

THREE ADDITIONAL VILLAGES HAVE FALLEN INTO HANDS OF BRITISH AND FRENCH TROOPS



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FORMER HAVE TAKEN LAGNICOURT, SIX MILES NORTH-WEST OF BAPAUME, WHILE LATTER HAVE OCCUPIED FOLEMBRAY AND LA FEUILLE —FRENCH HAVE ALSO MADE GAINS NORTH-EAST OF SOISSONS — AERIAL ACTIVITY BETWEEN BRITISH AND GERMANS — RUSSIANS EFFECT ANOTHER CROSSING OF THE PERSIAN FRONTIER.

Three additional villages have fallen into the hands of the British and French troops operating against the Germans between Arras and Soissons in France. One village was taken by the British and two were captured by the French.

Lagnicourt, situated about six miles north-west of Bapaume, fell into the hands of the British and Folembay and La Feuille, in the Bassee-Forêt De Coucy region, at the base of the salient that has been driven into the German lines at La Fere, are now in the hands of General Nivelle's forces.

The French also have gained some additional terrain north-east of Soissons, but no important changes in position have occurred in the St. Quentin sector, where the Germans apparently are stiffening their line to keep down fresh inroads by the French. Paris reports the dispersal of German assemblages in this district by the artillery fire of the French, however.

Trench raiding and bombing operations continue on the remainder of the front, although there also have been violent artillery duels on various sectors, especially east of Dixmude and Steenstraete, in Belgium.

Considerable aerial activity is still in progress between the British and Germans. London reports the forcing down by British airmen of five German airplanes east of Neuville-St. Vaast and Armentieres, but says that seven British machines have failed to return to their bases.

The Germans, who are reported to be in force on the north Russian front, are again becoming active. South of Dvinsk, in the region of Postavy, after having loosed gas waves against the Russians, the Germans essayed an advance, but according to Petrograd, they were repulsed. East of Baronovitchi another Teuton attack was put down by the Russian artillery fire. The Russian War Minister has arrived in Riga, probably to consider the situation created by the arrival of German reinforcements.

Still another crossing of the Persian frontier into Turkey has been effected by the Russians, who have entered the vilayet of Mosul, through which flows the Tigris river, along which the British are still in pursuit of the Turks retreating from Bagdad. To the south-east, on the Turco-Persian frontier near Khanikan the Russians have captured the Turkish fortifications at Kalschahin, thereby placing a further menace in the way of the Turks making their way up the Diale river before the British.

The German Field Marshal Von Mackensen, who has been in command of the Teutonic allied forces in Rumania, is reported to have arrived in Constantinople with the purpose of re-organizing the Ottoman forces.

In the Austro-Italian and Macedonian theatres the situation is unchanged.

BRITISH STATEMENT.

London, March 26.—The British this morning attacked and captured the village of Lagnicourt, according to the official report from British headquarters in France this evening. North of the Bapaume-Cambrai road thirty prisoners and a machine gun were taken. During the afternoon the Germans delivered counter-attacks from the east and north-east. These attacks, the statement says, were repulsed. The text reads:

"This morning we attacked and captured the village of Lagnicourt. North of the Bapaume-Cambrai road we took thirty prisoners and a machine gun. During the afternoon the enemy delivered determined counter-attacks from the east and north-east, but were driven off. A third attack, caught in the open by our artillery, failed to develop.

"Another bombing attack made by the enemy during the night upon our post north of Beaumetz-Les-Cambrai was repulsed. Parties of the enemy who endeavored to approach our lines in the neighborhood of Fauquissart and east of Ypres were dispersed by our machine gun fire.

"There was considerable artillery activity today by both sides. "East of Neuville-St. Vaast and Armentieres there was much fighting in the air yesterday, in the course of which two German machines were brought down and three others were driven down damaged. Seven of our machines are missing."

FRENCH STATEMENT.

Paris, March 26.—Though strongly opposed by the Germans, the French troops today occupied the town of Folembay and La Feuille, south of the Coucy forest, says the official statement issued by the War Office tonight.

Progress has also been made by the French north of Soissons in the neighborhood of Vregny. The text reads:

"North of the Somme there have been no essential changes. Between the Somme and the Oise our artillery dispersed enemy assemblages between Benay and Urvillers (St. Quentin sector).

"South of the Oise we made important progress in the Bassee-Forêt De Coucy. Notwithstanding the difficulties of the terrain and the spirited resistance of the enemy our troops occupied Folembay and La Feuille.

"North of Soissons we made progress in the region of Vregny."

"Belgian communication: Last night a Belgian detachment entered German trenches near Steenstraete. After inflicting losses on the enemy and destroying his works the detachment returned to the Belgian lines with some prisoners. Spirited artillery actions occurred today in the direction of Dixmude and Steenstraete.

"Eastern theatre: Yesterday east of Lake Deiran a raid by the British troops permitted them to bring back prisoners. In the region of Monastir the enemy having caused the evacuation on March 24 by means of jets of liquid flame of one of our trenches, which he occupied, was later driven out by a counter-attack.

"There was intermittent cannonading along the front on March 25."

PROBABILITIES OF REVOLT IN GERMANY

CONSIDERED SURE IF RUSSIA BECOMES A REPUBLIC — RUMORS UNTRUE.

The Hague, March 26.—A despatch to the London Daily Express says: The stories circulated with such persistence that revolutionary outbreaks had occurred in various parts of Germany are untrue. This is proved by statements made to me by two Dutchmen who arrived here today from Berlin. At the same time travellers report that the Russian revolution has brought about a tremendous change, especially in the southern states, in opinions of Prussia and Prussian militarism.

The Kaiser's theatrical message of thanks to Hindenburg is only one of many imperial manoeuvres to keep up the public confidence in the army's victories which has been shaken by the great retreat. The Kaiser's congratulations to the King and Crown Prince of Bavaria are destined to quiet the anti-Prussian feeling of the Bavarian people and the fact that the Kaiser has taken a personal hand in administering chloroform to his people shows he is fully alive to the gravity of the situation not only for Germany but for the Hohenzollern house. In order to prevent the establishment of a Russian republic if possible all German agents in neutral countries, especially Scandinavia, have been ordered to do their utmost to discredit members of the Russian government who are believed to be republican.

German papers with suspicious unanimity are starting a campaign against Koresnsky, the Russian minister of justice, and his supporters. Many people in Germany believe that if Russia becomes a republic, a revolution in Germany will almost certainly be the result. This opinion is shared by Maximilian Harden, who, in today's Zubunt warns his readers not to believe that the Russian revolution will only have an effect in Russia. The revolution, he says, is not necessarily directed against imperial institutions, nor would a German republic be the aim of a revolution in Germany. It would simply be directed against Prussia and the Prussian military clique who are leading the German Empire to misery and starvation and disaster. If a revolution were to come it would certainly start in the southern states, especially in Saxony and Wurtemberg where anti-Prussianism runs high.

The Weather

Toronto, March 26.—A depression is situated tonight over the upper Mississippi valley, while pressure is high over the eastern and western portions of the continent. The weather has been fair today over the Dominion and very mild from Ontario to the Maritime Provinces.

Dawson	2	10
Prince Rupert	34	38
Victoria	34	46
Vancouver	36	44
Kamloops	28	42
Edmonton	12	38
Battleford	8	24
Prince Albert	18	24
Calgary	3	48
Medicine Hat	22	40
Moose Jaw	10	37
Winnipeg	24	34
Port Nelson	2	10
Saskatoon	6	25
Port Arthur	20	42
Parry Sound	36	54
London	40	67
Toronto	38	63
Ottawa	38	52
Montreal	38	50
Quebec	38	50
St. John	32	44
Halifax	24	50

Forecasts:

Lakes and Georgian Bay: Strong winds, shifting to westerly, showery with local thunderstorms and turning cooler.
Ottawa and Upper St. Lawrence: Strong southerly, gradually shifting to westerly winds; showers with local thunderstorms; cooler on Wednesday.
Lower St. Lawrence, Gulf and North Shore: Strong southerly, gradually shifting to westerly winds; fair and mild at first, becoming showery towards evening or at night.
Maritime: Increasing south-easterly to south-westerly winds; fair and mild today; showery at night.
Superior: Strong winds, shifting to westerly; some local falls of sleet or snow and cooler.
Manitoba: Fair; not much change in temperature.



SUITS

An extremely smart garment is a Borilla Cloth in Solonique Green, light colored silk stitching across the wrist of the cuffless sleeve and in front and back is a touch decidedly unusual.

The new medium-width Skirt and small Coat Collar lifts this garment away from any semblance to the ordinary.

Jersey Cloth—that wonderfully soft material of New York fame—comes in glorious shades of Gold, Petunia, Bronze, Old Rose and many marvelous shades of Green.

They all affect the deep sailor collar and belted backs.

FOX SCARVES

are again considered the most fashionable for afternoon wear. The colors blend in perfect harmony with the dresses of the moment.

Animal Scarves are shown in wonderful variety, such as white fox, beautifully marked crosses, silver-black foxes, natural blue and brilliant reds.

Indeed, the frock styles to-day make necessary the wearing over the shoulders of a smart fur scarf.

Holt Renfrew & Co
Limited

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In order that our customers may have plenty of time to send good wishes for Easter to their relatives and friends in the trenches we have put on display our

EASTER CARDS and POSTALS

considerably earlier than usual, and now announce them as ready for your inspection. We have a really beautiful line this year, ranking in price from one cent up.

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Fresh Eggs
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STEWART LYON PENS A VIVID PICTURE OF OPEN WARFARE

Height Occupied By Canadians
Commands View of the Promised Land.

THE WRETCHED RUINS
More Projectiles In One Day
On Small Front Than At Waterloo.

At the front, Sunday morning, March 25, via London, March 26—(By Stewart Lyon, special correspondent Canadian Press.)—The battle of the open fields is more picturesque than that of the mixed position, but the people back home, whose sons are doing their share all around this spot to make the enemy sorry that he invaded France, and who, at this moment, in ten thousand churches are praying for their safety, may be interested in the sights and sounds of a modern battlefield. The sights are peaceful, to a marvelous degree. From the height on which the situation of our army is at present one can see the promise of land straight ahead, where the towers of a cathedral well within the German lines are plainly visible.

A ridge which stretches to the right is scarred with trenches, our own and the enemy's. The ruins of a village within our lines look utterly wretched, though the shell fire blends harmoniously in the grey, green of the early spring, more like the decaying relic of the middle ages than that before the war which clustered two thousand people. In all this spacious landscape, extending several miles north and south, no human being is visible in the roads in the roads or fields. Soaring nearby, singing as he rises, and far above him the only sign of the grim meaning of his empty countryside, three British planes wing their way over the town to the enemy front in pursuit of Germans who were lately over our lines, the drone of whose engines are still plainly audible. They look like clumps of trees, curiously gaunt, but are too far distant to show the scars of frequent bombardment.

Looking over the landscape a deaf man, unaware of where he was, would see little abnormal, save the strange absence of man and beast, and the presence of at least half a dozen observation balloons, patrolling the front site, a deceptive means of judging what is afoot. The roar of the great guns in continuous. There is more weight of projectiles used by the enemy and ourselves along this narrow front today than was used at Waterloo or any of the great battles of the past. Many of the guns are of the calibre of nine inches and over, the explosion of shells from them is like the setting off of a blast in a quarry. Mingled with the roar of the heavy artillery is the lighter sound of the field guns, and

IRISH QUESTION IN BRITISH COMMONS

BONAR LAW PROMISES GOVERNMENT STATEMENT, IF POSSIBLE, BEFORE EASTER.

London, March 26.—Andrew Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer, today asked the House of Commons, in order to expedite business, to suspend until Easter the rule under which the House rises at eleven o'clock daily. John Dillon, Nationalist member for East Mayo, thereupon gravely warned the government, "under a deep sense of responsibility," that if it allowed the Easter recess to pass without any indication of whether it was in earnest with regard to Ireland its path would be beset with difficulties and it might find the situation worse than before.

WORKMAN WAS INSTANTLY KILLED.

Sarnia, Ont., March 26.—Arnold McDonald, 28 years old, employed as pipe-fitter at the plant of the Mueller Manufacturing Company, was instantly killed yesterday afternoon at 3:00 o'clock, by electrocution, when his body came in contact with a live wire while working in the electrical department. McDonald is survived by a widow and one child.

GERMAN MINISTER LEAVES PEKING

Peking, Sunday, March 25.—The German Minister, Admiral Von Hintz, and the staff of the legation left here today by special train for Shanghai. The German colony gave the departing diplomat a rousing farewell. From Shanghai the Minister will proceed to San Francisco and thence across the continent and then by steamer to Europe.

the sharp fusillade of our anti-aircraft guns firing at German planes, and theirs at ours. With the drone of the aircraft and the rat-tat-tat of the machine guns, could our deaf man hear, he would have no doubt at all that tens of thousands of men, invisible to the eye, were doing their very best to kill one another, while the larks still soars and sings.

The thing seems monstrous, incredible, but the casualty lists from the front and points behind the lines of the Germans and ourselves prove that death is reaping a harvest in this seemingly deserted countryside. One of the recent achievements of the enemy of which he, doubtless, is proud has been to destroy a part of the famous old abbey towers, one of the few relics of the middle ages remaining on this part of the battle front.

AS SUPPLIED
TO H. M. THE KING

SCHWEPPE'S ENGLISH TABLE WATERS

SODA WATER
DRY GINGER ALE
SARSAPARILLA
GINGER BEER, Etc., Etc.

F. L. Smith

MEN WHO FOLLOW BECKONING HAND OF GREAT ADVENTURE

Special C. P. Correspondent
Gives Shipboard Snapshots of
Types He Met.

WANTS VICTORIA CROSS.

Hundreds of Romances of Real
Life Occur Aboard During
the Passage.

By STEWART LYON.

(Special Canadian Press Correspondence.)

On Shipboard.—From the barren lands to the boundary, and beyond it down the Pacific Coast, have come the men who crowd this transport. The Peace River sent a company. Among the old-timers are prospectors who packed their supplies over the White Horse Pass in the first Klondike rush twenty years ago. To them this is but another adventure in a life that has been one long series of journeys into the unknown. Many of the enlisted men are recent immigrants to the Pacific coast and the plains, who have heard the mother's call to her sons and have felt that they would be ashamed forever in the old home if they failed to return and take their places with the friends for whom there was no option of service. There are miners from the interior of B.C. and business men from the cities of the coast. The railway builders who have been extending the frontiers of civilization in Northern Alberta are well represented. Few among them have been content to tread the beaten path. There are a hundred romances of real life aboard if one could but dig them out.

Doers are not usually very good talkers and the shipboard snapshots that follow are of the more obvious types. In case of the great adventure that beckons them on, the men of the new lands are disposed to make light of many lesser woes.

TOGO.

Togo is on his way to Europe to win the Victoria Cross. When he came on board with the Rising Sun pinned on his cap beside the Union Jack, Togo looked so business-like that he was greeted with "Banzai!" His admirers did not at that time know of his mission. That became known later when the officer whose servant he is, told of Togo's hopes. The Jap went in after promising his master's delicate wife that only through the door of Togo's body would the enemy come at him. Togo's master had been out with the Japanese armies in 1905 as the correspondent of an English paper and with a Japanese decoration he had won also the admiration and the devotion of Togo and his kind. The Jap was eager enough to reach the front before the Victoria Cross beckoning he saw in an illustrated paper a picture of a friend of his, Sato by name, who had tried to enlist in Togo's battalion but had failed, and had gone to France in another unit. There, for an act of conspicuous bravery, he had won the coveted honor. Togo took the paper to his master, pointed to the picture of his friend and announced with an air of finality it was useless to dispute—Sato—the Victoria Cross. He slapping his chest next.

That is why Togo looked supremely happy fugging his kit aboard the transport. He was on his way to emulate the so noble exploits of his friend Sato.

Fortune of War.

One was in "civvies" and sat at an inconspicuous side table in the dining saloon. He was noticeably lame and his face gave evidence that he had suffered much pain. The

other was impressively near the head of the captain's table and wore the uniform of a major.

"We joined together," said the wounded officer in muffled nodding toward the major's place. "He transferred after a bit. I went to the front a lieutenant and was hit in the leg in the Ypres fighting of June, 1916. I'm going back a lieutenant to the trenches when I am fit for duty. My friend across the way, who has never been out of Canada, goes across as a major. It is the fortune of war. I do not envy him. To me it has been a very great privilege to take part in the 'big show,' and to come out at all when so many of my comrades of the June Ypres fighting went under."

The wounded officer was a bit of a philosopher. There are many who do not take the promotion problem so calmly or pass by the home service senior with the words "fortune of war."

The Middy.

