

YOUNG PRESBYTERIANS

Sabbath School Report Shows General Advancement.

FALLING OFF IN CASH CONTRIBUTIONS—YESTERDAY'S SERVICES.

Ottawa, June 17.—Saturday in the General Assembly as a rule is a half day for work and the other half for rest and recreation.

The Rev. John Neil introduced the subject of work in the Sabbath schools and presented the report. Principal MacVicar delivered a timely and weighty address in advocacy of greater attention to this department of the church's work.

The report was adopted. In the afternoon the members of the assembly took a jaunt out to Britannia, instead of holding a sederunt.

Yesterday the commissioners to the General Assembly occupied the various local pulpits of the city. In St. Andrew's Church, where the assembly was first appointed the preachers, the Rev. Dr. Gordon, of Halifax, preached in the morning, and the Rev. Dr. Patrick, of Manitoba College, in the evening.

For 1900 we report 3,049 schools—395 union and 2,654 Presbyterian—with 162 home departments. As 1900 is the first time that union schools have been classified as such, your committee cannot say whether the number of union schools has increased or decreased.

In 1900, for the support of Sabbath-schools, congregations contributed \$10,883, a decrease of \$235, and the Sabbath-schools themselves \$54,396, a decrease of \$396.

When one remembers the increased number of schools, and the fact that nine schools contributed \$17,492 to the century fund, eight hundred and forty-four schools gave \$17,341 for other purposes than self-support, schemes or century fund.

That the recommendations of last General Assembly regarding the visitation of Sabbath schools by representatives of session and presbytery.

The establishment of a home department in connection with each Sabbath school.

The encouragement of the memorizing of Scripture and of the Shorter Catechism by the young; be—as they hereby are, reaffirmed.

That in view, especially, of the fact that so comparatively small a number of the Sabbath school scholars have entered into full communion with the church during the year, the recommendation of last year be reaffirmed, with increased urgency.

That the General Assembly express grateful appreciation of the interest manifested by so considerable a number of the Sabbath schools in the Twentieth Century Fund, as evidenced by their generous contributions to the fund during the two years now ended.

That the General Assembly regret that, in so many of the Sabbath schools no contribution is made to the missionary, educational and benevolent schemes of the church; and urge upon all concerned the extreme importance of heartily enlisting the sympathies and energies of

the children and young people in these great enterprises.

That the General Assembly note with pleasure, that an increasing proportion of the Sabbath schools are now using our own Lesson Helps and illustrated papers, and again commend these as thoroughly suitable to the needs of the schools and homes of the church, and urge the co-operation of ministers, superintendents and teachers in securing their introduction in preference to those from other sources.

That the General Assembly commend to ministers, superintendents and teachers' meeting as a valuable aid to more thorough and effective Sabbath school work, and the importance of taking steps for the instituting of such meetings in connection with each school.

That the General Assembly regard with much satisfaction the increased attention given in the colleges of the church to instruction in the principles of teaching and in Sabbath school methods, and strongly recommend to presbyteries the holding, where practicable, of local institutes to the same end.

Mr. Douglas Fraser presented the report on Sabbath school publications. The cash balance at credit April 30, 1901, was \$6,510. The excess of assets over liabilities is \$10,222.

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CONVENTION ENDED

BIG CROWDS AND POWERFUL ADDRESSES.

In his address on 'The contribution of the Association to the moral and religious life of the universities and colleges,' before the International Jubilee Convention of the Y. M. C. A. of North America in Mechanics' Hall on Friday evening, President Francis L. Patton, of Princeton University, where the college Y. M. C. A. movement started, said:

'The care for the religious side of the university must, I believe, be very largely in the hands of organizations like the Young Men's Christian Association. The responsibility must rest, to a very large degree, upon the Christian element among the undergraduates to see to it that the religious life of the university suffers no declension. The professors in universities now are not chosen as they used to be mainly from the ranks of the Christian ministry. The ranks of the professoriate are filled with laymen—Christian men, we hope, but they are not, by their professional obligations, in evidence as the representatives of the gospel.'

NOT AN EASY THING.

'It is not every university preacher who knows how to get the ear of university students. The Young Men's Christian Association, that knows the undergraduate, knows his weak points, knows what he wants, and can help him. I commend the Young Men's Christian Association work in the colleges to the attention of the Young Men's Christian Association of our country.'

'There is great danger that men will first give up the Bible, in order to fall back on Christ, and then give up Christ in order to fall back on ethics, and then give up obligatory ethics, until it comes down to this, that, with the decadence of sin, it turns out that good form is a more cogent argument with people than the law of God.'

'It would be a mistake to deposit the safety of the Christian religion upon a theory or any theory of inspiration. When you have degraded Jesus to the place of a mere human being, however, exalted, you have robbed what he says of any exceptional authority.'

'We are at the point where the roads fork. It is not a question of more creed or less creed; it is not a question of revising this or revising that. Let us not be deceived by raising a false issue. Christianity is either a piece of information supernaturally given with respect to a way of salvation, or it is simply a set of great cosmic processes, explicable in terms of a mere naturalistic evolution.'

'I am a little tired of hearing men tell us that a crisis in religion is coming. I tell you that dislocation of philosophy and religion has already come. You may try to put your philosophy in one pocket and your religion in the other, and think that, since they are separate, they will not interfere, but that will not work.'

'You have to bring your theory of the universe and your theory of religion together. It is because we believe that Christianity came down from heaven, from God, God's blessed gift to man for man's salvation, that we are optimistic to the last degree. I believe that, sooner or later, if it were only through the simple doctrine of the soul's immortality and our inherent belief in it, men will assert their birthright, claim their kinship with God.'

'There are but two alternatives. It is back, back to atoning blood, or it is on, on to despair.'

STRONG WORDS. Saturday morning's regular session began under the guidance of Mr. Henry Waterhouse, of Honolulu, one of the association vice-presidents. The first address was by the Rev. Dr. J. M. Buckley, of New York, on 'The need of a more aggressive warfare against the forces which are destroying young men.'

'What would be the ideal situation in a Christian land? The root would be the Christian home. Parents united in the love of God themselves and their children, an excellent heredity, a corresponding environment in individual character and atmosphere.'

'A church formed of such families would stretch out welcome hands in every direction. The forces that would destroy young men would shrink and shrivel up, and only in caves, as of the Witch of Endor, would they linger.'

'But this is not the situation. Among the majority of young men there is a lack of the sense of God, an indifference to the Bible as a moral and religious authority, a doubt of its divine origin, often expressed but more frequently implied by disparaging allusion; most of the young men of the day have strictly worldly aims, many devoted wholly to pleasure, others bent upon rapid accumulation of money or political influence, and have lost all sense of the need of conversion and of regard for the Sabbath as a day of rest and worship.'

'Is there any difference in the sight of God between refined sin and coarse sin, between polite indifference to His law and boisterous opposition to its requirements?'

'Several ancient forms of destroying forces are increasing. These are impurity in its various forms. The atmosphere of the church is not what it should be; the world, in the gospel sense, and the church are not only on visiting terms, but frequently are wedded. Assuredly, then, there is need of more aggressive warfare. Present methods are inadequate. The churches are not holding the young men. In the Young Men's Christian Association, the literary, the scientific, the social, and the athletic, gain at the expense of the evangelical.'

witnesses. The Y. M. C. A., properly managed, can do this work.'

Mr. R. E. Speer, who is an intensely earnest and dramatic speaker, gave a very forcible address on 'The need of an overwhelming sense of Christ in our work.' Amongst his trenchant sentences were the following:—

'Christ's religion is Christ's self. Christ must be in you and your thoughts must be of Him and your love must be His.'

'You must take His hands, bleeding from the wound of the nails, in yours; you must rest the thorn-crowned forehead on your shoulder.'

With these and many such utterances Mr. Speer is said to have done more to accomplish the object he had in view than any other speaker in all the previous days of the convention.

Mr. James Stokes, a member of the International Committee, and also of the Central Committee at Geneva, gave a luncheon at the Hotel Vendome to the foreign delegates to the Jubilee Convention, at noon on Saturday. There are more than 70 foreign delegates in attendance on the convention.

CLOSING MEETING. Boston, June 16.—'The work on behalf of the religious life of the young man the world over,' was told in words of earnestness and eloquence from more than a hundred pulpits in Boston and vicinity to-day, for this was the practical close of the International Jubilee Convention. Seven meetings were held, the final farewell meeting taking place in the Mechanics' Hall at 7.30 p.m.

At the men's mass meeting in the afternoon over ten thousand persons were present. Mr. Fred B. Smith, of Chicago, presided. At the same hour Commander Booth-Tucker spoke to an immense audience at the Salvation Army barracks.

The delegates to the Y. M. C. A. Jubilee Convention have been invited to attend the Commencement exercises of Northfield Seminary which the late Mr. D. L. Moody made famous, by Mr. H. M. Moore, of Boston, who is president of the board of trustees of the institution. The exercises will be held between June 16 and 19.

ROLL STANDS GOOD

Notre Dame Street West Expropriations.

PROPRIETORS CALLED UPON TO PAY NEARLY ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

A very important judgment was rendered by the Court of Appeal on Saturday in the two cases of Liggett et al vs. the city, and Ragout et al vs. the city. Those were two petitions to set aside the assessment rolls for the cost of widening Notre Dame street from Chaboillez square to the western city limits. Half of the cost of the expropriation was to be paid by the proprietors of real estate situated on each side of the street.

The expropriations were made by two distinct commissions, one for the portion of the street extending from Chaboillez square to Guy street, and the other for the portion of the street extending from Guy street to the city limits, and the assessment roll for the cost was also prepared separately for these two sections.

The proprietors contested these rolls on the ground of illegality, alleging, among other things, that there should have been only one roll of assessment for the whole length of the street expropriated; that the proprietors should not be made to pay any part of the indemnity granted to tenants; that the proprietors should not be called upon to pay for the damage caused to the residue of certain lots, part of which was expropriated; that too large a sum was allowed expert witnesses; that the properties of the petitioners had been assessed for an exorbitant and ruinous amount.

Judge Cimon overruled all these objections in the Superior Court and confirmed the two assessment rolls. The case was then taken to the Court of Review and heard before acting Chief Justice Sir Melbourne Tait and Judges Mathias and Doherty. This tribunal on Saturday confirmed the first judgment, Judge Doherty dissenting on one point only, namely, that the cost of the widening of both sections should have been assessed on the properties extending from Chaboillez square to the city limits, and not the cost of widening each section on the property situated within each section, as had been done.

The amount involved is about half a million dollars, plus interest since 1895.

LAI D THE CORNER STONE.

The Sisters of the Precious Blood, at Notre Dame de Grace, having sold their monastery to the Sisters of Providence, who will soon open therein a hospital for incurables, the erection of a new building for the first named order has become necessary. The laying of the corner stone of the new establishment took place yesterday afternoon.

Mgr. Racicot presided, and, besides several priests, a number of prominent citizens were present. The contributions given yesterday for the new building were very generous, one priest present giving \$1,000. The new convent will be close by the old establishment.

CORPUS CHRISTI PROCESSIONS.

Bad weather having prevented the Corpus Christi procession of the united parishes on Sunday, June 9, nearly all these parishes held individual demonstrations yesterday, and paraded through the different streets of their respective sections. Some of the processions took place in the morning and others in the afternoon, but in each case the streets were profusely decorated and the number of those who attended was very large.

STATUE UNVEILED.

Berlin, June 16.—The Bismarck statue was unveiled at mid-day to-day, in the presence of the Emperor and Empress, Prince Herbert Bismarck, Count von Bulow, Prince Hohenlohe, the ministers and members of the legislative houses and the memorial committee. The Emperor William inspected the guard of honor. A thousand school children sang in chorus, and Dr. von Levetzow, Conservative leader of the Reichstag, delivered a brief eulogy. Count von Bulow, the imperial chancellor, then made a speech.

A SUNDAY OUTING

HARBOR COMMISSIONERS CHOOSE THAT DAY TO VISIT PORT COLBORNE.

Buffalo, June 16.—Four members of the Harbor Commission of Montreal, also the secretary and engineer, to-day visited Port Colborne to inspect the harbor and grain elevators there. They returned to Buffalo this evening, and to-morrow will make a careful examination of the elevators and appliances in this port. The four members of the commission are Messrs. Joseph Contant, John Torrance, Alphonse Racine and the Hon. Robert Mackay. The commissioners have but little to say, but take very careful note of everything presented, and when they go back to Montreal their opinion of the methods in vogue will be reflected in their selection of machinery. Considerable importance is attached to the possible use of lake appliances for loading deep sea boats, because it may be an opening wedge that will revise conditions existing along the coast.

Port Colborne, Ont., June 16.—The Montreal Harbor Commissioners and Captain Wolvin, of Duluth, visited this port this morning, coming from Buffalo on the tug 'Dunbar.' They were met by Reeve Carter, Superintendent Weller and a number of citizens. After a brief inspection of the harbor improvements and breakwater was made, the party returned to Buffalo in the afternoon.

Swainsboro, Ga., June 15.—John Stroud and Thomas Moxley, uncle and nephew respectively, also brothers-in-law, fought an impromptu duel near here yesterday afternoon, as a result of which Moxley is dead. Stroud reproached Moxley for circulating false stories about him.

END OF A FAMILY QUARREL.

'and will supply details to guard the Blood river bridge.'—District Orders—Lines of Communication. Sudden the desert changes—The raw glare softens and clings, Till the aching Oudthorn ranges Stand up like the thrones of kings—

BRIDGE-GUARD IN THE KARROO.

Ramparts of slaughter and peril—Blazing, amazing—aglow 'Twixt the sky-line's belting beryl And the wine-dark fells below.

Royal the pageant closes, Lit by the last of the sun—Opal and ash-of-roses, Cinnamon, amber and dun.

The twilight swallows the thicket, The starlight reveals the ridge; The whistle shrills to the picket We are changing guard on the bridge.

(Few, forgotten, and lonely, Where the empty metals shine—No, not combatants—only Details guarding the line.)

We slip through the broken panel We fence by the ganger's shed—We drop to the waterless channel And the lean track overhead;

We stumble on refuse of rations—The beef and the biscuit tins—We take our appointed stations And the endless night begins.

We hear the Hottentot herdners As the sheep click past to the fold—And the click of the restless girders As the steel contracts in the cold—

Voices of jackals calling, And, loud in the hush between, A morsel of dry earth falling From the flanks of the scarred ravine.

And the solemn firmament marches And the hosts of Heaven rise Framed through the iron arches—Banded and barred by the ties.

Till we hear the far track humming, And we see her headlight plain, And we gather and wait her coming—The wonderful north-bound train.

(Few, forgotten, and lonely, Where the white car windows shine—No, not combatants—only Details guarding the line.)

Quick, ere the gift escape us, Out of the darkness we reach For a handful of week-old papers And a mouthful of human speech!

And the monstrous Heaven rejoices, And the earth allows again Meetings, greetings and voices Of women talking with men.

So we return to our places, As out on the bridge she rolls; And the darkness covers our faces And the darkness re-enters our souls.

More than a little lonely, Where the lessening tail-lights shine, No—not combatants—only Details guarding the line!

RUDYARD KIPLING.

OXFORD PROHIBITIONISTS

RESOLUTION OF SYMPATHY FOR THE TEMPERANCE PEOPLE OF RICHMOND COUNTY.

Woodstock, Ont., June 17.—The Oxford Temperance Alliance met here in the Town hall Saturday afternoon. There was a very large attendance, over 200 delegates being present from all parts of the county. The Rev. Dr. Mackay occupied the chair. A strong resolution was passed expressing sympathy with the temperance people of Richmond county, Quebec, in the present conflict with the liquor traffic. The board of commissioners for the north riding was severely condemned for its action in forcing a license on Youngville, contrary to the earnest protest of the people, and a demand made for new commissioners, who would be in accord with the temperance sentiment of the county. Mrs. C. J. Denton gave an address on the cigarette evil, and a strong resolution was passed. A scheme of political action was outlined with a view to influencing the approaching provincial election. The following is the address of the president:

TO SURVEY ST. LAWRENCE

CANADIAN CHANNEL BETWEEN KINGSTON AND PRESCOTT TO BE EXPLORED.

Ottawa, June 17.—The Department of Public Works has arranged to continue this season the hydrographic survey begun last year of the Canadian side of the St. Lawrence river, between Kingston and Prescott. The channel in use by vessels is partly on the American side. That an equally safe channel on the north side of the river is maintained by those best acquainted with its navigation, and they attribute the use of the American route by Canadian vessels to the force of custom rather than to any superiority of the southern passage. The hydrographic survey, however, will fully determine whether this is so, and also at what point, if any, the northern channel needs improvement to make it as safe and easy as the route on the United States side. The survey is in charge of Mr. S. J. Chapleau, C.E., of this city.

A SERIOUS CHARGE.

Pittsburg, June 17.—Edward C. Converse, of the executive board of the United States Steel Corporation, was arrested at Greensburg Junction on Saturday afternoon, taken from the special train in which he has been touring the country for several weeks visiting the various plants of the billion dollar trust, and arraigned at Greensburg, where he was compelled to give bond for his appearance the first Monday in September. Converse was arrested on a writ issued by the Westmoreland Court at the suit of James L. Devenny, of McKeesport, charged with misappropriating the proceeds of the sale of 3,599 shares in the capital stock of the McKeesport, Duquesne and Wilmerding Street Railway Company. Devenny held the majority of stock in the road and several snares in trust. He alleges that in February, 1896, Converse secured the stock from him, sold it for about \$100,000, and failed to account for the receipts. Last January Devenny began equity proceedings against the steel magnate, but Converse had kept himself outside of the jurisdiction of the Allegheny county court.

DOCKYARD FOR NEWFOUNDLAND

Halifax, N.S., June 17.—There is a rumor on foot to the effect that the naval authorities have decided upon another dockyard for British North America, though little or nothing is known by the officers at the dockyard here. The yard is to be in Newfoundland, and will be utilized in connection with the fisheries fleet, and the training ship which is being sent to the colonies. The site of the yard is to be on the shore of a bay opposite St. Pierre, and from which shore the French island can almost be seen. It is stated that a barracks will also be built in connection with the dockyard. The training ship is the 'Calypso,' and a number of young Newfoundland fishermen will take a course on board of her.

HAD SMALLPOX ON BOARD.

New York, June 17.—The steamer 'Britannia,' arrived to-day from Naples, with five cabin and 700 steerage passengers. One of the latter suffered from smallpox. The steamer is detained at quarantine for disinfection. The patient, Colletta Marena, a girl about sixteen years of age, was transferred to North Brothers Island.

HAZED THEIR INSTRUCTOR.

South Bethlehem, Pa., June 15.—An instructor named Bronson, who was hazed by several of the freshmen and sophomore classes of Lehigh University on Thursday night, has resigned his position here. He left for New Haven to-day. The members of the faculty are endeavoring to learn the identity of Bronson's hazers.

FINE AND WARM

Meteorological Office, Toronto, June 17, 11 a.m.—The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures: Victoria, 70-52; Kamloops, 85-48; Calgary, 62-38; Edmonton, 64-40; Qu'Appelle, 60-46; Port Arthur, 60-50; Parry Sound, 82-52; Toronto, 72-50; Montreal, 70-52; Quebec, 72-42; Halifax, 62-46. Light winds, fine and warm. Tuesday, fair most of the day, but local thunderstorms, chiefly towards evening.

