

## GREAT BATTLE HAS BEGUN.

### The Boers Shelled Ladysmith This Morning at 5.20 o'clock.

## THEIR GUNS WERE SILENCED

### At Noon Boer Forces Were Advancing on the British Left Flank. Both Sides have been Preparing for the Battle for Several Days.

Ladysmith, Oct. 30th, 11.50 a. m.—(Special)—Firing commenced 5.20 this morning, Boers shelling Ladysmith with forty pounders. After seven shots, British guns succeeded in silencing Boer fire. Force of Boers are now advancing on British left flank.

### CONCENTRATE THEIR FORCES.

Early Morning Despatches Anticipate a Big Battle.

London, Oct. 30.—The Daily Mail publishes the following despatch from Petermaritzburg, dated Sunday:

"Patrols from Ladysmith report that there are four large Boer camps within a radius of ten miles, extending in a semi-circle northwest of the town. Evidently the enemy is concentrating all his forces. General Joubert is in supreme command. One Boer camp has a Red Cross tent carefully posted in a conspicuous position."

"The British had several skirmishes with the enemy today."

"Railway communication with Ladysmith is still intact."

"At Colenso a couple of Basutos were detected putting builders on the railway. They confessed they had done this by order of the Transvaal authorities."

"A balloon, very small and so light that two men can hold and haul it down easily with a wire strand, and which can ascend 3,000 feet, is now in use, and the full position of the Boer guns has been ascertained."

"The heavy and incessant rains have flooded Tugela river, which will prove an effectual barrier to any Boers proceeding southward. The remaining bridges are strongly guarded."

London, Oct. 30.—The explanation of the alleged Boer massacre of Dundee appears to be that a portion of the town guard, although fairly warned by General Buller before his retirement, continued to carry arms, and thirty of them were shot before the Boers discovered who they were."

The body of Sir William Penn Symonds was buried without a coffin, shrouded in a Union Jack.

Among the papers found on him was a telegram from Lady Symonds congratulating him on his success.

According to the latest reports from Cape Town, General Joubert has joined hands with the Free State forces, and there has been some outpost fighting.

President Kruger has arrived at Glencoe.

There is no fresh news from the western frontier. The mines are still working at Kimberley, where there are provisions enough to last nine months.

Oecil Rhodes has mounted and fully equipped a town guard of 400 men, at a cost of \$75,000.

BOERS AT TINTA INGONI.  
Durban, Oct. 28, 11 a. m. (delayed)—The Natal Mercury has the following from Ladysmith:

"The Boers have been seen dragging heavy artillery up Tinta Ingoni. It is expected they will adopt tactics similar to those they pursued at Dundee, demonstrating in one direction while attacking in another."

"The British intelligence department is completely informed regarding the Boer plans. The enemy have planted two guns, said to be those used in shelling Dundee, on a kopje two and a half miles away in the direction of Elandslaagte."

### CAPTURE OF SQUADRON.

Now the 18th Hussars Were Taken Prisoners.

Durban, Natal, Oct. 29.—(Delayed.)

—The following official account of the capture of the squadron of the Eighteenth Hussars by the Boers is given by Captain Hardy:

"After the battle at Glencoe three squadrons of the Eighteenth Hussars, with a Maxim, a company of the Dublin Fusiliers and a detachment of mounted infantry, Col. Moeller commanding, kept under cover of a ridge north of the camp, and at 6.30 p. m., moved down toward Sandpruit."

"On reaching the open, the British force was shelled by the enemy, but without casualties. Colonel Moeller led his men around Tjani Hill in a southeasterly direction, across Vant's Drift road, captured several Boers and saw the Boer ambulances retiring. Then, with Squadron 'B' of the Hussars, the Maxim and the mounted infantry, he crossed the Dundee-Vryheid railway and approached a strong force of the enemy, who opened a hot fire, wounding Lieut. Lachlan."

"Our cavalry retreated across Vant's Drift, the Boers pressing. Colonel Moeller held the ridge for some time, but on the enemy enveloping his right, he fell back across the Spruit. The Maxim stuck in a water hole. Lieut. Kap was wounded, three of the detachment killed and the horses of Major Greville and Captain Pollock were shot under them."

"The force finally reformed on a ridge to the north, which was held for some time."

"While Captain Hardy was attending Lieut. Greun, who had been wounded, Col. Moeller's force retired into a defile, apparently intending to return to camp around Impati mountain. But it was not seen afterwards."

A CALL FOR COURAGE.  
He Was In For a Bad Time and Knew It.

After the head of the firm had laid down the telegram he stared like a man dazed at his partner and talked in a low, monotonous monotone that seems the natural accompaniment of affliction.

"I see my finish," he began. Then he sat silent for a time with knitted brows and compressed lips. "There's no other way," he continued, "though expressing the logical conclusion based upon unimpaired faculties. I never bumped against a tougher proposition, but there's no room to run or dodge without doing violence to my conscience."

"Bad investment?" queried the curious partner.

"No. Wish it was. That would be easy. Under certain comparative conditions money troubles seem as nothing. In fact, you would hail them with delight as substitutes. I believe I could laugh at the world now if I were looking for a job at \$15 per week."

"Some of the folks sick?"

"No. That would be in the nature of the inevitable and could be met in a philosophical frame of mind. But I might as well tell you all about it. You know my wife is out all about it. She considers herself as much an authority on the game as any modern writer on it and sneers at such an ancient authority as Hoyle."

"Out at the lake there are a lot of women and children. The kids play in the sand, and the women play whist. My wife has been laying down the law and cutting opposition, criticizing plays and telling the rest of the players that they are idiots. Now there is a mutiny. She has her back against the wall and is standing off the whole crew. She telegraphs for me to fly to her. Twenty-seven women fighting over a point in whist and me as a peacemaker! Here's the key to my private drawer, and you'll know what to do in case I don't get back."

Their vacation.

Rivers, being somewhat of a hunter, spent his vacation this year in the wilds of the north.

He took his new double barreled shotgun with him.

And Brooks of course went along. They have just returned.

It didn't do rivers much good. He is several pounds lighter than when he went away.

Brooks, however, is nearly a pound heavier.

But the doctor hopes to have it all picked out of his skin before the end of the week.

## SURRENDERED?

### Despatch via Holland Says Whole British Army Are Prisoners of War.

The Following are Latest Despatches Received at This Office at 3 p. m.

