

To the Officers N. C. O. and Men, of the Overseas Contingent

Should you wish to have anything in our line placed on board the transports, we solicit your orders.

Any order entrusted to us, will have our best attention, and delivered at any hour of the day or night.

A. GRENIER,

GROCER AND WINE MERCHANT,

Telephones 1247-1248.

94 St. John Street.

CANADA MOURNS DEATH OF SIR JAMES WHITNEY

Hon. R. A. Pyne Will Continue to Act as Premier for Time Being.

MR. ROWELL'S TRIBUTE

All Political Differences Forgotten—Controversies Silenced by Ontario Premier's Death.

Toronto, Sept. 25.—Sir James Pliny Whitney, Premier of Ontario, died suddenly at 12 o'clock today at his home, 113 St. George street.

Lady Whitney and Miss Whitney were the only persons at the bedside.

Dr. Herbert J. Hamilton had been hurriedly called but when he arrived the Premier had passed away.

Sir James' death was due to cerebral hemorrhage caused by hardening of the arteries. He had been confined to his home through illness since August 1st. Since that time he had spent days in bed, while on different occasions he was able to sit up.

This morning at 12 o'clock, the nurse noticed a change in Sir James. Lady Whitney and Miss Whitney rushed to his bedside but the Premier lay with closed eyes. Only once did he open his eyes. He looked up at his wife and daughter and smiled. He closed his eyes again and passed away.

The attack came on Sir James so suddenly that neither Lady Whitney nor Miss Whitney realized that death was near. The end came a few moments after the change was noticed.

Dr. Hamilton stated that during the last few days he had noticed an improvement, and he held out hopes that the patient would be able to get out and about in a few weeks.

It was on New Year's Day of the present year that Sir James was stricken with the illness which has now carried him off. He was then on a visit to New York and for many days he was at the point of death. The best medical skill then held out no hope for the distinguished patient's recovery, and unconsciousness continuing for days, death was looked upon as inevitable.

At his bedside night and day was his old friend and colleague in the Ontario Government, the Hon. Dr. Pyne, and it was largely to his medical skill and unwearied attention that Sir James owed his partial recovery.

It was some weeks before Sir James was able to travel to Toronto. He continued to improve in health but it was not until May 1 that he was able to make his appearance again in the Legislature.

PREMIER BORDEN'S TRIBUTE

Ottawa, Sept. 25.—Sir Robert Borden paid the following tribute this afternoon to the late Sir James Whitney:

"The sad and unexpected tidings of Sir James Whitney's death have been received with the deepest regret. For many years he has been one of my most intimate friends and I feel the personal loss very keenly.

"The fine capacity, great force of character, unquestioned integrity and the whole-hearted devotion to duty which placed him many years ago, in the leadership of his party, have enabled him to give to his province a

GERMAN TROOPS OCCUPY CACOW

AUSTRIAN CIVIL ADMINISTRATION HAS BEEN DISPLACED, SAYS MORNING POST

London, Sept. 26, 3:02 a.m.—"That Cracow has been occupied by German troops, that the town has been put under a German military commandant and that the Austrian civil administration has been displaced, is the gist of the latest advices received here," says the Petrograd correspondent of the Morning Post. "All the original administration of the town and all civil officials of the Austrian Government have left and the residents are fleeing in a panic."

SAVING OF LIFE ONLY SECONDARY

ADMIRALTY LAYS DOWN RULE MILITARY INTERESTS TAKE PRECEDENCE.

London, Sept. 25.—The Admiralty, publishing tonight the reports of the senior surviving officers of the cruisers Aboukir, Hogue and Cressy, lays down the rule that military dispositions and interests must take precedence over the saving of life in such cases and that ships must be left to their own resources, as they would be in battle.

wise, just and progressive administration of public affairs.

"He leaves behind him a great record of public usefulness to his province and, indeed, to the whole Dominion. Upon the public life of that province he has exercised for many years, a profound influence which will not soon pass away. No one has ever commanded and retained more fully than Sir James Whitney the confidence and respect of the people of Ontario. No man in the public life of Canada has dedicated more earnestly and unreservedly to the service of his country his whole energy and his best ability."

SIR LOMER'S MESSAGE

The following message of condolence on the death of Sir James Whitney was forwarded today to Hon. Dr. Pyne, by Sir Lomer Gouin, Premier of this province:

Quebec, Sept. 25th, 1914.
Hon. Dr. Pyne,
Toronto, Ont.

"I tender to you and to your colleagues my sincere sympathy in the great loss you have sustained by the death of your distinguished Premier. As you may be aware, I was honored with a large share of Sir James Whitney's confidence in our many intimate relationships in public affairs, and I shall ever cherish a grateful memory of his personal character and his public-spirited disinterestedness."
LOMER GOUIN.

GERMAN AEROPLANE OVER BOULOGNE

London, Sept. 25.—A despatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from Boulogne, says:

"About midday a German aeroplane flew over Boulogne at a great height and the aviator threw a bomb into a shipbuilding yard. No one was injured and slight damage was done. The aeroplane continued its flight in a southerly direction."

GERMANS GAIN FOOTING ON MEUSE HEIGHTS, BUT HAVE NOT BEEN ABLE TO CROSS RIVER

Enemies Left Wing, However, Begins To Be Driven Back Before The Attacks Of The Allies---Two Violent Engagements Of Importance Are Taking Place---Germans Are Reported To Have Suffered Reverse On East Russian Frontier

London, Sept. 25.—Almost simultaneously the two great hammer strokes in the battle in northern France have fallen, and some decisive must before long be announced. The Allies have struck the German right wing, and the Germans, on their part, have hurled themselves against the French line between Verdun and Toul. Should every stroke be driven home the battle will be decided.

The commencement of these two attacks in earnest was disclosed by the French official statement issued this afternoon, but little is told of how they are progressing. The action against the German right is described as a very violent general one, in which the French left encountered an army corps composed of troops which the Germans brought from the center of Lorraine and the Vosges.

The clash occurred in the district between Tergnier and St. Quentin, so that the French have made a considerable advance to the northwest since the last mention was made of this part of their army. The country is a rolling one, intersected by streams, canals and a perfect network of roads running in all directions.

The French report admits that the Germans have succeeded in gaining a footing on the Meuse heights and have pushed forward in the direction of St. Mihiel, bombarding the forts of Paroches and the Roman camp, which face each other across the Meuse. The communication, however, adds that, on the other hand, to the south of Verdun, the French remain masters of the heights of the Meuse and that their troops, debouching from Toul, have advanced in the region of Beaumont.

In the center, to the east of Rheims, the French have made some progress, but elsewhere nothing of importance has happened so far as is shown in the official reports, and no other information is available, as the strictest censorship has now been established.

Some confirmation comes today of yesterday's report that the Germans have suffered a reverse on the East Prussian frontier. Several train loads of wounded, including German prisoners, have arrived at Pskov, according to a Petrograd despatch, having been engaged in severe fighting on the borders of Suwalki, where, they say, the Germans sustained heavy losses.

In Galicia the Russians have annexed a few more towns and are perfecting their plan for an attack on Przemyśl and an advance against General Dankl, and, eventually, the fortress of Cracow.

While the Serbians and Montenegrins are closing in on the Bosnian city of Sarajevo, the Austrians have retaliated by resuming the bombardment of Belgrade, which during the early weeks of the war was under constant fire from the Austrians guns across the river. They have also attempted to cross the Danube, but, according to Serbian reports, have failed.

The French and British navies have annexed the Island of Lissa, in the Adriatic. The object of this capture, according to Italian reports, was to induce the Austrian fleet to come out and accept battle.

The Australians navy also has been busy again, and has added another German possession in the South Pacific to its list of captures. This time it is Kaiser-Wilhelm's Land, the German portion of New Guinea, one of the Emperor's most valuable colonies in that part of the world. It is expected that Admiral Patey will take the rest of the German Pacific islands, leaving a small garrison at each.

To fill up the gaps in the ranks of the officers, caused by the casualties in France, the War Office is promoting a large number of non-commissioned officers to the commissioned ranks. The first list of these appeared tonight.

German airships and aeroplanes have again been flying along the Belgian and French coast and have dropped bombs at Ostend and Boulogne, without doing a great amount of damage. They have not ventured across the Channel, but are fully expected to do so when conditions are favorable.

While these craft drop bombs, the object of their flights doubtless is to find out what the Allies are doing on the coast. The Germans expect some move in that direction, as, according to reports from Belgian and Dutch sources, they are strengthening their positions through the occupied territory.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

Paris, Sept. 25.—11.17 p.m.—The official communication issued at eleven o'clock tonight regarding the progress of the battle in northern France, says that this morning French troops in the region of Noyon were compelled to give ground before superior forces, but having been reinforced, again assumed the offensive, the engagement being one of particular violence.

The text of the statement follows:—

"1.—On our left wing in the region to the north-west of Noyon our advanced troops having come in contact with superior forces of the enemy were compelled this morning to give a little ground. Being reinforced, however, by fresh troops, these troops have vigorously resumed the offensive.

"The struggle in this region has taken on a character of extreme violence.

"2.—In the center there is nothing new to report.

"3.—On our right wing the enemy has begun to give way before the attacks of our troops coming from the direction of Nancy and Toul.

"In the southern region of Woevre, the enemy is retiring towards Rupt De Mad (in the Meurthe-et-Moselle). The action continues.

WAR SUMMARY

Two engagements which may have decisive results on the great battle which is being waged in northern France are being fought. The Allies have struck the German right wing to the north-west of Noyon, and the invading forces, on their part, have hurled themselves against the French line between Verdun and Toul. The beginning of these attacks was announced in the French official statement issued this afternoon, but little was disclosed as to how the fights are progressing.

The advance troops of the French came in contact with superior forces of the enemy on the right wing this morning and were compelled to give a little ground. Being reinforced, however, the French troops vigorously resumed the offensive. This action is described as a very violent and general one.

On the French right wing the enemy has begun to give way before the attacks of the Allies coming from the direction of Nancy and Toul, according to the French official report.

The report admits that the Germans have succeeded in gaining a footing on the Meuse heights and have pushed forward in the direction of St. Mihiel (on the right bank of the Meuse, 20 miles south-east of Verdun), but have not been able to cross the river.

In the southern region of Woevre, the enemy is retiring towards Rupt De Mad in the Department of Meurthe-et-Moselle. The action continues in that section.

Some confirmation was given tonight of yesterday's report that the Germans have suffered a reverse on the East Prussian frontier. Several train loads of wounded have arrived at Pskov, according to a Petrograd despatch, having been engaged in severe fighting on the borders of Suwalki, where, they say, the Germans sustained heavy losses.

The Amsterdam correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Company has sent a despatch to London saying, that according to a telegram from Maastricht, great masses of German troops are being transported into France over the railway line running between Munich, Gladbach and Aix-la-Chapelle.

A despatch received in London from Ostend says that 40,000 Germans have been encamped in the environs of Waterloo since Saturday. The invading troops have in stalled heavy siege guns at Grimbergen and Meyesse.

It was officially announced in London last night that nearly 60 officers and 1,400 men were lost in the sinking of the British cruisers Aboukir, Hogue and Cressy by German submarines in the North Sea. The Admiralty tonight published the reports of the senior surviving officers of the ill-fated ships and laid down the rule that military dispositions and interests must take precedence over the saving of life in such cases and that ships must be left to their own resources as they would be in battle.

Premier Asquith appeared at the Mansion House in Dublin last night, for the purpose, as he put it, "as the head of the King's government, to summon loyal and patriotic Ireland to take her place in defence of our common cause." The Prime Minister received a tremendous welcome, his words arousing great enthusiasm.

German airships and aeroplanes have again been flying along the Belgian and French coasts, dropping bombs at Ostend and Boulogne. No great damage was done in either of these places, however. It is expected in London that the German aviators will venture across the English Channel when conditions are favorable.

A despatch to London from Berlin says the General Staff admits that the official lists of prisoners, as previously published, have been found to be erroneous. It is announced that the aggregate number of prisoners now in German hands is 50,000 instead of 250,000 as previously reported. Of those held, 30,000 are Russians.

40,000 GERMANS AT WATERLOO

HEADQUARTERS ESTABLISHED AT RUYSBROECK—PASSEPORTS REFUSED AT BRUSSELS.

London, Sept. 25.—2.10 p.m.—The Ostend correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Company sends the following despatch:

"Forty thousand Germans have been encamped in the environs of Waterloo since Saturday, headquarters being established at Ruyssbroeck. All passports to Mons are being refused by the German authorities at Brussels, the object apparently being to prevent travellers seeing the great amount of army transports which have already returned there from France.

"The Germans have installed heavy siege guns of Grimerhen and Meyesse. To prevent the inhabitants of these places from reporting the fact the men have all been shut up in a church and the women have been sent to Brussels.

"As a consequence of the exhaustion in some classes of provisions the German governor of Brussels has consented to Burgomaster Max going to Antwerp with the object of securing the consent of the Belgian government for the despatch of grain and cattle to reprovise the city. The understanding is that these provisions will not be requisitioned by the Germans."

W. C. T. U. GIFT TO SOLDIERS

The Quebec Branch of the Women's Canadian Temperance Union during the past few days have sent, not less than 1,000 dongola cap covers to the ambulance and other corps at Valcartier Camp in separate packages of 500 each. The generosity of the ladies is very much appreciated by the soldiers in camp.

CIVIL ENGINEER & L. SURVEYOR A. LEOPRED, 39 St. Jean, QUEBEC. Phone: 545

My Address: 39 St. Jean

AMONGST THE

Necessities of War

Don't forget a

Waterman Fountain Pen

Which is an essential in every soldier's kit. Call in and let us fit your hand, at

JOHN E. WALSH'S Reg'd.,

11 ST. JOHN STREET

VALIQUET'S RESTAURANT

Formerly of Boston.

12 Fabrique St., Opposite City Hall.

Steaks, Chops, Rolls and Coffee

Our Own Farm Milk Cream Butter and Eggs

PHONE 1526

GORDON'S LONDON DRY CIN

(UNSWEETENED)

GORDON'S OLD TOM CIN

GORDON'S SLOE CIN



Pictures Special at \$1.69

Good fortune has come our way of late in the shape of opportunities to buy handsome pictures at much less than actual value. The result of one of these fortunate purchases will be on sale Saturday.

Assorted subjects in colored pictures framed in good gilt frames. Special Price, each\$1.69

THE PAQUET COMPANY LIMITED.

Retail Division, 157-173 St. Joseph Street.

New Ribbons

These are among the newest things in Ribbons which we are showing, and fully worthy of inspection.

Heavy Corded Ribbon in many colors, a yd. 25c

New Roman striped Ribbon, a yd. 45c, 75c and 90c

SPECIAL—Duchesse and Taffeta Ribbons in all colors, at a yd. 15c



All That is New and Fashionable in Women's Wear

SATURDAY will be a day of splendor in our store, and particularly in those Departments devoted to Women's Clothes. The wonders of our Opening Display have been enhanced by later arrivals of ultra-fashionable raiment. The triumphant styles of the season will be visible on every hand. As an insight into the latest creations of fashion visit our store on Saturday.

A Magnificent Range of New Dresses

Freshly received are these new dresses which we have kept back for a day or so in order to show them in all their freshness to Saturday's visitors. The variety is very considerable as these descriptions will suggest.

At \$7.50—A Serge Dress, with raglan sleeves and trimmed at neck and cuffs with plaited frill of Tartan silk. Has Russian tunic. Colors Alice blue, light brown and black.

At \$8.50—A Dress of Duchesse Silk with raglan sleeves, turned down collar and frill of plaited silk trimming, also flare cuffs and silk belt, has gathered frill at bottom of skirt. Colors electric blue, black and cardinal.

At \$9.50—A plain dress, with small vest of white embroidery, deep cuffs and round collar of velvet finished with velvet covered buttons. Has long tunic. Colors, brown, blue and black.

At \$10.50—A dress of very fine serge, with long basque waist. Collar and cuffs are of Tartan material. The dress fastens in front with large jet buttons. Skirt in tunic effect. Color, navy blue only.

At \$12.50—A dress of very fine Cord made in basque style, has roll collar of self material and long sleeves, is finished with small black vest and wide gathered belt of Duchesse silk. Fastening at each side with three large jet buttons. Colors, black and navy.

At \$12.50—A dress of soft silk, with basque waist. Has wide silk belt, and Russian tunic. Fastens in front with silk covered buttons. Colors, black, navy blue, and light scarlet.

At \$11.50—A dress made in plain style, with collar and cuffs of striped corded silk, also wide silk belt. Has long tunic edged with black braid. Fastens with small jet buttons. Colors, black, navy, and Copenhagen.

At \$13.50—A two piece dress, with waist made to be worn over the skirt. Has long sleeves with accordion plaited silk. The waist has fancy vest effect, trimmed with small jet buttons. Has long Russian tunic. Colors, black, brick, brown and scarlet.

At \$14.50—A dress of fine serge made in fancy style with vest of Roman striped velvet; waist is cut square with tunic, belt, and front of waist trimmed with military braid. The collar is turned down, and made of corded silk. Colors navy and black.

At \$20.00—A dress of light tan silk, the waist is gathered in basque effect, with turned down collar and silk cravate. Has long Russian tunic, with wide fold of Roman striped Corded Silk.

At \$25.00—A dress of light Coronation shade silk. Has gathered tunic, yoke of fancy net, and standing collar. The belt is of wide Oriental silk. A very fine dress.

At \$30.00—A dress of fine black Taffeta silk, the waist made in basque effect, with collar of heavy corded silk in white, with cord and tassels. The tunic skirt is finely plaited.

Ladies' Gloves Genuine Samples at About Half Price

A big lot of genuine samples in Ladies' Gloves has been received in time to make a sensational sale for Saturday. We received them with the original makers' price tickets on them and immediately marked them at about Half Price. You have a grand choice of hundreds of pairs here on Saturday.

Cashmere and Chamoisette Gloves, half silk lined, colors black, tan, brown, slate, etc. Special Sale Price, a pair 25c

At 35c and 40c we have marked a big lot of women's gloves which last season would have retailed at 50c and 60c a pair. But for this season we will have to pay more for such goods, and at the sale prices they represent just about half the real value of such gloves if bought today.

Frilling and Ruching

25c to 35c values in Frillings and Ruchings will be sold here on Saturday at only 15c a yard. All colors in silk, chiffon, Ruching, also Ruching of Shadow Point d'Esprit and lace will be sold at this price, a yd. 15c

See our marvellous value in all-linen Torchon Laces, at 50c a doz.



Some of Our New Costumes

At \$17.50—A costume of rough Tweed, in navy, black and dark grey; made in plain tailored style with velvet collar and flare cuffs; back, finished with sky blue velvet is plaited at each side and is finished with wide fold.

At \$19.50—A costume of fine serge in Alice Blue, navy or brown; the skirt is made with flare and plaited at each side. The coat is long with velvet collar and flare cuffs.

At \$37.50—A costume of heavy rough tweed; the coat is made long at the back, and has square cut front. The skirt is made with yoke and long Russian tunic. Both coat and skirt are bound with black silk braid.

Chic Styles in Coats

At \$19.50—A coat of checked material in blue, green and black mixture, made with plaits at each side retained by a strap. Has large sleeves in cape effect, and collar of blue cloth.

At \$22.50—A coat of very heavy tweed in large checks, made long, with raglan sleeves and wide flare. Has collar of dark green velvet.

At \$45.00—A coat of grey broad-clothed silk plush in three-quarter length, with loose kimono sleeves and shawl collar, trimmed with large cord ornaments. Slightly gathered into bias flounce.

Saturday Boot Bargains

The balance of a line of ladies' Boots of Patent Leather, tan or black Calf, and Dongola. Not all present high prices these boots are at the price they are worth buy more than special value. Not all sizes. A pair\$2.29

The balance of a line of Men's Good Boots in Patent Leather and tan or black Calf, In view of the Oxford Shoes; sizes from 6 to 10. At the price they are worth buy more than special value. Not all sizes. A pair\$2.49

A Marvellous Choice of Elegant Hats

Our Autumn Millinery Display is supreme among all its rivals. Never before have we put on view at one time so many elegant creations both in imported and domestic Millinery, including the artistic products of our own atelier. We have aimed to be in a position to meet the wishes of every woman in her choice of a hat. Above all things it is certain we can accommodate you in the matter of price. We also believe that in the matter of style we can give you satisfaction too.

Popular velvet shapes, both trimmed and untrimmed are to be seen here in an immense variety. You can also make a selection from a splendid assortment of smart ready-to-wear hats.

And while you mothers are here see the charming assortment of children's hats and bonnets, which make a really superb display.



Two Good Specials in Costume Tweeds

For Saturday we have chosen two of our most popular lines of Scotch Plaids and Costume Tweeds to sell at reduced prices.

The first is a line of 54 and 56 inch goods, marked to sell at \$1.50 a yard. Price for Saturday, a yd.\$1.29

The Other is a line of \$1.75 and \$1.90 goods, reduced for Saturday, to a yard\$1.49

Velvet Cords, Special

While the quantities last you can buy these handsome and fashionable velvet Cords at reduced prices that could not possibly be duplicated when the goods are once sold.

22 and 27-inch velvet cords, worth 50c a yard, for...39c

27-inch velvet cords, worth 75c a yard, for.....50c

Do Not Overlook the Plea for the Poor of Belgium

Show your spirit of generosity by responding handsomely to the appeal of H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught for money, food and clothing for the heroic Belgians who have been rendered destitute by the devastating hand of war. Merchants and citizens alike are urged to give freely of their means.

