Montreal Herald
AND DAILY COMMERCIAL GAZETTE.

VOLUME LI. MONTREAL, SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 22, 1859. NUMBER 252.

MONTREAL HERALD
STEAM BOOK & JOB PRINTING OFFICE
No. 209 Notre Dame Street,
(Near St. Francois Xavier St.,)
MONTREAL.

THE Proprietor of this Establishment begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that having ENLARGED h iSTOCK of PRINTING MATERIALS, STEAM PRESSES &c., he is now prepared to undertake every description of Printing, such as Books, Pamphlets, Magazines, Insurance Policies, Programmes Catalogues, Posting Bills, Hand Bills, Railway Bills, Steamboat Bills, Circulars, Invitation and Funeral Letters, Druggists and other Labels Military Forms of every description, &c., with despatch, and at the LOWEST CITY PRICES.
☞ Business Cards neatly and promptly executed.
JAMES POTTS
Jan. 26. 22

Houses, &c.,
TO LET, OR FOR SALE.

DWELLING HOUSES.

CALLANDER PLACE, HOUSE No. 3 to Let, having lately been completely Painted and Papered. Also, fitted up with Baths, Water Closets and other conveniences.
Apply to MRS. STEWART, No. 5 Callander Place, Mountain Street.
July 30. 180

TO BE LET, *With Immediate Possession,* THE First Class DWELLING HOUSE, No. 3 Cornwall Terrace, St. Denis Street, recently occupied by General Sir Wm. Eyre.
Apply to JAMES GORDON & CO.
August 22, 1859. 199

TO LET, A Summer Residence, about 20 minutes walk from the city, at St. Catherine's, opposite the Water-run, having the advantage of water in the house. Also, an Ice-house connected with the premises. Apply at this Office, or at H. Ennis', No. 71 McGill Street.
June 8. 135

A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE TO LET on Cadieu Street. Enquire at 97 St. Constant Street.
O. DUROCHER.
June 18. 143

INKERMANN TERRACE. HOUSE NO. 2 TO LET, from 1st of May—completely Painted and Papared; Hot and Cold Water to Bath Room; Water Closet, &c., and all other requisites of a First-Class Dwelling.
Apply to RICHARD PHILBIN, Stanley Street, Or JOHN FAIRBAIRN, Broker.
Feb. 12. 36

A Small HOUSE wanted to rent immediately. References given. Address "S. 10," at the Office of this paper.
September 17. 222

TO LET, THE HOUSE and SHOP, Corner of Wellington and Dalhousie Streets. Apply to E. G. PENNY, Herald Office.
September 7. 213

MISCELLANEOUS.

BUILDING LOTS.

TO SELL immediately, TWENTY fine, commuted, LOTS on Dorchester and St. Andrew's Streets. Conditions of Sale very easy.
—ALSO,—
TO BE LET, Two handsome HOUSES, actually in repairs. Possession on the 4th of May.
Apply to JOSEPH DUHAMEL, Advocate, Office, Nos. 16 & 18 St. Vincent Street.
April 26. 98

TO BE LET, PART of a HOUSE [Furnished], in Great St. James Street. For further particulars enquire at the Herald Office.
May 19. 115

OFFICES TO LET. A few First Class OFFICES on St. Paul Street, corner of Custom House Square, to Rent. Possession immediate.
Apply to R. & G. LAFLAMME Advocates, No. 1 Place d'Armes.
May 31. 128

Apartments to Let.

TO LET, TWO BED-ROOMS and PARLOUR, in a most central and healthy locality. Enquire at this Office.
July 30. 180

STABLE TO LET.

TO LET, until 1st May next, a TWO STALL STABLE, with Coach-House and Hay-Loft attached, situated in rear of McGILL STREET.
Apply at the Herald office
May 30 127

DELIGHTFUL RESIDENCE FOR SALE,
COMBINING ALL THE ADVANTAGES OF CITY AND COUNTRY.

THAT commodious Residence formerly occupied and built at great expense expressly for the late William Connolly, Esquire, known as LISE CARROL, situated on the proposed prolongation of Sherbrooke Street East, a little South-West of Logan's Farm, together with several Acres of a highly cultivated GARDEN.

The House is 50 feet front by 45 feet deep; the front is built of Stone, the ends and rear of Brick. There is a never failing WELL of SPRING WATER, with Pipes and Pump conducting the same into the Kitchen. There are also Wood Shed, Coach-House, Stables and other buildings, and a commodious ICE HOUSE.

The GARDEN is well supplied with Fruit Trees, Shrubs, and Flowers, &c., &c., &c.

The situation is most delightful, being on the high ridge above referred to; securing a splendid view of the Mountain, the St. Lawrence, St. Helens, and every part of the City.

For particulars as to terms, &c., which are very reasonable,
Apply to GREENSHIELDS & JOHNSON, Estate Agents and Accountants, 32 Little St. James' Street.
June 17. 143

SPLENDID
REAL PROPERTY
FOR SALE.

THAT Superior FLOUR MILL, situate at the Twelve Mile Creek
On Dundas Street,
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NELSON, COUNTY OF HALTON, KNOWN AS THE
"Nelson Mills"

The Mill is situated in the centre of the finest Wheat growing district in the Province. The machinery, which is all nearly new and of the most approved description, includes custom bolt, packing box to hold 300 barrels, bran duster, &c., and is propelled by water, of which there is at all seasons an abundant supply.

The arrangements for receiving, weighing and storing are very complete.

At a convenient distance are a Cooper's Shop and Dwelling-house. It is, in fact a perfect Mill.

Adjoining the Mill property is a farm comprising 100 acres of excellent land, 50 of which are under cultivation, and on which is a superior Dwelling-house quite new.

The Mill and Farm would be sold together or separately as desired.

For further particulars, apply to Messrs. BURTON & SADLEIR, Solicitors, Hamilton, C. W., Or to HERBERT MORTIMER, Esq., Broker, Toronto, C. W.
Hamilton, 2nd September, 1859. 223

PLANTAGENET WATER DEPOT REMOVED
TO THE CORNER OF LITTLE ST. JAMES STREET AND PLACE D'ARMES.
July 21. 163

PATENT ROOFING FELT.

FOR SALE—Andrson's Patent ROOFING and SEATHING FELT, By EDMONSTONE, ALLAN & CO.
May 3. 104

FOR SALE— AFLOAT—
2500 bags Liverpool Coarse Salt.
D. TORRANCE & CO.
July 22 173

FIRE INSURANCE NOTICE.
Further Reduction IN RATES OF PREMIUMS.
THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OFFICE: CORNER OF PLACE D'ARMES.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE, this COMPANY will INSURE RISKS in this City (whether New Policies or Renewals) at a **Reduction of Forty per Cent** Upon the Original Normal Rates.

The Rate of Premium on First Class Risks will therefore be Reduced as under—say, former Rate 10s., will now be *Six Shillings!*
By Order, J. H. MAITLAND, Resident Secretary.
Montreal, Sept. 23, 1859. 1m-227

INSURANCE NOTICE.
THE ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY
CONTINUES TO
INSURE PROPERTY
On most favorable terms, and at the lowest rates charged by any good English Company,
OFFICE—15 Water Street, on the Wharf.
H. L. ROUTH, AGENT.
September 24. 1m-228

FIRE INSURANCE NOTICE.
Further Reduction OF RATES OF PREMIUM.
THE PHŒNIX Fire Assurance Company OF LONDON
GIVE NOTICE THAT THEY HAVE *Further Reduced* THEIR
RATES OF PREMIUM OF **City Risks.**
and will issue NEW POLICIES or RENEWALS at the REDUCED RATES.
GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO., AGENTS FOR CANADA.
JAMES DAVISON, MANAGER.
Sept. 24. 1m 228

THE HOMESTEAD
Fire and Inland Marine Insurance Company,
OF NEW YORK,
HAVE appointed the undersigned as **AGENTS** FOR THE **City and District of Montreal,** And are prepared to grant **Policies of Insurance** On as FAVORABLE TERMS as other responsible Companies.
O. B. SANSUM & CO., No. 21 St. Francois Xavier Street.
Sept. 28. 231

FIRE INSURANCE NOTICE.
Great Reductions IN RATES OF PREMIUMS BY THE
COMMONWEALTH, MERCANTILE, HANOVER, HOPE,
First Class New York Fire Insurance Companies.
Office, 38 St. Peter Street.

THE Subscriber, Agent for the above First Class Fire Insurance Companies, has, for some *time past*, taken FIRST CLASS RISKS at **FIVE SHILLINGS!**
AUSTIN CUVILLIER, Agent.
September 24. 228

NEW DRESS GOODS.
BENJAMIN BROTHERS HAVE JUST OPENED
Ten Cases OF THE LATEST NOVELTIES IN **DRESS GOODS.**
—ALSO,—
5 Cases of Fancy Shawls, 3 Cases of CLOTH MANTLES.
—AND—
Cases of Women's and Children's **BEAVER HATS:**
Together with their usual assortment of **STAPLE & FANCY GOODS,** to which they invite the attention of buyers in this market.
Terms liberal.
JOSEPH'S BUILDINGS, 10 LEMOINE STREET.
Sept. 22. 1m-226

Fall 1859.
The Subscribers have received at the
MONTREAL CARPET WAREHOUSE,
31 & 33 St Francois Xavier Street,
EX Steamers ANGLO-SAXON, HUNGARIAN, INDIAN, and NORTH BRITON, new designs from the Looms of John Crossley & Sons, Halifax, England, and other eminent manufacturers, and feel satisfied that, as regards styles and prices for every description of Carpeting, the MONTREAL CARPET WAREHOUSE, 31 & 33 St. Francois Xavier Street, annot be surpassed.

Floor Oil Cloths,
From the celebrated Scotch Makers "Michael Nairn & Co.," Kirkcaldy, and also from the well-known works of "John Hare & Co.," Bristol, England, cut to every dimension, at the MONTREAL CARPET WAREHOUSE, 31 & 33 St. Francois Xavier Street.

Additions to our already very superior assortment will be received by the succeeding weekly Steamers, including an elegant variety of PAINTED TRANSPARENT WINDOW BLINDS.
Terms Liberal.
R. CAMPBELL & CO.
September 12. 217

NEW MUSIC.

MAN THE SHIP
My Father's Bible
She Has Told It To The Winds
Don't You See Me Coming
If He Can
On Boys, On } By Root.
Down By The Sea, [Bass Song]—by Dodge.
With My Banjo On My Knee—by Paine.
"Oasis," Grande Valse Brilliante—by Simon.
Valse De Salon, Op. 39—by Egghard.
Fifth Avenue Hotel, Polka—by Baumbach.
Marriage Bell Polka—by Arthur Napoleon.
Wilma Galop—by Schmeisser.
Minnehaha Quadrilles, for four hands—by Hewitt.
Don Pasquale, Grand Duo, for four hands—by Berg.
For Sale at A. & S. NORDHEIMER'S, No. 59 Great St. James Street.
October 6. 238

NEW MUSIC.
JUST RE-PRINTED BY THE SUBSCRIBER, D'ALBERT'S
Zurich & Somnambula Quadrilles,
Two of the prettiest Quadrilles this charming Author has ever written.
—ALSO,—
The ILAM HALL QUADRILLE, by R. W. H. Burrage.
—AND,—
The PRINCE OF WALES POLKA, with a Superb Portrait in Colors of His Royal Highness.
HENRY PRINCE, 145 Notre Dame Street.
October 3. 235

TO BUSINESS MEN.

THE rapid and extensive sale of our **$40** SEWING MACHINES, with the liberal profits derived therefrom, warrant us in the belief that the exclusive Agencies we offer present the most flattering inducements for a money-making business of any enterprise before the public. Their sale would make a valuable acquisition to any mercantile business, and would also give to the Agent a much larger return for his investment than can possibly be secured in any business where no monopoly of the article is obtained. For particulars, apply at our establishment.—P. S.—None but able and responsible business men need apply.
SCOVEL & GOODELL, Patentees and Sole Manufacturers, 73 Great St. James Street, Montreal.
October 5. 1m-236

CHAMPAGNE WINES.

VIN DU PRINCE IMPERIAL
GRAND VIN ROYAL.
DE VENOGE & CO., Epernay.

THE Subscriber, Agent for Canada, for the Sale of the above celebrated Brands of Champagne Wines, is prepared to receive orders for same for direct importation.

Now in Store, cases VIN DU PRINCE IMPERIAL, in quarts, pints and half pints, and GRAND VIN ROYAL, in quarts.
AUSTIN CUVILLIER, Agent.
38 St. Peter Street, Montreal, Sept. 1, 1859. 6m-208

O'HEIR'S WHOLESALE CLOTHING AND Outfitting Establishment
68 M'GILL STREET, MONTREAL.

THE Subscriber wishes to inform his Customers, that he has now ready an extensive assortment of FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING, which he will dispose of at Very Reduced Prices. Country Merchants will find it to their advantage to call and examine his Stock and judge for themselves.

GARMENTS MADE TO ORDER at short notice. All Orders punctually attended to.
J. O'HEIR, 68 McGill Street, Montreal.
September 14. 219

REDUCTION IN PRICE OVER 25 PER CENT.
☞RAILWAY COAL BURNER.
☞RAILWAY COAL BURNER.
☞RAILWAY COAL BURNER.

