

## MONTREAL COMMEMORATES THE SERVICE OF CANADIAN HEROES WHO FELL IN SOUTH AFRICA

Strathcona Memorial Will be Unveiled To-day by His Excellency the Administrator—Military Ceremony Will be Imposing.

To commemorate the deeds of those Canadians whose lives paid tribute to their loyalty and devotion to the Empire, lives given in the hour of need, such need as required of the services of the greatest British army ever sent across the seas, Montreal will to-day publicly and with due ceremony set up a memorial to remind citizens of the part Canada played in the South African tragedy.

The Strathcona and South African memorial in Dominion square will be unveiled to-day at 11 o'clock. This will supply a concrete form of respect and admiration of the work performed by the dead heroes. It is Montreal's tribute, given by the citizens, but not intended to be merely local in association, but with all consideration for the fact that those who went to South Africa from Canada were Canadians in the fullest meaning of the word, men recruited from the Pacific to the Atlantic, from the boundary line to the edge of the desert north.

The ceremonies will be participated in alike by representatives of the civil and military administrations, and will be comprehensively covered by the military service will be furnished by the Montreal Garrison. His Excellency the Administrator, Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, will perform the actual ceremony of unveiling, acting in the absence of His Excellency, the Governor-General.

MASSED HANDS IN SQUARE. The ceremony of the unveiling will be very impressive. The bands of the local corps will be massed on the square, when the troops give the general salute, the musicians will play "God Save the King."

There will be a firing party of sixty. At the first volley, the massed bands will play the first eight bars of "The Dead March in Saul," after the second volley, the bands will play another eight bars. After the third volley, the combined buglers will sound "Last Post" and "Lights Out."

When this has been done the actual unveiling will take place. This will be marked with general salute, the massed bands playing "God Save the King." When the musicians cease the battery will commence firing a salute of twenty-one guns, and while this is in progress the massed bands will perform the hymn, "Onward Christian Soldiers."

Then the monument will be formally handed to the care of the Mayor and Corporation of Montreal.

This monument will serve as a memorial of the men who went to Canada for service during the Boer war, 2,867 in all, foot, horse and infantry. These men were recruited from all parts of the country. The first contingent was a regiment of a thousand men, infantry. This was followed by a second contingent of mounted infantry and a third contingent of field artillery. Later this was followed by a third contingent, Strathcona's Horse, a body of five hundred mounted infantry, the mounting and equipment being the personal gift of Lord Strathcona. The force also included a detail recruited to fill the gaps made by death and sickness.

THREE CONTINGENTS SENT. It was on October 14, 1899 that the orders were issued announcing the authorization for the enrollment of an infantry regiment of eight companies of 1,000 men. The first battalion was mobilized at Quebec, on Oct. 23, 1899, and sailed in the steamship "Sardinian" for Capetown, on Oct. 30, at 3.30 p.m. On the morning of the 30th, the battalion was inspected by His Excellency the Governor-General, the Earl of Minto, G.C.M.G., and addressed by him, as well as by the Right Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, K.C.M.G., the Hon. J. W. Borden, Minister of Militia, the Worshipful the Mayor of Quebec, and Major-General Hutton, C.B., commanding the militia.

The second contingent was recruited at the end of that year, sailing from Halifax by the Laurentian, January 20th, 1900. This force was made up of one battalion mounted infantry and Batteries D and E, Canadian artillery. On January 27, the Pomernian sailed from Halifax with the second battalion C.M.R., and on February 21st the Milwaukee sailed from the same port with the balance of the Rifles and C Battery artillery.

This was followed by the organization of the Strathcona's Horse which sailed from Halifax on the Monterey on March 16.

The first contingent was hardly an efficient unit when it sailed from Canada, but good good shipboard and the excellence of its officers and the keen spirit of the men, were factors that afterwards brought the regiment to a condition unexcelled throughout the vast field force that was mobilized in South Africa.

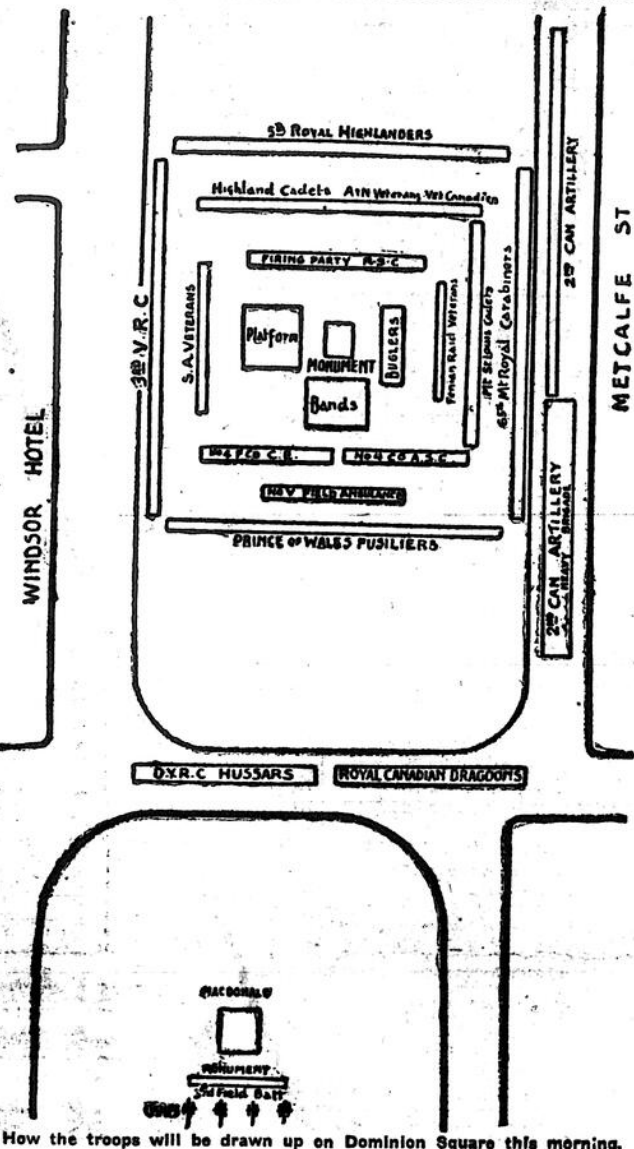
CANADIANS BAPTISM OF BLOOD. The most striking engagement in which the Canadian troops participated was that of Paardeburg, which led to the surrender of Cronje.

