

Sherbrooke Daily Record.

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SHERBROOKE, QUE., THURSDAY MAY 13, 1915

ONE CENT

FIERCEST STRUGGLES OF WAR NOW RAGING ON BOTH THE WEST AND EAST FRONTS

**British Are Aiming at Lille, While French Centre Has
Lens For Its Objective. Enormous Forces of the Enemy
Being Hurled Against Russian Front Between the Vis-
tula and the Carpathians. Enemy Admits That 100,-
000 Men Have Dropped Out of Action During Eight
Days of Battle. Considerable Progress Has Been Made
By Allies in the Dardanelles.**

London, May 13.—(Special)—The London Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Petrograd cables, regarding the stupendous battle which for nine days has been raging in Galicia, that an explanatory statement has been issued, as follows:—

"The big battle between the Vistula and the Carpathians continues to develop. The front during the past few days has been unchangeable, at times extending over forty miles. The enemy concentrated thirteen divisions, and on the main sector of Velopole-Novotanz, with an extension of about 18 miles, he assembled seven.

"The enemy's line gradually assumed a convex form, which enabled us to operate on his flank. In this work the cavalry especially distinguished itself, fighting chiefly dismounted, but also with horse batteries.

100,000 OF ENEMY DROP OUT OF ACTION.

"By the enemy's own admissions no fewer than 100,000 of his men dropped out of action during eight days of the battle. On the general front of 40 miles the greatest number of the Austro-German forces is concentrated between the Carpathians and the Vistula, from the mouths of the Nida to Gorlice. Here they have deployed approximately one-fifth of all the forces with which they are operating against Russia. They have in front of them only one of our armies.

"Thus there are operating against Russia nearly the whole of the Austro-Hungarian army, the entire German cavalry and one-half of the landwehr and landsturm. The enemy nearly always can make use of a network of railways, whereas our troops are for the most part compelled to operate outside the zone of the Russian lines."

BOTHA'S FORCES CAPTURE CAPITAL OF GERMAN S. W. AFRICA.

London, May 13.—(Special)—An official statement made public at Cape Town and received by the Reuter Telegram Co. says that Windhoek, capital of German Southwest Africa, was captured yesterday without resistance by Union of South Africa forces under General Botha. The population of the town consists of 3,000 Europeans and 12,000 natives. Botha's troops took a considerable quantity of railway rolling stock. Martial law has been proclaimed throughout the conquered territory.

GERMANS MAKE DESPERATE EFFORT TO BREAK RUSSIAN FRONT

London, May 13.—(Special)—A Reuter despatch from Petrograd gives the following official statement regarding Russian military operations:—"In the fighting between the Vistula and the Carpathians May 8 and 9 the Germans planned to break through our front by the lightning rapidity of the blow directed at the neighborhood of Krosno by seven divisions of the flower of the German army after a heavy artillery preparation. At the end of a demonstration six more divisions appeared on this front, where our army was tremendously outnumbered.

"On a general front of forty miles the enemy gathered three-quarters of the Austrian army, one-ninth of the German army, the first reserve, half the contingents of the second reserves, besides eight divisions from the Serbian front, several new Austrian divisions and twenty infantry divisions, as well as eight new divisions and nine cavalry divisions from the western front. Only one army participated in the first attack."

British Battleship Torpedoed in Dardanelles With Loss of 500 Lives

London, May 13.—(Special).—The British battleship Goliath has been torpedoed in the Dardanelles. It is feared that 500 lives have been lost. Announcement of the loss of the Goliath was made in the House of Commons this afternoon by Winston Spencer Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty. While no definite information apparently has been received as to the number of lives lost, Mr. Churchill said he feared it would reach 500.

**TWO TURKISH GUNBOATS AND
TRANSPORTS SUNK.**

Mr. Churchill also announced that

ALLIED FLEET RE-ENTER DARDANELLES AND INFLICT HEAVY LOSSES ON TURKS

Paris, May 13.—(Special).—A Havas despatch from Athens says: "An Allied fleet re-entered the Dardanelles last night and bombarded the forts of Kild Bahr, Chanak, Kalesi and Nagara. The bombardment was interrupted at eight o'clock, but was resumed three hours later and is being continued.

"Although the Turks have been strongly reinforced, the bombardment from Allied warships is causing them heavy losses, and they are steadily losing ground. Turkish trenches are filled with bodies."

CONSIDERABLE PROGRESS MADE BY ALLIES SINCE A WEEK AGO.

Mitylene, May 13.—(Special).—(London Daily Telegraph).—Considerable progress has been made by the Allies since a week ago, when they had advanced four miles up the Gallipoli Peninsula. The position three days ago was that the Turks were fighting desperately to prevent their being pushed into the sea between Maidos and the town of Gallipoli. The Allied troops from Seddul Bahr, Gabatepe and the Gulf of Saros were converging on them, assisted by the fire of the ships on both sides.

ALLIES ENGAGED IN FIERCE STRUGGLE OVER FRONT OF SIXTY MILES

Northern France, May 13.—Not over sixty miles. There are two principal centres of activity from which there has been in the western theatre a battle on such a scale as that now raging along the whole front from Ypres to Arras. One has to go back to the battle on the Marne for another great action with a front of

ITALIANS FLEE FROM AUSTRIA

**Preparations Made For State
of Siege In Territory Bord-
ering on Italy**

40,000 HAVE LEFT TRIESTE
ALONE FOR SAFETY ACROSS
THE FRONTIER.

Udine, Italy, May 13.—(Special).—Every preparation has been made for the proclamation of a state of siege in all the Austrian territory which borders on Italy. The government already is in the hands of the police and military. Italians, whose homes are in Austria, already have fled for safety across the frontier in great numbers. It is estimated that forty thousand have left Trieste alone, while the total will aggregate 120,000.

PALACE TO BE USED AS HOSPITAL

Rome, May 13.—(Special).—Dowager Queen Marguerite, mother of King Victor Emmanuel, has given orders that the second floor of her palace be transferred into an hospital for wounded in case of war.

INTERVENTION BY ITALY DECIDED UPON

Geneva, via Paris, May 13.—The correspondent at Rome of the Journal de Geneve says he is able to affirm that Italy's intervention in the war has been absolutely decided upon.

"The government," the correspondent adds, "shortly will take steps which will leave no doubt about Italy's intentions, and when the Cabinet appears before Parliament on May 20th that body will ratify an accomplished fact."

SHERBROOKE MAN WOUNDED.

Word was received by Mr. and Mrs. David Crawford, of this city, this morning, announcing that their son, John Crawford, had been wounded in action. He enlisted with the 1st artillery, Regina.

GERMANS SEEK TO BE INTERNED

**Feeling Against Subjects of Enemy
Counties Growing More Bit-
ter in Britain**

**MILITARY HAD TO BE CALLED
OUT TO QUELL RIOTING IN
LONDON.**

London, May 13.—A spontaneous movement has developed in the London markets to boycott subjects of enemy countries, and small dealers who appeared for supplies were refused them and a number of them were driven away by crowds. Many of the disturbers of peace were brought before the police courts yesterday and received punishment in sentences ranging from four months imprisonment, imposed on one Liverpool woman, to a four-shilling fine. There was a rumor last night that organized riots would be started at midnight, and large forces of police and constables were placed on duty.

