Quebec Gazette.

VOL. 107.—NO. 10,539. QUEBEC CITY, MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 25, 1869. PRICE, FOUR CENTS.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.



The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Ulcerous* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or *Venereal* and *Mercurial Diseases* are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa* or *Whites, Uterine Ulcerations,* and *Female Diseases,* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion* or *Inflammation* of the *Liver,* and *Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. This *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer for the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Despondent, Sleepless,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions* or *Fears,* or any of the affections symptomatic of *Weakness,* will find immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power upon trial.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup,* it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral.* So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

For a *Cough* and *Cold,* no better remedy can be had. Take small doses three times a day and put the feet in warm water at night, until the disease is broken up.

For *Influenza,* when it affects the throat or lungs, take the same course.

For *Whooping Cough,* give small doses three or four times a day.

For *Croup,* give large and frequent doses until the disease is overcome.

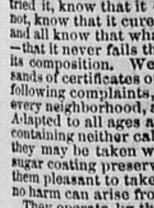
No family should be without the *Cherry Pectoral* on hand to protect them, in case of attack, from the above complaints. Its timely use often spares the patient a great amount of suffering and risk, which he would incur by waiting until he could get other aid. Parents, keep it in your houses for the exigencies that arise. Lives dear to you may be saved by it.

So generally are its virtues known, that we need not publish certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that the best qualities it ever possessed are strictly maintained.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill.* The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia** or **Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor** and **Loss of Appetite,** they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and its various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice** or **Green Sickness, Bilious Colic** and **Bilious Fevers,** they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery** or **Diarrhœa,** but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back** and **Loins,** they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill,* take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous where no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists, LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

R. McLEOD, Quebec, Agent.

June 18, 1869.

THE *Quebec Gazette.*

Established 1764.

PUBLISHED by Messrs. MIDDLETON & DAWSON, Printers, Foot of Mountain Hill, Lower Town, in the City of Quebec.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION, FOUR DOLLARS per annum, payable yearly in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS, delivered in before two o'clock P.M. on the day of publication, inserted according to written orders—or till forbid, if no written directions—at 50 cents for six lines and under, for first insertion, and 12½ cents for each subsequent insertion; for ten lines and above six, 75 cents for first insertion, and 17 cents for each subsequent insertion; for ten lines and upwards, 8 cents per line for first insertion, and two cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertising by the year as may be agreed on.

☞ All letters and communications must be POST-PAID.

MIDDLETON & DAWSON, *Proprietors.*

THE IMPERISHABLE PERFUME!



Murray & Lanman's

FLORIDA WATER,

FOR THE

Handkerchief, the Toilet, and the Bath

THIS most agreeable and refreshing of all perfumes, contains in its highest degree of excellence the aroma of flowers, in full natural freshness. As a safe and speedy relief from

FAINTING TURNS, NERVOUSNESS, HEADACHE, DEBILITY,

and the ordinary forms of Hysteria, it is unsurpassed. It is moreover, when diluted with water it, the best dentifrice, imparting to the teeth that clear, pearly appearance, which all ladies so much admire. As a remedy for foul or bad breath, it is, when diluted, most excellent, neutralizing all impure matter around the teeth and gums, and making the latter hard and of a beautiful color. With the very *elite* of fashion it has for a quarter of a century, maintained its ascendancy over all other perfumes, throughout the West Indies, Mexico, and Central and South America, and we confidently recommend it as an article which, for soft delicacy of flavor, richness of bouquet, and permanency, has no equal. It will also remove from the skin

ROUGHNESS, BLOTCHES, SUN BURN, FRECKLES, AND PIMPLES.

It should always be reduced with pure water, before applying, (except for Pimples). As a means of imparting rosiness and clearness to a sallow compexion, it is without a rival. Of course, this refers only to the Florida Water of MURRAY & LANMAN.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

Buy only from respectable Druggists, always asking for the genuine MURRAY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER, prepared only by the proprietors,

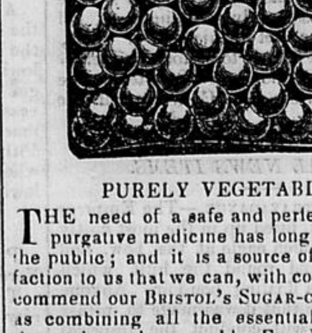
LANMAN & KEMP, Wholesale Druggists, New York.

And for Sale by Druggists and Perfumers. Sold in Quebec by J. Musson & Co., J. S. Bowen & Co., J. E. Burke, Roderick McLeod, O. Giroux, J. W. McLeod, Martel & Co., W. E. Brunet, R. Dugal, J. Veldon, and all druggists Also by all respectable Druggists, Perfumers, and Fancy Goods Dealers.

July 15, 1869.

BRISTOL'S

SUGAR-COATED PILLS!



PURELY VEGETABLE.

THE need of a safe and perfectly reliable purgative medicine has long been felt by the public; and it is a source of great satisfaction to us that we can, with confidence, recommend our BRISTOL'S SUGAR-COATED PILLS as combining all the essentials of a safe, thorough, and agreeable Family Cathartic. They are prepared from the very finest quality of medicinal roots, herbs, and plants; the active principles or parts that contain the medicinal value being chemically separated from the inert and useless fibrous portions that contain no virtue whatever. Among those medicinal agents we may name PODOPHYLLIN, which has been proved to possess a most wonderful power over the LIVER, and all the bilious secretions. This, in combination with LEPTANDRIN, and other highly valuable vegetable extracts and drugs, constitutes a purgative Pill that is greatly superior to any medicine of the kind heretofore offered to the public. Bristol's Vegetable Sugar-Coated Pills will be found a safe and speedy remedy in all such cases as Piles, Headache, Jaundice, Bad Breath, Foul Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Liver Complaint, Habitual Costiveness, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Heartburn or Flatulency, Dropsy of Limbs or Body, Female Irregularities, and all diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, and Kidneys.

In diseases which have their origin in the blood, Bristol's Sarsaparilla, that best of blood purifiers, should be used with the Pills; the two medicines being prepared expressly to act in harmony together. When this is done faithfully, we have no hesitation in saying that great relief, and in most cases a cure, can be guaranteed when the patient is not already beyond human help.

For general directions and table of doses, see the wrapper around each phial.

For sale in the Establishments of Messrs. W. E. Brunet, druggist, J. E. Burke, druggist; Ed. Giroux, druggist; J. B. Martel, druggist; and John Musson & Co., druggists. Also, by all respectable Druggists.

July 15, 1869.

GARDNER'S

"DOMESTIC COUGH REMEDY."

In bottles at 1s 3d., and

In bottles at 2s. 6d. each.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.

Depot and Manufactory,

375 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.

January 15, 1869.

ADMIRALTY CHARTS.

MIDDLETON & DAWSON, having been appointed by the Admiralty, AGENTS for the sale of CAPT. BAYFIELD'S CHARTS, offer the following, **carefully mounted on linen,** viz.:—

Montreal to Quebec.

No.
259—B—Kingston to Farrar's Point.....
259—A—Farrar's Point to Montreal.....
1127—Montreal Harbour..................
2778—Long Point to Lachine Rapids.....
2777—Repentigny to Long Point..........
2775—Contrecœur to Repentigny..........
2779—Lanoraie to Contrecœur.............
2780—Stone Island to Lanoraie...........
2781—West part of Lake St. Peter.......
2782—East part of Lake St. Peter........
2783—Becancour to Port St. Francis......
2784—Batiscan to Becancour..............
2785—Grondine to Batiscan...............
2786—Cap Santé to Grondine..............
2787—Frechette Island to Cap Santé.....
2788—Point Pizeau to Frechette Island...

Quebec to the Gulf.

319—Quebec Harbour....................
317—Quebec to Island of Orleans.........
318—Traverses..........................
316—Orleans to Seal Islands.............
315—Seal Islands to Point Ouelle........
314—Point Ouelle to Pilgrims............
313—Pilgrims to Green Island............
1370—Saguenay River....................
312—Saguenay River to Bersimis.........
312—Green Island to Father Point........
1265—Bersimis River....................
311—Father Point to Point de Monts....
311—Bersimis to Point de Monts.........
309—Bic to Cape Chat & Point des Monts
310—Bic to Quebec......................

GULF.

2516—Gulf of St. Lawrence, &c..........
2727—Gulf from Magdalen Islands to Newfoundland, including Cape Breton and St. Paul's..........................
2042—Sydney Harbour....................
2727—Cape Breton Island.................
2692— " Louisburg Harbour...
271—North of Newfoundland and Straits of Belle Isle........................
1134—Magdalen Islands..................
304—Island of St. Pauls.................
307—Point de Monts to Island of Anticosti
1709—Charlottetown Harbour..............

North Shore.

307—Point de Monts to Magpie Bay.....
1135—Bay of Seven Islands..............
1147—S. W. Point and Salt Lake Bay, Anticosti.................................
1150—East Cape and Bear Bay, Anticosti.
308—Ellis Bay, Anticosti.................
1133—Mingan Islands, (West)............
1132—Mingan Islands, (East)............
306—Magpie Bay to Pashasheeboo.........
305—Pashasheeboo to Lake Island........
1119—Watagheistic Sound.................
1164—Little Meccatina...................
1431—Lake Island to Esquimaux Islands..
1430—Esquimaux Islands to St. Lewis Sound..............................
—Belle Isle Straits..............
1422—Labrador and Greenland............

South Shore and Nova Scotia.

1163—Gaspé and Mal Bays................
1715—Bay Chaleur........................
1943—Shediac Bay and Harbour...........
1989—Picton Harbour.....................
2342—Gut of Canso and Chedabucto Bay..
2517—Green Island to Cape Canso.........
2320—Halifax Harbour...................
2396—Pope Harbour to Liscomb Harbour..
2519—Liscomb Island to Green Island....
2410—Mars Head to Shut-in Island........
2439—Shut-in Island to Pope Harbour.....
2547—Country Harbour...................
2624—Ship Harbour......................
1551—Harbour of St. John, N.B..........
1747—Northumberland Strait.............
1747—P. E. Island.......................
2034—Northumberland Eastern Port.......

Miscellaneous.

2060—North Atlantic East................
2061—North Atlantic West...............
2488—Portland Harbour, U.S............
—Track Chart of the World.........

Nautical Works.

Admiralty Lists of Lights on the Coasts and Lakes of British North America, by Edward Dunsterville, Commander R. N.—35 cts.
The St. Lawrence Pilot, 2 vols.—$2 50.
Laws of Shipping and Insurance, "Lee's."—$3 50
Dana's Seaman's Friend—$1 50.
Lee's Merchant Shipping Act—$1 00.
The Seaman's Medical Guide—75 cts.
Official Log Book—50 cts.
Shipowner's and Master's Handy Book, freights, tonnage, stowage, monies and measures of various foreign ports—30 cts.
Anchor Watch, the art of tending ships in a tideway, with remarks on Backing and Filling, and Collisions at Sea—30 cts.
Deviations of the Compass—Practical rules for ascertaining and applying, in case of iron ships, &c., &c.—35 cts.
Handbook of the Law of Storms—$1 25.
A Treatise on Ships' Anchors—50 cents.
Nautical and Astronomical Tables—by J. R. Young—50 cents.
The Sailor's Sea Book—50 cents.
The Kedge Anchor, or Young Sailor's Assistant—by Wm. Brady.
Ships and Sailors—Ancient and Modern—with Illustrations—$1 50.
Treatise on Mast-Making, Sail-Making, and Rigging.

MIDDLETON & DAWSON. Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, 1869.

GARDNER'S QUININE WINE BITTERS.

For Sale by Grocers and Druggists in Quebec and in all parts of the Dominion of Canada.

PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE.

TRADE-MARK — ANCHORA VIRTUS VALET — GARDNER MONTREAL

The most Useful and Reliable

TONIC AND BITTERS IN USE.

(Each Ounce contains one grain of Quinine.)

Its properties are tonic, stomachic, and gently stimulant.

Its qualities are not disguised. Taste it, test it, prove it.

Observe the trade mark upon the label, and also every bottle being sealed with trade mark seal.

It is put up in quart wine bottles.

J. GARDNER, Chemist, Montreal, Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

☞ The above BITTERS are claimed to be superior to any yet offered to the public.

THE EPILEPTIC CURE,

Prepared by J. GARDNER from the formula of a physician of Paris. The wonderful effect the taking of it has in preventing the fits should induce all subject to Epilepsy to use it. In bottles, price $1.

ASK FOR

GARDNER'S EPILEPTIC CURE.

October 4, 1869.

CULLERS' ACT.

EXTRACTS from "An Act to Regulate the Culling and Measurement of Timber, Masts, Spars, Deals, Staves, and other Articles of a like Nature;" together with the Tariff of Charges for Culling, Measuring, Counting, &c., and Cullers' Tariff of Fees, per Departmental Notice, No. 4, of July 13th, 1868.

—ALSO—

An Appendix, containing Timber Regulations as finally revised on 5th October, 1868; Timber, Shipping and Freights; Timber Calculations; Specific Gravities of Woods, Metals, Earths, &c.; and a List of Specimens of Woods of the Canadian Forests, with their English, French and Botanical Names.

PRICE............25 Cents.

For sale by MIDDLETON & DAWSON, Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, May 7, 1869.

Civil Code of Quebec.

THE CIVIL CODE of LOWER CANADA; together with a Synopsis of the Changes in the Law; Reference to the Reports of the Commissioners; the Authorities as reported by the Commissioners; A Concordance with the Code Napoleon and the Code de Commerce; Special References for Notaries, Clergymen, Physicians, Merchants, Real Estate Owners, and Persons out of Lower Canada; and a complete Analytical Index. By THOMAS McCORD, Advocate, Secretary to the Codification Commission. Price, Fall bound, $1.00.

For sale by MIDDLETON & DAWSON, Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, Jany., 1868.

The Ferns of Canada.

JUST PUBLISHED,

HANDBOOK of the FERNS of CANADA being a Plain and Practical *GUIDE* to AMATEURS, in the Study and Cultivation of the Native Species. By JOHN PAXTON. Price 30 cents.

For sale by MIDDLETON & DAWSON, Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, Jany., 1868.

1869. THE 1869.

QUEBEC SHEET ALMANAC.

JUST PUBLISHED,

The Quebec Sheet Almanac for 1869,

PRINTED in Colours, and containing, in addition to the Almanac, a list of members of the Privy Council of Canada; Customs, Trinity House, Consulates; Officers of the Corporation; Quebec Exchange; Board of Trade; List of Fire Alarm Signal Boxes; Post Office Department; Money Order Rates, and Canadian Stamp Duties; Justices of the Peace, Courts of Justice; Seasons, Moon's Phases, Eclipses, Planets; Fêtes d'Obligation, Moveable Festivals, &c., &c.; also, a Table of the RISING and SETTING of the SUN and MOON, for the whole year, and Herschell's WEATHER TABLE; with a VIEW of the CITY and HARBOUR of QUEBEC.

For sale by MIDDLETON & DAWSON, Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, Oct. 28, 1868.

1869. 1869.

Stark's Pocket Almanac

STARKE'S POCKET ALMANAC AND GENERAL REGISTER FOR 1868. This Book is considerably enlarged, and its table of contents more varied than usual; and in this edition, greater attention than usual has been given to that portion of it which relates to QUEBEC. It also contains an excellent VIEW of the city of Montreal.

For sale by MIDDLETON & DAWSON, Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, Jany., 1869.

1869. 1869

Canadian Almanac.

MIDDLETON & DAWSON have received the CANADIAN ALMANAC AND REPOSITORY OF USEFUL KNOWLEDGE for 1868, containing a large amount of general information. For sale at SHAW'S BUILDINGS, Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, Jany., 1868.

1869. 1869.

Regist'r of Rural Affairs

JUST received, the ANNUAL REGISTER OF RURAL AFFAIRS for 1868, Illustrated with one hundred and sixty engravings.

For sale by MIDDLETON & DAWSON, Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, Jany., 1869.

1869. 1869

Year Book & Almanac *OF CANADA,*

FOR 1868, being an Annual Statistical Abstract for the Dominion, and a Record of Legislation, and of Public Men in British North America. 12½ cents. With map 25 cents.

For sale by MIDDLETON & DAWSON, Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, Jany., 1869.

1869. 1869.

Diaries! Diaries!

MIDDLETON & DAWSON have received a large assortment of DIARIES for 1869, in every size and form, for the Pocket or the Counting House.

For sale at SHAW'S BUILDINGS, Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, Nov. 4, 1868.

Pocket Books and Port Monaies.

AN ASSORTMENT of POCKET BOOKS and PORT MONAIES, new and improved styles, just received by MIDDLETON & DAWSON, Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, Nov. 4, 1868.

TRADE NAME!

McLEAN & CO.'S

CARBOLIC DISINFECTANT BURNING OIL.

THIS valuable OIL is now extensively used in the west with wonderful success, as may be seen by reading the accompanying testimonials from highly respectable and well-known persons in whose houses the OIL is in nightly use, and was, as a disinfectant, in constant demand during the visitation of the small-pox last spring. As a durable article (because it is less volatile than the ordinary burning fluids,) one gallon lasts longer than the oils now in use. It never blackens the lamp chimney, if the wick be properly trimmed, nor will it deposit any sediment in the lamp, by which the wick generally becomes charred, as the "poisonous mineral chemicals," used in its deodorization, are carefully extracted. It burns freely, giving a beautiful soft light which never affects the eyes, as the wick is never charred or incrusted by foreign matter. From its CARBOLIC and other medical properties, of a similar nature, it is a certain disinfectant in the sick chamber, the hospital, and on board of ship, where all classes of society (during the voyage) are crowded together, from the statesman down to the pauper, just escaped, perhaps, from within the walls of Newgate, and still wearing his prison rags, with, it may be, a large sprinkling of the dregs of "small pox" or some other disease equally infectious, to be widely spread among the inhabitants of the country to where he is emigrating.

