Victoria Institute
Trafalgar Square
London S.W. ENG

T[illegible]

DAILY WITNESS

Fair and Warmer.

V[illegible] 254 MONTREAL, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1904. PRICE ONE CENT.

A[illegible]TRATION.

The Hague has been Chosen to Settle the Russo-British Dispute.

THE VESSELS OF THE BALTIC SQUADRON CONCERNED IN THE OUTRAGE WILL REMAIN AT VIGO.

London, Oct. 28.—4.07 p.m.—The Associated Press is authorized to state that a satisfactory settlement of the Anglo-Russian dispute has been reached. Several details and formalities remain to be arranged, but the proposal to refer the matter to a court of inquiry has been accepted in principle.

The entire dispute was ended when Count Benckendorff saw Lord Lansdowne after the Cabinet meeting. A final inquiry will be held at The Hague under the rules of The Hague Convention. The appointment of the arbitrators will be discussed to-morrow between Count Benedendorff and Lord Lansdowne.

The only detail which remains to be arranged is the permission of Spain for the portion of the Russian squadron concerned in the North Sea incident to remain at Vigo until the inquiry is completed. This, it is thought, will be obtained. The remainder of the Russian squadron is expected to proceed to its destination.

IN LONDON.

MEETING OF BENCKENDORFF AND LANSDOWNE—THE CABINET ASSEMBLES.

London, Oct. 28.—Count Benckendorff paid another visit this morning to Lord Lansdowne at the latter's private residence before half-past ten o'clock. The ambassador conveyed to the minister further despatches from the Russian Government. The earliness of the call is accounted for by the necessity of placing the Foreign Minister in possession of the latest views of the government at St. Petersburg regarding the North Sea incident, so that Lord Lansdowne would be in a position to communicate to his colleagues at the cabinet meeting to-day the fullest details regarding the negotiations up to date. The ambassador's stay did not last more than half an hour. M. Cambon, the French ambassador, was again present and remained at Lord Lansdowne's a few minutes after the departure of Count Benckendorff. There are evidences of increasing belief among well-informed persons that the dispute between Russia and Great Britain will not lead to serious complications and that an amicable settlement will be reached. Russia, so far as is known, is showing every disposition to meet the British views, and it is conceded that the delay in replying to the British demands is readily explainable on the ground that the Russian Government naturally desires to be placed in possession from its own sources of all details connected with the occurrence.

Subsequently Mr. Balfour and Lord Lansdowne had a somewhat prolonged conference. They then proceeded to the meeting of the cabinet, which was attended by the whole ministry.

THE QUESTION OF ARBITRATION.

The cabinet to-day considered the Russian proposition to submit the question of individual responsibility to a commission. The details of the constitution of the commission have not been quite determined upon, but Russia has expressed her willingness to detach the commander of the second Pacific squadron and other individual officers who may be found to be directly concerned in the firing for the examination by the commission. By agreeing to abide by the verdict of this commission Russia would undertake to carry out sentences which it may impose, and thereby it is believed the separate guarantee of punishment, which is so distasteful to Russia, may be ob-

[illegible] Benckendorff, after seeing Lord Lansdowne this morning, was very hopeful of a satisfactory issue. He will see Lord Lansdowne again to-day, and is expecting further instructions from St. Petersburg anent the final details. If the cabinet declines to agree to the position in principle, to which Lord Lansdowne has thus far raised no insurmountable objection, a settlement is expected to-night or to-morrow.

Subsequently to their meeting at the Foreign Office House Count Benckendorff and Lord Lansdowne had a conference at the Russian embassy and later the statement issued by the Russian embassy says: "We are in constant communication with the British Government, that as a result of these communications the embassy hopes that there would be a speedy and satisfactory settlement and that the situation of the situation has decidedly improved.

[illegible]RS LEAVE THE CABINET MEETING JOVIALLY.

London, Oct. 28.—The cabinet meeting which ended shortly before two o'clock, the laughing and chatting and behaving in the happiest frame of mind, confirming the belief that in a fair way to be dissipated. The widespread interest in to-day's meeting was evidenced by the crowds assembling this morning on Downing street. These gathered so became so thick that the police were obliged to disperse them into the adjoining Whitehall district. Mr. Balfour was early at work attending to his correspondence and receiving visitors, among whom was Lord Rothschild.

ON OATH.

CAPTAIN OF SWEDISH VESSEL REITERATES THAT HE WAS FIRED ON.

Gefle, Sweden, Oct. 28.—The captain and crew of the Swedish steamer 'Aldebaren,' from Hull (previously reported to have been fired on in the Skagerack by a foreign cruiser, apparently Russian) have been examined on oath by a magistrate at the instance of the government. All affirmed their conviction that the cruiser fired shot and not merely blank charges. The captain deposed that shells were seen to burst in the air near his steamer. The guns used are supposed to have been quick-firers. The ships were a half mile apart at the time of the attack. The witnesses said they were convinced that the warship from which the shots were fired saw distinctly the Swedish flag on the 'Aldebaran.'

GREAT BRITAIN IS SAID TO HAVE AGREED TO ARBITRATION.

Paris, Oct. 28.—Great Britain has offered to submit the Russian-British complications to an international commission, and there is every reason to believe that Russia will accept this arrangement.

IN CONSTANT COMMUNICATION.

London, Oct. 28, 1.07 p.m.—A statement has just been issued by the Russian embassy as follows: 'We are in constant communication with the British Government. As a result of these communications the embassy hopes that there will be a speedy and satisfactory settlement. The whole aspect of the situation has decidedly improved.'

FLEET MOVEMENTS.

THE HOME SQUADRON EXPECTED AT PORTLAND TO-MORROW.

London, Oct. 28.—The first division of the home fleet left the Firth of Forth this morning and is expected to arrive at the Isle of Portland to-morrow.

THE CHANNEL SQUADRON.

Gibraltar, Oct. 28.—The British cruisers 'Lancaster,' 'Suffolk,' 'Hermes,' 'Doris,' 'Endymion' and 'Theseus' sailed to the westward this morning. The 'Hermes' is bound for Vigo.

COMMERCE DESTROYERS RENAMED.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 28.—By order of Emperor Nicholas, the cruisers 'Smolensk' and 'St. Petersburg' have been commissioned as cruisers in the active fleet and re-christened the 'Rion' and 'Dnieper.'

THE TWO NAVIES CANNOT CLASH

London, Oct. 28, 1.34 p.m.—Orders have been issued and acknowledged by Vice-Admiral Rojestvensky that the Russian squadron remain at Vigo until the conclusion of the present Russo-British negotiations. This eliminates what was regarded here as one of the most dangerous features of the situation, namely, the possibility of a premature clash between the British and Russian squadrons.

STILL PREPARING.

London, Oct. 28.—Admiralty orders have reached Portsmouth to stop the leave of all officers and men, and directing that the torpedo boat destroyer flotilla be kept in readiness to proceed wherever ordered.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

NO SYMPATHY COULD BE EXPECTED FROM THE COLONIES BUT IN A RIGHTEOUS CAUSE.

London, Oct. 28.—The Hon. Alfred Lyttelton, Secretary of State for the Colonies, speaking at the mayoralty banquet at Warwick, in referring to the Russian outrage, said that he believed the colonies would be slow to show any sympathy with the Mother Country if the Mother Country were engaged in any enterprise of lawlessness or aggression, but when the Mother Country was actuated by none but the tinest of motives, then upon every such occasion we may count upon the sympathy and help of the colonies, and that when tendered, it gives witness to the whole world not merely of the mightiness of our resources, but the righteousness of our cause.

PORT ARTHUR

DESPERATE JAPANESE ATTACKS REPORTED.

Tokio, Oct. 28.—4.30 p.m.—It is reported that the Japanese made a desperate attack on the eastern forts of the Keekwan group, north of Port Arthur, during the morning of Oct. 26, and silenced the Russian batteries. A shell exploded the Russian magazines.

Simultaneously the Japanese attacked the forts on Rihlung mountain and Sung ho howian mountain, silenced the Russian batteries and stormed and occupied the fortifications in front of these mountains.

On the night of Oct. 26 there was a conflagration in old Port Arthur, and on Oct. 27 a shell hit the Russian battleship 'Sevastopol,' and two Russian steamers were sunk.

Official confirmation of the above is lacking, but the reports are believed to be true.

A GREAT SIEGE GUN ARRIVES.

Che foo, Oct. 28.—5 p.m.—Japanese at Dalny report the arrival of a huge siege gun.

A junk from Port Arthur, with eleven Chinese, who left there on Oct. 19, on account of the costliness of food, arrived here to-day. They say that several of the Russian warships have been hit by dropping shells, but none have been sunk. They estimate the able-bodied soldiers there now at ten thousand, saying a smaller force would be insufficient to garrison the various positions.

Scarcely a night passes without small engagements over minor positions, and artillery fire is exchanged daily.

Last winter's uniforms are being worn by the soldiers, who are now mostly supplied with Chinese shoes.

IN GERMANY.

THE FIRING ON THE 'SONNTAG' WILL BE IGNORED.

Berlin, Oct. 28, 1.40 p.m.—The German government is not disposed to take up the case of the German fishing vessel 'Sonntag,' which was fired on on Oct. 21, off Horn's Reef, by Russian warships, unless the owner asks for an indemnity. The Foreign Office although without confirmation of the report does not consider it improbable that the vessel was fired on. Yet, as no damage was done and no complaint has been lodged by her commander, Germany will avoid becoming involved in the Russo-British controversy. Persons having close relations with the Foreign Office still believe that it will be amicably settled. They regard the assemblage of the British fleet as designed for use only at the last extremity. It is believed Great Britain will give Russia time to find a way out of the present situation in a manner satisfactory to Great Britain.

A SENSATIONAL LETTER.

THE GARRISON IS REDUCED BY DISEASE, AND TERRIBLE CONDITIONS PREVAIL.

Shanghai, Oct. 28.—A private letter from Port Arthur dated Oct. 21 received here to-day, says:—General Stoessel wired the Russian Emperor and court recently: 'I now bid you all good-bye forever. Port Arthur is my grave.'

'General Stoessel has instilled the garrison of the beleaguered fortress with the spirit that to court a glorious death is preferable to capitulation.

'The Japanese shells are inflicting great damage to the Russian fleet in the harbor and to the fortifications. The arsenal with its contents of ammunition and small arms has been destroyed and preparations are being made for the last deadly struggle at close quarters. The water supply having been cut off, wells are being sunk. Provisions are scarce. Only tinned meats being left, the soldiers hold gala feasts on horses killed by the shells.

'General Simonoff, it is said, would surrender, but is overruled by General Stoessel. Certain troops included in the garrison have to be closely watched at present for fear of desertion or treachery.

'The field and navy hospitals are crowded and hygienic conditions are becoming desperate. The bombardment at times is so incessant that it is impossible to bury the dead to any depth. Over half of the original garrison is dead, wounded, or sick. The high angle at which their artillery fire is directed by the Japanese has practically destroyed the new town.

A FRUSTRATED PLAN.

When the fleet attempted to break through the blockade some time ago the garrison was to have made a desperate sortie and inflict as much damage as possible, and, if necessary, capitulate. The failure of the fleet to escape frustrated the plan.

'The besiegers are pressing closer daily and it is hard to say how long we can hold out. When the end comes there will be a desperate fight and surprise. Thousands of the enemy will perish as everything is mined.'

This letter was entrusted to a native boatman, who ran the blockade and mailed it at Che foo.

The recipient is a prominent continental business man of this city, with a branch house at Port Arthur.

ALEXEIEFF LEAVES.

ISSUES A FAREWELL ORDER OF THANKS.

Harbin, Oct. 28.—Viceroy Alexeieff today issued his farewell order of the day. It is as follows: 'In execution of His Majesty's order, I am leaving for St. Petersburg. I thank all the officers of the Pacific fleet most heartily for their self-sacrificing work at sea during the last ten months, which, in the matter of destroying the enemy's mines, has been attended with grave danger. I consider it my duty to thank particularly the seamen of Port Arthur, who, while showing great fighting powers, have worked harmoniously and zealously in conjunction with the gallant soldiers in the fortress, and with their guns, their valor and their knowledge have helped in the heroic defence of the fortress against the advance of a self-willed, stubborn enemy.'

JAPANESE RESERVES CALLED FROM THE UNITED STATES.

Missoula, Mont., Oct. 28.—Japanese section hands on the Northern Pacific Railway have received word for all members of the first reserve of the Japanese army to return at once to Japan for military purposes.

THE FAR EAST.

RUMORS OF GREAT JAPANESE CAPTURES.

Mukden, Oct. 27.—News has just been received here that the Japanese assumed the offensive on the east front, and made a slight advance.

It is rumored that the Japanese have taken all the Russian positions at Erdagou, between Huansian and Findiapu, on the road from Mukden to Ben tsia pu ize, but the report has not been confirmed, and looks improbable.

RECONNAISSANCE IN FORCE.

There was a reconnaissance in force last night by the Russian western flank, and desultory firing continued till two o'clock a.m. The Japanese were discovered to be hurriedly fortifying along the whole line, but this does not, of course, preclude the possibility of an attack by them. It is the general opinion here that serious events will not develop for some days.

MOVEMENT TO THE WEST.

The artillery firing on the Russian left, which began yesterday, and lasted during the night, has spread south.

The weather has again cleared up and is much better for active operations.

Suspicious movements of the Japanese have been observed west of the railway. The Chinese say positively that the Japanese are preparing to turn the Russian right or break through a vulnerable point of the lines.

REINFORCEMENTS AWAITED.

Berlin, Oct. 27.—The correspondent of the 'Tageblatt' at Mukden says that the Russian and Japanese armies are only one thousand yards apart. Neither will advance and neither will retire. The position is unparalleled in military annals. He thinks that only when the Russians receive great reinforcements will the situation alter.

REDUCES STAFF.

AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVE COMPANY MAKES ANOTHER CUT IN EMPLOYEES.

Schenectady, N.Y., Oct. 28.—Over a hundred office employees of the American Locomotive Company have been notified that their services are no longer required. With this cut down, only about two hundred men of the five thousand in the local plant of the concern four months ago, remain at work. It is said that the reduction of the force is temporary.

BOSTON MASTER BUILDERS.

LABOR LEADERS ALARMED OVER LATEST MOVE.

Boston, Oct. 28.—What labor leaders believe is the first step toward the establishment of the so-called 'open shop' in this city was taken last night, when all workmen employed by the members of the Master Builders' Association were given, upon leaving their work, a registration card, which they were directed to fill out and sign. These cards contained spaces for the workman's name, age, place of apprenticeship, length of service and name of last employer. There is also appended a declaration that the signer will not allow any affiliation he may have to work to the injury of any member of the Master Builders' Association.

SECOND HAGUE CONFERENCE

VATICAN AGAIN SEEKING REPRESENTATION.

Rome, Oct. 28.—The Vatican is sounding different powers on the subject of the admission of its representative at the proposed second Hague Conference on the same ground as the suggested admission of the South American republics which were not represented at the first conference. The Vatican emphasizes the fact that it was excluded from the first conference chiefly because of the opposition of the Italian Government, supported by Great Britain, which asked in exchange Italy's support for the exclusion of representatives of the Boer republic.

THE INDIAN FORCES.

LORD KITCHENER'S PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION TO GO INTO EFFECT SHORTLY.

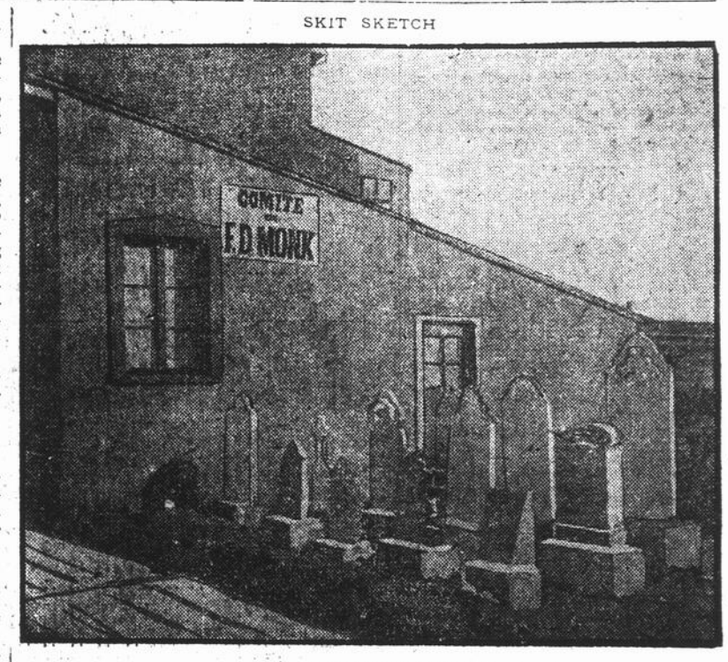
Simla, Oct. 28.—An army order is on the point of being issued giving effect to Lord Kitchener's scheme of distribution of the Indian forces. This plan will enable a better training for war conditions and the result will be a greater concentration in the north and north-west provinces. Central and southern India will be by no means denuded of troops, but the post of lieutenant-general of the Madras army will be abolished.

COLLIDED IN A FOG.

PACIFIC COAST STEAMER SUNK BY THE TUG 'SEA LION.'

Seattle, Wash., Oct. 28.—The steamer 'Mainlander,' of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company fleet, lies at the bottom of Puget Sound four miles north of Seattle, as the result of a collision with the powerful tug 'Sea Lion.' No lives were lost, despite the fact that the 'Mainlander' had sixteen passengers and a crew of thirty. The tug was but little injured and took the passengers and crew off the sinking steamer. Within twenty minutes after the collision the 'Mainlander' went to the bottom. A dense fog prevailed. The 'Mainlander' was valued at a hundred thousand dollars and was heavily insured.

SKIT SKETCH



A MELANCHOLY COMMITTEE.
(From a photograph, taken at Lachine, by R. W. Stevens, Westmount.)

UNITED WORKMEN.

THIRTY-SIXTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE FOUNDING OF THE ORDER CELEBRATED LAST EVENING.

A concert and mass meeting was held in the Windsor Hall last night in commemoration of the founding of the A. O. U. W., yesterday being its thirty-sixth anniversary. The president was Mr. J. J. Ulley, grand master workman, and among those present were Mr. Thomas Brady, grand foreman; Mr. A. T. Patterson, grand recorder; Mr. W. C. Starke, grand outside watchman; Mr. Thomas Ligget, past supreme trustee; Mr. T. A. Lynch, and Mr. James Ramsay, members of the executive committee.

The Rev. T. G. Tate, Nebraska, past supreme master workman, delivered an address on the origin, growth and benefits of the order. He declared, with reference to the attack of the Russian fleet on North Sea fishermen, that if the incident ended in a conflict the United States would stand at Britain's back.

The programme was a very good one. It opened with a piano solo by Mrs. Eunice Latimer, A.R.C.O., England, which was much enjoyed. Messrs. Venables and Duquette sang a duet, 'The moon has raised her lamp above,' and Miss Enid Martin gave great pleasure by the song 'Call me back.' Miss Bertha Ferguson sang alone and in a quartette along with Mrs. Perriton, Mr. Venables, and Mr. Duquette, and their performance elicited much applause. Mrs. Perriton, Mr. Joseph Venables and Mr. Duquette also contributed solos. Prof. Cornish was accompanist.

A FOOL AND HIS GUN.

THIRTEEN-YEAR-OLD BOY ACCIDENTALLY KILLS HIS SISTER.

Preston, Ont., Oct. 28.—On Tuesday evening Mary Sachs, aged 18, of Doon, was killed. The story, told by the girl's mother, to Coroner Mulloy, of Preston, who called to investigate the death, was that the girl fell on a wire mat and that a piece of wire had run into her eye, piercing the brain. The coroner declared an inquest to be unnecessary, but afterwards received information to the effect that the girl had been shot. An inquest was ordered and a jury empanelled, with Mr. Homer Watson as foreman. Doctors Scott, Hogg and Ruppert, of Preston, performed a post-mortem yesterday, the results of which substantiate the shooting story.

It appears that the girl's young brother, aged thirteen, was practising with a 22-calibre rifle at a target on a door of the house, and his sister, in passing, was struck by the bullet, which caused almost instant death.

STRUCK BY A CAR.

Mrs. Mary Chartrand, 413 Boulevard St. Joseph, was struck by an electric car in the town of St. Louis, on Wednesday afternoon, and sustained a severe scalp wound. She was taken to the Royal Victoria Hospital for treatment.

FAIR AND WARMER.

The sweet, calm sunshine of October now
Warms the low spot: upon its grassy mould
The purple oak-leaf falls; the birchen bough
Drops its bright spoil from arrow heads of gold.

Meterological Office, Toronto, Oct. 28, 11 a.m.—The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures:— Victoria, 50—40; Calgary, 64—28; Edmonton, 66—28; Medicine Hat, 64—26; Qu'Appelle, 62—40; Winnipeg, 56—32; Port Arthur, 38—24; Parry Sound, 42—30; Toronto, 40—34; Ottawa, 36—26; Montreal, 38—24; Quebec, 34—24; St. John, 42—28; Halifax, 48—26.

South-west winds, cloudy, with a slight rise in temperature. Saturday, fair and a little warmer.

1628 Notre Dame street Montreal, Oct. 28, 1904.—Readings by the Optical & Engineer's Supply Company's Standard Barometer at noon

Temperature.	Max.	Min.
Yesterday, 30.04; 11 a.m.	to-day, 30.29.	
To-day	39	25
Yesterday	38	32

SKIT SKETCHES.

All sketches sent in by our readers will be carefully considered, and, if accepted for reproduction, will be paid for at the usual rates.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

The Hague has been chosen as the place where the difficulty between Britain and Russia will be arbitrated.

It now turns out that Britain did not demand the punishment of the Russian officers responsible for the North Sea outrage, but only asked for an investigation.

The Royal Garrison Artillery, stationed at Halifax, has received orders to proceed to Esquimalt, B.C.

Vice-Admiral Rojestvensky has received orders to detain at Vigo all the warships which took part in the North Sea incident until the conclusion of the present Russo-British negotiations.

Admiralty orders have reached Portsmouth to stop leave of all officers and men and directing that the torpedo boat destroyer flotilla be kept in readiness to proceed wherever ordered.

The 'Sonnetag,' a German vessel, reports having been fired on for two hours and a half while off the west coast of Jutland.

A private letter from Port Arthur, dated Oct. 21, received in Shanghai to-day, says:—'General Stoessel wired the Russian Emperor and court recently, "I now bid you good-bye forever; Port Arthur is my grave.."'

The same private letter says:—'Japanese shells are inflicting great damage to the fleet and fortifications of Port Arthur. The arsenal and its contents of ammunition have been destroyed and preparations are being made for a deadly struggle at close quarters. Only well water is obtainable and the soldiers are eating the horses killed by the shells. Hospitals are crowded and hygienic conditions are becoming desperate.'

The steamer 'Mainlander,' of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company, has been sunk in Puget Sound during a fog, in collision with the powerful tug 'Sea Lion.' No lives were lost.

With a Vandyke beard and a pack of druggists' prescription blanks as capital, a clever forger has been cashing bad cheques in Minneapolis at the rate of $50 a day.

A fire in the Brooklyn docks early this morning, believed to be of incendiary origin, resulted in the loss of one life and $1,000,000 worth of property.

The management of one of the city theatres has petitioned the building inspector asking that permission be granted to allow smoking in the house.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier addressed large meetings at St. Henri and in St. Mary's division last night.

The by-law to extend the Montreal Street Railway franchise has been defeated in Maisonneuve.

The city attorneys declare the city has no power to pass an early closing by-law.

Because she refused to marry a Chinaman the parents of Lizzie Bartholdi (who is under sixteen), swore out a warrant against her on the charge of living without visible means of support.

THE STEAMER 'SLOCUM.'

New York, Oct. 28.—A receiver has been appointed for the Knickerbocker Steamboat Company, the owners of the steamer 'General Slocum,' which was burned last summer with a loss of nearly a thousand lives, in a suit on an assigned claim for $166. Mr. Henry L. Joyce was named as receiver by Mr. Justice Amend, in the Supreme Court. Several officers of the company remain under indictment in connection with the 'General Slocum' disaster.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Birth notices are inserted for 25c, marriage notices for 50c, death notices for 25c prepaid. The announcement of funeral appended to death notice, 25c extra; other extensions to obituary, such as short sketch of life, two cents per word extra, except poetry, which is 50 cents per line extra—prepaid.

Annual subscribers may have announcements of births, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verses) occurring in their immediate families free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should be given.

BIRTHS.

DENISON.—At Denison's Mills, on Oct. 26, 1904, to Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Denison, a daughter.

MARRIED.

BLACKMAN—BRYCE.— On Oct. 26, 1904, at Broadway Methodist Tabernacle, Toronto, by the Rev. E. N. Baker, Albert E. J. Blackman to Alice Maud, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Brpce, Toronto.

DIXON — PUBLOW — At the residence of the bride's parents, on Oct. 25, 1904, by the Rev. W. Timberlake, Christena Emelins, daughter of Mr. Francis Publow, of Perth, Ont., to Joseph Henry Dixon, of Lucan, Ont.

EWART—CROSS.—At Christ Church, Sansalito, Calif., on Oct. 18, 1904, by the Rev. Mr. Maxwell, Richard Ewart, of the O. & O. S. S. Co. and Pacific Mail Co., San Francisco, to Carolyn, youngest daughter of the late Michael Cross, Esq., Amber, Ontario.

GILLELAND—DUNN.— At St. George's Church, St. Catharines, Ont., on Oct. 26, 1904, by the Rev. Rural Dean Ker, Miss Mary J. Dunn, daughter of Lieut.-Col. Dunn, to Mr. W. A. Gilleland.

GALLAHER—JOHNSTON. — On Wednesday, Oct. 25, 1904, in the Presbyterian Church, at South Gloucester, Ont., by the Rev. James H. Ironside, of North Gower, Lucinda Elizabeth Johnston, daughter of Kennedy Johnston, Esq., of Johnston's Corners, to Thomas Gelaspie Gallaher, of Ottawa.

IRONSIDE—ORR.— In the College Street Baptist Church, Toronto, on Oct. 24, 1904, by the Rev. A. T. Sowerby, Ph.D., LL.D., Miss Thirza Ann Orr, of Toronto, to Mr. William Nelson Ironside, of Nelson, British Columbia.

KERR—SUTTON.— On Oct. 19, 1904, at St. James's Episcopal Church, Chicago, by the Rev. Henry A. Dexter, Albert E. Kerr, of Chicago, to Frances L., second daughter of Thos. E. P. Sutton, of Toronto.

MUNRO—AIRD.— On Wednesday, Oct. 19, 1904, by the Rev. H. D. Leitch, St. Elmo, Geo. A. Munro, D.D.S., St. Elmo, to Katherine Aird, daughter of Alex. A. Aird, Sandringham.

REYNOLDS—ORTON. — At St. George's Church, Ottawa, on Oct. 26, 1904, by the Rev. J. M. Snowdon, Herbert A. Reynolds, to Nellie, eldest daughter of William Orton, both of Ottawa.

VALLEY—PORTER.— At the residence of the bride's mother, on Oct. 20, 1904, by the Rev. P. Ed. St. Germain, the bride's uncle, Leonard A. Valley to Annie Elizabeth (Libbie) Porter, both of the township of Longueuil, County of Prescott, Ont.

WICKWARE—PATTERSON.— On Wednesday, Oct. 19, 1904, at the residence of the bride's mother, 24 Robinson street, Toronto, by the Rev. E. N. Baker, pastor of Broadway Tabernacle, Mabel Jeanette, fifth daughter of Mrs. Bertha Patterson, to Dr. Ernest Hamilton Wickware, of Smith's Falls, Ont.

DIED.

BAND.—Entered into rest at St. John's Hospital, Toronto, on the morning of Oct. 25, 1904, Annie Graves, dearly beloved wife of William Penruddocke Band, Esq., and eldest daughter of Kivas Tully, Esq., I.S.O., Toronto.

CRUICKSHANK.— At San Marcial, New Mexico, on Sunday, Oct. 16, 1904, Dr. C. G. Cruickshank, youngest son of the late Robert C. Cruickshank, Maple Hill, Megantic Co., Que., aged 51 years and 3 days.

DUNCAN.—In this city, on Oct. 28, 1904, David Duncan, late of Arbroath, Scotland, and dearly beloved husband of the late Christina C. Graham.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Monday, Oct. 31, at 2.30 p.m., from his late residence, 147 Ash avenue, Point St. Charles, to the place of interment, Mount Royal Cemetery.

Arbroath and Dundee papers please copy.

HEAD.—At his late residence, 679a Wellington street, on Oct. 28, 1904, John J. Head, aged 50 years, son of the late William Head.

Funeral notice later.

KYLE.—Entered into rest on Oct. 26, 1904, at Cambria, Que., Robert Kyle, aged 52 years.

Funeral on Saturday, Oct. 29, at 1 p.m. 'Safe in the arms of Jesus.'

ROBINSON.—Mrs. Ellen Robinson, beloved wife of Andrew Robinson, and mother of William, James, John, Andrew and Miss Nellie Robinson, Mrs. Henry Schafer and Mrs. W. O. Miller, of Kalispell, Mont., at the family residence, 576 Congress st. east, Detroit, Michigan.

Those sending notices for the above column may send with them a list of names of interested friends together with a one-cent stamp for each address, and marked copies of the 'Witness' containing the notice, will be promptly mailed. For addresses in foreign countries three cents will be required.

Notices received too late for this page may possibly be in time for page 8.

Advertisements.

ROLL TOP, FLAT and STANDING DESKS.

TEES & CO., 300 ST. JAMES ST.

BEFORE YOU FORGET

Have those draughty spots around Doors and Windows protected with

Felt Weather Strips.

Don't wait for the cold—do it now!

D. DRYSDALE (Hardware) 645 CRAIG STREET.

CENTS FOR SALE AT THE 'WITNESS' OFFICE.

THE S. CARSLEY CO. LIMITED.

SPECIAL PRICES GOOD AT CARSLEY'S

FROM 8 A.M. UNTIL 6 P.M.

All specially priced goods advertised and those bargains not advertised are on sale from 8 o'clock in the morning until 6 o'clock in the evening (provided they are not sold out before).

Yesterday thousands of people took special advantage of the bargains not advertised. Here is a

PARTIAL LIST OF BARGAINS SOLD YESTERDAY AND NOT ADVERTISED.

Black Melton Serge..14c	Dress Linings ..5c yd.	Japanese Silk, Colored ..22c
Floor Oilcloth ..21c	Children's Dresses, each ..$1.05	Roller Towelling, Linen ..4½c
Nickel Crum Tray and Brush ..9c	Twill Sheeting, 72 in. 14c	Ladies' Cashmere Hose ..18c
Flannelette Night Gowns ..28c	Stamped Linens ..15c	
	Linen Centre Pieces..10c	

SATURDAY'S SPECIALS IN LADIES' NEW WINTER COATS.

For Saturday shoppers we are offering the most exceptional values in the very latest arrivals of Ladies' Winter Coats. We are confident that it is absolutely impossible to match these values, and show such an excellent variety. Besides, our Coats are imported direct from France and Germany, who are the best lady tailors in the world, and are most satisfactory in style, material and fit. Here are two price hints:

Ladies' Short, Tight-fitting Coat, of good quality Black Beaver Cloth, made yoke effect, deep over shoulders, trimmed wide and narrow braid, newest sleeve, flat collar, fly front, mercerized lining, a very smart, up-to-date Coat. Special .. $5.75

Ladies' Short Tweed Coats, mixed blue and grey, full sleeve, deep epaulettes, with tabs, high stock collar, fancy braid trimming, gun metal buttons, mercerized lining. Special .. $8.25

THREE SPECIALS IN FINE BOOTS. GOOD ALL DAY SATURDAY.

LADIES' BOX CALF or Dongola Kid Laced Boots, patent tips, good heavy soles, military heels, sizes 2½ to 7. Regular, $2.25. Special, $1.79

BOYS' BUFF LEATHER LACED BOOTS, good heavy soles, specially made for winter wear. Regular, $1.25. Sizes 10 to 13. Special, 95c

MEN'S BOX CALF LACED BOOTS, good heavy soles, latest last, neat, serviceable, sizes 6 to 10½. Regular, $3.00. Special .. $2.49

75c to $2.00 READY-TO-WEAR HATS, Your Choice for 59c

Another Manufacturers' Samples bought at a bargain price. They go forward to-morrow. In this magnificent lot of Hats there are no two alike; some are plain felt, others camel's hair felt; the maker sold these hats to the trade at from 75c to $2.00 each. Come early and get first choice of them on Saturday at .. 59c

GROCERIES, etc., FOR HALLOWE'EN.

	Reg.	Sat.		Reg.	Sat.
Finest Malaga Grapes ..	25c	20c	Granulated Sugar, 21 lbs. for ..		$1.00
Imported pickles, 16 oz bottle ..	25c	20c	Finest Table Raisins ..	25c	15c
Van Camp's Red Kidney Beans ..	20c	15c	Mixed Nuts, 3 kinds ..	15c	12½c
Pate de foie, 1 lb. tins ..	20c	15c	Corn for popping ..	12½c	10c
Demarara Sugar ..	10c	6c	Fresh New Figs ..	15c	12½c
Van Camp's Corn, in hominy ..	25c	17c	Finest English Mince Meat,	15c	12½c
Chestnuts ..	20c	15c	Finest Red Salmon, Porcelain Dishes ..	35c	25c

THE S. CARSLEY CO. LIMITED.

1765 to 1783 Notre Dame St., 184 to 194 St. James St. MONTREAL.

All Kinds of ELECTRICAL WORK at the CRESCENT ELECTRIC CO. at moderate figures.

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BEING CONSTANTLY ADDED TO.

Our Up-to-Date Line of

ANDIRONS

All Styles, Finishes and Prices.

The G. R. LOCKER CO., 1753 Notre Dame Street.

CENTS FOR SALE, Witness Office.

HORSE SHOW PROSPECTS.

New York, Oct. 27.—The increased interest in the annual National Horse Show in the Madison Square Garden, which has been particularly noticeable in the last few years, is due principally to the many open-air exhibitions of a similar nature held in this vicinity during the summer months, as the leaders in the various classes who have met in competition with varying results during the season look to the national exhibition for a final decision as to their relative merits, as well as an opportunity to meet the local champions from other parts of the country. Among the well-known exhibitors who have won blue ribbons during the last season are Mrs. Edward R. Ladew, of Glen Cove, whose victories in the harness classes have been numerous; Harvey S. Ladew, of Glen Cove, who has captured numerous prizes in the runabout classes; Herbert L. Pratt, of Brooklyn, whose four-in-hand team has been a consistent winner, and Mortimer L. Schiff. Among the leaders in the women's saddle classes were Miss Mollie Maxwell, of Cedarhurst, and Miss Gertrude Sheldon, of Glen Cove, all of whom are expected to be prominent exhibitors at the coming show in the Madison Square Garden. For this year's exhibition of the National Horse Show Association of America, which is the twentieth annual show, the number of classes has been increased to 134 and the prize list amounts to over $35,000. Among the changes is the division of the women's saddle horses into two classes, one for entries not exceeding fifteen hands, one inch, and the other for those over that limit. The date selected is the week beginning on Nov. 14.

The Daily Witness.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON, OCT. 28.

WITH THE HARRIERS.

Mr. Fred Kearns Elected Captain of the Grand Trunk Club.