The various units performed effective service in the war. The first contingent gained valuable experience by being kept as part of the force to hold the line of communication, and other actions were carried out in active service and also proved useful in policing troublesome districts.

CANADIAN DEATH ROLL. The following is the Middle Department's list of those members of the Canadian special service forces killed in action or otherwise, died from wounds received in action, died from disease, officially reported to Militia headquarters, Ottawa.

Capt. H. E. Arnold, 90th Winnipeg Rifles, wounds received in action. Sergt. W. Root, 5th Regiment, Canadian Artillery, killed in action. Sergt. A. Besette, Queen's Own, enteric fever. Corp. W. S. Brady, 4th Ottawa and Carleton Rifles, wounds received in action. Corp. H. Cotton, Carleton Rifles, killed in action. Corp. R. Goodfellow, 5th Royal Boots of Canada, killed in action. Corp. F. W. Williams, 2nd Regiment Canadian Artillery, killed in action. Corp. B. Whitney, Royal Canadian Artillery, killed in action.

D. Macmillan, enteric fever. Dr. Robert Bradley, "D" Battery, no accident while watering horses. Pte. J. Simmill, pyemia (blood poisoning). Bomb. W. Latimer, E. B. R. C. Pte. H. Holt, 2nd R.C.R. Lance-Corp. A. P. Van Norman, 2nd R.C.R. Lieut. C. R. Harrison, 1st C.M.R. Pte. E. Mullins, 2nd R.C.R. Pte. W. J. Hampton, 1st C.M.R. Lieut. M. G. Blanchard, 2nd R.C.R. Pte. Geo. Leonard, 2nd R.C.R. Pte. W. Frost, 2nd C.M.R. Pte. W. E. Whiteley, 2nd R.C.R. Corp. J. F. Morden, 2nd C.M.R. Pte. R. J. Kerr, 2nd C.M.R. Pte. E. M. Banks, Strathcona. Pte. R. Irwin, 2nd R.C.R. Pte. A. Jenkins, Strathcona. Artificer J. Cooper, 1st C.M.R. Pte. J. W. Duhamel, 2nd R.C.R. Pte. H. B. White, 1st C.M.R. Pte. W. Winyard, 1st C.M.R. Lieut. H. L. Borden, 1st C.M.R. Lieut. J. E. Burch, 1st C.M.R. Pte. W. A. Hull, 1st C.M.R.



How the troops will be drawn up on Dominion Square this morning.

Pte. O. T. Burns, 4th Ottawa and Carleton Rifles, killed in action. Pte. M. C. Chappell, 7th Battalion, tonsillitis. Pte. J. Curphy, enteric fever. Pte. J. Dece, Royal Canadian Artillery, killed in action. Pte. Deslauriers, Princess Louise Dragoon Guards, heart failure. Pte. J. E. Farley, 25th Elgin Battalion, enteric fever. Pte. J. H. Findlay, 35th Simcoe Foresters, killed in action. Pte. H. E. Forrest, 61st Montagny and L'Inlet Battalion, enteric fever. Pte. R. Harrison, 2nd Regiment Canadian Artillery, enteric fever. Pte. J. A. Jackson, 57th Haldisford Rifles, killed in action. Pte. J. M. Johnston, 2nd John Fustlers, killed in action. Pte. J. Johnston, 63rd Halifax Rifles, wounds received in action. Pte. C. Lister, killed in action. Pte. R. E. Lewis, North-West Mounted Police, killed in action. Pte. F. J. Living, 43rd Ottawa and Carleton Rifles, wounds received in action. Pte. McQueen, 8th Royal Rifles, killed in action. Pte. D. L. Moore, Royal Canadian Regiment, enteric fever. Pte. A. E. Zong, 68th Battalion, enteric fever. Pte. D. Liston, 90th Battalion, cause not given. Pte. J. W. Macdonald, 32nd Cumberland Battalion, killed in action. Pte. F. D. Page, Governor-General's Body Guard, killed in action. Pte. J. D. Purcell, Royal Canadian Artillery, enteric fever. Pte. E. S. Purcell, 66th Princess Louise Fusiliers, enteric fever. Pte. W. A. Rigg, Charlottetown Engineer Company, killed in action. Pte. W. J. H. Ross, Dominion Police, enteric fever. Pte. A. Roy, 80th Temiscouata Battalion, wounds received in action. Pte. J. B. Scott, Royal Canadian Regiment of Infantry, killed in action. Pte. J. Stewart, 3rd Cumberland Battalion, wounds received in action. Pte. R. Smith, 28th Middlesex Light Infantry, killed in action. Pte. J. H. Somers, 5th Regiment Canadian Artillery, killed in action. Pte. R. D. Taylor, Charlottetown Engineer Company, killed in action. Pte. C. T. Thomas, Governor-General's Body Guard, wounds received in action. Pte. J. Todd, 5th Regiment Canadian Artillery, killed in action. Pte. F. Wadell, 3rd Victoria Rifles, wounds received in action. Pte. W. White, 21st Fusiliers, killed in action. Pte. H. Barr, 21st Regiment, enteric fever. Pte. E. Ploot, R.C.A., enteric fever. Pte. G. F. Lloyd, 7th Regiment, killed in action. Pte. J. Woolcombe, C.M.R. dysentery. Pte. E. O'Reilly, R.C.A., enteric fever. Pte. H. H. Clements, C.M.R., enteric fever. Pte. D. L. Ramsay, Royal Canadian Dragoons, peritonitis.

Pte. R. Lett, 2nd C.M.R. Pte. W. E. Prie, C. E. R.C.F.A. Pte. W. Haines, 2nd R.C.R. Pte. W. Hayes, 2nd R.C.R. Pte. T. P. Ship, 1st C.M.R. Pte. Wm. Wood, 2nd C.M.R. Pte. A. R. Kingsley, 1st C.M.R. Pte. J. E. Ball, 2nd C.M.R. Pte. J. E. Crook, 1st C.M.R. Pte. F. G. Arnold, Strathcona. Corp. J. R. Taylor, 2nd C.M.R. Pte. R. Cruikshank, Strathcona. Pte. F. Morris, Strathcona. Pte. W. E. Bradley, R.C.F.A. Sergt. A. H. Logan, Strathcona. Sergt. J. Brothers, Strathcona. Pte. J. Jones, Strathcona. Pte. H. G. Higgins, Strathcona. Sergt. P. Clime, 2nd R.C.R. Pte. R. Leacock, 2nd R.C.R. Pte. M. S. Spence, 1st C.M.R. Pte. A. Radcliffe, 1st C.M.R. Pte. G. Farrell, 2nd R.C.R. Pte. A. P. Sing, 1st C.M.R. Pte. R. Leacock, 2nd R.C.R. Pte. G. M. O'Kelly, 2nd C.M.R. Pte. O. Smith, 2nd C.M.R. Pte. E. Davis, Strathcona. Pte. W. E. Davis, S.A.R.C.D. H. S. M. F. Elliott, Strathcona. Pte. E. Marchant, R.C.D. Capt. Chalmers, 1st C. M. R.