TESTIMONIALS.

MESSRS. McLEAN & Co.,

GENTLEMEN,—It affords us much pleasure to inform you that your Burning Oil is the best and safest we have ever used, one gallon of which lasts or burns longer than any other we have used previously. It never chars the lamp, burns freely, giving a beautiful soft light which does not affect the eyes like the other Oils now in use. Altogether we consider it the great desideratum as far as burning-oil is concerned.

[Signed.] R. S. Macdonald; A. D. Leclair; R. McPherson, P. M.; Alex. Stickler; John McIntosh; A. McGregor; Thomas Ross, M.D., C.M.; R. J. McDougall; A. R. McDonald; Evander McRae; D. McNaughton; John Meadows; John McLean; D. Sutherland; Alexander Cameron; Donald Ross; Wm. Gillespie; Alex. McLennan; Wm. Harper; J. A. Macdonald; A. S. Macdonald.

☞ Manufactured by McLEAN & CO., sole proprietors of the "CARBOLIC DISINFECTANT BURNING OIL," "FRAGRANT BURNING OIL," and "OLEUM-KALAMOS," Lancaster, Ontario.

☞ Any of the above oils can be ordered through F. O. VALLERAND, Oil Merchant; ALEXANDER FRASER, Grocer; GEORGE THOMPSON, Grocer; or WILLIAM AHERN, Chemist and Druggist, Quebec.

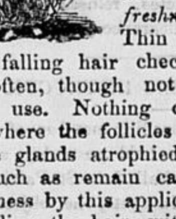
☞ The OIL is packed up in tin cans of five gallons, and carefully cased in wood. Price, 3s. 6d per gallon, delivered at the Refinery, Lancaster, Ontario.

Lancaster, 1st April, 1869.

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

R. McLEOD, Quebec, Agent.

June 16, 1869.

THE GREAT

ENGLISH REMEDY.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

CELEBRATED FEMALE PILLS,

Prepared from a Prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

THIS invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the Female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess, and removes all obstructions; and a speedy cure may be relied upon.

TO MARRIED LADIES

it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION.

☞ These Pills should not be taken by females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of PREGNANCY, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage; but at any other time they are safe

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, they do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in pamphlets around each package, which should be carefully preserved

Sole agent for U. States and Canada, JOB MOLES, Rochester, New York.

N.B.—$1.00, enclosed to any authorized agent, will ensure a bottle, containing fifty Pills, by return mail.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., General Agents for Canada.

Sold in Quebec by J. Musson & Co., W. E. Brunette, J. E. Burke, Roderick McLeod, E. Giroux, and all Medicine Dealers.

Quebec, Oct. 30, 1868.



AYER'S

CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her. ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you *what* complaints I have *cured* with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine.* I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE, *Clerk of Steamer Clarion.*

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D., *Physician of the Marine Hospital.*

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery* and *diarrhœa.* Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.* JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness.* If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms.* They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains,* which ended in *chronic rheumatism.* Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

A

CITIZEN OF QUEBEC

CURED OF

FIFTEEN RUNNING SORES.

The following letter was received by one of the most respectable Druggists in Quebec, Canada:—

W. E. BRUNET, Esq., Druggist, Pont St. Roch (or Craig) Street, Quebec.

DEAR SIR,—

This is to certify that I have been thoroughly and entirely cured of FIFTEEN SORES which I had on my right arm, by the use of **Bristol's Sarsaparilla.** These sores had been on my arm for over four years, and during that time had been continually discharging, which weakened me so much that I was unable to leave my bed for four months. Having heard of **Bristol's Sarsaparilla,** I made up my mind to try it. I used six bottles, and with the best results; for I am now as strong and as able a workman as I was before having the sores.

OLIVE GARNEAU.

Sworn to before me, this 10th day of February, 1863.

ED. ROUSSEAU, M.D., And Justice of the Peace, Quebec.

A LORD CHASED BY BAILIFFS.

The London Telegraph of October 7 contains the following:—"An arrest by sheriff's officers, under circumstances exciting considerable merriment at the West End of London, took place yesterday about noon. For some time past Lord Charles George Archibald Hamilton, brother of the Duke of Hamilton, has been in monetary difficulties, and doubtless aware of certain gentlemen attending upon him. His movements were at length so closely watched as to become quite unpleasant, and in this dilemma his lordship confided his troubles to a well known Hansom cab-driver named Sawyer; and, aided by cabby's knowledge of the limbs of the law, the crisis was staved off until yesterday. Baffled in many attempts to capture their client, a close watch was set, and at length Sawyer's anxiety for the safety of Lord Charles was discovered. A Hansom cab, worthy of his distinguished position, had been placed at his lordship's service by a coach proprietor in New Bond street. Sawyer was yesterday driving his lordship in the direction of Arlington street, when suddenly several men, stationed at the corner of Bennett street, made a dash at the horse's head. The cabman, appreciating the position of affairs, by a touch of his whip made the horse leap forward. One man was thrown, and while another attempted to enter the cab his lordship jumped out on the opposite side. His lordship ran with all speed for Jermyn street, closely pursued by the bailiffs, who, after a smart chase, effected his capture. Sawyer followed leisurely with his Hansom, and after the capture, received back his 'fare,' and drove him off in company of the officers to a place of safety."

PUTTING UP STOVES—A SEASONABLE SUBJECT.

We do not remember the exact date of the invention of stoves; but it was several years ago. Since then mankind have been tormented, once a year, by the difficulties that beset the task of putting them up, and getting the pipes "fixed." With all our Yankee ingenuity, no American has ever invented any method by which the labour of putting up a stove can be lessened. The job is now almost as severe and vexatious as humanity can possibly endure.

Men always put up their stoves on a rainy day. Why, we know not; but we never heard of an exception to the rule. The first step to be taken is to put on a very old ragged coat, under the impression that when the operator gets his mouth full of plaster it will keep his shirt bosom clean. Next, he gets his hand inside the place where the pipe ought to go, and blacks his fingers; then he carefully makes a black mark down one side of his nose. Having got his face properly marked, the victim usually "Paterfamilias"—is ready to begin the ceremony.

The "head of the family" grasps one side of the bottom of the stove, and his wife and the hired girl take hold of the other side. In this way the stove is started from the woodshed to the parlour. Going through the door, the chief operator carefully swings his side of the stove around and jams his thumb-nail against the door-post. Having got the "family comfort" in place, the next thing is to find the legs. Two of these are left inside the stove since the spring before. The other two must be hunted after for twenty-five minutes. They are usually found under the coal. Then the "head of the family" holds up one side of the stove while his wife puts two of the legs in place, and next he holds up the other side while the other two are fixed, and one of the first two falls out. By the time the stove is on its legs he gets reckless and takes off his old coat, regardless of his linen.

"Paterfamilias" then goes for the pipe, and gets two cinders in his eye. It don't make any difference how well the pipe was put up last year, it will always be found a little too short or a little too long. The "head of the family" jams his hat over his eyes, and taking a pipe under each arm goes to the tin-shop to have it fixed. When he gets back he steps upon one of the best parlor chairs to see if the pipe fits, and his wife makes him get down for fear he will scratch the varnish off from the chair with the nails in his boot-heel. In getting down he will surely step on the cat, and may thank his stars that it is not the baby. Then he gets an old chair and climbs up to the chimney again, to find that in cutting the pipe off the end has been left too big for the hole in the chimney. So he goes to the woodshed and splits one side of the end of the pipe with an old axe, and squeezes it in his hands to make it smaller.

The chief operator at length gets the pipe in shape and finds that the stove does not stand true. Then himself and his wife and the hired girl move the stove to the left, and the legs fall out again. Next it is moved to the right. More difficulty now with the legs. Moved to the front a little. Elbow not even with the hole in the chimney, and "the head of the family" goes again to the wood shed after some little blocks. While putting the blocks under the legs, the pipe comes out of the chimney. That remedied, the elbow keeps tripping over to the great alarm of the wife. "Paterfamilias" gets the dinner-table out, puts the old chair on it, makes his wife take hold of the chair, and balances himself on it to drive some nails into the ceiling, but in doing this he drops the hammer on his wife's head. At last he gets the nail driven, makes his wire swing to hold the pipe, hammers a little here, pulls a little there, takes a long breath, and announces the ceremony concluded.

Job never put up any stoves. It would have ruined his reputation if he had. The above programme, with unimportant variations will be carried out in many respectable families during the next six weeks.—[Utica (N.Y.) Herald.]

A MODERN FAGIN.

On the flats, in the vicinity of the freight depot of the Union Pacific Road, at Omaha, and near the ferry landing, is a small, dirty-looking wooden structure, known as the habitation of a man who has gained notoriety under the cognomen of "Billy Mack." The occupation of this man has generally been supposed to have been that of a saloon-keeper and the vendor of newspapers. It is now charged that "Billy Mack" has been the principal in a school for the education of boys in the arts and mysteries of the sneak-thief and pickpocket. Acting upon the information, Constable Orchard made complaint before Justice Morris, and procured the arrest of "Billy Mack" and three of the pupils, one named "Happy Jack," another "Frenchy," another with an equally euphonious title. The charge was that of receiving stolen property, knowing it to be such, and the boys were captured as witnesses. It is alleged that Mack has been in the habit of enticing boys into his saloon; that he pays them a regular salary of $3 per week for selling papers, and purchases from them the little articles they can "prig" or "lift," while perambulating with the papers; that, in fact, he gives them instructions in petty thieving, and disposes for them. Twelve or fifteen boys have nightly slept at his establishment, so it is said by the Republican, and all of them are supposed to have been thieves. Property, consisting of small articles of no great value, was found at the rendezvous of the brigade of young vagabonds. The urchins under arrest were put in charge of their parents, and "Billy Mack" provided bail for his appearance.

New Advertisements.

New Books—Little, Brown & Company, Boston.
Evening Auction Sales—Parke & Sons.
Furs! Furs!—Renfrew & Marcou.
Choice Tobaccos for sale—M G. Mountain.
Coal Oil for sale— do.
American Invoices—R. S. M. Bouchette.
Bailiff's Sale—Circuit Court—James O'Doherty.
Insolvent Act of 1869—William Walker.
Notice—Application to the Quebec Legislature.
Montreal Ocean S.S. Co—Allans, Rae & Co.

The Quebec Gazette

QUEBEC, MONDAY, OCTOBER 25TH, 1869.

☞ SEE FIRST PAGE.

"SIMILIA SIMILIBUS CURANTUR."

We cannot say that we have unwavering faith in the maxim which serves us for a caption to-day, but it would seem that the Toronto *Leader* looks to effect a great cure upon the principle therein embodied, viz., that "like cures like." At least we gather that much from some of our contemporary's recent writings in relation to the Hon. George Brown. The "Globe," as our readers generally know, has been conjuring up the corpses of the dead past for the particular benefit of Sir Francis Hincks, and day by day its subscribers are regaled with full and particular accounts of the pretended political sins of that gentleman, committed between fifteen and twenty years ago, when the generation of active men now on the stage were trundling hoops and playing marbles. We are neither the advocate nor the apologist of Mr. Hincks; and we felt it our duty when his name was first mentioned, some four or five weeks ago, as the possible successor of the retiring Finance Minister, to say that there was a feeling of apprehension in many minds regarding the proposed appointment. This feeling we believe was not due to such causes as the "Globe" has thought proper to allege, but to our idea that he was a somewhat adventurous experimenter who might rush the country into larger expenditures than its resources warranted. That Mr. Hincks gave large facilities in his day for the contracting of debt by the municipalities in Upper Canada, and generally exhibited an immense faith in the power of the Province to improve its internal communications, and to push on other desirable public works with great and perhaps undue rapidity, can hardly be denied; and we are not sure but that he went ahead rather faster than a prudent foresight would have dictated, but beyond this fault, if it be a fault, we are not aware that he is fairly open to censure. It is quite true that he was accused of a great many and very grievous offences, and if the thousandth part had been susceptible of proof, his enemies would not have been slow in bringing out the facts. A very brave attempt was made by Mr. Brown, in 1854, we believe, to convict him of malfeasance, corruption, &c., &c., but after a vigorous *investigation*, in the course of which the accusing party was aided by very able men indeed, who left nothing undone to secure their object, they broke down, and the records have long been accepted by the country as conclusive of the exact reverse of what was sought. But in view of Mr. Hincks' return into political life in this country, after an absence of fifteen or sixteen years, the very charges which it was impossible to make good shortly after the commission of the alleged wrongs, and when everything favoured the prosecutor, are revived and re-urged with, if possible, increased zeal—some people say malice. Now, as we commenced by saying, the *Leader* deeming it probable that a course of the kind of medicine administered to Mr. Hincks by his old adversaries might be beneficial in Mr. Brown's case, has followed suit, and is busy raking up the old obliquities and infirmities of that gentleman. We may as well say at once that we regard such a proceeding as quite improper. The accusations brought forward against Mr. Brown were just as foundationless as those made against Mr. Hincks, and whatever may have been his deservings in view of the very harsh and reprehensible manner in which he persecuted his great and successful antagonist, no good purpose can be answered by reproducing charges which have been abundantly disproved. But supposing the allegations against the proprietor of the "Globe" were capable of proof, all that could be inferred from them would be that it did not become him to attack other parties. On the principle that the prosecutor should himself have clean hands, it is very unseemly for a wrong-doer to hunt and hound another no worse than himself. Yet the misdoings of the one do not balance or condone the misdoings of the other, and therefore it is that we entirely disapprove of the *tu quoque* in such cases. Let the *Leader*, if it thinks it necessary—which we do not—go on to show how unjust and untrue the statements of the "Globe" in relation to Mr. Hincks are, and we have every confidence that the public will do the accused full justice, for the time of unreasoning partizanship is pretty well gone by, and the number of persons ready to censure and condemn upon exparte statement is now happily small. Of course we regard the assaults of the "Globe" upon Mr. Hincks as utterly indefensible, as well as unworthy of the influential medium through which they are presented to the public. We consider it degrading to any respectable journal to take up such a *rôle*, and greatly regret the re-introduction into the polemics of the country of that style of argument. We had thought it had for ever been set aside by the leading papers, and hope the good sense of the people will again frown it down. But whether or not, it only makes matters worse to imitate it, and if the "Globe" persists in its course, it ought to be allowed the bad pre-eminence. Having said this much, we shall not be charged with sympathising in the improprieties, when we say that Mr. Brown's paper is awfully indignant at the "Leader" for doing towards that gentleman, what itself has been doing towards Mr. Hincks. It is positively infamous, so it says, thus to accuse Mr. Brown. Well, perhaps it is, but should it not first look at home? The infamy it seems to us may be equally and impartially divided, and so instead of having one offender we have two. We would much prefer that there should be but one, and much more that there should be no such offender at all, but "evil communications corrupt good manners," and we doubt whether it is very manly to scream for a hurt which the wounded party is ever ready to inflict upon others.

FORTUNES IN ENGLAND.

A Boston paper, remarking upon the fatuity that seizes upon so many people in the United States in regard to inheriting fortunes in England, says that every genealogist will testify that it is almost impossible to obtain information for the simple purposes of family history, by reason of the withholding of facts by some members of these property families, for fear they may lose their share of the mythical fortune in England. In some families this notion prevails in one branch only, and is kept a profound secret from the other branches, lest the fortune should come to be divided. Every little while we hear of family meetings to take steps to recover estates which have no heirs in England, and which have been accumulating interest for an age. Money is raised at these meetings, lawyers are feed, and agents are sent abroad. A glowing report is returned, and then there comes the eternal wait, by the side of which Jarndyce and Jarndyce, and the Anneke Jans delays are but moments. The only fortune out of which the "family" is kept, is the fund it raises for the agent and the investigation. In a recent list of "families" entitled to estates in England appear the names of pretty much all the New England people. Of course among these are thousands of credulous persons, and these will be caught and induced to spend money in quest of the insane project which a keen adviser may "coach" them into adopting. They little think how difficult are the proofs that are necessary, and how tenacious is the chancery grip in England. But fools always make work for knaves.

THE BANK OF MONTREAL.

The changes indicated on Thursday, says the Witness, in the management of the largest Bank in Canada, are a matter of public interest. Mr. King, who retires from the management of the Bank, has proved his ability for the position which he has, for a number of years, filled, by its great prosperity. Indeed, we know of no parallel—certainly none in Canada—to the amount of dividends, and the advance in the value of stock, of the Bank of Montreal, within the last few years. As President of the Bank, to which office, it is said, he is to be elected, he will still be able to give it the benefit of his experience and talents. Concerning Mr. Angus, who, it is said, takes his place as Manager, we cannot do better than heartily concur in the following language of the Montreal *Herald*:—"We believe that we do no more than express the general sense of the mercantile community, when we say that Mr. Angus' promotion will be received with high gratification. Few men have exhibited so much assiduity and firmness in labouring for the interests of the Bank which he has served; none have ever done so in a more conciliating spirit, and with more respect for the interest of those with whom that institution has had dealings."