1640 and 1642 Notre Dame st., Montreal, June 17, 1901.—Readings by Heatt & Harrison's Standard Barometer at noon: To-day, 30.02; yesterday, 30.03. Temperature: Max. Min. To-day, 70 50. Yesterday, 78 48.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must be endorsed with the name and address of the sender, or otherwise no notice can be taken of them.

Birth notices are inserted for \$5, marriage notices for \$5, death notices for \$5 prepaid. The announcement of funeral appended to death notices, \$5 extra; other extension to obituary, such as short sketch of life, two cents per word extra, except poetry, which is 50 cents per line extra—prepaid.

Annual subscribers may have announcements of births, marriages and deaths (without extended obituary or verses) occurring in their immediate families, free of charge, in which case name and address of subscribers should be given.

BIRTHS.

HATCH—On June 10, 1901, a daughter, to Mr. and Mrs. Merton Hatch, Delmore, Ont.

MARRIED.

BLACKWOOD-HOLMES.—At 168 High street, west, Detroit, Michigan, the residence of the bride's mother, on June 12, 1901, by the Rev. Canon Babcock, Eureka Tameson Holmes, only daughter of Mrs. A. Holmes, to Charles Keith Blackwood, son of the late Thomas Ferguson Blackwood of Toronto.

BURR-THOM.—On June 12, 1901, at the residence of the bride's mother, on June 12, 1901, by the Rev. Canon Babcock, Eureka Tameson Holmes, only daughter of Mrs. A. Holmes, to Charles Keith Blackwood, son of the late Thomas Ferguson Blackwood of Toronto.

CAMPBELL-ELLIS.—On June 11, 1901, at the residence of the bride's mother, on June 11, 1901, by the Rev. Canon Babcock, Eureka Tameson Holmes, only daughter of Mrs. A. Holmes, to Charles Keith Blackwood, son of the late Thomas Ferguson Blackwood of Toronto.

CLARKSON-BAITERO.—At the residence of the bride's mother, on June 12, 1901, by the Rev. Canon Babcock, Eureka Tameson Holmes, only daughter of Mrs. A. Holmes, to Charles Keith Blackwood, son of the late Thomas Ferguson Blackwood of Toronto.

DOXSEE-IRWIN.—At Chute Vista, the residence of the bride's father, on June 12, 1901, by the Rev. Canon Babcock, Eureka Tameson Holmes, only daughter of Mrs. A. Holmes, to Charles Keith Blackwood, son of the late Thomas Ferguson Blackwood of Toronto.

HALL-FULTON.—At Gowan Bank, Woodstock, Ont., the residence of the bride's father, on June 12, 1901, by the Rev. Canon Babcock, Eureka Tameson Holmes, only daughter of Mrs. A. Holmes, to Charles Keith Blackwood, son of the late Thomas Ferguson Blackwood of Toronto.

HARCOURT-CROSS.—At the residence of the bride's father, on June 12, 1901, by the Rev. Canon Babcock, Eureka Tameson Holmes, only daughter of Mrs. A. Holmes, to Charles Keith Blackwood, son of the late Thomas Ferguson Blackwood of Toronto.

HOUSTON-COCHRANE.—At the residence of the bride's father, on June 12, 1901, by the Rev. Canon Babcock, Eureka Tameson Holmes, only daughter of Mrs. A. Holmes, to Charles Keith Blackwood, son of the late Thomas Ferguson Blackwood of Toronto.

JARMAN-LOCHHEAD.—On June 12, 1901, at the residence of the bride's mother, on June 12, 1901, by the Rev. Canon Babcock, Eureka Tameson Holmes, only daughter of Mrs. A. Holmes, to Charles Keith Blackwood, son of the late Thomas Ferguson Blackwood of Toronto.

JOHNSTON-DIPROSE.—At the residence of the bride's mother, on June 12, 1901, by the Rev. Canon Babcock, Eureka Tameson Holmes, only daughter of Mrs. A. Holmes, to Charles Keith Blackwood, son of the late Thomas Ferguson Blackwood of Toronto.

MCLEOD-MCKENZIE.—On June 11, 1901, at the residence of the bride's mother, on June 11, 1901, by the Rev. Canon Babcock, Eureka Tameson Holmes, only daughter of Mrs. A. Holmes, to Charles Keith Blackwood, son of the late Thomas Ferguson Blackwood of Toronto.

MCULLOCH-CLARK.—At the residence of the bride's mother, on June 12, 1901, by the Rev. Canon Babcock, Eureka Tameson Holmes, only daughter of Mrs. A. Holmes, to Charles Keith Blackwood, son of the late Thomas Ferguson Blackwood of Toronto.

MCINTYRE-McWHINNIE.—On June 12, 1901, at the residence of the bride's father, on June 12, 1901, by the Rev. Canon Babcock, Eureka Tameson Holmes, only daughter of Mrs. A. Holmes, to Charles Keith Blackwood, son of the late Thomas Ferguson Blackwood of Toronto.

RADFORD-BAKER.—At the residence of the bride's father, on June 12, 1901, by the Rev. Canon Babcock, Eureka Tameson Holmes, only daughter of Mrs. A. Holmes, to Charles Keith Blackwood, son of the late Thomas Ferguson Blackwood of Toronto.

ROBINSON-PATON.—At Plymouth Church, Sherbrooke, Que., on June 12, 1901, by the Rev. Canon Babcock, Eureka Tameson Holmes, only daughter of Mrs. A. Holmes, to Charles Keith Blackwood, son of the late Thomas Ferguson Blackwood of Toronto.

ROGERS-ADAMS.—At the residence of the bride's mother, on June 12, 1901, by the Rev. Canon Babcock, Eureka Tameson Holmes, only daughter of Mrs. A. Holmes, to Charles Keith Blackwood, son of the late Thomas Ferguson Blackwood of Toronto.

VANDERWATER-CLEMENTS.—At the residence of the bride's father, on June 12, 1901, by the Rev. Canon Babcock, Eureka Tameson Holmes, only daughter of Mrs. A. Holmes, to Charles Keith Blackwood, son of the late Thomas Ferguson Blackwood of Toronto.

WHITE-OLIPHANT.—At St. James' Cathedral, Toronto, by the Rev. Canon Babcock, Eureka Tameson Holmes, only daughter of Mrs. A. Holmes, to Charles Keith Blackwood, son of the late Thomas Ferguson Blackwood of Toronto.

DIED.

BURROW.—At her mother's residence, 725 Cadieux street, on June 15, 1901, Olivia (Lolla) S. Burrow, wife of A. J. Burrow, and second daughter of Mrs. C. Connor.

HARDY.—At the Toronto General Hospital, on June 13, 1901, at 10 p.m., the Honorable Arthur Sturgis Hardy, K.C., LL.D., late Attorney General and Premier of the Province of Ontario, in his 64th year.

MCKILLIP.—At her son's residence, Carnarvon, N.W.T., May 18, 1901, after a short illness, of pneumonia, Mary A. Hill, widow of the late John McKillop, of Inverness, Megantic Co., Que., in her 63rd year.

Asleep in Jesus.

POINTNER.—At Hamilton, Ontario, on Friday June 14, 1901, Susan Hensler, widow of the late James E. Pointner, and mother of Mrs. (Rev.) William Harris, of this city.

SMYTH.—Passed into rest on Thursday morning, June 6, 1901, at her daughter's residence, Mrs. John Smith, Jacksonport, Deerp County, Wisconsin, Eliza Stewart, aged 82 years, 11 months and 14 days, wife of Geo. Smyth, late of Standon, Dorchester County, Quebec, Canada.

Notices received too late for this page may possibly be in time for page 6.

THE S. CARSLY CO Limited

Notre Dame Street. Montreal's Greatest Store. St. James Street.

Floor Covering For THE SUMMER HOME.

The Big Store is showing a splendid collection of new Floor Coverings, specially adapted for summer homes, attractiveness and durability are combined with healthfulness.

Table with 2 columns: Tapestries, Brussels Carpets. Lists various types and prices.

Table with 2 columns: Tapestries Squares, Brussels Squares. Lists various types and prices.

SUMMER FURNITURE.

Table with 2 columns: Sideboard Special, Bedroom Suites. Lists various types and prices.

A NEW BOOK STORE.

During building operations Bookstore moved to Notre Dame street front, entrance right opposite Hart's Drug Store.

Table with 2 columns: New Books, New Note Paper. Lists various titles and prices.

The S. CARSLY CO., Limited,

1765 to 1783 NOTRE DAME ST. 184 to 184 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

JOHN MURPHY & CO. Butterick's Patterns and Publications.

SUMMER CLOTHING!

It depends a great deal on the Clothing you wear, whether you get the full pleasure out of the pleasant summer weather or not.

LADIES' STYLISH BLOUSEWEAR! LADIES' PERFECT FITTING SUMMER DRESSES! LADIES' PARASOLS and SUNSHADES! LADIES' STRAW SAILORS!

MEN'S ALPACA COATS, SERGE COATS, ORASH COATS, DUCK PANTS, YACHTING CAPS, NEGLIGE SHIRTS, BELTS, &c. BOYS' SUMMER BLOUSES and CHILDREN'S DRESSES.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.,

2343 St. Catherine St., Cor. Metcalfe St. Telephone Up, 933.

SHIPPING NEWS.

R.M.S. TUNISIAN ARRIVES IN PORT. On Saturday evening, shortly before six o'clock, the Allan line R.M.S. Tunisian arrived in port with 149 saloon and 205 second cabin passengers.

INGERSOLL MARKET.

Ingersoll, June 17.—White wheat, 55c to 67c per bushel; red fall do., 55c to 67c per bushel; spring do., 45c to 67c per bushel.

THE REAL ESTATE MARKET

INCREASE OVER LAST YEAR IN MAY TRANSFERS. The 'Real Estate Record' published by the J. Cradock Simpson Company, in its last issue contains the following:

There are not many good houses to let at the present time, and it looks as if the market is not likely to improve with the supply.

OBITUARY.

Brougham, Ont., June 16.—Mr. John Phillips, better known as Squire Phillips, died here this evening.

LIVE STOCK MARKET—June 17.

There were about 750 head of butchers' cattle, 100 calves and 300 sheep and lambs offered for sale at the East End Abattoir today.

RECEIPTS BY RAIL AND CANAL.

Table with 2 columns: C.P.R. G.T.R. Canal. Lists various goods and quantities.

LIVERPOOL CABLES.

Liverpool, June 14.—Wheat, No. 1 Cal., 2 1/2 1/2; red winter, 5s 1 1/2; No. 1 Northern, 5s 10 1/2.

EUROPEAN GRAIN MARKETS.

London, June 17.—On passage, wheat is quiet but steady; maize, rather quiet; country wheat, markets dull.

MR. PINGREE ILL.

London, June 17.—The anxiety felt here regarding the condition of Mr. H. S. Pingree, ex-governor of Michigan, who is suffering from a severe attack of dysentery, is no way allayed this morning.

AN ENJOYABLE OUTING

ODDFELLOWS HOLD A PICNIC AT BOUT DE L'ILE.

Loyal Harmony Lodge, No. 754, I.O.O.F., M.U., held their annual picnic at Bout de l'Île on Saturday afternoon.

Past Provincial Grand Master John McDowell, Deputy Provincial Grand Master E. Crompton, and Provincial Corresponding Secretary G. W. Hardisty, P.E.G.M., were present and the programme provided which included games and dancing.

The general chairman was Bro. Joseph Tetreault and the various committees were as follows:

Games Committee—Bros. J. Bales, J. O'Neil, J. Donald, Dr. R. Kerr, and D. Kinnon.

Dancing Committee—Bros. D. McQuaid, Jr., G. Demers, and C. Longpre. General Committee—Bros. A. Rosa, J. F. Beaudry, J. E. Paradis, A. Cunningham, Fred Comtois, and W. Parker.

Casey's orchestra supplied the music. The results of the games are as follows:

Hundred yards dash, open—H. Connolly, J. Connolly. Married ladies, members' wives only—Mrs. Scanlan, Mrs. Griffith, Mrs. Kirby.

Boys' race, under 13 years—D. Shea, Johnnie St. Jean. Married men, members only—W. G. Sweeney, W. J. Wilson.

Girls' race, under 14—Ella Glass, Kate Hayes. Running broad jump, open—A. Duhamel, W. J. Slowley.

Running hop, step and jump, open—P. Lamere, A. Duhamel. Three-legged race, open—Connolly Bros., Noseworthy Bros., open—R. A. Kerr, Hughes, Patterson.

Pat men's race, open—Jas. O'Neil, Alf. Eldridge. Boys under 10 years—J. St. Jean, Leo Hale.

Girls under 12 years—M. Houle, Mabel Clarke. Young ladies' race, open—Ruby Spooner, Evelyn Glass.

Committee race—Jas. O'Neil, R. A. Kerr, A. Cunningham. The officers were:—Starter, J. Bales; referee, A. Rosa; clerks, Jos. Tetreault; T. Paradis and N. Thomas; judges, Dr. Kerr, J. Donald, F. Comtois.

IN LABOR CIRCLES

BRASS WORKERS AND KNIGHTS OF LABOR WORK.

The regular meeting of the International Brass Workers' Knight union, No. 53, was held in the rooms at the Oddfellows' Hall, 251 St. James street.

The regular meeting of the Dominion Assembly of the Knights of Labor was held on Saturday evening in the labor hall, Notre Dame street.

The regular meeting of the Knights of Labor was held on Saturday evening in the labor hall, Notre Dame street.

REFORM CLUB OFFICERS.

The annual meeting of the Montreal Reform Club was held on Friday at their rooms, 20 Victoria street.

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MORE FRAUDULENT RETURNS.

Baltimore, Md., June 15.—Three of the United States census enumerators detected of frauds in St. Mary's and Charles counties, were sentenced in the United States District Court here today.

Concerning White Shirts.—The best kind of white shirts to buy are the shirts that are well made, generously cut, not skimped in length or width, finished with a thought and care to every stitch.

Piles

To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of hemorrhoids, we have had the following testimonials published in the press.

Dr. Chase's Ointment. The manufacturers have guaranteed that if you do not get your money back if not cured, the box at all dealers—EMERSON, BATES & CO., Toronto.

SPORTS

National Defeats Montreal in a Poor Exhibition of Lacrosse

M. A. A. SPRING RACES A SUCCESS - M'GILL CRICKETERS DEFEATED AT OTTAWA - SHAMROCKS WIN AT NEW YORK.

It was a poor exhibition of lacrosse. This was the general opinion of those who witnessed the senior league match played on Saturday afternoon between the Montreal and National teams on the grounds of the latter club. It is safe to say that from beginning to end the match was a huge disappointment from a playing point of view. The Nationals won by a score of five games to one, and, indeed, they deserved the honor. The Montreal boys seemed lamentably weak practically all along the field. The work of the home division was simply that of junior players, while the defence was unable to withstand the attack of the Nationals. Hamilton, in goal, was undoubtedly a star, but the assistance he received in front of the nets, was enough to discourage any player in that position. There was no beautiful combination play; there was no pretty catching; neither was there any notable dodging or shooting. The general tactics of both teams resembled anything but championship lacrosse. It was hard enough, and there were quite a number of players ruled off during the

an attack. Taylor and Brodie relieved the pressure, and the Montreal home attacked. At this stage St. Aubin got a crack over the eyes, and the game was stopped for repairs. After the face-off, the Montreal home pushed the big National defence, sending in several hard shots on the net. L'Heureux gathered them all, and eventually Joe Valois secured and passed to Kavanagh. The latter ran up the field and passed to Cousineau, who sent in a beautiful shot which Hamilton stopped cleverly. Dery got hit over the head, and had to retire to get plastered up. Johnstone went off to even up. Butler, the ex-Cornwall-Quebec player, did effective work, but throughout his play, was extremely rough. The Montreal home kept up a continued siege, and their efforts were rewarded by Buddo scoring on a pass from Porteous. Time, 17 minutes. Montreal, 1; National, 1. Third Game—Marcellin scooped the ball at the face, and tossed to Brown. The



COUSINEAU SPURTS FOR THE GOAL.

latter passed to Cousineau and Hamilton cleverly stopped a swift shot. The rubber was sent up to the Montreal home division where Bowls, Luman and Porteous indulged in some nice combination play. Luman tried a shot, but Joe Valois saved his goal. Cousineau caught a long shot, and passed to Butler, who passed to O'Reilly, the latter returned to Cousineau, and a moment later the ball was in the net. Time, 3 minutes. National, 2; Montreal, 1. Fourth Game—Montreal scored at the face, and the home attempted to run in to score. L'Heureux caught Bowls' shot and sent the ball to centre field. After some end to end play a scrimmage occurred in the mouth of the Montreal net, when O'Reilly batted it in. Time, 3 minutes. National, 3; Montreal, 1. Fifth Game—National drew at the face, and the usual attack followed, which resulted in another goal for the Franco-British team, after about a minute's play, Butler finding the net. National, 4; Montreal, 1.

Sixth Game—Christmas drew but lost to St. Aubin, who ran down and passed to Dery, who gave it to Brown. The latter shot hard, but Hamilton saved. At this stage of the match the play was ragged. Both teams were playing extremely poor lacrosse. Johnston and Cousineau got mixed up in a pugilistic encounter, and both were sent off for the remainder of the contest. Montreal was much the faster in the field, but they lacked the body to charge in and score. Muffing passes was a feature, and in evidence. O'Porteous out-did Dave Butler in a struggle for the ball, and the latter lost his temper, dropped his stick, and started in slugging with his fists. Porteous undertook to defend himself, and both were ruled off for five minutes. It had been hoped that such disgraceful spectacles had been forever expunged from our national game. Shortly afterwards Marcellin was ruled off for slugging with Brodie, and Dery emulated his example, and was similarly punished, this time A. Christmas being the victim. When the Montreal home had the ball, the National defence invariably blocked their goal, rendering it next to impossible to score. Both teams appeared fatigued, hence the game was lengthened out for 46 minutes, when O'Reilly shot on empty goals, and scored. National, 5; Montreal, 1.

Seven minutes' playing time remained, but there was no further scoring. The teams, officials and summary of the score is as follows: National. Position. Montreal. L'Heureux. Goal. Hamilton J. Valois. Point. Taylor Blanchard. Cover point. Brodie Kavanagh. Defence. Cameron A. Valois. Defence. Johnson St. Aubin. Defence. Porteous Marcellin. Centre. Christmas Brown. Home. L'Amidon Cousineau. Home. Luman Dery. Home. Buddo Bunn. Outside home. Copping O'Reilly. Inside home. Bowls T. Patchell. Captain. Dr. Irvine T. Wall. Umpire. T. Feehey. Timekeepers—H. A. Lacoste and G. Pelletier. Referee—M. J. Polan.

