FOR LITTLE WANTS
Use Herald Want Columns.

THE MONTREAL HERALD.

TO-MORROW'S WEATHER.
Showers.
Sun rose at 5.25, sets at 6.38.

ESTABLISHED 1808.—NO. 83. TWELVE PAGES. MONTREAL, FRIDAY, APRIL 8, 1904. TWELVE PAGES. PRICE ONE CENT

G.T.P. Debate.

(Staff Correspondence of The Herald.)

Ottawa, April 7. There would be ... transcontinental road if the Oppo... could have their way. Every C... vative speech makes this more ap... ent. The stronghold of Conservatism is Ontario. Most of the constituencies of that province send opponents of the Government. Though their leader is a Nova Scotian, the rank and file of the Conservative party cannot conceal their detestation of a plan to benefit the whole of the Dominion. They do not see why the money of the country should be spent for the development of Quebec and the Maritime Provinces. Therefore the concensus of Opposition opinion is strongly against the building of the Quebec and Maritime Province section of the line.

Yesterday Mr. Hugsart and Mr. Osler, two of the most important members of the Opposition, announced that portion of the line which is projected to run east of North Bay ... means all that portion east ... Ontario boundary. To-day Mr. ... up another Conservative, puts it that the money of the people must never be spent upon the portion of the line in Quebec or the Maritime Provinces. He expressed the hope that Providence might intervene to prevent this being done. The Opposition are willing that the road shall be run through the West. That, they say, is sound policy, which means that they are willing to accept the business of the prairies as a tribute to the province of Ontario, but are not willing that the far East shall have any share in it or that the far West shall have an avenue over which to exchange business with the East.

Sectionalism has been tried in Canada before with disastrous results. Untaught by these lessons, the Conservatives still decline to see any portion of Canada but the great province of Ontario. No other portion of the country will endorse their exclusive propaganda, and it is doubtful if even Ontario will. The plan of stopping the great railroad at North Bay and from there sending the traffic of the Northwest through to Portland, is not one that will appe ... attractive to the voter. Yet that is the policy the Conservatives are advocating to-day. If the eastern portion of the line is not built the thin strip of Canada will not be widened and the fertile wilderness to the north will not be opened up. However that seems to be a matter of small moment to the Ontario Conservative member.

The leader of the Opposition has feebly advocated the extension of the Intercolonial to the West, at least as far as Lake Huron. This is an offset to the Government plan of a through system. His followers, however, have not followed with any great heartiness.

Not only are the Conservatives opposing the construction of the Quebec and Maritime sections but they are trying to convince the country that the Government has no intention of proceeding with this work. The change in the contract which is to permit the Grand Trunk Pacific to lease a portion of the Government division if it is completed before the rest has been raised upon. This is alleged to mean that the Government will build the line from Winnipeg to North Bay and stop there. The assurance of the Premier that there is no such intention and that the line will be built from ocean to ocean and operated on every mile of its length, they will not accept.

A Clandestine Report.

It seems a stenographic report was made of the proceedings at the last annual meeting of the Grand Trunk shareholders in London. Mr. Northrup this evening said the officers of the Grand Trunk did not know that their words were being taken down when they were stating their case to induce the shareholders to accept the plan. It is quite evident that Sir Charles Rivers Wilson and Mr. Hays endeavored to present the prospective advantages of the new line in the most favorable light. Undoubtedly they believed themselves that it is a good thing and they wanted the endorsement of the stockholders. The Opposition have copies of the report and are endeavoring in every possible way to distort the speeches made on that occasion to the disadvantage of the Government side of the bargain. Just why the Conservatives should go to the speeches of anyone for the meaning of a contract is not clear. The contract is before the House and every one knows what its terms are. The speeches of any number of men will not alter the effect of those terms. They are in black and white in the King's good English for any tribunal to interpret if the company seeks to evade their conditions. There is no suggestion by any one but the Conservative members that evasion will be attempted. The bargain is believed to be a good one for both parties, as bargains often are, and neither will realize its full benefits if it is not carried out in its entirety.

Finer Weather for Mr. Monk.

Mr. Monk spoke this afternoon from his place in the second row. He expressed the fear that there was no intention to construct the Quebec and Maritime Province sections. Further, he thought that a good deal of the best wilderness of Quebec would be tapped. He did not favor the project, but his opposition to it was of the most half-hearted type.

Word was passed along the Conservative lines to make a demonstration when Mr. Monk arose for his speech. Consequently there was quite a noisy pounding of desks when he got up. This was a salve for his feelings from the hands which have wounded him. There was only one man on the Conservative side who did not join in the demonstration. That was the latest addition to the ranks, Mr. Taylor. While the other Conservative members pounded their desks Mr. Taylor sat with his hands folded, looking straight before him, and did not move a muscle.

A. B. H.

HALF-MINUTE INTERVIEWS

Ald. E. G. Dagenais: "The City Council should force all grocers and confectioners to keep their bread inside the shops, instead of displaying it on the sidewalks."

Capt. Spain, of the Marine Department—"Eight Montreal boys have signed for service as sailors on the new Government steamer Gauss that has been purchased in Germany."

Mr. Duncan M. Stewart, general manager of the Sovereign Bank of Canada: "The best opinion in New York seems to favor the idea that the worst has been seen in the stock market. It is stated positively that the U.S. Steel Company has turned the corner and has experienced its greatest difficulties."

WANT A ROOM?

See what to-day's Herald has to offer you in its classified advertisements. If you don't see what you want there, try the effect of a small ad.; once for 10 cents, a week for 25 cents.

MR. J. P. COOKE IS CROSS-EXAMINED

79—Dept. of Agriculture
31 Dec 04
Archives Branch

...master Questions Him ...out A Note For the Sum of $500.

SAYS IT WAS COUNSEL FEES

Opposing Lawyers Have Many a Tiff Over Questions Put and the Answers Given—Case Continued This Afternoon.

Crown Prosecutor Cooke was subjected to a searching cross-examination at this morning's hearing in the Cooke-Blackley libel case. Mr. Macmaster fired volleys of questions concerning various transactions between S. W. Jacobs and Cooke in an effort to show that moneys had been paid to Cooke for something beside legal work. A cheque for $500 was the main subject of examination. Mr. Cooke maintained that this was a settlement in part for work as counsel in several different cases. He further stated that he had kept no books in criminal work since 1889, but had made all his arrangements with Jacobs verbally, not even rendering him an account for work done.

Mr. Macmaster examined the witness as to his connection with the legal tangles that followed the Morgolus case, and several hot passages-at-arms occurred between Messrs. Macmaster, Lafleur and Cooke over the latter's answers, which Mr. Macmaster maintained were more in the nature of speeches than responses to questions.

Mr. Cooke's cross-examination is still going on this afternoon.

Mr. Cooke Tells of the Note.

On the opening of the Court Crown Prosecutor Cooke was recalled by Mr. Lafleur, after all the other witnesses had been called and excluded from the court.

Nearly an hour's delay then occurred while the court records of the Margolus case were produced, the jury in the meantime being sent back to their waiting room until 11.15.

Mr. Macmaster then examined Mr. Cooke.

"Will you state who signed the promissory note mentioned yesterday, who was it payable to and who endorsed it?"

"I will explain how I came to sign that note. I think I have that right."

The judge ruled he should answer the question and gave any explanation later.

Mr. Macmaster: "He has no more right than any other witness. I want the information I asked for."

Note an Accommodation.

Mr. Cooke: "The note was for $500. It was given to S. W. Jacobs, an attorney of Montreal. It was in answer to a letter from him in June requesting a cheque for $500 which I asked him for on account of fees for five or six cases I had for him in the lower courts as counsel, retained for him. He said he had not received his money from his clients and the note was an accommodation. On June 12 he gave me a cheque for $500 and asked for the note. I sent the note in such a hurry I forgot to endorse it, and it was returned for this."

Asked as to when he saw the note last Mr. Cooke said when it was sent back by Mr. Jacobs. Jacobs promised $200 more on account.

At this point Mr. Macmaster protested that the witness was outraging the court by making speeches instead of answering questions.

Proceeding the witness said the note was sent by Mr. Jacobs to Mr. Monk, a partner of Mr. Cooke's, because the witness and Jacobs were not then on speaking terms.

The Note Destroyed.

"What did you do with the note?"

"I think I destroyed it. It is the key notes. I have a dim recollection of reading the note and when it was returned tearing it up."

"Did you get any letter on the matter?"

"Yes, two. One reads, without date, 'Dear Mr. Cooke: Enclosed I beg to see it reaches my hands to-morrow morning.' This can be done by depositing it in your bank after eleven. Will you send me note payable to myself or order at three months for this? Yours sincerely,

S. W. JACOBS."

"Does it not mention any cases or fees?"

"No."

"Did not this omission strike you as peculiar?"

"No, as we had settled that before."

"What of the second letter?"

"I cannot find it."

Mr. Macmaster then produced a cheque, which Mr. Cooke admitted was the one sent by Mr. Jacobs, for $500, on June 16, 1903. It was on the Bank of British North America, payable to S. W. Jacobs, of Jacobs & Garneau, Mr. Cooke said that Jacobs owed the money on several cases, E. L. Rosenthal vs. Poniewski, A. Fried vs. Poniewski, Prissler vs. Poplinger, E. L. Rosenthal vs. Bouillon, and S. Fried, extradition. He was retained in a number of others, but the fees in these were paid before the cheque was sent.

Mr. Lafleur protested against this method of examination.

Outline of the Defence.

Mr. Macmaster—"There is a special reason for this. In all the other cheques sent by Mr. Jacobs they were endorsed with the cases, but not on this $500 cheque. I also propose to show that other cheques in the cases mentioned were sent Mr. Cooke by Jacobs. Cooke says this cheque was for legal purposes. I propose to prove it was not, and that reason for this. In all the other cheques what they were for, but that was not done on this cheque."

In answer to Mr. Macmaster the witness said the other cheques were so endorsed, the $500 one being the only one left blank. Each of the other cheques were given for separate cases, while the $500 one covered several.

"And the letter with it said nothing of the cases?"

"No, that had been settled verbally before."

"Was the proportion for each case settled?"

"No, it was not. He owed me money for some time, and when I asked him for it he proposed to give me a cheque for $500. If I would give him the note, which he would take up when due, out of money coming to him. No account was sent for these fees, but we went over the case later on when I claimed $400 more from Jacobs."

"Did you ever render an account for the balance?"

"No, I never did so on any case with him; we settled fees verbally and he sent me cheques."

"Did you enter the cheque in your book?"

"No, I have not kept office books since 1889. I deposited it in the bank."

Mr. Macmaster—"Oh, I am sure of that."

Mr. Cooke: "The firm keeps books, but my criminal business is not entered."

After further examination, Mr. Cooke said he might have rendered Jacobs an account in one of the Rosenthal cases.

The Blackley Case.

In June, 1903, said Mr. Cooke, an indictment was registered against Blackley, Barnard & Levy for conspiracy to defraud, which Mr. Cooke regarded as a very serious charge. The grand jury found a true bill, but the men were not tried until September, as witnesses had to be examined in New York, and this had not been legally done.

Several sharp interchanges occurred between Mr. Macmaster and the witness.

Mr. Cooke then explained that the conspiracy case against Blackley and others was enlarged in the November court, and in the following spring civil proceedings were instituted by Margolus' creditors. Negotiations for a settlement had been going on all the time, which was finally settled at about $80,000 in October, but the witness had no part in this. He knew about no difficulty over the prisoners paying the money over to the curator, having very little to do with the matter.

The witness remembered Jacobs and Wilkes coming to see him at the Court House about the settlement in the beginning of October, but the witness had not been together. He was sure it was the beginning of October, because after the 8th of that month Jacobs refused to speak to or recognize Cooke at all.

"While there did you discuss why this $6,500 was not distributed amongst the Margolius creditors?"

Not a word. The question of the costs was discussed. No word was said of my having a share in the money for the creditors. Wilkes was simply waiting for Jacobs.

"Did not Wilkes ask why the money could not be got for the creditors?"

"No, he never asked that."

"You knew the settlement had been made?"

"Yes."

A Question of Fees.

"Did not Mr. Wilkes ask you how much you wanted, and you said $500?"

"Mr. Wilkes did not ask me that, to the best of my knowledge, but Mr. Jacobs did, and I said $500 for counsel fees in the Margolius extradition case, which he regarded as fair."

"Mr. Wilkes says he asked you this, and that you said $500. Is that true?"

"I have already said Mr. Wilkes never asked that question. I never rendered an account for that money. Later the amount was settled with Mr. Greenshields at $400."

Did not Mr. Greenshields say, 'You have already got $500, those people can be bled white?'

"No, that is absolutely untrue, he never said that."

"Did he not protest?"

"No. I said make it $400, and he said 'All right.'"

Did he not say: 'Damn it, Joe, the people cannot stand that,' or words to that effect?"

"No, he never said that."

"What did you do for it?" I am told the civil case never went beyond an appearance."

"Well, I had a number of interviews on the settlement."

The court then adjourned for lunch.

(See also Page Four.)

SHOWERS ON SATURDAY.

Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence: Strong easterly winds, fair to-day, Saturday, showery.

Reading by the Optical and Engineers Supply Co.'s Standard Barometer at 7 a.m. yesterday, 30.06, at 8 a.m. to-day, 30.02, 11 a.m. to-day, 30.24; the temperature to-day was, max., 48; min., 30.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 12, 40; Simpson, 32, 42; Victoria, 26, 50; Calgary, 22, 40; Qu'Appelle, 8, 30; Winnipeg, 22, 30; Port Arthur, 26, 34; Parry Sound, 32, 44; Toronto, 26, 50; Ottawa, 34, 46; Montreal, 32, 42; Quebec, 28, 32; Halifax, 28, 40.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

New York—Rema.
Liverpool—Friesland, Saxonia.
Marseilles—Republic, Neustria.
Glasgow—Sardinian.
Boston—Ivernia.
Genoa—Prinz Adelbert.
St. John, N.B.—Montezuma.
Antwerp—Montcalm.
St. John, N.B.—Montezuma.
Hong Kong—Athenian.

"Herald Serials Are Good Serials."

A NEW ONE BEGINS SATURDAY.

The Viking's Skull

A WEIRD ROMANCE

By JOHN R. CARLING,

The Celebrated English Author.

The exclusive rights for this great story, now published for the first time on this continent, have been secured by The Herald, and the first instalment will appear in Saturday's issue.

The story is one of modern life, but based on a legend of the Vikings and of their visits to the shores of England in the long ago. It will engross the reader's attention from first to last.

FOUR MEMBERS CONTINUE DEBATE

Messrs. Wade and Demers Defend Railway Project of the Government.

MR. F. D. MONK IS SKEPTICAL

Conservative Criticism Being Launched Wholly Against Eastern Section —Government Will Not Abandon That Portion.

(Staff Correspondence of The Herald.)

Ottawa, April 7.—The discussion of the transcontinental resolution had the attention of the House all the working time of the sitting to-day. Four speeches were made. Two of these were for the measure and two were against it. Further opposition to the eastern end of the line was developed on the Conservative side of the House and the intimation was made that the Government intended to abandon that portion of the line which should extend from North Bay to Moncton. From the Government side this was strongly denied.

The debate on the Grand Trunk Pacific contract was continued by Mr. T. B. Wade, Liberal, of Annapolis. The Conservatives, instead of confining themselves to the changes in the transcontinental railway contract had gone further afield. They had taken up the whole principle of the project. The Liberals had no reason to regret this, for since the project had been put before the country at the last session it had steadily grown in general favor. In any debate upon the project the Government supporters could not fail to come out ahead.

The eastern section of the line had come in for the utmost denunciation. That portion of the project was not embodied in it when it first was presented to the Government. The Government had done right in insisting that the line should not terminate at North Bay, but that it should be run on to Quebec. The termination at North Bay would mean all the traffic would be carried eastward over the old Grand Trunk system and exported from American port. The extension to Quebec and the Maritime Provinces protected the country against this diversion of the commerce of Canada.

Eastern Extension Was Necessary.

The extension of the line to the Maritime Provinces was merely what that portion of Canada was entitled to. The Maritime ports of Canada were entitled to the export and import business of Canada in winter against an American port. Mr. Wade said when the fight was being made by the Maritime Province members last year for the extension of the line from Quebec eastward, the Conservative members from the three Maritime provinces had joined with the Liberals in the effort. The Liberal representatives had supposed this stand was taken for the common good of the three provinces. However it had been learned since that the reason the Conservative Maritime representatives joined with the Liberal was because they believed if a Maritime section was insisted upon the whole project would be killed. When they found that the Maritime Province section would be built they reversed their position and denounced the whole project. The leader of the Opposition, a resident of the city of Halifax, which would be greatly benefited by the road, had given his opposition to the project. He did not think this was either a wise or a patriotic attitude for the leader of the Opposition to have taken. There was some Conservative seeing in this and Mr. Wade said he could not help it if the truth hurt the Conservatives. As a matter of fact the opposition believed that the Grand Trunk Pacific pledges had not been put up and since the day when it was announced the cash had been deposited, the hopes of the Conservatives fell and they saw the project was to be carried through, the country get the benefit and the Laurier administration the credit.

Two members of the Opposition, Mr. Haggart of Lanark and Mr. Osler of Toronto, had interpreted one of the changes in the contract to mean that the Eastern division would never be built. The had hoped it would not. It was reasonably certain that if the Conservatives got into power advantage would be taken of this discovery. Mr. Osler and Mr. Haggart had alleged they had made. It was to the interest of Canada and of Quebec and the Maritime Provinces in particular to see that the Conservatives did not get the opportunity.

Mr. Wade said that last night Mr. Osler had approved the building of the Quebec and Maritime Province sections. Mr. Osler, who is a director of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and, therefore, in a position to know, said that unless the Quebec and Maritime sections were built the great traffic of the West would be swept southward to the port of the United States. That seemed to be the desire of Mr. Osler. The Maritime Provinces did not want this, however. Mr. Wade prophesied that the speedy carrying out of the Grand Trunk Pacific construction would keep the Government in power for the next fifteen or twenty years.

Project Will Not be Completed.

Mr. F. D. Monk, late Conservative leader for Quebec, said that the rugged faith of Mr. Wade deserved a better use than a member of Parliament could put it to. It should characterize a missionary and be advised Mr. Wade to put his faith to that use. The wilderness of the battlefield should see him giving vent to his deep convictions in deeds of prowess. Mr. Monk had not the same faith. He expressed the opinion that the changes to be made in the contract meant that the Eastern division would not be built beyond North Bay and the traffic of the Northwest would be sent out over American routes from an American port. The Government had not been able to arouse the interest of the people in this project because they doubted if it would be carried out and because if it were the fertile lands of the Ottawa, the Riviere de Loup and the St. Maurice river valleys would not be opened. The best part of the Quebec back country would not be touched. The road would not be useful as a colonization project.

Mr. Monk referred a second time to his belief that the Quebec-Maritime Province sections would never be built and said that the report of the Grand Trunk shareholders' meetings contained a reference to "an official circular," in which it was stated the section of the road to the east of North Bay was premature. He asked the Premier why he had not confided the contents of this circular to the House? Sir Wilfrid said that he had no knowledge of such a circular. Mr. Monk said there had evidently been one. The Prime Minister replied that he did not believe it.

Mr. Monk asked the Prime Minister if he would pledge his word to have the Quebec-Maritime section built as speedily as the Western division. Sir Wilfrid said that was the intention of the Government.

Address by Mr. Demers.

Mr. Demers, Liberal, of St. John and Iberville, claimed that the transcontinental project was in the interest of the whole of the Dominion, but especially in the interest of the northern portion of the Province of Quebec, and that he was going to vote for it.

Mr. Northrup, Ontario Conservative, expressed the opinion that one of the amendments to the contract between the Grand Trunk and the Government for the construction of the line was drawn so the Government might abandon the Quebec and the Maritime sections. He expressed the belief that this was a good thing, and said that he was willing the line should be extended to North Bay but no further. However, he would not endorse the terms upon which he thought that it would be extended that far.

Division of Yukon Territory.

A bill will be introduced, of which notice has been given, to give the Commissioner in Council of the Yukon Territory power to make ordinances for the division of the territory into electoral districts for the election of one or more members from each district to the council. The qualification for the voter is residence in the district at the time of election or for any person not longer than twelve months prior thereto. The bill is retroactive.

Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick will introduce a bill to amend the Exchequer Court Act so as to provide that when the Crown is a party to any proceedings an appeal shall be in its behalf from the judgment of the court.

Government Care of Immigrants.

The Dominion Government has secured an option on a lot in the outskirts of Halifax on which to erect an hospital for diseased immigrants. The lot will be purchased for $1,000. The Government will take possession at once and will place tents on it for an hospital until such time as the building is finished in the fall of the year. The hospital for diseased immigrants at Savard Park, Quebec, which has been purchased by the Government for $14,000, will be ready for receiving patients on April 25.

An act respecting union labels was introduced by Mr. Ralph Smith, labor member of Vancouver Island. The intention of the act is to legalize union marks.

G. W. McCready, of the County of Westmoreland, N.B., who says he speaks for the Religious Liberty Association of Canada, has petitioned Parliament to enact any legislation in respect of the observance of the first day of the week that will be in derogation of the rights secured to His Majesty's subjects by the proclamation of Her Majesty the Queen in 1853.

SAYS CITY IS TO BLAME.

Water Department Have New Scheme to Reduce Vibration of Pump.

The Bank of Montreal has notified the city that it will not accept any responsibility for the Hamel defalcation until it is clearly proved that the Bank was at fault in paying the cheque. Meanwhile the bank will not deduct the sum involved in the forged cheque from the amount standing to the city's credit in the books.

The bank authorities suggest that an immediate investigation take place to determine which party was responsible for the defalcation.

Through The Herald's Sieve.

W. R. HEARST, candidate for President of the U.S., never made a speech, which is the only thing that can be said in his favor.

THE REASON the Cons. are sore on the Grand Trunk Pacific is that they didn't think of it first.

WHAT MONTREAL NEEDS is a laundry that will take our side streets, wash, iron, put a gloss on them, and return the work Saturday.

PERHAPS the ice in the St. Lawrence hasn't been officially notified that it is time to quit.

A woman jumps with equal alacrity at mice and conclusions.

Talking From Experience.
(N.Y. Press.)

It's an awful shock to kiss a girl with a cold nose.

"The Right Man" Alderman Ames

Chapter III.

SOME 5 YEARS ago Ald. Ames started out to look for the Con. nomination for St. Antoine division. He looked under the bureau, but it wasn't there, neither was it behind the piano. However, patience has its reward, as that great poet, Robert Fitzsimmons, frequently remarked, and he was mentioned as a likely candidate.

Ald. Ames turned pale at the time and exclaimed: "This is so sudden."

Procuring a half-Nelson, grape-vine lock on the nomination, and sitting up nights to watch it so that it couldn't get away, Ald. Ames was compelled to accept it.

He didn't wait to go to Parliament. He simply detested Parliament. In fact, Parliament was a nasty mean thing.

The Cons. hired four tremendously powerful men, and headed by Joe Jacob, the nomination was officially fastened upon him in spite of his struggles and heartrending calls for the police.

Six seconds after the deed every man in St. Antoine division who looked as if he had a vote received a little booklet entitled: "The Right Man."

To a man who knows a good thing when he sees it, these books are worth $300 apiece.

Time passed rapidly. The world rolled on, radium went up to $3,000,000 a pound, S. E. Gourley challenged T. Roosevelt to fight 6 rounds, winner to take all the gate receipts, the tulips blossomed in the dark, rich earth, father Winter came and departed, the price of coal went up 50 cents a ton, and then one day a world-stirring message hurried along the deep sea cables:

Windsor Castle.

To Ald. Ames,
Montreal:
Come on over.
Edward VII.

(To be Continued.)

IF THE ENGAGEMENTS in which Russia lost 1,300 men were "skirmishes," what will the battles be like?

FOR AN ARMY that is moving on so continuously the Japs are doing mighty little catching up.

IN JUST a few days now the Japanese expect to knock a few teeth out of the mouth of the Yalu river.

JAPANESE have very short legs, but an improvement may be noted after the war contractors are through pulling them.

STRAWBERRIES have become so plentiful in the markets that radium is again the most costly stuff in the world.

THE CROWN PRINCE OF GERMANY wants to marry every pretty girl he sees. Well, boys will be boys, even when they are princes.

THERE ARE no more Russians left in Corea, but the Japs will do well to look carefully over the edge before jumping.

A BOSTON MAN has been sentenced to twenty years in prison for stealing $200,000. This is discouraging. They could hardly have given him more than that if he had taken a barrel of flour or a suit of clothes.

PERHAPS Mr. Kipling's poem is delayed by the difficulty of finding a suitable rhyme for Younghusband.

GREAT IS the force of habit. The Cons. are orating about the Grand Trunk Pacific again.

WE MAY be picking violets on the mountain before the ice moves out of the river.

If we could find money as easily as we find fault we would all be millionaires.

THE TULIPS are kicking off their winter blankets.

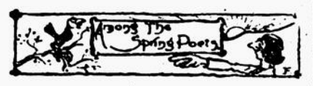
IF THE JAPANESE really have separated into four great armies that will be four meals for Kuropatkin instead of one as he had expected.

AS HE WILL HAVE his airship along, Santos-Dumont has concluded that he will be able to meet the prices of the World's Fair hotelkeepers.

AMONG the New York bricklayers the lowest wage is $26.20 a week, and the highest is more than $50. Many authors do not make as much.

PREMIER BALFOUR'S indolence is too great, apparently, even to adm... of his taking the exertion necessary to resign his job.

THE TEST of a woman's beauty is ability to look half-way handsome in one of those bolero jackets which figure in the daily hints from Paris.



Generous Response.

Some time ago we unfortunately published the following spring skelcton poem:

.....spring;
.....sing;
.....bees,
.....trees.

All the spring poets in the country cut loose, the following number of efforts being received:

From Montreal	26
" Westmount	24
" Quebec	3
" Hamilton	4
" Fredericton	6
" Toronto	9
" Brockville	5
" Belleville	2
" Halifax	3

There are a few more counties to hear from. A Westmount man sang:

Once more we greet thee, beautiful balmy spring;
"Good-by to cold winter," we will merrily sing;
Again we will hear the hum of bees,
And the songs of caterpillars in the trees.

That was truly beautiful, but what shall we say of this from Hamilton?

Break it gently—is this spring?
Shall we now hear the rooster sing?
Likewise the blazing of the bees
Where they roost in the tallest trees?

The remainder of the poems are being preserved on ice.

MAIL MATTER CANNOT BE SENT VIA JAPAN.

Ottawa, April 8.—(Special.)—The Canadian Post-office Department is in receipt of a communication from the Director of Posts, Japan, stating that no mail matter for Manchuria, New Chwang or the Liao Tong peninsula can be forwarded to its destination via Japan at present. In the case of New Chwang the department was advised by telegram from the Japanese Post-office Department, on the 29th ult., that the interrupted mail service had been resumed, and notice to that effect was sent from the department on March 31.

SOVEREIGN BANK BRANCH.

Executive Has Approved of the Plans.

The executive of the Sovereign Bank of Canada have approved the final plans for the proposed 10 storey bank building that the bank will erect on the north side of St. James Street on the site now occupied by the Walker Hardware Company. The announcement was made to-day that the construction of the new building will be started on May 1, and it is intended to so construct the banking offices on the ground floor as to make them the neatest and most complete in Canada.

Mr. D. M. Stewart, the general manager of the bank has returned to the city from New York where he visited all the leading banks with a view of securing ideas for the equipment of the bank that will be erected here. In the construction special attention would be given to the big vaults.

MUST NOT EXPOSE BREAD.

Ald. Dagenais Will Introduce Amendment to Bread By-law.

At the City Council meeting on Monday afternoon, Dr. E. G. Dagenais, chairman of the Hygiene Committee, will introduce a motion to amend the bread by-law.

Dr. Dagenais wishes to force all grocers and confectioners to keep their bread inside the shops instead of displaying it on the sidewalk. This is one of the many changes that will be made in the city bread regulations. The object of Dr. Dagenais' motion is good from a health standpoint, when it is remembered the danger of disease being carried by the bread thus exposed to the dirt of the streets.

POLICE COURT SENTENCES.

Judge Desnoyers, in the Police Court this morning, disposed of the following cases. Wilfrid Lussier, found guilty of robbing a fellow servant at the London House Hotel on Monday, was allowed out on suspended sentence; John Bennett, for assaulting Michael McEachran, was fined $10 and costs, or two months in gaol. Louis Lore, charged with theft was condemned to six months imprisonment.

GRANITE CUTTERS' STRIKE.

The difficulties between the striking granite cutters and the bosses stand in about the same position to-day. The men are as determined as ever to hold out for their demands, and there is as yet no symptom of any change in the employers' point of view.

COLONIAL TREATY HAS BEEN SIGNED

France Surrenders Her Sovereignty Over the Newfoundland Shore.

TRIBUNAL TO FIX AMOUNT

Great Britain's Protectorate Over Egypt is Not Affected—There Must be No Fortification Opposite Gibraltar.

Paris, April 8.—The Associated Press learns through private advices from London that the Anglo-French colonial treaty, including the agreements relative to Morocco, Egypt and Newfoundland, has been signed.

The main points of the colonial treaty are as follows:—France surrenders her sovereignty over the Newfoundland shore and receives a two-fold indemnity: First, for French individuals giving up property along the surrendered shore, and, second, for the French Government's relinquishment of its sovereignty. The amount of the indemnity to be paid by Great Britain is to be decided by The Hague arbitration tribunal.

Morocco figures largely in the treaty. It safeguards Great Britain's commercial rights and insures no fortification of the Moroccan coast opposite Gibraltar.

The Egyptian agreement does not affect Great Britain's protectorate over Egypt, but is said to be confined to the administration of the Egyptian debt, Great Britain having a larger latitude in disposing of the surplus without the concurrence of France.

France gets improved facilities in reaching Lake Tchad and other points in French Central Africa. This concession, it has been asserted, in the dispatches, is a partial return for the surrender of French sovereignty over the Newfoundland shore.

Finally, the treaty is said to contain a clause providing for equality of tariff duties on goods entering Morocco and Egypt for a period of thirty years. This clause having the effect of establishing the open door in Morocco and Egypt.

The question in regard to the New Hebrides, Paris advices say, is not included in the agreement.

Nfld. Legislature Gave Consent.

St. John's, Nfld., April 8.—Interrogated in the Legisla are respecting the negotiations on the French shore question between the British and French Governments, Premier Bond said that the Newfoundland Government was a consenting party to these negotiations, that it had made suggestion as to the conditions of the arrangement, had pledged its acquiescence in the arrangement if its proposals were adopted, and that any agreement which may be concluded between the high contracting parties would be subject to the approval of the Newfoundland Legislature.

RUSSIAN CONSUL HONORED BY CZAR

The Name of Mr. De Struve Appears in the List of Easter Honors.

St. Petersburg, April 8.—Among the Easter honors conferred by the Emperor, which will be announced tomorrow, are forty decorations of persons in the diplomatic service, three of which go to America. Nicholas Lodygensky, Russian consul-general at New York, is made a Commander of the Order of St. Vladimer, and Consul De Struve, at Montreal, a Commander of the order of St. Stanislaus.

The order conferred upon Consul-General Lodygensky is a very high

MR. NICHOLAS DE STRUVE,
Russian Consul-General in Montreal, Who Has Been Decorated by the Czar.

one, given only for distinguished services and carrying with it hereditary nobility.

Albert Schlippenback, consul at Chicago, is made a commander of the Order of St. Anne.

When, in 1899, the Russian Government decided to establish an Imperial Consulate in the Dominion the choice of the ministry for this important position fell unanimously to Mr. de Struve, who, previous to this time, was acting as vice-consul at Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany. He was recalled to St. Petersburg to receive the necessary instructions for the establishment of the new consulate from Count Muravieff, then Minister of Foreign Affairs, and his appointment was gazetted Jan. 30, 1900.

Mr. de Struve was born in Russia in 1862, and he early cherished an ambition for a consular career. He was educated at the University of St. Petersburg, from which he graduated in 1886 with the degree of Doctor of Letters. He immediately entered the civil service of Russia and has already obtained the title of states adviser, a rare distinction to receive before middle age.

REPORT ON COLONIZATION HAS BEEN BROUGHT DOWN

Several Valuable Recommendations for Increasing Settlement and Preserving the Timber Wealth of the Province.

Quebec, April 8.—(Special.)— The Premier yesterday afternoon brought down the first part of the report of the Commission on Colonization together with the conclusions and recommendations made by the Commissioners to the House.

The report is a voluminous one, and when completed will comprise over 2,000 pages of printed matter. Mr. Parent in presenting the report informed the House that the whole was not yet completed, but he was ready to place in the hands of the members the evidence adduced before the commission in the districts of Lake St. John and the Metapedia Valley, which he thought would keep them busy reading until the complete report was ready.

Personnel of the Commission.

The commission as originally named was composed of Mgr. Lallamme, Hon. G. W. Stephens and the late Judge Bourgeois in February, 1898. Later it was reconstituted with Senator Legris, chairman, Canon Thiverge, and Mr. J. I. Brodie, as members together with the same secretary, and since its reconstruction it has been holding its enquiries in all parts of the Province, taking evidence under oath and preparing its report.

The Commission's Findings.

On the whole the Commission's findings may be summed up as follows:

1. There is no conflict between settlers in good faith and the limit holders. As a rule they are necessary to each other and work harmoniously together all the trouble coming from speculators who seek to obtain possession of the lots for the timber on them or to sell them again at a high price to settlers.

2. The limit holders do not plunder or strip all the timber from the lots, under location ticket, but almost invariably leave sufficient for the settlers to build and to sell for the support of their families during the first year.

3. In the overwhelming majority of cases, speculators are at the bottom of all complaints in connection with colonization, which they use as a pretext to advance their own objects.

4. Speculation in lots and the timber on them has reached such a pitch as to endanger the stability of many great pulp and paper industries, especially in the Eastern Townships, by depleting their timber limits.

5. The law making free land grants to fathers of twelve living children has been grossly abused by speculators, who have a regular organization, especially in the Eastern Townships, which makes it a business of hunting up such fathers, buying their rights from them for the merest trifle, picking out the most richly wooded lots in the timber limits, applying for them in their name and then selling at a large profit, instances being known of lots which were obtained in this way for $30 and from which $20,000 to $25,000 were afterwards netted for the timber alone. One of these organizations has actually applications for 70 lots pending before the Department.

Settlers' Traffic in Timber.

6. Settlers, under location ticket, who have no right to sell the timber cut outside their clearings until their lots are patented, nevertheless do so to speculators, often getting $800 to $900 for the cut and this traffic is carried on so openly that it is often recorded in notarial deeds and registered.

7. The consequences of the Ministerial circulars of the 15th April and 8th May, forbidding agents to sell lands before submitting the applications to the Department have been grossly exaggerated and any falling off in colonization about that time was mainly due to the rise of wages in the cities, which prevented a certain number of intending settlers from going on the land.

8. The responsibility for the whole unfortunate situation, compounded of fraud, speculation, misrepresentation, and enormous loss to the province and the limit-owners, rests chiefly upon the negligence and carelessness, if not worse, of the land agents who failed to make the register and necessary inspections, to enable the department to order the sales to settlers without delay.

9. There are enough surveyed and divided lands in the province to supply the demand for 70 years to come, and enough of colonization roads to suffice for all the wants of settlers, if the work of colonization was properly managed, instead of being carried on in a scattered fashion, as at present. With the present system of scattered settlement it would call for an outlay of $1,000,000 a year to satisfy all the demands for colonization roads, especially when a large part of this expenditure is appropriated for the objects of politicians to the mending and making of roads in the old parishes.

10. Except the Quebec & Lake St. John Colonization Societies these societies do very little good generally toward the promoting of colonization and should be suppressed.

Better Protection Against Forest Fires.

11. Forest fires annually cause enormous losses to the province and private interests and the fire ranging service is ineffective. The law for the protection of forests against fire should be amended in order to change the seasons when settlers are forbidden to set fire to their choppings, and such fires should not be made on any of these without the sanction of the district fire ranger.

12. Absence of classification of public lands renders the tenure of licenseholders uncertain and hampers them in their operations, as well as contributes to the scattering settlements, and causes all sorts of embarrassment to the progress of colonization.

13. The quantity of land sold annually for alleged settlements is far in excess of the real demand and steps should be taken to prevent this loss to the province.

14. Clandestine and unregistered transfers of rights on lots and timber are common and one of the greatest sources of speculation and fraud to the detriment of the province and license-holders.

15. There is a demand for competent, honest and reliable guides, paid by Government, to direct settlers in the choice of their lots.

16. One of the most flagrant grievances complained of by the settlers and a cause of obstruction to colonization is the bush rangers, who are usually appointed through political influence, and as a rule located too far from their field of duty to be useful to the settlers.

The Commissioner's Recommendation.

Free lots to free and honest settlers to be secured as follows:

Classification of the public lands into settlement or farming lands and timber lands, the former to be reserved for the settlement and the latter exclusively for lumbering operations. Automatic cancellation of all lots for non-fulfillment of settlement conditions, such cancellations to take place without Government or political interference of any kind.

Regulation of all transfers of lots or cut of timber thereon, in order to quickly detect and prevent speculation. Grant of lots to fathers of twelve children, to be absolutely forbidden to sell or dispose of their lots or timber thereon under penalty of immediate forfeiture of all rights. Immediate cancellation of all lots upon which settlement conditions are not fulfilled, and return of the same to the public domain to become available for other applicants. Repeal of the law concerning the sale of firewood lands as an occasion of speculation and fraud, and the substitution thereof of a system of reserves on which the Government should sell to the settlers the necessary firewood and building timber for their requirements, at so much per cord, or thousand feet.

Extend Powers of Forest Rangers.

In order to secure forest protection against fire, the naming of fire rangers as the only guardians and employes of the license holders is recommended, the latter to pay them, but the Government to control them and give them the powers of justices of the peace.

Water powers to be kept as long as possible and sold with the timber limits by public auction in order to secure and maintain a proper wood supply for pulp and paper mills.

Payment of a bounty on all exports of paper manufactured from pulp wood cut in the province and in the public lands as the most practical means of encouraging the development of the pulp and paper industry.

Railways being the greatest essential for the promotion of colonization, and as the province has not the means to help them financially, they might be assisted by means of subsidies in land, but such subsidies to be accorded only to serious and useful enterprise, provided they were not wildcat speculations, and not to exceed more than 4,000 acres per mile of railway, except in very special cases, to be converted into cash and to be taken only where they will not interfere with the rights of license holders or the interests of the public revenue.

Railways Recommended for Grants.

The following are the railway schemes recommended for such land grants: St. Lawrence and Megantic, Quebec and New Brunswick. Such railways to connect with the Lake Megantic and with the Rumford Railway in Maine. Atlantic, Quebec and Western, Matane and Gaspe, a branch of the Quebec & Lake St. John Railway, St. Maurice Valley, Ha Ha Bay, Hebertville, Roberval and Peribonca, Quebec & Lake Huron, Montreal and James Bay, Mancuan, Interprovincial and James Bay and the Trans-Canada.

The report deals extensively with very interesting and instructive descriptions of the best settlements and best timbered regions in the province, and especially of the territory and resources of new Quebec. The report concludes by pointing out that so long as the attraction of the timber on the Crown lands, which is continually increasing in value, is held out as a bait to the speculators and pretended settlers, so long will these classes of interlopers more or less successfully frustrate all means and efforts to promote bona fide colonization.

CAPT. BERNIER READY TO SAIL.

Students From School of Marine Sign Papers.

Captain Bernier, who has accepted the offer to captain the steamer Gauss, which the Government has bought in Germany, arrived in the city to-day with Captain Spain and met the students of the school of marine selected to accompany him.

The students who, to-day signed their papers to serve for 3 years were Ludger l'Heureux, Alphonse Demers, Clovis Minguy, Georges Vigneault, H. O. Belanger, Gaston Chaput, L. T. Papineau and A. Ladebauche. Arrangements have been made to have Capt. Bernier and the members of the Canadian crew to sail from New York, Tuesday next, on one of the North-German liners. The new steamer Gauss will be brought to Halifax, where provisions will be taken on board before starting on the Hudson's Bay expedition.

CROWN LAUNDRY CO. MEETING.

The second annual meeting of shareholders of the Crown Laundry Company was held yesterday, when reports were presented showing satisfactory progress for the year. After the adoption of reports, the following gentlemen were re-elected directors for the present year: W. H. Henry, James McNab, W. S. Richardson, Arthur W. Adams, W. Geraghty, Fred L. Barlow, Wm. M. Reid.

At a subsequent meeting of the directors, Mr. W. Geraghty was elected president; Mr. W. H. Henry, vice-president; W. M. Reid, secretary, and Mr. W. S. Richardson, manager. The company will remove to more commodious quarters during the present month.

THE METRIC SYSTEM.

Great Britain and the United States are considering the adoption of the metric system and the Canadian Manufacturers' Association is in favor of it. Copies of the system in English or French can be obtained at Goltman & Leroy, 2265 St. Catherine Street.

KNOX COLLEGE COMMENCEMENT.

Toronto, April 18. — (Special.)—At Knox College commencement exercises last night honorary divinity degrees were conferred upon Rev. D. M. Ramsay, Ottawa, and Rev. W. G. Wallace and Rev. John Abraham, Toronto. Hon. S. H. Blake, in the course of an address, made a strong plea in favor of the Bible as a text book in public schools.

RICHARD MURRAY WILL BE TRIED NEXT WEEK

On the Charge of Killing Richard Cross at Cross Point.

Quebec, April 8.—(Special.)—Richard Murray, of Cross Point, Bonaventure County, whose trial is to take place before the Quebec Criminal Court next Monday, was brought to this city yesterday evening in the custody of the sheriff of Bonaventure, and lodged in gaol. It will be recalled that Richard Mann, of Cross Point, came to his death last summer by violence at the hands of three men, and the Murray brothers and one Archibald Gerrard were arrested for the crime. At the coroner's investigation that followed the jury brought in a verdict of murder against all of them. The Criminal Court sat at New Carlisle in January last, when the Murray brothers were defended by Mr. J. H. Kelly and Mr. Alex Taschereau, of this city, while Gerrard was defended by Mr. A. Mott, of Campbellton, N.B., and the grand jury found no bill against Michael Murray and Gerrard, and a true bill against Richard Murray for manslaughter. Immediately after the finding Messrs. Kelly and Taschereau moved for a change of venue, claiming that public opinion had been unjustly aroused against Richard Murray. Judge Choquette, who presided at the time, granted the request, hence Murray was brought to Quebec to stand his trial.

HEAVY VERDICT AGAINST RAILWAY.

Burlington, Vt., April 8.—(Special.)—In January 1903, there was a railway wreck on the Rutland, at Shelburne, where five railway men were killed. The widow of the engineer of one of the locomotives, Mrs. Dennis Mahoney, sued the Rutland for $10,000 for the death of her husband. Yesterday, the jury awarded her $6,500 damages on the ground that the operator in charge of the station at th thime and whose failure to stop the train caused the collision had not been sufficiently instructed in his duties.

DISCHARGED EMPLOYES TAKEN ON.

Stratford, Ont., April 8.—(Special.)—The C.P.R. has engaged twenty more of the discharged G.T.R. employes, and will take them to Montreal. All the Grand Trunk men laid off have now obtained work either in Montreal or Stratford.

PREMIER'S REPLY ON TEMPERANCE

No Bill This Session But Soon After—The Views of Mr. F. S. Spence.

Toronto, April 8. — (Special.) — The Premier's letter to Rev. J. A. Rankin, president of the Toronto Methodist Conference, was as follows: "Toronto, April 6, 1904.—My Dear Sir: In reply to the deputation which I had the honor of meeting yesterday, I desire to express my concurrence in the view presented by the different speakers, that nothing short of the prohibition of the sale of liquors in hotels and the strict control over sales, for purposes generally recognized as proper and legitimate, would fully protect society from the evil effects of excessive drinking, so far as legislation can be invoked for that purpose. Your decided preference for such a measure as against amendments of the license laws I understand to mean that you do not favor at present any other form of temperance legislation. If the Government is unable to give the measure desired this session it will be our duty to consider what means are available for further action. Yours truly,

"G. W. Ross."