A STRANGE COALITION.

Lord Shaftesbury and Dr. Pusey, representatives of two widely different schools of churchmen, have at last found common ground of action. They have united in a movement to prevent the consecration of the Rev. Dr. Temple as Bishop of Exeter. Dr. Temple is a prominent leader of what is known as the "Broad Church," and as such is held in no very high regard by either evangelicals or ritualists. He was identified with "Essays and Reviews," which made such a stir in the theological world, and is a friend of the Rev. Charles Kingsley, Dean Stanley and other prominent members of the "Broad Church" party, which derives its name from the fact that on many important points of faith its views are wider than conform to ancient orthodoxy. A wicked wit has nicknamed the Broad Church *Latitude*, the ritualists *Attitude* and the Low Church *Platitude*. We have now therefore, says the Toronto Leader, a coalition of *Platitude* and *Attitude* against *Latitude*, and before the warfare is over we may be sure neither party will have any reason to regard the other with gratitude.

THE LUMBER TRADE OF CANADA.

The business in sawed lumber with the United States has been brisk and remunerative throughout the season, as also that of square timber in Quebec. The amount of Canada lumber received and inspected at Burlington, since May last, was 84,624,876 feet. Lumberers have done well this year, and, the stocks being small, and prices rising in Britain, the prospects for the next season are favourable. Fully more than the usual number of men have, therefore, been sent into the woods, with supplies to correspond. The only drawback is the very high price of mess pork; but there is some compensation for this in the low price of flour. An important feature in the sawed lumber trade this year is a greatly increased direct exportation to South America. This trade used to go through American ports, and to be loaded with all the tolls, charges, and profits of that route. Now that it goes, to a large extent, direct, the profit of the Canadians engaged in it is, we understand, very satisfactory.

REVENUE OF GREAT BRITAIN.

The revenue of the United Kingdom from Customs, for the year ended September 30, 1869, was £22,331,000, against £22,590,000 last year, showing a slight falling off. The amount derived from every other source shows an increase, making the excess of revenue over last year about three millions of pounds. In view of the frequent complaints of dullness in trade from that quarter, this is a most satisfactory result. It shows that notwithstanding a steady reduction of duties, the commerce of the kingdom is expanding so rapidly as to keep the revenue rising every year to a still higher point.

THE HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

The London *Railway News* says:—"We are informed that the directors of the Hudson's Bay Company will, at the meeting to be held next month, recommend the distribution of the sum of £300,000 received from the government of Canada among the shareholders, which will give a distribution at the rate of £3 per share. It is also stated that the dividend to be declared for the present half-year will be at the rate of at least two shillings per share more than for the corresponding half of last year. The report will show very satisfactory results of the trading operations of the company."

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Meeting of Parliament.—The Toronto "Leader" states that the Dominion Parliament will meet on the 15th February, and that a short session is anticipated.

First Page.—On our first page, this evening, will be found the following, viz.:—"A Lord Chased by Bailiffs;" "Putting up Stoves—A Seasonable Subject;" and "A Modern Fagin."

Prince Arthur's Indian Name.—The curious in such matters will be interested to learn that Prince Arthur's Indian name is "Karakondye," and not "Kavakondge," as at first supposed. He is a chief of the Wolf tribe, and his name signifies "Flying Sun." So says Chief John Smoke Johnston, of the six Nations, and he ought to know.

Arrival of the "City of Quebec."—The Quebec and Gulf Ports Steamship Co's str. City of Quebec, Capt. Connell, from Pictou, &c., arrived in port at 6 a.m. on Saturday, with 27 cabin, 65 steerage passengers, and a general cargo. Capt. C. reports having encountered a heavy gale on the night of Wednesday, the 13th, on the passage down.

Earthquake.—An earthquake shock passed over the northern territory of the States on Friday last, taking in its course Massachusetts, New Hampshire, and Maine, and extending as far as New Brunswick. No damage is reported. We have been informed that the shock was distinctly felt in this city a few minutes after five o'clock the same morning.

"Paddle your own Canoe."—A gentleman who came in the same steamer with the Prince from the Nation River, says that His Royal Highness had to paddle his own canoe three miles to reach the boat. The party had killed five deer, of which the Prince had shot one. He was very affable with the passengers on board the boat, and though he was not expected by the people at the different landings, he met with a most hearty reception at each.

Fire at Montreal.—We learn that yesterday two churches were destroyed by fire at Montreal. They are said to be, the beautiful cut-stone edifice, known as the St. Andrew's Church, of which the Rev. Alex. Mathieson, D.D. is Pastor, and the Church of the Messiah (Unitarian) of which the Rev. J. Cordner is Pastor. The latter church was situate at the corner of Beaver Hall hill and Lagauchetiere street, and St. Andrew's Church was close to it.

Political Changes.—The *Leader* says—Information in our possession leads us to believe that Mr. Alexander McKenzie is going to resign his seat at Lambton, in consequence of ill health, and that Mr. George Brown will run for that constituency, with a view of having a seat in the House of Commons next session. It was currently rumoured on Saturday that the Hon. Mr. Dunkin is to retire from the Local Cabinet, to accept the more lucrative position of a Federal Minister. Mr. Robertson of Sherbrooke has been named as his successor.

Infringement of the Coasting Laws.—Considerable excitement, says the Montreal News, exists among business circles here in consequence of the "Washington," a United States freight propeller from the Upper Lakes, loading a cargo of flour at this port for delivery at the Lower Provinces. Our coasting laws strictly forbid foreign vessels the right of taking freight in Canadian ports for any other port of the Dominion, and we believe the Collector, until otherwise instructed, refused to grant the "Washington" a clearance.

COUNCIL OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

A public meeting of leading members of St. Patrick's Cchurch was held yesterday after morning service, in the hall of the St. Patrick's Catholic and Literary Institute, the object of which was explained as follows, by the Rev. Mr. McGauran:—He stated that the composition of the Council of Public Instruction for the Province of Quebec, recently appointed, was so manifestly unjust to the English speaking Catholics of this city and district, as to create a very considerable amount of dissatisfaction. As all were aware, this Council was composed of 15 Catholic and 7 Protestant members, and of the 15 Catholic members but two might be said to represent the English speaking Catholics, and they were both taken from Montreal—Rev. Mr. Dowd and Hon. T. Ryan—and, though both gentlemen, he felt sure would worthily represent them on the Board, still the English speaking Catholics here felt that they were slighted in having not a single one from this district appointed, though they were a third and a very influential third of the Catholic population. Remonstrances were privately made to the Government on the subject, but without effect, and he had at length yielded to the solicitations of many influential members of the congregation to convene a public meeting on the subject, when he found that no layman would undertake to do so. He felt all the more in doing so, as there was nothing political attached to the movement, it being simply a grievance to be dealt with by the English speaking Catholics of the city and district.

John Roche, Esq., Mayor of the Municipality of St. Columba, was then called to the chair, and M. F. Walsh, Esq., City Book-keeper, requested to act as Secretary. The following resolutions were then unanimously adopted:

1. Moved by John Lane, jr., Esq., seconded by Edward Coveney, Esq., J.P., and unanimously

Resolved,—That we have seen, by the Quebec Official *Gazette* of the 14th August last, that His Excellency the Lieut.-Governor, was pleased to appoint, on the 5th of the same month, the Council of Public Instruction for the Province of Quebec.

2. Moved by J. C. Nolan, Esq., seconded by Patrick Shee, Esq., and unanimously

Resolved,—That, although constituting as we do, fully one-third of the entire Catholic population of the city, we regret to find ourselves without a representative amongst the fifteen members forming the Catholic portion of the Council; that we avail ourselves of this opportunity to express our deep disappointment at finding ourselves so completely ignored, and so respectfully demand redress in the premises.

3. Moved by Joseph Archer, Senior, Esq., seconded by John Giblin, Esq., J.P., City Councillor, and unanimously

Resolved,—That a memorial based on the foregoing resolutions be prepared, and when signed by the Chairman and Secretary on behalf of this meeting, transmitted to His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor.

4. Moved by Henry O'Connor, Esq., seconded by John O'Leary, Esq., and unanimously

Resolved,—That a Committee, consisting of the mover and seconder of the resolutions, together with the Secretary, be and are hereby appointed to prepare the said memorial.

The Committee then retired, and, after a short interval, submitted a draft of the memorial, which was adopted by acclamation.

5. Moved by E. G. Cannon, Esq., N. P., seconded by Edwd O'Doherty, Esq., and unanimously

Resolved—That our thanks are due and hereby tendered to our Reverend Pastor, the Rev. B. McGauran, for the manner in which he has acceded to the wishes of the congregation, in affording them an opportunity of giving expression to their feelings, by convening the present meeting.

6. Moved by Wm. Convey, Esq., City Councillor, seconded by Wm. Delany, Esq., and unanimously.

Resolved,—That when this meeting adjourns, it do stand adjourned to the call of the Chairman.

7. Moved by P. M. Partridge, Esq., seconded by Henry Martin, Esq., and unanimously

Resolved,—That the Chairman do now leave the chair, and that Michael Connolly, Esq., be requested to take the same.

8. Moved by John Dunn, jr., Esq., seconded by M. O'Leary, Esq., and unanimously

Resolved.—That the thanks of the meeting are due, and are hereby tendered to John Roche, Esq., for his conduct in the chair.

The meeting then adjourned.

Another meeting, on the same subject, and for the same purpose, was held at St. Columba of Sillery yesterday.

"COMMODORE" HIGGINS.

The New York Commercial Advertiser takes this doughty gentleman down, as follows:—

"Commodore" Higgins, of the privateer Cuba, is a man of pluck, if not judgment. His temerity is even theatrical. We judge that he would not miss the chance for a "splurge" on any account. When the United States Marshal at Wilmington demanded the surrender of the ship, under a libel filed in the Admiralty Court, Higgins' bosom is said to have swelled with indignation, and with one hand upon his heart and the other upon his sword hilt, he swore a mighty oath that he would not surrender to any such a man as the Marshal. General Scott himself, with all his lofty vanity and self-importance, could not have done it better. But Higgins is unknown to fame. His is not one of those few immortal names that were not born to die, and if the Marshal had clapped a pair of handcuffs upon the rampageous "commodore," he would have assisted him to a most useful lesson of humility. Where did this puissant mariner get his commission from? In the name of what king, president, emperor, or Council of Ten, does he claim the privilege of hoisting himself by his own boot-straps into the dignity of a "commodore," and of yielding up his sword only to an officer of the United States Navy? By whose authority does he turn the deck of the Cuba into a stage for the performance of cheap comedy, and smite his manly breast in ludicrous rivalry of George Fox? And lastly, who, and what are you, Higgins, any how?

"INTERVIEWING."

Unless an end is made of this impudent business, strangers of celebrity will avoid visiting America as surely as if Carlyle's stigma were indeed valid—as if we were in sober truth an aggregate of thirty million bores. A single bore is a visitation sufficiently appalling. Men flee from him as Tam o'Shanter fled from the Warlocks, or Orestes from the Furies. But how escape the onset of a legion? What refuge can one seek when they swarm about him "in multitudes like which the populous North "poured never from her frozen loins?" If any one thinks the experience a light one, let him go and get celebrated and try it; we predict that he will lose flesh by the operation.

Poor Father Hyacinthe would never have come to America for the sake of peace if he had known the habits of the typical New-York reporter. The spies of the French police are not more persevering and ubiquitous than the Bohemians who have haunted him since Monday afternoon. Every step, every motion, every casual expression, everything that he has eaten and drunk, everything that he has read, every person whom he has seen, is set forth every morning in some of our city journals, for the gratification of an impertinent curiosity. But now a terror has been added to his situation, and a new misery to human life. The reporters of *The World* have undertaken to tell Father Hyacinthe all about religion, and philosophy, and things, and *The World* has undertaken to print their very valuable remarks. On Tuesday, for instance, one of the many eminent divines employed by our contemporary in the reporting line, instructed the distinguished Carmelite in the history and condition of religion in America, analyzed the character of the late Archbishop Hughes, kindly explained the meaning of Positivism and its relation to natural science, and informed the reverend father that there were only five religious sects in New-York, namely, branches of the English and Dutch churches, Methodists, Baptists, and Presbyterians. Then he rebuked Father Hyacinthe for inconsistency, wanted to know what he meant by such conduct, and politely remarked that "it was to "stultify oneself to say that abuses and in-"fallibility can exist side by side." Of course we don't object to having this kind of thing. It is very precious, we know, and not to be got for the asking; but since Father Hyacinthe seems to have taken no part in the conversation, why should not the reporter hereafter kindly spare that gentleman the bother of an interview, and the next time he has anything to say just say it to the bed-post?—[N. Y. Tribune.]

SHERIFF'S SALES OF LANDS IN QUEBEC, DURING NOVEMBER.

Janet Baird vs. William Hossack—Executor Estate Ebenezer Baird.—A lot of ground and house thereon, situate in the city of Quebec, Lower Town, between old market place and St. Peter Street, 40 feet front by 36 feet in depth, the said house 3 stories, with vaulted cellars. Sold in Sheriff's office, on the 8th Nov., at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Fançois X. Langevin vs. David Dodier.—An emplacement in St. John Suburbs, Richmond Street, 29 feet by 60 feet in depth, with wooden house thereon. Sold in Sheriff's office, on the 9th November, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Michael Hurley vs. Michael Huck.—A lot of ground situate in the Lower Town of Quebec, Champlain Street, Pres-de-Ville, 19½ feet in front running in depth from the street to the Cape, with a two story brick house thereon. Sold in Sheriff's office, on the 15th November, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

François C. Roy vs. Celina Leclerc, wife of Adolphe Debigaré.—A lot of land in St. Vallier Suburbs, Queen Street, No. 7, south side, 24 feet by 41 feet, with two story cut stone house thereon. Sold in Sheriff's office, on the 15th November, at ten o'clock in the morning.

Alexis Labreque vs. Louis Moisan.—1st. A lot of land in parish of St. Catherine, 1st range, ¾ of an arpent square, with house and stable. 2nd. Another lot in same parish, same range, of ¾ of an arpent front by 2 arpents 27 perches in depth. Sold at Church door of same parish, on the 23rd November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

The Honble. Isidore Thibaudeau vs. Alphonse Perrault.—1°. A farm situate in the first range of the parish of Deschambault, 2¼ arpents in front by 40 arpents, with house and other buildings thereon. 2° Three quarters of an arpent of ground in front by 38 arpents in depth, situate in the 2nd Range of the Parish of Deschambault. Sold at the Church door of the same Parish on the 23d November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Italian Kings.—The King of Italy's four predecessors all abdicated in favour of their successors, namely: Victor Amadeus I. in 1730, Charles Emanuel II. in 1802, Victor Emanuel I. in 1821, and Charles Albert in 1849; and it is rumored that this traditional policy will also be adopted by the Re Gallantuomo in favor of Prince Humbert.

FATHER HYACINTHE.

In company with a compagnon de voyage, Father Hyacinthe visited some of the public institutions of New York on Wednesday last, and in the afternoon sat for photographs at Brady's Gallery. The pastor of the Church of the Immaculate Conception in Boston (French Catholic) called during the day in company with other gentlemen from Massachusetts. Father Hyacinthe has expressed an earnest wish to be left to himself, as he does not wish for public notice, and the numerous visitors seriously interfere with his plan of becoming thoroughly acquainted with the city and its inhabitants. On his return from his projected journey through the different States and Canada, the Reverend Father expects to give a course of lectures, the subject of which is not yet known.

FATHER HYACINTHE AND THE AMERICAN CATHOLICS.

The New York *Tablet* contains the following editorial remarks upon "The New Luther," and all other Catholic papers that we have seen adopt substantially the same tone:—

If he has come or shall come here expecting to find sympathy among Catholics with the views expressed in his Letter to the General of his Order, he is destined to a woful disappointment. Catholics in this country are, in general, believers in republican government, and ardent defenders of civil liberty and the freedom and independence of the Church; but they are equally stern defenders of the Divine authority of the Church to teach and govern all men and nations in all things pertaining to the spiritual duties, relations, and end of man. They are too well acquainted with Protestantism to have sympathy with any Protestant or anti-Catholic tendencies. The American Catholics who he may have regarded as working for the ends he proposed to himself, he will find to behind none in their sincere and earnest censures of his spirit and conduct. The distinguished American Catholic on whom he may have counted, since he is held by Protestants to be a Liberal Catholic, assured us personally, nearly two years ago, that he feared for Pére Hyacinthe, whose views were very unsound, and who was evidently yielding to tendencies the nature of which he did not understand, and which, if not resisted in time, would lead him out of the Church. This is a poor country for shaky, especially renegade, Catholics. If Père Hyacinthe comes here expecting to induce any considerable number of Catholics, or even a single Catholic, to accept him as a leader, or to follow him in his most intemperate and silly attacks on the authority of the Church, he will find that he has come on a fool's errand. If he comes as a Protestant seeking sympathy and glorification from the enemies of the Church, he will no doubt be welcomed, but not with much warmth or respect; for they see that he comes without any following, and has only his bare self to offer them. They already see that by leaving the Church he has lost his power to serve them, and that they have no further use for him.

AN ITALIAN ULTRAMONTANE JOURNAL ON FATHER HYACINTHE.

