearing the words, "Lipton's Orphans." That was about thirty years ago.

We guess that Thomas Lipton had learned while in America that an original idea in advertising is the best possible capital in business. At any rate, the shop drew an abundance of customers, and the youth was steadily at his place to wait on them with greater courtesy than they were accustomed to in other shops of the kind.

Along with his talent for attracting and keeping trade young Lipton had one other of equal importance in his career. He knew how

TO CHOOSE CAPABLE ASSISTANTS.

Better yet, he knew how to make them loyal to his interests. No sooner had his first store proved profitable than this ability became apparent. He obtained capable assistants and opened another store, and then another and another. He went to London eventually and opened stores there until he had sixty in London alone, and, spreading over the kingdom, he entered every considerable town until at last there were 420 Lipton stores in Great Britain.

But before all this expansion had come young Lipton (for he was still a young man) had developed necessarily other characteristics. He had learned, for instance, that one must deal generously with his customers to succeed. How to do this and yet make large profits was a question that Lipton solved. As rapidly as his capital permitted it he became a producer of the goods he sold.

The one man he would not serve was the middleman, however necessary a middleman may seem to be in some kinds of business. So it came to pass that Lipton returned to America, went out to Chicago and there established a provision factory, which now kills as many as 3,000 hogs in one day. Another one now stands in Omaha. Further than that, he built his own cars to carry the factory's product to market. He was after all the profits in the business that could be reached, and he got them. So he was able to undersell the provision merchants of England who were not so far-seeing.

This is not to say that pork was his only product, but it is worth noting that he dealt in pork and not in beef. There is a drawback to selling American beef in England not known to many. If cattle are shipped there alive they are considerable risk of loss, and they arrive in bad condition. If the cattle are killed here and the carcasses are shipped refrigerators, the meat gets stale and is unsalable within a few hours after entrance in the markets on the other side. But hogs can be killed and the pork can be cured and shipped with a certainty that it will arrive in a tempting state. Lipton chose the branch of the business that best suited him.

Some peculiarities of the Lipton shops

BUILDING OPERATIONS

Structures to the Value of Nearly Three Million Dollars

Going Up This Year—Fewer But More Expensive Buildings.

Exclusive of the Grand Trunk buildings at the intersection of McGill and William streets, which by a conservative estimate, will cost not less than five hundred thousand dollars, fully two million and a half dollars will be expended on building in Montreal within the next year, and contracts for more than that have already been placed.

Fifty years ago one of Montreal's historians whose accuracy and conciseness gives his book permanent value for reference, had the following to say of the Canadian metropolis:

"The spirit of local improvement has long been in active and efficient operation, and betrays no symptoms of languor or decline. . . . Besides a multitude of new and elegant houses, in almost every part of the city and suburbs, large spaces and several streets have been considerably improved. . . . Many of the houses are large, handsome, and in modern style; and some of them display great taste in design. The prevalent feature is a union of chasteness and elegance with a commendable absence of all meretricious style and ornament."

This "spirit of local improvement" seems to have never been dormant, but always alive to every opportunity from those days until now, when every one of the multitude of tourists, who annually visit Montreal, carries away with him an impression of the city into which stability united to chaste beauty in architecture are prominent. "Local colour" here is largely gray, but that somewhat sombre note, struck in five or seven story buildings, solid, stable and fine, only confirms the stranger in the

IMPRESSION OF STRENGTH.

As a matter of act in this connection Montreal is keeping up her record—she is, in fact, breaking it, and "the spirit of local improvement is now running up some of the handsomest structures, both for public and private use, of which she may boast. The skill and good taste of every architect in town has during the late months been called into requisition by not only local, but provincial enterprise and enterprise at the western boundary of the country, and both books show some interesting things in the way of prospective building and building either just completed or now in progress. Next spring Point Douglas Union will have a large number of new residences, new churches, new factories, new stores, and new office buildings for which Montreal architects supplied the plans and the small boy who "presides" over the mysteries of three offices and knows it all is being kept busy welcoming coming and speeding parting guests, whose business was the inspection of their personal "plans."

Building Inspector Lacroix states that, as compared with other years, the

EXPENDITURE IS LARGER,

and the buildings although less numerous, are on a larger, more complete, and elaborate scale. Many of the structures to be erected will embellish the business thoroughfares. On St. James street a new departmental store building, and the new or reconstructed building of the Merchants Bank of Canada, are among the prospective improvements, and the thoroughfare—now one of the most attractive of which any city of equal size on this continent can boast—seems to be one of the most favoured of all in the onward march of the metropolis.

The Grand Trunk building referred to will be a permanent and splendid addition to Montreal's stable and noble architecture. Additions and improvements to the Windsor station, of the C.P.R., are now in progress. The Greenshields building, at the corner of Victoria square and Craig street; the new building of the Montreal Street Railway Company at the corner of St. Catherine and Harbour streets, and of department buildings for its employes on Berry street; the new factory buildings on St. Catherine, Notre Dame and Craig streets; the superb "McIntyre Block" at the corner of Victoria and Craig; a department building at the corner of Metcalfe street and Dominion square; the Mount Royal Club, on Sherbrooke street, and a new school building on Olivier avenue, Westmount, are only some of the more important structures either already in progress or contracted for, and a number of new church buildings are also to be erected. These include the college buildings in St. Edward's parish; the church of St. Jean Baptiste, on Rochelle street, which will cost fully $200,000; and a Presbytery in St. Antoine's parish. All over the city, too,

NEW PRIVATE RESIDENCES

are going up, Pine avenue, Aberdeen avenue, McGregor street, Sherbrook street, and Mackay street, being particularly favoured. Inspector Lacroix says that so far as dwelling houses are concerned, the city is being "over-built." He has noticed what many ob-servant visitors have noticed —the "gregariousness," so to speak, of Montrealers, as shown in the popularity of boarding and tenement houses, rather than single dwellings. The houses are built on too large and expensive a scale to put them in the reach of the man of average means, so the boarding-houses and tenements flourish, and the supply of houses is now in excess of the demand. The summer outing here, too, Mr. Lacroix thinks, has something to do with it, and people prefer to spend four, or, at least, three months in the country each year to renting a comfortable house in the city, and making a shorter stay out of town. However, real estate men are taking warning, so far, however, as the construction of commodious stable and handsome public and mercantile buildings is concerned, the spirit of the city is unchanged since the days of "Hochelaga Depicta," and this year will strengthen Montreal's title as one of the most substantially built cities in the world.

KIPLING WAS INTERESTED.

Many journalists have seen Rudyard Kipling in peculiar positions, but I think, writes a Cape correspondent of M.A.P., I can claim to have made his acquaintance under circumstances which are unique. The occasion arose during his first trip to South Africa. He was staying at a delightful suburban hotel at Newlands, about five miles from Cape Town. Another guest at the hotel at the time was little Said Ali, the son and heir of the Sultan of Zanzibar. As befitting the importance of the visit of such an interesting personage, all the luxuries of the Magal retinue, centred upon the young Prince for the purpose of presenting addresses to him, and, just as they were in the act of devotion in the general-room of the hotel, there was a gentle tap at the door, and, receiving no answer, the door was opened and Kipling, in the most negligee costume, walked in.

As one of the most intimate friends of the young Prince, I was privileged, though an alien to his picturesque religion, to take part in the ceremony, and had therefore an opportunity of seeing Kipling under unique circumstances. The moment of his entrance was the most solemn of a solemn ceremony. The Imauns were offering up the most solemn prayers for one of the leaders of their faith. I am afraid I was not feeling as serious as I ought to have done, and consequently got a glimpse of the great author's face. It was a study, only equalled by the sight of the genial Max O'Rell's face when he was watching the antics of a band of Salvationists as he stood in his hotel window. Kipling knew that he was not expected, and walked round the room, picked up a sheet of writing paper, and spied out. He was evidently interested, walked round the steep, and looked through a French window at the function. Since that time I have closely watched his writings in the hope of finding some description of the scene, but I do not think he has put it to paper yet. It is bound to come at some time, though, for I must have impressed him.

POLICE ENQUIRY.

The City Attorney Called Upon to Decide as to the Procedure.

The Police Committee met this afternoon to proceed with the investigation of the charges against Lieutenant Fortin. After speeches by Aldermen Roy, Jacques, Ames, Clearihue and Lareau, Ald. Ames moved that Arthur Bergeron be called to give evidence. By so doing, the man who made the charges might come forward as well as other witnesses. Ald Roy objected to the investigation going on, until the opinion of the City Attorney be had, as to whether the matter should be proceeded with in the Committee or in the Courts. The City Attorney was sent for to give his opinion on the point.

The City Attorney gave his opinion that the enquiry could proceed providing any questions which might incriminate a witness were not pressed.

Bergeron was the first witness called.

OWNED AN ILLICIT STILL.

Gedeon Belanger was arrested by Revenue Officers Watkins and Comte yesterday afternoon for being found in the possession of a still used for illegitimate purposes. The still was operated at St. Martin at the place called "Le Cap." Belanger denied his guilt, when he appeared before the Police Magistrate, and was remanded until enquete.

STOLE FROM HIS FATHER.

William Roy was arrested yesterday evening by Detective Suthergill, on the charge of having stolen $300 worth of silverware and jewels from his father, who keeps a jewellery store at Granby. Roy pleaded not guilty and will be sent back to Sweetsburg where his trial will probably come off.

STRATFORD, Ont.—Mrs. McDonagh, wife of Rev. Wm. McDonagh, formerly of Kingsville, but for the past two years stationed here, died Wednesday, after a long illness.

Mr. Collingwood Schreiber, Deputy Minister of Railways and Canals, left Ottawa last evening for Quebec to meet Hon. A. G. Blair and lay before him urgent business of the Department.

WANTED TO RENT,

Two or three large flats for manufacturing purposes, with steam power. Apply to well known agent, stating particulars to

2161 L 673, STAR OFFICE.

FIRE AT VAUDREUIL.

Three Houses Destroyed and Another Narrowly Escaped.

A MONTREAL FAMILY HAD A NARROW ESCAPE FROM BEING BURNED.

At about two o'clock this morning fire broke out in the cottage occupied by Mr. E. L. Clarke, at Vaudreuil, and the occupants barely escaped with their lives. The flames spread rapidly to the adjoining residence of Dr. J. A. Rodier and Mr. A. D. Porcheron, which were also soon destroyed, the furniture in the two latter houses being saved.

The effective work rendered by the local volunteer fire brigade, with the help of the citizens of the locality, who all gave a hand, kept back the flames from the hotel owned by Mr. M. Rochon, and soon had the whole blaze under control. The water pipes being undergoing repair, there was a very poor pressure, but the pluck of everybody was very earnest, and soon put a stop to what might have been a still more serious loss to the place.

The opinion prevails in Vaudreuil that last night's fire is the work of an incendiary. This is borne out by the nature of the fire, and also by previous circumstances that were kept from publicity. In fact, last Sunday night, as three well-known Montrealers were descending the steps of a friend's residence in the locality, after an enjoyable evening, they were suddenly astounded by several shots of a gun, that seemed to be aimed in their direction. Proofs of this were found next morning on the wood structure of the balcony of the house. The police authorities will immediately be notified, and the case will be worked up thoroughly.

A FAMILY'S NARROW ESCAPE.

The Fire Department was called out at five minutes past twelve last night to put out a fire which had originated at No. 67 Rivard street through a defective chimney, and which had soon communicated to the tenements above bearing Nos. 69 and 71. The firemen arrived in the very nick of time, as a few minutes' delay would have probably caused the death of two persons, a Mrs. Meilleur and her young daughter, who lived at No. 71, and who were asleep in their room. The chimney passes right at the head of their bed, and the smoke issuing from it had asphyxiated them until they were in an unconscious condition, when the firemen broke into the room, and carried them out, where they soon revived. The damage caused by the fire was very slight, the building is smoked, however, and it will cost something for repairs.

THE MOLSONS BANK FORGERY.

A warrant was issued yesterday afternoon by Police Magistrate Lafontaine for the arrest of William J. Sutherland Gordon, now a teller in the Molsons Bank, charging him with having forged a cheque form $2400. High Constable Bissonnette was at the accused's house this morning at about 5 o'clock, but it was ascertained that he had left the place without leaving any address.

It seems that Gordon, who is a young man formerly well thought of among a large number of acquaintances, and whose actions have caused many expressions of regret, was in the city on Tuesday, the day that the forgery was discovered. The bank officials had no idea that he would attempt to leave town, as his friends had come forward, and had made every endeavour to straighten the matter up. The managers of the Molsons Bank, however, refused to take such a thing into consideration, and, at a meeting of the directors on Tuesday evening, it was resolved to have the man arrested, charging him with the crime as already stated.

It is thought that he has gone to the United States.

NEWS OF THE CITY.

A DEMAND MADE.—A demand of assignment has been made upon Wilbrod Baril, manufacturer, by P. H. Dufresne.

WILL PROBATED.—The will of the late James Jolly, leaving his estate to his widow and children, has been probated. Rev. Canon Dixon is apointed executor.

BOOK DEBTS SOLD.—The book debts of Mr. Emile Berard, formerly a merchant of Montreal, were sold to Mr. Hubert Lamarre, accountant, 246 St. James street, by Messrs. Kent and Turcotte.

MATCH FACTORY DESTROYED.

(Special to the Star.)

QUEBEC, September 7.—The extensive match factory of Mr. Dubord, at Beauport, was totally destroyed by fire this afternoon.

CLOSING PRICES.

AFTERNOON SALES.

Montreal Street—100 at 322.
Montreal and London, xd—500 at 54c, 500 at 54c.
Dominion Coal common—50 at 54.
Merchants Bank—at 170½.
Electric xd—150 at 186, 2 at 186, 25 at 186, 1 at 186, 25 at 186, 25 at 185½, 175 at 86.
Richelieu—25 at 113.
Toronto Rails—14 at 116, 25 at 115½.
Canadian Pacific—75 at 86¾.
Gas—100 at 206, 25 at 205.
Republic xd—3000 at $1.24.
War Eagle—600 at $3.59.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Reported for the Star by Gordon Strathy & Co., Stock Brokers, 9 St. Sacrament St.