Berlin, Oct. 30.—(Special)—Report received here from Holland says that whole British army at Ladysmith has surrendered, and that the troops are now prisoners of war.

Toulon, Rhodesia, Oct. 30.—(Special)—The Boers are harassing the British under Majors McKenzie and Wilson at Rhodes Drift. Having ascertained the number of the enemy, the British were ordered to retire to Toulon fort, about 20 miles to the north. Two encounters have occurred at Rhodes Drift, in which 2 British were killed and 5 are missing.

London, Oct. 30.—(Special)—Despatch from Durban, timed 9.55 this morning states the Boer shells were chiefly directed at stations and that no damage was done up to time message from Durban was forwarded.

FREE DRAWING CLASSES.  
The free evening drawing classes under the control of the Council of Arts and Manufactures of the Province of Quebec will open Thursday evening, November 2nd, at eight o'clock in Griffith's Hall. There will be three classes conducted this season, viz. mechanical, architectural and French. All pupils desirous of attending any of these classes are requested to be present for enrollment.

Six prizes have been offered by some of the leading gentlemen of the city.

The classes will meet Tuesday and Thursday, this year, instead of Monday and Friday as last year.

REV. R. A. SCOTT.

The Ex-Slave Evangelist in the City.

Rev. R. A. Scott, of Tennessee, the noted ex-slave evangelist, preached in the Methodist Church, yesterday morning, and at the Presbyterian Church in the evening. At the latter service, the church was crowded. Rev. Mr. Scott's addresses were listened to with great attention, and were very ably presented. Mr. Scott is a talented musician as well as a gifted speaker, and sang several hymns at his services.

This evening he will deliver a lecture on "The Race Problem of the South," at the Presbyterian Church, and tomorrow will give another lecture at the Methodist Church.

QUEBEC CONGREGATIONALISTS.

Autumn Session Will Be Held at Waterville This Week.

The Quebec Association of Congregational Churches and Ministers will hold its autumn sessions at Waterville Congregational Church, Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.

The first session will open at 2 p. m., tomorrow. The opening prayer hour will be conducted by Rev. Hay. After the roll call and appointment of committees, a discussion will take place on "Bible Reading in home and school, its influence on Society," led by Rev. A. W. Main. Discussion on "The Prayer Meeting," its object, how obtained," led by Rev. W. S. Pichard, B. A., B. D.

In the evening addresses will be given by the Moderator, Rev. Thos. Hall, and by Rev. Prin. George, D. D., the latter taking as his subject, "Congregational churches and Education."

Wednesday morning the prayer service will be led by Rev. Churchill Moore, and an address will be given by Rev. D. S. Hamilton. Subject, "Is the Christian Endeavor Society in its present form to be a permanent factor in church work?"

Wednesday afternoon addresses will be given by Rev. G. Ellery Read, Rev. A. F. McGregor, Rev. Principal George, Rev. F. J. Day, Rev. G. H. Craik and Rev. R. G. Watt.

The convention will be closed Wednesday evening, when a social gathering will be held in Waterville church.

Late arrivals at the Sherbrooke Home are: G. Chisholm, Lingwick; Mrs. Albert Doland, sister, child, Lynn, Mass.; E. Tomkins, Costicook; A. T. Slate, Montreal; G. H. Johnson, Quebec; H. G. Cross, Melbourne, F. Leclerc, Windsor Mills.

## PERSONALS.

Miss Hackett, of the Post Office, took advantage of the excursion to Quebec.

Mr. Harry Fletcher went to Quebec this morning, to witness the departure of the Canadian contingent.

The Misses Hunt have gone to Quebec for a few days, and are staying with relatives in that city.

Madam D. O. Bourbeau, from Victoriaville, is visiting her daughter, wife of Dr. L. A. Genest, who is very ill.

Miss Cavan of Stratford, Ont., who has been making a visit to St. Johnsbury, called on friends in town during her short stay, and took the early train for Montreal, en route to her home.

Mr. Kenneth Borland, who has been in Sherbrooke for a few months, and belonged to the Richmond Barr., has volunteered, been accepted, and goes with the contingent to the Transvaal.

Mayor Fraser, Mr. W. D. Fraser, and Miss Fraser have gone to Quebec, to bid adieu to their brother, Captain C. K. Fraser, who goes with the Canadian contingent to South Africa.

Among the late arrivals at the American House are: A. F. Rowell, Newport, Vt.; Jud. Farwell, R. D. Jameson, Compton; Frank Anderson, Arthur Beaupre, Trenton, Ont.; J. D. Johnson, S. W. Johnson, Kings County, Cal.

Among the late arrivals at the Continental are: Elwin E. Akhurst, Coaticook; E. M. Van, Black River; J. B. A. Courtemanche, Montreal; J. M. Stevenson, East Angus; J. E. Freenaon, Hamilton; J. D. Theunissen, Gookshire.

Among the late arrivals at the Grand Central are: E. L. LeBel, Toronto; A. Garipey, J. Lumden, P. Kane, W. P. Beauchamp, H. Prefontaine, A. T. Matthews, A. G. Turgeon, Montreal.

## SUED FOR \$1500.

Case Arising Out of an Accident Which Occurred Near Richmond.

Before Mr. Justice Lemieux, in the Superior Court this morning, the case of D. Renaud dit Lucas vs. the Grand Trunk Railway Company, is being heard at enquete and merits. By this act in the plaintiff demands the sum of \$1500 as damages, which he alleges he sustained in consequence of an accident which took place near Richmond, some time ago, when plaintiff was run into by one of defendant's trains, while driving across a crossing, and his horse killed.

Several witnesses are being heard, and the evidence will likely be concluded tonight.

To Keep Out Tuberculosis.

In keeping the herd of dairy cows free from tuberculosis a few general rules at least should be observed. First, know that the herd is free from the disease. Then do not bring a new cow into the herd unless she has been first tested by tuberculin. If milk is taken to a creamery and skim-milk brought back, do not permit it to be used till it has been pasteurized. This will not only make it safe to feed to calves, but if it is fed to pigs will also prevent the disease being spread in that direction, which means its getting a foothold on the farm. Do not under any circumstances permit strange cattle to run in the pastures or occupy the stables. Above all, do not permit a consumptive person to take care of the cows, Farmers' Review.

Advantages of Rotation.