The *Unita Cattolica* (Ultramontane) makes the following comments on Father Hyacinthe's letter:—

We have been profoundly afflicted, but not surprised, at the news that Father Hyacinthe wrote a letter on Sept. 20, and had it published on the following day, before it could have reached his superior, to whom it was addressed. In this letter Father Hyacinthe declares: 1. That he will leave the pulpit of Notre Dame because he cannot employ "a language perverted by dictation or mutilated by reticence." 2. That he will leave "his convent," which has become "a prison of the soul." 3. That he protests against maxims and practices called Roman, but which are not Christian. 4. That he also protests against "the sacrilegious perversion of the Gospels trampled under foot by the pharisaism of a new law." 5. He appeals to the council for a remedy. 6. Finally, if the council does not decide in the sense of the writings of Father Hyacinthe, he will appeal from it to another council "representing the Universal Church." This letter, we have said, does not surprise us. When we read his over liberal and often extemely unguarded addresses, and recall that in the name of tolerance he did not hesitate to place the habit of St. Theresa in contact with the cloth of Protestantism and Jewish rationalism; when at the Peace Congress held at Paris in June, he said "that there was place under the sun of the civilized world only for three religions—the Jewish, Catholic, and Protestant," which was to crucify Jesus Christ between two thieves; when he delivered a discourse so liberal as to cause Martin Paschoud, a Protestant pastor, to say, "I do not know that I am a Catholic, but I know nothing if you are not a Protestant," and received the praise and felicitations of Michel Chevalier, a Saint Simonian, of Molinari, an admirer of Quinet, and of the "Journal des Debats," the "Temps," and the "Opinion Nationale, and finally, when on going to Rome, he wished to honor the Chamber of Deputies at Florence with his presence before placing himself at the feet of the Pope. Under all these circumstances we had reason for great fears, and awaited in expectancy and trembling. We remained silent, although provoked by an article in "The Correspondent" of June 25, which recalled how Father Hyacinthe included us in the press "which called itself Catholic and forgot to be Christian," and styled us hypocritical writers and even worse. Would that Father Hyacinthe had continued to write and speak against us, but he found us unworthy of his anger and aspired higher. There was too much vanity and pomposity in the words of the poor monk, and he appeared to us to preach of himself. His sermons and influence may have been sufficient to do harm, but now that he has shown what he was, all danger has disappeared. The two Italian journals who held him to be an authority in the Church and quoted him as such, dare not do so hereafter, and if they are animated with an honest spirit, as we believe them to be, they will reflect on the point to which liberal Catholicism tends.

THE RELIGIOUS SITUATION IN ROME.

A letter from Rome, of the 20th ult., referring to Father Hyacinthe's letter and the approaching Council, says:—

The Roman journals have been silent on this grave incident, and continue so, which must be only in consequence of a Government command. No one yet knows what course the Pope will take. Some weeks ago it was said that he was inclined to use conciliation. It is stated that the Ultramontane party, being excited, has used energetically all its influence on the mind of the Holy Father, and that he is more than ever determined to remain firm to the principles of the syllabus. The protest, however, of Father Hyacinthe is not an isolated fact. It has been preceded by the address of the Bishop of Treves, which is sustained by the approval of M. Montalembert. Then came the manifesto from the Bishops at Fulda, and finally the remarkable work of Mgr. Maret, Bishop of Sura. All these documents express, with more or less emphasis, the same sentiments; and it is believed here that they may exercise a favorable influence on the disposition of the Pope and the resolutions of the Council.

Important to Shoemakers.—An invention has been completed for rounding, moulding, channeling, and stamping shoe soles. The sole is first pressed into shape and stamped with the figure denoting its size by being forcibly clamped between two dies worked by a lever. The rounding and channeling tools are then successfully brought into action through suitable appliances. The channel is formed in such a manner that none of the leather is removed, the channel being opened merely by pressure, so that when the stitching is completed the leather may be forced back, and the channel filled up without the use of cement. It is claimed for the apparatus that with it one man can do the work for which three men are required under the ordinary system.

THE PRINCESS ROYAL IN PRUSSIA.

A letter from Berlin contains the following curious passage, subject to correction, but not uninteresting to English readers:—"It appears that in these last reviews there constantly rode by the side of the old monarch (William of Prussia) the wife of the heir to the throne, who, in her capacity of chief of the 2nd Hussars, wore a hussar uniform, adapted to her sex. A few details about this Princess, who one day will exercise a certain influence on the destinies of Prussia, will not be uninteresting. A daughter of the Queen of England, she has naturally been educated in a strong attachment to English institutions, and it is said that the Prince, her husband, shares her political ideas. The Princess has something masculine (?) in her physiognomy, which is animated and intelligent; dignity is the principal characteristic of her bearing; the future Queen of Prussia is fond of riding and hard exercise, and even, it is said, of hunting. She is very well informed and quite free from the prejudice which suggested to Molière his comedy of "Les Femmes Savantes." She is not ashamed to summon around her learned men of all kinds to enlighten her on questions which her womanly intelligence, unassisted, might be unequal to master; the moral and political sciences seem to have for her a special attraction. The hereditary Prince seems to differ from her a little in this respect. While the wife's *salon* is the rendezvous of eminent men of all categories, he remains a little apart and perhaps is not of opinion that a man probably destined to reign and not to govern is bound to study the arid science, which consists in rendering nations happy. Finally, the Liberal party in Prussia have strong hopes on the succession of Princess Victoria and her husband to the throne.

THE LEGEND OF THE ASSUMPTION OF THE VIRGIN.

The Assumption of the Virgin, it is said, is one of the dogmas to be proclaimed at the approaching Œcumenical Council. The London *Times* gives the following legend on which it is founded:—

"Two years after the Ascension of Christ (but even here at the outset we are met by discrepancies as to date in the various versions), an angel appeared to the Virgin, bearing a palm-branch, saying, 'Hail, Mary, full of grace, God is with thee. On the third day from this thine assumption shall come to pass: thy son expects thee in the midst of the angels.' And she begged that all the Apostles might be summoned near her. The angel promised it and departed amid great radiance. And all of a sudden wherever the Apostles were, even to the ends of the earth, John in Ephesus, and Simon in Rome and Paul in Tiberias, and Thomas in India, and Matthew in Berytus, and Bartholomew in Armenia, &c., they were lifted up by a cloud and brought to the door of Mary. And when they had all prayed, there arose at the third hour of the third day a great commotion and earthquake, and Christ descended in a cloud with hosts of angels, and Michael took Mary's soul into Paradise. Next the Apostles went to bury the body, while a great light shone around them, singing, "When Israel went forth from Egypt.' But while they went to the Valley of Jehoshaphat a certain Jew came out of the town and began to abuse them, and to take hold of the bier, whereupon his hands clung to it and he could not remove them, suffering great agonies, while the angels in the clouds struck the people with blindness. He is then converted, seeing the miracle, and is healed, having kissed the bier, and the palm-branch is given to him that he might remove the blindness from the eyes of the people; and when they had buried her and closed the vault, Christ appeared again, and asked the Apostles what they thought He ought to do for the Virgin. Whereupon they counselled Him that, as He had taken her soul, He should also take her body. And this was done. Michael rolled the stone from the mouth of the tomb, and Mary sprang forth and blessed the Lord, and He kissed her; and as she rose Heavenwards she threw her girdle down to St. Thomas, who had been saying Mass in India, and who had suddenly been transported to Mount Olivet. He kissed it and took it to the Apostles, who were still assembled at her now empty tomb. They would not at first believe that he had seen her rise to Heaven, but when they saw the girdle they were convinced. Then the same cloud which had carried the Apostles from their different places took them up and transported them to their different places, even as Abacue, the prophet, carried the food to Daniel in the lion's den, and was carried back to Judæa.'

"One MS. concludes thus, after stating that the author was 'Joseph, who placed the body of Christ in my sepulchre and have seen and spoken with Him after His resurrection.' . . . . 'and let every Christian know that he who has this book by him or in his house, whether he be an ecclesiastic, or a layman, or a woman, the Devil will not hurt him; his son will not be a lunatic, or a demoniac, or deaf, or blind. In his house there will be no sudden death. Whosoever shall read this "sermon" shall be saved.'

"And this is the basis of the dogma of the Assumption to be solemnly proclaimed, if all goes well, perchance yet in this year of grace, 1869, as one of the means to restore universal peace and good will among men, and to remove all evils 'both from the Church and the world."

GENERAL NEWS ITEMS.

Ridiculous Extravagance.—The Empress Eugenie's yacht is fitted up in the most costly manner, with a golden eagle at the bow, and three ridges of gold round the hull, which make it look like a floating boudoir. Anyone can see at a glance that it was made to please a lady's eye. It will conduct the Imperial tourist to Athens on her departure from Venice.

Increase of Cretinism in Switzerland.—Cretinism in Switzerland appears to be on the increase rather than the decline. According to official reports there were in the commencement of the year 1868, among the 2,032,119 inhabitants of the 19 confederate Cantons, 3,431 cretins (Trottel). The number of the insane is calculated to be 6,258; so that in every 202 inhabitants one falls in those categories.

The Murats.—Prince Louis Murat enters the French Navy as a common sailor, and is about to sail for the West Indies before the mast. The founder of his family began life in the ranks of the Army, but before being transferred to Naples, vice Joseph promoted to Madrid, he held the post of Lord High Admiral. It is probably this souvenir which has tempted the youthful Prince Louis to swing his hammock on board a ship in the Imperial Navy.

A New Toy.—A new toy has made its appearance—one of those which amuse big children as well as small. Its sale in Paris is fabulous, in London very moderate. In France it is called *Menagez moi jeune homme;* in England it has no special name as yet. It is a tube made of osier, into which one can easily introduce a finger at each end. But the fingers once in it is very difficult to get them out. It is impossible to get them out by pulling, for the harder one pulls the more does the tube contract and tighten on the finger. It thus forms an amusing species of handcuff.

A Sermon in Stone.—The Princess Elizabeth, daughter of Charles I., lies buried in St. Thomas', Newport, in the Isle of Wight. A beautiful marble monument, erected by Queen Victoria, records in a touching way the manner of her death. She languished in Carisbrook Castle during the unhappy Commonwealth wars, a prisoner, alone, and separate from all the companions of her youth, until death set her free. She was found dead one day, with her head leaning on the Bible, open at the words—"Come unto me all ye that labour and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest." The monument in Newport Church records the fact. It consists of a female figure reclining her head on a marble book, with the text already cited engraved on the book.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

CABLE TELEGRAMS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

London, Oct. 22.—A large meeting of the clergy was held at Dublin yesterday, Archbishop French presiding. It was decided by a large majority that the laity have a right to decide upon matters of doctrine and discipline.

Falmouth, Oct. 22.—The ship Athlete, which sailed from New York, Sept. 16th, for Antwerp, was abandoned at sea. All hands were saved and landed at this port to-day.

London, Oct. 23.—The recent reply of the Right Hon. Mr. Gladstone to the President of the Limerick Amnesty Association, on the subject of the course of the Government towards the imprisoned Fenians, has caused considerable discussion. The London Amnesty Association has protested against the sentiments of the Premier. A committee appointed by this body had arranged for a monster open-air demonstration on Sunday, but the meeting is likely to be indefinitely postponed, as it has transpired that the Government would suppress it if attempted.

Earl Derby, who has been very ill for a week or two, died this morning. He was 70 years old.

The London Morning Standard, in an editorial to-day, protests against the election of Frederick Temple as Bishop of Exeter on account of his suspicious heterodoxy.

One length of the new cable designed to connect Havana with the Island of Jamaica has just been completed.

FRANCE.

Paris, Oct. 22.—It is asserted that numbers of Deputies propose to introduce a law at the next session of the Corps Legislatif to annul the decree of '52, confiscating the property of the Orleans Princes.

The Patrie reports that the Ultra-Radicals are visiting the workshops and urging men to take part in the demonstration of the 26th instant.

The Presse says that a revolutionary committee in Paris has warned the workmen in the provinces that on the 26th of the present month there will be a general up-rising in the city. The Radical journals do not approve of the proposed demonstration.

It is rumored that Ledru Rollin, Felix Pijat, Victor Hugo, Louis Blanc, and other extreme Radicals, will come forward as candidates for the Corps Legislatif in supplementary elections soon to be held in Paris.

A duel was fought to-day between the Count de Beaumont and the Duke of Fitzjames. The latter was dangerously wounded.

Paris, Oct.22.—A despatch from Cairo to-day, announces the arrival of the Empress in that city. She was well received.

It is now certain that none of the Deputies will go to the Chamber on the 26th instant, as was at first contemplated by the members of the opposition.

The military are collecting in Paris in view of the threatened irregular meeting of the Corps Legislatif on the 29th instant.

An Imperial manifesto is expected.

The Orleanists are active.

It is thought that a crisis may restore Rouher to the Cabinet.

The strike which originated with the merchants' clerks is rapidly spreading among all classes of workmen.

SPAIN.

Madrid, Oct. 22.—Indications now are that the Duke of Montpensier will be a successful candidate for the throne of Spain.

The country is generally tranquil.

Senor Ozense, a celebrated Republican leader in the Cortes, has been arrested.

The Press strongly urges the immediate election of a King, and suggests the election of Espartero to the throne for life, and the designation of the Duke of Genoa as his successor in the Cortes.

The question of ordering the elections for the deputies, to supply the places of those who joined the insurgents, is now under consideration.

Madrid, Oct. 23.—The country is tranquil.

The Bishop of Alhama and several Protestants have been arrested at Granada.

Albaida, who was suspected of implication in the recent insurrection, has been arrested by the authorities and taken to Valencia for trial.

The Spanish Cabinet is divided on the subject of a candidate for the throne.

AUSTRIA.

Trieste, Oct 22.—The insurrection at Cattara, in Dalmatia, has been suppressed, but not without blood-shed. A conflict took place on the arrival of the troops. The insurgents made a desperate resistance, but were totally defeated. Order is now completely restored.

EGYPT.

Alexandria, Oct. 22.—The Empress Eugenie arrived here from Constantinople at a late hour last evening.

Alexandria, Oct. 22.—The ceremonies on the occasion of the successful completion of the Suez Canal will be interesting. The following is the programme:—The fetes will begin at Poetsaid on the 16th November, the vessels forming the fleet will proceed to Ismaella the next day, and remain there till the 18th, and will go through to Suez on the 19th, where the proceedings will be ended on the following day.

HAYTI.

Port-au-Prince, Oct. 22.—News from the North is unfavorable for the Government.

There has been an engagement in the vicinity of Cape Haytien between Salnave's two war steamers, Salnave and Alexandre Petion, and the two rebel steamers Quaker City and Florida, resulting disastrously to the first named vessels. Subsequently the Quaker City commenced bombarding Fort Picolete, one of the defences of the harbor of Cape Haytien. It is feared that the next arrival from the North will bring intelligence that the town has been taken by the insurgents.

Ten or twelve days ago the price of gold stood at $18, Haytien money, for $1, specie. President Salnave threw the blame of the advance upon the shoulders of Government brokers, causing all of them to be arrested and thrown into prison, and sending some twenty of them to the army to serve as soldiers. These extreme measures had the effect of immediately bringing down the price of gold to $12, where it stands to-day.

CUBA.

Havana, Oct. 22.—Small bodies of rebels have made their appearance near Trinidad.

A skirmish took place between the insurgents and Spanish troops in Courtau, during which six insurgents were killed.

In Sierras, a small engagement took place between the Spanish and Cubans, during which the Cubans lost seven killed.

NEW PROVIDENCE.

Mail advices from Nassau state that the steamer Lillian, which sailed with an expeditionary force, has been captured by the British gun-boat Lapwing, and taken into Nassau, where the was released by the authorities, under the ruling of the Attorney General, that she could not legally be held.

SOUTH AMERICA.

A Lima letter of Sept. 27th, states there was great trepidation throughout South America. on account of the predicted tidal waves and earthquakes. The people were leaving their dwellings near the coast and camping in the mountains.

Terrific earthquakes are reported in Arequipa district, completely destroying the town of Chackas.

The Government of Peru has declined the proposition to allow African laborers to be introduced into the country.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

ARRIVED.—Oct. 22.

Ship Ottawa, Gillies, Port Glasgow, Aug 28, A Gilmour & Co, coals.

Oct. 23.

S S City of Quebec, Connell, Picton, &c, Quebec and Gulf Ports S S Co, mails, 92 pas and gen cargo.
Bark Deodar, Capp on, Malaga, Sept 17, for Montreal, fruits and wine.
Brig Congress, Smith, London, Aug 21, for Montreal, gen cargo.
Bark Loch-Lee, Bogue, Granton, Sept 21, coal.
Brig Susan, ——, Harbor Grace, fish and oil, for Montreal.
Schr Mary Cloutier, Labrador, (without), order, herrings, fish and oil.
—— Clara, LeBlanc, Malpeque, order, oysters.
—— Marco Paulo, Young, Hamilton, Coultourst & Macphie, lumber.

ENTERED FOR LOADING.—Oct. 22.

City of Ottawa, 885, Cardiff, Ross & Co, Hall's Booms.
Julia, 973, Liverpool, R R Dobell & Co, Bowen's booms.
Messenger, 247, Cork, A F A Knight, Spencer cove.
Sea Bird, 48, St Pierre, Miquelon, Price, Bros & Co, Benaud's wharf.

Oct. 23.

Lady Seymour, 907, London, C W Wilson & Co, Blais' booms.
Ella, 672, Hull, J Burstall, & Co, Adams' booms.

CLEARED.—Oct. 22.