We have offered the services of our Delivery Department for the collection of goods, and our warehouse at Hasse Point will be used for the sorting and packing of goods. Merchants will be called upon first. Collection from private houses will be made later.

Mr. Prosper Dubuc of our store is authorized by the Belgian Committee to receive donations in money for this cause.

Items Specially Priced in the Basement

White fibre waste baskets, in assorted sizes, regularly priced from 25c to 90c. Special, at 19c to 89c

Asbestos lined sadirons, 3 pieces to the set, nickel-plated. Reg. \$2.25 for\$1.49

big lot of tea and coffee balls, also tea strainers, with wood or wire handles, for sale on Saturday only, at a reduction of 60 per cent.

Table Knives and Forks, with wood handles, regular \$1.50 a doz. Special, for\$1.10

White Enamelled Basins, 10 inches wide, regular 25c, for.....19c

Vegetable Knives with four inch steel blades, regular 10c. Special 3 for 10c

Wire Coat Hangers, regular 5c each. Special, 3 for 10c

Step Ladders, from 3 to 8 steps, high, regular 15c a step. Special, a step 12c

No telephone orders accepted for these.

A Select Grocery List

Our Grocery corner is not a big one this week, but everyone of the items here is a select one. Grocery buyers here get the benefit of any advantage we derive from the enormous extent of our orders and these prices show that we are genuinely concerned in keeping prices down.

St. Lawrence Granulated Sugar in 5-lb. carton, each 34c

Fowler's sugar cured cooked ham, per lb. 33c

Peerless Soda Crackers, 1-2-lb. pkg., 4c, 1-lb. pkg. 8c

Salt Pork in different cuts, clear fat or lean, per lb. 50c

Pure Lard, per 1-lb. pkg., 19c, 3-lb. pail, 55c, 5-lb. pail, 85c, 10-lb. pail, \$1.65, 20-lb. pail\$3.20

Ogilvy's Royal Household Flour, 7-lb. bag. 33c

14-lb. bag. 63c

24 1-2-lb. bag\$1.05

Candies

You get a pound or so of candies for the children here on Saturday for very little. These are all good healthful candies despite the low price. Our stock of candies is always fresh and nice.

Lamerins Gums, reg. 15c a lb., for 10c

Horshound Candy in sticks, reg. 20c a lb., for 10c

Maple Cream Sugar Nuts, reg. 20c a lb., for 10c

Pink Coconut Balls, reg. 20c a lb., for 10c

Maple Crispettes, the new popcorn, large packets, only 4c

FRENCH HAVE STRANGE AND DEADLY EXPLOSIVE

FUMES OF TURPINE ARE SAID TO PRODUCE INSTANTANEOUS AND PAINLESS DEATH—DEAD GERMANS UPRIGHT IN TRENCHES.

(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)

London, Sept. 17. Remarkable tales of novel engines of war are appearing in all parts of Europe, but nothing has yet equalled the reports circulated concerning new guns used by the French in firing turpentine, a substance said to produce instantaneous and painless death for every living thing within its reach.

Although it is so deadly in its work, turpentine cannot be objected to on the ground that it violates humane principles of war. In fact, it is so humane that it must not be compared with lyddite and other explosives which have deadly fumes.

English correspondents have reported that entire lines of German soldiers stood dead in their trenches as a result of the fumes from the mysterious turpentine discharged by the French in engagements along the Marne. The dead Germans are reported to have maintained a standing posture and retained their rifles in their hands, so sudden and unusual was the effect of the new weapon. Instantaneous paralysis is said to have been caused by turpentine.

The French gun for the use of turpentine is shrouded in as great mystery as turpentine itself. Experts are required, it is said, for the use of the new ammunition, and the manipulation of the storage gun so recently brought into use in battle.

Military experts are now speculating whether turpentine will lend itself in use in aeroplanes. Lyddite is said to be available for the use of military aeroplanes and Zeppelins. As Zeppelins are capable of carrying guns of considerable size it is conceivable they might utilize turpentine. However, in the present war military experts don't expect to see any of France's enemies discover enough about turpentine to imitate its gas and the guns necessary for its use.

London is constantly hearing stories of the terrible engines of war Germany will send over the British capital and bombs containing horrible gases are among the weapons it is predicted the Germans may drop upon darkened London streets. But such stories cause little uneasiness because of the experience of Paris with German bombs. A few persons were killed there but the Parisians in a way enjoyed the visits of the German airships, which ordinarily sailed over the French capital about 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Great crowds thronged into the streets to see the aerial visitors and showed little fear of the bombs dropped from the sky.

LLOYD-GEORGE DID NOT EXPECT WAR

DID NOT THINK ANY COUNTRY SO DEVILISH AS THE EVENTS PROVED.

London, Sept. 25.—6.12 p.m.—Speaking today at a meeting of his neighbors held at Cricketh, Wales, Chancellor of the Exchequer Lloyd-George made the declaration that the war was quite unexpected.

He never dreamt it would occur, he said, until a few days before hostilities commenced. He never thought any country could be so devilish as to pretend great friendship and at the same time make elaborate arrangements to attack. Indeed, he thought, war was so very far away that he had made arrangements to spend August and September at Cricketh.

It took fifteen years to break Napoleon, the Chancellor continued. He said he did not think it would take anything like as long to vanquish Emperor William, but long or short, England was going to see it through.

GERMAN TROOPS COMING INTO FRANCE

London, Sept. 25, 11.35 p.m.—German troops are being transferred into France over the railway line between Munich, Gladbach and Aix-la-Chapelle, according to the Amsterdam correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Co., who says this fact is stated in a telegram from Maastricht.

GERMANS FORCED TO ADMIT LYING.

London, Sept. 25.—The Central News Agency has received the following despatch from Rome:

"A message from Berlin says the General Staff, having agreed to the complete official lists of prisoners, has found it necessary to admit that the totals already announced were erroneous. The aggregate number of prisoners in German hands is now reduced from 250,000 to 50,000, of whom 30,000 are Russians."

EXPLAINS BATTLE ON RIVER AISNE

FRENCH MILITARY EXPERT
GIVES HIS IDEAS REGARDING GERMAN ATTACK.

Paris, Sept. 26, 3.26 a.m.—Lt.-Col. Rousset, writing in the Petit Parisien, says:

"The enemy, perceiving the danger to his right wing, as indicated by the communication Friday afternoon, has perceptibly reinforced it to the detriment of the centre and left. This explains the violence of the battle which is being waged between the Somme and the heights on the left bank of the Oise, but in doing this the enemy stripped his front and we have profited immediately by advancing toward Berry and Moronvilliers."

"The situation of the Germans would become perilous if the line which they hold breaks in the centre and the position of their forces on the right would be endangered. It is because of this disquieting prospect that they are redoubling their efforts against the heights of the Meuse. We learn that they possess the promontory of Hatton Chatel, not probably without difficulty, and that they are marching on the St. Michel."

Lieut.-Col. Rousset refers to the difficulties of the territory confronting the Germans whose left wing is menaced by the mobile garrison of Toul and declares that even should the Germans succeed in their effort they would not become masters of the French fortified front. They would have to descend the heights of the Meuse and cross the river under fire, and the forts of the centre, which are still intact, would constitute a serious danger to the operations.

"I imagine then," adds the writer, "that this new offensive is a simple demonstration to draw our attention from this side, and if it assumes serious proportions the army will know how to find convenient dispositions to check it."

GERMAN FINANCIAL STANDING GOOD

IMPERIAL BANK OF GERMANY
EQUAL TO EXCEPTIONAL
DEMANDS

London, Sept. 25, 9.40 p.m.—An official statement received from Berlin by the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company says:

"The Board of Trustees of the Imperial Bank of Germany draw special attention to the fact that the bank proved itself quite equal to the exceptional demands made upon it by the war and that Germany is armed both economically and financially to fight a war on all sides until results have been obtained which will secure the profitable and economic future of Germany."

"An inquiry has been held at Colmar, Prussia, into charges of high treason against Abbe Wetterle, a member of the Reichstag from Alsace Lorraine, who has been condemned to death and whose property has been ordered seized."

"Germans in South Morocco have been made prisoners by the French and interned in Sebdu, Province of Oran. The Germans are being treated well, it is said."

BOY'S LEG FRACTURED

Philemon Careau, the six-year-old son of Mr. Jos. Careau, of No. 32 Maisonneuve Avenue, had a leg fractured and received slight injuries about the head by being struck by an automobile on St. John street yesterday afternoon.

The accident occurred between Scott and Claire Fontaine streets, while the boy was endeavoring to cross the street behind a street car. He did not notice a motor car, owned and driven by Mr. H. B. O'Neill, coming east, and was knocked down by the mud guard. The young victim's injuries were attended to by Dr. Hubbard, who was summoned immediately by Mr. O'Neill after which he was taken to the Jeffery Hale's Hospital.

Dancing, according to a physical instructor, is the best of exercise. It may be so, but that is not the reason so many indulge in it.

QUEBEC CITY HAS INSURED LIVES OF QUEBEC SOLDIERS

BESIDES \$20,000 FOR PATRIOTIC FUND COUNCIL GUARANTEES \$100,000 LIFE INSURANCE.

The members of the City Council last evening unanimously voted the sum of \$20,000 to the Patriotic Fund for the relief of the families of soldiers who are doing duty during the present war, as well as guaranteeing the sum of \$5,000 for \$100,000 insurance on the lives of Quebecers who have enlisted for the front.

Both these grants were recommended by the Civic Finance Committee and are subject to the ratification of the Quebec Legislature at its next session.

It is arranged that those who return from the front may if they wish continue the insurance premiums on payment of ordinary rates.

Ald. Morin, Pro-Mayor.
Ald. Oscar Morin, of Montcalm Ward, was elected pro-Mayor for the ensuing term, the members of the council greeting the nomination with loud applause.

A letter was received from the St. John Ambulance Association in which it was suggested that it would be well if the members of the Police Force and Fire Brigade received a training in "First aid to the injured." The association offer to give lectures and furnish literature. The communication was referred to the Police Committee.

Laborers Discharged.
Ald. Verret inquired from the Mayor that it was the case that a large number of carters and laborers employed by the city had been discharged due to lack of funds.

Mayor Drouin explained that a number of men who were no longer required had been dismissed. He said that during the time of the Exhibition the City required a larger staff of men, and that now that conditions were normal the extra hands were no longer needed. Besides, he said, the work on the widening of the Beaufort and Charlesbourg roads had been practically completed and the men employed there had also been relieved of their duties. He said that all particulars would be given at a meeting of the Roads Committee next Wednesday.

City Lighting.
The question of the defective lighting of the city by the Dorchester Electric Company was brought up by Ald. Cannon, who is a shareholder in the company. Ald. Cannon said that it was time that the question be straightened out once for all and to find out where the defects really lay. Mayor Drouin said that the Dorchester Electric Company had been reorganized and that he had requested the new president and other responsible officials to be present at a meeting of the Roads Committee next Wednesday to discuss the question with the City representatives.

Charter Amendments.
On motion of Ald. Cannon, seconded by Ald. Lavigne, the following special committee was appointed to draw up the amendments of the City Charter which will be embodied in the Quebec City Bill at the next session of the Quebec Legislature: Alderman Cannon, Collier, Cote, Lavigne, Morin, Verret and Gibson.

The Council adjourned until Friday, October 9th.

POST-OFFICE INSPECTORS SUBSCRIBE TO FUND

The Post-office Inspector, assistant Inspectors and Staff of the Quebec Post-office Inspectors Office have subscribed a day's pay to the Patriotic Fund cheque, which will be forwarded through the Hon. L. P. Pelletier, Postmaster-General.

This is wholly apart from Inspector Green's personal subscription. The day's pay will aggregate a hundred dollars.

DUEL IN THE AIR.

London, Sept. 25.—A duel in the air over Brussels between a Belgian biplane, which was making a reconnaissance, and a German machine which was in pursuit of the biplane, is described briefly by a correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company, who witnessed the contest.

The two machines ascended to a great altitude, and after a swift flight the aviators exchanged shots at short range. Suddenly the German turned turtle and fell, and the Belgian biplane returned towards Antwerp.

**CARRANZA FORCES
ROUTED YESTERDAY.**
Douglas, Ariz., Sept. 25.—Carranza forces under General Benjamin Hill were routed today by the troops of Governor Maytorena in the first engagement of the new revolution proclaimed by the State of Sonora in connection with Gen. Villa's defiance of Carranza. Hill's loss is indefinite.

GERMAN'S WEST WING HURLED BACK BY ALLIES' ASSAULT

Enemy Retreated to St. Quentin, Their Line of Communication Towards Belgian Frontier.

GERMAN CENTRE WEAK

Battle of Vast Importance and Authorities Refuse to Disclose Position of Fighting.

At the battle front, Sept. 24, via Paris, 6.15 p.m.—French and British troops, intermingled with Turcos and Moors, not only held their own but caused the strongly reinforced German western wing to reel backwards near St. Quentin yesterday and today and imperilled the German line of communication towards the frontier of Belgium.

The German centre has been weakened by the rush of troops from that position to meet the threatening movement of the Allies and two strong forces were engaged at close quarters today between St. Quentin and Tergnier.

The military authorities naturally refuse to permit the disclosure of the exact position of the fighting but it is generally known that the battle now progressing is of prime importance.

Meanwhile at other parts of the battle line, which is about 120 miles long, fighting continued today in dogged fashion. The allied troops followed the example set by the Germans and dug themselves deeply in.

The artillery of both armies kept up an incessant fire while French and German aviators reconnoitred from above. The commanders of the allied forces have found reason for the wonderful precision of the German fire in a spy discovered in their lines who signalled directions. He was caught and immediately put to death.

All the troops appear to have become thoroughly hardened and accustomed to conditions. The commissariat and the ammunition supply departments are working perfectly. While the soldiers are occupying the advanced firing lines they are scarcely ever without one hot meal a day which is brought to them in camp kettles from the field kitchens.

The British artillery officers praise highly the gunnery of their opponents. They declare that the German shells almost burst at accurate range, but often too high to do damage. The soldiers take occasional spells of repose when in deep trenches, smoking pipes and cigarettes, for a ration of tobacco is served regularly. Meanwhile shells tear by overhead with a sound like a ripping of parchment.

British officers relate an incident which they say occurred during twilight last evening. A large force of German infantry when charged by a British battalion held up their hands in token of surrender. The British approached to take them prisoners when, it is said, the Germans reopened fire. The British officers ordered their men to lie down, which they did. Then three British machine guns were brought into action and killed every German in that portion of the field.

DUBLIN GREET'S PREMIER ASQUITH WITH ENTHUSIASM

PREMIER DELIVERED STIRRING SPEECH IN AID OF "ECONOMIC CAUSE"

Dublin, via London, Sept. 25, 11.30 p.m.—Premier Asquith appeared at the Mansion House here tonight for the purpose, as he expressed it in the opening of his speech, "as head of the King's government to summon loyal and patriotic Ireland to take her place in defence of her common cause."

The Prime Minister received a tremendous welcome when he appeared at the Mansion House, with John E. Redmond, the Irish Nationalist leader, and the Earl of Aberdeen, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and his opening words aroused the greatest enthusiasm. He went on to say that there had been wars with regard to which there was a diversity of opinion, but that was not the case today.

"Today," he declared, "throughout the Empire, without distinction of creed, party or race, climate or class or section, the people were united in defending the principles of maintaining the British Empire but to all that was worth having in our common civilization and the future progress of mankind, whether Great Britain succeeded or failed."

"But," exclaimed the Premier, "we are not going to fail."

There could not be any higher cause, said the Premier, than the vindication of international good faith and protection of the weak against the violence of the strong and those who preached impractical religion of force. Germany was the real responsible factor in this war. There was nothing in the quarrel, such as it was between Austria and Serbia, that could not be settled by pacific means, but for the fact that in the judgment of those guiding and controlling the German policy that the hour had come to strike the blow which had been long and deliberately prepared.

In their hands declared Mr. Asquith, lay the choice between peace and war, and their election was for war.

Great crowds gathered in the streets volunteers, who, armed with rifles and of Dublin and cheered the Nationalist bayonets, acted as a guard of honor. The invasion of Belgium and France said the Prime Minister, constitutes the blackest pages of war's sombre history. England has worked to the last for peace.

DIED OF WOUNDS

London, Sept. 25.—Tonight's casualty list contains the names of six officers previously reported wounded who have since died of their wounds. Nine other officers have been wounded and four officers of the Medical Corps are missing.

DOUBLE HEADER HERE ON SUNDAY

VICTORIA PLAY BOTH LAVAL AND C. B. AT THE EXHIBITION GROUNDS

A gigantic task awaits the Victoria Baseball Club at the Exhibition Grounds on Sunday afternoon, when they will attempt to win the double-header and leave the diamond with the scalps of Laval and C. B. dangling from their belts.

The Vics have been doing the wondrous for some days past and when they appear before the distinguished gathering who are expected on Sunday they will, no doubt, be prepared to win all the admiration and applause of fair and erstwhile bias-minded citizens.

On the other hand, Laval and C. B. are saying nothing but they will have all their friends and supporters on hand to see them pull down the swaggering pride and conceit of the leaders of the league. It is not their intention to celebrate their victory, they say, before they have won, but they have not the slightest doubt of celebrating on Sunday evening.

Everything considered, Sunday's exhibition should prove one of the most interesting of the entire season. So, up then, all ye staunch and faithful supporters of this great and noble pastime. There is ample room for all, so don't fail to bring along all your friends, ladies are respectfully and solicitously included.

Mr. William Taft, former President of the United States, will lecture before the Women's Canadian Club at the Chateau Frontenac this afternoon.

Besides being one of the ablest men of the American Republic generally speaking, Mr. Taft has won widespread fame as an eloquent public speaker and his ready acceptance of the invitation of the Canadian Women to speak here is much appreciated.

Arrangements have been made by the Club under their president, Mrs. L. A. Cannon, to admit gentlemen to this lecture on the payment of fifty cents each, the receipts to be donated to the Canadian Patriotic Fund.

The subject which will be treated by the speaker is, "The Presidency of the United States, Its Responsibilities, Its Duties and Incidents." The theme is one of wide scope and will prove very interesting under the versatile hand of Mr. Taft.

Mr. Taft is due to arrive here this morning at eleven o'clock with Mrs. Taft and Miss Louise Taft from their summer residence at Murray Bay. Tonight the ex-President will be the guest of Sir Francis Langelier at Spencer Wood, where a dinner will be given in his honor.

EX-PRESIDENT TAFT SPEAKS HERE TODAY

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WELCOME.

The executive of the Ladies' Canadian Club is much to be congratulated on having induced so distinguished and able a gentleman as ex-President Taft to lecture before the Club this afternoon in aid of the Patriotic Fund. Mr. Taft, whose genial and kindly presence makes him popular everywhere that he goes, is well known to many Quebecers as he has passed several summers including the last two at Marray Bay. Though he no longer occupies the chief office in the government of the great republic to the south of the Dominion, he is still a figure of international interest and has always something to say that will command attention and be well worth remembering. We are glad to welcome him to Quebec as one who has already shown a most friendly concern for the welfare of the Dominion and has evoked a warm personal admiration on the part of all Canadians with whom he has come in contact. In view of his visit and of the object for which his lecture will be delivered we hope that there will be an unusually large attendance present to hear him.

THE TORPEDO MAKES GOOD—OR BAD.

In the sinking of three British armored cruisers off Heligoland by German submarine boats, the long-mooted point, whether the submarine could ever be made an effective military arm would appear to be conclusively answered in the affirmative. Naval experts have debated the question whether such craft, operating beneath the surface of water for the purpose of directing torpedo attack against vessels, could ever be brought to that point of control and efficiency at which they could be relied upon in action. Although opinion has been divided, the weight of it has fallen on the affirmative side, as is shown in the policy of all governments which have, for some years past, been building large naval armaments. All of them have been steadily increasing the number of their submarine vessels. France has led all other nations in this line of naval construction, having now 100 or more. Great Britain has been at least second, and at the present time can not be more than a dozen submarine ships short of the number the French have. Germany has lagged considerably behind both France and Great Britain, having now probably not more than one-third the number of submarines which they respectively control.

The torpedo in naval warfare has been an imaginary terror in wars since not long after ways were found of condensing large quantities of explosives in that form and planting them in harbors. But they were imaginary dangers only. Whether a planted torpedo, when struck by a ship, could work great damage, is a question still unsolved. It was known that the American Confederate Government had planted torpedoes in Mobile Bay and as the federal fleet was forging its way up, under fire of the Confederate guns, that fact was made known to Admiral Farragut. "Damn the torpedoes," the admiral is said to have roared loudly, "go ahead." Not a torpedo was struck during the engagement. Neither was any struck by the fleet under command of Admiral Dewey as it entered Manila Bay, although some were known to have been secreted there. Naval fighting since the use of the stationary torpedo, which wants to be bumped into, has proved that the chance of destroying a vessel by such means is always small. Inventive genius has addressed itself to the construction of boats which can be operated under water surfaces and which can steer the torpedo to the exact point where it can be made to do its deadly work. The loss of the British armored cruisers off Heligoland, and the escape of the submarines which destroyed them, appear to answer the question of whether the submarine has come to stay. The answer to that question would seem to raise another of greater consequence. If the submarine is to stay, what larger types of this ship can hope to stay? What is the guarantee of life for a dreadnought, though armored thickly enough on the sides to turn aside the projectiles thrown out of 13-inch guns, or larger? The success of the submarines at Heligoland is certain to raise a number of new and interesting problems in naval construction, while answering the one of whether the submarine is itself worth spending time and money upon.

