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DAILY WITNESS

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ORGANIZED LABOR.

WORDS OF PRAISE IN ITS BEHALF BY THE PREMIER OF ONTARIO.

HAS FURTHERED THE INTERESTS OF HUMANITY—BLAST AT UNITED STATES RESTRICTIVE LAWS.

Hamilton, Sept. 7.—Labor Day was celebrated here in an enthusiastic manner. A trades' procession, representing almost every trade and manufacturing interest, was a feature of the day. It was considerably over a mile in length, and was reviewed by thousands of citizens. The procession wound up at Dundurn Park, where sports and speech-making were the order of the afternoon. The speakers were the Hon. A. S. Hardy, Mr. E. F. Clarke, M.P., of Toronto, and the Rev. S. S. Craig of Oakville. Mr. Clarke was the first speaker. He expressed satisfaction that Labor day was being so generally observed. It served to place the aims and objects of the laboring class before the people. These aims, he believed, were always peaceful and praiseworthy. Continuous efforts of organized labor had brought about improved conditions. Referring to recently passed stringent labor laws in the United States, he spoke of them as being a disgrace to that country. He hoped the time would soon come when parliaments would stop passing laws to exclude the workingmen of other countries. The Hon. A. S. Hardy followed with the text 'Labor exalteth a nation.' Canada had no room for idlers. The labor cause furthers the interests of humanity. He feared legislation had gone too far in the effort to settle disputes between employer and employed. He contended that every man in Canada should have enough wages to keep a man, his wife and family in respectability. During the reign of Queen Victoria the condition of the workingmen had been revolutionized. He believed in profit-sharing, and regretted that it was not more general. Canadians, he said, would be able to survive the tyrannical labor laws of the United States, and there was no cause here for such terrible discontent as was found there.

THE GRAND TRUNK'S PRESIDENT.

HOW HIS POLICY HAS WORKED.

Sir Charles Rivers Wilson, president of the Grand Trunk, will sail for England on Sept. 11, and will thus not be present at the formal opening of the new steel bridge over the Niagara river, which, however, he has thoroughly inspected and approved. Sir Charles has also examined the work at the Victoria bridge, which is making rapid progress, and which will probably be finished by next July or August, and has been in consultation with Mr. Hays, the general manager, at the offices at Point St. Charles. The forward policy of the latter meets the approval of the president. This policy has expressed itself in changes in the personnel, improvements to the system, and the application of American methods of operation. That these already have borne fruit is proved by the increasingly prosperous condition of the company, as indicated in a larger volume of business which will be still further increased by the widening of the Victoria bridge. The concentration of the supreme offices in the hands of a few experienced railway men has led to economy in the management, while the unification of the Chicago & Grand Trunk systems has made for rapidity, efficiency, and a desirable consolidation. Sir Charles is understood to have expressed himself as thoroughly satisfied with all he saw at the Grand Trunk workshops, in the output of which he evinced a lively interest.

THE ROAD COMMITTEE.

At a short session of the Road Committee this morning, a letter was read from U. Desmoreau, contractor, saying that he was willing to pave Notre Dame street, from St. Martin to the city limits—seeing the committee had no funds for the work—without pay for the present, providing the City Council would try to get the legislature, at its next sitting, to vote the amount necessary for the work. Accompanying the letter was a petition from residents of the locality, praying that the street be paved without further delay.

Both communications were referred to the City Council with the approval of the committee.

ESQUIMALT'S LARGE DOCKYARDS.

The Cape 'Times' understands that definite plans for the erection of new graving basins and coaling jetties at Simonstown, involving an expenditure of over a million and a half millions, is engaging the attention of the Commander-in-Chief at Simonstown, and that although the site has not yet been selected for the docks, it is practically certain that docks will be constructed there to accommodate the largest class of battleship afloat.

DAVIDSON'S TRIAL FIXED.

Yarmouth, N.S., Sept. 7.—The trial of Davidson, charged with murdering Chapman, has been set down for October.

OUR LATE GUESTS.

Most of the medical scientists have left the city. A considerable number have formed themselves into groups for the purpose of prosecuting trips of pleasure and observation throughout the country, while others have arranged to go to the United States to inspect the great seats of learning in the large centres. Others, again, are making arrangements for the homeward journey. All, however, have expressed themselves delighted with our climate and people. In the rotunda of the Windsor Hotel one lady said to another with a sigh, 'Now, if I could only see an ice palace my happiness would be complete in this wonderful country. We have enjoyed the loveliest weather I ever experienced; the people are wonderfully warm-hearted; and if we had the ice palace we could say we knew something about Canada.'

FREE VACCINATION.

The eagerness of the public to avail themselves of free vaccination increases. This is particularly noticeable in the working districts, where the children go to the public schools. The medical men in these centres say they are being worked to death. One in particular remarked to a 'Witness' reporter that his office had been crowded day and night for the last week, and that, even with assistance, he could not overtake the work. His office had been overrun with children; even the sidewalk in front of his house was crowded. Remarking upon the number of instances in which the vaccine failed to 'take,' the medical man accounted for this by the fact that it was not up to full strength—was, in fact, rather weak, though perfectly pure.

HEALTH COMMITTEE.

STRICT PRECAUTIONS AGAINST THE SPREAD OF DISEASE.

When the Health Committee met this morning a great deal of indignation was expressed at the way certain papers were trying to get up a smallpox scare in Montreal.

Dr. Lamarche hoped the papers would cease making such extensive and alarming reports about a few cases in the city. He gave a number of instances how such reports, coupled with alarming reports sent to outside papers, were doing great harm to commerce.

Dr. Laberge said that he had actually received a letter from a distant city asking if it were safe for visitors to come to Montreal. He felt sure the disease was under thorough control, and on account of the strictness of the quarantine now enforced there would be no more cases. The patients who had contracted the disease had all, with the exception of one, neglected to be vaccinated.

The following committee was appointed to see the mayors of the surrounding municipalities and ask them to see that the vaccination law was properly enforced:—Dr. Laberge, Dr. Lamarche, Aldermen Turner and Prenoveau.

R. Y. M. C. A.

The formal opening of the railwaymen's hall, on Richmond street, corner of Wellington, takes place on Monday evening next, when the hall will be officially thrown open for the use of the members of the Railwaymen's Christian Association of the Grand Trunk Railway, between seven and ten every evening of the week. Mr. C. J. Hicks, the international secretary of the association, of New York, has forwarded a large number of interesting games which are at the service of the members of the association. In addition to the games all the latest railway and other interesting journals will be on file. The hall will also be open every night this week.

BIRMINGHAM LABOR CONGRESS.

Birmingham, England, Sept. 7.—The Trades Union Congress resumed its sessions to-day, with President Stevens in the chair. The latter, in his annual address, said the engineers' strike was an instance of one of the best organized and most powerful combinations in the world, being in the throes of a great struggle with a powerful combination of capital. It was certain, he added, that the struggle would be prolonged and that the engineers would have to appeal for help to the Trades Unionists throughout the country. That help, the president continued, must be given, for under no circumstances could they allow the engineers to be defeated. (Great cheers.) The delegates then unanimously and enthusiastically adopted a special resolution pledging moral and financial aid to the striking engineers. Mr. Benjamin Pickard, M.P., president of the Miners' Federation of Great Britain, in supporting the motion, said that all Trade Unionists should tender eight-hour notices, and 'Sink or swim' with the engineers.

INDIAN WOMAN'S AWFUL DEATH.

WAS TIED TO A HORSE BY THE HEELS AND THE BEAST LASHED INTO A GALLOP.

Vancouver, B.C., Sept. 7.—Skookawak, an Indian chief residing in the Lower Nicola valley, has been arrested by the provincial police after a hot fight with the members of his tribe for tying his aged wife to a horse by the heels and then having young bucks lash the horse to a gallop, with the result that she was dragged to death.

ANOTHER GOLD FIELD.

STORY THAT FOUR MEN KNOW A RICHER PLACE THAN KLONDIKE.

San Francisco, Sept. 7.—Word comes from Juneau that another Canadian gold field richer than Klondike has been discovered. To the present time it is the secret of four men. One went over Taku Pass two weeks ago in search of the place. The others will go in the spring. J. A. Becker, a well-known mining engineer and expert, is one of those in the secret, and he is positive, from the samples of the gold brought back, that there will be a greater rush to the new diggings than there has been to Klondike when the location has been made known. This is said to be three hundred miles in an air line from Dawson City, and near the Hotalinqua river, which is only a hundred and eighty miles from Chilcoot Inlet. A prospector named Polk became lost last spring and was rescued by an Indian, who put him on his feet and gave him his bearings. On the way back Polk kicked up from the ground an eleven-pound nugget of gold. This, it is said, was near Lake Teslin. He marked the spot and took the other three into his confidence.

Victoria, B.C., Sept. 7.—Thirty men arrived on the 'Queen' from Skaguay. They have given up the idea of getting across the passes. There have been twenty desertions from the United States ship 'Concord' at Juneau, the men leaving to go to the mines. E. M. Losikatos, who went into the Klondike last spring, sends out word to his partner, Mr. Hens of Juneau, that he has struck it rich. He says: 'I sank two prospect holes without finding anything, but in the third I could pick up nuggests with my hands. I am so excited that I cannot wait. We are rich. The amount of gold that people have here is something appalling.'

WARNINGS FOR THE UNWARY.

Port Townsend, Wash., Sept. 7.—Capt. Neilson of the tug 'Pioneer,' just returned from Dyea and Skaguay, says: 'The half has not been told of the miserable trails by which the gold-seekers are striving to cross to Lake Linderman. Capt. Wasson, banker and ex-collector of customs for the Puget Sound district, is reported as being camped on the beach at Skaguay with not one chance in five thousand of getting through this fall. He has ten horses. One man at Dyea offered $750 to have a hundred pounds packed over, but packers refused the offer. Crossing from Skaguay and Dyea the trail is practically closed on account of the mud.'

Tacoma, Wash., Sept. 7.—Capt. Treanor of the schooner 'J. M. Coleman,' which left St. Michael's late in July, warns men against attempting to reach Klondike via the mouth of the Yukon this fall. He believes that thousands of men who have left San Francisco and Puget Sound since Aug. 1 for St. Michael's will be unable to get up the river, even as far as Circle City. In that event there will be great suffering, or at least a want of every comfort of life, for St. Michael's is a desolate place, with accommodations for not to exceed two or three hundred men. Capt. Treanor says Klondikers do not seem to realize that in taking this trip they are going two thousand miles into the arctic regions, where existence is even more precarious than at Dawson, because of terrific winds from off the Arctic Ocean. Steamers of big trading companies, he says, were to start for Dawson on their last trip about the middle of August, which means that numerous Yukon-bound craft that left Puget Sound after that date will be frozen out. His advice for everybody is to stay out until spring.

THE RUSH TO WAWA.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 7.—The north shore steamer left for Michipicoten last night with a passenger list of fifty gold seekers, thirty of whom were from the two 'Soos,' the remainder being chiefly from Detroit. It is reported that among the party from Detroit were several gentlemen representing capital who will make investments in the new gold region, provided that things there are as represented.

The Canadian steamer 'Monarch' which passed up yesterday, had a party of thirty Canadians aboard, en route for the fields. They will go from Port Arthur to Missinabe, via the C. P. R. and make an overland journey to Lake Wawa. Wawa city is already a bustling camp. Captain Gangley and a number of others from this city have secured about the only available town site in the city, and streets are being surveyed. A supply store has been opened by Messrs. Ainsworth & Cangely of the 'Soo.' Horses and waggons will be shipped to Michipicoten for transporting purposes from the mouth of the Michipicoten river to Wawa City, for a city it seems certain to become at an early day.

The steamer 'Telegram' will make three trips weekly and another boat will be upon the line if required.

ANOTHER RICH STRIKE.

Duluth, Minn., Sept. 7.—There has been another rich strike at the Randolph mine, near Mine Centre, Ontario, in which Louis A. Hall of New York owns the controlling interest. W. J. Merritt, who has charge of the work now being done on the property, writes to Duluth officers of the company, that at the sixty-feet level he has struck a paying streak, rich beyond his wildest anticipations. He sends a bag of nuggets, which he says were picked from the decomposed quartz of which the vein is composed. The nuggets vary in size from the size of a pinhead to that of small peas. The nuggets were taken indiscriminately from one that was in the stock pile at the mine, and Mr. Merritt reports that all of the ore taken out so far is equally as rich. At seventy-six feet the vein has widened, and is now five feet wide, it being three feet at the top. Stamp mills will be sent to the mine immediately, and the stock piles worked. It is understood here that Mr. Hall has had the books of the company closed, and that no more stock will be sold.

WAVE OF PROSPERITY

ABOUT TO SWEEP OVER CANADA.

INTERESTING PREDICTION BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE BOARD OF TRADE.

Toronto, Sept. 7.—At the Industrial Exhibition luncheon yesterday Mr. Edward Gurney, president of the Board of Trade, stated that the change which has come over the business situation in the past six weeks is unexampled in Canadian history. He predicted that at the close of this century Canada will have three years of such prosperity as the oldest of those present had not witnessed.

The attendance at the Industrial Exhibition yesterday was the largest on record, and is placed by the directors at close on 90,000, this surpassing the crowd of last year.

Speaking of the business outlook in Quebec, Mr. A. P. Willis, the well-known piano dealer of Montreal, said to-day that business throughout the province was improving considerably and that there was a feeling of confidence now which had been unfortunately lacking for some time. Mr. Willis purchased seventy-five pianos from the R. S. Williams Company here this morning and will have them shipped immediately to Montreal.

GERMANS AND THE PURITAN LAWS.

WHAT CARL SCHURZ SAYS.

Cincinnati, O., Sept. 6.—Fully twenty thousand persons went to the Zoological Gardens this afternoon to attend the German Day celebration. Carl Schurz spoke for an hour and a half. Mr. Schurz said that to the Germans was due the credit of overcoming the blue laws of the Puritans in the observance of the Sabbath, until now common sense largely ruled with the masses in that connection. He quoted the expression attributed to Governor 'Bill' Allan of Ohio, that 'the Germans are very good patriots, but damned bad partisans,' as the truth, and greatly to their credit. He scouted the idea that being able to speak the German language was a detriment to a man's patriotism. He warned his hearers that those were not always the best citizens who were the most loyal, enthusiastic followers of political leaders.

THE GRECO-TURKISH SETTLEMENT

London, Sept. 7.—The Marquis of Salisbury's latest proposal for the settlement of the terms of peace between Turkey and Greece is generally regarded as a victory for German diplomacy, and much bitter feeling is displayed in England over the British Premier's backdown. A fresh proposal was what Germany had been holding out for, namely, the control of the Greek revenue in the interests of all the creditors of Greece as well as for the security of the loan to Greece for the purpose of paying her indemnity to Turkey.

A MARYLAND TRAGEDY.

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 7.—Edward B. Bishop, aged nineteen, shot and mortally wounded his father, Edward A. Bishop, at their home, 2022 Boyd street, to-day. The family is an eminently respectable one. The parents of the youthful patricide had lived apart for some weeks past, and the elder Bishop came to the house and attempted to force an entrance from the rear. He was shot by his son as he broke through the kitchen door. Before losing consciousness the wounded man exclaimed:—'It was my fault, the boy is not to blame.'

BAD FIRE IN PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia, Sept. 7.—Fire broke out in the basket wicker-ware factory of John M. Rowe, Sons & Co., yesterday, and in a short time extended to several adjoining buildings on Water street and several fronting on Delaware avenue. Before the flames were got under control an estimated damage of over a hundred thousand dollars had resulted, all of which is fully covered by insurance. The origin of the fire is unknown.

NORTH ATLANTIC SQUADRON.

Halifax, N.S., Sept. 7.—The dock yard authorities have been officially notified that two more powerful warships are to replace the 'Buzzard' and 'Tartar' this season. They will be of the 'Intrepid' class.

MINERS' STRIKE SITUATION.

Sharon, Pa, Sept. 7.—Four hundred coal miners, their wives and children, yesterday marched from Grove City to Filer, Suthfit and Co.'s mines at Chestnut Ridge, headed by the Knights' Golden Eagle band, where they induced the Italians who had been imported to join them. William McKay was arrested by one of the deputies for intimidating the men at work, and when he was being led away the women set upon the deputy and clubbed him so badly that he had to release his prisoner and flee for safety. Two other miners were arrested for trespassing on the company's property and fined seventy-five cents. The miners have succeeded in closing nearly every mine in the county.

Des Moines, Iowa, Sept. 7.—All the miners in this county, about five hundred men, will quit work this morning, except those of the Christy and poor house farm mines. The strikers demand eighty-five cents a ton.

Hazelton, Pa., Sept. 7.—The situation in the strike district to-day is alarming. The sheriffs of Carbon, Schuylkill and Luzerne counties, after consulting with the operators yesterday afternoon, issued a proclamation prohibiting mob parades or demonstrations. Several hundred deputies have been commissioned. The strikers say they will parade to day and prevent work, if any is attempted.

CROKER BACK FROM ENGLAND.

MAY BE THE TAMMANY CANDIDATE FOR THE MAYORALTY OF GREATER NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 7.—Richard Croker was a passenger on the American Line steamer 'New York' which arrived at her dock early this morning. Mr. Croker's fellow passengers have come to the conclusion that he is to be the Tammany Hall candidate for Mayor of Greater New York. The understanding among Mr. Croker's friends, however, is that he is very strongly inclined to permit the use of his name as a candidate for Mayor, though he is naturally unwilling an announcement should be made to this effect before he had had opportunity to confer with his lieutenants. 'I have not the slightest doubt that Tammany Hall will carry the Greater City by fifty thousand votes and upward,' said Mr. Croker to the correspondent of the Associated Press. During his sojourn abroad Mr. Croker has made a special study of municipal government as carried on in Great Britain and upon the Continent. He perceived many ways in which the administration of affairs in New York could be improved by borrowing ideas.

BERBER OCCUPIED.

HAS BEEN TAKEN POSSESSION OF BY THE SOUDANESE

WHO ARE FRIENDLY TO THE BRITISH—PROGRESS OF THE ANGLO-EGYPTIAN EXPEDITION.

London, Sept. 7.—A special despatch from Cairo says that Berber, the next town of importance on the Nile in the advance of the Anglo-Egyptian expedition upon Khartoum, has been occupied by Soudanese who are friendly to the British. Berber is only about two hundred miles as the crow flies from Khartoum.

BRITISH FOREIGN TRADE.

London, Sept. 7.—The Board of Trade returns for the month of August show the imports to have been £33,371,385, an increase of £80,912 over August, 1896. The exports for August, 1897, were £18,773,997, a decrease of £1,552,799 over August, 1896. For the eight months of 1897, ending on Aug. 31, the imports were £294,755,179, an increase of £11,438,513 over the same period of 1896. The exports for the eight months of 1897, ending Aug. 31, were £157,685,901, a decrease of £3,195,174 when compared with the same period of 1896.

SUDDEN DEATH AT KINGSTON.

Kingston, Ont., Sept. 7.—Mrs. Dunlop, wife of the captain of the steamer 'Algerian,' dropped dead yesterday from heart failure. She was speaking to friends a few moments before. She had been in failing health for some time lately. Deceased was sixty-five years of age. Three sons and two daughters survive, one daughter, Mrs. Ashley, being a resident of Montreal. Capt. Dunlop left on Sunday for Toronto. He returned this morning.

SALE OF INDIAN SECURITIES.

London, Sept. 7.—The invitation of the India Council for tenders of draft for a crore of rupees (about five million dollars), produced tenders to-day of 292 lakhs of rupees (about fourteen million six hundred thousand dollars), at an average rate of ¼ to 1-16. Tenders at ¼ to 3-32 received eleven percent lower in full.

WILL NOT VISIT AMERICA.

London, Sept. 7.—Prince Alexander of Teck is staying at Belford Hall, Northumberland. In an interview to-day he said:—'Neither I nor any of the Teck family intend to visit America.'

SWEPT BY FIRE.

BUSINESS PORTION OF MAGOG REDUCED TO ASHES THIS MORNING.

LOSS ESTIMATED AT OVER $200,000.

Georgeville, Que., Sept. 7.—Shortly after one o'clock this morning the business portion of the town of Magog was wiped out by fire. It originated in the store of B. E. Goyette and swept along the east side of the street, destroying the big new block of A. G. Dolloff, as well as the complete stock of dry goods of that gentleman, valued at over fifteen thousand dollars; the Magog 'Enterprise' office, Miss Chamberlain's millinery store, Lepine & Jondro's meat markets and several other stores. The fire then jumped across the street and consumed the Eastern Townships' Bank, from which nothing was saved; Shedrick's jewellery store and several minor places. The loss will be very heavy, nearly two hundred thousand dollars. The Magog Fire Department, under Chief Foucher, was hopelessly ineffective, the engine becoming so hot that nothing could be done with it, and help had to be wired for from Sherbrooke, which arrived too late to do any good.

BRUTAL MURDER AT LINDSAY.

Lindsay, Ont., Sept. 7.—A brutal fight is reported as having occurred at Maple Lake, in the township of Stanhope, North Victoria, resulting in the death of a young man named W. H. Sawyer, a trapper. From the meagre particulars to be had it appears that for some time past a hard feeling has existed between a family named Thompson and the Sawyer family, arising out of informations laid in regard to the game laws. On Wednesday last; Sept. 1, Thompson, a well-known farmer and councillor, met young Sawyer on the road, when an altercation took place between them, resulting, as alleged, in young Sawyer being beaten and kicked into a state of insensibility, and death following on Saturday. It is further alleged that the father of young Sawyer, in attempting to save his son, was also unmercifully beaten by the Thompsons. Information has been laid against the Thompsons, and one of the brothers is now under arrest in Minden jail. The other is said to have escaped into the woods, and from reports of his character is a man likely to make a desperate resistance to any attempt to arrest him. Dr. Giles of Haliburton, was here yesterday on his way to hold a coroners' inquest at Minden on the body of young Sawyer. Before leaving he held a long consultation with County Crown Attorney Moore, and Magistrate Deacon, after which the necessary warrants for the arrest of all parties implicated were made out. A message was sent to Toronto to the Attorney-General's Department asking for a detective to be sent to assist in securing evidence in the case. The Attorney-General's department replied that a man would be sent up to-day, Tuesday, and every assistance rendered in the endeavor to elucidate the facts and secure the punishment of the offenders.

CONSECRATION OF THE TRAPPISTS' CHURCH.

St. Anne de Bellevue, Sept. 7.—His Grace, Archbishop Bruchesi, this morning solemnly consecrated the Trappists' Church at this place. Several bishops, a number of clergy and a large crowd of visitors from Montreal and the district were present at the consecration. The sermon was preached by the Rev. Abbé Colin. At the conclusion of the ceremony the whole of the monastery was thrown open for inspection to the visitors.

A POPULAR APPOINTMENT.

Kingston, Ont., Sept. 7.—Mr. John J. Belean, an ex-alderman, has been appointed Inspector of Weights and Measures and of Gas, at this port, at a salary of a thousand dollars. This necessitates the retirement of Mr. William Burrows, Gas Inspector. The offices are amalgamated and a thousand dollars saved. Mr. Belean has been a leading Liberal and will make a fine official.

NEW MINING COMPANIES.

Toronto, Sept. 7.—The following mining companies are gazetted in the latest issue of the 'Ontario Gazette':—The Canadian Exploration Company, Limited, an Imperial Company; The Yellow Jacket Gold Mining Company of Seine River, Limited, capital $90,000; The A. D. & Gold Mining Company of Ontario, Limited, capital $500,000; The Mine Centre Development Company, Limited, $50,000.

SAME AS YESTERDAY.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Ont., Sept. 7, 11 a.m.—The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures—Kamloops, 56, 40; Edmonton, 56, 42; Qu'Appelle, 84, 46; Winnipeg, 84, 62; Port Arthur, 60, 54; Parry Sound, 80, 60; Toronto, 85, 64; Ottawa, 80, 54; Montreal, 80, 50; Quebec, 74, 44; Halifax, 88, 50. Probabilities for the next twenty-four hours—Fine; little change in temperature.

Montreal, Sept. 7, 1897.

Readings by Hearn & Harrison's Standard Barometer at noon to-day, 30.30; yesterday, 30.11. To-day, temperature, max. 66, min. 54; yesterday, max. 79, min. 65.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Birth notices are inserted for 25c, marriage notices for 50c, death notices for 25c prepaid. The announcement of funeral appended to death notice, 25c extra; other extension to obituary, such as short sketch of life, two cents per word extra, except poetry, which is 50 cents per line extra—prepaid.

Annual subscribers may have announcements of births, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verses) occurring in their immediate families, free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should be given.

BIRTHS.

IBBOTSON.—On Sunday, Sept. 5, at 16 McGregor street, the wife of Mr. E. B. Ibbotson, of a son. 7

ROY.—At Big Piney, Wyoming, on Aug. 14, the wife of William K. Roy, of a daughter. 4

SMITH—At Cape Ozo, Gaspe County, on the 15th August, the wife of the Rev. J. C. Smith, of a son. 6

ST. LOUIS.—In this city, on the 5th inst., the wife of Mr. Emmanuel St. Louis, contractor, of a son. 7

STRONG—On Sept. 6, 1897, at 15 Sussex ave., Montreal, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Allan W. Strong. 7

MARRIED.

DELISLE—BERNARD.—At Cap Sante, Que., on Aug. 31, 1897, Arthur Delisle of Montreal, to Albertine Bernard of Cap Sante. No cards.

FULLER—IVES—At the residence of the bride's parents, Huntingville, Lennoxville, Quebec, on Sept. 1st, by the Rev. F. A. Read, Alexander L. Fuller, of Lennoxville, to Leona, fourth daughter of Mr. Cornelius Ives. 6

HOLLAND—MacLEOD.—On Aug. 3, 1897, by the Rev Lennox Williams, M.A., Ivy, daughter of D. R. MacLeod, Quebec, to Charles E. Holland of Melbourne, P.Q. 6

HUBBARD—SUSSLYN—On Aug. 28, 1897, at the residence of the bride's parents, 543 West 50th street, New York, by the Rev. Dr. Clayton Eddy, Charles Hubbard, formerly of Montreal, to Miss Helen Susslyn, of New York. 6

MILLER—PERRIN.—At St. Peter's Church, Regent's square, London, Eng., on Aug. 14, 1897, at 12 noon, by the Rev. B. H. A. Bradley, Eleanor (Nettie) Perrin of Seattle, Wash, U.S.A., to Charles Percy, son of the late William Henry Miller, of Toronto.

M'CULLOUGH—KENNEDY.—At the residence of the bride's father, Petrolea, Ont., on Sept. 1, by the Rev. Neil McPherson, M.A., B.D., of Hamilton, Rev. T. D. McCullough, Ph.B., of Dresden, to Margaret, only daughter of Mr. D. M. Kennedy. 7

MONTGOMERY—McGIBBON—Island View, Hawkesbury, on Sept. 1, 1897, by the Rev. Orr Bennett, Mr. W. R. Montgomery, to Louise, third daughter of Mr. John McGibbon. 6

ROSS—McGIBBON—Island View, Hawkesbury, on Sept. 1st, 1897, by the Rev. Orr Bennett, Mr. John W. Ross, to Lilian Maude, fourth daughter of Mr. John McGibbon. 6

SHARP — MOHLENDORFF. — At Knox Church, Montreal, on Sept. 4, 1897, by the Rev. James Fleck, B.A., Frederick William Sharp of Montreal to Minnie Laura Mohlendorff, fourth daughter of Edward F. Mohlendorff, Esq., of Linden House, Hendon, England. 7

SYCAMORE—DRYDEN.—At 'Mapleshade,' Brooklin, Ont., on Sept. 2, 1897, by the Rev. R. D. Thomas, D.D., pastor of the Jarvis street Baptist Church, Toronto, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Wallace, Chancellor of McMaster University, and the Rev. W. W. Weeks, pastor of the Walmer Road Baptist Church, Toronto, the Rev. John Chalmers Sycamore, to Mary Elizabeth, daughter of the Honorable John Dryden, M.P.P., Minister of Agriculture. 6

TAYLOR—JENKINS.—At Grace Church, Ottawa, on Sept. 4, 1897, by the Rev. E. A. W. Hannington, James Davis Taylor of Victoria, B.C., and Janie Henderson, eldest daughter of the late Rev. J. H. Jenkins, rector of Three Rivers, P.Q. 6

DIED.

BEAUFORT.—On Aug. 22, 1897, at her residence, 4 St. John's Villas, Ealing, England, Elizabeth Constance, widow of the late Francis Thomas Beaufort, C.E., aged 71 years. 7

DYNES.—At Burlington, Ont., Joseph Dynes, artist, of Quebec, aged 72 years and four months.
The interment will take place at Burlington. 7

GRUNDY.—At 7a Vallee street, Montreal, on Monday, Sept. 6, 1897, John Stanley, aged 4 months and 8 days, infant son of John Grundy.

JOYCE.—At Hudson Heights, on Sept. 7, Andrew Joyce, for many years ticket agent for Grand Trunk Railway.
Funeral private. 7

LORRAIN.—In this city on the 6th inst., Joseph Edouard Auguste Lorrain, aged 31 years, 11 months and 6 days, son of the late Augustin Lorrain.
Funeral will take place on Wednesday, at 7 o'clock, from Hotel Dieu to St. Louis de France Church, thence to the Cote des Neiges Cemetery. The deceased was vice-president of the Lafayette Lodge I.O.O.F. Relatives and friends are invited to attend without further invitation. 7

LIVINGSTONE.—At 53 Elm avenue, Rosedale, Ont., on Sept. 5, 1897, Catherine Isabella Craig, wife of John Livingstone, formerly of Montreal. 7

McCARTNEY.—At Ormstown Village, on Aug. 23, James, eldest son of Mr. John McCartney, South Georgetown, aged 53 years and nine months. 7

MOORE.—In Ottawa, on Sept. 5, 1897, J. F. Moore, late of Montreal, P.Q.
Funeral will take place from the residence of his brother-in-law, A. B. West, 197 Florence street, on Tuesday, at 7.15 a.m., to Canada Atlantic Ry. Station. Friends and acquaintance will please accept this intimation. 7

OAKLEY.—On Sept. 5, 1897, at the residence of his father, Dr. F. Oakley, 262 Dundas street, Toronto, William Donald Oakley, M.D., M.R.C.S., Eng., aged 44 years and 9 months. 7

PHELAN—At Terrebonne, Que., on Aug. 17, 1897, Lillian Eveline, aged 5 months, 27 days, daughter of James Phelan.
'Being dead yet speaketh.' 6

RENFREW—On the 4th instant, at Shipley, Yorkshire, England, George R. Renfrew, of Quebec, father of Mrs. Clement H. McFarlane, of this city. 6

ROBINSON—At her late residence, Masscouche Rapids, Que., on Sept. 3, 1897, Jane Kerr, widow of the late Lancelot Robinson, and mother of the Rev. Richard Robinson, Danville, Que., aged 80 years. 6

Those sending notices for the above column may send with them a list of names of interested friends. Marked copies of the "Witness" containing such notice will be sent free to any address in Canada. Montreal excepted.

THE S. CARSLEY CO., Limited.

Notre Dame street. Montreal's Greatest Store. Sept. 7, 1897.

'The Store that is Increasing Faster than any other Store in Montreal To-day.'

A CONSTANT SUCCESSION.

A constant succession of New Goods. Not a day but some new arrivals add to the attractions of store life. Just now the Receiving Room is literally packed with cases and bundles fresh from a trip across the Atlantic. The vibrations of the voyage have hardly ceased before the goods are on sale. We haven't time to wait for special openings and formal displays. No matter how often you come you'll find a fresh arrangement of new things. The store panorama this week includes:—

NEW JACKETS, NEW RIBBONS,
NEW CAPES, NEW LACES,
NEW SILKS, NEW KID GLOVES,
NEW DRESS GOODS, NEW BLACK GOODS.

Those who can't get to the store can send for samples of such goods as are sampleable. We fill mail orders promptly and guarantee satisfaction to the extent of refunding money when requested.

Autumn Dress Goods Styles.

COLORED DRESS GOODS.

New Gismonde Cloth, in a full range of all the latest colors, with neat raised shell patterns, 30c.

New Changeable Covert Cloth, a beautiful selection of all the combination colors, new and stylish, 65c.

New Mustapha Cloth, in bright colored grounds with heavy boucle raised patterns, in black and dark colors, 96c.

New Franconia Cloth, one of the latest Paris novelties, in beautiful effects, with bright colored tinsel interwoven, $1.65.

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LIMITED.

NEW BLACK DRESS GOODS.

New Black Satin Soleil, in elegant bright finish, with small figures and scroll designs, very extraordinary value, 55c.

New Gazelle Cloth, one of the very latest fabrics, just received, exquisite designs in raised Mohair, grand value at $1.10.

Special Value.. .. .. 69c.

New Zamora Cloth in choice scroll patterns, at special purchase made at our own price to clear the production. In the ordinary way we would sell them at $1.45.

Our Special Price.. .. .. 99c.

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LIMITED.

GRAND EXHIBITION OF NEW JACKETS AND CAPES.

NEW JACKETS.

Ladies' New Black West of England Serge Cloth Jackets, tailor-made back, box seams, high collar, trimmed ivory buttons, $4.75.

Ladies' New Black Beaver Cloth Jackets, double breasted, square revers, fancy braid binding, $7.50.

Ladies' New Black Beaver Cloth Jackets, extra quality, double breasted, fashionable high collar, trimmed fancy Mohair braid, perfect fit, $10.50.

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LIMITED.

NEW CAPES.

Ladies' New Rough Cloth Capes, trimmed with round braid, tight fitting back, perfect fit, $5.00.

Ladies' Stylish Rough Cloth Cape, Dolman Back, with velvet straps and pearl buttons, $5.75.

Ladies' New Knotted Cloth Capes, finished with Checked Linings in Green and Blue, cut latest Golf Style Effect, $9.25.

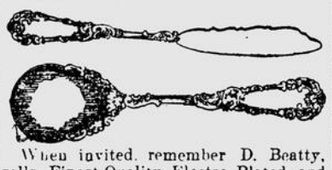
THE S. CARSLEY CO., LIMITED.

☞Mail Orders Carefully Filled.

The S. CARSLEY CO., Limited,

1765 to 1783 Notre Dame st., 192 to 194 St. James st., Montreal.

WEDDING PRESENTS.



When invited, remember D. Beatty, sells Finest Quality Electro Plated and Sterling Silver Table Ware at cut prices.

Sterling Silver Cold Meat Forks, $3.50; Berry Spoons, $4.75; Sugar Spoons, $1.50; Butter Knives, $2.50; Quadruple Plate Cake Baskets, $3.50 to $10; Butter Dishes, $2 to $7; Bake Dishes, $6 to $12 · Berry Dishes, $4.50 to $12 · etc., etc.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery repaired.

Watches cleaned and warranted for one year, $1.

D. BEATTY, 137 St. Peter Street.
(Opposite 'Witness' Office.)

☞ **Orders by Mail Carefully filled.**

PREMO CAMERAS PRODUCE PERFECT PICTURES.

DAVID H. HOGG,
Photographic Goods.
662 Craig Street

A Wife's Comfort
SHOULD BE
A Husband's Pleasure.
Buy her a Porcelain
ENAMELLED IRON BATH
$27.50.
THE G. R. LOCKER CO.
1749 Notre Dame Street.

★ Opera Glasses. ★

We have them at all prices and some beautiful designs. The season is now at hand for these glasses and they always make an acceptable gift.

★ R.A. Dickson & Co. ★
2261 St. Catherine St.

