Montreal Herald.

AND DAILY COMMERCIAL GAZETTE.

VOLUME LVII. MONTREAL, THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 21, 1865. NUMBER 303

POST OFFICE,
MONTREAL, Dec. 4, 1865.

Arrivals and Departures of Mails at Montreal.

MAILS.	DUE.	CLOSE.
Quebec by Steamboat	.....	7.00 p m
Quebec by Railroad	7.00 a m	7.00 p m
North Shore Land Route	8.00 a m	1.30 p m
Sorel, Three Rivers, &c, by str	7.00 a m	4.30 p m
Canada West Day Train...[1]	10.45 p m	7.00 a m
Canada West Night Train.[2]	11.40 a m	7.00 p m
Laprairie	9.45 a m	2.15 p m
St. Johns, C.E., Napierville and Clarenceville	9.45 a m	7.45 a m 2.15 p m
New York, Boston, Buffalo, Troy, &c	9.45 a m	2.15 p m
St. Hyacinthe, Melbourne and Island Pond.....[3]	7.00 a m 1.45 p m	8.20 a m 1.15 p m
Portland.....[4]	1.45 p m	7.00 p m
Chateauguay, Beauharnois and Huntingdon	6.30 p m 9.15 a m	6.45 a m 6.45 a m
Lachine	6.15 p m	2.00 p m
St. Remi, Hemmingford & Plattsburg	10.45 a m	2.00 p m
Chambly	11.00 a m	8.20 a m 2.15 p m
Longueuil	10.30 a m	2.00 p m
Contrecoeur, Varennes and Vercheres	.....	2.00 p m
St. Laurent, St. Eustache, St. Scholastique, &c	6.30 a m	7.00 a m
Ste. Rose, Ste. Therese, & Ste. Jrome	2.00 p m	7.00 a m
Rigaud, Carillon, Grenville and Way Offices to Ottawa	10.45 p m	6.45 a m
Terrebonne, New Glasgow	5.00 p m	7.00 a m
St. Johns, N.B., Halifax, & P.E. Island, *via* Portland, every Wednesday	7.00 a m	7.00 p m
Ditto fortnightly from Boston	.....	2.00 p m
Sault Ste. Marie, &c., *via* Toronto, every Tuesday	.....	7.00 p m

[1] Conductor's Bag open till 7.40 A.M.
[2] do do do 7.40 P.M.
[3] do do do 1.40 P.M.
[4] do do do 8.00 P.M.

Registered letters must be posted 15 minutes before the closing of each Mail.
All the above Mails are daily, except Sunday.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS.

This well known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for female difficulties and obstructions, from any cause whatever; and although a powerful remedy, it contains nothing hurtful to the constitution. To married ladies it is peculiarly suited.

In all cases of pregnancy, attended with severe pain in the back and limbs, fatigue, or slight excertion, palpitation of the heart, hysterics, and whites, these pills will affect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved

For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N.B.—$1 and 5 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will ensure a bottle containing over 50 pills, by return of mail.

JOB MOSES, N.Y., Sole Proprietor.

For sale by Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, General Agents for Canada. Sold by all the Druggists in Montreal and medicine dealers everywhere.

December 19. 1y DSW 301

Rev. Lawrence W. Bates, Editor of the Methodist Protestant, Baltimore, Dec. 26th, 1865, writes:—

HOOFLANDS GERMAN BITTERS.—We are not in the habit of using our editorial columns to endorse Patent Medicines; but we feel perfectly free to call the attention of our readers to the above preparation. These Bitters have been used in our father's family with great satisfaction, and their beneficial influence induces them at once to try them in our own, and the result was every way satisfactory. We, therefore, feel no hesitancy in recommending them, especially for Dyspepsia, Disease of the Kidney, Nervous Debility, &c. We know of no medicine superior to them in cases of Nervous prostration, and frequently recommend them to lady acquaintances suffering from Chronic Debility.

For Sale by Druggists and Dealers generally.

Ask for Hoofland's German Bitters. Take nothing else, and see that the signature of C. M. Jackson is on the wrapper of each bottle. These Bitters are for sale by druggists and storekeepers in every town and village in the United States, Canadas, West Indies, and South America.

December 4. 4m DSW 288

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—FEVER AND AGUE.—The preparations of Quinine and Calomel prescribed by the faculty for this disease, are more destructive in their ravages on the human body than the complaint itself, verifying the old adage—"a remedy worse than the disease!"—Holloway's Pills possess no mineral poison, and are speedy and efficacious in promoting a permanent cure.

December 11. r DSW 294

BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID.

THE GREAT WORLD-RENOWNED HAIR RESTORATIVE.

For preserving, restoring, curling, cleansing, dressing and fashioning the Hair and Moustachios into the most soft silky and glossy description imaginable. Patronized by Her Majesty the Queen and the Royal Family, by the President of, and the elite of fashion throughout, the United States.

The unprecedented demand for this wonderful Hair Restorative has led to the fabrication of a host of counterfeits, often containing elements most deleterious to the hair, and thousands have had cause to regret their use. See that you get the genuine.

The virtues of Bogle's Hyperion Fluid for the Hair require no panegyric. Its universal success has never been equalled, and the immense good it has done is testified by thousands of certificates from physicians and parties of the highest standing, open for inspection at the Proprietors. Therefore,

All who suffer from Baldness—

All who are troubled with Dandruff—

All who have Salt Rheum, or any Humor on the Scalp

All who have "Hair Eaters" at the Roots of the Hair—

All who are troubled with Headache, and

All who wish to have a beautiful glossy Head of Hair, in luxurious growth to the latest period of life, USE BOGLE'S HYPERION FLUID.

BOGLE'S ELECTRIC HAIR DYE

is proven to be the very best in the world. It instantaneously changes Hair to any required color, life-like and natural.

BOGLE'S MYSTIKON, OR MYSTIC HAIR TINT

A new discovery for gradually restoring Grey Hair to its original color. Only one preparation Simple and easily applied. Super for Whiskers Moustachios and Eye-Brows.

Sold by all respectable Druggists and Perfumers throughout the World.

PROPRIETOR—W BOGLE, Boston, U.S.

June 12. 139

SPECIAL NOTICE.

☞ EVERY ONE SHOULD USE HALLS SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER

that splendid preparation for the HAIR which is fast becoming so popular and so much inquired for. No one who has once tried it will forget to give up the use of it.

It will restore grey hair to its original color.

It will prevent the hair from falling out.

It cleanses the scalp, and makes the hair soft, lustrous and silken.

It is a splendid hair dressing.

Be very particular to ask for HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER, as there is a worthless imitation in the market.

For sale by all Druggists.

B. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N.H., Proprietors.

JOHN F. HENRY & CO., General Wholesale Agents for Canada.

June 29.

The New York *Tribune* says, "the reason why Drake's Plantation bitters are so universally used and have attained an immense sale, is that they are always made up to the original standard, of highly invigorating material and of pure quality, although the prices have so largely advanced, &c."

The *Tribune* just hits the nail on the head. The Plantation Bitters are not only made of pure material, but the people are told what it is. The Recipe is published around each bottle, and the bottles are not reduced in size. At least twenty imitations and counterfeits have sprun up. They impose upon the people once, and that's the last of them.

The Plantation Bitters are now used in all the Governmens Hospitals, are recommended by the best physicians, and are warranted to produce an immediate beneficial effect. Facts are stubborn things.

"* * * I owe much to you, for I verily believe the Plantation Bitters have saved my life.

"REV. W. H. WAGONER, Madison, N.Y."

"* * * Thou wilt send me two bottles more of thy Plantation Bitters. My wife has been greatly benefitted by their use.

Thy friend, ASA CURRIN, Philadelphia, Pa.

"* * * I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and had to abandon preaching. * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me.

"REV. J. S. CATHORN, Rochester, N. Y."

"* * * Send us twenty-four dozen more of your Plantation Bitters, the popularity of which is daily increasing with the guests of our house.

JAYNES, SYKES, CHADWICK & CO., Proprietors Willard's Hotel, Washington, D.C.

"* * * I have given the Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our disabled soldiers with the most astonishing effect.

They are Sugar-Coated, so that the most sensitive can take them easily, and they are surely the best purgative medicine yet discovered.

G. W. D. ANDREWS, Superintendent Soldiers' Home, Cincinnati, O.

"* * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of liver complaint, with which I was laid up prostrate, and had to abandon my business.

H. B. KINGSLEY, Cleveland, O.

"* * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of a derangement of the kidneys and urinary organs, that has distressed me for years. It acts like a charm.

C. C. MOORE, 254 Broaway.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Nov. 24, 1863.

DEAR SIR,—I have been afflicted for many years with severe prostrating cramps in my limbs, cold feet, and hands, and a general disordered system. Physicians and medicine failed to relieve me. Some friends in New York, who were using Plantation Bitters, prevailed upon me to try them. I commenced with a small wine glassful after dinner. Feeling better by degrees, in a few days I was astonished to find the coldness and cramps had entirely left me, and I could sleep the night through, which I had not done for years. I feel like another being. My appetite and strength have also greatly improved by the use of the Plantation Bitters.

Respectfully, JUDITH RUSSELL.

