Colonial Institute
Trafalgar Square
London SW ENGLAND

Witness's ad. is on page six

DAILY WITNESS

Watch it Grow

COLD WITH SNOW

Vol. LIII., No. 63. MONTREAL, CANADA. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13, 1912. PRICE ONE CENT.

MUCH SUFFERING NOW AMONG COAL MINERS

Many Families in Wales on Brink of Starvation—Numerous Cases of Petty Thefts of Food in Scotland—German Miners Clash With Police.

March 13.—The conference British coal mine owners ...tives of the striking ... the auspices of several ... the cabinet, and presided ... Asquith, was resumed this ... the Foreign Office, and ... progress is said to have ... No details of the pro... been made public, but ... noon expressed his ... th course the negoti... king. The morning ... for two and one half ... participants then ad... luncheon.

...S AND ...CASH.

...ch 13.—The coal miners ... great German coal fields ... has taken a most ser... and has resulted already ... conflict between the police ... striking miners in the district ... The feeling among the men ... strick work is increasing in ... owing to the rigid repressive ... the authorities.

... several quarters come reports ... disturbances, and the miners ... at work have to be strongly ... ded by police.

... March 13.—The distress ... has been caused throughout ... Scotland and Wales as the ... of the great coal strike which ... one million miners and over ... million men employed in other ... is becoming very acute, more ... darly in Wales. In that coun... practically the whole life of the ... depends upon the output of the ... mines. In the city of Cardiff ... the chief constable reports that ... families are in immediate need of ... and in all the mining towns ... that the strike pay of the miners ... has been cut down by the miners ... on there will be need for assistance unless a settlement of the dispute is quickly reached.

The men on the railways and those connected with other industries are now being discharged daily by hundreds, the notices to quit which were given them when the coal strike began now expiring. The notices generally ran for a fortnight.

It is stated on the authority of a member of the cabinet that should the negotiations between the miners and the mine owners be continued on the lines that were opened up yesterday a settlement of the industrial war should be reached to-day.

Even then some days would pass before work could be fully resumed, and several weeks before the trade of the country could be restored to its normal condition.

The Miners Federation to-day adopted the recommendation of the executive committee which was made last night recommending the federation to agree to Premier Asuqith's plan for a joint conference in the various districts for the settlement of the minimum wage proposals on the understanding that none of the districts would resume work until a national settlement is effected.

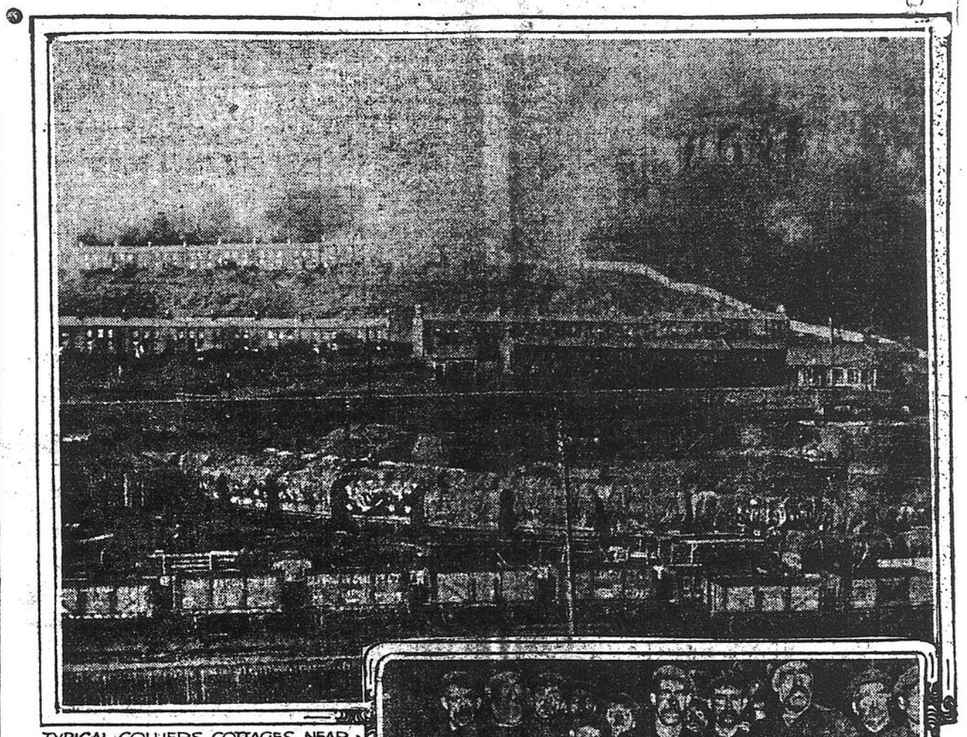
GERMAN STRIKE STILL GROWING.

Berlin, March 13.—The strike in the Westphalian coal fields where over 200,000 miners have left work, appears to be spreading, some of the men who had hitherto remained at the pits now joining their striking comrades. The general demand is for a fifteen percent increase of wages which the mine owners declare that they are unable to meet.

Disturbances have been reported from various districts. The most serious occurred at Herne, a mining village five miles from Bochum where a number of strikers threw stones and fired revolver shots at a detachment of armed police marching along the street toward the mine where they had been ordered to protect the non-strikers. The police replied to the attack with their revolvers, and one of the strikers was killed.

At Hamborn, in the district of Dusseldorf, where fighting occurred between the strikers and the police yesterday a number being injured large reinforcements of police have arrived so that the calling out of the military which was under consideration has been deferred.

BRITISH COAL STRIKE CAUSES DISTRESS AMONG THE POOR PEOPLE



TYPICAL COLLIERS COTTAGES NEAR CAMBRIAN MINES, SOUTH WALES.

The coal strike in the British Isles has caused keen distress among the poor people. Prices of food have gone up so high that hundreds are starving. Besides the miners, thousands of men and women have been thrown out of work as a result of the strike.

The trouble of the miners is spreading throughout Europe. In Germany 250,000 men have quit work, while in France 100,000 men are now out on strike. The British government has been trying to bring the miners and the coal owners together, but has not yet succeeded. It is thought probable that a minimum wage bill of miners will have to be introduced in the House of Commons.

MEN AT BOTTOM OF ENGLISH COAL MINE WAITING TO ASCEND.

PART OF CASTLE BLEND BLOCK SOLD FOR HALF A MILLION

Ten Story Building to be Erected on St. Catherine Street Property Which Sold at $45 a Foot to City Capitalists.

For about $500,000 the Castle Blend Tea Company, Limited, has sold part of its property on the north-west corner of St. Catherine and Stanley streets, the price being near $45 per square foot. The deal was put through by Mr. John J. Louson, representing Mr. James Buchenough, who, in turn, was acting for one of the largest trust companies operating in the city.

The Castle Blend Tea Company retained a part, thirty-three feet in width, on the west side of their block and facing St. Catherine street. The part that was disposed of forms the corner of St. Catherine and Stanley streets, and has a frontage of 75 feet on St. Catherine street and a depth on Stanley street of 146 feet 6 inches, so that the area is about 11,000 square feet.

The purchasers of the corner are completing plans for the erection of a ten-story store and office building in 1913 or 1914. Several prominent city capitalists, whose names were not given out this morning, are connected with the project. In the meantime the Castle Blend Tea Company will continue to occupy the corner premises.

Mr. N. S. Croker, president of the Castle Blend Tea Company, admitted this morning to a 'Witness' reporter that he had sold part of his property for about half a million dollars, but would say nothing more. Asked about his plans for the future, he said that a big ten-story building would be erected on the site that he had retained, probably next year, and that until it was completed he would continue in his present place of business.

The corner that was sold yesterday was one of the properties considered by the Federal authorities when seeking a location for the new St. Catherine street post-office. Ever since that time rumors of other negotiations for its transfer have been numerous.

ANOTHER ST. CATHERINE STREET SALE.

For a small property of about 3,200 square feet, a promise of sale has been made by the Shorey Estate to James Birchenough, for $112,000, or at the rate of $35 persquare foot. It is situated on the south side of St. Catherine street, between Stanley and Drummond streets, and bears the civic No. 560 St. Catherine street. The Leach Piano Company occupy the premises at the present time.

SUICIDE IN OFFICE VAULT

Senior Clerk in Liverpool and London and Globe Office Shot Himself.

NOON-TIDE TRAGEDY.

Worry Over Increased Responsibility and His Wife's Sickness the Cause.

W. N. Carter, a senior clerk in the employ of the London, Liverpool and Globe Insurance Company, Limited, shot and killed himself at twelve o'clock noon to-day in a basement vault used by the company for the storage of old flyles, etc.

The unfortunate man, who lived at 1455 St. Urbain street, entered the employ of the London, Liverpool and Globe Company in 1906, coming to Canada from the West Indies. He was twenty-eight years of age.

Mr. Carter held a responsible clerical position in the Underwriters Department. The cause of his act was ascribed to worry. About two weeks ago the young man was promoted to a more responsible position, and two days ago he had spoken to the manager, saying that the increased responsibility of his new position, combined with worry over his wife's delicate health, was causing him to lose his sleep, and had taken away his appetite. The manager talked kindly to him, and arranged to give him less responsibility work to do. Yesterday Mr. Carter told the manager he was feeling better.

At twelve o'clock a clerk rad occasion to go to the vault in the basement, and there he found the body. The manager was notified immediately, and a call was sent to the General Hospital, for an ambulance. When the ambulance and doctor arrived it was found that the case was one for the morgue, and not for the hospital, as the young man was dead.

At the Liverpool, London and Globe office a spirit of gloom pervaded the atmosphere, for the unfortunate young man was held in high esteem. Financial difficulties he had none, and officials of the company had anticipatede a bright career for him. Some time ago the position of traveller for the company was offered him, but he could not accept the offer on account of his wife's health.

EXCEEDED THEIR AIM.

Y. M. C. A. Boys Collect $555 For Mission Work.

The Boys Department of the Y. M. C. A. have collected a total of $555.50, $55.50 more than they set out to do, and this will be divided equally between the Canadian Boys' work and the Boys' Department of the Y. M. C. A. in Calcutta which the Montreal Association is supporting. $230 of this amount was turned in in cash.

The results have been shown on a football gridiron, and the energetic efforts of both teams has resulted in a tie between the opposing teams calling themselves McGill and 'Varsity with a score of 12 to 12. At the close of the campaign last night the ball was in the possession of the McGill team on 'Varsitys' 20-yard line. This means that all the boys will get a real supper on Friday night, and as there are no losers the milk and mush supper for them will have to be abandoned.

Mr. Taylor Statten, the Boys' Secretary for Ontario and Quebec, will be present and speak. He will speak again later on in the evening at a meeting to be thrown open to all other boys as well who wish to attend.

1000 DEAD.

Arabs and Italians in a Heavy Encounter Yesterday.

Benghasi, Tripoli, March 13.—More than a thousand Arabs were killed and another thousand wounded, according to Italian advices, in the course of one of the stiffest encounters of the war, when the Italians, yesterday, stormed and occupied two oases situated to the north-east of the Fojat, which were strongly entrenched, and held by a large force of Arabs.

The Arabs defended their positions with the utmost bravery, but were finally routed by the Italian troops at the point of the bayonet.

Over four hundred Arab corpses were left on the battlefield and the Italian officers reported that an enormous number were carried off by the retreating enemy.

The loss of the Italian troops is given as three officers and 25 soldiers killed, while they also had seven officers and 55 soldiers wounded.

THE TURKISH ACCOUNT.

Constantinople, March 13.—Edhem Pasha, the Turkish commander in the district of Benghasi, reports to the Turkish War Ministry an important Turco-Arab success at Tobruk. He says that the Italians were driven out of their positions and retreated to their ships after a battle which lasted eleven hours. Edhem Pasha estimated the Italian casualties at 2,000 killed and wounded.

The Turkish losses were also very heavy, including many Arab women, who were carrying supplies of ammunition to the Turkish troops in the fighting line.

Edhem Pasha's report probably refers to the battle which took place on March 11, when the Turks and Arabs attacked the Italian works outside the town of Tobruk, and according to the Italian reports were repulsed after five hours' fighting. The Italian loss was given as 13 killed and 73 wounded.

The battle reported by the Italians to-day to the north-east of Fojat was evidently a new fight in the neighborhood of Benghasi, which is 236 miles from Tobruk.

JUDGE GREENSHIELDS BACK.

Started Work Immediately by Hearing Colored Man's Action.

Mr. Justice Greenshields turned up in the Superior Court this morning after his trip to Bermuda, looking much the same, but evidently fit for work. He called for his clerk and crier immediately, and went on the bench to hear an action brought by a colored man against the proprietor of the Parisian Café for damages for refusing to serve him with a meal last summer.

The defence was that there was no refusal, but that meals to colored people were served only upstairs.

His Lordship reminded the defence lawyer that in the United States a landlord had a perfect right to refuse to serve anybody whose presence in the house he considered deleterious to his business. He also added that no landlord in Canada had a right to refuse a meal to a man simply because he was colored. Judgment in the case willl be given later.

AERIAL COLLISION.

First on Record Occurred To-day in Germany.

Berlin, March 13.—A collision occurred to-day between two aeroplanes flying round the aerodrome at Johannesthal, the machine driven by the German airman Schade, who was carrying a passenger named Badowski, striking violently another aeroplane driven by the German airman Retinger. Both the aeroplanes were smashed and fell to the ground, the passenger Badowski being injured while the two airmen escaped unhurt.

TRAINS ARE WRECKED AND ROBBED

Many Accidents To-day in United States Railways

THREE ARE DEAD.

Several Are Injured, While Texas Has a Regular Old-fashioned Hold-up.

Terre Haute, Ind., March 13.—Three persons were killed and several injured at Green Castle, Ind., last night when eastbound passenger train No. 20, known as the 'Twenty-four hour train, St. Louis to New York,' collided head-on with a stationary freight train. Confusion of orders is said to have been responsible for the crash.

The dead: John C. Milan, Indianapolis, engineer of the freight train; Chas. Cronkite, Kansas City., Mo.; Daniel Hanna, Indianapolis, fireman.

'Dock' Donaldson, engineer, will probably die, and D. C. Robinson, conductor of the passenger train, was seriously injured.

The speeding passenger train struck the stationary freight train with such force that both engines were badly disabled. The mail and baggage cars buckled and the buffet car overturned. Several passengers were cut by flying glass, but the most seriously injured were members of the train crew.

The station at Greenfield, which is about forty miles nortn-east of here, is nearly a mile from the centre of the town. The crash attracted attention in the city, and it was only a few minutes until rescuers were at work. The injured were removed to the station, a short distance away, and were given first aid by a number of physicians who volunteered their services.

ANOTHER FLYER WRECKED.

New York, March 13.—Several persons were seriously injured in the wreck of the Twentieth Century Limited at Hyde Park, near Poughkeepsie, N.Y., according to reports received here to-day by the New York Central Railway. There was no reports of the number of deaths, if any.

Despatches from Hyde Park were to the effect that four cars had been derailed, and that the engine and first car had remained on the track. The accident occurred just south of Hyde Park

ANOTHER REPORT.

Albany, N.Y., March 13.—Reports received by the New York Central officials here state that no one was killed in the wreck of the Twentieth Century Limited, near Hyde Park, but that several of the passengers were injured. Four of the cars tipped over, and went through the ice into the river, two others were derailed but remained upright, while the engine did not leave the track. The cause of the accident has not been ascertained.

TRAIN HELD UP BY ROBBERS.

El Paso, Texas, March 13.—Southern Pacific passenger train No. 9, westbound, due at El Paso at 6.30 a.m., was held up by robbers this morning at 2.15 o'clock. The scene of the hold up is two miles east of Sanderson, Texas. The robbers detached the engine, mail and baggage cars, and took them towards Sanderson. The sheriff of Terrill County and a possé on a light engine, left Sanderson to meet the robbers.

Southern Pacific officials express the belief that the train hold-up was committed by Mexican malcontents.

ONE MILLION FOR MARKETS

If Aims of Controllers to Improve System are Carried Out Cost Will be High

DEMAND FROM NORTH-EAST.

Bonsecours and St. Lawrence Marts Will Require Enlargement as Speedily as Possible.

If the aim of the Board of Control to modernize the market system of Montreal is carried out in the near future it will reuqire an expenditure of considerably more than a million dollars. One of the most pressing needs, it is said, is that of the residents of the north east of the city east of St. Denis street for good market facilities which are entirely lacking at present. In this section is a large population of working people who are hard pressed by the high cost of living, and they are demanding relief. Controller Ainey favors the increasing of market facilities in that district. An estimate furnished on the cost of a modern market there places it at two hundred thousand dollars.

The next proposition is the enlargement of Bonsecours market at a cost of six to seven hundred thousand dollars. The expropriation of the additional property required for this undertaking will involve an expenditure of at least half a million dollars.

Then the old building of St. Antoine market has to be replaced by a modern structure, and the St. Lawrence market has to be enlarged.

The money for these improvements, although it has not been discussed, will probably be raised by a loan. The only difficulty is that delay of unknown duration is necessary in order to permit the money markets to recover former stability.

$2,000 ACTION AGAINST MR. LICHTENHEIN

Rudolf C. Back, Publisher, Seeks Damages for Arrest and Inconvenience

Rudolph C. Back, publisher of the defunct 'Free Lance,' entered an action in the Superior Court to-day for $2,000 against Samuel E. Lichtenhein, president of the Montreal Baseball team, also connected with the Wanderers Hockey team, for arrest on a charge of criminal libel, on which the grand jury at the Court of King's Bench returned no bill. In November last Back published certain statements regarding the management by Lichtenhein of the baseball games here, which caused a sensation at the time, resulting in Back's arrest on a charge of criminal libel.

He bases his claim on the alleged fact that his arrest was timed to take place late in the evening, so that Back was compelled to spend a night behind the bars. Later he was allowed out on bail. His action is based also on the fact that he was arrested on a charge on which a grand jury failed to return a bill.

RAILWAY BILLS PASS.

Quebec, Que., March 13.—The Railway Committee of the Legislative Assembly this morning passed the bills of the Montreal and Northern Colonization Railway and the Argenteuil Railway Bill.

INTERESTS PROTECTED SAYS MAYOR

City's Chief Magistrate Sees no Harm in Montreal Tramways Bill.

CITY'S LAWYERS THINK SO.

Private Financial Interests Chief Leaders in the Opposition, Says the Mayor.

His Worship the Mayor says that the interests of the city will be amply protected by the saving clause conserving the city's rights inserted in the Montreal Tramway Company's Bill now before the Legislature at the request of him and Ald. L. A. Lapointe.

'Our lawyers think so, too, and so does Sir Lomer Gouin, the Premier,' he said.

The Mayor also said that certain private financial interests were the main leaders of the opposition of the bill. It was a private measure with the amendment and the city should not interfere.

Ald. L. A. Lapointe said that he intended to leave Ottawa yesterday afternoon for Quebec, but he desisted when he was iformed that the bill was already passed through the committee.

THREE INQUESTS.

Little Boy Ran Behind Ont Car in Front of Another, and Was Fatally Injured.

Three inquests were held at the morgue this morning, verdicts of accidental death being returned in the case of eight-year-old Albert Trottier, who died yesterday as the result of a street car accident; Charles Cook, an employee of Molsons Brewery, who fell from a scaffold on Monday, and Teodor Zelinski, who fell under an engine in the Grand Trunk yard at Point St. Charles yesterday afternoon.

In the case of Albert Trottier, the motorman was exonerated from blame. It was shown that there were two cars approaching in opposite directions, and the little fellow ran from behind one and was crushed under the other car before it could be stopped. His left leg was so badly crushed by the fender that it had to be amputated, and he also sustained severe internal injuries. He died in the Royal Victoria Hospital yesterday afternoon.

Teodor Zilinski, 18 years of age, who lived at 2314 Notre Dame street west, was attempting to steal a ride on a car in the Grand Trunk yard in Point St. Charles, yesterday, when he slipped and fell, being crushed to death under the wheels.

The coroner disposed of the case of Laura Smith, aged forty years, who died sudddenly at No. 9 Mount St. Mary avenue, yesterday. The cause of death is said to have been consumption.

'A-3' DISASTER.

Death of Men Lost in Submarine Was Instantaneous.

Portsmouth, England, March 13.—The verdict of the coroner's inquest into the death of the officers and crew of the British submarine 'A-3' which was held at Hastar Military Hospital to-day, was that their death was due to drowning. In the course of the evidence it was ascertained that in the submarine's collision with the depot ship 'Hazard', on February 2, the submarine was pierced in the upper part where a hole from six to eight feet in length and a foot in width was found. The death of the victims was probably instantaneous.

ORANGEMEN CONVENE IN LONDON

London, Ont., March 13.—The Orangemen are swarming into the city today, and at noon it was estimated that four hundred and fifty members of the organization from Oshawa on the east to Fort Frances on the west were here to take part in the deliberations of the society.

There are more coming, and the Grand Lodge officers declare that the session is the largest in the history of the order. The reason is given that many large questions affecting the country are before the public mind at the present time.

The Black Knights were in session this morning. Resolutions on the Ne Temere decree, the bilingual school question and separate schools were considered and carried unanimously.

In his annual report Grand Registrar Fennell refers to the fact that the convention is meeting in London after sixteen years.

The total membership of the Black Knights is now 3,048, a net increase of 176 during the year.

H. Lovelack, grand master, in his address, stated that the past year had been one of great unrest in both province and Dominion. The order had been busy combatting the marriage question and the bi-lingual school question at home, and the Home Rule problem in the old land. The joint legislation committees report, which will be presented at a later session of the Grand Lodge, he said, would deal fully with the first two questions, but he took advantage of the opportunity to place himself on record as believing that the feeling of the Grand Lodge was that Canada should have 'one school, one flag and one language.'

Referring to the Home Rule question, he said: 'I feel that I voice the sentiments of this Grand Lodge when I say that our brethren in the Old Land have our undying sympathy in their efforts to prevent the passage of the Home Rule Bill for Ireland, and that our hopes and our prayers are being exercised on their behalf, and if need be our personal and financial assistance. The very soil of Ireland is sacred to us, because of the traditions of the past. Not only is it consistent for Irish Orangemen and Protestants to oppose Home Rule, but it is consistent for Orangemen and Protestants of every nationality, because the passage of that Bill means ultimately being ruled from the Tiber instead of the Thames. The Dublin Parliament would be largely under the control of the priesthood of the Roman Church.'

Mr. W. M. Fitzgerald, grand secretary, reported a total of ninety-nine lodges, added in the jurisdiction of the Grand Lodge of Ontario West in the past five years, and these lodges hold real estate to the value of $454,280, and other property to the value of $98,422. After presenting a glowing report of the condition of the order, he continued: 'In conclusion, may I be permitted to say, and urge upon the brethren, that at this time close watch be kept upon the members of both Houses of Parliament. Many questions of vital importance, which not only affect the family life, but also the great educational system of our country, are at stake. The scales hang in the balance; Rome is on the warpath, ever vigilant and cunning. Shall we be less true to our heritage. Let us take no uncertain position. Let there be no hesitancy in informing our representatives where we stand, and to all who prove false toward keeping Canada British to the core, with one marriage law for the Dominion and with the English language, the language for the schools of Ontario. Be he Tory or Grit, when the day of reckoning arrives, let no quarter be shown.

W. H. Taylor and A. W. Wright, grand auditors, reported receipts for the year to have been $13,123.19, and expenditures $7,917.64, leaving a balance on hand of $5,205.55 to commence the new year.

ENGINEERS' WAGES.

Big Meeting To-morrow May Have Far-reaching Effect.

New York, March 13.—The committee of general managers representing forty-eight eastern railroads, which is to go into conference to-morrow with the representative of the locomotive engineers over the demands for higher wages, was in New York to-day for a preliminary meeting.

J. C. Stuart, vice-president and general manager of the Erie Railroad, is chairman of the committee. Warren S. Stoke, Grand Master of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, is head of the committee of the engineers, which is composed of officials of the Brotherhood in all the local divisions. All the divisions will be heard from and the representatives of the engineers on each railroad will be asked for the reasons for the demand.

MUST MAKE IMPROVEMENTS

Before New Licenses are Issued Picture Shows Must be Certified in Good Order

Notifications are being sent to the proprietors of fifty-one moving picture shows by Mr. Bienvenue, of the city licensing department, that they must all have their licenses renewed by May 1 on pain of cancellation. Moreover, before obtaining their licenses the showmen have to submit the plans of their establishments to Mr. Alcide Chausse, building inspector, for approval. They must also satisfy Mr. Chausse that the premises are in accordance with the law, and that all the improvements that he deems necessary to order are carried out.

Mr. Chausse said that the change in the method of granting licenses by making proprietors satisfy the regulations governing such places was made owing to the difficulties experienced in the past in forcing these people to improve their premises once they secured a license.

The total license fees from these fifty-one will be $25,500.

TYPHOID OUTBREAK

Fifteen or Twenty Cases in Bordeaux Leads to Prompt Action.

Ald. Menard notified the Board of Control of an outbreak of typhoid in Bordeaux this morning. In the past two weeks, he said, fifteen to twenty cases have developed, and it is suspected that the source of infection is in the water supply. He has, therefore, asked the Controllers to have an analysis of the water made and an order served on the Saraguay Electric Company, which serves the section to establish a filtration plant. The water is taken from a point in the river opposite Cartierville. Dr. Rouleau was immediately sent to Bordeaux to obtain samples of the water for analysis.

TO MAKE THEM PAY.

Proprietors in Arrears for Improvement Tax Will Have to Deal With Sheriff.

The finance department of the city will sell out all the proprietors by sheriff who owe money on their local improvement assessments since 1910. This order has gone forth, and lists of the recalcitrant debtors are being made up, and they will be handed to the sheriff after April 1. Since peremptory notices were sent out ordering the payment of these rates twenty-eight hundred proprietors have paid their arrears to the amount of more than $550,000. There are still fifteen hundred in arrears.

HANISH BLESSED THE OIL.

Witness Says He Also Blessed the Face Cream, Pills, etc., He Sold.

Chicago, March 13.—That the olive oil sold to the public and declared by Dr. Otoman Zar-Adusht Hanish to possess 'curative powers and blessed by the son of Assyria' never came from foreign lands, but was bottled in the basement of the Mazdaznan Temple on South Lake Park avenue, was disclosed by the Federal authorities.

Other products and medicines purporting to come from Persia and Asia according to the pamphlets, it was said, were all put up and labelled in the basement of the temple.

From Mrs. Elsie Stein Dittman, of Boston, who has deserted the Hanish cult, operatives of the Department of Justice learned how Dr. Hanish prepared his 'blessed' products.

'I bought olive oil for Dr. Hanish in bulk,' said Mrs. Dittman, giving her testimony. 'The oil was put up and labelled 'Sunshine Oil' in the basement of the Temple. I and several other women helped to put the oil in bottles, for which Dr. Hanish received from 50 cents to $2.50 a small bottle. Dr. Hanish represented this oil as coming from Syria.

'Dr. Hanish also advertised that the face cream, powders, pills and other products which he had manufactured were blessed and all cortained curative powers.'

Federal authorities are satisfied that Dr. Hanish misrepresented many of his commodities.

RECEPTION TO BISHOP CARROLL

On Sunday afternoon there will be a reception in the Monument Nationale to Bishop Carroll. It will consist of a musical entertainment in which the programme will be carried out by the members of the united choirs of St. Patrick's church.

FITZSIMMONS STRUCK ROSS BEFORE FATAL SHOT WAS FIRED, SAY WITNESSES

Seated at the dock, pale and haggard, Charles James Ross, charged with the murder of Robert Fitzsimmons, in the Orpheum Theatre, on Nov. 30 last, faced the jury who are to decide the question of his guilt or innocence. For the first time the accused wore eyeglasses in court, but as the trial progressed he was seen to remove them again and again to wipe away the tears which kept welling to his eyes.

Over an hour was occupied in the testing of the jurors. Mr. Frank Callaghan, who appeared for the accused, putting many of them through the most severe cross-examination as to how long they had lived in Montreal, as to whether they were patrons at the Orpheum Theatre, and whether they knew the accused or the deceased man. Especially was Mr. Callaghan emphatic in demanding whether they had formed any opinion or prejudice in the case.

One of the two triers who were first appointed to try whether the first juror stood indifferent or not was Mr. Daniel Gilmore, the well known McGill football captain. Only one juror was refused on the ground that he was not indifferent. The first witness heard was High Constable St. Mars, who produced the revolver with which the fatal shooting had been done.

Dr. MacTaggart, in telling of the autopsy he had mbade on the body of the deceased, Fitzsimmons, stated that the bullet had taken a direct line across the body, piercing the liver. When asked by Mr. Walsh, the Crown prosecutor, what position the man who fired the shot had been in, witness stated that he could only say that the revolver had been held in a position horizontal to the deceased man's body. Dr. Dugas, the other morgue physician, merely corroborated the evidence of Dr. MacTaggart.

The evidence of the next witness, Alfred Lee, who took part in the fatal game of cards was considered most important by the Crown. Lee told the position of the six players who took part in the fatal game of cards in the cloak room of the theatre after the evening performance on the night of the 29th of November. Witness stated that beside himself, the accused and the dead man, Weir, Chapman and Lawler, three other ushers in the employ of the theatre, had taken part in the game of Black Jack.

Mr. Justice Lavergne asked to have the game explained, but when he was told that it was only another name for Vingt-et-un, he laughingly remarked he needed no further explanation. The witness stated that the accused was acting as banker, and that Fitzsimmons raised the stake from 5 and 10 cent bets up to four dollars, to which the accused objected, and a quarrel ensued, in which the accused drew a revolver, on which Fitzsimmons deliberately walked around the table to where the accused was standing, and after picking up his own money, struck the accused a heavy blow in the face with the back of his hand, at which the accused staggered back, a revolver shot was heard, and Fitzsimmons fell to his knees, crying that he was done for. After this witness stated he helped to carry the wounded man into the next room, and while they were with him Ross came in and said, 'For God's sake forgive me, Bob, you know it was an accident.'

The witness stated that on the night in question Fitzsimmons was under the influence of liquor. The next witness was Herbert Weir, another of the ushers who took part in the fatal game. He corroborated the evidence of the other witness as to the position of the players, and showed that Fitzsimmons had no need to walk around the table to where Ross was standing, and that when he saw Fitzsimmons strike the accused he dropped down to dodge the shot he expected, as he saw that the accused had a revolver before the blow was struck. He stated that there had never been any bad feeling to his knowledge before the night in question, but that to the contrary he knew that they had gone on a shooting trip to St. Agathe together shortly before, as Ross was in poor health.

The last witness heard before the Court adjourned for lunch was Dr. C. B. Keenan, who attended the wounded man at the hospital, and had made an X-ray examination for the bullet, but had failed to discover it.

BROTHERS REMANDED.

Fred and Henry Seybold, Held on Suspicion of Complicity in Death of Mrs. Burney, Come Up on 19th inst.

Fred. and Henry Seybold, who are held on suspicion of complicity in the death of Mrs. Burney, who was found dead on March 4 at 5 Lagauchetiere lane, came up for enquete yesterday before Judge Leet.

Dr. MacTaggart and Dr. Dugas identified their reports as the same presented to the coroner's jury, the cause of death being ascribed to hemorrhage of the brain.

George Burney, 255 Demontigny street east, a son of the dead woman, stated that his mother had been living with Henry Seybold about two months, he thought. Eight days before March 4 was the last time he had seen his mother alive; at that time she had a bruise on her forehead which she had said was caused by Fred. Seybold striking her. At six o'clock on Monday evening, March 4, Fred. Seybold came to George Burney and told him that his mother was dead, and that he had better go down and see what he was going to do about it. At 6.30 Burney went to the house on Lagauchetiere lane and found his mother dead in the bed with her face to the wall. Both the accused men were in the house at the time and were slightly under the influence of liquor.

Mrs. Lakavinsky, who lives upstairs in the house where Mrs. Burney was found, stated that the accused had been very noisy ever since coming to the house. On Saturday and Sunday there was the usual noise, but on Monday the disturbance ceased.

Mrs. Ferguson, 13 Lagauchetiere Lane, testified that she was living about thirty yards from the house of the accused, and on Saturday morning she saw Mrs. Burney in a kneeling attitude on the porch. As she watched the door closed, but she merely thought Mrs. Burney was washing the floor of the porch. That was the last Mrs. Ferguson saw of her.

Eugene Laflamme, who was sent from the detective department to take photographs of the room and house, stated that he found what looked to be blood on the floor of the room near the bed and on the bed, also in the front vestibule, on the walls, and on the door knob.

Detective Wallace told of Fred Seybold and George Burney coming to the detective office and telling what had happened. Fred Seybold, he said, was detained at headquarters while he went to the house, where he found Henry Seybold very much under the influence of liquor. The detective also found a piece of curtain pole in the house with marks of blood on it.

Henry Seybold told the detective at the coroner's court that Fred Seybold had struck Mrs. Burney over the head with a mallet, and he (Henry) had been hit with the curtain pole in the hands of his brother.

Detective Gratton produced the shirt Fred Seybold was wearing, and also the right pocket of his trousers, both of which were stained with blood.

Dr. McTaggert, under-cross-examination, said that death was caused by a rupture of blood vessels at the base of the brain. The victim's skull was about twice the thickness of an ordinary person's, and to this fact was ascribed the reason the skull was not fractured.

The accused were remanded for voluntary statement until March 19th.

MILLIONAIRE'S SON GETS THREE YEARS

J. Lauzon, the young man who has been on trial for obtaining money from the Dominion Bank under false pretence, was sentenced yesterday to three years in the penitentiary.

WE PAY INTEREST

Upon all Savings Accounts twice a year, adding to these deposits three per cent. per annum, the earnings of your savings.

This makes money work for its owners, and gives them a safe and sound investment, backed by all the strength of this Bank.

Better to bank your savings than have them lying around as baits to burglars.

THE

Bank of Toronto

ASSETS $57,000,000.

NO RESULT YET.

London, March 12. — The British miners and coal owners sat in conference under the presidency of Mr. Asquith at the Foreign Office for three and a half hours without reaching a basis for a settlement of the dispute. The meeting adjourned until eleven o'clock tomorrow morning. Sir Edward Grey, Sidney Buxton, and Sir George Askwith participated.

NO ANNEXATION DANGER

Verdun Thinks It Is Safe for a Time from Montreal.

Verdun is no longer afraid of annexation by Montreal, the fears of her aldermen having been assuaged at Monday's meeting of Verdun Council by reports from a special committee who watched the amendments to the Montreal Bill at Quebec.

Alderman Bougie reported that the committee, which consisted of himself, and the secretary-treasurer, Mr. Geo. A. Ward, attended the Legislature from February 27 to March 8, on which day the clause affecting Verdun came up. The city sought power to borrow $5,000,000 to construct underground railways, and obtain $7,500 to construct a railway along the Montreal aqueduct within the limits of Verdun, but to this the Street Railway objected on the ground that an agreement already existed by which they had exclusive rights in Verdun. The Legislative Committee decided that the agreement must stand, and the delegation felt that was an indication that the Legislature would not allow agreement to be broken, and would safeguard the rights of the municipality.

THE LATE MR. HIGGINSON.

The funeral of the late Mr. A. T. Higginson took place yesterday at two o'clock from his late residence at 243 Elm avenue, Westmount, to the Mount Royal Cemetery. The mourners included a brother of the deceased, Mr. J. G. Higginson and the following nephews—F. D. Stevens, W. A. Higginson, G. O. Higginson, Charles Higginson, Ernest Higginson, Clifford Higginson and C. E. Byers. The Rev. Mr. Major, of St. George's church, officiated. Among those present were many old friends of the deceased including Senator Owen, H. Fry and others.

Mr. Higginson had been a resident of Montreal for fifty years, and passed away on Sunday after a short illness. He came to Montreal from Hawkesbury, Ont., in the 'sixties,' and entered the employment of R. C. Jamieson & Co. His success was rapid, and some years later he became a partner in the firm, and was active in its business affairs until he retired ten years ago. The late Mr. Higginson was a widower, his wife having predeceased him twenty years ago. He is survived by five brothers, living in Hawkesbury. The deceased was a member of St. George's Church, and was a generous subscriber to the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society. He was also a member of the Board of Trade.

SCORES GOMPERS.

Washington, March 12.—Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell and Frank Morrison, the three Federation of Labor officials being tried in the District of Columbia Supreme Court before the full Bench of justices, to-day were severely scored by Attorney Darlington of the prosecutions committee, who characterized their alleged violation of the Bucks Stove and Range injunction as 'flagrant, defiant and conscious.'

Mr. Darlington declared the case should have been entitled 'law against anarchy,' because of the position taken by the respondents that they would follow their own inclinations despite the opinions of the tribunals created by the constitution to interpret the law.

STANLEY STREET CHURCH.

After a discussion, the presbytery yesterday adjourned the question of the removal of Stanley Street congregation to Westmount Upper Level until April 4.

FINANCE

The statement is made that of the $300,000 six percent bonds of the St. Lawrence Flour Mills Company, of Montreal, which were purchased a couple of days ago by the Canada Securities Corporation, only $160,000 remained, and these will be offered on the Canadian market.

STEEL BEHAVED BADLY AGAIN--- TORONTO RY. UP

After having behaved itself very well for many weeks, Steel Common yesterday fell back into former bad habits and gave another exhibition of slumping—this collapse of prices being aided and abetted, so the 'Street' says, by a malicious group which is again on the rampage with unscrupulous designs.

Nearly three thousand shares were interchanged, and the price broke from 58 3-4 to 57, closing a fraction above the lowest.

Toronto Street was higher, advancing a point and a quarter to 135 1-2—which will not surprise anyone who has had to battle for a seat on those crowded cars of late.

There were no other prominent features.

New York, March 12.—Wall Street. —Noon.—Trading fell to minor proportions before noon and the market barely maintained an even balance. In none of the active issues did fluctuations exceed fractions. In fact, the only issues to show a range of a point were Western Union and Anaconda Copper.

Lehigh Valley, the feature of yesterday's early activity, was neglected, as were many other speculative issues. Bonds were steady.

STEEL COM. LOW IN AFTERNOON ---WALL ST. QUIET

The weaknuess in Steel Common exhibited in the morning was continued into the afternoon, the stock selling just above 57. Toronto Railway was strong, while there was a little activity in Detroit United at 58 3-4.

SMALL CHANGE IN WALL STREET.

The New York market steered a steady course in the afternoon with the list showing little change at the close from opening prices. Erie rose almost a point, to 34 1-4, while Lehigh rose a half, to 163 1-8.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON BOARD.

Richelieu & Ont.—10 at 118 1-2, 25 at 118 3-4.
Steel com.—35 at 32 1-2.
Steel Comman—25 at 57 3-8, 25 at 57 3-8, 25 at 57 1-2, 50 at 57 1-4, 25 at 57 1-8, 25 at 57 1-4, 25 at 57.
Bell—5 at 147.
Detroit—100 at 58 3-4.
Union Bank—5 at 161.
Steel Com.—50 at 57, 25 at 57 1-8, 10 at 57 1-4, 75 at 57 1-8, 20 at 57 1-4, 10 at 57 1-4, 75 at 57 1-4, 10 at 57 1-4, 50 at 57, 75 at 57, 25 at 57, 75 at 57, 25 at 57 1-8, 25 at 57, 25 at 57, 25 at 57, 25 at 57, 100 at 57, 25 at 57 1-8.
Illinois Pfd.—10 at 92.
Detroit.—15 at 58 3-4; 75 at 58 3-4.
Toronto Railway.—5 at 135 1-4; 1 at 135; 10 at 135 1-4; 50 at 135 1-4; 100 at 135 1-4; 5 at 135 1-2; 10 at 135.
Scotia.—20 at 94.
Cement pfd.—5 at 89.
Sherwin Bds.—10,000 at 100.

HAVANA ELECTRIC.

Havana Electric earnings for last week in February show increase of $2,666.

142,650 SHARES TO NOON.

New York, March 12.—Total sales to noon of stock, 142,650 shares; bonds, $988,000.

EAST BUFFALO CATTLE.

East Buffalo, N.Y., March 12.—Cattle receipts, 500 head; slow and easy; veals, 200 head; active and 50c higher, $5 to $9.50.