S S Nestorian, Aird, Liverpool, Allans, Rae & Co.
Ship Ornen, Fredrikson, London, A F A Knight.
Bark Huron, Newman, Cardiff, J Connolly.
—— Delhi, Collins, Fleetwood, A F A Knight.
—— Liberty, Williams, Dundee, A Gilmour & Co.
Schr Swift, LeBlanc, Dalhousie, R Shaw & Co.
—— Mariner, Laundry, Esquimaux Pt., E Laudry.
—— Sea Star, LeBrun, do C LeBrun.

Oct 21.

Bark Champion, Cook, Greenock, James Maclaren & Co.
—— Boreas, Sweeney, Galway, A Gilmour & Co.
—— Earl of Elgin, Gibb, Port Glasgow, Benson & Co.
Brig Derwent, Temple, Highbridge Pill, A F A Knight.
Schr Thistle, Roy, Bathurst, N B, W H Jeffery & Co.

RAFTS ARRIVED AT QUEBEC.—Oct. 22.

D C Thomson, & Co, deals, Indian cove, (Gilmour's).
Sundry persons, deals, &c, and lathwood, sundry places.
Louis Vallerand, deals, St Nicholas.

Oct. 23.

M P Jordan's, red pine spars, Wolfe's cove.

BIRTHS.

At Fox River, Gaspe, on the 12th instant, the wife of Mr. R. M. Levine, of a son.

MARRIED.

On the 21st inst., at Trinity Church, Montreal, by the Revd. Canon Bancroft, D.D., assisted by the Revd. J. Desmoulin, M.A., J. Lane Notter, Esq., Staff Assistant Surgeon, of Carrigduve House, Co. Cork, Ireland, to Fannie, eldest daughter of J. D. McIlree, Esq., Inspector General of Hospit ls and Principal Medical Officer, Dominion of Canada.

On the 23rd inst., at St. Michael's Chapel, by the Revd. G. Vernon Housman, assisted by the Revd. Charles Hamilton, M.A., William Henry Parker, Captain in H. M. 1st Battalion 17th Regiment, to Annie, eldest daughter of Arthur Cruickshank Webster, Esq., and grand-daughter of the late Hon. Chief Justice Bowen.

At "Fern Leaf Cottage," County Stanstead, P. Q., by the Revd. Dr. James, assisted by the Revd. P. Mann, on the 12th inst., Alpheus Kimpton jr., Attorney-at-Law, to Betsey Mary, second daughter of James Wright, Esq., merchant, retired.

DIED.

On the 23rd instant, Elizabeth Stroud, aged 74 years, the beloved wife of Mr. Ralph Hunter.

On the morning of the 24th inst., after a lingering illness, which he bore with Christian fortitude. Mr. David Marshall, stevedore, aged 51 years.

At St. George d'Aubert Gallion, on the 24th inst., Anne Evelina, second daughter of the late Wm. Pozer, Esq.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FOR THROAT DISORDERS AND COUGHS,
Brown's Bronchial Troches are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy. They have been thoroughly tested, and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. These Lozenges are prepared from a highly esteemed recipe for alleviating Bronchial Affections, Asthma, Hoarseness, Coughs, Colds, and Irritation or Soreness of the Throat.
PUBLIC SPEAKERS AND VOCALISTS
will find them beneficial in clearing the voice before speaking or singing, and relieving the throat after any unusual exertion of the vocal organs, having a peculiar adaptation to affections which disturb the organs of speech. Sold at 25 cents per box, by all Dealers in Medicine.

A DOWN-TOWN MERCHANT,
Having passed several sleepless nights, disturbed by the agonies and cries of a suffering child, and becoming convinced that Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup was just the article needed, procured a supply for the child. On reaching home, and acquainting his wife with what he had done, she refused to have it administered to the child, as she was strongly in favor of Homœopathy. That night the child passed in suffering and the parents without sleep. Returning home the day following, the father found the baby still worse; and while contemplating another sleepless night, the mother stepped from the room to attend to some domestic duties, and left the father with the child. During her absence he administered a portion of the Soothing Syrup to the baby, and said nothing. That night all hands slept well, and the little fellow awoke in the morning bright and happy. The mother was delighted with the sudden and wonderful change, and although at first offended at the deception practised upon her, has continued to use the Syrup; and suffering, crying babies and restless nights have disappeared. A single trial of the Syrup never yet failed to relieve the baby, and overcome the prejudices of the mother. 25 cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists.
Be sure and call for
"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."
Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.
Rev. Sylvanus Cobb thus writes in the Boston Christian Freeman:—We would by no means recommend any kind of medicine which we did not know to be good—particularly for infants. But of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup we can speak from knowledge; in our own family it has proved a blessing indeed, by giving an infant troubled with colic pains quiet sleep, and its parents unbroken rest at night. Most parents can appreciate these blessings. Here is an article which works to perfection, and which is harmless; for the sleep which it affords the infant is perfectly natural, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." And during the process of teething is value is incalculable. We have frequently heard mothers say they would not be without it from the birth of the child till it had finished with the teething siege, on any consideration whatever.
Sold by all Druggists. 25 cents a bottle.
Be sure and call for
"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,
Having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.
"I have never changed my mind respecting them, from the first, excepting to think yet better of that which I began thinking well of."—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.
"For Throat Troubles they are a specific."
N. P. Willis.
"Contain no opium or anything injurious."
Dr. A. A. Hayes, Chemist, Boston.
"An elegant combination for Coughs"
Dr. G. F. Bigelow, Boston.
"I recommend their use to Public Speakers."
Rev. E. H. Chapin.
"Most salutary relief in Bronchitis."
Rev. S. Seigfried, Morristown, Ohio.
"Very beneficial when suffering from Colds."
Rev. S. J. P. Anderson, St. Louis.
"Almost instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."—Rev. A. C. Eaglesfield, New York.
"They have suited my case exactly—relieving my throat so that I could sing with ease."—T. Ducharme,
Chorister, French Parish Church, Montreal.
☞ As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine.

SUFFERERS WITH DYSPEPSIA,
Whose stomachs digest slowly, imperfectly, and with sensations which pen cannot describe, whose whole system do penance under the infliction of the rebellious member—try, merely try, Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills. As surely as you do so, your living martyrdom will be speedily exchanged for ease. You will forget that you have a stomach, save when the appetite, created by this genial stomachic cathartic, reminds you that the reinvigorated organ requires a supply of sustenance. There will be no more oppression after eating, pain in the right side, nightmare, or constipation. In all cases arising from, or aggravated by impure blood or humors, Bristol's Sarsaparilla should be used in connection with the Pills. 410

MURRAY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER.
All the finest perfumes are obtained from tropical flowers, and of these essences of the Aromatic Flora of the Tropics, this is one of the most permanent, pure and delicious. It imparts to the breath a pleasant fragrance, when used to rinse the mouth at the morning toilet, and neutralizes the taint of the cigar. Gentlemen who, in spite of the present passion for beards, have still a prejudice in favor of the razor, will find that this delightful toilet water exempts them from the usual penalty of shaving—smarting and tenderness of the abraded chin. ☞ See that the names of "Murray & Lanman" are upon every wrapper, label, and bottle; without this none is genuine. ☞ 184

MURRAY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER.
Tastes are various in relation to perfumes as to wines. All gourmets, however, admire the Cliquot Champagne. And ladies of taste and refined perceptions admit that the fragrance of Murray & Lanman's Florida Water surpasses that of every other floral essence. In South America it is the only perfume in use, and although recently introduced into this market, it is in equal favor with our fair countrywomen. It is prepared from fresh flowers; but as the aromatic vegetation of Florida is more odoriferous than that of Europe, the Florida Water (bearing the above trade-mark) has decidedly a richer odor than any European extract. ☞ See that the names of "Murray & Lanman" are upon every wrapper, label, and bottle; without this none is genuine. ☞ 182

MURRAY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER.
Ladies being the "precious porcelain of human clay," are entitled to all the elegant luxuries which art, stimulated by gallantry, can devise. Among those which pertain to the toilet, there is none that surpasses the one named at the head of this paragraph. Delicately fragrant, a beautifier of the complexion, excellent intermixed with water, as a mouth wash, as a cure for nervousness, faintness and hysteria, it deserves a place in the Materia Medica, as well as in the repertoire of the Toilet. To avoid the mortification of purchasing an inferior article, "Murray & Lanman's" Florida Water should always be asked for. 183

EVENING AUCTION SALES,

AT THE

Quebec Auction Rooms,

COMMENCE

THIS EVENING,

With a large quantity of Goods which MUST BE SOLD.

GREAT BARGAINS may be expected in

CLOTHS, TWEEDS,
DOESKINS, BEAVERS,
MELTONS, &c., &c.

—ALSO,—

New Made Clothes, Second-Hand Clothes, Glassware, Plated ware, China and Earthenware, and a great quantity of other goods too numerous to detail.

Sale EVERY EVENING at SEVEN o'clock.

PARKE & SONS,
Auctioneers,
No. 16, Fabrique Street.

☞ DAY SALES AT VERY REDUCED PRICES.

Quebec, Oct. 25, 1869.

LITTLE, BROWN & COMPANY,

PUBLISH THIS DAY:

PARKMAN'S

DISCOVERY OF THE GREAT WEST.

8vo. Cloth. $2.50.

JUVENTUS MUNDI!

The Gods and Men of the Heroic Age.

By the Rt. Hon. W. E. Gladstone.

Crown 8vo. Cloth. $2.50.

In this edition all the references to the Poems of Homer have been carefully verified, and nearly two hundred errors corrected.

October 25, 1869.

FURS.

RENFREW & MARCOU

WOULD call special attention to their large assortment of—

Ladies' Sealskin Jackets,
Astracan do
Persian Lamb do
Groche Muffs, Collars and Cuffs,
Gentlemen's Racoon Beaver and Wolf Coats,
Sleigh Robes, &c.

Manufactured from first-class Skins, all of which they are prepared to offer at special inducements to cash customers.

Buffalo Robes, Snowshoes and Moccasins.

Oct 25, 1869.

American Invoices--Discounts.

Customs Department,
Ottawa, Oct. 22nd, 1869.

AUTHORISED DISCOUNT on American Invoices, until further notice: 23 per cent.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

Quebec, Oct. 25, 1869.

Morrin College.

German and French Classes.

THE German Class will meet on Thursday, the 4th November, at Seven o'clock.

The French Class will meet on Friday, the 5th November, at the same hour.

Both Classes will be open to non-students. Fee for each class, $18, payable in advance.

Application to be made to the Principal, or to

M. MILLER,
Prof. of French and German,
College Court.

Quebec, Oct. 22, 1869.

Insolvent Act of 1869.

In the Matter of
LOUIS BOUFFARD, 2
An Insolvent.

THE CREDITORS of the INSOLVENT are notified to MEET at the Office of the undersigned, No. 17, St. Peter Street, Lower Town, Quebec, on WEDNESDAY, the TENTH day of NOVEMBER, at TWO P. M., for the public examination of the Insolvent, and the ordering of the affairs of the Estate generally.

WM. WALKER,
Official Assignee.

Quebec, 20th Oct., 1869.

New Chinese Wonder.

GRASS GROWING OUT OF BURNING PAPER, Perfumed.—Price, 5 Cents.

For sale by
MIDDLETON & DAWSON,
Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, Oct. 18, 1869.

CHOICE TOBACCOS.

50 BOXES No. 1 Prince of Wales,
50 do No. 2 Prince of Wales,
Now receiving, and for sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, Oct. 25, 1869.

COAL OIL.

200 BARRELS No. 1, Maple Leaf, now receiving and for sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, Oct. 25, 1869.

BRIGHT TOBACCOS.

50 CADDIES Sailor's Solace,
Now Receiving, and
For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, Oct. 22, 1869.

SALT.

BAGS FINE SALT,
Do Factory Filled Salt,
Do Coarse Liverpool Salt. } Ex-Store,
Or delivered on board cars at Point Levi.

For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, Oct. 22, 1869.

Refined Sugars.

100 BARRELS No. 2 Yellow
Now Receiving, and
For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Oct. 15, 1869.

English Refined Sugars.

100 BARRELS Crushed A Sugar,
100 do. Dutch Crushed.
Now Receiving, and
For sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Oct. 15, 1869.

FOR SALE.

THOSE extensive premises situated in ST. NICHOLAS STREET, foot of PALACE HILL, for many years occupied by Mr. WILLIAM EADON, as a General Hardware Store, comprising two (2) first-class Dwellings, in perfect order.

—ALSO,—

Two (2) SHOPS, a large YARD, a three-story stone STORE, and large wooden STORE.

☞ PRICE LOW, with EASY TERMS of PAYMENT.

For further particulars, apply to

JAMES PARKE & SONS,
Auctioneers,
No. 16, Fabrique Street, and
No. 1, Palais Harbour.

Quebec, Oct. 20, 1869.

QUEBEC
Auction Rooms,

16, FABRIQUE STREET.

For Sale,

A NUMBER of OIL PAINTINGS. FAVORITE SUBJECTS. Price Moderate.

Lovers of the fine arts will find this a favorable opportunity of becoming the owners of works of art so seldom offered for sale.

PARKE & SONS,
Auctioneers.

Quebec, Oct. 20, 1869.

GREAT
Clearing Sale
—OF—
DRY GOODS.

SELLING OFF!

TO

GIVE UP BUSINESS!

$70,000

Worth to be Sold before the First of May, at

P. LeRossignol's,

No. 10, St. John Street, without.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having decided to RETIRE FROM BUSINESS, will SELL his LARGE and WELL-ASSORTED STOCK of DRY GOODS at VERY LOW PRICES, consisting of—

Cloths.	Winceys, from 5½d upwards.
Tweeds.	Dress Goods, from 6d upwards.
Kerseymeres.	Grey Cotton, from 3½d upwards.
Pilot Cloths, from 2s 6d upwards.	Shirtings, from 4½d upwards.
Beaver Cloths.	Prints, from 5d upwards.
Moscows.	Pelerines.
Whitneys.	Sontags.
Seal Skin, from 2s 6d upwards.	Clouds.
Lamb Skin.	Silks.
Dog Skin.	Ribbons.
Otter Skin.	Feathers.
Flannels, from 10d upwards.	Flowers.
Blankets, from 6s 3d upwards.	Gloves.
Kerseys, from 1s 6d upwards.	Hosiery.
French Merinos, 1s 8d upwards.	Men's Under Shirts.
	Men's Drawers.
	Comforters.
	Silk Ties, &c, &c., &c.

And a variety of other Goods too numerous to mention—the most part having been lately received by the steamers Peruvian, Prussian, Nestorian and others—being the largest and best assorted Stock in the city, and bought on the most advantageous terms in the European markets.

The Sale will be continued until the First of January; and if the balance of Stock is not sold to private parties, will be continued until the whole is disposed of.

☞ *A Liberal Discount given to Country Merchants and others.*

Quebec, Oct. 18, 1869. 1m

ILLUSTRATED

London Almanac

MIDDLETON & DAWSON

HAVE JUST RECEIVED:

THE "ILLUSTRATED LONDON ALMANAC," for 1870, containing—
COLORED ILLUSTRATIONS,
TINTED ILLUSTRATIONS,
FINE-ART ILLUSTRATIONS, &c., &c.,
In addition to the usual Almanac matter.

—ALSO,—

The Minister's Wife, by Mrs. Oliphant.
David Elginbrod, by George Macdonald.
On the Edge of the Storm, by the author of Mademoiselle Mori."

A FURTHER SUPPLY OF
Lost Amid the Fogs, by Colonel McCrea.
Seven Curses of London, &c. &c. &c.

For sale by
MIDDLETON & DAWSON,
Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, Oct. 22, 1869.

New Music.

GALOP of the Period, by W. C. Lamont, Bandmaster, H. M. 69th Regt.

The Christine Waltz, by Dan. Godfrey, illustrated with a portrait of Mdlle. Christine Nillsson, Ophelia in Hamlet.

Prince Arthur Galop, by Henry Prince.

Reflets du Passé, Valse de Salon, by Gustave Gagnon.

—AND—

A large collection of new Songs, (English edition), by V. Gabriel, A. Sullivan, and others, received by last Steamer.

R. MORGAN,
Piano and Music Dealer,
St. John Street.

N. B.—The public are respectfully invited to call and inspect R. M's. large collection of Paintings, and English, German and American Chromo-Lithographs.

Quebec, Oct. 13, 1869.

Diaries for 1870.

JUST RECEIVED,

OFFICE and COUNTING HOUSE DIARIES for 1870, in a variety of styles and sizes.

—ALSO,—

An Assortment of Self-closing Perpetual DIARIES, suitable for the Merchant, Banker, or private use, and a great variety of Portemonaies and Pocket Books, at all prices.

For sale by
MIDDLETON & DAWSON,
Foot of Mountain Hill.

Quebec, Oct. 11, 1869.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

PARLIAMENT HOUSE.

PRIVATE BILLS.

PARTIES intending to make application to the Legislature of the PROVINCE of QUEBEC for PRIVATE or LOCAL BILLS, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, for regulating surveys or boundaries, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby NOTIFIED that they are required by the Rules of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly respectively, (which are published in full in the 'Quebec Official Gazette') to give TWO MONTHS' NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object,) in the "Quebec Official Gazette," in the French and English languages, and also in a French and an English newspaper published in the District affected, and to comply with the requirements therein mentioned, sending copies of the first and last of such Notices to the Private Bill Office of each House.

