Colonial Institute
Trafalgar Square
London SW ENG

DAILY WITNESS

Last Edition.

VOL. XXXVI., No. 204. MONTREAL, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1895. PRICE ONE CENT.

THE POPE'S TEMPORAL POWER.

Mgr. O'Bryen Declares it to Be Essential.

...announcement that Mgr. O'Bryen, ...stinguished Roman prelate at pre... the city, would deliver the ser... High Mass, caused a very large ...ation to gather in St. Patrick's ...sterday morning. Mgr. O'Bryen ... temporal power of the Pope, ...how Constantine, first, and ... rulers of Western Europe, ...they became converted, the ... placing the Pope in a com... of independence from all ...owers, that he might lead na... the path of right and justice. It ...rlemagne who definitely consoli... temporal domain of the papacy. ...m that day the Popes commenced ...y to exert the great power which ...them to check unworthy rulers ...oach the respect of authority to ...ons. For a thousand years, no ...questioned the legitimacy of the ...mporal power, and although war ...ed, at certain periods, against the ...main, the great nations of Eu... England, France and Germany, ...questioned the title of the Holy ... the territory over which it ruled. ...ained for a certain sect of modern ... detach themselves from all the ...ns of the past and rob the Pope ... temporal power, against all the ... God and man. The iniquity of ...l was even now more apparent ...when it was perpetrated thirty ...s ago. The possession of Rome is es... to the perfect freedom of the Pope ...spiritual matters. Having lived in ... for twenty-five years, he, the ... know the falsity of the assertion ... possession of the Eternal City ... new kings of Italy did not inter... with the spiritual sphere of action ... Pope. He knew that the pledge of ...ee had been broken, and the ...ng of the Pope was seriously ... The spoliation laws were an ... of the most ... of the Italian ...rnment. These crimes must arouse ...ion of every Catholic. But the ...ce must come, and although ...n government might order illu... to celebrate the capture of ...he Italian nation was not so lost ...as not to see the injustice. They ... protest, for no one would be ... to speak as he had spoken, with... jurisdiction of the Italian courts, ... thought not the less for all that. ...tion of the Pope must appeal es... to the Irish people, themselves so ...deprived of their rights. Let all ...that the great injustice to the pa... may soon be a thing of the past.

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THE LATE MR. A. STEVENS.

...friends of Mr. Alexander Ste... this city, will be pained to hear ...ion death, which occurred on ... morning, Aug. 28, of syncope, ...summer residence, St. Felix de ... He appeared in his usual good ... that morning until half an ...re his death, when he com... not feeling well and retired ... He talked pleasantly with ...and son until a few minutes be... died. He was highly respected ...munity where he resided, and ...s were followed by a large con... his numerous English and ...ends. Deceased leaves a wife ...son, Dr. O. H. Stevens. He was ...of the Rev. M. Sadler, of this ...For fifteen years represented the ...Stone & Wellington, nursery-

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PERSONAL.

Dr. J. T. Henderson, assistant demonstrator of anatomy to McGill University, has gone west for a few days' holidays.

Mr. Claude Hickson, second son of Sir Joseph Hickson, has entered the law office of Messrs. Macmaster & Maclennan. Mr. Hickson is very popular with the young men, and has a promising career before him.

MANITOBA'S ULTIMATUM.

Will Only be Satisfied With a Thorough Examination Into Her School Systems.

SIR MACKENZIE BOWELL'S SPEECH AT CALGARY AN INTERESTING ONE.

PRINCIPAL GRANT INVESTIGATING THE MATTER.

Ottawa, Sept. 2.—The Calgary Herald has a report of Sir Mackenzie Bowell's speech at the informal dinner tendered the Premier on Saturday, Aug. 24, by a [illegible] Conservative friends. He said he would carry out what he conscientiously believed to be in the interests of the country, even if by so doing he endangered his position, for, he declared, 'I would gladly end my political existence and allow others to run the government rather than dilly-daily and shilly-shally with an important question affecting the rights and religious opinions of any section of our population. (Cheers.) He quoted Cape Colony, South Africa, as an instance of the wisdom of not interfering with either the language or the religion of a people. The minute you interfere with or attempt to combat a man's religious belief you make an enemy of him. We have taken,' he continued, 'what we believe to be the true course with regard to this school question.'

Sir William Howland, who is at present in the North-West, and who had a good deal to do with the movement which ended in the acquisition of the North-West Territories, interviewed up there, said: 'I should not be at all surprised if Mr. Chapleau dropped off at Calgary to confer with Sir Mackenzie Bowell, and endeavor to come to some agreement upon this school question. It would be a good thing for Sir Mackenzie Bowell if he got Mr. Chapleau's consent to a compromise, and I daresay that is really the object of the latetr's journey.' Sir William's guess was repeated by the reporter to the member of the Manitoba Cabinet and the latter said that nothing had been received from the federal Premier in the way of a suggested conference between the federal and provincial premiers.

The Rev. Principal Grant, of Queen's University, who is studying the school question on the spot, had been talking for publication and is evidently in favor of a thorough investigation by a Royal commission. How such an investigation might be made has already been indicated by the proposal of the local government in its answer to the remedial order. A Royal commission consisting not of visiting statesmen, but of educational experts, who would go into the whole question by personal investigation, would be able to publish a deliverance that all would respect. The Manitoba Government would probably be moved to act in the direction indicated by such a commission more than by the terms of any remedial order. In the one case they stand in behalf of their province against a most unusual assumption of authority by the Dominion Government. In the other case they would be invited to act on the report of a body of men, seized of all the facts after patient investigaton. Action in such a case though, as Dr. Grant says, not likely to be satisfactory to extreme men on either side, could be gracefully taken by Manitoba without any attempt at coercion or necessity for it. This probably outlines Manitoba's official reply to the latest federal communication, namely, they will adhere to their proposal for a thorough investigation upon their suggestions. This will leave the question in statu quo for parliament in January.

CORNWALL AND VICINITY.

INTERESTING BUDGET OF NEWS—VAIN ENDEAVOR OF SHARPERS TO FLEECE THE WILY FARMER.

Cornwall, Sept. 2.—A very large quantity of hay will be pressed in this section and shipped to the metropolitan markets this fall. The drouth of the early part of the season had very little effect on the hay crop on the low-lying flats in the townships where hay is mostly grown.

At a recent meeting of the Presbytery of Glengarry held at Alexandria, the Rev. A. K. McLennan, of Dalhousie Mills, reported that after giving the matter suitable consideration he had decided to decline the call of the Lingwick and Scotstown churches, and would remain in his present charge. Arrangements were also completed for the designation of the Rev. Mr. Ledingham, missionary-elect to India, at Lancaster on Sept. 10, on which occasion the Rev. Principal MacVicar, of the Presbyterian College, Montreal, and the Rev. Dr. Moore, of Ottawa, will be present to represent the Foreign Mission Committee and deliver addresses.

The handsome medal awarded by Mr. Duncan Monroe, for pedidency in British and Canadian history, has been won by Mr. Arthur Campbell.

Messrs. Clark & Connolly, of Toronto, who have just completed the building of the Leitch Creek sewer in Cornwall, have been awarded the contract of the Hoople creek drainage in the Townships of Cornwall and Osnabruck. The contract covers a distance of eight or ten miles, and is expected to reclaim about 2,500 acres of good land. The contract price is in the neighborhood of $10,000.

The little village of Greenfield, Glengarry County, had a bad fire the other night. The fire started in the stables in the rear of the post-office; both were burned along with the hotel. The town hall of Kingdon Township, a substantial stone structure, was also destroyed. Mrs. Fletcher, who lived in the post-office building, had a very narrow escape. The loss to hotel buildings is $3,000; insurance, $1,000. The town hall, which is to be rebuilt at once, was insured for $1,500.

A couple of smart looking chaps—evidently three-card monte men—visited this section last week and vainly endeavored to pull the wool over the eyes of some of the farmers of the South Branch. Their plan of operations which they tried in several places without success, was as follows: One of the pair, representing himself to be a brother of a Cornwall banker, would call on a well-to-do farmer and pretend that he was anxious to buy a good farm. The farmer was easily induced to walk as far as the highway whether he wished to sell or not and the other sharper would drive up in a buggy and inquire the way to Cornwall. A general conversation would result in the newcomer telling how he had been fleeced by Montreal card sharps. He had learned the game, however, and was going south to get rich at the expense of those who had yet to learn the trick. He showed large rolls of bills and offered to illustrate how the game worked. The would-be investor in real estate was always ready for a game but the farmers generally, profiting by the experience of a gentleman who a few years ago, lost a couple of thousand dollars in this way, refused to allow themselves to be caught. Although several were approached in this manner none, so far as can be learned, were induced to try their luck with the pasteboards.

'LYNCH LAW IN ATHLETICS.'

Ottawa, Sept. 2.—A court which condemned a man unheard and in his absence would be a curious tribunal, yet this is what five members of the executive of the Canadian Amateur Athletic Association have done in the cases of Carson and Carleton, members of the Capital Lacrosse Club. Without notice, Carson says, or opportunity of proving his innocence the executive of the C.A.A.A. attempt to deprive him of his amateur standing. If this is true the case is properly described by the 'Citizen as 'lynch law in athletics' and becomes of general importance to the whole public and not merely to those who read the sporting column of the daily papers. Carson states that the Toronto despatch announcing a decision was the first he heard of any action being taken. The Capitals and Cornwalls played a match at Ogdensburg, N.Y., about two weeks ago and Carson and Carlton participated in the amateur foot races. A Brockville professional named Clarke entered and was protested by the Ottawa men and disqualified. A little later Clarke threatened to put Carson and Carleton 'in a hole,' and to make certain the Capital players went to the secretary of the games and were assured again that no professionals had been allowed to enter. The next that the Ottawa men heard of the matter is their summary suspension. Clarke has apparently complained that they ran against professionals at Ogdensburg. If they did they did not know i and took every means to satisfy themselves. The best proof that they would not run against professionals is that they protested Clarke. The secretary of the Capital Lacrosse Club has in his possession a letter from the secretary of the Ogdensburg Athletic Association stating that the race in which Carson and Carleton participated was strictly an amateur race and that if any professionals entered it was against the wishes of the association and they were ignorant of it. There is a great deal of resentment felt here against the action of the five of the executive of the C.A.A.A., which a prominent member of the Capitals executive characterized as 'presumptuous.' The Capital Lacrosse Club is not affiliated with the Canadian Amateur Athletic Association.

EXCITEMENT AT QUEBEC.

Quebec, Sept. 2.—There is the greatest excitement in lacrosse circles here to-day over the big match this afternoon between the Shamrocks and the Capitals and there has been a terrible rush since Saturday to secure all the reserved seats on the stand on the Q.A.A. grounds. Both the competing teams have arrived, the Shamrocks coming this morning by boat with their secretary, Mr. C. A. McDonnell. The assistant secretary, Mr. Charles Neville, has been here since Saturday, and, accompanied by some of the Q.A.A. directors went off board the flagship 'Crescent,' extended a cordial invitation to the officers of the warships to attend and witness the match, and on behalf of the officers Captain Powell graciously accepted it and stated that some twenty-five of his colleagues would be present as well as the flagship's excellent band. The ball will be started at 3.15 by Mayor Parent. The weather is all that could be desired, bright, cool and bracing. The referee and umpires will probably be Quebeckers

CURRENCY REFORM IN ENGLAND.

London, Sept. 2.—The parliamentary bimetallic committee have issued a circular requesting all members of the House of Commons to co-operate with the committee in voting at the next session of the House, in favor of a resolution for a reform of the currency.

THE HON. J. C. PATTERSON.

SWORN IN LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF MANITOBA THIS MORNING.

AN UNENVIABLE RECORD.

Ottawa, Sept. 2.—The Hon. J. C. Patterson has just been sworn in Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba. The most prominent object among the political wreckage left by the collapse of the Thompson administration is the Hon. J. C. Patterson, M.P., president of the Ontario Conservative Association, in which position he succeeded Mr. Dalton McCarthy. Mr. Patterson was much talked of as a coming man once. He came, but he did not come to stay. He was a serious disappointment. His friend, Mr. Haggart, who had been the means of bringing him into the Cabinet, dropped him, and a little later Sir John Thompson was pressed to fill the vacancy on the bench in Ontario by appointing Mr. Patterson. Sir John, however, wanted to relieve the Conservative Catholics in Ontario of Mr. Meredith and

THE HON. J. C. PATTERSON.

so Mr. Patterson was not made a judge. When the Bowell ministry was being formed, Mr. Haggart insisted on the entrance of Dr. Montague and Mr. Patterson as good as told he was not wanted. Mr. Patterson came in without portfolio on the understanding that he was shortly to give way to Dr. Montague and accept the Lieutenant-Governorship of Manitoba. He presently surrendered his portfolio to Dr. Montague and is now receiving his reward. As a minister the only important portfolio Mr. Patterson held was militia and here he weakly allowed General Herbert to ride rough shod over everybody until political exigencies compelled him to cancel one-half of the General's special orders which led to the General's resignation last fall. Mr. Patterson's position is almost pitiable. After imposing himself on an unwilling constituency and nursing it sedulously for four years, he is about to impose himself upon an unwilling province as its lieutenant-governor, a province so unwilling to receive him as governor that its public press has refused to credit the report of his appointment. So the 'rising hope of the Ontario Conservatives' retires into an office which when created was never intended as a refuge for defeated, discredited and wire-pulling politicians.

BASEBALL.

INDEPENDENTS DEFEAT BISSONS.

On Saturday afternoon the Independent Baseball nine inflicted a severe defeat on the Bisson nine, the score being 34 runs to four. The game was umpired by J. A. Chabot.

Score by innings—

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Independent..	10	6	3	5	2	0	8—34
Bisson..	0	0	1	0	0	0	3— 4

Although the attraction at the M. A. A. A. grounds drew a lot of people, still the game of baseball played between the St. Albans and National nines, on the National grounds, was witnessed by about 1,000 spectators. The much vaunted Dinsmore did not appear with the St. Albans nine as expected, accordingly Doheny did the twirling until the fourth inning, when he was replaced by Bray. As a pitcher, the latter man did very well, his fielding, however, can easily be improved.

For the home team, Belcourt showed up to great advantage, his pitching was excellent. Page, Viger and Brouillette bore off the batting honors. Just before the game commenced, the players were having a little preliminary practice, when Bob. Seal, of the Nationals, fell and broke his leg. This was a most regrettable accident, as Mr. Seal is one of the most popular men on the nine.

Mr. E. W. Varney acted as umpire, his decisions were generally satisfactory, although some objections were heard.

Below will be found the score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
National..	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	0—4
St. Albans	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0—3

Bases on balls, National, 5; St. Albans, 6; bases on errors, National, 6; St. Albans, 2; hit by pitcher, Courtemanche, Doheny; three base hit, Viger; two base hit, Brouillette; passed balls, Hoyt, 3; Brouillette, 2; wild pitches, Belcourt, 2; Bray, 2; struck out, by Doheney, 3; Bray, 5; Belcourt, 9; stolen bases, Gauthier, Page, Hoyt; time of game, two hours; umpire, Mr. Varney.

NEW EASTERN QUESTION.

A Possible Alliance Between Britain and Japan.

VIEWS OF A JAPANESE DIPLOMAT ON THE SUBJECT.

New York, Sept. 2.—The 'Herald's' Tokio correspondent says: 'I met in the Imperial Hotel, in Tokio, recently, a trained Japanese diplomatist, a gentleman, who rendered service in three Japanese legations in Europe, and is now holding a prominent official place in the government here. He talked freely about the future of Japan and of the complications which now beset her. Asked as to the probability of an alliance between Great Britain and Japan, as against Russian aggression in the east, this gentleman said. 'Great Britain must be very careful about entering into alliances. She has enormous interests scattered throughout the world, and entanglements to her are serious. Japan is yet too small a power to make an alliance with Great Britain, because in the event of trouble the former could not well furnish a proper share of concrete force, but I think an understanding will soon be arrived at between Japan and Great Britain touching the new eastern question which will amount practically to an alliance. I know that correspondence to this end has passed between Tokio and London. Lord Salisbury's government is always marked by firm assertion of Great Britain's foreign rights and the protection of her foreign interests.'

'Have you any doubt as to Russia's policy in the East.' I asked.

'No, not in the least,' he answered. 'Russia has in twenty-five years developed a naval power and she is naturally forced to seek seaports and harbors. Being deprived of these by climate and British policy on the Continent, I do not wonder that Russia is determined to find an outlet on the Pacific and I cannot say that I blame her. At the same time it should be the policy of Europe to hold her within her own lines strictly. She is the most dangerous power to-day in the world. If the Russians like their system they should be permitted to enjoy it, but they should be kept at home. When I was in St. Petersburg two years ago I was told by a Russian diplomat that Japan could not expand, because the Christian nations of the earth could not afford to see a heathen power arise to force and prominence and become an influence in the world's affairs.'

PILLSBURY THE WINNER

OF THE FIRST PRIZE AT THE GREAT CHESS TOURNAMENT.

Hastings, Sept. 2.—The final round of the great chess tournament takes place to-day. Brassey Institute is thronged with spectators to witness the finish, and great excitement prevails. Up to the adjournment of the afternoon session the following games were finished: Pillsbury beat Gunsberg, winning first prize.

THE FRENCH IN MADAGASCAR.

PITIABLE CONDITION OF THE TROOPS.

Paris, Sept. 1.—The 'Soleil' publishes a letter from its correspondent at Majunga, Madagascar, which says that 2,260 French soldiers are in the hospital there besides a large number of others who have been sent to the Island of Reunion or are about to be sent home as invalids. The hospitals, the letter says, are mere shells, containing tiers of beds, one above another, the uppermost beds coming in contact with the canvas roof. The physicians and attendants are insufficient in number, besides being in many cases incompetent. It is also asserted by the correspondent that almost all of the men who are still able to continue in the ranks are suffering severely from swollen feet.

GULF REPORT.

L'Islet, Sept. 2.—Clear; west wind; inward at 6.30 a.m., SS. Norwegian.

River du Loup, Sept. 2.—Clear; west wind.

Father Point, Sept. 2.—West wind; inward at 7 a.m., SS. Lake Ontario.

Martin River, Sept. 2.—North-west wind; inward at 7 a.m., SS. Turret Crown.

Fame Point, Sept. 2.—Gale, north-west; outward, 8 a.m. SS. Parisian.

North Shore, Sept. 2.—Gale, northwest.

Point Des Monts, Sept. 2.—Outward, 8 a.m. SS. Florence.

Trinity Bay, Sept. 2.—SS. Relief anchored.

Pentecost, Sept. 2.—Outward, 8 a.m., SS. Otter.

Anticosti, Sept. 2—Clear; west wind.

Low Point, Sept. 2.—Clear; north-west wind; inward, Turret Cape and Turret.

Montreal, Sept. 2.

Readings by Hearn & Harrison's Standard Barometer at noon to-day, 29.89; yesterday, 29.85. To-day, temperature, max. 68, min. 60; yesterday, max. 66, min. 52.

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SIR MACKENZIE BOWELL'S SPEECH AT CALGARY AN INTERESTING ONE.

PRINCIPAL GRANT INVESTIGATING THE MATTER

Ottawa, Sept. 2.—The Calgary 'Herald' has a report of Sir Mackenzie Bowell's speech at the informal dinner tendered the Premier on Saturday, Aug. 24, by a few Conservative friends. He said he would carry out what he conscientiously believed to be in the interests of the country, even if by so doing he endangered his position, for, he declared, 'I would gladly end my political existence and allow others to run the government rather than dilly-daily and shilly-shally with an important question affecting the rights and religious opinions of any section of our population. (Cheers.) He quoted Cape Colony, South Africa, as an instance of the wisdom of not interfering with either the language or the religion of a people. The minute you interfere with or attempt to combat a man's religious belief you make an enemy of him. We have taken,' he continued, 'what we believe to be the true course with regard to this school question.'

Sir William Howland, who is at present in the North-West, and who had a good deal to do with the movement which ended in the acquisition of the North-West Territories, interviewed up there, said: 'I should not be at all surprised if Mr. Chapleau dropped off at Calgary to confer with Sir Mackenzie Bowell, and endeavor to come to some agreement upon this school question. It would be a good thing for Sir Mackenzie Bowell if he got Mr. Chapleau's consent to a compromise, and I daresay that is really the object of the latetr's journey.' Sir William's guess was repeated by the reporter to the member of the Manitoba Cabinet and the latter said that nothing had been received from the federal Premier in the way of a suggested conference between the federal and provincial Premiers.

The Rev. Principal Grant, of Queen's University, who is studying the school question on the spot, had been talking for publication and is evidently in favor of a thorough investigation by a Royal commission. How such an investigation might be made has already been indicated by the proposal of the local government in its answer to the remedial order. A Royal commission consisting not of visiting statesmen, but of educational experts, who would go into the whole question by personal investigation, would be able to publish a deliverance that all would respect. The Manitoba Government would probably be moved to act in the direction indicated by such a commission more than by the terms of any remedial order. In the one case they stand in behalf of their province against a most unusual assumption of authority by the Dominion Government. In the other case they would be invited to act on the report of a body of men, seized of all the facts after patient investigation. Action in such a case though, as Dr. Grant says, not likely to be satisfactory to extreme men on either side, could be gracefully taken by Manitoba without any attempt at coercion or necessity for it. This probably outlines Manitoba's official reply to the latest federal communication, namely, they will adhere to their proposal for a thorough investigation upon their suggestions. This will leave the question in statu quo for parliament in January.

CORNWALL AND VICINITY.

INTERESTING BUDGET OF NEWS—VAIN ENDEAVOR OF SHARPERS TO FLEECE THE WILY FARMER.

Cornwall, Sept. 2.—A very large quantity of hay will be pressed in this section and shipped to the metropolitan markets this fall. The drouth of the early part of the season had very little effect on the hay crop on the low-lying flats in the townships where hay is mostly grown.

At a recent meeting of the Presbytery of Glengarry held at Alexandria, the Rev. A. K. McLennan, of Dalhousie Mills, reported that after giving the matter suitable consideration he had decided to decline the call of the Lingwick and Scotstown churches, and would remain in his present charge. Arrangements were also completed for the designation of the Rev. Mr. Ledingham, missionary-elect to India, at Lancaster on Sept. 10, on which occasion the Rev. Principal MacVicar, of the Presbyterian College, Montreal, and the Rev. Dr. Moore, of Ottawa, will be present to represent the Foreign Mission Committee and deliver addresses.

The handsome medal awarded by Mr. Duncan Monroe, for proficiency in British and Canadian history, has been won by Mr. Arthur Campbell.

Messrs. Clark & Connolly, of Toronto, who have just completed the building of the Leitch Creek sewer in Cornwall, have been awarded the contract of the Hoople creek drainage in the Townships of Cornwall and Osnabruck. The contract covers a distance of eight or ten miles, and is expected to reclaim about 2,500 acres of good land. The contract price is in the neighborhood of $10,000.

The little village of Greenfield, Glengarry County, had a bad fire the other night. The fire started in the stables in the rear of the post-office; both were burned along with the hotel. The town hall of Kingdon Township, a substantial stone structure, was also destroyed. Mrs. Fletcher, who lived in the post-office building, had a very narrow escape. The loss to hotel buildings is $3,000; insurance, $1,000. The town hall, which is to be rebuilt at once, was insured for $1,500.

A couple of smart looking chaps—evidently three-card monte men—visited this section last week and vainly endeavored to pull the wool over the eyes of some of the farmers of the South Branch. Their plan of operations which they tried in several places without success, was as follows: One of the pair, representing himself to be a brother of a Cornwall banker, would call on a well-to-do farmer and pretend that he was anxious to buy a good farm. The farmer was easily induced to walk as far as the highway whether he wished to sell or not and the other sharper would drive up in a buggy and inquire the way to Cornwall. A general conversation would result in the newcomer telling how he had been fleeced by Montreal card sharps. He had learned the game, however, and was going south to get rich at the expense of those who had yet to learn the trick. He showed large rolls of bills and offered to illustrate how the game worked. The would-be investor in real estate was always ready for a game but the farmers generally, profiting by the experience of a gentleman who a few years ago, lost a couple of thousand dollars in this way, refused to allow themselves to be caught. Although several were approached in this manner none, so far as can be learned, were induced to try their luck with the pasteboards.

'LYNCH LAW IN ATHLETICS.'

Ottawa, Sept. 2.—A court which condemned a man unheard and in his absence would be a curious tribunal, yet this is what five members of the executive of the Canadian Amateur Athletic Association have done in the cases of Carson and Carleton, members of the Capital Lacrosse Club. Without notice, Carson says, or opportunity of proving his innocence the executive of the C.A.A.A. attempt to deprive him of his amateur standing. If this is true the case is properly described by the 'Citizen as 'lynch law in athletics' and becomes of general importance to the whole public and not merely to those who read the sporting column of the daily papers. Carson states that the Toronto despatch announcing a decision was the first he heard of any action being taken. The Capitals and Cornwalls played a match at Ogdensburg, N.Y., about two weeks ago and Carson and Carlton participated in the amateur foot races. A Brockville professional named Clarke entered and was protested by the Ottawa men and disqualified. A little later Clarke threatened to put Carson and Carleton 'in a hole,' and to make certain the Capital players went to the secretary of the games and were assured again that no professionals had been allowed to enter. The next that the Ottawa men heard of the matter is their summary suspension. Clarke has apparently complained that they ran against professionals at Ogdensburg. If they did they did not know it and took every means to satisfy themselves. The best proof that they would not run against professionals is that they protested Clarke. The secretary of the Capital Lacrosse Club has in his possession a letter from the secretary of the Ogdensburg Athletic Association stating that the race in which Carson and Carleton participated was strictly an amateur race and that if any professionals entered it was against the wishes of the association and they were ignorant of it. There is a great deal of resentment felt here against the action of the five of the executive of the C.A.A.A., which a prominent member of the Capitals executive characterized as 'presumptuous.' The Capital Lacrosse Club is not affiliated with the Canadian Amateur Athletic Association.

EXCITEMENT AT QUEBEC.

Quebec, Sept. 2.—There is the greatest excitement in lacrosse circles here to-day over the big match this afternoon between the Shamrocks and the Capitals and there has been a terrible rush since Saturday to secure all the reserved seats on the stand on the Q.A.A. grounds. Both the competing teams have arrived, the Shamrocks coming this morning by boat with their secretary, Mr. C. A. McDonnell. The assistant secretary, Mr. Charles Neville, has been here since Saturday, and, accompanied by some of the Q.A.A. directors went on board the flagship 'Crescent,' extended a cordial invitation to the officers of the warships to attend and witness the match, and on behalf of the officers Captain Powell graciously accepted it and stated that some twenty-five of his colleagues would be present as well as the flagship's excellent band. The ball will be started at 3.15 by Mayor Parent. The weather is all that could be desired, bright, cool and bracing. The referee and umpires will probably be Quebeckers

CURRENCY REFORM IN ENGLAND.

London, Sept. 2.—The parliamentary bimetallic committee have issued a circular requesting all members of the House of Commons to co-operate with the committee in voting at the next session of the House, in favor of a resolution for a reform of the currency.

THE HON. J. C. PATTERSON.

SWORN IN LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF MANITOBA THIS MORNING.

AN UNENVIABLE RECORD.

Ottawa, Sept. 2.—The Hon. J. C. Patterson has just been sworn in Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba. The most prominent object among the political wreckage left by the collapse of the Thompson administration is the Hon. J. C. Patterson, M.P., president of the Ontario Conservative Association, in which position he succeeded Mr. Dalton McCarthy. Mr. Patterson was much talked of as a coming man once. He came, but he did not come to stay. He was a serious disappointment. His friend, Mr. Haggart, who had been the means of bringing him into the Cabinet, dropped him, and a little later Sir John Thompson was pressed to fill the vacancy on the bench in Ontario by appointing Mr. Patterson. Sir John, however, wanted to relieve the Conservative Catholics in Ontario of Mr. Meredith and

THE HON. J. C. PATTERSON.

so Mr. Patterson was not made a judge. When the Bowell ministry was being formed, Mr. Haggart insisted on the entrance of Dr. Montague and Mr. Patterson as good as told he was not wanted. Mr. Patterson came in without portfolio on the understanding that he was shortly to give way to Dr. Montague and accept the Lieutenant-Governorship of Manitoba. He presently surrendered his portfolio to Dr. Montague and is now receiving his reward. As a minister the only important portfolio Mr. Patterson held was militia and here he weakly allowed General Herbert to ride rough shod over everybody until political exigencies compelled him to cancel one-half of the General's special orders which led to the General's resignation last fall. Mr. Patterson's position is almost pitiable. After imposing himself on an unwilling constituency and nursing it sedulously for four years, he is about to impose himself upon an unwilling province as its lieutenant-governor, a province so unwilling to receive him as governor that its public press has refused to credit the report of his appointment. So the 'rising hope of the Ontario Conservatives' retires into an office which when created was never intended as a refuge for defeated, discredited and wire-pulling politicians.

BASEBALL.

INDEPENDENTS DEFEAT BISSONS.

On Saturday afternoon the Independent Baseball nine inflicted a severe defeat on the Bisson nine, the score being 24 runs to four. The game was umpired by J. A. Chabot.

Score by innings—

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Independent..	1	0	6	3	5	2	0	8—24
Bisson..	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3— 4

Although the attraction at the M. A. A. A. grounds drew a lot of people, still the game of baseball played between the St. Albans and National nines, on the National grounds, was witnessed by about 1,000 spectators. The much vaunted Dinsmore did not appear with the St. Albans nine as expected, accordingly Doheny did the twirling until the fourth inning, when he was replaced by Bray. As a pitcher, the latter man did very well, his fielding, however, can easily be improved.

For the home team, Belcourt showed up to great advantage, his pitching was excellent. Page, Viger and Brouillette bore off the batting honors. Just before the game commenced, the players were having a little preliminary practice, when Bob. Seal, of the Nationals, fell and broke his leg. This was a most regrettable accident, as Mr. Seal is one of the most popular men on the nine.

Mr. E. W. Varney acted as umpire, his decisions were generally satisfactory, although some objections were heard.

Below will be found the score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
National..	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	—4
St. Albans	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	—3

Bases on balls, National, 5; St. Albans, 6; bases on errors, National, 6; St. Albans, 2; hit by pitcher, Courtemanche, Doheny; three base hit, Viger; two base hit, Brouillette; passed balls, Hoyt, 3; Brouillette, 2; wild pitches, Belcourt, 2; Bray, 2; struck out, by Doheney, 3; Bray, 5; Belcourt, 9; stolen bases, Gauthier, Page, Hoyt; time of game, two hours; umpire, Mr. Varney.

NEW EASTERN QUESTION.

A Possible Alliance Between Britain and Japan.

VIEWS OF A JAPANESE DIPLOMAT ON THE SUBJECT.

New York, Sept. 2.—The 'Herald's' Tokio correspondent says: 'I met in the Imperial Hotel, in Tokio, recently, a trained Japanese diplomatist, a gentleman, who rendered service in three Japanese legations in Europe, and is now holding a prominent official place in the government here. He talked freely about the future of Japan and of the complications which now beset her. Asked as to the probability of an alliance between Great Britain and Japan, as against Russian aggression in the east, this gentleman said, 'Great Britain must be very careful about entering into alliances. She has enormous interests scattered throughout the world, and entanglements to her are serious. Japan is yet too small a power to make an alliance with Great Britain, because in the event of trouble the former could not well furnish a proper share of concrete force, but I think an understanding will soon be arrived at between Japan and Great Britain touching the new eastern question which will amount practically to an alliance. I know that correspondence to this end has passed between Tokio and London. Lord Salisbury's government is always marked by firm assertion of Great Britain's foreign rights and the protection of her foreign interests.'

'Have you any doubt as to Russia's policy in the East,' I asked.

'No, not in the least,' he answered. 'Russia has in twenty-five years developed a naval power and she is naturally forced to seek seaports and harbors. Being deprived of these by climate and British policy on the Continent, I do not wonder that Russia is determined to find an outlet on the Pacific and I cannot say that I blame her. At the same time it should be the policy of Europe to hold her within her own lines strictly. She is the most dangerous power to-day in the world. If the Russians like their system they should be permitted to enjoy it, but they should be kept at home. When I was in St. Petersburg two years ago I was told by a Russian diplomat that Japan could not expand, because the Christian nations of the earth could not afford to see a heathen power arise to force and prominence and become an influence in the world's affairs.'

PILLSBURY THE WINNER

OF THE FIRST PRIZE AT THE GREAT CHESS TOURNAMENT.

Hastings, Sept. 2.—The final round of the great chess tournament takes place to-day. Brassey Institute is thronged with spectators to witness the finish, and great excitement prevails. Up to the adjournment of the afternoon session the following games were finished: Pillsbury beat Gunsberg, winning first prize.

THE FRENCH IN MADAGASCAR.

PITIABLE CONDITION OF THE TROOPS.

Paris, Sept. 1.—The 'Soleil' publishes a letter from its correspondent at Majunga, Madagascar, which says that 2,260 French soldiers are in the hospital there besides a large number of others who have been sent to the Island of Reunion or are about to be sent home as invalids. The hospitals, the letter says, are mere shells, containing tiers of beds, one above another, the uppermost beds coming in contact with the canvas roof. The physicians and attendants are insufficient in number, besides being in many cases incompetent. It is also asserted by the correspondent that almost all of the men who are still able to continue in the ranks are suffering severely from swollen feet.

GULF REPORT.

L'Islet, Sept. 2.—Clear; west wind; inward at 6.30 a.m., SS. Norwegian.

River du Loup, Sept. 2.—Clear; west wind.

Father Point, Sept. 2.—West wind; inward at 7 a.m., SS. Lake Ontario.

Martin River, Sept. 2.—North-west wind; inward at 7 a.m., SS. Turret Crown.

Fame Point, Sept. 2.—Gale, north-west; outward, 8 a.m. SS. Parisian.

North Shore, Sept. 2.—Gale, northwest.

Point Des Monts, Sept. 2.—Outward, 8 a.m. SS. Florence.

Trinity Bay, Sept. 2.—SS. Relief anchored.

Pentecost, Sept. 2.—Outward, 8 a.m., SS. Otter.

Anticosti, Sept. 2—Clear; west wind.

Low Point, Sept. 2.—Clear; north-west wind; inward, Turret Cape and Turret.

Montreal, Sept. 2.

Readings by Hearn & Harrison's Standard Barometer at noon to-day, 29.89; yesterday, 29.85. To-day, temperature, max. 68, min. 60; yesterday, max. 66, min. 52.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Birth notices are inserted for 25c, marriage notices for 50c, death notices for 25c prepaid. The announcement of funeral appended to death notice, 25c extra; other extension to obituary, such as short sketch of life, two cents per word extra, except poetry, which is 50 cents per line extra—prepaid.

Annual subscribers may have announcements of births, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verses) occurring in their immediate families, free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should be given.

BIRTHS.

CLARK.—On Aug. 25, 1895, at 391 Wolfe street, London, the wife of the Rev. W. J. Clark, of a daughter. 31

EDGERTON—At Meckling, South Dakota, on July 28, 1895, to Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Edgerton, a son (still-born). 2

LAUGHLIN.—At 13 Quesnel street, on Aug. 21, 1895, the wife of James A. Laughlin, of a daughter. 31

THOMPSON.—At Iroquois, Ont., on Sunday morning, Aug. 25, 1895, the wife of T. A. Thompson, of a son. 29

MARRIED.

BROWN—MOONEY.—At the residence of the bride's father, 501 Cooper street, Ottawa, on Aug. 23, 1895, by the Rev. Dr. Saunders, the Rev. D. Brown, B.A., B.D., Methodist minister of Webbwood, Ont., to Miss Mildred H. Mooney, daughter of Henry Mooney, manager of Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company, Ottawa district.