The Manufacturers of this Stove have reduced the price to nearly one-half, so as to make it an object for all classes to buy this celebrated ECONOMICAL AND HEALTHY HEATER, which will burn the entire season without re-kindling.
PROWSE & McFARLANE, Sole Agents for Canada.
October 4. 236

FOR SALE BY
MILLS, MATTICE & CO:

Bright Muscovado, Dry Crushed, Crushed A, Yellow Refined, Loaf, in hhds and barrels } SUGARS
Twankay, Young Hyson, Gunpowder, Hyson, Souchong and Oolong } TEAS
Java, Laguayra, Jamaica, Tillicherry, (roasted and ground) } COFFEES
Standard and other Refined SYRUPS
Port, Burgundy, Tarragonna and Sherry } WINES
Brandy, DeKuyper's Gin, Booth's and Gurney's Old Tom, } LIQUORS
Black Pepper, Pimenta, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cassia, Ginger, Ground Pepper and Ginger, } SPICES
Arracan and Patna RICE
Layer and Bunch Raisins, Currants, Valencia Raisins, Almonds, Walnuts, } FRUITS
French, Spanish & American CHOCOLATE
Glenfield, Lescher's and Pearl STARCH
Liverpool and Montreal, Brown Windsor and Honey, } SOAPS
Belmont and Sperm Candles
Sago, Tapioca, Chicory, Carraway Seed
Coleman's Mustard
White Wine and Cider Vinegar
Wrapping Paper, Tobacco Pipes, Blacking
Carbonate Soda, Washing Soda, Soda Ash
White Lead Paint
Blundell's Boiled Linseed Oil
Palm and Cocoa Nut Oil
Newfoundland Cod Oil
Salad Oil pints and quarts
Liverpool Salt, Saltpetre
Madras Indigo
Scotch Marmalade, Sugar Candy
Havana Segars, Tobacco
E. I. and Edinburgh Ales in bottles
London Porter in bottles
MILLS, MATTICE & CO., Corner St. Peter & St. Sacrament Sts.
October 1. 234

IN STORE—
Hhds Hennessy's & Martell's Brandies
Pipes, hhds and qr-cks DeKuyper's Gin
Puns and hhds Islay Whisky
Puns and hhds Irish Malt do
Puns Fine Flavored Jamaica Rum
Butts, hhds and qr-cks Pale Sherry Wines
Pipes, hhds and qr-cks Port Wine
Brls Bass & Co.'s E. I. Pale Ale
Hhds Coleman's Mustard
Chests Madras Indigo
Brls Prime Zante Currants
Bags Patna and Arracan Rice
Hf-chests Twankay, Hyson Twankay, Young Hyson, Congou and Souchong Teas
—AND,—
Landing, ex "Hungarian": Finest Quality English Breakfast Souchong and Congou Teas, season 1859
For Sale by HUGH FRASER & CO., No. 30 St. Sacrament Street.
October 7. 239

FOR SALE by the Subscribers—
Port and Sherry Wines
Chaloupin & Co.'s Brandy, in hhds and cases
DeKuyper's Gin, hhds, in bond or duty paid
Rum, Vinegar
Standard Syrup
Twankay and Young Hyson Teas
&c, &c, &c.
LESLIE & CO.
August 12. 191

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform the Citizens of Montreal, that he has just fitted up a Shop with Power, and has Machinery of the most improved style now in operation for the Manufacture of all kinds of
PACKING CASES,
As follows:
Shoe, Dry Goods, Soap and Candle, Spice, and Rubber Boxes, and Boxes used by Druggists.
—Also,—
TRUNK WOODS all made to order, and at short notice, all sizes and thickness, from half-inch to one inch, or thicker if wanted, of Bass, Pine or Spruce Wood, and at prices as low as can be found in the City.
☞Please give me a call.
Office—Corner of St. Francois Xavier and Craig Streets, over the Iron Safe Manufactory. Entrance, 65 Fortification Lane.
ISAAC L. NOYES.
September 29 3m-232

GIBB & CO.,

BEG to acquaint the Public that they have received their FALL STOCK, complete, and WINTER GOODS; comprising all the Novelties of the Season in CLOTHS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, WHITNEYS, DEVONS, WAISTCOATINGS, and TROWSERINGS, with a further supply of INDIA RUBBER COATS and CLOAKS for Ladies' and Gentlemen. They have also on hand a full stock of the best READY MADE CLOTHING, which they will sell Cheap for Cash, or approved account.
Sept. 14. 219

J. J. EAGLETON,
Manufacturer & Importer OF
IRON and STEEL WIRE, WIRE RODS, BOILER RIVETS, HACKLE-PINS, etc.
EAGLE WIRE MILL, 22d Street, N.Y. City.
ANNSVILLE WIRE MILL, Peekskill, N.Y.
WAREHOUSE, 84 John Street, NEW YORK.
In Bond, for Canadian Sales,
"R E"
RYLAND'S Superior — Merchant Wire,
"W"
Spring Wire, Tinned Wire, Bridge Wire, and GALVANIZED TELEGRAPH WIRE.
Oct. 1. 6m 235

JOHN HENRY EVANS,
IMPORTER OF
IRON and HARDWARE
STORES and IRONYARD,
ST. NICHOLAS STREET.
OFFICE and WAREHOUSE,
ST. PAUL STREET,
MONTREAL.
Oct. 1. 234

FOR SALE—
BAR IRON—SCOTCH, ENGLISH REFINED and SWEDISH
HOOP, BAND, ROD and SHEET IRON
TIN and CANADA PLATES
STEEL—BLISTER, SPRING and CAST
NAILS—CUT, PRESSED and WROUGHT
GRIFFINS' and E. T. HORSE NAILS
ANVILS, ANCHORS and CHAINS
STOVES and CASTINGS
And a WELL ASSORTED STOCK of HEAVY and SHELF HARDWARE, comprising a very GENERAL and COMPLETE assortment of DOMESTIC, FOREIGN and BRITISH MANUFACTURES.
J. HENRY EVANS.
Oct. 1. 234

Curtain Materials.

THE Subscribers have JUST OPENED a Large and Elegant Assortment of
CURTAIN STUFFS,
Consisting of BROCATELLES, SATIN DE LAINE, REPS, PRINTED LASTINGS, WOOLLEN and UNION DAMASKS, &c., &c., to which they beg to call the attention of the Public as being unsurpassed in styles, beauty and variety.
—Also,—
Nottingham Lace Curtains,
☞Their STOCK of FURNITURE comprises a Most Extensive Assortment, all manufactured on their own Premises, and is, as usual, guaranteed.
J. & W. HILTON, 25 Great St. James Street.
September 24. 1m-228

PHOTOGRAPHY.
W. NOTMAN, ARTIST,
11 BLEURY STREET.
First Prize for Photographs;
First Prize for Ambrotypes;

PHOTOGRAPHS, untouched or colored, in OIL, WATER COLORS, or CRAYONS, ***From Full Length Life Size*** to the smallest produced.
AMBROTYPES Colored for Frames or Cases.
MINIATURES of every description for Lockets, Brooches, or Rings.
Daguerreotypes and Paintings Copied in all the various styles, and increased or reduced to any size required.
Stereoscopic Portraits and Groups, in Cases or Paper Slides.
Views Stereoscoped and otherwise to order.
Portraits taken and finished in Oils or Water Color without the aid of the Camera, if required.
Artists and Amateurs supplied with Stock and Apparatus, and the Art taught.
Specimens to be seen at Mr. Notman's Studio 11 De Bleury Street.
Observe the address; no specimens exhibite outside.
November 5 266

DIRECT FROM PARIS
Ex S. S. "North-American,"
BLANCHARD'S SYRUP of IODIDE of IRON
BLANCHARD'S IODIDE of IRON PILLS
—Also,—
Extra Superior EAU DE COLOGNE, in pint and quart wicker basket bottles, just received.
JOHN GARDNER, Chemist and Druggist, 5 West End Notre Dame Street.
Oct. 1. 234

China, Glass and Earthenware,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AT LOW PRICES.

IN THE RETAIL DEPARTMENT will be found China Tea and Breakfast Sets; Dinner, Dessert and Bedroom Sets; Tumblers, Goblets, Wine, Custard, Jelly and Champagne Glasses, Decanters, and all useful Articles.

In the Wholesale Department all descriptions of Common Goods, by the package, or packed to order by the dozen, at low prices.
THOMSON & MINCHIN, 241 St. Paul Street.
September 21. 230

LEECHES.
SPECKLED LEECHES
JUST RECEIVED.
For Sale low, by the hundred, to the Trade.
J. GARDNER, West End Notre Dame Street.
Oct. 1. 234

FINEST BERMUDA ARROWROOT—Crop 1859.
Virgin Honey in the Comb, 24 boxes.
—ALSO,—
Strained Honey, in 6lb and 12lb jars, Just received and for sale by
J. GARDNER, Chemist, West End Notre Dame Street
Oct. 1 234

PAPER! PAPER! PAPER!!

THE Subscribers have now in STOCK a large and complete assortment of IMPORTED STATIONERY and WRITING PAPERS, of the best *Scotch* and *English makers*, all purchased before the recent advance of prices in Britain, and which, irrespective of the present high tariff, will be sold at their former LOW RATES.

They have also just received, from the *Portneuf, Woodend* and *Lorette Paper Mills*, upwards of 10,000 REAMS of WRAPPING, 5000 REAMS of WRITING, and 2000 REAMS of PRINTING PAPER; also, 20 tons of SUPERIOR ROOFING FELT, all of which they are prepared to place in good hands at Low Prices and on reasonable terms. Especial attention at this time is respectfully directed to their present Stock of *Canadian Manufactured Writing Papers*, which they are SELLING OFF at UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES, to make room for a SUPERIOR ARTICLE now making.

N. B.—Packages of Samples, marked in plain figures, sent free to intending purchasers on application to
CHALMERS & ROBERTSON, 224 St. Paul Street, Montreal.
Sept. 6. 6w trs 212

B. P. PAIGE & CO.'S
THRASHING MACHINES.

THE Subscribers are happy to inform the Public, that they now have on hand, and are manufacturing daily, a full supply of their celebrated
Patent Thrashing Machines,
which are the only Machines that will thresh all kinds of Wheat clean out of the straw, and at the same time clean it fit for the mill or market, and none of it broken or wasted. Our Machine took the prize at the World's Exhibition, at *Paris, France*, and they are acknowledged by all to have no equal for Thrashing and Cleaning Grain.

To more fully accommodate all classes of Farmers in both Canada East and West, we have, at a very heavy expense, furnished ourselves with patterns for sizes varying from one to eight horse power, which enables us to furnish Machines; and we now have on hand a full supply of each size, capable of thrashing, according to size, from fifty to five hundred bushels a day; and, as we are building twice the amount of work this season, all purchasers can depend upon their orders being answered for any sized Machine they may require without delay.

Machines shipped on board of any Boat or Cars free of charge.
B. P. PAIGE & CO.
July 23. 175

SEALE & TEES,
CABINET-MAKERS AND **UNDERTAKERS,**
No. 60 GREAT ST. JAMES STREET, Montreal

PARTICULAR attention is invited to our Stock of
ZINC AND LEAD COFFINS,
At very low Prices, and the only coffins that can be warranted Air Tight.
A large assortment of COFFINS & TRIMMINGS, Wholesale and Retail, and Funerals furnished with all required.
Office Desks of our own manufacture on hand and made to order. Shops fitted, &c.
July 22. 173

[ADVERTISEMENT.]
GRAY BROTHERS
69 BEEKMAN STREET, NEW YORK,
MANUFACTURERS OF

HYDE'S quick adjusting Screw Wrench, adapted so as to hold Pipes equally as well as Square Nuts and Bolts; also Gray's new Door and Gate Spring, with their graduating Bracket, which so simplifies the putting on that a child can accomplish it, and still no Wrench or Key is required, which was so liable to get lost just when it was wanted. The Trade supplied promptly by sending their orders to above Address.
September 30. 233

CLARK & CO.

IN order to protect ourselves against the numerous fraudulent imitations of our CABLE LAID THREAD AND POLISHED THREAD, false in length and inferior in quality, we beg to intimate that we have altered our WRAPPER, which, in place of Blue, will now bear a Drab Color, and bear a View of our Works, with the Paris and Brussels Exhibition Prize Medals.

Purchasers will please note that our Trade Mark is CLARK & CO.'S, without Christian Name or Initial Letter.
SEEDHILL AND CUMBERLAND MILLS, Paisley, Scotland.
September 30. 2m-232

ANSEL LOTHROP,
PURCHASING & SELLING AGENT
FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANT,
NO. 93 COMMERCIAL STREET
PORTLAND, MAINE, U. S.
☞ *Particular attention to Customs Business.*

REFERENCES:
Messrs. H. J. Libby & Co., Emery & Waterhouse, John Lynch & Co., Portland, Me.; Winslow & Austin, Waldoboro, Me.; Mr. James W. Brown, Belfast, Me.; Mr. John McArthur, Augusta, Me.; Mr. Edward A. Glidden, Newcastle, Me.; Mr. Thomas Mason, Bangor, Me.; Mr. Francis Cobb, Rockland, Me.; Captain Arthur Child, New York, N.Y.
September 10. 3m-216

Sewed Muslins.
THE STOCK OF
SEWED MUSLINS
BELONGING TO THE ESTATE OF
D. & J. McDONALD,
AMOUNTING TO FULLY £3,000
HAS BEEN
Transferred to the Subscriber FOR SALE.

The Stock consists of the most fashionable Goods, and as orders have been given to close the entire Lot this Fall, it will be found well worthy the attention of the Trade.

A liberal discount will be allowed to buyers, according to the extent of purchases.
A. WALKER, St. Peter Street.
August 26 203

SEASONABLE IMPORTATIONS.

NOW in Stock a very Superior assortment of
FALL AND WINTER
DRY GOODS,
Recently selected by one of our Firm under the most favorable circumstances.

Merchants and Clothiers are respectfully solicited to examine our supply of
American & Canadian Woollens.
TERMS LIBERAL.
R. CAMPBELL & CO., 31 & 33 St. Francois Xavier Street.
September 12. 217

NOTICE TO THE CENSITAIRES,
OF THE
SEIGNIORIES
OF
MONTREAL,
ST. SULPICE, and of the LAKE OF TWO MOUNTAINS.

THE CENSITAIRES of the SEIGNIORY of MONTREAL, as well in the City and Parish as in the rest of the Island, and also those in the SEIGNIORIES of ST. SULPICE and the LAKE OF TWO MOUNTAINS, who owe, either personally or *hypothecairement*, any Arrears of *Lods et Ventes* or *Cens et Rentes* above $100, are notified that, by the Seigniorial Tenure Amendment Act of the 4th May, the said Arrears are payable—
One-fourth in 1859,
One-fourth in 1860,
One-fourth in 1861,
One-fourth in 1862,
Unless some arrangement has been come to before the 4th of May, 1859; and that, in default of making any one of these payments at the time fixed, the entire sum may be demanded, and will bear interest from the end of the year.

All who do not owe more than $100 must pay without delay, and are requested to conform to this provision of the law.
JPH. COMTE, Ptre., Proc. of the Seminary.
Montreal, Oct. 6, 1859. da sw 240

Dawson's Spool Thread

IS made on improved principles, by machinery of the most recent invention; is of almost perfect evenness throughout the bobbin, and of a silky texture, which prevents knotting. In London and in New York it has quite superseded the old makes. Put up in tin cannisters of 100 dozen each, assorted.
For Sale by HOBBS & MARTIN, Sole Agents for Canada, 14 Lemoine Street.
August 12 191

JAMES BAYLIS' NEW
CARPET WAREHOUSE.