OTTAWA COLLEGE AND MONTREAL PLAY TO-MORROW AFTERNOON.

A meeting of the Grand Trunk Harrier Club was held last night at their clubroom for the purpose of electing a captain and other business. Mr. Fred. Kearns, so well known to harriers, was elected to the position, with Mr. Charles Mason as assistant captain. The conditions on which the road race are to be held on Saturday, Nov. 12, open to all harrier clubs, are as follows:

Race to start from the Grand Trunk Boating Club at 3 p.m. sharp. Course to be two and a half miles out the Lower Lachine Road and return. Each team to consist of six men, and the entry fee shall be $1.50 per team. Entries will be received up till noon on Thursday, Nov. 10.

As the Grand Trunk boys are doing their utmost to bring this sport to the front, they are looking forward to a large turnout on this occasion, as this is the first road race to be held under the auspices of this club.

FOOTBALL

The Montreal football team wound up the preliminaries for to-morrow's contest with Ottawa College with a stiff practice last night on the M.A.A.A. grounds. Montreal's work is now ended, and there will be a day of rest intervening before the match. All has been done that could be done to place the team in the best state of efficiency, and the team will go out to-morrow afternoon and just struggle. It will be the best team that will have represented the red and black for many seasons, and if it proves unequal to the task of defeating Ottawa College and winning the championship of the Quebec Rugby Union, it will have been because the material was not good enough.

Loyola College and Montreal High School had an interesting game yesterday, which was won by the former team, the score being 6—0. There was a large turnout of masters and students of both institutions. Loyola played an excellent game. Mention should be made of the play of John Hackett, Cochrane, Kennedy, Power and Baxter.

Saturday's game at the 'Varsity Field between Queen's and 'Varsity means much in the race for the intercollegiate championship. 'Varsity can again win the cup by winning her next three matches, while a victory for Queen's will place them even with McGill. Captain 'Casey' Baldwin will be in the game for 'Varsity, and his presence will make a vast difference. He catches and kicks well, and has no equal as a line bucker. He always uses his head, and directs his men with rare judgment. McPherson, Kennedy and McKay are candidates for the other positions, and with Laing at full back, 'Varsity should be very strong behind the line. The game at Peterborough on Saturday did much to get the men in condition, and if 'Varsity loses it will not be due to lack of training.

The Limestones have agreed on the Rev. H. Bedford Jones as referee in Saturday's Brockville-Limestone game in Brockville.

The McGill intermediate football team will play the Cadets at Kingston on Saturday. The Cadets were scheduled to play in Toronto on that date, but owing to the three-cornered tie between 'Varsity II., Trinity and McMaster, the I.C.R.U. executive have decided to play off the two eastern games, while the Toronto tie is being decided. The Cadets will play the return game with McGill on Nov. 5, and the winners of the series will play off with the Toronto winner, which will have been decided by that time.

BASEBALL.

The National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues yesterday added what will be known as class AA, and the national board of the association was empowered to appear before the national commission in Cincinnati in January in favor of the proposition. Heretofore the association has consisted of classes A, B, C and D leagues. Class A was privileged to draft players from any of the lower classes on payment of an established fee, and the two major leagues, the National and American, were privileged to draft from the association classes. In the past the fees for drafting players from the four classes were $750, $500, $300 and $250. If the national commission approves the action taken yesterday the fees for drafting from class AA, down to class D, will be $1,500, $1,000, $750, $500 and $400 respectively. All the proposed class AA and class A leagues opposed the change, on the ground that they have lost two many players under the four class rule, and the addition would subject them to further drafting. The high fees were adopted as a sort of compromise. If approval is received by the national commission class AA will be composed of the American Association, the Pacific Coast League and the Eastern League, and class A of the Southern and Western Leagues. All were formerly in class A, except the Southern League, which was advanced from class B. The national board yesterday elected George Tiebeua, of Louisville, of the American Association, chairman, and J. I. H. Farrell, of Auburn, N.Y., of the New York State League, secretary. The other members of the board are: Eugene F. Bert, of San Francisco, president of the Pacific Coast League; Howard C. Griffith, of Jersey City, of the Eastern League; T. H. Murnane, of Boston, president of the New England League, and M. H. Kavanaugh, of Little Rock, Ark., president of the Southern League; P. T. Powers, of the Eastern League, as previously announced in the 'Witness,' was re-elected president of the association. The association voted to depart from its rule not to play exhibition games outside of national agreement clubs. Games will be played with semi-professional, professional and amateur clubs when such games do not conflict with the schedule, but not with the clubs which contain black-listed players who are otherwise ineligible to play on national agreement clubs. Though already stringent the rule concerning the employment of 'cantract jumpers' was more tightly drawn in that a player who hereafter jumps a contract will be forever disqualified. It was also decided that any player farmed by an association club to another club must play with the latter through that season, and that he cannot be recalled by the club loaning him. It was voted to meet next year in San Francisco.

YACHTING.

Sir Thomas Lipton entertained the officers and men of the United States flagship 'Olympia' at Crystal Hall, London, on Saturday evening. In toasting the American navy, Sir Thomas expressed the hope that at no distant date he would bring the 'Shamrock IV.' after the cup.

GOLF.

The final club match of the season, Benedicts vs. Bachelors, will be played at Dixie to-morrow afternoon.

Boston, Oct. 28.—To settle that he could play the course of the Wolleston Golf Club in less than 100 by moonlight, R. G. McAndrew, the club professional, made the eighteen holes in 80 strokes last night. An army of candles were spread out on the course where it was thought the ball would drop, but their services were almost unnecessary, because every shot was perfect, and the ball fell on the fair green. About fifty members followed McAndrew around the course. There was a bright moon and no wind.

The Metropolitan Golf Club will play Beaconsfield to-morrow. On the following Saturday there will be an interesting competition between teams selected by Messrs. W. C. Hodgson and A. R. Oughtred, president and vice-president, respectively.

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 28.—Miss Georgiana Bishop, of the Brooklawn Club, Bridgeport, and Miss Pauline Mackey, of the Oakley Club, Boston, are meeting here to-day for first honors in the open golf tournament for women. These two players worked their way to the finals through consistent playing at all times yesterday though the strong wind at times made it difficult for the golfers, especially in their long game, their drives and brassy shots being checked on many occasions. Miss Bishop, the United States champion, met Mrs. T. H. Polhemus, of Englewood, in the semi-finals match, which was one of the most interesting of the tournament thus far. Mrs. Polhemus started off well, and at one time during the outward journey was two up on her opponent. Later in the match she met with hard luck, two of her drives going out of bounds. Miss Bishop's steadier game told in the long run, and she finished the match one up. Miss Pauline Mackey, of the Oakley Club, defeated Mrs. Lefferts, of Englewood, five up and four to play. Yesterday afternoon the golfers had a chance to show their skill in driving, approaching and putting, special prizes being awarded to the winners of each competition. Miss Van Ostrand, of Watertown, N.Y., won the driving contest, with a total of 430 yards on three balls. The approaching and putting contest was won by Mrs. J. H. Judd, of Springfield. This morning the finals were played.

The John Murphy Co., LIMITED.

ST. CATHERINE ST. METCALF ST.

SOME WONDERFUL SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY'S SELLING.

$1.00 for Ladies' $2.00, $3.00 and $4.00 Silk Fascinators in a variety of beautiful evening shades. All samples—no two alike—hence the small price.

THE GLOVE STOCK.

A large and comprehensive collection of Fall and Winter Gloves for Ladies, Misses and Children.

Ladies' 2-clasp English Walking, pique sewn, new fall shades, $1.00, 79c

Ladies' 2-clasp English Walking Gloves—up-to-date, $1.35. Saturday .. $1.10

Better ones at $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00 a pair.

THE MANTLE SECTION. SECOND FLOOR.

Hundreds of New Fall and Winter Garments, all the newest materials and styles, from the world's best makers, including some exclusive designs from our own workrooms. $5.00 TO $50.00 EACH.

Smart Wraps for Evening Wear. Stylish Costumes, Little Prices.

LADIES' VELVET BELTS, THE LATEST.

33c for the 50c ones, 4 inches wide, handsome gilt buckle, colors brown, black and green, navy orange and red.

MR. McCULLOCH INJURED.

Winnipeg, Oct. 28.—John McCulloch, the ex-champion skater and athlete, met with a very serious injury yesterday. He was in the act of starting an automobile, and the crank stuck on the pin after the machinery was in motion. It revolved with great velocity, striking McCulloch in the lower part of the abdomen with such force that he was thrown fully ten feet.

WITH THE CURLERS.

The annual meeting of the Queen City Curling Club was attended by seventy members. The president, Mr. M. C. Ellis, occupied the chair. Mr. Rice, the secretary, announced that the new rink would be ready for use on the first appearance of ice. The officers were elected: President, A. L. Malone; vice-president, J. W. Flavelle; secretary-treasurer, R. B. Rice; assistant secretary, H. A. Haisley. Committee—W. A. Kemp, M. C. Ellis, H. A. Haisley, J. W. Corcoran, representatives to O.C.A., J. W. Corcoran, W. A. Kemp; representative to City Trophy, A. L. Malone and R. B. Rice. Thirty-two skips were nominated. Other nominations will be received until the November meeting, when the election occurs. The reports were most gratifying. Thirty-two friendly matches were played last year, of which 16 were won. There is a strong feeling prevailing among the members in favor of another single rink competition, and a committee, consisting of Messrs. J. C. Scott, J. Wright and J. W. Corcoran, were appointed to confer with the other clubs on the matter.

Stratford, Oct. 29.—The Stratford Curling Club have elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Patron, Mr. A. F. MacLaren; president, Mr. Joseph Orr; vice-president, Mr. A. H. Montieth; secretary-treasurer, Mr. R. J. Stevenson; chaplains, the Rev. M. L. Leitch and Ven. Archdeacon Williams. Management committee—Messrs. J. W. Chowen, James Steele, Col. Moscrip, Ald. C. McIlhargey and Ald. D. M. Ferguson. A proposition which met with favor was that a bonspiel be held this winter. A committee has been appointed to take the matter up and report. The finances of the club are in excellent shape.

Guelph, Ont., Oct. 28.—There was a good turnout of enthusiastic curlers at the annual meeting of the Union Club. Mr. H. H. Cardy, the president, was in the chair. The following officers were elected: Patrons, C. Kloepfer and H. Guthrie; patroneses, Mrs. A. Congalton and Mrs. H. Guthrie; president, George McPherson; vice-president, J. A. Lillie; secretary-treasurer, J. H. Cardy; chaplain, the Rev. Thomas Eakin. Executive committee, A. Robertson, A. Mennie, A. Congalton, W. Spalding, W. Gould, W. Taylor, M. Anderson and F. Johnston. Votes of thanks to the retiring officers for their services for the past year, especially to the secretary, J. A. Lillie, who has filled the office of secretary-treasurer so acceptably for so long a time, was passed.

BOWLING.

At a practice match of the Royal Club players, rolled on their own alley, the following excellent score was made:

Labelle ..	199	207	225	631
Lajoie ..	206	186	197	589
Morin ..	163	184	221	568
Kieffer ..	163	163	179	505
Lebeau ..	169	163	175	507
De Tonnancourt ..	165	172	175	512
Total ..				3,412

The Royals will make application this season to enter the senior league, and hope to be accepted. They are very anxious to prove themselves worthy of membership.

NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.

The regular monthly meeting of the Natural History Society of Montreal will be held on Monday evening next, 31st, at 8.30 p.m. A special communication will be made by Prof. D. P. Penhallow, the subject being, 'Observations upon some recent variations and their bearing upon palæontological evidence.' All friends of the society are invited.

WOMEN'S ART CLUB.

Miss Bengough's lecture on 'Parsifal' before the Women's Art Club on Thursday last was a distinct literary and artistic success. The audience was large, composed of leaders of society. The musical points in the lecture were well brought out on a Chickering & Sons Grand Piano supplied by C. W. Lindsay, Limited, 2366 St. Catherine street.

RAPID TRANSIT.

NEW YORK UNDERGROUND RAILWAY OPENED.

New York, Oct. 27.—New York's great underground railway, the latest step in the movement toward rapid transit for the old city, was formally declared open and ready for business to-day. The last shovelful of earth had been turned, the last rivet set, and the roadbed, rails and cars and mechanism had been inspected and pronounced in perfect condition by experts who had watched the growth of the subway from the beginning to its completion. The ceremonies connected with the opening of the tunnel, which were set to take place in the afternoon, were very simple. A civic celebration was planned to be held in the City Hall where addresses were to be delivered by Mayor McClellan and men who have had a prominent place in carrying out the enterprise and where the Mayor would formally declare the great tunnel ready for the public.

THREE YEARS IN KINGSTON.

Port Arthur, Ont., Oct. 27.—At the Assizes here the jury in the case of Salvaito Pecello, charged with the murder of S. Mezzo on June 6 last, returned a verdict of manslaughter and Judge Osler sentenced Pecello to three years in the Kingston penitentiary.

In the case of Lasso Andra, charged with shooting two C. P. R. trainmen named Towle and Ward, with intent to kill, the jury returned a verdict of guilty and a sentence of three years at Kingston was imposed.

AN EMBEZZLER'S RUSE.

Pomeroy, O., Oct. 27.—After investigating for a month a grand jury indicted the county treasurer, Thomas J. Chase, charging the embezzlement of $14,500 from the Meigs County treasury on Sept. 9, when he said the treasury was looted in daylight by two masked robbers, who locked him in a vault. Chase's bond was fixed at $10,000. He was sent to jail. Indictments are expected to-morrow against other persons. Chase was found locked up on Sept. 9 by his daughter, who rushed to a bank and thence to the fair grounds for some one who could open the vault. It was shown to the grand jury that at least half a dozen men were sitting in front of the court house all the forenoon on Sept. 9 and that none of these men saw the robbers.

A STRANGE CASE.

A 'MYSTERIOUS' FIRE REVEALS A HUGE CONSPIRACY.

Chicago, Oct. 27.—A mysterious fire at the plant of the Chicago Car and Locomotive Company's plant at Hegewisch, Ill., has become the subject of a many-sided investigation with sensational results. Mr. Tolman, corporation counsel, has given out this statement:

'The evidence shows beyond any doubt that the fire was of incendiary origin. The testimony of the engineer in charge of the building, together with that of the former superintendent of the company, amount to a direct charge that C. N. Perry, president of the National Bank of North America, had become the owner of the property through sale under bankruptcy proceedings; that he had proceeded to manipulate the books and inventories for the purpose of making a largely increased showing as to the value of the plant; that he had caused the insurance, then about $100,000, to be increased to $200,000; that he had ordered all the cars, locomotives and other property of the company to be stored within the shops; that he had succeeded in obtaining access to the shops alone and unaccompanied upon a Sunday afternoon, and that within an hour thereafter fire had broken out in four of the five buildings and resulted in the destruction of two of them.'

Mr. Perry's attorney claims that he has been the victim of a conspiracy. Mr. Perry to-day said that there was no way in which he could have profited by the destruction of the property. 'The insurance money, when paid, will go to me,' he declared. 'Our interest would not be served by the preservation of the property, not by its destruction.'

It developed to-day that Mr. Perry has filed no claim for any part of the $200,000 insurance on the Hegewisch plant, which was destroyed by fire, but his attorney stated that it was because the inventory of the company's assets has not been completed.

Frank Bock, engineer of the works, testified that Perry had acted suspiciously on the day of the fire. Combustible materials, such as cars, had been ordered placed in the plant by Perry, he said, and this was accomplished only with great difficulty. He said that Perry had ordered him to go home on the day in question, as he (Bock) was feeling badly, but he had been induced by L. H. Baldwin, former president of the company, to watch the plant carefully, and refused to leave. He said that he consented, however, to go to a doctor's office for a headache remedy and that when he returned he saw Perry coming out of one of the buildings. Bock says he accepted an invitation by Perry to take a drink, and shortly after they left the works they were seen issuing from the exhibit room. His testimony was to the effect that the flames could not have been communicated from one building to another unless inflammable material had been placed as to make it possible.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH BURNED.

Moncton, N.B., Oct. 28.—A thunderstorm passed over this city on Wednesday afternoon. There was only one vivid flash of lightning, but that stroke fell on the steeple of the Roman Catholic church of the Assumption on the west end. In two hours the building was a mass of the ground. This church is said to have cost $50,000. Among the articles burned with it were some valuable paintings, including one which the members of the congregation believed to be by Raphael. The insurance is $35,000.

COLONIAL HOUSE,

PHILLIPS SQUARE.

SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY

DRESS GOODS.

44 inch ENGLISH TWEED, 80c, at HALF PRICE.

A few pieces RICH MATERIALS for House Wear (in Old Rose), HALF PRICE.

NAVY BLUE SERGE and NAVY BLUE CANVAS SUITINGS, 80c, less 33 1-3 percent.

ENGLISH AND FRENCH SUITINGS, at 90c and $1.25, less 33 1-3 percent.

GREY CHEVIOT and CLOTH SUITINGS, at 75c per yard, less 33 1-3 percent.

DONEGAL TWEEDS, 56 in. wide, at 90c, $1.15 and $1.25 per yard, HALF PRICE.

FANCY VOILES AND ETAMINES, in Bright Navy, Brown, Grey, Reseda and Drab, less 33 1-3 percent.

DRESS PATTERNS.

3 only, HEAVY CHEVIOT, handsomely trimmed, HALF PRICE.

5 only, FINE ETAMINE RICH WHITE TRIMMING, worth $25.00, now $15.00, and HALF PRICE.

5 only, Exquisite PERSIAN VOILE ROBES, at $25 and $35, HALF PRICE.

BLACK DRESS GOODS.

BLACK ALL WOOL FRENCH CANVAS, 44 inch., at 65c, less 20 percent.

BLACK HOMESPUN, 54 in., at 75c, less 20 percent.

BLACK FANCY CANVAS, 46 in., 75c, less 20 percent.

BLACK FRENCH CANVAS, 42 in. 75c, less 20 percent.

BLACK FRENCH GRANITE CLOTH, 43 in., $1, less 20 percent.

BLACK FANCY FRENCH CANVAS, heavy, 50 in., at $1, less 20 percent.

BLACK FANCY ARMURE, 42 in., $1, less 20 percent.

BLACK HERRINGBONE CHEVIOT, 46 in., $1.25, less 20 percent.

BLACK SATIN CLOTH, 42 in., $1.25, less 20 percent.

BLACK TRICOT CLOTH, 42 inch, $1.25, less 20 percent.

BLACK FANCY ARMURE, 42 inch, $1.50, less 20 percent.

BLACK FRENCH PANAMA CLOTH, 44 inch, $1.50, less 20 percent.

BLACK FANCY CANVAS, 42 inch, $1.50, less 20 percent.

ONE LINE OF FANCY BLACK DRESS GOODS, from $1.50 to $2.25, less 20 percent.

SILK DEPARTMENT.

SPECIAL LINES.

COLORED JAPANESE FOULARD SILK, 60c per yard, less 50 percent.

ROMAN STRIPE SILKS, 35c per yard.

FANCY STRIPE SILK, for Blouses, 35c per yard.

COLORED PEAU DE SOIE, regular, 50c, for 35c per yard.

PRINT DEPARTMENT.

MADRAS SHIRTING, 20c, less 33 1-3 percent.

FANCY FIGURED CREPON, 50c, less 50 percent.

STRIPED GINGHAM, 30c, less 50 percent.

COTTON POPLIN, Pink only, 20c, less 50 percent.

REVERSIBLE CRETONNE, Pink and White, 25c, 30c and 35c, less 50 percent.

MUSLINS, ETC.

Japanese Tidies, Doylies and Table Runners.

Figured Muslin Bureau Covers.

Figured Lace and Frilled Bureau Covers.

Remnants of Art Muslin and Curtain Net.

Remnants of Embroidery.

LESS 50 PERCENT.

Renaissance Lace Work in Doylies, Centres,

Table Covers and Runners,

Renaissance Lace and Linen in Doylies, Centres,

Table Covers and Runners,

LESS 20 PERCENT.

FLANNELS.

A lot of FINE FRENCH OPERA and CASHMERE FLANNELS in a variety of patterns, for Wrappers, Blouses and Kimonas. Regular price, 50c, 55c and 60c, for 30c.

DRESS TRIMMINGS.

COLORED BEADED AND JEWEL GIMP, less 33 1-3 percent.

WHITE PEARL GIMP, in all widths, 20 percent.

COLORED CLOTH APPLIQUE, 20 percent

WHITE SATIN FOLDS, in all widths, 50 percent.

COLORED FANCY COLLARS, 20 percent.

A line of COLORED CLOTH COLLARS, suitable for Costumes, 50 percent.

BLACK SILK GIMP, 10 percent.

COLORED DROP ORNAMENTS, 33 1-3 percent.

BLACK AND WHITE DROP ORNAMENTS, 20 percent.

COLORED OSTRICH FEATHER TRIMMING, 33 1-3 percent.

MANTLE DEPARTMENT.

20 LADIES' CASHMERE DRESSING GOWNS, in Lace and Ribbon effect, less 75 percent.

35 LADIES' JAPANESE QUILTED DRESSING GOWNS, less 50 percent.

60 LADIES' and CHILDREN'S WATERPROOFS, from $12.00 to $15.00; price, $5.00.

20 LADIES' CLOTH COSTUMES, from $21.00 to $30.00; price, $8.00.

30 LADIES' CLOTH JACKETS; price, $1.00.

30 LADIES' GREY KERSEY WALKING SKIRTS; value, $7.50, for $3.50.

50 LADIES' GREY and BROWN TWEED WALKING SKIRTS; value, $10.50, for $5.50.

30 LADIES' BLACK CLOTH WALKING SKIRTS; value, $10.00, for $4.50.

LINENS.

A lot of TABLE CLOTHS, less 25 percent.

TABLE LINENS, 20 percent.

PILLOW SHAMS, 20 percent.

SIDEBOARD COVERS, 20 percent.

BUREAU COVERS, 20 percent.

TRAY CLOTHS, 20 percent.

TOWELS, etc., 20 percent.

SMALLWARES AND NOTIONS.

Our Entire Stock of BELTS AND BUCKLES, less 20 percent.

20 gross DRESS SHIELDS, in sizes 2 and 3, price, 20c and 25c. Saturday, 15c, or $1.50 per dozen.

ITALIAN HORN PINS, 12 pins to box; regular, 40c; Saturday, 25c.

LINEN FRINGES, in all colors; regular price, 50c per yard; Saturday, 20c and 25c per yard.

RIBBONS, LACES, &c.

SCRIM STOCKS AND BOWS, 50 percent.

SCRIM AND LINEN SETS, COLLARS AND CUFFS, 50 percent.

An assortment of SILK AND VELVET STOCKS, Pink Cell, Black and White, 50 percent.

PARIS LACE TIES, 25 percent.

CREPE DE CHINE TIES, hemstitched and fringed, White, Cream, Black, Cell and Rose, 25 percent.

HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS, special value, 20c net.

SPECIAL PLAITINGS, Lace and Ruched edges, 50 percent. White and Black.

HEMSTITCHED SILK AND NECK TIES, 50 percent. Cardinal, Heliotrope and Pink.

Remnants of NECK FRILLINGS and CHIFFON PLAITINGS, 50 percent.

COLORED TAFFETA RIBBONS, Numbers 5, 9, 16, 22, 30, 40, 60, 20 percent.

SPECIAL COLORED TAFFETA RIBBONS, for Neckwear, 5 in. wide, 28c net.

ASSORTMENT OF FANCY LACES, 50 percent.

VENETIAN INSERTION, Butter and Paris, 50 percent.

An assortment of ALL-OVER LACES, 50 percent.

TUCKED POINTE D'ESPRIT, Cream, White, 50 percent.

HOSIERY.

LADIES' NATURAL LLAMA WOOL DRAWERS; sizes, 32, 34, 36; prices, $4.50, $4.75 and $5.00, for $3.38, $3.57 and $3.75.

One Lot of LADIES' WHITE SCOTCH L.W. VESTS, 33 1-3 percent.

One Lot of LADIES' NATURAL LLAMA VESTS, short sleeves, less 25 percent.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

ODD LINES in Ladies' Madras, Muslin and Cheviot Shirt Waists, at HALF PRICE.

A LINE OF LADIES' SILK WAISTS, striped; were $10.00; Saturday, $4.00.

Ladies' Imported Sweaters

Full front, large sleeve, in Navy and Black.

Line No. 1, were $3.50, now $1.75.
Line No. 2, were $4.50, now $2.25.
Line No. 3, were $4.75, now $2.38. White, with Pink Stripe.
Line No. 4, were $2.50, now $1.25. White, with Green Stripe.
Line No. 5, were $2.50, now $1.25.

MILLINERY REQUISITES.

A Table of Flowers, Wings and Ornaments, at HALF PRICE.

LADIES' GLOVES.

One Lot LADIES' SUEDE GLOVES, in Modes, Greys and Tans, 2 clasps; sizes, 6 1-4 to 7 1-4; price, 60c.

One Lot LADIES' BLACK KID MOUSQUETAIRE GLOVES; sizes, 5 to 7; regular, $1.50, for 75c.

Boys' and Girls Tam-O'-Shanters

In Navy, Red and Fawn,

In Leather; colors, Tan and Brown.

Original prices, 45c, 65c, 85c, 90c, $1, $1.15, $1.25.

SATURDAY, ALL HALF PRICE.

Odd Sizes in CORSETS.

THOMSON'S CORSETS, true fit in Black; were $2.50; Saturday, 75c.

White, with band, were $2.00; Saturday, 25c.

BARGAINS IN READY-MADE CLOTHING.

MEN'S SINGLE BREASTED SUITS, All-Wool, English and Scotch Tweeds; also in West of England Worsted, the latest and most fashionable patterns, trimmings of the best; sizes, 36 to 40. Less 50 percent.

MEN'S OVERCOATS, an Odd Line; prices ranging from $12, $13.50, $15, $16, $18 to $20; sizes, 36 to 44, all reduced to $10.00.

PANTALOONS, in Imported All-Wool English Worsted; worth $3.50, $4.00 and $4.50, for $2.50 a pair.

Ladies' Shoe Department.

LADIES' VICI KID LACED BOOTS, turned sole, French heel; regular, $3.50, for $2.50.

WOMEN'S ENAMEL BOX CALF LACED BOOTS; regular price, $4.50, for $3.00.

WOMEN'S BOX CALF BUTTON BOOTS, heavy extension sole; regular, $5.25, for $3.00.

LADIES' VICI KID LACED AND BUTTON BOOTS, Goodyear welted; irregular sizes only; regular price, $4.75, for $3.00.

CARPET DEPARTMENT.

30 Fine Turkish, Persian and Indian Rugs, large size, less 25 percent.

50 Small Persian Rugs, less 20 percent.

40 Persian Palace Strips, less 20 percent.

Colored Japanese Rugs and Fibre Rugs, less 20 percent.

Special Line of Brussels and Tapestry Carpet, less 10 percent.

Special line of Wilton and Axminster, less 10 percent to 20 percent.

Japanese Matting and Fibre Carpet, less 20 percent.

Balance of our Made-up Squares, in Wilton, Brussels and Axminster, less 33 1-3 percent.

Balance of Moong Indian Rugs, less 20 percent.

Remnants of Brussels and Wilton Stair, less 20 percent.

Balance of our Embroideries, such as Table Covers, Doylies and Piano Drapes, etc., less 20 percent.

FURNITURE DEPARTMENT.

ODD CHAIRS—Very fine line of Odd Chairs and Settees, in Weathered Oak Flemish, and Golden, less 20 percent.

ODD TABLES, in Golden Oak, Mahogany finish, less 10 percent.

HALL STANDS, in Golden and Weathered Oak, less 10 percent.

ODD OFFICE CHAIRS, in Golden Oak, less 10 percent.

JAPANESE FIRE SCREENS, a very good assortment, less 50 percent.

ODD WOOD IN BEDS, Golden and Weathered, less 50 percent.

MEN'S HAT DEPARTMENT.

5 dozen of MEN'S UMBRELLAS, English make; price, $2.50 to $5.00, less 20 percent.

15 dozen MEN'S AND BOYS' BLACK SOFT AND STIFF HATS, newest English and American shapes; regular value, $2.50 and $3.00, for $1.50 each.

5 dozen MEN'S TWEED HATS, new patterns, satin lined, $1.50, less 20 percent.

10 dozen BOYS' TWEED HATS, Golf and Eton shapes; regular, 50c, for 25 cents.

Men's Furnishings Dept.

15 dozen ENGLISH REVERSIBLE FOUR-IN-HAND TIES; regular, 50c, less 50 percent.

20 dozen ENGLISH SILK FLOWING END TIES, new patterns; regular, 85c and $1.00, for 50c each.

75 dozen AMERICAN COLLARS, double band, assorted heights; sizes, 12 to 18; regular, $1.50, less 50 percent.

5 dozen BOYS' SWEATERS, heavy ribbed; colors, Red, Navy and White, plain and striped; regular value, 85c, for 50c.

15 dozen MEN'S HEAVY WEIGHT NATURAL ENGLISH WOOL; sizes, 34 to 44; regular, $2.25, for $1.50 each.

CUSTOM TAILORING DEPT.

1 piece Royal Blue Beaver Cloth, 54 inch wide, $1.50, less 33 1-3 percent.

½ piece Champagne Colored Cloth, $1.75, less 33 1.3 percent.

½ piece Champagne Covert Cloth, $2.00, less 33 1-3 percent.

1 piece Slate Grey Cloth, $2.00, less 33 1-3 percent.

1 piece Wine and Garnet Cloth, $2.50, less 33 1-3 percent.

1 piece Light Drab Beaver Cloth, $1.50, less 33 1-3 percent.

1 piece Light Drab Beaver Cloth, $2.50, less 33 1-3 percent.

1 piece Black and Navy Blue Cheviot and Grey, 56 inch wide, $1.25, less 20 percent.

1 piece Black Irish Frieze, 54 inch, $1.75, less 20 percent.

1 piece Black Reversible Cloth, $2, less 33 1-3 percent.

1 piece Black Cloaking, $2.00, less 50 percent.

WATERPROOF MANTLE CLOTH

1 piece Waterproof and Reversible Cloth, Drab, $1.75 and $2.00, less 33 1-3 percent.

5 pieces Waterproof, Riply English Proof, 60 inch. wide, $1.50, less 20 percent.

MEN'S SCOTCH TWEED SUITINGS.

500 yards GOOD SCOTCH TWEED SUITINGS, all wool, 50 inch., $2.25, less 50 percent.

MEN'S DRESSING GOWNS.

2 EIDERDOWN LOUNGING ROBES, $6.00, less 50 percent.

2 dozen QUILTED SILK JAPANESE DRESSING GOWNS, $10.50 and $12.00, less 50 percent.

BOYS' DRESSING GOWNS, odd lines, $5.00 and $6.00, less 50 percent.

MEN'S SMOKING JACKETS, $5, $6 and $6.75, less 50 percent.

MEN'S SHOE DEPARTMENT.

MEN'S IDEAL PATENT CALF LACED BOOTS, B. and C. widths only; regular price, $7.50, for $5.00.

MEN'S IDEAL PATENT KID LACED BOOTS, heavy single soles; regular, $6.00, for $5.00.

MEN'S BLACK RUSSIA CALF LACED BOOTS, light Goodyear welted soles; regular, $5.00, for $4.00.

CHINA DEPARTMENT.

1,000 Fancy Pieces

Such as CHOCOLATE POTS, BISCUIT JARS, FRUIT BOWLS, FANCY DISHES, BON BON BOXES, and Balance of our JAPANESE CHINA SALE. Any of these pieces worth from $2.00 to $6.00; Saturday, 95c each.

The above pieces are samples of next year's Importation, latest shapes and decorations, very suitable for a nice Xmas present.

ART POTTERY.

(2nd Floor Gallery.)

Special Sale of JARDINIERES, from 20 percent to 50 percent.

200 DOULTON JARDINIERES, Half-Price.

200 JAPANESE JARDINIERES, less 33 1-3 percent.

75 DECORATED JARDINIERES, less 25 percent.

Also 3 Special Tables of Goods at 15c, 25c and 50c (greatly reduced).

Large Assortment of PEDESTALS and POTS, FERN DISHES, GLASS HOLDERS, ETC.

DINNER SETS.

Slightly damaged, less 33 1-3 percent.

12 ODD SLOP JARS to clear at $1.50, worth from $3.00 to $5.00.

GIBSON PLATES, assorted subjects, also Dickens and Shakespeare Plates; regular price 50c, for 25c.

SPECIAL TABLES at 15c, 25c, 50c (great reductions).

Hand-Painted FISH, GAME and DESSERT PLATES (odd samples); regular $3.00, $4.00, $5.00 to $12.00, for $2.00 each.

PUNCH BOWLS, regular $3.00, for $1.00.

FANCY BELGIUM CUT GLASS VASES, JUGS, OIL BOTTLES, SALTS, MARMALADE JARS, KNIFE RESTS, regular $1.00 to $1.50, for 75c.

SILVERWARE DEPARTMENT.

SPECIAL OFFER.

TEASPOONS, regular $4.00, for $2.50 per doz.

DESSERT SPOONS, regular $6.50, for $4.50 per doz.

TABLESPOONS, regular $7.50, for $5.00 per doz.

DESSERT FORKS, regular $6.50, for $4.50 per doz.

DINNER FORKS, regular $7.50, for $5.00 per doz.

COFFEE SPOONS, regular $3.50, for $2.50 per doz.

SUGAR SPOONS, regular 75c, for 45c.

CREAM LADLE, regular $1.00, for 60c.

CREAM LADLES, Gilt, regular $1.50, for 90c.

GRAVY LADLES, regular $1.35, for 95c.

ORANGE SPOONS, regular $5.00, for $3.75 per doz.

Every article guaranteed to be A1 quality, 50 percent more silver than regular Standard Plate.

Quadruple Silver Plate.

4-PIECE TEASETS, comprising of Teapot, Sugar, Cream and Sugar Holder, plain, burnished or engraved and satin finish; regular $16.00, for $12 a Set; any piece can be sold separate.

50 Fancy SILVER CAKE BASKETS, $7.00, for $3.50.

BAKERY DISHES, $7.50 and $13, HALF-PRICE.

FANCY BON BON DISHES, $4.00, for $2.00.

CAKE PLATES, $3.75, for $1.90.

FANCY CAKE BASKETS, $5.00, for $2.50.

CUTLERY DEPARTMENT.

50 Boxes TRAVELLERS' SAMPLES, such as Meat and Game Carvers, Pearl Fish and Dessert Knives in Cases, Celluloid Handles, Fish and Dessert Knives.

CHILD'S SETS, Nut Crackers in Cases and Boxes, etc., etc., to be offered less 33 1-3 percent.

SPECIAL TABLE—Slightly Damaged Articles and Discontinued Lines, HALF PRICE.

KITCHENWARE DEPARTMENT

20 PERCENT DISCOUNT off 5,000 pieces of Best Quality GRANITE WARE.

KITCHEN UTENSILS, Enamel Steel, every piece guaranteed, consisting of the following lines: Tea Kettles, Double Boilers, Lipped Saucepans, Fish Kettles, Ham Boilers, Stew Pans (deep and shallow), Fry Pans, Stock Pots, Windsor, Geneva, Berlin S. Pans and Pots, Tea and Coffee Pots, Roasting Pans, Vegetable Strainers, Ladles, Skimmers, Basting Spoons, Salt Boxes, Asparagus Boilers. Any piece not perfect which is delivered will be replaced free of charge.