CRAWFORD—ROSE.—At the residence of the bride's mother, Strathroy, Ont., on Aug. 28, 1895, by the Rev. W. G. Jordan, B.A., assisted by the Rev. J. M. Munro, Martha Rose, to the Rev. John Crawford, B.A., of Niagara Falls. 31

KNAPP—CHURCH.—On Aug. 28, 1895, at 231 College street, Toronto, by the Rev. B. B. Keefer, Miss Hannah J. Church to James W. Knapp of New Rochelle, N.Y. 31

PEDLEY—HOBART.—At the residence of the bride's father, on Aug. 28, 1895, by the Rev. Canon Spragge, of St. Peter's Church, Frank Pedley, of Toronto, barrister-at-law, to Helen A. Hobart, only daughter of Sidney Hobart, Esq., Cobourg, Ont. 31

ROBINSON—BALDWIN.—On Aug. 29, 1895, at St. George's Church, Toronto, by the Rev. Canon Cayley, Ralph Abram Robinson, of the Bank of British North America, to Susanna Yarwood, youngest daughter of the late William Wilcocks Baldwin. 31

DIED.

CURTIS—At Warden, Que., on Aug. 27, 1895, Jane Coatsworth, wife of Philo Curtis, aged 69 years. 2

HALL—At his residence, in East Farnham, on Friday, Aug. 30, 1895, Lieut.-Colonel C. L. Hall, in the seventy-eighth year of his age. 2

HOOD—At Yearly, Muskoka, Ont., on Aug. 29, 1895, R. Mary Hood, daughter of Wm. Hood, engineer, aged 37 years.
Toronto papers please copy. 2

KAY—At Montreal, on Saturday, Aug. 31, 1895, Anne Omelia, relict of the late John Kay, aged 71 years.
Funeral from the residence of her son-in-law, David Seath, 63 McGill College avenue, on Tuesday, at 2.30 p.m. 2

McCUAIG—At Thurso, on Aug. 26, 1895, Donald McCuaig, formerly of Kenyon, Glengarry, in the forty-fifth year of his age. Mourned by a large circle of friends. 2

MURRAY.—At St. Catharines, Ont., on Aug. 27, 1895, suddenly, James Murray, in his 64th year. 31

SCARLETT.—At his home, Hamilton, on the 26th Aug., David Scarlett, fourth son of Edward Scarlett, of Montreal, aged 37 years and 10 days.
Interred at Hamilton.
Alabama and St. Louis papers please copy. 31

SMITH—At Westmount, on Aug. 31, 1895, Jeanie Elizabeth, youngest daughter of Wm. Smith.
Funeral from her father's residence, 4140 Sherbrooke street, on Tuesday, Sept. 3, at 2.30 p.m. 2

WILKIN.—At Lemesurier, Que., on July 11, 1895, Anna Gullen, wife of John Wilkin, senr., in the eightieth year of her age. 31

Those sending notices for the above column may send with them a list of names of interested friends. Marked copies of the 'Witness' containing such notice will be sent free to any address in Canada Montreal excepted.

Notices received too late for this column are usually placed on the 6th page.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

SCHOOL DESKS
MADE BY
TEES, 300 St. James st.

R. SEALE & SON, FUNERAL DIRECTORS,
Phone 2462. Cor. Beaver Hall and Dorchester sts.

THE SURVIVAL OF THE FITTEST
ASPHALT.
Rats, dampness, foul air and disease germs of every kind are
BARRED OUT
BY
ASPHALT.
Nothing else compares with it for basement floors on either house or store.
GEO. W. REED.
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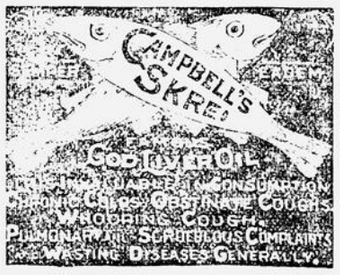

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Apply at the "WITNESS" OFFICE

Montreal's
Greatest Store!

CHOICE DRESS GOODS.

No person can speak too highly of the Novelties in Fall Dress Goods just introduced into stock, the effects are surpassing ly beautiful and the textures of the Fabrics are everything that can be desired. For instance, the

New Landwehr Tweeds at 75c yd,
New Argenteull Tweeds, at 60c yd,

are the correct materials this fall for Ladies' Walking Dresses.

NEW FALL CREPONS.

Crepon will be the fashionable material for Ladies' Dresses for this fall.
S. Carsley has just received ten cases of Black Crepons, in Silk and Wool and all-wool, prices from 35c to $2.95. Also one case of the

NEW AND RICH NEURA CREPONS.

In Clouded Silk, and Wool Effects,
In Black and Heliotrope.

Black and Cardinal,
Black and Nile Green,
Black, and sold
at $1.15.

Choice Line of Ladies' New Habit Cloths, double width, in all the leading shades at only 47 cents yd., is selling very quickly.

S. CARSLEY.

NEW GOLF CAPES
NEW GOLF CAPES

Now showing very high class novelties in Ladies' Golf Capes.
The prices will be found to be the cheapest in the city.

Golf Capes, $3.40.
Golf Capes, $4.45.
Golf Capes, $4.95.
Golf Capes, $5.75.
Golf Capes, $6.
Golf Capes, up to $18.

NEW GOLF JERSEYS.
NEW GOLF JERSEYS.

Just received two more cases of Ladies' Golf Jerseys in black and colors.
All very choice goods, and selling quickly.

S. CARSLEY.

NEW MANTLE CLOTHS

Just opened five cases of New Mantle and Jacket Cloths, in all desirable weights, for Fall and Winter.

New Box Cloth Coatings, $1.35.
In Black and Leading Colors.
New English Tweed Ulsterings, $1.10.
New Scotch Tweed Ulsterings, $1.20.
New Cheviot Serges, $1.30.
In newest colorings.

NEW GOLF TWEEDS,

In all leading shades of Grey, Drab, Fawns, and other stylish colors, with Scotch Tartan and Fancy Plaid reverse. All the very finest goods at all prices, from $1.15 yd.

S. CARSLEY.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS
TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS
TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS
TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS

Parents and Guardians will please note that S. Carsley has purchased at a

LARGE DISCOUNT

The entire stock of
MESSRS. H. SHOREY & CO.'S
Boys' and Youths' Clothing, and is selling them at such low prices that it will tempt parents to buy several suits.

S. CARSLEY.

BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS.
BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS.

Hundreds of the suits are especially adapted for school wear.
Boys' Tweed School Suits, $1.35.
Boys' Navy Serge School Suits, $1.00.
Boys' Halifax Tweed Suits, $1.95.
Boys' Fancy Tweed School Suits, $2.10.
Boys' Black School Suits, $3.75.
Boys' Tweed Reefer Suits, $2.35.
Boys' Nap Cloth Reefer Coats, $1.40.
Boys' Cloth School Caps, 15c.

S. CARSLEY.

SCHOOL BOOKS
—AT—
LOW PRICES.
PARENTS AND GUARDIANS
should come direct to S. Carsley's and save ten per cent to fifteen percent on your purchase of school Books.

FREE. FREE.

On all purchases of $1.75 a neat scholar's companion free. On all purchases of $1 a splendid pocket Dictionary free.

S. CARSLEY.

FOR RAINY WEATHER

The correct Waterproof to wear is the fashionable Righy Waterproof for both Ladies and Gentlemen.
The Store in Montreal for them is

S. CARSLEY'S,

Notre Dame and St. Peter sts., Montreal.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.'S ADVERTISEMENT.

IN LADIES' GARMENTS,

Golf Capes are the leading novelty at present, and, as usual, our Mantle Department is right away in front with a choice selection at cheap cash prices. Let us quote:—

GOLF CAPES, $3.50
GOLF CAPES, $3.85.
GOLF CAPES, $4.50.
GOLF CAPES, $5.00.
GOLF CAPES, $6.50.
GOLF CAPES up to $19.50.

During the last few days we have put to stock ten cases of New Mantles and are fast getting under way for the Fall Trade.

Boys' Tweed Suits.

Low prices rule in our Boys' Clothing Department—low prices combined with the indispensable requisites of Fit, Fashion and Durability. Read the following list:—

Boys' All-Wool 2-piece Suits, from $2.25 up.
Boys' All-Wool 3-piece Suits, from $4.85 up.
Boys' Navy Serge Sailor Suits, from $1.00 up.
Boys' Tweed Sailor Suits, from $1.20 up.
Boys' Navy Serge Man-o'-War Suits, from $3.50 up.
Boys' Navy Serge Reefers, from $2.25 up.

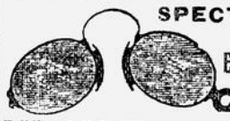
JUST RECEIVED.

We have just received a large consignment of Black Serges, which, owing to the exceptionally low prices at which they are placed, demand the attention of all intending purchasers.

READ! READ!

Black Cheviot Serges, 40c, 45c, 50c, 60c, 75c, $1.00, $1.10 per yard.
Black Estamen Serges, 40c, 45c, 50c, 90c, $1.00, $1.10, $1.25 per yard.
Black Costume Serges, 60 inches wide, $1, $1.10, $1.25, $1.50 per yard.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.,
2343 ST. CATHERINE STREET.
Corner Metcalfe st.
TELEPHONE, No. 3833.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EYE GLASSES.
Full line of all the different makes at very close prices.
In Solid Gold, best quality lens, from $4.
Solid Nickel for $1. Regular price $1.50.
D. BEATTY,
Watchmaker and Jeweller,
137 St. Peter Street, opposite Witness' Office.

GENERAL BAZAAR.

Wide Grey Cotton, 3c.
Grey Sheeting, two yards wide, 12½c.
Grey Twill Flannel, 12½c.
Grey Canton Flannel, 6c.
Halifax Tweed, all-wool, 25c.
Plaid Dress Goods, 25c.
Dress Serges, all-wool, 20c.
Opera Flannel, 17½c, worth 25c.
Colored Cashmeres, 25c; worth 35c.
Raw Silk for Curtains, 35c; worth 50c.
Double Width Black Farmers' Satin, 15c.
Remnants Table Linen.
Remnants Butcher Linen.
Remnants Dress Linings.
Remnants Towelling.
ROWELL'S GENERAL BAZAAR,
1597 Notre Dame Street,
Between St. Lambert's Hill and Court House.
26

MISTAKES IN BUYING

Finding out afterwards you might have been better suited for less money—how annoying. This cannot occur with any purchase of our Carpets, Oilcloths, Rugs and Curtains, or other furnishings—goods and prices are right beyond any chance of error.

JAMES BAYLIS & SON
The Carpet Warehouse, 1837 NOTRE DAME ST. near McGill street

"Once Bit Twice Shy"

If you discover you have made a mistake, you try to rectify it. The next time you order
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COOK'S FRIEND
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23

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28

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—AND—
COSTUME CLOTHS
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A Glorious Swim

In the magnificent marble swimming bath of the Turkish Bath Hotel, only costs 25 cents. Towels, trunks, &c., provided free.

54 TUPPER STREET.

The school conducted by the Misses Gwilt will reopen on Friday, Sept. 13. After Monday, Sept. 9, Miss Gwilt will be at home to see visitors on school business. Miss V. Gwilt will resume her music class on Sept. 13.
2

The Daily Witness.

MONDAY AFTERNOON, SEPT. 2.

EMMANUEL'S NEW PASTOR.

THE REV. DR. EVANS DELIVERS A VERY ABLE SERMON.

THE CONGREGATION PLEDGE THEIR HEARTY SUPPORT AND CO-OPERATION.

'Therefore came I unto you without gainsaying as soon as I was sent for: I ask therefore for what intent ye have sent for me.'

These words, found in Acts x.: 29, contain a timely question for the members of Emmanuel Congregational Church, and on them the Rev. Dr. Elnion C. Evans yesterday morning based the first sermon preached in his new pastorate. The edifice was thronged with worshippers; and at the commencement of the communion service which followed the sermon Mr. J. M. M. Duff, on behalf of the congregation, extended to Dr. Evans the right hand of fellowship and pledged to him their hearty support and co-operation.

'The case of Peter going down to Caesarea to preach at the house of Cornelius,' said Dr. Evans, 'has so many points of contact with the beginning of a new pastorate as to suggest a pertinent text for my initial sermon as your minister. On the part of Cornelius there had been a prayerful waiting before God and a manful doing of his will so far as known. On the part of Peter there had been a similar spiritual attitude. It was in view of this and in a large measure because of it that the angelic vision came to Cornelius. Had there been no prayer on his part there would have been no heavenly disclosure of divine approval and direction. And in the case of Peter, had he not been in a prayerful, expectant mood before God, there would have been no opening of the heavens to him. He would have lived and died in the heartless narrowness of national exclusiveness. Instead of being the first to grasp and to give practical expression to the world-wide comprehensiveness of Christianity. 'Prayer is a mighty weapon. Prayer is a master's key. Prayer is a magician's wand. As Tennyson says:

More things are wrought by prayer
Than this world dreams of. Wherefore let thy voice
Rise like a fountain for me night and day.
For what are men better than sheep and goats
That nourish a blind life within the brain,
If knowing God they lift not hands of prayer
Both for themselves and those who call them friends?
For so the whole world is every way
Bound by gold chains about the feet of God.'

'Many a change has come over the world since the days of Peter and Cornelius, but prayer is as natural, as necessary, as mighty as ever. Any amount of study on the part of the minister—any amount of work on the part of the Church can never take the place of prayer. If the negotiations which have led to the present arrangement in the pastorate of this church had their inspiration at the throne of grace we may confidently reckon on the divine endorsement and favor.

'Peter's question to Cornelius is my question to the members of Emmanuel Church this morning. I am here through your formal and fervent invitation—an invitation which I believe was preceded by the devout and earnest prayers of more than one Cornelius—an invitation, which, if it did not find me upon the house-top, must certainly have sent me thither in search of heavenly counsel and direction—an invitation whose acceptance, I devoutly trust, was prompted by no other motive than a spirit of loyal obedience to the mandates of the Great Head of the Church. That answers the question why I am here. But the question as to the motive back of the action of the church is fundamental. It involves your conception of the sphere and function of the Christian ministry. Essential harmony between pulpit and pew is indispensable to the success of any pastorate. "For how can two walk together except they be agreed?"

'In the largest branch of the Christian church the minister has become a priest, an administrator of sacraments, an official concerned with forms and rites and ceremonies, a being who, through the legerdemain of Episcopal ordination and apostolic succession, has been exalted into a demi-god, holding in his hands the key of endless destiny.

'Among Protestants a variety of views prevails. There are churches who look upon the minister as a sort of theatrical manager charged with the duty of providing a weekly musical and literary entertainment, or as an apostle of ethical culture, or as a keen-eyed critic quick to see the mistakes of Moses and Isaiah and Daniel and mighty to magnify the merits of Emerson, Gretho and Carlyle, or as a popular lecturer on every conceivable topic in the entire realm of thought, with the single exception of the 'old, old story of Jesus and his love.' There are a few churches in which the minister is the general manager of a vast and complicated concern, with no end of societies and organizations, combining many of the features of a hospital, a hotel and a gymnasium—with schools and classes and bureaus without number—where everything is taught but Christianity and where everything is done but down-right Christian work. Occasionally we come across a church where the minister is expected to be the figure-head and mouth-piece, the idol and pride, the high-priest and apologist of a fashionable, worldly, mutual admiration ecclesiastical society—a man whose chief concern is to cater to the tastes of his patrons and, in the words of Pope,

'Who never mentions hell to ears polite.'

'I am sure that none of these approach your conception of the place and mission of the Christian minister and that were the opportunity afforded you to give vocal expression to your thoughts you would answer my question, For what intent ye have sent for me? in the words of Cornelius, "We are all here before God to hear all things that are commanded of God."'

The preacher then proceeded to ... sketch of what he conceived the ... the pulpit should be—what his ... his daily life. 'The great need ... times, like all other times,' he ... continuation, 'is a commanding ... a ministry that boldly and ... declares the whole counsel of God ... istry of strong intellectuality ... piety, of genuine sympathy, of ... able moral earnestness—a ministry ... sees in the gospel the solution ... problem, the panacea for ... inspiration to every high ... the ground of ever abiding hope ... istry whose supreme aim it is ... healing power of the love of God ... upon the hardships and difficulties ... bereavements of life,—a ministry ... fosters an ambition for the ... gable things on earth while ... soul for the full fruition of ... aspirations in the land beyond.'

'For such a ministry may the ... the harvest give us the men. ... of Emmanuel Church, may ... daily prayer that the pastorate ... gins to-day may more and more ... materialize this ideal as the months ... may roll away; and not unto us ... to us, but unto the ineffable name ... be all the glory. Amen.'

CHRISTIANITY AND ECONOMICS.

The Rev. Dr. Evans's discourse ... manuel Church 1st evening was ... quent treatise on the subject ... tianity and economics. He ... from Galatians vi., 5 and 2... shall bear his own burdens, ... ye one another's burdens,' and ... the causes that have led to the ... state of things in the world ... the way in which the economic ... are finally to be solved. The ... restfulness and agitation in the ... labor was, he thought, a sign ... as movement was the characteristic ... life. With three-quarters of a ... billion of dollars of United States ... in the hands of less than a million ... people, while three millions of ... tants of the same country ... stantly on the verge of starvation ... thing was surely wrong with the ... system of economics. The ... laboring classes was, he said, ... tianity. Christianity aimed at ... an ideal social state upon earth ... promised to usher in an economical ... litical as well as a spiritual ... Christianity's method was ... not revolutionary, dynamical ... chanical. It worked from the ... not from the outside in, ... principle and not by will. ... rectly entangle existing institutions ... introduced quietly into the human ... such principles as would gradually ... mine and finally overthrow all ... and oppression and cause men ... their neighbors and see that each ... what he was entitled to by virtue ... being children of the King—a ... home, a clean, warmed and airy ... cy of nourishing food.'

RECEPTION OF CANDIDATES.

The Rev. F. C. Reynolds, of ... End Methodist Church, having ... yesterday as the occasion for the ... reception of candidates into the ... conducted services of an important ... specially interesting character. ... afternoon a young peoples' class ... formed, according to the discipline ... the Methodist Church, about ... members being enrolled, the ... to meet every Sunday afternoon ... o'clock. During the evening ... persons were publicly and ... ceived, with all due ceremony, ... membership of the Methodist ... Canada.

At the morning service ... preached a very powerful ... ing his discourse on the ... Love.' After dwelling at ... beauty of the character ... er said that all spiritual ... moral blessings come from ... his unequalled love for men, ... who is also the fountain ... This fact is worthy of note ... a past love, nor a future, but ... really. It is a part and parcel ... great nature of God, and is the ... spring of his every motive. ... love are identical. Take away ... him and you destroy his very ... acter. Continuing, Mr. Reynolds ... Justice is part of the true character ... God. What is the justice of ... It not just that the sinful ... shall be damned, and is it not ... just that the righteous man be ... rewarded in the life hereafter ... made ample provision not only ... bodily powers but for our ... powers, so that the more we ... God and yet continue in sin, ... will be our responsibility, and ... that numbers purposely neglect ... ing the means of grace in order ... assuming this greater ... ignoring the fact that 'Man ... only responsible for what he does ... but for what he might know.' We ... know in our hearts that God is ... and, also, that God is God. The ... of this love is made manifest in ... sent his son that we, through him, ... be saved, for 'He that believeth ... shall have everlasting life.' God ... his son to redeem us. Do we ... think of Christ as the manifestation ... God to us. Is it not true that ... the true propitiation for our sins? ... admit that it is. Then, God ... person for us to be shielded ... rather, that we receive him as ... forter and Saviour.

Again, look at the beauty and ... of nature and you see God's ... dom and skill displayed to ... yet this is only part. But as ... at Calvary you see there the ... and manifestation of a character ... and loving in its every trait, ... but one God, the God manifest ... Christ, who reconciles our ... wills our destiny. Love brings ... rows, and created a hope ... through the atonement of God ... you believe and understand ... that God loves you, and what ... this love on your lives. It ... that we should be cursed if we ... God, but if we love him ... what he has done for us, to ... keep his commandments and ... requires us.

THE COLONNA-McKAY DIVORCE.

London, Sept. 1.—A special ... ples says: 'It has been decided ... court that Princess Colonna, ... daughter of Mr. John W. McKay, ... entitled to the custody of her ... The Princess received her ... urday.'

ADVERTISEMENTS.

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AMERICAN WRINGER CO.'S STORE
And See It Grow.

YOU ARE NOT URGED TO PLACE YOUR MONEY IN DOUBTFUL ENTERPRISE, WHERE IT WILL TAKE YEARS BEFORE ANY IMPROVEMENT CAN BE SEEN; BUT PLANT IT HERE, AND AFTER THE FIRST PAYMENT YOU WILL BE ABLE TO ENJOY A NICELY FURNISHED HOME.

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20.00	"	4.00	"	50c	" "
30.00	"	6.00	"	75c	" "
50.00	"	10.00	"	$1.00	" "

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WE GUARANTEE EQUAL VALUE, LONGER TIME AND EASIER TERMS THAN ANY HOUSE IN THE TRADE.

Every Household Want Supplied Here.

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GRANT'S PATENT SPECTACLE INDICATOR
PROF. SAM. S. GRANT,
1st honors pupil of Dr. Bucklin, A.M., M.D.
Sight carefully and delicately tested. SPECTACLES and EYEGLASSES fitted by scientific methods.
Oculist's Prescriptions executed same day received. Established 35 years. Charges moderate.
HENRY GRANT & SON,
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MONEY TO LEND
At Low Rate of interest and on favorable terms, on first-class property.
SUN LIFE ASSURANCE CO. of Canada.

LABOR DAY.

A Large Procession Witnessed by Many Thousands.

BANDS OF MUSIC AND FLAGS—GAMES AT THE EXHIBITION GROUNDS.

The Labor Day celebration, which was a great feature of to-day's doings in the city, was a grand and decided success. At an early hour this morning strains of music from brass bands and fife corps, martial fife-and-drum corps, were heard in the city, and by eight o'clock they had centred in the vicinity of the Champ de Mars, where the various sections of the grand procession of the day—labor organizations of the city—were forming into line, preparatory to marching and forming the great parade. By eight, that is to say, that early as was the hour, the Knights of Labor, gay with banners, music and uniform, the early spectators were earlier, and by eight o'clock Craig street, from Bleury to Sanguinet, was as lively as a hive just before a swarming. The various sections of the procession with their bands, were under the guidance of the Labor Day Committee, composed of Messrs. U. Lafontaine, chairman; L. Z. Lamoureau, secretary; J. Beland, treasurer; Messrs. Evan, J. S. Lewis, V. Cusson, A. Gauthier and J. A. Rodier, and very skilfully was the procession formed into line. Shortly after nine o'clock the procession fell into line and started as follows: —

Platoon of Police.
Chief Marshals and Staff.
Band and Banner.
L. A. 527, English Carters and Freight-handlers.
K. of L. Mounted.
Jacques Cartier Diamond Assembly, K. of L.
Maisonneuve Front Assembly, K. of L.
Band and Banner.
Fraternity Assembly, K. of L.
Unity Assembly, K. of L.
Upholsterers' Assembly, K. of L.
Band and Banner.
St. Antoine Assembly, K. of L.
Maple Leaf Assembly, K. of L.
Dominion Assembly, K. of L.

LABOR DAY VIEW OF THE PARADE ON ST. JAMES STREET.

D. A. 15, K. of L.
Band and Banner.
Grand Hermine Assembly, K. of L.
Jean Baptiste Assembly, K. of L.
Progressive Assembly, K. of L.
Band and Banner.
Bloomers Assembly (French), K. of L.
Hochelaga Assembly, K. of L.
Maisonneuve Assembly, K. of L.
Secession from Barbers' Assembly.
Band and Banner.
Mount Royal Assembly, K. of L.
Ville Marie Assembly, K. of L.
Hatters' Assembly, K. of L.
Ville Marie Assembly, K. of L.
D. A. 15, K. of L.
Band and Banner.
Plasterers' Union.
Stone Masons' Union.
Painters and Decorators Union 74.
Carriage and Banner.
Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners. Local 134.
Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners. Local 378.
Band and Banner.
Stone Cutters' Union.
Band and Banner.
Brotherhood Railroad Trainmen, 14.
Brotherhood Railroad Trainmen, 506.
Brotherhood Locomotive Firemen, 15.
Brotherhood Locomotive Firemen, 335.
Band and Banner.
International Association of Machinists. Maisonneuve Lodge.
Mount Royal.
Victoria Lodge.
Brotherhood of Boilermakers.
Band and Banner.
Cigar Makers' Protective Union.
Iron Moulders' Union, 21.
Band and Banner.
Typographical Union, 145.
Typographical Union, 176.
Cloakmakers' Union, 72.
Bakers' Union.
Window Glassworkers' Union No. 24.
Band and Banner.
Bricklayers' Union.
Banner.
Trades Unions, 226 and 58.
Band and Banner.
Montreal T. & L. Council.
Special Guests.
Mayor and Aldermen.
Montreal T. & L. Council.

The march of the procession was along Craig street to St. James, Inspector, McGill, St. James, St. Lawrence, St. Catherine, Peel, Ontario, St. Denis, Fine Arts, Richmond, Chatham, Cadieux, Martin, Maisonneuve, Mount Royal avenue, Papineau, Iberville. It was an imposing sight, the well-dressed, animated body of men, all intelligent looking and eager, marching along, keeping time to the music by badge, flag, banner, while the bands, the best of which filled with the enthusiasm of the occasion, played sweet airs. The day was all that could be desired, Old Sol, being a day laborer himself, and just now working towards shorter hours, doing his utmost to make the event a brilliant success. At 11.30 o'clock the head of the procession had reached the Exhibition grounds in which an elaborate programme of sports, games, music and other festivities were to be the order of the afternoon. Just inside of the grounds at one o'clock this afternoon the scene was gay and festive to a degree. Knights of Labor, young ladies, young men, girls, boys and infants circulated about on pleasure intent. Booths selling lemonade, peanuts, fruit, etc., did a rushing business while the nigger at whose head one could throw three balls for five cents, earned more money in an hour with the outside of his pate than he can ever hope to do with the inside of it. The inevitable wheel of fortune was there doing a rushing business also. By two o'clock an enormous crowd had gathered inside the grounds proper, where the games were to take place and the grand stand and all available seating localities were jammed.

During the afternoon the popular band of the Victoria Rifles rendered most delectably a number of musical selections.

LABOR DAY NOTES.

The evening French papers are keeping Labor Day and will not be published this evening.

In past years it has been the custom for some of the Roman Catholic workingmen to attend a special service in the Church of Notre Dame on the morning of Labor Day, but that part of the programme was not carried out this year. Referring to the matter, the 'Minerve' says: 'We would have liked to see a larger share given to religion in the celebration. That would have been more in accordance with sound French-Canadian traditions.'

LABOR DAY IN QUEBEC.

Quebec, Sept. 2.—The festival of the working classes is being observed here as a federal and civic holiday and celebrated with more than usual eclat. The programme comprised a thanksgiving service at St. John's Church and a great public procession, with bands, allegorical cars, banners, etc., in the forenoon, sports at Dery Park in the afternoon, and a grand concert at the Jacques Cartier Hall, in the evening, at which Mr. Laurier will deliver an address to the workingmen.

The weather here is splendid and the turnout is one of the largest and finest ever yet witnessed in Quebec. Some forty-eight different labor organizations and societies, besides strong deputations from all the surrounding parishes and from as far away even as the Lake St. John region, are taking part in the grand street parade, their badges, banners, allegorical cars and bands, making a very striking turnout and one extremely creditable to the local working classes. In view of the celebration most of the stores are closed and business appears to be pretty generally suspended.

THE DAY IN TORONTO.

Toronto, Sept. 2.—Labor Day is proving the greatest holiday of the present year in the Queen city. A hundred thousand spectators lined the streets to see the great parade, which for three hours marched through the leading thoroughfares. Thousands of artisans on foot, hundreds in carriages and hundreds of business vehicles, adorned in gay and fantastic style, enlivened the demonstration. Mottoes such as 'All capital belongs to labor,' 'We are united for peace, not for war,' 'Organization, education and legislation,' 'Protection for all, injury to none.' Men attired in bloomers bicycling, trademen plying their avocations and bowers of evergreen under waving flags formed the features of the bright street scenes. Halycon skies added to the brilliance of the spectacle. There was no disorder. The police without violence, kept the way clear. Only in a few routes were the street cars run, a whole line of stationary trolleys on Yonge street being one of the numerous demonstrations of the ephemeral triumph of organized labor. Retail stores are largely closed and business is almost at a standstill. Steamers are thronged carrying crowds to Centre island park for this afternoon's speech-making.

NOT GENERALLY OBSERVED IN NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 2.—This is the first 'Labor Day' that has not witnessed a general parade of all the trades in this city and its vicinity. This fact is considered significant in labor circles, of the general condition this year of New York working people. With but a few exceptions there are no questions to be agitated and no victories to be celebrated.

The labor organizations which have been engaged or interested in the recent strikes on the east side, were the only ones to celebrate to-day after the manner of previous years. The members of the Knights of Labor clothing trades formed in line early this morning. The leaders had arranged a mass meeting at Union square for the purpose of denouncing what they term as gross persecution of Eugene V. Debs.

The Anarchists of this city started out early to attend their picnic at Staten Island. Herr John Most and Herr Claus Timmerman, addressed the crowd, and enlarged upon the significance of labor day to American workingmen.

IN OTTAWA.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 2.—The Labor Day procession here to-day was a failure both in regard to the number who took part in it, and its being representative of the labor interests of the city.

"MERVEILLEUSE."

THE LATEST HATS.

SOMETHING ABOUT WHAT WILL BE WORN DURING THE FALL AND WINTER.

FLOWERS AND FEATHERS EQUALLY FASHIONABLE, ALSO JETS AND STEEL ORNAMENTS.

The mere masculine man is a distressing creature at the best of times, but never more so than when he attempts to appreciate feminine apparel. That 'love of a bonnet' that he has just passed on the street was, if noticed at all, an indefinite article to him—a medley or felt and flowers and feathers. Little he thinks, good easy man, of the anxious thought that has been bestowed upon each particular component of that combination, of the artistic skill displayed in its setting, and that it is in the very latest fashion, which is, after all, the thing of importance, what cares he, the Philistine, for that?

A FAVORITE.

Nevertheless, in the European capitals,

ONE OF THE LATEST.

but more especially in Paris—word of enchantment in the world of fashion!—an army has been devising stratagems of fashions to capture the fancy of youth and age, with results that vary according to the standard of taste.

The millinery devised for the present fall has several new features. Shot ribbons will remain one of the leading effects, while plain gros grain silk will be used for the better class trade, with Dresden, Persian and Cashmere effects for a novelty. The colors mentioned are many and various, including bleu Roi, russet brown, moss green, Robin Hood, Vesuvius flames, gendarme, cerise, petunia, Margottin red, and black and white. Velvet and fur combinations are one of the novelties of the season, as are chenille braids, of all colors, and nacre shades, which are to be used on the same principle as straw braids (rustic effects) were used last spring season.

Ostrich feathers will be very freely used in all styles, for trimming hats, victorines and collarettes. Ospreys will be very much in vogue; while the most favorite bird for the coming season, following the fashion of Europe, is likely to be the Merle, as it shows forth the shot effect in almost every combination; stiff birds and wings in coque effects will also receive a share of favor. Osprey aigrettes will be largely worn, the black and white mixture being most prevalent, while on Paris pattern goods three-quarter ostrich feathers are shown in great profusion.

A new departure for the fall season is the use of flowers in the trimming of hats, velvet roses being the most favored, while an effect of roses and poppies made of cut feathers will be fashionable. Chenille flowers will also be worn. Butter-colored Chantilly lace with the fur and velvet effect will hold a pronounced position in winter millinery ornamentation.

The present season is also expected to be the best for steel and jet ornaments, these being displayed in almost every conceivable variety. For covered goods velvet, plain and shot, will be used and these will probably be extensively worn.

In shapes, the tendency is to somewhat greater height in the crown than was worn in the season just expired. The low crown and brim will still hold its place in large shapes, however; and the bell crown, the narrow rolled brim of the English walking hat, low square crowns, plaques and plateau, (the crown of these being only a slight elevation in the centre), will be worn.

One of the Paris models shown by Messrs. Caverhill & Kissock, 91 St. Peter street, Montreal, is a capote of Margottin red under an arrangement of wired jet, the jet forming wings at the sides and holding a large rosette of the velvet set in a jet cabochon, at the left side a black ostrich pompon, mounted with a wisp of aigrette and narrow black velvet strings from the ears. Another, a tongue of braid in matelot blue, the brim bordered with box-plaiting, trimmed at each side with great bows of No. 60 gros-grain ribbons in purplish pink, the bows held by steel ornaments, and set with birds' wings in nacre effects, a bunch of aigrette at the left side, and under the brim at the back a chou of velvet by a steel ornament.

The milinery openings for this week are as follows: Messrs. Caverhill & Kissock, Thos. May & Co., John McLean & Co., G. Goulding & Sons, all Sept. 3, 4 and 5; Messrs. D. McCall & Co., and Reid, Taylor & Co., on Sept. 2, 3 and 4.

A BOGUS LABOR AGENT.

DUPES ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY MEN THIS MORNING.

HIRED TO WORK FOR THE LACHINE RAPIDS HYDRAULIC AND LAND COMPANY.

There are one hundred and fifty disgusted laborers in Montreal to-day. They were raked in and swindled by the labor bureau fakir, just in the old, simple way. The Lachine Rapids Hydraulic and Land Co., Limited, are engaged in harnessing a portion of the Lachine rapids. They have all the men they want employed on the works. Mr. Walbank, the engineer, was highly indignant this morning. 'Some fakir in town,' he said, 'sent one hundred and fifty men out to the works this morning, under a promise of work. From each deluded laborer he extracted fifty cents fee. No one has authority to employ men. The laborers are hired on the spot when required.' The bogus agent cannot be located just now. But there are one hundred and fifty disappointed laborers looking for him.

MR. LAURIER AT CHICOUTIMI.

HE TALKS ABOUT CONSERVATIVE MISRULE AND THE MANITOBA SCHOOL QUESTION.

Chicoutimi, Que., Sept. 2.—Mr. Laurier arrived here at eleven o'clock on Saturday by steamer 'Canada,' accompanied by Senator Pelletier and Mr. Choquette, M.P. for Montmagny. About eight hundred people were on the wharf awaiting his arrival. He was greeted with cheers from the crowd, and escorted to Mr. P. V. Savard's house, where a stand had been erected and about 1,200 people had gathered. An address was presented to him by Mr. P. V. Savard, the Liberal candidate, and in response Mr. Laurier spoke about one hour and a half. His principal points were the failure of the promises made by the Conservatives to reduce the expenses. He spoke on protection, claiming that immense profits were made by the manufacturers. He finished by a reference to the Manitoba school question. He condemned the government for not keeping its promises, and praised the Hon. Mr. Angers for resigning. He then stated that should he be called, as he expected to be, he would certainly settle the question by appealing to the people's sense of rights, but he could not make any promise. He was interrupted several times by applause. He was followed by Senator Pelletier and Mr. Choquette.

THE FALL OF SEDAN.

THE GERMAN VICTORY CELEBRATED IN BERLIN.

Berlin, Sept. 2.—The celebration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the fall of Sedan was continued to-day. The sun shone brightly and the weather was perfect. Immense crowds of sightseers thronged the streets. At eight o'clock this morning the Emperor William reviewed the first regiment of the Guards before the Schloss and at the conclusion of the review personally decorated the standards of the troops with oak leaves. A half hour later His Majesty started for the parade grounds, where he was to hold a review of the veterans of the Franco-Prussian war, who had come from the United States to take part in celebrating the German victory.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

VALKYRIE III. --- DEFENDER

YACHT RACES.

EXCURSION

MONTREAL TO

NEW YORK AND RETURN.