If the ladies knew what thousands of them are constantly relating to us, we candidly believe one-half of the weakness, prostration and distress experienced by them would vanish. James Marsh, Esq., of 159 West 14th Street, New York, says, "he has three children, the first two are weak and puny, his wife having been unable to nurse or attend them, but this she has taken Plantation Bitters for the last two years, and has a child now eighteen months old which she has nursed and reared herself and both are hearty, saucy and well. The article is invaluable to mothers." &c.

Such evidence might be continued for a volume s he best evidence is to try them. Persons of sedentary habits troubled with weakness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite distress after eating, torpid liver, constipation, diabetes, &c., will find speedy relief through these bitters. They speak for themselves

Every bottle for exportation and sale out of the United States has a metal cap and green label around the neck.

Beware of refilled bottles. See that the cap has not been mutilated. Any persons pretending to sell Plantation Bitters in bulk or by the gallon is an impostor. We sell it *only* in bottles.

Sold by principal dealers throughout the habitable globe.

P. H. DRAKE & CO
New York.

JOHN F HENRY & CO., 393 St. Paul Street, Montreal, (New No 515,) Wholesale Agents for the Canadas.

March 1 D

BUSINESS NOTICES.

A Cough, Cold, or Sore Throat,

REQUIRES IMMEDIATE ATTENTION AND SHOULD BE CHECKED, IF ALLOWED TO CONTINUE,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Affection, or an Incurable Lung Disease

IS OFTEN THE RESULT.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES,

HAVING A DIRECT INFLUENCE TO THE PARTS, GIVE IMMEDIATE RELIEF.

For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases,

TROCHES ARE USED WITH ALWAYS GOOD SUCCESS.

SINGERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS

will find *Troches* useful in clearing the voice when taken before Singing or Speaking, and relieving the throat after an unusual exertion of the vocal organs. The *Troches* are recommended and prescribed by Physicians, and have had testimonials from eminent men throughout the country. Being an article of true merit, and having *proved* their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the *Troches* are universally pronounced better than other articles.

The efficacy of BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES is demonstrated by testimonials from Physicians, Surgeons in the Army, and eminent men wherever they have been used.

They were first introduced in 1850. *It has been proved that they are the best article before the public for* COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, CATARRH, the Hacking Cough in CONSUMPTION, and numerous affections of the THROAT, giving *immediate relief.*

Public Speakers and Singers

will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice.

From Rev. THOMAS CHARMAN, for many years Chorister of the French Parish Church, Montreal.

"It gives me great pleasure to certify to the efficacy of your Bronchial Troches, in an affection of the throat and voice, induced by public singing. They have suited my case exactly, relieving my Throat and clearing the voice, so that I could sing with ease."

From Rev. HENRY WILKES, D.D., Pastor of Zion Church, Montreal.

"When somewhat hoarse from cold or over exertion in public speaking, I have uniformly found Brown's Troches afford relief."

"I have been much afflicted with BRONCHIAL AFFECTION, producing Hoarseness and Cough. The Troches are the only effectual remedy, giving power and clearness to the voice."

REV. GEO. SLACK,
Minister, Church of the Ascension,
Milton Parsonage, Canada.

"Two or three times I have been attacked by BRONCHITIS so as to make me fear that I should be compelled to desist from ministerial labour, through disorder of the Throat. But from a moderate use of the Troches, I now find myself able to preach nightly, for weeks together, without the slightest inconvenience."

REV. E. B. RYCKMAN, A. B.,
Wesleyan Minister, Montreal.

"Your Troches are too well and favourably known to need commendation."

Hon. CHAS. A. PHELPS,
Pres. Mass. Senate.

"My communication with the world has been very much enlarged by the Lozenge which I now carry always in my pocket; that trouble in my Throat (for which the Troches are a specific) having made me often a mere whisperer."

N. P. WILLIS.

"I have never changed my mind respecting them from the first, excepting to think yet better of that which I began thinking well of."

REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

"The Troches are a staff of life to me."

Prof. EDWARD NORTH,
Pres. Hamilton College, Clinton, N.Y.

"A simple and elegant combination for Coughs, &c." Dr. G. F. BIGELOW, Boston.

"I recommend their use to Public Speakers."

Rev. E. H. CHAPIN.

FOREIGN OPINION.

Extracts from English Testimonials, giving evidence of the efficacy of "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES."

"I have derived greater benefit from the 'Troches' than from anything I ever tried."

BROOKHOUSE BOWLER,
Prime Tenore of the British Operatic Association, London.

"I never knew such a wonderful cure for Hoarseness." W RANDALL, Oxford Music Hall.

"I have tried your 'Troches,' and can testify to their efficacy."

CHARLES SLONAN,
The English Improvisator.

"The 'Troches' give great satisfaction."

T. W. H. LEE, Editor Loughborough Monitor.

"Very beneficial in clearing the Throat, when compelled to sing, though suffering from cold."

AINSLEY COOK,
Of the "Royal Italian Opera," London.

Miss COLINE FYSE, of the "Royal Italian Opera," speaks of *"The Troches"* in the highest terms, and uses them constantly to clear and strengthen her voice.

Obtain only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

Sold everywhere in the United States, and in Foreign Countries.

December 6. 1m TTS DSW 290

TAKE CARE NOW.—Should the Cholera or other epidemics visit this country, the loss of valuable lives which may follow can be guarded against by care of the system, and attention to its internal as well as external cleanliness, particularly at this season of the year. Cool the blood, purify the stomach and bowels by the free use of the celebrated PLANTAGENET MINERAL WATER, and you will do much towards saving the body from the ills to which it is subjected.—M.D.

August 11. 190

THE WONDER OF THE AGE.

MYSTIKOS OR BOGLE'S MYSTIC HAIR TINT,

THE NEWEST AND GREATEST DISCOVERY—The indispensable appendage to every toilet—The companion of young and old—The "long sought for and now found."

IT WORKS AN INSTANTANEOUS HAIR DYE, but it gradually and mystically restores hair to its original color, and gives to grey, or to any other, persons hair of hair, any tint, varying from the lightest, through all the intermediate shades, to the deepest black, lifelike and natural, at pleasure. It can be used as easily as oil to the hair. The directions are so simple that a child may apply it. It is contained in one bottle. There is no washing of the hair before or after the application. It will not stain or discolor the scalp. It is as harmless as water. It is chiefly composed of Vegetable ingredients, and no sulphur, lead or deleterious mineral is are contained in it. It nourishes and strengthens the hair, promotes its growth, and sustains it in prestine beauty to the latest period of life. In short, it is a wonder, a luxury, none should be without it. Try! Be convinced!

The Mystic Hair Tint is peculiarly adapted for ladies, on account of its easy application. Also and for the same reason, to gentlemen in the army or navy.

The Mystic is also the cheapest article as one bottle will last from mine to twelve months.

☞ Concise and simple directions accompany each package.

PRICE, $1.50 PER PACKAGE.

September DW 122

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

The original and best in the World. The only true and perfect Hair Dye. Harmless reliable and instantaneous. Produces immediately a splendid Black or natural Brown, without injuring the hair or skin. Remedies the ill effects of bad dyes. Sold by all Druggists. The genuine is signed William A. Batchelor. Also,

REGENERATING EXTRACT OF MILLE-FLEURS,

For Restoring and Beautifying the Hair.

CHARLES BATCHELOR, NEW YORK

August 18. 1y DW 196

FOR SALE.

POPULAR SONGS.

FOR SALE BY H. PRINCE,

NOTRE DAME STREET:

SLAP BANG, or JOLLY DOGS
MAGGIE'S SECRET, by Claribel
JANET'S CHOICE, by do
I CAN'T NOT SING THE OLD SONGS, by Claribel
I'D BE A STAR (German), Gerken

—ALSO—

THE DOVER GALOP and MARGATE QUADRILLE

November 28. 283

In Store and for Sale:

60 barrels finest Refined Oil,

"CANADA ROCK OIL CO"

DAVID TORRANCE & CO.

December 8. 292

SAILING OF OCEAN STEAMERS.

Mails are forwarded by every steamer in the regular line. The steamers for or from Liverpool, call at Queenstown, except the Canadian line, which call at Londonderry. The steamers for or from the Continent, call at Southampton.

TO ARRIVE.

STEAMER.	FROM	FOR	SAILS.
City of Dublin	Liverpool	N. York	Nov. 25
Damascus	Liverpool	Portland	Nov. 30
City of Cork	Liverpool	N. York	Dec. 1
Etna	Liverpool	N. York	Dec. 6
City of Limerick	Liverpool	N. York	Dec. 9
Australasian	Liverpool	N. York	Dec. 16
Canada	Liverpool	Boston	Dec. 23

TO DEPART.

City of Boston	New York	Liverpool	Dec. 23
Teutonia	New York	Southton	Dec. 23
Java	New York	Liverpool	Dec. 27

[FROM THE LONDON SOCIETY.]

THE EDITOR'S CHRISTMAS GREETING.

There's a summons at the door:—
Fling it wide!
Let the glow
Of the dancing flames inside
Redly pour
O'er the snow,
While we welcome in the holy
Christmastide!

Bring the yule log to the fire:—
Pile it high!
Let it blaze
Till the bright sparks madly fly
And expire
In the haze,
Hanging gloomily across the midnight sky.

Welcome freely, every one,
To our cheer!
All our best
We have spread before you here—
Song and fun,
Tale and jest,
And the pathos that will summon sigh and tear!

For our pages, well we know,
Far and wide
Will be read,
On the globe's remoter side,
Where no snow
Will be shed,
But the summer sun will shine, this Christmastide.