The value of rotation of crops in preventing plant diseases has been strikingly shown in some experiments with egg-plants. One plot of ground had been grown with this crop for three successive years, when the crop was compared with that of another plot on which eggplants had been previously grown. Rot was prevalent on the old path. There were five times as many sound fruits upon the new as upon the old land. The percentages of decayed fruits were only 16 per cent., against 81 per cent.

Electricity vs. Steam.

Electricity is driving steam power out of newly acquired Sulu possessions. It is so cheap that we will ascertain exactly how high our American sultan can kick.—Dallas News.

These is little talk now of disrupting the right of Roberts of Utah to a seat in congress, though he has wives. Mr. Roberts seems to be made safe by the affection with which we have embraced the sultan of Sulu, with a whole harem.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

## UTAH AND SULU.

When Mr. Roberts of Utah takes his seat in congress, he may introduce a resolution to investigate the undue favoritism shown the sultan of Sulu.—Washington Post.

The question soon will be, Can we enforce the Edmunds law against polygamy in our newly acquired Sulu possessions? If we can, then we will ascertain exactly how high our American sultan can kick.—Dallas News.

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## BRIEFLETS.

The Band of Hope will meet at the Y. M. C. A. rooms Saturday at 8 p. m.

The Young Ladies' Aid of the Methodist Church will meet with Miss Clara Dresser, Tuesday.

The Methodist East Sherbrooke Ladies' Aid will meet with Mrs. Woodward tomorrow afternoon.

The board of managers of the Presbyterian church will meet at Mr. Davidson's, Tuesday evening.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of St. Andrew's Church will meet with Mrs. McKenzie this week.

The East Sherbrooke Ladies Aid of St. Andrew's Church, will meet with Mrs. F. Sampson, Friday at 8 p. m.

The Methodist prayer meeting, Wednesday evening, will be withdrawn, owing to the S. S. convention in this city.

Rev. A. F. McGregor, B. A., superintendent of Missions, will occupy the Congregational church pulpit on Sunday next.

The W. A. of St. Peter's Church will hold their usual meeting in the Church Hall, tomorrow (Tuesday, 31st) at 8 o'clock p. m.

A large number from Sherbrooke took advantage of the excursions to Quebec, Saturday and this morning, to visit the ancient capital and witness the departure of the Canadian contingent.

The Y. P. S. C. E. of the Congregational church will hold a Halloween social in Plymouth chapel, on Tuesday evening of this week. No admission fee will be charged, and all young people of the church and their friends are invited.

A Halloween party is to be given by Mrs. Spafford, of Lennoxville, to which the invitations were in rhyme. The answers were requested to be also rhymed, and there will, no doubt, be great fun, as the best answer is to be voted for.

The Harmonie Band Committee are hard at work preparing for their coming bazaar, which will open the 20th of November. Contributions of articles for the bazaar will be solicited this week. The band is already preparing their programmes of entertainment for each evening.

The ambulance was called to No. 3 Fire station, yesterday, to remove J. A. Dubuc, who had been seized with a fit near there. Dr. Fregeau was in attendance. His patient had so far recovered when the ambulance arrived as not to require its services.

There will be a special meeting of St. Francis Lodge, No. 15, A. O. U. W., on Tuesday evening next, when the Grand Master and a deputation of the Grand Lodge officers from Montreal, will be present, to meet the brethren of St. Francis Lodge.

A Union mass meeting will be held at the Presbyterian church, Wednesday evening. This will mark the opening of the S. S. Convention, the other sessions of which will be held in Plymouth church. The feature of Wednesday evening's meeting will be an address by Prof. Hamill.

A friendly golf match was played on Saturday afternoon, in the Sherbrooke links, between six members of the Lennoxville club, and six of the home club. The weather was unpropitious, but as a little rain was never known to dampen the enthusiasm of the true golfer, the game was played to a conclusion, resulting in victory for the Lennoxville men. One of the latter performed the remarkable feat of putting the ball into the hole in two drives.

A delightful children's party was given by Mrs. H. D. Lawrence, for her little daughter, Miss Kate Lawrence, on Saturday afternoon, at her pleasant home, on Bellevue avenue. A number of playmates of the little hostess assembled, and games, time-honored, and dear to the hearts of children, were played with great spirit. The early supper was much enjoyed and the dainties vanished rapidly. At that happy time of life, no one is ever bored; no one is ever ready to go home, but at last "good bye" was said, and the young guests departed, to live in dreams, the party again.

STOCKS.

E. F. Morris, stock broker, Odell's Block, reports to-day's prices, 1 o'clock by telegraph, as follows:

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.  
Canadian Pacific Railway ..... 105 1/2  
Montreal Gas ..... 105  
Quebec Street Railway ..... 105 1/2  
Zellfax Tram ..... 105 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.  
American Sugar ..... 150 1/2  
American Tobacco ..... 125 1/2  
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul ..... 125 1/2  
Manhattan ..... 112

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.  
Dec. Wheat ..... 85 3/4  
" Corn ..... 31 1/2  
" Pork ..... 22 1/2  
" Rice ..... 4 1/2

## CANADA'S CONTINGENT READY

### IT IS ANNOUNCED FROM QUEBEC THAT THE SARDINIAN WILL SAIL AT 3 O'CLOCK.

### An Enthusiastic Crowd Has Assembled Who Will Give The Boys a Hearty Send Off.

Quebec, Oct. 30, 1 p. m.—(Special)—Everything is in readiness for the departure of the Canadian contingent, and it is now announced that the Sardinian will sail at 3 o'clock. The city is crowded with people from all parts of Canada, assembled to bid farewell and Godspeed to the brave boys who are off to join in the battle for the Empire. The crowd assembled is an enthusiastic one, and the contingent will be given a send-off worthy of the loyal and patriotic people who have sent them.

### CHURCH PARADE ABANDONED.

Quebec, Oct. 30.—The church parade yesterday, was abandoned on account of rain, but the regiment paraded to church from their respective quarters. The streets were lined with thousands of citizens of Quebec and visitors. The low mass was celebrated at the Basilica by Rev. Father P. O'Leary, chaplain of the regiment. The detachment at the church was in charge of Major Pelletier, Capt. Pelletier and Lieut. Leduc, Lieut.-Colonel O. Pelletier and Surgeon-Lieut.-Col. Neilson were also present. Thousands of visitors have arrived in the city since Saturday and the hotels are overcrowded. The Winnipeg detachment has arrived.