Close.	Sept. 7. Ask.	Sept. 7. Bid.	Sept. 6. Ask.	Sept. 6. Bid.
STOCKS.				
Canadian Pacific	86¾	86¾	87	87
Duluth S.S. & A. Com.	6	5	6	5
Do. do. pref.	15½	14½	16	14
Commercial Cable	177¾		187	183
Montreal Street Railway	321½	321	322	320
Mont. Street Railway	321½	320	322	320
Do. do. new	299	297	299	295
Halifax Electric Ry.	116	114	140	
Toronto Street Ry.	116½	116¼	117	115½
Cornwall Electric Ry.				
St. John do. do.				
London do. do.				
Montreal Gas Co.	205	203½	205½	203
Royal Electric xd	187	185	187½	185
International Textile	176	168	174	170
Mont & Lgnt, Halifax	130	120	130	120
Bell Telephone Co.	160	150	160	150
do. xd				
Dominion Coal Com.	54	54	54	54
do do Pref.	120	114	120	114
Montreal Cotton xd			150	145
Can. Cbl. Col. Mills Co.	85	70	85	70
Merchants Cotton Co.				
Com. Cot. Mills Co.	107	104	107	104
War Eagle xd	63.50	63.25	63.50	63.25
Payne Mining xd	$1.27	$1.25	$1.27	$1.25
Rossland Mining				
Montreal-London xd	55	50	57½	55
Caribou McKinney				
Twin City Commun.	67	65	68	65
do Pref.			140	
Republic xd	$1.24	$1.23½	$1.25	$1.23
BANKS				
Montreal		260		258
Ontario				
British N. America	134		134	132
Molsons	200	200	200	198
Toronto				
Jacques Cartier				
Merchants of Canada	175	170	170	165
Merch's of Halifax		180		
Nova Scotia	220		220	215
Quebec Township's		125		118
Quebec		197½		197½
Nationale				
Union	100		100	100
Commerce	152	150	152½	149
Dominion				
Hochelaga				
Ville Marie				
Imperial				
Federal				
Windsor Hotel				
International Coal				
Do Pref.				
Point, West Land		18		18
Canada Paper pref.				
Gas & Mortgage Co.				
Montreal Telegraph				
West. Land & Invest Co				
SUNDRIES.				
Land Grant Bonds		111		111
Cable Coupons	104	103	104	103
Heat & Light				
Halifax Ry.	107	100	107	95
Gal. Consols	101	100		100
Dominion Coal				

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Cornwall Electric Ry.				
St. John do. do.				
London do. do.				
Montreal Gas Co.	205	203½	205½	203
Royal Electric xd	187	185	187½	185
International Textile	176	168	174	170
Mont & Lgnt, Halifax	130	120	130	120
Bell Telephone Co.	160	150	160	150
do. xd				
Dominion Coal Com.	54	54	54	54
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SUNDRIES.				
Land Grant Bonds		111		111
Cable Coupons	104	103	104	103
Heat & Light				
Halifax Ry.	107	100	107	95
Gal. Consols	101	100		100
Dominion Coal				

Chicago Closing Prices.

E. J. Burke & Co., 16 St. Sacrament st., report the closing prices to-day as follows:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
September 7th.				
Wheat— Sept.	67¾	68	67¾	68
Dec.	69¾	70	69¾	70
May	73¾	74	73¾	74
Corn— Sept.	36¾	36¾	36¾	36¾
Dec.	36¾	36¾	36¾	36¾
May	38¾	38¾	38¾	38¾
Pork— Sept.	9.75	9.75	9.75	9.75
Oct.	9.80	9.80	9.80	9.80
Lard— Sept.	5.37	5.37	5.37	5.37
Oct.	5.37	5.37	5.37	5.37
Short Ribs— Sept.	5.22	5.22	5.22	5.22
Oct.	5.25	5.25	5.22	5.22

There is not a headache
in a whole barrel of
DALLEY'S PERFECT COFFEE
for it contains nothing but the highest grades of pure coffee. 210 1

Why Men Are Weak.



Weakness or loss of vigor is a subject worthy of deep consideration. The knowledge that you are not equal to the demands of nature—that your strength is waning—is a knowledge that should urge you to prompt action; it should force you to adopt the only scientific means of recovering your strength, your vigor.

This means is through the daily application of Electricity to the weakened parts by means of Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt. It tones, invigorates and strengthens. Its warming currents carry new life into the worn-out nerves and make manhood complete.

Dr. Sanden's book, "Three Classes of Men," should be in the hands of every man not perfect in health

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

Quick-Sellers for Friday and Saturday!

CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

100 Golf Capes in Heavy Reversible Cloth, mixed gray, mixed brown, mixed navy and mixed drab; price only $3.95.

This is the best made garment ever sold in Montreal for such a low price.

A SNAP.

75 Ladies' Rubber Waterproof Garments, in drab and brown, mixed serge, $2.50 for $1.50.

Also 50 Covert Cloth and Serge Waterproof Garments, $4.50, for $2.50.

Corsets to clear, original prices $1.75 to $2.25, to clear at 50c; sizes 18, 19, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30.

Children's Embroidered Cashmere Tams, 65c to clear 15c.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

Every novelty in Ladies' Felt Hats at WHOLESALE PRICES.

SKIRT DEPARTMENT.

Only 20 Crash Skirts left, prices were from $1.50 to $1.95. CHOICE 89c.

Only 15 White Duck Skirts left; prices were from $1.75 to $2. CHOICE 89c.

Only 27 White Pique Skirts left; prices were from $2.25 to $2.50. CHOICE 99c.

Mercerized Silkette Underskirts, in pink, heliotrope, Cyrano, sky, green and royal, $1.96, for 95c.

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS.

The balance of our Ladies' Skirt Waists, for 65c and 85c, worth from $1.50 to $2.25.

BOYS' READY MADE CLOTHING.

For the best makes in all kinds of Boys' Ready Made Clothing at lowest prices, come to JOHN MURPHY & CO.'S.

DRESS GOODS, COTTONS, LINENS, BLANKETS.

500 yards Fancy Black Dress Goods, all wool, assorted patterns, fine quality, worth 65c, 75c and 85c; choice on Friday and Saturday for 50c per yd.

25 pieces All Wool Fall Dress Tweeds, assorted colors, double width; cheap at 45c; for Friday and Saturday only 25c per yard.

1,000 yards All Wool French Cashmere, all colors to select from; worth 40c and 45c; choice for this sale, only 25c per yard.

GREAT SALE OF COTTON REMNANTS.

Remnants of Circular Pillow Cotton; all widths, 10c.

Remnants of Bleached Sheeting, all widths, 19c.

Remnants of Finest Bleached Cambric, 10c.

Remnants of Canton Flannel, 5½c.

All the above Remnants worth double the price.

50 pairs White Blankets; size 11-4; Friday and Saturday, $1.00 per pair.

200 Bleached Damask Table Cloths; sizes 7-4 and 8-4; slightly soiled; prices from 90c each; worth double the price.

25 dozen Linen Tray Cloths; size 16x23 inches; all white; also colored borders; choice on Friday and Saturday for 10c each.

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

100 Ladies' Silk and Chiffon Ties at half price; 30c for 15c; 40c for 20c; 75c for 37½c.

600 Large Lace Collars, also at half price; $1.00 for 50c; $1.50 for 75c.

500 packets Best Needles; slightly damaged, only 1c.

600 Good Strong Nail Brushes, 5c for 2½c.

GARTER ELASTIC.

300 lengths of Elastic, 10c for 5c.

200 Cut Belt Buckles, 25c for 15c.

All Wool Military Braids, in Black and Colors, to clear as follows:

3c for 1c; 5c for 2c; 7c for 3c; 10c for 5c; 15c for 8c; 20c for 10c; all according to width.

100 pieces Pretty Mohair Trimmings, 10c for 5c.

15 Cases Castile Soap (virgin quality), 22c per dozen.

14 Cases Best Old Brown Windsor, 19c per dozen.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

200 only Negligee and English made Sample White Shirts, Silk Front Shirts, Silk and wool Shirts, Zephyr and Oxford shirts. This is a rare chance to lay in a supply for little money. Regular price, $2.00, $1.75 and $1.50. Choice to-morrow and Saturday 77c

UMBRELLAS. UMBRELLAS.

50 doz. Gent's durable Umbrellas, steel rods, silver mounts, $1.50, to clear at 98c.

30 doz. Ladies' durable Umbrellas, steel rods, silver mounts; $1.75, to clear at $1.10.

GLOVES. GLOVES.

200 pairs Ladies' Coloured Kid Gloves, worth $1.15, to clear ..... at A..... 59c

150 pairs Ladies' Kid Gloves, colours, Tan, Mode, Blue, Green, Pearl, Butter and White, worth $1.20, for 85c.

STATIONERY. STATIONERY.

1,000 doz. Faber's H. B. Pencils, worth 30c doz., for 8 1-3c doz.

100 doz. School Exercise Books, worth 5c each, for 2 1-3c each.

HOSIERY. HOSIERY.

25 doz. Ladies' Union Ribbed Vests, fine finish, worth 20c, to clear at 12 1-2c.

200 pairs Men's Fine Woollen Socks, good value, at 25c, for 15c pair.

75 only men's Heavy Merino Shirts, well finished; regular value, 60c, for 35c.

BASEMENT BARGAINS.

1,000 CAKE TINS, best tin, loose bottoms, three sizes, worth 12c and 14c. Friday only 5c each.

500 PATENT WIRE LAMP CLEANERS, never sold for less than 10c each. Special on Friday for 1c each.

PORCELAIN LINED PRESERVING KETTLES, all first quality. Special prices for Friday are as follows: 4 quart size, 15c, 6 quart size, 33c, 8 quarts 40c, 10 quarts 46c, 14 quarts, 53c.

GEM JARS, in pints, quarts and half-gallon sizes, at special prices.

RUBBER RINGS for Gem Jars, all sizes, only 5c dozen.

100 Edgar Nutmeg Graters, cheap at 10c. For Friday our price will be 5 cents each.

SPECIAL IN CHINAWARE, ETC.

400 CHINA MARMALADE JARS, with covers, decorated with views of Montreal, three colours to select from, cheap at 75c; to clear this lot the special price for Friday and Saturday is 15c each.

GLASS MUSTARD POTS, WITH TRAY, only 10c each.

GLASS FLOWER VASES, to clear a lot of odd vases, your choice for 5c each.

BROWN SOAP DISHES, worth 10c, for 5c each.

JOHN MURPHY & CO. 2343 St. Catherine Street, Corner Metcalfe Street.

Terms Cash. Tel. Up. 933.

210 7 1

BERNIER & WEST

Corner St. Catherine and University Sts.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS

For Friday and Saturday.

When the doors open at 8 a.m. on Friday morning we want to have the counters lined with Buyers. We are perfectly willing to make extra inducements for that purpose, and so have arranged values that are simply irresistible. It will be a day long to be remembered by those who come to share our offerings. At 8 o'clock sharp we shall be ready to serve customers.

HOSIERY.

Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose, worth 30c a pair, 2 pairs for 35c

Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose, worth 75c pair, 2 pairs for $1.00

MILLINERY.

Ladies' Golf Hats, newest styles, just in from New York.

Ladies' Felt Walking Hats.

Three first-class Milliners in the show room to give you ideas.

BLOUSES.

Ladies' Silk Blouses, worth $4.50. Price . . . $1.99

Ladies' Silk Blouses, worth $6.00. Price . . . $3.69

Ladies' Silk Blouses, worth $8.00. Price . . . $5.00

Ladies' Silk Blouses, worth $12.00. Price . . . $6.50

SKIRTS.

Ladies' Black Figured Lustre Skirts, worth $3.00. Price $1.99

Ladies' Black Plain Lustre Skirts, worth $3.00. Price $1.99

Ladies' Fancy Check Skirts, just arrived, worth $3.50. Price $1.99

DRESS GOODS.

All the newest Fall Dress Goods just arrived and put into stock. This is the only complete up-to-date stock of Dress Goods in Canada. Don't buy your Dresses before visiting our department.

BERNIER & WEST,

Corner St. Catherine and University Sts,

210 7 1

Henry Morgan & Co.

COLONIAL HOUSE.

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

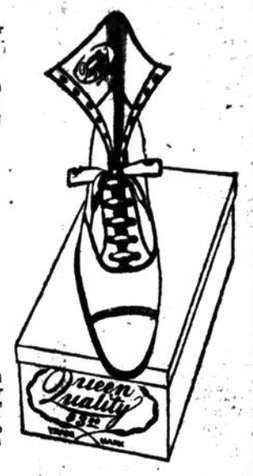
A full assortment of the latest styles of

QUEEN QUALITY SHOES

Just received, these goods have made for themselves a reputation, and are acknowledged to be the best

$3.00 SHOE

for ladies ever offered, for $3.00 cash.



The "Modern" Shape,

Kid, with tip of same, heavy weight stitched soles, toe thick at the end, and some wider than silver half dollar, military heel, the ideal shoe for crowded toes. It is both comfortable and stylish, and the very latest shoe fad. A sweet style for street wear. In buttoned and laced.



THE "Popular" "Roxbury" Shape.

Patent tip, medium high heel, heavy soles, buttoned or laced, also in cloth top buttoned. Stylish and perfect fitting.

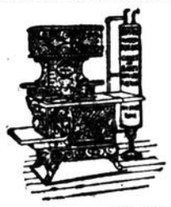
THE BEST ONLY.

Every pair of "Queen Quality" Shoes is made from the finest selected leathers, most suitable for heavy and light weight shoes, and the best of sole leather. The only kid used is "Foerderer's" Vici Kid, known the world over as the standard of light weight leather.

Sole Agents for Montreal and Vicinity:

HENRY MORGAN & CO.

St. Catherine Street and Phillips Square. 210 7 1



FAMOUS ACTIVE Stoves and Ranges....

Give satisfaction in baking and cooking. They are guaranteed to do so. 44 styles and sizes : : : : : : : : :

R. & W. Kerr,

1908-1910 Notre Dame St.

Old Stoves and Ranges taken in Exchange.