CARPETING, of every description, and newest designs.
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, of various makes and styles, of the most celebrated English and American manufacturers.
COCOA MATTINGS of all widths; DRUGGETS, DOOR MATS, STAIR CARPETS, HASSOCKS, and CARPET BAGS.
Every article warranted to be what it is represented.
Carpets made up and Oil Cloths laid by an experienced Upholsterer.
CHURCH CUSHIONS made to order, and Pews fitted up in the best style.
Parties at a distance, by sending an order accompanied with a remittance or reference, served as well as if on the spot.
In consequence of doing chiefly a Cash Business, all Goods are sold at the lowest possible prices.
October 12. 243

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,
PLACE D'ARMES,
MONTREAL,
(CONDUCTED ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN,)
BY
S. COMPAIN.
The Hotel contains upwards of One Hundred Apartments, price 50 cents per day for each.

THE situation is most central, being in the immediate neighborhood of the Banks, Express and Post Offices, and other Public Institutions; and for a healthy location is unsurpassed, having the beautiful French Square in front, and also a splendid Jet d'eau.

A RESTAURANT is attached to the Establishment, where Meals can be had at any hour, according to the daily Bill of Fare.
October 4. 236

THE SHIRT STORE,
211 & 213 Notre Dame Street.
THE PATENT GORGET SHIRT.

WE have JUST RECEIVED a LARGE SUPPLY of the above well-known SHIRTS at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Sold in London at 6 for 42s. sterling. Our prices are: Plain Cuff, 6 for $9; French Cuffs, 6 for $10,50.
—ALSO—
A variety of Children's Jackets and Cloaks, in fine Cloths and Tweeds, from 7s. 6d. to 10s., real value more than double; Ladies' Underclothing, Marriage Outfits, Baby Linens; Dressing, Morning and Breakfast Gowns; Opera Cloaks, &c., &c.
JOHN AITKEN, SON & CO., 211 & 213 Notre Dame Street.
245.

COAL! COAL!

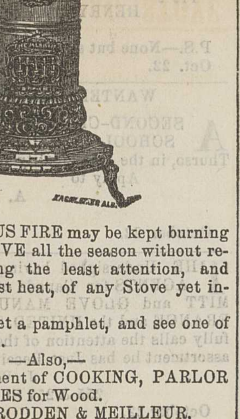
THE Subscribers are receiving, direct from the Cleveland (Ohio) Mines, at their
COAL YARD,
Corner McGill & Wellington Sts.,
A Large Supply of that Superior COAL, which they can guarantee to be superior for Grate or Steam purposes to any that can be purchased in this City.
—Also,—
A Large Quantity of ANTHRACITE COAL, for Hot Air Furnaces, Stoves and Foundries, which they are selling at the following low prices, viz.:—
Grate Coal, free from Dust or Small Coal, $6.50 per chaldron.
Anthracite Coal, $6 @ $6.50 per ton.
Parties who are unable to take in their supply of Coal at the present time, can, by ordering it now off the Subscribers, have it delivered to them any time during the Winter at present prices.
J. G. BEARD & CO.
October 13. 244

COAL OIL.
EXCELSIOR ILLUMINATING COAL OIL.

THIS OIL is an Article vastly superior to anything yet offered to the Public. It is *entirely free from smoke and odour*, and is perfectly safe and easily managed.
For Sale, Wholesale only, by W. D. B. JANES, 61 Commissioner Street.
October 8. 240

FOR SALE
BY
Anderson, Evans & Evans
ST. GABRIEL STREET,
'HARE'S' CELEBRATED PAINTS.
IN OIL:
WHITE—Nos. 1, 2, 3
Black, Blue, Green, Yellow
Brown, Turkey Umber, Red, Zinc White
DRY:
White and Red Lead
Ochres, Chrome Yellow
English and Turkey Umber
Sienna English Pink
Vandyke Brown
Ivory Black, Drop Black
Putty, &c., &c., &c.
—Also,—
AXES (Cast Steel)—Chopping
CUT NAILS—assorted sizes
C HORSE NAILS
GLASGOW IRON—assorted sizes
—Together with,—
GUNPOWDER—"Curtis & Harvey's" Blasting, FF, FFF, and Canister.
Oct. 10. 241

THE ALBANIAN COAL STOVE.



A CONTINUOUS FIRE may be kept burning in this STOVE all the season without re-kindling, requiring the least attention, and producing the most heat, of any Stove yet invented.
☞ Call and get a pamphlet, and see one of them in operation.
—Also,—
A large assortment of COOKING, PARLOR and HALL STOVES for Wood.
RODDEN & MEILLEUR, 71 Great St. James Street.
Oct. 12. 243

FOR SALE.—The Subscriber is now receiving regular Consignments of
CHOICE BRANDS OF FLOUR.—Superfine, Fancy and Extra, from several Mills in the best Wheat Counties of Canada, which he offers for sale at market prices.
WHEAT, PEAS, &c., in wholesale parcels.
BUTTER.—Fresh Dairy and Shipping lots, almost daily receiving through the season.
APPLES.—Just arrived, Fameuse, Baldwin Russets, &c.
CHEESE from two Dairies.
WHITE FISH of excellent quality.
ALSO, daily expected from two mills, a supply of POT and PEARL BARLEY.
HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY'S BUFFALO ROBES of the various grades, in the original package.
JOHN DOUGALL, Commission Merchant, 270 St. Paul Street, Montreal.
Oct. 11. 242

LATEST NEWS OF THE HARPER'S FERRY AFFAIR.

HARPER'S FERRY, Wednesday, Oct. 19, 1859.

The prisoners have been committed to Charlestown Jail to await the action of the Grand Jury. They will be indicted and tried in a few days. The question of jurisdiction has been settled in this way: The local authorities are to try the prisoners for murder, and meanwhile, the United States authorities are to proceed on the charge of treason. Gov. Wise said to United States District Attorney Ould that he has no objection to the General Government proceeding against the prisoners—that is, all that will be left of them by the time the Virginia authorities have done with them.

Brown is better, and has made a fuller statement, in which he says he rented the farm from Dr. Kennedy six months since, and the rent is paid till next March. He never had over twenty-two men at the farm at one time that belonged to the organization, but he had good reason to expect re-enforcements from Maryland, Kentucky, North and South Carolina, and Canada; he had arms sufficient for fifteen hundred men; he had two hundred revolvers, two hundred Sharp's rifles, and a thousand spears; he left them at the farm; he had abundance of powder and other ammunition; he brought all the arms from time to time, from Connecticut and other Eastern points, to Chambersbourg, Pa.; they were directed to J. Smithe & Sons, Kennedy Farm, his assumed name; they were packed in double boxes, so as to deceive the parties who handled them, to the farm; he says he made one mistake, in either not detaining the train on Sunday night, or permitting it to go on unmolested; this mistake, he seemed to infer, exposed his doings too soon, and prevented his re-enforcements from coming. The names of all the parties on Sunday night, except three white men, whom he admits he sent away on an errand, are as follows, with their proper titles under the Provisional Government:

WHITES.

Gen. John Brown, Commander-in-Chief, wounded, but will recover.
Capt. Oliver Brown, dead.
Capt. Watson Brown, dead.
Capt. Aaron C. Stephens of Connecticut, wounded. He has three balls and cannot possibly recover.
Lieut. Edwin Coppic of Iowa, unhurt.
Lieut. Albert Hazlett of Pennsylvania, dead.
Lieut. Wm. Leman of Maine, dead.
Capt. John E. Cook, of Connecticut, escaped

PRIVATES:

Stewart Taylor of Canada, dead.
Chas. P Tidd of Maine, dead.
Wm. Thompson of New York, dead.
Adolph Thompson of New York, dead
Capt. John Kagi of Ohio, raised in Virginia dead.
Lieut. Jeremiah Anderson of Indiana, dead.
With the three whites previously sent off, making seventeen whites.

NEGROES.

Dangerfield, newly of Ohio, raised in Virginia, dead.
Emperor, of New York, raised in South Carolina, not wounded but a prisoner.
The latter was elected a member of the Provisional Government some time since.
Lewis Leary of Ohio, raised in Virginia, dead.
Copeland, of Ohio, raised at Virginia, not wounded; prisoner at Charlestown.

Gen. Brown has nine wounds, but none fatal. Bushels of letters have been discovered from all parts of the country; one from Gerrit Smith informs Brown of money being deposited in a bank in New York to the credit of G. Smith and sons. It appears to be one of the many informing him from time to time as money was received.

THE KILLED AND WOUNDED.

Baltimore, Oct. 19—Noon.

A dispatch just received from Harper's Ferry foots up the killed and wounded in yesterday's conflict as follows: Killed, six citizens and fifteen insurgents; wounded, three insurgents; prisoners, five.

The following are the constitution and ordinances of the conspirators:—

PROVISIONAL CONSTITUTION AND ORDINANCES FOR THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES.

PREAMBLE.

Whereas slavery throughout its entire existence in the United States is none other than the most barbarous, unprovoked and unjustifiable war of one portion of the citizens against another portion, the only conditions of which are perpetual imprisonment and hopeless servitude, or absolute extermination, in utter disregard and violation of those eternal and self-evident truths set forth in our declaration of independence;

Therefore, we the citizens of the United States and the oppressed people, who by a recent decision of the Supreme Court are declared to have no rights which the white man is bound to respect, together with all the other people degraded by the laws thereof, do for the time being ordain and establish for ourselves the following provisional constitution and ordinances, the better to protect our people, property lives and liberties, and to govern our actions:—

ARTICLE 1.
Qualifications for Membership.

All persons of mature age, whether proscribed, oppressed and enslaved citizens, or of proscribed and oppressed races, of the United States, who shall agree to sustain and enforce the provisional constitution and ordinances of organization; together with all minor children of such persons shall be held to be fully entitled to protection under the same.

ARTICLE 2.
Branches of Government.

The provisional government of this organization shall consist of three branches—viz: the legislative, executive and judicial.

ARTICLE 3.
The Legislative.

The legislative branch shall be a Congress, or house of Representatives, composed of not less than five nor more than ten members, who shall be elected by all the citizens of mature age and of sound mind connected with this organization and who shall remain in office for three years, unless sooner removed for misconduct or inability, or by death. A majority of such members as shall constitute a quorum.

ARTICLE 4.
Executive.

The executive branch of this organization shall consist of a President and Vice President, who shall be chosen by the citizens or members of this organization and each of whom shall hold office for three years, unless sooner removed by death or for inability or misconduct.

ARTICLE 5.
Judicial.

The judicial branch shall consist of one Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and four Associate Judges of the said court, each of them constituting a Circuit Court. They shall each be chosen in the same manner as the President, and shall continue in office until their places have been filled in the same manner by an election of citizens.

ARTICLES 13 TO 25.

Provide for the trial of the President and other officers and members of Congress, the impeachment of judges, the duties of the President and Vice President, the punishment of crimes, army appointments, salaries, &c. These articles are not of special interest, and are therefore omitted.

ARTICLE 26.
Treaties of Peace.

Before any treaty of peace shall take full effect, it shall be signed by the President, Vice President, Commander-in-Chief, a majority of the House of Representatives, a majority of the Supreme Court, and a majority of all the General officers of the army.

ARTICLE 27.
Duty of the Military.

It shall be the duty of the Commander-in-Chief and all the officers and soldiers of the army, to afford special protection, when needed, to Congress or any member thereof, to the Supreme Court or any member thereof; to the President, Vice President, Treasurer and Secretary of War, and to afford general protection to all civil officers or other persons having a right to the same.

ARTICLE 28.
Property.

All captured or confiscated property, and all property the product of the labour of those belonging to this organization and of their families, shall be held as the property of the whole equally, without distinction, and may be used for the common benefit or disposed of for the same object. And any person, officer or otherwise, who shall improperly retain, secrete, use or needlessly destroy such property, or property found, captured or confiscated, belonging to the enemy, or shall willfully neglect to render a full and fair statement of such property by him so taken and held, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be punished accordingly.

ARTICLE 29.
Safety or Intelligence Fund.

All money, plate, watches or jewellry captured by honourable warfare, found, taken or confiscated, belonging to the enemy, shall be held sacred to constitute a liberal safety or intelligence fund; and any person who shall improperly retain, dispose of, hide, use or destroy such money or other articles above named, contrary to the provisions and spirit of this article shall be deemed guilty of theft, and on conviction thereof shall be punished accordingly. The treasurer shall furnish the commander-in-chief at all times with a full statement of the condition of such fund and its nature.

ARTICLE 30.
The Commander-in-Chief and the Treasury.

The commander-in-chief shall have power to draw from the treasury the money and other property of the fund provided for in article 20, but his orders shall be signed also by the secretary of war, who shall keep a strict account of the same, subject to examination by any member of Congress or general officer.

ARTICLE 31.
Surplus of the Safety or Intelligence Fund.

It shall be the duty of the commander-in-chief to advise the President of any surplus of the safety and intelligence fund, and he shall have power to draw the same, his order being also signed by the Secretary of State, to enable him to carry out the provisions of article 17.

ARTICLE 32.
Prisoners.

No person, after having surrendered himself a prisoner, and who shall properly demean himself or herself as such to any officer or private connected with this organization, shall afterwards be put to death or be subjected to any corporeal punishment without first having had the benefit of a fair and impartial trial.—Nor shall any prisoners be treated with any kind of cruelty, disrespect, insult or needless severity; but it shall be the duty of all persons, male and female, connected herewith, at all times and under all circumstances to treat all such prisoners with every degree of respect and kindness that the nature of the circumstances will admit of, and insist on a like course of conduct from all others, as in fear of the Almighty God, to whose care and keeping we commit our cause.

ARTICLE 33.
Voluntaries.

All persons who may come forward and shall voluntarily deliver up slaves, and have their names registered on the books of this organization, shall, so long as they continue at peace be entitled to the fullest protection in person and property, though not connected with this organization, and shall be treated as friends, and not merely as persons neutral.

ARTICLE 34.
Neutrals.

The persons and property of all non-slave-holders who shall remain absolutely neutral, shall be respected so far as circumstances can allow of it; but they shall not be entitled to any active protection.

ARTICLE 35.
No Needless Waste.

The needless waste or destruction of any useful property or article by fire, throwing open of fences, fields, buildings, or needless killing of animals, or injury of either, shall not be tolerated at any time or place, but shall be promptly and peremptorily punished.

ARTICLE 36.
Property Confiscated.

The entire personal and real property of all persons known to be acting either directly or indirectly with or for the enemy, or found in arms with them, or found wilfully holding slaves, shall be confiscated and taken whenever it may be found, in either free or slave States.

ARTICLE 37.
Desertion.