TICKETS FOR THE ROUND TRIP, $12.00. TICKETS FOR THE ROUND TRIP.

Good to go Sept. 5, 6, 7. Good to return until Sept. 16, 1895.

For Pickets, Parlor and Sleeping Car accommodation, apply to

CENTRAL VERMONT RR., 136 St. James Street. DELAWARE & HUDSON RR., 143 St. James Street.

School Books!
School Books!

AT FOSTER BROWN'S, 2323 ST. CATHERINE ST.

I have on hand a full assortment of SCHOOL BOOKS, SCHOOL STATIONERY, COPY BOOKS, EXERCISE BOOKS, PENS, PENCILS, BAGS, and every School Requisite for use in the

Public Schools
Boys' and Girls' High Schools,
And Senior Schools,

At Lowest Prices in the City.

WM. FOSTER BROWN,

St. Catherine Street, cor. Mansfield St., Montreal.

School Bags

Our big line for the schools will be our BOYS' and GIRLS' LEATHER SCHOOL BAGS, at

25c, 30c, 40c, 50c, 60c.

Full lines also in Pencil Cases, Blotters, Scribblers, Pencils, School Straps, Penknives, &c.

G. A. HOLLAND & SON,

2411 ST. CATHERINE ST.

2

SOUTH KERRY ELECTION.

VIGOROUS APPEAL BY MR. JUSTIN M'CARTHY IN BEHALF OF MR. FARREL.

London, Sept. 2.—Mr. Justin McCarthy has issued an appeal to the electors of the south division of county Kerry, exhorting them to support Mr. Farrel, the candidate for the seat, who was chosen by the regular convention. Mr. McCarthy denounces the candidature of Mr. Murphy as treason against party discipline, and declares that his nomination was due to a conspiracy concerning which he (McCarthy) has hitherto been silent. For three years, he says, there has been an incessant campaign against the unity of the Irish party, which reached its climax in the baseless falsehoods uttered by Mr. T. M. Healy at Omagh, when he asserted that the Irish parliamentary committee had sold seats for English gold. Such a state of things, Mr. McCarthy declares, means the bankruptcy and destruction of the Irish cause.

THE 'KITE' HEARD FROM.

A GLOUCESTER FISHING VESSEL SIGHTED HER ON JULY 15 AT HOLTSBORG—ALL ON BOARD WELL.

St. John's, Nfld., Sept. 2.—The Gloucester fishing schooner 'John E. McKenzie,' Capt. McKenzie from Greenland, which arrived this morning, reports that the Peary expedition steamer 'Kite' was at Holtsborg on July 15. All on board were well. She picked up Prof. Dicho, who was waiting her arrival there. The 'Kite' then sailed north for Peary's headquarters. The coast was clear of ice as far north as reports could be obtained. They were two hundred miles north of Cape Farewell and saw none. She anticipates a splendid chance for the 'Kite' reaching her destination.

SAD DROWNING ACCIDENT.

On Friday last, a party of Montreal gentlemen left the city on board the steam yacht 'Ariel,' for a cruise among the Sorel islands and on lake St. Peter. Yesterday morning, at nine o'clock, the yacht was within one mile of Port St. Francis, at the entrance of Lake St. Peter, when a sudden splash in the water made the party aware that someone had fallen overboard. It was the engineer, Robert McGreevy, who, when in the act of coming out of the engine room, through the side window, lost his balance, on account of the railing which he grasped giving way, and fell into the lake. All possible speed was used to turn back and come to McGreevy's help, but before that could be done, the poor man had already disappeared under the water. Having gone ashore, the party engaged the services of a number of fishermen to search for the body, but at the latest news it had not yet been found. McGreevy was a single man.

Weekly Calendar.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3.

LAWN SOCIAL

— BY THE —

LADIES OF THE METHODIST TABERNACLE,

ON THE GROUNDS OF

Mr. John A. Tees, Westmount Boulevard,

TUESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 3rd, 1895.

A bus will run from the corner of Greene avenue and Sherbrooke st. up the Boulevard.

The Music, Refreshments, and Evening's Views of the City will afford a most inviting entertainment

ADMISSION . . . . . 15 Cents.

28

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3.

MOTHERS' MEETING.

The Monthly Meeting of Mothers will be held in the hall of the Y.W.C.A., 101 Metcalfe street, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 4, 1895.

All Mothers are cordially invited to attend.

2

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 5.

CYCLISTS,

Keep the Following Date Open.

— THE —

Y. M. C. A. BICYCLE CLUB

INVITE YOU TO JOIN THEM ON

THURSDAY EVENING NEXT, SEPT. 5th,

in a Parade around the city headed by a Regimental Band.

All the city clubs will take part, and through the press, all Cyclists, both Ladies and Gentlemen, are invited to take part, whether they are members of any club or not.

The start will be from the Y.M.C.A. building at 8.30 p.m., sharp.

The clubs are requested to show their colors as much as possible.

Y. M. C. A. Bicycle Club will form on Metcalfe street.

Montreal Bicycle Club will form on Mansfield, near Dorchester.

Wanderers Bicycle Club will form on Dorchester, opposite Y.M.C.A.

City Cycling Club will form on Dorchester near Mansfield.

Shamrock Bicycle Club will form on Dorchester, around square.

Rumblers Bicycle Club will form on Dorchester, near Windsor.

Visiting Cyclists will form on Dorchester, around Stanley.

CHARLES MANHIRE,

Captain.

2

FUTURE MEETINGS.

ANNUAL AGRICULTURAL

— AND —

INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION.

— OF THE —

JACQUES CARTIER COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY,

On the grounds of the Bel-Air Jockey Club, Dorval, Lachine Parish, on SEPT. 10, 1895.

Doors open at 6 a.m. Official opening at 10 a.m.

The following invitations have been tendered for the occasion:—Hon. Commissioner of Agriculture, Province of Quebec; the Rev. Canon Racicot, Agricultural Missionary; Hon. J. R. Thibaudeau, senator; Hon. Wilfrid Prevost, M.L.C.; Messrs. D. Girouard, M.P.; J. A. Descarries, M.P.P., and C. S. Stevenson.

At 1 p.m., great races will take place, preceded by a Grand Parade of Trotting and Racing Horses.

Trotting Races, Flat Races, Pony Races, Bicycle Races, Baseball Match, Potato Races, Sports and Games of all sorts.

Special Prizes offered by the Ayrshire Breeding and Importing Association, Mr. J. A. Descarries, M.P.P., Mr. Ludger Corriveau, President, and Mr. Thomas Leclerc, V. S.

The City and Lachine Bands will play a select programme of music during the afternoon.

Arrangements have been made with the Grand Trunk Railway Company to have all trains stop at the grounds.

Let no one FAIL to visit this Exhibition, which will be unequalled, and will eclipse that of Montreal.

By order of the Board of Directors.

J. A. CHAURET,

Secretary-Treasurer.

Ste. Genevieve, Jacques Cartier County.

2

BROME COUNTY ALLIANCE PICNIC.

The Brome County Temperance Alliance picnic was held at Brome Corners fair ground on Friday, Aug. 30. The day proved to be very beautiful, and the gathering, though not large, consisted of representative temperance men and women. The district lodge I. O. G. T. met in the morning and conferred the degree upon twenty-nine members. Lunch was eaten in the fair building, after which the meeting was called to order, Mr. Lester Ball in the chair. Excellent addresses were given by Mr. W. A. Wells, Sutton, and the Rev. Mr. Smith, Knowlton, who told that as a rule the liquor traffic does not build up hospitals, schools and like institutions. He had known one man of whom it was said that he supported institutions for salvation, for damnation and for education; that is: a church, a brewery and a school. He said: 'The man who drinks, the man who sells liquor, the man who is a law-maker, all are responsible.'

Addresses were also given by Mr. Egbert Westova and by Mr. W. W. Smith, who said: 'We will never have men in the legislature who will vote for prohibition until we send those men there. A man will sell his vote for twenty dollars and then he will talk about the corruption at Ottawa. Liquor in its place, is all right, so is the devil, but his place is in hell.' Brome Corner has the banner lodge, 125 members, eight or nine hundred members of I. O. G. T. in the district of Pedford.

Mr. H. Thos. Duffy, of Sweetsburg, was called upon, and responded in his usual eloquent and happy style. He said there is great advancement in temperance sentiment throughout the country. There has not been half the liquor sold under the Scott act that was sold previously, and that which has been sold had not been done publicly, and has therefore not been the same public offence as it would have been otherwise. Those who do not believe in prohibition belive in law and order.'

The addresses were interspersed with singing.

A second session of the district lodge was held at four o'clock and the degree was conferred upon several persons.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily Witness, $3.00. Weekly Witness, $1.00; with reductions to clubs; Northern Messenger, 30c; 10 copies to one address, $2.25; 20, $4.40; 50, $10.50; 100, $20.

For Great Britain add $1.04 per annum for postage on Weekly Witness; 28c on Northern Messenger; $3.60 on Daily Witness.

The last edition of the DAILY WITNESS is delivered in the city every evening of publication at $4.00 per annum.

ADVERTISING RATES.

DAILY WITNESS.

Five lines and upwards, 10c per line. Contract on favorable terms.

WEEKLY WITNESS.

With large type or cuts, 20c per line. One-third reduction if set in our usual small advertising types. Special contract rates.

The Daily Witness.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1895.

The place which the Canadian Pacific Railway, with its ocean connections, is achieving in the world circling business has commanded a very striking tribute in the scheme to combine all the American transcontinental lines and the New York and San Francisco steamship lines in a united endeavor to compete with or harass it.

Sixteen persons are said to have been executed on account of the Ku Cheng massacres. In China executions cost the government very little either in money or qualms, and seem to have very little deterrent effect. To take the button from the hat of a mandarin counts for more than to cut off the heads of sixteen common assassins in a land where voluntary substitutes for persons sentenced to death can be cheaply secured. The execution of the mandarins who are responsible for the massacres is probably the only measure which will prove effective. It seems that in the presence of all these executions another mandarin has begun inciting his people to outrage. If he succeeds his head should be the first, if any. It is all very well, however, telling the Chinese authorities how to behave. The Chinese are persecuted every day in every city in America. They have been at times mobbed and massacred and their homes burned—worse than anything that has been done in China. These things have been done under incitement from political leaders and with absolute connivance on the part of local authorities. Yet we never heard of a single execution, far less of any magistrate losing so much as a coat-tail button.

The Dominion Government continues its efforts to have Canada's name removed from the schedule of countries which are prohibited from exporting live cattle to Great Britain because of the existence of contagious diseases, but with apparently everlessening prospects of success. Two months ago the lungs of some Canadian cattle suspected of pleuro-pneumonia were found in a condition which appeared to the British authorities to indicate the existence of the disease. The indications were very slight indeed, but they have apparently been accepted as 'proofs strong as holy writ' by officials influenced probably by the desire of the British agriculturists to have the prohibition of the importation of live Canadian cattle maintained. It seems certain that slighter and slighter evidences of the existence of disease will be required to maintain the embargo as the feeling in favor of the protection of British agriculturists from the competition of Canadian agriculturists increases, as such feeling is certain to do the longer the British agriculturists are indulged. The appetite as well as the need for protection grows with indulgence, as the people of Canada know right well. The Tory party of Great Britain is more dependent upon the support of the agriculturists than the Liberal party, and its accession to power strengthens the hands of those who are fighting for the maintenance of the embargo.

THEY BEMOAN THE PAST.

Now that the aldermen are beginning to reap the prolific harvest of their past extravagances, they are strenuously trying to throw on each other's shoulders the responsibility for the present disgraceful state of the city's finances. Whenever the knotty problem is now mooted at the Council, or any other of the meetings at the bankrupt City Hall, nothing is heard—apart from the pathetic longings for more cash to squander—but fierce regrets, and these from the very men who were always ready to vote for the highest tenderers, that their confreres should have been so lavish with money 'in the dear, dead days of the past.' At the last meeting of the Finance Committee Alderman Rainville, who played his difficult role on the gas question so effectually that the monopoly was given another fifteen years' contract at the outrageous price of one dollar and twenty cents, with a ten percent fine in order to get prompt payment, and who decided that Officer Daignault, at the police investigation, should not tell the name of the man he paid fifty dollars to in order to secure a position on the force, comes out strongly against the reckless expenditure of the past. Had the effort to make the price of water a fourth dearer than it now is succeeded, very little upbraiding would have been publicly heard among the clique, which is now practically at bay. They would still have had money to finesse for and would have been giving their whole minds to that. When the effort to raise the borrowing power was killed at the last session of the Provincial Legislature a little financial cloud, then no bigger than a man's hand, arose, which now covers the whole sky, and is striking terror through the civic palace. The past of the men who time after time have voted adversely to the city's interest has not been altogether forgotten by those who bestowed civic honors upon them, and consequently all efforts on their part to throw dust into their eyes, by pretending that they are not responsible for the present state of the city's affairs, will avail them naught.

DISCORD AMONG THE MUSES.

A recent reference in the 'Witness' to a squabble among Canadian poets has evoked the question as to what that squabble is. It arose out of an article in 'Munsey's Magazine' on Canadian poetry which was neither worthy of the subject nor worth quarrelling over. The unmeasured praise it bestowed on acknowledged poets was of a kind to render the subjects of it uncomfortable, even if it had not been rendered nugatory by bestowing a similar meed on one man of whom Canada herself has never heard and whose productions, as cited by the eulogist, suggest no reason why she should have. It looked as if the blarney bestowed on men of mark and men of promise had been meant to smooth the way for introducing the writer's pets into their pantheon. If any of our poets may well be sensitive about indiscriminate praise it is Mr. Bliss Carman, who is hardly fulfilling the promise of his early work, with its splendid though over-luxurious imagery. Whether or not because he possesses exceptional opportunities for introducing an unknown rhymer, he was made the special victim of over-laudation, while Mr. William Wilfrid Campbell, who has not only promised much but achieved much, was, without citing examples, cast aside as a 'rhetorician rather than a poet.' The only particularization in Mr. Campbell's case was to comment on the weakness of his handling of a subject which he never handled at all. This arose through the fact that a criticism of Mr. Campbell was coupled in a sentence with one of Mr. Roberts, and in the proof the criticism of Mr. Roberts was struck out, while that of Mr. Campbell was allowed to remain with the reference to one of Mr. Roberts poems attached to it. In a private letter the writer owned that he himself knew too little of Mr. Campbell's work to attempt the task of criticism, and that he had, in preparing his article, 'been greatly aided by suggestions from Professor Roberts, Archibald Lampman and Bliss Carman. It is probable that in the aid they rendered this ignorant yet dogmatic critic these gentlemen confined themselves to furnishing samples of their own poetry and giving praise where they were in a position to do so to their contemporaries. Mr. Campbell, however, took this confession as proving that they had been using this writer to malign him, and not only accused them of conspiracy but proceeded to cite instances of alleged plagiarism in Mr. Carman's lines. Mr. Carman admits having unconsciously appropriated a line from a poem of Lampman which he had forgotten having read. This is one of memory's commonest tricks, and at the worst is no crime. There is, indeed, no great poet who has not, consciously or unconsciously, appropriated the work of others. On the other hand, there are many apparent appropriations which are, at least so far as the poet himself is conscious, pure coincidences. Dr. S. E. Dawson quoted numerous lines of Tennyson's 'Princess,' which look as if suggested by lines from other authors, but Tennyson denied that his thought was in any case borrowed, and could give from memory or note-book the natural occurrence or event which suggested each of the lines. Mr. Carman, in replying to Mr. Campbell's letter, needlessly and with some contemptuous show of superiority told Mr. Campbell that he was not the equal of Lampman or Roberts, on which Mr. Campbell looked up a letter to him from Mr. Carman in which the latter had spoken of his 'beautiful work' and of his 'having all the fire and calm and beauty of the lakes in his very heart,' and the like. Another critic who had spoken of Mr. Campbell's dramas as complete and melancholy failures had to make the very melancholy confession that he had never read them, and had got his opinion from a newspaper and some friend who said he had seen them, though he had not. It would perhaps be well to separate entirely the functions of poet and critic. Mutual depreciation is singularly out of taste, while if their expressions with regard to each other are limited to unadulterated sweetness they are liable to become nauseous and to be suspected of disingenuousness. Silence is golden. The more prose the poets write about poetry the less will they be able to write poetry.

She left her web, she left her loom,

* * * * *

The mirror cracked from side to side.

AUTOMATIC ROAD CARRIAGES.

Electricity has relieved the horse on the city car, and excels steam in suburban travel, while the steam road holds the supremacy on long routes. For twenty or thirty miles electricity is in the lead, but for one hundred or one thousand miles we fall back on the resources of steam. What may be, we dare not prophesy; we can only report existing facts. The attempt now is to replace the horse on the public highway by an automatic vehicle, propelled by steam, electricity or petroleum. At present the latter has the precedence, as shown by various experiments. In these experiments France takes the lead. Our consul at Havre has sent a report to the State Department at Washington of a prize trial between Paris and Bourdeaux, a distance of 358 miles. No vehicle was to have place which could not make the distance out and back in one hundred hours. The main prize ($7,726) was won by a four-seated carriage, while the second was won by a two-seated vehicle, making the round trip in twenty-four hours and fifty-three minutes. The winning carriages were propelled by gasoline, and the rate of speed attained was about fifteen miles an hour. On the level parts of the route the speed was much greater, but the average was reduced by the delay occasioned in ascending heavy hills. For the electric carriages these hills proved insuperable. They all abandoned the contest and allowed gasoline to take the prize. The electric carriages had another disadvantage in being obliged to stop occasionally to renew their dynamic charges, while the petroleum machines made the run without a single stop. In comparing the merits of the differing propelling agents used in these experiments, the palm must be awarded to petroleum, which is at once clean and easily carried and used. The ordinary feeder, containing less than four quarts of oil, generates power for twenty miles. For long distances a receiver is provided capable of meeting all demands for twenty-four or more hours. Among the vehicles in the Bordeaux race were many cycles, one of which, at least, held its own among the larger machines. The power, of course, which would propel the road carriage could be applied to the cycles with one or four wheels. In view of such facts as these, the hour seems really to have come for the displacement of the horse, in travel along the highway, by the automatic machine, causing another immense drop in the price of horse-flesh.—Boston Paper.

The visiting governors for the present week to the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge, and to the home at Longue Pointe, are: Messrs. Hector McKenzie and George W. Eadie.

THE DIAMOND MEET.

Many Witness the Bicycle Races But no Records Were Broken.

THE SHAMROCKS AND CORNWALLS WIN AT LACROSSE.

THE GRAND TRUNK BOATING CLUB REGATTA—PILLSBURY LEADING IN THE CHESS TOURNAMENT — NATIONALS DEFEAT ST. ALBAN'S AT BASEBALL. — MONTREAL SWIMMING CLUB RACES.

YACHTING.

YACHTSMEN WILL DINE.

New York, Sept. 2.—The announcement concerning the international yacht races posted at the New York Yacht Club have not been changed, and it is said to be a certainty that the first race will be sailed on Sept. 7.

A dinner is to be given to Lord Dunraven by the Board of Governors of the New York Yacht Club after the races are settled. The dinner will in all probability be given on board W. K. Vanderbilt's yacht, the 'Valiant,' in the harbor at Newport. It will be an exceptionally elaborate affair. The table will have for a cloth a mat of woven seaweed, and it will be shaped like a rudder. The seagrass will be woven in an artistic shape and at the dinner, so far as possible, seafood will predominate. At the right of each guest will be a dainty affair resembling a coral dell. When this is explored an oyster will be found there in real sea water. Blue fish will be one of the main dishes, and everything connected with the dinner, even to the favors, is expected to smack of the sea.

THE 'AMERICA'S' CUP.

New York, Aug. 31.—Lord Dunraven said to-day that the conditions which will govern the international yacht races were satisfactorily arranged at a meeting between himself and the members of the 'America's' cup committee last evening. The programme which the cup committee will publish next week is in substance as follows:—'The races for the 'America's' cup will be the best three in five. The courses will be the same as the recent trial races were sailed over, except that the windward and leeward races will be thirty miles with a turn and the triangular races ten miles to a leg instead of eight miles. There will be a two gun start, with an interval of two minutes before the handicap gun. The start will be from either Scotland or Sandy Hook lightship according to the direction of the wind. The first race will be on Saturday, Sept. 7, the second on Tuesday, Sept. 10, the third on Thursday, Sept. 12. Additional races, if necessary, will be sailed with one week day intervening.

The 'Defender' and the 'Valkyrie III.' will be measured in the Erie basin Sept. 6, the day before the race, and the allowance will be termined according to the rules of the New York Yacht Club.

The 'Vigilant' left her moorings in the Horse Shoe at 8.30 a.m. in tow of her tender the Arenaut. She passed in through the Narrows at 9.30. Her mission as a coach to the cup defender having ended with yesterday's race, she will go out of commission.

The 'Valkyrie,' after shipping a new and lighter steel boom, took a line from her tender, the City of Bridgeport, at 9 a.m. and followed the 'Vigilant' up the bay. She will be docked on Wednesday and made ready for the races.

London, Sept. 1.—The 'Graphic' will tomorrow say:—There is a tendency on this side to be a little cocksure of the result of the races for the 'America's' cup. Unless the 'Valkyrie' shows that she can stand up to her canvas as well as the 'Defender' English and Scotchmen had better not whistle too loudly.

New York, Sept. 1.—The 'Morning Journal' will say to-morrow that the machinists at work in the hold of the 'Defender' discovered an accident to her mast that will necessitate its being unstepped and reset in a new mortice or wedged in the iron.

RECORD OF THE YACHTS.

The 'Defender's' record is as follows:—

July 20—Fifteen miles to leeward and return—'Defender' defeated 'Vigilant' 2 min. 45 seconds in 3 hours 18 minutes 40 seconds. Moderate wind at start, good whole-sail breeze at end.

July 22—Thirty miles, triangular course—'Defender' defeated 'Vigilant' 9 minutes 17 seconds in 4 hours 19 minutes 30 seconds; light variable winds.

July 29—Twenty-one miles, Long Island Sound—'Defender' defeated 'Vigilant' 1 min. 49 seconds, in 2 hours 55 minutes 32 seconds; very light breeze at start, moderate at finish.

July 30—Sixty-four miles, Hempstead to New London—'Defender' broke down three miles from the finish when leading 'Vigilant' about three minutes. The wind was twenty miles an hour all the time and the 'Vigilant' sailed the course in 4 hours 40 minutes 37 seconds.

July 31—Thirty-six miles—New London to Newport—'Defender' defeated 'Vigilant' 12 minutes 2 seconds in 4 hours 6 minutes 10 seconds. The wind was about twelve knots an hour.

Aug. 2—Thirty miles, triangular course—Goelet cups—'Defender' broke down when six miles from the finish, and was leading 'Vigilant' about eleven minutes. Fresh breeze.

Aug. 3—Thirty-seven miles—New York to Vineyard Haven—'Defender' defeated 'Vigilant' 6 minutes 24 seconds in 3 hours 11 minutes 34 seconds. Fresh ten-knot breeze all the way.

Aug. 5—Thirty-seven miles, Vineyard Haven to Newport—'Defender' defeated 'Vigilant' 9 minutes 9 seconds, in 4 hours 9 minutes. Ten-knot breeze all the way.

Aug. 6—21 miles, triangular course—'Defender' defeated 'Vigilant' 6 minutes 10 seconds, in 2 hours 44 minutes 18 seconds. Light and varying breezes.

Aug. 8—Twenty-one miles, triangular course—'Defender' defeated 'Jubilee' 9 minutes 19 seconds, in 2 hours 16 minutes 15 seconds. Light and variable winds.

Aug. 20—Forty miles—'Defender' withdrew after completing first twenty miles. She was then 4 minutes and 3 seconds ahead of 'Vigilant' in 2 hours 17 minutes 36 seconds. Wind about 12 knots.

Aug. 29—Twenty-four miles triangular course—'Defender' defeated 'Vigilant' 18 minutes 3 seconds in 4 hours 49 minutes 40 seconds. A drifting match on the first leg, light breeze on second leg, and good breeze on last leg.

Aug. 30—Twenty miles—'Defender' defeated 'Vigilant' 5 minutes 12 seconds in 2 hours 52 minutes 10 seconds. Wind ten knots an hour.

The record of the 'Valkyrie III.' is as follows:—

July 1—Defeated 'Britannia' by 46 seconds in drift, but beaten by 'Britannia' 1 minute 18 seconds on time allowance. The race was at fifty miles, the course being sailed over three times, but was declared finished at the end of the second round, the distance sailed being thirty eight miles. Half a mile from the finish 'Valkyrie III.' led by five miles, but ran into a calm. 'Britannia' came along under a light breeze, and when 'Valkyrie III.' got it they were on level terms. In the half-mile her gain was 46 seconds.

July 3—'Britannia' defeated 'Valkyrie III.' 3 minutes 8 seconds, actual time, and 'Ailsa' 1 minute 10 seconds, in a fifty mile race. The wind was strong and 'Valkyrie III.' did not attempt to carry all her sail.

July 5—'Valkyrie III.' defeated 'Ailsa' in a fresh breeze in a race lasting 2 hours 15 minutes, by 15 minutes. The ... did not start.

July 6—'Valkyrie III.' defeated ... 18 minutes 26 seconds, and 'Ailsa' ... 47 seconds, in a fifty mile race. ... was greater than that, for the ... crossed the line too soon, and were ... and 'Valkyrie III.' waited for them ... up. The breeze was about twelve ... hour.

GRAND TRUNK REGATTA.

A MARKED SUCCESS.

The twentieth annual regatta of ... Trunk Boating Club took place ... afternoon, and despite the inclemency ... the occasion compared favorably ... er years. The members and ladies ... turned out in large numbers and ... storm burst the river bank and ... house were thronged with a joyous ... while the river opposite was ... craft of every description. When ... struck Verdun suddenly, however, ... a wild rush for places of shelter ... club house and boat houses were ... The storm delayed matters some ... a few events having previously ... When the storm cleared, however, ... soon presented an animated ... Perhaps the most interesting event ... afternoon were the hurry-scurry ... and the Grand Trunk Derby, a ... of the regatta, being a hobby-horse ... the competitors sitting astraddle ... barrel, with a horse's head ... front, holding on with one hand ... to paddle with the other. The ... formed in this event solicited ... round of applause. Interest ... the war canoe race between St. ... and the Grand Trunk 'Wanderer,' ... latter crew being composed large ... material. The Grand Trunk crew ... to get away and held the lead ... a short distance of the winning ... Lambert crew, however, putting ... spurt passed them, winning by ... feet. Should this same crew ... year, with practice, the St. Lam... will have their work cut out. An... which was of interest was the ... race, Lawless of Ottawa, who had ... championship for Canada at the ... Swimming Club races, earlier in ... noon, competing in this, winning ... McLean, of the Grand Trunk ... good second. There were no ... protests made, but the judges ... them on Saturday, but will ... week. Prizes were awarded in ... excepting in cases where protests ... made. Prominent among the ... witnessed the races were Alder... son and Cunningham. The music ... the programme was furnished by ... Templar band.

The following is a list of the ... the successful contestants:—

Canoe, sailing, open—1, R. ... Trunk; 2, D. Murdock, Grand ...

Four-oared, club, final heat—W... burn, Raymond, Scott and M... over the course alone.

Single scull, shell, club, final ... Laing; 2, V. Henrichon.

Canoe, single paddle, open—1, W... Grand Trunk; 2, Johnston Smith... bert.

Double scull, shell, club—1, W. ... A. Johnson; 2, R. J. Kell and ...

Tandem canoe, club—1, W. H. ... W. D. Mason; 2, Marshall and ...

Single scull skiff, open—1, ... Trunk; 2, B. Leroux, Grand ...

Canoes, four in each, open—1, ... Charlton and Horsfall, St. Lambert; ... Marshall, McLaren and Payne, ...

Canoes, tandem, hurry-scurry—1 ... and May; 2, Davies and R. McLean.

Ladies' and gentlemen's skiff, ... Leroux and Mrs. George Green; ... and Miss Robinson.

Tandem canoe, open—1, A. Irvin... Fernie, St. Lambert; 2, Smith Bros., ... bert.

Swimming, open and club, 150 ... Lawless, Ottawa; 2, R. McLean, ... Trunk.

War canoes, open—Won by St. ... Grand Trunk Derby—1, E. May... Lean.

AQUATIC.

MONTREAL SWIMMING CLUB'S ...

The annual races of the ... ming Club, proved to be ... interesting events of Saturday ... withstanding the inclemency ... The races were well contested ... est of the spectators sustained ... event was the 100 yards ... championship race, won by ... Mr. Lawless was then ... made his acknowledgements ... with the medal. The ... —Mr. C. McLatchie, ... febvre, starter; Captain Chip... E. Abbott, judges, and Mr. ... Mr. Walter Irwin Ban...

Following are the results:—

Race, 150 yards, boys under ... G. Surveyor ... G. Bain ...

100 yards, open, boys under ... J. Bain ... T. Saunderson ...

220 yards, green, senior—... R. Dubreuil ... J. Pow ...

100 yards, amateur championship ... nada—... W. T. Lawless ... Percy Evans ...

220 yards, junior championship ... years—protested. ... E. Laverty ... J. Bain ... A. Fafford ...

Diving competition—... J. Corcoran ... B. Wilson ... E. Couto ...

Race in full suits—... W. R. Wilson ... F. J. Laverty ...

440 yards, handicap, senior—... J. Pow ... H. Sharp ...

The prizes were distributed ... dent at the close of the races.

CYCLING.

NEW MARITIME RE...

Halifax, N.S., Aug. ... sports of the Wanderers ... noon Hartley Davidson, ... trips against the track ... the mile, made last Saturday ... ler of Boston. In the first ... tance in 2:05, and in the ... This is good time for a ... track. Forbes, of the Wan... the maritime record in ... sec. to 2:28 3-5, and in the ... the record of 1:05 set ... derers, reduced the ... from 1:00 1-5 to 1:00 1-5.

BUFFALO CYCLE...

Buffalo, Aug. 31.—The ... bicycle meets was held ... to-day, under ... Cycle Racing Association, ... bor day, the hardest ... when Johnson, Tyler and ... for $1,000. A two-day ... L.A.W. will be held ... to-day's races were in ... run without any remarkable ... performances as a st... and the general condition ... able. Eddie Bald... ing start, against ... world's record. He ... the track from ... his back. Chas. H. ... world's half-mile record, ... his pacemakers in the ... tandem forget to ... tiently rode an unpaced ...

ged the distance in 1.05. Lee Richardson, the fancy rider, rode a half-mile backwards against his own record of 1.43 4-5, but 1.55 was the best he could do. Bald rode a mile in 2.04. The track record is 1.55 made by Zimmerman. Sanger and Taylor were present. C. E. Lang was thrown against the fence and badly hurt in the five-mile handicap. His scalp was fearfully torn.

BICYCLE PROCESSION.

The officers of the Y.M.C.A. Bicycle Club have decided to hold an amalgamated ride of all the city clubs around the city on Thursday evening next, Sept. 5, starting from the Y.M.C.A. building at 8.30 p.m. sharp and led by a regimental band. All cyclists, ladies and gentlemen, whether they are members of any club or not, are invited to take part. Route of procession will be given later.

WHEELING AT TO-DAY'S GAMES.

The local chairman of the C.W.A. Racing Board has granted permission for two races to be held this afternoon at the Labor day games in the Exhibition grounds. They will be one and five miles, open to class A men. They promise to be very interesting

M. B. C. DIAMOND MEET.

Many there were who went up to the Y.M.C.A. grounds on Saturday afternoon, in the fond expectation of seeing some of the world's records lowered, but, alas, they were doomed to sad blight, for not a track record was broken. The meet was of a rather tame and disorderly order, most of the pleonas [illegible] flyers were unwilling, or too lazy, as they did not enter, according to races which generally require heats and a final heat before a decision arrived at, were disposed of in one. The weather also was to blame, as it fell just after the fourth event, making the track somewhat slow and heavy, which, in addition to a general disinclination on the part of the riders to loaf, made the meet somewhat monotonous, and the real feeling of the spectators was [illegible] by a remark made by one of their number who, as he left the grounds, said: "Well, I don't think." Much need be attached to the officials of the Y.M.C.A., however, as they certainly did their level best to make the meet exciting and eventful. Except in the local events the wheelmen were not in it to any extent. Martineau, however, with a handicap of 85 yards, managed to win a heat in the class A one mile open contest, the first time it was run, however; the contestants loafed, and the mile was made in 2.39; accordingly it was run over, paced by a tandem; H. D. McKellar, Wanderers B. C., Toronto, won in 2.24, beating the pacing team; the pace was too fast for the provincial men, who dropped out in the last lap; H. F. Carman, Morrisburg, was second. Only two men finished.

Following is the summary:—

ONE MILE, NOVICK—CLASS A.

First heat—

G. D. Pelletier, Wanderers, Montreal	1
H. M. Killally, Morrisburg	2
A. Lalliberte, Quebec	*3

Time, 2.36 1-5.

Second heat—

N. S. Mitchell, Montreal	1
R. Ashton Kerr, Wanderers	2
H. Gowan, Quebec	*3

Time, 2.25.

Final—

R. Ashton Kerr, Wanderers	1
H. Gowan, Quebec	2

Time, 2.20.

*Took positions for pacing.

HALF-MILE CHAMPIONSHIP—CLASS B.

First heat—

A. McLeod, Sarnia, 30 yards	1
J. B. Bliss, Chicago, 35 yards	2
R. E. McColl, Toronto, 70 yards	3

Time, 1.02 3-5.

Second heat—

A. Martineau, Montreal, 85 yards	1
Dr. A. G. Brown, Cleveland, 15 yards	2
J. H. Gratz, Toronto, 70 yards	3

Time, 1.03.

Final—

Dr. A. G. Brown	1
J. B. Bliss	2

TWO MILE PROVINCIAL CHAMPIONSHIP.

N. Coussirat, Wanderers	1
J. Drury, Wanderers	2
E. S. Paradis, Wanderers	3

Time, 5.11 1-5.

MILE, OPEN—CLASS B.

Tom Cooper, Detroit	1
A. D. Kennedy, Chicago	2
O. P. Bernhardt, Toledo	3

Time, 2.15 3-5.

QUARTER-MILE, OPEN — CLASS A.

D. Loughead, Sarnia	1
J. Drury, Wanderers	2
H. D. McKellar, Wanderers, Toronto	3

Time, 34 4-5.

ONEMILE HANDICAP CLASS B.

J. H. Gratz, Toronto, 100 yards	1
A. McLeod, Sarnia, 45 yards	2
E. E. Anderson, Wanderers, Toronto, 70 yards	3

Time, 2.18.

ONE MILE HANDICAP—CLASS A.

F. Loughead, Sarnia, scratch	1
H. D. McKellar, Toronto, 5 yards	2
N. S. Mitchell, Montreal, 130 yards	3

Time, 2.22 1-5.

TWO MILES OPEN—CLASS B.

Tom Cooper, Detroit	1
A. McLeod, Sarnia	2
E. E. Anderson, Roadhouse, Ill	Paced

Time, 4.59 3-5.

ONE MILE OPEN—CLASS A.

H. D. McKellar, Toronto	1
H. F. Carman, Morrisburg	2
E. F. Loughead, Sarnia	3

Time, 2.39—no race.

SECOND TRIAL—WITH PACEMAKERS.

H. D. McKellar, Toronto	1
H. F. Carman, Morrisburg	2

Time, 2.24.

ONE MILE TANDEM—CLASS B.

A. McLeod, Sarnia; S. H. Gibbons, Toronto	1
R. E. McColl, Toronto; J. Gratz, Toronto	2

Time, 2.21 4-5.

Immediately after the races were over the prizes were presented in the club house.

Referee—Geo. H. Orr, chairman C.W.A. Racing Board, Toronto.