210 7 1

MADE ME A MAN



AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE

A Lt. Nervous Diseases—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Excesses, other Excesses and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having AJAX TABLETS and refuse any substitute or imitation. We have a CURE for every 5 cents. In order to introduce them quickly we will for a limited time only, to every purchaser of 6 boxes, accompanied by $2.50, send our written guarantee to refund the money if not cured. Sold by druggists at 50 cents per box; 6 boxes, $2.50. Pamphlet free. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free. Address AJAX REMEDY CO., 19 Desplaines St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Montreal by Mr. John T. Lyons, cor. Craig and Bleury streets, and B. E. McGale, 2123 Notre Dame Street. 35 7 nsod

A FEW DON'TS

DON'T take any one's word in a real estate deal; see the property yourself.
DON'T fail to visit the Annex.
DON'T shrink from going into debt for a good thing. Deferred payments on Annex lots will make you save.
DON'T lose sight of location. Annex is the best.
DON'T speculate; buy real estate. Annex lots are real estate.
DON'T buy lots ANYWHERE; buy them SOMEWHERE; buy them in the Annex.

FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO

GEO. MARCIL, Montreal Annex Land Office,

Corner Park Avenue and St. Louis Street. Tel. Up 2518.

Evening Office at 400 Park Avenue, Montreal Annex. Tel. Up 421.

AGENTS WANTED. 210 7 1

The Ladies

are returning city-wards to the great joy of the Dry Goods Merchants. For our part, we are going to give them a warm welcome by having a feast of bargains.

Quilts.

Now is the time you need them when you are brightening up your house for the winter.

Good quality, top sewn, no fringe, suitable for double beds, ... 79c

Extra large size, same quality, ... 89c

Sheeting Remnants.

We could not have offered these sheeting bargains at a more suitable time.

Chiefly 8-4 and 9-4, a few only of 10-4, twilled and plain lengths, in 1½, 2, 3, 4 to 6½ yards, at give-away prices.

Unbleached Tabling Ends.

These are qualities which will stand lots of hard wear and always look well. In lengths of 1½, 2 and 2¾ yards.

1¼ yards for 45c to 49c.
2 yards for 75c to 98c.
2¾ yards for 83c to $1.20.

Bleached Tabling Ends.

It is economy to buy some of these to save your VERY best ones.

1 yards square for 65c.
1¼ yards by 2 yards for 80c.
1¼ yards by 2¾ for $1.00.
1¼ yards by 2 yards for $1.00.
1¼ yards by 2¾ yds for $1.25.

Job Napkins.

A surprise is in store for those who judge the quality of these by the price we have marked them—a pleasant surprise too.

Running in price from 6c to 30c. Specials at 6c, 12c and 18c.

2 sizes, 17x17 and 20x20, 6c ea. Good weight size, 20x20, 12c ea.

A pretty Napkin, size 34x24, 18c ea.

Flannelettes

Just the season for these goods and our assortment was never so large or choice. Ask to see them.

A full assortment of Canadian, English and American makes, all qualities and patterns.

A special line of Canadian, 32 inches wide, fifteen colors 5c

Flannelette Underwear

A most seasonable line, especially for mothers replenishing their daughters' wardrobes before sending them away to school.

Night Gowns, special, at 39c; other prices are 49c, 59c, 75c and 95c.

Skirts, special, at 49c; other prices 59c, 65c, 95c and $1.30.

Drawers, specials, at 29c and 35c; other prices 35c and 49c.

A full assortment of Children's Wear.

Samples of Wool Underwear.

An English manufacturer's samples of Scotch Wool Underwear, comprising Vests, Drawers and Combinations, for men, women, and children, to be sold at WHOLESALE PRICES.

Other Samples,

These comprise—Men's White Shirts, Ladies' Collars and Cuffs, Cashmere, Wool and Silk Gloves, Boys' Jerseys, Socks for Men, Stockings for Women and Children, all perfect goods at JOB PRICES.

MAIL ORDERS A SPECIALTY.

Haycock & Dudgeon

240½-5 St. Catherine St. and 186-8 Peel St.

210 7 1

HORSFALL BROS.,

1849, 1851, 1851½ NOTRE DAME STREET,

— Near McGill. —

..GRAND SALE OF..

SCHOOL SUITS for BOYS.

THIS SALE will continue one month only from this date. You will save money by calling on us and inspecting our stock before purchasing elsewhere. All goods of the latest styles and newest stock in the city. You are not compelled to buy, as it will be a pleasure for us to show you our goods. We also carry a full line of Furnishing Goods to every description. We give you a list of a few lines just of show you that our prices are right.

Children's School Suits, 2 pieces, from - -	$1.75 to $4.00
Children's School Suits, 2 pieces, from - -	1.25 to 4.00
Children's Tweed Suits, 2 pieces, from - -	2.00 to 4.50
Children's Knicker Pants, sizes 22 to 25, for -	39c, 49c, 60c & 75c
Boys' School Suits, 3 pieces, from - - -	$2.59 to $5.25
Boys' School Suits, 3 pieces, from - - -	3.25 to 7.00
Boys' Knicker Pants, sizes 26 to 32, for -	49c and up to $1.50
Youths' School Suits, in brown, blue and black, from - - - - - -	$3.25 up to $10.00
Youths' School Suits, tweed, from - -	3.75 up to 9.00
Youths' School Suits, D.B., from - - -	4.50 up to 9.75

Also a full line of Fine Gentlemen's Ready-to-wear Clothing.

DON'T FORGET THE NUMBERS:—

1849, 1851 and 1851½ Notre Dame Street, NEAR McGILL.

192 a ty 15 3 w

LITTLE THINGS

Such as Odd Chairs, Footstools, Small Cupboards, Cushions, Mirrors, are too numerous to mention, but they add comfort to a house. We pay attention to everything in house furniture and can always guarantee you

THE BEST FURNITURE FOR THE LEAST MONEY.

652 CRAIG STREET.

BRANCH: 2442 St. Catherine St.

RENAUD, KING & PATTERSON.

210 7 1

HAVANA CIGARS
JAMAICA CIGARS
MANILA CIGARS

EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES

Lord Tennyson Tobacco, Pure unscented Virginia Leaf Much appreciated by consumers of pipe tobacco

Morris Michaels,

ROTUNDA WINDSOR HOTEL, Montreal,

Montreal P. O. Box 2209. Telephone Up 1344

Cable Address: "Michaels" Montreal.

Orders by mail, telephone or telegraph immediately attended to.

Open every day until midnight.

BRANCH IN CHATEAU FRONTENAC, QUEBEC. 210 7 1

You Want the Best, Don't You?

.....INSIST ON GETTING.....

Stewart's Shoes

Excellent value in Men's Shoes from $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, up to $6.50. Up-to-date styles—all widths.

W. H. STEWART, 2295 St. Catherine Street.

210 7 1 sod

It is not very often that you find the foundation on the top. But it's so, in the Typewriter business.

The Remington Typewriter

Founded the business, and has kept at the top ever since.



SPACKMAN & CO.

119 St. Francois Xavier Street.

DR. COWLING'S

English Periodical Pills.

Have remedy for irregular menstruation a perfect monthly regulator, of invaluable and sure results; invaluable in silmente and all female complaints. Can be sent by mail. Price $5. Dr. Cowling, 240 St. Catherine street (Cook Building), Montreal. For sale by all Druggists. 189 7 nsod

A NEW TIMBER INSPECTOR.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, September 7. — Mr. S. Blanchere, one of the Government timber inspectors in the Yukon, has resigned. His successor will be Chas. Rykerman, of Chateauguay County. The salary of the position is $1,200 per year.

DEATHS REPORTED

At the Star Office To-day.

VANCOUVER, B.C. — John Weiler, the founder of the firm of Weiler Bros., of this city, died on Wednesday as the result of illness extending over six months. He was in his 76th year. Mr. Weiler came to America when a young man, from Mayence, Hesse-Darmstadt, settling first in the State of New York. He joined in the rush to the gold fields of California in 1850, and in 1861, drifted north to British Columbia. Shortly afterwards he commenced in a moderate way the business which has since become the largest of its kind in the province. In 1890 he turned it over to his sons, who with his widow, survive him. The sons are George, Charles, Otto, and Joseph.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont. — Thomas R. Secord, late deputy superintendent of the Welland Canal, died on Wednesday, at the age of 68. Mr. Secord was inspector of the Welland Railway during its construction but his life work has been on the Welland Canal. In April, 1861, thirty-eight years ago, he was appointed deputy superintendent, which position he held up to about two years ago.

ST. THOMAS, Ont. — William Kimbel, a young man of this place, died from heart disease on Tuesday, brought on by fright. He was driving behind a horse which he and his companions had lost and regained control of and was lying down in the waggon when he died.

QUEBEC — The death is announced of Edward O'Brien, notary, of Beauport. Deceased was for several terms mayor of Beauport and warden of the county of Quebec. He was the unsuccessful Conservative candidate for the county at the last provincial elections.

LISTOWEL, Ont. — Mr. John Livingstone, sr., died on Wednesday night in the 89th year of his age. Mr. Livingstone was the last surviving member of the family of Dr. Livingstone, the African explorer, and was two years older than his famous brother.

KINGSTON, Ont. — Captain Stokes, of the Royal Navy, has heard by cablegram of the unexpected death of his father, Sir Robert Harret Stokes, C.B. Captain and Mrs. Stokes have left for New York to sail on the steamer Campania for England.

LONDON, Ont. — Mr. J. P. MacIntyre, J.P., of Lobo, one of the oldest pioneers of this district, is dead in his 81st year.

CHERUBUS CO., N.Y. — Antoine Penault is dead, aged 79 years.

SUPREME COURT OF CANADA.

(Special to the Star.)

OTTAWA, September 7.—The Supreme Court will open on October 3. The last day for the entry of cases is September 12; for factums September 26, and hearings, September 28.

A Lovely Head...



must possess long glossy hair. Some ladies' hair falls out and loses its gloss—that's because it needs a tonic.

PALMER'S HAIR TONIC

makes hair glossy and stops it falling out. A certain cure for dandruff.

Price $1.00 Per Bottle.

J. PALMER & SON,

1745 Notre Dame Street.

210 7 1

DEATHS BY ACCIDENT.

ORILLIA, Ont. — On Sunday morning, 3rd, Frederick Wahl, for some months of the C.P.R. shops, Montreal, and for the last two years Divinity student in Wycliffe College, Toronto, was drowned in Grass Lake, West Orillia, Ont., and was buried by Rev. C. H. Brooke the next day in St. Noel's churchyard, St. George's Lake, Ont. He was the only son of the Rev. Wahl, of the Archbishop of Canterbury's mission to the Nestorians, Urumiah, Persia, and was a young man of great energy, most pleasing manners and large promise.

KINGSTON — The young sons Frank Mallette, drowned aboard the schooner Liegar, which foundered in Lake Huron on Sunday, was the oldest son of Captain John Mallette, for many years an employe of the Montreal Transportation Company, but who now resides at Ogdensburg.

HAMILTON, Ont. — During a fire in the cottage of G. G. Carlson, at Hamilton Beach, on Wednesday morning, Mrs. Carlson's mother was cremated and several other persons were severely burnt.

TIMBER LIMITS SOLD.

OTTAWA, Ont., September 7. — A large number of prominent lumbermen from Canada and the United States attended a sale of timber limits at the Russell House on Wednesday afternoon. Peter Ryan, Toronto, was auctioneer. The limits belonged to Thomas Hale, of Pembroke, and J. R. Booth, Ottawa, realized $218,000. The limits were on the north shore of Lake Huron. Berth 24 was sold to Thomas Fitz and Co., of Duluth, and Bay City, Mich. It is understood that Mr. Charlton is interested in the purchase. Berth 25 was sold for $9,000 to Mr. Clayton, and berths 26 and 27 were sold to Mr. Charlton for $20,000. Berth 28 was sold for $10,000 to Mr. Charlton, and berths 29 and 30 were sold to Mr. Charlton for $20,000.

All notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths must be endorsed with the name and residence of the person sending same.

BIRTHS.

BEATTIE—At the Parsonage, Valleyfield, on the 5th inst., a son to Rev. and Mrs. Beattie.*

FREEMING — On September 1, at Toronto, the wife of Mr. J. Freyseng, of a son.*

HASELL—At Hamilton, on August 30th, the wife of T. Hasell, of a daughter.

JUDD — At Compton, Que., on August 31st, a son to the wife of Dr. G. L. Judd.*

HUTCHINSON—At East Sherbrooke, on August 30th, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hutchinson.*

LOCKHART — At Moncton, on August 29th, to the wife of L. D. Lockhart, of Lewisville, a son.*

LOWD — At Bury, on August 26th, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Lowd.*

MILLER — At Gravenhurst, on August 31st, to Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Miller, a daughter.

O'HARA—On the 30th of August, at London, to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas O'Hara, a daughter.*

PRESCOTT — At Albert, N.B., on August 30th, to the wife of I. C. Prescott, a son.*

SAUNDERS — At Orizaba, Mexico, on September 1st, the wife of George W. Saunders, of a daughter.*

WHITE — In London, on August 19th, to Mr. and Mrs. H. B. White, a daughter.*

MARRIAGES.

ATKINS-TAMBLING — On August 23rd, Minnie L. Tambling to Edwin R. Atkins, both of London.*

BRAMLEY-MITCHELL — In Hamilton, on August 31st, Harry Bramley to Leah E. Mitchell.

DEAN-PARKINS — At London, on August 28th, Miss Leila N. Parkins to Mr. Robert Dean.*

DUCLOS-RACICOT — On the 5th inst., at St. James' Church, by Mgr. Racicot, Alexandre Duclos to Henriette Racicot.

DWYER-McCAFFREY — On August 7th, J. Dwyer to A. C. McCaffrey, both of Halifax.*

ELLIOTT-AVERY — At Toronto, on the 22nd of August, A. M. Elliott to Etta Avery, all of Bothwell.*

GLYNN-BRAYDEN — At St. John, N.B., William Glynn and Alice Maud Braden.*

GREENHILL - McDONNELL — At St. Patrick's Church, Monday, September 4, by Rev. Father McCallen, P.P., Edgar Greenhill to Catherine M. McDonnell.

