

# The Montreal Herald

EIGHTY FOURTH YEAR NO. 184

MONTREAL, MONDAY AUGUST 3 1891.

3 CENTS. \$6 PER YEAR

## THE NEWS.

**Fine to-day.**  
Winnipeg landers have formed a Liberal Association.  
Parnell had a rousing reception at Thurles yesterday.

It is estimated that the rag pickers of Paris collect about \$10,000 worth a night.  
Flammonia, the famous French astronomer, now in Algeria, has discovered a new comet.

The new bishop of Athabaska, MacKenzie District, was consecrated at Winnipeg Saturday.

The Toronto Lacrosse team beat the St. Regis Indians in a goal on Saturday, the game being played in a pouring rain.  
M. J. Woodward & Co., oil refiners (of Petrolea, are reported to have assigned. Unsecured liabilities are placed at \$100,000.

Japanese lace is coming into the market. It is a new manufacture, and hitherto has been mainly consumed at home.

It is reported in Ottawa that the Hon. Geo. Kirkpatrick will be called into the Ministry as Minister of Public Works after the Session.

A despatch from Vichy to Paris states that Dom Pedro, the ex-Emperor of Brazil, has suffered a relapse and that he is again confined to his bed.

Joseph Craig, collector of inland revenue at Prescott, was stricken with paralysis on a train near Peterborough, and died shortly afterward.

Cornelius Vanderbilt and Chauncey M. Depew are enjoying themselves at Ischia, whence they will make a tour of portions of Russia, Turkey and Greece.

The closing of the lobster canning factories on the west coast of Newfoundland is said to have created a perfect panic among thousands of workmen.

Miss Emma Eames, the operatic artist, was married Saturday at the Registrar's office, London, to the son of W. W. Story, the well-known sculptor.

The Russian Government has decorated Admiral Vignes and Commander Lefebvre, the chief officer and second officer respectively, of the French Ministry.

The French Government will send a special steamer to convey M. Wadlington, the French Ambassador in London, to Spitzhead to view the French fleet.

Many thousands of bales of cotton have been destroyed by a fire which broke out in Grandy-street, Liverpool, yesterday. It is estimated that the damage done will amount to \$250,000.

Emperor William's knee is making rapid progress towards recovery. He hopes to be able to lay the foundation stone of a monument intended to commemorate the session of Heligoland Aug. 10.

The International Congress, which will consider the means of lessening the danger of accidents to workmen, will meet in Berlin on Sept. 21. All the countries of Europe will be represented at this congress.

The towns of Mahooda and Bhowrager, in the Province of Gujerat, are flooded with water which rises breast-high in the streets. Three hundred people and a countless number of live stock have been drowned.

Mr. Gladstone attended Hawarden Church yesterday and to all appearances he was nearly as robust as ever. He was not suffering from any cold, nevertheless colds were never more common in summer time than now.

A steamer from Ounalska reports intense excitement over the sealing edict. It also states that before the news of the close season reached the North American Commercial Company, they managed to secure 7500 seal skins.

Prince Henry of Prussia has started from Dantzic to join his wife, the Princess Irene and their son, Prince Waldemar, at Osborne, England. The Princess Irene is first cousin of her husband, and they are both grandchildren of Queen Victoria.

The remains of the late Hermann Raster, well-known as the editor-in-chief of the Chicago Staats Zeitung, who died recently in Lubowa, Southern Silesia, started yesterday from Berlin on their way to Chicago, accompanied by the dead man's family.

At a dinner given Thursday night by the Russian artillery officers in St. Petersburg to the officers of the French fleet Admiral Gervais, in toasting the Russian army, said that he hoped it would cover itself with laurels if the Almighty summoned it to the defence of the Fatherland.

The inquiry in Constantinople regarding the young English girl rescued from compulsory marriage to a Kurd, has brought to light the fact that a considerable number of young women from western Europe are detained in the harems of Asia Minor.

Near the Neosha River, in the Charokee country, four people were gored to death by Texas cattle. A woman and two little girls were first attacked and literally torn to pieces. A cowboy who attempted to rescue them was thrown from his horse and instantly killed.

The Newfoundland Association of Boston held a meeting on Thursday evening, at which speeches were made setting forth the advantages of annexation to the United States, and asserting that if the proposal were put to a popular vote in the island it would be carried by two-thirds of the population.

## LETTERS NOT READ.

**Important Admissions that Were Never Expected to be Made Before a Committee.**

### HOW IS THIS, MR. RYKERT?

**The Confessions of the President of the Conservative Association in Lincoln County—What Dredging Really Costs as Compared with What is Charged for It—True Inwardness of Government Contractors.**

FROM OUR OWN REPORTER.

OTTAWA, Aug. 1.—The Privileges and Elections Committee waited over an hour this morning after the appointed time for a quorum and then without any careful enumerating of the members present proceeded to business with Mr. Baker in the chair.

Captain Larkin was recalled and examined by Mr. Geoffrion.

He said he had several interviews with Sir Hector Langevin during the course of the construction of the Esquimaux Dock. He was then given a letter which he read.

Sir John Thompson objected in the warmest tones to this letter on the ground that it was not relevant to the trial and was insulting to the Minister of Public Works.

Mr. Geoffrion argued that the letter had a direct bearing on the statement of the witness.

Sir John Thompson persisted in his objection and moved that the letter be not placed in evidence.

Mr. Lister reminded Sir John Thompson that many letters were admitted which might be objected to. He also reminded him that it had been incontrovertibly proved that officials, engineers and others had been bribed right and left.

The question to be proven now was whether the witness had been in accord or the opposite with the conspirators who had done the bribing. If the former fact could be established, then the credibility of the witness would be affected.

That was the object for which Mr. Geoffrion said the letter had been produced. Therefore he (Mr. Lister) submitted that the letter should be admitted.

Sir John Thompson then backed down a little and said that if the letters were admitted he would see that hereafter the strict principles and regulations of legal courts would be observed in this trial.

Mr. McLeod said he would support Sir John Thompson because he considered that the only object in producing these letters was to have them published and not to throw light on the case.

Mr. Amyot reminded Mr. McLeod that any member of the committee or any one else could obtain this letter and have it published as broadcast as might be wished.

Sir John Thompson withdrew the expression by which he implied that Mr. Geoffrion wished to use an insulting expression against Sir Hector.

The letter was finally admitted and Mr. Geoffrion went on. He read the letter which Michael Connolly wrote to O. E. Murphy Dec. 17, 1885, which said "Capt. Larkin has gone over to make a social call on Sir Hector and Sir Adolphe."

Mr. Larkin said he had no recollection of calling on Sir Hector but did on Sir Adolphe. The statement that he called on Sir Hector was incorrect. They took Robert McGreevy into the firm because Sir Hector was so busy with his Parliamentary duties that he was neglecting the interests of the firm of Larkin, Connolly & Co. He told Nicholas Connolly that he had better urge "our friends" to see Sir Hector and keep him right with the firm.

Mr. Geoffrion reminded the witness that he stated yesterday that he was anxious to get out of the firm after Murphy came in, and then read a letter dated Esquimaux dock, February 12, 1885, from Michael Connolly to O. E. Murphy, which said: "Captain Larkin is here yet. It is no use in talking; you have formed a correct estimate of Larkin, for I firmly believe one could not drive him out with a club. There is no way of getting rid of Larkin except to leave him out in some work that is to be taken." (Laughter.)

Witness said there was something wrong about that for he never saw British Columbia before July. He admitted that Kemmit had urged him to sell out, but the firm would not give him a reasonable offer.

Mr. Geoffrion produced a letter written by Mr. Larkin to Michael Connolly, June 16, 1881, which said: "I am in hopes Sir Hector will not recede from what he said about furnishing the fund for the work controlled by Kintipie and Morris. In that case, all may be right yet, and if not, the changes contemplated must be of considerable advantage if proper prices are obtained, which no doubt you will look sharply after."

Witness said he never had any such promise from Sir Hector.

Mr. Davis—You say that you were not in British Columbia previous to July 1887?

Mr. Larkin—Yes.

Mr. Davis—Then you had no knowledge of the work on the Esquimaux dock except what you learned through the letters from Michael Connolly?

Mr. Larkin—No, I had only one letter from Michael Connolly. Most of my letters were from Michael Connolly.

Mr. Davis—What did you do with these letters?

Mr. Larkin—I destroyed them. I am in the habit of destroying all my letters; but I may have some of them left.

Mr. Davis—You advised him to get these remaining letters and bring them before

the committee, as they would be yet asked for.

Questioned as to the change from granite to sandstone witness said that he knew nothing of the causes that led to the change.

When shown a letter of his to Michael Connolly, urging that "their friends" should be seen about this matter, witness swore that he did know who these friends were.

Mr. Davies—You were in blissful ignorance on this point?

Mr. Mulock—Where ignorance is bliss 'tis folly to be wise.

Questioned by Mr. Mulock in reference to the memorandum promising to give \$25,000 if the contract for the dredging at 35 cents a yard were obtained, witness said that he consented to give the \$25,000 because he knew it would be given whether he consented or not. He knew that the money went for political purposes.

Mr. Amyot asked him if he would reimburse the Quebec Harbor Commission now that he had discovered that a fraud had been committed and that he had shared in that fraud.

Mr. Larkin said that it was a long time ago, and he would not make restitution.

Mr. Amyot—Then you plead prescription?

Mr. Larkin—Yes.

Mr. Davies—Then you are as bad as Murphy. (Laughter.)

To Mr. Fitzpatrick he said that he was a Liberal in politics, and was president of the St. Catharines Liberal Association from 1876 till 1882. He had also subscribed to the Liberal campaign fund when asked to do so.

Mr. Amyot—Was it to the Liberal party that you gave the \$25,000 which you said to-day was given for political purposes?

Witness—Well no, I should say not.

To Mr. Fitzpatrick he said that witness had held the cash the custom was to give him liberty to use the money as he wished, and at the end of the year he was to account for it in the audit.

He recollected that at the end of 1885 his agent, Mr. Kimmey, had objected to Murphy's audits, particularly to the payments of large sums of money without vouchers. The term "our friends" in his correspondence might not have been applied to Thomas McGreevy in the correspondence of 1880. Murphy never intimated directly or indirectly to him that Thomas McGreevy had lent his influence as a member of the commission or of Parliament to secure the contract.

In answer to Mr. Fitzpatrick he said that it was generally understood that tenders for all contracts in the Public Works Department were only approximate. Almost invariably the original estimates were changed. In his work on the Welland Canal he got as high as 50 cents a yard for dredging. Witness said that it was no great crime to award a contract for dredging in 17 feet of water at 35 cents a yard, when the lowest tender in a previous year had been 47 cents for the same kind of work.

Mr. Fitzpatrick here gave the witness a letter written by Mr. Murphy to him in which he spoke of the water works scandal in Quebec. In this letter Mr. Murphy said that the scandals had quarreled among themselves and were likely to be found out. (Great laughter.)

"This," Murphy concluded, "would be hard on Beaumont." (Laughter.)

Mr. Geoffrion then said to the witness that in view of the fact that he had just expressed some doubt as to whether Thomas McGreevy was one of "our friends," he would give him another letter to read. Mr. Larkin read the effect of that he had seen "our friend" Thomas at the St. Lawrence Hall, Montreal, in reference to some changes. Mr. Larkin said that the reference was to Thomas McGreevy.

The committee then adjourned till Tuesday morning.

## PAUPER IMMIGRATION.

**Work of American and English Inspectors in Great Britain.**

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The officials of the Board of Trade are watching the methods of inquiry of the United States Emigration Commissioners. It is believed that the enquiry will result in the appointment of American inspectors at all the leading English ports, with some system of consular supervision. A high official of the board says that the English Government officers will be instructed to cooperate with the Americans to secure reforms for regulating the tide of emigration.

Although publicly protesting that there is no necessity for a special provision against the influx of destitute aliens, the Government is using most rigorously the existing law to stop the settlement of foreign paupers in England.

Customs officers board all vessels on arrival and refuse to allow apparently destitute persons to land unless they are able to produce proof that they have means of subsistence or can give the addresses of friends.

An official inquiry has resulted in the disclosure of systematic frauds on the part of Jewish emigrants from Russia. Passports, manufactured here, have been sent to Russia to enable Jews to evade the payment of £10 levied on each emigrant. Fraudulent addresses have also been sent to enable emigrants on arrival to evade investigation by the English officials. The facts connected with the harassing of immigrants in Ireland are becoming widely known on the continent and assist in checking the influx.

## After Smuggled Chinamen.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., Aug. 2.—Assistant Secretary of the Treasury General, O. L. Spalding, with Special Agent Moon, of that department, are here and at Suspension Bridge, in connection with the Chinese restriction matter. It is alleged that Chinamen are coming into this country with impunity; that every day they land at Lewiston, on the Niagara River, at the steamboat wharf and readily escape the customs officers.

The acting secretary is going to try to put a stop to this loose guarding of the frontier, and has had an interview with Collector of Customs James Low, at Suspension Bridge. The Chinamen board Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg trains at night and next morning are in New York.

## OUR CABLE LETTER.

**Switzers Enthusiastically Celebrate the Sixth Centennial of Their Confederation.**

### TROUBLES FOR THE KAISER.

**Bavarians Prefer Bismarck to Emperor William—The Socialist Propaganda in Vigorous Working Order—Republican Agitation in Portugal—The People Averse to Selling Mozambique.**

BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.

BERNE, Aug. 1.—The commemoration of the sixth centennial of the Swiss Confederation is being enthusiastically observed by the people of the different cantons. Despatches from Geneva report that a general outcoming of the population to do honor to the occasion has occurred there, and that the same is very generally true of the entire country. In this city, the seat of Government, the most elaborate preparations had been made to make the day a memorable one. The street decorations and ornaments of the buildings are particularly profuse and well chosen. The red and white flag of the Confederation is conspicuous over the Government offices. Private contractors, however, add the flags of their country, those of France, Russia and Italy as they variously incline in sympathy. There is no display of soldiery about the city, the police being entirely competent to handle a few policemen and a detachment of visitors from all sides of the Alps.

At noon President Wetti, supported by the Vice-President and the members of the federal council, took up his position in the Federal Palace, where he was to receive, on behalf of Switzerland, the congratulations of the diplomatic corps. An enormous crowd lined the passage way from the street to the palace, the entrances of which were guarded by a few policemen and a detachment of the national force, evidently placed there to lend color to the scene. Only twice was there anything unusual in the demonstration at this point. The German ambassador, Dr. Busch, was given little throated cheer by the crowd, and those of the Swiss who had a warm feeling for Germany. It happened that the carriage of the French ambassador, M. Millet, and that of the American minister, Mr. Washburn, were for a moment brought together as they approached the palace gates. The people recognized the representatives of the great Republics and sent up a hearty cheer.

The ceremony of presentation to the President and exchange of formal greetings was soon disposed of, and then the heads of departments and other public functionaries paid their respects to the executive. Later the general public were accorded an opportunity to meet President Wetti.

This afternoon a magnificent parade was participated in by the regiment of infantry, the regiment of artillery, a number of infant battalions, and all the civic societies of Berne, as well as many visiting bodies took part. To-night patriotic addresses will be delivered, and the people are promised an imposing display.

**Trouble Looming up for the Kaiser.**  
LONDON, August 1.—The Guelph question is not by any means the only indication of trouble within the Kaiser's empire. Particulars, as they call it in Germany, or separate state sovereignty, as they would call it in America, is asserting itself in Bavaria and to some extent in the states of Baden and Wurtemberg. In Bavaria, especially, the prospects are gloomy. The review of the troops by the Emperor is looked on with extreme disfavor by many. The Bavarians have not got over their traditional dislike of the North German emperor, and the general public view of the troops by the Emperor is looked on with extreme disfavor by many. The Bavarians have not got over their traditional dislike of the North German emperor, and the general public view of the troops by the Emperor is looked on with extreme disfavor by many.

The indications are ominous that the Bavarian authorities have given Bismarck an enthusiastic welcome, and they have repelled indignantly an intimation from Berlin as to restraining the Bavarian press in its comments on the central government's states of emergency, although the head of that house is related to the Kaiser, no deference is shown to the Imperial Government beyond the absolute requirements of the federal compact. This is partly due to the personal animosity of the Emperor, who considers the house of Hohenzollern parvenu compared with himself, whose head, as Prince of the Wends, traces his sovereign ancestry far into the misty past. So much for the perils that threaten in this quarter.