THE WAR AND TRADE.

The current weekly report of the Canadian Department of Trade and Commerce devotes much attention to German trade with Great Britain which, because of the war, has been lost to Germany and is not likely to



be replaced if the people of Great Britain can find supplies in other markets to meet their needs. Canada should be particularly interested in the situation as perusal of the table of articles imported into Great Britain from Germany, compared with the imports from Canada and the United States, will show that in many lines Germany has held trade which now may come to this country. Canada can grow barley, and does grow and export it, but apparently very little finds its way to Great Britain in comparison with the quantity exported there by the Germans. In 1912 the total import of barley into the United Kingdom was valued at 7,781,581 pounds sterling; of this 417,340 pounds came from Germany, 340,777 from the United States and but 174,122 from Canada. In the case of oats, regarded as a Canadian staple, it is surprising to find that in 1912 both Germany and the United States sold more oats to the United Kingdom than did Canada. The total British import of oats for that year was valued at 6,338,451 pounds, and of this Canada contributed 703,982 pounds, the United States 739,446 pounds and Germany 777,891 pounds. This is little more than one-third of the entire import, the greater portion of which was supplied by Russia and Austria. If the German competition in the oat business is removed, as it may be as the result of the present war, there is no reason why, next year, the agriculturists of Canada should not export twice as many oats as they did in 1912.

In the case of hides and leather there also appears to be opportunity for great expansion of Canadian trade with Britain. Although Canada is an exporter of live cattle and beef, it does not appear that she exports hides or leather to any extent. In the year under consideration Germany sent to Great Britain 2,300,000 pounds worth of leather and hides while Canada's contribution was but 177,000 pounds, and the total import was well over 17,000,000 pounds. This does not include leather manufactures, of which Canada sent nothing, while Germany's trade was valued at 1,280,937 pounds. There should be much opportunity for trade in paper and pulp, in both of which articles Germany's trade with Britain far outstrips that of Canada. In paper the total import was more than 7,234,000 and in wood pulp 4,418,420 pounds. Canada supplied less than 240,000 pounds worth of both, while the purchase by Britain from Germany was more than 2,800,000 pounds. There is abundance of pulp wood in Canada and one of the arguments used against reciprocity was that it would destroy the Canadian pulp and paper industry. Since 1911 that industry has made more than a little progress, but it would appear that the opportunity offered by the British market has not been fully taken advantage of.

Another peculiar feature of the return is that it shows that Canada does practically no business with Great Britain in butter, although there is no apparent reason for this. Of course the greater part of the butter imported into Great Britain comes from Denmark, but still there was a reasonably good import of German butter in 1912 while the total of Canada's share of the trade was represented by but one shipment to the value of 145 pounds. There are numerous other lines in which Canada should be able to increase her trade without considering the highly specialized manufactures in which Germany has hitherto defied competition.

Whether Canada captures Germany's share of the trade of Britain, or whether it goes to the United States, the loss to the Germans will not be lessened. It should prove one of the most costly effects of the war and one which is given attention in time should work in no small degree to the advantage of this country.

PRESS COMMENT.

We all are called upon to do service, and our duty, in this war. The notice issued in Great Britain, "Your King and Your Country Need You,"

applies as much to those who stay at home as to those who go to the front to risk their lives in defence of their King and Country. We are all part of a great army, an auxiliary to the one which is battling so bravely for us in Europe.

Our service and our duty does not consist solely in seeing to it that Canada sends her sons fully and thoroughly equipped to fight for the very life of the British Empire, and the Liberty of the world. It extends to the care of those whom these brave and dear ones leave behind. That is the service and the duty which rests upon each one of us individually. By fulfilling this we are adding to the strength of the army in the field. We are taking away a burden from the shoulders of its men. They will not have to carry with them the dread that their absence will mean want to those dependent upon them. Many of these men it must be remembered have made real sacrifices in order that they might go to the front; and all of them are ready to show that "Greater love hath no man than this that a man lay down his life for his friend." They are ready and willing to give up their lives in this war for the sake of their friends and their country. We are all apt to think of this text; but we ought also to recollect that death is not the only sacrifice which these men are prepared to make; they are facing the terrible hardships of the campaign, and the risk of terrible wounding and maiming which would render the remainder of their lives one long sacrifice. Therefore we are called upon to make our sacrifices. The Patriotic Fund gives us the opportunity. Our help should not be in the nature of mere gifts, the giving of what we can easily spare, the giving of what we shall scarcely miss. It should rise to a greater height; it should be a sacrifice; an offering so large that we should feel its loss; a gift for a holy purpose which would sacrifice the meaning of the word sacrifice—a sacred gift. Thus we should do our duty and our service. Kingston Standard.

Two Years of Torture From Stomach Trouble

Cured by the Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

There are two ways usually adopted in trying to cure indigestion or stomach trouble—one the wrong way by using purgatives and the other drugs which only act locally and which in the long run causes more distress by weakening the whole system. The other way and the right way is the Dr. Williams' manner of treatment—that is to nourish and build up the stomach by supplying plenty of new, rich red blood. Give the stomach this much needed supply of new blood and distress will disappear and stay banished forever. The new blood strengthens the nerves of the stomach and gives it the necessary power to digest food. Thousands bear witness to the value of the Dr. Williams' treatment through the blood. Among them is the Rev. P. D. Nowlan, of Summerville, N.S., who says: "I certainly have great reason to recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, as they were the means of saving my life. Till I reached the age of thirty I never knew what pain or sickness meant, but after that my stomach failed me and food of any kind caused untold distress. I became constipated and was forced to use injections daily. This went on for about two years; I grew weaker and weaker; my weight fell off from 175 to 125 pounds; I had a hacking cough and appeared to be going into a decline. All this time I was being treated by the best of doctors but without the least benefit. Night after night I could get no sleep the pain and agony was so severe. On consultation the doctors decided I was suffering from cancer of the stomach and advised an operation as a means of saving my life. This I refused to undergo and began to look forward to an early death. Just then a friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I had no faith in any medicine and at first refused, but my friend was so persistent that finally I gave in and purchased half a dozen boxes. By the time these were gone I felt much stronger and the distress was not so severe. I continued their use and each succeeding box wrought a marked improvement in my condition till by the time I had taken a dozen boxes every pain and ache had left me; my strength increased; my weight was back where it was before I was ill; I had a good appetite and was completely cured. In the years that have elapsed since I used the Pills not a twinge of the trouble has returned. To me Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the greatest medicine on earth and I never lose an opportunity in recommending them to other sufferers, for I feel that were it not for their use I would have been in my grave long ago."

What Dr. Williams' Pink Pills did for Rev. Mr. Nowlan they have done for thousands of others and will do for you if ailing. They not only cure cases of stomach trouble, but rheumatism, partial paralysis, heart palpitation, St. Vitus dance and all other troubles that have their origin in a bad condition of the blood and nerves. The Pills are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

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FRUIT Juice consists of 91% water and 9% solid material. This solid material consists of about 8 parts sugary substance and one part of an intensely bitter substance, which is the medicinal or curative principle of fruit. In order to get the full benefit of fruit in the ordinary way, one would have to eat huge quantities of fresh fruit. By the discovered process of making "Fruit-a-tives," the bitter material in fruit juice is made to grow or increase and thus a stronger fruit juice is created. Then, this stronger fruit extract is mixed with valuable tonics and antiseptics and made into tablets. Thus, we have concentrated and intensified fruit juices, and the practical use of Fruit as a medicine is brought within reach of all.

Like fruit juice, "Fruit-a-tives" acts on the great blood purifying organs of the body—the liver, bowels, kidneys and skin—and stimulates all these parts to renewed activity. "Fruit-a-tives" is the most powerful liver stimulant in the world, and by it the kidneys and skin are stimulated to do more work. The splendid nerve tonics and antiseptics incorporated in "Fruit-a-tives" make this medicine the finest of nerve restorers, while germs in the stomach and bowels are destroyed.

"Fruit-a-tives" will cure Indigestion or Weak Digestion, Dyspepsia, Kidney Disease, Constipation, Biliousness and Liver Trouble, Backache, Rheumatism and Rheumatic Pains, Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Headaches and all indications of Impure Blood.

Remember, that "Fruit-a-tives" is the only medicine in the world that is made of fruit. There is nothing else as good, because there is no other preparation anything like "Fruit-a-tives." If you cannot get "Fruit-a-tives" right in your neighborhood, we will send you a supply postpaid, on receipt of price—50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

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A. F. T. HARROWER, 183 Bridge Street, Quebec. Phone 6163. Apl. 28th, th, sat.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY given that the Pier at the mouth of the Cap Rouge River is submerged, as well as the other deep water Pier that was there up to last winter, at the end of the long wharf. The position of the Pier at the mouth of the Cap Rouge River is as heretofore, shown by a flat Buoy by day, and a White Light by night, and the position of the deep water Pier recently taken at the end of the long wharf is in a straight line with the said flat Buoy and about 600 feet to the west.

W. A. KINGSLAND, Agent.



CHINIC Hardware Company

St. Peter Street, ... Lower Town Branch, Fabrique St. Upper Town

SPORTING GOODS

Trout and salmon rods in all grades including the renowned Boivin. Flies, Reels, Lines, Bait, Tents, Blankets, Rubber Sheets, Canoe Paddles, Oars, Dummage Bags, Folding Beds and Chairs, Folding Stoves, etc.

General Heavy Hardware

SPORTING GOODS

Trout and Salmon Rods. Flies, Reels, Cast Line. Oil Lines, Fly Books, TROWELS.

Red and Grey Camp Blankets, Folding Camp Chairs and Beds. Tents and Oil Spreads.

S. J. SHAW & CO.

13 St. John St. Telephone 573

Tourists Linen Letter Tablets

WITH ENVELOPES TO MATCH

SEE OUR REPRINTS.

P. J. EVOY, BOOKSELLER.

Phone 772. 141 ST. JOHN ST.

THE AUTUMN FASHIONS

and new creations and Fall novelties are now on exhibition, as all of our importations have arrived.

Untrimmed Hats.—We have a large variety of all shapes and descriptions, Black Velvet, Flashes and Satin Beavers are the hats of the moment. Fashionable Trimmings.—We have a wonderful variety to select from. Call on us now while the selection is complete.

Misses M. & A. Brownrigg

MILLINERS, 64-66 ST. JOHN ST., QUEBEC.

W. Morton Massey GENERAL INSURANCE BROKER 111 Mountain Hill

JAMES A. HANRAHAN

112 Dalhousie street. Telephones: Office 2423 — Residence 53. Accountant, Auditor, Appraiser, Administrator, Trustee Liquidator. Compromises arranged between debtors and creditors. Special attention given to collection of accounts.

THE SHARPE CONSTRUCTION CO.

The above company under the management of Mr. Walter Sharpe, who has been so favorably connected with many of the largest building contracts in the city, are prepared to undertake

GENERAL CONTRACTING, of all descriptions, and will submit prices on any proposed building or work, on application

MANAGER **W. SHARPE** QUEBEC. Phone 4062. 109 Florio St.

Read This

First class English and Scotch Tweed Suits, valued from \$25 to \$30 now offered for \$20.00 while they last. Benefit by this great reduction and place your order at once

S. J. BURKE,

187 St. John street - - - Quebec. —Phone 781— July 7th, th, sat.

LA CAISSE D'ECONOMIE

DE NOTRE DAME DE QUEBEC.

Opens at night
from 7 to 8.30

Head Office: 21 St. John Street, on Saturdays only.
Branches, Mondays and Saturdays.

BIRTH.

EGAN.—At Chaudiere Curve, on the 25th inst. to Mr. and Mrs. P. John Egan, a daughter.

STEWART.—On the 24th inst., a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Angus A. Stewart, 104 St. Cyrille street.

DIED.

CLEAR.—On Thursday, Sept. 24th, at the Hotel Dieu du Precieux Sang, Michael Clear, in his sixty-fifth year.

Funeral will take place Saturday morning, leaving his late residence, No. 11 Chateaugay street at 9.30 for St. Patrick's Church, where service will be chanted at 10 o'clock, and thence to St. Patrick's Cemetery.

JOYCE.—Suddenly, in Montreal, Mabel Victoria Eileen, beloved daughter of W. J. Joyce, at the age of 16 years and 11 months.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given to the shareholders of "L'Auditorium de Quebec," incorporated under the name of "L'Auditorium de Quebec," that the annual meeting will take place Tuesday, October 6th, at 7.00 p.m. in the office of the Manager of the Auditorium, in the City of Quebec, to elect a Board of Directors and transact other business of the Company.

J. H. PAQUET,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Spt.24toOct.6

AUDITORIUM

Thursday, Friday and Saturday.
September 24th, 25th and 26th.
New York's Leading Comedy Hit:

THE MISLEADING LADY

Prices: Evenings, 25c to \$1.00.
Matinee: 25 cents to 50 cents.
Spt.22,24,25,26x4

SOCIETE DE PRETS ET FLAGEMENTS DE QUEBEC

DIVIDEND No. 90.

A Dividend of Two Per Cent. of the Capital Stock of this Society has been declared for the current quarter, payable at the office of the Society on the 1st of October next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 26th to the 30th instant inclusively.

By order of the Board.
F. F. HOUE,
Secretary-Treasurer
Sept. 23rd, 1914.
Spt.23toOct.1

Appal to the First Overseers Contingent

Canadian Women through the W. C. T. U. ask every Soldier to abstain from all intoxicating liquor.

ICE

As the season for the delivery of Ice expires on the 1st of October, P. J. Holden desires to inform his customers and the public in general, that he is prepared to accept orders and continue delivery to anyone who may require an extra supply.

By telephoning 454, all orders will be promptly attended to.
Sept.26x3

THE WOMEN'S CANADIAN CLUB

A meeting of the Women's Canadian Club will be held in the drawing-room at the Chateau Frontenac, on Saturday, September 26th, at 4.00 o'clock.

Mr. TAFT, ex-President of the United States will address the Club on: "The Presidency of the United States, its powers, duties, responsibilities and incidents."

Members will be admitted on producing their membership card.

The public is invited—admission fee fifty cents.

The proceeds of this meeting and the subscriptions of the members will be given to a patriotic work.

By order,
THE SECRETARY.

IN AND ABOUT TOWN

WAR TO BENEFIT CANADIAN INDUSTRY

DAUGHTERS OF THE EMPIRE TO DISCOURAGE SALE OF GERMAN PRODUCTS.

That the war has many disadvantages is avowed by all—but there is an old saying which states that out of evil good may sometimes come. The Ladies of the Stadacona Chapter of the Daughters of the Empire are determined to assist in drawing as much good as is possible from the conditions which at present seem irreconcilable and with this worthy object in view a largely attended meeting was held yesterday afternoon at which a resolution was unanimously passed by which the Daughters of the Empire have pledged themselves to exercise all the means at their disposal to discourage the importation of "made in Germany" goods as well as the exportation to that country of Canadian made products. Of course it is understood that goods held in stock by dealers will require to be disposed of to prevent a loss to the holder. The main point, however, is to encourage the Canadian industries for the future. It is also embodied in this resolution which it is the intention of the local ladies to submit to their Head chapter in Toronto, that efforts will be made whereby the employment of German and Austrian help will be greatly minimized if not altogether done away with.

"This war has opened great opportunities for Canadian industries," stated Mrs. Joseph, to a Chronicle representative last evening, "and the chance to replace the German made articles of a Canadian brand should not be lost."

The ladies have already started a campaign in the city and several shopkeepers have been approached in this direction. The move is a good one and the Daughters of the Empire deserve congratulations and encouragement in their present endeavours.

ICE.

As the season for the delivery of Ice expires on the 1st of October, P. J. Holden desires to inform his customers and the public in general, that he is prepared to accept orders and continue delivery to anyone who may require an extra supply.

By telephoning 454, all orders will be promptly attended to.

CHALMER'S CHURCH

The Minister will occupy the pulpit at both services tomorrow. The morning subject will be "Our Source of Strength," and the evening "Britains Justification." In the afternoon at three o'clock there will be a rally of the Sabbath School at which the Minister will give an address.

RECORDER'S COURT

Nineteen prisoners, charged with drunkenness, appeared before Deputy Recorder DesRivieres yesterday. They were condemned to fines ranging from \$2 and costs or two days' jail to \$5 and costs or fifteen days. A case of assault between two next-door neighbors a fortnight ago, was also aired in court, and resulted in the defendant being fined \$5 and costs.

EXPOSITION.

To ladies and gentlemen residing out of town. We invite them to come and visit the large Store of Faguy, Lepinay, and they will enjoy themselves. See their nice costumes and jackets; also the great choice of dress goods. Do not forget to pay them a visit. Signed "One Who Knows."

COMING

The New York Symphony Orchestra, Walter Damrosch, Conductor, who is to appear in Quebec this season, occupies a unique position among New York musical organizations. It is the only orchestra which is maintained throughout the year. Its members are not allowed to play at the concerts of any other society or with any other orchestra, and its conductor is likewise circumscribed. Forty prominent and wealthy New Yorkers have subscribed the amount of \$40,000 a year to make this possible. As a consequence, besides giving several concerts a week, the orchestra meets for daily rehearsals and it has been possible to attain a degree of perfection hitherto difficult to reach. This organization has been maintained intact for over twenty-five years and when it goes on tour the same men pay as when it is heard in New York. Saslavsky, the famous first violinist of the organization, remains the concertmaster; George Barrere, is still the first flutist and so on. This is not only a matter of pride with Mr. Damrosch, who has built the orchestra up to the unique position which it now holds, but also one of the conditions of the organization.

GENTLEMEN.

Be elegant! To do so, dress yourself at Faguy, Lepinay & Frere, and be sure to save at least 20 per cent.

NURSES GOING FROM QUEBEC

TWO LADIES FROM QUEBEC WILL ACCOMPANY THE CONTINGENT

Some ten ladies from Quebec have been accepted as nurses to accompany the first Canadian contingent to the front. They include, besides the Misses Webb, Pelletier and Leslie, published with the complete list up to Wednesday night, in Thursday's issue of The Chronicle, the Misses Mabel C. Jamieson, Elizabeth A. Ponting, Frances Deen, V. M. Cromwell, Mrs. F. Frew, graduates of the Jeffery Hale's Hospital, Quebec; Vivian A. Tremaine, Montreal General Hospital, and Daisy M. Binning, Army Medical Corps.

Out-of-town nurses who have registered at the General Hospital since Wednesday night last include: the Misses Coleen Emelia Ivey, London, Ont.; Annie S. Pense, Kingston; Marjorie Parks, St. John, N. B.

PATRIOTIC FUND GROWS DAILY

QUEBEC HAS ALREADY SUBSCRIBED NEARLY \$155,000 TO DATE.

To date Quebec has given in favor of the families of our soldiers the sum of \$154,581.70. That sum includes the collection in Palace Ward up to Thursday evening, from which ward there are other amounts to come. The collection in St. Louis and St. John wards is not yet reported and no number can be given for the moment; as already said, these reports will not be expected for a long time now.

\$924.10 is the sum that was remitted yesterday and the day before by new subscribers; the amount is composed as follows:

By Mrs. (Dr.) N. H. Sirois, subscriptions of the parish of Ste-Anne de la Pocatiere, \$200; Mrs. D. A. Ross, \$200; Bank of Montreal, Quebec Offices' Staff, \$116; W. B. Rogers, \$75; Mrs. R. Harcourt Smith, \$50; E. D. Sewell, \$50; H. B. Bignell, \$25; W. W. Symons, \$25; Joseph Raymond, \$25; Rene Lemoine, \$25; I. P. Dery & Fils, \$25; J. H. Faquet, Auditorium, \$25; Miss Marion Boswell, \$20; A. Friend, \$20; Miss L. Pope, \$15; Mrs. Alfred Turcut, \$10; Henry Watters, \$5; Jules Lesage, \$5; L. J. Dessane, \$5; M. Arthur Rochefort Champlain, and his pupils \$3.10. Total, \$924.10.

The Quebec Branch has already received from many employers the names of their employees who are on active service, together with the amount of the salary earned and paid to them before they left their work. This example should be followed by all the people who are in the same situation. The Canadian Patriotic Fund hopes that everybody will do this duty in this way and thanks those who have already answered the invitation.

SOLDIER INJURED BY AN AUTOMOBILE

Was Run Down on Dalhousie Street Yesterday

A member of the Canadian contingent named George Goodby was struck by an automobile on Dalhousie street yesterday afternoon and rather seriously injured.

He was taken to the Jeffery Hale's Hospital where he is now a patient.

SUING BECAUSE OF ALLEGED SLANDER

Because of alleged criticism in a general way of the manner in which the duties of his office were discharged, Mr. A. Desrochers, Secretary of the Parish of St. Flavien, has taken out an action for slander against Mr. N. Boissonneault, claiming \$200 damages.

The plaintiff is represented by the legal firm of Bedard, Laverne and Sevigny.

GIFT FROM MR. JUSTICE DUFF

Mr. Justice Duff, of Ottawa yesterday donated 130 tins of tobacco purchased at Mr. Thos. Burns, tobaccoist to the members comprising the 16th Battalion. The gift is such a suitable one that it is needless to add that it is much appreciated.

OUR PRICES NO HIGHER

Our imports of dress goods just arrived. All that you may desire is in stock: dress-makers attached to the establishment; fit guaranteed. Do not forget our jackets and costumes, they are high tone. Let us go to Faguy, Lepinay & Frere, 254-264 St. John street.

DO NOT FORGET.

That all patent preparations, remedies, medicines and all others which you may see advertised in the newspapers, in catalogues, or in price lists which are sent you, are always on sale at the Brunet Pharmacy, which in nearly every case is the general agency.