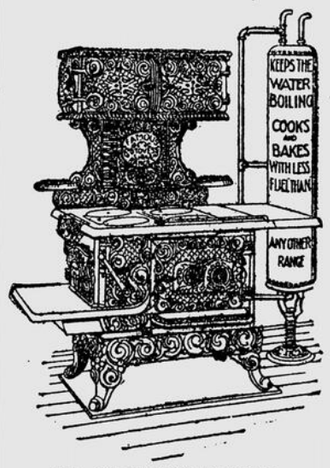
TEES & CO.,
THE
UNDERTAKERS,
300 St. James St.
Montreal

AU BON MARCHE
ALPHONSE VALIQUETTE.
1883 & 1885 Notre Dame St.
All our friends will please remember that our stock of Carpets, Oilcloths, Wall Paper and House Furnishings is now complete and all very cheap.

LINE ETCHINGS,
6c per square inch Minimum for any single Etching, 50c; drawing extra, if required. Special rates for large quantities.
'WITNESS' PRINTING HOUSE,
Corner Craig and Bleury streets.

Mr. J. W. Reyner Appointed.—Messrs. Willis & Co., 1824 Notre Dame street, have greatly increased their staff of tuners, and have appointed as head tuner, Mr. J. W. Reyner, whose many friends will find him at the warerooms, 1824 Notre Dame street, near McGill street. Telephone, 1643. Artistic tuning by the year will be undertaken at the lowest rates.

FAMOUS ACTIVE RANGE!



ALL SIZES AND STYLES.

The most complete line ever put on the Canadian market.

Furnished in 42 Styles and Sizes.

R. & W. KERR,
1908 and 1910 Notre Dame st.

CENTS FOR SALE.
Apply at the "WITNESS" OFFICE.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

NEW GOODS

Just Received.

10 Cases NEW DRESS GOODS, embracing all the European Novelties. Prices from 30c up to $2 per yard.

2 Cases FANCY PLAIDS, prices from 25c up to $1 per yard.

5 Cases CHOICE BLACK DRESS GOODS. Prices from 25c up to $3 per yard.

300 Pairs NEW WHITE WOOL BLANKETS, all made to our own special order. Prices from $1.85 per pair.

100 Pairs NEW LIGHT GREY BLANKETS. Prices from $1.50 per pair.

100 WHITE BED QUILTS, full sized. Price, 87c.

25 CASES NEW MANTLES

Embracing all the Latest and Best Parisian and London Novelties in JACKETS and CAPES.

COUNTRY ORDERS FILLED WITH CARE.
SAMPLES SENT ON APPLICATION.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.
2343 St. Catherine street,
Cor. of Metcalfe st.
TERMS CASH. TEL. 3833.

"Special Attention Given to Country Orders."

The Daily Witness.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, SEPT 7.

COMMERCIAL.

WITNESS OFFICE, Sept. 7, 1897.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.

GRAIN.

There was active enquiry for oats this morning, but opinions as to value were dissimilar as between buyers and sellers, the U.S. market opening higher causing latter to be stiff in their ideas, and no business had resulted up to the hour of going to press, although negotiations were under way that were expected to lead to sales around 29¼c for export account. Peas were fairly active at 60c for No. 1 and 59c for No. 2, in store. Feed barley is dull at 32c to 33c and rye moves slowly at 52½c to 53c.

FLOUR.

The export negotiations reported yesterday led to business at an advance, and between the two leading Manitoba millers 6,000 sacks were sold for British account. The local market continues moderately active, but the trade is only ordering for actual requirements, and even yet seems content to follow the course of the market. We quote winter wheat patents at $5 to $5.25; straight rollers at $4.85 to $5; spring patents at $5.90; Manitoba strong bakers at $5 to $5.50.

CHEESE.

On spot it is claimed that although the bidding is from ⅛c to ¼c lower than a week ago, no large lots could be obtained at these figures and that the country prices will have to be bid up higher when the cheese are actually required. This of course is only an assertion from the one point of view and in the meantime dealing in Western cheese is practically at a standstill. We quote finest Ontario, 9⅝c; Townships, 9½c; Quebec, 9¾c to 9⅞c.

Utica, N.Y., Sept. 6.—At the Utica Board of Trade to-day the following sales of cheese were made:—619 boxes small colored at 8⅝c, 1,300 boxes large, consigned.

At Little Falls these sales were made:—Twenty-nine boxes large colored, at 8⅝c; 283 boxes large colored at 9c; 130 boxes large white at 8¾c; 142 boxes small white at 8¾c; 926 boxes small white at 9c; 278 boxes small colored at 9⅞c; 1,100 boxes small colored at 9c; 101 boxes twins colored at 8¾c; 300 boxes twins colored at 9c; 826 boxes twins white at 9c.

BUTTER.

The market continues very dull with the range nominally remaining at 19c to 19½c, but it would take something very special to obtain the highest figure. At Manchester, according to Andrew Clement & Son, writing under date Aug. 28: 'The boom in butter still continues, but buyers are now beginning to hesitate, and at present prices are doing a hand-to-mouth trade. Retail prices will go up to 1s 2d for best Danish, and this alone will check the demand. Still it has been a matter of surprise the way the market has stood up against the lots of cold-stored stuff that has been dumped down on us. American creameries have experienced a splendid run, and have made a good impression, which augurs well for future trade. One or two lots of this week's have been particularly good, and we have cleared everything that is finest as fast as it arrived. Secondary goods are not in much demand, but there has been rather more enquiry for goods at 56s to 60s. We quote market as under, and think next week may show even higher prices: Choicest Finnish, 110s; finest Finnish, 104s; choicest States, 96s to 98s. Cheese—Owing to stronger cables prices have advanced on this side to 45s to 46s but these prices are paid with reluctance and most of the buying has been done by importers. The trade has not followed the advance yet.'

At Utica yesterday 75 packages creamery butter sold at 18½c and 30 cases fine and one pound prints at 19½c. At Little Falls 20 pkgs. butter sold at 16c to 18c.

EGGS.

The shrinkage in present stock continues and keeps values fairly steady in the absence of a brisk export demand and we quote new laid at 12½c to 13c for strictly candled or No. 1, 11c to 11½c, and for confectioners' uses or No. 2, 9½c to 10c.

PROVISIONS.

The consumptive demand for smoked meats has received a fillip during the past few days owing to the rising temperature and prices have advanced to 12c to 14c for hams and 12c to 13c for bacon. Canadian mess pork, new packed, we quote at $15.50 to $16.50; pure Canadian lard in pails, 6¾c to 7c; compound, 5¼c to 5½c.

The Liverpool market this morning was steady.

BEANS.

The market continues firm, and beans are now quoted at 70c to 80c, and hand picked at 90c to $1 per bushel in car lots.

HAY.

Old hay is scarce and dear, and we quote $11.50 to $12.50 for No. 1, and $9.50 to $10.50 for No. 2 in car lots on track.

FEED.

Bran is nominally steady, and Ontario white wheat bran is quoted at $9.75 to $10. Manitoba millers continue to quote $11 in bags.

MEAL.

Oatmeal continues dull at $3.30 per barrel and $1.60 per bag. Little is doing in Standard meal, and the price is nominally $3.20 per barrel, and $1.55 per bag.

Honey—The demand is poor. White clover comb is offering at 10c, and dark at 7c; bright extracted at 6c to 6½c, and dark at 4c to 5c per lb.

Maple Products.—Maple syrup in wood, 4¾c to 5c in tins, from 45c to 55c according to size; sugar, 5c to 5½c per lb.

Hay—Values continue steady, but the market is quiet. We quote No. 1 in car lots on track at $11 to $12, and No. 2 at $9 to $10.

Ashes—There is some United States demand reported for first pots; no seconds are offering, and the quotations for pearls are nominal. We quote $3.10 to $3.15 for first pots; $2.80 to $2.85 for second pots, and $4.25 to $4.35 for pearls.

RECEIPTS IN MONTREAL.

	G.T.R.	C.P.R.	Canal.	Total.
Wheat, bush	9700	12540	224417	246657
Corn, bush	....	....	410176	410476
Peas, bush	500	660	....	1160
Oats, bush	10200	3300	10000	23500
Rye, bush	2900	570	29015	32485
Flour, brls	4125	3200	....	7315
Meal, brls	....	200	....	200
Ashes, brls	1	....	....	1
Butter, pkgs	2279	850	....	3129
Cheese, bxs	5072	8335	632	14039
Pork, brls	....	170	....	170
Lard, tierces	87	....	....	87
Eggs, cases	946	725	....	1671
Ham, Bacon	141	....	....	141
Tinned Meats	1275	....	....	1275
Leather, rolls	179	109	....	288
Raw Hides	....	42	....	42
Beef, brls	68	63	....	131

FOREIGN MARKETS.

Cable advices to the Board of Trade this morning were as follows:—London, Sept. 7, 1897.—Cargoes off coast, wheat, nothing doing; maize, nothing doing. Cargoes on passage, wheat firm; maize firm. English country wheat markets, firm. Liverpool spot wheat firm; spot maize firm; No. 1 Cala. spot wheat, 8s 5½d to 8s 6½d; No. 2 red winter spot wheat, 8s to 8s 1d; mixed American spot maize, 3s 5¼d new, 3s 5¾d old. Minneapolis first bakers flour, 28s; spot peas, 4s 11½d:

Futures, wheat firm, Sept., 7s 11d; Dec., 7s 9d; maize firm, Sept., 3s 4¾d; Oct., 3s 5¼d; Nov., 3s 6d; Dec., 3s 6¾d. Paris, wheat, Sept., 29.00; Oct., 28.90; flour, Sept., 59.90; Oct., 60.00. French country markets firm.

In Detroit wheat opened at 96½c Sept., 97c Dec.

In Milwaukee wheat opened at $1.00⅝ S pt. 94⅜c Dec.

In St. Louis wheat opened at 98½c Dec.

In Toledo wheat opened at 97¼c Sept., 97½c Dec.

In New York wheat opened at $1.02¼c for Sept., $1.00 Dec.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Sept. 7. — Hogs — To-day's estimated receipts, 16,000; yesterday's receipts according to official returns, 34,851; shipments, 6,460; left over, 7,000; light mixed, $4.10 to $4.40; mixed packing, $3.90; heavy shipping, $3.80 to $4.30; rough grades, $3.80 to $3.95. The receipts of cattle were 9,500.

LIVERPOOL MARKET PRICES CURRENT.

Liverpool, Sept. 7, 1897.—Spring wheat, 8s 4½d to 8s 5½d; red winter, 8s to 8s 1d; No. 1 Cala., 8s 5½d to 8s 6¼d; corn, 3s 5¼d new; peas, 4s 11½d; pork, 50s; lard, 25s; tallow, 18s; bacon, heavy, 31s 6d; light, 30s 6d; cheese, 45s.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, Sept. 7, 12.30 p.m. — Consols—Money, 111 5-16; wheat, 111 7-16.

MOVEMENTS OF GRAIN AND FLOUR.

	Receipts.	Ship'ts.
At Chicago—		
Wheat, bush	441,000	175,000
Corn, bush	2,159,000	2,244,000
Oats, bush	965,000	537,000
Flour, brls	2,515	17,328
At Duluth—		
Wheat, bush	119,000	83,000
At Detroit—		
Wheat, bush	44,000	20,000
At St. Louis—		
Wheat, bush	201,000	56,000

TORONTO CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, Sept. 4.—Trade was active at the Western Cattle Yards here to-day and the market was steady in all respects with no change in quotations. There were 75 car loads on the boards, including beside the cattle, 1,000 hogs, 1,062 sheep and lambs, 50 calves and about a dozen milch cows, and springers. Buying for Montreal and Buffalo of stockers and butchers' cattle was more active.

Export Cattle—Although there was more activity in this line yet the prices did not advance materially, the improved request being caused by a better supply of space on board ship at Montreal. Prices ruled from 4c to 4½c per lb., perhaps 10c per cwt. more being paid in odd instances where the cattle were exceptionally fine. The highest ruling point may easily be put at 4¼c per lb.

Butchers' Cattle—There was a steady trade and this line is absolutely unchanged. There were quite a few cattle of poor quality, but anything good and choice sold readily. For some of the fancy butchers' 4c per lb. was paid and 3¾c ruled oftener, but the general range may be put at from 3¼c to 3½c per lb. for good to choice cattle. Common ruled from 2⅝c to 2⅞c.

Stockers and Feeders—There was a heavy run and an active business was done, there being several buyers present from Montreal and Buffalo. Prices ruled from 2¾c to 3¼c per lb. and 3½c per lb. was paid for better class feeders.

Bulls—Steady. Export bulls fetch 3c to 3¼c per lb. and stock bulls sell at from 2½c to 2¾c per lb. and stock bulls sell at from 2½c to 2¾c per lb. There is a good demand for those half-fat at about 3c per lb.

Sheep and Lambs—Too many lambs are coming forward for the demand, and it was with difficulty that all were disposed of today. The outside price paid was 4c per lb. Export sheep sell for 3½c and bucks at 2½c. Butchers' sheep are dull at $2.50 to $3.50 each.

Hogs—This market was steady and prices ruled firm at Tuesday's quotations. Choice selections of bacon hogs sold for $5.75 per cwt. Prices are likely to hold steady until next Tuesday, but if the market is rushed there is no telling how low they may go then. Other hogs rule unchanged as quoted below, and all kinds are wanted except stores.

BRITISH CATTLE MARKETS.

London, Aug. 23.—Full average supply in beast market, but really choice sorts very scarce, those, consequently, made late rates; all other descriptions met a dull trade at 2d per 8 lbs. decline. Fat bulls steady, fat shed cows lower. Top value—Primest Herefords, 4s 6d; runts, 4s 4d to 4s 6d per 8 lbs. British arrivals—10 Scotch, 80 Irish, 20 Norfolk, Suffolk and Essex, 1,270 midland, home and western counties, 30 Devon. The sheep trade slow for wedders at declining rates; best quality ewes being scarce made last week's rates less demand for lambs at lower and irregular prices. Pigs very slow.

Beef, 2s 4d to 4s 6d; pork, 2s 6d to 4s; mutton, 3s 8d to 5s 8d; lamb, 5s 6d to 6s 4d per 8 lbs. Total supply—Beasts, 1,410; and sheep and lambs, 9,361; pigs, 60.

Liverpool, Aug. 23.—Beasts, 1,308; sheep and lambs, 12,239; best beasts, 6d; second, 5½d to 5¾d; third, 4¾d to 5d; Scotch sheep 6d; other sorts, 6½d to 7d; lambs, 6d to 7¼d An increase of 394 beasts, and 154 sheep and lambs. Slow demand for all classes at about late rates.

Yorkhill, Aug. 2.—A sale of Canadian cattle was held yesterday, when there were in the lairages 445 cattle landed by the 'Sardinian, 264 by the 'Keemun,' and 238 on 'Aleides,' all from Montreal, or a total offering of 947. Compared with last week the number on offer shows an increase of about 150. The available supply of best United States and Canadian cattle for the week was 1,517 head. Bullocks, as is generally the case, formed the greater proportion of the total number, but there was also a number of heifers included, as well as bulls, the latter being a smaller percentage than for a week or two past. As regards quality the cattle were fully up to the average, being animals of a handy sort in a finished condition, and very suitable for all the requirements of the market. The sale was well patronized, there being the usual attendance of buyers, both retail and wholesale, and from a distance. The better sorts of bullocks were not in request and sold readily, but the rougher and the heavier animals did not meet with the same inquiry, and were rather harder to cash, although they met with similar prices to those ruling on Monday. The approximate dead-weight quotations may be given as follows — Bullocks, best quality, medium weight, 54s to 56s per cwt.; heavy prime, 52s to 54s per cwt.; secondary and plainer animals, 50s to 52s per cwt.; bulls very dear, making from 48s to 50s per cwt.; according to quality and finish. A total clearance was effected.

BUTTER.

Manchester, Aug. 25.— A large business was done in all classes of Irish yesterday, and prices advanced considerably. Irish creamery sells on a par with choicest Danish. The supply of the latter was smaller than last week, and although the market was steady, there was not the same active demand as during the last two weeks. Buyers had previously purchased freely in anticipation of the advance. Quotations:—Tipperary, 98s to 100s; Listowels, 88s to 90s; Ennis, 80s to 84s; finest Irish creamery, 100s to 112s; factory, 94s to 98s; Finish extra fine 104s to 106s; Danish finest, 110s to 112s.

GUELPH MARKET.

Guelph, Ont., Sept. 4.—Flour, $2.25 to $2.50; fall wheat, 85c to 87c; spring wheat, 80c to 82c; bran, $9; shorts $11; middlings, $12; barley, 30c to 35c; rye, 35c to 40c peas, 45c to 47c; oats, 24c to 25c; hay, $6 to $7; eggs, 10c to 11c; butter, 12c to 13c; potatoes per bag, 50c to 60c; sheepskins, 50c to 75c; hides, 6c to 7c; chickens, per pair, 50c to 60c; ducks, 60c to 75c.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Ottawa, Sept. 4. — The attendance at the market this morning was the largest that has been seen for some time, and the sales in all lines were very fast. The quantity and quality of the goods were of the best and brought good figures.

Potatoes were in great supply, and they brought but small prices, but the price is expected to go up high in a month or so, owing to the alleged rot having started in the late potatoes.

The following prices prevailed:
Hay, ton, $10 to $13.
Oats, bushel, 27c to 30c.
Peas, bushel, 60c.
Butter, pail, per lb., 16c to 18c.
Butter, rolls, per lb., 18c to 20c.
Butter, prints, per lb., 20c to 22c.
Eggs, case, per dozen, 11c to 12c.
Eggs, freshly laid, 12½c to 13c; buckwheat, 40c to 45c per bushel; hay, $12 and $13 per ton; straw, $4 and $5 per ton.

There was plenty of fowl, but the prices remain the same. Chickens, 35c to 45c per pair; geese, 50c to 60c per pair; turkeys, 10c per lb.

LONDON PROVISION MARKET.

London, Ont., Sept. 4.—There was a large market to-day and the principal offerings were fruit and vegetables. Wheat sold at $1.35 to $1.40 per cental and according to our cable reports wheat advanced 7c per cwt. (112 lbs.); wheat, 87c to 90c per bushel; oats were scarce at 70c to 76c per cental, and 24 2-5c to 25½c per bush.; peas, 36c to 39c per bush.; barley, 24c to 28 4-5c per bush.; rye, 28c to 30 4-5c per bush.; corn, 30 4-5c to 38 3-10c per bush. Very little meat was offered and beef was steady at $4.50 to $5.75 per cwt.; lamb was easy at 7½c to 8c per pound. A few calves sold at 5c a pound by the carcass. Dressed hogs were firm at $7.25 per cwt. Fowls were in fair supply at 50c to 60c a pair. Ducks were steady at 50c to 75c a pair. Good roll butter sold at 18c to 19c per lb.; crock, 16c to 17c. Eggs were steady at 10c to 12c per doz. Potatoes came down to 40c per bag. Tomatoes were more plentiful at 60c per bushel. Onions were in good demand at $1.25 per bag. Peaches were plentiful at 35c to 75c per basket. Plums could be bought all the way from 35c to 50c per basket. Apples sold for $1 per bush. and $3 per brl. Pears were plentiful at 80c per bush. Hides went up one half cent per lb. Wool was unchanged at 17c per pound for first-class washed. Hay was in fair supply at $6.50 per ton.

NOTES AND NOTICES.

Reginald de Koven, the celebrated composer of 'Robin Hood' and other well-known operas, writes thus of the improved Nordheimer pianos: Toronto, March 27, 1897. After a thorough and exacting test of the Nordheimer piano used by me to-day, I have no hesitation in saying it is one of the finest instruments I have ever played upon. Its singing quality and very expressive touch easily ranks it among the finest pianos produced. Reginald de Koven.

JAMES A. OGILVY & SONS'
Advertisement.

NEW GOODS

Arriving daily. Our store is a pleasant place to make your FALL and WINTER PURCHASES. Everything is of the best quality and the latest production.

NEW HOSIERY.

Our Hosiery Department has received a first shipment of Underwear for Fall and Winter wear.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS DEPT.

NEW BRACES.—Just received a lot of Fine American Web Braces, finished with Mohair ends. Gilt buckles, 25c.

SPECIAL LINE.

MEN'S LAUNDERED FANCY PERCALE SHIRTS with Collar and Cuffs attached or detached, regular price, 75c, $1 and $1.25. For this month, 59c.

NEW SIDE COMBS.

Fine assortment of Side Combs, new styles, in our smallwares dept.

FANCY SILK ELASTIC.

Special line of FANCY SILK GARTER ELASTIC in Pink, Heliotrope, Green, Light Blue, Orange, Yellow, 15c yard, worth 30c.

GLOVES! GLOVES!

Our Glove Department leads with Fall and Winter Glove Wear.
Ladies' Two-Clasp Tan and Red Kid Gloves, black stitching, $1.10.
The Glove for Fall Wear.—Ladies' White Chamois 4-Button Gloves, black stitching, 65c to $1.
Ladies' Bicycling Gloves in Fawns and Tans, perforated palms, 85c, endorsed by the medical profession as an Ideal Bicycling Glove.
Ladies' White Kid Gloves, Black Stitching, 2 clasps, from $1 to $2.
Ladies' 4 Pearl Button Kid Gloves in lovely shades of Rose and Butter, also Pure White, $1.35.

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!

Just received a fine assortment of Felt Hats for ladies' wear.
The latest in Bicycling Hats.
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METHODIST DISTRICT MEETING.

GOOD ATTENDANCE AND FAIR BUSINESS.

The annual financial district meeting of the Methodists of the Montreal Conference was held this morning in the East End Methodist Church, at the corner of Lagauchetiere and Plessis streets. The attendance was very satisfactory, there being very few absentees. The Rev. W. H. Emsley presided, and the Rev. W. H. Sparling, financial secretary to the Conference, acted as secretary to the meeting. The business transacted was solely of a routine nature, the greater part of the morning being occupied with the reception from members of recommendations to the financial board of appropriations for missionary purposes. A somewhat important question was raised by the Rev. Mr. Huxtable, pastor of the East End Methodist Church, who spoke of the appropriations [illegible] the same while differences in [illegible] were passed over. Some ministers, he stated, enjoyed free parsonages, while [illegible] had a heavy rent to pay. He urged the advisability of making rent a [illegible] grant as it used to be in former [illegible] and moved a motion to that effect. [illegible] was no discussion on this matter, the meeting being so obviously in favor [illegible] Mr. Huxtable's suggestion that the [illegible] passed on sight.

[illegible] all the stations in the conference [illegible] to make local arrangements [illegible] annual missionary services. An [illegible] to the brethren present at the [illegible] to a special spiritual convention [illegible] at Lachute from Oct. 12 to [illegible] 15 inclusive, was extended by the pastor of that station and was heartily accepted.

A grant of from $50 to $60 was suggested to enable a regular Sunday service to be held in Hope Chapel, Point St. Charles, for the benefit of the French-Canadian Protestants of that locality.

It was decided to forego the open meeting that was to have been held this afternoon on the grounds as many of the visiting brethren had previous engagements in the city and also that from the force of circumstaces many of the public who would be interested in the meeting in question, would be unable to attend. On the motion of the Rev. Dr. Rose the meeting adjourned until May next.

DESRIVIERES STREET MISSION.

The Rev. Robert L. Holden, late of London, Ont., and pastor of the Colored Congregation of the British Methodist Episcopal Church of that city, has been appointed by Bishop C. A. Washington, of St. Catharines, Ont. to take charge of the Desrivieres Street Mission, and has been occupying the pulpit since Aug. 1 last. Mr. Holden will reorganize the mission and new officers will be elected from the congregation. This Mission has been represented by the Rev. Robert Brown, who has resigned. The congregation is mostly colored, and Mr. Holden has been much encouraged since taking charge by the largely increased attendance at the different services. The hours of service are 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. Mr. Holden requests that the friends of this mission in subscribing do not pay money to any one but himself, or those bearing credentials from the clergyman and officers of the mission, as it has been discovered that persons have been collecting for the Desrivieres Mission who were not authorized. A hearty welcome is extended to all Christian workers to attend any of the services.

MARVELLOUS CHANGES IN INDIA.

(Staff Correspondence Boston 'Congregationalist.')

Few things are more grateful to the Westerner in India than the beautiful and invigorating hill sanitaria, which help to atone for the tropical heat and the nervous wear and tear of the plains below. From the Himalayas in the north to the low ranges which overshadow Cape Comorin in the south, these places of refuge and of retreat are to be found. Kodeikanal, the most southern, has neither a long history nor a wide fame, but it is becoming one of the most noted missionary 'sanitaria' in the world. Hard-working servants of Christ gather here, for a brief season annually, from all parts of South India and Ceylon to the number of about 150 adults, representing, as they do this season, eighteen missions and six nationalities. They not only enjoy here a well-earned rest and physical recuperation, they also receive a new blessing socially and, above all, spiritually, so that they return to their respective fields of work with a larger knowledge of the labor done by each other, a broader sympathy with their brethren of different names, a keener interest in their own work and a stronger love for the people of their choice.

This year has revealed, in all their meetings, a deeper spiritual life and aspiration than ever before. In many parts of India God's spirit is working powerfully in the hearts of missionaries and of others. This will manifest itself in time in a deeper type of piety among the spiritual leaders of the churches. I should not be surprised if Kodeiganal were to become, at an early date, the 'Keswick,' or the 'Northfield' of India. If this land and the Christian Church here need one thing above all else it is the deeper life and the higher consecration which are to-day identified with these two noted places.

A WANING STAR.

To some of us it is a comfort, if not a surprise, to find the famous (or notorious, as you please) monk, Vivekananda, so speedily disappearing from public gaze. Yesterday he was admired and adored by Hindus of all classes—to them a veritable incarnation for the orientalizing of the West. To-day where is he? The prelude to his disappearance was the rebuff which he suffered at the hands of a temple manager in North India. He was ejected from this temple as an unclean, sea-travelled, caste-violated renegade, whose presence is pollution. Not a small sum was spent in ceremonially cleansing the temple after his proud entrance. This orthodox temple manager seems to be one of the very few devotees of that religion who have kept their heads clear during the past few months. It is therefore a suitable time for the wounded monk to retire to the quiet recesses of Thibet or to the vast cavity of his own inner consciousness for meditation. A man who has imposed upon the public, American and Indian, as he has, may well afford to retire for a while at least to the quiet of his own thoughts and to the balm of penitence.

'LONG LIVE THE QUEEN EMPRESS.'

No part of Victoria's dominions has greater cause than India to enter heartily and gratefully into the celebration of the diamond jubilee, for nowhere else under British rule have these sixty years brought more of blessing and of progress than in the land of 'Ind,' where are found to-day more than three-fourths of Her Majesty's subjects—subjects who are perhaps fully as loyal to the Crown as the majority of Englishmen themselves. When Victoria was proclaimed Queen there was not a mile of railway in this land. To-day it is covered with a network of railways which, in proportion to the area of the country, is about one-sixth of that in the United States, and which renders travelling in India by far the most comfortable in any Oriental country.

Not only has the population of the country increased marvellously during these years, so that about one-fifth of the inhabitants of the globe reside here, but the physical well-being of the people has advanced proportionately. Famines and plagues infest the country to-day, it is true, but they do not compare with the similar evils which have preyed upon this unfortunate land from time immemorial. In former times the people were utterly helpless in the face of any such foe, while to-day the country is protected by all the best resources of modern science and by the vigorous efforts of a righteous government. In the present famine, terrible and extensive though it be, the government has publicly undertaken to save the life of all those who live within the famine area; and it advises that all private benevolences be devoted to relieving suffering and to aiding the discouraged in life and business. The work which the present government is doing to-day, and has done for months for the protection and salvation of its people against unforeseen and unavoidable natural evils is something phenomenal and worthy of all praise.

A QUIET REVOLUTION.

The social blessings of this reign are no less than the physical. One need not live in this land many years to understand that in this respect. India is passing through one of the most wonderful, if quiet, revolutions of modern times, effected mainly through education, but also through the many other agencies of Western civilization. There is a growing craze for a Western education among the people and the English tongue is a language to conjure by. Not even in wonderful Japan could you find, as in India, an audience of some two or three thousand people discoursing to each other in high-flown English upon subjects connected with the most advanced politics and highest social rights and privileges of man.

So far, again, as political rights are concerned, the Victorian era has witnessed a marvellous change in India. Sixty years ago such a thing as representative government was a thing undreamt of. To-day it is an actuality. Though natives do not enjoy all the political privileges of Americans, they certainly enjoy some of them. Many of the best friends of India think that they enjoy a larger franchise than they are qualified to exercise wisely and well. In any case, municipal government, to a very large extent, and legislative enfranchisement, to a more limited degree, have been bestowed upon them with the promise of still larger power when they are prepared for it.

CHRISTIANITY MARCHING ON.

As to the religious transformations, these are certainly wonderful. So far as Hinduism itself is concerned its external aspect has been so modified during these six decades that a pious Hindu of the first part of the century returning in the flesh to his descendants of to-day would be greatly shocked. By legislation this foreign Victorian government has wiped away most of the grosser, degrading and inhuman elements of the Hindu religion. About twenty laws have been thus enacted and enforced against the various forms of murder and self-torture and immorality which obtained under the name of religion. It has required no little firmness on the part of this foreign government to make so many of the religious observances illegal against the popular cry of religious persecution. But Hindus to-day acknowledge that their faith has been benefited by the discipline.

Even at points where government has not touched the faith of the land the growing intelligence and improved moral sense of the people, under the noonday light of Christianity, has relegated to obsolescence many other barbarous religious rites and ceremonies. So that the outer garb of Hinduism which the missionary has to contend against in this land to-day is far different, and I may say better, than sixty years ago. Then, too, a number of Samajes, or religious reform parties and sects, have arisen in the land. Hinduism is practically honeycombed with such divisions and heterodox cliques to-day. Neo-Hinduism, Vedantism, theosophy—these, and other phases of belief and of non-belief, are now in the field to distract the mind of the people.

In the meanwhile Christianity is spreading into every town and hamlet of the land. The few thousand converts of six decades ago have become the more than two millions of to-day. And this community is to grow, yea, is growing, in geometric ratio. But, what is more important still, the many mission agencies have been laying during these years broad and deep foundations upon which the Christian Church is to be erected and strengthened with ever-increasing rapidity. Moreover, the influence of Christ in this land is far more extensive than that of the Christian Church. Many are prepared to acknowledge his saving power who stand aloof from the Christian organizations here represented. The Spirit of Christ is abroad and is doing more for India than many missionaries even are prepared to acknowledge.—J. P. J.

STREET RAILWAY FESTIVAL.

PROGRAMME OF SPORTS AND GAMES.

The six day jubilee festival and the annual benefit of the employees of the Montreal Street Railway Company, will commence on Monday, Sept. 13. Already over thirty thousand tickets have been sold, and as the features of the festival are too varied to be all visited in one day, probably over one hundred thousand people will pass the turnstiles. The grounds will be open morning, noon and night, and will present the most gorgeous spectacle of electric lighting ever seen in this city.

SHIPPING AND HARBOR NEWS.

The Furness Line SS. Boston City, from Montreal on Aug. 18, arrived at Antwerp on Saturday morning, Sept. 4, with a loss of one horse out of a shipment of 206 cattle, and 99 horses.

The Dominion Line R. M. S. Scotsman, from Montreal on Aug. 28, arrived out on Monday morning, Sept. 6.

The Allan Line SS. Roumanian, from Glasgow, arrived at New York yesterday morning.

The Allan Line SS. Sardinian from Glasgow for Montreal, passed Father Point early yesterday morning with twenty saloon passengers on board.

The Allan Line SS. Buenos Ayrean, from Montreal for Glasgow, arrived out on Sunday afternoon with a loss of five sheep out of 446 cattle and 549 sheep.

The Beaver Line SS. Lake Superior, from Liverpool on Aug. 28, which was reported inward at Father Point yesterday, made a very good run, the time of passage being eight days and fifteen hours. The Lake Superior brings a large list of first cabin passengers, and is expected here about 7 o'clock this evening.

The Dominion Line R.M.S. Scotsman, from Montreal on Aug. 28, arrived at Liverpool at 7 p.m. on Monday, Sept. 6, with a loss of two cattle out of a shipment of 34 horses and 683 cattle.

THE LARGEST SHIP AFLOAT.

New York, Sept. 6.—The biggest steamship that floats will leave Bremen for New York on Sept. 14. She should arrive here six days later, for not only is the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, the monarch of the seas as to size, but she is also—if the calculations of her scientific builders be accurate—the fastest ship in the world. In the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse the North German-Lloyd Steamship Company have an iron and steel hull, 648 feet long, 66 feet wide and 43 feet deep, with a tonnage of 14,000, and a displacement of 20,000 tons. She has two sets of engines, with quadruple cylinders, occupying separate compartments, and working independently of each other. There are 68 separate steam engines, with 124 steam cylinders in the monster. The high pressure cylinders of the main engines have a diameter of 53 inches, the intermediate cylinders of 89¾ inches, and the four low pressure cylinders of 90½ inches. Her two three-bladed propellers are 22 feet 3¾ inches in diameter, while the shafts are of nickel steel, the length of the shafting being 198 feet. The length of tubing in her condensers is 25 miles. Her engines are of the same horse power as those of the Campania and the Lucania—30,000—but are so built as to develop a speed of 22 knots an hour. There will be 1,600 incandescent electric lights, and she will carry a crew of 450 men. In the interior arrangements pains have been taken to obtain the greatest comfort for the 1,500 passengers she can carry. Amidships, between the forward and after group of smokestacks, and extending from side to side of the vessel, is the chief dining room. On the deck above are most of the staterooms for first cabin passengers, with the library, smoking and drawing rooms. One of the novelties in the ship is four small dining rooms named after William the Great, the Empress Augusta, Prince Bismarck and General Von Moltke.

The supremacy of the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse is not to last long, for in January the White Star Line's Oceanic will be launched. She will be 704 feet long, 24 feet longer than was the Great Eastern. The Oceanic will be 72 feet beam. The Kaiser Friedrich der Grosse, the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse's sister ship, which is still on the stocks, is 49 feet shorter than the four-funnelled reigning queen of the ocean. Emperor William was invited to become a passenger on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse's maiden trip to New York, but precedent will not permit the Kaiser of the Germans to travel so far from his empire. He has sent his regrets to the North-German-Lloyd managers.

LAKE ONTARIO CABIN PASSENGERS.

The Beaver Line SS. Lake Ontario sails to-morrow morning at daylight for Liverpool; the following are her saloon passengers.—Mr. W. G. Aspland, Prof. W. Ayrton, F.R.S., Miss Ayrton, England; Dr. T. Ridley Bailey, Bilston, England; Dr. Geo. Barnes, Mrs. Barnes, Axminster, Eng.; Mrs. Beadnell, North Wales, Mrs. H. Beadnell, North Wales, Eng.; Dr. Robert Blair, of Glasgow, Scotland; Dr. Wm. Blair, Miss Blair, Jedburgh, Scotland; Mr. James Blackey, Toronto, Ont.; Dr. John Cross, London, Eng.; Dr. James A. Coutts, Manchester, Eng.; Mr. W. H. Cross, Montreal; Mr. W. Denne, Liverpool, Eng.; Mr. G. Dunn, Mr. H. Dunn, Quebec; Dr. Maurice G. Evans, Mrs. Evans, Cardiff, Eng.; Miss Sugden Evans, Montreal; Dr. John Galton, London, Eng.; Dr. Arthur Greenwood, Dalston, Eng.; Dr. George Halket, Mrs. Halket, Glasgow, Scotland; Dr. F. A. Hall, of London, Eng.; Dr. Wm. L. Harris, Mrs. Harris, Miss Harris, Moncton, N.B.; Dr. J. Harper, Barnstaple, Eng.; Professor J. V. Jones, Toronto; Dr. Wm. Jones, Ruabon Wales, Eng.; Mr. Fred King, Manchester, Eng.; Dr. Arthur Kelsey, Red Hill, Eng.; Dr. A. Lindow, Mrs. Lindow, London, Eng.; Mr. Stephen Morrey, Mr. John L. Myers, Mrs. Myers, Liverpool; Mrs. Myers and child, Niagara Falls, Ont.; Mr. E. Munson, Liverpool, Eng.; Mr. Robert Nelson, Chicago; Dr. T. W. Parry, Glamorganshire, Eng.; Dr. W. J. Penny, Somerset, Eng.; Dr. Francis Penny, Barnstaple, Eng.; Dr. James Ramsay, York, Eng.; Dr. J. M. Rohlehr, Mrs. Rohlehr, London, England; Mr. H. Senior, Liverpool, England; Mrs. Spragge, Mr. Henry Spragge, Montreal; Dr. P. Singleton Smith, Bristol, England; Mr. E. A. Taylor, Liverpool, England; Miss E. Talbot, Montreal; Dr. C. R. Walker, Eastbourne, Eng.; Mr. W. R. Warne, Liverpool, Eng.; Dr. J. W. L. Ware, Barnstaple, England; Dr. T. Boswall Watson, Mrs. Watson, London, England; Dr. W. Watts, London, Eng.; Dr. George Weller, London, Eng.