Persons convicted on impartial trial of desertion to the enemy, after becoming members, acting as spies or treacherously surrendering property, arms, ammunition, provisions or supplies of any kind, roads, bridges, persons or fortifications, shall be put to death and their entire property confiscated.

ARTICLE 38.
Violation of Parole of Honour.

Persons proven to be guilty of taking up arms after having been set at liberty on parole of honour, or after the same to have taken any active part with or for the enemy, direct or indirect, shall be put to death and their entire property confiscated.

ARTICLES 39, 40 AND 41

Require all to labour for the general good and prohibit immoral actions.

ARTICLE 42.
The Marriage Relation—Schools—The Sabbath.

Marriage relations shall be at all times respected, and families be kept together as far as possible, and broken families encouraged to reunite, and intelligence offices shall be established for that purpose. Schools and churches shall be established as soon as may be, for the purpose of religious and other instructions, and the first day of the week shall be regarded as a day of rest and appropriated to moral and religious instruction and improvement; to the relief of the suffering; the instruction of the young and ignorant, and the encouragement of personal cleanliness; nor shall any persons be required on that day to perform ordinary manual labor unless in extremely urgent cases.

ARTICLE 43.
To Carry Arms Openly.

All persons known to be of good character, and of sound mind and suitable age, who are connected with this organization, whether male or female, shall be encouraged to carry arms openly.

ARTICLE 44.
No Person to carry Concealed Weapons.

No person within the limits of conquered territory, except regularly appointed policemen, express officers of the army, mail carriers, or other fully accredited messengers of the Congress, the President, Vice-President, members of the Supreme Court, or commissioned officers of the army, and those under peculiar circumstances, shall be allowed at any time to carry concealed weapons, and any person not specially authorized so to do, who shall be found so doing shall be deemed a suspicious person, and may at once be arrested by any officer, soldier or citizen, without the formality of a complaint or warrant, and may at once be subjected to thorough search, and shall have his or her case thoroughly investigated and be dealt with as circumstances on proof shall require.

ARTICLE 45.
Persons to be Seized.

Persons living within the limits of territory holden by this organization, and not connected with this organization, having arms at all, concealed or otherwise, shall be seized at once, or be taken in charge by some vigilant officer, and their case thoroughly investigated, and it shall be the duty of all citizens and soldiers, as well as officers to arrest such parties as are named in this and the preceding section or article without formality of complaint or warrant, and they shall be placed in charge of some proper officer for examination or for safe keeping.

ARTICLE 46.
These Articles Not for the Overthrow of Government.

The foregoing articles shall not be construed so as in any way to encourage the overthrow of any State government or of the general government of the United States, and look to no dissolution of the Union, but simply to amendment and repeal; and our flag shall be the same that our fathers fought under in the Revolution.

ARTICLE 47.
No Plurality of Offices.

No two offices specially provided for by this instrument shall be filled by the same person at the same time.

ARTICLE 48.
Oath.

Every officer, civil or military, connected with this organization, shall, before entering upon the duties of office, make a solemn oath or affirmation to abide by and support the provisional constitution and these ordinance. Also every citizen and soldier, before being recognized as such, shall do the same.

SCHEDULE.

The President of this Convention shall convene, immediately on the adoption of this instrument, a Convention of all such persons as shall have given their adherence, by signature to the constitution, who shall proceed to fill by election all offices specially named in said constitution; the President of this Convention presiding and issuing commissions to such officers elect; all such officers being hereafter elected in the manner provided in the body of this instrument.

DINNER TO THE COMMANDER OF THE FORCES.—On inquiry, after the review of the Militia Brigade on Wednesday last, our reporter was informed that the dinner in the evening, to which the Officers of the Brigade had invited General Williams and his staff, was to be private. We are, consequently, indebted to our neighbour, the *Gazette*, for the following report of the proceedings on that festive occasion:—

On Wednesday evening the Officers of the Active Militia Brigade entertained Lieut.-Gen. Sir W. F. Williams, K.C.B., etc., and Staff, at a grand banquet at the Donegana Hotel. About 70 gentlemen, all in military costume, sat down to dinner, which was provided in Daley's best style. Colonel Commandant Dyde acted as Chairman, having on his right the guest of the evening, and on his left Colonel Napier, Quarter-master General, Colonel Taylor, R.A., Colonel Cervante, R.E., Major William, Military Secretary, Captain Woolsey, Mr. Grant, R.E., Aide-de-Camps, and Town-Major Macdonald, who also appeared as guests of the Brigade Officers. Colonel David worthily filled the Vice-Chair. The usual loyal toasts having been proposed from the Chair, and duly responded to, the Chairman, in set speech, eloquently adverting to the services and distinguished career of the guest of the evening, proposed the toast of the "Hero of Kars," which was drunk in a most enthusiastic manner.

The gallant General rose to reply. He said:

Mr. President and Gentlemen,—Permit me to return you my sincere thanks, and to assure you how much obliged I feel for the honour you confer on me in thus responding to the toast proposed by the Chair in such flattering terms.

On this, as well as on all former occasions when I have had the good fortune to meet the Militia Force of these Provinces, I have loudly borne witness to its zeal and loyalty; and have added my testimony to the amount of efficiency which the extremely limited period of instruction provided by the Legislature enables it to acquire; on this vital point I can only venture to express a hope that the time is not far distant when the Provincial Parliament will be enabled to provide for the original amount of drill and instruction, as fixed by the Act.

Until recent event's changed men's minds, there was a party in England, as well as in these Colonies, which looked upon militia drill as playing at Soldiers; but the Rifle movement in the Mother Country now shows how anxious the people are to repudiate such a sentiment, and which the zeal of the Active Militia Force of Canada has long since done. Gentlemen, I believe this Conservative feeling will be ever on the increase in these great colonies. I believe the Colonial Legislature will in future enable the people to fufill the pledge of self-defence which was given when the Imperial domains were handed over to these magnificent colonies. I further believe that England will assist your good cause, in proportion with those efforts which she finds their inhabitants making for self-defence. Gentlemen, I should do you great harm, if, in a moment of friendship or enthusiasm I had responded to your toast by telling you that you were perfect—that you had drill and practice enough, and horses sufficient for your field batteries. Such ungrounded assertions would have rendered permanent those curtailments of drill, and of horses originally voted, and which I consider as sacred to a good cause and absolutely necessary for the safety of these noble Colonies. No man can feel more real pride and gratification than I do in receiving on all occasions the expression of friendship and regard of the people of these United Provinces,—people though of different races, yet bound together in the enjoyment of liberty, which is dearer to them than life; and united by a spirit of loyalty to a gracious Sovereign, whose solicitude for these favoured portions of her Empire I have had the honour to hear from her own lips. These my sentiments on your organization and deficient amount of drill, will, I trust, be read by every militiaman in Canada. I venture to hope that they may also meet the eye of those who make and administer the laws, for whom I have unfeigned respect and confidence.

His speech was received with great enthusiasm, and elicited great applause. On concluding, the General proposed the health of the gallant Chairman, which was also well received. The health of Colonel De Hertel, Commandant of the District, and that of Colonel the Hon. George Moffatt, the late Commandant, were then drunk, the Chairman reading letters from both these gentlemen regretting that family affliction in the one case and illness in the other prevented their being present. The usual volunteer toasts, not forgetting "the ladies," were afterwards disposed of, and the company broke up at an early hour.

TRACING A PEDIGREE.—The late John Randolph, of Roanoke, used to assert his belief that he was descended from the celebrated Indian Princess, Pocahontas, but it is not known that he ever established his claim to that distinction. Many years ago there lived in a near State a young gentleman who took it into his head that, like John Randolph, he was of Indian descent, though unlike John, he did not know exactly the tribe to which his forefathers belonged. The idea was a perfect monomania with him, notwithstanding the efforts of his friends to convince him of the folly of his pretensions, to say nothing of the absurdity of them, even if they could be established. The favourite notion, however, could not be eradicated from his mind and he took one of his friends one day to see an Indian delegation at Washington, upon the chief of which he sought to impress the fact that he had Indian blood in his veins.

"Without moving a muscle of his face, the old chief arose from his sitting posture and turned his eagle eye on the speaker. His friends say that the chief understood or at least appeared to understand the meaning of the speech addressed to him, and they gazed intently on the solemn proceeding. The young man bore the searching glance of the Indian without emotion. All felt that the "time had come"

Moving sufficiently close to the speaker, the Chief raised his hand, and carefully taking a lock of the young man's hair between his finger and thumb, gently rubbed it between them for a moment. All was now breathless. Quietly withdrawing his hand, the Chief uttered the slight peculiar Indian grunt, and said 'Nig.' This altogether unexpected denoument ended the interview, and the discomfited descendent of the Tommyhawks retired with his friends, the latter roaring with laughter, and the former filled with a most sovereign contempt for his degenerate Indian relations.'—*Boston Traveller.*

Trade and Commerce.

LATEST ENGLISH MARKETS.

STATE OF TRADE.—The advices from Manchester are unfavourable; there was but little enquiry for goods, and prices were weak, and in some places partially slightly lower.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.—Messrs Richardson, Spence & Co. report Flour firm with sales of American at 22s 6d@27s per bbl. Wheat firm, with a better tone since Tuesday; Red Western 9s 3d@9s 6d, and White at 9s 9d @11s for all descriptions. Corn buoyant, and slightly higher under speculative purchases; Yellow at 5s 9d@6s, and White at 7s@7s 6d.

Bigland Athya & Co. say Flour is held for an advance of 6d, and 1s par sack; and Corn for an advance of 6d@1s per quarter.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET. — Bigland, Athya & Co., Richardson, and McHenry, report Beef steady, except a slight decline on inferior qualities. Pork heavy, and American unsaleable. Bacon quiet and nominal. Lard firm, with more doing, at 55s@56s. Tallow in better demand at 57s@58s.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.—The Brokers' Circular reports Pot Ashes quiet at 27s@28s; Pearls quiet at 27s 9d@28s. Sugar active, and all qualites slightly lower. Coffee quiet. Rice firm. Baltimore Bark, 7s@7s 3d; Philadelphia do, 8s 6d@8s 9d. Fish Oil, an average business without quotable change. Linseed Oil 28s@28s 6d. Rosin dull at 4s 2d@4s 3d for common. Spirits Turpentine steady at 35s 6d @35s 9d. Tea—quotations barely maintained for Congou; other kinds firmer.

LONDON MARKETS.—Baring's Circular reports Breadstuffs quiet but steady. Iron dull, and slightly lower; Bar and Rails, £5 15s. Sugar firm. Tea quiet at 1s 5¼d. Coffee dull and all qualities slightly lower. Fish Oils: sales unimportant. Linseed Oil, 28s 8d. Sperm Oil, nominal at £92. Rice firm. Tallow, 57s 9d@57s 6d. Spirits Turpentine firm at 35s.

HAVRE MARKET for the week ending Oct. 14.—Cotton firm; sales of the week 6,000 bales; stock 65,000 bales; New Orleans tres ordinaire, 109f; do bas 101f. Wheat was slightly higher. Ashes dull. Coffee firm. Oils firm. Rice firm; stock of Carolina exhausted. Sugar steady. Lard dull.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—The London Money market was unchanged.

Consols closed on Friday at 95⅝ @ 95¾, for both money and account.

The Bullion in the Bank of England had decreased £27,000.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

ARRIVED.—Oct. 17.
Bark Highland Mary, Rowlands, 20th Aug, Beaumaris, order, ballast.
Schr Wave, Boule, 19 days, Labrador, do fish & oil.

CLEARED—Oct 18.
Ship Transit, Thompson, Bristol, A Gilmour & Co.
Bark Nordsjemen, Jorgenson, Waterford, C E Levey & Co.
....Renfrewshire, McNeil, Port Glasgow, A Gilmour & Co.
....Berbice, Johnston, Perth, H Burstall.

SALT, AFLOAT.
1,500 Bags Coarse Liverpool.
DAVID TORRANCE & CO.
August 15. 193

☞ Every description of BOOK AND JOB PRINTING executed by JAMES POTTS, at the *Herald* Buildings, Notre Dame Street.

SATURDAY MORNING, OCT. 22, 1859.

THE PICTORIAL HERALD.

PARTIES DESIROUS OF

ADVERTISING

IN THIS EDITION OF THE

MONTREAL HERALD,

Are requested to

SEND THE SAME ON OR BEFORE

TUESDAY, the 25th instant,

After which date

No Advertisement will be Received

For the

ILLUSTRATED EDITION.

Montreal, October 22, 1859.

State of the Thermometer in the shade, at the door of Mr. Macpherson, watch-maker and jeweller, opposite the Seminary:—

Oct. 21—9 A.M. 27 Farenheit.
2 P.M. 35 "
5 P.M. 30 "

SEE FIRST PAGE

FOR

LATEST NEWS OF THE HARPER FERRY AFFAIR.
DINNER TO THE COMMANDER OF THE FORCES.
TRACING A PEDIGREE.
TRADE AND COMMERCE, &c.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY JAMES GORDON & CO.
Sugars, &c., at their stores, at half-past Two o'clock.

BY JOHN LEEMING & CO.
Several Valuable Properties, at their Office, at Twelve o'clock.

BY BENNING & BARSALOU.
Dry Goods, &c., at their Stores, at Two o'clock.

BY ALEX. BRYSON & CO.
Hardware, &c., at their stores, 242 St. Paul Street, at Two and Seven o'clock.

BY F. H. FISHER & CO.
Books, Stationery, &c., at store in David's Block, at Seven o'clock.

BY C. J. HOUGHTON.
Dry Goods, &c., at 161 Notre Dame Street, at Seven o'clock.

BY HENRY J. SHAW.
Fancy Goods, &c., at store No. 247 Notre Dame Street, at half-past Seven o'clock.

BY J. B. PARDELLIAN.
Jewellery, &c., at his stores, at Seven o'clock.

BY BROWN & CO.
Fancy Goods, &c., at his Sale Rooms, at Seven o'clock.

ARRIVALS AT HOTELS.

October 21.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.

C Roby, J W Roby, Burlington, Vt; A Seiffert, J W Howe, Montreal; J Young, Toronto; P Toss, A St Auge, Quebec; C Manis, Windsor; A Naim, J Keating, Toronto; R Richardson, Capt Smith, Quebec; A E Seeley, Toronto; M C Bronsdon, W Pease, Napanee, J Birmingham, Ottawa.

THE HARPER'S FERRY AFFAIR.—We elswhere give this morning, from the New York papers, the latest details of this thoroughly abortive, but very painfully suggestive, attempt to carry out the principles of the United States Declaration of Independence.