Hogs, 5,200 head, active, 15c higher; heavy and mixed, $7.15 to $7.20. Yorkers, $6.75 to $7.20. Pigs, 6.35 to $6.40. Roughs, $6.20 to $6.25; stags, $4.50 to $5.75; dairies, $6.75 to $7.15.

Sheep and lambs receipts, 4,000 head; active; lambs, 5c, yearlings 5c higher; lambs, $5.00 to $7.65; yearlings, $5.50 to $6.50. Wethers, $5.65 to $5.85; ewes, $5 to $5.40; sheep, mixed, $2.50 to $5.50.

THE LEVEL OF LAKE MICHIGAN

Business and Shipping Organizations Draft Resolutions Yesterday.

A meeting was held yesterday in the Harbor Commissioners office, of representatives of the various business and shipping organizations of the city, for the purpose of drafting a set of resolutions, and formulating an argument to be used by the Canadian representatives, against the proposed diversion of the water of Lake Michigan by the Chicago Sanitary Board. The Hon. Henry L. Stinson, Secretary of War, has set aside the 27th of this month on which date he will hear the argument of the Canadian representatives against the proposed scheme. Major Stephens stated that these resolutions could not be made public, until they had been submitted to the Department of Marine and Fisheries. Among those present at the meeting were Major G. U. Stephens, President of the Montreal Harbor Board and Commissioners C. C. Ballantyne, and L. E. Geoffrion, and John Kennedy, harbor engineer, representing the interests of this port. The Shipping Federation was represented by Messrs. Andrew A. Allan and Thomas Robb. The Board of Trade was represented by Messrs. R. W. Reford, L. Henderson, Geo. Hadrill, G. F. Benson, B. C. Stewart, of the Great Lakes Transportation Company; James Nelligan, of the Canadian Lake Line; C. J. Smith, of the R. and O.; G. N. Smith, of the Grand Trunk Railway Steamship Company; Guy Toombs, of the Canadian Northern Railway Steamship Lines, and Mr. Armand Chaput who represented the Chambre de Commerce.

Major Stephens explained exactly what this proposed work in Chicago would mean to all those interested in maintaining the level of the Great Lakes, and said that engineers had estimated that it would lower the level of the lakes, from four to six inches. The Minister of Marine has appointed Mr. John Kennedy, Mr. J. Stewart, of Ottawa, and Mr. V. W. Fornett, Dominion Ship Channel Engineer, to represent Canada at Washington.

'POOL' MAY BUY QUE. RY. BONDS IS THE RUMOR

The formation of a strong pool of Montreal and Toronto financiers to deal in Quebec Railway, Light and Power Company bonds is the latest rumor on the 'Street.'

The evident desire on the part of large investors to buy up certain bond securities is now apparent, and those who are following the market believe that among the bonds selected by the 'pool' are those of the Quebec Railway Company.

The recent visit of Sir Rodolphe Forget, M.P., to Toronto, may have had something to do with the reported 'pool,' but whether or not the future for Quebec Railway bonds would indicate that at least they are a fair investment at present prices.

RAILWAY COMM. BOARD ON C.P.R. GRAIN FREIGHT

Ottawa, March 12.—The Railway Commission this morning issued a judgment in regard to the application of the Montreal Board of Trade for an order requiring the Canadian Pacific Railway to adjust its rates on corn brought into Montreal via Detroit and Georgian Bay elevator ports, and on cornmeal from Montreal to St. John, N.B., and other stations in the Maritime Provinces.

The Board holds that the application of the Montreal Board of Trade is impracticable, but considers that railways should be asked to show cause why the wheat and oats rate should not apply on the corn shipments to Montreal, either from Detroit or Georgian Bay ports, and also why the rate on cornmeal from Montreal to St. John should not be fifteen cents. The case will come up again on April 16 next.

BAR SILVER

New York, March 12.—Bar silver was steady to-day, selling at 58 5-8 cents per ounce.

NEW YORK CENTRAL RY.

New York, Central Railway has declared regular quarterly dividend of 1 1-4 percent, payable April 15th to stock of record March 27. For the annual meeting on April 17th books will close March 27 and reopen April 17 next.

MR. CANTLEY IS HERE

Mr. Thomas Cantley, general manager of the Nova Scotia Steel & Coal Company, is in the city to-day arranging details for the meeting of the Scotia directors, to be held at the Windsor Hotel this week, when the financial report for the past year will be under discussion.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 12, Closing. — Wheat spot nominal; futures weak; Mar. 8s 1½d; May, 7s 6¾d; July, 7s 5¾d.

Corn firm; American new, 6s 4½d; American old, 6s 10d½ new kiln dried, 6s 8d; futures weak; March, 6s 2¾d; May, 6s 3¾d.

Flour, winter patents, 28s 9d; hops in London, Pacific coast, £10 to £11 5d.

Beef, extra India mess, 102s 6d; pork, prime mess, western, 82s 6d; hams, short cut, 14 to 16 lbs., 51s; bacon, Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs., 46s; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs., 47s 6d; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs., 47s 6d; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs., 48s 6d; do., heavy, 35 to 40 lbs., 48s; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs., 46s; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs., 42s 6d; lard, prime western in tierces, 46s; American, refined, 47s.

Cheese, Canadian finest white, new, at 75s; colored, 75s; tallow, prime city, 31s; rosin, common, 16s 7½d; turpentine spirits, 36s 9d; petroleum refined, 9d; linseed oil, 39s 3d.

FRESH CAUGHT FISH COMING--- LOBSTERS HIGH

The feature of the local wholesale fish market is the continued active demand for all varieties, some of which are now out of the market. Trade has been excellent, due to continued favorable weather, but prices have not advanced to any extent. Stocks are light.

There will be some new lines in the market this week, including fresh caught haddock, cod and halibut. These will be strictly fresh caught and not frozen. This will be a welcome change to consumers, from frozen stock.

Oysters are in good supply, but lobsters have been extremely scarce, with prices ranging higher than at any time during the season.

Fresh cured smoked fish, such as haddies and fillets, which have been very scarce for some time past, are now coming in more freely. But a heavy demand is using up stocks.

Following are f.o.b. Montreal prices of Leonard Brothers:

Fancy Fresh Fish arriving by express. —Fresh haddock, express, arriving Monday, 5½c per lb.; steak cod, express, arriving Monday, 6c; halibut, express, arriving Tuesday, 11c; cured haddies, fancy express, 15 lb. boxes, arriving Tuesday, 12c; cured fillets, fancy express, 15 lb. boxes, arriving Tuesday, 12c.

Fresh Frozen—Market cod, cases 250 lbs., 4c to 4½c per lb.; frozen haddock, cases 250 lbs., 4½c to 5c; steak cod, large heads off, cases 250 lbs., 5c to 5½c.

Salt and Pickled—No. 1 Labrador herrings, barrels, large and bright, $5.75; No. 1 choice mackerel, in 20 lb. kitts, $2; Labrador salmon, half barrels, $8; No. 1 Green Haddock, per 200 lbs., $7.50; salt eels in barrels per lb. 5½c; less than barrel, 6c; No. 1 salt sardines, brls. 200 lbs., $5; No. 1 lake trout fat, $6.

Smoked—New haddies, in 15 and 30 lb. boxes, 8c per lb.; kippered herring, 46 fish in box, $1.10 p erbox; smoked herring, new, small boxes, 1.60 per box; Yarmouth bloaters, 60 in box, $1.25 per box; St. John bloaters, 100 in box, $1.10 per box; boneless smoked herring, 10 lb. boxes, 12c per lb.; smoked salmon, fancy, 25c per lb.

Oysters and Lobsters.—Special, solid meat oysters, in non-returnable cans, containing 2½ and 4 imperial gallons. Standards, per imperial gallon, $1.75; selects, $2; standard bulk oysters, $1.40; select bulk oysters, $1.60; boiled lobsters, 20c per lb.

MR. PELLETIER RESIGNS FROM QUE. RY. BOARD

The announcement is made that the Hon. L. P. Pelletier, Postmaster-General, has resigned as a director of the Quebec Railway, Light, Heat & Power Company, owing to pressure of departmental duties at Ottawa.

The vacancy on the board will be filled by the appointment of Mr. Elzear Baillargeon, who is the legal associate of the Postmaster-General.

WAYAGAMACK MAKING READY FOR BIG TRADE

A report to the directors of the Wayagamack Pulp & Paper Company from the superintendent states that all machinery for the paper mill is now on hand. As there is always considerable delay in receipt of this form of machinery, such a report insures the completion of the paper mill early in June at the latest.

During the last few months rapid headway has been made on the installation, owing to arrangements that were made to bring out a large number of practical English machinists who were thoroughly conversant with this character of work.

A director stated to-day that the expense the company had gone to in this respect had been more than made up by the time saved.

WHEAT MARKET A DRAGGING ONE

Bearish influences seem to predominate in the wheat markets at present.

Liverpool cables on wheat opened 1-2 lower in the morning, with corn unchanged. At 1.30 p.m. wheat was off 7-8, with corn off 1-8, and closing showed wheat 1-4 to 7-8 down, with corn 1- to 3-4 lower.

Receipts at Fort William and Port Arthur show no signs of lessening. This morning 680 car loads were reported—as compared with 351 for the same date last year. The wheat graded as follows, No. 1 Northern, 14; No. 2 Northern, 52; No. 3 Northern, 110; No. 4 Northern, 99; No. 5 Northern, 84; No. 6 Northern 100; other grades 211, and winter 10.

Oats receipts, 232 car loads; barley, 18, and flax, 25.

The leading early future wheat price arbiter, according to the Chicago point of view, is probably the extent and quality of the Argentine exportable surplus. Statistician Snow, who returned to New York from several weeks' investigation of crop outlook in that country, reports on the basis of quality of last year's shipments that this year's exportable surplus will not exceed 65,000,000 to 70,000,000, as compared with 87,480,000 total exports in 1911, 73,592,000 in 1910, 95,640,000 in 1909, and 140,000,000 in the banner year 1908, when the crop was 193,000,000.

Money In London Scarce Discounts Firm---Market Shows Some Improvement

London, March 12.—Money scarce and discounts firm. Although the settlement required much attention on the Stock Exchange, business today for new accounts was brisk and the tone was cheerful, with mines and home rails leading the improvement. The latter issues were buoyant in anticipation of the good results at to-day's coal conference. Rubber shares were benefited by the higher prices realized at the auction sales to-day.

American securities opened and advanced on covering. In the afternoon this department was uninteresting, and the close was dull but steady.

The carry-over rates were at 4 1-2 percent.

American Sugar Refining Company Men In Trouble

New York, March 12.—Before Judge Hand, in the criminal branch of the United States District Court, the government outlined its case to-day against Washington B. Thomas, chairman of the American Sugar Refining Company; John E. Parsons, who was formerly the company's chief counsel, and three associates, all of whom were placed on trial, charged with violation of the criminal clause of the Sherman anti-trust law.

The maximum penalty upon conviction is one year imprisonment and a $5,000 fine on each count in the indictment, of which there are fourteen.

LONDON CLOSING PRICES.

London, March 12, 4 p.m.—Consols for money, 77¾; do., for account, 77 15-16; Amalgamated Copper, 71¾; Anaconda, 7 7-8; Atchison, 108⅛; do., pref., 106½; Baltimore and Ohio, 105¾; Canadian Pacific, 237⅝; Chesapeake and Ohio, 78¾; Chicago Great Western, 18½; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, 110¾; De Beers 20; Denver and Rio Grande, 21¾; do., pref., 42½; Erie, 34⅛; do., 1st pref., 56¼; do., 2nd pref., 45½; Grand Trunk, 24; Illinois Central, 140; Louisville and Nashville, 160; Missouri, Kansas and Texas, 29¼; New York Central, 115¼; Norfolk and Western, 111¾; do., pref., 91½; Ontario and Western, 37; Pennsylvania, 63¼; Rand Mines, 6¼; Reading, 80; Southern Railway, 20¼; do., pref., 75½; Southern Pacific, 111½; Union Pac. 171½; do., pref., 83½; United St. Steel, 66; do., pref., 113; Wabash, 7½; do., pref., 19.

Bar silver firm 27d per ounce.

Money 3 to ¼ p.c.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3⅝ to ¾ percent; do., for 3 months' bills is 3½ to ⅝ percent.

NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE.

Messrs. J. S. Bache and Company, 29 Hospital street, Montreal, reports the Cotton Market for the 'Witness' to-day as follows.

	Open.	High.	Low.	2.30 p.m.
March	1046	1048	1034	1037
May	1059	1059	1044	1046
July	1069	1069	1057	1058
Aug.	1068	1068	1065	1067
Oct.	1074	1074	1061	1061
Dec.	1080	1080	1069	1070

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Messrs. J. S. Bache and Company, 29 Hospital street, Montreal, reports the closing prices in Chicago to-day as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
May	104¼	104½	103¾	....
July	99½	100	99¾	....
Corn—				
May	72¾	72½	71¾	....
July	72⅛	72⅛	71⅞	....
Oats—				
May	53⅝	54¼	53½	....
July	50½	50⅝	49⅞	....
Pork—				
May	1595	1602	1585	....
July	1615	1632	1612	....
Lard—				
May	....	942	937	....
July	957	962	955	....
Short Ribs—				
May	890	892	885	....
July	900	902	892	....

WESTERN CANADA FLOUR MILLS CO.

Limited

6%

First Mortgage Bonds, Due 1928

PRICE 104 ½

Yielding 5 5-8 %

Royal Securities Corporation, Limited
164 St. James Street
MONTREAL
Toronto Quebec Halifax
Ottawa, London, Eng.

G.T.R. NET LOSS FOR JANUARY

The Grand Trunk statement of earnings for the month of January covering its different systems on this continent, just issued from London, shows that while the gross receipts have exceeded those of the corresponding month of last year, particularly over the lines in Canada, the heavy expenditure occasioned by serious climatic conditions, and an evident large outlay in meeting current expenses have entailed losses in the net profits.

Following the January gross and net earnings with the comparisons with the same month of 1911:—

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA.

	1912.	1911.	Inc.	Dec.
January gross	£530,100	£514,200	£15,900	.....
Net	83,500	81,700	.....	£18,200
Total income	82,300	80,200	.....	17,900

GRAND TRUNK WESTERN.

	1912.	1911.	Inc.	Dec.
January gross	£106,700	£113,200	.....	£6,500
Net	16,500	24,100	.....	7,600
Oth. inc. debit	8,000	8,400	.....	400
Total income	8,500	15,700	.....	7,200

CANADA ATLANTIC.

	1912.	1911.	Inc.	Dec.
January gross	£32,050	£32,600	£450	.....
Deficit	950	7,800	.....	£6,850
Other income	1,000	1,800	.....	800
Total income	50	7,700	.....	7,650

DETROIT, GRAND HAVEN AND MILWAUKEE.

	1912.	1911.	Inc.	Dec.
January gross.	£33,400	£34,750	.....	£1,350
Op. def.	2,500	9,250	.....	6,750
Oth. inc. debit	3,800	2,900	£400	.....
Tot. inc. debit.	5,800	*1,350	7,150	.....

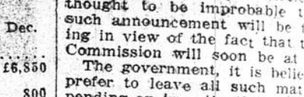
*Surplus.

FOREIGN RATES

Berlin, March 12.—Prices on the Bourse were firm on the expectation that the strike would be of short duration.

Exchange on London 20 marks 47 1-2 pfennigs for cheques. Money 4 1-2 percent. Private rate of discount, 4 5-8 percent.

Paris, March 12.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were firm. Closing—Three percent rentes 94 francs 90 centimes for the account. Exchange on London, 25 francs 25 centimes for cheques. Money 3 1-4 percent.



FINANCIAL PERSONALS.

Mr. Lorne Webster has returned from Quebec.

Sir Henry Pellatt has returned to Toronto from the South.

Mr. G. G. Foster has gone to Quebec.

RECEIPTS IN MONTREAL.

Following were the receipts reported on the Board of Trade to-day:

	G.T.R. and I.C.R.	C.P.R.
Wheat	5000	.....
Corn	7000	.....
Oats	1150	10,779
Barley	1250	.....
Hay, bales	1690	791
Straw, bales	160	.....
Flour, sacks	960	3428
Butter, pkgs	109	.....
Cheese, boxes	.....	.....
Eggs, cases	225	.....
Flaxseed	.....	3444

Toronto Cobalt Sales

Toronto, March 12.—Morning Sales.—Crown, 100 at 17, 500 at 18, 500 at 17 1-2; Jupiter, 1,100 at 43, 500 at 43 1-4; Domex, 1,000 at 49 1-2, 1,000 at 49 3-4, 3,300 at 50; 2,000 at 53; future, 2,000 at 50 1-2; Central, 100 at 390, 300 at 395; Imperial, 500 at 5 1-8; 500 at 5 1-4; Northern, 500 at 115, 500 at 117; 1,500 at 118, 2,000 at 120; Tisdale, 1,000 at 3, 1,000 at 3 1-4; Preston, 200 at 3 1-2, 200 at 3; Rea, 200 at 86, 100 at 85; Swastika, 100 at 22, 100 at 22 1-2, 100 at 23; United, 2,000 at 3 3-4; Vipond, 1,000 at 40 1-2; West Dome, 100 at 51, 900 at 50; Bailey, 1,000 at 2; Beaver, 1,000 at 47 1-2, 850 at 47; Chamber, 1,200 at 13 3-4, 1,000 at 13 1-2; Great Northern, 1,100 at 11, 1,000 at 10 1-2, 100 at 11 1-4; McKinley, 500 at 17 1-2; S. Leaf, 1,500 at 6, 1,500 at 5 3-4; Temiskaming, 100 at 38, 200 at 37 1-4, 200 at 37 1-2; Hargraves, 2,000 at 8.

C.P.R. FINE PROFITS

Canadian Pacific Railway return of traffic earnings from March 1 to March 7 show the following increase:

1912	$2,144,000
1911	1,726,000
Increase	$418,000

A wire to Burnett and Company from Wall Street, to-day, states that a concern known as the McCrum-Howell Company, has been trying to sell its preferred 7 percent through a firm of so-called bankers in New York, offering it at par by circulars mailed to private investors, and it is learned that the Chicago Stock Exchange has demanded a detailed statement of their affairs to be rendered by March 15, otherwise the stocks would be stricken from the list on that Exchange. The preferred stock broke 12 points on the Exchange, as it looks like an attempt to sell treasur ystock to pay dividends on the outstanding issue.

NO NEWS YET ON BOUNTIES IS TIP FROM CAPITAL

Ottawa, March 12.— The first budget speech of the Hon. W. T. White to-morrow is awaited with interest especially by the Steel people, in view of the fact that an announcement may be made with regard to the demand for a bounty on pig iron.

In Parliamentary circles it is thought to be improbable that any such announcement will be forthcoming in view of the fact that the Tariff Commission will soon be at work.

The government, it is believed, may prefer to leave all such matters over pending an investigation by that body.

TORONTO SALES

Toronto, March 12. — Toronto Railway 90 at 134½, 25 at 134⅞, 25 at 135; Spanish River pref. 18 at 88¾; Mex. L. and Power, 10 at 81; Maple Leaf, 10 at 62¾, 65 at 63; do. pref., 10 at 95½; New Rio, 19 at 113; Mackay pref., 15 at 69¾; Sao Paulo, 60 at 192, 25 at 192½, 15 at 192¾, S. Rio, 25 at 115¾, 100 at 116, 130 at 116⅛, 60 at 116¼, 25 at 116⅜, 55 at 116½, 50 at 116¾, 50 at 116¼, 150 at 116½; Russell M., 100 at 106½; Conlagas, 200 at 720; F. N. Burt, 38 at 111½; Dom. Iron, 10 at 58¾, 10 at 58, 10 at 57¾; Twin City, 10 at 101; Con. Gas, 10 at 195½; Trethewey, 20 at 65; Commerce, 5 at 215¼, 4 at 215; Rogers, 3 at 180; Imperial Bank, 15 at 225; Bank of Toronto, 10 at 210; Gen. Electric, 10 at 114; Locomotive, 10 at 32½; Canners pref., 12 at 103; Winnipeg, 10 at 260; Nipissing, 25 at 760, 10 at 774; Steel of Canada pref., 15 at 87½.

WINNIPEG GRAIN

Following was the course of prices in Winnipeg this morning:

	Wheat.			Oats.	
	New.	May.	July.	May.	July.
Close	102⅛	102⅝	103⅜	44⅞	44⅝
Open	101⅝	....	102⅞	44⅝	44⅜
High	101⅞	....	103	44⅞	44⅝
Low	101⅝	——	102¾	44¼	45
Noon	101¾	——	103	44¾	44

MINING MARKET

Mining Exchange quotations reported by Gordon & Shorey to-day:

Standard, 3500 at 19½, 1000 at 19¾.
Beaver, 500 at 46½.
Porcupine Gold, 1500 at 45.
Jupiter, 2000 at 44, 3000 at 47 60 days.
Dome Extension, 2000 at 49, 1000 at 50.
Crown Reserve, 25 at 315, 300 at 316.
Silver Leaf, 2500 at 6, 1500 at 5¾.
Hollinger, 250 at 1160 60 days.
Crown Chartered, 1000 at 17.
Tisdale, 1000 at 3.

UNLISTED STOCKS

Unlisted stocks reported for the Witness' by Mr. W. P. O'Brien:

	Bid.	Asked.
Belding Paul common	32	35
Pref	88	90
Breweries pref	89	90
Bonds	102½	103½
Can. Power	49	51½
Bonds	78	80
Hillcrest common	22	25
Pref	78¼	80¼
Hollinger	1102	1115
Lachine 5 p.c. bonds	101½	102½
Mex. N.P.	20	21
Bonds	62	65
Price Bros. bonds	85½	88
Spanish River	40½	41½
Tramways stock	52	53
Wayagamack common	35½	37
Bonds	74	74½
West. Can. Power	88	89
Bonds	88	89
Tramway debentures	84	85
Tramway and Power	34	34½
National Brick	39	40½

MORNING SALES.

Mex. Nor., 50 at 20¼, 25 at 20 1-8, 25 at 20¼, 50 at 20 1-8.
National Brick, 25 at 39.
Tramway, 27 at 92.
Scotia bonds, $3000 at 95.
Debentures, 2700 2-5 at 84.
Tramway and Power, 51 at 34, 300 at 34¼, 48½ at 34.
Wayagamack bonds, $8000 at 74, $800 at 73¼.
Hollinger, 250 at 1110.

BOARD OF TRADE.

The hand of welcome was outstretched to Mr. John Corbett on the Board of Trade to-day, from which institution he has been absent for five or six weeks, which time he spent in Europe. Mr. Corbett appears to be in the pink of condition, the insurance business agreeing with him well, apparently.

Mr. G. F. Earle, of New York, was introduced on 'Change to-day by Mr. Paul B. Earle and Mr. D. D. E. Cooper, of Toronto, by Mr. Norman Wight.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

DIVIDEND No. 98.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of THREE Per Cent. (being at the rate of Twelve Per Cent. per annum),

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS AND STOCKS

FIRST REPORT ON NORTHERN EXPLORATION

London, March 13.—The first report has been issued on the Northern Ontario Exploration Company, of which Rowland Ridge are general managers, being out of 100,000 shares being held in Canada.

The operations in Porcupine and Elsewhere since incorporation in January, 1911, yielded slightly over $400,000 gross profit.

The directors have written off $200,000 from the cost of the shares since only a limited amount of development work has so far been accomplished.

Cash at the bankers and cash receivable is about $500,000; other assets carried at a cost of $525,000; capital issued is nearly $600,000; the whole balance of profit realized is being carried forward to the current year for important new business in Alaska and elsewhere now under investigation.

GRAND TRUNK GAIN

Grand Trunk Railway traffic earnings from March 1 to 7, show an excellent increase, as follows:

1912	$838,996
1911	806,805
Increase	$32,191

YUKON GOLD

Yukon Gold statement as of Dec. 31 last, shows total assets, $20,246,899; accounts receivable, $321,985; cash, $101,500; bills payable, $127,947; profit and loss surplus, $386,684; against $482,452 previous year.

Purchase of Railway Made for Milwaukee & Puget Sound Ry.---Use as a Feeder

Tacoma, March 13. — The purchase just announced of the Bellingham Bay and British Columbia Railway and the Bellingham Terminals Company through Kuhn, Loeb and Company, of New York, was made solely for the Chicago, Milwaukee and Puget Sound Railway, according to a statement made by Mr. M. Ingersoll, president of the latter company.

Mr. Ingersoll denied that the Harriman interests had any share in the property acquired, and said there would be no joint operation of the Bellingham line. It is, he declared, to be used as a St. Paul feeder.

The purchase price of the property is said to be less than the $10,000,000 reported.

WEDNESDAY MORNING BOARD.

Lost.—Certificate No. B. 2118 for ten (10) shares Can. Car Foundry Co., Ltd.

Dom. Canners pfd. declared dividend 1 3-4 percent, payable April 1, books close from March 16 to 20 inclusive.

Burt Com. declared dividend 1 1-2 percent, and pfd. 1 3-4 percent, payable April 1 of record March 15; books will not close.

Ex. div. to-day percent.

C. Gen. Elec. 1 3-4.

C. Gen. Elect., pfd. 3 1-2.

Can. Gen. Electric com. and pfd. books close to-morrow.

Yesterday p.m. cancel sale 100 Street Ry. 232 1-2.

Sao Paulo—50 at 194, 50 at 194 1-2, 25 at 194 1-4.

Illinois—5 at 92.

Bell Tel.—13 at 147, 2 at 147 1-2.

Toronto Ry.—135 at 135 1-2.

Quebec Ry.—50 at 48.

Shawinigan—123 at 128.

Detroit—25 at 58 1-4.

Pacific—100 at 231 3-4, 100 at 232, 5 at 231 1-2.

Rio—135 at 116 3-4, 50 at 116 7-8, 25 at 116 3-4, 170 at 116 1-2.

Soo com.—25 at 138, 25 at 137 1-2, 25 at 138, 50 at 138 1-2.

Rich. & Ont.—10 at 119, 5 at 118 1-2, 10 at 119, 5 at 118 1-2.

Penman's pfd.—20 at 88.

Russell Car com.—25 at 105 1-8, 25 at 105 3-8, 5 at 106.

Cement com.—582 at 28.

Textile pfd.—2 at 101.

Steel C. of C.—50 at 32.

Penman—100 at 57 3-8.

Cement pfd.—25 at 89, 4 at 88 1-2, 5 at 88 3-4.

Scotia—50 at 94.

Iron pfd.—1 at 104, 10 at 103 3-4, 2 at 105.

Coal pfd.—20 at 112 1-4.

Sher. W. com.—5 at 37.

Crown Reserve—25 at 3.10, 10 at 3.12.

Steel Corp.—127 at 57, 9 at 57 1-4, 100 at 56 3-4, 500 at 56 5-8, 6 at 57 1-4, 150 at 56 3-4, 25 at 56 5-8, 25 at 56 1-2, 355 at 56 3-4, 10 at 57, 15 at 56 3-4, 100 at 57, 25 at 56 3-4, 25 at 56 3-8, 25 at 56 5-8, 25 at 56 1-2, 25 at 56 3-4, 75 at 57, 125 at 57 1-4, 100 at 57 3-8.

Can. Loco.—50 at 33 1-8, 50 at 33 3-8.

Royal Bank—5 at 232 1-2, 29 at 232, 1 at 232 1-2.

Merchants Bank—1 at 196.

Bank Commerce—14 at 215.

Union Bank—10 at 161.

Dom. Cot. Bds.—$2,000 at 102.

Textile Bds.—750 at 101 1-2b.

Cement Bds.—$4,000 at 100.

EGG MARKET NORMAL.

Ample receipts of eggs are keeping the market normal. New-laid Canadian eggs quote to retailers at 25 to 26 cents for large orders, and 27 cents for small.

POTATOES FAIRLY ACTIVE.

A fairly active jobbing trade is passing in potatoes, but the demand for round lots is quiet. Green Mountains, in car lots, are selling at $1.65 to $1.79 per bag of 90 lbs.; English potatoes at $1.70 and other varieties at $1.50.

OAT MARKET FIRM.

Following are local prices, car lots, ex store: No. 2 Canadian western, 53c to 53 1-2c; extra, No. 1 feed oats, 52c to 52 1-2c; No. 3 Canadian western, 52c to 51 1-2c; No. 2 local, 50 1-2c to 51c; No. 3 local, 49 1-2c to 50c; No. 4 local, 48 1-2c to 49c.

OPINIONS on the MARKET

Miller & Co.—We continue firm in the view that all the big money there is to be made in the market will be made on the bull side.

Laidlaw & Co.—Market is in position to respond to any good news that should develop.

J. S. Bache & Co.—We advise strongly buying for a long pull on all small setbacks.

LA ROSE DIVIDEND INCREASE

MR. D. LORNE McGIBBON.

The dividend on La Rose will be increased from 8 percent to 10 percent per annum.

The official announcement to this effect will be made at a meeting of the directors to be held in New York on Wednesday, March 20 next.

It is also the intention of the management to remove the head office of the La Rose Consolidated Mines from New York City to Montreal as soon as the transfer can be conveniently made.

It is likely that two new Canadian directors will be appointed at the meeting on March 20, to bill the vacancies caused by the resignation from the La Rose board of Messrs. Earle and Greta, of New York.

Those who are close to Mr. D. Lorne McGibbon, as regards his future policy in dealing with the La Rose properties, are of the opinion that he will continue the development on the La Rose areas, which are showing up remarkably well and which give evidence of profitable results. Later it is likely that Mr. McGibbon may invest in other mining properties in the North, but not until he is convinced that La Rose is no further productive.

The policy followed by Mr. McGibbon in his management of La Rose during the past two years, is another evidence of his business acumen and foresight, and shareholders will all the more appreciate what he has done for them in the face of strenuous opposition, when all the facts of this interesting struggle are some day made public.

The following notice was posted in the mills of the Dominion Textile Company this morning:

'Notice is hereby given that on Monday, March 11, 1912, wages in all departments of this mill were advanced 5 per-cent.'

The management state that with this advance and the re-adjustment of wages that has taken place from time to time since the reduction of 1908 and with the payment of the 60-hour wage for the 58-hour week, which was effected on Jan. 1, 1911, the aggregate of the wage-roll of the company is now higher than in 1907.

Stock Exchange Talks

The New York stock market has developed a decidedly more buoyant tone. There is evidently stronger support on the ground that unfavorable conditions have been fully discounted and that the bettter tendencies noted above warrant increasing activity.

The Republic has had a long period of rest, longer than it wanted. Invigorated by the rest cure, it is now doubtless better prepared for this fresh forward movement.

MANY FAILURES IN FACE OF FAIR TRADE.

No less an authority than Mr. J. S. Bache tells us that the volume of business in the United States grows even in depressed times, with the yearly increase in population, and the death rate mounts up proportionately. February is the gloomy harvest month of the industrial undertaker. The February just passed is no exception and, in fact, discloses, according to Dunn's, rather a bitter record. There were more failures than in the previous February, except 1908. The liabilities were $21,447,000—larger also than in any previous year except 1910. It is the comparatively little concerns, those with failures of less than $100,000, that almost exclusively occupy the field. Of these there were 1,513. In the long period during which business has been done with little or no profit, those least able to stand the tension are dropping out like the weak crusaders in a weary and protracted march through a desert country.

Whether this bad record throughout the Republic marks the turn, as it did in February, 1908, remains to be seen.

BIG CASH HOLDINGS BY STEEL COMPANY.

The actual cash holdings of the United States Steel Corporation at the present time are around $50,000,000, which is only slightly below the average since organization. At times the Steel Corporation held more than $75,000,000 cash, but this was during periods of large earnings.

For the last fifteen months earnings of the corporation have been comparatively small, and no new high record in the matter of actual cash on hand can be expected.

McGIBBON & MacDOUGALL, Members Montreal Stock Exchange, MAIN 7041.
STOCKS, BONDS, INVESTMENTS, CANADA LIFE BUILDING, MONTREAL.

BRANDON OIL WELL OPENED WITH PROMISE

Milton, March 13.—The Brandon oil syndicate's well was shot yesterday afternoon with fifty quarts of nitro-glycerine. The shot is pronounced a success. A large quantity of oil was thrown about 100 feet into the air, and th snow for some distance is spotted with it. The shaft has been capped, and when the valve is opened ever so little, a loud noise indicates a heavy pressure of gas which is estimated at 150 to 200 pounds. As there is no test gauge here the exact figures cannot be ascertained.

The experts in charge believe that there is already a large accumulation of oil in the well, but how it will turn out will not be known until pumping begins, as it will in a few days.

A number of locaters are here, and have been busy interviewing land owners for some miles out in all directions, and have secured a number of leases or options.

BEST CATTLE AND HOGS ARE SELLING HIGH

Toronto, March 13.—Trade on the Western Market is generally good today. Good and choice cattle are selling at strong prices, but their offerings are small. Common and medium butchers are not in a strong demand, but prices for these are also steady. Cows are not plentiful with very little change in quotations. Good feeding stores and choice stockers remain strong with a rather light offering. Sheep, lambs and calves are all unchanged from yesterday. The one feature this morning was in hogs. A rise of ten cents on all classes of hogs took place shortly after the opening of the market. The run of hogs is light, but the rise is expected to make trade brisk to-morrow.

Following are the prices.—Butcher cattle, choice $6.20 to $6.80; butcher cattle, medium, $5.50 to $6.00; butcher cattle, common, $4.00 to $5.00; butcher cows choice, $4.75 to 5.50; butcher cows, canners, $2.00 to $2.50; butcher bulls, $2.50 to $5.50; feeding steers, $5.75 to $6.50; stookers, choice, $4.75 to $5.25; stockers, light, $3.00 to $3.85; milkers, choice, each $55 to $65; springers, $45 to $55; sheep, ewes, $4.00 to $4.80; bucks and culls, $3.00 to $.00; lambs, $6.00 to $8.00; hogs fed and watered, $7.15; hogs, f.o.b., $6.85; calves, $4.00 to $8.00.

Important Decision Upon the U.S. Tariff System

Washington, March 12.—A decision of sweeping importance in the administration of the tariff law, declaring that an importer can appeal from an assessment of duty by a collector of customs on the ground that the assessment was too low, was rendered by the United States Court of Customs Appeals to-day.

The decision, according to customs experts, means that manufacturers, disagreeing with the treasury department's interpretation of the tariff act, can import a test shipment and appeal to the customs court to get more protection through higher duties.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

Liverpool, March 13, Closing—Wheat, spot nominal; futures steady; March, 8s ¾d; May, 7s 6½d; July, 7s 5 3-8d.

Corn, spot steady; American new, 6s 4½d; American mixed, old, 6s 11d; new kiln dried, 6s 8d; futures weak; March 6s 2d; May, 6s 3½d.

Flour, winter patents, 28s 9d; hops in London, Pacific coast, £10 to £11 5s.

Beef, extra India mess, 142s 6d; pork, prime mess, western, 82s 6d; hams, short cut, 14 to 16 lbs., 51s; bacon, Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs., 46s 6d; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs., 48s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs., 47s 6d; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs., 49s; do., heavy, 35 to 40 lbs., 48s 6d; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs., 46s; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs., 43s; lard, prime western in tierces, 46s; American refined, 47s.

Cheese, Canadian, finest white, new at 75s; colored 75s; tallow prime city 31s; turpentine spirits, 36s 9d; rosin, common, 16s 7½d; petroleum refined, 9 3-8d; linseed oil, 39s 3d.

FLOUR BUSINESS BRISK.

A fair demand, both export and domestic, continues for flour:

Manitoba spring wheat, patents, first, per brl., in wood	$6.00
In Jute	$5.70
Manitoba spring wheat, patents, seconds, per brl., in wood	$5.50
In Jute	$5.20
Manitoba, strong bakers', per brl., in wood	$5.30
In Jute	$5.00
Winter wheat, straight rollers, per brl. in wood	$4.60 to $4.75
Per bag in jute	$2.15 to $2.25
Winter wheat, choice patents, per brl., in wood	$5.10 to $5.35
Winter wheat, extras per bag in jute	$1.90 to $1.95

BALED HAY STEADY.

No. 1 hay	$16.00 to $16.50
No. 2 extra	15.00 to 15.50
No. 3 northern	14.00 to 14.50
No. 3 hay	13.00 to 13.50
Clover, mixed	10.50 to 11.00

WHAT GRAIN MEN HAVE TO SAY

While the western grain crop last year was not as largs as had been earlier expected, it was quite large enough to point out in no uncertain way say Bradstreets, the immediate necessity there is for the exportation of the produce of the prairie provinces via the Pacific coast. An official of the Winnipeg Grain Exchange is now at Vancouver making a preliminary survey of the situation there.

The completion of the Panama Canal and the construction of new railways across the mountains will render the western movement of grain feasible by eliminating obstacles that have hitherto proved an effective barrier. As is stated by a Western authority, the impossibility of moving last year's grain crop has conclusively shown that more outlets for our wheat must be provided.

Local grain dealers emphasise the fact that if last year's harvest season had been a normal one there would have been such a flood of wheat throughout the country that the disaster would have been much greater than the damage caused by the elements. By the western seaboard wheat can be kept moving all winter, and this will be a great benefit to the trade, besides preventing congestion in the interior.

RIGHT TO USE VIOLENCE

Against Saloons, Because They Are Lawless, Says Clinton N. Howard.

Sexual, economic and political equality were three salient points in the address of Mr. Clinton Howard last night in St. James Church. The subject of the previous evening was concluded and worked in with the subject for last night, 'The Crowning Glory of Creation.'

Woman suffrage received the entire support of the speaker, who only regretted that some women were postponing their opportunity to vote by their methods of trying to obtain that privilege. But, while the strenuous efforts of militant suffragists were condemned, Mr. Howard claimed for them the moral right to use violence in attacking the saloons, as it was a lawless institution. Continuing his championing of the suffrage movement the speaker asked why we should not have women police and women lawyers.

The greater influence of the mother than of the father in the making of a man was summed up in that well known quotation, 'the hand that rocks the cradle rules the world.' There was a great deal of imposition on wives by their husbands which should not be. Both were equal, and should have equal rights. Here Mr. Howard enlarged on the main theme of his address, the advocating of equality in its sexual, economic and political relation. Segregation was severely scored.

The Rev. Frank J. Day, president of the Montreal Ministerial Association, will preside at to-night's meeting, which will be addressed by Mr. Howard on the subject, 'The Greatest Thing in the World.'

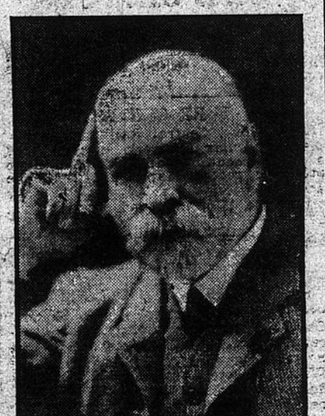
THE LATE MR. WM. TEES.

Former President of the Y.M.C.A. Died Last Night After Long Illness.

The death occurred last night at the Montreal General Hospital of Mr. William Tees, of 367 Elgin avenue, Westmount, the well-known desk manufacturer of this city, after an illness of some weeks.

The late Mr. Tees was born in this city in 1852, and was, therefore, sixty years of age at the time of his death. He was a member of a family of four sons, and received his elementary education in the old Ann St. School, subsequently attending the McGill Normal School.

His first business experience was gained in the office of the Montreal 'Daily Witness,' which office he entered as office boy, at the age of 13 years. He later entered the employ of the North British & Mercantile Insurance Company, with whom he remained until he was nineteen years of age, when he joined his father, Mr. William Tees, in the desk manufacturing business, which business he conducted until two years ago, when he retired from active life, and the firm went out of existence. When a young man the late Mr. Tees was actively identified with athletics, being a member of the old Maple Leaf Lacrosse Club and the Montreal Amateur Athletic Association, and several snowshoe clubs of the city. He was a life governor of the Montreal General Hospital, a member of the St. George's Lodge, A.F. and A.M., and the Royal Templars.



THE LATE MR. WM. TEES.

