

SNOW OR SLEET

APPALLING TRAGEDY IN CITY LOOKS LIKE A DOUBLE MURDER

Mother Dead in a Blood-stained Bed---Father Found Dying in Kitchen---Six Little Children Left Orphans---Uncle Suspected of Crime.

LITTLE BOY TELLS CORONER HE SAW HIS UNCLE KILL FATHER AND MOTHER

Policeman Testifies That Dying Man Also Blamed His Brother-in-law, and Eldest Son Says Attempt Was Made to Smother Children.

DEAD—Francis Vautour and his wife, 187 Grand Trunk street. ORPHANED—Six children, Theodore, nine years of age; Victor, seven years of age; Gilbert and Bella, twins, six years of age; Germaine, five years of age; Edwidge, three years of age.

All that is known of a fearful tragedy which has left six children orphans was related to Coroner McMahon this forenoon when the inquest was opened into the deaths of Francis Vautour and his wife, who were found yesterday morning butchered to death at their home, 187 Grand Trunk street, under most mysterious circumstances.

Although the police from external evidence concluded that the tragedy was the result of a quarrel between Vautour and his wife when the former was under the influence of liquor, they are confronted with the dramatic evidence of two of the boys, one of whom stated at the inquest that he saw his uncle strike his father with a hatchet, and his mother with some other weapon, while the other said all the children had been 'choked' except one little brother Gilbert.

The first intimation the police got of the crime was at twenty minutes past six yesterday morning, when a terror-stricken boy rushed into the Grand Trunk Street Police Station, and told the officer in charge that he was Theodore Vautour, and that his mother was dead and his father covered with blood. Captain Coleman was summoned and together with Lieutenant Bellefleur, Sergeant Bowden and Constable Tremblay followed the weeping boy to his home where they found the father sitting in the kitchen with his face bound up with a towel, while the mother with three gashes in her neck lay dead in a bed saturated with blood.

Vautour was removed to the Notre Dame Hospital, but died in a few hours without being able to tell more of his story than he gasped out in the arms of the policemen, when all he said was that he was lying in bed, and suddenly felt a blow and pain.

Alfred Michaud, brother of the dead woman, against whom the testimony of the eldest boy aroused suspicions was found at his boarding house, 84 Colborne street, and was taken into custody. His landlady, Mrs. Duvernay, and another boarder stated that he had not left the house since coming home on Saturday night, and this was the story of Michaud himself, who appeared surprised and horrified when he heard of the crime.

At that time the police appeared to have no suspicion of Michaud, but this morning's testimony at the inquest has turned appearances against the man, who is held in custody, pending the resumption of the inquest on Tuesday next week.

Dramatic Evidence Given by Orphan Boys at Inquest

At the inquest held at the morgue this morning, seven-year-old Victor Vautour, made the astounding statement that he had personally seen his uncle strike his father with a hatchet, and strike at his mother with some small weapon. He claimed that he looked through a hole in the wall and saw the whole tragedy. He also said that his father sent him out to get the police, but did not say why he was sending him. He then identified Fred Michaud, and said that he was sure it was him who had visited their house during the night and tried to smother him and his brothers after committing the crime of which he accused him.

The other boy, Theodore Vautour, told the same story that he told the police yesterday, adding that he was not sure if his uncle was the man who tried to smother him, but that it was a man in a white shirt. He said that all the children had been choked with the exception of his little brother Gilbert. He also stated that he had never been afraid of his uncle nor heard his parents say that they were afraid of him. He said he had never seen the hatchet around the house and added: 'We have not got one.'

Constable E. Mignon was also examined and said that while he and another constable were talking to the unfortunate Vautour he asked him how it happened and Vautour replied, 'Fred Michaud.' Constable Howe also inquired and got the answer, 'It was my brother-in-law,' from Vautour. The witness was not questioned at the hospital, for he was very weak and spoke with difficulty.

The evidence given by Drs. Dugas and McTaggart who performed the autopsy showed that the woman had four cuts, two on each side of the throat, one of them deep enough to have caused her death. She was in good health in every respect. In the opinion of the doctors the wounds were inflicted with the hatchet, but with a file, some ten inches long, which was also produced in court.

The man's death blow seems to have been dealt with a hatchet, for the left side of the neck and shoulder were badly bruised and the teeth of the hatchet broken on the upper lip, and a triangular cut on the chin, the tip of which was cut off.

Michaud appeared twice, but only to be identified, he did not testify. He did not appear uneasy or alarmed, and when identified by Victor Vautour said, 'I am the only uncle Michaud.'



ORPHANED BY TRAGEDY.—The six little children of Mr. and Mrs. Francis Vautour, photographed in front of the house at 187 Grand Trunk street, in which their parents met a terrible end. The names and ages of the children are:—Theodore, nine years of age; Victor, seven years of age; Gilbert and Bella, twins, six years of age; Germaine, five years of age; Edwidge, three years of age.

Terror Stricken Boy Gave Police First News of Crime

Lieut. Bellefleur, Sergeant Broden, and Constable Tremblay were the first to gaze on the awful scene after it was reported at the police station. It was just 6:20 o'clock when little Theodore Vautour, almost beside himself with grief and excitement, rushed into No. 9 station, gasping out his horrible tale in a few, broken words, 'Oh, come quick, my father is sitting in the kitchen all covered with blood and—and—and mother is lying dead in bed.'

The officers ran for the house, the grief-stricken lad leading the way. It was only a little way for the scene of the grim tragedy and is almost opposite the station house.

It was even so as the boy had declared. At the top of the stairs, in the little kitchen, sat the father. He was covered with blood from head to foot. A horrible gash, gaping wide open exposed the two rows of teeth. The chair was blood covered while his whole appearance was in horrible corroboration of his son's story. In the bed-room adjoining, in a bed that almost dripped with blood, lay the dead mother, around whose head were six little orphans, grief-stricken or too young to realize what had occurred. She lay in her night-dress, three great gashes in her neck, her hair was dishevelled and her arms thrown wide over the bed.

ON THE SCENE WAS DAZED.

Lieut. Bellefleur tried to talk to the husband. He was in such a condition that little information could be obtained from him. He was too weak from loss of blood to tell much as he waited for the ambulance that was to take him to Notre Dame Hospital.

'How did it happen,' asked Captain Coleman while two policemen, Constable Tremblay and Lieutenant Bellefleur held the dying man in their arms, 'was—was—lying—' when I—I felt a blow—and pain. Here the injured man tried to put his hand to his gashed jaw and then sank into oblivion.

When he regained consciousness, he found his wife dead in bed beside him, covered with blood, and his own face was smashed open. He could not say who attacked him or killed his wife. Vautour admitted that he had been drinking, and had not a very clear idea of what had occurred. When the ambulance arrived a few minutes after Captain Coleman reached the house, the injured man was hurried to the hospital.

BOY'S AWFUL ACCUSATION.

It is a startling tale that Theodore Vautour, nine years of age, told the police when they questioned him about the tragedy. He and his little brothers and sisters were sleeping in one room, when about three o'clock a man walked into the room with a lit lamp. They had gone to bed about 10 o'clock Saturday night, and at that time, their uncle, Fred Michaud, was in the house with their father and mother. At three o'clock in the morning he had been awakened by something gripping his throat. He opened his eyes and saw his uncle standing over him with his hand on his throat. He tried to scream, but could not do so.

HEARD GROANS IN THE KITCHEN.

'I fell asleep again,' said the boy, 'and when I woke in the morning I heard a sound like groaning coming from the kitchen. I jumped out of bed and my brother, who was sleeping with me, waked up and came with me. "We went into the kitchen and there we saw father sitting in his chair, and all covered with blood. "My brother screamed and we rushed into the bedroom to tell mother to come, but when we got there we found that she was lying in the bed all covered with blood too, and dead. "Then I ran downstairs across the street and over to the station."

FATHER HAD BEEN DRINKING.

The boy told the story in the presence of his father, while waiting for the ambulance. Captain Coleman asked the father if he had seen Fred Michaud around during the night. Vautour said that he could not tell, that he thought he had, but was not sure. He had been drinking and whatever happened he could not recall clearly.

After his father had been taken to the hospital, Theodore Vautour told the police that when he saw his uncle in the house he had an axe in his pocket, the handle of which was sticking up, and that he had used the axe to break open the door at the head of the staircase leading from the street. A close examination of the lock on the door made by Captain Coleman exhibited no sign of it having been tampered with. But the boy, although questioned closely by Captain Coleman three or four times during the day, once after he knew his father was dead, stuck to the story as he first told it, when he was asked to explain how there came to be so much blood on the bed in the room occupied by himself and the other children. Theodore said that his father

GET TOGETHER!

An open letter to the Citizens of Montreal: Gentlemen:—

Two years ago, when the reorganization of the Montreal Street Railway and suburban lines took place, resulting in the formation of the Montreal Tramways Company, it was understood that the great developments and betterments which were necessary to the system, in order to meet the requirements of a city which had absolutely outgrown the contract it had made with the previous company, were about to be carried out.

Those developments have very partially taken place—and Montreal is growing even more rapidly now than it was two years ago. It is not necessary to tell you that there has been a quarrel between the city and the company. The latter sought certain powers from the Legislature at Quebec, and the Legislature at Quebec gave full authority to the city of Montreal to negotiate with the company in anything and everything pertaining to the tramways and the proposed new contract.

That was two years ago, and you, gentlemen, the citizens of Montreal, have been waiting patiently ever since for the projected improvements under conditions which have been gradually growing worse.

It is no wonder that you have at last come to the conclusion that this state of affairs must cease. Not only are transportation conditions at the rush hours intolerable, but you realize at last that the relations between the two powers responsible for those conditions—the city authorities and the Tramways Company—are also intolerable.

We have it on the authority of Alderman Ward that there is at the City Hall a disposition to combat every proposal for improving the service. There are those in the Council who will allow no benefit to central traffic except on condition of extensions in their own wards.

We maintain—and we believe that we have the citizens of Montreal with us—that Alderman Ward is right when he says that this fruitless and obstructive bickering must stop. The time has come when all the minor differences between the Tramways Company and the city regarding the running of the tramways under the present contract must be cleared off.

Once the slate is wiped of these, negotiations should at once be entered into for a new contract with the company, embodying the developments of which Greater Montreal now imperatively demands.

If changes of route, lessening of stops, and new track facilities are necessary to relieve the intolerable congestion in the centre of the city—and the company says it can relieve the congestion if the city will cooperate with it in carrying out certain proposals in this respect—then let it carry out those proposals, if they are practicable.

As Alderman Ward says, the time for settling these differences is now, while the time for settling new general conditions between the city and the company with regard to fares and so forth is when the new contract providing for an immense development of the system comes up for discussion.

How can these important things be settled except by mutual arrangement? There must eventually be a mutual arrangement between the city and the company. Why not now? We say that the time has come when the city and the Tramways Company must get to business. The officials of the Tramways Company and the civic authorities are both anxious, the 'Witness' is informed, to settle this question. The leading spokesmen of each have expressed to us a desire for a businesslike settlement.

We see no more pressing duty facing the Mayor and Controllers at the present time than to come to business with the Tramways Company, and in your name we are calling upon them to convene a conference with the Tramways Company without further delay. The matter is too important to allow of any further shelving.

We believe that the civic authorities will see the wisdom of this course. If such a conference results in nothing but a renewal of the old bitter antagonism, then, citizens of Montreal, it is for you to demand, and to know, who is responsible. If either the

UNITED STATES ORDER MORE TROOPS TO PREPARE FOR POSSIBLE ACTION IN MEXICO

De la Barra Maintains That Madero and Suarez Were Killed in a Fight for Prisoners' Freedom, But Diplomatic Corps Refuses to Discuss Situation Until the Tragedy is Cleared of Mystery.

Washington, Feb. 24.—The fourth brigade of the second army division, and the entire fifth brigade were ordered to-day to prepare to enter to join other troops being mobilized. This is part of the plan to assemble a complete military organization for any untoward events in Mexico.

WILL HONOR MEN NOW THEY ARE DEAD. Washington, Feb. 24.—Former President Madero and former Vice-President Suarez were killed in the streets of Mexico City in a battle between their guard and two groups of men, who were seeking to overpower the guards and rescue them, according to an official telegram from Francisco de la Barra, Minister for Foreign Affairs, received at the Mexican Embassy early to-day.

It was not made clear which side fired the fatal shots. Several were wounded in the attempt at rescue, the report declared. Both the bodies of Senors Madero and Suarez, 'Senor de la Barra assures the embassy, will be buried with all the honors due to the high positions they held.'

The report declares there was 'a general desire for peace' throughout the country. It was felt that none of the diplomats will attend the luncheon unless the tragic death of former President Madero and former Vice-president Suarez is cleared up.

This decision on the part of the diplomatic corps in the Mexican capital indicates the gravity of the situation which will confront the Huerta Government, should it fail to clear the mystery in which the killing of Madero and Suarez is enveloped.

ANXIETY AT WASHINGTON. A feeling of anxiety over the situation in Mexico continues throughout official circles. It is felt that Ambassador Wilson's message, stating that the diplomatic corps will not attend the luncheon to be given this noon to discuss the situation, is a proof of this and other governments to await definite assurances that the bloody tragedies just enacted had not occurred through any connivance of the Mexican administration.

While this has been asserted in the statements made by General Huerta and Minister de la Barra, assurances given at the same time given of a searching investigation which would determine the exact circumstances under which the tragedies occurred.

Chief activity was manifested at the War Department, where additional plans for the mobilization of more troops were being made, the expectation being that the orders would be issued during the morning.

HANDS OFF MEXICO! CRISIS PORFIRIO DIAZ. Keneth Egypt, Feb. 24.—Porfirio Diaz, former President of Mexico, declared to-day that he was holding himself in readiness to respond to the call of his country in case foreign complications should arise out of the revolution there. If this should not occur, he said, he would not return to Mexico until settled government had been re-established there, and his reappearance on the scene where he had held such long sway could be made without risk of being wrongly interpreted.

The aged ex-president expressed the hope that his country would be saved by his entire aloofness from the politics of his country precluded any criticism by him of the late President Madero's administration, made the

Tramways Company or the civic administrators adopt an irreconcilable attitude and demand impossible conditions, then it is your duty to demand a full and plain statement, so that you may know where to place the blame. You, gentlemen, must be the jury in this matter, and no longer patient spectators.

There is no reason at all why the present deadlock should not be broken. Once more in your name we call upon the civic authorities and the Tramways Company to 'get together.'

THE WITNESS.



THE LATEST PHOTOGRAPH OF FRANCISCO I. MADERO, AND MRS. MADERO.

Mexico, and that the government 'look forward to the future with optimism.' Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson has telegraphed to the State Department, stating that Senor Francisco de la Barra, Minister for Foreign Affairs, invited all foreign diplomats in Mexico City to take luncheon with him.

The ambassador, however, stated that the diplomats will attend the luncheon unless the tragic death of former President Madero and former Vice-president Suarez is cleared up.

When questioned regarding the probability of further complications in Mexico, General Porfirio Diaz replied: 'That depends entirely upon the energy of the provisional government in suppressing pillage and brigandage. Felix Diaz has had long experience in the army and fully realizes the importance of having respect for life and property, as do also the members of his party.'