Ay! and where, 'mid snow and frost,
Ice and wind,
Nearer home,
There are sons of Britain bold,
Tempest-tight
On the foam,—
Or encamped on lonely peak and
and wailing wold.

Where from jungles issues forth
Ganges' heath;
Where the breast
Of St. Lawrence is outspread:—
South and North,
East and West,
This our greeting shall by English eyes be read.

And you, who pencil ply.
Or wield pen,
In our ranks,—
Gentle ladies, callant men!—
Not pass by
In our thanks,
Take the wishes of the season once again!

Merry Christmas unto all!
Peace and health,
Joy and mirth,
With content and store of wealth,
Each behalf
On this earth,
With cares only, that are blessings come by stealth.

* * *

There's a summons at the door:—
Who comes here?
Welcome, friend,
Of all kindness and good cheer!
Evermore
Let us fling,
For lo! where good old Christmas draweth near!

Shake the snow from out your beard.
Sit you down,
Welcome guest!
With your glistening holly crown,
King revered!
By each breast!
And in merriment all sorrow we will drown.

For good tidings on this day—
Long ago,
Unto man
Rang across the silent snow:—
Glad were they—
That they ran—
"Joy to Heaven, and peace to mortals here below!"

THURSDAY MORNING, DEC. 21, 1865.

TEMPERATURE

In the shade by Standard thermometer, observed at A. HEARN'S, Optician, 212 Not Dame Street.

8 A.M.	1 P.M.	6 P.M.
11.0°	12.0°	11.0°

Recorded by Patent Register.

MAX.	MIN.	MEAN
12.0°	10.5°	11.2°

Montreal, Dec 20, 1865.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY L. DEVANY,
Gold and Silver Watches, Jewellery, at 552 Notre Dame Street, at Two P.M.

BY JOHN J. ARNTON,
Real Estate, at his rooms, at half-past One, Two and Three o'clock.

BY W. E. EASTTY,
Toys, China Ware, at 26 St. Peter street, at Ten o'clock.

BY BENNING & BARSALOU,
Library, at their Stores, at Two and Seven o'clock.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS TO THE 'MONTREAL HERALD."

OTTAWA, Dec. 20.

At one o'clock on Tuesday night at a protracted Cabinet meeting, Hon. Mr. Brown laid his resignation in the hands of his Premier. It has been hinted that a coolness existed between Hon. Mr. Macdonald and Hon. Mr. Brown on the question of Confederation, but I think this is not correct. There may be somet hing, however, between them concerning the Wentworth Election. He now retires from the Cabinet in consequence of the difference of opinion with all his colleagues on the policy to be pursued in reference to Reciprocity. It is said that Hon. Mr. Brown will continue to sustain his late colleagues on every other question. Much excitement was occasioned here when the event was known. There are some who talk of a general election, but this result is scarcely possible. The Cabinet continued in session to-day. Of course nothing is yet known as to the successor, but Mr. Mackenzie (Lambton) is talked of, in which case Mr. MacDougall will lead the Grit Wing of the Coalition.

Nearly all the Ministers left by special train this evening.

QUEBEC, Dec. 20.

The premises in Buade street, occupied by Jno. S. Bower, druggist, and J. E. Matte, bookseller, were, together with contents, destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning. The sufferers are insured. The origin of the fire is unknown.

In the Court of Appeals yesterday His Honor the Chief Justice, and Hon. Justices Aylwin, Meredith and Mondelet presided. The well-known case of Bettersworth was argued. In this case Bettersworth alleged that he had been wrongfully arrested on suspicion of being one of the St. Albans raiders. A jury awarded him $500 damages; but the verdict was set aside by the Superior Court on the ground of the insufficiency of the notice.. Hence arose the prisoner's appeal. The term will close on Wednesday.

In the course of the night before last snow began to fall. Yesterday morning the frozen ground was covered with a coating of 4 or 5 inches, and the roads were in excellent condition for sleighing A considerable quantity of snow fell yesterday, but the day was very mild.

The winter cars made their first appearance upon the track yesterday.

It is said that on Friday last there was a smart shock of earthquake at Lake Beauport and that the ground was rent in several places. We have not heard of the shock being felt at any other place.

THE RESIGNATION OF MR. BROWN.—The announcement of the resignation by Mr. Brown of his seat in the Ministry can have taken no one by surprize,—not that we pretend to have remarked any indications immediately preceding the break up, of what was to come next; but because the Coalition was rotten from the beginning, and because nothing but time could be required to bring about the inevitable catastrophe. The statements of personal disagreements in the Cabinet, which have been set afloat chiefly from the side of the rump of the old tory ministry with which Mr. Brown had made his strange alliance, we have not thought it necessary to circulate through our columns. We have indeed regarded them as part of that miserable system of espionage against which we have always raised our voices, as a disgrace to the press and the country. But not the less did we believe that the time would come when something more than personal disagreement would make itself known, publicly and through legitimate channels. If the Eternal fitness of things had not been—if there had been no Nemesis for those who fall into errors so grave as those involved in Mr. Brown's acceptance of the Coalition and its circumstances—the late election in Wentworth and its incidents were enough to show how utterly hollow was a union of politicians, which had been brought about only by a personal agreement between the chiefs, and which involved the degradation of the most considerable of the political parties of Upper Canada, and the humiliation of all those members of it who could not change their principles as readily as their leader. We might moralize as long upon this theme—upon the useless concessions of principle on the vain and ungrateful sacrifice of friends, made by Mr. Brown, only to result in the defeat we now witness. But we have no taste for dwelling upon a mortification, which is doubtless already keen enough. We have not refrained, while Mr. Brown was in power, from saying what we thought of his tergiversations from the path of duty, which, in prescribing it to others, he had most distinctly marked out for himself. We shall now leave to his late friends and their organs to show how he has been trapped by the Phillistines and shorn of the strength which was once so formidable to them, and how they triumph in the result of a movement, of which he was either not sufficiently perspicacious to forsee the course, or was too weak to resist the temptation of falling into. The *Minerve* in a few pithy words, which have no doubt been inspired from a good source, thus at once explains all that Mr. Brown has thrown away, and all that his life long enemies have gained by his imbecile confidence in the good faith of men, whom he had repeatedly declared to be wholly destitute of it. "The coalition," says the *Minerve,* "after announcing the fact of Mr. Brown's retirement," has "been powerful, and it has made "use of its power to put into execution the "large and enlightened views of the men "still in the government (that is of Messrs. Cartier, Macdonald & Co., as distinguished from Mr. Brown, who is not still in the government.) Prestige has not failed to attach "to an administration based above all on "principle. The great majority of Lower "Canadians have redoubled their confidence "in their conservative chiefs, and the Hon. "Mr. Brown has taught his supporters to respect those whose defense" (that is against his own assaults) he has so ardently assumed. "It is now too late for Mr. Brown to completely destroy his own work. *The Conservatives will remain masters of the field,* "and, continuing to govern on the principles "which have guided them for eighteen "months, they cannot fail to attach to them "selves many adhesions from the Brownites, "*who will never again be able to shout about* "*corruption and fanaticism.* No doubt, it "would have been easy to retain Mr. Brown "by concessions. But the Ministry have refused to yield anything of its own principles, "and by doing so they have shown in a sufficiently conclusive manner that they are "not the flunkies of the big "*Clear Grit,*" "who has not now to leave his place for the "first time in his life." To this we need add nothing in the way of comment. We may, however, caution our readers against taking for granted any of the causes alleged for Mr. Brown's retirement, till they have something authentic. Our own impression is that the particular point in dispute between himself and his colleagues was the period for the meeting of Parliament; but that with this was bound up implicitly the whole policy of the country.