In an interview on the above letter, Mr. F. S. Spence said: "I think that Mr. Ross rightly interprets the general opinion of the temperance people in the view that they would not accept anything short of the abolition of the barroom as being a satisfactory fulfillment of the promises that have been made. There is some consolation in the fact that the Premier concurs with our view as to the necessity for legislation and the kind of legislation that the situation demands, and recognizes the situation and the public demand so far as to say that even if the Government cannot give us such legislation this session, they will feel the duty of considering 'what means are available for further action,' though it is puzzling to know what that statement implies.

"My own personal opinion, differing I admit from that of many other temperance workers, is that anything is better than nothing, and that the right thing to do is to go as far in legislation as it is possible to go. If the Government does nothing, and the Opposition would present some effective and useful temperance legislation, they would merit the gratitude and win the support of many temperance electors. This is a question that ought not to be dealt with simply from a political standpoint, and I believe that if the Government introduced such legislation as has been suggested, they would receive considerable support from the other side of the House, and could carry their legislation through even if some Liberals failed to support it."

FREIGHT TRAIN WRECKED.

Charlottetown, P.E.I., April 8.—A freight train of the Prince Edward Island Railway, which left here for Georgetown, was wrecked yesterday noon. One flat car and two box cars containing seventeen horses, left the rails. All the cars overturned, and were badly smashed. The horses were taken out through the roof of the cars, cut and bruised, but none fatally injured. The accident is supposed to have been caused by the horses overbalancing the cars rounding a curve.

LEGISLATURE PRESS GALLERY.

Quebec, April 8.—(Special.)—The annual meeting of the Legislative Assembly press gallery took place yesterday when the following members of the fourth estates were elected officers for the ensuing year. President J. J. O'Flaherty, Herald correspondent; vice-president, E. E. Chuq-Mars, La Presse correspondent; H. Heroux, La Patrie, secretary. A resolution of condolence was adopted in memory of the late Hon. T. H. Duffy.

WAS BURNED TO DEATH.

Toronto, April 8.—(Special.)—Alone in a small hut hidden from view in the bush near Munro Park, Francis J. Munro last night, was burned to death It is thought the posters hanging about the walls of the hut caught fire and Munro was smothered before he could escape.

COLDS LEAD TO PNEUMONIA.

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes the cause. To get the genuine call for the full name and look for the signature of E. W. Grove. 25c.

ROSS GOVERNMENT WILL AID ROADS

Progressive Railway Policy Mentioned—Second Reading of Soo Loan Bill.

Toronto, April 8.—(Special.)—Two important railway projects will be aided by bills which the Premier presented to the Legislature yesterday for their first reading. One was to guarantee the bonds of the James Bay railway from Toronto to Sudbury to the extent of $5,000,000 and the other to the subsidized branch of the Grand Trunk Pacific to Thunder Bay to the extent of $2,000 cash and 6,000 acres per mile.

The Premier gave a concise description of advantages of each scheme to the country. With regard to the latter he said it was agreed the Grand Trunk Pacific should give immediate attention to this line so that by way of Lake points the provinces could have connection into Winnipeg perhaps four or five years before the main line of the Grand Trunk Pacific is completed. The Grand Trunk Railway by this connection would be able to deliver over its own route to the west, what is now going by C.P.R. from Port Arthur. They wanted to encourage the G.T.R. to make Sarnia and Goderich distributing ports to the heart of the Northwest. There would be G.T.R. steamers to Port Arthur, G.T.R. trains to Winnipeg and west. A system of 2,600 miles would be connected with 2,600 miles west of Winnipeg. The growth of connecting trade would provide freight for all steamers on the lakes. The G.T.R. would secure the advantage of a long haul which is the secret of railway success.

Premier Favored G.T.P. Project.

He emphasized the fact that they were responsible for the future development of the province. Every dollar invested in railways had been amply repaid and Ontario is now first in the galaxy of provinces. It was their duty to see what is productive is made more productive. He believed the Dominion's assistance to the Grand Trunk Pacific would be good for Canada. This province represented one half of the population but it was not proposed to bear one-tenth of the burden. Manitoba with a smaller population had assumed twice the railway burdens of Ontario. Then it was provided that steel rails, cement and everything required in construction should be Canadian as far as practicable. Canadian labor is also protected against alien labor.

In answer to Mr. Powell the Premier said there was no intention to aid the proposed North Bay branch of the Grand Trunk Pacific.

Documents relating to securities which will be held as collateral for the Soo guarantee, were laid on the table and the bill will come up for a second reading to-day. The bill of Mr. Carscallen, Hamilton, to limit the conveyeing to those properly qualified evoked a lively discussion between rural and urban representatives but the former were slightly in a majority and the bill was defeated. The proposal to begin morning sessions on Saturday was laid over till Monday.

Deputation From Sturgeon Falls.

Dr. Nesbitt, gave notice that he would ask on Monday that a deputation from Sturgeon Falls might be heard at the Bar of the House to protest against the bill relating to a division of school taxes. The Premier said if an immediate answer was expected notice should have been sent to him. Speaking off hand he was under the impression that the bill had passed the House in the usual way after it had been threshed out in committee and all parties were heard. Speaking off hand again he thought the House would stultify itself by opening a question that has been closed. He did not think there was any precedent for appearing at the bar of the House after the bill had passed in the usual way but he would look up precedents and see if it were consistent with the practice of Parliament.

FIGHT AT QUEBEC ENDED IN DEATH.

Quebec, April 8. — (Special.)—Louis Drolet, aged 22 years, a shoemaker of this city, died this morning from injuries he received in a pugilistic encounter last night with Gunner Wagner, of the R.C.G.A., which took place in the Patinoir Miroir in the presence of several hundred spectators.

Drolet and Wagner were matched to fight to a finish which came off last night. Wagner is 27 years of age, and has appeared in the pugilistic arena on several previous occasions, and is considered a good man, while Drolet is a novice in the ring.

They fought for the net proceeds of the gate money and had arranged to battle twenty rounds for a decision.

Wagner from the start rushed things, and in the sixteenth round floored Drolet with a solar plexus blow. The latter never regained consciousness, and he was removed to his home where he died this morning at 3 o'clock.

Later in the day Wagner was arrested by the Provincial Police, and it is said the referee and others connected with the fight will be arrested.

ALLIANCE LOST CASE.

Berlin, Ont., April 8.—(Special.)—Police Magistrate Weir yesterday dismissed with costs the Lords Day Alliance case against the Ontario Sugar Company.

Mr. Hector Viger, of the Boston & Maine Railway, has been appointed Canadian representative of the "Inside Inn," the only hotel within the grounds of the World's Fair at St. Louis.

West Store— 2446 St. Catherine (Near Drummond.)

N. S. Valiquette

East Store— 1541-1547 St. Catherine

The Sidway Adjustable Table.

Go Carts and Baby Carriages. Refrigerators and Summer Goods.

CHANGEABLE TABLE TALK

How often have we heard the expression, "If this table was only a little higher," or, "It seems too bad to cut the legs to make it lower." It does really seem too bad to spoil the whole appearance of a table probably to have it answer a purpose but once. Happily for the housewife this difficult problem is removed once and for all by the SIDWAY ADJUSTABLE TABLE.

THE SIDWAY TABLE is made of steel tubing, oxydized, and highly polished. The top is of quartered oak, beautifully finished, and may be used perfectly level as a table, or adjusted to any angle on either side, by means of a spring swivel underneath, and by attaching the spring book or paper holder, we have a perfect reading table. In this position the table may be drawn up to our armchair in the evening, and the newspaper rested upon it, or, by adjusting the high screw, we can use it equally well while lying in bed at night. This proves how indispensable it is for doctors and lawyers, who study entirely at night, and its great use to invalids and in the sick room. Price..... $8.50

THE ALLAN SHOE STORE

For Spring Goods

Now is the time to get your spring Boots and Shoes, and we have just received a large shipment of Women's and Men's New Spring Goods, on the latest lasts, and at prices to please everyone.

MEN'S GOOD SOLID WORKING BOOTS, from	$1.50	to	$1.75
MEN'S GOOD MEDIUM GRADE BOOTS, from	$1.50	up	
MEN'S BOX CALF LACE BOOTS, medium soles	2.00		
MEN'S BOX CALF LACE BOOTS, heavy soles	2.25	to	2.75
MEN'S BOX CALF LACE BOOTS, Goodyear welt	3.00	to	4.00
MEN'S VICI KID LACE BOOTS, Goodyear welt	3.00	to	3.75
BOYS' STRONG LACE BOOTS, heavy soles	1.15	to	1.75
BOYS' BOX CALF LACE BOOTS, heavy soles	1.75	to	2.50
YOUTHS' BOX CALF LACE BOOTS, heavy soles	1.35	to	1.75

Also WOMEN'S, MISSES' and CHILDREN'S BOOTS and SHOES and SLIPPERS, at lowest prices.

Come in and examine our new lines,

THE ALLAN SHOE STORE, 659 Craig St.

J. H. HAMILTON, Prop.

The Three Stone Ring

Is the most fashionable Ring a lady can wear, and we have them in all combinations.

EMERALD AND DIAMOND	$45.00
RUBY AND DIAMOND	45.00
PEARL AND DIAMOND	40.00
OPAL AND DIAMOND	25.45
ALL DIAMOND	22.00

GEO. G. ROBINSON & CO.,

Jewellers, 2397 ST CATHERINE STREET.

ALL KINDS OF JEWELLERY REPAIRED.

MONTREAL ART PRINTERS— HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT

MONTREAL ART PRINTERS— HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT.

IF YOU PITY A SICK FRIEND

Tell Me His Name. Let Me Help Him.

Just write a postal card—only the cost of a penny. All I ask is the name of a friend who needs help. Tell me the book to send.

Then I will do this: I will arrange with a druggist near him so that he may take six bottles Dr. Shoop's Restorative. He may take it a month at my risk. If it succeeds, the cost is $5.50. If it fails, I will pay the druggist myself. And the sick one's mere word shall decide it.

Don't think that too fair to be possible, for I do just as I say. I do it to convince those who don't know me, and so that everyone who needs help will accept it.

I have learned that the cured ones are fair. I have furnished my Restorative to hundreds of thousands on just those terms, and 39 out of each 40 have paid gladly, because they were cured. I have willingly paid for the rest.

And I spent a lifetime in perfecting the remedy before I ever offered it to anyone. At thousands of bedsides, in hospitals and homes, I have watched it cure the most difficult cases that physicians ever meet. I learned that it does not fail, save where some cause—like cancer—makes a cure impossible.

My success comes from strengthening the inside nerves. My Restorative brings back that nerve power which alone operates every vital organ of the body. Common treatments merely doctor the organs, and the results at best are but temporary. My remedy restores the nerve power that makes these organs act. No other treatment does that, and there is positively no other way to make weak vital organs well.

My book will explain this. It tells about the only remedy so sure that any man dare offer it on such a plan as mine. Won't you tell me a friend who needs it?

Simply state which book you want and address Dr. Shoop, Box 28, Racine, Wis.

Book 1 on Dyspepsia,
Book 2 on the Heart.
Book 3 on the Kidneys,
Book 4 for Women.
Book 5 for Men (sealed)
Book 6 on Rheumatism.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured with one or two bottles. At druggists.

EXTRAORDINARY ANNOUNCEMENT

Arrangements have been made with several large stores, including Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Departmental, &c., to give for the remainder of the month

Double Green Cash Receipts

ON ALL CASH PURCHASES

This is your opportunity to get great after-Easter Bargains. It will Pay you to Visit these Stores. They have made preparations for a Large Business, and assure us that they have the Genuine Bargains to offer. As an Extra Inducement to inspect and judge for yourself, we make you this offer. Cut out and present at any of the undermentioned stores.

The Special Newspaper Coupon!

IT IS GOOD FOR ONE DOLLAR'S WORTH OF

Green Cash Receipts Free

Special Newspaper Coupon

WORTH

TEN GREEN CASH RECEIPTS

When presented at any of the stores mentioned in our announcement.

Progress and Enterprise Must Win

All who have adopted our Great Cash Trading System know that it is the best and most satisfactory method of buying. Experience has shown them how to obtain Beautiful Premiums Free. We never disappoint them. Facts are Facts. They know what they have already obtained. They know how we deal with them. Ask them if they are satisfied. It is only a waste of time to talk in any way prejudiced. The public have had too much experience with us to be trifled with, or misled.

Stores where you can get Coupons Redeemed and Donble Cash Receipts Free.

DRY GOODS AND DEPARTMENTAL STORES:

A. GIROUX, 295 St. Lawrence Street.
A. T. CONSTANTIN, 3601 Notre Dame Street.
L. G. LECLAIR, 448 Mount Royal Avenue.
DANIS FRERES, 951 St. Lawrence Street.
P. O. CASAVANT, 216 Centre Street.
ARSENE LAMY, corner St. Denis and Duluth Ave.
E. LAMY, 209 St. Lawrence Street.
E. LAMY, 1558 St. Lawrence Street.
L'ETOILE, 2023 Notre Dame Street.
D. MERCURE, 3143 Notre Dame Street.
GENDRON & CIE, 1073 St. James Street.
THE WEST END DEPARTMENTAL STORE, 1163 St. James Street, corner Fulford Street.
J. H. BLUMENTHAL & SONS.
J. A. MOONEY & CO., 2143 St. Catherine Street.
FORTIER & CO., 221 St. Lawrence Street.
T. CORBEIL, 180 Centre Street.
RONAYNE BROS., corner Inspector and Notre Dame Streets.
BUSH & READ, 2621 St. Catherine Street.

CASH 10 RECEIPT TRADERS ADV. CO

These Coupons will be redeemed at both our Branch Stores in Valleyfield and Quebec, also at the La Patrie office.

CASH 10 RECEIPT TRADERS ADV. CO

The TRADERS ADVERTISING Co

1835 Notre Dame Street.

Cable Service.

CANADA AND EMPIRE A TOPIC OF THE DAY

Irish Critic Thinks Montrealers Speeches Are Uncompromising and Secessionist.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, April 8.—Desmond O'Brien, who writes "Letters on Books" in Truth, expresses his surprise that not a single word regarding the uncompromising speeches of Messrs. Drummond, Ames and Hodgson, at the British Chamber of Commerce banquet, has been published. He thinks it certainly strange that no English journal has thought the secessional threats made worth a single word of notice.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, April 8.—At the Canterbury Chamber of Commerce dinner the Mayor presided. In the course of his speech Mr. Ames said the British delegates to the Montreal Congress must have been convinced that Canada could not prejudice its own industries to advance British interests. Mr. Hodgson said the Canadian manufacturer's interests was the primary consideration in any arrangement with Great Britain. Another speaker complimented Messrs. Ames and Hodgson for explaining that no lower tariff could be given to British manufacturers, as that had not been the way it had been presented to them. Mr. Preston replying to the toast, "Trade and Empire," said he was not satisfied that preferential tariffs between the colonies and the Empire would result in British maintaining its commercial supremacy. John Bull was not sentimental and would not pay an additional price for colonial products nor would the colonies pay an increased price, under any inspiration of patriotism, for British products. England was the only great nation taking no interest whatever in the movement of population among its own people. Mr. Preston suggested that with a proper Imperial emigration department an enormous impetus could be given to the movement by population to the colonies.

TIMES ON CANADA.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, April 7.—The Times publishes a half page article from its correspondent in Western Canada, giving his impressions based on a tour of the Dominion. He states that nine out of ten Canadians are willing to make liberal concessions to the British manufacturer in exchange for the imposition by Great Britain, of a small wheat duty. Basing a leader on the article the Times urges that the effect of such a step would be that England would regain the power of commercial negotiation that Mr. Balfour desires, and by hastening the development of the Canadian wheat areas, would secure in the long run, cheaper food.

MARCONIGRAMS.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, April 8.—Mr. Hall, mananging director of the Marconi Company, says that as the British Post-office runs and operates all the inland telegraphs of the United Kingdom, the Postal Telegraph office there must constitute the office of origin and collect the entire rate upon a Marconi message to any part of Canada. In Canada the inland systems must also collect the entire rate for delivery in the United Kingdom, including the wireless charge. Unless arrangements are made for this collection of both messages and rates by the inland telegraph systems of England and Canada no public service of value can be carried on between the two countries.

ELECTRICITY AND SMELTING.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, April 8.—Dr. Haxnell and party sailed on Wednesday and expressed great satisfaction with the results of their mission, having found in France a smelting plant working successfully as well as economically. The object of the mission was to examine and report upon the operation of electricity as applied to smelting processes in works in Sweden and upon the continent of Europe with a view to consider their usefulness in Canada.

ANGLO-FRENCH COMPROMISE.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, April 8.—It is stated that by the Anglo-French agreement England agrees to hand over a town and territory on the river Gambia and to abandon the islands on the coast of French Guiana. Also to give up the Kinder territory and secure France a trade route to Sokoto in West Africa. France in return agrees to relinquish the exclusive fishing rights hitherto claimed as the French shore of Newfoundland. The British Niger Company, however, doubts the truth of the report regarding Sokoto.

THE CHEESE MARKET.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, April 8.—Cheese, choice, for September delivery is quoted at 50s to 51s; fine, at 48s to 49s.

THE MARS HILL INCIDENT.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, April 8.—Dr. Potts was asked by his fellow-visitors to preach the sermon on Mars Hill, Athens, en route to Jerusalem—previously reported.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN'S PLANS.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, April 8.—Mr. Austin Chamberlain denies that there is any truth in the report that the tariff campaign will be dropped upon Mr. Chamberlain's return to England. Mr. Vince also says the report is untrue, and that Mr. Chamberlain is too deeply committed to a campaign based on a four years' educational propaganda.

OBSERVANCE OF SUNDAY.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, April 8.—The St. James' Gazette, referring to "Sabbath keeping in Canada," says: "The tendency in England seems to be making towards the condition Canada already enjoys. Most of the English golf clubs are open on Sunday; one or two of the London bodies choose the Sabbath evening for lectures, debates and concerts. Upon Sunday afternoon football, cricket or racquets are in full swing at Stonyhurst College, the great training ground of the priests, as well as in the secular schools.

CITY TO SUPPLY GRANITE BLOCKS.

The Montreal Street Railway has notified the Road Department that it will pave St. Catherine Street between the tracks from Peel Street to the city limits if the city will furnish the granite blocks. At present most of the paving between the tracks consists of wood. The matter will come before the Road Committee.

S.P.C.A. MEETING.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Canadian Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, the Executive Committee was represented by Messrs. Chas. Alexander, president; Geo. Gillespie, vice-president; Jas. Torrance, A. Piddington, H. Markland Molson, J. P. Cleghorn, Rev. T. Harris, A. E. Ogilvie, E. F. Surveyer, and F. B. McNamee. A vote of thanks was tendered the ladies of the woman's branch who netted the sum of $518.95 for the society by holding a concert. The various inspectors reported for the last month as follows: Convictions, 4; warnings, 72; complaints, 67; ordered off road, 15; animals destroyed, 40; homes found, 3; making a total of 207. The association desired to request the resignation of Inspector Buquet.

MAY BUILD LARGE STRUCTURES HERE

Reported That Government Has Secured Land for New Post-office and Other Buildings.

The Dominion Government, which is considering the erection of additional government buildings and a new post-office in this city have, acording to persistent rumors, secured an option on nearly all the property in the block bounded by St. James and Craig streets and St. Gabriel Street and St. Lambert Hill. If the deal goes through satisfactorily it is intended that the portion of Fortification Lane between St. Lambert Hill and St. Gabriel Street will be closed. A number of tenants when seen to-day admitted that they only had a lease for one year, which was considered very significant. According to another plan only the Government buildings will be built on this site, and the new post-office will be put up on Victoria Square near St. James Street.

The Provincial Government buildings are situated on the west side of St. Gabriel Street. That building and the one situated at the corner of St. James and St. Gabriel are the only ones of any great value in the block.

ENGLISH TEACHER TALKS OF HIS ART

Signor Visetti an Eminent Teacher of Singing Speaks of Matters Musical.

Signor Albert Visetti, a member of the staff of the Royal College of Music, London, and one of the most noted teachers of music in England, arrived in the city last night and is registered at the Windsor. He will be in Montreal for about three weeks, but is obliged to be back in London by May 5.

This morning in his room in the Windsor, Signor Visetti, who, by the way, prefers the plain everyday title of "Mr." to the higher-sounding "Signor," discussed his art and those who are famous in it in a manner that showed at once that he is thoroughly familiar with both. He speaks English well, but to his conversational tones is added the interest that comes from a charming continental accent. Moreover, he has a number of French mannerisms, and these, if anything, add to the pleasure of an interview with him.

"Ah! good morning," he said, when The Herald's representative was announced. "This is a charming morning, is it not so? I so greatly enjoy your fine air here; no dampness like we have in London. And here you can see the sun when you want to. Is it not glorious? Why, since I left New York I have been in Paradise.

"Yes, it is my first visit here, and the thing that impresses me most is the strong individuality of your people. Such beautiful physique. Why, they should all be good singers with strong throats and healthy bodies. Still, the throat is not all. They must have the refinement and the earnestness of purpose before they can become artists.

"Your greatest Canadian singer is Mme. Albani, but I came over on the steamer with two others who will make their success in the world of music. They are Harold Jarvis and Edmund Burke.

"Given the voice, the physique, and the earnestness of purpose, the next thing is the place of study. At present London is undoubtedly the world's centre of musical culture. An English singer should study where he or she can understand, or is understood. Naturally, they expect to sing before English-speaking peoples, and they should study under English methods. In any event, if they intend to study abroad, they should study the language and the history of the country where they intend going. Once that is mastered the rest is much easier. The Royal College of Msuic in London is at present the very finest one I know. Every advantage is given for students, including a full orchestral accompaniment twice a week.

"Then, again, the Royal College of Music assists its pupils in many ways. We not only teach them, but we have influence enough in musical circles to make the first steps of their career easy. An endorsement from that college is a valuable possession for any young singer. The college is under the supervision of Sir Hubert Parry, and at present 500 pupils are entered. Sir Hubert was the first baronet created College of Music in London is at prescollege are shining figures in the musical world, such as Sir Charles Stanford, Sir Frederick Bridge, Sir Walter Parratt and others equally well known."

Speaking of Mme. Patti's tour and the reasons why she was not more successful, Signor Visetti said that from a musical standpoint her programme lacked interest. He regards Patti and Albani, however, as the two greatest singers of the century.

TELEGRAPH BRIEFS

Barcelona, Spain.—King Alfonso left Barcelona this morning on a visit to Genoa. He will return to Barcelona Saturday.

St. Joseph, Mo.—A blizzard is raging here to-day. Snow and sleet have seriously interrupted telegraph and telephone service.

Chicago.—Walter Lee Brown, a well known chemist, bibliophile and tuthor of a number of text books on assaying, is dead at his home in Evanston, Ill.

Berne, Switzerland.—The State council to-day unanimously passed a bill making the glorification of anarchist crimes punishable by imprisonment.

Seattlee Wash.—Mail advices from the new Alaska district of Tanana indicate that the winter gold clean-up probably will reach $1,000,000. A number of new finds are reported.

Weston, Mass.—While apparently walking in her sleep early to-day, Edith Coburn, aged 42, of this town, was struck by a train on the Boston and Maine Railroad and killed. The woman wore only her night clothing.

Seattle, Wash.—News has reached here of a double tragedy at Juneau, in which James Coggins was stabbed and beaten to death by Joseph Andries. Three days later Andries took his own life. The men were prospectors and had been friends for many years.

Kansas, City, Mo.—Missouri, Kansas & Texas flyer No. 5, which left St. Louis last night for the South, was wrecked four miles south of Fort Scott, Kansas, to-day by the rails spreading. The engine left the track first, and, following it, the baggage car and the mail and express cars piled up. The smoker and chair cars were also overturned and badly damaged. Many persons were injured, but no one was killed.

WHEAT WILL GROW ALONG PEACE RIVER

Prof. Macoun, Dominion Field Naturalist, Explains Differences Between Him and His Son.

Ottawa, April 8.—(Special.)—Professor John Macoun, Dominion field naturalist, appeared before the Agricultural and Colonization Committee to-day and gave evidence in regard to the Peace River country. He was called on account of a report recently issued by his son, J. M. Macoun, of the Geological Survey, which referred to the district as of one in which wheat can never be grown successfully.

Mr. John Macoun to-day adhered to his former reports that the Peace River country had a great future as a grain-producing country. He accounts for the apparent discrepancy between the statements of his son and himself on the ground that his son spoke principally of a small section of land on a high plateau, called the Grand Prairie. The conditions found existing there were an altitude of 2,000 to 2,500 feet above sea level, a height at which there was great risk of frost destroying the wheat. Professor John Macoun was emphatic in his statement that there were vast areas in higher latitudes, having altitudes as low as 200 feet above sea level, where all kinds of grain, including wheat, can be grown successfully. As to the fertility of the soil extending all over the Upper Peace River country there was no question. In the valley of the Upper Peace River wheat was grown successfully, but in the valley of the district visited by his son it was narrow and the area small.

In answer to a question Professor Macoun said that he would not advise settlers to go into the district to raise grain at present, because there were no facilities for getting their crops out, and more especially as there were now within easy distance of existing railway districts open for settlement. Professor Macoun pointed out that the whole country dipped to the north, and that the increased length of daylight and constantly decreasing altitudes made it possible to grow wheat while in lower latitudes with greater altitudes it could not be grown successfully.

"We have," said Mr. Macoun, "a great future in the north. We have a grand country." He made this statement with his hands on the map, pointing to the Vermillion region between 200 and 300 miles further north than the Grand Prairie region.

Mr. Clancy—Your son and you are at variance, and who are the public to believe?

Professor Macoun—They are to believe both of us. We are both honest men.

Mr. James M. Macoun will be called and examined in regard to his report.

SUDDEN DEATH OF HERBERT ROBINSON

Henry Robinson, a commercial traveller, died suddenly and under peculiar circumstances at the Queen's Hotel this morning. He came into the hotel last night and complained of feeling ill. Dr. Leprohon, of St. Denis Street, was sent for. This morning Robinson was found dead in his room. A bottle of whisky was also found in the room. The body was taken to the morgue this morning, and an inquest will be held.

Messrs. Debendam, Caldecott & Co., 18 St. Helen Street, stated that Mr. Herbert Robinson had been in their employ for some years. He had been travelling for the firm for the past month in the Lower Provinces.

TO-DAY IS GOOD FRIDAY IN RUSSIA.

There is an absolute scarcity of news from the scene of war, which is largely accounted for by the fact that to-day is Good Friday under the Julian calendar, a day which is universally observed throughout the Russian dominions. The festival is exactly one week later than in the Gregorian calendar. The Associated Press service to-day does not contain a single despatch bearing directly on hostilities in the East.

CITY HAPPENINGS

The Laing Packing and Provision Co. has taken out a permit for a four-story building on Mill Street to cost $22,000. The work of construction will be commenced immediately.

Rev. Abbe Trole, cure of Notre Dame, will be asked to accept a position on the Board of Commissioners for Catholic Schools to succeed Rev. Abbe Larocque, who has been appointed general inspector.

The Finance Committee will meet this afternoon when tenders for the two civic loans of $476,000 and $99,500 respectively will be opened. The report of the special committee on insurance will be received.

At the meeting of the Hygiene Committee this afternoon, the appointment of a vegetable and fish inspector will be made. It is probable that tenders will be called for uniforms for the city health inspectors.

The visiting governors to the Montreal General Hospital for the week commencing Monday, April 11, are Messrs. J. Henry Birks, Gerald W. Birks, Charles H. Blackader, and Lt.-Col. Jeffrey H. Burland.

Frederick McGuire, 42 years of age, of Ottawa Street, and Dennis McCarthy, 35, of Farm Street, were arrested this morning at 3 a.m. in A. J. O'Neill's restaurant, corner of Dalhousie and Wellington streets. A constable, who was passing, tried the lock and finding the door open, entered, and saw the two smoking and discussing several bottles of liquor which they had stolen. They were remanded until April 13.

FOOD AND FUN COMBINED.

"SWISS FOOD" is full of nourishment, and everey package contains a colored bag holding 26 Arabian marbles. Boys, be sure and get "SWISS FOOD."—adv.

TELEGRAPHERS ARE QUIET.

The local manager of the G. N. W. Telegraph Co. here reports no change in the situation in his office. So far he has received no intimation that the men in this office will go out, and he does not expect there will be any trouble.

Guilty of Vagrancy.

Toronto, April 8.—(Special.)—Thos. Richardson, the striking G.N.W. operator who was arrested yesterday for loitering about the company's office, was found guilty of vagrancy this morning, and remanded for sentence. There is no change in the strike situation.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

AFTERNOON BOARD SALES.

25 Richelieu at 83.
2 Coal, at 65.
50 Steel at 9¼.
25 Steel at 9¼.
25 Steel preferred at 26.
10 Pacific at 116¼.
100 Street Railway at 211.
25 Street Railway at 212½.
25 Street Railway at 210½.
50 Street Railway at 211.
150 Street Railway at 212.
40 Street Railway at 213.
5,000 Steel Bonds at 60.
2,000 Steel Bonds at 60.
3,000 Steel Bonds at 60.
1,000 Scotia Bonds at 107.
24 Bank of Montreal at 247.
10 Bank of Montreal at 247
5 Nova Scotia at 78½.
5 Power at 73¾.
5 Hochelaga at 137.
25 New Street at 209.
11 Toronto Railway at 101.
100 Toronto Railway at 101½.
50 Coal preferred at 110.
5 Twin City at 93.
100 Twin City at 93.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

By private wire to Mr. C. D. Monk, from J. S. Bache & Co.:—

DESCRIPTION	April 7. Op.	April 7. Cl.	April 8 Op.	April 8 Cl
Amalgated Copper...	50¼	51⅛	51¼	51⅜
Am. Locom've com	22	22	22	22
do do pref	....	92¼	....	....
Am. Sugar Rfg. Co.	127¾	127¾	127¾	126½
do. do. pref	....	....	....	....
A Smelt'g & Ref Co.	48¼	49	49¼	49¼
Am. Car & Foundry.	20	20	19¾	19¾
Anaconda Mining Co.	74½	74	78½	78
Arch., Top. & St. F..	73½	73½	74½	74
do. do. pref	90½	91½	91¼	93¾
Baltimore and Ohio..	81⅜	81¾	81¾	80½
do do pref	91	....	....	....
Brooklyn Rapid T....	44½	44¼	45	44⅛
Chic & Alton Com...	....	....	28½	28½
Canadian Pacific	116⅞	116⅝	116⅜	116⅛
Canada Southern ..	....	....	....	....
Ches and Ohio, ...	83¼	83⅜	83¼	83
Chic. Burl. Quincy..	....	....	....	....
Chicago and N. West.	....	171⅞	....	171
Chicago, R. I and Pac.	....	....	....	....
Chicago, Mil. St. P...	145½	145¾	145¾	144
Colorado Southern ..	....	17½	18	17½
do. do. 1 pref.	55	55½	....	55⅜
Consolid'td Gas N.Y.	200	199⅝	....	201⅜
Colorado Fuel Iron...	32¾	33	32¾	32½
Clev., C. C. and St. L.	....	....	....	....
Detroit United Ry...	....	64¾	....	64½
Delo. Lack and West	274	275	....	....
Delaware Hudson....	153½	154⅜	154	153⅝
Denver, Rio G. pref.	70¾	71¼	....	....
Duluth S. Sh. Alt....	....	....	....	....
do do. pref.	....	....	....	....
Great Northern pfd.	....	....	....	....
General Electric	....	109¾	....	164
Jersey Central	....	....	....	....
Rocking Valley	....	....	....	....
Iowa Cen. Com.	....	....	19¼	19¼
Kansas Texas com..	18¾	18¾	17¾	19¼
Kansas Texas pfd	....	39¾	40	40
Louisville Nashville	169	169¾	169¾	169¾
Man Elevated.	....	146	143	143¾
Missouri Pacific....	91¾	91¾	94¾	94¾
Metropolitan Trac...	114¾	114¾	114¾	114
N. Y. Cen. Hudson..	117¾	117½	....	116¾
Erie Railroad	27	24¾	26¾	26¾
do do 1 pfd.	63½	64¾	64¾	64½
do do 11 pfd	42	42	42	41⅜
N. Y Ontario Wess.	22	21¾	21¾	21¾
Norfolk West Com	59¼	59¼	59¾	59¾
Northern Securities .	....	....	....	....
Pacific Mail.....	....	....	28	28
Penn. R. R.....	119¾	119¾	119½	118⅝
Pressed Steel Com ..	30	30¼	....	....
do do pref	....	....	....	....
Peoples Gas	96¼	97¼	97¼	96¼
Phil. & Reading	45	45¾	45½	44¾
do do 1 pref.	....	....	....	79
do do 11pfd	....	69½	....	....
Pullman.....	....	....	....	....
Southern Ry com ..	22¾	22⅞	22⅞	22⅝
do do pref..	....	86¼	....	85½
Southern Pacific....	51	50¾	51	50
Tenn. Coal Iron.....	40½	40¾	41	40¾
Texas Pacific	24¾	24¾	25¼	24¾
Twin City	....	98	98½	98¾
U. S. Leather com..	7	7¼	7⅛	7
do do pref	78¾	78⅝	78¾	74½
U. S. Steel com....	11¾	11⅝	11⅝	11⅜
do do pref.	61¾	62⅜	62⅜	61⅜
U. S. Rubber, com ..	....	13⅞	14	14
do do pref.	58½	59	59½	59
Union Pacific com..	88¼	88¼	88¼	87¾
do do pref..	93¾	93⅞	92¾	92¾
Wabash	19½	19⅝	....	19½
do pref.....	38	38½	38¾	38
Western Union Tel	....	....	89	88½
Wis. Con com	....	19	....	18⅞
do pref. ...	43¼	42¾	44	43⅝

CHICAGO MARKET.

By private wire to Mr. C. D. Monk, from J. S. Bache & Co.:

April 8.	Opg.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat, May.	94⅞	95⅛	94⅜	95¼
July	87¼	88¼	86⅞-87	87¾-⅞
Corn, May....	37¼	37½	37¼	37⅜
July	37½-⅝	37⅝	37¼	37½-⅝
Oats, May....	29⅞	29⅞	29¾	29¾-⅞
July	27⅞	28¼	27¾	28-⅛b
Pork, May....	12 85	12 85	12 65	12 80
Lard, May....	6 62	6 75	6 62	6 75b
Ribs, May....	6 60	6 67-70	6 60	6 67-70

The Chronicle announced to-day that a new assurance company, to be known as the Eastern Life Assurance Company of Canada, will ask for an act of incorporation during the present session of Parliament.

READ TESTIMONIAL
IN FAVOR OF
MASON & RISCH PIANOS
FROM
Mr. R. Watkin Mills,
The eminent English Basso who appears in Windsor Hall Friday, April 15, '04.

U. S. M. S. "ST. PAUL,"
June 10th, 1903.

To Messrs. MASON & RISCH,
Piano Manufacturers, Toronto:

Dear Sirs,—

Before leaving American shores I desire to thank your firm for the many courtesies extended to Mr. Parlovitz and myself throughout our long transcontinental tour just completed.

Your many representatives have invariably supplied us with most excellent instruments, which have materially assisted us in the rendering of our great and comprehensive programmes.

You have undoubtedly reached the highest mark in the manufacture of a piano that is not only perfect from a soloist's point of view, but is also a treasure in the home.

Wishing you continued success, and again thanking you most heartily, I am, dear sirs,

Yours, faithfully,

(Sgd.) R. WATKIN MILLS.

Intending Piano Purchasers
Are invited to inspect choice assortment of MASON & RISCH PIANOS received at
LEACH'S
2440 ST. CATHERINE ST. (between Stanley and Drummond)
Now Sole Agency for Montreal.
Prices from $400 upwards, sold for cash, or $25 deposit and $10 monthly. Exchanges made.

NEW FOUNDATION WILL BE PLACED UNDER PUMP

Water Department Have New Scheme to Reduce Vibration of Pump.

The water department has been busily engaged trying to solve the question of the McTavish street electric pump. Since the Superior Court granted an injunction to the Peel street proprietors, last winter, the pump has remained idle, and the water service of the city been hampered by lack of facilities.

A suggestion was made at a recent meeting of the Water Committee to remove the pump down to the low level station at Point St. Charles, but the expense of such a method would be unduly large, and in addition that would leave the McTavish street station without adequate pumps.

The Water Committee will not bear the expense of the change, as it considers the McDougall Company liable for any sum that would ensure a noiseless pump as per contract.

The cost of the improvement would not be more than $2,000.

REAL ESTATE SALES THIS WEEK WERE LIGHTEST YET

A new high record for this year was made this week in the real estate market, the total sales aggregating $334,740. The highest sales occurred in Westmount, where they totalled $52,680. Sales were very strong in five of the city wards, as follows: St. Andrew's Ward, $43,000; Lafontaine Ward, $46,800; St. Lawrence Ward, $35,080; St. Denis, $38,375; St. George's, $22,064. The most important sales were as follows:

MONTREAL ART PRINTERS—
HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WANTED — YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER. Must have considerable experience in office work. Apply in own handwriting, with references and salary expected, to P.O. Box 693. 85

WANTED — YOUNG LADY ASSISTANT IN office. One with experience in factory books preferred. Apply in own handwriting, with salary expected, to P.O. Box 693. 85

WANTED — MATTRESS RENOVATING, AT residences, anywhere; day or job. Will come ready or send estimate—which? Fraser, 425 Bourgeois st. 83

LOST — WHITE FOX TERRIER, HALF face, brown; two brown spots on back, one on tip of tail. Answers name Billy. Finder rewarded on returning to 70 Mackay st. 85

Bricklayers' Union of Montreal.

You are requested to attend the General Meeting of the Bricklayers' Union, which will be held on Friday, the 8th April, 1904, at 7.30 o'clock p.m. sharp, at St. Joseph Union Hall, No. 1796 St. Catherine Street.
Special Object: Election of Officers.
THE RECORDING SECRETARY.

A GOOD HAIR CUT
Adds to a man's appearance. We give the best cut in the city. Razors and scissors sharpened. Always on hand the best quality Cigars and Tobaccos.
M. A. TARDIF, 2261 St. Catherine, Opp. Grey Nunnery,

Telephone Main 2911
Old Brewery Mission
Will send men for taking off double windows, beating carpets or any kind of work.

SURPRISE YOUR WIFE
By sending home to her a
"Prowse" Steel Range
and a
"Prowse" Water Filter
with a selection of High-class Agateware.

GEO. R. PROWSE, 208 McGILL ST.

WE GIVE CASH RECEIPTS
Furniture Wilder's Carpets

REFRIGERATORS, Prices from $8.00 to $75.00

An unusual number of customers have made their selections of Furniture and Carpets for May delivery. We would suggest to all intending purchasers that they make early selections. Stocks are now complete and prices at the lowest. We will reserve them until wanted.

GO CARTS from $2.00 up.
ROLL TOP DESKS from $12 up.
DINING ROOM SETS, from $18.00 up.
BEDROOM SETS from $13.50 up.
IRON BEDS, brass trimmings, from $3.50 up.
PARLOR SETS from $15.00 up.

258 St. James 2415 St. Catherine. 1837 Notre Dame. 2080 Notre Dame.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY | All This Week Mat. Saturday
B. C. WHITNEY'S Musical Extravaganza
The Isle of Spice
NEXT WEEK
JOHN C. FISHER'S
$50,000 PRODUCTION $50,000
THE SILVER SLIPPER
BY THE AUTHORS OF
"FLORODORA"
SEATS NOW ON SALE....25c to $1.50

PROCTOR'S | All This Week
Matinees Wed., Fri. and Sat.
UNCLE TOM'S CABIN
NEXT WEEK
RETURN OF THE FAVORITES.
Kirke La Shelle presents the veteran actor
J. H. STODDART
Assisted by REUBEN FAX and strong supporting company in
"THE BONNIE BRIER BUSH"
CANADA'S FAVORITE ACTOR and PLAY.
Prices—50, 35, 25, 20, 10c.

FRANCAIS | MATINEES—Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday.
This Week—HANLON BROS.' NEWEST
"SUPERBA"
ALL NEXT WEEK
BEGINNING MONDAY, APRIL 11,
MR. WILLARD SIMMS
In the Latest Musical Travesty,
"PICKINGS FROM PUCK"
An All-Star Cast. New and Catchy Songs. An Ensemble of Beauty.
Prices—10, 20, 30, 35 and 50c.

ROYAL. Every Afternoon and Evening.
THIS WEEK, APRIL 4
THE MERRY MAIDENS
and the European Sensation, THE DUFFIN-REDING TROUPE. Prices—10c, 20c and 30c
Next Week—ROSE SYDELL'S LONDON BELLES.

WINDSOR HALL | Saturday Afternoon at 3
MISS MURIEL
FOSTER
and her concert party will give a special MATINEE
Seats on Sale at Shaw's. 50c, 75c, $1.00.

WINDSOR HALL THURSDAY, APRIL 14th
Under the patronage of their Excellencies and Lord Strathcona.
Miss Hollinshead's Concert
Sale of seats at Shaw's Music Store Prices 50c, $1.00.

The St. George's Society
intend holding a
CONCERT
IN THE
WINDSOR HALL
On Friday Evening, April 22nd,
to celebrate the Anniversary of St. George's Day. A programme of the best English ballad music is in course of preparation, and every Englishman is earnestly requested to be present. It is expected that every seat will be taken. Tickets can be procured from the Society's members, at the St. George's Home, 139 St. Antoine St., Mr. H. A. Hodgson, 67 William St., and from Mr. Hadrill, Secretary of the Board of Trade.
All Seats Reserved—25 and 50 cents.

REV. CHARLES INGLIS
OF LONDON, ENGLAND.
Special Addresses To Men
Saturday 8.00 p.m. Sunday 4.00 p.m.
Association Hall.
Music by the Male Quartette.
PERSONAL INVITATION TO MEN.
Young Men's Christian Association
Dominion Square.

Art Association, Phillips Sq.
GALLERIES CLOSED
Pending the removal of the Royal Canadian Academy pictures.

Our Collection
of rare and pretty things is well worth seeing, and we would be pleased to have you call and see it. You needn't think of buying unless you like. When you want a pretty Boudoir Set, a Souvenir, or a pretty Wedding, or Birthday Present, you'll come here fast enough when you have once been at
CLARKE'S WIGWAM, 138 PEEL STREET
Opp Dominion Sq.

CORONA HOTEL
GUY STREET, EUROPEAN PLAN.
Rates, $1 per day up. Rooms, with bath, $2 up. Elegantly equipped private dining rooms, and cafe in connection. Cuisine unsurpassed. Orchestra Tuesdays, 6 to 8 p.m. Saturdays, 6 to 8 and 10.30 to 12 p.m.

MONTREAL ART PRINTERS—
HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT.

The War.

JAP FLEET AGAIN AT PORT ARTHUR

It is Believed That Admiral Togo Will Again Renew the Bombardment.

VESSELS AT WEI HAI WEI

Russia Has Ordered New Submarine Boats—Kuropatkin is in Command of Defensive Operations at New Chwang.

London, April 8.—Despatches from Shanghai and Chefoo say it is rumored in those places that the Japanese have made another attack on Port Arthur, but the reports are apparently only based on statements made by Chinese fishermen. Nevertheless, Admiral Togo's ships are reliably reported to be again hovering off the coast of the Liaotung peninsula, either seeking an engagement with any Russian ships that are at sea, or preparing to renew their attentions to Port Arthur. A despatch to the Express from Wei-Hai-Wei reports mysterious movements by vessels of both fleets in the straits between Wei-Hai-Wei and Port Arthur. It is stated from St. Petersburg that Admiral Reitzenstein, lately commanding the Vladivostok squadron, is now at Port Arthur, where it is reported he will take over the command of the torpedo boat flotilla.

Censorship is Severe.

London, April 8.—The brief despatches from the seat of war appearing in London newspapers during the past few days all have been of a curiously stereotyped character, indicating an active censorship. This applies particularly to points under Japanese control; but from the Russian side it is evident care is being exercised to prevent the news of operations leaking out. The Japanese fleet continues cruising not far distant from Port Arthur.