ARRESTED THIRTY GERMANS

The police of Manchester yesterday arrested thirty German shopkeepers with a view of internment for their own safety. Other Germans have voluntarily sought police protection in London and Liverpool. The government did not call up the military until late last night, when the riots started. Provoked by a German airship raid, in which a woman was killed, led the general commanding the district to put the soldiers in charge of the town. Two important demonstrations will be held in London to advocate measures for the control of alien residents. One will be a meeting at the Mansion House, with the Lord Mayor in the chair. Lord Charles Beresford and Sir Henry Dalziel will be among the speakers.

NO POSITION YET OFFERED MR. TELLIER.

Ottawa, May 13.—In spite of reports that have gone out, no cabinet position has been offered to Mr. J. M. Tellier, former Conservative leader in Quebec. Nor is there any announcement regarding the talk of retirement of Hon. Louis Odegar. It is well known that he wishes to retire. In connection with the vacancy when it does occur, the name of Mr. Tellier has been mentioned as a possible successor, but that is all. Other men spoken of are Messrs. F. L. Patenaude, M.P., Joseph Rainville, M.P., and A. A. Monden, M.P.

TO AVENGE BROTHER'S DEATH.

New Britain, Conn., May 13.—War munitions are soon to be manufactured at the large plant of the Trumbull Manufacturing Company in Plainville, suburb of New Britain. J. B. Trumbull, president of the company, announces he and his brothers would thus be avenged for the killing of their brother, Isaac B. Trumbull, of Bridgeport, who lost his life when the Lusitania was torpedoed.

PRESENT WAR AND THE CHURCH

**Rev. Dr. Bruce Taylor Addressed
Members of Synod
Last Night**

POINTED OUT THAT IT IS THE
DUTY OF THE CHURCH TO
URGE RECRUITING.

The annual session of the Synod of Montreal and Ottawa was resumed this morning in St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church for the completion of business, and closed at noon.

THE PRESENT WAR AND THE CHURCH.

At last night's meeting "The present war and the church" was introduced by Dr. Bruce Taylor, of Montreal. In the course of a lengthy address he stated that the duty of the church in time of war had not always been clear, and instanced the Crimean, North and South and Boer wars in this connection. But here was a war in which there was no shadow of doubt in the minds of any Christian people as to the duty of the church. Christian people felt they were right in going into the war and backing it with the last ounce of their weight. The taking of life was a serious thing, but some things were more valuable than human life, and would live after we had passed away. Therefore, men had gone into this appalling strife and were willing to give their lives for the cause because they felt that truth and justice, and the liberty of smaller nations to live their own lives were more valuable than anything else.

It had already become apparent that in our happier days the cross had not had its place in the preaching from the pulpits; it had been long complained of that we did not emphasize the cross in the way the evangelists did. It was not because we did not believe it, but because we had not realized it. We had held it as a matter of faith while our lives had run upon level places, and we did not understand what sacrifice really was.

DUTY OF THE CHURCH.

The duty of the church in this crisis was to look forward to the real issues of the war. Germany was after "a world empire or a downfall." That was the issue for Germany and for us. The British were not a people moved by ideas, they were pragmatists without knowing it; they asked how a policy was going to work and were willing to compromise; they were possessed of a certain absence of temper in their political and national life. The British temperament was not better represented than by "Punch"—always a gentleman and smiling. Contrasted with the German cartoons, the British cartoons revealed the whole difference of national type, between the nation that had to hate in its heart and the nation that was obsessed with it. There was a certain practical fact about the British race which was fairly well typified in the London policeman, who acted as a safety valve for the country, and as long as people did his bidding they were all right, but who, when he was defied, handled them with a tight and firm hand.

ENEMY HESITATES AT NOTHING.

Against us was an enemy who would hesitate at nothing, the horrors of war were nothing to them, they had cast off all pity, and in order to gain their purpose had made their infamous march through Belgium and imposed all the frightfulness of war upon a defenceless population. They had committed awful atrocities, and the ghastly story of the sinking of the Lusitania had brought home more vividly the terrible cruelty of the enemy.

CHURCH SHOULD URGE RECRUITING.

Dr. Taylor further said that it is the duty of the church to urge recruiting for the war, as our whole civilization was at stake and we had to win the war for the whole world. Pulpits should be made recruiting centres as far as possible. He alluded to the brilliant work of Canadians at Langemark, whose deeds would compare with the "thin red line of Inkerman," or the "charge of the light brigade."

In closing, Dr. Taylor said it was the duty of the ministers to remind the people that God reigned. In the long run right would triumph, although the war might last a long time, and patience was required to maintain the struggle in which the losses might yet be tremendous. A line lot of men with much at stake were now enlisting, the moral standards were not going to be upset by brute force, and those who were fighting.

(Continued on Page 6)

NEW YORK GUARDS INTERNED SHIPS

New York, May 13.—Precautionary measures for protection of the big fleet of German merchantmen interned in Hoboken were taken today when a detachment of police from the local force was assigned to guard day and night the front and side approaches to the piers of the North German Lloyd Line. The action was taken on application of officials of the line. The Hamburg-American line has made no application.

REYNARD GOT THE GEESE

Bishop's Crossing, May 13.—(Special).—Mr. H. W. Downes had his geese killed by a fox the other night. One of them was a wild one which he has had for the past six years and was very highly prized by him.

France is planning to issue \$20,000,000 treasury notes in England.

U. S. DEMANDS REPARATION

**President Wilson's Note Calls
Germany to Account For
Violation of Rights**

U. S. GOVERNMENT DID NOT
CONSULT OTHER NEUTRAL
POWERS ON COURSE
TO BE FOLLOWED.

Washington, May 13.—(Special).—President Wilson during the forenoon to-day put the finishing touches on the note to Germany, demanding guarantees that attacks on merchantmen carrying non-combatants shall end, and for reparation for violations of American rights in the war zone.

The note will not be made public until after it has been put in code, which will probably be late to-day, and when the document has been started on its way to Berlin.

Few changes are believed to have been made in the document, the main principles as outlined to the Cabinet on Tuesday being maintained. While couched in friendly terms, it is firm. It does not say what steps will be taken or what course will be pursued in the event of an unfavorable reply, but indicates that the United States will spare no pains either by diplomatic representations or otherwise to obtain an acquiescence in its position.

The text of the note was eagerly awaited by official Washington. The unofficial outlines published to-day increased the anxiety to learn the exact phraseology of the document. Diplomats were especially interested in the text, which they were prepared to cable to their governments as a matter of information as soon as copies could be obtained.

It is known positively that the United States Government has had no conversations either in Washington or in the foreign capitals, with other governments concerning the note or the course that would be pursued should Germany refuse to comply.

In some quarters, friendly to Germany, the impression prevailed that the Berlin Government would accede to the American demands and state its expectation that the United States would endeavor to secure the unrestricted passage of foodstuffs and conditional contraband consigned to the civilian population of Germany.

When the note is finally despatched to Ambassador Gerard a copy of it will be delivered here to the German embassy.