When reports of the possibility of intervention by the United States were mentioned, the former Mexican president gravely remarked: 'I and my adherents always have been and will remain sincere friends of the United States Government. I cannot imagine the United States or others taking any action inconsistent with America's well-known honesty of purpose.'

General Diaz has not settled on his plans for the future beyond leaving Castro on March 10 for Paris. He and members of his family say they are delighted with Egypt, and hope to spend several months here during 1914.

SPRINT IGNORES NEW GOVERNMENT. London, Feb. 24.—The British Government will refuse to recognize the new government of Mexico until it has been confirmed by a general election, according to a statement made to authoritative quarters here to-day.

HUERTA WANTS LOAN OF \$30,000,000. Mexico City, Feb. 24.—The American Embassy is informed that President Huerta has arranged with capitalists in the United States to secure a loan of sixty million pesos (\$30,000,000) gld. The terms of the loan are said to be favorable. Madero had attempted to borrow the sum mentioned, but was unable to do so because American financiers were told that his government was unstable and corrupt, and that it was characterized by colossal grafting. Officials of the new government say that Huerta found the national treasury almost empty when he took office, and that he had to borrow money from private individuals in order to pay his troops.

SEVEN-FOLD BEREAVEMENT. Harrisburg, Feb. 24.—In a single coffin the ashes of the seven children of Mr. and Mrs. George Smith, who were burned to death in a fire which destroyed the Smith home during the absence of the parents on Wednesday night, were burned yesterday. The little church where the funeral was held was crowded with 300 persons who had followed their way through mud in autos, wagons and on foot to attend the service. A collection was taken up to defray the funeral expenses, for the parents were destitute.



OTTAWA POWER CO. SURPRISE--BRIDGE CO. BUYS PLANT--STOCKS DOWN

DIVIDEND ON ILLINOIS COM. IS ABOUT DUE

Mr. T. B. Macaulay Advises Holders to Keep Their Stock for Long Pull.

Mr. T. B. Macaulay, secretary of the Illinois Traction Company, strongly advises shareholders to hold on to their common stock, as he expects them of future advances which must accrue as a result of the splendid growth in the company's earnings.

It is definitely stated that dividends on the \$10,000,000 common stock of the company are expected to begin on May 15, with the initial rate 5 percent per annum.

WALL STREET DOWN IN MOUTH

New York, Wall Street, 8 p.m.—New levels were made by a remarkable selling in the afternoon and the remainder of the day.

LONDON CLOSING PRICES.

London, Feb. 24, 4 p.m.—Consols for money 7 1/8; do. for account 7 1/2. C. P. 2 1/2; G. T. R. 2 1/2. Bar silver 28 1/2 per ounce.

BUTTER RECEIPTS SHOW DECREASE--MARKET FIRM

Receipts of butter for last week were 577 packages, showing a decrease of 11 as compared with last week, and an increase of 181 with the same week last year.

FRUIT MARKET.

The Peterson Fruit Company quote the following f.o.b. Montreal subject to market without change: Apples, Valencian, 35¢ to 35¢ per case; Mexican, very sweet, 33¢; Florida, \$4.00; Navel, \$3.75 to \$4.

MINING MARKET.

Mining quotations supplied by Gordon and Shore, Stock Brokers, 84 St. Francis Xavier street, for the "Witnes."

MORNING SALES.

La Reine, 50 at 200; 30 at 222. 50 at 124. 12 at 201. 2 at 230 1-2. 50 at 124. 12 at 201. 2 at 230 1-2. 50 at 124. 12 at 201. 2 at 230 1-2.

WINNIPEG GRAIN.

Following was the course of prices in the Winnipeg grain market, by month: Wheat, 80 1/2; Oats, 37 1/2; Barley, 37 1/2.

MONDAY MORNING BOARD.

Brazilian—25 at 95, 50 at 95 1-2, 50 at 95 1-2, 125 at 95. Can. Pacific—25 at 231 1-2, 50 at 231 1-2, 12 at 231 1-2, 35 at 230 1-2.

BOND NOTES AWARDED.

New York, Feb. 24.—The \$2,000 4-1/2 percent school bonds of Cranford, N. J., were awarded to Hornblower & Weeks, on their bid of \$52,100.

HARVESTER HEARING.

Washington, Feb. 24.—On March 4, hearings will be heard in Omaha by Assistant Attorney General Grosvenor in International Harvester suit.

POTATOES FAIRLY ACTIVE.

The demand for potatoes is fairly good, and the market is moderately active, with a steady undertone.

POULTRY MARKET FIRM.

The demand for dressed poultry remains firm, owing to the limited supplies coming forward and the steady demand for the same.

DOM. BRIDGE CO. BUYS NEW PLANT

Quebec, Feb. 24.—(Special).—The "Witness" has been informed from creditable sources that the Dominion Bridge Company, of which Mr. Rodolphe Forget, M.P., is the leading shareholder, has been purchased by the Dominion Bridge Corporation.

CHEERFUL TONE IN LONDON STOCK MARKET

London, Feb. 24.—The mining settlement occupied the attention of dealers on the Stock Exchange to-day, but expectations of an early arrangement accepted in the Near East gave the market a cheerful tone and Paris buying in the mining section was in keeping with the more confident feeling.

DECREASE IN CHEESE RECEIPTS--MARKET FIRM

The cheese market is firm and prices show no change. Receipts of cheese for the week show a decrease of 49 boxes as compared with last week, and an increase of 69 with the same week last year.

\$1,000,000 LOANED 1 P.C.

Boston, Feb. 24.—We understand that \$1,000,000 has recently been loaned to March 1 at 4 percent.

ACTION TO RECOVER \$38,000 ON BONDS ENTERED IN COURT

Suit to recover \$38,000, alleged to be due on bonds of the East Canada Paper and Pulp Co., was entered to-day by Marcus F. Stoddard against Sir Rodolphe Forget. The plaintiff claims that bonds to the value stated should have been returned to him.

PROHIBITION IN COTTON FUTURES

Washington, Feb. 24.—Federal legislation to prohibit transmission by telegraph of information concerning cotton futures and options is to come up before the Senate to-morrow.

RECEIPTS IN MONTREAL.

Following were receipts reported on the Board of Trade this morning: Wheat, 657; Oats, 778; Barley, 1045; Flaxseed, 2190; Hay bales, 813; Flour sacks, 320; Eggs, 320; Butter packages, 58.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

Liverpool, Feb. 24. Closing. Wheat, spot firm; No. 2 Man. 7s 7d; No. 3, do. 7s 3d.

TWIN CITY PROFITS.

Twin City earnings for the second week in February show an increase of \$1,197.

LEHIGH VALLEY COMPANY.

Lehigh Valley January gross income is \$328,309; January net income is \$171,407. Seven months gross income, \$3,240,991; net increase, \$1,309,989.

GRAIN ELEVATOR RECEIPTS.

Following were receipts of grain in carloads at Winnipeg reported on the Board of Trade this morning: Wheat, 657; Oats, 778; Barley, 1045; Flaxseed, 2190; Hay bales, 813; Flour sacks, 320; Eggs, 320; Butter packages, 58.

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LIVE STOCK MARKET, FEB. 24.

About 1375 head of butchers' cattle, 225 calves, 100 sheep and lambs and 1,900 hogs were offered for sale at the Pea 31, Charles stockyards to-day.

TORONTO COBALT SALES.

Toronto, Feb. 24.—Morning sales: 1000 at 100; 2000 at 105; 3000 at 110; 4000 at 115; 5000 at 120; 6000 at 125; 7000 at 130; 8000 at 135; 9000 at 140; 10000 at 145.

FAIR GROWTH IN CANADIAN TRADE WITH U.K.

British Statistics for January Show Continued Expansion.

(Canadian Associated Press.) London, Feb. 24.—The official returns of the Board of Trade for January contain the following figures regarding trade with Canada.

Imports from Canada, Jan. 1913, Jan. 1912: Wheat, cwts., 1,577,500, 1,584,700; Meal and flour, cwts., 256,500, 257,500; Oats, cwts., 38,200, 57,000; Malt, cwts., 4,500, 8,400; Cattle, head, 510, 510; Bacon, cwts., 24,004, 36,216; Hams, cwts., 8,608, 37,760; Cheese, cwts., 33,438, 51,275; Salmon, cwts., 22,508, 41,627.

Exports to Canada, Jan. 1913, Jan. 1912: Spirits, gals., 98,503, 106,283; Sugar, cwts., 16, 4111; Wool, lbs., 169,600, 134,400; Hides, cwts., 3,207, 1731; Tanned hides, tons, 1,428, 2,228; Tin plates, tons, 156, 1717; Cutlery, cwts., 552, 427; Hardware, cwts., 2,115, 1707.

The total value of imports from Canada during 1912 was \$26,850,502 against \$24,853,945. The value of the Canadian exports was \$23,512,456, as against \$19,715,053 in the previous year.

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE CALL

New York, Feb. 24.—President Mahon of New York Stock Exchange has issued a call for opposition by members of the plan to incorporate a new exchange when the measure comes up at Albany Wednesday.

CABLE ON CORN CROP.

A cablegram from the International Agricultural Institute to-day gives the production of corn in Argentina as 195,840,000 bushels, or 65.5 percent of that of 1911.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, 24.—Following were the live stock prices: Cattle receipts 22,000; market slow. Beef, \$6.75 to \$9; Texas steers, \$5.20 to \$5; stockers, \$4.50 to \$5; calves, \$7 to \$10.50.

MEXICO ARRANGING A \$30,000,000 LOAN

New York, Feb. 24.—It is reported that Mexico has arranged for a loan in the United States for an immediate loan of \$30,000,000.

TORONTO SALES.

Toronto, Feb. 24.—Mackay, 35 at \$4; Tuckett's, 10 at 95; 20 at 23 1/2; 30 at 23 1/2; 40 at 23 1/2; 50 at 23 1/2; 60 at 23 1/2; 70 at 23 1/2; 80 at 23 1/2; 90 at 23 1/2; 100 at 23 1/2.

PLAN OF HARRIMAN MERGER DISSOLUTION

Washington, Feb. 24.—Mr. Wick-ersham will to-day present a plan of dissolution of the Harriman plan to the United States Court at St. Louis.

UNLISTED STOCKS.

Unlisted stocks as reported for the "Witness" by O'Brien and Williams: Ames Holden com., 22 1/2; 23; 24; 25; 26; 27; 28; 29; 30; 31; 32; 33; 34; 35; 36; 37; 38; 39; 40; 41; 42; 43; 44; 45; 46; 47; 48; 49; 50; 51; 52; 53; 54; 55; 56; 57; 58; 59; 60; 61; 62; 63; 64; 65; 66; 67; 68; 69; 70; 71; 72; 73; 74; 75; 76; 77; 78; 79; 80; 81; 82; 83; 84; 85; 86; 87; 88; 89; 90; 91; 92; 93; 94; 95; 96; 97; 98; 99; 100.

MORNING SALES.

Ames com., 50 at 23 1/2; Ames pref., 2 at 82; Macdonald, 5 at 88; 25 at 53 1/2; Brick, 110 at 62; Sherbrooke, 25 at 47; Tram and Power, 75 at 46 1/2; West. Can. Power, 5 at 79; 5000 at 79 1/2; West. Can. Power, 79; 79 1/2.

RAILWAY PURCHASES.

Washington, Feb. 24.—Trade reports show that heavy railway purchases of equipment are continuing at a rapid rate. Chief feature of the iron and steel industry.

TORONTO COBALT SALES.

Toronto, Feb. 24.—Morning sales: 1000 at 100; 2000 at 105; 3000 at 110; 4000 at 115; 5000 at 120; 6000 at 125; 7000 at 130; 8000 at 135; 9000 at 140; 10000 at 145.

BALED HAY STEADY.

The local trade in oats shows no improvement. The western export store are nominally quiet at 41 1/2 to 42; extra No. 1 feed at 41 to 41 1/2; No. 1 feed and No. 2 C.W. at 40 1/2 to 41 per bush.

BRITISH CATTLE PRICES.

Liverpool, Feb. 24.—John Rogers & Company reports that with cold dry weather there was a fair demand for beef at Birkenhead to-day and values remain firm and steady at 12 1/2 to 13 per lb. for Irish steers.

DOMINION COAL CO., Limited.

"DOMINION" and "SPRINGHILL" Coal, screened, run of mine and slack. DISCHARGING PLANTS at Montreal, Quebec and Three Rivers. WITH Unexcelled Facilities for Bunkering. SALES OFFICE, 112 St. James St., Montreal. Telephone MAIN 4491.

AN OFFICIAL WHO HAS CONFIDENCE IN TRACTION CO.

Washington, Feb. 24.—The House Money Trust Committee in executive session to-day took up with Mr. Samuel W. Wainwright the report of Mr. Wainwright's investigation into the affairs of the Traction Company.

Mr. Wainwright presented a long analysis of the testimony with a number of recommendations for remedial legislation. With these as a basis, the committee expects to complete a report to the house later this week.

Several points in Mr. Wainwright's recommendations caused spirited discussion. Among these was the regulation of interlocking directorates in stock corporations, the regulation of stock exchanges and proposed federal control of clearing houses. Several members of the committee were inclined to doubt the jurisdiction of the Federal Government over such activities.

BALKAN POLICY OF GERMANY AND ENGLAND

(From a Berlin Correspondent of the Manchester Guardian.) The review of the past year which almost every paper here presents to its readers in an internal or external affairs has mocked at every effort that has been made towards an understanding, but the change in tone throughout the year has been striking since New Year's Day a year ago shows how much worth while these efforts have been.

REASONS FOR DROP IN PRICE

Yet such is now actually the case. The price of a seat on the local market is within \$12,000 of that of an immensely larger market in New York. This is due, largely to a recent sharp drop in the Wall Street figure, and it is interesting to note by way of a parallel, that seats on the Chicago Board of Trade—in other words the grain pit—are now selling at a reduction of \$100 from the latest previous price. Seats are now being offered at \$2.50.

ANOTHER VIEW OF THE CASE

A despatch from New York tells us that while members of the Stock Exchange generally commend the changes in the rules recently made by the governing committee regarding wash sales and other transactions, some of the market is within \$13,000 of that of the grain do not go far enough.

AT SUPPLIES LARGER.

The local trade in oats shows no improvement. The western export store are nominally quiet at 41 1/2 to 42; extra No. 1 feed at 41 to 41 1/2; No. 1 feed and No. 2 C.W. at 40 1/2 to 41 per bush.

DOMINION BOND COMPANY, Limited.

"DOMINION" and "SPRINGHILL" Coal, screened, run of mine and slack. DISCHARGING PLANTS at Montreal, Quebec and Three Rivers. WITH Unexcelled Facilities for Bunkering. SALES OFFICE, 112 St. James St., Montreal. Telephone MAIN 4491.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES

President - G. P. GRANT, Toronto. Vice-President - E. G. WINANS, Montreal. Vice-President - E. E. BOREHAM, London, Eng. General Manager - S. MANN, Toronto.

STOCKS IGNORE FOREIGN NEWS AND DROP AGAIN

Power and Canadian Pacific Drop—U. S. Legislation Disturbing.