### THE BANQUET.

Notwithstanding the driving rain, all Quebec turned out Saturday night to give a rousing good time to the gallant sons of Canada who are going to take their share in fighting the battles of "The Widow Windsor."

The dinner given by the Garrison Club to Colonel Otter and his officers was a success, and was attended by all who could get seats. Some who had delayed until Saturday morning found to their great regret that no more seats were vacant. The dining room of the club, which has never seated more than eighty persons, was arranged to accommodate 114, and there was no undue crowding.

The speeches in connection with the toast were patriotic and eloquent and called forth great enthusiasm.

Colonel Otter in rising to reply to the toast in his honor and to the officers of the contingent was unable to speak for fully five minutes, so enthusiastic and prolonged was the cheering which greeted him. When the applause subsided, the commander of the Royal Canadian regiment expressed the pleasure it gave him to be once more in Quebec, as a guest of the Garrison Club, which was known all over Canada for its hospitality, especially to military men. He would like to assure his hearers on behalf of himself and his officers of the pride they all felt in the duty which they are going. They were highly honored in having been chosen to represent Canada in aid of the Empire. He had been struck by the enthusiasm displayed from one end of the country to the other, it was really almost more than a man could bear. All classes vied with each other to honor, cheer and assist in every possible way the officers and soldiers. These sincere actions and expressions touched them very much, and they felt they had in every way the sympathy of the whole country. Feeling this, while their task might be physically hard it would be easy in every other respect. This universal sympathy would help them to give up the comforts of their homes and endure the hardships of South Africa, if there by they could assist in gaining glory for Canada and the Empire.

It was a new departure, he said, for Canada to take part in the wars of the Empire, and he hoped Canada would have a right to be proud of her sons who were taking part. He concluded by expressing the heartfelt thanks of himself and officers to the members of the Garrison Club for its generous hospitality.

The chairman then proposed the army, navy and militia, coupling with the toast the names of Hon. Lt.-Col. Borden and Major-General Hutton.

Minister Borden in the course of his speech said:

"The people of Canada have at last fully realized the debt they owe the Empire. Canada has thrown off its swaddling clothes, and has become a full grown member of the grand Empire. We are making history today, and Canada is not alone in this step. The Empire is no longer a power with dependencies, but a power made up of several nations. (Cheers.)"

Lieut.-Colonel Borden's speech was interrupted time and again with applause, and the cheering lasted several minutes after he concluded his speech.

Major-General Hutton said: This was a critical war. He had served in two campaigns in Africa, one against these very Boers, and he could assure those who were going that they would have no picnic. He knew the tenacity of purpose, and the skill of the Boers, but he was confident that the men who were going would uphold the credit of Canada and the honor of the Empire. It would be a hard campaign, and it would be the first occasion that England and her children would join on the battlefield to uphold the principles of justice and freedom that govern the Empire. The men who have volunteered to go have not done so for the sake of seeing an exciting campaign or of visiting new lands. Some may think so, but there is a feeling in the bottom of their hearts that they are going forth in pursuance of high ideals.

CONTINGENT INSURED.  
Ottawa, Oct. 30.—The Government has taken out a life insurance for \$1,000 for each member of the contingent. The policy is with the Standard Life Assurance Company, and the premium paid is said to have been in the neighborhood of \$30,000. The policy is for one year and covers the ocean voyage. The men have now a life insurance policy from the time they sail, and an accident policy for \$1,000 each from the time they land in South Africa.

### LADIES' MUSICAL CLUB.

THE FIRST MEETING OF THE SEASON HELD ON SATURDAY.

There Was a Good Attendance and the Programme Was An Excellent One.

The first meeting of the Ladies' Musical Club took place Saturday afternoon at the Art Hall, and though the weather was particularly disagreeable, the attendance was very good, fifty being present.

A number of new members joined, and the outlook for the season is most encouraging. Madame Panneton, the president, made the following little address before the concert began:

"Ladies: It is extremely satisfactory to me to see so good an attendance today, our opening meeting, and I trust it will continue and increase. For my part, I shall do all that I can to continue the work so effectively carried on by our first president, Mrs. Odell, and I am sure of receiving every assistance from the members."

The opening number upon the programme, "Marche Triomphale," by Gloria, was played with fine effect upon two pianos by Mrs. Topf and Miss Fraser.

"May morning" an exquisite song, suited Miss Heneker's beautiful voice admirably. Miss Laura Rugg will prove a valuable acquisition to the ranks of the active members of the club. Her intelligent interpretation of Beethoven's Sonata, opus 31, No. 3 delighted the lovers of the grand master.

Mrs. Morency was in excellent voice, and sang Robardi's "Alia Stella Confidente" with expression.

Raf's "Polka de la Reine" was brilliantly played by Mrs. Panneton, Miss Lemaire and the Misses Dussault. Those who know how much practice is necessary to attain excellence in piano quartette playing, were best able to appreciate the facility with which this bright composition was given, but all were delighted.

The songs by Mrs. Jenckes, (a) "The Old Song," La sen, (b) "Cupid's Song," Koeder, were very sweetly sung, the second song being particularly pleasing.

The Misses Bradford played a pretty set of waltzes upon the mandolin, followed by a tripping Little Japanese dance, both of which merited and received applause, and the concert concluded with "Les Faunes," (Bachman), exceedingly well rendered by Miss Dussault.

It must be mentioned that a chorus will be formed, and the services of a conductor, have been secured, and with the increased membership and the growing interest shown the Musical Club will not only have a successful winter, but will be a leading factor in the advancement of Sherbrooke.

## WEATHER PROBABILITIES.

Oct 30, 11 a. m.—Forecast for next 24 hours, issued by the Meteorological Bureau.

Moderate to fresh westerly winds; fine and moderately warm.

McKechnie's ADVERTISEMENT. Monday, Oct. 30th, 1899. To-morrow is Bargain Day at McKechnie's.

FRANK THOMPSON & COMPANY. Bankers and Financial Agents. Municipal, Railway and Industrial Debentures bought and sold.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM. A Through Tourist Sleeping Car. San Francisco and Other California Points.

CANADIAN PACIFIC. TRAINS LEAVE SHERBROOKE. For Montreal and intermediate points at 5:05 a.m., 10:00 a.m. and 11:00 p.m.

Quebec Central R'y. EXCURSION under the auspices of the 53rd Batt. Band, to Quebec AND RETURN. \$1.75.