W. BRUNET & CIE,
159 St. Joseph Street.

GENEROUS GIFT FROM MONTREAL P.O.

INSPECTOR AND EMPLOYEES SEND CHEQUES TO HON. L. P. PELLETIER FOR FUND.

Hon. L. P. Pelletier, Postmaster-General, is in receipt of two cheques from the Montreal post office department, one for the amount of \$150 from Mr. Victor Gaudet, Post Office Inspector, and the other for \$2,855, from the employees of the Montreal Post Office, generously subscribed for the Patriotic Fund.

The patriotism shown by the Inspector and employees of the Montreal Post Office in forwarding these sums to the Patriotic Fund through the Postmaster-General for the relief of the poor wives and families of the soldiers going to the front, is most praiseworthy and should stir employees of other concerns all over Canada to do likewise.

Following are copies of the letters the Hon. Mr. Pelletier received with the enclosed cheques:

Post Office Department,
Inspector's Office,
Montreal, Sept. 23, 1914.

Honorable Sir:
I beg to enclose my accepted cheque for \$150.00.

This is the amount subscribed by the Post Office Inspector's staff to the Patriotic Fund.

I trust, sir, that you will kindly deliver this amount yourself, together with the cheque which is being sent you today by Montreal Post Office staff.

We wanted to show what the employees in our office could do, and I beg to say that we have no objection to the official publication of the total subscription which includes the amount subscribed by the Montreal Post Office and by the Inspector's Office.

I am proud to say, sir, that all my employees, including the "Missing Mail Division" staff, have subscribed with great pleasure to the Patriotic Fund—I may even say with the greatest enthusiasm.

I beg to remain, sir,
Yours truly,
(Signed) VICTOR GAUDET,
Post Office Inspector.

The Hon. L. P. Pelletier,
Postmaster-General,
Ottawa, Sept. 24, 1914.

Dear Mr. Gaudet:—
I am this morning in receipt of your letter of the 23rd inst. together with a cheque for \$150.00, being the contribution of your staff towards the Patriotic Fund.

The generous response of your employees has given me much pleasure and I wish you to assure them of my sincere appreciation of their action.

I feel honored in being privileged to remit this amount to the President of the Patriotic Fund, Mr. Ames, which I am doing today, sending him copy of your letter.

Yours sincerely,
(Signed) LOUIS P. PELLETIER,
VICTOR GAUDET, Esq.,
Post Office Inspector,
Montreal, Que.

Post Office Department,
Montreal Post Office,
September 23rd, 1914.

Honorable Minister:—
Re: Canadian Patriotic Fund.

The employees in the Montreal Post Office have made it a point of honor to do their share towards the support of the families of the Canadian soldiers who are going to the front to help Great Britain and France.

We beg to enclose herewith a cheque for \$2,855.00, being the amount subscribed by the Montreal Post Office employees. The Post Office Inspector has also sent you personally the amount subscribed by his staff.

We beg to ask you, sir, to kindly give this amount to the proper officials and we thank you most sincerely for this favor.

We beg to remain, sir,
Your most humble and obedient servants,

(Signed) L. T. PRUD'HOMME,
President.

LUDOVIC GERMAIN,
Vice-President.

J. LAFRANCE,
Secretary.

H. CHANDLER,
Treasurer.

Committee of the Canadian Patriotic Fund,
Montreal Post Office.

(Translation)
Minister's Office,
September 24, 1914.

Dear Mr. Prud'homme:—
I have duly received this morning your letter of the 23rd, enclosing your cheque for \$2,855, representing the amount which the employees in the Montreal Post Office have so generously subscribed to the Patriotic Fund.

I am more than pleased to see that our excellent staff of the Montreal Post Office have so well understood their duty as Canadians and have contributed so liberally.

Please convey to them my sincere thanks, and tell them how I feel honored that this cheque has passed through my hands.

I am sending it immediately to Mr. Ames, President of the Patriotic Fund, together with copy of your letter and copy of my answer.

Sincerely yours,
(Signed) L. P. PELLETIER,
MR. L. T. PRUD'HOMME,
City Post Office,
Montreal, Que.

AUDITORIUM

THREE NIGHTS, STARTING THURSDAY, OCTOBER 1ST.
MATINEE SATURDAY.

OLIVER MOROSCO

PRESENTS

The Irresistible
Youth-Play

PEGGY MY HEART

By
J. HARTLEY MANNERS

Unquestionably the Most
Successful Comedy in the World
EXACTLY AS PRESENTED FOR 604 PERFORMANCES AT
THE CORT THEATRE, NEW YORK CITY.

PRICES:
EVENING.....25c to \$1.50 :: MATINEE.....25c to \$1.00
Tickets on Sale Monday.

Spt.26,30x2

Automobile Tires

Maltese Cross Brand
CEMENTLESS TUBE PATCHES
SPONGES, CHAMOIS, WIPERS
VEEDOL AUTO CYLINDER OIL
GRAPHITE GREASE
TRANSMISSION GREASE

F. H. ANDREWS & SON,
253 St. Paul Street

TRUSTWORTHY DRUG STORE

F. C. de LACHEVROTIERE
224 ST. JOHN STREET QUEBEC

Sept. 17xth. sat.xim



Bissell's Carpet Sweepers

Best in the World
MADE IN CANADA

We have a complete range at popular prices
\$2.75, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00

F. GUY, LEPINAY & FRERE

Start Now

Make Big Savings
ON

Little Things

In Our Carpet Department We'll Help You

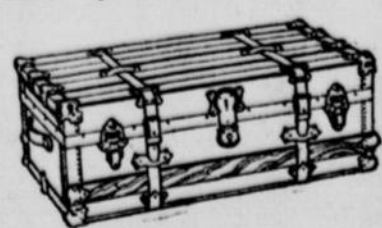
Brass Poles and Tubing.
Brass and Nickel Stair Plates.
Brass Stair Rods.
Carpet and Furniture Fringe.
Curtain Hoops and Fringe.
Cushion Cords.
Cushion Forms.
Children's Chairs and Rockers.
Cribs and Cradles.

Our Basement Specials

Headquarters for Trunks, Club Bags and Suit Cases

Special Trunk, 33 and 40 Inches
\$7.00 and \$7.85

Canvas Covered, Two wide Straps, with Protecting Knees, Vulcanized Fibre Binding, Fine Brass Lock and Bolts, Large Steel Dome Corners and Edges fully protected with Steel Flanges.



Auto Rugs \$2.25 to \$12.00
Wool Blankets Per Pair, \$3.25 to \$12
Comforters \$1.59 to \$12.00

Faguy, Lepinay & Frere

254-264 St. John Street

HORREX'S HOTEL
STRAND
LONDON, ENGLAND
From 6/6-1-Breakfast-Attendance \$1.50
Telegrams: Horrex's, E. Strand London.

Jan. 6, 1914, sat, 10.00

The Premier of Canada, John Drew, Gertrude Atherton, Rex Beach, Irvin S. Cobb, Alfred Noyes, De Wolf Hopper, The Bishop of Washington, The Bishop of Kansas, Ethel Barrymore, Lady Gregory, Winchell Smith, Admiral Marix, Octave Thanet, Mrs. T. P. O'Connor, Adamowski, Douglas Fairbanks, William Farnum, Commander Eva Booth, Lisa Lehman, Dr. Lyman Abbott, Penrhyn Stanlaws are but a few of the experienced travellers whose permanent New York home is **HOTEL ALGONQUIN** 59-65 West 44th St. N.Y. FRANK CASE.

apl25xtu,th,sat,10.00

THE MARATHON CAFE
—and—
QUICK LUNCH

For Ladies and Gentlemen.
Special Menu from 12 to 3 p.m.
A la carte, all hours.
We serve the best in the market, and study to please.
Hot Cakes with pure maple syrup.
All kinds of Fruits and Vegetables in season.
Home-made Pies, strictly fresh, especially the fruits in season—Strawberry, raspberry, rhubarb, blueberry, apple, raisin, coconut, lemon, fig, etc.
All kinds to take home, 25c each.
120 ST. JOHN STREET.
Telephone 5993.

ST. LOUIS HOTEL
QUEBEC
CHATEAU MURRAY
MURRAY BAY
WARREN BROS., Props.

Telephone 1841 **SAVOY CAFE** Telephone 527
(And Quick Lunch.)
66 St. John St. 197 St. Joseph St.
Special Dinner 25c
Meal Tickets five for \$1.00
New St. Roch Confectionery.
Try our daily-made Cakes and Pies, with Hot Drinks.
Retail and wholesale.
Modern Ice Cream Parlor.
A trial will convince all.

DUFFERIN
TERRACE HOUSE
5 GENEVIEVE AVE., CAPE.
Most beautiful site in the city.
Special attention to tourists; moderate rates. Phone 4237.
MRS. M. WHELAN, Proprietress.

Phone 4956 **DUGAL** Phone 1858
HOTEL-RESTAURANT-CAFE
142 St. John St., Quebec.
Rooms, \$1.00 upward; with board, \$2.00. (Special rates by the week.)
Breakfast (6 to 10 a.m.), 35c.
Luncheon (12 to 2 p.m.), 35c.
Dinner (6 to 8 p.m.), 50c.
Open from 6:30 a.m. until 1 a.m.

ST. LAWRENCE HALL
MONTREAL
Magnificent new entrance on St. James Street.
200 Rooms (many with baths attached.)
European rate from \$1.00 per day.
American Plan from \$2.50 per day.
A. J. HIGGINS, LTD.

HERBERT SPENCER
Director Chateau Frontenac Orchestra
PROFESSOR OF VIOLIN, PIANO and THEORY
Studio 114 St. Augustin St.

PROF. P. T. BERRIDGE
Chiropody
44 St. Eustache Street
Phone 5885

sept.1xtu,th,sat,1x,ly.

Latest Sporting News

ROYALS SPOILED BISONS CHANCES

DEFEAT YESTERDAY PUT
BUFFALO OUT OF RUNNING

Montreal, Sept. 25.—The Royals put the Bisons absolutely out of the running this afternoon when they grabbed the first game of the farewell series by 14 to 4. The home club had a ten run rally in the fifth at Fullenweider's expense, during which a new record for home runs was established. Whiteman, Flynn and Kippert connected for the circuit.

The score:
Buffalo: ab. r. h. po. a. e.
Gilholly, c.f. 5 1 1 0 0 1
Vaughn, 3b. 5 0 2 0 0 0
Jamieson, r.f. 5 0 3 1 0 0
Channell, l.f. 5 0 0 0 0 1
McCarthy, 2b. 4 1 1 3 1 0
Roach, ss. 4 0 1 0 1 0
Lehr, 1b. 4 1 1 10 0 1
Lalonde, c. 2 1 1 6 0 0
Stephens, c. 1 0 1 2 0 0
Fullenweider, p. 1 0 0 1 0 0
Tyson, p. 2 0 0 1 1 0
Totals 38 4 11 24 3 4

Montreal: ab. r. h. po. a. e.
P. Smith, r.f. 5 2 2 1 0 0
Purtell, ss. 5 2 2 4 3 0
Kippert, l.f. 5 2 1 1 0 0
Whiteman, c.f. 4 2 2 3 0 0
Flynn, 1b. 5 2 4 11 0 0
Yeager, 2b. 5 2 1 0 3 1
Boyle, 3b. 4 1 1 1 2 0
J. Smith, c. 5 1 2 6 0 0
Richter, p. 5 1 2 0 5 0
Totals 43 14 18 27 13 1

Score by innings:
Buffalo 000 0 00 300—4
Montreal 000 0102 20—14

The summary:
Two base hits, Jamieson, Richter, J. Smith, Flynn. Home runs, McCarthy, Whiteman, Flynn, Kippert. Sacrifice hits, Fullenweider, Boyle. Stolen bases, P. Smith, Purtell. Double play, Lehr, unassisted. Left on bases, Buffalo, 8; Montreal, 8. Bases on balls, off Fullenweider, 2; off Richter, 1. Struck out, by Fullenweider, 5; by Tyson, 2; by Richter, 4. Innings pitched, by Fullenweider, 5 (13 hits, 10 runs); by Tyson, 3 (5 hits, 4 runs.) Time 1:40.
Umpires: Rorty and Miller.

Providence: R. H. E.
Providence 010 001 000—2 4 1
Baltimore 000 000 000—0 7 2
Mays and J. Onslow; Jarman and Erwin.

At Jersey City:
Jersey City-Newark, transferred to Sunday.

LEAGUE STANDING			
American League			
Won.	Lost.	Pct.	
Philadelphia	93	50	.650
Boston	86	55	.610
Washington	75	68	.525
Detroit	75	69	.521
Chicago	67	77	.465
New York	65	77	.458
St. Louis	64	78	.451
Cleveland	46	98	.319

National League			
Won.	Lost.	Pct.	
Boston	84	54	.554
New York	77	62	.554
St. Louis	76	67	.532
Chicago	75	69	.521
Philadelphia	70	74	.486
Brooklyn	69	74	.483
Pittsburg	62	79	.440
Cincinnati	57	87	.395

Federal League			
Won.	Lost.	Pct.	
Chicago	80	62	.563
Indianapolis	79	63	.556
Baltimore	73	65	.529
Buffalo	72	65	.525
Brooklyn	71	68	.511
Kansas City	65	80	.448
St. Louis	61	79	.436
Pittsburg	57	79	.419

International League			
Won.	Lost.	Pct.	
Providence	94	59	.614
Rochester	90	62	.592
Buffalo	87	61	.588
Toronto	73	69	.514
Baltimore	72	74	.493
Newark	70	77	.476
Montreal	60	87	.408
Jersey City	47	102	.401

FLOORED TIM HEALEY.

During the hearing of a case at the Recorder's Court, Dublin, the testimony on which the witnesses were being sworn, disappeared. After a lengthy hunt for it, counsel for the defendant noticed that Tim Healey, M. P., had taken possession of the book and was deeply absorbed in its contents, being quite unconscious of the dismay its appearance was causing. "I think, sir," said the counsel, addressing the Recorder, "that Mr. Healey has the Testament."
Hearing his name mentioned, Mr. Healey looked up, realized what had occurred and, with apologies, handed it over.
"You see, sir," added the counsel,

Proverbs

"The worst of life is that there is so little of it."
The worst of shaving is the sting that follows. Seely's After-Shave is specially made to take away the sting. 25c and 50c at all Drugists.

HOME RUN FEATURED GAME LEAFS LOST

ROCHESTER WON WITH
THREE WILD PITCHES

International League.

Toronto, Sept. 25.—Rochester took today's game from Toronto by a score of 5 to 4. Hearne, for the locals, was given poor support and should have won his game. The Hustlers used three twirlers and all were wild. M. Priest's home run featured.

The score:
Rochester: ab. h. r. h. po. a. e.
McMillen, ss. 4 0 0 2 3 0
J. Priest, 3b. 4 1 2 4 4 0
Walsh, c.f. 3 1 2 1 2 0
Pipp, 1b. 4 0 1 10 1 0
Schultz, 3b. 4 1 1 3 2 0
Smith, 3b. 3 1 2 2 0 0
Spencer, l.f. 4 0 0 0 0 0
Williams, c. 3 0 1 6 2 0
Enzman, p. 1 0 0 0 1 0
Manning, p. 2 0 1 0 2 0
Upham, u. 0 0 0 0 0 0
Totals 35 5 9 27 17 0

Toronto: ab. r. h. po. a. e.
Wright, l.f. 5 1 2 3 1 2
Fitzpatrick, 2b. 3 0 2 6 4 0
Jordan, 1b. 3 0 0 9 0 0
O'Hara, c.f. 4 1 2 3 1 1
Trout, r.f. 3 0 0 0 0 1
Isaacs, 3b. 2 0 1 3 1 1
M. Priest, ss. 4 2 3 1 3 0
Kelly, c. 4 0 1 2 5 0
Hearne, p. 5 0 0 0 5 0
Totals 33 4 11 27 20 5

Score by innings:
Rochester 100 112 000—5
Toronto 011 001 000—4

The summary:
Home run, M. Priest. Three base hit, Walsh. Two base hits, Williams, Smith, Fitzpatrick. Sacrifice hits, Walsh, Pipp, Trout. Double play, O'Hara to Kelly to Fitzpatrick; Priest to Fitzpatrick to Jordan; Kelly to Fitzpatrick; Walsh to Williams to Schultz. Struck out, by Manning, 3; Upham, 2; Hearne, 2. Bases on balls, off Enzman, 3; Manning, 5; Upham, 2; Hearne, 1. Left on bases, Rochester, 2; Toronto, 2. Hit by pitcher, by Manning, 1. Passed balls, Williams. Time 1:55.
Umpires: Finneran and Harrison.

American League.

At Cleveland: R. H. E.
Cleveland 002 001 000—3 7 2
Washington 000 000 100—1 3 2
Steen and Egan; Bentley, Harper, R. Williams and Henry.

At Detroit: R. H. E.
New York 100 000 022—5 7 2
Detroit 100 010 020—4 11 4
Keating, Cole, Warhop and Numa-maker, Cavet and McKee.

At Chicago: R. H. E.
Philadelphia 020 010 000—3 7 0
Chicago 100 000 000—1 4 2
Shawkey and Schang; Wolfgang and Schalk.

At St. Louis: R. H. E.
Boston 010 000 000—1 6 3
St. Louis 400 024 000—10 8 0
Shore, Medient and Thomas, O. Pratt; Hamilton and Agnew.

National League.

At Boston: R. H. E.
First game.
Cincinnati 000 000 000—0 7 0
Boston 010 000 100—2 7 1
Yingling and Gonzales; Rudolph & Gowdy.

Second game: R. H. E.
Cincinnati 001 010 010—3 7 3
Boston 030 100 000—4 7 1
Douglass and Gonzales; James and Gowdy.

At New York: R. H. E.
St. Louis 000 001 000—1 8 1
New York 000 000 000—3 7 1
Griner and Wingo; Fromme and Meyers.

At Brooklyn: R. H. E.
Pittsburg 100 100 000—2 6 2
Brooklyn 000 000 021—3 10 1
H. Kelly and Coleman; Reulbach, Schmutz and McCarty.

At Philadelphia: R. H. E.
Chicago 010 000 001 0—2 8 2
Philadelphia 000 100 010—3 11 1
Lavender, L. Pierce and Archer; Baumgardner and Burns.

Federal League.

At Baltimore: R. H. E.
St. Louis 000 301 100—5 7 1
Baltimore 000 200 000—2 7 2
Crandall and Chapman; Smith, Colley and Jackitsch, Russell.

At Buffalo: R. H. E.
Buffalo 000 000 200—2 5 2
Kansas City 000 000 004—4 8 0
Anderson and Lavigne; Packard & Easterly.

At Pittsburg: R. H. E.
Indianapolis 000 000 000—0 3 2
Pittsburg 000 001 000—1 6 1
Kaiserling, Mullin and Radden; Knetzer and Berry.

At Brooklyn: R. H. E.
Chicago 010 001 200 74 11 1
Brooklyn 001 000 000—1 5 0
Johnson and Wilson; Brown and Watson.

"Mr. Healey was so interested that he did not know of our loss. He took it for a new publication."
For once Mr. Healey's nimble wit failed him, and there was no retort—Law and Laughter.

TO ARRANGE FOR WORLD'S SERIES

FIRST BIG BASEBALL GAME
WILL BE PLAYED ON OCT.
8TH OR 9TH

Cincinnati, Sept. 25.—August Hermann, President of the National Baseball Commission said today that a meeting of the commission would be held in Philadelphia next Wednesday to arrange for the world series. He said that the opening game would be on either October 8 or 9, depending on conditions in the National League race. The city in which the first game is to take place will be settled by the toss of a coin.

POPULAR CHOICE WON THE FEATURE

WON EVENT FOR CANARIAN
HORSES AT WOODBINE

Toronto, Sept. 25.—Weather and track conditions were much improved here this afternoon at Woodbine, and the sixth event, for Canadian-owned horses, at one mile, served as the feature. Sprisa was the only one to decline the issue of the even dozen originally carded. Inkle, the popular choice, captured the event.

Summary:—
First race, selling, 3-year-olds and up, six furlongs: Birks, 102, Callahan, \$8.30, \$7.30, \$4.20, won; General Ben Ledi, 106, Shilling, \$4.30, \$3.40, second; Brandy Wine, 111, Ambrose, \$4.40, third. Time 1:13 4-5.

Second race, steeplechase, 3-year-olds and maiden 4-year-olds and up, about 2 miles: Chupadero, 137, Ryan, \$3.60, \$3.10, \$2.80, won; Joe Gaiety, 140, Gaddy, \$9.40, \$4.40, second; Lamomedon, 145, Quarrington, \$4.80, third. Time 4:05.

Third race, 2-year-olds, selling, 5 furlongs: Carrie Orme, 109, Van Dusen, \$10.30, \$5.00, \$4.30, won; Lady Capricious, 112, Goldstein, \$17.10, \$7.20, second; Ben's Brother, 107, Callahan, \$5.60, third. Time 1:01 3-5.

Fourth race, maidens, all ages, foaled in Canada, six furlongs: Hermanna, 113, Goldstein, \$7.60, \$4.10, \$2.90, won; Red Post, 69, Mafec, \$5.70, \$3.70, second; Sir Arthur, 116, Carroll, \$14.60, third. Time 1:15 1-5.

Fifth race, selling, 3-year-olds and up, six furlongs: Dick's Pet, 101, Murphy, \$4.30, \$3.30, \$9.20, won; Warlock, 113, Neander, \$17.30, \$10.40, second; Plaga Star, 105, Acton, \$15.40, third. Time 1:13 2-5.