Foreign advices, intimate that secret peace negotiations are being conducted between Turkey and the Balkan allies, and a feeling of hopefulness is reflected upon the London and Paris bourses. On top of this cheerful news comes the report from Wall Street that there is a likelihood that financial interests will be called upon to fight hard against unreasonable restraints imposed against the stock market by contemplated state and federal legislation.

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OTTAWA POWER INCREASES ITS DIVIDEND RATE

Will Also Make New Stock Issue to Pay for Big Extensions.

Following are the net earnings of the Ottawa Electric Company and the Ottawa Gas Company, the two subsidiary forming the Ottawa Light, Heat & Power Company:

Table with 2 columns: Company Name, 1912 Increase, 1912 Amount, 1911 Amount. Rows: Ottawa Electric, Ottawa Gas.

The president, Mr. Ahearn, stated that the earnings were very satisfactory. A site for a new gas plant was being purchased and a modern plant would be ready for operation early next spring.

The earnings were so satisfactory that the directors were of the opinion that they justify an increased distribution to the shareholders. For the last two years the shareholders have been receiving eight percent, namely, 1 3/4 percent quarterly dividend, with a bonus of 1 percent at end of year.

To provide funds for the new gas plant, it has been decided that an issue of \$500,000 new stock should be made to the shareholders at par later in the year.

This announcement is construed by the street as meaning that with the customary 1 percent annual bonus, Ottawa Power is now on a 9 percent basis. The announcement of the new stock issue came as a surprise, as it had not been thought that any announcement would be made in this regard, and there was a disposition to believe that the new stock might not be issued at par, but at a premium of 25 percent and perhaps 50 percent.

NORTHERN OHIO CO. DIVIDEND ON COMMON

New York, Feb. 24.—Northern Ohio Traction and Light Company declared regular dividend of 1 1/4 percent on common stock, payable March 15 to stock record of Feb. 23.

ELECTRIC BOND AND SHARE COMPANY

New York, Feb. 24.—All of the \$1,000,000 6 percent preferred stock issued in January by the Electric Bond and Share Company has been sold. Part of the issue was taken by stockholders of the company and part by investors. William P. Bonbright and Co. at par and accrued dividends.

HEDLEY GOLD COMPANY.

New York, Feb. 24.—Hedley Gold Mining Co. for year ended Oct. 31, 1912, shows net profits, \$385,000; dividends 30 percent, \$360,000, and surplus, \$25,800.

The negotiations over the Balkan problem have brought indirect good to both countries in as indisputable as it is satisfactory.

GILLETT & STRACHAN, Members Montreal Stock Exchange, C.P.R. Telegraph Building, Montreal, Can.

ICE MANUFACTURING CO., LIMITED. 7% Cumulative Dividend Stock with one Participation Certificate to each two shares

We will fill orders for the 7% Cumulative Dividend Stock of ICE MANUFACTURING CO. LIMITED with one Participation Certificate to each two shares.

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ICE MANUFACTURING CO. LIMITED. 7% Cumulative Dividend Stock with one Participation Certificate to each two shares, may be placed with O'BRIEN & WILLIAMS MEMBERS MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE MONTREAL.

R. FORGET, Stock Broker, 83 Notre Dame Street West, Montreal. Paris Office: 60 Rue de Provence.

Russell E. Popham & Co. INVESTMENT BANKERS, Montreal.

McGIBBON & MacDOUGALL, Members Montreal Stock Exchange, 706 St. Louis St. STOKES, BONDS, INVESTMENTS, CANADA LIFE BUILDING, MONTREAL.

WEEKLY-CALENDAR HEAR HILLIS Doctor Newell Dwight The greatest Lecturer before the Public to-day, and Successor to HENRY WARD BEECHER.

M.A.A.A. RINK BAND FIXTURES Knowles' Military Band Will be in Attendance Weather Permitting Tuesday and Thursday 8.30 to 10.30 p.m. Friday (Special) 8.30 to 10.30 p.m. And Saturday Afternoon 3.30 to 6.00 p.m.

An Ideal Vacation, 1913 5 WEEKS PERSONALLY CONDUCTED TOURS. England, Scotland, France and Switzerland. \$245 Inclusive from Montreal.

MISS HORNIMAN'S COMPANY TO-NIGHT, Tuesday Evening and Wednesday Matinee. The School For Scandal Twelfth Night The Silver Box

ART ASSOCIATION GALLERIES OPEN 10 a.m. to 6 p.m., except Sundays, 25 cts. FREE DAY THURSDAY

FUN! FUN! FUN!!! WHO STOLE THE ROOSTER? MOCK TRIAL Y. M. C. A. DRAMMATIC REPRESENTATION THURS. EVE. FEB. 27th. Tickets now selling. Phone Uptown 8500.

Exhibition in SCOUTCRAFT March 8 and 10. Afternoon and Evening Victoria Hall, Westmount

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MAILS. To Be Closed at the Post Office During the Week Ending March 1, 1913. 24 6.00 p.m. New Amsterdam, Red Star. 25 1.00 p.m. Finland, Red Star. 25 6.00 p.m. Supply, France, G.T. Atlantic. 26 1.00 p.m. Supply, New York. 26 6.00 p.m. Supply, American. 27 8.00 p.m. Tunisian, Allan.

HEAVIEST SNOWFALL For the Winter Took Place on Saturday and Sunday. The heaviest snowfall of the winter took place on Saturday and Sunday, the records showing that about seven inches fell on Saturday.

AS PLAINTIFF AND DEFENDANT. It is not unusual for a man to appear in court both as a defendant and plaintiff, on the same day, but this is what will happen on Thursday, in the case of Edward Dumphy, who will appear as a witness against Albert Champagne, whom he accuses of having assaulted and robbed him of the sum of \$34.

document of a polytechnic institute, including courses of popular scientific entertainment. The Art Association has since then shown a vitality which is outside of such a proposition. The plan is now, however, maturing with regard to the other three, and that with an unforeseen effervescence. Our plan never was that any of these institutions should lapse; but that some mode of federation should be formed by which maintaining their autonomy, they could join forces for the public good.

Dr. Hensley-Henson whose name has been brought into the limelight in Montreal through having figured in a similar case to that of which the Vicar of the Cathedral is just now the centre, has been promoted to be Dean of Durham, and higher posts are predicted for him. Dean Henson is not yet fifty, but his name has been before the world for many years as a leading representative of the school of thought in the English Church, connected with such names as Arnold of Rugby, Dean Stanley, Frederick Denison Maurice and Charles Kingsley to these "broad churchmen", as they are called, the only conditions that could give the national church the ascendancy and privileges of a church by law established, would be that it should be acknowledged by the nation to be a truly national church.

While the publishers of the "Witness" exclude from its columns all financial advertisements other than those which consider calculated or intended to take advantage of or injure the readers, it will guarantee advertisements, and must not be held responsible for any loss or gain in the way of putting faith in them. It is, of course, impossible to know more about the advertising which offers probably the most speculative and, therefore, the most risky of all investments. The great chances of gain are balanced by the great chances of loss, and no one should invest in a very speculative property more than he can afford to lose.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1913. S M T W T F S 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 .. .. .

The City Council passed a resolution requesting the Board of Control to report upon a subway service such as is found in other great cities. So far the resolution is one we might have written. Indeed we have drawn attention to the fact that before such works can be completed they will be pressingly needed; that indeed such is the cost of it in the city that it is essential to the city's further growth that new territory be brought within the people's reach, and we have also pointed out that, with a reasonable system of taxation by which the city would get a fair share of the "realities" such improvements created, the city would soon pay itself the cost of opening such methods of rapid transit. But what we do not see the need of in such a resolution is the prescription of routes which follows: "Said service to run north and south and east and west." If the Board of Control took this instruction to mean what it says, that is, that the lines should seek the cardinal points of the compass, we could lead it, as those directions run diagonally to our existing street lines and would greatly reduce distances and obviate corners and transfers. But if it means that the advisers of the city should consider themselves bound to our present rectangular lines of travel, we should greatly regret it as we believe that, even should it cost more, the reduction of distance that would be got by diagonal lines would be worth any initial difference of cost.

It is twenty-five years since the "Witness" sowed the seed of which the outcome is now being seen. In successive articles it urged that the Mechanics' Institute, the Fraser Institute, the Art Association, and the Natural History Society should federate and should complete the building then new on Phillips Square by one which would have accommodated for all four institutions, and that the surplus means that the disposal of their properties should provide should form the nucleus of the en-

vested by a larger attacking force and how the prisoners attempted to escape, and what shots being exchanged, both prisoners were slain. As an explanation of the story is extremely ill put together, and would need very strong corroborative evidence. The most explanation is to refer to all the records of barbarism. The removal of the prisoners was at an hour when no one was supposed to know of it. If there was an assailing force, it must have had private warning. The only semi-plausible alternative to the commonly accepted theory of direct official crime would be to suppose that Diaz had learned of the intended removal and had assailed the car unknown to the government. But no one has broached this theory. The problem before the United States is a singularly distressing one. Let her be thankful that, whether before or after March 4, she has at the helm a strong man who will not be afraid to do what must be done, but still more important, will not be hurried into hasty or reckless action.

HUNGER TACTICS. When Enver Bey demanded the resignation of Kiamil, the Grand Vizier, for having surrendered Adrianople, he immediately signed it. Here is a job for you, my boy, he no doubt said to himself; we have not surrendered Adrianople, but you will have to account to the people for it, and it is turning out. The lower kind of party barker in the London press are just denouncing the government for not suppressing the suffragettes. One would think they wanted to add this to the other jingo grievances against the government. If the government had yielded to the predatory host that is laying siege to their country, it could not do it on a better issue than this. It could say there is a job for you, my boy. The suffragettes never attacked the Tories, and some of them would be very loth to do so. But if, on the accession of a reactionary regime, there was any reaction in their criminalities the nation would put down their past action to partisanship. They would have to keep on pain of losing their reputation. A government under Mr. Bonar Law or under Mr. Balfour would then have to find, what no one has yet been able to suggest, some method of dealing with this form of crime.

It has been questioned from time to time what would be the result if other criminals adopted the methods of the suffragettes. Would the thief have to be liberated before he starved himself to death? So long as the act was done as the act of an isolated individual, it is probable that the jail authorities would let him take his choice and give in or starve. If, however, a movement was to be started among the destitute demanding a right to a sufficiency of food, which they would seize when they could not buy, and if they were to organize themselves to enforce their right by hunger strikes which locked up the government would be brought to a very awkward pass. The blood of martyrs cannot be allowed to cry out against any institution resting on a popular suffrage. To be sure, the women in their hunger strikes have known from the first that the best medical supervision would be used to keep them from death. Still no one can say, even had this not been so, they would not have shown the same determination. There are always many willing to die for what they deem a good cause. It is the ease, comparative painlessness, and lack of final spasms, but a drowsy slipping away that makes the hunger strike such a successful discovery and fraught with the possibility of a martyr's crown. It is organized method of preventing crime. The only pair that these suffragettes complained of during their fast was that of enforced feeding. The plan of giving them only milk with their food and no water is probably ill-considered. It made legal, few, if any, would stand the pangs of thirst to the bitter end. But, as we have recently seen in the case of the martyrs of the steeple pole as compared with the myriads falling in war, and in the case of Madero as compared with the hecatombs of the streets of Mexico, public sensibility does not diminish, but greatly increases by being concentrated on individuals.

THE CROSS AND THE SWORD. Finis Coronat Opus.—March, 1912. Alone 'mid the dreary grandeur, Of the waste of ice and snow, And fierce winds, wildly wailing, Their burden of pain and woe— Had the wanderers thought to cheer them, When life was ebbing low? Both hope and fear were over— The end had crowned their quest, And safe in their country's keeping, Their memory and fame shall rest, Bright in the peaceful glory, That lights their high behest! That was all! Now the fight was finished, Life held for them no more; Though the bright, warm homes were waiting, On Britain's far-off shore, Nor love, nor help, could reach them, And death stood close before! What thought they, as they gathered, For the last meal life could know— Of the weary march through the tempest? The wild wind,—the blinding snow? Of the Frost King's hand upon them? As their last fire flickered low? Nay!—for the heart flies faster Than the tempest's fiercest flight For beyond the icy surges— What vision cheers their sight? 'Tis the hearts in the dear old homeland, They see—through the polar night! Not for them the note of triumph, Or echoing British cheer, Or the welcome, warm and glowing, In the eyes so true and dear, Still watching, hoping, waiting, For them—who perish here! Yet 'surely—surely' was question In those hearts so strong and brave? Was the charge of the stricken dead ones Too great a boon to crave?

Nay Britain could ne'er dishonor Her debt for the life they gave! Not for them the pomp of mourning, Or the grave 'neath the daisies' sod, But the marble snows enshrining The Cross on the waste untrod. With the blue sky bending o'er them Like the benison of God! KINGSTON. FIDELIS.

THE INSURANCE ACT. (Special Correspondence of the "Witness.") London, Feb. 9. The Insurance Act of 1911 came into operation on July 15, 1912. On its first introduction, it was welcomed by all parties. Soon afterwards the Conservatives began to quarrel with its provisions, still insisting, however, that they approved of it in principle. They continue to assert, although for more than a year they have pursued the Act with violent abuse, they have encouraged people to evade it, and have stirred up strife between the doctors and the Government. What the principle is of which they approve it would be difficult to discover; in reality they make this qualification only in order to stand well with the working classes, for whose benefit the Act was passed. Criticism has been directed against it also by the more advanced section of the Labor Party, who favor a non-contributory scheme. But in spite of these difficulties it has become law, and every day its popularity increases.

THE ACT DESCRIBED. The National Insurance Act is divided into two parts, dealing respectively with Health and Unemployment. It has aroused more general interest, as it affects a larger proportion of the community. Under it every person between the ages of 16 and 70, who is employed at a rate not exceeding £160 (\$800) a year, and every manual worker, no matter what his wage, must be insured against sickness. There are two classes of insured persons: members of approved societies, and deposit contributors. Approved societies are those which have been passed by the Insurance Commissioners for service under the Act; they may be 'friendly societies', or trade unions, industrial insurance societies, etc. Organizations found to be financially insolvent, as a large number of benefit societies, are, could not be approved. Each insured person who is a member of an approved society, and his insurance card to that society, which is responsible for seeing that he obtains the benefits that are due to him. Deposit contributors are those who have failed to join any society, either through their own choice, or because their state of health is such that the societies refuse them. Their cards go to the Post Office, and the local Insurance Committee sees that they receive their benefits, which are, however, restricted. An important point is that no insured person is allowed to receive more than £100 a year, or the value of the insured person's contributions, or even otherwise belongs to one at all. Otherwise employment might be refused to deposit contributors on the score of health. Contributions are, generally speaking, sevenpence per week for men, sixpence for women. Of these three shillings, one shilling is paid by the employer, the rest by the insured person. To these the State adds twopence, bringing the total per week for men to ninepence, for women up to eightpence.