The deceased was, during his entire life, an ardent temperance reformer, and held for some time the office of president of the Dominion Alliance. He took a great interest in Sunday School work, being for 20 years superintendent of the West End Methodist Church Sunday School. In 1894 he was elected president of the Montreal Young Men's Christian Association, a position which he held for two years. During his tenure of this office, he was largely responsible for the present admirable physical culture system in vogue at the present time at this institution.

In addition to the many positions which he held in connection with institutions designed to assist his fellow man, those who knew him best will perhaps remember him by his numberless unostentatious acts of kindness. No one in real want ever left him empty-handed, and many a destitute person will have good reason to regret his death. The late Mr. Tees married in 1875 Miss Maria Blagrave, of this city, who survives him, as does also three children, Mrs. J. Ritchie Bell, Mrs. Arthur L. Paterson, both of Westmount, and Dr. F. J. Tees, physician of this city, who is perhaps better known for his wide interest in amateur sport, and who holds at the present time the office of president of the Canadian Amateur Athletic Association.

The late Mr. Tees is also survived by two brothers, Dr. John Tees and Mr. Joseph Tees, both of Winnipeg, and two sisters, the Misses Elizabeth and Jennie Tees, the late Mr. James Tees, of the firm of Messrs. Tees & Persse, having died some years ago. The funeral will be held on Thursday afternoon from his late residence, 367 Elgin avenue, to the Mount Royal Cemetery.

LIVE STOCK MARKET, Mar. 13.

About 700 head of butchers' cattle, 1500 calves, 120 milch cows and springers, 125 sheep and lambs and 1075 hogs were offered for sale at the East End Abattoir to-day. Trade was slow, with rather lower prices for cattle and calves but mutton critters were higher. Prime beeves sold at from 6½c to near 7c per lb.; pretty good animals, 6c to near 6½c, and the common stock, 3¾c to 5c per lb.

There has been an oversupply of milch cows lately, and the price of superior milkers has declined nearly ten dollars during the past month; superior cows sold to-day at $60 to $65, which would have brought $70 to $75 three weeks ago. Common cows sold at from $25 to $50 each.

There are too many 'bob' veals coming to the market, and some of these have to be sold for about one dollar each, or less than two cents per lb., while good veals bring 5c per lb.

Sheep sold at 5c to 5¼c per lb.; lambs at 6½c to 6¾c do. Good lots of hogs sold at 7 5-8c to 7¾c per lb.

OPPOSES WISH OF CHURCH

The Rev. Dr. Clarke Against Removal of Stanley Street Congregation to Westmount.

The principal topic at the afternoon session of the Montreal Presbytery was the request of Stanley Street Church to move to the upper level, Westmount, the reply from the Rev. W. D. Reid, of Alberta, and late of Taylor Church, accepting conditionally the call from Stanley Street Church to become the pastor, and the balloting of ministers and elders as commissioners to the General Assembly.

The session resumed after devotional exercises by Dr. Kelley, after which the Rev. Dr. Clark, of St. Andrew's Church, Westmount, resumed his arguments as to why Stanley St. Church should not be permitted to build on the site they had selected.

The mission which had been established on Decarie Avenue should be supported, and if he was the minister and the church was moving, he would advocate the taking up of the Decarie Avenue cause.

If Stanley Street Church was granted the permission asked, it would have the effect of drawing people from both his own church and Melville Church, and he did not think that was at all fair, as his church had incurred several obligations, and had a heavy debt on their building and property which would require their united efforts to meet.

It had been said that the Methodist Church were going to erect a church in the particular district that Stanley Street Church had selected, and this was one reason why the Presbyterian body should also erect a church there. He did not, however, hold this view. Such a spirit of rivalry was not a Christian spirit. There was no demand on behalf of the people in the district, and if such a demand had been made it would have been an altogether different question.

They had heard the judgment that had been passed by St. Andrew's Church, Melville Church and the Down Town Problem Committee and also the report of the Church Extension Committee which was to the effect that the time was not ripe for building a new church where Stanley Street people wish to build it. He did not think it would be an injustice to Stanley Street if they were asked to take up the district of which Decarie avenue is the centre. They had only two families in the district they wanted to go to and only twenty-five families west of Atwater avenue. His church was under heavy obligations, it was ministering to people of the district, nobody was shut out, and after careful consideration he must ask the presbytery not to grant Stanley Street's request.

The Rev. Dr. Scott, the Rev. John Lochhead, Mr. Walter Paul, Mr. J. H. Hawthorne, Dr. D. W. Morrison, and Principal Scrimger having spoken briefly on the subject, further action in the matter was deferred to a special meting on April 4, the date of convocation.

The Rev. W. R. Dickie, Principal Scrimger, Dr. Morrison and the Rev. Bruce Taylor, together with the following laymen: Dr. Kelley, S. W. Cuthbert, Mr. Walter Paul, Mr. W. H. Christian, Mr. James Rogers, Mr. G. Marin and Mr. J. W. Kilgour were elected by ballot as commissioners to the General Assembly in addition to the ministers and laymen who are entitled by rotation to be present.

It was reported that the Rev. John Pate, of Livingstone Church, had received and accepted a call to Emerson, Manitoba, with a salary of thirteen hundred dollars, and a manse. It was agreed to release him at the end of this month, the Rev. R. W. Dickie to moderate in a call to Livingstone.

A letter was read from the Rev. W. D. Reid, of Alberta, stating that with the consent of the permission of the Home Mission Committee, and in view of the fact that a fairly good site for a new church had been allowed to Stanley Street Church, he would accept the call to become minister of that church.

A considerable discussion then took place as to weather the Presbytery could make any arrangements as to Mr. Reid's induction. It was maintained that the call had been a definite call from Stanley Street Church without mention of any particular site, and on that point Mr. Reid should give a definite answer.

The Presbytery had not sanctioned any site for the new church, and, therefore, could not deal with Mr. Reid's letter, in which stipulations were made. It was finally agreed for the letter to remain on the table until after the meeting on the 4th of April.

Representatives from Taylor Church were heard in support of a call they had given to the Rev. A. C. Manson, D.D., of Detroit, the call offered was $1,800 and manse, arrangement for induction of Dr. Manson will be made at the special meeting of the Presbytery.

At the evening session the Rev. J. A. McFarlane, as superintendent of Home Missions, reported as to his investigation into the condition of Protestant elementary education in the Province of Quebec. The report showed that four-fifths of the English speaking Protestant families that are being driven out of the province, are leaving because of the difficulty in obtaining proper education for their children. Mr. McFarlane stated that no less than 1,500 Protestant children were being taught in Roman Catholic schools. Of 700 Protestant rural schools 500 were not open ten months in the year, and of the two hundred open for ten months many were inefficient.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 13.—Cattle receipts, 13,500; market steady to 10c up.

Beeves, $5.00 to $8.80; Texas steers, $4.75 to $6.00; western steers, $5.10 to $7.10; stockers and feeders, $4.10 to $6.00; cows and heifers, $3.50 to $6.65; calves, $5.75 to $8.25.

Hogs receipts 30,000; market 5c to 10c higher.

Light, $6.65 to $6.92½; mixed, $6.65 to $6.70; heavy, $6.70 to $7.05; rough, $6.70 to $6.80; good to choice hogs, $5 to $6.45; bulk of sales, $6.85 to $7.00.

Sheep receipts 24,000; market steady to 10c lower.

Native, $3.70 to $5.60; western, $4.25 to $5.60; yearlings, $5.00 to $6.20; and lambs, native, $5.25 to $8.50; western, $5.75 to $7.50.

PRODUCE UNCHANGED.

There are no symptoms of a change in the dairy produce situation. Butter continues firm with choicest creamery at 33c to 34c; current receipts, 32 1-2c to 33c; western dairy, 27c to 28c; rolls, 29c to 30.

Finest western cheese quotes at 15 1-4 to 15 1-2, with inferior grades at 14 1-2 to 15 cents.

INSPECTION OF LINES.

New York, March 13.— Mr. R. S. Lovett, president of the Harriman lines, Julius Kruttschnitt and Louis J. Spencer, heads of operation and traffic departments, have completed their trip over Harriman lines, and will arrive in New York Thursday or Friday.

Tea that is Worth the Drinking
Clean, Pure and Delicious

"SALADA"

Used in Millions of Teapots Daily.

BLACK, MIXED OR NATURAL GREEN } SEALED LEAD PACKETS ONLY.

A Competent Agent

This Trust Company is a competent agent, thoroughly qualified to efficiently care for any class of trust business. Enquiries solicited.

The Crown Trust Company
86 NOTRE DAME ST. WEST • MONTREAL.

PERSONALS

Mr. and Mrs. George Vipond and Mr. Harry L. Vipond have returned from Bermuda.

Mr. Justice Greenshields and Mrs. Greenshields arrived home this morning from their trip South.

Miss Wallace Watson is visiting at Quebec, the guest of Mrs. Porteous, Island of Orleans.

Miss Morna McGowan, who had been visiting in the city, has returned to her home in Knowlton.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Curry, Sherbrooke Street, are expected home to-morrow from Jamaica.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Hays left last night for New York, and sail on Thursday by the 'Baltic' for London.

Mrs. George F. Cleveland and Miss Muriel Cleveland, of Danville, left on Tuesday to visit friends in Montreal.

Mrs. J. B. Woodyatt, who was in town visiting her mother, Mrs. James Davidson, has returned to Lennoxville.

Mrs. Lachlan Gibb entertained at luncheon to-day for Miss Dawson, an English visitor, who is leaving for the West.

Sir Francis Langelier, accompanied by Captain Victor Pelletier, A.D.C., arrived at the Windsor yesterday from Quebec.

Among Montrealers at the Russell, Ottawa, this week, have been Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Porter, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Buchanan, and Mr. and Mrs. Mignault.

Mrs. E. W. Kolb, formerly Miss Gertrude McCaw, will receive for the first time since her marriage, on Friday, March 15, at her mother's residence, 226 Edward Charles Avenue, Annex, prior to her departure for her home in Calgary.

The Dickens festivities in Stanley Hall, where the Old Curiosity Shop bazaar was held last week, reached the culmination last night when 'Mrs. Nickleby and her Associates,' otherwise the President and members of the Hervey Institute, gave an entertainment named after the glorious frolic in the 'Carol' 'Mrs. Fezziwig's Ball,' for those who had assisted at the Bazaar. About three hundred and fifty were present, the majority of the ladies being in costume. Mrs. J. A. Henderson, as Mrs. Nickleby, received with members of her committee. It was an informal non-programme dance, and there were tables for playing 'five hundred,' for those who preferred that form of amusement. The final was the serpentine dance, in which a large number took part. Supper was served in the large room downstairs, at small tables adorned with spring flowers.

BUDGET TO-DAY.

Ottawa, Ont., March 13.—Much interest is attached to the Hon. W. T. White's first budget speech, to be made in the House of Commons this afternoon.

Since 1896 all the budget statements have been made by the Hon. W. S. Fielding, and the House will experience a new sensation in hearing the figures for the year reeled off by a new finance minister.

Mr. White has devoted much time to the preparation of his speech, and it is expected that he will make a favorable impression. Owing to the buoyant state of revenue during the past few months, he will probably be able to announce a surprise of thirty millions or more of revenue over current expenditure.

This surplus will go a long way towards meeting all the capital expenditures to be incurred during the current fiscal year. There has been much speculation as to whether or not Mr. White will announce a renewal of steel duties, which expired on June 30 last. The minister is keeping his own counsel, but the general impression seems to be that there will be no renewal of the bounties.

Lost Control of His Temper

Once there was a man whose liver was not working right. When dressing in the morning he had trouble with his collar. Then he lost the collar button. Then he said something.

By the time he got to breakfast he was so irritated that he had no appetite and quarrelled with his wife. He went to the office with a headache and when he had some important business to transact he bungled it.

When you find yourself easily irritated and lose control of yourself and your temper, look to the condition of the liver, and take one of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills at bedtime.

The dark-brown taste will not bother you in the mornings, the tongue will clear up, digestion will improve and you will not have the tired, worn-out feelings which accompany a sluggish condition of the liver.

RARE INDIAN PILLOW CUSHIONS!

'The Scout,' 'Chief Arrow Maker,' 'Squaw and Papoose,' 'The Papoose,' 'Broken Arm Chief,' 'The Maple Leaf,' etc., etc., in all the new shades, made for and controlled by 'THE WIGWAM' exclusively. Fine velvet finished leather. We are continually filling orders for the Old Country. Nothing to equal our display in Canada. Are you going abroad? Give us a look in before you leave; it will repay you. Your friends will appreciate any one of the above. We can show more Pillow Cushions than all of the other dealers together, besides our ideas are original in the above lines, and sold by us only. Before buying, call in and let us prove our assertions.

'THE WIGWAM,' 134 Peel Street, Near the Windsor Hotel.
STORE OPEN EVENINGS.

OPENING.

Saturday, Monday, Tuesday, SPRING OPENING at

O. LEMIRE CO., Cor. St. Denis and St. Catherine

BEAUTIFUL DOLLAR SASH PINS!

Our variety is simply enormous. All the new shades of Fine ENAMELS. Call in and see our rich display. Over 2,000 to choose from. 'THE WIGWAM,' 134 Peel Street, near the Windsor Hotel. Store open every evening. Sent by mail for $1.15. Each SASH PIN is a BEAUTY. They are all beautifully enamelled and made of the finest bronze.

$50 BUYS MY LOT IN ORIGINAL townsite Nokomis, Sask., ten minutes walk from C.P.R. and G.T.R. main line junction station. Box WESTERN, 'Witness' Office.

FOR SALE, FURNITURE OF A SIX-room flat, consisting of parlor set, two bedroom sets (iron and brass beds), dining-room, kitchen, etc., etc.; a snap to quick buyer. Apply between 2 and 5 p.m., 63 Mitcheson street, or News Stand, Board of Trade Building.

WORKING ON HIGHWAY

King Edward Road Expected to be Finished by Middle of August.

It is now said that the Canadian end of the King Edward Highway is almost certain to be finished by August 15th. One more week of mild weather will see the end of all the stone carting to all the sections between the border line and Laprairie. The chief engineer and his assistants are at Laprairie renting the land necessary for the piles of stone, thus completing the pre-construction work on the whole Canadian section from Montreal to Rouse's Point. When this road is completed it is expected that the Government will commence work on the road through the Eastern Townships running from Longueuil to Sherbrooke.

In the State of New York through which the continuation of the King Edward Highway will pass over 320 miles of road improvements have been passed upon favorably. The roads to be improved are in all sections of the State, and include eight and a half miles of the trunk Montreal to New York road. This is to have a sub-base bottom, water bound macadam, and will be treated with a surface application of hot oil. It is estimated that the road improvements in the State of New York will cost $4,000,000.

SHIPPING NEWS

INWARD.

Waimate, arr. St. John	Mar. 11
Virginian, arr. St. John	Mar. 12
Welshman, arr. Liverpool	Mar. 13
Rotterdam, arr. New York	Mar. 12
Columbia, arr. New York	Mar. 12
Arlon, arr. New York	Mar. 12
Bayonne, arr. New York	Mar. 12

OUTWARD.

Tunisian, arr. Liverpool	Mar. 12
Carmania, arr. Gibraltar	Mar. 12
Campania, arr. Fishguard	Mar. 12
Kroonland, arr. Dover	Mar. 12
Monteagle, arr. Hong Kong	Mar. 12

SAILED.

Royal Edward left Bristol	Mar. 13
Turcoman, left Avonmouth	Mar. 12

SUGAR PRICES LOWER.

New York, March 13.— All grades of refined sugars were lowered to-day 10c. per hundred pounds.

Weekly Calander

ST. JAMES METHODIST CHURCH

CLINTON N. HOWARD.

SUBJECTS:

WEDNESDAY, March 13, 8.00 p.m.—"The Greatest Thing in the World."
THURSDAY, March 14, 8.00 p.m.—"Montreal Dry and the Reasons Why."
FRIDAY, March 15, 8.00 p.m.—"A Joy Ride on the Water Waggon."

Admission FREE to all Meetings

COLLECTIONS FOR EXPENSES. BE ON TIME THIS TIME.

GRAND CONCERT
GIVEN BY
CALEDONIAN SELECT CHOIR
(CONDUCTOR Mr. J. M. SHEARER, A.R.C.M., A.R.C.O.
IN Y.M.C.A. HALL, TUESD AY, March 26th, 8.15 P.M.
TICKETS, 35 Cents. RESERVED SEATS, 50 Cents.
(Under Auspices of American Presbyterian Church Young Peoples' Society.)
Box plan at Church Study, 544 Dorchester West. Phone Uptown 2523.

CASINO
49 ST. CATHERINE WEST
MONTREAL'S
FAMILY PICTURE HOUSE
Strictly High Class
Censored Pictures
THIS WEEK
Wednesday, Thursday, Friday,
The Wreck of the 'Aurora,'
A Marine Drama.
New Programme Daily 1 to 11.

CLEMENT
TENOR,
WINDSOR HALL
Thursday, 28th of March
RESERVED SEATS, $2.50, $2.00, $1.50.
For Sale: Willis ,St. Catherine West. Telephone Uptown 1884; Archambault, 312 St. Catherine East. Phone East 1842. E. L. Giroux, 493 St. Catherine East. Phone East 4342.

M. A. A. A.
BASKET BALL
SENIOR LEAGUE.
MACDONALD COLLEGE
vs.
M. A. A. A.
TO-NIGHT, WEDNESDAY,
AT 8.30 P.M.
ADMISSION:
MEMBERS AND LADIES 25c
NON-MEMBERS 50c

ART ASSOCIATION
23 PHILLIPS SQUARE.
GALLERIES OF PAINTINGS, STATUARY, ETC.
ADMISSION ..... 25 CENTS.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS OF

The S. Carsley Co, Limited

will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 149 Notre Dame Street West, Montreal, on THURSDAY, March 21st, 1912, at 10 o'clock a.m.

By Order,
CHAS. W. BATHO.
Montreal, March 12th, 1912.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MAILS

To Be Closed at this Office During the Week Ending March 16, 1912.

March.			
12	7.30	a.m.	" Supplementary.
13	7.30	a.m.	Baltic, White Star.
*13	6.00	p.m.	" Supplementary.
12	7.30	a.m.	La Provence, G. T. Atlantic
*13	6.00	p.m.	" Supplementary.
**15	10.30	a.m.	Virginian, Allan.
15	7.30	a.m.	St. Louis, American.

*Letters may be posted up to 6 p.m.; other matter should be posted before 5 p.m.

**Parcels are forwarded by this steamer; latest time of mailing is 9.30 a.m. on Friday.

Letters for the above mails may be posted at Station 'B' up to within 15 minutes, and at Station 'C' up to within 30 minutes of the above mentioned hours of closing.

*Matter for registration close at 5.15 p.m.

*Letters for Registration should be posted three-quarters of an hour before closing of mail.

CAMPANARI NEXT SATURDAY.

Signor G. Campanari, whose fame in the role of 'Figaro' is widespread, will sing selections from that opera on the occasion of his appearance at Windsor Hall next Saturday, when he will inaugurate the series of matinee musicales conducted along the lines of the famous Bagby concerts at the Waldorf Astoria, New York. The Toreador song from Carmen is also one of his famous pieces. He will sing this and several other operatic selections. Mr. Ruben thinks that Campanari's appearance to inaugurate this series of popular priced matinees is particulary happy at this time, inasmuch as he appeared at the opening of the first Windsor Hall years ago. Mlle Marini, the eighteen year old soprano, will make her debut here at the same time.

NEW SCHOOL.

St. Therese de Blainsville, Que., March 13.—A new school building has just been erected by the Protestant Board of School Commissioners for this district to suit the needs of the growing number of children in the community. It was opened last week with a service of praise and prayer, in the presence of Messrs. Gilmour and Hamilton, (trustees), Mr. Morris, the Rev. A. Bowman and Mrs. Kempton, Mrs. Gilmour, Mrs. Morris and Mrs. Bowman. The building measures 35 feet by 24; has accommodation for 52 children; is lined on the outside with brick, and on the falls and ceiling inside with natural wood, and hardwood floor. Standing side by side with the church and manse, the building is a pleasing addition to the street, and reflects much credit on the taste and workmanship of the contractor Mr. James Hamilton, rande Premiere.

STARS VS. 'ALL STARS.'

It is to-night that the big game between the Stars and the 'All-Stars', the latter chosen from the St. Jacques, Baillargeon, Astor-Can. and National-Ind. of the City Hockey League, will take place at the Jubilee Rink, and a very large number of hockey fans are expected to take in the game.

The two teams will undoubtedly give a fine exhibition as they appear to be very evenly matched, and the play is bound to be warmly contested.

Rifey Hern will referee the game, which will start at half past eight sharp.

The Daily Witness

OFFICES:
CORNER CRAIG AND ST. PETER STREETS.

ADVERTISING AND SUBSCRIPTION DEPARTMENT, MAIN 4090.
EDITORIAL, MAIN 4091.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

'Daily Witness' . .	12 mos.	$3.00
'Weekly Witness' . .	12 mos.	1.00
'World Wide'	12 mos.	1.50
'Northern Messenger'	12 mos.	.40

Postage included for Canada (Montreal and suburbs excepted), Newfoundland and the British Isles, also for Bahamas, Barbadoes, Bermuda, British Guiana, British Honduras, British North Borneo, Ceylon, Cyprus, Falkland Islands, Fiji, Gambia, Gibraltar, Hongkong, Jamaica, Leeward Islands, Malta, Mauritius, New Zealand, Northern Nigeria, Sarawak, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Southern Nigeria, Transvaal, Trinidad, Tobago, Turk's Island and Zanzibar.

Postage for United States, Alaska, Hawaiian and Philippine Islands: 'Weekly Witness,' 25 cents extra; 'Northern Messenger,' 10 cents per copy. No extra postage in the 'Daily Witness' to the United States and its dependencies.

Foreign postage extra to all countries not named in the above list, as follows:—'Daily Witness,' $6.50 extra; 'Weekly Witness,' $1.50 extra; 'Northern Messenger,' 10c extra.

The last edition of the 'Daily Witness' is delivered in the city every evening of publication at $4.00 per annum, and 'World Wide' at $2.00 per annum.

While the publishers of the 'Witness' exclude from its columns all financial and other advertisements which they consider calculated or intended to take advantage of or injure the readers, it must be understood that they in no way guarantee advertisements, and must leave their readers to exercise their own discertion in the way of putting faith in them. It is, of course, impossible to know much about mining advertising, which offers probably the most speculative, and, therefore, the most risky of all investments. The great chances of gain are balanced by the great chances of loss, and no one should invest in a very speculative property more than he can afford to lose.

☾F.M. 3 ☾L.Q. 10	MARCH					●N.M. 18 ☽F.Q. 25
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
..	..	..	..	..	1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	..	..	..	..	..	..

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13, 1912.

THE WESTWARD OUTLET.

The other day we showed the necessity of opening a grain route westward from Alberta, as this offers the best promise of relief of a grain blockade that promises to grow rapidly worse unless extraordinary measures are taken. Vancouver believes that with a reasonable grain rate for the four hundred miles that separate her from Calgary, she could more than compete with the long winter haul of two thousand four hundred miles from Calgary to St. John, and have an advantage over the long haul more than to balance the heavier charge for the longer water route. Of course, the Canadian Pacific pooh poohs such a suggestion, as it prefers the long haul. If the Railway Commission does not see its way clear to reduce the westward rates on grain to some sort of proportion to the eastward rates, some other means will have to be found, and their jaws pried open from the grip they took on the profits of the grain crop by aiding the Conservatives to defeat reciprocity and so securing themselves in the long haul.

Independently of the European market Vancouver must some day be a great outlet for the Alberta crops. China's growing requirements of flour are not generally realized. A subscriber draws our attention to the fact that on her last trip out the 'Minnesota' took 510,000 bags of flour from the Western States to the port of Hongkong, a load that sank her so deep in the water as to prevent her going to her regular anchorage. During the last few weeks 1,250,000 bags of flour have gone to this single port of China. There is no reason except the railway rates why Vancouver, with an elevator and a flour mill, should not at least share this trade. The farmers of much of Alberta may look forward with some hope to the opening of the Grand Trunk Pacific to Prince Rupert, and of the Canadian Northern to Vancouver, both of which are being constructed with grades that will not necessitate prohibitive tolls. Only such relief as this seems to offer can avert a check in the prosperity of farming, such as will be a disaster to the whole country. It is up to Vancouver.

IS CANADA CHRISTIAN?

It is a question whether it was even good political tactics, in the representative of a constituency such as that of Mr. Bickerdike, to denounce the word Christian in the charter of a Canadian university as an insult to the Jews. Both the words 'national' and 'Christian' appeared in the characterization of the venerable Queen's University in the new charter that is being sought for it. The word national appeared simply to declare it to be an institution of national scope—one that could rightly come to Ottawa for its charter. Ontario has its provincial university at Toronto, and no doubt those interested in that admirable institution looked with some jealousy on the broader aspirations of Queen's. At all events the word national was struck out. Had it remained there might have been just so much color for objecting to the word Christian, that it declares Canada a Christian country, and that might be offensive to infidels, Mormons, Buddhists and Jews, who can rightly claim that all religions here are equal before the law.

But that word 'national' having been removed, it is beyond us and will be beyond the understanding of the majority of Mr. Bickerdike's constituents to know why a Christian university should not receive a charter as such. The university was not even asking for money, but merely for leave to carry on its existence as what it is, but leaving out its distinctively Presbyterian limitations. To declare this an insult to the Jews is the most preposterous thing ever said on the religious question in our Parliament. Those Roman Catholics who sided with Mr. Bickerdike in objecting to giving Queen's University the characterization of Christian must have done so from the very narrowest of sectarian grounds. They certainly could not object to it on the national ground that a religious adjective was an insult to the rest of the population. On that principle the Ottawa University within a stone's throw of where they were speaking and voting is an insult to all denominations but the Catholic. We make bold to say that if there had been an application for a charter for a Jewish university, Mr. Bickerdike would have been its busiest advocate. It would never have occurred to him, or to us, or to any Christian, that such an institution was an insult to Christendom. Had he needed support in such a matter he should have had ours.

Apart from what Christians may think of his position, we are certain that it does not speak the mind of the Jews, even on the broader question of using the phrase Christian, nationally. We assume that every reader of the 'Witness' will give it credit for having at all times, and in the most determined way, defended the absolute equality of all peoples and of all religions and non-religion before the law, so long as these did not introduce polygamy or other crimes. Still the Jews have never as a people shown themselves offensive towards the religion of the country, taking its institutions as facts which they accepted on coming to it. The last position in which they want to be placed is that which would be inevitable if they were understood to be seeking to dominate our institutions and to be making claim on their own behalf that Canada was not to call herself, what she is, a Christian country. These will not, we think, thank Mr. Bickerdike for his volunteer championship.

KNOWLEDGE IS WEALTH.

At the meeting at the Technical School last week, the Rev. Dr. Barclay remarked that such a large audience could not have been gathered together four years ago to take an interest in educational affairs. It is certain that interest in education is on the increase, and in the best direction. We have always had political school questions, like the present one of Keewatin, stirring up whole sections of the people, but unfortunately too many of those thus sectionally aroused have cared little for education, and been blind to the remediable defects of the schools at their own doors. There is now, however, a sounder and more promising kind of interest throughout the Dominion in every form of education, from the primary to that of the technical schools and the universities. In the cities and towns which are centres of manufacturing, the demand for scientific training is becoming more general, and as a consequence there is more interest in this training. The manufacturers of Canada, indeed, are much more alive to the need of scientific aid than they were fifteen years ago. The services of the chemist, for instance, in the iron and other industries are much more in request; and it is within the same period, also, that many of the great lumber and pulp firms of the country have realized that the forest engineer is an immediate economic helper as well as a conserver of forest wealth for future generations.

Economic considerations have enhanced the value of scientific education in the manufacturing centres. Economic considerations in agriculture also must soon have weight for the uplift of the rural school, as scientific method is as much needed now in agriculture as in manufacturing. The day of mere exploitation of the soil must pass. The wand of science is now an economic necessity. The general occupation of the good soil everywhere in Canada and the United States, together with the advancing prices of farm produce, have brought more and more of the poorer soils under cultivation. With the constant expansion of the cities and towns, and their greatly increasing absolute and relative consumption, the produce of the poorer soils is likely to be more and more in demand. Now the salient economic point is that while the poor soils may yield some profit when prices are high, even under poor cultivation, it is certain that they can be made to yield much more profit under proper methods of cultivation. This has been abundantly proved in Europe, and it has been proved in some parts of Canada and the United States. Indeed, several of the most successful achievements in scientific intensive farming were accomplished on abandoned 'worn-out' farms in New England. But the indispensable means for the general adoption of scientific method in agriculture is education of the right kind, and that calls for a better rural school.

INTELLECTUAL PERDITION.

We quote the following editorial remarks from the 'Saturday Evening Post,' a Philadelphia paper, which claims to have a circulation of a million and three-quarters. It appears in a page that has Benjamin Franklin's picture in the heading as founder of the paper, and is worthy of consideration as a sign of the drift of the time: 'We are much 'pleased to hear that out of a Harvard 'class in comparative literature, containing about a hundred students, 'not one could tell when Aristotle 'lived, though half a dozen guessed 'that the period was subsequent to '1840! Knowing when Aristotle lived —or anything else about him—is one 'of the least profitable uses to which 'lay human brains can be put. 'It is a fine testimonial to the under-'graduate's intelligence that his real 'studies in comparative literature are 'confined to the batting averages of 'the two major leagues just about in 'proportion as the faculty tries to 'palm off Aristotle on him!

'Learned persons are continually 'asking why people don't read more 'books of permanent value. The an-'swer is obvious. Being minded to 'read improving books, people turn 'to some learned person's list of the 'twenty or forty "best." The list is 'sure to contain some of the dullest 'and least profitable works that are 'accessible to a modern lay reader. 'People conclude that, if those are the 'best, they will get along without any. 'For example, there is much more 'meat for the ordinary reader in any 'single extant Greek tragedy than in 'all classical speculative writings 'combined; but fifty representative 'lists of the "best" will mention philo-'sophy twice to every mention of 'tragedy. As we recollect it, Aris-'totle is rarely found among the "best" —probably because, even to the learn-'ed who compose the lists, he is only 'a prodigious name. The first thing 'undergraduate students in comparative literature should be taught is to 'avoid reading most of the classics, 'in order to retain a proper admir-'ation for them.'

Not as a joke, but seriously, this man, writing for millions of the youth of the United States, and unfortunately for many in Canada, 'deems the study of the professional baseball league of more importance than the reading of the classics, and commends college students who slight a knowledge of the great men of the past to form an opinion on who is the best batter of the present. The writings of Aristotle, of whom the writer of the article seems to have no more knowledge than the name, were for centuries considered of almost equal weight with the Scripture. He was the one man of whose writings a knowledge was necessary to an education. In the history of the world's mode of thought and principle of life his writings fill a large section. That students should be taught to avoid reading most of the classics and follow sport is to teach the youth of the day that they are doing well in giving themselves to the veriest trifle of the moment. To teach them, as Aristotle teaches in the very first chapter of his ethics, that happiness is the chief aim of man, and there to shut the book and shut out the beautiful superstructure he built upon it, showing how it could be attained only by training the soul to love to walk in ways of perfect fame.

It is this very lack of knowledge of the classics, of the serious thought they stimulate, and of a comprehensive knowledge of the history of the past that is the greatest danger overhanging the United States to-day. No people who had known the history of the depreciation of currency as a mode of repudiation of debt, of which Aristotle tells us the beginning in his history of Athens, and which continued its course in Europe till the English, Scotch, French and Italian pounds are but small fractions of their former weight, would have been so egregiously led astray by Mr. Bryan's doctrine of free silver. The tragedy of the death of Plato, as related by Aristotle, has surely at the moment a lesson for those who are advocating mob justice. The doctrine laid down in the passage from the 'Saturday Evening Post' is one that has a great deal of prevalence. It is the idea that a native of the United States is self-sufficient in everything, able for any problem or any task, needing no knowledge of the past nor any regular training. The Goths and Vandals merely broke the statues; this editor would dethrone the spirit of the world's heroes, who, despite him and sport, will still march on.

HE TOOK DELHI.

(New York 'Evening Post.')

General Sir Alexander Taylor, who died in England the other day, won great distinction in his day. By the present generation he was best remembered as the superintendent for nearly twenty years of the once famous Indian Engineering College, at Cooper's Hill, near Staines, which numbered many eminent men among its pupils. But he first won his spurs at the siege of Delhi in 1857. On the instructions of John Lawrence, he joined the besieging force on June 29, 1857, as second in command of the Engineers, under Baird Smith. The latter was ill, and both the preliminary survey work and the suggestion as well as the execution of plans were in the hands of Taylor. Nicholson was the only non-Engineer officer who shared the dangers involved by detailed study of the ground, and he spent night after night with Taylor in the trenches while the batteries were building. On several occasions Taylor penetrated alone and in daylight through the enemy's outposts. Nicholson not only confirmed the young Engineer's report, but put such pressure upon General Wilson as compelled him to sanction the bold plan of attack evolved by Taylor and put forward by Baird Smith. When Nicholson heard on his deathbed that the credit of Taylor's exertions was being given elsewhere, he cried: 'If I get through this, I shall let the world know that it was Alex. Taylor who took Delhi.' In the fresh difficulties Taylor showed extraordinary fertility of resource. The mutineers held the tall houses and narrow streets bravely, and the British were demoralized by the dangers and losses of street fighting. Taylor had been severely wounded by a bullet in the chest, and had been two days in camp, but on returning to the city he suggested that the street fighting should cease, and that the Engineers should break internal passages from house to house. This plan was adopted, and within two days Delhi was captured.

HOPE TO CLEAR DEBT.

'Point' Congregationalists Held Pleasant Reception Last Night.

A very successful reception was held at the Point St. Charles Congregational Church last evening, pledges of assistance in clearing the outstanding debt of $2,100 being made by over one hundred of those present. The evening opened with a meeting in the church at which a number of representative clergymen spoke

The Rev. Dr. Sparling, of St. James Methodist Church, spoke of the relation of the church to its pastor. The encouragement that members of the church gave to the pastor with respect to willing service and a sympathetic hearing during his sermons reacted, he said, in increased form on the parish.

Dr. Sparling also spoke of the magnificent loyalty of Point St. Charles to both the cause and their pastor. At the conclusion of the meeting a social was held in the church hall. A solo was rendered by Miss Margaret Stark and a violin duet by the Misses Boyd. The choir contributed an anthem.

The representatives from the other churches were: The Rev. Dr. Sparling, Methodist; F. G. Day, Congregational; W. Timberlake, Methodist; J. T. Marshall, Baptist; Winch, Anglican, and J. Chisholm, Presbyterian. Mr Fairgrieve represented the students of the Congregational College, and there were also present the Rev. Hugh Pedley and Mr. A. McA. Murphy.

SPECTACULAR FIRE.

Oil Steamer Ablaze Lights Up New York Harbor.

New York, March 13.—The steamer 'Jose', of the United States Fruit Company, laden with 10,000 cases of oil, caught fire this morning while at her pier at the foot of Maiden Lane. Fifteen men, caught in the steamer's hold, barely escaped with their lives, and the burning steamer, after being pulled out into the East River, sank. Shipping along the water front was endangered by the blaze.

The 'Jose' was taking on oil for Kingston, Jamaica, and a case of gasoline being lowered into the hold, fell from the lift, and broke open near a watchman who carried a lighted lamp. In an instant flames swept the 'Jose' from stem and stern, and fifteen workers in the hold just managed to scramble to the hatchway and escape. Fire boats pulled the blazing vessel to mid stream where she sank.

SOMERVILLE LECTURE.

The last lecture in the Somerville course of free lectures, under the auspices of the Natural History Society, will be delivered in the lecture hall of the Young Men's Christian Association, Dominion square, to-morrow evening, at 8 o'clock. Professor Carrie M. Derick, M.A., lecturer in botany at McGill University, will take as her subject 'Certain diseases of plants.' Professor Derick has made a special study of this important question, and will show by the aid of a number of specially prepared lantern slides, how our very existence depends in many cases on the healthy condition of the plants that constitute our daily food, not to mention the conservation of our forests that provides us timber with its manifold uses. The professor will also draw attention to the disastrous effects on our climate and rivers when the country is denuded of its trees.

NEW LINE SURVEYED.

Information comes from Guelph that surveyors have completed running a new line from a point named Baxter to Collingwood, which is situated on or near the Toronto Sudbury section of the Canadian Pacific Railway. The C. P. R. surveyors left Collingwood a few days ago for Guelph, and will continue their survey from that city to Beeton, which is ten miles south of Baxter. For a considerable time there has been talk of the C. P. R. constructing a railway connecting southwestern Ontario with the Sudbury section of the road at a point north of Toronto. A year ago a line was surveyed from the neighborhood of Schaw on the Toronto-Windsor division to the Guelph junction road a few miles south of Guelph.

CANADIAN NAVY.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, March 13.—In presenting the naval estimates before the House of Commons yesterday, the Hon. Mr. Winston Spencer Churchill, the First Lord of the Admiralty, mentioned that the development of a naval policy by Canada was at the moment somewhat uncertain. Until the proposals of the new Dominion Government were formulated, Mr. Churchill said, it was impossible to say how far the organization of the recently constituted Royal Canadian navy will be modified, but the Admiralty will earnestly co-operate in any scheme of enabling Canada to take real and effective part in the naval defence of the Empire.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL WORK.

Kingston, March 13.—That drastic means should be taken to stir up the work of the Sunday schools in various centres was the report of the Rev. A. H. Drumm, Belleville, moderator of the Kingston presbytery, at the session of that body.

He made the startling statement that seven schools in the district had been closed, for the main reason that there were not enough teachers, and in some cases, the reason was that there were no scholars.

Lack of interest in the work was reported from many centres, and the moderator appealed to the members to take immediate action. New methods of work must be adopted and a scheme will be brought about to get renewed effort in the work of the Sunday schools.

CHURCH UNION.

Kingston, March 13.—Kingston Presbytery has adopted a resolution urging General Assembly to move slowly on consummating union. It is expected that the church will stand 2 to 1 for union, but caution is urged that the one third against basis may not go out and form another church.

EMPHASIZED THE ENTENTE

Alliance Francaise Banquet Brought French and English Speaking Together

DOUBLE CITIZENSHIP.

Principal Peterson on the Benefits Derived From Knowing Both Languages.

L'Alliance Francaise de Montreal, in celebrating the tenth anniversary of its foundation at a banquet in the Windsor Hotel last night, to mark the entente cordiale which is growing and which it is desired still further to establish between the French and the British the world over, asked through the president, Mr. Gonsalve Desaulniers, the first speaker, Principal Peterson, of McGill University, to speak in English, and the last speech was delivered in French by an English-speaking Canadian, Mr. R. C. Smith, K.C.

The presence of the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Bonnin, the new Consul-General from France; Mr. Leroy White, president of the Federation de L'Alliance Francaise; the Hon. J. L. Decarie, Provincial Secretary, and many other distinguished guests contributed to make the occasion a very memorable one, and served to show together with the presence of 165 others, many of them prominent in the life of Montreal, how far interest has developed in the objects of the Association, which are to create an interest not so much in speaking French as in the French literature, and in the intellectual world that a knowledge of French can open to one.

At the outset Mr. Desaulniers read letters of regret at not being able to attend the banquet from Mr. Jusserand, French Ambassador to the United States; Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir Lomer Gouin, Senator L. O. David, Senator Raoul Dandurand, the Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, ex-mayor Payette and Mr. Henry Smith, ex-ambassador of France to the United States.

Toasts to the King and to President Fallieres of the French Republic were given and responded to with a will. The orchestra struck up the 'Marseillaise,' in connection with the latter toast, and the guests and members present sang the first verse. Madame Plamondon-Michot sang the next verse, all joining in on the chorus, the English-speaking members present especially making themselves heard in the 'Aux Armes, Citizens.'

Principal Peterson, of McGill University, proposed the toast to the Alliance Francaise, and in doing so emphasized the fact that he was requested to speak in English mainly to mark the entente cordiale now existing between two great nations of the modern world, France, and Great Britain. He said he had followed with keen attention the undoubted progress in the study of the French language following the educational work done by the apostolic succession of distinguished literary men from France, shown by the distribution of medals and in other ways.