JARVIS-GRACE — In this city, on the 5th inst., at St. Bartholomew's Reformed Episcopal Church, by the Rev. Chas. Cook, William C., son of James Jarvis, of Aultsville, Ont., to Prudence May, only daughter of J. J. Grace, of Montreal. (Brockville, Hamilton, Ont., and Leicester, England, papers please copy.)

LORMIER-BARTLETT — On August 24, Joseph A. Lormier to M. Etta Bartlett, both of Beebe Plain.*

TATLEY-BURRILL—At Ellsworth, Me., on the 5th inst., by Rev. J. M. Adams, J. W. Tatley, of Montreal, manager for Canada of the Phoenix Insurance Company of Hartford, to Sarah West, daughter of Colonel C. C. Burrill, of Ellsworth, Me. 210 2

THORNTON-NIMMO — At Brockville, on the 6th of September, by the Rev. Archdeacon Jones, Albert Devereux, son of Charles Thornton, Esq., Curdworth, Warwickshire, Eng., to Susan Avery, daughter of Rev. Dr. Nimmo, of Brockville, Ont.

DEATHS IN THE CITY.

DUNN — At St. Paul, on the 5th inst., Mary Alice Matilda Jackson, aged 29 years and 2 months, beloved wife of R. D. Dunn. Funeral will take place on Friday morning next, at 8 o'clock, from her late residence, 32 Frothingham avenue, Town of St. Paul. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend. 209 2

FOX — At Montreal West, on September 7th, 1899, in the 51st year of his age, John James Fox, formerly collector of H. M. customs at the Magdalen Islands. Funeral from the residence of his son-in-law, Robert C. Wilkins, "Edgehill," Montreal West, at 2 o'clock, Saturday, to Cote des Neiges cemetery. 210 2

HUTCHISON —Suddenly, at 70 Mackay street, of pulmonary thrombosis, on September 5th, Jessie Cleverhill, wife of Dr. J. Alex. Hutchison. Funeral private. 208 2

RENNIE—In this city, on the 7th inst., Martha Esther, dearly beloved daughter of John Rennie. Funeral will leave her father's residence, No. 670 Mount Royal, on Saturday morning, at 7.30, to St. Gabriel's Church, thence to Cote des Neiges cemetery. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation. (Brooklyn and New York papers please copy.) 210 2

DEATHS OUTSIDE THE CITY.

AIKMAN—At Parrsboro, N.S., Sept. 2nd, J. Gresham Aikman, aged 68 years.*

APPLETON—At Toronto, on September 1, Robert Appleton, M.D., aged 77.*

BARRIE—At Sand Hill, Eaton, on August 27th, Emma Frances McDonald, adopted daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Barrie, aged 22 years and 24 days.*

BIDEGARE — At St. Roch, Que., on the 31st of August, Julie Guenard, wife of Pierre Bidegare.*

BRISBIN — At Toronto, on September 3, Avilan Brisbin, only daughter of Henry and Annie Brisbin, aged 3 years and 11 months.*

CARROLL— At South Boston, August 29, Catherine, widow of the late Joseph F. Carroll, of St. John, N.B., aged 69 years and 9 months.*

DECHENE—In Quebec, on September 3, Edgar M. Dechene, aged 31 years 6 months.*

DEPPER — At London, on August 28th, Frederetha Depper, aged 84 years and 4 months.*

FRASER—At St. Andre, Kamouraska Co., Elliott Fraser, assistant accountant of the Public Works Department, Quebec.*

GLASS—At Hamilton, on Sept. 3rd, Sarah Glass, in her 84th year.*

GLEASON— On August 31, at Toronto, Michael Gleason, in his 36th year.*

GRIEVES — On August 31st, at Ottawa, Wm. M. Grieves, aged 41 years.*

HOLMAN — On August 31st, at Hamilton, Anstia Holman, wife of Charles Holman, aged 53 years.

IRBETTER—At Winnipeg, Sept. 3rd, Jas. Irbetter.*

LAVELLE — On August 31st, Patrick Lavelle, of Hamilton, in his 47th year.*

LOYARTZ—On Sept. 3rd, at Ottawa, widow of the late Patrick Loyarts, in her 83th year.*

MACLOGHLIN — At Hamilton Beach, on August 31st, Robert Hazelwood, son of Edward and Elizabeth MacLoghlin, aged 20 years.*

MOORE—In Hamilton, on August 30th, relict of the late Dennis Moore.*

McLEAN—At Grand Lake, N.B., on the 1st inst., Lauchlan S., son of the late Duncan R. McLean, in the 22nd year of his age.*

McLELLAN—At Toronto, on August 30, Elma Louie, youngest daughter of Wm. and Minnie McLellan.*

PETRIE — At Ottawa, on the 30th of August, David Petrie, in his 83rd year.*

PRICE—At Quebec, on August 31st, John Price, aged 59 years.

SOUTAILLE — At Beauport, on August 31st, Elizabeth Synott, wife of Albert Soutaille, aged 41 years.*

ROSS—At Ottawa, on the 2nd inst., Eliza, widow of the late Walter Ross, aged 30 years.*

SHANE—At St. Boniface, September 1st, William I. Shane, in his 35th year.*

SHIELDS — At St. Boniface, Man., on August 30th, Mrs. Daniel Shields, aged 39 years.*

SPARGO—At Three Rivers, September 1, Gordon Spargo, aged 11 years, 7 months and 6 months.*

SQUIRES—At Dartmouth, N. S., August 28th, Annie Nolan, late of Dundee, Scotland, wife of Thomas Squires.*

TAYLOR—At Weston, Ont., on August 30, Maud Irene, daughter of J. H. Taylor, in her 17th year.*

VESINA—In the 2nd inst., in Quebec, at the age of 59 years, Mrs. Emilie Philomene Tessier, widow of the late Louis Vesina.*

WILCOCK — On the 1st of September, at Deseronto, N.Y., George Arthur Wilcock, only son of Stephen Wilcock, late of Toronto.*

ALLENDORF UP TO DATE

The outstanding fact that makes the charcoal furnace of the Steel Products Co. of Montreal so superior to all others is that it is the only one in which the charcoal is entirely consumed in the process of smelting the iron ore. Hence the Allendorf Furnace is the only one that produces a perfectly pure iron. Other furnaces leave a residue of charcoal which makes the iron impure. Allendorf Iron is the purest iron made. Allendorf Iron is the strongest iron made. Allendorf Iron is the most durable iron made. Allendorf Iron is the most valuable iron made. Allendorf Iron is the most economical iron made. Allendorf Iron is the most satisfactory iron made. Allendorf Iron is the most reliable iron made. Allendorf Iron is the most perfect iron made. Allendorf Iron is the most desirable iron made. Allendorf Iron is the most profitable iron made. Allendorf Iron is the most popular iron made. Allendorf Iron is the most widely used iron made. Allendorf Iron is the most extensively used iron made. Allendorf Iron is the most universally used iron made. Allendorf Iron is the most generally used iron made. Allendorf Iron is the most commonly used iron made. Allendorf Iron is the most frequently used iron made. Allendorf Iron is the most constantly used iron made. Allendorf Iron is the most continuously used iron made. Allendorf Iron is the most uninterruptedly used iron made. Allendorf Iron is the most unbroken used iron made. Allendorf Iron is the most unbroken used iron made. Allendorf Iron is the most unbroken used iron made.

For further notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, see Page 9.

THE S. CARSLEY CO. LIMITED

Notre Dame Street. Montreal's Greatest Store. Sept. 7th, 1899.

Friday Special Offerings

Grand Clearance Sale of 500 LADIES' AND MISSES' JACKETS

AT LESS THAN THE COST OF THE CLOTH.

This is a sale that is of paramount importance to every lady who cares not to travel in the beaten track of fashion. But these Jackets are by no means unfashionable, they are splendid serviceable garments, thoroughly well made. Mothers who have daughters going to school could with a trifling alteration make these Jackets into thorough up-to-date garments. The prices they are marked are such as will command the interest of hundreds of ladies. Of course there's a first choice in such a lot as this and the one who comes here early gets the first choice.

This entire lot of Jackets is displayed on separate tables ON SECOND FLOOR NEXT TO THE PICTURE STORE and marked in plain figures to make choosing easy and expeditious.

Lot No. 1.

Ladies' and Misses' Jackets.

This lot consists of about 300 Ladies' and Misses' Jackets, made of Amazone Cloth and Fancy Tweed in black and colours, many are lined silk, others unlined, some trimmed braid and self applique. The prices of these garments were from $5 to $9.50 each. Make your choice early to-morrow at $1.75

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LIMITED.

Lot No. 2.

Ladies' and Misses' Jackets.

This lot consists of about 275 Ladies' and Misses' Jackets in plain cloth, fancy Tweed and Serge cloth. Most of this lot of Jackets are trimmed and silk lined, the colours are fawn, drab, brown, blue and black. The choice of any one of these Jackets means perfect satisfaction. Formerly sold at from $9.75 to $18.00. Your choice To-morrow . $2.75

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LIMITED.



Special Wrapper Cut

A great surprise awaits every lady visitor to this section to-morrow, take advantage of it quickly or it may be among the lost opportunities.

130 Ladies' Empress Cloth Wrappers in a choice variety of fancy patterns in brown and violet, made with yoke back, full front, lined waist, and cut full sweep. A regular $1.00 wrapper. Friday . 65c

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LIMITED.

Dress Skirt Bargains



198 Ladies' Black Figured Lustre Dress Skirts in neat small patterns, cut full four yards wide, lined and velvet bound. Regular value $3.00. $1.69 Friday

65 only Ladies' Escurial Cloth Dress Skirts, lined and interlined, cut four yards wide, newest style, usual $3.25. Friday $1.80

42 only Black Estamame Serge Dress Skirts, 4 yards wide, lined and velvet bound. Special at $4.00. Friday $2.70

A Manufacturers' Stock of LADIES' METALLIC STRIPE SKIRTS.

REGULAR $2.50 - FRIDAY $1.50



This is a specially fortunate purchase of Ladies' Fall Underskirts, because it comes at a time when most ladies are preparing for the cold weather that's sure to come very soon. The purchase was made at a very liberal discount off for spot cash, they go forward with the same generous reduction in price.

Made of splendid, reliable, heavy sateen, black foundations with fancy stripes, in these colours, black with gold, black with green, black with purple, black with mauve and black with silver, in fine handsome designs, made full with two deep flounces, one 9 inch, the other 7 inch. The skirt is lined with flannelette and the flounces are also lined, finished with shaped band and cut in the latest style, splendid value at $2.50 each. Take them to-morrow at . . . . . $1.50 each.

This special lot of Skirts is displayed on special tables in white wear store and special assistants will be in attendance to make Skirt choosing easy.

Dress Goods

Three lots of Dress Goods cut down in price for Friday Bargain Day. They're too good to wait more than a few hours for owners.

20 pieces Fancy Plaid Dress Goods special for children's dresses. Regular 20c goods. Friday . 14c

40 pieces Plain Dress Goods, very suitable for school dresses, with small neat designs. Regular 25c yard. Friday . . . 15c yard

52 pieces of West of England Tweeds for full costumes, all wool in different colored stripes, very effective. Regular value 70c yard. Friday . 25c yard

Sheeting and Cotton

At less than cost are bargains that will interest almost every housekeeper in the city.

72 inch Heavy Gray Sheeting, plain or twill. Regular 16c kind. Friday 12½c

LANSDOWN CAMBRIC—6 cases reliable brand, 36 inches wide, worth 11c yard. Friday . . 8c yard

ENGLISH LONG CLOTH—Horrockses's make, fine finish, special for underclothing. Regular 12c yard. Friday 8½c

PILLOW CASES—130 pairs 40 inch feather stitch hem, ready for use. Regular 40c pair. Friday . . 32c pair

520 Feather Boas.

These Boas arrived yesterday, they're not exactly as ordered and go out at this reduced price.

520 Black Coque Feather Boas, good full feathers, tipped with white, very special value at 40c. Friday . 25c

School Tams.

For School Girls, To-morrow The Big Store will offer



320 Misses Fancy Knitted School Tams, all wool, with raised patterns of white on navy, brown, black and card-inal, with full silk pompon. Regular 40c goods. Friday . 19c

1500 Yards Dress Linings!!

Never before have we told you about a Dress Lining bargain of such magnitude as this. Dressmakers will be here in hundreds for it to-morrow. 1500 yards Black Moire Lining, splendid quality, 32 inches wide. Regular 13c a yard kind. Friday . 6½c yd

A Curtain Cut

This special cut in Lace Curtains will mean the selling of dozens of pairs, don't fail to be one of the lucky ones.



48 pairs White Lace Curtains, handsome patterns, 3 1-2 yards long, beautiful centres and rich borders, special $1.35 kind, Friday 95c

12 Pieces Frilled White Muslin for sash curtains, regular 25c yard, Friday . 17c

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LIMITED.

Carpet Samples

The Carpet Chief has just secured another splendid lot of all wool Carpet samples.

360 All Wool Carpet Samples, one yard square, this season's patterns, regular 80c a yard goods, Friday 19c

Another lot, 99 by 36 inches . 9c ea.

English Oil Cloth

20 Pieces Well Seasoned English Oil Cloth, 1 1-2 yards wide, regular price 35c by the running yard, Friday . . 25c yard.

Two Vest Bargains.



To-morrow in the Hosiery Store, you'll be amply satisfied when you see them.

1560 Ladies' Elastic Ribbed Vests, fancy colors, trimmed neck, regular 10c goods, Friday . . . 4c

560 Ladies' Fine Vests, short sleeves and high neck, fine yarn, soft and flexible, Regular 18c, Friday . . . 12c

For School Boys.



Time is the essence of a bargain, that's why these pants will have such a big reception To-morrow.

220 pairs Boys' Strong Navy Serge Pants, well made, lined throughout, splendid dash, sizes from 22 to 28. Regular value 35c, Friday . . 23c

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LIMITED.

Great Tie Bargains.

Here's a Special Bargain in Men's Ties that will make them wonder.