STATEMENT OF BANK OF ENGLAND

London, May 13.—(Special).—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve increased £7,867,000; circulation increased £58,000; bullion increased £7,324,615; other securities decreased £3,080,000; other deposits increased £18,486,000; public deposits decreased £6,301,000; notes reserved increased £7,344,000; Government securities unchanged. The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 21.06 per cent.; last week it was 18.14 per cent. Rate of discount, 5 per cent.

WHITE SUGGESTED AS MOURNING

**ENOUGH DEPRESSION IN WAR
WITHOUT ADDING TO IT
SOMBRE COLORS**

Ottawa, May 13.—A suggestion which has received approval of Major Gen. Hughes and Headquarters staff comes from Westmont, Montreal, to the effect that white should be worn instead of black by the relatives of those killed in war. It is argued that there is enough depression in war without adding to it by wearing sombre colors. It is also suggested that a white badge worn on the arm would serve as a mark of distinction and would be more of an honor to those who have fallen in the service of their country than the wearing of black.

**CANADIAN OFFICERS WHO ARE
NOW PRISONERS**

London, May 13.—Colonel Rennie asks us to cable that the following officers have been taken prisoners:—Major Kirkpatrick, Captain Straight, Major Johnston, Lieutenants Green, and Allan, Major Anderson. Colonel Currie informs us that the following are prisoners: Captain Cory and Captain Alexander.

THE WEATHER

Northerly winds; local rains but mostly fair and becoming cooler.

COATCOOK IS AGAIN "WET"

**Five Licenses Were Granted By
Council on the Casting Vote
of the Mayor**

PETITION TO POSTPONE DECISION WAS REJECTED BY
SAME PROCEDURE.

Coaticook, May 13.—(Special).—Coaticook is again "wet." The bars of the five hotels opened up as usual this morning after being closed since the first of May. Authority to do so was brought about by the Council granting the application for licenses at a special meeting last evening. The decision was arrived at on the casting vote of the Mayor.

Mayor Lovell presided and all the Councilors were present. Councillor C. A. Fox took his seat for the first time as an alderman but did not exercise his vote on any of the questions pertaining to licenses. The application of Mr. G. H. Peliquin for a bottle's license was refused on the ground that he had not the required number of names on his petition.

A petition of the ratepayers asking that the matter of licenses be not proceeded with until a judgment was given on the proceedings to set aside the Scott Act vote in the county, was rejected on the casting vote of the Mayor.

CHILE ANGERED AT GERMAN INSULT

**South American Republic Has Sent
an Ultimatum to Kaiser
as Result**

**THE TROUBLE STARTED OVER
CHILE'S ACCEPTANCE OF
BRITISH APOLOGY ON
DRESDEN SINKING**

New York, May 13.—A London cable to the Times says:—"German diplomacy has blundered into a situation which may prove in South America a crisis almost as acute as, though different in kind from, that caused the United States by the sinking of the Lusitania. Diplomatic secrecy is being strictly maintained pending the exchange of communications, but it is learned on excellent authority that these latter have taken such a tone that the severance of diplomatic relations between the two countries concerned is considered highly probable.

"The incident began with Chile's acceptance of the British apology for the violation of her neutrality by the sinking of the Dresden in territorial waters. Berlin resented this acceptance and conveyed its dissatisfaction to Santiago in terms which the Chilean Government considered insulting and constituting an unwarrantable interference with the sovereign rights of the country.

"Chile responded by what was practically an ultimatum, to the effect that Germany must withdraw her expressions and apologize for her flagrant breach of international amenities or Chile would take such action as best appeared to fit the circumstances.

"There is ground for believing that Germany has received an allowance of five days in which to decide upon the course she will pursue."

CANADA IS PAYING PENSIONS

**A NUMBER OF APPLICATIONS
HAVE ALREADY BEEN RE-
CEIVED AT OTTAWA.**

Ottawa, May 13.—Another phase of the serious side of the war is now being realized, for the applications for pensions are being received by the Militia Department in considerable number. In the case of men who have been killed in action or died of sickness the pensions are being granted to the widows of other dependents immediately upon receipt of the necessary credentials.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President.
ALEXANDER LAIRD, General Manager. JOHN AIRD, Asst. General Manager

CAPITAL, \$15,000,000 - RESERVE FUND \$13,500,000

PANAMA - PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

FEBRUARY 20th, 1915 TO DECEMBER 4th, 1915

This Bank having its own branch at SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., is able to offer special facilities to visitors to the Panama-Pacific International Exposition. Branches at Portland, Seattle, Vancouver, Victoria and other points on the Pacific Coast.

Drafts, Money Orders and Travellers' Letters of Credit issued payable at any of these places.

BRANCHES IN SHERBROOKE:
Dufferin Avenue (Main Office)E. Winn Farwell, Manager.
Wellington Street BranchA. P. Taylor, Asst. Manager.
Upper Town Branch (King Street).....N. F. Dinning, Manager.

TO EXPEDITE IDENTIFICATION

**Bodies From Lusitania Found
Along Irish Coast Will be
Sent to Queenstown**

MANY BODIES HAVE BEEN SIGHTED IN WATER, AND ALL EFFORTS WILL BE MADE TO RECOVER THEM.

Queenstown, May 13.—(Special).—Lord Wimborne, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, has issued an order in Dublin that any bodies of persons drowned on board the Lusitania found along the Irish coast shall be brought direct to Queenstown without the formality of an inquest in small towns where they might happen to be landed. This order, it is believed here, should greatly expedite the identification of many bodies which it is expected yet will be found.

A fishing boat reported last night having sighted no less than 100 bodies floating ten miles south of Glandora, which is situated on the west coast of County Cork, a fact which upsets the contention that the current, wind and tides had so scattered the bodies of victims as to make the recovery of any considerable number of them questionable.

The news of the sighting of these bodies was conveyed to Mr. Ware, secretary of Alfred G. Vanderbilt, who has been vigilant in his search for Mr. Vanderbilt's body, and in urging that no effort be spared to find the dead before it was too late.

Rain fell nearly all day in Queenstown, making more dismal the work of identifying the bodies in the morgue and placing them in coffins.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT ON SINKING OF LINER.

London, May 13.—The following statement was issued yesterday at the American Embassy:—"As to the sinking of the Lusitania, it appears from all statements which have been secured that no warning was given. A torpedo hit amidships on the starboard side, and the ship listed because of the longitudinal character of the bulkhead, the port air spaces remaining intact. Later she righted. The sinking was in sixty fathoms, and the captain believes her nose touched the bottom before her stern disappeared, accounting for the slight suction.

"It seems from reports rather dubious whether a second torpedo struck the ship. The sinking took 18 minutes and occurred at 2.23 o'clock."

CARS HELD UP IN DETROIT

**Conductors and Motormen Went
Out on Strike This
Morning**

**MEN REFUSE TO WORK OWING
TO REFUSAL OF COMPANY
TO REINSTATE MOTOR-
MAN.**

Detroit, May 13.—(Special).—Not a city street car was being operated in Detroit at 11 o'clock this morning as the result of a strike called by Detroit United Railway Conductors and Motormen because of the company's refusal to reinstate a motorman who had been discharged for alleged careless handling of his car.

The strike vote was taken during the early hours of the morning and was practically unanimous.