THE RESIGNATION OF MR. BROWN.—The announcement of the resignation by Mr. Brown of his seat in the Ministry can have taken no one by surprize,—not that we pretend to have remarked any indications immediately preceding the break up, of what was to come next; but because the Coalition was rotten from the beginning, and because nothing but time could be required to bring about the inevitable catastrophe. The statements of personal disagreements in the Cabinet, which have been set afloat chiefly from the side of the rump of the old tory ministry with which Mr. Brown had made his strange alliance, we have not thought it necessary to circulate through our columns. We have indeed regarded them as part of that miserable system of espionage against which we have always raised our voices, as a disgrace to the press and the country. But not the less did we believe that the time would come when something more than personal disagreement would make itself known, publicly and through legitimate channels. If the Eternal fitness of things had not been—if there had been no Nemesis for those who fall into errors so grave as those involved in Mr. Brown's acceptance of the Coalition and its circumstances—the late election in Wentworth and its incidents were enough to show how utterly hollow was a union of politicians, which had been brought about only by a personal agreement between the chiefs, and which involved the degradation of the most considerable of the political parties of Upper Canada, and the humiliation of all those members of it who could not change their principles as readily as their leader. We might moralize as long upon this theme—upon the useless concessions of principle on the vain and ungrateful sacrifice of friends, made by Mr. Brown, only to result in the defeat we now witness. But we have no taste for dwelling upon a mortification, which is doubtless already keen enough. We have not refrained, while Mr. Brown was in power, from saying what we thought of his tergiversations from the path of duty, which, in prescribing it to others, he had most distinctly marked out for himself. We shall now leave to his late friends and their organs to show how he has been trapped by the Phillistines and shorn of the strength which was once so formidable to them, and how they triumph in the result of a movement, of which he was either not sufficiently perspicacious to forsee the course, or was too weak to resist the temptation of falling into. The *Minerve* in a few pithy words, which have no doubt been inspired from a good source, thus at once explains all that Mr. Brown has thrown away, and all that his life long enemies have gained by his imbecile confidence in the good faith of men, whom he had repeatedly declared to be wholly destitute of it. "The coalition," says the *Minerve,* "after announcing the fact of Mr. Brown's retirement," has "been powerful, and it has made "use of its power to put into execution the "large and enlightened views of the men "still in the government (that is of Messrs. Cartier, Macdonald & Co., as distinguished from Mr. Brown, who is not still in the government.) Prestige has not failed to attach "to an administration based above all on "principle. The great majority of Lower "Canadians have redoubled their confidence "in their conservative chiefs, and the Hon. "Mr. Brown has taught his supporters to respect those whose defense" (that is against his own assaults) he has so ardently assumed. "It is now too late for Mr. Brown to completely destroy his own work. *The Conservatives will remain masters of the field,* "and, continuing to govern on the principles "which have guided them for eighteen "months, they cannot fail to attach to them "selves many adhesions from the Brownites, "*who will never again be able to shout about* "*corruption and fanaticism.* No doubt, it "would have been easy to retain Mr. Brown "by concessions. But the Ministry have refused to yield anything of its own principles, "and by doing so they have shown in a sufficiently conclusive manner that they are "not the flunkies of the big "*Clear Grit,*" "who has not now to leave his place for the "first time in his life." To this we need add nothing in the way of comment. We may, however, caution our readers against taking for granted any of the causes alleged for Mr. Brown's retirement, till they have something authentic. Our own impression is that the particular point in dispute between himself and his colleagues was the period for the meeting of Parliament; but that with this was bound up implicitly the whole policy of the country.

MISCHIEVOUS FRIENDS.—Some of our Southern friends, whom we Canadians took to our bosoms with so much zeal, and for whom we have, we know, lost a good deal of cash, and, we fear, no little character, having now removed across the Atlantic, are doing their best or their worst to injure our credit by raw head and bloody bone stories, given to the world of Europe, through a newspaper, whose typographical arrangements bear a wonderful resemblance to the lately accredited organ of the Southern Confederacy, published in London under the name of the *Index.* This paper, as we suppose, appearing after a short eclipse, under a new name, but under the same auspices, is engaged in blowing up the sparks of hostility between the two leading countries of Western Europe and the United States. The effect of this style of thing upon our interests, so far as the *Cosmopolitan,* for that is the name of the new journal, can have any influence is plain enough, and it is a continuation of the good turns which the gentry, who manage the paper, have already done us. Here is a leading article, said to be published simultaneously in Paris and London:—

"Will England fight for Canada?" "If not Canada will not fight for herself. And yet the Colony has never been so loyal nor so prosperous as at the present moment. But she cannot defend herself from the warlike and aggressive Power that lies a thousand miles along her borders. And is she unmindful, then, between Canada and the United States? Most assuredly it is, and only imminent but the Colonial not troops are under arms along the borders, and, while we write, the blood of hostile neighbours may already have mingled with the tide of the St. Lawrence.

"We have been slow to believe in the disposition of the United States, all scarified with the wounds of civil strife, to pick a quarrel with any foreign Power; and even now we will enoncate the Government at Washington from any deliberate design of war. But Governments however pacifically inclined, oftener drift with the tide than successfully resist it. We begin sincerely to doubt if it is in the combined power of President Johnson and Secretary Russell to prevent a conflict between the United States and the Canadian forces. They have permitted Fenianism to live too long, to grow too large, and to go too far. It is the openly avowed purpose of the Fenians to take Canada, and nothing but the forces of the United States troops can prevent it; and few of these can be made to fight against their "Irish fellow-citizens," since the fraternising of the Democratic party with the Fenian Brotherhood. There is a very general feeling in America that the late lamented Palmerston represented the pluck of England; and they do not believe that the Ministry of Earl Russell, to quote their own words, more forcible than elegant, can be "kicked into a war with the United States." The policy of England, as well as her interest, is peace. Commerce is the life of the British Empire. She makes the goods and does the carrying for all the world. Her national debt, incurred by war, is already as much as her people can bear. Another ounce would break the patient camel's back. England, they say, *will not go to war for Canada,* already more of a burthen than a support to the home government And thus the Fenian programme is arranged."

—and so on through a column of bosh, ending with the assertion that "the only way "to avert it (war) is by the joint action of England and France, presenting a bold front, and "insisting upon a Congress for the settlement "of all international difficulties." We do not suppose that Mr. Geo. N. Sanders and his friends, are at all likely to influence the diplomacy of France and England, or either of them; but such lying rubbish as we have quoted may do a great deal to warn men of business to avoid Canada, which is said to be in a condition so little calcrlated to promote a profitable investment of capital.

UNITED RELIEF COMMITTEE.—We print elsewhere this morning an appeal on behalf of this excellent organization. It has long been known that great impositions were practised, from the facilities afforded by so many cases of public relief. The public charity, distributed from a common centre, must tend materially to arrest such imposition. The out-door poor have as strong, perhaps stronger claims than those often found seeking the shelter of our Institutions. This United Committee, meeting at the House of Refuge, if supported as it ought to be by the generosity of the public, will afford out-door relief with more economy and more efficiency than if the same were doled out through many and various channels. It has been frequently suggested to have such united action. Now we seem to be in a fair way of accomplishing it, and we hope the effort will be successful.

Paris Correspondence of the "Montreal Herald."

PARIS, Dec. 3, 1865.

Among the more conspicuous links of the present with the past generation which have been broken during the year which is now drawing so near its close, may fairly be counted M. Crespel Delisse, who, if not actually the inventor of the unworthy substitute for the product of the sugar-cane, to whose use France has condemned herself, was, at all events, the man whose zeal and determination implanted the manufacture of beet sugar in this country, thus enabling the first Napoleon to shut out the staple of the trade with the West Indies, without depriving his subjects of the contents of the sugar-basin and the *bonbonniere.* This gentleman, who has lived long enough to see his favorite industry firmly planted, not only in his native land, but throughout Europe, has lived for the last thirty years apart from the manufacture in which, at one moment, he was so prominently concerned, and has been, during this portion of his life, in receipt of a pension bestowed upon him by the Government in acknowledgment of the eminent services he formerly rendered to the industry which has attained such vast importance in France. Another of the well-known actors in the momentous scenes which closed the last century, and opened the present one, are evidently soon to disappear.

King Leopold is ill again, and seems to be losing the marvellous vigo and elasticity which have kept him up under the heavy complication of maladies from which he has so long been suffering, and a few days ago it was reported that M. Shiers was on the point of death.

The brilliant historic romancer is seriously ill; but his friends appear not to have lost all hope of his recovery.

The French antiquarians are greatly excited by several recent discoveries of edifices long buried beneath the soil of France, and containing statues, coins and other objects, in excellent preservation. The most recent of these discoveries has just been made near Bordeaux, where the workmen, in digging a pond in the garden of the sub-Prefecture, have laid bare an antique edifice ornamented with columns, and containing a number of fine life-size statues in white marble." But a still more interesting incident has been that of the arrival at Toulon, of the great Amazonian Queen, 34 feet in length, and, dating about a thousand years before the Christian era, discovered two years ago in Cyprus, by a French *savant,* sent out to that island by the French Government, to search for antiquities amongst the ruins with which that island abounds. The vase was discovered by chance, buried in a mound, where it must have been for near three thousand years. On its sides were four inscriptions, in Hieratic, Hebrew, Syriac, and Greek. All the antiquarians were astounded at the greatest excitement by this discovery, which was expected to throw light in many points connected with the existence of the old Phenician city, and the Paphian worship. The mound in which it was buried lay behind at the top of a steep hill, covered with loose fragments of stone, some miles inland, the difficulties of getting away this huge mass of granite were enormous; but the French government having determined to bring it away at any cost, a sort of moveable tramway was constructed down the face of the hill, on which it reposed, and on this it was safely brought down, by means of rollers, on at length, after thirty-three days of hard labour and the part of an army of work people directed by skilful French engineers, was placed on board the Government transport *La Phenie,* and brought to Toulon, escorted by the steam corvette *La Chouette.* But what a howl of grief and disappointment has gone up from the world of *savans,* and antiquarians, all waiting with the utmost eagerness for the arrival of the mysterious vase, on learning that every trace of the four precious inscriptions has disappeared during the voyage. The most minute inquiries as to the cause of this disappearance are being made by the government; but hitherto without success.

Another source of excitement just now in the scientific world, is the curious discovery by Dr. Bert, of the possibility of grafting portions of the body of one animal into the body of another, where this graft of a novel species will live and grow as flourishingly as though belonging to it originally. Dr. Bert has hitherto confined his experi

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

GENERAL PRESS DESPATCHES.

FORT MONROE, Dec. 18.—A row took place in Norfolk, Virginia, yesterday, between the 20th N. Y. Regt., and the 30th U.S. colored. A volley of from 10 to 12 muskets was fired by the 20th upon the colored troops, which was about to be returned when their officers arrived and put an end to the disturbance. It, however, at one time threatened to be very serious.

WASHINGTON, December 20.—*Senate Special.*—The bill for the payment of the $25,000 to Mrs. Lincoln was passed.