From below the danger to the Imperial structure is at least as formidable. The social democracy is making rapid strides. Distinctions between the old parties are disappearing and the Germans are resolving themselves into two divisions, the governing class with its adherents on the one hand, and the people on the other. The persecutions seem only to strengthen the Socialist movement, and the social democratic party has no lack of sympathy and money for its propaganda. The prospect now is that there will be a large increase of social democratic representation in the next Reichstag. The Conservatives are greatly alarmed and they turn with regretful remembrance to the period when Bismarck's iron rule kept the Socialists down with the weapons of prison and exile. The working classes do not appear to be in the slightest degree conciliated by the measures exacted for their relief. They regard them only as a small and inadequate instalment of rights long withheld, and are resolving their leaders correctly represent them not to stop short of equal rights for all. They are careful to keep within the line of constitutional agitation, but there is no disguise as to the object.

**Portuguese Republicans Agitating.**  
The republican movement in Portugal is active, and has gained strength from

the sufferings of the unemployed at Lisbon and Oporto. A meeting of 5,000 workmen was held near Oporto the other day, ostensibly in relation to the financial stringency, but the men cheered loudly the names of leading Republican agitators. The negotiations for the sale of Portuguese Africa to England have not served to increase the popularity of the ruling family, and the consummation of such an arrangement could hardly fail to result in revolution. The Portuguese take a high sentimental pride in their colonial possessions, and the lifting of an oppressive burden of debt would not compensate for their loss. That it is part of England's plan to secure Portuguese Africa has long been apparent. The Portuguese will be baited and harassed until they surrender the coveted territory.

**England Watching Russia and France.**  
The reception of the French fleet at St. Petersburg is watched even more closely than at Berlin, for it is felt that as France disdains Germany, so Russia fears and hates Great Britain, and that any alliance in which Russia is interested must have Constantinople for an objective point. The cordiality of Russia towards France, the effect of making the British Government anxious to prove that England is not unfriendly to the latter power, and the visit of the French fleet to Portsmouth will be made the occasion to show British hospitality and friendship for France, which, however, will not hide the fact that the British fleet is promised to Germany for the Baltic and to Italy for the Mediterranean when the great war breaks out.

**Parnell in His Last Ditch.**  
Mr. Parnell started for Ireland to-night. His followers in the House of Commons are visibly weakening in their loyalty to the declining leader. They are talking of the necessity of another "Roostery" conference to discuss the leadership.

**Kaiser William's Movements.**  
The Kaiser is expected to arrive at Kiel on Thursday, on his return from his yachting trip to the westward and northward. Great preparations are being made for his reception. It is believed that he has given up the idea of visiting Heligoland.

**Bulgarian Independence.**  
It is learned from a trustworthy source that at the recent conference at Gastein, the British ambassadors assured Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, that if Turkey did not oppose it, England would not object to Bulgaria declaring her independence.

**Parnell's Warm Reception.**  
DUBLIN, Aug. 1.—Notwithstanding the threats and intimidations of the anti-Parnellites the reception of Parnell at Thurles to-day was most enthusiastic. A multitude of people attended the meeting most of them from the country and nearly all are ardently in favor of Parnell. The streets were adorned with Irish flags and arched with evergreens. The people took the horses from Parnell's carriage and dragged the carriage with Parnell in it to the market square. There Parnell delivered an address in his usual language. He affirmed that his policy was unchanged, "hatred to the Liberal party and would keep his hands unfastened until he had seen clear evidence of an honest purpose to fulfill Liberal pledges. He warned O'Brien and Dillon to be careful not to be drawn into a dangerous course by blind confidence in Mr. Gladstone.

**The Kaiser's Course.**  
BERLIN, Aug. 1.—The Kaiser to-day attended divine service on board the Hohenzollern and then left in a southerly direction. Prince Henry will represent the Kaiser at Heligoland on Aug. 10.

**To Go to the States.**  
HAMBURG, Aug. 1.—Five thousand four hundred Russian Jews left this city the past week, most of them intending ultimately to go to the United States.

**An Organ Without a Conscience.**  
BERLIN, Aug. 2.—The Arbeiter Zeitung, socialist organ at Gelsenkirch, in its issue of to-day contains an article advocating a resort to perjury by socialists in political trials, and declaring that such a course is praiseworthy when it tends to serve the interests of the people.

**To Much Phosphate.**  
OTTAWA, Aug. 2.—F. Graham, manager of the Royal Exchange Hotel, had one of his ribs broken last night. An altercation arose between the manager and a ruffian in the bar, and on the latter being ordered out he picked up a large piece of phosphate weighing about two pounds and hurled it at Mr. Graham and broke one of his ribs on the left side. The man was finally ejected. Mr. Graham was suffering considerable pain this morning.

**Drowned by a Playmate.**  
ST. PAUL, Aug. 1.—Paul Latuski, a little boy of eight years, was drowned in the Mississippi River, in this city, last night. It is claimed that Frank Ratinsky, aged 12, pulled the boy into the river and held him under the water until he was drowned.

**OH ARE LOSERS.**  
PETROLIA, Ont., Aug. 1.—M. J. Woodward & Co., oil refiners of this place, have assigned to John Fraser, and a meeting of creditors is called for August 5. It is impossible to give any details, but it is said that the banks and a Toronto oil firm are the heaviest losers.

**The Poisonous Can.**  
BOSTON, Aug. 2.—Joseph, Annie and Fred Willard, aged respectively 18, 13 and 11 years, living at 607 Federal-street, were poisoned yesterday by eating canned salmon. They were taken to the hospital, where their case is pronounced critical.

## THE DANCE OF DEATH

**The Social Amenities as They Appear to be Practised in Colorado.**

### LOADED INSIDE AND OUT

**He Was Drunk and Carried a Varied Assortment of Deadly Weapons—Not Allowed to Dance, He Starts a Ball of His Own—Innocent Persons the Victims of Stray Bullets.**

SPECIAL TO THE HERALD.

DURANGO, Col., Aug. 1.—News has just been received here of a terrible tragedy which occurred at a ball in the Blue Mountains last Friday night. When the dancing was going on a tough character by the name of Tom Roach insisted upon dancing. He was drunk and armed with a knife and pistol. He was not allowed to dance and raised a row. Frank Hyde tried to quell the disturbance and was stabbed by Roach in several places. A cowboy by the name of Wm. McCord tried to catch Roach. This seemed to enrage Roach more than ever and drawing his gun he killed McCord on the spot. A boy slipped away to a house near by and securing a Winchester returned to the ball room and took aim, and fired at Roach, killing Mrs. Walton, an estimable lady living in the community. In the excitement Roach escaped and is still at large.

**A HARROWING ACCIDENT.**  
Sad Ending of Two Much Indulgence in Whiskey.

OTTAWA, August 2.—The Gatineau Valley Railway was the scene of a terrible accident yesterday. It seems that three men, John Sullivan, George Laing and Joseph Ardis, went up to the Pêche on a hand car early in the morning. Here it is stated they got on a spree, and having imbibed too much for their safety, as alleged by the officials, started off on the hewdown journey in a state of great hilarity. A few miles well they were within a few miles of Chelsea, when through some unexplained stupidity they suddenly got off the rails. The pump, reaching the edge of the bank, toppled over with them into the depths below, throwing the men off and huriling them head over heels to the bottom. Sullivan and Laing, thoroughly sobered by the process of being dashed some 60 feet through the scrub, picked themselves up, not much the worse for their experience, except many scratches and a few bruises. When they had fully come to their senses and rubbed themselves down, they looked for their comrade, whom they found crushed and bleeding under the truck. Having lifted off the pumper they found poor Ardis hardly able to speak. The handle of the pumper had struck him at the juncture of the breast and bowels and completely transfixed him. In horror at the awful result of their jamboree, they hurriedly hauled the truck up the steep bank, and getting on the line, left the bleeding sufferer where they found him and made the best pace they could to Chelsea, where they told the tale of their shocking disaster, and the services of a doctor having been secured started with a train back to the scene of the wreck. When they reached it they could not see Ardis, but a trail of deep life blood led them to a disused hut 100 yards away to which the poor fellow had dragged himself for shelter. Directly the doctor saw him he knew death was certain. Still he did all he could to alleviate the agonies of the dying man, and having him carefully lifted took him back to Chelsea. Arrived there the poor fellow breathed his last at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, about an hour after the accident, having suffered inexpressible agony. It is not yet known if an inquest will be held.

**He May Be Drowned.**  
KINGSTON, Aug. 1.—This morning the hat worn by Eddie Morrison, son of Frank Morrison, who left home Tuesday and has not since been seen, was found by Officer Varbeck floating near the G.T.R. wharf. It is supposed the boy was trying to walk a plank which leads from the foot of Johnston-street to the wharf and fell off. Men were engaged to-day with grappling irons looking for the remains.

**The Weather.**  
TORONTO, Ont., Aug. 2.—11 p. m.—To-night the pressure is higher over western part of the lake region, and lowest over Gulf of St. Lawrence, the middle States and over Northwest Territories. Fine weather has prevailed throughout the country, and winds have been generally moderate.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Calgary, 48-88; Battleford 54-82; Winnipeg, 45-78; Toronto, 54-81; Montreal, 52-72; Quebec, 48-88; Halifax, 55-74.

**Probabilities.**  
Lakes and Upper St. Lawrence—Moderate winds; weather stationary or higher temperature.

Lower St. Lawrence, Gulf and Maritime—Moderate to fresh winds; mostly fair with a few local showers; stationary or higher temperature.

Manitoba—Mostly fair with some local showers; continued warm.

**Movements of Ocean Steamships.**  
Aug. 1. Arrived at From  
Arizona, New York, Liverpool  
Rusika, New York, Liverpool

The Hansa Line steamship Baumwall sailed from Antwerp for Montreal on the 1st inst. She has 122 passengers on board.

The Hansa Line steamship Steinboff, which sailed yesterday from here for Antwerp, passed Father Point at 6 a.m. to-day.

**DEATHS.**  
BROWN—At Petite Cote, near Montreal, on the 1st August, Ann Aitken, widow of the late Thomas Brown, aged 63 years.

FUNERAL on Monday, the 3rd inst., at 3 p.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

GLOBENSKY—At Terrebonne, on the 1st August, 1891, Mr. Edmond Globensky, of the Magistrate's Court, at the age of 45 years.

FUNERAL on Tuesday, the 4th inst., Church service at Terrebonne at 8 a.m. and Montreal at 8 1/2 a.m., from C.P.E. Dalhousie-square Station to the Colineton cemetery.

Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

## ROY DIES OF HYDROPHOBIA.

The Symptoms Exhibited and the Horrible Suffering of the Victim.

WICHITA, Kas., Aug. 2.—A horrible end was that of Robert Tankley, who died this evening from hydrophobia. The boy was attacked by a house dog some time in May, and badly bitten about the head. When the wounds had about healed the matter was forgotten until Monday, when Tankley was noticed acting strangely, snapping and whining at intervals. Soon after he showed an aversion to water usual in cases of hydrophobia. The next day he was better, but yesterday he was seized with spasms. Early this morning the convulsions began and never ceased till the boy died this evening. Four men were required to hold him down, and his struggles, his kicking, biting and the dire agony he suffered will never be forgotten by those who witnessed his death.

**DECISION THAT MAY CAUSE TROUBLE.**  
HAL-Breeds With Citizen Fathers Belong to the United States.

PIERRE, S. D., Aug. 1.—Considerable comment has been aroused by the decision of the United States Court in regard to the status of children born of an Indian woman and white or colored citizen husbands. The case was that of the United States vs. Ward, on the charge of selling liquor to a half-breed. The evidence was that the half-breed was a negro father, who was a citizen, and an Indian mother. The decision of the court is that the children follow the status of their father, and hence are citizens of the United States and amenable only to its laws. If the decision holds good it will affect the ownership of the greatest part of the lands taken up in the vicinity of Fort Pierre and Stanley, across the river from Pierre, as it is nearly all held by squaw-mother children or their wives. The department officials at Washington have always held the contrary, and the allotting agents who have been and are now at work are performing their duties under instructions, such as the people of Indian blood a preference for lands under the Allotment law.

**A Marvellous Escape.**  
OTTAWA, Aug. 1.—John Tait, pipe layer on Mr. McLaughlin's contract for drain excavation on Vittoria-street, had a marvellous escape from instant death to-day. At five minutes past one this afternoon he was cleaning out a missed hole when the dynamite cartridge suddenly exploded, the concussion causing the greatest excitement and bringing a crowd instantly to the spot. Everyone expected to see Tait blown to atoms, but extraordinary to state, the broken one simply grazed and cut his arms and left mementoes of their presence in the muscles without doing any vital injury. He was, of course, suffering severely from the shock and pain, but was quickly helped up out



THE WORLD OF WOMEN

It takes just as much material to make a dress this summer as it did last summer, and yet nobody knows why this should be so.



Skirts are narrower and shorter than ever before, and waists are tight fitting and come down closely over the hips in a way that seems to take up no material at all—that is, no more than would be actually required to cover the figure.

Last year, you know, the skirts were very full and contained just as much "stuff" as could be snugly gathered upon the bust.

THE CLEOPATRA. Too, were round and loose blouse-shaped, rather than tight-fitting, and oftentimes an enormous sash of the same material was tied around the waist.

Three yards at least must go to the sleeves, if they are full at the shoulder, high puffed and tapering to fit the arm and wrist.

THE SLEEVES. The sleeves are full and puffed all the way to the wrist, ending there with a narrow band to hold the great sleeve puff in place.

THE SLEEVES. The sleeves are full and puffed all the way to the wrist, ending there with a narrow band to hold the great sleeve puff in place.

THE SLEEVES. The sleeves are full and puffed all the way to the wrist, ending there with a narrow band to hold the great sleeve puff in place.

THE SLEEVES. The sleeves are full and puffed all the way to the wrist, ending there with a narrow band to hold the great sleeve puff in place.

THE SLEEVES. The sleeves are full and puffed all the way to the wrist, ending there with a narrow band to hold the great sleeve puff in place.

THE SLEEVES. The sleeves are full and puffed all the way to the wrist, ending there with a narrow band to hold the great sleeve puff in place.

THE SLEEVES. The sleeves are full and puffed all the way to the wrist, ending there with a narrow band to hold the great sleeve puff in place.

THE SLEEVES. The sleeves are full and puffed all the way to the wrist, ending there with a narrow band to hold the great sleeve puff in place.

Among the peasants. How she would step to take the thorn from the foot of the little child imping tearfully homeward, or with her own hands wheel the vegetable-laden cart to its destination for some ancient peasant dame.

TRIBLE HELPS BUSY HOUSEWIVES

Hints to Housekeepers. To beat eggs quickly add a pinch of salt. Salt cools and cold eggs froth rapidly.

Pictures are now frequently hung with ribbons of a color harmonizing with the decorative motive of the room.

Glass jars of a small size, or large tumblers, are better for preserves than china, for should they not keep well it can be detected immediately.

For roasted potatoes, take either small potatoes, raw, of an even size, and peel them; or scotch little balls out of large potatoes, with the help of a potato cutter.

All jellies and preserves should be put in the jars while lukewarm, as the jelly or syrup, if it be thick, breaks after it has become cold; the jars should be left open till next day.

Rhubarb stewed without peeling is of a most attractive pink tint. Pound for pound of sugar and rhubarb, with just water enough to dissolve the sugar, is a good rule, and it should be cooked only till the rhubarb is tender.

To wash Madras curtains, beat and shake out the dust very thoroughly, and then wash in bran water. Boil a quart of bran in a bucketful of water, strain, and put the curtains in while it is yet moderately warm.

To bake potatoes, wash them very clean, dry them with a towel and lay them in a good oven. They will need about two hours to get done.

For potato croquettes take butter the size of an egg, beat it to cream, and add gradually two eggs, one teaspoonful of salt, and six heaped tablespoonfuls of grated potatoes which have been boiled and then peeled.