**RUSSIANS SINK THREE TURKISH
STEAMERS**

Petrograd, May 13.—The Russian Black Sea fleet has sunk three large Turkish ships near Soumag, according to advices received here from Sebastopol. Soumag is on the Turkish seacoast about 150 miles east of the Bosphorus.

A SENSATIONAL SALE IN
Ladies' Suits
AT POUTRE'S

Every one of these suits on sale is this season's latest creation. They are not extravagant, but styles you could wear also early in the fall. Their former prices were \$20.00 - \$22.50.

Week-End Sale..

\$14.90



Shop at Poutre's
It Pays!

133 Wellington St.

Sherbrooke, Que.

J.C.M. CONNELL



If you have had your eyes examined or glasses made here, and they are in any way unsatisfactory, we want you to come back and it will be a pleasure for us to make them right.

McCONNELL'S
"PERFECT SIGHT SERVICE".
135 Wellington St.

A. GIOVETTI
Prospect St. Phone 1486
North Ward Cash Grocery Store

I have decided to go stronger into groceries and sell for cash at cash prices all the time.
Fresh-made Dairy, lb., 22c.
New Laid Eggs—23c. doz., 2 doz. 45c.; 12 doz. crate, 22c. doz.
Pure Maple Syrup, gal., \$1.25
Pure Honey, per large jar, 25c.
Crystal Sugar.
14 lbs. for \$1.00, \$6.90 per bag
Javelle Water, 5c. per bottle

Motor Boats

Stock of Motor Boats, new and second-hand, with and without engine. Lengths—19, 20, 24, 25 feet. Prices very moderate.
FRANK H. WOODARD,
North Hatley, Que.



Spectacles fitted by us are efficient, becoming and comfortable. Bridge does not slip down on the nose. Bows do not hurt back of ears, lenses are in correct position.

Everything Right Our Guarantee
(Our Trade Mark)

A. C. SKINNER

The Optician
on the Square

CITY NEWS

Dr. Allan's office will be closed until the 20th of May.

Mr. Harold E. Goodhue was in Quebec yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Tomlinson spent yesterday in North Hatley.

Mr. S. H. Botterill, from Mansonville, is a guest at the Magog House.

Mr. J. A. Ste. Marie, of Macdonald College, Ste. Anne de Bellevue, was in town yesterday.

Mr. Hubert Webster, who has been spending several weeks at Atlantic City, has returned home.

Mr. Joseph Codere has returned from Victoria, where he attended the Charest-Buteau wedding.

The annual meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held at the home of Mrs. Gage, 34 Aberdeen Avenue on Friday afternoon at 3.30.

Beginners class for business girls in Emerson System Physical Culture Friday evening at 7.45 sharp. Note change of evening.

A meeting of the Lennoxville Patriotic Association will be held at half past three o'clock on Friday afternoon in the library.

The Posse System Swedish gymnastics class will meet in the Y. W. C. A. Hall this evening. Every student expected to be in her place at 7.45 sharp.

Rev. Dr. E. H. Brandt, principal of Pointe aux Trembles school, who is in town attending the Montreal and Ottawa Synod, is the guest of friends while in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Côté, of Derby Line, who spent the winter with their daughter, Mrs. J. C. Bellis, Walton Avenue, have taken possession of their property in Lennoxville recently purchased from Mr. Hughes.

Mr. R. A. Biron, formerly deputy sheriff of this district, is visiting his son, Mr. George E. A. Biron, at Lowell, Mass., and later will spend some time with Dr. J. F. R. Biron at Amesbury, Mass.

The many friends of Miss Hargrave, High Street, will regret to hear that she met with a painful accident yesterday, dislocating her shoulder in a fall. She was taken to the Sherbrooke Hospital for care and treatment.

Today being the festival of the Ascension, one of the most important holy days of the church, Holy Communion was celebrated at St. Peter's Church at 8 o'clock and 11 a.m., and morning prayer said at 10 o'clock.

Hear the debate, "Will Socialism Benefit the Working Class?" between Albert St. Martin, of Montreal, and C. C. Cabana, of Sherbrooke, at the Mechanics' Hall, 140 Wellington St., Friday next, 8 p.m. Admission free. In English and French.

Tuesday afternoon a very successful and pleasant tea in aid of the Guild of St. Agnes was given at the hall of the Church of the Advent, East Sherbrooke. The hostesses were Mrs. Arthur Price, Mrs. E. J. Mills, Miss Gracie Wingrove and Miss Flo-

BUSINESS NOTES.

20 to 25 p.c. discount on all nets at McCaw-Bissell's.

5 Baby Carriage samples to be sold at cost at Edwards'. See window display.

Dr. Janelle has moved his office and residence to Dufresne Block, 35 King Street, next to Albion, Phone 752.

Continuous automobile service. Corner Montreal and William streets. Storage for 100 cars. Night washing. Gasoline at lowest market prices. Tires inflated free. Painting and varnishing. L. St. Laurent, expert mechanic. Daily storage, 50c. Weekly storage, \$2.00. Monthly storage, \$5.00. Washing, 75c. up. G. A. LeBaron Auto Sales Co., Sherbrooke, Que. Representing McLaughlin Buick cars.

rence Bryant, and Miss Evelyn Price and Miss Muriel Pitts assisted in looking after the guests. Mrs. Philip Callis poured tea, the table being daintily arranged with plum blossoms and cowslips. The attendance and receipts were both satisfactory.

Mrs. J. R. Sangster, Wolfe street, has returned from a long visit to her sister, Mrs. J. Whyte, at Glace Bay, N.S.

Today being the festival of the Ascension, is a bank and legal holiday. Mr. George Larsen from Ottawa, is in town on professional business.

The Rev. Louis Vander Smissin, who recently arrived from Belgium, to take up work in Canada, has been appointed by Mgr. Larocque to the parish of Notre Dame, west quarter.

The Junior Auxiliary intend having a rummage sale in St. Peter's Church Hall, Montreal street, Friday and Saturday, May 21 and 22. If any one having donations of furniture, clothing, hats, etc., will telephone 1319 or 316, a carter will be sent to any address.

Mrs. J. A. Mintland, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Stephen Smith, has returned to her home in Pittsburgh, Pa. Mrs. Arthur Van Koughnet, from Toronto, will remain for a short time longer with her mother who is recovering from a severe illness.

Lieut.-Col. E. W. R. Stephenson, of the 3rd Middlesex Regiment, and a brother of Mr. Walter Stephenson, Lennoxville, fell in the battle of Ypres on April 23rd. The deceased was the second son of the late Rev. W. Stephenson, and leaves a wife and three children and two brothers, Herbert, in London, England, and Walter at Lennoxville.

The hostesses at the Guild tea, at St. Peter's Church Hall yesterday were Mrs. Henry Welsh, Mrs. A. Vineycomb and Mrs. H. G. James, who were assisted by Mrs. Marchant and Mrs. Gustafson. The tea table, which was decorated with red tulips, was presided over by Mrs. Philip Callis. The refreshments were exceptionally nice, and the guests spent a very enjoyable hour.

MUSICAL AND TEA.

The spring musicale and tea given under the auspices of the Young Ladies' Guild of Plymouth Church, is now an annual affair, and was no less successful yesterday than in previous years.