BOSTON & MAINE RAILROAD. Winter Arrangements. OCTOBER 2, 1899. Trains run daily except Sunday when otherwise noted.

NOTICE. MONEY to Loan on farm and city property. Interest 5% per Annum. Apply to J. D. THEUNISEN, No. 12 Wellington St., Sherbrooke, Que.

McKechnie's ADVERTISEMENT. Monday, Oct. 30th, 1899. To-morrow is Bargain Day at McKechnie's.

DRESS GOODS. Many money saving chances are offered to-morrow for people who wish to prepare for cold weather. New seasonal goods are included in this bargain list which should be of interest to every lady in the city and surroundings.

LOT 1 - Cheviot Dress Goods, mixed shades of grey, brown, green, etc. 42 in. wide; warm quality, a good 38c line, to-morrow 25c per yard.

LOT 2 - Solid color Suits, brown, navy, black and garnets; 48 in. wide; makes a pretty suit and costs a small price, a regular 35c line, to-morrow 27c per yard.

LOT 3 - Heavier mixed Dress and Costume materials, rich shades of mixed brown, greens, and blues; 48 in. wide, good weight, well guaranteed, well worth 50c per yard, to-morrow 35c per yard.

Black Moreson Skating, 58 in. wide, just the goods for making a nice stylish, durable, warm undergarment. Regular 40c, Tuesday only 25c per yard.

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THE DAILY RECORD. L. S. CHANNELL & CO., Publishers. Published every afternoon, except Sunday, at 102 Wellington St., Sherbrooke, Que.

THE PHILIPPINE WAR. The Islands are Apparently Far from Being Conquered. Americans Hold Only 117 Out of the 42,000 Square Miles in the Island of Luzon.

FIRE AT NEWPORT. Monday, Oct. 30th. AMONGST OUR Christmas goods which we have already received are new patterns in ladies' and gentlemen's chains, new styles of back and Side Combs, Souvenir Spoons, Decorated Glassware, Irish Black Thorn Canes, etc., etc.

FOR THE PIPE'S SAKE. don't use a pen-knife when you want to clean out the bowl. Haughton's Bowl Scraper will do the work better and without inflicting an injury to the Pipe.

Ladies' and Gentlemen who are looking for Comfort, call at C. F. Olivier's Boston Store and ask to see our "Comfort" Brand of Underwear.

Everything in Pianos, Organs and Music. Splendid stock of new Pianos this week. A few good second-hand Upright Pianos for rental.

The Ideal Bedroom. handsome Brass Bed. Prices from \$27 to \$180. A "Waldorf" Upholstered Spring Bed. Made of tempered steel wire springs, and upholstered with patent elastic felt.

Be Careful of the Cold! A number of good preventives and good remedies if taken in time. But if neglected it is a hard thing to break up.

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War Transvaal. The SHERBROOKE DAILY RECORD has completed arrangements for receiving the latest telegraphic news from the seat of war, up to the last minute before going to press.

THE PHILIPPINE WAR. The Islands are Apparently Far from Being Conquered. Americans Hold Only 117 Out of the 42,000 Square Miles in the Island of Luzon.

FIRE AT NEWPORT. Monday, Oct. 30th. AMONGST OUR Christmas goods which we have already received are new patterns in ladies' and gentlemen's chains, new styles of back and Side Combs, Souvenir Spoons, Decorated Glassware, Irish Black Thorn Canes, etc., etc.

FOR THE PIPE'S SAKE. don't use a pen-knife when you want to clean out the bowl. Haughton's Bowl Scraper will do the work better and without inflicting an injury to the Pipe.

Ladies' and Gentlemen who are looking for Comfort, call at C. F. Olivier's Boston Store and ask to see our "Comfort" Brand of Underwear.

Everything in Pianos, Organs and Music. Splendid stock of new Pianos this week. A few good second-hand Upright Pianos for rental.

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If You Have Not Done So Yet, Try The LANCER CIGAR!



The Record's Popular Want Column.

Advertisements of Help Wanted, Situations Vacant, Lost and Found, Rooms to Let, Board and other Miscellaneous Classified Advertisements.

REASONABLE RATES:

15 words, 1 day, 15 cents; each additional word, 1c. Six days for the price of five. Cash in advance.

QUICK RETURNS AND SATISFACTORY RESULTS.

If not convenient to send to Record office, call by telephone and messenger boy will be sent for advertisement. Answers can be addressed care of Record if desired.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GENERAL servant, good wages. Apply to Mrs. Fraser, 58 Montreal St. tf-826

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT. Apply 26 Gordon St. 6d-832

WANTED—A GOOD GENERAL servant. Apply Mrs. F. Loomis, Court Street, City.

WANTED AT ONCE—A GENERAL servant, no washing. Mrs. Stephen Edgell, 41 Melbourne St. tf-835

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT. small family. Apply Mrs. A. H. Anderson, 19 Montreal St. tf-838

WANTED AT ONCE—FOR WOOLLEN mill in Montreal, loom fixer for Knowles Loom. Apply "Woolen Mill," 224 Board of Trade, Montreal. 2d-834

FOR SALE.

FARMS FOR SALE; HOUSES AND money to let. Apply to H. Connor, 31 William St.

HOUSES TO LET.

HOUSE TO LET—43 QUEEN ST. coal furnace, both hot and cold water. Apply to N. N. Walley, Sherbrooke. 6d-835

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—UNTIL MAY AND perhaps longer, rooms and board for man and wife and three young children; north or west part of city. Address "L," Record Office.

NOTICE TO Water Consumers.

This being the last quarter in the year, all arrears, and current bills for water, must be paid. Those who have or may receive notices re their water bills will do well to attend to same without delay.

By order, WATER COMMITTEE.

BIRTHS.

BALDWIN—At Baldwin's Mills, Oct. 23, 1899, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Percy Baldwin.

CHADSEY—At Way's Mills, Oct. 24, 1899, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Chadsey.

CONLEY—At Magog Oct. 23rd inst a daughter to Mr. E. A. and Mrs. Conley.

DEATHS.

RATHBONE—At Stanstead, Oct. 22, 1899, Mr. G. B. Rathbone, aged 28 years, only son of Mr. Geo. Rathbone.

WILLIAMS—At East Bolton, Oct. 19, Thaddeus Williams, aged 66 years.