Sixth race, 3-year-olds and up, Canadian foaled, one mile: Inkle, 104, Van Dusen, \$3.20, \$3.30, \$2.90, won; Astrologer, 105, Ambrose, \$12.50, \$8.10, second; Privet Petal, 106, Callahan, \$6.20, third. Time 1:40 3-5.

Seventh race, 3-year-olds and up, selling, 1 1-8 miles: Husky Lad, 109, Murphy, \$6.10, \$3.50, \$2.20, won; Centauri, 99, Cander, \$4.70, \$2.20, second; Uncle Ben, 109, Callahan, \$2.20, 3rd. Time 1:54 4-5.

IN MELANESIA.

The Women Shave Their Heads and Kill Themselves for Love.

"If you do not marry me, I shall kill myself." In play and story these melodramatic words are often met with, and sometimes may be spoken in real life, but never, probably, in such deadly earnest as they are now and again in the Melanesian Islands, where it is the custom among some of the natives for the women to propose marriage. If the man refuses, the woman must kill herself.
Captain Sinker, a retired British naval officer, who has spent some years among the Melanesian Islanders, says that the custom often leads to tragedy, although in one case which came under his notice there was a happy, if somewhat irregular, ending.

It appears that a young native who had been converted to Christianity visited an island where the women always propose marriage, and a girl fell in love with him and proposed. But as he was already engaged he had to refuse. The girl quietly resigned herself to death, which so distressed the young Christian native that he consulted a missionary, and asked what he ought to do—whether he ought to allow the girl to kill herself, or whether, to prevent this, he ought to marry her. In the end it was agreed that he should marry her, in spite of his engagement in another island, and they became a very happy couple. "There is no doubt," says Captain Sinker, "that the girl would have killed herself. In fact, the people of the island would have insisted upon it."

"A woman's crowning glory is her hair," but not in another Melanesian island, which Captain Sinker visited. "There," he says, "it is the custom for the men to grow their hair very long, while the ambition of the women is to be perfectly bald. I have often seen women scraping their heads with pieces of broken bottles and gashing themselves badly in their efforts to get the right effect."

Both the men and women, however, in that part of the world have a perfect mania for European clothes. Indeed, it seems to be their great ambition to possess civilized garments, and the result is that they often present the most ludicrous appearance. A native woman once made a public appearance wearing 13 petticoats, while a chief appeared in a battered top hat and waistcoat.



The TUCKETT

Tobacco Co., Limited, under military permit have established Distributing Warehouse to supply all

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with Cigars, Tobaccos and Cigarettes

At Home Town Prices

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Distinguished Styles in LADIES FALL and WINTER COATS and SUITS

Latest Models in Broad Cloth Suits, the very latest shades of Burgundy and Myrtle.

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Tiger and Leopard Skin Coats, New York's latest call.

Children's and Misses' Coats in all the very latest designs, assorted sizes.

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Successor to
THOS. DONOHUE
188 and 194 ST. JOHN STREET

When a man has a complete suit his great idea is to spend the rest of his life in it, and he would be agast if you suggested to him that he might occasionally take it off. Even when he swims he insists on keeping his clothes on, and when he comes out of the water he makes no attempt to dry either himself or his clothes. The result is that the natives often have very bad chills, due to nothing but the wearing of clothes.

Considering the shapes of shoes to which it is required to conform, the civilized human foot is not so disgraceful as it appears.

This sale is to make friends. We want you to know it. Tailor-made Overcoat in fine Steel Gray Vicunas. Always sold at \$18.00. Special this week for \$11.50. Order early this time.
FAGUY, LEPINAY & FRERE.

BASEBALL

SUNDAY

Exhibition Grounds

Victoria vs. Laval 1.30 P.M.

C. B. vs. Victoria 3.30 P.M.

Don't Miss This Double Header

War news given on the grounds.

Rain Checks issued.

NO ALUM IN ROYAL BAKING POWDER

PRESS COMMENT.

This naval reverse in the North Sea will bring home to the peoples of the empire, quite as much as to the fleet, the nature of the task devolved upon Sir John Jellicoe and his command. In the days of Nelson a fleet had only to guard against an open enemy. Today the submarine is presenting another problem added to the many which confront naval officers when they undertake the task of policing the seas. No word has yet come explaining why three powerful British cruisers have been removed from the battle line. Beyond the bare fact, nothing has been issued, and we do not yet know how many of the two thousand and odd men that manned the sunken ships have survived to tell the tale. Of one thing we are sure, that in the moment of disaster our gallant tars quit themselves like men. Submarines are an unknown quantity in naval war. This is their first real test, but enough had already been made clear to show that they add immeasurably to the peril and strain undergone by an investing fleet. Misled by the long inaction of the enemy vigilance may have been relaxed either on the part of the cruiser first attacked or the squadron of lighter craft that form the screen of the main fleet. It is no doubt difficult to continue indefinitely at a point when every faculty is keyed up to its highest attainable pitch, heightened by the fear that some transient moment of weakness may defeat hours and days of keenest attention and care. But of this we can be sure, that this mishap will make it more difficult to repeat the blow.—Toronto World.

Eight hundred British officers in the toll of the war so far, in killed, wounded and missing. Eloquent is this fearful figure both of the great loss there must be in the rank and file of the British army, and of the courage and leadership of its officers. They are in the fore-front; they reckon not their lives in the service of their country; and by the tales which

come, the devotion with which they meet death is equalled by the ability with which they fulfill their trust. Said a wounded soldier of the Buffs: "No regiment fought harder than we did, and no regiment has better officers, who went shoulder to shoulder with their men, but you can't expect absolute impossibilities to be accomplished, no matter how brave the boys are, when you are fighting a force twenty times as strong. If some of you at home who have spoken sneeringly of British officers could have seen how they handled their men and shirked nothing you would be ashamed of yourselves." But we are sure few have spoken slightly of British officers since the things which have been doing behind the veil in north-eastern France have begun to leak out; nor will any ever speak slightly now of those leaders in whose ranks there are eight hundred gaps since they entered battle a month ago.—Ottawa Journal.

KING COLLECTS STAMPS.

There never was a time when the craze for stamp-collecting was so extensive. Partly this is to be explained by the fact that, practiced with reasonable acumen and common sense, it can be made a very profitable hobby, for rarities show a tendency to increase in value tenfold. The King is considered to possess one of the most valuable collections of postage stamps in the world, including the famous post office Mauritius stamp issued in 1847, printed in blue, unused, of the face value of 2d. and with a margin on each side. Put up for auction, the stamp drew an opening bid of \$2,500, which amount was steadily advanced to \$7,250, when it was knocked down to a dealer acting on behalf of His Majesty.

The King's collection is mostly limited to postage stamps issued in the various countries of the British Empire, and is supposed to be the most complete record of British postal issues in existence. Amongst its most coveted features are specimens of a 2d. purple stamp bearing King Edward's profile, which was never issued. On the very day the King died the stamp was to have gone out, but under the melancholy circumstances it was recalled, and in due course a few specimens which were kept found their way into King George's album.

PERSONAL

Mr. W. W. Gear, of Montreal, is a guest at the Chateau.
Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Gordon, of Toronto, are in the city.
Mrs. J. A. Sage, of Montreal, is in the city visiting Mrs. Barry.
Dr. L. J. Montreuil has left for Chicago and will be absent until October 13th.
Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Clark, of Toronto, are among the arrivals at the Chateau.

Lieut. Col. William Molson Macpherson celebrated his 66th birthday Thursday.

Col. Rogerson, of Toronto, arrived in town last evening and is staying at the Chateau.

Mr. Reginald Geary, of Toronto, who has been in the city for a few days, returned home.

Miss Mabel Poupore, of Montreal, has returned home after visiting the city and Valcartier.

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Gabriel, of New York, are spending a few days in the city, guests at the Chateau.

Miss Edith Carter will leave shortly for Ottawa, where she will be the guest of Mrs. Montzambert.

The Rev. E. J. Stobo and family have returned from Lake St. Joseph, where they have had a delightful time.

Miss Katie de Bellefeuille, of Athabasca, has arrived in the city, to go as a nursing sister with Canadian contingent.

Lady William Taylor and Miss Taylor arrived in the city from Montreal last evening and are guests at the Chateau.

The marriage of Miss Mary Eileen O'Gallagher, daughter of the late Jeremiah O'Gallagher, former Chief City Waterworks Engineer, to Mr. Lender Conway, son of Mr. Edmund Conway, is announced to take place on October 7th.

Arrivals at the Neptune Inn: Mr. R. S. Carson, Richmond; A. Asselin, La Tuque; C. Hatch, Valcartier; C. Campbell, Valcartier; B. L. McLaughlin, John Bartlett, A. H. Wiggs, A. B. Cadons, Calcartier; Eug. Roy, Ottawa; Chas. Cloutier and wife, L'Islet; R. Pollette, La Tuque; Jas. Dorie, Montreal; C. A. Richer, Lewis; W. Hughes, W. J. Shaley, T. Winon, Montreal.

The latest arrivals at the Chateau: Lady Williams Taylor, Miss Taylor, Montreal; Major Porter, Toronto; Capt. J. L. Regan, Winnipeg; Col. Rogerson, Toronto; W. W. Gear, J. R. Henderson, Dr. H. B. Yates, Montreal; Capt. Suydam, Toronto; Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Clark, D. Crombie, Toronto; Wm. Wood, New York; Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Gabriel, New York; J. H. Mahoney, J. H. Mahoney, Jr., Fall River Mass.; R. H. Hart, Toronto.

SNAILS AND COLD.

A French scientist who has been continuously experimenting for eighteen years to ascertain the effects of low temperatures on fish and animals has found that common snails can withstand the greatest amount of cold.

DONATIONS FOR THE RED CROSS

MORE ARE ACKNOWLEDGED
BY TREASURER OF THE
WOMEN'S BRANCH

Madame George Tessier, the Treasurer of the Women's Branch of the Red Cross Society, acknowledges with thanks the following donations: Already acknowledged \$2,529.49. Recent donations to the Red Cross Society:

The Ladies Patriotic Society, Premveau, through Mrs. J. A. Sigmith and Mrs. H. Tierney \$53.00
Mrs. D. A. Ross 25.00
Madame Antonio J. Painchaud 25.00
Mrs. William A. Marsh 25.00
Mr. B. Rogers 25.00
Mr. George Thomson 10.00
Miss B. Leonard 10.00
Madame Chauveau 10.00
Miss Hunt 10.00
McCall and Shehyn 5.00
A Friend 5.00
Mrs. E. Ross 5.00
Mrs. P. A. Shaw 5.00
Miss A. Levene 5.00
Mde. Edmond Taschereau 5.00
M. and Mde. L. P. Sirois 5.00
Mrs. E. L. Sewell 5.00
Mde. G. Melville Dechene 5.00
Mrs. Arthur Ahern 5.00
Mde. Arthur J. Painchaud 5.00
Mrs. Thomas Breen 5.00
Madame Amos 2.00
Mrs. Weary 2.00
A Friend 2.00
Miss M. Shaw 2.00
Mrs. F. W. Marsh 2.00
Mde. Joseph Hudon 2.00
Mde. Alphonse Pouliot 2.00
Miss L. Pope 2.00
Mrs. E. G. Meredith 2.00
Mrs. Pye 1.25
McHe Catherine Fuchs 1.00
Mde. Armand Lavergne 1.00
Miss E. Meredith 1.00
Mrs. J. A. Cloutier 1.00
Miss C. Langlois 1.00
Mr. Melkjohn 1.00

The following names have become members: Miss Mabel Fraser, Mrs. D. Fraser, Miss Lillie Kennedy, Miss J. Hall, Miss Craig, Miss Guay, Miss Walling, Miss K. O'Donnell, Mrs. F. M. Ross, Miss Roach, Miss E. Roberts, Miss B. Seed, Miss Demers, Mrs. Carrington, Miss L. Wills, Miss A. McGlone, Miss M. Shearman, Miss H. Porteous, Mrs. Coleman, Mrs. Pfeiffer, Lewis, Miss S. Bilodeau, Miss U. O'Neil, T. Friends, Mrs. H. Hunt, Miss Hunt, Miss M. Lennan, Mrs. J. Staton, Mrs. H. Smith, Mrs. Wyse.

The following are the names of the president and members of committee of the Red Cross Society of Rimouski who have joined the Quebec Society as members: Mrs. Blair, Mrs. A. M. Tessier, Mrs. H. G. Lepage, Mrs. H. B. Fiset, Miss C. Fiset, Mrs. A. Tessier, Mrs. Casault, Mrs. C. Tache, Mrs. Garon, Mrs. J. A. Talbot, Mrs. E. Letendre, Mrs. Paradis, Mrs. U. Bernier, Mrs. A. Chamberland, Mrs. A. Desime, Mme J. Dumont, Mrs. Gilbert, Mrs. E. Helleur, Mrs. L. Lepage, Miss A. Gauvreau, Miss C. Couillard, Miss L. Martin, Miss M. Campbell, Miss V. Rostand, Mrs. H. Wilson, Mrs. C. Ringwet, Mrs. E. A. Cote, Mrs. S. Vachon, Mrs. O. Beaulieu, Miss J. Roy, Mrs. Lasseville.

HISTORICAL TREASURES.

Archives at Ottawa Contain Priceless Relic.

In the Archives Building at Ottawa there are many reminders of former deeds of bravery that illumine the annals of Canada. The plan of Montcalm, also a great man, although the enemy of the British, found in his tent after his death on the Plains of Abraham. Also letters of this brave soldier, written shortly before the decisive battle took place.

The original plan of the Battle of the Plains of Abraham, which was sent to Pitt after the fighting, is there, too. And so also is the plan of Louisbourg in 1758.

And there is a letter written by General Wolfe, dated Aug. 16, 1759. It deals with military matters and commissions of soldiers. There are several of Wolfe's signatures in the Dominion Archives, and a flag which was taken from the field after the terrible battle.

One cannot look upon these things and remain indifferent to the great historical victories which made Canada a British possession. If these sacred testimonies do not make a patriot of a schoolboy, it is very doubtful if any historical text ever will. One almost imagines one is living in the turbulent times when brave men sacrificed their lives as willingly as we sacrifice our consciences today, except for the great silence which seems to hang over the Archives, like an everlasting benediction.

But not all the things in the Dominion Archives speak of war and suffering, although one might say that it would be difficult to see anything of the seventeenth or eighteenth century period which did not suggest persistent uproar.

There is a great poster, dated at Quebec in 1790. It tells of frivolity and amusement, of laughter and banished care, of light-heartedness and freedom from worry. It is the announcement of a circus which came to town. It is a grateful touch. For we can see that, even in the midst of such troublesome times, the people had time for an hour or two of idleness.

The seal of Louis XIV. is there, dated 1658. And several flags which waved over Quebec in 1775. They could tell of turmoil. And there is the proclamation which gave General Brock control over the troops in Up-

per Canada. Alas, that such control should have ended so tragically.

Queen Anne is represented in the Archives. Just a slight reminder lest we forget. A map of North America hangs there, which was originally dedicated to her.

And, speaking of maps, the one which is perhaps of greatest interest is the copy of one made by a Spaniard called La Cosa, in 1500. The original is in Madrid, but one may get a good idea of it from the copy which was made about the same time.

It would be impossible to give any kind of accurate list of the many beautiful engravings in the Archives. In fact, it would be impossible to give an adequate account of anything there. One must see them. One cannot tell of the fine old flags which were used in Brock's last battle, neither can one write of the ash which was given to Brock by the Indian Chief Tecumseh. These things carry with them such memories of valor and glory that they must be seen. It seems that the people of Ottawa should set aside some day in the month to go and look at them, just so that their sense of loyalty may not become indifferent.

There are some very fine drawings by Sir Edward Head, made in 1858. And an excellent steel engraving of Lady Durham from the painting by Sir Thomas Lawrence. There are some drawings made by one of Wolfe's aide-de-camps, Captain Smythe. More recent ones show a military steeplechase at Little London, in 1853; also the rantings of Niagara in 1804.

Much Pain From Kidney Disease

Doctored in Vain Until Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills Were Used.

Kidney derangements are often associated with disorders of the liver and bowels, and under these conditions ordinary kidney medicines usually fail to effect cure. It is because of their unique, combined action on the liver, kidneys and bowels that Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are so generally successful, even in the most complicated cases.

Mr. Emanuel Bernard, farmer, St. Paul's Kent county, N.B., writes:—"About eighteen years ago my wife was bad with kidney disease, and suffered greatly from headaches, pains in bowels and stomach, and her heart was affected. For a year she was treated by her doctor, with no apparent benefit. She then used five boxes of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills with most satisfactory results. This gave us such a good opinion of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills that we always keep them in the house to be used for all derangements of the kidneys, liver and bowels." Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, 25c a box, 5 for \$1.00, all dealers, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

OPTIMIST AND PESSIMIST

"What is the difference between an optimist and a pessimist?"
"A pessimist is always thinking of his liabilities, while an optimist thinks only of his assets."—Judge.

CANADA.

Province of Quebec.

District of Quebec.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

No. 875.

LICITATION.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that in virtue of a judgment of the Superior Court, sitting at Quebec, in the district of Quebec, on the thirtieth day of June, 1914, in a case in which Cyrille Labrecque, roofer, of the city of Quebec, is plaintiff; and Malvina Labrecque, wife separate as to property of Selim Faucher, and the said Selim Faucher, for the purpose of authorizing and assisting his wife, of Quebec, and Elmire Labrecque, wife separate as to property of Alphonse Cantin, and the said Alphonse Cantin for the purpose of authorizing and assisting his wife, of Quebec, are defendants, ordering the licitation of certain immovables described as follows:

(a) An immovable being the lot No. 296 of the cadastre for the parish of St. Sauveur, of Quebec, in the city of Quebec;

(b) Another lot being No. 297 of the said cadastre for the same parish in the city of Quebec, with all the buildings on the said lots.

The immovables above described will be put up to auction and adjudged to the last and highest bidder, on the eleventh day of November next, in the open Court, in the court room at the Court House, in the city of Quebec, subject to the charges, clauses and conditions indicated in the list of charges deposited at the office of the Prothonotary of the said Court; and all oppositions to the sale must be filed in the office of the Prothonotary of the said Court, at least twelve days before the day fixed as above mentioned for the sale and licitation, and the oppositions to payment must be deposited within six days from the adjudication; and in default of the parties filing the said oppositions within the delays prescribed by these present, they will be foreclosed from so doing.

Quebec, Sept. 24th, 1914.

J. A. ROCHETTE,

Atty. for Plaintiff.

Spt.25x2

COURSES OF OPTOMETRY.

Association of Optometrists and Opticians of the Province of Quebec.

These Courses will begin on the First of October next. For particulars of the Preliminary Examinations and Courses, apply to the undersigned who will supply application blanks.

The fee for the Courses is \$100.00, payable in advance.

M. R. de MESLE,

Secretary-Treasurer,

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July 18law, Sat. 11 ins.

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Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen
"Always Ready"
Made in Canada.
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PUT A DASH OF ANGOSTURA IN IT

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The Wise Old Miller

knows there are as many grades and kinds of Corn Flakes as there are grades and kinds of flour.

To tell the best—the kind that affords the biggest money's worth and most satisfaction to the consumer—is easy for the old miller or food expert.

But the purchaser who doesn't know, must be protected. That is why the producers of the very finest Corn Flakes didn't call them "Jones Corn Flakes" or "Smith Corn Flakes."



These Superior Corn Flakes were given a name that is distinctive—

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The average housekeeper has, likely enough, tried some of the various "Corn Flakes" on the market. To realize the perfection of taste in toasted Indian corn—cooked, rolled and seasoned with sugar and salt just as it ought to be—one should order Post Toasties.

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It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind—creates a calm refreshing sleep;

alleviates irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves

no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.

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WAR WILL CHANGE MAP OF AFRICA

Not only the map of Europe but also the map of Africa is apt to be changed considerably in the near future, for the three great powers now engaged in the titanic European struggle all hold extensive stretches of territory on the dark continent.

The French empire in the northern part of Africa alone is very large. In acquiring this France has had many differences with the Kaiser.

Then, again, the German activities have clashed with those of Great Britain. England has control over Egypt and the country about the southern point of Africa extending northward, but this is broken in its continuity by the German possessions of the eastern coast (German east Africa).

Present probabilities are that whatever map making, if any, is done in Africa, will be done in spite of Germany and at Germany's expense. The German possessions in Africa have a total area of nearly a million square miles, or, to be exact, 931,420 square miles. The African possessions are four and one-half times as large as Germany itself, which is about 209,000 square miles in extent. The African possessions have a population of 12,700,000, as against 65,000,000 in Germany. Apart from its African possessions, Germany has only a few small islands in the Pacific.

Undoubtedly the French are the better colonizers and the most loved of the three European nations in Africa. If the worst comes to the worst, it is said, France could raise a black army of 250,000 to fight for her, while the Germans would have to fight with European soldiers only. The blacks living under French government have been made French subjects and the equal of Frenchmen, and love their masters, while the black man of the German possessions both fears and detests the ruler who wears the spiked helmet. The Egyptian fellah respects his British master, but he doesn't love him.

Colonization methods of the three nations are widely different. Indeed it is said "when the English occupy a country the first thing they build is a customs house, the Germans a barracks, and the French a railway."