GULF REPORT.

L'Islet—Clear; east wind.
River du Loup—Clear; north-east wind; inward at 7 a.m., steamer.
Father Point—Clear; west wind.
Martin River—Clear; strong north wind.
Cape Magdalen—Clear; strong gale, north-west wind; inward yesterday at 5 p.m., Polino.
Cape Rosier—Cloudy; strong gale; north-west wind; La Canadienne here.
North Shore—Clear; north wind.
Point des Monts—Inward at 6 a.m., two barques yesterday; 5 a.m., Castlemore.
Moisie—Outward at 6 a.m., Otter.
Anticosti—Clear; strong north-west wind.
Heath Point—Outward yesterday at 6 p.m. Labrador.
Magdalen Islands—Clear; strong north wind; inward at 6 a.m., St. Olaf.
Low Point—Cloudy; strong gale; north wind; inward yesterday, Strathdee; outward at 4 a.m., Turret Bay.

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BRITAIN'S LION ON THE ALERT IN INDIA.

CANADIAN NEWS ABOUT THE NEW GOLD DIGGINGS.

MAP SHOWING THE MICHIPICOTEN MINING COUNTRY.

Other Articles of Interest:—Bismarck's Troubles—Advance on Berber—Through Devious ways—Reminiscences of Old Orchard—The Typewriter in Education—Scene in Afghanistan—The Boys' Page—Literary Review—Home Department Articles—Sunday-School Lesson—C. E. Department—Name for the Yukon—The Persecution Clause—Legislation by Trickery—Good Times Predicted—Victorian Order of Nurses—The British Renaissance—Under the Tramp's Hat—TheKhyber Pass—The Premier's Return—Owns a Rich Claim—Dollar Wheat—Abstainers and non-Abstainers—Letters from Readers—Agricultural and Horticultural — Exhibition Notes—Legal, Medical, Veterinary, and Agricultural Departments—The 'Diana's' Log—Landslide at St. Alban—The Discriminating Duty—Manitoba Crops—Killed by Rattlesnakes—Curious Cure for Cancer—Canadian Thrift—Grand Trunk President — Cottage Gardening—Commercial and Financial—Mr. Faure's Return, etc.

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Weekly Calendar.

SIX-DAY JUBILEE FESTIVAL

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The Out-Door Sketching Classes, under the direction of Mr. CHARLES E. MOSS, A.R.C.A., will commence on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 13th. For particulars apply at the Gallery.
Galleries open daily, 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.
ADMISSION . . . . . 25 CENTS.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 9.

Huntingdon Fair
SEPT. 9 and 10.
Special train leaves Bonaventure Station, Sept. 9th, at 7 a.m. Single fare for round trip.
6

FRIDAY, SEPT. 10.

MONTREAL
FOOTBALL CLUB.
A General Meeting of the Club will be held on FRIDAY, Sept. 10, in the M. A. A. A. Club House, 149 Mansfield street, at 8 p.m.
HERBERT MOLSON,
Hon. Sec. M.F.C.

MAXVILLE W. C. T. U.

Maxville, Sept. 7.—The annual meeting of the W. C. T. U. of this place took place last Friday, Sept. 3. The attendance was good. After devotional exercises the secretary gave the yearly report which was unanimously adopted. It showed that during the year a nice amount of work had been accomplished, and of one thing we are certain there never has been a year when the work has been so amicably and unitedly done. During the year fourteen different departments of work have been taken up, 186 cases of fruit were distributed, and beef, potatoes, shoes and flour purchased to help those in need, 325 bouquets of flowers sent to Ottawa to different hospitals there, prizes given in three different schools for the study of physiology and temperance, sixty-nine reports and papers sent to the press during the year, 1,125 pages of literature distributed, and thirty-nine prayer meetings held. Money has also been sent to assist in the work among the lumbermen. After paying all departmental expenses there is still a balance on hand of about sixteen dollars. The election of officers for the coming year resulted as follows:—President, Mrs. A. H. Robertson; first vice-president, Mrs. D. Robertson; second vice-president, Mrs. W. Barnhart; secretary, Mrs. J. W. Weegar; treasurer, Mrs. C. McNaughton. The superintendents of departments are:—Lumbermen, Mrs. Davidson; flower and fruit, Mrs. Weegar; press, Mrs. A. H. Robertson; fair, Mrs. F. McEwen; hygiene, heredity and social purity, Mrs. (Dr.) Munro; narcotics, Mrs. Barnhart; journal, Mrs. J. Davidson; literature, Mrs. D. McDougall; Sabbath observance, Mrs. C. McNaughton; franchise, Mrs. J. McDougall. A delegate has been appointed to attend the provincial convention in Brantford in October.

FRANCO-RUSSO-AMERICAN ALLIANCE.

London, Sept. 7.—The 'Post's' Paris correspondent, commenting upon the article in the 'Eclair' by M. Gerville, a member of the Chamber of Deputies from the Island of Guadeloupe, French West Indies, advocating a Franco-Russo-American alliance against the common enemy, Great Britain, says the writer shows plainly what help America would give the dual alliance, but is not equally clear as to the benefit that America would derive.

PIRATES WANT RANSOM.

Tangier, Morocco, Sept. 6.—The pirates who about the middle of last month boarded and sacked the Italian barque 'Fiducia' off the Riff coast, taking as prisoners her captain, boatswain and one seaman, and who, about two weeks later, seized and plundered the Portuguese barque 'Rosito Faro' and carried off the captain of the vessel and four of her crew, have agreed to release the prisoners in exchange for the Riffians who were captured by the Spanish steamer 'Sevilla' and upon the payment of a ransom of three thousand dollars.

P.Q. 8 F.M. 10	SEPTEMBER	L.Q. 18 N.M. 26				
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The Daily Witness.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1897.

Efforts to conjure up the ghost of the Manitoba school trouble have been frequent enough, but so far they have failed, and the latest attempt does not seem to promise much success, though the Pope's name is used in vain and probably without warrant. The Manitoba school question is settled to the satisfaction of the people of the Dominion, and it will stay settled in spite of the mere party politicians who would like to bring it up again in order to serve their own interests. If any further amendments to the Manitoba school law are considered right, the Manitoba Government and Legislature will have to be relied upon to make them, free from coercion on the part of the Dominion Government or Parliament. That is what is settled and will remain settled. It may be true that the Vatican would like some concessions to be made to the Roman Catholics; if it does, it will have to convince the Roman Catholics of Manitoba of their need of those concessions, and the Roman Catholics will as citizens of Manitoba seek them in the constitutional way, by pressing them upon the Manitoba Government and Legislature. The Dominion having already taken action has nothing more to do with the question.

The Ottawa correspondents of the Opposition journals are overworking their imaginations in an effort to furnish sensational news daily from a small town which is pretty dull except when parliament is sitting. Every possible matter has to be made the subject of at least a dozen different reports in order to keep the supply going. For instance, the lieutenant-governorship of Ontario is not yet vacant, but for over a year it has been exploited as a source of sensationalism intended to embarrass the government. Every day now the Ottawa correspondent removes some prominent Liberal statesman from office and places him in the gubernatorial chair of Ontario, and the statesmen thus chosen for removal from political life are exactly those whom the electors of Canada are most desirous should remain in their service. The electors forget or ignore the fact that these statesmen stand in the way of Conservatives whom the correspondents would like to see in their places. Day before yesterday Sir Oliver Mowat was, according to these reports, to be lieutenant-governor; yesterday the Hon. R. W. Scott was the man; to-day it is Mr. Hardy, the premier of Ontario; to-morrow it will be some one else. A few days ago Sir Wilfrid Laurier himself was to be relegated to the lieutenant-governorship of Quebec. Mr. Tarte will, we suppose, be the next alleged lieutenant-governor.

AN INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGE.

The extent and richness of the new gold regions recently discovered in Canada are arousing in our American neighbors a good deal of envy and, we fear, covetousness. As in rapid succession the Kootenay region, the Rainy River district, and then the Klondike fields came before the world, the United States journals claimed they were in United States territory, and when the truth was admitted that all were in Canada, American miners who had rushed in were encouraged to talk of resisting Canadian administration, and even forcibly annexing the gold regions. The alleged discoveries in Michipicoten have apparently added the drop too much to the bitter cup and the Chicago 'Inter-Ocean' bewails that the United States did not go to war in 1844 rather than accept the forth-ninth parallel as the boundary line. Fifty-four forty, for which the United States contended, would not have given the United States either the Klondike or the Michipicoten, but it would have secured them part of the Kootenay and the Rainy River regions, therefore the 'Inter-Ocean' thinks it was a mistake that the United States did not go to war to obtain all it demanded. The United States has a fair share of the gold regions of the world; its annual product, amounting in value to over sixty million dollars, is larger than that of any other single country, and is only surpassed by all the countries taken together which form the British empire. The United States is fond of calling Great Britain greedy and grasping, but its attitude toward Canada, whose output of gold has hitherto not been great, is not altogether free from reproach. As the United States is, however, so extremely desirous of possessing herself of some of the rich gold fields belonging to Canada, there is perhaps one way by which she might do so with Canada's consent.

That way is by a friendly and honest trade or fair 'swap.' The United States has obtained by purchase from Russia, with the rest of Alaska, a narrow strip of sea coast along the front of a portion of northern British Columbia and the Canadian North-West Territories. The boundary line of this strip has never been laid down, and the descriptions of it in the treaties between Russia and Great Britain are obscure, so that there is doubt as to where it runs. The matter is now in dispute, and will have to be referred to friendly arbitration for decision, a very costly process of settlement, as both the United States and Canada have good cause to know. Now, instead of going to law over it, why should not Canada and the United States agree upon a 'swap'? Although the strip of coast in question is for the most part barren, and except for a little timber, of which both the United States and Canada have immense supplies of similar varieties in Washington and Oregon territories and British Columbia, almost valueless for productive purposes; yet it is of value to Canada simply because it is her water front. Canada possesses by treaty the right of navigation of the sounds and of the Stickeen river, so that she is not dependent upon the strip of coast for entrances to and from the ocean. But she would of course prefer to own the water front of her own territory. It is of little use to the United States. On the other hand, the United States does want the Klondike gold region very much indeed. It is believed to be rich in the yellow metal beyond the dreams of avarice. The United States miners, who have rushed in, want to own the country and run it after their own fashion. They do not want to pay royalties on their finds of gold or pay customs duties on their supplies; they do not want to be subject to the Canadian mining regulations which reserve for the government every other claim; they are naturally afraid that Canada may copy the American mining law which prevents any alien or foreigner from legally acquiring or owning a mining claim; they would like no doubt, to apply their own mining law to that effect in the Klondike, so that no Canadian would be able to make or hold a claim.

American prospectors and miners who have worked through Alaska declare that the rich gold regions are all east of the American frontier. In view of all this, it might be worth while for the United States Government to approach the Canadian Government with the proposition of an exchange of a portion of Canada's rich gold regions in the Yukon for the strip of barren coast territory. If the American Government could induce the Canadian Government to exchange say all the Canadian territory west of the one hundred and thirty-ninth meridian, which would include the whole Klondike district, for the strip of coast, thus giving the United States all the country west of that line between the Arctic ocean and the Pacific, and to Canada the small strip owned by the United States lying east of it, it would obviously be a good bargain for the United States. Counting a degree of longitude in the Yukon country as equal to thirty miles, and the distances from the Arctic to the Pacific ocean as six hundred and fifty miles, Canada would be asked to exchange about thirty-nine thousand square miles for at most about half that area of land along the coast. How the Canadian Government would view it we have no means of knowing. Canada ought to own her own seacoast; that is about all that can be said in favor of the proposition on her side, except that it would settle the boundary dispute. Another advantage to Canada would be that the Chilcoot or Dyea inlet would fall to her and give her a port of her own to the extensive rich gold country of the Yukon that would remain to her if she consented to the trade. The United States would, of course, have the entrance she now has by way of the Yukon, which is also open by treaty to navigation by Canadian vessels. The proposition, if made by the American Government, would certainly be worthy the consideration of the Canadian Government.

THREE RIVERS EXHIBITION.

Three Rivers, Sept. 7.—Friday and Saturday were great days on the grounds excepting among the exhibitors who were still busy getting their several goods into display order. Cattle and farm produce began to come in on Saturday afternoon, and all day Sunday farmers were conducting their exhibits to the grounds—a feature that was not relished by many was the working full swing by the carpenters and others on the grounds all day Sunday. The doors were opened at one p.m., and a great many went on the grounds, when all the side shows were in full blast. Permission was given by Bishop Lafleche to work during the Sabbath, which accounts for the work-day appearance of the exhibition—a thing much to be deplored, and a goodly number consider it a direct violation of the sanctity of the Sabbath. Bishop Lafleche has preached against Sabbath excursions, baseball games, etc., and it surprised a few that he should give permission to carry on manual labor, which could have been done during work hours.

The Mayor formally opened the exhibition yesterday afternoon.

The cattle entries are much more numerous than last year.

The ladies' department is on a better basis than last year, and visitors can see and appreciate the many fancy articles exhibited without being crushed.

The main building, although twice as large as last year, is full.

The streets and roads leading to Three Rivers are crowded by people on their way to the fair. They have been pouring into the city since dawn. The ferries are busy crossing and recrossing as fast as possible. The Hon. Mr. Marchand arrives at noon and the Right Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier is expected about two p.m.

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.

GOVERNOR HOGG OF TEXAS VISITS JUDGE WURTELE.

The Court of Queen's Bench resumed proceedings at ten o'clock this morning, when Peter Burgess was put on trial on a charge of having received stolen property. As the case was one which would last most of the day the petty jurors not empanelled on the case were dismissed until this afternoon. Judge Wurtele presided in the absence of Sir Alexander Lacoste. The Burgess case involved the possession of some furs supposed to have been stolen by another party than the prisoner.

While the Court was in session, Governor Hogg of the State of Texas, Chief Justice Sains and Justice Maxey of the same state, visited the Court and were given seats on the bench by His Lordship. They seemed to take a deep interest in the proceedings.

DEATH OF MR. A. JOYCE.

Mr. Andrew Joyce, ticket agent for the Grand Trunk Railway at the St. James street office, died at nine o'clock this morning, after a brief illness, at Hudson, Que., where he had his summer cottage. He took ill some three weeks ago and was ordered off from business for a rest. After a fortnight's absence he felt so much recruited in health that he returned to the office on Monday, Aug. 30; but he was again attacked on Thursday, Sept. 2, and gradually grew weaker until the end came. He had been for over thirty years in the service of the company, and leaves a wife and one daughter. Mr. Joyce was well-known in Montreal, and came from Westowe, England, when a boy. His death will be much regretted by a very large circle of friends.

THE PLEBISCITE.

A HOUSE TO HOUSE CANVASS WILL BE MADE.

The Royal Templars of Temperance, Province of Quebec, are making a determined effort to stir up and increase their membership. The Grand Councillor, Mr. J. H. Spicer, has secured the services of Mr. W. Reece Hall, Parry Sound, who will make a house to house canvass in city and country, hold public meetings where possible, and in every way try to prepare the way for the coming plebiscite. Mr. Hall worked in Point St. Charles last week and will give his attention to the east end this week. There was a good temperance rally in the lecture hall of Taylor Presbyterian Church last evening, held for the purpose of introducing Mr. Hall to the people of that section of the city. The chair was occupied by Mr. J. H. Spicer. The Rev. Mr. Patterson opened with prayer. The Rev. W. J. Conoly, Lakefield, Que., gave a very earnest and stirring address on the coming plebiscite, followed by Mr. Sol. Cutter on direct taxation, which he handled in a masterly way, proving that there will be no necessity for a special tax when a prohibitory law comes into force. Mr. Hall then explained the benefits to be derived from membership in the Royal Templars. Mr. J. Gilliland thanked the board of managers for their kindness in placing the lecture hall at their disposal, after which the meeting was brought to a close. The next public meeting will be held on Thursday evening in the lecture hall of the East End Methodist Church. The speakers will be the Rev. G. G. Huxtable, Mr. Sol. Cutter and Mr. W. R. Hall.

YELLOW FEVER IN MISSISSIPPI.

Jackson, Miss., Sept. 6.—The Hon. S. S. Champion, a member of the State Legislature since 1890, and a prominent politician, died at Edwards, Miss., to-day, from what the attending physician pronounced to be yellow fever.

Octon Springs, Miss., Sept. 6.—The representatives of the health organization have pronounced the disease prevalent here to be yellow fever.

New Orleans, Sept. 6.—President Oliphant of the Louisiana Board of Health, sent a telegram to that board here at ten o'clock to-day confirming the report that the physicians at Ocean Springs have declared that the prevailing sickness was yellow fever. The doctors of three states came to this conclusion after holding an autopsy on the body of a person who died yesterday.

The State Board of Health has decided to enforce rigid quarantine against Biloxi and Ocean Springs. Quarantine will also be enforced against the other watering places on the Gulf Coast until President Oliphant returns and more light is obtained on the situation. Guards are to be put on the trains, and at the stations all baggage is to be fumigated, and every possible precaution is to be taken to keep the disease out of the city. The Louisville & Nashville trains have been ordered not to stop at either Biloxi or Ocean Springs. The houses of all people who have returned to New Orleans in the past two days are to be thoroughly fumigated.

Austin, Tex., Sept. 6.—State Health Officer Swearingen this morning issued iron-clad quarantine against Ocean Springs and all other points now affected or likely to be affected by yellow fever. It will go into immediate effect and last until all danger is past.

TO CORNER PETROLEUM.

London, Sept. 7.—The 'Standard' publishes a despatch from Baku saying that a new Russian syndicate, composed of twelve large petroleum firms, will, it is expected, be formed in 1898 on a ten years' basis. The syndicate will control an immense capital and will be represented in the great markets. It will have tank boats and reservoirs in order to compete with American oil and with the new Russian Grossney field wells, which are largely exploited by foreign firms and seriously threaten the Baku trade.

WINNIPEG'S WHEAT SUPPLY.

Winnipeg, Sept. 7.—The interior elevators are now practically cleared of grain of the crop of 1896, and if the shipments from Fort William continue at the same rate as the past few days, the big storehouse will be empty by the end of the week. The receipts at Fort William last week were 89,849 bushels, while the shipments aggregated 395,505 bushels, leaving in store on Saturday 318,603 bushels.

AN INSURANCE CHANGE.

Toronto, Sept. 7.—Mr. J. Alex. Culverwell, a former Torontonian, and an old Upper Canada College boy, has received the appointment of local manager for Toronto and central Ontario of the London & Lancashire Life Assurance Company. Mr. Culverwell has acted for the past three years as the chief agent of the English department of the company at Montreal.

BEHRING SEA CLAIMS.

Halifax, N.S., Sept. 7.—The Behring Sea commission held two sessions yesterday, notwithstanding that it was a public holiday. Mr. E. V. Bodwell continued his argument on behalf of the British claims, dwelling largely on the value of the vessels and equipment of the sealers.

MYSTERY OF LAKE BONAPARTE.

SOME LIGHT THROWN UPON IT BY THE DISCOVERY OF AN OLD BOAT.

(New York 'Times.')

A few weeks ago some vandals blew with dynamite the stone dam across the outlet of Lake Bonaparte, in Jefferson County, this state. This caused the waters of the lake to change, and it is now four or five feet lower than before. A week or two weeks ago Mr. Wakeman of Watertown was rowing leisurely around the lake and stopped in one of the pretty bays to watch the glistening bottom through the colorless water. He was startled to see below him the outline of a boat. He obtained assistance from Mr. White of Carthage, Mr. Hurst of Harrisville, and Mr. Reamer, a guest at the hotel, and after considerable labor they raised the boat and brought it ashore. It had been loaded with stones and a hole had been broken in its bottom. It was half-filled with sand, and bore the appearance of having been in the water very many years. It is not like any boat used upon any of the Adirondack lakes for the last fifty years. A part of a chair of quaint make was rigged in the stern, as if for a seat for one passenger. There was also a place for a sail of some sort, and a notch for a rope to hold the anchor.

In all probability this boat was once the property of Jean Vallois, one of the young courtiers who followed Joseph Bonaparte, the dethroned King of Spain, to this country. Its discovery makes it possible to write another chapter in the melancholy fate that befel this brilliant favorite of Joseph Bonaparte. In one of his hunting trips Vallois came across the family of a French-Canadian named Beausant. There was a daughter named Marie, just blossoming into womanhood, and very beautiful. A mutual attachment sprang up between them, but this was frowned upon by Bonaparte, for he had no notion of permitting an intimate of his household to marry one beneath his station. Vallois seems to have been more honorable than most young men of his time, and it is said he told Bonaparte that he should marry her at all hazards.

But Marie had another lover. Normonde, a Canadian half-breed, whose combined French and Indian nature made him a most dangerous enemy. He sought in vain to win the girl away from Vallois, and is said to have threatened both with death upon more than one occasion. To avoid Normonde and to escape the notice of Bonaparte, the young lovers met in a cave or grotto on the shore of the lake, about a mile from the great house. Vallois is believed to have himself built the boat recently found, and with this concealed in the bushes on the side of the lake on which he lived, he could cross to the trysting place unobserved whenever he chose. Marie reached the cave by a short path from her father's cabin through the woods. No doubt they often went rowing to other portions of the lake, which is so large that they ran little risk of detection.

Finally they disappeared, nor was anybody ever found who saw Normonde after that day. This was in 1830, and as they disappeared in autumn, it was supposed that they had eloped. Another story was that they had been drowned. for hunters in the neighborhood, after the disappearance, told of their frequent trips about the lake in a somewhat crude boat. In 1850 some hunters discovered and explored the cave, and there found the skeletons of two human beings, male and female. Several gold napoleons were found with the skeleton of the male, and other articles that made it quite certain that it was the skeleton of Vallois. There was never a doubt that the other skeleton was that of his sweetheart, Marie Beausant.

The discovery of the old boat by Mr. Wakeman completes the chain of evidence that quite conclusively proves that Vallois and Marie were murdered by Normonde. It is probable that he watched and discovered their meeting-place. When the opportunity was ripe he killed both; then took the boat, paddled across the lake, scuttled the craft by the blow from a big stone, and disappeared.

NEW RELIGIOUS SECT.

Little Rock, Ark., Sept. 7.—A state of panic exists at Heber, a summer resort in Van Buren county, over the excitement caused by a religious sect calling itself 'The Order of Holiness.' Two weeks ago two disciples of the order began holding what they called 'holiness meetings.' They preached a strange doctrine. Marriage was denounced as ungodly, ordinary religion was declared to be a fraud upon the credulity of man, and labor of all kinds was said to be unnecessary. The disciples called upon men and women to renounce their marriage vows, quit work, come into camp, become sanctified, receive the Holy Spirit and be joyful. In two weeks the disciples gathered about them two hundred followers. Men and women were crazed with the teachings, and many were baptized into the faith. The carousals of the holiness camp shocked the community and officers were appealed to, but they were unable restore order. Men and women shout until they are exhausted and lie unconscious for hours, requiring medical aid. The disciples declare their exaltation due to the action of the Holy Spirit. Two women have died from exposure while lying on the ground in a so-called trance.

GOVERNOR OF NEW GUINEA MURDERED.

Sydney, N.S.W., Sept. 6.—News has been received that the governor of German New Guinea was killed by natives on Aug. 21.

DINNER TO MR. DUGGAN.

ATHLETIC GAMES.

WHEELING AND GENERAL SPORTING NOTES.

Toronto, Sept. 7.—About one hundred and fifty guests were assembled last night in the Island Club House of the Royal Canadian Yacht Club, at a complimentary dinner to Mr. G. Herrick Duggan and the crew of the 'Glencairn II.' winners of the Seawanhaka cup. After a sumptuous menu, enlivened by sweet music from the Gilonna and Marsicano Italian orchestra, the toasts of the evening were proposed and drunk. The banqueting rooms were gaily decorated, and the various cups and trophies of the R. C.Y.C. were conspicuous by their absence. These trophies, which are valued at about eight thousand dollars, are now at the Fisheries Exhibition in London, and the only trophy on exhibit was the City of Straits trophy, won by the 'Canada' last year. Various songs by C. Brown, T. Sowdon, Signor Delasco and others, accompanied by Clarence Musgrave, enlivened the proceedings. The guests present from Montreal were—Mrssrs. G. Herrick Duggan, J. Ross, Alex. F. Riddell, W. A. C. Hamilton, P. Young and J. H. Paton. Letters of regret were real from Commodore Lucas, Royal Hamilton Yacht Club; the Rev. C. Whitcombe, Commodore Victoria Club and Mr. Frank Strange, Kingston. The dinner was a gathering of the prominent sailing men of Canada, and there has never probably been a more representative gathering of yachtsmen.

Commodore Jarvis proposed the toast of 'Our Guests,' and coupled Mr. Duggan's name with it. Mr. Duggan, in reply, said that the victory gained by the 'Glencairn II.' was not so much a victory of sailing, as of designing. Mr. Jarvis announced that Mr. Duggan had been elected a life member of the R.C.Y.C. Mr. Ross, the owner of the 'Glencairn II.' after an enthusiastic reception, said that the kindness of the R.C.Y.C. went a long way towards appeasing the anxiety of the St. Lawrence Yacht Club over the race. All the Montreal yachtsmen spoke in enthusiastic terms of the great assistance which Commodore Jarvis rendered, both in his trial races with the 'Bonshaw,' and his valuable advice afterwards. Mr. Paton, one of the crew of the 'Glencairn II.' told a little story to the effect that the Montreal school children had named the victory of the 'Glencairn II.' as one of the principal events of the year.

The Montreal guests all spoke of some future function, at which they hoped to return the kindness of the R.C.Y.C. Mr. C. Archbald, the crack canoeist, made a short speech, talking of the success of the Canadians in the recent Canoe Association meet at Grindstone Island. Mr. C. Henderson, and others, made speeches that were well received, and the dinner closed with the best of wishes for Canadian yachtsmen and 'Auld Lang Syne.'

RACING AT THE LAKE OF TWO MOUNTAINS.

The racing on the Lake of Two Mountains, opposite Senneville last Saturday, was pronounced by all who were there to be a huge success. The breeze which swept lazily along the lake early in the afternoon increased to quite a blow about 4 o'clock, and provided excellent sailing weather. As the time for the race approached all were busy on board the yachts preparing for the contest. 'Rita' had carried away her topmast in the locks at St. Anne, and had to sail without a topsail. 'Good Luck' and another yacht carried their topsails, but found them inconvenient. The following boats were noticed tacking around: 'Handy,' Mr. Tom Gillespie; 'Folly,' Mr. Arthur Abbott; 'Wawa, Dr. Girdwood; 'Lalage,' Mr. Jack Abbott; 'Rita,' Messrs. Clark and Lucas; 'Marjorie,' Mr. W. G. Ross; 'Vixen,' Mr. Ernest Bolton; 'Waterwitch,'Mr. Jas. Paton; 'Boomerang,' Mr. Harry Hutchinson; 'Good Luck,' Mr. Arthur Hersey. The prizes,three in number, were cash ones, $30, $25 and $15. The course was triangular, the same one as that of the challenge cup, four and one-half miles around. It was to be sailed twice over, all buoys to the starboard.

The first gun was fired at 3.40 o'clock, and the yachts cruised around for position. When the starting gun fired at 3.45 o'clock, 'Handy' and 'Folly' got away first, while 'Good Luck' was away to leeward.

The boats finished as follows: 'Folly,' 5.15.8; 'Good Luck,' 5.19.32; 'Rita,' 5.20.06; 'Marjorie,' 5.20.50; 'Lalage,' 5.21.47; 'Handy,' 5.22.30; 'Waterwitch,' 5.25.49; 'Vixen,' 5.27; 'Boomerang,' 5.28.11; 'Kingfisher, 5.30.14. 'Wawa' did not cross the finishing line.

After the race was finished the yachtsmen all crowded around wishing to know which were the winning boats. The result of the handicap was not known, but the owners and crews were instructed to go to the house of Mr. R. B. Angus and eat luncheon.

BOWLING.

A BOWLING CLUB FOR WESTMOUNT.

A meeting of persons resident in Westmount interested in the establishment of a bowling green, which was called by circular, signed by Mayor Evans and Councillors Walker and Redfern, was held in the Council Chamber on Friday evening. In the unavoidable absence of the Mayor, Councillor Walker was called to the chair. A lengthened conversation took place on the subject on providing a bowling green and club house, during which the proposal met with unanimous approval. Mr. David Williamson submitted an estimate he had prepared of the cost of the necessary ground, of the construction of the green and the club house, and of the cost of maintenance from year to year. From this estimate it appeared that the sum of ten thousand dollars would require to be subscribed as capital, and it was agreed that the proper course would be to form a joint stock company, as in the case of the curling clubs of the city. The annual subscription of paying members, one hundred in number, to pay five percent in the capital and to meet current expenses, need not exceed seven or eight dollars, and the feeling was confidently expressed that there would be no difficulty in procuring the adhesion of that number of gentlemen.

A committee, consisting of the Mayor, Councillor Walker, Mr. W. Minto, town clerk, and Mr. D. W. Ross, Mr. A. C. Hutcheson, Mr. David Williamson and Mr. J. Brown, was appointed to procure subscriptions, and also a small committee consisting of Messrs. D. Williamson, J. Brown, and J. Baillie, to look out for a suitable site for the green, both committees to report to a further meeting to be held on Friday next, Mr. Baillie consenting to act as interim secretary.

The west end suburb is thus in a fair way to have added before long another to its many attractions. Lawn bowling is practised at various places in the province of Ontario, but we believe this will be the first club in the Province of Quebec. Scotland is the home of bowling, there being not less than three hundred clubs there, with a total membership of over twenty-five thousand players. The game is one of the most delightful of outdoor pastimes conceivable. It is eminently suited to business men and persons of sedentary habits. It affords, on a fine green, the opportunity for the display of the most delicate skill. It can be enjoyed by old and young alike; in truth, making such slight demands on mere physical strength, and being played as it is on that account by so many elderly gentlemen, it has often been called in Scotland, 'the auld man's game.' But by its devotees, whether old or young, it is followed with the same enthusiasm. With so large a Scottish element in the population of Westmount, the idea should catch on very readily, and further it may be regarded, once it is seen, to attract many other gentlemen both there and in the western part of the city.

One drawback will be the lack of the long drawn out twilight, which the bowlers of Scotland enjoy, but there was a general consensus of opinion that where nature fails in this country, science might step in, and as with curling, so with bowling, the electric light might be brought into requisition and be made to afford the opportunity of play to many who might otherwise be denied the privilege.

The chairman, moreover, suggested that, beyond the accommodation required in connection with the bowling green, it would be a very good thing could there be provision made for a fully equipped gentleman's club, a decided want in Westmount. The idea was warmly approved, but of course will depend upon the amount of capital subscribed. While, therefore, the promoters may not be able to accomplish all they wish just at present, Councillor Walker's proposal will be kept steadily in view as an object to be realized at as early a date as possible.

THE WHEEL.

THE BUFFALO MEET.

Buffalo, Sept. 6.—Nearly 3,000 people witnessed the bicycle meet of the Ramblers Club on the Buffalo athletic field to-day. There were many heats and some very fast time was made. In the one-mile handicap Davidson of Toronto was given second place, when the verdict of half the spectators was that he had won by several inches. A big kick was made, but the Buffalo rider got the best of it. The events were all amateur. Summaries:—

One mile, open—C. J. Miller, Ramblers, Buffalo, 1; C. C. Dirnberger, Press Club, Buffalo, 2; A. E. Longnecker, Buffalo, 3; George Reith, Riversides, New York, 4. Time, 2.07½.

One mile handicap—J. M. Schwob, Buffalo, 70 yards, 1; J. F. Davidson, Wanderers, Toronto, 30 yards, 2; W. Richardson, Wanderers, Toronto, 40 yards, 3. Time 2.08 2-5.

One mile tandem—Dirnberger and Short, Buffalo, 1; Denniston and Longnecker, Buffalo, 2; Stevens and Haynes, Buffalo, 3. Time, 2.17.

Two mile handicap—J. M. Schwob, 120 yards, 1; Millard Conwell, Buffalo, 10 yards, 2; Henry Huehne, Buffalo, 3. Time, 4.32.

One half-mile tandem exhibition, by A. B. Goehler and C. J. Miller. Time, 53 secs., a world's record.

Pursuit race—In the trial heats Buffalo beat Rochester and New York won over Springfield. In the final Buffalo won from New York. Distance covered 4⅛ miles Time, 9.36 2-5.

In the quarter-mile tandem exhibition Short and Dirnberger. Time, 25 secs., a world's record.

NEW BICYCLE STAR ARRIVES.

New York, Sept. 6.—Gaston Rivierre, the famous long distance bicycle rider, arrived yesterday on the steamship 'La Touraine.' M. Rivierre has been brought to America by Dixie Hines, his manager, who will pit him against the best long-distance American riders in races from 100 miles to 24 hours.

He will make his debut in a six-hour race at Bridgeport, Conn., on Sept. 22, when he will meet Frank Waller, Harry Elkes, W. A. Blakeslee, Bert Leslie, and a number of leading American riders.

Rivierre is one of the most striking characters on the bicycle path in any country. He is about 40 years of age, and is the oldest active rider in the world. His recent work in the famous 24-hour race in France stamps him as a champion of no mean ability. He held the French and the world's 24-hour record for two years.

Rivierre will ride an exhibition on Monday at the races of the Quill Club Wheelmen at Manhattan Beach.

TITUS WON THE BIG RACE.

Manhattan Beach, N.Y., Sept. 6.—Last Saturday afternoon fifteen well-known professional bicycle riders qualified for the final heat of the $2,000 handicap, which was the principal attraction at the Quill Club Wheelmen's national meet this afternoon. The sport began at 2.40 with the trial heats in the quarter-mile dash for amateurs. Summaries:

Quarter-mile dash, amateur—Won by 1. A. Powell, N.Y.A.C.; John P. Hutcheon, Brooklyn, 2; F. W. Richt, Brooklyn, 3. Time, 34 4-5.

Half-mile, handicap, professional—Won by F. S. Aker, Philadelphia (20 yards); F. J. Jenny, Utica (35 yards), 2; Owen S. Kimble, Louisville (25 yards), 3; F. J. Titus, R. W. N.Y. (15 yards), 4. Time, 1.04 1-5.

Quill Club $2,000 handicap, two miles—Won by F. J. Titus, 40 yards; F. A. McFarland, San Jose, Cal., 25 yards, 2; Watson Coleman, Boston, 80 yards, 3; Eddie Bald, Buffalo, scratch, 4. Time, 4.15 1-5.

Mile handicap, amateur—Won. B. J. P. Hutcheon, Brooklyn, 15 yards; A. R. Junkin, Brooklyn, 50 yards, 2; B. L. Hunter, Brooklyn, 40 yards, 3. Time, 2.13.

Five-mile, Metropolitan championship—Won by I. A. Powell; F. W. Richt, S.B.W., 2; Jack Jasper, N.Y.C.W., 3; Walter C. Roeme, N.J.A.C., 4. Time, 11.26.

One mile open, professional—Won by E. C. Bald, Buffalo; Arthur Gardiner, Chicago, 2; Tom Cooper, Detroit, 3; O. S. Kimball, Kentucky, 4. Time, 2.08 1-5.

