

THE QUEBEC MERCURY.

MORES ET STUDIA ET POPULOS ET PRAELIA DICAM.—Virg. Georg. iv. 5.

VOLUME XV.]

TUESDAY, JUNE 15, 1819.

[NUMBER 24.]

QUEBEC BANK.

DIRECTOR for the present Week,
JOHN GOUDIE, Esquire.

Days of Discount **MONDAY & THURSDAY.**
Notes offered for Discount should be enclosed to the Cashier, and given in before the day of discount.
Hours for public business at the Bank, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

NOAH FREER, Cashier.

No. 5, Sault-au-Matelot Street,
14th June, 1819.

BANK NOTICES.

DIRECTOR for the week,
WILLIAM FINLAY, Esquire.

Days of Discount **TUESDAY & FRIDAY.**
Notes offered for Discount should be enclosed to the Cashier, and given in before the day of discount.
Office hours from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock, P. M.

D. SUTHERLAND, Cashier.

No. 3, St. Peter's Street.

QUEBEC BANK.

THE Stockholders are hereby required to pay into the Bank, on or before **TUESDAY**, the 15th of June next, an Instalment of ten per cent upon their respective shares.

NOAH FREER, Cashier.

5th May, 1819.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale the following articles viz:—

- Iron rim Locks of the best quality,
- Dead do. do.
- Fine Plate do.
- Trunk, Drawer, and Cupboard do.
- Trunk and Chest Handles,
- Joiner's Cramps,
- Rising and But Hinges of different sizes,
- 42 Sets Coffin Furniture, gilt and white,
- Fire Irons of different sorts,
- Screws, do.
- Chest Hinges and H. L. do.
- Black Lead, &c. &c. which he offers for Cash or approved Credit.

MARTIN CHILDS,

Quebec, 20th August, 1818.

Cal-de-Sac. u.

TO LET,

AND possession given immediately, or on the 1st of May—the West Wing of Montcalm House. Enquire of Mr. Grout.

8th Feb. 1819. u

FOR SALE.

- BAR**, bolt, sheet and hoop Iron,
- Shot and bar Lead,
- Tin I X,
- Anchors, from 17 a 22 cwt.
- Yellow Ochre, Spanish Brown,
- Coal Tar, black and pine Varnish,
- Cut and plain Glassware,
- Farthenware, tobacco Pipes
- Brown Stout Porter, in 10 and 3 dozen casks,
- Herefordshire Perry.

ALSO,

Teneriffe, Fayal, Broute Madeira and Port Wines.
WILLIAM PRICE,
No. 1, St. Peter-street.

20th Jan. 1819.

FOR SALE,

10,000 Pine and white Spruce Deals.
Apply to **CHINIC & VEZINA,**
3, St. Peter Street, 18th March, 1819.

MAQUAY & HAWKINS

HAVE received per the Prince of Asturias, from Dublin, in addition to their usual supplies, an assortment of the choicest French Wines that can be procured; Rauzan and Ducasse Clarets, Barsac, Vin de Grave, Preignac, and Sautern.

The above Wines were purchased by them in Bordeaux, and such care taken in the selection, that they are confident better cannot be exported from thence: samples of which may be tasted at their Counting House.

Their Port and Madeira now on hand will be found of very superior quality.

They are also in daily expectation of some Choice Port from London, and Madeira Wine from the Island.

Regimental Messes, Hotels, and Shipping, supplied on reasonable terms.

Free-Mason's Hall, Upper Town, May 28, 1819.

PER CANADA, and PER ARNO, from LONDON

JOHN MACNIDER, & Co.

Have just received and offer for Sale, **SIXTEEN** Trunks Ladies and Children's Boots and Shoes, two casks Day and Martin's, real Japan Blacking, five Trunks Silk, Thread and Cotton Hosiery, one Trunk Ladies and Gentlemen's Gloves, assorted, superfine blue, black and Drab Cloths, 2-4, 4-4 and 6-4, black Crapes.

Black Bombazine, black mode, white, black and coloured Sattins, one trunk fashionable Ribbons assorted, black, coloured and Magpie Galloons, white, black and coloured Ferrets, royal improved Needles, mixed Pins, two packages Brushes assorted, and an assortment of stationary, Haberdashery Buttons and Combs, fresh London Mustard.

No. 10 Fabrique Street,
4th May, 1819. u

FOR SALE,

By **ROGERSON, HUNTER, & Co.**

AT THEIR STORES,

No. 8, Saint Peter Street:

PRIME Port Wine, in wood and bottles; Claret, in cases; Madeira Wine, Spanish red Wines, in pipes and hogheads; consisting of—Old Alogue, Benicarlo, Catatonia, and Fondellot; Sherry and Teneriffe Wines, in bottles; a few hogheads of Spanish white; French and Spanish Brandies; Arrack, Hollands Gin, Cyder in bottles; Twanky and Congo Teas; a few cases Sauces; Mess, and prime Mess Pork, in barrels; Beef, in tierces; Salmon, in Barrels; a few tierces best Carolina Rice; Barley, in barrels; Oatmeal, in ditto; Gunpowder, of different qualities; prime Virginia Leaf Tobacco; Rosin, Lamblack, yellow Ochre, black and white Paints, in kegs of 14 and 28lbs.; Spirits of Turpentine, Brushes, Glass, Paper, Double Stoves, Sheet Iron, small round Iron, Bass Rope, a Hawser, and a few cases Cottons.
Quebec, Jan. 12, 1819. u

For Sale by the Subscriber,

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND of this country made **BRICKS**, of a superior quality and large size.
THOS. C. OLIVA,
Quebec, 4th Sept. 1818. u

For Sale by the Subscribers,

- 20** pipes real Cognac brandy,
- 5 do. Hollands,
- 6 do. superior old Port wine,
- 11 hhds. refined sugar,
- German scythes, 24, 26 and 28 inch,
- Genesee superfine and fine flour,
- A few cases cotton stripes and printed shawls,
- W. O. pipe staves, in craft,
- Red oak puncheon staves, in do.
- 20 m. feet merchantable white pine,
- 2000 standard deals.

HANCOX & CRINGAN,

Goudie's Wharf, 1st June, 1819. u

NOTICE.

THE STEAM FERRY BOAT LAUZON will every day during this Season punctually leave the undermentioned places at the following hours:

QUEBEC,		POINTE LEVY,	
at—	o'clock A. M.	at—	o'clock A. M.
6 $\frac{1}{2}$	do.	6	do.
7 $\frac{1}{2}$	do.	7	do.
8 $\frac{1}{2}$	do.	8	do.
9 $\frac{1}{2}$	do.	9	do.
10 $\frac{1}{2}$	do.	10	do.
11 $\frac{1}{2}$	do.	11	do.
1 $\frac{1}{2}$	P. M.	1	P. M.
2 $\frac{1}{2}$	do.	2	do.
3 $\frac{1}{2}$	do.	3	do.
4 $\frac{1}{2}$	do.	4	do.
5 $\frac{1}{2}$	do.	5	do.
6 $\frac{1}{2}$	do.	6	do.
7 $\frac{1}{2}$	do.	7	do.
		8	do.

In order to prevent any mistake respecting the hour, a time-piece will be kept on board, which will be regulated by the town bell.

No passage money will be received on board.

Tickets will be sold at the respective places, and given up on going on Board.

Two minutes previous to the Boat starting a horn will be blown.

Quebec, 1st May, 1819.

BOARDING HOUSE.

MRS. DICK respectfully informs the public, she has moved from St. Andrews Wharf to the house lately occupied by Mr. Moore Cal-de-Sac street, where she can accommodate a few gentlemen on reasonable terms.

Quebec, 24 May 1819.

MALHIOT'S HOTEL.

(New three story House, No. 40, St. John-street.)

THE Subscriber returns his grateful thanks to the Public in general for the liberal encouragement he has experienced in his line for many years past, and informs his friends and the public in general, that the above house is constantly open for the purpose of an

Hotel, Coffee House and Tavern.

Gentlemen and the Public at large may be assured of the continuance of his best endeavours to give them satisfaction, by good attendance. The best of Viands and Liquors, at reasonable charges.

Gentlemen travelling can be supplied with horses and carriages on demand. Those who may have occasion for good horses during their stay, will have them furnished.

Cold and Warm Baths,

For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children at any time of the day, with the best of attendance, having different rooms with all things necessary, cleanly and elegantly prepared for that purpose. Parties, whether for pleasure or business, can be entertained at all times, upon the shortest notice.

FRANCOIS MALHIOT,

Quebec, 19th April, 1819.

98 RED PINE SPARS,

FOR SALE—by
24th April, 1819. 2m **R. & G. WOOD.**

FOR Sale, by **WM. GINGER**, per Ship Hanna from London, a fresh assortment of Garden and Turnip Seeds, warranted good, at No. 4, Ursuline Street, Quebec, May 7, 1819. u

THE Subscriber being appointed agent for a **SALMON FISHING**, below, daily expects a supply of fresh salmon, also smoked and pickled salmon, smoked and pickled herrings, orders for which will be received at his store in the Lower-Town Market place, any Gentleman wishing a supply sent to Montreal, may have them packed in ice and forwarded on the shortest notice.

Lower-Town Market Place,
1st June, 1819.

JOHN ESSON

PORT OF QUEBEC.

ARRIVED.