Every foot of German territory in Africa has been gained at the expense of friction. One clash of the German and French resulted in the former taking a good portion of the rich Moroccan country. In the northwest corner of Africa, if the war extends to Africa and the French are victorious they would undoubtedly demand this portion of Morocco back and the Cameroons, another German possession on the west coast, would in all probability go to France, in addition to Alsace and Lorraine.

Were it not for Germany the "all red" railway, from the Cape to Cairo on the east coast, would be possible for the British. A glance at the map will show this broken bit of possession. It will show the present territory held by the Germans in two sections on the west, adjacent to the Belgian Congo in the centre of the continent. Germany might in the next few years to come, if she survives this war without losing her African possessions, purchase Portuguese east Africa.

The Kaiser may possibly, ere this war is over, lose his foothold in Africa and at the same time the French and the British possessions would be enlarged. Just what this means may be gleaned from the fact that German capital expenditures in Africa have reached a total of \$400,000,000.

Going into the desert country of the British you come to Timbuctoo, which twenty years ago was nothing but a name, and is now the junction of an Atlantic-Mediterranean railway, part of which has been constructed and part of which is under construction.

The French empire in Africa is not all desert. Two years ago the government announced that a tract many square miles in area in the heart of the Sahara had been reclaimed and was ready for grain planting. On the basis of past work, in fifty years one half of the desert will be reclaimed.

The affairs at home have kept Germany busy of late years and her colonial enterprises have been a flat failure. In Africa the German possessions have more soldiers than traders, and more barracks than schools. The natives have been so reduced in number that it has been found necessary to import white labor to do a good part of the heavy work in railroad building.

The German territory in Africa is divided into four scattered chunks. On the east coast is German east Africa, on the west is German southwest Africa, while farther north is Cameroons. Togoland is a little strip sandwiched in between French Dahomey and the British gold coast.

Togoland has an area of 33,660 square miles, while the population is 1,580,000, of whom only 363 are Europeans. German southwest Africa has an area of about 322,450 square miles and a population of 200,000, of which 14,000 are white people, and of these 12,000 are Germans. German east Africa has an area of 384,180 square miles with a population of 7,500,000 of which about 6,000 are Europeans. Cameroons, having a coast line of 200 miles, has an area of 191,130 square miles, and a 3,500,000 population, of whom but 1,400 are Europeans.

PILES

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STORIES OF LISZT.

How the Famous Master Played to a Hidden Audience.

Liszt resented people counting on his playing. When Baroness K. invited him into promising to take tea with her, because he knew her father, she, on his accepting, invited a lot of friends, holding out hopes that Liszt would play. She pushed the piano into the middle of the room—no one could have possibly failed to see it.

Every one was on the qui vive when Liszt arrived and breathless with anticipation. Liszt, who had had many surprises of this sort, I imagine, saw the situation at a glance. After several people had been presented to him, Liszt, with his most captivating smile, said to the hostess:

"Madam, where is your piano?" and looked all about for the instrument though it was within an inch of his nose.

"Oh, monseigneur! Would you, really?" "P" advancing toward the piano, triumphantly. "You are too kind. I never should have dared to ask you." And, waving her hand toward it, "Here is the piano!"

"Ah, yes," said Liszt, who dearly loves a joke, "I wished to put my hat on it."

Very crestfallen, but still undaunted, the factless baroness cried, "But, monseigneur, you will not refuse, if only to play a scale—merely to touch the piano!"

But Liszt, as unkind as she was tactless, answered, coldly: "Madam, I never play my scales in the afternoon," and turned his back on her and talked with Madam Helbig.

On another occasion Liszt wrote to me that he would bring some of his songs to try over at 5 o'clock. I inclose his letter. What a chance, thought I, for me to give pleasure to some of my friends who I knew were longing to see him. Although he had said entre nous in his letter, and I knew that he really wanted to look through the songs alone with me, I could not resist the temptation—though it was such rank disobedience—and said to them:

"Liszt is coming to me at 5 o'clock. If you would like to hear him, and consent to be hidden behind a door, I will invite you."

They all accepted with rapture and were assembled in the little salon before the time appointed. The door was left open and a large screen placed before it.

Johan fetched Liszt in our carriage, as he always does. I received him and the book of "Lieder," which he brought with him. (Only Johan and Nina were present.) He opened the book at "Comment disaient ils?" one of his most beautiful songs, which has an exquisite but very difficult accompaniment. He played with fairy fingers, and we went over it several times. I could see the screen swerving and waving about, but Liszt's back was turned, so he could not see it.

After we had finished tea was served, and then he said, "Have you heard my 'Rigoletto'?"

"Yes," I said, and added, "but not by you."

"Well," he said, "I will play it for you. Your piano is much better than the one I have. It is a pleasure to play on it."

The screen, now alive with emotion, almost tipped over. After "Rigoletto" he played "Les Soirees de Vienne," and this time the screen actually did topple over and exposed to view the group of badly frightened ladies huddled behind it. I shuddered to think how the master would take this horrible treachery.

He took it better than I expected—in fact, he laughed outright. The ladies came forward and were presented to him and were delighted. I am sure that Liszt was, too; at any rate, he laughed so much at my ruse and contrition that the tears rolled down his cheeks. He wiped them away with his pocket handkerchief, which had an embroidered F. L. in the corner. This he let behind and I kept it as a souvenir.—Mme. de Hegemann-Lindencrone in Harper's Magazine.

MADRID'S ARID SITE.

Parched and Dusty Now, It Was
Once a Watered Garden Spot.

Travellers find it hard to believe that Madrid ever abounded with water. The modern town stands on so bleak and arid an eminence, its surroundings, save in early spring, are so parched and dusty and the water peddler's cry of "Agua! Agua!" is so insistent and ubiquitous one fancies Madrid must have been thirsty from the beginning.

Yet its ancient coat of arms was a large flint half immersed in water, with steel hatchets striking it on either side, the ascending sparks forming a sort of canopy around it. Appended was the motto:

"I was built on water."

"My walls are of fire."

Such is my emblazonment." This device was emblematic only of the city and its early days before Charles V. had started it on its headlong career of greatness merely because he credited its climate with having cured him of a fever.

At that time Madrid was a small town embowered in gardens and woods and meadows and with springs and wells lavishly supplied by nature. The Manzanares, now a melancholy, meager stream, was of a measurable depth. But with the apportioning of her territory into palaces and lodging houses for the royal hangers-on and the cutting down of the trees to swell the royal treasury the inevitable followed. The sun of well nigh 400 summers has burned and reburned the site of the old town and its bestripped suburbs and dried up the natural moisture. At present the climate of Madrid is nearly the most trying in all Europe.—From Calvert's "Madrid."

"Oh, Johnnie, can't I ever teach you to put things away?"

"But, mother, I'm practicing to be a salesman, not a stock clerk." —Cleveland Plain Dealer.

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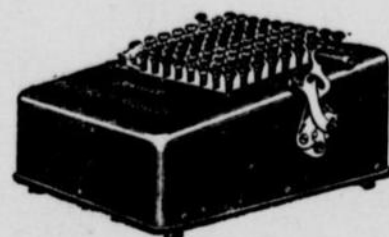
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9:40 ar. Quebec City	lv 7:15	4:55 ar. Kingston	lv 1:30
10:10 lv. Quebec City	ar 6:45	1:30 lv. Kingston	ar 4:55
A.M.	A.M.	5:15 lv. Belleville	ar 1:00
1:21 lv. Grand Mere	ar 3:30	5:50 lv. Trenton	ar 12:35
3:40 ar. Joliette	lv 1:15		
A.M.	A.M.		
6:30 ar. Montreal	lv 11:30	6:45 lv. Cobourg	ar 11:45
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For Calendars, Information, etc., apply to the HEAD MASTER, July 11 to Sept. 30, 1914.



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THE UNCHANGEABLE EMPEROR.

Some of the Kaiser's Speeches.

"I have read the Kaiser's speech. I can only say the Hohenzollerns never alter."—Herr Bebel, the German Socialist leader in the Daily Mail.
Short is memory and short is repentance. Barely two years ago the German Emperor promised to put a curb on his tongue, and the German people said, "Now we shall get on better." But, as Herr Bebel observes, the Hohenzollerns never alter. The speech at Koenigsberg certainly shows that months of enforced silence have not changed either the manner or the matter of the Imperial orations. It is as flamboyant and dictatorial in tone and as instinct with belief in "sovereignty by Divine right" as any of those harangues that have astonished the world and agitated Germany since William II, ascended the throne in 1888.

There is a general belief that the Emperor takes for his model and ideal the grandfather who, in the words of the Koenigsberg speech, "placed by his own right the crown of the Kings of Prussia on his head, once again laying stress upon the fact that it was conferred upon him by the grace of God alone, and not by parliaments, national assemblies or popular decrees." But we have the Kaiser's own confession that his hero is the Great Elector, Frederick William, who established his authority at Koenigsberg as a "rocher de bronze."

"We all of us work, so to speak, in the shadow of the Great Elector, a man who, with every fibre and with his whole heart, loved his homeland, and who exerted himself with unceasing energetic toil for its benefit, until he had developed and amalgamated his Brandenburg into a firm, coherent whole, allaying the countless wounds which an inhuman thirty year's war has, since my boyhood days, illuminated the path before me as my model and ideal."

The Emperor's Model.

In 1899 the Emperor presented to the City of Bielefeld a bronze reproduction of the monument of the Great Elector in Berlin, and added to the gift words that find an echo in the speech at Koenigsberg:

"This . . . is also a memento to myself, urging me on, with a will as iron as my great ancestor's, in the path which I have recognized as the right one, uninfluenced by opposition of every kind."

Again in 1900 we have the same declaration of a Divine mission:

"What were the causes which made it possible for our House of Hohenzollern to achieve such grand results? Only this, that each and every Hohenzollern ruler knew from the first that he was but the representative here below of a Higher One, that he was to give an account one day of his acts and his achievements to a more potent King and Master, that he must be a faithful steward and comply with the behests of a most high Employer. Hence, too, the rocklike conviction of his mission which inspired every single one of my forefathers. Hence the unbending will-power which enabled them to carry through what they had once set themselves to do."

There is a familiar ring about the Koenigsberg oration that recalls the speech of the Kaiser in East Prussia in 1894:

"The opposition of nobles against the will of their King is a monstrous thing. Opposition is justifiable only when the King himself stands at its head. How often have my ancestors been compelled to withstand the misguided members of a single class for the good of the whole community! Even as once the first King of Prussia said, 'Ex ne mae nata corona,' and as his son moulded the royal authority into a 'rocher de bronze,' so do I, like my Imperial grandfather, represent the monarchy by right Divine."

The Mailed Fist.

The German navy is the creation of the Emperor William. In 1888, when he came to the throne, the navy was insignificant and obsolete and the people were indifferent. His energy and eloquence raised it to the second place among the navies of the world, and this achievement he ascribes to the example of the Great Elector:

"This youth, remember, when arrived at maturity, was the first German Prince who pointed his people to the sea, who founded the Navy of Brandenburg."

When the Kaiser sent his brother, Prince Henry, to represent him at the diamond jubilee of Queen Victoria, in 1897, he addressed him in these words:

"I deeply regret my inability to send you to the jubilee with a better vessel than the Konig Wilhelm, while other nations will shine in their proud battleships. This is the saddest consequence of the conduct of those enemies of the Fatherland who contrive to prevent the acquisition of much-needed vessels. But I shall never rest until I have raised my navy to the same height as my army."

This humility was, of course, intended to be a reproach to his people. There were much finer ships at his disposal than the worm-eaten Konig Wilhelm, as the Kaiser proved nine months later when Prince Henry departed for China with the mailed fist: "May every European in the distant region to which you are bound, may every German merchant, and, above



MARION DENTLER, IN "PEG O' MY HEART."

Which comes to the Auditorium for three nights and Saturday matinee, Thursday, October 1st.

"Peg O' My Heart," Oliver Morosco's marvelous success which recently concluded a two years' engagement at the Cort Theatre, New York will be the attraction at the Auditorium Thursday, Friday and Saturday of next week, with Marion Dentler in the title role.

The companies presenting the play on tour are displaying the "standing room only" sign at every performance, and frequently the theatre-goers of a town will petition Mr. Morosco for a return date in order that they may see it again and that others who failed to take advantage of the first opportunity, may have the pleasure of attending.

In this play Mr. Manners has written the first Anglo-American drama which does ample justice to all people concerned. His chief character, Peg, is an Irish-American girl—stubbornly American patriotically, yet lovingly and wittily Irish in her nature.

Her English relatives are not caricatures, but are genuine Britons, such as are seldom found behind footlights on this side of the Atlantic.

Peg's part is that of the daughter of a cast-off English mother, whose

relatives, through the terms of a will, have had to take her into their home for the purpose of educating her and polishing her. She is hardly welcome there, yet the fact that she has inherited a portion of the estates make it necessary for them to endure her presence. Peg, however, is not a nonentity by any means. She has her own ideas of things and she does not care a hang for conventionalities such as are found in English homes. Her one friend is Jerry, a happy-go-lucky fellow whom she meets and in whom she confides all her troubles.

In the end Peg makes a change in that home in a way that is delightful. Peg is a wonderful success, such as the American stage has not seen before in years and which may not be duplicated for many years to come. The Marion Dentler company gives a charming presentation of this little comedy, and those who see it will never forget it. It is like a breath from a rose-scented garden.

Seats will be on sale Monday. The prices are 25c to \$1.50 for evening performances, and 25c to \$1 for Saturday matinee.

takably—that he rules Germany by Divine right and that the rattle of the sabre is the strongest of arguments.

KILLED BY FALL FROM A DERRICK

Ingersoll, Ont., Sept. 25.—Robert Constable, of St. Catharines, an employee of the Standard White Lime Company at Beachville, was killed at that village today when he fell forty feet from the top of a derrick.

FRENCH FLEET BOMBARDS LISSA

London, Sept. 25.—A General News despatch from Rome says that the Austrian seaport of Lissa in Dalmatia was bombarded by a French fleet on Sept. 19. Later troops landed from the French warships and went into garrison. British and French flags were hoisted over the semaphore station at Lissa.

MEN HAVE TRIED AND FAILED

Yet there are Thousands who Have Succeeded and are Satisfied.

To the gentleman who has tried Semi-ready tailoring "once" and found it wanting we wish to ask two questions:

Was it a genuine Semi-ready or an imitation?

How long ago?

There have been many imitations of Semi-ready tailoring. In fact, if a man asks in a ready-made shop for a Semi-ready suit he seldom meets with the frank statement that "we have not got it," but often encounters a play upon the word.

Within the past seven years the genuine Semi-ready tailoring has been perfected and brought to such a quality standard that its first sponsors would not know it. "We are not satisfied, and we never will be," said the President of the company. "Each season we strive for something higher and better."

"The Semi-ready tailoring of today is well worthy of a trial by the most skeptical man of meticulous desires in good clothes. And our \$20 suit is better tailored than most \$25 and \$30 suits made in the old retail way." Geo. Morissette, St. John St., corner D'Youville.

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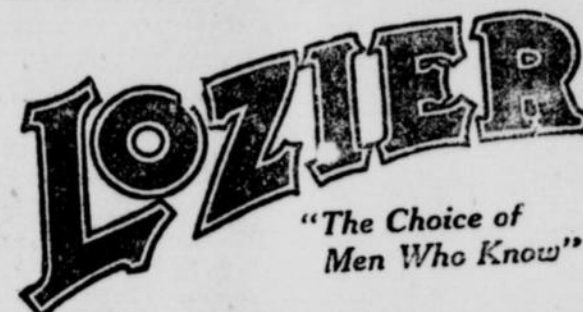
Car made in America in 1915.

J. G. MAYER, Agent.

GARAGE AND SHOWROOMS

47 St. Nicholas Street.

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"The Choice of Men Who Know"

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Phones 3071 and 4550.

47 Fayard St.

Fall Millinery Opening TO-DAY

SEPTEMBER 19,

And Following Days

Ladies are cordially invited to inspect our display.

L. P. LABRECQUE,

MILLINERY IMPORTER,

Phone 1040 - 77 St. John St.

No cards this season.

Sept. 19 to Oct. 1, 1914.

Flour, Grains, Hay, Provisions, etc.

William Carrier & Fils

Registered

Wholesale Dealers, QUEBEC

Jan. 1, 1915, to Sept. 1, 1915.

The Quebec Bank

86th Year in Business

Why not keep your valuables, deeds, insurance policies, receipts, important papers of all kinds, jewels, every small article of value, in the Safety Deposit Boxes

— at our —

Head Office, 110 St. Peter street, or Upper Town Branch, 2 Fabrique street. They afford absolute protection at trifling cost. Call and enquire

DIRECTORS:

John T. Ross, President; Vesey Boswell, Vice-President; Gaspard Le Moine, Thos. McDougall, G. C. Stuart, K.C., J. E. Aldred, R. MacD. Patterson, Peter Laing.

FIVE BRANCHES IN QUEBEC CITY:

110 St. Peter street, 2 Fabrique street, 217 St. John street, 781 St. Valier street, 187 St. Joseph street.

MILITARY FIELD GLASSES

also

PRISMATIC BINOCULARS

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P. C. LACASSE

Optician

40 Fabrique Street.

MILITARY DISCOUNT

ENGLISH MILITARY KHAKI SHIRTS, REVERSIBLE COLLARS.
ENGLISH FLANNEL KHAKI SOFT COLLARS.
SPECIAL: LIGHT VICUNA WOOL KHAKI SP. NCERS.
IRISH POPLIN KHAKI TIES, LIGHT OR DARK SHADE.
ENGLISH CASHMERE SOCKS, BLACK OR COLORS, 3 PAIRS FOR \$1.00.
SPECIAL MILITARY SWAGGER STICK, with Canadian Coat of Arms.
10 PER CENT DISCOUNT WILL BE GIVEN TO ANY SOLDIER IN UNIFORM

J. H. MULLIN,

HABERDASHER - 48 FABRIQUE STREET.

EMILE JACOT, Reg.

JEWELER, OPTICIAN.

95 St. Joseph Street

QUEBEC

Fine assortment of Wedding Gifts, Cabinet of Cutlery, Silverware, etc., Diamonds, Rings, Fine Watches.

95 St. Joseph Street - QUEBEC

SAILINGS Gaudias Bureau

MACHINIST.

Repairs of all kind promptly attended to.

Telephone 2946

Residence 5628

116 1/2 St. Street, Lamont.

to EUROPE

Good accommodation

All Classes

All Lines

For Sailings and Rates apply to

F. S. STOCKING,
32 ST. LOUIS STREET.
PHONE 52.

Telephone: 1050.
Dr. A. LANTIER
Surgeon Dentist
50 Couillard St., Quebec.
Opposite Livernol's Pharmacy.



SYNOPSIS OF REGULATIONS

GOVERNING Timber on Dominion Lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, the Northwest Territories, the Railway Belt in the Province of British Columbia, and the tract of Three and a Half Millions Acres, Located by the Government of the Dominion in the Peace River District in the Province of British Columbia.

LICENSES.

A license to cut timber on a tract not exceeding twenty-five square miles in extent may be acquired only at public auction. A rental of \$5.00 per square mile, per annum is charged on all timber berths excepting those situated west of Vale in the Province of British Columbia on which the rental is at the rate of 3 cents per acre. In addition to rental, fees are charged on the timber cut at the rate set out in section 20 of the regulations.

TIMBER PERMITS AND DUES.

Permits may be granted in the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, to owners of portable saw mills, to cut over a definitely described tract of land not exceeding one square mile in extent, on payment of dues at the rate of 50c. per thousand feet, B.M., and of a fee at the rate of \$100.00 per square mile for each permit.

TIMBER FOR HOMESTEADERS.

Any occupant of a homestead quarter-section having no timber of his own suitable for the purpose may, provided he has not previously been granted free allowance of timber, obtain a free permit to cut the quantity of building and fencing timber set out in Section 50 of the Regulations.

W. W. CORY,

Deputy Minister of the Interior.



SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency, (but not Sub-Agency) on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months' residence upon cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months' residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for—64323.

\$10.00 Cash

—and—

\$6.00 per month

will put a beautiful

PIANO

in your home

Just receiving a new stock of

PIANOS from the leading

manufacturers

ARTHUR LAVIGNE

54 Couillard Street

New Designs in Furniture

We have now on hand some

beautiful new designs in

FURNITURE and

BRASS BEDS.

Get a PULLMAN SLEEPER

for the little lot. These Sleepers

are rubber-tired and fully

upholstered in leather-cloth, are

furnished with folding reversible

hood.

Have also a number of Folding

Co-Chairs and English Per-

ambulators in different designs.

Visit us before going else-

where.

JAMES PERRY

Phone 519. 323 ST. PAUL ST

SHIPPING NEWS

THOMSON LINE
Steamer Iona, Captain Riddie, from Quebec, arrived at Leith on the 24th inst.

MARINE INQUIRY

Captain Demers, Dominion Wreck Commissioner, has concluded an inquiry with the cause of the steamer Floriston striking an iceberg in the Straits of Belle Isle, and subsequently being run into shallow water, as already reported. Judgment will be rendered in the case shortly.

FREIGHTS AND CHARTERS

New York, Sept. 25.—The demand for steam tonnage was limited but rates were firm and well supported in all trades. A moderate business was reported in chartering. Quotations to Liverpool and London, 4d asked; Hull, 3 1/2-2d; Bristol, 4 1/2-2d; picked ports, large tonnage, 2s 3d; cotton to Liverpool, per 100 lbs., 35c. Charters: Dutch steamer 18,000 quarters grain, New York to Scandinavian ports, 4s, prompt; British steamer, 38,000 quarters oats, Baltimore to French Atlantic ports, 2s 3d prompt; British steamer 2297 tons, cotton, to United Kingdom, basis 30s one port, prompt; British steamer 35,000 quarters grain, Galveston to Marseilles, 3s 4 1/2-2d prompt; British steamer 20,000 quarters, grain, Galveston to Hull, 2s 6d, prompt.