Amid the khaki-clad figures that crowd the deck, a lad in the blue of the navy catches and holds the eye. Still in his teens, he has learned thoroughly the first lesson of the naval officer—the art of listening carefully and saying little. A judicious word in praise of Edinburgh helps to break the ice—for what Scots man or boy can remain indifferent when the castle and Arthur's seat and the distant Forth come up before his eye in memory. It is four years since the middy saw his mother and promenaded Princess Street. He started out as a boy in the merchant service, sailing in steamers that trade along the coast of South and Central America. When the war came, the boy of less than seventeen volunteered as a midshipman and for over two and a half years, with but a few days ashore, he has been on duty on a famous fast cruiser. Now with a group of companions, he is on his way back home. He hopes for an opening on a destroyer where he would have a good deal to do with the work of navigation. The expansion of the navy has made it necessary to call home every qualified man and boy who can be obtained from the foreign stations. And so the middy, after four years of the sea, is going to get a week or so at home with his mother, who still thinks of him as her wandering little boy, forgetting that he is qualified to send a destroyer through the water at thirty knots an hour and loose the leashed torpedo that may mean death to a great ship's company. The middy has not devoted all his spare time to navigation. He has been wrestling with Spanish. The company in the service of which he was before war broke out, pays two pounds more a month to an officer who knows Spanish than to one who does not. And the middy has good Scott's blood in him, to which the extra two pounds a month makes appeal when the Spanish declensions prove confusing. For him Drake's drum is throbbing just now and he is keen to get a chance in the North Sea, but thirty years from now I can fancy him—cool, cautious captain of a merchantman plying along the Spanish Main, talking the language of Castile with a Scotch accent.

Tommy's Reception Day.

Tired out with a week's journey across the continent in cars that had to be kept overheated because of the weather conditions, the men of the Pacific slope came up the gangway in single file encumbered with their kit and the little extra something that almost everyone carries—a favorite pair of boots, some fruit, a book or two, or an extra supply of smokes. As the long line disappeared in the direction of the way headed for quarters, a bright-eyed, ruddy-cheeked young fellow in sergeant's uniform watched the proceedings with the satisfied air of a man who had been aboard long enough to get his bearings.

"Hello, Tommy," cried one of the newcomers as he caught sight of the sergeant. The trim young fellow thrust out his hand and smiled the smile of the man who makes and that camp had passed out of sight below. Tommy had a smile and a handshake for almost every one of them. That they were all pleased to see him was made plain by the affectionate oaths the men in the ranks reserved for his friends. Tommy's reception was a great success.

If the command of that company were a matter of selection it would be Tommy first and the rest nowhere. What he had done to get so close to men recruited seven or eight hundred miles from the battalion whose badge he wore nobody seemed to know. Tommy may have been a labor organizer or a politician in civil life. He assuredly had the trick of making friends. Perhaps he may prove of special value in dealing with the hundred and fifty Russian railway laborers in his battalion. One of the officers tells me they are strong, tireless workers and easily handled by anyone who can secure their confidence. If, however, they think they are getting more than their share of work or are discriminated against, they become intractable, drill carelessly, sulk and behave like children in a temper. They were all very eager to fight the Germans on racial grounds, but though able for the most part to read and write, know little of the immediate causes of the war. They have been railway building in the north, and when the battalion was leaving to entrench were in their element. Perhaps Tommy has established a Sunshine Circle by this time among the Slavs who form part of Alberta's contribution to the ship's company.

The Slav Comes Again.

One of these blond Russians is probably the keenest fighting man aboard. His papers show that in the fall of 1914 he took part in the invasion of East Prussia. He was wounded in an engagement in the Mazurian Lake region early in the campaign. Upon his recovery he was sent to the Galician front and took part in the fearful mid-winter operations which enabled Brusiloff early in 1915 to seize and hold the Carpathian passes. He was again wounded, and upon leaving the hospital, was mustered out as no longer fit for service. He drifted to Siberia and thence by way of Manchuria to Japan, whence he shipped on a vessel bound for British Columbia. There he saw some of his countrymen being enlisted in Canadian regiments under arrangement between the Imperial Russian and British governments—which permits Russians liable for military duty to serve in the Canadian overseas force if they so desire instead of returning to Russia. The twice wounded Slav, who had done his bit, did not know of this arrangement. He felt fit again and wanted to be returned to Russia that he might once more face Teutons. It was explained that he would give as effective service by joining in Canada and could thereby secure more kopecks. When he reaches the western front he will have travelled almost round the world since his discharge to be drawn back for the third time into the maelstrom by the irresistible magnet of his sense of duty to Holy Russia. He is of the "Intelligentsia" and spoke French and German as well as his natural tongue before the war began. Now he is adding English. For him, as for most of his compatriots of the intellectuals, pride of race is the dominant motive. Peter the Great's will may be a myth, but the thinking Russian is amazingly keen in carrying out the injunction of the will to make Constantinople still more the centre of eastern Christianity.

The Purser and Palestine.

When war came Britain had almost half a million men habituated to a life on the ocean, either in the navy or mercantile marine. Most of them are still doing business on the high seas. The number killed or permanently disabled by the enemy in naval actions and in submarine warfare against transports and merchant ships is well under twenty-five thousand officers and men—less than five per cent of the total. The others are today doing more work than ever before. The British navy has been greatly enlarged since the outbreak of war and has many more men in its ratings than in 1914, and the mercantile marine has been drawn upon for no small part of them. On the liners now engaged in the transport service, the fastidious service bestowed by numerous stewards on exacting saloon passengers is spread out thin to care for many times their number of soldiers who crowd every nook and corner of the vessel.

The purser is the business manager of the transport as of the passenger liner. It was a fortunate thing for the hundreds of thousands of men carried long distances overseas that trained officials were available in numbers sufficient not only to navigate transports safely, but to care for the men en route to whom good food and sanitary conditions by day and night are absolutely essential. At the best, the men's quarters in a troopship are endurable, but little more. Were it not that ship's officers, who know every difficulty liable to arise, and who have solved similar problems scores of times, are on hand to smooth out the rough places, the transportation of soldiers would be a serious affair. The suave pursers and stewards with thirty or forty years at sea in the company of pampered saloon passengers and ignorant and inexperienced immigrants in the steerage, find it a positive pleasure to adjust the little rivalries and jealousies over quarters that arise when two or three battalions make the voyage together.

The purser of this vessel takes to his present duties all the more readily because he sees in the war the fulfilment of certain prophecies which point to the expulsion of the Turk from the Holy Land. That the Turk must go he feels assured. If he does not, then for the purser the great struggle will have been in vain. He is not a fighting man, but he has gladly risked his life for two and a half years, and will contrive to do so till the war ends, to advance the cause he has at heart and strengthen the arm of the Lord against the men who pro-

fane the Sacred City. He has seen the death in the form of a torpedo whizz past three yards from the bow of a huge transport. He has helped to carry troops to Salonika and Gallipoli and the Persian Gulf and all over the eastern sphere of operations. On the Lower Tigris he has seen the ruins of great empires of the past, and has been more than ever impressed with a sense of the impending doom of the Turk who has been a destroyer from the beginning and is now himself to be destroyed.

A wireless bulletin flashed out into the North Atlantic at this moment, announcing that a British advance from Beersheba to Jerusalem had been ordered, would be the best war news that could come to him. To most of us the task is far less of an issue than German militarism. To the purser the fact that he has had an important part in the transportation of many thousands of British soldiers, who are fighting the Turks, makes him a Crusader, a twentieth century successor of the Christian warriors

who answered the call of Peter the Hermit. As he sits there at table in his trim uniform, grey and plaid—the most of a group of young officers, who listen to his stories of the transport side of war—he does not look much of a Crusader. But he has probably done more to loosen the Moslem hold on Palestine by his care for tens of thousands of fighting men than a good many of the mail-clad Crusaders who have a place in history.

Every bit of dandruff disappears after one or two applications of Danderine rubbed well into the scalp with the finger tips. Get a 25-cent bottle of Danderine at any drug store and save your hair. After a few applications you can't find a particle of dandruff or any falling hair, and the scalp will never itch.

Chalmers bridges the border

TWO factories supply the world's demand for Chalmers Cars.

Cars for the American market are built in the factory—or group of factories—at Detroit.

Chalmers serves Canada, Great Britain, Ireland and the Colonies from the factory at Walkerville, Canada.

Canadian Chalmers and Detroit Chalmers are one institution.

Men know this towering Chalmers success—success that came with the making of an ideal car.

With a world market to supply

—Canadian Chalmers must soon rival in greatness the mighty Chalmers of Detroit.

Canadians will benefit from the huge production.

Chalmers is a car, a man, an INSTITUTION.

It is a name close-coupled with Efficiency. In all councils of men it stands for leadership. It is sound judgment. It is High Ideal.

It was to be expected, then, that Chalmers would produce a car, that from every standpoint was an ideal car.

He did. A Chalmers.

A car for the business man. A car he likes to call by name "his Chalmers."

Fine in line and finish. A roomy family car, true as a good watch. Easy balance on the springs. Class. Active everyday performance. Power for speed, get-away, and heavy roads. Lots of it in a light, wiry car. A safe car—a sound MOTOR CAR.

Chalmers efficiency produced this car at a sensible price, \$1625 (f.o.b. Walkerville, Ontario).

Chalmers the ideal car attracted the Big Motor Car distributors of Canada. Through these men Canadian Chalmers extends Chalmers ideals of service.

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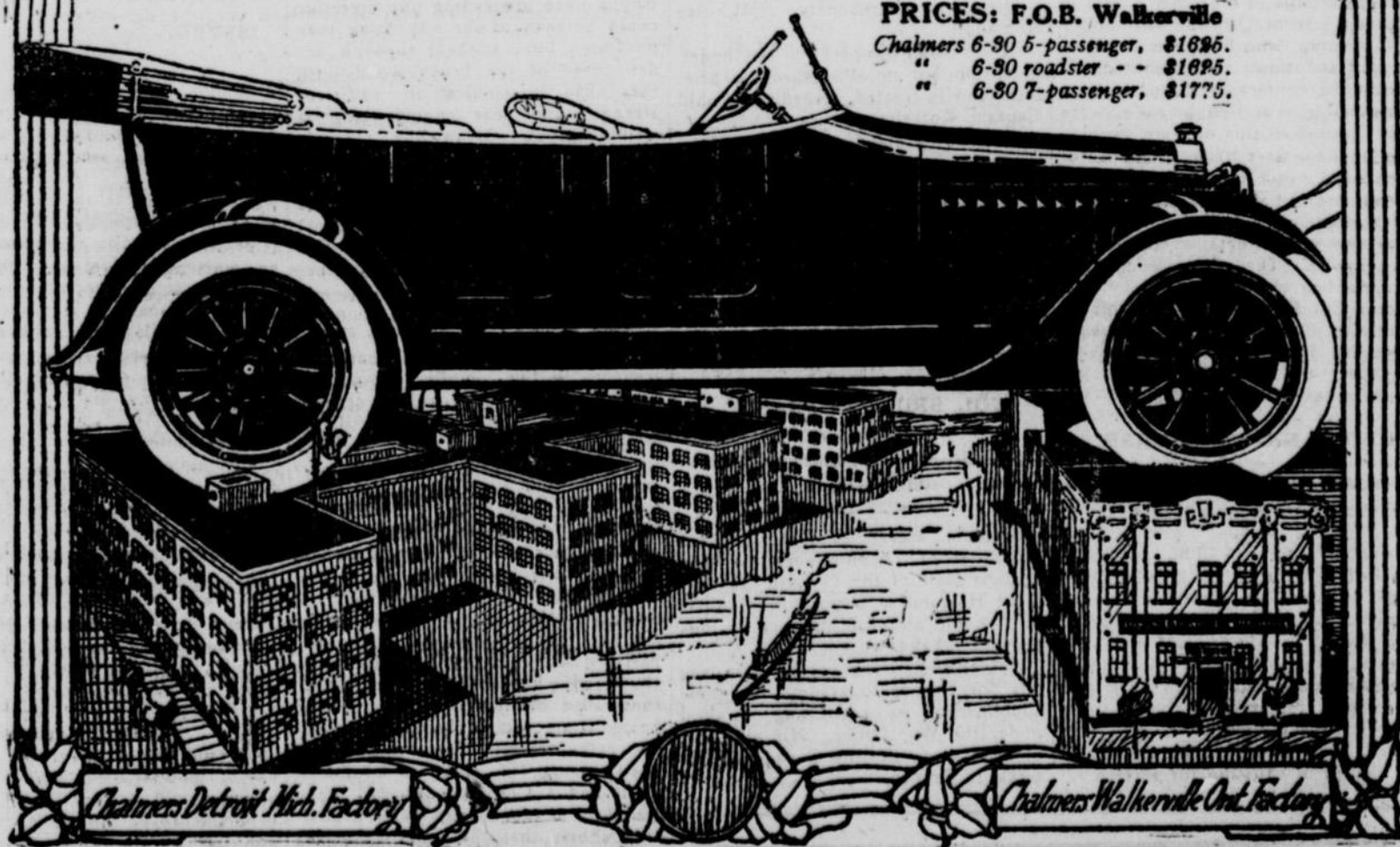
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Chalmers 6-80 5-passenger, \$1625.
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Weakened by Anaemia Doctors Gave No Hope

Said She Was Threatened With Consumption, and Gave Her
Three Weeks to Live.

Anaemia is indicated by this watery blood. The gums and eyelids grow pale, there is great weakness and fatigue and digestion fails.

Since Dr. Chase's Nerve Food forms new, rich blood, it is naturally most suitable as a treatment for anaemia. This letter proves its efficiency in the most severe cases.

Mrs. J. Adams, Port Hope, Ont., writes: "About six years ago I was taken with very weak spells and though I doctored with the family physician and used other medicines for two years, I got very little relief and, in fact, continued to grow weaker. I was so weak I could not wait on myself or raise my hand to my head and decided to go to my daughter in Toronto. When examined by Toronto doctors they pronounced me to be in a dangerous condition, threatened with consumption and other ailments, and said I would not live for three weeks. One day I was

looking through Dr. Chase's Almanac and read about the cure of anaemia by the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. I began the use of this treatment at once, and am now well on the way back to health, after having used the Nerve Food for six months. I want my friends to know that my cure was effected by Dr. Chase's Nerve Food alone and after my discouragement from the use of other treatments, I feel it my duty to let everybody know about this remarkable cure."

As a restorative for persons who are pale, weak and run down there is no treatment to be compared to Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. Gradually and naturally the red corpuscles are increased in the blood, the color is restored to the cheeks, and the strength comes back to wasted nerves and muscles. Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50c a box, six for \$2.50, all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

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QUEBEC, TUESDAY, MARCH 27, 1917.

ONE CENT.

CANADA'S WAR LOAN
TOTALS \$250,000,000MUCH OVER-SUBSCRIBED
EVEN WITHOUT APPLICATION OF THE CHARTERED BANKS.

Ottawa, March 26.—Canada's third domestic war loan was considerably oversubscribed, even without the applications of the chartered banks of the country for sixty million dollars of the bonds, or the subscriptions of persons seeking to convert ten-year securities floated in 1911, or 5 per cent debenture stock maturing in 1919 into the new twenty-year issue.

It is predicted that the subscriptions for the new loan may be found to have reached \$250,000,000, including those of the banks, and excluding those to be paid by conversion of the earlier war issues.

An official statement issued today says: "While the subscription lists on Canada's third war loan closed on Friday the 23rd March, several days must yet elapse before the mails from distant points carrying thousands of subscriptions are received. Sufficient applications, however, have come to hand to warrant the Minister of Finance in stating that the loan is an unqualified success. When all the subscriptions have been received it will be found that the loan has been considerably oversubscribed, without taking into account the subscriptions of the chartered banks, or conversions into this loan of bonds or stocks of any other issue. Indeed, the Minister would not be surprised if the total subscriptions, including those of the banks and excluding conversions, would aggregate \$250,000,000.

All three domestic loans floated in Canada have thus been oversubscribed. In 1911, when fifty millions were required, applications for one hundred were received. In 1916, when \$100,000,000 of bonds were offered, subscriptions for more than double that amount were received. It is said that in the present case only the original authorized total of \$150,000,000 will be issued, that the subscriptions of the banks will probably not be accepted, and that the funds in their hands will thus be left available for carrying on the ordinary business of the country.

MOBILIZATION SCHEME.

Four Brigades Will Be Formed In Toronto District.

Toronto, March 26.—The new mobilization scheme, to organize the militia units into a Canadian defense force, was launched yesterday at a conference of officers at Exhibition Camp, Major-General S. C. Mewburn, who has charge of the scheme, was in attendance from Ottawa, with Major H. C. Trump, who has been added to the staff at Ottawa and promoted.

After the conference Major-General Logie stated that four brigades were to be formed in this military district. Two of them were to be composed of three battalions each, one of two battalions, and the Welland canal forces, and a fourth of two battalions. The units were not yet detailed to the various brigades. The officers commanding these brigades are to be:

Lieut.-Col. P. L. Mason, 1st Brigade; Lieut.-Col. B. H. Benson, 2nd Brigade; Lieut.-Col. J. A. Hendrie, 3rd Brigade, and Lieut.-Col. J. I. McLaren, the 4th Brigade.

MOST CANADIANS BARRED.

Silver Medal Only Given Those Serving Since August 4, 1914.

London, March 26.—The conditions attached to the issue of the silver war medal are considered here as bearing hardly upon the Canadian contingent. It is issued to officers and those of other ranks who have served at home or abroad since August 4th, 1914, and have since relinquished commissions or been discharged. At the date named, very few Canadians had had the chance of enlisting for service.

TSAR NICHOLAS
A REAL PRISONERFORMER RUSSIAN EMPEROR
ONLY ALLOWED IN PARK
TWICE DAILY.

Tsarskoe Selo, Mar. 26, via London, Mar. 26.—Penetrating today into and under the vast prison palace of Nicholas Romanoff, the deposed Emperor, the correspondent of the Associated Press today obtained from the jailer the first reliable statement of the former Emperor's condition and later visited the desecrated grave of Gregory Rasputin, Russia's real autocrat for a decade and the unending parent of the revolution.