It will be seen that, however rash and almost insane the attempt of the insurgents, it must have been the result of long consideration and of much preparation on the part of those engaged in it. The pro-slavery and, as might be expected, more particularly, what is called the *dough-faced* apologists of slavery, of the New York press, are loud and fierce in their denunciations, not only of poor deluded Brown and his associates, but of the leaders of the anti-slavery party generally, who they do not hesitate to hold responsible for the proceedings at Harper's Ferry. Thus, because Mr. Senator Seward predicted, in one of his speeches to his constituents, that, sooner or later, the antagonistic elements of Liberty and Slavery must come into collision, and an "irrepressible conflict" ensue between the North and the South, it is argued by the *Journal of Commerce* that such sentiments, "in the light of recent developments," have "a new significance;" and because Mr. Gerrit Smith, denounces the evils of Slavery, and the criminal blindness of the people of the Free States to the inevitable consequences of Slavery, among the most terrible and prominent of which he maintained were insurrections, the *Herald* broadly accuses him as the instigator and aider of Brown in his late reckless attempt. The same charges, and with equal justice, were brought against Chatham, Burke and other British statesmen, who exposed and denounced the oppression of the people of the American Colonies, when they rose in insurrection against British power in 1776. Oppression is the natural soil, from which civil war and insurrections are sure, sooner or later, to spring; and to accuse those who would indoctrinate this everlasting truth upon their fellow-men as the favorers and instigators of the very evils they would prevent, is as unreasonable as it is unjust.

We cannot, we think, better conclude these few remarks than by giving the passages from Mr. Seward's speech, quoted against him by the *Journal of Commerce*, and beyond the limits of the United States, we believe, it would be difficult to find any Anglo-Saxon mind, at least, which would not cordially endorse the sentiments of the New York Senator and statesman. Mr. Seward is reported to have said, in speaking of freedom and slavery, as existing in the United States:—

Thus these antagonistic systems are continually coming into closer contact, and collision results. Shall I tell you what this collision means? They who think that it is accidental, unnecessary, the work of interested or fanatical agitators, and therefore ephemeral, mistake the case altogether. It is an irrepressible conflict between opposing and enduring forces, and it means that the United States must and will, sooner or later, become entirely a slave-holding nation, or entirely a free-labor nation. Either the cotton and rice fields of South Carolina and the sugar plantations of Louisiana will ultimately be tilled by free labor, and Charleston and New Orleans become marts for legitimate merchandise alone, or else the rye fields or wheat fields of Massachusetts and New York must again be surrendered by their farmers to slave culture and to the production of slaves, and Boston and New York become once more markets for trade in the bodies and souls of men. It is the failure to apprehend this great truth that induces so many unsuccessful attempts at final compromise between the slave and free States, and it is the existence of this great fact that renders all such pretended compromise, when made, vain and ephemeral. Startling as this saying may appear to you, fellow-citizens, it is by no means an original or even a modern one.

Our forefathers knew it to be true, and unanimously acted upon it when they framed the constitution of the United States. They regarded the existence of the servile system in so many of the States with sorrow and shame, which they openly confessed, and they looked upon the collision between them, which was then just revealing itself, and which we are now accustomed to deplore, with favor and hope. They knew that either the one or the other system must exclusively prevail. Unlike to many of those who, in modern times, invoke their authority, they had a choice between the two. They preferred the system of free labor, and they determined so to organize the government, and so to direct its activity, that that system should surely and certainly prevail.

THE COOPER OPERA TROUPE.—We are authorised to state, that this talented company will return to our city in the beginning of next week, Mr. Buckland having made arrangements with Mr. Cooper to give a few more performances at the theatre. At the request of many patrons, Bellini's Opera of *Norma*, will be repeated the first night of the re-appearance of Mr. Cooper's Troupe.

THE WEATHER.—The snow began to fall on Thursday afternoon, and yesterday morning everything had assumed a thoroughly wintry aspect, while it continued to fall, at intervals, during the whole day. We have no recollection of old father *Hiems* visiting us so early in the season, and, however inhospitable the sentiment, we trust his present visit is only a passing one. The fact is, we are not prepared for the old gentleman yet, and he ought to know that he is usurping the legitimate right—rudely treading upon the heels—of our equally old and equally esteemed friend *Autumnus*.

Mr. Workman's Lots advertised for Sale today at Mr. Leeming's Office, are unavoidably postponed till Friday, November 4th. The following Properties will, however, be offered in the order enumerated, commencing at Twelve o'clock, viz:—

Mr. Theodore Hart's Lots, between St. Lawrence and Dominique Streets.

Two Lots of Land near Redpath's Sugar Refinery.

The Valuable Corner of Margaret and St. Antoine Streets.

The Property near Beaver Hall, facing St. Andrew's Church.

For particulars see advertisements.

The unreserved Hardware Sale by Alex. Bryson & Co., at the Stores, No. 242 St. Paul Street, continues to-day at 2 o'clock, P.M., and in the evening, with an hour's intermission at 6. A large portion of the Shelf, and all the Heavy Goods are still unsold, and merit the attention of the Trade.

DENTRIFICE.—Mr. Jones Lyman has kindly forwarded us some of the excellent dentrifice invented by Dr. Elliot, from which circumstance we find that this favorite article is still on sale.

THE STEEPLE CHASE.—In the event of this day proving fine the Steeple Chase will take place at two o'clock at the Mile End.

POLICE COURTS.—Yesterday there was nothing of the slightest importance.

THE CRICKET MATCH WITH THE ALL ENGLAND ELEVEN.

THIRD DAY.

[*From our Special Correspondent.*]

HAMILTON, Oct. 19, 1859.

This day commenced most auspiciously. The sun shone out brightly, and all were merry in the prospect of fair weather.

Stephenson and Lillywhite at once went to the wicket, and the third ball, from Parsons, was hit by the latter into Stokes' hands, who stood at mid-wicket. "Caught" was the verdict on this man.

Jackson then joined Stephenson, but no runs were made, for three overs, and, in the fourth, a capital bail ball of Sharpe's took the big man's wickets. The first innings had thus terminated, for a total of 79 runs, the smallest, by ever so many, the Eleven have made on this Continent, and only 13 more than the Twenty-two made.

The Eleven then again took the field, Parsons and Desford assuming the willows, and Wisden bowling at the latter. The first ball hit Despard's gloves, and Lockyer caught him.

Phillips went in next, and stood three balls of Wisden's, after which Jackson went on. His first over was a maiden. In his next Parsons actually got a drive forward for a couple. Soon after this he got a slip from the same bowler for another couple, and then Carpenter missed him at point. Parsons made a fine leg hit off Jackson for a treble, and eight maiden overs ensued, the bowling and fielding being really superb. Now Parsons got hold of one of Wisden's slows, and ran three for his square leg hit; but one of them was short, and only a couple was scored. Next Parsons got a fluke from Jackson, which went over Diver, the long stop's head, and this brought the Canadians up to the Englishmen's score. But Parsons soon got another couple to square leg, and saw Phillips caught by Carpenter at point, off a slow ball of Wisden's. The man ran in and took the ball not a yard from the bat.

Grundy was now put in to bowl in Jackson's place.

Sterling took the willow which Parsons had given up. His partner stood seven maiden overs, and then he made a single off Wisden to mid wicket on. He presently made another by a cut to slip off Grundy, and then several maidens more followed, both men playing the capital bowling in excellent style. Then Sterling made a single off Wisden to square leg, and in trying another he was run out, Cæsar throwing the ball in and hitting the wicket.

Worswick went in next, and was caught by Carpenter the very first ball, at point.

Heward followed, and ran Parsons caught by the active point off the first ball Grundy gave.

Jones now took the bat, ran one for himself and another for Heward, and then Heward was caught by Carpenter, the redoubtable point, who had to cross the wickets before getting the ball.

Rogerson, the next, saw Jones bowled by Grundy, and W. Totten went in.

Rogerson was stumped, the first ball running in at one of Wisdens. He missed it, and Lockyer, the sharp-eyed, did not neglect his chance.

Harris now made a single, by a pretty slip off Wisden, then a capital leg hit, to the fence, for a treble, next a square leg off Wisden, for a single, and then he stood four balls from Grundy well. Here Totten was caught by Diver, off Wisden, a penalty for a hard swipe at a full pitch.

Pickering, bare headed, next came forward, and stood a few balls well, and ran Harris bowled by Wisden.

Ryckert here joined Pickering and made a single off Wisden, then a leg bye, then stole a another single at the square leg, and went out, leg before wicket.

Daley now went in and ran a single for Pickering, stood four maidens, and ran another for his partner, nicely drawn, and stole a bye; then he was bowled by Wisden.

Sharpe took the willows next and ran Pickering's stumps rattled by Grundy. The ball was a fine one, and took both the middle and leg stumps. Pickering had been in nearly half an hour and made three singles.

Deykes, of Galt, was the next, and at once ran a treble, hit by Sharpe to square leg, a single for himself, at leg, and then a couple for a cut among the slips. Sharpe was then caught by Carpenter at point.

Bosteed ran a single for Deykes, and then saw him bowled by Wisden.

Reid made a single off Wisden, past the slip, ran a single for his partner, and then each of the two batsmen stood a maiden over or so. Reid next made a single, past point, and nearly ran his partner out by making it; but, altho' Lockyer was very sharp, the man was in when the bails were taken off. Then Bosteed made a single, nicely cut among the slips, and was run out in the attempt to get another for Reid. The ball was finally fielded by Cæsar, and handled by Lockyer at the wickets.

O'Reilly now took the willow in hand, cut a ball of Wisden's past point for one, and was then caught off his hand by the wicket keeper.

Gillespy went in next, and, after a few balls, Jackson, at slip, missed catching him. Perhaps the cold weather was to blame. Reid then made a single, and Cæsar missed Gillespy at mid-wicket. Then the man who had had two escapes was bowled by Wisden.

Hamilton went in next, on which Reid cut another single among the slips, and, changing his end, was bowled out on the first ball of Wisden's over.

Totten, N., here joined Hamilton. With him he ran a couple, a single, and another brace for a swinging hit to the square leg, after which Hamilton was bowled by Wisden, who was very destructive.

Stokes now came in, and run one for Mr. Totten, hit backwards to leg, Winchester style, and then saw him bowled by a twist from Wisden.

This was the twentieth wicket, and the total being 83, the Eleven had 41 to get to win.

After lunch, the Eleven again went in, sending Jackson and Caffyn to the wickets. Four maiden overs were bowled, and then Jackson made a fine cut for three, and then a square leg hit for the same number.

Caffyn next made a single, also to square leg, a double, in the same direction a single, and then cut a ball of Sharp's for two, in his own peculiar style. Several single runs ensued, and then Caffyn got a magnificent leg hit off Sharp for a couple. Some tremendous drives and leg hits now followed, and the men got their eyes well in.

Caffyn now made a fine cut for four, past the long slip, then a couple, to leg. Rogerson was now put in, bowled three wides, which tied the sides, and Jackson then made the winning hit, to square leg.

The Eleven thus won with ten wickets to go down—their two first men having run off the 41 they required.

The total score I send you as follows:

Twenty-Two.	Second Innings.	
Starling	run out	3
T. Phillips	c Carpenter b Wisden	4
Bayley	b Wisden	0
Harris	b Wisden	5
Worswick	c Carpenter b Wisden	0
Rykert	l b w Grundy	2
Parsons	c Carpenter b Grundy	10
Heward	c Carpenter b Grundy	1
Reid	b Wisden	5
W Totten	c Diver b Wisden	0
Rogerson	st Lockyer b Wisden	0
Dykes	b Wisden	4
Jones	b Grundy	1
Pickering	b Grundy	2
Bosteed	run out	3
Stokes	not out	0
Sharp	c Carpenter b Wisden	3
Gillespie	b Wisden	0
H. Totten	b Wisden	1
Hamilton	b Wisden	5
Despard	c Lockyer b Wisden	0
O'Reilly	c Locker b Grundy	1
	Byes 1 Leg Byes 2	3
	Total	53

England.	Second Innings.	
W Caffyn	not out	16
J Jackson	not out	17
	Byes 1, Leg Byes 3, Wide Balls 4	8
	Total	41

Mr. Parr is doing pretty well, recovering slowly; but, it is hoped, surely. He will not be able to play in the match to-morrow, when the North of England plays the South, six Canada men on each side.

Public Exhibition of Egyptian Antiquities by the Natural History Society.

(*Reported for the* MONTREAL HERALD.)

On Thursday evening, a large and highly respectable assemblage were present in the Hall of the Natural History Society, where the mummies, vases, hieroglyphic and other objects of curiosity, brought from Egypt by the Hon. J. Ferrier, were on view. As we have already given in the *Herald* a description of these highly interesting remains, it is, perhaps, sufficient now to say, that their selection and variety reflect honour upon the taste and industry of their donor, the Hon. J. Ferrier.

At eight o'clock, His Lordship, the Anglican Bishop of Montreal, took the Chair. In introducing Mr. J. Ferrier, Jr., to the audience, he said it was a very interesting matter which had brought together the members of the Society and the public, who would now have an opportunity of listening to some explanations respecting the vast number of curiosities brought here, by one of our fellow-citizens, from a very distant part of the world. It was only very lately that the Society possessed a building fitted for the reception of such donations, and it was, therefore, to be hoped that the munificent example just now set by our respected fellow-citizen would be generally imitated. We should be anxious to make the Museum of the Natural History Society of Montreal worthy of the reputation of this great and important city and country. We had now arrived at a time when our citizens should give attention to such a subject, and when the love of science should be fostered among us. But the assemblage he saw present proved that they took an interest in such subjects. He would now introduce Mr. Ferrier, who would explain the circumstances attending the collection of the curiosities they now saw before them.