BENEFITS SECURED. In return for these contributions the following benefits are given: 1.—Medical benefit, which includes medical treatment, drugs, and certain surgical appliances. It is given to the insured person only, not to his dependents. These benefits became due on Jan. 15th, 1913. 2.—Sickness benefit, which consists in the payment of 10s. per week to an insured man, 7s. 6d. per week to an insured woman, who is rendered incapable of work by sickness. This payment may last for a period of 26 weeks. 3.—Disability benefit. After 26 weeks of sickness benefit, insured persons still unable to work may draw contributions for some time. 4.—Sanatorium benefit. This means sanatorium treatment for tuberculosis (or any other disease specified by the Medical Government Board.) It is given not only to insured persons, but to members of their families. The administration of this benefit was commenced on the day that the Act came into force, July 15, 1912. 5.—Maternity benefit. Any insured woman or wife of an insured man is paid 30s. at the time of her confinement. 6.—Additional benefits. These are to be given by approved societies, if, after a valuation, their funds show a surplus. These additional benefits may consist of medical treatment for dependents, dental treatment, increase of other benefits, etc. The deposit contributor is entitled to the above benefits, only so far as they can be met (generally speaking) from his own separate account with the Post Office.

For fourpence or threepence a week it is evident therefore that the insured person receives good value. The effects of the Act are only now beginning to be felt; soon it will be realized what a transformation it will work in the life of the British worker. It must be realized, however, that it is only the person in more or less regular employment who comes under its scope. It does not affect the unemployed man who always hovers on the brink of starvation. It is impossible that he should be included; he cannot pay a contribution himself, he has no employer to pay the other share. On the casual laborer, who earns only a meagre pittance, the Act falls very heavily, so heavily that the regular treatment of sickness, provided by the Act, but indirectly in other ways. For the first time the public authorities will now have statistics as to the occurrence and duration of illness in various localities. So far the public health authorities has possessed records only of births, deaths and infectious illnesses. The mass of information that will be collected under the Act will be invaluable as a basis for the prevention of disease. Moreover, the Insurance Commissioners have power to put aside out of their funds £50,000 a year for the encouragement of medical research. This is expected to provide enormous encouragement to the progress of medicine in this country. We are now led to a brief consideration of the struggle between the

doctors and the Chancellor of the Exchequer. Undoubtedly, Mr. Lloyd George made a serious mistake in not consulting the British Medical Association (the doctors' trade union) before he promulgated his scheme. The doctors almost immediately objected to the rates and methods of remuneration proposed under the Act, and to various details of administration. The British Medical Association put forward 'Six Cardinal Points,' and the doctors pledged themselves, on the basis of these six points, to accept the Act, and to demand that it should be amended to serve under the Act. The Government gave way on these six points, and yet the Association held the doctors to their pledges, and various details of administration. The doctors are composed of doctors, and it must be realized that these committees are concerned not only with the control of the whole of the National Sick Insurance, and the expenditure of public money. The doctors cannot expect a large representation on such a body. Both of these demands were so obviously unreasonable that when the time came for the doctors to place their names on various panels of the Act, the administration of the whole of the National Sick Insurance, and the expenditure of public money. The doctors cannot expect a large representation on such a body. Both of these demands were so obviously unreasonable that when the time came for the doctors to place their names on various panels of the Act, the administration of the whole of the National Sick Insurance, and the expenditure of public money. The doctors cannot expect a large representation on such a body. Both of these demands were so obviously unreasonable that when the time came for the doctors to place their names on various panels of the Act, the administration of the whole of the National Sick Insurance, and the expenditure of public money. The doctors cannot expect a large representation on such a body. 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THE UNIVERSITY AND JOURNALISM

Editorial Workers Hear Their Profession Analyzed by Dean Moysie, of McGill.

A higher standard of journalism and the relation of the university to the profession were dealt with by Dr. Charles Moysie, Dean of the Faculty of Arts at McGill, in an exceedingly thoughtful and sympathetic address before the Institute of Journalists on Saturday night.



DEAN MOYSIE.

He strongly deprecated the tendency to load up unduly the curriculum at colleges and universities, compelling the students to expend their energies in laboring over too wide a field rather than selecting a smaller range, and not only acquiring intimate knowledge of a limited number of subjects, but also being thoroughly trained in how to think—how to approach any subject and master it.

SEEK RELEASE OF MAN CHARGED WITH THEFT

Ottawa, Feb. 24.—The case involving the burglary of the New Westminster, B.C., branch of the Bank of Montreal, in September, 1911, was up before the Supreme Court on Saturday, when application was made to Mr. Justice Duff by Mr. Charles Lewis, K.C., counsel for the prisoner, Charles Dean, for his discharge on habeas corpus.

INDIGESTION RIGHTLY CURED STAYS CURED

Not by Treating the Symptoms but by Toning up the Stomach to do Nature's Work. Indigestion should not be neglected for by depriving the body of its proper nourishment it grows steadily worse.

charged with the crime, where he was detained in jail until extradited and brought to British Columbia in August last to stand his trial. Having been committed by the magistrate in New Westminster to the next assizes, prisoner's counsel pressed the judge to have his trial brought on, his witnesses being present; but the Crown did not prefer a bill to the grand jury at that assize, nor have the prisoner either indicted or committed to the next court.

Another Church Listed for Sale

Sherbrooke Street Methodist Property Ought to Fetch \$100,000.

Sherbrooke Street Methodist Church may be sold soon. The property, which has an area of about 15,000 square feet, has been listed with a real estate firm, and it is said that negotiations for its sale are under way. The price is not given, but at the rates that have been paid for other blocks in the vicinity, it would be in the neighborhood of \$100,000, or about \$7 per square foot.

McGILL ORATORS.

Twelve Candidates Enter For The Reford Cup. McGill University is rich this season in orators, or, at least, in those aspiring to fame in this connection. No less than twelve of the students have sent in their names as competitors for the Reford cup speaking contest, and as it is felt that well-versed in the art of oratory, the competition comes off, it has decided to hold an elimination contest to reduce the number to eight.

URGES MORE VIGOROUS IMMIGRATION POLICY.

Ottawa, Feb. 24.—E. J. Reynolds, of Ottawa, who was appointed by the Minister of the Interior to investigate the Immigration service in Great Britain and Ireland and to make a report on the reorganization of the offices and booking agencies, has completed his inquiry, and in his report he states that in view of the vigorous immigration policy which is being carried on to secure British settlers, it is necessary for Canada to adopt a more energetic and business-like policy.

WON OBJECTIVE.

Mountain Street Methodist Church Anniversary. Mountain Street Methodist Church, of which the Rev. T. E. Bourke is pastor, held their anniversary yesterday. One of the objects was to secure an offering of \$500. This was more than accomplished, the sum of \$527 being the total gift at the three services.

LLOYD GEORGE AS HE IS TODAY

Some British Tory Conceptions and the Reality.

HIS SKILL IN REPORTEE AND ANIMATING SPIRIT.

Recent Opportunity For Gaining an Impression of the Chancellor of Exchequer.

(Special correspondent of the 'New York Evening Post')

London, Feb. 5.—He wore the clothing prescribed by the conventions of Western civilization. There was nothing uncouth in his appearance or barbarian in his manner. As he sat at the dinner-table showed himself able to distinguish between the respective functions of knife and fork. When he spoke there was no ranting or distortion. He kept his aspirations in their proper place, and you could search his speech in vain for grammatical solecisms. Yet it was Lloyd George.

THE LLOYD GEORGE LEGEND.

The Lloyd George Legend that has been constructed by ignorant prejudice reminds one of similar fanciful notions about previous Liberal leaders. The story is told of a certain Royal funeral, that Gladstone had just entered the church. "Dear me!" she exclaimed, "I hope he'll make a splendid first rose to address the House of Commons the contrast between his actual appearance and what short and anticipated struck the occupants of the Conservative benches with astonishment.

CHANCELLOR APPRECIATES A JOKE.

The speaker who formally unveiled the portrait remarked that for some weeks past the problem "Where shall we hang Lloyd George?" had occupied the attention of the subscribers. The joke was capped by the Chancellor of the Exchequer himself. He had heard a story about a ceremonial occasion which attracted great crowds in the streets of London with a view to the reorganization of the offices of somebody said "I have never seen such a crowd in the streets of London before."

It Builds Up The System

It is not only disagreeable, but positively alarming to be getting thinner and weaker from day to day. This indicates that the digestive system is failing to supply the nourishment required to maintain health and strength. You must resort to other means of restoring strength, and in this connection there is one thing like Dr. Chase's Nerve Food to form new, rich blood, revitalize the wasted nerves and restore to the digestive system its natural functions.

DETROIT MAN IS WILSON'S DOUBLE

THOMAS A. DOWNS OF DETROIT WOODROW WILSON'S DOUBLE

The latest and most exact "double" of President-elect Wilson is Thomas A. Downs, a business man of Detroit, Mich. Mr. Downs' resemblance to Mr. Wilson is said to be striking.

At a recent banquet, when six hundred salesmen were present, Mr. Downs was elected unanimously to a place in the Cabinet of the new administration. Mr. Downs is to attend the inauguration and hopes to meet Mr. Wilson.

equipment that had to remain unused. A gathering of enthusiastic party allies gave him no chance of practicing his skill in retort, which he uses with such deadly effect when interrupted at a public meeting or when engaged in a House of Commons debate. One day, as the Chancellor was addressing the House, Timothy Healy, sitting isolated in his corner seat, interjected the remark, "There are snakes in every party." "Yes," came the swift reply, "even in a party of one."

Another characteristic touch was the graphic and simple metaphor by which he pictured the present relation of the Liberal party to the House of Lords. The night before the dinner the Lords had thrown out the Home Rule bill by an overwhelming majority. This defeat, which a few years ago would have been a fatal blow to the measure, has now aroused scarcely any public indignation. The fact that the Parliament act now makes it possible for a bill, if reaffirmed by the Commons in two successive sessions, to become law, in spite of the Lord's opposition.

From this point of view the change of Herr von Jagow for Herr von Kiderlen-Wachter may prove a change for the better. The views of the latter were perhaps less conservative in the fundamental sense than those of Herr von Jagow. His feelings as a squire were qualified by his South German ancestry in a more extreme and extreme, he could display geniality in the extreme, he could also at times irritate by rather uncouth manners, and his attitude to the policy of obtaining results by ruder but was dangerous enough. It is most likely that Herr von Jagow will be free from both tendencies.

FEWER LABOR STRIKES.

Ottawa, Feb. 24.—The loss in work-days from strikes in 1912, according to the Department of Labor's record, was only about half the similar loss in 1911, though amounting to over one million days. This covers the whole of the country, but the large number of strikes, but the great majority were short and involved only a small number of men. Altogether 40,500 employees went on strike in 1912. The Industrial Disputes Investigation Act applies only to disputes in industries, involving public utilities, practically all the large and more mentioned disturbances were outside its jurisdiction. Altogether about nineteen threatened strikes were referred under the act in 1912, settlement being thereby effected in all but three cases.

OLD REPUBLICAN LEADER DEAD.

Nantucket, Mass., Feb. 24.—Mr. William Barnes, senior, one of the organizers of the Republican party in New York, and for many years active in national political affairs, is dead at his home here, after an illness of four days of pneumonia. He was 89 years old. Mr. Barnes came to Nantucket to live in 1905. A widow, two sons, including William Barnes, Jr., the New York politician, and three daughters survive him.

APPOINTMENT OF A SUCCESSOR TO VON KIDERLEN

Herr Von Jagow is Not a Politician, But More of a Civil Service Man.

BELONGS TO PRUSSIAN FEUDAL SQUIREARCHY.

Will Adhere to the Foreign Policy of the Kaiser and His Chancellor.

(Ed. Bernstein, member of the Reichstag for Breslau West, in 'London Daily News')

It is announced that Herr Gottlieb von Jagow, until now the German Ambassador in Rome, will be the successor of Herr von Kiderlen-Wachter. It is typical of the position of the Press in the German Empire that the news was made known abroad several hours before it was communicated to the German Press.

In itself it is far from being a sensation. Herr von Jagow is not a man with pronounced ideas of his own in regard to international questions. He is not a politician. He is a regular official in the bureaucratic sense of the word—as it were a Civil Service man. Besides, one of the real Prussian types.

PERSONALITY AND POLICY.

From this point of view the change of Herr von Jagow for Herr von Kiderlen-Wachter may prove a change for the better. The views of the latter were perhaps less conservative in the fundamental sense than those of Herr von Jagow. His feelings as a squire were qualified by his South German ancestry in a more extreme and extreme, he could display geniality in the extreme, he could also at times irritate by rather uncouth manners, and his attitude to the policy of obtaining results by ruder but was dangerous enough.

NEWLY-ARRIVED BLACK BROCADED SILKS AND SATINS

For Fashionable Long Coats, Dresses and Trimmings. Width 21 inches, yard \$1.25 and \$1.50. Width 32 inches, yard \$2.75 to \$2.75. Width 42 inches, yard \$3.75.

FINE NAINSOOK LONGCLOTH

Just arrived—pure yarn, free from filling. Box of 24 yards \$3.50 and \$4.70. Yard 15c. and 20c.

New And Exquisite Designs In LACE and EMBROIDERY TRIMMING

For Summer Waists And Dresses. These beautiful and intricate wild rose, acorn and shamrock designs in lace and embroidery are woven on handlooms by skillful peasants. Their delicate freshness and transparency make them an ideal decoration for summer waists and dresses.

Table with columns: Embroideries, Insertions, Bandings, SAFEGUARDS. Prices listed for various items.

Advertisement for DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. Includes a circular logo with the text 'DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS' and 'TRADE MARK'.

HENRY MORGAN & CO. LIMITED

A Desirable Novelty in the New Irish Dress Linens Is a Heather Mixture

Universally favored for its sheer beauty and coolness, dress linen promises this year to be more fashionable than ever. Our new arrivals from Belfast in natural and bleached effects show great perfection of preparation and weavings—Among these is a heather mixture which is specially interesting and appealing. Width 36, 46, 48 in. yard 30c, 40c, 50c, and 65c.

PONGE LINEN, for costumes and heavy weight dresses of very strong weave in a ribbed effect. Width 27 in. Yard 50c.

A New Importation of Plain, Fancy, and Silk Striped SPRING BLOUSE FLANNELS. Light Summer Weight. Yard 55c and 70c.

Three Spring Dress Fabrics

That Are Attracting Attention Are A LIGHT WEIGHT BEDFORD CORD

Than which there is nothing more fashionable. Width 52 inches. Yard \$2.00.

A SILK AND WOOL POPLIN. A beautiful material with a charming fancy stripe. Width 44 inches. Yard \$2.00.

AND TRINGALINE. Which resembles a silk corduroy. Width 44 inches. Yard \$1.75.

Vivid Bulgarian Effects in PRINTED SILKS

Striking and beautiful are the Bulgarian color combinations in these printed silks. They are largely used this season for entire coat linings, collars, cuffs, and panier effects.

With what novel and delightful results our newly imported dress and suit models will amply testify. Width 21 and 22 inches. Yard \$1.25 to \$2.25.

NEWLY-ARRIVED BLACK BROCADED SILKS AND SATINS

For Fashionable Long Coats, Dresses and Trimmings. Width 21 inches, yard \$1.25 and \$1.50. Width 32 inches, yard \$2.75 to \$2.75. Width 42 inches, yard \$3.75.