Mr. Morrill, from the Committee on United States, District of Columbia, reported a bill to regulate the elective franchise in the District by removing distinctions of colour as a qualification for its exercise.

Mr. Sumner hopedit would be acted on soon The country demanded it.

Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, introduced a bill to pay pensions and damages to the United States by rebels out of confiscated property.

Mr. Lawrence, of Ohio, submitted a resolution, which was laid on the table to be printed, affirming that Jefferson Davis should be tried and punished for treason, and also because of those starved prisoners.

Mr. Hall announced the death of Orlando Kellogg of New York.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Dec. 20.—This morning a fire broke out in the New Hampshire House of Reformation, in rear of this city, and destroyed all but the brick walls. The inmates, 120 in number, were rescued, although all of them were asleep when the fire commencd.

(BY TELEGRAPH.)

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

DAVENPORT, IOWA, Dec. 20.—A fire last night destroyed the building in which the Post Office was lately located. Loss from $40,000 to $50,000, partly insured.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—The steamer San Jacinto from Savannah on the 19th has arrived.

Two millions and a half pounds of cotton, damaged by recent fire, sold at auction to-day at from 12 cents to 14¼ cents per pound.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 13.—The steamer Henry Chauncey from Aspinwall 13th, brought 88,000 dollars in gold.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20.—Panama dates of 12th contain advices from Valparaiso to Nov. 18th, and Callao 29th. But little change in Chilian war matters; people daily becoming more united against Spain. Some 40 ports are yet open, and steamers now touch at a port 40 miles from Valparaiso, which is connected with latter place by a good road, and passengers and mails are regularly carried.

A Chilian privateer will soon be on the seas. Sloop of war St. Marys and gunboat Monhongo were at Vaiparaiso 19th.

In Bolivia affairs are quite unsettled. The revolution is still going on. A disturbance had taken place at Cobija with some Chilians, owing to Spanish vessels being allowed to coal there.

Advices from Peru are quite important. Gen. Canseco, after partially organizing a new Government, was deposed by a public meeting, and Gen. Prado, also one of the leading Generals in the late revolution, was declared Dictator, he being pledged to call Congress together as soon as possible. It is supposed Prado will declare an alliance with Chili against Spain.

The Isthmus is quiet, a revolutionary movement early in the month being nipped in the bud.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—In the House to-day, Mr. Lawrence, of Ohio, submitted a series of resolutions, which, on his own motion, were laid on the table, and ordered to be printed for future action, namely, that public justice and national security demand that as soon as it may be practicable, Jeff. Davis, a representative man of the rebellion, should have a fair and impartial trial in the highest appropriate civil tribunal of the country for treason most flagrant in character, by him committed, in order that the Constitution and the laws may be fully vindicated, the truth clearly established and affirmed, that treason is a crime, and that the offence may be made infamous, and at the same time, that the question may be judicially settled. Finally and forever, that not State of its own will has the right to renounce its place in the Union.

Resolved.—That public justice and national security demand that, in case of the conviction of said Jeff. Davis, the sentence of the law should be carried into effect, in order that the Constitution and the laws may be fully vindicated and faithfully executed, and the truth clearly established that treason is a crime and that traitors should be punished.

Resolved,—That in like manner, and for like reasons, such of the most culpable of the chief instigators and conspirators of the rebellion as may be necessary to satisfy the demands of public justice, and furnish security for the future and those criminally responsible for the murder and starvation of Union prisoners of war, should be tried and punished for the high crimes of which they have been guilty.

Resolved,—That justice should not fail of its purpose, and that all who are guilty of, or are responsible for, the assassination of the late President, and the great offenders during the recent rebellion; guilty of, and responsible for, the murder and starvation of Union prisoners of war; as well as those guilty of, or responsible for, other unparalleled violations of the laws of warfare, are amenable to, and should be tried, convicted and punished by a military tribunal authorized by law, and sanctioned by the common law of war and the usages of civilized nations, whenever and so far as may be necessary to secure the ends of justice.

Resolved,—That the Committee on the Judiciary be instructed to inquire what legislation, if any, may be necessary to provide juries for trials for treason, for writs of error, and to carry into effect the purposes of the foregoing resolutions, and that said Committee report by bill or otherwise.

NEWARK, N.J., Dec. 20.—The Fenian State Convention here to-day declared for Roberts and the Senate, against O'Mahony.

FORTRESS MONROE, Dec. 20.—The U. S. steamer Desota, from Port au Prince on the 13th inst., has arrived here. She reports that General Salnave was at Montichristo, in San Domingo, with his Staff and Senate. He was recruiting his army, which was being strongly reinforced by deserters from Geffard's forces. There was great excitement at Port au Prince. Reinforcements were being sent forward to Cape Haytien, where an attack from Salnave was expected. Geffard sent a commissioner to the San Domingo Government to request the delivery of Salnave, and afterwards offered four thousand dollars for his capture, and various sums for the persons of his Council. The Haytiens were universally in favour of the revolution against Geffard.

The British steamer Jamaica Packet captured by the rebel steamer Volderogue, was really an English vessel chartered by Geffard, and had on board troops and munitions of war.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Dec. 20.—The Wakefield Mills in South Kingstown, R. I., were burned this morning. Loss 75,000 dollars Insurance light. The mills were owned by Gideon Reynolds, who there manufactured cotton jeans.

NEW YORK, Dec. 20th.—The steamer Henry Chauncey, from Aspinwall, brings later news from the South American Republics.

The quarrel between Chili and Spain is the all absorbing topic, and the cause of Chili is warmly espoused by the people and press of all the South American Republics, though as yet no Government action is reported. Both official and non-official journals are, however, unanimous in the expression of sympathy with Chili on the bold protest assumed by the aggressors of Spain.

The rumor that Spain had withdrawn from the contest finds no confirmation in the news brought by this arrival.

The first direct conflict between the Chilian and Spanish forces occurred on the 6th of Nov. at Dichato. A party of 30 Spaniards attempted to land, first firing at the fortifications. They were beaten back by the garrison: one man was taken prisoner, and two were wounded.

The rebellion in Columbia was deemed at an end, and the rebels had received heavy reverses in Conca.

La Opinion states that peace and order have come at last. The rebellion is crushed, and confidence re-established.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

The match between No. 1 Company Victoria Rifles, Quebec, and No. 7 Company Royal Light Infantry, Montreal, will be decided this week. The firing of the Royals took place on Monday afternoon last. The result of the firing of both Comprnies will be made known in a few days.

We understand it is the intention of the Commandant (Col. Dyde) to have a turn out of the whole Volunteer Force in the city on a Saturday afternoon early in January, as soon as the new great coats are issued by the Government, when the Saturday half holiday movement will be instituted for drilling purposes.

Officers of the Volunteer Militia in Montreal—Cavalry, Artillery and Infantry—desirous of appearing before the Board of Examiners on the 2nd of January next, are requested to forward their application to the Militia Brigade Office, through their respective commanding officer, with as little delay as possible.

We understand that Lt.-Col. W. O. Smith, Assistant Adjutant General of Militia, left on Monday last to inspect the Volunteer Force in Brigade Major Fletcher's district, comprising Huntingdon, Beauharnois, Hemmingford, St. John's, Lacolle, &c.

Lt.-Col. Browne, Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, is to leave early in January to inspect the Volunteers in the districts under command of Brigade Major Hanson and Brigade Major Masson.

GALE'S PROTECTED GUNPOWDER.—The Queen, accompanied by their Royal Highnesses Princess Helena, Princess Beatrice, Prince Leopold and Prince Louis of Hesse, witnessed experiments with Mr. Gale's protected gunpowder in the orangery at Windsor Castle. The experiments were conducted by Mr. Gale and Mr. Saunders, and throughout the proceedings Her Majesty manifested the greatest interest. A bowl of the protected gunpowder having been produced a portion of it was separated in order to show the facility with which the gunpowder could be restored. The bowl with remainder of the protected powder was then held by Mr. Gale, while a slow match was allowed to burn down into the powder. This produced no effect beyond lighting a few grains. Vesuvians were then thrown in, and, finally, Lord Bury's test was applied, which consists of exploding a small quantity of neat gunpowder in the midst of the protected powder. It was apparent that there was no danger. The Princess Beatrice and Prince Leopold, who were not present at the commencement, joined the Queen at this moment, and Her Majesty was pleased to request that the experiments might be repeated. As they were performed a second time Her Majesty herself explained them to the Royal children in a manner which showed her desire that they should understand them. The Queen asked Mr. Gale if he had recently discovered the invention; to which he replied that the explosion of the siege-train at Inkerman was the first occasion on which his attention was seriously directed to the subject, and since that time he had been making experiments in order to perfect the invention. The experiments were brought to a close by placing a bag of protected gunpowder upon a fire, when it was gradually consumed without any approach to an explosion. The Queen, on leaving, said—"Mr. Gale, I thank you. I have been much pleased and interested in the experiments. It is a wonderful invention, and ought to be made very, very useful." In the experiments a new model separator was used, by means of which a more perfect and instantaneous separation of the gunpowder is made. This machine enables the gunpowder to be separated just as fast as it may be required for use in filling shells or making fireworks, or any similar operation in which danger now arises from the accumulation of explosive powder,—*Daily News.*

THE ROMANCE OF A MEDIUM.

THE LOVE LIFE OF DR. E. K. KANE, AND HIS LETTER TO AND SECRET MARRIAGE WITH MISS MARGARET FOX.