- June 10—Schooner from Bay des Chaleurs, passenger, Miss Wilson.
- 11—Schooner Harriot, Branner, 43 days St. Vincent, to the Master, cargo rum and molasses.
- Brig Martha, Scott, 56 days from Workington, to E. Campbell, in ballast, 74 settlers.
- Brig Benson, Hunter, 56 days from London, to Lymburner.
- Brig Union, Henry, 57 days from Greenock, to Irvine, M'Naught & Co. general cargo, passengers, Mr. Fraser and 8 settlers.
- Brig Prosperity, Wright, 56 days from London, to Bell and Stewart, ballast.
- Brig Ceres, Vickerson, 50 days from Leith, to order, ballast, passenger, Wm. Marsden.
- Brig Ocean, Jeffrey, 49 days from London, to order, general cargo, passenger, Mr. Mathews.
- Brig Joseph, Paterson, 54 days from Newcastle, to P. Paterson & Co. ballast.
- Brig Eslington, Richardson, 58 days from Portsmouth, to order ballast.
- Brig Prince Wales, Robinson, 63 days from London, to order, ballast.
- Brig William, Wild, 52 days from Liverpool, to G. Symes, general cargo, passengers, Mr. Jackson and 2 boys.
- Brig Alexander, Errington, 45 days from London, to order, general cargo, passengers, Mrs. Gibson & Family.
- Bark Hopewell, Caulson, 42 days from London, to P. Patterson & Co. in ballast.
- Ship Heroine, Crosby, 42 days from London, to Coltman & Hale, in ballast.
- Ship Doncaster, Marshall, 63 days from London, to P. Patterson & Co. in ballast.
- Ship Astrea, Wilson, 60 days from Portsmouth, to Hamilton & Co. in ballast.
- Ship Bellona, Story, 45 days from London, to Campbell & Sheppard, in ballast.
- Ship Ewretta, Stoddard, 51 days from London, to Forsyth, Richardson & Co. general cargo. (Passengers published before.)
- Brig Kate, M'Kanna, 60 days from Dublin, to Fentland & Bury, in ballast, passengers Miss Moore, and 120 settlers.
- Brig X Y Z, Fothergale, 52 days from Newcastle, to Hamilton & Co. cargo, coals and glass, 12 settlers.
- 12—Brig Luna, Knox, 63 days from London, to order, ballast.
- Brig Luna, Harrison, 65 days from London, to McTavish & Co. general cargo.
- Ship Minerva, Carricks, 42 days from Portsmouth, to P. Patterson and Co. ballast.
- Brig West Indian, Wardle, 50 days from London, to P. Patterson & Co. ballast.
- 14—Brig Blackett, Turner, 52 days from Newcastle, to Hart, Logan & Co. cargo coals.
- Ship Britannia, Burns, 70 days from London, to P. Patterson, ballast.
- Ship Pitt, Hamilton, 43 days from Belfast, to Hancox & Cringan, general cargo

- Passengers Davidson, Hill, Dr. Smith, and 288 settlers.
- Ship Lord Cathcart, Brown, 42 days from London to P. Patterson, & Co. ballast.
- Brig Ann, Wilford, 53 days from Cork, to Mr. Cinton, general cargo—Passengers, Col. Loyd and Family, Capt. Monk, Lieut. Garet and Family, Messrs. Scolland and 3 in steerage.
- Brig Jane, Frost, 49 days from Plymouth, to Rogerson, Hunter & Co. ballast, Passengers Lieut. Williams, and 8 in steerage.
- Brig Omnium, Shadforth, 70 days from Newcastle, to M. Chaffers, ballast.
- Schooner Mary & Jane, Duhamel, 70 days from Liverpool, to Robt. Orkney, cargo Salt.
- 15—Brig True Briton, Reid, 46 days from Liverpool, to order, general cargo, Passengers, Revd. J. Thomson, Mr. Holiday and 66 settlers.
- Brig Doris, Gordon, 63 days from Liverpool, to G. Symes, cargo Salt.
- Brig Northumberland, Nickleson, 62 days from London, to M. Lymburner, ballast.
- Brig Rose, Beveridge, 42 days from Greenock, to M'Doual, ballast.
- Brig Dryden, Dryden, 63 days from London, to G. Ker, ballast.
- Bark Eliza & Sarah, Wishart, 42 days from Newcastle, to D'Estimauxville, ballast.

PRICE OF ADVERTISING, IN THIS PAPER.

First insertion—6 lines and under..... 2s. 6d.
 7 lines to 10 3s. 4d.
 Upwards of 10 lines.... 4d. per line.
 Subsequent insertions—Quarter price.
 All Advertisements, unaccompanied with direction, are inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER.

4 Pipes very superior hollands gin,
 2 do. real Cognac Brandy,
 60 Packages best porter, 4, 5, & 6 doz. each, warranted in good order and will be sold low for cash or short credit, apply to
THOMAS BLACK,
 at Mr. John Esson's store,
 Lower-Town Market place.
 1st June, 1819.

TO Let, on very moderate terms, and possession given immediately:
 That spacious and commodious new house with out offices and stabling, complete, situate at the corner of St. Ann and Stanislaus streets. Will be let in flats if required, there being separate entrances to each.
 Enquire at No. 11, St. Ursule Street, or at
WURTELE & FRASER's Counting House,
 27th May, 1819.

L. P. SEGUIN tenders his most sincere thanks to the ladies and gentlemen of this town and its vicinity, for the generous encouragement with which they have been pleased to favor him, during the last season. He has now for sale at his store, No. 7, St. John street, the following articles arrived in the last vessels, viz. Ladies' straw hats (French) of the newest fashion, coloured ditto, trimmed, of a superior quality, and blacking for ditto, ladies' kid, morocco, leather and jaunc calf boots of the best quality, ditto and children's satten and white kid shoes and half boots, of all sorts for all ages, gentlemen's beaver hats of the first and second quality, ditto of kerseymere, trimmed, for young children, double and single shoes of a superior quality, for ladies, gentlemen and children, and a number of other articles, too tedious to mention, which he will dispose of at the most moderate prices.
 Quebec, 6th May, 1819.

MRS. J. WILSON, begs to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Quebec, that she has opened that shop in Garden Street, next door to Dr. Hottel's, where she intends selling off a quantity of Earthenware of the best English manufacture; Among which are several Dinner Sets of the best blue and most elegant patterns, with several sets of China, and a most elegant Desert Set. The whole service to be sold cheap for cash.
 Garden Street, 14th June, 1819.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

THE Brig ELIZA, James Harvey master, burthen by register, 225 tons, will be ready to take in Freight in the course of three days, and will be dispatched with all possible speed.—For Freight or Passage, apply to Messrs. Millan, Parlane, & Co. Montreal, or here, to
GEORGE ROSS.
 Quebec, June 14.

Passage to LONDON.

THE fine Ship CONTEST, J. Langdon master, will sail for the above Port about the 10th proximo, and could conveniently take six to eight Passengers. She has spacious and very superior Accommodations, and is in every respect an eligible Conveyance.—Apply to the master, on board, or to
BELL & STEWART.
 Quebec, June 15, 1819.

FOR SALE.

SUPERFINE, fine and common Flour, and a regular supply of Bran, from Beauport Mill, best Newfoundland Biscuit,
 Wheat, Pease, Barley and Flaxseed,
 Boiled and raw Linseed Oil,
 Whale and Cod Oil,
 Dry and green Cod-fish,
 Prime Beef,
 A few puncheons good Whiskey,
 200 tons Newcastle Coals. Apply to
J. McCALLUM & Co.
 St. Andrew's Wharf, 19th May, 1819.

M. & C. CONN, Dress Makers.

MOST respectfully inform the Ladies of Quebec and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, opposite the General Post Office, where they hope from their attention and punctuality to merit a share of public favour.
 N. B. M. Conn from her experience with Miss Lewis, during her stay in town, will be able to make Dresses in the most Fashionable manner, and on the most reasonable terms.
 1st June, 1819.

TO LET,

THAT pleasant house and Garden situate on the Lorette Road, the property of Mr. BELANGER, Not. Pub.
 11th May, 1819.

FOR SALE ON GOUDIE'S WHARF.

SEED Wheat,
 Pease,
 Barley and
 Oats.
ALSO,
 60 barrels of prime Beet,
 50 urkins Lard,
 200 cwt. Biscuit,
 20 barrels Turpentine,
 25 do Ship Pease.
 Quebec, 8th. May, 1819
W. PHILLIPS.

WANTED, in a private Family, a young Teacher, a Young Woman, to take two young Children under her Tuition, and who will sew occasionally. Apply to this Office. 7th May, 1819.

For Sale by the Subscriber on Goudie's Wharf

TWENTY Pipes of Cognac Brandy,
 30 of Bordeaux,
 15 of Hollands Geneva,
 15 of Spanish Wine,
 Madeira, London particular and common Tenerife, Sherry, Lisbon and Claret wines in Pipes and Hog-heads, best London double brown Stout in bottles. Also 20 cases of Tin, IX. Rafting Chains, Staples and Shingle Nails.—AND,
 40 M. Standard of Staves,
 10000 pieces of Yellow Pine and White Spruce Deals now laying at the Coves and on the Wharves.
HENRY ATKINSON.
 Goudie's Wharf, 15th April, 1819.

FOR SALE,

THAT extensive Building, No. 3, Rue des Cazerues, opposite the Arsenal. Terms to suit the purchaser. Apply to **DR. IFFLAND.**
Quebec, 6th April, 1819.

FOR CHARTER,

To London or Liverpool—The remarkably fine new copper'd and copper fastened Brig **ARNO**, burthen per Register 219 tons, M. Jackson Commander, this vessel is extremely well adapted for Wheat, Flour, and Ashes, being only two years old, and has hitherto delivered her cargoes in the most order.
For Freight or Passage (having excellent accommodations) Apply to

REIFFENSTEIN & Co.
Sault-au-Matelot street.

R. & Co. have received by the above vessel, a most elegant and superb assortment of Foreign and British Goods, which will be open for sale in a few days.
Quebec, 3d May, 1819.

NOTICE.

BEST American BUTTER for sale, at No. 34, St. John-street.
Also, a few barrels of *POMMES GRISSES*, in the best order. And a fresh supply of best Timothy and Clover Seed.
Quebec, 16th March, 1819.

THE subscriber offers for sale, a very extensive assortment of Plated and Hardware Goods, at very low rates and on a liberal Credit.

LIKEWISE, for Cash.

An assortment of Groceries and Liquors, consisting of Gunpowder, Hyson, Souchong, and Twankay Teas, Double and single refined Sugar, Jordan, Valencia, and soft shell Almonds, Candied Orange and Lemon Peels, Cinnamon, Cassia, Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace, whole and ground Ginger, Pickled Walnuts, Onions, and Cucumbers, Coratch, Harvey's and Quin's Sauces, Essence of Anchovies, Capers, fine sallad Oil, Spermaceti, and wax Candles, &c. &c. Madeira and Port, in the wood, and bottles, L. P. Teneriffe, Sherry and Bronti Madeira Wines.

ALSO,

Just received a small supply of Cut and plain Glass-ware, consisting of Tumblers, wine Glasses, Custard Cups, Jelly Glasses, and Finger Basons.

WILLIAM SIMS,

Upper Town Market Place.