JAPANESE DEPARTMENT.

TERRA COTTA UMBRELLA STANDS 26 in. high, for $1.25 each.

JAPANESE KIMONA, HALF-PRICE.

2 SPECIAL TABLES of Brass, Bronze, Fancy China Vases, etc., etc., HALF-PRICE.

200 CUSPADORES from 75c to $1.50, for 50c.

ELECTRIC GOODS.

1,000 ELECTRIC SHADES, regular price from 75c to 50c, to be cleared at 25c.

ELECTRIC AND GAS PORTABLES, in the newest designs, in great variety, from $3.00 up, less 20 percent.

Odd Lines and samples of Electric and Gas Fixtures, Bronzes, etc., less 20 percent.

CONFECTIONERY DEPT.

MAPLE KISSES, 15c per lb.

WALNUT, 15c per lb.

MANILLA CREAM, 25c per lb.

ASSORTED CHOCOLATE, 35c per lb.

MAPLE PATTIES, 30c per lb.

BITTER SWEET CHOCOLATE, 40c per lb.

MARSHMALLOWS, 50c per lb.

PEPT. CREAM WAFERS, 30c per lb.

WINTERGREEN WAFERS, 30c per lb.

ROYAL BUTTER SCOTCH, 5c and 10c per pkg.

ART DEPARTMENT.

Special for Saturday.

OIL PAINTINGS, $4.00 and $5.00, reduced, $1.50.

SPORTING GOODS DEPT.

Any GOLF CLUBS in our Stock at $1.20, less 5 percent for cash (except Mills Aluminum).

Any FISHING ROD we have less 25 percent.

FOOTBALLS AND FOOTBALL CLOTHING, less 15 percent.

TOYS. TOYS.

All EXPRESSES, VELOCIPEDES and TRICYCLES less 20 percent discount.

ALSO SPECIAL TABLES:

No. 1 Table, on which every article will be sold at 25c each, regardless of original value.

No. 2 Table, on which every article will be sold at HALF-PRICE.

BASKETS. BASKETS.

Our Entire Stock of BASKETS will be offered at 20 percent discount.

This includes WORK BASKETS, Lined and Plain; BABY BASKETS, Lined and Plain.

SOILED LINEN BASKETS, LAUNDRY BASKETS, WASTE PAPER BASKETS, Etc., Etc.

BOOK DEPARTMENT.

475 CANADIAN COPYRIGHT LATEST NOVELS, Paper Covers; regular 75c, Special 50c.

1,540 PAPER NOVELS, English Copyright Edition, large range of titles, comprising the best books published in recent years; regular 15c; Special, 10c.

Books at Reduced Prices.

$1.50 at $1.20
$1.25 at $1.00
$1.00 at 75c

All Books in stock at above prices subject to this reduction.

STATIONERY DEPARTMENT

Special LEATHER WRIST BAGS at HALF-PRICE.

The Latest Shapes with Chain and Leather Handles.

BRIDGE WHIST.

Large Stock of Cases in Wood and Various Leathers, from $1.50 to $25.00.

Scores and all Requisites for the Game at 20 percent.

NOTEPAPER AND ENVELOPES.

Box containing 1-lb. NOTE AND ENVELOPES, Linen Finish, large square shape, comee in Quaker Grey, Blue and White Shades; regular 75c, for 60c.

SEWING MACHINE DEPT.

NEW LEADER, 3 Drawers, Box Top, Dark Oak, with full set of Steel Attachments; regular price $22.00, for $20.00.

NEW LEADER, 5 Drawers, Drop Head, Dark Oak, Swell Front; regular price $26.00, for $23.00.

All Machines warranted for five years.

5 Percent for Cash, in Addition to All Other Discounts or Reductions.

HENRY MORGAN & CO.

MONTREAL

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Queen's	A. N. Warburton	Alex. Martin	
Queen's	C. E. Prowse	A. A. McLean	

Manitoba.

	LIBERAL.	CONSERVATIVE.	INDEPENDENT.
Brandon	Hon. Clifford Sifton		R. L. Richardson
Winnipeg	D. W. Bole	W. S. Evans	A. W. Puttee
Souris	George Patterson	Dr. Schaffer	
Selkirk	S. J. Jackson	W. W. Coleman	
Lisgar	Hon. T. Greenway	W. H. Sharp	
Portage La Prairie	J. Crawford	N. Boyd	
Dauphin	T. A. Burrows	Glen Campbell	
Marquette	S. L. Head	Dr. W. J. Roche	
Provencher	J. E. Cyr	A. A. C. Lariviere	
Macdonald	J. Riddell	W. D. Staples	

North-West Territories.

	LIBERAL.	CONSERVATIVE.	INDEPENDENT.
Alberta	J. A. Herron	R. Mackenzie	
Qu'Appelle	L. Thompson	R. S. Lake	
Assiniboia East	J. G. Turriff	J. R. Bingham	
Assiniboia West	Walter Scott	G. W. Annable	
Calgary	Dr. C. J. Stewart	L. McCarthy	
Strathcona	P. Talbot	O. Bush	
Edmonton	Frank Oliver	M Macauley	
Saskatchewan	J. H. Lamont	Thomas McKay	
Humbolt	A. G. Adamson	J. McDonald	
Yorkton	Dr. Cash	Dr. Patrick	

British Columbia.

	LIBERAL.	CONSERVATIVE.	INDEPENDENT.
Commox-Atlin	W. Sloan		
Kootenay	W. A. Galliher	C. H. Mackintosh	E. Mills
Nanaimo	Ralph Smith	Capt. Wooley	Fenton
New Westminster	J. B. Kennedy	J. D. Taylor	
Vancouver City	R. G. Macpherson	R. B. Ellis	J. C. Greer
Victoria	G. Riley	Col. E. G. Prior	J. C. Watters
Yale-Cariboo	D. Ross	M. Berrill	

CHRISTIAN CONFERENCE

THE REV. J. L. GILMOUR AND MR. HENRY FROST THE SPEAKERS LAST EVENING.

The interest in the meetings for the 'Deepening of spiritual life,' held in Stanley Street Presbyterian Church, is splendidly sustained, and a large gathering assembled last night to hear addresses from the Rev. J. L. Gilmour and Mr. Henry Frost. The Rev. F. M. Dewey and the Rev. G. Osborne Troop again led the devotional exercises.

The Rev. Mr. Gilmour took for his subject the message of the finding of the Saviour conveyed by Philip to Nathanael, and from this showed the responsibility that rested upon all Christians for personal effort in winning souls. He pointed out that Philip had something to say, he found a friend whom he knew would be receptive of the message, and, having found him, did not hesitate to deliver the important message that filled his own soul. 'We have found him of whom Moses and the prophets did write.' He pointed out the marvellous results that would accrue to the spread of Christianity if each humble believer in the Saviour would choose a friend to whom he could convey the tidings of the Cross.

Mr. Henry Frost spoke from I. Thess. v., 23 and 24, and said that his theme was 'entire sanctification,' nothing less, and the Holy Spirit sets up this standard for every child of God. He knew that all the redeemed children of God fell below that standard, and that it was only in heaven that they could be perfected, but by beautiful illustrations of the glorification of all the common objects in the tabernacle by the presence of the 'Shechinah,' Mr. Frost showed that the lives and actions of man could be glorified by the indwelling of the Holy Spirit. 'Man by nature was corrupt, but there is no reason why the soul should become corruptible.' He defined spirit, soul and body—the body as the temple of God, standing apart from Christ, is accursed, but Christ comes and dwells there and brings the spirit of life. By the virtue of God's right he takes our whole being and sanctifies it. The body is held in common with all created beings, the soul we have in common with all animal life; but the spirit is that which differentiates between all known created beings and man, and it is this spirit which brings us into relationship with God, and by the work of the Holy Spirit the time comes when our whole being is utterly changed and laid down as worthy at the feet of Christ for the glory of God.'

WILL NOT MARRY CHINAMAN

THE RECORDER ARRANGES THAT LIZZIE BARTHOLDI MAY MARRY THE MAN OF HER CHOICE.

Because she refused to marry a Chinaman, the parents of Lizzie Bartholdi swore out a warrant against her on the charge of living without visible means of support. The girl is good looking and less than sixteen years of age. In the Recorder's Court she told how her parents refused to let her live at home, how for three years she has worked at various places, including a hotel on Commissioners street, where, by serving drinks to men, she averaged five dollars a day in tips.

Marry the Chinaman, however, she would not, but she consented to wed a young man named Charles Stewart Parnell Quinn. Mr. Recorder Weir succeeded in arranging matters between the young people, and it is probable that they will link their fortunes to-day.

GEN. LEE A CANADIAN.

Toronto, Oct. 28.—Gen. J. G. C. Lee, of the United States army, is visiting friends in Toronto. General Lee is a Canadian by birth, but he has been in the United States army for many years. He served in the civil war, several of the Indian wars, and the Spanish war. His present rank of general is the highest ever attained by a Canadian in the United States army. General Lee says that the public in the United States is almost as much wrought up over the North Sea outrage as the Canadian people.

A PARROT AND A FIRE.

Chicago, Oct. 28.—Excited by shrill cries for help coming from a burning building last night, firemen fought their way through flames to save a supposed person, and returned with a parrot that belonged to H. S. Fewer, whose rooming house was damaged to the extent of $5,000 by the fire. Dennis Hogan was burned to death and Morris Burns was severely scorched by the fire.

FARMER'S STRANGE DISAPPEARANCE.

Ottawa, Oct. 28.—Mr. William Ball, a farmer of Cumberland township, Russell county, left his home on Oct. 14 for Ottawa. He had a roll of $200 in his pocket, and has not been seen since. His friends are wondering if he met with foul play. All efforts to find him have failed.

FURNACE WAS OVER-HEATED.

Toronto, Oct. 28.—Fire last evening damaged Simpson Avenue Methodist Church to the extent of $1,200. The loss was covered by insurance. An over-heated furnace caused the fire.

BRAVERY REWARDED

MR. ALLAN HOLLAND PRESENTED WITH PARCHMENT OF ROYAL CANADIAN HUMANE SOCIETY.

Mr. George Gillespie, honorary secretary of the Montreal Branch, Royal Canadian Humane Association, has been advised that the parchment of the Society has been awarded to Mr. Allan Holland for bravery in saving life. The following are the particulars of the rescue: On July 31, 1904, at Long Island Park, near Kingston, Ont., a lad named Arthur W. Gilmour was upset from a boat, and eventually sank. Allan Holland, of Montreal, whose attention was attracted by the shouts of a boy on the shore, rowed to the spot, dived for Gilmour, and brought him up in an insensible condition. He afterwards assisted to resuscitate him.

WILLARD 'Y.'

The regular monthly meeting of the Willard 'Y' was held on Tuesday evening in Evangelistic Hall, St. Catherine street. In the absence of the president, Miss McKinnon, Mrs E. H. Thurston, County Parlor Meeting Superintendent, presided. The resignation of the treasurer, Miss Small, who leaves shortly for Winnipeg, was accepted, and Miss McConnell elected treasurer pro tem. Delegates were appointed for the County rally to be held in Bethlehem Church. Final arrangements were made for a 'Holly Tea' in the Y.M.C.A. parlors on Saturday afternoon, Dec. 3. Reports were submitted of the Huntingdon convention by Miss Small and Miss Thurston. A piano solo by Miss Gertrude Carter a recitation by Miss Flora Pierce, and a reading by Mr. Malcolm Pierce varied the proceedings.

A SPRIG OF HEATHER.

A sprig of heather will be given to every person attending the Hallowe'en entertainment to be given by Metropolis Council, R. T. of T., in Arcanum Hall, this evening. A splendid Scotch programme has been arranged. Admission is free and all are welcome.

NOT BOUND TO PAY CALLS.

The Court of Appeal yesterday morning reversed the judgment of the Superior Court, which had condemned the defendant to pay $203 on certain calls for stock, in the case of the Delorimier Park Company vs. Phillips. The Court of Appeal held that Phillips was not a shareholder.

CLAIM FOR INJURIES MAINTAINED.

The Court of Appeal has confirmed the judgment of the Superior Court granting Dame B. Hall $500 damages for injuries received by the breaking of the gallery of a house belonging to Dame M. R. Gilboy et al., which she had just entered as a domestic servant.

Advertisements.

CEYLON TEA,

GREEN OR BLACK,

Has gained its great popularity because of its purity and economy. The household teapot proves its merit. Get a package. You will be surprised at the deliciousness to be extracted.

For Sale by all First-class Grocers.

FURS! FURS!

The season is advancing; it is the best time to order your Furs before the cold winter weather. You cannot hesitate, you have to lay out a certain amount of money for those Fur purchases, and your interest is to visit our house. It is the oldest in the Fur trade, it is an honest and respectable one. We have at your disposition the largest choice and the finest choice of Furs that is possible to combine in a house like ours, whose commerce to-day extends all over the world. You shall select the Fur that you wish to have: Persian Lamb, Seal, Russian Sable, Hudson Bay Sable, Martens of all kinds, Ermine, Foxes of all sorts, Chinchilla, Raccoon, etc., etc. We shall show you the latest models and the newest fashions, and we will give you first class workmanship and satisfaction. You shall have from us a Fur elegant and comfortable that you will wear with pleasure.

FUR-LINED OVERCOATS.

We have the choicest, best quality, the demand for which is increasing every day.

RACCOON COATS.

The largest and choicest assortment that you cannot get elsewhere.

FALL HATS.

We import our Hats from the best Hat manufacturers, our styles are the latest and our colors are the newest, and we give you 40% better value for your money.

Christy's Celebrated Tweed Hats, the latest thing for winter wear.

Chas. Desjardins & Cie.

1533 to 1541 St. Catherine St., Montreal.

THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER

FACTORY has been removed to more commodious and suitable premises.

THE OLIVER is the most largely sold typewriting machine in the world to-day.

THE OLIVER is a Canadian machine through its inventor, and its being manufactured in Canada as well as in the United States.

THE OLIVER, being manufactured in Canada, pays no duty as all other Standard machines do.

THE OLIVER is the **Standard Visible** writing machine.

The record of THE OLIVER has never been equalled.

Active and reliable agents are wanted, to whom will be given steady employment if found competent.

You should send for our SPECIAL OFFER.

CANADIAN OLIVER TYPEWRITER COMPANY,
TEMPLE BUILDING, MONTREAL.

World Wide,

with a splendid selection of articles from the World's Greatest Journals and Reviews, is

Out To-day

NO EARLY CLOSING LAW

CITY ATTORNEYS DECLARE BY-LAW ULTRA VIRES.

A report handed out to the special committee on early closing by the city attorneys yesterday afternoon declares that the city cannot pass legislation on the subject of the early closing of stores, as that is a matter for the Federal Parliament to deal with, and, therefore, any by-law on that subject would be illegal. It was found that a judgment was rendered by the Superior Court in 1896, which declared that the by-law passed at that time in favor of early closing, was arbitrary and oppressive, inasmuch as it made an unjust discrimination between diverse kinds of merchants, selling the same kind of goods, and ordered without legitimate cause the closing of shops at hours when trade might be carried on without contravening the by-laws regulating public peace and morals, and that it restricted the liberty of trade and must be considered null and void. After that the court had added that the regulation of hours of work of clerks, and the early closing are two things quite different, and that one did not follow from the other.

In conclusion, the city attorneys said they believed in certain towns certain rules were in force, regulating the early closing of stores, but that the same were enforced or obeyed by the mutual consent of all parties.

Ald. Bastien then moved that the report be sent to the City Council recommending that the city should ask the Federal Government to grant the necessary power to the city to pass a by-law.

The motion of Ald. Bastien was accepted by the committee in order to give the whole council an opportunity to express their views on the subject.

CAPTAIN SUSPENDED.

BELLEFLEUR RELIEVED OF HIS DUTIES BY THE CHIEF OF POLICE.

There was quite a shake up in the police department yesterday when Captain Bellefleur, in charge of No. 2 district, was suspended by Chief Legault pending a meeting of the Police Committee. Owing to the absence of Ald. St. Denis, this was not possible yesterday.

When whispers went abroad of Captain Bellefleur's suspension there was much surprise, but his friends say that when the facts of the case are presented to the Police Committee he will be vindicated thoroughly.

Chief Legault has transferred Captain Bourgeois from No. 12 district to No. 2. Captain Beriau, who has been the efficient chief of No. 1 station for several years, will take Captain Bourgeois's place at No. 12, for a time at least. Lieut. Hebert has been appointed captain at No. 1 in place of Captain Beriau. Lieut. Poulin, who has been doing patrol duty in No. 1 district, will take Lieut. Hebert's place at the desk. Lieut. Murphy has been brought from No. 6 to take Lieut. Poulin's place on patrol duty.

Chief Legault absolutely refused to say anything this morning, except that he had suspended Captain Bellefleur for good and sufficient reasons.

MAISONNEUVE TRAMWAYS.

THE FRANCHISE BY-LAW DEFEATED.

The popular vote taken yesterday in Maisonneuve resulted in the defeat of the by-law granting the exclusive franchise to the Montreal Street Railway.

The official return at the close of the poll showed that 204 votes had been polled against the by-lay and 108 in its favor, or a majority of 98 against it.

It was stated, however, that the value of property represented by the minority of voters is larger than the value represented by the majority, but the figures were not given out as it will require two or three days to compile them.

The immediate effect of the rejection of the by-law will be to leave the existing contract with the Montreal Street Railway in force. The present contract has nineteen years to run.

DAMAGED BY FIRE.

A fire occurred this morning soon after midnight in an unoccupied house, on St. Bernard street. The building is of wood and is owned by Mr. Kagan. It is thought that some person must have taken shelter there for the night and started a fire, which led to the outbreak. The damage will reach about three hundred dollars.

SMOKING IN THEATRES.

LOCAL MANAGEMENT WANTS PERMIT TO ALLOW IT.

A request has been received by the building inspector from the management of a Montreal theatre, asking that permission could be granted to allow smoking in the play house.

Mr. Chaussé sent the letter to the chairman of the Fire Committee and it is understood that the request cannot be granted. Mr. Chaussé states that the present by-laws when last consolidated made no mention of this matter but that the by-law forbidding smoking in theatres has never been repealed and is supposed to still have the effect of law. To make the point clearer and surer a clause to this effect will be inserted in the amendments now before council and which are shortly to be taken up and passed by the City Council.

The chief of large cities have no by-law forbidding this practice. Mr. Chaussé considers the greatest danger. A cigar thrown on the plush cushion of a seat coming in contact with a piece of paper on the floor; a lighted match or cigarette end thrown carelessly from a box, indeed, many thoughtless acts by giddy or drunken young men might cause a holocaust. Mr. Chaussé would not prevent any one smoking wherever the element of danger is not present, but without the strictest regulations, such as do not now exist, he says, it could not be allowed in Montreal theatres, and he expressed surprise that such a request should be made so soon after the recent terrible theatre fires, the recurrence of which public officers everywhere have been making every effort to prevent.

COUNTY W.C.T.U.

QUARTERLY RALLY HELD AT WESTMOUNT YESTERDAY.

The quarterly rally of the County Woman's Christian Temperance Union, held in Bethlehem Church, Westmount, yesterday afternoon, was considerably handicapped by the cold of the building, indeed they adjourned considerably earlier on account of it. But there was no bint of this in the speech of a French lady who has not been able to be at the meetings for the past two years. Even with our large families of eight or nine about us, we get lonesome, she said, and need such refreshment as we got from the Bible reading on the Twenty-third Psalm such as the lady gave us this afternoon, I do not know her name (it was Mrs. T. G. Williams). I shall go home to-night to read that Psalm with new light, and I shall not be so long away from the meetings again.

Two new provincial superintendents were introduced to the meeting, Mrs. Cross, superintendent of anti-narcotics, who has lately come to the city to live, and Miss Emily Crossley, superintendent of Loyal Temperance Legions.

Mrs. McLachlan, editor of the 'Leaflet,' expressed pleasure at the increasing circulation of the provincial organ, and hoped that before long the paper would be self-sustaining. She urged the appointment of a superintendent in every local union.

A committee, with Mrs. Scott, of Fairmount, as convener, was appointed to prepare for the coming gold medal contest which will take place probably the first week in December.

Attention was drawn to the fact that brandy chocolates are still being sold in the city. A member of the union sent some that had been sent quite innocently to a family of six little children, to Dr. J. T. Donald for analysis, and he had reported that the syrup in the chocolate case contained 11.72 percent of alcohol. A paper on 'alcohol,' by Dr. Donald, is expected to be part of the programme at the quarterly rally in January next.

At the close the convention adjourned to the church parlor, where tea and talk were enjoyed up to nearly six o'clock.

LECTURES IN PHILOSOPHY.

During the winter 1904-1905 the Philosophical Department of McGill University will give the following four popular lectures:—1. What is philosophy? Prof. Caldwell, Monday, Nov. 7, 5 p.m. 2. Rationalism and agnosticism, Prof. Taylor, Monday, Dec. 5, 5 p.m. 3. Modern spiritism, Dr. J. W. Hickson, Monday, Jan. 16, 5 p.m. 4. Philosophy and education, Miss H. D. Oakeley, Monday, Feb. 13, 5 p.m.

It is the hope of the Philosophical Department that these lectures will appeal to persons inside and outside the university, who are interested in the reflective consideration of modern ideas and tendencies. As far as possible they will be non-technical in character.

The lectures will be given in the Royal Victoria College on the Mondays specified, at 5 o'clock, and will all terminate a few minutes before 6 o'clock. There is to be no charge for admission.

ONTARIO SUNDAY-SCHOOL WORKERS.

Hamilton, Ont., Oct. 28.—Interest in the sessions of the Ontario Sunday-school Association convention continues, and yesterday there was another large audience present in St. Paul's Church. The service was opened with devotional exercises conducted by the Rev. E. A. Henry, B.A., and this was followed by a statement on the 'Home department,' by the Rev. W. E. Hassard, B.A., B.D., of Toronto. The Rev. Asher P. Latter, of Sudbury, delivered an address on 'Sunday-school work in New Ontario,' and Mrs. H. Elizabeth Foster, state primary superintendent, New York, on 'How to make the best use of the primary hour.' The Rev. Alex. McGillivray spoke on 'Some elements in Sunday-school work that enter into the moral character.' The rest of the afternoon was devoted to the reading of a paper on 'The world's fourth Sunday-school convention'; an address on 'The child,' by the Rev. J. M. Glassford, and another on 'The moral nature of the child,' by Dr. Tracey. At the evening session, which brought the convention to a close, the president-elect, the Rev. L. H. Wagner, of Berlin, was introduced. The Rev. Francis Perry, D.D., addressed the meeting on 'Why every Christian should engage in Sunday-school work,' and the Rev. Albert Moore, secretary of the Ontario Lord's Day Alliance, on 'The fight for institutions and national environment that will aid in the development of moral character.' The speakers dwelt thoroughly on each of these subjects, and the addresses were full of interesting and profitable thoughts.

AERIAL NAVIGATION.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 28.—Floating in the air thirty feet above the heads of the several thousand spectators, the airship designed and built by Mr. T. C. Benbow, of Columbus, Mont., yesterday, made what the inventor declares was a successful trial flight in the aeronautic concourse at the World's Fair. The big cigar-shaped balloon, bearing its burden of car, motor, machinery and operator, together weighing 600 pounds, rose from the ground, and after navigating the air for fifteen minutes, during which Benbow directed the prow of his vessel toward all points of the compass, slowly descended to the ground near the starting place, and was secured by attendants without a break to mar the success of the flight.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

The Rev. M. Day Baldwin has returned from London, Ont.

Sir Felix and Lady Semon have left for New York, to sail for England.

Mrs. Robinson, Park avenue, is entertaining at tea on Wednesday, Nov. 9.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dreweatt Hood have returned from their wedding trip.

Mrs. Charles M. Hays is entertaining at tea on Wednesday afternoon, Nov. 2.

Dr. and Mrs. James Bell have returned to town from their country home at Cartierville.

Mr. Charles Alexander has just returned from a visit to his relatives in Toronto and Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Learmont, McGregor street, are spending a couple of weeks in Winnipeg.

Mrs. R. J. Tooke, Peel street, is entertaining at tea on Thursday afternoon of next week.

Mrs. H. E. Smallpiece, South Parkdale, Ont., is in town, the guest of her daughter, Mrs. David E. Jennings.

Lady Van Horne and Miss Van Horne returned to the city on Tuesday from their residence at St. Andrew's, N.B.

Mrs. Robert Howard and Miss Louise Howard, Bishop street, spent a couple of days in St. Johns, Que., this week.

Miss Baker and Miss Marjory Baker, Sherbrooke street, have accompanied Mr. W. R. Baker to Winnipeg for a couple of weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Cook and family, Elm avenue, return to town to-morrow from their country residence at Morrisburg.

Prince Colloredo Maunsfeld, of Austria, who has been hunting in the Cansapscal district, has arrived in Montreal to rejoin the Princess.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick H. Bacon, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Bacon, Prince Arthur street, leave for New York on Saturday evening.

Their Excellencies the Governor-General and Countess of Minto are giving a dinner this evening in honor of their guest, the Right Hon. John Morley.

The marriage of Major Frank W. Fisher, of Montreal, and Miss Moneta Nelson, of Toronto, niece of Mr. and Mrs. A. K. Drake, is to take place on Wednesday, Nov. 9.

The marriage of Miss Grace Stearns, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Stearns, to Mr. W. F. Angus, son of Mr. R. B. Angus, takes place at St. Paul's Church on Wednesday, Nov. 9.

Mrs. John Foster, wife of the United States consul-general, Ottawa, entertained at a tea on Wednesday afternoon for Lady Parsons, of Halifax, who, with Sir Charles Parsons, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Foster.

Prof. John MacNaughton left this morning for Kingston, where he goes to take the chair of church history at Queen's University. A large number of McGill students were at the station to see him off.

In the Cambridge Street Methodist Church at Lindsay, Ont., yesterday, the marriage was solemnized of the Rev. John Walker MacMillan, of St. Andrew's Church, Winnipeg, and Miss Amy Cooper, second daughter of Mr. J. D. Flavelle. The Rev. G. W. Henderson performed the ceremony. Before the service a quartette sang 'The voice that breathed o'er Eden.' The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Ethel Flavelle, as maid of honor, and by her sister, Miss Edith Flavelle, and Miss Alice Dundas, of Toronto, as bridesmaids. Mr. Kerr D. MacMillan, B.A., B.D., of Princeton University, acted as groomsman.

Mrs. Bacon, Prince Arthur street, gave a very pleasant reception yesterday afternoon in honor of her daughter-in-law, Mrs. F. H. Bacon, of New York. The floral decorations were in a dainty color scheme of white and green, the tea-table being arranged with white chrysanthemums and ferns. Mrs. Burch and Mrs. T. Bacon poured tea and coffee, and the Misses Jordan, Miss Mabel Tooke, Miss Hilda Marler, Miss Kathleen Howard, Miss Mattice, and Miss Connie Shaw assisted in the tea-room. Mrs. Bacon was gowned in black crepe de Chine. Mrs. F. H. Bacon wore her wedding gown of white chiffon cloth and rose pointe lace. Miss Charlotte Bacon wore her bridesmaid's dress of pale green silk. The reception was attended by a large number of guests.

Lady Minto was the hostess at a largely attended tea yesterday afternoon. She received in a gown of pale blue crepe de Chine, elaborately trimmed with applications of cream lace. The Ladies Eileen and Ruby Elliot were in dainty gowns of white crepe de Chine. The reception and tea rooms were decorated with a profusion of palms and flowers. His Excellency received with Lady Minto. Sir Charles and Lady Parsons, Mrs. Harriss, of Earnscliffe, Colonel and Mrs. Irwin, Mrs. Pope, Mrs. Vidal, Madame Belcourt, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gill, Mrs. Sladen, Lady Grant, Mrs. Harry Cassils, of Montreal, Colonel Drury, Captain Hemming, Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Beckett, Miss Lola Powell and Captain and Mrs. Nash were among the guests. Major and Mrs. Maude, Mr. Guise and Captain Bell were of the house party.

DAY NURSERY PARTY.

The ladies of the Day Nursery, Belmont Park, gave a 'pound party' yesterday afternoon, when a good number of friends of the institution were present. Donations of groceries and sums of money were made by the visitors, and by others unable to be present. The reception room was bright with chrysanthemums and other flowers, kindly donated. The ladies of the committee, including Mrs. Frank Bond, Mrs. R. A. E. Greenshields, Mrs. Wellington Dixon, Mrs. A. E. Ellis, Mrs. R. Stanley Bagg, Mrs. Clarence Lyman, Mrs. George Caverhill, Mrs. Edward Holton, Miss Emma Thomas, Mrs. Donald McLennan, Miss Edna Cassils, were present to receive visitors and show them over the home. Among those who called were: Mrs. Ernest Gault, Mrs. A. F. Dunlop, Mrs. Symonds, Mrs. E. J. Major, Mrs. Peter Lyall, Mrs. R. D. Savage, Mrs. Hutchison, Mrs. Hague, Mrs. J. C. King, Mrs. E. H. Lemay, the Misses Cramp, Mrs. Fisher, Mrs. John Ross, Mrs. Evans, Mrs. Herbert S. Molson, Mrs. Bury Austin, Mrs. George E. Drummond and Miss Agnew.

DR. CHARLES CUTHBERT HALL.

Dr. Charles Cuthbert Hall, of New York, will address McGill men next Sunday, Oct. 30, at three o'clock, in the David Morrice Hall, 67 McTavish street. The subject of his address is 'The absolute value of personal religion.' Dr. Hall has a world-wire reputation as an eloquent speaker and a leader of men. He is well known to the students of Canada and the United States from his connection with the Northfield Students' Conference, where he has often spoken. He always draws a big audience at universities, such as Princeton, Yale and Columbia, and will doubtless be greeted by a large number of McGill men. The association male chorus of twelve voices will render two selections at this meeting—'Saved by grace,' and 'Remember me, O mighty one.' All students and young men are cordially invited to hear Dr. Hall, who comes to McGill under the auspices of the University Young Men's Christian Association.

FURS STOLEN.

Burglars Enter Charles Desjardins & Co.'s Store and Take Goods Worth $20,000.

NO CLUE AS YET TO THE THIEVES.

Early yesterday morning burglars entered the establishment of Charles Desjardins & Co., St. Catherine street, and stole fur coats, boas, mantles, and other goods, to the value of $20,000. When the clerks arrived at the place yesterday morning they found evidence of some person or persons having entered through a door in the rear. It is probable that the robbers, frightened by some one approaching, left hurriedly, for they dropped several expensive coats and jackets, worth in the neighborhood of $6,000. Detectives are working on the case, but so far no arrests have been made.

A private detective, speaking to a 'Witness' representative to-day, said that on Wednesday last, he saw three or four men enter Desjardin's store. They priced a large number of expensive garments, but left without making any purchase. A man named John McLennan, arrested by Constable Coté, of No. 6 station, and Detective Crowe, of the C.P.R., a few days ago, for begging from passengers at the Windsor station, had in his possession a card on which was written the names of several fur houses, including Desjardin's. Whether he is in any way connected with the perpetrators of the robbery may yet be seen. McLennan is at present in jail.

A DARING THIEF.

STEALS A BOX OF BABIES' CAPS FROM A BUGGY IN BROAD DAYLIGHT.

While Mr. Paul Desjardins, a traveller for Messrs. Swift, Copland & Co., wholesale hats, caps and furs, 517 to 525 St. Paul street, was examining samples in the store at about nine o'clock this morning, his attention was attracted to the street. He saw a man take a box from his (Desjardins's) buggy, which was standing outside. Before he could open the door, the man was away with the box, which contained babies' caps to the value of $25 or $30. Detectives are hunting for the thief.

RECEPTION TO STUDENTS.

PRESBYTERIAN McGILL MEN ENTERTAINED AT ST. GABRIEL CHURCH.

The Presbyterian students of the various faculties of McGill and the Presbyterian College spent a most enjoyable time last evening at the reception tendered them by the Young People's Association of St. Gabriel Church. The affair is an annual one, and one much looked forward to by those privileged to attend. It is particularly acceptable to the Freshmen, most of whom are almost total strangers in the city, and such a welcome as they received last night is very pleasant for them. The reception was held in the lecture hall of the church, and a large number of students, ladies as well as gentlemen, attended. Mr. Archie McAllister presided in a very capable manner, and the following programme was rendered: Piano solo, Miss Robinson; song, Mr. J. R. Bain; address of welcome, the Rev. Dr. Campbell; song, Mr. E. McMeekin; reading, Mr. Woodside; duet, Messrs. A. and W. C. McAllister; solo, Mr. J. R. Shearer; address of thanks on behalf of the students, Mr. Mitchell, of the Presbyterian College.

CHARGED WITH INCENDIARISM.

Toronto, Oct. 28.—Thomas and Joseph Godson, father and son; Mrs. Hamilton Bateman, daughter of the elder Godson, and Hamilton Bateman, were arrested yesterday in King Township, York County, charged with being responsible for six fires which have happened in King Township, since July 10, 1903. James Bell, the chief sufferer from these fires, had all the buildings and stacks on his farm destroyed. The Godsons and the Bells are near neighbors, and there has been a bitter feeling between them which arises from a lawsuit. On Oct. 20, Bell's straw stacks were burned under circumstances which pointed directly to incendiarism. The prisoners were brought to the city last night, and were taken to the jail.

A DRUGGIST ASSIGNS.

Joseph E. Barnabe, druggist, has consented to assign at the demand of Ernest Collette.

Mr. F. B. Moffitt, travelling passenger agent of the Delaware & Hudson Railway, is in town to-day distributing a neat wall map of the territory which he represents.

Mr. H. H. Mason, secretary-treasurer of the Mason & Risch Piano Company, is in town, on business with Mr. W. H. Leach, the Montreal representative.

'CHOLERIC AND DRUNKEN.'

Description of Admiral Rojestvensky by Lieut. Menzikoff.

GLIMPSE OF THE INNER LIFE OF THE RUSSIAN NAVY.

'Tall, dark, broad-shouldered, with fierce black mustache and large, piercing dark eyes—this is Lieutenant Menzikoff, formerly of the Russian navy.

This gentleman was observed this morning at the Windsor street station, waiting for his train. Very few knew who he was, and the gentleman himself was not at first disposed to be communicative, but when it was pointed out that a word or two at the present juncture would be valuable, especially if light could be thrown upon the actions of the Russian fleet in the North Sea, Lieutenant Menzikoff consented to talk.

In the first place, this gentleman is a descendant of the great Menzikoff family, which rendered notable service to Russia.

While in college he imbibed liberal views, which, however, he for a time kept to himself. He had, as it turned out afterwards, been under the surveillance of the police of the Third Section even at college. He passed from college to sea as a naval cadet on board the flagship of Admiral Rojestvensky. He had many opportunities of studying the admiral's character.

'And what was that character?'

'Choleric and drunken. He swore furiously and drank deep. Of course, this is common to all the Russian naval officers. They all drink; they all swear; they are all so aristocratic in their ideas that they spurn the common people and think nothing of a peasant's life. The admiral was imperious; could not brook opposition. His officers were in fear and dread of him.'

Another thing which the lieutenant pointed out—there is in the Russian navy a system of the most rigid exclusiveness. No matter what your merit, you can never rise unless you are in the aristocratic clique. The young man was democratic in his ideas. He wanted to see his country redeemed; he desired to see such a revolution — accomplished peaceably, if possible, as would give liberty to the Russian people whom he loved. For this reason, though he concealed, or thought he concealed his views, he resented the regime which prevailed in the navy—the regime by which a few favorites usurped alll the good positions, all the favors, while those outside the pale were treated with contempt.