The Duke of Abruzzi, the celebrated Italian explorer who will shortly visit Montreal.

Club Teutonia Entertainment. An entertainment of an unusually elaborate nature was presented by the Club Teutonia to their friends last night. It consisted of two parts, a musical and vocal concert, and a play, participated in by members of the club. The result was a complete success. In the first division, Mrs. Marion, Miss L. Berghold, and Mr. H. H. Gerth contributed a vocal solo, and Mr. E. Gerth a piano solo. The club chorus also took a worthy part. The second division was perhaps the more interesting of the two. The play was a farce in one act, entitled "In Zivli," by Gustav Kadelburg. The chief parts were taken by Miss H. Schaffelheit and Messrs. Jos. Dorken, S. Pollitzer, C. Frank and R. F. Schmidt.

## BELL FOUND GUILTY IN TOWNSEND CASE

Prisoner Made Eloquent Appeal to Jury for Life.

"DO I LOOK A MURDERER?"

Money, Said Condemned Man, Would Save Him From Electric Chair.

New York, May 24.—"I am no Harry K. Thaw, but please take me out of here," said the Brooklyn trolley car conductor, on trial for his life, closed an impassioned address to the jury, which three hours later found him guilty of murder in the first degree.

Bell, a young man of mediocre attainments, was happily married a few years ago. A year after the wedding the wife died. Dr. Chas. Wilmet Townsend, a prominent physician of Staten Island, attended her. On the humble stone that marked her grave, Bell caused to be inscribed, "I have renewed my happy love in Heaven." He was inconsolable, and for months his friends he expressed the conviction that his wife did not receive proper medical care.

Dr. Townsend was shot to death in his bed. He had been awakened by an intruder, and exclaimed: "If you are here to rob take what you can find, but do not harm my family or me." The supposed burglar replied: "I want none of your things; I want you," and fired. Mrs. Townsend was the sole witness of the murder.

Letters subsequently written by Bell caused his arrest, and in court his own family, except his father, who was excused, appeared against him.

A half-brother testified that Bell confessed to having killed the physician for revenge.

Bell was the only witness for the defence, and the trial, held at Richmond, was not prolonged. Yesterday afternoon the case was given to the jury, and last night the verdict was returned.

Judge Abbott denied a motion for a new trial, and forthwith sentenced the prisoner to death on the first Monday in July. Bell received the verdict and sentence stoically, and remained cool when his stepmother and his sister fainting. He will be removed to Sing Sing prison a day or two.

The defence had attempted to establish an alibi, and Bell stoutly asserted his innocence. He denied the confession attributed to him by his brother-in-law; said he carried a weapon because he had contemplated suicide, and explained the inscription on his wife's tombstone as a declaration of his love.

Most of the testimony in this case was given by the defendant in speaking to the jury. Judge Abbott, taken somewhat by surprise, assented, and turning to the jury, Bell spoke with considerable feeling.

"Gentlemen," said he, raising his arm dramatically during his speech, "put one of your relatives in my place here. Would you send one of them to the electric chair? The testimony heard? Are you going to send me to the electric chair on such circumstantial evidence? Look at my face. Do you think I look like a murderer?"

Bell then picked a sheet of foolscap from the near-by table. "Gentlemen," he said, "I would divide this paper into three columns. The first column would be headed 'I am guilty,' another 'Guilty,' and the last 'Innocent.' Then I would place the testimony under its proper heading. Most of the testimony in this case would be placed under 'Farcical comedy.' There would be none under 'Guilty,' and my own testimony may be placed under the 'Innocent' column."

In his cell last night, Bell thus commented upon the verdict: "I have been handed a lemon all right, but the fact that this jury has convicted me does not mean that I will go to the electric chair."

Bell's counsel said that he would next week take an appeal from the conviction. He would not say on what grounds he would base his application.

DAUGHTERS OF THE EMPIRE PRIZE. Special to The Montreal Star. Fredericton, N.B., May 24.—Empire Day was observed in the public and high schools yesterday. The chief feature of the day was the playing of the National Anthem by the children of the schools. The presentation of the Daughters of the Empire prize of \$5 in gold for the best essay on "The Life and Times of Wilmet," which was won by Earl Reynolds MacNutt, and a scholarly address by Mayor McLeod, urging children always to keep patriotic sentiments before them.

Master MacNutt was made by Chancellor Jones. Judge Wilson also addressed the scholars having been one of the judges of the essays. Mayor McLeod paid a fitting tribute to the work of Dr. George R. Parkin, in the interests of Imperial federation, a dream which he would be realized. His Worship attended the collegiate school when Dr. Parkin was principal.

SONGS AND ADDRESSES AT QUEBEC. Special to The Montreal Star. Quebec, May 24.—Empire Day was joyfully celebrated here in different schools. Patriotic songs and addresses were given.

ADDRESSES ON PATRIOTISM. Belleville, Ont., May 24.—Empire Day was celebrated at the schools. Patriotic programmes were given, and addresses on patriotism delivered by prominent citizens.

Tunnel Company in Trouble. New York, May 24.—T. T. T. Tunnel Wells, a lawyer, was appointed receiver of the New York Tunnel Company, which is constructing a tunnel under the East River from the Battery to Brooklyn. It is alleged that the company owes more than \$100,000, and that courts have been instituted to recover debts from the concern, which is capitalized at \$250,000.

Reformed Episcopal Church Synod. Belleville, Ont., May 24.—The Synod of the Reformed Episcopal Church in Canada convened in the city last night and will last all day to-day. Bishop Fallon, of Chicago, is the presiding officer, and clerical and lay delegates are present from Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, Sussex, N.B., and other places.

Seven Freight Cars Destroyed. Mount Olive, Ill., May 24.—The Washington accommodation train from St. Louis ran into an open switch yesterday, and demolished seven freight cars standing on the switch. Four trainmen, and one passenger were slightly injured.