Form this mass into sausage shaped croquettes the size of a large thumb; turn them in beaten eggs, then in fine bread or cracker crumbs, and fry them in plenty of hot lard until of a golden yellow.

To boil potatoes, wash them very clean through several waters; any dirt remaining will enter into the potato through the medium of the water.

To boil potatoes, wash them very clean through several waters; any dirt remaining will enter into the potato through the medium of the water.

To boil potatoes, wash them very clean through several waters; any dirt remaining will enter into the potato through the medium of the water.

To boil potatoes, wash them very clean through several waters; any dirt remaining will enter into the potato through the medium of the water.

To boil potatoes, wash them very clean through several waters; any dirt remaining will enter into the potato through the medium of the water.

To boil potatoes, wash them very clean through several waters; any dirt remaining will enter into the potato through the medium of the water.

To boil potatoes, wash them very clean through several waters; any dirt remaining will enter into the potato through the medium of the water.

To boil potatoes, wash them very clean through several waters; any dirt remaining will enter into the potato through the medium of the water.

To boil potatoes, wash them very clean through several waters; any dirt remaining will enter into the potato through the medium of the water.

To boil potatoes, wash them very clean through several waters; any dirt remaining will enter into the potato through the medium of the water.

To boil potatoes, wash them very clean through several waters; any dirt remaining will enter into the potato through the medium of the water.

To boil potatoes, wash them very clean through several waters; any dirt remaining will enter into the potato through the medium of the water.

To boil potatoes, wash them very clean through several waters; any dirt remaining will enter into the potato through the medium of the water.

To boil potatoes, wash them very clean through several waters; any dirt remaining will enter into the potato through the medium of the water.

To boil potatoes, wash them very clean through several waters; any dirt remaining will enter into the potato through the medium of the water.

To boil potatoes, wash them very clean through several waters; any dirt remaining will enter into the potato through the medium of the water.

THE POOL OF DEATH

A Sparkling Spring That Exhales a Gas Which None Can Breathe and Live.

"Talk about Death Valley," said Gavin McNab last night. "I know a spot in this State where the living thing can exist five seconds, and the place is within thirty feet of a travelled country road."

"Tell us about it," said the gentlemen clustered around the speaker.

"Well," said Mr. McNab, "I will, but if I did not know there was a veritable pond of proof concerning the story I am about to relate to you, I would hesitate to tell it. Along the foot of the Mendocino Mountains, in the county by that name, runs a much travelled road, which leads from the town of Hopland to Ukiah.

The road is on a bench or shelf above a valley created by the Russian River, which like nearly all California streams, is constantly changing its channels, and hence it is sometimes within a hundred yards of the road at the nearest point and again a half-mile away.

When the annual overflows occur it spreads over the whole valley, and is a mile or more wide. I mention this in order that you may understand the nature of the valley. It is a dry river bed, all sand and gravel, with here and there a bunch of scrub willows.

"In a clump of these stunted trees, at a point about three miles from Hopland and about thirty feet from the road I have mentioned, there bubbles a spring of the clearest sparkling water you ever saw. The only thing peculiarly noticeable about the spring from a distance is the loud hissing sound it makes as it gushes up out of the gravelly soil. It sounds more like boiling water with occasional jets of steam escaping than it does like the ordinary purring of a stream. Approach it and you will be startled to see lying around the spring the skeletons of hundreds of birds, scores of small animals such as coons, foxes, and the like, and nearly always there will be a body or two of birds or animals in a more advanced stage of decomposition near the edge of the spring.

If a man is wise he will be content with an inspection of the unattractive spot from a distance, more especially if there happens to be the carcass of a steer lying beside it with the nose an inch or two from the water. The fact is, gentlemen, that there rises constantly from the spring a gas so noxious and so deadly that one whiff of it is sufficient to extinguish life.

"The terrible character of the spring," continued Mr. McNab, "is well known to all who reside in the neighborhood, and they tell some horrible stories concerning it. One day the little six-year-old daughter of a farmer living near the spring wandered away from home. Her absence was not noticed for an hour or two, and then the parents went in search of their child. They found her lying dead beside the spring with a little dead bird clutched in her hand. She had evidently seen the bird lying beside the spring, and, being attracted by the bright colors of its plumage, had tied to pick it up, and in so doing had inhaled the gas rising from the water and died with the bird.

"Another time," said the narrator of this strange story, "a squaw who was supposed to be recovering from a severe cold was by the spring. She probably started to the river to get a drink, when she discovered the spring and knelt beside it, dying in that position. The strangest thing about it is that, well known as is the deadly character of the spring, there is absolutely no warning posted, no fence around it, nor protection against it of any kind other than a few limbs of trees and bushes thrown over the place by farmers to keep their stock away from it, and the last time I saw the place over the brush had been scattered until the spring was uncovered. A venturesome man once held his breath and nostrils and leaned over the spring to hear the noise it made, which he described as something terrible.

"The water is thought to be comparatively wholesome, but nothing is known positively about it, as it has never been analyzed. There can be no doubt, however, that the spring is certain and instant death to every living thing that approaches it."—San Francisco Chronicle.

Big Facts in Little Space. Blood hair is the finest and red the coarsest.

Only one person in a thousand dies of old age.

An inch of rain means 100 tons of water on every acre.

One-half the people that are born die before the age of sixteen.

There are at least ten million nervy-fibres in the human body.

Three and a half millions of people are always on the seas of the world.

The proportion of Anglo-Saxon words in the English Bible is 97 per cent. of the whole.

The receipts of the French Treasury are larger than those of any other civilized nation.

It has been calculated that there are about 200,000 families living in London on about £1 a week.

The force required to open an oyster appears to be 1,319 1/2 times the weight of the shells creature.

The thickness of the human hair varies from the two-hundred-and-fiftieth to the six-hundredth part of an inch.

The smallest known insect, the Pteronotus Putnamii, a parasite of the ichneumon, is but one-ninetyth of an inch in length.

A grain of musk will scent a room for twenty years and at the end of that time will not show it has diminished in the least.

A luminous buoy has been invented, the light of which is produced by phosphuret of calcium, and is visible two and a half miles away.

It takes about three seconds for a message to go from one end of the Atlantic cable to the other. This is about seven hundred miles a second.

A grain of carmine or half a grain of aniline will tinge a hoghead of water so that a strong microscope will detect coloring matter in every drop.

A recent survey has established the number of glaciers in the Alps at 1,155, of which 249 have a length of more than four and three quarter miles.

Not so Wise After All. "Is it true that you know everything, uncle?" She was seven, perhaps, or younger, and all pink; and he tanned and wrinkled as an itching is hatched and cross-hatched. "In a measure—yes," he replied. "Then can you tell me what dolls think about?" He replied negatively. "Then what do you know?" she asked with a disappointed air.

Forgot His Youth. He (five years after)—All this gush about love is extremely stupid; where did the book come from, anyhow? I must say the person who selected it showed a very impudic taste. She (quietly)—It's the book you gave me during our honeymoon, John; we read it eleven times the first week we had it. Prolonged silence.

Canada's Wonder. The more it is known and the further it is carried to distant shores the greater grows the wonder. All nations and tongues declare St. Leon perfection to assist digestion, purification of the blood, the assimilation of food, circulation, and promote healthy vigor life long. St. Leon water has no compeer. For sale all over.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

WHITE MOUNTAINS SEASIDE

The only line running Parlor and Sleeping Cars through the heart of the White Mountains to

Portland and Old Orchard Beach

Through Sleeping Car leaves Windsor Street Station at 8:15 p.m. daily, and through for car at 9 a.m. every week day until further notice.

ST. ANDREWS, N. B. Commencing July 31st

Through Sleeping Car leaves Windsor Street Station Tuesdays and Fridays at 8:30 p.m. Returning, this Through Sleeper leaves St. Andrews Sundays and Wednesdays at 10 p.m.

Montreal Ticket Offices 266 St. James Street, and at stations.

Central Vermont Railroad

IMPORTANT CHANGES IN TRAIN SERVICE.

ADDITIONAL TRAINS TO NEW YORK & BOSTON

Four Fast Express Trains to New York Four Fast Express Trains to Boston, COMMENCING JUNE 28,

trains will leave Montpelier Station as follows:

For New York 8:10 a.m. Fast train via Rutland, Troy and Albany, arr. N.Y. 9:20 p.m. 9:00 a.m. Express via Waterbury, River Jc and Springfield, arr. N.Y. 10:00 p.m. 6:00 p.m. Daily Fast train via Troy and Albany, arriving New York 6:45 a.m. 8:30 p.m. Night Express via Springfield & New Haven arr. New York 11:30 a.m.

For Boston 8:10 a.m. Day Express via Rutland and Fitchburg, arriving Boston, 7:45 p.m. 9:00 a.m. Fast train via White River Jc and Lowell, arriving Boston 7:30 p.m. 6:00 p.m. Fast train via Belvidere, Fitchburg, and Lowell, arriving Boston 6:00 a.m. 8:30 p.m. Night Express via Concord and Lowell, arr. Boston 8:15 p.m.

For White Mountains 8:00 a.m. Express for Bethlehem, Frazar House, Fayans, Mount Washington, Mt. Mansfield, Old Orchard Beach, etc.

For Local Points 8:10 a.m. For Fairham, Granby, Waterloo 4:50 p.m. Stanbridge, St. Armand, Highgate, etc., St. Albans. Wagner New Vestibule Buffet Palace Drawing Room and Sleeping Cars on all through trains. For tickets, time-tables and all information, apply to the Company's office, 138 St. James Street.

A. C. STONEGRAVE, Canadian Passenger Agent, General Pass. Agt., Second Vice-Pres. ST. ALBANS, VT. June 27, 1914

Delaware & Hudson RR

And Lake Champlain and George Steamers.

SHORTEST ROUTE

New York

AND TO Saratoga, Troy, Albany, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, AND ALL POINTS SOUTH AND EAST

Quick Time. No Delays

TRAINS LEAVE MONTREAL 7:15 a.m.—Daily except Sunday, arriving in New York at 9:20 p.m. Through Drawing Room to New York. 8:30 p.m.—Night Express, Sundays included. Wagner's Buffet Vestibule Sleeping Car runs through to New York without change, arriving in New York at 6:45 next morning. New York Train makes close connection at Troy and Albany with Sleeping Car Train for Boston, arriving at 8:30 a.m.

New York Through Mail and Express carried via this line. Information given and tickets sold at Windsor and Montreal Hotels, all Grand Trunk Offices and at the Company's Office, 148 St. James Street, Montreal.

W. BURDICK, W. H. Henry, General Pass. Agt., Albany, N.Y. Montreal.

FIRE - LIFE - MARINE

G. Ross Robertson & Sons

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS AND BROKERS.

ESTABLISHED 1865. No. 11 Hospital-st., Montreal

Special Facilities for Flacing Large Lines Equitable Rates. Reliable Companies

Liverpool & London & Globe INSURANCE COMPANY

CANADA BOARD OF DIRECTORS. The HON. HENRY STARNES Chairman. Ed. J. Barbeau, Esq., W. J. Buchanan, Esq., A. F. Gault, Esq., Saml. Finley, Esq., Sir Alex. T. Galt, G.C.M.G.

Amount Invested in Canada. \$1,350,000 Assets over. \$42,000,000

MERCHANTILE RISKS accepted at the west current rates. Churches, Dwelling Houses and Farm Properties insured at reduced rates. Special attention given to application made direct to the Montreal office. G. F. C. SMITH, Chief Agent for the Dominion, 148 St. James Street, Montreal.

FRED C. HENSHAW, FRED NASH, GEORGE C. HIAM, I. G. R. DRISCOLL, Special Agent French Department, 17 RUE LAUREN, Telephone—Bell, No. 135; Federal, No. 924

SOLICITORS, ETC.

Duhamel, Marceau & Merrill BARRISTERS & C. J. JOSEPH DUHAMEL, Q.C. F. R. MARCEAU, LL.B. ALFRED E. MERRILL, LL.B.

1709 Notre Dame-street. 1709 Royal Insurance Building, Opp. Infantry. Telephone No. 2675

MACDONALD, MACINTOSH AND—McCrimmon

BARRISTERS 49 King-st West, Toronto

EDMUND GUERIN, B.A., B.C.L. ADVOCATE, BARRISTER, &c. Commissioner of the Province

Law Chambers Nos. 206 and 209, 2nd fl., New York Life Building, Montreal. Bell telephone 2953 207-1m

JAMES DUNNE, ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW 280 BROADWAY. STEWART BUILDING - NEW YORK CITY, October

O'HALLORAN O'HALLORAN

ADVOCATES, BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS, Cowansville, Que. Jas. O'Halloran, Q.C. George P. O'Halloran

EDWARD MEEK BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c. 57 King-street West, Toronto, Ont. Ventures negotiated and sold.

Laframme, Madore, Cross, & LaRoche BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. NEW YORK LIFE BUILDING MONTREAL

Hon. R. Laframme, Q.C. J. P. C. Madore A. G. Cross 230 M. G. LaRoche, etc.

GEOFFRION, DORION and ALLAN ADVOCATES 107 ST. JAMES ST. "Imperial Building," Place d'Armes C.A. GEOFFRION, C.B., A. DORION, J. BALLAN 25137

WILLIAM HOLT SECOR Counselor at Law. 10 West 23rd Street, Uptown Herald Building, New York, Bank References. Money Invested.

HUGH BRODIE, NOTARY PUBLIC, Commissioner, &c., and Issuer of Marriage Licenses. NEW YORK LIFE BUILDING.

Hon. H. Mercier, C.E., M.P.P., F. X. Choquet, B.L.S., B.C.L., B.S., P. G. Martineau, B.C.L. Mercier, Beausoleil, Choquet & Martineau. AVOCATES No. 76 ST. JAMES STREET MONTREAL P. O. Box 268 Telephone No 2

MacLennan, Liddell & Cline, (Late MacLennan & Macdonald), BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES, &c. CORNWALL, ONT. F. B. MACLENNAN, Q.C., J. W. LIDDELL, C. H. CLINE.

LEITCH & PRINGLE, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Clergy, Notaries Public, &c. CORNWALL, ONT. JAMES LEITCH, R. W. PRINGLE August 25

Gibbons, McNab & Mulhern BARRISTERS, ATTORNEY &c. OFFICE: Corner Richmond and Carling Streets, LONDON ONT. GEO. G. GIBBONS, Q.C., GEO. MCNAB, F. MULHERN, FRED. F. HARRIS August 9

O'Hara Baynes, B.C.L., NOTARY PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONER. Assignee of Minutes of Late G. F. Cleveland (N. P.) Marriage Licenses issued. Money to Lend on Mortgage Temple Building, 185 St. James St. Bell Telephone 1717.

JAS. A. CANTLIE & CO. LATE CANTLIE, EWAN & CO. Established 21 Years. General Merchants & Manufacturers' Agents CANADIAN WOOLLEN AND COTTON 15 ST. HELEN STREET MONTREAL. Correspondence solicited. Advances made on consignments.

M. NOLAN de LISLE REAL ESTATE AGENT, Room No. 23 Fraser Building, No. 45 St. Sacramento Street

Fire Insurance at Current Rates—Prompt Settlement Guaranteed by the History of The

CALEDONIAN - INSURANCE - CO. OF EDINBURGH

Established 1835 (Fire rate equal to three years' Income making it one of the most reliable companies doing business in Canada.)

HEAD OFFICE - MONTREAL. Taylor Bros. - Gen. Agts.

THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC LOTTERY AUTHORIZED BY THE LEGISLATURE

Drawings in AUG - 5th. and 19th. 3134 PRIZES Worth \$52 740.00 CAPITAL PRIZE Worth \$15,000.00 Tickets, - - - \$1.00 11 - - - \$10.00

LIST OF PRIZES 1 Prize worth \$15,000.00 \$15,000.00 1 " " 5,000.00 5,000.00 2 " " 2,000.00 2,000.00 1 " " 1,500.00 1,500.00 6 " " 500.00 1,000.00 25 " " 250.00 1,250.00 100 " " 100.00 10,000.00 200 " " 50.00 10,000.00 600 " " 25.00 15,000.00 1,000 " " 10.00 10,000.00 Approximate Prizes 200 " " 25.00 5,000.00 100 " " 15.00 1,500.00 31,347

circulare.