'Was there corruption in the navy?'

'Yes, and of the rankest sort. A few in the inner circle get all that's going. Comforts and necessaries which should go to the sailors are taken—or rather the money which should buy these are taken—by those in authority and there is a division among the grafters.'

'What kind of man is the Russian sailor?'

'He has generally very little training. The Russians are not a seafaring people. There is no inborn love of the sea, and consequently the men, who are taken from a low stratum of the people, are very indifferent sailors. They are, in fact, in time of war, as at present, drafted to their ships with little previous training.'

Lieut. Menzikoff served for four years under the admiral. He found himself in disfavor. He believed that the reports of the police, who are ubiquitous, followed him. At any rate, the promotion was slow; the admiral seemed to regard him with anger, and he found himself, after five years of service with the admiral, lieutenant of a little tub of a boat at Havre, France. It should be stated that the lieutenant kept up a secret correspondence with the revolutionary party. While at Havre he received private word through a friend in the government, that he was about to be arrested and deported to Siberia for his radical opinions, which had been discovered through the interception of his correspondence. He took the hint and French leave, and has, for the past year, been leisurely travelling around the world, waiting for the propitious moment when the Russian people can demand, without fear of refusal, a democratic constitution.

'And now, lieutenant, what do you think could inspire the attack of the admiral upon the British fishing fleet?'

'Many reasons. The admiral may have had too much vodka or champagne; in that state he may have imagined that the fishing fleet was an enemy. Or he may have made the attack out of mere wantonness. That was quite possible to such a man, who treated those under him in my time with the greatest cruelty. You have no idea how a man like Admiral Rojestvensky regards the common people. The reason is this—he belongs to the official class, and the official class rule Russia with a rod of iron. The people are slaves to be kept in subjection. The life of a peasant is no more than the life of a dog. Inflamed with drink, and seeing the fishermen at close quarters, he may have ordered the fire just to show his contempt for such miserable creatures as fishermen who dared to get in his road.'

'Do you think this man is competent to command a squadron of battleships?'

'Of course not. He is thoroughly incompetent, from the point of view of any large knowledge of naval warfare. I see the British press is urging his recall. Of course, if he gets to the east, the Japs will smash him. Do not mistake me; the Russian sailors have plenty of courage, but those in command are generally incompetent. They do not understand the science of naval warfare. What they do understand is high position, reckless living, and the keeping down of all these elements which, encouraged, would be the salvation of Russia.'

'At the same time, I don't believe there will be any war between Russia and England. The former will grant all the demands made, though grudgingly, if the British are firm enough.'

A CANADIAN GIRL'S FEAT.

Miss Olive R. Cameron, who holds the world's record as a typewriter, was born at Winnipeg, Man., of Scotch-American parents. She is engaged in the United States Patent Office, and recently accomplished the marvellous feat of copying 23,000 words in seven hours, beating the previous record, it is claimed, by 10,000 words. She underwent no special training for her work, and no pressure was put upon her for the accomplishment of the task.

FIRE COMMITTEE.

NEW STATION AND FIRE ENGINE ACCEPTED.

The Fire and Light Committee yesterday afternoon decided formally to accept the new central fire station on d'Youville square, from the contractors. There are a few unimportant details to be attended to yet and furnishings to be put in, which will be done in the course of two or three weeks.

Mr. Champagne's report on the new Waterous fire engine was presented, stating that the machine stood the usual tests very satisfactorily. The engine, the report said, pumped 1,200 gallons of water a minute, while it was only expected to pump a thousand gallons. The boiler was tested to 310 pounds of cold water pressure. One minute after starting the fire the pressure began to show on the gauge. In two minutes there were 5 pounds of steam; in five minutes 9 pounds; in eight minutes 38 pounds; in ten minutes 67 pounds; in eleven minutes 98 pounds, and in twelve minutes 117 pounds, at which time the engine was started. There was very little vibration when the engine was in motion. Chief Benoit was satisfied with it and it was accordingly accepted.

Mr. Beaulieu, supply officer for the department, reported that fifteen horses were needed for the department. He explained that during the present season he had handed over to the incineration department fifteen horses that were all right for ordinary work, but unfit for the fire brigade. Mr. Beaulieu said that he had at present one hundred and twenty-three horses in active duty, five sick and four spare, making a total of one hundred and thirty-two.

It was decided to ask the Finance Committee to vote the money needed to buy the new horses, which are mainly needed for the new engine, ladder and water tower, that will be put into service this fall.

FELL FROM A FREIGHT TRAIN.

George Margarini, an Italian, 30 years of age, was taken to the Notre Dame Hospital from the C.P.R. stockyards in an unconscious condition last night. The doctors found him to be suffering from a slight scalp wound. He said he had fallen off a freight train. This morning his condition was reported to be much improved.

THE RESULT OF DRINK.

Florence McKay, a young woman, said to come from a highly respectable family of Cornwall, Ont., was sentenced to three months' imprisonment by Judge Choquet to-day. She took a pocket-book containing $215 from a man named Bergeron in a saloon. Drink is her curse.

SHIPPING NEWS.

MOVEMENTS OF VESSELS.

Name.	From	Arrived at
Parthenia	Glasgow	Montreal
Wyandotte	Montreal	Quebec
Bavarian	Liverpool	Father Point
Corinthian	Glasgow	Montreal
Ionian	Montreal	Father Point
Lake Champlain	Montreal	Father Point
Pomeranian	Montreal	Father Point
Devona	Newcastle	Quebec
Cacouna	St. John's	Sydney
Polino	Charlottetown	Sydney
Patricia	Hamburg	New York
Koenigin Luise	Gibraltar	New York
Carpathia	Liverpool	New York
Baltic	Liverpool	New York
Westernland	Liverpool	New York
La Lorraine	New York	Havre
Guelia	New York	Naples
Graf Waldersee	New York	Hamburg

CATHOLIC SAILORS' CLUB.

Mayor Laporte presided on Wednesday at one of the best concerts of this season at the Catholic Sailors' Club. Miss Bertha Ferguson, Miss Maggie Walker, Miss F. McGovern, Miss Lillie Mott, Miss Kathleen Fitzgerald, Miss M. Donaldson, Miss M. Cockburn, Mrs. Wm. Powis, Master Arthur McGovern, Messrs. Langlois, L. C. O'Brien, T. McGovern, Wm. Powers and Fred. Barclay took part. The sailors created lots of fun with their jolly songs and choruses. They were: Alexander Terry, R.M.S. Ionian; John Symington, Johnmiller, SS. Marino; Wm. O'Hagan, SS. Pomeranian; Herbert Howard, SS. Livonian; James Ryan, SS. Lake Champlain. Miss Lynch and Miss Myers were the accompanists.

THE IONIAN'S LIST.

Following is the list of first cabin passengers, of the R.M.S. Ionian, Captain J. Brown, which sailed this evening from Montreal and Quebec, for Liverpool:—Mrs A. Bates, Guelph, Ont.; Miss Violet Brooke-Hunt, London, England; Miss Blair Bruce, Hamilton, Ont.; Mrs. Brydson, Halifax, N.S.; Mr. C. H. B. Caldwell, London, England; Mr. and Mrs. Crunston, Vancouver, B.C.; Dr. Eager, Halifax, N.S.; Mr. C. E. D. Ellerton, London, Ont.; Mrs. Grant, Chicago, Ill.; Mr. Huson, Vancouver, B.C.; Lieut. Leland, Halifax, N.S.; Miss Lucas, St. John, N.B.; Dr. Power O'Donoghue, Belfast, Ireland; Major Pratt and Mrs. Pratt, London, England; Mrs. Rankin, Glasgow, Scotland; Captain G. C. Rigby, Mr F. C. Selous, Colonel L. E. Starkey, London, England; Mr. W. T. Thompson, London, England.

NOTES.

The Dominion line SS. Canada sailed from Liverpool for Montreal at 4 p.m. yesterday, with 28 first, 88 second and 662 third-class passengers. She also has a full general cargo.

The Allan line R.M.S. Bavarian is due to arrive at Quebec at 6 o'clock to-night and at Montreal to-morrow evening.

The coupon on the back page may help your newsboy to start a bank account.

NOTES AND NOTICES.

Begin the Day Aright!—A good breakfast of Swiss Food is the open sesame to a successful day's work. Try it.

Advertisements.

BEAVER LODGE, No. 6, I. O. O. F.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

Members of above Lodge are requested to attend the funeral of our late Bro. J. J. Head, from his late residence, 679a Wellington street, on SATURDAY, 29th inst., at 2.30 p.m. By order of N.G.

Weekly Calendar.

FOOTBALL CHAMPIONSHIP

M.A.A.A. Grounds, Sat. 29th Oct.

OTTAWA COLLEGE vs. MONTREAL.

KICK OFF AT 2.30 P.M. SHARP.

Reserved Seats, 50c, for sale at Morton, Phillips & Co., 1755 Notre Dame Street, Star Branch Office, Peel Street, and M.A.A.A. Office. General admission, 25c and 35c.

C. G. COBBAN, Hon. Sec. M. F. C.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 28.

UNION MEETINGS

FOR

THE DEEPENING of SPIRITUAL LIFE

will be held in STANLEY STREET CHURCH, on MONDAY TO FRIDAY, 24th to 28th Oct., at 4 and 8 p.m.

MR. HENRY FROST,

of Philadelphia,

will speak at every meeting. The Revs. Dr. Mowatt, Dr. Warriner, G. O. Troope and J. L. Gilmour, will also deliver addresses.

The subject daily at 4 p.m. will be 'Prayer.' A cordial invitation is given to all to attend.

Art Association

PHILLIPS SQUARE.

ART CLASSES 1904-1905.

THE ADVANCED ART CLASSES will commence on MONDAY, OCTOBER 17th, under the direction of Mr. WILLIAM BRYMNER, R.C.A. Two Scholarships for competition. Class Rooms open daily for study.

THE ELEMENTARY CLASS will open on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4th.

For particulars apply to the Secretary.

ALL BLUE RIBBONITES

should attend the Grand Opening Entertainment of St. Jude's Band of Hope,

On FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 28, at 8 o'clock.

A splendid Programme of Vocal and Instrumental Music, Tableaux, etc., is being prepared.

Admission, 15 cents. Members showing their cards, 5 cents.

NOTICE.

WESTMOUNT BAPTIST CHURCH.

The Social that was to have been held on Friday, the 28th inst., is postponed owing to the death of Brother M. A. Graham.

THE CYCLONE PREACHER JOHN BENNETT ANDERSON,

Farewell Meeting

At Inspector St. Mission, 75 Inspector St.,

TO-NIGHT at 8 o'clock.

His illustrated lecture is entitled "Men that I Have Met, Including J. H. Spurgeon and Many Others." An offering will be taken to defray expenses.

JOHN CURRIE, Pastor.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 29.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION,

Dominion Square.

SATURDAY, 8 p.m.

Week Night Meeting for Men. Leader: Mr. C. H. White.

SUNDAY, 3 p.m.

Rev. J. W. GRAHAM, pastor St. James Methodist Church, will address the Men's Meeting. Association Male Quartette.

4.30 p.m.—Young Men's Bible-class and Gymnasium Men's Bible Study Club will meet.

All men heartily invited. Strangers specially welcome.

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 30.

MEN'S OWN,

CALVARY CHURCH, GUY STREET.

SUNDAY, Oct. 30th, 1904.

Speaker—Rev. E. H. TIPPETT.

Music by the Calvary Church Choir.

The interest of these meetings is fully sustained—all feel the influence for good that they impart. There is room for you.

FUTURE MEETINGS.

ARENA SAT. & MON. NOV. 5th and 7th

The Greatest of All Great Bands

THE GRENADIER GUARDS

Prices—25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00. Box Seats, $1.50. Boxes, $8.00.

Sale of Seats begins at Star Branch office, Monday, October 31st, at 9.00 a.m.

JUDGMENT ON NOTE SUSTAINED.

The Court of Appeal yesterday confirmed the judgment of the Superior Court in the case of the Dominion Bridge Co. vs. the Ottawa Northern & Western Railway Co. The judgment appealed from maintained an action on a promissory note for $3,294.60, against which the railway company pleaded compensation, on account of a penalty incurred for not completing in due time the metal superstructure of the Interprovincial Railway and Highway Bridge.

In confirming the first judgment the Court of Appeal reserved to the company defendant its rights by other process.

Help your newsboy to start a bank account. See the coupon on last page.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily Witness, $3.00; Weekly Witness, $1.00, with reduction to clubs. Northern Messenger, forty cents; 10 copies to one address and over, twenty cents per copy. Post paid in each case to Canada, Newfoundland, Great Britain, United States and its colonies (excepting Cuba), Transvaal, Barbadoes, Bermuda, British Honduras, Ceylon, Gambia Sarawak, Bahama Islands, Zanzibar, Hongkong, Cyprus, New Zealand.

For postal union countries, excepting those mentioned above, add for postage, $3.50 for Daily Witness, $1.00 for Weekly Witness, 50c for Northern Messenger.

World Wide, one dollar, including postage, for Canada, Newfoundland Great Britain, United States and foreign countries.

The last edition of the Daily Witness is delivered in the city every evening of publication at $4 per annum.

All business communications should be addressed 'John Dougall & Son, 'Witness' Office, Montreal.' All letters to the Editor, should be addressed 'Editor of the 'Witness,' Montreal.'

While the publishers of the 'Witness' exercise all possible care in excluding from its columns all financial and other advertisements of a doubtful or suspicious nature, and in accepting only such as they believe to be genuine and bona fide, it must be understood that they in no way guarantee these advertisements and must leave their readers to exercise their own discretion in the way of putting faith in them.

☾ L.Q. 2 ● N.M. 9	OCTOBER					☽ F.Q. 16 ○ F.M. 24 ☾ L.Q. 31
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The Daily Witness.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1904.

By two hundred and five votes against a hundred and nine, the Maisonneuve property owners yesterday refused to accept the preposterous by-law that was passed by the Maisonneuve Town Council by a one vote majority. Good for them! The Montreal Street Railway will now have to operate under its old charter, which was certainly good enough; the town of Maisonneuve can still call its soul its own,—and Montreal is spared another stab from those offspring communities, to which she has given and still gives their life's blood. Without Montreal, the outside municipalities never would have existed; without her, to-morrow, they would expire; yet, most of them are so short-sighted as to assist the monopolists to do her injury. That they injure themselves the more at the same time is no comfort.

WISDOM RULES.

The dangerous strain that arose between Britain and Russia—or, rather, between the British and the Russians, for in these days wars are usually people's wars, governments being for the most part calming forces—has apparently come to an end, as there seems to be every assurance that the matter will be referred for enquiry and adjudication to The Hague tribunal. This is a triumph for the twentieth century principle of peaceful settlements, and will be a source of great rejoicing to the Czar. This news has put the following article out of date, but it remains a more vivid review of the conditions which have eventuated so happily than anything that could be written, now that the sun again shines:

When John Bull gets angry he sometimes takes a good while to get on the boil, but then he boils bravely. He is just now in full ebullition and at that point where one is liable to forget his dignity and even to do things which he afterwards regrets, or which, if he does not regret, he should. We must remember that the temptation is great to go and crush the Russian fleet, surcharged as it is with anti-British hate, and hated accordingly, now that it has got to sea and is entirely at our mercy. We cannot but think that the helplessness of Spain and the temptingness of her islands had a share in the explosion of United States 'dander' which precipitated the Spanish war, after feeling had got gradually worked up to the bursting point over a one-sided investigation. This boiling over was chiefly the work of the popular 'satanic' press—such was the older and perhaps the truer name for what is now called yellow; and it is to be remembered that Britain has now a Harmsworth yellow press in full blast. It cannot be said that the helplessness of an enemy or the temptingness of probable spoils adds anything to the honor of the aggressive party in such a war, or wins from history an honorable blazon on the victor's escutcheon. The British navy is no doubt spoiling for a fight, but Britain could never feel proud of having attacked Russia in her extremity, and the more easy the task the less she would like herself for it. The present state of things is one that calls for calmness, delay and investigation. The British people almost to a man regard Admiral Rojestvensky's story about two foreign torpedo boats as a pure fabrication, either of his exculpatory invention or of a disordered brain. On the other hand, the Russian people to a man believe in this double apparition, and they hold this view as honestly and at least as absolutely as the British hold the other. Indeed, they have some color for their belief, having heard much of the ill-will of the British people towards them as expressed almost unanimously in their press, and having been warned against such waylaying. Such being the case, it would be a crime for the two nations to get locked in mortal embrace until they have examined the matter impartially. To do so would be to act the part of the two fabled knights who fought and killed each other over a dispute as to whether a certain shield was gold or silver. When they were both dead it was shown that one side of the shield was gold and the other silver, and that each knight had seen but one. A little investigation would have saved two fine men, and a little investigation just now will save two mighty nations from mutual destruction. It is reassuring to learn that Russia has not refused any demand of the British Government, as that government has not made the demand that has been said to have been refused, namely, that the guilty officers should be punished. It has demanded nothing but an investigation. The publication of this demand and of its refusal, by the Associated Press, has done infinite mischief, not only in the overheating of British feeling but in the evoking of a contrary feeling in other countries, and particularly in France, where Russia is admired, and where the whale story is believed. That story which looks so silly, and which may be a wilful invention, would seem, in spite of the irritation it has aroused, to be about to serve the ends of peace by rendering a joint investigation necessary, pending which both countries may be able in calmness to consider the seriousness of a quarrel and may possibly get the length of applying to this one those methods of which the one country has been inconsistently the champion, and the other the brightest exemplar.

A MONITOR.

When doctors differ who shall decide? Mr. Borden, the present leader of the Opposition, has issued a circular to the electors, with his signature in facsimile, in which he says, 'I am sure you will 'be glad to hear that there is every 'indication that the Conservative party 'is to be returned to power.' Some who have received the circular fail to see the indications and would not be glad if they did. The circular goes on to assert that the Conservative party 'is 'receiving not only the support of the 'regular Conservatives, but of the great 'mass of independent voters, and of a 'considerable number of Liberals, who 'evidently see that the interests of the 'country are superior to those of a 'party, and that the present is a time 'to teach all concerned that the electorate will require in the future higher 'standards and truer types in the public life of Canada.' Thus the present leader of the Opposition, like all showmen, warns us against the trickery of the competitive booth. 'In this show, 'everything is above board,' he declaims, 'you see me place the pea under the 'thimble, and—there y'are!' Or, like that famous showman of Dickens, 'Cod-'lin's the friend, not Short,' he pleads; so 'bank with Borden and not with 'Laurier.' Mr. Henry Dalby, formerly chief editor of the 'Star,' whence he was promoted in Sir Charles Tupper's time, on account of his rare wisdom and prescience, to the position of chief Conservative organizer, is now editor of a weekly entitled the 'Argus,' which means all-seeing. He does not seem to see eye to eye with the chief of his party. In the 'Argus' of last week, for instance, he tells the public that 'One 'reason why Conservative attacks upon 'Liberal misdoings fail to reach the mark 'is the fact that they come from a party 'which invented most of the political 'crimes now condemned. An opposition 'must show sincerity of purpose before 'it can get the country to take it seriously.' As an excuse for the Liberal party there can be none meaner or more discouraging to the country than the 'You're another' argument. It only means that the whole country is rotten and that corrupt ways cannot therefore be avoided. But as an admonition from one of their own prophets it is a hopeful sign, even though it implies small share in Mr. Borden's optimism with regard to the present election. Mr. Borden is an honest man, but unfortunately when his party preaches virtue and deplores corruption, the Pacific, McGreevy and Curran bridge scandals and other jobs more or less criminal come to mind. The party washes its hands of those crimes of which it has perforce been guiltless for eight years, but its repentance is not manifest to the people when it finds that the party sees only the crimes of its opponents. It it not the party which proposes a gigantic raid upon the pockets of the people on behalf of a privileged class that is likely to be the first to purify in politics. The 'Argus' further declares that the 'best men 'in the Conservative party are practically out of the arena' now, including, as appears the magnetic leader of 1896, and infers that the side Mr. Borden is playing with is only the weak tail of an aforetime strong team. In election matters especially, it is always safer to prophecy after you know, but, those who believe the 'Argus' are not likely to take much stock in Mr. Borden's optimism, or to vote for his candidates.

FINANCIAL REVIEW.

Mercantile warrants are negotiable instruments giving a right to the delivery of goods, generally those deposited at a dock or warehouse, and are by mercantile custom regarded as documents of title to the goods to which they relate. They also guarantee the quality or brand of the goods, as in the case of the famous Glasgow iron warrants, which represent three famous brands of British pig iron. The fact that dealing in pig iron warrants have recently commenced in New York opens up a vista of vast speculation, of unknown possibilities. It is a new departure, and, in the opinion of the London 'Statist,' means the internationalization of the iron warrant. An iron warrant market in the United States has long been the desire of many people there, and now the desire is realized. The 'Statist' says there is reason to believe that the innovation has given an impetus to buying pig iron in Great Britain and for the recent rise in prices. This new arena of speculation is being inaugurated when the Glasgow ring, which for more than a generation has been the hub of the iron trade, has a combined stock of only about 123,000 tons of warrant iron to deal with. Our contemporary says that British smelters do not nowadays go on making iron, however dull the demand, and placing their surplus in warrants. In former days, they worked on their own ore deposits, and were compelled in a way to keep their mines running. But now the native ores are practically exhausted in Scotland; and as the smelters use imported ores, they can easily discontinue to buy ore, and blow out their furnaces, instead of making iron for store, as in the old days. In July last, a new form of warrant was agreed to by the Scottish Pig Iron Trade Association at the request of the London Metal Exchange. This warrant is to represent 'Standard Foundry' pig iron, as apart from Scotch G. M. B., Cleveland Ordinary and Cumberland Hematite, hitherto dealt in as warrants. In effect, it is a scheme for making a market in Great Britain for United States, Canadian, German and other foreign iron, but especially American. At present, American iron can only be sold in England at a low price; at a lower price than its intrinsic value as compared with English and Scotch pig. The reason is because the quality is variable and unknown to the consumers, because there is no recognized basis or standard of analysis, and because it has to be sold as it arrives and on arrival. As soon, however, as it can be converted into warrants, the shippers or importers will be able to dispose of it on the warrant market at its equivalent market price.

When this new form of warrant was agreed to, it was objected by the opponents to it that it was like putting a weapon into the hands of Great Britain's foreign industrial competitors wherewith to beat her. This is perhaps true regarding Great Britain as an iron-producing country, but, now that her larger interest is that of the manufacturer, it is desirable that she shall have every facility for getting iron wherever it can be got. The introduction of the new warrant into the Glasgow and London markets is thought to have been designed in anticipation of the creation of an Iron Warrant Exchange in New York. It is not a little significant, comments the 'Statist,' that dealing in the New York Iron Ring, or 'Pit,' should begin just when United States production is being forced again, without any clear evidence of increased consumption. With a producing capacity of twenty millions of tons a year, and the expectation that the capacity will in a very few years reach thirty million tons, there is boundless scope for speculation in scrip representing pig iron. That scrip, it is expected, will be issued against the iron where it lies, at or near the furnaces in certain centres. It is not thought possible that all the iron to be put under warrants in the United States will be sent to one store in New York analogous to 'Connal's' in Glasgow. But it is not only possible but probable that there will now be regular international dealings in iron warrants, as there are in wheat warrants, petroleum certificates, and cotton futures. New York will be the centre of operations, but the 'Standard Warrant,' which has been invented in London and adopted in Glasgow, will be current and negotiable in both countries. 'We do not know,' meditates our authority, 'that the world 'is to be congratulated upon the opening 'of this new avenue of speculation.'

The remarkable expansion of Canadian trade under the Laurier regime has been described in various ways, but perhaps as graphic a way as any to show how large our oversea trade now appears in the world is to state the fact that the imports and exports of Canada for the past fiscal year exceeded a half of the over-sea trade of all the countries of South America, comprising Colombia, Venezuela, Brazil, Guiana, the Argentine Republic, Chile, Paraguay, Uruguay, Bolivia, Peru and Ecuador, with a total estimated population of about forty millions. And the population of Canada is under six millions.

The action of a majority of the shareholders of the Chartered Company of Rhodesia, in refusing to sanction the underwriting arrangements of the directors for an increase of capital, has caused a sensation among the financial fraternity the world over. It is held to be a blow to a system that has often been turned to wrong purposes. Every year the Chartered Company has had to face a deficit too large to be concealed by skilful bookkeeping. The utmost endeavor to make both ends meet in Southern Rhodesia has been without avail, and for the present fiscal year the expenditure amounted to $3,690,500, while the receipts amounted to only $2,174,000. The deficit in Eastern Rhodesia amounted to $150,000 for the same period, and that in Northwestern Rhodesia to $300,000. The shareholders of the Chartered Company numbered thirty-five thousand in 1899, and they have never received a cent of dividend. Nevertheless, it appears that they are willing to raise another five million dollars. But the shareholders and the financial magnates differed as to how this was to be accomplished. In the new issue of a million shares of a pound sterling each the directors proposed to the shareholders that certain underwriters should be empowered to take any shares up to half a million pounds not subscribed for by the shareholders at the issue price of twenty-one shillings, with a commission of ninepence and three pence brokerage per share, the scheme also limiting the number of shares which shareholders could take up. When this arrangement was first made shares stood at 32s. 6d.; when the official circular was published the price had fallen to 26s. 3d, a fall due, it is alleged, to the underwriters 'bearing' the stock with a view to frightening the shareholders and so increasing the number of shares they would be able to obtain at the low issue price. Says a London financial authority: 'Whether this was done, 'whether or how far the directors and 'their friends behind the underwriters 'speculated in the stock of the company, 'cannot be proved; but it was generally 'believed by the shareholders, and that 'it is one of the possible motives in 'this discreditable game is certain.' The shareholders, however, upset the deal and the new stock must now be distributed pro rata among them. In the United States, until recently, such transparent deals, and on an enormous scale, were of almost weekly occurrence. The same sort of thing has not been unknown in Canada.

A new series of high records were made in the stock market this week. Canadian Pacific, Montreal Light, Heat & Power, Montreal Street Railway, Twin City Rapid Transit, Toronto Railway, Detroit United Railway, Toledo Railway, Bell Telephone, Bank of Montreal, Molsons Bank and Bank of Commerce stocks sold at higher prices than for over a year back, and the highest prices of active stocks averaged a point and an eighth higher than last week. The uncertain outlook in international politics, however, has disturbed the market, and there has been a reaction averaging a point and a quarter in active stocks. The question is often asked why should a purely outside matter affect the price of such a stock as Twin City? Even if Great Britain and Russia should go to war, people in St. Paul and Minneapolis would go on riding in the street cars just the same, and the company would make as much money. This certainly seems good reasoning, and as a matter of fact it is not the value of the company's property that would go down, but the price of money that would go up. War causes a terrible waste of money, which is reflected in large government loans at comparatively high interest, both during and after hostilities, and the bidding of governments for money naturally raises the price of that commodity throughout the world, just as the price of wheat would go up if the British Government suddenly started to buy a million bushels a day and dump it into the sea. The result of this demand for money would be that that some holders of Twin City stock would sell out in order to buy government bonds giving higher interest or better security, and as other investors would be doing the same, the price of the stock would go down until it became as attractive as the new bonds. All other securities would be in the same position, so that there would be a general fall in prices. The week's reaction, where it is not due to professional manipulation, measures the average opinion of the chance of such a thing happening.

[For the 'Witness.']

AUTUMN.

The grass is withering—brown and sere
'Tis turned—its drooping head can bear
The tread of the withdrawing year.
The grass is withering, and I
Some day must die.

The flower is fading, which so late
Could scarce support its regal weight
Of honor—fallen is its state.
The flower is fading now, and I
Some day must die.

The leaves are falling, dying—how
They clustered thick about the bough,
Which naked, groans and shivers now!
The leaves are dying—like them I
Ere long must die.

W. M. MACKERACHER.

MEMORIAL SERVICE.

In Christ Church Cathedral next Sunday morning a service in memory of the late Bishop Baldwin will be held, when His Grace the Primate of the Anglican Church in Canada will preach the sermon. The public are cordially invited to attend.

CONTESTATION SET ASIDE.

Mr. Justice Archibald rendered judgment on Wednesday dismissing the contestation of George J. Dibs to a demand of assignment made upon him by Arthur E. Smith.

WORLD WIDE.

A weekly reprint of articles from leading journals and reviews reflecting the current thought of both hemispheres.

So many men, so many minds. Every man in his own way.—Terence.

The following are the contents of this week's issue of 'World Wide.'

ALL THE WORLD OVER.

Bombardment of the British Trawlers—A Falstaffian Fleet—The New York 'Evening Post.'
The Russian Rally—The 'Sun,' New York.
John Morley, English Liberal—Special Correspondence of the Springfield 'Republican.'
Judge Parker Wrong—The 'Sun,' New York.
Cleveland Sounds Democracy's Call—American Papers.
Mr. Balfour and Mr. Chamberlain—What do their Recent Speeches Mean?—The 'Spectator,' London.
Chumbi the Key to Thibet—An Indispensable Trade Route—Correspondence of the London 'Times.'
The Church Congress at Liverpool—The Decline in Church Attendance — The 'Church Times,' London.

SOMETHING ABOUT THE ARTS.

Celebrated Glee Composers—William Horsley—By Arthur Pearson, in the 'Musical Opinion' and 'Music Trade Review,' London.
Find of 'Old Masters' — The 'Daily Telegraph,' London.
John La Farge—His Latest Book—The 'Outlook,' New York.

CONCERNING THINGS LITERARY.

Firelight—Poem, by Will H. Ogilvie, in the 'Spectator,' London.
An American Impressionist—Lafcadio Hearn—The 'Outlook,' New York.
Mistaken Views of the Orient—Lafcadio Hearn's Last Book—The 'Nation,' New York.
Mandell Creighton—A Biography Within One Dull Page—C. F. G. Masterman, in the 'Daily News,' London.
The Story of 'Treasure Island' — 'T. P.'s Weekly,' London.

HINTS OF THE PROGRESS OF KNOWLEDGE.

Educational Problems the Same Everywhere—Addresses at the Meeting of the Rhode Island Institute of Instruction—The Providence 'Journal.'
Education a Fetish—The New York 'Evening Post.'
Yves Guyot on Socialism—Two Kinds, One Visionary, the Other Dangerous—The New York 'Times.'
A Remarkable Lecture by Prof. Harnack—His Attitude Toward the Divinity of Christ—The 'Independent,' New York.
The Butterfly's Wings—New Theories of Animal Colors—The 'Transcript,' Boston.
Sour Milk for Long Life—Metchnikoff's Elixir—The 'Literary Digest.'

THINGS NEW AND OLD.

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The coupon on the back page may help your newsboy to start a bank account.

CABINET MEETS TO-DAY.

Rojestvensky's Report has Inflamed not Allayed the British Indignation.

THERE HAS BEEN NO SPECIFIC DEMAND FOR THE PUNISHMENT OF OFFICERS.

London, Oct. 27.— Perhaps the most significant development is the Cabinet meeting which is called for noon to-day. While the call was issued prior to the receipt of Rojestvensky's report, which changed the situation considerably, and appears to place some of the burden of proof on Great Britain, the meeting undoubtedly marks the reaching of a serious stage.

While up to the present time the government has maintained an almost complete silence with regard to the progress of the affair, it is considered almost certain that Mr. Balfour, who will make a speech at Southampton to-night, will after a conference with the entire Cabinet, be in a position to make some definite announcement. Public sentiment, which hitherto has kept under remarkable control, will hardly stand the passing of another day, and especially because of the opportunity offered by Mr. Balfour's appearance on the platform without some satisfactory explanation being made.

It might be said that yesterday was the first time that any real excitement was exhibited on the part of the public. Early editions of the afternoon papers, calculated to arouse the most intense national feeling, positively announced that a time limit had been set for Russia's reply, and that the Cabinet had been called to assemble immediately. This brought out a crowd in Downing street, but it quickly dispersed upon learning that Mr. Balfour had not arrived from Hatfield House, and that they were twenty-four hours ahead of time.

THE ADROIT REPLY.

Admiral Rojestvensky's report seemed to stagger almost everyone. Its statements were met with incredulity and evidently the reply was regarded as merely an adroit counter in order to get time. The text of the Admiral's telegrams, received at a late hour last night, are calculated to inflame, instead of allay, the sentiment of the British public. His statement that 'He endeavored to spare the trawlers, and ceased to fire as soon as the torpedo boats were out of sight,' together with the virtual accusation of complicity with supposed Japanese torpedo boats against the fishermen is hardly likely to reconcile an angry nation to the possibility that there is another side to the case calling for investigation.

'How much longer?' is the burden of the newspaper editorial articles this morning. Commenting on the continued delay of the Russian Government, and what is characterized as the amazing story Admiral Rojestvensky presents in defence of his action, little disposition is displayed to listen for a moment seriously to the Admiral's story. Some of the St. Petersburg special correspondents even go so far as to suggest the explanation, 'Home manufactured.' The most serious of the morning newspapers confess that the country is under the shadow of war, and that the word is now with Russia.

The 'Standard' editorially describes Rojestvensky's whole story as the creation of a disordered imagination, bearing its refutation on its face, and says: 'For Russia to enter a controversy with England on the basis of such a tissue of misstatements can only lead to trouble.'

The 'Daily Telegraph' says:—'If the Admiral believes his own story all that can be said is that the sooner he returns home and is looked after the better it will be for himself, his family and his country.'

These extracts well represent the opinion of the country and press. The fact that the second Pacific squadron appears to have fired on vessels of various nationalities is regarded as proving that its officers were in a condition of nervous panic, rendering the squadron a danger to the world's commerce.

According to the 'Daily Telegraph's' St. Petersburg correspondent Admiral Rojestvensky received from the Admiralty secret instructions not only authorizing but obliging him to call up- on all ships approaching too close or otherwise arousing suspicion, but that the governments were not notified of the instructions.

This is one of the most complicated diplomatic situations in recent history, and that is attended with the most dangerous possibilities for the peace of Europe, exists to-night, with no sign of immediate solution.

The tension that arose when the dispute between Great Britain and Russia narrowed itself into the simple question whether Russia would guarantee in advance some punishment should be meted to the offending officers of the Second Pacific squadron has been relieved by the introduction of an entirely new lot of contentions contained in Admiral Rojestvensky's report; and the most astute diplomats, who welcomed a temporary improvement in the situation are puzzled by the complications so curiously cause it. However, it is to-night at the embassies and not concerned in the dispute there is a strong conviction that a way out will be found other than in recourse to war.

The Foreign Office, apparently as puzzled as the onlookers, pursues the policy of silence, and the British press is almost totally uniform. The voluminous exchanges daily occurring between London and St. Petersburg continue the sentiment that no reply from Russia has been received, adding to the implication that Russia is intentionally ignoring the British representations. It is this misconception which is chiefly responsible for the stirring up of a popular agitation against which the government may find it hard to stand out in the possible event of Lord Lansdowne withdrawing the demand that Russia guarantee punishment before inquiry is instituted.