A very delightful programme had been arranged, as follows: Piano solo, Mrs. A. R. B. Lockhart; soprano solo, Mrs. Alberta LeBaron Adams; baritone solo, Mr. Fred Montie; violin solo, Miss Kathleen Taylor; vocal duet, Mrs. Adams and Mr. Montie; contralto solo, Miss Mary Hubbard; soprano solo, Mrs. Adams; violin obligato by Miss Taylor; quintette, Mrs. Malcolm Mackay, Miss Lusk, Miss Hubbard, Mr. Chas. Johnstone and Dr. Mackay.

The soprano obligato to the lullaby was beautifully sung by Mrs. Mackay and the duet accompaniment was played by Mrs. Lockhart and Miss Spiering with most pleasing effect. Mrs. Adams' two spring songs were exquisite numbers, and by special request she also sang a little Irish song.

Miss Kathleen Taylor is a violinist of great promise and plays with a purity of tone and facility that were particularly noticeable in her solo with piano accompaniment by her sister, Miss Maude Taylor. The obligato to Mrs. Adams' song was very sympathetic.

Miss Hubbard and Mr. Montie are always very popular, and both in their solos and duet were heard with pleasure, while the duet by Mrs. Adams and Mr. Montie was one of the gems of the recital.

Mrs. Lockhart as piano soloist was quite at her best. Miss Olive Spiering as accompanist contributed in no small measure to the smoothness of the performance.

At the close of the musicale tea

MILITARY MATTERS

HOME GUARD NOTES.

The Sherbrooke Home Guards have discontinued their regular Saturday afternoon drill, as it was found that there would be some difficulty in getting a full turn-out during the summer months.

It was also thought at the time that those of the Home Guards who were anxious to continue drill and desirous of qualifying as non-commissioned officers might arrange with the 53rd Regiment to drill with them as an added company, on their regular drill evenings.

Some members of the Home Guards were asked to try and bring about such an arrangement but as nothing along these lines has materialized, it is to be presumed that the 53rd Regiment were not favorably inclined.

However, it is quite possible that if a class of twenty-five or more care to interest themselves and wish to qualify for advancement, arrangements can be made for the services of an instructor either for Saturday afternoons, or some regular evening during the week.

The possibility of having no ammunition issued for practice at the ranges no doubt contributed to the lack of interest on the part of some of the Home Guards, many of whom believe that marksmanship is quite an essential qualification.

was served in the tea room, Mrs. G. Ellery Read presiding at the table. The decorations, which were very pretty and artistic, consisted of ferns, daffodils and plum blossoms.

WHEN YOU TRY TO EVADE THE WAR TAX.

The post office department has issued the following statement.

"As repeated inquiries have been addressed to the Department concerning the right of merchants and other persons to deliver their bills, accounts, etc., through their personal messengers, the following rules may serve as guides for Postmasters and the public."

1. "Bills, accounts or invoices whether in closed or open addressed envelopes, are letters not exempt from the exclusive privilege of the Postmaster General, and therefore must be transmitted through the mails."

2. "However, any merchant or person may by himself or his messenger, deliver any bills, etc., of which he is sender, or any letters concerning his private affairs."

3. "But no person may make a business of delivering such bills, etc., whether on behalf of one merchant or of several."

4. "Bills, etc., not enclosed in envelopes, do not cease to be letters, if in fact addressed to persons or delivered according to some prearranged plan."

John Henry has been calling at the home of Myrtle Marie for months without making much headway toward matrimony, but eventually lit-tle cupid chased him out of the bashful gloom.

"Dearest, suddenly remarked John Henry one night going over and sitting close by the side of the beautiful girl, "I intend to see your father to-night and ask him for your hand." "You make me sigh," wearily responded the fair one. "Why will you insist on being so old-fashioned?" "Old-fashioned?" wonderingly rejoined John, "I don't get you, dearest."

"Don't go and ask him, imperiously answered dearest. "Go tell him!" Philadelphia Telegraph.

This Changeable Weather

you tire of so many kinds of food, but isn't it strange, you can always eat Bread-of our standard?

ALLATT
THE BAKER
BELL 724.

Choquette's the Shop for Good Shoes!

DOES QUALITY COUNT

When you select your footwear? If it does, then please remember: Nothing but the best is used in making the shoes we sell; the choicest skins, the highest grade trimmings and expert workmanship all contribute to making our shoes THE BEST, and therefore worthy of a trial.

M. J. CHOQUETTE,

85 Wellington Street,

Opp. His Majesty's Theatre

For Sale — Detached House — North Ward

New house, 8 rooms and bath, set tubs, electric light, gas, hot water heat, hardwood finish, hutch floors, modern in every respect, centrally located, near street cars. Also 16x38 barn.

\$4200.

Robert Seiveright

REAL ESTATE AND CUSTOMS BROKER.

Phone, office, 342.

Phone, residence, 1298.

5 BABY CARRIAGE BARGAINS



We have laid aside five Carriages that we cannot duplicate. As we do not want to keep too many lines we offer these five carriages at special reduced prices to clear as follows:—

English Carriage

Black wood body, leatherette top, soft springs, rubber tire wheels. Regular \$25.00, for 19.00

Tourist Carriage

Black color, leatherette top and sides, rubber tire wheels. Regular \$21.00, for 16.98

Junior Tourist Carriage

Grey color, leatherette top and sides, best rubber tire wheels. Regular \$15.00, for 11.75

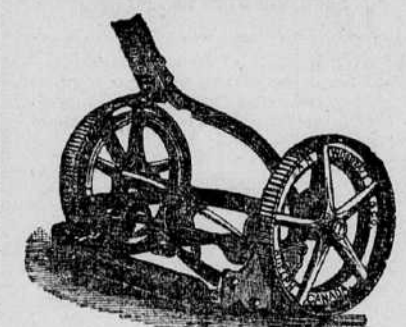
Carriage

Wood body, color black, leatherette adjustable top, strong steel springs, rubber tire wheels. Regular \$17.50, for 13.50

Carriage

Very near the same as above, only better quality. Regular \$22.50, for 15.00

EDWARDS
Furniture Co.



If You Need a New Lawn Mower

we would like you to see the lines we are showing this year. There are twelve different kinds and sizes in all—and each the best we can get for the price.

The "DAISY"—The best low-price Mower we can buy. Three sizes, all at, each \$3.25

The "WOODYATT"—A first class, high-wheel, four-blade machine that we have sold for many years—five sizes ... \$5.00 upwards

The "RED BIRD"—A new Mower this season, high wheels and ball-bearings—a good machine, three sizes ... \$6.00 upwards

The "EMPRESS"—One of Taylor-Forbes' best makes, ball-bearing, high wheels. The best all-around mower we've ever sold, four sizes at ... \$6.50 upwards

Townsend's "FLYER"—A high grade light, easy running American machine, four sizes, \$7.50 upwards

Townsend's "ORANGE"—Made in Orange, N.J. Another high grade ball-bearing Mower, three sizes, at ... \$12.50 upwards

Townsend's "SUPERB"—The "acme" of Lawn Mowers, the smoothest, quietest and easiest running Mower made today. We stock three sizes ... \$16.00 upwards

Mail orders promptly and carefully filled.

J. S. Mitchell & Co.

Du Pont powder mills at Haskell, N. J., are running 24 hours a day in 8-hour shifts, employing 1800 men.