COLONIAL CAMBRIC For Women's and Children's Underwear

Lending itself readily to the needle if sewn by hand, and particularly adaptable for fine even stitching on the sewing machine, this cambric is highly recommended for underwear for its fineness and softness. It is specially made for us of the finest natural yarn, is entirely free from chemical filling and will wear and launder beautifully. 10 yards for \$1.80; Yard 18c.

FINE NAINSOOK LONGCLOTH

Just arrived—pure yarn, free from filling. Box of 24 yards \$3.50 and \$4.70. Yard 15c. and 20c.

New And Exquisite Designs In LACE and EMBROIDERY TRIMMING

For Summer Waists And Dresses. These beautiful and intricate wild rose, acorn and shamrock designs in lace and embroidery are woven on handlooms by skillful peasants. Their delicate freshness and transparency make them an ideal decoration for summer waists and dresses.

Table with columns: Embroideries, Insertions, Bandings, SAFEGUARDS. Prices listed for various items.

creasing their armaments at high speed the best foreign policy will be a sorry business of making pause to go on in the work of educating the masses and creating by organization the living safeguards against any possible preparation for war? Those who strive for true international peace and goodwill will hope for personal changes in the high offices. They have without any pause to go on in the work of educating the masses and creating by organization the living safeguards against any possible preparation for war? These are the thoughts that force themselves upon one as one reads the nominations like those of Squire Gottlieb von Jagow to the post of Foreign Secretary of a country whose people are, in the great majority, composed of industrial and commercial workers.

*The John Murphy Company Limited*

HATS TRIMMED  
Free of Charge

*The John Murphy Company Limited*

**On Friday Alone we Received 70 Consignments of Spring Novelties from France, England, Germany, Switzerland and America**

**We Announce a Comprehensive Advance Display of Spring & Summer Wash Fabrics**

On Tuesday we shall hold our initial showing of the New Fabrics for the light suits and dresses for Spring and Summer wear.

Authentic advices from Paris tell of the widespread use of bordered fabrics at the fashionable resorts of Southern Europe.

There are borders in all fabrics, Ratines, Voiles, Poplins, and even in the staple Gingham and Chambrays.

White will be even more the vogue this season than last. Ratines in White and natural colors will be the predominating fabrics, followed very closely by crepes and voiles.

Bedford Cords, Piques, Mercerized Poplins, Marquissettes, will all be much used.

For months our whole organization has been at work in England, Switzerland and America resulting in bringing here the largest, most beautiful and widely assorted collection of Wash Goods that ever came into the Store.

**RATINES**, plain, fancy, striped and lace effects, in all shades and widths from .35 to \$1.25 per yard.

**VOILES**, fancy borders with ratine stripe in a large choice of colors, 40 and 45 inches wide. .50 and .75 per yard.

**CORDED ZEPHYRS**, white grounds with fine stripe, 27 inches wide, 23 different shades. .25 and .30 a yard.

**CREPES and CREPONS**, white grounds with all the leading colors and stripes, 27 inches wide, .20 per yard.

White and Colored Dress Linen, 36 inches, in Pink, Blue, Brown, Fawn, Green and Natural. Per yard .35

**BEDFORD CORDS**, plain White and White with colored stripe, 27, 30 and 36 inches wide, .30 to .60 a yard.

**REPPS and POPLINS**, all colors, 28 and 30 inches. Per yard .20, .25 to .35

**OTTOMAN CORDS**, in Blue, Fawn, Pink, White and Brown, 28 inches. Per yard .50

**DIAGONAL SUITINGS**, Brown, Tan, Pink, Blue, Black and all leading shades, 40 inches. .45 per yard.

**MERCERIZED REPPS** in all shades, .45 per yard.

**WHITE PIQUES**, .30 to .60 a yard.

**LACE BORDERED REPPS**, Pink, Blue, Fawn and White, 45 inches wide. Per yard .65

**White Embroidery In Quiet Tasteful Patterns Will Predominate For Summer Dresses**

There is a decided tendency for the better grades of Embroidery for Spring. The eyelet and blind effects are not so strong but the solid embroidery designs will be most generally used. Notwithstanding the fact that White embroidery show indications of being very popular, colored effects will be worn to considerable extent.

A remarkably fine collection has been brought to the store from France and Switzerland presenting a range of patterns of the utmost beauty. For the most part they are of the simple order, with the patterns ranging in all widths. Among these patterns Voile Neiges is very popular, with Marquissette, Swiss Muslin, French Mull and Linen next in order.

There are, too, some lace effects, the beauty of which mere print cannot picture.

A line of 27-inch Flouncing will go on sale at a special price on Tuesday. It is daintily embroidered on Swiss muslin.

Regular .75 per yard; Tuesday..... .35

**New Spring Laces**

Laces are to be used very extensively this Spring and Summer on afternoon and evening gowns. We have some of the most exquisite effects in Guipure, Oriental, Craquelé and Mesh, in Imitation, Carrick-macross and Duchess Point de Venise, round and flat makes, insertions, edging, flouncings, and allover in White, Ecru, and Black. Prices .50 to \$6.50 per yard.

**A Clearance of Women's Pumps**



Regular \$3.00 and \$3.50 Pumps  
ON SALE TUESDAY \$1.59

There are 400 Pumps only in this lot, and they have all been marked down to a low price to effect a complete clearance.

Despite the fact that they are perfect in make, fit, and finish the price is far below cost of making. You will find a splendid choice of styles and leathers, and every pair is guaranteed.

Strap shoes, strapless pumps, button shoes in a variety of neat toe and heel styles, with medium, Cuban and low heels, in Velvet, Kid, Patent, Gunmetal and Satin.

Both American and Canadian makes in this assortment.  
Regular \$3.00 and \$3.50 per pair;  
Tuesday..... \$1.59

**Only Four More Days to Buy Stockings at February Hosiery Sale Prices**



**WOMEN'S SPUN SILK STOCKINGS** 3 pairs for \$1.25

Extra fine quality spun silk stockings, silk ankle length with deep lisle top, high spliced heels and toes.

February Sale Price..... 3 pairs for \$1.25

**WOMEN'S LISLE AND COTTON STOCKINGS**

.25 and .35 Values; Tuesday .19 per pair  
500 pairs plain Black lisle, Black cotton with Maco sole, plain Black lisle with lace ankle, plain White lisle and lace effect, fancy lisle, with checks and stripes.

February Sale Price, per pair..... .19

**BOY SCOUT STOCKINGS**

Regulation style, Navy Blue with Green top, all wool, heavy and wide rib. Sizes 8, 8 1/2, .39 per pair; 9, 9 1/2, 10, .44 per pair.

**500 PAIRS OF CHILDREN'S STOCKINGS, 2 PAIRS FOR .25**

Fine lisle thread, silk lisle, extra strong cotton, and some silk, in Black, Tans, White and some fancy. Stockings worth .19, .25 and .35; Tuesday..... 2 pairs for .25

**Man-Tailored Jap Silk Waists**

One of the season's newest and most popular novelties is the man-tailored silk waists. A new assortment in real Jap silk, designed on most becoming lines with soft collar and cuffs, has just been put into stock. We have two styles from which you can make a selection. One comes in plain effect with patch pocket, and the other has a yoke across the back and a broad pleat on each shoulder. Prices \$3.95 and \$5.00.

**Whitewear You Like to Wear**

Dainty Night Gowns of fine English cotton, slipover style, with circular yoke of Val, lace and insertion, drawn with silk ribbon.  
Tuesday..... \$1.25

Fine Nainsook and Swiss Muslin Corset Covers, made in very pretty designs. All sizes.  
Tuesday..... .98

Ladies' Combinations of fine Nainsook, with embroidery beading and flounce, dainty ribbon draw strings, on the bust and arms.  
Tuesday..... \$2.49

**Ready with Fresh Novelties In French Hand Embroidered Neckwear**

We are showing in the Neckwear Shop a wide range of dainty French neckwear. Many exclusive patterns in jabots and collars, all hand embroidered in fine batiste and net.

A number are in Sky, Mauve, and Green. Prices from .25 to \$4.50.

**New Picot Ribbons .29 a Yard**

One of the newest fads in Ribbons, Bulgarian designs with picot edge. Greens, King's Blue, Mauve, in light and dark pattern. This season's widths. Per yard..... .29

Parasols from England. The shapes this Spring are entirely different, and our parasols are exclusive.

**"Real Liberty Fabrics" for Spring Suits and Gowns**

**LIBERTY FABRICS** are acknowledged as being the crown of quality of style. The color range is unique, containing shades produced only in this make of goods. "Murphy's" are responsible for bringing these fabrics to Montreal, and nowhere else in the city can they be obtained. We are now showing three of their latest Spring novelties.

**LIBERTY SILK BENGALINES**, a corded material of exceptional beauty in the most charming colors. Very soft and clinging and eminently adapted to the prevailing style of gowns. Ciel Blue, Copenhagen Blue, Chasseur Blue, Neptune Blue, Pale Rose, Fraise, Platinum Grey, Havana Brown, Ivory and Jet Black. 44 inches wide. Per yard..... \$1.50

**"LIBERTY" VELVETEEN** is a pile fabric similar to a velvet but of specially soft finish and with an extra lustre, very light in weight and is made especially for Spring gowns and suits. The colors are rich, including Copenhagen Blue, Havana Brown, Marine Blue, Prunelle, Jet Black. They are extra wide, 48 inches wide. Price per yard..... \$3.00

**"LIBERTY" SATIN VELVETS**, the highest grade of chiffon finished velvets procurable, very lustrous, bright finish, perfectly fast colors and pile, and almost as light in weight as an ordinary satin. We have eight of the most exquisite gown shades—Sea Gull Grey, Platinum Grey, Prunelle, Plum, Chasseur Blue, Matelot Blue, Marine Blue, Jet Black. Note the width, 44 inches wide.

Price per yard..... \$4.00  
(SILK AND VELVET DEPARTMENTS, FIRST FLOOR)

**Fashion is There, and we Guarantee the Fit, Finish and Fineness of "Murphy" Suits**

The tailoring of ready made Suits has reached such a degree of perfection that to-day it is safer and more convenient to buy ready made suits than to have them made specially. Safer in that you can try the suit on and select a style that is becoming. Convenient because of the speed with which the suit can be selected and delivered at your home.

Importing our Suits only from the best American and European tailors, they are made perfect throughout, fit with absolute satisfaction and have the beautiful lines, proportion and distinctiveness of the fashion creating models.

We have them from \$16.50 to \$50.00, with a special range at \$25.00.

A "Murphy" Suit is the best you can have.

**DRESSING GOWNS**

Priced to Clear

Regular \$2.95 each;

ON TUESDAY \$1.48

31 only Dressing Gowns, the balance of our winter stocks, marked down for Tuesday. They are made up in fine flannelette in the full length style and satin trimmed. We have Grey and Gold, Blue and Red, and Red and Grey colors, with girle to match. Regular \$2.95;

Tuesday..... \$1.48

Also the balance of our Dressing Sacques.

Regular \$1.75 each;

On sale Tuesday..... .79

**New York's LATEST PURSES**

The newest novelty in Purses, a combination envelope and bag effect, has just come in from New York. The newest shapes and all sizes with long, narrow or square bag effect, purse with top handle in shades of Navy, Tan, Brown and Black, in Morocco, Seal Grain or Saffian leathers. Prices .75, \$1.50, \$2.50, \$3.50 and \$4.00.



BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS
Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be enclosed with the names and addresses of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken.

Annual subscribers, whose names appear on our lists, may have announcements of birth, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verses, occurring in their immediate families) free of charge, in which case, name and address of subscribers should invariably be given.

BIRTHS.

TOTTON — At the Methodist Parsonage, Beaverton, Ont., on Friday, Feb. 21, 1913, to the Rev. Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Totton, a son.

MARRIED.

FOSTER — REBERT — On Feb. 19th, 1913, at Christ Church Cathedral, by the Rev. Canon Symonds, Howard A. Foster, son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Foster, Ottawa, to Cheryl, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Frank Rebert.

GOLDSPIK — (REID) PHILLIPS — On Feb. 19, 1913, at Christ Church, Gander, N.B., by the Rev. Walter Cox, Jean (Reid) Phillips, adopted daughter of Constant H. Reid, of Escourt, Ontario, to Frederick Goldspink, youngest son of William Goldspink, of Norwich, England.

DIED.

COO — At his residence, 744 Garnier street, suddenly, on Sunday, Feb. 23, 1913, Charles Cornelius Coo, in his 53rd year.

HART — On Feb. 7, 1913, at Westliff, England, Annie Hart, widow of the late William Hart.

MINTO — On Feb. 23, 1913, at 352 Grosvenor avenue, Westmount, William Minto.

MOREY — At her late residence, 35 St. Famille street, in her 77th year, Mrs. Mary E. Morey, widow of the late J. E. Morey, of Montreal, Feb. 23.

ROBINSON — In this city, on Feb. 23, 1913, at his residence, 854 Boulevard street, Thomas Armstrong Robinson, aged 81 years and one month, a resident of this city for 45 years.

SUDDARD — At Gaspé, Que., on Jan. 29, 1913, Lili M. Field, daughter of John Field, Esq., of Alderston, Surrey, England, aged 27 years and 9 months.

SUDDARD — At Gaspé, Que., on Feb. 4, 1913, Lili M., infant daughter of E. P. Suddard, aged 9 days.

TISDALE — At Kingsley Falls, Que., on Feb. 17, 1913, Mr. James Tisdale, aged 78 years.

THURLOW — At Toronto, on Feb. 21, 1913, Fannie E. Churchill, loving wife of Albert E. Thurlow.

IN MEMORIAM.

McCaig — In loving memory of our dear mother, and dear friend, Donald McCaig, who departed this life on Feb. 24, 1912.

Those sending notices for the above column may send them a list of names of interested friends, together with a one-cent stamp for each name, and marked copies of the "Witness" containing the wife's name will be promptly mailed. For addresses in foreign countries three cents will be required.

W. EES & CO., Funeral Directors, 912 ST. CATHERINE ST. Phone UP 1622. (Note change of Address)

ESTAB. 1840 JOS. WRAY & BRO. UNDERTAKERS, 290 MOUNTAIN ST. (near 297 St. Dominique St.)

UNDERWRITERS SALE Damaged Carpet Squares Also White Cotton

EX. SS. "MANCHESTER INVENTOR." About 100 Axminster, Wilton and Other Carpet Squares

100 pieces (about 82 1/2 yards) WHITE COTTON, (Superior Quality)

More or less damaged on voyage of importation, will be sold by public auction for account of whom it may concern, at undersigned's Salesroom, 346 UNIVERSITY STREET, ON THURSDAY AFTERNOON, 27th FEBRUARY, AT 2 O'CLOCK.

WALTER M. KEARNS, Auctioneer.

HOMESEKERS' EXCURSIONS TO WESTERN CANADA VIA GRAND TRUNK.

These excursions will again be run to Western Canada, this year, via the popular route of the Grand Trunk.