Admiral Rojestvensky's report has not arrived, or it is probable the dispute would have been settled one way or the other to-night. Its terms, however, are generally held to prevent the presentation of the ultimatum which Great Britain undoubtedly intended to send. Despite Lord Lansdowne's frank expression that the circumstances reported by Admiral Rojestvensky are to him inconceivable, the Foreign Minister is not prevented from seeing that new light has been thrown on the 'outrage,' and that diplomatic usage now compels less urgent action than the British Government at first contemplated.

THE ATTITUDE OF THE POWERS.

In the present temper of the British nation it is not at all likely that preparations for hostilities will be relaxed or that the popular outcry will be diminished by Admiral Rojestvensky's report; but it is understood that Great Britain would run the risk of forfeiting in some degree the good will of France, and certainly that of Germany, if she proceeded to substitute warlike for diplomatic steps, of which intention, so it is stated at the Russian embassy to-night, there is no indication in Lord Lansdowne's communication. The attitude of France is held to be of the highest importance. It was said to-day by the representative of another great power that if France had given definite assurances that she would not support Russia in the event of war growing out of the North Sea incident, a hostile issue would be almost inevitable, as the temptation to crush the Russian naval power after such provocation could scarcely have been refused by Great Britain. It is pointed out that it is greatly to France's interest to preserve peace, and her efforts in that direction obviously will be strengthened by not committing herself except at the last moment. So long as Great Britain is not sure whether France will help Russia, she will not be likely to engage in war; while Russia, with France neutral, would, so it is thought at most of the embassies here, scarcely invite defeat.

The most probable solution of the rumors regarding France's position is said by a high authority to be that she has given both disputants to understand that she does not desire to become involved, but has reserved her final decision. M. Cambon was unceasingly active throughout the day, not only in visiting Lord Lansdowne and Count Benckendorff, but others of his diplomatic colleagues.

HAYASHI'S OPINIONS.

Baron Hayashi, the Japanese minister, after reading Admiral Rojestvensky's report, again reiterated his statement that it was impossible that any Japanese torpedo boat could have been where the Russian admiral thought them. He declared that Rojestvensky's own statement of indiscriminate firing after such slight investigation, showed that the Russian fleet was likely to menace the safety of all neutral seas, and make international law merely a farce. War between England and Russia, Baron Hayashi frankly admitted, would be greatly to Japan's advantage; yet as a friend of England, he would be sorry to see it come, though such a war could hardly consist of more than one naval engagement, the result of which would be a foregone conclusion.

Exactly what method can be taken to investigate Vice-Admiral Rojestvensky's statements does not clearly appear. The Russian embassy here can throw no light upon the alleged presence of torpedo boats in the North Sea; the British Admiralty has no information, and fresh inquiry among the trawlers elicits no new facts. The Russian embassy thinks that a further and more elaborate inquiry is proceeding at Vigo, where the testimony of the officers participating in the affair is being minutely recorded.

WHAT IS A 'DEMAND'?

The apparent contradictions between statements emanating from St. Petersburg, and the understanding here as to whether Great Britain has demanded the punishment of those responsible for the North Sea affair, arises from the fact that while admittedly no demands have been submitted by Sir Charles Hardinge in St. Petersburg, Lord Lansdowne, in conversation with Count Benckendorff, has laid down propositions which, to all intents and purposes, are just as much in the nature of demands as if they had been specifically formulated, but would only become 'demands' in the strictly diplomatic sense when formulated and presented.

No representations have been made by the Japanese or the British government regarding the action of the Spanish authorities in connection with the second Pacific fleet, both governments being perfectly satisfied with the correctness of the Spanish attitude.

RUSSIAN SKEPTICISM.

A FEW TRENCHANT CRITICISMS.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 28.—In diplomatic circles Rojestvensky's report created the keenest interest. The feeling is the situation demands impartial investigation to determine the facts to the satisfaction of both parties and to the world generally. The mystery is not considered to be cleared up. One of the things particularly pointed out is the fact that Rojestvensky's report was written after he had seen the foreign accounts of the affair. The Admiralty is unable to explain why, after being attacked, he waited four days before reporting, and that he then took pains to reply to the allegations of the press. In some quarters this is regarded as suspicious. Of course the government accepts the report in perfectly good faith, but if an enquiry should prove that the report was prepared to shield himself, the most severe punishment will be meted out to him. If, on the contrary, it is proved to be correct, it will place Great Britain in an awkward position. In either event the situation might be rendered more acute and the feeling among the diplomats is that pending a solution of all the questions in doubt the greatest tact and moderation should be observed by the statesmen and newspapers of both countries.

A UNANIMOUS PUBLIC.

Popular excitement has reached a pitch unequalled since the beginning of the war. Public sympathy and confidence undoubtedly are with Admiral Rojestvensky, and should Russia choose to stand upon his version without further enquiry there is no question but such a course would be popular with the masses, who would be willing to back the government in the controversy to the utmost extremity. It is most unlikely, however, that the government will adopt such a course. It is much more probable that after the first flush of excitement has faded a middle way will be found whereby the facts can be established and the national pride of both countries be maintained.

'THE LUNATIC FLEET.'

Tokio, Oct. 27.—The collision between the Russian Baltic fleet and the English fishing boats in the North Sea is regarded as a nautical accident, due to the darkness. To-day the newspapers express great sympathy for the innocent victims. They style the Baltic fleet 'the lunatic fleet.'

WARLIKE PREPARATIONS.

THE BRITISH NAVY IS POINTING TOWARDS THE BALTIC FLEET.

London, Oct. 28.—Notwithstanding the diplomatic check in consequence of Admiral Rojestvensky's report, it is evident that Great Britain is preparing for the possibility of war. Tremendous activity is reported from all dockyards, where vessels under repair are being made ready for sea under urgent orders from the Admiralty. At Cardiff it is stated that Admiralty agents are securing great quantities of coal for Gibraltar, Portsmouth, Malta and other ports, and paying high freights. The Mediterranean fleet is hastening in the direction of Gibraltar, and it is announced that the Channel squadron will leave Gibraltar early this morning, its alleged object being a 'sham attack on the Rock.' The Home fleet, likewise, is concentrating. In fact, almost the entire British navy is pointing in the direction of the Baltic fleet, a portion of which is expected to sail from Vigo during to-day.

AROUND GIBRALTAR.

Gibraltar, Oct. 27.—The ships of the British Channel fleet cleared this afternoon. It is rumored that the whole fleet, with the exception of the battleship 'Caesar,' will steam westward tomorrow with the alleged purpose of making a sham attack against the Rock of Gibraltar. Several torpedo boats left Tangier this afternoon fully equipped. Work at the arsenal is proceeding under high pressure.

A division of the Mediterranean fleet comprising six battleships, all the armored cruisers, and 20 torepdo boats are expected to arrive here to-morrow.

THE MEDITERRANEAN FLEET.

Malta, Oct. 27.—Some British warships arrived here from Corfu and are coaling. They are expected to sail for Gibraltar when this work is finished. The battleship 'Queen' and six torpedo boat destroyers sailed this evening for an unknown destination.

A GENERAL CONCENTRATION.

Athens, Oct. 27.—All the vessels of the British Mediterranean fleet now in Greek waters have been ordered to sail forthwith. The Polar British squadron sailed at midnight.

THE BALTIC FLEET.

IS SAID TO BE IN UTTER CONFUSION.

London, Oct. 28.—The 'Daily Mail's' Vigo correspondent professes to know that the utmost confusion prevails in the Russian fleet. He says it is generally believed that there has been the most extraordinary mismanagement. No confidence exists in the future. Admiral Rojestvensky appears to be extremely irresolute and taciturn. He is continually in this attitude in regard to the smallest details. It seems that the Russians are not very anxious to leave, as the fleet is considered to be in an unfit state to resist attack. The Spanish government will permit each ship to embark 400 tons of coal immediately. Coaling is now going on very slowly, and probably will not be finished before noon on Friday, after which the warships will sail for Tangier. It is reported that five British warships are outside Vigo watching the Russians, but this cannot be confirmed.

BOILERS WANT REPAIRING.

London, Oct. 28.—A despatch to the 'Standard' from Vigo states that part of the Russian fleet has left for the Far East. The vessels remaining have been granted permission to repair their boilers on condition that each starts as soon as its repairs are completed.

A GERMAN VESSEL.

FIRED ON FOR TWO AND A HALF HOURS.

Berlin, Oct. 28.—A despatch to the 'Lokal Anzeiger,' dated Geestemunde, Oct. 27, 11.55 p.m., says:

'The fishing vessel 'Sonnetag,' which arrived here to-day, reported that it had been fired upon for two and a half hours off Dogger Bank, but was not hit.'

The following is the story of Captain Hachner of the 'Sonnetag':

'On Oct. 21, we were on the Horn's Reef fishing rounds, on the west coast of Jutland. In the forenoon five large Russian ships passed, and in the evening nine more. North of us was a large freight steamer. At 8.30 o'clock p.m. we were lighted by a reflector, and immediately afterwards there fell the first shells in our neighborhood. The Russian vessels fired up to 80 shots a minute in all directions. Towards 9.30 the freighter approached us, drawing the fire upon itself. In the light of the reflector we observed shells striking close to this steamer. We then observed another reflector southward and shells bursting near the ship, which was firing on us. We remained unhurt. After 11 o'clock there were no further shells.'

A DANISH STORY.

JAPANESE SAID TO HAVE CHARTERED SWEDISH VESSELS.

Copenhagen, Oct. 27.—The correspondent of the Associated Press learns that the Danish ministry of marine was informed that several ships were chartered by Japanese at Hull to attack the Russian second Pacific squadon in the North Sea. The Russians were informed of this. The marine authorities here credit the report.

The Danish ministry was officially informed that 13 Swedish vessels had been chartered by the Japanese to attack the Russian squadron in the Baltic. A Danish cruiser and a torpedo boat watched the vessels so closely that their approach to the Russian squadron was impossible.

While thus engaged the Danish torpedo boat 'Havheston' had a narrow escape. The commander of a Russian battleship mistook the Danish boat for an enemy, and fired a blank shot. The quickness of the torpedo boat in displaying its flag, saved her. This happened at night time. When the captain of the torpedo boat boarded the battleship he found large quantities of ammunition piled ready for use. The incident was reported to the Danish minister at the time.

Danish warships acted as police for the Russian squadron until the latter reached the North Sea.

THROWING DUST IN THE EYES OF THE WORLD.

London, Oct. 27.—Baron Hayashi, the Japanese minister to Great Britain, was asked to-night by the Associated Press for his side of the statement from Copenhagen that the Danish ministry of marine was informed recently that several ships were chartered at Hull by the Japanese government to attack the second Pacific squadron, and that 13 Swedish vessels had also been chartered by Japan for the same purpose. The Japanese minister said that no ships had been chartered by his government from Hull or elsewhere to destroy the squadron. The chartering and arming of 13 ships, Baron Hayashi said, would be impossible in these waters. It would have been necessary to man them with Japanese, and there are not enough Japanese here. At Hull, the minister added, there are two Japanese studying the curing of fish. Baron Hayashi said the whole story must have been concocted in order to throw dust in the eyes of the Danish Minister of Marine and of the world.

DARDANELLES PASSAGE.

HOW THE QUESTION IS VIEWED BY THE POWERS.

Rome, Oct. 27.—Although no request has been received by the Italian Government from Russia regarding the removing of the international restrictions on the passage of the Dardanelles by ships of war, the question has been more or less discussed between the powers since last January, when Great Britain addressed a protest to Turkey against the passage of the Straits by Russian torpedo boats. While no conclusion was reached, the attitude of the different powers appears to be as follows:

Great Britain—Decidedly opposed.

Germany—Considers herself an unconcerned spectator, whose interest in the disputed matter would be neither furthered nor prejudiced by whatever solution might be reachd.

Austria—Always upheld the principle that the Dardanelles should be open to all or none.

France—Because of her present alliance with Russia, France views the question in a different light from that in which she regarded it at the time of the Crimean war, when, allied with England in the treaty of 1856, which was confirmed by the treaty of Berlin, she favored the prohibition of warships passing the straits.

Italy—Notwithstanding the intimate relations between the Houses of Savoy and of Romanoff, this government has no reason to change from the attitude assumed in the Crimean war, in which Piedmont participated as the ally of England.

The Italian Anglophile feeling is voiced to-night by the 'Tribune,' a leading government paper, which calls Admiral Rojestvensky a lunatic, adding that if complete and prompt satisfaction is not given, war will be inevitable.

AT ESQUIMALT.

ORDERS FOR THE 'EMPRESS OF JAPAN.'

Esquimalt, Oct. 26.—Amongst the naval officers here there is a rumor that Great Britain has given Russia twelve hours to make all reparation for the trawler outrage. The runior is said to have come in private cables from London. The report that the Canadian Pacific Steamship Company's liner 'Empress of Japan,' due to leave Vancouver on Monday for Hongkong via Yokohama, had been ordered to proceed no further than Yokohama this trip, and that all her Hongkong freight had been disembarked again at Vancouver, has caused considerable excitement in Esquimalt naval circles. The six-inch guns and ammunition for the 'Empresses,' when used as auxiliary cruisers, are stored at Esquimalt navy yard ready at an hour's notice to be mounted aboard. Each of the 'Empresses' has four emplacements on the broadside for six-inch guns, the emplacements consisting of specially strengthened sponsons.

Naval officers, spoken to this evening, say they would not be surprised to see the 'Empress of Japan' ordered to Esquimalt naval dock at once to have her guns mounted and ammunition put aboard. The other guns are kept in the Hongkong navy yard, so that the eastbound 'Empress' may be fitted without delay. It is now considered probable that H. M. S. 'Grafton's' projected cruise to Honolulu, leaving Friday, will be cancelled. The Navy officials are in constant communication with London.

A SWEDISH STEAMER ATTACKED.

Stockholm, Sweden, Oct. 27.—The skipper of the Swedish steamer 'Aldebaran,' from Hull, Eng., which arrived to-day at Gefle, Sweden, says his vessel was chased in the Skagerack during the evening of Friday, Oct. 21, by a foreign cruiser, apparently Russian, which threw its searchlight on her. The cruiser, increasing her speed, passed the 'Aldebaran' and fired a shot, which had no effect. The 'Aldebaran' thereupon hoisted her flag, and the cruiser again threw her searchlight on the steamer, and a few minutes later hailed shot all around the 'Aldebaran' without, however, hitting her. The 'Aldebaran's' skipper then ordered the steamer to be stopped and with his crew sought refuge below. The foreign warship thereupon disappeared in the darkness.

DAUGHTERS OF THE EMPIRE.

The second meeting of the Daughters of the Empire was held in the Empire Building on Tuesday afternoon. The resignation of the treasurer, Mrs. McKay, who has moved to Winnipeg, was accepted, and Mrs. Henders was elected to the office pro. tem. The Association is working to sustain a cot for soldiers in one of our city hospitals, to be called the 'Soldiers' cot.' An afternoon euchre will be held shortly.

Advertisements.

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Opera Wafers, in "Special" tins	60c per tin
Opera Wafers, in square tins of about 5 lbs. each	60c per lb.
Dinner Biscuits, in "No. 1" tins	35c per tin
Dinner Biscuits, in "Special" tins	60c per tin
Dinner Biscuits, in square tins of about 5 lbs each	40c per tin
Fancy Shortbread, in round tins	40c per tin
Fancy Rusks, in "No. 1" tins	30c per tin
Fancy Rusks, in "No. 2 Extra" tins	55c per tin
Sponge Rusks, in "No. 2 Extra" tins	80c per tin
Tea Rusks, in "No. 2" tins	50c per tin
Petit Beurre Biscuits, in "No. 1" tins	35c per tin
Petit Beurre Biscuits, in "Special" tins	40c per tin
Petit Beurre Biscuits, in square tins of about 5 lbs. each	25c per lb.
Milk Biscuits, in "No. 2 Extra" tins	50c per tin
Cheese Biscuits, in "No. 2 Extra" tins	50c per tin
Breakfast Biscuits, in "Special" tins	60c per tin
Combination Biscuits (mixed varieties) in large tins	25c per lb.
Wheatmeal Biscuits, in large cans	30c per lb.
Wheatmeal Biscuits, in "Special" tins	70c per tin
Algeria Biscuits, in large cans	30c per lb.
Marie Biscuits, in large cans	30c per lb.
Marie Biscuits, in "No. 2 Extra" tins	75c per tin
Philippine Biscuits, in square tins of about 5 lbs. each	75c per lb.
Philippine Biscuits, in "Special" tins	40c per tin
Afternoon Tea Biscuits, in "No. 1" tins	45c per tin
Afternoon Tea Biscuits, in large cans	30c per lb.
Ginger Nuts, in "No. 1" tins	40c per tin
Ginger Nuts, in "No. 2" tins	60c per tin

CHRISTMAS BISCUITS in Fancy Decorated Tins.

Christmas Biscuits, in "Kashmir" tins	98c per tin
Christmas Biscuits, in "Enamel" tins	$1.27 per tin
Christmas Biscuits, in "Work Basket" tins	$1.35 per tin
Christmas "Universal" Biscuits, in "Buhl" tins	60c per tin
Christmas Biscuits, in "Handbag" tins	75c per tin
Christmas "Eclipse" Biscuits, in "Mandalay" tins	50c per tin

FRASER, VIGER & CO., Italian Warehouse, ESTABLISHED 1836. The Nordheimer Building 207, 209 & 211 St. James st. MONTREAL.

THE "OLD HOMESTEAD" BRAND —OF— Canned Fruits and Vegetables.

Have already revolutionized the Canned Goods trade

WHY?

Because they are packed from selected stock, and on the most scientific methods.

Because their appearance is in keeping with their quality.

THE DEMAND IS ENORMOUS.

For Sale By CARTER, GALBRAITH & CO., 82 St. Peter Street, Montreal.

MARRIAGE LICENSES MONEY TO LEND.
CUSHING & BARRON,
Notaries and Commissioners,
Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Building,
112 St. James Street

CHEMISTS find Cook's Friend Baking powder pure.
DOCTORS pronounce it wholesome.
COOKS know it does the work at the right time.
HOUSEWIVES say that cake and bread raised with Cook's Friend Baking Powder are fine, dainty and delicious.

MARRIAGE LICENSES
Issued by
JOHN M. M. DUFF,
107 St. James St.
49 Crescent St

Advertisements.

You have 115 kinds of Bread to choose from with JAMES STRACHAN. Bakers to Royalty.

THE WAR

GUNS TAKEN.

RUSSIANS DRIVEN OFF A HILL.

General Kuroki's headquarters, in the field, via Fusan, Oct. 28.—The Japanese gave a stirring exhibition of sharp and determined fighting yesterday. They drove the Russians from a high hill ten miles east of the railway, in General Kuroki's front, which is important strategically as a post of observation, and was the only point south of the Sha khe river which the Russians held. About a regiment of Russians were entrenched there, with five machine guns.

The Japanese rushed the Russian trenches, shot many Russians as they were running doyn the hillside and captured two machine guns. The Japanese had twenty men killed and eighty wounded. The Russians left thirty dead on the field. There was hand-to-hand fighting when the trenches were taken. The Russians retired across the river. When the Japanese flag was raised over a tower surmounting the hill, the Russian batteries showered shrapnel on it for an hour, but without result.

THE QUEEN'S SOLICITUDE.

London, Oct. 28.—Queen Alexandra's deep concern regarding the Anglo-Russian crisis was evidenced to-day. Hardly had the Cabinet risen when a message was handed to Mr. Balfour from her, and the Premier immediately drove to Buckingham Palace, where he had a prolonged interview withthe Queen. The latter, in the evening, proceeded to Sandringham, and Mr. Balfour went to Southampton.

AN EMPHATIC DISCLAIMER.

London, Oct. 28.—In reply to an inquiry regarding the alleged presence of alleged torpedo boats among the Hull fishing fleet, Dr. Jackson, solicitor of the owners of the fleet, wires as follows:—'I have personally interviewed the crews of the 'Moulmein,' 'Mino,' and 'Gull,' and the boatswain of the 'Crane,' and the other injured men from the 'Crane.' They unanimously and emphatically deny Admiral Rojestvensky's suggestion concerning vessels like torpedo boats moving rapidly among the fishing fleet, which they characterize as a fabrication. Trawlers could not be mistaken for war vessels nor our fishermen for Japanese.'

SHIPS RELEASED AT VLADIVOSTOK.

Vladivostok, Oct. 28. — The British steamers 'Allanton' and 'Calchas,' (both seized by the Vladivostok squadron) have been released. A deposit of $300,000 was made in behalf of the latter vessel, whose case comes up on appeal at St. Petersburg, shortly.

ROJESTVENSKY WILL STOP AT VIGO.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 28, 5 p.m.— The Admiralty authorizes the statement that Admiral Rojestvensky has been instructed to remain at Vigo pending the inquiry into the North Sea incident.

BOUND FOR ESQUIMALT.

PARTY OF ARTILLERYMEN AND ENGINEERS BROUGHT OVER BY THE SS. 'BUENOS AYREAN.'

Halifax, N.S., Oct. 28.—The Allan liner 'Buenos Ayrean' arrived here to-day from Liverpool and St. John's, Nfld. She brought 229 rank and file of the Royal Garrison Artillery and Royal Engineers. A hundred of these men leave to-morrow for Esquimalt, B.C. The C. P. R. has two military transport cars here for them, and the cars will be attached to the Montreal express as far as Montreal. Mr. Patterson, of the Montreal office of the C. P. R., will accompany the party through to the Pacific.

It was rumored about the city last evening that the Royal Garrison Artillery stationed here had received orders from the War Office to hold themselves in readiness to proceed to Esquimalt, B.C., so as to be nearer the base of operations should the North Sea episode result in an open rupture between Great Britain and Russia. The report was freely circulated among the troops and caused considerable stir and excitement among the men.

There was also considerable stir in naval circles last night, when it was known that the flagship 'Ariadne' and the cruiser 'Alert' had received orders to coal, and the work was started last evening.

The torpedo boats in port which have been out of commission for some time have been put into working trim.

An officer who was questioned on the subject said he could not say whether the preparations were meant for war or for annual mobilization.

SIR WILFRID TO-NIGHT.

THE PREMIER TO SPEAK AT IMPORTANT LIBERAL MEETING IN WINDSOR HALL.

One of the most important Liberal meetings in Montreal in connection with the election campaign will be held this evening at eight o'clock, in the Windsor Hall, when Sir Wilfrid Laurier will deliver an address on the political situation and the test questions of the election.

Among the speakers will be the Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick, Minister of Justice; Mr. R. C. Smith, K.C., and Mr. Peter Lyall.

All available tickets have already been disposed of, the demand having been very great, and the large hall will certainly be filled to overflowing.

MR. MECHAUD DISQUALIFIED.

Ottawa, Oct. 28.—Although Mr. Telesphore Mechaud was nominated yesterday as Conservative candidate for parliamentary honors in Berthier county, that gentleman is disqualified from election by reason of his neglect to resign his village postmastership. The result, therefore, in Berthier is that Mr. Archambault, Liberal, is already practically elected by acclamation.

Mr. Matthew Shaver, of South Indian, who desired to face the electorate in Russell as an Independent Liberal, is in the same position as Mr. Mechaud. He is disqualified on account of his not having retired beforehand from the post mastership of South Indian. Chapter II., section 9, sub-section A, of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1886, reads as follows: 'No person accepting or holding any office, commission or employment, permanent or temporary, in the service of the government of Canada at the nomination of the crown, or at the nomination of any of the officers of the government of Canada, to which salary, fee, wages, allowance, emolument or profit of any kind is attached, shall be eligible as a member of the House of Commons or shall sit or vote therein.'

IN QUEBEC EAST.

Dr. Fiset, the Opposition candidate in Quebec East against Sir Wilfrid Laurier, was an officer of the Inland Revenue Department, but resigned therefrom. His resignation has not been accepted yet, but that should not perhaps prevent him from sitting in the House if the impossible happened and he was elected over the Prime Minister.

THE CONTEST IN OTTAWA.

An editorial comment this morning of the Ottawa 'Citizen' (Conservative) is causing much talk in town to-day. 'Birkett and Belcourt in the lead,' says this champion of the Opposition cause. The latter has represented Ottawa in parliament since 1896, and the Liberals are making a determined effort to carry his running mate into the House with him this time. In the last parliament the capital was represented by Mr. Belcourt, Liberal, and Mr. Birkett, Conservative. In the House that was elected in 1896 the Liberals carried both seats.'

MISS MINNIE O'KEEFE DEAD.

Miss Minnie O'Keefe, daughter of Detective James O'Keefe, died yesterday morning from typhoid fever at the home of her parents, 719 St. Urbain street. Miss O'Keefe was in her sixteenth year.

CASE OF MAGLOIRE HOGUE.

Ottawa, Oct. 28.—The capital case of Magloire Hogue, of Montreal, who is under sentence of hanging the middle of next month, will probably not come before the cabinet council for final disposition until after the elections, because there will not be a quorum of ministers in the Capital till then.

NEW SCHOOL OF INSTRUCTION.

Ottawa, Oct. 28.—The establishment of a provisional school of instruction in army service corps duties at Sherbrooke, Que., is authorized. It will be opened on Nov. 10, and will be maintained for a period not exceeding four weeks.

TRANSCONTINENTAL RAILWAY.

Ottawa, Oct. 28.—The transcontinental railway commission set out for Manitoba last night.

THE NEWCOMERS.

Judgment did not End Troubles of the Alleged Gypsies.

AN ATTEMPT MADE TO HAVE THEM DEPORTED BY THE 'IONIAN.'

The judgment of the court, yesterday, granting the habeas corpus and giving liberty to the twenty Russian immigrants who arrived here on board the steamship 'Ionian,' did not close the incident.

After being set free, they took up their quarters at Stillwell's restaurant, Craig street. However, their peaceful enjoyment of the hospitality of Montreal did not last long, for early in the afternoon, the instructions which Mr. P. C. Ryan had been expecting in the morning, came from Ottawa, ordering official opposition to the demand for habeas corpus, and the enforcing, by all possible means, of the prohibition clause against undesirable new-comers.

The court having rendered its judgment, any opposition to the habeas corpus was then out of the question, but there still remained the other question whether the party would be sent back to Liverpool by the same ship, leaving the port of Montreal this morning.

Assuming that the government was not bound by Mr. Justice Fortin's decision, not having been a party to the case, and that the general rules governing the admission of immigrants could be enforced, the immigration officers proceeded to adopt measures, with a view to secure the deportation of these people, to whom admission to the United States had been refused.

As a result, the Russians soon found their quarters guarded by policemen, but their attorney, Mr. Greenshields, having been made aware of the fact, managed to free them from such indignity. Still the officers of the government were around, and the immigrants did not feel at their ease, but a climax was reached when waggons and carriages were noticed in close proximity to the premises late in the evening. This was the signal for again summoning Mr. Greenshields, who advised his clients to resist any attempt to carry them on board the ship. For some time the situation was somewhat critical, there being an apparent desire to carry out the immigration laws, on the one hand, and a determination to resist any forcible interference with the liberty of the subject on the other.

However, what had been taking place outside meanwhile, settled the difficulty for the moment. Mr. Ryan, acting on behalf of the government, conferred with Mr. George Hannah, general passenger agent of the Allan line, with a view to have the two families of immigrants transferred back to the 'Ionian.' Mr. Hannah, in his turn, consulted one of the company's attorneys, Mr. Meredith, and upon his advice, refused to allow the gypsies to be placed on board the ship, the position taken by the company being that, in the face of the judgment of the court, it required more authority than the government officials could show at the moment, to justify the shipping authorities to undertake the deportation of those immigrants.

As a consequence, the 'Ionian' left this morning without the two Russian families, who are still at Stillwell's restaurant.

The case was expected to again come up in court this morning, but nothing was done.

Mr. Ryan declares that the gypsies will ultimately be deported, the government being determined not to admit such a class of people.

On the other hand, Mr. Greenshields fails to see by what legal process they can now be reached, having been given their liberty and freedom by a judgment of the court.

AN ASSUMED NAME.

H. S. Bray, not Whitfield, the Nameof Young Suicide.

COPY OF MILTON'S 'PARADISE LOST' FOUND IN HIS POCKET.

Mr. David Drysdale has received the following telegram from Mr. Ferdinand Bray, of Providence, R.I., father of the young man who shot himself yesterday morning, after making an unsuccessful attempt on the life of Mr. Drysdale:—

'Providence, R.I.

'D Drysdale,

'Hardware dealer, Montreal,

'Just received news of the death of H. S. Bray. Myself or some of his family will reach Montreal Friday night.

'FERDINAND BRAY.'

Thus it is shown that John Whitfield, the name by which the young man was known in Montreal, was an assumed one. From a note book in which the young man kept a diary of his life, it was found that 'Whitfield' was his mother's maiden name. This note book, which was a record of Bray's life up to the time when he came to Montreal, was found by his landlady underneath his mattress a few weeks after his arrival at her house, 30 Victoria street. The book has since disappeared and cannot be found, although a careful search of his room has been made. The young man was well educated, and spent much of his time in reading. That he was fond of the deeper and more serious class of literature was shown by the fact that a copy of Milton's 'Paradise Lost' was found in his pocket after the tragedy.

Coroner McMahon held an investigation of the case at the morgue this morning. After hearing the evidence of Mr. Drysdale and several of the clerks who were in the store when the tragedy occurred, the coroner disposed of the case, giving a verdict of suicide in a moment of temporary insanity. As the facts of the case were so clear it was thought unnecessary to call a jury. The body will probably be taken to Providence for burial.

GALLANTRY REWARDED.

RECORDER WEIR PRESENTS MR. DAVID KENNEDY WITH THE HUMANE SOCIETY'S MEDAL.

A pleasing incident took place this afternoon on board the Black Diamond steamer 'Bonavista,' when His Honor Recorder Weir pinned on the breast of Mr. David Kennedy, second steward of the vessel, the medal of the Royal Canadian Humane Association for conspicuous bravery in saving life at sea. In making the presentation the Recorder in felicitous terms congratulated the recipient on his presence of mind and promptness in saving a human life. The presentation was made in the handsome cabin of the vessel before Captain Fraser, the officers, Mr. Joseph E. Cookson, general freight and passenger agent of the Dominion Coal Company, and Mr. George Gillespie, honorary secretary of the Montreal branch of the Royal Canadian Humane Association. Previous to the presentation Mr. Gillespie gave the following particulars of the rescue: 'On Aug. 27 last, the steamship 'Bonavista' was just leaving Messrs. Harvey & Co.'s wharf at St. John's, Nfld., when a lad named McCoubry fell overboard between the ship and the wharf. David Kennedy, second steward of the ship, jumped in and saved him, running great risk of being crushed or drowned. He had to dive for the boy, and his own escape was almost miraculous.

At the conclusion of the interesting ceremony the visitors were entertained at luncheon by Captain Fraser.

Two years ago the Recorder had the pleasure of presenting the Society's medal to Mr. Michael Walsh, also of the 'Bonavista.'

DEATH OF MR. SHIELDS.

GENERAL MANAGER OF THE LAKE SUPERIOR COMPANY PASSES AWAY UNEXPECTEDLY.

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., Oct. 28.—Cornelius Shields, general manager of the Lake Superior Corporation, died at 2.30 this morning of heart failure. He was not feeling well yesterday, and did not go to his office. This morning the town was surprised to hear of his death, as so much was built upon Mr. Shields's ability to manage the reorganized company. Mr. Shields's death will be a heavy blow to the corporation.

THE SLAUGHTER APPEAL.

Windsor, Ont., Oct. 28.—Mr. Delos S. Davis, attorney for Edward Slaughter, who is awaiting execution at Sandwich jail, has completed his petitions, six in all, for the commutation of the sentence and has forwarded them to the Minister of Justice at Ottawa. The petitions are from thirty-six officials of the county, thirty-seven magistrates, policemen and police constables, twelve clergymen, twelve doctors, twenty-two lawyers and fifteen hundred citizens.

INSULT RESENTED.

CANADIAN-BORN RESIDENTS OF DETROIT WILL SUPPORT REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR MAYOR.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 28.—The Victorian Club, formerly the British-American Club, which claims a membership of eight hundred, passed a resolution last night calling upon its members to do what they can properly to defeat Mayor Maybury, the present Democratic incumbent, who is a candidate for re-election, and to support Mr. Codd, the Republican candidate, for that office. The club's grievance against Mr. Maybury is that he presided at a Boer meeting during the war between Great Britain and the Boers, and that he does not treat British-born subjects, especially Canadians, with the same consideration that he does other foreign-born subjects. The members were also asked to support Congressman Lucking (Democrat) in recognition of his efforts in behalf of a reciprocity arrangement between the United States and Canada. There are over thirty thousand Canadian-born citizens in Detroit.

FIRE AMONG COTTON

THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS DAMAGE DONE AT THE SOUTH BROOKLYN DOCKS.

New York, Oct. 28.—One man was burned to death and another seriously injured in a fire at the Bush Terminal Company, South Brooklyn, early to-day. The dead man is a patrolman named Patrick Cushing, and a fireman, John B. Walsh, is in a hospital suffering from scalp wounds, concussion of the brain and contusions of the body. The fire was discovered on the lighter 'Victor,' lying at Pier No. 7, foot of 41st street. The vessel was laden with cotton. Before the engines arrived the flames had spread to the pier, which was loaded with cotton, and it was entirely destroyed by fire. The pier was seven hundred feet in length, and was one of the largest in this vicinity. The flames soon reached the lighters 'Bend,' 'Iowa,' and another known as 'Number 206,' all laden with cotton, and then jumped to Pier No. 6, at the foot of 46th street, and set fire to the Italian steamer 'Citta di Palermo,' which was damaged to the extent of thirty thousand dollars. She is owned by Messrs. George W. Becker & Company. A number of steamships and smaller craft were towed out into the stream and escaped the flames. The fire commissioner says the loss will not exceed $800,000.

VOLCANIC DETONATIONS, PERHAPS.

St. Thomas, D.W.I., Oct. 28.—It is reported from Antigua that loud detonations were heard at points on the south south side of that island to-day.

DROWNED WHILE OUT SHOOTING.

Winnipeg, Man., Oct. 28.—Major Cates, of Napinka, was drowned in Maple Creek, near Pipestone, Man., while out shooting. He was a municipal auditor and served with the 91st Battalion in the Riel rebellion. He was also a member of the Wimbledon team.

JUDGE CHAMPAGNE SWORN IN.

The Hon. L. N. Champagne, the new judge of the Superior Court, was sworn in before Acting Chief Justice Sir Melbourne Tait on Wednesday afternoon.

SOUTH AFRICAN MEMORIAL.

CONTRACT AWARDED TO TORONTO SCULPTOR.

Toronto, Ont., Oct. 28.—At a meeting of the South African Memorial Association, a design by Mr. W. S. Allward, sculptor, of this city, was accepted. Fourteen artists from every quarter of the globe took part in the competition and thirty-six designs were submitted. The accepted design shows a square, grey granite shaft, forty feet high, rising from a platform, and surmounted by a bronze globe on which is standing a ten-foot bronze statue of Peace. At the foot of the obelisk is a female figure representing Canada and standing at either side of this the figure of a soldier. The estimated cost of the monument is $30,000.

SIR FELIX SEMON.

Toronto, Oct. 28.—Sir Felix Semon, surgeon-in-ordinary to the King, is here on his way to Guelph, where he intends entering his son in the Agricultural College.

A meeting of the executive of the Montreal branch of the Dominion Alliance will be held in the Bible House this evening at 8 o'clock, to consider matters in connection with political action by the Alliance.

ALLEGED FORGED CHEQUE.