Quebec, 16th November, 1818.

FOR SALE,

- 15 Puncheons RUM,
- 12 pipes BRANDY,
- 10 pieces GIN,
- 12 hogsheads Muscovado SUGAR,
- 20 barrels ditto,
- 5 hogsheads Loaf do. by

HEATH & MOIR.

Cape Diamond Wharf, }
29th Decr. 1818. }

LANDS FOR SALE

THE following lots of Land are for sale by the subscribers, for which undoubted titles will be given, and terms of payment made easy to the purchasers.

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF SHEFFORD,

Lot, No. 8, in the first range of lots, containing two hundred superficial acres, with a dwelling house, barn, and other buildings thereon erected.

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF SUTTON,

- Lot, No. 23, in the fourth range.
- 17, in the seventh range.
- 27, in the eighth range.
- 24, in the ninth range.

PETER PATTERSON & Co.

Quebec, 14th May, 1817.

TO LET for a term of Years on an improving and repairing lease—The **MILLS** of the Seigniority of St. CROIX, with the entire privilege of the stream whereon they are situated, consisting of one Grist Mill containing two run of Stones, with machinery complete for the same, well adapted for manufacturing, particularly during the high waters in the Spring and Fall, situated on the beach of the St. Lawrence a few miles below the Richelieu rapids, together with another Mill erected on the highland, immediately above the former, and on the same stream: the latter well adapted for a Country Grist or Carding Mill, &c. &c. For particulars apply to **COLTMAN & HALE.**
No. 1, St. Peter Street, 31st March, 1819.

TO LET,

THE LOWER PART of that large new House, with 513 Stables, &c. the first on the right hand outside St. Lewis Gate. Enquire on the premises.
25th Feb. 1819.

FOR CHARTER TO LIVERPOOL OR LONDON

THE uncommon fine fast sailing copper-fastened Ship **HIGHLAND LAD**, Wm MOORE Commander, burthen per Register 318 Tons, stands A. 1. This vessel is extremely well adapted for Wheat, Ashes, Flour, &c. being only three years old, and having, during the three voyages she has performed, delivered her cargoes in most excellent order and condition.

For freight or passage, (having good accommodations) apply to the Captain on board, or to

Wm. SANDERSON & Co.
St. Paul-street.

or, **REIFFENSTEIN & Co.**
Sault-au-Matelot-street.

11th May, 1819.

WANTS A SITUATION.

A Middle aged man who has been for some time employed as Cooper in this city, writes and speaks French and English correctly understands well about distilling, Spirits and Wines. Apply to Messrs. Sheppard, or Messrs. John & Benjamin Racey's office.
Quebec, 3d April, 1819.

FOR SALE,

AT the subscribers' Stores on the Queen's Wharf, Madeira, Teneriffe, Marsala, Sherry, Claret, Malaga and Spanish Wines, Irish Pork, Hams, Kip, Leather, Paints, Cod Oil, Rosin, Tin plates and Spades.

Also,

Farine entiere in barrels, Biscuit newly baked, Pease and Barley.

WOOLSEY, STEWART & Co.

Quebec, 1st April, 1819.

Messrs. W. & Co. beg leave to inform their Friends and the Public, that they will as usual receive Grain and other effects on storage, and cribble wheat and flax seed at the under reduced rates: they have likewise lowered the charges on Flour and Pot Ashes, on the latter twenty-five per cent.

As Messrs. John Molson and Sons' Steam Boats, in future, are to come to the Queen's Wharf, it will be a saving of cartage to the shippers in those Boats, storing their property with Messrs. W. & Co. who will pay due attention to every thing committed to their charge.

N. B. The following is a table of their terms for storage, &c.

Every Article received will be liable to one month's storage, tho' it should have remained but a day.	1st month's Storage.	Receiving & delivering.	Cribbing.		Total expence for the first month.	Successive mos. storage
			once.	twice.		
Wheat (screening incl.)	1d.	1d.	1d.	1d.	2d. per W. bush	1d.
Flaxseed, - - - - -	1d.	1d.	1d.	1d.	5d. do. do.	1d.
Grain of any kind, - -	1d.	1d.	-	-	2d. do. do.	1d.
Salt (and for use of bags 3s. 2d. per 100 bush.)	1d.	1d.	-	-	2d. do. do.	1d.
Pot or Pearl Ashes, -	6d.	3d.	-	-	9d. do. cask.	1d.
Flour, Pork, &c. - -	1d.	1d.	-	-	5d. do. do.	1d.
Biscuit in bags, - -	3d.	2d.	-	-	5d. do. quintal.	1d.
Do. in bulk (use of bags 1d.)	3d.	4d.	-	-	8d. do. do.	1d.
Hhds. Tobacco, or other heavy goods - - -	3s.	2s.	-	-	5s. do. package.	2s.
Pipes or Puncheons, liquid measure, - - - - -	1s. 6	1s. 6	-	-	3s. do. do.	1s.
Hogsheads ditto, - -	1s.	1s.	-	-	2s. do. do.	1s.
Quarter casks do. - -	6d.	6d.	-	-	1s. do. do.	1d.
Tierces Coffee, Rice, &c.	1s. 3	1s. 3	-	-	2s. 6d. ditto.	10d.
Large Crates, Cases or Bales, - - - - -	2s. 6	1s. 6	-	-	1s. do. do.	1s. 8
Small do. do. - - -	In proportion	In proportion	-	-	to casks of similar dimensions.	
Iron or other Metal, -	5s.	2s. 6	-	-	7s. 6d. per ton.	2s. 6
Cordage, - - - - -	3s.	2s.	-	-	5s. ditto.	1s. 6
Coals (Wharfage) - -	1s.	6d.	-	-	1s. 6d. chaldron.	6d.
Codfish (house) - -	3d.	3d.	-	-	5d. do. cwt.	2d.

Turning grain to preserve it from heating 6d. per 100 bushels, each time turned.

Preparing flour for inspection 4d. per barrel.

Ten days will be allowed for removing any article after the expiration of the first month, free of additional expence.

TO LET,

THAT handsome House, situated in St. Charles street, at present occupied as the *Quebec Dispensary*, possession will be given on the 1st May next. For conditions, apply to the Proprietors.
Quebec, 30th March, 1819.

FOR SALE,

And possession given on the 1st of May next.
THE pleasant and convenient Dwelling House, next the Barracks in St. Louis Street, at present occupied by the Subscriber, with a spacious yard, garden and Out-houses, to which unexceptionable titles will be given.
THOMAS WHITE.
St. Louis Street, 22d March, 1819.

GYPSUM, OR PLASTER OF PARIS.

THIS fossil was introduced into the United States, about 30 years ago, has been adopted there into general use with great success, and recommended by Agricultural Societies, as a useful and cheap manure, particularly for dry soils, consisting either of sand, gravel, loam or clay.

Its application as a top dressing requires four bushels to an acre for the first season, and afterwards one bushel per acre yearly, it is used in equal quantities for grain or grass, and will effectually destroy the thistle in a few years, on allowing the land to remain under grass. The period for laying it on, is in the spring shortly after vegetation has commenced, and can also be applied in mid-summer to Indian Corn or grain, so as to revive their growth when retarded by drought.

As the Gypsum to be fit for use requires to be ground into a fine powder, the subscriber has erected a Steam Mill on the Queen's Wharf for that purpose, where it will be sold at fifteen shillings the barrel containing three minots, and intends shortly to lodge quantities for sale with his correspondents up the country, in Montreal, St. Denis, William Henry, Berthier, and Three-Rivers, at the price aforementioned, with the addition of half a dollar per barrel, to cover disbursements of transport, &c.

Jno. Wm. WOOLSEY.

Quebec, 30th April, 1819.

NOTICE.

TO LET and to be entered upon immediately, either together, or in flats, that elegant New House in St. Paul's Street, Lower-Town, adjoining Mr. Felson's and Mr. Corbin's property, with the large Store four stories high in the rear, and a part of the wharf in front, also one flat and two bedrooms of No. 1 Lower-Town Market-place, and the Lodgings at present occupied by Mr. Wm. Fisher, with a convenient cellar, and two flats of a large store adjoining Messrs. Wurtelle & Fraser. Enquiry to be made at No. 1, Lower-Town Market-place, where, will constantly be kept on sale, an assortment of the best LEATHER from the Canada Tannery.
Quebec, 6th October, 1818.

SUBSCRIPTIONS for the **WESTERN STAR** Newspaper, to be published at Montreal, twice a week, and to commence on the 23d March, will be received by **WILLIAM NEWTON,** Goudie's Wharf.
Delivered to Subscribers in Quebec at 3s. cur. per Annum, including Postage.

For FREIGHT or CHARTER.

THE Brig **SPECULATION**, Capt. Wm. Organ, burthen by Register, 150 tons, will accept of Freight or Charter, to HALIFAX, NEWFOUNDLAND, or a Port in IRELAND.—For terms apply to the Captain on board; at Messrs. Pattersons & Weir's Wharf; or, to **PENTLAND & BURY.**
Quebec, June 7, 1819.

FOR FREIGHT or CHARTER, to a Port in Great-Britain—the first class copper fastened Brig **SKEEN**, burden per register 240 tons, **GEORGE BISHOP**, master. Who has for sale on reasonable terms,

- 5 Pipes and 8 hhds. best L. P. Madeira Wine,
- 10 do. Geneva,
- 1 do. superior Cognac Brandy,
- 3 casks bottled Leith Ale,
- 7 do. Bell's Ale.—Also,
- A few tierces of prime mess Beef.

A Vendre ou à Concéder.

UN LOT de TERRE formant huit Emplacements de 40 sur 60 pieds, au bout ouest du fauxbourg St. Valier, sur le caemin de Loreite. S'adresser à P. LELIEVRE, Ecuyer, Notaire Public.
Quebec, 8e. Juin, 1819.

TO SELL OR TO GRANT,

A valuable Lot of Land, forming eight ground lots, of 40 by 60 feet, at the West end of St. Valier suburb, on the Lorette road. Apply to R. Lelievre, Esq. Notary Public,
Quebec, 8th June, 1819.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber informs the public, that **LAUCHLINE CAMPBELL** has left his service, and forbids any person trusting or paying him money on his account.

JOHN MILLER.

Quebec, 7th June, 1819.

From the ACADIAN RECORDER, of June 8.