Increases Fares 40 Per Cent. Philadelphia, Pa., May 24.—As a result, it is asserted, of the recent two-cent fare law, the Philadelphia and Reading announces an increase of its suburban fares, in some cases reaching 40 per cent.

It seems certain that the whole of central Asia is, like central Africa, getting steadily more and more lawless. The last few years have completely disappeared within the last few years.

## HE GATHERED KNIVES, THEN LOST LIBERTY

Patrolman Key-note of Celebrations—Tributes to Great Men of the Past.

Special to The Montreal Star.

Ottawa, May 24.—In all the schools of the city Empire Day was celebrated, the singing of patriotic songs, with a careful resume of the growth and development of the Empire being the main features. During the course of the morning, with due ceremony, the flag was raised on all the schools, the children saluting and singing "God Save the King."

Through the courtesy of the Educational Department all pupils in the city were given sheets with humorous imperial, historical, commercial and artistic data, set forth in attractive style. The papers will be preserved by the children. In the smaller classes, the children were instructed in flag-making and told stories of the Empire.

Empire Day was specially recognized at the Normal schools by a large gathering of the pupils, and many of the parents in the Assembly Hall. Father and mother were present with the children, and Dr. White, Dr. Sinclair, Mr. Putnam, Mr. Sullivan and Mr. Jones gave addresses.

PARADE IN TORONTO. Toronto, May 24.—Three thousand pupils of Toronto's public schools paraded from the armories to Queen's Park in honor of Empire Day. The Public School Corps, 400 strong, turned out in full force, headed by the Cadets' band.

At the band stand in the park the pupils formed up, and the Premier, Mr. Frye and Prof. Clark addressed them on the subject of the greatness of the British Empire, and Canadian loyalty.

The trustees of the Board of Education at the various monuments scattered throughout the city, received from the hands of the children the floral tributes to the memory of the great men of the past.

ALLAN HAD COLLECTION OF POCKET CUTLERY WHEN FOUND BY CONSTABLE AT BROTHER'S WINDOW. Richard Allan proved to be a modest burglar. He might have had many things, yet of a big stock at his disposal he chose seventeen pocket knives. Why knives, and why seventeen, is Richard's affair, but when the court will have resumed after to-day's holiday, the administrator of the law will have to be satisfied, failing which there is trouble in store from that source.

Allan had but recently landed from Toronto, and was readily attracted by the glitter of the wares so temptingly displayed by St. Lawrence street merchants. The good citizens of the city having retired to rest in preparation for a day of marketing, Allan had the thoroughfare almost to himself; almost he was advised, because Richard was not altogether alone, as after events clearly proved. In the quiet period when the clock was sleepily turning two of this morning's clock, Allan found himself in front of the shop of Wilson & Co., at the corner of Dorchester and St. Lawrence streets. His method of getting in was through the plate glass side window proved efficacious, and left an opening for closer acquaintance with the stock. Allan evidently had a weakness for knives, so he gathered in a collection of pocket cutlery. Having secured enough to fill his pockets, Allan turned to leave the scene of his early morning labors. He turned all right, but failed to perform a satisfactory get-away, landing into the arms of Special Constable Finnel, who seized him.

Allan was sent to No. 4 Station, being given a ride in the patrol wagon. At the station he gave his name as Richard Allan, of Montreal, and his information that he was recently from Toronto. The man is 29 years of age, and well dressed.

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ITALIANS FLED FROM POLICE SEARCH. Three Italians sought for in St. Anne's district have fled from the locality and officers who went there to arrest them had an unsuccessful journey. The trio of Italians were wanted in connection with the attempted murder of Alexander Pavia. This man told a story to the effect that while living in the village he decided to admit two of his countrymen—Alexander Balzano, alias Tommaso Farnella and Domenico Valente—as boarders. According to the complainant's account, it was not long before the woman transferred her affections from him to the newcomers, and unpleasant relations followed. Pavia decided that the best thing for him to do would be to leave the house, but he did not want to abandon his furniture without being paid for it by the usurpers.

On Wednesday night, while trying to make a bargain in this respect, he came to blows with the two men, one of whom stabbed him three times in the back. Pavia says that he drew a revolver with which to defend himself, but that the woman wrenching it from him, handed it to one of his assailants, who struck him on the forehead with the butt end of the weapon. Wounded, Pavia was thrown out. High Constable St. Mary, Deputy High Constable Lambert and Constable Levesque left last night for St. Anne, but on arriving they found the house which Pavia had abandoned locked up, and inquiries from neighbors elicited the information that the three inmates had left for the city. The officers returned to Montreal late last night.

LIQUIDATORS APPOINTED. — In the Probate Court, Mr. Justice Fortin has granted an order appointing Messrs. Wilks & Michaud, liquidators of the insolvent estate of the late Bolivar Collins Co., Limited, of Canada. Messrs. James Perre and Douglas Armour were appointed inspectors.

OFFICERS ELECTED. — At the semi-annual meeting of the King Edward Benefit Association, held at 54 St. Lawrence Boulevard, the following were elected officers for the ensuing term: President, Harry Kronenberg; vice-president, Max Brueker; financial secretary, Sam Stakoff; recording secretary, Nathan Ashkieson; treasurer, H. Held; trustees, M. Levinsky, H. Orstein, M. Bloomberg; marshal, L. Brueker; inside guard, L. Brueker.

CHICAGO, May 24.—Five men were killed, and at least a dozen are in a serious condition, by the explosion of an ammonia tank in one of Armour & Company's warehouses. The building was full of workers, and the deadly fumes, escaping from under high pressure, penetrated through every department in the building in such a short time that many of the men were overcome. It was not until six hours after the explosion that the first body was recovered.

CONCEDE DEMANDS OF MEN. Buffalo, May 24.—The strike of the side freight handlers at the docks was practically ended last night, when Western Transit Company conceded the men an advance of three cents an hour to the twenty-cent scale for which the men struck. Over 700 of the strikers came from the Western Transit shed, and it was said the other companies involved would meet the advance.