Since the visit paid by the correspondent to the palace last week severer measures have been taken to guard the prisoner. These grew out of rumors of an attempted flight, monarchist conspiracies against the temporary government and pressure by extremist forces. The guards have been increased and a special representative of the council of deputies put among them. On announcing his desire to visit the grave of Rasputin the soldiers demanded his passport of the correspondent and then led him to the kitchen entrance of the palace prison, which is the headquarters of the guards.

Behind the kitchen entrance stand a complex system of low buildings built around a courtyard and ending in a series of subterranean and semi-subterranean galleries running the whole way under the palace. Inside the second entry is a small hall crowded with soldiers. All these parts of the palace is dirty, dingy, ill-lighted and unimpressive, not at all such as might be expected of the surroundings of a great monarch in captivity.

The correspondent was led to the palace commandant, Captain of Cavalry Kotzebue. Capt. Kotzebue's headquarters are in an angle of an old and now untenanted section of the Tsarskoe Selo Palace. He gave the correspondent a soldier escort and a permit to pass along the road to Rasputin's grave. The captain is Nicholas' chief jailer and responsible to the Duma that no flight takes place and that there is no breach in the severe inspection regime. He is youthful and urbane an officer of the guard type speaking perfect French and English.

After telling the correspondent that he had been given orders to arrest all civilians who asked the soldiers questions about the complex geography of the palace, Capt. Kotzebue consented to say something about the condition of the former Emperor and his family in their imprisonment, politely calling Nicholas "former Emperor," whereas all the soldiers say brusquely, "Nicholas Romanoff."

"The former Emperor is not under detention but in all respects a prisoner and is treated accordingly," said Captain Kotzebue.

"He is in perfectly good health and in fairly good spirits. When he is with his own entourage he has fits of crying. He is no longer allowed in the park, but twice daily, from 11 to 3 o'clock he is permitted to walk for recreation in the railroad garden between the east and west wings of the palace. Outside the railing are six soldiers constituting the so-called intermediate guard."

COL. BRUCE IN FRANCE.

Takes Up New Appointment of Consulting Surgeon.

London, March 26.—Col. Graham Chambers of Toronto, head of the medical staff of the Ontario Government Hospital at Orpington, Kent, is in London, suffering from a serious nervous breakdown.

Col. Herbert Bruce, of Toronto, has left for France to assume his new appointment as consulting surgeon under the War Office. His area will include some of the Canadian hospitals in France.

FRENCH SHOW
DASH AND SKILL
IN OPEN FIGHTINGDrive Away Opposition of the
Germans With a Marvelous
Precision.

WANTON DEVASTATION.

The Infantry Could Scarcely
Be Restrained From Desperate
Rush Forward.

At the French front in France, Sunday, March 25, via Paris, March 26.—(From a staff correspondent of The Associated Press)—French troops had a chance today to show their dash and skill in semi-open fighting and took ample advantage of it. At the southern pivot of the so-called Hindenburg line, which is supposed to be about at Nally, they came to grips on several occasions with the Germans, who attempted to make a stand on the edge of the Crouy plateau. The Associated Press correspondent watched today's engagement: from a nearby height and saw the French soldiers gradually push away the German opposition and attain the points they were seeking to occupy with a precision little short of marvelous.

The French had kept close on the heels of the retiring Germans since they quit Soissons, never giving them a moment's respite until the pursuers occupied the sort of triangle formed by the three points of Crouy, Missy-sur-Aisne and Pont Rouge on the Maubeuge road. At the last named the Germans evidently expected to cease their retirement, as was shown by their abandoning the useless work of saving down fruit trees.

It was this wanton devastation by the Germans in the country around Soissons and other places which so incensed the French infantry, composed mostly of peasants and farmers, that they could scarcely be restrained from a desperate rush forward after the retreating foe. But prudence prevailed and careful handling enabled them eventually to capture from the Germans many positions which had been prepared for stern defense, such as Vuillery and Pont Rouge.

As the correspondent watched the countryside over which the attacking troops were proceeding not a vestige could be seen of the advancing men on foot. They trickled through under cover of the brush wood until they had assembled in sufficient strength and near enough for a striking blow. Meanwhile German airmen circled overhead unable to locate them. Then an inferno of artillery fire broke forth from the French guns, after which a final spurt by the infantry carried the position, which on this occasion was a big farmhouse near Margival. This was held in the face of desperate counter attacks.

The Germans themselves had few trenches in this vicinity, relying for the most part on organized centers of resistance and their heavy artillery.

The correspondent had come up from Soissons through a territory laid waste as had been the countryside everywhere else where the Germans had been forced to evacuate. Soissons itself is still bombarded almost daily and the final effort before the Germans left the adjacent trenches on March 18th was an endeavor to set fire to the town and the much battered cathedral. The latter was showered with incendiary shells, but these died out without affecting the heavy stone roof. The remainder of the cathedral had been much damaged during the previous bombardment and a German officer diary found in an abandoned battery position shows that the attempt to destroy it was methodical.

The French troops are enthusiastic over their recent successes in open warfare in this vicinity, one of the most brilliant feats of which was the capture of Pont Rouge by the famous Alpine rifle corps.

RAILWAY TREASURER

SHOT BY BURGLAR

Philadelphia, March 26.—Harold E. Yarnall, treasurer of the Midland Valley Railroad Company and widely known in railroad circles, was shot and probably fatally wounded by a negro burglar whom his wife had found in her room at their home here tonight.

Mrs. Yarnall grappled with the intruder and her husband, who was taking a bath, hearing the commotion, leaped from the bathtub and rushed to her assistance. The negro relinquished his hold on Mrs. Yarnall and fired point-blank at her husband, the bullet entering his groin and penetrating the liver. Despite his injury Mr. Yarnall succeeded in hurling the negro downstairs. After firing another shot, which failed to take effect, the burglar fled and has not been apprehended.

ARTHUR FREE ON
TRIAL FOR MURDERIS CHARGED WITH KILLING
OF MRS. HATTIE HILL AT
SEELEY'S BAY.

Brockville, Ont., March 26.—Arthur Free was brought before Police Magistrate Deacon this morning charged with the murder of Mrs. Hattie Hill, at Seeley's Bay on March 2nd, and on the evidence of a number of witnesses was committed for trial.

Dr. Donald Fee, who had assisted Dr. Hall, of Kingston, on the post mortem examination of the deceased, corroborated the written statement of Dr. Hall regarding the cause of the woman's death. The body was partially frozen. Parts of the head and body were eaten away, evidently by hogs. Six ribs on the right side were fractured. Death had evidently been caused by a fracture of the skull from a blow of a heavy blunt instrument.

C. Brady, the constable who arrested Free, said that at the farm of Mrs. Hill on Saturday, March 3, he examined bloodstains on a post and on the outside of a door leading into the stable, and also on a stone outside of the door. Free had said that he would be present at the inquest. He did not come, and the witness traced him to Gananoque Lake, where he found a hole in the ice about twenty inches in circumference, and nine feet deep. In the hole he found an axe and also Free's cap and coat. He followed Free to Cape Vincent, and arrested him there. Mrs. Free, wife of the accused, said the morning after the murder her husband got up at daylight and went to the barn and milked the cows. Witness said she went to the barn, being uneasy about Mrs. Hill. She looked through a crack, and saw Mrs. Hill lying under the horses. She called to her husband that Mrs. Hill was in the stable, dead. The husband said he could not go to Mrs. Hill.

A letter was produced from Mrs. Hill to her daughter, Miss Pearl Hill, Brockville, dated November 19 last. In this letter Mrs. Hill says that she went to the barn, and that Free had locked her in the building. She thought that Free intended starving her because he fastened the door. She said it was not safe to stay at the farm. Other witnesses testified to seeing the mutilated body of Mrs. Hill.

RECOMMENDATIONS
TO THE DOMINIONSFINAL REPORT OF DOMINIONS
COMMISSION HAS JUST BEEN
ISSUED.

London, March 26.—(Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency)—The final report of the Dominions Commission, which has just been issued, sets forth numerous conclusions and recommendations which it brings to the notice of the Imperial and Dominion Governments. It declares, regarding the scientific development of natural resources, that it is vital that the Empire be placed in a position enabling it to resist any pressure which a foreign power, or a group of powers, could exercise in time of peace or war through control of essential raw materials and commodities.

It recommends that a complete survey should accordingly be made of the determining between Empire production and Empire requirements of such materials.

With reference to such materials and commodities as are mainly produced and controlled outside of the Empire, such as cotton, petroleum, nitrates and potash, the most careful inquiry is needed regarding the possibility of new sources of supply or the finding of substitutes within the Empire. Survey and investigation in this respect should be entrusted to the new Imperial development board which would work through existing departments in the United Kingdom and self-governing Dominions and local scientific departments and the Imperial Institute for India, the Crown Colonies and protectorates.

The report recommends for greater control by Imperial and Overseas agencies for the selection of emigrants; the creation of a central emigration authority for the purpose of supervision, and a further consulting board to effect a proper co-relation between the central authorities and the activities of the Dominions.

It urges the need of providing adequate capital, training and assistance for intending soldier-settlers, and for greater attention to the emigration of women from Great Britain, and increasing the same.

Proposal is made for the interchange of school teachers between the United Kingdom and the Dominions.

STEAMER REMUERA

SAFE IN U. S. PORT

Washington, March 26.—The British steamer Remuera with passengers arrived at an American port today after a safe voyage through the submarine zone. Included among the Remuera's passengers are a large number of returning nurses.

TWO LOSE LIVES
WHEN ICE GIVES INFARMER DROWNED CROSSING
FROM LONGUEUIL — UNKNOWN
DIES IN CANAL.

Montreal, March 26.—Alphonse Desmarceaux, a farmer of Boucherville, was drowned last night while crossing the river over the ice, from the foot of St. Sylvestre street, Longueuil. The Longueuil police, under Chief Charbon, who investigated what seemed to be a piece of timber frozen in the ice about two miles from shore, and near the sewage discharge pipe, at 8 o'clock Sunday morning, found the farmer's dead body seated in his sleigh immersed in eight feet of water. It was evident that the horse, sleigh and occupant had broken through the ice where it had become thin through the action of the sewage discharge. His body was recovered and taken to the morgue.

One Taken, The Other Left.

While crossing from the south side of the Lachine Canal over the ice to a munition factory, opposite St. Phillip street, two men fell into the water at 6 o'clock Sunday evening. One was drowned, and Joseph Cote, 185 Delinelle street, whose shouts brought help, and a rope, was saved. The man drowned, whom none of the witnesses of the accident knew by name, sank at once, and did not come to the surface again.

SPEEDING UP THE
PRODUCTION IN U.S.OFFICIALS URGE STEADY SUPPLY
OF FOODSTUFFS TO
THE ALLIES.

Washington, March 26.—Government officials look upon the speeding up of the foodstuffs production in the United States as one of the most important means of assisting in the war against Germany, should the United States take an active part. "Of the most important two things that this country could do for its allies in case of war—namely, to finance and to feed them—perhaps the more important is to maintain a steady flow of foodstuffs to their shores," says an authorized statement by Assistant Secretary Vrooman, of the Department of Agriculture. It looks, the statement adds, as though it would be a good business stroke for the farmer this spring to sow his normal oats acreage to spring wheat and "it is certain that it would be a valuable step in the direction of national agricultural preparedness."

Since the policy of stimulating food production would have to be supplemented by a policy guaranteeing the farmer against loss due to possible overproduction, the Department holds that Congress alone can deal with this question effectively, although the Department can do something toward speeding up production within certain economic limits.

FOR BALD HEADS.

"Hope For the Bald Heads" runs an advertisement. Hope be blowed! What we want is hair.—Boston Transcript.

LIFE AT VOYENNES
DURING TWO YEARS
OF GERMAN CONTROLCURE CARON, WHOSE CHURCH WAS BURNED BY
THE HUNS, TELLS OF PEOPLE'S SUFFERING—
AMERICAN RELIEF—REVOLUTION IN GERMANY

From a staff correspondent of The Associated Press, British Headquarters in France, March 26, via London.—This is the story of the priest of Voyennes, Monsieur Le Cure Caron, who stood today in the shadow of the still hot walls of his church, which had been set alight by the Germans the day they slipped away from this plain little village perched above the valley of the Somme. Flashes of passionate protest mingled with a spirit of proud resignation in his recital of the life at Voyennes during the two and a half years of German control—a civil imprisonment, which ended Monday last when through field glasses from the loft of his presbytery the priest, who was also acting mayor, saw four khaki-clad horsemen on the road and knew that the Germans had gone and British relief was at hand.

A few minutes later a French cavalry patrol appeared, and the Allies had formed a new link in the pursuit of the common foe. Today the booming of the guns in this pursuit could be heard over a stretch of eighty battle miles.

The Cure told how a few narrow scars in the earth, known as German trenches, ribbons of barbed wire behind them and a bit of shell-ton waste called "No Man's Land," had isolated a section of the French people from their country as effectively as if they had been suddenly transported to another hemisphere. He told how in Voyennes women, children and old men lived and toiled for the invaders in utter ignorance of what was going on in the world about them, just as other thousands still shut within the German lines are living, toiling and wondering today. They were told long ago that their beautiful Paris was to fall within a week and would be pillaged and burned.

Later they were told—"Paris is dead," and the Germans added insult to injury, the old priest exclaimed, by pronouncing it "Paris," instead of "Paree."

The inhabitants of Voyennes submitted to enemy domination with heads erect and patient calmness the Germans could not understand. "We would break your pride," Prussian officers declared, "and make you slaves. All France shall fall at our feet."

Pale, drawn and old, as was the Cure, nevertheless he seemed imbued with sudden, defiant strength as he raised himself to his full height and continued:

"I told them that never again would France yield to such a foe. They taunted us and said they would crush Europe in a few months. We replied that France would fight five years and more if necessary. Sometimes they laughed scornfully at this, but lately they could not contain their fury that the war was lasting so long."

"And did the people suffer much?" he was asked.

"Ah yes," he replied. "Our food did not last long. Then we had to work for the Germans and take what they gave us. Sometimes it was so bad that even the cats refused to eat. Then the Americans began to feed us, and that saved thousands of lives. Our people are very grateful."

"But let us not dwell on the physical side today, but speak of the mental and moral anguish we endured, for it seemed like the span of a hundred years. It has left us all but imbecile. I scarcely can keep my 'vagrant thoughts together.'"

Last Sunday when early Mass was over, the German commandant at Voyennes appeared at the church with a party of soldiers bearing petrol cans. He bluntly told the priest that he was tired of the war, and as one means of bringing the end nearer, he was going to burn the church. The priest thought it was a cruel jest, until he was escorted to his house and held prisoner there. He was compelled to look on impotently while the inflammable liquid was sprayed about and the torch applied in a dozen places. Of all the ancient interior, only the wooden crucifix against the altar wall, by some strange freak, escaped the flames.

Late at night the Germans rode away. Not another building in all Voyennes was touched.

"But," said the old priest, "I lived to see the German spirit break; from the unspeakable arrogance of their first onslaught and threat toward the parish, until a few days ago an officer met me in the street and said 'Father, we are lost. I have done much in this war that rests heavily on my conscience, but I have done it under orders. I dare not disobey.'"

"I told him that he surely would be absolved, for he was not to blame. There were others of higher station who must make answer to their God. 'When the Germans first came, the commander sought me and said that the people of Voyennes had fired on his troops and that reparations would be demanded. It was the same old story, and I told him it was a lie; that we had no firearms; that if shots were fired it was done by German troops as an excuse to make us suffer. The commander did not carry out his threat. We have had many commanders since then, and one and all, they have ruled their men with a discipline of iron. Some of the officers treated their subordinates like dogs; they said the men were their slaves, as the French would be. I saw an officer one day, without reason whatever, cuff his orderly so hard that the man's eye was black for a week. The soldiers only reply was to click his heels together and come to salute.'"

"Some of the villagers asked the men why they submitted to such treatment. They replied that they were helpless now as part of a military machine, but when the war was over their time would come. For a long time now the German soldiers (Continued of Page Eight.)

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The Quebec Chronicle

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QUEBEC, MARCH 27, 1917.

THE LEGALIZING OF

AN OLD PROFESSION.

The barber of these times may put up his fee for a hair-cut or a shave beyond reasonable limits, much as the doctor or the dentist may, when the person to be operated upon calls him to his private residence to do the operation. This has for long been the privilege of the so-called professional man. The Ontario Legislature has been taking the barber in hand, to make him a professional man beyond that privilege, having just passed an Act for the purpose of fixing the status of the barber as an agent in the public service. The Act takes us back to the days when the barber was more or less a "chirurgien" in the eyes of the public, from the setting of a broken limb to the extracting of an ulcerated tooth. The Ontario barber is hereafter to be a graduate of a Board of Examiners; and, as the new Act says, has to be at least eighteen years of age before he can receive a diploma. He must be respectable in his way of living, during an apprenticeship of three years, and certified as being free from any contagious or infectious disease. And to enforce the terms of the Act, it is provided that a fine of twenty-five dollars hang over his head in case of a breach of the latter clause, specially framed for the protection of the public health. The barber of today may thus have been started on his way towards attaining to the caste of "chirurgien", which his brethren of old belonged to. The barbers of Ontario, if not exclusively of Toronto, must have been in at the framing of the Bill otherwise there would have been more of an outcry against its passing than there has been. One of the newspapers of Montreal seems to think that the effects of the legalizing of the calling of the barber as a "profession" are not all going to be to the benefit of the public interest. There is certainly nothing in the Act that may be taken as determining the fee to be charged by a journeyman barber who has been called upon to operate upon a patient at the patient's residence. The charges for work done on the barber's own premises are necessarily left to be regulated as heretofore by competition. Altogether no harm can occur from the putting of the Act in force either to the public or the duly qualified barbers themselves, when the scene of activity is in a large town or city. Perhaps the barbers of the Province of Quebec have their own opinion about the whole matter.