AGRICULTURAL.

Letter 33.

On the Natural Obstructions of the Soil.

MAN, from the physical circumstances with which he is encompassed, is obviously designed for the exercise, more of his active than of his intellectual powers. The rude materials on which he is to operate, are strewed around with a bountiful profusion; but they are neither fashioned to his use, nor, in their imperfect state, any-wise fitted for ministering to his pleasure.—The purposes to which they can be applied, must be found out by the blundering chances of invention; and the manner in which they are to be wrought up, as the instruments of luxury and enjoyment, is the fruit of patient and incessant industry, exerted through a series of ages. The naked and trembling savage surveys the rugged and unpolished features of nature with a stupid amazement; and foresees not, that in the progress of improvement, his more intelligent offspring are destined to subdue the unprofitable luxuriance of the forest, to drain the noisome and unhealthy fen, to level the inequalities of the surface, and to collect and pile the stones which infest and cumber the ground, into durable and sheltering fences.

It would not even be accounted a philosophical paradox to maintain, notwithstanding its repugnance to some modern theories, that our intellectual capacities are subordinate to our active, and derive their principal use and dignity from the lights they afford in the direction of human conduct, and in the advancement of those vulgar as well as polite arts, that serve to the necessities or adornment of life. In accordance to this general doctrine, the merit of all pure speculation is tried by the standard of utility; and it is on all hands allowed to be a mere perversion of intellect, to dive into researches that have no practical tendency. Every new system of science sets out, not only with defending the soundness of its views, and the legitimacy of its reasoning; but with displaying studiously its happier application to the business of the world. Without these pretensions, it could not be admitted to an audience, far less to the benefit of a careful and laborious investigation; and consequently its framers or patrons comply with the general sense of mankind, and point out the close connection it holds with those active pursuits that lead to glory, independence, or wealth.

The advantages of Husbandry need no studied or high-wrought panegyric; and this art, in the first as in the more advanced stages of society, preserves an acknowledged preeminence, and is universally admitted to be at once the most healthy, the most delightful, and the most profitable employment of human labour. Here our active powers find full scope for exertion, and must needs call in the aid of the understanding to guide and direct them. There are obstacles to be surmounted by perseverance, as well as ends to be effected by superior skill; and the union of activity and intellect, is no where more apparent than in the cultivation of the earth.

The bread which we eat, must at all times, and under all circumstances, "be earned by the sweat of the brow." This holds true in the rich and cultured plains of the old, as in the desolate and cheerless wilds of the new world; although in the latter, the means of subsistence, notwithstanding the natural difficulties, are more easily obtained, and a more liberal recompense is bestowed on labour. A few years of toil secure for a new settler lasting independence; and the discomforts attendant on the clearing of the forest, and the privations inseparably allied to such a state, are more than overpaid in the returns of the first, or at most, the second crop, in the increased value of the land, and in the consciousness of being the lord of the soil.

The obstructions to the improvement of land divide themselves into two great classes—those which depend on the institutions and political laws of the country; and those which arise from the impediments presented by nature.—The first have been perniciously operative throughout the whole of Europe, in fettering or at least retarding the progress of agricultural melioration; and these tracks have continued for generations in a waste and unproductive condition, either from the arbitrary and oppressive influence of the kingly or aristocratic authority, or from the rights of servitude acquired by certain orders, in the nonage of society, and before the principles of Political Economy were either studied or understood. England, during the last century, has been busied in extricating her agriculture from the thralldom in which it was entangled; and even yet much is to be accomplished before the chains of its degradation and bondage can be finally struck off. Obstacles of this nature are slowly and with much difficulty removed; because they are interwoven into the very frame of the Government, and are fortified by all the prejudices of a remote antiquity. The privileged orders in the state, whose rank and consequence co-exist with such abuses, must be hostile to every measure of reform; and will naturally bestir them-

selves against innovations, which menace the permanence of their power. Without dwelling on the illustration of these evils, as they have broken out in different kingdoms, I shall cursorily remark, that the rights of primogeniture, the laws of entail, the system of violaine, the want or insecurity of leases, extensive commons, tithes, poor-rates, have, one or other, damped the spirit of enterprize, and degraded European husbandry, since the downfall of the Roman Empire. Although improvement on the whole has been progressive; this has been carried forward, rather by the impulse of a growing population, and the natural disposition of society to better its affairs, than by the positive enactments of an enlightened and provident legislation. Happily for us in this Province, we labour under no such embarrassments. There is not a single circumstance in the structure of our Government, in the operation of our laws, in the subordination and arrangement of Society, that can be styled unfriendly to our rapid progression in all the arts conducive to domestic prosperity. Our Legislature has expended, since the origin of the Colony, and that wisely, the most of the revenue in the repair and formation of roads; the lands are not sold, but gifted by the Crown; we are almost totally exempt from taxation; and Great Britain, with a paternal, and perhaps too liberal generosity, defrays the expense of our naval and military establishments; we are protected in the possession of our liberties and interests, as well by inheriting the blessings of the British constitution, as by the upright and impartial administration of justice; we have no nobility to claim the soil by birthright, and apportion it out among vassals and retainers; no priesthood to exact tithes on the pretence of a divine and indefeasible right; no paupers to eat like canker in the vitals of industry; but we have independent freeholders, who are attached to the soil; a mixed and intelligent clergy, who bury the distinction of sect, and the rancour of intolerance, in the common grave of brotherly love and charity; and a high-minded peasantry, who, although far from affluent, would despise the meanness of beggary.

Since we have no political, what then are the natural obstructions to our Agriculture, which have so long humbled the Colony, and kept it dependent on a foreign supply of grain? It would be a profanation of the gifts of Providence, to rank among these our climate; for it is more than amply sufficient for ripening the bread corns, and perfecting whatever is essential to the maintenance of life. Farmers* are now living who, for forty years, have regularly and annually harvested, in full maturity, Wheat, Rye, Oats, and Barley; and who, during that long period, have only lost one crop of wheat, from causes attributable to climate. Neither is it our soil, which entails upon us this abject and ruinous dependence; for no country can boast of a greater abundance of fine loams, or of a more liberal proportion of fertile interval, and dyke lands. True, on the Atlantic, we have a bold and rugged coast, strengthened by an iron and rocks stratification, as if to oppose the incessant fury of the ocean; and in that quarter a thin and hungry soil, ungrateful of return, offends the eye, and but ill requires the labour of the husbandman: yet this portion of inferior land, is nothing compared with the extent of our valuable interior, or our level plains, of our rich and inexhaustible marshes. Nature has dispensed a full share of her favors, not only in the geographical lineaments, but in the relative position of the Province. Here she has neither reared the heathy and abrupt mountain, nor stretched the sterile and sandy barren; but has blended, in sweet assemblage, the characters of beauty and exuberance. She has encompassed us on all hands with seas, and indented our border with inlets, basins, and navigable rivers—that every facility might be afforded to our comfort and convenience. We have, in fine, no difficulties to contend with, save those natural hindrances, which are met with in every new country, and which can be removed by moderate industry and limited capital.

These are reducible to four heads, which I shall treat in order, and draw from them some practical inferences, that ought to invigorate enterprize, and which naturally open the most enlivening prospects. These obstructions are—the trees of the forest—the inequalities of the surface—the stones and rocks, which are occasionally interspersed throughout the ground—and lastly, the spring and wetness which abound every where, till they are carried off by a proper system of draining. It is but seldom that these unite in the same spot, as barriers to the operations of the improver; and when this happens, it is chiefly on the Southern margin of the Province; but in the interior, and along the whole course of the Bay of Fundy, with its numerous windings and creeks, as well as in the Eastern Division, along the Gulph of the St. Lawrence, the great body of the surface consists of fria-

* JOHN ALLISON, Esq. of Newport, asserts, that for thirty-nine years he has been successful in ripening all the grains on his own farm, except once, when he lost a crop of wheat; and many of his neighbours have been equally fortunate.

ble mould, free from stones, and is either level, or undulates gently into hill and valley. So devoid of all rocky materials is the superficies, that in several districts, and these of considerable magnitude, a real scarcity of stones is felt for the necessary purposes of building and fencing; and the settler in these situations meets with no obstacles other than the lofty and aged trees, which have held, in all the stages of their growth and decay, undisturbed possession of the soil.

The expence of cutting down and removing these varies a little in different districts of the Province; and this arises, not only from the state of labour, but principally from the nature and magnitude of the timber. Of all our lands, which require the use of the axe, the Intervallskirting rivers are at once the most valuable, and the most easily cleared. Our deep loamy plains, of which there is a vast extent, particularly in the eastern interior of the Province, are next in order; and upon them grow the majestic beech, the stately maple, the white and yellow pine intermixed with the ash and the hemlock. These are trees of lofty growth, which shoot into the air, and form above an unbrageous covering so thick and wanted, as to intercept the rays of the sun, and exclude the kindly influence of the heavens. Under their shade, the more humble shrubs perish; and the ground is bared of every tangled encumbrance. You can walk amidst their trunks, without being retarded or annoyed with brushwood; and this circumstance of itself is an infaillible index of the goodness of the soil. On poorer lands you encounter the intertwined thickets, over-shadowed by the limber poplar, the white and grey birch, and the slender and worthless spruce and fir trees. As far as the cutting down of the forest is concerned, the labour seems to be effected with a facility proportionate, in some measure, to the value and intrinsic excellence of the soil. The expence of clearing cold, strong, stiff clays, where the dwarfish fir scarcely vegetates; or the rocky barren, where the roots creep along the surface, and dip into the cliffs in quest of vegetable mould, is infinitely greater than what suffices for the wooded interval of the loamy upland, where flourish the hard timber of generous and luxuriant growth.