AGAINST MERCHANT MARINE BILL

The minority report of the House Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries against the passage of the bill providing for Government ownership of merchant vessels engaged in the foreign carrying trade points out the futility of this measure as a means of upbuilding our merchant marine and stimulating an increase of our foreign commerce. The report asserts that the establishment of a government owned steamship line is a direct attack upon invested capital and would mean ultimate destruction of steamship lines which our citizens have built up and maintained in the carrying trade of the United States. If the bill became a law, the report says, "it would stifle all commercial enterprise and turn over to the government itself the power to create a merchant marine, which power could be extended and enlarged as long as money remained in the treasury, and as much longer as Congress should provide by taxation to replenish the treasury." The report adds: "The bill itself goes very much further than the line of emergency and opens up the whole question of development of an American merchant marine by proposing an absolute scheme of government ownership involving an expenditure of many millions of dollars, which cannot fail to demand an increase of taxes and which would have to be borne by the American people." Aside from other considerations the taxation of the people to maintain Government owned merchant vessels amounts to a discrimination against private owned vessels in the overseas carrying trade. No hindrance to the perfect freedom of operation of vessels in the foreign trade should be put in the way of our citizens. The pending bill is practically a subsidy scheme for it gives the Government power to use the people's money for maintaining a merchant marine and shuts out private enterprise from participation in it. This would prove an expensive experiment for this country for there is no limit set to the amount of money that may be expended in carrying on this proposed operation of merchant vessels by the Government particularly when the emergency that it is intended to meet is passed and ocean shipping again becomes normal.—N. Y. Maritime Register.

GENERAL NOTES

Steamer Hammershus, Captain Neergaard, arrived at Bordeaux on the 19th inst., from the St. Lawrence. Steamer Chiltern Range, Captain Furneaux, from the St. Lawrence, arrived at Hull on the 24th inst.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE

Judgments Rendered, Writs Issued.

By Hon. Justice Roy

Jacob vs. Goulet and La Cie Gignac, T.S.—Judgment in plaintiff's favor for the costs of the saisie arrete against defendant.

Lamothe vs. Verret—Seeing the evidence, judgment in plaintiff's favor for costs only.

Mignault vs. Paquet—Judgment against defendant for \$175.10, interest and costs.

Guay vs. Lynch—The lease is set aside, the saisie gagerie is declared good and valid and defendant is condemned to pay plaintiff \$108, for rent and damages, the whole with costs.

Martel vs. Martel and Decarie, T.S.—Judgment in plaintiff's favor pursuant to declaration of garnishee, with costs against defendant.

Belliveau vs. Dumontier, and Dumontier & Cie, T.S.—Seeing the default of the garnishees to declare, they are condemned to pay the plaintiff the amount of his judgment in capital, interest and costs.

Desrochers vs. Rouleau—Separation from bed and board is granted to plaintiff and the defendant is condemned to pay \$40 as a monthly allowance, with costs against him.

By the Prothonotary

Rock Shoe Mfg. Co., Ltd., vs. Tanguay et al.—Judgment against defendant severally for \$134.82, interest and costs.

Writs Issued

Writs of summonses issued from the Prothonotary's office: Frederic Vaillancourt vs. Dame Elizabeth Loughren, Notre Dame des Laurentides, separation from bed and board.

Charles Audet vs. I. Alexandre

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To every recreation

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adds new zest

and charm

The latest Kodak Catalogue at

your dealer's, or by mail.

CANADIAN KODAK CO., LTD.

TORONTO, CAN.

Sound, Clean & Beautiful Teeth

will be yours if you use

JEWELRY & BROWN'S

Oriental

Tooth Powder

It prevents decay, promotes sweetness

of breath, purifies mouth, whitens teeth,

and does not cause irritation of the

gums. It is the most perfect and

economical of all tooth powders.

The famous "Oriental" tooth powder

is sold in 15c. and 30c. tins.

(The Container with the "S.T.")

Obtainable from all Druggists, Grocers, etc.

You can have a free sample by sending

2c. worth of this "Oriental" tooth powder

to the following address:

JEWELRY & BROWN'S, 150 & 330, St. St.

Chauvette, Quebec, 4388, promissory

note.

Eliac Jacques vs. Corporation du

Village Deschailles, \$565, contract.

Home Bank of Canada vs. The Le-

clerc, Antonio Joseph Dequize and

Hubert Moisan, Quebec, \$992.50.

Joseph E. Langlois vs. M. A. La-

france, Quebec, \$100, check.

Albini Belliveau vs. Joseph Therrien

St. Nere, \$150, contract.

Alberic Desrochers vs. Nap. Bois-

sonneault dit St. Onge, St. Flavien,

\$200, damages.

Geo. Tanguay, Ltée. vs. Wilfrid

Simard, Grande Baie, \$296.69, account.

Drouin, Freres & Rattray, Ltée.

vs. Dame Albertine Belle, Hebert-

ville, \$113.35, account and promissory

note.

Court of Review

The Court of Review opened yester-

day, presided over by their Lord-

ships Honorable Justice Lemieux,

Belleau, Dorian and Malouin, ad hoc.

The first case on the roll was the

Canadian Northern Quebec Railway

vs. Gignac. There are twelve cases,

three from Quebec and nine from

the other districts.

HEAVY EARTHQUAKE

FELT AT GUAYAQUIL

Guayaquil, Ecuador, Sept. 25.—A

heavy earthquake shock was felt here

this morning. No damage was done

but a great panic was caused among

the people.

To Cure Catarrhal

Deafness and

Head Noises

Persons suffering from catarrhal

deafness and head noises will be glad

to know that this distressing affliction

can be successfully treated at home

by an internal medicine that in many

instances has effected a complete cure

after all else has failed. Sufferers

who could scarcely hear a watch tick

have had their hearing restored to

such an extent that the tick of a

watch was plainly audible seven or

eight inches away from either ear.

Therefore, if you know someone

who is troubled with head noises or

catarrh, or catarrhal deafness, cut

out this formula and hand to them

and you will have been the means of

saving some poor sufferer perhaps from

total deafness. The prescription can

be prepared at home and is made as

follows:

Secure from your druggist 1 oz. of

Parment (Double Strength), about 75c

worth. Take this home, and add to it

1 1/2 pint of hot water and 4 oz of moist

or granulated sugar; stir until dis-

solved. Take one tablespoonful four

times a day.

The first dose promptly ends the

most distressing head noises, dullness,

cloudy thinking, etc., while the hear-

ing rapidly returns as the system is

invigorated by the tonic action of the

treatment. Loss of smell and mu-

cus dropping in the back of the throat

are other symptoms that show the

presence of catarrhal poison, and

which are quickly overcome by this

efficacious treatment. Nearly ninety

per cent of all ear troubles are

directly caused by catarrh; therefore,

there are but few people whose hear-

ing cannot be restored by this simple

home treatment. Every person who

is troubled with head noises, catarrh

deafness, or catarrh in any form

should give this prescription a trial.

There is nothing better.

Important.—In ordering Parment,

always specify that you want Double

Strength; your druggist has it or he

can get it for you; if not, send 75c

to the International Laboratories, 74

St. Antoine st., Montreal, P.Q., who

make a specialty of it.

Under The Winding Up Act

CANADA,

Province of Quebec,

District of Quebec.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT.

No. 1178.

Re: LA CIE HOTEL ST. ROCH,

Quebec.

In Liquidation.

NOTICE is hereby given that on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 27TH, 1914

AT 10 O'CLOCK A.M.,

will be sold at our offices the assets of this

Estate, as follows:

Item A—The immovable properties occupied

by the Company in liquidation, for the

purpose of its business, as follows:

1.—A piece of land situated on the north

side of St. Joseph street, measuring thirty-

seven feet eight inches frontage on the said

St. Joseph St., by forty-four feet eight inches

depth, an area of sixteen hundred and eighty-

three feet, more or less, bounded at the north

by the shelter, at the south by St. Joseph

street, at the east by "La Banque Nationale,"

at the west by Theodore Leclerc; the said

piece of land known and designated as being

the number five hundred and sixty-seven

567 of the cadastre for St. Roch ward, of

the city of Quebec, with buildings thereon

erected and dependencies.

Subject to a ground rent of \$9.00 per annum,

representing a capital of \$100.00 at 5% payable

on September 1st of each year.

2.—Another piece of land situated on the

south side of St. Francois st., adjoining the

above mentioned piece of land and having

thirty-nine feet three inches frontage on the

said St. Francois street, by a depth of seven-

ty-one feet ten inches, forming an area of two

thousand six hundred and twenty-two feet,

more or less, bounded at the north by St.

Francois street, at the south by the piece of

land above described, at the east by the purch-

aser, and at the west by the said Theodore

Leclerc, with buildings thereon erected and

dependencies, the said piece of land known

and designated as being number five hundred

and six-two (506-2) of the cadastre for St.

Roch Ward, of the city of Quebec, with all

the rights of tenancy actually existing

and subject to same.

3.—A piece of land number five hundred and

sixty-six—one (566-1) of the official cadastre

Quebec Steamship Co. Ltd.

(Incorporated by Canada S.S. Lines, Ltd.)
NEW YORK, BERMUDA AND WEST INDIES LINES
 From New York to St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Castrola, Dominica, Marigot, St. Lucia, Barbados and Demerara; S.S. PARIMA, 2 p.m., 29th September.
 From New York, for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Castrola, Dominica, Marigot, St. Lucia, Barbados and Demerara; S.S. PARIMA, 2 p.m., 29th September.
 For all information apply to:
QUEBEC STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.
 40 Dalhousie Street.
 S. & STOCKING: HONE & RIVET.
 G. J. P. MOORE, Ticket Agents, Quebec.

CUNARD

Established 1840.
Fastest Steamers in the World.
Aquitania, Lusitania, Mauretania
SAILINGS FOR LIVERPOOL
 (Subject to change.)
 Mauretania .. Wed. Sept. 30, 1 a.m.
 Aquitania .. Wed. Oct. 7, 10 a.m.
 Lusitania .. Wed. Oct. 14, 1 a.m.
 Mauretania .. Wed. Oct. 21, 1 a.m.
 Aquitania .. Wed. Oct. 28, 10 a.m.
 Lusitania .. Wed. Nov. 4, 1 a.m.
 Mauretania .. Wed. Nov. 11, 1 a.m.
 Aquitania .. Sat. Nov. 21, 10 a.m.
 †Calls Queenstown.
CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., Ltd.
 21-24 State Street, New York
 Or Local Agents.

DONALDSON

GRAND PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE
 From Glasgow to Montreal, Sept. 19. S.S. LUTITIA, Oct. 3. Cold Storage on Steamers marked *47.50 up. Westbound \$47.50 up. Third class East and Westbound \$31.25.
 Apply any steamship agent or THE ROBERT REFORM CO., Limited, GENERAL AGENTS.

THOMSON

Freight Service to Newcastle, Calais and Leith.
 To Newcastle
 S.S. DEVONA .. about Sept. 28
 To Leith
 S.S. DEVONA .. about Sept. 28
 THE ROBERT REFORM CO., Limited, AGENTS.

ALLAN LINE

MONTREAL-LIVERPOOL
HESPERIAN, Thurs. 8 Oct.
 Saloon .. \$80.00
 Second Cabin .. \$50.00
 Third Class .. \$31.25
MONTREAL-GLASGOW
NUMIDIAN, Sat. 10 Oct.
 Cabin (II) .. \$47.50
 Third Class .. \$31.25
 For all particulars, apply:
ALLANS, REA & CO.,
 81 St. Peter st., Quebec.
 Or Hone & Rivet, 31 Buede st.;
 P. S. Stocking, 32 St. Louis st., and local agents.

SANTAL MIDY

These tiny capsules are in 44 hours without interruption, in 100% of cases, and are absolutely safe.

CASPE & BAIE DES CHALEURS S.S. CO., LIMITED.

SS. "CANADA."
 Next sailings of this steamer from Quebec for Mechins, Quebec and calling at intermediate ports as far as Campbellton, N. B., will be on Wednesdays, at 3 p.m., from Customs House pontoon.
 Splendid accommodation for passengers.
 Freight received day of sailing, till 1 p.m.
 For further information, apply to:
J. M. POULIOT,
 150 ST. PAUL STREET.
 Telephone 2861.

JUST RECEIVED

Crawford's English Biscuits and Puffs.
 Boisselier's Chocolates.
 Spanish and Canadian Ports and Sherries.

M. BOYCE & SON,

"THE RELIABLE GROCERS"
 19-21 Cote d'Abraham. Establ'd. 1855.
 Tel. 294.

R.M.S.P. TO WEST INDIES

FORTNIGHTLY MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE
 FROM ST. JOHN (N.B.) AND HALIFAX (N.S.)
 to Bermuda, St. Kitts, Antigua, Montserrat, Dominica, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Barbados, Grenada, Trinidad and Demerara.
 For Illustrated Folders, Rates, etc., apply to the Agents of the Company, or in HALIFAX (N.S.) to PERKINS & BLACK, LTD.
 Feb. 28x1aw, satx1f

Imperial Bank of Canada

DIVIDEND No. 96.
 NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend at the rate of Twelve per cent. (12 p.c.) per annum upon the Paid-up Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared for the three months ending 31st July, 1914, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office and Branches on and after Saturday, the 1st day of August next.
 The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st July, 1914, both days inclusive.
 By order of the Board.
D. R. WILKIE,
 General Manager.
 Toronto, 24th June, 1914.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY, LIMITED

"DOMINION" STEAM GAS COALS
 Screened, Run-of-Mine and Black
 For Particulars, apply to
SALES AGENT, 112 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL

An audit and verification of your Balance Sheet is at all times appreciated by your Bankers, but much more so during strained credit conditions as exist at present.
 "Credit cannot exist where there is doubt. By stating facts, doubt is removed. By removing doubt, confidence is established."
ROBERT STEWART, LIA.
Public Accountant
 —and—
Auditor
QUEBEC: SHERBROOKE:
 92 St. Peter St. 155 Wellington St.

C. W. WALCOT,
Stocks and Bonds
 BOUGHT and SOLD.
98 ST. PETER STREET
Quebec
 TELEPHONE 577.
 Municipal Debentures Offering perfect Security to net Investors.
5% to 6 1-2%

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 115 Mountain Hill
 American and European Plan.
 Cafe Attached to Hotel.
 Close to Boats, Elevator, Cars
 Trains
 Phone 1708. QUEBEC.
 Ag. 25x1m.

Barry & McManamy
Financial Agents
18-20 St. James Street
GRAIN BROKERS—WHEAT, CORN AND OATS.
 Traded in Chicago and Manitoba Markets at regular Commission rates. Direct wire service.
TELEPHONE 5226.

COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK MARKET.
 (Canadian Press.)
 New York, Sept. 25.—In view of the efforts of bankers of the country to organize a \$100,000,000 gold pool, designed primarily to facilitate exchange operations between this centre and Europe, today's sharp rise in cables and demand bills on London was regarded as highly significant. Cables rose to 49 1/2% and demand sold up to 49 7/8%. The advance was attributed in some quarters to the belief that the modified British moratorium, which becomes effective early in October, might not cover these forms of remittance.
 Announcement that arrangements have been perfected, under the auspices of the Stock Exchange, for private dealings at concessions in unlisted stocks, which includes the curb, was accompanied by intimation that this is preliminary to a similar step in regularly listed securities. It is known that many members of the exchange deem such action advisable, but realize that it cannot well be taken without the consent of the local banks, which hold large amounts of listed stocks as collateral for outstanding loans.
 Bond dealers reported an increased demand for the new New York City notes, with a further advance in the three year issue. The offering of these notes was said to have stimulated an inquiry for other municipal notes and bonds.
 Recent weather conditions in the middle west contributed to two counter movements in that section. While farmers are reporting an unusually large winter wheat acreage, merchants complain of the backwardness of trade because of belated decline in the temperature.
 Local banks are likely to receive further cash accessions this week, a gain of \$8,000,000 to \$10,000,000 being foreshadowed in the recent movements. Reduction of loans is also expected, now that the city loan negotiations have been completed. Bank clearings continue to reflect abnormal conditions, the largest decrease being shown at this centre.
 The statement of the Atchison road for August is in striking contrast to that of other railway systems for the same period, showing a substantial gross increase, and a net increase of \$566,000, aided in large part by reduced operating expenses.

MARKET LETTERS.

Received over the private wire of Breen & Gourdeau, stock brokers, 63 St. Peter st., 5 and 6 Sault au Matelot.
 New York, Sept. 25.—A governor of the New York Stock Exchange questioned regarding the reopening of the exchange, following the announcement of resumption of trading in the unlisted securities stated that he could see no reason why the exchange should not be opened again by November 1, provided that the Federal Reserve act is in operation by that time.

Chicago Grain Quotations.

Wheat—High. Low. Close.
 September .. 101—
 December .. 71 3/4 70 3/4 70 3/4
 May .. 117 3/4 116 3/4 117 asked
 Corn—
 September .. 77 3/4 76 3/4 77 asked
 December .. 71 3/4 70 3/4 70 3/4 bid
 May .. 73 3/4 73 73 3/4
 Oats—
 September .. 47 3/4 46 3/4 47 3/4 bid
 December .. 50 49 3/4 49 3/4 bid
 May .. 53 3/4 52 3/4 52 3/4

SCHOOLS IN ARABIA.

Pupils Sit Swaying On the Floor As They All Study Aloud.
 In the schools of Arabia the children, with the schoolmaster, sit upon the floor or the ground in a semi-circle, and each has a tablet of wood which is painted white and upon which the lessons are written. When the latter are learned they are washed out and replaced by other lessons.
 During study hours the Arab schools remind one of the Chinese, for children all study aloud, and as they chant they rock back and forth like trees in a storm, and this movement is continued for an hour or more at a time. The schoolmaster rocks back and forth also, and altogether the school presents a most novel appearance as well as sound. Worshipers in the mosques always move about while reciting the Koran, as this movement is believed to assist the memory.
 The desks of the Arab schools are odd contrivances of palm sticks, upon which is placed the Koran or one of the thirty sections of it. After learning the alphabet the boys take up the study of the Koran, memorizing entire chapters of it until the sacred book is entirely familiar.
 A peculiar method is followed in learning the Koran. The study begins with the opening chapter, and from this it skips to the last. The last but one is then learned, then the last but two, and so on in inverted order, ending finally with the second chapter.

PRODUCE MARKET

Toronto—Quotations are as follows:
 Wheat—Ontario, No. 2 winter, \$1.08 to \$1.10 outside, according to location. Manitoba, No. 1 northern, \$1.19; do. No. 1 new, \$1.17; No. 2 northern, old, \$1.17 to new \$1.14.
 Oats—Canada western, No. 2, 54c; No. 3 do., 53c at lake ports for immediate shipment. Ontario, No. 2 white, new, 45 to 46c outside.
 Corn—American, No. 2 yel., 83c. c.i.f. Collingwood.
 Barley—63 to 65c outside for malting. Manitoba, No. 3, c.w.s. 69c bay ports.
 Flour—Manitoba, listed quotations at Toronto are: First patents, \$6.60. Ontario, winter, 90 per cent patents, \$4.70 to \$4.90 seaboard.
 Millfeed—Manitoba bran, \$24.50; shorts, \$27 per ton on track, Toronto.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

London, Sept. 25.—Bank of England today received £79,000 in bar gold and £273,000 in American coin.

OILS, ETC.

Savannah, Sept. 24.—Turpentine nominal, 45 1/2c; receipts 311; shipments 835; stocks, 27,371.
 Rosin, nominal; receipts 1,273; shipments 1,720; stocks 112,225.

AUCTION SALE

CANADA.
 Province of Quebec,
 District of Quebec,
SUPERIOR COURT
 No. 2927.
 Re: OXFORD SILVERWARE CO.,
 REGISTERED.
 Insolvent.
 NOTICE is hereby given that on TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 29th, 1914 at 11 o'clock a.m., will be sold at our offices, assets of this company as follows:—
 (a)—Stock chocolate, etc. \$251.24
 (b)—Office furniture .. 129.50
 (c)—Typewriter .. 120.00
 Terms of sale: CASH.
 The inventory list can be examined at our offices; the sample room will be opened for inspection of stock Monday, Sept. 28th, 1914, or upon applying to the undersigned.
Sale of Book Debts
 Book debts from "The National Knitting Co., Ltd., in liquidation to be sold for the account of "The Guelph Worsted Spinning Co., Ltd." Book debts and notes .. \$1,234.41
 The list can be examined at our offices.
LARUE & TRUDEL,
 Curators.
 Offices: Dominion Building,
 126 St. Peter street.
 Marceau and Fils, Auctioneers.
 Quebec, Sept. 15th, 1914.
 Sept. 16, 17, 19, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29x10

CAPITAL

The advertiser having established facilities and long experience in investment, stock and bond business will consider to undertake through his connections the raising of Capital for propositions of merit, either bond or stock issues in industrial mining or lumber, considered, as believe the next two months good time to interest capital in the States. Proposition must stand investigation. Shall be pleased to hear from parties desiring to market bonds or stock in new or partly going enterprises. Will also handle commercial bonds rated parties. Give some particulars and prompt attention will be given y. v. Address "Broker," suite 848 Drexe Building, Philadelphia, Pa.
 Spt. 3xth, stx4w

MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster-General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 6th November, 1914, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years six times per week, over a rural mail delivery to be known as "Metabetchouan, No. 2," from the Postmaster-General's pleasure.
 Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the post offices of Metabetchouan, Metabetchouan Est., Lac a la Croix, Lac Sec and Boily, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.
S. TANNER GREEN,
 Post Office Inspector.
 Quebec, Sept. 24, 1914.
 Spt. 26x1aw, satx3w

MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster-General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 6th November, 1914, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years six times per week, over a rural mail delivery to be known as "Metabetchouan, No. 1," from the Postmaster-General's pleasure.
 Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the post offices of Metabetchouan and Kuspigan, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.
S. TANNER GREEN,
 Post Office Inspector.
 Quebec, Sept. 24, 1914.
 Spt. 26x1aw, satx3w

Notice of Assignment

In the matter of: V. E. ST. HILAIRE of Chicoutimi, Merchant, Insolvent;
 NOTICE is hereby given that the said insolvent has made up a voluntary assignment of his assets for the benefit of his creditors, on September 23rd, 1914.
 The creditors of the said insolvent are requested to file up their claims as soon as possible.
 Quebec, Sept. 23, 1914.
LEFAIVRE & GAGNON,
 Assignees.
 Office: 98 St. Peter st.
 Quebec.