THE INGRES-COUTELLIER SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES

MONTREAL BRANCH 207 ST. JAMES ST.

Laframme, Madore, Cross, & LaRoche BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, &c. NEW YORK LIFE BUILDING MONTREAL

Hon. R. Laframme, Q.C. J. P. C. Madore A. G. Cross 230 M. G. LaRoche, etc.

GEOFFRION, DORION and ALLAN ADVOCATES 107 ST. JAMES ST. "Imperial Building," Place d'Armes C.A. GEOFFRION, C.B., A. DORION, J. BALLAN 25137

WILLIAM HOLT SECOR Counselor at Law. 10 West 23rd Street, Uptown Herald Building, New York, Bank References. Money Invested.

HUGH BRODIE, NOTARY PUBLIC, Commissioner, &c., and Issuer of Marriage Licenses. NEW YORK LIFE BUILDING.

Hon. H. Mercier, C.E., M.P.P., F. X. Choquet, B.L.S., B.C.L., B.S., P. G. Martineau, B.C.L. Mercier, Beausoleil, Choquet & Martineau. AVOCATES No. 76 ST. JAMES STREET MONTREAL P. O. Box 268 Telephone No 2

MacLennan, Liddell & Cline, (Late MacLennan & Macdonald), BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES, &c. CORNWALL, ONT. F. B. MACLENNAN, Q.C., J. W. LIDDELL, C. H. CLINE.

LEITCH & PRINGLE, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Clergy, Notaries Public, &c. CORNWALL, ONT. JAMES LEITCH, R. W. PRINGLE August 25

Gibbons, McNab & Mulhern BARRISTERS, ATTORNEY &c. OFFICE: Corner Richmond and Carling Streets, LONDON ONT. GEO. G. GIBBONS, Q.C., GEO. MCNAB, F. MULHERN, FRED. F. HARRIS August 9

O'Hara Baynes, B.C.L., NOTARY PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONER. Assignee of Minutes of Late G. F. Cleveland (N. P.) Marriage Licenses issued. Money to Lend on Mortgage Temple Building, 185 St. James St. Bell Telephone 1717.

JAS. A. CANTLIE & CO. LATE CANTLIE, EWAN & CO. Established 21 Years. General Merchants & Manufacturers' Agents CANADIAN WOOLLEN AND COTTON 15 ST. HELEN STREET MONTREAL. Correspondence solicited. Advances made on consignments.

M. NOLAN de LISLE REAL ESTATE AGENT, Room No. 23 Fraser Building, No. 45 St. Sacramento Street

DOMINION BRIDGE COMPANY, LIMITED. IRON BRIDGES AND STANDARD IRON WORKS.

Works Office at Lachine Locks, Que., reached by the Canadian Pacific and Great North-western Telegraphs, which run direct to the office, or by the Bell Telephone 8208A and Federal Telephone 2300A.

We build Railway and Highway Bridges of all designs in both Iron and Steel Plate, and Lattice Girders, Pin and Link or Riveted Truss Work, Trusses, Swing Bridges, Turnables, Roofs, Telephone Poles, House Girders, Truss Rods, Kionan Eye-bars, or any and all kinds of structural iron work. Our stock in hand comprises Steel Beams, Angles, Tees, Channels, Plates, Rolled Edge Rails, Bars, Rivets, Rounds, etc. Iron Beams, Bars, Squares, Turnbuckles, Rivets, etc. and we guarantee to furnish you with just what you order. All material is tested and inspected at our mills before shipment, or we can do testing at our works on our testing machine (Emery's), capacity 75 tons and test reports can be furnished if desired.

HODGSON, SUMNER & CO. Importers Fancy and Staple Dry Goods ARE NOW OFFERING SPECIAL - LINES

347 and 349 St. Paul Street.

CLENDINNENG'S - STOVES!

Before leaving for Seaside or Country, get your Stoves, Ice Boxes, Refrigerators, Water Coolers, Garden Seats, Iron Bedsteads and all other kitchen furnishings at

CLENDINNENG'S

524 Craig street 2435 Notre Dame street 319 St. James street 1417 St. Catherine street Corner William and Inspector streets

Wm. Clendinneng & Son.

Moneton Sugar Refining Co. (Ltd)

MONCTON. N. B. All Grades of Refined Sugars and Syrups

We guarantee our Sugar to be Absolutely Pure and no adulteration of any kind used in our manufacture. JOHN L. HARRIS, President. C. P. HARRIS, Treasurer. JOHN MCKENZIE, Secretary.

ADVERTISE IN THE HERALD

The Montreal Herald.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION. By Mail, in Advance, Postage Paid. Daily edition, one year, \$6 00. Six months, \$3 25. Three months, \$1 75. Per month, 60. Weekly edition, one copy, per year, 1 00. Specimen copies sent free.

RATES OF ADVERTISING. AGATE MEASUREMENT—14 LINES TO THE INCH. For literary advertisements, 10 cents per line. Advertisements appearing under the heading of "special notice," 25 per cent. advance above rates.

TELEPHONES. Business Office—Bell 313; Federal 1022. Editorial Rooms—Bell, 751. Federal, 109.

MONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 3

ECCENTRICITIES OF MODERN CIVILIZATION.

Modern civilization is a queer piece of patchwork, and defies all attempts to define any fixed law upon which it is presumed to act. For popular education it professes the greatest zeal, and taxes the people heavily to raise funds for that purpose, but hands over the moneys thus collected to two bodies of men, over whom the public has no control, nor is even allowed an opportunity of being present at their meetings so that they may know if they are obtaining any adequate result for their sacrifices.

Modern civilization is a queer piece of patchwork, and defies all attempts to define any fixed law upon which it is presumed to act. For popular education it professes the greatest zeal, and taxes the people heavily to raise funds for that purpose, but hands over the moneys thus collected to two bodies of men, over whom the public has no control, nor is even allowed an opportunity of being present at their meetings so that they may know if they are obtaining any adequate result for their sacrifices.

Modern civilization is a queer piece of patchwork, and defies all attempts to define any fixed law upon which it is presumed to act. For popular education it professes the greatest zeal, and taxes the people heavily to raise funds for that purpose, but hands over the moneys thus collected to two bodies of men, over whom the public has no control, nor is even allowed an opportunity of being present at their meetings so that they may know if they are obtaining any adequate result for their sacrifices.

Modern civilization is a queer piece of patchwork, and defies all attempts to define any fixed law upon which it is presumed to act. For popular education it professes the greatest zeal, and taxes the people heavily to raise funds for that purpose, but hands over the moneys thus collected to two bodies of men, over whom the public has no control, nor is even allowed an opportunity of being present at their meetings so that they may know if they are obtaining any adequate result for their sacrifices.

DELIBERATELY BURKING ENQUIRY.

The disposition manifested by members of the Government on the Public Accounts Committee, to burke enquiry into suspicious and improper transactions in which Ministers of the Crown are concerned, indicates that the Government dread the effect of any further revelations. A few days ago Minister Foster interfered to prevent investigation into peculiar transactions in which Minister Dewdney was concerned, and by the aid of the pliant acting chairman, Dr. Sproule, succeeded in doing so. On Friday the same tactics were pursued, and Minister Foster—besides administering a little snub to Mr. Chapleau, who forthwith took back water—interposed a partisan vote of the Committee to prevent the probing process being applied to the Langevin testimonial business.

The disposition manifested by members of the Government on the Public Accounts Committee, to burke enquiry into suspicious and improper transactions in which Ministers of the Crown are concerned, indicates that the Government dread the effect of any further revelations. A few days ago Minister Foster interfered to prevent investigation into peculiar transactions in which Minister Dewdney was concerned, and by the aid of the pliant acting chairman, Dr. Sproule, succeeded in doing so.

The disposition manifested by members of the Government on the Public Accounts Committee, to burke enquiry into suspicious and improper transactions in which Ministers of the Crown are concerned, indicates that the Government dread the effect of any further revelations. A few days ago Minister Foster interfered to prevent investigation into peculiar transactions in which Minister Dewdney was concerned, and by the aid of the pliant acting chairman, Dr. Sproule, succeeded in doing so.

POLITICAL GOSSIP.

THE MINISTERS WHO ARE TO BE SQUEEZED OUT. Conservative Members Talk About the Coming Reorganization—Anxious About Their Political Future.

Conservative Members Talk About the Coming Reorganization—Anxious About Their Political Future.

Conservative Members Talk About the Coming Reorganization—Anxious About Their Political Future.

Conservative Members Talk About the Coming Reorganization—Anxious About Their Political Future.

Conservative Members Talk About the Coming Reorganization—Anxious About Their Political Future.

Conservative Members Talk About the Coming Reorganization—Anxious About Their Political Future.

Conservative Members Talk About the Coming Reorganization—Anxious About Their Political Future.

ENGLISH PUBLIC OPINION BEING AROUSED.

English newspapers are beginning to comment, in a tone not very complimentary to Canada, on the revelations which are being made at Ottawa. Reuter's agent in that city is known to be a Tory, who can be depended upon to put the best face possible upon the scandals and take care that the Government are not hit too hard.

English newspapers are beginning to comment, in a tone not very complimentary to Canada, on the revelations which are being made at Ottawa. Reuter's agent in that city is known to be a Tory, who can be depended upon to put the best face possible upon the scandals and take care that the Government are not hit too hard.

English newspapers are beginning to comment, in a tone not very complimentary to Canada, on the revelations which are being made at Ottawa. Reuter's agent in that city is known to be a Tory, who can be depended upon to put the best face possible upon the scandals and take care that the Government are not hit too hard.

English newspapers are beginning to comment, in a tone not very complimentary to Canada, on the revelations which are being made at Ottawa. Reuter's agent in that city is known to be a Tory, who can be depended upon to put the best face possible upon the scandals and take care that the Government are not hit too hard.

English newspapers are beginning to comment, in a tone not very complimentary to Canada, on the revelations which are being made at Ottawa. Reuter's agent in that city is known to be a Tory, who can be depended upon to put the best face possible upon the scandals and take care that the Government are not hit too hard.

LOUIS ROEDERER

GRAND VIN SEC CHAMPAGNE. Rich Dry Wine. BRUT, the Perfection of Dry Champagne.

GRAND VIN SEC CHAMPAGNE. Rich Dry Wine. BRUT, the Perfection of Dry Champagne.

GRAND VIN SEC CHAMPAGNE. Rich Dry Wine. BRUT, the Perfection of Dry Champagne.

GRAND VIN SEC CHAMPAGNE. Rich Dry Wine. BRUT, the Perfection of Dry Champagne.

GRAND VIN SEC CHAMPAGNE. Rich Dry Wine. BRUT, the Perfection of Dry Champagne.

GRAND VIN SEC CHAMPAGNE. Rich Dry Wine. BRUT, the Perfection of Dry Champagne.

ARMOUR'S

ARMOUR'S Canned and Smoked Meats. Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor.

ARMOUR'S Canned and Smoked Meats. Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor.

ARMOUR'S Canned and Smoked Meats. Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor.

ARMOUR'S Canned and Smoked Meats. Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor.

ARMOUR'S Canned and Smoked Meats. Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor.

ARMOUR'S Canned and Smoked Meats. Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor.

QUEEN'S HALL OPERA HOUSE

Box Office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. A Good Reserved Seat, 50c. 7th and Last Week of The Roth Lyric Opera Co.

Box Office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. A Good Reserved Seat, 50c. 7th and Last Week of The Roth Lyric Opera Co.

Box Office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. A Good Reserved Seat, 50c. 7th and Last Week of The Roth Lyric Opera Co.

Box Office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. A Good Reserved Seat, 50c. 7th and Last Week of The Roth Lyric Opera Co.

Box Office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. A Good Reserved Seat, 50c. 7th and Last Week of The Roth Lyric Opera Co.

Box Office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. A Good Reserved Seat, 50c. 7th and Last Week of The Roth Lyric Opera Co.



ARLINGTON Cor. King & John STREETS, TORONTO. This new and elegantly furnished hotel, under the management of Mr. E. M. Mathews, late of Montreal, is ready for the reception of guests, and will be found equal to any first-class hotel in the Dominion.

ARLINGTON Cor. King & John STREETS, TORONTO. This new and elegantly furnished hotel, under the management of Mr. E. M. Mathews, late of Montreal, is ready for the reception of guests, and will be found equal to any first-class hotel in the Dominion.

ARLINGTON Cor. King & John STREETS, TORONTO. This new and elegantly furnished hotel, under the management of Mr. E. M. Mathews, late of Montreal, is ready for the reception of guests, and will be found equal to any first-class hotel in the Dominion.

ARLINGTON Cor. King & John STREETS, TORONTO. This new and elegantly furnished hotel, under the management of Mr. E. M. Mathews, late of Montreal, is ready for the reception of guests, and will be found equal to any first-class hotel in the Dominion.

ARMOUR'S Canned and Smoked Meats. Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor.

ARMOUR'S Canned and Smoked Meats. Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor.

ARMOUR'S Canned and Smoked Meats. Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor.

ARMOUR'S Canned and Smoked Meats. Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor.

ARMOUR'S Canned and Smoked Meats. Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor.

QUEEN'S HALL OPERA HOUSE. Box Office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. A Good Reserved Seat, 50c. 7th and Last Week of The Roth Lyric Opera Co.

QUEEN'S HALL OPERA HOUSE. Box Office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. A Good Reserved Seat, 50c. 7th and Last Week of The Roth Lyric Opera Co.

QUEEN'S HALL OPERA HOUSE. Box Office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. A Good Reserved Seat, 50c. 7th and Last Week of The Roth Lyric Opera Co.

QUEEN'S HALL OPERA HOUSE. Box Office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. A Good Reserved Seat, 50c. 7th and Last Week of The Roth Lyric Opera Co.

QUEEN'S HALL OPERA HOUSE. Box Office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. A Good Reserved Seat, 50c. 7th and Last Week of The Roth Lyric Opera Co.

Apollinaris "THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS." "Of late years the Queen has usually taken Apollinaris Water." WORLD, LONDON. SOLE IMPORTERS: THE APOLLINARIS CO., LD., LONDON, ENG.

Apollinaris "THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS." "Of late years the Queen has usually taken Apollinaris Water." WORLD, LONDON. SOLE IMPORTERS: THE APOLLINARIS CO., LD., LONDON, ENG.

Apollinaris "THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS." "Of late years the Queen has usually taken Apollinaris Water." WORLD, LONDON. SOLE IMPORTERS: THE APOLLINARIS CO., LD., LONDON, ENG.

Apollinaris "THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS." "Of late years the Queen has usually taken Apollinaris Water." WORLD, LONDON. SOLE IMPORTERS: THE APOLLINARIS CO., LD., LONDON, ENG.

Apollinaris "THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS." "Of late years the Queen has usually taken Apollinaris Water." WORLD, LONDON. SOLE IMPORTERS: THE APOLLINARIS CO., LD., LONDON, ENG.

Apollinaris "THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS." "Of late years the Queen has usually taken Apollinaris Water." WORLD, LONDON. SOLE IMPORTERS: THE APOLLINARIS CO., LD., LONDON, ENG.

ARMOUR'S Canned and Smoked Meats. Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor.

ARMOUR'S Canned and Smoked Meats. Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor.

ARMOUR'S Canned and Smoked Meats. Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor.

ARMOUR'S Canned and Smoked Meats. Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor.

ARMOUR'S Canned and Smoked Meats. Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor.

QUEEN'S HALL OPERA HOUSE. Box Office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. A Good Reserved Seat, 50c. 7th and Last Week of The Roth Lyric Opera Co.

QUEEN'S HALL OPERA HOUSE. Box Office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. A Good Reserved Seat, 50c. 7th and Last Week of The Roth Lyric Opera Co.

QUEEN'S HALL OPERA HOUSE. Box Office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. A Good Reserved Seat, 50c. 7th and Last Week of The Roth Lyric Opera Co.

QUEEN'S HALL OPERA HOUSE. Box Office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. A Good Reserved Seat, 50c. 7th and Last Week of The Roth Lyric Opera Co.

QUEEN'S HALL OPERA HOUSE. Box Office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. A Good Reserved Seat, 50c. 7th and Last Week of The Roth Lyric Opera Co.