It is superfluous to descend to particulars regarding the various items of expence, which are incurred in the separate operations of cutting, rolling, burning, and ultimately enclosing and sowing the new lands, as these are familiar to every settler, and fluctuate, according to circumstances, between £4 18. and £8 15. per English acre. The lowest calculation, furnished by any of my correspondents, is the first of these sums; and the highest is £8 14; and these are transmitted from the opposite extremities of the Province, and may hence be considered as the limits, between which the truth lies. His outlay falls short of the sum frequently expended by the British tenant on an improving lease; and no farmer of capital would hesitate a moment to embark in an undertaking so little hazardous. The stumps, it is true, still remain to perplex the future operations; and additional labour is still requisite to extricate these by the roots. This cannot be accomplished but after the lapse of several years, and till time has consumed into rotteness the ligneous fibres, which cleave so firmly to the ground as to forbid all attempts at immediate eradication. The periods of decay peculiar to different trees, extend from six to fifteen years; and a few species, such as the trunk of heavy black birch, and hemlock, brave all the alternations and vicissitudes of the seasons for twenty. Generally speaking, however, land is partially disencumbered at the end of the first seven years; and although some of the more durable stumps cannot then be uprooted, so many can be removed as to admit the plough for a second grain crop. Two pair of oxen, with an iron chain, are usually employed to tear them out; and the expence of this second clearing may be estimated at about 40 shillings. The half of this sum, expended at different intervals during the succeeding years, will entirely relieve the soil, and prepare it for being subjected to a regular course of culture. Thus, the moderate outlay of ten pounds per acre, applied with judgment and economy, will amply suffice for reclaiming the wilderness, from the first stroke of the hatchet, till its final and complete subjugation under the plough. This is one side of the account; we shall now turn to the other.

There are only two ways in which new lands are generally managed. The first is, to employ the fall and winter in felling the trees, and afterwards cutting them in moderate lengths, that they may be more conveniently handled. In the ensuing spring, fire is applied, which, as the summer fervours have not yet exhaled from the branches, twigs, and leaves, their vegetable moisture, burns them imperfectly, and penetrates but a little way into the soil. The trunk and arms, which are never fully consumed in this first process, are rolled and collected together into heaps, and again set on fire, to reduce them to ashes. If these different operations can be hastened over by June, either turnips are sown, or potatoes planted, to obtain a crop during the same season. In several parts of the Province, this mode of conducting

matters has prevailed, but chiefly among those indigent emigrants, who with difficulty have outlived the preceding winter, and are compelled by dire necessity, to provide the immediate means of subsistence. This is considered as both an injudicious and unprofitable plan of management; and is seldom resorted to by the old settlers, who are in circumstances to obey the dictates of more matured experience. These defer the burning of the felled timber till after midsummer, when the solar heats have made preparation for the fire; which in that case performs its office with a more thorough effect. The whole season is occupied in the preliminary processes; and towards the fall, winter wheat, or rye mixed with grass seeds, are sown; and the first crop, in nineteen cases out of twenty, repays the full expenditure of improvement. The capital of the farmer is restored to him; as he can safely calculate on ten or twelve bushels of grain, although many often reap a much larger quantity. The restoration of his capital, furnishes him with the means of further improvement; and an hundred pounds—sacredly appropriated to this purpose, and not diverted from it by any wild and mischievous project of commercial speculation—would work miraculously, and in the hands of an industrious man, lay the foundation of an ample and independent fortune in land. Although the first year's crop fall short of the entire and full production of the outlay, it is acknowledged, in every quarter of the Province, and almost without a dissenting voice, that the hay of the second year will certainly replace it; and that there is no instance, under the conduct of a prudent and skilful improver, where he needs to draw, for the purpose of making up the deficiency on the third crop. Its value, whatever that may be, as well as all the future products of the land, become net profit, and go to the accumulation of stock. On the sixth or seventh year, when the tenderer stumps are ready to be eradicated, the trifling expence of pulling them out then incurred, is reimbursed fourfold by the grain; so that the future outgoings of every description, never afterward affect the favorable balance of the profit and loss account.

What causes then are in existence to operate our agricultural depression? and whence the difficulty felt in producing a sufficiency of bread-corn? These questions may be easily solved, by marking and retracing the history of the emigrant population, by which this colony has from time to time been settled. Men, driven from home by the pressure of want, and not unfrequently allured by the glitter of false and interested reports, disembark on this foreign strand, their imaginations teeming the meanwhile, with wild and impracticable visions. Conceiving, that lands here bear some relation in value to the enclosed and fertile fields of their native country, they indulge in golden dreams of immediate ease or independence; till the sad reality bursts on their astonished and awakened senses. They behold, for the first time, in its true light, a wilderness of stern and forbidding feature, which is to be subdued by long and continued efforts of painful application. Unfitted, by their former habits, for the many privations to which they must submit, and impatient of the hardships which are inevitable, they plunge into the forest without skill, without capital, and almost without hope. They must rear a miserable cottage, by which to shelter themselves from the inclemency of the coming winter; and if their means fail not, a barn to protect the half-famished and shivering cow, from which they are to draw their principal subsistence. These beginnings of a new settlement, or, as it is vulgarly here called, of making a farm, generally leave them penniless; and with minds soured by disappointment, their future exertions, in place of being directed by vigorous and enlightened calculation, are committed to the hazards of blind and capricious accident. They drag on a wretched existence under the benumbing influence of poverty, and seldom can resist the temptation of running into debt. The produce of all their after improvements is anticipated in the purchase of some little necessities, often at an extravagant rate; and this, which they account an evil, and attribute to the rapacity of the merchant, grows out of his uncertainty and risk of regular returns. From such a race, and so circumstanced, it is in vain to expect enterprising activity. They want capital—the vivifying soul of improvement, and the grand instrument of industry; and we have not in the whole Province, a Public Bank, which, by the distribution of judicious loans, might aid the careful and persevering. Although our agricultural population are strangers to squalid indigence, and in general can command the simple articles of living, we have settlements, and these of considerable importance and of long standing, where the pittance of five pounds, in money, could not be scraped together from an hundred families. There is no such poverty known in England; and capital there is accounted as indispensable to farming as to mercantile speculation. The whole sum necessary here to clear an acre, and which is repaid by the very first crop, falls short of the daily expences incurred by every ordinary tenant in his summer-fallow and subsequent tilling. It is a fixed maxim, that no man can engage in a lease

without the possession of a circulating capital treble the amount of his rent; and should he be so indiscreet as to enter on it with scantier means, he is sure of being embarrassed; and from his incapacity of working the land to advantage, ten to one but he is ejected by some ruinous process of law. On the contrary, here, our farming operations are often commenced in poverty, and conducted throughout under its withering influence. I should like to behold a man, of moderate wealth and skill, acquainted with the habits of the country, a judge of soil and situation, embarking in an extensive scheme of improvement. The cutting down of twenty acres annually would make a deep and perceptible incision on the forest, and in the duration of a common lease in Great Britain, would create a property upon which might be reared the most lasting independence. The sum of two hundred pounds is able to meet all the contingencies of this undertaking; and I am satisfied, that no investment of money in fisheries, in commerce, or in West India shipping, would yield an equal profit to the individual, or be half so beneficial to the public.

AGRICOLA.

To Correspondents.

Although much pressing matter lies beside me for publication, I must complain that there is a great falling off, since the intermission of my course, in the number and value of my communications. When I am about to re-commence my letters, and pursue the system sketched in the Synopsis, I must again draw liberally on the goodness and information of my friends. And I now solicit, in behalf of my future, that unsought patronage which has distinguished my past labors. As the subject of manures is far from being yet exhausted, and several important views remain for elucidation; I have omitted two letters in the direct series, which, although a defect, will throw no obscurity on the future reasonings; and have opened with the fifth Section, which descants on the natural hindrances in the soil, that are preventive of tillage, and that must be removed by human exertion, to make way for the plough. There is a very general desire expressed, that these agricultural writings should be published by subscription, and in a volume; and as it is my intention to gratify and obey that wish, I shall then take occasion to supply the two letters now wanting, and to intersperse through the rest, such other original matter, as I felt myself warranted to pass over, in their present periodical and evanescent form. I shall prefix to them, a brief history of the agriculture of the Province, and introduce into the body of the work, the various steps of that progress, which has terminated in such auspicious results.

I cannot resist this opportunity of making my public acknowledgments for the aid and indulgence I received as an anonymous writer; and now when the secret is disclosed, I shall stand more than ever in need of liberal construction, and generous support: more especially as I am about to attempt what is without precedent in the literature of England—to address a community weekly, as a known character—to praise and blame—to instruct, to exhort, often to command. That these letters may be consistent and of a piece, they will be continued under the signature of Agricola; but correspondents, who wish to throw light on the subject-matter, may address me as Secretary. I owe many obligations to Dr. Wm. Petrie, during my concealment, for delivering and conveying many letters, and for frequently giving me important help in the compilation of the materials. He was the only confident of my secret beyond the

circle of my own family; and he discharged the trust with credit to himself and fidelity to me.

JOHN YOUNG, Sec'y.

FOR SALE,

A handsome Chesnut MARE, fit for Draught or Saddle; young, and warranted perfectly sound and gentle.—May be seen by applying to
Dr. LOINSWORTH.

Quebec, June 8th. 60th Regt

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP. NOTICE

It is hereby given, that the Copartnership heretofore existing between ROBERT and GEORGE WOOD, is this day Dissolved by mutual consent.

ROBERT WOOD.
GEORGE WOOD.

Quebec, June 2, 1819.

Now Landing, & will be SOLD on the Wharf

THE CARGO

Of the Schooner VENUS: consisting of

167 puncheons Rum,
35 do. Molasses.
ALSO IN STORE,
30 puncheons Jamaica Spirits,
120 barrels Pot Ashes,
90 do. Pearl do.
A quantity of Biscuit.

J. JONES, Jr.

Quebec, June 7, 1819.

TO LET,

GENTEEL AND CONVENIENT

FURNISHED LODGINGS,

At No. 10, Hope-Street.

Quebec, June 8, 1819.

At a General Meeting of the Company of Proprietors of the CHAMBLY CANAL, UNION-HOTEL, QUEBEC, THURSDAY, 3d June, 1819.

It was

ORDERED, That the first Instalment of FIVE per cent be paid by each Subscriber into the hands of NOAH FREER, Esquire, Treasurer to the Company, on or before the TENTH day of JULY next; and that public notice be given to that effect in the Quebec and Montreal Newspapers, according to the Eighteenth Section of the Act of the 58th Geo. III. cap. 18.

P. E. DESBARATS,
Actg. Secy.

UNE Assemblée générale de la Compagnie des Propriétaires du CANAL de CHAMBLY HOTEL DE L'UNION, QUEBEC, JEUDI, 3e. Juin, 1819.