The latest sensational book is a volume of love letters just published by Carleton. The author is one of the Rochester Fox mediums who claims to be the widow of Dr. Kane.

This story resembles in various respects that of Abelard, of Walpole, of Swift for his Stella, and of Chevallier Wykoff for Miss Gamble. It draws the curtain and lays before the eye of the world a peculiar chapter in the life of a distinguished man and a singular family history. There is the usual romantic perversity of the passion at the very outset of the story. The persons were Dr. E. K. Kane, of the United States navy, whose Arctic discoveries have a world wide fame, and Miss Margaret Fox, well known as one of the original Rochester Rappers or "mediums" of spiritual communication.

one day—to begin at the beginning—the Doctor went to one of the seances of the rappers in Philadelphia. "There" (to use his own words) "he saw a little priestess, cunning in the mysteries of her temple, and weak in everything but the power with which she played her part. A sentiment almost of pity stole over his wordly heart as he saw through the disguise. Can it be that one so young, so beautiful, so passionate, and yet so kindhearted, can be destined for such a life? These were his thoughts. Thereupon, he went to work and did all that true kindness could do to get her confidence," and in doing this he lost his heart, and fell irretrievably in love.

The Doctor is said to have declared that he determined at once to make the young lady his wife. He told her plainly that "it was no life for her" to be there—so constantly in the public gaze. He was thereafter at the seances every day, and every day his interest in the sensitive medium grew stronger. His attentions of various kinds were constant, and his desire was always that Margaret should relinquish her life as a medium because "she was fitted for better things." In all this we see a true and noble nature. Dr. Kane became an avowed lover of Margaret, and the constant theme of his letters to her is "how much I wish that you would quit this life of dreary sameness and suspected deceit." He was in constant torture through his sensitive, delicate tenderness for her. "It was such a pity—it was so repulsive, so abhorrent to refinement to be exposed to such associations." Finally the Fox family gave way to the importunities of the lover, but apparently not until he and Margaret were betrothed. Then she was lent to a school of his choosing and to reside with a family of his relatives. He went on the Arctic voyage, and they were to be married on his return, and make a wedding trip to Italy. How many Arctic days were gilded by the thoughts of that Italian journey.

But all this time Dr. Kane's attachment for Miss Fox seems to have been a secret to his immediate family. He wrote to her; "There is but one life in this world, that of self-approval;" and yet he was a slave to the approval of others. He had felt keenly all that was least refined in her position, but his love enabled him to bear what he knew others, without that tender reason, would sneer at. But though the engagement was partially a secret, Dr. Kane corresponded with Miss Fox constantly while absent through a confidential friend, and this person regarded her as the Doctor's affianced wife. The story of this engagement crept into the papers and wounded the pride of the Doctor's relatives. He had not, therefore, miscalculated its effect upon them when he judged it best to keep the engagement a secret.

Dr. Kane was absent from May, 1853, till October 1855. His vessel came up New York Bay, and Margaret was in the city at the time. She heard the cannons that greeted his arrival, and in a fever of impatience she waited for him to come to her. All that day, that evening, all night and the next day she waited and waited in vain. Then he sent word that he would come soon. There was "great trouble in his family" over this match. He was be set on all sides by remonstrances, and so on. His messenger asked also, it is said, for the letters that had been written by the Doctor. On the third day the Doctor came, and Miss Fox now refused to see him; but relented upon earnest entreaty, and the lovers met once more. But the marriage was to be "postponed"—they were to meet "as sister and brother." So much the lover had yielded to the pride of his family.

At this point the story becomes somewhat painful. We see the misery of the two lovers as they are victimized to the convertional pride of ambitious relatives. The Doctor's own thoughts appear in this scrap of one of his letters:

"Once upon a time there were certain crystal vases in fairy land kept bright by the hands of little spirits. When burnished they shone like the stars of heaven. You would suppose that each of the fairy crystals contained some pure and bautiful object, such as young flowers kissed by dew-drops, or gold fruite just ripened on the bough. But this was not the case. In the centre of each vase, surrounded by mould nd rust and mildew, w as a loathsome toad."

Thus the lover showed, however brilliant and splendid his life was, he did not feel all right at heart. But despite this broken engagement, the Doctor could not separate himself from his fair one, until the prudence of Miss Fox's friends required that she should not be visited by a man whose friends thought her unfit to be his wife. Then came another engagement, made with a ring that had been found in the Arctic regions, and as a sequel to this the informal marriage of Dr. Kane and Margaret Fox comprised in this declaration made purposely before witnesses—"Maggie is my wife and I am her husband; wherever we are, she is mine and I am hers"—a marriage that the Doctor himself considered so real and valid that he subsequently wrote to the lady as "my wife."

These letters are deeply interesting in themselves as the love letters of a distinguished man; but, since they are so evidently private, the question will naturally be asked, why are they now published? The answer is, to vindicate the fair name equally of Dr. Kane and of Mrs. Kane; to prove to the world that Mrs. Kane was not an artful intriguer, entraping a distinguished man, and also that Dr Kane really regarded her as his wife. This has, apparently, been made necessary by the course of Dr. Kane's family. Following out their former objections to Miss Fox, they have given Mrs. Kane only a partial recognition. Dr. Kane left money in trust for the support of his wife, and otherwise left ample means; but it is said, in the preface to the letters, that his relatives have succeeded in withholding from his wife even the sum left for her support, and have otherwise brought her character in question. His letters are now given, therefore, to let all know the real state of the case.

SPECIAL NOTICES

This morning Mr. Shaw will sell at his stores, St. Francois Xavier street, a fine collection of furniture, cooking and other stoves, beds and bedding, &c, &c.

The sale of books will be resumed this afternoon at two o'clock, and will include the letters L and M, comprising the great works on London, Lodges Portraits, Malte-Brun's great Gazetteers, the Illustrated Papers, &c., &c. The sale this evening will comprise excellent books, including, the fine London editions of Prescott, Plutarch, Plowden's Ireland, Punch, Hawkin's Quebec, the four illustrated editions of the Queens of England, Scotland, &c., &c.

The great sale, conducted by Mr. Devany, at the store of Mr. S. G. Levey, No. 252 Notre Dame street, consisting of splendid gold and silver watches, jewellery, handsome electroplated ware, papier mache and fancy goods, German toys, table and pocket cutlery, a case of skates, cabinet ware, &c., will be continued every afternoon at two o'clock and in the evening at seven o'clock during the present week, in consequence of which the evening sales at Mr. Devany's own store will be discontinued for the same period.

Mr. Arnton will sell the following Real Estate at his auction rooms this day, commencing at two o'clock:—8 building lots belonging to the Protestant House of Industry, on Bleury and Dorchester streets; 2 wooden houses on St. Lawrence street; 2 brick houses on Anderson street; 2 brick houses on German street; cut-stone store on Grey Nun street, near the Canal Basin; building lots on Cemetery Street, Sherbrooke, and St. Lawrence streets. See Mr. Arnton's advertising columns.

We direct attention to Mr. Eastty's sale of fancy goods this morning. See advt.

DIED,

In Dundee, Scotland, on the 21st November, David Brodie, late of Montreal, aged 40 years.

On Sunday, the 17th instant, Mr. John Rodd, aged 78 years, a native of Ilfracombe, Devonshire, England.

THE NEW ENGLAND SOCIETY OF THIS CITY, WILL HOLD A BANQUET TO CELEBRATE ITS ANNIVERSARY DAY, In commemoration of the **Landing of the Pilgrim Fathers** ON PLYMOUTH ROCK, ON FRIDAY EVENING, 22nd instant, AT THE ST. LAWRENCE HALL (Private entrance by Craig Street)

Chair to be taken at half-past Seven o'clock.

All AMERICANS and DESCENDANTS of AMERICANS, of whatever nationality, whether resident or strangers, are cordially invited.

Gents' Tickets, $3; Lady's $2. For sale by H. A. Nelson, P. D. Browne, J. D. Nutter, E. I. Bancroft, and all the members of the Committee.

The Splendid BAND of the 4TH BATTALION P.C.O. RIFLE BRIGADE, under the direction of Mr. GEO. CARR, Bandmaster, is engaged for the occasion.

Among the invited guests are the HON. J. S. SANBORN, GOVERNOR SMITH, of Vermont, REV. GEORGE DOUGLASS, several of the city clergy, and other prominent citizens.

December 20. m 302

AT MECHANICS' HALL.

Positively for Four Nights only, **Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday Evenings,** Dec. 25th, 26th, 27th and 28th.

Green's Original and Mammoth Mocking Bird MINSTRELS & BRASS BAND.

TWENTY STAR PERFORMERS, Of known ability, who will appear in an entirely new, novel and attractive Programme not yet copied by our many unsuccessful imitators.

MR. J. E. GREEN, the world-renowned MOCKING BIRD IMITATOR, formerly a Partner and principal feature of DUPREZ & GREEN'S MINSTRELS, having organised a first-class Troupe of his own, who will open as above. Minstrelsy, as represented by them, has reached a high degree of prominence and distinction, true merit alone having now the plume, and not the borrowed mask.

See our monster new Programmes.

Tickets 25 cents. Reserved Seats 50 cents. Doors open at a quarter to Seven; to commence at a quarter to Eight o'clock.