Apollinaris "THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS." "Of late years the Queen has usually taken Apollinaris Water." WORLD, LONDON. SOLE IMPORTERS: THE APOLLINARIS CO., LD., LONDON, ENG.

Apollinaris "THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS." "Of late years the Queen has usually taken Apollinaris Water." WORLD, LONDON. SOLE IMPORTERS: THE APOLLINARIS CO., LD., LONDON, ENG.

Apollinaris "THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS." "Of late years the Queen has usually taken Apollinaris Water." WORLD, LONDON. SOLE IMPORTERS: THE APOLLINARIS CO., LD., LONDON, ENG.

Apollinaris "THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS." "Of late years the Queen has usually taken Apollinaris Water." WORLD, LONDON. SOLE IMPORTERS: THE APOLLINARIS CO., LD., LONDON, ENG.

Apollinaris "THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS." "Of late years the Queen has usually taken Apollinaris Water." WORLD, LONDON. SOLE IMPORTERS: THE APOLLINARIS CO., LD., LONDON, ENG.

Apollinaris "THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS." "Of late years the Queen has usually taken Apollinaris Water." WORLD, LONDON. SOLE IMPORTERS: THE APOLLINARIS CO., LD., LONDON, ENG.

ARMOUR'S Canned and Smoked Meats. Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor.

ARMOUR'S Canned and Smoked Meats. Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor.

ARMOUR'S Canned and Smoked Meats. Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor.

ARMOUR'S Canned and Smoked Meats. Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor.

ARMOUR'S Canned and Smoked Meats. Oils, Glues, Extract of Beef and Vigor.

QUEEN'S HALL OPERA HOUSE. Box Office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. A Good Reserved Seat, 50c. 7th and Last Week of The Roth Lyric Opera Co.

QUEEN'S HALL OPERA HOUSE. Box Office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. A Good Reserved Seat, 50c. 7th and Last Week of The Roth Lyric Opera Co.

QUEEN'S HALL OPERA HOUSE. Box Office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. A Good Reserved Seat, 50c. 7th and Last Week of The Roth Lyric Opera Co.

QUEEN'S HALL OPERA HOUSE. Box Office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. A Good Reserved Seat, 50c. 7th and Last Week of The Roth Lyric Opera Co.

QUEEN'S HALL OPERA HOUSE. Box Office open from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. A Good Reserved Seat, 50c. 7th and Last Week of The Roth Lyric Opera Co.



LATEST MARINE NEWS

Port of Quebec, August 13. ARRIVED. Steamship Tiber, Delisle, Cow Bay, Mator, coals and coke.

ARRIVED. Steamship Tiber, Delisle, Cow Bay, Mator, coals and coke. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co.

ARRIVED. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co.

ARRIVED. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co.

ARRIVED. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co.

ARRIVED. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co.

ARRIVED. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co.

ARRIVED. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co.

ARRIVED. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co.

ARRIVED. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co.

ARRIVED. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co.

ARRIVED. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co.

ARRIVED. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co.

ARRIVED. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co.

ARRIVED. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co.

ARRIVED. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co.

ARRIVED. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co.

ARRIVED. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co.

ARRIVED. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co.

ARRIVED. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co. Steamship Polynesian, McDougall, Liverpool, Allan, Rae & Co.

Reford's Agencies DONALDSON LINE Weekly Glasgow Service. Sails from Montreal every WEDNESDAY Morning.

THOMSON LONDON SERVICE. Sailing from Montreal on or about 20th August.

ROSS LINE LONDON SERVICE. Sailing from Montreal on or about 20th August.

Notice to Consignees. The Allan steamship Polynesian, Alex. Macdonald, master, is entered at Customs.

For Kingston, Jamaica, Direct. The Brig "St. Joseph," 131 tons, will sail from Montreal, on or about the 7th August.

SS. POLINO. St. John's, Nfld, North and South Sydney, and Cow Bay, C.B.

W. SCLATER & CO. At 700 King Street. Sole and Pipe Covering and Steam Fitting.

Richelieu! Richelieu! PURE, SPARKLING, REFRESHING! THE PRINCE OF TABLE WATERS.

J. R. LITTLE, Land Surveyor, ST. JAMES STREET. Pilkington's Washing Soda.

BELLHOUSE, DILLON & CO. PATENTS. Cavels and Re-issues secured, Trade-Marks Registered.

Sicily Asphaltum Paving Company Montreal. Idolkalk, Collars Floors, Yards, etc.

GIBB & COMPANY. Are Receiving Novelties in Tailoring and Haberdashery.

DOUGLAS LINE BEVERLY LINE LIVERPOOL SERVICE. From Montreal From Quebec.

CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP LINE. One of the Electric Lighted Express Steamships.

Manitoba, and Alberta. Is intended to leave OWEN SOUND every Wednesday & Saturday.

W. C. VANHORN, HENRY BEATTY, President, Man, Lake Traffic, Toronto.

Honduras and Central American STEAMSHIP CO. Fast Passenger Service.

Quebec Steamship Co THE SS. MIRAMICHI. A. BAQUET, MASTER.

Ottawa River Nav. Co. DAILY MAIL LINE MONTREAL AND OTTAWA.

Richelieu! Ontario Navigation Co 1891-SEASON-1891.

THE SS. BEAVER. J. B. MASSON, MASTER. Intended to leave Montreal.

Thos. Fraser & Co. Agents. BERMUDA & WEST INDIES ROYAL MAIL LINES.

Gaspe and Baie Chaleurs. THE SS. BEAVER, J. B. MASSON, MASTER.

QUON LINE U.S. and Royal Mail Steamers PROPOSED SAILINGS.

LANE ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS. The Canada Shipping Co's LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN MONTREAL & LIVERPOOL.

QUEENSTOWN. The Canada Shipping Co's LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN MONTREAL & LIVERPOOL.

VERNON H. BROWN & CO. THOMAS WILSON, Agent.

HANSA STEAMSHIP CO OF HAMBURG. SUMMER SERVICE.

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP CO THE SS. MIRAMICHI. A. BAQUET, MASTER.

THOS. FRASER & CO. Freight and Ticket Agents.

WHITE STAR LINE. Carrying British and American Mails.

Gaspe and Baie Chaleurs. THE SS. BEAVER, J. B. MASSON, MASTER.

QUON LINE U.S. and Royal Mail Steamers PROPOSED SAILINGS.

THE SS. BEAVER, J. B. MASSON, MASTER. Intended to leave Montreal.

Thos. Fraser & Co. Agents. BERMUDA & WEST INDIES ROYAL MAIL LINES.

QUON LINE U.S. and Royal Mail Steamers PROPOSED SAILINGS.

LANE ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS. The Canada Shipping Co's LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN MONTREAL & LIVERPOOL.

QUEENSTOWN. The Canada Shipping Co's LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN MONTREAL & LIVERPOOL.

VERNON H. BROWN & CO. THOMAS WILSON, Agent.

HANSA STEAMSHIP CO OF HAMBURG. SUMMER SERVICE.

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP CO THE SS. MIRAMICHI. A. BAQUET, MASTER.

THOS. FRASER & CO. Freight and Ticket Agents.

WHITE STAR LINE. Carrying British and American Mails.

Gaspe and Baie Chaleurs. THE SS. BEAVER, J. B. MASSON, MASTER.

QUON LINE U.S. and Royal Mail Steamers PROPOSED SAILINGS.

THE SS. BEAVER, J. B. MASSON, MASTER. Intended to leave Montreal.

Thos. Fraser & Co. Agents. BERMUDA & WEST INDIES ROYAL MAIL LINES.

QUON LINE U.S. and Royal Mail Steamers PROPOSED SAILINGS.

LANE ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS. The Canada Shipping Co's LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN MONTREAL & LIVERPOOL.

QUEENSTOWN. The Canada Shipping Co's LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN MONTREAL & LIVERPOOL.

VERNON H. BROWN & CO. THOMAS WILSON, Agent.

HANSA STEAMSHIP CO OF HAMBURG. SUMMER SERVICE.

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP CO THE SS. MIRAMICHI. A. BAQUET, MASTER.

THOS. FRASER & CO. Freight and Ticket Agents.

WHITE STAR LINE. Carrying British and American Mails.

Gaspe and Baie Chaleurs. THE SS. BEAVER, J. B. MASSON, MASTER.

QUON LINE U.S. and Royal Mail Steamers PROPOSED SAILINGS.

THE SS. BEAVER, J. B. MASSON, MASTER. Intended to leave Montreal.

Thos. Fraser & Co. Agents. BERMUDA & WEST INDIES ROYAL MAIL LINES.

QUON LINE U.S. and Royal Mail Steamers PROPOSED SAILINGS.

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

FINANCIAL.

The Week's Stocks.

The week's dealings were about the lightest for some time, and signify, if they signify anything, that the honorable company of speculators are, for the nonce, busier paying sacrifice to Neptune than Mammon. The "margin" in which they are now chiefly interested are the shores of the boundless blue; their "rises" and "falls," the varying height of the tide; their "sales" are transformed into sails, their "banks" are now of emerald green, studded with daisies and buttercups; they are released from their "bonds," and, if interested in "stocks," it is the stocks of their breech-loaders. In fine, St. Francis Xavier, St. Sacramento, Hospital and St. Peter's are for the time abandoned to solitude, and the word business is scarcely spoken in their precincts. In such a state of affairs, it is no wonder that speculation has dropped away to next to nothing, and the total sales of the week amount only to 1650 shares. It has been said that the quietude is greatly owing to the paucity of stocks now on the street, and no doubt this has a deal to do with it, but not all. Brokers find it at least as difficult to execute a selling order as a buying one, so that it seems the spirit of speculation is either driven out altogether or has taken flight for the wider and more remote fields of New York and Chicago. Of the few sales made there is very little to say. Prices remain about unchanged, or made such fractional advances or declines that it is evident there were no serious transactions in the week's business. We publish below in tabulated form full account of all sales made, with the opening and closing prices, and also highest and lowest points touched.

Table with columns: Shares, Opening, Closing, Highest, Lowest. Lists various banks and stocks like Bank of Montreal, Bank of Commerce, etc.

Money and Exchange.

The market for money has been dull and quiet, firming up for a few days under the usual influence felt towards the end of the month, but quickly easing again so that the rate for call loans at 4 per cent may be quoted as firm at 4 per cent. For commercial discounts the market is unchanged and easier at 5 to 7. In London the Bank of England rate remains unchanged, but the firmness in the open market, which at one time was quoted as fully equal to bank rate, gave way under unexpected gold importations and the market is now easy at 1 1/2 per cent. In New York the rates for call money have fluctuated a little, but in the main have held steady at about 2 per cent. The New York bank statement shows large decreases. The decrease in specie is \$1,728,000, in deposits \$1,652,900, in loans \$940,000, in reserves \$228,975. There is an increase in legal tender of \$1,085,800, and in circulation of \$1,720,000. Exchange during the week have varied from dull and quiet to very dull, and then to firmer, closing steady. Sterling sixties are now quoted between banks 8 1/2 to 9 and over the counter 9 1/4 to 9 1/2. Documentary sixties at 8 1/2; cables 8 1/2 to 8 3/4. New York funds are held by 1-32 discount to par, over the counter 1/4 to premium.

New York Banks' Statement. Table with columns: Reserves, deposits, loans, specie, legal tender, circulation. Includes sub-totals and grand totals.

Exchange.

Messrs. W. L. S. Jackson & Co., exchange brokers, 1761 Notre Dame-street, have compiled the following table of rates especially for The Herald:

Table with columns: New York, August 1, 1 p.m. POSTED, ACTUAL. Lists rates for Sterling, Francs, and other currencies.

BETWEEN BANKS, Counter Buyers, Sellers, Rate

Table with columns: N. Y. funds, 60 days sight, 90 days sight, 120 days sight, 180 days sight, 240 days sight, 360 days sight, Cattle bills, short.

The Cotton Markets.

NEW YORK, August 1.—Cotton firm; uplands 8c; Orleans 8 7/16c. Futures steady; Aug. 7.72; Sept., 7.53; Oct., 7.35; Nov., 8.08.

Notes.

Paris Bourse opened 95.97 1/2 and closed at the same figure. Canada Pacific shares in London, ex-dividend, were quoted at 82 1/2. French exchange on London opened 25.24, and closed unchanged. Bank of England rate of discount, 2 1/2 per cent. Open market in London, 1 1/2.

Amount of Bullion paid into the Bank of England on to-day's balances 23,000,000.

British Consols opened 95 1/2 for money and 15 13/16 for account, and closed unchanged.

New York Stocks.

Messrs. Oswald Bros., brokers, members of the Montreal Stock Exchange, 13 and 15 Hospital-street, have the following over their direct private wire: New York, August 1.—The stock market throughout opened with great improvement in prices of yesterday's close. London had buying orders to some extent, principally St. Paul. There was less bearish pressure and very little doing. Chicago had good buying orders in grangers and L. N. News from abroad is again much better, their markets all up. We are bullish on the 'bull' and believe stocks can be bought with safety at these low prices. The shipments of gold have about ended and exchange rates indicate it will soon be sent back to us. The flow of money to the west has ceased. This morning's crop reports

PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS.

Messrs. McDougall Bros., stock brokers, 69 St. Francis Xavier-street, report the New York market as follows:

Table with columns: TO-DAY, TO-DAY, TO-DAY. Lists various commodities like Wheat, Flour, Corn, etc. with prices.

The Week's Receipts.

Table with columns: Wheat, Flour, Corn, etc. showing weekly receipts.

Montreal Stocks in Store.

Table with columns: Wheat, Flour, Corn, etc. showing stocks in store.

New York Weekly Financial Review.

By Messrs. Henry Clow & Co., bankers, New York:

New York, August 1.—The course of speculation at the Stock Exchange has developed some new phases. Wearied of the protracted dullness, the "bears" made a bold dash on the "bull" position on Monday, with the result of a break of 1 to 5 points in the speculative list. The day following, reprisals were forthcoming from the "bulls," with the advantage of a recovery of the previous day's lost ground. The victors, however, at the same time lost whatever strength the previously oversold condition of the market had conferred on their side, and a fresh selling movement on Thursday produced a relapse in prices to about the level touched under Monday's attack. During the remainder of the week, the contest was kept up with foreign values as a rule, but with the balance of advantage inclining to the "bears." These operations were confined mostly to the "room traders," among whom the disposition to sell decidedly preponderates. The "bull" element is dormant for the time being, regarding the situation as unpropitious at the moment for active operations, but at the same time retaining confidence in their position and appear both ready and able to interpose effectively against any room attempts to seriously depress prices.

This partial revival of activity will do good as a test of the disposition and true condition of the market, and was probably started as a feeling in prospect of future contemplated plans. Some, however, seem to think that the present state is not favorable to the development of any radical movement in either one direction or the other. The "bulls" certainly do not find in the situation of the moment any points strongly favoring a rise; and yet suppose possibilities of an improvement in the spirit of affairs at a later stage, to encourage many of them to hold to their stocks tentatively. The "bears," while disposed to make the most of the spirit of hesitancy that is now holding everything in suspense on both sides, the Atlantic, yet know that many lines of stocks are held by determined parties and are cautious about venturing on extensive commitments on the "short" side; and thus both sides to speculation evenly counterbalance each other for the moment, which acts as a safety valve to the situation.

So much for what appears to be the current estimate of affairs in Wall-street. My own judgment is not entirely to the same effect. The immediate practical question is not whether the current market value of stocks reflects their real intrinsic value, but whether the general conditions now affecting the market are compatible with the maintenance of current prices. And on that question my judgment inclines to the negative. In the first place, the patience and endurance of holders of stocks have been tested to close upon the breaking point, and there is no recuperating element within reach right in the next place, the "bear" movement is becoming bolder and we have not yet seen what could be accomplished by the large professional sellers who attack the market by sales of tens of thousands of shares. Again, within the last few days, the prospects of the corn crop have become bedclouded by the protracted cold weather in the corn belt, coming upon the lateness of the crop. This is a very important matter, as affecting not only the tonnage of the railroads, but also the results of the harvest to the farming interest and to all commercially dependent thereon. And again, the symptoms in political circles indicate that the silver question, so far from having been finally settled by last session of Congress, is likely to be forced into the coming Presidential election as one of its most conspicuous issues,—than which nothing could be more threatening to at least the foreign estimates of such of our investments as are not specifically gold-bearing. Yet further, it cannot be regarded as certain whether we have ceased to be liable to export gold, no less than two millions having been sent out last week, with a possibility that, in the event of new trouble at the European capitals, new drains might be made upon us. Nor is it to be overlooked that, although no new financial disasters are occurring abroad and call money there is superabundant, yet money on time is put out with extreme caution, owing to a vague fear that further troubles may arise sometime during the next few weeks.