Judges—Ed. Sheppard, F. J. Whatmough, Toronto; G. S. Low.

Timekeepers—James A. Taylor, official timer, C.W.A.; D. D. McTaggart, W. H. Sproule, Ottawa; W. S. Weldon.

Starter—Norman Fletcher.

Scorers—David J. Watson, J. E. Willows, Toronto; Victor Buchanan.

Clerk of course—W. G. Robertson.

Assistants—E. W. Barlow, M. Rubenstein, George R. Baillie, Harvey Hough, Lazarus Rubenstein, F. G. Pendleton, bugler.

Umpires—J. H. Robertson, George Van Felson, Quebec; S. M. Baylis, A. T. Lane, W. R. Granger, T. A. Beament, Ottawa.

Announcers—F. C. A. McIndoe, Arthur Harris.

Marshal—Gordon Kingan.

Number clerk— Gordon A. Melville.

CITY CYCLING CLUB.

The Ladies' Club have arranged the following as their fixtures for this week:—

Wednesday, 3 p.m., Lachine.

Thursday, 7.45 p.m., form at club room and go to Y.M.C.A. building to join that club in a special ride.

Saturday, 3 p.m., Back River.

The Y.M.C.A. Club specially invite ladies to join them in their ride on Thursday evening; therefore, our lady members are urged to be on hand at the appointed time, 7.45 p.m.

Hereafter we will hold only one evening ride (Fridays) each week, and two afternoon rides (Wednesdays and Saturdays). This is on account of the early darkness at this season.

A good turnout and successful meeting was held last Friday, when important business was transacted.

MONTREAL BICYCLE CLUB ANNUAL RACE MEETING.

ENGLISH RECORDS BROKEN.

London, Aug. 31.—At Catford to-day R. Palmer, the bicyclist, rode ten miles in 21 minutes 54 1-5 seconds, beating the amateur records for from two miles upwards. His time for the entire distance is a new record. A. Jackson, who was second, covered the distance in 21 minutes 54 1-5 seconds, beating his previous record.

At the Horn Hill track to-day W. D. Ridge went fifty miles in 1 hour 53 minutes 33 1-5 seconds, beating the record. He also cut other records during the race.

LACROSSE.

CORNWALL VICTORIOUS.

Cornwall, Ont., Sept. 2.—A very small crowd witnessed the lacrosse match here yesterday afternoon, between Montreal and Cornwall. Very little interest being taken in the result one way or the other. The Montreal men mustered only seven when they reached the Bonaventure Station, the other five being picked up from the suburban trains as they came in. The Cornwall men had not been putting in much practice, and while their defence was good, their home was almost useless till after the fourth game, when they seemed to put themselves together. The plain fact is beginning to be realized that Cornwall is playing too much old timber, and until more young players are trained, it will be useless to work for any very great improvement.

Montreal excelled in the field, their fleet-footed fielders being too fast and clever for the Cornwallites opposed to them. Both homes were weak, but that of Montreal had to compete with Cornwall's stonewall defence, a task for which they were totally unequal. After they found that their opponents were not to be despised, the Cornwalls' defence settled down and became almost impregnable. The crushing defeat administered to the Cornwalls on July 20 by the Capitals was a death blow to the Factory town's hope of winning back their lost laurels, and it knocked the bottom out of the interest in the game here for the season.

Montreal protested the seventh game, which was not allowed. There were 14 minutes left to play, but the Montreals left the field.

The teams were as follows:—

Montreal—A. Hamilton, goal; Murphy, pt.; Pierce, cover point; Gilmour, McCallum and Whyte, defence field; Gamble, centre; Field, Irvine and G. Hamilton, home field; Dade, outside home; Robertson, inside home; D. Patterson, captain.

Cornwall—Murphy, goal; Riviere, point; McLennan, cover point; Crites, Lewis and Turner, defence field; McDonell, centre; J. Tobin, Leacy and O'Neil, home field; J. Broderick, outside home; W. Broderick, inside home; H. McDonnell, captain.

Umpires—W. Sheets, R. A. Clarke.

Timekeepers—J. E. McFee, G. T. Copeland.

Referee—Chas. Ault, Aultsville.

First game, Montreal, scored by Irvine; time 15 seconds.

Second game, Cornwall, scored by J. Tobin; time, 10 minutes.

Third game, Montreal, scored by Field; time, 7 minutes.

Fourth game, Cornwall, scored by J. Tobin; time, 5 minutes.

Fifth game, Cornwall, scored by J. Broderick; time, 2 minutes.

Sixth game, Cornwall, scored by Leacy; time, 10 minutes.

Seventh game, Cornwall, scored by O'Neil; time, 2 minutes.

YOUNG CAPS WIN AGAIN.

Ottawa, Sept. 1.—The Young Caps added another victory to their record in the intermediate league series by defeating the Nationals here yesterday afternoon. The score was seven to one. It was not indicative of the play, however, for the match was very keenly contested until the end of the fifth game, and had not goalkeeper Shea, of the Capitals, made some exceptionally good stops at close range, the Nationals would have scored the second and fifth games, as well as the fourth. By good passing and uncovering they worked the ball inside of all the defence men of the Capitals, but in every case Shea stopped the shot either with his stick or body. The play on both sides was excellent, and was heartily enjoyed by the spectators. Mr. J. Reddy, of the Shamrock A. A., was referee, and satisfied all. Hugh Carson and E. Trudeau, the latter of Montreal, were the umpires, and A. G. Pittaway and N. Robillard, timekeepers.

The players were as follows:—

Young Capitals—Goal, Shea; point, Divierge; cover point, Sparrow; defence field, Grimes, Griffith and Binks; centre, Hyde; home field, Templeton, P. Murphy and E. Murphy; outside home, Egan; inside home, W. Powers; captain, P. Batterton.

Nationals—Goal, Foley; point, Bark; cover point, Martineau; defence field, A. Valois, French and Marsolin; centre, Boyer; home field, Valpitre, J. Valois and White; outside home, McVey; inside home, Brophy; captain, N. Giroux.

Summary—First game, Capitals, 9 mins., scored by Egan; second game, Capitals, 16 minutes, Ed. Murphy; third game, Capitals, two minutes, Egan; fourth game, Nationals, seven minutes, White; fifth game, Capitals, 16½ minutes, Ed. Murphy; sixth game, Capitals, one minute, Ed. Murphy; seventh game, Capitals 2½ minutes, Egan; eighth game, Capitals, four minutes, E. Murphy.

THE CARELTON-CARSON SUSPENSIONS.

Ottawa, Aug. 31.—The press despatch published in the morning papers was the first notification Carleton and George Carson had of their suspension by the executive of the C.A.A.A., and it surprised as well as annoyed them greatly. They think the C.A.A.A. executive acted too hastily, especially in view of their statements at the time it was announced that Clark, of Brockville, had protested them, and which were published by Montreal and Ottawa newspapers. They assert that they will clear themselves of the charge. The Capital executive believe them, and will play them against the Shamrocks in Quebec to-morrow, and in all probability against the champions again next Saturday. The suspended players admit that they may have run against a professional at Ogdensburg, as charged, but it was in a race for amateurs, and not before they had protested the other competitors, of whose standing they were not acquainted, and had succeeded in getting W. J. Clark, of Brockville, whom they knew to be a professional, debarred from taking part. Clark afterwards said he would make them regret their action.

HIBERNIAS ON TOP.

A match for the intermediate championship of the Junior League was played on Saturday on the new S. A. A. A. grounds, between the Hibernias and Maples, resulting in a victory for the former by three games to one, as follows:—

Hibernias—Modler, goal; Johnston, point; Monaghan, cover point; Finlayson, Tierney, and Currie, defence; Mullins, centre; Armstrong, Carter and Ryan, home field; Muir, outside home; Smith, inside home; Miles, captain.

Maples—Dobby, goal; Connors, point; Shannahan, cover point; C. McClinchey, Kearns and Hay, defence field; Dowd, centre; S. McClinchey, McKay and Chisholm, home field; Porteous, outside home; Gallery, inside home; Callahan, captain.

SUMMARY

First game, Hibernia, scored by Muir; time 7 minutes.

Second game, Hibernia, scored by Muir; time, 20 minutes.

Third game, Maples, scored by McKay; time, 13 minutes.

Fourth game, Hibernia, scored by Muir; time, 15 minutes.

ABERDEENS VS. RED ROSE.

The above teams met for the second time this season on Saturday on Logan's Farm, the Aberdeens winning by three straight games.

SHAMROCKS DEFEAT TORONTO.

Toronto, Sept. 2.—Only a very small crowd thought it worth while to journey out to the Rosedale grounds to see the easy way in which the Shamrocks outclassed the home team. Toronto seemed to get badly rattled after the first game, and their sturdy green-shirted opponents amused themselves by passing the ball one to another, and scoring just when they pleased. The magnificent team play exhibited by the Montreal boys excited the admiration of all. Following were the teams:—

Torontos—Goal, Archie Allen; point, J. McCulloch; cover point, George Wheeler; first defence, W. S. Hartley; second defence, P. W. White; third defence, C. A. Moss; centre, W. B. Hendry; third home, J. Kay; second home, G. A. Keith; firs: home, W. A. Burns; outside home, E. A. Peaker; inside home, R. Nelson.

Shamrocks—Goal, A. Stinson; point, E. O'Brien; cover point, T. Dwyer; first defence, T. Moore; second defence, T. Murray; third defence, P. O'Brien; centre, R. Kelly; third home, A. Hinton; second home, D. Danaher; first home, J. O'Meara; outside home, R. Wall; inside home, J. Tucker.

The score is:—

Games.	Won by	Min's.
1.	Shamrocks	5
2.	Shamrocks	8
3.	Shamrocks	14
4.	Shamrocks	20
5.	Toronto	1
6.	Shamrocks	9
7.	Shamrocks	3
8.	Shamrocks	8

The referee was H. Brophy, Montreal, and the umpires J. Carrick and W. Ross.

CRESCENTS AND MONTREAL JUNIORS DRAW.

The Montreal Juniors and the Crescent-Gabriels played their scheduled match on the Driving Park, Point St. Charles, on Saturday. This match, which was to practically decide the championship of the four-club intermediate league, resulted in a draw, both sides scoring three games.

The play was ragged, individual, and unnecessarily rough. It was quite evident that both clubs had scratch teams on, as it was apparent that many of the men had never previously practised together.

H. Colford, of Sherbrooke, was appointed referee, and Messrs. G. Pettigrew and W. Northey acted as umpires.

The teams were composed as follows:—

Montreal Juniors—Donelly, goal; Fraser, point; Gillelan, cover point; Morrison, Taylor and Scott, defence; McKerrow, centre; Wyness, Baird and Hasley, home; Matthews, outside home; Collins, inside home; Andrew Byrd, captain.

Crescent-Gabriel—Sullivan, goal; Cavanagh, point; Houston, cover point; Abbott, McGrath and Pierce, defence field; Knox, centre; Brown, Welsh and McLean, home field; Fairbairn, outside home; Ryan, inside home; A. Beckingham, captain.

Below will be found a summary of the games:—

First game, Montreal, scored by Matthews, time, 1 minute.

Second game, Crescents, scored by Fairbairn; time, 2 minutes.

Third game, Montreal, scored by Matthews; time, 8½ minutes.

Fourth game, Crescents, scored by McLean; time, 10 minutes.

Fifth game, Crescents, Fairbairn; time, 16 minutes.

Sixth game, Montreal, scored by Wyness; time, 15 minutes.

GARNETS DEFEAT NATIONALS.

The Garnets defeated the second team of the Nationals on their own grounds on Saturday afternoon by three straight games. The teams were as follows:—

Garnets—Fisher, Evas, Wilkinson, Wells, Quinn, G. Hall, Patchell, W. Hall, Lucas, Feeney, J. Brennan, P. Brennan, M. Brenan, captain.

National—Dockham, Laden, Mercier, Winfield Desnoyers, Montfort, Pavols, Laurin, Caron, Caldwell, Brown, Duff; Bourdon, captain.

Referee, A. McArthur.

Umpires, Harkins and Foley.

THE CHESS TOURNAMENT.

PILLSBURY IS AHEAD.

Hastings, Eng., Aug. 31.—The last but one round of the international chess masters' tournament was played at Brassey's Institute in this city to day. The results were as follows:—Janowski beat Tschigorin in a Vienna game after 16 moves; Bird beat Gunsberg in a French defence after 40 moves; Marco beat Mieses in a Scotch game after 64 moves; Burn beat Albin in a French defence after 40 moves; Pillsbury beat Vergani in a Gluoco Piano after 46 moves; Bardeleben and Teichmann drew an Ansens Gamblt, declined after 30 moves; Steinitz and Tarrasch adjourned their game at ten o'clock; Schiffers beat Walbrodt in a Ruy Lopez after 38 moves; Tinsley beat Pollock in a Queen's Pawn opening after 60 moves; Blackburne beat Lasker in a Ruy Lopez after 44 moves; Schlechter beat Mason in an irregular opening after 36 moves; the game between Bardeleben and Schiffers, Sicilian Defence, left adjourned on Wednesday, was drawn after 61 moves. Pillsbury, the Brooklyn, N.Y., man, now leads Tschigorin by half a point, Lasker by one point, as will be seen by the table annexed:—

Players.	Won.	Lost.
Albin	7½	12½
Bardeleben	10½	9½
Bird	8½	11½
Blackburne	9½	10½
Burn	9½	10½
Gunsberg	9	11
Janowski	9½	10½
*Lasker	14½	5½
Marco	8½	11½
Mason	9½	10½
Mieses	7	13
Pillsbury	15½	4½
Pollock	8	12
Schiffers	11	9
Schlechter	11	9
Steinitz	12	7
Tarrasch	12	7
Teichmann	10½	9½
Tinsley	7½	12½
Tschigorin	15	5
Vergani	3	17
Walbrodt	10	10
Total number of games decided, 219.		

*Adjourned game, 1.

The final round will be played on Monday in the following order:—Bird v. Mieses, Pillsbury v. Gunsberg, Tarrasch v. Vergani, Walbrodt v. Steinitz, Pollock v. Schiffers, Blackburn v. Tinsley, Burn v. Lasker, Janowski v. Albin, Schlechter v. Tschigorin, Teichmann v. Mason, Marco v. Bardeleben.

As will be seen from the pairing of the final round to be played on Monday, Pillsbury will have the move against Gunsberg, and if he wins will receive first prize. If he only draws the game he will tie Tschigorin for first and second prizes should the latter defeat Schlechter in the final round. Lasker can only tie for first prize in case he defeats Burn and Pillsbury should lose to Gunsberg. The American player, therefore, is now favorite for first prize, and is heartily congratulated upon his success.

LAWN TENNIS.

NIAGARA TOURNAMENT CLOSED.

Niagara, Ont., Aug. 31.—In the final doubles this afternoon, Neel and Wrenn, of Chicago, defeated Fischer and Talmage, of New York, in three straight sets, 6—1, 7—5, 6—3. The play was brilliant and the rallies long sustained, but the Chicagoans played with greater accuracy and sureness. The final of the handicap was won by A. L. Fechimer, of Cincinnati, who beat C. E. Pritz, playing even, 6—2, 6—1, 6—0. Fechimer is a promising young player. Miss Osborne beat Mrs. Sydney Smith in the ladies' singles, 2—6, 6—1, 6—1.

CRICKET.

M. C. C. VS. M'GILL C. C.

The sixth and last game of the season between these two clubs was commenced last Saturday afternoon on the University campus. Eight wickets of the McGill eleven had fallen for 60 runs at 4 o'clock, when the game was stopped by heavy rain; and at 4.30 it was decided to abandon the match. The following is the score:—

McGill C. C.

J. M. Braithwaite, b Philpott	14
Richardson, c Godwin, b Philpott	0
E. McLea, b Godwin	0
A. H. Grace, b Philpott	22
G. Lyman, b Evans	0
R. C. Smith, b Philpott	9
A. B. Wood, c Godwin, b Philpott	0
A. R. Oughtred, not out	3
J. F. Mackie, c Macintosh, b Philpott	4
W. W. Walker, not out	1
C. Ackerley, to bat	..
Byes	7
	60

Bowling analysis.

	B.	M.	R.	W.
Godwin	54	2	21	1
Philpott	96	6	21	6
Evans	42	1	11	1

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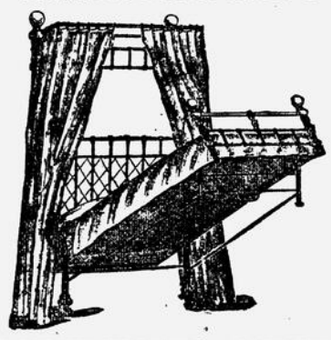

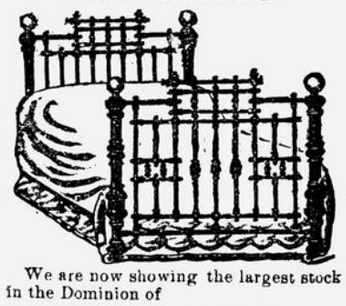

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INVICTAS DEFEATED

Following is he result of the cricket match played on Saturday between the Invictas and Ottawa C. C.:—

Invictas.	
Hainsworth, b Bristow	9
Manning, b Bristow	0
T. Holland, b Bristow	5
Greenwood, b Bristow	3
H. Holland, b Bristow	0
Addison, b Turten (pro)	0
Davis, b Bristow	1
Hopper, b Turton (pro)	0
Fripp, not out	5
W. Ackland, run out	1
B. Galway, run out	10
Extras	4
Total	38

Ottawa C. C.	
Bristow, b Hainsworth	1
Turton (pro), b Hainsworth	88
Campbell, l b w, b Greenwood	10
H. Ackland, b Greenwood	6
Little, l b w, b Addison	25
Bell, l w b, b Addison	4
Steele, b Hainsworth	42
E. Turton, b Hainsworth	0
Pereira, c and b Greenwood	26
B. Carter, not out	12
Shillington, to bat	0
Extras	5
Total	223

NOTES AND NOTICES.

Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Inflammation of the Lungs, etc., cured by Polynice Oil, 1694 Notre Dame street, Montreal.

WINS THE PROVINCIAL CHAMPIONSHIP.

[illegible] handicap contest. [illegible] was nowhere near the tape [illegible] Brown, of Cleveland, [illegible] Chicago, and R. G. [illegible] in first, second, [illegible] the others some [illegible] Wanderers showed [illegible] of the local [illegible] the mile

USING THE MEGAPHONE.

[illegible] with N. S. Mitchell, of [illegible] second. In the race for [illegible] championship the [illegible] over the tape first, [illegible] winning in 5.11 1-5, with [illegible] second and third. [illegible] the Toronto Wanderers' [illegible] amused the onlookers

UNDIGNIFIED SHELTER.

[illegible] that through the megaphone [illegible] instrument, by the way, performed [illegible] very satisfactorily, and later on [illegible] on the press table. [illegible] open class B race was the [illegible] event of the afternoon, Tom. [illegible] won by a head; A. D. [illegible] Chicago, and O. P. Bernhart.

AND THE WIND BLEW.

[illegible] home only a few inches [illegible] was a time limit of 2.35 put on

THE QUEEN'S PICTURE.

Frederick Bell-Smith, of Toronto, Gains an Opportunity Sought by all Great Portrait Painters.

PRELIMINARIES TO A GREAT PAINTING OF THE QUEEN LAYING A WREATH ON SIR JOHN THOMPSON'S BIER.

Mr. Frederick Bell-Smith, of Toronto, is the envied of portrait painters on both sides of the Atlantic. He has just completed a portrait of Her Majesty Queen Victoria from the life.

The Canadian Government wished to place in the National Gallery at Ottawa a large picture reproducing the scene at Windsor Castle when the Queen placed a wreath upon the coffin of Sir John Thompson, the eminent Canadian statesman, whose sudden death took place as he was on his way to Windsor Castle.

It was of the utmost importance that the portraits of all who witnessed the ceremony should be made from life.

A personal sitting from the Queen is Royal favor the greatest painters would give much to obtain, but the favor is seldom granted. Mr. Bell-Smith was fortunate in having the support of Lord Lorne and the Princess Louise, who founded the Canadian Academy in 1880. It was the Princess who made all the arrangements and told Mr. Bell-Smith that the Queen was particularly pleased to give this sitting to a Canadian artist and was most anxious that he should have every facility, as she desired to show a further mark of her esteem for the Canadians.

The lucky Canadian artist arrived at Windsor Castle on July 5 last, accompanied by two photographers and was accorded one hour's sitting by Her Majesty. Mr. Bell-Smith was treated 'like a prince,' the Princess Louise doing all in her power to facilitate his work. Her Majesty was most gracious and apologized to the artist for having kept him waiting a few minutes. Before the Queen appeared in the White Drawing Room, where the sitting was held, she sent word by the Princess Louise to ask whether she should wear a bonnet. The artist was satisfied with the plain bonnet. Directly afterwards the Queen entered the room, supporting herself with a cane, her left hand resting upon the arm of her Indian secretary, the Munshi. Mr. Bell-Smith will never forget the scene. The magnificent East Indian, tall, dignified, with embroidered robe, turban, jewels and high caste to the finger tips, leading in an aged, almost helpless woman, his Queen, scarcely five feet in height, dressed all in black. The sitting resulted in one of the finest portraits of Her Majesty ever painted and will be a source of pride to all Canadians who have the welfare of our national gallery at heart. Besides the portrait of Her Majesty Mr. Bell-Smith made sketches and paintings from personal sittings given him by the Princess Beatrice, Miss McNeill Hon. Frances Drummond, Hon. Judith Harford, Col. Lord Edward Pelham Clinton, Lord Hawkesbury, Sir Henry Ponsonby, Lieut.-Col. Sir Fleetwood Edwards, Sir John McNeill, Lieut.-Col. the Hon. Wm. Carrington, Col. John Clark, Sir James Reid, Mr. Muther, Lieut.-Col. Holmes, Munshi Hafiz Abdul Karim (the Queen's Indian secretary), Sir Charles Tupper, the Rev. Father Longinotto and Mrs. Sandford and daughters.

THE QUEEN AT WINDSOR CASTLE, JULY 5, 1895.
(Reproduced by the New York 'World' from a photograph made under the direction of Mr. Frederick Bell Smith, of Toronto.)

MR. GEORGE R. PARKIN.

THE NEW PRINCIPAL OF UPPER CANADA COLLEGE ARRIVES.

Mr. George R. Parkin, well known at once as litterateur and imperial federationist, and who has recently accepted the position of principal of the Upper Canada College, has just come out from England to enter upon his new duties. Mr. Parkin thinks England is beginning to know Canada better, but agrees that what is wanted there is a history of our country, handy and accessible, which would give the people on the other side a just estimate of our resources. Canada went up a notch in English estimation when it was found that she weathered the storm of financial depression so well. He considers that the imperial idea is making progress, and that Mr. Chamberlain will give prestige and popularity to it. Mr. Chamberlain he considers a great force, the best debater in the House of Commons, and a man who, with boundless energy, will accomplish anything he puts his hand to. Home rule is shelved for the present; indeed, it may be said to have lost its place as the leading factor in imperial politics. The question, then, may be asked, has the Liberal-Unionist party ceased to have justification for its existence? However that may be, a man with the strength of Mr. Chamberlain has come to stay. He will do much to bind the colonies closer to the Mother Country, as he is a man with broad, high, imperial ideas.

Mr. Parkin thinks he can do good work for Canada and the empire by accepting the position of principal of the Upper Canada College. Friends had expressed surprise that he should have accepted this position after his literary and platform career, but he feels that there is no reason why he should not attend to his duties as principal and at the same time remember the cause with which his name has been so prominently identified.

THE MONTREAL EXHIBITION.

HISTORIC SCENES IN WAX.

The Historic Museum on the Exhibition grounds is being specially decorated for the occasion under the superintendence of Messrs. Benallac, of Notre Dame street. The objects of interest the building is to contain will comprise some twenty scenes in waxwork, reproductions of similar scenes exhibited at Madame Tussaud's in London and at Grevin's in Paris. Amongst these is one representing the death of Napoleon at St. Helena, from an original sketch drawn by a British officer who was present at the Emperor's death; and another scene of a somewhat gruesome character showing the manner in which a judicial 'examination' was conducted in the fifteenth century and the various implements of torture used to extort confessions of crime.

The Trappists of Oka will have a large and interesting display of the dairy products they manufacture. This exhibit will be one of the, if not the largest of its kind in the dairy department.

Mr. McEachran, the well-known veterinary surgeon, has telegraphed to the superintendent of the Walrond ranch to forward thirty-two of his celebrated Clyde and two pairs of heavy draught horses for exhibition.

The Montreal and Sorel Railway Company will issue coupon tickets to admit their passengers on to the grounds, while the Lower Laurentian Railway and the Bay of Quinte line of steamers are both arranging for special excursions from their different points to Montreal.

Both the Montreal Street Railway and the Park and Island Company will have special daily parades of illuminated cars throughout the city and environs during the time of the exhibition.

HE COLLECTED WATER RATES.

BUT HE WAS NOT A CIVIC EMPLOYEE AND CARRIED A REVOLVER.

A young man named Thomas Williams had doubts as to the justice of the local system upon which the water rates are based. He was a regular doubting Thomas, in fact. In accordance with the views of the majority of Montreal's citizens, Mr. Williams fancied that the taxes were altogether too steep; therefore he took measures to remedy the grievance. Now, if certain suspicious and evil-minded persons had not expressed some doubts as to Mr. Williams's rights to interfere in this particular matter, the probabilities are that he would have kept right on remedying, thereby saving our city fathers some trouble and loss of sleep. Some of the ratepayers, however, expressed their dubitancy of the young man's methods to Capt. Charbonneau, and that officer watched the suspect all Saturday forenoon, finally arresting him about ten o'clock. When searched he was found to be in the possession of a loaded revolver, of which he was promptly relieved.

It seems that the 'modus operandi' of the accused was to go to houses on Aqueduct, Lusignan and other streets in the neighborhood, where he would request to see their water bills, explaining at the time that he was a civic employee. After some questioning, presumably to give his mission an air of reality, he would deduct about forty percent, stating that a mistake had been made, and whenever he could, collected the balance. Capt. Charbonneau, who made the arrest, states that the prisoner is an old jail bird, although quite young in years. He has already served some time, and three years ago was sentenced to two years' imprisonment for stealing furniture from the house of Mr. J. S. Evans, on Dorchester street. This case will be dealt with to-morrow.

MEETINGS AND SOCIETIES.

THE METROPOLITAN LIFE PICNIC.

One of the most pleasant and enjoyable events of the season was the picnic given last Saturday afternoon by the superintendent and assistant superintendents of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company to its agents, the Back River being the scene of the festivities. It was an impromptu affair, and as such was enjoyed with all the additional zest which characterizes an outing when formality and a superfluity of programme and detail hinder the free enjoyment of picnickers. The crowd consisted of the superintendent, Mr. Charles Stanfield, the committee of management composed of assistant superintendents, Messrs. Alfred Vallee, H. Laviolette, and J. Van Haansbergen and about fifty of the agents. A car was chartered for the occasion. The ride to Back River was thoroughly enjoyed. Care and insurance policies were cast to the winds. A baseball outfit had been brought, and two sides were chosen for a match. It was agents versus assistant superintendents, and the sides were as follows:—Agents—W. J. Patterson, capt.; J. Ouimet, 1st b.; J. A. Weager, 2nd b.; A. House, 3rd b.; E. Goyette, c. field, R. Dutton, l. field; E. Backus, r. field; J. T. Panserean, catcher; J. H. Clelland, pitch-stop. A. McDougall, capt.; H. Laviolette, 1st b.; J. A. Vallee, 2nd b.; F. Fugere, 3rd b.; C. A. Chamberlain, l. field; E. Provost, l. field; L. Gauvin, r. field; H. Hine, catcher; J. Van Haansbergen, short-stop. Umpire, H. J. Boscombe. It was a wonderful and a fearful game—one at which the Colts of Chicago or the Giants of New York would have wept tears of anguish to be allowed to participate in. Those of the players who were a little off in skill or knowledge of the rules of the game made up for it in mysterious evolutions of batting, pitching, fielding or run-making, while the umpire was at once the centre of plaudits and rebukes, all of which he took with the nonchalance of a baseball umpire to the manner born. The Assistants were the first to go to the bat and before their side was out they had piled up three runs. Then the Agents went to the bat and with lightning like rapidity they knocked holes in the sky and tore up the whispering furze with the ball until they had sixteen runs to the good. Just how many hundred runs they intended to score will never be known for Jupiter Pluvius, taking pity upon the Assistants, sent down a shower of rain that drove the players to the shelter of a log house near by. After the rain ceased the picnickers went in a body to Lajeunesse's hotel, where fun and music were indulged in. Seven o'clock a sumptuous banquet, in the preparation of which Mr. L. Lajeunesse surpassed himself. Superintendent Stanfield presided, and Major H. Laviolette sat at the opposite end of the table as toast master. Among the toasts were 'The Queen,' responded to with the singing of the National Anthem; the President of the United States was replied to by special agent, J. L. Monroe. The Metropolitan and its president, was responded to by Mr. Chas. Stansfield, in a very happy speech, in which he complimented the agents and assistant superintendents highly on their work and promised them a sleigh ride to Back River next December if all went well. Mr. J. A. Vallee then spoke in behalf of the assistant superintendents, in which he said that the best material for making good agents was to be found in Montreal. The 'Press' and 'The Ladies' were next toasted, followed by the toasting of the proprietor of the hotel. At eleven o'clock more music was indulged in, after which the car was boarded. 'Home, sweet home' sung, and Montreal was the last thing on the programme.

RALLY DAY.

Yesterday was observed as rally day in connection with all the departments of Centenary Methodist Church, large numbers being present at each service. At eleven o'clock the pulpit was occupied by the Rev. Dr. Benson, who preached a very interesting and instructive sermon, taking for his text the words contained in St. Peter iii., 13: 'And who is he that will harm you, if ye be followers of that which is good.' We judge the soil by what it produces and if the soil be good its production must be good. It is the condition of a man's heart that makes him valuable. We need be most careful, said the preacher, to determine what is good and what is evil. Having nothing to do many young men have thought good, but many have been ruined by idleness. Many have thought drinking moderately good, but many of the weaker ones have been ruined. Many have thought the dance and card table good, but many have lost millions and many have been ruined in the ball room. Many to-day think it good to observe the Sabbath day as a day for recreation but the promises of God are sure that he who desecrates the Sabbath will be punished. The trend of sin is always downward; it brings penalty sooner or later. There are men all around us who think they are strong physically while committing sin, who are just waiting for disease to take hold of them: then they are gone. Every act of sin is only helping the devil to put his dagger further into you. The tendency of good is upward. What has uplifted the world to-day? It is the nation that honors her God. The essence of religion is first of all being good, and secondly, doing good. 'I'm afraid,' said the speaker, 'that we have too many leaders and not enough followers in our churches to-day. There is not enough concentration to the one object. Too many are seeking the office of 'president, treasurer, secretary, etc.' The reverend gentleman concluded by urging his hearers to seek that which is good.

At three p.m. in the Sunday-school addresses were delivered by the Rev. W.H. Emsley and Mr. E. K. Graffety. In the evening the pulpit was occupied by the Rev. D. C. Sanderson, the pastor of the church, who preached an appropriate sermon. The sacrament closed the day's services.

A SUNDAY-SCHOOL WORKERS RALLY.

The Methodist Sunday-school workers' rally at the Athletic Club House on Saturday, was a very enjoyable occasion. The attendance was not very large owing to the threatening weather. The shower of rain during the afternoon somewhat interfered with the pleasure of the outdoor enjoyments, but an interesting programme in the large hall afforded a very acceptable equivalent. The Rev. Dr. Hunter presided, and addresses were delivered by the Rev. W. H. Emsley and the Rev. W. Stevens, of Hudson. Miss Benson delighted the gathering with her excellent rendering of a beautiful solo. Mr. J. Ritchie Bell, Mr. Fred. Meyers and the Rev. W. H. Stevens also contributed vocal selections. The question box created a good deal of interest also. This differed somewhat from the usual method of receiving and answering questions in similar gatherings. A number of questions bearing on Sunday-school work had been previously prepared. These were printed on slips of paper and distributed through the company, with a request that each one would write his or her answer on the back of the slip and return it to the secretary. These replies were then assorted and read from the platform. No names were attached to the answers, so that all felt free to send in their replies. It was admittedly a very profitable and enjoyable feature of the programme. Some of the questions read in this fashion:—How long should a superintendent hold office? Should an officer or teacher ride a bicycle on Sunday? Are Sunday-school picnics with races and games for prizes, conducive to the success of Sunday-school work? What Sunday-school helps do you find most useful? What are some of the weak points in the Sunday-school of to-day? How can our scholars be best induced to abstain from the use of tobacco and intoxicating liquors? Some of the answers were quite unique and elicited hearty applause. After the programme, tea was partaken of, and the return trip was enlivened by the singing of familiar hymns. The Island Park Railway furnished excellent car service.

KILLED ON THE TRACK.

A switchman named Nicholas was run down and instantly killed by an out-going C. P. R. train at Montreal Junction at 8.30 last evening, while returning on a hand-car from attending to the signal lamps along the line. Nicholas was a careful man and had been in the employ of the company for some time. Coroner McMahon went out to hold an investigation this afternoon.

FAREWELL TO THE CURE.

On Saturday evening the summer residents of Boucherville gathered at the presbytery to present an address and bid farewell to the Rev. Cure Primeau previous to their departure for the city. Mr. L. O. David, city clerk, read the address, which was accompanied with a purse of a hundred dollars for charities in the parish. Mr. Primeau replied in suitable terms and invited the visitors to partake of light refreshments. On the previous Thursday all the little children of the summer colony paid a similar visit to the cure.

PIETZEL'S BODY DISINTERRED.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—The body of Benj. F. Pietzel, the supposed victim of H. H. Holmes, has been taken from its grave in the Mechanics' Cemetery here by Dr. Sidei Boham, the coroner-physician. The object of the physician was to secure the skull of the murdered man. It is thought the skull is to be used to identify the dead man by means of his teeth and it is surmised that Mrs. Pietzel will probably be called upon to testify in this direction.

H.M.S. 'MAGICIENNE.'

The war ship 'Magicienne' passed Three Rivers inwards at ten o'clock this morning, and should reach Montreal harbor by four o'clock this afternoon.

PERSONAL.

The Hon. Mr. Justice and Mrs. Wurtele and Miss Estelle O'Brien, have returned to town from Murray Bay.

Prof F. H. Norman, of Drummond Hall, has returned to town from Cacouna where he spent the summer as usual at the St. Lawrence Hall.

OCEAN TRAVELLERS.

SS. 'LAKE ONTARIO' INWARD.