HUN SAVAGERY.

More than ever, Germany is placing herself beyond the pale of civilized nations. Like the unjust judge in the parable, she neither fears God nor regards man. Since the beginning of the war she has shown herself oblivious of international law, and regardless of the claims of common humanity. Her progress through Belgium—itsself a glaring violation of a sacred treaty—was marked by unpardonable atrocities. Her Zeppelins dropped bombs on defenceless British cities, killing and maiming women and children. Her submarine captains jeered at drowning victims. Red Cross work was molested, and hospital ships sunk. And now the horrid work continues.

In Belgium there was at least the attempted excuse that the German authorities, for military reasons, wanted to inspire fear among the people of the territory they were taking. But how is it in France? Why should they repeat their barbarity in a country they are leaving? It may be permissible to leave the inhabitants without food, to carry away metals, and to strip the district of everything of the least military value. But what about the cutting down of fruit trees, the smashing of pianos and mirrors, and the smearing with filth of cherished family portraits? The wild beasts of the jungles of India would not be guilty of such depravity.

How can any intercourse be held with such a people? The depredations are said to be committed under "high command." We can well believe it, when the Crown Prince was found identified with his conduct near Verdun. Let us hope that it is only to be laid at the door of "high command." When the junker class of Prussia lies grovelling in the dust and the true German people, the true Russian people, comes to the top, it will be possible to talk of peace.

The Hohenzollerns must go, with

all that has been dominant since the time of Frederick the Great. Then Germany will at least have a chance to become respectable.

AMERICAN CONGRESS.

It will be extremely interesting to see what can be done in the matter of the organization of the House of Representatives when Congress assembles on the 2nd of April. In that House, unless the two great parties come to some arrangement there will be a deadlock. In numbers they are almost if not exactly a tie. Neither side has a working majority. There has been talk of a compromise whereby Champ Clark would be re-elected Speaker, but the Republicans would be given control of some of the more important standing committees.

If there is to be any such arrangement—which would be as near an approach as the American constitution would permit to a coalition Government—the politicians had better get at it now, so that when Congress assembles everything will be cut and dried, and there will be no open wrangle. The President will need all the support he can get from Congress in the position in which he is likely then to find himself.

It is altogether likely that by the time Congress assembles, a German submarine will have attempted to sink an American armed merchantman, or an American armed merchantman who have fired at a German submarine. In that case, the state of war which has existed since the sinking of the Algonquin will have to be clearly recognized, to the extent of a formal declaration. The President will need to get from Congress an appropriation of at least half a billion dollars for war expenses.

If the country must drift into war, it should do so intelligently and consciously. It must prepare to make its weight felt in what has become a world struggle.

PRESS COMMENT.

It is not easy to understand the constitutional character and relation of the bodies representing the British Empire now in session in London. Precedents are being brushed aside. All is new. And as the business in hand is of transcendent importance, so must be the manner in which it is conducted.

In the first place, there has been a change in the Government of Great Britain. Instead of a large Cabinet included in a larger Ministry, there is now a small "War Cabinet," consisting of the first four members of the Government, who do not consider it necessary to attend meetings of the House of Commons, though responsible to it. Thus, Mr. Lloyd George, because so engrossed with the duties of the War Cabinet, does not usually appear in Parliament and the House of Commons, as a rule, is led by Mr. Bonar Law, who, not being in the War Cabinet, can spare the time. To this very small body, representatives of the Dominions, while they are in London, are being admitted. Because it is so small, it comes to quick decisions on the actual conduct of the war. It regulates the foreign policy of the Empire. It will probably have most to do with shaping the terms of peace. There could be no more striking evidence of the new status of the Dominions than the fact that they are being allowed to share in the innermost counsels on such matters. It would be interesting to know where the ultimate authority rests, the permanent War Cabinet being responsible to the British Parliament, and the representatives of the Dominions to their several Parliaments. In all probability, the representatives of the Dominions are taking part in an advisory capacity, the Premier and his colleagues of the mother country utilizing the information and deferring as much as practicable to the wishes of the visitors, but retaining the power to decide.

Then there is the Imperial War Conference. This would seem to be in its complexion and functions very similar to the Imperial Conferences held occasionally in time of peace. These Conferences discuss matters of interest to all the Dominions. Their conclusions are subject to ratification by the various Parliaments affected. The only difference, we should think, between an ordinary Imperial Conference and the present Imperial War Conference is that the latter will concern itself chiefly with problems growing out of the war. One dispatch says: "It is clearly understood that the practical after-the-war problems which the Conference begins to discuss today, including demobilization, emigration, land settlement, shipping, finance and social policy, cannot be

DON'T YOU KNOW

that you can soon get rid of the agony of chapped hands by using Zam-Buk. Mrs. William Elstone, of Haliburton, Ont., writes:—"Last winter my hands were very badly chapped. I used a lot of different so-called remedies, but my hands only seemed to get worse. Finally I tried the great herbal healer—Zam-Buk—which completely healed them."

Mrs. M. A. Bateson, of Souris, Man., writes:—"I have used Zam-Buk for chapped hands, and know of nothing to equal its wonderful soothing and healing powers." Zam-Buk is also unequalled for chilblains, frost bites, cold cracks, and cold sores; as well as eczema, scalp sores, old wounds, ulcers, blood-poisoning, piles, burns and scalds, cuts and all skin injuries. See a box. All druggists and stores, or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

ZAM-BUK

finally settled by the Conference itself. All proposals must depend upon the ultimate consent of the various legislatures of the Empire."

The War Cabinet meets regularly every second day, and while the representatives of the distant parts of the Empire are in London the Imperial War Cabinet will do likewise. On the alternate days the Imperial War Conference will meet. This constant seesaw between the two bodies is expected to continue about six weeks. Sir Robert Borden will not be able to return to Canada as soon as he had calculated and the Parliament at Ottawa will have to go on without him. Premier Hughes of Australia, detained at home by a Cabinet crisis until too late to start for London, will not be there at all, but his place will be ably taken by Sir Andrew Fisher, a former Premier, and Australia's permanent Commissioner in London.

So vast a question as the reorganization of the Empire is not expected to be taken up at this juncture. It may be much better dealt with when the war is over and everything once more becomes normal. — Hamilton Spectator.

ANCIENT ABYSSINIA.

The Abyssinians are a race renowned for their courage and good looks. Of a deep brown in color, they are well formed and handsome intelligent and fond of gaiety, too, but their needs are very simple, and they live in primitive fashion in rough circular stone huts thatched with rough circular stone hats thatched with sinia dates very far back. Before Christ the country formed part of the ancient country of Ethiopia. The queen of Sheba was an Abyssinian queen, and the kings of Abyssinia claim descent from her.—London Spectator.

MUDDLED THINKING

It would be foolish to say that a dynamo and an electric light are the same thing, that green apples is a term synonymous with indigestion, that an architect's plans are the same thing as a completed building or that sex attraction is but another name for the social institution called the family. In the same way it is evidence of muddled thinking to maintain that being good is the same thing as being religious.—Bernard I. Bell in Atlantic.

AT ONCE! STOPS STOMACH MISERY AND INDIGESTION

"PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN" MAKES SICK, SOUR, GASSY STOMACHS FEEL FINE.

Do some foods you eat hit back—taste good, but work badly, ferment into stubborn lumps and cause a sick, sour, gassy stomach? Now, Mr. or Mrs. Dyspeptic, get this down: Pape's Diapepsin digests everything, leaving nothing to sour and upset you. There never was anything so safely quick, so certainly effective. No difference how badly your stomach is disordered you will get happy relief in five minutes, but what pleases you most is that it strengthens and regulates your stomach so you can eat your favorite foods without fear.

Most remedies give you relief sometimes—very slow, but not sure. "Pape's Diapepsin" is quick, positive and puts your stomach in a healthy condition so the misery won't come back.

You feel different as soon as "Pape's Diapepsin" comes in contact with the stomach—distress just vanishes—your stomach gets sweet, no gases, no belching, no eructations of undigested food, your head clears and you feel fine.

Go now, make the best investment you ever made, by getting a large fifty cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store. You realize in five minutes how needless it is to suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia or any stomach disorder.

\$13.95

Two Special Prices For New Costumes

\$25.00

Fine Serge Costumes, all-wool, two different models and the very latest. Colors: Brown Black, Copenhagen Blue, Green and Gray.

Real value \$18.00.

SPECIAL **\$13.95**

Costume, box Coat style, Black Serge, all-wool finish, with wide collar, trimmed with silk lace, ornamented with buttons, with half belt in the back, and double belt crossed in front; exclusive style. Colors: Navy Blue, Green, Wine Tan and Grey.

These Costumes are really \$35.00 values.

SPECIAL **\$25.00**

Our last exhibition has proved that we established a new record for choice of high novelty in the selection of our Mantles for Ladies, Evening Dresses, Hats, Children's Clothing and Serge Materials.

Commercial Bons With All Your Purchases

At Everybody's Store

Myrand & Pouliot

215 St. Joseph Street



Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulation.

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at the Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties.—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties.—Six months residence in each of three years; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties.—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388.

For Style, Fit

and workmanship, order your clothes from

S. J. BURKE

MERCHANT TAILOR.

187 ST. JOHN ST. Phone 781

WALLACE COLLEGE.

110 RICHELIEU ST. QUEBEC.

Sixteenth Year.

Instruction given in Bookkeeping, Short-hand, Telegraphy, Mathematics, Drawing, Music and Modern Languages. No vacations.

Day and Evening Classes.

W. M. WALLACE

NEW SPRING GOODS

We are now receiving our New Spring Stock of Dry Goods

NEW TRIMMED HATS
NEW STYLE BLOUSES
NEW SILK BLOUSES
NEW NECKWEAR
NEW UMBRELLAS
NEW WASH GOODS
NEW GINGHAMS
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SIMONS & MINGUY,
Tel. 338 20 Fabrique, Quebec

THE REID CO. Ltd.

Phone 122. 227 ST. PAUL STREET.

Wholesale Dealers and Manufacturers' Agents.

Brompton Kraft Wrapping Paper. The best wrapping paper on the market, kept in stock by us, and many other leading brands.

We also carry in stock Sovereign brand Roofing and building Paper. Over 50 years of honest dealing enables us to give entire satisfaction. Write, phone or call for prices and particulars.

Ap.13tu.th.sixty

Presents For The Children

THIS WEEK WE MAKE A SPECIAL DISPLAY OF GOODS SUITABLE FOR CHILDREN.

Sterling Silver Goblets
Sterling Silver Knife, Fork and Spoon Sets.

Sterling Silver Rattles.
Sterling Silver Food Pushers.
Sterling Silver Pap Spoons.

Sterling Silver Porridge Bowls.

Sterling Silver Brush and Comb Sets.

Sterling Silver Puff Boxes.

Sterling Silver Bib Holders.

Baby Rings, Bib Pins, Safety Pins, Necklets and Locketts in gold and in silver.

This display will be made in our large show window.

G. SEIFERT & SONS,
JEWELLERS

16 Fabrique Street. Opposite City Hall

Electric Coffee Percolators

in different styles and sizes,

—also—

TEA BALL TEAPOTS And SAMOVARS.

—CHAFFING DISHES,

—TOASTERS,

—DISC STOVES.

(Four styles and sizes)

GRILLS—Square and Round. EGG

COOKERS. All to be had at:

The

CHINIC Hardware Company

BUILDER'S HARDWARE

Building operations are now in

full swing, and Contractors can

get the best they want in all

lines of up-to-date

DOOR KNOBS (Brass, etc.)

HINGES, LOCKS,

NAILS, BOLTS, and everything

needed in the Hardware line

for an Up-to-date Building.

—at—

S. J. SHAW & CO.

Hardware Merchants,

Phone 573. 13 ST. JOHN ST.

LA CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC

HEAD OFFICE AND SIX BRANCHES IN QUEBEC.
TWO BRANCHES IN LEVIS.

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES
AT THE HEAD OFFICE AND ST. ROCH'S BRANCH.

DIED.

POWER—On the 25th inst. William Rickett, aged 10 months, son of Mr. J. Rickett Power. Funeral private.

AUDITORIUM

THIS WEEK:
NOODLES-FAGAN COMPANY.
(See the Child Actor)
With Four Other Big Attractions.
Prices are the Same as Usual.

EMPIRE THEATRE

TODAY
CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG,
In "THE DARK SILENCE."
Select Music.

OLYMPIA THEATRE

TODAY
CHARLIE CHAPLIN, in
"POLICE," with other Pictures.
One of his Greatest Successes.

VICTORIA THEATRE

TODAY
GEORGE BEBAN, in
"HIS SWEETHEART."
Admission - - - 10 Cents.

DRAWING-ROOM TALK

By MRS. MORELL
ate Secretary Saskatchewan
Chapter, I. O. D. E.

WOMEN'S PLACE IN THE EMPIRE

Under the auspices of the
Quebec Municipal Chapter, I.O.D.E.
TUESDAY, MARCH 27TH
CHATEAU TEA ROOM
— At Three o'clock, P.M. —

ADMISSION 25 Cts.

OFFICES to LET

In the Lindsay Building, 203 St. John street, a number of magnificent offices, could be rented by suite or separately well lighted, service of two elevators, hot and cold water in each office, electric light, gas, hardwood floors, in fact, all the latest improvements. For rates and conditions, address:

J. W. LINDSAY Limited
201-203 ST. JOHN STREET.
March 26th.

The Temperance Act of Canada

NOTICE is hereby given that a written notice addressed to the Secretary of State of Canada, embodying a petition or request to the Governor-in-Council, signed as required by the Temperance Act of Canada and setting forth that the petitioners desire that the votes of the electors of the City of Quebec be taken for and against the adoption of the said petition and asking that part 11 of the said Act be enforced and applied in the said City of Quebec, in the said City, the 10th of April, 1917, so that the public may study it, and will remain there in file for ten days, (adv.).

JOSEPH PICARD,
Dr. F. X. JULES DORION,
Two of the Petitioners.
Mh.27x2

I have just arrived from the Ontario farms with a carload of splendid Horses, weighing from 1,100 to 1,700 pounds, which will be sold at prices defying all competition. I have a specialty of fine Mares for farmers. Horses and vehicles on hire. Apply to

OMER TURGEON,
Horse Dealer,
23 Montmagny St. 'Phone 3590.

JUDGMENT RENDERED.

The Hon. Judge Cannon gave judgment in the Superior Court yesterday morning in the following action:
Quebec Land Co. vs. Cie De Sable Union.—Claim for rent of beach lots at Limoulin. Judgment for \$200, with interest and costs.

EXCHEQUER COURT.

The only case heard in the Exchequer Court, which commenced its sitting yesterday morning, was that of Belanger vs. The King, which was continued throughout the afternoon. The case was pleaded before Judge Audet.

IN AND ABOUT TOWN

LEGARE'S MOTOR SHOW IS OPENED

LARGE CROWD WAS PRESENT
LAST EVENING — FINE EXHIBITION OF CARS.

The Legare Automobile Ltd., opened their Motor Show in their new building last evening and the event was a brilliant one. A splendid orchestra discoursed select music and the large crowd of visitors were much impressed with the magnificent display which reflects much credit on this enterprising Quebec firm.

The cars exhibited are the Hudson, Franklin, Studebaker and Chevrolet and a courteous and efficient staff is present to acquaint the visitor with the different capabilities and peculiarities of the machines. In Motor trucks, the Legare concern leads the way, their Federals being largely in use in Quebec.

The exhibition is a more pretentious one than any previous event of its kind here and there is no doubt that hundreds of Quebecers will visit the splendid building during the week and see for themselves the rapid strides made by the Legare company in the automobile business.

The Legare establishment is well certified for the coming summer trade and their equipment just now can hardly be equalled in Eastern Canada. Thursday night will be "Ladies Night" at the Motor Show.

The "Franklin" car was the object of much interest at last evening's display. This car is the product of probably the only successful experiment with the "air cooled" process and its handsome lines and unique shaped nose seems to attract immediate attention.

Mr. J. L. Ait, the sales manager, is a busy man just now, but he, like everybody else connected with the firm, is always in good humour and only too pleased to explain anything about automobiles to an interested visitor.

ICE THAT IS ICE.
The attention of our readers is directed to the advt. of P. J. Holden on page 3 of this issue.

Clara Kimball Young at the Empire today.

RECORDER'S COURT.

Seven prisoners were charged at the Recorder's Court yesterday with drunkenness, six of whom were fined to the usual amounts. The remaining delinquents, who had only been released from jail on Saturday, was given two months imprisonment.