J. E. GREEN, and CHAS. HILLSBOROUGH, Managers and Proprietors. C. E. RICHARDSON, and FLEM ADAMS, Agents.

December 19. 301

J. ANDREW GRAHAM CONTINUES SELLING OFF HIS EXTENSIVE STOCK OF **Stationery, Fancy Goods, Books, Engravings, &c.,** AT COST PRICES, PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS AT VERY LOW PRICES. STATIONERY WAREHOUSE, CATHEDRAL BLOCK, 279 NOTRE DAME STREET.

December 21. a 303

FRESH ARRIVALS! SAVAGE & LYMAN HAVE RECEIVED, PER EXPRESS EX "PERUVIAN": **Cases of Gold and Silver Watches, Cases of Jewellery, Cases of Walking Sticks, Casks of Electro-plated Ware, Cases of Mantel Clocks**

Among the above is one of the most magnificent BRACELETS ever exhibited in Montreal.

—ALSO,— **A very elegant Epergne** CATHEDRAL BLOCK.

December 21. d 303

Old No. 211, 213. New No. 347, 349, 351. JOHN AITKEN & CO., HAVE JUST RECEIVED ONE CASE LADIES' POSTILLION JACKETS, the newest production of the Season.

—ALSO,— NEW CLOUDS, NEW SONTAGS, NEW BREAKFAST SHAWLS

Ladies' and Baby's Department COMPLETE WITH EVERY NOVELTY.

Splendid assortment of BOYS KNICKERBOCKER SUITS, to suit all ages

A supply of our own make of HOOP SKIRTS always on hand.

JOHN AITKEN & CO., 303 347, 349 & 351 Notre Dame Street.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

WILL BE SOLD, at Public Auction, on TUESDAY, 26th December instant, at the Shop and Dwelling, corner of St. Lambert and Notre Dame Streets, a large quantity of WINTER and SUMMER HATS and CAPS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., &c.

TERMS CASH.

Sale at TEN o'clock, A.M.

M. DEMPSEY, Sheriff's Officer.

December 21. b 303

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

In the matter of EDWARD DORION, of Montreal, C.E., an Insolvent.

THE Creditors of the above Insolvent are notified that he has made an assignment of his Estate and Effects to the undersigned, with whom they are required to file their attested claims with vouchers, within two months from this date.

JOHN WHYTE, Assignee. Montreal, 20th Dec, 1865. du 303

DRY GOOD STORES TO LET.

Those premises on CRAIG STREET, occupied by THOMAS MUSSEN as a DRY-GOOD and CARPET WAREHOUSE. Immediate possession, with shelving, &c., &c.

Apply to THOMAS MUSSEN, Or THEODORE HART.

December 20. 1m 303

TO LET,

From the 1st of May next, the WAREHOUSE now occupied by Messrs. Henry Morgan & Co., Dry Goods Merchants, fronting on McGill and St. St. Joseph Streets.

Apply to WM. DARLING & CO., St. Sulpice Street.

December 21. 1m-tts 303

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S FESTIVITIES!

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c., &c., &c., FOR THE MILLION!

THE Subscriber has much pleasure in announcing to his Customers and the Public that his Stock is most complete and well-selected, and consists, in part, of the CHOICEST BRANDS OF

CHAMPAGNES, WINES, and BRANDIES.

LIQUEURS SURFINS MARACHINO CURACOA ANISEITE CREAM DE NOYAU EAU DE VIE DE DANTZIC AND A VARIETY OF CHOICE SYRUPS.

DESSERT FRUITS, *IN BRANDY AND IN SYRUP.*

GREENGAGES CHERRIES STRAWBERRIES RASPBERRIES PEARS APRICOTS, and BLACK CURRANTS

WITH AN ASSORTMENT OF TART FRUITS.

CRYSTALIZED FRUITS, IN BOTTLES AND BOXES.

Grosse and Blackwell's Pickles Sauces, and Condiments.

NEW FRUIT.

NEW FRUIT. NEW FRUIT.

A complete assortment of FRUIT, just arrived, comprising:—

WEST END LONDON LAYERS SULTANA LAYERS MUSCATELES VALENCIA MALAGA GRAPES TURKEY FIGS, and CURRANTS

Truffles, Mushrooms, Green Peas, Green Sweet Corn, Green Beans, Shelled Beans, Savory, Parsley, and Tomatoes, put up in hermetically-sealed tins

Cincinnati Hams Smoked and Pickled Tongues Rolled Beef and Bacon

Fitts' and Mackinnon's Celebrated BISCUITS.

FINNAN HADDIES SMOKED SALMON SMOKED MACKEREL PORTLAND BLOATERS BALTIMORE O K and XXX OYSTERS DAILY RECEIVED.

ALES AND PORTER.

BLOOD'S PORTER, quarts and pints HIBBARD'S do, do BARCLAY, PERKINS & CO., PORTER, do GUINNESS' PORTER, qts and pts ALLSOPP'S PALE ALE MOLSON and DOWS' ALE, in fine order

☞ The whole to be sold at prices to defy competition. ☜

A. WALSH, WEST END GROCERY, 3 and 5 St. Antoine Street.

December 21. 303

PLACE D'ARMES DRUG STORE MUIR'S BUILDINGS. CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

The Subscriber has received an assortment of very fine FRENCH ODOUR CASES. Also, a variety of LUBIN'S & RIMMEL'S PERFUMES, SILVER TOP SCENT BOTTLES, HAIR, NAIL and TOOTH BRUSHES, and other articles suitable for the Holiday season.

EBENEZER MUIR, Junr., CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, Corner Place D'Armes and Notre Dame Street.

December 20. 302

DR. COOPER'S PULMONIC SYRUP. An excellent remedy for Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Whooping-Cough, &c. Sold only by E. MUIR, JUNR., Place D'Armes Square.

December 20. 302

CASWELL, MACK & CO.'S ELIXER of CALISAYA BARK. For Sale by E. MUIR, JUNR., Place D'Arme's Square.

December 20. 302

Baron Liebig's Celebrated Food, For Infants and Invalids. Used in the Royal Nurseries. For Sale by E. MUIR, JUNR., Place D'Armes Square.

December 20. 302

DATURA TATULA.—A specific for Asthma. Sold in Cigars, Cigarettes, and Cut, in boxes. Prepared by SAVORY & MOORE, London, and for Sale by E. MUIR, JUNR., CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, Corner Place D'Armes and Notre Dame Street.

December 20. 302

Montreal Agricultural and Horticultural Society.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the above Society, for the reception of the Report of the Directors for the past year, and the ELECTION of OFFICERS for the ensuing year, will be held in the NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY'S ROOMS, on the Corner of CATHCART AND UNIVERSITY STREETS, on THURSDAY, the 28th inst., at 7:30 P.M., precisely. A full attendance of members is desired.

J. E. PELL, Secretary-Treasurer.

December 20. 302

ON EXHIBITION AT DUFRESNE & McGARITY'S, *One of the Choicest and most Complete Assortments of* GROCERIES, WINES, —AND— DELICACIES

Ever offered to the Citizens of Montreal. We enumerate a few of the leading articles:—

100 boxes WEST END RAISINS
100 hf-do do do
200 qr-do do do
200 boxes CROWN RAISINS
100 do LAYER do
200 hf-do do do
200 qr-do do do
200 kegs SEEDLESS RAISINS
50 barrels NEW VOSTIZZA CURRANTS

Lochfine Herrings Colored Candles,

For X'MAS TREES, in great variety.
50 kegs MALAGA and ALMEIRIA GRAPES, in prime order
500 boxes Choice TURKEY FIGS
10 cases CRYSTALIZED FRUITS, in bottles and boxes
25 do IMPERIAL PLUMS, in jars of 2, 3¼, 5 and 7 lbs each
100 boxes CANDIED PEELS, Lemon, Orange, and Citron
100 dozen TART FRUITS, Gooseberries, Damsons, Greengages, &c
100 do DESSERT FRUITS, Gooseberries, Damsons, Greengages, &c
25 do BLACK and RED CURRANT JELLIES
24 do CALVES FOOT JELLIES, Madeira, Orange, Lemon, &c
25 do Keiller & Son's DUNDEE MARMALADE

DUFRESNE & McGARITY, 228 Notre Dame Street.

December 2. 302

NUTS. ENGLISH FILBERTS ENGLISH WALNUTS BRAZIL NUTS JORDN ALMONDS VALENCIA ALMONDS PAPER SHELL ALMONDS

Green Pease, Mushrooms, Truffles, Green Beans, Shelled Beans, Tomatoes, Thyme, Summer Savory, Parsley, and Sweet Majorum, put up in tins, and of the finest quality.

Grand Chartreuse Pare Kermann Liqueur

CHAMPAGNE, all kinds

TEAS. ENGLISH BREAKFAST SOUCHONG FINEST CONGOU FINEST OOLONG FINE GUNPOWDER FINE YOUNG HYSON OLD HYSON IMPERIAL FINE JAPAN.

COFFEES. FINE OLD MOCHA FINE OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA FINE OLD JAMAICA CEYLON

These Coffees are Roasted and Ground daily in the premises by Steam power.

GAME. 100 brace of ENGLISH PHEASANTS and GROUSE 200 do PRAIRIE CHICKENS 50 dozen QUAIL WILD TURKEYS and CANVASS-BACK DUCKS

SUGARS. LOAF BROKEN LOAF CRUSHED & SUGAR YELLOW REFINED BRIGHT PORTO RICO

French and Spanish Olives

DUFRESNE & McGARITY, 228 Notre Dame Street.