Summary of Games. Game. Club. Scored by. Time. 1. National. Butler. 2.00 2. Montreal. Buddo. 17.30 3. National. Cousineau. 2.00 4. National. Brown. 2.15 5. National. Marcellin. 0.30 6. National. Riley. 46.05 7. Unfinished. 9.46 STANDING OF THE CLUBS. Clubs. Won. Lost. Shamrocks. 1. 0 Cornwall. 2. 1 Toronto. 1. 1 Capitals. 1. 1 Montreal. 0. 2 THE POINTS WHITEWASHED AT QUEBEC. Quebec, June 17.—The Quebec and Point St. Charles lacrosse teams played an exhibition match here on Saturday, the former winning by nine goals to none. The Quebec team was entirely outclassed and were seldom dangerous, while even the locals played only fair lacrosse compared to what they are capable of putting up. The full time was not played out. The match was not marked by any untoward incidents and no one was ruled off. The teams were: Points—T. Tierney, goal; L. Haggarty, point; A. Jackson, cover point; J. Tierney, T. Rakel and D. Buckley, defence; E. Taylor, centre; T. Lawlor, A. Galley and S. Sarney, home field; G. Kerwin, outside home; N. Masterson, inside home; J. Warren, captain. Quebec—D. Power, goal; H. Copeman, point; J. Barry, cover point; J. Doyle, J. Power and L. Demers, defence; C. Nolan, centre; B. McNeill, Finet and Quinn, home field; Owens, outside home; McCarron, inside home; H. Loughhead, captain.



MARCELIN AND CHRISTMAS START THE PLAY.

contest for indulging in little tricks and plays not in accordance with the rules. The Nationals were greatly strengthened by the appearance of Kavanagh, Brown and Butler on the team. Kavanagh is a strong and powerful player, and his work on Saturday was in keeping with his reputation. Joe Valois, at point, played a neat and effective game. He is one of the best point men playing lacrosse to-day. Butler, the new home man, is a fair player, but unfortunately allows his temper to run away with his judgment. L'Heureux in goal, was the same reliable player, and as for the rest of the players nothing need be said of their work. As for Montreal, it would be hard to pick out any one player, outside of Hamilton, worthy of special mention. The boys in grey simply lost themselves; they seemed unable to play lacrosse; they ran around the field as if they were complete strangers to one another; their combination was wretched; in reality, they displayed none, while their general attack at their opponents' goal was ineffective and poorly judged. In fact, it was a complete off-day for the M.A.A.A. representatives; they have players who are



KAVANAGH MAKES A PRETTY CATCH.

full of pluck and determination, but at the critical moment they go to pieces. As for the general work of the Nationals, they won the day as just as when we let it go at that, but there are many supporters of the East End aggregation who feel that the purple and white has a great deal to learn about the game before they can successfully compete in faster company. There were many exciting incidents during the match, and it seems unfortunate that players cannot remember that they are out for a friendly game of lacrosse, and are not there for the purpose of allowing their brutal temperament to run away with their finer and more gentlemanly instincts. The attendance at the match was very large, but it is safe to say, that the audience, or the greater majority of them, were not at all satisfied with the general tactics of the players, and if lacrosse teams are desirous of killing the game, they had better continue the routine inaugurated on Saturday afternoon. Mr. M. J. Polan made a capable referee, and he is to be congratulated upon the promptness with which he handled the offensive players. Dr. Irvine and Mr. J. Patchell captained the Montreal and National teams respectively, and their positions were not at all enviable.

THE GAME. The teams lined up at 3.50 o'clock (fifty minutes' late). Marcellin drew the ball at the face, and passed to Brown, who ran up the field and passed to O'Reilly. The latter shot wide, and Taylor relieved Porteous and Christmas brought the ball up, and the Montreal home made a vigorous attack. Kavanagh relieved and Marcellin and Brown brought the ball down to Cousineau, who passed to O'Reilly, the latter scoring after two minutes play. Nationals, 1; Montreal, 0. Second Game—The National centre again drew at the face, and the home rallied for

The play was not of an exciting character, being loose and far from first class, but the Capitals were the best team all round, and with a little strengthening on the home they should be able to win the championship. Jack Powers has been added to that department, and he will be a tower of strength in defence play, but their home, outside of Tobin, is practically useless, and they do not look like being dangerous this year. In the fourth game, E. Murphy Baldwin (twice), and Watts, of the Capitals; Hied Charlebois, of the Cornwallis, were ruled off. Mr. Dumouchel, of Montreal, was referee, and the teams lined up as follows: Capitals—Ashfield, goal; Robertson, pt.; H. Ralph, cover point; Baldwin, Blanks and Butterworth, defence; Watts, centre; Starrs Ralph and E. Murphy, home field; P. Murphy, outside home; Powers, inside home. Cornwallis—Hess, goal; J. White, point; Cameron, cover point; W. Broderick, Kerwin and Burns, defence; Degan, centre; Madden, Tobin and Charlebois, home field; Allan, outside home; J. Broderick, inside home.

SHERBROOKE DEFEATS SHAMROCK FIVE TO ONE. Sherbrooke, June 17.—The first intermediate league match in Sherbrooke was witnessed by a fairly large attendance on Saturday afternoon. The Shamrocks, of Montreal, and the Sherbrooke Lacrosse clubs were the contesting teams. The match was very disappointing, in that a great deal of time was wasted, and the interest in the game was therefore considerably marred. The visitors appeared to be a likely team when they stepped on the ground. After the first few minutes it was evident that the local men had them beaten. Play for the first few minutes was decidedly in favor of Shamrocks, but the Sherbrooke men wakened up and after a nice piece of play secured the first game, the time being eight minutes.

The second game was scored by Sherbrooke also, in three and a half minutes. The visitors then appeared to get considerably rattled, and Sherbrooke kept them going hard. The Shamrocks kept them going hard, and Sherbrooke kept them going hard. The third game lasted 22 minutes, and was stubbornly contested, but Sherbrooke scored, and followed with a fourth in a minute and a half. The Shamrocks scored the fifth and only game they got in two and a half minutes' play. The sixth and last game was notched by Sherbrooke, thus winning the match by five to one. The victory was a justly deserved one. The Shamrocks have always been looked upon in Sherbrooke as being gentlemanly players, but this opinion was certainly widely dispelled on Saturday afternoon. Mr. T. J. Maguire acted as referee, and gave general satisfaction. He was, in the opinion of some, a little too lenient with the Shamrock men. The teams were: Shamrock—S. Ledren, goal; A. McCarrey, point; P. Doyle, cover point; J. McMahon, C. Calahorra, defence; J. Hosmer, centre; S. McClinchy, C. Fox, home field; W. Jarrett, inside home; W. Garrety, outside home. E. Quinn, captain. Sherbrooke—J. Simpson, goal; Drapeau, point; Watson, cover point; Sangster, McCabe, Doré, defence; Rocque, centre; Povey, Maguire, Price, home field; Hogan, inside home; Garwood, outside home; P. J. Slater, captain.

STANDING INTER-SCHOOL LEAGUE. Junior Series. Match played on Westmont Park, Friday, June 14: Won by Lorne School. Score, 2 goals to 1. Goal umpire—J. Walker. Timekeeper—A. Hourhand. Goal umpire—G. Post. Referee—Mr. Larue. Intermediate Series. Match played on M.A.A.A. grounds, on Saturday, June 15: Score, 7 goals to 4. Goal umpire—H. Lidell. Timekeeper—Mr. C. Barratt. Referee—Mr. A. Mann.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS. Intermediate Series. School. Ptd. W. L. Pts. High. 1. 1. 0. 2. Westmont Academy. 1. 0. 1. 0. Junior Series. Glen. 3. 1. 2. 2. High. 3. 3. 0. 2. Lansdowne. 2. 2. 0. 2. Lorne. 2. 1. 1. 2. Mount Royal. 2. 1. 1. 2. Riverside. 2. 1. 1. 2. A win counts two points; a draw one point. Games to be played during present week: Wednesday, June 19—High vs. Westmont Academy, intermediate series, on Westmont Park at 4 p.m. Wednesday, June 19—Lansdowne vs. Lorne, Junior series, on Logan's Park, at 4 p.m. Wednesday, June 19—Riverside vs. Mount Royal, Junior series, on Fletcher's Field, at 4 p.m.

JUNIOR MATCH AT CORNWALL. Cornwall, June 17.—The first match of the Cornwall Junior League series was played here on Saturday afternoon, the Elm and the Tecumshes and was won by the latter by a score of 7 to 0. SHAMROCKS WON IN BROOKLYN. New York, June 17.—In a fast and desperately contested lacrosse match in Brooklyn on Saturday the Shamrocks of Montreal, defeated the Crescent A. C. team by the score of 9 goals to 5. The defence work of the Shamrocks was faultless and although handled rather roughly by the local players they were victorious by clever and rapid passing of the ball. TORONTO DEFEATED BY WORCESTER. Worcester, Mass., June 17.—Worcester defeated Toronto in the closing game of the series on Saturday by hitting Williams hard enough in the sixth inning to make four runs after two men were out. Score: Worcester. 00101400x-6 10 3 Toronto. 200000001-3 9 1 Batteries—Magee and Clements; Williams and Bemis, Umpire, Hunt. PROVIDENCE WON FROM BUFFALO. Providence, R.I., June 17.—Providence won at the delivery of Hastings with great vigor on Saturday, and scored ten runs before Buffalo once crossed the plate. Corridon pitched a nice game, and had fine support in the field as well as at the bat. Score: Providence. 14101340x-14 16 2 Buffalo. 000000221-5 5 5 Batteries—Corridon and McAuley; Hastings and Kennedy, Umpire, O'Loughlin. ROCHESTER DEFEATED HARTFORD. Hartford, Conn., June 17.—Rochester defeated Hartford on Saturday by 5 to 3, by punching hits on Miller in the last three innings. Score: R.H.E. Hartford. 100011000-3 9 0 Rochester. 000000221-5 3 3 Batteries—Miller and Stegman; McPartlin and Dixon, Umpire, Warner. EASTERN LEAGUE STANDING. Club. Won. Lost. Per. Providence. 25. 14. .650 Rochester. 25. 15. .625 Hartford. 25. 19. .568 Worcester. 19. 13. .594 Syracuse. 19. 18. .514 Buffalo. 15. 21. .417 Hartford. 13. 22. .371 Montreal. 13. 24. .351

THE ANNUAL SPRING HANDICAP FOR MEMBERS AND FRIENDS OF THE MONTREAL AMATEUR ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION WAS A GREAT SUCCESS. The annual spring handicaps for members and friends of the Montreal Amateur Athletic Association were held on Saturday afternoon on the Association grounds, Westmont, and were a great success. The weather was perfect for such an event and there was an immense crowd present of the grand stand. Nearly all the officials of the M.A.A.A. were in attendance. The different events were all well contested and indeed it must be said that the performance and time of many of the contestants was really surprising, as several of the boys had little or no practice in preparation. The different races and other events were all started on perfect time and the manner in which the meet was conducted is another exemplification of what the M.A.A.A. can do when they undertake to give an outing and afternoon's amusement to their members and friends. It is also pleasing to note that the slightest protest was heard on the field in regard to the numerous decisions rendered. The band of the Royal Scots was in attendance and discoursed popular music. Mr. Stevenson, of the hon. president, the audience during the presentation of the prizes walked amiably and leisurely around the grounds. The one mile steeplechase race was pro-

bably the most interesting event of the afternoon. The race created a considerable amount of amusement as each runner plunged into the water as he leaped the hurdle.

Throughout the afternoon a large Union Jack floated to the breeze from a high pole erected on the field. The executive is to be congratulated on the success of the day. The winners of the different events were: 100 yards, first heat—1. P. Molson, scratch; 2. M. Beaton, 18 feet. Time, 10 3/5 seconds. 100 yards, second heat—1. James P. Craig, scratch; 2. W. C. Coverton, 6 feet. Time, 10 4/5 seconds. 100 yards, final heat—1. P. Molson, scratch; 2. W. C. Coverton, 6 feet. Time, 10 2/5 seconds. Putting 16 pound shot—1. P. Molson, 3 feet, distance 41 feet 6/4 inches; 2. Arthur Smith, scratch, distance, 39 feet 2/4 inches. One mile—1. Geo. Stephens, scratch; 2. F. M. Murphy, 50 yards. Time, 4 minutes 51 seconds. 200 yards—1. W. C. Coverton, 9 feet; 2. P. Molson, scratch. Time, 23 2/5. Throwing 56 pound weight—1. T. McBride, scratch; 2. Jos. Louzen, scratch. Distance, 25 feet 3/4 inches. Half mile—1. Geo. Stephens, scratch; 2. E. M. Murphy, 25 yards. Time, 2 minutes 45 seconds.

400 yards, boys, no handicap—1. G. E. McQuay, 2. James Ridon. Time 58 secs. Running long jump—1. P. Molson, scratch; 2. W. W. O'Hara, 9 inches. Distance, 20 feet 3/4 inch. One mile relay race—Association team No. 1, 10 min. 10 sec.; team No. 2, 10 min. 12 sec. Bellingham capt. 2. Time, 3.48. 120 Yards hurdles, no handicaps—1. W. C. Nicholson; 2. W. Coldwell. Time 19 4/5. One mile steeplechase—1. J. Corbett, 40 yards; 2. P. Gomerly, 90 yards. Time, 5 min. 21 3/5 seconds. The officials present were: Referee—Major Macaulay, president M. A. A. Track Judges—A. W. Stevenson, W. L. Maltby, C. M. Cameron. Field Judges—Alex. Stewart, A. Leithhead, E. W. James. Scorers—David J. Watson, E. S. Ostell, W. G. Ayling. Timekeeper—A. W. Gifford, W. R. Granger, J. W. Moffat. Starter—W. G. Robertson. Announcer—F. C. A. McIndoe. Clerks of course—T. Arnold, F. G. Pendleton, Jas. McDonald.

BASEBALL

THE ROYALS ARE HOME—WILL PLAY TORONTO THIS AFTERNOON.

The Montreal baseball team returned home this morning for a series of games lasting until after Dominion Day, and beginning this afternoon with the first game this season on the home grounds with Toronto. The record of the trip just ended by the Royals cannot be regarded as satisfactory. While away the team played seventeen games, of which they won only five. The peculiar feature of the situation is that the last six games played were all lost by a single run. Previous to this run of hard luck the team's record away from home was quite satisfactory, having won five and lost six games. Another interesting point is that the team showed up strongest where it was expected to be weakest—against Providence. The diamond has been sodded while the game was away, and this, it is expected, will have some influence on the stick work of the Montreal team. Toronto plays here to-day, to-morrow and Wednesday.

SATURDAY'S GAME.

Syracuse won a game on Saturday that looked hopelessly lost up to the eighth inning, when the locals scored three runs. They tied at the ninth and won in the thirteenth through heavy hitting. NATIONAL LEAGUE. R.H.E. At Chicago. 10010000-2 6 3 New York. 30000330x-9 13 0 Batteries—Mathewson and Warner; Waddell and Kilns. Philadelphia. 30000000-3 8 0 St. Louis. 00000000-2 10 1 Batteries—McJame and Farrell; Powers and Nichols. At Pittsburgh. 00000000-0 4 1 Boston. 00000010x-1 5 1 Batteries—Dineen and Moran; Chesbro, and O'Connor. At Cincinnati, called on account of rain. Philadelphia. 00130-5 8 0 Cincinnati. 11101-4 6 2 Batteries—Donoghue and Douglas; Phillips and Berren. NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING. Club. Won. Lost. Per. Pittsburgh. 27. 13. .680 New York. 21. 16. .568 Philadelphia. 22. 20. .523 St. Louis. 20. 20. .500 Brooklyn. 21. 22. .488 Boston. 15. 20. .429 Chicago. 17. 29. .370 AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING. Club. Won. Lost. Per. Chicago. 29. 15. .659 Detroit. 25. 17. .595 Boston. 21. 17. .558 Washington. 19. 16. .545 Baltimore. 17. 19. .472 Cleveland. 15. 25. .375 Milwaukee. 15. 27. .357 Y.M.C.A. WINS FROM WESTMOUNT. The opening game of the above league was played on the Montreal Baseball grounds on Saturday afternoon between the Westmont and Y.M.C.A. Baseball Clubs, resulting in a victory for the Y.M.C.A. by a score of 15 to 14. Score by innings: Westmont. 00000022-14 15 Westmont. 000013003-15 15 Batteries—Westmont, Rivet and Valance; Y.M.C.A., Perry and Lauer. TORONTO DEFEATED BY WORCESTER. Worcester, Mass., June 17.—Worcester defeated Toronto in the closing game of the series on Saturday by hitting Williams hard enough in the sixth inning to make four runs after two men were out. Score: Worcester. 00101400x-6 10 3 Toronto. 200000001-3 9 1 Batteries—Magee and Clements; Williams and Bemis, Umpire, Hunt. PROVIDENCE WON FROM BUFFALO. Providence, R.I., June 17.—Providence won at the delivery of Hastings with great vigor on Saturday, and scored ten runs before Buffalo once crossed the plate. Corridon pitched a nice game, and had fine support in the field as well as at the bat. Score: Providence. 14101340x-14 16 2 Buffalo. 000000221-5 5 5 Batteries—Corridon and McAuley; Hastings and Kennedy, Umpire, O'Loughlin. ROCHESTER DEFEATED HARTFORD. Hartford, Conn., June 17.—Rochester defeated Hartford on Saturday by 5 to 3, by punching hits on Miller in the last three innings. Score: R.H.E. Hartford. 100011000-3 9 0 Rochester. 000000221-5 3 3 Batteries—Miller and Stegman; McPartlin and Dixon, Umpire, Warner. EASTERN LEAGUE STANDING. Club. Won. Lost. Per. Providence. 25. 14. .650 Rochester. 25. 15. .625 Hartford. 25. 19. .568 Worcester. 19. 13. .594 Syracuse. 19. 18. .514 Buffalo. 15. 21. .417 Hartford. 13. 22. .371 Montreal. 13. 24. .351

COLONIAL HOUSE, = Phillips Square. BLACK DRESS GOODS DEPT. All Remnants at 20 PERCENT DISCOUNT. (1 to 5 Yards.) BLACK SILK and WOOL CREPON. Balance of FANCY MOHAIR GRENADINES, worth \$1.15, to be cleared at 65c, less 20 Percent. MEN'S SHOE DEPT. PATENT & ENAMEL BOOTS. \$4 to \$7.50. A very large range of MEN'S PATENT and ENAMEL BOOTS and OXFORDS; all the newest leathers, such as Ideal Patent Calf, Ideal Patent Kid, Russia Patent Goat, French Patent Calf, Enamel French Calf, and Box Calf Enamel, in laced, button and Oxfords, all the newest styles, and in all widths, from A to E. MAIL ORDERS CAREFULLY ATTENDED TO. HENRY MORGAN & CO., Montreal.