LACROSSE.

TECUMSEHS DEFEAT CAPITALS.

Toronto, Sept. 6.—In an exhibition game at the Island this afternoon the Tecumsehs defeated the Capitals by 5 to 2. There were 2,000 spectators. The game was quiet, very little roughness being shown. In the fourth game Stroud retired, German, whose leg gave him trouble going off with him. The Tecumsehs had the best of the play all through, their home proving very strong. The game was not particularly brilliant and more individual than combined play was shown. The Capitals suffered from having a lot of junior men on. The scoring was:—

Game.	Won by	Scored by	Time.
1	Tecumsehs	O'Meara	1 min.
2	Tecumsehs	McVey	13 min.
3	Tecumsehs	German	12 min.
4	Capitals	E. Murphy	5 min.
5	Tecumsehs	O'Meara	5½ min.
6	Tecumsehs	O'Meara	5¾ min.
7	Capitals	J. Powers	5 min.

The teams were:—

Capitals—Robertson, goal; W. Powers, point; Doherty, cover point; Binks, Baldwin, Stroud, defence; G. Hyde, centre; Westwick, Gleason, G. Carson, home; E. Murphy, outside home; J. Powers, inside home. W. Stuart, field captain.

Tecumsehs—Foley, goal, McGibney, point; Davis, cover point; Yorke, Grimes, Hartley, defence; Gamble, centre; Peaker, Murphy, O'Meara, home; McVey, outside home; German, inside home. Peter Knowles, field captain.

CRICKET.

THE INTERNATIONAL MATCH.

Toronto, Sept. 6—The international cricket match between the United States and Canada began this afternoon before a large audience at Rosedale. The visitors went first to bat. The feature of the innings was a run of 34 made by Clark, captain of the visiting team, who carried his bat. Hill's bowling was a distinct feature of the home team's play, his analysis being phenomenally good. At lunch time the United States score stood at 74 and soon after lunch was completed with 85. The Canadians went to the wicket with Cooper and Saunders, while Goodman and Townsend did the bowling. Cooper did well with 24, but the feature of the innings was the fine cricket played by M. Boyd, who rolled up a score of 51, being loudly cheered when he reached the half century. The innings closed with a lead of 94 for the Canadians. The fielding of both teams was particularly good, and elicited much applause. Play will be resumed in the morning. Score:—

United States—First Innings.

R. D. Brown, b Laing	4
D. Warder, c Hill, b Goldingham	16
W. W. Noble, c and b Goldingham	1
N. E. Hing, b Goldingham	1
W. N. Morrice, b Laing	2
E. W. Clark (captain), not out	34
H. C. Townsend, jr., b Hill	9
G. E. Brooke, b Hill	0
S. Goodman, c Chambers, b McGiverin	0
C. Morton, c and b McGiverin	8
T. C. Jordan, b Hill	1
Extras	9
Total	85

Canada—First Innings.

D. W. Saunders (captain), b Goodman	6
W. H. Cooper, c Warden, b Morrice	23
J. M. Laing, b Goodman	0
F. W. Terry, b Townsend	1
P. C. Goldingham, b Townsend	14
M. Boyd, c Morrice, b Brooke	51
A. F. R. Martin, b Townsend	23
G. S. Lyon, lbw, Morrice	28
A. G. Chambers, b Clark	9
H. C. Hill, c Morrice, b Goodman	0
H. B. McGiverin, not out	9
Extras	16
Total	179

Toronto, Sept. 7.—Play was resumed in the international cricket match at the Rosedale grounds. The crease is still in perfect condition. Several of the Americans expressed themselves as never having played on a better crease than that of yesterday. Although behind 94 on the first innings, the Americans hope to equalize matters to-day. Brown, Eiting and Morrice were yesterday unfortunate in being put out before they were settled at bat, and to-day more is expected from them. The weather has been completely changed. Instead of being fine and clear as yesterday, it is threatening rain and cool, and the light is very bad and will no doubt have some effect on the batting. A large crowd is on the grounds and great enthusiasm is shown on all sides.

THE GAME IN THE NORTH-WEST.

The Portage la Prairie Cricket Club won the final match for the Manitoba championship to-day, defeating the crack Winnipeg team in a one innings game by a score of 195 to 168.

McGILL DEFEATS QUEBEC.

Quebec, Sept. 6.—The McGill Cricket Club defeated the Quebec Cricket Club to-day by 54 runs in two innings. McGill—First innings, 46; second, 69; total, 115. Quebec—First innings, 40; second, 21 runs; total, 61.

QUOITING.

MONTREAL QUOITING LEAGUE.

The last match of the series was played on Saturday afternoon, between the St. Gabriel and St. Lawrence clubs, the totals being St. Gabriel, 296, and the St. Lawrence Club, 249 points. The secretary of the league received a protest from the St. Lawrence Club against the playing of Mr. W. Hughes in the match with them. Who will be the winners will be settled by the league. The report also states that they won every match this summer. This is not correct, for the Montreal Club beat them when they played on the Montreal grounds, and the St. Gabriel Club protested the match on the same grounds that the St. Lawrence Club has now protested them.

TWO SPECIAL MATCHES.

Two special matches will be played next Saturday afternoon, commencing at two o'clock, on the St. Lawrence grounds, corner of Shaw and Dorchester streets, between two members of the Montreal Quoiting Club, and one member each from the Dominion and St. Gabriel clubs.

ST. GABRIELS WIN THE CLOSING GAME

On Saturday last on the St. Lawrence Club grounds, corner Shaw and Dorchester street, before a large crowd of spectators, the league schedule was bought to a close for the season of 1897, the contesting clubs being the St. Gabriels and the St. Lawrence, the former winning by 47 points, after a very closely contested game, as the result of the different rinks will show. Mr. D. W. Strachan of the Riverside Club acted as referee until he was called away at 6 p.m. when his place was filled by Mr. J. Wilson, also of Riverside Club. Both gave perfect satisfaction.

The St. Gabriel Club may justly feel proud of their record this season. Having an unbroken list of wins to their credit, not only this season, but also the season of 1896, they are now the undisputed champions of the Montreal Quoiting League, a position which they intend to do their best to hold also for next season. The various scores are as follows:

men at Manhattan Beach.

St. Gabriel.		St. Lawrence.	
Geo. Storey	31	A. Gilmour	4
J. Bevington	20	W. Anderson	31
B. Pitts, sr.	31	P. Oliver,	18
T. McHugh	8	J. R. B. Aird	31
F. E. Starke	19	W. Oliver	31
P. Grangel	10	M. Brown	31
R. Kell	31	R. Foreman	15
B. Kelly	31	M. Dwyer	15
W. Hughes	31	G. Peasant	25
J. O'Hearn	22	J. Burns	31
C. Smith	31	B. Morrison	12
J. McHugh	31	A. Gunn	5
Total	296	Total	249

Majority for St. Gabriel Club, 47 points.

FOOTBALL.

ONTARIO RUGBY UNION TIES.

Following is the drawing in the O. R. F.U.:—

SENIOR SERIES.

First round—

1. Osgoode vs. Queen's, at Kingston, Oct. 16; at Toronto, Oct. 23.
2. T.A.C. Lornes vs. 'Varsity, at 'Varsity, Oct. 9; at Rosedale, Oct. 16.
3. Hamilton, a bye.

Second round—

3 vs. winner of 2, at Hamilton, Oct. 23; at Toronto, Oct. 30.

1. A bye.

The final gome to be arranged by the union.

INTERMEDIATE SERIES.

Round one—

1. Cornwall vs. Brockville, at Brockville, Oct. 9; at Cornwall, Oct. 16.
2. R.M.C. vs. Granites, at Granite, Oct. 9; at R.M.C., Oct. 16.
3. Queen's 2 vs. Osgoode, at Queen's, Oct. 9; at Osgoode, Oct. 16.
4. 'Varsity 2 vs. T.A.C. Lornes 2, at T.A.C., Oct. 9; at 'Varsity, Oct. 16.
5. St. Catharines vs. Hamilton 2, at St. Catharines, Oct. 9; at Hamilton, Oct. 16.
6. Petrolea vs. London, at Petrolea, Oct. 9; at London, Oct. 16.

Round two—

Winners of 1 and 2 at Brockville or Cornwall.

Winners of 3 and 4, if Queen's win, at Kingston; if otherwise, at Toronto.

Winners of 5 and 6 at London or Petrolea.

Round three—

Winners of 1 and 2 vs. 3 and 4, to be arranged by the executive.

Winners of 5 and 6, a bye.

The final to be arranged by the executive.

JUNIOR SERIES.

Round one—

1. Hamilton vs. Y.M.C.A., Hamilton, Oct. 9 and 16.
2. Petrolea vs. London, Oct. 9 and 16.
3. Brockville vs. Granites, Oct. 9 and 16.
4. 'Varsity 3 vs. Wellingtons, Oct. 9 and 16.

Round two—

Winners of 1 and 2, Oct. 23.

Winners of 3 and 4, Oct. 23.

The final to be arranged by the executive.

BASEBALL.

MONTREAL LOSES TWO GAMES.

Montreal played two games with Scranton yesterday and lost them both. There was no particularly brilliant play during the day. The fielding throughout was weak. The following is the score:

First Game.

Montreal.	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
F. Shannon, ss	3	0	0	2	3	4
Bannon, lf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Shearon, rf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Dooley, 1b	4	1	1	20	0	0
Richter, cf	4	0	2	4	0	2
Henry 3b	3	1	2	2	3	3
Berger, 2b	4	0	0	1	4	1
Butler, c	4	1	3	4	2	1
Gannon, p	3	0	0	0	0	1
*McFarland, p	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	3	9	24	12	11	

Scranton	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
Bonner, 2b	4	2	0	0	1	0
Walters, cf	5	2	3	2	0	0
Griffin, rf	5	1	2	1	0	1
Massey, 1b	4	1	1	11	0	0
Eagan, lf	4	2	1	2	0	0
Sullivan, ss	4	3	2	3	2	0
Maguire, 3b	5	1	2	4	5	0
Boyd, c	3	0	0	4	3	0
Gillon, p	5	2	0	1	1	1
Totals	14	11	27	12	2	

* McFarland batted for Gannon in the ninth.

Score by innings—

Montreal	0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0—3
Scranton	0 4 0 2 0 3 5 0 x—14

Summary—Earned runs, Montreal, 2; and Scranton, 2. First base on errors—Montreal, 1; Scranton, 7. Two base hits—Henry, Maguire. Home run—Butler. Left on bases—Montreal, 7; Scranton, 8. First base on balls—Off Bannon, 6; off Gillon, 3. Struck out—By Gannon, 3; by Gillon, 3. Stolen bases—Sullivan. Double plays—Shannon to Dooley; Shannon to Berger to Dooley; Sullivan to Massey. Passed ball—Butler. Sacrifice hits—Walters, Boyd. Time, 2.10. Umpire, Mason. Attendance, 300.

Second Game.

Montreal.	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
Shannon, ss	3	2	1	3	7	0
Bannon, lf	3	1	1	1	1	0
Butler, rf	4	1	2	2	0	0
Dooley, 1b	5	0	2	8	2	0
Richter, cf	5	2	1	2	0	2
Henry, 3b	3	1	2	2	6	1
Berger, 2b	3	0	0	5	0	5
McNamara,	4	0	1	2	0	0
Yerrick, p	4	1	2	0	3	1
Total	34	8	12	*25	19	7

Scranton	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
Bonner, 3b	5	0	1	5	5	0
Walters, cf	5	1	1	2	0	0
Griffin, rf	5	0	1	0	0	0
Massey, 1b	4	2	1	15	0	0
Eagan, lf	5	3	3	2	0	0
Sullivan, ss	5	1	3	1	5	0
Maguire, 3	4	1	0	0	3	0
Gunson, c	4	0	1	2	4	1
Johnson, p	4	1	0	0	1	0
Totals	9	11	27	18	1	

*One out when winning run was made.

Score by innings—

Montreal	0 2 0 0 4 0 0 0 2—8
Scranton	0 4 2 0 0 0 0 0 3—9

Summary—Earned runs, Montreal, 3, and Scranton, 3. First base on errors, Scranton, 7. Two base hits, Shannon, Dooley, Sullivan. Left on bases, Montreal, 6; and Scranton, 6. First base on balls, off Yerrick, 1; off Johnson, 7. Struck out, by Yerrick, 1; by Johnson, 2. Stolen bases, Bannon, Richter, Henry. Double play, Maguire to Sullivan to Massey. Passed ball, McNamara, 1. Umpire, Mason. Time of game, 2.00. Attendance, 1,500.

The following is the standing of the clubs in the Eastern League:—

	Won.	Lost.	Percent.
Syracuse	74	46	.616
Toronto	65	46	.585
Buffalo	68	51	.575
Springfield	63	48	.567
Providence	63	52	.547
Scranton	49	54	.475
Montreal	39	73	.348
Wilkesbarre	28	79	.261

AQUATICS.

GAUDAUR DEFEATS MURPHY.

Winnipeg, Man., Sept. 6.—The handicap race on the Red River here to-day, between Jake Gaudaur, champion oarsman, and trainer Murphy, of the Winnipeg Rowing Club, proved an easy victory for Gaudaur. The stakes were $250.

DANGEROUS WRITING INKS.

Professor Marpmann has recently examined sixty-seven kinds of ink, such as are used in schools, and has arrived at results which show that it may, under certain circumstances, be dangerous to wound oneself with an inky pen. What applies to Leipzig likely applies elsewhere, therefore school children should be careful.

Most of the inks he examined were made of gall nuts, and contained a large quantity of micrococci bacteria and fungi. One sample, made of nigrosine, an aniline pigment, and taken from a newly-opened bottle, also contained quantities of fungi and baccili. From a red and blue sample the Professor cultivated a baccillus which killed a mouse in four days; but they were taken from bottles which had been opened for three months.

The moral to be derived from these facts is that ink bottles must be kept carefully closed when not in use, especially during the intervals between the lessons in schools. It is also advisable to abandon the bad habit of wetting pens with the tongue.

TO ENTER THE BRITISH ARMY.

Berlin, Sept. 6.—The 'Lokal Anzeiger's' Copenhagen correspondent says that Prince Charles of Denmark, who a year ago married the Princess Maud, the youngest of the Prince of Wales's three daughters, yielding to his wife's wishes, has at last decided to enter the British navy, and to take up his residence in England.

NOTES AND NOTICES.

Mr. W. H. Leach, the Montreal representative of the Morris Piano, left for Toronto last night, where he will spend some days visiting the exhibition. Mr. Leach has instructions to select several instruments from the 'Morris Piano Exhibit' for Montreal purchasers, among them being Mr. William Reid, the well-known organist of the American Presbyterian Church.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

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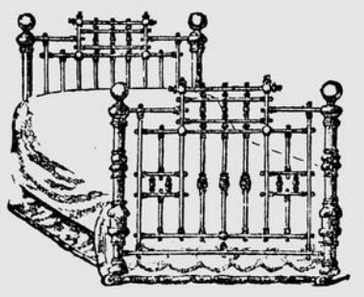

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COOKSHIRE FAIR.

OPENED THIS MORNING UNDER BRIGHT SKIES.

CATTLE EXHIBIT PROBABLY THE BEST ON RECORD—OTHER DISPLAYS.

Cookshire, Que., Sept. 7.—The Cookshire Fair opened this morning under the most favorable circumstances of any yet held. The weather is perfect. The entries are all made and are the largest ever yet received. The live stock exhibit will perhaps not be excelled in this province, the various classes in the cattle show are all full. The farm produce, such as grain, is not up to last year, owing to the wet season, but vegetables are ahead of former years. The fruit exhibit is not good. The ladies' department is much more extensive than ever before and the fancy work is very attractive.

Miss E. M. Rad's display of paintings and portrait sketches is very fine.

The showrooms of Messrs. Wilson & Sons, and of Le Baron, of Sherbrooke, containing pianos, organs, sewing machines, etc., are made specially attractive this year.

The poultry exhibit, in charge of Mr. H. O. Wilson of Sherbrooke, merits special notice, as the display is excellent.

The side shows, merry-go-rounds, etc., are more numerous than usual and are in full blast, and the harvest of small coins is being reaped, and various humbugs are succeeding in humbugging the dupes, who are numerous.

The bicycle race at three o'clock this afternoon, for a cup given by the members of the association, is attracting much attention. Large crowds are gathering and the success of the exhibition is assured.

THE MONTREAL CHINESE MISSION

DR. PERCY LESLIE'S DEPARTURE FOR CHINA.

(To the Editor of the 'Witness.')

Sir,—Dr. Percy C. Leslie, about to leave for Honan, China, on Sunday evening addressed the teachers and scholars of Knox Church Chinese Sunday-school, basing his remarks on the words, 'And greater works than these shall ye do, because I go unto my Father,' closing with Paul's exhortation that we present our bodies a living sacrifice, holy, acceptable unto God, our reasonable service. He asked a message from the scholars to their countrymen amongst whom he is to labor. An appeal in favor of Christianity, and urging its claims upon them is to be prepared. Quite a number of the Chinese among others, shook hands with Dr. Leslie at the close of the exercises, one expressing himself as 'ten parts' glad he was going to labor in China.

An interesting fact is recalled by Dr. Leslie's departure. It is just ninety years ago that the first Protestant missionary to the Chinese arrived at Macao, Sept. 4, 1807. A letter just received from Mr. Robert Morrison Hobson, now of Toronto, grandson of that pioneer missionary, and who some time since addressed our teachers and scholars here, says: 'I hope the occasion may be an incentive to us, though we don't wish to 'worship our ancestors,' and that wherein they followed the Lord Jesus it may be inspiring to remember their faith and victory. The date makes us consider what God hath wrought in heathen lands, and is doing, as a foretaste of the day when the Lord Jesus shall come again to this sin-stained world and begin his benign reign.' In speaking of a letter just to hand from his mother, the daughter of the Rev. Dr. Morrison, now residing in London, England, he remarks: 'Her vitality, physical and mental, are wonderful.' So recent are China missions. As a 'native of Canton' he encloses a contribution in support of our native preachers in that locality.

A little earlier in this year was also observed the jubilee of the English Presbyterian Mission, celebrating the going out of their first missionary, the Rev. William C. Burns, who just prior to going to China spent a term in Montreal and preached in Knox Church. He followed Dr. Morrison out to that same Canton field. It is quite possible that the Chinese tune our schools use to the words 'Safely through another week' was of his arranging. The remark of the Taiping rebels when he mingled among them at much risk is significant: 'That's the man of the Book; he must not be touched.' That 'sword of the Spirit' was his protection. There has lately been erected at Chao-chow-fu, Canton province, a Burns memorial hospital through the generosity of Mr. George Barbour of Bonskeid, Scotland.

Our interests in China are increasing, in view of the above facts, and that one of our former teachers, Miss King, is most zealously at work in Yang-cheo, China, a recent communication from her attests. It manifests continued praverful interest in the Chinese work here, and bespeaks prayerful sympathy in her behalf. Then besides our considerable annual contribution from these schools, their Sabbath collections, going one half to Honan and one half to Formosa, the people of Montreal are now supporting four native workers in South China. A number of our scholars have also returned to China to exert a good influence in their native villages. One from whom much had been expected, a member of Knox Church, died soon after his return to China. While he was for a time in a Montreal hospital he was asked by a nurse what he would like to read. He replied, 'The bible.' Many of them are more familiar with the bible than with any reading book other than their English-Chinese primer. Those of the Chinese Sunday-schools that have not continued during the summer have reopened their doors, and it is hoped all the teachers who have so faithfully served this work in the past may be prompt and regular in attendance during the coming months, counting it a privilege to devote one hour in a hundred and sixty-eight to foreign missions at home, and remembering the recompense of reward—a motto for the new term—'they that are teachers shall shine as the brightness of the firmament, and they that turn many to righteousness as the stars for ever and ever.

J. C. T.

WESTMOUNT NOTES.

A WOODYARD ORDERED TO BE REMOVED.

Coroner McMahon had more cases than usual to deal with in his capacity of magistrate at Westmount this morning. Two bicyclists, for riding without lamps, were given the option of one dollar or eight days each. An older man, who pleaded that he could not read, was fined two dollars or fifteen days for taking a heavy cart on Western avenue, the magistrate remarking that he should attend night school. A man who had given his word to appear to answer to the charge of drunkenness, sent his wife to receive his sentence. The latter was told that her husband must appear himself to-morrow. The most important case was that of William Bell, who pleaded guilty to keeping a lumber yard between Metcalfe and Abbott streets without a permit. The locality contains a number of wooden residences, and Mr. Bell was given eight days to have the yard removed, sentence remaining suspended.

BRANTFORD'S AMBITION.

Mayor Elliott of Brantford, Ont., and a deputation of three other gentlemen, waited upon Mr. Hays, general manager of the Grand Trunk, to-day, with respect to the establishment of a malleable iron and coupling works in that town. Negotiations with this end in view have been in progress for some time past between the Grand Trunk and the municipal authorities of Brantford. Several questions are involved, including exemption, etc. The matter is now in a formative stage, and nothing definite can be stated as to the result of the interview. The question was pretty fully gone into, but further negotiations will probably be necessary before a final decision is reachod.

MACKAY INSTITUTION.

The Mackay Institution for Protestant Deaf Mutes and the Blind and for children of defective speech and hearing enters on its twenty-seventh session on Wednesday, Sept. 8, with an experienced and efficient staff of teachers and of instructors of trades. A full attendance is anticipated. The building and grounds are in perfect order, and everything in readiness for the reception of the pupils.

THE CANAL DROWNING.

An inquest was opened at the morgue this morning on the remains of George Breteau, who was drowned in the Lachine canal off the barge 'Ste Marie.' All the witnesses not being present, the hearing was adjourned for a week.

RAILWAY ACCIDENTS.

'Yes, it's really funny at times,' remarked the local railway man, 'how things will happen. Men lose their lives every day because they become careless or unable to realize the danger of their occupation. A good many years ago I was conductor of a freight train, and one night we ran to a meeting point on the main line, with orders to await a train which was running in. The latter was a bit late, and my train was resting quietly on the main line, it having the right of way. The in-freight, by the common laws of railroading and according to orders, should have heaved in sight, as the sailors say, and then slowed down and gone on to the siding, so that my train could proceed on its way up the road.

'I was seated in the cab of the engine when the headlight of No.— flashed in sight some two miles off. It grew in size, and the train came on without any apparent reduction in its speed. I thought it was coming too near and said so to the engineer. No. — kept up his lick, and I suddenly realized that if it did not stop, and that quickly, there would be trouble. As I thought of this I involuntarily grasped the reversing lever and threw it back. The other train came dashing along, and then I saw that if we remained where we were my train would get hurt, so I pulled back the throttle and the train began pumping backward, but not fast enough to escape, and calling to the engineer and fireman, I reversed the lever again to check her back motion and leaped for the ground. While I jumped the trains came together, and there was a vast deal of damage done to the front end of the locomotives. When the fuss was over, I climbed into the cab of the other engine and found it empty. Fearing that the men might be hurt, I grasped a lantern and started out to hunt them up. I had not gone more than fifty feet when I came across a figure lying alongside of the ties. It was the engineer. "Are you hurt?" I asked, and he replied in a sleepy voice that he was not. He had tumbled out of his cab. Well, to make a long story short, it turned out that both engineer and firemen had been tired out, had gone to sleep, forgot all about orders and meeting points and were asleep to within a minute or two before the crash took place, and then, sleepily realizing what was going to happen, had rolled from their seats and alighted on the soft earth of the embankment.'—New Orleans 'Times-Democrat.'

PENDING HIS WIFE'S DEATH

THOMAS CANNIFF'S SERIOUS POSITION.

Judge Desnoyers had before him this morning a case which may result in murder. On Sept. 1 Lieut. Fox of No. 7 Police station received the following letter:

'I was called to Mr. Timothy Canniff's, 143 Colborne street, and found his wife suffering from puerperal fever brought on through neglect. She is in a serious condition at this present moment. Moreover I found her suffering from a severe headache. After examining the head, I felt three or more lumps. She also has two black eyes. Having asked her the cause of this she. Mrs. Canniff told me that it was a beating that her husband gave her on Sunday evening last. I have no hopes of the case at this present moment and tried to have her admitted to two hospitals in this city, but could not.

THOMAS LOVETT, M.D.

Captain Fennell of No. 7 supplements this document with the following affidavit:

'I am credibly informed and have reason to believe that on the 29th day of August last at the city of Montreal Timothy Canniff unlawfully and maliciously did commit an aggravated assault upon one Mrs. Canniff, his wife, by striking her with a broom handle on her forehead and violently pushing her against a table, thereby causing her life to be endangered.'

Canniff was arraigned for the first time this morning in the Police Court. He pleaded not guilty and claimed that his wife would never say that about him and wanted her up. It was explained to the Court that the unfortunate woman is dying and that her presence was impossible. Owing to this fact Canniff, who bears the marks of dissipation in his face, was remanded for eight days awaiting the expected death of his wife when the charge against him will be changed to that of murder.

CONCERT AT BACK RIVER.

On Friday night last the new hall of St. Andrew's Church, Back River, was filled to overflowing with an enthusiastic audience, who enjoyed one of the best concerts and entertainments that have ever been given in that place. The whole affair was entirely the work of the summer residents under the leadership of Messrs. Radford and Gurd, and the aim in view was to raise money for the building fund, while at the same time affording the audience an evening of wholesome pleasure. The hall had been tastefully decorated for the occasion with an abundance of flags and bunting, a floral design of St. Andrew's cross occupying a prominent position. Mr. Radford as master of ceremonies, read a letter from the Mayor of Montreal, Mr. R. Wilson-Smith, expressing regret at not being able to preside at the concert owing to official engagements with the British Medical Association. He, however, expressed his cordial good wishes. The Hon. James Innes, formerly M.P. for Wellington, South Riding, however, kindly consented to take the chair, and right worthily did he fill it. The programme was of a most interesting nature, opening with a brilliant piano solo by Professor Webster. The tableaux introduced during the evening gave a delightful variation. The following ladies took part in the tableaux and executed their different parts well:—The Misses Macartney, Josephine Macartney, Gamble, Valda Smith, Muriel and Olive Gurd, Emily Radford, Maud Baylis, Frances and Janet Kydd, while Messrs Ellis Kydd, W. Mallabar and Albert Hewton gave a beautiful tableau, 'The Last Call,' and figured in 'Darby and Joan.' All the pieces were beautiful in the pose of the figures and in the delightful costumes, while the singing of Miss Macartney during the scenes gave an additional charm to the silent pictures. The musical portion of the programme was under the direction of Prof. Webster of Montreal, who very kindly volunteered his services for the occasion. Two part songs, 'Ye Banks and Braes o' Bonnie Doon,' and 'The Belfry Tower,' were well rendered by a choir of fourteen voices. Mrs. Gurd made a capital pianist. Solos were given by Miss Macartney, Miss Manville, the pupil of Prof. Webster, and Miss Haensall, by Messrs. J. Tedford, W. Mallabar and Chas. Gurd, who were each encored, the last named singing 'Father O'Flynn' in great style. A surprising exhibition of whistling was given by Mr. T. Forest, who was repeatedly encored, and the humorous reading 'Generalship,' by Mr. W. J. Common, evoked frequent bursts of laughter. Everyone seemed thoroughly satisfied with the programme which was gone through without any hitch whatever. At the conclusion of the National Anthem the incumbent, the Rev. S. H. Mallinson, moved a very hearty vote of thanks to the chairman and to those who had done so much to make the evening enjoyable. This was unanimously carried. Much of the success of the evening was due to the energetic action of Mr. Radford, who was most ably assisted by the ladies Mesdames Radford and Gurd and Miss Leslie. This summer has been one of great encouragement to the church people of St. Andrew's and they appreciate very much the cordial feelings exhibited by the summer residents.

BETHLEHEM CHURCH, WESTMOUNT.

The Rev. R. Hopkin left yesterday by steamer for the West on a brief holiday trip. It is expected that in his absence, the Rev. Dr. George, Principal of the Congregational College, Montreal, will preach in Bethlenem Church, Westmount, on Sunday, Sept. 12. On the succeeding Sunday, Mr. A. B. Ross will preach.

A HEAVY LIST.

To-day's list of prisoners before the Recorder numbered seventy-seven names, the largest on record for many years back. The offenders were subdivided as follows:—Seventeen for riding a bicycle without a license, forty-five for being drunk, and the balance for trifling offences against the by-laws. Of the entire seventy-seven only twenty-five went down to jail for inability to pay the small fines inflicted. The number of female arrests were eight.

RELEASED ON PERSONAL BAIL.

In the matter of the murder of Edward Fennell, Alexander Graham, accused in connection with Davidson of the crime, was up for final enquete in the Police Court this morning. The evidence was very weak as regards Graham and he was admitted to liberty in his own bail to appear when called on.

IN THE POLICE COURT.

In the Police Court this morning a woman named Helen Macdonald and a man named Moise (black) Gervais were arraigned on a charge of stealing a stove from the C.P. Railway station at Outremont. They were remanded for enquete. Helen Macdonald pleaded guilty, while Gervais denied the charge.

FULLER HEAVILY FINED.

John George Fuller, the painter who deprived Thomas W. Matthews, a fellow painter of his eye, in a half-drunken scuffle, was fined this morning in the Court of Special Sessions by Judge Dugas fifty dollars and costs or two months in jail.

SAILOR'S BODY NOT FOUND.

Mr. McGerry was searching for the body of the drowned sailor, Louis, today, but could not find it. He says it is under the SS. 'Ormidale,' which he was painting at the time he fell into the water. After the 'Ormidale' leaves tomorrow morning the search will be continued, and it is more than probable that the body will be found.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Donald Macmaster, Q.C., Mrs. Macmaster and family returned to the city to-day from New Brunswick, where they spent the summer months.

Dr. Robert Wilson, professor of materia medica and therapeutics at Bishop's College, has returned to town after a few weeks' rest in the White Mountains.

AN INTERESTING WILL CASE.

Buffalo, N.Y., Sept. 7.—A civil action entitled 'Howard Sidney Benham,' an infant by Mary Farrant, as guardian ad by Mrs. Farrant to exclude Benham and others, had its initial hearing before Justice Childs in the Supreme Court special term, to-day. The action is brought by Mrs. Farrant to exclude eBnham and others from obtaining any part of the estate of the late Florence Benham. The complaint cites that in her will Florence Benham bequeathed $5,000 to her son, Howard Sidney Benham; $2,000 to Earl Farrant, and the balance, amounting to $35,000, to Howard C. Benham, her husband. It alleges that to prevent a revocation of the bequests in his favor, Benham poisoned his wife, and it is further alleged that on July 29 last Benham was convicted of that crime at Batavia. Justice Childs reserved decision.

LUMBERMEN IN TORONTO.

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 7.—A large number of Canadian and American lumbermen came into the city this morning and held a private conference at the Rossin House in regard to the condition of the trade. This afternoon they will wait on the Premier and make repreeentation to him. Messrs. John Charlton, M.P., and W. A. Charlton, M.P.P., are among the lumbermen in attendance and will introduce the deputation to the government. The deputation will no doubt be in harmony with those of the Messrs. Charlton on the subject of the lumber trade.

FINE TENNIS AT TORONTO.

Toronto, Sept. 7.—The Toronto lawn tennis tournament was resumed this morning. The weather was rather threatening at first, but cleared off somewhat as the day advanced. Some very fine tennis was shown in the match between Mrs. Smith and Mrs. Whitehead in the ladies singles, the event going to Mrs. Smith by 6—1, 6—4. The score, however, by no means represents the relative strength of the two ladies, for every game was well and hotly contested. Miss Summerhayes beat Miss Johnston also in the ladies' singles by 6—1,, 6—4. In the open singles Ware beat Fefroy in a good game by 6—2, 6—4, and Forbes beat Osborne rather easily by 6—2, 6—0.

In the gentlemen's doubles Whitman and Budlong, the American cracks, defeated Gzowski and Hollingshead, 6—2, 6—4.

THE INDIAN UPRISING.

London, Sept. 7.—The 'Times' Simla correspondent says that in addition to dispersing the Lughmanis, who had been collected by the Mullah's disciples, and were about to join the Mullah, the Ameer's troops also scattered a body of Shinwaris who had assembled, intending to enter and hold the Khyber Pass for the Afridis. The Ameer, the correspondent says, is plainly determined to keep the tribesmen in check, and measures will be taken by his orders that will cripple the Mullah's power, and probably prevent further risings.

AFRICAN CABLE INTERRUPTED.

New York, Sept. 7.—The Commercial Cable Company announces that the cable between Mozambique and Lorenzo Marques is interrupted, cutting off telegraphic communication with Mozambique, Madagascar, Seychelles Islands, and Mauritius and Zanzibar.

A WARNING TO BICYCLE THIEVES.

In the Court of Special Sessions before Judge Dugas this morning Joseph Gagnon was sent to jail for one month for stealing a bicycle. It appears that Gagnon rented a wheel from McPhail & Sloyd's livery, giving a false name and address. He did not return the wheel, selling it instead, hence his present position.

'A TYPICAL HIGHLANDER.'

(Stirling 'Observer,' Aug. 18.)

This is the designation which a Scotch correspondent in the 'World' applies to Sir Robert Menzies of Menzies, and it is not misapplied. Although eighty years of age, Sir Robert walked the other day fourteen miles over the Moor of Ranmoch to do some business on some of his property there, and walked back again as little fatigued as if he had just been having a turn in his own avenue. He has since started for the shootings like the good sporteman he is. No fine beds or champagne luncheons for him. He sleeps in a small hill-tent on the moor. His practice is to return late on Saturday evenings to his home at Aberfeldy, and at daybreak on the Monday morning he is off again over the moor. He moves his tent daily, and is, practically speaking, not to be found for a week. Doctors may warn him of the strain he is putting on his strength, but he just smiles at them and lights his pipe. Sir Robert, the correspondent goes on to say, was colonel of one of the Highland Volunteer Regiments in Perthshire, and was induced to retire only last year. He did so reluctantly. A few years ago he was called upon by the War Office to retire owing to age. He sent a characteristic reply. He invited the War Office to send the best marching officer in the army, and he would walk him on the top of Schiehallion and back, and if the army 'ped' beat him he would retire. Schiehallion is a mountain between Aberfeldy and Loch Rannoch, 3547 feet above sea level. Needless to say, the offer was not accepted by the War Office. Sir Robert Menzies rowed in the University Boat Race somewhere about the time of the Queen's accession.

STRONG AND ACTIVE.

TORONTO STREET, M.S.R., C.P.R., AND RICHELIEU AND DOMINION COTTON STOCKS ALL MAKE ADVANCES.

WITNESS OFFICE, Sept. 7, 1897.

The business accumulating since Friday, helped to make the morning session of the local stock exchange a busy one, and more than thirty-two hundred shares changed hands altogether. Gas was again the leader with sales of 1,175 shares at 194, the closing price on Friday. Toronto Street was also active, 750 shares changing hands. This stock opened at 83, and closed at 83¼, an advance on last sale of Friday of ⅝ point. Montreal Street Railway and Richelieu were both fairly active, the former at an advance of 1 point, and the latter at an advance of 2⅜ points over closing sales on Friday. Canadian Pacific Railway showed a gain of 1 pt. on sales of 100 shares; Dominion Coal Preferred sold 1 point off to 108, and Dominion Cotton showed a further advance.

The sales at the morning board were as follows—50 Canadian Pacific at 73¼, 25 at 73½; 25 at 73⅜, 1,175 Gas at 194, 312 Montreal Street Railway at 122½, 25 Toronto St. Railway at 83, 225 at 83½, 400 at 83¼, 100 at 83¼, 250 Richelieu at 97½, 25 at 97⅜, 125 New Street at 213, 10 Merchants Bank at 180, 125 Dominion Cotton at 81, 33 at 81½, 25 Colored Cotton at 40, 75 Dominion Coal at 109, 25 at 108¾, 25 at 108.