The Standard's Che Foo correspondent announces that a steamer which arrived there Tuesday sighted Japanese warships off Wei-Hai-Wei.

Russia's Naval Plans.

Paris, April 8.—The Russian naval plan for retrieving the reverses at Port Arthur and Chemulpo has been communicated to one of the embassies through official channels having access to the highest naval authorities at St. Petersburg. The plan is explained as follows:—Russia recognizes that Japan now has preponderating naval strength in the Far East, and will attempt to reverse it by two distinct moves. First, urgent efforts will be made to have a naval concentration at Port Arthur, the Baltic, Red Sea, and Vladivostok fleets joining Vice-Admiral Makaroff's command if possible, and thus giving the combined fleets preponderance over Vice-Admiral Togo's; second, it is foreseen that it will be difficult and probably impossible to effect this concentration as Admiral Togo may intercept the Baltic fleet before its arrival at Port Arthur. In that event the Baltic fleet, which is comparatively small, will attempt the perilous task of engaging the large Japanese fleet in the hope of disabling some of the Japanese ships, and thus reducing the Japanese effectiveness. According to the Russian calculations the Baltic fleet may suffer annihilation in such an unequal combat, but it will have served a valuable end if it is able to cripple a sufficient number of Japanese ships to reduce Admiral Togo's naval strength below that of Admiral Maraseff.

80,000 Japs Along the Yalu.

Paris, April 8.—A despatch from St. Petersburg says the general staff believes that the Japanese, instead of following the right to Sies, which would be to remain in Corea, and concentrate and fortify themselves, will cross the Yalu. But if they attempt simultaneous landings at New Chwang and Dalny they may have to pay dearly for their folly. According to trustworthy information the Japanese have only six divisions in Corea, which landed at Fusan, Chinampo and Chemulpo. Their total effective strength, therefore, would be rather below than above 80,000 men. According to information given by Gen. Mishtchenko, the waggon trains and artillery horses are in very bad condition. They are said to be like that during the hostilities between the Europeans and Chinese in 1900, when all the horses used for wagon trains died, and about half of the artillery horses.

A Parisian, who just returned from St. Petersburg, tells me the impression there is that the war will continue certainly for two years. There are, he says, only about three months of the year during which military operations can be carried on without obstacles due to the elements. From June until about the end of August there will likely be severe fighting, after which both sides will be obliged to make up their losses of material.

One of the conditions imposed by Gen. Kuropatkin before leaving for the Far East had reference to the number of men he should be able to dispose of before commencing serious operations. It is now certain, my informant says, that the forces estimated by Gen. Kuropatkin as indispensable to success will be available. The Russians, he said, had been well served by the railway across Lake Baikal. No fewer than twenty-eight hundred waggons and four hundred and thirty locomotives passed to the other side, so that now there is adequate means of transportation on the southeastern side of the lake. The trains from Moscow to Port Arthur, which formerly had to cover about eight thousand versts, now go only as far as the lake and then return.

No Fighting Yet.

London, April 8.—There is little to be reported regarding the land movements beyond conjectures based upon the fact that transports are unloading at the mouth of the Yalu river. Theer are no indications that fighting has occurred. Indeed, it cannot be learned that there are any Russians in touch with the Japanese on the Yalu. Telegrams from Tokio report that the fighting lines of the Japanese columns moving north from Ping-Yang have reached the left bank of the Yalu. News of operations all round was never scarcer.

Mining the Yalu.

Shanghai, April 8.—It has been learned here that the Russians have planted submarine mines off the coast of Takushan (about fifty miles west of the mouth of the Yalu river), as well as in the estuary of the Yalu. The Japanese army now in Corea is reaching the south bank of the Yalu river at diff- that the forces estimated by en. Kuro-

Refugees who have arrived here from Corea assert that the fear that the Japanese may land at Possiet Bay, near Vladivostok, is causing a general exodus inland. Even the Russian garrisons in that locality are retreating, leaving only small outposts behind.

Mobilization on Large Scale.

Paris, April 8.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Petit Parisien cables the following:—"A colonel of the general staff has informed me that a general mobilization is in course of preparation. In view of complications which may ensue, the police have been instructed to prepare lists of al university graduates under 40 years old, capable of serving as reserve officers. A portion of the reserves will be told off to guard the trans-Siberian railroad. The decree ordering the mobilization will be published shortly.

"The arming of the port of Libau, has been completed, and foreign vessels have been forbidden to enter the port without authorization."

The correspondent at St. Petersburg of the Echo de Paris says a mobilization of the reserve seamen in the Sebastopol district has been ordered, half of them to be used to reinforce the Russians crews at Port Arthur and Vladivostok, and the remainder to increase the strength of the Black Sea fleet.

ALGOMA LIBERALS ARE DIVIDED IN TWO CAMPS

Trouble at Nomination Meeting—Dispute Referred to Hon. Mr. Sutherland.

Port Arthur, Ont., April 8.—(Special.)—Liberal delegates in convention Wednesday disagreed all forenoon over the manner of calling the convention and Rat Portage delegates, which place had two sets of delegates. Chairman Graham nominated the Committee on Credentials, composed of six Conmeeites and two Independents, who refused to act. At 3 o'clock the committee reported throwing out sixty anti-Conmee delegates and seating their opponents. The matter was hotly discussed, and seventy-eight delegates out of a possible one hundred and forty left the hall and organized the Thunder Bay and Rainy River Federal Liberal Association, with an executive composed of Messrs. Gardner, Hogarth, Robinson, Allan, Austin, Stewart, Watson, Burk, Wells McKellar, McGregor and Gilchrist. They passed complimentary resolutions to Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Hon. Geo. W. Ross. These delegates refused to nominate a candidate, and will call their convention later, being governed in their actions by a letter received from Hon. James Sutherland, to whom the dispute has been referred. The Conmeeites left in the hall nominated Mr. Conmee, and then adjourned to a banquet at the Algoma Hotel.

QUEEN'S COLLEGE DEGREES AWARDED

Thirty-seven Students Graduated in Medicine—List of Scholarships.

Kingston, April 8.—(Special.)—Thirty-seven students have been granted their doctor degrees by Queen's Medical College. Two Jamaica negroes who came here to get a Canadian education are among the graduates.

Those who were awarded the degree of M. D. and C. M. are: R. W. Bailey, Kingston, Jamaica; M. E. Branscombe, Picton; W. C. Brown, Bellview; J. S. Carruthers, New Glasgow, N.S.; J. C. Caskey, Tweed, Ont.; A. K. Connolly, Kingston; T. J. Costello, Calgary; E. W. Delong, Gananoque; A. C. Driscoll, Trenton; A. D. Falkner, Williamstown, E. A. Ferguson, Kingston; A. A. Ferguson, Glenwalter; J. V. Gallivan, Kingston; W. Gibson, Emerald; J. J. Gillespie, Morrisburg; J. R. Goodfellow, Kingston; J. A. Graham, Montreal; T. J. Gray, Kingston; L. W. Hoppins, Kingston; E. C. Kinkead, Kingston, Jamaica; A. J. Lalonde, Barrie; G. C. Leach, B. A. Fenelon, R. A. Lee, Port Hope; A. T. Munroe, Moose Creek; F. C. McCullough, Gananoque; H. A. McDonald, Sunbury; M. McGonigle, Newboro; N. I. Pennock, Brockville; Miss Victoria Reid, B.A., Kingston; E. J. Robinson, North Williamsburg; S. H. Rutledge, Thomasburg; A. H. Singleton, B.A., Newboro; N. Smith, Kingston, H. Tandy, B.A., Kingston; E. J. F. Williams, B.A., Brockville; C. S. Vannes, Wolf Island; J. M. Young, B.A., Bristol's Corners.

The medals were awarded as follows: Medicine, H. Tandy, B.A., Kingston; surgery, William Gibson, Emerald; house surgeons, William Gibson, H. Tandy, B.A., A. H. Singleton, B.A., Dr. Clarkes; mental diseases, J. M. Young, B.A.; Dean Fowler's scholarship, third year, A. C. Spooner, B.A.; Latimer McCabe prize in pathology, H. J. Williamson, B.A.; faculty prize, second year, E. Bolton, Philipsville; Hayungt prize in materia medica, P. A. McIntosh, B.A., Dundela.

FISHERIES OF CANADA.

Annual Report Presented to House Yesterday—Nova Scotia Leads Provinces.

Ottawa, April 8.—(Special.)—The annual report of the Fisheries Department was presented to Parliament yesterday by Hon. Raymond Prefontaine. The latest statistics are for the year 1902. They show that for that year the value of fish and fish product in the Dominion aggregated $21,959,423, showing a decrease of three-quarters of a million over the previous year. There was a decrease in all the provinces except Manitoba, where the increase was $249,000. Nova Scotia heads the list with $7,351,735 for the value of all fish. British Columbia stands second, with $5,284,824, which is a decrease of $2,657,000 over 1901. New Brunswick comes next, and Quebec is fourth on the list.

During the last fiscal year the value of fish products as well as marine annuals exported from Canada to foreign countries was $11,826,646.

About 77,801 men were engaged during the season of 1902 in the fishing industry, representing an aggregate capital of $11,205,000.

ROYAL SCOTS' MARKSMEN.

The 27th annual meeting of the Royal Scots' Rifle Association was held Wednesday in their quarters at the Drill Hall.

The reports presented showed the association to be in a most satisfactory condition, and a successful season is looked for when the ranges are again opened.

The election of officers resulted in the returning of the entire board of last season.

The following company committees were also appointed: No. 1 Co., Corp. R. C. Simpson, Pte. J. Ranberry; No. 2 Co., Col.-Sergt. D. Bethune, Sergt. W. Brown; No. 3 Co., Quartermaster-Sergt. B. Howard, Corp. D. Mackay; No. 4 Co., Col.-Sergt. B. Foley, Pte. L. Pickering; No. 5 Co., Sergt. J. Broadhurst, Sergt. T. H. Bird; No. 6 Co., Sergt. J. Macarley, Pte. R. Foster; No. 7 Co., Col.-Sergt. C. Severs, Sergt. A. C. Hannaford; No. 8 Co., Col.-Sergt. S. Brabble and Sergt. W. Hale.

MR. DUBE IS HOME.

Mr. Dube, secretary of the Montreal Street Railway Company, returned to the city yesterday from a combined business and pleasure trip to New York. While in New York, through the kindness of Mr. Kennedy, formerly superintendent of the Montreal Street Railway, who is now connected with the Brooklyn Rapid Transit, Mr. Dube was given an opportunity of visiting in a private car all the lines in New York and suburbs. The trip convinced Mr. Dube that the local company had very little to learn from that of the American metropolis.

PROTESTANT INFANTS' HOME.

At the annual meeting of the Protestant Infants' Home, Wednesday, the following officers were elected: President, Mrs. Benjamin T. Davis; first vice-president, Mrs. D. E. Bowie; second vice-president, Mrs. S. Carsley; recording secretary, Mrs. W. B. Mathews; corresponding secretaries, Mrs. A. G. Thompson and Mrs. F. Fowler; treasurer, Mrs. J. A. Hutchinson.

CLOSING EVENT OF COLLEGE YEAR

Presbyterian College Commencement Held Wednesday Evening—Prizes Presented.

The annual convocation of the Presbyterian College was held in the David Morrice Hall Wednesday On the platform were Mr. J. C. Stevens, Dr. Johnson, Rev. E. I. Rexford, Dr. Jas. Barclay, Mr. Jas. Walker, Profs. Scrimger, Ross, Coussirat, and McNaughton, Rev. Mr. Cruikshank, Dr. Moyse, Dr. Robert Campbell, of St. Gabriel's; Rev. John Mackay, Rev. W. D. Reid, Rev. Mr. Taylor, Rev. Mr. McFarlane, Rev. N. A. McLeod, of Ottawa, Prof. Caldwell, and Prof. Campbell, acting principal of the college, who presided.

The hall was full to the doors with students and friends. After the preliminary devotional exercises, performed by Mr. McLeod, of Ottawa, the prizes won in the recent examination were distributed. The list of prize-winners has already been published.

The prize winners for public speaking, English reading, French reading, French essay and English essays were introduced by G. W. Mingle, president of the Philosophical & Literary Society. The winners of the Hutchinson prize for architecture and of the two McMaster prizes in elocution were presented by Mr. Norman MacVicar and Mr. John P. Stephen respectively. Owing to an unfortunate accident to the examination papers, the results of the trial in Sunday school pedagogics could not be determined. Prof. A. Johnson, LL.D., F.R.S.C., D.C.L., emeritus dean and vice-principal of McGill, and Rev. Prof. Coussirat, D.D., O.T.P., introduced the winners of the university and French scholarships. The remaining scholarships and prizes were presented by Prof. McNaughton, of McGill; Rev. J. R. Dobson, B.D., M.A.; Rev. Prof. Ross, Rev. Prof. Scrimger, Rev. James Barclay, and Prof. Caldwell, of McGill.

A novel feature was the presentation of the degree of B.D. by the registrar and Prof. Campbell, who read short addresses to each degree winner in Latin.

Mr. H. J. Keith, M.A., presented the valedictory address of the graduating class. He outlined the features of the changes the class was making, forsaking the kindly influences of alma mater for the struggles of the active life of the world. He then made a few suggestions as to the means by which the Church was to fill her ranks and keep pace with modern progress, ending by paying a tribute to the work of the professional staff.

Rev. John McKay, B.A., then addressed the graduating class. Graduation was a crucial period in the life of the young man, when he passes from the contemplative calm of his university days to face the unknown problems of life. The character and the life of a preacher were greater than preaching. Truth and a man, said the speaker, are the elements of preaching, and truth is the greater. Character was the pastor's one essential, and there were dangers to this character in the very nature of the ministerial life.

The convocation was brought to a close by a short address by Prof. Campbell, acting principal of the Presbyterian College.

EASTER IS FITTINGLY OBSERVED IN RUSSIA

A General Celebration Throughout the Empire is Being Held.

St. Petersburg, April 8.—General rain throughout Russia marked the inauguration of the Easter holidays, an augury, according to the popular legend, of bountiful crops. Business and all Government work was suspended. The Annunciation of the Virgin was signalized by various traditional observances—birds were set free, confires were built, holy bread was placed in the bins for luck, and the village girls unplaited their hair.

With the exception of the soldiers and sailors in the Far East, every orthodox Russian yesterday began three days' fast. The soldiers were relieved from fasting as a military measure.

In all the churches of the Empire to-day, solemn scenes—the first day of Christ's passion; the Last Supper, the Washing of Feet, the Betrayal, the Judgment and the Sentence—were impressively reenacted. In the Russian capital the greatest interest centered in the ceremony at St. Isaac's Cathedral, where the rites and ceremonials were conducted on a scale of great magnificence.

Among the congregation were many women dressed in spotless white who had come to take the communion. Most of those inside the cathedral remained there all day at their devotions. All the foreign diplomats were present.

The Emperor and the Imperial family attended a similar service in the church of the Winter Palace, later taking the sacrament with the dowager Empress at the Anitchkoff Palace.

The Emperor stood throughout the long rite at the Winter Palace.

POPULATION OF U. S.

According to Census Bureau Uncle Sam's Subjects Number Eighty Million.

Washington, April 8.—The Census Bureau has issued a bulletin which gives the estimated population of the United States for 1903, exclusive of Alaska and the insular possession of the United States as 79,900,389. This is an increase of 3,905,814 since the census of 1900. The estimates show: New York, 3,716,139; Chicago, 1,873,880; Philadelphia, 1,367,716; St. Louis has just passed and Boston has almost reached 600,000 mark; Baltimore has 531,313; Cleveland, 414,950; Cincinnati, 332,934; San Francisco, 355,919; Pittsburg, 345,043; Detroit, Milwaukee and New Orleans have just passed 300,000; and Washington is close to that figure.

Considered by states, New York leads in population, with more than seven and a half million.

MARTINEAU FRAUDS RECALLED.

Government Enters Action Against Bank of Montreal—Other Banks Interested.

Ottawa, April 8.—Legal actions have arisen out of the Martineau defalcations, and a big fight is promised in the courts as a sequel to the dishonesty of the civil servant, who is now serving time in Kingston penitentiary. Abondeus Martineau, clerk in the Militia Department, wrongfully appropriated about $70,000 of Government funds, securing his ill-gotten gains by means of forged checks. The Government has entered action against the Bank of Montreal for the amount, and the Bank of Montreal has in turn taken proceedings to bring in the Royal, Sovereign and Quebec banks. All these institutions naturally disclaim any responsibility in the matter, but the Government officials on the other hand claim that it should not be called on to make good the amount of the forged checks.

FOUNDING OF CANADA.

Proposal to Celebrate at Ottawa the 300th Anniversary of Dominion.

Ottawa, April 8.—The Seigneurial Order of Canada, through Mr. F. G. de Fronsac, is proposing to hold a celebration in Ottawa as elsewhere of the three-hundredth anniversary of the founding of Canada and has asked that the matter be taken up by the City Council. Mr. de Fronsac proposes to drill a children's chorus and to arrange for a celebration otherwise, the date suggested being Victoria Day. Senator Poirier has interested himself in the proposition and Mr. W. Wilfred Campbell has promised a poem for the occasion.

FREIGHT RATES AGREED ON.

Canadian Freight Association Completed Its Labors To-day.

The Canadian Freight Association quarterly meeting held yesterday at the Windsor Hotel was rendered especially interesting by the agreement arrived at between the inland steamship companies and the railway companies for the rates to be charged by the inland steamship companies. In every class of freight the steamship companies agree to abide by rates which are only a few cents lower than those demanded by the railway companies. It was expected that a differential rate of much more importance would have been insisted upon.

JAPANESE RELIEF SOCIETY.

It is plain that the Japanese nation are not forgetful of the men who are risking life and limb to uphold the honor of their country. The "Teikoku Gunjin Yengokwai," or "Association for the relief of those serving in the army and navy" has been instituted by the princes and nobility of Japan, and has on its board the most illustrious names of the western kingdom. The association will provide for the relief of families left without support by the war, and of men who have lost the capability of earning their support through wounds. Consul-General Nosse has received copies of the aims of the society, printed in English.

HEINTZMAN & CO. PIANOS.

Put a Heintzman & Co. Piano in your home and you have reached the limit of piano perfections. Pay by the month if you so prefer. C. W. Lindsay, Limited, Head Office, 2366 St. Catherine St.; East End Branch, 1622 St. Catherine St. —Adv.

MEETING OF CUNARD CO.

Liverpool, April 7.—At the annual meeting of the Cunard Steamship Company, Lord Inverclyde, the chairman, said that if the company's operations should be hampered by increased dock charges, a transfer of its fast ships to another port would be only a matter of time. He hoped to be able to place contracts for the building of the new turbine boats shortly. The company is making emigrant arrangements with Hungary, but had no thought of attacking anybody. It has been simply a matter of business. He trusted the German lines would ultimately recognize this and withdraw their opposition.

CLAIMS FALSE ARREST.

Albert Thurlow has entered suit against the Montreal Street Railway for $5,000 damages for false arrest. He was arrested last November and remained in gaol till March 2nd, when the grand jury found "no bill."

Mr. J. J. Prince has started to build an $18,000 block of houses at St. Catherine and St. Charles Borrommee Streets. The block will include an assembly hall and billiard rooms.

NEVER CONNECT THEM.

Many Never Stop to Think.

Thoughtless people don't connect coffee with their ails but sometimes find out the real facts.

"When I was a coffee drinker I used to have profuse nose bleed about every two weeks lasting an hour at a time, also had palpitation of the heart all the time so that I could not sleep lying on my left side. I was told coffee was the trouble, but having used it all my life it was hard for me to give the habit up, and so I would start again drinking it, but with the same results always—my old ails would come back without fail.

"Often I wished there was something to take the place of coffee which would not affect me, and when Postum came on the market nine years ago I got some and prepared it according to directions. This was a little too strong for me, but when I tried just half the quantity it suited me perfectly, and I have been drinking it ever since.

"Once I visited a friend who invited me to supper and insisted on my drinking coffee, saying it would not hurt me, 'just one cup.' So I thought I would try a little, but I had to pay dear for drinking coffee that evening. I was so nervous I could not sleep for hours and toward morning when I dozed off into a restless sleep was awakened by strangling; jumped out of bed and had to expectorate two mouthfuls of blood, which was just like my old nose-bleeds coming back.

"I had another experience, but since then I have not taken another sip of coffee and have had no such trouble. Since I am using Postum I can sleep on either side without pain, have no more nose-bleeds, the heart trouble has entirely left, and I am strong, healthy and well.

"My husband who is bookkeeper for the I. & N. R. R., was troubled with nervousness so he could not draw a straight line, but since he has quit coffee and used Postum his nerves are so steady and his accounts so neat he has got the nickname of 'The L. & N. Ruling Machine.'

"My children will not drink any other beverage and you cannot fool them for they can tell Postum from any imitations." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in each pkg. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

LONG LIFE AND PROSPERITY
ATTEND THOSE WHO USE
AIRD'S BREAD
97 to 103 St. Urbain St. Main 1028

FILTRATION PLANT BADLY NEEDED

Mr. Milton Hersey Says Ottawa Water is as Good as St. Lawrence—Towns Will Fight.

The town of St. Henri, which started the movement to have all the municipalities interested take united action to get pure water, has received word from representatives of different towns that they would give every support to such a proposal.

Mayor Guay, of St. Henri, in conversation with The Herald to-day, said that the town was determined to get pure water, and considered that united action would be the best way to devise a way to get it. He considered that the town could not allow itself to be exposed to the possibility of another epidemic. If the Water Company would not take steps to prevent it, the towns would certainly have to do so themselves.

As soon as word had been received from the different towns, a general meeting would be held.

A plan that is being freely discussed is to have the Montreal Water & Power Company extend its intake pipe from its present location across Nun's Island and out into the St. Lawrence.

Mr. Milton Hersey, the city analyst, when asked by The Herald whether the St. Lawrence water would be preferable to the Ottawa water that came down close to the shore, made the important announcement that his investigations had proven to him that there was not enough difference in the quality of the waters to justify the expense of extending the intake pipe. In either case a system of filtration would have to be installed, and it would be just as effective in near shore as out in the middle of the St. Lawrence. Right along the latter river were thickly populated towns, which were draining their sewage into the river all the time, and thus contaminated the water. The best thing to do was to instal a filtration plant.

Could scarcely get up or down without help.

Had a severe pain in the small of the back.

Was treated in the Hotel Dieu, Kingston, but not cured.

Kidney trouble was the trouble.

Doan's Kidney Pil's

Cured Mr. George Graves, Pitts Ferry, Ont., of a very bad case of kidney trouble.

He tells about the cure in the following words: "I cannot recommend Doan's Kidney Pills too highly. I never took anything that did me so much good. I had a severe pain in the small of my back and could scarcely get up or down without help. I could hardly urinate, but when I did the pain was terrible. I was in the Hotel Dieu, Kingston, last winter and when I came out I was some better but not cured. It was then I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised. Since taking them I have been completely cured and have not had any trouble with my kidneys since."

Doan's Kidney Pills, 50 cts. per box or 3 for $1.25, all dealers or

THE DOAN KIDNEY PILL CO., TORONTO, ONT.

—THE—
Liverpool & London & Globe
INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital and Assets exceed...$61,000,000
Canadian Investments exceed 3,000,000
Claims Paid exceed 200,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—Company's Building, 112 St. James Street, corner of Place d'Armes, Montreal.

MONTREAL DIRECTORS.
W. J. BUCHANAN, Esq., Chairman.
E. S. Clouston, Esq., Sir Alexander Lacosta
Geo. E. Drummond, Esq.
Frederick W. Thompson, Esq.,

J. GARDNER THOMPSON, Resident Manager
WILLIAM JACKSON ..... Deputy Manager

Company's and Agents' Telephone, Main 4497.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Quebec, at its next session, for the passing of an Act: 1.—To declare that all such persons of that certain block of land as are not at present situate within the limits of the Village of Notre Dame de Grace, said block of land being bounded as follows, viz.: on the north by the Upper Lachine Road, on the south by the Lachine Canal, on the east by the Cote St. Paul Road, and on the west by the line between lots Nos. 140 and 141, of the Parish of Montreal, produced to the Lachine Canal; the said portion of said block of land being presently situated in the following municipalities, viz.: Village of Cote St. Paul, Village of Boulevard St. Paul, and Parish of Lachine, shall be hereafter annexed to and form part of the said Village of Notre Dame de Grace, for all municipal and school purposes; 2.—To ratify and confirm all agreements that may be passed between the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada and the Village of Notre Dame de Grace to this effect, and also to the effect of fixing at a certain amount the valuation of the said Railway Company's property in the Village of Notre Dame de Grace, for taxation purposes, for the future.

GEOFFRION, GEOFFRION & CUSSON,
Solicitors for the Applicants herein.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, at its present session, by Henry S. Mussen, of the City of Montreal, and Dame Elizabeth Georgina Cleghorn, wife separate as to property of Albert E. Mussen, formerly of the City of Montreal, now of the City of New York, in the United States of America, and by the said Albert E. Mussen, for an Act to ratify and confirm for all purposes, and in so far as may be necessary, a certain Deed of Sale from the said Albert E. Mussen to Henry S. Mussen, passed before Henry Fry, N.P., at the City of Montreal, on the 20th day of January, 1899, conveying the immovable property known as parts of subdivisions sixty and sixty-one of lot number 1639, of St. Antoine Ward, in the City of Montreal, and especially the release and discharge contained in said Deed of the property thereby sold from the hypothec created by the contract of marriage between the said Albert E. Mussen and the said Dame Elizabeth Georgina Cleghorn.

LAFLEUR, MACDOUGALL & MACFARLANE,
Attorneys for Applicants.
Montreal, March 24th, 1904.

MONTREAL ART PRINTERS—
HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT

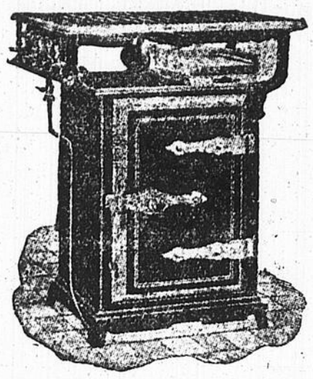
CEYLON TEA
GREEN OR BLACK

Grows in popularity every day. The only explanation of this is that tea drinkers all over the civilized world are learning that there is no tea the equal of Ceylon Tea.

For Sale by All First-class Grocers

Stoves, Ranges — R. & W. Kerr MONTREAL — Kitchen Goods.

ENGLISH GAS COOKERS.



Cooking at small cost. The Gas Stove has revolutionized summer cooking—reducing the cost of fuel to a minimum sum and eliminating the discomfort and expense of a hot coal stove. Besides doing this one wants all the advantages that accrue in an ordinary kitchen range. The

"EUREKA"

has these. It is the leading English Gas Range. We shall be pleased to show and explain its many good qualities.

Kitchen Furnishing — We undertake the complete equipment of any size kitchen. A large and varied assortment of all kinds of Kitchen Utensils, in Enamel, Copper, etc. Prices the lowest.

R. & W. KERR, Stove and Hardware Dept. 2226-2230 St. Catherine St.

Fine Footwear

Boots and Shoes for Ladies and Gentlemen. We carry a complete assortment of both Canadian and American manufacture. The ever-popular Ford Shoes for Ladies and the famous Crossit Footwear for Gentlemen are two of our special lines. Custom work to order a specialty.

T. J. DANIELS, 2361 St. Catherine St

COKE $1.75 per ton Cheaper than Anthracite Coal. Best domestic fuel for stoves, furnaces and open grates. . . . . **$5.50** Per Ton delivered C.O.D.)

The Montreal Light, Heat and Power Company.

Try Guaranteed Milk

Absolutely the best and purest sold. Delivered in glass jars. Every jar guaranteed to be free from anything but the purest milk. Take no chances on milk you know nothing about, when you can buy milk with a guarantee of its absolute purity right at your door. Try a sample jar. We also sell guaranteed pure cream, and thicker cream for whipping. From customers we will deliver on telephone orders any time.

THE GUARANTEED PURE MILK CO.,
2685 St. Catherine Street.
TEL. UP 669.

LAURIE ENGINE COMPANY
MONTREAL CANADA.

The Best $2.50 Hat Ever Sold in Montreal is

The BENGAL HAT

Try one. You will buy no other. Sold at the

ROYAL STORES

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs and Colds.

MAKES YOUR CAKES LIGHT.
MAKES YOUR BISCUITS LIGHT.
MAKES YOUR BUNS LIGHT.
MAKES YOUR LABOR LIGHT.
MAKES YOUR EXPENSES LIGHT.
Order from your Grocer.
E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

HAVE YOU GOT A COLD?

Then try HARTE'S GRIPPE WAFERS. A sure cure.

HAVE YOU A COUGH?

Get a bottle of HARTE'S COUGH MIXTURE. The best thing out. Price 25c.

J. A. HARTE, 1778 Notre Dame Street

This Paper is printed with The Queen City Printing Ink Co'y's Ink.
Philadelphia, Chicago, Cincinnati, Boston.

Blair's Pills
Great English Remedy for
Gout & Rheumatism
Safe, Sure, Effective.
All Druggists 50c. and $1.00
MORSE BROS. & CO.

MONTREAL ART PRINTERS—
HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT.

SENSATIONAL EVIDENCE IN COOKE-BLACKLEY CASE

Lawrence M. Lyon Says the Attorney-General Told Him it Was Not the First Charge Againsl Mr. Cooke—Mr. Cooke Indignantly Denies All Charges.

Decidedly sensational evidence was given by Laurence M. Lyon at the Cooke-Blackley libel hearing before Judge Wurtele yesterday afternoon. Although a Crown witness, on account of whose absence the hearing was postponed, Mr. Lyon's examination by Mr. Smith for the Crown was very brief, and devoted chiefly to proof of publication of the alleged libel.

Mr. Lyon said that when he presented the letter complained of to Attorney-General Archambault of Quebec, that official stated that he had received other charges against Crown Prosecutor Cooke, but this was a very serious matter. He (Mr. Archambault) would communicate it to Mr. Cooke, so that he could either admit the charge and resign or an investigation would be ordered. This statement naturally created a tremendous sensation in the crowded court.

The only other witness called by the Crown was Mr. J. P. Cooke. His testimony was very brief, and consisted chiefly in a declaration that Mr. Blackley's letter was a defamatory and malicious libel.

At the conclusion of the Crown's case, Mr. Macmaster argued that the prosecution had fallen to the ground, as no effort had been made to prove bad faith or malice.

The court, however, ruled that it was open to the Crown to call further evidence, and hearing was adjourned until to-day.

Lyon in Witness Box.

Laurence M. Lyon was called yesterday afternoon immediately on the resumption of the court.

Examined by Mr. Lafleur, he produced the original letter written by Mr. Blackley, whose signature he swore to. Having received the letter from Blackley, he kept it for some days, and then saw the Attorney-General of Quebec about it, not showing it to anyone in the meantime.

"Did you communicate its contents to anyone?" asked Mr. Lafleur.

"No; but I stated to a friend that I had such a letter, which I was to submit to the Attorney-General."

"Did you show the original to the Attorney-General?"

"I called on him and told him I had such a letter. He asked me to read it, which I did. He then asked me to send him a copy without any name. I did so. This was Mr. Archambault's suggestion entirely."

This copy, Mr. Lyon said, differed slightly from the original. The fine mentioned in the copy was $50, while in the original it was $100; other immaterial differences existed. The original was addressed to Mr. Lyon, who took it to Mr. Archambault at the Government offices in Montreal.

"Now, after this, did you communicate it to anyone else?"

"Yes; one copy was sent elsewhere."

Mr. Macmaster objected to evidence as to showing the letter to anyone in Montreal but the proper authorities, because such would be publication by Mr. Lyon, not by the defendant.

This was left for further argument, Mr. Lyon stating although he had mentioned the matter, he had shown the letter to no one but the Attorney-General.

"Did you not show it on the copy to any member of the bar here?"

"To the best of my recollection, I did not." Mr. Lyon reiterated that the matter had originated with Mr. Blackley, and that no pressure had been brought upon the defendant to sign the letter.

Mr. Macmaster then undertook the examination of Mr. Lyon for the defence, after Judge Wurtele briefly examined witness, who said he had been originally informed by Mr. McWhinney that the defendant wished to lay certain facts before the Attorney-General, and called upon him on the matter.

Not the First Charge.

To Mr. Macmaster the witness repeated the story of getting the letter from Blackley, and delivering it to the Attorney-General of Quebec, and the making of the copy without Lyon's name.

"Did the Attorney-General make any statement as to any action he would take on the letter?" asked Mr. Macmaster.

"He did. He said to Mr. Lyon, 'this is a serious matter, and is not the first charge laid in my hands against the Crown Prosecutor by any means, but in my opinion it is the most serious.' He went on to say: 'There are two courses open. If you will give me a copy I will communicate the contents to Mr. Cooke. Possibly, if he admits anything he will then see the advisability of retiring without any scandal. Otherwise I must direct an investigation in the interests of not only the administration of justice, but my personal position.'"

This statement produced a profound impression in the court room.

Mr. Macmaster asked if the letter was treated by the Attorney-General as confidential, but Mr. Lafleur objected.

Mr. Lyon: "I distinctly understood from Mr. Archambault that this charge was to be investigated before any libel action was brought against Mr. Blackley."

Mr. Lafleur then asked if Mr. Lyon had not expected a libel suit, but the witness said he simply acted under instruction. "I asked if an investigation would be held." If I could be assured of no libel suit until after it was held. My recollection is that I was given positive assurance to that effect. When I brought up the question, Mr. Archambault said:—'Either Mr. Cooke will resign or there will be an investigation.'"

Mr. Lyon Was Not Paid.

"Did you get anything from Mr. Blackley for undertaking this matter?"

"No."

Mr. Macmaster—"Every lawyer gets fees"—and the crier had to call "silence" very emphatically.

Previous to these events Mr. Lyon said he had not known Blackley, who was not a client of his. He was not surprised though, as he knew that Mr. Blackley wanted to lay these charges before the Attorney-General. He denied emphatically having given Mr. Blackley a bond indemnifying him against cost.

Judge Wurtele—"Who suggested the letter?"

"Mr. Blackley."

His Lordship—"But it came up because you met him?"

"Yes."

Mr. Cooke on the Stand.

Crown Prosecutor Cooke then took the witness stand in his own defense, being examined by Mr. Lafleur. He said he had been practicing for 23 years and acting as Crown Prosecutor for six years.

He considered that Mr. Blackley had published a most defamatory and malicious libel.

"How did you know about this"

"The Attorney-General telephoned me. I went to his office when he showed me a copy of this letter and asked what I had to say. I said there was not a word of truth in it. Then he sent me last December a copy of the letter asking me to explain this serious charge. When I first saw him he said the charge would require an investigation. I was surprised to hear anything about resignation to-day because Mr. Archambault said it was a serious matter and many people had been asking my resignation to get my place, but so long as this accusation hung over me there could be no question of my resignation. He said the origin of the letter was secret. I later found Blackley wrote it and started these proceedings with Mr. Archambault's approval."

Mr. Macmaster then examined the witness as to a note for $500, but this was objected to by the Crown. The note was said to be at 4 months to Mr. Cooke's order, and endorsed by Samuel W. Jacobs.

This closed the case for the prosecution.

Defence Claims Victory.

Mr. Macmaster argued that the prosecution had failed because it had not shown Mr. Blackley's charge to the untrue, but simply stated that it was defamatory and illegally published. He therefore argued that they had a right under the law to demand the release of the prisoner under the plea of not guilty.

Mr. Macmaster quoted precedent to show that Mr. Blackley's letter was privileged and should be the subject of an investigation not of a libel suit. As the prosecution had not proved malice or bad faith the presumption must be that Blackley had acted in good faith and not from malice, and therefore the prisoner must be entitled to acquittal.

Mr. Smith accused Mr. Macmaster of attempting to escape by the back door to which Mr. Macmaster retorted "that is mere clap trap. I based my argument on law only."

Judge Wurtele finally ruled that the application was premature. Although the onus remained with the prosecution to prove bad faith, knowledge that the statements were untrue or malicious, which they had not done, they might yet bring in evidence to prove this. His Lordship held to this ruling despite Mr. Macmaster's objection that the Crown had closed its case.

This ended the afternoon's session.

PERMANENT AWNINGS MAY BE DONE AWAY WITH

Mr. Bienvenu Says That They Cannot Be Taxed as They Form Part of Taxed Building.

At the Road Committee meeting yesterday afternoon a letter was read from Mr. A. Bienvenu, license inspector, recommending that the clause in bylaw 270, authorizing the construction of permanent awnings, be repealed. The reason given was that the awnings are obstructions on the street and by a recent decision of the Recorder's Court they cannot be taxed, because they form part of a building already taxed.

The letter advised an exception in the case of awnings in front of theatres, where they were quite necessary. The matter was left over until the next meeting.

Ald. Gallery asked about a complaint that old men employed by the Road Department were not doing their work properly. He though the city should not be too hard on those old men who could carry a pick and shovel and do a reasonable amount of work.

In reply to another question, Chairman Lariviere said that the $5,000 voted was being used on the ordinary streets and that the Montreal Street Railway was paying for part of the cleaning.

The flooding of the Wellington Street subway after heavy rains was referred to by Ald. Turner, and City Surveyor Barlow was instructed to report on it.

General Manager McDonald, of the Montreal Street Railway, was present, and Chairman Lariviere asked him as to the possibility of having the company transport crushed stone at night from the Outremont quarry. Mr. McDonald said he would lay the matter before the company.

Mr. Thomas Hannah, who owns a farm in Outremont, complained that his property was being damaged by water from the civic sewage farm. The complaint will be submitted in writing at the next meeting.

JUNIOR BAR ASSOCIATION.

The Junior Bar Association met last night at Laval University, Eugene Godfrey, a distinguished lawyer from Paris, at present on a visit to Montreal was presented. The meeting took action in the matter of Revue Legale, whose editor was offended by the newspaper reports of the last meeting. A delegation consisting of Messrs. Beullac, Surveyer, Dessaulles and Macfarlane, were appointed to convty to the Revue the friendly attitude of the Junior Bar. Mr. Bourbonniere drew attention to the proposed amendment of the Civil Code, restricting the privilege of real estate owners, suggested by the insurance companies as the result of a suit by the Trust and Loan against Keronak. Its ratification by the Government would interfere with the interests of the legal profession, it was thought. The matter was deferred till the next meeting pending the particulars of the proposed law. Mr. Godfroy addressed the meeting on the subject of legal procedure and organization in France.

FREIGHT MEN CHOOSE OFFICERS

The Canadian Freight Association has elected the following officers:

President, Carl Howe, Buffalo; first vice-president, W. R. McInnes, Montreal; second vice-president, George Collins, Trenton, Ont.; secretary, John Earls, Toronto.

The committees chosen were:

Executive committee—W. B. Bulling, John Pullen, T. Henry.

Freight Inspection Committee—G. Collins, S. Conway, F. S. Backus, J. Hardwell, N. H. Brown, W. N. Warburton, T. Henry, J. B. Moosman, J. P. Gay.

Classification Committee—W. B. Bulling, S. P. Howard, S. J. Watson, J. Hardwell, E. R. Bremner, T. Marshall, C. Dewey, Carl Howe, C. H. Jacques, W. Phillips.

ENJOYABLE MUSICALE.

In the Y.M.C.A. lecture hall last evening, pupils of the Montreal Conservatory of Music presented the first of a series of three musical soirees. The formidable title of the programme Drei Kammermusik Abaude (Three Chamber Musicales) refers to an old rage among princes to hear music played by no less than two instruments and not more than nine. The music of Bach was predominant in the programme, and well interpreted by the young musicians. Selections from Beethoven, Handel, Mozart and Mayas were also reproduced. Some of the performers were Miss Belle Bryson, piano; Misses Dolly Lucas and Joy Higgs, violin; Miss M. E. McLaren, who rendered piano solos from Bach and Misses Jeannie Ross and Alfrieda Scarff, who took part in quartette selections from Mozart and Mazas on the violin. Miss Bryson's piano solos from Handel were a feature of the evening. Mr. C. E. Seifert, director of the Conservatory, is to be congratulated on the success of the Musicale.

LARGE CHECK FROM ORDER.

Knights of Columbus Will Endow Chair in Washington University.

An excursion party, composed of about twenty-five members of the Knights of Columbus, of this city, will leave here on Monday, April 11, for the American Capital, to participate in a very interesting ceremony which takes place there next week, when the presentation of a cheque for $50,000, a gift from the Order, for the endowment of a chair of "Secular History" in the Catholic University of Washington, will be made.

The necessity of establishing such a chair in this university had been keenly felt for some time and, when the Knights of Columbus undertook to raise the sum required for this purpose, the members of the Order throughout the United States and Canada responded generously. $50,000 was raised, and a cheque for the amount will be presented to Archbishop Keane, rector of the University, on Wednesday.

MURIEL FOSTER'S MATINEE.

At Windsor Hall to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock Miss Muriel Foster, the celebrated contralto, will give an extra concert, assisted by Emiliano Renaud, pianist; M. DeSeve, violinist, and Miss Eadie, accompanist. The programme for this concert is a fine one, and Miss Foster will sing by request the sacred solo, "Oh, Rest in the Lord." This will be the last opportunity of hearing Miss Foster on the present tour. The demand for seats is large, and as the prices are popular, a big house is expected.

FINED FOR AN OLD OFFENCE.

"Though lost to sight, to memory dear" is a quotation which Adelard Jounnette may take to heart. He is a carter and in July 1901 he exacted more than his legal tariff from Dr. F. Buller for carrying three trunks from Drummond Street to the harbor. He then left the city, perhaps having heard that justice is blind, he returned a few days since, only to find that the lady with the scales is in full possession of her faculties and her representative, Mr. Recorder Poirier yesterday, condemned him to pay a fine of $6 and costs or go to jail for one month.

MOUNT ROYAL HIVE L.O.T.M.

The second annual concert and dance under the auspices of Mount Royal Hive, No. 3, L.O.T.M., was held last night in Drummond Hall, and financially and socially was a great success. Mr. E. Hollinsworth presided, and the following ladies and gentlemen took part: Miss C. Cote, Miss Pauline McCarthy, Miss Irene O'Neill, Miss Fanny Coogan, Miss Victoria Scott, Mr. J. P. Cunningham, little Pansy Driscoll, Miss Josie Harrington, Miss Gertie Gleeson, Miss Rose Geary, Mr. M. J. Power, Mrs. Wm. Crouch, Mr. Thos. Murphy, Miss Cote, and Miss Irene O'Neill.

MALTAIS WILL BE ARRESTED.

Chicoutimi, Que., April 8.—(Special.) "Death from a blow on the head inflicted by Joseph Maltais," was the verdict rendered by the coroner's jury at the inquest held on the body of Joseph Laforest, the victim of the tragedy which took place on Monday afternoon last at the peaceful little village of St. Fulgence, nine miles from Chicoutimi. A message from Quebec has been sent ordering the arrest of Maltais and his conveyance to Chicoutimi.

COSTS MONEY TO BLOCK TRACKS

Carters who think they may block the street car traffic with impunity should bear in mind the case of James Burt, employed by the Canada Transport Co., who was yesterday fined $2 and costs by Recorder Poirier for having obstructed the street car tracks with his waggon on St. James Street.

GENERAL HOSPITAL PATIENTS.

The Montreal General Hospital reports that during the month of March 754 patients were admitted to the wards and 250 discharged. The ambulance made 101 runs. Emergency cases have been numerous; they are included in the outdoor department, numbering 3,383 consultations. The number of deaths was 19. The medical wards are now being cleaned and painted.

REFORM CLUB EUCHRE.

The president and council of the Montreal Reform Club have issued invitations for a smoker and euchre party to be given at the club-rooms, 30 University Street, on Saturday evening, April 9.

WESTMOUNT LIBERALS TO MEET.

The Westmount Liberal Club will meet at Victoria Hall on Saturday evening at 8 o'clock, for the election of officers. All Liberals are invited to attend.

Point St. Charles

The board of management of the R.R. Y.M.C.A. will meet to-night.

A tea will be given to the senior members of the Centenary Church Sunday school this evening in the schoolroom.