Arrangements have been made that tickets will be on sale every Tuesday, commencing March 4th, and will run October 28th. These tickets will bear a two months' limit, which may be extended one or two months on tickets sold in March, April, May, June and July, on payment of \$5 for each month. Stop overs allowed at all stations, Winnipeg and West thereof.

A leaflet giving fares, time limits and all information will be furnished on application to Grand Trunk agents.

SHIPPING NEWS

Manchester Inward. Arr. Halifax, Feb. 23. Empress, arr. Halifax, Feb. 23. Lunenburg, arr. Halifax, Feb. 23. Rapon, arr. Halifax, Feb. 23. Scotchian, arr. Halifax, Feb. 23. Rappahannock, arr. St. John, Feb. 23. Columbia, arr. New York, Feb. 23. Mackay-Bennett, arr. New York, Feb. 23. Cambrian, arr. Boston, Feb. 23. Teutonic, arr. Portland, Feb. 23.

Woven of the Wind By ANNIE S. SWAN

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CHAPTER XXVIII.—Continued.

At the door Betty paused for a brief second, which was heavy with prayer, and then tapping lightly, walked in. Lady Angela, sitting in a black and white tea gown, was sitting before her tea tray, and Betty had never seen such an expression on her face.

"No, I don't know," she said, "I've never seen such a look on your face. It is hateful. It doesn't belong to you at all. It is away. Where are you coming from? The sunshine is not yours?"

"Don't imagine I'm enjoying myself. I look as I feel, and that is hateful. You don't know what has happened to upset me, and it isn't necessary, I hope, that you should know."

"Oh, but it is. I'm part of the family and you can't put me out like that. Besides, I've left how at school."

"Yes, he has, and I've come on the wings of the wind, ma mere, to plead for them. Oh, you won't do that thing—you won't stop what is going to put everything right?"

"For some people, perhaps, but it is the death blow of my hopes," said Lady Angela, with towering indignation. "Since we are talking about it, my dear, we may as well be frank. I never was keen on Jean Whiteleaw as a daughter-in-law. I thought I had the right to look a little higher for my son. I have nothing against her. She's a fine woman, but she has bestowed a great blessing on me, and I have looked and hoped in another direction for Hew."

Betty squatted on the floor and folded her small hand on Lady Angela's knee. "But she is such a good woman, and if they love one another I don't know whether we have the right to part them."

"Lady Angela's face hardened. 'That is scarcely the plea you ought to advance, Betty,' she replied with the only touch of reproach Betty had heard from her lips. 'It was regretted the moment it was uttered, but Betty took it meekly as part of her deserts. 'Oh, you are quite right, and I know that I less than anybody ought to interfere with their happiness and pure happiness that brought me. I, too, will be quite frank. You can't think what it is to me now when I am a woman grown, and know what life is, to see my cousin Jean, and realize just what I did to her. It was the worst thing one woman could do to another, and I believe if it had been done to me, at least when I came to Scotland first, I should have killed the other woman. So you see how bad I am, I haven't the smallest right to say a word. But I do say it, I ask you to forgive me everything, and to—and to—make them happy for Pat's sake, and for the sake of the little boy who went away.'"

"When you put it like that I don't know what to say, child. You have a wheeling way. But I am disappointed, and you'll have to give me time. The one thing that would give me to give in is that I am quite aware if I don't I shall lose Hew. Indeed, he told me so; and he is not like Pat. He has such tenacity of purpose he will never change. Once Jean Whiteleaw always Jean Whiteleaw," she added grimly. "Well, I suppose it is part of the discipline of life. Now get up and make my tea, and let us talk about something else."

Betty did as she was bid, but not before she had bestowed a grateful kiss on her mother-in-law's fair face, and murmured a word of passionate gratitude. A few days passed for Betty in acute anxiety and suspense, so far as news from Piltuscar or Kingairn was concerned.

"On the afternoon of the fourth day, possessed by an intolerable restlessness, she walked into Dunfermline to take tea with her aunt at the May-gate. But she found to her chagrin that she had gone to Kingairn."

"Susan, as ever, was ready to open wide the door. 'I'll list come and take your tea, Miss Betty. I'll get it in a jiffy,' she said, with that pitiful look on her face which the sight of Betty in her deep black and the thought of what she had been through never failed to call to her face. 'Ye dinna come much I'm to lose my treat. Look at the heart, he tens every word I'm saying!' Brigitte was already inside the house, yelping joyously. 'I'll only come if you let me have my tea at the end of the kitchen table.' 'Oh, ay, I will! It's clean onrwyne, Betty.'"

"The kidneys Are To Blame WHEN A WOMAN'S BACK IS NOT STRONG. Women are coming to understand that weak, lame and aching backs from which they suffer are due to wrong action of the kidneys. The kidneys are overtaxed, given more work than they can possibly do—then they cry out in protest through the pain in the back. When the back aches and pains it is almost impossible to do her housework, for every move and turn means pain. On the first sign of backache Doan's Kidney Pills should be taken so as to avoid all further suffering. Mrs. Harvey W. Brownell, Northport, N.S., writes: 'I now take pleasure in writing you, stating the benefit I received by using Doan's Kidney Pills. About a year ago I was terribly afflicted with back, and was so bad at times I could not sweep my own floor. While looking through B.B.B. Almanac, I saw Doan's Kidney Pills were a great Kidney remedy, so I thought I would try a box or two. It did so and found great relief. After using five boxes I was completely cured, and I am very thankful to have found so speedy a cure.' Price, 50 cents a box, 3 boxes for \$1.25, at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont. When ordering direct, specify 'Doan's.'"

prehension. For she could count the hours now till she must meet Gilbert face to face. And she did not know how she would receive him, or how tell him all that was in her heart, all the pain, the immeasurable unavailing regret. (To be continued.)

"BED-TIME STORIES"

THEY DON'T THINK. Once a trap was baited. With a piece of cheese? It tickled so a little mouse. It almost made him sneeze. An old rat said: 'There's danger, Be careful where you go!' 'No, I don't know,' said the mouse. 'I don't think you know.' So he walked in boldly. Nobody in sight; First he took a bite; Then he took a bite; Close the trap together. Went as quick as wink. Catch mouse fast, there! 'Cause he did not think. Once there was a robin. Lived outside the door. Who wanted to go were em. And hop upon the floor. 'No, no,' said its mother. 'You must stay with me; Little theatre grand, under the sitting in a tree.' 'I don't care,' said Robin. 'I don't think you think; I don't think the bird; Know quite everything. Down he flew and Kitty caught him by the tail of his pink; 'O,' he cried, 'I'm sorry. But I did not think.' 'MMY.' One day as Tommy was going past the store-room door, he saw that there was no one there. Then he went inside and began to look at the things on the shelf and the table. Soon he saw a large cake, beautifully ornamented. It looked so good he wished he had a piece of it, but he knew he should have to wait for that.

WHAT SAITH THE SCRIPTURES? February 24. 'And the Spirit and the bride say, Come. And let him that heareth say, Come. And whosoever will let him take the water of life freely.'—Rev. xxii, 17. Flew as a bird to your mountain, Tho' you art weary of sin; Go to the clear flowing fountain, Where you may wash and be clean. 'There is none other name under heaven given among men whereby we must be saved.'

The School for Scandal. No play of the period in which it was written has had a wider or more extended popularity than Sheridan's brilliant comedy. The "School for Scandal" was first produced at Drury Lane Theatre on May 8, 1777. According to the author of "Famous Plays," the screen and stage scenes were embodied in a piece called "Les Deux Neveux," played with success in Paris in 1788, and later on it was produced at the Theatre Francaise, under the title "Le Tartufe des Moeurs." A version of the comedy was produced in Vienna by Schroder, an actor and author who had emigrated to England for the purpose of seeing it played, and it has also been played in The Hague. As produced by Miss Horniman's Company at the Theatre Francaise, the play was brought out, to the entertainment and admiration of a well-filled house. The settings of the numerous scenes and the costumes have been designed most effectively. The room in Charles Surface's house, where the action of the play takes place, presents a particularly striking scene, with its dark red walls covered with "ancestors," and its group of very much-altered portraits at the brightly lighted table. Perhaps the least interesting scenes to the modern mind are the two where the "School for Scandal" is in full session, but the scene in Lady Sneerwell's house is extremely pretty in the delicacy of coloring. Sir Peter Teazle is often depicted as something of a curmudgeon. As played by Mr. Ernest Bodkin, Sir Peter is an honest, humorously sarcastic, somewhat quick-tempered, elderly gentleman of decidedly high character, who wins upon one's sympathies in his marital difficulties. All the more so is a good deal of tenderness under a somewhat tough exterior. Miss Christie Laws played Lady Teazle with much vivacity and skill, allowing some touch of her country freshness to appear in the opening domestic scene, while she takes her part, in a wonderfully flowered silk gown, as a very apt pupil in the school of the Rev. Mr. Wilton. The suggestion was made that the soloist of the evening was Mr. A. Baldwin, whose singing was greatly appreciated by the meeting.

FLOWERS BANNED FROM BURIAL SERVICES. Cincinnati, Feb. 24.—The Board of Managers of St. Xavier Church, one of the largest Catholic parishes of Southern Ohio, yesterday announced that in the future no funeral services to which flowers are permitted to be sent will be held in the church. It was also announced that in the place of flowers the parish, at its own expense will issue memorial cards to all the friends of the deceased announcing the death and a brief biography of the deceased. One of the managers stated that it was the beginning of a nation-wide movement that has been started in the last month.

BAPTIST MEN'S ASSOCIATION. The Baptist Men's Association held their monthly banquet in the Olivet Baptist Church, Mr. Arthur G. Wilkins in the chair. A report was read from the Church Extension Committee, and the members decided that their efforts would be directed to the raising of sufficient money to open the Faber-Baptist Church, which matter will be taken up at the next meeting. The banquet being organized by the Laymen's Missionary Committee, Mr. Wilkins called upon Mr. C. E. Rice, the chairman of this committee, to conduct the remainder of the programme. The guests of the evening were the Rev. J. R. Dobson and Mr. Richardson. Mr. Dobson delivered a most inspiring address on "The Missionary Movement," and Mr. Richardson represented the general committee of the interdenominational Laymen's Missionary Movement. The soloist of the evening was Mr. A. Baldwin, whose singing was greatly appreciated by the meeting.

TREMENDOUS BARGAINS! ALSO IN MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION HURTEAU, WILLIAMS & CO. CLOSE THEIR EAST END STORE AND WILL DISPOSE OF STOCK AT JUST ABOUT HALF THE REGULAR PRICE

SALE NOW ON at 589 St. Catherine Street West

We are holding one of the greatest price cutting sales Montreal has ever known. Having closed our East End Store, the stock has been brought to our WEST END STORE and MUST be disposed of at once. There can be no delay. Pianos, Player Pianos, Talking Machines, Records, and all Musical Instruments are included in this great sale, and everything has been reduced. The savings will be enormous and those who want Pianos should call early as they are going fast.

PIANOS Our stock consists of such well known makes as Chickering, the New Scale Williams, Ennis & Co., Krydner, Sohmer, Hazelton and others, and all new instruments will be offered at \$100 to \$200 below regular price.

TALKING MACHINES We carry a very large stock of these instruments which are so much sought after at the present time by all who love music, and we will offer several very fine Pollock Machines at 25% discount from the regular price.

RECORDS SHEET MUSIC We have included in this sale about 1500 Records which we will offer while they last at, each 28c. 50,000 pieces of popular and classic music at only, per copy, 5c.

WHILE OUR SALE HAS BEEN IN PROGRESS FOR A FEW DAYS AND A GREAT DEAL OF STOCK HAS BEEN SOLD, THERE ARE STILL MANY GENUINE BARGAINS AND THOSE WHO ARE INTERESTED SHOULD NOT DELAY TOO LONG.

HURTEAU, WILLIAMS & CO., Limited 589 St. Catherine Street West

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Miss Marjorie English is visiting in Ottawa, the guest of Mrs. J. P. Orde. Lieut.-Col. Lowther returned to the capital from Montreal, the latter part of last week.

The Hon. J. D. Hazen and Mrs. Hazen entertained at a dinner party on Saturday evening. The Hon. J. L. and Mrs. DeCarie were among recent guests at the Chateau Laurier in Ottawa.

Mrs. Nicholas Weekes, of Galveston, Texas, is in the city visiting her daughter, Mrs. John J. Creelman. Sir Charles and Lady Ross have sailed for Great Britain, after spending some weeks in Quebec, Montreal, and Ottawa.

Miss Marion Blacklock, Mance street, who has been spending the past two weeks at Lake Placid Club, is expected home this week.

Mrs. George Vipond, Bishop street, is expected home early next month, after a trip to Egypt, the Mediterranean and England.

Miss Eleanor Fleet, Miss Philippa Macmaster, Miss Helen Robertson, Miss Edith Creelman, and the Misses Braithwaite, were a party of young people enjoying the week-end in the Laurentians.

The visiting governors for the present week to the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge, and to the Home at Longue Pointe, are the Hon. John Patterson and Mrs. David Williamson.

Mrs. Ashton Kerr was hostess at a drawing-room lecture at her home, 177 St. Catherine street, Visarville, at which Mrs. McKinnon had an address on "Zenana Work in India." A number of ladies were present.

Mrs. Gordon Benson Snell, formerly Miss Hazel Hannan, will receive for the first time since her marriage tomorrow afternoon at the residence of her mother, Mrs. Walter R. Hannan, 1 Hickson avenue, Westmount.

Mrs. C. A. Hayes, Mrs. Molson Crawford and Mrs. Deane had charge of the Canadian Handicrafts Exhibit, 401 St. Catherine street west, to-day. Mrs. F. Dunlop and Miss Dunlop will look after the exhibit tomorrow morning, while Mrs. Gilmour will be in charge in the afternoon.

Among the passengers on board the "Empress of Ireland" from Liverpool last Friday, are: Mr. F. L. Govett, Captain and Mrs. McKimery, Col. H. Godfrey Morgan, Mr. C. Freeman Murray, Mr. A. M. Nanton, Mr. and Mrs. Pincock and family, Mrs. Hon. Mrs. Green Wilkinson and the Misses Wilkinson, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Murray.

A despatch from London says, Princess Mary is to be bridesmaid at the marriage in Berlin of Ernest Prince of Cumberland to the Princess Victoria Luise, the German Emperor's daughter. This will be Princess Mary's first appearance as a bridesmaid. The suggestion was made that the marriage shall be in October, so that the King and Queen of England might attend, but July has been selected, and a royal visit to Berlin so early is impossible.

One of the particular features of the Teutonic Club's annual ball, which took place on Saturday night at the wedding in the ballroom of the Hotel Wales and possibly the largest ball of the season.

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OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

THE 'WITNESS' FASHION HINT: SUIT AND HATS FOR EARLY SPRING.



Some of the new spring styles are shown in the above photograph. The two hats, which give a hint of what we may expect to wear with the coming of warmer weather, are trimmed with ribbon. The suit is a draped model.

CULTIVATE CHEERFULNESS. There is no greater everyday virtue than cheerfulness. This quality is like sunshine to the day, or gentle renewing moisture to parched herbs. The light of a cheerful face diffuses itself and communicates the happy spirit that inspires it.