NEW CURATE FOR BASILICA

Abbe Nicole, Bursar of the Quebec Seminary has been appointed by His Eminence Cardinal Beaudry, a Curate of the Basilica, Abbe Nicole is well known in Quebec, where he has a host of friends. The parishioners of Notre Dame will learn with pleasure of his appointment.

Would you marry a blind soldier? See "The Dark Silence" at Empire.

STUDEBAKER EXPERT

IS IN THE CITY.
Mr. W. H. Welch, of the Studebaker Corporation of Canada, Limited, of Walkerville, Ont., is in town to spend the whole week at the Legare Motor Show. He will be pleased to meet all the Studebaker owners, and give them any information they may desire.

NEW LEGAL FIRM

OF BELLEY & SEVIGNY.
Hon. Mr. Albert Sevigny, Minister of Inland Revenue and Mr. L. G. Belley advocate of this city have just joined a legal firm to be known as Belley & Sevigny, with offices in the Dominion Building 126 St. Peter street. Mr. Belley was M.P. for Chicoutimi in the Federal House from 1892 to 1896. Both gentlemen are popular in this city and there is little doubt that the new legal firm will meet with great success.

ACTION DISMISSED.

In the Superior Court Hon. Judge Cannon yesterday dismissed the action taken by a colored man named Harris against the Quebec Railway Light Heat & Power Company.

The plaintiff alleged that in July last he went into the dining room of the Kent House accompanied by a young woman to have dinner, and was requested to leave the dining room by the waiter, who said he had orders not to serve colored people in the dining room. He claimed \$100.00 for humiliation and wounded feelings. The defendant Company claimed that the plaintiff had been spoken to quietly and agreed to take his meal in the cafe attached to the hotel and did so. It was contended that this was done in a manner which did not attract attention or cause annoyance, and that no damage had been done as no one in the dining room knew what had occurred. The Court upheld defendant's contention.

Last chance today to see "The Dark Silence" at Empire.

SKILLED MECHANICS FOR WAR SERVICE

MEN WANTED BY FLYING CORPS TO CARRY OUT REPAIR WORK.

The Imperial Royal Flying Corps is forming Canadian Reserve Squadron and requires skilled mechanics for immediate service. These men are not required to fly but will be engaged in repairing the machines on which pilots are trained. Prior to enlistment, which will be for the period of the war, applicants will be tested as to their knowledge of their respective trades.

The qualifying age is from 19 to 45 years—married or single. Application should be made to Lieut. H. M. Thomas, R.F.C., 408 Mercer Building.

The rates of pay and the class of mechanics required are as follows:

3rd. Class Air Mechanics (Unskilled Labour) 1.10 per diem; 2nd. class Air Mechanics 1.35 per diem; 1st. class Air Mechanics, 1.60 per diem; Corporals, 1.70 per diem; Sergeants, 2.00 per diem; Flight sergeants, 2.30 per diem; Warrant Officers, 2.50 per diem.

Separation Allowances—Full Canadian scale.

Mechanics Required.

Acetylene Welders, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Copiersmiths, Motor Cyclists, Motor Drivers, Electricians, Engine Fitters, Motor Cycle Fitters, Motor Fitters, Millwrights, Sailmakers (Tailors), Milling Machinists, Metal Turners, Painters (Tinsmiths, Cabinier Makers, Vulcanizers, Engineers, Storemen, Mail Clerks, Cooks and Officers' Servants.

FUNERAL OF THE LATE MR. DAVID WATERS.

The funeral of the late Mr. David Waters, who passed away suddenly on Saturday, took place from his late residence, No. 14 Aberdeen street to Chalmers' Church, and was attended by an immense number of mourning friends, including a large delegation of Ross Rifle employees, and a delegation of gaol officials.

A short service, conducted by the Rev. J. A. Clark, of Three Rivers, was held at the home of the deceased prior to the departure for his funeral. The service at the church was also conducted by the Rev. Mr. Clark. During the service the following hymns were sung: "Asleep in Jesus" and "Rock of Ages." The choir of the church was in attendance, and rendered the musical portion of the service very feelingly. As the body was borne from the church, the "Dead March in Saul" was played on the organ.

The remains of the late Mr. Waters were conveyed to Mount Hermon cemetery for interment, the last prayers being read by the Rev. Mr. Clark.

The chief mourners were Mr. Robt. Waters, brother; Mr. W. G. Aird, of Three Rivers, son-in-law, and Mr. E. C. Bain, of Montreal, brother-in-law.

The pall-bearers were: Messrs. McD. Wilson, J. Matthews, W. Campbell, A. Petrie, A. Fraser and W. D. McCahey.

The floral tributes, which were very numerous, included two beautiful wreaths sent by the Managers of Chalmers' church, and the Ross Rifle Company.

On Sunday morning the Rev. Mr. Clark, who conducted the services in Chalmers' Church, referred to the sad event and paid a touching tribute to the memory of the deceased.

The villain saves the hero's sight in "The Dark Silence." See it today.

ATTACKED AND ROBBED

Mr. Alphonse Huard, Notary Was Held up on St. Francois Street.

Mr. Alphonse Huard, notary of St. Francois Street was attacked in St. Roch's early yesterday morning by an unknown man. He was brutally beaten up and robbed of a sum of money, a watch and ring, etc. A few hours before he was assaulted he deposited several hundred dollars at the presbytery of the Cure of Jacques-Cartier.

It is believed that his assailant attacked him thinking that Mr. Huard had this money on his person. The police are working on the case.

WHEN ARE YOU GOING WEST?

If you are contemplating a trip to any point in Western Canada this year do not overlook the fact that by using CANADIAN PACIFIC RY. you benefit of the maximum of comfort at the minimum of expense. Unrivaled through daily trains between Eastern and Western Canada. Most up to date equipment. Unequaled service via exclusively Canadian route avoiding all inconveniences of partly travelling via United States. Full information on application to Chas. A. Langevin, City Passenger Agent, 30 St. John Street and Gare du Palais, Quebec.

March 27th, 1917.

ROSS EMPLOYEES PASS RESOLUTIONS

UNANIMOUS WISH OF LABOR-MEN IS THAT FACTORY BE RE-OPENED.

The meeting of Ross Rifle Factory employees and other labor men from the City held in the Recorder's Court room last night under the presidency of Pro Mayor Ald. V. Martin developed into a very disorderly session. The trouble arose over a resolution proposed by Mr. M. Walsh, President of the Central Trades Council.

Chairman Martin read the resolution as coming from the Union as a body. Mr. Jas. Muldawney clamored for a hearing in order to object to the resolution being read as expressing the views of the Union. He declared that he was a member of the Union and did not hear anything of the proposed resolution before it was placed before the meeting. Mr. Muldawney contended that a motion such as proposed by Mr. Walsh was too much of an appeal for work. He urged that the workers demand employment at the Ross plant either manufacturing the Ross rifle, the Lee-Enfield, airplanes, etc.

Mr. Walsh smoothed over the difficulty by explaining that it was he and not the Union that had proposed the resolution which follows:

Whereas two thousand men of the Ross Rifle Co., are out of work due to the closing down of the Factory, We respectfully ask the Hon. Minister of the District of Quebec to facilitate ways and means to get work for those men if possible in the City of Quebec and that those men be given preference when the shops reopen."

The motion was seconded by Mr. G. Desbriens, Secretary of the meeting who delivered a short speech.

During the course of his remarks Mr. Walsh expressed himself as favoring the nationalization of the plant. He stated that all munitions works should have been taken over by the Government at the outbreak of the war. He was not surprised of the news now of the expropriation of the Ross Rifle Factory stating that it was bound to come. From a labor point of view he did not place much faith in either the Liberal or Conservative party. He said what work had been secured from the Federal Government in the past had to be forced from those in power. In concluding he gave the encouraging news that all union card men who reported to the Union office during the week would be given employment.

A very forcible speech was given by Mr. K. Brodie. He opened his remarks by stating that the Government was to expropriate the Ross Factory on Wednesday. One thing he said was certain that the Federal authorities were unaware of the quantity of raw material that was on hand. This material he estimated at over \$1,000,000 and unfortunately none of it could be utilized in the manufacture of the Lee-Enfield rifle.

He declared that as the Government had the option of securing from the Imperial Government all instruments for manufacturing the Lee-Enfield from the United States, he asked would it not be better to use the material at present in the Ross Factory instead of scrapping it. Before that period arrived he said it was quite certain that the plant would be ready for the new model.

Mr. Brodie stated that he saw by the Toronto Mail and Empire of Thursday last that Sir George Foster intimated that the Government expropriation of the Ross Rifle would involve unemployment for the workers for at least six months. He (Mr. Brodie) did not know that it takes a long time to train a man to become an efficient worker on rifle parts.

A great number of Ross Rifle employees have been with the firm continuously for fifteen years, the speaker declared. If these men were dispersed when they would not be available. The Government would lose by this, Mr. Brodie stated, whereas by following out the course he suggested the whole of the difficulties of expropriation would be solved. By this means the Federal authorities would earn a reputation for fair dealing.

In conclusion he placed the following resolution before the meeting which was adopted.

This meeting of Ross Rifle Employees reaffirms the Resolution passed unanimously at a previous assembly of Employees, and further demands that the Government resume operations on the Ross Rifle, and continue until all the materials, raw and manufactured, are absorbed in the process.

The meeting desires the Government to follow this course only in the interest of the Employees effected.

Copies of this Resolution to be sent to The Acting Federal Premier and his Cabinet Colleagues, Sir Robert Borden and the respective Premiers of every Province of Canada.

That the labor men were not properly organized with about 80 p.c. outside the unions was set forth by Mr. Jas. Muldawney during his oration. He declared that it was in troubles of this kind that the workmen generally looked to the organized labor bodies for support. The advantages to be derived by the Unions was dealt on at considerable length by the speaker who urged the men not only to become members of local and provincial bodies but also to be affiliated to international unions.

High-School Suits are Better Clothes than a Boy Could Ever Get Before!

For boys*from 6 to 16 years High School Suits are made in smart new styles, from pure British-woven Worsteds, Serges and Tweeds.

Overcoats as good as any man can get—of just as fine wool cloths.

Clothes that retain their shape and make every boy take an interest in keeping up a neat appearance.



Semi-ready Tailored—the genuine hand-made custom tailoring—on efficiency systems.
Let us show you superb man-quality Boys' Suits for \$10—made-to-measure.

GEORGE MORISSETTE,
Cor St. John and d'Youville.
E. E. LEMIEUX,
Bienville.

JULES GAUVIN,
183 St. Joseph Street.
L. ST. HILAIRE & FILS.,
St. Romuald.

Special Exhibit of New Spring Suits and Coats for Easter Shoppers

It is of interest to all buyers to visit our Store before Easter.



See our great display of new Suits and coats. Examine the styles and finish and ask for prices.

Millinery Section



We are showing the newest Millinery fashions, at prices that will meet the requirement of our clientele, no matter how little you may care to pay. We have authentic new styles at even the most modest prices.

Faguy, Lapinay & Fries

254-264 St. John Street
QUEBEC

He was glad that no attempt to make political capital out of the laborers' plight would be made at this meeting. Mr. John Allain and others also spoke.

SEATTLE WON

WORLD'S SERIES

In The World of Sport

DUCKPIN LEAGUE

OPENED YESTERDAY

SEATTLE WON SERIES
BY BEATING CANADIENS
LAST NIGHT NINE TO ONE

Westerners Outplayed Frenchmen for Most of the Game and Scored at Will Towards the Close—Morris Scored Six Goals—Vezina Starred Again—Canadiens Seemed Listless and Could Not Stand the Pace.

Seattle, Wash. Mar. 26.—Defeating the Canadiens of Montreal in a most decisive manner, by a score of 9 to 1, tonight the Seattle Metropolitans, winners of the Coast League championship, won the world's professional hockey title and possession of the famous Stanley Cup.

Tonight's conflict was a regular rout for the Frenchmen. Though they fought hard in the first period to stick in the series and make another game necessary, they were outclassed at all angles. The "hook" check again proved their downfall.

Pitre saved the Canadiens from a shutout by coming through with a goal in the dying minutes of the game.

THE PLAY.

(First Period.)

Canadiens started out fast but Seattle's famous hook-checking bothered them very much. Lalonde and Pitre losing a nice chance when Walker stole it away near the net. Carpenter rushed the full length for a nice try but Vezina saved. Corbeau rushed but lost to Morris who dodged past Mummery and scored first goal for Seattle. Time 1:56.

Seattle, 1; Canadiens, 0.

Seattle tried to press their advantage and the big crowd went wild time and again as they forced their way through only to be beaten by Vezina, whose work so far in the series will long be remembered by local fans. Mummery worked his way down and took a long shot which Holmes saved. Lalonde nearly hitting through the rebound. Play was very fast, Canadiens making a desperate attempt to stay with the locals. The period ended one to none for Seattle.

(Second Period)

Seattle forced matters in the second twenty and the Frenchmen were outskated from the start. The crowd had lots of opportunity to cheer as play was very fast and Vezina kept up his great work. Two or three times, Holmes was called upon, but the back-checking of the homesters kept the Canadiens shooting from far out. Foyston rushed down through centre and fooling the Canadian defence passed to Morris who beat out Vezina from two feet out and the rink cheered him lustily.

Seattle, 2; Canadiens, 0.

Play continued to be of the whirlwind variety. Holmes saved from Pitre and Vezina got in the way of Foyston's shot. Seattle were pressing and Foyston made it three to none after taking Walker's pass and banging it past Vezina.

Seattle, 3; Canadiens, 0.

The Frenchmen looked tired but kept plugging away. Lalonde and Pitre seemed anxious to take tries on long shots but the crowd yelled every time. Holmes took their drives with ease.

Morris scored for Seattle on Rickie's pass.

No further score resulted on either side, however, the period ending 4 to 0 for Seattle.

(Third Period)

Canadiens made a brave effort to stay in the fight in the third period, but faded away and Seattle simply peppered Vezina. Morris finally scoring on a lone rush in 1:30.

Seattle, 5; Canadiens, 0.

The home team continued to outplay the visitors who were outclassed and Vezina stood out as the only barrier to the speedy Metropolitans. Morris and Walker combined and beat out the Canadian defence. Morris scoring on Walker's pass. Time 4:50.

Seattle, 6; Canadiens, 0.

Canadiens secured the face-off but Rowe stole the rubber and rushing full length passed to Foyston who scored, 18 secs.

Seattle, 7; Canadiens, 0.

Lavolette and Pitre rushed and Pitre netted for Canadiens on Jack's pass, saving the Frenchmen from a whitewash.

Seattle, 8; Canadiens, 1.

Tommy Smith almost scored but Holmes turned aside his shot. Canadiens did not check back and with scarcely any defence to stop them

Ed. Faille Says:

"You had better bring in that neglected battery before you get stuck on the road ten miles from nowhere."

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ST. PATRICK'S WON
INDOOR BALL GAME

THE "OPEN AIR" ARTISTS DEFEATED SOLDIERS IN EXHIBITION GAME.

A fair crowd of spectators watched St. Patrick's defeat the Soldier team commanded by Captain "Coo" Dion, at indoor baseball at the Drill Hall last night. The score was 36 to 19, but despite the big figures, the contest was well-played, hitting being free on both sides. Steve Newton's Irishmen took to the indoor game with a relish, though few of them ever played before, their outdoor experience counting. Both sides pulled off some clever catches and double plays.

Sergeant "Bob" Pitcher twirled for St. Patrick's and his support was fairly good. Capt. Dion, who did slab duty for the Khaki Boys, did well, but his support wobbled at times.

The St. Patrick's team will meet the Signallers on Wednesday night. The teams last night were:

St. Patrick's. T. Kelly, r.f., ... Eliger, c. Menard, 1b., ... Capt. Dion, p. Newton, c., ... Dowling, 1b. West-Calkins, ss., ... H. Kelly, 2b. McRae, 2b., ... Murphy, 2b. Maurais, cf., ... Chasse, ss. Price, 3b., ... Parent, cf. Cushing, lf., ... Lampson, lf. Pitcher, p., ... McIntyre, cf. Worth, lf., ... Hughes, cf., ...

Score by Innings:
St. Patrick's, ... 170 231 526—36
Soldiers, ... 003 026 002—19

DUCK-PIN LEAGUE
GETS GOOD START

YVES TESSIER WAS HIGH MAN AND HAD A SINGLE STRING OF 169.

The Quebec Duck-pin League got off to a flying start at the different alleys yesterday and despite the earliness of the season, some good scores were put on.

The St. Patrick's team rolled a total of 1,133 in beating the Sons of Ireland three strings, Yves Tessier of the winners having 398 total and a single effort of 169. The next best team performance was that of the Joffres on Frontenac alleys, their total being 1,019. All ten teams played. St. Pat's beat Sons of Ireland, three straight; Chien d'Or took two from Olympia; Athletique took two from Canadiens. On Frontenac alleys, Joffre beat Jacques Cartier, three straight, and Frontenac took three from Montcalm.

The scores:

On Olympia Alleys.

St. Patrick's.

Leidden, J., ... 132 109 130—371

Tessier, Y., ... 112 117 169—398

Leidden, H., ... 140 113 113—366

Total 384 339 412—1135

Sons of Ireland.

Bryson, J., ... 94 93 119—306

Laroche, H., ... 98 92 89—279

McDonald, E., ... 91 82 125—298

Total 283 267 333—883

St. Patrick's won three strings.

Olympia.