120 dozen Men's Fine Silk and Satin Ties in Derby and four-in-hand styles, patterns, fancy spots, stripes and checks. Usual 25c each. Friday 2 for 25c

Turkish Fez Caps

For the Youngsters.

360 Red Turkish Fez Caps, with full black silk tassel. Regular value 25c. Friday . 19c

THE S. CARSLEY CO. LIMITED

1765 to 1783 Notre Dame St. - 184 to 194 St. James St., Montreal.

LINENS

Some excellent goods appeal to you here at reduced prices, and when you consder that the figures were originally low you will come expecting great things. You'll not be disappointed, we assure you.

Table Sets

Pure Linen Bleached, one Table Cloth, 2 x 2 1-2 yards; 1 doz. Table Napkins, 5-8 x 5-8 size. Our Special Prices,

$4, $4.60, $5.15 per set.

Bleached Pillow Casings.

40 inch . . 8 1-2c per yard
42 inch . . 9 1-2c per yard

Glass Towels

Special line 24 x 36 inches, 15c each . $1.75 per doz

Turkish Bath Towels

60c line, for . . 45c each
70c line, for . . 55c each
90c line, for . . 70c each

Crochet Quilts.

Single Bed size 85c 95c each
Double Bed size . $1.10 each

Bleached Table Damask.

Pure Linen, 71 inches wide. Worth $1.30 for 90c yard

Bleached Sheetings.

Plain 8-4 wide . 16c per yard
Twilled 8-4 or 72 inches . . . 18c per yard

Invigorators.

Kahnweiler's, superior to wash cloth or sponge, 25c each including soap.

POLISHING CLOTHS.

Garlio. Selvyt. Velutina. Flashskin.

BATH MATS.

27 x 45 and 45 x 45 inch sizes.

WELDON'S AUTUMN PATTERNS

For Sale at Our Pattern Department, Main Floor,

AT **OGILVY'S** St. Catherine and Mountain Streets.

CARSLEY'S EXTRA.

School Books to the Front!!

Complete list of School Books still in stock, DESPITE THE THOUSANDS SOLD. All Books for

HIGH, SENIOR and WESTMOUNT SCHOOLS at FRIDAY'S PRICES.

Montreal's Greatest Grocery Store.

	Regular	Friday
Fine Laundry Starch	7	5
Good Sardines	5	4
Imported Pickles	30	20
Desiderata Soap Powder	5	3½
C. & B. Vinegar	20	16
Finest Corn Starch	10	7
Flavoring Essences	10	8½
Condensed Milk	15	10
Table Jellies, all flavors	12½	10
Good Cooking Figs	10	5

	Regular	Friday
English Cured Bacon	15	12½
Fine Table Raisins	20	12½
Windsor Salt	5	2½
Rolled Oats	5	2½
C. & B. Marmalade	15	12½
Fine Laundry Soap	5	3½
Good Red Salmon	12½	10
Worcestershire Sauce	10	7½
25-lbs. Best Flour	70	58
Golden Tipped Ceylon Tea	60	38

Big Day in China and Glass Store

Special Lamp Bargains

The Big Store starts the Lamp season with this special bargain.

360 Kitchen Bracket Lamps, strong and useful, safe and sure, good burners, chimney complete, regular 25c, Friday . 16c



Toilet Sets



Another lot of these splendid Toilet Sets of which we sold so many two Fridays ago.

120 sets of Toilet Ware, 10 pieces in the latest fancy shapes, plain white finish. Regular value $3.00. Friday $1.95

Gas Globes

1500 White Crystal Glass Gas Globes, finely etched designs, fluted shape, usual 40c, Friday . 20c



5000 Glass Tumblers



This splendid lot of Moulded Glass Tumblers. Regular value 20c the half dozen. Friday 18c the half dozen

KITCHEN HELPS--VERY CHEAP!

Pillow Sham Holders.



155 only Pillow Sham Holders, same as cut. Regular value 25c. Special for To-morrow, Friday 14c

Knife Boxes.



175 Knife Boxes, lined inside with green cloth, with 3 divisions. Regular value 35c. Very special To-morrow, Friday . . . 19c

Self Wringer Mop.



75 only patent Self Wringing Mop, with cloth, to be sold to-morrow, Friday

27c

STABLE LANTERNS



Dark nights are come, buy one of these useful Lanterns, 144 only, strongly made Stable Lanterns, made of block tin, same as cut. Regular 50c each.

Friday,

36c

Patent Medicines.

Our customers are reaping the benefit of these extremely low prices for goods everybody knows the real value of.

	Regular.	Friday
Paine's Celery Compound	$1.00	65c
Ayer's Sarsaparilla	1.00	65c
Pierce's Medical Discovery	1.00	72c
Abbey's Salts	85c	48c
Dr. Gilliere's Red Pills	50c	38c
Castoria	25c	19c
Pear's Soap	13c	9c
Olive Oil Soap	5c	2½c
Old Brown Windsor	5c	2c

THE S. CARSLEY CO. LIMITED.

1765 to 1783 Notre Dame Street, 184 to 194 St. James Street, Montreal.

THE WINDOW SHADE STORE.

Call and see our lines of Window Shades. In stock 3000 Paper Felt Shades, 37 inches x 6 feet, complete with rollers, etc., 35c each; 3 for $1.00; better laces at 37c, 39c and 44c. Our order department is ready to make, take measures, make and put up shades same day if desired, prices 26c to $2.00 each. Shades for garrets or for parlors. We take measures free of charge. Curtain Poles complete 10c, 25c and upwards.

THE MARTEL STEWART CO. 2261 Craig Street, 1 door west of Bleury St. 2191

THE SIGN WRITERS

SEE OUR NEW OPENINGS IN

CARPETS, CURTAINS AND RUGS.

THOMAS LIGGET,

1884 Notre Dame Street, Montreal. 2242
2366 St. Catherine Street, 2192
178 to 178 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

TAPE WORM.

Infallible Remedy

Tape worm expelled in two hours or money refunded.

Z. BRABANT,

Herbalist,

2242 NOTRE DAME, Montreal.

'BOSS' M'KANE IS DEAD.

Was Generally Known as the King of Long Island.

SERVED A SENTENCE FOR CORRUPT ELECTION PRACTICES.

NEW YORK, September 7.—John Y. McKane, better known as "Boss McKane," king of Long Island," died at his home, Sheepshead Bay, on Tuesday night.

The cause of his death was embolus of the brain, producing paralysis, as the result of an acute attack of indigestion, the general condition being superinduced by fatty degeneration of the heart and Bright's disease.

McKane was born on August 10, 1841, in County Antrim, Ireland, of Scotch and Irish parentage. He was fifteen months old when his parents brought him to Gravesend. He attended a private school there, and when sixteen years old became an apprentice to a carpenter in Flatbush. He started in business for himself in 1866, in which year he was elected a constable. He was elected a Commissioner of Common Lands in 1867, and became a Supervisor in 1883. He then left the Democratic party, and in 1887, became president pro tem. of the County Board of Supervisors. He held the office of Commissioner and president of the town Health, Police and Water Boards of Gravesend, as well as the office of Chief of Police.

After the election of 1887 the Democratic General Committee expelled from membership McKane and Cornelius Ferguson, who was then Supervisor of New-Utrecht. In 1891 McKane opposed the county, state and all local candidates on the Democratic ticket. Hugh McLaughlin, Democratic leader of Kings County, then realized that McKane would be a valuable ally, and he instructed his lieutenants to reinstate him in the Democratic General Committee and as president pro tem. of the Board of Supervisors.

McKane was one of the most prominent builders and contractors of Coney Island and Sheepshead Bay, and erected nearly two-thirds of the houses in those places.

McKane's open defiance of law and order and his spurning of the power of a Supreme Court injunction in order that he might fill to overflowing the ballot boxes of the four districts of the town of Gravesend in 1893, from one of the most daring and sensational chapters in the political history of the State. After Charles A. Schieren was nominated in opposition to the rotten Democratic machine rule in Brooklyn, following an attempt to steal by a ring which wanted to sell at an enormously exorbitant price the plant of the Long Island Supply Company, the order-loving citizens of Brooklyn realized that if they were to have anything like a fair count the town of Gravesend would have to be watched. It was known weeks in advance that McKane intended to turn in a Democratic majority of several thousand from the town of Gravesend, and it was feared that if the election should be close the fraudulent voting in the four Gravesend districts would prove to be the balance of power and defeat Schieren.

McKane's defiance of the law spread like wildfire on Election Day. Honest Democrats who had never voted a Republican ticket voted it then in order to punish McKane. Schieren was elected by a plurality of about thirty thousand.

In December legal proceedings were instituted against McKane, he was convicted of corrupt practices after a four weeks' trial and on March 4, he commenced serving a six years' sentence in Sing Sing. Good behavour shortened his time by twenty-two months.

In his personal habits McKane was a model. He never drank or smoked and was fond of the society of little children. His long tenure of twenty-five years in the office of superintendent of the Methodist Sunday School in Sheepshead Bay made him looked up to as a sort of village father, and the church stood by him through all of his troubles. Before he was sent to prison he was a leading member of Franklin Lodge of Odd Fellows and all of the social organizations of his neighborhood. In 1855 he married Fannie Nostrand, a daughter of Captain Cornelius Nostrand, of Gravesend.

CHAMBRE DE COMMERCE.

The question of sending delegates to the International Commercial Congress, to be held at Philadelphia in October, was discussed at the meeting of the Chambre de Commerce yesterday. The question of expense was a factor, and the finance committee will decide upon the advisability of the case at a later date.

This was the first autumn meeting of the Board. The regular weekly meeting will be held each Wednesday, as formerly.

FRENCH-CANADIANS' UNCLE.

Mr. Louis Herbette, French counsellor of State, who is nicknamed in Paris "the Uncle of the Canadians," will sail from Havre on Saturday next for a visit to Canada and the United States. There is a movement on foot to tender him a banquet in this city in recognition of the many services he has rendered the Canadian colony in Paris.

NOTES OF THE NEWS

During August the emigrants to Canada from Great Britain numbered 2365 English, 127 Irish and 276 Scotch.

Emperor William arrived at Stuttgart on Wednesday. He was received at the station by the Knights of Wurtemburg and Saxony.

Mr. George R. Askwith, junior counsel for Great Britain in the Venezuelan boundary arbitration proceedings, concluded his argument on Wednesday.

The examinations for admission to the study of architecture in the Province of Quebec and for registration will take place in the City Hall at Quebec, commencing Wednesday, September 27.

The preliminary trial of Willie Houston, the fifteen year old lad charged with manslaughter, commenced Tuesday at Chatham. Houston shot a lad named Lyall Stephenson at Bede Beach.

Fifty persons were injured, many of them seriously in a rear end collision on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Wednesday night at Connellsville, Pa. The presence of mind of Engineer John Haggerty alone saved the lives of many.

The following officers were elected at the closing meeting of the Canadian Embalmers Convention at Toronto on Wednesday: President, W. R. Armstrong, Montreal; vice-president, E. Hopkins, Toronto; secretary, W. H. Hoyle, Cannington; treasurer, J. B. McIntyre, St. Catharines.

W. A. Clark, a New York scientist, conducted a series of experiments with liquid air at the Toronto Exhibition on Wednesday. From an ordinary tea cup he poured a small quantity of liquid, stating that its ingredient was 400 feet of compressed air, drawing attention to the cloud formed around the cup and other vessels in which the liquid was handled. A piece of butter dipped into liquid air was immediately frozen, and this Mr. Clark broke into small pieces and distributed.

CRACK SHOT HONOURED.

(Special to the Star.)

DUNDAS, Ont., September 7.—Surgeon-Lieutenant Thomas A. Bertram, of the 77th Battalion, who did such splendid rifle shooting at Bisley this year, was accorded a grand reception on his arrival home from Ottawa last evening. A procession was formed, and Surgeon-Lieutenant Bertram occupied the place of honour. At the school grounds addresses were delivered by leading military men. The hero of the hour was presented with a purse of $400 and an illuminated address by the citizens of the town. He was also the recipient of presents from his brothers-in-arms. Alex. Robertson, another Bisley winner, was also remembered by his battalion friends.

BRITISH & CANADIAN POSTAGE.

LONDON, September 7. — The British postal report shows a gross of £8,500,000 for the year ending March 31st. The weight of the letters and post cards despatched to Canada and Newfoundland shows an increase of 5,000 pounds. In circulars, books, packets, patterns and newspapers there was an increase in weight of 54,000 pounds. From Canada and Newfoundland to Great Britain the increase in weight in both letters and parcels reached 32,300 pounds. The increases in letter postal paper and postage will not be known until the end of December.

On Saturday at Sweetsburg, the trial of Mrs. Mulvena, was commenced before Justice Mathieu. Mrs. Mulvena is charged with the murder of Dr. Gouff of Granby, while on a charge of criminal intimacy with her.

Fly leaves of a pinkprint and facsimile are being mailing for the arrest of Charles A. Spiegel, aged 30, who was indicted for arson at Des Moines, by Detective Hemlin, of Toronto, and succeeded in arresting the culprit.

HAMILTON'S

FRIDAY BARGAIN DAY.

At 8 o'clock sharp we shall be ready to serve buyers. That's the best time to come. As an incentive to EARLY SHOPPERS to-morrow, we offer values that are simply irresistible.

***From 8 to 9 a.m.*—For the hour only.**

100 pieces of wide width Fancy Striped Flannelettes, worth 8c, for . . . . . 3½c yard

50 pieces of Heavy Gray Flannel, twill and plain, worth 12 1-2c, for . . . . . 9c yard

***From 9 to 10 a.m.*—For the hour only.**

The balance of the Flannelette left from the first hour sale, for . . . . . 4c yard

100 pieces of Fine Gray Flannel, in twill and plain, worth, 15c, for . . . . . 11c yard

From 10 to 12 o'clock.

The remainder (if any) of the Striped Flannelettes, worth 8c, for . . . . . 4½c yard

50 pieces of extra wide and heavy Gray Flannelette, worth 8c, for . . . . . 5c yard

To-morrow's Great Sale of Flannels priced to create a sensation among discriminating buyers. The time of all times to lay in your winter's supply. Prices will never be lower.