He referred to the close connection that had existed between Scotland and France, even up to the time of the Union of the Parliaments of England and Scotland. 'Between England and Scotland,' said he, 'there was an old covenant, an ancient league that existed down to the union of the crowns of England and Scotland, and partially at least to the union of the Parliaments.' He cited the word bawbee' among others of French origin now recognized as peculiarly Scottish as an evidence of this French friendship. He was glad to think that the McGill University had been able to find for them a local habitat and a place of reunion in this great and somewhat multifarious city.

'I believe that the future of this great Dominion will be secured only so far as the various races which make up its citizenship can give up the habit of pulling in different directions, and agree to work together for the common good of all.' (Applause).

He expressed the opinion that a double citizenship was and would be of increasing benefit to Canada, and that the English-speaking and French would gain reciprocal benefits from mingling In their study of French literature and their enthusiasm for it he wanted them to remember that not France alone, nor the countries that received a direct stimulus from it, but humanity itself was the debtor of France for what it had contributed to the world's literature.

Mr. Leroy-White president of the Federation de l'Alliance Francaise, and brother to the ex-ambassador from France to the United States, spoke next. He told of the remarkable effect France was exerting in the world, more notably of the marvel that she should come to America, and make the French-speaking population better Canadians and better Americans while at the same time helping them to conserve their old traditions, and to conserve and extend the best part of these in meeting the vast problems of this great continent.

Mr. Anatole Le Braz, the distinguished French lecturer, was the next speaker, and in an eloquent address, punctuated by applause, showed to his hearers the idea of France and Great Britain uniting in Canada with a felicity of phrase that delighted his hearers.

Of the other speakers the Hon. Judge Robidoux proposed the health of the Montreal group of the Alliance Francaise, tracing the history of its development during the past ten years and the president, Mr. Gonzalve Desaulniers, responded. The latter spoke feelingly of the French atmosphere that had been created that evening, and which was still further strengthened by the presence of those speaking another tongue, who had the greatest admiration for the language expressing the highest intellectual culture that there is. It was not a wild and irrational enthusiasm which brought them together, but the feeling that a stern duty lay before them. It showed that selfishness could not entirely dominate their actions, and that they were capable of responding to the call of the ideal.

He referred to the history of the Greek and Latin peoples, and compared the French language to the Greek, saying that it bore to the modern world the same relations that the Greek did to the ancient. It was the work of the Alliance Francaise to extend the language they loved to all peoples. They did not wish to bring the world under one race, but they wished to impregnate the world with its culture. He was glad that the French soldier was no longer a menace to the world, and he believed that he would raise his arms against other nations only to defend his own frontiers. It was love that would unite all parts of Canada, and the most injurious combinations without it would not avail. The antagonism of the races would be a calamity, but that of the languages a crime.

Sir Francois Langelier, the Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec, then presented to Mr. Eugene Lassalle, the director of the Conservatory, a gold medal for his indefatigable services in extending the French language. He thanked the committee for the honor warmly, and then Mr. Gregor Barclay, an English member, gave the toast of the guests in French

The Lieutenant-Governor and the Hon. J. L. Decarie then spoke for the Quebec Government, and M. Bonnin, the new French consul-general, expressed great satisfaction at finding such a warm feeling in Canada for the French Republic.

Mr. Roy, of the Canadian Institute at Quebec, and Mr. Edouard Montpetit made splendid addresses, and Mr. R. C. Smith, K.C., speaking in French, brought to an end a most enjoyable evening.

'Let us march together for the advancement of civilization, for our country, and for the progress of humanity' were the fitting words with which he closed the speech-making.

FARMERS' BANK HEARING OPENS

Ottawa, March 13.—The inquiry into the defunct Farmers' Bank and the circumstances which attended its collapse began in the County Court here at eleven o'clock this morning before the special commissioner, Sir William Meredith, of Toronto.

Evidence in regard to the organization of the bank, the granting of its certificate by the Treasury Board, and the conduct of its business in so far as it came under the survey of the Finance Department, formed the feature of this morning's session, and will be continued this afternoon.

Messrs. Frank Hodgins, K.C., and John Thompson, K.C., are representing the people. Messrs. W. C. Mikel, of Belleville, and I. E. Weldon, the depositors, and Mr. Laidlaw, K.C., of Toronto, the shareholders.

Mr. Frank Hodgins commenced the investigation. The Farmers' Bank had been incorporated on July 1, 1904, he stated, and the provisional directors named. He then called Mr. David Henderson, M.P. for Halton. Mr. Henderson stated he had been interested in the bank through the fact that many of his constituents were connected with it almost from its inception, and he had been a member of the committee of the House which had passed on is incorporation. He had had a conference with the Hon. Mr. Fielding as to the bank's mode of raising money. The bank had been discounting rates, endorsed by the provisional directors in 1904. Mr. Fielding had seemed surprised and told him he would hold back the certificate as long as he could. After the certificate had been issued he had had another conversation with the Finance Minister, in which the latter stated that W. R. Travers, of the Farmers' Bank, had been down, and when the matter of the discounted rates had been put up to him by Mr. Fielding had denied it. He had had conversations two years later with the minister as to rumors of peculiar operations of the bank. He had found Mr. Fielding knew as much about these facts as he did himself, and the latter told him, 'Well, Mr. Henderson, you don't need to worry about it. You did your best to warn the government.'

'Why did not you put these interviews in writing?' asked Mr. Hodgins

'It is some time safer for a member of parliament not to do so,' answered the witness. 'He might be accused of undue interference.'

Major Beattie, M.P. for London, was called. Asked if he had ever agreed to act as a director of the Farmers' Bank if elected as set forth in a prospectus of the bank, the witness stated he had not, and that his name had been used without his permission. He had no stock in the bank

The Hon. Sydney Fisher, former Minister of Agriculture, was the next witness. He thought he had been a member of the Treasury Board about the time the Farmers' Bank got its certificate, but had not been present at the meeting which had authorized it. The minutes of the meeting were then produced and showed that the Hon. Messrs. Fielding, Cartwright and Brodeur had been present. The Treasury Board had the power to issue bank certificates without reference to the cabinet council.

Mr. T. C. Boville, Deputy Minister of Finance, testified that the Treasury Board in 1906 consisted of the Hon. Messrs. Fielding, Cartwright, Paterson, Fisher and Brodeur, five in all, though the organization of the board is fixed by statute at six members. He had been secretary of it since his appointment as deputy minister on Nov. 1, 1906.

PORTUGUESE RISING.

Lisbon, Portugal, March 13.—A sensation was caused to-day by the announcement that a large part of the tenth regiment of Portuguese Infantry at Braganza, on the north-eastern frontier, had crossed the border with their arms and joined the Royalists. Other regiments stationed in the north have been removed, the Government learning that the Royalists propaganda has wakened their loyalty.

THE WEATHER

SNOW AND COLD.

Toronto, March 13.—The disturbance which was in the Alidie States yesterday is now near the Atlantic coast, and is moving towards the Maritime Provinces with increasing energy. The weather continues cold in Ontario and the western provinces.

Lakes and Georgian Bay—Northwesterly winds, fair and cold to-day and on Thursday.

Upper St. Lawrence and Ottawa—North and northwest winds, mostly fair and cold to-day and on Thursday; some snow fall from Montreal eastward.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Strong northwest winds with snow in places Thursday, westerly winds, clearing.

Maritime—Southeast gales with rain Thursday, strong westerly winds clearing and a little colder.

Superior—Westerly winds, fair and cold to-day and on Thursday.

All WestFine and cold to-day and on Thursday.

TEMPERATURES

	Highest yester- day.	Lowest during 8a.m. to-day.
MONTREAL . . .	24	30
Victoria	34	58
Calgary	2B	20
Winnipeg	2B	8
White River . . .	18B	2
Sault Ste. Marie . .	2	30
Toronto	24	32
Kingston	26	36
Ottawa	20	30
Quebec	26	34
St. John, N.B. . .	38	38
Halifax	38	38
St. John's, Nfld. . .	32	30
Detroit	20	32
New York	46	46
London, England	46, rain.	8
Paris, France,	40 ,cloudy,	8

Washington, March 13.—Forecast: Eastern New York—Local snows and colder; Thursday, fair, brisk winds, mostly northwesterly.

New England—Snow or rain and colder to-night; Thursday, generally fair and colder; brisk to high winds, becoming northwesterly.

Western New York—Local snows and colder to-night; Thursday, generally fair; moderate northwest and north winds.

PRIVATE OFFICE

Gone to lunch Back in ten minutes

Cramming down ill-chosen food, and rushing back to work, leads straight to dyspepsia, with all it means in misery.

Proper habits of eating, with a Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablet after each meal, restore good digestion, health and happiness.

A box of Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets costs but 50c. at your Druggist's. National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited. 148

GRANDFATHER CLOCKS

Repaired carefully and in a masterly manner. Brass dials renovated as new, or the enameled ones replaced by Brass dials. Now is a good time to have all your clocks cleaned before the Spring rush.

THE THREE JOLLY

CLOCKMAKERS
At your Service.

A. E. NORRIS,

(Established 1899)

900A St. Catherine St. West.
Up. 3073.

"The Dollar Watch"
THE INGERSOLL

which I bought at "THE WIGWAM," keeps excellent time.
"THE WIGWAM," 134 Peel Street, Near Windsor Hotel. Store open until 10 p.m. every evening.

THE PIANOLA PIANO.

The superior methods of construction and exclusive features of control have made the Pianola and Pianola Piano the standard player piano. Remember that the name Pianola applies only to the instruments made by the Aeolian Co., N.Y., combined only with Pianos of Steinway, Weber, Steck, Wheelock, and Stuyvesant. Sole Agents, Layton Bros., 550 St. Catherine St. West (corner Stanley).

POTATO WAR.

Toronto Scene of Battle to Break 'Corner.

Toronto, March 13.—Two New Brunswickers came to Toronto recently in control of the potato trust of that province. Ontario potatoes are apparently a thing of the past, and the easterners say that they had a market to themselves. The price of the New Brunswick potatoes was raised daily and the commission man was compelled to ask two dollars a bag.

Having made a market, and with a good supply on hand, the New Brunswick promoters sent out pedlers through the city and reaped a harvest by disposing of their stock at $1.80 a bag, and thus cutting the feet from under the commission men.

But the commission houses got busy. They imported Irish potatoes, and they then went after the English article. By careful computation it was found that English potatoes could be landed and sold in Toronto at $1.65 a bag, and the corner of the New Brunswickers has been broken. The next episode in the potato business will be watched with more than ordinary interest.

THE FASHIONS.

French Government and Use of Bird Feathers.

New York, March 13.—A Paris cable says:—'Unlike their English sisters, French women are in no danger of being prohibited from wearing birds' feathers in their hats.

The French government has notified the British government that it cannot see its way to support the proposal to forbid the sale of the feathers and plumage of certain wild birds. Such action it is believed would have grave consequences to an industry on which some 50,000 French working women depend for a living, and which in commerce represents over $20,000,000.

Lost Control of His Temper

Once there was a man whose liver was not working right. When dressing in the morning he had trouble with his collar. Then he lost the collar button. Then he said something. By the time he got to breakfast he was so irritated that he had no appetite and quarrelled with his wife. He went to the office with a headache and when he had some important business to transact he bungled it.

When you find yourself easily irritated and lose control of yourself and your temper, look to the condition of the liver, and take one of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills at bedtime.

The dark-brown taste will not bother you in the mornings, the tongue will clear up, digestion will improve and you will not have the tired, worn-out feelings which accompany a sluggish condition of the liver.

'FOLLOW THE DICTATES OF CONSCIENCE,' SAID SIR WILFRID LAURIER IN BOUNDARIES DISCUSSION

Mr. Mondou's Amendment Defeated by 136 Majority—A Few French-Canadian Liberals Voted With the Nationalists—Final Vote Taken at 4 a.m. this Morning When Majority Against Dr Beland's Amendment Was 55.

Ottawa, March 13.—At 12.30 last night a division was taken in the Commons on the amendment to the third reading of the Manitoba Boundaries Act, moved by Mr. Mondou, Conservative-Nationalist member for Yamaska. The object of the amendment was to declare that nothing in the bill should prejudicially affect any rights now possessed by the minority, Roman Catholic or Protestant, in the District of Keewatin, to be aded to Manitoba. When the vote was called seven Nationalists and seventeen Liberals voted for the amendment, while the adverse vote, which included both Mr. Borden and Sir Wilfrid Laurier, was 160, or a majority of 136 against the amendment. The Nationalists who voted for the amendment were: Mondou, Lamarche, Sevigny, Paquet, Guilbault, Barrette and Bellemere. The Liberals who voted yea were: Proux, Boyer, Molloy, Demers, Michaud, Lapointe (Kamouraska), Lapointe (Montreal), Seguin, Tobin, McCuaig (West Kent), Power, Papineau, Marcil (Bonaventure), the Hon. Chas. Murphy, Ethier, Delisle, and the Hon. Dr. Beland.

The chief speeches previous to the vote were made by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the Hon. F. D. Monk. Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that the proposed amendment was ineffectual. That even if it were adopted it would not give the minority any rights they do not now possess unless rights that they do not possess under the Manitoba Act. He said that he was speaking as an individual, and did not wish to interfere with the rights of anyone to vote as they thought best. As for his own policy, it is to-day the same as it was in 1897. At that time he refused to stand for a policy which would interfere with the autonomy of Manitoba. He would decline to stand for such a policy to-day. He declared that the only proper policy was one of moderation and conciliation.

The Hon. F. D. Monk, in reply, repeated the assertion made by him in a previous speech, that he had looked into the question of the vested rights of the minorities, and had decided that they have no vested rights. He advised those who were behind the amendment to not insist in making demands where they did not have a good case, for to do so would only prejudicially affect the rights and the privileges of the minorities.

The Hon. Dr. Beland moved that the bill be sent back to committee to have inserted an amendment providing that a conference of representatives of the Dominion and Manitoba Governments, should be held to determine what vested rights exist in the district to be added, and to decide what steps should be taken to protect these rights.

Hon. Dr. Beland then moved that an hour in support of the amendment, the Hon. Robert Rogers replied. He said there was no need of such a conference, the whole matter had been discussed in 1906. He declared that the settlement of 1897 was not satisfactory to any citizen of the Dominion, whether Roman Catholic or Protestant. The minister intimated that right would be done by the minority and that the result would be peace.

At 4 a.m. Dr. Beland's amendment was defeated on a vote of 107 to 52, a government majority of 55.

Standing room was at a premium in the galleries, and practically every seat in the House was occupied when the Hon. George P. Graham entered the Chamber, with Sir Wilfrid Laurier on his right, and Mr. D. C. Ross, of Middlesex, on his left. Sir Wilfrid introduced Mr. Graham, who took his seat amidst a veritable storm of cheers from the Liberal benches. Upon Mr. Graham's desk was placed a huge bunch of red roses, while the Opposition members wore red roses in their coat lapels.

The echoes of the cheers for Mr. Graham had scarcely died away when Mr. John Webster, of Brockville, who defeated Mr. Graham in that riding on Sept. 21st, entered, and was given a counter demonstration by the Conservatives. Then the Liberals cheered again for Mr. Graham, and it was some minutes before quiet was restored.

MANITOBA BILL.

The Manitoba Boundary Bill was then introduced for its third reading Mr. Borden drew attention to a statement made by Mr. Pugsley while the House was in committee the other day to the effect that was an uncertainty about the description of the boundaries in one respect. He had called the matter to the attention of the Dominion Geographer, and also the attention of the Dominion astronomer They had looked into the matter very carefully, and while they were inclined to think that the description as at present contained in the Bill was free from ambiguity, they nevertheless suggested an alteration which removed all possible doubt. The Premier moved that section 7 of the Bill be struck out. Mr. Mondou, of Yamaska, then moved an amendment that a clause be inserted in the Bill declaring that nothing in the Bill shall affect any right with respect to any denominational or separate schools which exist at the present time in the territory being added to Manitoba.

Mr. Lamarche, of Nicolet, in seconding the amendment, said that the demand embodies in the amendment moved by the member for Yamaska was based on constitutional grounds, and was in the best interests of the future peace and harmony of all classes in the province concerned. If such school rights were not granted to the minorities of Keewatin at the present time, then sooner or later, he said, these same minorities would rise up and demand that their rights should be protected. Mr. Lamarche proceeded to argue at length that Parliament had in this case power to alter a constitution of the province. The British North America Act provided for such power when a new province is being created or when the boundaries of a province are being extended. He further contended that the momentnew territory was annexed the laws of the annexing power becomes those of the annexed territory, and that therefore in the present case Manitoba would not be compelled to respect separate school rights in her new territory.

Mr. E. M. Macdonald, of Pictou, followed briefly. In his opinion he said Mr. Lamarche's amendment was superfluous and entirely unnecessary. He thought, however, that the House had a right to know what the government's opinion was upon this matter.

MR. DOHERTY REPLIES.

The Hon. C. J. Doherty, in replying, stated at the outset that he concurred with the opinion held by Mr. Macdonald that Mr. Lamarch's amendment was superfluous.

Mr. Doherty then contended that the whole question was one of law. He had no desire to disguise his sympathy with the sentiments of those who stood behind this amendment. A right is a sacred thing, whether it is the right of a majority, a minority or an individual. It had been asserted in some quarters that the Government had made certain promises to those in sympathy with this proposal. He had personally made no promises. The Government, however, recognized its duty in protecting constitutional rights, but it must first be ascertained whether or not such rights really exist.

THE LEGAL ASPECT.

Mr. Doherty then entered upon a discussion of the constitutional aspect of the case. He laid much stress upon the circumstance that no Council for the district of Keewatin had ever been named. This to his mind was the crux of the whole question. He was not disposed to criticise the late Government for not having taken action in this regard. It had been assumed, and perhaps rightly, that the time had not come to name a council. Reverting again to the claims of those who support the minority contention, the minister remarked that only those living in a fool's paradise could find any vested rights for the minority.

Mr. Proux, of Preston, inquired as to the opinion of Mr. Cahan, of Montreal, in support of minority contention.

THE RETORT SARCASTIC.

The Minister replied that Mr. Cahan had given his opinion as one lawyer. As for himself he did not propose to be frightened away from doing his duty by the opinion of lawyers, or the opinion of lawyers who edit papers or who write from the Press Gallery.

In concluding, Mr. Doherty said that great as was his respect for the sincerity of those behind the agitation now going on for the insertion of a clause in the bill that would protect the rights of the minority of Keewatin, he, nevertheless, thought that they were being carried away by an overwhelming sentiment and blind belief in their own opinions without regard for the views of others. The Government had done its full duty and had endeavored in every possible way to respect and protect the rights of the minority in Keewatin without in any way imposing legislation upon the Province of Manitoba, which might be unjust and unconstitutional.

Mr. Rainville, of Chambly and Vercheres, was the next to take the floor. In opening, Mr. Rainville reviewed the stand taken by Sir Chas. Tupper on the Manitoba school question in 1896, and declared it as his belief that the Conservative party of to-day were just as anxious to do justice to the Catholic minority in that province today. He would point out that the late Government had drafted a bill for the annexation of Keewatin to Manitoba just as it is drafted by the present administration, and nobody was heard to protest.

MR. CODERRE OPPOSES.

Louis Coderre Conservative member for Hochelaga, who followed opposed the amendment for the reason that it would be politically impossible to extend the boundaries of Manitoba with such a clause as the one proposed in the bill, because Manitoba would not accept. He believed in the high patriotism of the premier of Manitoba. In the past Mr. Roblin supported the remedial policy of Sir Charles Tupper. When he came into power in Manitoba in 1897 the settlement had been made with Premier Greenway and his hands were tied. Premier Roblin in his patriotism had ordered that British flags must fly over all the schools of the province. Thanks to the policy of the present Federal Government; he hoped the day would soon come when that flag will fly over children enjoying the same rights and liberties.

SIR WILFRID'S POSITION.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier followed. The Opposition he said had already moved an amendment dealing with the financial terms of the agreement as contained in the bill, and had been accused by the Premier of putting forward a mere political device. If it was his desire to play at mere political strategy in connection with this matter he would do so to the best of his ability, but there was no occasion for anything but a clear cut stand, and he intended to take such a stand now. Everyone would agree that Manitoba is entitled to an extension of her boundaries both in the interests of the Province and the Dominion as well. The construction of the Hudson Bay Railway would make the organization of municipal and civil life imperative, and therefore it was necessary that the territory should be added to one of the provinces, and Manitoba was the province entitled to it. No one would contend that it would be advisable to form a new province. The necessity of an extension of the boundaries having been agreed to the next thing to do was to see that Manitoba should get either her public domain or its equivalent in money. Anything more than a fair equivalent would constitute a violation of the rights of the other provinces. He was afraid that in some respects Manitoba had been removed from a position of equity to one of favor. The Premier had in this connection raised problems which he had never dreamed of in his philosophy. Already troubles are arising. While that is the Premier's own concern, remarked the Opposition leader, I cannot be indifferent to the fact that while in one way Manitoba has been treated extravagantly on the other hand she has received treatment which will not be pleasing to people who respect the rights of the provinces.

Sir Wilfrid then remarked that the Minister of the Interior had stated that the boundary question could not be settled because the Manitoba government was Conservative and that he had desired to penalize that province. He would like anyone to quote one word he had ever said to justify such an imputation. When Manitoba asked that the boundaries be fixed he had suggested a conference of the representatives of the provinces interested. At that conference Manitoba and Ontario represented by men who were not his political friends had made demands. The Hon. Walter Scott, Premier of Saskatchewan, a political friend had also made demands on behalf of his province and he had said to his friend Scott that the territory belonged not to him but to Manitoba and Ontario. He had given this decision as a matter of fairness and equity. Now Ontario has been granted access to Hudson Bay and Saskatchewan has asked for a similar concession. He failed to see on what ground the demand be denied.

At this point Speaker Sproule said that on the third reading remarks made should be confined to the amendment under discussion.

STILL ON SAME PLATFORM.

Sir Wilfrid agreed with the ruling and then proceeded to deal with Mr. Mondou's motion. Previous speakers he said had commented on his previous statement that he was within the lines of Torres Vedras. It was true he had taken that position, but it was not with the idea of staying there. Like the Duke of Wellington he was willing to come out and attack the enemy. He had not considered it advisable to do so before because of the fact that the debate on this phase of the question had been confined practically to the members to the right of the speaker, and he did not care to interfere in a family quarrel.

Half turning to his followers Sir Wilfrid then stated that he approached this question not as the leader of the Opposition but as an individual. He did not desire to interfere with the right of anyone to follow the dictates of his own conscience. 'I will leave it to the judgment of all,' he said and my attitude has been well known for 16 years, that I stand on the same platform as that on which I stood in 1897. I would not then interfere with the autonomy of Manitoba, I would not now in opposition interfere with the autonomy of Manitoba.'

Sir Wilfrid then expressed the opinion that Mr. Mondou could not have approached the question of preserving the rights of the minority in a more ineffective manner. The insertion of the proposed clause would not add anything to the rights of the minority more than they now have under the Manitoba act. The Minister of Justice had said that it was a matter of law. Sir Wilfrid agreed. But the Minister of Justice knows that for sixteen years it had been made a political question. At every election in Que. since the Manitoba settlement it had been stated in Quebec that the settlement had been no settlement, and that as soon as a Conservative government was returned to power the minority would get back their rights. The settlement was to be torn up, and a complete system of separate schools returned in Manitoba. He had also been accused during all these years of betraying the rights of the minority. 'In stating this I am not exaggerating the case' added Sir Wilfrid.

'No class in this country,' he continued, 'can claim to have rights superior to those of any other class, and whenever there is a clashing of interests, as unfortunately there have been too many in the past, then it becomes the minority to be moderate, and the majority to be just and generous.

'Sir, if the speeches which we heard from the mouths of the Hon. Minister of Public Works, and the Hon. Postmaster General had been delivered by them in the Province of Quebec during the days preceding the late campaign, then I venture th sseriante paig, then I venture the assertion that the result would have been different.

'Heaven is my witness that so far as I am concerned that defeat of Sept. 21 has never caused me a moment of dismay. I regret it for the party, and still imore for the country, but for myself I do not care. I do not know that even now that I am grateful for my defeat, since it has resulted in giving to this country and to the province of Quebec especially, the measure of the men who opposed me. It has shown the people of Quebec that all those loud protestations and denunciations were merely shams and snares to deceive them for political purposes.'

Sir Wilfrid next gave an historical review of the Manitoba School question in 1890-7. For the past fifteen years it had been contended, he said, by his opponents in the province of Quebec that the settlement entered into with Manitoba in 1896, was contrary to a direct order of the Privy Council of Great Britain. He would say without fear of contradiction, that the Privy Council never issued any order for the restoration of separate schools in the Province of Manitoba such as existed before 1890. The Privy Council had simply asked that such steps be taken to give such relief as was deemed necessary for the preservation of peace and good-will, and which would settle the question upon a just basis. But there was no order as has been represented in Quebec to restore separate schools. Sir Wilfrid then treated briefly the remedial legislation proposed by the Conservatives at that time, and said that if an attempt had been made to enforce it upon Manitoba that province could have constitutionally opposed its enforcement.

'How?' asked Sir Wilfrid 'turning towards Mr. Monk, 'does the Minister know that Mr. Roblin is so well disposed?. He himself has told us that Mr. Roblin did not tell him so. Was it telepathy or a little bird that had whispered it in his ear?

Sir Wilfrid concluded with a glowing peroration.

'When the storms of the ocean have been raging, when the waves have been roused to fury, all of a sudden the wind ceases to blow, the clouds vanish from the horizon, and the sun shines again warm and bright. But though peace now reigns above, peace is not yet restored to the waters below, and for a long time the billows continue to be tossed by the internal fury imparted to them by the storm. Though the storm itself has long abated, it is a long time before the serenity of the heavens is reflected on the placid bosoms of the deep.

'Sir, we know only too well from the teaching of history, and from our own experience in this new country, that the passions which rage in the human heart far exceed in violence that of the wind and waves.

'We know from our own experience, as well as the experience of other countries, and from the whole teaching of history, that when in any community popular passions have been driven to earth, even though the causes of them may be removed, still for a long time the community continues to be torn by their violence, and it is only by slow degrees and by mutual forbearance that peace and harmony again recover their place sway. It is in the light of this experience that I have endeavored to guide the destinies of the party to which I belong since that party entrusted me with that task. I have learned from history that the best method of vindicating the most sacred causes is by moderation and respect towards others, as well as respect of ourselves. Whatever the reward of my efforts in that direction, the policy which I maintained in office I shall maintain in opposition.

'Never shall I raise my hand in any way so that discord shall come in this land, and for these considerations I shall vote against the amendment.'

The Hon. F. D. Monk followed. After the full expression of his views which he had given last week, he said, he did not think it hardly necessary that he should speak again on this occasion.

'But, Mr. Speaker,' he said, 'I cannot allow the statements of my Rt. hon. friend to go unchallenged. I knew that when he stated the other day that he had retired within the lines of Torres Vedras, that he would be chased out of those lines. But I must confess that I was curious to know how he would manoeuvre. I did not think that he would follow the example of the noble duke whose name is coupled with Torres Vedras, but that in issuing from those lines he would do considerable gliding.

'I wish to correct also,' he continued, 'some of the impressions which the Rt. hon. gentleman may have given the House; and perhaps I might venture to suggest very humbly to my right hon. friend that he must really put some check upon what is nothing more nor less than but the senile habit of lauding himself in speaking of the past.'

There were loud Liberal jeers at this statement, but Mr. Monk continued. The leader of the Opposition, he said, had drawn a somewhat amusing picture of Mr. Monk and his colleagues from Quebec endeavoring to obtain by entreaty and by prayer and persuasions the introduction of some guarantee clause in the bill. Well, that might have been the mode of procedure in the late cabinet, but they had not yet acquired the habit. Numerous attacks had been made upon him, but he was not in a resigning mood, and was rivetted, barred and bolted to office more than ever.

As for the claim that the minority in Keewatin have vested rights, he had looked deeply into that claim and could find no basis for it. A commissioner had been named to govern the territory to be added to Manitoba, but he had never been given a council, and had never been authorized to legislate. Therefore the claim of vested rights fell to the ground. Should the minority insist on obtaining things impossible the result would be prejudicial to their interests. In closing, Mr. Monk vehemently declared that there was no discord in the cabinet in connection, and expressed the hope that the country would soon hear the last of the controversy.

Mr. E. B. Devlin, of Wright, in opening, remarked that any one weighing the words which had been spoken by the leader of the Opposition and the Minister of Public Works would readily know where senility rests. He criticized the Minister for having declared that the school settlement had not been used against Sir Wilfrid Laurier in Quebec. it reminded him of the words of William Shakespeare: 'You make such a sinner of your memory as to believe your own lie.'

The member for Wright, while declaring that he was a believer in separate schools, said he was thoroughly in accord with a policy of conciliation. To insert in the clause the amendment proposed by Mr. Mondou would be to nothing more or less than to take the Province of Manitoba by the throat. The province could not be expected to accept any such provision, and, therefore, he would vote against the amendment.

Mr. Gauthier, Liberal, St. Hyacinthe, and Mr. Boulay, Conservative, of Rimouski, followed. Both declared themselves to be against the amendment. The division was then taken. The amendment was supported by seven Nationalists and seventeen Liberals, a total of 24, while 160 Conservatives and Liberals voted against it, the majority against being 136.

ANNOUNCING

The Formal Exhibit of Spring Modes

To be Held by

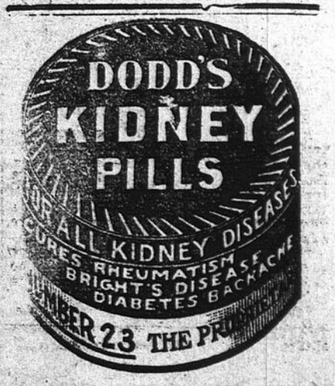
HENRY MORGAN & CO. LIMITED

During This and Next Week

This Store awaits with enthusiasm the formal Spring Opening---taking place tomorrow--attesting as it does another notable achievement in the production of faultless merchandise.

Exclusive modes have found an exquisite setting—modes eminently qualified to meet the critical preferences of discriminating women. It is wished that all may view this exhibit, of importance both from the standpoint of its attractiveness and that of the high excellence attained—an exhibit that truthfully portrays, enlightens as to style tendencies and forcefully presents the world's progress.

MILLINERY, COSTUMES, WAISTS, DRESS GOODS, SILKS, NECKWEAR, FRENCH ROOM CREATIONS.



The John Murphy Company Limited

Hats Trimmed
Free of Charge

The John Murphy Company Limited

Third Day of our Formal Opening of Spring Millinery, Costumes, Dress Goods and Silks

We cordially invite you to visit our store to-morrow, the third day of our Formal Showing of Spring Millinery, Costumes, Dress Goods and Silks.

The high character of this display comes from the effectiveness and originality of the designs imported from the famous houses of Europe and New York.

Millinery and Costumes that are designed by the world's authentic makers are shown in great variety, and many models of refined styles to suit the conservative ideas of Canadian Dress. The display in our Millinery Salon includes many creations by Germaine, Felix, Lewis and Feurley, and many designs from our own deft milliners which reflect distinctiveness and individuality.

STYLISH WALKING SUITS

Among the new Spring displays in our Mantle Department, is a splendid assortment of the practical "Trotteur costume." This suit is particularly smart, and is extremely useful for street wear. The styles include many of the most attractive received from Paris this season. We have them in a number of popular materials, including Tweeds and Navy and Black Men's Serge. One style cut with a 22-inch coat with deep square lapels, neatly trimmed with plaid cloth of harmonious color and gun metal buttons, and is silk lined. The skirt has 9 gores and is perfectly plain. This model may be had in Grey, Tan, or Bronze colors. Price.. .. .. **$22.50**

"Queen Quality" Shoes

Ask the Woman who wears them

The world-wide "Queen Quality" reputation is built on merit alone. This famous trademark stands for the best in the realm of women's footwear. Critical comparison will convince you of the truth of this statement. "Queen Quality" shoes for style, fit and comfort cannot be equalled elsewhere at their prices, $4.00 to $6.00. Just now there is a tremendous demand for the dainty Colonial patterns.

(*Sole Agents in Montreal*)

300 pairs only, Women's Boots, made in Patent Colt, Gun Metal, and Vici Kid; high and low heels; all sizes 2½ to 7. Regular $2.50 to $3.00.
Thursday.. .. .. **$1.95**

New Silk Peter Pan Waists, $2.75

This is indeed the smartest little Waist we have ever sold at this price.

Made of Black and White, Blue and White, striped silk, with small turn down collar and self colored silk and cuffs to match, also Navy and White trimmed with Emerald Green silk. All sizes **$2.75**

(*Waist Department, Third Floor*)

WASH GOODS

Fancy Silk and Cotton Foulards and Novelties

At a Special Price, .15

2500 yards new and dainty Foulards in Silk and Cotton materials, including Pongee Foulards, fancy Mercerized Foulards, medium weight materials for summer wear. A large range of colors and fancy patterns, including Pink, Blue, Old Rose, Cream, Fawn, Helio, Green and Black. The regular values are .25, .30, .35.
Thursday.. .. .. **.15**

Murphy's Millinery Department Announces a New Departure

HATS TRIMMED FREE OF CHARGE

OUR Millinery Department is now prepared to carry out your instructions, and trim, free of charge, any shape that you may choose, with trimmings of any kind, either Flowers, Feathers, Ribbons or Silk.

You may consult one of our expert Milliners at the time you make your purchase.

For further particulars ask about our "NO CHARGE SERVICE" (on the Second Floor),

SILK SUGGESTIONS FROM OUR NEW SPRING STOCK

Colored Silks

40-inch REAL LIBERTY FOULARDS, in Handsome designs and colorings, that are exclusive to us. Per yard.. .. .. **$2.50**

40-inch AMERICAN SHOWERPROOF FOULARDS, in rich bordered designs.
Per yard.. .. .. **$1.50, $1.85, $2.00**

40-inch FRENCH FOULARDS, in exquisite allover designs and rich shades.
Per yard.. .. .. **$1.29 to $1.75**

42-inch SHOT CHIFFON TAFFETA, in many color combinations, soft Duchess finish.
Per yard.. .. .. **$2.00**

42-inch RICH SATIN CHARMEUSE, lovely bright finish, very soft draping effects.
Per yard.. .. .. **$1.75**

Black Silks

RICH BLACK PAILETTE SILKS, skein dyed, perfect Black, fine qualities, 36 inches wide.
Per yard .. .. **.79, .89, $1.00**

RICH BLACK DUCHESS SATINS, Mousseline finish with a bright lustrous face and soft silk back, 36 inches.. .. .. **.98, $1.19, $1.29**
40-inch, special.. .. .. **$1.00**
40-inch.... .. .. **$1.39, $1.49, $1.59, $2.25**

RICH BLACK CHIFFON TAFFETAS, very fine soft finished qualities, Lyons perfect dyes, 36 inches wide.
Per yard.. .. .. **.89 to .98**

RICH BLACK SHANTUNG SILKS, very heavy quality for suits and robes, fast dye.
Per yard.. .. .. **$1.50**

THURSDAY BAG SALE

Regular $2.50 to $10.00 Values for **$1.59**

A most important Sale of Bags will take place here on Thursday. We have about 300 high grade bags, including a collection of samples from Vienna, some New York samples and several numbers picked out of our show cases. Fancy leather bags, fabric bags of various shapes and materials, and mesh bags in a great variety of smart and serviceable styles. The regular price range from $2.50 up to $10.00 (half the quantity priced at $3.50 or higher).
All at one price on Thursday... .. .. **$1.59**

Duchess Hose for Women

Per Pair, - - **.19**

A good Canadian made stocking, fast dye, seamless, made of combined Egyptian cotton, special double sole and high spliced heels, double top. Size 8½ to 10 inches.
PER PAIR... .. .. **.19**

CELEBRATED PRINCESS RIBBED HOSE FOR GIRLS
Are now in White, Black and Tan; sizes 5½ to 10 inches.
PER PAIR .. .. **.25**

OUR "LA RIVE" GLOVES FOR EASTER ARE IN
Made from celebrated French Kid skin, in every way perfect. Color Tan, Brown, Mode, Grey, Navy, Green, Champagne, White and Black. PER PAIR... .. **$1.25**

"THE MOUNT ROYAL" HOSIERY FOR WOMEN
Every pair with this brand carries our own guarantee that it is perfect in every way.
"Mount Royal" silk stockings at... .. .. **$1.25**
With the Anti-darn Tocaps, guaranteed not to wear through. Per pair... .. .. **$1.25**

MEN'S CASHMERE HALF HOSE—3 PAIRS FOR... .. .. **.67**
Plain Black or with Grey heels and toes, seamless feet, well made, good wearing hose.
PRICE... .. ..

AUSTRALIAN POLE HUNTERS

The 'Aurora' Returns After Leaving Strong Landing Parties

Hobart, Tasmania, March 13.—The ship 'Aurora,' which sailed from this port on December 2 last with the Australian Antarctic expedition, under the leadership of Dr. Douglas Mawson, aboard, returned to Hobart yesterday. The 'Aurora' is commanded by Captain J. K. Davis. She landed two separate parties at two points in the Antarctic regions, one under Dr. Mawson on January 19, and the other under Dr. Wilde, who is a veteran of the Shackleton and Scott marches, on February 19.

The 'Aurora' found no trace of the Clarie Coast, from which it is concluded that it was an ice barrier, that has broken up since Durville's discovery in 1838. The 'Aurora' left Antarctica on February 21, and will return in the spring.

Some of the best known British explorers are with the parties landed by the 'Aurora,' which mustered 25 men in all. The most advanced feature of the equipment is a monoplane, in charge of Lieut. Watkins, who has taken part in a number of aviation meets. Speaking of the value of the aeroplane in exploration, Dr. Mawson said prior to the departure of the expedition:

'An aeroplane can fly over an ice crevasse or a ridge as easily as over anything else, whereas a party on foot might have to search a long time to find a pass, and an aeroplane can do a journey of 150 miles in three hours.'

Lieut. Ninnis, of the Royal Fusiliers, who is an expert on surveying and sledging, and a Swiss, Dr. Merz, an adept with the skis, are included in the expedition, and Australians and New Zealanders complete the complement.

CHAMBLY CANTON

With the near approach of the Southern Counties Electric Railway service between Montreal and Chambly Canton this beautiful and historic district is daily growing in the public favor and importance both as a residential district and industrial centre, as is evident by the activity in real estate and the daily enquiry for houses. Along the banks of the charming Richelieu River, which for picturesqueness, splendid scenery, comprising extensive landscape, interspersed by winding river and canal, and backed by distant mountains, is unequalled by any district in the vicinity of Montreal, several handsome villa residences have recently been erected. In the Canton village are splendid sites for residences, within easy reach of railway and the churches. Not the least important feature is its fine water supply. The Richelieu water is excellent in quality and abundant in quantity a never failing source. With its thousands of available horse power energy of both water and electricity its transportation facilities, by rail and canal, its proximity to the metropolis, Chambly Canton should develop into an important industrial town, in the near future.

AT LAST.

The Aeroplane Has Arrived in Politics, and France Leads the Game.

Paris, March 13.—All Paris is talking of the Parliamentary candidature of Vedrines, the popular aviator, who is wooing the constituency of Limux in the south of France, as an independent Socialist.

Vedrines announced to-day that he was certain of 7,000 votes, which would give him a majority. He will begin canvassing in an aeroplane to-day, dropping from the machine copies of his electoral address, in which he says he is a national defence candidate, and contends that what is needed in the Chamber is a practical airman in order to give advice on the administration of the national aviatin fund now being raised in France.

THE LATE MRS. MARY DOW.

At the last meeting of the Board of Management of the Protestant Hospital for the Insane the following resolution was passed: 'Resolved, That the members of the Board of Management of the Protestant Hospital for the Insane desire to record in their minutes their deep sense of the loss sustained by Montreal in the death of Miss Mary Dow. They recall with gratitude the ready and generous help she gave to so many of the educational and philanthropic institution of the city, and very specially the warm interest she took in this Hospital, and the kindly assistance she so liberally extended. The members unite in warm sympathy with her sisters and other relatives and friends.'

The Witness' Daily Fashion Hint.