Remnant Week at Saint-Jean's

All Remnants and odd DRESS lengths of various class of Goods displayed on tables.

1200 yds. of Goods.

Marked Way Down.

1200 Yards in Remnants

250 YDS. CREPES

Dresden Crepes in Remnants from 1 to 8 yds. Marked Down.

100 YDS. INDIAN HEAD

Indian Head Suiting, all in remnants from 2 to 8 yds. Marked Down.

150 YDS. MUSLINS

Fancy Dress Muslins in remnants, 1 to 10 yds. Marked Down.

130 YDS. VOILE

Printed Voiles in remnants, from 1 to 8 yds. Marked Down.

175 YDS. CREPE DE CHINE

Silk Crepe de Chine in plain and fancy lengths from 2 to 5 yds. Marked Down.

75 YDS. PONGEE LINEN

Pongee Linen in remnants from 2 to 8 yds. Marked Down.

100 YDS. FOULARDS

Cotton Foulards for summer dresses, ends 5 to 10 yds. Marked Down.

100 YDS. PIQUE

Fancy colored piques in remnants from 1 to 5 yds. Marked Down.

WOOL DRESS GOODS IN REMNANTS

About 200 yds. of wool coating and general dress goods all in good lengths for a separate coat, a skirt or a whole dress. Everything marked in plain figures.

See our centre table Friday morning.

FANCY RIBBONS & PLAIN RIBBONS

200 yds. of all sorts plain and fancy Ribbons in lengths from 1 to 3 yds. Marked Down.

100 Wellington St.

C. O. SAINT-JEAN

Phone 1236

This is the place to buy Ladies' and Gentlemen's
SPRING SUITS.

T. VINEBERG
CLOTHIER & FURRIER
OUTFITTER FOR MEN & WOMEN
147 WELLINGTON ST.

FIERCEST STRUGGLE OF WAR

(Continued from page 1)

French centre is aiming at Lens. On the whole the French half is perhaps easier, as they are not faced as we are with the almost impregnable fortifications of Lille, packed with immense reserves of men and material. This may explain the difference of fortune that has gone rather in favor of our ally's part of the offensive than for us in the fighting of the last few days. At the present time the French attack is growing in weight and fury. ENORMOUS FORCES MASSED BETWEEN ARRAS AND LA BASSEE.

Enormous forces are massed between Arras and La Bassee, and we expect sudden and perhaps startling developments in this quarter. There is also sure to be a series of counter attacks on the part of the Germans, who will not reconcile themselves easily to the abandonment of Notre-Lorette, the golden key to this part of the country.

It is certain that our rushes into the outskirts of La Bassee, repeated again and again with utmost bravery has cost us terribly in loss of life. A detailed description has been given of the methods to which the approaches to La Bassee were defended by the enemy. At most unlikely spots our men came upon barbed wire entanglements. Machine guns once more played an important role as at Neuve Chapelle. In the defence of the town their number appeared to be unlimited. Each group of a few soldiers is provided with one of these terrible weapons; nevertheless, on no occasion during an attack which lasted two days was there the least sign of Ger-

man shortage of ammunition. In this part of the line, trenches constructed under the walls of La Bassee are made not merely of cement, but are sheltered by steel plates against our artillery fire. Under such circumstances, it is not surprising that our repeated attacks had to be paid for in numerous human lives.

TO USE PRUSSIC ACID
The heroism of our troops in returning again and again to the assault of positions of such strength is beyond all praise. When details are known, it will make a glorious chapter in the annals of our army. Since noon yesterday, the battle seems to have diminished in intensity, but we are firmly holding the positions we have won.

South of Arras, the British batteries continue to bombard with great success the German works established in front of Lille, and to render the positions of the German reserves massed in this district very precarious. A lesson to be learned from the carnage of these three days is this: In the endeavor to repulse our attacks the Germans are making a supreme effort at this moment. They can and will be able to stem our rush to a certain degree by throwing their last men in front of our bayonets, but the day is not far distant when the Allies' reserves of men will exceed those of the enemy, and then our onward march will be irresistible. Today the wind is blowing from the south and prevents the Germans from using their position gases. I understand that they have been using lately a mixture of cyanogen and hydrogen, producing what is commonly known as prussic acid.

PRESENT WAR AND THE CHURCH

(Continued from page 1)
ing for truth and liberty were making a real Christian sacrifice. Rev. G. Ellery Head opened the discussion, in which several speakers joined.

AFTERNOON SESSION.
The annual session of the Synod of Montreal and Ottawa of the Presbyterian Church of Canada was continued at St. Andrew's Church yesterday.

OTTAWA LADIES' COLLEGE.
Dr. Milne, D.D., Principal of the Ottawa Ladies' college, in presenting the report of the institution for the past year, described the new fireproof building which was finished last fall at a cost of \$140,000, as the best structure for a ladies' college in Canada. There was a staff of skilled teachers, the education was thorough and the curriculum included domestic science, music, needlework, art, and physical culture. While seeking to minister to all the faculties of the pupils, the authorities endeavored to get them to take an interest in the poor and distressed. In this connection he mentioned that the girls had contributed \$200 last year for gifts to the poor which they personally distributed.

Dr. Milne urged that Presbyterians should wake up more fully to the importance of girls' residential schools. Anglicans, Methodists and other denominations were fairly well represented in this respect in Canada but the Ottawa Ladies' College was, strictly speaking, the only one which belonged entirely to the Presbyterian Church. He pleaded for the ministers and elders of the Synod to co-operate with himself and the Board to make this College one of the outstanding girls' schools in Canada. Just now they required assistance to meet the interest on the debt of \$40,000 and he asked for a resolution to be passed to place the college in the budget.

Dr. Milne submitted that the 207 pupils, with 43 residential pupils, was a very commendable showing considering the conditions of things owing to the war. Last year the college had the largest number of day pupils in its history. "We must recognize," he said, in closing, "that the girls of our country need education as well as boys, and we should keep in mind that motherhood is the most potent factor in education."

A CREDIT TO CANADA.
Rev. Mr. Gamble, of Ottawa Presbyterian, in moving the adoption of the report, described the college building as a credit to Canada and emphasized the social advantages existing at Ottawa for those who attended the school.

PROLIFIC EWES.
Windsor Mills, May 13.—(Special)—Mr. David Stewart of Greenlay has five ewes that have dropped 15 lambs. Two ewes had 3 each, one had four, and one had five. All are alive.

WAR DECLARED ON "DIRT" AT RICHMOND.
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SOCIAL SERVICE.
The report on Social Service was presented by Rev. J. G. Potter, of Montreal.

DR. SHEARER SPEAKS.
Dr. Shearer spoke at some length on the question and told of many

HEROIC DEED OF FARNHAM MAN

M. Cousins Carried Wounded Companion Through Zone Swept By Bullets and Shell

HELPED TO RESCUE FAMILY FROM RUINS OF HOUSE WRECKED BY GERMAN "JACK JOHNSON"

Farnham, May 13.—(Special)—The following is a copy of a letter (enclosed) from Gunner Morton A. Cousins to his mother, Mrs. E.W. Cousins, Farnham:

"Belgium, April 22, 1915
"Dear Mother:—Will try to write a few lines to let you know I am well and getting along fine. We have taken up another position in the fighting line. We have been in action about two months now and I like it fine. Jimmie is well and he heard from Marjorie today. I can see some large shells bursting from here while I write; looks like someone was blasting in a field with clouds of black smoke and dirt which rise fifty feet in the air. The weather out here is great now and I hope it keeps so, for we have had our share of bad weather. I received your parcels and pictures and think them great."