Mr. J. Ferrier, Jr., here came forward, and was received with applause. He began by saying that Egypt, to the historian, the antiquary and pleasure-seeker, was one of the most interesting and wonderful of all countries. Its monumental relics, in their number, magnitude and splendor, as also in the vast amount of information they conveyed, far exceeded those of any other region, and disclosed the fact that the land of the Pharoahs was the cradle of the civilization of the early world. The connection of Egypt with the early history of God's ancient people gave it also an especial charm for Christians of every name. Almost everything great in the world's history seemed to converge into the pathway of him who traversed that memorable country. Abraham, Sesostris, Moses, Helen, Agesilaus, Alexander, Pompey, Cæsar, Cleopatra, Aristarchus, Origen, St. Mark, Athanasius, Saladin, Napoleon, Mehemet Ali,—what names were these? What contrasts did they bring before us? In Egypt the past was so faithfully reflected in the present, that the drama of ancient life seemed never to have been interrupted. This fact encouraged him to hope that a brief account of the lights and shadows of Egyptian travel would not prove uninteresting. On the morning of the 28th of Dec, 1858, the low-lying land of Egypt was visible from the mast-head of the steamer "Vienna," of the direct line between Smyrna and Alexandria. The only object visible from the deck was a small speck, and that was Pompey's Pillar. Standing on the vessel's deck, in the harbor of Alexandria, the eye wandered over the town to which the ancient city had left nothing but its name and very few of its ruins. One could observe but little of what it once had been, and imagination could hardly find a place for the ancient walls 15 miles in circumference, the 4000 palaces, and the homes of 600,000 people. All that was now visible within the shrunken walls was a town half European and half Oriental. The suburbs were incrusted with the wretched hovels of the Arab poor, and immense mounds of rubbish occupied the space between the town and its walls. The objects of principal interest in Alexandria were unquestionably Pompey's Pillar and Cleopatra's Needle, both of great antiquity, yet of neither could it be said that it bore a correct name nor was in the place to which it originally belonged. There were also many remains of sumptuous building, concerning which there was no tradition among the inhabitants, or any account on which reliance could be placed. Arrived at Alexandria, the traveller was yet far distant from the Nile. The traveller who was bound for Cairo might either go there in 7 hours by rail, or take his Nile boat in Alexandria, and consume as many days on the canal and river. The latter was most commendable. The objects of interest on the river before reaching Cairo were altogether of modern origin. There was first a railway bridge, constructed on a similar principle, and now as near completion, as the magnificent work of art which spans the river opposite this city;—and next a magnificent structure of brick, pointed with stone, stretched across the Nile at a point a little below the apex of the Delta, and intended to raise the waters somewhat higher and thus increase the annual inundation. A few short hours sail from this point brought the traveller within sight of the Pyramids on the western bank, and in another short space of time on the opposite bank was to be seen the domes and minarets of Cairo. The approach to Cairo was by a spacious avenue, lined and covered with the olive, the tamarisk and the sycamore. The walls of the city were of mud. The most fashionable streets were not above 12 feet wide, and, as the upper stories arched over them, only a narrow strip of blue sky appeared between the toppling verandahs. Mean looking and crowded as Cairo was, it possessed some extensive squares and stately houses; but its most interesting building was certainly the citadel, where Mehemet Ali treacherously murdered, with the exception of one only, who escaped, the Mameluke Beys whom he summoned to consultation on the approach of war. Five miles of a carriage road brought the traveller from Cairo to Heliopolis, the On of Scripture and the Oxford of old Egypt.—Having spoken of the pyramids and a visit to them, as well as the arrangements of a Nile boat, the speaker went on to say that his party visited the sepulchres of the rich and poor of old Memphis. For miles they rode over heaps of bones, skulls and mummy swathings. This vast cemetery extended 20 miles. The nearness of this ancient ruin to the modern city left the traveller but little chance to procure antiquities of any kind.—He then proceeded to detail a very interesting account of the visit to the catacombs of Bennihassen; the temple of Dendera; Shebes; Karnak. They spent part of their time at Thebes, in procuring from under the very nose of the Pasha of temples and tombs, who, unfortunately, was performing his duties very rigorously, the greater, indeed almost the whole of the curiosities now lying on the tables. So strict was the surveillance that the cover of night and early morn were resorted to in order to convey the mummies to their boat. Having described visits made to other deeply interesting localities, Mr. Ferrier expressed a hope that the distinguishing flag of Canada, which was to be seen floating from the yard of their Nile boat, might never be found wanting among the flags of other nations, which every winter were seen hovering over the inviting waters of the great river of Egypt.

At the conclusion of his lecture Mr. Ferrier was, as he had been frequently during its delivery, loudly applauded.

The Chairman said he was only expressing the feeling of every one present when he stated that he felt greatly delighted with the lecture. (Applause.)

Here there was a recess of a few minutes to allow the audience time to inspect the curiosities. After which

Prof. Cornish spoke to the following effect:—That it was not his intention to enter upon any consideration of the vexed questions of Egyptian history and chronology, for to give even a sketch of these points would more than occupy an entire lecture, much more than a fraction of one. The Egyptians, the lecturer stated, considered themselves the aborigines of the land they inhabited, but their form, features, and other peculiarities clearly indicated them to be of Caucassian origin, and that they probably migrated to Egypt at an early period of time. No other country dating so far back into the past had left so many memorials of what it once had been. By the numerous mummies brought to light, the representations on their monuments, &c., they were able to judge, with tolerable accuracy, of the form and features, and approximately of the character of the ancient inhabitants of Egypt. They had oval countenances, foreheads rather low and retiring, hair thick, crisp and curly, complexion a reddish brown, and the whole appearance rather pleasing than otherwise. The population of Egypt, when at the largest, was estimated by historians at about seven millions of souls. There were many differences, Professor Cornish went on to say, between the habits and customs of the Egyptians and those of other countries,—as, for instance, that the women were employed in avocations usually considered as belonging to men,—the latter remaining at home, engaged with the loom or otherwise, while the women went to the markets and the shops by themselves; that the sons were not obliged to support their aged parents, while daughters were compelled to do so; that the men shaved their whole bodies two or three times a week, [cleanliness being a marked feature,] and the fact that they thus shaved their heads was gravely assigned as a reason for the great thickness of the Egyptian skull. In many other ways, the lecturer pointed out, did the Egyptians differ from other nations. Polygamy, he said, was not practised among them, and great reverence was paid to the aged—the young man rising when an old man entered the room, and standing aside in the street to allow him to pass. The garments worn by the higher ranks were almost entirely all linen, but the working classes more frequently were dressed in woollen clothes, as being less expensive and as being more suitable to the nature of their avocations. Cotton also was much used. The lecturer then proceeded to explain the various castes into which, according to the different historians, the Egyptians were divided, and the various avocations of those castes, or more properly speaking classes, as the children were not compelled to follow the same avocations as their fathers, but might change it according to their own wishes. Of those castes the two most prominent were, first, the priests, and next, the military, both of whom were proprietors of land and free from taxation. The Professor then took up the subject of the hieroglyphics, a written language of the Egyptians, showing how for so long a period they had been sealed books even to the most patient investigators of them, until at length some little light was shed upon the subject by the discovery of the famous Rosetta Stone in the year 1799. The theology of the Egyptians was then discussed by the lecturer, who stated that originally the religion of Egypt was monotheistic, but by degrees the various attributes of the deity were themselves deified and elevated to the rank of Gods. He then gave an account of the three ranks of Gods, of the divine triad Osiris, Isis, and Horus, entering into an interesting explanation of the judgment scenes pourtrayed on many of the tombs, and especially of one copied from the original by Mr. R. W. Ferrier, which was among the articles on exhibition, explaining how the good deeds done in the body were weighed in the balance, in order to determine whether the deceased had a right to enter the realms of the blest, or whether he should be refused admittance, in the latter event being condemned to be transformed from one animal to another for the space of three thousand years. The several modes of embalming the mummies of Egypt, the most expensive being estimated to cost about £250 sterling, were also treated upon, the manner of interment, and the ornaments which were placed in and with the deceased, referring to the mummies which were then before the audience, and one of which was to be opened and exposed to view by Dr. Fenwick, after the lecture was concluded.

One of the mummies was here unswathed by Dr. Fenwick. It was in a fair state of preservation, and was the object of much curiosity.

Mr. John Leeming, before the audience dispersed, stated that the reason why the members of the Society were charged for admission was to help to raise sufficient funds to have the mummies, etc., placed safely and advantageously in the Museum.

The proceedings terminated a little after ten o'clock.

CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of the MONTREAL HERALD.

Montreal, 13th October, 1859.

SIR,—As the Minister of Finance has complied with the request of the Forwarders to discontinue the exaction at the Canal Office of one-half per cent. on Canada West notes, when taken in payment of Canal Tolls, and has officially instructed the Collector accordingly, we have no hesitation in expressing our conviction, which we have entertained from the first, that the Collector has only followed what he deemed to be his duty throughout, and do not consider that blame therefor attaches to him in this matter; and we take this opportunity of according to Mr. Gough our due appreciation of his General Management as Collector.

Your most obedient servants,
JONES, BLACK & Co.,
THOMAS MAXWELL,
JAQUES, TRACY & Co.,
HENDERSON, HOLCOMB & Co.,
GLASSFORD & Co.,
J. J. JONES,
N. M. BOCKUS,
M. K. DICKENSON,
JOHN McPHERSON & Co.,
ALEX. MILLOY.

FIRST TRIP TO RIVIERE-DU-LOUP BY RAIL.—The road from Quebec to Riviere-du-Loup was informally opened on Monday last, 17th inst. A train started from Quebec at half-past six in the morning, reaching its destination at eleven. Mr. Blackwell, the Hon. Sir Etienne Taché, Mr. Starke, and a number of others connected with the Grand Trunk Railway, went with the train. The road is not quite completed, the rails for the last eight or ten miles having been only laid temporarily for the occasion. At every station there were large crowds, who gave the company a hearty welcome, cheering with a right good will. Next spring the road will be formally opened. Speaking of the construction of the road, the Quebec *Chronicle* remarks as follows:—

Over that part which is fully finished, between St. Rochs and St. Thomas, which was built by Mr. Reekie, the trains went at the rate of 42 miles an hour. Mr. Reekie, who constructed the road from Quebec to Richmond, and from the Chaudiere to St. Thomas, has earned for himself a reputation which will always associate him with Canadian Railways. The neatness and uniformity of the station-houses, substantially built in fire-brick, and the engine-house at Riviere-du-Loup, reflect the highest credit on Mr. Hodges, whose name, in connexion with that of Alexander Ross and the Victoria Bridge, will henceforth be a household word in Canada. The bridges at St. Anne and Riviere Ouelle combine great strength with elegance of structure.

The same paper adds:—

The principal object of the present excursion was the desire of Mr. Blackwell to show how benefit to the Company can be extended in the Eastern parts, which he has been instrumental in carrying out in the Western section of this truly gigantic Railway, and we trust will result in a determination to proceed from Riviere-du-Loup to the magnificent harbour of St. Andrews and St. John on the Bay of Fundy.

DIED,

Suddenly, on the 20th instant, Mary Raymond, wife of E. S. Freer, Esq., and daughter of the late Rev. Brook Bridges Stevens, aged 31 years.

☞ The funeral will take place from 45 Drummond Street, on Sunday, at 2 o'clock P.M. precisely.

MONTREAL FOX HOUNDS

MEET at LONGUEUIL FERRY on SATURDAY, 22nd October, at TEN o'clock.

October 21. 251

WANTED, IN TORONTO,

A FIRST-CLASS HORSE-SHOER, of steady, temperate habits, to whom the highest wages and constant employment will be given. He must also be a good Turner and Fitter.

Apply to
HENRY DOANE, Blacksmith,
No. 17 Adelaide Street.

P.S.—None but steady men need apply.

Oct. 22. 252

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A SECOND-CLASS MALE TEACHER for SCHOOL DIVISION No. 2, Village of Thurso, in the Municipality of Lochaber, C. E.

Apply to
A. WATERS,
School Com.

October 22. 252

THE Undersigned having been appointed AGENTS for Canada of some of the best MITT and GLOVE MANUFACTURERS in FRANCE and the UNITED STATES, respectfully calls the attention of the Trade to the fine assortment he has Just Received

J. W. CARLE,
255 & 257 St. Paul Street.

October 22. u-252

FOR SALE—SUPERIOR FRENCH CALF-SKINS at a low figure.

J. W. CARLE,

October 22. u-252

FOR SALE—At very low prices, CHOICE HAVANA CIGARS of the Finest Brands.

J. W. CARLE.

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FOR SALE—A full assortment of all kinds of LEAF TOBACCO.

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FOR SALE—
Barrels and half-brls Choice Labrador Herrings
Barrels and half-brls No. 1 Split and Round Herrings
Pale Seal and Cod Oil
Green and Dry Cod Fish, &c., &c.

JAMES MACNAB.

October 22. 252

FOR SALE—
Prime Mess and Prime Pork

JAMES MACNAB,
McGill Street.

October 22. 252

By Telegraph.

BY MONTREAL LINE.

Office, St. Sacrament Street.

Reported for the Montreal Herald.

Boston, Oct. 21.

The Europa arrived at her dock at 7 o'clock this morning. Her mails were forwarded in the morning train.

Portland, Me., Oct. 21.

The steam saw mill at Island Pond, Vt., belonging to the Hon. L. Woodbury, of Portland, was destroyed by fire this morning. No insurance.

New Orleans, Oct. 21.

The Cahawba has arrived, from Havana the 18th instant.

There is no political news.

The health of Havana was good.

Sugars were firm and active. Lard steady.

NEW YORK MARKETS—Oct. 21.

Flour—Receipts large; State and Western a shade better; but less active. Sales Western 9000 bbls; Superfine State $4,75; Extra $4,90 @$4,95; Round Hoop $5,45 @ $5,60; common to good extra Western $4,95@$5,25. Southern firmer; sales 1500 bbls, at $5,35 @ $5,65 for mixed to good; $5,70 @ $7,25 for fancy and extra.

Canadian Flour—Sales 300 bbls at $5,40 @ $6,25 for Extra.

Wheat held 1c @ 2c better, which materially checks transactions; sales trifling.

Corn buoyant; sales trifling; mixed Western $1,05; Yellow Jersey $1,03½.

Oats firmer; sales Southern and Jersey 37c @41c. Northern and Western 43c @ 45c.

Pork quiet; sales small; Mess $15,20; Prime $10,80 @ $10,85.

Lard quiet; sales small, at 11c @ 11½c.

Stocks were moderately active and rather better, but left off dull and heavy.

Money and Exchange are without change.

UNIVERSITAS COLLEGII McGILL MONTE REGIO

University of McGill College.

Session---1859-'60.

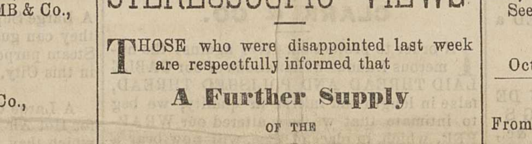
THE COURSES in CIVIL ENGINEERING and PHYSICAL and NATURAL SCIENCES, accessible to special and occasional Students, will commence as follows:—

Civil Engineering, Monday, Nov. 7, at 1, P.M.
Natural Philosophy, Tuesday, Nov. 8, at 11, A.M.
Zoology, Monday, Nov. 7, at 4, P.M.
Botany, Tuesday, Nov. 8, at 4, P.M.
Geology and Minerology, Tuesday, Nov. 8, at 3, P.M.
Practical Natural History, Monday, Nov. 7, at 3, P.M.
Agricultural Chemistry, Wednesday, Nov. 9, at 4, P.M.