PHOTOS BY FEDER

FOR THE SPRING SEASON.

The hat with long black velvet streamers, gives distinction and style to the simple lingerie frock. The outing hat of soft Panama, draped with blue silk and crochet lace, is breezy, and summery in suggestion. More formal is the 'cardinal' hat, suggesting an ecclesiastical shape and really cardinal red in color, with a feather and velvet ornament in front.

QUIET BUT BUSY DAY IN QUEBEC

Many Important Bills Read for Third Time including 'One Man One Vote.

Quebec, March 13.— By a vote of 54 to 9 the resolutions of the Hon. Mr. Caron to authorize the Government to contribute to the payment of interest and to pay the sinking fund of amounts borrowed by municipalities for the improvement of their roads were read the third time in the Legislative Assembly yesterday afternoon after an amendment proposed by the Opposition had been defeated The Hon. Mr. Caron then presented a bill based on the resolutions, which was read the first time.

With but little discussion the Hon. Mr. Mackenzie's bill to amend the Quebec Succession Duties Act was passed in Committee of the Whole and read the third time.

The House then took up the resolutions concerning the salaries of the Civil Service in Committee of the Whole, which were passed and read the third time.

The 'One Man One Vote' bill was taken up in third reading and after being studied for some time was reported with progress.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

In the Legislative Council yesterday three Government Bills were presented and read the first time, they were the Redistribution Bill, the bill concerning the sale of lots, and the bill authorizing the Government to spend a half a million dollars in a period of five years to abolish toll roads and bridges in the Province of Quebec.

The Private Bills read the first and the second time and referred to the various committees to which they belong were as follows:

North Eastern Railway Co.; the Seers Succession; Brownville Board Co.; the Town of Magog; the Town of La Tuque; J. A. Bilodeau.

The Bill creating a Roads Department and that increasing the pensions of school teachers were read the second and third time in the Upper House.

MACVICAR MEMORIAL CHURCH.

To-night a congregational meeting will be held in the Macvicar Memorial church to give effect to the permission granted the trustees of the church by the Montreal Presbytery to erect a new church. To-morrow evening the church holds its annual tea and concert, while on Friday night preparatory service will be conducted by the Rev. W. C. McLeod, of Outremont.

INCREASED WAGES.

Thousands of Cotton Operators Granted an Advance.

Purely on their own initiative it is said the Dominion Textile Company are considering an advance in wages to several thousand hands in Montreal and other parts of Quebec Province.

Some time ago wages were reduced 10 percent owing to dulness of trade. Discontent followed, culminating in several strikes. Readjustment in pay took place which makes the advance contemplated a difficult step. The increase, it is said, will be between five and ten percent.

MISS PANKHURST.

London Police Still Engaged in Hunt for Hiding Suffragette.

London, March 13.—Scotland Yard was informed late last night that Christabel Pankhurst, who is wanted on a conspiracy charge in connection with the work of the Women's Social and Political Union, in causing recent window smashing, is taking refuge at the residence of a solicitor named Yates at Wimbledon. Word was telephoned to the local inspector at that place to make inquiries. He called at the house and was received courteously by Mr. and Mrs. Yates. They refused to say whether Miss Pankhurst was in the house and would not allow a search without a warrant. The police are now watching the house.

MACDONALD NOTES.

The Recreation Club played the students in a game of hockey on Saturday afternoon resulting in a score of 4 to 0 in favor of the students.

Basketball was played between the seniors and freshmen on Saturday afternoon. The seniors' year won by a score of 27 to 11. This leaves the seniors to play off for championship in the inter-class games.

Mr J. E. Pyke, of Rougemont, Que., has registered for a special course in poultry-keeping.

Mr. Newman, secretary-treasurer of the Canadian Seedgrowers' Association, was the guest of Professor Klinck last week. Mr. Newman gave a course of lectures on seed breeding and seed improvement.

Mr. McNeil, chief of the fruit division, of Ottawa, addressed the Horticultural Club on Monday evening on 'The pruning of fruit trees.'

Miss Susie Hill was the guest of Miss Laura Woodley for the week end.

The Rev. William Main, chairman of the school board, Edinburgh, Scotland, accompanied by Mr. Williamson, of Montreal, visited the college on Friday last.

Miss Catharine Barron and Mr. Sydney Barron, of Montreal, were the guests of Dr. and Mrs. McFarlane on Friday.

Mrs. Ferries, of Buckingham, is visiting her daughter, Mrs Kneeland, of Macdonald College.

Miss Amy Dresser, of Richmond, Que., spent the week end with her sister, Miss Alice Dresser, of Model Class A.

Mrs. O'Neil, of Denver, Colo., is the guest of Mrs. Lynde.

Mayor Chisholm, of Halifax, N.S., spent the week end with his daughters, the Misses Chisholm, School of Household Science.

Mr. Eric Ford, of the Presbyterian College, Montreal, was the week-end guest of his brother, Mr. Ford, '13.

The Section C. Literary Society held their fortnightly debate on Tuesday evening last. The programme consisted of a French reading by Mr. Tremblay, and a debate: Resolved: That Wordsworth is a greater poet than Tennyson. The affirmative was upheld by Miss Wilkinson and Miss Riddell, and the negative by Mr. Latham and Miss Partington. The judges were Miss Sinclair and Dr. Brittain. Miss Sinclair reported that the affirmative had won.

An organ recital will be given by Dr. H. C. Perrin, director of the McGill University Conservatorium, in the assembly hall next Saturday afternoon at three o'clock.

The spring short course in household science opens March 25. Applications are now being received.

SOUTH SHORE DRAMATISTS.

For weeks past the young people of Montreal South have been hard at work preparing for a dramatic entertainment which they will give on Friday evening of this week in the Montreal South Model School Hall. The entertainment is entitled, A Singing School of Ye Olden Time,' and will be presented by the members of the Epworth League in connection with the Methodist Church. Indications point to the efforts of the amateur dramatists being rewarded by a full house. The chair will be taken at 8 o'clock by the Rev. T. Armstrong pastor of the Montreal South Methodist Church.

RESOLUTION OF REGRET.

The Board of Management of the Protestant Hospital for the Insane has passed the following resolution:—'Resolved that the members of the Board of Management of the Protestant Hospital for the Insane desire to record in their minutes their deep sense of the loss sustained by Montreal in the death of Miss Mary Dow. They recall with gratitude the ready and generous help she gave to so many of the educational and philanthropic institutions of the city, and very specially the warm interest she took in this hospital, and the kindly assistance she so liberally extended. The members unite in warm sympathy with her sisters and other relatives and friends.'

TOO MUCH LAW-MAKING

Mr. Warwick Chipman Thinks Women Should Choose the Better Part and Not Want to Vote

The series of Tuesday evening legal lectures being given under the auspices of the Local Council of Women are well attended, the lecture room at the Royal Victoria College being quite filled last evening with an audience composed mostly of ladies, but with a few gentlemen included. Legal discourses are not usually attractive to the laity, but the speakers of the course thus far have proved that a subject can be treated from the legal point of view, and yet so as to be interesting, even entertaining. The speaker of last evening was Mr. Warwick F. Chipman, who lectured on 'Women and Citizenship,' and, while the lecturer of the previous meeting had pronounced strongly in favor of woman suffrage, Mr. Chipman pronounced as decidedly against the change. Not that there was any question as to woman's capacity or fitness, but lest, once she turned her attention to law-making, she might, like men, become imbued with the idea of passing laws for human guidance, and overlook the greater need for cultivation of character and personality.

In beginning, Mr. Chipman said the days had gone by when the subject of women and citizenship could be treated in a flippant manner. The old-fashioned attitude in regard to the limitation of women's activities was passing away. The speaker distinguished between the two kinds of government, that of the municipality and that of the state. In Montreal and some of the provinces, as in many countries, women have a share in municipal government, in Great Britain a very large share. It was argued, said the speaker, that if women have the municipal vote, why not the parliamentary vote, but the difference, he held, was one of kind, not of degree, municipal government being for the management of local affairs, state government for regulating citizenship.

Mr. Chipman gave some interesting quotations from legal records showing that in the time of Elizabeth women had a voice in the nomination of members to represent boroughs. He recalled that in Canada, in 1888, Sir John A. Macdonald had brought in a bill to give women voting rights under certain qualifications, the only other speaker being Mr. Blake, leader of the Opposition, who criticised one or two points in the bill, but not the principle of it. The bill was withdrawn on second reading, as too narrow. Mr. Chipman mentioned the countries in which the suffrage has been granted to women. Touching on the history of the suffrage movement, he said the idea was not a new one. Aristophanes and Erasmus scoffed at it, the latter very gently, and Plato advocated it in his 'Republic.'

'I can't help thinking,' said Mr. Chipman, in conclusion, 'that if the subject has been so long mooted and so vainly, it is because the great majority of women themselves do not want it,' and he went on bravely to express the hope that they would continue not to want it. He criticised the present tendency as being to propose laws on every subject, and to constantly exhort state interference. He feared that if women had the vote, the result would be to multiply the mass of laws. Political institutions were not the highest work of humanity. With men immersed in politics it needed that the 'other half' should take other work. If women became engulfed in law-making, it would be to shut their eyes to the development of personality and the training of character

An interesting discussion followed. One idea expressed was that the fact of a woman being allowed no voice in the government militated against her influence in the training of her boys, who realized that they had, or would have, a power with which she was not entrusted.

Mrs. W. G. MacNaughton acted as chairman, and a cordial vote of thanks to the lecturer was moved by Miss Derick.

The Royal Isle of Wight Agricultural Society, of which the King is patron, has elected Colonel H. Gore-Browne V.C., as president in succession to Mr. Douglas B. Hall, M.P.

Photo, Underwood and Underwood.

THE COUNTESS OF WARWICK.

For some years the Countess of Warwick, who lectures in Montreal next week, has been identified with various public movements. Her championship of socialism has taken her on to the lecture platform frequently, and she also lectures on other topics. In England she is one of the Poor Law Guardians; is a member of the Social Democratic Federation, and is president of the Essex Needlework Guild and other societies. Lady Warwick is founder of a college, Studley Castle, Warwickshire, for training daughters of professional men in horticulture, dairy work, poultry and bee-keeping, etc. She founded on the Essex estate a technical school for boys and girls in rural districts of Essex, and at Warwick founded a home for seventeen crippled children, admitted free for an unlimited stay. The Countess was born on Dec. 10, 1861, daughter of Col. the Hon. C. H. Maynard, and was married in 1881 to the fifth Earl of Warwick. They have two sons and two daughters. The Countess is a great reader, and is said to read every important new book. She is an expert horsewoman, and hunts with the Warwickshire and Essex hounds. She owns 23,000 acres. Besides Warwick Castle, and the town residence, Warwick House, London, Lord and Lady Warwick have Easton Lodge, Dunmow, Essex.

The photograph was taken on the arrival of the Countess in New York on March 9.

RICH MANITOBA.

Provincial Treasurer Reports Big Surplus.

Winnipeg, March 13.—The Hon Hugh Armstrong, provincial treasurer, brought down the financial statement in the Legislature yesterday afternoon. Again there is a huge surplus, amounting to $492,426.29, made up of a surplus of $451,363.79 on the consolidated revenue, and $41,063.50 from the sinking fund. This surplus is shown in spite of large deficits in connection with the operation of the telephones and elevators. The estimates for the current year show a proposed expenditure of $5,056,345.74, which includes $2,207,000 on public buildings. The estimated revenue is $2,930,347.06.

The annual report of the telephone commission, which was also submitted to the Legislature, shows a total of 37,160 subscribers in the province. The revenue is $1,280,668.18, made up as follows:—Exchange service, $962,574.82; toll exchange, $302,655.48; real estate rents, $1,243; interest earned, $14,159.88. The total expenditure was $1,072,594.08. The total assets of $9,637,768.26.

The report of the telephone commission, which was also submitted, shows the cost of operation and maintenance for the year $183,900.58, while the revenue was $99,755.35.

The number of bushels of grain handled through Government elevators during the year was 5,051,922. No attempt was made to discuss either the budget or the telephone and elevator reports by members of the Opposition at the session yesterday. T. G. Morris is expected to open the debate on the former subject to-day.

THE 'WITNESS' DAILY PATTERN.

The home dressmaker should keep a little catalogue scrap book of the daily pattern cuts. These will be found very useful to refer to from time to time.

9181.—BOY'S RUSSIAN BLOUSE SUIT.

This jaunty Russian model was made of dark blue serge with stitching for a finish. The special feature of this style is the 'body and sleeve in one,' but it has a shoulder seam that extends over the sleeve to the cuff. The design is a simple one and is appropriate for all suitings. The pattern is cut in three sizes: 2, 4 and 6 years. It requires 3 3-8 yards of 36-inch material for the 6-year size.

PATTERN COUPON.

Please send the above-mentioned pattern as per directions given below.

No.....

Size .....

Name .....

Address in full:

.....

.....

.....

N.B.—Be sure to cut out the illustration and send with the coupon, carefully filled out. The pattern cannot reach you in less than a week. Price 10 cents each, in cash, postal note or stamps. Address: 'Witness' Pattern Department. 'Witness' Block, Montreal.

ROYAL BAKING-POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Makes Home Baking Easy

No other aid to the housewife is so great, no other agent so useful and certain in making delicious, wholesome foods

The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

No Alum No Lime Phosphates

YOU

will derive good satisfaction and pleasure in sending a nice Shamrock next Friday or Saturday to your business as well as social friends—to the office or home—the Shamrock brings a message of friendliness.

Fine plants, 50c and 75c, delivered in the city.

HALL & ROBINSON

825 St. Catherine Street West

Tel. Up. 3373

WEDDING PRESENTS! WEDDING PRESENTS!

Spring weddings are sure to come. Finest selection in the city of pictures and framings. See what may be had at

Johnson & Copping

634 ST. CATHERINE STREET WEST

For Window Cleaning

Call, Main 1203

—It is The

New York Window Cleaning Co.

OFFICE: 40 JURORS STREET

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

Notices of births, marriages and deaths, must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Birth notices are inserted for 25c; marriage notices for 50c; death notices for 25c, prepaid. The announcement of funeral appended to death notice, 25c extra; other extensions to obituary, such as short sketch of life, two cents per word extra, except poetry, which is 50c per line extra prepaid.

Annual subscribers, whose names appear on our lists, may have announcements of birth, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verses) occurring in their immediate families, free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should invariably be given.

BIRTHS.

FRASER — At Ste. Anne de Prescott, Ont., on Saturday, March 9, 1912, to Mr. and Mrs. Roderick A. Fraser, a son.

GIBSON — At Lakeside Farm, Massawippi, Que., on March 9, 1912, a son to Mr. and Mrs. James Earl Gibson.

DIED.

EVERETT — At El Oro, Mexico, on Feb. 26, 1912, John Edward Everett, formerly of Lennoxville, Que., in the 42nd year of his age.

HOHS — On March 9, 1912, at Toronto, Agnes E., the beloved wife of Edgar J. Hohs, and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles West.

KIRBY — At Winnipeg, on March 11, 1912, Josephine Bradburn, beloved wife of Halder S. Kirby, M.D., formerly of Ottawa.

HASKETT-SMITH — On Feb. 21, 1912, at Joppa, Midlothian, Catherine Dunsmure, wife of Edmund Lyons Wellesley Haskett-Smith, of 57 Cresswell Road, East Twickenham, Middlesex, England, and eldest daughter of the late James Wilson, chief clerk of the Scottish Fishery Board.

LATTIMORE — In Vancouver, B.C., after a short illness, on March 8, 1912, Rowan Macdonald Lattimore, youngest son of the late Alexander Lattimore, Marshville, Ont., aged 47 years.

LAWSON — On March 10, 1912, at the King Edward Sanitarium, Weston, Ann (Annie) Armstrong, late of 37 Howard street, Toronto, third daughter of the late David Lawson, of the Post-Office Department, Quebec, and Elizabeth Armstrong Lawson.

TAYLOR — On March 9, 1912, at her late residence, Carling avenue, Westboro', Ont., Henrietta Traveller, beloved wife of W. F. Taylor, in her 67th year.

WRAY — At Govan, Sask., on March 8, 1912, Roma, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest G. Wray, aged nine months.

Interment at Govan on March 9th, 1912.

Those sending notices for the above column may send with them a list of names of interested friends, together with a one-cent stamp for each address, and marked copies of the 'Witness' containing the notice will be promptly mailed. For addresses in foreign countries three cents will be required.

TEES & CO.,
Funeral Directors
912 ST. CATHERINE W.
Phone Up 1666.

ESTAB. 1840
Jos. C. WRAY & BRO.
UNDERTAKERS
HEAD OFFICE 290 MOUNTAIN ST.
EAST END 297 ST. DOMINIQUE ST.

GENTLEMEN,
Your Spring Overcoat
SHOULD BE
French Cleaned Now
WE CAN GUARANTEE YOU A PLEASING RESULT.
GOLD MEDALISTS.
British American Dyeing Company
7 Telephones and Offices.

INDIAN MOCCASINS!
10,000 Pairs to choose from, at 'THE WIGWAM,' 134 Peel Street. Are you going abroad? If so, you will be well repaid by paying a visit to 'THE WIGWAM,' 134 Peel Street. A pair of our famous fur-lined **Moccasins** make a most appropriate present.

OPENING.
Saturday, Monday, Tuesday,
SPRING OPENING at
O. LEMIRE CO.,
Cor. St. Denis and St. Catherine

ASHES
Given away Free. Apply Engineer Witness Office. Easy of access.

STEAMSHIP SPECIAL

In connection with the R.M.S. 'Virginian,' from St. John, N.B., Friday, March 15, a steamship special of baggage, first-class coaches, dining and standard sleeping cars, will leave Montreal, Windsor street station, at 8.15 p.m., Thursday, March 14, and run through to the steamer's side in West St. John, N.B.

SUPPOSED DROWNED.

Morrisburg, March 13.— On Monday afternoon, duck hunters ran across an overcoat on the river opposite this place. On making closer examination footmarks were found on the snow leading to the edge. From a letter in the pocket, the garment proved to belong to a young man of this town, Williams Burroughs. He was a dredge runner about 30 years old, employed in Western Ontario in the summer, returning every fall to spend the winter with his widowed mother here. Burroughs is said to have been acting strangely of late. The body has not yet been recovered.

MID-DAY 'LUNCH LECTURE.'

The Council of the Province of Quebec Association of Architects announce that Prof. Jules Poivert, director of the course of architecture at the Ecole Polytechnique, Montreal, will give a lecture at the next mid-day 'Lunch-Lecture,' on Tuesday, March 19th, 1912, at 1 p.m. His subject will be:—'French Apartment Houses.'

BILLY INTRODUCES HUTCH BEAZELY.

(By Wm. H. Hamby, in 'C. E. World.')
(Concluded.)

One evening, when the storm of discontent and opposition had grown unendurable, the Professor put on his coat and hat, and walked across the bridge toward Billy Houck's. Billy's farm, four hundred acres of the best land in the valley, lay just across the creek from town; the house was a half-mile from the bridge.

It was a raw February evening, and Billy's warm fire and easy chair felt comforting to the weary teacher. But no cheer could lift the gloom that oppressed him like a close fog. For three weeks he had walked in the shadow of defeat, the apples of promise crumbling in his hands to ashes of disappointment.

His head rested in a tired way against the back of the chair, and he gazed abstractedly at the fire. He had scarcely spoken since he entered. Billy waited in sympathetic silence for him to speak. He was amazed to see how the young man had thinned and aged in the three weeks. There was pallor in his cheeks, and the fighting lines about his mouth foretold coming bitterness. Billy swallowed a little uncomfortably as he though how much it meant to him. He was so young and full of warm-hearted dreams that defeat meant the blotting out of the whole future, at least for a time. Perhaps he would get over it; but all that fine enthusiasm, that precious faith in the common goodness and justice of his fellow men, would be gone.

Besides, dismissal now would blight his reputation for years. Then, too, he was depending on the salary of the last three months of school to take him to a summer school. And the girl. Neither Myra Bentley nor he knew how much they meant to each other. If he went away in silence, as he surely would if defeated, how many, many lonely twilight hours would the girl sit by her window with heart aching over what might have been!

The young man straightened up resolutely, his lips tightly shut; but his hand shook a little as he took a paper from his pocket and handed it to Billy.

Without opening it Billy rolled it into a ball, and threw it into the fire. 'Wait,' he said.

'But they have called an indignation meeting for to-morrow evening to demand that the board dismiss me.'

Just a ghost of a smile flecked Billy's face. 'Let 'em meet and demand, but you wait till you're asked to resign.'

'As you think best,' said the Professor, rising to go; and he gripped Billy's hand in a way that expressed things he could not say.

By half-past seven Saturday evening the town hall was packed—every seat occupied and many standing. Buckeye Bridge loved excitement; and, while no one knew exactly who called the meeting or why, it was generally understood that something worth while would happen.

The insurgents had meant it merely as a meeting of protest, but there was no way to keep anybody out; so the friends of the teacher as well as his accusers were there in force; even the Professor himself occupied a front seat.

'So much the better,' growled Hutch Beazely to Moran; 'he'll hear sorethin' that'll do him good.' For Hutch had no idea of allowing this to be a free-for-all discussion of school affairs. The programme was all cut and dried. Dud Bartlett should call the meeting to order, and announce that as one of the directors he was ready to hear complaints against the principal of the school. Then the complainants in the following order should arise and state their case: Widow Jessup, Bob Moran, Tom Davis, Mrs. Hackett, Lafe Dawson, Judge Harker, and last Hutch Beazely, after which the meeting should immediately adjourn and all gather around Director Barton and insist that the principal be immediately dismissed.

There was visible surprise and uneasiness among the enemy when Billy Houck walked in. He said, 'Howdy?' to a few fellows near the door, and glanced casually over the crowd. On a front seat near the corner of the room sat Professor Barnes. It hurt to see the droop in his shoulders and the look on his face. Half-way across the room was Myra Bentley, and Billy saw her steal a covert glance at the Professor, a look of anxiety and yearning tenderness. She was pale too, and her lips were pressed together until they were bloodless. Then in the other corner he saw Hutch Beazely in close conversation with Dud Bartlett, and for the first time in twenty years Billy had to exhaust his supply of self-control to keep his coat on.

Billy turned and spoke a few words to Windy Jim Davis, who hurried away, and returned, in a few minutes with a cloth blackboard from the primary room of the school. This was hung at the front of the room where everybody could see.

Then just as Dud Bartlett, after violent urging by Hutch, started to get up, Billy deliberately arose and rapped for order.

'Ladies and gentlemen,' he said in his even, comfortable drawl, and then paused as he squinted his left eye thoughtfully at the audience. Instantly there was perfect quiet; for, as Windy Jim often remarked, 'Billy can't make a speech, but he can make 'em listen to beat any wind-jammer that ever busted the flag.'

'There seems to be considerable misunderstandin',' began Billy, 'about the purpose of this meetin'. While it is true that school matters is to be discussed, our main object here to-night is to do honor to our most distinguished fellow citizen.' The people exchanged glances of surprise.

'This fellow citizen is noted for his wisdom and his willingness. Alongside of him Solomon would look like a natural-born idiot; and there ain't anything he won't do to help people managed their affairs. He could fix the tariff, abolish the national banks, and dispose of the Philippines before breakfast. In the forenoon he could dig the canal, regulate the railways, and bust all the trusts; and have all the afternoon to rest and give advice.' The crowd grinned, nudged, and settled themselves for something good.

'But the debt the neighborhood owes him is for understandin' all its difficulties, and runnin' all its affairs. There ain't nothin' from pickin' a goose to buildin' a mill-dam that he don't explain how it ought to be done. But havin' to run around from neighbor to neighbor to scatter his information is hard on him, and takes time from his work; so we've assembled ourselves together to honor him, and at the same time give him a chance to settle some important matters on which we are in doubt.

'In order to get at it systematic, we've made out a programme which we'll explain, and then ask him to take up the subjects as they come.'

Billy went to the wall, and turned the blackboard. The audience leaned forward to see, and gasped at what they read.

'The first subject you notice,' resumed Billy, picking up a pointer, is "The Widow Jessup's Boy." Now this wise man spends about two weeks every year tellin' the neighbors how the Widow Jessup ought to raise her boy. He says she calls him her darlin' pet when he's a big, awkward six-footer that robs birds' nests, steals water melons, ties cans to dogs' tails, and shoots craps. This wise fellow has often said to neighbor Stewart that he wished he had that pumpkin-headed tough for a few weeks; he'd show his mother how to raise him. So, as we happen to have the widow Jessup with us to-night, we'll let our knowin' fellow citizen tell her how to raise Jim.'

One over in one corner tittered; in another corner one snickered; and then the whole crowd broke into a laugh.

'The second subject'—Billy pointed to the board—'is Bob Moran. For several years our distinguished neighbor has been wasting time trying to convince the community that Bob is stingy, too stingy to live. He told me last April that Bob was so stingy he'd skin a flea for its hide and tallow. Since we are all together he can explain more fully just what sort of fellow Bob is.'

There was another laugh. The audience was now in thorough good humor and ready for anything that should come.

'Tom Davis comes next. When Tom bought that bunch of cattle, this understandin' neighbor remarked to Bill Goins that now everybody would see what he had always said was so, Tom Davis didn't have sense enough to come in out of the rain. We'll let this generous wise one give Tom a few lessons to-night. It will save the neighbors havin' to take them to him second-handed.

'And we want him to tell you something about Mrs. Hackett. It has been mighty hard on him tryin' to get the neighbors to see what a meddlesome busybody Mrs. Hackett is. He even suggested to Jim Dowell that she ought to be run out of the community; said her clack was worse than the cluck of a waggon that hadn't been greased. And he told Mrs. Williams that Mrs. Hackett's children ought to be sent to an orphan asylum where they would get some raisin'.

'And Lafe Dawson is on the programme, too, because accordin' to our distinguished friend of wisdom any feller that runs his farm like Lafe does ain't got any sense at all. As there happens to be four or five here who never heard him explain Lafe's weak spots, his sins, and short-comin's, we'll ask him to touch up Lafe particular.'

Again the audience laughed, stamped their feet, and pounded the backs of the seats.

'Then Judge Harker comes next. This man of information we been alludin' to knowed for sure the Judge wouldn't be, couldn't be, and oughtn't to be elected. Told Postmaster Smith that Harker wasn't qualified, and told Mason that Harker was not nominated legally. And after the Judge was elected, the knowin' one give Windy Jim the wink, and said he could explain exactly how it was done if he'd a mind to. There bein' several prospective candidates present, we'll ask him to explain to them and the Judge just how it was done.'

When the audience had recovered from the enjoyment of the Judge's face, Billy resumed:

'And last, ladies and gentlemen, we want this fellow to tell the board and the Professor here how to run a school. The Professor spent only four years in the high school and four more in the State Normal learnin' how to teach; and, while all the children thought he was the finest teacher they ever saw, and the county commissioner said we have the best school in the county, and, while everything was just goin' fine, this fellow who knows it all, but says he takes no stock in book-larnin'—never has, sees all of a sudden how things orter go, and has been puttin' in valuable time ever since educatin' the district on how the Professor ought to do it.

'And, as I said before, all bein' together to save time and worry on this knowin' critter's part, we'll now let him take the floor and go through the programme.

'Ladies and gentlemen,'—the audience held their breath,—'allow me to introduce the Honorable Hutch Beazely.'

The crowd went wild; they yelled and roared and stamped and laughed, and pounded one another on the back, and laughed again.

When Billy finally secured order, Hutch was on his feet, his mouth opening and shutting like that of a fish that has just been landed, his face apoplectic.

'Friends,' announced Billy with the ghost of a smile, 'on behalf of Mr. Beazely, who declines to make a speech, I invite you to make yourselves comfortable a little while. Oysters and ice cream will be served to all in the lodge room upstairs in a few minutes; it's his treat, you know.'

As Beazely escaped through the door, Billy squinted his left eye quizzically. 'Stay, anyway; if he don't pay for the treat, I will. And, while we wait, let's come forward and congratulate Professor Barnes on givin' us the best school we ever had.'

They came with a hearty good will; and, as the jolly crowd jostled one another, Billy felt a soft, cool hand slipped into his. He looked down with a smile into the radiant face of Myra Bentley.

'I think, Myra,' he said with a light in his eye, 'we better keep the Professor another year. Don't you?'

A WEAK, ACHING BACK CAUSED HER MUCH MISERY

Could Not Work and Had No Ambition For Anything.

Those who have never been troubled with kidney trouble do not know the suffering and misery which those afflicted undergo.

Weak, lame or aching back comes from the kidneys, and when the kidneys are out of order the whole system becomes deranged.

Doan's Kidney Pills are a specific for all kidney troubles.

Mrs. W. R. Hodge, Fielding, Sask., writes:—"A few lines highly recommending Doan's Kidney Pills. For this last year I have been troubled very much with nasty sick headaches, and a weak, aching back which caused me much misery, for I could not work and had no ambition for anything. My kidneys were very badly out of order, and kept me from sleeping at nights. I tried many kinds of pills and medicines but it seemed almost in vain. I began to give up in despair of ever being well and strong again, when a kind neighbor advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills, which I did, and am thankful for the relief I obtained from them, for now I am never in trouble with a sore, back or sick headaches. I will always say Doan's Kidney Pills for mine, and can highly recommend them to any sufferers."

Price 50 cents per box, or 3 boxes for $1.25, at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

When ordering direct specify "Doan's."

WHAT SAITH THE SCRIPTURE?

March 13.

The Lord is good; his mercy is everlasting; and his truth endureth to all generations.—Psa. c., 5.

Wide as the world is thy command,
Vast as eternity thy love;
Firm as a rock thy truth must stand,
When rolling years shall cease to move.

Serve the Lord with gladness.—Psa. c., 2.

"BED-TIME STORIES"

TWO LITTLE BOYS.

Little Don't-Know-Where-It-Is,
Lost most everything that's his;
Lost his ball and lost his bat,
Can't tell where he put his hat;
Had a top the other day,
But it's gone the self-same way;
Left his football on the lawn,
Wants it now, but now it's gone;
Thought he brought in all his toys
After playing with the boys.
But he's hunted high and low,
Where they are he doesn't know;
Had some skates and knows right where
They should be, but they're not there.
My, what many woes are his—
Little Don't-Know-Where-It-Is.

Little Puts-His-Things-Away
Has no trouble, night or day;
Knows right where to go and look
For his cap upon the hook;
Toys are brought inside and then
He can find them all again;
Has a little attic space
Where his playthings are in place;
Always puts his things away
When he comes in from his play;
Always knows just where to look
For his not-quite-finished book;
When the ice comes, never waits
Half a day to find his skates;
He gains many an hour of play—
Little Puts-His-Things-Away!

—James W. Foley.

NARCISSUS.

'Here, chick, chick!' called Harry, opening the gate of his poultry-yard.

He had just traded off a small colony of rabbits for half a dozen fowls, and he was very proud of them; for they were beautiful birds, especially Narcissus, the handsome rooster.

He really shone in the sunlight as he came hopping out, with his scarlet comb, green tail, and navy-blue wings and breast. But I thing his pretty head must hold a very small brain.

As soon as Harry let him out for exercise, he stalked straight to the cellar window and gave it a savage peck. Then he stopped to crow, and then rushed at it again, fiercer than ever.

You see, he thought that his own reflection in the glass was another bird, and he wanted to fight with it.

And so he could not take a stroll in the green grass, nor scratch in the flower beds, nor even peck at the grasshoppers and beetles that the hens made such a fuss about. He only fought his own shadow till it was time for him to be shut up again.

I think his brain must be very small indeed.—'The Companion.'

WHEN MOTHER GOES AWAY.

Say Bobby to his mother,
'I'll be good as I can.'
'I know you will, Bobby;
You're mother's little man.'
BUT—
His mother then takes every match from the box,
The door of the pantry securely she locks;
Puts the hammer and tacks, and the scissors and ink
In the best hiding places of which she can think;
And wonders at last as her hat she pins on,
What mischief her Bobby will do while she's gone.

—Clara Odell Lyon, in St. Nicholas.

MISSING RELATIVES

(Letters of inquiry and answers to inquiries should be addressed to 'Lloyd's Weekly, London, Eng.)

Bosman (Rupert) last heard of Blind River, Ontario, 1906. Brother Victor asks.

Dunipace (Elizabeth) née Healy, formerly of Gosport, was living North Motherwell, N.B., four years ago; husband was employed in the mines. Mother, who is ill, and sister ask.

Mills (Beatrice), née Barker, was living in Ontario four years ago. Son Edward asks.

Moran, or Joyce (Joseph and Henry), left Scotland for Dr. Barnardo's Home, Toronto or Montreal, 1890; went to United States five years later. Cousin asks.

Owen (Charles Henry) left Woolwich in 1903; wrote from Desbarato Hotel, Algoma District, Ontario, three and a half years ago. Brother William asks.

Tuffin (Charles), native of Fontmell Magna, Shaftesbury, went to Canada 1886. Sister Eliza asks.

Walker (Arthur Chas.), left Oban-street, Poplar, two and a half years ago; wrote from Niagara Falls, Christmas, 1910. Father asks.

Winter (Alfred Augustus and Theodore Wallis) were living Coboconk, Ontario, fourteen years ago. Nephew asks.

Wright (Albert Charles), bricklayer, late of Fulham, was living at Winnipeg in 1909; may be working on Grand Trunk Railway, from Edmonton westwards. Brother Joseph asks.

DOMINION ALLIANCE.

Annual Convention Will Open on Friday Morning.

The annual convention of the Dominion Alliance will open at 10 o'clock on Friday morning in St. James Methodist Church, when the president's address will be delivered by ex-Ald. S. J. Carter, after which the annual report will be presented. At the afternoon session, after the election of officers and committees, an address on 'The Provincial Situation' will be given by Mr. John H. Roberts. The day will conclude with Mr. Clinton Howard's lecture in the evening:—'A Joy Ride on the Water Waggon.'

In Dread of Croup

The inexperienced mother is always in dread of croup. There is seldom any warning until the child awakens at midnight with the hard, metallic cough and gasps frantically for breath.

There is no time to send for a doctor, no time to go to the drug store, even; relief must be obtained at once. If you are not so fortunate as to have Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine in the house, cause the child to vomit with a spoonful of warm lard or by tickling the throat with the finger.

Then get Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine so as to prevent the more serious attack which usually comes the second night. This treatment is wonderfully effective for croup, bronchitis and colds in the throat or chest. Mothers who make a practice of always keeping it in the house find that they can depend on it in case of emergency.

"Do you mean that girl with the spots on her face?"

Overheard in a Street-Car. There's a lesson right there!

Little blemishes of complexion, small sores, eruptions, spots, are not only unpleasant to the person afflicted, but are the first thing noticed by other people.

A little Zam-Buk applied at night to spots, eruptions, sores of any kind will do wonders.

Zam-Buk is not a greasy preparation which will go rancid on your dressing table. It is made from healing, herbal extracts and essences. Always pure, fresh and ready for use. Doesn't lose its power. Keeps indefinitely. Healing, soothing and antiseptic all the time. Try it!

50c. box all druggists and stores.

Zam-Buk

Local Wholesale Depot, 144 Craig St. West.

Montreal 'Daily Witness,' March 13, 1912.

ROOSEVELT AND PANAMA CANAL

Canadian Club of New York Hears Interesting Address

MR. J. F. WALLACE SPOKE.

Was First Engineer of the 'Big Ditch,' and Had Many New Things to Say.

New York, March 13.—Before several hundred members of the Canadian Club who assembled at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel last night for an informal smoker, John F. Wallace, the first engineer of the new Panama canal, paid his respects to William Nelson Cromwell, and, by indirection, to ex-President Roosevelt, in no uncertain terms. Of Mr. Cromwell the speaker said that he was the Bunty who pulled the strings of the Roosevelt administration in all affairs pertaining to the canal.

Mr. Wallace characterized the inaction of the United States in the matter of Colombia's claim for reparation for fomenting the Panama revolution and the seizure of the canal zone, 'as the blackest stain on this country's history.'

'Until we take off our hat,' he declared, and apologize to that government, we have no right to pride ourselves on our achievements in the canal zone.'

Mr. Wallace is now chairman of the Westinghouse, Church, Kerr Company. He prefaced his remarks by saying that he was going to talk on canal matters confidentially, and for the first time in six years. He was evidently laboring under the impression that there were no reporters present, but when approached by the reporters of several papers afterward, he said that he would stand by all he had said. His address proved the principal feature of the evening, and was interrupted by frequent applause when he criticized the actions of the Roosevelt administration.

BUSY THIEVES.

Toronto Suburb Has Lively Time Watching Possessions.

Toronto, March 13. — Notwithstanding attempts made by the county police to apprehend the offenders, a gang of thieves continue to annoy the residents of the Humber Bay district, Toronto's western suburb. During the past few months houses have been entered, hotels robbed, pedestrians held up, as well as various other forms of depredations committed.

Some time during the early hours of yesterday morning, three cords of wood were stolen from Newton's Hotel. Not long ago a side of beef and nearly a hundred pounds of butter were taken from this hotel; also coats, harness and other articles. The Humber Beach Hotel, opposite was entered and a large quantity of liquor stolen. The patience of the residents is exhausted, and an appeal will be made to have the provincial police investigate.

NAVAL ESTIMATES.

London, March 13. — The estimated expenditure on the British navy during the coming year, according to the report of the overnment laid on the table of the House of Commons yesterday afternoon, is $220,427,000, a decrease of $1,535,500 on the amount spent last year.

The estimates for the current year are disappointing, as there were expectations of a large reduction. That this amount may be considerably exceeded in indicated by Mr. Churchill's statement that the estimates were framed on the assumption that the existing programmes of the other naval powers would not be increased. In the event of such increase supplementary estimates would be necessary.

The new construction includes four large armored ships eight light armored cruisers, twenty destroyers and a number of submarines. The personnel will be increased by two thousand men. On April 1 there will be under construction ten battleships, six cruisers, eight second class protected cruisers, 31 destroyers and 15 submarines.

PAY MORE FOR PENSION.

The deduction from the salaries of the members of the Montreal Police Force for the Police Pension and Benevolent Fund, will be increased by from 4 to 6 percent, in accordance with a decision of the members last night. This increase in percentage along with the increase in salaries will add $18,000 a year to the funds of the Association.

GETTING RID OF SMALL CARS

M.S.R. Say They are Reducing Them at Rate of Fifty a Year.

When asked to state why they had not followed out the recommendations of the Public Utilities Commission made some time ago, that they do away with the single truck cars, the Montreal Tramways Company replied yesterday that all the single truck cars were being supplanted by the double truck cars as fast as possible. They were eliminating them at the rate of fifty per year, the fifty removed last year having been replaced with thirty P.A.Y.E. cars. Fifty was the number per year ordered to be removed by the commission.

A report having been made to the commission that in certain cases the drop fenders were higher from the roadway than ordered by the commission, an explanation was made to the effect that the inspector who made the report had measured the fenders in the barns. In winter the conditions were different to those in summer, and an allowance had to be made. The company informed the commissioners that the order regarding emergency brakes on all cars, had been complied with.

IN DOCTOR'S MEMORY.

Oil Portrait and Illuminated Biography of Late Dr. Robillard Presented to Chateau de Ramezay.

An old portrait and illuminated autobiography of the late Dr. Robillard has been presented to the Chateau de Ramezay by Dr. E. G. du Mazuel the New York consulting engineer.

Dr. Robillard, who died a year ago at his residence on Sherbrooke Street West, was the dean of the physicians and surgeons of Canada, being the first to go to Europe to complete his studies. He filled the Government position of chief medical inspector of the insane and of immigrants, and was for a number of years chief surgeon during the construction of the Grand Trunk and the New York and Erie Railroads. He was also mayor of Pointe Claire, and warden of the county of Jacques Cartier, and a governor, registrar and examiner of the College of Physicians and Surgeons in Canada, and one of the first governors of Bishop's College.

Dr. Robillard was vice-president of the Canadian Medical Association of the Province of Quebec and received high honorary degrees from many Canadian and American universities.

THE SUPREME COURT.