We are all ready to supply you with Androns and Fireproof Goods. The G. E. LOOKER CO. 1753 Notre Dame St. Montreal Branch, 11 Phillip Sq. The registered trade mark of the Dunlop detachable tires is a pair of hands. These signify the ease with which the Dunlop tires can be detached and repaired in the event of a puncture. And the hands are the "only tools you'll need." D. D. T. run out; J. Hogan, b Hoad, 1; P. Henderson, b Smith, 2; G. E. Moberly, b Smith, 4; W. Williams, not out, 1; byes, 4; lb., 1; b., 1; 6; T. Barton, b Hoad, 8; total, 78. MONTREAL WINS FROM VICTORIA. This match was played on Saturday on Delorimier Driving Park, and resulted in a win for Montreal by 57 runs. It was Montreal's first game in the league. Following is the score: Montreal—Holmes A Court, b Rawland, 7; R. S. Baron, b Burnet, 23; E. Grundy, b Burnet, 0; H. F. Sare, b Holt, 8; Dr. Fiske, b Rawland, 13; W. D. Duckett, c Holt, b Rawland, 13; G. H. Harman, not out, 18; C. W. B. Field, c May, b Holt, 10; G. Ferrabee, b Holt, 0; C. Colville, b Rawland, 6; F. Ansey, b Grundy, 0; byes, 3; w. b., 4; total, 58. Victoria—Holt, b Grundy, 3; H. Thomas, b Grundy, 0; G. Burnett, run out, 7; H. Harding, c and b Ferrabee, 4; A. Rawland, b Ferrabee, 0; J. T. Hicks, b Ferrabee, 8; J. May, c Colville, b Ferrabee, 0; J. Hardman, c Duckett, b Ferrabee, 1; G. Nelson, b Ferrabee, 0; H. D. Hastings, c sub b Ferrabee, 6; F. Ramsay, not out, 2; byes, 5; total, 36. MCGILL TEAM DEFEATED AT OTTAWA. Ottawa, June 17.—The splendid work of the local bowlers won a victory for Ottawa from McGill cricketers on Saturday afternoon on the Rideau Hall grounds. The score stood 74 runs to 64, when the last wicket of McGill fell. The wicket was fast, and the bowlers on both sides did great execution. The scores were as follows: Ottawa, first innings—E. H. B. McGivern, b Philpotts, 8; M. S. Bristow, c Walker, b Wood, 16; F. Pereira, c Walker, and b Philpotts, 6; Hackland, b Wood, 4; A. G. Lewis, c King, b Gunter, 15; H. Southam, run out, 0; D. C. Campbell, b Gunter, 3; E. Turton, b Gunter, 0; V. H. Steele, b Wood, 1; W. Johnston, b Montgomery, 11; G. Perrina, not out, 7; extras, 3; total, 74. Montreal, first innings—A. L. Hainsworth, run out, 3; W. Walker, b McGivern, 7; A. B. Wood, b McGivern, 6; F. L. Gunter, b E. Turton, 12; H. Montgomery, run out, 7; W. N. Philpotts, b McGivern, 2; Challenger, b E. Turton, 0; F. G. King, b McGivern, 1; C. J. Saxe, b McGivern, 2; E. McDougall, not out, 4; D. McCallum, run out, 2; extras, 8; total, 64. (Continued on Page 7.)

Weekly Calendar.

MONDAY, JUNE 17.

Art Association, PHILLIPS SQUARE.

GALLERIES OPEN DAILY, 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

TUESDAY, JUNE 18.

COURT MOUNT ROYAL.



Ancient Order of Foresters.

The Members of the above Court are requested to attend the funeral of our late member, Bro. Sidney Jones, T.O.M.B.R.O.W., (Tuesday) at 2 P.M. from St. Edmund's Church, St. Charles.

CALEDONIAN SOCIETY.

QUARTERLY MEETING.

The regular Quarterly Meeting of the Society will be held in St. Andrew's Home, on TUESDAY EVENING, 18th JUNE, at 8 o'clock.

MILLIONAIRES AND PUBLIC

BOTH IN DANGER BY THE FORCED ADVANCE IN STOCKS.

(New York Evening Post.)

We suspect that yesterday's developments in Wall street will go a long way towards enlightening those people who have been arguing that old precedents of the Stock Exchange had been swept away; that capitalists were paying current prices merely because they thought stocks worth them as investments; that they were acting harmoniously to combine the entire American railway system and double its profits to its owners.

Not all the attendant circumstances of this so-called corner have been made public. It is already reasonably plain, however, that the struggle among the capitalists has hinged on the use which was to be made of the Northern Pacific's credit.

AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVES ABROAD.

New York, June 17.—The London correspondent of the "Times" says that following on Sir A. Hickman's so-called revelation with regard to the use of American locomotives on Indian and Burmese railways, another member of the Imperial Parliament, Sir Charles Cazyer, has discovered that wheels, axles and other material for these railways have been ordered from Krupp, in Essen, Germany, and that rolling stock has been ordered in Austria.

Table with columns for days of the week (S, M, T, W, T, F, S) and rows for dates (1-30) for the month of June.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily Witness, \$1.00; Weekly Witness, \$1.00, with reductions to clubs; Northern Messenger, thirty cents; 10 copies to one address and over, twenty cents per copy.

The last edition of the Daily Witness is delivered in the city every evening of publication at \$4.00 per annum.

All business communications should be addressed to John Douglas & Son, 'Witness' Office, Montreal, all letters to the Editor should be addressed 'Editor of the Witness,' Montreal.

The Daily Witness.

MONDAY, JUNE 17, 1901.

of large manufacturing industries, but the Russian Government had really little choice in the matter, if the nation was to advance to a place among the industrial powers of the world.

THE LIGHTING CONTRACT.

Montreal taxpayers have always regarded as iniquitous the contract for lighting the city which was concluded by the old council with the Royal Electric Company.

Mr. William Cunningham deserves the thanks of the public for preparing the petition to the Road Committee in favor of cleanliness and health. The petition, which only referred to the business streets, was very influentially signed by commercial and financial firms.

THE FAILURE OF REPATRIATION.

For now many years the Province of Quebec has been steadily endeavoring to overcome the inclination of its French-Canadian sons and daughters to leave it and settle in New England.

French-Canadians employed in Canadian factories increased, but the demand of the New England factories was also fully supplied, so that the only result was that a larger number of Canadian youths were drawn away from the farms of the province to factory life in the towns and cities.

A new scheme has been suggested, and the St. Jean Baptiste Society has, we understand, decided to devote all its surplus funds to the work.

Three Sioux Indians were presented to the audience, one of whom, Arthur Tibbets, who has been engaged in Y.M.C.A. work among the Indians, telling of his success in that direction.

When Mr. Howard Williams, of England, son of Sir George Williams, originator of Young Men's Christian Associations, read the above in Mechanics' Hall, on Friday evening, 6,000 people went wild.

These are strong forces working against repatriation, and there are stronger ones still which this French-Canadian journal does not refer to.

Before he read the King's message, Mr. Williams read this letter from Field Marshal Lord Roberts, which was replied to with a great outburst:

Chatham, Ont., June 17.—Another chapter has been added to the sensations of the past week's criminal court.

St. John's, Nfld., June 17.—Sir Cavendish Boyle, the new governor of Newfoundland, arrived here yesterday from England, to assume his administrative duties.

THE BOSTON JUBILEE

A Message Read From King Edward

SIoux INDIANS TELL OF Y.M.C.A. WORK AMONG THE TRIBES.

Boston, Mass., June 15.—In presenting the subject, 'The need of a more aggressive warfare against the forces which are destroying young men,' to the Y.M.C.A. convention here, to-day, the Rev. Dr. J. E. Buckley, of New York, threw a strong light on many phases of modern life.

His Royal Highness and Imperial Majesty, Edward VII., King of Great Britain and Ireland, Emperor of India, desires to express his hearty sympathy with and encouragement to the Young Men's Christian Associations assembled in conference at Boston, June, 1901.

When Mr. Howard Williams, of England, son of Sir George Williams, originator of Young Men's Christian Associations, read the above in Mechanics' Hall, on Friday evening, 6,000 people went wild.

But that was not enough. Somebody cheered, and then everybody cheered with him.

Let's rise and give for His Majesty King Edward VII. the best thanks for their kind invitation to attend the Jubilee Convention of the American Association to be held in Boston, in June of this year.

I regret extremely that I should be unable to avail myself of the privilege of being your guest on this auspicious occasion, but you will understand that the duties of my office will render it impossible for me to leave England.

The delegates had the choice of five 'section meetings,' on Friday afternoon, so none of them were over-crowded.

'Heaven, as a place of eternal rest, appeals more to tired, hard-worked men than to boys,' declared Mr. George E. Dawson, of the Bible Normal College, Springfield, very sensibly, in discussing 'A boy's religion,' at the section on 'Boys' work,' which met in Association Hall.

'I can't agree about the women,' he said. 'They are not passive. In fact, they are the most active workers in the churches. If it wasn't for the women one-half the clergymen would starve.'

The evil effects of basket ball on both players and lookers-on caused a series of ripples at the 'Physical Work' meeting in the First Baptist Church.

Y. M. C. A. says that he has had much trouble on account of basket ball. His boys were obliged to play professional

teams, and he thought that they should win and the unscrupulousness of some of the professionals had a bad effect on them.

It is a thousand years since the death of the great Englishman King Alfred, in whose humble translations we may see the beginnings of English literature.

The historian of the English people asserts that what most of Alfred's greatness was his sphere of action, was the 'moral grandeur of his life.'

Do not blame me if any know Latin better than I, he explained with modest dignity. 'For every man must say what he says and must do what he does according to his ability.'

It is a notorious fact that an organized effort is being made to break down the law, to defeat its violators and to re-establish an era of free ruin in our midst.

AN ATTEMPT TO BREAK DOWN THE LAW.

It is a notorious fact that an organized effort is being made to break down the law, to defeat its violators and to re-establish an era of free ruin in our midst.

FAREWELL SERVICES

THE REV. G. G. HUXTABLE CLOSSES HIS PASTORATE IN THE EAST END.

Farewell services were conducted in the East End Methodist Church yesterday afternoon and evening by the Rev. G. G. Huxtable and family, who are removing to their new home in the West End.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH CROWDED.

St. James' Methodist Church was crowded to its utmost extent last night on the occasion of the Rev. Mr. Sparling's farewell sermon before leaving to take up his new pastorate in Toronto.

To those removing to the seaside of country twenty-five cents per month will secure the 'Daily Witness,' post-paid, in Canada or the United States.

OFFICIAL BY APPOINTMENT THE HOCHELAGA BANK.

Proceedings at the 27th Annual Meeting of Shareholders.

The twenty-seventh annual meeting of the shareholders of the Hochelaga Bank was held in the offices of the Bank, St. James street, at noon on Saturday, June 16th, 1901.

THE REPORT. The twenty-seventh annual report was read, as follows: To the shareholders of the Hochelaga Bank: Gentlemen,—The operations of your Bank for the year ending 31st May last have given the following results, which your directors have the honor to lay before you:—

Table with financial data: Balance at the credit of profit and loss, May 31st, 1900, \$ 2,553,003; Profits for the year ending May 31, 1901, deduction being made of the expenses of administration, interest on deposits, losses and probable losses, \$180,768.96; Premium on new stock, 102.00; Total, \$1,813,423.69.

THE GENERAL STATEMENT. The general statement at March 31st, 1901, of the position of the Bank was as follows: Liabilities: Paid-up capital, \$1,500,000.00; Reserve fund, 750,000.00; Employees' guarantee fund, 20,000.00; Unclaimed dividends, 1,002.90; Dividend payable on June 1, 1901, 52,500.00; Total, \$2,331,926.79.

Assets: Gold and silver, \$152,208.86; Dominion notes, \$10,128.00; Notes and cheques of other banks, 575,205.69; Due by other Canadian banks, 45,460.06; Due by other banks in England, 6,938.51; Due by other banks in foreign countries, 326,153.63; Debentures of the Federal and Provincial Governments, English war loans, and the city of New York, 1,010,498.56; Other Canadian debentures, 3,000.00; City loans and debentures, 627,654.31; Deposits with the Government in guarantee of circulation, 70,000.00; Total, \$3,627,707.92.

M. J. A. PRENDERGAST, General Manager. On motion of Mr. F. X. St. Charles, and seconded by Mr. R. Bickerdike, the report was adopted as read.

able service which he gave to this Bank, as one of its Directors. Carried. Proposed by Mr. A. Prud'homme, seconded by Mr. G. Lamothe, that the report of this meeting be printed and distributed to the shareholders for their information. Carried.

BROTHERS DROWNED

SAD BOATING ACCIDENT IN THE RIVER AT VERDUN.

Harold Smith, aged 15, and Alfred Smith, aged 17, were drowned yesterday morning between eight and nine o'clock, in the river opposite Verdun. Up to noon to-day their bodies had not been recovered, though searching parties worked much of yesterday and last night to try to find them.

Samuel and William Owen, and the two Smith boys, had been preparing for about a week for a fishing trip. On Saturday afternoon they bought a canoe, and in the evening went over to Nuns' Island. The boat was a frail one, built to carry two men, but it is said, it was represented to the boys to be able to carry five.

When the accident occurred the cries of the boys attracted the children of Mrs. Monteth, who called her, and at once ran to Mr. Moffitt's house near by for assistance. Mrs. Monteth saw the four boys struggling in the water, but could give no assistance.

Mr. Moffitt lost no time in hastening to a boat which was fastened near Mr. S. S. Bain's. There were no oars, but Mr. Moffitt broke a chair and jumped into the boat with only a boat-hook in his hands to assist the drowning lads. The Owen boys, in the meantime, had grounded, and another boat, manned by Mr. Price, with oars, also went to the rescue. The latter overtook the other and brought it and the Owen boys to shore. They were taken to Mr. Bain's house and given hot drinks, and put to bed, and Mrs. Bain gave them every possible attention while their father, on "Aquet" street, was telephoned for.

Much credit is due Mr. Moffitt for his promptness in going out with the first boat as the younger Owen boy was unable to hold on much longer when he reached them. Dr. Christie, who passed along the road shortly after the Owen boys were rescued, was called into Mr. Bain's house, and examined them, finding that everything necessary had been done for their comfort.

The boat is still at Mr. Bain's, and has a hole in the bottom, where it had evidently struck a rock. Alfred Smith was employed by C. G. Arless & Co., photographers, St. James street, and Harold was employed in the Linotype factory, St. Antoine street. They arrived from Liverpool, England, about 18 months ago, and resided at 36 Manoe street. They leave a widowed mother and one sister.

Every possible effort was made by the members of the Grand Trunk Boat Club, Mr. S. S. Bain's employees, Mr. Monteth, Mr. J. R. Dick, and others, to recover the bodies of the Smith boys, but without success. The search was continued to-day. Mr. Dick received subscriptions during the day towards expenses connected with the search for the bodies, and for their burial if recovered.

A SAD CASE. (To the Editor of the 'Witness.') Sir,—The drowning of the boys, Alfred and Harold Smith, is a pathetic incident. Both were promising lads, the only sons of their mother, who, through circumstances sad enough, came to this country less than two years ago. The mother and daughter are totally unable to take the responsibility of the expense which must be incurred in searching for the bodies, funeral and burial lot. They have asked me to take charge of the matter, but I have no fund available for a contingency such as this is. So I beg to ask a few fathers and mothers, who have not lost their boys, but still have them at home to love and guide, to send me financial aid at once so that no time may be lost in dragging the river for the bodies. I expect that at least one hundred dollars will be required, if not more. It is expensive work to die by drowning even for boys who end life's journey so soon in the race for a living. I am confident that the response will be enough, so I will begin at once this necessary duty of finding the lost lads. 'Save the lads.'

DEATHS AND ACCIDENTS

WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH—TWO HURT IN RUNAWAY—STRUCK BY FENDER—SUDDEN DEATHS.

Mrs. Aubé, of 576 Drolet street, lit her kitchen fire with coal oil yesterday at noon. The oil exploded, setting her clothes on fire. Her screams brought in the neighbors, who put out the fire, but not until she was fatally burned. Her husband, coming home from church a few minutes later, found his wife dying. She was taken to the General Hospital, where she died last evening. She was only seventeen years old, and had only been married a short time.

Mr. James O'Rourke, of 894 St. Catherine street, was found dead this morning about six o'clock, on Peel street, near St. Catherine. He had evidently fallen over while driving in his buggy, and his head was caught in the wheel. He was found in this condition by Constable Houle, of No. 5 Station. A coroner's inquiry this morning showed that he had had an attack of apoplexy last week, so it is supposed that while driving home from Cote des Neiges last night, he had another attack, and in falling, caught his head in the wheel, and was killed.

The coroner has investigated the deaths of Miss Muldoon and Miss Brash, the nurses who were drowned in the river near Verdun on Friday. He decided that death was accidental.

The inquest on the death of Dennis Casey, who was killed by a G. T. R. train on Friday afternoon, was opened on Saturday afternoon, but had to be adjourned until next Wednesday morning, to obtain further evidence.

Mr. R. L. Souliere, of 907 Dorchester street, and Miss Antoinette Primeau, of 116 Drolet street, were driving down Cote des Neiges Hill yesterday afternoon, when the horse took fright and ran away down the hill. The buggy ran against a telegraph pole at the corner of Selkirk avenue, and both were thrown out on the face, but Miss Primeau got a bad scalp wound, and other injuries, and was taken to the Royal Victoria Hospital.

Galatros, a Greek, while out with some friends at Cote St. Paul on Saturday night, fell on the track in front of a Park & Island car. He was struck by the fender, and received injuries to his head and body. He was taken to the General Hospital.

Bruce M. Crombie, 11 years old, of 123 Crescent street, fell off the deck of the steamer 'Terrebonne' at the R. & O. wharf, on Saturday evening, and broke his ankle. He was taken to the General Hospital.

Mrs. L. Patenode, of St. Patrick, Sherlington, died suddenly in a buggy on Guy street, where she was waiting for her husband, who was visiting in the Grey Nunnery, on Saturday. Her husband had left her, apparently in good health, and returning five minutes later, found her dead.

Sydney Jones, the G. T. R. employee who was struck by a locomotive at Point St. Charles on Saturday morning, died at the General Hospital early this morning. An inquest will be held to-morrow morning at the hospital.

Miss D. Lamouche, 84 years old, died suddenly on Saturday afternoon in the Church of the Gesù, while waiting to go to confession.

NERVOUS ORIGIN OF COLDS.

There has been a noteworthy change of medical opinion in recent years as to the subject of taking cold. In no other country is this matter of such general importance as it is in the United States, where catarrhs, acute and chronic, are so common as to be almost universal. The explosive clearing of the throat which is characteristic of an American audience has been commented on by English and French visitors, and the surprise has been great that pneumonia should be so much more prevalent and fatal here than it is in foggy and muggy England. An understanding of the conditions under which a cold may be contracted should prove of especial value at this time of the year.

It is a popular idea that if one be amply provided with warm clothing, wraps, a mackintosh, rubbers and an umbrella little risk is run of taking a cold; yet it is a matter of frequent experience, that in spite of all reasonable precautions, a catarrhal affection may be developed or pneumonia set in. The fact that weariness, depression of spirits, fright, anxiety or something which has affected the nervous system unfavorably has preceded the attack is frequently overlooked. When free from every form of nervous debility a person may expose himself to draughts, dampness and other usual causes of colds and escape entirely, while at another time, when weary or depressed from any cause, he may become the victim of a fatal attack of pneumonia from a much slighter exposure. The nervous origin of colds seems to be recognized by all physicians who have made a special study of acute diseases of the lungs and throat.