Tickets may be obtained at the Office, Burnside Hall.

W. C. BAYNES, B.A.,
Secretary.

Oct. 22. db 252



STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS

THOSE who were disappointed last week are respectfully informed that

A Further Supply

OF THE

Beautiful Colored Groups

AT

Three Dollars per Dozen,

Have been received at

A. HOFFNUNG'S,
Jewellery and Electro-Plate Warehouse,
170 Notre Dame Street,
Opposite Mr. T. Mussen's.

October 22. 252

JAMES JOHNSTON & CO.

WOULD respectfully inform their Customers and the Trade generally, that they have

REMOVED

From St. Paul Street

TO THE

NEW BUILDING,

NO. 42 ST. PETER STREET,

Corner of Recollet Street, and are now receiving and opening their

FALL STOCK,

Comprising the newest styles in all descriptions of

Fancy Dry Goods,

with a very extensive assortment in every department.

—Also,—

A large and well-assorted Stock of

Heavy Staple Cotton and Woollen GOODS.

to which they would solicit the inspection of Town and Country buyers.

Oct. 22. 252

VALUABLE

BUILDING LOTS.

BY PRIVATE SALE,

On St. Gabriel Farm,

Priests' Farm, near the Mountain,

On Woodland or Gregrry Farm.

APPLY AT THE SEMINARY.

JOSEPH COMPTE, PTRE.,
Procr. du Seminaire.

October 22. e s-252

NEW BOOK,

BY THE AUTHOR OF

"GUY LIVINGSTONE."

B. DAWSON & SON have just received—Sword and Gown, by the Author of "Guy Livingstone."

—ALSO,—

Sparks from a Locomotive, by the Author of Belle; Britain's Letters, British Novelists and their Styles, by David Masson, M.A.; A Life for Life, by the Author of John Halifax, gent, cloth and paper; Harry Lee, or Hope for the Poor; The Student's Home; Mary Lee, by Kate Livermore; Out of the Depths; A Story of Woman's Wrongs; Notes on the Acts of the Apostles, by W. Jacobus; Paul the Preacher, by John Eadie, D.D.; Magdala of Bethany, by Rev. S. C. Malan; Life in Jesus, a Memoir of Mrs. Mary Winslow, by her Son; Memoirs of James Wilson, Esq., F.R.S.E., of Woodville, by James Hamilton, D.D.; Notes of a Clerical Furlough, by Robert Buchanan, D.D.; The Book of the American Chess Congress, by D. W. Fiske, M.A.; Almost a Heroine, by the Author of Charles Auchester; The Logic of Political Economy, by Thomas DeQuincy; Adam Bede, by George Elliott.

For Sale at
No. 23 Great St. James' Street.

October 22. 252

Application to Parliament.

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, that application will be made to the Provincial Parliament of Canada, at its next Session, for an Act to incorporate "*LA COMPAGNIE DE NAVIGATION DE LA RIVE NORD DU ST. LAURENT.*"

Oct. 22. 2m trs 252

SPECIAL NOTICE.

AUGUST.—*Health and Comfort.*—The late sudden changes in the temperature, and the incautious use of fruit and vegetables, have for some time past engendered, in many cases, derangement of the stomach and bowels. Thence interruption to the comfort of the rich and the labor of the poor. The cure is easily and cheaply obtainable. A mere quart of Plantagenet Water, price 5 cents, will cure those complaints at the beginning; and a gallon, price 20 cents, at any stage. Persons indulging in luxurious diet, and those who commit excess in drinking, are curable on the same easy terms. Even, in the absence of sickness, Plantagenet Water, taken on an empty stomach early in the morning, secures ease to the stomach, clearness to the head, and comfort to the feelings for the rest of the day. As clear thought and calm feeling are important to the judicious transaction of business, a fortune may be gained or lost by the use or non-use of Plantagenet Water.

M. D.

Montreal, Aug. 11, 1859. 190

Business Notices.

PAIN-KILLER.

The call for Perry Davis' Pain-Killer is increasing so very rapidly that I fear I shall soon be unable to keep pace with it. My object in writing now is to beg that, on receipt of this, you will kindly despatch another shipment, as ordered in my letter of June last.

J. L. CARRAU, Calcutta, E. I.

Mr. Perry Davis,—Sir—I have used, in my family, your medicine called "Pain-Killer," for many purposes, and have found it a very useful and valuable article. I, therefore, very cheerfully recommend it to the public regards.

REV. HENRY CLARK.

Sometime in December last, my children were taken down with scarlet fever, or canker rash—my only medicine was Davis' Pain-Killer and Castor Oil, the Pain-Killer operating to a charm in cutting the canker, and throwing out the rash, so that in about five weeks my family were entirely recovered.

CORNELIUS G. VANDENBURG,
Saratoga Springs.

Having used Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain-Killer in my family during the winter past, I would urge its general use for the purposes for which the inventor has recommended it. I think it invaluable, and would not like to be deprived of its advantages.

247 du E. G. POMROY, St. Louis.

THE MAGIC LOTION is the strongest PAIN KILLER in the world. It will stop pain in the back, shoulders, joints in 25 minutes; it will cure rheumatism, restoring the carbon, and strengthening the spine and joints; it will cure neuralgia pain in 15 minutes; it will stop the toothache in 3 minutes; it will stop the headache in 10 minutes—it is the best article for headache in the world. See testimonials at the Druggists, where it can be obtained.

Sold in Montreal by Lymans, Savage & Co., wholesale and retail; also sold by Richard Birks and S. J. Lyman & Co., and recommended by scores in this city. Sold in the Eastern Townships and the United States. Compounded by Dr. E. C. Bowker, Boston. 1y s-218

"A STITCH IN TIME" is often as good as a hint in time, which, according to an old adage, is a clear saving of nine hundred per cent., or, at least, a preventation of loss to that amount. The public will please take notice of the fact, that we are constantly making up garments of every conceivable thickness and texture worn, and

FREE OF CHARGE.

This we do by way of testing the capacity and simple mechanism of this latest invention in

SEWING MACHINES.

No ripping, though every fourth stitch be cut. The ability of this Machine to withstand any wear and tear surprises every body, more especially those who *have*, or, if you please, *have not*, supposed that a good, reliable Sewing Machine can be constructed and sold at

$40.

☞ OBSERVE—Our low price is obtained by the simple mechanism of our invention, and *not* by using poor materials. We use none but the finest English steel, which all may know by examination.

These Machines can be taken apart and re-adjusted by the most inexperienced person or servant, after a few lessons from us.

No charge for instructions, whether a Machine is purchased or not. The finest lawn or the coarsest bagging sewed on one and the same Machine. All Machines warranted to suit, or money returned.

See advertisement in another column.

SCOVEL & GOODELL,
73 Great St. James Street.

October 5. 1m-237

AUTHORITATIVE EVIDENCE.

From Dr. Winslow Lewis, one of the most eminent Physicians of Boston.

BOSTON, Feb. 15, 1847.

Mr. Wm. Bogle: Sir,—The preparation invented by you for the hair has been extensively used in my family for some time, and they give it the decided preference over all other compositions of the kind.

It invigorates and beautifies the hair, and clears the skin of all impurities, without producing any ultimate deleterious effects, which are so frequently the result of many well known patented compounds.

Having been thoroughly tested, and its reputation fairly established as the best article known for the human hair, it may be superfluous, still I cannot resist the opportunity to add to others the name of your obedient servant,

247-m mwf D&C WINSLOW LEWIS, JR.

CUT THIS OUT AND SAVE IT.

THE subscriber has in course of construction a number of FAMILY SEWING MACHINES, the same as Wheeler & Wilson's patent, which he intends to sell cheaper than any that has been sold heretofore in Canada. All who intend to supply themselves with a good cheap Machine, will find it to their advantage to defer their purchases for a few weeks until these Machines are completed. In price and quality they will have no parallel, *as the subscriber intends to be governed by quick sales and light profits.*

WAIT FOR THE BARGAINS.

E. J. NAGLE,
Sewing Machine Manufacturer,
265 Notre Dame Street.

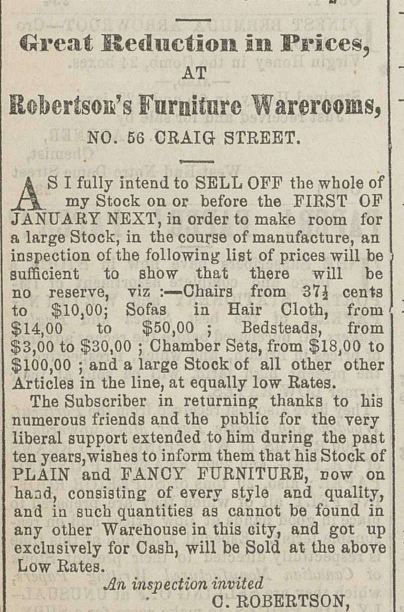
Sept. 19. 223

BOGLE'S CELEBRATED HYPERION FLUID permeates to the cellular tissue of the cuticle, and instantly forces the hair and moustaches to grow. It cures scurf and all diseases of the skin, and is the most beautiful embellisher of the hair to be found. Price 25 50, and 75 cents per bottle.

BOGLE'S AMERICAN ELECTRIC HAIR DYE magically changes unsightly hair into a beautiful black or brown, without staining the skin. Price 50 cents, $1, and $1,50 per box.

To be had of the inventor WM. BOGLE, an agents throughout the world.

BOGLE'S HEBEAIONA, or BALM OF CYTHEREA, is unrivalled for beautifying the complexion and eradicating tan and pimples.—Price 50 cents per bottle



To Parties About to Marry.

Great Reduction in Prices,

AT

Robertson's Furniture Warerooms,

NO. 56 CRAIG STREET.

AS I fully intend to SELL OFF the whole of my Stock on or before the FIRST OF JANUARY NEXT, in order to make room for a large Stock, in the course of manufacture, an inspection of the following list of prices will be sufficient to show that there will be no reserve, viz:—Chairs from 37½ cents to $10,00; Sofas in Hair Cloth, from $14,00 to $50,00; Bedsteads, from $3,00 to $30,00; Chamber Sets, from $18,00 to $100,00; and a large Stock of all other other Articles in the line, at equally low Rates.

The Subscriber in returning thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the very liberal support extended to him during the past ten years, wishes to inform them that his Stock of PLAIN and FANCY FURNITURE, now on hand, consisting of every style and quality, and in such quantities as cannot be found in any other Warehouse in this city, and got up exclusively for Cash, will be Sold at the above Low Rates.

An inspection invited

C. ROBERTSON,
No. 56 Craig Street.

October 22, 1859. 252.

NOTICE.—I will not be accountable for any debts contracted by any person belonging to my Family.

JOHN HICKS.

Chatham, October 22, 1859. m-251

Auction Sales,

BY AULD & CO

DAMAGED GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS WILL SELL,

At the Stores of

MR. THOMAS MAY,

No. 246 St. Paul Street,

On Monday, the 24th of October,

On Account of Underwriters and Others Concerned,

R D W
526 —1 case Embroidery Chenille

Damaged on Voyage of Importation, ex S. S. "North Briton."

Sale at TEN o'clock.

251 AULD & CO.

ST. PAUL STREET SALE ROOMS.

LARGE SALE OF

FALL DRY GOODS,

FURS,

WADDING AND BATTING.

The Subscribers will Sell,

BY AUCTION,

AT THEIR ROOMS,

No. 317 Saint Paul Street,

ON MONDAY, THE 24TH OCTOBER,

A Large and General Assortment of

Fall & Winter Dry Goods

FURS,

WADDING AND BATTING,

&c., &c., &c.

THE WHOLE WITHOUT RESERVE.

Sale at TWO o'clock.

251 AULD & CO.

This Evening.

IMPORTANT SALE

OF

Ready-Made Clothing,

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

CLOCKS, GLASSWARE,

Oil Paintings, &c.

THE Subscriber will Sell, by Auction, on the premises, No. 161 Notre Dame Street,

On Saturday, October 22,

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF THE ABOVE GOODS,

COMPRISING IN PART:

Cobourgs, Orleans, Flannels
Dress Goods, Satins, Fur Caps
Over, Dress, Frock and Office Coats
Cassimere, Doeskins, and Fancy Pants
Vests of all kinds, Flannel Shirts, Drawers and Hosiery
Grey, White and Stripped Cottons
24 hour and 8 day Clocks, of all kinds
Tumblers, Dishes, Salts, Fruit Dishes, &c
Oil Paintings and Engravings

To be Sold

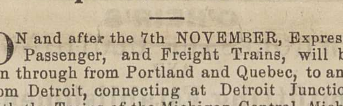
WITHOUT RESERVE.

Sale continued each Evening till the whole Stock is Sold.

Sale at SEVEN o'clock. Terms CASH.

C. J. HOUGHTON,

251-m Auctioneer.



Grand Trunk Railway.

Completion of the Line.

ON and after the 7th NOVEMBER, Express, Passenger, and Freight Trains, will be run through from Portland and Quebec, to and from Detroit, connecting at Detroit Junction with the Trains of the Michigan Central, Michigan Southern, and Detroit and Milwaukie Railways.

The completion of the Victoria Bridge, before the close of navigation, will prevent any interruptions to the traffic, and will enable Freight to be sent through to or from St. Louis, Cincinnati, and Chicago, with *but one Transhipment.*

At Sarnia the Company have erected extensive Freight Warehouses, and are now prepared to receive Flour and other rolling Freight intended to go Eastward by Railway, and Store the same, for a reasonable time, free of charge.

H. BAILEY,
Assistant General Manager.

Montreal, Oct, 20, 1859. r 251

FOR SALE,

MARBLE MANTLES,

At Mavor & Morgan's,

AMERICAN GRATES,

At Mavor & Morgan's.

MONUMENTS, TOMBS,

Italian and American Marble

ARTISTICALLY SCULPTURED

At Mavor & Morgan's.

AND PLAIN AND CHASTE,

At Mavor & Morgan's,

Table and Counter Tops

At Mavor & Morgan's,

☞ Prices at or under cost of importation. No risk to purchasers, and every article the best of its class.