DEATHS REPORTED. BONAVENTURE, QUE.—Mrs. Peter Forest is dead, aged 73. CHARLES DAWSON, N.B.—The wife of Charles Dawson, is dead, aged 71. GLACE BAY, N.B.—Mrs. Stuart MacCawley, a native of Halifax, is dead, aged 79. MAXWELL, ONT.—Mrs. Wm. Haines is dead in Chatham. JOHN BOWLE is dead in Collingwood. ST. STEPHEN, N.B.—Everett Smith is dead, aged 48. ST. JOHN, N.B.—Beale, wife of George Lord, is dead, aged 72. MARY HUNTER, of Macphail Lakes, is dead. Mrs. Frances A. Thorne is dead, aged 57 years. Mrs. Annie Seely is dead. Mrs. Thomas E. Green, of St. John, is dead in Boston, aged 81. Mrs. Sarah A. Willis is dead at Pleasant Point. Mrs. Mary McNamara is dead. Mrs. Margaret Holland is dead. Mrs. Maud M. Holmes, of Sussex, is dead. SMITH'S FALLS, ONT.—Marybell McGregor is dead, aged 27. TORONTO, ONT.—Charles G. Winslow, one of the best known advertising men in the city, is dead, aged 56. GEORGE GLASS, inspector of city paving machines, is dead, aged 19. TORONTO JUNCTION, ONT.—Frederick Richards is dead, aged 45.

Patent shoes have become an important part of a man's costume. The only way to command this trade is to carry a line of exceptional merit, such as those manufactured by Hartt Boot and Shoe Co., Fredericton, N. B.

Which would you rather call this trade-mark—the "Signet of Safety," or the "Shield that shields."

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DEATHS REPORTED. BONAVENTURE, QUE.—Mrs. Peter Forest is dead, aged 73. CHARLES DAWSON, N.B.—The wife of Charles Dawson, is dead, aged 71. GLACE BAY, N.B.—Mrs. Stuart MacCawley, a native of Halifax, is dead, aged 79. MAXWELL, ONT.—Mrs. Wm. Haines is dead in Chatham. JOHN BOWLE is dead in Collingwood. ST. STEPHEN, N.B.—Everett Smith is dead, aged 48. ST. JOHN, N.B.—Beale, wife of George Lord, is dead, aged 72. MARY HUNTER, of Macphail Lakes, is dead. Mrs. Frances A. Thorne is dead, aged 57 years. Mrs. Annie Seely is dead. Mrs. Thomas E. Green, of St. John, is dead in Boston, aged 81. Mrs. Sarah A. Willis is dead at Pleasant Point. Mrs. Mary McNamara is dead. Mrs. Margaret Holland is dead. Mrs. Maud M. Holmes, of Sussex, is dead. SMITH'S FALLS, ONT.—Marybell McGregor is dead, aged 27. TORONTO, ONT.—Charles G. Winslow, one of the best known advertising men in the city, is dead, aged 56. GEORGE GLASS, inspector of city paving machines, is dead, aged 19. TORONTO JUNCTION, ONT.—Frederick Richards is dead, aged 45.

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## CONSUMPTION CAMP FOR LOCAL SUFFERERS FROM TUBERCULOSIS

Long Needed Step Toward Solution of Problem  
of Dealing With the "White Plague" in  
Montreal.

A consumption camp! A place where people in the incipient stages of the "white death" can get the treatment they require, and where those who are unable to live in camp can at least receive such instruction as will enable them to keep up a more effective struggle against the dread disease! This has long been a crying need in this city, which is the only one of importance on the continent not to possess some institution of the kind.

Doctors have appealed for it, demands for it have come from every side, no one denies the necessity of it in a city where tuberculosis is the great destroyer of life—but still nothing has so far been done, while for the lack of it thousands of people have died who might otherwise have been saved.

The Anti-Tuberculosis League will wrestle with the project; the location is as yet not decided upon.

There is at last a movement for the establishment in the vicinity of the city of a "consumption camp," as distinguished from the more elaborate sanatorium. In this way it is hoped to put at the service of the people effective means of fighting the disease, and means which will at the same time have the merit of being comparatively inexpensive.

**QUESTION OF EXPENSE.**

The matter of expense has always been the great obstacle in the treatment of tuberculosis, as the disease is one of such long continuance and requires such very careful handling. For this reason, the action of sanatoriums has always hitherto been a very limited one, and has reached only an extremely small fraction of the number of cases.

In the new consumption camp proposed for Montreal this expense will be cut down as much as possible so as to bring the benefits of the institution within the reach of as many sufferers as can be accommodated.

**INSTRUCTION TO SUFFERERS.**

But while the treatment of a certain number of cases will form a very important part of the work of the camp, an even more notable feature will be the instruction of people stricken with the disease as to the best methods of caring for themselves and of preventing the spread of the contagion. In this way the scope of the new institution will be a very wide one.

In the treatment of special cases, the extent of the good to be done is always very limited, not only by the accommodations at the command of the sanatorium or camp, but also by the fact that only certain classes of cases are proper subjects for such treatment. These are preferably the incipient cases where a cure is possible and even probable if the disease is handled properly.

**FIELD A BOUNDLESS ONE.**

In dealing with cases at large the field open to the camp is simply a boundless one, and cases of every character can be reached. The good to be done, too, is incalculable, for not only can the fate of the stricken be made easier and their lives prolonged and perhaps even their recovery ultimately effected, but more important still, the spread of the contagion can be prevented in great measure, and so hundreds of lives saved that would otherwise be lost or at least placed in very grave danger.

**SOLUTION OF THE PROBLEM.**

So important is the home treatment of tuberculosis that well known medical authorities on this subject, R. W. Phillips, M.A., M.D., F.R.C.P.E., senior physician of the Victoria Hospital for Consumption, has stated that it is the chief solution of the problem. He says:

"I believe that in the solution of the tuberculosis problem a plan of supervised home relief must be based on an exact knowledge of the facts, a clear conception of the necessity and the possibilities, and must be well organized."

**PLAN OF NEW CAMP.**

To furnish the required supervision for home-treatment in order to make it effective, is the plan of the new consumption camp.

**A NATIONAL QUESTION.**

The Fight Against Tuberculosis.

To the Editor of the Montreal Star: Sir.—Cannot the public and the press compel the Government to take the lead in this matter? It is a disgrace to think of the heaps of money spent in bringing to Canada the dregs of humanity from Eastern Europe and the absolute disregard of active measures on a national scale to preserve the valuable lives of Canadians.

In Quebec we have just raised \$37,700 to build a Sanatorium at Lake Edward, the Province of Ontario having granted four hundred acres of land. The subscribers have done nobly, but it is just as much a disgrace that they should have to pay for the privilege of object as it would be if they had to pay privately for police protection. The question is a national one, not a private charity. The Government must be forced to take action. Germany has already shown us what results will follow national measures. Cannot a special tax be levied on alcohol or some other article of commerce which could be devoted to the work of Sanatoria in different parts throughout Canada? At any rate, let the public agitate and agitate until the Government does its duty in the matter.