Fancy Striped Flannelettes, in pretty colorings, 8c. Sale price	5c	Cream Canton Flannel, heavy plush finish, 10c. Sale price	5c
Cream Union Flannel, for ladies' and children's wear, 9c. Sale price	5c	Plain Color Union Flannel, in Pink, Sky and Cardinal, 10c. Sale price	5c
Gray Scotch Domet Shaker Flannel, 9c. Sale price	5c	English Wrapper Flannelettes, in fancy designs, 15c. Sale price	8c
Good Gray Flannel, plain and twill, equal to Chambly, 12½c. Sale price	9c	Gray Union Flannel, soft finish, plain and twill, 17c. Sale price	11c
Navy Blue Flannel for Men's Shirts, 27c. Sale price	19c	All-wool White Saxony Flannel, 27c. Sale price	20c

The LAST SHIRT WAIST SALE

Gathering up the odd and slightly soiled lots. All must go to-morrow.



When we offer the remainder of our stock of Ladies' American Shirt Waists, consisting of Fancy Colored Muslin Waists, Fancy Striped and Figured Percale Waists, Fancy Lawn Waists, Fine Cambric Waists in a good range of colorings, all this season's styles, Waists that we sold earlier in the season, $1.00 and 75c. Your choice to-morrow while they last, . . . 25c Each

NEW FALL DRESS SKIRTS.

Strictly Tailor-made. Heavy Materials. The prices too will please you.



Ladies' Black Brocaded Dress Skirts, in Mohair, Sicilian, cut in latest styles, full width, lined throughout in best percaline and velvet bound, man-tailored, an excellent $3.00 value, Friday, $1.95



Every Print, Percale, Muslin and Lawn Wrapper Must be Closed Out To-morrow.

Wrappers up to 75c, Friday, . 35c

Wrappers up to $1.50, Friday, . 75c

Wrappers up to $2.50, Friday $1.00



A Bargain in Boys' Sailor Suits.

Prices that will Please thrifty Mothers.

Made of fine heavy Navy Serge, nicely trimmed in Braid, Pants lined through, a regular $2.25 value,

Friday,

$1.25

Unapproachable Bargains for Friday's Selling.

Black Wool Tubular Braids 4c, for	1½c	Fancy Hat Pins, 5c, for	2c doz
Black Wool Tubular Braids 5c, for	2c	Darning Wool on cards 3c, for	1c ea.
Safety Hooks and Eyes 5c, for	1½c card	Steel Hair Curlers 5c, for	2c doz
"Agnolo" Eau de Cologne and Lavender Water, in sprinkler top bottles 25c, for	15c	3 inch wide Torchon Laces, regular 15c values for	7c
Plain White Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, the regular 5c quality, for	2½c	The New Flowing End Handkerchief Ties in pure silk, 75c, for	39c
Boys' Heavy Wool Sweaters in White, Navy, Heather and Tan, 75c, for	45c	Men's All Wool Black Cashmere Sox, 25c, for	19c
Children's Heavy Worsted Black Stockings, seamless, 25c, for	15c	Ladies' Heavy Fleecy Lined Vests, shaped long sleeves, 20c, for	10c

A VERY SPECIAL BARGAIN IN NEW FALL KID GLOVES.

Two dozen Ladies' 2 dome, pique sewn, fall weight Kid Gloves, with gusseted fingers, colors Tan, Brown, Oxblood and Black, all sizes, from 5 3-4 to 7 1-2, a $1.25 value. Friday . . . . . 79c pair

To-morrow's Startling Values in the New and Popular Styles of - -

LADIES' FELT HATS

When we offer 15 dozen of the latest Autumn styles in Ladies' Felt Walking Hats in Fawn, Royal Blue, Navy and Black, trimmed large fancy bows of all silk ribbon and quill. Price this style and quality of hat elsewhere, you'll find they ask $1.75 for them. Here on Friday - - - 95c

Large Black Ostrich Tips, 3 in a bunch, bright and brilliant, $1.00. Friday 39c

Black Jet Hat Ornaments, "a big job," 15c to 25c. Friday . . . 9c

Silk Net Veilings, in black and colors, up to 35c. Friday . . . 5c

Double Faced Satin Ribbon, all bright shades, 8c. Friday . . . 3½c

FRIDAY'S GREAT BARGAINS ON THE THIRD FLOOR.



White Enamel Iron Beds, like cut, brass knobs and vases, worth $5.00

DOES YOUR WATCH KEEP TIME?

Many Watches lose their good time-keeping qualities by allowing them to run too long without cleaning and oiling.

Take care of yours, have us examine it, if it needs repairing our charges are the most moderate.

R. A. Dickson & Co.,
JEWELLERS,
2261 St. Catherine Street.
210x

BLOOD POISON

HAVE YOU Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored spots, Aches, Old Sores, Ulcers in Mouth, Hair Falling. Write COOK REMEDY CO., 1067 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill., for proofs of cures. Capital $500,000. Worst cases cured in 15 to 35 days. 100 page book free. 156 tf

PROVINCE BY THE SEA.

Excellent Crops and Fishery Prospects in Nova Scotia.

Mr. Maxwell Murdock, president of the Dominion Commercial Travellers Association, in an interview upon his recent trip to the Maritime Provinces, speaks glowingly of the future prospects of that part of the Dominion.

"I went down by one line and returned by the other," said Mr. Murdock, "and I found the train appointments first-class on both of the roads. Both lines are furnished with vestabuled trains of the most modern equipment. I have frequently heard expressions with regard to them of the highest praise from American tourists. They admit, many of them, that the service in connection with these trains is not surpassed by that of any train in the United States or Continent."

AMERICANS APPRECIATE IT.

Mr. Murdock stated that by far the greater number of tourists travelling in the provinces this summer were Americans. He thought it remarkable that more Upper Canadians did not appreciate the great natural advantages of the Maritime Provinces, especially as a decided improvement is manifest in hotel accommodation.

"The crops this year are far ahead of former years. The only possible exception is the fruit crop, which does not appear to be up to the average.

"The reports from the Atlantic deep sea fisheries are of the very best. The prices last year were $1 per quintal higher than they had ever been previously. This year, however, another upward jump of fifty cents per quintal has taken place. When it is remembered that the Atlantic

DEEP SEA FISHERIES

are worth $10,000,000 to Canada, the importance of an increase of this magnitude to the people of the Dominion can easily be understood."

Mr. Murdock spoke of the impetus that was being given to gold, iron, and coal mining. Copper smelting was also in process of development.

"The Kent Milling Company of Ontario, proposes to erect a huge grist mill at Halifax. They offer to invest $200,000, if $100,000 is subscribed in Halifax. The Crown Copper Company is erecting a plant at Pictou for the smelting of copper. The bulk of the copper will come from Cumberland County, but there are large deposits of this metal all over the province. Pictou was given the industry on account of its central position and excellent water facilities. The town gave the company a free site upon which to build. The smelter will be situated one mile from the end of the I. C. R. line, and the company is asking the Government to extend the road to its works. It is expected that the new industry will eventually smelt 500 tons per day."

At New Glasgow the steel works are pushed to their full capacity, and are working night and day to overtake orders.

BIG STEEL WORKS PROJECT.

Mr. Murdock visited Sydney and found that town the scene of the greatest activity.

"It is expected from the extensive character of the works to be erected that Sydney will one day outstrip Pittsburg. The properties acquired by the Whitney syndicate for the erection of their buildings are situated one mile distant from Sydney. About one square mile of land will be utilized for this purpose. Families are already beginning to move to Sydney from all parts of the Province, in anticipation of the good times coming. The measurements of some of the different buildings to be erected will give some idea of the magnitude of the work. There are four blast furnaces with sixteen stoves; a furnace building 960 feet long; a stock room, 960 feet long; an engine room 200 feet long; an open hearth furnace building 810 feet long; a blooming mill 455 feet long; and between 500 and 600 coke ovens. Over 1,000 men will be steadily employed.

The vast strides of the coal trade in Cape Breton is shown by the fact that in 1826 only 7,500 tons were taken out. In June, 1899, no less than 167,000 tons were exported by the Dominion Coal Co. alone.

Mr. Murdock said that an old school friend of his own, Mr. B. F. Pearson, barrister, of Halifax, was intimately associated with the formation of the great syndicate at present doing such wonders for Cape Breton.

Smallest Capital in Europe.

Cettinje, the capital of the independent Principality of Montenegro, consists of two streets and a square. The royal palace, which fronts directly on the street, is not as large as many farm houses, and the royal church, where Montenegrin Princes are crowned, seats only 100 people. The rest of the houses in the capital are mainly occupied by the members of the diplomatic corps, almost all of the European capitals being represented by ministers who have nothing in the world to do but pass the time as best they may. In winter the capital of Montenegro is even more desolate and forlorn. Snow to the depth of four or five feet often covers the streets and keeps the royal and other residents within doors.

Sacred Fires of India.

The sacred fires of India have not all been extinguished. The most ancient which still exists was consecrated twelve centuries ago in commemoration of the voyage made by the Parsees when they emigrated from Persia to India. The fire is renewed once every twenty-four hours with sandal wood and every fortieth day with a portion of cocoanut oil. The fire, which is the object of Confucian worship, is visited by Parsees in large numbers during the months allotted to the particular deities of fire.

OPINIONS OF THE SHAMROCK

A New York Party of Thirty Equally Divided About the Result.

Some Big Wagers Reported to Have Been Made at Newport.

(Special to the Star.)

NEW YORK, September 7.—A number of nautical men, including yacht owners, steamship captains and members of the Maritime Exchange, accepted an invitation yesterday to go down the bay in a tug and look over the lines of the Shamrock. Their opinions as to the probable outcome of the race, based upon their inspection, are interesting. Of thirty odd guests aboard the boat, twenty-five either expressed preference or doubt. Here is the vote: Columbia will win, 7; Shamrock will win, 7; doubtful, 11. A few of the more important opinions follow:

Captain William E. Ferguson, of Mutual Steamship Company, said the Shamrock's work in these waters opens our eyes.

Captain Alfred Rimmer said when Sir Thomas came aboard the boat it proved to him that in him were embodied the spirits of true sportsman and gentleman. "I am willing to back by opinion from what I have seen to-day of the Shamrock that she will come mighty near winning the cup."

Captain Fred. Grace said: "I won't go back on Columbia; she will win; but I will make one bet on the Shamrock."

General Watson, fleet captain of Atlantic Yacht Club, said: "If the Shamrock does not win, nothing else in the shape of a racing yacht from Great Britain that can be turned out can take the cup from us. When I saw her to-day I became more convinced than ever that she will give our boat a hard tussle. Whether she wins is another matter. I think the Columbia was built and is destined to defeat the Shamrock."

THE BETTING.

(Special to the Star.)

NEWPORT, R. I., September 7.—The betting on the result of the race took a sudden change there last evening. Large bets were made during the exhibition horse-show. The Shamrock appeared to be the favourite. Still during the afternoon a report was circulated that one prominent cottager had posted a wager of $10,000 on the result with Columbia as the winner and shortly afterward another report was heard that $50,000 had been offered that the Columbia win. An effort was made to learn the identity of the makers of the wagers, but without success.

It is expected the cup committee of the New York Yacht Club will issue the racing rules to govern Columbia-Shamrock contest in a few days. The first race will be sailed on Tuesday, October 3, and the boat winning the best three out of five races will be declared the winner. The racing days will be Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. In the event of postponement, the races will not be sailed until the next racing day, but an exception is made in the case of a serious accident to either yacht; then time for repairs will be allowed. The emphatic point is that after a preparatory signal has been given the yachts have to abide by any accident, and should it prove serious, sail over will be perfectly legitimate should the owner chose to claim it. First race will be fifteen miles to windward or leeward and return—thirty miles in all; the second will be the same distance, but on triangle—ten miles to the leg. The third will be similar to first, and should it become necessary to sail fourth and fifth, they will be same as the first and second respectively. The postponement of a race will not change its form. Its direction may change, though, for an effort will be made by the cup committee to have the first leg of all courses sailed to windward. This is believed to be the fairest method for both boats, and any subsequent changes in wind should be of little importance. The start each day will be made as near as possible to 11 o'clock.

The Shamrock left her anchorage in Sandy Hook bay this forenoon for her third spin in American waters. She was towed two miles outside the bar. The Shamrock sent up her club topsail for the first time in these waters. The mainsail appears to be different from that used on other days. The yacht headed for the Sandy Hook lightship.

INDEPENDENT FORESTERS.

Twelfth Annual Session of the Quebec High Court at Fraserville.

FRASERVILLE, Que., September 7.—The twelfth annual session of the I. O. F. High Court of Quebec was opened this afternoon under the presidency of H. C. R. Bedard. The credential committee reported 21 delegates, representing 221 votes, have fyled their credentials, and that eighteen officers and six ex-officers of the High Court were present, making a delegation of 217 representatives. The following visitors were received: Subcentreoon: Supreme Vice-Chief V. Morin, and Mayor Fortin, and the councillors of Fraserville. The Mayor tendered a cordial welcome to the visiting Foresters, and the High Chief returned the thanks of the convention to the Mayor and citizens of Fraserville. The officers' reports were then read, distributed to the members, and referred to the committee on distribution. The reports in brief show that the membership has been increased by 1,089 new members in the last year, and that the financial standing of the High Court is good. While waiting for the report of the distribution committee the Supreme Vice-Chief was called on to reply to a certain number of questions in connection with the supreme court, put by Bros. Upton, Hamel, Rutherford, and F. Hart. At this evening's session a partial report of the finance committee will be adopted, with amendments—officers' salaries, bonuses to committee, and the per diem remain the same as last year. The committee on credentials is, on motion, requested to report further on the credential from Court St. Francis, No. 1009. The question of biennial sessions was referred to the committee on laws, and will be considered to-morrow.

NOTES OF THE NEWS.

Among the officers elected by the Charter General Knights of St. John and Malta, at Wilmington, Del., was Anton Heitsman, of Toronto, Ont., as Grand Sword Bearer.

The number of vessels which have entered the port of Montreal since the opening of the present season is 549; of this number 338 have cleared for sea. This is a decrease of 46 vessels up to date, as compared with last season.