Picher, ... 107 101 110—318

Bedard, ... 91 104 103—298

Metivier, ... 133 99 102—334

Total 341 305 315—961

Chien d'Or.

Talbot, ... 94 119 118—331

Labrecque, E., ... 118 113 81—302

Bisset, ... 109 107 127—343

Total 310 339 326—975

Chien d'Or won two strings.

Canadiens.

Dauphin, ... 84 123 94—301

Gauvreau, ... 89 103 89—271

Gingras, A., ... 86 102 99—287

Totals 249 325 282—859

Athletique.

Baillargeon, ... 97 89 137—323

Gingras, W., ... 122 100 112—334

Joubert, ... 96 112 114—322

Total 315 301 363—979

Athletique won two strings.

On Frontenac Alleys.

The teams and scores:

Jacques-Cartier.

Falardeau, ... 92 98 111—301

Martineau, ... 88 105 100—293

Amiot, ... 101 88 113—302

Total 281 291 324—896

Joffre.

Lamy, ... 99 110 94—303

Henri, ... 105 127 130—362

Gagnon, E., ... 113 115 126—354

Total 317 352 350—1019

Joffre won three strings.

Montcalm.

Labrecque, J., ... 85 78 97—260

Labrecque, H., ... 97 98 109—303

Wright, A., ... 106 110 109—325

Totals 288 295 297—886

Frontenac.

Fortier, ... 126 126 121—373

Gagnon, C., ... 100 106 96—302

Grenier, H., ... 100 117 108—325

Totals 326 349 325—1000

Frontenac won three strings.

League Standing.

Won. Lost. Pct.

Joffre 3 0 .1000

St. Patrick's 3 0 .1000

Frontenac 3 0 .1000

Chien d'Or 2 1 .667

Athletique 2 1 .667

Canadiens 1 2 .333

Olympia 1 2 .333

Sons of Ireland 0 3 .000

Montcalm 0 3 .000

Jacques-Cartier 0 3 .000

Next matches on Friday night.

GEORGE GIBSON

DECLARED ELIGIBLE.

Cincinnati, O., March 26.—The veteran Canadian catcher, George Gibson, was today declared to be eligible for service by the National Baseball Commission. The New York Nationals obtained Gibson last fall when Pittsburgh asked waivers on him. Gibson, however, at that time refused to join the New York team.

He recently applied to the Commission to be restored to good standing, stating that he desired to join the New Yorks, which team had retained him on its 1917 reservation list.

WHO WOULD DARE?

"We want no hearsay testimony," said the judge severely. "We must have evidence which no one dares to dispute."

"That's what I'm giving you," said the witness. "My mother-in-law told me this."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Sporting Notes

The baseball men welcome the sunshine, but hockey players do not. Yesterday's "June" weather simply made the ice of the Arena wilt and with a few inches of water on it last night, the game scheduled between Laval, of Montreal, and Montagnais, of this city, was called off. And Mr. Letourneau was thus deprived of his terrible revenge.

The Quebec City Hockey Association have not as yet officially notified the trustees of the Fontaine Cup that the Sons of Ireland are champions. It is about time the hockey magnates closed up their books for the season.

Yesterday was a winning day for St. Patrick's. The indoor baseball team won, and the Duck-pin trio defeated the Sons of Ireland.

Some interesting games will be played in the Duck-pin League. There are ten teams entered and all the bowlers are enthusiastic.

Yves Tessier's 169 is a nice opening game single. It may stand for some time, too.

"Pete" Fortier was rolling steadily last night. His 373 was very evenly divided.

The Jacques Cartier team which won the title last season, opened the season by losing three straight. But Captain Amiot is not worrying, and expects better luck.

Barney Price was at third base for St. Patrick's last night, and did well. The boys enjoyed the game thoroughly, and will be all up on Wednesday night to meet the fast Signallers team.

Seattle's victory last night upset some of the "know-alls" who knew Canadiens would win because of the "extra gate." Just why players should prolong the series when there was no more money in it for them is not apparent. Just to help out the management, some say. And in doing this, probably lose their chance of taking the long end of the purse. Oh, yes—very likely. The honesty of the game has again received a boost.

The banquet of the Commercial Hockey League takes place on Thursday night at the Kent House. An enjoyable time is in store for the boys on this circuit.

The teams made an effort to play at the Arena last evening, but after Joe Langlais had taken soundings, it was decided that rather than risk the submersion of the players, the match should be called off. And hockey is dead for 1917, buried in a watery grave.

The Sons of Ireland might have had a chance to take one string yesterday if it hadn't been by Hammy LaRoche's green shirt.

The Sons bowlers were just getting into their stride in the third string and the trio will be heard from in other league games.

The Montcalm duck-pin artists rolled low on their first appearance. But Isidore will have his boys whipped into shape soon.

It's pretty hard to beat a team called "Joffre."

Seattle rubbed it in last night. A nine to one drubbing was pretty severe.

The Canadiens failed to make any showing at the six-man game. In fact, after the opening match the Flying Frenchmen were outscored by 19 to 2.

Popular Pastime, No. 739: Listening to the hearty laughs from Ottawa (and the "I told you so's") "Now, if Ottawa had gone to the Coast" ???

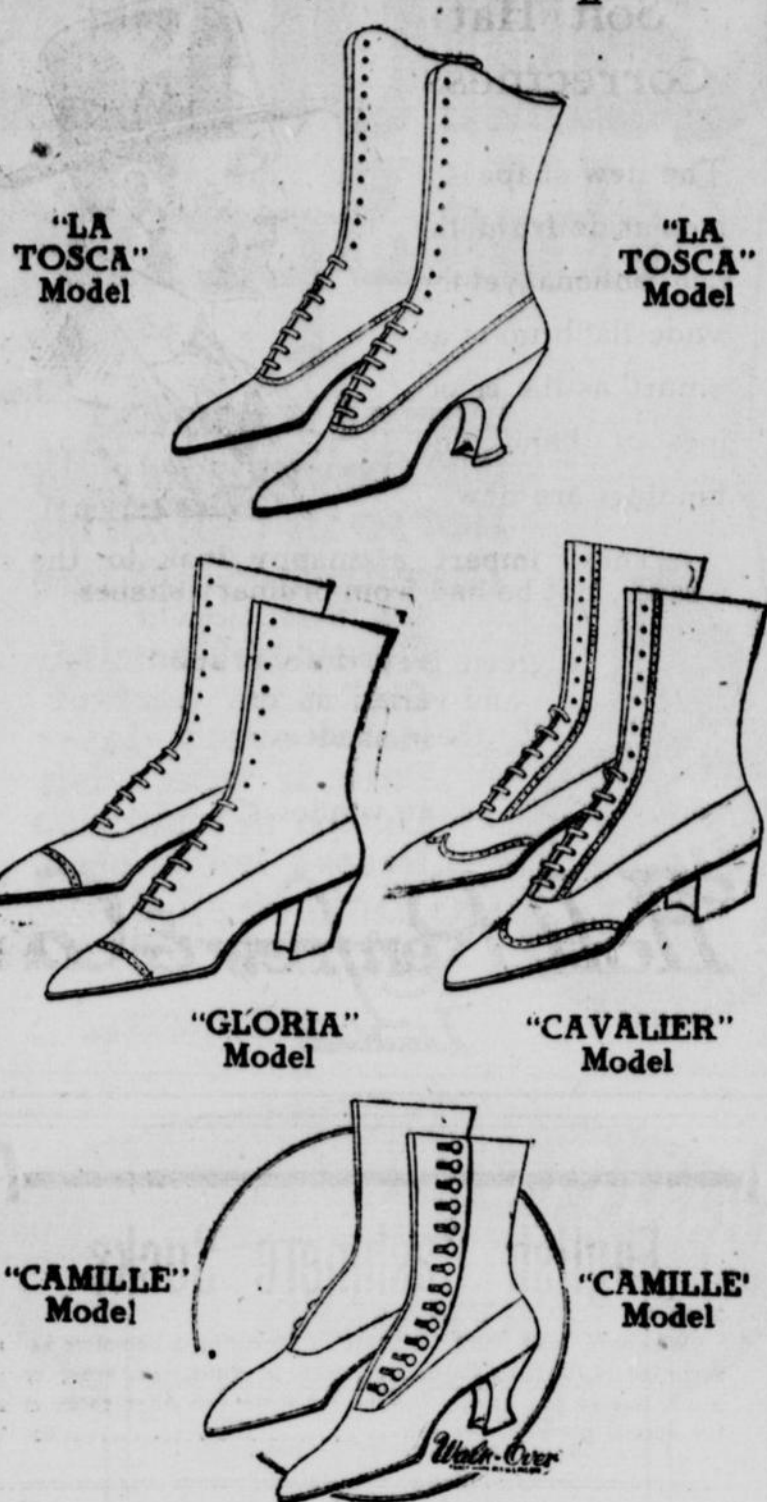
DARCY AFTER CHIP.

Thinks Well of An Offer From a Cleveland Promoter.

New York, March 25.—Les Darcy, the Australian middleweight champion who has been in this city for the past week, last evening announced that he had been in telephonic communication with Matt Hinkel, the Cleveland boxing promoter, and had received an acceptable offer for a bout in that city. Darcy added that he had agreed to the terms offered by Hinkel, and would start for Cleveland on Tuesday night.

The Australian would not divulge the amount of the purse he is to receive, but simply said that Hinkel had promised him all that he now expected to receive for making his American ring debut. The selection of an opponent was left to Darcy, and he immediately suggested Geo. Chip, the Newcastle, Pa., middleweight. Darcy knocked out Chip before leaving Australia. If Chip's agreement to the bout can be obtained, it is likely that the contest

New Things at The Walk-Over Boot Shop



Four of Our Daintiest, Newest Spring Walk-Over Models. "Tosca" is very new with cream chiffon back tops and black kid vamps, and "Cavalier" comes in six to nine different finishes. Ask to see "Tosca" in the new gray shades of suede. It is beautiful.

Walk-Over Boot Shop
10 St. John Street.

BEWARE

BEWARE of certain dealers and hotels that pawn on you Soda Water and Ginger Ale that they say is superior to others, and sold at very high prices, they push them simply because they have more profit than on domestic kind.

Lately we had occasion to sample some from outside of this city, and we are certain if we bottled such stuff, we would not get sale for it. Yet it was high priced, and that sells it.

TIMMONS' Soda Water is made with our celebrated **CLAIRE FONTAINE** spring water.

It drinks with a delightful "crispy grip," and a sense of "palate pleasure" only found in Soda Water made with **CLAIRE FONTAINE** spring water.

It sparkles like crystal.

It retains its effervescence longer.

It keeps better than so-called Soda Water.

It is unrivalled for drinking "plain" or mixed with whiskey, brandy, gin, milk, etc.

It's subtle, clean and exhilarating flavor is a continual delight to connoisseurs.

OUR No. 2 Ginger Ale is better than the best made here. Our No. 1 grade is superior to the so-called high-class Ginger Ale that is brought here and sold at high prices. And, our **DRY** Ginger Ale (gold foiled), is superior to many imported, and second to none in the world.

When you ask for Soda Water or Ginger Ale, don't fail to say "**TIMMONS**" and insist that you get it.

M. TIMMONS & SON,
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Cheese Cheese

LENT SPECIALTIES.

Camembert (wooden boxes).....	45c
Gorgonzola, 1-lb blocks.....	45c
Port Salut.....	per lb. 44c
Cheddar (medium strong).....	38c
Canadian (mild).....	38c
Cream Cheese, in packages.....	10c, 15c, 18c
Buhoic, in packages, at.....	10c, 15c, 18c
Chile Cheese, in packages, at.....	10c, 15c, 18c
MacLaren's Roquefort, in crocks.....	18c, 25c
MacLaren's Imperial, in crocks.....	10c, 25c, 30c
Pimento Cheese, at.....	10c, 15c

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RUSSIA'S JOINING OF DEMOCRACIES

CELEBRATED AT MASS MEETING IN NEW YORK OPERA HOUSE.

New York, March 26.—The advent of Russia into the family of democracies through her successful revolution was celebrated by several thousand persons, including many prominent business and professional men, at a mass meeting in the Metropolitan Opera House tonight. A resolution, prepared by Charles E. Hughes, Joseph Choate and Charles R. Flint, was adopted unanimously. It declared:

"It is the sense of this meeting that the people of the United States rejoicing in the triumph of democracy in Russia, should aid and encourage her in every possible way to preserve and develop liberal institutions."

"As Americans we are confident that the addition of Russia to the number of constitutionally governed countries is a great advance toward the time when all governments of Europe shall be of the people, by the people and for the people."

Messages from Theodore Roosevelt, Elihu Root and Jacob K. Schiff asserting their joy over the advent of the new government in Russia were read by the chairman, Alton B. Parker. The speakers included Mr. Choate, Mayor John P. Mitchell, G. Lawrence Abbott and Martin W. Littleton.

"We ask our American friends to rejoice with us in a free and happy Russia," read a telegram from Premier Lvoff, of Russia.

"I rejoice from my soul that Russia, the hereditary friend of this country, has ranged herself on the side of orderly liberty, of enlightened freedom and for the full performance of duty by free nations through out the world," said Col. Roosevelt in his letter.

In his letter, Mr. Root declared that the substitution of democracy for autocracy as a method of human government is an irresistible movement in the world and that European war saw democracies array against the "lingering autocracies" of Germany, Austria-Hungary and Turkey. He prophesied that the downfall of the Hohenzollern and Hapsburg dynasties was inevitable.

Be Careful What You Wash Your Hair With

Don't use prepared shampoos or anything else, that contains too much alkali, for this is very injurious, as it dries the scalp and makes the hair brittle.

The best thing to use is just plain muslinised coconut oil, for it is pure and entirely greaseless. It's very cheap, and beats the most expensive soaps or anything else all to pieces. You can get this at any drug store, and a few ounces will last the whole family for months.

Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in, about a teaspoonful is all that is required. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, cleanses thoroughly, and rinses out easily. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and is soft, fresh looking, bright, fluffy, wavy, and easy to handle. Besides, it loosens and takes out every particle of dust, dirt and dandruff.

GERMANS IMPRISON BELGIAN PRELATES

London, March 25.—Monsignor Louis Legraive Vicar-General to Cardinal Mercier, Primate of Belgium, has been sentenced to nine months imprisonment and deported to Germany for sheltering a discharged French soldier for one night, according to a Central News despatch from Amsterdam.

This information is confirmed by a Reuter despatch from Amsterdam which adds that Canon Allaer, spiritual director of the great seminary of Malines, of which Monsignor Legraive was president, has been sentenced to eight months imprisonment in Germany for giving shelter to another discharged French soldier.

She Praises Them For She Found Them Good

WHAT MDE. TREMBLAY SAYS
OF DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

She Had Bad Kidneys, She Took Dodd's Kidney Pills, and They Brought Health and Cheerfulness.

Tremblay Settlement, Gloucester Co., N.B., Mar. 26.—(Special)—Every corner of Quebec has some one ready to tell of splendid results secured from the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills. In their thirty years of relief work among the sufferers from sick kidneys they have made friends everywhere. Mde. Pierre Tremblay, of this place, is one of them.

"I praise Dodd's Kidney Pills," she says, "because I have found them good. I had bad kidneys. I took Dodd's Kidney Pills and they cured me. I think Dodd's Kidney Pills are the best of all kidney remedies."

The reason so many people so cheerfully bear testimony to the benefit they have received from Dodd's Kidney Pills is that they make a person healthy all over. Dodd's Kidney Pills make healthy kidneys. Healthy kidneys strain all the impurities, all the seeds of disease, out of the blood. With pure blood coursing through the body every part of it finds energy and cheerfulness.

PAIN? NOT A BIT! LIFT YOUR CORNS OR CALLUSES OFF

No humbug! Apply few drops then just lift them away with fingers.

This new drug is an ether compound discovered by a Cincinnati chemist. It is called freezezone, and can now be obtained in tiny bottles as here shown at very little cost from any drug store.

Just ask for freezezone. Apply a drop or two directly upon a tender corn or callus and instantly the soreness disappears. Shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you can lift it off, root and all, with the fingers.

Not a twinge of pain, soreness or irritation; not even the slightest smarting, either when applying freezezone or afterwards.

This drug doesn't eat up the corn or callus, but shrivels them so they loosen and come right out. It is no humbug!

It works like a charm... For a few cents you can get rid of every hard corn, soft corn or corn between the toes, as well as painful calluses on bottom of your feet. It never disappoints and never burns, bites or inflames. Genuine freezezone is sold only in these small bottles packed in a little sealed wood case, bearing a yellow wrapper. Beware of imitations.

NEW RUSSIA WILL STAND RESPONSIBLE

WILL MEET ALL PECUNIARY
ENGAGEMENTS OF THE
LATE GOVERNMENT.

London, Mar. 26.—The provisional government of Russia, says the Reuters correspondent at Petrograd, has issued a proclamation that it will meet faithfully all the pecuniary engagements of the late government, notably with regard to interest and amortization of state debts, the fulfillment of commercial contracts and the payment of official salaries. Direct customs duties and other taxes will be levied as in the past until modified in accordance with the new laws. The proclamation continues:

"The war involves special taxes, but the new fiscal system which will be planned by the Ministry of Finance will distribute all taxation according to the financial capacity of the different classes liable."