James Robinston, whose right name is said to be S. D. Freeman, was attested last night by Constable Cote, of No. 6 station, and Corporal Picard, on the charge of uttering a forged cheque for the sum of $75. It is alleged that Robinston engaged a man at the St. James Hotel, and tendered in payment a cheque on the City and District Bank for $25. The clerk, noticing that he dated the cheque Sept. 30, became suspicious, so he called up Lieutenant Proulx, of No. 6 station, who sent Constable Cote and Corporal Picard, who arrested the man. In Judge Choquet's court this morning Robinston was disposed to be ugly He pleaded not guilty, and as it was alleged he has been in an asylum for several years he was remanded for medical examination.

OBITUARY.

Ottawa, Oct. 28.—The Rev. Canon McCarthy, for many years priest of St. Bridget's parish, died last night from the result of stomach troubles. He will be buried on Saturday with full church honors. He was born in New Ross, Ireland, in 1851.

Hastings, Ont., Oct. 28.—Mr. Robt. Scriver, of Peterborough, died very suddenly last night. The deceased was going to the wharf to take his boat from home, and his son James, who followed a few seconds afterwards, found him on the ground dead. Doctors were summoned who pronounced death due to heart trouble.

Kingston, Ont., Oct. 28.—Mrs. James M. Farrell, wife of the Police Magistrate, died last evening, after a prolonged attack of heart affection. She was a daughter of the Rev. Malcolm Macgillivray, D.D., and was married four years ago. She finished her education at St. Margaret's College, Toronto, and was a vocalist of much prominence.

Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 28.—Former Governor Nash dropped dead this morning in the bathroom at the home of his stepdaughter. Governor Nash had been in ill-health for over a year, having been stricken with heart trouble and other complications while Governor of Ohio.

MOUNTAIN LOOK OUT.

THE ERECTION OF A SUBSTANTIAL AND ARTISTIC BUILDING TO BE DISCUSSED THIS AFTERNOON.

A meeting of the Parks and Ferries Committee, which was postponed yesterday owing to the absence of one of the members, has been called for this afternoon, at 4 o'clock. The most important matter to be considered will be the plans prepared by three architects for the proposed new lookout and restaurant on the mountain. The old lookout has been almost completely demolished. The new plans show structures of substantial and artistic character and will cost, it is estimated, at least fifteen thousand dollars. Provision will be made for a crescent shaped lookout with stands for the sale of curios and souvenirs. At one end of the promenade will be a two story building that may be used as dining-rooms or for picnics and aldermanic luncheons. At the other end of the observatory space it is proposed to erect sheds for bicycles horses, etc., requiring shelter in time of rain storms. Between the ends of the crescent it is proposed to have a flower bed or two and a circular driveway. The whole affair is intended to be artistic and revenue producing as well as an accommodation to the public.

COMMERCIAL.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Messrs. J. J. Bache & Co., Bell Telephone Building, Montreal, report the closing prices in Chicago to-day as follows:

	Open	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat, Dec.	113¾	113⅞	113	113⅜b
May	.112½	112⅝	112½	112⅝
Corn, Dec.	.50	50	48⅞	49⅛b
May	.46¼	46⅝	45½	45⅝
Oats, Dec.	.29⅜	29⅝	28⅞	29⅛b
May	.31½	31⅝	31⅛	31⅝
Pork, Jan.	12.47	12.52	12.37	12.42
May	....	12.55	12.47	12.47
Lard, Jan.	.....	7.12	7.05	7.06
May	7.17	7.20	7.15	7.16
Short ribs, Jan.	....	6.50	6.45	6.45
May	....	6.62	6.57	6.60

THE WHEAT MARKET

CHICAGO DECLINES SLIGHTLY—WINNIPEG STEADY.

The Chicago Wheat market has shown but fractional change since last night. The feeling is generally bearish, and about ½c decline is recorded all round. October closed at $1.12⅝ nominal, December at $1.13⅛ bid, and May at $1.12⅝ asked.

The Winnipeg wheat market has been steady throughout the session, the futures missing at last night's prices, while Cash wheat developed a slight advance, closing at 98⅝c. The futures closed at 96c and $1.01 for December and May respectively.

The market for corn an doats were tasier to-day.

RAIL AND CANAL RECEIPTS.

	G.T.R.	C.P.R.	Canal.
Peas, bush	....	....	312
Oats, bush	2,734	....	175
Barley, bush.	832	....	....
Buckwheat, bush	1,621	....	....
Flour, brls.	941	2,485	350
Meal, brls	....	225	....
Eggs, cases	54	771	22
Butter, pkgs	930	1,027	28
Cheese, bxs.	3,471	2,702	2,556
Meats, pkgs	1,121	703	....
Hams and bacon, pkgs.	....	177	....
Leather, rolls	271	33	....
Raw hides	....	13	....
Dressed hogs	....	44	....
Apples, brls.	5,484	188	1,458
Lard, pkgs	....	....	710
Potash, brls.	....	....	7

FINANCIAL

NEW YORK STOCKS

New York, Oct. 28.—Wall Street—In response to the more cheerful tone in the London market opening prices in the stock market to-day surged upwards with very heavy buying in Chicago Great Western, U.P., R.I., Erie and U.S. Steel preferred at large fractional gains. The subsidiary companies of the Pennsylvania were a fraction lower but Pennsylvania itself rose ⅝. Amalgamated Copper and Ontario & Western were carried up 1⅜, Chicago Terminal pfd., 1¼, Kansas and Texas and Delaware & Hudson 1 1-8, and Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie preferred, a point.

J. B. Picken & Co.'s wire—The stock market was fairly active and firm this morning. London sent higher prices, and was a buyer here. Consols were better on the more peaceful outlook.

New York—Noon—Money on call firmer at 2½ percent; prime mercantile paper 4 to 5 percent. Exchanges, $329,165,974.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Specially reported for the 'Witness' by C. D. Monk 29 Hospital street, Local Manager for J. S. Bache & Co., New York, by direct wire.

Opening and Closing Prices., Oct. 28.

Stocks	Op'g.	Close.	Stocks	Op'g.	Close
Amal. Cop.	65⅞	67⅝	Miss. Pac.	103⅝	104
Amer. Loco.	27⅞	27⅝	M. S. M.	98⅝	98
do pref.	97⅞	99⅛	do pref.	144	149¼
Am. Sugar	137⅛	142⅛	Metro. Trac.	125¾	126
do pfd.	....	136⅝	N. Y. Cen.	133⅝	133⅝
Am. Smelt.	70⅞	72⅛	N. Y. Erie	35¼	38⅛
Am. Car Fdy	28½	25⅝	do 1 pfd.	71½	72⅞
Anaconda	....	97	do II. pfd.	51¼	52⅛
Atchison	85⅛	86⅝	Ont. & West.	45	44⅝
do pref.	101⅝	101¾	Norf. & West	70⅛	72
Balt. & Ohio.	93⅝	93¾	Omaha	....	....
do pfd.	....	....	Pac. Mail	39	39¼
Brooklyn R.T.	65⅛	66¼	Penn. R. R.	135½	136⅝
Chic. & Alton	....	....	Pressed St'l.	30¾	31¼
Can. Pac.'rts	128	129⅝	do pref.	80¼	83¼
Can. South.	....	....	P'ple's Gas.	107½	109¼
Ches. & Ohio	44⅜	45	Phila. & R'd.	73⅝	73
Chic. & N.W	194⅜	195	do 1 pfd.	....	87¼
Chic., St. P.	170½	171¾	do II. pfd.	....	....
Col. South.	22⅛	22¼	Pullman	....	....
do 1. pfd.	....	55	Rock Isl'd.	32¼	32¾
do II. pfd.	....	....	South. Ry.	33⅞	34⅛
Con. Gas, N. Y.	215	216	do pfd.	94¼	94⅞
Col. Fuel & I.	41¼	42½	South. Pac.	61	62
Corn Prod.	16¼	17	Tenn. C'l & I.	55⅛	57
do pfd.	74	74	Texas Pac.	24⅛	24⅝
.....	....	....	Twin City	103¼	104
Detr't U. Ry.	....	....	U. S. Leath.	11⅝	12⅜
Del. L. & W.	299	316	do pfd.	....	90⅜
Del. & Hud.	179	184¾	U. S. Steel	27	30⅝
Denv. Rio G.	....	....	do. pref.	80	81⅝
do. pref.	....	83	U. S. Rub'r.	27⅛	28
Dul. S. S. & A	....	12	do. pref.	....	83½
do. pref.	....	21¼	Union Pac.	110⅜	111⅞
G. Northern	....	....	do pref.	98	98
Gen. Elec.	174	176	Wabash	21¼	21½
Jersey Cen.	182⅞	184¾	do. pref.	42⅞	43¼
Ill. Central	143	143½	West. Un.	91	91¼
Iowa Cen.	26¼	27	Wis. Cen.	21⅞	22⅜
do pfd.	....	49	do pfd.	45⅜	45⅞
Kan. & Tex.	30½	31½			
do pfd.	57⅞	58			
L'sville & Nash	132¾	126			
Mex. Elec.	160⅞	161			

LOCAL STOCKS.

AFTERNOON BOARD.

C.P.R. XR—50 at 129¼, 5 at [illegible] 129¼.

Twin City—25 at 104, 25 at [illegible] 103¾, 25 at 103¾, 2 5at 103⅞, [illegible]

C.P.R. Right—50 at 5⅝.

Mackay pref—25 at 72½, 25 at [illegible] at 72¾.

Mont. Power—10 at 82⅞, 25 at [illegible] 82¾, 2 5at 82¾.

M.S.R.—25 at 214½, 100 at 214.

Coal common—25 at 55¾, 25 at [illegible] at 55¼.

Iron pref—10 at 42.

Toledo Ry—25 at 25.

Iron common—25 at 14.

Merchants Bank—20 at 160.

Reported by Messrs. Nichols & Mackay, stock brokers, 1734 Notre Dame street.

Stocks.	Sellers.	Buyers.	Stocks.	Sellers per $100	Buyers per $100
			RAILWAYS.		
Can. Pacific	129½	129⅛	Min. & St. P.	....	....
Montreal St.	214¾	213	Toronto St.	108	104½
Twin City Tr.	104	103⅞	Detroit Elec't.	77½	75½
Halifax Elec.	97	94	Toledo Ry.	26	25½
St. John Ry.	115	....	Winnipeg	....	188
West Ind. R.	60	40	New M. S. R.	....	....
			MISCELLANEOUS.		
Rich. & Ont.	....	58	Dom. Coal com	55½	55
Mont'l Power	83	82½	do pfd.	....	....
N. Scotia Stl.	62	61	Int. Coal com	....	....
do pfd.	....	....	do pfd.	....	....
Dom. Stl. com.	14½	14	Com. Cable	....	....
do pfd.	42½	42¼	Mont. Teleg	....	....
Bell Tel.	160	....	Mont'l Cot.	....	....
Ogilvy pfd.	....	....	Dom. Cot.	....	....
do com.	200	181	Can. Col. Cot.	....	....
Mont'l St'l Wk	60	40	Merch. Cot.	....	....
do pfd.	....	....	N. W. Land com	....	....
Laurentide Pulp	190	75	do pfd.	....	....
Windsor H'tl.	....	....	Mackay com.	....	82½
Payne	....	....	do pfd.	73½	72½
Marconi Wir.	....	....			
			BANKS.		
Montreal	....	250	Merchants	161	160
Ontario	....	....	Union	133	133
Molsons	220	219	Commerce	....	....
Toronto	....	....	Hochelaga	....	....
B. N. Am.	....	....	N.W.L'd pf.	....	....
Quebec	....	126	Ottawa	....	....
Royal	....	....	Nationale	....	....
N. Scotia	....	....	Imperial	....	....
Dominion	....	....			
			BONDS.		
Dom. I. & S.	75½	74⅞	Dom. Coal	....	101
Mont. St. Ry.	....	104½	Ogilvie	....	....
Nova S. st'l.	....	....	Can. Col. Cot.	....	....
Bell Tel.	....	....	Win. Elec.	....	....
*xd			M. L. & P.	103	101

LONDON QUOTATIONS.

London, Oct. 28, 4 p.m.—Consols for money, 87 13-16, do. for account, 87 13-16.

Anaconda	5		Erie	39¼	Reading	38
Atchison	88¼		do first prf.	73⅞	do. 1 pfd.	44½
do. pfd.	104½		do. sec. prf.	52⅝	do. 2 pfd.	41
B. & O.	99½		Ill. Cent.	147½	Southern	35½
C. P. R.	132¼		Lou & N.	137½	do. pfd.	97
Ches. & O.	46		Kan. & Tex	32	South Pac	63½
Chic. G.W.	24½		N.Y.C.	137½	Un. Pac.	113⅝
Chi.M.&St.P	175½		Norf'k & W.	73¼	do. pfd.	87½
De Beers	18		do. pfd.	93	U. S. Steel	29⅝
Denv. R.G.	31½		Ont. & West	46¼	do. pfd.	83⅛
do. pfd.	84¾		Penna.	69½	Wabash	22⅝
St. Paul			Rand Mines	10¾	do. pfd.	44

Spanish Fours 86⅛

Bar silver strong, 26 13-16d per ounce.

Money, 2¾ to 3 percent.

Discount rate for short bills, 2⅝ p.c.; do. for 3 months, 2⅞ to 3 percent.

L. J. Forget & Co.'s cable: G.T.R., 1st, 105⅛; 2nd, 99⅜; 3rd, 44⅛.

TORONTO STOCKS.

Toronto morning sales, by L. J. Forget & Co.'s wire:

Bank of Montreal—4 at 252½.
Merchants—48 at 160¼.
Commerce—10 at 160.
Tor. El. L.—50 at 147.
Mackay—22 at 3.
Mackay pref—43 at 72¼.
Tor. Ry.—10 at 106, 8 0at 104¾.
Sao Paulo—10 at 105, 80 at 105¼.
Twins—85 at 103¼, 10 at 103⅜, 225 at 103 1-8, 75 at 103⅜, 50 at 103⅝.
Richelieu—2 at 59.
Bell. Tel—10 at 158¾, 4 at 158½.
Traders Bank—10 at 13½.
C.P.R.—150 at 123½.
Can. Gen. Elec.—50 at 160¼, 25 at 160⅜
Coal — 15 at 56.
C.P.R.—118 at 128, 250 at 129, 200 at 129¼ 50 at 129½.
N.S. Steel—5 at 62¼, 50 at 61¾, 25 at 62¼ 25 at 62.
C.P.R. Rights—52 at 5¼, 14 at 5 1-8.
Iron bonds—200 at 74½.

THE ROYAL BANK.

New York, Oct. 27.—An engagement of $1,000,000 gold by the Royal Bank of Canada was announced to-day.

LONDON FAILURE.

London, Oct. 28.—The failure of Victor G. Smith, a broker, was announced on the stock exchange to-day.

ONTARIO INDEPENDENT TELEPHONE COMPANY.

Windsor, Ont., Oct. 27.—The Ontario Independent Telephone Company has effected permanent organization and elected officers. The company will start at once to reconstruct its lines throughout Essex County.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Chicago, Oct. 28.—Cattle, receipts, 6,500; including 2,000 westerns; market 5c to 10c lower; good to prime steers, $5.80 to $6.60; poor to medium, $3.75 to $5.60; stockers and feeders, $2.00 to $4.25; cows, $1.50 to $4.50; heifers, $2.00 to $5.00; canners at $1.50 to $2.40; bulls, $2.00 to $4.50; and calves, 3.00 to $7.00; Texas fed steers at $3.50 to $5.50; western steers, $2.75 to $5.

Hogs, receipts, 22,000; market 5c to 10c lower; mixed and butchers, $4.90 to $5.20; good to choice, heavy, $5.10 to $5.30; and rough heavy, $4.50 to $5.00; light, $4.90 to $5.05; bulk of sales, $5.00 to $5.15.

Sheep, receipts, 5,000; sheep steady and lambs strong; good to choice wethers at $4.25 to $4.50; fair to choice mixed, $3.50 to $4.00; native lambs, $4.25 to $6.60.

East Buffalo, Oct. 28.—Cattle—Receipts, 450 head; dull; prime steers, $5.50 to $5.75; shipping, $4.75 to $5.25; butchers, $4.50 to $4.75; heifers, $2.75 to $4.25; cows, $2.50 to $4; bulls, $2.25 to $4; stockers and feeders, $2.25 to $3.60.

Veals—Receipts, 500 head; 25c higher; $4.50 to $8.

Hogs—Receipts 9,600 head; active and steady; dairies and grassers, $5 to $5.10; others unchanged.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 14,000 head; sheep, firm; lambs, slow, 10c to 15c lower; native lambs, $4.50 to $5.75; a few $5.80; Canada lambs, $5 to $5.65; yearlings, $4.75 to $4.75; wethers, $4.25 to $4.50; ewes, $3 to $4; sheep mixed, $2 to $4.25.

DIED.

HEAD.—At his late residence, 678a Wellington street, on Oct. 28, 1904, J. Head, aged 50 years, son of the late William Head.

Funeral on Saturday at 2.30 p.m.

WANTED, BY PROMINENT FIRE Insurance company, a city agent. A ready made business will be turned over to a proper man, and best of terms arranged for. Apply in confidence, L. 827 Witness Office.

Help your newsboy to start a bank account. See the coupon on last page.

FINANCIAL.

LOCAL STOCKS.

RECOVERY FROM WAR SCARE.

'Witness' Office,
Friday, Oct. 28, 1904.

C.P.R. sold two points higher this morning at 129½, ex-rights. This is equivalent to 3% with rights, as compared with the record of 136 in the earlier part of the week before the Anglo-Russian trouble assumed its present gravity. Most other stocks recovered fractionally, though there was not much trading.

MORNING SALES.

Can. Pac. x-d.—100 at 128 1-8, 100 at 128¼, 25 at 128½, 450 at 129½.
Dom. Com.—100 at 13¾.
Montreal Power—100 at 82½, 5 at 82½, 5 at 82¾, 225 at 82½, 25 at 82⅝, 50 at 82½, 50 at 82¾.
Mont. R. x-d.—50 at 215¼, 10 at 214½, 50 at 215.
Richelieu—2 at 58¼.
Coal pfd.—10 at 110½, 2 at 110.
Twin City—200 at 103¼, 25 at 103½, 50 at 103⅝.
Can. Pac. Rights—15 at 5¼, 100 at 5⅜, 50 at 5⅜, 280 at 5⅝.
Toronto x-d.—100 at 73, 50 at 73½.
Toronto St. Ry.—25 at 104¾, 25 at 104⅞, 100 at 105, 10 at 105.
Ma kay pfd.—25 at 72¼, 15 at 72, 25 at 72, 25 at 72¼.
Dom. Cotton—25 at 32.
Ma kay Com.—10 at 32¼.
Iron pfd.—25 at 42.

	Div.	Pay'bl.	1903 High.	1903 Low.	1904 High	1904 Low.	This week. High.	This week. Low.	Clos. ing.	Price per share.	Re- turn.
C. P. R.	3H	Jan. 2	135⅝	116¾	134	109¾	136	127½	129½	$129.50	4.6
Power	1Q	Jan. 2	99¾	68¾	83½	69⅞	83½	81½	82¾	82.75	4.8
M. S. R.	2½Q	Nov. 1	280	195	217	199	217	209½	215	107.50	4.6
Twins	1¼Q	Jan. 2	118	88	104¼	87¼	104¼	103	103½	103.50	4.8
Tor. Ry.	1¼Q	Jan. 2	118	88	105¾	68½	105¾	104¾	105	105.00	4.7
Detroit	1Q	Jan. 2	90½	53	75¼	60¾	75¼	73½	73½	73.50	5.4
Richelieu			101½	65	82½	53¾	61	57¾	58¼	58.25	...
N. S. Steel	3H	Jan. 2	114¼	68	82½	50	63¾	60	63¾	63.75	9.6
Dom. Coal			132½	59¾	71¾	41	58	55	55	55.00	...
Iron bonds	2½H	Jan. 2	89½	49	77¾	49	75½	74	74	740.00	6.7
Iron Com.			61¾	6¾	15	7	14½	12¾	13¾	13.75	...
Mackay Com.					35½	21½	34½	32¼	33¼	32.25	...

Montreal Teleg.—5 at 160, 25 at 158.
Merchants Bank—56 at 160.
Molsons Bank—12 at 219½.
Bank of Montreal—4 at 252½, 15 at 253.
Iron Bonds—10,000 at 74.

The tables show the fluctuations of active and inactive stocks respectively, their dividends, and the return on the investment at the last sale, up to this morning's close.

INACTIVE STOCKS.

Stocks	Dividend	Payable	High 1903	Low 1903	High 1904	Low 1904	Last sale	Return
BANKS:								
Mont.	5 H.	Dec. 1	230½	203	243	233		3.9
Merch.	3½ H.	Dec. 1	173	163	180½	160		4.3
Hoche.	3½ H.	Dec. 1	136	133½	131	133		5.2
E. T.	4½ H.	Dec. 1	192¼	161¼	156½	159		5.6
Mola.	4½ H.	Dec. 1	216	210¼	195	215½		4.1
Toronto.	5 H.	Dec. 1	257½	233½	223	230		4.3
Quebec.	3½ H.	Dec. 1	125	120	119	126		5.5
Union.	3½ H.	Dec. 1	140	138	132	133		5.0
N. S.	5 H.	Feb. 1	280	266	262¼	262¼		3.2
Comm.	3½ H.	Dec. 1	170¼	162	150	162		4.3
PREFERRED STOCKS.								
Scotia.	2 Q.	Jan. 15	135	11	160	105½		7.5
Iron			97¼	43	22	42		..
Coal	4 H.	Jan. 2	118½	112	105	110		7.2
Ogilvie.	3½ H.	Mch. 1	136	124½	119	121		5 8
Switch.	1¾ Q.	Dec. 31	99¾	92	85	86		8.1
Mackay.	4 Y.	.....	....	75¼	66½	72¼		5.5
BONDS								
Coal.	3 H.	Mch. 2	110	110	107	110		5.4
Scotia.	3 H.	Jan. 2	112	110	100½	107¾		5.6
Ogilvie.	3 H.	Dec. 1	118	118	112	114¼		5.2
M. S. R.	3¼ H.	Jan. 2	106¼	105½	103	106¾		4.3
Col. Cot.	3 H.	Apl. 3	103	93	85	85		7.0
MISCELLANEOUS								
Bell Tel.	2 Q.	Jan. 15	152	153¼	134½	153¾		5.0
Mon. Tel	2 Q.	Jan. 15	148	143	154	160		5.0
Mon. Cot	2½ Q.	Dec. 15	130½	110	98	100		9.0
Halifax Ry	1½ Q.	Jan. 2	105	93¾	85	95		5.2
Trinidad	1½ Q.	Jan. 2	77½	77¾	72	77¾		7.6
Dom Cot.	.....	.....	54½	28	32	32½		...
Toledo	.....	.....	27¾	27½	18	26		...

COMMERCIAL.

Montreal Wholesale Prices.

LITTLE CHANGE IN CHEESE AND BUTTER MARKETS.

There is little change to record in the cheese market this morning; holders are firm in their ideas, nothwithstanding the indifference of importers. The market generally is quiet, with no immediate prospect of a renewal of activity. Receipts to-day were 8,829 boxes.

There is no new feature of note in the butter market, the enquiry for finest Township goods has improved somewhat, but on the whole the market presents a most unsatisfactory aspect, and the forward movement must be very dull indeed. Receipts to the city to-day were 1,985 packages.

GRAIN — Oats, 38c to 38½c for No. 2 in store here; No. 3, 37c to 37½c; American yellow, No. 2, 61c; No. 3, 59c; white, No. 2, 59c to 60c; buckwheat, 59c to 59½c.

FLOUR — Manitoba patents, $5.80; and strong bakers, $5.50; high Ontario blended patents, $5.75 to $5.85, in wood; choice 90 percent patents, $5.50 to $5.60 in wood, and 25c per barrel less in shippers' new bags; straight rollers, $2.45 to $2.55, and 25c to 30c extra in wood.

ROLLED OATS — $2.32½ per bag, $4.90 in barrels.

MILL FEED — Ontario bran in bulk, at $17 to $18; shorts, $19 to $20; Manitoba bran in bags, $18 to $19; shorts, $21.

BEANS — Choice primes, $1.40 to $1.45 per bushel; $1.35 to $1.37½ in car lots.

PROVISIONS — Heavy Canadian short cut pork, $16.50 to $17.50; light short cut, $16.50 to $17; American clear fat backs, $20; compound lard, 6½c to 7c; Canadian lard, 6¾ to 7½c; kettle rendered, 8½c to 9½c, according to quality; hams, 12c to 13c; bacon, 12c to 13c; fresh killed abattoir hogs, $7.50; heavy fat hogs, $4.50; mixed lots, $5; select, $5.25 off cars.

CHEESE — Ontario white, 9¾c; colored, Quebec, 9c to 9 1-8c.

BUTTER — Finest grades, 19½c; ordinary finest, 18½c to 19c, and western dairy, 15c to 15½c.

EGGS — Select new laid, 24c; straight gathered candled, 20c; No. 2, 14c to 15c.

ASHES — Firsts, $5.90 to $6; seconds, $5.40; and pearl, $7.50 to $7.75 per 100 lbs.

HONEY — White clover, comb, 10c to 11c per section in 1 lb. section; extract, 6c to 7c; in 5 lb. tins, 7½c; in 70 lb. tins, 6½c; dark extract, 1c less.

MAPLE SYRUP — Per wine gallon, 45c to 50c; in tins, 5c per lb. in wood; sugar, 6c to 7c.

HAY — No. 1, $8.50 to $9 per ton on track; No. 2, $7.50; clover, $6 to $6.50; clover mixed, $7 per ton in car lots; Quebec, $8 to 8 1-8c.

FARMERS' MARKET PRICES—Oct. 28.

Nearly all the available space in the vicinity of Bonsecours Market and Jacques Cartier square was crowded with the produce vehicles belonging to the farmers and market gardeners. Both of the markets were filled by the basket people who come to the city by boat and by railroad, potatoes were in excessive supply, and the price asked was generally from 55c to 60c per the 80 lb. bag, but the dealers in potatoes from a distance, free on board, charge 75c per bag; turnips are 20c per bag; carrots and beets, 40c to 50c per dozen bunches; parsnips, $1.25 do. Onions were more plentiful than they have been for about twelve months, and the prices have ranged from $1.20 to $1.50 per bag of 112 lbs., but superior American onions sell at 2½c per lb. Both oats and buckwheat are more plentiful than usual, but the former is quoted at about 90c per bag for oats and $1.10 do., for buckwheat. Cabbages are in excessive supply, and sell at 30c to 40c per dozen; celery, 12c to 30c do.; cauliflower, 25c to 75c do. Turkeys were offered to-day and sold at 13c to 15c per lb.; geese, 10c do.; ducks and chickens 60c to 70c do.; black ducks, 90c per pair; partridges, $1 each; tub butter, 18c to 21c per lb.; prints, 22c to 25c do.; new laid eggs, 22c per dozen; older eggs, 22c to 25c do. Potatoes, $1.50 to $2.50 per barrel; pears, $2 do.; cranberries, $8 do.; Jamaica oranges, $4.50 do.; grapes are still very plentiful and sell at 13c to 20c per 8 lb. basket. George Vipond, of Commissioner street, sold 2,500 baskets of grapes to-day at $7 to $8.50 per 100 bundles of yellow, $5 to $6 per 100 bundles of red.

TRADE REVIEW.

EXCHANGE DURING WEEK—SPIRIT OF MODERATION IN BUYING.

The week ending Saturday, Oct. 29, will show general trade:

Trade has developed little variation from general trade conditions as they have been in Montreal for some little time. There is no apparent increase in general demand, and the movement of merchandise in almost all lines is characterized by a spirit of moderation in buying. Dry goods travellers report fall stocks in the country as being little broken into as yet, and the same is apparently more or less true among city retailers, who do not find business as active as they would like to see it at this season. Sorting business in this line is, as a consequence, not very brisk, but a fair proportion of spring orders are being booked. Collections are not quite as free as several weeks ago, but there is no appreciable increase in the number of insolvencies.

HEAVY GRAIN MOVEMENT.

Ottawa, Ont., Oct. 27.—This week the Canada Atlantic Transit Co. has more grain afloat than at any other time during the past three years. All the company's freighters and several transit steamers are engaged moving grain from Fort William, Duluth and other points to Depot Harbor, and it is estimated that fully a million bushels of grain on the Lakes are moving to the latter port. This includes wheat, oats, barley, corn, etc., the corn from the Western States, and the wheat particularly from the Canadian North-West.

MONTREAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

	Between Banks.
New York funds	1-16—3-64
Sterling, 60 day	8 13-16—37-32
Sterling, demand	13-32—7-16
Sterling, cables	9½—17-32
Paris, francs short	5.16¼

TORONTO MARKETS.

WHEAT FIRM WITH BUSINESS QUIET —FLOUR GOOD DEMAND AND STEADY—ROLLED OATS IN QUIET DEMAND.

Toronto, Ont., Oct. 28.—Wheat—Ontario and Manitoba brands continue firm with business quiet. There was some enquiry to-day from the Old Country for wheat. Ontario red and white quoted at $1.03 to $1.04; No. 2 goose, 89c to 90c, and 98c east outside. Manitoba No. 1 northern, $1.04½; No. 2, $1.01½; No. 3, 85½c, Georgian Bay ports, 6c more grinding in transit.

Flour—In good demand and steady. Cars of 90 percent patents are quoted at $4.35 to $4.40, buyers' sacks, east or west; choice brands, 15c to 20c higher; Manitoba, $5.70 for Hungarian patents, $5.40 for second patents.

Mill feed—Bran is quoted at $14 to $14.50 in bulk, and shorts, $17.50 east and west. Manitoba mill feed unchanged at $20 to $21 for shorts, and $19 for bran export.

Barley—Good demand and prices are firm at 45c to 46c for No. 2, 43c to 44c for No. 3 extra, and 42c for No. 3, malting outside, 1c less for sacks included, Toronto freights.

Rye—Steady at 68c to 70c outside for No. 2.

Corn—Good demand and market firm at 63½c for No. 2 American yellow, 62c for No. 3, and 60½c to 61c for No. 3 mixed on track Toronto.

Oats—A fair business is going on at steady prices. No. 1 new white, 32c to 32½c; new white, 31½c to 31¾c, low freights, and 31d to 31¼c north and, west.

Rolled oats are in quiet demand at $4.50 for cars of bags and $4.75 for barrels on track, Toronto, 25c more for broken lots here and 40c more for broken lots outside.

Peas are quiet and steady at 63c to 64c for No. 2 west or east.

Buckwheat is nominally quoted at 56c to 52c at outside points.

JOSEPH LEITER IS GIVEN VERDICT.

New York, Oct. 27.—The jury in the suit of Joseph Leiter, of Chicago, against the stock broking firm of Thomas & Post, of which E. R. Thomas is the head, to recover $15,000, the value of 500 shares of International Power stock, brought in a special finding in favor of the plaintiff to-day upon which Justice Miller directed a verdict for Letter in the sum of $6,567.

STOCK COMMISSION HOUSE ASSIGNS.

New York, Oct. 27.—The firm of J. Walter Labaree & Company has closed its offices at 42 Broadway, this city. Labaree & Company advertised as a stock commission house with numerous out of town offices. Stephen Callaghan, attorney for Labaree said to-day that his clients' assets probably were between $6,000 and $8,000, with liabilities of $123,000.

He said that Labaree & Company had 70 branch offices, extending all the way from Toronto, Ont., to New Orleans. The firm's leased wires, he said, cost some $10,000 a month. The cause of the firm's suspension, according to Mr. Callaghan, was that they were short of a long line of stocks.

MONTREAL CLEARINGS.

The clearings at the Montreal Clearing House for the week ending Oct. 27 were as follows:

Total	$22,683,248
Corresponding week, 1903	21,072,172
Corresponding week, 1902	20,621,634

RAILWAY EARNINGS.

TWIN CITY.

The Twin City Rapid Transit Company reports as follows for September:

	1904.	1903.	1902.
Gross	$ 373,944	$ 372,252	$ 339,669
Expenses	166,017	156,924	139,610
Net	207,927	215,328	200,059
Deductions	91,842	78,437	7,733
Surplus	116,085	136,891	131,326
Nine months			
gross	3,208,172	3,020,543	2,667,094
Expense	1,510,168	1,898,887	1,191,319
Net	1,698,004	1,621,956	1,475,775
Deductions	817,133	705,631	638,223
Surplus	880,871	916,325	787,542

LONDON STREET.

The earnings of the London Street Railway Company for week ending Oct. 22, 1904, were as follows:

Total	$3,137.35
Corresponding week, 1903	2,808.43
Increase	328.92

HAVANA ELECTRIC.

Havana Electric Railway Company earnings, Spanish silver:—

For week ending Oct. 25, 1904	$31,700
Corresponding week, 1903	25,985
Increase	$5,715

CANADIAN COAL.

PRODUCTION INCREASING DAILY, AND MUCH DEVELOPMENT WORK IN PROGRESS.

The production of coal in Canada has maintained a steady increase of tonnage for the past ten years, says Bradstreet's, during which time the output of Canadian mines has increased from 3,783,499 tons to 7,796,534 tons. For about 50 years Nova Scotia has been a producer of coal, but it is only lately that there has been any marked expansion in the production. There are now about twenty shipping companies in that province, and all of them report greatly increasing production, and it is stated on good authority that the exporting of coal to England will, before long, be a great factor in the trade. In the West there are ten coal producing companies with a capacity of 2,500,000 tons for this year, and at least five other companies are developing.

ANTHRACITE COAL TRADE.

FURTHER CURTAILMENT OF PRODUCTION IS NECESSARY OWING TO DULNESS OF TRADE.

Philadelphia, Oct. 26.—The anthracite coal trade continues dull and further curtailment of production will be necessary, according to coal mining officials, unless a sudden cold snap sets in. The Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company will probably shut down its collieries on Friday to remain closed until the following Wednesday. The other companies are likely to do the same, as aside from Sunday the mine workers will take two holidays between Friday and Wednesday—Mitchell Day (Saturday) and All Souls' Day (Thursday). Mitchell Day commemorates the ending of the strike of 1900.

COTTON BULLETIN.

Washington, Oct. 27.—The census bureau issued a second bulletin of the season showing the quantity of cotton ginned as reported by its agents up to the 18th inst., to be 2,969,675 running bales as against 1,273,157 running bales reported to the same date in 1903. The report covers three hundred counties of the various cotton producing states.

CATTLE MARKETS.

Toronto, Oct. 27.—One hundred and six loads in to-day, including 1,600 cattle, 2,900 sheep and lambs, and 1,850 hogs, and 80 calves. Export cattle, choice, $4.25 to $4.60; medium, $4 to $4.25; export bulls, $3.75 to $4; export cows, $3.50 to $3.75; butchers' cattle, choice, $4 to $4.25; medium, $3.50 to $3.75; common, $2.50 to $3; feeders, short keep, $3.75 to $3.90; medium, $3 to $3.50; stockers, $2.25 to $3. Milch cows, each, $35 to $55. Export ewes, $3.25 to $3.50, steady; bucks, $2.50 to $2.75, steady; culls, $2 to $3.50 each, dull; lambs, $4 to $4.50, steady; calves, $2 to $10 each, or 3½c to 5¼c per lb., steady; all sold; trade good; prospects steady. Hogs, singers, 5c fats and lights, $4.75 off cars. Export cattle slow, not many on market; choice butchers' cattle selling fairly well; medium or common, bad trade. Milch cows selling well and in demand. There are too many common cattle coming in.