The afternoon sales were:—25 Can. Pac. at 75⅝, 50 Gas at 194¼, 850 at 194½, 50 at 194⅝, 275 at 194½, 25 St. Ry. at 222½, 150 at 223, 25 at 223¼, 25 at 223½, 350 at 224, 25 Toronto St. Ry. at 83¼, 50 at 83⅜, 25 at 83½, 25 Richelieu at 100, 300 at 99½, 25 at 99¼, 25 Taylor Hydraulic at 75, 50 North-West Land pfd. at 56¾, 100 Dominion Cotton at 80½, 100 New Street at 214, 200 at 214¼.

Reported by Messrs. Nichols & Marler.

	Buyers.	Sellers.	Counter.
New York Funds	1-16 dis.	1-32 dis. par.	to 1-16 prem.
Sterling, 60 days	8⅝	8¾	87/8 to 9
Sterling, demand	9⅜	9½	9⅝ to 9¾
Sterling Cables	9⅝	9⅝	9¾ to 9⅞

Reported by Messrs. Nichols & Marler, Stock Brokers, corner Notre Dame and St. Francois Xavier streets.

Stocks	Sellers per $100	Buyers per $100
Canadian Pacific	73¼	73
do. do. Land Bonds	....	....
Duluth S.S. & Atlantic	4½	4
Do. do. pref	9	7
Grand Trunk 1st Pref	....	....
Do. do. 2nd Pref	....	....
Commercial Cable	184	183¼
Montreal Telegraph	180	176½
Richelieu & Ont. Nav. Co	110	99
Montreal St. Railway Co	224½	224
Montreal Street Railway (New)	215	214¼
Montreal Street Railway Rights	....	....
Montreal Gas Co	194½	194¼
Bell Telephone	175	169
Do. do. Bonds	....	....
Royal Electric	140	135
Bank of Montreal	240	235
Ontario Bank	....	90
Bank of British North America	....	....
La Banque du Peuple	....	....
Molsons Bank	210	200
Bank of Toronto	235	225½
La Banque Jacques Cartier	....	....
Merchants Bank	....	179
Do. do. of Halifax	....	....
Eastern Townships Bank	....	150
Quebec Bank	....	120
La Banque Nationale	90	....
Union Bank	....	101
Canadian Bank of Commerce	140	134
La Banque Ville Marie	100	70
Hochelaga Bank	142	140
Intercolonial Coal	....	....
Do. Pref. Stock	....	....
North-West Land	....	....
Canada Shipping Co	....	....
Canada Paper	....	....
Champlain and St. Lawrence Bonds	....	....
Montreal Cotton	140	133
Can. Col. Cot. Mills Co	50	30
Do. do. bonds	....	....
Merchant's Manufacturing Co	135	120
Dominion Cotton Mills Co	82½	81
Do. do. Bonds	....	....
Loan and Mortgage Co	83¼	82½
Toronto Street Railway	....	....
Postal	....	....
Halifax Tram	114	112
Do. do. bonds	....	....
Heat & Licht	....	....
St. John Railway	....	....
Halifax Electric	....	....
Cornwall Street Railway	....	....
Dom. Coal pref	108	106
" " Com	....	....
" " Bonds	....	....

NEW YORK STOCK LIST

(Furnished by J. R. Meeker.)

Opening and Closing Prices—10 a.m. and 3 p.m.

Atchison	15¾	15⅝
Can. Southern	58⅛	58
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	99	99¼
Del. & Hudson	119	119
Del. Lack & West	....	....
Louis & Nash	62⅝	62⅜
Lake Shore	177½	17.½
Manhattan Consolidated	107	107
Missouri Pacific	40	39
Nor. American	53⅛	56⅛
Nor. Pac. pfd	....	....
New Jersey Central	96¼	96¼
Nor. West	126½	126¼
N. Y. Central	111¾	111¾
Omaha, Common	80⅝	80
Pacific Mail	37¾	37⅝
Reading, Philadelphia	....	....
Richmond Terminal	36½	36⅜
Rock Island, Chico. & Pac	93	92¾
United States Leather	....	....
St. Paul, Chico. & Minn	99	98⅜
St. Paul, Minn. & Man	....	....
Texas Pacific	14⅝	14⅛
Union Pacific	17¼	17
Wabash Com	24	23⅝
Wabash pfd	....	....
Weste-n Union Tel	95¾	95⅛
Sugar	155¼	156⅜
Lead	39	38⅜
Gas, Chicago	104½	104
Gen. Electric	38⅛	8⅜
Rubber	20⅝	19⅜

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, Sept. 7.—10.10 a.m.—The market opened generally higher under the impetus of better prices in London. The gain extended to 1½ in Northern Pacific preferred, the price of the stock opening from 52¾ to 54, with running sales of 4,300 shares. The whole market eased off soon after the opening under realizing sales.

Opening prices—Atchison, 15¾; sugar, 155¼; General Electric, 33⅞; Chicago Gas, 104½; Burlington, 98¾; Rock Island, 93; St. Paul, 98⅝; North-West, 126½; Louisville, 62¾; Southern preferred, 36½; Manhattan, 107; Missouri Pacific, 40.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

The following table shows the range of prices in Chicago to-day, and the closing quotations as compared with those of yesterday:—

	Yesterday's Close.	To-day's Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—					
Sept.	94½	96	96½	95¾	96¼
Dec.	93⅝	95¾	96¼	94½	96¼
May	94⅛	96¼	96⅝	94⅞	96½
Corn—					
Dec.	32½	33	33¾	32¾	33½
May	35¾	36½	36⅝	36	36¼
Oats—					
Dec.	20¾	20¾	20¾	20½	20⅝
May	23¼	23⅝	23⅝	23⅜	23½
Pork—					
Oct.	8.55	8.67	8.75	8.62	8.72
Dec.	8.52	8.80	8.82	8.70	8.82
Lard—					
Oct.	4.75	4.72	4.80	4.72	4.80
Dec.	4.82	4.80	4.87	4.80	4.85
Short ribs—					
Oct.	5.85	5.60	5.62	5.55	5.62
Dec.	5.05	5.00	5.05	5.00	5.00

WHEAT HIGHER.

DECEMBER AND MAY OPTIONS ADVANCE MORE THAN TWO CENTS.

The course of the wheat market in Chicago to-day was decidedly upwards. September opened at 96c, or 1½c above the last quotation of Friday, advanced to 96½c, and closed at 96¼c. December opened at 95¾c to 95½c, advanced to 96¼c and closed at 96½c, the latter 2¾c above Saturday's closing. May wheat closed at 96½c, or 1⅝c above Saturday's close. The decrease in the visible supply is 656,000 bushels, compared with a week ago, and 33,587,000 bushels, compared with a year ago. The decrease on passage to the United States is 240,000 bushels compared with last week, and the increase of passage to the Continent is 1,000,000 bushels. Corn advanced more than a cent, and oats were stronger. Pork and short ribs were lower, and lard made from 2½c to 5c advance.

Detroit, Sept. 6, Closing—97¾c Sept., 98c Dec.

Milwaukee, Sept. 6, Closing—$1.01 Sept., 95c Dec.

St. Louis, Sept. 6, Closing—97⅜c Sept., 99c bid Dec., $1.00½ May.

Toledo, Sept. 6, Closing—98c Sept., 95½c Dec.

New York, Sept. 6, Closing—$1.02¾ Sept., $1.01 Oct., $1.00 Dec., $1.00⅝ May.

WHEAT IN SIGHT.

	Sept. 6, '97	Aug. 30, '97	Sept. 7, '96
Visible supply U.S. & Can.	14,817,000	15,473,000	47,324,000
On passage to U.K.	8,960,000	9,200,000	12,560,000
On passage to Continent	10,960,000	8,720,000	8,240,000
Total	34,737,000	33,393,000	68,324,000

MANITOBA WHEAT.

CURRENT PRICES AND INCREASED STORAGE CAPACITY.

Winnipeg, Sept. 6.—Grain dealers are now buying wheat more freely throughout the province, but the market is not yet fully established. On Saturday prices ranged from 75 cent to 78 cents a bushel for No. 1 hard, according to the rate of freight.

Eighty new grain elevators and thirteen flat warehouses are now under construction or have been completed this year for the storage of grai in Manitoba and the North-West Territories. These, with the new elevators at Fort William, will increase the western storage capacity over four million bushels.

SILVER ADVANCES.

ON PURCHASES TO FULFIL CONTRACTS IN INDIA AND CHINA.

London, Sept. 7.—The advance in the price of silver is supposed to be due to the holding back of supplies by America and by the idea that silver currency will be wanted in India. The purchases were chiefly for immediate shipment by people having contracts to fulfil in India and China.

The 'Times' and the 'Standard' concur in the opinion that the impression that India will buy stilver is a mistaken one. The currency department of India holds a large quantity of silver, which would be released against gold in the event of gold being exported to India.

TORONTO MARKET.

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 7.—Market is quiet. Wheat, a good demand for export and for home millers. Ontario quoted at 83c to 85c. Manitoba wheat was firm at $1.01 to $1.02 for No. 1 hard and at Fort William, $1.09 for No. 1 hard Goderich, and $1.07 for No. 2 hard there. Flour, fair inquiry for export, and some good orders placed. Market firmer at $4.40 to $4.45 for cars of straight rollers in wood west. Mill feed unchanged at $11 for shorts and $7.50 for bran west. Rye scarce, there being none offering, and buyers quoting 1c to 2c at 45c east and 43c west. Corn firm at 2⅝ for yellow west. Oats steady at 21½c for mixed and 22½c for white north and west. Peas firm at 44c to 45c north and west.

BIRTHS.

PROWSE.—At 40 Park avenue, St. Henri, on Aug. 31, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. N. Prowse.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE A THOROUGHBRED English Mastiff Dog, very large and handsome, one year old. Apply at 67 St. Hypolite street.

LOST, ON SUNDAY AFTERNOON, a Young Fox Terrier, marked white and tan. Answers to the name of 'Jack.' Reward at 27 Chomedy street.

ROOM—4186 ST. CATHERINE. LARGE Furnished Room, for one or two gentlemen of quiet habits; permanent.

TO LET, FROM 1ST OCT., Nicely situated House in West End, containing 9 rooms. Apply 80 St. Luke street.

WANTED, BY A STEADY YOUNG MAN A situation as Storeman or Assistant Storeman; references if required. Apply to S.N.1, 'Witness' Office.

WANTED, A BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT and trustworthy Boy as Junior Clerk and Messenger. LINOTYPE COMPANY, 5 Bleury street.

WANTED, POSITION AS GOVERNESS or Mother's Help; best of references. Address A.M.P., Box 25, Longueuil.

QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

[We invite questions on all possible subjects of general interest, to which we shall do our best to obtain correct answers, and shall insert such queries and replies as we can make room for. This must not be used, however, as an advertising column or as an enquiry bureau for matters not of public interest. Every query must be accompanied with the name and postal address of the sender, and no notice will be taken of anonymous communications.]

MEDICAL.

[Letters for this department should be addressed "Medical Editor 'Witness,' Montreal." Should a subscriber ask any question which is not suitable for publication, a reply will be sent by mail if a stamped addressed envelope and $1, physician's fee, be enclosed with such question.]

MEDICINE FOR THE KLONDIKE.

In addition to the information given last week, perhaps the following list might be useful:—

Restoratives—Aromatic spirits of ammonium. Dose, 30 drops in over one ounce of water. Tincture of ginger. Dose, the same, taken in hot water. Beef tablets, gelatine preparation to make jelly or hot jelly water.

For use in fevers or inflammations, when first coming on, known by throbbing, tenderness, pain and (redness if external) sleeplessness and loss of appetite.—Rochelle salt. Dose, one teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water if constipated, if not in a whole tumbler of water, a tablespoonful every hour or two. Seidlitz powders are preferred by many and produce like laxative and cooling results if taken in a single dose.

For mineral water drink.—Carlsbad salts (artificial), contains sulphates and is useful in acute and chronic rheumatism, a 53-grain packet makes one pint of mineral water. Salicylate of sodium in drachm packages, to be taken in water. One dracam contains twelve five-grain doses, useful when old rheumatic joints swell up freshly. or one drachm contains four 15-grain or three 20-grain doses, suitable in an acute attack of inflammatory rheumatism when fever is high and pain great.

Citric acid to make a drink.—Citrate of iron in half drachm packages (8 doses). Quinine in five and two grain capsules. Two grains or less is simply tonic. Quite useful to prevent a cold if taken when shivery feelings come on. Very useful in debility. Five-grain capsules, two a day, will reduce fever and depress the system. This dose causes a sound in the ears and may not be needed, but in blood poisoning and some forms of grippe as well as in malaria it is more useful than other remedies.

Phenacetin in ten grain powders. Useful in headache, aching from grippe and neuralgia.

Lozenges mint and carbonate of ammonium tablets, useful in sour stomach, sick headache and influenza.

The following remedy may be useful in catarrhs of the head, bronchial tubes or bowels from taking cold:—Tincture of belladonna, one drachm; compound tincture of camphor, three drachms; wine of ipecac, two drachms; liquor of acetate of ammonium four drachms, syrup of Yerba Santa or tolu up to three ounces, mixed. Dose, a teaspoonful.

For Sore Throat—Chlorate of potash tablets, glycerine, tincture of perchloride of iron. Add ten drops of iron to a teaspoonful of glycerine and paint the throat if swollen dissolving the tablets of chlorate of potash in the mouth every few hours. In quinsy, which is abscess in the tonsil, wring out a thick flannel in very hot water, containing a teaspoonful of turpentine to a quart, and foment the throat for an hour; this should be done at the very first with a dose of Rochelle salt, and probably no more trouble will be experienced. Rub on belladonna liniment after the fomentation, and keep in the house with a fire. Compound rhubarb pills are more suitable as a mild purge than salts, where debility is evident, one may be enough. Paregoric, with doses marked on the bottle, is useful; ten drop doses, four a day, quiet spasmodic troubles and straining. Bromide of potash, ten grains, with twenty drops of paregoric, can be taken in severe attacks of neuralgia, about 8 p.m., using Menthol liniment externally.

External Applications — Belladonna liniment, very useful for pain and inflammatory troubles. Belladonna plaster; Menthol liniment, containing chloroform, is useful in lumbago, neuralgia and sciatica. Apply to the skin, but do not rub it in. Dilute it with a little oil for the face. Spirits of turpentine, a few drops for inhalation. One drop on sugar for flatulence, one-third with two-thirds oil, makes a liniment for bronchitis, pleurisy, or after hot water treatment, to prevent taking cold, and redden the skin.

Skin Diseases—Sulphur may be taken dry and mixed with warm lard as an ointment for skin disease, or to be added to zinc ointment. It is very useful in all parasitic skin diseases, especially the itch. A teaspoonful with molasses is an efficient laxative. Zinc ointment quiets and heals sores about the nose or lips, and eczema. Ten grains of sulphur may be added to an ounce for this purpose. It sometimes acts better diluted with vaseline. A pot of vaseline, cold cream, carbolized oil, one in forty, for itching of the skin. Mustard plaster, to redden the skin in chest troubles. Dry mustard to add to a foot bath, or thick meal poultice. Friar's balsam to heal a sluggish sore, touch proud flesh or a deep crack in the skin with it to make it heal up. Friar's balsam, which is tincture of benzoin, is antiseptic, added to an ointment, helps it to keep. It can be used for inhalation, like turpentine, a teaspoonful in a steaming jug of water. Very useful in watery colds.

Surgical Box—Articles for wounds should be kept separate from other things and carefully wrapped up from contact with impurities of any sort. A piece of oil silk may be used inside a box lined with firm white cotton. Inside a folded piece of oil silk may be placed some clean old linen or lint, surgeon's silk and needle, a new pot of vaseline, strong adhesive plaster to hold a wound together, or keep splints in place, and a roll of silk plaster for small cuts; a woollen bandage, four inches wide, and two or three yards long, which can be torn to the width needed, a little iodoform, gauze, and half an ounce of iodoform, a pair of scissors, a blunt probe, and small forceps. Powdered borax two ounces; powdered alum half an ounce, an eye-dropper and a clinical thermometer, with several layers of absorbent cotton.

HIVES—CATARRH—BOW-LEGS.

Question.—1. How can hives be cured? 2. While lying on my back something in my head feels as if it was going to drop down my throat, which causes me to cough and try to get rid of it. It does not appear to do me but the sensation is very disagreeable and when I rise in the morning I throw up a certain amount of whitish substance and a great deal of some through the nose, but it troubles me at all times more or less. How can I cure it? 3. I have a little boy about twenty months old who seems to be getting bow-legged. How can this be prevented and how straightened back to their proper shape? He is light weight and did not commence to walk until he was about fourteen months old. Ans.—1. Take a seidlitz powder or a dose of effervescing magnesia when attacked with hives. Paint them with glycerine of tannin. Some article of food which disagrees or a sour stomach may cause them. Avoiding the cause is the best cure. 2. The uvula may be swollen or relaxed, sometimes it becomes much too long and tickles the throat when directed backward by lying down. Try using a tonic astringent to gargle, and paint the sides of the throat. Glycerine of tannin, with a special brush, may be painted all over a relaxed throat or tincture of the perchloride of iron, one in ten of glycerine. Gargle with a saturated solution of borax and use myrrh, grated soap, and precipitate of chalk to the teeth or some good tooth paste. A visit to some resort where the air is crisp and clear as on mountains might be useful, but such a climate is supplied to Canadians in September and October at home. If astringent remedies do not relieve you show the throat to a doctor as there may easily be something which needs special care. The excessive secretion of mucus in the stomach and nostril seems to need medical care or at least medical examination, and advice based on the same. 3. Bow-legs is due to rickets, which is due to mal-nutrition. Under two and a half years the limbs of a child are bendable. A faithful and intelligent parent can bend the limbs toward the straight and so counteract the deformity by daily using this counteracting force mildly but steadily applied. No attempt to straighten a bowed limb at one or two or several sittings would be safe. Gentle impressions in right directions yield the best possible results in nature. Rickets is a sign that the food taken is either imperfect, not supplying all needs, or it is not properly digested and assimilated. At eighteen and twenty months children are much the better of a varied diet. Milk and farinaceous food may scur or be insufficient to prevent constipation. Strained vegetable soup thickened with barley or rice, oatmeal and barley flour porridge juicy meat chopped fine with a little of the juice which runs out of a joint of meat when cut, half a soft fresh egg, baked sweet apple without the skin or core, or a mealy potato broken down finely and mixed with cream to be eaten slowly, or chopped chicken or boiled fish worked into a little mealy potato with a fork, are very suitable food when the little teeth are come. Teach chewing by deliberate feeding and slips of crisp toast. Salt the food slightly and watch the bowels. This kind of feeding is better than artificial supplies of phosphates, but cod liver oil emulsified with gum arabic mucilage and diluted with compound syrup of iron phosphate will strengthen a weak constitution wonderfully sometimes if taken every winter during the first years of childhood. It may be taken in half teaspoonful doses between meals. If it does not agree after two weeks get the cod liver oil and phosphates in some other form and try again.

NOTES AND NOTICES.

$100 yearly in payments of $25.00 a quarter, will buy from us a superb piano by Heintzman & Co.; latest style of carved case and full agraffe bar, metal frame. The Lindsay-Nordheimer Company, 2366 St. Catherine street.

Board and Rooms Wanted.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

WANTED, BY GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, sitting-room and bedroom, without board, in positive private family. Peel street or west. Highest price paid. Apply D.N. 66, 'Witness' Office. 7

WANTED, FURNISHED ROOM, WITH OR without board, in central locality; state terms to URGENT 45, 'Witness' Office. 4

WANTED, ROOM AND BOARD BY YOUNG Lady, in private Protestant family, where no other boarders are kept. West End preferred. Address B 40, 'Witness' Office. 4

MCGILL COLLEGE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT. Persons desirous of having Medical Students as lodgers or boarders are requested to communicate by letter with Mr. JAMES COOK, Janitor, Medical Department, McGill University.

Pupils Wanted.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

PUPILS FOR LESSONS ON PIANO, BY competent Teacher, at 462 Guy street. 7

WANTED, PIANO PUPILS BY LADY Pupil of Prof. Ducharme, diplomas from Quebec Academy and Dominion College of Music. 32 Mackay, or 216 Greene ave. 7

WANTED, BEGINNERS IN PIANOFORTE Playing. CECIL G. EGG, 334 St. Antoine street. 6

AT PARKIN'S BUSINESS SCHOOL, 2446 St. Catherine street. Day and Evening Classes. September 13. Private Coaching in Arts. Charges moderate. Apply 659 Lagauchetiere street. 6

WANTED, A YOUNG LADY, French Protestant, desires to give lessons in French. Pupils may apply to E. LAURENT, 221 Mount Royal avenue, corner of Dufferin street. 1

Property.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

FOR SALE, A NICELY SITUATED SUburban Lot, convenient to cars; size 50 x 160; also 20 foot lane in rear. Address S.W. 16, 'Witness' Office. 7

FOR SALE, A BARGAIN, 22,000 feet Land in best part of Westmount. Apply to HOMER TAYLOR, 183 St. James street. 4

FOR SALE, A LOT ON FARM STREET, near Wellington street, for 30 cents a foot. GEORGE B. MUIR, City Hall. 4

FOR SALE, BARGAIN, TEN OR TWENTY acres, new 10 roomed house, banks of Maitland, 1¼ miles from most progressive, healthiest town in Canada. Two acres lawns and garden, seven acres orchard, 350 bearing trees, plums, peaches, pears, apples, cherries, quinces, etc., balance grass; 150 feet above Lake Huron; good water, roads, fine scenery. Suitable for gentleman retiring. Box 5, Goderich, Ontario. 3

FRED. R. ALLEY, 116St. James Street. REAL ESTATE BOUGHT AND SOLD. MONEY LOANED.

Employment Wanted.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it

WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, work by the day, washing or ironing. Apply 28 Balmoral street. 7

WANTED, A POSITION AS PLAIN COOK, by a middle aged person, willing to wash and iron. Apply 11 St. Bernard street. 6

A TRUSTWORTHY MAN DESIRES POSITION in warehouse or as storeman; well-educated, can use tools, familiar with heating and lighting arrangements; willing to make himself generally useful; wages not so much an object as permanent position; city references. Address W. 94, 'Witness' Office. 6

WANTED, DURING WINTER MONTHS, home in a Christian family; willing to care for furnace or horse, by boy who works during day in office. Address A.E.R. Y.M.C.A. Building. 6

WANTED, WASHING AND HOUSECLEANing by the day. MISS DICKEY, 163 St. Urbain street. 6

WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN work by the day, washing, ironing or housecleaning; best of city references given if required. Apply 44½ Aylmer st. 6

WANTED, A SITUATION AS NURSERY Governess. French Protestant recently from France. References: Dr. Amaron. Address FRENCH GOVERNESS, 'Witness' Office. 4

WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE ENGlish Woman, washing or housecleaning by day or week. 212 St. George street, in rear. 4

WANTED, A SITUATION BY A GOOD EXperienced Cook in a private family; city references. 90 St. George street. 4

WANTED, BY YOUNG LADY, Position as bookkeeper, or any kind of office work; best of references. Address D. 46, 'Witness' Office. 3

WANTED, BY A CLERGYMAN'S DAUGHter, situation as Companion to elderly lady; no objections to travel. Address, VALCARTIER P.O., Valcartier Village, P.Q. 3

To Let.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

TO LET, 697, 701 ST. PAUL STREET, 4 and 7 rooms, convenient and in good order. JOHN BURRELL, 185 St. James street. 4

TO LET, 609, 613 ST. PAUL STREET, 5 and 8 rooms, in nice order and central. JOHN BURRELL, Real Estate Agent, Temple Building. 4

TO LET, OR FOR SALE, RESIDENCE No. 572 Sherbrooke street, in perfect order; rat proof. Apply at 562 Sherbrooke st. 4

TO LET, 28 BALMORAL, 5 ROOMS, 165 St. Timothee street, 8 rooms, in best of order. JOHN BURRELL, Temple Building. 4

TO LET, AT COTE DES NEIGES, Maplewood Cottage, on Maplewood avenue, from the 1st of October, eight rooms; water in house; extension kitchen; good cellar. Apply to THOS. R. HUGHES, Cote des Neiges. 4

TO LET, 34 LINCOLN AVENUE, FINE, large House, in perfect order; all modern convenience; possession immediately. Apply F. E. Gilman, 138 St. James street. 4

TO LET, LOWER DWELLING HOUSE, 123 Durocher street, containing 6 rooms; all necessary improvements; in good order; newly tinted and papered throughout, [illegible] October 1st. Apply to Mr. J. M. KIR[illegible] 6 Imperial Buildings.

TO LET, NOS. 83, 37, 39 SHUTER STR[illegible] upper and lower dwellings; modern veniences, at reduced rent for balan[illegible] year. Apply 28 Donegana street.

SELF CONTAINED COTTAGE TO RE[illegible] partly furnished, 5 rooms, rent, $15.0[illegible] or to a party of gentlemen for $25 p[illegible] month. Apply 215 Pine avenue.

TO RENT, A SELF-CONTAINED HOUSE, 10 Rooms; rent $20.00 per month. Apply at 563 Upper St. Urbain street. 4

TO LET, LOWER TENEMENT, NO. 24½ Lorne avenue, newly painted and papered; also new 'Daisy' furnace; rent low. Apply P. McGOOGAN, 28 Aylmer street, or 102 St. Henry street. Key 24 Lorne ave 3

TO LET, 32 ROZEL STREET, St. Gabriel Ward, four nice rooms, newly painted and tinted. Rent $5.50 and $7.00. Apply 218 Greene ave. 2

TO LET, 25 YORK STREET, off Victoria avenue, Westmount, Upper Flat; latest improvements.

TO RENT OR SELL, NICE NEW COTtages, built for winter, and others building, for sale on easy monthly payments; also lots for sale. Call and see them. A. HARDIE, Gardenville ave., Longueuil, West End. 28

TO LET, CERTAIN PREMISES IN THE 'Witness' Building, consisting of a Store on the street level, and two well-lighted, well-finished, heated flats, immediately above said Store. These premises would be very suitable for a wholesale establishment requiring a shop or office on the ground floor, or would be let separately. Only first-class tenants need apply. Full particulars on application to Mr. WALLACE, 'Witness' Office.

TO LET,

HOUSES on COURSOL ST., FARM ST., FOURNIER AVE., Seigneurs st., COTE ST., VITRE ST.

All in Nice Order, Comfortable Dwellings, and Low Rents. J. M. M. DUFF, Imperial Building, 107 St. James st. 30

Financial.

FOR SALE

Several Lines of Good

BONDS and DEBENTURES

Suitable for Permanent Investment, to pay interest at rates varying from 4½ to 5¼ percent.

Full particulars on application to

HANSON BROS. Canada Life Chambers, Montreal.

Rooms and Board.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

ROOMS—FURNISHED ROOMS, 5 ROOMS, 3 to 4 dollars per month; every convenience. 22 St. Martin street. 7

ROOMS, UNFURNISHED, WITH OR Without Board. 50 Anderson street. 7

ROOM TO LET, LARGE AND NEATLY Furnished, suitable for two gentlemen of quiet habits; private family; no children; bathroom flat. Apply to 272a St. Antoine street. 7

COMFORTABLE FURNISHED FRONT Room, suitable for one or two persons, lady or gentleman, with or without board; terms moderate; central. 16 Balmoral st. 7

TO LET, TWO BEDROOMS, Furnished, in private family. Apply 12 Mackay street. 6

ROOMS, COMFORTABLE WINTER Quarters for family or gentlemen, with board, five minutes' walk from Windsor Hotel. 10 Phillips Place, Beaver Hall. 6

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN WILL find comfortable rooms with board; also table board, at 480½ Richmond street, near the square. 4

TO LET, NICELY FURNISHED DOUBLE room suitable for married couple or two gentlemen, with or without board. 26 Park avenue. 4

ROOMS—TWO WELL FURNISHED Rooms on bath-room flat, with all modern conveniences. Family private. 108 Union avenue. 4

'ARLINGTON HOUSE,' 842 Dorchester st., west of St. James Club. Rooms and board, table boarders. Early and late dinners. Table first-class. 4

ROOMS, UNFURNISHED, EXCELLENT order; conveniences for light housekeeping; also one furnished, bathroom flat; references required. 53 McGill College ave. 4

ROOMS—LARGE DOUBLE AND SINGLE room, on same flat, well furnished, Daisy furnace, electric light. 32 Mackay street. 4

BOARD, WITH OR WITHOUT ROOMS, at reasonable rates, at Waverley House, 742 Lagauchetiere street. 4

ROOMS, FOR STUDENTS OR TEACHERS, ladies or gentlemen; two rooms, single or double; family private. Apply 2692 St. Catherine street. 3

ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD, 79 St. Elizabeth street. 3

ROOMS—TWO VERY HANDSOMELY Furnished front rooms, part or full board; appointments, A1; family strictly private; location unsurpassed. 209 Mance street. 1

Wanted.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

WANTED, TO RENT, A DAIRY FARM, stocked; must be near railway; within forty or fifty miles from Montreal. Address J. SMITH, St. Anne de Bellevue, P.Q. 7

WANTED, TO PURCHASE, CAST-OFF Clothing, Furs, Carpets, Musical Instruments, Fire Arms, Bicycles. Good prices paid on account of having great demand. Address M. FRANK, 569 Craig street. 4

WANTED — BOUGHT, SOLD AND Exchanged, school and college books, and books of all kinds. Collections of postage stamps. Jubilee stamps of all denominations, used and unused; also Old Curiosities, etc. Address 2114 St. [illegible] street. 1

[illegible] FACTORY BUILDING FOR rent or purchase, or factory site for purchase, must have light on three sides; state price and particulars. LINOTYPE COMPANY, City. 28

Personal.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

WANTED—INFORMATION.—Avertiser will be greatly obliged if any one could furnish the address of Chas. Slade, supposed to have been a butcher; belonged to Oddfellows Lodge; may have gone to the States. In July 1890 he lived at 694 Dorchester street, Montreal. Address P.O. Box 225 Knowlton, P.Q. 4

IF THE PARENTS OF EDITH DORMER, now in the Ladies' Benevolent Institution, do not claim her before the 15th Sept., she will be given out for adoption. 30

PERSONAL—BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS 1856 Notre Dame. Beautiful Sets of Teeth for Ten Dollars. Fit and quality guaranteed. Painless extracting a specialty. All charges moderate.

Lost, Strayed and Found.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

STRAY DOG AT 2780 ST. CATHERINE street, small Brown Dog. Will the owner please call? 7

LOST, VIA DORCHESTER, ST. DENIS and Notre Dame streets, a bunch of Keys. Finder please notify 196 Berri street. 7

LOST, ON SUNDAY AFTERNTON, NEAR Douglas Church, a Black Lace Cape. Will the finder please return to 2780 St. Catherine street and be rewarded. 7

TAKEN BY MISTAKE, A DARK GREY Coat, at Lord Strathcona's Reception on Wednesday night, in one of its pockets a light tweed cap. Finder please return to No. 4 Beaver Hall square, where he will hear of his own. 6

Miscellaneous.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

THE REV. J. FREDERICK RENAUD, Immigration Chaplain, wishes to place in a good Christian home for adoption a little English lad, 6 years of age. Apply at THE ANDREWS' HOME, 46 Belmont Park, between 9 and 12 in the morning. 4

Classified Advertisements

CASH TARIFF.

Situations Vacant.
Situations Wanted.
Pupils Wanted.
Rooms To Let.
Articles Found.
Secondhand Articles, Wanted or For Sale.

20 Words FOR 10 Cents.

½c for each additional word. Six insertions for the price of four.

Houses For Sale.
Houses To Let.
Articles For Sale.

25 Words FOR 25 Cents.

1 cent for each additional word. Six insertions for the price of four.

Personals. **25 Words for 50c.**

Postage Stamps will be accepted.

NOTICE PARTICULARLY.

The above rates are CASH with order. When not prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher.

No charge made in our books for any advertisement of less than five lines space.

Situations Vacant.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

WANTED, A GENERAL SERVANT FOR Lachine; small family; no washing. Apply 239 University street. 7

WANTED, A YOUNG GIRL AS GENERAL Servant. Apply at 67 Tupper street. 7

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply 151 Metcalfe street. 7

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT, one able to wait on table. Apply between 6 and 9 p.m., at 12 Hanover street. References. 7

WANTED—AGENTS, WRITE FOR CATAlogues, prices, samples, all the latest novelties in the market. Manufacturers of catchy, salable goods. H. J. DALE, Gores Landing, Ont. 7

WANTED, YOUNG GIRL AS NURSE FOR two children. References required. Apply forenoon or evening, 4101 Sherbrooke st. cor. Wood avenue. 4

WANTED, TRUSTWORTHY PERSON TO Travel. Salary, $780 and expenses. Reference. Enclose self-addressed envelope. THE DOMINION COMPANY, Chicago. 4

WANTED, A YOUNG RESPECTABLE Girl to help with children and light housework. Apply with references to 76a Cherrier street. 4

WANTED, AT ONCE, A GENERAL SERvant, with references. No washing or ironing. Apply to 94 Mackay street. 4

WANTED, AT ONCE, Experienced Runners, turners and stitchers; best prices paid and steady work. Apply at Collar Department, Standard Shirt Company. Call for Mr. Powers. 1

Bargains.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

FOR SALE, ROUGH COATED ST. BERnard Dog, 3 years old, full pedigree, nicely marked, $75. Apply 196 Berri street. 7

FOR SALE, TWO CELEBRATED STEINway Pianos; must be sold before 11th of September. Every intending purchaser should not fail to see them before deciding elsewhere. P. E. LAYTON & BRO., 148 Peel street, near St. Catherine street.

FOR SALE—MUSICAL BOXES OF ALL kinds; also automatons and clocks. We sell cheaper than any other house in Canada. 1953 St. Catherine street. 3

FOR SALE, PEN OF EXTRA FINE Brahma Fowls (11 hens and 1 cock); also 12 chicks; prize winners at this year's exhibition. W. ULLEY, 76 Victoria square. 1

FOR SALE, THREE NO. 2 REMINGTONS in perfect order; $50.00 each; No. 3 Caligraph, almost new, $60.00; No. 1 Yost, a bargain, $35.00; New Empire, $55.00. Each machine guaranteed. ALBERT BRYCE, 116 St. Peter street. Telephone 1176. 1

FOR SALE—PURE FRESH MILK DELIVered to all parts city, 4 cts. per quart. Positively only prompt paying customers need apply. Post-Office Box 215. 31

FOR SALE, FOR THE MILLION, KINDling, $2; Cut Maple, $2.50, Tamarac Blocks, $1.75; Hardwood Blocks, $1.50; cut any length; delivered anywhere in the city. J. C. McDIARMID, Richmond square. Bell Telephone 3353. 13

Residential Flats To Let

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

TO LET, A NICE PARLOR FLAT OF SIX rooms, in A1 order. Rental $15. Apply at 1726 St. Catherine street. 7

TO LET, NEW FLATS OF SEVEN Rooms, hot water baths and closets separate; Nos. 65 and 67 Selby street, Westmount. Low rent. Apply to 694 St. Antoine street. 1

Situations Vacant.

Always be sure to mention the 'Witness' when answering advertisements. Advertisers appreciate it.

WANTED, A GOOD COOK WITH CITY references. Apply in the evening at 103 Mackay street. 7

WANTED, THOROUGH SERVANTS, ONE for kitchen, the other for up-stairs. Apply at 45 Mackay street. 7

WANTED, A GENERAL SERVANT. Apply 157 Hutchison street. 7

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply immediately at 4475 Western ave., Westmount. 7

WANTED, A STRONG, ENERGETIC Young Man, as Sexton; must be of good moral character, and furnish best of city references. Address by letter SEXTON, 'Witness' Office. 7

WANTED, GOOD GENERAL SERVANT for small family. References required. Apply 70 Park avenue. 6

WANTED, AN EXPERIENCED TEACHER of Wood Carving, for a permanent position. Address WOOD CARVING, 'Witness' Office. 4

AGENTS FOR 'GOLD FIELDS OF THE Klondyke.' A thrilling and fascinating history of the marvellous discovery of the Land of Gold. Illustrated; prices low; profits large. Send twenty-five cents quick for outfit. C. R. PARISH, Toronto.