The sourest temper must sweeten in the atmosphere of continuous good humor. As well might wilt and cloud and vapor hope to cling to sun-illumined landscape as 'the blues' and moroseness to combat jovial speech and exhilarating laughter.

There is no path but will be easier travelled, no load but will be lighter, no shadow on heart or brain but will lift sooner in the presence of a determined cheerfulness. It may at times seem difficult for the happiest tempered to keep the countenance of peace and content, but difficulty will vanish when we truly consider that sullen gloom and passionate despair do nothing but multiply thorns and thicken sorrows.



the world with the useful inventions that have contributed so largely to its material progress.

A remarkable versatility in talent is shown in the case of Harriet Hosmer. She is noted as the sculptor of the Sleeping Faun, and also as the inventor of the permanent magnet as a motive power for lifting large masses of metal, and of a novel method of changing lime into marble.

The ice-cream freezer was invented by Mrs. Nancy M. Johnson. The science of anatomy is indebted to Mme. De Condray for the maskin, while Zette Powers is the author of the aquarium.

Miss Mary Walton of New York has contributed to the comfort of mankind a device for deadening the sound on elevated railroads, and also a successful smoke consumer.

In 1817 Margaret Knight of Boston invented a machine for making paper bags, and a Washington woman has given her name to the Coston light so valuable in maritime signalling. Frank Dunham is the inventor of the comb foundation for beehives.

It should be borne in mind that all these products of woman's skill are eminently practical and successful, and they are only a few random examples of what the sex has accomplished. When we consider that these things have been done in the very beginning of woman's civilization, and that she is only a few generations removed from the hands of tradition it does not seem very extravagant to imagine that some day the world may be honoring the name of Edison—'Woman's World' for March.

TO-MORROW'S MENU

(By Gertrude Sanburn)

For a family of six, including two children. Weekly cost \$9.00. Breakfast. Cream of Wheat with top of Milk. Soft Boiled Eggs. Toast. Tea. (cost 25c.) Lunch or Supper.

Purée of Tomato. Baking Powder Biscuit. Strained Honey. Tea. (cost 43c.) Dinner.

Fricassee of veal, with Braised Carrots. Mashed Potato. Chocolate Blanc Manse, with Cream. (cost 52c.) Fricassee of Veal.

Cut three pounds of veal from the forequarter into two-inch slices and brown it in a pan with drippings. Cover with boiling water, add a sliced onion and cook slowly until tender. Chicken with flour mixed with a little cold water, and season with salt and pepper. Serve with braised carrots. Cut carrots in half-inch cubes, and boil. Then put them into a pan with a little bacon fat, and brown them, shaking them up so that they will brown evenly. Serve them over the fricassee of veal.

DIOCESAN AUXILIARY MEETING THIS WEEK.

The annual meeting of the Montreal Diocesan Women's Auxiliary will be held in the Synod Hall on February 24th to 26th. The first on the programme is the Junior Branch meeting to-morrow at 7:45 p.m., with the Lord Bishop of Montreal, Mrs. Patterson, and Mrs. Holden, Diocesan president, and the reading of the Junior Branch reports, will be followed by a lantern lecture illustrating the pledges taken up by the junior branches.

On Wednesday there will be a celebration of the Holy Communion in Christ Church, with a sermon by the Lord Bishop, and the presentation of the annual thank offering.

At 2:15 p.m. the delegates will reassemble in the Synod Hall, where Mrs. Holden will give her presidential address; other speakers being the Lord Bishop, Mrs. Patterson, Hall, general president of the W. A.; Miss E. Raynes, general recording secretary, and the Rev. D. J. Neugevirtz, the latter a letter to be read on the subject, The Jewish Question in Canada.

On Thursday and Friday the sessions will be held at 10 a.m. and at 2:15 p.m., each day and will be devoted to the regular business of the annual meeting, reading of reports, consideration of the budget, and the presentation of thank offering, etc. While there will be a devotional address by the Rev. Canon Patterson Smith at the Lord Bishop's residence, at 10 a.m. on Thursday, the Rev. A. P. Shatford on Friday at the same hour.

A public missionary meeting will be held in the Synod Hall, on Thursday, at 8:15 p.m., when the speakers will be the Rev. W. W. Craig, on 'Four African Cathedrals' and the Rev. Dr. Gould, secretary of the M.S.C.C. At this meeting the Lord Bishop will preside.

LORD HALDANE'S VISIT.

Stay in Montreal Will Be Very Brief, Owing To Official Duties. London, Feb. 24.—Viscount Haldane, the Lord High Chancellor, feels the greatest personal gratification, it is stated, over the invitation of the American Bar Association to speak at the annual meeting in Montreal. He is also pleased that the invitation is shared in concurrence with the Canadian bar and the approval of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Borden. The fact that the invitation was accompanied by a letter from the President of the Association, Sir John Spence, and that it was given to him and to give their help to remove obstacles.

Viscount Haldane will leave about August 23, and expects to be absent about three weeks. He regrets that his first visit to the United States and Canada is to be so short, but the Admiralty declines to attach to the necessity of putting the great seal in commission render it imperative that after he fills his Montreal engagement he shall return immediately, leaving scarcely a day to spend in New York.

ECUADOR DISTURBED BY SERIES OF EARTHQUAKES

Guayaquil, Ecuador, Feb. 24.—This city was violently shaken on Saturday night by a long and powerful earthquake. The inhabitants rushed from their houses, the streets were thronged with panic-stricken men and women, many of them kneeling in prayer. The earthquake occurred at 9:40 p.m. when the theatres were full. For a moment the whole city was in confusion, but so far as can be ascertained there was no damage and nobody was hurt. Four more slight shocks were felt during the rest of the night. The 'quake made itself felt throughout the Republic.

officials of the American Federation of Labor. Mr. McClory also says that all the sessions of the convention are to be secret. Mr. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, is expected to address the delegates later in the week.

MARRIAGE LICENSES MONEY TO LEND ON MORTGAGE BARRON & CUSHING

Notaries and Commissioners Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Building 112 St. James Street

NA-DRU-CO LAXATIVES

are best for the children as well as the grown-ups. 25c. a box at your druggist's.

OLD DUTCH CLEANSER

Watch for the Wrapper. Only the genuine has the Wrapper. JAMES M. AIRD Where Quality and Purity Count.

GLASGOW DRUG HALL

216 Notre Dame West HART'S GRUFF WATERS—Cure a cold in 24 hours. HAVE YOU GOT A COUGH? Get Hart's Cough Mixture—Price 50c. SWEETENED WATER—A fresh supply just received. J. A. HARTE, Druggist, Place Main 1182.

Use Langwell's Babbit

for all machinery bearings. Tel. East, 415, Montreal.

THE 'WITNESS' DAILY PATTERNS

The home dressmaker should keep a little catalogue scrap book of the daily pattern cuts. These will be found very useful to refer to from time to time.



9502.—TWO PRACTICAL IDEAS FOR LINGERIE.

Dainty lingerie is always pleasing to a woman, especially if good effect can be gained with little labor. The patterns here submitted are easy to develop and suitable for all lingerie fabrics. The corset cover and drawers are each one-piece models. Flouncing can be combined with lawn or nainsook or cross bar dimity, or batiste with lace edging and insertion. Ribbon run beading would trim and also hold the fullness of the cover. The pattern is cut in six sizes: 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. It requires 2 3/8 yards of 36-inch material for the medium size.

PATTERN COUPON.

Please send the above-mentioned pattern as per directions given below. No. .... Size ..... Name ..... Address in full .....

N.B.—Be sure to cut out the illustration and send with the coupon, carefully filled out. The patterns cannot reach you in less than a week. Price 10 cents each, in cash, postal note or stamps. Address: 'Witness' Pattern Department, 'Witness' Block, Montreal.

A BROTHER OF MRS. SCOTT.

One of the leading members of Captain Scott's Expedition is Lieut. W. M. Bruce, R.N., a prominent member of the Imperial Merchant Service Guild, who, as a chief officer in the P. & O. Service, obtained special permission to proceed with the expedition in May, 1910. As Mr. Bruce has not been mentioned in connection with the sad fate of Captain Scott and those who were returning with him from the South Pole, it is assumed that he is alive and well, but the tragedy has a double sorrow and significance to him, inasmuch as he is a brother of Mrs. Scott.

LOSS TO FRENCH ACADEMY.

Paris, Feb. 24.—Paul Marie Pierre Thureau-Dangin, the perpetual secretary of the French Academy, died today at the age of 76. He was in his eightieth year a prolific author, dealing more especially with political and religious history.

GAVE MUCH CHARITY.

At the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge the number of night lodgings given last week was 522, and the number of meals was 853.

Rich in Flavor, and in Purity "Absolute"

"SALADA"

Tea, is the Peer of all Teas on sale

BLACK, GREEN Sealed Packets Only OR MIXED Never Sold in Bulk

STEFFANSSON SAILS IN MAY

Arctic Exploration Will Be Made Under Canadian Government Auspices.

Ottawa, Feb. 24.—Official announcement was made by the Government on Saturday that Mr. Vilharmur Steffansson, the explorer, will go to the Far North under the auspices of the Canadian authorities. Negotiations between the Government and the explorer have been in progress for several weeks, and have now been closed. He has been released by the American organizations who were preparing partly to finance him, the National Geographical Society and the American Museum of History, and his expedition will be solely under the aegis of the Union Jack.

The expedition, it is planned, will start from Victoria, B.C., in May, and will proceed in the Arctic winter owned by Mr. Steffansson. The expedition will go north to Herschel Islands, which will be the base of supplies, and will then leave for the unknown territory beyond the mainland. It will probably be absent four years. The trip will be directed by the Canadian Naval Service branch, and a customs officer intends to accompany regulations in regard to whalers.

PLAYED DEAD MARCH.

Sons of England Pay Tribute To The Ill-Fated Scott Expedition.

At the close of a very successful concert given by Yorkshire Lodge, touching reference was made to the loss of the ill-fated members of the above expedition. The chairman, Bro. Jaffray, in a few well-chosen remarks, paid tribute to the heroism of 'our unfortunate fellow-countrymen,' at the conclusion of which, honor was paid in the usual manner by lowering the flag and playing the 'Dead March' amid an impressive silence.

RAILWAY COMPANIES WARNED AGAINST FIRE.

Ottawa, Feb. 24.—The Railway Commission has issued two circulars relative to the fire protection along railway lines. The first, after drawing attention to the section of the Railway Act which requires companies to keep their rights of way clear of weeds, goes on as follows: 'On account of the large amount of rain during the summer of 1912, the

MANGLED IN CRUSHING MACHINE

Ottawa, Feb. 24.—Charles Wagnick, a Pole, employed at the Canada Cement Company's plant at Hull, sustained probably fatal injuries last evening when he stumbled and fell into the machine operating the clay driers. Before he could be extricated his right ear was torn off and his left arm so badly crushed that immediate amputation was necessary.

Canada's finest sugar at its best

Advertisement for Fedpath Extra Granulated Sugar, featuring an image of a sugar package and text describing its purity and availability.

It will pay you to watch the 'Witness' Advertising Columns for bargains.

Advertisement for Old Dutch Cleanser, highlighting its effectiveness for scrubbing and saving time.

FURS! FURS!!

There's a good time coming and at Walter Paul's Stores. IT HAS COME. For there you can get your household supplies in the line of Groceries, Provisions, Fruits and Vegetables. The largest and most complete assortment in the city, all of the BEST QUALITY, and at very moderate prices. 461 ST. CATHERINE WEST. 654 UNIVERSITY STREET (Corner Burnside).

TAILOR MADE SUITS

CAN ONLY LOOK THEIR BEST when kept clean, fresh, and all the soil and spots removed, the wrinkles and creases taken out, and the garment neatly pressed. The right place is GOLD MEDALIST. BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO. 7 Telephones and Branch Stores.

PIANOLA ROLL MUSIC

Layton Bros. Sales Stock and Library have just received large additions. Best equipped Roll Dept. in Canada. 550 St. Catherine St. W. (corner Stanley.)

MOTHER and BABY and Doctor Helen MacMurphy

BILLY STEVENS—His Story. XIX.—Billy and the Municipality. Copyright.

Besides the small attention of making a record of his birth, which is one of the amenities of civilized life, what else does the reeve, or the warden, or the city clerk or the city treasurer or the city engineer or the pathmaster or the roadmaker or the Board of Education or the rest of average citizens owe to Billy.

They owe it to Billy to make the municipality a safe place to live in. It is no place to bring up children, then it is no place to make a home, and if it is no place to make a home then it is no place at all for anything. The best and most sensitive index to the sanitary condition of a community is the infant mortality rate.

Is the water supply good? Are the streets and back lanes fairly clean? Is the air space good? Then Billy will be. And the municipality, as its primary duty, should make within its borders a beautiful place to live.

MR. TAFT POINTS TO DANGER OF INTERVENTION

He Has No Sympathy For Advocates of Exploitation in Mexico.

New York, Feb. 24.—President Taft, most of his hour at a peace dinner on Saturday, at which a medal was presented to him in token of his services in the cause of universal peace, spoke frankly of conditions in Mexico as he viewed them, and declared that he would not support any effort to exercise of every possible effort in avoidance of intervention in the affairs of that republic. The medal, given by the National Institute of Social Sciences at the dinner of the American Peace and Arbitration League, was presented by Mr. Joseph H. Choate, former ambassador to Mexico for two years, said Mr. Taft in his address, 'has presented a very sad picture to every lover of his kind, to every supporter of popular government, to every man hopeful of establishing peace under a stable government. But we must not despair. We may not, in a case like Mexico, do anything but take some action as shall seem to us. It differs from American problems—take such action as shall seem to us to be the best. We are moved by purposes, or arouse them to opposition to us.

We must avoid in every way that which is called intervention, and use all the patience possible, with the prayer that some power may arise there to bring about peace throughout that great country. We have to take precautions, and these have been taken.

'But I have no sympathy—none at all—for the charge of cowardice, which does not frighten us, with that which prompts us, or purposes of exploitation and gain, to invade another country and involve ourselves in a way, the extent of which we could not realize, and the sacrifice of thousands of lives and millions of dollars, and then, when we had succeeded, what? No, we must exercise the patience in a concrete case like this.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c. CATARRH POWDER

is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Flower. Heals the ureters, clears the passages, stops drops, relieves the throat and permanent cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. 25c. a box. A. W. Chase & Co., Limited, Toronto.

XX.—Billy and Votes for Women.

What will Billy say about votes for women when he grows up by and by, and by the lapse of time gets a vote himself? Well, we shall see. But meantime questions of housekeeping are fast claiming the centre of the stage in this period of the world's history. When you think of it, have you never felt a good natured wonder at the way men, as examples, as school inspectors, as heads of families, as directors of the destiny of infants in kindergartens and elsewhere? We have always felt akin to the Lady of the North of Scotland who, when threatened with the terrors of the law re compulsory education which she had broken, replied—'Meat and mirth are a better nor bairn needs till it is such year auld, and I ken what bairns need better nor any parliament man up in Lunnon.'

After all, questions of housing, of cleanliness, of sanitary conveniences, of house water supplies, and many other things are more questions of housekeeping than anything else, and when we have some Canadian women about home and babies in order to deal wisely with maternity homes.