"April 24th and 25th
"Well, things have lived up a bit since I started this letter and I came near not finishing it. We were in a terrible battle that night. I was wounded the next morning and am in a hospital at the base. The battle raged all night, next day and was still going on when I left. I am only slightly wounded on the right cheek in a line with ear; only a graze in fact, no danger of blood poisoning or anything like that. My coat is torn in places by shrapnel bullets but my eyes and hearing are all right, so I am lucky."

"We were in a farm house with our horses and wagons outside, waiting for night so we could rejoin our battery, when the Germans commenced to shell the town. All hands beat it with the teams. I stayed behind because one of our Corporals had a bullet in his leg and could not walk. I knew they would hit the house pretty soon, but we had to take a chance, so by and by they put one of those big "Jack Johnsons" right through the roof. There wasn't enough left of that house to build a chair out of. This Corporal I was staying with got hit twice in the head, once in the shoulder and once in the neck. He was still conscious when I saw him at the hospital so he will live, I guess. There were also two old ladies, an old man, a girl and four little children in the house, which was on fire when I kicked myself out from under the bricks and ruins, so I got out the family first, and believe me, I had my troubles, as the blood was streaming down my face, and the smoke and dust around the place was bad enough, but I had a job to keep the children out of the ruins. They seemed to be caked by the explosion and fire. I next picked up my mate and carried him behind a stone barn, just as another shell struck where the house had stood, but nothing hit us. I tied up his head with his field bandage, which we all carry, and then I commenced to wonder how I would ever get him to a doctor, through such a hail of bullets and shells, so to make a long story short I carried him a half mile to a trench, where some soldiers helped me carry him to a dressing station where he got bandaged up. I wonder now how I ever got him through that field without being hit, for shells were bursting all about us at the time. Well, I will close I guess as this is about all the news we are allowed to tell. I am well fed and taken care of here. I am going back to the battery as soon as I can get away from here. We will move to a quieter place, I think, as new troops are moving up forward now. Well, I had a good hot bath and a shave, this afternoon, so I am feeling fit again. Will close with love to all. I gave up my stripes to go on the battery staff, so address me as Gunner M. A. Cousins. No. C 41345 D subsection, 7th Battery, 2nd Brigade 1st Contingent C.F.A., War Office, England."

"April 27th—I am well today and will rejoin my battery in a few days.—Morton."

things accomplished under the auspices of the board and the General Assembly. Through their evangelistic work the mission field had been raised to a higher standard of efficiency. Their plan had not been to do the work through employed evangelists, but through ministers from their own churches and colleges. This had had a reflex influence on the ministers in an increased power and benefit to which many testified.

Tremendous progress had been made in temperance reform. The prairie provinces had made such progress as regards prohibition, that the central and eastern portions of Canada must move faster or the wild westeners would "mission" them and inspire them to better things.

Dr. Shearer stated that one million copies of print had been put out of circulation, and the board took the first steps towards getting provincial boards of censors throughout Canada for moving pictures. He related what had been done on the social question and in rescue work, and claimed they had secured for Canada the best white slave law in any country. Last year 750 poor boys and girls were taken to fresh air resorts. The address closed with an appeal to the Synod for increased financial aid to enable the work to be efficiently continued.

MEET AT OTTAWA NEXT YEAR.
Some discussion took place as to the date and place of the next annual meeting. It was finally decided to hold next year's session in Chalmers' Church, Ottawa, on the second Tuesday in May.

PATRIOTIC WORK IN SHERBROOKE

Prominent Speakers Will Tell of the Work at Public Meeting on May 18th

LOCAL ASSOCIATION PROPOSES TO INSTITUTE A HOUSE TO HOUSE CANVAS FOR FUNDS.

For some time past the Patriotic Association have been in communication with an organization, known as the "Speakers Patriotic League" in Montreal. This League is composed of a number of Montreal's finest orators, who give their services wherever they are asked, by speaking along Patriotic lines, and our Association have been waiting for this organization to secure the services of two well-known speakers to come to Sherbrooke and address a public meeting. It is felt that the people of Sherbrooke have shown by their splendid contributions of money and work their desire to help, in the movement being carried out thro' Canada.

Your Country First.

And for this reason the Patriotic Association have spared no trouble in their efforts to give the public a chance to hear from outside speakers the extent of the work already accomplished and the lines along which it ought to continue.

Mr. Gonsalve Desolmiers should need no introduction to Sherbrooke. He is one of the most able and eloquent speakers in Montreal, and having been associated with the "Speakers League" ever since its inauguration he is thoroughly conversant with the subject. The same may be said of Prof. C. W. Colby, Ph.D., the English speaker secured. Prof. Colby is one of our own Eastern Townships men, son of the late Hon. C. C. Colby.

Another interesting feature of this meeting will be the presence and support of the pipers of the 42nd Highlanders a regiment now recruiting in Montreal for active service.

Altogether, the meeting should be one of the most enthusiastic ever held in Sherbrooke and a great inspiration to all.

Needless to say, this is not a money making effort on the part of our Association. The nominal fee of 10c. admission will be charged to help in defraying expenses, as unfortunately the Association does not feel able to bear the unpaid. We are extremely gratified at having secured such splendid speakers as Prof. Colby and Mr. Desolmiers, and we feel sure the public will gladly avail themselves of such an opportunity to learn the scope and importance of this patriotic work.

PATRIOTIC ASSOCIATION.

Mrs. DeLottinville and Mrs. Bowen presided at the weekly meeting of the above association on Friday afternoon last at the Y. W. C. A. Hall and the report of the Treasurer, Mrs. Craig, was read with interest.

The Treasurer reported the receipt of \$120.00, the result of a collection taken up at the Methodist Church, of which \$25.00 was donated by Mrs. Dowlin to make her a Life Member of the Canadian Red Cross Society. Disbursements, \$13.00 to the Entertainment Committee for expenses.

A resolution of appreciation of the donations from the Methodist Church was moved by Miss Elkins, seconded by Mrs. Morfill, and unanimously carried. It was moved by Mrs. Read, seconded by Mrs. Walsh, and carried that \$100.00 of this sum be devoted to the Red Cross work, as desired by some of the donors.

Mrs. Morfill, convener of the Entertainment Committee, outlined a plan proposed by Mrs. Paton, to raise funds for the work of the Patriotic Association by a house to house collection to be carried out immediately after a grand Patriotic Meeting on May 18th. This method had proved very successful in other enterprises and would no doubt, if properly organized, so replenish the treasury that there would be no necessity for entertainments, except those of a small and private character, during the summer.

The Secretary read a communication from Mr. A. R. Howell, secretary of the "Patriotic Speakers League," in regard to speakers for a Patriotic Meeting which would probably be arranged for an early date. Time, place, price of admission, etc., were fully discussed, and all the preliminaries were left in the hands of the Entertainment Committee.