The British, French and Italian Ambassadors to Russia went today to the Marie Palace, where the Council of Ministers was sitting, and paid their respects to the provisional government in behalf of their governments, says a Reuter's despatch from Petrograd.

Grand Duke Alexander Michaelovitch has telegraphed Prince Lvoff, the Premier, from Kiev, in behalf of himself and his wife, Grand Duchess Xenia, a sister of the former Emperor, and their family, intimating their readiness to support the new provisional government in every way.

NEW BARRED ZONE IN ARCTIC WATERS

GERMAN ADMIRALTY MAKES
ANNOUNCEMENT IN OFFICIAL STATEMENT ISSUED.

Berlin, Mar. 26, via Sayville, N.Y.—Announcement of a new barred zone in Arctic waters was made today by the Admiralty in an official statement which reads:

"Foreign governments have been informed that in future in the district of the northern Arctic Ocean east of the twenty-fourth degree of eastern longitude and south of the seventy-fifth degree of northern latitude, with the exception of Norwegian territorial waters, all ocean traffic forthwith will be opposed with all arms."

"Neutral ships plying this district do so at their own risk, but provision is made that neutral ships that are already on voyages to ports in this barred zone or that desire to leave such ports will not be attacked without special warning until April 8th."

News of the establishment of this barred zone in the waters giving access to the northern Russian ports was contained in Christiania advices received on March 23 announcing that the German minister there had officially notified the Norwegian government of this extension of the area of unrestricted submarine warfare.

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The World's Greatest Motor Car Value

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Maxwell Motor Cars are inexpensive to operate and maintain. They require no expert attention. And they can be depended upon day in and day out.

They are built, from the first to the last operation, with the purpose of giving the maximum service at the least expense.

No other automobile can give you greater motoring satisfaction, regardless of price. And if you weigh these Maxwell features against the price asked, you will be convinced that the Maxwell really is *the World's Greatest Motor Car Value*.

And remember *this*—MAXWELL SERVICE is a vital part of the Canadian Maxwell Organization.

Touring Car \$890 Cabriolet \$1235
Roadster \$870 Town Car \$1300
Sedan \$1400

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The Operator

The telephone plant may be the last word in up-to-date apparatus, may be kept in first class condition.

But without a force of good operators, well organized and well trained, good service is impossible.

Bell operators are carefully trained before taking their places at the switchboard. The telephone "language", voice inflection, pronunciation, the intricacies of the apparatus and finally, actual operating at a practice switchboard—such training makes for good operating and good service.

Though each student operator is paid while in training, she does not take a position at a central office switchboard until thoroughly instructed.

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"Good service... our true intent."

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The Bell Telephone Co.
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it, and others of the
series to follow?



Ask For Prices

Before placing your orders, phone 3777, and ask us for prices on
GREY, MANILLA, FIBRE and KRAFT WRAPPING PAPERS,
PAPEE BAGS, CUTTERS, TWINES, Etc.

Building Papers, 1, 2 and 3 Ply

Sovereign Crown Brand, guaranteed for 5, 10 and 15 years. 1 and 3 ply Ready Roofing, Tarred and Treated Sheathing Felts, Dry Sheathing and Carpet Felts, Coal Tar, Pitch and Oakum.

YOUR REQUIREMENTS ARE SOLICITED
AND WILL HAVE OUR MOST CAREFUL
AND PROMPT ATTENTION

How About Your Sidewalk?

If you are thinking of replacing it by a permanent one, ask us for particulars, which will not cost you anything.

QUEBEC SCRAP METAL & PAPER CO. Limited

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Various Forms Of Headache

"It is necessary in order to treat headaches properly to understand the causes which produce the affection," says Dr. J. W. Ray, of Brockton, Ala. Continuing, he says, "Physicians cannot even begin the treatment of a disease without knowing what causes give rise to it, and we must remember that headache is to be treated according to the same rule. We must not only be particular to give a remedy intended to counteract the cause which produces the headache, but we must also give a remedy to relieve the pain until the cause of the trouble has been removed. To answer this purpose anti-hemina tablets will be found a most convenient and satisfactory remedy. One tablet every one to three hours gives comfort and rest in the most severe cases of headache, neuralgia, and particularly the headaches of women."

When we have a patient subject to regular attacks of sick headaches and when he feels the least sign of an oncoming attack, he should take two A-K Tablets. Obtainable at druggists in any quantity desired."

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Y.W.C.A.

BANQUET HELD—INTERESTING ADDRESS BY SECRETARY OF DOM. COUNCIL.

The annual meeting of the Young Women's Christian Association was held last night at 8:00 o'clock. This was prefaced by a banquet at 5:30, which was attended by about forty ladies of the Board and the various committees. At its conclusion an informal Round Table Conference afforded an excellent opportunity to discuss the various questions of timely interest to the Association. On all subjects Miss Lane, the guest of honor, was able to shed much light, because of her extended experience as National City Secretary for the Dominion Council. This was followed at 8:00 o'clock by the regular public anniversary meeting.

The program for this included the various reports of the different departments, the most important of which were the Secretary's and the Financial Statement of the Treasurer. Other accounts of interest were those contributed by the various committees, together with the outlines of the activities of the Camp Fire and Girl Guides. But as all these were reported in the press after the annual business meeting, and will appear in full in the published reports of the Association, no further mention need be made of them.

A musical item of unusual pleasure was the solo rendered by Mrs. McMurray. Her two selections, "Twilight" and "My Task," completely captured her audience, who all recognized in hers a voice of rare depth and richness.

The speech of the evening was given by Miss Kate E. Lane, the National City Secretary of the Dominion Council, who has been the guest of the Association for the week-end. Mrs. Fry introduced her to the audience in a few well chosen remarks.

Miss Lane's remarks dealt almost entirely with the unusual activities in Canada within the period of the war, whereas the first fears of the Association had been that the staff of workers would have to be reduced, the calls made upon the organization for National Service had shown that this was most inadvisable. Remarkable extensions of the work had taken place in Winnipeg, St. Catharines, Toronto, and many other cities. The work in St. Catharines was distinctly war work. There the Association was appealed to by the Imperial Munitions Board to help them solve the problem of housing their women workers. Similar work was undertaken in Toronto, much to the relief of the Munitions manufacturers. As many as 1,500 girls have been served daily through the canteen system conducted by the Association. All the women assisting in this work are purely volunteers, even for the night work. From this unusual contact with the girls, they have gained a new insight into the character and needs of a large class of the young people in these communities. And so a new point of contact has been won, and a new avenue of service has been opened.

While in Montreal, so Miss Lane continued, she had been told of a recent appeal made to the Association there, by a group of women, wives and widows of men who have gone to the front. These women who are now employed in munitions work but realizing what must be the after war conditions, had requested the Association to organize some classes, which would give them instruction work that they could follow up definitely.

She made a strong plea for the young womanhood of the Association, by urging that they be taken more fully into the Councils of the Board. By so doing a truer sympathy is created between the Board and the members. She cited one instance where a club had been formed in a large Association, that included girls representative of each department of the Association life. Their recommendations were passed on to the Board which acted as a purely advisory capacity. In too many cases, she urged, not only were the girls not consulted in the management of the Association, they were not even won into its membership.

The new idea in Association work was not so much the service of women for women, as a service of women with women.

Just recently, the Government had taken a census of the young women as well as the young men of the universities who would be willing to assist in farm work for the five months of the summer. Here again the Association gave its assistance.

At this point she took occasion to congratulate the Association on the reports presented, and to remind us of the vast organization of which we formed a part. Fully 15,000 women are now giving their services to promote its welfare. Naturally, they grew weary in their work. But, filled with the idea of love and service they gladly gave their time in their earnest desire to make the long way less weary for their sister-workers. And with this thought that those they helped were indeed their sisters, their own burdens became lighter.

The meeting closed by singing the National Anthem.

MEAN CAT!

"Algernon called on me yesterday afternoon."
"Yes; he told me he had some time to kill."—Kansas City Journal.

ROYAL COMMISSION REPORT ON NICKEL

ONTARIO DEPOSITS OFFER BETTER PRODUCTION FACILITIES THAN ANY OTHER

Toronto, March 26—The long waited report of the Royal Commission on nickel was brought down in the legislature this afternoon. The commission summarizes its opinions as follows:

"The nickel ore deposits of Ontario are much more extensive and offer better facilities for the production of nickel at a low cost than do those of any other country.

"Any of the processes now in use for raising nickel could be successfully worked in Ontario, and conditions and facilities are at least as good in this province as in any other part of Canada. The most satisfactory method of refining in Ontario will be the electrolytic.

"The methods employed at the Ontario plants of the two operating companies are modern and efficient, although there are differences in both mining and smelting practices.

"The present system of raising taxation in Ontario is just and equitable and in the public interest, and is the best known system for this province. Any question of change is rather one of rate than of principle.

"The present rate of 3 per cent should not be raised above 5 per cent. The output of the refineries, to be built in Ontario, added to the nickel now being produced in England from Ontario matte, will fully meet, if not surpass the entire requirements of the British Empire.

Regarding government ownership the commissioners point out that to expropriate the deposits and plants of the Sudbury Nickel are would probably cost not less than \$100,000,000, a sum approximately equal to the total paid-up capital of all the chartered banks of Canada.

With regard to German interests in the company and shipments to enemy countries the report shows that the great bulk of the shares are held in the United States, Canada and Britain, and that only 250 of the preferred and 452 of the common are held in Germany and Austria. A table shows that since the war there have been no shipments to Germany. Little allusion is made to any possible shipments to Germany, the commissioners holding that the question was not within their jurisdiction.

CONTRIBUTION OF TORONTO PRESBYTERY.

Toronto, March 26—Toronto presbytery's contribution to the church budget for 1916 totals \$182,537. This is the largest sum ever raised by any presbytery in Canada for church funds, and is an increase of 24 per cent on Toronto's presbytery's contribution for 1915.

WHEN WAR COMES!

Boston, Mar. 26—"When war comes no time will be lost. We shall be struck quickly by a powerful enemy," declared Richard C. MacLaurin, president of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology at a meeting of the Massachusetts Committee on Public Safety here today.

President MacLaurin prefaced his talk with a statement that this war is America's as much as the Allies and added: "We should not let the rest of the world believe that we can stand aside and let them settle the question."

U. S. PROHIBITIONISTS LAYING PLANS

Dallas, Tex., March 26—With a view to laying plans to press national prohibition at the coming extraordinary session of Congress which convenes next Monday, Dr. J. A. Barcon, of Dallas, chairman of the prohibition commission of nineteen which has charge of the "dry" forces' resolution for an amendment to the constitution providing national prohibition, today issued a call for the commission to meet in Washington Wednesday night. Dr. Barton left for Washington late today.

Possibility of war with Germany, Dr. Barton indicated, will be made the grounds for renewal of the fight of the prohibitionists at the coming session. Suppression of the liquor traffic will be urged as one of the most essential features of preparedness, he said.

DREW GUN, BUT WAS DISARMED

London, March 25—Robert Rogers, who claims Hamilton as his home city, was arrested here this evening after an exciting encounter with two detectives against whom he drew a .38-calibre automatic revolver. He was disarmed before he could bring the gun into action. Rogers is charged with fraudulently using the mails and is said to have obtained a considerable sum from various individuals through advertisements in which he offered a new motorcycle for \$49 with a down payment of \$10 and the balance on time.

She (during the spat)—You should have married some stupid, credulous girl. He—Well, my dear, I did the best I could.—Boston Transcript.

GERMANY APPROACHING TAMPAICO OIL FIELDS.

El Paso, Tex., Mar. 26—Germans are making their way toward the Tampico oil fields from the border. According to information received here today by United States government agents, it is feared an effort will be made to destroy the oil wells in that district, the report stated.

is a reliable old English Home remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, Asthma, Bronchitis, all Lung & Throat troubles.

SUSPECTED SPY IS UNDER ARREST

INCrimINATING DOCUMENTS IN SUITCASE LEAD TO APPREHENSION OF GERMAN.

Bristol, Conn., March 26—A man giving his name as Leopold Cobiach, of New Haven, is under arrest here tonight on suspicion of espionage, and the police are looking for a companion, who is said to have disappeared shortly before the arrest was made today.

The police said that in a suitcase they found in the room were drawings showing the location of the various factories in the city, an outline drawing of a gun placed on an eminence at one end of the city and under the outline apparently worked out the elevation of the factories in relation to the eminence. There were also maps of the United States with various sections outlined in pencil, a large map of Mexico, and a time-table of the Mexican Central Railway. Another paper which the police say they found in the suitcase had written on it: "German submarine base in Mexico, 45 degrees E. L., 20 degrees E. M., and a note which began: "The best way of reaching it without discovery is by," the remainder of the note being in cipher. There was also a copy of a speech apparently by Cobiach in which he defended the German submarine warfare.

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GERMAN FARMERS IN MILITARY POWER

THE AUTHORITIES WILL ENFORCE OBEDIENCE TO THE FOOD REGULATIONS

Copenhagen, via London, March 26—The heyday of the farming population of Germany, a large proportion of which has been suffering from no shortage of meats, bread, milk and other products as the city and industrial classes under the ration system, apparently is over under a new law which has just been promulgated by the German official organ in which the military authorities are invoked to enforce obedience to the food regulations.

The military power, which alone is now fully respected in Germany, will be represented on a commission to force the agrarians to surrender all grain beyond the amounts allotted them under the ration system. These will be transferred at the soonest possible moment to give the government warehouses. Unthreshed grain must be threshed immediately. The authorities are to furnish machines horses and labor, where the lack of these is given as an excuse for delay in complying with the order.

All stocks which the holders endeavor to conceal may be confiscated without payment for them.

The reason for the new law is the well known fact that great numbers of agrarians have refrained from turning over to the common stocks for general use the full amount of their produce, in order to insure for themselves more ample food or that they may be able to sell directly to consumers, in evasion of maximum prices or to feed their cattle, on which greater profits are obtainable than from grain or potatoes.

This condition is possible largely owing to the fact that the authorities in the country districts are drawn from the agrarian classes and are not disposed to exercise measures of undue severity against their friends or neighbors.

RUSSIAN GUARDS LOYAL TO GOVERNMENT.

London, March 27—The Volynsky Guards, first regiment, which declared for the revolution, marched on Monday to the Tauride Palace to express loyalty to the government and the necessity of carrying on the war to a victorious end, says a Reuter Petrograd despatch. The Guards carried a number of red banners and their band played the Marseillaise. Among the inscriptions on the banners were: "Don't betray your comrades in the trenches"; "Make shells." Attempts by a few pacifists to obtain a hearing were promptly crushed.

A great crowd of peasants, soldiers and workmen went singing and cheering to the house of the late Count Tolstoy at Yasnaya Polyana and sent a deputation to greet the widowed Countess in behalf of the Russian people. The Countess was asked to come out with the portrait of Count Tolstoy and she complied. Thereupon all knelt and chanted.

CREDIT FONCIER LOAN HAS BEEN CLOSED

Paris, Mar. 26—The Credit Foncier new loan of 600,000,000 francs, 5 1/4 per cent, issued at 280 francs 40 centimes for a three hundred franc bond closed today. The subscription totals exceed 4,000,000,000 francs.

GERMANY APPROACHING TAMPAICO OIL FIELDS.

El Paso, Tex., Mar. 26—Germans are making their way toward the Tampico oil fields from the border. According to information received here today by United States government agents, it is feared an effort will be made to destroy the oil wells in that district, the report stated.

CANADA WILL HELP WITH FOOD SUPPLY

DISCUSSION OF HOW THIS COUNTRY CAN HELP WITH ITS WHEAT.

London, March 26—One important matter under discussion between the Canadian ministers and the Imperial Government is the extent to which the Dominion can relieve the food situation by its wheat supplies. I understand that the Dominion Government may take any step deemed necessary in the interests of the Empire, and it is highly probable that the food danger period of the next six months will be tide over.

The Canadian ministers attended the session of the War Conference on Saturday forenoon, after which Sir Robert Borden left to spend the week end in the country.

Tomorrow Hon. Robert Rogers will be the speaker at a business men's luncheon in the city of Leeds. Referring to the conference, the Minister of Public Works said yesterday to The Gazette that it was a great experience to sit at a table where one feels the pulse of the Empire. He was greatly impressed with the loyalty and enthusiasm of the Indian representatives, who seemed most anxious to place all of India's resources at the disposal of the Empire.

Electoral reform on the lines recommended by speakers at the War Conference is causing some dissension at Westminster. This programme is supported by the Irish and Labor parties, as well as by the Liberals and the more progressive Conservatives, but the old school of the latter are trying to hold Lloyd George back on the plea of a political truce. Mr. Asquith will raise the question this week and there are prospects that the Commons will accept the principle of a wide suffrage including both sexes.

PRINCE FRIEDRICH KARL OF PRUSSIA HAS BEEN KILLED

London, March 27: The Daily Express says it learns that Prince Friedrich Karl of Prussia, who was renowned in a Madrid despatch as having been shot down by artillery while flying in an airplane over the British lines near Peronn, has died of his injuries.

A German official statement March 22 said that Prince Karl, a cousin of Emperor William, had not returned from an air raid over the lines between Arras and Peronn. A later despatch from Madrid said the Prince had been wounded in the stomach and would be operated on. The Prince was a son of Prince Friedrich Leopold of Prussia.

WOMAN FOUND DROWNED.

Will Be Investigation. As Foul Play Is Suspected.