December 20. 302

SUNDRIES. 100 boxes SUGAR CANDY 100 barrels containing PICKLES, SAUCES, CURRIES, SALAD-CREAMS, CHUTNEY, PATE DE FOI GRAS Horse Radish, Flavoring Extracts, Preserved Ginger Potted Ham, Tongue, Strasbourg Meats, Anchovy Paste, Shrimp Paste, Essence of Coffee SOUPS in tins. Mock Turtle, Hare, Chicken Broth and Ox Tail, with many other articles too numerous to mention.

Seltzer Water, in stone jars

SPICES. FRESH GROUND CINNAMON FRESH GROUND CLOVES FRESH GROUND ALLSPICE LONDON MIXED SPICE

FLOUR. The finest DOUBLE EXTRA for Pastry, in barrels, half-barrels, and bags of 14 lbs. each; Fresh Buckwheat and Graham Flour Fresh Indian Corn and Oatmeal, Glasgow Pease Meal

BISCUITS MACKINNON'S CELEBRATED. The quality of Mackinnon's Biscuits are well known to the public. FITTS, BOSTON, SODA, GRAHAM and CABIN BISCUITS ROYAL ALBERT BISCUITS. 500 boxes by S. S. "Hibernian."

WINES AND SPIRITS.

FINE OLD PORTS, of the most celebrated brands FINE SHERRIES, do do do From 5s to 40s per gallon BRANDY, GIN, OLD JAMAICA RUM, GOODMAN & WORTS' OLD RYE, BOOTH'S OLD TOM, in wood and bottle

DUFRESNE & McGARITY, 228 Notre Dame Street.

December 20. 302

MALT LIQUORS. GUINNESS' PORTER, quarts and pints BLOOD'S PORTER, do do BARCLAY, PERKINS & CO'S. do do HIBBARD'S PORTER, qts and pts ALLSOPP & BASS' PALE INDIA ALE DOW'S ALES and PORTER WILLIAMS' ALES and PORTER

English Pheasants English Grouse

CHEESE. English Stilton, Queen's Arms, Double Gloster, Cheshire, Cheddar and Pine Apple, Lunburg Cheese, Fine Old American Refined Cheese, from B. Viger; the only depot in the City. FINNAN HADDIES, at the old price of 7½d each BALTIMORE and BOSTON OYSTERS, in gallon and half-gallon kegs, and in quart tins

HAMS, WESTPHALIA DAVIS' CINCINNATI ENGLISH BACON ROLLED PORK ROLLED BEEF

Canvas Back Ducks Buffalo Tongues

BUTTER. CHOICE DAIRY, in small firkins, for families

Sardines, in Oil (without bones)

Finnan Haddies at 7½d each

PLEASE LEAVE YOUR ORDERS EARLY.

DUFRESNE & McGARITY, 228 Notre Dame Street.

P.S.—We have reduced the prices of all the above-mentioned articles during the Holidays.

D. & McG.

December 20. 302

SAVAGE & LYMAN *BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT THEY HAVE RECEIVED,* AND ARE NOW OPENING THEIR USUAL *EXTENSIVE and VARIED ASSORTMENT* OF GOODS, SUITABLE FOR THE COMING FESTIVE SEASON. CATHEDRAL BLOCK.

December 13. 296

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

Gold Albert and Guard Chains, GOLD SEALS AND KEYS. A Great Variety of NOVEL CHARMS, AT SAVAGE & LYMAN'S, CATHEDRAL BLOCK.

December 13. 296

NEW-YEAR GIFTS! NEW-YEAR GIFTS!!

GOLD BRACELETS, BROOCHES, EAR-RINGS, AND NECKLACES, *TOUT EN SUITE,* OF NEW AND BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS.

—ALSO,— **Lockets, Necklets and Solitaires,** IN EVERY VARIETY. SAVAGE & LYMAN.

December 13. 296

Received by the Undersigned: A LARGE AND CHOICE SELECTION OF **Ladies' and Gentlemen's Rings,** STUDS, SLEEVE BUTTONS. Solitaires, Scarf Pins and Rings, SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY GIFTS! SAVAGE & LYMAN.

December 13. 296

HAVE YOU SEEN THAT TOY AT WORTHINGTON'S, THE MAN SWALLOWING GEESE.

December 16. 299

HOLIDAY SEASON. CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S GIFTS! J. PARKIN Has much pleasure in announcing to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Montreal the arrival via Portland, of a LARGE COLLECTION of SPECIALTIES Adapted for the approaching Festive Season. In order to secure an assortment worthy the patronage of his distinguished customers, no expense has been spared in obtaining every NOVELTY OF IMPORTANCE. They may therefore rely upon finding a varied and elegant assortment to select from, probably superior to that of any previous season, SUITABLE FOR **Morning, Dinner, Ball and Evening Dress.** THE STOCK COMPRISES BRUSSELS, HONITON, VALENCIENNES and POINT DE CLUNY LACES, SETS COLLARS & SLEEVES, BARBES, COIFFURES & CAPES. Particular attention is requested to the very cheap and beautiful collection of Dress Lace and Embroidered Handkerchiefs from 6s. 3d to 35s. YAK LACE ROTONDES OPERA CLOAKS in all the new materials REAL & IMITATION LACE VEILS —ALSO— THE NEW EMPIRE AND VOILE D'AFRIQUE MUSLIN AND LACE GARIBALDIS LACE BERTHES AND CAPES VELVET CAPES AND BODICES DRESS CAPS HEAD DRESSES AND CORONETS The New Point De Cluny Trim'd Velvet Collars and Cuffs —ALSO,— A SUPERB ASSORTMENT OF TRIMMED LINEN SETS, COLLARS AND SLEEVES, NEW SILVER BUCKLES, BROOCHES AND COMBS, CRYSTAL HAIR PINS, GOLD AND SILVER CORONETS, &c

J. P. would respectfully intimate that the above Goods are of the most reliable fabrics and the Latest Fashion, marked at prices which it is hoped will secure a speedy sale; he therefore respectfully invites an early inspection, feeling satisfied that few houses on this Continent are in a position to show more moderate priced or carefully selected goods in his line.

GENTLEMEN!—The attention of Gentlemen is respectfully invited to the above, than which there are no more acceptable presents at this season.

J. PARKIN'S, 250 Notre Dame Street. *Established 1849.*

December 15. 298

HAVE YOU SEEN THE NEW MAGIC WHEELS AT WORTHINGTON'S, THEY GIVE ENDLESS AMUSEMENT.

December 16. 299

HAIR NETS, CACHE PEIGNES, ROLLS, &C., &C. ELEGANT HAIR NETS & CACHE PEIGNES in all the new styles of Crystal, Pearl, Bead, Jet, Gold, Silver, Steel, Silk and Chenille, Hair Side Rolls and Back Pads, Waterfall Bows, &c. A large variety of the above just opened out, at J. PARKIN'S, 250 Notre Dame Street.

December 15. 298

NUBIAS! NUBIAS! NUBIAS! Clouds! Clouds! Clouds! THE LARGEST and the CHEAPEST STOCK of the celebrated "Boston make" CLOUDS, made from the finest Shetland Wool, in all the new and beautiful shades of colour. Prices 2s 9d to 12s 6d, at J. PARKIN'S, 250 Notre Dame Street.

December 15. 298

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. MISS BURROUGHS having taken ROOMS at No. 13 PLACE D'ARMES, will RE-OPEN SELECT CLASSES for LIGHT GYMNASTICS, DANCING, MUSIC, and DRAWING. For terms, please apply to MISS BURROUGHS, at her Rooms, on TUESDAY'S and FRIDAY'S, between 1 and 6 P.M. Schools and Families attended at moderate terms.

December 20. 1m 302

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

HERALD OFFICE, MONTREAL, Wednesday, Dec. 20, 1865.

The thaw and rain of yesterday were succeeded early this morning by hard frost. The roads are rather bare of snow, yet sleighing appears to be good about the city.

Navigation between New York and Albany is at an end for this season.

Business is dull, and will continue so now until the holidays are over.

The market for Flour was quiet to-day. Superfines were in request. 400 barrels from Canada Wheat sold at $5,40. Selected brands at $5,45, $5,47½ and $5,50. Strong Bakers Flour in demand. There were also a few sales of lower grades.

OATMEAL, per brl. of 200 lbs—$4,75 to $5,10.

WHEAT per bush of 60 lbs—Nominal. Chicago Spring, Milwaukee Club, and U. C. Spring $1,15 to $1,20.

PEASE per 60 lbs., 70 to 72½c.

CORN per 56 lbs., 56 to 57c.

BARLEY per 48 lbs., 60 to 65c.

OATS per 32 lbs., 32 to 33c.

ASHES per 100 lbs—Quiet. First Pots $6,80 to $6,85. Seconds about $6,00. First Pearls $7,15; seconds $7,75.

PORK per brl. 200 lbs.—Dull Mess, uninspected and inspected, $23 to $25. Dressed Hogs $7,50 to $8,50 per 100 lbs.

BUTTER per lb.—Dull. Choice 20 to 22c.

CHEESE per lb.—Dairy 12½c; Factory 13c.

FINANCIAL—Sterling Exchange quiet but firm. Bank 60 days sight on London 9¾ to 10 prem. for cash; credit rate 10½ to 11. Sterling Exchange in New York 9½ prem.

Receipts by Railroad:

Ashes	br