The American secret service has learned that Aguinaldo has preferred charges against the general commanding in the Cavite province for failing to obey an order to attack Imus.

Among the officers elected by the National Association of Municipal Electricians, in session at Wilmington, Del., for the ensuing year, was G. S. MacDonald, of Ottawa, as vice-president.

It is stated that notwithstanding the decision of the Department of Public Works to accept none of the tenders recently put in for wire for the proposed telegraph line from Quesnelle to the Yukon system, a contract for 150 tons of wire has just been placed.

A large crowd assembled at the landing stage and pier at Liverpool yesterday, to witness the departure of the White Star Company's new steamship Oceanic, Capt. Cameron, for New York. In consequence of the state of the tide the Oceanic was unable to reach the pier, and her passengers were transferred by tenders. The river was filled with craft, that heartily cheered the departing steamer.

Town Farthest Removed From the Sea.

Kuldja, which is said to be the centre of Asia, is claimed to be the farthest removed town from the sea in the world. This town, which formed part of the ancient Kingdom of Dsoungaria, is between 1,800 and 1,900 miles from the sea. Kuldja is the point from which numerous races have migrated to the low and arid steppes of the Aralo-Caspian depression, and the still more distant and better-favoured regions of the West. On the fertile banks of the Ili and Irtish, the migrating hordes lingered for a time, loth, as it were, to venture out into the unknown plains before them, stretching far away into sandy deserts that separate Europe from Asia, until they were tide by peculiar migration forced at last to strike their tents and tempt once more their destinations. Kuldja is now the ground.

CHARGE DISMISSED.

Judge Choquet Acquitted John Humphreys

Accused of Having Attempted to Bribe a Juryman.

Judge Choquet in the Court of Special Sessions, rendered judgment this morning in the case of the Queen against John Humphreys, charged with attempt to corrupt a juryman in the famous case of the Turf Commission or Higgins and Nicholson.

The judge acquitted the accused of the serious charge laid against him, and gave a long expose of the evidence taken in the case. The strongest point in favour of the accused is the fact that he met Hannaford the juryman alleged to have been approached by mere accident. They were both old friends and as such entered into conversation on the merits of the case pending in the Court of Queen's Bench. Humphreys informed Hannaford that he was interested in the case and that he would like very much to be helped. Then Humphreys said that there was $25 in it.

On this Hannaford answered: "You do not want me to perjure myself."

"Certainly not," replied Humphreys, "by no means, do not perjure yourself. All I want is justice." The conversation ended in this way. A day or two after the two same men met, but not a single word was said in the conversation about the case.

The question for me to decide, said the Magistrate, is one of proof. In the first place, there is no doubt that Hannaford was not influenced by Humphreys' conversation, but was there an attempt by Humphreys to influence Hannaford?" In cases of attempt to influence, the proof must be given to create an absolute conviction of the attempt, as in cases of attempt to bribe in electoral matters, wherein all judges of the land have held that proof of an attempt to bribe must be absolute. He added that the same jurisprudence had to be followed in the present case. The judge must be guided by what the accused actually said, and not by what a witness may consider he said. There was no offer of $25 to Hannaford. "Consequently," the judge stated "there is not enough evidence to create an absolute conviction in my mind that the accused did unlawfully attempt to bribe the juryman, Hannaford, and that at least there was a doubt to which the accused was entitled and the case should be dismissed."

Mr. Cooke, representing the Crown, asked that it should be decided what the words "corrupt means" meant, and if persuasion could not be designated as corrupt means. The Magistrate stated that the Criminal Code to-day was different from the law that prevailed in the older times when it was less or more of a crime to speak to a juryman. The judge stated that persuasion was not corrupt means in all cases. It might be in some. An employer might use corrput means by using persuasion as regards his employee. The same with a creditor towards his debtor. But in all cases it was necessary that the attempt to influence be proven absolutely. He would lay down as a rule that any person approaching a juryman with intent to influence said juryman, was guilty of a criminal offence.

In conclusion the judge remarked that the citizens were in the habit of approaching not only jurymen but also judges. This practice should be severely condemned. Citizens should have full confidence in their judges. It is one of the greatest guarantees of the welfare of a nation.

Mr. H. J. Cloran, Q.C., represented the defence, assisted by Mr. C. A. Cornellier as counsel.

DR. PETERSON DEAD.

He was a Brother of Dr. Peterson, Principal of McGill University.

The death is announced at Bombay, India, of Dr. Peter Peterson, brother of Principal Peterson, of McGill University. The deceased was a distinguished sanscrit scholar, and had spent a number of years in India. The news was yesterday communicated to Principal Peterson's family, who are summering at Little Metis. Principal Peterson is at present in England, whither he went about six weeks ago on business pertaining to the University.

THE HIGHLAND CADETS

Will Leave To-morrow for a trip to Toronto and Western Points.

The Highland Cadets will leave for Toronto and other western points to-morrow evening via the C.P.R. on their annual outing. Saturday and Sunday will be spent in the Queen City, where exhibitions of drill and calisthenics will be given in the armouries on the afternoon and evening of Saturday. On Sunday morning the boys will attend divine service at Cooke's Church, the Rev. William Patterson being the preacher. A trip across the lake to Niagara Falls has been arranged for Monday, and for the following day, Kingston will be reached, where the Cadets will act as a guard of honour to Sir Wilfrid Laurier at the opening of the Provincial Fair. The boys will arrive home on Wednesday morning. The corps had a march-out last evening, and presented a fine appearance.

THE SCHOOLS ALL RE-OPENED.

All the schools under the supervision of the Protestant School Commissioners are now open, the High School having resumed its classes yesterday. The prospects for the coming session are very bright, according to Mr. Arthy, superintendent of the schools, and secretary of the board, who says that the attendance bids fair to exceed that of any previous year in the history of the board. The applicants have been very numerous so far, and great difficulty has been experienced in accommodating the new pupils. The Catholic schools have also opened with a large attendance in the various classes and departments.

THEATRE ROYAL NEXT WEEK.

The Big Sensation Double Show, numbering 45 people, 25 black and 20 white, among them the pick of the extravaganza stage of New York, will come to the Theatre Royal next week. Among the principals will be seen such favourites as Zitella Williams, Russell and Williams, Sullivan and Kesler, Wheeler and Edwards, the Lavelles, Ella Anderson, and Zoe Ball and a well trained chorus, besides several European novelties, with magnificent costumes, brilliant scenes and electrical effects.

NEW YORK.—James K. Hill, a well known New York lawyer, died at Narragansett Pier on Tuesday, aged 70. He was born in Montgomery, N.Y.

Albert Theodore Dennerlein, a member of the firm of P. Dennerlein & Sons, tobacco merchants, died of consumption on Tuesday. He was born in this city in 1860.

Charles Handey Wheeler, president of the Fir... Sterling Steel Co., died Tuesday of Bright's disease. He was born at Greencastle, Ind., in 1843.

James T. Starkman, cork importer, died suddenly on Tuesday of apoplexy. He was born in Brooklyn. He was 57 years old.



Predicted for the Star, Thursday 11 a. m. — Fine and cool to-day; some local showers on Friday.

September 7th, 1899.

Readings by Harrison & Co.'s standard instruments.

	Thermometer	Barometer
MIDNIGHT	52.0	30.09
8 a.m.	54.0	30.12
Noon	61.0	30.15

WESTERN PROSPERITY.

Mr. D. W. McNicoll Speaks of Rapid Activity in North West.

WHOLESALE HOUSES IN WINNIPEG WORKING DAY AND NIGHT ON ORDERS.

Mr. D. A. McNicoll, assistant general manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway, returned to Montreal last evening from his first western tour of inspection since his appointment to his present position on the road. Mr. McNicoll is enthusiastic over what he saw of conditions in the west, and predicts a great future for the country.

In Winnipeg, where the C. P. R. is about to erect a new palatial hotel and a large railway depot, Mr. McNicoll says the greatest activity prevails in all lines of business. The wholesale houses—and Winnipeg is becoming a very great wholesale centre—are working day and night to fill orders and keep up with the bulk of business pouring in upon them. Building operations are also in full swing, and the city seems likely to have a population of over 100,000 before ten years more have passed.

In the country everybody is busy. The 10,000 farm labourers who went out a month or so ago to help harvest the wheat crop were swallowed up as a sponge absorbs a drop of water, and still the supply of labour is not equal to the demand. The Canadian Pacific itself is looking about for men, and cannot obtain all they want. Wages are high everywhere, and from $45 a month and board to $65 a month and board are the prices paid for labourers on the farms.

The weather in Manitoba has been very favourable during past two weeks, and Mr. McNicoll says that the wheat crop will all be cut by the end of the present week. He estimated that the value of the present season's crop will total some $30,000,000.

Perhaps the best wheat of the entire country, he says, is that in the Mennonite settlements, where it has now been in stack about two weeks.

Mentioning the Mennonites led Mr. McNicoll to speak of the Galicians and the Doukhobors, who had immigrated into the country in such large numbers during the last two years. He considered them in every way desirable settlers, and said that all the outcry that was raised against them came from a very small minority of the people. The West needed settlers, men who were able to work and had the material in them to make good farmers and good citizens. Those qualities the Galicians and Doukhobors possess, especially did the latter show them, and he considered that the more of them who could be got to settle the undeveloped lands of the country the better.

Reverting to the question of the crops, Mr. McNicoll said that wheat was not the only profitable product of the North-West. Other grains have succeeded to a wonderful degree, and the industry of raising live stock has immense possibilities of profit.

Mr. McNicoll went over the entire main line from Montreal to Vancouver, and all through the southern portion of Manitoba, reserving the Kootenay District and Crow's Nest Pass road for a future tour at no distant date. He had not been to Vancouver for some two years, and in that time there had been considerable growth in the city. The new C.P.R. depot is about completed, and presents a very imposing appearance, while fine new business blocks are also being erected in all parts of the city.

VISITORS TO THE CITY.

WINDSOR HOTEL.

W. J. Tully, Corning, N.Y.; Mr. and Mrs. E. Littler, St. John, N.B.; John Patterson, Hamilton; S. B. Grundy, Toronto; E. Henderson, Windsor; E. H. Spear, New York; W. S. Stout, W. W. Weeks, Toronto; Robert Gage, Chicago; E. B. Hill, New York; Mrs. F. Townsend, Mrs. H. T. W. Anderson, Albany; Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Lawrence, New York; Mr. and Mrs. L. Harrison, New Haven; G. H. Nilet, Merryton; Mrs. Thomson, New York; Mrs. Magee, Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. N. A. C. Munn, Granby; John Stevenson, jr., Newcastle, Pa.; A. W. Crookston, Glasgow; John P. Kinghorn, Glasgow; L. Pike, New York; P. Harwood, Boston; G. R. Sheldon, Dr. H. H. Curtis, W. H. Patterson, New York; Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Cutter, Boston; Blanche P. Wingate, Bertha E. Emmons, Lake Mohegan; B. M. Watson, Paris; Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Dame, Clinton, Mass.; Fred. H. Pickles, Minneapolis; Lev. Bohm, Berlin; James Hay, Woodstock; Mr. and Mrs. L. Dunham, C. L. F. Dunham, New York; Mrs. C. E. Vinal, Miss Hotchkiss, Middleton, Conn.; Mr. and Mrs. W. Newcomer, Baltimore; Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Rockwell, Miss Rockwell, Boston; Dr. and Mrs. L. S. Shoemaker, Wilkesbarre; C. A. Dickey, Miss Dickey, Philadelphia; Mrs. H. Wells, Washington; Miss Susie Poor, Mr. F. J. Arnold, Miss Arnold, Boston; Mrs. Rollier and maid, Miss Gertrude Kerr, Miss Nera Kerr, Boston; Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Perry, Miss Berth Perry, Providence, R.I.; Mrs. Jos. Perry, Miss May Perry, Council Bluffs; Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Miller, Washington, D.C.; H. V. White, Cleveland, O.; Mr. and Mrs. Jos. M. Hill, Manchester, N. H.; Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Rockwell, Miss Rockwell, Boston; S. S. Randall, Augusta, Me.; Mr. and Mrs. Arthurs, Winnipeg; D. A. Lewis, New York.

THE QUEEN'S HOTEL.

W. E. Power, Hawkesbury; Dr. F. M. Wells, Quebec; M. B. Nicholson, Kansas; R. M. Smith, Chesterville Geo. H. Maxwell, Julius C. Maxwell, Detroit; C. E. Bachly, Toronto; Edward Molitagh, Belleville; Mr. Cameron and Miss Cameron, Acton; Andrew Longley, Wroxeter; Mrs. J. W. Carter, Picton; Capt. Carter, Toronto; Mrs. Theo. Swift, daughter and child, Halifax; Mrs. W. H. Coffin, Rochester, N.Y.; Mrs. W. H. Bissell, H... ter and wife, J. W. Kerr and wife, Rochester, N.Y.; Andrew Philips, Huntingdon; E. H. Taafe, Winnipeg, Man.; Samuel Baker, Miss Addie C. Baker, Buffalo; H. M. Jacoby, O. J. Frey, Wm. Kearney, Cleveland, Ohio; Mr. and Mrs. John Low, Montreal; Mr. Papineau, Monte Bello; Miss Louise and Helen Muirhead, H. Muirhead and wife, Toronto; A. H. Upton, F. L. Morse, Adams, Miss.; R. Y. Douglas, Toronto; F. A. Perley, Bangor, Me.; H. H. Cody, New York; Robert J. Craig, Cobourg; Thos. Long, Port Hope; F. M. Hawley, Cobourg; J. Harcourt, Port Hope; F. W. Churchill, P. Paton, Collingwood; W. C. Johnston, Chicago; Chas. E. Morgan, Hamilton; J. Davidson, Guelph; W. Bunton, Peterboro; J. D. Hunter, Toronto; John Brown, Stratford; T. Clappison, Hamilton; J. Brotherhood, Montreal; A. M. Stewart, Windsor; Dr. G. J. Helun, wife and family, Mrs. W. F. Hood, New York; Herbert Spencer, Mrs. T. C. Stafford and A. Frank Stafford, jr., Brooklyn; W. B. Mead and wife, Goshen, N.Y.; Fred Mencke and wife, Cincinnati, Ohio; J. F. Cooper, Toronto; F. W. Edwards, Chattanooga, Tenn.; Miss Janie Edwards, Hamilton; Mrs. Thomas Adams, Kendrick, Miss.; J. Evans Ruse, wife and child, Baltimore; L. P. Smith, and A. J. Terrill and wife, Wallingford, Conn.; W. E. Brockett, Chicago; E. B. Newcombe, Kentville N.S.; R. Chisholm, Portland, Me.; R. H. Carter, Ottawa; Geo. Adell, Buffalo, N.Y.; George E. Harris, Chicago; L. J. Carpenter and wife, Lacolle, Que.; William B. Dennison, Mlle Roches; Ed. Bowman and wife, Tehamah, Neb.; M. E. Goodhue, Chicago; W. D. Gould and wife, Roseville Cal.; Miss Pinkey, Ottawa; R. C. Meshinloss, England; J. E. Faultiner, Hunter, S.C.; R. C. Gedes, Syracuse, N.Y.; T. P. Cote, Columbus, Ohio; A. M. Dempster, New York; J. H. A. Mattie, M.D., and sons, Norris Adams, Mass.; B. C. Sentenne, Rutland, Vt.