A serious accident occurred to Mr. Clark, the caretaker of the Riverside School, yesterday. While chopping the ice in the schoolyard he slipped and fell, breaking his leg. He was taken to the General Hospital in the ambulance.

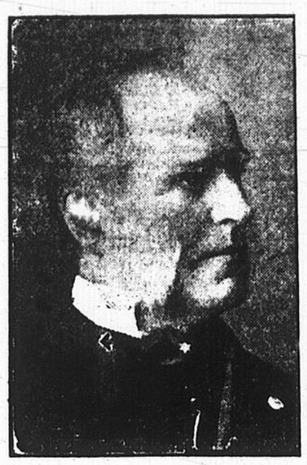
The R.R.Y.M.C.A. meetings will be addressed this week as follows:—Men's meeting, Saturday evening, at 8 o'clock Rev. W. R. Harvey, of the Point St. Charles Congregational Church; 3.15, men's meeting, Sunday afternoon, Mr. Frank Bell; the mixed meeting, Sunday afternoon, at 4.15, Rev. G. Osborne Troop, rector of St. Martin's Church, on "Incorruption." Special singing by male quartette. Informal song service Sunday evening, at 8.30. Young men cordially invited.

The receipts of the Bazaar held by the Women's Auxiliary of the R.R.Y.M.C.A., held March 10, 11 and 12, were as follows: — Auxiliary Fancy Booth, $126.07; Gent's furnishings and tinware table, $69.15; tissue paper table, $25.65; peanuts and popcorn table, $51.13; fish pond, $14.02; handkerchiefs and stock collars, $80; flower booth, $75; ice cream booth, $65; St. Matthew's Church candy booth, $110.01; Centenary Methodist Church, useful articles, $105; Point St. Charles Baptist and Congregational churches, home-made articles, $55.98; Grace Church fancy booth, $96.58; donation Ald. Turner (March 14, 1904), $5; donation up-town Y.M.C.A., ladies, $100; ticket money received to date, etc., $104.86; total, $1,083.45. The balance of to come in on ticket money will bring the total up to about $1,090 or $1,095.

SKETCH OF CAREER OF HON. P. GARNEAU

Who Has Retired From Active Political Life Owing to Advanced Years.

Quebec, April 8. — (Special.) — Hon. Pierre Garneau, who has retired from public life to take a well earned rest, is one of the most prominent and interesting figures among men in the Ancient Capital. He is descended from one of the oldest French families in Canada, his ancestors having come here in 1636. Hon. Mr. Garneau was born at Cape Sante, County of Portneuf, on May 2, 1823, and was educated there. At an early age he came to Quebec and entered the dry goods trade, and for some years past has been head of



HON. PIERRE GARNEAU.
Who Resigned on Wednesday His Seat in the Legislative Council.

the well known wholesale importing house of P. Garneau Sons & Co. He was elected Mayor of Quebec in 1870, and continued in office until 1874. In 1857 he married the daughter of the late Mr. Edouard Barroughs, protonotory of Quebec, who died some years ago. Mr. Garneau was formerly a Conservative in politics and was elected by acclamation to the Legislative Assembly in 1873. He was later chosen a member of the executive council and Minister of Public Works and Agriculture in 1874. He subsequently became Minister of Crown Lands in the DeBoucherville Government, and resigned with his colleagues in March 2, 1879. In 1881 he was re-elected by acclamation to the Legislative Assembly, but was defeated in the general election of 1886. He was appointed a member of the Legislative Council in the following year, and was sworn in as Minister of Crown Lands. In May 8, 1888, he was sworn in as Minister of Public Works, which portfolio he held until 1890. Mr. Garneau changed his allegiance from the Conservative party to the Liberals in 1890, and has continued a supporter of these principles ever since. He was decorated by the King of Belgium with the Cross of Leopold II., and has always been held in high esteem abroad, as well as in this country.

Hon. P. Garneau, besides his political career, led a very active business life, and never, in the meantime neglected his private interests. He was connected with the building of the Quebec and Lake St. John and the Great Northern Railways, and up to a short time ago, was president of the latter concern, but resigned shortly after the control passed into the hands of the Canadian Northern Company. He is now 81 years of age.

SUBWAY FIRE DISABLED THOUSANDS OF 'PHONES

New York's Financial District Was Partially Isolated by Subway Fire.

New York, April 8.—New York's financial district was partially isolated from the outside world by a blaze in the Broadway section of the subway between Dey and Fulton streets. The monetary damage done by the flames was trifling by comparison with the losses caused indirectly by the sudden stopping of communication with the lower part of the city by telegraph and telephone.

It is estimated that fully 11,000 telephones were suddenly disabled, including long distance and local lines, trunk cables and private wires. The Postal Telegraph Company and the Western Union had many of their main wires to the Wall street section severed, and the Gold and Stock Telegraph Company's ticker service was brought to a sudden stop. The fire alarm cable was damaged slightly, but was quickly repaired before any serious consequences resulted. Two police signal boxes were cut off from communication with the station houses.

Two linemen were painfully burned. They were John Griffin, of No. 12 East 132nd street, and J. D. McKenna, of No. 78 East 125th street. Griffin was heating a small pot of paraffine for insulating wires with a gasolene torch when his torch exploded. In a few seconds the flames spread to such an extent that the workmen in the subway were powerless to fight them. Griffin and McKenna screamed a warning to the men beyond and ran to the ladder at the Fulton street corner, which they were able to climb in spite of the bad burns on their hands. Other men at work just below the linemen made a rush for safety, and there was some confusion, as only one could climb the ladder at a time and fifty were struggling to escape. They all got out safely. Two mules were driven to the extreme southern end of the subway, where they were out of danger.

Brokers were unable to communicate with either uptown offices or with clients. The estimates of the loss to the telephone and telegraph companies varied from $15,000 to $20,000. It will require several days to restore the telephone wires.

PROTESTANT HOSPITAL FOR INSANE.

The amusement hall at Verdun was last night crowded with a highly appreciative audience at the concert tendered by Dr. A. Frank Ibbotson and Mr. J. Stevenson. A charming programme, composed of songs, recitations and orchestral selections was greeted with enthusiastic applause. The performers were: Mrs. Scott Cooper, Mrs. L. H. Boult, Miss Ada Pitman, Miss B. McNichol, Miss G. Macdonald, Miss L. Richling, Miss H. Macdonald, Dr. Ibbotson, Mr. Stevenson, Dr. Doughlas, Mr. A. J. Fenwick and Mr. Douglas.

Boucher & Roffey's $25 suit is the most popular in the city. Try one and be convinced. Corner St. Peter and Notre Dame Streets.—Adv.

DEATH OF MR. J. HARRY ENGELS.

Mr. J. Harry Engels, the most noted musician of the State of Vermont, died yesterday in the hospital at Rutland, of pneumonia. Mr. Engels was a frequent visitor to Montreal and was well known in musical circles here.

NEW SABBATH DAY BILL PROPOSED

It is Far More Stringent in Many Respects Than the Present Law—List of Delegates.

Ottawa, April 8.—(Special.)—The triennial convention of the Lord's Day Alliance of Canada was held here yesterday. There are five hundred and ten organizations contributing to the Alliance from all the Provinces in the Dominion. Mr. Ralph Smith, M.P., presided at the opening. All the provinces were represented.

Among the delegates in attendance are:—Ralph Smith, M.P., Nanaimo, B. C.; Rev. J. G. Shearer, Toronto; Rev. T. A. Gordon, Montreal; W. Ross, M. P., Halifax; Senator C. E. Church, Halifax; Rev. Wm. Timberlake, Perth; Rev. F. R. Smith, Hull; R. Gamble, Manotick; Rev. J. B. Robison, Vars; W. E. Booth, Ottawa; Rev. A. P. Latter, Sudbury; A. E. York, Rev. Geo. McRitchie, Rev. Jno. Wood, Geo. H. Wilson, J. Y. Caldwell, R. E. Armstrong, W. MacMillan, John Wood, Rev. J. W. H. Milne, R. J. Farrell, Chas. Hopewell, A. H. Jarvis, Rev. F. C. Reynolds, Rev Thos. W. Gladstone, Rev. H. I. Horsey, Rev. G. R. MacFaul, Rev. John Grenfell, of Ottawa; Rev. John Scanlon, Prescott; Rev. J. G. Potter, Peterboro; Adam Abbott, Stittsville; Wm. Hay, Renfrew; R. McPherson, Toronto; Rev. T. D. Chown, Toronto; P. McGregor, Almonte; J. G. Stuart, London, Ont.; J. E. Mavety, Renystville, Ont.; J. Cormack, Maxville; J. A. Moir, Manotick; Jas. Taylor, Chelsea; L. Jones, Hull; James Robinson, M.P., Northumberland, N.B.; G. A. Woodside, Carleton Place; A. H. Puttee M.P., Winnipeg; A. H. Scott, Perth; G. I. Campbell, B.D., Carp; T. A. Sadler, Russell; Rev. Geo. Edwards, Almonte; Rev. T. A. Moore, Toronto.

Sunday Labor Bill.

The draft Sunday law bill as read by Secretary Shearer, starts off with the provision that it shall not be lawful for any one to sell or buy any goods or real estate or to transact any business or labor on the Lord's Day. From the operations of the bill are exempted doctors, druggists, telephone and telegraph operators, operation of His Majesty's mails, the conveying of travellers and perishable freight.

The bill then goes on to provide that all games for which an admission charge is made will be unlawful. The bill covers the situation pretty thoroughly by providing that it will not be lawful to make a charge for conveying people to such games. This provision is to exclude the probability of attempts to get round the law by charging for transit and giving free admission. The bill provides also that no person may on the Lord's Day compete for any prize or gain or perform at any entertainment for which a charge is made.

A hard blow is made at Sunday excursions of all sorts. The bill covers every phase of the excursion question and leaves no loophole for evasion of the law.

The bill aims to prevent the advertising in any shape of any unlawful performances. Nor may any performances which would be unlawful in Canada, and which are to take place in the United States, be advertised in Canada.

Target shooting is made illegal.

The balance of the bill covers the duties of law officers towards the law, and provides for severe penalties against those who oppose them in the performance of their duty.

The bill adds an entirely new section which provides for penalties against employers who violate the law in any regard. For ordinary employers the fine would be from $10 to $100. For officers of incorporated companies a fine of $250 for the first offence and $500 each for subsequent offences.

TO-DAY IN THE CITY

Dr. Laberge of the Contagious Diseases Hospital, reports an increased number of scarlatina cases in the city.

A private fire alarm box, to be known as number 327, will be immediately installed in the new Bank of Montreal building.

Joseph Clark, 74 years of age, 346 Magdalen Street, was brought to the General Hospital yesterday suffering from a broken leg.

Work has ben started on the new parish church of St. Michael's on Drolet Street, in the north end of the city. Mr. W. E. Doran is the architect and the cost of the portion under construction will be $15,000.

The sum of $153.50, contributed in Montreal in aid of the Colportage Mission of Algoma and the Northwest, is gratefully acknowledged by Geo. Buskin, agent of the mission.

His Grace Archbishop Bruchesi yesterday visited Villa Maria Convent and the Grey Nunnery, in both of which places he administered the sacrament of Confirmation to a large number of children.

Among the names mentioned in connection with the appointments on the teaching staff of the new Royal Conservatory of Music of McGill University are those of Prof. Couture, as instructor of harmony and theory; Mr. Alfred De Seve, teacher of violin, and Mr. S. Stratford Dawson, instructor of piano.

Henry McKay was condemned by Judge Choquet yesterday to one month's imprisonment; he was found guilty in the Court of Special Sessions last week of having assaulted Arthur B. Ware, and he will have to find bonds of $400 to keep the peace for one year, with an alternative of six months in gaol.

The Wellington street cars to the number of ten were obstructed this morning at a few minutes to 8 o'clock by a load of leather which spread itself on the track at Grey Nun street, thereby causing several hundred passengers to be from ten minutes to a quarter of an hour late in reaching their places of business.

At the meeting of the Natural History Society last night the successful essays in the recent competition were read on "Government Supervision Over Insurance Companies," and "The Origin and Development of Insurance in All Its Branches," respectively. Six new associate members were elected.

St. Martin's Church held its adjourned vestry meeting last night. Rev. G. O. Troop presided. The financial statement showed the revenue for the year to be $7,824 and after paying all expenses the church starts the new year with a credit balance of $65. This is a creditable showing as the expenses for the year included a number of special disbursements which considerably increased the total.

St. Bartholomew's Reformed Episcopal Church elected the following officers at its annual vestry meeting: Senior warden, A. Mackey; junior warden, E. Robert; vestrymen, T. Spindlo, W. Smythe, W. Sloan, F. Morgan, M. Legallais, J. Copping, R. Neville, E. Smith, A. Hall; treasurer, F. Morgan; delegates to Synod, W. Sloan, T. Spindlo; alternatives, E. Roberts and W. Smythe; parish council, W. Sloan and T. Spindlo; auditors, W. Roberts and E. Smith.

Seal Brand Coffee

In 1 lb. and 2 lb. Cans

The King of Good Coffees.

CHASE & SANBORN.

Marchand's Stores

Do Not Hesitate

Here is the very Spot to order your

Spring Costume

Tailor-made by artists with a name.

Our Fashions are no Copies—All Original.

Visit Our Stores before buying anywhere else. 500 Styles of different designs can be shown.

Marchand's Stores

2334 ST. CATHERINE ST.
1453 ST. CATHERINE ST.
1869 NOTRE DAME ST.
3598 NOTRE DAME ST.,
ST. HENRI.

Campbell's ! Campbell's ! Campbell's!

Buy your Spring Suit at CAMPBELL'S! An even better stock than last year, amongst which are a great many very pleasing novelties in patterns—eye catchers every one of them. You have both the style and the best when you buy at

CAMPBELL'S

267 St. James Street.

WE RETAIN our patrons not by advertising alone but by giving them what we advertise . . . . .

Stroud's

Teas and Coffees

We can please the most exacting in our ROLL and FLAT TOP DESKS. If in need of New Office Furniture, it will pay to get our prices before buying.

Office Specialty M'fg Co.,
1744 Notre Dame St., East of Bell Tel. Building.

Blue Bonnets Dairy MILK IS PURE

Do not take any risk in such an important matter as this. The little children must have PURE and NUTRITIOUS milk. When ordering your milk, why not the Famous Blue Bonnets Dairy Milk—the same price as ordinary milk?

H. & W. EVANS,
City Office—52 Latour Street.
Tel. Main 905.

Perrin's Kid Gloves!

RARE CHANCE—Perrin's Kid Gloves for ladies well repaired by us. Suede and Glace Kid, White, Colored and Black, value from $1.25 upwards, for 50 cents. None sold on Saturday. Only one pair to a customer.

J. B. A. LANCTOT,
152 ST. LAWRENCE STREET,
GLOVE MANUFACTURER.
Telephone Main 3187.
Corsets and Gloves repaired with care.

Woodstock, Ont. — The death took place on Monday of probably the oldest resident of Woodstock, in the person of Mr. John Harrison, a cabinetmaker, who had lived in this place continuously for over 70 years.

AVIS EST PAR LE PRESENT DONNE que Lewis E. Curtis, de Chicago, Illinois, Inventeur, fera un application au Parlement du Canada pendant la session actuelle, pour un Act que lui permettra d'importer au Canada, pour un temps fixe ci-dessus les Patents Nos. 72728 et 72727, date du 13 Aout, 1903, pour l'amelioration dans les machines pour couper et etendre le drap de metaux.

C. A. JONES, Oshawa, Ont.,
Solicitor for Plaiguant.
Date 21 Mars, 1904.

THE HERALD

Established 1908.

SHABBY TREATMENT.

Why should the leader of the Opposition find it necessary to place his party in a position of official antagonism to the Grand Trunk Railway? Why should he, in proposing an alternative policy to that submitted by the Government, leave the Grand Trunk out of the reckoning altogether? Why should he, when discussing a contract one party to which is the Grand Trunk Railway, propose to eliminate the Grand Trunk and substitute the Intercolonial? What has the Grand Trunk done to justify such treatment?

After all, the oldest of Canadian railways deserves better than this. We all know the road has had its periods of difficulty; that it was ground for long between the upper millstone of American railway finance and the nether millstone of self-conceit in London; that its stock fell pretty low at one time, and that its vicissitudes proved the worst of advertisements for Canada; but even at its very worst it was the greatest, almost the only means of facilitating the development of the older province of Canada. It was an effective highway of commerce, an effective medium of intercommunication between Upper and Lower Canada for many long years. The foundations of our present prosperity were laid in those days, for what would it be to-day without the network of rails which covers Ontario and the southern section of Quebec? We boast of our magnificent export trade, and of the stability of our revenue derived from charges on imports; are not both of these largely accounted for by the circumstance that exporters and importers are helped enormously by access to the Grand Trunk's existing system? And now, when things are looking better, when the road has been, by a great effort, dragged out of its old rut, when the man who has done Canada this service says it must reach the West or lapse back into the state of a local road, whose interests will tend to be dominated more and more by American business, Mr. Borden and his followers find it in their hearts to say, "Oh, bother the Grand Trunk. Let us talk about the Intercolonial!" Isn't it rather cavalier treatment, when you come to think of it?

THE CONCERT OF EUROPE.

The course of events since the opening of the war in the East affords considerable justification for the view that the various international alliances and agreements which have been so much in evidence since the last great European war, that of 1870, have been conducted with a desire to preserve international peace. Had the aim been aggression there have been several occasions when the parties to the dual or triple alliance might have found easy pretexts for promoting hostilities. The "Concert of Europe" has been made a butt for sneers, more or less facetious, regarding its cumbrous methods of interfering in the affairs of Turkey, Greece, Roumania, Bulgaria, and the other Balkan states. However cumbrous they may be, these influences are at work, even now, to allay disturbance in the Balkans, and seem to be succeeding. The endeavor of the agitators to make capital out of Russian preoccupation in another direction is not encouraged, and on the other hand Turkey finds the pressure upon her to introduce the promised administrative reforms is not relaxed. Indeed there seems a really encouraging prospect of the establishment of a gendarmerie, largely officered by subjects and nominees of the great powers, which will take the place of the irregular Turkish soldiery, hitherto mainly responsible for scenes of carnage and rapine. Recent events in Servia have proved that the administration of some of these areas which claim to be independent because they are Christian, is very little superior to that given by the average Moslem. An international police force, the heads of which can represent events as they see them to Paris, London, Rome, Vienna, Berlin and St. Petersburg, will be a helpful influence, not only in producing and maintaining order, but in creating a more healthy public opinion as to the rights of individuals no matter to what race or religious sect they happen to belong.

The quiet progress which marked the negotiations going on between the cabinets of London and Paris at a time when their sympathies in behalf of opposing allies are so strongly and naturally aroused is probably the strongest proof of all that the leading statesmen of our day are convinced that the maintenance of peace will best serve the interests of the nations they represent and be most likely to win for them the laurels of enduring fame.

SOMETHING TO THINK OVER.

Our Ottawa correspondent notes the circumstance that all the Ontario Conservatives who have spoken in the debate on the transcontinental railway project first oppose the project utterly, and then show a willingness to compromise provided the line does not come east of North Bay or Lake Abitibbi. If they must accept a line for which a Liberal Government have arranged, they will take only so much of it as seems to provide means for increased inter-communication between Ontario and the West. They will stand for a line that will run through what is known to be the worst bit between Quebec and the Rockies, that from Lake Nepigon to Winnipeg, and which will incidentally open up the fertile and wooded belt of North Ontario between Lake Nepigon and Lake Abitibbi, but they will not hear of the section between Lake Abitibbi and Quebec, to say nothing of the Maritime section. Such an attitude will take, one would suppose, even more explaining than the grotesque alternative policy which Mr. Borden outlined last year, and which this year he is well content to forget.

Mr. Sifton's answer to those who thus limit their vision must be said to be "very neat and complete." "Suppose," he said, "that three or four years from now that line has been built, the Grand Trunk has its line from North Bay to Abitibbi and the Government says: Here is a great transcontinental line that stops five hundred miles from Quebec, we will build a line to connect it with Quebec. Who on the other side of the House will say no? Well, we tie the two schemes together and make one scheme. If both parts are meritorious, what is the mater with the whole? Now, suppose this line of 550 miles is built, and we have the G. T. Pacific running from Port Simpson through to Quebec, gathering enormous quantities of freight all along that great line, but their winter traffic is all going to Portland, and their interest is to take it to Portland. And suppose that our friends from the Maritime Provinces say: You have to shorten that line and bring that traffic to Maritime Province ports. Is there anybody here who would say that we should not do so? Not a man. My hon. friend the leader of the Opposition will not say so. He has not said so once in the course of his remarks. He has said: If you can get the grades, do it. Well, we are going to get the grades, and we are going to do it."

Our Conservative friends, especially those of them who happen to live east of the Ontario-Quebec boundary, ought to think it over.

PREMIER ROSS' REPLY.

The reply of Premier Ross to the temperance deputation of Baptist and Methodist ministers, who waited on him last Monday, called for the exercise of calm, temperate judgment. People who are prone to jump at conclusions and the extremists of the temperance party, whom nothing short of absolute agreement with their demands can satisfy, need hardly be expected to accept the answer with a good grace. Some of these, indeed, have failed to apply temperance to their language and have rushed into print with hysterical denunciations of the Premier.

But a more careful study of Mr. Ross' reply does not give evidence of any want of sympathy with the temperance cause, nor does it show that the cause of the temperance party is rendered hopeless, or even in any degree less hopeful than it was before the deputation waited upon the Premier. There is in Ontario, we believe, a fairly general agreement as to the necessity for the application of some remedy for the evils of the drink habit. But just what definite form the remedy should take is not easy to determine. Even among temperance reformers there is not absolute agreement. The deputation to whom the Premier's reply is directed, represented two evangelical churches which have all along taken a pronounced stand on the temperance question; but they made their demands as representatives of their respective churches, and no claim has been put forward that they, or the views they presented, were the views of the temperance workers as a whole. So that had Mr Ross flatly disagreed with them he would have been to a degree justified. But what do we find? Premier Ross has declared in the plainest words possible his "concurrence in the views" of the deputation, "that nothing short of the prohibition of the sale of liquor in hotels and restrictions over sales for purposes generally recognized as proper and legitimate would fully protect society from the evil effects of excessive drinking, so far as legislation can be invoked for that purpose" The most ardent prohibitionist could ask no fuller acceptance of his pledges. He cannot compel the members of the Legislature to accept these views. On the other hand, it is not fair to assume that he will make no effort to impress these views upon the Legislature. We know that several caucuses of Government followers have discussed the question, and though these meetings are private, there is reason to believe there has been a want of agreement as to what measure of temperance would be acceptable. There is no reason to believe the question will be allowed to rest there, however. Premier Ross, indeed, gives it to be understood by inference almost tantamount to a declaration, that he has not yet given up hopes of success this session, and gives the further absolute pledge that "if the Government is unable to give the measure desired this session it will be our duty to consider what means are available for further action."

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

We gather that the horrid London papers still refuse to print Ald. Ames' speeches. Surely this cannot be.

Let us hope Mr. Chamberlain does not get wind of what Ald. Ames is doing in England. He might hasten home before he had got accustomed to wearing his nose glasses.

The attitude of the Opposition seems to be that, in any event, neither the Grand Trunk nor the provinces east of Ontario shall have anything to do with the new transcontinental project.

Ald. Ames is telling them it is Great Britain's turn to take the next step, and by way of encouraging her to take it, says Canada will on no account further reduce duties on British goods.

The Gazette is very much afraid a recent appointment will result badly for the Quebec Government. Our contemporary should have given Mr. Parent a hint of this apprehension in advance.

If this thing goes on there will be a mass meeting when Ald. Ames gets home to protest against the unpatriotic conduct of those wretchedly provincial London papers. No wonder England is ignorant, when even its reporters don't know "The Right Man" when he is in their midst.

The Globe recalls, apropos of the Sturgeon Falls case, that when the Toronto railway contract was granted, Mr. Kiely, the principal financial backer, being a Catholic, a clause stipulating that the taxes should go to the public schools was by the Council made part of the agreement, this being ratified by the Legislature.

There is nothing cheap about the methods employed by young Mr. Hearst in his campaign for the Democratic nomination for the Presidency. There are things new under the sun after all, for even the Democratic national committeemen confess themselves staggered by his prodigality. Fortunately for Mr. Hearst's finances, the hotel-keepers of St. Louis objected to selling him all their available space to lodge his retainers at the Democratic National Convention in June. So he comes off with the trifling hotel bill of $3,500 per day.

Are Insurance Rates Too High?

III.

Fire insurance underwriters claim that the raise in Montreal's rates was made simply because the business was unprofitable. Nor will they admit that the rates are too high, although they frankly state that at present the business is prosperous.

For instance, the losses from fire in Montreal during 1901, the year of the great Board of Trade conflagration, were, they say, approximately, $4,000,000, while the receipts were about one million, leaving a loss to the insurance companies in the one year of three million dollars.

The running expenses of a big insurance company are generally calculated at 30 per cent. of its receipts, leaving 70 per cent. out of which to pay dividends and fire losses. The theory of insurance men is that the business is not profitable when fire losses exceed 55 per cent. of the receipts. With the great increase of rates and the growth of the city it is fair to assume that the receipts of the insurance companies have at least doubled during the last three years. On this basis they argue that, even admitting recent annual losses to have not exceeded the 55 per cent. limit, it will take many years to recover the losses of 1901. Last year, the insurance men say, was a very good one for them, while this year so far has been quite the reverse.

As to the improvements in the city's fire-fighting equipment the insurance men are inclined to regard them as more in the nature of the ordinary improvement necessary to keep up with the growth of the city than as radical increases of the equipment. While not wishing to decry the efficiency of the fire brigade they declare that it is not sufficient in either numbers or equipment for a city of Montreal's size, with its narrow streets, high buildings, and severe climate. The latter difficulty especially demands a large number of firemen, because with the low winter temperature firemen cannot continue active exertion so long as in more moderate climates.

While admitting that few fires are permitted to spread beyond the buildings in which they originate, the underwriters do not regard this as particularly creditable. They say this should be the case with all ordinary fires in towns where there is a proper water supply. Here again is a matter of complaint. They insist that Montreal's water service is not equal to the requirements, the mains being too small, some of them old and unsafe, and the pressure inadequate. From the fire insurance point of view the water supply should be at least 50 per cent. in excess of all requirements.

Another source of danger, the underwriters point out, is the large number of outside wires strung along the streets, practically without supervision. The corporation, they claim, should control all the wires, as it does the sewers, and insist upon them being run underground. This would minimize the danger from that source.

The insurance men say it is notorious that for years past the companies have lost money in the down-town district. In fact, one company which has done a very large business, states that in the conflagration area it has paid out two dollars for every one it has received. Of course, this is an abnormal case, but the underwriters state that for years past the business has not paid in every city where there was a congested wholesale district. Toronto is treated just as is Montreal, the business centre being subjected to special high rates. Ottawa also has to pay a similar surcharge, although apart from conflagration the capital has not been much subject to fires.

The whole matter is simply one of income and expenditure. If Montreal became known as a money-making place for insurance companies they would flock in by the score from the United States. But the brokers say that if they want to place mercantile insurance with any standard British or American companies these do not betray undue anxiety for the business, and refuse to take it at any lower figure than the current rates here.

(To be Continued.)

Views of French Press

La Patrie: "After the results of recent fights the Attorney-General should put an end to pugilistic encounters in this province."

La Patrie: "It is probable that the trip of Sir Thomas Shaughnessy to England had something to do with an arrangement to transport troops across the continent."

Le Canada: "As in other cities the scale of wages for city workingmen should vary. Good workmen be well paid and poor workmen should be set aside or indemnified according to their work."

La Patrie: "The speeches that have been made by the leaders on the Grand Trunk Pacific project, as well as those that will come after, no matter how powerful they may be, will not change a single vote."

Le Canada: "In all Mr. Borden's criticism of the Grand Trunk Pacific project but one idea prevails, and that is to spend millions for a railway through the Northwest and leave immense territories in this province entirely isolated."

Mr. Softy—"If you tell me how old your sister is, I'll give you a quarter."

The Little Sister—"Huh, she will give me more than that for not telling you."

RESERVE

FORCE

A Marvellous New Breakfast Food

NERVE FOOD

FOR CONSERVATIVES ONLY

Produces that satisfied feeling obtainable in no other way

Has a fine TARTE flavor very palatable to high protectionists

JUNTA MONK & CO. QUEBEC AGENTS. R.L. BORDEN SOLE PRODUCER

THANE JONES

A "Right Man."

"Hon. Ernest de Varennes has lived in the Eastern Townships, at Waterloo, for the last fifteen years, and from the start he has been one of the pillars of the party in his region," said a prominent Liberal to-day, in discussing the new member of the Legislative Council. "He promptly established a large practice in Waterloo as a notary and has, at all times, commanded the respect and esteem of the population with which he came in contact."

"Mr. De Varennes is one of the bright young men of this generation. He has a clean record, is level-headed and public-spirited and I can but congratulate the Government on the choice it has made. He has taken an important part in Federal and Provincial politics and has always shown a zeal for and a devotion to the party which have now been fittingly rewarded."

"When speaking of a man there is, as a rule, one feature which is not touched upon, that is his physical appearance. Hon. Mr. De Varennes has the advantage of having a commanding and dignified presence. He will be one of the handsome men among the Quebec legislators. In appearance he bears a close resemblance to the Duke of Orleans and he is one of those agreeable men one likes to meet. It is seldom that his face wears even a grave or serious look, a smile generally lurking in the corners of his eyes or in the lines of his mouth, and only waiting for the slightest pretext to break out. In Waterloo he is hail-fellow-well-met with everybody. He is known by every man, woman and child in the place, and nothing but praise is heard of the big-cheery, genial notary. He speaks French like a student of the Latin Quarter, and his English contains just sufficient of the French accent to make it pleasant to listen to."

Watching the River.

A small army of unpaid watchers may be seen gazing at the river these days waiting to see the ice "shove." They are not idle from choice. A great railway is responsible for half a thousand of them being out of employment. A similar discharge in point of numbers has occurred at Rossland, B.C. In each instance it is expected the idleness will be of a temporary nature, but it may last a couple of months. In the meantime the workingman and his family must live. A two months' holiday is a luxury he can ill afford. It is impossible for any considerable number of these men to secure other situations immediately. A curious feature in connection with this wholesale lay-off is that it comes at a time when reproaches are urged against a labor body which has published in Great Britain a pamphlet discouraging the immigration of artisans and mechanics. Have not these unemployed workingmen some cause to discourage any accession to their numbers that will necessarily lessen their chances of obtaining work? There are two sides to every question, and if the employer is granted the right to argue from the point of view of a shortage of labor, has not the workman the same right to refute that argument if he can? To introduce the question of patriotism is to beg the question, for patriotism and prosperity are closely allied, and on the workingman's well-being the prosperity of the country depends. History has proven the workingman a true patriot, and history will repeat itself.

—Radical.

CHEMICAL FEEDING.

The recent attempts by scientific experimenters to prove the relative nutritious values of different foods have not been as successful as might have been expected.

In spite of the careful chemical feeding of the army squad of Professor Chittenden the instinct of natural hunger asserted itself in very plain and practical ways. Instead of being perfectly nourished by the laboratory method the boardpers were more than hungry for very ordinary viands.

All the ingenious theories regarding the physical energies in food constituents were put to naught by a cry for plain corned beef with its cabbage accompaniment. The men complained that they had been starving for meat while living on little more than a vegetable diet for weeks.

Yet during all this time the proteids albumenoids and carbohydrates were apportioned to them with a mathematical precision becoming a strictly scientific experiment.

The human stomach, however, refused to be governed by test tube rules, and natural appetites proved that there was something more needed than mere weights and measures for food equivalent.

It is well, then, that nature can still be trusted to make her own food selection, in spite of the ever changing theories of digestion and assimilation that are now so much in vogue.—New York Herald.

Townships' Twang.

A little while ago I heard two girls, who were attending McGill Normal School, warmly discussing a remark that one of their teachers had made in regard to what he termed, "Eastern Townships twang." The two girls chanced to be from the Eastern Townships and said that he had told them, when he tried them on certain pronunciations in question, that their pronunciation was correct, but that they were exceptions.

What is this "Eastern Townships twang" that we are warned against? Is there a Montreal "twang" and an Ontario "twang" from which it can be distinguished? Is it a second edition of the "twang" of some of the New England States? I came across an old history of the Eastern Townships the other day, and it stated that the majority of the English people in these counties were transplanted Americans. Perhaps, then, it is a Yankee "twang," by which we may distinguish the "natives" of the Eastern Townships.

There is one thing certain, however, and that is, that the majority of people in this province talk "sloppily." A very small percentage speak grammatically, and even these often speak drawlingly in an affected English style, or stiltedly. The reason of this, in Quebec province, to a great extent, is in our false school ideals. Sufficient attention is not given to spelling, composition, or the correct pronunciation of words. Within the last two weeks a composition, in the form of a letter written by a student in one of the academic grades of one of our colleges, a college holding unquestionably high rank in the province, came into my hands. The composition had been corrected and returned, and the student had the highest marks in a class of twenty-four. Yet in that composition, without correction, was the word opportunity, spelled "oppertunity," and truly spelled "truely," and the pro-noun "I" governed by a preposition. Two mistakes in spelling and one error in grammar—and uncorrected. The student told me this was the last year for the study of grammar, yet he knew no more of grammar in its useful form than a child.

I have heard many ministers, graduates of our best colleges, correct their slips of speech in the pulpit. I have known pupils to bring sentences taken from the remarks made by school commissioners into grammar class for correction. I have known many school teachers, and have known but one who could teach grammar practically. "How correctly So-and-so speaks," says one. "Yes," is the answer; "you might know he is not a college graduate"—and this in Quebec!

A letter written by a school teacher to a school commissioner was shown me a few days ago. She had written on both sides of the paper, had not properly commenced her letter, and had the word obliged spelled "oblidged." I questioned a minister once as to a peculiar pronunciation which he gave to a word and was informed that he did not consider the "pronounciation," had not thought about it at all. He was from Ontario, and happened to be preaching in Quebec. Perhaps we have caught our carelessness. If we are not a trifle more particular in teaching the rising generation to use their tongues properly, not "sloppily," we shall have a Quebec province "twang" that may not even compare favorably with the nasal "twang" of some parts of New England.

—Francis Daor.

WHAT HAVE YOU BEHIND YOU?

At school, little Charlie, being one of the geography class, was deeply interested in learning the points of the compass. Said the teacher: "You have in front of you the north; on your right, the east; on your left, the west. What have you behind you?" After a moment's reflection, Charlie exclaimed: "A patch on my pants." And to make the information more binding Charlie continued in a shamefaced manner: "I knew you'd see it; I told mamma you would."—Short Stories.

SALT.

Ontario supplies nearly all the salt for the Dominion and the annual report of the Section of Mines of the Geological Survey attractively describes the working of the salt-measures in the Western Peninsula. It seems that the "Onondaga formation," the deposits in the lands along the eastern shore of Lake Huron and the river and Lake St. Clair, were known to the Jesuit explorers. In the "Relations of the Jesuits," as far back as 1648, mention of the existence of salt springs was made. It was not until 1865, however, that the Canadian springs were exploited. The discovery—or re-discovery—was made accidentally, near the town of Goderich, in a bore-hole which was being made in search of petroleum. At a depth of 964 feet, the drill struck rock-salt. The boring was continued to 1,010 feet, and in that distance passed through a solid, thirty-foot bed of rock-salt.

In all, Western Ontario produced in the last fiscal year nearly three hundred thousand dollars' worth of the article. Nearly four hundred thousand dollars' worth of duty-free salt was used by the fishermen of our Atlantic coast.

APRIL 8 FRIDAY

FERNET-BRANCA

FERNET-BRANCA, of MESSRS. FRATELLI BRANCA, is an excellent substitute to all other bitters known, and bears the valuable property of correcting inertia and weakness of the stomach. It promotes appetite, facilitates digestion, is highly anti-nervous, and cures in a few hours that disease caused by hypochondriacal vapors, as well as stomach trouble and headache and dizziness arising from impaired digestion and weakness. Diluted with water it quenches the thirst during excessive heat. To hypochondriacs, who generally complain of nauseousness, vomiting and eructations, FERNET-BRANCA is a real panacea, and many high-class physicians are now giving it preference to any other medicinal tincture they formerly used in similar cases.

FERNET-BRANCA—Large quart bottles, $1.25 each; $13.50 per case.
FERNET-BRANCA—Small pint bottles, 70 cents each; $14.50 per case of 25 small pints.
The Trade supplied at special trade prices.

FRASER, VIGER & CO., Sole Agents.

The Universal Popularity of the Famous

Londonderry Lithia Water

Proves conclusively that nothing can compare with it as a table water.
Always the same. Pure, sparkling and delicious.
The Sparkling in quarts, pints and splits. The Still in half-gallon bottles.

"WALKER'S KILMARNOCK" WHISKY

90 cents per bottle, $10.00 per case.

100 cases always ready for every call.

RENAUD'S BRANDIES "None Better"

"One Star," 90 cents per bottle, $10.00 per case.
"Club," $1.50 per bottle, $17.00 per case.
"50 Years Old," $4.00 per bottle, $40.00 per case.

FRASER, VIGER & CO.
ITALIAN WAREHOUSE.
Established 1858.

The Nordheimer Building
207, 209 and 211 St. James St.
MONTREAL.

The JOHN MURPHY Co.
LIMITED.

A Distinction That Appeals in

Ready-to-Wear Goods

It is easy—too easy—to locate low priced articles of inferior quality! The difficulty is to find high-grade goods of superior quality combined with a desirable standard of price-cheapness! This is a distinction that appeals in all our lines of Ready-to-Wear Goods! We see to it that these bear the highest endorsement of style and quality at figures well within the reach of the popular purse.

New Children's Clothing!

CHILDREN'S SAILOR BLOUSE SUITS, all wool navy blue Cheviot Serge, 4 to 9 years $4.50

CHILDREN'S SAILOR BLOUSE SUITS, very pretty dark gray Tweed Effect, 4 to 9 years $4.75

CHILDREN'S SAILOR BLOUSE SUITS, very fine navy blue serge, 4 to 9 years $5.25

Ladies' Stylish Blousewear

In White China Silk ..... From $3.00 up
In Black China Silk ..... From $3.50 up

Cloak Department

An Immense Stock of the Latest Novelties to select from.

LADIES' ETAMINE CLOAKS—The latest Parisian novelty ..... From $25.00 up

LADIES' PONGEE SILK CLOAKS—¾ length, very stylish ..... From $25.00 up

LADIES' HEPTONETTE WATERPROOF GARMENTS—In all the latest styles! Prices ..... From $6.75 to $20.00

The JOHN MURPHY Co.
LIMITED.
2341 and 2343 ST. CATHERINE STREET.
Terms Cash. Corner Metcalfe. Tel. Up 2740

THE STRAIN AND WORRY OF CONTINUOUS

DAILY EYE TESTING

Will tax the nerves of the strongest man. To preserve my health I have resolved to limit my hours, 9 a.m. to 1 p.m., 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.

TELEPHONE UP 1882.

PROF. GRANT, Prof. Physiological Optics, Optical Institute of Canada.

2172 ST. CATHERINE STREET, Near Phillips Sq.

This Coupon is Worth One Green Cash Receipt

WHEN PRESENTED AT THE OFFICE OF THE TRADERS ADVERTISING CO.,

April 8th, 1904.

Only One Coupon of the same date allowed to each person.

Houses To-Let

☞Advertisements in this column ¾c per word per insertion, 6 insertions for the price of four.

HOUSE TO LET—508 VICTORIA AVENUE, Westmount; all modern improvements, electroliers, range, etc. Will be put in good order for a desirable tenant. W. Cooper, 251 St. James st. 85

TO LET—AT STRATHMORE, LARGE FURnished cottage. Apply at 84 Park ave. Telephone Up 203. 83

TO LET — SELF-CONTAINED, SEMI-DEtached house, 351 Victoria avenue, Westmount, 8 rooms, on two floors, concrete basement; furnace. Jas. M. Mitchell, 214 St. James st. 86

TO LET — LOWER FLAT, 68 CRESCENT, and middle flat, 76 Crescent street, hot water heating, first class. Jas. M. Mitchell, 214 St. James st. 86

TO LET — FURNISHED HOUSE, 453 ELM avenue, Westmount, 1st May to 15th September, $45.00. Jas. M. Mitchell, 214 St. James st. 86

TO LET—DESIRABLE HOUSE, SITUATED on St. Hubert street, near Dorchester, containing 7 rooms. For particulars, apply 148 Mansfield st. 83

TO LET — SELF-CONTAINED HOUSES, Nos. 327 Prince Arthur and 144 Durocher sts. Apply J. W. Tatley, 81 Shuter or 103 St. Francois Xavier st. 86

TO LET — NEWLY FURNISHED FLAT, latest improvements, 6 rooms and bathroom, near Park ave. To be let from the 1st of May or sooner. Apply Main 541. 84

TO LET OR FOR SALE, PARK AVENUE, modern up-to-date residence, 10 rooms, extension kitchen, hot water furnace, large yard and verandah. Bleury and Park ave. cars direct to house in 15 minutes from Craig st. For permit, call Room 228, Temple Bldg.

HOUSE TO LET, DESIRABLE COUNTRY residence, at Longue Pointe; would let with or without garden; one mile below toll-gate. Apply to William Leney, Longue Pointe.

TO LET—FIRST CLASS NEW RESIDENCE, two storeys, extension kitchen, concrete cellar, and all modern conveniences. Apply 333 Elm avenue, Westmount.

TO LET — HOUSE, 7 ROOMS, STABLE, yard, good cellar. Apply 547 Rivard st.

TO LET — MODERN TWO STOREY HOUSE, with extension kitchen and all latest improvements, delightfully situated, with garden in rear. 316 Cote St. Antoine Road. Apply to P. S. Ross & Sons, 1766 Notre Dame st.

TO LET — AT STRATHMORE, LARGE FURnished cottage. Apply at 84 Park ave. Telephone Up 203.

HERE'S YOUR OPPORTUNITY. PAY US $11 monthly on our contracts and own $2,000 Home. Life Insurance Policy free. Do it now. Agents wanted. People's Loan and Deposit Co., 160 St. James st., Montreal.

TO LET—HOUSE, LOWER FLAT, 7 ROOMS, $18 per month. Apply 444 Grosvenor ave., Westmount.

HOUSE TO LET FOR SUMMER MONTHS, a well furnished flat of five rooms and bathroom, electric light and modern conveniences. Apply Seymour, 80B Crescent st.

Property For Sale

FOR SALE —149 ST. HYPOLITE STREET, 13 room cottage; good yard and stabling, side entrance; good place for carter or milkman. Jas. M. Mitchell, 214 St. James street. 86

PROPERTY FOR SALE — SITUATED IN the Village of Howick, corner lot, with store and dwelling house thereon; also two vacant lots adjoining. For particulars, apply to R. R. Wilson, Howick, Que. 88

FOR SALE — A COMMODIOUS SUMMER house, beautifully situated, convenient to lake and station. Box 180, Waterloo, Que.

FOR SALE — 149 ST. HYPOLITE STREET, 13 room cottage; good yard and stabling, side entrance; good place for carter or milkman. Jas. M. Mitchell, 214 St. James st.

FOR SALE—AT BORDEAUX, BACK RIVER, near C.P.R. Station, cottage, 8 rooms, stone foundation, with stable, ½ acre of ground; no reasonable offer will be refused; terms to suit purchaser. Address 547 Rivard st., city.

FOR SALE — FINE NEW HOUSES, SITUated on Windsor avenue, Westmount; prices very moderate; terms easy; open for inspection. Brown and Riel, 4257 St. Catherine st.

FOR SALE — NOS. 24 TO 34 RYDE STREET, Point St. Charles, nine dwellings; annual revenue $705; price $6,500. J. H. Kennedy, 138a St. James st.

FOR SALE — FINE COTTAGE IN NICE locality, with all modern improvements, four large bedrooms, cement cellar and stable. 698 Mance st. Telephone East 123.

FOR SALE — 87 MANCE STREET, SOLID brick and stone house, 14 rooms, new furnace, brick shed, cement cellar, garden, good locality; bargain; possession 1st May. Apply on premises.