MONTREAL MARBLE WORKS, } Late
Corner Craig & Peter Sts. } W. C. Hyatt & Co.

MAVOR & MORGAN.

N.B.—MARBLE HEARTHS cheap as Lime-stone.

October 21. 251

NOTICE.

CANADIAN BUILDING SOCIETY

OF

MONTREAL.

ALL PERSONS indebted towards the Company are requested to call and settle their Accounts without fail, from and after the 15th instant.

By order,
J. L. BRAULT,
Secy.-Treas.

Montreal, Oct. 8, 1859. r tts-240

CARGO

OF

Brigantine "Zillah."

147 Hhds Bright Muscovado Sugar
100 Hhds Choice Retailling Molasses
100 Brls do do do

For Sale by
JOSEPH TIFFIN.

Sept. 28. 231

FOR SALE.

Barrels WHITE FISH
Half do do
Barrels FAT LABRADOR HERRINGS,

By
McLENNAN & KYLE,
Young's Buildings.

October 21. 251

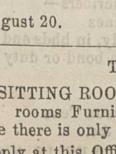
WOOD! WOOD!! WOOD!!!

A PRIME lot of UPPER CANADA MAPLE for Sale Cheap. All descriptions of FIREWOOD continually on hand.

JNO. F. WARNER,
Haymarket Square,
Opposite Bonaventure Building.

September 17. du-ts-222

Warehouse to Let.



THOSE Extensive Premises on Common Street, lately occupied by Messrs. J. & J. MITCHELL, adjoining Messrs. Haviland Routh & Co. Possession given immediately. Apply to

WM. MUIR,
At Muir, Ewan & Co

August 20. tts-198

TO LET,

A SITTING ROOM and One or Two Bedrooms Furnished, in a healthy locality, where there is only a small family.

Apply at this Office.

October 21. 251

Auction Sales.

BY J. C. SHIPWAY.

AUCTION SALE.

SUGARS, MOLASSES, OILS,

ENGLISH TEAS,

TOBACCOS,

&c., &c.

On MONDAY, the 24th instant,

WILL BE OFFERED,

At the Stores of

Messrs. D. MASSON & CO.,

Puncheons Muscovado Molasses
Hhds Bright Porto Rico Sugar
Do do Cuba do
Blundell, Spence & Co's L S Oil, in qr-casks
Bleached Whale Oil, do
DeKuyper Anchor Brand Gin, hhds
Do do do cases
Bi Carb. Soda
Copperas
Teas—Twankay, Gunpowder, Souchong, &c
Tobacco
Madras Indigo, Spices, Coffee, &c., &c.

Sale at TWO o'clock.

J. G. SHIPWAY,

252 Auctioneer.

EXTENSIVE SALE

OF

FRESH TEAS,

FRUIT
SUGAR
MOLASSES
RICE
SPICES
CANDLES
TOBACCO
LONDON PORTER
BORDEAUX VINEGAR
ENGLISH CHEESE
WINES
LIQUORS
PAINTS
OILS

&c., &c., &c.,

AT THE STORES OF

Messrs. HAVILLAND ROUTH & CO.

ON

SATURDAY MORNING, 29TH INSTANT.

Particulars in a future advertisement.

Sale at NINE o'clock.

J. G. SHIPWAY,

242 Auctioneer.

BY BROWN & CO.

THIS EVENING

MONDAY, OCT. 10,

AND FOLLOWING EVENINGS

AT THE

GENERAL SALES-ROOM,

179 Notre Dame Street,

WILL BE SOLD,

WITHOUT RESERVE,

A Large Consignment of

Fancy and Staple Fall Goods,

Consisting of

CLOTHS, DOESKINS, TWEEDS, LUSTRES CALICOES, LINEN GOODS, HOISERY, SMALL WARES, &c.

Also,

A large and well selected LIBRARY of VALUABLE BOOKS, bound in a superior manner.

Several Valuable GOLD and SILVER WATCHES.

Together with an Assortment of Jewellery and other Fancy Articles, Choice Oil Paintings, Handsome Fancy Clocks, Sewing Machines.

And,

Invoices of Hardware, Cutlery, &c., Men's, Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes.

Sale at SEVEN o'clock.

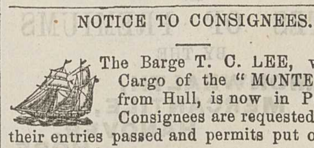
BROWN & CO.,

242 Auctioneers.

MAXWELL'S FREIGHT LINE.

FOR

KINGSTON, COBOURG, PORT HOPE, BOND HEAD, DARLINGTON, OSHAWA, WHITBY, TORONTO, OAKVILLE, HAMILMON AND ST. CATHARINES.



THE NEW FIRST-CLASS PROPELLER

"WEST,"

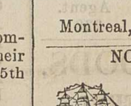
CAPT. KERR,

WILL be ready to receive Cargo for the above Ports on THURSDAY, the 20th instant, and will leave the Upper Canal Basin, No. 59, on SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, at SIX, P.M.

For Freight, apply to
THOS. MAXWELL,
Agent.

October 17. 247

FOR CHARTER.

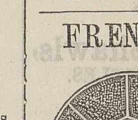


THE A. I. Barque [440 tons] WARBERTON, will accept a charter to any safe port in the United Kingdom.

Apply to
W. D. B. JANES,
No. 61 Commissioners Street.

Oct. 22. r-252

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

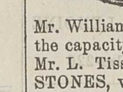


The Barge T. C. LEE, with the Cargo of the "MONTEZUMA," from Hull, is now in Port, and Consignees are requested to have their entries passed and permits put on Board without delay.

G. & D. SHAW,
Agents.

October 21. u-251

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

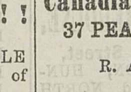


THE Ship "TORONTO," Capt. BROWN, from Liverpool, is entered inwards at the Custom House. Consignees will please pass their Entries without delay.

EDMONSTONE, ALLAN & CO.

Montreal, 21st Oct., 1859. b-251

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.



The Ship MINNESOTA, HENRY FLINN, Master, from Liverpool, is entered inwards at the Custom House. Consignees will please pass their Entries without delay.

ANDREW SHAW.

October 21. m-251

FRENCH MILL STONES

IMPORTED AND MANUFACTURED WITH DESPATCH.

Mr. LOUIS TISSIER, Mill Stone Manufacturer, from France, begs to inform Flour-Mill owners that he takes Orders heretofore executed by the late Mr. William Burry, for whom he has acted in the capacity of Foreman during three years. Mr. L. Tissier has on hand TWELVE MILL STONES, which he can warrant to be of the best kind and manufacture. Enquire at 137 and 216 St. Joseph Street.

Oct. 11. 3m 242

Canadian Millers' & Grain Depot,

37 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

R. A. GOODENOUGH, BROKER.

Cash Capital, $400,000.

FLOUR can now be laid down in New York at Montreal rates, and 30 cents per barrel less than Boston, from all the Western Ports, making New York the best market for Canada Flour, as freights and insurance seaward can be had at all seasons at less rates than any other point. For many years past, Canada brands of Flour have been used by "American Millers" upon inferior Flour. This year, as the wheat is generally good, this counterfeiting will not be so extensively done; with care, Canada Flour will command full prices in the New York Market, both for export and consumption. Commissions charged in proportion to risks taken.

Twenty-five years experience as Broker warrants the Subscriber in assuming that he understands the wants of the trade, and will give it his personal attention.

☞ Orders from Wholesale Grocers promptly executed.

OFFICE......37 Pearl Street, New York.

R. A. GOODENOUGH.

Oct. 19. 1m 249

Auction Sales.

BY C. F. HILL & CO.

SALE

OF

VALUABLE

MAHOGANY AND ROSEWOOD

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

SILVER PLATE & PLATED WARE,

Rosewood Pianoforte,

PIER GLASSES,

Horses, Sleighs, Robes,

HARNESS, SADDLERY,

&c., &c., &c.

ON TUESDAY, 25TH INSTANT,

THE SUBSCRIBERS WILL SELL,

By order of

Captain Cunynghame,

At his Residence,

DALHOUSIE SQUARE,

The whole of his Valuable

Household Furniture and Effects,

Comprising:

Handsome Set of Drawing Room Furniture, Carpets, Pier Glass, Curtains, Engravings, China and Glassware, Mahogany Dining Tables, Sideboards, Tables, Butler's Tray, Time Piece, Fender and Fire Irons, &c.

SILVER:

About 200 oz. of Silver
H Handsome Set of Silver-Edged Side Dishes, Dish Covers, Epergne.

Bed Room Furniture,

Comprising Iron and Black Walnut Bedsteads, Beds and Bedding, &c.

—ALSO,—

A Superior Rosewood Semi-Grand Pianoforte, by Chickering—cost $700.

A Valuable Blood Horse—a good Hunter.

—AND,—

Cooking, Single and other Stoves, Kitchen Utensils, &c.

—LIKEWISE,—

Double and Single Sleighs, Harness, Saddlery, &c.

Sale at TEN o'clock.

C. F. HILL & CO.,

245 Auctioneers.

MONTREAL FIRE-PROOF SAFE FACTORY.

[*From the Halifax Sun.*]

(Communicated.)

SAFES.—After the fire it is natural for persons to enquire which is the best Safe, in order to protect their property against loss by future accidents. I have, therefore, taken the trouble to examine many of those which have been so effectually tried in the late conflagration, the result of which I submit, as follows:—The Messrs. Duffus had a brick vault, in which was an old-fashioned English Safe; this stood the test well, the papers being uninjured. Another of the same kind in Mr. Will's building appeared perfectly useless. The Messrs. Duffus had also a "Milner," [the same description, I believe, that was imported for the Province some years ago] in which the papers were completely destroyed. Mr. Billing and Mr. Chipman had each "Wilder's," of Boston,—the former was completely destroyed, with its contents, and the latter partially so, the papers being much damaged, but some cloth goods which were in it were partially burnt. Messrs. Creighton & Wiswell had a "Milner," which was completely broken to pieces by falling into the cellar [a distance of some seven feet.] Messrs. J. B. Bennet & Co. had a "Denio & Roberts," Boston, which was completely destroyed. Mr. W. G. Coombs had one manufactured by Edwards, Fernald & Kershaw, Boston, which was subjected to a very severe test, having been under the heated bricks and burning timber one hundred and eight hours, the papers, as well as a sum of money in Bank bills, were uninjured, the veneering on the front of the drawers only having started, owing to the dampness softening the glue. It was opened with the key as easily as before the fire, having what is called a "powder proof lock," which has no springs,—the other Safes had all to be broken open. I also understand that one of the same kind was in the store of Messrs. Campbell & Co., Baddock, C.B., at the time of their fire, and that all their papers, books, &c., were saved.

EDWARDS, FERNALD & KERSHAW

HAVING been established in Boston, more than twenty years, in the manufacturing of FIRE-PROOF SAFES and all kinds of BANK SECURITIES; such as Iron Doors, Vaults, Burglar's Steel Lined Chests, and Patent Bank Locks—flatter themselves that they can say what no other manufacturer can. That, during the above period, they have made over ten thousand Safes, and had upwards of two hundred pass through accidental fires with their contents uninjured, neither has there ever been a dollar lost in consequence of the lock being picked or blown open by powder.

The above named firm have leased the premises formerly occupied by EDMONSTONE, ALLAN & CO, 82 ST. FRANÇOIS XAVIER STREET, North of Post Office, and fitted them up with the most approved machinery for the manufacturing and carrying on of the above business in all its branches, which will be superintended by R. Kershaw, one of the firm, and, by a strict personal attention given to all articles while being made, and employing none but the best of workmen, the public can rely upon getting what they need, a perfect security against fire and rogues, as can be found in the world. They will keep constantly on hand the largest assortment of FIRE-PROOF SAFES to be found in Canada—comprising every variety and style made, with special reference to Banks, Insurance Offices, Jewellers, Counting-Houses, Churches and Private Dwellings, highly finished and ornamented for Plate, &c.

R. KERSHAW & CO.

October. 18. r-248

Steamship "North-Briton."

WE have just opened, by the above vessel, a fine assortment of SCOTCH and ENGLISH WOOLLENS, consisting in part of

Shetland Shirts and Pants
Heavy Scotch do do
Men's Life Preservers
Cardigan Jackets
Wool Scarfs
Hosiery, Gloves
Ladies' Under Dresses, &c., &c.

A Large Stock of FANCY FLANNEL and WHITE DRESS SHIRTS always on hand.

KEMP & CO.,
212 Notre Dame Street,
(Second door East of the French Church.)

October 21. 251

Notice to Ploughmen.

THE PLOUGHING MATCH advertised to take place under the direction of the Hochelaga Agricultural Society, on the Farm of Mr. HUGH BRODIE, at Riviere St. Pierre, on Thursday, the 20th instant, has unavoidably (owing to the state of the ground) been POSTPONED until THURSDAY following, the 27th instant. Prizes and conditions same as already published.

By Order,
JAS. SMITH,
Sec.-Tres.

October 17. 247

Best Grate Coal.

A SMALL CONSIGNMENT of NEW-CASTLE GRATE COALS, if applied for immediately, will be sold cheap, in lots to suit purchasers.

J. HENRY EVANS.

October 5. 237

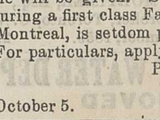
Swedes Iron.

FOR SALE—
36 TONS, well assorted.

J. HENRY EVANS.

October 5. 237

For Sale.



AN EXCELLENT FARM, of 60 acres, situated on the Bank of the River St. Lawrence, well fenced and watered, with a good Stone House, Barn, Stable, Coach House, and other Outbuildings thereon erected, within a mile and a half of the Village of Laprairie.

The whole Land, with the exception of a small Grove of Oak and Ash Trees, is arable, and in first rate condition. The Buildings have recently been put in a thorough state of repair, and are equal to new. An unexceptionable Title will be given. Such an opportunity for securing a first class Farm in the neighborhood of Montreal, is setdom presented.

For particulars, apply to
PATRICK WHITE,
Longueuil.

October 5. 1m-237

LOST,

BETWEEN the Post Office and St. Vincent Street, a Grey Silk Purse, with the two ends [red] worked with steel heads, containing about $20 or $20½, in notes of different Banks, among which will be found some of the Ontario and of Molson's Banks, with $1 or $1½ in silver. Whoever will bring it to the *Herald* Office, will be handsomely rewarded.

Oct. 21. u 251

LOST,

IN the vicinity of the Bonsecour Market, a PURSE, containing £19, the property of a poor widow woman. The finder will be handsomely rewarded by handing it in to this Office.

Oct. 20. m 250