BRIEFLETS.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE at public auction for Mrs. Yarney, 349 Wellington Street, Tuesday, October 31st, at one o'clock. C. J. Odell, auctioneer.

Battles House, Magog, J. E. Taylor Proprietor. First-class in every respect. The Grand Union Hotel, Montreal, 101 and 103 St. Denis St. Rates to without doubt the most popular Hotel with 800 guests from the Eastern Townships that there is in Montreal. Accommodations for people. Give us a call when in the city. Elevator, steam heat, electric lights. Rates \$1.50 to \$2.00 per day. Geo. E. Fuller, Proprietor. 1-7-99

Emperor William will exhibit the Frederick the Great collection of curios, literary treasures and French paintings at the Exposition.

Central Home, Magog, Health & Helge Props. Travellers accommodation in A 1 when in Sherbrooke stop at the American House J. McDonald, Proprietor.

Vandals have defaced the newly erected monuments in the Siegesallee. The noses and hands of seven of the Emperor's ancestors have been demolished.

When in Sherbrooke, if you want to feel at home, stop at the Sherbrooke House. First-class accommodation. C. H. Bodwell, Prop., W. Wright, Mgr.

A Belgian committee has been formed for the purpose of erecting a monument to M. Saurer Kestner, the French Senator who worked so hard for ex-Capt. D'Evus.

Auction sale for Mr. F. X. Fietite, at his shop, Wellington street, this evening at 7 o'clock. If you want a gun, revolver, machinists' or car-enters' tools, attend the sale. C. J. Odell, auctioneer.

100 baskets of grapes, good for making wine, preserves or jelly, will be sold cheap. Also, a few baskets of quinces left, at City Fruit Store, 178 Wellington street.

A BIG FARMER'S TRUST.

It is to be managed by Walter N. Allen, of Topaka, Kan., and has a Capital of \$20,000,000.

Now the Trust idea has been seized in the interests of the farmers of the Valley of the Mississippi. Walter N. Allen, the manager of the Farmers' Federation here, has for years desired to make the Farmers' Federation, of which he was the organizer, a powerful factor in the control of the prices of farm products, and he hopes now that the new farmers' trust, with a \$20,000,000 capitalization, which the federation has decided to form, will go far toward accomplishing this ideal.

Mr. Allen has had experience in many lines. For 30 years he has



WALTER N. ALLEN.

Lived in Jefferson County, near Meriden, and in his personal business he has been successful. In public life he has been a member of the Kansas legislature, and has held the offices of county attorney, circuit and county clerk and probate judge of Jefferson County. He is a native of North Carolina and comes of Huguenot stock.

It was only after extended reflection on the causes that led to agricultural depression that Mr. Allen determined on the measures that seemed to him best for bringing relief. Eleven years ago, as a result of a call that he issued to the farmers of Kansas, the Farmers' Federation was organized, and a scheme for the disposal of farm products much like the present one was announced.

Mr. Allen's leading thought is that the existing organization for the marketing of cattle and grain puts the producer largely at the mercy of the temporary market conditions, and often makes him a slave at the hands of the buyer. By a combination of farmers through which the products will be held back from the market until they can profitably be disposed of, he believes that the producers will be put on a fair competitive level with other classes. He argues that if the federation has a membership representing only five per cent. of the total production the margin will be sufficient to make it successful.

The control of the market he hopes to see gained by the establishment of great commission houses in the principal centres of his country. Through these houses alone he would have the farmers belonging to the federation sell their products. Incidentally he believes that a great saving can be made to the farmers in this way, as he says the business for which \$21,000,000 a year commissions are paid now could be handled easily for \$1,000,000.

Mr. Allen is not averse to having his project described as a trust, but insists that it would prove an unoffending trust, in no way conflicting with any of the present state laws. He denies that it would either regulate production or arbitrarily fix prices.

Granular Butter.

The following method is employed for making butter which it is desired to keep for a considerable time. When the butter has reached the granular condition in churning, that is, when the particles are about the size of barley grains, the buttermilk is drawn off and ice-cold water added. The butter is then washed with cold water and removed from the churn to a stoper jar without packing or mashing the grains. This jar is then filled with brine. This brine will soon dissolve some of the casing in the butter and so acquire a cloudy aspect. A change of brine will leave the second solution clear on the butter. A plate should be used to cover the butter, allowing the brine to come up over it. The brine to course, intermingles freely about each granule of butter throughout the mass, which will preserve for weeks in this way. It can be taken out any time and worked into rolls or prints. If the salty it may be washed out with clear water.

Rotated Seeds for Manure.

There are many places in low lands by the roadside where the wash of the road has made the soil very rich. Sods cut from such land and piled in heaps rot down readily, especially if some wood ashes are thrown on them to hasten decomposition. This makes the best possible top dressing for grass lands, and will largely increase the growth where the soil is thin. If phosphate is added this compost becomes a complete manure for any kind of crop. The practice of rotting sod is very common in Lincolnshire, England, where in olden times the sod cut very thin, and after being piled and dried out the heap was burned. There was a waste of nitrogen in burning the sod, and allowing it to rot down is much the better way to make use of it.

Sunning the Dairy Pails.

The good old practice of sunning the dairy pails should not be forgotten, even though in many cases we have laid aside the shallow pans. The sun is a microbe killer of the first magnitude. He not only kills the microbes, but so thoroughly dries out the pails and other utensils of tin that the process of rusting is stopped. Wooden pails and utensils are also improved by being submitted to the solar rays. This of course should be done in the open air, where the atmosphere is not poisoned and impregnated by foul odors, and where the wind can have a full sweep.—Farmers' Review.

PROF. THOMAS SHAW.

An American Farm Journal's Appreciative Words Concerning a Former Well-Known Canadian.

The department of animal husbandry is perhaps the most important chair in our western agricultural colleges and experiment stations. It is being made so by such men as Shaw of Minnesota and Henry of Wisconsin. Thomas Shaw's whole life has been devoted to a whole field of work along this line, which enabled him to treat the whole of animal husbandry from both a practical and scientific standpoint.

Of Scotch parentage, he was born at Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ontario, Jan. 3, 1843, was reared on a farm, educated in the common schools, and spent 25 years in active farming on his own account. He bought his first farm with money obtained through teaching school, and achieved distinction among the most successful farmers in the garden of Ontario for the intelligent and profitable management of his farm. In 1882 he established the Canadian Live Stock and Farm Journal, with the aid of a brother, and edited it for seven years. He was foremost in the farmers' institute work in Ontario, and in other efforts to promote the farmers' welfare.