FOR SALE — JUBILEE HOUSE, BESSERers Grove, with 50 acres of land, situated on the Ottawa River, 10 miles from Ottawa, O.R.N. Co. call four times daily; the house is 70 feet x 36, with extension kitchen and pantry, 30 bedrooms, large dining and sitting room, all finished in hardwood, modern conveniences; licensed, ice house filled, house furnished; large pine grove, with dancing pavilion, also two cottages, large stable, flowing mineral spring, good boating and bathing. Full particulars Ottawa Wine Vault, 97 Rideau street, Ottawa.

FOR SALE — IN THE TOWN OF WATERloo, Que., the residence of the late E. D. Lawrence. The house is in perfect repair, has every convenience and is surrounded by a large lot with nice garden and orchard. Property cost over $7,000. Will be sold for less than half cost to prompt purchaser. Easy terms. For full particulars see Mr. A. T. Lawrence, 251 St. James st. Phone Main 4179.

FOR SALE—ARTISTIC RESIDENCE, OVERlooking a public square in west end, built by an architect for his own occupation, beautifully finished inside, and in first class order, 3 storeys and basement, containing 10 rooms, kitchen and offices. Would be sold with or without furniture. For permits to view and particulars, apply to Mr. Taylor, Architect, 80 St. Francois Xavier st., Montreal.

FOR SALE OR TO LET — AT POINTE Claire, a two dwelling house and garden, close to the Golf Club, five minutes from the river and fifteen minutes from G.T.R. Station. Apply Jos. Duchesneau, 293 St. Paul st., Montreal.

RAILWAY SERVICE WAS INDIFFERENT

Matter Brought Up in the Quebec Legislature—Many Notices of Motion Received.

Quebec, April 8.—(Special.)—The Legislative Assembly went into session yesterday afternoon, and after routine business, Hon. Mr. Leblanc complained that certain documents requested by members of the Opposition at the last session had not been produced as yet.

Hon. Mr. Parent said that instructions had been issued to all the departments in reference to public documents asked for, and, no doubt, they would be produced in time. But if the member would indicate the documents he alluded to, they would be furnished without loss of time.

Hon. L. P. Pelletier said that it was not the business of the Opposition to indicate the documents asked for.

Hon. Mr. Parent said that he thought the member for Laval had reference to special documents. However, he would see that the papers asked for in general would be forthcoming as soon as possible.

In reply to Hon. Mr. Pelletier, Premier Parent said that the amount the Commission on Colonization would cost would be about $10,000, and furthermore the commission would continue to exist until its labors were completed.

In reply to Hon. Mr. Pelletier, Hon. Mr. Turgeon said that no speeches or lectures on the subject of agriculture were given in the county of Berthier during the recent bye-election. One lecture had been requested, but the department advised the same to be postponed until after the elections.

Hon. Mr. Parent in reply to the member from Dorchester, said that he did not have any interview with Mr. Labouche, who had presented himself as a candidate in the recent election, and had no connection with his withdrawal, and, furthermore, he had no knowledge of the writer of the letter which appeared in Le Soleil on the matter, and had made no promises to him.

Complaints against Railways Mv...

Hon. Mr. Gouin in reply to Mr. Prevost, said that the Government had received official complaints that railway companies subsidized out of the public funds of this province, have not the number of cars needed to meet the requirements of the hay traders of the province, and especially of the parish of Ste. Anne des Plaines, in the county of Terrebonne. That the Government also received complaints from the cure and assistant priest and residents of Ste. Anne des Plaines that railway companies, subsidized out of the public funds of the province, did not furnish a regular and efficient service to such parish.

The following notices of motions were adopted:—

Mr. Prevost—Documents in connection with the building of a bridge on river Jesus.

Hon. Mr. Flynn—Copy of the report and of the Order-in-Council, respecting the issue of the special warrant for the sum of $10,000 for the participation of the Province of Quebec in the St. Louis Exhibition, etc.

Mr. Chicoyne—Reports forwarded to the Government by Mr. J. A. Mercier.

Hon. Mr. Pelletier—Documents and correspondence respecting lots 4 and 5 of the 7th range of the township of Warwick.

Mr. Prevost—Documents respecting the irregular and inefficient service between Ste. Therese de Blainville and Ste. Anne des Plaines by railway companies that have received subsidies out of the public funds of the province.

Mr. Prevost, in support of his motion, complained of the manner in which the people of the districts mentioned were subjected to by the insufficient and irregular notice of railroad companies subsidized by the province, notwithstanding various petitions of complaints presented to the officials of the railway from the clergy, merchants and other residents who suffered. He added that the railroad companies showed favoritism, and hoped that the Government could come to the rescue.

Government Powerless to Act T...

Hon. Mr. Gouin said the Government was powerless to act, as it was not paying subsidies to the railroads complained of, besides the motion should not come before the Provincial Legislature. The place for it was in the Federal Parliament.

Hon. Mr. Flynn regretted that the Provincial Government could not act in the matter, and in a general comment on the situation said that the Provincial Railway Act did not provide to remedy for the situation in regard to railways no longer receiving subsidies, but suggested that the act should be amended to provide the necessary protection.

Hon. Mr. Parent brought down report of the commission on colonization, and informed the House that all the evidence taken was not ready. However, he would furnish the members with that referring to the districts of Lake St. John and Metapedia, together with the conclusions of the commission which would keep them busy in reading for three or four days.

Notices of Motions Received.

The following notices of motion were given:

Mr. Pelletier—Orders-in-Council, and documents as well as letters addressed within a year to the Crown Lands agents in the Province or to any of them in connection with grants of lands to settlers.

Mr. Flynn—Documents respecting the water-powers of the Province.

In support of his request Mr. Flynn said that he would like the statement of the water powers owned by the Province and already sold to private parties, the amount realized by those sales, and a list of the water powers remaining, together with their estimated value.

Hon. Mr. Parent said that he would be pleased to bring down all the papers asked for, and congratulated the leader of the Opposition for his zeal in desiring useful information in the interest of the public which was an example other members of the Opposition should profit by.

The request made by Mr. Prevost, of Terrebonne, for an order of the House for all documents in connection with the building of a bridge on the river James, was also adopted.

There being no other business before the House, it adjourned until to-morrow.

Among the petitions granted by the House the following are included:

The City of St. Henri praying for amendments to its charter, and the acts amending the same.

S. Goldstein, M. Dernenburg and others, praying for incorporation under the name of "The Hebrew Free School of Montreal."

R. B. Angus and others, praying for power to issue bonds to re-organize the "Mount Royal Club."

Hon. G. A. Drummond, Sir W. Macdonald and others, praying for incorporation as "The Parks and Playgrounds' Association of Montreal."

The City of Montreal asking amendments to its charter.

OBITUARY

Guelph.—Mrs. Daniel Linderham, of Guelph, aged 85, is dead.

Woodstock.—John Harrison, of Woodstock, aged 70, is dead.

Notre Dame, N.B.—Mrs. Mary Ann Crawford, aged 85, died on Saturday.

Brockville.—William F. Fife fell dead in Brockville.

Richbucto, N.B.—Mrs. Clark, aged 94, was interred at Rexton, on Sunday Rev. J. F. Estey officiating.

Lethbridge, N.W.T.—J. H Cavanagh, formerly of Kingville, is dead at Lethbridge, N.W.T.

Rosanna, Ont.—Mr. William Cooper, aged 87, died on the farm upon which he settled forty years since.

Ramsay, N.S.—Mr. Alexander Shannon, of Ramsay, died after a lingering illness, aged 77 years.

Quebec.—Richard Lee, an old resident, died on Wednesday, aged 77, and Robert Edwards, aged 82, on Thursday.

Mr. John Brown, formerly of Hamilton, died in the Jeffrey Hale Hospital, aged 81. He was a noted angler, and formerly leased the River Moisic.

MONTREAL ART PRINTERS—
HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT.

Read the Small Ads. To-night

Situations Vacant.

☞Advertisements under this heading, 20 words for 10c; 6 insertions for 25c.

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT; ONE willing to go to the country preferred; good wages. Apply evenings, 10 St. Luke st. 83

WANTED — LADIES AND YOUNG MEN, pleasant home work sent by mail; $1 to $5 daily; enclose stamps. Columbia Mfg. Co., 29 Ball st., Roxbury, Mass. 83

WANTED — TRUSTWORTHY PERSON, each county, to manage local business for wholesale house; $20 paid weekly; expense money advanced; position permanent; experience not essential. Manager, Como Block, Chicago.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY, YOUNG MAN as invoice clerk for manufacturing firm; must speak French and English and be accurate at figures. Apply, stating age and salary expected, to P.O. Box 488. 84

WANTED — PROBATIONERS, AT THE Belleville General Hospital. Apply to Mrs. Horner, Lady Superintendent. 83

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A FIRST CLASS dressmaker to sew by the day; no other than a thoroughly experienced person need apply. 253 Hutchison st. 82

WANTED — GOOD PLAIN COOK. APPLY to Mrs. Morgan, 489 Notre Dame st., Maisonneuve. 83

WANTED — COAT MAKERS, FOR FINE custom tailoring; steady work; highest wages paid. Apply 2383 St. Catherine st.

WANTED — BOY. MUST BE STRONG, ACtive, and be well recommended. Apply A. Ramsay & Son, 37 Recollet st. 84

WANTED — FOR FIRE INSURANCE OFfice, competent clerk. Apply to P.O. Box 2353.

WANTED — A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT, for family of two. Apply 1254 Dorchester street. 84

WANTED — FUR FINISHERS, BLOCKERS and cutters. The Redmond Company, Limited. eod 85

WANTED — A FIRST CLASS STOREROOM girl at once. Apply Savoy Hotel. 84

WANTED — A GOOD COOK, WILLING TO do light housework. Apply 2245 St. Catherine st. 84

WANTED — GIRL APPRENTICES TO learn fur finishing. The Redmond Company, Limited. eod 85

WANTED — RESPECTABLE AND INTELligent persons to solicit orders for nursery stock; to the right parties I can offer the best inducements; best time in the year to make a start. Apply for terms, at once, to E. D. Smith, Winona, Ont.

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT; PLAIN cooking. Apply 635 Lagauchetiere. 86

WANTED — EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER capable of filling responsible position. Communications considered confidential. Address, stating experience, age and salary expected, Box 429, Herald Office. 80tf

SALESMEN WANTED — Salesmen make 500 per cent. commission, selling "Novelty Sign Cards." Merchants buy 10 to 100 on sight. 800 varieties. Catalogue free. Sullivan Co., 1129 Maplewood ave., Chicago, Ill. 85

WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT FOR family of two; no washing. Apply after 8 p.m., to "The Astoria" Apartments, 735 Sherbrooke st. 80-6

WANTED — GOOD BLANK BOOK SEWER and folder. Steady situation. Good wages. 603 Craig st.

BOOKBINDERS—FINISHER WANTED, ONE that can do forwarding; steady situation. 603 Craig st.

Wanted to Rent.

WANTED — GOOD ROOM FOR A LADY, with first class board; central locality; front room preferred. Apply, stating terms, to K 166, The Herald Office.

WANTED — FOR SPRING AND SUMMER, board for one person, working during day in city. Locality preferred, Ahuntsic, Cartierville, or near river. Apply to K 172, Herald. 83

WANTED — FOR THE SUMMER OR LONGer, furnished house, furnished flat, or furnished rooms, suitable for housekeeping; no children. Answer quick, to K 181, Herald Office. 87

Rooms and Board.

☞Advertisements under this heading, 20 words for 10c; 6 insertions for 25c.

SINGLE ROOM AND BOARD, 30 BERTHElet street. Bathroom flat. dtf

ROOM — NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, ON bathroom flat, with or without board; Auer light. 295 St. Urbain st. (near Sherbrooke.)

ROOMS — TWO ROOMS, SUITABLE AS sitting room and bedroom, with or without breakfast; house quiet; no children. 4302 St. Catherine st. 84

ROOMS — TO LET, SUITE OF HANDSOMEly furnished rooms, suitable for professional men or gentlemen of quiet habits; first class only. 29 Torrance st. 84

ROOM — TO LET, SINGLE ROOM. 21B Victoria st. 84

ROOMS—TO LET, THREE UNFURNISHED. Apply 1722 Ontario st. 84

ROOMS — TO RENT, AT 52 VICTORIA ST., gentlemen only, with high references. 84

Business Chances.

FOR SALE — AT A SACRIFICE, MY ENtire business, consisting of tools, machinery, stock of electrical and bicycle supplies, lease of present shop, water power, good will, etc., etc. Stock invoices over $3,500.00. Will sell for $2,500.00. This is a rare chance to obtain a paying, growing business. Good reasons for selling. Geo. F. Foss, Sherbrooke, Que. 86

To Let.

☞Advertisements in this column ¾c per word per insertion, 6 insertions for the price of four.

TO LET — FURNISHED HOUSE IN CITY, May to October; extension kitchen, gas stove and telephone. Moderate rental. Address K 182, Herald. 87

HOUSE TO LET — 508 VICTORIA AVENUE, Westmount; all modern improvements, electroliers, range, etc. Will be put in good order for a desirable tenant. W. Cooper, 251 St. James street. 85

TO LET — AT STRATHMORE, LARGE FURnished cottage. Apply at 84 Park ave. Telephone Up 203. 83

TO LET — SELF-CONTAINED SEMI-DEtached house, 351 Victoria avenue, Westmount, 8 rooms, on two floors, concrete basement; furnace. Jas. M. Mitchell, 214 St. James st. 86

TO LET — LOWER FLAT, 68 CRESCENT, and middle flat, 76 Crescent street, hot water heating, first class. Jas. M. Mitchell, 214 St. James st. 86

TO LET — FURNISHED HOUSE, 453 ELM avenue, Westmount, 1st May to 15th September, $45.00. Jas. M. Mitchell, 214 St. James st. 86

TO LET — DESIRABLE HOUSE, SITUATED on St. Hubert st., near Dorchester, containing 7 rooms. For particulars, apply 148 Mansfield st. 83

TO LET — SELF-CONTAINED HOUSES, Nos. 327 Prince Arthur and 144 Durocher sts. Apply J. W. Tatley, 81 Shuter or 103 St. Francois Xavier st. 86

TO LET — NEWLY FURNISHED FLAT, latest improvement, 6 rooms and bathroom, near Park ave. To be let from the first of May, or sooner. Apply Main 541. 84

HOUSES TO LET — SEIZE THIS OPPORtunity—$11.00 monthly, 200 months, for $2,000 Home, includes principal and interest and life insurance policy free. Don't argue, don't wait. Call. Do it now. Room 37a, 160 St. James st., Montreal. 87

Lost.

LOST — MONDAY EVENING, BETWEEN 153 Lusignan and Bonaventure Depot, via St. James, a purse, containing small sum of money, also railroad ticket. Reward at 153 Lusignan st. 83

LOST — GOLD COIN BROOCH, EITHER ON train between Valleyfield and Montreal, Windsor Station, Windsor street or on St. Denis car. Reward 33 Coursol st. 83

LOST — ON GUY STREET, BETWEEN ST. Catherine and Sherbrooke sts., at 1.30 p.m. on Monday, March 4th, a lady's double case gold watch. Suitable reward if returned to Richardson, Bank of Montreal, or No. 10 Police Station, St. Catherine st. 83

LOST—BLACK GOAT ROBE, RED STRIPED lining, coming from Academy to Sherbrooke. Reward at Prince Arthur Cab Stand. E. Burns. 83

Situations Wanted—Female.

☞Advertisements under this heading, 20 words for 10c; 6 insertions for 25c.

WANTED — NO. 7 UNION AVENUE, FEmale Employment Directory, ladies' wanting servants, cooks, nurses, generals, situations. Apply at once. 83

WANTED — POSITION AS ACCOMPANIST, by a competent lady. Apply 175 Guy st. 83

WANTED — HOUSE CLEANING AND OFfice cleaning, by the day, any day but Tuesday. Apply No. 7 St. Genevieve st., city. 83

WANTED — DRESSES MADE, LATEST styles, at moderate prices, fancy blouses, jackets, tailor made suits, fit and finish guaranteed. 658 Lagauchetiere st. 83

WANTED — FAMILY WASHING OR BY the dozen. 7 Taillefer ave. 83

WANTED — WORK BY A RESPECTABLE woman, of any kind, by the day; city or country preferred. Apply 127 Alexander st.

Situations Wanted—Male.

WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN, POSITION as bookkeeper; can furnish the best of references. Address J. M. Dodd, Elmside, Que.

WANTED — A POSITION AS TRAVELLING salesman for wholesale furniture factory. Address Kelley, Box 145, Woodstock, N.B., Can. 88

WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN, WITH GOOD experience in cake baking, job outside of Montreal, or as bread driver in Montreal. Address Mr. Paquette, 321 Richelieu street, Montreal. 83

WANTED — BY FIRST CLASS CHINESE cook, situation. Address Quing Sing, 5 Prince Arthur st. 84

WANTED — BY GENTLEMAN RESIDING in P. E. Island, to represent wholesale firms on commission; intimately acquainted with most retailers. Correspondence solicited. References given. Address Box 138, Summerside, P. E. Island. 83

WANTED — UPHOLSTERING OF ALL kinds, repairing furniture and refinishing; all orders promptly attended to. Joseph Talbot, 807 Notre Dame st. 83

WANTED — SEND NOTE; INTERVIEW solicited. Fancy concrete laid in stores, basements, stables, drains altered. Builder, 294 Marie Anne st. 83

WANTED — COLLECTIONS OF ANY DEscription, by a steady young man; can furnish best of references from tradesmen and professional men. Address K 171, Herald Office. 83

Miscellaneous.

RECIPE — HOW TO MAKE CHARTREUSE ice creams, best vinegar for 6c a gallon, and 110 others of the best recipes and formulas, sent postpaid for 25c. J. F. Le Gresley, Coleraine st., Montreal. 85

PAPER HANGING, PAINTING, TINTING, etc.; experienced workmen; low prices; best references. Estimates given. Prompt attention to mail orders. J. Bacon, 75 Hallowell st., Westmount. 85

WANTED — A LOCKE ADDER WILL SAVE your brain. Adds nine columns simultaneously. Aluminum model, $5.50. Booklet free. Austin A. Wade, Brockville, Ont. 84

Health Culture.

HEALTH CULTURE—Wouldn't you like to add from 15 to 30 pounds to your weight, "improve" the symmetry of your figure, and add to your general appearance without drugs, without any inconvenience to yourself. Send 50c for recipe to prepare at home. Address L. L. Hardy, A.M., St. Bazile, Que.

Educational.

WANTED — PUPILS FOR PIANO, BY A competent lady teacher; perfect rapid method. Lessons given day or evening, at 175 Guy st., or at pupils' own home. 89

Plumbers and Steamfitters.

R. E. HANIFIELD, PRACTICAL ROOFER, Plumber, Steam and Gas Fitter. Electric bells, electric light. 1782 Notre Dame street. Bell Phone Main 3888. eodtf

Marriage Licenses.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY Arthur W. Wilks. Wilks and Michaud, Public Accountants, Merchants Bank Building. Tel. M. 4125.

For Sale.

☞Advertisements in this column ¾c per word per insertion, 6 insertions for the price of four.

FOR SALE — SAFES, FIRE AND BURGLAR proof, new and secondhand, at prices that defy competition. Largest stock in city. A. Ahern, Montreal Safe Works, 390 St. James. Telephone Main 813.

FOR SALE — KINDLING FOR THE MILlion. Kindling wood, $2.00; cut hard wood, $3.00; mill blocks, $1.75; tamarac blocks, $2.00 per load. Also anthracite coal. J. C. McDiarmid, 3 Canal Basin, corner Guy and William st. Tel. Main 452.

FOR SALE — OSTRICH PLUMES, BOAS, all shades, 20 per cent. less than store prices. Come early! Mde. Reid, Feather Importer, Room 23, 534 St. James st. 83

FOR SALE — ST. LAMBERT JERSEYS. A young Jersey cow, the richest golden butter bred in America; her dam could make 20 pounds a week, and her sire was bred from the champion bull of Ontario. Also a fine bull, rising 2, and a yearling heifer and bull; all bred in the same lines. Eligible in any herd book. Apply Box 18, Brookfield, Col. Co., Nova Scotia. 83

FOR SALE — BELL UPRIGHT PIANO, largest size, 7 1-3 octaves, walnut case, solid panels, Wessell action, ivory keys. Powerful tone. In use only a few years. Will look like new when repaired. Cost $450, now $225, on easy payments. Call or write for full particulars of above, or complete list of other used instruments. Layton Bros., 144 Peel st. N.B.—Open Saturday evenings.

FOR SALE — A NICE COUNTER. CHEAP to prompt purchaser. Apply at once, 2445 St. Catherine st. 84

FOR SALE — CHEAP, QUARTERED OAK sideboard, gas stove and electric light fixtures. 460 Grosvenor avenue. 84

FOR SALE—BEDROOM SUITES, CARPETS, folding beds, folding cot and other household articles, reasonable. No dealers need apply. 2 Hutchison st. 84

FOR SALE — POLISHED OAK LEATHER seated dining chairs, also green rug; sell cheap. 80b Crescent st. 84

FOR SALE — HANDSOME MAHOGANY upright piano, very little used. 74 Somerville ave., Westmount. 82

FOR SALE — ON VERY EASY TERMS, kitchen stoves, hall stoves, and everything for the house, at cheapest prices. The Prince Co., 33 St. Lawrence st.

FOR SALE — A VERY HANDSOME BERLIN upright piano. In use only a few months. Large size, in beautifully figured quartered oak case. Trusses and pilasters carved from solid oak, 7 1-3 octaves, full iron frame. Patent check-repeating action. Fine singing quality of tone. All latest improvements, including three pedals and full swing front desk. Original price, $425. Will sell to immediate purchaser for $225. For further particulars, address 404 Burnside Place.

Legal Cards.

MACLENNAN, CLINE & MACLENNAN, Barristers, etc., Cornwall, Ont. D. B. Maclennan, K.C., C. H. Cline, F.J. Maclennan.

LEITCH, PRINGLE & CAMERON, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, etc., Cornwall, Ont. Jas. Leitch, K.C., R. A. Pringle, J. A. C. Cameron, LL.B.

GIBBONS & HARPER, BARRISTERS, etc., Richmond and Carling sts., London. Geo. C. Gibbons, K.C., Fred F. Harper.

GREENSHIELDS & GREENSHIELDS, Barristers, etc., 1724 Notre Dame st.

J. S. BUCHAN, K.C., ADVOCATE, ETC. Canada Life Building, 132 St. James street, Montreal.

Undertakers and Embalmers.

J. C. WRAY & BRO., 290 Mountain st., and 123 St. Dominique. Uptown 2728. East 117.

WILLIAM WRAY, 1236 St. Catherine st. Uptown 2667.

ALBERT GRIFFITH, 673 Wellington street. Main 4418.

Business Cards.

J. A. FINLAYSON (SUCCESSOR TO FINlayson & Grant), Customs Broker and Forwarder, Warehouseman, 415 and 417 St. Paul st., Montreal. Heated Storage, Bond or Free. Telephone Main 1303. P.O. Box 424.

MONTREAL ART PRINTERS—
HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

(Advertising Rates — Birth Notices, 25c; Marriage Notices, 50c; Death Notices, 50c

BIRTHS.

MACINNES—At Johannesberg, S.A., on April 6th, 1904, the wife of Captain Duncan S. MacInnes, R.E., of a son. 84x

GAMBLE—Ottawa, March 20, to Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Gamble, a daughter.

DONOVAN—Ottawa, April 5, to Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Donovan, a son.

NEW—Halifax, April 2, to Mr. and Mrs. Albert H. New, a daughter.

McINNES—Halifax, April 4, the wife of Hector McInnes, of a son.

McDOUGALL—New Glasgow, April 1, to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. D. McDougall, a daughter.

CUMBERLAND—Bradford, Ont., April 4, the wife of C. R. Cumberland, Sovereign Bank, Toronto, of a daughter.

FLINT—220 Prince Albert Avenue, Westmount to Mr. and Mrs. Leonard R. Flint, a son.

MACINNES—Johannesburg, S.A., April 6th, to the wife of Captain Duncan S. MacInnes, R.E., a son.

COX—Bowmanville, March 31, to Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Cox, a son.

KIRKPATRICK—Oshawa, March 28, to the wife of R. Kirkpatrick, a daughter.

SHOULDICE—Ottawa, April 5, to Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Shouldice, a daughter.

DURNFORD—Ottawa, April 6, to the wife of Fred. G. D. Durnford, C.E., a daughter.

THOMPSON—Cowansville, March 27, to Mrs. Geo. M. Thompson, a daughter.

BEACH—Cowansville, March 28, to Mrs. Geo. M. Beach, a son.

BRAINERD—Smith's Mills, Que., March 24, to Mrs. Wright Brainerd, a son.

STUART—Napierville, March 31, to Mrs. A. O. Stuart, a son (still-born).

MARRIAGES.

YUILE-SCLATER — At the Church of St. James the Apostle, on Wednesday, April 6th, 1904, by the Rev. Canon Ellegood, Mabel, eldest daughter of C. P. Sclater, to Norman McLeod Yuile, both of Montreal. x

FEE-EDWARDS—April 6, at the residence, 950 City Hall Avenue, Edith Edwards to J. H. Fee, by the Rev. Colborne Heine, both of Montreal.

HARDING-CLERK—April 5, at the American Presbyterian Church, by the Rev. Robert Johnston, D.D., Charles Spurr Harding, of St. John, N.B., to Brenda Gordon, daughter of the late Alexander Clerk, of this city.

ABBOTT-CLARK—At the Methodist Parsonage, Stanstead, Que., April 5, Samuel E. Abbott, Esq., to Mattie E. Clark, widow of the late Carlos Heath, of Boston.

ACHESON-FOSTER—At the residence of the bride's father, on April 5, by the Rev. W. Timberlake, George Acheson, of Drummond, Ont., to Mary Isabella, daughter of Charles Foster, Esq., North Elmsley, Ont.

WIGGINS-AMES—Ottawa, April 5, by Rev. J. Wood, Mr. Robert Wiggins, of Masham, Que., to Miss Carrie Ames, of Ottawa, Ont.

YUILE-SCLATER — At the Church of St. James the Apostle, on Wednesday, April 6, 1901, by the Rev. Canon Ellegood, Mabel, eldest daughter of C. P. Sclater, to Norman McLeod Yuile, both of Montreal.

LANGILLE-WHIDDEN—Brookfield, Colchester, March 30, Martin Langille, I.C.R., Truro, to Lizzie E. Whidden, of Brookfield.

McDONALD-DEMMONS — Newport Station, Hants, April 1, Walter R. McDonald, of St. Croix, to Mabel Demmons, of former place.

DEATHS IN THE CITY.

KELLY—On the 6th instant, of pneumonia, Eliza Dooley, in her 60th year, wife of Peter Kelly and mother of J. P. Kelly, of Hecklinger & Kelly. Funeral will leave her late residence, 79 City Councillors Street, Friday, the 8th instant, at 8 a.m., to St. Patrick's Church, thence to Cote des Neiges Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation. Boston and New York papers please copy. 83x

CORNEIL—April 5, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Gain E. D. Cornell.

FERGUSON—At Montreal Western Hospital, April 6, John Ferguson, of Moose Creek, aged 66.

DEATHS ELSEWHERE.

CHRISTIANSEN—St. John, N.B., April 4th, Hilda M. Christiansen, aged 1 year and 4 months.

LITTLER—St. John, N.B., Eliza, widow of John Littler, aged 77.

McGINLEY—St. John, N.B., April 5, Wm. McGinley, aged 73.

PYE — St. John, N.B., April 5, Annie G., youngest daughter of Agnes and Patrick Pye.

CORRIVEAU—Quebec, April 3, Mrs. F. X. Corriveau, aged 64.

MURPHY—At St. Edwards, of Frampton, on April 4, Annie Keegan, widow of the late John Murphy.

HANRAHAN—Quebec, April 5, Mary Kavanagh, widow of the late James Hanrahan, aged 85.

CASAULT—Quebec, April 4, Alida, daughter of the late H. Casault.

DAVIDSON — Quebec, April 4, Frederick, youngest son of the late Thomas Davidson, aged 31.

BOLAND—Toronto, April 4, Michael Boland.

BRITTON—Toronto, April 4, Dr. Fred Britton, of Brantford, aged 31.

McMEIKEN—Toronto, April 4, Frances A. McMeiken, aged 59.

SANDERSON—St. Mary's, April 4, John Sanderson, aged 82.

BOWMAN — Toronto, April 3, Elizabeth S. Bowman, aged 25.

LITTLE—Plymouth, Yarmouth, March 18th, George Little, aged 74.

CARR—Yarmouth, March 6, Mitchell Young Carr., aged 27.

D'EON—West Pubnico, Yarmouth, March 25, Exilda, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Denis D'Eon.

D'ENTREMONT—Lower West Pubnico, Yarmouth, March 28, Mary, daughter of Jules D'Entremont, aged 16 years.

GRIER—St. John, N.B., March 25, Julia, wife of George Grier, aged 37.

TROOP—Granville Centre, Annapolis, March 22, William Botsford Troop, ex-M.P.P., aged 80 years.

McCONNELL—Yarmouth, March 20, Thomas E. McConnell, aged 47.

BRYDEN—Somerset, King's, March 21, Harriet A., relict of Augustine Bryden, aged 77.

TREFRY—Marshalltown, Digby, March 26th, Eliza Trefry, formerly of Barton, aged 69.

McDONALD—South Mabou Harbor, C.B., on March 22, Dorothy, wife of Angus McDonald, aged 62.

HULL—Little Bras d'Or, C.B., March 27th, Mary Jane Hull, aged 72.

McCLEARN—Liverpool, March 28, John D. McClearn, aged 64.

WEST—White Point, Queen's, March 25, Edward C. West, aged 26.

BAGLEY—Eagle Head, Queen's, March 10th, John Bagley, sr., aged 88 years.

McDONALD — Harbor Road, Antigonish, on March 26, Mary, daughter of the late Angus McDonald, aged 63.

McINNIS—Shenacadie, C.B., March 17, Mrs. John McInnis, aged 52.

McDONALD—Marydale, Antigonish, March 27, Mary Ann McKenzie, aged 45, wife of Daniel S. McDonald.

WILLIAMS—Admiral Rock, Hants, March 25, Elinor, widow of John Williams, aged 66.

ST. JOHN — Shubenacadie, March 23, Mary Ann G., wife of John St. John, aged 70.

LEE—Quebec, April 5, Richard Lee, aged 77.

LYNES — Toronto, April 3, Jane Sheldon, widow of the late Charles Lynes, Toronto.

MAIN—Kingsbury, Que., at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. L. MacLean, April 3rd, Barbara Morison, widow of the late Matthew Main, aged 90.

MORRISON—Ottawa, March 26, Rev. J. D. Morrison, of Bristol, Que.

PARSONS—Cote St. Charles, Hudson, Que., April 5, Isabella Hodgson, wife of Wm. Parsons, aged 67.

BURNS—Beaurivage, Que., March 27, Marguerite Blaney, wife of Michael Burns.

CROSS—Bond Head, Ont., April 3, Mrs. Thos. Cross, aged 76 years.

MORRISON—At Los Angeles, Cal., March 26, Edmund Morrison, aged 46, son of the late Lt. George Morrison, of Napierville, Que. Funeral will take place at Napierville on Friday morning, the 8th instant, at 8.30 o'clock.

Ladies of Peticodiac
revel in lady charlotte—yum—yum.

ST. CATHERINE STREET

(North Side) from Guy Street to St. Matthew Street.

THE CITY OF MONTREAL, by their undersigned attorneys and counsel, hereby give public notice that on Friday, the 29th day of April, next, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon (or so soon as counsel can be heard), at the Court House of this city, they will, by and through their said attorneys and counsel, present to the Superior Court, sitting in the division of practice (No. 31) in and for the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, a petition calling upon the said court to choose and nominate in virtue of the Act of the Legislature, 62 Victoria, chapter 58, and its amendments, two competent and disinterested persons, to act as commissioners, jointly with one of the Recorders of the said city, as president, and two of their assessors named by the Council, to fix and determine, in conformity with said Acts, the price and indemnity to be allowed for the lots or immovables hereafter mentioned and described, which the said City of Montreal have, by a resolution adopted on the 11th day of January last (1904), passed under the authority of the Act 3rd Edward VII., chapter 62, determined to acquire for the purpose of widening St. Catherine Street, on the north side, from Guy Street to St. Matthew Street, in St. Antoine West (now St. Andrew) Ward, in accordance with the homologated plan, and to perform such other duties as are imposed by law upon the said Commissioners, viz.:

1.—A piece of land with a bay-window thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern

You Will Have $64.77

to your credit with the Sovereign Bank if you deposit one dollar each month for five years.

THE SOVEREIGN BANK OF CANADA,

Cor. St. James and St. Peter Sts.
Cor. Guy and St. Catherine Sts.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

MONTREAL TIME BILL.

Corrected to March 3.

ST. JOHN, N.B., HALIFAX — Lv. $7.25 p.m, Ar. (x) 8.35 a.m.

TORONTO, HAMILTON, ST. LOUIS, MO., CHICAGO — Lv. †9.30 a.m.., *10 p.m. Ar. *7.35 a.m., †7.15 p.m.

WINNIPEG AND PACIFIC COAST—Lv. *9.40 a.m. Ar. *6.30 p.m.

S. S. MARIE, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, DULUTH—Lv. *10.10 p.m. Ar. *8.00 a.m.

OTTAWA—Lv. Place Viger †8.20 a.m.., †5.40 p.m. Ar. †12.40 p.m., †10.30 p.m. Lv. Windsor St. †8.45 a.m., *9.40 a.m., §10.00 a.m., †4.00 p.m., *10.10 p.m. Ar. *8.00 a.m., †11.45 a.m., *6.30 p.m., †7.00 p.m., §9.45 p.m.

QUEBEC — Lv. †8.30 a.m., †2.00 p.m., §3.30 p.m., *11.00 p.m. Ar. *6.30 a.m., †2.10 p.m., †6.35 p.m., §6.30 p.m.

BOSTON—Lv. 9.00 a.m., *7.45 p.m. Ar. *8.15 a.m., †9.15 a.m.

VAUDREUIL—Lv. †8.45 a.m., †9.30 a.m., *9.40 a.m., §10.00 a.m.,(†)1.30 p.m., †4.00 p.m., †4.15 p.m., (a)5.15 p.m., *10.00 p.m., *10.10 p.m. Ar. *7.35 a.m., *8.00 a.m., †8.40 a.m., †11.45 a.m., †12.15 p.m., *6.30 p.m., †7.00 p.m., †7.15 p.m., §9.45 p.m.

SHERBROOKE — Lv. †8.20 a.m., 4.30 p.m., ‡7.25 p.m. Ar. (x)8.35 a.m., †11.55 a.m., †7.05 p.m.

JOLIETTE — Lv. †8.30 a.m., †5.00 p.m. Ar. †8.35 a.m., †6.35 p.m.

BERTHIER—Lv. †8.30 a.m. (t)2.00 p.m., †5.00 p.m. Ar. *6.30 a.m., (†)8.50 a.m., †2.10 p.m., †6.35 p.m.

ST JEROME — Lv. †9.00 a.m., §9.15 a.m., (†)1.45 p.m., †5.25 p.m., (a)6.25 p.m. Ar. †8.30 a.m., †9.50 a.m., †6.55 p.m., §9.45 p.m.

STE AGATHE — Lv. (t)9.00 a.m., †5.25 p.m. Ar. †9.50 a.m., (n) 6.55 p.m.

LABELLE—(m)9.00 a.m., †5.25 p.m. Ar. †9.50 a.m. (m)6.55 p.m.

* Daily. † Week days. § Sunday only (g) Monday only. ‡ Daily except Saturday. (c) Daily except Monday. (a) Daily except Saturday and Sunday. (b) Friday. (t) Saturday only. (m) Thursday only. (n) Tuesdays and Thursdays.

GRAND TRUNK.

TORONTO—Lv. 9.00 a.m., 10.30 p.m. daily—10.00 a.m., 8.00 p.m. daily ex. Sunday. Ar. 6.00 p.m., 7.30 a.m. daily—7.15 a.m. daily except Sunday.

CHICAGO—Lv. 9 a.m., 10.30 p.m. daily. Ar. 7.30 a.m., 6 p.m. daily.

PORTLAND—Lv. 8 a.m., daily ex. Sunday—8 p.m. daily. Ar. 7 a.m. daily—6.50 p.m. daily ex. Sunday.

ISLAND POND AND QUEBEC—Lv. 8 a.m., 4.15 p.m. daily ex. Sunday—8.00 p.m. daily. Ar 7.00 a.m. daily—1.00 p.m., 6.50 p.m daily ex Sunday.

CANADA ATLANTIC.

OTTAWA—Lv. 8.40 a.m. daily ex. Sunday—4.10 p.m. daily. Ar. 11.20 a.m. daily—7.15 p.m. daily ex. Sunday.

INTERCOLONIAL.

LOCAL—Lv. 7.40 p.m., 4.40 p.m., 11.45 p.m. Ar. 7.20 a.m., 10.00 p.m.

MARITIME EXPRESS—Lv 12.00 noon daily ex. Saturday. Ar. 5.30 p.m. daily ex. Monday. Leaves Levis 1.05 a.m. Ar. in Montreal 4.05 p.m. Mondays only.

CENTRAL VERMONT.

BOSTON AND NEW YORK—Lv. 9.00 a.m., 4.40 p.m. Ar. 7.25 a.m., 4.10 p.m., 7.45 p.m.

DELAWARE AND HUDSON.

NEW YORK, 9.00 a.m., 11.00 a.m., 7.45 p.m., 4.10 p.m., 7.25 p.m., 11.55 p.m.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

English Mail Train

Leaves Bonaventure Station Montreal, 11.45 a.m. daily, except Sunday, for Quebec, Murray Bay, Riviere du Loup, Metapedia, Campbellton, Dalhousie and The Pictou, stopping at Trois Pistoles for breakfast and Rimouski for dinner. Passengers taking this train breakfast and dine on the continent and it is so spoken of by many who travel by it.

Quebec Service

Train leaves Montreal at 7.45 a.m., 12.00 noon and 11.45 p.m. Returning trains leave Levis at 12.10 p.m. and 7.00 p.m. Mondays only, leave 10.25. Arr. Montreal, 4.05 p.m.

Improved Night Service

The Express, leaving daily, except Sunday, at 11.45 p.m., with Sleeper attached, arrives in Quebec at 7.05 a.m. Passengers can occupy this sleeper at 9.00 p.m. and remain in car until 8.00 a.m.

All trains depart from Bonaventure Station.

CITY TICKET OFFICE,
143 St. James St. and Bonaventure Station.

MONTREAL PARK & ISLAND RAILWAY CO.

LACHINE—From Post Office 29 min. service, 6.40 a.m. to midnight. From Lachine, 29 min. service, 5.50 to 11.15 p.m.

SAULT AU RECOLLET.

From Chenneville and Craig—
45 min. service—6.45 a.m. to 9.00.
90 min. service—9.00 a.m. to 4.30.
30 min. service—4.30 p.m. to 7.30.
90 min. service—7.30 p.m. to 12.00.

From Sault au Recollet—
45 min. service—6.00 a.m. to 9.45.
90 min. service—9.45 a.m. to 5.15.
30 min. service—5.15 p.m. to 8.15.
90 min. service—8.15 p.m. to 11.15.

Extra service on Thursdays and Saturdays, 30 min. service, 12 noon to 7.30 p.m. On Sundays, 12 noon to 10.30 p.m.

CARTIERVILLE AND ST. LAURENT—From Victoria Square, 1 hour service, 7 a.m. to 9 p.m.; last car 11.25 p.m. First car, 6.15 a.m., from Mt. Royal ave. From Cartierville, 1 hour service, 7 a.m. to 10 p.m.; first car at 5.45 a.m.

COTE DES NEIGES—From Victoria Square, 30 min. service, 6 a.m. to 9 a.m., and 4 p.m. to 10.30 p.m.; 1 hour service, 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.; last car, 11.25 p.m. From Cote des Neiges, 30 min service, 7 to 10.30 a.m., and 4.30 to 9 p.m. 1 hour service, 10.30 a.m. to 4.30 p.m.; last car, 11 p.m.; first car, 6.15 a.m.

MOUNTAIN—From Westmount, cor. Victoria and Sherbrooke, 30 min. service, 6 a.m. to 11.45 p.m. Cars leaving 15 min. past the hour connect with Cartierville.

MONTREAL ART PRINTERS—
HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

$48.90

— TO —

Vancouver
Victoria
Seattle
Tacoma
Portland

Until April 30th, 1904, Second Class From Montreal.

Lower Rates to Many Other Points

Ticket Office 129 ST. JAMES ST. (next Post Office).

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

WORLD'S FAIR

ST. LOUIS, Mo.

April 30 to Dec. 1, 1904.

The through trains via

GRAND TRUNK

will take you to ST. LOUIS in Patrician Style at a Popular Price.

All the World is Epitomized in this Exposition.

It is the Wonder of the Century
A Fifty Million Dollar Fair

Ask Grand Trunk Agents for descriptive matter and further information.

City Ticket Office, 137 St. James St. Montreal, or Bonaventure Station.

Telephones, Main 460 and 461.

NEW YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER R.R.

Trains leave Windsor Station as follows:

8.20 A.M. daily except Sunday
7.00 P.M. daily
} for all Adirondack Mountain points, Malone, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Albany, New York and all points south.

8.20 A.M. except Sunday
9.25 A.M. ex Sat. & Sun.
9.45 A.M. Sunday only
1.35 P.M. Saturday only
5.10 P.M. except Sunday
7.00 P.M. daily
} Local train for Chateaugay, Beauharnois, St. Timothee and Valleyfield.

For tickets, time tables, Pullman car accommodation, and full information, call at the city office,

130 ST. JAMES STREET.

H. J. HERBERT, City Ticket Agent. F. E. BARBOUR, General Agent.

Premo Cameras Full line of Models for 1904 just to hand and for sale at Bargain List No. 14
R. P. SMITH, 276 Notre Dame street.

EPPS'S COCOA

An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact, fitted to build up and maintain robust health, and to resist winter's extreme cold. Sold in ¼ lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPPS & Co., Ltd., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England.

EPPS'S COCOA

GIVING STRENGTH & VIGOUR.

Spring Overcoats

are showing on the street again. Many look dirty, more, faded and worn. For a trifling cost the majority of these could be cast aside new and fresh, looking, with all other clothes and Gents wear, by sending them to the Gold Medallist Dyers and Cleaners.

The British American Dyeing Co.,

Offices: 215 McGill St., 2433 Notre Dame St., 1595 St. Catherine St.

FOR OVER SIXTY YEARS.
An Old and Well-Tried Remedy.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, WITH PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, AND TAKE NO OTHER KIND. Twenty-Five Cents a Bottle.

PATENTS TRADE MARKS All Countries
FETHERSTONHAUGH & CO.,
SOLICITORS AN EXPERTS
Canada Life Building. MONTREAL.

PATENTS AND TRADE MARKS
OWEN N. EVANS,
Temple Building, Montreal.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

We solicit the business of Manufacturers, Engineers and others who realize the advisability of having their Patent business transacted by Experts. Preliminary advice free. Charges moderate. Our inventors' Help, 125 pages, sent upon request. Marion & Marion, New York Life Bldg. Montreal; and Washington, D.C. U.S.A.

ONE DAY IN CANADA.

ONTARIO.

Mrs. Benson, of Kingston, has left $2,000 to the General Hospital in that place.

Percy Glover, of Beamsville, took carbolic acid in mistake and is in a critical condition.

Over $32,000 worth of building permits were granted at Toronto in one day this week.

Clifford Burton, of Dundas, may lose his sight as a result of the accidental explosion of a shotgun.

Isaac Weyle, a farmer near Caledonia, cut a thistle out of his hand and is in Hamilton Hospital with blood poisoning.

George Aubrey, arrested by Constable Chauvin, of Stony Point, broke away from the officer and escaped by jumping from a train.

Alexander MacLean, the newly appointed trade commissioner of the Dominion to Japan, will sail from Vancouver on May 2nd.