WANTED, A GENERAL SERVANT for a family of four, where nurse is kept. Apply after Monday, the 6th, at 105 Metcalfe street. 6

WANTED, GOOD GENERAL SERVANT; references required; no washing nor ironing. 38 Crescent street. 6

WANTED, GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply 1146 Dorchester street. 6

WANTED, GENERAL SERVANT FOR A small family. Apply to 65 Church st. 6

WANTED, GOOD SEAMSTRESS BY THE day; city references required. Apply 289 Mountain street after 7 p.m. 6

WANTED, FIRST CLASS GENERAL SERvant; good plain cook; references required. 49 Shuter street. 6

WANTED, A NIGHT WATCHMAN, WHO is capable of attending to steam boilers, and can produce a certificate to that effect. References as to character and competency required. Address, NIGHT-WATCHMAN, 'Witness' Office. 6

WANTED, TRAVELLING SALESMEN for a new premium plan. Best side line. Good commission to agents. Imperial Building, Montreal, Room 49. 6

WANTED, A GOOD DINING ROOM GIRL. Apply Y.W.C.A., 896 Dorchester street. 6

WANTED, A GENERAL SERVANT; small family; must be able to cook; country girl preferred. Apply, with references, morning and evening, 26 Sussex avenue. 6

WANTED, PROTESTANT GIRL, for Housemaid's work, and willing to mind a child of two years. Apply morning or evening, 433 Elm avenue, Westmount.

WANTED, STENOGRAPHERS and TYPEwriters out of employment to call at the Employment Bureau of the Metropolitan Shorthand School, room 14, 1st floor, Temple Building, 185 St. James street. 4

WANTED, WEAVERS—STEADY WORK on broad looms, at LOMAS WOOLLEN MILLS, Sherbrooke, P.Q. 4

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, LADIES TO do fancy work at home. Call at 62 City Councillors street. 4

WANTED, LADY AGENTS EVERYWHERE to canvass for Magnetic American Health Corsets, etc., to measure; best on earth. MADAM STEVENS, Manager, 30b St. Antoine street, Montreal. 4

$3 A DAY SURE. Send us your address and we will show you how to make $3 a day, absolutely sure; we furnish the work and teach you free; you work in the locality where you live. Send us your address and we will explain the business fully. Remember we guarantee a clear profit of $3 for every day's work; absolutely sure. Write at once. IMPERIAL SILVERWARE CO., Box K.H., Windsor, Ont.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

TOOTH-ACHE stopped in an instant by "Quickcure," the great pain remedy.

The Boys' Page.

Millerby Mesh.

(By Charles Lotin Hildreth, in N. Y. 'Independent.')

The tears filled Zimri's soft, brown eyes:—'Why do you all hate me? What have I done that you should persecute me?'

Oliver thrust his hands into his pockets, threw back his head and laughed. 'Persecute you!' he replied, fixing his eyes upon the unfortunate shoes, which in the boy's crouching attitude seemed larger, more clumsy and more absurd than ever. 'You don't understand, my dear fellow. It is admiration! That's why we have stopped you here, you know. We want to feast our eyes upon you—especially the shoes.'

There was a general shout at these words:—

'Seven-League Boots! Seven-League Boots!'

'Yes,' said Oliver, deliberately, 'we feel that we ought to be proud of having among us, at the head of the school'—here he frowned angrily, 'the possessor of the original and only Seven-League Boots.'

Zimri seemed to find a little courage at last. He straightened himself up, and with a flushed cheek and steady voice, answered:—

'You are cruel and cowardly—all you boys against one. Because my father is very poor and cannot give me good clothing, because it is necessary that I should get an education to support him—and I must not lose a day—and I have no better shoes—oh, it is shameful!'

He burst into a tempest of sobs and, dropping his books, rested his face on his arm against the fence, with his back to his tormentors. There was a dead silence in the crowd. Some of the larger boys looked at each other doubtfully, while one or two of the smaller ones began to sniff in sympathy. Oliver himself appeared very uncomfortable. He hesitated for a moment, then, going up to Zimri, he gathered the fallen books together and placed them under the sobbing lad's arm.

'Come,' he exclaimed, with mingled pity and scorn, 'don't be a baby. Of course you can't help about the shoes, though they are funny, you know. There; go home, now. Nobody will bother you. One of these days, when you and I are alone, I will make it all right with you.'

Zimri raised his tear-stained face, took the books and, holding his head down, shuffled away without a word. One of the boys—a big, stupid fellow—having already recovered from his momentary fit of remorse, stooped down and picked up a pebble. Oliver saw the act and turned upon him angrily.

'If you throw that stone, Mellen,' he said, 'you will have to fight me.'

Mellen dropped the pebble in haste and sheepishly sneaked off.

The day following these events was Saturday, and there being no school, Oliver Clemmens resolved to go fishing in Millerby Pond, a small sheet of water, half-a-mile distant from the village. At the northern end of the pond, and not far from the road leading into the town, there was a spot which had gained an evil repute in the neighborhood. It was a narrow gully, hardly four feet wide, between high, grassy banks, whose bottom consisted of a sort of sandy mire, always wet and soft, yet appearing to the eye as firm as the sea beach at low tide. It was, in fact, a dangerous quicksand. If a stone or stick were thrown upon it, the smooth, grayish-black surface would seem to open and suck down the object, whatever it might be, swiftly and without a sound.

There were many ugly stories afloat about 'Millerby Mesh,' as it was called by the people in the vicinity. One farmer asserted that a favorite cow had fallen into the 'Mesh' and been swallowed up, in spite of all his efforts to save her. Another had lost a dog in the same way. There was also a terrible tradition of a man who, being ignorant of the character of the place, had trusted himself upon the treacherous sand, and had been drawn down and suffocated before help could reach him. This was many years ago, however, and so far as the boys of the neighborhood were concerned, at any rate, Millerby Mesh was regarded merely as a curiosity; and they were in the habit of leaping across it at its narrowest point without the slightest thought of danger.

Oliver Clemmens with his rod over his shoulder, walked rapidly along the road toward the pond, intending to take the usual short cut across the Mesh. As he turned a corner and came in sight of the water, he almost ran into another boy who, with his head bent over a book, was approaching from the opposite direction.

'What!' exclaimed Oliver, stopping short, 'is it you, Zimri Plumb?'

Zimri closed his book and stood looking at Oliver without speaking and in evident alarm. His pale face flushed deeply, and his eyes had the scared expression of those of a hunted hare.

'Well,' continued Oliver, in some contempt, 'can't you answer a civil question?'

'Yes,' said Zimri, in a low voice; 'it is I. What do you want with me?'

'Look here,' replied Oliver, resting his rod against the rail fence beside the road, 'you think I treated you shabbily yesterday, don't you?'

'I do,' said Zimri, in the same tone. 'You insulted me and led the other boys to do the same, though I never meant you any harm.'

'Didn't you take my place at the head of the class?' asked Oliver, indignantly.

'But didn't I win it fairly?'

'Well, yes,' admitted his rival, reluctantly; 'I suppose you did. But what do you mean by keeping away from us all and treating us as if we were not good enough to associate with?'

'Were you very anxious to have me for a friend?' Oliver hung his head a little, while Zimri went on with increasing excitement:—'Would you have been willing to be seen walking with me? Were you not the first to nickname me "girl," "prig," "rag-doll," and only yesterday did you not set all the school shouting "Seven-League Boots" at me? You know all this is true?'

Oliver's face was very red; he bit his lips, thrust his hands into his pockets, took them out again, and altogether seemed very uncomfortable.

'What is my fault?' continued Zimri, bitterly, 'only that my father has not as much money as yours. Do you think I don't know how I appear to you and the other boys? Sometimes I am so ashamed of my queer, shabby clothing, that I make up my mind I will never go out again where anyone can see me. Then, when I remember how much my father has had to bear, I am ashamed of myself for being ashamed. But I don't care how much you laugh,' he exclaimed, passionately, 'I will get an education to support my father in his old age.'

(To be continued.)

[For the Boys' Page.

WOODPECKER AND HUMMING-BIRD.

I spent three weeks last summer at the 'Wilderness,' (at least, I called it that) and a veritable wilderness it was, although it comprised but a half acre of ground. Such a tangle and variety of trees, shrubs, flowers, vines, etc., I never saw in any other place of its size. On the north side of a little lawn were two large silver maples branching out about ten feet from the ground. Just below those branches a woodpecker had made a series of holes through the bark, thus allowing flies, bees and insects of various kinds to get to the sap. These holes, which would dry up when exposed to the air for a time, were regularly freshened every morning by a vigorous pecking of the woodpecker's strong bill, and then he would leave for a while, I suppose to look after and set in order other establishments of the same kind that he may have had in the neighborhood. As soon as his back was well turned the humming-bird would dart into view, and industriously set to work to reap the benefit of the woodpecker's labors, going about from hole to hole, emptying them, I have no doubt, of sap and insects, and now and then giving himself such a delighted and self-satisfied little air that I often laughed to myself when watching him—little thief that he was. Swiftly, quietly, the woodpecker would return, expecting his breakfast would be ready for him, and lo, another had been before him and stripped his larder. His chagrin was as distinctly expressed and as amusing in its way as the humming-bird's delight had been; the angry dart, sometimes giving vent to a note of vexation, the short, vindictive, useless chase, the provoked, disconsolate return to the few crumbs that might remain, the impudent nonchalence of the aggressor who would alight near by and wait to see whether or not the woodpecker was going to stay, sometimes even making a sudden dash at him if he stayed longer than usual.

Somehow I never tired watching the fray which was kept up off and on all day long.

I have read that humming-birds are very seldom seen to alight, but I saw that one do so repeatedly, never for very long at a time, but several times I have counted thirty seconds, but oftener from five to ten, and always on a twig without leaves.

T. E. M.

Herbert & Sloan, the well-known chemists, are authorities for the statement that all known chemical elements are held in solution in the waters of all of the great oceans.

Notices.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal. }

SUPERIOR COURT.

EX PARTE.

William A. McDonald, of the City of Montreal, manufacturer, petitioner for the appointment of a curator to the vacant estate and succession of the late Thomas McDonald, in his lifetime of said City of Montreal, manufacturer.

Having seen the said petition it is ordered that the relatives and the creditors of said late Thomas McDonald do appear before the Prothonotary of the Superior Court, for the Province of Quebec, in the District of Montreal, at the Tutelle office at the Court House in the City of Montreal, on TUESDAY, the Fourteenth Day of September instant (1897), at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to give their advice upon the said appointment of curator.

Montreal, September 4th, 1897.

(Signed) J. E. CHAMPOUX, Deputy P. S. C.

FOSTER, MARTIN & GIROUARD, Attorneys for Petitioner. 6

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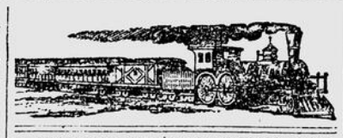

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Toronto Exhibition.

Going September 5th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th....$10.40

All tickets valid for return not later than Sept. 13, 1897.

Huntingdon Fair.

Going Sept. 9 and 10, return limit 11th.....$2.10

Going Sept. 9, return same day..... 1.55

On September 9th, No. 65 train will leave Huntingdon for Montreal at 5.30 p.m., and on 10th at 4.30 p.m.

Central Canada Fair.

OTTAWA and Return.

Going September 18, 19, 20, 22, 24.....$3.50

Going September 21, 23..... 2.55

All tickets good to return until September 27.

Pilgrimage of our Lady of the Holy Rosary To ST. HYACINTHE and RETURN, September 27, 1897.

Under the direction of the Rev. Fathers of the Blessed Sacrament. Special train will leave Montreal from G.T.R. Station at 6.40 a.m., and returning will arrive at 6 o'clock same evening. TICKETS, $1. Tickets are also good going and returning by regular trains.

City Ticket Office, 137 St. James street, or Bonaventure Station.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Toronto Exhibition.

Going Sept. 7th, 8th 9th and 10th.. ..$10.40

All tickets good to return not later than September 13th, 1897.

Central Canada Fair.

OTTAWA AND RETURN.

Going Sept. 18, 19, 20, 22, 24 .. .. ..$3.50

Going Sept. 21, 23 .. ..$2.55

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NEW ROUTE to CALEDONIA SPRINGS DIRECT TO THE HOTEL.

Trains leave Montreal (Windsor Street Station), week days, 8.50 a.m., and 6.15 p.m. arriving Caledonia Springs at 12.35 p.m. and 8.50 p.m.

City Ticket and Telegraph Office. 129 ST. JAMES ST., (Next to Post-Office).

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Until further notice the trains of this Railway will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:—

Leave Montreal by Grand Trunk Railway from Bonaventure Street Depot	7.50	23.15
Leave Montreal by Can. Pacific Railway from Windsor Street Depot		19.40
Leave Levis	13.40	8.30
Arrive at Riviere du Loup	16.45	12.55
do Trois Pistoles	17.40	14.15
do Rimouski	19.00	15.43
do Ste. Flavie	19.30	16.25
do Little Metis	19.52	16.50
do Campbellton	22.35	
do Dalhousie	23.25	
do Bathurst	24.20	
do Newcastle	1.25	
do Moncton	3.40	15.10
do St. John	7.15	12.10
do. Halifax	10.20	21.25

The English mail train leaves Montreal at 7.50 o'clock on Sunday mornings, and arrives at Rimouski the same evening. This train stops at St. Charles Junction, Montmagny, L'Islet, Ste. Anne, St. Paschal, Riviere du Loup, Cacouna, Trois Pistoles and Bic.

A passenger train leaves Cacouna on Monday mornings at 8 o'clock and arrives at Levis at 12.30 o'clock.

The trains to Halifax and St. John run through to their destination on Sunday.

The buffet, sleeping car and other cars of express train leaving Montreal at 7.50 o'clock run through to Halifax without change.

The trains of the Intercolonial Railway are heated by steam from the locomotive, and those between Montreal and Halifax via Levis are lighted by electricity.

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D. POTTINGER, General Manager. Railway Office, Moncton, N.B., July 12, 1897.

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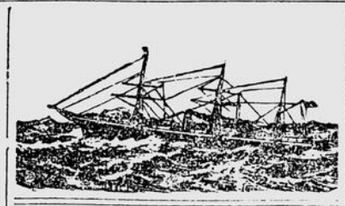

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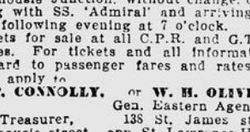

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Tickets good to go 3rd and 4th Sept., and return 8th Sept.

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Tickets for sale at all C.P.R. and G.T.R. agencies. For tickets and all information in regard to passenger fares and rates of freight apply to

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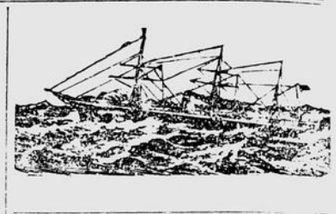

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Labrador	Oct. 9, "	Oct. 10, 9 a.m.
Ottoman	Oct. 16, "	Oct. 16, 9 p.m.
Vancouver	Oct. 25, "	Oct. 14, 8 p.m.

The S.S. "Canada" will sail from Boston Sept. 11th, Oct. 14th and Nov. 11th.

Rates of passage to Liverpool and Londonderry; Cabin, $52.50 to $70; second cabin, $34 to $36.25; steerage to Liverpool, London, Londonderry, Queenstown, Belfast and Glasgow, $22.50 and $23.50.

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Aug. 27	SS. KEEMUN	Sept. 14
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Sept. 5	SS. TRITONIA	Sept. 23
Sept. 12	SS. KASTALIA (cold storage)	Sept. 30

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Sept. 9	SS. HURONA	Sept. 29

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SS. DANIA, for Leith	Sept. 20
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Sat., Aug. 28	Lake Superior	Wed., Sept. 15
Sat., Sept. 11	Lake Winnipeg	Wed., Sept. 29
Sat., Sept. 18	Lake Huron	Wed., Oct. 6
Sat., Sept. 25	Lake Ontario	Wed., Oct. 13
Sat., Oct. 2	Lake Superior	Wed., Oct. 20
Sat., Oct. 16	Lake Winnipeg	Wed., Nov. 3

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For the information of those members of the British Medical Association who have not yet booked their passage home after the temporary office on McGill College grounds is closed I will be in my office, 119 St. Peter street. 3

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THE MINISTER'S WIFE.

(By Ben Vale.)

The third week in April had come at last. Since the final list of Conference appointments had appeared, the Methodist folk in the pretty township of Homeville had been on the tip-toe of expectation; for a married minister was appointed to the circuit, of which it was the centre, for the first time.

The Quarterly Meeting had expressed some misgivings, but the brethren were not of the grumbling order, so they resolved cheerfully to face their new responsibilities. To the people of Homeville, however, no difficulties presented themselves, for the parsonage was situated there, and they, more than others, would experience the results of the change; for, after all, the excitement was not caused so much by the expected advent of a new minister—they had had many new ministers before—but now they were to have also a real live minister's wife. And the ladies conjured up great works that would be undertaken when the new regime was ushered in. They would no longer be at the disadvantage, as a Church, of having no lady head. Each of the sister churches was blessed with a minister's wife, and now all the difficulties of the past would vanish, for they were to enjoy a similar privilege.

The minister and his bride arrived in due time, and the stewards, who met them, hurried them away to the parsonage, where some of the ladies of the congregation had provided tea. The minister's wife looked rather young, they thought, but she was decidedly pretty, and in spite of weariness of travel she showed herself to advantage in the confusion of the table. It was a bright day the Sunday following, and a large congregation assembled, partly to hear the new minister, and also to see the minister's wife. She looked quite girlish in her neat dress and dainty hat, and created a favorable impression. She seemed a trifle shy in speaking to the people present, but that was put down to the natural feelings of strangeness.

After the first week or two the lady workers began to wish for the realization of their dreams so they waited on the minister's wife, and proposed business. They were slightly taken aback when they found that she wasn't very well up in the details of such work, and didn't seem at all anxious to take the lead. She was quite willing to do as much as possible if the others would only take charge of affairs. This was rather a new view to them, and their interest in the schemes diminished perceptibly as the weeks rolled on, and the minister's wife, though active and sympathetic, yet only took upon herself a subordinate part.

Her ideas of pastoral visitation also hardly coincided with theirs. True, she went out with her husband and became acquainted with the Methodist people of the place, and she was soon known to be ever ready to hasten to the home visited by sickness, but she was decidedly a failure from a society standpoint. She rarely took advantage of the various 'at home' days of the ladies of the community, and, in fact, had not thought it worth while to settle on any particular day to be 'at home' herself, nor did she seem to care at all about seeking honors as a member of the various ladies' committees of the township.

The lady members of the church had expected that, from her advent among them, the class meetings would become much less frigid, and the Christian Endeavor Society's meetings would be characterized with the delicate feminine charm they so much needed. The ladies confessed that they had been very backward in the past, not regular in attendance, and when present hardly opening their lips to assist others in enjoying and profiting by the meetings; but now they felt assured that, with a minister's wife present, all this timidity and reserve would naturally be dissolved away. Yet it was not so.

In class, though she attended regularly, the minister's wife seemed even more timid than they, and the few sentences she occasionally gave utterance to, seemed almost dragged from her heart. And she was not expert at preparing papers and addresses for the Endeavor meetings. She was a good listener, but a bad speaker. The truth gradually forced itself upon the ladies that the minister's wife was, after all, rather an ordinary woman, sweet and loving in her ways undoubtedly, but altogether too young and inexperienced to be a leader in the religious world of Homeville, and they were compelled to conclude that she had married the minister, not because she thought she could assist him in his pulpit and public work, but because she loved him. So their interest in her began to wane, not, as they assured themselves, through any fault of theirs, but simply and solely because she had disappointed them as a minister's wife.

Meanwhile the heart of the young wife had been getting sad. She had early gathered, from hints unconsciously dropped by the lady friends, what was expected of her, and she felt how far short she must fall of their anticipations, and as the weeks passed she began to feel their disappointment. They were injustice to express it in any way as far as she knew, but in spite of themselves she grew conscious of a restraint stealing over them. And she did feel her lack of experience. She was so troubled that she could not be what she felt they wanted, but she knew the Lord, and her heart was full when she thought that he would understand, and he would teach her his secret.

She confided to her husband her sorrow, but he pooh-poohed it, and laughingly informed her that she was doing well, and that the people had not engaged her to do the pastoral work, but him. She smiled gaily at the thought of her doing his work, but the laughter could not chase away all the sadness, and so the barriers began to rise, and she seemed to become unimportant in the eyes of the ladies of Homeville.

In one of the cottages situated so pleasantly on the side of the hill at the back of the township, a woman who loved the Lord, and had faithfully served him for many years, lay dying. For years she had felt the insidious disease, consumption, tightening its hold upon her. But God also had tightened his grasp, and her delicately frail fingers had returned the blessed pressure. Her husband also was a servant of God, and though his heart was heavy as he saw the rapid inroads the disease was making, he could bow his head and say tearfully, 'Thy will be done,' and the six children had learned the secret of his submission. There was only one brighter hour to the dying woman than that spent with the minister and his young wife, who regularly came together to visit her; it was when the sweet girl-wife came alone, and poured out her sorrows into the ears of the transfigured saint. They prayed and talked and wept together, and the world knew nothing about it.

One dark, stormy night, towards the end of August, the minister's wife was sitting reading alone in the little parlor of the parsonage—the minister was out in the country—when she heard a gentle rap at the door. She found there a messenger from the sick woman in the cottage on the hill. Hastily donning her macintosh, she set out for the place through the blinding rain. When she entered, a sob of anguish greeted her, and, by the light of the lamp shining on the husband's face, she knew that the last hour of his wife on earth had come. The dying saint feebly smiled as the minister's wife entered her room and bent down to kiss her, and she whispered to her, as she gazed on her weeping husband and children, 'God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes.' Then she seemed to sleep, with one hand clasped in that of her husband's and the other in that of the minister's wife. About midnight she awoke, and looked round on them all. She was gasping and trying to speak. They leaned over her glorious face and caught the words, 'In —my—Father's—House ——.' Then she fell asleep.

The next day the ladies of the congregation heard the news, and hurried up to the bereaved home, and there they learned something of their minister's wife of which they had not dreamed. All that dreary night till the morning came she had stayed there comforting the stricken girls, and fulfilling the last sad duties towards the dead. Her presence had chased away the darkness in that home; and as the broken-hearted husband told of all that she had been to them and the one that had gone, the tears began to course down the ladies' faces, and they looked at each other, and went home and prayed.

The barriers have all melted away. They love that young and inexperienced wife now, not only because she is the minister's wife, but also because they know her to be a true woman.—Melbourne 'Spectator.'

CHILDREN'S CORNER.

AN OLD-FASHIONED GENTLEMAN.

Teddy Hammond was visiting his great-aunt. There was nothing he liked better than to hear stories of his great-uncle, who died long before, and who stood in the aunt's memory at the tip-top of everything. Teddy was longing to be a man.

'Be more than a man, Teddy,' aunt Lucretia would say, 'be an old-fashioned gentleman. When we were married—' then Teddy settled himself in great content, for that meant something very nice. 'When we were married, my mother lived with us. She was feeble and only came out to dinner. When that was served, your uncle always knocked at her door, and said, 'May I take you out to dinner, mother ?" Then he offered his arm—the left arm, mind you, that was what courtesy required—and escorted her to her chair. How noble he looked, bending over her white head! Not many such men in these days.' Aunt Lucretia sighed, and the boy waited in vain for more.

Now, Teddy meant to be quite as much a gentleman as that famous old uncle, and he really lost half a morning's play hanging around, for fear he wouldn't be on hand at dinner time. Would aunt Lucretia be in her room ? That was another puzzler. By good luck she was.

He knocked solemnly at her door and said :—'May—may I—will you come to dinner, auntie ?' Then he looked at her tall height and his own shortness. 'I can't offer my arm, nor bend over you. I can't reach, but may I lead you ?' He put out his left hand. Aunt Lucretia was touched.

'You're doing your very best,' she said, 'and the finest gentleman in the land couldn't do more.'—Helen A. Hawley, in N. Y. 'Observer.'

THE SOUL'S INQUIRIES.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 7.

The Lord is the strength of my life; of whom shall I be afraid ?—Ps. xxvii., 1.

Be not afraid of them that kill the body, and after that have no more that they can do. But I will forewarn you whom ye shall fear: Fear him, which after he hath killed hath power to cast into hell; yea, I say unto you, fear him.—Luke xii., 4, 5.

The fear of the Lord is a fountain of life, to depart from the snares of death. —Prov. xiv., 27.

To believe in him is to be like him. All other faith is a mere mist of words dissolving into empty air. To live our human lives as he lived his—purely, lovingly, righteously—is to share his eternity.—Lucy Larcom.

Dr. Arnold—he of Rugby—uses an illustration furnished by an ancient tribe of warlike Germans, converted only in name, to set forth the folly and sin of such exclusion of Christ from a part of our lives. When they came to be baptized they were careful to keep the right arm c the water, that it might not be br under the authority of Christ; they would keep that, their 'sword hand,' that with it they might, without sin, wreak vengeance upon their enemies, which, in their vows of baptism, they had promised to renounce. 'Is it too much?' Dr Arnold inquires, 'to say that something like this unbaptized right hand is still to be met with among us ? that men too often leave some of their very most important concerns—what they call by way of eminence, their business—their management of their own money affairs, and their conduct in public matters—wholly out of the control of Christ's law ?' May we not say with confidence : This unbaptized right arm, in the Church and in our Christian civilization to-day is what men have named the secular world ?—Bishop Haygood.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

It Must Be Right.

In Every City in America the Ablest Doctors Indorse and Recommend Paine's Celery Compound.

Where every other remedy has failed, Paine's Celery Compound has made people well and strong ! It cures disease ! It has saved the lives of thousands who were thought to be incurable ! Physicians everywhere recognize the value of Paine's Celery Compound ; they prescribe and recommend it !

These facts should induce every diseased and suffering man and woman to make use of it. It purifies the blood, banishes all impurities, and promptly restores the worn-out body and system to a condition of perfect health that brings joy and happiness.

BE YOUR OWN DOCTOR.

Study true economy,
Be guided of wisdom.
BUY A 25c BOTTLE OF
Imperial Embrocation
IT CURES
RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, NEURALGIA.
CHEST COLDS, SORE THROAT, CROUP.
BRUISES, WOUNDS, CUTS.
HEADACHE, BACKACHE, FEETACHE.
STIFF JOINTS, SORE MUSCLES, SPRAINS, &c.
It Overcomes Pain,
Gives Immediate Relief.
Just the thing as a rub down when training.
ATHLETES USE IT.
HIGHLY RECOMMENDED.

The noonday sun was pouring down
Upon a meadow sere and brown,
Where stood a brawny farmer lad
With comely face exceeding sad,
Crying aloud in troubled vexation,
'Where can I get Imprial Embrocation?'

* AT ALL CHEMISTS. *
IMPERIAL EMBROCATION CO.
Box 516, Montreal.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

HEART PAINS LEAVE IN A DAY.

Unable to Attend to Her Daily Duties—And a Great Sufferer from Heart Trouble—Induced to Try Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, and it Proved a Wonder Worker.

These are the words of Mrs. W. T. Rundle of Dundalk, Ont. : 'I was a great sufferer with severe pain in the region of my heart. For a time I was quite unable to attend to my household duties. I was induced to try Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, and I must say the result was wonderful. The pain immediately left me, and after the first day I have had no pain or trouble since.' Sold by Dr. J. G. Laviolette, 1605 Notre Dame street ; B. E. McGale, 2123 Notre Dame street, and John Lewis, 2208 and 2613 St. Catherine street.

LINE ETCHINGS,

6c per square inch. Minimum for any single Etching, 50c ; drawing extra, if required. Special rates for large quantities.
'WITNESS' PRINTING HOUSE,
Corner Craig and Bleury streets.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

BURNS should be promptly covered with a plaster of "Quickcure." The pain will cease immediately, and a new skin form in three days.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

JULIENNE SOUP

is hard
Soup to make and make it good.
Do you want to be perfectly sure of getting deliciousquality?
A single one of
LAZENBY'S SOUP SQUARES
will make a pint and a half of it, and it will be as good a Julienne Soup as you ever tasted.
BEST GROCERS SELL THESE SQUARES.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN." LINIMENT

Alfred A. Taylor, of Margaree, says:—'One bottle of MINARD'S LINIMENT cured a swelling of the gamble joint, and saved a horse worth $140.00.

Thos. W. Payne, of Bathurst, saved the life of a valuable horse that the Vet had given up, with a few bottles of MINARD'S LINIMENT.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN." LINIMENT

Coleman's CELEBRATED DAIRY, HOUSEHOLD AND FARM SALT
PROMPT SHIPMENT GUARANTEED
CANADA SALT ASSOCIATION
CLINTON, ONT. 6

Interlaced Hair Mattresses

These Mattresses attracted much attention at the Medical Exhibition last week. They were pronounced by many doctors who examined them to be "the only Sanitary Mattress" they ever saw, "because washable." "They are "too expensive for general use, "but for private wards and for "persons who can afford to buy "the best, the Interlaced Hair "Mattress just fills the bill."

Institutions supplied through the trade.

Samples and prices at

290 Guy street.

THE ALASKA FEATHER & DOWN COMPANY, Montreal.

ELECTROTYPING DONE IN the very best Style and with despatch at "Witness" Office.

NOVELTIES FOR THE FALL TRADE.
NEW PICTURES, NEW MOULDINGS, NEW FRAMES.
Cheapest House in the Dominion.
C. W. WILLSON,
Manufacturer of Mouldings and Frames,
638 CRAIG ST., next door to the 'Witness' Office.

SAMPLE BRUSHES CHEAP.
We have a lot of Sample
PURE BRISTLE HAIR BRUSHES,
ENGLISH HANDLE CLOTH BRUSHES,
BADGER HAIR SHAVING BRUSHES
ULLEY'S BRUSH WORKS,
76—Victoria Square—78.
Carpet Sweepers Repaired. Telephone 2740.

RICE'S STUDIO,
PLATINUMS and SEPIAS,
Every Size and Style. Groups a Specialty.
141 St. Peter street
16

KODAKS.
FOR SALE, TO RENT AND EXCHANGE
MONTREAL PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLY
Cor. Notre Dame and St. Francois Xavier sts.
Telephone, 1467. Send for catalogue. Developing and printing for Aamteurs. Lantern Slides, etc.

ONLY 25c A BOTTLE.
The QUEEN'S HAIR HELPER is a preparation that restores hair to its natural color and beauty, arrests falling out, removes dandruff and cures baldness. It is not a dye. It stimulates and invigorates the roots, producing a rapid growth, full of life and health. The clear part makes a superior dressing, equal to any 50c or $1 preparation. For sale by all Druggists, or at
A. D. MANN'S,
Corner Mountain and St. Antoine street.

PARKER'S FOUNDRY,
Dalhousie st,
CASTING EVERY DAY.
Prompt and Satisfactory work guaranteed.
4

MOTHS! MOTHS! MOTHS!
CAMPHOR! CAMPHOR!
FINEST ENGLISH CAMPHOR!
MOTH BALLS, MOTH SQUARES and POWDER.
CATERPILLARS! CATERPILLARS!
HELLEBORE! HELLEBORE! Pure White Hellebore for sale at the Glasgow Drug Hall.
MOSQUITOES ! MOSQUITOES ! Ash's Forest Friend! Fishermen and all who go to the country in summer should not fail to get a bottle of Ash's Forest Friend. 25c and 50c.
GLASGOW DRUG HALL,
1780 Notre Dame st.
J. A. HARTE, Druggist,
Country and telephone orders promptly filled.

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Half-Tone Etchings,
Equal to the best produced, at 15c per square inch. Minimum for any single Half-tone Etching, $1.25. Vingetting extra.
SPECIAL RATES for Large Quantities.

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6c per square inch. Minimum for any single Etching, 50c. Drawing if required, extra.
SPECIAL RATES for Large Quantities.
DESIGNING, ELECTROTYPING, STEREOTYPING, &c. . . . .

JOHN DOUGALL & SON,
'WITNESS' PRINTING HOUSE,
Corner Craig and Bleury Sts.

READABLE PARAGRAPHS.

HE WANTED TO KNOW.

Wilfred—Mama, weren't horns put on the cow for some purpose?

Mama—Of course they were.

Wilfred—Then I'd like to know why some cows don't have horns at all!

Put it down on paper—Robinson's Patent Barley. Sold by all grocers, druggists, etc.

REQUIRED TREATMENT.

Algy—Did the oculist do you any good, Cholly?

Cholly—Welleved me gweatly! I can see as well with me monocle on as I can without it.

THEY DO GOOD WORK.

The following letter tells what people think about Laxa Liver Pills:—'Dear Sirs,—I gladly testify to the virtues of Laxa Liver Pills. I used to be troubled with severe headaches and constipation for a long time, and took these pills hoping for a cure, and my hopes were rapidly fulfilled. I have found them a never failing remedy and I heartily recommend them.' Signed, Miss S. Lawson, Moncton, N.B.

HOW IT GETS IN.

Mrs. Bleecker—Are the ordinary nursery stories told to Boston children?

Mrs. Emerson—Only 'Jack and the Bean Stalk,' and that solely out of consideration for the bean.

KINDLING WOOD.

Why pay high prices for kindling when you can buy cheap. We have 10,000 loads, dry mill blocks, cut stove lengths, delivered anywhere in the city, $1.50 per load. Tel. 8353. J. C. Macdiarmid, Kindling for the Million, Richmond square. 21

ANOTHER SPECIES.

Brown—Had a terrible time in the office to-day. A crank called and it was all we could do to get him out.

Jones—A dynamite crank?

Brown—No; a baseball crank.

Free—Frank Magor & Co., 16 St. John street, Montreal, will send free a sample of Robinson's Patent Barley or Groats. 7

A USELESS MEMBER.

'Mama, have I an eye-tooth?'

'Yes, Johnny. Why?'

'Why, because if I have I can't see anything with it.'

BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

'They have done me any amount of good,' were the words of Mr. Nelson Green, Galt, Ont., in speaking of his rescue from kidney and urinary difficulty by the use of Doan's Kidney Pills. Mr. Green says that he only tried them out of curiosity, but it was a lucky experiment, for Doan's Pills made a complete cure in his case. He is now a cured man, feeling strong, well, and in good spirits.' 7

DRESS AS A HINT.

Mr. E. Connor Mise—But, my dear, what is the use of your getting a yachting suit? Nobody has invited us to go yachting.

Mrs. E. Connor Mise—I know, love. But somebody may when they see the suit.

If you do not want to have your cold any more, take Menthol Cough Syrup. 7

WHAT HE PASSED.

It has remained for Jones to put a new sting into an old joke. One of the vice-presidents of the X. Y. and Z. road, his friend, had just refused him a pass. 'Don't,' he hastened to add, as Jones prepared to speak, 'now, don't get off that old gag about being too slow to pass anything—'

'I won't,' said Jones, peaceably; 'I remember you passed a dividend in April.'

100 PERCENT BETTER.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are curing heart and nerve troubles in every city, town and village in Canada. Mrs. F. Abbey, Toronto, says: 'Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills cured my husband, who had for fifteen years suffered with weak nerves, caused by heart trouble. He was subject to pains in his head, dizziness, fainting spells, sleeplessness, etc. He is now free from these troubles, and feels 100 percent better than when he began using the pills.'

Babies and young children grow strong and healthy by being fed on Robinson's Patent Barley. Samples free. Frank Magor & Co., 16 St. John street, Montreal. 7

GETTING HIS WARES DOWN.

'Dear me, Wagg! What are you doing with all those bundle of MSS?'