Mr. Shaw has always been an omnivorous reader of everything pertaining to agricultural science and practice, naturally an experimenter, a thorough student, and to a logical mind united the all-important viewpoint of a practical farmer. Consequently, it was not long before a man of such qualifications, knowledge and abilities attracted international attention. In 1888 he was called to the chair of agriculture at the Ontario Agricultural College at Guelph, and five years later to the chair of animal husbandry at the University of Minnesota, and experiment station. Prof. Shaw long since became recognized as an expert authority on many phases of farm practice and agricultural science. He wrote eight times in provincial contests on agricultural subjects and was awarded eight first premiums. He wrote the larger portion of First Principles in Agriculture, published in 1890 and introduced into the schools of Ontario. He is also the author of that very useful book, Weeds and Methods of Eradicating Them, 1892, also the article on sheep in Johnson's Cyclopedia, 1893.

Forage Crops Other Than Grasses is the title of a new book by Prof. Shaw. Like all his work, it is intensely practical, scientifically accurate, and very thorough. This book bids fair to have an immense influence on agricultural practice throughout America, as it points out an almost new branch of farm practice that is certain to be very profitable. Comparatively few farmers realize the immense quantity of forage for pasturing that can be grown, by using the right crops in the right way. Dr. Shaw's book also has the great merit of being based on his own actual experience, as well as summarizing the best in all other practice and science on this important subject.

There is also in press at the present time Prof. Shaw's latest work, The Study of the Soil, which will doubtless at once become the accepted authority on all the pedigreed and wine. There is nothing like it, either for the student or the farmer and breeder. It condenses into a handy volume and orderly arrangement all the essential facts known about the different breeds. The Study of Breeds is above all impartial and unbiased, as well as strictly accurate. The work is, moreover, right up to date, embodying for the first time the results of all the expert work and tests with the various breeds of late years, not only in America but abroad.—Orange Judd Farmer and American Agriculturist.

Working Young Horses.

A colt should be thoroughly broken on the winter before he is two years old, and should be driven occasionally, both singly and with another horse, to keep in practice what he has learned, as well as to furnish the exercise required to keep his muscles in good condition. If put to work it should be only of the lightest character, and especial care should be taken at first not to gall the shoulders where the collar pressure is applied. A two-year-old colt will do without injury, cost about as much as it is worth in extra care given to the young animal that it does not injure him.

Packing Apples for Export.

Apples for export should be honestly and tightly packed with sound fruit in simple barrels are entirely emptied in the presence of buyers. They should be packed in clean packages, well covered, and the head of the barrel should be neatly stenciled with the name of the variety, grade and some shipping mark; the English law also requires the letters "U.S.A." to be on every barrel shipped to that country. Export apples should be shipped as soon as practicable after packing, and if held in storage for a considerable length of time should be entirely repacked. The best varieties for export are the hard and best colored fruit.—C. E. Lawrence.

FARM TELEPHONES.

Northeastern Ohio Furnishes an Object Lesson in Quick and Easy Rural Communications.

Northeastern Ohio is noted for its rural telephone service, and especially is this true of Geauga County, although strictly an agricultural county, says The Orange Judd Farmer. Not only is there an office in every township, but hundreds of farmers and business men have phones in their homes. So numerous are the wires that they have been likened to a gigantic spider's web covering the whole county.

One of the local companies, known as the Bainbridge Telephone Company, claims the distinction of being exclusively a farmers' company, it being operated by eight farmers, who own everything, from franchise to switchboard. This company was organized two years ago. Each stockholder owns one-eighth interest, and all sharing equally the assessments and dividends. A constitution and code of rules were framed and adopted, officers were elected, consisting of a president, vice-president, secretary, treasurer and general manager. The latter has the general supervision of the lines, such as purchasing material, constructing, repairing, setting instruments,

etc. The other officers perform such duties as are customary in their respective offices. All are elected for one year. Four regular meetings are held annually, and special meetings are called by the president when necessary.

The primary object in constructing the lines was not to build them as an investment, but as a help in the transaction of our business as farmers and to give our families the social privileges that are too often lacking on the farm. We buy all our material at wholesale, usually paying cash, thereby saving the cash discount. Cedar poles 25 feet long and 5 to 6 inches in diameter at top end, are used on all long lines. On short lines we use some chestnut and black walnut, but being so much heavier and harder to climb are not satisfactory. The poles are set 4 to 4 1/2 feet apart, usually from 200 to 225 feet deep, varying the distance to avoid interfering with buildings, lawns, gateways and other places where poles would be undesirable to the land owner. Good painted cross-arms are securely fastened to the poles with lag bolts. A modern 100-drop wire carrying in size from No. 6 to 12 is used. This comes in coils containing one-half mile, and is vastly better than common wire.

We use only the best long-distance telephones, both of the series and the bridging bell patterns. The latter are better talkers, but seem to get out of order more easily than the others. A modern 100-drop switchboard is centrally located in the home of one of the company who with the help of his family attends to this work very satisfactorily. Upon retiring for the night the operator switches on the electrical night bell, which is located in his sleeping room. A call on any wire during the night immediately sets this bell ringing, and it continues to ring until the call is answered by the operator. By this arrangement an absolute day and night service is secured, which is indispensable in cases of emergency. A record is kept of all the toll messages each day, whether sent or received, and at the end of each month a statement is prepared for each company with which we connect and balances settled.

The rental price (\$12 a year in advance or \$1.25 by the month) entitles the subscriber, his family, hired help and company the free use of our lines and those with which we have reciprocity contracts. Beyond this a low rate of toll is charged, varying from 10c to 20c, according to distance. Our treasurers go all around in one or three months and makes collections. The low rate of rental is only made possible in the country by placing several phones on each circuit, usually one street or neighborhood are on the same wire, each one having his own signal or ring as we call it. While it is possible, with the best on the same circuit, to put a large number from four to eight at most are enough to insure first-class service without becoming too "mixy." Electrical storms cause us some trouble, but thus far the damage has been exceedingly small. "Cross talk" or the induction between parallel wires is by far the worst thing with which we contend, and can only be avoided by a transposed metallic circuit with one wire to four transpositions per mile. A liberal use of insulated wire prevents the singing of the wires in cold weather.