FREDERICK GEORGE SCOTT.

**Greater Montreal Movement.**

Notre Dame de Neiges has started to lay on a water supply through all the streets of Northmount and has decided to put in systems of drainage and gas, electric lighting being already installed. The municipality is now negotiating a loan for these works and is effecting all these improvements before its annexation to the city of Montreal.

**A Man Injured on the Docks.**

Joseph Blue, a longshoreman, was seriously injured by being struck on the head by a heavy piece of steel while he was at work on the ship the King Edward pier. He was taken to the Notre Dame Hospital.

**For Dinner—see WINDSOR TABLE SALT.** Its fine purity adds a new delicious savour to vegetables, meats and salads. Never blanch.

The Atlantic Transport line steamer *Medusa*, reported, Wednesday afternoon and docked at 4 p.m. at New York.

sumption camp. The patients themselves are to be instructed in the precautions to be taken for their own progress and for the safety of those who live with them, medicines are to be dispensed, and in a word everything done to give such home-treatment its utmost efficiency.

The importance of such a plan properly carried out cannot be exaggerated. For the patients themselves it will mean that their condition, if it cannot be permanently improved, will at least be made more tolerable. They will learn to preserve as much as possible their waning strength by the use of the proper foods and medicines and by the proper regulation of their mode of life; and thus the suffering caused by the disease will be mitigated.

**PREVENTIVE MEASURES.**

Very much more important, however, is the preventive effect of the system. Consumption is an infectious disease and without proper precautions its spread is almost inevitable. This is especially the case when the "white plague" enters a family of the poorer classes where the quarters are cramped and where the stricken patient must at all times be in the company of those who are still free from the disease.

The risk is a terrible one even with the greatest of care, but how much it is increased by the general ignorance and neglect of the proper methods of treatment!

The ventilation is allowed to be defective, healthy people sleep in the same room and even in the same bed with those who are affected, no care is shown in the disposal of the clothes of the patient and no distinction is made in washing—in short, the ordinary precautions to be used in dealing with this disease are very generally neglected.

The results of such a course are inevitably fatal, and thousands of people fall victims to their ignorance and carelessness.

It is the object of the new consumption camp to prevent this state of affairs as much as possible by giving all necessary instructions and by seeing that they are carried out wherever such supervision is practicable. Not only will the patients themselves be instructed in their own care, but their friends who have care of them will also be given every possible help. Nothing will be neglected to extend the scope of the work and to bring some of the benefits of the institution within the reach of all those who need them.

**THE NEED OF ACTION.**

The present movement is one that promises well. If the preceding abortive attempt of the same kind did not take shape in a sanatorium, they at least called public attention to the necessity of some action in the matter and the people generally have come to feel more and more that something in this direction should be done. If Montreal is to be on a par with other cities of her importance in the matter of her institutions for the treatment of disease, it is to be hoped that this time the plan will be carried to completion and that in the not distant future Montreal will possess a consumption camp, built on the most modern lines and as complete as possible in every equipment for the handling of the dreaded "white plague."

**MONTREAL'S URGENT NEED.**

Dr. E. J. C. Kennedy, in conversation with a Star reporter on this subject, expressed his strong conviction of the great need of some institution in this city devoted to the care of patients suffering from tuberculosis.

"They will not receive them at the general hospitals," he said, "unless it be in a crisis of the disease, as in the case of a severe hemorrhage, so that consumptives are practically without recourse to any institution in this city where they can receive the treatment they require. When it is considered that there are about four thousand sufferers from this disease in Montreal, and that it yearly claims about seven hundred lives, according to official statistics, and probably twice as many in reality, one realizes how great is the need for a consumption camp or sanatorium. I say that consumption causes more deaths than are attributed to it in mortality reports, because it very often superinduces other disorders, which are given as the cause of death, when in reality consumption is the agent. For this reason it is not at all too much to say that fifteen hundred people die of consumption every year in this city. It is one of the great destroyers of life in our midst."

**MUSICAL LIFE OF MONTREAL.**

"The Red Book" Contains Record of Montreal Music for 12 Years.

A publication of very considerable interest and utility to all those interested in the musical development of the city during the past decade, and especially to those energetic workers who have struggled long and untiringly towards the elevation of the musical standard of Canada's Metropolitan centre, is the recently compiled "Musical Red Book of Montreal."

The work is a complete record of music in Montreal during the period between the years 1895 and 1907, which, in the first chapter of the volume, is given in the form of a "chronicle" of the city's musical history. It comprises biographical sketches of the present day musicians in Montreal and of the more prominent figures in the musical world of the latter half of the nineteenth century; together with the history of the various choral societies and musical clubs, of the past and present; of the development and progress of the educational institutions and facilities; and the evolution of the symphony orchestra.

Another very interesting feature of the book is the list, chronicled at the end, of the more important programmes of musical performances (other than operatic) heard in Montreal since 1895. Lists of the various church organs and of the concert-going public are also included. A brief account of the different Grand Opera organizations which have appeared in Montreal, the repertoire and cast of each company, is the subject of a special chapter.

The volume, which is tastefully bound in crush leather of the shade indicated in the title, was decorated by the artist, Mr. Bernard Edwards, and is the work of Mr. Burgess Edwards, of the firm of F. A. Vetch, is the publisher. The frontispiece is most appropriate, being a portrait of Lord Strathcona.

**"Empire Day" Celebrated.**

More than seven hundred children were present in the assembly hall of the Grand Hotel, on Wednesday, May 22, for the celebration of "Empire Day." After the National Anthem the "Flag" was saluted and the children sang the "O Canada" hymn. Addresses were given by D. A. Ansell, president of the institution; Miss Hibbard, president of primary instruction and Principal Baker.

The Atlantic Transport line steamer *Medusa*, reported, Wednesday afternoon and docked at 4 p.m. at New York.

## VICHY WATER

From the  
ST. LOUIS SPRINGS.

The Favorite of the  
MEDICAL WORLD.

Prescribed with success for all affections of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Gout and Gravel.

Insist on the "RED CLOVER BRAND."

TO BE HAD FROM THE BEST GROCERS, DRUGGISTS, AND FIRST-CLASS CLUBS, HOTELS, BARS AND RESTAURANTS.

General Agents: L. CHAPUT, FILS & CO., Wholesale Wines, Liquors and Groceries, MONTREAL.