It is explained that the temperature of the body is maintained by the nervous system, and that the least failure or relaxation of nervous energy causes a change of the bodily heat and impairs the power of the body to resist the approach of disease. It is a wonderful fact that under any change of outside temperature (even if one go from the arctic regions to the equator) the heat of the body remains at about 98 degrees. But for its regulation by the nervous system the heat of the body could not remain constant, as every muscular exertion would raise the temperature. Weariness, anxiety, depression and the like lower the amount of nervous energy and render the body susceptible to colds from the least exposure by disturbing the process of regulating the temperature. While warm clothing and all the common means of protecting the body are important, it is even more important to avoid needless exposure if the nervous system be not in its best condition.—Philadelphia 'Record.'

THE ANCIENT CAPITAL

IMPORTANT JUDGMENT.

Quebec, July 17.—In the Superior Court here on Saturday Judge Andrews rendered judgment in favor of the Quebec Railway, Light and Power Company (formerly the Montmorency Company), the famous case brought by it against its local rival, the Jacques Cartier Water Power Company, disputing the right of the latter to supply electric light and power to the city and neighborhood of Quebec and to erect poles in the streets thereof, and especially complaining of the obstruction and danger to its plant and property caused by the works, poles and wires of the Jacques Cartier Company. The charter rights of the latter were subsequently admitted, but the question of the danger to the plaintiff's plant was submitted to experts, upon whose report His Honor decided that within three months the Jacques Cartier Company must remove all its wires, poles and other constructions wherever they are in dangerous proximity to the other company's plant. Notice of appeal was immediately lodged.

IN MEMORIAM.

An anniversary requiem service for the late Private Lucien Larue, of Quebec, who died of fever at Wynberg, South Africa, while serving with the first Canadian contingent, after having been wounded in the battle of Paardeberg, was held in the Basilica here on Saturday evening, the family, as well as a large number of friends of the dead hero, being present. Father O'Leary, who attended the deceased on his death-bed, officiated.

THE ROYAL VISIT.

'Trompette,' in the 'Daily Telegraph,' says: 'A meeting of the commanding officers of the local volunteer corps was held at the brigade office this week, and among others who attended were Lieut.-Colonel Evanturel and Jones and Major Bonlangier, in addition to Lieut.-Colonel Pelletier, D. O. C., who presided. The subject under discussion was in reference to the work required of the militia force during the visit of their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of York in September next. It is understood that it was generally admitted, as announced in this column last week, that in order to make a creditable showing it would be necessary to bring down a couple of infantry corps and the Field Battery from Montreal, which, added to the strength of the local regiments, would permit of a splendid ceremonial parade.'

DR. GRIFFITH'S FAREWELL.

The services at the Methodist Church here yesterday were of especial interest owing to the fact that the Rev. Dr. Griffith occupied the pulpit for the last time as pastor of the church. There were large congregations both in the morning and at night and the music was of high quality. In his sermons at both services the speaker touchingly referred to his coming departure and to the pleasure he had experienced in ministering to the congregation during the past three years. He also referred especially to the members of the R. C. A. and R. C. R. I. who attended the Methodist Church, saying that he had always had great pleasure in his intercourse with the soldiers whom he complimented most highly.

THE UNION BANK OF CANADA.

The 36th annual meeting of the Union Bank of Canada was held at the banking house here on Saturday when the report presented showed the net profits for the year to have amounted to \$168,594.89, out of which \$120,000 were paid in two half-yearly three percent dividends, \$80,000 were transferred to the reserve and \$23,635.27 were carried forward. The rest account now amounts to \$550,000. Mr. A. Thomson was re-elected president and the Hon. John Sharples vice-president.

NOTES.

There was a light frost in the region around Quebec on Friday night. The provincial authorities seized a considerable quantity of trout on Saturday on the city markets, which were illegally caught by netting, and distributed them among the charitable institutions.

The steam schooner 'Marie Josephine,' which has returned from Seven Islands, reports that the search for the victims of the 'St. Olaf' disaster last fall still continues, and has thus far been rewarded by discovery of one body—that of a man, with the head gone and the flesh almost eaten away from the bones, and the finding in another place of the lower part of a human leg from the knee downward, with a black stocking and a laced boot upon it. The 'Marie Josephine' also reports the salmon fishing in the rivers along the coast as very fine just now.

The body of Mr. Toussaint, wine merchant, who has been missing since the middle of last April when he left with Pilot Bernier to go on a duck shooting expedition down the St. Lawrence, was found on Saturday on the shore near Bay St. Paul and brought back to Quebec last evening.

Auguste Flisy, the well-known music dealer of St. Joseph street, died very suddenly yesterday afternoon while out driving with Mr. J. A. Lane, M.P., and another friend.

OBITUARY.

Halifax, N.S., June 17.—Mr. James Stickham, late superintendent of education at St. John's, Newfoundland, died at Tignish, P.E.I., after a protracted illness. New York, June 17.—Mr. Thomas Curtis Clarke, consulting engineer and ex-president of the American Society of Civil Engineers, is dead at his home in this city. He was born at Newton, Mass., in 1827, and was graduated from Harvard in 1848. He was known as a bridge engineer and designer, and built over 125 miles of iron and steel bridges, viaducts and elevated railways.

Advertisements. FAN MOTORS FOR OFFICE AND STORE. GASOLINE ENGINE SPARKING OUTFITS. JOHN FORMAN, ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES, 708 and 710 Craig Street.

SNOW WHITE IS THE LATHER. Of the cleanly effective soap in clean and clear water, and snow white the linen and fleecy blankets it washes—but the pink and white of the Baby and the bronzed pelt of the athlete or veteran are as splendidly cleansed by STRACHAN'S GILT EDGE SOAP.

A SUCCESSFUL CONCERT.

A most enjoyable concert was held in the Point St. Charles Congregational Church last Thursday evening under the auspices of the trustee board by the choir of the church, assisted by the Emmanuel Congregational Church choir, under the leadership of Mr. C. C. Hole, organist. The harmony of the singing was exceptionally good. The following ladies and gentlemen also contributed to the programme, their respective numbers being heartily appreciated: Misses H. Thompson, J. F. Barker, M. Wiley and A. Kingstone, Mrs. Bean and Messrs. Lloyd Roberts, W. J. Moutie and J. Wermslinger; H. Boisgato was unavoidably detained through sickness. Col. J. H. Burland, who filled the position of chairman to the satisfaction of all, asked the audience to join with him on behalf of the pastor and trustee board in thanking those who so kindly contributed to the success of the concert. After singing the National Anthem, those who had taken part adjourned to the school room, where ice cream and refreshments were served by the members of the Ladies' Aid. This brought a successful evening to a very happy close.

MARRIAGE LICENSES, INSOLVENT ESTATES.

JOHN M. M. DUFF, CHARtered ACCOUNTANT, 107 St. James Street and 5 Selkirk Ave., Guy St.

The Grand Old Staple COOKS' FRIEND BAKING POWDER. Is NOT "Cheap" Goods, but "Good Goods" cheap. Forty years on the market with continuous large sales, proves its high merit.

ANOTHER JURY TRIAL.

A jury trial was commenced before Judge Taschereau this morning in the case of Dame C. Terrella Timossi et vir vs. Lyon Silverman. The plaintiff and her husband, Carlo Spagnoli, claim \$3,000 damages from the defendant under the following circumstances. They allege that they borrowed \$50 from Silverman, secured by the pledge of three barrels of salad oil left in his hands, and when the money loaned was returned and the barrels taken back, they were found to contain an inferior and different oil, when delivered to customers. Hence the damages now claimed. The defendant, on the other hand, holds that the two transactions were sales, he purchasing some oil from Spagnoli, and then selling him oil in his turn. A mixed jury was sworn in.

JUNIOR C. E. UNION PICNIC.

The Montreal Junior Christian Endeavor Union held its annual picnic on the mountain on Saturday afternoon, when a very pleasant time was spent. Mr. Noble Boyd, the secretary, looked after the comfort of the picnickers. The weather was ideal, and the sunbath party returned home happy and invigorated after their day spent in breathing the pure air among the pines of picturesque Mount Royal.

TRAIN CHARGES.

The following changes took place in the Montreal-Ottawa trains leaving Bonaventure, via G.T. and C.A. Railways, starting to-day: The 7.40 a.m. train is cancelled. The Express leaving at 9.15 a.m., will hereafter make all stops west of Coteau, connecting with Valleyfield, Hawkesbury and Rockland, and arriving at Ottawa at 12.20 p.m. The 4.10 p.m. Express will connect with branch lines, stopping at Glen Robertson, Alexandria and South Indian, reaching Ottawa at 6.55. The 6.45 p.m. local will run as formerly. Trains eastbound from Ottawa, will leave at 8.30 a.m., making all stops, arriving here at 11.30 a.m. Afternoon trains leave at 4 p.m. and 6.55 p.m., the former stopping at South Indian, Alexandria and Glen Robertson, arriving here at 6.40 p.m., and latter making all stops, reaching destination as previously, at 10 p.m.

Auction Sales. Fraser Brothers.

PLANTS. Great Auction Sale by Order of Mr. S. S. Bain, AT OUR ROOMS, 483 ST. JAMES STREET. TO-MORROW, COMPRISING: RUSTIC STANDS, HANGING BASKETS, BEDDING PLANTS, FLOWERING PLANTS, CREEPING PLANTS, HANGING PLANTS, etc. All first-class plants, selected from Mr. Bain's well-known stock. SALE AT 2.30 P.M. FRASER BROS., Auctioneers.

C. P. R. STRIKE

A Large Number of Men Out, According to the Committee

C.P.R. SAYS—THE ROAD IS SAFE AND EVERYTHING PROPERLY ATTENDED TO.

The C. P. R. trackmen's strike commenced this morning at six o'clock. Mr. Wilson, the president of the Brotherhood of Trackmen, says that ninety percent of the men all over the system struck.

Mr. McNicoll, general manager of the C. P. R., admits that a very considerable number of men struck work, but states that a large number still remain on duty. The roadbed was never in better condition, the system is properly patrolled, and the company has no fear as to the outcome.

With regard to the strike on the Maine Central, the C.P.R. showed a telegram, which read as follows: Portland, Me., June 17.—Mr. Evans, general manager of the Maine Central, says the committee who ordered the strike of trackmen now realize that the strike is practically over, and four members of the committee have gone back to work.

Mr. Wilson said that, so far from this being the case in regard to the Maine Central, the strike was being vigorously prosecuted. He had been speaking to many of the Italian foremen, and they said that they did not come out to this country to work for cheap wages or to degrade labor.

AT OTHER PLACES. Chatham, Ont., June 17.—About forty sectionmen on the C. P. R., comprising four gangs, went out on strike this morning at six o'clock. An effort was made to induce the men to complete some repairs to the track under way, but they refused.

FOREMAN REMAINS. Owen Sound, Ont., June 17.—The section men employed by the C. P. R. in this section struck work this morning, and the foreman going out. The men say they are out to stay if necessary.

Winnipeg, June 17.—The C. P. R. yesterday sent out a party of fifteen men who will be distributed all over the system to act as special constables to look after the line in case of trouble among the trackmen.

AT WORK OUT WEST. The general superintendent of the C. P. R. said this morning that up to 10,30, so far as he knew, no orders had been received by the trackmen on this division to cease work, and that they were still working at their usual posts.

DAILY WITNESS TO SUMMER RESORTS. The 'Daily Witness' can be supplied to those leaving the city for the summer resorts in either Canada or the United States, postpaid, at twenty-five cents per month.

DEVELOPMENT OF CAPE BRETON.

Halifax, N.S., June 17.—The southwestern portion of Cape Breton is now to the fore. The Inverness & Richmond Railway, which will eventually traverse the full length of Inverness County, was opened on Saturday, from Broad Cove to Port Hastings. Fifty-seven miles of the road are now in operation.

FILIPINO OUTRAGES

A MURDEROUS BAND WHICH SLAUGHTERS HELPLESS MEN AND WOMEN.

Washington, D.C., June 17.—A Philippine mail brings to the War Department the records of eleven cases wherein Filipinos were tried by military commissions on charges including the murder, kidnapping, assault and battery, burglary and violation of the rules of war.

An especially notable case arose out of the operations of a famous out-bound band of Filipinos called the Society of the 'Sandathans'. The principal officers of this society, next to a triumvirate of chiefs, are a chief executioner and assistants and a requisite number of grave-diggers who participate in the self-appointed work of the bands.

LADY MINTO'S TOUR. Niagara Falls, N.Y., June 17.—Lady Minto, the wife of the Governor-General of Canada, accompanied by Mrs. Maude and her children, who have been visiting the Falls, left here this morning on the International Navigation Company's steamer for Buffalo, where she will be the guest of the director-general, Mr. Buchanan.

LORD PAUNCEFOTE. New York, June 17.—A London cable to the 'Tribune' says: Rumors of the early retirement of Lord Pauncefoot have been re-started by his arrival in London with his family. It is said, as it has repeatedly been said before, that he will not remain in the diplomatic service for many months, and, as he is now 73 years old, he has certainly earned a rest from his heavy responsibilities.

TO WOMEN WHO SEEK STAGE RENOWN. London, June 15.—Mrs. Kendal thus tellingly epitomizes the qualities essential to a woman seeking renown on the stage: 'The face of a goddess, the strength of a lion, the figure of a Venus, the voice of a dove, the temper of an angel, the grace of a swan, the agility of an antelope and the skin of a rhinoceros.'

LAMB-BIRMINGHAM. The marriage was celebrated this morning of Miss Agnes Birmingham, sister-in-law of the Hon. Wm. Hart, and John Henry Lamb, C.E., Toronto, who at present holds a position in Winnipeg.

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WILFRID BLONDIN

BELIEVED TO BE IN SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

It is now known that Wilfrid Blondin, husband of the woman whose headless body was found a few days ago in the woods at Chelmsford, Mass., left Boston, where he is supposed to have murdered his wife, for Springfield, Mass., on Wednesday last.

PROVINCIAL MINISTERS IN TOWN.

All the members of the local Cabinet with the exception of the Hon. Mr. Duffy, were in the city this morning, and held a council meeting at the government offices, St. Gabriel street. It is surmised that the appointment of the Quebec sheriff was discussed, but no decision was arrived at and the ministers will meet again to-morrow morning.

ROSLYN LADIES' COLLEGE.

Mr. Arnold, principal of Roslyn College, has issued his annual report, and states that the work of the past year has been most satisfactory, both in class work and in written examinations. He also states that when an epidemic was prevalent among young people during the winter, this school was almost entirely free from illness.

STAY OF PROCEEDINGS ORDERED. In the case of the town of St. Louis vs. the Montreal Park & Island Railway Company, Judge Mathieu has ordered a stay of the proceedings until the Privy Council has given its decision on the issues raised to annul the contract of April, 1893, between the town of St. Louis and Corvieveau.

CITY ITEMS.

The remains of Pierre Rivard, of 108 Inspector street, who died suddenly on Friday, were taken to Vermont last night for burial, a deputation of the Grand Army of the Republic accompanying the body to the station.

GRAIN INSPECTORSHIP. SECOND TORONTO EXAMINATION RESULTS IN ONE PLUCKED CANDIDATE PASSING, AND TWO NEW ONES.

The curtain has fallen on the third act of the 'Grain Inspectors' Examination Comedy. On Thursday last, a second examination was held in Toronto, at which Mr. Wm. Hutchinson, was not present. One of the plucked candidates, who is said to be in the running for the chief inspectorship, Mr. W. E. Milner, presented himself, however, and passed triumphantly.

ANNEX KINDERGARTEN. Miss L. McDonald, daughter of the Rev. Dr. McDonald, of Dundee, has for some months been conducting a private kindergarten school at 44 Waverley street, Montreal Annex. On Thursday evening closing exercises of a very interesting character were held, marking the end of the first term.

STOWAWAYS ON SS. LAKE SUPERIOR. The Elder-Dempster liner SS. 'Lake Superior' in her trip to Vancouver, was in addition to the passengers and crew no fewer than 19 stowaways. On arrival at the port no fewer than 10 of the 19 managed to effect their escape from the ship.

LOCAL STOCKS

There was a good stiff market this morning for a few stocks, but as was the case last week, trading was very narrow. Montreal Power stock received a boost, and Street Railway and Richelieu were strong.

C.P.R.—25 at 103 1/2, 200 at 104, 10 at 104 1/2, 25 at 104 1/2, 50 at 104, 13 at 104 1/2. M.S.R.—25 at 294, 15 at 294, 225 at 295, 15 at 295, 50 at 295, 100 at 294 1/2, 25 at 294 1/2. Toronto Railway—100 at 109 1/2, 25 at 109. Twin City—275 at 88, 50 at 88 1/2, 50 at 88 1/2.

AFTERNOON SALES. Montreal Power—450 at 100, 15 at 100, 50 at 100, 100 at 100, 5 at 100, 20 at 100, 20 at 100, 5 at 100, 14 at 100, 80 at 100, 25 at 100. Dom. Coal—25 at 38, 125 at 38 1/2, 75 at 38 1/2, 75 at 38 1/2, 100 at 39. Dom. Steel pref.—25 at 84. Bank of Montreal—9 at 255, 9 at 255. Can. Col. Cotton Bonds—\$2,000 at 99; \$13,000 at 99.

AFTERNOON BOARD. Stocks Sellers Buyers. Montreal Pwr. 104 1/2 104 1/2. Dom. Coal 38 1/2 38 1/2. Dom. Steel pref. 84 84. Bank of Montreal 255 255. Can. Col. Cotton Bonds 99 99.

NEW YORK STOCKS. New York, June 17, Wall Street.—St. Paul led the advance in a strong market at the opening. Fifteen thousand shares of that stock changed hands at 18 1/2 to 19 1/2 compared with 18 1/2 on Saturday.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST. Opening and Closing Prices—10 a.m. and 3 p.m. Atchafalpa 88 1/2 89 1/2. Atchafalpa prfd. 105 105 1/2. Can. Pacific 104 104 1/2.

CHICAGO MARKETS. Range of prices on the Chicago Board of Trade, June 17, 1901: Wheat July 70 1/2 70 1/2 69 3/4 70 1/2 70 1/2. Sept. 69 69 3/4 68 3/4 69 3/4 68 3/4.

CHICAGO CATTLE. Chicago, June 17.—Cattle, receipts, 23,000; choice steady; others weak; good to prime steers, \$5.30 to \$6.20; poor to medium, at \$4.35 to \$5.20; stockers and feeders, \$2 to \$3; cows, \$2.70 to \$4.90; heifers, \$2.75 to \$5; canners, \$2 to \$2.65; bulls, \$2.30 to \$4.50; calves, \$4.50 to \$6.25; Texas fed steers, at \$4.15 to \$5.20; Texas bulls, \$2.75 to \$3.75.

FINANCIAL NOTES. London, June 17, 4 P.M.—Consols, for money, 93 1/2; do., for the account, 93 11/16. Atchison, 90; C.P.R., 106 1/2; St. Paul, 188 1/2; Illinois Central, 148; Louisville, 113 1/2; Union Pacific, 124; N.Y.C., 161; Erie, 45 1/2; Pennsylvania, 78 1/2; Reading, 24 1/2; Erie, first pd., 72 1/2; Northern Pacific, 10 1/2; Grand Trunk, 11 1/2; Anaconda, 10 1/2; Rand Mines, 42 1/2; U. S. Steel, 50 1/2; do., pd., 10 1/2.