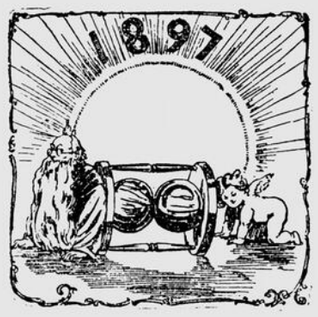
'They're my rejected stuff. Hunker, Bunker and Traddles are going to start a new periodical, and I have been asked to write 'em something.'

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.
CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.
CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

She—'Your friend Owen seems to have run into debt pretty deep.' He—'Run into debt? He scorched.'—Yonkers 'Statesman.'

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

ADVERTISEMENTS.



The Harvest Sun Is Shining In 1897

And Illumes Prosperity For Canada.

FARMERS MAKING RICH PROFITS.

Reports from commercial travellers all over the west are as follews: Crops good, business excellent, merchants happy, manufacturers busy. People nearer out of debt than ever before.

Spread the news; talking about good times helps much to bring good times; when the Farmer makes money it circulates, the country feels the benefit. Open your purse strings now, place your orders with the painters, the carpenters, the manufacturers; this makes work for the workingman and when he makes money the country prospers. We want to see good times for the workingman, we cater for their trade and we offer them the best values in our line for their money.

New Stock of Fall Goods now Received.

Men's Cheviot and Tweed Suits in latest cut, strongly made and well lined, ready-to-put-on, from $5.00 per suit up to $16.50.

Fall Overcoats and Winter Overcoats at all prices up to the finest goods.

Boys' Clothing, New Sailor Suits, finest qualities imported, fit for any Gentleman's son to wear. Tweed Suits in newest effects. Inspection invited.

Custom Tailoring done on the premises. Large stock of New Tweeds and Worsteds to select from, fit and workmanship guaranteed, money back if you are not fully satisfied.

New Neckwear, New Underwear, and New Fall Hats.

allan "MY HATTER"
CLOTHIER AND OUTFITTER"
657 TO 665 CRAIG STREET,
AND 2299 ST CATHERINE STREET.

ANCHOR BRAND HAMS.

See that the above is the brand of Hams you always ask for and secure.

They are the finest on the market, being from Canadian Pea Fed Hogs, and cured with the greatest care and best white sugar.

Do not fail to secure one. You will then use no other.

1820 St. Catherine Street, Corner St. Hubert ..... Telephone 6309
772 St. Lawrence Street, Corner Guilbault Street ..... Telephone 6977
224 Bleury Street, Corner Berthelet Street ..... Telephone 3018
841 St. Catherine Street, East ..... Telephone 6036
7 Chaboillez Square ..... Telephone 183
Corner St. Catherine Street and Oliver Avenue, Westmount ..... Telephone 8836
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THE LAING PACKING and PROVISION CO. Limited.

The Art of Printing

is well understood at the 'Witness' Printing House. Beautiful Printing depends on the newness of the types and the taste with which they are selected, as well as upon the quality of ink and paper used.

JOHN DOUGALL & SON,

Corner Craig and St. Peter Streets.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

China Cups and Saucers...

Nineteen Cents Each.

These are wonderful value at this price and as good as usually sold at 30 cents. Quantity is limited. . . .

A. T. WILEY & CO.

2341 St. Catherine St.
1803 Notre Dame St.

Assessment Rolls

—ON—

REAL ESTATE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the undersigned Assessors of the city of Montreal, have completed the roll of immoveables or real estate, for all the wards of the said city, and that the same is deposited at their office, at the City Hall, where it can be seen and examined by all parties interested, until the 16th of September instant, (1897), and that the said assessors will meet at their office aforesaid, from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m., to revise the said roll and to hear and examine all complaints that may be brought before them respecting any entry in such roll, viz.:

St. Antoine, St. Ann's, St. Louis and St. Mary's Wards, on Friday, the seventeenth of September instant.

St. James, St. Lawrence, St. Jean Baptiste and St. Gabriel Wards, on Saturday, the eighteenth of September instant.

Hochelaga, St. Denis, East, Centre and West Wards, on Monday, the twentieth of September instant.

J. T. DILLON, President.
P. H. MORIN,
J. W. GROSE,
GEO. B. MUIR,
L. J. LAMONTAGNE,
A. LANGEVIN,
C. E. A. PATTERSON,
J. HAMILTON FERNS,
Assessors.

Assessors' Office,
City Hall,
Montreal, 7th Sept., 1897. 7

CANADA'S GOLD FIELDS

AROUSE UNITED STATES ENVY.

AMERICANS THINK THEY SHOULD HAVE OWNED THE KOOTENAY.

(Chicago 'Inter-Ocean.')

Still another remarkable gold discovery is reported, a Klondike just across Lake Superior instead of away up toward the north pole, where winter reigns nine months and summer three, spring and fall being the mere midges of a day. This new field also lies in British America. The river which is to it what the Yukon is to the Klondike, the Michipicoten, empties into Lake Superior, and is of easy access. The special telegram to the 'Inter-Ocean' in regard to it, published yesterday, was sent from Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., only a hundred and thirty miles away, and within $7.50, measuring distance by the cost of transportation for the round trip. The omission of a period in the printed account made it read $750, when the distance by boat is only a hundred and thirty miles. No doubt there is much conjecture in the account as a whole, but it rests on the bedrock of an official report by Prof. Alexander McKenzie, the expert of British North America on mineralogy. He has just returned from a tour of inspection. His report, in brief, is that he had been all over the district, and, while widely experienced in the matter of mining, had never seen a section where the indications were as promising for rich results in gold mining as those around the Michipicoten river.

Attention was called a few days ago in these columns to what would have been the boundary, no doubt, between the United States and British America in the North-West if the watchword of the Democracy in 1844 had been carried out, 'Fifty-four forty or fight.' Even if the line had run as far north as that the Klondike would have been in the British territory. The same is true of this new field, the Michipicoten, but not of the very rich mines of the Kootenay region in the south-eastern part of British Columbia. The Fraser river region of British Columbia is also rich in gold, and would have belonged to the United States had it not been for one of the blackest treacheries of political history.

That treachery was really the work of that arch-traitor, as he had already proved himself to be, John C. Calhoun, who was Secretary of State during the latter part of Tyler's administration. Mr. Blaine, in his 'Twenty Years of Congress,' touches briefly upon this subject, but humorously. He says that Calhoun opened a negotiation with the British minister in Washington, conducting it himself, for the settlement of the Oregon question. 'And at the very moment,' adds Mr. Blaine, 'when the Democratic national convention which nominated Mr. Polk was declaring our title to the whole of Oregon as far as fifty-four degrees and forty minutes to be "clear and unquestionable," the Democratic Secretary of State was proposing to Her Majesty's representative to settle the entire controversy by the adoption of the forty-ninth parallel as the boundary!' This exclamation point is a part of the quotation from Mr. Blaine's book. It may well be doubted if a more outrageous 'con' game was ever played. Diplomatists sometimes think it justifiable to practice duplicity in dealing with other governments, but in this case the Secretary of State played his low-down trick upon his own country under cover of the protestation to the contrary of his own party. Whether it was a conspiracy or the diabolism of one man is not clear, but the Democracy certainly became party to the crime by acquiescing in it. The party carried the country, and that largely, if not mainly, on the cry of 'Fifty-four forty or fight,' and then acquiesced in, if it did not directly connive at, the Calhoun infamy. But boundary lines cannot stay the development of a gold field when once public attention is directed toward it, especially when the field itself comes down almost to the very shore of the dividing water line.

DEATH OF A WELL-KNOWN ODDFELLOW.

Mr. Auguste Lorrain, thirty-one years of age, a member of Lafayette Lodge of Oddfellows, of which he was vice-president, died yesterday morning at the Hotel Dieu Hospital, after an illness of six days. He was agent for Messrs. Kenneth Campbell & Co., and was much esteemed by a large circle of friends. The funeral will be at 7 a.m. to-morrow, from the hospital to St. Louis de France Church and thence to the cemetery.

THE MINISTERIAL ASSOCIATION AND THE KESWICK BRETHREN.

A special meeting of the Ministerial Association will be held to-morrow (Wednesday) morning, at ten o'clock, in the Y. M. C. A. building to make final arrangements for the approaching visit of the Keswick Brethren. All ministers whether members of the association or not are cordially invited to attend this meeting.

THE LATE MR. ROBERT MITCHELL

The members of the board of management of the Montreal Protestant House of Industry and Refuge have passed a resolution expressing their regret at the death of Mr. Robert Mitchell, who was one of the governors of the institution, and their sympathy and condolence with the widow and family of the deceased.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPRAINS A plaster of "Quickcure" around the joint will reduce the swelling and take away the soreness in a wonderfully short time.

THE LABOR PICNIC.

GOOD GAMES AND A FINE LACROSSE MATCH.

The Labor Picnic on the Exhibition Grounds yesterday afternoon was attended by a large crowd of people averaging seven thousand in number, the most of whom were of the male sex. The park side of the grounds was used on this occasion as usual, and as the main features of the day, namely, the lacrosse match and the games, took place on the ground in front of the grand stand, the latter for the greater part of the afternoon was crowded to its utmost capacity. The Harmony Band enlivened the proceedings at intervals with some musical selections which they played in excellent style. The committee of arrangements had laid out a good programme which did not lack in sufficiency, but the item which excited the greatest interest was, without a doubt, the lacrosse match between the Nationals and Cornwalls. The latter were a heavy team, and in their ranks were some largely-built Indians, but the Nationals fully made up in dexterity and good play, what they lacked in point of weight. The match was well contested throughout and ended in a tie, the visitors having won three games and the Nationals three, the last game, which was not finished, being in favor of the Nationals. In the intervals of the lacrosse games the different races were run.

Among the prominent citizens who were present on the grounds were Messrs. M. F. J. Quinn, M.P., Robert Bickerdike, M.P.P., Jas. McShane, Aldermen Costigan, Dupré, Wilson, Ouimet, Connaughton and Jacques. Mr. Bickerdike presented a handsome cup for competition for which action he received hearty cheers at the close of the gathering.

The following is a summary of the games, with results in each:—

Boot race, for boys 12 years and under—1, J. Friedlander; 2, Emile Gagnier; 3, O. Galarneau; 4, A. Landry; 5, A. Mongeon.

Girls' race, 75 yards, 12 years and under—1, Alice Labelle; 2, N. A. Sullivan; 3, Annie Warren; 4, Bernada St. Marie.

Members' wives' race, 75 yards—1, Mrs. H. A. Byers; 2, Mrs. L. Pine; 3, Mrs. L. Gratton; 4, Mrs. E. Tierney; 5, Mrs. Brisbois.

One hundred yards, ladies' race—1, Katie Quinn; 2, Lizzie Clark; 3, E. McLaren.

Two mile bicycle race—1, L. G. Cameron; 2, A. Martineau.

Members' race, one-quarter mile—1, N. Dorval; 2, P. Blais; 3, R. Benier; 4, Louis Pine.

One hundred yards, open—1, F. Kerr; 2, G. Paris; 3, C. Robillard.

Putting 56 lb. shot—1, J. J. McHugh, 27 ft. 2 in.; 2, J. Conley, 24 ft. 4 in; 3, J. McBride, 24 ft 3 in

Putting 16 lb shot—1, H. Peltier, 36 ft. 8 in.; 2, J. J. McHugh, 36 ft. 3 in.; 3, J. Daly, 36 ft.

Members race—1, Z. Gauthier; 2, M. Broderick.

Hop, step and leap—1, G. P. McHugh, 43 ft. 6 in.; 2, J. Paris, 41 ft.; 3, H. McBride, 35 ft. 7 in.

Running broad jump—1, J. McHugh, 20 feet; 2, H. McDonald, 119 feet; 3, J. Daly, 16 feet.

Bicycle race, one mile—1, W. Eaves, jr., M.B.C.; 2, W. Tuff, M.B.C.

Half mile race, open—1, G. Brown; 2, W. J. Shaw; 3, — Marshall.

Bicycle race, five miles—1, W. Tuff; 2, W. Eaves, jr. Time, 14 26 2-5.

Presidents' race, for Bickerdike cup, won by S. Fitzpatrick.

The lacrosse teams consisted of the following:—

Cornwall—James Broderick, goal; Cameron, point; Louis White, cover point; Degan, John White and Brill, defence field; McCourt, centre; Black, Peter White and Callaghan, home field; John Broderick, outside home; W. Broderick, inside home; Augus McDonald, captain.

National—Hagarty, goal; J. Valois, point; P. McGrath, cover point; W. Darby, Alp. Valois and Charles Marsolais, defence field, Brown, centre; Murphy, McKeown and White, home field; Cousineau, outs de home; Shanahan, inside home; P. Brophy, captain.

Umpires—R. S. Kelly, A. Hinton.
Referee—J. Tucker.

The following is the summary:

Game.	Won by.	Scorer.	Time.
1	Cornwall	John Broderick	6 min.
2	Cornwall	H. Callaghan	12 min.
3	Nationals	Brown	8 min.
4	Nationals	McKeown	1 min.
5	Nationals	Walsh	2 min.
6	Cornwall	John Broderick	1 min.
7	Time called; not finished.		

THE LATE MRS. JEAN BRUNEAU.

There passed away to her rest at her daughter's residence at Rutland, Vt., on Sept. 3, a lady well known in Montreal in earlier years, Maria E. Seymour, widow of the late Mr. Jean Bruneau, merchant, of Montreal. Mrs. Bruneau was one of the oldest members of the American Presbyterian Church, and attended it when in its old place at the corner of St. James and McGill streets. Mrs. Bruneau was one of the 'Witness' readers from the earliest years, and for the greater part of her life resided in Montreal. She had reached her eighty-sixth year when called away to rest. Her remains were interred in Mount Royal Cemetery yesterday morning, and she leaves to mourn her death three sons and two daughters, twenty-four grandchildren and thirty great grand-children. With sincere affection for a good mother, her children have the consolation that her end was peace.

ANCIENT ORDER OF HIBERNIANS.

Under the auspices of this order a lively picnic was held yesterday at Bout de l'Ile Park, the members turning out in considerable strength as well as some thousands of people who were attracted by the programme of sports and games or who wanted a breath of fresh air away from the city.

Everything was carried out in a most satisfactory manner; the following committee had charge of arrangements, and all agreed that its members did their work well:—John P. O'Hara, chairman; N. J. McIlhone, treasurer; F. Gibson, J. Kearns, J. Costello, T. McGauveran, J. Ryan, P. Doyle, D. Mathewson, H. T. Kearns, J. White, P. J. Finn, secretary.

MONTHLY FLOWER SHOW.

THE LIST OF PRIZE WINNERS.

The monthly flower show at the Natural History Hall last evening, under the auspices of the Gardeners and Florists' Club, was largely patronized by the public, who evidently appreciate the club's enterprise. The prize list is as follows:—

Twelve pansies—1, G. Trussell; 2, J. Stenning; 3, F. Bennett.
Twenty-five pansies—1, G. Trussell; 2, F. Bennett; 3, W. Horobin.
Twelve single petunias—1, C. A. Smith; 2, G. Trussell.
Twenty-five single petunias—1, C. A. Smith; 2, G. Trussell.
Six white asters—1, J. Bennett; 2, P. McKenna & So.
Twelve white asters—1, J. Bennett; 2, P. McKenna & Son; 3, J. Walsh.
Six red asters—1, F. Bennett; 2, J. Dunbar; 3, G. Trussell.
Twelve red asters—1, J. Dunbar; 2, Geo Trussell; 3, J. Walsh.
Six pink asters—1, P. McKenna & Son; 2, J. Dunbar.
Twelve pink asters—1, J. Walsh; 2, J. Dunbar; 3, P. McKenna & Son.
Six blue asters—1, J. Dunbar; 2, T. Bennett; 3, P. McKenna & Son.
Twelve blue asters—1, J. Dunbar; 2, Geo. Trussell; 3, P. McKenna & Son.
Six striped asters—1, P. McKenna & Son; 2, C. A. Smith; 3, J. Stenning.
Twelve striped asters—1, J. Dunbar; 2, F. Bennett; 3, P. McKenna & Son.
Six zinnias—1, P. McKenna & Son; 2, C. A. Smith; 3, G. Robinson.
Twelve zinnias—1, P. McKenna & Son; 2, G. Trussell; 3, C. A. Smith.
Twelve gallardia grandiflora—1, P. McKenna & Son; 2, G. Robinson.
Twelve gallardia laurezia—1, G. Robinson; 2, T. Martell.
Twelve stocks—1, C. A. Smith; 2, F. Bennett.
Twenty-five mignonette—1, F. Bennett; 2, G. Trussell.
Twelve antirrhinum — 1, G. Trussell; 2, G. Robinson.
Twelve Margaret carnations—1, P. McKenna & Son.
Twelve marigolds—1, G. Robinson; 2, F. Bennett; 3, G. Trussell.
Twenty-five marigolds—1 and 2, G. Robinson; 3, H. Pidduck.
Three gladioli—1, P. McKenna & Son; 2, G. Trussell; 3, J. Walsh.
Six gladioli—1, P. McKenna & Son; 2, G. Trussell; 3, J. Walsh.
Three cannas—1, C. A. Smith; 2, George Robinson.
Six cannas—1, C. A. Smith; 2, George Trussell.
Twelve rudbeckia—J. Walsh.
Twenty-five rudbeckia—J. Walsh.
Twelve rudbeckia, any other variety—1, G. Robinson; 2, T. Martell.
Twenty-five rudbeckia, any other variety —1, J. Walsh.
Six single dahlias—1, C. A. Smith; 2, P. McKenna; 3, J. Walsh.
Twelve single dahlias—1, C. A. Smith; 2, J. Walsh; 3, T. Bennett.
Six double dahlias—1, C. A. Smith.
Twelve helianthus multiflora—1, J. Dunbar; 2, J. Walsh.
Twenty-five helianthus multiflora—1, J. Dunbar.
Twelve helianthus, any other variety—P. McKenna & Son.
Twenty-five helianthus, any other variety —1, P. McKenna; 2, J. Pascoe.
Six phlox—1, P. McKenna; 2, Geo. Trussell.
Twelve spikes sweet peas—1, G. Robinson; 2, W. Horobin.
Twenty-five spikes sweet peas—1, G. Pascoe; 2, A. C. Wilshire; 3, W. Horobin.
Twenty-five perennial peas—1, L. Trussell.
Wild flowers—1, P. McKenna & Son.
Outdoor cut flowers—1, W. Alcock; 2, W. Whiting; 3, W. Horobin.
Phlox Drummondii—C. A. Smith.
Tuberous begonias—1, P. McKenna & Son; 2, J. Stenning.
Collection geraniums—G. Trussell.

Special Prizes.

Vase of gladioli—1, Robert Reid; 2, J. Walsh.
Vase of allamanda, to John Holliday.
Vase of penstemon, African marigold pot of gloxinia, to George Copland.
Tiatrus spicata—John Doyle.
Cosmos—John Doyle.
Vase of sepiglossis and verbenas — C. A. Smith.
Vase of Delphiniums—Quilled asters and crown asters, to J. Dunbar.
Vase of seedling carnations, to Walter Wilshire.
Station string beans and nasturtiums, to H. Phillips.
Vase of white asters, W. Alcock.
Vase of pompon asters, F. Bennett.
Rudbeckia golden glow and ficus elastica, to Jos. Bennett.
Chrysanthemum inodorum plenissimum, to Fred. Bennett.
Boujainvillin and scabious, W. Whiting
Datura Knightii, W. Horobin.

HALLELUJAH WEDDING.

There is to be a very interesting ceremony in the S. A. Temple, Alexander street, on Monday night, Sept. 13. Adjutant Coombs, who has been in charge of the work here this last eight months, and Adjutant Etta Mitchell, of Cobourg, Ont., will be united in marriage by Brigadier Sharp, of Kingston. Adjutants Coombs and Mitchell have spent nearly twenty-four years in Army warfare, and all will wish them a happy future.

TEMPERANCE MASS MEETING.

A mass meeting of temperance workers was held in Unity Hall, Wellington street west, on Sunday evening, under the auspices of St. Lawrence Council, No. 6, Royal Templars of Temperance. The object of these meetings, this being the second held in the last few months, is to encourage temperance work in Point St. Charles.

OBITUARY.

New Orleans, La., Sept. 6.—Mr. Robert Bleakley, president of the advisory board of the International Commercial Congress which met in Philadelphia in June, died last night, after a brief illness.

Brantford, Ont., Sept. 6.—Mr. John Stapleton, boot and shoe merchant of this place, died this morning from heart trouble. He was in his sixty-fourth year, one of Brantford's oldest business men, and much respected. He had heart trouble for some time, but was not confined to the house until about two months ago. On Saturday he took a turn for the worse, passing away this morning.

London, Sept. 7.—The Hon. Sir Louis W. Cave, Judge of the High Court of Justice, is dead. He was born in 1832, and was the editor of many important legal works.

NOTES AND NOTICES.

Sault au Recollet.—Good service all the time by Park and Island cars. Take Windsor or Amherst cars to corner of Mount Royal avenue and St. Lawrence street.

'Shoot the Rapids.'—All cars on Notre Dame street route running west connect for Lachine. Last cars for boats leave post-office at 7.30 a.m. and 4.00 p.m. Frequent car service to 11.00 p.m.

CANADA AND JAMAICA.

MONTREAL AND HALIFAX CAPITALISTS TO BUILD A NEW TROLLEY LINE IN JAMAICA.

Mr. G. Eustace Burke, Canadian commercial agent here, has sent a very interesting report to the Department of Trade and Commerce of Canada. He congratulates both Canada and Jamaica on the anticipated completion of cable communication and the improved steamship connection, which he hopes will lead to extended commercial relations.

He exhorts Canada to make an effort to prove to Jamaica and the other West Indian islands the volume of Canadian industry and enterprise.

The most of his communication is taken up with matter in the strain of every Canadian agent's quarterly reports, namely, that Canadian producers must put up goods to suit the market. Other nations do it, and so take the trade. He remarks that the orange season is about to open, with prospects of an extra crop. Owing to the new United States tariff, shippers may perhaps turn their attention to the Canadian market.—Jamaica 'Gleaner.'

In connection with the above desire to increase trade relations, the public will be glad to learn that a Canadian syndicate has just received a franchise from the Jamaica Government, giving them the right to construct and operate trolley roads in the island. Mr. W. B. Chapman of Montreal and Mr. Pearson of Halifax are the promoters, and they have just obtained this valuable concession after a hard fight with a Boston company. Montreal and Halifax capital will construct at first about twenty-five miles of track in Kingston and suburbs, serving a population of about eighty-five thousand. They have bought the old horse railway, which has been exceedingly profitable, and will convert it into a trolley system. Jamaicans are anxious, Mr. Chapman says, to do more business with Canada, and a great field is open to Canadian capital and energy in this fine island, with its population of seven hundred thousand.

A DANGEROUS MAN.

WAR ON THE BACHELOR POLITICIAN BY THE WOMAN'S RESCUE LEAGUE OF BOSTON.

Boston, Sept. 6.—The recent manifesto of Mrs. Charlotte Smith against the bachelor politician was the subject of considerable attention from the Woman's Rescue League of this city yesterday. Resolutions were passed setting forth that 'the American bachelor politician shirks his duty to the human family when he fails to provide a home for some good woman before he engages in the profession of politics; therefore he is not to be trusted after he has entered a political arena in which temptations surround him on all sides, and that unfortunately modern society has heretofore given the political bachelor too much latitude by ignoring his private life.

'Be it resolved, that, as far as practicable, a list of bachelor politicians who are aspirants for public office be obtained in the states of Massachusetts and New York, and formal protests be sent out against their election or re-election by the Woman's Rescue League, on the ground that they are ineligible to hold public office.'

The league extends its congratulations to ex-Mayor Edward Upton Curtis, of Boston, on his approaching marriage and recommends for him a two years' vacation from politics in which to enjoy his honeymoon.

TRUE STORY OF VON HAHNKE'S DEATH.

London, Sept. 7.—The 'Daily Chronicle' denies the rumors put in circulation to the effect that Lieutenant Von Hahnke, who accompanied the Emperor William on his yachting trip along the coast of Norway this summer, committed suicide after a scene with the Emperor. The 'Chronicle' says the true story is that Lieut. Von Hahnke, who was accompanied by a brother officer, accidentally ran into the river on his bicycle, while trying to avoid a collision with a shying pony. The river is a raging torrent, from which escape is impossible. When his companion came upon the scene all trace of Von Hahnke had disappeared except his cap.

C. E. DEPARTMENT

TOPIC - Sept. 12, 1897.

BIBLE DIRECTIONS FOR PRACTICAL LIFE.

(Eph. vi., 1-9.)

(A memory meeting suggested.)

'Thy word have I hid in mine heart, that I might not sin against thee.'—Psa. cxix. 11.

'For the word of God is quick and powerful, and sharper than any two-edged sword, piercing even to the dividing asunder of soul and spirit, and of the joints and marrow, and is a discerner of the thoughts and intents of the heart.'—Heb. iv., 12.

'Let the word of Christ dwell in you richly in all wisdom.'—Col. iii., 16.

'For the Lord will again rejoice over thee for good, as He rejoiced over thy fathers: if thou shalt hearken unto the voice of the Lord thy God, to keep His commandments and His statutes which are written in this book of the law, and if thou turn unto the Lord thy God with all thine heart and with all thy soul. For this commandment which I command thee this day, it is not hidden from thee, neither is it far off.

'It is not in heaven, that thou shouldst say, Who shall go up for us to heaven, and bring it unto us, that we may hear it, and do it? Neither is it beyond the sea, that thou shouldst say, Who shall go over the sea for us, and bring it unto us, that we may hear it, and do it?

'But the word is very nigh unto thee, in thy mouth and in thy heart, that thou mayest do it.'—Deut. xxx., 9-14.

'He that hath an ear, let him hear what the Spirit saith unto the churches: To him that overcometh will I give to eat of the hidden manna.'—Rev. ii., 17.

'Man doth not live by bread only, but by every word that proceedeth out of the mouth of the Lord doth man live.'—Deut. viii., 3.

'The law of his God is in his heart, none of his steps shall slide.'—Psa. xxxvii., 31.

The papers tell us of an Italian professor who has just accomplished a remarkable feat of memory, repeating without a mistake the whole of Dante's 'Divina Comedia.' What a marvellous memory this man must have! We wonder how much of the bible he could repeat by heart.

A memory meeting is a test of our practical knowledge of the Scriptures. We only fully know those passages which we have committed to memory and have meditated upon and practised in our daily life. Those verses that mean so much to us that we cannot forget them, those that are as familiar to us as our own names are the ones we can always repeat. For guidance in our daily life there is nothing so helpful as having the word of God stored in our hearts.—Isa. lviii., 11; Psa. cxix., 105.

To win souls to Christ we should be able to quote exactly His own loving words of invitation and welcome, being 'ready always to give an answer to every man that asketh you a reason of the hope that is in you with meekness and reverence.'—I Peter iii., 15, margin.

For help in the dark hours of trial and temptation how sweet to be able to fall back on the precious promises of strength and support which we have stored in our heart for just such a time. Girded with the whole armor of God (Eph. vi., 11-18), and mighty in the use of the 'sword of the Spirit, which is the word of God,' we may be sure of conquering the hosts of evil.

Every Jewish child was taught large portions of the Scripture, principally the book of Deuteronomy, as his first lesson. It may have been at his mother's knee that our Saviour learned those passages of Scripture with which he withstood the enemy in those terrible days of temptation which he underwent for us. He had committed them to memory, had thought over them, realized their meaning, and now understood how to apply them. In temptation's hour his first thought was of the word of God, and what He had stored in His heart came to him richly laden with comfort and strength in those dark hours.

If the Son of God relied solely on the word of God, how much more should we! If He, the sinless One, needed to store the Scripture in His mind, can we have any less obligation? For it is a duty as well as an unspeakable privilege to feed upon the word of God.

'God is love,' and the exquisite word pictures of the Old Testament illustrate this even more vividly than the story of the New Testament. To fully understand the love of God as revealed in the life, death and resurrection of Jesus Christ we must carefully study the Old Testament types and prophecies showing that the same 'everlasting love' was manifested all through the ages. The exhortations to study the Scriptures all refer to the Old Testament, as the New Testament was not collected at the time of writing. Thus Paul mentions 'the holy scriptures which are able to make thee wise unto salvation through faith which is in Christ Jesus.'

'All scripture is given by inspiration of God, and is profitable for doctrine, for reproof, for correction, for instruction in righteousness, that the man of God may be perfect, thoroughly furnished unto all good works.—II Tim. iii., 15-17.

SUGGESTED HYMNS.

'Standing on the Promises,' 'I love to tell the Story,' 'Wonderful Words of Life,' 'Since I have been Redeemed,' 'Moment by moment.'

ENTHUSIASTIC ENDEAVORERS.

MAINE STATE CONVENTION—DR. CLARK'S ADDRESS.

(Editor C. E. Column.)

Dear Sir,—We had the pleasure last week of attending the Maine State Convention of Christian Endeavorers. It was a kind of echo of the great convention held so recently in San Francisco, as many of the speakers had just returned from their trip across the continent.

The twelfth annual convention of the Maine State C. E. Union was held at Biddeford, Aug. 24-27. The programmes were tastefully printed on fine paper with a picture of 'Father Endeavor Clarke' on the front page, and on the reverse the 'Maine C. E. Battle Hymn,' composed by Miss Cora B. Bickford, the retiring state president, one verse of which runs as follows. The tune is 'Tramp, tramp, tramp':—

North and south their forces lent,
East and west recruiters sent,
And they answered from the islands of the sea;
Till a mighty army grew,
Formed of bravest hearts and true,
And three million strong we bear the name 'C. E.'

Australasia was represented by the Rev. Dr. Mead and his daughter. The programme was full of spirited, enthusiastic addresses and splendid choral singing. Mrs. Francis E. Clark gave an intensely interesting account of 'Junior Work Abroad,' telling of the dear little people in the faraway lands, who were gathered under the same banner as the Junior Endeavorers of this country—'To do what Christ wants us to do.'

But the best of all was saved till the end of the convention. The last speech in the last meeting was to be by the founder of the great Christian Endeavor movement, the Rev. Francis E. Clark. 'Father Endeavor Clark'—how often we had longed to see and hear this blessed man. It is said that a lady one day congratulated him on being the head of so great a movement. 'But I am not the head,' he quickly replied, 'only one of the little hands.'

We passed into the reception room with the crowd and presently received a most cordial grasp of the hand. The tender, fatherly face is lighted with smiles, the kind eyes look straight into ours with a friendliness which speaks of a life-long interest in, and fellowship with young people of every kind. Perfect strangers to him, yet, as he announced himself as 'so happy to meet us,' we could not but believe him.

Mrs. Clark and their daughter, Miss Maud Williston Clark, were then introduced to us, and we passed on rather of the mind to join the tail-end of the procession of hand-shakers and have the pleasure over again. However, we resisted this temptation, knowing that we should probably have another chance after the closing gathering.

On Friday afternoon, Miss Lilian Staple Mead of Adelaide, South Australia, gave a charming address on 'Methods of Work.' She first referred to her pleasant stay in California, at the convention she had worn a large streamer with the word 'Australia' upon it. When she went into a crowded street car, she generally found herself much stared at, but almost at once someone would ask her if she 'really came from Australia?' On her replying in the affirmative, she would instantly be offered a seat, on the strength of her having 'come such a long way.'

Coming across the continent she had been several times besought by the inhabitants of small towns to 'put her head out of the window.' But their disappointment was great when they found that 'the woman from Australia' looked no different from an American girl.

Miss Mead spoke of the equal suffrage of South Australia, telling how the women formed themselves into clubs to study up politics before voting, striving to vote for those candidates whose lives were clean and honorable; as the old Roman 'candidates' were so-called on account of the white robes they wore to intimate their clean and honorable records. The city of Adelaide has no Sunday newspapers or mails, and no cars before one o'clock on Sunday. The young people of South Australia all unite in Christian Endeavor, they have no denominational leagues, and find that they can all work together without losing a particle of their loyalty. They keep up enthusiasm and interest in their work by studying all the C. E. literature possible. The 'Golden Rule' and various leaflets published by the United Society in Boston, reach them week by week, and are eagerly studied and made use of. There is a great difference between a piece of music played mechanically and the same piece played by a master hand and spirit, so going through the best of methods mechanically could not bring anything like the results of using the same methods with our Master's Spirit. We need increased spirituality, not increased machinery.

The last evening of the convention came. The Congregational Church was packed to the doors. Round after round of applause greeted the appearance of Dr. Clark upon the platform; handkerchiefs fluttered in salute, and clapping which could scarcely be restrained, prevented his speaking for some time.

Dr. Clark emphasized three points in his address, systematic giving, Christian heroism, and the necessity of the 'morning watch' alone with God. To illustrate the first point he had a large banner, embroidered by little Bengali girls, who can only earn a few pice a day by working in their gardens raising fruit and vegetables. But all the money they can get they give to God, partly supporting a native evangelist who goes up and down the river, giving away 8,000 tracts in a year.

The missionary problem is now one of dollars and cents. There are plenty of consecrated men and women longing to be sent out to foreign fields, but lacking the necessary funds. The church is not awake to its privilege. What does it mean that the millions in darkness are stretching out their hands for the light, and hundreds in this fair land of ours are standing with their lamps in their hands ready to go, but unable because of the lack of money? What does it mean? It means that there is stinginess somewhere. It means that many who profess to belong to the Lord Jesus are keeping their money for their own selfish use. It means that an advance step must be taken and now is the time to take it. Endeavorers, endeavor to deny yourselves the selfish pleasure of spending your money on yourselves, learn the exquisite pleasure of spending it for God.

To illustrate Christian heroism, Dr. Clark drew from his pocket a huge tiger's claw. A missionary in India had one day been attacked by a tiger, fearfully torn and wounded he managed to kill the beast, but the event so shattered his health that he had to take a few years' rest from his beloved work. This missionary was Andrew Murray, nephew of the man whose books have inspired and helped thousands and thousands of souls. Dr. Clark here paid a tender and eloquent tribute to Andrew Murray and the wonderful influence he and his family have over the whole of South Africa. Not Kruger, not Rhodes, not any 'diamond king' is the great man of South Africa—to Andrew Murray belongs that title. The pervasive influence of a large Christian family does incalculable good to the country round. The founder of Christian Endeavor was never troubled by hearing that young people were forming their life friendships in Christian Endeavor meetings, he was rather pleased that those who were to spend their lives together should first meet in a prayer meeting rather than in a ball-room. He urged the necessity of family prayers, specially those in which all might take some part.

A fragment of terra cotta from an old ruined pagoda on the Ganges, where William Carey, Henry Martyn and Adoniram Judson used to meet to pray, illustrated the third point. The possibility of close quiet communion with God—not through even the best of men or the best of books, just through his own word, is open to all who will give the time to it. It is worth any sacrifice. We are an intensely busy people, yet we find time to eat, we can make time for the things we most want. Let us make time to give at least fifteen minutes to being alone with God in the freshness of the day, not when we are sleepy and tired out. 'Twill freshen and beautify the day, 'twill glorify our lives and conduct, 'twill light our faces with hope and courage, and others seeing us will long to know and serve our God who does so much for us. Keep close to God that the world, seeing you, may see what God is like in you.'

After Dr. Clark's address came the closing consecration service. The different counties all responded to their names by appropriate verses and hymns, or portions of the pledge recited in concert. Australia was then called, and responded by the Rev. Silas Mead. In some way it had become known that there were Canadians in the congregation, a Union Jack had been draped with the Stars and Stripes over the pulpit, and we were now called to respond for Canada.

If we had had any feelings of strangeness, they left us at once at the sight of our own beloved flag, and with our hearts swelling with the love of God which knows no distinction of race, we rose and quoted Ephesians II., 19, 'Now, therefore, ye are no more strangers and foreigners, but fellow-citizens with the saints, and of the household of God.'