All Petitions for PRIVATE BILLS must be presented within the "first three weeks" of the Session.

BOUCHER DE BOUCHERVILLE,
Clk. Leg. Council.
G. M. MUIR,
Clk. Leg. Ass.

Quebec, Aug. 19, 1869. tpm

G. SEIFERT,

Has just received

A NEW ASSORTMENT

OF

LAZARUS, MORRIS & CO.'S CELEBRATED



PERFECTED SPECTACLES!

AND EYE GLASSES.

Mounted in Gold, Silver, Shell and Steel. A perfect fit guaranteed.

Sole Agent for Quebec,
G. SEIFERT,
27 St. John Street.

Quebec, Sept. 20, 1869.

Grand Desideratum.

The Patent Hammock Lounging Chair.

HOUSEHOLDERS of every class, invalids, tourists, and all those requiring comfort, and durability combined, should have one of the PATENT HAMMOCK LOUNGING CHAIRS, which are adjustable to any angle, and occupy only one and a half inch in space when not in use, and can be changed into a Couch or Child's Cot at will. Price $2.50 and upwards.

For sale by
W. DRUM,
St. Paul Street,
Quebec.
P.Q.

Quebec, Sept. 20, 1869.

PUBLIC SALE.

CIRCUIT COURT.

No. 2928.

JAMES REED & al,,
Plaintiffs;
vs.
JEAN BAPTISTE FORTIN,
Defendant.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that on the 3rd of NOVEMBER next, at 11 A.M., on the Upper Town Market, will be SOLD, the GOODS and CHATTELS of the Defendant, seized in this cause, by the undersigned.

JAMES O'DOHERTY,
B. S. C.

Quebec, Oct. 22nd, 1869.

FOR SALE,

—AT—

PARKE & SONS' STORE,

PALAIS HARBOUR,

AND

Quebec Auction Rooms,

NO. 16, FABRIQUE STREET.

NORTON'S Canadian Patent CHAMPION FANNING MILL. Prize Medal awarded at the Exposition of all Nations, Paris, 1867.

—ALSO,—

Washing Machines and Mangles.
All to be sold at reduced prices.

PARKE & SONS,
Auctioneers.

Quebec, Oct. 11, 1869.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that at the next Session of the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, application will be made by the inhabitants of the Townships of Tring, Forsyth, Adstock, and Shenley, in the County of Beauce, for an Act to divide the said Townships into separate Municipalities, to be called the Municipality of the Parish of St. Victor de Tring, the Municipality of the Parish of St. Ephrem de Tring, the Municipality of the Parish of St. Evariste de Forsyth, and the Municipality of the Township of Shenley.

October 11, 1869. 2m

For Sale,

At the Quebec Auction Rooms.

TWO (2) very splendid Silver Plated Counter Show Cases, in perfect order, and at a moderate price.

PARKE & SONS,
Auctioneers.

Quebec, Aug 4, 1869.

TAKEN BY MISTAKE.

ON the 4th instant, from the Counter of Messrs. Middleton & Dawson, a LADYS' BROWN SILK UMBRELLA. The party will oblige by returning it to this office.

Quebec, Oct. 6, 1869.

LABRADOR HERRINGS.

500 BRLS. Extra choice Factors Packing
100 half-brls do do
Now receiving, and for sale by
M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, Oct. 22, 1869.

NOTICE.

GLOVER & FRY.

EXPIRATION OF PARTNERSHIP.

IN consequence of our term of Partnership having expired, and in order to the liquidation of our affairs, we shall offer to the public

—ON—

MONDAY

Next, the 18th October,

THE WHOLE OF OUR

Stock-in-Trade,

—AT—

COST PRICES,

And in some cases,

MUCH UNDER COST.

The assortment and high character of the Stock has been fully maintained by large importations during the present season, in

New Fancy Goods,

AS WELL AS

STAPLE COTTONS,

LINENS AND WOOLLENS.

Thus the opportunity offered to the public is one rarely to be met with.

The sale applies to the goods in our Carpet and Furnishing Store, as well as in our General Store.

STRICTLY FOR CASH,

or for large amounts, short dated approved notes.

Our Store will be closed for the purpose of remarking the stock until MONDAY next.

GLOVER & FRY,
Upper Town.

N. B.—All parties indebted to us are requested to make immediate settlement; our books being closed from this date.

Quebec, Oct. 15, 1869.

Insolvent Act of 1869.

In the Matter of
ADOLPHE MICHAUD, 5
St. Simon, Rimouski,
An Insolvent.

THE CREDITORS of the INSOLVENT are NOTIFIED to MEET at the Office of the undersigned, No. 17, St. Peter Street, Lower Town, Quebec, on WEDNESDAY, the THIRD day of NOVEMBER, at TWO o'clock P. M., for the public examination of the Insolvent, and for the ordering of the Affairs of the Estate generally.

WILLIAM WALKER,
Official Assignee.

Quebec, 14th October, 1869. 2w

Insolvent Act of 1869.

In the matter of
J. B. BEDARD, 3
An Insolvent.

A FINAL DIVIDEND SHEET has been prepared, open to objection until the SECOND day of NOVEMBER, 1869, after which Dividend will be paid.

WM. WALKER,
Official Assignee.

Quebec, 15th October, 1869. 2w

HATS.

Paris Fashions

JUST RECEIVED,

PER STEAMER "GERMANY:"

4 *Cases Satin and Felt Hats,*

From the celebrated manufactory of

SAVILLE AND POUMAROUX, PARIS.

☞ Superior to anything hithero imported.

RENFREW & MARCOU.

Quebec, June 18, 1869.

Morrin College

SEVENTH SESSION.

PRINCIPAL—Rev. John Cook, D. D.

FACULTY OF ARTS.

CLASSICS—Rev. Geo. Weir, M. A.
MATHEMATICS—Hy. Miles, L.L.D.
LOGIC, ENGLISH LANGUAGE and LITERATURE—The Principal.
GERMAN AND FRENCH—M. Miller, Esq.
CHEMISTRY—Rev. Jas. Douglas, B. S.

FACULTY OF DIVINITY.

DIVINITY AND CHURCH HISTORY—The Principal
HEBREW—Rev. Geo. Weir, M. A.

THE Divinity and Art Classes will be opened on the FIRST WEDNESDAY, (the 3rd day) of NOVEMBER.

The Faculty of Arts is affiliated to McGill University, and examinations are held in Quebec, simultaneously with those held in Montreal, for the purpose of enabling Students to proceed to the respective degrees of B. A., and M. A.

There are two Scholarships, for Students of Divinity, one of $100 and one of $80. These will be determined according to testimonials of character and ability, which will be received till the 20th October.

Full information as to curriculum and fees can be obtained from the undersigned.

JOHN COOK, D. D.,
Principal.

Quebec, Sept 10, 1869.

PARKE & SONS,

AUCTIONEERS,

CONTINUE to effect AUCTION SALES of FURNITURE, REAL ESTATE, and all Goods entrustsd to them, upon the most reasonable terms, with PROMPT settlement of accounts,

10, *FABRIQUE STREET,*
Next door to Glover & Fry.

Quebec, April 7, 1869. 96

For Sale,

At the Quebec Auction Rooms.

A FINE OCTAVE HARMONIUM, in good order.

PRICE MODERATE.

PARKE & SONS,
Auctioneers.

Quebec, Sept. 10, 1869.

NEW FRUIT.

500 HALF-BOXES new crop Valentia Raisins, now receiving, and
M. G. MOUNTAIN.

Quebec, Sept. 15, 1869.

Dominion House!

GUAY & ROBITAILLE, Buade Street, Upper Town Market Square.

Cheap Sale of Dry Goods at the Dominion House!

GUAY & ROBITAILLE, Buade Street, Upper Town Market Square.



CUNARD LINE.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN N. York and Liverpool, calling at Cork Harbor.

Java,	leaves	Wednesday,	27th Oct.
Samaria,	"	Thursday,	28th "
Scotia,	"	Wednesday,	3rd Nov.
Palmyra,	"	Thursday,	4th "
Cuba,	"	Wednesday,	10th "
Aleppo,	"	Thursday,	11th "
China,	"	Wednesday,	17th "
Malta,	"	Thursday,	18th "
Russia,	"	Wednesday,	24th "
Tarifa,	"	Thursday,	25th "

RATES OF PASSAGE.

By the Wednesday Steamers, not carrying Steerage:

First Cabin.....$130 00, Gold.
Second Cabin.....$80 00, Gold.
First Cabin to Paris...$145 00, Gold.

By the Thursday Steamers:

First Cabin.....$80 00, Gold.
Steerage.....$30 00, Currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe, at lowest rates.

Through Bills of Lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp, and other ports on the Continent; and for Mediterranean ports.

For Freight and Cabin passage, apply at the Company's Office, 4 Bowling Green.

For Steerage passage, at 111 Broadway, Trinity Building.

CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN,
Agent.

Oct. 25, 1869.



MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO'Y.

1869. SUMMER. 1869.

PASSENGERS BOOKED TO LONDONDERRY, OR LIVERPOOL.

Return Tickets granted at Reduced Rates.

THIS COMPANY'S LINE is composed of the following First Class steamships:

Scandinavian,	3500 tons,	Building.	
Prussian,	3000 "	Capt.	Dutton.
Germany,	3250 "	"	Graham.
Austrian,	2700 "	"	Wylie.
Nestorian,	2700 "	"	Aird.
Moravian,	2650 "	"	Brown.
Peruvian,	2600 "	"	Ballantine.
Hibernian,	2434 "	"	Smith.
Nova Scotian,	2300 "	"	Watts.
European,	2640 "	"	Barclay.
NorthAmerican,	1784 "	"	Richardson

Carrying the Canadian and United States Mails.

Sailing from LIVERPOOL every THURSDAY, and from QUEBEC every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers from and to Londonderry.

Dates of sailing are as follows:—

FROM QUEBEC.

Prussian,	Saturday, Sept.	18,	1869.
Austrian,	"	25,	"
Moravian,	Oct.	2,	"
Hibernian,	"	9,	"
Peruvian,	"	16,	"
Nestorian,	"	23,	"

And every succeeding Saturday.

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM QUEBEC.
To Londonderry or Liverpool.

Cabin—$70 or $80, according to accommodation.
Steerage—$25.
Berths not secured until paid for.
☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.

A TENDER will leave the Napoleon Wharf every SATURDAY MORNING with Mails and Passengers, at 9 o'clock, precisely.

For further particulars apply to
ALLANS, RAE & CO.,
Agents.

Quebec, Sept. 15, 1869.



Montreal Ocean Steamship Co.

GLASGOW LINE.

SUMMER SERVICE.

THIS Company's GLASGOW LINE, is composed of the following FIRST-CLASS STEAMSHIPS:—

ST. DAVID,	1650 tons,	Capt.	Scott,
ST. ANDREW,	1432 "	"	Ritchie,
ST. PATRICK,	1207 "	"	H. Wylie,
DAMASCUS,	1300 "	"	Trocks,
OTTAWA,	1831 "	"	Archer.

Sailing from GLASGOW every TUESDAY via Kingstown, (Dublin,) Ireland; and from QUEBEC, direct to GLASGOW, every THURSDAY.

Dates of Sailing are as follows:—

ON OR ABOUT:

St. David,	Thursday, 23rd	Sept,	1869.
St. Andrew,	" 30th	"	"
St. Patrick,	" 7th	Oct.	"
Damascus,	" 14th	"	"

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM QUEBEC.

Cabin.....$60.00
Intermediate.....$40.00
Steerage.....$24.00

Intermediate Passengers by this Line are furnished by the Company with beds, bedding, and all other requisites.

☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel.

For further particulars, apply to
ALLANS, RAE & CO.,
Agents,
21 St. Peter Street.

Quebec, Sept, 20, 1869.

CANADA:
PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, } SUPERIOR COURT.
District of Quebec.

JULIE FRÉCHETTE, of St. Roch of Quebec, wife of GEORGE CYRILLE FRÉCHETTE, *alias* CYRILLE FRÉCHETTE, of the same place, Carpenter, Plaintiff;

vs.

The said GEORGE CYRILLE FRÉCHETTE, *alias* CYRILLE FRÉCHETTE, Defendant.

THE Plaintiff gives notice that on the SIXTEENTH of SEPTEMBER last she has instituted against the Defendant, an action in separation of bed and board, returnable before this court, the TWENTY-EIGHTH of the said month of SEPTEMBER last.

Quebec, 5th October, 1869.

F. X. FRENETTE,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

October 6th, 1869. 1m

German

MR. L. RITTER, formerly of the University of the Grand Duchy of Oldenburg, (Germany,) begs to announce that he has resumed TUITION in the above language.

For further particulars, apply by letter, Post Office, Quebec.

Quebec, Sept. 29, 1869. 1m

BE IT KNOWN

What is said by one who has tried

BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA.

Messrs. DEVINS & BOLTON,
Druggists, Montreal:

GENTLEMEN,—It is with the most grateful feelings that I give you the particulars of the cure effected upon me by the use of the **Bristol's Sarsaparilla** bought from you. A severe and painful rheumatism had troubled me for years, rendering my right arm almost useless, and, extending across my chest and down my back, made me unable to walk, and comparatively helpless, besides much pain in the side, from what my family doctor called liver disease. Mr. KENNEDY, my neighbor, on whom the **Bristol's Sarsaparilla** produced almost a miraculous cure, advised me to try a bottle or two. I did so, taking, at the same time, as directed by you, a couple of **Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills** occasionally.

I am now entirely recovered, free from pain of every kind, and feel as if I had taken a new lease of life. I can with confidence recommend the **Sarsaparilla** and the **Pills** to any one suffering with the same troubles.

MRS. CROSBY,
Dry Goods Store, St. Mary's St., Montreal.

Messrs. PICAULT & SON, Chemists and Druggists, No. 42 Notre-Dame Street, Montreal, have received the following testimony:

MONTREAL, C. E., *July* 31, 1863.

Messrs. Doctors Picault & Son.

Sirs,—This is to certify that for five years I was troubled with general debility, unable to perform any household duties, and suffering violently from palpitation of the heart. I was constantly under the influence of a chilly fever, and experiencing awful pain in my whole body. I tried every thing—sought medical advice—but all to no avail. Twelve months ago I was induced to try BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, and before I had taken two bottles, experienced a decided improvement; but my means not allowing me to continue its use, I was becoming worse again, when you kindly gave me a few bottles. It was the needed remedy, and its effect on my system was wonderful. I am now another woman; I feel well, eat well, and sleep well, and do all my work without the least fatigue. I cannot too strongly recommend this invaluable medicine to the suffering, and I have not the least doubt they will derive from it the same benefit as I have.

(Signed) ANGILE DANIEL,
Wife of CELESTIN COURTOIS,
95 *Visitation Street.*

I certify the above is the truth.
CELESTIN COURTOIS.

Sworn before me this *thirty-first day of July*, 1863.
J. BOULANGET,
Justice of the Peace.

IT IS ASTONISHING!

Still another grateful letter sent to Messrs. DEVINS & BOLTON, Druggists, next the Court-house, Montreal:—

Dear Sirs,—For years I have suffered severely from liver complaint, constant pain in the side, no appetite, intense drowsiness, and a sense of suffocation, compelling me at times to remain in bed for three or four days. For two years I was constantly taking medicine, under the advice of two of our best city physicians, without getting any relief. By their orders I spent the whole of last summer in the country, but without benefit. Last March I was advised by a friend, who knew its virtues, to try **Bristol's Sarsaparilla**, but I had lost confidence in every thing, and was fearful of getting worse. At last I did try it; its effect was most beneficial: my appetite returned; the heavy drowsiness left me; and my digestion became vigorous and healthy. I used in all twelve bottles, and am now as strong and well as any man could desire.

You are at liberty to make my case known to the public.

Yours, very truly,
J. H. KENNEDY,
Grocer and Dealer in Wines and Spirits.

No. 160 St. Mary Street, Montreal.

READ THIS!

Still another of our well-known and highly respectable neighbors has come forward, under a sense of duty, and made the following statement:—

ST. CONSTANT, DIST. OF LAPRAIRIE,
May 25th, 1863.

Messrs. Devins & Bolton, Druggists, next the Court-house, Montreal:

Dear Sirs,—When I began using BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, I had been for nine months suffering with rheumatism, and had completely lost the use of my legs, being unable to walk during four months out of the nine. The first bottle of BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA gave me great relief, and before I had finished seven bottles I was entirely free from pain, and able to walk as well as I ever could. You will confer a favor on many by making these facts public, which I shall be glad to confirm.

Very respectfully, yours,
THOMAS QUELLIAN.

ESTABLISHED 1832.

BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA.

IN LARGE BOTTLES.

The Celebrated PREPARATION for



PURIFYING THE BLOOD!

AND

HUMORS.

ESPECIALLY recommended for use during spring and summer, when the greasy secretions of the fall and winter months render the system liable to fevers and other dangerous diseases.

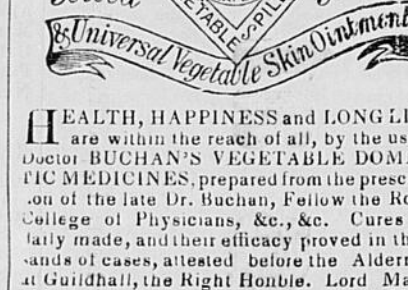
BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA.