Il a été

ORDONNE', Qu'un premier paiement de CINQ par cent soit fait par chaque Souscripteur entre les mains de NOAH FREER, Ecuier, Tresorier de la Compagnie, d'ici au DIXIEME jour de JUILLET prochain; et qu'il soit fait une annonce publique à cet effet dans les papiers-nouvelles de Quebec et Montreal, conformément à la 18e. Section de l'Acte de la 58e. Geo. III. cap 18.

P. E. DESBARATS,
Agist. Secrétaire.

PATENT CHAIN CABLES, &c.

(WARRANTED PROVED BY THE HYDRAULIC MACHINE.)

An assortment will from this period be kept on hand for Vessels.

From 25 Tons to 500 Tons Register, equal to rope of from 5 inch to 17 inch,

Anchor from 10 cwt. to 15 Cwt. Rafting Chains, rafting Dogs, Timber and Boat Hooks—Specimen of the Chain Iron tied cold into knots, and reference to reports made on the proving of the same by the Surveyor for Lloyds, and a numerous and highly respectable body of Ship Owners, and Engineers, may be seen by applying at the Counting House of

Wm. BUDDEN,

Near Godie's Wharf, Anthony Street.

19th May, 1819.

MONTREAL, June 12.

Last week, a private, named James Gordon, belonging to the detachment of artillery stationed here, committed suicide under very aggravating circumstances. This appears to have been the third attempt made by this unfortunate man, to accomplish his terrific intention. He had been for some weeks back confined in the hospital, in consequence of wounds he had inflicted on himself; but having recovered, he was about to be sent out of the hospital, and discharged from the regiment. The evening preceding, he was found in rear of the building, with his throat cut in a dreadful manner; and while conveying in, fainted between his attendants, who left him supposing him dead. The internal carolid artery having escaped unhurt, he soon after raised himself, and contrived to stagger into the ward, where he had been previously confined. Medical aid was procured, and every necessary exertion used, though but with faint hope of his recovery. It was now deemed necessary to put him under restraint, to prevent him doing farther injury, and a strait jacket was put on. Notwithstanding this, and every other precaution to prevent it, he contrived to elude the vigilance of his keeper, made his way to the upper part of the building, and precipitating himself from a gallery, was killed on the spot.

THE QUEBEC MERCURY.

QUEBEC JUNE 15, 1819.

In our columns of this day will be found the 33d Letter of the Nova-Scotian *Agricola*; a letter well worth the perusal and attention of our readers. Though written for the Province of Nova Scotia, it is far from inapplicable to this Province. We sometime past expressed a hope that *Agricola*, who writes in the *Acadian Recorder*, would collect his very valuable letters and have them published in a volume for the benefit of mankind at large, as they contain much of that kind of matter which excites to practical improvement. It is not mere visionary theory, having no other tendency than to amuse or to bewilder the reader in a labyrinth of metaphysical abstractions. *Agricola's* end and aim are practical benefit; and such has been the effect of his writings, that no less than ten Agricultural Societies have been lately established in Nova-Scotia. At the head of the central one presides His Excellency the Earl of Dalhousie.

We are happy to have it in our power, at present, to inform our readers that the hope formerly expressed by us is about to be realized, as the writer has given notice of his intention to republish his letters, in a volume, with additions. They are written in a style that cannot fail to recommend them, even to the attention of those, who, accustomed to light reading only, may consider the subject of Agriculture too dry for their attention. Whoever ventures to take up the work will, we are persuaded, be insensibly led on to go through it. When, in addition to much amusement, he will find that he has acquired no small stock of very useful knowledge, such as may tend, not only to his own

benefit, but to the benefit of the country he inhabits, at large.

Agricola, after lying long concealed, has at length made himself known to the world, by accepting the Secretaryship of the central Agricultural Society, to which he was nominated; and which was left open for him, in case he should think fit to emerge from his concealment. This he has done, and accepted the situation; in which he continues his useful labours for the advantage, not only of the community of which he is a member, but of the world. His name is John Young—The Youngs are names of no small celebrity in the annals of Agriculture. Our readers cannot but be acquainted with the character and reputation of Arthur Young, whose travels and researches, in quest of Agricultural knowledge, have been published to the world; and have evinced him to be a man of most indefatigable industry in the acquisition and promotion of rural knowledge. Perhaps it may not be generally known that we have also, or lately had, in this Society, a John Young, who applies his mind to such researches; and who, at one time, held out a hope of giving the Province the benefit of his knowledge, through the medium of our paper. Having withdrawn from the town into the country, we suppose this to be the reason of his silence.

Having said thus on what relates to the culture of the soil, the transition is natural and easy to that of population; and here we cannot but congratulate our readers on the prospect of an abundant harvest of that species of production, as the pleasing work of marrying and giving in marriage is just now in a very thriving way. Last Tuesday no less than eleven couple, in the English and Catholic Churches, were led to the altar of Hymen; and scarcely a day passes but the torch of the god is lighted up anew by at least one couple, often more.

The 76th Regt. arrived in town yesterday from Kingston, Upper-Canada. How long or how short they will stay with us, is a question not yet to be solved. The 68th Regt. is about leaving us for the Upper Province.

THE TURF.

We are sorry that we have not been able to procure the particulars of the late Races for to day's paper, but we expect to have it in our power to gratify our readers with them on Friday.

The Ball, which took place on the evening of the third day, we understand was attended by all the beauty and fashion of Quebec.

MARRIED

This morning, by the Rev. Mr. MONTAIG, M. E. H. BILLING, to Miss MARY, daughter of the late Mr. JOHN DOYLE, of Newfoundland.

DIED

At Montreal, on the 7th inst. after a long and painful illness, Mr. PIERRE PRATTE, formerly a Lieutenant in the 5th Batt. of Incorporated Militia.

On the 8th inst. at Bécancour, in the 64th year of his age, the Rev. M. PIERRE N. LARADIE.

State of the THERMOMETER, for the past week, at 8 o'clock A. M. 58, 56, 57, 64, 60, 65, 65.

Assize of BREAD for this week—

White loaf 8d.
Brown do. 10½d.

ROOMS TO LET.—Enquire at No. 34, St. John Street. 8th June, 1819.

THEATRE.

Under the Patronage of His Grace the DUK of RICHMOND, who on this occasion, will honour the Theatre with his presence.

On THURSDAY Evening, June 17, 1819, WILL BE PERFORMED,

A favorite Comedy, in 3 Acts, called the

HOLE IN THE WALL,

A Dance Mrs. Richards,
Recitation, "The Battle of }
Minden } Mrs. Baker.

TO WHICH WILL BE ADDED,

The favorite FARCE, in two Acts, (by Murphy) of

THE OLD MAID.

Doors will be opened at SEVEN o'clock, Performance begins at EIGHT precisely.

Tickets 5s. each, to be had at Mr. CARY'S Printing Office, Mr. MACNIDER'S, Mr. PERRY'S, & Mr. WYSE'S.

The Box List will be kept at Mr. Macnider's, where persons desirous of taking places, are requested to make early application.

FOR SALE,

By the Subscribers' at their Stores on the Queen's Wharf

L. P. Madeira,	Irish Pork,
Teneriffe,	Kip Leather,
Marsala,	Paints,
Sherry,	Cod Oil,
Claret,	Tin,
Malaga,	Spades,
St. Lucar,	Scythes,
Spanish Red Wine,	Fresh Farine entiere,
F & FF Gun-powder,	Pease,
Sporting do. in pound	Barley,
canisters,	India Corn and Buck
Muscatel Raisins,	Wheat.
Almonds,	

WOOLSEY, STEWART & Co.

Quebec, 15th June, 1819.

N. B. They will receive Grain or other effects on Storage at their usual rates.

WANTED immediately, a Keeper to the Exchange and Reading Room.—By order of the President,

J. O. BRUNET,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Quebec, June 15, 1819.

WM. BUDDEN offers for Sale at his Counting-House, near Goudie's Wharf—just landed ex Alexander and Ocean from London, and Waller from Liverpool,

3 trunks of fashionable Gentlemen's Apparel, warranted of the best materials and workmanship,
60 crates of wine Bottles,
A few cases Stationery, Foolscap and Post Paper,
Do. bales of Leather, viz. best English Crop, Morocco and Seal skins, &c.
Do. cases well assorted Guns,
7 kegs of 3lbs. cut nails warranted to clench,
A handsome assortment of fashionable Jewellery, Watches, &c. of every description—Dressing and Toilet Cases, &c.
A few trunks of women's and men's black worsted Hose,
7 pipes of L. P. Teneriffe and Vidonia Wine.
14th June, 1819.

WANTED as Housekeeper, a steady middle aged Woman, who understands plain Cooking and can produce a good character.

Apply to PETER PATTERSON & Co. St. George Street Upper Town.

Quebec, 15th June, 1819.

NOTICE.—The Subscriber will not be responsible for any debts Contracted by the Crew of the Ship FRIENDS.

E. SHERWOOD,
Master.

June 14th, 1819.

Just Received, & for Sale,

THIRTY-FIVE Barrels of Montreal Cyder, of superior quality.

G. BLUMHART

June 15, 1819.

SALES BY AUCTION.

VALUABLE SALE.

On WEDNESDAY, 16th inst. at 12 o'clock.
On Mr. GOUDIE'S Premises, St. Roch,
WILL BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
(On Account of the INSURERS and others concerned.)
THE WHOLE OF THE VALUABLE
STEAM MACHINERY,
And other Articles damaged by the Fire on
the 10th ult.

- LOT VIZ:
No. 1 A quantity of Damaged Sheet Iron, from the
Roof of the Engine House.
2 A Lot of Saws, damaged by the Fire.
3 Several Tons of Iron Castings, &c. also damaged
by Fire.
4 The STEAM ENGINE, as it now stands in the
steam-house, including part of the Valves,
the whole nearly complete—a 25 horse power.
5 The Machinery attached to the SAW MILL, in-
cluding the two Gangs of saws, and every
thing else in the saw pit only.
6 The Machinery belonging to the Grist Mill and
Plaster Mill, including all the Mill stones,
Bolting Machinery, &c. &c. as they now re-
main in the stone Mill, and wood addition
thereto adjoining.

ALSO,



THE SCHOONER MARY,

Stewart, about 60 Tons per Register, lying in front of
the Ship Yard.
The whole may be viewed at any time previous to the
sale.

T. & J. CARY,
A. & B.

Quebec, June 9, 1819.