The following is a list of the saloon passengers per SS. 'Lake Ontario,' Captain Campbell, from Liverpool to Montreal, Saturday, Aug. 24, 1895:—Mr. John Aird, Mr. Hugh Aird, Miss Nellie Adam, Dr. J. H. B. Allan, Dr. A. E. Awde, Mrs. Awde, Mr. Joseph Awde, Mr. Arthur Bell, Mr. Matthew F. Blackiston, Mr. Board, Mr. A. E. Bond, the Rev. Dr. Bristol, Mr. F. W. Brooks, Mrs. Brooks, Mrs. Burnett, Mr. R. C. Clute, Miss Annie Coffield, Mr. James Crail, Professor Forshaw Day, Mr. W. H. Dean, Mrs. Dean, Mr. Dewar, Mrs. Elzas, and infant, Mrs. Elizabeth Fraser, and infant, Miss Ferguson, Miss Gifford, Mr. Vere Goold, Mrs. Goold, Mr. Charles H. Gould, Mr. A. C. Gray, Mr. Wallace Halle, Dr. Hamilton, Mr. Alfred Hardisty, Miss Hardy, Mrs. Harrington, Mr. Joseph Henderson, Mrs. Henderson, Master Leigh Henderson, Miss Kathleen Henderson, the Rev. R. Hewton, Dr. C. H. Hughes, Miss Belle Jacobs, Mr. Edmund W. Jarvis, Mr. J. A. Johnson, Mrs. Johnson, Mr. T. D. Law, Colonel S. S. Lazier, Mrs. Lazier, Mrs. Catherine Leach, Mr. E. Lafleur, Mr. C. D. Macaulay, Mr. A. Maclean, Miss Marsh, Doctor McFarlane, Mrs. Macfarlane, and child, Mr. Hugh MacDonald, Mrs. McCord, Mr. J. B. McIver, Mr. H. A. McKay, Mr. Hugh McLennan, Mrs. McLennan, Miss Alice McLennan, Miss Isabella McLennan, Mr. J. McMurchie, Mr. F. M. Millard, Mr. Joseph A. Mills, Mrs. H. J. Mudge, two Misses Mudge, Mr. A. L. Mudge, Mr. S. Munroe, Miss Florence Munroe, Mr. G. M. Nield, Miss Norreys, Mr. George Percival, Miss Plimsoll, Mr. E. G. Porter, Miss Proudfoot, Mrs. Robertson, Mrs. Robertson, Mrs. J. Robertson, and three Misses Robertson, Miss Rhind, Miss M. P. Rhind, Mrs. A. E. Roe, Miss Florence Roe, Mr. J. J. Smith, Mrs. Smith, the Rev. Geo. H. Smith, the Rev. M. De Sola, Mrs. De Sola, Master De Sola, maid and infant, Miss Stewart, Miss F. Stewart, the Rev. W. H. Thompson, Mr. F. J. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Vogel and child, Miss Ella Walker, Mr. Robert Wightman, Mrs. Wightman, Miss Wightman, Miss Wilgress, Miss Williams, Miss Louise Williams, Mr. W. A. Williamson, Miss Violet Winnett, Mr. Samuel Woods, Miss Edith Woods.

List of second class passengers:—Miss Ash, Mr. John Beaumont, Miss E. Blunder, Mr. Ben. Bryan, Mr. Wm. Colbeck, Mrs. Colbeck, Mrs. T. Coombes, Mr. J. T. Ellis, Mrs. Ellis, Miss Kate Hill, Miss Jacome, Mrs Jessop, Miss A. Kitchen, Miss Alice North, Mr. Alfred Owles, Mr. George Patterson, Mrs. Paterson, Miss Annie Pugsley, Mr. W. Small, Mr. C. H. Swinnerton, Mr. G. H. Taylor, Mr. Albert Waterer, Mr. Whateley, Mr. G. Whateley, Mr. B. G. Willis.

THE COMMISSION REFUSED

Gauthier's Fate Must be Decided by the Court.

It will be remembered that a days ago, Mr. E. N. St. Jean, for Azarie Gauthier, charged murder of the young woman presented a petition asking to have him examined by a mission, with a view to insanity. The sheriff referred ter to the Attorney-General, ply came from Quebec, this the case did not seem to article 2209 of the Revised S voked in the petition, and that and jury were the proper pa quire into the mental condi accused.

THE LATE MR. R. W. SHEP

The remains of the late Mr Shepherd were on Saturday re 'Riversmead,' his late residen mo, and conveyed to Montre steamer 'Duchess of York.' O rival of the steamer in the afte cortege formed and proceede George's Church, of which th was a prominent member. ship the Bishop of Montreal c the funeral services, assist Very Rev. Dean Carmichael a Canon Anderson. The chief were the sons of the de Shepherd, Dr. Francis Shep Shepherd, Dr. William Mo Arthur Henshaw, sons-in-law relatives. Mount Royal the place of interment.

SHIPPING AND HARBOR

The SS. 'Angloman,' Captain Dominion Line, laden with general cargo, was anchor Liverpool on Saturday m net. When she attempted berth it was found that she was mud. She was afloat at the but was fast amidships. She feet 10 inches forward, and culated that there was a deep channel of 26 feet 7 inches that there would be the same at the ship's berth, and that she would float easily. Su ner the case, and she was that four tugs failed to move tion of the cattle were from Bri being the first shipment Messrs. Burchill & Hoey had for some time attempted and failed. It was decided taking off the live stock, which ed by rail to Quebec, where loaded upon the vessel ro To make matters worse, the about eighteen inches, and had to be got to work as speedi removing to more secure quarters of cargo stored in the lower shed. The 'Angloman' was morning, and left for Qu

On the inward voyage of the a child was born to a steerage and another was born on board grant train at the Mile End Sa urday evening. The General H balance was called to take mother and child, and the father children, were forwarded to Home.

DISASTERS.

Halifax, N.S., Aug. 31.—The the Yarmouth barque 'H. B. Tucker,' which was wrecked coast, has reached here. The in ballast and bound to Hamburg. She had the following unusual happened up a.m. That day the ship's rocks and remained. The breeze on shore and a be soon commenced to go 16 in number, managed safety, some getting on main-yard. They saved some provisions, and the schooner 'C. E. Pola,' the coast, came along and board and landed them

The SS. 'Memnon' morning from Bristol with

The SS. 'Netherholme' Maryport with a cargo

The coal steamers arrived in port this they have also cleared ballast.

The SS. 'Cromarty' Pictou with passengers

The water in the river is low it has been at any time this feet 1 inch in the Richelieu and lower than the same date last

NOTES AND NOTICES.

Opening of the Schools. Sch for boys and girls; small trans lege students. Prices reasonable Eveleigh & Co., 247 and 247 street, or at factory, corner V Elizabeth streets.

Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Indi of the Lungs, etc., cured by Dr. 1694 Notre Dame street, Montreal.

DIED.

SPARLING.—In this city, on Sept. Marta Lawton, widow of the Sparling, of Quebec, aged 80 years months.

Funeral from the residence of nieces, Mrs. James Cooper, No. 24 street, on Tuesday afternoon o'clock.

ADVERTISEMENTS

SALE OF Unclaimed Bag

There will be sold by Public No. 1912 NOTRE DAME STR City of Montreal, on the 9th day ber, at 10 a.m., the following property towards satisfying mentioned amounts due the H by the several parties named Noe, J., one valise and Corbeti, Thos., one trunk and Duncan, J. W., one trunk and tents .....
Anderson, J. C., two trunks
McCrae, D., one valise and
Howard, W. E., one valise tents, one sample case
Pratt, W. A., one trunk and
Folger, A. E., one trunk and
Sanes, E., one valise and
Wilkinson, H. W., one valise tents .....
Talt, E. A., one valise and J. W. ...

GEO. D. ROE, Manager.

HOUSE FOR SALE, CORNER and Victoria avenues, two and w.c., solid brick, extra finished inside. Small balance can remain for ten years per annum. Apply THOMAS D. BUCHAN, ...

THE SHERBROOKE FAIR.

MANY MONTREAL EXHIBITORS ON HAND WITH SPLENDID EXHIBITS.

THE OPENING TO-DAY VERY AUSPICIOUS.

Sherbrooke, Que., Sept. 2.—The eleventh annual exhibition of the Eastern Townships Agricultural Association opened this morning under most favorable circumstances. The weather was perfect and everything tended to make this the most successful show in the history of the association. The secretary, Mr. H. Fraser, has been put to his wits' end for a few days arranging space in the building for the large number of entries which have come in at the last hour, a good many of the exhibitors having been working night and day for the past few days getting their exhibits in place but it will take the balance of to-day to get everything in perfect order in the main building. When completed it will be one continuous scene of beauty. Your representative has not had time as yet to get more than a passing glance at the main building but among the most prominent exhibits he noticed the Massie-Harris Company's fine display of carriages, road carts, etc. Messrs. H. A. Wilder & Co., Montreal, have a beautiful exhibit of pianos of every description. The Paton Manufacturing Company have a splendid range of their celebrated worsteds, yarns, rugs, etc., S. D. Ross, clothing and gents' furnishings; H. Ross, bicycles, hardware, etc.; Macfarlane Milling Company, a very fine and neat display of their own brand of flour; Jas. Stock, of Montreal, a fine display of furniture of every description; J. S. Mitchell & Co., a very fine exhibit of hardware, builder's materials supplies, etc.; H. Samuel, jewels, carpets, house furnishings, etc.; Moffatt Stove Company, stoves, etc.; E. P. Cormier, an elaborate display of furs and fur garments of every description; H. C. Wilson & Sons, the display of pianos, organs and musical instruments of all kinds; Nicols Chemical Company, acids and chemicals; the Drain Pipe Company, St. Johns, pipes, etc., and many others. The display of horses, cattle, sheep, swine, etc., is very large and includes many of the best herds in Canada. The track has been greatly improved this year by the building of a substantial track, a new ladies' dressing room and judges' stand.

Arrangements for to-day will consist principally of performance on the platform in front of the grand stand by Monsieur Russel, Delarave and Fritz, comedians and trick performers. Demonstrations in marvellous feats of horsemanship. Bicycle racing and horse races. Roman riding and

NEW COMPANIES.

Application will be made to Quebec 'Official Gazette' will be made to incorporate the 'Montreal Association for the Protection of Women,' for the purpose of the establishment of poor women of Montreal.

Application will be made to the Dominion College of Physicians for the promotion of the study

The Royal Trust and Fidelity Company apply for permission to change their name to that of the 'Royal Trust Company' and to amend its charter with a view to secure additional powers.

Messrs. J. Emile Vanier, Treffle Bastien, Louis E. Trudeau, F. Edouard Meunier, Joseph Forbier, M. E. Dansereau, Alphonse Joseph M. Fortier, and Charles D. Taylor, all of Montreal, have applied for incorporation under the name of 'Societe du Theatre Francais,' with a capital stock of 10,000.

Messrs. A. de Lormier, J. de Fournier, Edmond Fournier, A. E. de Fournier and others are asking incorporation under the name of the 'Northern Lumber Company,' with a capital stock of $20,000. The object of the company is to carry on a lumber trade, and its principal business will be at St. Faustin, Terrebonne.

DIVIDENDS AND DIVIDENDS.

Mr. William Kemp, ex-Mayor of Troy, President of the Troy Street Railway Company of the Troy Steel and Iron Co., is at the Windsor Hotel. He is probably one of the brightest business men in the country, although a remarkable man in other relations. Recently took hold of the Troy Railway when that institution was in a very embarrassing concern. It was felt to be necessary that this well equipped line, which is operated and in great favor with the people, should not be able to pay. He thought the matter over very carefully, and the upshot of his cogitations was the conductors' bell punch. There was evidently a close relation between bell punches and dividends, for the year after they were introduced, the dividends were twelve per cent.

CIVIC HOSPITAL.

Report of the Montreal General Administration of the Civic Hospital for the week is as follows:—

Number of patients in hospital Aug. 1—Scarlatina, 20; total, 23.

Admitted during month—Diphtheria, 6; total, 10.

Discharged during month—Diphtheria, 4; scarlatina, 10; total, 14.

Died during month—Diphtheria, 2; scarlatina, 2; total, 2.

PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Adlai E. Stevenson, Vice-President of the United States, who, with his wife, has been upon a trip through Canada by the C. P. R., has been the guest of Sir William Van Horne for a few days. He went to Quebec recently, but is expected back in a few days. He describes Canada as worth the price the United States paid Russia for it, but what is more to the point he describes the scenery in British Columbia as the finest in the world. The C. P. R. a well equipped and well managed line. He had found the people of our North-West to be abundantly prosperous, the whole country indicating a high degree of prosperity.

COMMERCIAL.

WITNESS OFFICE, Monday, Sept. 2, 1895.

LIVE STOCK MARKET—Sept. 2.

There were about 450 head of butchers' cattle, 150 calves and 1,000 sheep and lambs offered for sale at the East End Abattoir to-day. The cool bracing weather scarcely had any effect upon a rather dull market and prices continue without material change since last week. A few head of good Manitoba cattle were held at 4c per lb., but 3¾c per lb. was about the highest price paid for butchers' cattle during the early part of the day; pretty good stock selling at from 3¼c to 3½c, common dry cows and thrifty young cattle at from 2½c to 3c, and the leaner beasts at about 2c per lb. Calves are pretty numerous for this time of the year; good large calves sell at from $6 to $9 each and common ones at from $2.50 to 5 each. Shippers are paying from 3½c to 3¾c per lb. for good large sheep. Good lambs sell at from 3½c to 3¾c per lb.; some of the poorest specimens of the lambs were offered at $1 each. Fat hogs are dull of sale and prices are declining, being from 4¾c to 5c per lb. for fed hogs.

CHEESE MARKETS.

Kingston, Ont., Aug. 29.—At the meeting of the Kingston cheese board, held here to-day, offerings were 1,776 boxes of colored cheese. Sales: 50 at 7¾c.

Brockville, Ont., Aug. 29.—At the meeting of the cheese board held here to-day, 1,711 boxes were offered, 506 being white and the balance colored; 7¾c was the highest bid being offered for one lot. George Taylor, M.P., made an offer for the whole board, but it was not accepted. J. C. Warrington, of Montreal, was present, and addressed the board, and was followed by Mr. Taylor. Both speakers strongly advised the salesmen not to hold their cheese, but sell them every week at prevailing prices.

STATE OF TRADE.

New York, Aug. 30.—Bradstreet's to-morrow will say:—The concluding week of August was a striking increase in the volume of business with jobbers in staple lines at such centres as New York, Baltimore, Boston, Chicago, St. Louis, St. Paul, Minneapolis, and to a more moderate extent at distributing points in the South Atlantic and Gulf States. This situation is encouraged by the practical certainty of an unprecedentedly large crop of corn and a phenomenal harvest of wheat in the North-West as well as by the unexpected upward bound of prices of steel and iron followed by a corresponding gain in the demand. The total volume of general trade for the summer has been larger than in 1894, and in many instances than in 1893, with the outlook to-day for even a better fall demand than many had anticipated. The upward and onward impulse of this week is noticeable. All winter lines of goods have felt an improved request and manufacturers and jobbers are preparing to handle a large fall trade. Bank clearings at 83 cities in the United States aggregate $885,000,000 this week 1.7 percent less than last week. Business failures number 100 in the United States this week against 192 last week, 192 in the week a year ago, 362 two years ago and 138 in the like week in 1892.

Exports of wheat from both coasts of the United States and from Montreal this week (flour as wheat), amount to only 1,871,000 bushels, against 2,389,000 bushels last week, 3,420,000 bushels in the week one year ago and 5,092,000 bushels two years ago. During nine weeks of the current cereal year total wheat and flour exports from the United States and Canada amounted to only 16,000,000 bushels, as compared with 25,000,000 bushels in a like portion of the preceding year.

Montreal reports the volume of general trade small, with travellers in many lines not out yet. The Bonaventure and Gaspe fishing industry is unsatisfactory this season. A moderate business is reported from Toronto, with the number of country buyers increasing. Bank clearings at Winnipeg, Hamilton, Toronto, Montreal and Halifax amount to $16,907,000 this week. Last week the total was $18,552,000, and one year ago it was $16,078,000. There are 42 business failures reported from Canada this week, against 37 last week, 32 in the week a year ago, and 30 in the like week of 1893.

MANITOBA WHEAT.

Never in the history of the Manitoba grain trade have we seen the feeling so sluggish at the beginning of the movement of the new crop. New wheat is offering, but there are no buyers. The high price at which old wheat is held locally, together with the declining tendency of the world's markets, is no doubt accountable for this. The big milling concerns have quite a lot of old wheat and they are not hungry for the new crop, while the great weakness in foreign markets seems to have paralyzed exporters for the movement. No new wheat has been offered on spot here, but some samples have been shown and bids have been asked for, to ship from country points. The only bid we have heard of was 51c offered for 5,000 bushels, on track at a country point, rate 15c per 100 pounds to Fort William. The first actual shipment of new wheat was one car shipped from Gretna by the Lake of the Woods Milling Company, to their mill at Keewatin, grade No. 1 hard. This wheat was taken in without a price being named, which is equal to receiving for storage. A little new wheat has been marketed at several points this week, principally at Gretna and vicinity, and is all being received on Store. Next week receipts of new wheat are expected to be quite heavy at a few points in the early harvest districts. As we have stated, buying has not begun for new wheat. We state elsewhere in an editorial that wheat would be worth about 50c to the producer in Manitoba, but this was written early in the week, and prices have declined sharply since then, so that the outlook to-day is nearer 45c to the producer, on an export basis. We hear of no sales of old wheat. One party who has been offering two cars for two weeks, has not sold yet. If the weather keeps fine, and the new crop comes in hard and dry, old wheat will not being but a very small premium over new wheat, and the latter is worth 61c to 62c afloat Fort William, present export basis.

Property.

CHOICE BUILDING LOT, 30x120, on Dorchester street, north side; two lots east of St. Mark street; cheap to a prompt buyer; easy terms. T. JORDAN, 1749 Notre Dame street. 30

ALL BUSINESS
IN CONNECTION WITH
REAL ESTATE
—AND—
MORTGAGE LOANS
transacted promptly by
A. G. ROSS & CO.,
Standard Building.

Property.

FARMS FOR SALE, HOUSES FOR SALE. Money to Lend on First Mortgages. F. HUSTON, 204 St. James street. 20

PROPERTY FOR SALE, COMMODIOUS, Villa residence and grounds, Victoria avenue, St. Lamberts; rare chance to buy a fine home very cheap, and own terms of payment. Address R. L. MURCHISON, 801 New York Life. 19

WANTED, FOR A TERM OF YEARS, A building, suitable for light manufacturing, 12,000 feet floor space, with privilege of renting power and heat; rent about $600. Full particulars to BUILDING, 'Witness' Office. 8

AN EXTRAORDINARY OFFER.

For sale, at $1,500, a property that gives a rent return of $300 per annum. I am instructed to sell a 3-story brick encased tenement block on St. Phillip street, St. Henri, for $1,500; easy terms; good stone foundation; land 30 x 96. Come and see for yourself—the cheapest property in St. Henri to-day. Apply to

ERNEST BOLTON,
1763 Notre Dame street, corner of St. John
31

FOR SALE.

WESTMOUNT—250,000 feet; a bargain.
MILTON STREET—110 feet front by 120 ft. deep.
ST. CATHERINE STREET WEST—North side, between Mountain and Crescent streets; lane in rear.
All the above properties are choice parcels of land, and will be sold cheap. There is a marked improvement in real estate this month. This is the time to buy.

JAS. M. MITCHELL,
58 St. Francois Xavier st.

FOR SALE.

Two houses now being built on Crescent street, near Sherbrooke; Red Stone Fronts, Plate Glass Windows, and all modern improvements. Can be completed by Oct. 25. Parties desiring an elegant residence, by contracting to purchase at an early day, can secure such alterations as will meet their views and conveniences.
Apply to JAMES DOUGLAS, at the houses. 2

T. JAMES CLAXTON

Has the following small INVESTMENT properties for sale: For $800 cash investment that will return 15 percent; all well rented. $1,000 that will give 12 percent; another $2,000, very central, will return 10 percent. Also, three Building Lots at Cote St. Antoine, one on the Boulevard, at less than present value. 180 St. James street. 31

To Let.

BUILDING TO LET, SUITABLE FOR light manufacturing establishment or warehouse. Apply at 'Witness' Office. 3

TO LET, 17 AND 19 ARGYLE AVENUE, comfortable lower tenements; reduced rent to good tenants. 4 Wrexham avenue.

UPPER TENEMENT TO RENT, NO. 18 Rousseau street, off Lacroix street; 8 rooms; $12 per month; no taxes; near Dalhousie square station; immediate possession. Apply to Mr. FRASER, 211 St. James street. 29

FLATS TO LET, SUITABLE FOR WARE-rooms or light manufacturing business, with office or store on ground floor. Apply at 'Witness' Office. 11

TO LET, FOR WINTER, COMFORTABLE house convenient to stations. Address for particulars, HOUSE 10, 'Witness' Office. 31

TO LET, LOWER TENEMENT, 204 ST. George street; six rooms; bath, etc.; good order; rent moderate. Apply next door. 31

TO LET OR FOR SALE, HOUSE AT Montreal West, half way between both railways, near proposed electric cars; good schools; water; perfect drainage; electric light; Daisy furnace; garden; lawn; fruit trees; splendid order. Apply R. S. CLIFT, 18 Corn Exchange. 31

TO LET, CUT STONE HOUSE, No. 55 St. Mark street, in perfect order; also Cottage, 2705½ St. Catherine street. HENRY MILLEN, 214 St. James street. 2

TO LET, FAMILY RESIDENCE, NEAR Mackay street; suitable for a large family, or an institute; immediate possession; rent very moderate. C. CUSHING, N.P., 110 St. James street. 28

TO LET, VERY DESIRABLE STONE front flats, gas and electric light; all modern improvements; rents moderate; Cuthbert street. Apply on premises or to JAS. COCHRANE, 30 Hutchison street. 27

TO LET, WOOD AVENUE, Westmount, very well finished residential flats of 8 and 9 rooms; all modern conveniences; magnificent view. Apply to A. G. ROSS & Co., Standard Building. 26

TO LET, A NICE FLAT OF 1, 2 or 3 Rooms, furnished or unfurnished; all modern conveniences; bath, w.c., etc. Apply at 80a Bleury street, above Lagauchetiere street.

TO BE LET, 110 IRVINE AVENUE, Westmount; most desirable new Cottage; freshly tinted; hot water furnace; extension; 4 bedrooms. Key and information at 112, next door; $21 per month; no taxes. 30

TO LET, AN UPPER AND LOWER FLAT of 5 rooms each; all modern improvements; immediate possession; low rent for winter. Apply F. A. McRAE, 577 St. Urbain street. 29

TO LET, CHEAP, TO DESIRABLE TENants, light warerooms, with office on ground floor, next door to 'Witness' Office; are being put in thorough repair. Apply at 'Witness' Office.

TO LET.

52 Crescent street, Cottage all remodelled, 6 bedrooms, extension kitchen, hot water heating, etc.; all modern conveniences, to be tinted and varnished. 79 Fort street, stone front Cottage, 5 bedrooms, extension kitchen, hot water heating, etc; all modern conveniences; to be tinted and painted. For terms apply C. L. MALTBY, 309 St. James street. 17

TO LET, FACTORY,
21-23 COTE STREET
formerly occupied by the Major Manufacturing Co.
Apply to A. JOYCE, Phillips square.

TARIFF

FOR

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.

AGENTS WANTED—25 cents for 12 words, each insertion; additional words, 2 cents each, per insertion.
SITUATIONS WANTED — 10 cents for 20 words or less; three insertions, 25 cents; over 20 words, ½ cent per extra word per insertion.
SITUATIONS VACANT — 10 cents for 20 words each insertion; additional words ½ cent per extra word per insertion.
PUPILS WANTED—10 cents for 20 words; 3 insertions, 25 cents; 6 insertions, 40c; over 20 words, ½ cent per extra word per insertion.
SPECIFIC ARTICLES (second-hand) — 10 cents for 20 words; 3 insertions, 25c; 6 insertions, 40c.
LOST ARTICLES—10 cents for 20 words; 3 insertions, 25c; 6 insertions, 40c.
FOUND ARTICLES—25 cents for 25 words, each insertion When found articles can be left at office as security for charges, compensation will be looked for to person claiming property.
BOARD AND ROOMS TO LET or WANTED 10 cents for 20 words; 3 insertions, 25c.
HOUSES AND REAL ESTATE—20 cents for 20 words, 6 insertions, $1.
SWAPS—10 cents for 20 words; 3 insertions, 25 cents.
FINANCIAL—25 cents for 25 words; 6 insertions, $1.25.
BUSINESS CHANCES—25 cts. for 25 words, 6 insertions, $1.25.
BUSINESS CARDS—25 cents for 25 words; 6 insertions, $1.25.
MEDICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS—60 cents for 20 words; 6 insertions, $3.50.
ALL OTHER 'WANTED' ADVERTISEMENTS, 25 cents for 25 words each insertion.

NOTICE PARTICULARLY.

The above rates are NET CASH with order. When advertisements are sent in without being prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher.
The first mentioned charge is always the minimum, even though the advertisement does not contain the number of words allowed. Additional words may be had pro rata.

Pupils Wanted.

FRENCH PUPILS WANTED BY A CLASsical French scholar, who teaches by conversational as well as written methods. Latin and Greek also taught. Terms moderate. Address 321 Rachel street. 31

PAINTING AND DRAWING—Baron Holmfeld, assisted by Miss S. Eaton and Miss Y. Thomas, will open Saturday classes for ladies and children, on Sept. 7. Studio, Chateau de Ramezay, 1536 Notre Dame st. 31

Wanted.

WANTED, FORTY GALLONS OF MILK Daily, on the 9 a.m. G. T. R. train. Apply G.T.R., 'Witness' Office. 31

WANTED, TO BORROW, $2,000, ON GOOD city property; will not pay more than 5 percent.
WANTED, TO BORROW $5,000, ON VALUable property at Cote Des Neiges. Apply for both loans to P. E. BROWN, Real Estate Agent, 97 St. James street. 20

For Sale.

FOR SALE, RARE STAMPS—The Largest Stock of Old Issues in the Dominion. All business transacted by mail. Illustrated samples. Box 563, Montreal. 2

FOR SALE, ENGLISH DOUBLE, BRASS Bedstead, with spring, mattress, etc.; price, ten dollars. Good order. 21 Mayor st. 2

FOR SALE, ONE DOUBLE AND TWO SINgle Bedsteads and two Sofas, 25 St. Edward street. 2

FOR SALE, CHEAP, A LARGE ASSORTment of second-hand Furniture and School Desks; Furniture bought. Cor. Cathedral and St. Antoine streets. 31

FOR SALE, FIRST-CLASS FRUIT AND Confectionery, between the two depots; average taken per day, $35; will be sold cheap. L. HARRIS, 118 St. James st. Evenings 429 St. Lawrence street. 30

FOR SALE, COMMON SENSE ROACH, BED Bug and Rat Exterminator, in tins, 25c, 50c and $1. Money returned if it does not clear your house. 71 Main street, Montreal. 27

FOR SALE, FOR THE MILLION: KINDling, $2; Cut Maple, $2.50; Tamarac Blocks, $1.75; Hardwood Blocks, $1.50; cut any length; delivered anywhere in the city. J. C. MACDIARMID, Richmond square. Bell Tel. 8253. 11

FOR SALE, KILN DRIED KINDLING Wood, $2; Cut Maple, $2.50; Tamarac Blocks, $1.75; Mill Blocks, cut stove lengths, $1.50 per load. MONTREAL KINDLING WOOD CO., corner St. James and Guy. Telephone 8110. 15

FOR SALE, THE HARNEY SEWING MAchine, the latest, therefore the best; shipped to any responsible name to test and inspect. M. J. HARNEY, P.O. Box 511, Montreal. 13

SINGLE SCULL FOR SALE.—Lachapelle single scull, in good condition, being almost new; could be used as a family skiff. Boat can be seen in the St. Lambert Boat Club House. For further particulars address J. L. FOULIS, hon. sec. St. Lambert Boating Club. 31

MOUNT ROYAL CEMETERY.
Lots For Sale,
Apply to MACINTOSH & HYDE,
Standard Building, 157 St. James street
31

DRY KINDLING WOOD
LARGE LOADS, $2.
HENDERSON BROS.
Telephone 8211. 344 William street.

To Let.

OFFICE OR SHOP, WITH TWO FINE Flats, in 'Witness' Building. Apply at the 'Witness' Office. 11

TO LET, COTTAGE, No. 25 Stayner Ave., Westmount; all modern improvements; keys at No. 27. Apply F. McMANN, 178 St. James street. 30

TO LET, NEW, SELF-CONTAINED FIRST-class 6-roomed lower, and 7 and 5-roomed upper flats, with all modern conveniences, and Daisy furnaces. The two upper flats can be arranged into a single flat. Apply 1211a St. Denis street. 30

TO LET, Nos. 89-91 ST. MATTHEW ST., 7 rooms each, with modern improvements; key at 36 St. Luke street; also No. 36 Latour street, self-contained, 6 rooms, bath and w.c. Apply 340 Metcalfe avenue, Westmount (Cote St. Antoine).

Lost, Strayed and Found

FOUND, A SKIFF, MARKED 'B. G.' The owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses. C. E. DE WOLF, St. Lambert. 30

Rooms and Board.

A MARRIED COUPLE, WITHOUT CHILdren, can find good board with home comforts; St. Catherine street, Westmount. Address COMFORTS 23, 'Witness' Office. 2

A WIDOW LADY HAS FIRST-CLASS Rooms To Let, with good board, near the English Cathedral; telephone, shower bath; modern conveniences. Address CATHEDRAL, 'Witness' Office. 31

BOARD, LODGING, NEAR DOMINION Square; two or more gentlemen; few days, commencing evening, Sept. 10. Box 714, Brockville. 2

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOM with or without board; gentleman preferred; English; private family. Apply 632 Dorchester street, facing Dufferin square. 31

DOUBLE ROOM TO LET, WELL FURNished, with or without board; private family. 168 Peel street. 2

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET AT 74 Cathcart street. 28

FURNISHED ROOMS, ON BATHROOM Flat, To Let. Nice, large, airy rooms; pleasant locality; all modern conveniences. 228 Lagauchetiere (late Palace) st. 28

IN A QUIET PRIVATE FAMILY, A LARGE, very comfortable room, for two students, either ladies or gentlemen. 22½ Belmont street. 27

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS FOR A FEW young ladies employed through the day, with good board; locality central. 2002 St. Catherine street. 30

ON OVERDALE AVENUE, a large cheerful front room, on bath-room flat, nicely furnished, with a large clothes closet; fine view of river from window. Call in the afternoons or address D. FRASER, Welcome Hall, 247½ St. Antoine street. 24

ROOMS, WELL FURNISHED, DOUBLE and single; all conveniences; gentlemen only; in private residence. 2 McGill College avenue. No children. 30

ROOMS, HANDSOMELY APPOINTED; the house newly papered, painted and decorated throughout; board and table board. 142 Mansfield street. 2

ROOMS, HANDSOMELY FURNISHED, on bathroom flat; gas and hot water; private family; no children. No. 147 Mansfield street. 2

ROOMS, COMFORTABLY FURNISHED; also table board; hot and cold water in bath; terms moderate. No. 4 Victoria st. 28

ROOMS, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED. JOHN EGGER, 85 Bleury street. 27

TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS, WITH USE of kitchen, to let on upper flat; heated with 'Daisy' furnace. Apply 13 Belmont street. 2

TO LET, LARGE FRONT ROOM, IN QUIET family, for gentleman or married couple, with use of dining room and kitchen. 152 St. George street, near Dorchester street. 2

TO LET, COMFORTABLE FURNISHED Rooms, gas, hot water heated. 52 Beaver Hall Hill. 31

TO LET, AT REASONABLE RATES, beautiful rooms, newly papered and painted; Auer light; hot water heating; gentlemen preferred; can be seen at any time. No. 81 Union avenue. 30

Miscellaneous.

PERSONAL—BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS, 1856 Notre Dame. Beautiful Sets of Teeth for Ten Dollars. Fit and quality guaranteed. Painless extracting a specialty. Office open evenings. 13

Agents Wanted.

A MAN, BRIGHT, HONEST HARD Worker, to sell our nursery stock, and we are willing to pay him well. Write now, to BLACKFORD & CO., Toronto, Ont. 19

Board and Rooms Wanted.

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN AND HIS SISTER would like to find permanent board with a private family in the West End, where no other boarders are kept. Give terms and church connection with full address to HOME 354, 'Witness' Office. 29

WANTED, FOUR UNFURNISHED ROOMS west of Phillips square. Apply stating lowest rent, etc., to ROOMS, 'Witness' Office. 28

WANTED, FOUR UNFURNISHED ROOMS, or a whole upper flat, preferably in the West End, above St. Antoine street, for light housekeeping. Terms must be moderate; Protestant family; no children. Address, giving street and number, church connections and terms to DOMICILE, 'Witness' Office. 26

McGILL COLLEGE.

Private families willing to receive lady students as boarders at the opening of the session in September, are requested to send in application (by letter) with references to J. W. BRAKENRIDGE, Acting Secretary, McGill College. 13

STUDENTS AS LODGERS OR BOARDERS.

Persons desirous of receiving students as lodgers or boarders during the session from September to April are requested to communicate with the undersigned, giving full particulars as to terms, etc.
No application will be entertained which is not accompanied by written references, and also by a certificate of the sanitary condition of the house from the Health Office.
J. W. BRAKENRIDGE, B.C.L.,
Acting Secretary McGill College.
Address, McGill College. 13

Employment Wanted.

ADVERTISER IS OPEN TO TAKE EFFECtive charge of exhibit for absent exhibitor, at coming Montreal Exposition. City references. Address, EXPERIENCE, 'Witness' Office. 31

WANTED, BY A MAN WHO WRITES French, English and Spanish, who understands Latin and Greek, and is willing to work, a place in an office or elsewhere. Apply to H., No. 30, 'Witness' Office. 31

Dressmakers, Milliners, &c.

WANTED, SEWING IN PRIVATE FAMILIES; can cut and fit first-class; best of references. Address PRIVATE 18, 'Witness' Office. 2

Situations Vacant.

A YOUNG LADY, WHO CAN SPEAK both French and English, and is a good piano player, one that has already worked in Piano Warerooms preferred. Apply in person to 2344 St. Catherine street, city. 31

WANTED, TWO RESPECTABLE YOUNG men as apprentices at Coysh's Cabinet and Upholstery works. 145 Bleury street. 2

WANTED, BY A BOY OF THIRTEEN, A situation as office boy or any other suitable place. Address M.J., 'Witness' Office. 2

WANTED, YOUNG LADIES TO SOLICIT orders for a Society Paper or Feminine Revue, including Music. Apply on Monday night between 7 and 8, at 130 Berri street. 31

Domestics.

WANTED, A HOUSEMAID; REFERENCES required. Apply between 7 and 9 o'clock p.m., at 143 Metcalfe street. 30

WANTED, AT ONCE, A SHARP, RESPECtable woman, for a few hours a day. Apply 789 Lagauchetiere street. 2

WANTED, A HOUSE AND TABLEMAID; must have references. Mrs. JOHN MURPHY, 9 Summerhill avenue, off Guy st. 2

WANTED, AT ONCE A GOOD PLAIN Cook. Apply at 84 Crescent street, between one and two, or after six. No washing. 2

WANTED, GENERAL SERVANT AND A Housemaid. Apply at once. 4210 Dorchester street. Experienced girls only. 2

WANTED, A NURSE FOR TWO CHILdren, and to assist with housework; must have good city references. Apply at 105 Metcalfe street, between 1 and 3, and 7 and 8 p.m. 2

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT, for a family of two. Apply between 1 and 5, and 7 and 8 evening, at 31 Metcalfe st. 31

WANTED, GOOD COOK, WELL RECOMmended. Apply 258 Bishop street. 31

WANTED, GENERAL SERVANT, FOR small family; must have references. 238 Mountain street. 31

WANTED, GENERAL SERVANT. Apply 58 Tupper street. 30

WANTED, A GENERAL SERVANT, WHO is a good cook; also housemaid. 943 Dorchester street. 31

WANTED, A CAPABLE GENERAL SERvant. Call at once at 60 McTavish street. Must have good references. 31

WANTED, GENERAL SERVANT OR good Plain Cook; no washing or ironing; city references required. Apply 417 Metcalfe ave., Westmount. 31

WANTED, A GOOD COOK FOR A FAMILY of three; must be able to wash and iron, and make bread. Apply at 150 Drummond street. 31

WANTED, A GOOD PLAIN COOK; willing to assist with washing and ironing. Apply 365 Mountain street. 30

WANTED, A GENERAL SERVANT FOR A family of five; no children; for St. Lambert; good references required. Apply at 'Witness' Office. 30

WANTED, A GENERAL SERVANT a young girl capable of doing the work of a family of three, will have a home and good pay. Apply at 78 Tupper street. 29

WANTED, A GOOD PLAIN COOK. PLEASE apply 294 Drummond street. 27

WANTED, FOR DUNHAM LADIES' COLlege, Cook and Servant Maid. Apply, giving references to Mrs. L. L. PAPPS, Lady Matron, Dunham, Que. 26

Dressmakers, Milliners, &c.