It is also a safe and reliable remedy for all Eruptive and Skin Diseases; for every phase of Scrofula, whether immediate or hereditary; for Old Sores, Boils, Ulcers, Tumors, and Abscesses, and for ever stage of Secret Disease, even in its worst forms. It is also a sure and reliable remedy for Salt Rheum, Ring Worm, Tetter, Scald Head, Scurvy, White Swellings, Nervous and General Debility of the System, and all *Affections of the Liver, Fever and Ague, Bilious Fevers, Chills and Fever, Dumb Ague and Jaundice.* It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of Genuine Honduras Sarsaparilla, and is the best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood.

The afflicted may rest assured that there is not the least particle of Mineral, Mercurial, or any other poisonous substance in this medicine. It is perfectly harmless, and may be administered in all kinds of weather, rainy or dry, to persons in the very weakest stages of sickness, to the most helpless infants, without doing the least injury.

Full directions how to take this most valuable medicine will be found on the label of each bottle. Bristol's Sarsaparilla is for sale in the establishments of W. E Brunet, Druggist; John E. Burke, druggist; E. Giroux, druggist; R. Dugal, druggist; J. B. Martel, druggist; and John Musson & Co., druggists. Also by all respectable Druggists and dealers in Medicines.

June 27, 1869. 12m



HEALTH, HAPPINESS and LONG LIFE are within the reach of all, by the use of Doctor BUCHAN'S VEGETABLE DOMESTIC MEDICINES, prepared from the prescription of the late Dr. Buchan, Fellow the Royal College of Physicians, &c., &c. Cures are daily made, and their efficacy proved in thousands of cases, attested before the Aldermen at Guildhall, the Right Honble. Lord Mayor of London, and sitting Magistrates of Marlborough Street, Westminster, Worship Street, Bow Street, &c. Used by the most celebrated Clergymen, Medical men and others.

DR. BUCHAN'S SUGAR-COATED SARSAPARILLA PILLS.

It is a well-known fact that Sarsaparilla is the greatest purifier of the blood in the world. Keep your Blood pure!—your Bowels regular!!—and defy the doctor!!! These Pills strike at the root of each disease, and are for the cure of every ailment incident to Man, Woman, and Child—such as Eruptions on the Skin, Indigestion, Bilious, Liver and Stomach complaints, general Weakness, Gout, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Pains in the Limbs, Headaches, Sore Throats, and every complaint caused by irregularities of the bowles, obstructed perspiration, and deteriorated and unhealthy blood. These Pills work their way to the very roots of each disease, cleansing in their passage, especially where mercury has been taken, and removing every unhealthy accumulation till the blood is purified, the whole system renovated, and all the functions acting according to nature; the duties of Life become a pleasure, where before they had been sad and weary burdens. Do not hesitate! do not delay! a clean stomach must make a clean body. A clean body will contain pure blood; when the stomach, body and blood are pure, from regulating and cleansing the bowels, health is certain. Begin at the beginning; waste no time; strike at the root of your ailment. Again, I say, look to your stomach. One trial of these Pills will force conviction.

Sold in bottles, at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s.

DOCTOR BUCHAN'S INVIGORATING ESSENCE,

For Nervous relaxation and general weakness, at once restores and invigorates, with magical rapidity, the most debilitated constitution, thereby ensuring permanent health, increased strength and energy, and a redoubled development of the muscular system. Failure is impossible, for success is as certain as that daylight follows darkness. The only infallible remedy for acquired, local and general debility, nervous prostration, depression of spirits, diminution of vital energy, emaciation, and for all female complaints. This medicine not only restores health and strength at once, but increases the natural vigour of man in youth, maturity, and old age. The properties of this invaluable re-invigorating Essence act directly on the nervous and muscular system, enriching, increasing, and purifying each particular vital fluid; its action is never-failing, and in perfect accordance with the laws of nature. As the falling rain vivifies the parched vegetation, so will the power of this all-potent agent restore the lost strength and energy of all who suffer from exhaustive derangment, which so few of the medical profession attempt to treat. Price, 4s. 6d. and 11s.; or four quantities in one, 35s.

DR. BUCHAN'S VEGETABLE SKIN OINTMENT

Is the only one yet discovered that cures the most inveterate sores. Its effects are wonderful, giving instant relief to the sufferer. Many thousands have used it, and declare it to be the best in the world. It is the only NATURAL REMEDY for all kinds of sores and skin eruptions. It never closes up the surface of a wound while full of matter, but will first bring all to the surface, and finally heal without breaking out again. The Pills aid the Ointment in the following:—Piles, Boils, Bruises, Excoriations, Blotches on the Face, Ulcers, Ring-worms, Sore Heads, Eyes and lips, Baldness, Chapped Hands, Chafed and Blistered Feet, Corns, Bunions, Chilblains, Frost Bites, Scalds, Cuts, Biles, Freckles, Stings, Scrofula, King's Evil, Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Contracted and Stiff Joints, Fistulas, Gout, Swelled Glands, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Whitlow, Sore Nipples, Sore Throats, Scurvy, Sore Heads, Rash, Tumours, Old and deep-seated Ulcers, Wounds, Worms, Itch, &c. 1s. 1½d. and 2s. 9d. per pot.

DR. RADWAY'S

REMEDIES IN FRANCE

EXTRACTS FROM THE PARIS PAPERS of Wonderful Cures of Asiatic Cholera, Dysentery, Colics, Diarrhœa, Cramps. Twenty Drops of Radway's Ready Relief, in a tumblerful of the Seine water, and other drinking waters containing large quantities of Chloride of Sodium, Magnesium, Limestone, and other diuretic and diarrhœtic constituents, that run through the system like quicksilver, causing the most Painful Discharges from the Bowels and Bladder, protect all who drink of these waters from Pain, Inconvenience, and Continued Draining, either from the Bowels or Urinary Passages,

GREAT CURE

OF OVARIAN TUMOR, OF TWELVE YEARS' GROWTH, BY RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT.

Some weeks since, trustworthy information was sent us of the marvelous cures effected by RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, in Paris, of persons suffering painful discharges from the bowels and urinary passages, caused by the drinking of the Seine and other waters, and of Cholera, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramps, Colics, &c., and Diabetes, Urinary Diarrhœa, Weakness, Irritation, and Inflammation of the Bladder, by diluting 20 drops of Radway's Ready Relief in a tumblerful of water. The Ready Relief used in this way proved not only a sure cure, stopping the most severe pain in from ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES, but was found to be a more strengthening tonic, appetizing and delightfully refreshing beverage, than the best French Brandies or Bitters. *As a further evidence of the superior excellence of Dr. Radway's Remedies*, and the wonderful success they are meeting with in France, especially in Paris, the HOME OF MEDICAL GENIUS and the city of modern sciences, where the most eminent of American physicians go to complete their medical knowledge, we present the following unsolicited and freewill testimonial of the great curative virtues of Dr. Radway's Remedies, from the CONSTITUTIONAL GAZETTE, published at No. 6, Rue Scribe, Paris, July 12, 1869.

It will be seen by this report that Radway's Ready Relief has cured Asiatic Cholera; RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT, CONSUMPTION and SCROFULA; Radway's Pills, the best purgative and corrector of the system.

These simple medicines have out-cured and achieved a complete conquest over the best medical skill in Paris, in fact of the world. Dr. Radway would here state that the following testimonial was published without his knowledge, never having correspondence or business with said newspaper, and the publication of the same in the *Gazette* he can only attribute to the sincere regards of the publishers for the Public Good. The great success of these remedies in Paris, where our American doctors go to perfect themselves in medical knowledge, leaves them very far in the rear. Radway's Remedies beat the instructors of our medical men. Read the testimony.

THE EFFICACY OF ROOTS AND HERBS

The march of experimental science, since the beginning of the present century, is something astonishing. The great treasury of nature has been opened, and though we have just put our hands on what lies under the lid, we have seen enough to infer what is below, and what is yet in store for us.

The dark ages wasted much time in strife and ignorance, and were still infants in the march of improvement; but better things are daily dawning upon us. Thus, to confine our attention to our walk of improvement in science, what strides have been made toward purifying our cities and improving our medical treatment? The Romans, if is true, had found the salutary virtues of water, and used it freely. But water is only one (and a great one) among a thousand sanitary power that lie neglected at our feet.

We are just beginning to wake up to the fact that every root and grass at our feet has virtues beyond price. Yet the very dog and cat might have taught us the truth; and now civilized man has often to go to the savage to receive the secret of some wondrous power in a neglected herb.

Happy man to have reached a day when the sanguinary and poisonous phase of mineral drugging is nearly over. It is evident that a milder vegetarian *materia medica* will soon supersede it; and the remark of Napoleon I. to Dr. Corvisart, "You have killed more men than I have," will not be applicable to future leeches.

We have been led to these reflections by considering Dr. RADWAY'S new and admirable discovery, which appears destined to supersede much of the misery and mischief caused by what has hitherto been called Medical Treatment. It would exceed our limits to expatiate on all that it has been proved to do; but we may add that ample experience has now shown that consumption and scrofula, even in aggravated forms, give way before it, and that it has the rare power of dissolving calculi.

Then, again, RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is a sure cure for cholera, and will stop the most violent pain, either internal or external, in from one to 20 minutes. Nor can the charge of imperfect testing be applied to it, for it was tried throughout the war, both as a preventive and cure of all malignant and malarious fevers, dysentery, colds, and rheumatisms—and the result was marked success.

Then, again, RADWAY'S PILLS are a perfect boon to a large class of invalids, for they are both a purgative and corrective.

One of these pills used as a dinner pill insures a good digestion, and will cure dyspepsia.

We may add, for the interest of those in Europe ignorant of the matter:—

That the secret of Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian Resolvent in curing Consumption and Scrofula, of dissolving Tumors, Calculi, Stone, Gall Stone—is its *Resolving properties* of *melting away*, so to speak, of hard substances; of its supplying the blood with the constituents of life, vigor, strength, richness, and purity, and enabling this great source of life to hold in solution all its constituents. It is not an accidental discovery of simples, gathered at random by inexperienced persons, but a scientific combination of vegetable substances yielding great medicinal properties—culled from the vegetable kingdom by experienced botanists, and subjected to the tests of the most searching and powerful chemical analysis—and combined and associated so as to secure perfect harmony of the ingredients used, in accordance with their PHARMACEUTICAL EQUIVALENTS; in fact, it is the most scientific combination of ingredients, possessing medicinal or remedial properties of the vegetable kingdom in vogue. Truly has Dr. Radway of New York given to the Old World in his Ready Relief and Sarsaparillian Resolvent, the nucleus of a new system of medicine.

That it is entirely composed of Roots and Herbs.

That it is in such repute in America, that it has large laboratories in New York and at Montreal.

In short, it appears full time that the attention of Europe should be directed to this great advocate in medical treatment, which amounts to almost a revolution, overthrowing the *ancient régime* of mineral poisons and violent purgatives.

It would occupy too much space to dwell on the valuable addition to medical knowledge and *materia medica* that have been first condemned as quackery and ultimately received with open arms. Harvey's discovery of the Circulation of the Blood; that of Peruvian bark; that of the stethoscope; and countless others, have been at first ridiculed and scouted, and then adopted.

So with RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. The evidence of its efficacy is full and before the public. It is amply sufficient to prove that it is the policy of the public to adopt it generally. Medicine is no longer a secret art, to be confined to the sanctuary of the initiated. A knowledge of the healing art is open to all who choose to inquire. Corporate bodies have often proved impediments to great improvements, and it would be well for mankind if, in this great question, they would examine for themselves, and test the truth by results.

OVARIAN TUMOR CURED.

Never has a medicine taken internally been known to have cured tumors either of the womb, uteri, ovaries, or bowels: the knife has been the sole reliance in the hands of experienced surgeons; but Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian settles this question. For it has cured over Twenty Persons of Ovarian Cysts and Tumors, as well as Tumors in the Bowels, Uterus, Womb, Liver, Dropsical Effusion, Ascites, and Calculos Concretions. The known ingredients of Dr. Radway's Resolvent were claimed by Sir Benj. Brodie, used in their crude form, uncombined, to possess the power of dissolving stone in the bladder, and curing all irritations of the Bladder and Urinary Organs; of correcting and checking great and involuntary discharges of water; and, now in the present improved and scientific combination of these ingredients in the Sarsaparillian Resolvent, it will more effectually cure and remove Tumors and all other hard substances. It is called RESOLVENT, for it discusses and melts away Tumors, Nodes, Hard Swellings, Lumps, Concretions in the Joints, Groin, Testes, Bladder, Kidneys, &c., and will save the patient the painful necessity of undergoing operations of the surgeon's knife.

The following letter, or certificate of cure, was received on the 20th day of July, 1869. The lady *is unknown* to us, but she is well known in Beverly, Mass.; those interested can write her, and make inquiries of her status of the selectmen of the town. We publish the letter at the lady's request.

TUMOR OF 12 YEARS' GROWTH CURED BY RADWAY'S RESOLVENT.

BEVERLY, Mass., July 18, 1869.

DR. RADWAY: I have had Ovarian Tumor in the ovaries and bowels. All the doctors said "THERE WAS NO HELP FOR IT." I tried everything that was recommended, but nothing helped me. I saw your Resolvent, and thought I would try it, but HAD NO FAITH in it, because I had suffered for TWELVE YEARS. I took SIX BOTTLES OF RESOLVENT, one box of Radway's Pills, and used two bottles of your READY RELIEF; and there is not a sign of a tumor to be SEEN OR FELT, and I felt BETTER, SMARTER, and happier than I have for 12 years. The worst tumor was in the left side of the bowels, over the groin. I write this to you for the benefit of others. You can publish it if you choose.

HANNAH B. KNAPP.

This lady was cured of tumors of 12-years' growth by SIX BOTTLES OF THE RESOLVENT. This is truly remarkable. But the sick must bear in mind that TUMORS of the same character in different persons, do not all yield as quick in one as in another, as much depends on the condition of health, state of the blood, character and condition of monthly periods and previous health. Some persons may have to take 24 bottles, whereas others are cured by six bottles; but persevere with the medicine, and a cure is certain.

DR. RADWAY'S REMEDIES are sold by Druggists and at Dr. RADWAY'S Medical Warehouse, No. 87 Maiden Lane, New York, and No. 439 St. Paul street, Montreal.

September 8, 1869.

THE GREATEST MEDICAL DISCOVERY OF THE AGE

PERRY'S CORDIAL BALM OF SYRIACUM restores the impaired powers of life when exhausted by the follies of youth, maturity, or old age. It is a certain cure in all cases of extreme nervous debility produced by early imprudence, and various other causes, spermatorrhœa, exhaustion, incapacity for society, study, or business, indigestion, shortness of breath, dimness of sight, giddiness, cholic, bowel and bilious liver complaints, constipation and relaxation, dysentry, asthma, jaundice, fever, lumbago, gout, rheumatism, coughs, colds, sore, weak and ulcerated throats, nervousness, hysteria, pains in the limbs, interrupted circulation, tic-dolereau, restlessness at night, all chronic diseases and and all female complaints. This invaluable medicine is the most wonderful triumph of art over nature, and is adapted for both sexes. It has the effect of restoring and increasing the natural vigour of those who are suffering from prostration and langour produced by sojourning in the colonies or in hot climates. Thousands have been restored to health and vigour by its use, as sworn to on oath before the Right Honorable Matthew Wood, Lord Mayor of London, and the following Aldermen:—

Sir John Eamer, George Scholey, Esq., John Atkins, Esq., and others.

Price 11s. per bottle, or four quantities in one for 33s., which saves 11s.; and in £5 bottles effecting a saving of £1 12s.

Perry's Concentrated Detersive Essence.

A remedy for any of the forms of Secondary Symptoms, and for purifying the system from contamination. It is recommended for all those diseases for which mercury, &c., are not only employed in vain, but too often to the utter ruin of health. Its action is purely detersive, and its beneficial influence on the system is undeniable. Price 11s. and 33s. per bottle, also a saving of 11s.

Perry's Patent Concentrated Essence of Copaiba and Cubeb Sugar-coated Globules.

An agreeable preparation of the very essence of the Balsam of Copaiba and Cubebs, perfectly tasteless, still retaining at the same time all its curative powers.

In all cases of Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, &c., a single trial will prove the efficacy of this invaluable remedy; as it at once acts upon the kidneys, bladder, and the urino-genital organs, restoring them to their healthy state. Price 11s. and 33s. per box.

HEALTH DEPENDS UPON PURE BLOOD.—Perry's Purifying Specific Pills, an infallible cure for all diseases of the skin, such as scurvy, scrofula, ulcers, boils, blotches, pimples on the face and body &c. Price 11s. and 33s. per box.

On Nervous Relaxation and Exhaustion. New edition, enlarged to 199 pages, illustrated by 100 anatomical colored Engravings, on steel, just published, price 2s. 6d.

THE SILENT FRIEND.—A medical work on the nature, treatment and cure of nervous and physical debility; exhaustion, spermatorrhœa, and all urino-genital diseases of the nervous system, and other diseases incidental to both sexes, producing a degeneracy of mental and physical strength, terminating in total debility and incapacity; shewing why these diseases so often appear incurable, when in reality they can be effectually removed by the most simple means.

Also, to be had from all agents in all parts of the world, Extracts from the Silent Friend, price 6d., which contains directions for the guidance of patients.