The first cargo of the season, consisting of 101,000 bushels of wheat, was unloaded from the steamer Newmount at Collingwood on Tuesday.

The Atlas Loan havfe announced an action against John Campbell, of St. Thomas, to recover $7,505 alleged to be due on a promissory not made by him.

The incubator at the poultry department of the Experimental Farm, Ottawa, took fire and burned down the building in which it is located. Loss $2,000.

Hon. James Sutherland has offered the city of Woodstock ten acres of land known as Grant's Grove for a public park, the conditions are being considered by the Council.

The legal committee of the Ontario Legislature killed Dr. Reaume's bill to restrict the number of marriages in the city of Windsor, which has become a sort of Gretna Green for Detroit.

Chancellor Burwash was unanimously elected president of the Ontario Educational association. R. W. Doan and W. J. Hendry, Toronto, were re-elected secretary and treasurer respectively.

Geo. G. McPherson, of Stratford, has been appointed county crown attorney for Perth county, succeeding J. Idington, appointed to one of the seats in the new exchequer division of the high court of Ontario.

Councilor A. Patterson, has resigned from the town council of Smith's Falls. Mr. Patterson received word of the serious illness of his daughter at Strathcona, N.W.T., and intends going out there as soon as he can.

Canon Henry Kittson, of Christ Church Cathedral, Ottawa, is grateful to his congregation for a record Easter collection. The rector explained that he had need for $1,000, and the generous worshippers gave him between $1,300 and $1,400.

Magistrate Denison, of Toronto, sentenced the thieves who recently took diamonds and jewels from P. W. Ellis store. Harold Wonson, the employe, got one year, and Thomas Fair, who sold the stolen goods in the States, got three years.

The funeral of the late W. A. Stratton, K.C., LL.B., brother of Hon. J. R. Stratton, Provincial Secretary, took place Wednesday afternoon to the Little Lake Cemetery and was conducted under the auspices of the Masonic Order. The funeral was exceptionally largely attended.

It is stated that a solution of the difficulties between the Sydney and Glace Bay Railway Company and the Cape Breton Electric has been reached by the appointment of A. N. McLennan to the position of manager of the former. Mr. McLennan was formerly manager of the Sydney and Louisburg railway.

Martin Jordan, a Kingston carter, was killed by the west bound G.T.R. express yesterday morning, near the Kingston Junction. He and John Donahoe were trying to board the train as it moved out with the intention of stealing a ride. The vestibule door was shut and they could not get a footing, after being carried for half a mile they let go.

Jack, 7 year old son of J. W. Chambers, was found yesterday hanging by one arm to an apple tree near Port Dominion. He had been carried off from the door of his home by an eagle that had come to the farm to a tree. He was stripped of clothing, and left to perish. The boy's life was saved by his pet dog, following the eagle's flight, and afterwards piloting back to the scene. Detectives are after the perpetrator.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Rev. Dr. Saunders gave additional interesting reminiscences of the Duke's visits at Wolfville and Annapolis. Lieut.-Governor Jones, Geo. J. Troop, M.L.C., President Forrest Prof. McMechan, Dr. A. H. MacKay, Superintendent of Education, were among the audience.

J. C. Larder, formerly of Halifax, was elected alderman for Ward 4, Sydney, to fill the vacancy caused by the appointment of City Solicitor Ross today. His only opponent was J. A. Clarke, formerly of Mulgrave, N.S. The vote polled was the largest in the history of the ward, and stood 187 to 85.

The elections for two additional councillors for the town of Glace Bay, took place. Three candidates were in the field and Young and Ogilvie were elected with votes of 658 and 643 respectively. Morrison, the defeated candidate, receiving but 209. Glace Bay is the only town in the province boasting of eight councillors.

Owing to the action of the Board of Health, there will be no April session of Supreme or County Courts at Sydney. The Barristers Society decided to adjourn the terms until May. No new cases have developed since Sunday and the city medical adviser is of the opinion that the outbreak can be confined to the present twenty-six cases.

Mr. A. M. Payne lectured on the life and times of H. R. H. the Duke of Kent, at a meeting of the Nova Scotian Historical Society. A vote of thanks was moved by Major General Sir Charles Parsons who intimated his willingness to have the old Town Clock, to which Mr. Payne had referred, preserved for the citizens of Halifax.

The St. John Telegraph says: The Allan liner Bavarian which arrived here Sunday was in communication with the Cunarder Lucania by wireless on March 30. The Bavarian had taken the southerly course because of the ice. Leaving Liverpool wireless communication with the Cunarder Aurania, which was off Holyhead returning from the Mediterranean, was had at eighty-five miles distance. Communication with Seaforth was kept up for ninety-five miles and after leaving Moville the ship was in touch with Malin Head for ninety miles. The wireless apparatus on the Bavarian is in charge of Reginald Crofts.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

The theological examination of candidates for the ministry of the Methodist Church, in connection with the conference of New Brunswick and P. E. Island, and the literary and theological examination of probationers will be held in Fredericton Sackville and Charlottetown on Tuesday, April 12.

The inquest in to Mary Duncan's death at Fredericton, was adjourned pending the result of the analysis of the girl's stomach. Sergeant McCully testified that he had known the deceased for two years and was to have been married to her next summer. He denied that he had ever had improper relations with the girl. About a fortnight before her death she told him she fell and injured her side. He was in the habit of supplying her with simple medicines such as quinine pills, for a cold, but was not aware prior to her death that the deceased was in a state of pregnancy.

MANITOBA AND THE WEST.

A feed and livery stable at Carberry Man., owned by William Ransom and occupied by J. J. Hamilton, was burned.

Winnipeg's vital statistics for March show an exceptionally large number of deaths, the figures being: Males, 82, females, 63. Births were: Males, 68, females, 73.

Three carloads of Chinamen passed through Winnipeg in bond. Twenty-two of them are en route to Jamaica, the balance being destined for various points in the eastern states.

As a result of the recent investigation into the irregular sale of civic lots at Calgary, City Clerk McMillan and City Solicitor Smith have resigned. Both resignations were accepted, and City Assessor Burns was appointed temporarily to fill the city clerkship. The Council also asked Mr. Feetham, city auditor, who was present on the night Ald. McKenzie and Ald. McDonald were looking over the lots with the city clerk, to resign.

QUEBEC.

The annual meeting of the Lake St. John Colonization Society will be held on the 25th inst. in the Private Bills Committee room, Legislative Assembly, Quebec. In the afternoon several subjects in connection with colonization will be discussed, and in the evening there will be a musical reunion. The society now has a membership of 1,400 in the Lake St. John region and 500 in Quebec.

CANADA LIFE POLICYHOLDERS.

During 1903 the Canada Life paid about $1,675,000 to policy-holders and their beneficiaries. Some day it will be your own family's turn to need the proceeds of insurance. How have you provided for this?

Boils were so painful could not sleep at night.

APPEARED ON NECK, LEGS AND ARMS.

Burdock Blood Bitters CURED THEM.

It is well known to all that bad blood is the direct cause of all skin diseases and it is necessary for the blood to be cleansed before the eruptions will disappear. For this purpose there is nothing to equal Burdock Blood Bitters as the thousands of testimonials we have on hand will testify.

Mr. Willard Thompson, McNeill's Mills, P.E.I., writes us as follows: "I wish to state to you what Burdock Blood Bitters has done for me. Some time ago my blood got out of order and many boils appeared on my neck, legs and arms. They were so painful that I could not sleep at night. After having tried many different remedies without any success, I finally decided, on the advice of a friend, to use Burdock Blood Bitters. Before I had quite used two bottles the boils had completely disappeared, and I wish to emphasize the fact that I think Burdock Blood Bitters the best blood purifier on the market to-day."

THE WORLD OVER

New York. Former Congressman Timothy J. Campbell, died at his residence in this city yesterday, of pneumonia.

New York. It was announced that 25,000 garment workers would strike on May 1, on protest against the "open shop" proposition, which the employers will enforce. The open shop plan has been adopted by the employers in the garment trade throughout the United States.

Vienna. The Czar has sent Prince Mathias Radziwill, from Warsaw to Gallicia, to induce the Polish leaders there to use their influence against the anti-Russian sentiments of the Russian Poles. It is reported that the Russian Government has decided to proclaim a state of siege in Poland.

Washington. The Senate devoted practically its entire time today to eulogies upon the character of the late Senator Hanna. Mr. Foraker presented the usual resolutions of sorrow and asked for their consideration. The galleries were crowded by friends and admirers of the late senator, and the speakers were given close attention. Mr. Foraker was the first speaker, and he was followed by Mr. Scott.

New York. The Peary Arctic Club was incorporated in Brooklyn yesterday. The incorporators and directors include Commander Robert E. Peary, U.S.A., of Washington, D.C., Morris K. Jesup, Henry Parsh, and John H. Flagler, of Manhattan, and Anton A. Raven, and Herbert T. Ridgemann, of Brooklyn. In the application is set forth that the applicants desire to associate themselves together for the purpose of promoting and maintaining explorations in the Polar Sea.

CANADA LIFE POLICYHOLDERS.

During 1903 the Canada Life paid about $1,675,000 to policy-holders and their beneficiaries. Some day it will be your own family's turn to need the proceeds of insurance? How have you provided for this?

THE WORLD OVER

New York. Former Congressman Timothy J. Campbell, died at his residence in this city yesterday, of pneumonia.

New York. It was announced that 25,000 garment workers would strike on May 1, on protest against the "open shop" proposition, which the employers will enforce. The open shop plan has been adopted by the employers in the garment trade throughout the United States.

Vienna. The Czar has sent Prince Mathias Radziwill, from Warsaw to Gallicia, to induce the Polish leaders there to use their influence against the anti-Russian sentiments of the Russian Poles. It is reported that the Russian Government has decided to proclaim a state of siege in Poland.

Washington. The Senate devoted practically its entire time today to eulogies upon the character of the late Senator Hanna. Mr. Foraker presented the usual resolutions of sorrow and asked for their consideration. The galleries were crowded by friends and admirers of the late senator, and the speakers were given close attention. Mr. Foraker was the first speaker, and he was followed by Mr. Scott.

New York. The Peary Arctic Club was incorporated in Brooklyn yesterday. The incorporators and directors include Commander Robert E. Peary, U.S.A., of Washington, D.C., Morris K. Jesup, Henry Parsh, and John H. Flagler, of Manhattan, and Anton A. Raven, and Herbert T. Ridgemann, of Brooklyn. In the application is set forth that the applicants desire to associate themselves together for the purpose of promoting and maintaining explorations in the Polar Sea.

HONORED BY HIS COLLEAGUES.

Ex-Lieut. J. Taylor, who has just retired from the police force after twenty five years' service, was the recipient, last night, at No. 9 station, of a handsome testimonial. The presentation took the form of a gold locket, engraved on one side with a Masonic emblem, and on the other with the recipient's name, date, and by whom presented. Inspector McMahon, on behalf of the officers and men of No. 9, made the presentation. Captain Egan also testified to the able manner in which Lieut. Taylor had always performed his duties, and Constable Markey spoke of the good feelings which had always existed between the officer and his men.

A GRUESOME SOUVENIR.

Duncan McCuaig, who was sentenced by Judge St. Pierre, at Beauharnois, to serve ten years in the penitentiary in connection with the death of Kilgour, who was shot at Huntingdon on July 1 last, passed through Montreal Monday, on his way to St. Vincent de Paul.

While waiting at police headquarters for the train, McCuaig, who was handcuffed to an Indian, exhibited a blood-stained handkerchief which he had been carrying ever since the crime. He claimed that the blood was the result of blows received from steel knuckles during the fray that ended in Kilgour's death.

TOO FOND OF SKIPPING.

A little girl named Stetham, of No. 27 Dominion Street, a pupil of Royal Arthur School, is seriously ill from a very peculiar cause. Since the advent of spring she became a great enthusiast of the skipping rope, and two days ago, while trying to show her endurance, she exhausted herself so much as to become unconscious. Her condition is reported serious.

Colonial House,
PHILLIPS SQUARE.

Carpet DEPARTMENT

New Styles for Spring, 1904, Now on Exhibition.

Superior Finish, Highest Quality WILTON, AXMINSTER, BRUSSELS and TAPESTRY, in the newest design and colors, and of special and private patterns.

WOOL SQUARES, in a new departure of colors and design, not obtainable in any other fabric.

FIBRE and COTTON CASHMERE RUGS, in many new colorings and designs, showing effects different from any other floor covering.

TURKISH, INDIAN and PERSIAN RUGS, in all sizes and colors, also a large assortment of PALACE STRIPS, to be sold for one week at 25 p.c. cash.

We also wish to draw attention to our large assortment of PERSIAN GOODS, such as Embroideries and Brass Ware, Mosque Table Covers, Bagdad Curtains and Portieres. Brass Ware comprises Umbrella Stands, Jardiniere Trays, Candle Sticks, also ANTIQUE WEAPONS such as Guns, Swords, Daggers, etc., all to be sold less 25 p.c. cash.

AXMINSTER RUGS, in all sizes, colors and design.

We also take orders for Special Sizes RUGS in AXMINSTER, of Special Quality, in any design or colors to suit any decorations. "Exclusive Patterns."

LINOLEUM, CORK CARPET, INLAID LINOLEUM, OILCLOTH, in large variety of colors and designs.

COCOA MATS and COCOA MATTINGS, RUBBER and WIRE MATS.

Now in Stock a full line of FIBRE and JAPANESE MATTINGS, in new designs and colors.

MADE-UP SQUARES, in Wilton and Axminster, less 25 p.c.

MADE-UP SQUARES, in Tapestry and Brussels, less 20 p.c.

Special Line of WILTON, AXMINSTER, BRUSSELS and TAPESTRY CARPETS, from 10 to 20 p.c.

Old Carpets taken up, Cleaned, Beaten, Altered, and Relaid on Short Notice.

Special Attention Given to Mail Orders.

Henry Morgan & Co.
MONTREAL.

THIBETANS FIRE ON THE BRITISH

Made Treacherous Attack on the British Officers They Invited to Parley.

London, April 8. The correspondent of the Times with the Thibetans expedition in a despatch dated Kalatso, April 7, reports that 200 Thibetans, holding the village of Samondu invited a delegation from a reconnoitering party to approach. When the delegation were 120 yards from the Thibetans, the latter fired a volley at them. No casualties are reported. The despatch adds that the Thibetans are determined to oppose the British advance to Gyangtse, from which place reinforcements are arriving. Contact is expected on Friday.

London, April 8. A despatch to the Times, from Kalatzo, Thibet, dated yesterday, reports that 200 Thibetans at the village of Samondu, by treacherously firing a volley at a party of British officers, whom they invited to parley with them, armed badly. No one was injured, but the action is supposed to indicate the tactics which the Thibetans intend to employ at Guru. The correspondent adds that reinforcements are arriving at Gyangtse to oppose the British advance.

GAYNOR-GREENE CASE CLOSED.

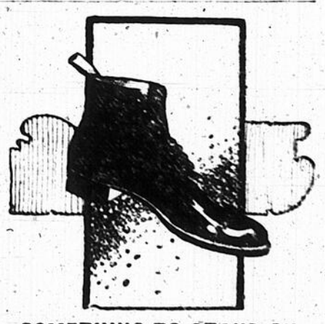
Savannah, Ga., April 8. In the United States court here Special Assistant Attorney Erwin secured a final decree against Benjamin D. Greene and John F. Gaynor in the two $10,000 forfeited recognizances. The decree, especially covering 498 shares of stock held by the defendants in the Savannah Dredging Company. Evidence showed that the stock had been transferred on the company's books at the time indictments were returned against the defendants and now stand in the names of Arthur R. Smith, of New York, and John F. Gaynor, Jr., of Canada, although the dividends thereon have been paid to the defendants. The funds were traced through New York. The Savannah Dredging Company is in liquidation, having been recently placed there by a fire.

UNCLE OF A C.P.R. OFFICIAL.

The remains of Mr. John Brown, uncle of Mr. McL. Brown, superintendent of the Canadian Pacific Sleeping Car Department, arrived here from Quebec last evening, en route for Hamilton, Ont., for interment. The deceased was a victim of the deadly scourge pneumonia.

THE LATEST STREET CONVEYANCE.

The first appearance of the automobile car, which is to convey the public across the Victoria bridge, took place yesterday afternoon, when it made a trial spin in the West End. It is like a street car without a trolley-pole, and is big enough to contain 30 persons.



SOMETHING TO STAND ON

The explanation of our success across the selling lies in the fact that we please our patrons and give them SHOES that are soft, pliable and comfortable. We make a steady customer out of you with the first pair

MOONEY'S,
For ST CATHERINE and ALEXANDER STREETS.
Tel. Up 1

J. H. R. MOLSON & BROS.

Ale and Porter Brewers.

Have always on hand the various kinds of

ALE and PORTER

Wood and Bottled.
Families Regularly Supplied.

600 Notre Dame St., Montreal

Dawes & Co.
BREWERS,
Pale Ales and Porter

LACHINE, P.Q. Tel. M 165-166

Montreal Office: 321 St. James Street.

DOW'S BREWERY
CHABOILLEZ SQUARE.

India Pale, Strong and Mild Ales, "Crown," "Double" and "Single" Stout.

FAMILIES SUPPLIED.

The following bottlers only are authorized to use our labels, viz.:
Wm Bishop, 58 Dorchester Street
The T. J. Howard Bottling Co., 688 Dorchester Street
Thomas Kinsella, 237 St. Antoine Street.
Wm. J. Rafferty, 30 and 32 Vallee Street.
A. H. Brown & Co., Ltd., 19 Aylmer Street.

WILLIAM DOW & CO.
Tel. Main 359.

OXFORD Without a Rival. **CAFE**

THE SMOKER OF

FRISCO CIGARS

Can depend on a pleasant smoke. Made only by the best Union workmen. Once tried always used.

Piles To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. 60c a box, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto,

Dr. Chase's Ointment

ALLAN LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
30 Steamers, Aggregating 166,304 Tons.

NEW STEAMSHIPS.
Victorian and Virginian (building)..12,000 tons. Triple screws
Tunisian ....10,570 tons. Twin screws
Bavarian ....10,370 tons. Twin screws
Ionian ..... 9,000 tons. Twin screws

TO LIVERPOOL.
Calling at Moville.
ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

From Liverpool.		From St. John.	From Halifax.
24 Mar..	Bavarian	9 Apr.	11 Apr.
31 Mar..	Pretorian		18 Apr.
7 Apr...	Parisian	23 Apr.	25 Apr.
14 Apr..	Tunisian	30 Apr.	2 May

	From Montreal.	From Quebec.
21 Apr. Ionian	7 May, 9 a.m.,	6 p.m.
28 Apr. Bavarian	14 May, 9 a.m.,	11 p.m.

Tunisian and Bavarian are the largest and finest steamers on the Canadian route. Record passage, Tunisian, Moville to Rimouski, 6 days, 5 hours, 37 minutes.

The saloons and staterooms are in the central part, where least motion is felt. Electricity is used for lighting the ship throughout, the lights being at the command of the passengers any hour of the night. Music rooms and smoking rooms on the promenade deck. The saloons and staterooms are heated by steam.

RATES OF PASSAGE—Cabin, $65. Round Trip tickets, $117.00 upwards, according to steamer and location of room. Second Cabin $37.50 to $42.50.

Steerage — To Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Belfast or Londonderry, including a plentiful supply of provisions cooked and served, and every requisite for the voyage, $25.00 and $26.00.

GLASGOW SERVICE

From New York.	From Montreal.
14 Apr... Numidian	
28 Apr... Mongolian	
Corinthian	Wed. 4 May
Sicilian	Wed. 25 May

Rates—First Cabin, $50 and upwards; return tickets, $81.00 and upwards. Second Cabin, to Glasgow or Londonderry, $35; return tickets, $66.50. Steerage, $25.00 and everything necessary provided.

Steamers on this service have excellent accommodation for all classes of passengers.

The Saloons are forward: Staterooms near the centre of the ship. Promenade deck the entire width of the vessel, and two-thirds of the length. Electric lights throughout, and electric bells in every stateroom.

H. & A. ALLAN
55 Common Street, Montreal.

Canadian Pacific Ry. Atlantic Steamship Lines.

ST. JOHN, N.B., AND LIVERPOOL.
WINTER SAILINGS.

From Liverpool.	From St. John.
Tues., Mar. 29, Lake Erie	Sat., April 9
Tues., April 5 Lake Manitoba	Sat., April 23

From Montreal.	
Tues., April 19 Lake Champlain	Thurs. May 5
Tues., May 3 Lake Erie	Thurs. May 19
Tues., May 10 Lake Manitoba	Thurs. May 26
Tues., May 24 Lake Champlain	Thurs. June 9

Steamers sail from West St. John, N.B., at 9.00 a.m. (standard time) on the arrival of the C.P.R. train from the West.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First Class, $65 and upwards. Tourist and Second Class at reduced rates. Second Class, to Liverpool, $27.50; to London, $40.00. Steerage, to Liverpool, Queenstown, Belfast, London, Glasgow, Londonderry and Queenstown, $25.00.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP LINES.
Board of Trade Building, St. Sacrament St., Montreal.

REFORD AGENCIES

GLASGOW SAILINGS.
DONALDSON LINE.

LONDON SAILINGS.
THOMSON LINE.

W. THOMSON & SONS, AGENTS.

THE ROBERT REFORD CO., LIMITED.
2 ST. SACRAMENT STREET, MONTREAL.
D. C. WOOD, Western Agent, Room 51 Board of Trade, TORONTO.

FURNESS, WITHY & CO. (LIMITED)

PROPOSED SAILINGS.
MANCHESTER LINERS LIMITED.
St. John, N.B., and Manchester.

From Manchester.	From St. John.
7 April	*Manchester Trader	April 23
30 April	*Manchester City	May 10
7 May	*Manchester Commerce	May 25
14 May	Manchester Corporation	June 5
20 May	Manchester Trader	June 15

*Fitted with cold storage.

Above Steamers have first class accommodation for a limited number of passengers.

Canada-South Africa Joint Service
ST. JOHN, N.B., TO CAPETOWN, DURBAN, PORT ELIZABETH AND EAST LONDON.

*Wyandotte	April 12

And at regular monthly intervals thereafter from Montreal.
*Fitted with cold storage.

For further particulars apply to
FURNESS, WITHY & CO., Limited, Agents,
44 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER STREET, MONTREAL.

DOMINION LINE
STEAMSHIPS

WEEKLY SAILINGS TO LIVERPOOL

From Portland.		From Montreal.	
Dominion	April 2	Dominion	May 7
Southwark	April 9	Southwark	May 14
Canada	April 16	Canada	May 21
Cornishman	April 23	Labrador	May 28
Kensington	April 30	Kensington	June 4

MODERATE RATES.

Ask agents for particulars of moderate rate service.

To Liverpool, $37.50; To London, $40.00 and upwards, according to steamer and berth. For all particulars as to passage apply to local agents or

THE DOMINION LINE,
17 St. Sacrament Street, Montreal.

THE INTERCOLONIAL COAL MINING COMPANY, LTD.

Works—Drummond Colliery, Westville, Nova Scotia.

Miners and Producers of "Drummond" Coal and Coke, from the celebrated Pictou Seams of Nova Scotia. Offered in all sizes and quantities to suit purchasers. Shipments by water or rail.

Head Office, Room 311, Merchants Bank Building, Montreal.

WOMAN AND HER INTERESTS.

Personal and Society Notes.

Mr. Septimus Barrow, Quebec, is in the city.

Miss Poupore, of Montreal, is at Ottawa, the guest of Mrs. Thomson.

Master Adrian Fletcher has returned to Loyola College from Ottawa.

Miss M. E. McLeod-Moore, The Stanley, has returned from New York.

Mr. F. H. Bethune, who returned home for Easter, left last night for Toronto.

Sir Alex. Lacoste and Justice Wurtele and Ouimet, registered at the Chateau yesterday.

Messrs. Campbell Laing and J. Samuel, Montreal, are guests at the Chateau, Quebec.

Mr. Richard Lake, who has been the guest of Mr. W. Price, at Quebec, has returned to Montreal.

Miss I. H. Macpherson is the guest of her cousin, Miss J. Stewart, 453 Elm Avenue, Westmount.

Miss Lois Fellows who spent Easter at Ottawa, the guest of Mrs. W. Wyld, has returned to Montreal.

Rev. Robert Johnston, D.D., left last night for New York to attend the meeting of the New York Presbytery.

Mrs. Gurd, who is the guest of her mother, Mrs. J. R. Thibaudeau, will return to Detroit early next week.

Mrs. Alexander Johnston, Sherbrooke Street, has issued invitations for a reception Saturday evening, April 23.

Mr. E. H. Lemay, Harbor Commissioner, returned to the city yesterday after spending the Easter holidays at Atlantic City.

Miss Laura Smith, Ottawa, entertained at a tea for not-outs Wednesday afternoon in honor of Miss Eileen Smith, of Montreal.

Mrs. H. A. Hodgson, Argyle Avenue, Westmount, entertained informally last evening in honor of her guest, Miss Anderson, of Ottawa.

Mrs. Geo. A. Drummond, Sherbrooke Street, entertained at luncheon on Wednesday in honor of Mlle. Vianzone, of Russia. Covers were laid for sixteen.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Alloway, who passed through the city yesterday on their return from Egypt, will spend some days at Buckingham, en route to Winnipeg.

The marraige will take place in Gananoque, Wednesday, April 20, of Miss Beatrice Reid, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David J. Reid, to Mr. Henry Armstrong Crooks, of Paris.

Lady Davies, of Ottawa, was the hostess at a small luncheon this week, covers being laid for fourteen. Afterwards the guests enjoyed some delightful music, vocal and instrumental.

The marriage of Dr. J. N. Boivin, of St. Martine, Beauce, and brother of Mr. Jos. Boivin, Assistant Provincial Secretary, to Miss Eva Lemieux, daughter of Mr. Alfred Lemieux, accountant, of Levis, is announced to take place at Levis, April 25.

A drawing room meeting was held at Ottawa Wednesday afternoon at the residence of the Bishop of Ottawa and Mrs. Hamilton, at four o'clock, when an interesting address upon Education was given by Miss Smith, principal of King's Hall, Compton.

Lady Eileen Elliot had the misfortune to lose her diary which was burnt during the recent fire at Government House. The loss is an irreparable one to her, as in it she had kept a faithful record of all that had happened and of the principal people whom she had met during her stay in Canada.

Sir Frederick and Lady Borden, Ottawa, entertained at dinner Wednesday evening, in honor of the Duke of Sutherland, the other guests being Lady Laurier, Sir Charles and Lady Ross, Sir Elzear and Lady Taschereau, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Borden, and Hon. Mr. Lemieux.

The following ladies have very kindly consented to act as patronesses at the "At Home" given by the Westmount Hockey Club next Thursday evening in Victoria Hall:—Mrs. Peter McKenzie, Mrs. Geo. D. McKay, Mrs. Jas. Baillie, Mrs. C. B. Powter, and Mrs. D. McNicoll.

Mr. C. B. Pitblado, who has been connected with Mr. F. L. Hutchinson, broker, for the past two years, has been appointed manager of the Royal Securities Company of Halifax, and will leave for that city next week. Mr. and Mrs. Pitblado have made many friends in Montreal, who will regret their departure.

Mrs. M. Rubenstein, Sherbrooke St., entertained at a delightful euchre yesterday afternoon in honor of her guest, Miss Franklyn, of Toronto. The drawing-room and tea-room were prettily decorated with American Beauty roses. Cards were played at eighteen tables, the prize-winners being Mrs. Laing, Miss Franklyn, Mrs. L. H. Packard, Mrs. Traversey and Miss Stone.

Justice Nesbitt, Ottawa, entertained at luncheon at the Rideau Club on Wednesday, in honor of the Duke of Sutherland. Covers were laid for twenty-two. The guests were Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir William Mulock, Sir Charles Ross, Chief Justice Sir Elzear Taschereau, Sir Louis Davis, Hon. Wm. Fielding, Hon. Sidney Fisher, Hon. Clifford Sifton, Sir Frederick Borden, Hon. William Paterson, Mr. R. L. Borden, Mr. Justice Burbidge, Mr. Justice Sedgewick, Mr. Justice Killam, Mr. Sheriff Sweetland, Hon. John Haggart, Mr. Barker, M.P., Mr. Casgrain, Mr. Newcombe, Mr. E. B. Osler.

Mr. Justice Wurtele, Mrs. Wurtele and Miss O'Brien, when in Washington a few days ago, had the privilige of a private interview with President Roosevelt, arranged for through the courtesy of Secretary of War Taft, an old friend of Judge Wurtele's. The President was very cordial in his reception of the Canadians, and in the course of conversation laughingly said that so long as his political party was in power there would be no coercive measures designed to draw Canada or any other country into alliance with the Republic. Rather, he looked forward to the day when Great Britain and her colonies, acting as one great English-speaking nation, would stand side by side with the United States in the march of civilization.

* * *

Mrs. J. R. Thibaudeau, Durocher St., entertained at a young people's tea yesterday afternoon in honor of her daughter, Mrs. Gurd, of Detroit. The hostess received in a gown of black crepe de chine, and Mrs. Gurd wore a lace gown of ecru guipure. The tea table, which was prettily decorated with red carnations, was in charge of Mrs. Aime Geoffrion and Miss Gagnon, assisted by Miss Gascoigne, Miss Boyer and Miss Villiard. Among those present were the Misses Lacoste, Miss Taschereau, Miss Stearns, the Misses Laroceque, Miss Marguerite Steele, Miss Stanley Bagg, the Misses Raphael, Miss Fateux, Mrs. Guy Boyer, Miss Boyer, Mrs. Hamel, Mrs. Howard, Miss Taylor, Miss Georgette Roy, Miss Labelle, and many others.

* * *

The following ladies are on the reception committee for the dance in aid of the Children's Memorial Hospital, to be held at the Place Viger this evening:—Lady Tait, Mrs. Andrew A. Allan, Mrs. Hugh A. Allan, Mrs. P. Buchanan, Mrs. V. Buchanan, Mrs. Colin Campbell, Mrs. Frank Caverhill, Mrs. Harold Eadie, Mrs. W. F. Forbes, Mrs. Hugh Graham, Mrs. Arthur Hamilton, Mrs. Robert Loring, Mrs. Allan Mackenzie, Mrs. Vincent Meredith, Mrs. Charles Meredith, Mrs. Herbert Molson, Mrs J. J. M. Pangman, Mrs. Herbert Redpath, Mrs. Farquhar Robertson, Mrs. Geo. H. Smithers, Mrs. Louis Sutherland, Miss Evelyn Stanley Bagg, Miss Maud Baker, Miss May Barclay, Miss Muriel Coristine, Miss Kathleen Davidson, Miss Annie Ewan, Miss Hingston, Miss Marjorie Howard, Miss Hosmer, Miss Lorraine Percy, Miss Lily Peterson, Miss Nora Piers, Miss Phyllis Porteous, Miss Ruby Ramsay, Miss Beatrice Rawlings, Miss Cecilia Shepherd, Miss Margaret Stearns, Miss Muriel Stikeman and Miss Alice Sutherland.

A DAINTY HOME-DINNER BLOUSE

White chiffon, with a silk embroidered dot, fashions this dainty Morris dinner waist. The collar, the epauletted yoke and the cuff are of a very fine Paraguay lace, and the embroidered chiffon is laid over a plain chiffon of the same tint, the whole being mounted upon a perfectly fitted featherboned silk lining. A narrow crush ceinture of white satin finishes the blouse.

Nurses Ask for Higher Rates

The Nurses Association, headquarters at 175 Mansfield Street, have recently issued a circular containing a new schedule of rates. Some of the doctors have opposed the changes and the impression has gone abroad that the rates have become exorbitantly high. This impression seems to be a mistaken one, and the new charges do not seem to have in any way limited the work of the nurses.

"I do not consider the rates that the Nurses Association is charging is very high," said one doctor, "I am not employing any of them at present, however." The cards showing their new rates were forwarded to the doctors, some little time ago. Some of the latter were displeased at the idea of raising their prices. The consequence may possibly be that inexperienced nurses may get a little of the work that has gone to the Association.

"I cannot understand why there has been opposition and dissatisfaction among the doctors, on account of the increase in our schedule of rates," said the woman, who was upholding the side of the Nurses' Association, spoke earnestly. "The former rate was $14 a week, or $2.00 a day with higher rates for special diseases. The rate has been raised to $16 a week, a difference of only $2.00 a week. There are also certain considerations which the nurse demands, one is that she be not obliged to pay for her meals out of her daily wage, another that she shall have at least eight hours off duty for rest. The rates for special cases are also raised, and tuberculosis is classed as a contagious disease, the charge being $3.00 a day. In the States the ordinary wage is $25 a week for trained nurses. It is higher in Ottawa and Toronto than in Montreal, and higher in the surrounding country than in the city. The room rent and incidentals have gone up in price and the nurses feel that the extra $2.00 will only cover the extra expense of living.

"The nurses in our association are all graduate nurses, and from only those hospitals large enough to give satisfactory training. We take them from the Royal Victoria, the General, the Western, the Woman's and the Maternity in the city, but few nurses who graduate from our hospitals, care to remain in Montreal, on account of the poor pay, and so they go to the States.

"We have raised the rate for alcoholic cases to $5.00 a day. We do not want these cases, we have always said we did not want these cases, and if they want nurses they must pay for them."

"Why do the doctors oppose the raise?" was asked.

"I do not know," was the answer. "Some think we have taken too decided a stand, and do not seem to think we are privileged to take such a step. One of them was very angry, but his anger has availed nothing, for the association is for the benefit of the nurses, protects the nurses regardless of outside criticism, and is run on business principles."

Good Will Club.

The annual meeting of the Good-will Club was held at the Home, 2078 St. Catherine Street at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Rev. Dr. Symonds presiding.

In presenting her report the secretary stated that one hundred girls had been on the roll call during the season and had faithfully attended the meetings, though many had a long distance to come. In the charity circle of the club there had been last year thirty-seven members, which had this season been increased to fifty, and in consequence there was now a bank account of $98. Votes of thanks were given by the secretary to the many kind friends of the officers of the club who so ably assisted at the social evenings which were held the last Friday of every month during the winter; also to the president, Miss Howard and the treasurer, Miss Hepburn, for the devotedness in the club's interests.

Miss Hepburn's report of this year's finances was most encouraging, though she stated, a previous debt of $150 was still in abeyance, and which it was impossible to meet under present conditions. The receipts of the year were $544.87, and expenditure $542.40. Miss Hepburn stated to keep free of debt the club required in excess of the present receipts at least $200 a year more.

The president, Miss Howard, then read the report of the Holiday House at Berthier, stating that this was the twelfth year the club had been able to give a two weeks' much needed rest and change during the summer months to fifty-five of Montreal's hard working girls, and already she had many applications for the coming season. Through the kindness of Mr. Leibick, Berthier, in allowing the use of some empty rooms in the school house, the club had been able to accommodate several more than usual last summer, as the Home itself was overcrowded. The financial report showed receipts $585.91; expenditure, $535.15. Miss Howard spoke very forcibly of the work being done at Berthier and of the increasing need each year of more accommodation and help from the public to meet the many passing demands. In conclusion Miss Howard asked contributions for the Good-will old clothes store, where garments were neatly mended and sold to the poor for a trifle on application to her, bags for old clothing would be sent to all friends wishing to help in the work.

Dr. Symonds spoke a few words in warm appreciation of the love and devotedness of the other officers of the club and of the charitable, practical and interesting work being done. That it was a preventative work. Hospitals and homes for the sick there were many, but this was the greatest charity of all to prevent, if possible that sickness.

At the close o fthe meeting tea was served.

A Debutante.

A puff, a frill, a bit of lace,
A patch of powder on the face;
A rounded arm, a slender neck,
White shoulders, without flaw or fleck,
And—nothing more.

A row of teeth, an infant smile,
A glance quite innocent of guile,
A little head well packed with lore,
Of flounce, fichu and proper gore,
A knowing that the world is round,
Some dim ideas of "time" and "sound,"
And—nothing more.

A phrase or two of French, you know,
Enough rag-time to make a show,
A sweet contempt for old-time ways,
For classic bards or modern lays,
A constancy much like the wind,
But scant regard for men who grind,
And—nothing more.

A mannerism not too bold,
A deep idolatry of gold,
A high resolve to play no part
Where one surrenders to the heart,
And—nothing more.

A puff, a frill, a bit of lace,
A patch of powder on the face,
A soul in which small interests lie—
A simple social butterfly,
And—nothing more.

Pin Money.

"I've made fifty dollars within the last four weeks," said a woman lately, who is especially clever at recognizing the commercial sunshine which is propituous for making pin money hay.

"How in the world do you do it?" asked the friend admiringly.

"Sleeve frills. You wouldn't believe how many pairs I've sold," was the answer.

Isn't there a little hint for dozens of women in that reply? Women who want pocket money for a special reason within a given time?

For while the ready-made article appeals to the hurried business woman and to her of slender purse, there remains the wide leisure class who will wear only the hand-made sort. These are patrons who pay well for the right kind of work.

In dress sleeves the use of the ruffle is usually confined to a Watteau frill, which falls from an elbow or a three-quarter length sleeve. The sleeve, coming to the wrist, is made close-fitting, at least to the depth of a cuff, around the hand.

Coat sleeves are more frequently flaring, or they are drawn into a wide vandyke cuff. From the inside fall the soft, full frills, often shaped off from a width of four or five inches at the front to seven or eight inches at the back.

Only the finest of lace is available for this beautiful trimmer, for if ever a poor grade shows up at its cheapest it is when put to such a use.

From one and a half to two or three yards of lace are required for each sleeve, so that the finish is by no means inexpensive.

But to the woman viewing the matter from a commercial standpoint, the dainty lingerie frills are most interesting.

To many of us they are even more exquisite than those of lace, and it is in their delicate handiwork that most business is done by the free lance embroiderers.

Fagoting, Mexican or Taoro drawnwork and many other forms of needlework are used for these linen ruffles.

In the way of finish there are the various narrow wash ribbons, narrow Valenciennes lace, appliques of ecru tinted batiste, tucks, lace braid and broderie Anglaise.

Sweet Peas.

About this time of year the woman with even the smallest bit of a garden plot at command begins to think longingly of August sweet peas.

The impulse is a good one, both as regards season and enterprise, for, contrary to the prevailing belief, the little "painted ladies" are easy of cultivation, even in the hands of an amateur.

If thoroughly satisfactory results are hoped for too much stress cannot be placed upon the necessity for early and deep planting.

The trenches should be at least one foot in depth, and all the better if two feet, to insure the roots plenty of protection from the heat later on, and deep soil to draw upon, for they are gross feeders. A layer of rich soil should be put in the bottom of the trench. A mixture of thoroughly decomposed manure and a good garden earth or other rich deep soil, makes a good bedding. As the plants grow the trench must be filled in with the prepared soil until even with the surrounding ground.

As soon as the plants show the slightest tendency to vine they should be provided with a support to which the tendrils may attach themselves. I have found nothing better or more convenient for this purpose than wire netting, which may be purchased by the yard.

The sweet pea is one of the thirstiest of plants, and during the heated term, when the earth and atmosphere give forth little moisture, should daily receive a generous allowance of water, not a mere sprinkling, but a drenching.

This neglect to water regularly and thoroughly accounts for many failures in sweet pea culture.

Another essential to satisfactory sweet pea growing is a sunny exposure. I have proved to my satisfaction that this point is an important one.

Those grown in the shade are neither so thrifty nor is the bloom so rich in color or so abundant as when grown in the sun.

The sweet pea grower should remember that to be prodigal in the cutting of the bloom is the surest way to secure an increase.

For the Cook.

Bananas.

Baked Bananas and Apples.—Remove the skin from the large, ripe bananas, put them in a porcelain or granite baking-pan; add six tablespoonfuls of water; bake in a quick oven for twenty minutes, basting three or four times. Core, without paring, six large, sweet apples; stand them in a baking pan; add half a cup of water; bake in a quick oven for twenty minutes, basting two or three times. The natural sugar of the apple will dissolve in the water, and the basting will soften the skin. Serve the bananas and apples together, either hot or cold.

Banana Float.—Pour over a dish of sliced bananas (about a dozen) the juice of one lemon. Make a custard of one cupful of milk, one-half cupful of sugar, yolks of three eggs and grated rind of the lemon. Cook over water until smooth and pour over the bananas while hot. When cold cover with a meringue of the whites of the three eggs and one tablespoonful of sugar. Small spoonfuls of jelly make a pretty and palatable garnishing.

Banana Tarts—This is a very simple dish and only mentioned because of its simplicity in time of need, when scant labor can be given to the day's dessert. Unless you have plenty of time and are an expert in making puff paste, it will be better to buy your tart shells at the baker's. The shells are very inexpensive. Fill the shells with thin slices of bananas, and pour over the whole just before serving whipped cream, which has been sweetened and flavored with vanilla extract. This is an exceedingly dainty and palatable dish.

Bananas and Rice.—Boil the rice as you would a vegetable, drain perfectly dry and put it in the bottom of your platter. Have the bananas baked; place them over the top of the rice, dust with sugar, put over a teaspoonful of lemon and serve at once.

Mrs. Hughson, of Chicago, whose letter follows, is another woman in high position who owes her health to the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered for several years with general weakness and bearing-down pains, caused by womb trouble. My appetite was fitful, and I would lie awake for hours, and could not sleep, until I seemed more weary in the morning than when I retired. After reading one of your advertisements I decided to try the merits of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, and I am so glad I did. No one can describe the good it did me. I took three bottles faithfully, and besides building up my general health, it drove all disease and poison out of my body, and made me feel as spry and active as a young girl. Mrs. Pinkham's medicines are certainly all they are claimed to be."—MRS. M. E. HUGHSON, 347 East Ohio St., Chicago, Ill.

Mrs. Pinkham Tells How Ordinary Tasks Produce Displacements.

Apparently trifling incidents in woman's daily life frequently produce displacements of the womb. A slip on the stairs, lifting during menstruation, standing at a counter, running a sewing machine, or attending to the most ordinary tasks may result in displacement, and a train of serious evils is started.

The first indication of such trouble should be the signal for quick action. Don't let the condition become chronic through neglect or a mistaken idea that you can overcome it by exercise or leaving it alone.

More than a million women have regained health by the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

If the slightest trouble appears which you do not understand write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for her advice, and a few timely words from her will show you the right thing to do. This advice costs you nothing, but it may mean life or happiness or both.

Mrs. Lelah Stowell, 177 Wellington St., Kingston, Ont., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—You are indeed a godsend to women, and if they all knew what you could do for them, there would be no need of their dragging out miserable lives in agony.

"I suffered for years with bearing-down pains, womb trouble, nervousness, and excruciating headache, but a few bottles of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** made life look new and promising to me. I am light and happy, and I do not know what sickness is, and I now enjoy the best of health."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound can always be relied upon to restore health to women who thus suffer. It is a sovereign cure for the worst forms of female complaints,—that bearing-down feeling, weak back, failing and displacement of the womb, inflammation of the ovaries, and all troubles of the uterus or womb. It dissolves and expels tumors from the uterus in the early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. It subdues excitability, nervous prostration, and tones up the entire female system. Its record of cures is the greatest in the world, and should be relied upon with confidence.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Herald Serials are Good Serials.

The Silver Pin

By Alfred Wilson Barrett.

Exclusive Copyright secured by The Herald

CHAPTER XXIII.—(Continued).

He quickly communicated his suspicions to Sterrett, and they looked round them. The street they stood in was a quiet little gray street, leading down to the docks, but apparently much too respectable and sober to have anything but a very distant acquaintance with those busy haunts and their frequenters. There was not a sign of a public house in its short length, and the few houses which it contained were as like as tin soldiers, and as uncommunicative, from the outside at least.

"He might be in anyone of those houses," said the "Stoat," peering at them, as if he would read their secrets from their gray, even faces, "or he might not. He might have just dropped that pencil, if it is really his, on his way down to the docks, and be now missing it on his way to America. Who can tell!"

Gordon did not reply immediately, and then suddenly he bent down to look at the ground. "Find me a footprint with a very pointed toe—a long narrow footprint with a very light tread," he said brusquely to the "Stoat," and bending down he commenced to peer about in the road.