BANK PURCHASE.

NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH AMERICA PURCHASED BY THE CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK.

Chicago, Oct. 27.—The purchase of the National Bank of North America by the Continental National Bank is announced, and is effective at once.

This action comes as the climax to the charges connecting the name of Isaac N. Perry, president of the National Bank of North America, with the burning of the Chicago car and locomotive works, at Hegewich, on Oct. 9. While the directors of Perry's Bank expressed confidence in Mr. Perry's integrity, and were willing to accept his statement that the charges against him had been made by his enemies for the purpose of ruining him, the fear that the publicity given the case might have injurious effect on the band is said to have led to the negotiations which ended in the merger.

President Perry had offered his resignation and it had been rejected.

With the consolidation of the banks the Continental will take rank as the second largest National Bank in Chicago. The combined deposits will be over $55,000,000.

IOWAN'S GREAT FIND.

DISCOVERY OF POTASH BEDS OF FIRST IMPORTANCE.

Charles City, Iowa, Oct. 27.—The growing demand for potash has resulted in the stimulating search for it in the United States, and scientists of world wide repute, as well as miners and many others, have long searched the vast domains of the west, the south, the north for this product, sinking shafts, boring wells and travelling the great alkali plains for the product, which they believed existed somewhere. All this labor had, however, up to a short time ago, yielded but slight hopes of ultimate success. However, Professor Clement L. Webster, a geologist and mining expert of Charles City, has discovered crude potash in the Rocky Mountain region in practically inexhaustible quantities, and of a quality and purity never known.

Great quantities of crude potash are annually imported into this country from abroad, especially from Germany, and as the heretofore known sources for the manufacture of this material in America are rapidly decreasing, the outlook was unusually bright for the imported article to dominate the American market for a long time to come. The discovery made by Professor Webster, however, will soon effectually bar this product.

CHEESE BOARDS.

Tweed, Ont., Oct. 27.—There were 745 cheese boarded; all sold at 9 3-16c. Board adjourned for two weeks.

Madoc, Ont., Oct. 27.—There were 645 boxes of cheese boarded; 240 sold at 9 1-8c; balance unsold. One more meeting this season.

Kingston, Ont., Oct. 27.—There were 870 boxes of cheese registered on the board today, and 280 sold at 9c. The balance sold on the curb at 9c. The board adjourned for two weeks. Nearly all the factories will close during the first week in November.

Vankleek Hill, Oct. 27.—There were 1,313 boxes of cheese boarded here, of which 180 were colored; all sold at 9c, except 666 boxes, which were held for higher prices. McRae bought 501; McGregor, 69; Fraser, 160; Bennett, 87. Six buyers were present.

Winchester, Ont., Oct. 27.—Boarded, 550 white and 133 colored. Price bid, 9 3-16c; none sold on board. Buyers: McLean, Weir, Logan and J. F. Ault; board adjourned for two weeks to meet on Nov. 10.

Brockville, Oct. 27.—At a lively meeting of the cheese board this afternoon the bidding was brisk, and prices showed a decided upward tendency. Notwithstanding the lateness of the season the registrations boarded amounted to 1,645 boxes, of which 1,085 were colored. Mr. Virkley, an American buyer, took the first call at 9c. The salesmen would not entertain this figure, and Mr. Virkley then bid 9¼c, which resulted in a lively business. The other buyers were also active. The following sales were made: Virkley, 120; Derbyshire, 135; Webster, 345; Bissell, 340; Earle, 55. Factorymen, who held for curb deals, sold out at the board price. In all, about 3,500 boxes changed hands. Another week will see the majority of the factories closed.

KNICKERBOCKER STEAMBOAT COMPANY IN HANDS OF RECEIVER.

New York, Oct. 27.—A receiver has been appointed for the Knickerbocker Steamboat Company, the owners of the steamer 'General Slocum,' which was burned last summer with a loss of nearly a thousand lives, in a suit on an assigned claim for $166. Henry L. Joyce was named as receiver by Justice Amend in the Supreme Court. Several officers of the company remain under indictment in connection with the 'General Slocum' disaster.

YOUNG PEOPLE'S SUNDAY.

Oct. 30 will be Young People's Sunday in Ebenezer Methodist Church, corner of St. Antoine and Metcalfe ave., St. Henri. At 11 a.m. there will be an illustrated sermon for young people, entitled 'Our Armor,' by the Rev. B. B. Brown, the pastor; at 3 p.m., Sunday-school session and pastor's Bible-class in the church; while at 7 p.m., the pastor will deliver a special sermon for the young, entitled 'The One Thing Lacking.'

LABORER SECURES WAGES.

The judgment of the Superior Court condemning the defendant to pay the plaintiff the sum of $217.75 for wages as a railway laborer, in the case of Turner vs. Fee, was confirmed by the Court of Appeal yesterday.

STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

Charles Desjardins, 69 years of age, who resides on St. James street, was struck by a Grand Trunk Railway train at the St. Henri crossing this morning. He was carried into the St. Henri police station by witnesses of the accident, and from there removed in the ambulance to the Notre Dame Hospital. It was found that he had sustained severe contusions of the head and body and internal injuries. He was in a very weak state when he reached the hospital, and on account of his advanced age the physicians consider his case to be serious.

Advertisements.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal. } **Summary Procedure**
Circuit Court of the District of Montreal.
No. 15411.

Donald Macmaster, one of His Majesty's Counsel and James Claud Hickson, Advocate, both of the City and District of Montreal, and there practicing their profession in partnership, under the firm name of "Macmaster and Hickson," Plaintiffs,
—VS.—
Struthers-Wells Company, a body corporate duly incorporated under the laws of Pennsylvania, one of the United States of America, and having its head office at the town of Warren, said state, Defendants.

The Defendant is ordered to appear within one month.

Montreal, Oct. 28th, 1904.
J. B. DUPUIS,
Deputy Clerk of said Court.
GEORGE A. CAMPBELL,
Attorney for Plaintiffs.

Before Putting Your Double Windows Up

Have them Cleaned by the

NEW YORK WINDOW CLEANING CO.

Tel. East 2480.

CENTS FOR SALE, Witness Office.

Situations Vacant.

WANTED, OFFICE BOY FOR WHOLESALE Merchants' Office. Apply in own handwriting, to P.O. Box 2119, Montreal.

WANTED, BOY FOR OFFICE; MUST speak both English and French. Apply, MASSEY-HARRIS CO., Limited.

WANTED, TRAVELLER IN ELECTRICAL Supplies; must be experienced; state experience, salary required, and references. Address TRAVELLER 30, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, A HOUSEMAID FOR A SMALL family; references. Apply 325 Prince Arthur street.

WANTED, A RESPECTABLE BOY; ONE living with his parents. Apply to F. ADAMS & CO., Engravers, 127 Bleury st.

WANTED, A HOUSEKEEPER FOR Farm; Protestant preferred. Address FARMER 20, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, A GOOD GROOM, ONE ACcustomed to the care of a furnace. J. C. HOLDEN, 377 Mountain street.

WANTED, A YOUNG GIRL AS A BEginner in the receiving office. Apply BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO., 215 McGill street.

WANTED, SMART, RELIABLE BOY; good wages to a bright lad; must be thoroughly honest and able to read and write well. Apply to MR. CLARKE, 138 Peel street.

WANTED, A COACHMAN, FOR AN UPtown residence; references required. Apply at 261 University street.

PRESSMAN'S APPRENTICE WANTED 673 Craig street.

To Let.

TO LET, A SELF-CONTAINED COTTAGE on Athol avenue, Westmount, to rent cheap; hot water furnace and all-modern improvements. Apply to CAMPBELL & GILDAY, 309 St. James street.

Flats to Let.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, NEW FLATS

LOWER, 226 WOOD AVE.
TOP, 230 " "
7 Rooms. Rent, $20.00 per month.
Apply 309 ST. JAMES.

Rooms Wanted.

WANTED, BY YOUNG MARRIED Couple, by middle of November, two or three unfurnished rooms; English section. References. R., 3365, 'Witness' Office.

Furnished Rooms to Let

DOUBLE ROOM, BEAUTIFULLY FURnished, Auer light, hot water heated; private family; suitable for two gentlemen. Apply at 34 Union avenue.

For Sale.

FOR SALE, MAGIC LANTERN, ONE OF the best kind; two hundred views; a bargain. Apply 1234 City Hall avenue.

SADDLE HORSE FOR SALE.—A TYPIcal saddle Gelding suitable either for lady or gentleman, perfect hunter, good jumper, age 7, height 15.3; winner of first prize at Dominion Exhibition and Portage la Prairie show; perfectly quiet. Further information from FRANK WRIGLEY, Portage la Prairie, Manitoba.

IRON TANKS For Sale.

1 Horizontal Tank, 4 ft. dia. 14 ft. long.
1 do do 9 ft. dia. 12 ft.. do
Will be sold cheap.
CANADA MACHINERY AGENCY, 206 St. James street.

Business Chances.

MARCONI STOCK — FIVE $100 SHARES at $95 for immediate sale; Company's price, $120. Box 499 'Witness' Office.

Wanted.

WANTED TO PURCHASE, YOURS AND everybody else's Cast-off Household Furniture, Clothing, Fur Coats, Capes, Diamonds, Old Gold and Silver; best cash prices for good goods. Promptly called for by MAX. FRANK, 498 Craig street. Tel. East 2067.

WANTED, TO PURCHASE, LADIES' and gentlemen's cast off clothing, fur coats and capes. See SAM. PEARSON first, 2336 Notre Dame street, as we pay the best prices of any other dealer. Mail orders attended. Telephone Main 965.

WANT ADS.

FOR THE 'WITNESS,' may be left with

A. T. CHAPMAN, Bookseller, 1669 St. Catherine st
WM. DRYSDALE & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 2343 St. Catherine Street.
Or with R. TURNER, Grocer, Point St. Charles 601 Wellington street, West of Sidway.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.

CASH TARIFF.

Situation Vacant, Situation Wanted, Pupils Wanted, Rooms To Let, Articles Found, Secondhand Articles Wanted or For sale.

20 Words for 10c.

½c for each additional word, Six insertion for the price of four.

Property For Sale or To Let. Other Articles For Sale.

25 Words for 25c.

1 cent for each additional word. Six insertions for the price of four.

Personals, Agents Wanted.

25 Words for 50c.

NOTICE PARTICULARLY.

Postage Stamps will be Accepted.

The above rates are CASH with order. When not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher.

No charge made in our books for any advertisement of less than five agate lines space.

Bargains.

WOLSEY UNDERWEAR FOR LADIES, in Combinations, Vests and Drawers, made of Pure Unshrinkable Wool. CLARK'S, Room One, 210 St. James street.

KINDLING FOR THE MILLION. Kindling, $2.00; Cut Maple, $3.00; Mill Blocks, $1.75; cut any length; also Anthracite Coal; delivered anywhere in the city. J. C. MACDIARMID, No. 2 Canal Basin, cor. of Guy and William streets. Bell Telephone Main 462.

Pupils Wanted.

PUPILS WANTED — SHORTHAND, Touch typewriting, bookkeeping, penmanship, practical business training, private individual instruction, best and quickest results. W. HARRIES'S ACADEMY AND COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE, 2749 St. Catherine st. eet.

Personal.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO THE Knowlton Distributing Home must be addressed to MRS. BIRT only.

Employment Wanted.

WANTED, SITUATION AS GROOM OR Coachman, where one horse is kept; low wages for winter. Address G.W.D., 'Witness' Office.

WANTED—H. REEVES, CARPENTER and Joiner, wants any kind of jobbing work. Furniture repairs a specialty. Drop post card to 121 Alexander street.

Property.

CENTRAL GROUND FLOOR AND Show windows, with heat and power if desired, suitable for store, warehouse or factory. Craig, near corner of St. Peter. For particulars, address FACTORY MANAGER, P.O. Box 2234.

ST. CATHERINE ST. WEST.

Near St. Matthew, Fine Stone Front House, 3 Stories, A1 order, New Bath, Open Plumbing, all improvements, fine Brick Stable and Dwelling; Lot 25 x 150, good lane. Fine Doctor's Residence. Bargain for prompt sale, $9,000. Make fine Store.

WESTMOUNT $6,500.

Six fine Modern Stone Front Houses, two story Extension, nine rooms, all up-to-date; fine value. Bargains would shade the price for the block.

INVESTMENT BARGAINS, WESTMOUNT.

Three Modern Stone Front Cottages; all improvements, long lots, good situation; well rented. Bargain to prompt purchaser. Terms, might be sold separately, $4,000 each.

FRED. R. COLE, 138a St. James St.

EDMONTON This is the place to buy Property for **BIG PROFITS**

Call for pamphlet and full particulars
R. P. INGLIS & CO.,
110 Temple Building.

FOR SALE, CHEAP

That centrally situated property, 776 and 778 Craig street, at present occupied by the Timmis Noble Co.

Size of lot, 60 x 90 ft., with lane in rear and entrance on St. James street. Apply to The TIMMIS NOBLE CO

FOR SALE OR TO LET BY AN ESTATE

Large Modern Residence,

Near the Corner of Sherbrooke and St. Denis Street, on the brow of the hill.

22,000 Feet of Land. House contains 17 Rooms.

A rare chance to acquire a homestead. A fine, comfortable property, with 22,000 feet of land. House is well built, almost new, and bright, has a good view over the city and facing St. Denis street; contains drawing-room, library, dining-room and ten bedrooms; conservatory, with fine garden sloping toward south-west, and three spare building lots to the east of the property which would be sold separately at $2,000 each.

The house is heated by Daisy furnace and has modern open plumbing, cement basement, is well appointed, convenient, and may be acquired on easy terms.

Luxurious Place for a Small Outlay.

JAMES WALLACE, Agent, - - - - 672 CRAIG STREET.

The property is assessed at	$16,000
Was mortgaged to the extent of	13,000
(now paid off.)	
Is for sale at	14,000
Which could be reduced by sale of spare lots by	6,000
Leaving Net Cost of House and Garden	ONLY $8,000

The land alone is fully worth it.

NEW FORGERY SCHEME.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTION BLANKS USED TO SWINDLE DRUGGISTS WITH BOGUS CHEQUES.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 28.—With a Vandyke beard and a pack of druggist's prescription blanks as capital, a clever forger has been cashing bad cheques in various parts of the city at the rate of $50 a day.

The man's scheme is novel and so far has proved successful. He writes a prescription and signs some well-known doctor's name to it. This he takes to a drug store and asks to have it filled. He is never suspected on account of the physician's name on the prescription and when the bottle is handed over he tenders a cheque, usually for a small amount, in payment. The clerks in all cases reported to the police, examined the endorsement and then gave cash in return. There were many complaints of losses at police headquarters yesterday.

The man secured the blanks by telling a downtown druggist that he was a physician recently admitted to practice. His manners and appearance are good and few would take him for a crook. The Minneapolis police have been warned against a gang of forgers and confidence men that have recently left St. Louis; the present operator is thought to be one of these.

THE FRENCH SHORE

ANGLO-FRENCH AGREEMENT DISCUSSED BY THE CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES.

Paris, Oct. 28.—The report of M. Francois de Loniel on the Anglo-French agreement relative to Newfoundland was laid before the Chamber of Deputies yesterday. It strongly approves of the agreement and says: 'It is chiefly important in putting an end to a serious difficulty between two great nations. It is part of the general movement for a rapprochement and union between France and Great Britain. Too long have these countries been divided. The hour has come when both peoples desire reconciliation and union.'

A UNIQUE CONVENTION.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 27.—Forty-five churches of Minneapolis have united with the Y. M. C. A. in an elaborate plan to reproduce one of the great presidential nominating conventions at the Y. M. C. A. building to-night. Each church will represent a state having an electoral vote, and the size of the delegations will vary from ten to fifty members. It is expected that marching clubs will be formed before the convention and that the delegates will march to the convention hall with drum corps and all the usual campaign paraphernalia. Speechmaking and balloting will be the same as in any convention.

MR. MORLEY.

Quebec, Oct. 28.—The Right Hon. John Morley, M.P., arrived in the city yesterday from Montreal. This is his first visit, and he spent the day sight-seeing, in company with Mr. Hayter Reed. The distinguished visitor left last night for Ottawa and Toronto. He will be a guest at Rideau Hall, and will visit Dr. Goldwin Smith at Toronto. On Nov. 3 he will be present at the functions in connection with foundries day at Pittsburg.

SHOT BY HIGHWAYMEN.

Chicago, Oct. 28.—George E. Turner, 48 years old, a retired soldier, on his way back to his home in Brockton, Mass., was fatally shot by two hold-up men here early to-day. He had attempted to resist the bandits when commanded to throw up his hands.

TISDALE ACQUITTED.

Woodstock, Ont., Oct. 28.—At the fall assizes High Constable William Tisdale was tried on the charge of feloniously shooting William Swartz, of Embro, for whom he had a warrant on the charge of assault. The jury found him not guilty, but recommended that constables exercise greater care in the handling of firearms. Tisdale contended that he shot his prisoner by accident as he was chasing him after the escape.

MAGNETIC HEALER MISSING.

Winnipeg, Oct. 28.—Mounted Police are looking for Joseph Fike, of Didsberry, who is wanted at Olds for manslaughter. A man named Leonard Newsome was recovering from typhoid fever, when Fike came around and said he could cure him by magnetic healing. He rolled him around violently, and kept this treatment up for a week. A coroner's jury returned a verdict of manslaughter, but Fike cannot now be found.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

Toronto, Oct. 28.—Two workmen were caught in a small room in the tower of Toronto University by the door, with spring lock, slamming to. They were in danger of starving to death, but were discovered by two students.

SPOILED ONIONS CONFISCATED.

A carload of onions arrived by the Grand Trunk Railway from Stratford a few days ago, and on inspection they were found to be nearly all bad. Of the nineteen thousand pounds in the car there were not enough good ones to pay the freight. They were sold this morning by auction for a mere trifle. They appeared to have been frost bitten or water soaked, and afterwards heated in the car or in storage, and thus got spoiled.

Eight thousand pound, were spoken for by Mr. J. A. Hart, the fruit dealer, at Bonsecurs market, but when he saw them he refused to accept them, and applied to Dr. McCarry, chief food inspector, for a certificate as to their condition. Mr. T. E. Grenier, fruit and vegetable inspector examined them and ordered their confiscation. They were sent by Mr. W. J. Henry, of Stratford, who will be the loser. The wholesale price by the car is two cents per pound.

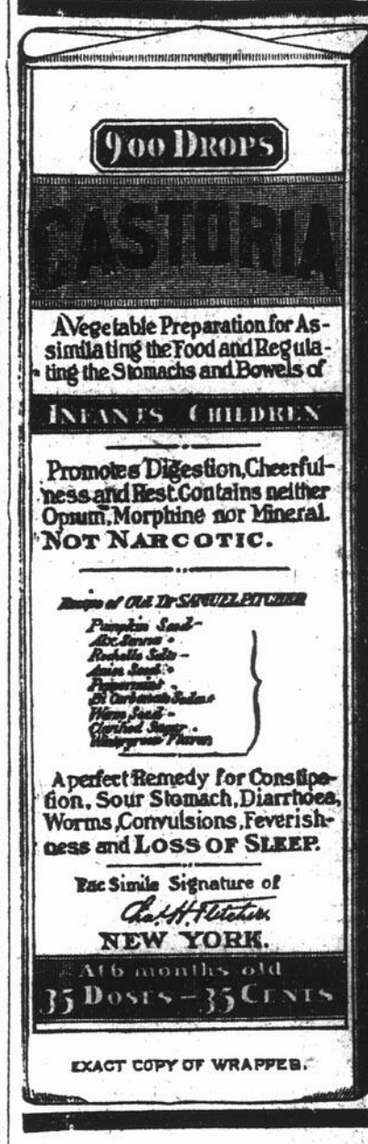
MISSIONARY ENTERTAINMENT.

An entertainment in aid of the mission funds of the church was given by the pupils of Grace Church Sunday School, Point St. Charles, on Tuesday, Oct. 25. The schoolroom was filled by an appreciative audience, and too much praise cannot be given to the pupils who so creditably performed their various parts. The following teachers had charge of the preparation of the programme, and to their faithful and thorough training the success of the undertaking is largely due: Misses Collins, Ethel Hostler, Jenkins, Ker, Daisy Ker (St. Catharines), Kingstone, W. Kingstone, D. Lee, Martin, Emily Martin, Mason, M. E. Mason, Mitchell, C. McDonell, Powles, Walton, Whittall and Yetman. At the close of the proceedings the rector, the Ven. Archdeacon Ker, D.D., spoke a few appropriate words.

THE MENDELSSOHN TRIO.

The concert of the Mendelssohn Trio at Karn Hall on Monday last, assisted by Miss Eva Plouffe and others, was one of the most artistic and enjoyable of the season. The piano used was a Chickering & Sons' Concert Grand from the warerooms of C. W. Lindsay, Limited, 2366 St. Catherine street.

Advertisements.



EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Province of Quebec {Municipality of the Village of DeLorimier

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given by O.-E. Forest, secretary-treasurer, that the Council of the Village of DeLorimier, at its session held on the thirteenth day of October, nineteen hundred and four (1904), has passed the following By-Law:

By-Law number 37 to authorize the Council of the Corporation of the Village of DeLorimier to contract a loan.

At a general session of adjournment of the Council of the Corporation of the Village of DeLorimier, held at the ordinary hour of the meetings of this Council, in the Town Hall of the Village of DeLorimier, the thirteenth day of the month of October, nineteen hundred and four;

At which session are present: Messrs. Christophe Messier, Alphonse Aubry, Adélard C. Miller, Louis D. Latour, Magloire Labreeque, Médéric Lacombe and Joseph Vigneau, all members of said Council, under the presidency of Master Christophe Messier, Mayor.

It is ordered and statuted by By-Law of this Council as follows:

Whereas, that it is of general interest for the Municipality of the Village of DeLorimier to continue several works of improvements, such as the macadamizing of the following streets: Dufresne, Dorion, Cazeau, Chaussé and Parthenais, also the construction of sidewalks on the said streets, and on Iberville street;

Whereas, that it is timely, and of public interest, for this Municipality to execute certain improvements concerning the water supply, and the laying of water mains on the following streets: Cazeau, Simard, Parthenais and St. Jérome.

Whereas, that it is also convenient, and of public interest, to increase the number of hydrants, and to improve the service of the Fire Department, in the Municipality;

Whereas, that it is equally expedient to consolidate the floating debt now existing:

IT IS RESOLVED:

1o.—That a loan of fifty thousand dollars be made by the means of Bonds or Debentures, signed by the Mayor and the Secretary-Treasurer, and that the products of said loan shall be applied to the above-mentioned motives; that the coupons of interest shall bear lithographed signatures.

2o.—That this loan be made payable in forty years, and that it bears interest not exceeding four and one-half percent per year, payable semi-annually.

3o.—That there will be a sinking fund of two percent per year, besides interest, until the extinction of the debt.

4o.—That a special tax on taxable real estate of this Municipality, shall be levied each year, said tax not to exceed thirty-nine hundred of one percent on the yearly valuation.

5o.—That the capital and interest shall be payable at the office of an incorporated bank, at Montreal.

6o.—That the present By-Law shall have to be approved by the electors, owners of taxable real estate of the Municipality of the Village of DeLorimier, and by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council.

Signed: C. MESSIER, Mayor.
" C. E. FOREST, Sec.-Treas.

And on motion of Councillor Miller, seconded by Councillor Vigneau, it is unanimously resolved that it be ordered, and that this Council hereby order that the electors, owners of taxable real estate of the Municipality of the Village of DeLorimier be convened to a public meeting, in conformity to the Article 671 of the Muncipal Code of the Province of Quebec, to be held on the twelfth day of the month of November, nineteen hundred and four at the Town Hall of the Village of DeLorimier, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the approval of the present By-Law, and that the said present By-Law be posted according to law, and published in full, twice, in two newspapers, viz.: 'Le Journal,' a newspaper printed in French, and the 'Witness,' a newspaper printed in English, both published in the City of Montreal.

Signed: C. MESSIER, Mayor.
" C. E. FOREST, Sec.-Treas.

Certified: C. E. FOREST, Secretary-Treasurer.

Consequently, the electors, owners of taxable real estate of the Municipality of the Village of DeLorimier are convened to a public meeting in conformity to the Article 671 of the Municipal Code of the Province of Quebec, for the twelfth day of the month of November, nineteen hundred and four, in the Council's office, at the Town Hall of the Village of DeLorimier, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the approval of the said By-Law.

Given under my signature, at the Village of DeLorimier, this nineteenth day of the month of October, nineteen hundred and four.

C. E. FOREST, Secretary-Treasurer.

I, the undersigned, C. E. Forest, Secretary-Treasurer, certify that the By-Law hereinbefore given is a true copy of the By-Law adopted by the Council of the Village of DeLorimier, and that the notice of convocation is equally a true copy of the notice given by myself, as requested by law.

Given under my signature, at the Village of DeLorimier, this nineteenth day of October, nineteen hundred and four.

C. E. FOREST, Secretary-Treasurer.

DOMINION LINE
STEAMSHIPS.

WEEKLY SAILINGS TO LIVERPOOL.

From MONTREAL.

*DOMINION.....Oct. 29 †CANADA.....Nov. 12

Montreal to Avonmouth (Bristol).

*TURCOMAN ...Nov. 5 *MANXMAN....Nov. 10

*Cold storage.
†Cool air and cold storage.
Steamers sail at daylight.

MODERATE RATES.

Ask Agents for particulars of moderate rate service To Liverpool, $35.00; To London, $37.50 and upwards, according to steamer and berth.
For all particulars as to passage and freight apply to Local Agent, or to

THE DOMINION LINE.
17 St Sacrament street, Montreal.

FURNESS, WITHY & CO.,
(LIMITED.)

PROPOSED SAILINGS.

MANCHESTER LINERS LIMITED.
Canada and Manchester.

From Manchester.		From Montreal
Oct. 12....	*Manchester City.....	Oct. 30
Oct. 20....	*Manchester Commerce.....	Nov. 8
Oct. 15....	Manchester Importer.....	Nov. 15
Nov. 3....	*Manchester Trader.....	Nov. 22

Above steamers have first-class accommodation for a limited number of passengers.

Canada-South Africa Joint Service.
Montreal to Capetown, Port Elizabeth, East London and Durban.
*Wyandotte, from Montreal.....25 Oct
*Fitted with cold storage.
For further particulars apply to

FURNESS, WITHY & CO., Limited, Agts.
44 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.
ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP LINES.
SUMMER SAILINGS.
MONTREAL AND LIVERPOOL.

From Liverpool	Steamer	From Montreal
Tues., Oct. 25..	Lake Erie.....	Thurs., Nov. 10
Tues., Nov. 1..	Lake Manitoba...	Thurs., Nov. 17

Steamers sail from Montreal at daybreak, passengers embarking the evening previous.

WINTER SAILINGS.

From Liverpool	Steamer	From St. John, N.B.
Nov. 15.....	Lake Champlain.....	Dec. 3
Nov. 29.....	Lake Erie.....	Dec. 17
Dec. 13.....	Lake Manitoba.....	Dec. 31

RATES OF PASSAGE—To Liverpool, $47.50 and $50 and upward, according to steamer and accommodation. Round Trip Tickets at reduced rates.
Second Cabin, to Liverpool, $30.00; to London, $32.50.
Third Class Rates to Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Belfast, Londonderry and Queenstown, $15. From Liverpool or Londonderry to Quebec, $15. From London, $17. To and from all other points at equally low rates.

DIRECT SAILINGS TO LONDON.
Mount Temple.....Nov. 16
Carrying Third Class Passengers only.
Excellent accommodation in closed rooms.
Rates to London and other British, Scandinavian and Finnish points, same as via Liverpool service.
Apply to
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP LINES,
Board of Trade Building, St. Sacrament street, Montreal.

REFORD AGENCIES.

DONALDSON LINE TO GLASGOW.
Glasgow Weekly Service from Montreal.
SS. SALACIA.....Oct. 20
SS. MARINA (cold storage).....Oct. 27
SS. PARTHENIA (cold storage).....Nov. 3
SS. LAKONIA (cold storage).....Nov. 10
Agents—DONALDSON BROS., Glasgow

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Oct. 20	BAVARIAN.....	Nov. 4, 9 a.m.	10 p.m.
Oct. 27	PARISIAN.....	Nov. 11, 6 a.m	3.30 p. m.
Nov. 3	TUNISIAN.....	Nov. 18, 9 a.m.	9 p.m.
Nov. 5	PRETORIAN..	Nov. 22, 7 a.m.	7 p.m.

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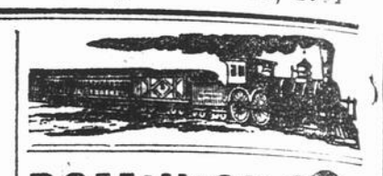

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JUDY, AN UGLY DUCKLING.

(By Katharine Tynan, in 'Chambers's Journal.')

Judy O'Sullivan was the one dark child among Rory O'Sullivan's fair children. She had a beautiful carriage, a small dark head, dark eyes, and somewhat stormy, and an air of breeding and refinement which was derived, no doubt, from some O'Sullivan of the great days long ago. The O'Sullivans had become peasant farmers themselves in these latter days, after generations of marriage with peasant farmers. But the homely blood had somehow given place in Judy to the good old blood. Little Judy from her earliest childhood looked like the child of gentlefolk. Now that she was grown up she was a lady.

She had a way of putting on garments, in no wise different from those of her sisters, that lent them a grace and propriety which were not in the things themselves.

The odd thing was that in the family Judy passed for the ugly one. Her sisters were flaxen-haired, rosy-cheeked, blue-eyed, ample-bosomed girls, who were the beauties of the countryside. They were good-natured girls, and Judy provoked no animosites, so they had never told her in so many words that she was ugly; but Judy felt that they thought it all the same.

Sometime in Judy's childhood an old peasant woman, with the cruel outspokenness of her class, had hurled at her the epithet 'yellow.' It remained in her mind with extraordinary persistence. For some odd reason the ideal of beauty in an Irish peasant's mind is a fair, highly colored person. Among themselves the people often wondered how Rory O'Sullivan's Judy came to be 'so yellow and poor-loking' among his handsome family. But, then, of course, the man himself was nothing to look at.

The fact of her ugliness became to Judy something to be accepted as the will of God.

She had a little room in the roof, very poorly furnished, but a solitude she loved. Her sisters prefrred to be together in a large dormitory-like room, where they talked half the night and had quarrels at times over the use of the looking-glass.

It was like that oddity Judy to prefer the old loft above, where the naked thatch showed through the rafters and the eaves of it came so far down over the little window that the place was in a perpetual twilight.

Judy had no desire at all to look in the glass nor for a better light. The bit of looking-glass which hung from a rafter, and which was green and seamed and had lost half the quicksilver, gave Judy such a reflection of herself that she was not at all anxious to see it again. She was a tender, impressionable creature, and she had accepted the standards of the people about her.

She heard her sisters talk of their lovers and arrange arrogantly at what age they would marry, with a detachment from all such things which gave her the lonely sorrow that looked out of her stormy eyes.

Not that she would think of her sister's lovers. The idea of having one of those smart young farmers, with bright-blue neckties to match their eyes, and badly-made black clothes in which they went courting and visiting—clothes in which their honest good looks of every day entirely disappeared—as a lover, turned Judy faint with horror.

But there was something else—something which the others knew nothing at all about—the love Judy had read of in the few books the house contained, which had disappeared unmissed because no one was interested in them, and lay hidden away in holes in the thatch and behind the big rafters. And there were beautiful, gallant, gracious persons, knights and heroes, in the world, the very thought of whom made Judy thrill. Even if she was ugly, and 'yellow as a kite's claw,' as the old woman had said long ago, she was free to dream her dreams; although if one of those fine fellows had come in sight Judy would have run into a mouse-hole to escape his glances.

Rory O'Sullivan was a fairly prosperous farmer; the family had traditions and belongings that had come down to them from better days. The house—a long, low, thatched farmhouse on the hillside—the garden behind full of old-fashioned flowers, and having fancifully shaped box-borders; the summer-house; the sundial; the seats cut in the privet hedge; the kitchen-garden with the fruit trees all mixed up with hollyhocks and sunflowers in the vegetable beds, were more charming than their owner supposed.

The house within was full of good, old-fashioned furniture, and possessed some beautiful china, silver, pewter, and Sheffield plate. When they had company to dinner, the O'Sullivans ate off willow-pattern plates with a little gold in the design, which Sir Murty O'Sullivan at the Castle, if he had been at the Castle, would not have disdained.

Sir Murty was a sort of kinsman of theirs at Clogher Farm. Not that he would ever have insisted on it even if he knew. Sir Murty was at home, which he had not been for years. The O'Sullivans at Clogher Farm, if they had become peasants, the passage of the years, had as people, in a manner, as Sir Murty

valued the heirlooms which down to them. Indeed, it safe to say that any one would rather have starved parted with the china, the the potato-rings, the pewter which were a warrant of 'great stability.'

took her share with her sisters and cleaning the house and it contained. She liked to beautiful old things and make them look their best. She never minded sweeping or dusting or making the beds. But there were certain things she could not endure to do. One was to wash greasy dishes. And she did such things with an air of melancholy resignation that made her sisters laugh and nod at each other behind her back. However, they were good-natured girls, and gave her the tasks she liked rather than those she loathed.

But there was one person in the house, and that the 'de facto' ruler of it, their grandmother, Rory O'Sullivan's mother, who thought such mortification of the flesh good for Judy.

You had only to look at old Mrs. O'Sullivan, or her son Rory for the matter of that, to see where Judy got her looks.

The yellow hair and rosy cheeks had come into the family with Mary Flavin, the children's mother, upon whom her mother-in-law had looked with silent haughtiness all the days she lived.

Old Mrs. O'Sullivan had the dark skin, the dark eyes, the erect carriage of Judy; in her case Judy's delicate aquiline nose had become a pronounced hook. She had Judy's white, even, small teeth, unspoiled by age.

Her son was the image of her; and they were all three plainly like the picture of Sir Florence O'Sullivan, a far-away chieftain of the family, which hung above the mantel-shelf in the dim little parlor.

Mrs. O'Sullivan had been a cousin of her husband, and also an O'Sullivan. She was an austerely pious, proud, aescetic old woman, from whom Mary Flavin's children, with the only exception of Judy, were worlds removed.

She had never been harsh with the children, as might have been supposed. Indeed, there was something fine and noble about her which made her tolerant of ways so far removed from her own. She fasted all the days of Lent, despite her age and the relaxation of fasting which were permitted, and openly mourned the good old days when none drank even a glass of water before twelve o'clock for all the forty days. But she did not forbid her grandchildren the laxity that was lawful in these latter, less robust days.

(To be Continued.)

CHILDREN'S CORNER.

FRANK, BUCCANEER.

Even 'Uncle Pat,' who has been on the cattle-range for forty years, and who, his friends insist, knows more about a cow than any living man, said that he never saw a calf like Frank.

Frank's first appearance was just after sunset one evening when he crossed the hay vega, or field, and crawled under the barbed-wire fence in front of the ranch house. He stood surveying his surroundings with an air of interest, but with no apparent concern for his own safety. Then he walked to the bars of the corral in which were penned the milch cows and their calves, and some other cattle which were being made gentle. He stood looking through the bars with the same deliberate interest that he displayed when he looked at the house.