At the close of this solemn service we took our way homeward, feeling that we had spent pleasant and profitable hours with the Endeavorers, our brothers the whole world over.

C. E.

Aug. 30.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

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Military Drill, Physical Exercises, etc.
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Will reopen their School on THURSDAY, Sept. 9th. The course of study includes the ordinary English branches, with French, German and Latin. Classes will also be formed for singing, and for elocution.
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An entrance examination for new scholars will be held at 23 Simpson st, on SATURDAY, 11th Sept., at 10 o'clock.
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Headmaster,
Mr. T. RIDLER DAVIES, B.A., (Cantab).
High class private school for boys. Pupils prepared for university, the professions or business. PREPARATORY CLASS FOR YOUNG BOYS. Field for games. There is excellent accommodation for a limited number of boarders. Prospectus can be had on application. The School reopens on SEPT. 8th. 1

DEFECTIVE SPEECH, STUTTERING. IMPERFECT HEARING STAMMERING, Etc.
The Mackay Institution for Protestant Deaf Mutes and the Blind, Notre Dame de Grace, Montreal, will reopen on WEDNESDAY, 8th September. Articulation and Speech Reading given to children born deaf.
The classes for those who are hard of hearing, or who suffer from defective speech, are distinctly separate from the classes for the totally deaf. SUBJECTS taught alike to those in Common Schools.
Thorough instruction is also given in one of the following trades:—Printing, Chair-Caning, Carpentry, Cabinet, Shoe, Mattress and Dressmaking.
H. E. ASHCROFT, Superintendent. GEO. DURNFORD, Secretary.

SHORTHAND INSTITUTE,
ENGLISH AND BUSINESS TRAINING SCHOOL.
(Established 1882.)
110 MANSFIELD STREET, MONTREAL.
(Formerly of the Temple Building.)
Principal, Mrs. Bullock.
Branch, Shorthand and Typewriting Offices—97 and 98 Temple Building, Montreal. Telephone 1287.
RE-OPENS SEPTEMBER 1st.
The Course of Study includes Individual Instruction in Shorthand, Composition, Orthography, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Arithmetic, Penmanship, Business and Legal Forms, Practical Office Training, etc., etc. French—Prof. A. CROIZARD. Lectures on Commercial Law—H. J. TRUELL, B.A., B.C.L.
Prospectus on application.

SCHOOL OF ART AND APPLIED DESIGN,
2278 St. Catherine street.
SCHOOL RE-OPENS OCTOBER 1st.
SKETCHING CLASSES.
Miss Mary M. Phillips will take out a class during September.

MONTREAL BUSINESS SCHOOL,
11 GUILBAULT ST., (Day and Evening.)
Will re-open Sept. 1st. Complete English and Business Course, Shorthand, Typewriting, French, German, Latin, Mathematics and Music. Call or write for Circulars.

WESTMOUNT.
CLASSES FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN.
At 379 Clarke avenue.
THE MISSES SHANKS intend to open CLASSES at WESTMOUNT, on WEDNESDAY, the Fifteenth of September.
The Course of Instruction will include, besides the usual English Branches, Mathematics, Latin, French and German.
After the 6th September MISS SHANKS will be at home daily from two till six o'clock to receive visitors on school business. 4

Central Business College,
TORONTO, ONT.
Fall Session from Sept. 1st—Telegraphy, Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping and all Commercial Subjects. Large staff; splendid facilities. Prospectus free.
W. H. SHAW, Principal.

ST. JOHN'S SCHOOL, 1773 Ontario St Montreal. Headmaster, the Rev. ARTHUR FRENCH, B.A., Keble College, Oxford. 40 Day Boys, 25 Boarders. Boys are thoroughly grounded and prepared for College or Business. No pains are spared to secure progress and a good tone. School reopens SEPT 8th. The Headmaster will be at home on and after Sept. 6th, to receive parents. For prospectus apply by letter to the Headmaster. 13

BISHOP STEWART SCHOOL,
FRELIGHSBURG, QUE.
A Home School for Boys. Situation picturesque and healthy. Individual instruction and personal supervision. Address, CANON DAVIDSON, M.A. 7

HELEN COLLARD
Will resume her teaching in Music on and after SEPT. 1st. Singing, Theory, Piano, Violin and Organ Playing. Address 736a St. Lawrence street. 6

Mr. Septimus Fraser
Has removed from his former residence on McGill Coll. ave., and will resume lessons in Pianoforte and Harmony at his New Studio,
51 CRESCENT STREET,
On and after Wednesday, Sept. 1st.

MISS CUTHBERT,
ORGANIST BETHLEHEM CHURCH
is prepared to receive Pupils for Piano and Organ. Special attention paid to beginners 48 St. Matthew street.

Mr. MAX BOHRER,
PIANIST,
Has returned to town and resumed his Pianoforte Teaching. 2582 St. Catherine st. 1

MISS MARGUERITE SYM will resume her Pianoforte Teaching on
September 14th, at 18 Bayle street.

E. A. HILTON, Organist and Choirmaster, Dominion Square Methodist Church, 272 Bishop street, gives lessons in piano and organ playing and vocal sight reading; special attention to beginners.

LEADING SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

LENNOXVILLE
UNIVERSITY OF BISHOPS COLLEGE.
Faculties of Arts and Divinity.
MATRICULATION and Scholarship Examinations Sept. 13th, at 9 a.m.
LECTURES begin on Sept. 17th, 1897.
For Calendars and information apply to the REV. CANON ADAMS, D.C.L., Principal, or to F. W. FRITH, B.A., Bursar, Lennoxville, P.Q.
BISHOPS COLLEGE SCHOOL.
Re-opens Sept. 10th, 1897. Preparation for Universities, Military College and Business Life. New Illustrated Calendar sent on application. For information as to Residence, Discipline, Scientific and Physical Training, Games, etc., apply to H. J. HAMILTON PETRY, M.A., Head Master, or to F. W. FRITH, B.A., Secretary, Lennoxville, P.Q. 3

PRESBYTERIAN
LADIES' COLLEGE, OTTAWA.
(Formerly Colgny College.)
President.—Rev. W. T. HERRIDGE, B.D.
Principal,
Miss JESSY MONCRIEFF McBRATNEY.
The college re-opens on Tuesday, Sept. 14, 1897, at 9 a.m.
The curriculum provides a carefully graded course of instruction from the Kindergarten up to University Matriculation.
Music, Art, Elocution, Physical Culture and Deportment, Needlework and Cookery are taught by specialists.
Instruction in the Music Department is after the methods of the best German schools.
The Art Department offers courses in drawing from the cast, painting in oil and water color, pastel, miniature and china painting.
Eight of the fourteen members of the teaching staff reside in the College and supervise the pupils' studies.
Application for circular and for admission may be made to the principal.

ASHBURY HOUSE SCHOOL,
186-188 WELLINGTON ST., OTTAWA.
For Resident and Day Pupils.
Twelve resident pupils are received and live in the School House with the Head Master. The situation is one of the best in Ottawa. The Bedrooms are large and very comfortable. Boys receive every attention and home comforts.
Boys are received from the age of nine years, and thoroughly prepared for the Universities, R.M.C. or larger schools.
NEXT TERM COMMENCES SEPT. 14.
There are two vacancies for resident pupils. For prospectus apply to GEO. P. WOOLLCOMBE, B.A. (Oxford), Headmaster. 2

UPPER CANADA COLLEGE,
Founded 1829.
Principal, G. R. PARKIN, M.A., LL.D.
The College will re-open on September 14. Full particulars about admission will be furnished on application to the Bursar.
Its large grounds, healthy site, splendid school buildings and efficient staff combine to make the college a most desirable school for residential pupils.
Deer Park, Toronto, July, 1897. 27

Sabrevois College
MONTREAL.
The College re-opens for Boarders and Day Pupils, on THURSDAY, Sept. 16th, 1897. Students are prepared for the Model School, or Commercial Life, or for Matriculation in Arts, Science, Medicine or any of the liberal professions. A valuable opportunity to learn French is offered to English Students. For admission, etc., apply to
Rev. D. LARIVIERE, B.A., Principal,
121 Chatham street, Montreal. 17

KING'S SCHOOL
SABREVOIS, P.Q.
A First Class Boys' Boarding School at moderate terms. Location unsurpassed. Preparation for commercial life or the universities.
FRENCH A SPECIALTY.
MAX LIEBICH, Headmaster.

Rolleston House,
170 Bloor Street West, Toronto.
RESIDENT AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.
This School, beautifully situated in one of the healthiest parts of the city, affords superior advantages for a sound education, with careful training and discipline. Well equipped with a large staff of efficient masters and governesses, some of the latter having received their training in England and Edinburgh. Mr. A. S. Vogt, Mrs. Edgar Jarvis and Miss Ada Hart are on the musical staff.
Classes will be resumed on TUESDAY, Sept. 14, at 10 o'clock.
For particulars apply to MRS. NEVILLE. 25

ROSLYN COLLEGE,
FOR THE EDUCATION OF YOUNG LADIES
85 MACKAY STREET.
Patroness—Her Excellency the Countess of Aberdeen.
This School will be reopened on WEDNESDAY, 8th September, but the Principal will be in attendance to enrol pupils every afternoon from the 1st of September. A Preparatory Class for Boys and Girls will be formed. Prospectus on application.
J. PORTEOUS ARNOLD, F.F.I.S., Principal.

THE SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, conducted by MISS SYMMERS and MISS SMITH, will reopen on WEDNESDAY, the 15th September.
Pupils who desire it are prepared for the McGill University Examinations for matriculation, or for the certificate of Associate in Arts.
After Tuesday, the 7th September, Miss Symmers and Miss Smith will be at home daily from ten till six to receive visitors on school business. 916 Sherbrooke street.

ST. MARGARET'S COLLEGE,
TORONTO.
A high class Boarding and Day School in the finest residential part of Toronto. Each department of the Collegiate Course is under a University Honor Graduate. Music and Art taught by the best instructors. Board of Management: Rev. G. M. Milligan, B.A., D.D., president; J. K. Macdonald, Esq., vice-president; Rev. Louis Jordan, M.A., B.D.; Geo. Dickson, M.A. For announcement apply to Mrs. GEORGE DICKSON, Lady Principal. 31

MISS KYTE'S SCHOOL will re-open MONDAY, 6th September, 29 Plateau street. 22

THE KLONDIKE.

Horrors of the Skaguay Pass Related by Returning Prospectors.

BELIEVED IT WILL PROVE A DEATH TRAP TO MANY THIS WINTER.

DEATH AND DISEASE STARING THE GOLD-SEEKERS IN THE FACE—LIFE AT SKAGUAY.

(Special Correspondence of the 'Witness.')

Victoria, Aug. 30.—One by one the treasure seekers who left but a short time ago for the gold lands are finding that the journey is one of the hardest propositions they ever tackled and each returning steamer brings down her quota of disheartened men who have tried the pass and know whereof they speak. The steamers 'Islander,' 'City of Kingston,' and 'Bristol.' which arrived down yesterday were no exception to the rule. Each brought down a number of men who a few weeks ago started from here with gold dust. All these men have to say is that the trip was too hard for them, and from the stories of others, who just went over the trail to observe the conditions, those who have given up are not to be blamed.

HORRORS OF THE SKAGUAY PASS.

A miner in a letter to your correspondent gives the following description of the trail. He says :—'I went out along the Skaguay trail yesterday to the foot of the first hill and I can safely say I never saw anything more depressing than the position of the many hundreds of people scattered along there. The trail is terribly rough and there is an average of three horses killed every day. It is a trail of blood, for the poor animals are falling over bluffs, getting tangled between the rocks, and breaking their legs and backs, in which case they are shot and left on the trail. The trail will in a few days be impassable, for the stench from the carcasses is sickening. Men are quitting the struggle every day, and as I go along I see strong men sitting on the trail with tears running down their cheeks, completely broken down, and the stream of humanity passes on paying no heed to their sufferings. Some heartless fellows even jibe and jeer at them, for man's inhumanity to man is very evident on the Skaguay trail.

Those who intend wintering in Skaguay, the gateway to the mines, should remember that they will have to put up with an awful hard time. For they will be obliged to live in tents and the temperature in the winter oftentimes reaches as low as sixty degrees below freezing point. Winter will soon commence and in this season snow falls to the depth of three or four feet. The population is now about three thousand, and with such a population the insanitary state of the camp will become horribly bad ; the fresh water in the creek will become polluted and disease will set in. Many will come back before winter sets in, but yet many are still rushing in, and on the arrival of each steamer the cry is heard, 'More victims.'

A NEWSPAPER MAN'S ADVICE.

A passenger down on the 'Islander' was Capt. Lee, a correspondent of the London 'Chronicle,' who made a round trip for that paper. In a cable to his paper from Victoria he says that scarcely a tenth of those now on the trail will get through. He strongly condemns the transportation companies of the Pacific coast for taking men north and says that it is scandalous, for hundreds will leave their skeletons on the trail; they will be starved to death. He predicts a great dearth of provisions this winter and says that famine will result. Those now going in cannot possibly get past Skaguay this winter. Capt. Lee also strongly advises everybody to keep away from the Klondike. He thinks the country is overboomed and the reports exaggerated. He thinks the outfitters and others who are booming the gold fields are criminals who are sending thousands of their fellows to their death. No man, in his opinion, should go in without provision for at least a year.

THAT DISPUTED CLAIM.

Another man, who came down on the 'Islander,' was Capt. William Moore, father of Bernard Moore, who claims the town site of Skaguay, where the ingoing miners have formed a town, and at the request of your correspondent he presented him with the following statement, signed by his son, which fully explains that gentleman's position:—

Skaguay, Aug. 21, 1897.

Ten years ago I became impressed with the value of Skaguay Bay and adjoining land for dairy and manufacturing purposes; I located there, and there I have resided ever since.

In due time I made application for 160 acres in accordance with United States laws as applied to Alaska, and had a legal survey made, depositing $400, the value of the land prescribed and to the proper officials. Both my money and application were accepted by the government, and that is how the matter stands. By reason of the wonderful gold discoveries in the interior the world seems crazed, and people are flocking here as the most favorable point for entering the gold fields. I had just begun to stock my place, according to my means, when the rush commenced.

My land is now occupied by thousands of strangers, claiming it and speculating in it. But I have full confidence that my country will protect my rights. Yours truly,

BERNARD MOORE.

Of his son's claim to Skaguay Captain Moore will not say much beyond the fact that he thinks that his son is legally entitled to it and he classes the ingoing miners now encamped there as squatters. He is confident that the United States Government will uphold his son's claim.

HOW JUSTICE IS ADMINISTERED.

A correspondent of the 'Times' writing from Skaguay tells of the formation of a vigilance committee at that city for it can be called a city, and gives some instances of their speedy justice. About two weeks ago one of the miners was drowned and a packer named Cleveland who found the body charged the friends of the deceased man sixty dollars for bringing it back to Skaguay, notwithstanding the fact that he was coming out light. A meeting of the committee was at once convened as soon as this mean action was heard of and as a result Cleveland was given twenty-four hours to leave the camp. A rope with a most uninviting loop was fixed to a tree and he was warned—a placard with the usual skull and cross-bones at the head was placed on his tent—that if he was still in town at the end of the twenty-four hours he would be lynched. He fled, selling his pack train for a song before he started.

Another instance that came under the notice of the 'Times' correspondent was as follows: Considerable stealing and petty pilfering had been going on for some time and it seems that the thief adroitly cast suspicion on an innocent man by concealing some of the stolen goods in the latter's tent. The suspected man was, on the complaint of the real culprit, hauled before the committee, adjudged guilty and started backwards on the return trail. The stealing, however, continued, and by an accident the guilty man was discovered. The vigilance committee again met and the accused was soon found guilty. Some were for hanging him and many came with ropes prepared. The chairman of the committee, who acted as judge, however, decided the question as follows: Those who were for hanging were to go to one side and those who thought banishment sufficient were to go to the left. When the vote was counted there were thirty-six for hanging and thirty-seven for banishment. His life was saved by a single vote. The thief was afterwards placed on a downward steamer and went back to Seattle.

Notwithstanding the many difficulties in the way and the proximity of winter miners are still rushing to the Klondike and every steamer sailing is still taxed to the utmost. A great many of those now going up are going in by way of the Stickeen and Teslin lake routes, an all Canadian route, which is said to be much less difficult than those by way of Dyea and Skaguay. About two hundred will sail to-morrow morning on the steamer 'Bristol,' which sails from this port at ten o'clock, convoying the river boat 'Eugene' to St. Michael's. The 'Eugene' is a small stern-wheel steamer drawing but two and a half inches of water and should rough weather be encountered it will go very hard with her. She will go in company of the 'Bristol' to St. Michael's, and at that port the miners and their goods will be transferred to her and she will make her way up the Yukon towards Dawson City. It is, however, a question whether she will be able to reach her destination, as the Yukon freezes over very early in the winter.

Vancouver, B.C., Sept. 7.—The steamer 'Capilano,' Capt. Powis, returned this morning from Juneau, Dyea and Skaguay. She brings down one miner from Juneau who is disgusted with the outlook for getting into the gold fields this fall. Her cattle and horses were landed safely, but the United States customs officials charged a duty of thirty dollars on each horse. On the way down the 'Capilano' spoke the steamer 'Bristol' and the stern-wheeler 'Eugene,' which left Victoria last week, at Alert Bay. The 'Eugene' commenced leaking soon after leaving Union, where she was seized for a violation of Canadian customs regulations, but got away by cutting her hawser. It took the 'Bristol' twenty-four hours to tow her back to Alert Bay. An attempt was being made to patch her up, but the passengers refuse to travel on her. They wanted to charter the 'Capilano,' but as she had on passengers for Vancouver Captain Powis was unable to assist them. He spoke the steamer 'Tees' of Victoria on the way down, and doubtless she will go to their assistance. The 'Capilano' brings no news of importance from the north. The crush at Dyea and Skaguay is as great as ever and many disheartened people are daily turning back.

WILL HAVE TIME TO MEND HIS WAYS.

Barcelona, Sept. 6.—The prosecutor at the court-martial, yesterday, of Barril, the Anarchist, who attempted to assassinate Chief of Police Portas and Assistant Chief Teixidor on Friday evening last, as they were leaving the circus, asked that a sentence of forty years be imposed upon the prisoner. The defence argued that ten years' imprisonment would be adequate punishment for the accused. Barril admitted before the court martial that he came to Spain with the intention of assassinating Chief of Police Portas, on account of the measures taken by the latter against anarchists. The request of the prosecutor was granted and the court sentenced Barril to forty years' imprisonment. Much surprise was manifested when the sentence was announced, as it was expected that the prisoner would be condemned to suffer the death penalty for his crime.

DEATH OF MR. ALEXANDER BEGG.

Victoria, B.C., Sept. 7.—Mr. Alexander Begg, editor of the British Columbia 'Mining Record,' died here yesterday, aged sixty five. He was a native of Quebec, and at one time Queen's Printer in Manitoba, though for a number of years was connected with the press in British Columbia and Washington.

SPAIN IS FIRM.

WILL BROOK NO INTERFERENCE FROM THE UNITED STATES IN CUBA.

READY TO DEFEND HER RIGHTS BY THE SWORD.

Havana, Sept. 6.—A great sensation has been caused here by a letter from General Marcelo Azcarraga, now Spain's prime minister, addressed to one of the leading Spaniards in Havana, who for many years has wielded a decisive influence in all colonial affairs by his high social position in the island as well as by his intimate friendship with the most prominent leaders of the Union Constitutional party to whom it was shown at a private dinner party at the house of the gentleman who received it.

To all appearances General Azcarraga wished his views to be known by the leaders of the Spanish party in the island without making any official declaration through the press which might cause premature diplomatic trouble. The letter refers to the answer which the Spanish Government is ready to give to any proposal of interference from the United States that General Woodford may make to the court of Spain, and its most important paragraphs say :—

'The Spanish patriots in Cuba ought not to entertain the least apprehension about the mission of Mr. Woodford. According to the government's information from its representative in Washington, the intentions of the United States are probably much exaggerated, and besides our position is so clear and our determination to repel any unjust pretension of that nation so emphatic that we are resolved before yielding to go to all extremes, even to war if necessary, in order to defend our sacred rights in Cuba Nor, if we go to war, shall we be less confident of the triumph of Spain. We will be the champions of the great political principle of European colonization in America against the wrong idea that the United States is the arbiter of national life and property in the new world. We will have the sympathies of Europe, no doubt about that, and Europe will not consent to our expulsion from Cuba. The day in which, by the power of arms, or yielding before a warlike pressure from the United States, we shall give Cuba up, that day would be the eve of England's loss of Canada and Jamaica, and France's departure from her American colonies. No, Europe will not consent to our failure, and apart from the fact that our arms will have a better occasion to display their strength in a contest with a civilized country than in the guerilla fights in Cuba, we shall have, even if we fail, a hand to lift us up in the last moments. General Woodford will be received and even welcomed as our mourned Don Antonio Canovas del Castillo wished to welcome him. If he brings only claims of American citizens harmed in Cuba, attention will be paid to those claims as far as they are just. In a friendly manner he will be notified also of Spain's right to claim other damages, and instructions will be given for the purpose to our minister in Washington. But it will be a great mistake if he intends to suggest any other kind of American interference in Cuba. Canovas did not answer the proposals for home rule made by President Cleveland ; but now, if the United States persists, the answer will have to be given. It will be straight and firm. It will end forever all those vain pretensions of the Americans to rule outside of their land. Spain will say that she does not admit in the least the right of the United States to interfere in Cuba ; that the war between the Cuban rebels and Spain is but a civil war, a contest of family, and that foreigners ought to keep hands off. And Spain will stand by her answer whatever the consequences may be.'

Another letter, from Senor Romero Robledo, shows the same high spirit, and says :—'You can assure our friends down there that in spite of what they may read in some Madrid newspapers, and of what words some politicians have uttered, more to make a sensation than anything else, Spain's historical pride is not lost, and the nation will repel as one man any kind of interference in Cuba from the United States. I believe, notwithstanding all, that much has been exaggerated in this affair, and that Mr. Woodford will not be less friendly than Mr. Taylor or any other previous American minister. In my opinion the most of this international excitement is kept up by the American press, an institution for the spreading of sensation that no words are strong enough to condemn. Fuel is added to that flame by the Cuban refugees in New York, a dastardly class of people, indeed. But if I am wrong, and any pressure is intended from Washington, the right answer will be given. Spain is always the same gallant Spain.'

Instructions have been cabled from Madrid to General Weyler 'to be ready for any emergency from abroad.' Unusual activity is displayed in the forts and the arsenal.

New York, Sept. 7.—A despatch to the 'Herald' from Barcelona says that it is stated on the highest authority that the present Spanish Government will go out within a fortnight and that the Liberals will come in.

The 'Herald's' correspondent in Washington, commenting on the above despatch, says:—'The officials of the State Department have not received any information of a change in the Spanish Ministry, but they have believed ever since the death of Senor Canovas that it is quite probable the Conservative Ministry would be succeeded by one headed by Senor Sagasta. Such a change has been hoped for by the administration, for the reason that it is believed the Liberals would pursue a course in regard to Cuba very different from that followed by the Conservatives both before and since the death of Senor Canovas, and that if Senor Sagasta should come into power he would receive with favor the new offers of the good offices of the United States to bring about an end of the insurrection which Minister Woodford is to make.'

ROENTGEN RAYS.

INVENTION BY A WASHINGTON MAN WHICH RENDERS THEM HARMLESS.

Washington, D.C., Sept. 6.—Mr. Elliott Woods, superintendent of the National Capitol, is a student of photography and has recently been making some experiments with the X-rays, and produced some results of great interest to scientific and medical men. He does not profess to be an expert in the laws of light or the uses and abuses of the X-ray, but, nevertheless, he has advanced the science of both very materially and to a practical purpose. He has a very finely equipped laboratory, where he has conducted and is still conducting interesting experiments. One of his most recent experiments was directed to the now well-known fact that human flesh suffers in a great many cases after exposure to the X-ray. One of the most serious cases of the ill-effects of the ray on the flesh was reported not long ago to the United States surgeon-general. Before that, however, there were several specific cases in which the rays had produced festering flesh, sloughing, falling out of hair, sores, inflammation, etc. Mr. Woods has discovered a process by which this effect of the X-ray can be eliminated. He announced to-day that there is no proof at all that this quality for ill-effect is inherent in the ray. If that were true, he said, the effect would probably be absolutely or approximately the same in all cases of exposure. He admits, however, that the ray, in combination with certain physical conditions of the patient or subject, might have produced the ill effects described. Mr. Woods has discovered that these ill effects will not follow exposure to the X-ray if the light is passed through prepared gold foil, but how the foil is treated he keeps a close secret. A practical application of this discovery has already been made. It has always been desirable in surgical operations to observe the process of the healing of the tissues, the knitting of bones, and the recreation of parts whatever and wherever they might be. To obtain such knowledge it would be necessary to take frequent shadowgraphs, and since the remedy in some cases has been as bad as the disease, there has been a growing distrust of the X-ray treatment. Notwithstanding this, and since Mr. Woods's discovery, several of the surgeons of Washington have sent patients to Mr. Woods to have shadowgraphs made of bones which have recently been set. Two cases were shadowgraphed by Mr. Woods on Friday, and other patients will be sent down from time to time for observation.

FROM NEW BRUNSWICK.

SHIPPING MEN HAVE A GRIEVANCE—CHANGES IN LOCAL MILITARY CIRCLES.

St. John, N.B., Sept. 6.—Great indignation is expressed here at the action of the United States Government in increasing the fees for bills of health to five dollars for vessels sailing to United States ports. The former fee was half that amount, but it is held to be ridiculous that any fee or any bill of health from a Canadian port should be exacted. United States schooners clearing from Canadian ports are exempt. There is a large fleet of small schooners busy all summer carrying lumber and cordwood to American ports, and the tax of five dollars each trip is very oppressive as well as unneighborly. American vessels coming here have nothing to pay but sick mariners' fees, for which they get value.

It is announced that Lieut.-Col. Tucker, M.P., has resigned the command of the 62nd Fusiliers. Major Hugh H. McLean will be his successor. As Lieut.-Col. Armstrong has resigned the command of the artillery, Major McLean, when he becomes lieutenant-colonel, will be by seniority commanding officer in St. John.

Lady Tilley has returned from England.

A steamer just arrived from Liverpool has a hundred and five bags of foreign sugar and about a thousand bags of rice for city merchants.

A steamer is in port from Porto Rico with four hundred packages of molasses.

Labor Day was generally observed as a holiday, but there was no special celebration.

This was the hottest day of the whole season, the thermometer registering eighty-four degrees.

THE ANCIENT CAPITAL.

NOTES.

Quebec, Sept. 7.—The losses by the late fire at Mr. Henry Guffelle's shoe factory here, have been fixed by the experts at $2,225 on the building and $9,083 on the stock and plant, or $11,308 in all.

A fire at Bay St. Paul a few days ago completely destroyed the residence of Mr. E. Danais, together with the barn and all the other buildings, very little of the contents being saved.

On Thursday, at 10.30 a.m., at the Crown Lands Department here, the government will offer for sale by auction the water power of the Shawenegan Falls on the St. Maurice, together with certain islands in the river, the whole at an upset price of $50,000.

Mayor Parent has addressed a letter to the local press, denying that the suggestion to remove the fortification wall between the Esplanade and the grounds of the Parliament Buildings came from the Hon. Mr. Borden, the Minister of Militia.

BACK FROM MICHIPICOTEN.

RETURNED PROSPECTORS SAY THERE IS PLENTY OF GOLD THERE.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 6.—The first party of prospectors to arrive from the newly discovered gold region at Lake Wawa, seven miles from the shores of Lake Superior, back of Michipicoten, Ontario, was a party of eleven, who departed last Monday. They are all business men known for their probity. They arrived here last night, and substantiate without exception all that has been said of the great richness of the new gold fields. Each of them secured claims upon which the gold quartz promises big returns. In all, the party will make application for four thousand acres, which were prospected and staked out while they were there. All the claims are within a radius of a mile from the shores of Lake Wawa, and all contain quartz veins, charged with the yellow metal. The party was on the ground but three entire days, and did their work of prospecting in that time. Two of the party were left to protect their interests and the others will return in a day or two. They are satisfied that they have struck it rich, and would not sell any of their holdings. A quantity of specimens taken from the different claims was brought down by the men and show gold in paying quantities. The quartz is white and easily broken, and the party states that to all appearance there are endless deposits of it in the region. They believe that the biggest gold mining fields in Canada will be opened there.

The returning party say that the journey from the mouth of the Michipicoten river to Lake Wawa is an easy one. The distance does not exceed seven miles, and although a portion of the route is over steep hills and through gulches, the road is so well broken that horses can travel over it. At Lake Wawa last Tuesday but six prospectors were on the ground. When the party left on Saturday morning about two hundred were in the field, and more were coming all the time. A town site is being surveyed at Lake Wawa and preparations are being made to care for the hundreds of people who are certain to flock to the region within the next few weeks. To-day's boat took up a big crowd of people, many of whom will have to sleep on the deck.

New York, Sept. 7.—The 'Tribune' publishes the following special despatch from Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan :—The value of the discoveries along the Michipicoten river increases every day, and it is now known that the first reports from there, which told of surprisingly rich showings of gold, were afterwards discredited by a carefully-circulated report intended to give the discoverers time to get a Canadian land grant covering seven forty-acre tracts. The government sent Prof. Alexander McKenzie, the expert of British North America on mineralogy, to the field, and he returned here last night. In a statement which he had written out he said that he had been all over the new district, and he had never seen a place where indications were so promising. He spent two weeks in making a careful examination of the land, and in all the places visited he found evidences of paying veins of quartz. Every sample he obtained showed the presence of coarse gold. He says that his panning experiments proved that there was enough gold in many of the tributaries of the Michipicoten river to warrant running a mill. The professor is enthusiastic over the results of his visit, and says that the Michipicoten deposits are not local, as is often the case, but that they extend over a large territory. When he was here previous to going to the Michipicoten district he belittled the find, and said it would amount to nothing.

While prospecting in this district is a hard undertaking, owing to the heavy growth of spruce and tamarac over the deposits and the presence of moss from six to eight inches thick, yet the region is easily accessible. There are none of the hardships incident to a trip to the Klondike. It takes only half a week to reach the mouth of the river, and the journey is not expensive. The fare for the round trip from here is only $7.50, including meals and berth, and if the prospector buys his supplies on the American side he will be forced to pay duty on arriving at the main camp, which is near Lake Wawa, and is reached by a well-broken trail from the place of landing, which was formerly used by the Hudson's Bay Company. Supplies are easily and cheaply transported from the mouth of the Michipicoten river to the new fields.

For over a week prospecting parties have been pouring into the new district from here, and the Indians, according to the reports which come back, profess to have information which will lead to still richer discoveries along the shores of Manitou and Dog lakes to the north of the present fields. The country in which the finds have been made is practically an unexplored wilderness, but the Indians say that pay dirt can be found along the two hundred streams pouring into the valley, some of them only little brooks.

There are now about three hundred persons on the ground, and this is the best season of the year to prospect in that country, as the black flies and mosquitoes are gone.

FRENCH DUTY ON WHEAT.

Paris, Sept. 6.—The minister of commerce, M. Boucher, addressing an agricultural meeting near Epinal to-day, said that the government had not declared that it would always maintain a customs duty against wheat, even if the people's food was threatened, but the ministry wished first of all to favor French producers until it was proved that the supply of wheat was inadequate.

ONTARIO W.C.T.U.

IMPORTANT TOPICS FOR THE CONVENTION.

PROVINCIAL DEPARTMENTAL REPORTS, THEIR THEMES AND SUPERINTENDENTS.

Toronto, Sept. 7.—The range of [illegible] outlined in the programme [illegible] nual provincial convention of the [illegible] man's Christian Temperance [illegible] which will open at Brantford on [illegible] is wide and exceedingly comprehe[illegible] After the convention has been opened [illegible] the president, Mrs. May R. Thomas [illegible] London, whose re-election by a [illegible] is considered a certainty, the annual [illegible] provincial departmental reports will be read and dealt with by the convention. The reports will be presented by the provincial superintendents of the departments as follows:—Lecture work, Mrs. J. Cavers, Galt; evangelistic, Mrs. A. Gordon, Ottawa; Sabbath observance, Mrs. McCallum, Kingston; hygiene and heredity, Miss Edith Murray, St. Thomas; social purity, Mrs. A. Lucas, Grimsby; prisons and police, Mrs. Brownell, Toronto; scientific temperance, Mrs. C. Bigelow, Cornwall; unfermented wine, Miss M. J. Bates, Prince Albert; narcotics, Mrs. Kate Colwell, Lanark; [illegible] Mrs. A. Livingston, Lanark; [illegible] methods, Mrs. Thornley, London; franchise, Mrs. F. S. Spence, Toronto; [illegible] mentary usage, Miss J. Hurl, St. [illegible] arines; parlor meetings, Mrs. Dent, Mitchell; flower mission, Miss Watson, Toronto; work among lumbermen, Mrs. Fisher, Wingham; among railway employees, Mrs. A. P. Murrison, Owen Sound; among sailors, Mrs. J. H. Pardee, Gananoque; among soldiers, Mrs. Scott, Toronto; among colored people, Miss Phelps, St. Catharines; among Indians, Mrs. Tennant, Cornwall; juveniles, Mrs. E. Pratt, Hamilton; temperance in Sunday-schools, Mrs. Alice T. Saunby, London; curfew bell, Mrs. G. S. McKee, Barrie; and young women's work, Western Ontario, Mrs. A. B. Reede, Teeswater; Eastern Ontario, Miss M. Gordon, Ottawa.

SETTLEMENT IN SIGHT.

London, Sept. 7.—The correspondent of the 'Times' in Constantinople says that owing to the note of Count Muravieff, the Russian foreign minister, implying that Great Britain was responsible for the incalculable evils from which Greece and Turkey are suffering through the delay in the conclusion of peace between the two countries, Lord Salisbury has submitted fresh proposals, namely, the constitution of an international commission, representing the six powers, under whose control Greece shall place the revenues guaranteeing the interest to the holders of old bonds, and the indemnity loan to be followed by the prompt evacuation of Thessaly by the Turks.

Vienna, Sept. 6.—The 'Politische Correspondenz' announces that Greece has abandoned her opposition to the demands of Germany regarding the control of Greek finances, and therefore there is a possibility that Lord Salisbury's latest proposals will lead to a settlement of the Graeco-Turkish troubles.

Canea, Isle of Crete, Sept. 6.—The admirals in command of the fleets of the powers in Cretan waters have decided to raise the blockade of this island on Friday next, Sept. 10, the cause necessitating a blockade having disappeared and the insurgents having accepted an autonomous form of government. Therefore the admirals have requested the governor to disarm everybody except the regular troops.

Admiral Canovaro, the Italian officer who has been in command by virtue of seniority of the foreign fleet, has not been recalled with the Italian warships. Admiral Canovaro has left Crete on leave of absence on board the Italian warship 'Sicilia,' leaving the Italian squadron in charge of the Italian officer who is next to him in rank. The Russian admiral has also left Canea, and the British admiral will sail from here shortly on leave of absence.

Constantinople, Sept. 7.—The ambassadors have decided to defer until peace is signed the discussion of the Turkish Government's note announcing the appointment of an Ottoman governor of Crete and its intention to retain the Turkish troops in Crete.

BRITISH SCIENTISTS IN THE WEST

Vancouver, B.C., Sept. 6.—There are nearly sixty members of the British Association visiting Victoria, including many of the leading lights in the scientific world. To-night they were banqueted at the Drard by citizens, the Hon. Peter Turner and Cabinet, Mayor Redfern and prominent people and addresses of welcome. To-morrow a visit will be paid to the Westminster mines.

AMOSKEAG MILLS RESUME.

Manchester, N.H., Sept. 6.—The Amoskeag mills started this morning on full time after a shut down of [illegible] Eight thousand operatives this [illegible] to work. All the big mills in this city are now running.

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