## 2 in 1 Shoe Polish

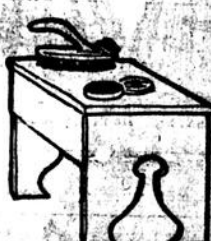
2 in 1 has no equal for a quick and lasting polish.  
It is the blackest and brightest of them all.

Shines in a minute. Won't come off. Water-proof. Leather food. Don't take a substitute and be disappointed.

There is no other "just as good" made.



Black and all colors, at all dealers, 10c and 25c tins



**Gillett's**  
SWISS MILK CHOCOLATE

—pure—rich—delicious—tastes like more.

And more is good—for the youngsters and everybody else.

Cakes to nibble 'tween meals, 5c., 10c., 20c. All dealers.

Wm. H. DUNN, MONTREAL, General Agent for Canada.

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If you want the best values and the most up-to-date effects, look for "Menzie Line" Toronto when buying WALL PAPERS

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**Colonial**  
STOVE POLISH

HOUSEWIFE'S FAVORITE

5 & 10¢

COLONIAL FLUID BUFF & SPECIALTY CO. MONTREAL CANADA

### DEATHS REPORTED

**BROCKVILLE.**—John Dunlop is dead at Meriville. Thos. Good is dead at Carleton Place, aged 81. E. Shornberger is dead at Watertown, aged 19. E. P. Kingsbury is dead at Ogdenburg, aged 48. Mrs. John Tenker is dead at Clairmont, aged 71. Margaret McDonald is dead at Brockville, aged 68. Edith Campbell is dead at Glen Park, aged 78. Mrs. Wm. Salmore is dead at Watertown, aged 40. E. D. Thompson is dead at Waddington, aged 81 years. ROONEY, Ont.—Mrs. Margaret MacDiarmid, mother of Finlay MacDiarmid, M.L.A., is dead, aged 78. COBOURG, Ont.—Margaret Orens, wife of William Foster, is dead, aged 83. Alfred William Farncomb, of Newcastle, is dead, aged 10 years. Nancy Chase is dead at Brighton, aged 89 years. Edmond Tweedie is dead in Brighton, aged 86. Alexander Davidson, of Brighton, is dead, aged 84. Michael Norden is dead at Brighton, aged 78. William Magill, of Manvers, is dead, aged 78. CLEVELAND, O.—Charles B. Church, an actor, of the time of John Wilkes Booth, is dead, aged 78. ST. JOHN'S, N.F.—Newton Lawrence, aged 89, is dead at Buritt's Corner. KAMOUASKA, Que.—Marie, daughter of Abraham Lapointe, is dead, aged 24. LINDSAY, Ont.—Samuel Bullock is dead, aged 64. Mary Eliza Staples, widow of Joseph Staples, is dead, aged 48. Leonard Winton Bell is dead, aged 11.

**LYONS, N.Y.**—Supreme Court Justice James W. Dunlop is dead, aged 85. LYONS, N.Y.—Supreme Court Justice James W. Dunlop is dead, aged 85. MAXWELL, Ont.—Mrs. Caroline Carson is dead at Waterloo Falls, aged 87. The youngest child of James Seabrook is dead in Massie. NEW YORK.—Dr. Frank L. James, one of the Government experts in the "battered beef" investigation at the time of the Spanish war is dead. Dr. Daniel E. McGowan, a physician of this city for forty-two years, is dead. PETERBORO, Ont.—Jeffrey Power is dead at Peterboro'. Mrs. David Quinn is dead, aged 71 years. Robert Nelson-Roddy, a native of Canada, is dead. ST. ANNE DE LA PELLE, Que.—F. R. Swindley, a well-known public notary, is dead, aged 84. H. T. Bernier, a well-known farmer, is dead, aged 84 years. S. Pelletier is dead, aged 61 years. TORONTO.—John McElroy, one of Toronto's oldest citizens, is dead. Rachel, widow of the late Mr. G. W. Rodgers, formerly Ontario Attorney-General, is dead at Pacific Grove, Cal.

**SHERBROOKE, Que.**—John Blackburn, formerly of Granby, is dead at New York, aged 80 years. Miss Pearl Brown, of Moos River, is dead, aged 25. John Burns, an old resident of Island Brook, is dead. Mrs. Michael Henry is dead in Minnesota. Dr. Silas Cheney, of West Burke, is dead, aged 85. ST. CATHARINES, Ont.—Mrs. Wesley Lane, of Beamsville, is dead, aged 48. William Anderson, of Welland Junction, is dead, aged 55. Catherine, widow of the late John Nelson O'Brien, of Thorold, is dead, aged 71. Samuel Pound, of Sherbrooke, is dead. Bruce Tinkler is dead in Woodstock, Ont. STRATFORD, Ont.—Isabel Kelly, wife of the Central Business College, is dead, aged 25. Special Notice. Buy the "Autonia" the celebrated "Player Piano" price \$550 payable \$50 cash and \$25 monthly. The Leach Piano Co., Ltd., 860 St. Catherine Street, West, near Drummond, is the place to buy.

## The Standard

### Soldiers' Memorial Number

The Standard will commemorate the unveiling of the Strathcona and South African Soldiers' Memorial at Montreal on May 24th by issuing this week a Special Illustrated Number devoted to showing the part Canadian soldiers took in the South African War. It will be the most complete issue ever yet devoted by any paper to this subject. It will be invaluable as a Souvenir Number.

Every man, woman and child of patriotic instincts should have a copy of next Saturday's Standard.

### THE FOLLOWING ARE SOME OF THE ILLUSTRATIONS WHICH WILL APPEAR—

The Strathcona and South African Soldiers' Memorial on Dominion Square. Various Sections of the Memorial in Detail. Members of the 1st Contingent Cheering Queen Victoria at Windsor Castle on Their Return from South Africa. A Notable Picture, as it portrays the last review Queen Victoria was permitted to witness. The First Contingent Photographed at Windsor Castle. Canadian Troops at Green Point Camp, Cape Town, Waiting to go to the Front. The Battlefield of Hart's River. Boer Trench at Paardeberg. Boer Dug-Out on South Side Modder River. Modder River in the Dry Season. Field of Battle and Scene of Canadian Advance at Paardeberg, Feb. 18th, 1900. Trench Dug by the Cornwalls and Canadians at Paardeberg. Scene of the Night Attack on Cronje's Laager by the Canadians on Feb. 27. Scene of Cronje's Surrender to the Canadians at Paardeberg. The Trench-Grave of the Canadian Dead on the Battlefield of Paardeberg. The Battle Ground at Paardeberg, showing Relative Positions of British and Boer Forces. Protective Regiment Arriving at Mafeking. Major-General Baden-Powell on the Lookout at Mafeking. Lady Sarah Wilson in Her Dug-Out at Mafeking. Lord Edward Cecil Holding a Court-Martial Over a Negro Spy at Mafeking. Field Hospital Near Bloemfontein. Boer Fort Near Mafeking Captured by the British. A Maxim-Sniping Trench at Magersfontein. A Maxim in action at the Siege of Mafeking. The effects of Shell Fire on a Big Residence in Mafeking. Three Illustrations of Canadian Contingents en route to the Front. Canadian Troops Forging a South African River. Kruger's Residence at Pretoria. Canadian Troops at Belmont. Canadians on the March to Pretoria. Canadian Artillerymen Saving British guns at the Komati River. Strathcona Horse en route to South Africa. Canadian Graves in Bloemfontein Cemetery. Scene of the Dutch Capitulation of the 18th Century. The South African Memorial at Halifax. Names of All the Montreals who Proceeded to the Front in the Various Contingents.