Rain had fallen within the past twenty-four hours, and the street was muddy and wet. There had, however, been little traffic; it was not a street where there was likely to be much; yet there were many footprints, nevertheless, and many which were unrecognizable. Several times Gordon hit upon one which semed to recall those which he remembered on the floors of the empty house where he had first met Mr. Gaunt; but on each occasion some peculiarity, or some subsequently discovered difference, made him change his theory, and he was about to give the task up in despair, when suddenly a cry from Sterrett's son roused him.

The boy had set himself stolidly to work, after Gordon's first words to his father. He had taken a line at some distance from the latter's, and for some time, apparently, his efforts met with no more success than theirs. Now, his eager eye and quick gesture told a different tale, and Gordon and Sterrett went quickly to his side.

He was pointing to a spot near the pavement on one side of the street, about fifty yards from the place where it had first been disinterred by Sterrett's cane. Gordon looked eagerly down to where he pointed, and drew a long breath. "I was right," he said. "I am sure of it now. That is the pencil-case sure enough, for I recognize this mark at least."

Before them, clearly printed on the soft soil of the roadway was a long narrow footprint, which Gordon, at least, could not doubt was Usher's.

The task was not easy even now that they had gained the first step, but it was not so difficult for Gordon as it would have been for another. His African experience stood him in good stead, and he picked out here and there a half-obliterated footprint, which Sterrett and his son would have passed unconsciously.

It was fortunate that the street was such a quiet one, or otherwise their proceedings, much as they attempted to disguise them, must have attracted some attention; but the quiet little dingy houses remained impenetrable, no one seemed to take any notice of them; and at length they paused near a house which semed quieter and more unconscious than its neighbors. It was here that Usher had stopped, unless Gordon had been mistaken in all the signs on which he depended; and standing a little aside, out of range of the windows, they examined it.

Their scrutiny, however, told them nothing. The house might have been empty for all sign it gave to the contrary. The curtains were closely drawn across the windows; no smoke came from the chimneys; and no sound reached their ears from within.

Sterrett, who had taken a turn round the rear of the building, returned after a moment or two. "There is no back door," he said. "But I have left the boy round there in case of accidents. Our man may have gone in there, or he may not. I am going to find out, at all events."

Gordon nodded, and the detective, walking up the steps, rang the bell.

After a moment steps were heard coming down the passage, and the door opened, disclosing a neat little maid, who enquired their business.

Sterrett, who had made the enquiry, did not take any notice of the girl, but brusquely pushing past her, entered the passage. There was a door on the right, and opening it, he looked in.

Gordon, who had followed him closely, looked over his shoulders, and for a second the two stood motionless, for as the door opened Usher had sprung to his feet and faced them.

"You!" he cried. "How the devil do you come here?"

Sterrett allowed Gordon to pass, and quietly closed the door.

"You are wanted on a charge of murder," he said. "Here is my warrant."

Usher's pale lips tightened, while his eyes fixed themselves on the paper. But he pulled himself together.

"Curse you and your warrant," he said. "Do you think I am such a fool as to be taken quietly? You have been clever enough to follow me here, but a tiger which is tracked to its lair is not necessarily a tiger which is caught, my friends. Look our for yourselves!"

Sterrett flung himself aside only just in time, for Usher drew a revolver and fired with the rapidity of lightning. The ex-corporal's movement saved his life, the bullet almost grazing his shoulder.

Gordon sprang at Usher to seize him and stop him from firing again, but the gambler was too quick for him. He darted under his outstretched arm, passed Sterrett, who was still staggered with the smoke and noise, and reached the door.

In another moment his hand would have been on the handle, when suddenly it turned, and the door opened.

A tall old lady with white hair appeared on the threshold suddenly, and turned with fear and astonishment in her eyes from Usher to the other two men.

"Phillip!" she cried.

Usher, who had made an attempt to hide the revolver, had grown as pale as death, and stood with his head hanging down, apparently completely overwhelmed, and the old lady turned from him to Gordon and Sterrett.

"What are you doing here? What does this mean?" she asked haughtily.

Something in her face made Gordon turn away without replying, and with a sudden sense of guilt, but Sterrett stepped forward.

"If you want to know what we are doing here, we've got a warrant for his arrest," he said brusquely, pointing to Usher. "And he's just had a try putting me out of the way. He's a bit free with his revolver."

The old lady had staggered and put her hand to her heart at the word "warrant," but she drew herself up with an effort.

"I do not know what my son has done, but you must forgive him, gentlemen," she said. "It is nothing bad, I am sure," she continued proudly. "It is some misunderstanding, which we shall very shortly be able to put right. My son is engaged to be married to a very wealthy young lady. We are, of course, very poor just now, or we should not be living in such a house as this. When my son marries this young lady, Miss Gaunt——"

Usher made a motion as if to beg her to cease, but she did not pay any attention, and he let his head hang down again while she continued:

"Miss Gaunt. Her father is a very wealthy man, very wealthy indeed, and all his money will be hers, and naturally, of course, my son's. We shall then be able to arrange everything. I am sure you will consider this, gentlemen, and be lenient to him."

She stopped and looked at Sterrett and Gordon hesitatingly, and then at Usher, who had not changed his attitude. And then something in their faces seemed to warn her, and she turned white.

"What is this—this warrant?" she said.

Usher turned to Sterrett quickly. "Come!" he said. "I am ready."

But the old lady stopped them. "What is this warrant?" she repeated. "I insist upon knowing."

Gordon flushed with pity, and walked to the window, and Sterrett, even, hesitated. "It is a warrant for his arrest on a charge of murder, mum!" he said at last.

"Murder! oh, my God! But it is imp——" She stopped suddenly, for Usher had looked up almost against his will, and their eyes had met. She staggered and reeled, but stiffened herself with an effort, and her eyes avoided Usher.

"It is impossible," she said, turning to Sterrett. "There is some mistake. It is my fault—he did it for me. I—we have been poor, very poor, you see. He wanted to buy back the—our old house for me. It was the wish of his life. It is that which has led him wrong. It is—oh, gentlemen, let me——"

Gordon, who had turned again, sprang forward to catch her, but it was too late. She had fallen to the ground.

Usher faced them both roughly, standing between them and her prostrate body. "I am ready," he said. "Let us go before she she comes round. It is true, I did it for her sake. There is nothing to be said. Come—" as they still hesitated. "For God's sake, come on!"

Gordon's eyes turned to the unconscious figure on the floor, but the appeal in the gambler's voice decided him, and he followed.

Sterrett slipped the handcuffs on Usher's wrists in the hall, but it was evident that his resistance was over; and Gordon, seeing this, took the opportunity to whisper to the little maid, who had appeared with wide-open eyes at the entrance to the kitchen.

"Go to your mistress quickly," he said, "and use this to buy her anything which is necessary. She has been taken ill. Keep this for yourself," slipping a note and a sovereign into her hand.

The little maid nodded blankly, and watched him follow Sterrett and Usher from the house with uncomprehending eyes; but Gordon knew that at least she had the money, and her face looked honest. "What a blackguard I feel," he thought. "He is a murderer and a scoundrel after all, but I feel as if it was I, myself, who had committed the crime."

They picked up Sterrett's boy, whose eyes sparkled at the sight of Usher; and Sterrett quickly recovered from the temporary embarrassment which had overtaken even his hardened nature, as they returned to town. The office was assured to him now, but he had the decency not to mention the fact before Usher, and it was a silent party which performed the journey to London.

CHAPTER XXV.

An hour after the return to town found Gordon again at the house at Pentonville. Mr. Gaunt was dying. There was no doubt of the fact on this occasion. He had been right when he had felt himself assured of his approaching end, and the doctor's prognostications had been altogether falsified. The improvement had not continued; a relapse had set in, and Gordon had only just arrived in time.

He was shown into Mr. Gaunt's bedroom, where he found Vivienne kneeling by the bedside. She had her hand in her father's, and Gordon could see that he pressed it as he entered the room. Her eyes, however, were cast down, and they did not meet his as he approached.

Mr. Gaunt held out his other hand to Gordon, who nodded as their eyes met, replying to the mute question in the other's eyes.

"He is taken and is now in prison," he said. "He has confessed."

Vivienne looked up, and Mr. Gaunt gave a sigh of relief.

"Thank God!" he said. "Then there will be no trouble in the future. And now I have something to say to you two. Gordon, I have spoken to my daughter—no, don't stop me, Vivienne! I have told her what I said to you, and what your answer was. You know how that answer pleased me, and how it has lightened the burden of my going. I have been made still happier by the knoledge that—but give me your hands there, now they are joined. Gordon, my boy, you have done a great deal for her, be good to her; I am sure you will."

Gordon felt her hand lie warm and soft in his, and, as they bent over the bed, he pressed it and murmured something in her ear which made her bend lower, while the color came to her cheek. And then all other consideration vanished in thought for the man who had thought so much for them.

* * * * *

Vivienne Gaunt mourned sincerely for her father, whom she had always loved deeply, but sorrow passes, and there came a time when Gordon ventured to renew the subject which had occupied Mr. Gaunt's mind before his death, and when he again clasped Vivienne's hand in his. They had both grown to know each other better by that time, but time and acquaintance had not changed their thoughts; and Vivienne's father might have been quite happy could he have seen the result of his care for his daughter's future, for, when Gordon asked her the question which was to decide that future, her answer was "Yes."

The End.

In hot weather it is quite a common sight to see a number of intoxicated wasps lying here and there around a jam pot partly filled with beer, which proves a never-failing "trap" for these insects, who buzz around the pot until they finally decide to sample its contents, with the result that they become insensible at once.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt

is just the pleasant tonic—laxative that delicate women and girls need. Gently but effectually cleans the system.

At all druggists. Price 25c. and 60c.

LADIES! *This Will Interest You!*

If you have an annoying facial blemish we will permanently and painlessly remove it by Electrolysis, an electric treatment. We also purify the skin, remove all discolorations, cure callousness, moth patches, pimples, and all other defects of the complexion. We don't cover them up—wee ure them.

Montreal Dermatological Institute, MISS BENSON, Proprietor
2303 St. Catherine St.
Tel. Up 1295

THE BELL TELEPHONE CO.,
OF CANADA, LIMITED.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND.

A Dividend of Two Per Cent. has been declared, payable at the Company's Office in Montreal, on the 15th April next, to shareholders of record the 30th March, 1904.

CHAS. P. SCLATER,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Montreal, 14th March, 1904.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Lewis E. Curtis, of Chicago, Illinois, Inventor, will apply to the Parliament of Canada, at the present session thereof, for an Act to authorize the importation into Canada, for a period to be fixed under Patents Numbers 72726 and 72727, dated 13th August, 1901, for improvements in machines for cutting and expanding sheet metal.

C. A. JONES, Oshawa, Ont.,
Solicitor for Applicant.
Dated 21st March, 1904.

THE WORLD OF SPORT

CALEDONIAN CLUB'S ANNUAL MEETING

The Past Season Has Been the Most Successful in Its Long History.

The annual general meeting of the Caledonia Curling Club was held at the rink last evening. Mr. W. Lyall presided over a large attendance of members.

Mr. Burket, on behalf of the Committee presented a most interesting resume of the season's work, in which he mentioned that this had been the longest curling season in the history of the club. The rink was opened on Nov. 13 and continued until St. Patrick's Day.

After mentioning the various competitions the report says:

"Col. A. A. Stevenson, having learned that he could obtain the original picture of "Prince Arthur opening the Caledonia Rink on Mountain Street, in December 1869," as usual, with the interest of the club at heart, mentioned the fact to our president, who at once set to work to raise the money to pay for it. A large number of the members immediately came to the front, and at our weekly meeting, held on December 29, the Colonel, on behalf of the members, presented the picture to the club. It now occupies a prominent place in our club rooms, and is a souvenir that is highly esteemed by every member, especially the older ones Three of the members who took part in the match at that opening were present, namely: Wm. McGibbon, A. C. Hutchison and the Colonel.

"I have great pleasure in reporting the large increase in our membership which has placed this club in a position it never held before, namely, that of having a waiting list. This is a point of which every member should feel proud, and each one strive to increase the number on that list. The majority of our new members are young active men, and in the near future we hope to have an excellent lot of curlers to go on the ice and help to uphold the name of the club. 2

"Our membership now stands as follows:—

	1904.	1903.	Inc.
Life members	21	21	....
New paying members	34	20	....
Old paying members	100	102	....
	134	122	....
Resignations	4	21	....
	130	101	....
Non-paying members	3	3	....
Waiting list	7	....	7
	101	125	36

"Another pleasing occurrence is the joining of our forces by Mayor Laporte, whom we trust will long remain one of our members. It must not be overlooked that a great deal of our success is due to the exertion of our untiring president. He has devoted the best part of his time this season to the welfare of the club, and it is greatly due to his efforts that our membership has increased to the extent it has, and he can feel that during his term as president, the club has gained a position it never attained before."

After the adoption of the reports which was by acclamation, the following officers for the ensuing year were elected:

President, W. Lyall; vice-president, James Simpson; treasurer, James Currie; secretary, Peter W. A. Burket; committee, C. P. O'Connor, H. R. Hutchison, Geo. L. Lamb, and G. W. T. Nicholson. Chaplains, Rev. Canon Ellegood and Rev. E. M. Hill. Representatives to the branch; John McLean and J. W. Hughes. Auditor, R. M. Finlay.

St. Lawrence Social.

The St. Lawrence Curling Club held the closing social of the season at the rink last evening. There was a good attendance of members over whom Mr. J. R. Roy presided. Prizes were distributed.

The president's prize was won by Messrs. D. C. Drysdale, G. A. Forbes, A. Brehmer and A. Henry, with a special prize for Mr. Laz. Rubenstein, who also played with Mr. Drysdale's rink.

The Sanderson Thistles were presented by Mr. David Guthrie, ex-president of the Branch to Messrs. E. H. Portous, R. Allan, D. J. H. Murdoch, and F. G. A. Evans (skip). The prizes presented by Mr. Louis Rubenstein and Mr. R. J. Griffin, for the two-handed competition, were handed over to Messrs. Drysdale and Brehmer.

The Rev. Dr. Campbell on behalf of the directors acknowledged by a presentation the hard work which Mr. C. W. G. Dettmers, had done for the club.

TURF AND TRACK.

Racing at Bennings.

Washington, April 8.—Three favorites again won at the Bennings track yesterday. The card was a fairly interesting one, with fields of only limited size. The result in the third race caused the surprise of the day. John E. Madden's City Bank showing a complete reversal of form. He apparently did not like the soft track and seemed to sulk. The odds on him were 1 to 5 in the betting. The race went to May Holiday, an outsider, at 20 to 1, who won by five lengths. Briarthorpe beat Thorneycroft, the favorite in the sixth race, by a narrow margin of a neck. The winner ran an impressive race. Summary:

First race, 7 furlongs, Princet, 6 to 5, Neenurban, 3 to 1, Rabunta, 4 to 1. Time, 1.32.

Second race, 4 furlongs, Modred Law, 3 to 2, Flyback, 9 to 1, Lily Brook, 4 to 1. Time, :51 2-5.

Third race, 6 furlongs, May Holiday, 20 to 1, Calgary, 7 to 1, Hilarity, 30 to 1. Time, 1.16 2-5.

Fourth race, 5 furlongs, Ascension, 1 to 4, Elsie L., 6 to 1, Pickle, 10 to 1. Time, 1.04 1-5.

Fifth race, 5½ furlongs, Monte Carlo, 11 to 5, Tuscan, 11 to 10, Alpaca, 8 to 1. Time, 1.10.

Sixth race, mile and 40 yards, Briarthorpe, 6 to 5, Thorneycroft, 11 to 10, Red Light, 12 to 1. Time, 1.48 4-5.

The Memphis Meeting.

The Mississippi purse at one mile and an eighth developed into one of the most exciting races of the meeting at Montgomery Park, Memphis, yesterday. Dan McKenna won by a nose in a terrible drive from Banter in the fast time of 1.57 1-2. S. Hildreth's Niaxus, though practically left at the post in the fourth, overhauled the leaders towards the finish of the mile, and took first place by a nose from Sambo. They were ten lengths ahead of the field at the finish.

Movement Against Betting.

The movement against betting in the District of Columbia has resulted in a decision to make an arrest of a bookmaker at the Bennings race track tomorrow as a test case. The action will be taken by order of U. S. District Attorney Beach, acting under instructions from the Department of Justice, and it is understood the track officials will give their aid in the prosecution of the test case.

The Fort Erie Stakes.

Among the Canadians who have made nominations in Fort Erie stakes are Wm. Hendrie, with Loch Goil, Scarfell, and Heather Jock; the Kirkfield Stable, with War Whoop; and N. Dyment, with Fort Hunter, the colt he bought at Washington last fall. Mr. Hendrie has nominated Light Brigade and Loch Goil in the Canadian Sportsman's handicap, Nimble Dick and Plum Tart in the Fort Erie Stake, Nimble Dick and Scarfell in the Buffalo stake, Mandalay, Southern, and Gig Lamps in the Iroquois hotel, stake, and Land's End in the Hamilton stake; Joseph James entered two two-year-olds, Montoleen and Notanda, in the Iroquois hotel stake and Hamilton stake. Among the nominations in the Grand Canadian steeplechase are Dick Hasse, Presgrave, Melbourne, Eclipse, Pilardist, Imperialist, Governor Boyd, Hieaway, Higbie and Woodgatherer.

The Kirkfield Stable is looking around for a good jockey for the approaching season, and it is reported that negotiations for the services of Romanelli, the Italian jockey, are now on. Romanelli is a well known figure on the Canadian circuit, and is said to be a capable jockey.

The dates suggested for the fairs in the Northwest circuit are: Edmonton, June 30 to July 2; Wetaskiwin, July 4 and 5; Calgary, July 6, 7, 8 and 9; High River, July 11 and 12; Lethbridge, 13 and 14; Macleod, 15 and 16; Medicine Hat, 18 and 19.

There will be trotting races in Barrie, on May 24 and 25.

LACROSSE.

Almonte Lacrosse Club.

Almonte, April 8.—(Special.)—The annual meeting of the Almonte Lacrosse Club was held last evening in the Council chamber, there being a good attendance of players and members. Mr. Harold Jamieson, last year's president, was in the chair, and presented a report of the finances for the past year. The statement showed a small surplus after a most successful year, and after a year of heavy expenses, the services of a coach, a renewal of suits, sticks, and other equipment, having been a considerable drain upon the treasury. After a few words relative to the success of the team, during the past season, the election of officers was proceeded with and resulted as follows: Hon. president, B. Rosamond, M.P.; hon. vice-presidents, J. H. Wylie, Mayor Thoburn, H. B. Black, D. P. Lynch, M.D.; and Harold Jamieson; president, Mr. J. H. Porritt; vice-president, Mr. E. Rivett; committee of management, Messrs. Richard Lees, E. Lemaistre, Duncan Forgie, W. V. Webster and M. L. Hogan.

Affairs in the West.

Brantford, April 8.—President Frank says that the announcement that there will be a meeting of the senior committee of management of the C.L.A. tomorrow night, is a little premature. He is anxious to have St. Catharines given every opportunity of getting in the senior series, and they need a few days to figure things out.

There is some difference of opinion locally about the advisability of admitting the new senior teams from Toronto. The feeling here is that the admission of the applicants would mean one strong team and two weak ones. If the two teams get in they will have to consent to an increase in the guarantee bonds.

Capitals Will be Strong.

The Capital Lacrosse Club is going to make a determined effort to bring the Minto Cup to the city which has obtained so much unsavory notoriety by reason of its methods of defending the Stanley Cup, and has been quietly working since last fall to get a fast team together, and, aided, by fortune and its own efforts, it has now in sight material that promises well. Of the old timers, Hutton in goal; Ralph, Robertson, Alf. Stewart, Baldwin, on the defence; Starrs, Eddie Murphy, Jack Powers, and Westwick on the home will be available.

The Four Periods.

Mr. F. C. Waghorne, of Toronto, has received a letter from the secretary of the N.A.L.F. asking for information regarding the rule Mr. Waghorne introduced to the C.L.A., which allows all games to be played in four periods instead of two. The rule has gained favor in the East since the Minto cup games last season, and the union will, no doubt, adopt it at the meeting tomorrow.

Brantford Expositor: Reports from Winnipeg are to the effect that Brantford will not go after the Minto cup this summer. It would be to the lasting benefit of all concerned to have it distinctly understood that Brantford will most assuredly play for the cup.

Port Hope Guide: There is a rumor about town that Henderson, Griffiths, Rosen, Kelly and Cain, of last year's Ontarios, will be on the Queen City team this year. These are five that are pretty hard to beat.

The Indian club at Ohsweken has reorganized, and application been made for membership in the Brantford City League.

THE KENNEL.

Show at Victoria, B.C.

Victoria, B.C., April 8. The Victoria Kennel Clubs third annual show opened yesterday with the largest show of dogs ever exhibited in this city. The total number of entries is 396. The entries from the United States include eight from California, Portland II, Seattle 2, Victoria, B.C., sends 11.

Notable dogs are the Portland cocker kennels showing the New York winner, Mepals Saxon. Miss Sharples, of Seattle, shows the parti-colored Bud Spats. English setters of fame are champion Albert Rosalind, Zola, Monfaz and John Billinger's Elloree, and Stylish Sergeant, and McConnell's Count Rego Ravenswood, the $5,000 collie, is here. Also the Glen Tana Kennel's Spokane dogs.

FOOTBALL.

Scottish Cup Final.

Glasgow, April 8. (Special.) Rangers and Celts are Scottish finalists once more, and are due to meet on New Hampden on April 16. As the price of admission is the popular sixpence, the classic slopes will secure their first record crowd.

Third Lanark's fall in the cup-ties was a surprise, but they displayed bad staying power and tactics. It is a compliment to their solid half-back line to say that had the three who compose it gone forward in the last fifteen minutes, the tie might have been saved, if not won. Celts won on their brave show of pluck and perseverance.

X. Y. Z.—The international match between Scotland and England in 1903 was played at Leeds in a sea of mud and won by Scotland. It was a surprise victory, the Scottish pack completely outplaying the burly Yorkshire forwards.

YACHTING.

The Coronation Club.

St. Johns, N.B., April 8.—It is not unlikely that there will be a challenge for the Coronation Cup this summer. A number of Charlottetown yachtsmen intend building a racing craft for use in their own waters, which, if successful, will be brought here to compete against the Cibou.

This boat is designed by John Pinaud, of Sydney, and will be built by Martin Pinaud, of Charlottetown. Her dimensions are:—Length over all, 39 feet 10½ inches; load water line, 24 feet 6 inches; extreme beam, 8 feet 9 inches; beam at water line, 7 feet 9 inches; free board at bow, 2 feet 4 inches; least free board, 1 foot 3 inches. She will be fitted with a steel fin carrying a lead bulb of 700 lb. Her sail plan calls for a spread of 650 square feet.

An agitation is now on foot to form a racing association of the yacht clubs in P. E. Island, and to adopt the racing rules of the Royal Nova Scotia Yacht Club. The Hillsborough Cup, now held by the Micmac, will probably be made open to the Maritime Provinces.

St. John yachtsmen will probably have another try at the champion flyers for the Coronation Cup, but lines and dimensions of the St. John challenger are not being talked of to any extent yet.

GOLF AND GOLFERS.

Dropping vs. Placing.

A correspondent of Golf Illustrated (London) offers an ingenious solution of the dropping vs. placing controversy, in the case of balls played onto a wrong putting-green. The local rule quoted by the writer provides that the ball shall be dropped, being held for that purpose at the distance of twelve inches above the ground. It is evident that the lie thus obtained should be quite as good as that from which the ball was lifted, and at the same time unscrupulous players are prevented from teeing.

Now Can Learn by Himself.

Mr. Louis N. James is a golfer who has been the subject of much genial discussion by reason of his sudden jump to the front in the almost sensational tournament for the amateur championship at Glen View in 1902, writes Mr. Recorder Weir, of Montreal, in Golf.

While the great majority accepted the simple fact that here was a good golfer who golfed his best when put to it, and came legitimately by his reward, others, some there were, who talked of luck and flukes, and feigned incapacity to connect effect and cause in respect of the termination of that very memorable contest.

No man, even he who never takes a lesson, can learn the game of golf or any game by himself. For one thing, he cannot but use his eyes, he cannot but observe how others do it, and even if the models are bad they serve him to no small extent in the manner suggested by the maxim lucus a non lucendo. Mr. James, as all the world knows, is, or was, a pupil of Laurence Auchterlonie, as sound a golfer as ever golfed, one not merely skilled in the mechanics or dynamics of the game, but saturated with its traditions, and with recollections of how the great men on transatlantic links brought off their strokes—Rolland and Park and the Kirkaldys and his own famous brother Willie; with a fund of stories of their prowess and an inexhaustible knowledge of their methods.

No small advantage is it, therefore, to sit at the feet, or, rather, to walk about the links with one who, not once but often, saw, not Shelley, but Tom Morris, "plain," and all the greater gods or less who walk about the classic ground of St. Andrews, North Britain. Let it be said that Mr. James proved a pupil apt, intelligent, and industrious, with sufficient tenacity to keep himself to it when others would have cracked, and sufficient capacity for the proper application of the scientific methods he was taught to employ by his preceptor.

Walter J. Travis, the U.S. amateur champion, won the gold medal at Pinehurst, for the best gross score with a card of 78, leading Sterling, Beckwith and E. G. Stevenson, by two strokes.

No women golfers will be given an opportunity of competing in the Olympian games at the St. Louis World's Fair.

The Lambton Golf and Country Club has opened a temporary nine-hole course for members wishing to play.

BOWLING.

Three Good Scores.

On Garlepy's alleys last evening three good scores were put up by Messrs. Lebeau, Labelle and Fillion, all members of the Royals. The scores were: Lebeau, 566; Fillion, 548; Labelle, 551.

The Third Victoria Rifles and the Vics Reserves will roll their postponed bowling match at the Armory alleys to-morrow evening, and so bring the season to a close. The M.A.A.A. have already secured the championship, so that to-morrow's match will have no bearing on premier honors. However, a win for the Vics will save them the doubtful honor of annexing the wooden spoon. The standing of the C.A.B.A. is:—

	Won.	Lost.	To play.
Montreal	9	3	0
Engineers	8	4	0
Vics Reserve	6	5	1
St. Patrick's	6	6	0
Ottawas	4	8	0
43rd Rifles	4	8	0
Victorias	4	7	1

There is, of course, additional interest lent to to-morrow's game by the fact that there is still a chance for one or two of the twelve men engaged capturing the individual prizes for single and three-string scores.

In the Intermediate series of the City Bowling League, the M.A.A.A. are also in the lead. They, however, have yet to meet the Royals on the alleys of the latter, and also the Colonials away from home. The intermediate positions to date are:

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	To play.
M.A.A.A. II.	13	5	2
Royals I.	12	6	2
Colonials I.	10	8	2
Engineers II.	10	8	2
Third Victorias II.	8	10	2
Ste. Cunegonde I.	1	17	2

CRICKET CREASE.

Accident to G. S. Patterson.

G. S. Patterson, of the famous Germantown Cricket Club, considered one of the best all round cricketers in the United States, met with an unusual accident the other day when engaged in a fast game of racquets. Slipping, he made an effort to save himself from a bad shake-up. His left arm struck the asphalt floor with such force as to sustain a fracture of the radius about three-quarters of an inch above the wrist. The break is known to surgeons as the Colles fracture, and unless the bone is set with great care is apt to bring on serious complications.

Apart from the absence of two notable Parsees, it is freely asserted that the abandonment of the expedition of an East Indian team to England this summer is due to K. S. Ranjitsinhji, who is reported to have stated in Bombay that the Indian side would never dismiss an English county for fewer than 300 or make more than 50.

D. R.—We are only too glad to answer queries. Gregor McGregor was certainly the finest wicket keeper in England, but inasmuch as Lilley was a better bat, and only a little less capable behind the stumps, the latter was chosen to play against the Australians in latter years.

H. C. Hill, the McGill run-getter, is an Englishman. He learned his cricket at Birmingham, and learned it well.

ROWING--AQUATICS.

Lou Scholes' Entry Accepted.

The entry of Louis F. Scholes, of the Toronto Rowing Club, for the Diamond Sculls, has been accepted by the stewards of the Royal Henley regatta. Scholes, who has been undergoing a rigorous course of training and is in excellent condition, will sail for England from New York on June 16. He will be accompanied by Eddie Durnan, the professional sculler, who is again training him.

On his return to America Scholes will go to the National Regatta at St. Louis and the Canadian Henley at St. Catharines, where he will row in the senior singles and the doubles, with Frank Smith, of the Toronto Rowing Club.

Three Argos Going West.

Toronto, April 8.—(Special.)—Three of the crack oarsmen of the Argonaut champion eight, E. W. Hamber, Reg. Parmanenter and Percy Hardisty, have decided to take Horace Greeley's advice and "go west," and the probabilities are they will be found in the Winnipeg Rowing Club's Henley eight. All three are fine Rugby players, as well as clever scullers.

ATHLETICS.

Irish Champion for St. Louis.

New York, April 8.—James E. Sullivan, chief of the department of physical culture at the World's Fair announces that the greater New York Irish Athletic Association would bring over a team of Irish athletes to compete in the Olympic games. The team is made up of the following well known athletes: Denis Horgan, champion shot putter; Peter O'Connor, Irish broad jump record holder; the Lealy brothers, jumpers; Denis Murray who defeated Arthur Duffy; J. J. Daly, the cross country champion, and J. J. Holloway, a notable pole vaulter.

How We Got the Discus.

Throwing the discus was practically unknown in this country until the Olympic games at Athens in 1896. The most surprising feat of the meeting was that Garrett, of Princeton, won the discus throw, an implement he had never seen until he reached Athens. He brought it home with him, copies were made from it, and the event became a regular part of the contests in America.

ROD AND GUN.

The Shawinigan Club.

The annual general meeting of the Shawinigan Fishing Club was held last evening in the Windsor Hotel. It was decided to build an extension to the club of twelve more rooms for the use of members. The membership is now forty-four. The annual reports were considered very satisfactory.

The election of officers resulted as follows: Messrs. Geo. Boulter, president; Justice Choquette, vice-president; T. C. Braynard, treasurer, and L. A. Boyer, secretary. Messrs. P. W. St. George, E. W. Mudge, C. de B. Leprohon and Oscar Beaudry were elected to constitute the house committee.

MAT AND RING.

Jeffries or Nobody.

New York, April 8. Unless Tom Sharkey meets J. J. Jeffries for the world's heavyweight championship, it is doubtful if the sailor will ever enter the ring again. In fact, Sharkey says that there is only one man that he desires to meet, and if he cannot get on a match with the champion he would not go into training again. Having made many thousands of dollars in his fistic battles, Sharkey says there is no inclination on his part to fight unless it would be for the championship.

Tremblay vs. Riley.

The great wrestling match this evening at the Victoria Rifles Armory between Tremblay and Tom Riley, the English lightweight champion is exciting a good deal of interest in the city. If Tremblay wins he will have the right to challenge Rothner for the championship of the world. He is in splendid condition, and has lost much of the nervousness that used to characterize his work on the mat. He will weigh in seven pounds lighter than Riley.

O'Malley Will Accept.

In reply to the challenge of John McIntyre, of Halifax, N.S., which appeared in The Herald a couple of days ago to box any 122 lb. man in Montreal, Geo. O'Malley says he will accept and fight at 125 lb. O'Malley claims to be the featherweight champion of Maine.

Eugene Tremblay, of Montreal, has had the most phenomenal rise of any lightweight wrestler in recent years. A few months ago he was mediocre. To-day he is very near the world's championship.

Tom Riley, the English lightweight wrestling champion, is in this country to endeavor to regain the world's championship from Bothner. A condition of the meeting is that he beat Tremblay this evening.

Arthur Cripps, who styles himself the middleweight champion of Australia, and who is matched with Jack Williams of Philadelphia, did not make much of an impression in England.

Gus Ruhlin had the better of the six-round fight with Jim Jeffords at Philadelphia. The bout was a tame one.

MISCELLANEOUS.

American Contingent Home.

San Francisco, April 8.—Iver Lawson, of Salt Lake, accompanied by Floyd McFarland, Hardy Downing, Orlando Stevens and trainer C. D. Bolles, all of San Jose, Calif., have arrived on the steamer Venture after a successful winter of bicycle racing in the Antipodes. Lawson and McFarland are reported to have made a financial success in Australia, both having lowered the colors of Major Taylor, the pride of the Australians, in nearly every race in which they started.

Westmount Hockey Club.

That rising organization, the Westmount Hockey Club, will hold their annual "At Home" next Thursday evening in the Victoria Hall. The social side of nature finds a good place Westmount-way, and the stick-handlers of that district will be much in evidence on that occasion. A very large attendance is expected. The patronesses are: Mrs. Peter McKenzie, Mrs. Geo. D. McKay, Mrs. Jas. Baillie, Mrs. C. B. Powter and Mrs. D. M. Nicoll.

James Wray, who succeeds Jim Rice, as coach of the Detroit Boat Club, announces that he will row any man in the world. If Wray attends to his work and makes as great a success of it as Rice did that's all that will be required of him. The challenging mode of attracting attention is played out.

Secretary Robertson, of the Manitoba branch, R.C.C.C., has just received from the secretary of the Thistle Curling Club of St. John, N.B., a neatly engrossed card of thanks acknowledging the kindness and hospitality shown their curlers during their recent visit to the Winnipeg bonspiel.

Three countries, America, England and France have entered for the international cup race for automobiles. The race will be held on the Solent in July. America has two entries, England and France have more than the allotted three entries and will have elimination trials.

The Stratford intermediate hockey team, the winners of the O.H.A. championship, will be given a reception by the citizens next week, when the O.H.A. cup and medals will be presented. Each member of the team will also receive a gold watch, the gift of the citizens of Stratford.

The Hoboken A. A. A. basketball team were disqualified for the game by the referee during their match with the Wesleys. Their players objected several times to the referee's decisions, and finally themselves disgracefully left the field of the game.

At the annual meeting of the St. John Lawn Bowling Club the following officers were elected: Hon. president, John P. Lovitt; president, J. [illegible]; vice-presidents, W. H. Merritt and [illegible]; secretary-treasurer, [illegible].

Jacob Shafer, the American professional sculler, and Louis Conibear, of Nanaimo, B.C., champion amateur sculler of the Pacific coast, have been matched to row a four-mile race for $1,000 a side and the championship of America on the Columbia river, Portland, Oregon, on May [illegible].

A meeting of the executive committee of the Montreal A. A. A. Basketball League will be held at the Windsor Hotel on April 22, Good Friday.

WILL INCREASE TEACHING STAFF

Winnipeg, April 8. (Special.)—At a meeting of the council of the University of Manitoba it was decided to recommend the addition of six professors to the university faculty. The colleges are enabled to make this change owing to the recent generous donation by Lord Strathcona.

TRADES COUNCIL AIDS STRIKERS FINANCIALLY

Passes Resolution Asking for the Abolition of Capital Punishment in Canada.

The Trades and Labor Council at its meeting last night passed a resolution extending financial and moral assistance to the stonecutters in their present strike.

The following officers were elected to fill vacancies resulting from resignations and changes: Delegate O'Callaghan, vice-president; Delegate T. Fisher, English secretary; delegate for the Iroquois Cartier Union, Victor Pardit; delegate T. Fisher, auditor. Delegate Johnson was elected to the Credential Letter Committee. Delegates Tremblay and Rochon to the organization committee and Delegates Johnson and Dean to the legislation committee.

The Jacques Cartier Union asked the Council to oppose capital punishment, and a resolution was accordingly passed asking for the suppression of the death penalty.

The Immigration Committee reported having sent letters to four English newspapers, giving detailed information upon the condition of workers in Canada, particulars of work obtainable and wages paid.

Two newspaper reporters were excluded because their papers were regarded as being unfriendly to unionism. In future reporters must bring credentials bearing the union label.

Oppose Immigration Methods.

The immigration committee of the Trades and Labor Council announced that it will give information through its secretary, W. F. Johnston, 209 St. Antoine street, to mechanics and others who contemplate coming to Canada. The Council is opposed to the means being taken to assist immigration to Canada, claiming the people so helped generally become a burden to the country.

IN THE N. B. LEGISLATURE.

Bill to Amend Act Relating to Consolidation of Statutes.

Fredericton, N.B., April 8.—(Special.)—In the Legislature yesterday a bill was introduced by Hon. Mr. Pugsley to amend the act relating to the consolidation of the statutes. He explained that it was customary to make provision for a larger sum for the work than was originally contemplated, about $15,000 extra being required.

The House went into Committee on Bills. The Citizens' Telephone Company bill was agreed to. The bill to confirm the agreement between the city of St. John and the Imperial Dry dock was agreed to. The bill in further amendment of the law relating to the levying and assessing of rates and taxes in St. John was taken up and discussed. Mr. Purdee stated that the bill as amended was approved by the common courts of St. John and the three members for that city. Mr. Copp opposed the measure and moved to give the bill three months' hoist. Mr. Robertson and Mr. Osman spoke in favor of the bill. Hon. Mr. Pugsley thought St. John's wishes should be respected and expressed surprise at the motion to hoist the bill. Mr. Hazen, speaking as a ratepayer and citizen of St. John, regarded it as a mistake to tinker with the system of assessment of the banks and advocated a new system more in keeping with the advancement of the times. Progress was reported and the House adjourned.

NEW DENTAL FACULTY.

Dr. Dubeau, of Laval, Has Announced His Appointments.

Dr. E. Dubeau, president of the new faculty of dentistry at Laval, Montreal, has announced the following staff of professors, who will take charge when the faculty opens next fall:—Dr. J. H. Bourdon, Dr. C. H. Parmelee, Dr. L. P. Mailhot, Dr. Pierre Roy, Dr. Arthur Bernier, M.D., professor of bacteriology, Dr. Jean Dubeau, M.D., professor of histology, and a dental professor of dentistry (undecided).

WILL SUPPORT MR. D. D. MANN.

Port Arthur, Ont., April 8.—[illegible] Federal Railway [illegible] Mann [illegible] Mann [illegible] Mann

Stocks and Money.

GOOD BULL DAY HERE AND THE LEADERS ALL JUMP, LONDON FEELS CHEERFUL, CONSOLS AND "JAPS" UP

Friday is not the day usually picked out for a bull movement, so the flurry in the local market this morning was a pleasant surprise to the brokers.

There was undoubtedly some professional work at the bottom of the movement, and with Dom. Coal about the first stock to move up the scale the character of the trading led to the surmise that some effort was being made to work off a little surprise on the shorts. Coal jumped suddenly to 65 and worked off a point later. With exceedingly encouraging reports on Coal floating around chiefly in regard to the company's ability to appreciably increase its output the time for a little stir in the stock was rather well judged.

The more encouraging statements on Steel have also stimulated more interest in that property, and the movement in the bonds was one of the features of the day. The buying was said to be good, and when the bonds sold above 60 with that figure offered for a round block the friends of the company cheered up. The initial break in Steel was engineered by an attack upon the bonds and it is felt that real confidence in the enterprise can only be restored by putting them above a ridiculously cheap level. There was some bull talk on Steel, and there is apparently a movement on to lift it out of the rut into which it has fallen. The preferred sold up to 26, while Steel common went at 9 1-2. The sales of bonds involved $25,000.

Power was another stock to show more life to-day and after selling at 73 around the opening became more active, and went to 74. Montreal Street Railway was not behind the procession and jumped to 212, the new selling up to 209.

Toronto Rails also sold higher, the top price reached being 101 3-4. So altogether it was a bull morning, with everybody about the "Street" looking more cheerful than for some time past.

Consolidated Gas was one of the New York features to-day and it moved up about 2½ points. The rest of the market was without any radical change.

Cotton and wheat moved slowly and price fluctuations were narrow.

In London the investment markets showed all round firmness under the lead of Consols. Japanese securities went higher in London on a report that the Russians had received another defeat with heavy losses on land.

$ $ $

Money in Montreal continues easy at 5 per cent.

$ $ $

Money easy in New York.

$ $ $

Thirty-five roads for the fourth week of March show an average gross increase of .29 per cent.

$ $ $

Further gold exports expected next Tuesday.

$ $ $

Twin City fourth week of March, increase $7,902. From January 1st increase $69,244.

$ $ $

N. Y. Commercial.—"Jefferson M. Levy says that the market is going 20 points higher. No one in Wall Street ever heard him or A. R. Houseman express a bearish view of the stock market."

$ $ $

The sales to noon in New York to-day were 324,300 shares.

$ $ $

L. J. Forget & Co.'s London cable quoted Grand Trunk first at 100 1-2, second at 38 1-2, third at 38 1-4, Canadian Pacific at 119 7-8, Hudson Bay at 40, and Anaconda at 4.

$ $ $

Mr. C. D. Monk's messages said:—Americans in London steady, rather above parity. No war news of note. Further gold exports expected on Tuesday. Thirty-five roads fourth week March show average gross increase of 29 per cent. London bullish on U. S. Steel issues. Small demand for stocks in the loan crowd. Some improvement for better class of bonds.

No fear of any labor trouble in B.R.T. St. Paul officials say they have no plans for building to the Pacific. Banks lost to sub-treasury since Friday $3,183,000. Structural steel pool and steel plate pool reaffirms present schedule of prices. News Bureau says: The whole stock market is of a transitory nature, the short interest incurred from day to day is not intended to hold out over a week. As far as Steel stocks are concerned, it does not look as though 5 per cent. of Steel bonds in lots of 100,000 just as a room trader handles the stocks. Looking to turn them over in a few minutes at a liberal fractional profit.

$ $ $

London, 2 p.m.—Markets show all around a firmness under the lead of consols and investment issues; Japanese are strong on reports of another land victory over Russians. Atchison and Steel pfd. lead in American department. Renewed investment demand for anthracite coal stocks. This year's hard coal output is expected to exceed production of the 12 months following resumption of mining after the great strike.

$ $ $

A strong opening following the better London prices is generally looked for. At no time in the past week has the market shown any disposition to give way, and there has been heavy profit taking sales during this time. Confidence is gradually returning, and notice is given to the returns from different railroads; yesterday's batch was rather of the convincing kind.

$ $ $

Noon.—The market opened strong and fairly active, Steels and Atchison the features. There was a falling away in the market after the first half hour and dullness again prevails. Prices are somewhat lower, but no pressure apparent.

$ $ $

A noon wire to Chas. Head & Co. said: The market this morning has been very irregular and lacked vim, despite considerable strength shown in spots. Realizing was evident in various quarters and traders were inclined to take profits and work for a reaction. The principal feature has been Amalgamated Copper, which advanced about a point on large transactions. Rock Island was strong and active at the start, but later reacted. Brooklyn Rapid Transit advanced a point, and Metropolitan Street Railway was strong. U. S. Steel pfd. was inclined to firmness, but hesitated under realizing. Atchison has been strong. London taking considerable amounts and traders working on the long side of it. C. G. W. showed strength, with bullish talk coming from London. Union Pacific ruled steady, but some Standard Oil selling was noticed. U. S. Realty pfd. was reactionary.

At this writing the market is irregular, but without any particular selling pressure, and the dealings entirely professional.

$ $ $

New York opening.—Amalgamated Copper, 51⅜; Atchison, 74⅛ and 74; B. & O., 81¾; Brooklyn Transit, 45; C.P., 116⅝; Erie, 26⅞; do. 1st pfd., 64¾; Louisville, 109¾; Manhattan, 143; Mo. Pacific, 94⅝; Ont. and Western, 21⅞; Pennsylvania, 119⅝; Reading, 45½; Rock Island, 25; Sugar, 127½; St. Paul, 145⅝; Southern Pacific, 51; Texas Pacific, 25⅛; U. P., 88½; U. S. Steel, 11⅞ do. pfd., 62½; Wabash pfd., 38¾.

London Close:—Anac., 4 and 77 ⅞; Atchison, 76⅛ and 74¼; C.P.R., 119⅛ and 116½; St. Paul, 149¼ and 145⅝; Erie, 27¼ and 26½; E. F., 66¾ and 65⅝; Ills., 134 and 130½; L. N., 112⅝ and 109¾; N. Y. Central, 121½ and 118½; Pa., 61 and 119; R. G., 23⅜ and 35½; S. P., 51⅞ and 50⅝; U. P., 90½ and 88⅛; U.S.S., 11⅞ and 11⅝; U. S. Q., 63⅝ and 62⅛.