We started with three subscribers outside of the company, and now have over 50, with 30 miles of poles, and 100 of wire. Reciprocity arrangements give us the free use of 150 more phones, including a village of 3,000 population.

Good Horses in Demand. For good horses there will always be a good price going, for if a man cannot sell them in this country, he can sell them in some other country, and the dealers in that country are only too glad to send their representatives to Canada to buy them; but it is only horses of great excellence that they will surely buy, and to raise this sort should be the aim of every breeder, no matter what sort of stock he has his money in. For one really high-class horse there will always be two buyers.



PROF. THOMAS SHAW.



INTERIOR OF TELEPHONE OFFICE.

John Murphy & Co.

Introduction of the Famous "JENNESSE MILLER"

Hygienic Shoes for Women.

We have secured the "exclusive agency" for the famous JENNESSE MILLER HYGIENIC SHOES FOR WOMEN.

These shoes are now being introduced throughout the United States, and are the finest, most comfortable, durable and graceful shoes made.

Made of specially tanned "Velvetta" Kid, which is as soft and fine as its name implies.

Cut on scientific anatomical principles, and fit the feet as nature intended.

We unhesitatingly recommend them and guarantee them to give absolute satisfaction. Only to be had of us in the city.

Buttoned and laced \$4.00. Extra quality \$6.00.

80 Golf Capes, \$8.50 to \$4.95. 75 Stylish Silk Waists, \$3.65. 30 Tailor-made Cheviot Tweed Costumes, lined throughout, only \$3.95. 75 Stylish Ladies' Jackets, lined throughout with Mercerized Satinette, only \$3.95. 200 Flannellette Night Dresses, full sizes, only 37c.

Country Orders Carefully Filled. Samples Sent by Mail.

John Murphy & Co.

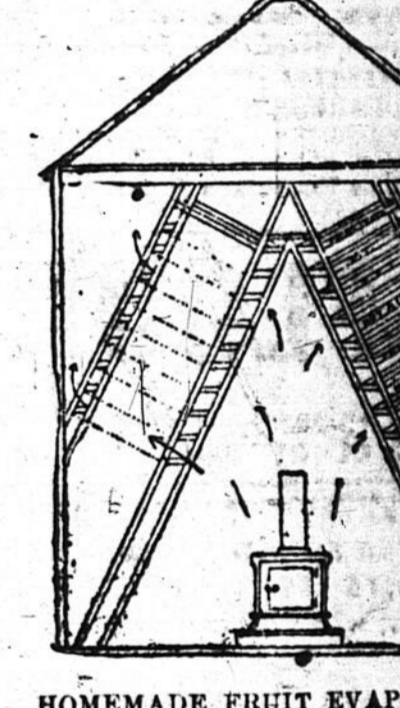
2343 St. Catherine St., Corner of Metcalfe St., MONTREAL.

Terms Cash.

SORE MOUTH IN PIGS.

A Dangerous Disease Unless Radical Steps Are Taken at Once.

Canker, or nursing sore mouth, is a troublesome disease, and if not promptly attended to, proves fatal, says The Swine Journal. It may, and we think it usually does, arise from impurity in the milk of the sow or from poison on her teats and udder obtained by running in tall, wet grass or poison vines. The first symptoms are lumps on the sow's udder, and sometimes sores; next will be noticed blisters on the next tongue and mouth of the pig; the tongue and lips become swollen, and the roof and sides of the mouth inflamed and covered with deep red or white blisters. Treatment: Catch the pig and swab its mouth out thoroughly with a solution of carbolic acid and water sufficiently strong to make the flesh upon the arm tingle. Apply it with a rag, or a small piece of sponge tied on a stick. A strong sage tea applied in the same way is good; and in addition take powdered sulphur, put it into a large straw, hold the pig's mouth open and blow the dry sulphur in. Apply these remedies frequently and bathe the sow's teats and udder with a weak solution of carbolic acid. Keep little that have it away from other pigs. Care, close attention and the frequent application of the above remedies will rarely fail to cure if taken in time. The sow should be fed sulphur in her slops.



HOMEMADE FRUIT EVAPORATOR.

to force air over fruit, and dried a lot of fruit with no trouble and little work to perfection. There was no expense of cash except for tray material, which need not cost much. Trays should not be closer together than 6 to 8 inches. Each tray will hold about half a bushel of fruit. We let it go down at night and start it again in the morning until dry. Apples quarter-dried in about 18 hours. Sliced in about 12 hours and other fruit in proportion. We dried apples, prunes, cherries, pears and several kinds of berries. We open smokehouse door after meat is removed for fresh air to enter. There will be no smell of smoke at fruit drying time.—Practical Farmer.

TESTING THE SEEDS.

How the Farmer Can Make a Germinator at Home. Most seed dealers now make germination tests before putting their seeds on the market. Consumers will also find it much to their advantage to test the viability of seeds, but as a rule they have the impression that seed-testing requires elaborate apparatus and some complicated scientific process to conduct it successfully. That this opinion is inaccurate is shown by the home-made germinator seen in cut, reproduced from Circular No. 18, issued by the division of botany, United States Department of Agriculture. A piece of moist flannel is placed on a plate, the seeds put on the flannel, a second piece of moist flannel being laid over them, and a second plate is then inverted over the whole. A

Producing Early Peaches.

Mr. J. H. Hale, the great American peach grower, is reported to have said that he gets peaches two weeks earlier by the following method: In the middle of the growing season put a strong wire around a large arm of a tree and twist it fairly tight. This checks the flow of sap and causes fruit buds to form early and in great number. The fruit on the branches of this arm will ripen two weeks earlier than that on the untreated branches and will be much more highly colored. But this part of the tree will be so weakened by the treatment that it should be cut away after fruiting, that new shoots may come and take its place. Thus one large arm or limb of a tree may be forced each year.

Making Use of Weeds.

A crop of weeds that are nearly matured, but which have not produced seeds, is one that will pay if it is plowed under. Even weeds can thus be put to good use if rightly handled, but the farmer who allows a single weed to produce seed multiplies his work in the future. There is no waste of time in killing weeds, as no work on the farm pays better if future labor is considered.

Homemade Fruit Evaporator.

Several years ago we made the following dryer for fruit. Having a smokehouse 6x10 feet frame we put up a frame as shown in cut. Made trays of stuff 1x2 inch, double thickness with galvanized screen between, 1/4 or 1/2 inch mesh is best (but even