Ottawa, Ont., March 13.—In the Supreme Court yesterday the appeals which came up together from the judgments of the Exchequer Court, Quebec Admiralty district, in the cases of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company plaintiff, verses the steamship Kronprinz Olav, defendant, and of the steamship 'Montcalm', defendant, against Johan Bryde, plaintiff, were heard. The actions were taken for damages caused by the collision of these two large steamers in the mid-channel of the St. Lawrence River at Channel Patch Shoals, north of St. Jean Port Joli, which occurred about 5 o'clock in the morning on the day of the 24th of September, 1910. The 'Montcalm' was proceeding up the river with the young flood, and ladon while the 'Kronprinz' was coming down in ballast and against the flood, both vessels at about the same speed There is no complaint as to lights, but each vessel charges the other with failure to observe narrow channel rules of navigation at a point where there was a bend in the channel.

The cases were tried together by Mr. Justice Dunlop, local judge in Admiralty, with a nautical assessor, and both actions were disposed of by the judgment rendered on the 13th June last which held both ships in fault, condemned each to pay $2,000 being one-half of the whole damages suffered by both ships and its own costs. The railway company and the steamship 'Montcalm' was in no way to blame for the collision and should not be condemned to bear any part of the damages or costs. The respondents the 'Kronprinz' Olav and Bryde its owner have given notice of cross-appeal contending that the 'Montcalm' was alone to blame for the collision, and should therefore bear all damages and costs. Holden, for the appellants; Mellish, K. C., and R. O. McMurtry, for respondents.

ENGINEER DEAD.

New York, March 13.— Charles Thompson Harvey, who planned the first elevated railway operated in this city, and built the Sault Ste. Marie ship canal, is dead at his home here He was 83 years old.

For many years Mr. Harvey was one of the best known civil engineers in this country. He had a part in practically every big engineering feat during the civil war, and reconstruction periods.

CITY HALL APPOINTMENTS.

The Board of Control yesterday appointed draughtsmen in the roads and water departments at the City Hall the following: — Eugene Paquette, James McIsaac, Frank Dowd, and Theodore Schneider, at a salary of $900 per annum each. These all passed the examinations conducted by the chief engineer. Mayor Lavallee has nominated Mr. Alphonse Mongeau as his secretary.

To get the best of Backache Get a Box of
Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills
Otherwise Backache May get the best of you

Nothing disturbs the human system more than pain whether it be in the form of headache, backache, neuralgia, stomachache or the pains peculiar to women. Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are a standard remedy for pain, and are praised by a great army of men and women who have used them for years.

"A friend was down with LaGrippe and nearly crazed with awful backache. I gave her one Anti-Pain Pill and left another for her to take. They helped her right away, and she says she will never be without them again."
MRS. G. H. WEBB, Austinburg, O.

At all druggists—25 doses 25 cents.
MILES MEDICAL CO., Toronto, Can.

A NAVAL ENGAGEMENT EXPECTED

Failure to Secure Peace May Lead Italy to More Stringent Measures

London, March 13.—For several days it has been rumored in diplomatic circles which are in close touch with Rome that the Italian Government contemplates fresh naval action against various ports in Turkish territory.

Smyrna, certain islands in the Aegean Sea, such as Mityiene and Lemnos, and finally, the Dardanelles themselves, have been mentioned.

A Vienna correspondent now telegraphs that in authoritative circles there it is believed that the intervention of the powers having proved ineffectual, the Italian fleet will probably undertake action against the Dardanelles.

It is supposed that the outer forts of Jedul Bahr and Kum Kaleh will first be bombarded.

The prospects for the Italians are regarded as not unfavorable because their naval artillery is excellent.

It is also considered possible that after silencing the forts Italians troops will be landed to form a base for future operations.

In connection with these reports it is interesting to note that the British Foreign Office has been notified that on March 10 the Turkish Government commenced to lay contact mines for the defence of the straits. It is assumed that this work is now completed.

The official warning adds that the channel marked by buoys will be left and that at least two pilot ships will meet vessels from each direction.

Several prominent citizens have already paid their respects to the new French consul-general, Mr. Bonnet, among whom were the Sheriff of Montreal and Mr. Genin, ex-president of the Union Nationale Francais.

EVERY WOMAN WHO WANTS TO BE WELL

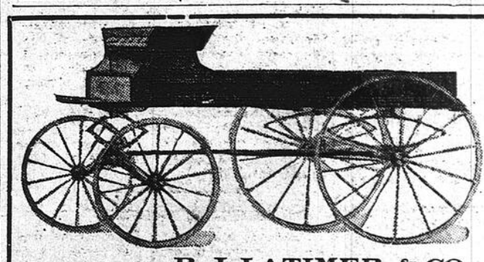
NEEDS GIN PILLS.

No more nervousness—no more weak spells—no more Headaches or Backaches—no more Kidney or Bladder Trouble—for the women who take Gin Pills. Because Gin Pills cure—actually and completely cure—every trace of these troubles.

Port Dufferin, N.S.

'I was troubled with Kidney Disease for several years. My back was weak. I had terrible headaches, and was so restless that I could not sleep at night. At last a friend told me about Gin Pills. I, at once, got a box and after taking them, I felt better after taking three boxes. I was cured.'
ETHEL BALCOMBE.

Don't take substitutes. If your dealer won't supply you, send us the regular retail price—50c. a box, or 6 for $2.50—and we will forward Gin Pills by return mail. Money refunded if Gin Pills fail to give satisfaction. Sample free if you write National Drug & Chemical Company of Canada, Limited, Dept. M. W., Toronto.



EXPRESSES of all kinds, open and covered.
LORRIES that wear like iron, light and strong, as good as the best and far cheaper than others.

R. J. LATIMER & CO.,
445 ST. JAMES ST.

TELEPHONES: Main - - 3196, St. Louis 1092
MOTORS SIGNS LIGHTING FANS

THE UNIVERSAL ELECTRIC ECONOMY CO., Limited
149 Notre Dame Street West
MONTREAL

HOUSE FIXTURES Carefully removed by experienced men.

EDWIN JACKSON, Manager.

REAL ESTATE HAPPENINGS

FARM SALES LEAD AGAIN.

Three sales of vacant land, two being of farms and the third of vacant lots, were registered yesterday. In Notre Dame de Grace, lot No. 86, fronting on the Cote St. Luc road, and having an area of 127 arpents, was sold to James Ross and others by John A. Cameron, for $191,910. Three other farms situated in Sault au Recollet, and bearing the cadastral numbers 24, 32, 35, 36 and 37, and having a superficial area of 60 arpents, were purchased by the Greater Montreal Land Investment Company, Limited, from C. H. Dandurand, for $100,800. Vacant lots in Coincedale Park, Notre Dame de Grace, were sold by Mr. Alex Orsali to Messrs. Latour and Guidon for $100,000.

COTE ST. LUC FARM SOLD.

Jos. Letourneux has sold to J. H. Crevier a farm in Cote St. Luc, with buildings erected upon it, and fronting on the Cote St. Luc road, for $155,400. The property is three arpents in front by a depth of twenty arpents, and hence two arpents in width by a further depth of twenty-six arpents.

Recent Transfers.

ST. CATHERINE STREET.— The National Investment Company has sold to J. Versailles residence No. 918 St. Catherine Street, for $85,000.

WESTMOUNT.—The Sisters of the Congregation of Notre Dame of Montreal have sold to Mrs. Frederick D. Lawrence a property situated at the south-west corner of Sherbrooke Street and Mount Pleasant avenue, Westmount, for $20,000.

ST. DENIS STREET.—Z. Riopel has sold to L. H. Goulet residences No.'s 1228 to 1230A., St. Denis St., for $14,500.

MESSIER STREET.—J. A. Auby has sold to T. Cypihot residences bearing civic No.'s 1216 to 1232, Messier Street, for $12,000.

BOYER STREET.— A. Monast has sold to D. Raymond, property bearing civic No.'s 1812 to 1820, Boyer Street, for $24,600.

RIVIERE DES PRAIRIES—H. L. Auger has sold to X. Charbonneau property fronting on the public road, Riviere des Prairies, for $30,000.

MOLSON AVE.—Miss A. J. Coady has sold to J. L. A. Racine and others lots situated near the corner of Molson and McDonald Avenues, for $16,750.

RACHEL STREET.— George A. Belanger has sold to L. Ceviensky the north-east corner of St. Urbain and Rachel Streets, for $19,000.

VICTORIA AVENUE—John Withell has sold to S. Wittes and others three flats, bearing civic numbers 358, 360 and 362 Victoria avenue, Westmount, for $19,250.

ST. LOUIS SQUARE.—A. Gagnon has sold to Z. Arcand and others residences bearing civic numbers 48 and 50 Laval avenue, and 39 and 41 St. Louis square, for $11,000.

POINTE AUX TREMBLES—R. D. Troismaisons has sold to H. St. Amant and others 180 vacant lots, situated near the corner of Cormier and Stuart avenues, Pointe aux Trembles, for $20,000.

WESTMOUNT—Jas. B. Scott has sold to Mrs. Hugh Kerr, residence No. 463 Lansdowne avenue, Westmount, for $8,500.

ST. CATHERINE STREET.—The Meagher Estate has sold to H. Vipond the south-west corner of St. Catherine and St. Matthew streets for $45,000.

ST. THOMAS STREET—The Montreal Light, Heat & Power Company has sold to A. C. Leslie & Co., Ltd., 31,250 square fet of vacant land near the corner of Seminary and St. Thomas streets, for $31,250.

ST. CATHERINE STREET—W. J. Benallack has sold to C. W. Taylor, residences Nos. 4468 and 4470 St. Catherine stret west, for $12,500. The same property has since been sold by the purchaser to J. Feldman and M. L. Rose for $14,000.

McGILL COLLEGE AVENUE.—W. L. Maltby has sold to Frank E. McKenna Nos 56, 58 and 60 McGill College avenue, for $40,000.

ST. MAURICE STREET—Jos. St. Onge has sold to W. S. Dresser Nos. 129 to 133 St. Maurice street, for $10,000.

ST. PAUL STREET—Arthur D. Rosaire has sold to the Imperial Waste & Metal Company, Nos. 671 to 675 St. Paul street, opposite Haymarket square, for $23,500.

LUMBERMAN DEAD.

New York, March 13.—H P. Wilcox, a young millionnaire lumberman of Hamilton, Ont., died suddenly to-day in his apartment at his hotel on West 49th street. Death resulted from heart failure. His relatives have been notified.

WHEN NOSTRILS ARE PLUGGED YOUR CATARRH IS BAD

BY ACTING QUICKLY TO-DAY YOU CAN AVOID CATARRH AND AVOID BRONCHITIS. PERHAPS CONSUMPTION.

Most Agreeable and Surest Cure is Catarrhozone, Which Cures Every Curable Case.

Catarrhozone proves especially good in those chronic cases where mucous drops down the throat, sickens the stomach, and pollutes the breath. When the nostrils are stuffed, only a few breaths through the inhaler are needed to clear the passages, and where there is coughing and sore bronchial tubes the soothing, healing properties of Catarrhozone act almost as magic.

Once you stop taking medicine into the stomach and get the healing oils and pure balsams of Catarrhozone at work you can be sure of quick and lasting cure for nose colds, catarrh, weak lungs, bronchitis and speaker's sore throat.

13 YEARS OF CATARRH CURED.

"As Catarrhozone has cured me of a Catarrhal Cough and Asthma that tested thirteen years, I feel I can honestly recommend it. I really used all kinds of medicine, but Catarrhozone was the only one that did any real good. I am entirely cured— have no cough, no bad breathing spells, not a sign of a cold or catarrh about me. But I will always occasionally use Catarrhozone,' I prize it so highly." Mrs. E. L. Osgood, Johnson P.O., Ont.'

The complete $1.00 Outfit of Catarrhozone is sufficient for 2 months' treatment, and is guaranteed. Smaller size, 50c., at all dealers, or The Catarrhozone Co., Buffalo, N. Y., and Kingston, Ont.

JURY LOCKED UP ALL NIGHT

Defence in Ross Murder Trial Brings Evidence of Accused's Good Character

The petty jury were locked up all last night. Although it was thought that the trial of John Charles Ross, charged with the murder of Robert Fitzsimmons, in the Orpheum Theatre, would be completed yesterday, As a more witnesses had to be heard for the defence, so the case was adjourned until to-day. Mr. O'Callaghan asked for the adjournment when he had still two more witnesses to produce for the defence ,as he was not feeling well.

Following are the witnesses for the defence heard yesterday afternoon:

William E. Burgess said that the accused's character, as far as he knew, was good. John A. Yeomans, real estate agent, who had office space with Ross in the Orpheum building, for about six weeks, and met the accused every day, said that he was sober, and that he would not have hesitated to have taken him to his home to dinner. Mr. S. Delaronde, manager for the Messrs. Delaronde, Limited, publishers, Ottawa, said that he had known the accused for about two years, and that he was employed as their representative in Montreal, attending to the Orpheum programme, which was one of their publications. His character, as far as he knew, was splendid. He had no cognizance that he intended to go to Ottawa on the night of the 29th, but knew that he was coming to Ottawa about that time. J. H. Alos, conducting a theatrical agency on the second floor of the Orpheum building, said that the character of the accused was all right, but that he was excitable.

John McCarthy on Nov. 29, night watchman at the Orpheum, testified that he knew that a card game was going on, but that he had not remained in the cloak room longer than to light his lantern, and that immediately afterwards he had gone out on to the stage. He did not hear the shot, but came to the cloak room in answer to the shouts that Fitzsimmons had been shot. He did not see Ross. Regarding Fitzsimmons's condition at the time, he said that he had a little liquor in him, that he wasn't sober, and that he wasn't drunk.

Alfred Hirst, hotel clerk at Kastel's, could not recall that the accused had asked him what time the trains departed for Ottawa and had settled his bill.

The court then adjourned till this morning.

CHURCH UNION.

Toronto, March 13.—A new basis of union will have to be drafted before the Methodists and Presbyterians of Canada unite. They are absolutely at variance on the basis which is being so changed over by the Presbyterians that the Methodists cannot recognize it.

This view of the situation is credited to a doctor if divinity of a very high standing in one of the two leading denominations which would be parties to the projected union.

The announcement is also corroborated by the Rev. Dr. Mackay, moderator of the Presbyterian General Assembly to a considerable extent by his statement yesterday that a majority of at least two-thirds would be necessary and probably more than that before the union could be authorized.

North Broadview Presbyterian Church gave a majority of 36 in favor of the principle of union, but gave an almost equally decisive majority of 30 against the basis of which the union is proposed.

An authentic statement made according to the 'World' is that the voting so far indicates a movement in the direction of union, but that the ministry and an influential portion of the membership of the Presbyterian Church have their faces set like steel against the administraion of the basis.

Rhodes Avenue Presbyterian Church voted for church union by a majority of 120 out of a total of 223. The vote on the basis of union was 117 for and 91 against.

Clarenceville, Que., March 12.—The vote of the Quarterly Official Board on church union was as follows:—Number of votes cast, 24; against union, 10; for union, 14; majority for union, 4. The vote of the congregation will be given after next Sunday.

Quebec, March 13.—The congregation of Chalmer's Church Union favored the latter by 94 against 52. A certain number of members declined to vote.

Fort Coulonge, March 13. — The Presbyterian congregations of Waltham and Fort Coulongge have voted on church union with the following result: Waltham, 19 for and 5 against union; Fort Coulonge, 61 for and 37 against. Making a majority of 38 in favor of union.

Coburg, Ont., March 13.—Coburg Presbyterian church, the Rev. Wm. Beattie, pastor, has completed its vote upon church union. The total vote cast was 332; total majority for union, 156. The vote was as follows:

In favor of union—Elders, 10; members, 303; adherents, 31; total, 344.

Against union—Elders, 3; members, 72; adherents, 13; total 88.

The vote cast is a very representative one of the congregation.

The vote by Shawville Methodist Church:—

Official Board—Number qualified to vote, 26; for, 6; against, 6.

Vote of members and adherents—Members over 18, for, 64; against, 38. Members under 18, for, 7; against, 5. Total members for, 71; against 43. Adherents for, 39; against 13. Total for, 110; against, 56.

Total ballot, 166. Five spoiled ballots. Number qualified to vote:—Members over 18, 136; members under 18, 16; total, 152; adherents, 109; grand total, 262.

SUICIDE MYSTERY.

Toronto, March 13.—From some unknown source there arose to-day a re known source there arose to-day a report that the man who had jumped into the Niagara river on the night of March 8 from a freight train crossing the cantiliver bridge was Dr. B. E. Hawkes, who is wanted by the police on a charge for murder.

Since the time of the reported suicide the police officials of Niagara Falls have been searching for the body, but so far their efforts have been fruitless. The report received stated that the missing man was about five feet six inches in height and wore a light overcoat and black cap.

That this man was Dr. Hawkes the police do not believe. Two days after Dr. Hawkes disappeared he was reported having been seen in Minneapolis. From there he is supposed to have doubled back in the direction of Boston; but at the present time his whereabouts are unknown.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, A DESIRABLE RED Sandstone residence, situate on Wood ave., Westmount, 2 flats and basement; 11 rooms, with 3 bathrooms, one of which is tiled. Splendid view of mountain, which will never be obstructed. Lane at side and rear. Side lights on all flats. Hardwood floor and all modern conveniences. Apply to SELLER, Witness' Office.

HOUSES FOR SALE, WESTMOUNT Upper Level; superior new semi-detached house of 9 rooms, two bathrooms, pantry, larder, laundry, etc. Hardwood floors and trim throughout. Fine location. Very reasonable price for such a desirable house. Only $6,000 cash required. Box 25, Witness' Office.

$2,000.00, BRICK-ENCASED HOUSE, 2069 St. Hubert, below De Fleurimont, high stone foundation, rock soil, cellar; lane in rear; ventilated roof; large rooms; w.c.; large lot. Apply to Owner, 22 Park Avenue.

LOTS FOR SALE.

FARM, NO. 233, OF LAPRAIRIE, P.Q., near river front, for sale. Apply, J. W. GOYETTE, Brosseau, P.Q.

55 LOTS FOR SALE IN OUTREMONT, on St. Catherine road, McNider, Nelson, Girouard and Lajoie. 2 Corners, Bernard and Davard, corner Lajoie and Davard, corner Van Horne and Champagneur, Rockland and Davard, cornet Rockland and Van Horne, Coté des Neiges, on Albani street, corner Mount Royal and Dufresne; also, two houses and lots, containing 19,500 ft. of land, on St. Catherine road, corner Sunset avenue. Property on St. Paul street, now tenanted by Hotel du Canada, right in front of Bonsecours market, for sale. Address, B. BEAULIEU, 2436 Park Avenue. Telephone Bell St. Louis 3435.

MILLINERY.

MISS SHAW, 126 MANSFIELD ST., wishes to inform her customers and the public of her Millinery Opening, beginning March 14th and following days. Paris and New York Pattern Hats.

PATENT ATTORNEYS.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

We solicit the business of Manufacturers, Engineers and others who realize the advisability of having their Patent business transacted by Experts. Preliminary advice free. Charges moderate. Our Inventor's Adviser sent upon request. Marion & Marion, Quebec Bank Building, Montreal and Washington, D.C., U.S.A.

PATENTS. FETHERSTONHAUGH & SON, Liverpool & London & Globe Building, 112 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

INVENTIONS PATENTED IN ALL COUNTRIES. OWEN N. EVANS, Merchants Bank Building, Montreal.

GERMANS ANGRY.

Japanese School Books Insult the Fatherland.

Berlin, March 13.— An incident which has received considerable attention in Germany, and may have diplomatic consequences is reported to the 'Frankfurter Zeitung' from Japan.

It is declared that a German school girl attending a public school in Tokio was recently abused as if she were of an outlaw class.' They had just been having a lesson in Japanese modern history, and the teacher had been dilating on the war with China in 1894 at the end of which, according to the text books in use in Japanese schools Germany helped Russia to rob the Japanese of their well-deserved spoils —Port Arthur.

'The day will come,' the history reads, 'when Japan will revenge herself for this humiliation.'

The 'Frankfurter Zeitung' says that such a passage in an official text book was more than enough to cause a German school girl to be maltreated by her fellow-pupils.

The 'Zeitung' recommends that the Japanese Government revise the school books in stricter accordance with historical truth.

EX-CONSUL'S DEATH.

Mr. Gustaf Gylling Represented Norway and Sweden.

The death occurred suddenly at Sidham, Devon, England, of Mr. Gustaf Eric Gylling, until recently a member of the firm of McCaskill & Dougall, of this city. Mr. Gylling was a native of Sweden, but had lived in Canada for over twenty-five years. He was consul for Norway and Sweden at Montreal for fourteen years, and on his retirement was decorated by the King of Sweden. He was for many years a prominent member of the Church of the Messiah. The cause of death was paralysis. The late Mr. Gylling is survived by a widow, who was with him at the time of his death.

THE ENGLISH PLAYERS.

The last performance of 'Nan' will be given by the Horniman players this evening, and to-morrow and Saturday nights 'The Silver Box' will be seen for the last time. 'The Return of the Prodigal' will be Friday's bill, and at the Saturday matinee 'Cupid and the Styx,' preceded by 'Makeshifts,' will be the offering.

Next week, which will be the closing week of the Horniman engagement here, 'Bernard Shaw's 'Man and Superman' will be presented for the entire week, with matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

CANADIAN HOME CIRCLE.

Toronto, March 13.—The twenty-seventh annual session of the Supreme Circle of the Canadian Order of Home Circles opened here yesterday afternoon, Supreme Leader Thomas R. Young, Toronto, presiding. A recommendation from Newmarket Circle in favor of higher rates and fixed assessments will be considered.

A long discussion took place on the advisability of having a blanket bond placed on the treasurers and financial secretaries of the four hundred circles which comprise the order. It was finally decided to send the matter to the management committee to draw up a plan by which this could be accomplished.

Mr. Norman Sommerville, Toronto, supreme solicitor, reported that the new Ontario insurance would enable payment of moneys into courts without the necesity of going before a judge.

RARE BIRD SHOT.

Toronto, March 13. — A magnificent female specimen of the Bird of Washington, the fourth variety of the eagle as described by Alexander Wilson, the great American ornithologist, was shot yesterday morning near the mouth of the Etobicoke River by Geo. Pearce, 889 Queen street west. The bird was beating up against the east wind, and Mr. Pearce took a shot over a rocky mountain sight at about 30 yards, the bird dropping on the ice just inside the water line. The species is very rarely seen in Canada.

FOR SALE.

KINDLING WOOD FOR THE MILLION.—Kindling, $2.00; Cut Hardwood, $3.00; Mill Blocks, $1.75 per load. J. C. MACDIARMID, 402 William street. Tel. M. 452.

SCHLEIDMEYER PARLOR GRAND, fine rosewood case, full compass, metal frame. Very rich tone. Cost $900. Special price, $175. Payable $10 cash and $5 monthly. LAYTON BROS., 550 St. Catherine street West, corner Stanley.

FOR SALE — BARGAINS IN NEW and used pianos, from 25 to 50 percent less than standard price. Call and be convinced. J. H. MULHOLLIN, 786 St. Catherine street West, near Guy. Up 347.

AUCTION SALE AT THE OLD DAWES Farm, East of Lachine Station, Thursday, March 21st, 1912. All kinds of farm implements. Threshing Mill, cost $200; 6 ft. Deering Mower; 5 ft. Deering Mower; 4 ft. 6 in. Buckeye Mower; 5 ft. New Cossitt Reaper; F. & W. Grubber, on wheels; two double Mould Ploughs; one steel Patterson Plough; two Wilkinson Ploughs; Moody Grubbers, Harrows; two Potato Cultivators; Shovel Plough, Feed Boiler; two Horse Forks, Roller, etc. Two Hay Carts, Tomberean Cart, Stone Waggon, Double Bob Sleigh; two Single Trains. Three Clydesdale Mares, one Percheron Mare, Clyde Gelding; Pedigree. On Thursday, March 21st, 1912, at 2 p.m. T. W. FOSTER & SON, Auctioneers. Take electric cars to Dawes Farm Road.

FOR SALE, PIPE ORGAN — A SMALL two-manual Organ, with ten stops, in good condition. Compas; Manuals; 4½ octaves; Pedals, 2½ octaves; hand-blown, but easy action; nicely decorated. For further particulars, and permits to view, address, J. O. RICHARDSON, P.O. Box 2610.

NORDHEIMER UPRIGHT CABINET Grand. Beautiful San Domingo mahogany case; 7 1-3 octaves; splendid tone; as new. Special price, $285. Payable $15 cash and $3 monthly. LAYTON BROS., 550 St. Catherine st., West, corner Stanley.

FOR SALE — PIANO, UPRIGHT, Almost new. Bargain to immediate purchaser. 213 Mountain street, near Dorchester West.

FOR SALE — EXTRA FINE UPRIGHT Piano; must be sold at once. Bargain. 113 Mount Royal West. St. Louis 4679.

FOR SALE, ELECTRIC OR GAS Lighting fixtures, shades; 15 to 50 percent off for this month. Now is the time to fit up that flat. SAYER ELECTRIC (ELECTRIC REPAIRS), 87 Bleury street.

FOR SALE, GOOD WORKING Horses. Apply, 8 Roy Lane, or stable in rear.

TO LET.

HOUSE TO LET OR SELL, 2200 Boyer street, Amherst Park, 6 rooms, gas and water. Rent, $10.00. Apply, E. MADDISON, 51 Mayor street.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT ON Bayle street, near St. Mark, May to September, 4 bedrooms; telephone; rent $40.00 per month. Apply, to C., P.O. Box 2139, Montreal.

TO LET ST. LAMBERT, Victoria Ave., No. 13, 8 rooms, furnace, hot and cold water. Large garden. Apply, 32 Windsor avenue, Westmount, any time Saturday; other days after 5 p.m. Phone West. 3537.

WINNIPEG — FOR RENT, ON Three or five year lease, excellent flat, in Winnipeg; warehouse, first floor of building, 40 x 90 feet; car passes door; only one block from City Hall; large freight elevator; one block from C.P.R. siding; rent only two hundred monthly; possession February first. Apply, MILLER & RICHARD, 123 Princess street, Winnipeg, Man.

The 'Witness' Block

ACCOMMODATION for one or two tenants—offices or shop. Apply to the Manager, 142 St. Peter street.

FLATS TO LET.

BREWSTER AVENUE, Nos. 101 AND 107, St. Henry Ward, Montreal, near Greene avenue, middle flats, very comfortable, 7 rooms, hot water furnaces, open plumbing; galleries; rent $19. JAS. M. MITCHELL, 214 St. James street.

PARK AVENUE, 2536, NEAR BERnard. Twelve flats of six and seven rooms, heated, janitor service; hot water year around, stationary tub, gas and electric fixtures; gas stove, fire grate, medicine cabinet; hardwood floors; immediate possession, or May 1st. Apply, Janitor, Tel. St. Louis 2627, or H. PAIEMENT, 354 Outremont avenue. Tel. St. Louis 265.

PARK AVENUE, 2231 — THREE DEsirable new flats, 3 large rooms, fine locality, up-to-date conveniences; rent $45. Apply T. LEFEBVRE, 1502 St. Denis. Phone St. Louis 155.

PARIS STREET, 134—SEVEN ROOMed flat, hardwood floors; gas and electricity; clothes cupboard; enamel bath; newly renovated. Apply, 134 Paris.

THE MANSFIELD,' HEATED FLAT, 168A Mansfield, near Sherbrooke St.; 7 rooms; $35.00, including water tax. Apply, 309 St. James street.

FLATS TO LET

TO RENT, 8 ROOMED FLATS, 138 Wood avenue, Lower, opposite Arena. Rent $22 per month. Apply, 309 St. James.

THE MANSFIELD,' HEATED FLAT, 168A Mansfield, near Sherbrooke St.; 7 rooms; $35.00, including water tax. Apply, 309 St. James street.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

TO LET, IN THE HAMILTON Apartments, 264 Mackay street, 5 rooms, $25.00; 256, 11 rooms, $50.00. Phone up 4198, No. 2 Kinkora avenue.

APARTMENTS TO LET — ATTRACtive suites in a new apartment house of fireproof construction, The Rigi, corner Prince Arthur street West and Oxenden avenue; now ready for occupation. All modern conveniences, including vacuum cleaner. Apply, to Janitor, or D McCREE, Royal Insurance Building, Tel. M. 1287.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST, LADIES' SMALL GOLD Watch, with enamelled Maple Leaf pendant attached. From Erskine Church, via Sherbrooke, Bishop, St. Catherine and Greene. Reward at No. 1089 Greene, or 'Phone West. 1092.

TORONTO SCHOOLS.

Toronto, March 13.—The Board of Education will ask the City Council to pass estimates for 1912 totalling more than four million dollars.

This amount is the 'irreducible minimum' after the pruning knife has been somewhat ruthlessly used, cutting off $130,000 from the estimates for public and $275,00 from those for high schools.

MORMON MOVE DENIED.

Salt Lake City, Utah, March 13.— Joseph F. Smith, president of the Mormon Church, denied to-day that orders had been sent to the colony of Mormons in Alberta, Canada, for their return to the United States.

'The church has nothing whatever to do with the removal of the colony to the United States,' President Smith said. 'If the colony is moving back it is not by order of any of the church authorities.'

SITUATIONS VACANT.

PAINTING, PAPER - HANGING, TINTing, Plastering, Whitewashing, at reasonable prices. Best of references. A. M. FIELDMAN, 637 Ave. Henri Julien, between Laval avenue and Drolet street.

WANTED, LADY CLERKS for the Receiving office; those speaking French and English preferred. Apply to the BRITISH-AMERICAN DYEING CO., 215 McGill street.

WANTED, GENERAL SERVANT, FOR private family, from West Indies or city. Apply, with references to 418B St. Antoine street, two doors west of Dominion street.

WANTED, INTELLIGENT YOUNG Woman as counter clerk. Must be thoroughly responsible and have good references. Apply, 'Witness' Office.

AGENTS WANTED.

NOTICE TO INSURANCE AGENTS— Wanted, Agents for Plate Glass Insurance Company; good renumeration. Write or call for rating book, COMMERCIAL PLATE GLASS ASSURANCE CO., 701 Quebec Bank Building. Telephone Main 2367.

SEND TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, Silver, for six of our little fountain pens, and get free package of our famous razor sharpener. Live agents wanted. CANADA MAILING CO., St. Stephen, N.B.

TEACHERS WANTED.

TEACHER WANTED, FOR HATLEY Model School for next school year, beginning Sept. 3rd, 1912. Must have diploma, and be a good disciplinarian. Good salary to thoroughly competent teacher. Apply, with testimonials, and stating salary expected, to JOHN P. BOWEN, Secretary-Treasurer, or to the Rev. T. G. DEVITT, Manager, Hatley, Que. Hatley, Feb. 28, 1912.

APPLICATION WILL BE RECEIVED up to March 20, 1912, for the position of Teacher of the Model Department of the Danville Academy, and also for the position of Assistant in the Academy Department of the Danville Academy. Those qualified to teach 'Physical Training' preferred. Applicants please state experience in teaching, salary expected, and enclose testimonials. C. C. BROWN, Secretary-Treasurer, Danville, Que.

TWO PROTESTANT TEACHERS wanted for schools 2 and 3, Harrington, Que., having diplomas; term 6 and 8 months; state salary required; schools to open 1st May, 1912. For further particulars apply to JAMES BENNETT, Secretary-Treasurer, Harrington East, Que.

WANTED — 12 PROTESTANT ELEmentary teachers for schools in the Township of Ascot, opening about May 1st. Term eight months. Salary $25. WM. W. BAKER, Sec.-Treas., Lennoxville, P.Q.

ENTERTAINMENTS GIVEN.

CHARLES COOMBES, THE VENTRILoquist and Shadowgraphy, at liberty for Concerts, Festivals and Parties. Address, SHAW'S MUSIC STORE, or 135 Rozel street, city.

WANTED.

WANTED, COPIES OF 'World Wide' of th following dates: June 12, June 26, 1909. Write to R.A., New P.O. Box 3116, Montreal.

BUSINESS CARDS.

E. WITHERSTONE, PAINTER, PAPERHanger. All kinds of house repairs at reasonable prices. Estimates submitted. 2521 Esplanade avenue, Montreal.

GEORGE R. WILLIAMS, PAINTER, Decorator and Paper Hanger, 15 St. Edward street, Montreal. Estimates. Phone Main 2715.

BOILERS BRICKED IN, FURNACE, 3 ovens; built and repaired; all kinds of brick-laying done at reasonable prices. Best of recommendations. JOHN W. GATES, 854 Lagauchetiere street E.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

WANTED TO PURCHASE ALL CAST-off Clothing, Furniture, Silverware, Plated Ware, Old Gold. Pawn Tickets. Above everybody else's prices paid by MAX FRANK, 15 East Craig St. Tel. East 3067.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$950.00 CASH BUYS 10 SHARES PREference 7 percent stock, and 2 shares common, in Slater Shoe Co. Apply, Box 2, Rivers, Man.

POST CARDS.

25 BEAUTIFUL EASTER POST CARDS, high grade, no two alike, postpaid, 25c. Extra 100 cards given free. DAVIS EMPORIUM, Beebe, Que.

VETERAN LAND GRANTS.

ONTARIO VETERAN GRANTS, LOcated and unlocated, purchased. Highest cash price paid. MULHOLLAND & Co., Toronto.

Subscribers not getting their paper regularly from the carrier boy will confer a favor on the Publishers by notifying us either by 'phone or card. Main 4090. JOHN DOUGALL & SON.

The 'Witness' is on sale, among others, at the following suburban agents :—

ST. LAMBERT.
MISS DAVIS, Post Office.
HECTOR BISSAILLON, St. Denis Street.
J. MAXWELL, Victoria Avenue.

MONTREAL SOUTH.
MR. SLATER, Lafayette Avenue.

LACHINE.
G. A. RANSOM, 370 St. Joseph St.
G. A. RABEAU, 217b St. Joseph St.

MONTREAL WEST.
JOHN COULTER, Westminster Ave.
D. J. MUNROE, Decarie St.

VERDUN.
J. W. MATTHEWS, 255 Church Ave.
MR. WILLIAMS, Galt Ave.

If your dealer does not sell the 'Witness,' notify us and we will see that he is supplied at once.
CIRCULATION DEPT., MAIN 4090.

WANT ADS. For The 'WITNESS.'

MAY BE LEFT WITH

A. T. Chapman, Bookseller, 512 St. Catherine St. West, or with R. Turner, Grocer, Point St. Charles, 801 Wellington Street, West of Subway; J. W. Matthews, 255 Church Avenue, Verdun.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

CASH TARIFF.

Situation Vacant, Situation Wanted, Pupils Wanted, Rooms To Let, Articles Found, Second-Hand Articles Wanted or For Sale.

Property For Sale or To Let.
Other articles For Sale.

20 Words for 10c.

½c for each additional word. Six insertions for the price of four.

NOTICE PARTICULARLY.

Postage Stamps Will Be Accepted.

The above rates are Cash with order. When not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher.

ALLAN Royal Mail LINE

TURBINE STEAMERS.

ST. JOHN, HALIFAX, LIVERPOOL.

Virginian	Fri. Mar. 15	Sat. Mar. 16
Corsican	Sat. Mar. 23	— Direct —
Victorian	Fri. Mar. 29	Sat. Mar. 30
Tunisian	Sat. Apr. 6	— Direct —

Winter Rates in Effect Till April 30.

Saloon, $72.50 and $62.50; Second, $50 and $52.50; Third Class, $31.25 and $32.50.

Sailings Also
BOSTON TO GLASGOW, PORTLAND TO GLASGOW, ST. JOHN TO LONDON.

'One Class' Steamers. Low Rates.

For full particulars of rates—
Summer Sailings from Montreal, etc.
Apply Uptown Agency, 530 St. Catherine W.; W. H. Henry, Imperial Bank Building, or
H. & A. ALLAN, MONTREAL.
Phone Main 4691.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Only Double-Track Route between Montreal, Toronto, Hamilton, Niagara Falls, Detroit and Chicago.

TORONTO in 7½ HOURS via "International Limited"
(Finest and Fastest Train in Canada.)
Lvs MONTREAL 9 a.m. every day.

Four Express Trains Daily
MONTREAL, TORONTO and WEST.
FINEST HIGH-CLASS EQUIPMENT ON ALL TRAINS.
9 a.m., 9.45 a.m., 7.30 p.m., 10.30 p.m.
Dining, Parlor and Library Cars on Day Trains; Pullman Sleeping Cars, Electric Lighted, including Reading Lamps in berths, on night trains.

MONTREAL—BOSTON—SPRINGFIELD
Daily Service, 8.31 a.m., 8.30 p.m.

LOW FARES TO PACIFIC COAST
In effect until April 15th, inclusive.
One-Way Second-Class Colonist Fares from Montreal, via Chicago, to
Nelson, Vancouver, Victoria, Westminster, B.C.; Seattle, Spokane, Tacoma, Wash.; Portland, Ore $47.70
San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego, Cal.; Mexico City, Mex. $49.00
Low rates to many other points.
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS.
Leave Montreal for Chicago on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 10.30 p.m. Accommodating passengers holding first or second-class tickets. Connecting with trains having similar cars at CHICAGO.
CITY TICKET OFFICES:
130 St. James St. 'Phone Main 6905, or Bonaventure Station.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

A necessity when travelling is "Comfort," and the superiority of equipment assures this.

Besides the roomy electric-lighted Sleepers there are Compartment Cars between

Montreal and Toronto

on the 10.45 p.m. train daily to Yonge Street Station.

The only line running this high-class of equipment.

Trains for Union Station, Toronto, leave at 8.45 a.m. and 10.00 p.m.

CALEDONIA SPRINGS

The Great Week-End Resort, where the Celebrated Magi Water is obtained. Week-End Excursions. Cheap Fares.

Double Daily Service
TO WINNIPEG AND PACIFIC COAST,
Commencing March 17th.
10.10 a.m. 10.30 p.m.

STEAMSHIP SPECIAL

In connection with the R.M.S. Virginian, from St. John, N.B., Friday, March 15, Steamship Special of baggage, first-class coaches, dining and standard sleeping cars, will leave Montreal, Windsor Street Station, 8.15 p.m. Thursday, March 14, and run through to the Steamer's side in West St. John, N.B.

REDUCED FARES
UNTIL APRIL 15th.
Second-Class Colonist Fares from Montreal to
Nelson and Spokane, Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle, and Portland $47.70
San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego $49.00
Mexico City, Mex. .....
Low rates to many other points.
Tourist Sleeper for Vancouver and intermediate stations, 10.30 p.m. daily.

TICKET OFFICES:
213 St. James St. Telephones, Main 3732, 3733, or Place Viger and Windsor Street Stations.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY
BONAVENTURE UNION STATION.

TRAIN SERVICE

7.40 A.M. — Express for St. Hyacinthe, Drummondville, Levis, Quebec. Connections for Rivière du Loup daily, except Sunday.

MARITIME EXPRESS.

12.05 P.M. — for Levis, Quebec, Riv. du Loup, Campbellton, Moncton, St. John, Halifax, Prince Edward Island and the Sydneys, daily, except Saturdays. On Saturdays to St. Flavie only.

4.00 P.M. — EXPRESS to St. Hyacinthe and Nicolet daily, except Sunday.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS
Passengers leaving Montreal at 12.05 noon, Tuesdays and Fridays, make connections with the Steamers at Halifax the next day.

CITY TICKET OFFICE:
130 St. James St. Tel. Bell M. 615.
H. A. PRICE, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt. GEO. STRUBBE, City Ticket Agt.

ROOMS WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN DESIRES A CLEAN and home-like single bedroom, with refined family, centrally located; must be good locality. By March 25th. Apply at once to S.S., 106 Sparks st., Ottawa.

FURNISHED ROOM WANTED.

WANTED, TWO WELL FURNISHED rooms for two gentlemen, in a refined Jewish family, where full or partial board may be had; west of Bleury to Guy street preferred. Address, Room 607, Lindsay Building, corner Peel and St. Catherine streets.

ROOMS AND BOARD WANTED.

BOARD AND ROOM WANTED, WITH quiet, respectable family; must be in nice locality. State terms to B., 'Witness' Office.

WHITE STAR DOMINION LARGEST STEAMERS FROM CANADA

WINTER SAILINGS FROM PORTLAND, ME., TO LIVERPOOL
(Via HALIFAX Westbound.)