N. B. The Sale was advertised to take place on the
8th inst. but postponed on account of the Races.

INDOOR SALE ONLY.

On WEDNESDAY next, 16th inst. at ONE o'clock,
at the Subscribers' Auction-Room:

A MOST complete assortment of Dry Goods, lately
imported—consisting in Linen & Cotton Cambrics,
furniture and other Calicoes, Dimities, white and other
Jeans, striped and white Cottons, cambric Handker-
chiefs, corded and fancy Muslins and muslin Shawls,
cotton and lamb's wool Hose, Bed-ticks.

ALSO,

Six packages Waterloo, Military and Women's Shoes.
AND,

For account of the Underwriters or others concerned,
A Bale of FLANNELS, just landed from the Waller,
capt. Hannay. MELVIN & BELANGER, A. & B.
14th June, 1819.

At the house of K. C. CHANDLER, Esq. in Garden
Street, Upper Town, on TUESDAY the 22nd. inst.
at ONE o'clock.

ALL his valuable Household Furniture, and other
Effects: consisting of mahogany and other tables,
chairs, sofas, a mahogany wardrobe, bureaus, chests of
drawers, carpets, looking glasses, sideboards, window
curtains, beds, bedsteads and bedding, stoves and stove
pipe, table linen and plate, china, glassware, earthen-
ware, kitchen utensils, and a great variety of other
articles.

ALSO,

A valuable horse, a four wheel carriage, caleches,
carriage, carioles, harness, saddles, bridles, &c. &c. &c.

T. & J. CARY,
A. & B.

Quebec, June 10, 1819.

THE Subscriber intending very shortly to leave the
Province, requests that all those who may have any
demands against him, will prefer them as soon as possi-
ble.

K. C. CHANDLER.

June 10, 1819.

THE Sale on Cape Diamond Wharf adver-
tised for next WEDNESDAY, is postponed until
WEDNESDAY, the 23d inst. at which time it will take
place positively. By QUIROUET, CHINIC & Co.
Quebec, 15th June, 1819. A. & B.

FOR SALE,

A remarkable handsome CANADIAN MARE, rising
7 years old; particularly well adapted for a Lady.
Purchased with for no fault.—Inquire of the Printers.
Quebec, June 7, 1819.

SALE BY AUCTION.

CREDIT SALE—on Cape Diamond Wharf.
On WEDNESDAY next, the 16th inst. at ONE o'clock,
by the Subscribers:

TWO pipes Port, 4 do. Bronti Madeira } WINES.
6 do. Sicilian do. 1 do. Fayal, }
5 pipes Spanish, 10 bhds. do. 40 doz. Port. }
26 cases, each 6 doz. Claret Wine,
10 puns. Molasses, 2 do. Lemon Juice,
20 barrels Sugar, 125 crates well assorted Earthenware,
50 fraills new Figs 14 casks Paris White,
50 kegs white colored Paint, 10 tierces Glassware,
14 tierces Copperas, 10 chaldrons Connell Coals,
10 chaldrons Newcastle Coals.

Purchasers to the amount of £50 will be entitled to 2
months credit, and to the amount of £100 and upwards
to 3 months credit, on furnishing the Brokers with ap-
proved endorsed notes.

QUIROUET, CHINIC & Co.
Aucts. & Broks.

15th June, 1819.

AT THE UNION HOTEL.

On THURSDAY and FRIDAY next, 17th and 18th
inst. at ONE o'clock each day, will be sold by the
subscribers,

THE following Articles, just received by the WAL-
LER, VIZ.

A rich assortment of JEWELRY, consisting of Em-
bossed fine Gold Seals and Keys, Embossed Silver and
plain warranted Watches, richly embossed Snuff Boxes,
fine Gold, Cornelian and Brilliant Top and Drop Ear-
Rings, Satin Beads, Necklaces and Beads in rows,
Amulet Neckchains and Bracelets, an elegant assort-
ment of Finger Rings and Broaches, sets of Silver Forks,
Salt Spoons, Butter Knives, Cruet Stands, Knee Buck-
les, Ladies Shoe Buckles, gilt silver Snuff Boxes,
Plated Tea Urns, Coffee Jugs, Tea Pots, Cream Ewers,
sugar Basons, Candlesticks, Snuffers and Trays, an as-
sortment of Parasols, Sarsnet, twilled lustring and
brocade border with ivory handles, plated tubes, &c.
an assortment of Shot Belts, pocket Pouches, Powder
Flasks for sportsmen, Fowling Pieces, gentlemen's
Hunting, riding and driving Whips, a rich assortment of
Tea Trays, sets of Dish Covers, Tureens, &c. a selection
of Work Boxes, shaving and Dressing Cases, Mahogany
Writing Desks, a handsome assortment of Buttons of
the best description, sets of Knives and Forks, Spoons,
Baskets, Crystallised Caddies, Bottle Stands, fancy
Ink Stands, Hair and Cloth Brushes, and a great variety
of other articles.—Also,

A selection of the best French Authors on Law, Physic,
Divinity, Belles Letters, &c.—Catalogues of which
will be ready on Wednesday next at the Brokers'
Office. WURTELE & FRASER,
11th June, 1819. A. & B.

On THURSDAY next, the 17th inst. at ONE o'clock,
at the Subscribers Auction Room:

26 Coils assorted Cordage,

15 Barrels Prime Mess Pork,
18 Casks Nails 14 lbs.
40 Kegs White Paint,
20 Boxes Glass 6½ x 7½, 7½ x 8½,
50 Pieces Osnaburg,
40 do. Russia Sheetting,

ALSO,

2 Boxes Ladies' Bonnets,
2 do. Mens Hats,

AND—A General and extensive assortment of Dry
Goods suitable to the season and Country.

CHINIC & VEZINA,
Aucts. & Brokers.

Quebec, 15th June, 1819.

LIVERY STABLE.

No. 13, St. Ann Street, QUEBEC.

MESSRS. CUTTER & CADY, beg leave to return
thanks, for the very liberal encouragement they
have experienced, and take this method of acquainting
the Nobility, Gentry and Public in general, that they
have purchased two very Elegant (and Fashionable)
Carriages, for the purpose of general Accommodation,
and keep constantly an excellent *STUD OF HORSES*,
Gigs and Caleches.

Parties on pleasure, Travellers and others accommo-
dated at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable
terms, and trust from assiduous attention, careful Drivers,
and a desire to promote general satisfaction, to merit a
share of the Public patronage.

Livery Horses well fed on reasonable terms, and
every attention paid to the welfare of those who may
favor them with their commands.

Quebec, 21st May, 1819.

ENCAN IMPORTANT.

MERCREDI, le 16e. du courant, à MIDI, sur les pré-
misses de Mr. Goudie, à St. Roch:

SERONT Vendus par Encan Public, pour le Compte
des Assureurs et autres intéressés, toute la MA-
CHINE à VAPEUR, de prix, et autre articles en-
dommagés par l'incendie du 10e. du mois passé, savoir:

- Lot. No. 1, Une quantité de tole du toit de la maison
de la machine à vapeur.
2. Un lot de scies endommagées par le feu.
3. Plusieurs tonneaux de fer de fonte, aussi endomma-
gés par le feu.
4. La machine à vapeur, comme elle se trouve dans la
maison à vapeur, y comprise une partie des val-
vules, le tout presque complet, de la puissance de
25 chevaux.
5. Les machines attachées au moulin à scie, y com-
prises les deux jeux de scies, et toute autre article
dans la fosse à scier, seulement.
6. La machine appartenante au Moulin à Farine et
à Plâtre, y comprises toutes les meules, machine
à bluteaux, &c. &c. comme elles se trouvent dans
le moulin de pierre et de bois y joignant.

AUSSEI,



LA GOELETTE MARY,

Stewart, d'environ 60 Tonneaux enregistrée, comme
elle se trouve devant le Chantier.

On pourra tout voir en aucun tems avant l'Encan.

T. & J. CARY, E. & C.

Quebec, 9e. Juin, 1819.

N. B. On a averti cet Encan pour le 8e. du courant,
mais il a été remis par rapport aux Courses.

WANTED,

A SERVAANT WOMAN, a good character will be
required. Apply at this Office.
8th June, 1819. u

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber informs the
Public his goods will be ready
for Sale on WEDNESDAY morn-
ing.

The selection of Mr. Rivers' goods
are already well known for taste and
quality, and having been personally
selected and ready Cash paid for every
article, affords the Public an oppor-
tunity of purchasing the best goods
at the first rate prices.

Will be sold by piece or package,
at a small profit, and will be sold at
one fixed price, and positively for
Cash only.

CHARLES RIVERS,

4 Palace Street.

15th June, 1819. u

FOR SALE, OR TO LET,

For one or more years, with immediate
possession,

THAT large and well-finished House, near
the Ramparts, lately occupied by the Baroness
GRANT; with spacious Dependencies, and a Gar-
den.—A purchaser will meet with every facility in re-
spect of payment.—Apply to W. F. Scott, Esq. N. P.
C. DENECHAU.

Quebec, June 14, 1819. u

TO LET,

THE Farm of Sansbruit, on the St. Foi,
& Cape Rouge roads, only two miles from town. It
yields a large Crop of Hay, and has a very extensive
Pasture.—The whole will be let for a Pasturage, if
required.—Enquire of

W. F. SCOTT, Esq. N. P.

Quebec, June 14. n

FOR SALE,

23 puns Molasses, } Ex. Alexander.
 50 tons of Coals, }
 110 crates of assorted Crockery, in good order.
 30 casks best B. S. Porter,
 10 cases superior Claret,
 4 pipes Holland Gin,
 1 pipe old Madeira,
 1 do. new do.
 1 do. of old Teneriffe.
 12 M. West India Hoops, 14 feet,
 American Pork, Inspected at Montreal.
 Flour of all descriptions,
 Crackers in barrels,
 Lard in small kegs,
 Crowley Steel, Harness Leather, Starch,
 Lumber, Staples, Trace Chains, &c. &c.
 J. JONES, Junr.
 18 May, 1819. 4 Sault-au-Matelot street.