'I don't know what calf that can be,' 'Uncle Pat' said. 'He does not belong to any of the cows out there. He surely is lost. He probably walked off and left his mother. He's entirely too independent for a calf not over a week old.'

But Frank's independence soon asserted itself more strongly. After he had satisfied himself with his survey of the 'bunch' in the corral, he calmly poked his little white head between the poles of the fence, and by dint of much wriggling and squirming managed to squeeze his little red body through after it. The cows looked at him with suspicion; for he made his way among them with entirely too much assurance for a small stranger. Twice he went the rounds of the corral, and then stopped perplexed.

'She's not here, old boy. Sorry for you,' called 'Uncle Pat' from whence the family was lined up looking through the fence at him.

But Frank's look was unmistakable. It said:—'Oh, you needn't be sorry for me.'

He turned and sized up the situation. A calf about his own age was taking its supper with much satisfaction, as shown by the vigorous waving of its white-tipped tail. Now supper was precisely what Frank was hunting, and he evidently decided that there was no need for losing more time. That white-tailed calf should share with him! The mother was sleepily chewing her cud, and did not notice his approach. But at the first mouthful which the little thief took she turned and kicked him a resounding whack on top of his little white head. Frank shook the little white head in question, and stood off, looking reproachfully at the ill-natured cow.

But he was by no means discouraged. He coolly looked about for a more hopeful chance. From one cow to another he scampered, snatching a few mouthfuls before he was discovered and kicked, and then on to the next. The following morning, when the cows were turned out to pasture, Frank went with the calvkes into the calf-corral, and lay there all day sleeping in the shade without showing any signs of hunger.

'He'll get along in this world,' 'Uncle Pat' laughed; 'but he will keep the cows excited, so I shall make one cow take him.'

Thereupon, he took a short rope and tied Frank, neck to neck, to the white-tailed calf. In this way the white-tailed calf's mother could not kick Frank without hurting her own calf, especially as Frank was cute enough to get on the outer side. Even a cow can see the injustice of punishing her own calf for another's fault, and White-tail's mother soon stopped kicking altogether.

But the plan did not work well; for the simple reason that Frank decided that half-rations were not enough for an energetic fellow like himself. So when he had finished his allotted share he would go foraging, dragging the white-tailed calf with him (an innocent and protesting party to the outrage), to shield him from the kicks of the enraged cows. Poor little White-tail felt justly abused. Not only must he give half of his meals to this impudent, bald-faced stranger, but he must be dragged around and kicked by every cow in the corral. It manifestly was so unjust that 'Uncle Pat' untied Frank and turned him loose upon his piratical career.

Thus it came about that Frank grew fat and sleek and high-spirited. When he was pointed out to strangers as 'the motherless calf that came to us,' they always exclaimed: 'Why, he looks better than any of the other calves,' which always caused a laugh.

One dark night, two years after Frank adopted himself, so to speak, 'Uncle Pat' was driving a trap-load of people home from the post-office, ten miles away. At a point in the road where a wire fence runs close to a steep bluff, leaving only a narrow passage between, the team snorted in fright and stopped suddenly. 'Uncle Pat' jumped out and ran ahead to see what the trouble was. Then his voice came out of the darkness: 'Get up and get out of the road, you impudent brute!' He came back laughing: 'Of course it's Frank. He must choose the one spot in all the country where he thought some one would have to give way to him.—New York 'Tribune.'

BIBLE TRUTH.

FRIDAY, OCT. 28.

NOT DEATH, BUT LIFE.

Does death end all? Certainly not, for what men call death is not ceasing to exist. A man's clothing is not the man. A human body is the dwelling of the living personality which cannot be destroyed. The life beyond has been the hope of humanity in all ages. 'Tis life, not death, for which we pant, more life and fuller that I want.' Away from the home in the body, 'at home with the Lord.' (II. Cor. v., 6-9.) The man dying with Jesus was assured of life beyond the cross. (Lu. xxiii., 43.) Though worms destroy the body yet says Job, 'In my flesh shall I see God.' Paul had a desire to depart to be with Christ and spoke of death as gain. (Phil. i., 21-24.) In II. Tim. iv., 6, he speaks of the time of his departure from this world and of the crown awaiting him. In chap. i., he teaches that Christ has abolished death and brought life and incorruption to light in the gospel. (See Rom. v.,) Sin reigns in death, but those that receive God's grace and Christ's righteousness shall reign in life. Jesus taught that what men call death is only the sleep of the body. (Jno. xi., 11-14, 21-26.) He also taught that there are no dead for all live before God. (Lu. xx., 34-38.) It is appointed unto men once to die, and after that the judgment. (Heb. ix., 27; x., 27.) To the Christian death means rest with Jesus, to the unbeliever death means the prison-house till the judgment. (I. Pet. ii., 4-9.) The spirits of those drowned at the deluge are in prison. (I. Pet. ii., 19.) Yet with all that is revealed men go on sinning and choose death rather than life. (Jno. ii., 36.)

DAILY TEXT.

October 28.

I have set before thee an open door.—Rev. iii., 8.

Sin's worst punishment is loss of power. We need no look into eternity to see this. Continued sin has only one end here: the power-current ceases; lights go out; wheels stop. Has any man so much power that he can risk the atrophy of one of his energies? Then he cannot afford to sin. Even God's forgiveness of sin does not restore all the lost power. 'The wages of sin is death'—death even while we live.—Sunday-School Times.'

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FEDERAL ELECTIONS,

CITY OF MONTREAL,

ST. LAWRENCE DIVISION.

Public Notice is hereby given that MR. ROBERT BICKERDIKE, Candidate at this election, has appointed as his agent MR. PAUL RAINVILLE, of the City of Montreal, Advocate, New York Life Building; and that MR. CAMPBELL LANE, Candidate, has appointed as his agents, MR. WILLIAM J. LITTLE, Clerk, 62 Mance street, and MR. FRANCIS JOSEPH HATCHETT, Advocate, 6 Concord street, both of Montreal, of which all persons are hereby required to take notice.

P. DAOUST,
Returning Office.

Montreal, 27th October, 1904.

PARLIAMENTARY ELECTIONS.

ST. ANTOINE DIVISION.

Friends willing to volunteer as helpers on Election day, or who can lend carriages, are requested to communicate with Mr. BANNISTER, at Central Committee Room, No. 2482 St. Catherine Street Telephone Up 2195, and oblige.

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INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

Tender for Building.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the outside 'Tender for Building, Stellarton,' will be received up to and including MONDAY, the 31st DAY OF OCTOBER, 1904, for the construction of a Stores and Office Building at STELLARTON, N.S.

Plans and specification may be seen at the Station Master's Office at Stellarton, N.S., and at the Office of the Chief Engineer, Moncton, N.B., where forms of tender may be obtained.

All the conditions of the specification must be complied with.

D. POTTINGER,
General Manager.

Railway Office, Moncton N.B.
15th October, 1904.

A SESSION OF THE COURT OF KING'S BENCH (Crown Side), holding criminal jurisdiction in and for the DISTRICT OF MONTREAL, will be held in the COURT HOUSE, in the CITY OF MONTREAL, on WEDNESDAY, the SECOND DAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, at TEN o'clock in the forenoon.

In consequence, I give PUBLIC NOTICE to all who intend to proceed against any prisoners now in the Common Gaol of the said District, and all others, that they must be present then and there: and I also give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners and Peace Officers, in and for the said District, that they must be present then and there, with their Records, Rolls, Indictments and other Documents, in order to do these things which belong to them in their respective capacities.

J. R. THIBAUDEAU,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Montreal, 13th October, 1904.

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READABLE PARAGRAPHS.

AN AMUSING DISCUSSION.

An entertaining discussion has gone on recently in the columns of the London 'Daily News' over the quaint phrase in an advertisement, 'I took my wrong umbrella.' The 'News' itself calls the expression 'an exquisite Irishism, the subtle beauty of which requires some pointing out.' One correspondent cites what he thinks a better specimen of twisted English in the story of the undergraduate who wrote, 'Mr. Jones presents his compliments to Mr. Brown, and finds he has a hat which isn't mine, so if you have a hat which isn't his, no doubt they are the ones.' Another finds the same unconscious expression of universal proprietorship in the words of a railway passenger who said, 'My train did not stop at Crouch End.' The latter suggestion, at least, shows thought along the right lines, but it is surely stretching the evidence to apply the theory to any articles but umbrellas or leadpencils. A celebrated English jurist, we believe, once wrote for the diversion of his friends a weighty opinion on the law of umbrellas as it existed in the popular mind. There was no such thing as ownership of an umbrella, he held. A person might retain exclusive possession of one while using it, as during a rainstorm, but as soon as it passed out of his hand it became a part of the world's stock of umbrellas and, as such, like a gallon of air, was ready for the use of whoever needed it.

Your watch cleaned from $1.00; guaranteed for one year. R. Hemsley, Watchmaker, 255 St. James street.

DIAMOND CUT DIAMOND.

The following story comes from Belgium: Two fellow travellers got into conversation and came upon the subject of free luggage, when one asked leave to measure the other's trunk. The result was that the measurer said:

'Your trunk is seven and a half centimetres too long, and has no right to be in the compartment of free luggage. I am a railway inspector, and must fine you five francs. Please give me your name and address.'

The proposed victim of misplaced confidence was, however, equal to the occasion.

'Kindly lend me your measure, that I may satisfy myself on the subject.' Then with a polite smile, 'I am a director in the Royal Weights and Measures office. To my great regret I notice that your measure is not stamped, as is required by law, so that, first, your measure is not legally valid, and, secondly, it is my painful duty to subject you to a fine of fifty francs. Please give me your name and address.'—Philadelphia 'Ledger.'

Advertisements.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

TENDER FOR BRANCH LINE.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned and marked on the outside "Tender for Branch Line to Vernon River Bridge," will be received up to and including FRIDAY, the 21st Day of October, 1904, for the Grading, Track-laying, Ballasting, Building, etc., in the construction of a Branch Line of Railway, 4.58 miles long, to Vernon River Bridge, Prince Edward Island.

Plans, Profile and Specifications may be seen at the Engineers' office, Charlottetown, P.E.I., and at the office of the Chief Engineer, Moncton, N.B., where forms of tender may be obtained.

All the conditions of the specifications must be complied with.

D. POTTINGER, General Manager.
Railway Office,
Moncton, N.B., 29th September, 1904.

YES, WE DO CLEAN PRIVATE HOUSE WINDOWS,

And Put Up Double Windows

Special Men, with references, for Private Houses.

NEW YORK WINDOW CLEANING CO.

Tel. East 2480.

HAVE YOU GOT A COLD?

Then get a box of

HARTE'S GRIPPE WAFERS.

Cures a cold in 24 hours.

How About That Cough?

HARTE'S COUGH MIXTURE

Will cure it. Now is the time.

J. A. HARTE, - Chemist,

1778 Notre Dame Street.

Groceries, Provisions, &c

POTATOES! POTATOES!

Good Potatoes are going to be scarce this winter.

Just arrived over Intercolonial Ry. from River du Loup a carload of the finest, driest and most mealy potatoes that I ever put into stock.

Order your winter supply now, they will be dearer later on.

WALTER PAUL

2355 St. Catherine St.

THE OLDEST SCHOOL IN CANADA.

Some of the Pioneers of Education in Montreal.

THE BEGINNINGS OF THE DUFFERIN SCHOOL DESCRIBED.

This article is the second of a series of sketches of the schools of Montreal. The first dealt with, the McGill Normal School, was published in the 'Witness' of Oct. 19. Next week's article will deal with Ann Street School.

In the assembly hall of Dufferin School, St. Urbain street, there are two brasses which commemorate the connection of the school with what is believed to be the oldest common school in Canada. One of the inscriptions reads: 'British and Canadian School, the oldest common school in Canada, corner of Coté and Lagauchetiere streets, founded 1822, placed under control of the Protestant Board of School Commisisoners, 1866, transferred to this building and named Dufferin School, 1894.'

The other runs: 'In grateful memory of the late William Lunn, Esq., who died 1886, aged 89 years. He was one of the three pioneers who in 1822 founded the British and Canadian School Society, and he continued for more than sixty years a zealous worker in the cause of education in Montreal.'

In the library of the Dufferin School there are preserved the records of the British and Canadian School. They date back to 1822, the year of its foundation, and at first glance they appear to be of the dry as dust order. The register of attendance is, however, impressive by the very monotony with which it repeats, year after year, the statistics, 'present, absent, total,' that were recorded from day to day with a uniformity that must have latterly made the suggestion of departing from precedent almost an offence. Occasionally a note throws some light on the circumstances of school work. 'Confession day' explains the smallness of attendance and points to the fact, which is known from other sources, that the pupils were drawn from both Protestant and Roman Catholic families. A daily chronicle of the weather is also embodied in the book, and in turning over the pages one is seldom rewarded by such a lengthy entry as that under June 13, 1832: 'Owing to the consternation almost universally felt by the fact that cholera was carrying off appalling numbers, the school closed for a fortnight.'

It was rarely that the teachers broke through their reserve, the book is not even signed by them, otherwise we should have had an interesting set of autographs of Montreal educationists. At the end of one book, under date Nov. 15, 1842, is the entry, 'Finit sub umbra gratia.' The oldest attendance register bears on the fly-leaf the date Oct. 14, 1822, but the first day of which the attendance is recorded is Oct. 28: 'Present, 75; absent, 13; total, 88.' There is also a register of pupils' names. It appears to go back to the very first enrolment, and would, if analyzed, throw some light on the conditions of life in Montreal half a century and more ago.

One is not, however, altogether dependent on written records. Living testimony goes back to within eight years of the foundation of the school. It seems not to be generally known that Joseph Lancaster, who shares with Dr. Andrew Bell, the distinction of having originated the monitorial system, was a teacher in the school. Lancaster was a remarkable man, but erratic, and usually had one grievance or another to console himself for his failures. He failed financially in England, and went to the United States in 1818. He had some success there for a time, but evil days came upon him, and it was in a period of depression that he visited Montreal, lectured on education, and taught in, if he did not actually conduct, the Coté Street School. A visitors' book of the girls' school enables us to assign his visit to 1829. He styled himself in that book 'Founder of the Royal Lancastrian System of Education,' and expressed 'my pleasure and satisfaction in visitting this useful and hopeful school.' In another entry dated Dec. 22, 1829, he says he was much gratified with the pupils and the industry of the teachers.

The first teacher of the school was Thomas Hutchings, who had come out from England to Montreal in July, 1822, at the invitation of three ministers to teach a school they were about to start. They quarrelled, however, and the scheme of establishing a school fell through and the committee of three ministers was dissolved. At this crisis in Mr. Hutchings's affairs happily the British and Canadian School Society and the school were both established, and Mr. Hutchings received the head mastership. He did not stay many years, for in November, 1826, he wrote from Plymouth, England, asking to be reinstated as head master. At first the classes were mixed, but shortly afterwards a mistress, Miss Webster, was appointed, and the girls were taught by themselves on the ground floor, while the boys were taught upstairs. In 1824 Miss Willlams was sent out from England as school mistress. She had to wait a month in London for her steamer, and a letter despatched from London by Mr. Miller, the agent of the society there, in September did not reach Mr. William Lunn in Montreal until the following April. Miss William's fare, paid strictly in advance, was £25.

Coté street school was a two-story building with a loft, or attic, above, in which the winter firewood was stored. The building still stands, but it has been converted into spice mills. An old pupil, Mr. Robt. Irwin, enables us to peep into the schoolroom as it was more than seventy years ago. Joseph Lancaster's system was being faithfully carried out. Round each window was a class and in the centre of the semicircle an older pupil who acted as monitor or teacher. The school was thus, in an educational sense, self-sustaining. When a boy had acquired a certain amount of information he communicated it to the younger ones and knowledge passed from one to another as news circulates in the eastern bazaars. Whatever else it was or was not, it was cheap, and probably on no other system could so much education have been imparted in the circumstances of the time. The enterprise was at first purely voluntary and it is said that in the early years of the school the children collected contributions from door to door to support it. 'It is doubtful,' says Dr. Robins, in a sketch of the school which appeared in 1881, and to which this article is indebted, 'if ever in the history of Montreal the public more heartily and universally concurred in a work of pure benevolence. The population of Montreal was but small and religiously, politically, and socially, was, as it aways has been, much divided, but the British and Canadian School was heartily sustained without distinction of parties or creeds.' Lord Dalhousie was its first patron and subscribed twenty pounds annually to its funds while he was commander-in-chief, and among the other contributors were the Hon. L. J. Papineau and the reformers of that period. In 1824 it obtained a grant of two hundred pounds from the legislature. Many men, French and English, who have since become prominent in the commercial life of Montreal, were educated in the school, and it acted to some extent as a training school for teachers. A corporal in the British army was sent to receive a course of training in order that he might qualify to teach his comrades. On the fifth of April, 1824, the society resolved 'that the Indian school master in the Indian settlement of the River St. Francis in this province be instructed to send his asssistant and an Indian boy of good character to the British and Canadian School Society to receive further instruction in the English language and to be trained to the British system with a view to extending religious education among the Indian tribes in this country.' A good many children were educated free, and the regular school fee was four sous, or twopence, payable each Monday morning. The routine of the classes was occasionally broken as when the loft above the school had to be filled with firewood. The task of carrying up the wood was more to the taste of the boys than lessons, and the event was a sort of holiday as they formed up on the stairs and passed the logs from hand to hand, as buckets are passed on at a fire. But any day of the week they had slight diversions, running races round the Sunday market, on the site of which is now the Friars' school and snowball or other fights between the English boys and the French boys, not so much out of racial antagonism as because they wanted to fight somebody and race made a convenient line of division.

When prize day came round the rewards were such as to gratify the hearts of parents, for useful things for the household were distributed, caps, handkerchiefs, cutlery or spoons perhaps; a doll for a little girl sometimes, but usually a practical spirit ruled the choice and little consideration was given to childish fancies. Neither the demand nor the supply of toys was so great as it is at present.

The brass tablet, in the Dufferin school, mentions, but not by name, two gentlemen who were associated with Mr. William Lunn in establishing the British and Canadian School Society, 'for the education of the children of the laboring class of the people, and for the improvement of their morals.' Mr. K. Dowie and Mr. Daniel Fisher, it was who attended a meeting on Sept. 21, 1822, for the purpose of establishing the society. Mr. Kenneth Dowie was appointed treasurer, Mr. William Lunn secretary, and Mr. Horatio Gates president. Mr. Michael Scott took a share in the establishment of the society and the Hon. L. J. Papineau accepted the post of vice-president.

Another man who was one of the first governors, and who took great interest in the society as long as he lived, was Mr. John Frothingham, who was born in 1788 and died in 1870. Mr. Frothingham contributed largely to the support of the school and persuaded others to contribute, and he left a bequest for it which now amounts to nearly three thousand dollars. A portrait in the library and a silver medal awarded every year commemorate his benefactions. Very much of the success of the school, says a historical sketch, written in 1886, was due to the high character, the personal self-sacrifice and untiring energy of the active members of the society who, in spite of difficulties almost inconceivable at the present day, built up and maintained a large and flourishing school until their work was superseded by the appointment of regular school commissioners for the city. And the chief burden of the work in connection with education in Montreal before the establishment of the board and for some years afterward, fell on Mr. William Lunn's shoulders, or rather he took it himself on his shoulders and carried it cheerfully. His zeal for education was not a whit less than that of Joseph Lancaster and he had a better balanced mind.

The Protestant Board of School Commissioners was created by an act of the Provincial Parliament in 1846. The members were all appointed by the government and the first board consisted of the Rev. Charles Bancroft, the Rev. Caleb Strong, the Rev. J. M. Cramp, Mr. William Lunn, Mr. Andrew Wilson, and Mr. John Dougall. Mr. William Lunn, who was appointed secretary-treasurer, formed the connecting link between the new order of things brought into existence by the creation of the board and the old voluntary system. A member both of the society and of the board, he did not rest until after two years of negotiations the transfer of the Coté street school to the school commissions was completed in 1866. It had had an independent existence of forty-four years. But it retained the title of the British and Canadian School up to 1894 when the Dufferin school was opened. The school at the time of its transfer had accommodation for four hundred children. It had been and continued to be one of the chief elementary schools and it was soon found to be too small for the number of applicants for admission.

In 1865 Mr. H. Arnold, a very successful and able teacher, who had practically made the Panet Street School, known at this period usually as the Quebec Suburbs School, was transferred to Coté street, and in 1873 the school was enlarged, accommodation being provided for two hundred additional children, or altogether for 650 pupils. This extension of Coté Street School was made possible by an augmentation of the revenue of the board. By an act of 1868 the City Council received the right to nominate three commissioners, the other three continuing to be nominees of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council. The narrowness of its resources has always hampered the work of the board. Its total income in 1847 was only $558.05, contributed by the City Council. In 1867 it received $838.40 from the government, and $1,921.50 from the City Council, a total of $2,759.90. It had then fifteen teachers teaching 740 children. The augmented income in 1868 was $8,975.20, and the board set about paying its debts and enlarging its school accommodation.

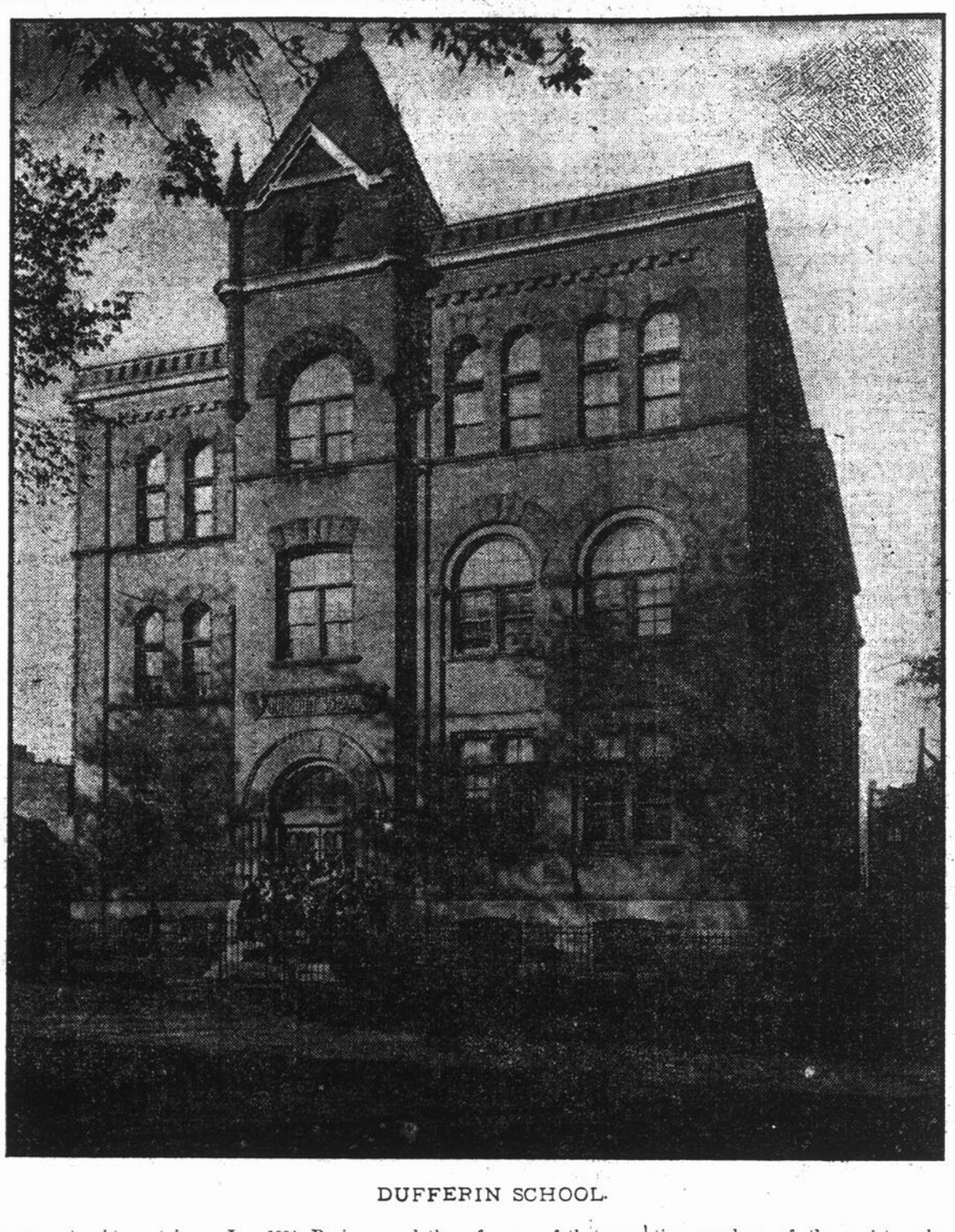
In addition to the British and Canadian School, there is incorporated in the Dufferin School the Dorchester School, which was opened at 381 Dorchester street, in September, 1874, chiefly with the idea of accommodating French Protestants. There was no restriction as to the number of English-speaking children who were admitted, and it never took on a French character.

The Dufferin School was completed in the spring of 1894 and formally opened in April of that year, by the Earl of Aberdeen, Governor-General, and Lady Aberdeen. The school has accommodation for about nine hundred pupils. The cost of the land was $22,000, and of the building $54,775. The two schools which it superseded were at once closed and sold.

It has not been found possible to obtain a full list of teachers of the school and the periods of their service. Thomas Hutchings, Miss Webster and Miss Williams have been mentioned already. Mrs. Chapman is spoken of as enthusiastic and experienced. John Minshall probably followed Hutchings. At any rate, he was teaching in 1842. H. Arnold was a very successful teacher of the school. He joined it in 1865. Coming to recent times, we find in the list of headmasters the names of several men who have distinguished themselves:—Dr. McKercher, M.A., LL.D., now headmaster of the Senior School; Dr. R. S. Weir, Recorder of Montreal; the Hon. J. C. McCorkill, who succeeded Mr. Alexander Pearson; Mr. Elliott, a brilliant young man who was accidentally killed after he took to the practice of the law, ending a promising career, and Mr. E. T. Chambers, who did some good work as a geologist.

The present headmaster of the Dufferin School is Mr. H. J. Silver, B.A., and the staff is as follows:—

Mr. H. J. Silver, B.A.
Miss Catherine C. Barron.
Miss May C. Brims.
Miss Mamie Bray.
Miss Catherine C. Brown.
Miss Clara B. Dickson.
Miss Jane D. Dixon.
Miss Irene Douglas.
Miss Edith L. Idler.
Miss Alice M. Jordan.
Miss Marjorie A. Kee.
Miss Hannah E. Latimer.
Miss Eliza T. Miller.
Miss Agnes R. McDiarmid.
Miss Lizzie C. McKenzie.
Miss Jane McMartin.
Miss Ruth H. O'Connor.
Miss Florence Ogden.
Miss Kate G. Patterson.
Miss Margaret G. M. Ramsay.
Miss Edith E. Samson.
Miss Ruby R. Smiley.
Miss W. Alice Taylor.



DUFFERIN SCHOOL.

MR. WILLIAM LUNN,
1797—1886, a Pioneer of Education in Montreal.

NEWSBOYS' COUPON, SERIES No. 2.

Twelve coupons of this series, cut from the papers of any days of the current week, will when presented by a street newsboy, be accepted at the WITNESS OFFICE in exchange for one ticket in the Newsboys Savings Bank Account Competition. Witness readers can help their newsboys by returning these coupons to them.

TEAR OFF HERE.
WITNESS NEWSBOYS' COUPON.
Series No. 2.
Oct. 29, 1904.

Coupons must be returned by nine o'clock Saturday morning.

SIR WILFRID SPEAKS.

Premier Addresses Meetings in Support of St. Mary's and Hochelaga Candidates.

CROWDS GATHER IN ST. HENRI CITY HALL AND ST. BRIDGET'S HALL.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier spoke to large audiences in the St. Henri City Hall, and in St. Bridget's Hall, St. Mary's Division, last night. Long before 8 o'clock the streets in the vicinity of the St. Henri hall were impassable. It was 8.15 o'clock when the Premier and a number of prominent Liberals at the head of a large torchlight and Japanese lantern procession arrived. As they entered by a side door leading to the platform the front doors were opened and the crowd surged in. All the seats had been removed and the large hall was quickly filled, every available space being soon occupied.

When there was room for no more the meeting was called to order by the Hon. Joseph Lanctot, M.D. On the platform, besides the premier, were Senators J. P. B. Casgrain, William Mitchell and J. K. Kerr; Messrs. L. A. Rivet, the candidate for Hochelaga; Camille Piché, the candidate for St. Mary's; T. Coté, J. A. Drouin, Ald. Ethier, Robidoux and Lebreche, of St. Henri; Mayor Fabien and several aldermen from Ste. Cunegonde; Mr. Letourneau, president of the Liberal Club; Mr. Hazin, advocate; Dr. Seguin, Messrs. L. Trudel, F. St. Germain, D. Richard, of Cognac, France, and ex-Ald. Jacques.

Dr. Lanctot congratulated the people of St. Henri on the splendid ovation they had tendered the Liberal leader. Such a spontaneous and enthusiastic demonstration was, he said, befitting the occasion of the visit of the 'distinguished chief of this great and prosperous country.'

The Hon. Senator Kerr, on being introduced, delivered a brief message in English. He came from the centre of Ontario, he said, to tell the good people of Montreal that Sir Wilfrid was beloved as much in Ontario as in his native province. The senator believed and prophesied that the Ontario majority in the Opposition would be turned to a majority in support of the Liberal Government because it was so widely acknowledged that the country was better governed than it had ever been before. He urged the Quebec electors to roll up as large a majority as possible, and in Ontario they would do all they could in the same direction. He had visited the large workshops of Montreal and heard the hum of the machinery and noted the satisfaction on the faces of the workmen as he had not seen it in former days. The Liberal Government was the government of the people for the people which resulted in the greatest good for the greatest number.

Mr. Rivet, the candidate for Hochelaga, being called on, spoke very briefly. He had redeemed one promise, at least, he said, by bringing the Premier to St. Henri to speak to the electors. It was the wish of all to hear Sir Wilfrid and he would only take time to thank the electors for their confidence and, in advance, for their support. All must appreciate the wise government of the Liberal party and the workingmen could not do less than stand by a government under which they had all the work they could do, were paid good wages and yet the burden of taxation had not been appreciably increased.

Sir Wilfrid spoke only twenty minutes and did not dwell on any of the great political questions of the day. Deafening cheers greeted him as he rose to speak, then comparative quiet, except for frequent applause, was maintained during his address. There was the old-time eloquence and humor. Sir Wilfrid was always pleased, he said, to visit St. Henri. The people were patriotic, sympathetic, and usually Liberal in their views. He was sure they had no cause to be ashamed to support his administration, which had been free from scandal. His opponents had, he said, even employed detectives to find fault with his supporters. One day they would announce a great 'find,' but the next it was exploded, and left the fault-finders disappointed and chagrined.

Sir Wilfrid referred to the increase of business and population under the Liberal administration and the development of the colony into nationhood. He could not see any reason for a change of government. People said the Liberals were lucky. He might have been born under a lucky star and, even on this line of argument, there would be every reason for supporting a lucky government in preference to any other. He was willing to give all due credit to Providence and a rich and resourceful country, but he also believed that Providence helped those who, by industry, thought and wise action, helped themselves. One secret of Liberal success was the unity of the cabinet. If their views were not exactly alike this might add wisdom to their counsels, and there was unanimity in decision, and harmony in action. 'We are used,' he said, to seeing kittens open their eyes in nine days after their entry into the world, but there are some people who will open their eyes pretty wide before nine days more have passed.'

If the people believed his policy was the best for this country they should support it and they could do this in St. Henri and in Hochelaga Division by voting for the choice of the Liberal convention, Mr. L. A. Rivet.

Sir Wilfrid, shortly after the conclusion of his address, left to speak in St. Bridget's Hall, in the east end, in support of Mr. Pich.. Senator Casgrain and others delivered short addresses before the gathering dispersed.

Sir Wilfrid was greeted by the east end electors with enthusiasm and cheers not less warm than in the west end. The large hall was suitably decorated with bunting and mottoes and the portraits of the Premier and Mr. Piché, the Liberal candidate. Mr. J. N. Picotte presided. Mr. Piché was the first speaker. When he had concluded two young ladies ascended the platform and presented the candidate with a magnificent bouquet. Immediately after Mr. Piché left for St. Henri to escort Sir Wilfrid to the east end.

During his absence addresses were delivered by the Hon. Lomer Gouin, Mr. J. L. Gauthier and Mr. J. Decarie.

On the Premier's arrival he was called upon for an address and was followed by the Hon. Mr. Prefontaine. Sir Wilfrid was also presented with a bouquet amid great applause.

Dr. Lacombe, M.P.P., was the last speaker, and the assembly was dismissed at a late hour with the usual vocal demonstration.

ALD. AMES AND MONOPOLIES

A meeting of the supporters of Ald. H. B. Ames, Conservative candidate for St. Antoine division, was held last night in Nault Hall, Guy street. The meeting was enthusiastic and cheered loudly on the entrance of Mr. F. D. Monk, Conservative candidate for Jacques Cartier. The chairmen were Ald. N. Lapointe and Mr. George Fisher, and Mayor Laporte and Aldermen Sadler were on the platform.

Alderman Ames addressed the meeting in French. He had already stated his policy and he was now prepared to answer any question put to him. He had been born in Montreal and had lived in the division, and would continue to do so. He had represented them in the City Council, where he had defended the rights of the people against monopolies and had lost votes by doing so. Now, however, he believed that that loss would be counterbalanced by the votes of the people. If the French Canadians voted for him he would have a big majority. He desired to represent all classes and nationalities in the division. He had made many friends during the campaign and there would be no ill-feeling on his part whichever way the election went. The people were the judges and he would abide by their decision.

Mr. F. D. Monk discussed the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, and colonization and immigration. The Grand Trunk scheme, he said, was a compromise between the Grand Trunk Company and the Trans-Canada people at Quebec.

Mayor Laporte, Alderman Sadler and Alderman N. Lapointe spoke in commendation of Alderman Ames, and of the work he had done in the City Council.

JACQUES CARTIER.

MR. F. D. MONK AND MR. ALPHONSE BOYER THE CONSERVATIVE AND LIBERAL STANDARD-BEARERS.

Nominations for Jacques Cartier division were made yesterday afternoon at Lachine. Mr. F. D. Monk is the Conservative standard-bearer, while Mr. Alphonse Boyer is running on the Liberal ticket. The Town Hall, where the meeting was held, being found inadequate to accommodate the crowd, the Monk section adjourned to the Fire Hall. The friends of Mr. Boyer, however, remained in the Town Hall.

Mr. Monk, Mayor Decarie, of Lachine, and Dr. Ladouceur, of Genevieve, spoke.

HYMAN SCWARTZ LIBERATED

Hyman Scwartz, who some time ago was sentenced to three months' imprisonment by Judge Scotte for intimidation and picketing, during a strike at the Scottish Rubber Company's factory, was liberated yesterday.

THE 'DAILY WITNESS' is printed and published at the Witness' Building, at the corner of Craig and St. Peter streets, in the city of Montreal, by John Redpath Dougall and Frederick Eugene Dougall, both of Montreal.

All business communications should be addressed John Dougall & Son, 'Witness' Office, Montreal, and all letters to the Editor, should be addressed, Editor of the 'Witness.'