TEUTONIC	Feb. 24	Mar. 23
CANADA	Mar. 9	April 6
DOMINION	Mar. 30	

Rates from: One Class Cabin (ii.) $47.50; Third $31.25.
According to Steamer and Destination.
Prepaid Tickets.
Send your friends in the Old Country WHITE STAR-DOMINION prepaid tickets. It will add to their pleasure. For sale at all Agencies.

Summer Sailings | Season of 1912 Now Ready. Send for List

Ask Agents for particulars, or Company's Office, 118 Notre Dame Street West. Uptown Agy, 530 St. Catherine Street West.

DONALDSON LINE

Glasgow Freight and Passenger Service.

From Glasgow.	From St. John, N.B.
Mar. 2	†*T.SS. SATURNIA Mar. 21
Mar. 9	†*T.SS. ATHENIA Mar. 28
Mar. 16	†*T.SS. CASSANDRA April 4

*Steamers fitted with Refrigerators.
†Passenger steamers.
Passage Rates: Cabin (called Second), $47.50. Third Class, East and Westbound, $31.25.
Apply any Steamship Agent, or Special Uptown Agency, 530 St. Catherine St. W.
THE ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited, 25 St. Sacrament Street.
Steerage Branch, 488 St. James Street.

CUNARD THOMSON LINE

Joint London Freight Service,
Cold Storage and Cool Air on Steamers Marked *
From Portland, Me.

*SS. HURONIA	Mar. 16
*T.SS. AUSONIA	Mar. 23
*T.SS. ASCANIA	April 13

THE ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited, AGENTS.

CUNARD LINE

Canadian London Passenger Service.

From Southampton.	From Portland, Me.
Mar. 7	T.SS. AUSONIA Mar. 23
Mar. 28	T.SS. ASCANIA April 13
April 11	T.SS. AUSONIA April 27

Passage Rates: Cabin (called second), Ascania and Ultonia, $47.50 and upwards; other steamers, $46.25 and upwards. Third Class, British, Eastbound, $30.25. Prepaid, West, $30.00.
Apply any Steamship Agent, or Special Uptown Agency, 530 St. Catherine Street W.
THE ROBERT REFORD CO., Limited, 25 St. Sacrament Street.
Steerage Branch, 488 St. James Street.

Manchester Liners
(CLOSED)
WINTER SAILINGS.

From Man.	From St. John.
Feb. 10	MAN. EXCHANGE
Feb. 17	MAN. INVENTOR
Feb. 24	MAN. TRADER Mar. 9
Mar. 2	MAN. MARINER Mar. 23
Mar. 9

Ottawa Leaders Defeat Victorias in Interprovincial Game

NEW EDINBURGH DEFEATS VICTORIAS IN EASY GAME

Ottawa Amateurs Look Like Champions of Interprovincial Amateur Hockey Association.

On the Arena ice, last night, the Victorias, leaders in the central section of the Interprovincial Amateur Hockey Association, went down to defeat by New Edinburgh who are at the top of the Ottawa section of the same association, the score being 17 to 3. The success was so pronounced that everything suggests New Edinburgh as the holder of the championship when the series is ended. The visiting team was superior to the home seven in every point except speed.

Strong and heavy, with a system of team play that was pretty nearly perfect, and with enough speed to lend their attacks sufficient driving force, the New Edinburgh seven went into the lead early in the game and kept on piling up the score with the regularity of a machine. The first half ended with the tally five to nothing, and in the second session they made it twelve before the locals tallied at all. In the last six minutes of the game the paddlers scored five more, while the Vics. got through for two.

In the first half of the game, the Victorias, although outplayed were by no means outclassed, pulling up a hard fight and failing to score only through hard luck near the nets.

In the second half, however, the Ottawa seven really hit their stride, and the story of the play from the face off in this half to the gong is better told by the summary. Victorias worked hard to stop the stream of shots that poured in on Haskel, but the heavier Ottawa forwards brushed aside the light but speedy local men and bore in close to the nets before letting drive. Usually Haskell stopped the shot, but frequently was caught before he had cleared, by the fast following in of the opposing forwards.

The combination work of the visitors was among the finest seen here this winter. The team spirit was constantly evident, each depriving himself of any opportunity to star unless it would advance the team's interest. Kendall at centre played a magnificent game, but Girard, Broadbent and Parker, were almost as good. In the Victorias the star parts were taken by Kavanagh and Ekers.

The feature play of the whole game was that pulled off by Benedict in the second half. Stopping a shot from a Victoria forward, the New Edinburgh net guardian took a run up the ice as far as the Vic. cover point position and let fly a long one at Haskell. The surprise at seeing his padded opponent so near him probably affected Haskell, for he allowed the shot to get by him, and Benedict stands on the summary credited with one goal. The performance is probably unique in the history of the senior game in the Arena, if not in the city, and the youthful goaler was deservedly cheered for the play.

The crowd, while by no means large, was much more numerous than those the amateurs have been accustomed to see during the past season.

Line-up and summary:—

Victoria.		New Edinburgh.
Haskell	Goal	Benedict
Bignall	Point	Atchison
Russell	Cover	Merrill
Kavanagh	Rover	Gerard
Murray	Centre	Kendall
Ekers	Right	Broadbent
Mowatt	Left	Parker

Referee, Percival; assistant, Ashfield.

Penalties.

Victoria—Russell, 3, 3; Mowatt, 3, 3; Bignall, 3; McPherson, 3.

New Edinburgh—Gerard, 3, 3; Atchison, 3; Benedict, 3.

Score.

New Edinburgh, 17; Victorias, 3.

SPRING HANDICAPS

The M. A. A. A. Matches Will Begin To-night.

The spring handicaps at the M. A.A.A. tank will start to-night.

The full schedule of events extending from March 13. to April 17 follows:—

March 13—Senior, 40 yds., 220 yds.; green, 40 yds.; diving; relay.

March 20—Senior, 100 yds.; 100 yds. (breast); green, 100 yds.; diving, plate diving, relay.

March 27—Senior, 60 yds., 440 yds.; green, 220 yds.; diving; relay.

April 3—Senior, 40 yds., 60 yds. (back); green, 100 yds. (breast); diving; relay.

April 10—Senior, 100 yds., 220 yds.; green, 40 yds.; diving; plate diving; relay.

April 17—Senior, 60 yds., 40 yds.; green, 100 yds.; diving; relay.

RIDPATH BENEFIT OFF.

Ottawa, March 13.— After an inexcusable amount of bungling on the part of the National Hockey Association clubs, the benefit match which was to have been played here on Saturday night for Bruce Ridpath has finally been called off. Secretary Martin Rosenthal, of the Ottawas, made this announcement last night, following a futile effort to bring the Quebec team here for the occasion. The Ottawas have abandoned hope of arranging the match this season, but will endeavor to stage it before the schedule opens next winter.

THE ALLAN CUP.

Trustees Order Winnipeg to Defend It Against Regina To-morrow.

Winnipeg, March 13.—The trustees of the Allan Cup have ordered the Winnipeg Victorias to defend the cup once more this season. The game will be played on Thursday night against Regina and will be a sudden-death affair, the winner of the game to retain the cup until next year as the trustees have decided that this is the last challenge that can be accepted.

BASEBALL PURCHASES.

Syracuse, N.Y., March 12.—One big deal by Syracuse marked the afternoon session of the New York State Baseball League, which developed into a talkfest, while the magnates were awaiting the arrival of William J. Clymer, of Wilkesbarre. The Star owners annnounced the purchase of Outfielder Jack White and Third Baseman Wratton, of the Buffalo club, of the International League. It was announced that this is but a forerunner of other deals to be completed by the Stars within a short time.

Syracuse also announced nine releases, and again offered Outfielder Armbruster, Second Baseman Myers and Catcher Koopman for sale or trade.

TRANSPORTATION LEAGUE

Three Fast Games Played Last Night.

Three snappy hockey games were played in the Transportation League last night. C. P. R. Car Department defeated G. N. W. Can. Explosives won from Dominion Express, and Canada Car and Foundry defated C P. R. Traffic, in the three games of the Transportation League last night.

Summary:—

C. P. R. Car Dept. (4).		G. N. W. (0).
Gorman	Goal	Beaudette
Guthrie	Point	Martin
Warren	Cover	Deschenes
Bennett	Centre	Sicotte
Moro	Left	Gorman
Walker	Right	Lyall

Referees: Johnson and Doran.
Umpires: Picard and McLeod.
Timekeepers: Crevier and Dubuc.

Canadian Explosives (3).		Dominion Express (0).
F. Muclair	Goal	Burling
O'Hearn	Point	Norton
J. Muclair	Cover	O'Hara
Ware	Rover	Waugh
Burns	Left	McDonald
Mann	Right	Austin

Referees: Johnson and Doran.
Umpires: Irvine and Muclair.
Timekeepers: Brown and Stevenson.

Canada Car and Foundry (3).		C. P. R. Traffic (1).
Wasbroad	Goal	Dew
Laviolette	Point	McCram
Rankin	Cover	Warren
Tessier	Rover	W. Buckingham
Jackson	Centre	Hiam
Huberdeau	Right	McLeod
Killam	Left	J. Buckingham

Referees: Johnson and Doran.
Umpires: Wells and Buckingham.
Timekeepers: Johnson asd Chateauvert.

GOLF CLUB ANNUAL

Mr. B. Tooke Re-elected President of the Beaconsfield.

The annual meeting of the Beaconsfield Golf Club was held at the Victoria Rifles Armory, Cathcart street, last night for the reception of the annual reports and election of officers.

In pursuance of by law 18, notice was given to shareholders of the proposal to amend the first sentence of by-law 3, to read as follows: 'The board may permit a limited number of young men, between the ages of 15 and 25 to enjoy the privileges of the club upon payment of $10.00 per annum.'

This, together with the amendment of clauses 3, 4 and 5 of by-law 5, concerning unpaid dues was unanimously carried.

On referring to the financial situation of the club, it was shown that it is in a very prosperous condition, being $2,000 to the good for the year ending January 31, 1912. The large property of 200 acres is now entirely free from any mortgage, the balance having been paid during the past year.

Mr. B. Tooke, who has been president of the club ever since its inception, announced some time ago that he would retire this year, but the members got together and prevailed upon him to reconsider his decision.

The elections resulted as follows:—Mr. B. Tooke, president; Mr. G. Napier, vice-president; Mr. S. B. White, secretary; Mr. J. Donnelly, treasurer; Messrs. H. Carr, A. Glassco, P. C. Schafer, J. E. E. Dickson, R. R. Macauley, Henry Lyman, A. B. Mackenzie, W. W. Walker.

BASKETBALL TO-NIGHT.

The M. A. A. A. Seniors will meet the Seniors of Macdonald College in a scheduled P. Q. B. A. match to-night in the Peel Street gymnasium.

'B' BOWLERS.

Standings of the Teams in the Class Announced.

Following are the results of the matches rolled in Class 'B' last night:—

Colonials.			
Perkins	146	222	166
Stevens	176	148	157
Bessner	185	114	107
Bruderer	166	155	153
Bean	161	196	164
Totals	834	835	747
National.			
Brodeur	142	188	226
Madgin	165	189	198
Cloutier	174	...	...
Laroche	145	202	193
St. Martin	205	180	188
Brunet	...	254	134
Totals	831	1,013	939
Caledonia.			
Roberts	145	127	113
Niven	121	98	173
Howard	151	130	161
McAuley	137	116	103
Currie	109	139	143
Totals	663	670	693
Elks.			
Kerr	141	143	152
George	120	193	126
Hudleson	127	132	130
Moriarity	116	133	150
Myndel	137	116	134
Totals	641	717	692
Beaver Red.			
Canalin	137	150	138
Bogert	170	188	115
Stewart	160	158	132
Gibson	188	193	180
Kelly	199	105	125
Totals	854	854	690
R.R.Y.M.C.A. Blue.			
Cuthbert	147	183	198
Bertells	153	164	190
Chisholm	130	155	167
Carmichael	193	175	171
Clayton	165	181	163
Totals	788	858	889
M. A. A. A. Cubs.			
McCuaig	174	183	201
Mansfield	194	149	159
Stenhouse	120	112	147
Jarvis	166	178	159
Perry	153	161	182
	807	783	848
Standard.			
Orr	187	177	174
McRoble	134	168	190
Scott	185	173	178
McGillivray	160	251	174
Sully	111	210	177
	777	979	883
Beaver Blues.			
Boyer	144	135	127
Finlayson	138	108	157
Clarabut	142	141	122
Pearcey	117	163	152
Sharp	117	168	152
	725	727	719
R. R. Y. M. C. A. Reds.			
Laing	167	116	130
Simpson	146	162	188
Mann	110	125	...
McBreanty	189	200	134
Brown	220	146	165
Collins	...	...	120
	832	749	737

CLASS 'B' BOWLING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Nationals	44	10	.815
St. Louis	40	11	.784
R.R.Y.M.C.A. Blues	38	16	.704
Eden	31	20	.608
Beaver Reds	27	27	.500
M. A. A. A. Cubs	27	27	.500
Caledonia	22	42	.407
Elks	21	33	.389
Colonials	20	34	.370
Standards	18	36	.333
R.R.Y.M.C.A. Reds	18	36	.333
Beaver Blues	15	39	.278

THE PRINTERS' LEAGUE.

Three games were played last night as follows:—

Witness, 3; Standard, 0.
Bentley, 3; Star, 0.
Cornell, 2; Herald, 1.

HARDWARE HOCKEY

Canadian Fairbanks and Thos. Robertson Teams Tie for Championship.

Because the Fairbanks and Thomas Robertson teams tied in the Hardware Hockey League game last night another match will be necessary to decide the championship of the league.

Thomas Robertson won a fighting chance for the title by beating Frothingham & Workman, who had been leading the league, while Canadian Fairbanks were equally successful in their game against Lariviere.

The third game of the evening was won by Walker Hardware.

Summaries:

Walker Hardware (10).		Starke-Seybold. (2).
Lariviere	Goal	Moore
Hadley	Point	Williamson
Trempe	Cover	De Granpre
A. Morin	Forward	Miller
E. Morin	Forward	Lamont

Referee—Mr. Jack Brennan.

Can. Fairbanks Morse Co. (2).		Lariviere Inc. (0).
Desourdy	Goal	Lamothe
Davidson	Point	Laflamme
Marnell	Cover	Chapleau
Hyland	Rover	Marchand
Bennett	Centre	Deschamps
McMullen	Wing	Leclaire
Bethume	Wing	Duhamel

Referee—Mr. Jack Brennan.

Thos. Robertson Co. (3).		Frothingham & Workman (2).
Finnie	Goal	McCoy
Rowe	Point	Leblanc
Thibeault	Cover	Fairfield
McKeown, D.	Rover	Clement
McKeown, R.	Centre	Brown
Thompson	Wing	Crowley
De Granpre	Wing	Warren

Referee—Mr. Jack Brennan.
Judge of play—Jack Lavollette.

VICTORIA GOES DOWN.

Vancouver, March 13.— Victoria was defeated by Westminster at hockey last night by a score of 10 to 6.

TO LIGHT NIAGARA.

Albany, N.Y., March 13.—The Gittins Bill appropriating $50,000 for a plant to illuminate Niagara Falls, contingent upon an equal amount being contributed by the Canadian Government, passed the Senate yesterday.

The Senate also passed the resolution memorializing Congress to cut out a channel in a ten-mile stretch in the south end of Lake Champlain to connect with the barge canal.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CURLERS WIN 'CHURCH' MATCH

Five Rinks From Other Churches Defeated by Score of 73 to 65.

In curling, the most interesting game last night was the 'Church' contest, in which St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church put five rinks up against five others chosen from the other Presbyterian churches of the city, and won by eight points. The contestants represented Melville, Crescent, First, Erskine and Knox Churches. No less than six five ends were made, G. H. Cornell's rink contributing a couple of them.

After the match the players were entertained at supper by the Heather Club.

Rinks and scores:

St. Andrew's Pres.	Melville.
Dr. Clark	Rev. J. Lochhead
W. H. D. Murray	J. W. Brown
A. L. Robertson	R. Thomson
W. B. Hutchison	W. Brown
Skip— 8	Skip—18
St. Andrew's Pres.	Crescent.
R. B. Common	Rev. R. W. Dickie
D. L. Campbell	Dr. Berwick
R. Cunningham	J. W. Wilson
N. K. Macdonald	S. A. McMurtry
Skip—11	Skip—21
St. Andrew's Pres.	First Pres.
J. W. Fulton	Rev. M. A. Campbell
J. Meldrum	A. McAlister
W. M. Campbell	D. A. Bethune
O. W. G. Dettmers	H. M. Watson
Skip—12	Skip—13
St. Andrew's Pres.	Knox.
E. H. Copeland	C. W. Taylor
James Currie	Wm. Swan
H. Roffey	Dr. J. A. Henderson
H. R. Hutchison	Wm. Cairns
Skip—22	Skip— 5
St. Andrew's Pres.	Erskine.
M. A. Robertson	R. G. Hutchison
W. H. Trenholme	Thos. Brown
James Baillie	O. Mowatt
G. H. Cornell	Dr. Haldimand
Skip—20	Skip— 8
Total.....73	Total.....65

Majority for St. Andrew's Presbyterian, 8 points.

AT MONTREAL.

Hedley Suckling topped the points competition for the Ramsay Clock played yesterday afternoon and evening with a score of 36. The first eight now play off single handed.

In the evening points were apparently very difficult to get, only three players out of over a dozen making more than 25. C. W. Routh was the highest scorer at this session and W. I. Fenwick and A. J. Darling tied with 34.

The following have now qualified for the single handed competition. Hedley Suckling, C. H. Routh, W. I. Fenwick, A. J. Darling, A. P. S. Glassco and T. McC. Hutchison. Three competitors have tied for the remaining two places. T. Drummond, H. R. Trenholme and Dr. Scane having to play off for these.

AT ST. ANDREW'S.

By playing off four games in the second round for the Galbraith Cup last night the club have almost brought this competition down to the semi-final stage. One game of the four was noticeably close, Skips G. R. Futvoye and E. St. Amand being tied on the last end with nine. St. Amand scored two on the extra end.

Rinks and scores:

C. Hartley	D. Campbell
J. Stewart	A. Begley
W. P. Scott	C. D. McFarland
Laz. Rubenstein	H. M. Watson
Skip— 5	Skip— 9
J. Sutherland	H. G. Wynn
W. Smart	E. Daoust
H. C. Fortier	J. McDougall
W. P. McVey	H. Fortier
Skip—10	Skip—11
R. J. McCloskey	G. Fletcher
M. J. Kaufman	S. H. Ward
J. Blackwell	J. H. Armitage
E. St. Amand	G. R. Futvoye
Skip—11	Skip— 9
G. Davis	R. J. Inglis
Horace Davis	Neil Clark
J. C. H. Dusault	J. Williams
C. H. Mitchell	Louis Rubenstein
Skip—12	Skip— 8

The winner of this year's green curlers' prize S. H. Ward, has accepted the challenge of N. J. Kaufman, winner of last year's greens. The game to be played in a day or so.

AT CALEDONIA.

In the final for the President's and Vice-President's prize last night Skip W. L. Thom defeated J. G. Bruneau's rink by a couple of points. Thom led most of the way, Bruneau pulling up largely with a four shot.

Rinks and scores:

W. C. Hall	C. Culross
D. A. Clifford Jack	Dr. Novinger
N. S. Stoddart	D. Cameron
W. L. Thom	J. G. Bruneau
Skip—10	Skip— 8

AT ST. LAWRENCE.

For the fifth time this season the Forbes Challenge Trophy changed hands last night, the holders, skipped by S. W. Tench, being beaten all along the line by J. Griffin's rink, the final score being 14 to 4 in favor of Griffin.

Rinks and scores:

J. R. Marshall	C. M. Lessard
A. T. Spencer	T. W. Evans
Dr. Harding	H. Drysdale
S. W. Tench	J. Griffin
Skip—4	Skip—14

In the last of the first round games for the Laing prize W. G. Roberts and Dr. Rogers defeated W. Cairns and O. E. Hoffman by 10 points to 4.

A green curlers' match resulted as follows: A. J. McLeod, 13; F. L. Spielman, 2.

AT OUTREMONT.

A semi-final game in th Vice-President's last night resulted as follows:

John Blain	T. Pugh
S. R. Burrell—8	W. Drysdale—6

Dr. McKechnie and A. E. Gallagher are the other afinlists, and this game will probably be played to-night, which will wind up the club trophy games at the club, as A. Dewar defeated M. R. Cuddihy in the Green Curlers' final last night.

ALIEN LABOR LAW INVOKED

Striking Waiters Commence Test Case Against the Windsor Hotel

WAITERS FROM NEW YORK.

Hotel Claims They Were Not Imported, But Came of Their Own Accord.

The claim of the defence at the commencement of the test case brought against the Windsor Hotel Company yesterday by the striking waiters, for alleged infraction of the Alien Labor Act, was that the waiters who have obtained positions in the hotel since the strike began have come of their own initiative and not by pre-arrangement with the hotel company.

The case involves three specific charges of waiters having been brought from New York. Alphonse Alberti was the first case taken up, and not much evidence was secured to further the strikers' cause. The evidence of Alberti was objected to by Mr. Marechal, counsel for the defence, on the ground that it was inadmissible, since he might be compelled to incriminate himself to an extent which would lead to deportation. Mr. Recorder Weir ruled that any objection of this nature should come from the witness himself, and, therefore admitted the evidence.

Alberti then gave his evidence, and stated that he had left New York on March 3, and had been engaged at the Windsor on the 4th, having gone straight there on his arrival in Montreal. Under cross-examination by Mr. Gaudet, counsel for the strikers, Alberti said that he had not been engaged at New York, but had heard about the Windsor Hotel strike at the Geneva Club, and as he had been out of work for a month he came straight to Montreal and got a job at the Windsor. He declared that there was no poster or advertisement at the Geneva Club in New York, and that he had only been there a few minutes since as soon as he heard there was work at the Windsor in Montreal he had packed up and come here. He declared that he had paid his own fare here, and that there was no understanding that it was to be refunded him.

The next witness called was Mr. Shaw, secretary of the Windsor Hotel Company. He stated that after the waiters, to the number of about 80, had gone out on strike at short notice, it had been decided to dispense with their services and fill their places with other men. The waiters, he said, had gone on strike without notifying the manager, or giving regular notice to any one else, and this was the reason for the peremptory resolution of the directors to dispense with them.

Under cross-examination by Mr. Gaudet, the witness said that no arrangements had been made by the directors for the engagement of new men, as the directors did not interfere with Cezaire, the house manager, and left the engagement of new men with him. Cezaire had been told not to re-engage the men who had so suddenly struck, but had not been told to get men from the United States to fill their places.

He denied positively that there had been any contracts made with men from the States to take the place of the strikers so far as he knew.

Mr. Gaudet—'Do you know of any instructions to Mr. Carrington to get men in New York?' 'No.'

'Do you know whether or not Mr. Carrington engaged men in New York in connection with this strike?'

'I do not know that he did.'

After some further cross-examination, Mr. Recorder Weir asked who this Mr. Carrington was, when Mr. Shaw replied that he was chief of the Thiel Detective Agency in Canada.

With this the examination closed, to be resumed this afternoon, when the Alberta case will be continued, as well as the other two test cases.

MILITIA NEWS.

Ottawa, March 13.—It is understood that the milita department will shortly announce an increase in the allowance of cooks in camp. The pay of cooks for the 16 camp days last year was $1 a day. It has been stated that this is to be increased to $1.50 a day. The proposed increase is the result of a general protest from the officers of the various corps in camp.

It is stated that last year local officers in command of companies at Petawawa had to pay from their own pockets from $2 to $2.50 a day to their cooks. The allowance was only $1 a day and in many cases officers could not get cooks for their companies at this price. They demanded from $3 to $4 a day, and the officers had to foot the difference. The companies of every corps have their own cooks and several of the officers commanding companies paid as high as $50 from their own pockets to procure good cooks for their men.

The men of 'B' squadron, P. L. D. G., are receiving a new issue of ceremonial equipment.

Lieuts. Iinkster, Mills, Askwith and Rogers, of the 5th P. L. D. G., will take the course of instruction at Stanley Barracks, Toronto.

Lt.-Col. A. T. Shillington, M. D., A. M. C., president of the Association of Medical Officers of the Milita, has donated a very handsome trophy for competition by the various field ambulance corps, at the medical concentration camp at London, which will be held from June 1 to 18. The conditions and rules of the competition for the trophy have not yet been announced.

An inter corps rifle league is being formed among the members of the Headquarters' Staff Rifle Association. In this league teams representing the staff clerks, ordance, and other departments will compete the team having the highest aggregate of scores winning a trophy which one of the staff officers will donate.

YOU'LL find all the other new Spring Styles in Suits and Overcoats in the Fit-Reform Style Book. Write for a copy—free, of course.

It shows the Suits and Overcoats that well dressed men are going to wear this spring—and helps you to pick out garments of irreproachable elegance. Mailed, free, to any address

Fit-Reform

535

S. J. O'NEIL, - 444 St. Catherine St. West.
A. W. PARKER, 4 Beaver Hall Hill.

WAS TROUBLED WITH **Headache** AND **Constipation.**

After Suffering For Two Years Was Cured By BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

Headache of whatever nature is nearly always symptomatic of other diseased conditions, rather than a disease itself, but in most cases a disordered stomach, constipation, or bad circulation is the chief source of the difficulty. Burdock Blood Bitters removes the cause of the trouble through its cleansing, strengthening and tonic action on the stomach, liver, bowels and blood. Mr. Wm. Redmond, Cardigan Bridge, P.E.I., writes;—"I have been troubled with headache and constipation for about two years. After trying every doctor I knew, a friend advised me to try Burdock Blood Bitters. I found myself after using one bottle, getting much better, and after using three bottles I was completely cured.

"After then I was on a visit and found my cousin very sick, and the doctor told her there was something wrong with her head. I told her to use Burdock Blood Bitters and she was cured in a short time. I can safely recommend it to all."

Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

PUBLIC NOTICE

is hereby given that under the First part of Chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies' Act," letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 27th day of February, 1912, incorporating Michael Arthur Phelan and Wilfrid Bovey, Advocates, both of the City of Westmount, in the Province of Quebec; John Lesly Reay and Harry Arthur Ellis, Accountants, and Murie Edythe McGrail, Stenographer, all three of the City of Montreal, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes.—

(a) To acquire by purchase or exchange or to take on emphyteutic or other lease or in any other manner and to hold land or buildings or any interest therein and any rights or servitudes upon or over land or buildings and to improve and to turn the same to account as may seem expedient, and in particular by laying out and preparing the same for building purposes, constructing, altering, pulling down, decorating, fitting up and improving buildings and conveniences, or by cultivating any of the land at any time owned by the company, and by raising live stock thereon, and disposing of the products thereof, and to sell, lease, exchange or otherwise deal with the lands, buildings and all the property of the company;

(b) To maintain, manage and operate land, buildings and other property which belonging to the company or not, to collect rents and income, and to suppply to tenants and occupiers and others attendants, messengers, light, waiting rooms, reading rooms, meeting rooms, laundry and electric conveniences and stabling, garage, storage, and other facilities;

(c) To build, erect, operate, manage, maintain and carry on warehouses, storehouses and elevators;

(d) To own and operate steam, gas, electric, internal combustion or other engines, motors and dynamos, to supply power by direct or belt transmission or otherwise; to supply gas, electricity and other illuminants for lighting purposes, to supply steam, gas, electricity or other agents for the purpose of heat, motive power or otherwise, and to manufacture and deal in all articles or things required for or capable of being used in connection with the generation, distribution, supply and employment of steam, gas and electric light and power, provided that the foregoing powers when exercised outside the property of the company shall be subject to all provincial and municipal laws and regulations in that behalf;

(e) To invest any of the surplus moneys which may at any time be the property of the company in such securities as may from time to time seem advisable, and in particular in first mortgages upon lands or buildings in Canada and in bonds, stocks and other securities of the Dominion of Canada, or any province or municipality thereof, or any incorporated bank, or any company incorporated under the laws of, or authorized to carry on business in the Dominion of Canada, or of any of the provinces thereof;

(f) To carry on any business germane to the foregoing which may seem to the company capable of being conveniently carried in connection with any of the above businesses or objects, or calculated to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's properties or rights for the time being;

(g) To acquire and take over the whole or any part of the business, property and undertaking of any person or company carrying on business the company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company;

(h) To subscribe for, take or in any way acquire the stocks, shares, bonds, debentures or other obligations or securities of any company having objects similar to those of this company, to sell or otherwise dispose thereof; to guarantee any bonds, debentures, obligations or securities so sold or disposed of by this company, or of any company having such objects, or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as to benefit this company, and generally to the objects defined in paragraphs (a) to (e) hereof;

(i) To make advances of money to persons having business dealings with the company, and upon such terms as may seem expedient, and particularly to customers, and to guarantee the performance of contract by any such persons;

(j) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities in any other company having objects similar to those of this company;

(k) To divide any of the assets of the company in specie among the members;

(l) To enter into partnership, or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concessions or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any such person or company, and to take or otherwise acquire, hold and securities of any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee or otherwise deal with the same;

(m) To remunerate any persons or company for services rendered or to be rendered, in placing or assisting to place, or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares of the company's capital stock, or any debentures, debenture stock or other securities of the company, or in or about the formation or promotion of the company or the conduct of its business;

(n) To do all or any of such things either as principals, agents, contractors, trustees or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees or otherwise;

(o) The powers in each paragraph to be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or inference from the terms of any other paragraph.

The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "Island Land Company, Limited," with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, divided into 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars each, and the head place of business of the said company to be at the City of Montreal, in the province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 7th day of March, 1912.

THOMAS MULVEY,
Under Secretary of State.

Fleet, Falconer, Phelan, Williams and Howard,
Solicitors for Applicants.

Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations.

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties.—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him, or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patents and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price, $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

THE NEW NAMES OF THE CITY STREETS

As a result of the altering of many street names in some cases from euphonious, resonant Saxon words to meaningless and sometimes offensive and slippery-sloppery jumble of mouth syllabies, the City Council has been receiving petitions week after week from citizens asking for a restoration of the old nomenclature or the adoption of one based on common sense and ease of pronunciation. The committee on street names, after long tarrying with the problem, set to work one day and changed from two to three hundred names. Then it met again and made further alterations. All this time meetings were being held, whispered conference taking place, and without twenty more names of thoroughfares replaced by other appellations. As a parting reminder to the good citizens of St. Urbain street, north of Sherbrooke street, that the eyes of the committee were upon them as it were, that thoroughfare was converted into the 'Avenue de l'Hotel Dieu.'

After a protest was lodged with former Mayor Guerin, backed by a strong deputation and petitions signed by practically every resident of the street against the new name, a nun of the Hotel Dieu Hospital wrote in favor of the adoption of the new name on the plea that it was historical. The Council left the matter of changing back this name in the light of this plea of the sister with the incoming Street Names' Committee, which has not yet been appointed. Another revision of the committee, the alteration of Aylmer, Shuter and Oxenden streets to Grey avenue, which conflicts with a Grey avenue in Notre Dame de Grace, will have to be reconsidered. The postal authorities suggest naming of these three Shuter street all the way.

The Street Names' Committee comprised Ald. Lariviere, chairman; Alds. L. A. Lapointe, Emard, N. Lapointe, Drummond, Letourneau, Monahan and Marcil.

The following is a list of the changes last made:

Name.	Ward.	New Name
Adeline	St. Denis	Faillon
Adeline	St. Joseph	Binaventure
Albert	N. D. de Grace	Amyot
Albert	Papineau	Campion
Albert	St. Mary's	Laforge
Albert	St. Joseph	Tessier
Albert Lane	St. Joseph	Albanel
Albert Avenue	St. Denis	Fenelon
Albert	Lafontaine	Rigaud
Albina	Laurier	Le Jeune
Albina	Papineau	Martineau
Allard	Papineau	Jeannotte
Allard Lane	Duvernay	Ferland
Amherst	St. Paul	De La Verendrye
Aqueduc		
Argimer, Shuter and Oxenden	St. George's	Avenue Grey
Argyle Avenue	St. Denis	Baby
Balmoral	N. D. de Grace	Hingston
Beauchamp Lane	Laurier	Marmette
Belanger	St. Denis	Daniel
Bernard	St. Lawrence	Carmichael
Boulevard Avenue	Mt. Royal	Donnacona
Boulevard	Emard	Randot
Bourget	N. D. de Grace	Montmagny
Boyer	St. Louis	Savignac
Brunet Avenue	Mt. Royal	De Serigny
Bruneau and Dumont	Delorimier and Papineau	Bordeaux
Cadar Avenue	Mt. Royal	Albani
Cedar Avenue	N. D. de Grace	Charles Wilson
Champlain	St. Denis	Marquette
Champlain	St. Paul	Champegny
Champlain.	Emard	Colbert
Cherrier avenue.	St. Louis	De Boisbriand
Chenier.	Laurier	Henry IV.
Cherrier.	Longue Pointe	Forbin Janson
Compte.	St. Denis	Bellechasse
Concord Ave.	St. Lawrence	Burke
Cote.	St Louis	Gagnon
Davidson.	Emard	Monk Boulevard
Demontigny.	Longue Pointe	De La Peltrie
Demontigny lane.	St. Mary's	Mondelet
Des Rivieres Ave.	St. Joseph's	Glackmeyer
Dominion Ave.	St. Joseph's and St Cunegonde	Blake
Dominion Ave.	Longue Pointe	Bagot
Dorchester	Longue Pointe	Honfleur
Dufferin	Duvernay and St. Denis	De La Roche
Dufferin	St. Paul	Cabot
Dufferin Terrace	St. Lawrence	Prescott
Dufresne	Rosemount	Dablon
Dufresne	Longue Pointe	Carillon
Dufresne	St. Denis	Des Ecores
Dufresne Ave.	Delorimier	Franchere
Duluth Ave.	Longue Pointe	De Sillery
Duquette	Hochelaga	De Beaujeu.
Edward VII. Ave.	Emard	Dumas
Emelie	St. Henry	De St. Ours
Elizabeth	Papineau	Dubuc
Empie Ave.	Longue Pointe	Normandy
Evans Ave.	N. D. de Grace.	Draper
Everett	St. Denis	Rollette
Fabre	Hochelaga	Jalon
Fabre Ave.	N. D. de Grace.	Lachapelle
Forsyth Ave.	Longue Pointe	Aubrey
Fontenac	St. Paul	Leprohon
Forge Ave.	N. D. de Grace	Stephens
Gaspe Ave.	N. D. de Grace	Hampton
Gilmour	St. Denis	De Ventadour
Gilmour	Emard	Duquesne
Gilmour Lane	St. Denis	De Pontbriand
Gilmour Court	Hochelaga	Arthur
Gabelle	La Fontaine	Montferrand
Gabelle	St. Denis	Ave. de Chautebriand
Gabelle Fontaine	St. J. Baptiste	Ave. de Chautebriand
Gauchetiere	Longue Pointe	Ave. de Chautebriand
Gauchetiere Lane	Longue Pointe	De Vaudreuil
Gosselin	St. Louis	Coupil
Grosselle	Duvernay and St. Louis	De Lanandiere
Grosselle	St. Paul	Le Caron
Gabrecque and Mercier	Between Sherbrooke and De Montigny, La Fontaine	Labrecque
Gaurier Boulevard	Longue Pointe	De Repentigny
Gervais	St. Paul	Drake
Gagan	Longue Pointe	Tanguay
Garket	St. J. Baptiste	Lozeau
Gaisonneuve Ave.	St. Paul	Roberval
Gance	St. Lawrence	Jeanne Mance
Gaple Ave.	St. Anne	Parnell
Gaple Ave.	N. D. de Grace	Fielding
Garechal	N. D. de Grace	Botrel
Gary Ann	Longue Pointe	De Varennes
Gary Louise	Longue Pointe	Berthier
Gill	St. Paul	Borden
Golson Ave.	St. Paul	Gladstone
Golson Ave.	N. D. de Grace	Albion Ave.
Gontcalm Ave.	Hochelaga	Rodier
Gountain Ave.	Mt. Royal	Gatineau
Gt. Royal Ave.	Longue Pointe	Louis Frechette
Gorin Ave.	St. Denis	Francoise Berry Ave.
Gapeleon	Longue Pointe	Arthur Buies
Gaborne Ave.	Emard	D'Arcy McGee
Gaborne Ave.	N. D. de Grace	Beaconsfield
Gacific	St. Andrew's	McNichol
Gacific Ave.	Laurier and St. Denis	Marchand
Garie	N. D. de Grace	Connaught Ave.
Gark Ave.	Mt. Royal	Marechal
Gark Ave.	Longue Pointe	Forsyth
Garreault	Longue Pointe	Bruneau
Gard Ave.	Mt. Royal	Pictou
Gate Ave.	N. D. de Grace	Terrebonne
Gateau Ave.	N. D. de Grace	Chapleau Ave.
Gatee Arthur	Longue Pointe	Bouchette
Gathel	Hochelaga	Beauce
Gathel	Rachel	Longue Pointe
Gathel	Robert	St. Henry
Gathel	Rose De Lima	St. Denis
Gathel	Rosemount Blvd.	Rosemount
Gathel	Ryan Ave.	Emard
Gathel	Ryan Ave.	St. Denis
Gathel	Sanguinet	St. Louis, St. J.B., Laurier, to northern limits
Gault Road		
Gherbrooke Ave.	Sherbrooke Ave.	St. Denis
Gimard Ave.	Simard Ave.	St. Denis
Gladacona Ave.	Stadacona Ave.	St. Joseph's
Gt. Alexis	St. Alexis	St. Mary's
Gt. Alexander	St. Alexander	St. Paul
Gt. Antoine B.	St. Antoine B.	Longue Pointe
Gt. Catherine	St. Catherine	Longue Pointe
Gt. Catherine Road	St. Catherine Road	Mt. Royal
Gt. Charles	St. Charles	Laurier
Gt. Charles	St. Charles	St. Paul
Gt. Charles	St. Charles	N. D. de Grace
Gt. Charles	St. Charles	Longue Pointe
Gt. Clair	St. Clair	Ahuntsic and St. Denis
Gt. Edward	St. Edward	St. Joseph
Gt. Edward	St. Edward	St. Denis
Gt. Edward	St. Edward	Longue Pointe
Gt. Elizabeth Lane	St. Elizabeth	St. Louis
Gt. Elizabeth du Portugal	St. Elizabeth	St. Henry
Gt. Francis-Xavier	St. Francis-Xavier	Longue Pointe
Gt. Gabriel	St. Gabriel	N. D. de Grace
Gt. George	St. George	St. Paul
Gt. George	St. George	Longue Pointe
Gt. Helen	St. Helen	St. Paul
Gt. Hypolite Lane	St. Hypolite Lane	St. Louis
Gt. John	St. John	N. D. de Grace
Gt. John	St. John	N. D. de Grace
Gt. John Ave.	St. John Ave.	St. Mary's
Gt. John Lane	St. John Lane	Papineau
Gt. Jean Baptiste	St. Jean Baptiste	N. D. de Grace
Gt. Joseph	St. Joseph	St. Denis
Gt. Joseph	St. Joseph	Longue Pointe
Gt. Leon Lane	St. Leon Lane	St. Joseph
Gt. Louis	St. Louis	Longue Pointe
Gt. Louis Lane	St. Louis Lane	Longue Pointe
Gt. Michel	St. Michel	Hochelaga
Gt. Peter	St. Peter	Longue Pointe
Gt. Urbain	St. Urbain	From Sherbooke street to city limits
Gudel	Trudel	Longue Pointe
Gendome	Vendome	Bordeaux
Gercheres	Vercheres	Rosemount
Gictoria	Victoria	St. Paul
Genet	Venet	Longue Pointe to Eastern limits from shore to Beaurivage
Ginet	Vinet	Longue Pointe at the extremity of the Ward
Gilliam	William	Emard
Gilton	Wilton	N. D. de Grace
Gorkman Ave.	Workman Ave.	St. Paul
Goung Ave.	Young Ave.	Laurier
Girst Ave.	First Ave.	Emard and St. Paul
Girst Ave.	First Ave.	N. D. de Grace
Girst Street	First Street	N. D. de Grace
Girst Ave.	First Ave.	Longue Pointe
Girst Street	First Street	Longue Pointe
Gecond Ave.	Second Ave.	N. D. de Grace
Gecond Street	Second Street	N. D. de Grace
Gecond Ave.	Second Ave.	Longue Pointe
Gecond Street	Second Street	Longue Pointe
Gird Ave.	Third Ave.	Emard and St. Paul
Gird Ave.	Third Ave.	Longue Pointe
Gird Street	Third Street	Longue Pointe
Gird Ave.	Third Ave.	N. D. de Grace (Mt. Royal Vale.)
Gird Ave.	Third Ave.	Emard and St. Paul
Gourth Ave.	Fourth Ave.	N. D. de Grace
Gourth Ave.	Fourth Ave.	Longue Pointe
Gifth Ave.	Fifth Ave.	N. D. de Grace
Gifth Ave.	Fifth Ave.	Longue Pointe
Gixth Ave.	Sixth Ave.	Emard
Gixth Ave.	Sixth Ave.	N. D. de Grace
Gixth Ave.	Sixth Ave.	Longue Pointe
Geventh Ave.	Seventh Ave.	Emard
Geventh Ave.	Seventh Ave.	N. D. de Grace
Geventh Ave.	Seventh Ave.	Longue Pointe
Gighth Ave.	Eighth Ave.	Emard
Gighth Ave.	Eighth Ave.	N. D. de Grace
Gighth Ave.	Eighth Ave.	Longue Pointe
Gninth Ave.	Ninth Ave.	Longue Pointe
Genth Ave.	Tenth Ave.	Longue Pointe
Geventh Ave.	Eleventh Ave.	Longue Pointe
Gwelfth Ave.	Twelfth Ave.	Longue Pointe
Ganover Ave.	Hanover Ave.	St. George's
Gonnacona	Donnacona	Mt. Royal
Gemontarville	De Montarville	Henry Julian Ave.
Gamaska	Yamaska	Juneau
Gilleray	Villeray	De Normanville
'Goulevard Rosemont'	'Boulevard Rosemont'	D'Ailleboust
Ge Razilly	De Razilly	Kamouraska
Gucour	Drucour	Cadot
		Maxwell
Gouilquy Ave.	Souliquy Ave.	Des Ormeaux
Gepailleur	Lepailleur	De Lavaltrie
		St. Mary's Boulevard
Gontrecour	Contrecour	Mariner
Gacques Hertel	Jacques Hertel	Sorel
Gorence Ave.	Florence Ave.	Coolbrook
Grock	Brock	Meese Ave.
Glabadie	Labadie	Primeau
Ge Guiffard	De Guiffard	Rougemont
Gt. Gmer	St. Qmer	De Grandpre
Gilan	Milan	De Grosbois
Gontsabre	Montsabre	Bourdages
Gouleuse	Toulouse	De Courcelles
Gumont	Aumont	De Boucherville
Gictor Hugo	Victor Hugo	Turcot
Gacordaire	Lacordaire	Marguerite
Gamartine	Lamartine	St. Just
Genonville	Denonville	Du Berger
Gouis Geuillot	Louis Veuillot	Grubert
Gamartine	Lamartine	Vignal
Govis	Clovis	Vignal
Geen Mary Road	Queen Mary Road	Emmett
Gardinal	Cardinal	Duhamel
Gincess Louise	Princess Louise	Bourassa
Golleau	Bolleau	De Lauzon
Ge Gevis	De Levis	Charlemagne
Gauveau	Chauveau	Rupert
Ge Giencourt	De Biencourt	St. Malo
Goseph Gourret	Joseph Bourret	Cassidy
Gauveau	Chauveau	Winnipeg
Ge Garicourt	De Maricourt	De Rocheblave
Ganutelli	Vanutelli	
Ge Gumonville	De Jumonville	Avenue de l'Hotel Dieu
Gu Gois	Du Bois	Beangrand
Glamondon	Plamondon	Lanoiale
Gurenne	Turenne	Paul Kruger
Gerin Le Goie	Gerin Le Joie	Coristine
Gierre Gedard	Pierre Bedard	
Glamothe	Lamothe	
Ge Gharette Ave.	De Charette Ave.	
PUniversity	PUniversity	
Gictoria Ave.	Victoria Ave.	