KEEP AHEAD OF THE GAME

In buying our COTE'S CLEAR HAVANA CIGARS, in five different sizes, as follows:—
 Conchas .. 3-25 or \$3.50—50
 Panatelas .. 10 or 4.50—50
 Bouquet
 Perfectos .. 3-25 or 3.00—25
 Corona .. 40 or 4.00—25
 Club .. 25 or 5.00—25
JOS. COTE,
 Wholesale Tobacconist
 188 St. Paul street
 Also at his four branches:
 No. 1, 179 St. Joseph street
 No. 2, 18 St. John street
 No. 3, 212 St. John street
 No. 4, 76 Mountain Hill

ESTEY FLOUR

WOLVERTON MILLING CO.
ESTEY PATENT
WOLVERTON, ONT.
IS THE BEST TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED
 FOR SALE BY
J.B. RENAUD & CO.
P.G. BUSSIERE & CO.
 AND FIRST CLASS GROCERS.

THE BEST TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED

FOR SALE BY
J.B. RENAUD & CO.
P.G. BUSSIERE & CO.
 AND FIRST CLASS GROCERS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Trans-Atlantic Service.
ANNOUNCEMENT.
 The S.S. Mississauga, the first of two new moderate rate steamships, which are nearing completion, will sail on her maiden trip from Liverpool October 22.
 The Mississauga is the last word in shipbuilding and should prove an attractive acquisition to the Canadian trade. Dimensions are: Length, 520 ft.; beam, 64 ft.; gross registered tonnage, 13,000. Capacity: 520 cabin, 1,200 third-class. There are spacious promenade decks, verandah, safe, drawing room, gymnasium, lounge, smoking room, and card room. All the latest and most approved devices for safety at sea are employed, and special attention has been paid to the ventilation system. We believe this will be the finest moderate rate ship on the Atlantic.
 Rates: Cabin, \$55.00 up; Third-class, \$32.50 to Liverpool.
G. J. P. MOORE, 30 St. John St., and 46 Dalhousie St.

TEMISCAMATA RAILWAY

TIMETABLE
 Taking Effect June 22nd, 1914.
 No. 1. (a) Leaves Riviere du Loup 6.00 A.M. (b) Arrives Comore, N.B., 11.00 P.M.
 No. 2. (a) Leaves Riviere du Loup 11.00 A.M. (b) Arrives Comore, N.B., 5.00 P.M.
 No. 3. (a) Leaves Riviere du Loup 8.30 P.M. (b) Arrives Comore, N.B., 7.00 A.M.
 All Trains Daily Except Sunday.
 Connecting at Edmundston Junction with Canadian Pacific Ry. for Woodstock, Fredericton, St. John, N.B., Houlton, Presque Isle, Carleton and Fort Fairfield, Me.
 And at Riviere du Loup with all Intercolonial Railway Express Trains.
 For further information, folders, etc., apply to F. S. Stocking, 32 St. Louis Street, Boulevard St. Lawrence, Montreal.
G. O. Grundy, General Manager.
 F. X. Belanger, General Freight and Passenger Agent, Riviere du Loup.

Gaspe Steamship Co., Ltd.

SS. LADY OF GASPE \$27.00
 For a return trip of 8 days to Pasphebie, Baie des Chaleurs, meals and berth included. Accommodation for 100 tourists. The steamer calls at Gaspe, Percé and intermediate ports giving time to passengers to visit these interesting places. Next sailings, Sept. 29th, Oct. 13th and 27th. For further information apply to:
J. A. BOUCHARD, Manager,
 40 Dalhousie street.

Canada Steamship Lines

Montreal Service
 Daily including Sundays at 6 p.m.
Saguenay Service
 Four times a week, every TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY & SATURDAY at 8:00 a.m.
North Shore Service
 The Steamer "CASCAPEDIA" will sail for Natashquan and intermediate ports, thence to Gaspe, Summerside, Charlottetown and Pictou, on Friday, the 25th instant, at Noon.
M. P. CONNOLLY,
 General Agent.

TYPEWRITERS

SOLD, RENTED, REPAIRED.
TYPEWRITER SUPPLIES, ETC.
QUEBEC
TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
J. E. VEZINA, Prop.,
82 Mountain Hill
 Phone 3551. Quebec.
 Jn. 13xam, wn, satx3m.

COSTUMES AND JACKETS.

To our numerous customers we ask them to come early to see our beautiful costumes and jackets. Have the first choice. Faguy and Lepinay.

NOTICE TO INVESTORS

We have for sale blocks of various Municipal and Public Utility Bonds, which constitute absolute safe investment, at prices consistent with present market conditions.
BREEN & GOURDEAU
 STOCK AND BOND BROKERS.
 63 ST. PETER STREET, and 6 SAULT AU MATELOT STREET.
 Telephone 185.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

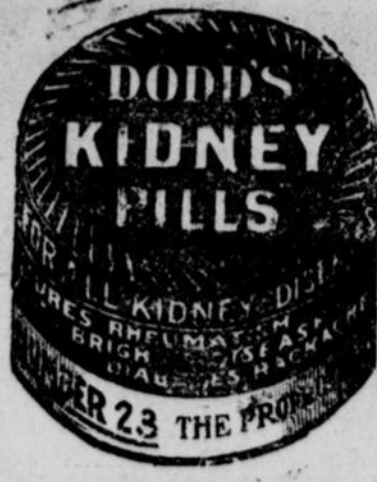
Accumulated Funds .. \$67,000,000
 Revenue for the Year .. 7,875,000
 Assets in Canada .. 17,000,000
 Over \$10,000 paid daily in Claims, Endowments, etc.
 The Reversionary Bonus of Policyholders for period of 1905 to 1910 amounted to \$5,857,920.00, being at the rate of \$15 per \$1,000 per annum on all with profit policies.
W. MORTON MASSEY, Chief Agent
 111 Mountain Hill, Quebec.
 april25xlv.



IN THE
FRONT
RANK
"DAISY"
BOILERS

Sole Agents

MECHANICS SUPPLY CO.
LTD.



NORTH SEA CASUALTIES

London, Sept. 25.—It is officially announced tonight that nearly sixty officers and 1,400 men were lost in the sinking of the British cruisers Aboukir, Hogue and Cressy in the North Sea.

ALLIED FORCES HAVE LANDED IN DELMATIA

Paris, Sept. 25.—A despatch to the Italian newspaper Messagero, forwarded to Paris by the Rome correspondent of the Havas Agency, says that the allied forces have landed in Dalmatia, after bombarding the fortified harbor of Lissa. The British and French flags were then hoisted to provoke the Austrian fleet to come out and engage the allied fleet in battle.

Three Austrian squadrons, the correspondent adds, are sheltered in a canal at Fasana, opposite the Austrian naval station of Pola.

Had No Power Over the Limbs

Locomotor Ataxia, Heart Trouble and Nervous Spells Yielded to Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

It would be easy to tell you how Dr. Chase's Nerve Food cures locomotor ataxia and derangements of heart and nerves, but it may be more satisfactory to you to read this letter. Mrs. Thos. Allan, R.F.D., 3, Sombra Ont., writes: "Five years ago I suffered a complete breakdown, and frequently had palpitation of the heart. Since that illness I have had dizzy spells, had no power over my limbs (locomotor ataxia) and could not walk straight. At night I would have severe nervous spells, with heart palpitation, and would shake as though I had the ague. I felt improvement after using the first box of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and after continuing the treatment can now walk, eat and sleep well, have no nervous spells and do not require heart medicine. I have told several of my neighbors of the splendid results obtained from the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

A HUNDRED YEARS AGO TODAY

A War Episode

Adams' frigate blown up. Our navy has lost one of its brightest ornaments. The gallant Morris is said to be no more. The enemy with an overwhelming force approached Hampden yesterday. Capt. Morris finding that it would be useless to make resistance, gave orders for the crew to leave the ship and retreat to the shore and as soon as every person was on shore but himself, he set fire to the train which led to the magazine, and then jumped overboard. And when last seen was swimming for the shore. The Adams immediately blew up with a tremendous explosion. Hampden was in possession of the enemy. Before the Adams was blown up, a battle was fought which lasted half an hour. The greatest alarm prevails at Portland; 2,000 militia were to march in there this day. The public mails are not allowed, by the enemy, to pass over the Penobscot. Captain Morris was a hero, and his last act was heroic.

THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY

Thanks, Emperor William.

At Dusseldorf, 30 years ago, the working men of that city expressed their warmest thanks to Emperor William for his constant exertions in promoting their welfare. The Emperor in response, said: "It has not always been permitted me to reap any thanks for his efforts on behalf of the people of his country, to whose interest he always devoted special solicitude; he rejoiced in this case to know that his efforts had given satisfaction."

Brussels 30 Years Ago.

At a late hour the celebration of the revolution resulted in rioting and the Civic Guards had considerable difficulty in dispersing the mob.

Wedding Bells in Quebec.

Thirty years ago, Mr. Honore Julien, Jean Baptiste Chouinard, advocate, and Alderman of this city, was married to Miss Marie Louise Isabella Juchereau Duchesnay, by the Rev. Mr. Marois, of the Archbishop's Palace. Also at the St. Louis Chapel, the marriage of Mr. Roger LaRue to Miss Elodie Parant, The Rev. Mr. Belanger performed the ceremony. All are well-known in Quebec society and extremely popular. The Chronicle wishes them all good things.

FISTS IN WARFARE.

Strange Weapons Which Have Been Used by Soldiers.

In all ages the use of primitive means of defence and offence has been a mark of warfare. When Wat Tyler's men of Kent marched over London Bridge and scared the City and Court almost to death, their arms were sickles and billhooks and scythes, and a few blacksmith's tools. The same remark applies to the arming of the men of Devon and Somerset at the Battle of Sedgemoor, the last real battle fought on English ground. But even in these days of arms of precision there have been many cases where these scientific tools have been discarded in favor of something much more primitive.

For instance, at the Battle of Inkerman, which was a soldiers' battle, fought in a mist almost without leadership, many of the British soldiers, finding their fire useless and their bayonets untrustworthy and bent, went in with their fists in true British style. Bluejackets have more than once followed this example when a primitive force has been landed to punish natives. The Tars have gone for them with fists and belaying pins, possibly feeling that anything more deadly would be more than the occasion required.

The band has on many occasions joined in the fray. It is reported to have occurred in the late war in the Balkans, during the later fighting which took place between the late allies, Bulgarians and Servians. The former were greatly outnumbered, and seeing them getting the worst of it, the band went into the melee with their instruments, and many a Servian was laid low by a blow from the butt-end of cornet, ophicleide, and trombone, not to mention the formidable bassoon.

There is a story about a peasant who defended his hearth against a horde of the enemy with a three-legged stool, and another of a woman who routed the enemy at the double by overturning a stand of beehives in her garden, but certainly one of the most remarkable weapons on record was the big saucapane which it is credibly said a lusty Turk brandished with great effect at the Battle of Widdin. Since Samson's use of the jawbone of an ass there has never been surely a stranger weapon.

In one of the fierce actions in the Peninsular War ammunition ran short, and many shifts were restored to in order to make up for the lack of bullets. The chief means were buttons. There were not many left on the soldiers' uniform when the fight was over. Today, of course, a soldier could not do this, for all the rifles are breech-loaders. But in those days it was different. Thus in this very same battle it is reported that a soldier took a razor from his heaver-sack, rammed it down, and fired it after the flying French cavalry. Evidently that cavalry had a close shave.

MARTELL BRANDY

is the recognized favorite of connoisseurs, the choice of the medical profession.

MARTELL BRANDY

is preferred the world over, because for over two centuries it has been the standard for quality and purity of all the best brandies made in Charente (France.)

FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING WINE MERCHANTS

Silvery Nurseries Bergerville

Asters, per dozen.....\$1.25
Stocks, per dozen.....40
Tuberose, cut.....1.00
We have a fine lot of
Boston Ferns, from, each.....1.00
Whitmanii Ferns, from, each.....1.00
Small Mixed Ferns.....10
Maiden Hair Ferns, from.....25
Designs from.....\$2.00 up
Phone 295.
Deliveries anywhere in city.

J. RAMSDEN,
Gardener.

Invalid Chairs
Invalid Tables
Invalid Trays
Invalid Bed Rests

D. S. RICKABY

Furniture Warehouse
and
Undertaking Establishment.

87 ST. JOHN STREET.
PHONE 351.

FOR SALE.
VALUABLE PROPERTY—
Very centrally located, within 4 minutes walk from Parliament Buildings; 24 rooms; 3 bathrooms; 4 w.c.s.; hot water. All modern conveniences. Is a NICE SMALL APARTMENT HOUSE; property has frontage on two streets; large garden; fine trees; cool locality. Apply to room 19 Hochelaga Bank Building, Quebec.

VALCARTIER CAMP POST CARDS

15 DIFFERENT VIEWS.

2 FOR 5 CENTS.

25c PER SET OF 15 VIEWS.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

P.S.—See our ENAMELLED WAR EMBLEM PINS, at 10c Each

T. H. O'NEILL,
248 St. John Street.

Kent House Montmorency Falls

DANCING IN LARGE BALL ROOM EVERY EVENING.

BLUE PRINTS

Done by Electrical Machine, in short notice.

HAMEL & TESSIER

CIVIL ENGINEERS.
Blue Print Dept.
51 St. Peter Street : Quebec.

Myrand & Pouliot

REG'D.

ST. ROCH'S

If July Weather Has Prevailed This Week,
Do Not Be Misled By It

SPECIAL NOTICE TO LADIES—Miss Adelaide M. Burke, special representative from the Pictorial Review Company, of New York, will be at our pattern department Friday, September 25th, for a whole week. This is an excellent opportunity to learn more about these most popular patterns.

Miss Burke will be pleased to explain why Pictorial Review Patterns are more chic, more graceful and more economical than any other pattern.

Miss Burke will explain how you can save time, labor and material by using the Cutting and Construction Guides furnished with Pictorial Review Patterns, and will be able to give suggestions of extraordinary value to the woman who makes her own clothes.

OVERCOATS FOR LADIES.—Pretty Zibeline Mantles, Brown, grey, and navy blue; kimono sleeves; ornamented with buttons; value \$15.00, for \$9.50
Colored Nap Cloth Overcoats; tailor sleeves; trimmed with velvet piping. Price \$15.00

LATEST NOVELTY.—Colored Check Ratine Overcoats; trimmed with velvet; hem of mantle trimmed with frills. Price \$20.00

SOMETHING ORIGINAL.—Scotch Check Mantles, with collar and belt; velvet collars; fancy buttons. Price \$20.00

WE ALWAYS HAVE A FALL AND WINTER ON OUR PROGRAM.

DO NOT NEGLECT TO PROCURE AN OVERCOAT OR A COSTUME FOR THE COLD SEASON.

OUR ASSORTMENT IS MORE COMPLETE, MORE ATTRACTIVE AND MORE INVITING THAN EVER.

IN THESE TIMES OF CRISIS, OUR PRICES ARE FIXED IN CONSEQUENCE.

OATS FOR GIRLS—8 to 16 years. Comfortable Check Tweed Overcoats; very new; kimono sleeves. Price.....\$8.50

From 2 to 6 years, pretty navy blue diagonal tweed, with velvet piping. Price.....\$4.00 and \$5.00

For 6 to 14 years.—Elegant Cheviot Overcoats, Brown or Navy Blue Balmacaan lelee, tweed lining. Price.....\$5.00

Special for 3 to 5 years.—Rich Corduroy Overcoat, Navy Blue or Brown, lined in satin, kimono sleeves, trimmed in imitation or ermine. Price.....\$6.00 and \$7.00

NOTICE TO GENTLEMEN.—Come and buy your Fall Hat while the assortment is complete. New forms. Uniform price.....\$1.50

OVERCOATS FOR LADIES.—Pretty Zibeline Mantles, Brown, grey, and navy blue; kimono sleeves; ornamented with buttons; value \$15.00, for \$9.50
Colored Nap Cloth Overcoats; tailor sleeves; trimmed with velvet piping. Price \$15.00

LATEST NOVELTY.—Colored Check Ratine Overcoats; trimmed with velvet; hem of mantle trimmed with frills. Price \$20.00

SOMETHING ORIGINAL.—Scotch Check Mantles, with collar and belt; velvet collars; fancy buttons. Price \$20.00

STORES OF

Myrand & Pouliot

REG'D.

215 St. Joseph Street, St. Roch's

Correspondence

Valcartier Camp, P. Q.
Sept. 24, 1914.

Editor of Chronicle.

Dear Sir: In news notes from Valcartier camp, dated Sept. 23rd, you have a very misleading paragraph, re married men, you allow it to be inferred that any blame, as to money not being sent home to men's wives is due to the married soldiers, who although they have money in hand do not forward the same; this statement is not correct.

"Myself along with several hundred men from B. C. have quite a lot coming for last month. I have a total of \$37.00 coming as I have \$1.10 daily allowance money, for this month I have the regular rate. Of last month's money I have received \$4.00, of the present month's \$5.00 a total of \$9.00. When one allows for expressing home private kit, stamps, etc., this sum leaves little for wives. We fully appreciate the fact that the military authorities have considerable work in getting the pay sheets into line, but this is no excuse for casting a covert slur on many honorable men. The present state of affairs causes great hardships to married women, as merchants insist on settlers paying their bills by the tenth of the following month or withdrawing credit. So the present state of affairs gives married men considerable anxiety and in addition their good faith is questioned. Trusting I have not trespassed too much on your time, I remain yours truly,

PACIFIC COAST.

P. S.—We hope you will clear our name in British Columbian papers.

A Home Recipe For Removing Wrinkles

Who will blame the modern woman for trying to look as young and attractive as she reasonably can? Why should she be placed at a disadvantage in numerous ways? Wrinkles, if she can avoid these hateful marks of advancing age? Women, however, know not to do to effectual rid themselves of wrinkles or sagging. Most of the advertised preparations are unsatisfactory and very expensive. But a very simple and harmless home remedy, which any woman can make, will work wonders where all the potent preparations fail. Buy an ounce of powdered apricots at any drug store. Dissolve the whole ounce in a half pint of witch hazel and use as a wash for the face. The results are practically instantaneous. Marked improvement is noticed immediately after a very first trial. Wrinkles are sagging are corrected and the face feels so refreshed and enlivened.

This week, we are not making money, but we are making friends. Give us your order this week for your Overcoat. Our special Steel Gray Vicuna, regular \$18.00 for \$11.50. Order early.

FAGUY, LEFINAY & FRERE.

Offices: Montreal, Quebec and Paris, France.

L. G. BEAUBIEN & CO. Stock Brokers

Members of the Montreal Stock Exchange Private Wire to Montreal and New York
McGILL BURROUGHS,
74 Peter Street. Manager.
Quebec. Phone 5067.

J. M. & D. M. CROTEAU
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND LAND SURVEYORS.
81 ST. PETER STREET, QUEBEC.
SPECIALTY:—FOREST SURVEYS and MAPPING.

Spt. 10x1y

Special Sale OF Satin and Silkin UNDERSKIRTS

Regular Prices \$1.59, \$1.79 and \$1.99

FOR

\$1.50

Colors—White, Black, Cerise, Saxe, Navy, Royal and Navy Blue, Hello, Paddy and Flame.

E. J. DYNES,

49 St. John Street. Tel. 271.

Early Buying Early Delivery

Having bought our Fall Goods early in June, they have been all delivered before the beginning of the war, so our prices won't be raised.

We have in a beautiful stock of the following goods: Rugs of every description and sizes. Sanitary Rugs a specialty—Wilton, Axminster, Brussels, etc.

Carpets in the newest style and design, Linoleums and Olcloths, new patterns; Corticine for floor improve its reputation all the time.

The Curtain Material Department was never so well assorted; it comprises all the newest materials—Maidevallee Cloth, Abbey Crape, Shadow Voile, Baystate Cretonne, Rose-dale Chintz, Stayfast Madras, Ingrain Taffetas, Arabian Cloth.

Novelty Curtains by the pairs, in Cream, White, Arabe and Champagne.

Furniture Covers: Fancy Velours, Reversible Plush, Repps, Linen Taffetas—full assortment in all these lines.

A full stock of real Turkish Rugs, at a very moderate price.

P. J. COTE,

79 & 31 ST. JOHN STREET,
OPPOSITE PALACE HILL