STOWAWAYS ON SS. LAKE SUPERIOR. The Elder-Dempster liner SS. 'Lake Superior' in her trip to Vancouver, was in addition to the passengers and crew no fewer than 19 stowaways. On arrival at the port no fewer than 10 of the 19 managed to effect their escape from the ship.

COMFORT FOR POOR SLEEPERS.

The Mystery of Sleep—Insomnia a Warning of Overwork or Approaching Nervous Collapse Which is Not to be Lightly Disregarded.

Robbery of Sleep One of the Worst of Crimes—Dr. Chase's Nerve Food by Building Up Blood and Nerves Restores Restful Sleep.

'Sleep is the vacation of the soul; it is the mind gone into the playground of dreams; it is the relaxation of muscles, and the solace of the nerves; it is the hush of activities; it is a calming of the pulse; it is a breathing much slower but much deeper; it is a temporary oblivion of all caring cares; it is a doctor recognized by all schools of medicine. Lack of sleep puts patients on the rack of torture or in the mad-house, or in the grave.'

Agents wanted for Dr. Chase's Last and Complete Receipt Book.

have pointed out certain elements of nature as being peculiarly suited to the needs of an exhausted nervous system. Through the medium of the blood and nervous system these restoratives carry new life and vital energy to every nerve cell in the human anatomy.

TORONTO MINING EXCHANGE.

Toronto, June 17.—Sales: Giant—4,000 at 3 1/2. White Bear—2,000 at 2. War Eagle—750 at 20. Deer Trail—2,000 at 2 1/2. Total, 9,000.

HOCHELAGA BANK.

The annual statement of the Hochelaga Bank, presented to the shareholders at the twenty-seventh annual meeting on Saturday, continues the succession of satisfactory annual reports this year. The net earnings were \$180,768, or 12.5% percent on its paid-up capital of \$1,500,000.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

Chicago, June 17.—Cattle, receipts, 23,000; choice steady; others weak; good to prime steers, \$5.30 to \$6.20; poor to medium, at \$4.35 to \$5.20; stockers and feeders, \$2 to \$3; cows, \$2.70 to \$4.90; heifers, \$2.75 to \$5; canners, \$2 to \$2.65; bulls, \$2.30 to \$4.50; calves, \$4.50 to \$6.25; Texas fed steers, at \$4.15 to \$5.20; Texas bulls, \$2.75 to \$3.75.

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CANNOT ACCEPT I.C.R. SHIPMENTS.

The following notice has been issued to shippers by Mr. W. B. Bulling, general freight agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway, dated June 15: From date hereof this company will be unable to accept shipments of freight originating at Montreal and destined to points on the Intercolonial Railway.

RESPONSIBILITY OF EMPLOYEES.

Judge Delormier rendered judgment this morning in the case of Henry Keenan equal vs. F. C. Skeiton. The plaintiff, as tutor to his minor daughter Sarah, claimed \$1,900 damages on account of injuries received by her while working in defendant's shirt and collar factory.

MR. LANGLOIS CONGRATULATED.

A number of the conferees of Mr. Godfrey Langlois, chief editor of the 'Parade', assembled at the St. Lawrence Hall, on Saturday afternoon, to congratulate him on having been honored with the 'Palme Academique' by the French Government.

SHIPPING.

The Dominion Line SS. Camborne, from Portland, passed Broad Head, Ireland, at 8 a.m. to-day.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

London, June 16.—The Lucania, the first of the Cunard line to be fitted with Marconi system made communication with the shore when 20 miles from Liverpool.

BIRTHS.

MUR—At Kelowna, B.C., on June 1, 1901, the wife of the Rev. P. D. Mur, of a daughter.

MARRIED.

TABER—HUTCHINS—On Wednesday, June 12, 1901, at St. Augustine Church, East Farnham, by the Rev. R. D. Mills, M.A., assisted by the Rev. John Dennis, Percival Walter Taber, to Harriet Matilda, daughter of Rodney Hutchins.

WERVE—McDONALD.

At the residence of the bride's parents, Pickford, Mich., on June 5, 1901, by the Rev. W. J. James, more, John P. Werve, of Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., to Hope E., youngest daughter of Wm. McDonald.

DIED.

FELLOWS—On June 1, 1901, at Swindon, England, of acute pneumonia, Frederick Burrington Fellows, of St. Heliers, Jersey, eldest son of the late Hon. James J. Fellows, Agent-General for New Brunswick, wick, aged 48.

NEWELL.

At Hensel, North Dakota, on May 12, 1901, Samuel Newell, at the age of 86 years, formerly of New Glasgow, Que.

Financial.

EDWARD T. TAYLOR & SON Insurance Brokers and Agents. Money to Loan on Mortgage. 45 ST. FRANCIS XAVIER STREET. Tel. Main 2105.

PATENTS IN ALL COUNTRIES GUARANTEED BEAUDRY & BROWN CIVIL ENGINEERS AND LAND SURVEYORS 307 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL

FLAT TO LET, 72 SOUVENIR AVENUE, \$18 per month; thoroughly furnished; electric new and nice; possession at once. H. M. SIMPSON, 23 Canada Life Bldg. In. Tel. Main 3344.



STREET LIGHTING

Tenders for New Contracts Opened on Saturday

SIX TENDERS RECEIVED, AND ALL LOWER THAN THE TERMS OF THE PRESENT CONTRACT.

The Fire and Light Committee sat on Saturday to open the tenders for the street lighting contract. Ald. Hart presided, and all the members were present. As was expected, all of the tenders were considerably lower than the present contract.

At the opening of the meeting Ald. Hart asked whether the Committee intended to hold each tenderer responsible for having a cheque receipt for \$50,000, enclosed in the envelope. That was according to the advertisement, but it might happen that the money was deposited without the accompanying receipt from the city treasurer.

Ald. Ames then moved that the six tenders be sent to council, with the recommendation that the contract be given to the lowest responsible tenderer.

Ald. Lavallee—in his motion Ald. Ames has given the very reason for delay. He speaks of the lowest responsible tenderer. Now that is the very reason they all ought to be studied. I did not mention this before, but now that the suggestion has been made I may say this is the reason—or one of them—why delay is necessary.

The motion of Ald. Ames was then considered and voted down by 4 to 2, composed of the same names as already given.

Ald. Ames moved: "That this meeting do now adjourn till Tuesday, at 3 p.m., to then take into consideration and draft a report to council upon the offers for electric street lighting, it being understood that no document on the subject not already before the committee be taken into consideration."

Ald. Lavallee—I think it will be time enough for Ald. Ames to speak of other documents when they are produced.

Ald. Ames said something about having experience in that sort of thing before. The motion for simple adjournment finally carried.

Ald. Ames—Oh, I am willing to waive that technicality, and admit that the Royal Electric Company have one bona fide tender before us. They have offered to supply electric light at \$95 a lamp. They have also sent in a letter which I know nothing about.

Ald. Lavallee—I am glad to hear it, but the rest of us would like to know a little more. We don't know whether this letter is a tender or not, and want to know.

Ald. Ames—The question is simply this: All tenderers were notified to submit a price on our printed form, and on no other. The Royal Electric Company has done so, in one instance. This is regular; but their letter is not written on our form, and, therefore, it is not in order.

Ald. Lamarche pointed out the letter might throw some light on the tender from the company, and he saw no harm in having it read.

It was then suggested to the chairman that, according to the advertisement, neither the tender nor the letter was in form. He replied it had already been decided to accept any tender provided the \$50,000, he received. "We agreed at first," he added, "to accept such tenders, no matter whether the cheque was actually in the envelope or not. So long as we have the cheque in our possession we ought to be satisfied."

Ald. Lamarche then moved to have the letter read, considering the company was a tenderer.

Ald. Ames—I will agree to that if you strike out the last reference. I have no objection if you speak of the letter, and I now move that it be read simply.

This was lost—Ald. Lavallee, Lamarche, Lansey and Chausse in the negative, and Ald. Ames and Bumbury in the affirmative.

Ald. Lamarche pressed his motion, and it was carried on the same vote above, reversed.

Mr. Rene Bauset then began to read the letter in both French and English. It was signed by Mr. R. Forget, president of the company, and referred to the good service supplied during the last fifteen years. Since that time a big reserve plant has been established at Chambly as a further guarantee against mishap. It seemed reasonable that some notice should be taken of this in addition to the tender price. The letter continued:

"We declare ourselves ready to accept a new contract, according to the specifications annexed. Since we are to have hydraulic power, which will permit us to light the city at a price considerably less than the stipulations in the present contract, we are, therefore, ready to accept a new contract for either five or ten years, on such conditions that, all things being considered, the city will have reason to believe as advantageous as those which may be offered by other tenderers, taking into consideration the price, and also the security, and the regularity of the service, as guaranteed by past experience."

"As a contract of this nature always raises questions of details, as also it may be in the interest of the city to make certain modifications in the specifications which are the base of the contract, as for example, there may be an ambiguity about the model of the lamp, although we have reason to believe it is the intention of the city, in its own interest, to have the lamp actually used by the Royal Electric Company, although it is a fact that this lamp is more expensive than others of inferior model. We declare

ourselves ready to meet the committee to discuss these questions of detail, and to decide definitely the clauses of the contract. For our part we are disposed to accept all modifications which the committee will believe in the interest of the city to make, provided that they do not materially change the specifications."

Ald. Lavallee then moved: "That the committee do adjourn to Tuesday, at 3 p.m., to study the different tenders opened to-day, before the committee, and to decide what action should be taken."

Ald. Hart—Why make any further study of the matter? We have the lowest tender here as plain as day."

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flag; outside of this, the so-called patriotic demonstrations are very often nothing else but chauvinism, straw fire, of twenty-four hours' duration. Our French-Canadian fellow-citizen will no doubt not forget, on that memorable day, that the time for race hatred has passed away, and that while preserving the temperament which is proper to them, their duty is to draw nearer to their fellow-citizens of a different origin in order to be better known and appreciated; they will remember that the time has arrived to close the mouth of the squallers who try to arouse the people with the cry of 'Eie upon the English' and to spread hatred between races naturally born to understand one another and hold the first rank in the world. To preach a drawing nearer together and to practice it sincerely is, according to us, the best kind of patriotism for the advantage of Canada.

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Ald. Lavallee—I am glad to hear it, but the rest of us would like to know a little more. We don't know whether this letter is a tender or not, and want to know.

Ald. Ames—The question is simply this: All tenderers were notified to submit a price on our printed form, and on no other. The Royal Electric Company has done so, in one instance. This is regular; but their letter is not written on our form, and, therefore, it is not in order.

Ald. Lamarche pointed out the letter might throw some light on the tender from the company, and he saw no harm in having it read.

It was then suggested to the chairman that, according to the advertisement, neither the tender nor the letter was in form. He replied it had already been decided to accept any tender provided the \$50,000, he received. "We agreed at first," he added, "to accept such tenders, no matter whether the cheque was actually in the envelope or not. So long as we have the cheque in our possession we ought to be satisfied."

Ald. Lamarche then moved to have the letter read, considering the company was a tenderer.

Ald. Ames—I will agree to that if you strike out the last reference. I have no objection if you speak of the letter, and I now move that it be read simply.

This was lost—Ald. Lavallee, Lamarche, Lansey and Chausse in the negative, and Ald. Ames and Bumbury in the affirmative.

Ald. Lamarche pressed his motion, and it was carried on the same vote above, reversed.

Mr. Rene Bauset then began to read the letter in both French and English. It was signed by Mr. R. Forget, president of the company, and referred to the good service supplied during the last fifteen years. Since that time a big reserve plant has been established at Chambly as a further guarantee against mishap. It seemed reasonable that some notice should be taken of this in addition to the tender price. The letter continued:

"We declare ourselves ready to accept a new contract, according to the specifications annexed. Since we are to have hydraulic power, which will permit us to light the city at a price considerably less than the stipulations in the present contract, we are, therefore, ready to accept a new contract for either five or ten years, on such conditions that, all things being considered, the city will have reason to believe as advantageous as those which may be offered by other tenderers, taking into consideration the price, and also the security, and the regularity of the service, as guaranteed by past experience."

"As a contract of this nature always raises questions of details, as also it may be in the interest of the city to make certain modifications in the specifications which are the base of the contract, as for example, there may be an ambiguity about the model of the lamp, although we have reason to believe it is the intention of the city, in its own interest, to have the lamp actually used by the Royal Electric Company, although it is a fact that this lamp is more expensive than others of inferior model. We declare

ourselves ready to meet the committee to discuss these questions of detail, and to decide definitely the clauses of the contract. For our part we are disposed to accept all modifications which the committee will believe in the interest of the city to make, provided that they do not materially change the specifications."

Ald. Lavallee then moved: "That the committee do adjourn to Tuesday, at 3 p.m., to study the different tenders opened to-day, before the committee, and to decide what action should be taken."

Ald. Hart—Why make any further study of the matter? We have the lowest tender here as plain as day."

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For Papineauville, Browns, Montebello, Hawkesbury, etc., take Str. PRINCESS, Tuesdays and Fridays, at 5.30 p.m. Freight and Passengers carried at lowest rates.

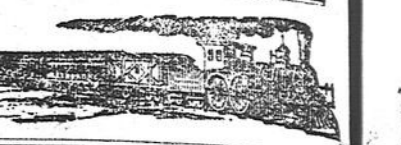
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Good Going June 17th June 21st. Good Returning June 24th leaving Buffalo June 26th leaving Buffalo.

Every day \$10.25 8 days after day of sale. Every day \$11.90 15 days including day of sale. Trains leave Windsor St. Station 8.35 a.m. week days and 10 p.m. daily.

MONTREAL AND OTTAWA. TRAIN SERVICE.

Change in Time commencing JUNE 11. Leave Windsor St.—9.30 a.m., 11.10 p.m.

Arrive Windsor St.—8.20 a.m., 11.20 p.m., 11.50 p.m., 11.55 p.m., 11.55 p.m., 11.55 p.m.

ST. ANDREWS-BY-THE-SEA Sleeping Car Service. Commencing June 25th, and Tuesdays and Fridays thereafter.

PORTLAND SLEEPING CAR SERVICE. Through sleeper leaves Windsor St. Station 8 p.m. daily, except Saturdays, for Portland, Me.

OLD ORCHARD SERVICE. Through sleeper will leave Montreal Windsor St. 8 p.m. daily, commencing June 25th.

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BUFFALO

RETURN FARES FROM MONTREAL. Good Going. Fare. Good Returning.

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Excursion Fares from all other stations. Tickets Valid on All Trains.

OLD ORCHARD BEACH. Through sleeping and parlor car service between Montreal and Old Orchard Beach will commence June 23rd.

Excursion tickets now on sale. City Ticket Offices: 157 St. James street, Telephone: Main 460; Main 461; or Best-View Station.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 18, 1901, trains will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:

THE MARITIME EXPRESS will leave daily, except on Saturday, at 12.00 p.m. for N.B., and other points in the Maritime Provinces.

THE LOCAL EXPRESS will leave daily, except on Sunday, at 7.40 a.m., due to arrive at Levis at 1.00 p.m.; Riviere du Loup at 5.00 p.m.; St. Plavie at 8.00 p.m., and Little Metis at 8.25 p.m.

THE SEASIDE EXPRESS will leave on Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays at 7.45 p.m.

ACCOMMODATION FOR LEVIS leave daily, except on Sunday, at 11.30 p.m., due to arrive at Levis at 7.20 a.m., and connecting with accommodation for Campbellton, N.B.

ACCOMMODATION FOR NICOLET leave daily, except Sunday, at 4.30 p.m. Accommodation from Nicolet arrives in Montreal daily, except Sunday, at 10.30 a.m.

Verdun trains, with luxurious Sleeping and Dining Cars and First-Class Coaches on the Maritime Express.

Moncton, N.B., June 6, 1901. H. A. PRICE, Assistant General Passenger Agent, 143 St. James street, Montreal.

JAMES HARDWELL, Assistant General Freight Agent.

130 St. James St., cor. St. Francois Xavier, J. W. BRYSON, City Ticket Agent, 143 St. James street, Montreal.

ARE YOU GOING TO THE SEASIDE OR COUNTRY?

The Publishers of the "Witness" have again opened the SUMMER RESORT INFORMATION BUREAU, at the "WITNESS" PRINTING HOUSE, corner of Craig and St. Peter streets, where those contemplating going to a Summer Resort may, at their leisure, look over interesting Booklets, Pamphlets and Cards, descriptive of the leading Summer Resorts of Canada, and the United States. Also time tables of Railways and Steamboats reaching these resorts, together

Advertisements.

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LEADING SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

CADBURY'S COCOA, ABSOLUTELY PURE, THEREFORE BEST. NO CHEMICALS USED.

PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION.

At the annual meeting of the Pharmaceutical Association of the Province of Quebec, held in the College of Pharmacy, 585 LaGauchetiere street, S. Lachance, president, occupied the chair and Mr. E. Muir, the registrar, acted as secretary.

MR. IRVINE GIVES UP HIS ACTION.

Mr. James Irvine, who had instituted a \$5,000 action of damages against Mr. Peter E. Campbell and Captain Stanley Gillespie, in connection with his recent trial, has now abandoned all proceedings against them and given notice to that effect.

[For the 'Witness' OTHER VOICES.

Even though these dark days reek of mist and madness, (City plaint can find no rest and scarce a soul rejoices.) Still above the sullied snows and all their miry sadness, Comes to me distinctly the sound of other voices.

Voices of woodlands arising from their sleeping, Calling me, a brother voice, afar from vague despair; Breaking buds that murmur low of joyousness they're keeping, Till their leaf-song bursts, at length, a paean on the air.

Now I hear the whisper of bloodroot on the mountain, Bright and pure its snowy buds and golden is its heart, Underneath the azure skies it sparkles as a fountain, Seen in spring, and of the year no more to share a part.

On the wings of morning, hear the ferns a-flutter, As their fronds unfurl and spread to greet the glorious day; Whimpering streams ride down the hills to shame the city gutter, Till the river claims its own and bears them swift away.

BIBLE GLEANINGS.

MONDAY, JUNE 17. CHRIST IN PSALM XL.

This is one of the Messianic Psalms which sets forth the sufferings of Jesus. 1. A Great Sufferer. In a horrible pit, Innumerable evils surrounded him. Iniquities had overtaken him. The sense of guilt oppressed him. His heart failed him, broken within him. v. 12 and Ps. lxxx, 20) 2. The Holy One of God. (v. 8, 9, 10.) As the two perfect tables were in the ark, so God's perfect law was in the heart of Christ. (Heb. vii, 26-28.) Though He touched the sinner He was not defiled by the sinner's sin. The word for holy used here means, kind, gracious. It sets forth the excellence of Jesus. 3. 'The Taught One.' 'Mine ears hast Thou opened.' (v. 6.) So in Isa. l, 4, 'He wakeneth mine ear to hear.' He knew all the Divine mind. (vs. 5, 6, 9, 10.) 4. The Obedient One, delighting in doing the Father's will. (v. 8.) Always pleasing God. (Jno. viii, 29.) 5. The Praying One. (vs. 1, 13, 17.) He cast Himself upon God. (See Heb. v, 7.) 6. The Delivered One. (v. 2.) God brought Him out of the pit and established His going. God raised him from the dead and highly exalted Him. 7. The Rejoicing One. He hath put a new song in my mouth. (v. 3.) All believers shall rejoice in, and with Him. (v. 16.)