DEATH OF MR. E. E. TACHE

Son of Former Premier for Over 50 Years in Civil Service Dies at Age of 76

Quebec, March 13.—Mr. E. E. Tache, Deputy Minister of Crown Lands of the Province of Quebec, died this morning after fifteen days' illness.

He was a son of Sir Etienne Tache, ex-Prime Minister of Canada.

He was 76 years old and had served over half a century in the civil service. He was a talented architect, and was an authority in heraldry, and was the author of the Plans of the Quebec Parliament Buildings.

A NEW MACHINE.

London, March 13.—Sir John Nicholson Barran, member of Parliament for the Hawick Burghs, and Parliamentary Secretary to the Postmaster-General, informed a meeting of the Associated Chambers of Commerce of the United Kingdom to-day that very shortly there would be introduced a telegraphic machine which would tick off despatches between England and other parts of the British Empire at the rate of fifty words a minute.

The announcement was made while Sir John Barran was opposing a motion in favor of the British Government co-operating in the establishment of an all-British transatlantic cable, on the ground that the present cables were under American control. Sir John asked the meeting, in view of the pending developments in telegraphy, not to pledge itself at present, and the motion was withdrawn.

LETTERS FROM READERS

PROF. WELSH PROTESTS.

(To the Editor of the 'Witness.')

Sir,—I beg to support strongly the protest echoed in your columns to-day against the recent alteration of Shuter street to Grey avenue. Shuter street is well-known, retains a historic name, and should be retained, and even given as the name for Aylmer street, so as to be continuous from St. Catherine street. Also, there is already much confusion owing to the existence of the other Grey avenue, in Notre Dame de Grace, with consequent delay in correspondence. And, if Earl Grey is to be honored in the naming of a street, let it be one more attractive and better kept than Aylmer street and Shuter street. If there is another Shuter street, though I know of none, let it be re-named rather than this one. Many in this street desire strongly to have the name retained.

R. E. WELSH.

117 Shuter street.

SHUTER STREET.

(To the Editor of the 'Witness.')

Sir,—As a resident in what was till recently Shuter street, I welcome your article on the subject of street naming in to-day's paper, and hope that, as you suggest, the name Shuter may be retained, and given to what were formerly Aylmer, Shuter and Oxenden. It seems a pity lightly to throw aside a well-known name that is not liable to confusion of any kind, and, much as I appreciate the compliment paid us by the city fathers in their distribution of gifts, I think their present of Grey avenue might have been reserved at least till they had made our street more worthy of the name.

A. WATSON BAIN.

820 Grey avenue, late 114 Shuter street.

CHINESE ANARCHY.

Hongkong, March 13.—A condition approaching anarchy appears to prevail almost everywhere in the Chinese province of Kwang Tung.

At Swatow the soldiers of the garrison opposed the landing of 2,000 Hakkas, or marauding tribesmen, and several fierce encounters have taken place between them. A battle was fought on Saturday at Chow Yang, a short distance to the south of Swatow, during which forty men were killed and sixty men wounded. Gen. Wu Sum, one of the commanders of the troops at Canton, is leaving for Swatow with 2,000 men, in order to suppress the disturbances.

The British consul at Canton last night ordered the captains of British vessels lying off the city to put out their lights should they hear firing from the forts. They did this, and the British gunboat 'Moorhen' had her awning and a spar torn by bullets while she was engaged in protecting the electric station.

Several of the foreign missionaries in the city have had narrow escapes from flying bullets.

Five of the leaders of the disorderly element who were formerly well-known pirates have combined together to defy the authorities to disarm their followers. It is said that one of their chiefs alone has 12,000 adherents.

Strong efforts are being made to restore peace, and the soldiers in Canton are receiving the sum of $16 for each rifle handed in to the authorities.

SPRING IS COMING

What About Your Spring Clothes?

We anticipated your wants, and now have on display at our stores 1,500 Ladies' Costumes, and more than a thousand Men's Suits. All in the most approved, latest fashions and patterns.

COME AND SEE US. IF YOU WISH WE TRUST YOU

$1.00 PER WEEK WILL DO

J. GARMAISE & KAHN BROS.

829-831 ST. CATHERINE EAST

Near Maisonneuve St.

The Largest Credit Clothing House in Montreal.

MULLER LADIES' TAILORING

Cor. Cathcart St. and McGill College Ave.

It affords me much pleasure to announce the arrival of my Spring Importations, and will be pleased to have your inspection. All materials are carefully selected and are specially suited for High-Class Tailoring, and are unequalled in variety, design, weave and blending of colors, will not shrink in damp weather, will tailor well and always present a smart appearance.

My methods of tailoring embrace all the important features, which mean perfection in a tailor-made suit. The moment your order for a garment enters my workroom it is taken in hand by an expert tailor, with the fashion plate before him, he models in accordance with the prevailing styles, and to suit the natural lines of your figure, the result a perfectly fitting garment, and up to the minute in style.

Thanking you for past favors and hoping to receive a continuance of your valued patronage.

FEARS FOR MRS. PANKHURST

Daughter Afraid Militant Leader Will Break Down in Jail

New York, March 13.—Miss Sylvia Pankhurst, the English suffragette, who has just arrived in New York from the west, will curtail her lecture tour in this country and return to England within the next fortnight.

'I am much worried over my mother,' said the youngest daughter of the militant leader, upon her arrival. 'From reports of the treatment she is receiving in Holloway prison I have fears for her health. This is the first time my mother has been forcibly fed in prison. Such treatment of prisoner's has resulted in ruined health and even death.

'This week's despatches have said that my mother, with others arrested, have been confined to the "punishment cells." This means dark, cold cells, underground, with nothing but the stone pavement to lie upon. It is difficult to understand why the British Government treats its suffrage prisoners worse than it does prisoners convicted of crime.

'Premier Asquith is to blame for the situation. Two-thirds of the House are pledged to support suffrage, and three-fourths of the cabinet have declared in its favor. It is the stubbornness of Mr. Asquith that makes matters so bad.'

London, March 13.—Ten of the suffragettes who were committed for trial by the police magistrate at the Bow Street Court on March 2, on a charge of smashing windows during the women's suffrage demonstration on March 1, were sentenced to-day at the London Sessions Court to terms ranging from four to six months' prison.

The women were tried in the Superior Court, on account of the damage caused by each of them having exceeded the value of $25.

OPENING.

Saturday, Monday, Tuesday,

SPRING OPENING at

O. LEMIRE CO.,

Cor. St. Denis and St. Catherine

C.P.R. Double Daily Service

Commencing March 17, a double daily service between Montreal, Winnipeg and the Pacific coast will be resumed, trains leaving Windsor street station at 10.10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m. daily.

ROYAL EDWARD INSTITUTE.

During the month of February the Royal Edward Institute (Tuberculosis Dispensary) reports as follows:

Consultations	1,030
New patients	151
Prescriptions filled	1,716
Cases reported	61
Nurses' visits	216
Inspector's visits	411
Leaflets distributed	1,360
Sputum cups distributed	9,250
Houses inspected	135

LADIES' RELIEF COMMITTEE.

Patients supplied with delicacies	7
Cups of soup served to patients	685
Garments given away	86
Quarts of milk	1,858
Eggs—dozens	142
Received cash	$52.00
Deaths in city (T.b.c.)	74

MOUNT ALLISON ALUMNI.

A dinner will be held in the Edinburgh Cafe to-morrow evening by graduates of Mount Allison University, Sackville, N. B., resident in Montreal, when the guest will be Dr. D. C. Borden, president of the Institution. The object of the gathering will be the formation of the Mount Allison Alumni Association in Montreal. The committee in charge of the dinner would be glad to see present anyone interested in Mount Allison University.

ASEPTO SOAP POWDER

The large 5c package

Literally the one perfect cleanser—since it is the only soap powder that both cleanses and sterilizes—makes all it washes free from germs—gets things clean and sweet and pure with least work and at least cost. Do make up your mind to try

The Soap Powder that Purifies

Won't roughen the skin nor harm the finest fabric. Use it instead of soap.

ASEPTO LIMITED
St. John, N. B.

"Sweetens the Home"

JAMES M. AIRD'S BREAD AD.

Pandandy Bread—a dandy pan loaf. It is everything we claim for it. It is wrapped in wax paper.—Ask your grocer for it, or Tel. Main 1026 or 2282.

MUSIC TAUGHT FREE

Home Instruction.

Special Offer to Readers of the 'Witness'

In order to advertise and introduce their home study music lessons in every locality the INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE OF MUSIC of New York will give free to our readers a complete course of instruction for either Piano, Organ, Violin, Mandolin, Guitar, Banjo, Cello, Brass Instruments or Sight Singing. In return they simply ask that you recommend their Institute to your friends after you learn to play.

You may not know one note from another; yet, by their wonderfully simple and thorough method, you can soon learn to play. If you are an advanced player you will receive special instruction.

The lessons are sent weekly. They are so simple and easy that they are recommended to any person or little child who can read English. Photographs and drawings make everything plain. Under the Institute's free tuition offer you will be asked to pay only a very small amount (averaging 14 cents a week) to cover postage and the necessary sheet music.

No one should overlook this wonderful offer. Tell your friends about it—show this article to them.

The International Institute has successfully taught others and can successfully teach you, even if you know absolutely nothing whatever about music. The lessons make everything clear.

Write to-day for the free booklet, which explains everything. It will convince you and cost you nothing. Address your letter or postal card to International Institute of Music, 98 Fifth Ave., Dept. 272 M, New York, N. Y.

Good News for All.

STRICTLY NEW LAID CANADIAN EGGS

The best the country can produce, only 40c per dozen.

Walter Paul's Stores

461 ST. CATHERINE WEST
80 UNIVERSITY STREET.

FRENCH DRY CLEANING

By our French Dry Cleaning method we can clean perfectly the most elaborately trimmed costumes or cloaks without ripping apart.

R. PARKER & CO.,

Dyers and Cleaners, Montreal, Que.
620 St. Catherine St. W.
392 Notre Dame St. W.
340 St. Catherine Street E.
Phones, Uptown 4106 and 4107.

HAVE YOU GOT A COLD?

Get a box of Harte's Grippe Wafers. Cures a cold in twenty-four hours. Price 25c.

NOW ABOUT THAT COUGH?

Try a bottle of Harte's Cough Mixture. Price 25c.

WINTER FLUID. For Chapped Hands and Lips; fifty years a favorite remedy. Price 25c.

J.A. HARTE, Druggist

150 Notre Dame Street West.

Is Your Office Kept in Good and Clean Condition?

IF NOT, CALL ON US.

Our terms are the cheapest to ... amount of satisfaction you get. For more information Call Main 1203, or write to

The New York Window Cleaning Co.,

40 Jurors Street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MONEY TO LEND ON MORTGAGE

BARRON & CUSHING

Notaries and Commissioners,
Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Building
112 St. James Street

JACKSON & CO.

CARPENTERS, BUILDERS and CONTRACTORS

Valuations made. Jobbing promptly attended to.

1298 to 1335 HIBERNIA ROAD

COMFORT FOR THE RUPTURED

St. Lawrence Hall, Montreal.

Mr. B. Lindman, Montreal:—

It gives me great pleasure to say that your Truss has been a great benefit to me, and it has kept the rupture in place ever since without inconvenience.

JOHN LLOYD.

Call or write for particulars. Consultations free.

B. LINDMAN, Reg'd.

16 McGill College Ave., Montreal.

C.P.R. Double Daily Service.

Commencing on March 17 double daily service between Montreal, Winnipeg and the Pacific coast will be resumed, trains leaving Windsor street station at 10.10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m. daily.

Important Announcement Relating to the Selling of

LONDON OSTRICH PLUMES

Direct from the Producer to the Wearer

In connection with the SPLENDID SPRING OPENING of

The Greatest Ostrich Feather Store in Canada

and the largest Ostrich Feather Company in the world, we respectfully announce that the attendance during this opening has been exceptionally large, and the display has received the hearty appreciation of Montreal women.

GREAT INTEREST IS SHOWN IN

"LONDON" DUCHESS PLUMES, AT $2.00 TO $40.00 EACH.
"LONDON" WILLOW PLUMES, AT $5.00 TO $50.00 EACH.
"LONDON" OSTRICH BANDS, AT $2.00 TO $20.00 EACH.
"LONDON" OSTRICH MOUNTS, AT 75c TO $25.00 EACH.
"LONDON" OSPREY, PARADISE, OSTRICH FANS AND MARABOUT STOLES AND MUFFS.

INSPECTION INVITED

London Feather Co., Limited,

569 ST. CATHERINE ST. WEST, MONTREAL.

London, Eng. Paris New York Montreal Toronto

Write for New Spring Catalogue to 144 Yonge St., Toronto.

Always Doing Better

Than the present best. That's the principle we follow with our Shirts. We're after your confidence, and the only way to get and keep it is to deserve it. Come and see how well we can do for you.

New Spring Shirts, 85c, $1.25, $1.75

R.J. Tooke, LIMITED

St. James and St. Catherine Streets.

DYNAMITE INDICTMENTS SUSTAINED

Judge Refused to Dismiss Charges Against Any of the Labor Leaders in Court Yesterday.

Indianapolis, Ont., March 13.—Demurrers to indictments against forty-six defendants in the Government's prosecution of the dynamiting conspiracy were filed before Judge A. B. Anderson by counsel for the indicted men when they were arraigned in the federal court yesterday. Eight of the fifty-four defendants were not present.

Elijah Zoline, of Chicago, one of the attorneys for the defence, began the argument in support of a motion to quash the indictments on the ground that many of them charged the same offence of conspiracy to transport explosives from state to state illegally.

Judge Anderson interrupted Mr. Zoline with a statement that the motion to quash the indictments on the ground of confusing multiplicity 'was absurd.'

'These defendants will never go to trial without thoroughly understanding what they are charged with,' said he. 'They will not be embarrassed or confused in this court. The motion is over ruled.'

Attorney Alfred Hovey then attacked the indictments, denying there was a showing that the defendants had unlawfully conveyed explosives on passenger trains. He declared there was no violation of federal statute unless explosives were transported on common carriers concealed in unmarked packages and maintained the indictments did not so aver.

'Do counsel for the defence contend,' commented Judge Anderson, 'that if I pack a valise with dynamite and carry it on a passenger train without misrepresenting what I have, say to New York, that I am not violating the federal law? I cannot read the statute in any other sense than that I would be committing a crime.'

Walter Ball, of Muncie, Ind., replied this was the contention, and that when the statute defined that it was illegal to ship explosives only if effort were made to conceal or mislabel the character of the shipment, it made the same stipulation as to an individual carrying explosives on a train.

Mr. Ball further argued that the act of 1908 governing inter-state transportation of explosives repealed the act of 1866 and that as the indictments cite both acts the indictments are defective. He also maintained that as the conspiracy charged was alleged to have been consummated in 1908, the statute of limitations had run against prosecution.

BIG STEAMERS IN COLLISION

Crash in the Fog and Serious Results Narrowly Averted.

New York, March 13.—In a collision almost head-on in the fog at the entrance to the lower bay, late yesterday, the coastwise steamship 'City of Savannah,' of the Ocean Steamship Company, and the smaller steamer 'Navahoe, of the Clyde line, were seriously damaged. The 'Savannah' liner's bow of steel was ripped open as though it were so much cardboard for more than twenty-five feet along the starboard side, and the 'Navahoe's' bow was crumpled up for a distance of ten feet or more. Several passengers on the 'City of Savannah' were thrown violently against the rails and deck fittings by the force of the compact, but no one was seriously injured.

The accident occurred about four miles off the Ambrose Channel light ship at 4.40 o'clock as the 'Savannah' liner was outward bound and the 'Navahoe' was arriving. While the vessels were disengaging themselves from what looked to the passengers to be a disastrous collision, the accident was reported to the city by wireless. Tugs were despatched to the scene, and the Sandy Hook life savers went out to stand by. Although each steamship was able to proceed under its own power, the tugs acted as consorts until both vessels safely reached their piers, which by coincidence are adjacent.

Captain T. L. Dreyer, of the 'Savannah' liner, told the reporters at the pier that he was steaming his vessel out cautiously with fog whistles blowing, when suddenly through a bank of mist a steamer was seen almost upon him. Captain Dreyer said that he signalled that he would keep his course, but he declared that the other vessel did not heed the signal and in a moment it appeared that the 'Navahoe' would strike the 'City of Savannah' amidships. By a quick turn of the helm to port Captain Dreyer avoided such a blow, but the vessels met almost bow-on. The damage to the 'Savannah' liner is believed to be all above the water-line, but the 'Navahoe' had listed badly by the time she had reached her pier, and it is believed she took water. Captain Dreyer, of the 'Navahoe,' would not allow any one aboard his ship to-night to talk of the accident. The 'Navahoe' left Georgetown, S.C., on Thursday.

The Store Doors Close at 5.30 P.M.

Goodwins Limited

Owning and Operating A. E. REA & Co., Montreal, Limited

D. LORNE McGIBBON, Pres. J. W. McCONNELL, Vice-Pres.
W. H. GOODWIN, Managing Director.

SILK STOCKING SURPRISE

OF THE SEASON
TO-MORROW AT GOODWINS'

Ladies' Pure Thread Silk Hose

.22 a Pair

We Never Before Sold Silk Hosiery at Such a Price

Twenty-two cents a pair for Ladies' Pure Thread Silk Hose is an absolutely marvellous price. The lowest price we ever sold pure Silk Hose at before was .59 a pair. The 2000 pairs of this Pure Silk Hosiery are easily worth twice the amount. At .22 a pair there are few ladies, if any, who couldn't afford new Silk Hosiery every week during the Spring and Summer,—in fact many times a week. Let us give you a word as to the good making of this Hosiery. Every pair is high spliced, heel and toe, has double feet and half lisle leg. They have double garter tops, thus giving longer wear, and are a good fast black. There are no other colors. They are seconds which we could readily sell at half a dollar a pair. So that all our customers may have a share of the first sale of Silk Hosiery at .22 we ever held, we will not sell more than six pairs to any one customer. We can give you every size. Let us impress on you to come just as early as you can tomorrow morning. It will be a history-making day in Silk Stocking selling in Montreal. *Fifty cent Ladies' Pure Thread Hosiery at .22 a pair.*

—GROUND FLOOR.

ISRAEL EARLY HAD MUSIC

Dr. Perrin of McGill Tells of Jewish Love for it.

That it was impossible to establish details as to the orgin of music in the Jewish nation, certain lines in the Old Testament interpreted by the revelations of expeorations and excavations in ancient Egypt and Assyria, showed that the musicians of Israel had a full orchestra. They had string instruments, wind instruments and percussion instruments, as were used in orchestras to this day.

The foregoing remarks were uttered by Dr. H. C. Perrin, musical director of McGill University Conservatorium of Music in an address before a large audience in the Baron de Hirsch Institute last night. The address was illustrated by sterepticon views of the ancient eastern musical instruments, some of which foreshadowed the building of the organ. The Jews, he said, borrowed, or shared in common with Egypt and Assyia music and song. Greece borrowed her instruments and musical ideas from these sources. No such thing as musical notation existed in those days. The music of Israel was closely allied to the moral and political life of the nation. But the airs must have been handed down by tradition. The accents of the words of the lay at first attracted attention to the rise and fall of the voice. Since the dispersion the music of the Jews was influenced by the various nations with which they came in contact. In many of the more carefully preserved modern melodies of the Jews a decided cast of Asiatic tonality was preserved in most cases.

In the time of Solomon the national prosperity was too early for the intellectual development of the race and in the Middle Ages it was retarded by prosecution, so that it was only in more recent times that the Jews took a prominent place in the musical world. The Jewish in music, as in other affairs, became great middlemen. The Jew was found in every country and he acted as a universal interpreter of the universal art. They had great Jewish musicians as Rubinstein and Singers, he believed, as Jennie Lind.

A resumé of Jewish vocal music was given, illustrating the melodies in the Jewish liturgy, and the Gregorian chants. Many of the hymns used in the synagogues and supposed to be ancient, were entirely modern.

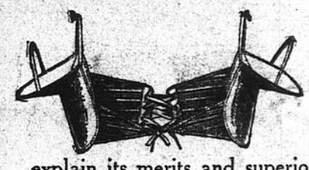
As illustrations of traditional Jewish melodies, Dr. Perrin sang Bircat Cohanim (Priestly Blessing), Az Yashir Mosha (Song of Moses), and Miss Eva Goldstein tastefully rendered 'By the Waters of Babylon,' Melodies used in modern Jewish composers' works were illustrated by 'Lord, Bow Down Thine Ear' (Elijah), and the 'Heathen are Fallen' (Song of Victory), played by Dr. Perrin, and 'Kol Nidrei,' played on the violin by Mr. Brant. An excerpt from Elgar's 'Apostles' was employed by the lecturer to show the use made of Jewish instruments and chants by modern composers. As an instance of a Russian Jewish composer whose works show little or no trace of either Jewish tradition or Russian national influence, Miss Goldstein sang 'Gelb rolt mir zu Fussen,' by Rubenstein.

Prior to the adddress of Dr. Perrin Mr. Nathan B. Cohen read a paper on 'Jewish Colonization in Canada.' He said that at present 3,428 Jews lived on farms in Canada, having under cultivation 136,334 acres. The Jewish Colonization Association, with its central branch in Paris, assists for the most part Jewish colonization in this country. This society has a revenue from fifty million dollars that was bequeathed to it by the late Baron de Hirsch. This association aids Jewish agriculturists all over the world.

One of the Jewish colonists in Wapella, Sask., distinguished himself a short time ago by winning the seed wheat competition.

DEMONSTRATION OF

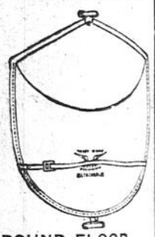
OMO = THE = ODORLESS DRESS SHIELD



A special demonstration of the Omo Odorless Dress Shield will be given by an expert who has come from The Omo Manufacturing Company to demonstrate and explain its merits and superior quality to the ladies of Montreal.

A good dress shield should be impervious to moisture, free from objectionable odors, readily cleansed, hygienic and durable. That's what you get when you purchase the Omo. Every pair guaranteed. In all styles and sizes.

Prices.. .. .. **.25** to **.85**



—GROUND FLOOR.

TO-MORROW WE SELL

Silks at Wash Goods Prices

You've known many a silk surprise from Goodwins'. To-morrow we have prepared a double-barrel surprise by *selling Silk below the price of some wash goods.* This is not silk which has deteriorated in quality because any silk which we cannot recommend we do not sell at any price.

Just think of .19 a yard for any of the following weaves.

Silk Warp Pongee. Silk Warp Tussore, Plaid Taffeta, Stripe Taffeta, Persian Japanese Habutai, Silk Broche, etc. There is not a complete range of colors in each line, but a full assortment altogether. Reg. .29, .39, .49, .59, and .65; Thursday per yard.. .. .. **.19**

—GROUND FLOOR.

A RAY OF HOPE IS SEEN IN ATTITUDE OF MINERS

Conference Yesterday Gives Rise to Optimistic Feeling that Deadlock May at Last be Broken—To-day's Meetings May Bring Leaders Closer Together and Open Up Basis of Settlement.

New York, March 13.—With conferences to-day in New York and London steps may be taken which will lead towards adjustments of the world-wide coal situation, which finds a million miners on strike in Great Britain and a threatened strike of thousands of hard and soft coal miners in the United States. In England all branches of industry are affected by the strike, and it is estimated that the work army totals two million persons. Possibilities of strike in this country has already made itself felt in premiums of $1 a ton paid for anthracite.

Shipments of soft coal from the bituminous regions to the seaboard are delayed by recent bad weather and a car shortage.

President John P. White, of the United Mine Workers of America, and a committee of hard coal miners, were prepared this afternoon to confer with a committee of operators who will officially reply to the demands for higher wages and other concessions presented two weeks ago by the miners. The operators have already announced that the demands would be refused. Both sides insist that they will 'stand pat.'

'I shall have nothing to say until the operators have officially answered the demands,' said President White. 'Certain it is that I hope we come to some agreement. This much I will say, that the miners committee is quite satisfied with the situation and if necessary we are prepared to quit work.'

Some operators believe that the detailed reply to the miners' demands will make it possible for a submission of modified demands by the miners, which will lead to a compromise of the situation.

London, March 13.—Although nothing definite was achieved at the joint conference of the coal owners, miners and cabinet ministers yesterday, the prospect of a settlement of the coal strike is decidedly brighter. The executive of the Miners' Federation met late last night and adopted a resolution recommending that the federation agree to Mr. Asquith's plan for a joint conference in the various districts for the settlement of the minimum wage proposals, on the understanding that none of the districts resume work until a national settlement is effected.

Should the federation, as is expected, adopt this recommendation it will be a decided step forward, as a general agreement on a minimum wage is likely to have considerable influence on the obdurate Scotch and Welsh owners.

The Prime Minister again had an audience with the King and informed His Majesty of the proceedings at the joint conference.

The extent to which the strike is curtailing railway services is indicated by the fact that the North-eastern Railway alone has suspended 1,369 trains. It is estimated that the unions, excluding the miners, are paying out $250,000 weekly to those out of employment, while 160,000 men are working on short time. The funds of the North Wales Miners' Association are almost exhausted, and the association has been obliged to stop strike pay. In Scotland some isolated raids on bakers, coal and wood stores are reported.

GENERAL DISCUSSION.

London, March 13.—A general discussion of the situation took place and the conference adjourned at 6.30 p.m. until 11.30 o'clock this morning.

This was all the information divulged by the official statement concerning the results of the momentous conference at the Foreign Office yesterday, on which hangs the last hope of settling the coal strike without recourse to legislation. The conference, which included representatives of the coal owners and miners, as well as of the cabinet, was held under the presidency of Mr. Asquith. Three and a half hours were devoted to a discussion of the whole subject of the strike, but a basis for a settlement was not reached.

It was the first time since the Government intervened that the disputants had been brought together. The fact that the conference will reassemble to-morrow indicates that there is no deadlock, and gives ground for the hope that some agreement will be reached, paving the way for a settlement of the strike. Further than that all is surmise.

The Government is being subjected to severe criticism for veiling with secrecy negotiations which involve the vital industries of the nation.

APPOINTED SUB-COMMITTEES.

According to the 'Daily News,' the coal conference yesterday appointed a sub-committee, representing both owners and miners, to consider the minimum wage schedules with a view to their possible revision.

The sailings of the following steamships have been cancelled owing to the strike: 'Oceanic,' 'Majestic,' 'Teutonic,' 'Merion.'

BELGIUM EXPECTS TROUBLE.

Brussels, March 13.—There is every probability of a coal strike breaking out throughout Belgium, which will affect 45,000 collieries. The miners in the Liege Basin have charged their delegates to ask for higher wages and those in the vicinity of Charlesroi have unanimously decided to ask for a fifteen percent increase. If their demands are not granted they all threaten to go on strike. The miners justify their demands chiefly on account of the higher selling prices of coal in consequence of the strike in Great Britain.

DISORDERS IN GERMANY.

Berlin, March 13.—Collisions between the strikers, the police and the non-strikers are reported to have occurred yesterday in six or eight localities in the coal regions. The most serious conflict was near Hambern, in the district of Dusseldorf, where, according to despatches, a mob of 2,000 strikers, who were waiting for the workers, threw stones and bottles and fired revolvers at the detachment of forty policemen who were on guard, injuring five of them. The police then charged with drawn sabres, injuring many of the strikers. The workers were stoned and the police used their sabres in dispersing the crowds of strikers at many other points, but the number of casualties is not reported.

Figures issued yesterday show that the increases of wages demanded by the miners cannot be granted owing to the financial position of the mining companies.

RUSSIAN DIPLOMACY.

Ambassador Recalled and Given Lower Rank.

St. Petersburg, March 13.—The Russian ambassador to Turkey, M. Tcharykoff, has been recalled and appointed a senator. His sudden removal from Constantinople is regarded as somewhat of a disgrace. The 'Novoe Vremya,' in praising M. Tcharykoff, says that the Foreign Office is changing horses in mid-stream and had not a single satisfactory candidate for the position. It demands that an outsider should be appointed, and suggests M. Guchkoff, ex-president of the Douma. The 'Vremya's' attack is directed against M. Neratoff, under-minister of foreign affairs, who is the Foreign Office's candidate.

M. Tcharykoff's recall has stirred official circles. It is announced that the foreign minister, M. Sazonoff, had an audience with the Emperor at Tsarkoe-Selo on March 5, at which the fate of the ambassador was decided, and Premier Kokovsoff at the end of the week ordered the publication of M. Tcharykoff's appointment as senator.

The salary of a senator is $4,000 and the position comes under the category of third class, while that of ambassadors and ministers is of the second class, and of the hierarchy, chancellors and field marshal first class. Ambassadors, on retirement from their posts, for example, Baron Rosen, have heretofore invariably been appointed to the Council of the Empire, thus ranking second class officers.

M. Tcharykoff's recall, it is said, was due to his independent attitude and his disapproval of the Foreign Minister's action with regard to peace, and also to the disappointment experienced by the Emperor, who desired that the Dardanelles should be opened. M. Tcharykoff was a friend of the Young Turks and a believer in the regeneration of Turkey. The Foreign Office, on the other hand, had somewhat different views, which caused an awkward situation. Recently the Russian ambassador, on instructions from the Foreign Office, broached the question of reopening the Dardanelles, which had been closed by Turkey, but Russia's initiative in this matter was semi-officially denied, when it resulted in failure.

OIL STEAMER WRECKED

Two Drowned in Terrible Sea in Pacific.

Gaviota, Cal., March 13.—Lying on the rocks only fifty feet from the Gaviota shore where the surf beats heavily, the tank steamer 'Rosecrans,' of the Associated Oil Company's fleet, is practically a total wreck. Two of her crew were drowned and the remaining 33 and her commander, Captain Johnson, are waiting here for orders.

The 'Rosecrans' went on the rocks late on Monday night, but it was not until early yesterday that the rolling and grinding of the vessel's hull on the rock barrier had caused her to spring a leak.

The vessel was in danger of capsizing and Captain Johnson ordered that the valves be opened. An effort was made to get a line ashore, but the small boat was swamped and one sailor lost his life. A moment later Carpenter Landmark was swept from the deck and drowned. The 'Rosecrans' had come here to load for a voyage to Honolulu, but was still empty when the vessel struck the rocks. The 'Falls of Clyde,' a three-masted sailing vessel, also owned by the Associated Oil Company, narrowly escaped, being wrecked, but late yesterday the sea became calmer and the ship found safe anchorage near the shore.

NEW CAMBRIDGE CHAIR.

London, March 13.—An anonymous donor has placed in the hands of Lord Esher £20,000 to endow a professorship at Cambridge University in connection with the experimental study of heredity. It is stipulated that the new chair shall be called the Balfour Professorship of Genetics, and its first incumbent be appointed jointly by the Prime Minister and Mr. Balfour.

INVASION OF BRITAIN

Dramatic Scene in British Commons When Members Hear Some Truths

London, March 13.—A dramatic scene was enacted in the House of Commons yesterday. The Government was being criticised for its alleged unpreparedness for war, whereupon the Hon. J. B. Seely, Under-Secretary for War, held up a sealed envelope, which contained, he said, information which any member could have under pledge of secrecy, as to how within a few days on an order for mobilization 150,000 men could be despatched abroad with ammunition and stores for three months. And, he added, in the opinion of the General Staff, when this expeditionary force had left the country, taking into account the relative strength of the navy and the surrounding circumstances, the country would be quite safe from invasion.

MEDICAL FREEDOM.

New League Formed in Toronto to Push the Cause.

Toronto, March 13.—The Ontario League for Medical Freedom was organized last evening at Foresters' Hall, College street. Mr. Barswell was elected president, and J. D. Nasmith vice-president.

The aim of the league is to set forth the following declaration of principles:

We oppose the granting of a monopoly of healing practice to any system or system of healing; we oppose any attempt to take from us our inalienable right to employ in the hour of illness the practitioner or system of our choice.

We oppose the establishment of state medicine as we would oppose the establishment of state religion.

While in favor of sanitation and cleanliness in the highest degree, we oppose the attempted use of these general principles as a cloak for compulsory medical treatment.

We oppose discrimination in favor of any school of healing in the selection of Dominion, provincial or municipal officers charged with the administration of sanitary quarantine or other health regulations.

We oppose the use of public funds, public schools or other public institutions for the dissemination of literature, the advertising of the theories or the furtherance of the propaganda of any particular system of healing.

We propose to prosecute a campaign of education and publicity not only to arrest any further encroachment upon our right to select the practitioner or system of our choice in the hour of illness, but also to regain the rights that have been taken from us and to establish forever the principle of medical freedom.

THE NAME 'STRATHCONA.'

Edmonton, Alb., March 13.—So far as the civic officials are concerned, the name of the South Side of the River will be called "Edmonton A." This decision was reached by Mayor Armstrong, into whose hands the matter was placed by the Commissioners several days ago. The Mayor has since written to J. M. Douglas, M.P., at Ottawa, to the effect that the name 'Strathcona' was to be a matter of history, and that the new name was to be put in force. In the letter he requested that Mr. Douglas endeavor to have the change brought about through the House.

WANTS CANADIAN LAW.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, March 13.—At the Associated Chambers of Commerce, Mr. Hamar Greenwood moved that the Canadian conciliation labor and industrial disputes investigation acts should be adopted in Great Britain, which, he declared, would do something to make sudden strikes impossible. The motion, however, was lost.

C. P. R. ON VANCOUVER ISLAND

Since the Canadian Pacific Railway acquired the E. and N. Railway operating on Vancouver Island, there have been many improvements, and others are contemplated as a prelude to the early opening of the summer season. The company is bringing into use the twelve locomotives which have just arrived on the island from the Angus shops at Montreal, and these being of considerable increased power, the company will be able to secure much better traction power and additional capacity for hauling.

Rabbit from New Zealand

Try a tin of this Rabbit some time; you never tasted anything more delicious. **It acts like Chicken,** and forms a pleasant change in the ordinary bill of fare.

Packed in large tins, and just received from **Tait, of New Zealand.** Price, 35c per tin, $3.90 dozen. Special prices to the trade.

Yacht Club Salad Dressing

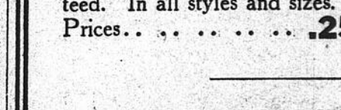
is most delicious as a dressing or sauce for all kinds of Salads, Meat and Vegetable Dishes, cold or hot. A pure and wholesome relish, that keeps in perfect condition until the last drop is used.

The material used in the making of Yacht Club Dressing is so pure and fresh, that it can be taken by people who otherwise cannot digest the ordinary kinds of Salad Dressing.

Yacht Club Salad Dressing ..... Small Bottles 35c
Yacht Club Salad Dressing ..... Large Bottles 60c

FRASER, VIGER & CO. Limited

ITALIAN WAREHOUSE, Established 1856. FRASER-NORDHEIMER BUILDING, 211 St. James Street, and BRANCH: 235 and 237 LA URIER AVENUE WEST



should do your laundry work:
We use pure water.
We use pure soap.
We do expert work.
We have sanitary surroundings.
We guarantee that if you try us once your clothes will be whiter, sweeter, cleaner than ever before.
We call and deliver.

4218 ST. CATHERINE ST. WEST.
Near Greene Ave.

EVERY ONE

of our large staff of

LOYAL EMPLOYEES

is doing His or Her Best to help us to

KEEP THE QUALITY UP

Harrison

BREAD EXPERT

Phone Westmount 386.

OPENING.

Saturday, Monday, Tuesday

SPRING OPENING at

O. LEMIRE CO.,

Cor. St. Denis and St. Catherine

THE DAILY WITNESS' is printed and published at No. 140 St. Peter Street, in the City of Montreal, by John Redpath Dougall and Frederick Eugene Dougall, both of Montreal.

All business communications should be addressed John Dougall & Son, 'Witness' Office, Montreal, and all letters to the Editor, should be addressed 'Editor' of the 'Witness.'

The revenue of Dundee Harbour Trust last month was £8,[illegible] cord.