WANTED, APPRENTICES TO LEARN the Dressmaking. Apply to Miss COOK, 42 Victoria street. 2

Teachers, Governesses.

WANTED, A RESIDENT GOVERNESS for Young Children. Apply at 4009 Dorchester street, before 12 noon. 31

Employment Wanted.

Domestics.

RESPECTABLE MARRIED WOMAN wishes for situation as good Plain Cook in Home, School or Institution, or as Laundress, Shirts, etc.; steady work wanted. Address M.B., 95 Bleury street. 31

SITUATION WANTED BY AN EXPERIenced Cook in a private family, where there is a girl for the table; good references. Address COOK 25, 'Witness' Office. 27

WANTED, BY MIDDLE AGED PERSON, a situation as good plain cook. 54 St. Bernard street. 2

WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, work of any kind by the day; is a good laundress. 1864½ St. Antoine street. 30

WANTED, BY RESPECTABLE, YOUNG person, washing, ironing or house-cleaning by the day; best of references. Apply 158 Vitre street. 27

WANTED, BY A YOUNG GERMAN, WHO is a good cook, a situation as housekeeper or cook in hotel or private house. Address D. 45, 'Witness' Office. 20

WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE ENGlish woman, position as Cook or General Servant, in city or country, immediately; good references. 36 St. Bernard street. 10

'Ladies' Companions,' Housekeepers, &c.

WANTED, BY AN EDUCATED LADY, who is desirous to obtain the position of Companion, Reader and Secretary to some refined lady, where the comforts of home would be assured, with a very moderate salary. References exchanged. Address, MISS FORNERET, 4127 St. Catherine st., Westmount. 5

Mechanics.

WANTED, SITUATION BY ENGINEER—Experienced in Locomotive and Stationary; holder of references. Address ENGINEER, 17, 'Witness' Office. 2

Gardeners, Farm Laborers, Laborers, Coachmen, &c.

THE REV. J. FREDERICK RENAUD, Immigration Chaplain, would like to hear of a situation for a first-class Coachman; good reliable man; has best of city references. Apply at the Andrews Home, 46 Belmont Park, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. 2

WANTED, SITUATION BY A YOUNG married man, as Coachman, Stableman, Caretaker, Storeman or Fireman; best of references. Apply to J.G., care of the Rev. Mr. SYKES, 19 Mayor street, from 8 a.m. to 2 p.m. 28

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP CO.'Y
LTD.
ST. LAWRENCE LINE.

SS. "CAMPANA"

1,700 TONS,

Is intended to leave Montreal on
MONDAY, September 2, at 4 p.m.
And afterwards on every alternate Monday during season

For FATHER POINT, GASPE, MAL BAY, PERCE, SUMMERSIDE, CHARLOTTETOWN and PICTOU.

Has superior accommodation for passengers. Electric lights and all modern comforts. **No cargo received after 3 p.m. of sailing day.**

Tickets for sale at all the principal ticket offices. For Freight, Passage and Staterooms apply to

J. G. BROCK, Agent,
211 Commissioners street,
Or to W. D. O'BRIEN, 143 St. James st.

24

DOMINION LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

Steamer.	From Montreal.	From Quebec.
Anglomian.....	Aug. 31, daylight.	
Vancouver.....	Sept. 7, daylight.	Sept. 8, 9 a.m.
Scotsman.....	Sept. 14, daylight.	
Roman.....	Sept. 18, daylight.	
Mariposa.....	Sept. 21, daylight.	Sept. 21, 2 p.m.
Labrador.....	Sept. 28, daylight.	Sept. 29, 9 a.m.
Anglomian.....	Oct. 5.	
&c. Canada.....		*Building.*

Rates of Passage: First cabin, Montreal or Quebec to Liverpool or Londonderry, $50 to $70, return, $100 to $130, according to steamer and berth. Second cabin to Liverpool, Londonderry, Belfast or Glasgow, $30, return, $55. Steerage to Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown, Belfast or Glasgow, including outfit, $16.

'Vancouver' and 'Labrador' do not carry cattle.

Midship saloons, electric light, spacious promenade decks.

'Anglomian' and 'Scotsman' carry no passengers.

For further information apply to any agent of the Company, or to

RASIN TORRANCE & CO.,
General Agents, Montreal.
17 St. Sacrament street.

REFORD AGENCIES.

DONALDSON LINE
WEEKLY GLASGOW SERVICE
Sailing from MONTREAL every THURSDAY Morning.

From Glasgow.		From Montreal.
Aug. 16.....	SS. Concordia.....	Sept. 5
Aug. 23.....	SS. Amaranthia.....	Sept. 12
Aug. 30.....	SS. Warwick.....	Sept. 19
Sept. 6.....	SS. Alcides.....	Sept. 26
Sept. 13.....	SS. Tritonia.....	Oct. 3
	AGENTS.	
Glasgow.....		Donaldson Bros.
Chicago.....		Henderson Bros.

THOMSON LINE
LONDON AND NEWCASTLE SERVICE
Sailing from Montreal on or about

From Newcastle-on-Tyne.		From Montreal to London.
Aug 23.....	SS. Hurona.....	Sept. 13
Sept. 6.....	SS. Gerona.....	Sept. 27
Sept. 20.....	SS. Iona.....	Oct. 11

All the London steamers will take cargo for Newcastle-on-Tyne.

EAST COAST SERVICE.
Aberdeen, Leith and Dundee, at intervals.
SS. Fremona, for Leith..... Oct. 20

Agents—CAIRNS, YOUNG & NOBLE, Newcastle-on-Tyne; A. LOW, SON & CARTER, 27 Leadenhall street, London E.C.; G. V. TURNBULL & CO., Leith; HENDERSON BROS., Chicago; W. THOMSON & SONS, Dundee, Scotland.

Special Accommodation for Butter, Cheese and Provisions, also Cattle, Horses and Sheep.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING
Granted by any of the above lines to any point in **Canada or Western States.**
And by any of the CANADIAN or WESTERN RAILWAYS to any point in GREAT BRITAIN, IRELAND or EUROPE at LOWEST THROUGH RATES.
Special attention given to the HANDLING of all PERISHABLE and other cargo.
For further particulars apply to
ROBT. REFORD & CO.,
23 and 25 St. Sacrament street, Montreal.

BEAVER LINE STEAMERS.
Direct Sailings Between
MONTREAL AND LIVERPOOL.

From LIVERPOOL.	STEAMERS.	From MONTREAL
Sat., Aug. 17	Lake Winnipeg	Wed., Sept. 4.
Sat., Aug 24	Lake Ontario	Wed., Sept. 11.
Sat., Sept 7	Lake Huron	Wed., Sept. 25.
Sat., Sept. 14	Lake Superior	Wed., Oct. 2.
Sat., Sept. 21	Lake Winnipeg	Wed. Oct. 9.

Rates of Passage—Montreal to Liverpool:
FIRST CABIN, $40, $45, and $60. Round trip tickets, $80, $85 and $90, according to steamer and location of berth.
SECOND CABIN—To or from Liverpool, $27.50; round trip, $50. To or from London, $30.50; round trip, $56.
Steerage:—To Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Belfast, $18; to Bristol or Cardiff, $18.00.
Freight carried at lowest rates, and to all important points, both in Canada and Great Britain, on through bills of lading. Special facilities provided for the carriage of butter, cheese and perishable freight.
For further particulars as to freight or passage apply to

B. & C. MACKER, Tower Buildings, Liverpool.
D. W. CAMPBELL, Manager, 12 Hospital st., Montreal.
7

AMERICAN LINE
NEW YORK TO SOUTHAMPTON
From Pier 14, North River, New York.
(Foot of Fulton street.)

St. Louis.....	Wed., Sept. 4, 11.00 a.m.
New York.....	Wed., Sept. 11, 11.00 a.m.
Paris.....	Wed., Sept. 18, 11.00 a.m.
St. Louis.....	Wed., Sept. 25, 11.00 a.m.
New York.....	Wed. Oct. 2, 11.00 a.m.

Shortest and most convenient route to London. No transfer by tender. No tidal delay. Close connection at Southampton for Havre and Paris by special fast twin-screw Channel steamers.
Rates of passage, to Southampton, London or Havre, $60 and upwards.
Second cabin passage, $35 to $50.
SPECIAL ROUND TRIP TICKETS AT REDUCED RATES.
Steerage at Very Low Rates.
For Freight or passage apply to
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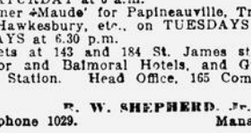
W. H. HENRY, 143 St. James street.
W. F. EGG, 199 St. James st., Montreal.
J. Y. GILMOUR & CO.,
364 St. Paul street, Montreal. 11

CENTS FOR SALE.
Apply at the "WITNESS OFFICE.

EUROPE, EUROPE, EUROPE.
TICKETS BY ALL LINES.
ALLAN, DOMINION, and BEAVER LINES via Montreal.
NETHERLANDS, GUION, HAMBURG-AMERICAN, WHITE STAR, CUNARD, AMERICAN, NORTH-GERMAN LLOYD, GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC, STATE, ANCHOR, TRANSPORT and RED STAR Lines, via NEW YORK.
Also to FLORIDA, WEST INDIES, &c.
☞ Call or write for lowest quotations before looking elsewhere.
Saloon rates, $40 upwards; steerage at lowest rates.
☞ Send for new pamphlet of rates and sailings or call at my new address, 185 St. James street, opposite Temple Building. My special winter rates MONTREAL to LONDON and back, weekly, via NEW YORK, 1st Saloon and rail, only $90.
D. BATTERSBY, Agent.
Office Telephone, No. 1507. House Telephone, 3081.



BAIE DES CHALEURS ROUTE

Steamer 'ADMIRAL.'
For Gaspe and Intermediate Points.

The Steamer 'ADMIRAL,' Captain Dugas, is now sailing bi-weekly between DALHOUSIE, N.B., and GASPE BASIN, leaving Dalhousie every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY morning on arrival of express train, calling at the following points:—

Carleton,	Newport,
Maria,	Pabos,
New Richmond,	Grand River,
Bonaventure,	Cape Cove,
New Carlisle,	Perce,
Paspebiac,	Point St. Peter,
Port Daniel	Douglastown

Arriving at Gaspe Basin same evenings at 7 o'clock.
Passengers leaving Bonaventure Depot by 7.50 a.m. train, on Tuesdays and Fridays, run through to Dalhousie Junction without change, and make immediate connection with the steamer at Dalhousie wharf, arriving at Gaspe following evenings at 7 o'clock.
RETURNING, the 'ADMIRAL' leaves GASPE BASIN every Monday and Thursday a.m., calling at all the intermediate ports, and arriving at Dalhousie about 5 p.m., making connection with I.C.R. trains, for all points east and west.
For rates, tickets and further information, apply to
H. FOSTER CHAFFEE, 128 St. James st., W. D. O'BRIEN, 143 St. James street,
Or to G. W. ROBINSON,
Eastern Freight and Pass. Agent I.C. R'y. 158 St. James street
J. J. McCONNIFF, Windsor Hotel.

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NAVIGATION
MODERN STEEL STEAMERS.
SOVEREIGN AND EMPRESS,
FORMING DAILY MAIL LINE BETWEEN
MONTREAL AND OTTAWA.
Fares to Ottawa, single, $2.50. Return, $4. Do. Round Trip, Rail and Boats, $5.00.
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STEAMER SOVEREIGN EXCURSIONS.
Daily to Oka, Como, Hudson or Carillon, $1.00.
Take 8 a.m. train to Lachine.
SHOOT THE RAPIDS, 50c.
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Steamer 'Maude' for Papineauville, Treadwell, Hawkesbury, etc., on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 6.30 p.m.
Tickets at 143 and 184 St. James street, Windsor and Balmoral Hotels, and Grand Trunk Station. Head Office, 165 Common street.
E. W. SHEPHERD, Jr.,
Telephone 1029. Manager.
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Machinery, &c.

ANDREW YOUNG.
ENGINES, BOILERS,
And GENERAL MACHINERY,
11 and 13 Busby Lane. 9

DARLING BROTHERS'
RELIANCE WORKS,
112 QUEEN STREET, MONTREAL.
Manufacturers and Builders of Improved Safety Hydraulic, Steam and Hand Elevators. Feed Water Heaters, Oil Extractors and Live Steam Separators, etc., etc. Telephone 2114.

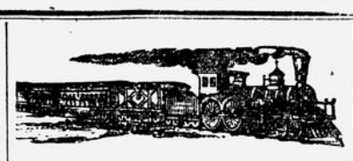
For Sale.

A CHANCE

For Machinists, Newspaper Proprietors and Manufacturers, if they will study carefully the under-mentioned list of articles for sale:—

FOR MACHINISTS or MANUFACTURERS.
One 40-Horse Power Exhaust Heater, Upright, Copper Coil, for 2½ inch pipe.
One Horizontal Heater, 50-Horse Power, for 4 inch pipe.
24 Iron Pulleys, from 7½ in. to 36 in. diameter.
4 Iron Split Pulleys.
7 Dodge Wood Pulleys.
One Steam Hoist, by Brush.
45 feet 2½ in. Shafting.
4 Couplings.
12 Hangers, 12 Boxes, 2½ in., 24 in. drop.
4 Hangers, 4 Boxes, 2½ in., 6 in. drop.
5 Hangers, 12 in. drop.
2 Hangers, 30 in. drop.
2 Block Bearing, 1⅞ in.
10 Trolley Tables, 2 ft. 2½ in., 2 ft. 6 in. high, 6 castors, 6 in. diameter, very strong; should be very useful to warehousemen.

FOR NEWSPAPER PROPRIETORS.
One Attachment, Folder, for extra fold, Mailing.
Two Forsyth Folding Machines.
One Chambers Folding Machine.
One Stone Metz Folding Machine.
These Machines will cut, fold and paste, and will be sold for $100 each.
One Semple Trimming Machine for pamphlets.
Two Spence Despatching Machines.
One Stereo Casting Box, 1 ft. 7 in. by 2 ft. 6 in.
Address or apply to
J. BEATTY, "Witness" Office, Montreal.



CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

SEASIDE EXCURSIONS.

Portland, Me., and return	**$6.00**
St. Andrews, N.B., " "	**7.50**
St. John and Moncton, N.B., and return	**7.50**
Halifax, N.S., and return	**10.00**

Tickets good going Sept. 2nd and 3rd; good to leave destination on or before Sept. 22nd, 1895.

REDUCED RATES FOR EXHIBITIONS
TORONTO AND RETURN.

On Sept. 8, 10, 11, 12, 13	**$10.00**
On Sept. 7 and 9	**$7.00**

Good to return until Sept. 16th, 1895.

SHERBROOKE AND RETURN.

On Sept. 2, 4 and 6	**$3.35**
On Sept. 3 and 5	**$2 25**

Good to return until Sept. 9th, 1895

CITY TICKET AND TELEGRAPH OFFICE,
129 St. James st., (next to Post-office.)
WINDSOR STREET STATION.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

SEASIDE EXCURSIONS
September 2nd and 3rd. From Montreal to

Portland, Me	**$6.00**
St. Andrews, N.B., via Portland	**$7.50**
Moncton or **St. John, N.B.,** via Levis or via Portland	**$7.50**
Halifax, via Levis	**$10.00**

Tickets good going by all trains Sept. 2nd and 3rd and valid to leave destination on or before Sept. 22, 1895. Proportionate rates from all other G.T.R. stations in Canada.

EXHIBITIONS.
Toronto and Return.
Tickets good going Sept. 8, 10, 11, 12, 13..**$10.00**
Sept. 7 and 9..... **$7.00**
All tickets valid for return until Sept. 16, 1895.

Sherbrooke and Return.
Tickets good going Sept 2, 4, 6..... **$3.35**
Sept. 3 and 5..... **$2.25**
All tickets valid for return until Sept. 9.

For reservation of seats in parlor cars, or berths in Pullmans, and full information as to routes, apply at CITY TICKET OFFICE, 143 St. James st., or at Bonaventure station.

Summer Resorts.

CACOUNA.
Where to go During the Warm Season
The ST. LAWRENCE HALL, CACOUNA. Annual opening of Hotel on June 15, 1895. Guests desiring earlier accommodation may make special arrangements. Thorough renovation and studied improvements are being made for the special comfort and pleasure of patrons. Additional facilities will be offered for reaching Cacouna this season by rail and water. Increased steamer service after June 15, also extra Pullman Special Train from Montreal, Friday evening, arriving hotel for breakfast, and returning, arriving in Montreal, Monday morning. The Canadian summer climate is unsurpassed, and Cacouna seems most favored. The Hall is a favorite hostlery, and desires to make terms to suit all.
For particulars address
SHIPMAN & STOCKING, Proprietors,
Or JOSEPH ST. ONGE, Manager.
32 St. Louis street, Quebec, until June 1st, and after the above date at Cacouna.
Ask for illustrated pamphlet with diagram of the Hall. 20

THE TAHAWUS HOUSE,
IN THE ADIRONDACKS,
G. W. EGGLEFIELD, PROPRIETOR.
Keene Valley, Essex County, N.Y.
The nearest hotel to the summit of Mount Marcy, in the immediate vicinity of Fine Hunting and Fishing. References, Henry Hogan, St. Lawrence Hall. First-class music has been engaged for the season. 8

WANTED BOARDERS
For the season, in one of the most desirable Summer Resorts on the coast. Good bathing privileges, good board, at low rates. Address Mrs. J. HENRY JOHNSON, Willard Village, South Portland, Me. 13

COLUMBIA HOUSE,
CAPE ARUNDEL,
Kennebunkport, Maine.
GEO. N. STEVENS, Proprietor.

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A FEW VACANT ROOMS FOR GUESTS, AT
MOUNT ROYAL COTTAGE,
Peaks Island, Me.,
Where all shall be done for their comfort. Good table. Reasonable terms. 20

ADIRONDACKS—LOWER SARANAC LAKE,
HOTEL DEL MONTE,
Opens May 1st. Near Hotel Ampersand. Special rates for May and June. Elevation 2,000 feet.
J. E. & W. H. MEAGHER, Managers, Saranac Lake, N.Y.

NOTICE.
SUMMER REST, SARATOGA,
Accommodates fifty guests. Quiet and homelike. For rates, address M. E. MORSE, 75 Spring street, Saratoga Springs.

AN IDEAL SUMMER RESORT,
"THE BANNER HOUSE."
Chateauguay Lake, Franklin Co., N.Y.

ON LAKE CHAMPLAIN.
Hotel Windsor, Rouse's Point, N.Y.
Excellent roads for Cycling. Coolest, most delightful Family Resort. Black Bass Fishing Unsurpassed. Send for Art Circular.
G. C. HOWE, Proprietor.

BOARD—LARGE FARM HOUSE ON THE Bank of the St. Lawrence, east of the town of Cornwall, Ont., 20 minutes' drive from station; fine, airy rooms, good board, shady lawn, fine fishing and bathing; horse and rig for use of boarders. Terms moderate. Address Mrs. J. H. BUTLER, East Front, Cornwall, Ont. 28

Business Cards.

Karl's Clover Root TEA
FOR CONSTIPATION.
For Sale by B. E. McGALE, 2123 Notre Dame street. Branch Store next to Balmoral Hotel.

35 ST. PETER, COR. OF FOUNDLING ST., MONTREAL.

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ALWAYS ON HAND,
Crude and Fibrized Asbestos and all manufactures thereof.
Sectional Steam Pipe and Boiler Coverings, applied according to contract, or material sold.
A full and complete stock of **Steam Users' Supplies** of every description known. Also,
BUILDERS' MATERIALS.
Asbestos Roofing, Building Felt Sheathing, water-proof Sheathing, Roof Brushes and Millboard.
Best AMERICAN PAINTS always on hand.
SCLATER ASBESTOS MFG. CO.
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Ease For Your Corns.
"ONE NIGHT CORN CURE"
10c. Sold Everywhere.

Professional.

PATENTS Trade Marks and Designs.
Applications rejected in other hands successfully solicited.
OWEN N. EVANS, Counsellor and Expert,
17 Years Experience.
Successor to the Late F. H. REYNOLDS,
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MACLAREN, LEET, SMITH & SMITH,
ADVOCATES, BARRISTERS, &c., &c.
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NOTARY PUBLIC & CONVEYANCER,
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156 St JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

Cement, Drain Pipes, &c.

SCOTCH DRAIN PIPES,
PORTLAND CEMENT,
IN STOCK AND TO ARRIVE,
At Lowest Market Prices.
W. & F. P. CURRIE & CO.
100 GREY NUN STREET.

Calcined Plaster,
Portland Cement,
Land Plaster, etc.
50 BLEURY STREET.
ALEX. BREMNER.

Summer Resorts.

ABENAKIS HOUSE,
ABENAKIS SPRINGS, QUE.
Now Open for the Season.
The Most Delightful Summer and Health Resort in Canada. Boats, Fishing, Tennis, MINERAL WATER.
HOW TO GET TO ABENAKIS SPRINGS:
Take the Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co.'s Steamer "Berthier" down the St. Lawrence to Abenakis Springs. Steamer leaves Montreal **Tuesdays** and **Fridays at 1 p.m.**
Also parties coming by rail to Sorel can connect with steamer 'Sorel' for the Springs, on Tuesdays and Fridays, at 5 p.m. and on Saturday, at 2 p.m.
SEND FOR CIRCULARS. RATES REASONABLE.
RUFUS G. KIMPTON, Proprietor.

HOTEL DIRIGO,
SOUTH WEST HARBOR, Mt. Desert, Me.
The Hotel is situated 80 feet above the sea on Clark's Point. Fine view of the ocean, mountains, sames Sound Islands, etc. Good water, good food, good beds. For terms, address
C. M. HOLDEN.

ST. ANDREWS NEWS.

Things are getting somewhat dull in St. Andrews, Que., a great many of the summer visitors either leaving for home or preparing to do so. The following departures have taken place:—From River View House—Mrs. Theo. Messmer and family, Mrs. Rev. Thos. Hall and family, Miss J. Munroe, Mrs. Wighton and family, Mr. W. McMartin, of Montreal; Mrs. Elliot, of New York. There are a few guests still left at the house.

Messrs. Theo. Messmer and Wighton ran up from the city on Saturday for the purpose of accompanying their respective families to their houses. The duck season opens on Monday. There will soon be a number of sportsmen here. Some of the gentlemen gave a very enjoyable hay cart drive on Saturday evening.

Mr. Tom. C. Simpson was in the city last Monday.

Mr. H. Simpson left on a short visit to the city.

Miss Amy McMartin has returned to the city.

WORLD'S W.C.T.U. TREASURERSHIP.

Mrs. May R. Thornley, of London, Ont., President of the W.C.T.U. of that province, was unanimously chosen treasurer of the World's W.C.T.U., to succeed the lamented Mrs. Ella F. M. Williams, but Mrs. Thornley has written stating that while devoted to the interest of the society, she did not feel that figures were her strong point, but preferred the more general work in which she is engaged, (and in which we take leave to say no woman has made a better impression or wrought more successfully in the land across the border.) In view of these facts the Canadian sisters recommended Mrs. Senderson, President of the W.C.T.U. of Quebec. Mrs. Sanderson is the widow of the late J. G. Sanderson, the Congregational minister of Danville, Que., and has had long experience in Christian work, and an exactitude of mind that specially fits her for the office which she has accepted, and will do all in her power to serve the society.

SENSATIONAL REPORTS DENOUNCED

The 'Semaine Religieuse' refers to a recent sermon of Bishop Lafleche, of Three Rivers, in which the veteran prelate severely condemned the publishing of minute particulars and details of the recent awful crimes committed in this province, and it then gives its own view on the subject. It approves of the press denouncing crime, especially that of murder, and after stating that calm justice should be left to appreciate alone the mental condition of the murderers, without arousing sympathies in their behalf through the press, it deplores the publication of details and pictures that cause one to blush, and give rise to morbid curiosity. The 'Semaine' also thinks that less importance should be given to all the details of a murderer's prison life pending their trial, and points out that the notoriety expected, may be an inducement to crime in some instances.

A REFUGE FOR SERVANTS.

The Grey Nuns have taken charge of the refuge for working girls and servants, at the corner of Lagauchetiere and St. Urbain streets, and the institution is expected to progress favorably under their management.

NOTES FROM STANSTEAD.

Stanstead, Aug. 31.—A most abundant harvest has been safely gathered. Crops of every description grown here have been good. Hay, oats, barley, fodder corn and potatoes have been a good yield. Wheat, peas and corn are not grown to any extent in this section of the country. The recent heavy rains have started the pastures and meadows, this will stimulate the butter and cheese manufacturing.

The exhibits at the fair, of horses, cattle, pigs, sheep and poultry, were on the whole satisfactory. But the society must enlarge its scope, if it purposes to practically benefit the farmer. The amount of drinking was shockingly apparent. This was no fault of the exhibition, or of its managers, who deplore rowdyism as much as any one. While our law forbids the sale of intoxicating liquors on exhibition grounds, it would be a step in the right direction if the law closed the bars of taverns on exhibition days, and thus remove the temptation from some young men who, taking a holiday, are for the first time led astray.

The number of visitors has been large this season, and every year the demand for accommodation increases. Our Dominion has no more beautiful place in which to spend two weeks than Stanstead. The scenery is a constant delight to all visitors.

Stanstead College has been put in a thorough state of repair, and every preparation made for the reopening on Sept. 3.

CRIMES AND CRIMINALS.

T. W. McMillan, aged 30, who claims to have been in the city only three days, was arrested on the wharf on Friday afternoon while carrying a roll of black serge, for the possession of which he could give no straight account. To Judge Dugas on Saturday morning he said that he found the goods on the wharf near 'Joe Beef's slip, but this tale the judge did not believe, and he held the prisoner for eight days to await the identification of the goods.

LET OFF WITH A WARNING.

About a week ago a respectable looking man, fifty-five years of age, went to several merchants in this city, among whom were Messrs. Lyman, Knox & Co., Henry Morgan & Co., and represented himself as one J. Hacket, agent for the firm of Hazard & Hazard, Broadway, New York. He said that he was out of funds, and wanted to raise enough money to take him back to New York. On the strength of this story he obtained sums of money from the Montreal business men, but he failed to go away. He was arrested on Friday by Detective Trempe. Before Judge Dugas and Mr. Lyman Saturday morning the prisoner, who said that his real name was John Bronson, pleaded guilty, and begged for forgiveness. He wept and said that it was his first offence; that he found himself broke, and could do nothing to earn money. Mr. Lyman was disposed not to prosecute the case, and with a warning to keep straight hereafter, Bronson was released.

LORNA DOONE.

A ROMANCE OF EXMOOR.

BY R. D. BLACKMORE.

CHAPTER XXV.—Continued.

When this gentleman understood about my business (which I [illegible] without complaint) he frowned [illegible] very heavily, as if I had done [illegible] injury.

'John Ridd,' he asked me, [illegible] stern glance, 'it is your deliberate desire to be brought into the presence of the lord chief justice?'

'Surely, sir, it has been my desire the last two months or more.'

'Then, John, thou shalt be [illegible] one thing, not a word of thy [illegible] intention, or thou mayest get into [illegible]

'How, sir? For being [illegible] against my own wish?' I asked, but he turned away, as if that were not worth his arguing, as I suppose it was not, and led me [illegible] a little passage to a door with [illegible] tain across it.

'Now, if my lord cross-questions the gentleman whispered to me, [illegible] him straight out truth at once, [illegible] will have it out of thee. And it [illegible] loves not to be contradicted, [illegible] he bear a hang-dog look. Take heed of the other two; but not a word of the middle one; and never [illegible] him speak twice.'

I thanked him for his good [illegible] he moved the curtain and thrust [illegible] but instead of entering, with [illegible] left me to bear the brunt of it.

The chamber was not [illegible] though lofty to my eyes, and [illegible] wooden panels round it. At the [illegible] end were some raised seats, [illegible] have seen in churches, lined with [illegible] and having broad elbows, and [illegible] over the middle seat. There were [illegible] three men sitting here, one in the [illegible] and one on each side, and all [illegible] dressed up wonderfully with fur, and [illegible] of state, and curls of thick grey [illegible] hair, crimped and gathered, and [illegible] down to their shoulders. Each [illegible] an oak desk before him, set [illegible] distance, and spread with [illegible] papers. Instead of writing, [illegible] seemed to be laughing and [illegible] rather the one in the middle [illegible] be telling some good story, [illegible] others received with approval [illegible] son of their great perspicuity [illegible] to tell how old they were, but [illegible] who was speaking seemed the [illegible] although he was the chief of [illegible] thick-set, burly and bulky man, [illegible] blotchy, broad face, and great [illegible] jaws, and fierce eyes full of [illegible] was one to be dreaded by good [illegible] and to be abhorred by the noble.

Between me and the three lords [illegible] some few lawyers were gathering [illegible] bags and papers and pens; as if [illegible] had been disposed of, and no one [illegible] called on. But before I had time [illegible] look round twice the stout, fair [illegible] espied me, and shouted out, with a [illegible] ing stare:

'How now, countryman, who [illegible] thou?'

'May it please your worship,' I answered him loudly, 'I am John Ridd, of [illegible] parish, in the shire of Somerset, brought [illegible] to this London some two months [illegible] by a special messenger, whose name [illegible] Jeremy Stickles; and then bound [illegible] be at hand and ready, when called [illegible] to give evidence, in a matter touching [illegible] me, but touching the peace [illegible] the king, and the well-being [illegible] jects. Three times I have [illegible] the king, but he hath said [illegible] his peace, and only held it [illegible] and every day save Sunday I [illegible] up and down the great hall [illegible] minster, all the business part [illegible] expecting to be called upon, [illegible] hath called upon me. And now [illegible] to ask your worship whether I [illegible] home again.'

'Well done, John,' replied his [illegible] while I was panting with all this [illegible] 'I will go bail for thee, John, [illegible] never made such a long speech, [illegible] and thou are a spunky Briton, [illegible] couldst not have made it now. I [illegible] ber the matter well; and I myself [illegible] attend to it, although it arose [illegible] my time'—he was but newly chief [illegible] —'but I cannot take it now, John, [illegible] is no fear of losing thee, John, [illegible] than the Tower of London. I give [illegible] his majesty's exchequer, after [illegible] thee two months or more.'

'Nay, my lord, I crave your [illegible] My mother hath been keeping me [illegible] a groat have I received.'

'Spank, is it so?' his lordship [illegible] in a voice that shook the cobwebs [illegible] the frown on his brow shook the [illegible] of men, and mine as much as [illegible] of them—'Spank, is his majesty [illegible] to this, that he starves his own [illegible] ers?'

'My lord, my lord,' whispered [illegible] Spank, the chief officer of evidence, [illegible] thing hath been overlooked, my [illegible] among such grave matters of treason [illegible]

'I will overlook thy head, foul [illegible] on a spike from Temple Bar, if [illegible] hear of the like again. Vile varlet [illegible] art thou paid for? Thou hast [illegible] the money thyself, foul Spank; I [illegible] thee, though thou are new to me, [illegible] is the day for thee that ever [illegible] across thee. Answer me not— [illegible] more, and I will have thee on a [illegible] And he swung himself to and fro [illegible] bench, with both hands on his [illegible] and every man waited to let [illegible] knowing better than to speak to [illegible]

'John Ridd,' said the lord chief [illegible] at last recovering a sort of dignity, [illegible] daring Spank from the corners of [illegible] eyes, to do so much as look at [illegible] 'thou hast been shamefully used [illegible] Ridd. Answer me not, boy; not [illegible] but go to Master Spank, and let me [illegible] how he behaves to thee;' here he [illegible] a glance at Spank, which was [illegible] least ten pounds to me; 'be there [illegible] again to-morrow; and before any [illegible] case is taken, I will see justice [illegible] thee. Now be off, boy; thy name [illegible] and we are well rid of thee.'

I was only too glad to go, [illegible] this tempest, as you may well [illegible] For if ever I saw a man's eyes [illegible] two holes for the devil to glare [illegible] saw it that day; and the eyes were [illegible] of the Lord Chief Justice Jeffreys.

Mr. Spank was in the lobby [illegible] and before I had recovered my [illegible] I was vexed with my own [illegible] came up sideling and fawning [illegible] with a heavy bag of yellow [illegible]

'Good Master Ridd, take it [illegible] all, and say a good word for me [illegible] lordship. He hath taken a strange

to thee, and thou must make the most of it. We never saw a man meet him eye to eye so, and yet not contradict him; and that is just what he loveth. Abide in London, Master Ridd, and he will make thy fortune. His joke upon thy name proves that. And I pray you remember, Master Ridd, that the Spanks are sixteen in family.'

But I would not take the bag from him, regarding it as a sort of bribe to pay me such a lump of money, without so much as asking how great had been my expenses. Therefore I only told him that if he would kindly keep the cash for me until the morrow, I would spend the rest of the day in counting (which always is sore work to me) how much it had stood me in board and lodging since Master Stickles had rendered me up; for until that time I had borne my expenses. In the morning I would give Mr. Spank a memorandum duly signed and attested by my landlord, including the breakfast of that day, and in exchange for this I would take the exact amount from the new bag, and be very thankful for it.

'That is the way of using opportunity,' said Spank, looking at me with contempt, 'thou wilt never thrive in these times, my lad. Even the lord justice can be little help to thee, when thou knowest better than that how to help thyself.'

I replied not to me. The word 'approver' stuck in my gorge, as used by the lord of justice; for we looked upon an approver as a very low thing indeed. I would rather pay for every meal, and even every dinner eaten in prison since here I came, than take my life as an approver. And indeed I was much disappointed at being taken to the light, having understood that I was sent for as a trusty subject and friend of his majesty.

The morning I met Mr. Spank waiting for me at the entrance, and very desirous to see me. I showed him my bill, which I had set in fair copy, and he laughed and said: 'Take it twice over, Master Ridd; once for thine own sake, and once for his majesty's, as all his loyal servants do, when they can get any. His majesty knows and is proud of it, and shows a love of his countenance; for he says, "Bis dat qui cito dat."'

'But how can I grumble at giving twice, when I give so slowly?'

'Nay, I will take it but once,' I said; 'his majesty loves to be robbed, he has not lack of his desire while the clerks are sixteen in family.'

The clerk smiled cheerfully at this, being fond of his children's ability; and after having paid my account, he whispered:

'He is all alone this morning, John, in rare good humor. He hath been missed the handling of poor Master Algernon Sidney, and he says he will soon make republic of him; for his state will shortly be headless. He is chuckling over his joke, like a pig with a nut; and that always makes him pleasant. John Ridd, my lord!' With that he sprang up the curtain bravely; and according to special orders, I stood, face to face, and alone with Judge Jeffreys.

CHAPTER XXVI.

JOHN IS DRAINED AND CAST ASIDE.

His lordship was busy with some letters, and did not look up for a minute or two, although he knew that I was there. Meanwhile I stood waiting to make my salute to begin upon him, and wondering at his great bull head. Then he read his letters, well pleased with their news, and fixed his bold broad stare on me, as if I were an oyster opened, and he did know how fresh I was.

'May it please your worship,' I said, 'I am according to order, awaiting your good pleasure.'

'Most art made to weight, John, more than order. How much dost thou tip the scales to?'

'Only twelve-score pounds, my lord, and I be in wrestling trim. And sure I have lost weight here, fretting so much in London.'

'Ha, ha! Much fret is there in thee! Has his majesty seen thee?'

'Yes, my lord, twice or even thrice; and he made some jest concerning me.'