Mrs. Craig reported in regard to the "Khaki Prisoners Fund," in connection with which she had been in communication with Mr. La Pan, Manager of the Royal Bank of Canada in Sherbrooke. Mr. La Pan had received a letter from the Manager of the Royal Bank in London vouching for the trustworthiness of the project, and approving of this patriotic endeavor. The President expressed herself as in favor of contributing a small sum to the "British Prisoners Fund" and it was decided that \$20.00 be sent to this "Khaki Magazine," Kingsley, London, for this purpose, to which Miss A. M. Reid generously added another \$10.00.

The question of rooms for the use of the Association during the summer was brought up and several localities mentioned. A decision was deferred until the next meeting.

BELGIAN RELIEF COMMITTEE.
The regular weekly meeting of the Belgian Relief Committee will be held on Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the rooms. A large attendance is requested.

PATRIOTIC ASSOCIATION.
The regular weekly meeting of the Patriotic Association will take place on Friday afternoon in the Y. W. C. A. Hall. Important business to be discussed.

NOTICE! MILITARY MEN

We wish to inform you that we have just received a full line of Military Boots, "Invictus" make. Call and see them.

J. ROSENBLUM AND CO.
THE STORE THAT SETS THE PACE

MAGOG BOARD OF TRADE

Officers Were Elected at Annual Meeting For The Ensuing Year

EFFORT WILL BE MADE TO KEEP UP INTEREST IN WORK SO WELL BEGUN

Magog, May 13.—(Special)—Magog enthusiasts are determined that the Board of Trade of this thriving summer resort and industrial town will do big things during the coming year.

At last night's meeting there was a good attendance, but a big effort will be made to get out a great many others at the next meeting to be held next week when plans will be made.

Mr. J. J. Fitzgerald, Secretary of the Sherbrooke Board of Trade, addressed the meeting last night and made a strong appeal that the Magog Board of Trade should persevere to accomplish the good work it had set out to do. The points he insisted upon were that service to the Board of Trade should be unselfish, that the spirit of progress which urged a man to work for the Board of Trade and for the town would be developed within him, would add to his own personal efficiency and would react upon his personal business—the motive of service, however, should be unselfish. The speaker dropped a few hints for keeping up the interest of members. He insisted strongly on the fact that a Board of Trade to keep alive must have something to do—that each new thing accomplished would turn light on other things so do.

Each meeting should find something new accomplished whether it was that a citizen had been induced to clean his back yard or that the finest summer hotel on the continent had been established at Macors' front door.

The officers elected were: President—Dr. Bowen; First Vice-President, L. A. Audet; Second Vice-President, G. H. Burnham; Secretary, J. Sampson; Committee, Messrs. J. L. Tetreault; J. O. Donegan, E. Landeau, J. Peters.

Mr. Audet offered his summer cottage for the B. of T. to hold a picnic and invited Mr. Fitzgerald to bring some of the Sherbrooke members. All members are requested to turn out next week.

Not only is the premier resigning his portfolio, but he is also giving up his seat in the Legislature, and it is expected that several others of the cabinet ministers, including Dr. Montague, Coldwell, Armstrong and Lawrence will do the same. By reason of this the new premier will be enabled to secure a majority in the house, which he does not enjoy at the present time.

Sir Redmond Roblin stated that as a result of a department enquiry into the cost of the new Parliament buildings, on which a royal commission is sitting at the present time, they had decided that it would be in the best interests of the people of the province that they should resign and permit a new government to deal with this matter.

ATROCITIES OF GERMANS PROVEN
Commission Appointed By British Government Reports Unparalleled Brutality in Belgium

London, May 13.—"Murder, lust and pillage prevailed over many parts of Belgium on a scale unparalleled in any war between civilized nations during the past three centuries," declared the British Government commission, headed by Viscount Bryce, former British ambassador to the United States, in "A Report on Alleged German Atrocities in Belgium" presented to Premier Asquith, and made public yesterday. Presenting its data in a coldly judicial way, the commission finds the German army guilty of a series of the most shocking crimes against men, women and children that human brutality could devise.

Drunkness is chiefly blamed, but in some instances wanton destruction of human life and ruin of property were carried out on systematic lines, with the sanction of the higher officials of the German army. It is charged. These crimes, the commissioners declare, were a part of a system of general terrorization.

Associated with Viscount Bryce on the commission were Right Hon. Sir Frederick Pollock, Bart., Right Hon. Sir Edward Clarke, K.C., Sir Kenneth Digby, A. H. L. Fisher, Vice-Chancellor of the Sheffield University, and Harold Cox.

CANADIANS WOULD NOT RETIRE
FORMER SUTTON MAN OVERCOME BY THE POISONOUS GASES USED BY THE GERMANS.

Knowlton, May 13.—(Special)—Mr. Royce Dyer, formerly of Sutton, who enlisted with the Winnipeg Rifles is in an hospital in Belgium, having been overcome by the poisonous gases used by the Germans at the battle of the Yser. In the fighting at Ypres this battalion under command of Col. Lipsett refused to retire and those not killed or wounded were taken prisoners by the Germans.

They were carried out on systematic lines, with the sanction of the higher officials of the German army. It is charged. These crimes, the commissioners declare, were a part of a system of general terrorization.

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SAFE—When coal gas accumulates, automatic damper operates of its own accord in

McClary's Sunshine

Furnace releasing all fumes to flue. See the McClary dealer or write for booklet.

SOLD BY LA CIE CODERE & FILS, INC.

Daily News Specials From Eastern Townships

LARGE SHIPMENT OF EGGS.
Kingsbury, May 13.—(Special)—Mr. Robert Kerr made a shipment of 800 dozen eggs to Montreal the other day.

WORK RESUMED AT ROCKLAND QUARRIES.
Kingsbury, May 13.—(Special)—The Rockland quarries have started operation again with a good staff of men.

DANVILLE MAN LOST SON ON LUSITANIA.
Danville, May 13.—(Special)—Mr. Howard Riddle received a cable yesterday, from Mr. R. O. Stanley, Belfast, Ireland, stating that his son Harry had been lost on the Lusitania.

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THREE THINGS MAKE

COLUMBIA RECORDS

The Most Delightful in all the World



The Artists

All artists of note seek to have Columbia Records perpetuate their fame.

From Grand Opera Stars like Mary Garden and Zenatello to such leading virtuosos as Ysaye and Pablo Casals. From entertainers like Billy Williams, originator of Tipperary, to Whit Cunliffe, of "Hello, Hello" fame. All stand ready to reveal themselves on Columbia Records.

Reproductive Qualities

Columbia Records excel for clarity, volume and sweetness of tone, and durability of material.

They are well and truly made, and are practically everlasting, if carefully used.

Listen to a Columbia and compare it with any other Record, and your choice will always be a

COLUMBIA

Their Price

Columbia Records cost no more than others.

But every Columbia Record is a double-disc and will play on any machine.

You can get them for as low as 85 cents or as much as \$7.50. But no matter what price you pay, the Columbia Record at that price is better value than can be obtained in any other record.

Go, see and here Columbia Grafonolas and Records at the following dealers:

E. C. FRASER
Druggist and Bookteller 8 Dufferin Ave.

Agents wanted where not actively represented. Apply Music Supply Co., Toronto.