THE FUSILIERS.

Annual Inspection of the Prince of Wales' Regiment

A VERY SEVERE TEST MOST SATISFACTORILY UNDERGONE—A SPLENDID PARADE.

The 1st Prince of Wales Fusiliers had a splendid turnout for their annual inspection on Saturday afternoon, and did remarkably well. It was certainly by far the most exacting inspection of the year, and there have been none more free from errors. With 614 men on parade, a bright, well set up, husky lot, it made a magnificent regiment, and there was not a weak spot, from the line of stalwart pioneers to the very handy and smart stretcher-bearer section. The brass band was especially admired, being one of the very best military bands in Canada, and probably in America. The regiment was complete in all its accessories, bicycle corps, buglers, two bands, etc. The colors were of course draped, and the officers wore mourning badges on their arms. The parade state was as follows:

Three field officers, eight captains, five lieutenants, five second lieutenants, one adjutant, one quartermaster, one surgeon, one paymaster, one regimental sergeant-major, one regimental quartermaster sergeant, one bandmaster, one sergeant drummer, one orderly room sergeant, one paymaster sergeant, thirty-two sergeants, thirty-one corporals, twelve drummers and buglers, thirty-six bandmen and 432 privates.

The field and staff officers associated with Lieut.-Col. Cooke were Majors Finlayson and Dobbin, Captain and Paymaster Lefebvre, Quartermaster and Captain W. Simpson, Lieut.-Adjutant G. Ferguson and Surgeon-Lieut. D. D. McTaggart. The company officers were as follows:

No. 1, Lieut. Cowper, Lieut. Horstall; No. 2, Capt. W. G. Browne, Lieut. W. P. Stewart, formerly of the 66th Fusiliers, Halifax; No. 3, Capt. G. L. Dobbin, Lieut. Winans; No. 4, Capt. W. E. Browne, Lieut. Adams; No. 5, Capt. Heriot, Lieut. Butler; No. 6, Capt. Stuart, Lieut. C. E. Dobbin; No. 7, Lieut. Clark, Lieut. Howard; No. 8, Capt. A. Laurie, Lieut. Bonham.

Lieut.-Col. Vidal, assistant adjutant-general, was the inspecting officer, and he left no part of regimental work untested. It was a thorough inspection, so thorough that even the company officers were tested in regimental command, one officer, Captain Brown, being called out unprepared to give the detail, and put the regiment through a deployment to either flank while on the move.

The difficult piece of work was exceptionally well done. The inspecting officer followed the usual routine of annual inspection with the reception in line followed by the march past in column and quarter column. Then followed battalion movements, deployments, square formations, and an exposition of the attack drill, in which not merely one or two companies, but the whole strong regiment participated.

After the inspection Lieut.-Col. Vidal addressed the officers and said he was thoroughly satisfied with the inspection. The men were turned out clean and soldierly and were a smart, servicable lot. Their marching and work altogether was exceptionally good, and it would give him great pleasure to report to the general officer commanding, who regretted his inability to be present, that after a thorough and trying test he found the regiment in a very efficient state.

After the inspection Lieut.-Col. Vidal and his staff were the guests at dinner of Lieut.-Col. Cooke and the officers of the regiment. Lieut.-Col. Cooke will leave next Saturday on a trip to Europe.

THE IMMIGRANTS' CEMETERY.

(True Witness.)

It will be remembered that on May 27 last a meeting of delegates from the Irish societies and of representatives chosen from the five Irish parishes unanimously passed resolutions protesting against the threatened acquisition by the Grand Trunk of the cemetery at Point St. Charles, and requesting Archbishop Bond, as owner and trustee to require the Grand Trunk to restore the monument to its place in the cemetery at Point St. Charles. A committee was appointed to act with a view to accomplishing the wishes of the meeting, which was adjourned to June 17, Monday evening next, if not sooner convened, as it was expected that before that date the committee would be in a position to report that Archbishop Bond had definitely refused to transfer the cemetery to the railway company. However, the three weeks are nearly up, and no meeting has been called. We do not blame the committee, because we do not know that there has been neglect on their part, but from the fact of their not being ready to report sooner the inference is rather that difficulties have arisen where none should have been found.

We understand that the matter has been referred by Archbishop Bond to a committee of the Synod of the Church of England. However, the ultimate decision rests with His Grace, as well as the responsibility. And, therefore, while his committee may hesitate and delay, we still have no reason to anticipate that Archbishop Bond will ever consent to make over to the Grand Trunk the graves of our unfortunate countrymen of 1847-48, which were committed in trust to the Lord Bishop of Montreal in his corporate capacity and to his successors in office.

Ceylon and India Tea.

GREEN OR BLACK

The MERIT of the BLACKS has conquered even conservative opposition to change. The GREENS are a REVELATION. Try them.

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS IN BULK OR PACKETS.

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Carter, Galbraith & Co., Laporte, Martin & Cie., L. Chaput, Fils & Cie., Ozo Tea Co.

"SALADA" Ceylon Teas are sold in Sealed Lead Packets only. Black, Mixed, Uncolored Ceylon Green. Free Samples sent. Address "SALADA," Montreal.

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Good Health,

WILL USE

COWAN'S Hygienic Cocoa,

It is absolutely pure, very nutritious, and the best thing to give your children.

COWAN'S Queen's Dessert Chocolate

Is the Standard of Excellence.

COLLYER & BROCK Electrical Engineers and Contractors 52 STREET RAILWAY CHAMBERS Also WIRING & FITTING for PRIVATE HOUSES, Etc.

SORE FEET.

If your feet are sore, tired and aching, FOOT ELM can give you wonderful ease and comfort. Price, 25c a box at all drug-gists, or sent by mail, postage free. STOTT & JURY, Bowmanville, Ont.

Cancer, Cancer.

Dr. Percy's Anti-Cancer

Is very highly recommended for the Relief and Cure of Cancer, Tumors, Scrofula and Diseases of the Skin. Sufferers are invited to give it a trial. For sale by J. A. HART, Druggist, 1780 Notre Dame St. Country orders promptly filled.

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SMITH, MARKEY & MONTGOMERY, ADVOCATES, BARRISTERS, &c., TEMPLE BUILDING, 185 ST. JAMES STREET. ROBT. C. SMITH, Q.C. FRED. H. MARKEY. GEO. H. A. MONTGOMERY.

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Notices.

NOTICE.—Superior Court, Montreal, No. 2451. Dame Georgette Massieu, wife of Horace Boissieu, trader, both of Montreal, has sued her said husband in separation as to property. Montreal, May 22nd, 1901. HORACE ST. LOUIS, Attorney for plaintiff.

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READABLE PARAGRAPHS.

A SOUTHERN COMPROMISE.

Booker Washington is largely responsible for the increased respect paid to his race, and I refer again with pleasure to the universal confidence and admiration that is expressed everywhere for that man. I heard the other day of an Atlanta lady, of Southern birth and Southern prejudices who had a Northern philanthropist as a guest at her dinner table. He several times alluded to 'Mr. Washington.' She tried to hold her temper, but finally broke out and exclaimed:

'If you don't stop calling that nigger "mister" I don't know what I will do! 'What shall I call him?' inquired the innocent Northern.

'We all call him "Professor Washington,"' she replied.

And that reminds me of another story of an old-fashioned Southern gentleman at Tuskegee, who, referring to the same subject, said:

'We have too much self-respect to call a nigger "mister," and we have too much respect for him to call him Booker Washington without a prefix, hence we call him "Professor." '—Chicago 'Record-Herald.'

THE MODERN RUSH.

Isabel—I can't understand what keeps postmen so busy.' Jane—'What do you mean?' Isabel—'Why, I don't get time to answer letters, and all the other girls say they don't get time to write letters.'—Chicago 'Tribune.'

Old Bachelor (to his housekeeper)—'I don't think this is the usual kind of tea, Martha. What sort of packet did it come in?' Martha—'Faix, an' I think, now, the tin merchant said it came in a stame packet all the way from Ceylon.'—'Pick-Me-Up.'

WISE AS SOLOMON.

Two ladies contended for precedence in the court of Charles the Fifth. They appealed to the monarch, who, like Solomon, awarded: 'Let the eldest go first.' Such a dispute was never known afterward.—'Arzonaut.'

Advertisements.

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2561 ST. CATHERINE STREET, Beautiful Portraits. Latest and most Artistic Finishes. New Mounting. Telephone Ep. 2172.

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FOR THE SPRING TRADE. NEW MOUNTINGS and FRAMES Cheaper than ever. G. W. WILSON & SONS, Manufacturers of Mountings and Frames 688 Cmt. St., Next door to the 'Witness' Office.

HAIR IN THE COMB.

A bad sign you are growing bald. Stop it now. Use DE. WHEAT'S ELECTRIC COMB.—You will find no more combings, and your hair will stay where it belongs. The comb is everlasting, and is sold on a guarantee. Price, 40c. Send Post Card for particulars. Dr. White's Electric Comb Agency 12 St. John St.

THE LAKE OF THE WOODS

MILLING COMPANY, Limited. Mills at Keewatin and Portage la Prairie Manitoba. CAPACITY, 3,500 BARRELS DAILY. Eastern Office, No. 10 C.P.R. Telegraph Building, St. Francois Xavier St.

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Montreal City & District Savings Bank.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of Eight Dollars per Share on the Capital Stock of this institution has been declared, and the same will be payable at its banking house in this city on and after TUESDAY, the 2nd Day of July Next. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 15th to the 30th of June next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board, H. Y. BARBEAU, Montreal, 29th May, 1901. Manager.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

Servicable Steel and Iron Rails.

Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the outside "Tender for Rails," will be received until MONDAY, JUNE 24th, 1901, from persons wishing to purchase the whole or any part of the following:

3,520 tons of used Steel Rails and fastenings. These rails weigh about fifty six pounds a yard, and can be seen along the Railway, between Sydney and Point Tupper.

Also 700 tons of used Iron Rails and fastenings. These rails weigh about thirty eight pounds a yard, and can be seen along the Prince Edward Island Railway.

The steel rails will be delivered free of freight charges at any station of the Intercolonial Railway, and the iron rails will be delivered free of freight charges at any station of the Prince Edward Island Railway.

Payment must be made in cash on delivery. Tenders must state the price per gross ton, also the place and time that delivery will be taken. The Department will not be bound to accept the highest or any tender. D. POTTINGER, General Manager, Moncton, N. B., 10th June, 1901.

SET BACK FOR DE WETT

Willy Boer Beaten by Gen. Elliot During the March From Vrede.

VICTORIAN RIFLES SURPRISED NEAR WELMANSRUST.

London, June 17.—Lord Kitchener reports to the War Office from Pretoria, as follows:

During the march from Vrede Gen. Elliot's column engaged De Wetz near Reitz, on June 6. After severe fighting they captured seventy-one loaded wagons, forty-five prisoners, fifty-eight rifles, 1,000 rounds of ammunition, and 4,000 cattle.

The Boers left seventeen killed and three wounded.

Our casualties were three officers and 17 men killed and one officer and 24 men wounded.

London, June 17.—Lord Kitchener also cables from Pretoria, under yesterday's date, as follows:

Near Welmansrust, twenty miles south of Middleburg, 250 Victorian Mounted Rifles, from General Beaton's column, were surprised in a camp at Steenkool-spruit, by a superior force of Boers, at 7.30 p.m., on June 12. The enemy crept up to within short range, and poured in a deadly fire into the camp, killing two officers and sixteen men, and wounding four officers and thirty-eight men, of whom twenty-eight were slightly wounded. Only two officers and 50 men escaped to General Beaton's camp. The remainder were taken prisoners and released. Two pom-poms were captured by the enemy. Full details have not yet been received.

BOER ACTIVITY.

London, June 17.—Whatever may be the truth in regard to the reported peace negotiations in South Africa, the commands in the field are evidently not a party to them. In addition to the defeat at Steenkoolspruit, reported by Lord Kitchener, which offsets the report of the defeat of General De Wet near Vrede, there are reports of vigorous activity on the part of the Boers, especially on the border of the Orange River and Cape Colony. It is stated from a British source that the Boers and the Cape Rebels there continue to increase in numbers, and Commandant Kritzing on June 13 told a farmer in the neighborhood that the movement of the commands southward was only beginning, and that the Boers intend to compel the British to devastate Cape Colony as they have the two republics to the north. The Boer tactics are the same as for months past. They avoid conflicts when possible, snipe at every opportunity, and manoeuvre for surprises. Many British troops who are now in Pretoria are refitting after arduous operations in the north, which has left marks upon them. They say it is very difficult to discover the small bodies of Boers, who conceal their stock and stores in inaccessible ravines. It is one continuous trek after hidden enemies, whose fresh horses enable them to escape when uncovered.

MILITARY OPINION.

RECORD OF OPERATIONS IN THE TRANSVAAL REGARDED AS SATISFACTORY.

New York, June 17.—In a despatch, dated London, one a.m., Mr. L. N. Ford, London correspondent for the New York 'Tribune,' says:

The record of the military operations in the Vaal River Colony is regarded as satisfactory by military men without regard for the result of Mrs. Botha's diplomacy. Mr. Balfour's estimate of the forces still in the field against the British army is considered to be grossly exaggerated, and he is censured for repeating it. It is not believed that more than five thousand Boers are under arms, although their number can be doubled and possibly trebled if they gain a victory over any British force.

TWENTY THOUSAND BOER PRISONERS NOW.

The number of Boer prisoners under guard exceeds twenty thousand, and they are anxious for the war to end. A considerable force of surrendered Boers is now under arms for the protection of their farms and herds, and it is also anxious to have terms of peace arranged. The Dutch districts of Cape Colony where General French is now in command, are weary of the depredations of Boer raiders, when they have to feed and clothe them, and a decisive victory over the guerrilla bands is expected in that quarter. Important news from General French is looked for in the next ten days, by which the pacification of the country south of the Orange river will be effected.

The resources of resistance of De Wetz, Botha, Steyn, Delarey and Schalk-burger, are well nigh exhausted, and they would assume the responsibility for a surrender if Mr. Kruger, with his fanatical faith in the final triumph of the Boer cause, were not an obstinate old man who has secured his own safety.

TRANSVAAL CONCESSIONS.

The report of the Transvaal concessions commission has caused commotion and irritation both in Germany and in Holland. Shareholders are meeting to-day in Berlin to bring pressure to bear upon the German Foreign Office, and the Dutch investors will hold a consultation at Amsterdam next week. The action of the Dutch Government will be of little account unless it be connected with a strenuous effort on the part of the Berlin Foreign Office to obtain fair terms of expropriation for the foreign shareholders in the Transvaal railways. Arguments for these financial interests are already found in the German press; it is urged that the Boers were recognized as belligerents and that private property belonging to foreign investors must be paid for by the British Government, with full compensation to shareholders. The German Foreign Office will incur the odium of the moneyed class if it declines to take up the cudgels in defence of its

holdings in the Transvaal. The British Foreign Office, which has never revealed its motives for neglecting to give formal notice to the powers of the annexation of the two Dutch republics, is not ignorant of the fact that the Transvaal Government during the last two or three years disposed of nearly all its own railway shares in Germany and Holland, for the purpose of raising money for the war and enlisting foreign sympathy.

It is urged by the financial journals here to pay no attention to appeals of the attorneys and press agents of these foreign purchasers, but to carry out the recommendations of the commission without flinching from diplomatic opposition. An analogy is drawn by some journals from the action of the United States Government in refusing to recognize the Cuban debt or to contribute anything toward the indemnification of foreign bondholders. It is contended that the Cuban debt was secured by a mortgage on the customs of the island and guaranteed by the colonial government, and that the bulk of it was incurred before there was any prospect of American intervention. The conclusion is drawn that if the United States Government did not consider itself under obligation to recognize this debt after the war the British Government has even less cause for compensating the Dutch and German capitalists holding shares in the Transvaal railways, especially those who purchased bonds after the opening of hostilities and thereby supplied a vassal state with financial resources for keeping up a protracted fight. The claims of the foreign investors in the Transvaal Railway would have been greatly strengthened if the American principle of the exemption of private property from the ravages of war had been taken up by Great Britain at the peace congress at The Hague instead of being relegated to innocuous desuetude.

RADICAL SENTIMENT.

The speeches of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, Sir William Vernon Harcourt and Mr. John Morley, at the general reunion, designed as a demonstration of Radical concentration, are deplored by the Unionist journals as incitements to the Boers to continue in armed resistance. This indictment is too strong. These Liberal leaders are good partisans, but are not traitors to their country. They are striving to rally a demoralized party, and consider that the only practical method is that of developing the resources of the more advanced and progressive factions. The Liberal Imperialists were conspicuous by their absence, and while the speakers contented themselves with depicting the miserable plight of the Unionist party in a state of senile decay, notwithstanding a comfortable majority and absolute security in the House of Commons, misconceptions of their object will probably be general among the Boers in Holland and on the veldt.

FUTURE OF CAPE COLONY.

QUESTION OF SUSPENDING THE CONSTITUTION.

New York, June 17.—The 'Tribune's' special London cable says: 'A question will shortly be put from the Liberal benches in the House of Commons as to the intentions of the government in reference to the proposed suspension of the constitution in Cape Colony. There is a general belief that Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Milner will hesitate before taking this step. Lawyers are of the opinion that the only way it could legally be accomplished would be by an act of parliament, and in the present state of public business the government will scarcely care to invite opposition on such an issue.'

THE LATE MR. HARDY

LAST TRIBUTE OF RESPECT PAID TO HIS MEMORY.

Toronto, June 17.—The funeral service over the remains of the Hon. A. S. Hardy, at his late residence, 88 St. Albans street, on Saturday, was impressive in the extreme. The body lay in the drawing room, the casket being surrounded by and almost hidden beneath the floral offerings of Mr. Hardy's friends, including his late colleagues. The Premier and the members of the cabinet occupied places near the casket, and the Rev. Canon Welch, Mr. Hardy's pastor, read the burial service. The attendance was very large, including the City Council and representatives of many public bodies and of the Ontario civil service. At the close of the procession, the largest seen in Toronto since the Hon. Alexander Mackenzie's funeral, formed and accompanied the remains to the station. A feature was the presence of several carriages loaded with flowers sent by friends. The pall-bearers were: The Hon. H. Ross, the Hon. J. R. Stratton, the Hon. E. J. Davis, Chief Justice Armour, Justice McMahon and Mr. Thomas Hodgins. The chief mourners were Mr. Hardy's sons, and Judge Hardy, brother.