Sold at Messrs. R. & L. PERRY & Co.'s wholesale Depot, No. 19 Berners street, Oxford street, London. Agents:—BARCLAY & Co., Noo. 75 Faringdon street, London.

Messrs. R. & L. PERRY & Co. are only to be consulted at their residence, No. 19 Berners street, Oxford street, London, as they never, under any circumstances, travel either at home or abroad; and they hereby caution the public against any person using their name: and, as a further precaution against fraud, the public is notified that none of their medicines are genuine unless the subjoined fac-simile of their signature is attached to every wrapper.

R&L Perry & Co

None are genuine unless the signature of R. and L. Perry and Co. is affixed to each wrapper, and blown on the bottle; and each bottle is protected by a patent capsule bearing the proprietor's name and address in full.



ART-UNION OF LONDON,

444, WEST STRAND, W C.

NEW PROSPECTUS, 1869.

Instituted 1837.—Incorporated 1849.

President:
The Right Hon. Lord HOUGHTON, D.C.L.

Vice-Presidents:
The Most Hon. the Marquis of Northampton.
The Very Reverend the Dean of St. Paul's.

Council:
E. E. Antrobus, Esq., F.S.A.
Henry Baker, Esq.
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THE PRIZES INCLUDE

The right to select a valuable Work of Art from one of the Public Exhibitions;
Statuettes in Porcelain,
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Silver medals of Sir R. Westmacott, R.A., and other Works, all produced exclusively for the Society.

An Artist's proof of the plate may be had for Five Guineas, with Five Chances in the distribution; or a Letter Proof on India, with two Chances, for Two Guineas.

The Art-Union of London was established to promote the knowledge and love of the *Arts*, and their general advancement in the British Empire, by a wide diffusion of the works of native artists; and to elevate *Art* and encourage its professors, by creating an increased demand for their works, and an improved taste on the part of the public. It is under the direction of a Council of the Members, whose services are honorary, and four of whom retire from office every year.

Every Member for each Guinea subscribed, is entitled to—

I. One chance in the distribution of prizes at the annual meeting on the last Tuesday in *April*.

II. An impression of one or more plates produced exclusively for the Society; admission for himself and friends to the General Meeting and to the exhibition of prizes; and the annual report with list of Members, and almanack.

Numbers are not put on the subscription-receipts, because, as there must always be necessarily many receipts left in the various *Agents'* hands undisposed of, it would be very difficult to ensure the the proper numbers, *and no others*, were put into the drawing. The names are numbered in regular order a few days before the General Meeting, and any member may learn his number by stating the letters on the corner of his receipt.

EXTRA CHANCES.—*Any* Member having paid his subscription for the current year, and wishing to have one or more extra chances in the next distribution of prizes—but without another print—may have one such extra chance for every half-guinea subscribed for that purpose, for which a separate printed Receipt will be given.

WORKS OF *ART* IF LIEU OF PRINTS.—*A* bust, statuette, or other work, may be had instead of the print, by additional payment. Payments in different years may be combined with a view to obtain one of these works; provided always, that at the time of the first and every subsequent payment it be expressly stated at the office that such payment is made for that purpose.

PAYMENT IN *ADVANCE*.—*A* subscription for ten years in advance, entitles to a porcelain bust, or a tazza in iron, or one of the medals executed for the Society in Silver; in addition to the annual advantages attached to the Subscription.

TEN GUINEA PRIZE.—*Any* Member who has subscribed Ten Guineas in successive years, ending with the current year, without gaining a prize of any kind in that period, shall be entitled to one of the porcelain busts as a special prize. *An* accidental omission of payment for one or more years may be made up at any time by adding to the current year's Subscription.

Members have the option of taking, instead of the print of the year, any of the following, viz.:—

THE SURRENDER OF CALAIS;
OR
A WATER PARTY;
OR
A LABOUR OF LOVE,

With any one of the following EXTRA WORKS, viz.:
Woodcuts from Milton's L'Allegro;*
" " Byron's Childe Harold;*
Illustrations in outline from Pilgrim's Progress;
Illustrations in outline from Events in English History;
Illustrations in outline or The Seven *Ages* of Man;
A ruled bas-relief of The Entry into Jerusalem;
Or a ruled bas-relief of Christ led to Crucifixion;

Or two of the following prints, or one with one EXTRA WORK, viz.: The Villa of Lucullus; The Burial of Harold; The Clemency of Cœur-de-Lion; The Piper; or, Come Along; &c., &c., &c.

* Or one volume of woodcuts and one set illustrations in outline.

Subscriptions to the *LONDON ART-UNION* will be received, by the undersigned, Honorary Secretaries for Quebec. As the list will be closed on the 1st of March, all parties who wish to subscribe will please send in their subscriptions before that date.

☞ No name will be entered before payment.

MIDDLETON & DAWSON,
Foot of Mountain Hill,
Quebec.

Quebec, 1869.

The New French Remedy.

By Royal Letters Patent, under the special sanction of Her Majesty's Government and the Chiefs of the Faculté de France.

THERAPION:—or CURE OF CURES.

This successful and highly popular medicament, as employed in the continental hospitals by Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything hitherto employed. Devoid of all *taste, odour* and *appearance* of medicine, it can be left or carried anywhere, and taken from time to time without exciting suspicion. Each package contains full instructions for every case.

THERAPION, No. 1, in three days only—removes gonorrhœa, gleet, and all discharges; effectually superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases. In dysentery, piles, irritation of the lower bowel, cough, bronchitis, asthma, and some of the more trying complaints of this kind, it will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt relief, where other well-tried remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION, No. 2, for syphilis, disease of the bones, sore throat, threatened destruction of the nose and palate; impurity of blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, and all diseases for which it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of the sufferer's teeth; and ruin of health. Under this medicine every vestige of disease rapidly dissappears; and the skin assumes the pleasing softness of infancy.

THERAPION, No. 3, for relaxation, spermatorrhœa, and all the distressing consequences arising from early abuse, excess, residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated. To those who are prevented entering the marriage state by the consequences of early error, it will render essential aid by subduing all disqualifications, and restoring the lost tone to the system. Therapion may be procured at 11s., and 33s. per package, through all medicine vendors, or in £5 packages for foreign shipment, direct from London only, by which £1 12s. are saved: and £10 packages for the more inveterate cases, by which a still greater saving is effected. In ordering the above, the purchaser should state which of the three numbers he requires.

Her Majesty's Hon. Commissioners have graciously permitted the government stamp bearing the word "Therapion" in white letters, to be attached to each package; thus insuring the public against fraudulent imitations, and securing to the proprietor the sole right of supply throughout her dominions; and any infringement of which they will prosecute with the utmost severity.

AGENTS FOR ENGLAND,—Thomas & Co., 7, Upper St. Martin's-lane; Barclay & Co., Farringdon-street; Edwards & Co. and Newbery & Sons, St. Paul's church-yard; and obtainable through all medicine vendors in the known world, or in case of difficulty, by enclosing a draft or order for £5 or £10, according to the nature of the case, payable in London to Messrs. Thomas & Co., as above, a large package will be sent by return mail, carefully secured from observation or accident.

THE CAUSE AND CURE OF PREMATURE DECLINE,

Sold by all the Agents for Dr. De Roos' Medicine, or sent post free, secure from observation, direct from the Author, for 2s. 6d.

THE MEDICAL ADVISER, on the modern treatment of mental and physical incapacity, syphilis, stricture, &c.; with unfailing rules and prescriptions for the speedy cure, by very simple means, of all the more common diseases and supposed incurable maladies of the sexual system. By Dr. W. DE ROOS, M.D., &c., of the Ecole de Médecine, Paris.

REVIEWS AND NOTICES.

"The MEDICAL ADVISER, by WALTER DE ROOS, M.D., for the class of diseases upon which it treats, is undoubtedly the best and most soundly practical book which has come under our notice. The author is a man of most enlarged experience."—North of England Telegraph, June 29th, 1861.

"To those who contemplate marriage, its perusal is especially recommended."—Bap. Mag. "The knowledge it imparts must come some time, and happy they who do not possess it too late"—Politician. "Cure is certain in every curable case, and few indeed are they which are not so."—Med. Review. "It is calculated to effect a complete revolution in the treatment of these complaints."—Med Gaz. "Simple and inexpensive, every sufferer may cure himself speedily, privately, and at the least possible cost."—Scalpel.

From long practical observation of the treatment pursued in the most famous institutions of this country and the continent, for those diseases referred to in the above work, the Proprietor has had somewhat unusual facilities for acquiring that uniform success which has hitherto characterized his practice, in which the distressing consequences resulting from the injurious employment of mercury, capivi, sarsaparilla, and similar dangerous medicines, are entirely obviated. Lasting benefit in these cases can only be reasonably expected at the hands of those who devote their chief attention to such diseases; and to such only can confidence be safely extended Dr. De R. refers with pride to the numbers he has been instrumental in restoring to health and happiness; whilst to all who need such aid he offers every assurance of speedy restoration.

FOREIGN RESIDENTS can be successfully treated by correspondence, on sending the detail of their case; with a Bank note or Bill on a London house for £5 or £10, in order that a package of medicines to meet the exigencies of the case, may be sent out by next mail, thus avoiding the protracted suffering and unnecessary loss of valuable time, which must otherwise occur.

DR. DE ROOS' GUTTÆ VITÆ or LIFE DROPS; protected by Royal Letters Patent of England; Seals of the Faculté de France; Royal College of Prussia, &c.; have in numberless instances proved their superiority over every other advertised remedy for Spermatorrhœa; langour; lassitude; depression of spirits; irritability; anger; excitement, needless fear; distaste and incapacity for society, study or business; indigestion, pains in the side, palpitation of the heart; giddiness, noise in the head; impotency, impediments to marriage, &c. This medicine strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles and nerves, thus speedily removes nervous complaints, renovates the impaired powers of life, and invigorates the most shattered constitution. For skin eruptions, sore throat, pains in the bones, and all those diseases in which mercury, sarsaparilla, &c. are too often employed in vain, to the serious detriment of health, its surprising efficacy has only to be tested to be appreciated.

As these complaints if neglected become "chronic" or incurable, sufferers will do well before they waste valuable time in seeking aid from instruments, and other absurdities professing to supersede medicines; to make fair trial of a remedy, which, concocted on unerring scientific principles, cannot fail; and may be carried about the person, or left upon the toilet table, without exciting a suspicion of its nature. Price 11s., and four times the quantity at 33s. per bottle. The £5 packages, containing twelve 11s. quantities, by which a saving of £1 12s. is effected, will be sent from 25 Bedford Place, only, on receipt of the amount per draft on a Londoo house or otherwise.

PAINS IN THE BACK, GRAVEL, LUMBAGO, GOUT RHEUMATISM, DISEASE of the KIDNEYS, BLADDER, &c. DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS are a most safe and speedy remedy for the above dangerous complaints, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally, which too frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and end only in an agonizing death. They agree with the most delicate stomach, and in three days effect a cure when capivi, cubebs, &c., have utterly failed. 2s. 9d., 4s. 6., 11s. and 33s. per box. The superiority of these celebrated medicines over everything of the kind is universally acknowledged, and the extraordinary demand for them without precedent.

Many there are, who from natural diffidence or fear of discovery, would silently bear their afflictions rather than apply for aid to those from whom they may reasonably expect relief. With the above remedies the sufferer may, without the knowledge of a second person, cure himself speedily, privately, and at the least possible expense.

Sold wholesale by Barclay & Son, 95, Farringdon-street, London; Agent for Quebec, John Musson & Co., of whom also may be had "THE MEDICAL ADVISER," or should difficulty arise in procuring any of the above, enclose the amount by draft or otherwise, to 25, Bedford Place, Bloomsbury Square, London, W.C., and they will be sent securely packed per return.

CAUTION.—Sufferers should guard against the recommendation of useless imitations by dishonest vendors, who thereby obtain a larger profit. The genuine have the words "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," printed in white letters on the Government Stamp, by order of Her Majesty's Hon. Commissioners, to imitate which is felony.

THE MOST WONDERFUL PILLS IN THE WORLD,

ARE DR. DE ROOS' PILULÆ VITÆ OR LIFE PILLS. All sufferers from general nervousness, debility, low spirits, sleeplessness, harrassing dreams, unnecessary fears, mental irritability, failure of the mental and bodily powers, weakness of the nerves, noises in the head, giddiness, indigestion, rheumatism, pains in the back, and other symptoms of chronic disease, will hail with joy the discovery of Dr. De Roos' Life Pills, that speedily and almost magically remove pain and disease of whatsoever nature, restore cheerfulness of spirit and vigour to the mind, and strengthen all the organs on which health and life depend. They do not contain a particle of mercury, but are purely vegetable. They act mildly on the bowels, without pain or griping, impart strength to the stomach, promote a healthy action of the liver, thus preventing, or when present curing the jaundice and dropsy, clearing the skin, removing sallowness and pimples, purifying the blood, and marvellously invigorating the whole system. Females of all ages will find them invaluable, and should never be without them. For elderly people or when an occasional aperient is required, nothing can be better adapted. Owing to the great and increasing demand for these pills, and in order to protect the public from fraudulent imitations, Her Majesty's Commissioners have graciously permitted the proprietor to have his name, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed upon the government stamp affixed to each box. Sold by all medicine vendors in the world, price: 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d, 11s. and 33s. per box.

"As a Family Pill they are invaluable."—Dundee Times. "Persons of full habit should never be without them."—Surrey Telegraph. "For Females they are almost a necessity."—Ladies' Journal. "To Mothers—for children of all ages they are the simplest and best medicine that can be given."—Vide Dr. Smith's Report.

Quebec, July 16, 1866.

WONDERFUL

DEVINS & BOLTON, Druggists, next the Court-house, Montreal, have received the following letter from Mrs. M. J. Nolin Heroux, confirmed by her husband, and E. Roy, merchant of St. Phillips, Laprairie, of a wonderful cure by BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA:—

Sir,—The present is to certify that I, M. J. Nolin, 40 years of age, wife of M Heroux, N. P., have suffered for a year with violent palpitation of the heart, sudden chills, extreme heat and cold in various parts of the body, attended with great pain, particularly in the arms; my pulse was very variable—very slow or quick; frequently a tendency to faint, with a sense of suffocation; sleep troubled; irritable, and very low spirits. I tried several medical men without deriving any benefit, and they all concluded by giving me up. In July last I saw in the papers BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, "*Blood is Life.*" I purchased five bottles at your store, which afforded me relief from the first dose. A substance resembling very fine white sand came from my legs in quantity, after which I recovered my nearly lost faculties, and was free from pains, palpitations, and chills, and perfectly cured of my affliction in ten weeks. I am convinced of the superiority of this remedy over all others, and I feel it my duty to recommend it to all troubled with similar afflictions.

(Signed) M. J. NOLIN HEROUX,
EMELIEN ROY, *Merchant*,
MR. HEROUX, *Notary Public.*

LAPRAIRIE, *Sept. 20th*, 1862.

A GREAT TRIUMPH.

☞ Read the following letter from one of our most respectable citizens:—

Messrs. Devins & Bolton, Druggists, Notre-Dame St., Montreal:—

Gentlemen,—Having suffered severely for four years from palpitation of the heart and frequent attacks of fever and ague, with loss of appetite and great pain after eating, attended with weakness and gradual wasting away of body, I was induced to try BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, and found from the first bottle considerable relief, and before I had finished the sixth, found my maladies completely removed, my appetite good, and my body vigorous and strong. I feel it my duty gratefully to acknowledge my cure, and to remark I had previously been under the first physicians in Toronto, Chicago, Cleveland, and Toledo, without receiving any permanent or even satisfactory relief.

Yours, gratefully,
ALFRED TUCK,
Soap and Candle Maker,
Craig Street, Montreal.

May 16 1863.

PLEURISY.

Another of the respectable citizens of Quebec, Canada, has voluntarily addressed the following to W. E. Brunet, Esq., Druggist, &c., Pont St. Roch Street Quebec:

It affords me great pleasure to inform you that I have been completely cured of a very severe Pleurisy, which I had neglected, and by the use of only three bottles of the **Bristol's Sarsaparilla**, which I bought at your establishment in Valier Street.

I am, dear sir, very truly yours,
J. B. ALEXIS DORVAL,
Inspector of Timber

CURED!

☞ Read the following letter received by Mr. H. R. GRAY, Druggist, St. Lawrence Main Street, Montreal:—

118 DOMINIQUE STREET,
MONTREAL, *July* 18, 1863.

MR. HENRY R. GRAY:

Sir,—I have suffered severely from Rheumatism for a length of time, and have been under the treatment of different medical men without any benefit. Having heard of BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, I determined to try it. After using six bottles I experienced great relief; and after using six bottles more I found myseif perfectly cured. The Rheumatism from which I suffered principally affected my back.

I am yours, respectfully

HOME EVIDENCE.

Mr. R. DUGAL, Chemist and Druggist, Crown Street, Quebec:

Sir,—I send you the following certificate attesting the efficacy of BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA:

RESULT OF A SLOW FEVER.—I certify that on the 19th March, 1860, my son, nine years old, was obliged to keep his bed from the above sickness. I employed the best doctors, who took him under their charge for two years, without affording relief. Last spring I commenced to give BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, and from the moment he began taking the remedy a rapid improvement took place, and at present he can walk with facility. I therefore advise all persons suffering with similar maladies to try BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA.

JEAN LACHANCE.

ST. ROCH DE QUEBEC,
8th Aug., 1863.