And finally, although call loans were very low here, and the reserves of the New York banks are about three times the amount they were at this date in 1890 or 1889, yet, in the absence of any ability of the Treasury to afford help to the market, if needed, that factor is not sufficient to give a certain protection against stringency as the Fall advances.

These are not assuring circumstances. They have not yet been allowed to have their full effect upon prices, although they are largely responsible for the past winter stagnation of the stock market; and it would be folly to assume that they cannot have a depressing effect on prices now or at a later stage.

In view of these factors, I would recommend the selling of stocks on all rallies, and buying only on pronounced breaks for brief turns and small profits.

PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS.

Messrs. McDougall Bros., stock brokers, 69 St. Francis Xavier-street, report the New York market as follows:

Table with columns: TO-DAY, TO-DAY, TO-DAY. Lists various commodities like Wheat, Flour, Corn, etc. with prices.

The Week's Receipts.

Table with columns: Wheat, Flour, Corn, etc. showing weekly receipts.

Montreal Stocks in Store.

Table with columns: Wheat, Flour, Corn, etc. showing stocks in store.

New York Weekly Financial Review.

By Messrs. Henry Clow & Co., bankers, New York:

New York, August 1.—The course of speculation at the Stock Exchange has developed some new phases. Wearied of the protracted dullness, the "bears" made a bold dash on the "bull" position on Monday, with the result of a break of 1 to 5 points in the speculative list. The day following, reprisals were forthcoming from the "bulls," with the advantage of a recovery of the previous day's lost ground. The victors, however, at the same time lost whatever strength the previously oversold condition of the market had conferred on their side, and a fresh selling movement on Thursday produced a relapse in prices to about the level touched under Monday's attack. During the remainder of the week, the contest was kept up with foreign values as a rule, but with the balance of advantage inclining to the "bears." These operations were confined mostly to the "room traders," among whom the disposition to sell decidedly preponderates. The "bull" element is dormant for the time being, regarding the situation as unpropitious at the moment for active operations, but at the same time retaining confidence in their position and appear both ready and able to interpose effectively against any room attempts to seriously depress prices.

This partial revival of activity will do good as a test of the disposition and true condition of the market, and was probably started as a feeling in prospect of future contemplated plans. Some, however, seem to think that the present state is not favorable to the development of any radical movement in either one direction or the other. The "bulls" certainly do not find in the situation of the moment any points strongly favoring a rise; and yet suppose possibilities of an improvement in the spirit of affairs at a later stage, to encourage many of them to hold to their stocks tentatively. The "bears," while disposed to make the most of the spirit of hesitancy that is now holding everything in suspense on both sides, the Atlantic, yet know that many lines of stocks are held by determined parties and are cautious about venturing on extensive commitments on the "short" side; and thus both sides to speculation evenly counterbalance each other for the moment, which acts as a safety valve to the situation.

So much for what appears to be the current estimate of affairs in Wall-street. My own judgment is not entirely to the same effect. The immediate practical question is not whether the current market value of stocks reflects their real intrinsic value, but whether the general conditions now affecting the market are compatible with the maintenance of current prices. And on that question my judgment inclines to the negative. In the first place, the patience and endurance of holders of stocks have been tested to close upon the breaking point, and there is no recuperating element within reach right in the next place, the "bear" movement is becoming bolder and we have not yet seen what could be accomplished by the large professional sellers who attack the market by sales of tens of thousands of shares. Again, within the last few days, the prospects of the corn crop have become bedclouded by the protracted cold weather in the corn belt, coming upon the lateness of the crop. This is a very important matter, as affecting not only the tonnage of the railroads, but also the results of the harvest to the farming interest and to all commercially dependent thereon. And again, the symptoms in political circles indicate that the silver question, so far from having been finally settled by last session of Congress, is likely to be forced into the coming Presidential election as one of its most conspicuous issues,—than which nothing could be more threatening to at least the foreign estimates of such of our investments as are not specifically gold-bearing. Yet further, it cannot be regarded as certain whether we have ceased to be liable to export gold, no less than two millions having been sent out last week, with a possibility that, in the event of new trouble at the European capitals, new drains might be made upon us. Nor is it to be overlooked that, although no new financial disasters are occurring abroad and call money there is superabundant, yet money on time is put out with extreme caution, owing to a vague fear that further troubles may arise sometime during the next few weeks.

And finally, although call loans were very low here, and the reserves of the New York banks are about three times the amount they were at this date in 1890 or 1889, yet, in the absence of any ability of the Treasury to afford help to the market, if needed, that factor is not sufficient to give a certain protection against stringency as the Fall advances.

These are not assuring circumstances. They have not yet been allowed to have their full effect upon prices, although they are largely responsible for the past winter stagnation of the stock market; and it would be folly to assume that they cannot have a depressing effect on prices now or at a later stage.

In view of these factors, I would recommend the selling of stocks on all rallies, and buying only on pronounced breaks for brief turns and small profits.

LORE FOR OUR FARMERS.

A CONNECTICUT FARMER GIVES HIS ROAD MAKING EXPERIENCE.

Aids to Better Roads—Facts and Figures Which Should Increase the Knowledge and Therefore the Comfort of Canadian Agriculturists.

ERE it is not for the cost of handling by the expensive process of slow shoveling, gravel would be employed much more extensively in road making. Two cheap devices suit, to the road builder, in practice they save twenty to twenty-five per cent. of the time required for shoveling, while men and teams experience less fatigue than by the old-time process. The first help, shown in Fig. 1, is merely a platform of boards with cleats beneath, like a door, six feet long, having wings at the ends, which are held in an upright position by an iron rod.

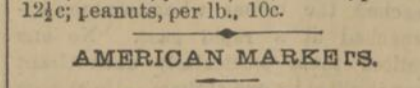


FIG. 1. WINGED PLATFORM.

running from one to the other. It is laid flat on the gravel to shovel on while working to the bank. By using a hoe the gravel may be cleared from behind it, a few inches at a time, and the platform pushed up. As the bank curves, it falls on the hard, smooth surface of the platform, and each shovelful may be taken up with much less strength and time than if shovelling in the bank with nothing to aid the edge of the shovel. The wings, projecting outward, catch additional quantities, and shoot it on the floor for the shoveler. The second help is made in two ways, as shown in Figs. 2 and 3. Fig. 2 is a platform the length of a wagon box, or longer, if the gang of shovellers be large enough. It has legs in front that are high enough to raise it above the gravel. Its rear side rests in the bank. Men stand on it, and rapidly fill each wagon that drives under it, and without lifting any of the gravel. If the bank does not hang over this platform, the gravel may be expediently loaded by being thrown on it, and hauled off into the wagon by one or two men with large hoes. The other form of this device, Fig. 3, is built much heavier. Its legs are made in the form of levers so that it can be pulled toward the wagon, and instead of resting on the sloping bank, heavy logs support it. These are first buried in the gravel as a further protection against forward

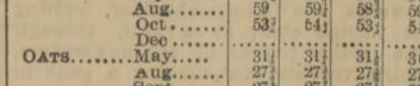


FIG. 2. PLATFORM WITH PERPENDICULAR LEGS.

All this precaution is taken because the wagons are to be filled by horse power; and an extra horse or team will be required. A common scraper does the work but the team is not ground on the platform. Its place is in the ground beyond the wagon being filled, and a heavy rope connects it with the scraper. A pulley on a convenient tree can be used to lighten the draught and elevate the rope above the wagon. With wagons enough to keep the scraper-team at work, highways may be very rapidly graded, and swamps filled. Loose planks for sides and bottom should be used on the wagon.

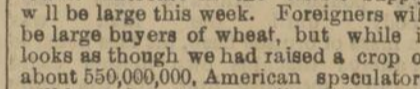


FIG. 3. A BRACED PLATFORM.

stead of the regulation box. These may be removed piecemeal, allowing the load to fall where it is wanted, without handling. Where a team and scraper are employed, the winged platform, shown in the first figure, will be found useful as a chute to lead the gravel from the platform to the wagon if the bank is high, or when it becomes difficult to get the wagon close to the platform. When road makers become accustomed to the cheap handling of gravel, the system of scraping up from the gutters for teams to wade through will be given up, and good country highways, better teams and larger loads will become common.

Transplanting Cabbages. Mark off the rows 3 ft apart and then put some fertilizer in the hills, which should be about 15 inches apart in the rows. If the soil is naturally moist the plants will do better. After a rain the roots strike into the fresh soil quicker and the plants do not wilt. I cultivate and hoe cabbage every few days, sometimes until they are nearly ready for market. To cultivate deeply makes better heads and they will remain salable longer. Whenever insects attack them apply a sprinkling of soot if to be had, otherwise sawdust. I have saved my cabbages by putting a double handful of wheat bran in the heads. The bran keeps the flies from depositing her eggs and the head will grow all the same. By the time it grows out of the bran the shower of worms will cease. The best remedy for the green worm is quick water. Set good plants early in rich, well manured and well prepared soil. They grow quickly and will be more likely to come through unharmed. I have planted the Early Jersey Wakefield that would come in market June 25. When the market was dull it would stand and give good marketable heads up to Sept. 1. They vary in size, but the best satisfaction of any I have grown. It is of fair size, the heads are hard and of the best flavor. Early cabbages besides being valuable for market are good and handy for family use.—Farm and Home.

A Step in Advance. High priced food for infants has been a source of great anxiety to parents who have to bring up their infants upon it. Dyer's Improved Food for Infants is made from pure pearl barley, is easily digested and costs 25c. Try it. Druggists keep it. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

Important Notice. Mrs. Joseph Leduc, of St. Benoit, writes us that only one bottle of Dr. Sayer's Remedy has been sufficient to cure her of a pain in the stomach, due to bad digestion, and serious enough to prevent her from doing any work.

Good Quality. Fine flavor, delicious aroma, all combined in the five cent Hero cigar. Ask for it at the cigar stores. J. Ratray & Co., Montreal.

From Pure Pearl Barley. Dyer's Improved Food for Infants is highly nutritious, easily digested, used by leading physicians and not expensively. 25 cents. Try it. Druggists keep it. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

The Chicago Markets.

Messrs. W. G. McCormick & Co., Board of Trade, Chicago, report over direct wire to Oswald Bros., members of the Montreal Stock Exchange, 13 and 15 Hospital-street, giving the highest, lowest, opening and closing at Chicago for to-day:

Table with columns: Month, Opened, Highest, Lowest, Closing. Lists prices for Wheat, Corn, Oats, Pork, Lard.

Messrs. G. W. McCormick & Co., Board of Trade, Chicago, report over direct private wire to Oswald Bros., members of Montreal Stock Exchange, 13 and 15 Hospital-street:

CHICAGO, August 1.—Our wheat market has been dull to-day, closing lower than last night. New York continues to report large sales for export, claiming 35 loads to-day. England and Paris are lower. Increase in the visible supply will be large this week. Foreigners will be large buyers of wheat, but while it looks as though we had raised a crop of about 550,000,000, American speculators will be at least temporarily disinclined to buy wheat enough to give us a bull market.

Corn was weak the greater part of the session, near close firming up and closes about top prices. News from crop to-day was very encouraging, and the hot weather needful seems fully to have reached the corn belt, and if it continues will be very beneficial to the growing crop. Oats—Dull and featureless. We believe them a purchase.

Provisions dull and featureless all day. It may be possible on light receipts here that we shall see some strong places in provisions, but believe each day new provisions are near their September option and there must be great deal liquidation of longs in this option. We would advise customers intending to carry provisions, to change them while difference is as light as it is now. We feel that next 30 days provisions are a sale on rallies.

British Breadstuffs and Provisions. The following are to-day's quotations and comparisons:

Table with columns: July 31, Aug. 1, Aug. 2. Lists prices for Spring wheat, No. 1, No. 2, etc.

Beerholm's Report. Cargoes of coast, wheat flour, corn meal, cargoes on passage and for shipment, wheat and corn, market quiet and of a holiday character. Arrivals of wheat cargoes 10; waiting 9; sold 5. Bank holiday in England.

Cheese Markets. LONDON, Ont., Aug. 1.—Forty one factories boarded 3315 boxes. July sales: 1065 at 9c, 310 at 9 1/16c, and 380 at 9 3/16c. Market brisk.

OPENSURE, Aug. 1.—Three thousand and seventy-seven cheese offered here to-day; 1580 sold at 8 1/2-10c, 700 at 8c, balance unsold.

Mining News. Mining experts note that cholera never attacks the bowels of the earth, but humanity in general find it necessary to use Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry for bowel complaints, dysentery, diarrhoea, etc. It is a sure cure.

The Popular Feeding. Cigars like the Hero at 5c, are being largely used by smokers who find them equal to a higher priced cigar. Ask for them at cigar stores. J. Ratray & Co., Montreal.

Good Quality. Fine flavor, delicious aroma, all combined in the five cent Hero cigar. Ask for it at the cigar stores. J. Ratray & Co., Montreal.

From Pure Pearl Barley. Dyer's Improved Food for Infants is highly nutritious, easily digested, used by leading physicians and not expensively. 25 cents. Try it. Druggists keep it. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

There is no change in the egg market though there are complaints of considerable change in the eggs themselves and much business has been lost on that account. Supply and demand are both much lessened but prices remain almost without change. Straight round lots 12 1/2c.

Hoffman House. Broadway and Adelaide Sts. NEW YORK CITY. A Favorite Family Hotel—European Plan. Central to Theatres and all points of Interest in the City.

Restaurant of Peculiar Excellence. Ball-Room and Private Supper-Rooms compare with any in the World. 400 Elegantly appointed Rooms, \$2 a day and upward. Turkish and Russian Baths Connected with the Hotel.



ROSSIN HOUSE TORONTO

Remodeled and refurnished. The most complete, luxuriously and liberally managed hotel in Toronto. Immunity from noxious gases and malaria guaranteed by the most perfect system of ventilation traps and thorough plumbing known to sanitary science.

PIPER-HEIDSIECK-SEC. CHAMPAGNE. JOHN OSBORN, SON & CO. Sole Agents for United States and Canada.

McINTYRE, SON & CO. IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS. Have in stock the best value to be had in SCOTCH AND IRISH LINENS, PLAIN CASHMERE AND SERGES, FANCY PLAID DRESS GOODS, VELVETEENS, ULSTERINGS, BLACK CASHMERE HOSE, all sizes.

CHOPPED AND SEASONED

THE NEWS OF THE DAY PUT INTO APPEZETING SHAPE.

Arrest of a Supposed American Crook—Drowned in the Canal—Opening of the Fall Race Bridge.

An effort is to be made to get all citizens to arrange a letter box at the front door of their houses.

Thomas Jones was run over on the wharf by a cart on Saturday afternoon. He was not very badly hurt.

An old man named Fairbrother has been missing from his home, at 223 Germain-street, since last Monday.

For a fine selection of Scotch tweeds and English woads go to M. J. Adler's 47 Beaver Hill Hill. Good fit guaranteed.

Diamonds in rings, pins, earrings, scarf pins, bracelets of the finest quality at J. B. Williamson's, 1741 Notre Dame-street.

It is stated that the attorney-general has ordered an investigation into the alleged case of malpractice at Notre Dame de Strasbourg.

Fire destroyed a shed owned by Mr. P. Gagnon, in the rear of 51 and 53 Beaudry-street, at half past four yesterday morning.

The remains of the late Rev. E. Terry were taken to Chicago on Saturday night. The body was accompanied by Mrs. Terry and the son of the deceased.

The morning papers did not make the loss at the Lang fire \$75,000, as stated by Mr. F. Genest, as it was about \$45,000, at this was correct.

The second party of Raymond and Whitcomb's tourists will reach Banff tomorrow, and is due at Victoria on Wednesday next, on its way to Alaska.