'A very bad one, I doubt not. His wit is not so dainty as mine, but apt to be coarse and unmannerly. Now look Jack, by the look of thee, thou hast used to be called.'

'Yes, your worship, when I am with old Master Betty Muxworthy.'

'Base, thou forward varlet! There is a great deal too much of thee. We shall be very short commons with thee, and that a very long common. Ha, ha. Is that rogue Spank? Spank must hang by and by. It is beyond thy wit, Jack Ridd, my lord.'

'So, my lord; I have been at sea, and had very bad jokes made upon me.'

'Ha, ha! It hath hit thee hard. And it would be hard to miss thee, even for a groom. And thou lookest like to be, now. Capital, in faith! I have thee on every side, Jack, and thy sides manifold, many-folded at any rate. Thou shalt have double expenses, Jack, for the wit thou hast provoked in me. Heavy goods lack heavy payment is a proverb down our way, my lord.'

Ah, I hurt thee, I hurt thee, Jack. Harpoon hath no tickle for thee. Jack Whale, having hauled thee in, we will proceed to examine thee.' And all his manner was changed, and he sat with his heavy brows bent on me as if he had never laughed in life, and would allow on one else to do.

'I am ready to answer, my lord.' I said, 'if he asks me naught beyond knowledge, or beyond my honor.'

'Nay, better answer me everything. What has thou to do with honor? There in thy neighborhood a certain liers, miscreants, and outlaws all men fear to handle?'

'Not so, my lord. At least I believe them be robbers; and all of them thieves.'

'And what is your high sheriff about, with not hang them all? Or stay up for me to hang, without to talk about them?'

'Sheriff that he is afraid, my lord; 'tis safe to meddle with them. They are of birth, and reckless; and their men strong.'

'Birth! What was Lord Russell? Essex, and this Sidney? 'Tis fellowship to the block to be the old one. What is the name of their race, and how many men there?'

'Sir, the Doones of Bagworthy may please your worship. And there be about forty of them, the women and children.'

'Doones, all forty thieves! and children! Thunder of God! How long have they been there then?'

'They may have been there thirty years, my lord; and indeed they may have been forty. Before the great war broke out they came, longer back than I can remember.'

'Ay, long before thou wast born, John. Good, thou speakest plainly. Woe betide a liar, whenso I get hold of him. Ye want me on the Western Circuit; and ye shall have me, when London traitors are spun and swung. There is a family called De Whichehalse living very nigh thee, John?'

This he said in a sudden manner, as if to take me off my guard, and fixed his great thick eyes on me. And in truth I was much astonished.

'Yes, my lord, there is. At least not so very far from us. Baron de Whichehalse, of Ley Manor.'

'Baron, ha! of the exchequer—eh, lad? And taketh dues instead of his majesty. Somewhat which halts there ought to come a little further, I trow. It shall be seen to, as well as the witch which makes it so to halt. Riotous knaves in West England, drunken outlaws, you shall dance, if ever I play pipe for you. John Ridd, I will come to Oare parish.

'Although your worship is so learned,' I answered, seeing that now he was beginning to make things uneasy, 'your worship, though being chief-justice, does little justice to us. We are downright good and loyal folk; and I have not seen, since here I came to this great town of London, any who may better us, or even come anight us, in honesty, and goodness, and duty to our neighbors. For we are quiet folk, not prating our own virtues——'

'Enough, good John, enough! Knowest thou not that modesty is the maidenhood of virtue, lost even by her own approval? Now hast thou ever heard or thought that De Whichehalse is in league with the Doones of Bagworthy?'

Saying these words rather slowly, he skewered his great eyes into mine, so that I could not think at all, neither look at him, not yet away. The idea was so new to me, that it set my wits wandering; and looking into me, he saw that I was groping for the truth.

(To be continued.)

DAILY BREAD.

MONDAY, SEPT. 2.

He that planteth the ear, shall he not hear? he that formed the eye, shall he not see?—The eyes of the Lord are over the righteous, and his ears are open unto their prayers.—Ps. xciv., 9; 1 Pet. iii., 12.

A little girl was wondering what was the matter with her thumb, and complained that it hurt every time she squeezed it. Her mother advised her not to squeeze it. 'But,' she responded, 'if I don't squeeze it how can I tell whether it hurts?' This little girl may be taken as a sample of the human race. How we nurse our wrath, and coddle our grievances, and pet our wounds, and are continually squeezing them to see if they hurt! The better way is not to squeeze them. Let them alone to get well, and avoid a good deal of pain.—Springfield 'Union.'

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When the wife of the late Sir Bartle Frere had to meet him at the railway station, she took with her a servant who had never seen his master.

'You must go and look for Sir Bartle,' she ordered.

'But,' answered the nonplussed servant, 'how shall I know him?'

'Oh,' said Lady Frere, 'look for a tall gentleman helping somebody.'

The description was sufficient for the quick witted man. He went and found Sir Bartle Frere helping an old lady out of a railway carriage, and knew him at once by the description.

PHILANTHROPY AT SMALL COST.

Friend—'Say, old boy, how in the world did you, with your small income, get such a reputation as a great philanthropist?'

Sharpp—'I announced far and wide that I would pay the railway fare of all the unemployed who wished to go to work on farms.'

'Well?'

'Well, total expense so far, ten cents.'—New York 'Weekly.'

JUST ESCAPED.

An elderly Scotchman was trying on some spectacles which an itinerant optician had with him for sale. A pair was selected, and the latter suggested that, to benefit the sight in old age, rubbing the upper eyelide with raw gin was a valuable application. 'Eh, mon,' said the Scotchman, 'I'm verra glad ye said gin, for if ye had said whuskey, I dinna think I could have got it up so high.'—'Household Words.'

PERFECTED FLATTERY.

A prince went to inspect a rare collection of books in a little town. The mayor accompanied him. To his great amazement, the prince discovered that all the books were placed on the shelves the wrong way about.

'What made you arrange them in that fashion?'

'I could not permit the volumes to turn their backs on your highness.'—'La Tribuna.'

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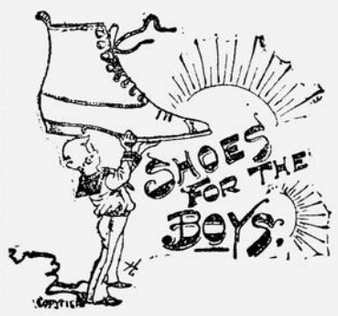

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should be all right afoot as in other ways With them good shoes are everything. Everything good in footwear for boys is shown in our great stock—shoes for school, for work, for play, shoes for all occasions and kinds of wear except short wear. All our shoes are long wear, and long wear shoes are invariably the cheapest. Boys are apt to be hard on shoes, and accordingly their shoes must be adopted to rough usage. There's economy in wearing shoes with plenty of wear in them. Get your boys' shoes of us and save money.

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The Boys' Page.

A Tale of Cowboy Life To-day.

Dark! Well, it was dark, and no mistake. We were holding a big herd of steers that the company was getting ready to ship, and it was a lazy enough life except the night-work. There was plenty of grass to graze them on in day time, and a big 'dry lake' full of water where three thousand head could drink at once and never one bog or give any trouble. Two men on 'day herd' at a time could handle them easily enough, and as there were nine of us, or enough for three guards of three men each, we didn't have anything much to complain of.

The steers were, as the boys say, 'a rollicky lot of oxen.' Most every night they would take a little run, and it usually took all hands an hour or so to get them back to the bed ground and quieted down, which didn't tend to make us any better natured when the cook yelled, 'Roll out! roll out!' about half-past four every morning.

Perhaps I should explain a little about this business, so that my readers may understand what a bed ground is and how the cowboy stands guard.

At sunset the day herders work the herd up toward camp slowly, and as the leaders feed along to about three or four hundred yards from camp one of the boys rides out in front and stops them until the whole herd gradually draws together into a compact body. If they have been well grazed and watered that day they will soon begin to lie down, and in an hour probably nine-tenths of them will be quietly lying and chewing their cuds. All this time the boys are slowly riding around them, each man riding alone and in opposite directions, so they meet twice in each circuit. If any adventurous steer should attempt to graze off he is sure to be seen, quickly headed and sent back into the herd.

The place where the cattle are held at night is called the 'bed ground,' and it is the duty of the 'day herders,' who have cared for them all day, to have 'them on to the bed ground and bedded down before dark, when the first guard comes out and takes them off their hands.

Well, as I said at the beginning, it was dark. At eight o'clock the first guard rode out, as usual, to take the herd for their three hours' watch, and although it was not raining when they left camp the boys had put on their slickers, or oilskin coats, well knowing that they'd have no time to do it when the rain began to fall. One of the them, named Tom Flowers, was a great singer, and usually sang the whole time he was on guard. It's always a good thing, especially on a dark night, for somehow it seems to reassure and quiet the cattle to hear the human voice at night, and it is well, too, that they are not critical, for some of the musical efforts are extremely crude.

My companions and I had the last day-watch, and as we rode back to camp that night we both agreed that the very first clap of thunder near at hand would send the whole herd flying, and if it rained it would be very hard to hold them. The 'boss' told all hands not to picket their night-horses, but to tie them up to the waggon all ready for instant use.

I lost no time rolling out my bed and turning in, only removing my boots, heavy leather chaps (chaparjoes) and hat, and two minutes after I was sound asleep. How long I slept I can't say, but I was awakened by a row among the night-horses tied to the waggon, and I could hear the measured 'chug, chug, chug' of the ponies' feet as the men on guard slowly jogged round the cattle. I was lazily wondering what guard it was and how long I had slept, when the clear, full voice of Tom Flowers broke the quiet with one of his cowboy songs:

Last night as I lay on the prairie,
And looked at the stars in the sky;
I wondered if ever a cow boy,
Would drift to that sweet by and by.

As the closing words floated out on the cool night air I turned sleepily in my bed and saw that a large black cloud had come up rapidly from the west, and I was wondering if we would have to turn out to help hold the steers if it rained, when suddenly there came a peal of thunder that seemed to fairly split the skies. It brought every man in camp to his feet, for high above the reverberation of the thunder was the roar and rattle of a stampede.

It is hard to find words to describe a stampede of a thousand head of long-horned range steers. It is a scene never to be forgotten. They crowd together in their mad fright, hoofs crack and rattle, horns clash against each other, and a low moan goes through the herd as if they were suffering with pain. Nothing stands in their way; small trees and bushes are torn down as if by a tornado, and no fence was ever built that would turn them. Woe betide the luckless rider who, racing recklessly in front of them, waving his slicker or big hat, or shooting in their faces to turn them, has his pony stumble or step into a dog-hole and fall, for he is sure to be trampled to death by their cruel hoofs; and yet they will suddenly stop, throw up their heads, look at each other as if to say, 'What on earth were you running for?' and in fifteen minutes every one of them will be lying as quietly as any old pet milch-cow in a country yard.

We quickly pulled on boots, flung ourselves into the saddle, and tore out into the dark, with the waggon boss in the lead. I was neck and neck with him as we caught up with the end of the herd, and called to him, 'Jack, they are headed for the "cracks!"'

These cracks are curious phenomena and very dangerous. The hard adobe soil has cracked in every direction. Some of them are ten feet wide and fifty feet deep; others half a mile long and only six inches or a foot wide. The grass hides them so that a horse doesn't see them, and every cowboy dreaded that part of the valley. However, in fifteen or twenty minutes we got them quieted down enough to be left again in charge of the regular guard.

Next morning we were all sleepy and cold, and as we gathered round the fire to eat some one said, 'Where's Flowers?' The foreman strode over to where Tom had rolled out his bed the evening before. It was empty, and, what was more, hadn't been slept in at all.

'Well,' said Jack, 'it's one of two things; either he has run into one of those cracks or else he has got a bunch of steers that got cut off from the herd in the rain and has had to stay with them all night, because he got so far from camp he couldn't work 'em back alone.' As this was not an unusual thing, we all felt sure it was the case, and after a hasty breakfast all of us but the men just off guard struck out to look for him. I rode straight for the cracks, and as the daylight got stronger, I could make out about a couple of miles from me a bunch of cattle feeding. But between me and the cattle was, I knew, a dangerous crack. If Tom had ridden into that he was either dead or badly hurt. When I reached it my worst fears were realized, for there, lying under a dozen head of dead and dying steers, was poor Tom. Drawing my six-shooter, I fired two shots and rode my pony in circles from left to right, which in cowboy and frontier sign language means, 'Come to me.' The boys quickly rode over to where I was. About half a mile from camp was a big black rock that stood up on end in the prairie as if it had been dropped from the clouds. Some prehistoric race of people had carved deep in its smooth face dozens and scores of queer hieroglyphics. This rock was called the 'Aztec Rock.' It was a landmark for miles around. So here we dug his grave and wrapped him in a gorgeous Indian blanket, and laid poor Tom Flowers away as carefully and tenderly as in our rough way we knew how.

When the last sods were placed on the mound a boy from Indiana spoke up and said, 'I kin say the Lord's prayer, if that'll be any good.' And there in the bright sunshine of an Arizona day, with a thousand long-horned steers tossing their heads and looking at us with wondering eyes, a dozen rough cowboys knelt down, their heads reverently bowed, while the boy repeated that divinely simple prayer.

As we rode back to camp I thought of Tom's song:—

I wonder if ever a cow boy,
Would drift to that sweet by and by.

—'The Cosmopolitan.'

Difficulties are the rungs of the ladder upon which heroic souls climb up to great achievements.—New York 'Witness.'

THE TSAR IN THE TOY-SHOP.

The 'Companion' gives echo to a pretty story told of the meeting of a young American lady with the late Tsar of Russia. She chanced to be in Copenhagen one year when the King of Denmark's royal children came to pay their annual visit. The young lady had hoped and watched for a sight of royalty, but her longing had been thus far in vain. One morning she visited a toy-shop to buy some odd Danish toys to take to America. The store was crowded. There were nearly a dozen children, and with them several maids. The whole party seemed to be in charge of a tall, stout man with a fair beard and a pleasant face.

The gentleman said something to the shop-keeper, and then to the young lady he remarked in English: 'I will not allow you to wait and be served after this horde of youngsters. They can well wait.'

At this the youngest child of all, a boy carried in the big man's arms, began to kick and cry and behave very badly.

'I will wait,' said the young lady, laughing at the youngster's screams and kicks, 'for I see you have an impatient member of your party.'

With a bow of thanks the athletic-looking man picked up a small drum with the Danish colors upon it and handed it to the struggling child in his arms. Then the others each received a pretty present, while some town children who had wandered in were treated to gifts of toys and pretty trifles. When all had been served with playthings the gentleman whispered to the child in his arms, and a minute afterward the little one, stretching out his hands toward the young lady, handed her a book.

'Uncle 'Xander says I must give you this because I was so rude,' he said in fairly plain English, 'and I will give you this myself,' handing over a stick of many-colored candy.

When the company had filed out, a great sleigh-like affair on wheels drove up to the door and all got into it. From the back seat of the queer-looking vehicle a child waved his little hands as far as he could be seen.

'That is the Tsar of Russia,' said the shop-keeper, 'and those were his nephews and nieces. He is on his annual visit to Copenhagen, and this is the way he amuses himself. He buys alternately of all the shop-keepers, and is a friend to every one.'

The Tsar nodded back at the young lady and the shopkeeper just before the vehicle went out of sight, and his tall shoulders and fine head were outlined like a silhouette against the sky.

'I have read a great many pretty things about the Tsar, and have known people who received friendly words from him at their presentation to the Russian court,' the young lady said afterward; 'but I think I am the only American girl who ever saw Alexander at his best, among his little nephews and nieces, laughing with them over a toy counter.'

AN UGLY VISITOR.

Last winter there were terrible snow-storms throughout the mountains in Utah, and the ground was covered with snow to the depth of five and ten feet. So long did this state of things continue that many wild animals were forced to desperation through hunger. Wolves and mountain lions became starved and weak, and in many instances lost their natural fear of man. After a while the hungry animals discovered that food was to be had along the railway track, where victuals and scraps were thrown from passing trains. Sometimes two famishing coyotes would be seen engaged in deadly combat over a chicken bone which had been thrown from a car. A remarkable story is told by the Detroit 'Free Press':

Engine No. 151 was known as 'the helper,' from the fact that it assisted trains up the steep grades of the mountainside.

One night, when taking the locomotive to the foot of the mountain, Engineer Gast noticed something wrong with the gearing beneath the tender, and said to the fireman that they had best get off and attend to it.

The engine was brought to a standstill, and the two men went busily to work at what proved to be a twenty minutes' job on a hot box. The tallow pot was left in the cab, the door of which was left open.

The men finished their repairs, and started to the rear of the locomotive. To their amazement they saw a huge mountain lion in the act of feeding on the tallow, and holding full possession of the engine cab.

The men stopped in perplexity. It was bitterly cold and was beginning to snow, yet the chances of dispossessing the savage-looking animal were small with the weapons they had at hand.

At sight of them the mountain lion growled, snapped his jaws, and there was a suggestive glare in his greenish eyes which made the men hesitate to intrude upon him. The only consolation they had was that the tallow would not last long, and even this thought was not entirely satisfying, as there was no means of determining that the animal would not attack them at the conclusion of the tallow feast.

For fifteen minutes or more the men stood about in the cold, one armed with a wrench and the other with a piece of rail, while their ugly visitor remained in possession of the cab. Then, having finished his meal, the lion leaped from the engine and disappeared in the woods, giving as he went a menacing growl, as if to say, 'Let me alone, and be thankful I don't eat you.'

THE MONKEY AND THE WHISKEY.

A writer of some prominence (Mr. Pollard), a reformed drunkerd, has left, among other papers the following:

'I was the companion of a man who owned a monkey which he valued at a thousand dollars. We always took him out on our chestnut parties. He shock off all our chestnuts for us, and when he could not shake them off he would go to the end of the limb and knock them off with his fist.

'One day we stopped at a tavern and drank freely. About half a glass of whiskey was left and Jack (the monkey) took the glass and drank it all up. Soon he was merry, skipped, hopped and danced and set us all in a roar of laughter. Jack was drunk. We all agreed—six of us—that the next day we would come to the tavern and get Jack drunk again, and have sport all day. I called at my friend's house the next morning, and we went out for Jack. Instead of being as usual on his box he was nowhere to be seen. We looked inside, and he was crouched up in a heap. "Come out here," said the master, and Jack came out on three legs: his forepaw was upon his head. Jack had the headache. I knew just how he felt. I had felt the same way many mornings. Jack was sick and couldn't go. So we waited three days. We then went, and while drinking a glass was provided for Jack. But where was he? Skulking behind the chairs. "Come here, Jack, and drink," said his master, holding out the glass to him. Jack retreated, and as the door was open, slipped out and in a moment was on top of the house. His master went out to call him down, but he would not come. He got a cow-skin and shook it at him; Jack sat on the ridge pole and refused to obey. His master got a gun and pointed it at him. A monkey is much afraid of a gun. Jack slipped over the backside of the house. His master then got two guns and had one pointed on each side of the house, when the monkey, seeing his bad predicament, whipped up on the chimney and down one of the flues, holding on by his forepaws.

'The master was beaten. The man kept that monkey for twelve years, but could never persuade him to taste another drop of whiskey. The beast had more sense than a man who has an immortal soul and thinks himself the first and best of God's creatures on earth.'—'Golden Censer.'

A SECRET OF LONG LIFE.

'Though I look old, yet I am strong and lusty;
For in my youth I never did apply
Hot and rebellious liquors in my blood,
Nor did not with unbashful forehead woo
The means of weakness and debility;
Therefore my age is as a lusty winter,
Frosty but kindly.'

—Shakespeare.

SOLUTION OF PROBLEM.

BOYS' PAGE, 24TH AUGUST, 1895.

A number (for example, 27394) is built up as follows:—$(2 \times 10^4) + (7 \times 10^3) + (3 \times 10^2) + (9 \times 10) + 4$, the power of 10 by which each figure must be multiplied being indicated by its position in regard to the others. So any number of five figures may be algebraically represented by: $ar^4 + br^3 + cr^2 + dr + e$; where $r = 10$ and a, b, etc., are each whole numbers less than 10. Multiply this by $r - 1$, which in our problem is 9.

$$
\begin{array}{r|l}
27394 \times 9 & \\
\hline
 & 273940 \\
 & 27394 \\
\hline
 & 246546
\end{array}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{r|l}
ar^4 + br^3 + cr^2 + dr + e & \\
r - 1 & \\
\hline
ar^5 + br^4 + cr^3 + dr^2 + er & \\
-ar^4 - br^3 - cr^2 - dr - e & \\
\hline
ar^5 + (b-a)r^4 + (c-b)r^3 + (d-c)r^2 + (e-d)r - e &
\end{array}
$$

This algebraical process suggests multiplying 27394 by 10, and from it subtracting 27394, instead of the usual method of multiplying by 9. In the algebraical result above, the sum of the figures (coefficients) is: $a + (b - a) + (c - b) + (d - c) + (e - d) - e$, which is zero. In the arithmetical result the sum of the figures is not zero, because, during the process of subtraction, 10 must be borrowed in one place at least (*i.e.*, the right hand figure), and for every 10 borrowed 1 is restored, making an addition of 9 to the sum of the figures for each time of borrowing. The rule required is:—Add a cipher to the number, place under it the number itself, and the *Sum of the Figures* in the difference (*i.e.*, in the product of the number by 9) will be 9 multiplied by the number of times borrowing will take place in subtracting. In the annexed example borrowing takes place three times, hence 27 (*i.e.*, 9×3) is the sum of the figures.

The numbers 12345679 and 98765431, both of eight figures, illustrate the principle well.

MATHEMAT.

(To the Editor of the Boys' Page.)

Sandringham, Ont., Aug. 28, 1895.

Sir,—In the Boys' Page of Aug. 24, in the 'Daily Witness,' I noticed a mathematical problem which I have worked out, and my solution is as follows:—If a number of three figures or less be multiplied by nine the sum of the figures in the product will be equal to as many nines as there are consecutive figures in descending order of magnitude in the multiplicand, counting from the left. For example, in the number 684, the figures 8 and 4 are in descending order of magnitude and 684 x 9 equals 6156, the sum of whose digits is 18, or two nines.

If the number consist of more than three figures, count one less than the number of digits in each group of descending magnitude except the first, in which the full number of digits must be counted. If these numbers be added together the result will be the number of 9's in the sum of the digits of the product. For example, in the number 76894531 the first two digits are in descending order, then the fourth and fifth, and the three last. Counting up, we find two digits in the first group, two in the second, and three in the third. Taking one from each group except the first and adding, we have five. And if 76894531 be multiplied by 9, the product is 692050779, the sum of whose digits is 45, or five 9's.

If there be a 0 in the middle of the number, treat it as an ordinary digit, but if there be two or more, leave all but the first out of account. Cyphers at the end of the number are also left out of account.

In a case when two or more consecutive figures are the same, the case is somewhat more difficult. If there be a larger digit before them and a smaller one after, treat them as part of a descending group, and vice versa. If they be both preceded and followed by a smaller digit, as in 5888437, count them as part of a descending group with those following, i.e., 88843. If they be preceded and followed by a larger digit, as in 784445, count the last one as belonging to the figure following and the others as forming a descending group with those preceding, i.e., 844. If the number be altogether composed of digits in ascending order of magnitude, the sum of the digits in the product will be one 9.

I think this rule will cover every possible case and will produce the correct result.

Thanking you for your space I am,
Yours truly, R. M. STEWART.

Mr. Cox's problem was as follows: It is a fact well known to many, if not to all, that any number multiplied by 'nine' will give a product whose figures when added together will produce nine or some multiple thereof. By computation we find that any number from one to ten produces one 9; 11 x 9 produces 18, or two 9's. So we have one 9 again until we reach 21, which produces two 9's, as also does 22. Again we drop back to one 9 until we reach 31, 32, 33, again until we reach 41 to 44, 51 to 55, and so on, not producing three 9's until we reach 111. The question naturally arises: Is there any rule by which we can tell at a glance what multiple of nine will be produced?

BIKE OR BICYCLE.

There is a good deal of opposition to the word 'bike.' Sundry correspondents of the 'Sun' have entreated that journal to frown upon it. The 'Sun' does not frown as yet, but the 'Tribune' does going even so far as to declare that 'bike and electrocute are about the worst travesties on words that ever were foisted upon a long-suffering public.' 'Electrocute' is a thoroughly bad word, and the only reason that it exists at all is that there is no single reputable word which expresses the infliction of capital punishment by electricity. 'Bike is a piece of boisterous slang, but it may be said for it that at least it is honest, and makes no pretence to elegance, whereas 'wheel,' the other synonym for 'bicycle,' does make a pretence at elegance, or at least at respectability. It is better to say 'bike,' and be aware that you are using outcast language, than to say 'wheel,' and suppose yourself to be speaking valid English.—'Harper's Weekly.'

THE VICTORIOUS WHEEL.

The bicycle, according to the London 'Queen,' is pushing its triumphant way into the most exclusive and impenetrable circles of society. Among royal ladies, the first convert was the beautiful Queen Margherita of Italy, who is such an enthusiastic wheel-woman that the cycling club of Milan recently presented her with a golden bicycle—the first in the world. Her every-day wheel, however, is of English make.

The Duchess of Aosta was among the earliest of women riders, and it is said was taken to task for it by the king, her uncle, but succeeded in converting both him and the queen before the matter was ended. The young Queen of Holland rides, while the Princess of Wales and her daughters ride tricycles at Sandringham, and even appeared in the parks of Denmark on tandem tricycles.

With such high examples, of course, the ladies of the nobility are not left behind; and some of them possess very beautiful wheels of ivory or silver plate and oxidized metal. Lady Dudley owns one enamelled in white, with lining of blue and gold, and ivory handles. But with all this magnificence these ladies probably reap no more pleasure or benefit than the untitled American who spins along democratic roads on a plain black and nickel wheel, the equal for the time being of any duchess or queen of them all.

PRIZE COMPETITIONS.

The 'Witness' Prize Competitions are as follows:—

MODEL YACHT COMPETITION.
KITE-FLYING TOURNAMENT.
BEST CAMP-FIRE YARN.
NATURAL HISTORY RESEARCH.

Particulars of these competitions appeared in the 'Witness' of Saturday, June 29.

Intending competitors are asked to send in their names as early as possible, and state for what competition they propose to enter. No entrance fee is required, but it is expected that every boy intending to compete shall subscribe for the 'Daily Witness,' for which the price is only 25c a month, and watch carefully the 'Boys' Own Page.'

Any boy can order the 'Witness' sent to his country or seaside address on payment of 25c a month, and every boy would do well to avail himself of the opportunity.

Those desiring to ask any questions about these competitions can call at the 'Witness' Office or they can send in their questions addressed 'To the Editor of the Boys' Page,' 'Witness' Office, Montreal.

BOYS' CLUBS.

The editor of the Boys' Page will always be pleased to receive items of interesting doings in boys' clubs. The copy should be written only on one side of the paper. Secretaries of boys' clubs sending the names of their clubs, with concerning purpose, number of and important engagements summer, briefly written, the same inserted in the Boys'

Groceries, Provisions, &c.

THIS IS A BIG WEEK FOR FRUIT AT
At BAKER'S, THE GROCER,
Cor. of AYLMER and BERTRAND Sts.
A large lot just arrived Canadian and California Plums and Gages. California Peaches and Pears—cheap.
We are receiving daily New Melons and Tomatoes, and full line of Vegetables
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PURE GRAPE JUICE
OF THE FINEST QUALITY.
Which can be used for Sacramental purposes, just received and for sale by
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Just Received a fresh supply in 5 gallons.
MINERAL WATERS—St. Geneviève, Poland, Buffalo, Geneva and Londerry Lithia Waters always in stock.
SHEET WAX—A full supply of Wax materials for making wax flowers also on hand.
DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER for all Diseases of the Brain and Nervous System.
Country orders promptly filled.
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1780 Notre Dame st. & 2352 St. Catherine st.

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Send for Prices.

BIBLE SOCIETY'S COLUMN.

...ip rteurs of the Montreal Auxil-...ible Society are busy in their re-...e fields, and the travelling secre-...s out upon his summer perigrina-... but it is not proper to give their ... our readers until the commit-...nsidered and passed upon them. ...ll, however, be submitted in due ...

REV. HENRY GOMERY'S

...ents, for September, are made ...s:—

... Sunday, Monday, Sept. 2.
... Tuesday, Sept. 3.
... Wednesday, Sept. 4.
... Thursday, Sept. 5.
... Friday, Sept. 6.
... Sunday, Sept. 8.
... Sunday, Sept. 8.
... Saturday, Sept. 8.
... Monday, Sept. 9.
... Tuesday, Sept. 10.
... Wednesday, Sept. 11
... Thursday, Sept. 12.
... Friday, Sept. 13.
... Saturday, Sept. 14.
... Sunday, Sept. 15.
... Sunday, Sept. ...
... Monday, Sept. ...
... Tuesday, Sept. ...
... Wednesday, Sept. ...
... Friday, Sept. ...
... Saturday, Sept. 21.
... Sunday, Sept. 22.
... Monday, Sept. 23.
... Tuesday, Sept. 24.
... Wednesday, Sept. 25.
... Monday, Sept. 30.

...ceive branches indicated will ...take note of these.

...meantime, the friends of the ...n this side of the Atlantic, will ...ad in a sketch of the annual ... the parent society. This ...as been, for many years, a con-...ature of the

...NEXT MAY MEETINGS.

...Exeter Hall, London. The anni-...1895 was only shadowed by ... illness of the distinguish-... Lord Harrowby. In his ... Kinnaird presided and ...ative address. A delightful ...ness and prosperity char-...ery part of the proceedings. ...ance was large, the reports ...ry admirably favorable, the ...ling of true zeal about ... interest of such a meeting ...other than healthful and far-... a number of years the ... how its head and report a ...funds; but now the head is ... the cash affairs are all right. ... amounts to £139,180. ... realized £93,553. The to-... therefore £233,363. ...ture has been £214,970. ... that of last year by ... a balance in hand on the ... of £18,393. This balance ...ceptible of the long-standing ... a surplus to be carried ...year's account.

...Bibles, testaments and ... the past year, were 1,651,566. ... issued from the Bible ... There were issued 2... ...ies from depots abroad, mak-... of 22. The chief point ... is that they ... increase of 28,264 copies ... the previous year. ...feature of the year's work ... of deputations to confer ...authorities having the different ... in charge. These visited ... the different French col-

The influences which they ... the information which they ... and reported to the general com-... been of the highest value ...ciety.

... an old sphere of labor, has ... by the society. This action ... regarded as what some would ... 'backward.' It is not a ... grade, but of advance. It ... that the home mission ... the offspring of the Bible S... ... in their infancy by the ... hand, but now assum-...dence and responsibilities ... In a few months Denmark, ... follow the example. Still the ... society is that of ex-... effort is made to keep ... rapid extension of British ... and influence. This ... at home, abroad. ... of the times, in Japan, are ...esting. Here Bible work ... a joint committee ... Societies of America, Scot-...land. The reaction of a ... against Christianity has ... a general and decided ... favor. All government re-... its diffusion are removed. ...current that a desire for its ...exists in the highest quar-...Hiroshima, the military centre ...the colporteurs and other ...workers have been granted free ...the Japanese hospitals, and ...they afforded them for read-...explaining the Scriptures to the ...wounded. To those who are ... to what they hear, and can ... a portion is given. The joy ...thankfulness expressed by many to ...ers was highly gratifying and en-... The colporteurs are also al-...enter the barracks and camps in ...the city, and are welcomed ... A neat pocket Testa-...Gospel was, as far as practic-... every officer, soldier and ...going for the scene of battle. ...Bible's agent writes that their ...conduct and patriotism have ...been effective to the happy change of ...hearts to Christianity. A con-...clusion established by those in Ja-...pan qualified to judge, that God is ...using this disastrous war to ...prepare hearts to Christ as well as ...for the entrance of his ... Japanese. Bible Societies' ...reports great praise for so ...zealously availing them-...of the remarkable opportunities ...now and for providing such ...attractive Scriptures for cir-...

...For a very brief summary of ... The speeches are ...so full that our space will ...not chronicle everything.

...ROBERT COPNISH.

...For thirty-seven years, has been ...closely and nearly connected with ...the work in this column that ...reference to his death may ...By it the Bible Society ...has a very serious loss, and ...it is impossible, at present, ...to realize. As corresponding sec-...retary he gained an experience which was invaluable to the committee. His thorough grasp of the work, and his deep attachment to it, made him a safe and wise adviser. He was always ready for action. He never shrank from any duty which the committee asked him to undertake. He was dignified and conscientious through all. He now rests from his labors. The committee, which meets on September 5, will, doubtless, place upon record its appreciation of his services.

VERDUN NEWS.

A meeting of the Verdun School Commissioners was held this week at the secretary's office in the New York Life Insurance building, the chairman, Mr. Isaac Hadley, presiding. The accounts for the current year having been submitted and duly approved, the secretary, Mr. Norman J. Rielle, reported that in the course of four years they had been able to buy property to the value of $400, and to erect a school-house that has cost $2,000, without increasing the rate of taxation a single cent. Both of the aforementioned sums have already been paid off, including both capital and interest. The present rate of taxation amounts to one-fifth of one percent, and it speaks well for the careful and economical way in which the educational finances of Verdun are administered when the announcement can be made and vouched for that next year it will not only be possible, but very probable, that no school-tax whatever will be imposed. The school, which will open next week, will still be under the able superintendance of Miss Thompson, who has been re-engaged.

Following the meeting of the school commissioners was one held by the municipal council. Mayor Bain occupied the chair. There also being present Councillors Hadley, Crawford, J. M. Crawford, May and Brault and Mr. Norman J. Rielle, secretary-treasurer. Routine business having been disposed of a protest was read issuing from the Grand Trunk Boating Club, claiming damages as tenants of the city of Montreal by reason of the building of the dyke. It was resolved to take the same into consideration.

The owners of Heron Island have raised the pretension that the island does not lie within the limits of Verdun, although taxes have been paid by the island's owners to Verdun for the past twenty years. There are now some arrears of taxes owing and Mr. Rielle, the counsel for the municipality, has been instructed to take action at once for recovery of the same.

This will prove a most interesting test case as many nice points of law will arise for the ancient history and delimitation of the island of Montreal and the isles adjacent will have to be examined and numerous laws and by-laws in connection therewith brought to bear upon the case.

Most satisfactory progress is being made with the dyke construction.

The secretary reported that the contract for the gas supply of Verdun, made with the Montreal Gas Company, in conformity with the by-law passed at the previous meeting, was ready for signature and would be signed immediately upon the arrival in this city of Mr. Holt, the president of the gas company. This being done the work of laying the gas mains will immediately be proceeded with.

TYPHOID IN MORRISBURG.

Morrisbug, Aug. 31.—Typhoid is very prevalent in Morrisburg. Several deaths have occurred within a short time, and quite a number are ill just now. There is a feeling abroad that the authorities should placard and quarantine the houses where the disease exists, and take steps to find out the cause of the epedemic. Should it get into the High School the result may be extremely sad.

Educational.

THE MISSES BRYSON,
115 SHUTER STREET.
Will reopen their Classes, WEDNESDAY, Sept. 4th. Class in advance l Drawing and Painting. 25

MR. SEPTIMUS FRASER,
Teacher of Pianoforte and Harmony, at home on and after August 31st. Residence, 52 McGill College Ave. 31

Educational.