### PERSONALITIES CONNECTED WITH THE WAR—

Pictures of the Earl of Minto, Lord Roberts, Lord Kitchener, Sir Percy Girouard, Joseph Chamberlain, General Botha, Lord Strathcona, the Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick, Rev. Father O'Leary, Rev. J. M. Almond, Col. Steele, Col. Gordon, Col. Buchan, Col. Cameron, Col. Lessard, Col. Otter, Col. Pelletier, Col. Costigan, Major Peltier, Capt. Fraser, Capt. Armstrong, and other Canadian Officers who were in the front.

Sold by all News Dealers.

GEORGE MURRAY PUBLISHING CO., Limited.

### Teutonic Had Fire Scare.

New York, May 24.—Passengers on the steamer Teutonic were given a bad scare while the steamer was off the Banks of Newfoundland by a fire which started in one of the state cabins. The room was unoccupied. It was three-quarters of an hour before the flames were extinguished. The damage is estimated at several thousand dollars.

### Woman Found Dead in Bed.

St. John, N.B., May 24.—Miss Ellen Delaney was found dead in bed at her residence. Miss Delaney has been in very poor health and her recovery was not considered possible. She belonged to Prince Edward Island and was 45 years of age.

### Fatal Fall From Ladder.

Schenectady, N.Y., May 24.—Frank Cernak, while climbing out of an attic window of his home on to a ladder from which he was painting, fell and broke his neck. Death was instantaneous.

### DR. MACKAY'S SPECIFIC

The Only Cure for ALCOHOLISM and Drug Habits. Approved and in use by the Government of Quebec, the cities of Montreal and Quebec, under the probatory system. Recommended especially by the clergy. An essentially scientific treatment. Requires no hypodermic injection, is taken by the mouth, at home. No loss of time or inconvenience; leaves patient restored mentally and physically. Dr. Mackay can be consulted gratuitously from 10 a.m. to 10 p.m. daily. All communications strictly private. Write for free literature to: DR. JOHN H. MACKAY TREATMENT CO., LTD., Daytime—413 St. Catherine St. West, cor. St. Mark. Evening—413 St. Catherine St. West, cor. St. Mark. Tel. Up. 2111. Tel. East 3752.







1. The first step in the process is to identify the problem or issue that needs to be addressed. This involves gathering information and understanding the context of the problem.

## DAMAGES FIRE IN HOUSE

Greenshields Asks City for  
Asserting Inefficiency  
Effective Alarm Box.

to the extent of \$15,000 are  
for from the city by Mr.  
fields, loss sustained in the

received yesterday by the  
tee.

The committee yesterday afternoon held a public hearing on the claims for a report. The committee was given a general opinion by the latter property of the committee. The information asked for was the claims. The committee was also on that the city could be responsible for a loss of insurance. The committee stated that the sum of the difference between the actual loss and the amount of insurance. The total loss was \$50,000. It is required by the city and it is preliminary to the action of a regular claim, that it be transferred to the fire claim settlement. The committee also stated that the fire in the residence district during the past year was the surprise that the city had hoped to avoid. In the first place, a fine extra large fire station is being built in Berthel street, which will be located in the apartment. Another street, up and in the vicinity of the apartment, is now proposed by Chief of Police. The committee recommended the following letter:—

The honor to report that the number of residences in the high class is considerably greater

station is needed in that city. It contains some important institutions and

important instructions and  
initial houses, which, in  
have more protection. I  
meant that a temporary  
aced in that locality as  
ble."

Committee seemed in favor  
station of Chief Benoit,  
questioned about the pos-  
a station there.

just now. . . .  
 decided to lay the letter on

MONSTER OF 1890.

Now our latest leviathan sawdust, launched by the "Enterprise," writes a correspondent in the Westminster Gazette, help wondering what our century ago, would have been the monster of 1890? The size of our century ago, would have reached this French, and now built a ship of most size, 172 feet keel, 2 feet beam, tonnage about 2,000 she is pronounced to be the largest ship of the century of 1890, whose size unwieldy that she hath of hulk, was but a small fraction of the size of the latest ship, an two-thirds the width, and of the tonnage—10 fact, only so small that she would think to have in the Indomitable's dock, fifty-acre forest had taken to the water, and he built the hull, and the less than one-teneth that of to-day.

the invention of armor  
protection of the body from

from the ancients, who, natural armor of various kinds, particularly the accented it. In early times was used in armor makers used rough hides to dresses, and the first armor was made from the skins of horses and fastened with scales. Leather and large snakes were also fastened together until the third layer was made. The armor of the Middle Ages in the form of plates of steel. The armor of early times in England from the shells of crabs.

**ARMY MEN GET TIRED.**

A person has no idea how hard effort is expended in war. A rapid penman can write in a minute. To a man to pen through the air in a minute and half. In his pen travels a fortune worth a third of a mile, and a good word, and the neighborhood of six pen. Thus in writing to the minute, his pen travels a hundred and eighty-eight thousand eight hundred and eighty-four hundred thousand. In a matter of hours of time, he succeeds in making marks with a pen in

are your million white

THE RICH YOUNG.  
(Continued.)  
of the rich to-day are  
be imaginative. They  
are. They do not have  
educative pleasure of  
simpler; less material  
played at" something.  
was a loved and  
human being or a girl,  
was fester and more  
the Temple or the  
everything" must be done  
of a girl or a boy;  
generally, not encour-  
ingly allowed to turn  
in amusements, to turn  
ship things into amuse-  
ment glorified by sheer force

100