At half past two yesterday morning fire was discovered in a tenement occupied by Mr. F. Genest, in the rear of 73 Visitation-street. The damage was slight.

Margaret Welch was knocked down at the corner of Craig and Hermine-streets on Saturday night. Sub-Constable Boyle took her to her home at 24 Devoise-street.

A woman named Mary Smith was arrested yesterday afternoon in the Mount Royal Cemetery. She plucked some flowers from a grave and is charged with desecration.

The visiting governors for the present week to the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge and to the Home at Longue Pointe are: Hon. G. A. Drummond and Geo. Hague.

Henry Lenker, a seaman of the steamer Monarch, is locked up in the Central Police Station. He is charged with stealing himself from the ship and assaulting Capt. Anderson.

An American sharper fleeced a farmer from Beauharnois to the extent of a cheque for \$300. In return the latter accepted a bogus draft for \$1000 on the National Bank.

An employee of the Canadian Pacific Railway shops, named E. Meeker, had his right foot crushed by an engine running over it on Saturday. He was sent to the General Hospital in a cab.

Mr. Jacques Rochon, a shoemaker of this city, has brought an action for \$1000 through the Supreme Court, against Salotti Bascho, of St. Lawrence-street, for publicly insulting him and for defamation of character.

The Canadian Pacific St. Andrews, N. B., service will be further improved by through sleeping cars, which will leave Montreal (Windsor street) on Tuesdays and Fridays at 8.30 p.m., commencing July 31. Returning through sleepers will leave St. Andrews Sundays and Wednesdays at 10 p.m.

Mrs. Sims Remanded. Mary Sims, who is charged with having stabbed her husband during a quarrel on Friday night, was brought up in the Police Court on Saturday and pleaded not guilty. She was remanded until to-morrow.

Two Months for Stealing Lumber. In the Police Court on Saturday Marcel Barrette was charged with and pleaded guilty to the larceny of some lumber, the property of the Beaver Line. Judge Desnoyers sentenced him to two months imprisonment with hard labor.

Drowned in the Canal. At 11.30 o'clock on Saturday morning, a boy named Albert Falcon fell off the barge Martha Biglow, at No. 1 Lock, and was drowned. The body was recovered at 5 o'clock, and in the evening Coroner Jones held an inquest. "Accidentally drowned" was the verdict.

Injured on the Lachine Road. A horse, driven by Mr. Joseph Perrin, of 2263 Notre Dame-street, ran away near the half way house on the Lachine Road, at a late hour on Friday night. Mr. Perrin and two other occupants of the carriage were thrown out on the road. The former was badly cut on the head and was sent to the Notre Dame Hospital.

Nearly Kicked the Bucket. The Notre Dame Hospital ambulance was called to the wharf, opposite the asylum at Longue-Pointe, at eleven o'clock on Saturday morning. On arrival it was found that a man named Debarats had been unloading coal from the barge Leona, when the chain had broken and Debarats had received the bucket and its contents on his head. He could not be persuaded to come into the hospital, but was sent home.

Timothy Starr Wants a Sentence. In virtue of a judgment of the Superior Court, now before the Court of Review, Timothy Starr has taken out a seizure against H. S. Phillips and A. Maloney, mis en cause, in the hands of Kimball's Horse Exchange. The plaintiff alleges that defendant is secreting his property, and his stock of horses, carriages, &c., has been placed in Kimball's Horse Exchange for sale, said stock being transferred to and in the name of James B. Baxter.

Is He an American Crook. Considerable excitement was created at the Dalhousie Square Station last night by the discovery that several persons' pockets had been picked. Sub-Constable Demers was informed and spotted his man in the act of picking the pocket of Mrs. Filatrault. He arrested him and took him to the Central Station, where he gave him the name of Charles Simons. On his person were found \$85 in small change. He is supposed to be a well-known American crook.

Opening of the Fall Race Bridge. That somewhat notoriously Tall Race Bridge was formally opened Saturday

afternoon by Acting-Mayor Shorey when he drove across between 3 and 4 o'clock. With the exception of a few trifling details the bridge is finished, and it was no doubt gratifying to Superintendent McConnell that such is the result of what has been to him nearly three weeks of arduous labor.

Work Among the Poor. The statement of the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge for last week is as follows: Number of permanent inmates at Country House: Last year, 72; this year, 75. Total, 147. Number of night lodgings given in Night Refuge, 300. 180.

Acting Mayor Shorey in Office. Saturday morning Mayor McShane, accompanied by his family, left for Old Orchard Beach, where they will enjoy the salt sea breezes for about three weeks. They travelled in Mr. Wainwright's private car, and were seen off at Bonaventure depot by several aldermen and prominent citizens.

Fire destroyed a shed owned by Mr. P. Gagnon, in the rear of 51 and 53 Beaudry-street, at half past four yesterday morning.

The remains of the late Rev. E. Terry were taken to Chicago on Saturday night. The body was accompanied by Mrs. Terry and the son of the deceased.

The morning papers did not make the loss at the Lang fire \$75,000, as stated by Mr. F. Genest, as it was about \$45,000, at this was correct.

The second party of Raymond and Whitcomb's tourists will reach Banff tomorrow, and is due at Victoria on Wednesday next, on its way to Alaska.

At half past two yesterday morning fire was discovered in a tenement occupied by Mr. F. Genest, in the rear of 73 Visitation-street. The damage was slight.

Margaret Welch was knocked down at the corner of Craig and Hermine-streets on Saturday night. Sub-Constable Boyle took her to her home at 24 Devoise-street.

A woman named Mary Smith was arrested yesterday afternoon in the Mount Royal Cemetery. She plucked some flowers from a grave and is charged with desecration.

The visiting governors for the present week to the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge and to the Home at Longue Pointe are: Hon. G. A. Drummond and Geo. Hague.

Henry Lenker, a seaman of the steamer Monarch, is locked up in the Central Police Station. He is charged with stealing himself from the ship and assaulting Capt. Anderson.

An American sharper fleeced a farmer from Beauharnois to the extent of a cheque for \$300. In return the latter accepted a bogus draft for \$1000 on the National Bank.

An employee of the Canadian Pacific Railway shops, named E. Meeker, had his right foot crushed by an engine running over it on Saturday. He was sent to the General Hospital in a cab.

Mr. Jacques Rochon, a shoemaker of this city, has brought an action for \$1000 through the Supreme Court, against Salotti Bascho, of St. Lawrence-street, for publicly insulting him and for defamation of character.

The Canadian Pacific St. Andrews, N. B., service will be further improved by through sleeping cars, which will leave Montreal (Windsor street) on Tuesdays and Fridays at 8.30 p.m., commencing July 31. Returning through sleepers will leave St. Andrews Sundays and Wednesdays at 10 p.m.

Mrs. Sims Remanded. Mary Sims, who is charged with having stabbed her husband during a quarrel on Friday night, was brought up in the Police Court on Saturday and pleaded not guilty. She was remanded until to-morrow.

Two Months for Stealing Lumber. In the Police Court on Saturday Marcel Barrette was charged with and pleaded guilty to the larceny of some lumber, the property of the Beaver Line. Judge Desnoyers sentenced him to two months imprisonment with hard labor.

Drowned in the Canal. At 11.30 o'clock on Saturday morning, a boy named Albert Falcon fell off the barge Martha Biglow, at No. 1 Lock, and was drowned. The body was recovered at 5 o'clock, and in the evening Coroner Jones held an inquest. "Accidentally drowned" was the verdict.

Injured on the Lachine Road. A horse, driven by Mr. Joseph Perrin, of 2263 Notre Dame-street, ran away near the half way house on the Lachine Road, at a late hour on Friday night. Mr. Perrin and two other occupants of the carriage were thrown out on the road. The former was badly cut on the head and was sent to the Notre Dame Hospital.

Nearly Kicked the Bucket. The Notre Dame Hospital ambulance was called to the wharf, opposite the asylum at Longue-Pointe, at eleven o'clock on Saturday morning. On arrival it was found that a man named Debarats had been unloading coal from the barge Leona, when the chain had broken and Debarats had received the bucket and its contents on his head. He could not be persuaded to come into the hospital, but was sent home.

Timothy Starr Wants a Sentence. In virtue of a judgment of the Superior Court, now before the Court of Review, Timothy Starr has taken out a seizure against H. S. Phillips and A. Maloney, mis en cause, in the hands of Kimball's Horse Exchange. The plaintiff alleges that defendant is secreting his property, and his stock of horses, carriages, &c., has been placed in Kimball's Horse Exchange for sale, said stock being transferred to and in the name of James B. Baxter.

Is He an American Crook. Considerable excitement was created at the Dalhousie Square Station last night by the discovery that several persons' pockets had been picked. Sub-Constable Demers was informed and spotted his man in the act of picking the pocket of Mrs. Filatrault. He arrested him and took him to the Central Station, where he gave him the name of Charles Simons. On his person were found \$85 in small change. He is supposed to be a well-known American crook.

Opening of the Fall Race Bridge. That somewhat notoriously Tall Race Bridge was formally opened Saturday

UNITED PICNIC.

Canadian Order of Foresters at Sherbrooke, Que., last week.

On Saturday the united courts of the Canadian Order of Foresters in Montreal held a picnic and excursion to Sherbrooke Park, Isle Perrot. The fine steamer, "Prince of Wales," left the canal basin about 8.30 a.m., with about 500 on board.

The weather was all that could be desired, and soon after the steamer started the music of McKeen's orchestra was started, and kept up till arrival at the park. One portion of the orchestra entertained a good many at dancing in the after part of the boat.

The steamer arrived at the park about 11.30. The picnicers quickly broke up into small parties and chose convenient spots for lunch, which was soon disposed of. The following gentlemen formed the committee: Messrs D.R. Kennedy, chairman; W. J. Butterworth, secretary; William Renshaw, chairman of games; J. Barrag, treasurer; D. Beloit, A. Madley, G. Britain, R. Lynch, John Irvine, J. B. Davidson, C. Baker, R. Boyd, George Tate, J. Fee, J. R. Bird, E. Hodgson, J. H. Timmis, W. R. Humphreys, D. Clarke, J. E. Crabb, Collins and J. T. McEldie.

Mr. W. Walker, of L. 1, was appointed judge for the general sports, and Mr. James Knox, secretary of the Montreal Quilting Club, as judge and referee for the quilts. The following is the result: Quilts, open—H. Trepanier, J. J. Adams, J. W. Galt, 1st; 2nd, J. J. Adams, J. W. Galt, 3rd, J. W. Galt, 4th, J. W. Galt.

Boys under 12 years, sons of members, 100 yards—J. Renshaw, 1st; W. Watson, 2nd; J. W. Galt, 3rd; 150 yards—J. Renshaw, 1st; W. Watson, 2nd; J. W. Galt, 3rd. Married men over 45 years, open—J. W. Galt, 1st; W. Watson, 2nd; J. Renshaw, 3rd. Young ladies, 10 yards—Miss Ritchie, 1st; Miss Maggie Thompson, 2nd; Miss Hedges, 3rd. One mile, amateurs, open—McMann, 1st; R. Steel, 2nd; E. Squires, 3rd.

Canadian Order of Foresters, under 12 years—J. Renshaw, 1st; W. Watson, 2nd; J. W. Galt, 3rd. Present and present chief ranges, 20 yards—John Irvine, 1st; R. Boyd, 2nd; R. Kennedy, 3rd. Married men over 45 years, open—J. W. Galt, 1st; R. Boyd, 2nd; R. Kennedy, 3rd. Half mile, amateurs, open—T. Sykes, 1st; R. Boyd, 2nd; R. Kennedy, 3rd. One hundred yards, in sacks, open—J. Barton, 1st; J. Foster, 2nd; J. W. Galt, 3rd.

Canadian Order of Foresters, 12 to 18 years, 100 yards—W. Watson, 1st; W. F. Galt, 2nd; J. Renshaw, 3rd. Running hop, step and leap, members—William Renshaw, 1st; J. W. Galt, 2nd; R. Boyd, 3rd. Three-legged race, 10 yards, open—Rogers and Irvine, 1st; Sykes, 2nd; R. Boyd, 3rd. All Foresters, half mile—R. Steel, 1st; R. Boyd, 2nd; H. Herbert, 3rd. Sister's race, quarter mile—G. E. Sykes, 1st; R. Steel, 2nd; R. Boyd, 3rd.

Sister's race, quarter mile—William Renshaw, 1st; J. W. Galt, 2nd; R. Boyd, 3rd. Consolation, members—1st, M. D. Wadde, 2nd, J. W. Galt, 3rd, J. R. Bird, 4th. Consolation, 100 yards, open—F. Noseworthy, 1st; J. W. Galt, 2nd; J. R. Bird, 3rd.

The party left the park for home at 5.30, and after a very pleasant sail down the river, arrived home about 8 o'clock, well satisfied with the day's outing. Before the excursionists left the boat, McKeen's orchestra played "Auld Lang Syne" and "God Save the Queen," which were heartily joined in by the whole company.

People Talked About. L. Landerkin, M.P., of Ottawa, is at the Hotel. T. F. Keefe, of Keefe & Sullivan, Boston, is at the Hotel. George LaBatt, of Prescott, is registered at the Hotel. Judge Desnoyers sat in the Police Court on Saturday.

A. E. Payne, of Scotland, is registered at the Belmont. Dr. Finnigan, of Ogdensburg, is stopping at the Belmont. Rev. C. L. Wells, of Brooklyn, is stopping at the Windsor. Dr. Oronby Warkentin, of Toronto, is stopping at the Belmont. Andrew Warkentin, of Three Rivers, is a guest at the Hotel.

Lieut. General Jackson, of Oakville, is stopping at the Belmont. Lieut. General G. S. Bremner, of Halifax, is among the guests at the Belmont. Rev. Canon Hatheway, of Albany, is among the guests at the Belmont. E. F. Costock and C. E. Meyer, of Chicago, are stopping at the Belmont. Dr. and Mrs. Geo. T. Stevens, of New York, are stopping at the Belmont. Mr. Duncan McIntyre has arrived home from England, via New York.

Judge Finlay, of Woodstock, Ont., is one of the late arrivals at the Windsor. Hon. F. Langellier, of Ottawa, arrived at the Windsor on Saturday. Hon. C. S. Casimir, of Ottawa, arrived at the Windsor on Saturday. Hiram A. Galvin, of Garden Island, is among the guests at the Windsor. J. O. Clark, deputy clerk of the Recorder's Court, is on his holidays last night.

Lieut. General Sir Allan Johnston, of London, is registered at the Windsor. E. R. Hende, manager of the Brunswick Hotel, New York, is a guest at the Windsor. Mr. Major W. H. Howland and Miss Howland, of Toronto, are guests at the Windsor. Wm. Burrill, of the Burrill-Johnson Foundry, of Toronto, is a guest at the Windsor. The sons of Justice Bourgeois, Jean, Bourgeois has entered the novitiate of the Jesuits. Col. J. W. Clous and wife, of West Point, N. Y., are among the late arrivals at the Windsor. Major Swanboro, manager of the St. George Hotel, Brooklyn, is a guest at the Belmont.

General Walker, V.C., C.B., of England, accompanied by Mrs. Walker, are guests at the Windsor. John Charlton, M.P., of Ottawa, accompanied by Mrs. Charlton, are stopping at the Belmont. Sir Joseph Hickson departed in his private car on Saturday for Quebec, whence he leaves for Europe.

Hon. J. Himmelman, superintendent of the New Brunswick Division of the C.P.R., is at the Windsor. Hon. J. Himmelman leaves this morning for Quebec. On his way he will visit Premier Mercer at St. Anne de Paroisse. Hon. Thos. McGreevey is a guest at the Windsor. He has recovered from his recent severe illness, though still feeling its effects. Dr. C. F. MacFarlane, of West Point, N. Y., and Dr. Spohn, M.P., arrived at the Windsor last night from Quebec. They leave for Ottawa this morning.

John Lewis, the well-known druggist, is home after a short holiday to Long Island, Portland Harbor, and Philadelphia, visited friends at this beautiful resort. A Webb tourist party, numbering 17, belong to the party of the national flag, which left Windsor Saturday evening, having come through the Thousand Islands. They left for New York yesterday.