L. P. SEGUIN offre ses plus sincères remerciements, pour l'encouragement généreux qu'ils ont bien voulu lui donner durant la dernière saison—il offre de nouveau à vendre à son Magasin, No. 7, Rue St. Jean, les effets suivans arrivés par les derniers vaisseaux, savoir: Chapeaux de Paille Français, d'un goût tout-à-fait nouveau, pour les Dames; do. de do. de couleur, garnis, d'une qualité supérieure, et noir, pour do.; Bottines de kid, de maroquin et jane, et de cuir de la première qualité, pour les dames; Souliers do. do. pour do. do. de satin et kid blanc pour do. do. et Bottines de toutes sortes pour les enfans de tout âge, Chapeaux de castor de la première et seconde qualité, pour les Messieurs, do. de Casimir, garnis pour les jeunes enfans, Souliers d'une qualité supérieure, double et simples, pour les Messieurs, et do. pour les enfans, et quantité d'autres articles trop long à détailler, dont il disposera aux prix les plus modérés.
 6 Mai, 1819.

THE Subscriber begs leave to return his sincere thanks to the public for the very liberal encouragement he has experienced from them in his line as Joiner, Cabinet-maker and Upholsterer—and takes this opportunity of offering himself as an UNDERTAKER, in addition to his former branches, having provided a Horse with all its appendages and trusts from assiduity and moderate charges to merit a portion of the public patronage.
 CHARLES PITT,
 27th April 1819. 3m No. 33, St. John-street.

FOR SALE, with immediate possession.

A New and elegantly finished House, two stories high in Desalaberry Street, with a Lot of 166 by 120 feet, and a Stable, Coach House and Wood House to be erected thereon. The House commands a beautiful view. Desalaberry street is open from St. John's to St. Lewis Street.
 Terms of payment will be made to suit the purchaser.
 Apply to W. F. COTT, Esq. N. P.
 Quebec, 6th April, 1819.

FOR SALE,

Ex Brigs Arno and Mary from London.
A HANDSOME Assortment of Lace, viz. Thread net, Blond Lace, Thread Mechlin net, silk net, Footing Lace, silk net shalls, Veils, & Dresses, Bombazeens assorted, London printed supe. Cambrics, Light and Fancy Ground striped Muslins, Gingham, &c. New Teas,--Hyson, souchong, and Twankey, Vinegar, coloured and white, in small casks for Faculites, ditto for Pickling, in bottles.--Apply to
 Wm. BUDDEN,
 Rue d'Antoine, Rue St. Pierre.
 10th May, 1819.

A VENDRE,

LA belle voilière la Goëlette MARIE, de 30 Tonneaux, bien agréee, n'ayant que deux ans. Pour les conditions s'adresser à William Bait, Peintre, Faubourg St. Jean, au coin du Cimetière.
 7 Mai, 1819.

REMOVAL.

THE Subscribers' return their sincere thanks, to their friends and the public in general, for the very liberal encouragement they have met with since they commenced business in their line, and beg leave to inform them, that they have Removed from their late stand, Mountain street, to the house No. 21, Boade street, opposite the General Post-Office, where they have on hand a good assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes; and have also received per Brig Arno from London, a choice assortment of English Leather and Materials, which they will make up in the neatest manner and on the shortest notice.
 MILLER & BURK.
 Quebec, 11th May, 1819.

For Liverpool.

THE Brig GEORGE SYMES, Joseph Bushby, master, burthen per register 285 tons, nearly new, being on her first voyage, coppered to the bends, will be ready to take in on freight, in the course of the present week, and will positively be dispatched by the 20th inst. For the comfort and convenience of Cabin Passengers her accommodations are particularly adapted. For Freight and Passage apply to Capt. Bushby, on board, or to
 GEORGE SYMES.
 Près-de-Ville, June 1, 1819.

ELIGIBLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THAT Spacious House, most desirably situated, being No. 4, Garden Street, near St. Lewis Street, possessing convenient accommodation for one large Family or two moderate establishments.
 The whole premises in a thorough state of repair. Conditions, as may be agreed upon; application to be made to the subscribing proprietor.
 29th March, 1819. K. C. CHANDLER.

Loading for LONDON.

THE remarkable fast sailing Ship COMET, Wm. Wilcockson Commander, coppered and copper-fastened, has superior Accommodations for Passengers, and will sail about the 15th of June. Apply to the Captain on board, or to
 JAMES GEORGE,
 Goudie's Wharf.
 N. B. The Comet will take a few barrels of Ashes, at a low freight, if applied for immediately.--J. G.
 Quebec, May 31st, 1819.

FOR GREENOCK,

THE fine Brig JANE, Alexr. Murdoch, Master, 193 tons register, will sail about the 15th inst. and can take a few hundred barrels of Ashes on freight, if immediate application be made to Messrs. Hart Logan & Co. Montreal, or to the subscribers,
 HANCOX & CRINGAN,
 Quebec, 1st June, 1819.

FOR LIVERPOOL,

THE fine Brig ALEXANDER, coppered and copper fastened, stands A 1, well known as a regular Trader--will commence taking in her outward Cargo on the 22nd. For freight or passage, (having superior accommodations) apply on board to Capt. MARSHALL, or to
 J. JONES Junr.
 16th. May, 1819.

For Bristol.

THE fine fast sailing ship MARTHA BRAG, John Gibson, Master, to sail about the 15th proximo, for passage only, (having superior accommodations) apply to the Master, on board, at Wolfe's Cove, or to
 PATERSONS & WEIR.

S & J. SHEPHERD, late from England, have erected a MANGLE for Linen, and beg leave to inform their friends in Quebec and its vicinity, that all who may please to favor them with their orders, will have them done cheap and with dispatch, at No. 21, St. Joseph street, St. Roch's.
 Quebec, 25th. May, 1819.

TO BE SOLD,

THAT fine fast sailing Schooner LARK, 47 tons admeasurement only 3½ years old, with Anchors, Cables, Sails and Cordage complete, now lying at Point Levy, where she may be seen.
 Apply to WHITE & LANGUEDOC.
 Quebec, 6th April, 1819.

THE Ship REBECCA, Alexandre Harvey Master, is now loading for Greenock, and will be speedily dispatched.--For freight or passage apply on board, or to
 GEO. ROSS.
 Quebec, 24th. May, 1819.

FOR SALE.

THE fine fast sailing Schooner LENNOX, burthen per Register 74 18-94 Tons, perfectly new, well found in every respect, is particularly adapted for the Coasting Trade, and in a few days will be ready to go to sea.
 The Inventory of her stores may be seen by applying to the proprietor.
 W. PHILLIPS,
 Goudie's Wharf,
 Strong Jamaica Spirits,
 Ditto Leward Island Rum,
 American Prime Pork, do. Beef,
 Newfoundland Biscuit, &c.
 Apply as above,
 Quebec, 24d May, 1819.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER

WINDOW Glass, 12 by 10,
 10 by 8,
 9½ by 8½,
 8½ by 7½,
 7½ by 6½,
 Four hales Seal Leather,
 One thousand Grindstones,
 Four Pipes of Portugal Madeira.
 LIKEWISE,
 A few thousand of white spruce Deals.
 H. ATKINSON,
 Goudie's Wharf, 11th May, 1819.

SYMES & WOOLRICH respectfully inform the Public they have received the greater part of their Spring shipments, and now offer for sale an excellent assortment of new and fashionable goods, consisting of diaper and damask table cloths, from 1½ to 5½ yrs. long, with napkins to match; diapers, 6-4 and 8-4 huckabacks, India long cloths and shirting calico, quilts and counterpanes, furniture and hair-cord dainties, best chintz furnitures, linings, fringes, and bindings, cambric, jaconet, mull, and all kinds fancy muslins; work'd robes and flouncings, satins of every colour, rich striped do. for spencers, plain and striped silk velvets, silk handkerchiefs and shawls, figured and plain gauzes, for trimmings of bonnets; tiffeneys, bombazeens and crapes, satin and cord trimmings of various descriptions, hobbin nets, rich figured do. thread lace, lace veils, and all kinds haberdashery and millinery: Leghorn bonnets, ladies' coloured and white kid gloves, of a superior quality; gentlemen's drab and yellow doe skin, very stout, black and white funeral do.; ladies' and children's hosiery, gentlemen's hootstockings, with rib'd tops; welck flannels, with many other descriptions of goods, well worth the attention of families, (having been selected by themselves) and will warrant every article they sell, and only one price made.
 N. B. Will have a quantity of Canton crapes, shawls and scarfs open in a few days.
 St. John-street, May 25, 1819.

NOTICE.

LETT at the Subscriber's Store, on his Wharf, last Fall, one Chest marked H. S. and one small Box with no mark. Whoever can prove the same to be their property, can have them by paying the expenses.
 JOHN GOUDIE,
 St. Roch, May, 17, 1819.

NOTICE.

ANY persons desirous of putting their Cows or Horses to pasture for the Season; the Subscriber informs them he has appropriated three fields for that purpose on the Farm lately occupied by Mr. McCance, adjoining Saint Roch.
 The Terms will be ten Dollars each for the season, payable on entering the field.
 And he hereby gives notice that all Horses, Cattle, &c. found trespassing on the above premises will be immediately taken possession of, and dealt with according to law.
 St. Roch. JOHN GOUDIE.

WANTED

IN a small family,—an in-door Man Servant, who can also take care of a horse;—a boy or lad would be preferred;—a good character from the last place of service will be required. Apply to the printer.
 May 14th.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE subscriber is enabled to supply the public from his Brewery, near Mr. Goudie's, with
SPRUCE BEER and ESSENCE OF SPRUCE.
 Orders for the same left at Messrs. John White & Co's, Ship Chandlery, or at the Spruce Beer Brewery, will be thankfully received and immediately attended to.
 THOMAS AYLWIN,
 Who has for sale a few chests fresh Twankey Tea, beer and wine Corks.
 St. Roch, 26th May, 1819.

FOR SALE,

THE House adjoining that of the Honorable Frs. Baby, in Parloir street, at present occupied by the Honourable John Young, with immediate possession,
ALSO,
 One Share in the Steam-Boat Car of Commerce,
 One Sixth Share of the Steam-Boat Quebec, and
 One Sixth Share of the Steam Ferry-Boat Lauzon, between Quebec and Point Levi. Apply to
 JOHN WHITE & Co.
 Quebec, 1st. June, 1819.

Printed and published for THOMAS CARY, No. 21, St. Anne street, at the NEW PRINTING OFFICE Free Masons' Hall.