PLACE VIGER.

Rev. and Mrs. Spencer, S. Roche, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Dr. Louis M. Lemieux, Quebec; George S. Amyot and son, Quebec; H. Edmond Casgrain, Quebec; Miss Halsey, Miss Genevre McLean, New York; Mr and Mrs. A. Dussault, Mr. and Mrs. Percy H. Brundage, Melles Frechette, city; Philip Powell, London; Mr. and Mrs. A. Minshead, the Misses Minshead, London; T. B. Millar, wife and family, Portage; John Caldan, Glasgow T. McGoshe, Dublin; D. P. Chapman, Amherst; Mr. and Mrs. Geo. P. E. Jackson, and family, St. Mo.; Mr. and Mrs. Pierre, France; F. Gibserson, New York; Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Granger, Albany, N.Y.; Miss Adams, Miss Dean, New. Galt, city; Bruner, F. Wurtele, Quebec; Mr. Bonliston, Three Rivers; Mr. and Mrs. H. Cunningham, New York; J. B. Botterell, Boston; Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Guild, Boston; D. G. G'Meara, Quebec; Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Jennings, Dr. H. F. Walker, S. Carter Hall, New York city; J. E. Geagan, New York; A. B. Jennings, Percy H. Jennings, North Burrington, Vt.; Mrs. A. S. Bolton, Quebec; Henri Bourassa, Papineauville; W. F. Hall, Ottawa; Joseph Hall, Ottawa; Mr. and Mrs. James H. Bailey, Halifax; C. B. Truber, G. S. Schoolcraft, Hastings; H. L. Harris, New York; C. Todd, Brantford; W. Cassidy, Montreal; Dr. Dorland, Mrs. Dorland, Miss Dorland, Bridgeport, Conn.; Mrs. Mather, Miss Mather, Toronto; O. C. Noyes, T. A. Noyes, New York; R. C. Bolton, Paris; Mrs. Bolton, G. Reid, Boston; John G. Clarke, city; Tom.

SHIPPING NEWS.

GROUNDING OF ALSATIAN.

The steamship Alsatian, of the Leyland line, is still aground on Beaumont Reef, opposite Pt. Laurent, the ebb at the rest and touched in one of her plates, and succeeded in getting off, but as there was danger of her sinking she was beached, and now lies about six hundred feet to the south of the black buoy of Beaumont Reef, opposite Pt. Laurent light. The night was very hazy. There were dark clouds overhead, while it was clear below, and a drizzling rain was falling. This caused a mirage so that lights seemed much closer than they really were. The pilot in charge of the ship, Emile Lachance, is a thoroughly reliable man, who has had eleven years' experience without a mishap. He was accompanied by an apprentice pilot, a Mr. Thievierge, who has been qualified as a pilot for some years, but has to wait for his branch until the number of pilots is brought below 126. Capt. Boyt, of Philadelphia, representative of the London Salvage Association, the engineer, who was in charge of getting off the Merrimac when she was stranded at Anticosti, went down to the ship to superintend the operations of getting her off in the interests of the Leyland line. Messrs. Harold and Murray Kennedy, local agents of the line, and Mr. E. C. Fry, Lloyds correspondent, and agent here, also went down on the Lord Stanley. More lighters were brought down, making the total number thirteen. The deck load in the forepart of the ship, and the grain in the forward, or No. 1 hatch, is also being discharged. The ship's bottom is damaged, but to what extent cannot be definitely stated as yet. About twenty feet of water was in No. 1 hold at high tide, and No. 1 and No. 2 tanks were also full of water, while No. 2 hold is still clear of water.

CALIFORNIAN'S PASSENGERS.

The Allan line steamship Californian, Captain France, sailing from Liverpool on August 31, is due to arrive in this port on Saturday next with 165 first cabin, 82 second, and 140 steerage passengers. The list of her saloon passengers is as follows: Mr. A. Allan, Mr. R. A. Allan, Miss Allen, Mr. F. F. Allenby, Miss Ashby, Mr. W. Bailey, Mrs. Bailey, Miss H. L. Bates, Mr. W. Booth, Mr. Brigham, Mrs. Brigham, Mr. John E. Brooks, Miss Brown, Mr. I. J. Bruce, Mrs. Bruce, Master Bruce, Mr. G. H. Burland, Mrs. Burland, Mr. O. G. Carscallen, Mr. F. Carter, Mr. L. I. Chambers, Mr. W. A. Cleland, Mr. John Cobeldick, Mr. W. H. Cole, Mrs. Cole, Miss K. Coman, Miss B. Cook, Miss A. Cook, Mr. F. A. Cookson, Mr. Thos. Cooper, Mr. J. F. Crawdy, Mr. D. B. Cummings, Mr. Stanley Currie, Mrs. Currie, Miss J. Dalton, Miss R. Dalton, Mrs. Davidson, Mrs. Donald, sr., Mr. Duncan Donald, Mr. L. C. Dowdall, Mr. and Mrs. Downes, Mr. G. Drayson, Mr. C. R. Dutton, Mr. Edwards, Miss E. Elwood, Mr. C. J. Fearns, Mrs. R. Findlay and two children, Mrs. Fitzgerald, Mr. G. Fitzgibbon, Mr. Gardiner, Mrs. Gardiner and child, Miss Gault, Miss Gault, Mrs. M. H. Gault, Mr. Bradley Gilman, Mrs. Gilman, Miss Gilman, Rev. H. P. Glenn, Mr. J. Graham, Miss Gregor, Mr. A. Harrison, Mr. Hayton, Mr. A. S. Henderson, and Miss B. Henderson, Mrs. A. Hodder, Master Hodder, Mr. J. P. Hoskins, Rev. Prof. Huntingford, Mrs. Huntingford, Miss Keifer, Miss B. Keifer, Mr. J. Kenyon, Mr. P. D. Knowles, Mr. Lamb, Mr. D. Lang, Mr. Neville Leese, Mr. A. Lewis, Rev. T. L. Linscott, Mrs. Linscott, Miss Linscott, Mr. R. Lister, Mr. G. Macfarlane, Mrs. Mackay, Mr. McCaskill, Mrs. McCaskill, Miss McCaskill, Miss F. M. McGarry, Miss E. McGarry, Senator McLaren, Mr. F. Meal, Mr. A. E. Mosley, Prof. Mustard, Miss Mustard, Mr. G. W. Orton, Mrs. Orton, Mrs. W. Overend, Mrs. Patterson, Mr. W. E. Pickering, Mr. Ponsonby, Miss Powyes, Dr. Preston, Miss Price, Miss F. Price, Rev. J. Pugh, Mr. Ransom, Mr. R. Robidon Mr. J. Ross, Master Ross, Miss V. Ross, Mr. G. D. Ross, Mrs. Ross, Miss Ross, Miss Ross, Miss Sharood, Mr. A. Cecil Smith, Mr. Percy Smith, Mr. P. Oswald Smith, Miss Standerwick, Mr. R. Still, Mrs. Taylor, Dr. T. A. Teltelbaan, Mrs. Teltelbaan, Mr. H. F. Terry, Dr. Thompson, Mr. C. Thorne, Mr. C. L. Tiffin, Mr. Wm. Trebilcock, Miss White, Miss J. Williamson Mr. D. O. Wood, Mrs. Wood, Rev. James Wylie.

PORT OF MONTREAL.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Arroyo, 2307, Glen, Liverpool, F. Leyland and Co., general.
Steamship Turret Chief, 1197, Macoubrey, Sydney, Kingman and Co., coal.
Yacht Peerless, 227, Arrill, Fairport, light.

CLEARED.

Steamship Helene Rickmers, 1963, Rebbelmund, Hamburg, Furness, Withy and Co., general.
Steamship Monteagle, 3481, Jones, Bristol, Elder, Dempster and Co., general.
Steamship Bavarian, 6725, McNicol, Liverpool, H. and A. Allan, general.
Steamship Vancouver, 3400, Jones, Liverpool, D. Torrance and Co., general.
Steamship Larne, 2010, Ferris, Newport, R. Reford and Co., lumber.
Steamship Turret Bay, 1276, Pallister, Sydney, Kingman and Co., light.
Steamship Devona, 2372, Murray, London, R. Reford and Co., general.
Steamship Alcides, 2181, Stitt, Glasgow, R. Reford and Co., general.
Steamship Tiber, 1134, Pedsle, Halifax, H. Dobell and Co., general.
Steamship Sedgemore, 2809, Waite, Liverpool, Wm. Johnston and Co., general.
Yacht Peerless, 227, Arrill, New York.

VESSELS IN PORT.

Steamships.

Rosarian, 1860, Moar, H. and A. Allan.
Glen Holme, 1673, Ritchie, McLean, Kennedy and Co.
Virginian, 3165, F. Leyland and Co.
Turret Bay, 1276, Pallister, Kingman and Co.
Lake Huron, 2576, Jones, Elder, Dempster and Co.
Greetlands, 708, Couillard, H. Dobell and Co.
Arroyo, 2307, Glen, F. Leyland and Co.
Turret Chief, 1197, Macoubrey, Kingman and Co.

PASSENGER STEAMSHIP SAILINGS.

Montreal to Liverpool.

Lake Ontario, Elder, Dempster & Co., Sept. 13.
Californian, H. & A. Allan, Sept. 14.
Dominion, D. Torrance & Co., Sept. 16.
Tainui, H. & A. Allan, Sept. 21.
Cambroman, D. Torrance & Co., Sept. 23.
Parisian, H. & A. Allan, Sept. 28.

Montreal to Bristol.

Montrose, Elder, Dempster & Co., Sept. 14.
Monterey, Elder, Dempster & Co., Sept. 21.
Arawa, Elder, Dempster & Co., Sept. 28.

OTHER STEAMSHIP SAILINGS.

Virginian, for Liverpool, Sept. 8.
Sedgemore, for Liverpool, Sept. 8.
Devona, for London, September 8.
Rosarian, for London, September 10.

BUOYS CHANGED AND REPLACED.

The following telegram has been received by the secretary of the Montreal Harbour Commission, from U. P. Boucher, buoy engineer:

"Upper red conical buoy of Pouillier Royer that was gone has been replaced. "First black spar buoy Three Rivers with top broken off, has been changed."

THE GULF.

QUEBEC, September 7. — Weather conditions: Clear; strong variable winds.

Cape Magdalen—Inward at 6.30 a.m., Montrose; out at 6.30 a.m., Parisian; at 7 a.m., Buenos Ayrean.

NOTES.

The schooner Edna S., from Halifax for Bay of Islands, Newfoundland, has been wrecked at Wild Cove, Nfld.

At a meeting of the Quebec, Hamilton and Fort William Navigation Company last Friday, it was decided to begin operations at once, so that company could enter the lake marine field next spring. A committee was appointed to secure estimates and plans for the new freight carrying steamers, built to the capacity of the new canal locks. The committee reported Wednesday afternoon recommending the construction of two steel freight vessels of 3,600 tons each, at a cost of between $260,000 and $300,000.

A great crowd assembled at the landing stage and pier head, Liverpool, on Wednesday, to witness the departure of the White Star Company's new steamship Oceanic Captain Cameron, for New York. In consequence of the state of the tide, the Oceanic was unable to reach the pier and her passengers were transferred by tenders. The river was filled with craft that heartily cheered the departing steamer.

The Montreal Transportation Company's tug Bronson, which left Kingston for Montreal on Wednesday, has been thoroughly overhauled, and has the steamboats outfit and the best accommodation for the crew of any tug that runs out of, Kingston.

The Dominion Line United States mail steamship Scandinavian, from Boston on Liverpool, arrived at Queenstown at 8 a.m. yesterday, September 6th.

E. LEPAGE & CO.

September Specials...

Our colossal last Monday Sale met with a warm and warranted welcome. Such an ovation in view of the values offered was not surprising. On the other hand, August merchandising seldom reaches such gigantic proportions. Values and values alone filled our store with customers during July and August. Elsewhere dulness reigned. Here an endless rush prevailed. For September's first week we offer entirely new and attractive lines of Silks and Dress Goods, bought especially for this occasion. The quantity ordered explains the quality offered and the apparently ridiculous price asked. In point of variety and actual values offered, we have no competitors.

A DRESS GOODS AWAKENING.

Black Brocaded Eroma, Satin finish, this cloth will surprise you, 50 inches wide and just about the same quality you pay 75c for elsewhere. Our price . . . 49c

Black Flowered Eroma, Satin finish, the fashionable dress stuff of the season, 50 inches wide, a full $1.25 value, our price for this special sale 75c

A special object in view in quoting these remarkable prices on new goods.

Black Boucle Crepons, 40 inches wide. No doubt you would think them cheap at $1.98, our price for this special sale $1.49

Black Coating Serge, All wool, 40 inches wide. Nothing like this cloth ever retailed under 65c, our price for this special sale . . . 39c

Silk Mixed Novelties, New Fall Dress Goods, medium, light and dark shades, goods that will give satisfaction and that should be sold at 95c. Will be