N. Delaville Pousaint, Nicolas Paniel, Three Rivers; E. Simard, Gms. O. Wilson, Quebec; J. A. Bouchard, Gms. Adamsville, Gms. Stevens, Gms. Landing, V. Dorome, Quebec, are at the Belmont. A. among the latest arrivals at the Hotel are: A. L. Davis, Lewis, T. H. Hart, Philadelphia; H. D. Goss, Lewis, T. H. Hart, Philadelphia; H. D. Goss, Lewis, T. H. Hart, Philadelphia; H. D. Goss, Lewis, T. H. Hart, Philadelphia.

Rev. John Pighe, Hoboken, N. J.; Rev. J. A. Stafford, Plainfield, N. J.; Rev. K. T. H. Rogers, Kingston, N. Y.; Rev. J. J. Kinscra, Brooklyn, N. Y.; T. S. Srekel, Plumburg, Pa.; John J. Rosen, Columbus, Ohio; Thomas Brennan, Providence, arrived last night and registered at the Michellier Hotel.

Will be found an excellent remedy for sick headache, Carter's Little Liver Pills. Thousands of letters from people who have used them prove this fact. Try them.

STABBED NEAR THE HEART.

WILLIAM GRANT NARROWLY ESCAPED SUDDEN DEATH.

His Assault Under Arrest—Story of the Assault—The Injured Man Thrashes The Would-be-Murderer.

"Billy Grant was stabbed last night" were the startling words passed round among a large circle of friends yesterday morning. An investigation proved that the story was true and had the blade of the knife in the hand of the would-be assassin been but half an inch longer young Grant would not have lived to tell the tale; as it is he will probably recover if the fatal blood poisoning does not set in.

William Grant and a number of friends were spending the evening at Lachine and when they arrived in the city at 11.30 a.m. they proceeded towards the corner of Inspector and St. James-streets. Several of the party left for home and Grant and a chum had just reached the corner when two men approached at a rapid pace. No one noticed them particularly until Grant was insulted by one of them. He at once exclaimed: "Young fellow, you had better go home," but instead of acting on the advice the stranger faced him and, as if seeking a quarrel, mumbled some incomprehensible words, at the same time getting closer to his victim.

Almost within a moment a murderous looking jackknife, with an open blade, was drawn from the hip pocket of the assailant, Patrick Murray. An arm was raised and as quickly descended; with it came the knife, and Grant received the blow on his back, near the left hip. As the knife was drawn down from the flesh, it was swiftly jerked upwards towards the right shoulder, cutting as though sharp as a razor, through the leather portion of the suspenders, shirts, vest and coat, making a gash in the garments, which were being worn for the first time, about 15 inches long. Not satisfied with this fearful attempt at taking a life, Murray made two additional cuts, two of which were made by the side of the struggle of Grant, but the third blow struck the side and entered the flesh within a quarter of an inch of the heart.

All this took place before the spectators could realize what was going down. Grant grasped his assailant and together they fell to the ground. Friends of the injured man went to the rescue, but Grant had realized his fearful position, and with a strength almost superhuman, consisting in his frantic, he pounded Murray's face and body until the man was a mass of bruised flesh, his face being so battered that his own mother could hardly recognize him. As the knife dropped from his assailant's hands Grant's strength gave way and at the same moment the police arrived. This whole fracas only taken about 30 seconds, and the time that elapsed, Grant lay on the ground, his head on the ground, his eyes closed, and his hands clasped over his chest.

Grant was at once taken to his father's home on Little Antoine-street and Dr. Finnie was summoned. He carefully dressed the wounds, and shook his head gravely as he did so, remarking that the knife had struck within a quarter of an inch of the heart. When The Herald representative called on the injured man yesterday afternoon, he was shown the other wounds from which the gashing wound had been made, and which were saturated with blood, and the holes in the garments how that the knife had a very keen edge.

At the Police Station Murray was seen and talked to. He was covered with blood and claimed, to the reporter, that he was robbed in the melee, but afterwards admitted that he thought this money dropped from his pocket during the struggle. His right leg is badly injured and a doctor had to be called to relieve the pain. He hardly looks like a man who would be guilty of such a crime, but he did not deny the stabbing, and those who witnessed it declare that the prisoner had no other weapon than the knife which he used to stab his brother.

Costable Hacket secured the knife, which will be used in evidence. It is a nasty-looking weapon, and is covered with blood. Evidence has been established by the committee for matters affecting cabinet ministers. Evidence was freely admitted with regard to Mr. Aronoff's first testimonial, but any evidence in view of the fact that the Grigs testimonial is ruled out of order. Mr. Foster declares himself willing to go to the country and join issue with the Liberals on the question of administration in view of the fact that the Grigs testimonial is ruled out of order. Mr. Foster declares himself willing to go to the country and join issue with the Liberals on the question of administration in view of the fact that the Grigs testimonial is ruled out of order.

Another side of the story is that Murray was going along the street quietly and was not aware of what was going on. His friends who beat him terribly, until Murray thought they were going to kill him. To save his life he took out his knife in self-defence and used it with such dreadful effect.

SHOT BY HIS BROTHER. The Valois Station Agent's Son Probably Fatally Injured.

The peace which reigns over the quiet village of Valois was disturbed Saturday evening by the report that a shooting had occurred in the place. On investigation it was found that little Thomas Lawson, a son of Andrew Lawson, the station agent at Lakeside, had been accidentally shot by his brother William. It seems that William was playing with a revolver in the barn and did not know of the fact that the revolver was loaded. Shortly before eight o'clock his brother Thomas passed by the open door of the barn, when the revolver went off, the bullet entering the boy's body. Dr. Proutoff was immediately sent for. As is usual in such cases, no one seemed to know exactly how the thing occurred, and it is only another instance of the folly of handling firearms. The boy is perhaps fatally wounded, as the bullet entered his back just below the lungs and is in a very serious condition. The physicians are afraid to probe for it on account of the danger that such an operation would involve. He was brought to Montreal, and at a late hour last night was reported in a dangerous condition.

PEOPLE THEY DON'T WANT. The Customs Authorities Commence a New Campaign.

In the light of certain movements on the part of the authorities of the Customs Department in our city, it would appear that the hints thrown out in the columns of The Herald as to the working of the department, have at least had the effect of materially reducing the staff, if not the expenditure, for the following are gazetted as having been placed upon the superannuation list: Edward Meyers, chief landing waiter; Archibald Muir, appraiser; Francis Crispo, chief clerk in the long room; John Farrell, chief auditor in the statistical department; J. H. Hillon, appraiser in the examining warehouse; A. Benzie, ticket clerk, and George Craven, head checker in the warehouse.

It also stated upon reliable authority that many more indispensable officials will shortly find that an experiment will be made to dispense with their services. The removal of the sugar duty will also have the effect of further thinning the ranks.

"WE ARE IN IT." How the Visiting G. A. R. Men Lived Up to Their Motto.

From Saturday afternoon up to yesterday evening the members of Hancock Post, Grand Army of the Republic, in this city, were busy entertaining the Eastern Maine G. A. R. delegates to the national encampment at Detroit, which will be in session all this week. Veterans and friends to the number of 25 arrived by the C.P.R. from Dover, Me., at 4.40 p.m. Saturday in the sleeping car "Calgary," which they have chartered for the trip. They were met at Windsor-street depot by Commander Schelle and several other officers of Hancock Post and escorted to the G. A. R. rooms on St. James-street, where a most fraternal reception was indulged in. Commander Schelle formally welcomed the visitors and extended to them the freedom of the G. A. R. rooms, which was accepted by Commander Jushy, of C. S. Dougherty Post, No. 29, Dover, Me., on behalf of the party. Several speeches were made by the visiting and local comrades, most of whom spoke of the fraternal nature of the organization, and the visitors were very surprised when they were informed the day previous that there was a post in Montreal. Their surprise was all the greater when they found on their arrival such a flourishing branch, and that, too, on foreign soil. A social time was afterwards spent, and an invitation was extended to the visitors by the Women's Relief Corps to take tea at the rooms Sunday afternoon. Saturday night and Sunday were spent in driving around the city, and to your reporter several of the delegates expressed considerable surprise at the size and beauty of Montreal. From 6 to 7 o'clock yesterday evening the G. A. R. rooms were an animated scene, and the visitors were to depart in a short time were busy saying good-bye to their comrades. They had partaken of the hospitality of the Women's Relief Corps, and judging by their many good things they were departing well pleased with their stay in Montreal. Before departing the names of the visitors were inscribed in the register of the Hancock Post as follows: C. S. Dougherty Post, No. 29, Dover, Me.; Wainwright, C. S. Dougherty Post, No. 29, Dover, Me.; W. W. Warren, Jas. R. Martin, Le-man Post, No. 82, Abbott, Me.; Jess Barbour, G. A. Davis, Thos. Farrell, B. E. Post, Bangor, Me.; C. A. Hamilton, Chas. H. Buswell, W. H. S. Lawrence, A. M. Robinson, Jr., Henry Post, No. 5, Monson, Me.; Levi Bancho, Oakley, Me.; J. Wesley Gilman. Besides the above veterans the party was accompanied by E. A. Batcher, John Melnis, Frank E. Guernsey, C. B. Kittridge, Mrs. Rowell, of Dover; Mrs. Church, of Shirley; Fred. Hamlin and Harry Chamberlain, of Bangor. Fred. B. Kenny, of the Piscataquis Observer, Dover, Me., is with the party. The badges worn by the party are somewhat of a novelty. They were supplied by Manager R. H. Penny, of the Monson Slate Company. Below the ribbon, which is printed with the place and date of meeting, is suspended a medalion shaped piece of slate with the letters "G. A. R." inscribed on it. The motto on the badges is "We are in it."

Have They Decided to Hang Together. Montreal Star.

Her Majesty's Ministers have evidently decided to hang together for fear that otherwise they may be hanged separately. While the Government organs are protesting the anxiety of the Government to discover the whole truth and to let no guilty man escape, it is very evident that it is not the intention to allow a scrap of evidence to be admitted if it tends to incriminate a member of the cabinet. The flimsiest pretexes are invented by Mr. Foster for preventing awkward questions being asked, and the Finance Minister's objections are promptly sustained by the Conservative majority of the Public Accounts Committee. One by one evidence has been established by the committee for matters affecting cabinet ministers. Evidence was freely admitted with regard to Mr. Aronoff's first testimonial, but any evidence in view of the fact that the Grigs testimonial is ruled out of order. Mr. Foster declares himself willing to go to the country and join issue with the Liberals on the question of administration in view of the fact that the Grigs testimonial is ruled out of order. Mr. Foster declares himself willing to go to the country and join issue with the Liberals on the question of administration in view of the fact that the Grigs testimonial is ruled out of order.

Another side of the story is that Murray was going along the street quietly and was not aware of what was going on. His friends who beat him terribly, until Murray thought they were going to kill him. To save his life he took out his knife in self-defence and used it with such dreadful effect.

SHOT BY HIS BROTHER. The Valois Station Agent's Son Probably Fatally Injured.

The peace which reigns over the quiet village of Valois was disturbed Saturday evening by the report that a shooting had occurred in the place. On investigation it was found that little Thomas Lawson, a son of Andrew Lawson, the station agent at Lakeside, had been accidentally shot by his brother William. It seems that William was playing with a revolver in the barn and did not know of the fact that the revolver was loaded. Shortly before eight o'clock his brother Thomas passed by the open door of the barn, when the revolver went off, the bullet entering the boy's body. Dr. Proutoff was immediately sent for. As is usual in such cases, no one seemed to know exactly how the thing occurred, and it is only another instance of the folly of handling firearms. The boy is perhaps fatally wounded, as the bullet entered his back just below the lungs and is in a very serious condition. The physicians are afraid to probe for it on account of the danger that such an operation would involve. He was brought to Montreal, and at a late hour last night was reported in a dangerous condition.

PEOPLE THEY DON'T WANT. The Customs Authorities Commence a New Campaign.

In the light of certain movements on the part of the authorities of the Customs Department in our city, it would appear that the hints thrown out in the columns of The Herald as to the working of the department, have at least had the effect of materially reducing the staff, if not the expenditure, for the following are gazetted as having been placed upon the superannuation list: Edward Meyers, chief landing waiter; Archibald Muir, appraiser; Francis Crispo, chief clerk in the long room; John Farrell, chief auditor in the statistical department; J. H. Hillon, appraiser in the examining warehouse; A. Benzie, ticket clerk, and George Craven, head checker in the warehouse.

It also stated upon reliable authority that many more indispensable officials will shortly find that an experiment will be made to dispense with their services. The removal of the sugar duty will also have the effect of further thinning the ranks.

"WE ARE IN IT." How the Visiting G. A. R. Men Lived Up to Their Motto.

From Saturday afternoon up to yesterday evening the members of Hancock Post, Grand Army of the Republic, in this city, were busy entertaining the Eastern Maine G. A. R. delegates to the national encampment at Detroit, which will be in session all this week. Veterans and friends to the number of 25 arrived by the C.P.R. from Dover, Me., at 4.40 p.m. Saturday in the sleeping car "Calgary," which they have chartered for the trip. They were met at Windsor-street depot by Commander Schelle and several other officers of Hancock Post and escorted to the G. A. R. rooms on St. James-street, where a most fraternal reception was indulged in. Commander Schelle formally welcomed the visitors and extended to them the freedom of the G. A. R. rooms, which was accepted by Commander Jushy, of C. S. Dougherty Post, No. 29, Dover, Me., on behalf of the party. Several speeches were made by the visiting and local comrades, most of whom spoke of the fraternal nature of the organization, and the visitors were very surprised when they were informed the day previous that there was a post in Montreal. Their surprise was all the greater when they found on their arrival such a flourishing branch, and that, too, on foreign soil. A social time was afterwards spent, and an invitation was extended to the visitors by the Women's Relief Corps to take tea at the rooms Sunday afternoon. Saturday night and Sunday were spent in driving around the city, and to your reporter several of the delegates expressed considerable surprise at the size and beauty of Montreal. From 6 to 7 o'clock yesterday evening the G. A. R. rooms were an animated scene, and the visitors were to depart in a short time were busy saying good-bye to their comrades. They had partaken of the hospitality of the Women's Relief Corps, and judging by their many good things they were departing well pleased with their stay in Montreal. Before departing the names of the visitors were inscribed in the register of the Hancock Post as follows: C. S. Dougherty Post, No. 29, Dover, Me.; Wainwright, C. S. Dougherty Post, No. 29, Dover, Me.; W. W. Warren, Jas. R. Martin, Le-man Post, No. 82, Abbott, Me.; Jess Barbour, G. A. Davis, Thos. Farrell, B. E. Post, Bangor, Me.; C. A. Hamilton, Chas. H. Buswell, W. H. S. Lawrence, A. M. Robinson, Jr., Henry Post, No. 5, Monson, Me.; Levi Bancho, Oakley, Me.; J. Wesley Gilman. Besides the above veterans the party was accompanied by E. A. Batcher, John Melnis, Frank E. Guernsey, C. B. Kittridge, Mrs. Rowell, of Dover; Mrs. Church, of Shirley; Fred. Hamlin and Harry Chamberlain, of Bangor. Fred. B. Kenny, of the Piscataquis Observer, Dover, Me., is with the party. The badges worn by the party are somewhat of a novelty. They were supplied by Manager R. H. Penny, of the Monson Slate Company. Below the ribbon, which is printed with the place and date of meeting, is suspended a medalion shaped piece of slate with the letters "G. A. R." inscribed on it. The motto on the badges is "We are in it."

Have They Decided to Hang Together. Montreal Star.

Her Majesty's Ministers have evidently decided to hang together for fear that otherwise they may be hanged separately. While the Government organs are protesting the anxiety of the Government to discover the whole truth and to let no guilty man escape, it is very evident that it is not the intention to allow a scrap of evidence to be admitted if it tends to incriminate a member of the cabinet. The flimsiest pretexes are invented by Mr. Foster for preventing awkward questions being asked, and the Finance Minister's objections are promptly sustained by the Conservative majority of the Public Accounts Committee. One by one evidence has been established by the committee for matters affecting cabinet ministers. Evidence was freely admitted with regard to Mr. Aronoff's first testimonial, but any evidence in view of the