Brantford, Ont., June 17.—The funeral of the late Hon. A. S. Hardy, ex-Premier of Ontario, took place yesterday afternoon, leaving the court house at 3.30 p.m., proceeding to Grace church, where the funeral service was conducted by the rector, Rural Dean Mackenzie. After the service the cortege proceeded to the cemetery, where the service was conducted under Masonic rites. The pall-bearers were: The Hon. William Patterson, the Hon. C. B. Heyd, the Hon. T. H. Preston, Messrs. C. H. Waterous, G. H. Wilkes, Thomas Woodruff, Dr. Digby, J. Harley, J. Stratford, Thomas Brooks. The floral offerings were very numerous, among them being wreaths from the Brantford City Council, Brantford Club, Public School Board and Separate School Board. The attendance at the funeral was very large, including cabinet ministers and members of parliament and other prominent political men from Toronto and Hamilton.

MISSING MONEY RECOVERED.

London, June 17.—It is reported that the \$278,865 recently lost by the Singapore branch of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank has been recovered. The Colomnan Office will incur the odium of the moneyed class if it declines to take up the cudgels in defence of its

SITUATION IN CHINA

FUTURE RESIDENCE OF THE COURT EXCITING MUCH DISCUSSION.

London, June 17.—Interest in the Chinese situation centres now in the plans for the payment of the indemnity and the question of whether Peking will continue to be the capital. The latter is the more generally discussed in London. Some newspapers express the fear that the court will never return to Peking, but will establish a new capital in the province of Honan, or will continue at Singan Fu. These fears are due to the ignorance of the conditions of life surrounding the court. It is in the centre of a district which is afflicted with the worst famine in Chinese history. There is misery on every side, human flesh is publicly sold and children are murdered by their parents to save them from worse suffering. While the court itself has not suffered for want of food, the scenes of horror and suffering are constantly forced on it, with no hope of relief of the situation, and for a long time the honesty of the wish of the court to get away must be unquestioned.

The establishment of a new capital in the province of Honan is out of the question, because the court does not trust the people of south and central China. It must be remembered that the dynasty in Manchú and the population of the whole south and centre is Chinese. All the revolutionaries wish to see the court safely be predicted therefore that Peking will continue to be the capital, and that the court will return there as soon as the foreign troops leave.

THE DOWAGER EMPRESS'S PLANS.

London, June 17.—The Shanghai correspondent of the 'Globe,' telegraphing under to-day's date, says he learns in Chinese quarters that the Dowager Empress proposes when the court reaches Kaifongki, in Honan, to announce that the Empress has been killed by brigands, and that Prince Tuan's son has succeeded to the throne. The Dowager Empress will then establish a new capital at Kaifongki, which will be connected by railway with Nanking. The contract for this railway will be given Mr. John C. Ferguson, of Boston, who, the correspondent understands, will sell the concession to the Russians.

The correspondent adds that Mr. Ferguson is acting on behalf of Li Hung Chang and Taotaising, who hope to escape by throwing the blame for the transaction upon Mr. Ferguson.

GRAND STAND GAVE WAY.

Chicago, June 15.—A temporary grand stand at 8th street and Stewart avenue, built for the purpose of accommodating an audience to witness the annual field day sports of the Chicago normal school, collapsed to-day, 25 persons, mostly women and children, being injured. Several were hurt seriously, but it is thought none will die. The stand, which was 100 feet long and seven tiers high, was crowded. The program of the day was fairly under way when on account of the general stamping of feet in recognition of a meritorious athletic achievement, the supports gave way, precipitating the spectators a short distance to the ground. Several hundred persons were buried under the timbers. The field events came to an abrupt ending, and the participants joined in the work of rescue. The injured were removed to the normal school, near by, which was converted into temporary hospital, with a score of physicians and surgeons in attendance.

WILL MAKE NO TERMS.

Kingston, Ont., June 17.—The street car lockout continues. The company says it has the men it requires to man and run the cars with regularity, and the union men will not come to its terms they must remain out. The company says it will have to meet and overcome all opposition and boycotting. The Street Railway Union has issued a statement that the conference on Saturday failed. The men made concessions that were not accepted, and no more will be offered. As the fight is on in earnest the Street Railway Union asks for continued public support and sympathy.

CHINESE EXCLUSION

MOVEMENT ON FOOT FOR THE REPEAL OF THE GEARY ACT.

New York, June 15.—The 'Tribune' says: The Chinese in the United States are preparing for an organized fight to obtain the absolute repeal of the Geary Exclusion act at the coming session of Congress. The movement was started in this city early in the week, and it is expected to spread rapidly to Philadelphia, Chicago, Portland, Seattle, San Francisco, and other cities having large Chinese populations.

A powerful organization has been effected among the Chinese merchants of this city. Within the next two weeks every one of the 15,000 Chinese here will be asked to sign a carefully prepared memorial to the United States Government asking that the Exclusion act be repealed. The memorial will protest in the strongest possible terms against having the act extended for twenty years from the date of its expiration in 1902. It will be forwarded to the government along with similar memorials prepared in other cities, through Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese minister at Washington.

An effort will also be made to obtain the support of thousands of Americans whom the Chinese believe are opposed to the Exclusion act. The Chinese realize the handicap which is placed on the movement through their lack of suffrage. Their strongest hope of eventual success lies in Wu Ting Fang. They say that it was on his advice that they organized for the struggle. They depend largely on his personal popularity to get them fighting supporters in the Senate and the House of Representatives. Another thing which has given the

Chinese hope that public and official sentiment is about to turn in their favor is the stand which the United States has taken in dealing with the allies in the Chinese crisis. The present movement would have begun a year ago had the Boxers remained passive. When the legations were besieged in Peking the Chinese in the United States almost gave up hope. The clearing of the war cloud, and the subsequent show of interest in the development of their fatherland, have given them a new and stronger hope.

A TORONTO FAILURE.

Toronto, June 17.—Taylor Bros., owners of the Don Paper Mills, a pioneer industry, and of the Don Valley Pressed Brick Works, have made an assignment to Mr. E. R. C. Clarkson. The operations of the firm were on a very extensive scale. The assets consist largely of real estate bordering on the Don Valley, in the east end of the city. Friends of the firm, and relatives of its members have for some time been trying to keep it afloat, and some of them, particularly Mr. Robt. Davies, brother-in-law of the partners, have advanced large sums.

QUEEN'S-SUBBURY ELECTION.

Frederickton, N.B., June 15.—The Supreme Court to-day delivered judgment in the Queen's and Subbury election case, refusing to rescind Judge McLeod's order of Dec. 28 last, extending the term for the service of the petition. The court held that Judge McLeod had the power, though the ten days permitted by the statute for personal service had elapsed, to make the order.

WESTWARD MIGRATION.

Winnipeg, Man., June 17.—Mr. Smith, immigration commissioner, states that the arrivals in the West during the month of May numbered about 5,000 people. This, he says, is an increase of two or three hundred over the corresponding month a year ago. The settlers are all of the most desirable class, the percentage of English emigrants being large.

WILDS OF THE NORTH.

Hamilton, Ont., June 17.—Arthur Heming, the illustrator, left last evening on a canoe trip towards Hudson's Bay to write and illustrate an article on Canadian wild life for 'Scribner's Magazine.' He will travel with a brigade of over fifty Indians, and will be away about a month. Mr. Heming will be accompanied on his trip by his sister, Miss Kate Heming.

METHODIST CENTURY FUND.

London, June 17.—Of the Wesleyan Methodist twentieth century fund of a million guineas, \$222,000 has actually been paid in, and promises have been received which bring the total up to \$227,000. Many districts are apparently unable to fulfil their promises, and there is still about £153,000 to be raised.

FIELD BATTERY CAMP

MAJOR COSTIGAN COMMANDS AT ST. HELEN'S ISLAND.

On Saturday afternoon the Montreal Field Battery went into camp on St. Helen's Island in full strength. There are 101 men, six officers, six guns, fifty horses and three ammunition waggons. The horses are mostly green, being recruits recently selected for service in South Africa, but many of the men fought under Major Costigan. On Saturday the officer for the day was Lieut. Capper, and as soon as guard was mounted the men erected their tents. This was carried out in a quiet, soldier-like manner, and the tents went up with a precision that was highly creditable. Drill will begin at reveille this morning. As those who have business to transact in the city have the privilege of doing so drill is only carried on in the mornings and evenings. Major Costigan is in command, the other officers being Captain G. W. Stephens, Lieut. Reford, Lieut. Grant, Lieut. Capper, Veterinary Captain McEachran and Surgeon-Major Elder.

MAJOR WILSON PROMOTED

THE MILITIA DEPARTMENT GIVES HIM RANK OF LIEUTENANT-COLONEL.

The promotion of Surgeon-Major Charles W. Wilson, of the militia army medical staff to the rank of lieutenant-colonel is announced. Since his return from South Africa the major has been appointed to the command of No. 3 Field Hospital. His recent appointment and promotion are understood to be marks of recognition of the good work he did as medical officer with the Canadian troops in South Africa. He was formerly attached to the Montreal Field Battery.

ASIA MINOR MISSIONS

THE REV. J. C. MARTIN PREACHES AT ERSKINE CHURCH ON ARMENIA.

A highly interesting address was given in Erskine Church yesterday morning by the Rev. J. C. Martin, on the Armenian fields in Asia Minor, and especially among the Armenians and other primitive Christians. He considered that the presence of missionaries in Turkey had a great effect in ameliorating the condition of women. Though polygamy in practice is too expensive to be common, its lawfulness makes an unmarried person an object of suspicion, and divorces and re-marriage very common incidents. Even the blind lame and diseased women find someone to take them in, and until recently in all the empire not a woman earned her own living. The missionaries are changing all that, and since the Armenian troubles have founded a number of factories for the widows of the slain, where they weave carpets and cloth. Moreover, they have instituted schools for girls and set the Turks an example which they have not been slow to copy on their own account. The position of women is in this way likely to be made independent, and, therefore, better.

DEATH OF MRS. ELLIOTT.

Kingston, Ont., June 17.—A painfully sudden death on Saturday was that of Mrs. Elliott, wife of the Rev. James Elliott, pastor of Queen Street Methodist Church, for the past three years, and just transferred to the pastorate of the Centenary Methodist Church, Montreal. The deceased lady was in excellent health at noon, ate a hearty dinner, and later in the afternoon, while ironing, was stricken with apoplexy. A blood vessel burst internally, and in an hour she was dead. The family is prostrated by the blow. Mrs. Elliott had been busy during the week making preparations for the removal. She was a pleasant, cheerful woman, aged about 42, and was formerly a Miss Peskey, of Appleton, Ont. Besides the husband, four children survive. On Sunday Mr. Elliott was to have said farewell to his flock, but out of respect all the services of the day were withdrawn.

REYNOLDS MURDER TRIAL

JURY DISCHARGED AND THE PRISONER REMANDED.

New York, June 16.—The twelve men who, since 12.15 o'clock yesterday afternoon, at the conclusion of the judge's charge, considered the evidence against Dr. Samuel J. Kennedy for the murder of 'Dolly' Reynolds, reported to Judge Newburger at 10.25 o'clock this morning that they were unable to agree on a verdict. The judge at once discharged the jury from further service and remanded the prisoner to the Tombs.

All through last night the jurymen struggled with the evidence. They breakfasted at 7.30 this morning, and on returning to their room again took up the case. At 10.15 o'clock Judge Newburger ascended the bench, having been informed of the failure to agree. Ten minutes later the jury filed in. The prisoner was brought over from the Tombs. He was smiling, and hoped that the jury would find him not guilty. The judge asked the foreman if it was true that it was useless to hope for an agreement, and the foreman answered: 'That is right.'

For a second Dr. Kennedy seemed unable to comprehend. Then the tears came to his eyes and his face showed the effort he was making to control himself and crush his disappointment. Then the smile that had marked his face throughout most of the trial came back and seemed to glow to a brightness as he caught the eye of Mr. Moore, his attorney.

'The jury is discharged,' said the court. 'It is to be regretted that you have not been able to arrive at a verdict in the case, and I feel that I would be cruel in confining you any longer.'

Then turning to the prisoner the court said: 'The defendant is remanded to five ballots were taken by the jurymen. The first stood three for conviction and three for acquittal, with six blank. The second ballot stood six for conviction and six for acquittal. The third stood seven for conviction and five for acquittal. The fourth was five for conviction and seven for acquittal. The fifth and last was four for conviction and eight for acquittal.'

That just concluded is the third trial of Dr. Kennedy on the charge of murder. Emmeline C. Reynolds, better known as 'Dolly' Reynolds, was found dead with her head crushed in a room at the Grand Hotel on Aug. 16, 1898, where she had gone with a man answering Dr. Samuel J. Kennedy's description, according to the testimony of witnesses. In the dead woman's corse was found a cheque for \$13,000, signed 'Dudley Gidson,' and endorsed by Dr. Kennedy. The police theory regarding this was that it was in payment of alleged winnings at the races. The evidence showed at the trial of the case in the criminal branch of the Supreme Court in the spring of 1899 that the woman's skull had been crushed with a piece of lead pipe, alleged traces of which pipe on Dr. Kennedy's clothing were alleged to have been discovered by the police. Dr. Kennedy was convicted and sentenced to be executed at Sing Sing.

The Court of Appeals on Nov. 20, 1900, handed down a decision granting a new trial to Dr. Kennedy, and he was prosecuted before Mr. Justice Fursman during the latter part of last year for the second time. The trial resulted in a disagreement. District Attorney Philbin transferred the case to General Sessions, and assigned Assistant District Attorney Osborne to prosecute it. The third trial began on May 6.

WELL AND TRULY LAID.

Toronto, June 17.—Promptly at five o'clock on Saturday afternoon Lady Minto, accompanied by Miss Mowat, Lady Eileen Elliot, and Lady Violet Elliott, arrived at Upper Canada College, to lay the corner stone of the new preparatory building, to be erected in conjunction with the college. Dr. Parkin, at the college door, received Lady Minto, and a procession was formed and marched to the site of the new building. After a brief speech by Principal Parkin, Lady Minto rapped the stone three times with the mallet, touched it with a beautiful silver trowel, and it was dropped into place. Lieut.-Col. Denison then presented Lady Minto with the trowel. She received it graciously, and made the following reply:

'I assure you it has given me very great pleasure to come here and lay this foundation stone to-day. I feel very proud of being connected in this way with this college, which has made such a name for itself in the past. I hope this preparatory school will be successful in every way, and that more boys will be educated here who will eventually leave their mark in the annals of Canadian history. I thank you very much for this beautiful trowel, which I shall keep as a memento of this occasion.'

THE FIFTY-THIRD INSPECTED.

Sherbrooke, Que., June 17.—The 53rd Regiment, under command of Lieut.-Col. Fraser, was inspected on the parade ground on Saturday afternoon by Lieut.-Col. Roy and Col. Whiteley. Col. Roy expressed himself as being well pleased with the manner in which the exercises were done, and complimented the officers upon the neat and soldierly appearance of the regiment.

MILLIONS AND THE MASSES.

INTERESTING UTTERANCE BY A NEW YORK DIVINE.

New York, June 16.—The baccalaureate service of the commencement exercises of the College of the City of New York was held to-day in the Church of the Ascension. The Rev. Dr. Percy Stickney Grant, rector of the Protestant Episcopal Church, delivered the sermon. In his address to the graduates he said, among other things:

'The great temptation which I believe will meet your path is materialism. We see about us men with immense wealth; here, one possessing one hundred millions, and another worth four hundred millions. We find a man giving libraries to a city which should be ashamed to receive them, when his name must be written across the buildings which he gives. The same man gives universities to a country which never asked for anything in university education but an opportunity to earn it.'

Many of the men who have amassed great fortunes attach too much importance to the rough and ready spirit which they believe to have aided them most materially. Mr. Schwab, we may conclude, has little confidence in education along higher lines as an assistance in business affairs.

'The men of millions have power. Wherever they throw the vast impulse of their capital the laborers are accomplished. They have unlimited power. Young men see this, and that is the result? They throw themselves like fagots into the furnace of material production.'

'The enormous fortunes of the rich oppress the youth of America. The constant realization of the wealth which has been amassed in the country will bear down upon the aspirations of American youth. Freedom from this shadow depends alone upon the attitude with which it is opposed. The only means of maintaining the liberty of our forefathers is a belief in God, a true, healthy religious instinct, which alone can preserve the Americans from the shadow and burden of materialism.'

A NEWFIELD TRAGEDY.

JEALOUS HUSBAND'S TERRIBLE CRIME.

Ithaca, N.Y., June 16.—Jas. Churchill, a farm hand, who worked near Ithaca, early this morning murdered his wife, Minnie Churchill, at her father's home in Newfield, a village nine miles distant from this place. He mutilated her head with a heavy bar of iron while she slept peacefully beside her daughter, seven years old. Her father, Daniel Minturn, who was over eighty years of age, also fell a victim to his son-in-law's wrath. Mrs. Churchill died two hours after the assault was committed. She was 30 years old. Her father still lives, but will survive but a few hours, it is thought, as his skull has been fractured.

Mrs. Churchill's attempt to take an ounce of carbolic acid, but was revived, and Sheriff C. S. Heaman arrested him and brought his prisoner to Ithaca to-night. The crime was the result of extreme jealousy. Mrs. Churchill separated from her husband two months ago. He left home and came to work for a farmer near Ithaca. On Saturday night he had fully made up his mind to revenge himself. He first walked into Ithaca where he secured the poison, then walked out to Newfield, first arming himself with the iron bar. He gained admittance to the house of his father-in-law through the cellar and attacked his wife before she could cry for help. The screams of the little girl, who escaped from the bedroom, awakened Minturn, who attempted to light a lamp in the kitchen. Which was engaged in the kitchen struck him several blows. The little girl ran to a neighbor's for help, and when the neighbor entered the house later two victims were lying unconscious. Churchill was in a semi-conscious state. Sheriff Heaman, District Attorney Blood and Coroner Brown drove out to Newfield a few hours later. The murderer was brought into the city in a cot, but will fully recover. He admitted that the act was premeditated. He is 38 years old.

SHERBROOKE WHITE RIBBONS.

Sherbrooke, Que., June 17.—The annual meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Sherbrooke was held on Friday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. James Davidson, Queen street. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Mrs. C. Skinner; vice-president, Mrs. G. Wilson; second vice-president, Miss Moulton; recording secretary, Mrs. W. A. Morehouse; corresponding secretary, Mrs. G. E. Hyndman; treasurer, Mrs. L. W. Dowlin; superintendent of departments: Flower mission work, Mrs. James Davidson and Mrs. Morehouse; home and foreign missions, Miss Moulton; meeting, Mrs. P. H. Wilsey; parlor societies, Mrs. Howard; visiting sick, Mrs. P. Lyster, Mrs. Bartlett and Mrs. Gilles; press, Mrs. W. B. LeBaron. Interesting reports were submitted by the different departments, showing that much good work had been done during the past year.

NEW CRUISER FOR TURKEY.

Constantinople, June 17.—After prolonged negotiations an imperial decree has issued approving a contract for the building of a cruiser by an English firm. This is the first contract of this kind made in twenty-five years. Heretofore all the contracts have been given to German firms.

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All business communications should be addressed John Douglass & Co., 115, St. Peter Street, Montreal. The Editor should be addressed Editor of the 'Witness,' Montreal.