The High School
MONTREAL,
Will Re-Open TUESDAY, 3rd September.
Kindergarten Class.
Transition Class under a specialist.
Sloyd work, three years' Course.
Gymnastics and Field Work under a special director.
Classical, Science and Commercial Courses. Small classes and experienced teachers.
For Prospectus, &c., apply to the Rector, by letter, or in person on and after Friday, 30th instant. 13

Miss Kimball's School
FOR GIRLS.
WORCESTER, MASSACHUSETTS,
(Near Boston,) U.S.A.
Just the place to send your daughter in September for a refined home, good education, abounding New England life.
College Preparatory, Literary, Academic, Intermediate and Special Courses,
Native French and German Teachers, Gymnasium Training.
Best of advantages in Music.
Frequent excursions to places of interest.
Write to Miss KIMBALL for Illustrated Circular, and ask for FULL PARTICULARS. 17

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1265 DORCHESTER STREET,
Corner of Essex avenue, Montreal.
Next term begins on THURSDAY, 5th September. Students prepared privately and in classes for the Royal Military College, Kingston; Boston Technology; preliminary in Arts, Science, Law, Medicine and Divinity, McGill University, for any other University and for other Exams., by T. OMAN, M.A. and First-Class Honor Certificate for Education, Edinburgh University.
Particulars on application. 31

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SCHOOL.
RE-OPENS SEPT. 11th PROX.
A first-class boarding school, providing comfortable home, careful individual supervision and help with thorough mental training—fitting young men for the university in all departments or for commercial life. French and Bookkeeping receive careful attention. Four resident masters. Early application necessary. For particulars address the Head Master, Rev. R. D. MILLS, M.A., Berthier-en-Haut, P.Q. 29

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A Church School for Young Ladies and Girls.
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An efficient staff of teachers. Special attention to French.
HOME LIFE a marked feature of the institution.
The Vice-Principal, Miss L. O'LOANE—a lady of large experience in Ladies' Colleges—will have the pupils under her constant supervision. Board, washing, and tuition, leading to A. A., or entrance into McGill Normal School, $150 per school year. Music and painting extra. Send for particulars to the Principal, Rev. N. A. F. BOURNE, B.A., Dunham, Que.

MRS. MUIR'S SCHOOL,
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WILL OPEN WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 4th. 31

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CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.
(C. E. SEIFERT, Director.)
Open during Summer Season, 1895.
During the summer season lessons will be given at 538 Dorchester st., near Mountain. For particulars apply or call between 9 and 10 a.m., daily. 16

MISS SANBORN WILL RESUME LESSONS in Music, Drawing and Painting at 5 Essex avenue, on Sept. 2. 28

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LADY PRINCIPAL: MRS. ARNOLD.
The Classes will be resumed on TUESDAY, 10th September. On and after the 2nd of September, MR. ARNOLD will be in attendance to enrol pupils. Prospectus may be had at the College or from the principal booksellers.
Private Tuition After School Hours.

Trafalgar Institute,
(Affiliated to McGill University),
No. 83 Simpson Street, Montreal,
FOR THE
Higher Education OF Young Women,
With Preparatory Department for Girls between 10 and 13 years.
President, REV. JAMES BARCLAY, D.D.
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Principal, Miss GRACE FAIRLEY, M.A., Edinburgh.
The Institute will re-open with an efficient staff of twelve resident and visiting teachers, on
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The Institute buildings are situated on the mountain side, overlooking the City. The spacious grounds are attractively laid out and the surroundings are not only beautiful but very healthful.
A limited number of day pupils will be admitted.
For copy of Prospectus and other information apply to the principal, at the Institute, or to
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THE HARMON SCHOOL
FOR YOUNG LADIES.
(Incorporated 1892.)
280 Elgin and 189 MacLaren streets, Ottawa, Province of Ontario.
Handsome new buildings with best modern appointments. Preparatory, Intermediate and Advanced Departments, in English. Special advantages in Latin, Music, French, German and Art. Staff of twelve teachers. Number of resident pupils limited. The school year will begin
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If you are going to spend the Fall and Winter at a Commercial School, you will secure the best advantages by selecting
Thompson's
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It educates practically and supplies business houses promptly with competent Stenographers and Bookkeepers. Next school year will begin Sept. 3rd. Office will be open Aug. 27. 27

COLIGNY COLLEGE,
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FOR THE BOARD AND EDUCATION OF YOUNG LADIES.
Session Opens 12th Sept., 1895.
Ten resident teachers, including English, mathematical, classical, modern languages, music and fine art. Fees moderate. The number of boarders is strictly limited, so that special, individual attention may be given to each and adequate provision made for their physical, mental, and moral development.
Grounds extensive. Buildings have the latest sanitary improvements, and are heated by hot water. Hot and cold baths. Cheerful home life. For circulars address,
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THE FRENCH AND ENGLISH SEMINARY,
At Berthier en Haut, P.Q.,
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Individual instruction. Home environment. Practical training. Address,
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Miss Kyte's School,
20 PLATEAU STREET.
Will re-open on TUESDAY, 3rd Sept.

BELLEVUE SCHOOL
for Children needing motherly care. Terms including Academic Department, for board, tuition, washing, mending, use of piano, $12 per month.
Will Re-open September 9th, 1895.
Address, Mrs. C. THOMAS, Carillon, P.Q.

34 LORNE AVENUE,
MISS M. L. LAMMERTS VAN BUEREN will Re-open her Classes on THURSDAY, Sept. 12.

MISS BULGER'S
School will Re-open MONDAY, September 9th 732 Sherbrooke street.

The Montreal Business College
Cor. VICTORIA SQUARE and CRAIG STS.,
is the largest, best equipped and most thorough Com. Col. in Canada. Nine expert teachers with business experience give their time and attention exclusively to students of this institution. The course comprises Bookkeeping in all its forms with office-training in the Actual Business Department; Arithmetic, Penmanship, Correspondence, Commercial Law, French, English, Typewriting and Shorthand in both languages, Civil Service and other special courses. Students may enter for a full course or a single subject. The College office will open on Aug. 26 for the registration of students and studies will be resumed on Sept. 3rd. Write, call or telephone 2890 for the beautiful souvenir prospectus.
J. D. DAVIES, Principal.

Ontario Ladies' College,
WHITBY, ONT.
About $35,000 are being spent this summer in new buildings, new steam heating, electric lighting, etc., placing the college property far in advance of that of any similar institution in this country. The work done by students in university and departmental examinations is unequalled. The musical department is on a thorough conservatory basis, and is being strengthened by the addition of a new pipe organ, to be driven by electricity. The Fine Art, Elocution, and Commercial Departments are equally efficient. College will reopen on SEPT 9. Send for calendar, or apply at once for room to
REV. J. J. HARE, Ph. D., Principal.
2

SHORTHAND INSTITUTE
—AND—
School of Typewriting,
Established 1888.
TEMPLE BUILDING.
Class Rooms: 185 St. James st., Montreal.
Principal Mrs. BULLOCK.
Certificated Professional Teacher and Founder of the Syllabical Method of Teaching.
14th Session commences Sept. 3rd. Students can register on or after August 28th.
Branches:—Shorthand (for office and reporting), Typewriting, Composition, Commerical Correspondence, Penmanship, Practical Office Training, French.
In this Institute pupils are engaged in actual office work, and thoroughly fitted to fill Commercial, Legal or Literary positions.
Diplomas conferred upon those students who pass the required examination.
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S. JOHN THE EVANGELIST'S SCHOOL.
1773 ONTARIO STREET, MONTREAL.
25 Boarders. 40 Day Boys. 5 Masters.
Boys are thoroughly prepared for all entrance examinations and for business. The number is strictly limited. The classes are small, no pains are spared to secure the thorough progress of the boys. Thoroughness and a good moral tone are the acknowledged features of this school. Special advantages exist for backward or junior boys. The Headmaster will be at home to receive parents daily after SEPT. 4th, from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m., and 7 to 8 p.m.
School will meet on Wednesday, September 11.
For prospectus apply at the school, or in writing, to the
REV. ARTHUR FRENCH, B.A., (Oxford), Headmaster. 20

COMMERCIAL ACADEMY,
(DAY AND EVENING.)
FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.
Will be opened SEPT. 2, at 11 Guilbault street.
PRINCIPAL—J. J. CONOLLY
Curriculum — All branches of English, Writing, Arithmetic, Mathematics, Bookkeeping, Correspondence, Shorthand, Typewriting, French Conversation, German, Latin, Music (piano), Painting, Elocution.
Careful and Practical Training for the Office, Civil Service, etc.
DAY SCHOOL—Terms very moderate.
Special Terms for Evening and Private Lessons.
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82 CITY HALL AVENUE.
Will Re-open MONDAY, September 2nd.

TYPEWRITING SCHOOL.
INDIVIDUAL TEACHING.
MISS GRAHAM.
Typewriters' Supply Depot, 23 Temple Building

Educational.

MORRIN COLLEGE,
QUEBEC, P.Q.
The Session of 1895-96 of Morrin College, will begin on
MONDAY, September 30th.
The Examination for Matriculation will commence Sept. 26, at 9 a.m.
This Institution, which is affiliated to McGill University in Arts, has been reorganized and fully equipped for the Course of Study prescribed by the University for the Degree of B.A.
Eight scholarships have been established, four of the value of Fifty Dollars each, and four of Twenty-five Dollars each, to be awarded to Matriculants passing the A.A. or the Ordinary Examinations under the conditions set forth in the Calendar.
Calendars and all necessary information may be had on application to Professor Crocket, College Court, Quebec.
(Signed) A. H. COOK,
Secretary Board of Governors.
July 9, 1895.

UNIVERSITY OF
Bishop's College.
FACULTY OF MEDICINE, MONTREAL.
The 25th Annual Session will open on TUESDAY, the first day of October next.
The course consists of four winter sessions of six months each, and three summer sessions, one of the latter only being compulsory, although the full nine months' annual term is recommended.
Annual fees: Average $82, but a reduction is made where the full course is paid for in advance.

BISHOP'S COLLEGE,
LENNOXVILLE.
LECTURES IN ARTS and DIVINITY for Michaelmas Term, 1895, begin on Sept. 19.
Matriculation and preliminary examinations on Sept. 16, at 9 a.m.
For Calendars, etc., apply to the REV. T. ADAMS, D.C.L., Principal, or to A. D. NICOLLS, Bursar, Lennoxville.
BISHOP'S COLLEGE SCHOOLS.
Michaelmas Term begins on Sept. 19, 1895. For information as to preparation given for University or College training, and generally as to system of residential life and discipline, scientific and physical instruction, games, etc., apply to the headmaster.
H. J. HAMILTON PETRY, M.A.
Or to A. D. NICOLLS, Sec'y, Lennoxville.

MISS SMITH & MISS FRARY
Will reopen their School for Young Ladies and Children, at 95 Durocher street, on THURSDAY, SEPT. 12. After Thursday, Sept. 5, Miss Smith and Miss Frary will be at home to receive visitors on school business. Music lessons will be resumed at the same date. 26

LAKE VIEW SCHOOL, Lachine
FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.
Classes will open on TUESDAY, SEPT. 3. A few boys will be received as boarders with the Head Master's family, at reasonable rates.
For prospectus, etc., apply to Rev. C. H. BROOKS, Head Master, at School Building, opposite Lachine Wharf, or to J. G. BROCK, Hon. Secretary-Treasurer, 131 Broadway ave Lachine, or 211 Commissioners street, Montreal. 26

WEST END BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.
For Young Ladies and Boys Under Ten Years of Age.
2716-2718 ST. CATHERINE ST., Montreal.
This school, which has been successfully carried on for twenty-three years, will reopen on Monday, Sept. 16. All the English subjects, French, Latin, and Mathematics thoroughly taught by teachers who hold first-class diplomas. Young ladies prepared for A.A. and Matriculation Examinations. For terms and circulars apply to
MISS LAWDER, Pointe a Pic, Quebec.
After September 5th, Miss LAWDER will be at home at 2718 St. Catherine street, to receive visitors on school business. 17

THE SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, conducted by MISS SYMMERS and Miss SMITH, will reopen on MONDAY, SEPT. 16. Pupils who desire it, are prepared for the McGill University Examinations for matriculation, or for the Certificate of Associate in Arts. After Monday, Sept. 9, Miss Symmers and Miss Smith will be at home daily from ten a.m. till six p.m., to receive visitors on school business.
916 Sherbrooke street. 15

MISS FRASER
will reopen her class on FRIDAY, 13th September, at 64 Drummond street.
Miss Fraser will be at home on and after Thursday, 5th September, to receive visitors on school business. 20

HIGH SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.
The School will re-open for the session of 1895-6 at 9 a.m. on TUESDAY, 3rd September.
New pupils will be received for examination and enrolment at two o'clock in the afternon of that day.
MARIA F. FINDLAY,
Lady Principal.

PROTESTANT BOARD
OF SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.
The High, Senior and Public Schools under the control of this Board will re-open for the session of 1895-6 at 9 a.m. on TUESDAY, 3rd September.
E. W. ARTHY,
Superintendent.

THE MISSES GAIRDNER,
47 VICTORIA STREET.
Will re-open their classes, to which boys under nine are admitted, on WEDNESDAY, September 11th.
Young ladies not attending the full school course may join the Senior Class for French, Literature, &c.

BRITISH POLITICAL GOSSIP.

THE WEEK IN PARLIAMENT A QUIET ONE.

MR. HEALY'S WARFARE THE ONLY NOTICEABLE FEATURE—MR. GLADSTONE'S PHENOMENAL POPULARITY.

New York, Sept. 1.—Mr. Isaac N. Ford cables from London to the 'Tribune': Mr. Healy's guerilla warfare has been almost the only sign of political campaigning in one of the dullest weeks ever known in parliament. He has attempted to block supply and prolong the session when Mr. McCarthy was paired, Mr. Redmond silent, Mr. Dillon mildly disputatious and Mr. Sexton absent. He has been battling for the Irish leadership, and has been resolutely supported by a group of followers who believe that a sham fight is better than no fight at all. He apparently set out with a determination to keep the House in session until the close of September, unless Mr. Balfour would make some legislative concession which would enable him to go back to Ireland and say that he had done something, when his colleagues were either sulking in their tents or scuttling from the field. Mr. Balfour, after a short period of masterly inactivity, applied closure mercilessly and secured on Wednesday night all the civil service votes, except the Irish, the colonial and the post-office, which were disposed of on the following days, with the army and navy estimates. The end of the session is now in sight and cannot be deferred by Mr. Healy's ambition. He will go back to Ireland without having accomplished any practical result, but probably increased prestige as a leader who never knows when he is beaten. There has been a distinct note of defiance in his policy of exasperation, and it is echoed by his Irish organs' contemptuous comments upon Mr. Plunket's amiable but impracticable proposals for a conference of Irishmen of all parties and factions to agree upon no-partisan measures for the material progress of the island.

Apart from Lord Lansdowne's explanations of the government's policy of reorganizing the War Office on the general lines of the Hartington report and Mr. Campbell-Bannerman's proposals to increase the ammunition supply, no important speech has been made on the ministerial benches this week. The question hours have been filled with chaffing, badinage and evasive talk. The government has had only one policy, that of securing the financial votes and postponing everything else until February. The new Irish Secretary has had a chance to try his hand in fencing with Mr. Healy and Mr. Dillon, and has revealed unexpected resources and skill in debate, and Mr. Curzon is showing great ability, but reputations cannot be made in this stopgap session, which is mainly useful in enabling the new members to learn when to take off hats, how to address the chair, and other small points in the etiquette of the Commons. The Opposition benches have been empty, the Liberals being indifferent to the progress of the estimates and financial routine. Sir Wm. Harcourt has been conferring with men of all factions in private, but has not taken an active part in the debates.

SIR CHARLES DILKE.

Sir Charles Dilke has been more active than any one else on the Liberal side. His influence is steadily increasing by virtue of his knowledge of foreign affairs, his ability in debate and his sympathy with the working classes. His most sanguine friends are forecasting prematurely the complete restoration of his political fortunes. He will undoubtedly exert great influence in the October conferences respecting the Liberal reorganization and policy. What will be the result of those conferences nobody is rash enough to predict, but a recasting of the Liberal programme is more probable than a change in the leadership, although Mr. Labouchere has declared war to the knife against Lord Rosebery.

Mr. Chamberlain has been a conspicuous figure during the week. He had something to say about Cyprus, asserting that the occupation had been a good bargain for France if not for England, and that the island needed roads and irrigation works, adding that he should certainly ask the House for necessary supplies if he were convinced that, by the assistance of the Imperial Government in making these improvements, satisfactory returns could be secured for the British taxpayer. That is the motive of his new colonial policy, so far as he has disclosed it—Imperial investments for the development of the neglected estates of the realm and the promotion of the interests of British commerce.

The German journals have never taken much notice of Mr. Chamberlain. They are now commenting upon the significance of his recent utterances and predicting that he will devote his attention to the African colonies and favor opening them up by means of railways subsidized by the state. The 'North German Gazette' remarks that the new and intenser activity on the part of England in colonial matters can be permitted from a German point of view so long as it restricts itself to its own sphere. Its semi-official utterance means that England is at liberty to round out its African empire so long as the circle of annexation does not intersect the German sphere.

QUESTION OF CONSCRIPTION.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain repudiates the report that was started by the Rev. Hugh Price Hughes to the effect that he advocated in the cabinet a scheme of military conscription and fines in lieu of service, the fines going to float an old age pension fund. Though Mr. Chamberlain is known as an advocate of voluntary enlistment, some influences inside and outside the cabinet favor the conscription system. Field Marshal Lord Wolseley, who succeeds the Duke of Cambridge as commander-in-chief of the forces, advocates this system as being necessary to the existence of Great Britain, and the Duke of Devonshire, lord president of the council, sympathizes with it. The triumph of the Conservatives at the polls has been followed by a clamor on the part of the military press for the assimilation of the British to the Continental system. The Rev. Mr. Hughes was wrong in fathering the scheme on Mr. Chamberlain, but the question pervades the air.

MR. GLADSTONE'S POPULARITY.

The 'Sun's' London cable says: The wonderfully strong hold which Mr. Gladstone retains upon the affection of his countrymen was strikingly shown this week. The Grand Old Man has retired from the affairs of the state, and the people had been gradually reconciling themselves to the fact. Upon the very first opportunity after a general election, in which, for the first time in over sixty years, Mr. Gladstone took no part, they assembled in thousands to do him homage. The occasion was the visit of the venerable statesman to the house near Birmingham of his old friend and political enemy, Lord Norton. The scenes reminded one of the stirring times of the Grand Old Man's political activity. At every station where his train stopped on the journey from Chester a strong barricade had to be erected to keep the people from overwhelming him. Men and women waited for hours to have a chance of cheering him, mayhap of hearing his voice. Many cherished the hope of a speech from his railway carriage, but they were disappointed, though an occasional twitching of the grand old mouth betokened that the impulse was controlled with some difficulty. Mr. Gladstone at present looks much stronger and younger than he did a year ago. It seemed to the newspaper men who saw him for the first time for a couple of years this week that he was dressed with a good deal more care than he used to show when in harness. One of Mr. Gladstone's travelling party says that during a wait of half an hour at Birmingham, necessitated by the railway arrangements, he conversed upon at least a dozen subjects with as many different people. With the station master, for instance, he chatted about the development of the railway system of the world; and with the chief constable he discussed the evolution of the modern police force and the regulation of street traffic. In the latter connection he referred to Ambassador Bayard's recent tribute to the London police and jocularly remarked that when he used to be in attendance at the House of Commons he reckoned the police saved his life on an average four times a day by helping him across dangerous roadways.

ANTHRAX IN NEW YORK.

Albany, Sept. 1.—In reply to an enquiry the State Agricultural Department has submitted the following letter to the Hon. H. H. Wilson, British vice-consul at New York city:—

The Hon. H. H. Wilson, Vice-Consul-General to Her Britannic Majesty, New York city:

Dear Sir,—In reply to your communication of the 27th instant, permit me to say that the disease known as anthrax has broken out in the following counties: Sullivan, Delaware, Chenango, Chautauqua, Cattaragus, Wyoming, Oswego. Our attention was first called to it about Aug. 1. While it was more severe than it has been before in several years, we are not allowing it to spread, but are quarantining the cattle as fast as we find it. Nearly all the cattle that have died from it died before this department became aware of the disease among them. It is thought by our experts to be due to climatic influences, and especially extremely dry weather.

Respectfully yours,
GEO. L. FLANDERS,
Assistant Commissioner.

BROOKLYN SHAKEN BY EARTHQUAKE.

New York, Sept. 1.—Three distinct earthquake shocks were felt by the residents of Brooklyn about six o'clock this morning. They were not severe, as no damage to life or property is reported from any section of the city. The districts of East New York and South Brooklyn received the greatest shock, but it was also distinctly felt in the other districts. The shock was pretty severe at Coney Island, and many persons were awakened from their sleep. Pictures, crockery, and even pieces of furniture in many houses were dislodged from their positions. From telegraphic reports it appears that the earthquake was felt on Staten Island and throughout New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania as far south as Philadelphia.

LABOR AND THE CHURCH.

The Question Discussed by Local Pastors.

At Zion Church last evening, the Rev. W. H. Warriner preached on the relations of labor with the employer and society. He said that he was a workingman and he hoped that all in his congregation were workingmen and workingwomen. It was the workingwomen who had the hardest time of it, at least, among the poor. They worked the longest, and she needed more sympathy than the workingman. Whatever goes to help the workingman will help his home, and whatever helps his home helps our homes. He rejoiced for all the good that men do for the alleviating of troubles of other men. The Church must do what it can for the workingmen; it must care for their bodies in saving their souls, for the body and soul unite to make the perfect man. A man is not fully saved unless he is in his entirety. The church may appeal to the workingman directly to raise himself, or so endeavor to improve his condition of life that he will rise. If the conditions of his life are evil his life will be evil. If men are in the right relation with God they will be right in their relations with each other. The preacher went on to say that he did not believe that the misery all about is due to innate depravity. Indolence, however, increased poverty. Few people worked because they loved work. It was not to be wondered at that when work was tiresome that men became tired. There was not any difference between the poor loafer and the rich loafer. However rich a man might be he ought to do something. Whatever our condition of life may be we should find means of being helpful. The man who does not work, whether he is rich or poor, has no right to eat. No doubt the wealthy had their wines and the poor their whiskey, but it was doubtless true that there are many taverns in this city sustained by poor men, though it may be even in their case an illustration of what the scripture means when it speaks of drinking and forgetting one's misery. The preacher believed that those who employ laborers are as good man for man, as those whom they employ. He cited the case of the Grand Trunk Railway, which, as its vice-president said the other day, had no fewer than sixty-five millions of dollars sunk in it, forty million dollars of which have returned nothing. Masters were often as helpless as those who worked for them. A great many people had not learned yet how to work together. They had not the sense of the ant, the bee or of geese which fly in a flock. When a man who owned a factory piled up a fortune and lived in a $100,000 or $80,000 house, and his workmen lived in squalor, it was doubtful if he was doing what he ought to do. The worst burden of the poor was not so much poverty as the scorn they meet with. Their misery was not so much from the quality of what they ate and drank as it was from their situation which was not such as they liked. In conclusion, the preacher said that it was not altogether a matter of wages but of kindly feeling, sympathy and social recognition. He spoke of the hardness of the lot of many a laborer, and contrasted it with the joys and exhilarating work of the preacher, the artist, etc., and said that it was too bad, when in addition to the burden of poverty there should be the scorn of those who fancied themselves better than others. He said that the poor man paid too heavy a tax for his mean life, and he called upon his hearers to help and sympathize in the spirit of Christ.

At the evening service in the American Presbyterian Church yesterday, the Rev. T. S. McWilliams, M.A., preached his sermon with a short address directly on the relation of the pulpit to labor movements. In reply to the Pleasant Sunday Service circular he explained his deep personal interest in avowed objects of organization and assured them that it was his personal endeavor to bring men to live in harmony with the teachings of Jesus, and to apply with impartial and equal sweep the principles of the gospel to his congregation. He was not sure that all are willing to give credit for that interest and endeavor. There are some labor orators and organs who are not satisfied except with methods very radical and expressions very violent. Choosing his text from Ruth ii., 16: 'Let fall also some of the handfuls of purpose for her,' the preacher referred to Boaz as being a man who had the right feelings towards those in his employ. When he came from Bethlehem to his farm he greeted his laborers, saying: 'The Lord be with thee,' and they replied, 'The Lord blessthee.' The minister commented on this and said that when employers came to have sympathies not only with the material but with the spiritual welfare of their employees, animosities would soon cease. He spoke of not discussing economic questions as such in the pulpit, his view being that the pulpit is not a platform for a lecture, the church is not a lyceum, though there are Father McGlynns and Hugh O'Pentecosts who have tried to make them such. Another point he referred to was that laboring men were not preached to as a class. This, however, is not from a lack of interest in their likes, their rights and their wrongs, but because the minister should know no rich or poor. The setting of class against class is one of the most un-American, undemocratic, unchristian and unwise things. He referred to the complaint that the pews were rented and congregations were exclusive. As to the rented pews, it was a system which he did not like, and he wished it was not necessary; but he doubted very much if the making of the pews free would do much towards satisfying the laboring men. The truth is, the laboring man is not the one who is clamoring for this. His experience was that the laboring man is not a beggar; he does not want anyone to pay his debts for him. As to the charge of exclusiveness, it exists largely in the imagination. An enterprising paper sent a reporter around in artizan's dress to a number of the largest churches in one of the large cities to test this matter. He was received with courtesy and shown to a good seat in every church except one. Probably that exception was due to the snobbishness of an usher and was not an expression of the spirit of the congregation. He expressed the belief that the Christian pulpit of to-day ought to labor for the mutual acquaintance and understanding of the rich and poor. The frivolous girl dressed in expensive lace ought to be told about the lacemaker in a damp cellar or a den of poverty.

'Bending backward from her toil
Lest the work her tear should spoil.
Shaping from her bitter thought,
Heartsease and forget-me-not,'

and the poor ought to be told of any sympathy and generosity manifested by the rich. Such mutual understanding would show that they were not enemies, but friends.

THE TRAMP AND THE PRODIGAL.

The Rev. Dr. Robert Campbell, of St. Gabriel's, preached in the morning on the subject urged by the circular of the labor men. He took very strong ground in favor of honoring labor, and praised those laborers who carried out the commandment,—'Six days shalt thou labor and do all thy work.' He also referred to the lazy tramp and the idle and prodigal sons of the millionnaire as the extremes of different types which met and lived to disobey God's law. The tramp was a burden on the community and the idle, do-nothing scion of the millionnaire wasted his time and the substance which a probably industrious father had left him to make a better use of. Dr. Campbell pointed to the carpenter's bench of the Lord Jesus Christ as a proof of the honor in which the chosen people of God held labor, and referred to the disciples as the highest types of our Christianity, nearly all of them being laborers in the terms accepted by the mechanics of to-day. He counselled all not to forget that there was also the duty before them of being laborers in the vineyard of the Master. The preacher said he was glad to find the labor men looking to the Church with the confidence shown by their circular. It was an excellent sign of the times.

THE ANCIENT CAPITAL.

A DENIAL.

Quebec, Sept. 2.—The local French organ of the Taillon Government, the 'Evenement,' contradicts the report from Montreal that the provincial cabinet is to be reconstructed and Mr. Descarries called in to replace Attorney-General Casgrain before the meeting of the legislature. It says that Mr. Casgrain has not the remotest intention of yielding his place to the member for Jacques Cartier and that government will meet the House as it is now composed, without change of any kind.

NOTES.

The 'Electeur' is still keeping up the cry that the federal elections will be sprung within the next three months, and warning the Liberal friends to get ready for them.

Porter, the Bank of Montreal defaulter, has been again remanded for eight days more.

While passing through St. Basile, Portneuf, on Friday night, the western bound C. P. R. train was assailed with stones, which broke some of the windows in the cars.

Mr. Jos. Bureau, the well-known government explorer, here, left by the SS. 'Otter' on Saturday with a party of men to complete the exploration of Anticosti for the French syndicate who propose to buy the island.

Dr. W. Delany, of the Crown Lands Department, has just returned from a trip to the Magdalen Islands and reports the fisheries there a complete failure this season.

The report published in some Montreal papers to the effect that Chief Dorval, of the Quebec Fire Brigade, intends resigning on account of trouble with Mayor Panet, is altogether unfounded.

NEWFOUNDLAND MAIL.

The proposed dates of despatch of mails for Newfoundland, during the month of September, are as follows, viz.: 3rd, 10th, 17th and 20th.

HARVEST HOME FESTIVAL.

(From an Occasional Correspondent.)

Ormstown, Que., Aug. 30.—Sir,—Sunday, Aug. 25, was a day to be treasured in the memory as beautiful and bright in a very special sense. The good people of the Methodist Church at Ormstown had been bringing into it the products of garden and field, that they might surround themselves with visible evidences of his goodness, as they extolled him, 'Who giveth us richly all things to enjoy.' As a visitor, arriving only a few hours before the dawn of the Sabbath we betook ourselves almost at once to the church in which we were to worship on the morrow to find that a wonderful transformation had taken place within it since we saw it last, only three weeks ago. The raised platform upon which the preacher stands was a bank of fruit and flowers, ablaze with color of every hue, and making the air almost oppressive with their fragrance; whilst up and down the sides of the little sanctuary in the recesses of the windows were every variety of vegetable and the first fruits of the harvest. Sunday was ushered in gloriously and before the appointed hour the church was filled with devout and earnest worshippers.

The Rev. T. H. Wright, the much esteemed pastor, had secured as the preacher for the day the Rev. F. A. Warden, of Montreal West Methodist Church, and his remarkably able and soul-inspiring discourses proved that the selection was a most happy one. Mr. Warden has, without a doubt, a very bright future before him in the ministry if his life is spared, which I, for one, earnestly hope it may be.

The collections for the day, which were to be a 'thank offering to the Lord,' were very liberal, showing that Ormstown Methodists have consecrated pocketbooks as well as hearts. There was a public meeting on the following Monday evening in continuation of the thanksgiving services of Sunday, when addresses and singing were features of the occasion, the speakers being the Rev. F. A. Warden, the Rev. A. Craig, from Huntingdon, and the pastor. C. M.

THE FIRE RECORD.

Halifax, N.S., Sept. 1.—Fire broke out in the sugar refinery cooperage this morning, and before extinguished the refinery cooperage, with stock, was largely destroyed. Hayes's cooperage, with considerable stock, and one of the Street Railway Company's stables, with a large quantity of feed, and Edward Wright's barn also suffered. The refinery loss is $6,000, Hayes's, $2,400, Street Railway, $6,000, and Wright's $600. There is partial insurance on all the property lost except that of Wright. Two of the hook and ladder company's horses were badly injured. The origin of the fire is not known.

Watford, Ont., Sept. 1.—The flour and grist mill owned by A. Dunlop, was discovered to be on fire at an early hour this morning. The flames spread rapidly and it was impossible to save the mill. The fire is supposed to be of incendiary origin. The books were saved. The loss is about $12,000; partly insured.

Buffalo, N.Y., Sept. 1.—At an early hour this morning the historic Academy of Music, fronting on Main street, near Seneca, and extending through to Washington street, was gutted by fire. The loss to the theatre owners was about $150,000, and the losses to the business houses of Chase and Comstock, P. C. Millet and other occupants of the block will add another $100,000 to the total loss. The big china importing house of Glennis, and the main offices of the Western Union and Great North-Western Telegraph companies were at one time in imminent danger.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM DROWNING.

St. John, N.B., Sept. 1.—While the Rev. A. D. Dewdney, rector of St. James church, St. John, and family, were out boating on the Kennebecasis river on Saturday evening a squall struck the sail, overturning the little craft. All were rescued, except the infant daughter, which was drowned. The body has not been recovered. The Rev. Richard Mathews, of St. John Protestant Orphan Asylum, who was on board, was largely instrumental in rescuing the ladies.

TIRED OF CHRISTIAN BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Sept. 1.—The dissatisfaction with the teaching of the Christian Brothers is said to have spread to Hull, and it is reported that at the next meeting of the Separate School board a motion will be introduced that the Brothers be notified that their services will not be required after the expiration of the existing contract with them, which was made about eighteen months ago for three years.

SPAIN'S TROUBLES INCREASING.

Madrid, Aug. 31.—The police authorities at San Sebastian are taking every precaution to prevent foreign republican agitators from entering the Basque provinces, many of them having done so under the pretence that the object of their coming was to attend bull fights. The troops at Sebastian are confined to their barracks in readiness for any emergency.

TORONTO AND THE G. T. R.

THE QUEEN CITY ASKS FOR REFORMS IN PASSENGER RATES AND CAR SERVICE.

SIR CHARLES RIVERS WILSON [illegible] STAGGERED BY ITS NUMEROUS [illegible]

Toronto, Sept. 1.—Sir Charles Rivers Wilson must have been staggered by the demands made on him on [illegible] President Caldecott, of the Toronto Board of Trade, at the reception given to that body. In his reply, which was delivered in the presence of a large representative gathering of Toronto business men, he expressed surprise at the statement that the equipment part of the railway should be the subject of complaint, and held out hopes of a two-cent a mile passenger rate in the near future.

In introducing Sir Charles, Mr. Caldecott made some remarks with the past management of the Grand Trunk and some suggestions as to reforms needed. The first was that a local board should be appointed at Toronto, which could decide important questions at once without reference to the London board. 'There should be a reduction of the rates of passage,' said Mr. Caldecott, when making his second suggestion. 'Rates should not exceed two cents per mile. Though the cost of running trains is greater in the area smaller, yet the charge should not exceeds two cents per mile. The third suggestion was that there should be an improved service between Buffalo, Toronto, New York and Toronto. There should also be a better service to Muskoka, with better station at the end of the line, and a great tourist trade would be developed. 'There should be a better class of rolling stock on branch lines, and dirty cars should be removed.' The fourth suggestion was that a line should be constructed between North Bay and Sudbury, via Temagamingue. 'The Grand Trunk,' continued the speaker, 'has a charter to Sudbury, has made no effort to build the line, and if something is not done soon Toronto will have to find another company which will.'

In replying, Sir Charles thought Mr. Caldecott was a little too sanguine. He said that as the bulk of the shareholders of the road are held in London the directors of the road must, to a great extent, emanate from there. If the Toronto public want to manage the railway they should exhibit their confidence by undertaking a larger share of interest in it. The reforms suggested by Mr. Caldecott were such that he, as president, could not personally carry out. They rested with the proprietors of the road. He would be glad to receive any charges that could be made, and they would receive the attention of the board of directors. With regard to the shareholders grievances, the owners of the road would also have to consider. Respecting a reduction of rates, he did not think the present a favorable time for such a reform in view of the state of the company's finances. The rates were, perhaps, higher than they might be, but could not well be helped until an adjustment with the United States, but not in this country, but on the other side. Sir Charles was surprised at the charge that the rolling stock was not in good condition. He had a friend Mr. Price had been with him with the state of the road.

In the afternoon Sir Charles and party inspected the new Union station and various works of the company.

On Monday morning the party will leave for an inspection of the Ontario and Northern divisions, returning probably on Tuesday afternoon. They will then leave as soon as possible for Chicago via the tunnel route, stopping to inspect the tunnel arrangements on their return to Canada from Chicago they will visit the London shops, then Hamliton and by that route to the Suspension bridge, where they will go to New York, where they will attend the traffic conference on Sept. 20.

AIMED AT THE C. P. R.

BIG SCHEME ON FOOT BY AMERICANS.

THE ROADS BUSINESS.

New York, Sept. 1.—The 'World' says: The biggest kind of a railway combination has just been perfected [illegible] from the Canadian Pacific Railway to the Canadian Pacific Steamship Company and its connections the round the world business which is now controlled by the latter. The scheme to get control of the traffic, it is said, is evolved by Sir Huntington, president of the Canadian Pacific Railway. It is nothing less than a combination of all the trans-Pacific lines in the United States with the principal transatlantic passenger steamship lines, the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company and the Pacific Mail Steamship Company to handle the round the world business in joint opposition against the Canadian Pacific Railway and Steamship Company.

THE DAILY WITNESS is printed and published at the 'Witness' Building, at the corner of Craig and St. Peter streets, in the city of Montreal, by John Redpath Dougall, of Montreal.

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