WOMEN AS INVENTORS.

It is sometimes stated that women lack creative ability, and it will surprise a great many people to learn that feminine skill and ingenuity have played an honorable part in supplying

with Great Britain and France, the President said he was 'deeply disappointed that they had not been confirmed by the Senate. But I bow to its judgment,' he said, 'hoping that the time was not far distant when a possible change in its membership and the statement of a reverend first president of the league, declining an offer of mediation to prevent 'murderous' warfare. In this effort, he said, the 'south American governments, now established on a sound and firm basis, will help us to aid Central American and West Indian Governments.'

Referring to the Monroe Doctrine, no declared the United States ought to seek to prevent instability of all the governments on the American hemisphere, by attempting in a peaceful way to establish a right of offer mediation to prevent 'murderous' warfare. In this effort, he said, the 'south American governments, now established on a sound and firm basis, will help us to aid Central American and West Indian Governments.'

Turning to the Panama Canal, President Taft defended his policy of arbitration of the toll question. 'The idea of our getting into a fight with England and not submitting to an international tribunal of arbitration is so absurd,' he said, 'that not even the statement of a reverend and senior Senator can make me understand it other than jocosely.'

The President said, in concluding his speech, 'Friends, good night. I am going back to Washington to lay down such power as I have had—a power which I have been glad to exercise, whenever I could, in the cause of peace. And I leave you with the most cordial expression for your appreciation of what I have done and in the will for the will for the future.'

FIRE ON WOODLAND AVENUE.

Fire destroyed a two story brick house owned by Paul Verdon at 32 Woodland avenue, Verdun, on Saturday.

BRIDGEWORKERS MEET IN SECRET

Reorganization is Necessary After Many Officials' Conviction on Conspiracy Charges.

Indianapolis, Feb. 24.—Reorganization of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, all but two of whose executive officers were convicted last December of promoting the McNamara dynamite plots in connection with the union strike against 'open shop' contractors, is planned at the association's annual convention which opens today.

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is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Flower. Heals the ureters, clears the passages, stops drops, relieves the throat and permanent cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. 25c. a box. A. W. Chase & Co., Limited, Toronto.





# R. J. Tooke Shirts

Many New Patterns.

How we have maintained the quality and standard price of our 85 cent Shirt in the face of the higher costs of everything is answered only by the larger volume, and the economic savings of efficiency in making.

The Tooke 85 cent Shirt is the final word in value. We show it in a large range of patterns--blue and black stripes and figures. The colors are absolutely fast.

They wear better than most shirts that cost 50 per cent. more. A run of 60,000 yards of percale for this one line of shirts sold only in our four stores is no uncommon thing.

Of course we have other Shirts--at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, and \$2.00, and some beautiful English taffeta flannel shirts at \$4.00.

## The Tooke Stores

R. J. TOOKE, LIMITED

177 St. James, at St. John  
St. James, at St. Francois Xavier

St. Catherine, at Peel  
478 St. Catherine East, at St. Andre

### RECIPROCITY VOTE NOT UNFRIENDLY, SAYS MR. BORDEN

Premier, in Albany Interview, Says Canadian View Unchanged on This Question.

Albany, N.Y., Feb. 24.—The Right Hon. R. L. Borden, premier of Canada, arrived in Albany yesterday to attend the annual dinner of the University Club, which will be held at the Ten Eyck to-night. He was accompanied by Mrs. Borden, and they are the guests of Governor and Mrs. Sulzer at the executive mansion.

The Canadian guests, accompanied by Governor and Mrs. Sulzer, attended service at the First Presbyterian Church. Last evening a dinner in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Borden was given at the executive mansion by the Governor and Mrs. Sulzer. Among the guests were Lieut.-Governor and Mrs. Martin R. Glynn, Lieut. L. K. Jones, deputy minister of railways of Canada, Gen. Amasa F. Parker, University Club, Mr. and Mrs. Carlow Von Mahoff, of New York, and Major Edward G. Schermerhorn, the governor's military secretary.

### Escaped Death in the North Sea

German Aviator, in Attempt to Cross to England, Had Thrilling Experience.

Essen, Germany, Feb. 24.—Josef Suvelack, the well-known German aviator, had a narrow escape from death yesterday while attempting a venturesome flight in his monoplane from this city to London, England. He ascended during a dense low-lying fog. After passing through this and reaching a higher altitude his compass got out of order. As he could not see the earth he attempted to steer by the sun, but after an hour's flight, lost his bearings and determined to land. He glided down through the banks of fog, and then noticed that he was over the North Sea. A storm was blowing, and the spray from the waves was drenching his aeroplane before he could succeed in starting the motor again and rising away from danger. He turned his machine around, and soon afterward the fog cleared and he made his way to Deventer, Holland, where he landed after a voyage which had lasted one hour and forty-five minutes.

### FIRE IN COAL MINE.

Hullfax, N.S., Feb. 24.—Spontaneous combustion at No. 8 landing of the Intercolonial Coal Company's mine at Westville occurred yesterday. The fire was in the Drummond mine, 2,800 feet down the slope. No flame was seen, but there was a very marked increase in temperature and smoke. Prompt measures were taken, water being poured on the fire and last night the Mr. Floyd manager, reported the fire under control.

### MRS. PANKHURST HELD FOR BOMB OUTRAGE.

London, Feb. 24.—Mrs. Emeline Pankhurst was arrested today in connection with the destruction of the country residence of Mr. David Lloyd George, Chancellor of the Exchequer, by the explosion of a bomb yesterday.

### Carried Liquor in Bodice of Iron

Police Uncover Woman's Brazen Attempt to Convey Raw Spirits to Mining Camp.

Galt, Ont., Feb. 24.—Numerous peculiar and ingenious ways have been used of secretly getting liquor through to the mining camps of Northern Ontario, but the most recent, and most novel known, is the most novel known. The authorities, acting on information they had received, stopped and searched a woman after she had alighted from a train. She was found to be wearing an artificial bust, manufactured out of galvanized iron, and containing two gallons of the raw spirit. She also wore a belt containing a further two gallons of liquor. The police confiscated the liquor, but allowed the woman to go.

### A PROTEST OF THE LEFT-HANDED.

Chicago, Feb. 24.—Left-handed persons formed the congregation at a South Side Methodist Episcopal Church last night. They had been called together to hear a plea for school instruction intended to make the world ambidextrous. Users used the left hand in greeting those attending the service, and the pastor, the Rev. William Albert Frye, criticized those who held that right-handed persons are in any way superior to those who just as naturally use the left hand. He pointed out the word implies uselessness, weakness and lack of skill. He mentioned Rube Marquard and Ty Cobb as being left-handed persons superior in the occupation of baseball playing.

### RAILWAY BOARD APPOINTMENTS

Ottawa, Feb. 24.—The Railway Commission has appointed Prof. E. J. Zavits, provincial forester of Ontario, provincial fire inspector of the board. Subject to the supervision of the minister of the interior, Prof. Seavitz, will direct enforcement in Ontario of the railway fire regulations of the board. Mr. W. J. C. Hall, chief of the forest protection branch of the Quebec Government, has been appointed to a similar position in that province by the commission. It is understood co-operation with the New Brunswick and Nova Scotia Governments will also be sought by the railway commission.

### DEATH OF PROFESSOR HAMBER.

Winnipeg, Feb. 24.—Mr. Eric Hamber, deputy headmaster of St. John's College School, passed away Saturday morning at the age of 62. Mr. Hamber had been associated with the school for the past 31 years. He was born in England and educated at King's College, where he remained from 1863 to 1871. He originally came to Winnipeg from Parkdale, and became associated with St. John's College in 1881, when he was appointed English and music master. Prof. Hamber is survived by his wife, two sons, and one daughter.

# SPORTING

(Continued From Page 10.)

## HIGH JRS. WON JUN. CH'SHIP ON SATURDAY

Defeated Commercial and Technical Two to Nothing.

By defeating Com. and Tech. on Saturday morning by the shut-out score of 2-0, High School Juniors clinched the championship of Section A, and in all probability the Junior Cup, as it is a foregone conclusion that they will defeat the winners of Section B. The constitution of the league calls for a play-off between the winners of the two sections, home and home games, total goals to count. One at least of these games will be decided by the 25th. The King's defeat Queen's, they will most likely play in the Arena. The winners of B Series will be decided by the 25th, or if a play-off between King's and Queen's is necessary by the 27th. The saw-off for the silverware will then take place as quickly as possible, most likely before March 5 of next year.

## SIR EDWARD CLOUSTON CUP

The Y.M.C.A. troop of Scouts has been successful in winning the Sir Edward Clouston cup for swimming and life saving methods, on Saturday afternoon, at the O'Connell Bath.

The cup, which is valued at \$750, is competed for every six months by various Scout troops in the city. The winning team was under the direction of Mr. K. Lorimer, who holds a bronze medalion and proficiency certificate in the Royal Life Saving Society.

## MONTREAL CHURCH BASKETBALL UNION

Two close games in this league were played at the Central Y.M.C.A. gymnasium on Wednesday night. The leading teams were beaten by very slim margins.

## WINGED WHEEL WHISPERS.

The Montreal Amateur Athletic Association has received an invitation to take part in the Centennial Championships held under the auspices of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States and Canada at Garden City, N.Y., in March.

## POST MORTEM.

Quebec are champions and deserve the honor on the score of consistency. Some time ago the management of Quebec suspended Hall for his assault on Tom Melville, who was handling the game at Quebec. The suspension was two or three weeks.

## INTERCOLLEGIATE ASSAULT-AT-ARMS.

Kingston, Ont., Feb. 23.—The intercollegiate assault-at-arms was concluded last night. No winner was declared, however, as the honors turn on the question of the eligibility of University of Toronto's heavyweight boxer, Charlie Gage. The points scored were: Varsity, 4; McGill, 4; Queen's, 4. Gage is found eligible, the championship will go to Varsity.

## WALTZING ON THE ICE.

Graceful skating was shown in an ice waltzing competition at the Forum, which was witnessed by a large number of spectators. Eight couples entered, and the judges, Mr. Louis Rubenstein, awarded the two gold medals presented by Mr. Gauthier, the proprietor of the Forum, to the winners, Mr. Harry Thorpe, and two silver medals to Mr. and Mrs. Grosman.

## TOOK OUT ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

Chicago, Feb. 22.—It was learned here to-day that before leaving on the spring training trip to the Pacific Coast, President Charles A. Comiskey, of the Chicago American League baseball team, took out accident insurance policies on the members of his team aggregating \$360,000.

## McGILL LOSES AGAIN.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 22.—The Boston Athletic Association won the second game of the season from the McGill University hockey seven at the Arena to-night, 6 to 3.

## JENNINGS SAYS DUBUC WILL BE IN LINE-UP.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 22.—Manager Hugh Jennings, of the Detroit American League Baseball Club, left here to-day with the first squad of players for the Southern training camp at Gulfport, Miss. Pitchers Mullin and Lake and Shortstop Bush were the veterans accompanying the squad to-day. Jennings predicted that Outfielders Cobb and Crawford and Pitcher Dubuc will be in the fold by March 1. He declared the club will make no further overtures to Catcher Stange, and that Stange can either accept President Naves's terms or remain out of organized baseball.

## AMATEUR GAMES PAY VERY WELL

Toronto, Feb. 24.—The official figures of the attendance at the St. Michaels-Midland O.H.A. game at the Arena Friday night were: Paid admissions, 5,964. Receipts, \$3,922.25. St. Michael's share, \$1,961.12 1-2. Rink's share, \$1,961.12 1-2.

## ENGLISH FOOTBALL.

The following are the results of Old Country games played on Saturday: English Cup—Third Round. Reading 1, Blackburn R. 2. Liverpool 1, Newcastle U. 1. Sunderland 4, Swindon T. 2. Bristol R. 0, Everton 4. Aston Villa 5, Crystal Palace 0. Burnley 3, Middlesbrough 1. Oldham Ath. 0, Manchester U. 0. Bradford 2, Sheffield Wed. 1.

## CITY HOCKEY LEAGUE CHAMPIONSHIP WILL BE SETTLED TO-NIGHT

The City Hockey League Championship will be settled to-night at the Arena, when the six clubs are booked to play their last regular scheduled game. The result will be an excellent programme.

## THREE RIVERS VICTORIOUS.

Three Rivers, Que., Feb. 23.—In a match here last night between St. Patrick's and Three Rivers hockey teams, the latter won by a score of 7 to 4 goals, owing to a goal scored by the visiting team late in the evening.

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## "Dorothy Dodd" Shoes for Ladies' Wear

Have helped to build the largest Shoe Factory in the world. Popularity has its own reward. There must be something about "Dorothy Dodd" Shoes, not found in other footwear. We are sole selling agents for Montreal for this particular brand, and we have a complete stock to show you.

Prices 4.50 to 5.50

—FIRST FLOOR UP.

## Goodwins Limited

Owning and Operating A. E. Rea & Co. Montreal, Limited.

## TWELVE HUNDRED FAMILIES IN WANT THROUGH STRIKE

Garment Workers Declare They Will Beg Bread Rather Than Give In.

## TO PROTECT YOU WE PUT THIS LABEL ON EVERY GENUINE DUTCH LOAF

HARRISON'S DUTCH LOAF 1 lb. weight AMOUNT 3.56

## Your Grocer Will Gladly Supply the Genuine. ASK HIM.

## WE KEEP THE QUALITY UP.

## KILLED WHILE THRESHING.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Feb. 24.—A fatality occurred on Saturday afternoon at North River, P.E.I., when Jacob Cummings was instantly killed while engaged in threshing. The belt slipped off the flywheel and rodded ran to apply the brake. Under the pressure the flywheel flew to pieces, Cummings' skull was fractured, both jaws, his neck and shoulder were broken.

## MR. J. N. DELAURIERS DEAD.

Ottawa, Feb. 24.—Isadore N. Delauriers, one of the founders of the St. Hubert's Gun Club and for many years one of Canada's leading trap-shooters, died here of paralysis, aged 82.

## BUYING NEW PARSONAGE.

Point St. Charles Baptists have secured a parsonage at 15 May avenue, Verdun, for their pastor, the Rev. Edward M. Fuller, and are arranging a popular movement to pay for this property inside of three years.

## Ladies' Tailor and Costumer.

M. TANNENBAUM 111 Metcalfe Street

## Exposition of SPRING STYLES on Tuesday

Spring Is On The Way! Get Ready For It.

On Tuesday WE SHALL BE READY to show you some of the MOST AUTHENTIC STYLES in garments for the coming season.

The recommendations that have been made as to styles by the leading garment manufacturers in the American garment trade are absolutely correct, a point to be taken into consideration by the lady who would be well dressed.

Our GARMENTS ARE SELECTED WITH GREAT CARE and judgment from the markets of the world, as Paris, Vienna, London, and New York.

The most approved styles in Ladies' Gowns, Waists, Coats, Wraps, Petticoats, Princess Slips, will be on exhibition in our well appointed showrooms on Tuesday.

A VISIT WILL BE APPRECIATED.

## M. TANNENBAUM.

Fencing—Bothwell, of Toronto, defeated Carmichael, of Queen's.