$ $ $

Consols, money, 86 15-16, advance ⅛; account, 87 1-16, advance 1-16.

Money on call, 2½ to 3 per cent. Discount, short and three months' bills, 2¾ per cent. Americans in London closed irregular.

$ $ $

A noon wire to Laidlaw & Co. said:—The stock market this morning has been strong in the main under the influence of foreign purchases and a renewal of bull manipulation in certain stocks. Considerable irregularity developed in the second hour, however, owing to a disposition on the part of the conservative element to take profits in anticipation of a natural reaction after the recent sustained improvement. As was the case yesterday, however, offerings were rather easily absorbed and the buying at some points was rather impressive. The bank statement to-morrow is expected to show some decrease in surplus reserves, inasmuch as the $5,750,000 transferred from Frisco to this city to-day will not show in these figures, and there will probably be an expansion in the loan item. Money, however, continues easy and the monetary situation need cause no apprehensions for the immediate future. General sentiment appears to be bullish for the long run and commission houses have lately shown a disposition to buy stocks on any reaction. At this time the probabilities therefore seem to favor a renewal of bullish activity at any marked recession from the current level.

$ $ $

The investment returns on leading Montreal stocks at the closing prices this morning are furnished by Fairbanks Brothers, stock brokers, 1724 Notre Dame Street.

	Close. bid.	Dividend.	Pays on Investment.
	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
Canadian Pacific ..	116	6	5.17
Montreal Street	211	10	4.73
Toronto Rails	101	5	4.95
Twin City	93	5	5.37
Detroit United	64	4	6.25
Rich. & Ont.	83	6	7.22
Heat & Power	74	4	5.40
Nova Scotia steel...	78	6	7.67
Dom. Iron bonds...	60	5	8.33
Mont. Telegraph ..	158	8	5.06
Bell Telephone.....	138	8	5.79
Ogilvie Milling pfd.	120	7	5.83
Ogilvie bds.	110	6	5.45
Street Ry. bonds....	104	4½	4.32
Nova Scotia Steel pfd.	147	8	6.83
Mont. Steel pfd. ...	85	7	8.23
Montreal Cotton....	108	9	8.33
Dominion Coal	64	6	9.37
Halifax Tramway ..	89	5	5.61
Nova Scotia bds....	105	6	5.71

$ $ $

MORNING BOARD SALES.

20 Canadian Pacific at 116¾.
180 Canadian Pacific at 116½.
50 Iron preferred at 24½.
100 Iron preferred at 25.
25 Iron preferred at 26.
65 Montreal Power at 73.
35 Montreal Power at 73½.
135 Montreal Power at 73¾.
20 Montreal Power at 73¾.
50 Montreal Power at 73½.
50 Montreal Power at 73¾.
125 Montreal Power at 74.
150 Twin City at 93.
25 Twin City at 93¾.
100 Twin City at 93¼.
25 Twin City at 93¾.
25 Toronto Street Railway at 101½.
125 Toronto Street Railway at 101¾.
25 Coal common at 63.
25 Coal common at 63⅞.
25 Coal common at 65.
25 Coal common at 64.
225 Coal common at 64½.
100 Coal common at 64¼.
10 Coal common at 64½.
10 Coal common at 64.
25 Nova Scotia at 79.
1 Montreal Street Railway at 207.
10 Montreal Street Railway at 209.
50 Montreal Street Railway at 211.
25 Montreal Street Railway at 211.
93 Montreal Street Railway at 212.
16 New Montreal Street Railway at 204½.
8 New Montreal Street Railway at 206.
50 New Montreal Street Railway at 207.
25 New Montreal Street Railway at 208.
3 New Montreal Street Railway at 209.
25 New Montreal Street Railway at 209.
140 Richelieu at 83¼.
9 Molsons Bank at 200.
7 Bank of Commerce at 155.
2 Bank of Commerce at 155.
1,000 Scotia Bonds at 107.
3,000 Iron Bonds at 58½.
7,000 Iron Bonds at 59¼.
4,000 Iron Bonds at 60.
*7,000 Iron Bonds at 60¼.
4,000 Iron Bonds at 60½.
50 Iron common at 9½.
25 Halifax Railway at 90.

*Last sale.

COTTON MARKET NOT VERY ACTIVE TO-DAY

Cotton was rather quiet and narrow as to fluctuations. A Judson & Co. wire said: Liverpool opened quiet, with quotations 10 points lower. At 12.30 Liverpool was quiet and steady, net 10 points lower on old and 6 to 8 points lower on new. Spots quiet and unchanged. Sales of spot 6,000 bales, including 5,000 American. Estimated port receipts to-day 6,000; last week, 5,477; last year, 10,453.

	Open.	High.	Low.	12.30
May	14.74	14.76	14.62	14.75
July	15c	15.02	14.85	15c
Aug.	14.42	14.45	14.42	14.45
Oct.	12.02	12.07	12.02	12.07

NON-TARIFF COMPANIES MAY CANCEL RISKS

Have Practically Decided that Business in Ottawa Does Not Pay.

Ottawa, April 8.—(Special.)—The report is current that all of the non-tariff insurance companies doing business in Ottawa have decided to cancel their risks now or in the very near future. The Economical has already withdrawn, and inspectors of another company have been in the city this week going over the ground with their agents and cancelling those risks not considered to be safe. The companies in question have lost pretty heavily at different times during the past year, and claim that the game is not worth the candle. They are also dissatisfied with certain conditions which exist in respect to the fire and water departments. An agent stated last evening that the decision to withdraw, at least to a large extent, had practically been arrived at, but a definite statement would not be forthcoming for a few days.

STE. CUNEGONDE WANTS POWER.

Ottawa, April 8.—(Special.)—The application of Ste. Cunegonde for power to extend Dominion Street across the Grand Trunk tracks at the rail level, came before the Railway Commission to-day. City Attorney Ethier, Montreal; Ald. Gallery and Lapointe and Messrs. Dupuis, M.P.P., and Coppy, representing St. Cunegonde and Messrs. Wainwright and Biggar for the G.T.R. were in attendance.

"Street" Gossip.

RISE IN STOCKS HAS BEEN OF NO MEAN PROPORTIONS

The rise in the market began about March 15, and has run practically without serious interruption since that time. It followed a decline which began about January 25. We show in the tables which follow the extent of the decline between January 25 and March 15, and the extent of the rally from March 15 to the present time, taking ten representative stocks for the purpose of comparison.

The first table shows the decline as follows:

	*High 1904.	Low 1904.	Decline.
Atchison	70¾	64	6¾
St. Paul	148¼	137⅛	11⅛
Missouri Pacific	95⅞	87	8⅞
Pennsylvania	123⅛	111½	11⅝
Union Pacific	82½	71	11½
B. & O.	85⅞	72⅞	13
L. & N.	111½	101	10
N.Y. Central	122	112⅞	9⅛
Reading	48	38¾	9¼
Southern Pacific	52¼	41½	10¾
Average	93.97	83.76	10.21

*Previous to last rally.

The second table shows the rally since March 15 in the same list of stocks, as follows:

	High 1904.	High on rally.	Adv.
Atchison	64	73⅞	9⅝
St. Paul	137⅛	147⅜	10⅜
Missouri Pacific	87	94¼	7¼
Pennsylvania	111½	120	8½
Union Pacific	71	90	19
B. & O.	72⅞	80¾	7⅞
L. & N.	101	109	8
N.Y. Central	112⅞	118⅞	6
Reading	38¾	45¾	6⅞
Southern Pacific	41½	51⅛	9⅝
Average	83.76	93.10	9.34

Thus the ten stocks have gained on an average since March 15—say twenty days—practically all they lost between January 25 and March 15, or say fifty days.

The rally has now run what would ordinarily be termed its full normal course, judging from experience.

$ $ $

SULLY CASE IS IN A PRETTY GOOD TANGLE

It is probable that the settlement of D. J. Sully & Co. with their creditors is a long way from completion.

There are certain spot cotton interests who are firm in their determination never to permit Mr. Sully to rejoin the exchange.

On the other hand there are larger and powerful commission interests who believe that Mr. Sully has been unjustly treated and would welcome his second advent on the exchange.

Many of the creditors would like to hear from their committee before the hearing at the Federal Court on Thursday. The creditors' committe as yet has not come to any conclusion as to how it will advise the other creditors and is waiting to see what develops at the Hawley-Ray hearing.

It is not believed now that the claim of the Reynolds Company and of Mr. Sully will prevent an acceptance of the offer of settlement provided the other terms can be agreed upon.

$

Twin City Rapid Transit directors have declared a quarterly dividend of 1¼ per cent. upon the common stock, payable May 16. Books close April 30.

$ $ $

BIG SHRINKAGE IN MONTREAL CLEARINGS

Clearings for the week ending April 4th show a very heavy shrinkage compared with the same week in the past two years, and the condition of the country roads and the small volume of share business accounts for it. The figures are:

	Clearings.
Total for week ending April 7, 1904.	$14,828,457
Corresponding week, 1903	19,830,065
Corresponding week, 1902	27,172,095

The Ottawa Clearing House returns:

	Clearings.
Total for week ending April 7, 1904.	$2,032,942
Corresponding week last year	2,183,220

$

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic gross earnings for the fourth week of March, the month, and the nine months, are as follows, with comparisons:

	1904.	1903.	1902.
Fourth week March	$79,805	$72,407	$59,830
Month of March....	205,043	226,253	261,021
Nine months	1,925,099	2,039,544	1,968,794

$ $ $

STEEL RODS AND THE DOMINION STEEL MILL

A report was circulated yesterday to the effect that a shortage of steel rods in Canada had placed the manufacturers of wire nails practically at the mercy of the United States Steel Corporation, and that consequently the big American combine was forcing the Canadian companies to sign an agreement that would seriously affect the outlook for the rod mills of the Dominion Iron & Steel Company, now under construction. It is said that the report overstated the case. The Dominion Iron & Steel Company are not yet in the market for this class of goods, but the new rod mill at Sydney is completed, or nearing completion.

BUSINESS CHANGES

The following business changes are reported by Bradstreets:

Montreal.

Charlemagne Traction & Power Co.....Applied for charter.
Credit (Le) Commercial.....Joseph L. Duplessis, registered.
Desjardins & Labelle, contractors.....Ephrem Desjardins and Alfred Labelle, registered.
Gosselin, Ernest, teas, etc.....Starting.
McGregor Bros., mfrs. lasts..Assets to be sold.
Montreal (The) Carriage Leather Co.....Dissolved.
Noel, H. & Co...Mrs. H. Noel registered
Stanley (The) Dry Plate Co..Walter S. Hubbell, registered
Maisonneuve.
Renaud, Telesphore, saloon.....Sold to Mrs. J. W. Aubin
St. Henry.
Montreal (The) Carriage Leather Co., of St. Henry, Limited.....J. Alex. Stevenson, President, registered.

A DISASTROUS FIRE OCCURRED IN CHICAGO

Six Story Building Was Destroyed, Causing Loss of $150,000.

New York, April 8.—After a hard fight that lasted two hours and a half Chief Croker and his men early to-day, succeeded in subduing a menacing fire in the six-story iron building at the southwest corner of West Broadway and Franklin Streets, occupied by Jas. Barron & Company, wholesale dealers in paints and household articles, all of a highly inflammable nature. Twice there were terrific explosions that scattered the fire, each time giving it a fresh start. Tons of water were poured into tthe fire. Two searchlight engines aided the men in directing the streams. Despite the desperate nature of the fire, it was prevented from extending to adjoining property. The damage was estimated at $150,000.

The current was shut off from the third rail of the Sixth Avenue elevated line so that the firemen could work from the structure. This tied up traffic on that line and it was not resumed for several hours, causing great delay to many thousands of people on their way to business.

SHIPPING NOTES.

The Allan line steamer Austrian, eighteen days out from Liverpool to St. John's, Nfld., arrived at its destination last night. Much apprehension had been felt concerning the safety of the vessel.

The Canadian Pacific Atlantic liner Montezuma sailed from London Wednesday evening with a general cargo for St. John, via Antwerp.

The Canadian Pacific Atlantic liner Lake Manitoba sailed from Liverpool Tuesday with 40 saloon, 125 second and 631 steerage passengers for St. John.

Market Reports.

MONTREAL OCEAN FREIGHTS ARE VERY DULL WITH THE ENGAGEMENTS AWAY BEHIND LAST YEAR

This season so far business in ocean grain freights has been an exceptionally dull one, and practically no engagements for May have been made yet to speak of, while at this date a year ago the bulk of the room for May and June was booked at much higher rates than are being asked to-day. Those who have been in the business for a number of years say that in all their experience they cannot recall such dulness as prevails in the trade at the present time. Grain shippers who a year ago had all the way from one million to two million bushels of grain booked at this time for shipment during the months of May and June, have not got a bushel booked yet this season. This continued dullness, they say, can only be accounted for by the fact that there has been absolutely no demand from foreign sources for Canadian grain this spring for May and June shipment, owing to the high prices at which it has been and is still held at, especially Manitoba spring wheat, of which the quantity for export is limited, and as to American corn there is plenty of it, but the price is also away above export basis. We quote asking rates as follows: Liverpool, 9d to 1s May; London, 9d to 1s; Glasgow, 1s; Avonmouth, 1s; Manchester, 1s; Hamburg, 1s 6d; Antwerp, 1s 3d; Leith, 1s 6d to 1s 9d; Dublin, 1s 9d; Belfast, 1s 9d; and Cardiff, 1s 6d.

The berth quotations in New York are as follows:

Grain..	1d	1½	1d
Cotton	12c	....	....
Flour	a 6 3	7 6a....	5 0
Oilcake	a 7 0	....a....	6 0
Bacon	6 0a 7 6	....a12 6	12 6
Lard	5 0a 7 6	....12a 6	12 6
Butter	25 0a....	25 0a....	30 0
Cheese	20 0a....	20 0a....	25 0
Tallow	5 0a 7 6	....a12 6	12 6
Leather	20 0a....	25 0a....	30 0
Beef	1 6a....	2 6a....	2 6
Pork	1 0a....	2 6a....	2 0

A Chicago paper says: There were no further charters made yesterday for 2c corn, but Armour was bidding 2c for room in this market and also bidding 2c for boats that are at Milwaukee. This is the rate at which the room for the 340,000 bu. already chartered has been taken. The big steamer Wilson, which is at South Chicago for its 250,000 bu. cargo, has loaded so far only 12,000 bu. and it looks as if there was a controversy on over the quality. Armour is apparently in the market for all the vessel room that is to be had at the 2c Buffalo rate.

NEWS AND VIEWS OF THE DAIRY MARKETS

Local Cheese Situation Continues Dull—Butter Quiet and Unchanged.

Cheese.—The local situation continues dull, and there is no immediate prospect for an improvement. Cable advices are still lower to-day, and business is lifeless. The present range can be quoted at about 9¾c to 10c.

Butter.—The local market rules dull with no change in price worth noting. Holders are reducing their prices to clear their stocks, and held creamery ranges about 19c to 19½c. New made creamery is quoted at from 20 to 21½c. Dairy butter continues unchanged at 14½c to 15c.

Eggs.—The egg market is daily becoming easier, and under fairly large supplies, coupled with a good local demand, another decline in prices is noted. Quotations to-day for new laid eggs were, to jobbers, 14c per dozen and to retailers 15c per dozen.

MONTREAL PRODUCE AND PROVISION MARKET

CHEESE—Steady.			
White and colored	.09¾	to	.10
BUTTER—Steady.			
Fresh creamery	.20	to	.21½
Held creamery	.19	to	.20
Dairy, choice	.16	to	.16½
Dairy, good	.15	to	.15½
MAPLE PRODUCT—			
Maple sugar, per lb.	.08¼	to	.09
Maple syrup, per lb.	.05½	to	.06
Maple syrup, small tins	.55	to	.60
Maple syrup, large tins	.70	to	.75
HONEY—			
Strained honey, per lb.	.08½	to	.09
White clover, in comb	.13	to	.13½
EGGS—Steady.			
Single cases	.00	to	.15
To wholesalers	.00	to	.14
BEANS—Quiet.			
Prime, per bush.	1.45	to	1.50
Pea beans, per bush.	1.45	to	1.50
Marrow peas, per bush.	.90	to	.95
HAY—			
Clover hay, per ton	7.50	to	8.00
No. 3 hay, per ton	.00	to	8.50
No. 1 ordinary, per ton	9.00	to	9.50
No. 1 good, per ton	10.00	to	10.50
POULTRY—Quiet.			
Fresh plucked turkeys	.13½	to	.14½
Scalded stock	.12	to	.13
Chickens, per lb.	.10	to	.12
Fowls, per lb.	.07	to	.08
Ducks, per lb.	.10	to	.13½
Geese, per lb.	.09	to	.11

DRESSED HOGS AND PROVISIONS

Trade in fresh-killed abattoir dressed hogs was fair in a jobbing way, and the market was steady, with sales at $7.50 per 100 lbs.

The local provision market continues unchanged. Trade in pork is quiet, and the demand for hams and bacons is still limited. Lard is fairly active. We quote: Heavy Canadian short cut mess pork, $18 to $18.50; Canada short cut back pork, $17.50 to $18; light Canada short clear pork, $16; finest kettle lard, in 20-lb. pails, 9 1-4c; extra pure lard, in 20-lb. pails, 8 1-4c to 8 3-4c; choice refined compound lard, 7 1-2c to 8c; hams, 11c to 13c, and bacon, 12 1-2c to 13 1-2c.

MONTREAL RECEIPTS

Receipts in Montreal yesterday by railroad were as follows:—

	G.T.R.	C.P.R.
Wheat, bushels	—	533
Peas, bushels	—	865
Oats, bushels	1,100	3,583
Flour, barrels	410	250
Eggs, cases	63	2
Butter, packages	225	322
Leather, rolls	85	66
Raw hides	8	3
Tobacco, packages	48	17
Apples, barrels	142	—
Beans, sacks	370	—

MOLASSES MARKET WEAK IN TONE

Private cable advices received from Barbadoes state that the tone of the market for molasses has been weak of late and first cost prices have declined 2 1-2c per gallon, from 11 1-2c to 9c or 14c per gallon f.o.b. which would cost laid down here 24 1-2c per gallon. This weakness is said to be due to the falling off in the demand from other sources and the increased offerings.

CHICAGO CATTLE MARKET.

Chicago, April 8.—Cattle, receipts, 20,000; market steady; good to prime steers, $5.25 to $5.60; poor to medium, $3.75 to $5; stockers and feeders, $2.75 to $5.30; cows, $2 to $4.30; heifers, $2 to $4.75; canners, $2 to $2.50; bulls, $2.25 to $4.10; calves, $2.50 to $5.65; Texas fed steers, $4 to $4.65.

Hogs, receipts, 12,000; market 5c to 10c lower; mixed and butchers', $5 to $5.20; good to choice heavy, $5.15 to $5.25; rough heavy, $5 to $5.15; light, $4.85 to $5.15; bulk of sales, $5 to $5.15.

Sheep, receipts, 5,000; market steady; good to choice wethers, $5 to $5.65; fair to choice mixed, $3.50 to $4.50; native lambs, clipped, $4.50 to $5.45.

MR. JAMES ROSS HOME.

Mr. James Ross, president of the Dominion Coal Company, has returned to the city after spending several weeks down South. While in Virginia Mr. Ross spent ten days with Senator Cox. Mr. Ross has entirely recovered from his illness.

London & Paris Exchange, Limited,
GENERAL BANKERS.
Head Office - - - London, England.
Licensed by the Govt. of Ontario to deal in Stocks and Shares. Canadian Office, 24 Victoria St., Toronto. Write for new publication on all options with Advantages Explained.

GRAIN MARKETS HERE AND ELSEWHERE

No Improvement in Local Grain Business—Market Very Quiet.

The local grain business was unimproved to-day, the demand for grain on spot being dull from all sources. There was little business doing on export account, and exporters state they have never seen the grain trade in such a dull condition at this season of the year as it is at present. The weak feeling in the local market for oats continues, and prices scored a further decline of ¾c per bushel, with sales of car lots of No. 2 white at 37½c and No. 3 at 36½c per bushel, ex store, while, on the other hand, a sale of 3,000 bushels of No. 1 oats was made at 39c per bushel, ex store. In peas business was quiet, owing to the fact that buyers and sellers are apart in their views; the best bid obtainable is 72c per bushel afloat May, with sellers asking 74c. There is nothing doing in barley, rye or buckwheat; therefore, it is difficult to quote prices.

No. 2 Northern Manitoba wheat was quoted to-day at Fort William at 88½c ex store, for April delivery, and No. 3 at 83½c.

May wheat in Chicago opened at 94 3-4 and worked up to 95 1-4, going off to 94 1-2. July new opened at 87 1-8 and at 12.30 was 87 1-4. July old at 12.30 was 88 1-2 and Sept. 81 1-8.

May corn opened at 53 1-4, and after selling up to 54 1-4 went off to opening price. July was 51 3-4 at 12.30.

Wheat in Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, April 8.—Market opened weak but strengthened after first hour slightly. No. 1 northern, 91 5-8; No. 2, 87 5-8; No. 3, 82 5-8; No. 4, 76; feed, 54. May, 91 3-4; July, 93 5-8; Sept., 81; puts, 90 5-8; calls, 92; curb, 91. Oats, No. 2, 38; barley, No. 3, 42; flax, 94. No receipts; water rising rapidly.

EUROPEAN GRAIN MARKETS

Cable advices to-day to the Board of Trade were as follows:

London, April 8.—Wheat on passage nominally unchanged; maize rather easier. English country wheat markets quiet but steady. Weather in England fair, but cloudy; forecast, unsettled.

Liverpool, April 8.—Spot wheat and maize, quiet; No. 1 standard California wheat, spot, 7s to 7s 01-2d; No. 1 northern spring wheat, spot, 7s 2 1-2d to 7s 3d. Futures, wheat quiet; May, 6s 6 7-8d; September, nominal; maize, dull; May, nothing quoted; July, nominal; mixed American maize, spot, new, 4s 2 1-2d; old, 4s 7 1-4d. Flour, Minneapolis 1st bakers, 22s 3d to 23s 3d.

Paris, April 8.—Wheat, tone steady; April, 22.10; Sept. to Dec., 20.70. Flour tone steady; April, 28.95; Sept. to Dec., 28.00. French country markets, quiet but steady.

Toronto Grain Markets.

Toronto, April 8.—Wheat steady at 93c for No. 2 red and white east; goose, 83c for No. 2 east; spring, 88c for No. 3 east. Manitoba easier at $1.02 for No. 1 hard, $1 for No. 1 northern, 97c for No. 2 northern, and 94c for No. 3 northern, at Georgian Bay ports, and 6c more grinding in transit.

Flour steadier at $3.55 to $3.60 for cars of 90 per cent. patents, in buyers' bags, east. Choice Hungarian patents are quoted at $3.30; second patents, $3, and strong bakers' at $4.90, sacks included, on the track Toronto.

Millfeed firm at $17.50 to $18 for cars of shorts and $16.50 to $17 for bran, in bulk east. Manitoba at $21 for cars of shorts and $20 for bran, sacks included, Toronto freights.

Barley steady at 44c for No. 2, 42c for No. 3 extra and 40c for No. 3 east.

Buckwheat steady at 51c for No. 2 east.

Rye steady at 59c to 60c for No. 2 east.

Corn—Canada mixed is quoted at 39c, and yellow at 40c f.o.b. cars west. American No. 2 yellow is quoted at 55c, No. 3 yellow at 54c, and No. 3 mixed at 53c, in car lots, on the track Toronto.

Oats are steady for No. 2 white and 31 1-2c for No. 2 white east. No. 3 white are quoted at 31 1-2c middle freights.

Peas steady at 65c to 66c for No. 2, Choice milling and seed, 68c to 70c east.

FLOUR, ROLLED OATS, HAY AND MILLFEED

Flour—Market unchanged, prices for all grades steady. The volume of new business is small. We quote: Manitoba spring wheat patents, $5.40; Manitoba strong bakers', $5.10; winter wheat patents, $5.10 to $5.25; straight rollers, $4.85 to $5; straight rollers in bags, $2.30 to $2.35.

Rolled oats—Market about steady; demand somewhat limited at present at $2.32 1-2 to $2.35 per bag. There was no change in cornmeal, which is moving fairly well at $1.40 to $1.45 per bag.

Bran in cornmeal, which is moving shorts show steady improvement. We quote: Manitoba bran, in bags, $20; shorts, $21 per ton; Ontario bran, in bulk, $19.50 to $20; shorts, $20.50 to $21, and mouillie, $24 to $28 per ton, as to quality.

Hay—Market firm under a fair local demand. We quote: No. 1, $10 to $10.50; extra good, No. 2, $9 to $9.50; ordinary, No. 2, $8.50 to $9; and clover, mixed, $7.50 to $8 per ton, in car load lots.

OCEAN FREIGHTS ON CATTLE TOO HIGH

Private cable advices received from Liverpool reporting sales of American cattle, say the prices for them netted a loss of 15s per head to the shipper. These cattle cost about $4.40 per 100 lbs. live weight in the Chicago market, and they were shipped on a 3s 6d ocean freight rate. The same cable says that freight rates must be lower than the above figure for May from this port or we will have none of it. Another cable from the same source stated that freight rates for May should not be more than 30s to 32s 6d.

MANY MINISTERS WILL BE CHANGED

Transfer Committee of the Methodist Church Met Yesterday in Toronto.

Toronto, April 8.—The transfer committee of the Methodist Church met here yesterday. Rev. Dr. Carman was in the chair and the following named presidents of conferences were present: Rev. O. Darwin, Manitoba; Rev. John C. Berry, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island; Rev. Jasper Wilson, London; Rev. W. H. Langille, Newfoundland; Rev. T. H. Edmison, B.D., Bay of Quinte; Rev. David A. Moir, Hamilton; Rev. James Turner, British Columbia; Rev. T. J. Mansell, B.D., Montreal; Rev. J. A. Rankin, Toronto, who acted as secretary.

These transfers were made into the Toronto conference: Rev. T. M. Campbell, Bay of Quinte; Rev. J. J. Wheatley, Newfoundland, into the Manitoba conference; Rev. C. H. Shepherd, Bay of Quinte; Rev. A. D. Richard, Nova Scotia; Rev. C. J. Wilson, London; Rev. R. S. Stevens, Nova Scotia; Rev. W. K. Allen, Hamilton; Rev. C. McIntyre, Bay of Quinte; Rev. Thomas Phillips, London, Rev. D. C. Day, Bay of Quinte; Rev. W. H. Coulter, London; Rev. J. N. Wilkinson, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island; Rev. R. O. Armstrong, Nova Scotia; Rev. E. Crocket, Toronto; Rev. W. J. Conoly, Montreal; Rev. W. L. Scott, Montreal, into the British Columbia conference; Rev. G. K. B. Adams, Hamilton; Rev. L. Thomas, London; Rev. A. J. Brace, Toronto, into the New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island conference; Rev. Wm. Dobson, Nova Scotia; Rev. W. G. Watson, B. A., B.D., Toronto; Rev. C. K. Hudson, Newfoundland, into the Hamilton conference; Rev. J. W. Wilkin, Manitoba; Rev. E. S. Rowe, British Columbia; Rev. John Scott, Japan; Rev. Jas. Hill, Newfoundland; Rev. G. H. Kenny, Bay of Quinte; Rev. R. Willoughby, London; Rev. G. K. Bradshaw, British Columbia, into the Bay of Quinte conference; Rev. W. H. Emsley, Manitoba, into the Nova Scotia confernce; Rev. H. G. Bandey, Newfoundland.

OWNER OBJECTS TO CHURCH TAX

Interesting Case at Sherbrooke—Did Not Know Property Was Liable.

Sherbrooke, April 8.—(Special.) — In the Supreme Court yesterday before Mr. Justice Lemieux, an action was heard for the recovery of $88 levied for church taxes. It appears that Mr. A. Peabody, of Coaticook, bought a farm from Mr. V. Vincent, of Hereford. At the time of the sale the former understood that the property was clear of all taxes. Some time after the sale a demand was made on Peabody for the sum mentioned by the Roman Catholic church authorities in connection with the construction of a new Roman Catholic church in that locality. Under the Quebec law this tax is as collectable as that for municipal purposes. The plaintiff contends that Vincent should pay the taxes, as he is not an attendant of the church in question. The case was taken en delibere.

Jos. Proulx, of Magog, who was committed to take his trial before the Court of King's Bench on a charge of theft, appeared before Judge Mulvena yesterday and asked for a speedy trial, and pleaded guilty. He was sentenced to six months in prison. The charge to which Proulx pleaded guilty was that of having stolen the sum of $35 from his employer in Magog, and also with abstracting $1.50 from the toy bank of his employer's child.

WATER IN THE RIVER REMAINS STATIONARY

No Change in Conditions Since Yesterday—High Water at Other Points.

The water in the river has remained absolutely stationary for the last two days, no rise whatever having taken place since Wednesday noon, when the gauge in the Harbor Commissioners' office reached a depth of 34 feet. No movement of the ice has occurred since then, and this fact, no doubt, accounts for the delay in the expected rise. The ice from the lakes is expected down at any day, and it is sure to hasten the general break-up as soon as it arrives.

The road department is keeping the pumps going steadily, and is succeeding in keeping the sewers clear. The gauge at the Mill Street station registered a depth of 15 feet this morning, while 13 feet is the depth recorded at the Cie Craig Street station.

High Water at Ste. Hyacinthe.

Ste. Hyacinthe, Que., April 8.—(

Scroggie's

St. Catherine and University Streets.

Plunging Right Into Business Promptly at 8 a.m. . .

Scroggie's

St. Catherine and University Streets.

Boys' First Communion Suits

Regular $3.50 to $6.00 Values on Sale Saturday at $2.49

Boys' Suits, for First Communion wear, handsomely made up of Venetian and Black Serge. Some made with pleats back and front, while others are plain; 2 or 3 piece, all lined with superior quality black satin and finished off equal to the best. These Suits will be on sale Saturday, for one day only, at **$2.49**

Fashionable Furnishings

FOR MEN OR BOYS

Mr. Business Man, if you are as particular about the purchase of articles of dress as you are in the consummation of a business deal, you will certainly be interested in Scroggie's proposition: A better article for less money than you customarily secure. The correctness of the style of everything sold in this Furnishings department absolutely guaranteed.

1 dozen only Men's Laundered Cambric Shirts (samples). Regular price 89c. Your choice Saturday for **49c**

Boys' Fancy Striped Cambric Shirts, soft bosom. Saturday's special price **49c**

Men's Fine Cambric Dress Shirts, open front and back, short bosom, detached cuffs, dark blue hair stripe pattern. Regular value $1.25. Special price for Saturday **99c**

Men's Fine Elastic Suspenders, Mohair ends, new fancy stripes. Prices: **25c**, **35c**, **45c** and **50c**.

With leather ends. Prices: **25c**, **35c** and **45c**.

One small lot of Men's Silk Flowing End Ties, worth 39c to 59c. To clear at, each **25c**

Ladies' Cotton Hose, 12½c

It is well understood that every price purchases a better than ordinary value at Scroggie's.

Ladies' Black Cotton Hose, guaranteed perfectly stainless. Special price, per pair **12½c**

WHITE MUSLIN, ETC., FOR

First Communion Dresses

To-morrow a great sale of fabrics for First Communion Dresses will be inaugurated at Scroggie's, when special lines at extra special prices will be placed on sale for SATURDAY only. A few samples are:—

48 in. wide White Organdie Muslin, worth 45c yard, for **35c**
Fine Tucked and Drawn Thread Lawn, worth 25c yard, for **20c**
Swiss Book Muslin, worth 33c yard, for **25c**
India Linen, worth 13c yard, for **10c**
Lonsdale Cambric, worth 15c yard, for **10c**
Note.—Early buyers will avoid the crush.

Ladies' 45c Belts, for 25c

Our sale of Ladies' Crushed Leather Belts, advertised yesterday, will be continued to-morrow. Do not miss this chance to secure 45c Belts for **25c**

Sale of Lace Curtains and Lace Door Panels

ART DRAPERY DEPT.

(3rd Floor)

All our purchases were made in time to anticipate the upward tendency of the market. The great advance in the price of raw material does not, therefore, affect us with regards to prices on this season's goods. Values—a broader term than prices—are simply unbeatable.

LACE CURTAINS.

Fine White Nottingham Lace Curtains, 50 inches wide x 3 1-2 yards long, new patterns, in deep borders, choice figured centres. Worth to-day $1.15 pair; our marked price **69c**

Fine White Nottinghant Lace Curtains, extra wide, 60 in. x 3 1-2 yards long, of fine fibre, pretty designs. Worth to-day $1.85. Marked at, pair **$1.25**

Fine White Nottingham Lace Curtains, 60 in. wide x 3 1-2 yards long; one of the best values offered in this extra size Curtain. Worth to-day $4.00 pair; our marked price **$3.00**

Fine White Lace Curtains, neat applique patterns, in best quality net, 50 in. wide x 3 1-2 yards long. Worth to-day $5.00 pair; marked price **$3.75**

Fine White Lace Curtains, Renaissance on best quality Brussels net, 50 in. wide x 3 1-2 yards long. Worth to-day $8.00 pair; marked price **$6.75**

Higher grades of Fine Lace Curtains all marked at same proportionate value.

LACE DOOR PANELS.

Fine White Lace Door Panels, all new patterns, good washing quality. Worth to-day 38c; marked at, each **25c**

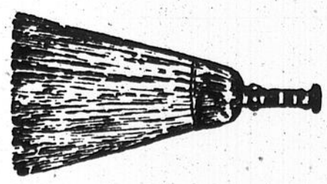
Fine White Lace Door Panels, choice patterns, a very pretty ornament, rich effects. Worth 70c; marked at **45c**

All higher grades of Lace Door Panels marked at similar low figures.

All Day Basement Depts.

5 dozen different size Steel FRYING PANS. Worth from 20c to 30c. Saturday, each **15c**

5 dozen Block Tin Straight SAUCEPANS, with cover. Regular 25c. Saturday, each **10c**



10 gross CORN WHISKS. Regular 10c. Saturday, each **5c**

1,000 feet GAS TUBING. Worth 10c ft. Saturday's Price **2c**

10 dozen POTATO RICERS. Regular 35c each. Saturday's Price **24c**

Saturday Grocery Specials

	Regular.	Saturday.
Fels' Naphtha, 5 bars	35c	**25c**
Enameline, 2 tins	20c	**15c**
Washing Soda, 8 lbs.	12½c	**10c**
Navel Oranges, per dozen..	35c	**25c**
Boiled Ham, sliced, per lb.. ...		**28c**
Stove Pipe Enamel, 2 tins..	20c	**15c**

	Regular.	Saturday.
Strathcona Soap Powder, 7 pkgs.	35c	**25c**
Laundry Starch, per lb.	7c	**6c**
Valencia Oranges, dozen ...	20c	**15c**
Pea Meal Windsor Bacon, per lb.		**18c**

Wash Silk—8 to 11 a.m. Special

35c VALUE FOR 23c.

2,000 yards Corded Wash Silk, all white and colored cords, immense range of colors, A1 quality. Colors: Sky, turquoise, rose, ox blood, mauve, navy, tuscan, nile, emerald and cream. Same quality sells in Montreal daily at 35c. Saturday, 8 to 11 a.m., per yard **23c**

Who can resist buying seasonable merchandise at these phenomenal prices?

50c Spring Costume Tweeds, for 29c

(From 8 to 10 only.)

A splendid line of medium weight, 38 in. wide, fancy mixed Costume Tweeds, in light, medium and dark shades. 30 pieces of these most seasonable fabrics will be placed on sale Saturday morning from 8 to 10. Although capital value for 50c per yard, will be sold for the two hours only at, per yd **29c**

ANOTHER STARTLER.

55c Black Moire Antique Skirting, 29c

4 pieces of this handsome material, worth 55c per yd., can be bought at Scroggie's on Saturday, between the hours of 8 to 10 a.m., for, per yd **29c**

Telephone orders cannot be accepted.

Flannel Section IN THE 8 TO 10 SPECIAL MOOD

15c FLANNELETTE FOR 10c.

A fine assortment of Fancy Striped Flannelette, suitable for pyjama suits, night shirts, etc. Worth 15c per yd. Saturday, 8 to 10 a.m., for **10c**

75c ALBATROSS CLOTHS FOR 25c.

A big lot of Blouse Materials, consisting of Silk Mixture, Fancy Striped Albatross Cloths. Worth up to 75c per yd. Saturday, from 8 to 10 a.m., per yd **25c**

Saturday will be a "red letter" day in the Flannel Section for early shoppers.

Ladies' 25c Neckwear for 10c

SPECIAL BETWEEN 8 AND 10 A.M. ON SATURDAY

35 Dozen LADIES' FINE WHITE LAWN TIES, with fancy edges, in colors and black; also 15 dozen Ladies' fine Cream Brussels Net Ties, with pleated neck band and ends. Regular values of above lines are 25c. On sale Saturday between the above mentioned hours only, at each **10c**

TWO 8 TO 10 A.M. SPECIALS—FANCY GOODS DEPT.

49c Lithographed Cushion Tops, 25c

Lithographed Cushion Tops, 10 different subjects. Regular 49c value. On sale, Saturday, between 8 and 10 a.m. only, for, each **25c**

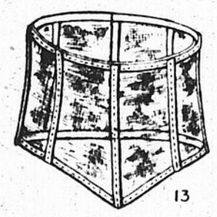
55c TINTED CUSHION COVERS FOR 25c.

Tinted Cushion Covers, ready to outline, both conventional and floral designs. Regular price 55c. Your choice Saturday, between 8 and 10 a.m. only, each **25c**

Ladies' Undervests for 8c

BETWEEN 8 A.M. AND 10 A.M. SATURDAY.

Ladies' Knitted Cotton Undervests. Regular 12c value. On sale Saturday, between 8 to 10 a.m., for **8c**



13

Chiffon Collars 6½c

8 to 10 a.m.

Soft and Stiff Chiffon Foundation Collars, either white or black. The stiff ones are made in either round or pointed styles, soft ones in pointed style only, Size 12 to 15, Regular 10c each. Saturday 8 to 10 a.m. **6½c**

$1.00 Corset for 59c

8 TO 10 A.M. SATURDAY.

New Straight Front Corset, dip hip, bias cut, fully gored, with garter attachment; made of batiste, white only; sizes 18 to 26. Regular value $1.00. Saturday, 8 to 10 a.m., only **59c**

8 TO 10 A.M. SPECIAL—IN THE BASEMENT.

45c Granite Saucepans, for 25c

60 only pale blue Enamel Saucepans, white lining, 3 qt. size; always sold at 45c each. Saturday, from 8 to 10 a.m. **25c**

HALF PRICE SLIPPERS—8 TO 10 A.M.

$2.50 SLIPPERS for $1.25

67 Pairs Ladies' Beautiful Patent Leather Slippers, "Antoinette" style, no strap, jet ornaments on vamps, French heels, medium soles; sizes 1 to 5 in B. & C. widths only. Our Regular price $2.50; Saturday 8 to 10 a.m., special per pair.... **$1.25**

All Day Footwear Specials

Children's and Misses' fine Dongola Kid One-Strap Slippers, turn soles, spring heels, neat and serviceable.

	Regular price.	Saturday.
Sizes 5 to 7½	90c pair	75c pair
Sizes 8 to 10½	$1.00 pair	85c pair
Sizes 11 to 2	$1.25 pair	95c pair

OPEN AT EIGHT A.M.

Scroggie's

St. Catherine & University Streets.

CLOSE AT SIX P.M.

THE ONLY STORE IN MONTREAL THAT IS SELLING THE

New Canadian Game "Speculation"

Price 20 Cents

Corset Cover Sale

65c and 75c CORSET COVERS, For 39c

Values such as this are bound to create enthusiastic buying Saturday. Candidly speaking, we never saw a garment of such style and quality sold at such a little price.

Cambric Corset Covers, made up in two most attractive new styles; one tight fitting, trimmed with embroidery insertion around neck, and finished around arms and neck with embroidery frills. The other is made with four rows of Valenciennes lace insertion down front, and trimmed around neck and arms with lace edging and ribbon beading. These are worth ordinarily 65c and 75c. Our special price **39c**

SPECIAL SALE OF

Ladies' Summer Waists

$3.00 to $4.00 Ladies' Waists, for $1.00.

Our Waist section is becoming more and more popular every day. It is values such as this that are causing such an influx of new patrons. Does this one interest you?

350 only Handsome White Lawn Waists, made with very attractive and pretty Swiss embroidered fronts, backs and sleeves tucked. They would sell ordinarily for from $3.00 to $4.00 each. Our special price **$1.00**

EXTRA SPECIAL VALUES IN

Ladies' Ready-to-wear Hats

We have a magnificent display of Ladies' Ready-to-wear Hats, ranging in price from $1.25 to $5.00 each. These are the latest and most fashionable New York designs, the values are unprecedented.

Ladies' Spring Coatsand Capes

These are styles and values of exceptional importance, and worthy of your closest inspection:—

Ladies' Black Taffeta Silk Raglan Coats, made in a most stylish effect, with deep fancy collar, trimmed with pale blue taffeta silk and accordeon pleated, full bishop sleeve, black and white silk piping, also faced with white silk.... **$27.50**

Black Taffeta Silk Coats, made in a neat semi-fitting style, several rows of tucking, wide frill around bottom, deep stole effect, collar made of black silk applique, new bishop sleeve and finished with fancy silk braid **$23.50**

Three-quarter length Spring Capes, made in a most becoming style; material is black brocaded satin, trimmed with jet passementerie, galone ribbon frilling and black Chantilly lace, also with mercerized lining **$12.50**

Ladies' Capes, made of heavy black brocaded silk, in a neat effect; deep lace around bottom, beaded with jet, ruching around neck of lace, finished with galone ribbon, and black satin bow and ends **$11.50**

Ladies' Black Cloth Capes, made in a nobby effect, with deep circular cape and neatly trimmed with taffeta silk strappings, accordeon pleated ruching around neck, and finished with satin ribbon bow and ends **$7.50**

NEW RECORDS ESTABLISHED IN

THE SALE OF ****** Ladies' Gloves

This is a splendid tribute to the style, fit, wear and value of the Gloves we sell. It is a certain evidence that we are gaining new patrons and retaining the confidence of old friends of the establishment.

Our STRATHCONA Glove represents the limit of value that can be provided for $1.00. A Glove that recognizes no equal, much less a peer, at the price. In all colors as well as black or white. Per pair **$1.00**

The "Loubet"—Ladies' 2 dome fine French Suede Gloves, new silk embroidered backs. Colors: tans, modes, grays, browns, white and black. Sizes, 5 1-2 to 7 in colors and white; sizes 5 1-2 to 7 1-2 in black. Per pair **$1.15**

Towels—3 Extra Values

White Hemstitched Huck Bedroom Towels, in pure linen. Value $1.75 dozen, for **$1.45**

White Hemstitched Huck Bedroom Towels, size 20 x 42 inches. Worth 50c pair, for **35c**

White Turkish Bath Towels, in three sizes. Prices, per pair, **50c**, **58c** and **75c**.

Cut Steel Buckles and Brooches

A new consignment of Real Cut Steel Belt Buckle Sets, Front and Back Pieces and Brooches, just received direct from France. Goods have been bought direct from the manufacturers, thus enabling us to offer them at astonishingly low prices. The following item will give you an idea of the values:—

Real Cut Steel Belt Buckle Sets, front and back pieces, very latest style. Good $1.75 value. Our price, per set **$1.00**

The Lox-All Skirt Fastener and Supporter

A new device that fastens and supports all the garments at the same time. It is the only supporter that will always hold the garments in the same position as when first made or adjusted. Adjustable to either light or heavy garments. Put up in cardboard box, with printed directions included. Price **25c**

Black Wash Fabrics

Black Mercerized Canvas Cloth, per yard	**25c**
Black Mercerized Cheviot, per yard	**25c**
Black Organdie Muslin, per yard	**20c**
Black Egyptian Lawn, per yard	**35c**
Black Mercerized Repp, per yard	**40c**
Black Duck, from, per yard	**14c**
Black Pique, from, per yard	**20c**