Owen Sound, Ont., March 25—Mrs. William Brown 67 years of age, who resided at Jones Falls three miles from here, was this afternoon found dead by neighbors. She was in her night attire, and was kneeling beside her bed. Her face and neck were badly bruised and there was blood upon the floor. Her death will be investigated.

AMERICANS ON THE RAIDER MOEW.

Newport News, Va., March 25—Shipping men here say fifty American muleteers were aboard the British steamer Esmeraldas, reported in Berlin despatches today as having been sunk by the German raider Moewe. The agents believe the men were among the 303 prisoners taken to Germany by the raider.

The Esmeraldas sailed from this port on January 29th, for Liverpool. Six weeks ago she left Liverpool on her return trip since which time nothing had been heard from her.

CONTROL OF LIQUOR.

British Committee Reports in Favor of State Purchase.

London, March 26—The Telegraph says that the committee appointed under the presidency of the Home Secretary to investigate the liquor trade has reported in favor of the State purchase and control of the business in England, Wales and Ireland. Scotland is excluded because of different conditions in that country. The report has not yet been considered by the Cabinet.

WOMEN VOTE IN DUNNVILLE, ONT.

Dunnville, Ont., March 26—This town was the first place in the province where women were admitted to political equality with men, when, at the Liberal convention yesterday afternoon they voted equally with men to nominate D. J. Gibson, farmer, from near Caledonia, Liberal candidate in the general election of 1914, as their standard-bearer in the next provincial election.

CANADIANS HAVE RESUMED ACTIVITY

RAIDING PARTY INVADED ENEMY TRENCHES AND DROVE HUNS BACK.

Canadian Headquarters in France, via London, March 26—(By Stewart Lyon, special correspondent Canadian Press)—Sunday's weather, with its drying winds, permitted the resumption of activity on the Canadian front this morning with one of those typical raids which keeps Fritz wakeful and anxious. The enemy were on the alert, and a stiff fight took place when a raiding party went across into the Hun's territory. The enemy finally gave way and as he fell back was caught under the barrage of our guns and suffered what is believed to have been material losses. No prisoners were taken by the Canadians on this occasion.

The Germans on the front opposite us are hard fighters. They even begin to organize raids of their own, and the other night they reached a small outpost held by three men, they killed one and carried off the other two.

The news about Bapaume ridge aroused intense interest in the Canadian corps. Speculation has been rife as to the probable point north of Bapaume on which the enemy will pivot his retirement.

The death of the Duchess of Connaught is regretted by all the Canadian officers. Prince Arthur left for England on leave of absence when the condition of the Duchess became serious.

VILLAGES WERE COMPLETELY RUINED

WANTON DESTRUCTION CARRIED OUT BY HUNS BEFORE THEY RETIRED.

Compiegne, France, Mar. 26.—The villages beyond Ribecourt in the direction of Noyon were completely destroyed on the eve of the rapid retreat of the Germans. Of Bailly there remains nothing but a mass of ruins. Only a few agricultural implements escaped the systematic destruction.

Leaving this little village the first houses can be seen at Carlepont. Of Fremont Chateau only the western wing remains. The road from Ribecourt to Bailly and Carlepont is littered with an inextinguishable mass of barbed wire. The woods in this vicinity, which are privately owned, have not been so damaged as those belonging to the government. Many apple and other fruit trees also remain standing.

At Huesail the houses still have their walls, gables, chimneys and roofs. Their interiors, however, have disappeared—doors, windows, casings, stair beams, joists and floor-boards having been used for fires to warm the German soldiers.

The centre of the village preserve its former appearance. The oven of the co-operative bakery is still intact, and the mechanical dough mixer was left untouched. The presbytery and the post office are still standing. The cemetery, however, gives evidence of pillage, two coffins in a vault having been tampered with. All the fruit trees in Muleu, as well as the telephone and electric light posts were destroyed. A fragment of a post bears the following inscription: "A great Russian revolt. Good-bye to Paris."

MOSCOW MAY BE CAPITAL.

Russians Are Likely to Transfer It to Safer Place Now.

Washington, March 26—Transfer of the Russian capital from Petrograd to Moscow is regarded as highly probable in Entente circles here, which have kept closely advised regarding the situation in Russia.

The belief is founded upon reports that Petrograd is swarming with spies; that it is strongly under the influence of the pro-German element; that the real seat of reform for the present triumph is in Moscow, and that such a change to the ancient capital would appeal strongly to the sentiment of the mass of the people.

Except in its lack of communication with the sea, Moscow is held to be as accessible and convenient a centre as Petrograd, and it is regarded as much more secure against a drive by the German army, which is thought to be impending.

WITHDRAW FROM RACE FOR THE SPEAKERSHIP.

Washington, D.C., 26th—Republican leader Mann, upon his return from Haiti today, said he was willing to withdraw from the race for the Speakership in the interest of unity, if the House could be organized on a bi-partisan or non-partisan line.

SEND FUNDS FOR TWO AIRPLANES

London, March 26—(Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency)—British subjects in the Dutch East Indies have sent subscriptions amounting to £1,116 pounds to the Overseas Club for the purpose of purchasing two airplanes. Overseas residents have now paid for ninety units of the Imperial aircraft supplied by the Overseas Club.



CORPORATION OF QUEBEC.

City Engineer's Office.

Tenders for Automobile Trucks.

CITY HALL.

Quebec, March 22nd, 1917.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that sealed tenders, endorsed "Tenders for Automobile Trucks," and addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to Wednesday, April 11th next, at 4 p.m. for supplying the City with trucks.

Tenders must be made on the printed blank forms, and endorsed in the printed envelopes, which will be furnished to intending contractors, on application for the same at the City Engineer's Office, and the Road Committee will not entertain any tender that is not made on the said blank forms and enclosed in the said envelopes.

Tenders must be endorsed on the outside of the envelopes, with a certificate from the City Treasurer of the necessary deposit as security for the contract.

Each tender shall be subscribed to by two responsible parties willing to secure the execution of the contract.

Each tenderer shall deposit in the hands of the City Treasurer an amount of \$500.00 to be confiscated by any one refusing to sign the contract. The Corporation does not bind itself to accept the lowest or even any of the tenders.

The contractor to pay for drawing up the contract, and supply the City Engineer with a certified copy thereof.

W. D. BAILLAIRGE,
City Engineer.

CORPORATION OF QUEBEC.

City Engineer's Office.

Tenders for Supplies.

CITY HALL.

Quebec, March 22nd, 1917.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that sealed tenders, endorsed Tender for stone, lumber, etc., and addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to Wednesday the 11th of April next, at 4 p.m., for the stone, lumber, sand, etc., required by the City of Quebec.

Deals	\$100.00
Nails	100.00
Retaining Walk	100.00
Broken Stone	100.00
Sand	100.00
Unbroken Stone	100.00
Broken Stone (Special)	100.00

Tenders must be made on the printed blank forms, and endorsed in the printed envelopes, which will be furnished to intending contractors, on application for the same at the City Surveyor's Office, and the Road Committee will not entertain any tender that is not made on the said blank forms and enclosed in the said envelopes.

Tenders must be endorsed on the outside of the envelopes, with a certificate from the City Treasurer of the necessary deposit as security for the contract.

Each tender shall be subscribed to by two responsible parties willing to secure the execution of the contract.

Each tenderer shall deposit in the hands of the City Treasurer the sum mentioned in each blank form, to be confiscated by any one refusing to sign the contract.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept the lowest or even any of the tenders.

The contractor to pay for drawing up the contract, and supply the City Engineer with a certified copy thereof.

W. D. BAILLAIRGE,
City Engineer.

CITY OF QUEBEC.

WATER WORKS OFFICE.

Quebec, 21st March, 1917.

TENDERS FOR ANNUAL SUPPLIES.

Public Notice is hereby given that sealed tenders endorsed and addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to 4 p.m. Tuesday, the 10th April next, for:

Pig Lead 5 tons.
Lead Pipe, 10 tons.
100 tons Cast Iron Pipes, 6" and 8"

Class C.

Iron Castings.

Brass Cocks.

Cement.

Brick.

Drain Pipes.

Picks and Shovels.

required by this department for the years 1917-1918.

Each tender is to be sent on a blank form procurable at this office and to be signed by two responsible parties, securities for the fulfillment of the contract.

Each tender shall contain the City Treasurer's receipt for the amount mentioned in the blank forms of tender and this deposit shall be confiscated in case of refusal to sign the contract.

The city does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any of the tenders and reserves the right of giving to each tenderer the home on which he shall be the lowest of those which it will be the most advantageous to the city to accept.

The contractor shall pay the cost of contract, and of a certified copy thereof for official use.

C. P. CASGRAIN.

Asst. W. W. Manager.



CORPORATION OF QUEBEC.

City Engineer's Office.

Tenders for Automobile-Ambulances and Automobile-Chassis.

CITY HALL.

Quebec, March 14th, 1917.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that sealed tenders, endorsed "Tender for one Automobile-Ambulance and one Automobile-Chassis" and addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to TUESDAY, the 27th of March at 4 p.m. for:

1. One completely equipped automobile-ambulance, as specified by specifications deposited in our Office.
2. One Automobile-chassis as specified by specifications deposited in our office.

Tenders must be made on the printed blank forms, and endorsed in the printed envelopes, which will be furnished to intending contractors, on application for the same at the Board of Health, and the Health Committee will not entertain any tender that is not made on the said blank forms and enclosed in the said envelopes.

Tenders must be endorsed on the outside of the envelopes, with a certificate from the City Treasurer of the necessary deposit as security for the contract.

Each tender shall be subscribed to by two responsible parties willing to secure the execution of the contract.

Each tenderer shall deposit in the hands of the City Treasurer the sum of two hundred dollars (\$200.00), said amount to be confiscated by any one refusing to sign the contract.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept the lowest or even any of the tenders.

The contractor to pay for drawing up the contract, and supply the Assistant Medical Health Officer with a certified copy thereof.

Certified

JOS. GOSSWYN, M.D.,
Asst. Medical Health Officer

On the long Night Watch

When lights are out and even smoking prohibited, then's when the sentry gets solid comfort, keen enjoyment, lasting benefit from—



WRIGLEY'S

A bar of this delicious sweetmeat keeps a soldier refreshed through many a weary hour.

It's sure solace for workers at home, too.

WRIGLEY'S is sealed tight so it keeps right. Always fresh and full flavored. On sale everywhere—5 cents the packet.

Send **WRIGLEY'S** in every letter or parcel to the Front.



WM. WRIGLEY JR. CO., Ltd.
310 St. Paul St., West, Montreal

The Flavor Lasts!

Fashionable Store T. D. DUBUC

Formerly Donohue's Store

Latest Ideas in Spring Fashions in Ready to Wear

Latest Novelties in Suits and Coats, portraying all the very newest Ideas of Fashion.

Smart Styles in Separate Skirts in Stripe and Plaid Materials.

Dainty Georgette and Crepe de Chine Blouses with embroidered and beaded designs in delicate contrasting colorings.

Slit Underskirts in Plain Taffeta in new shades and also in Shot and Plaid effects.

MILLINERY

New Spring Millinery in all its very latest fads and shades in Trimmed Models and Millinery Notions.

T. D. DUBUC

188 & 194 St. John Street

Shipping News

REPORTED SINKING OF A SUBMARINE

PASSENGER ON SS. ST. LOUIS
SAYS GERMAN U-BOAT
SUNK.

New York, March 26.—A news agency despatch published here today is as follows:

A British Port, March 25th.—According to a story told by a passenger three British destroyers ahead of the American liner St. Louis fired a number of shots, and when the liner neared the spot a film of oil was visible on the water and a film of oil generally means a sunken submarine.

Officers of the St. Louis declared the submarine tale was "galley talk" but they admitted receiving a wireless despatch indicating that a submarine had been in the vicinity.

BERLIN REPORTS MORE SHIPS LOST

Berlin, March 25, wireless to the Associated Press, via Sayville:—The sinking of twenty five more steamships, fourteen sailing vessels and thirty seven trawlers, with an aggregate gross tonnage of 80,000 in the last few days is announced by the Admiralty.

Among the steamers listed as destroyed is the British hospital ship Austrias of 12,000 tons and two American steamers, the Illinois and City of Memphis, previously announced as sunk.

NEW CHILEAN SHIP. QUARANTINE REGULATIONS

By Decree No. 321 (Ministry of the Interior dated January 30, 1917, and published in the Diario Oficial, vessels arriving in Chile to load nitrate or to discharge crude oil, which come direct from ports of good sanitary condition on the west coast of the United States or Mexico, or from the east coast of those countries, via Panama Canal, touching only in Colon or Balboa, will be released from the necessity of a quarantine call at Arica, provided, they carry a clean bill of health issued by the proper Chilean consul; have not been in contact with any ship during the voyage; and have not had on board any case or suspected case of contagious disease which would make quarantine necessary.

The agents of the navigation companies will be required to present to the Minister of the Interior a list of the steamers which will arrive in Chile making use of this regulation, and will state the ports of sailing and arrival in order that the Minister may give proper advice to the port of arrival and to the Sanitary Station at Arica. However, such steamers must stop at Arica whenever they carry cargo in transit for a port other than their port of discharge.

Vessels arriving at Chilean ports which have not complied with the above stipulations will not be received, and will have to go to Arica in order to be subjected there to the proper sanitary measures.

PACIFIC COAST LUMBER FOR WOODEN SHIPBUILDING.

Following up the work undertaken by the United States Shipping Board in gathering the data on the availability of a wooden merchant fleet, it was learned that probably one member of this Board will be sent to the Pacific Coast next week to complete the hearings begun March 15. The Board believed that the lumber available on the Pacific Coast will be of more practical use and probably better than that which is available in the East. It is anticipated, however, that in case the emergency arises sufficient work will be found to re-open the large number of Eastern wooden shipyards which have been abandoned. It was discovered that there are at least 30 such abandoned yards in Maine, a line which could be rehabilitated.

The work of the Board will be rushed so that, if the necessity exists, a report can be laid before Congress when it convenes April 16 next. It is realized that the emergency, should it come, will come suddenly and the Board does not desire to be found unprepared. It is now estimated that wooden ships can be successfully constructed especially in view of the small type of vessel designed, and that under the circumstances vessels of this type would be most successful in running the German submarine blockade in carrying supplies to England and the Allies. According to present estimates these vessels could be built for probably less than one-half what steel vessels are now costing.

HIGH WATER AT QUEBEC.

(Standard Time 78th. Meridian)

	March.	A.M.	P.M.
Tuesday	27	11.52	12.00
Wednesday	28	1.00	1.12
Thursday	29	2.22	2.35
Friday	30	3.29	3.44
Saturday	31	4.22	4.39
April:			
Sunday	1	5.05	5.26

Moon Phases.

First Quarter, March 30th, at 5.36 a.m.

RUSSIAN WAR MINISTER IS NOW AT RIGA.

London, Mar. 26.—Reuter's Petrograd correspondent announces the arrival of Alexander J. Guchkov, Russian Minister of War, at Riga.

THE WONDERFUL FRUIT MEDICINE

Thousands Owe Health And Strength To "Fruit-a-lives"

"FRUIT-A-LIVES", the marvellous medicine made from fruit juices—has relieved more cases of Stomach, Liver, Blood, Kidney and Skin Troubles than any other medicine. In severe cases of Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Pain in the Back, Impure Blood, Neuralgia, Chronic Headaches, Chronic Constipation and Indigestion, "Fruit-a-lives" has given unusually effective results. By its cleansing, healing powers on the eliminating organs, "Fruit-a-lives" tones up and invigorates the whole system.
50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

TOO MUCH FOR HIM.

He Admits He Can't Grasp His Wife's Ideas of Economy.

"I can understand," remarked the office philosopher to the visitor to his sanctum, "most of the feminine traits and characteristics that puzzle the ordinary man, but when a woman being to practice economy she leaves me lashed to the mast and quivering with helpless astonishment."

"Of course, the whole sex is economical. You have to admit that, because every woman says she is economical, and no gentleman would undertake to dispute a lady's statement—at least, no gentleman of my acquaintance would undertake to dispute it in his own house. What—to use a vulgarism—gets my goat is the method they employ."

"Take my wife, for example. Whenever she tells me she is going to economize I emit a single agonized shriek, and then leap for the tall timber. Her plan is to think up a whole lot of things she cannot possibly do without, and then go without them. By this device she saves at a single stroke the cost of the entire list. Having thus accumulated a surplus, she naturally proceeds to spend it, and she is always prepared to prove she has saved much money in the process."

"There is no answer, or no answer worth making. On occasions of this kind it is my custom to pass, for without looking at my hand. I know I can neither trump nor follow suit."

VON MACKENSEN

London, Mar. 26.—Field Marshal August von Mackensen of the German army, according to a despatch from Berne, has arrived at Constantinople to re-organize the Turkish army.

GOOD NEWS

FOR DRESSMAKERS
Beginning Thursday morning, the 29th instant, at nine o'clock, we shall sell 100 "New Williams" Sewing Machines, half-cabinet, latest model, which suffered but little damage by water or smoke at the fire which visited our stores recently.

These machines have been re-visited and are just like new for the sum of \$22.50. These Machines are generally sold from \$45.00 to \$50.00 and it is now the right time to economize half the ordinary price. Conditions—Cash. We have only 100 to sell. First come, first served. C. ROBITAILLE, REG'D., 320 St. Joseph St., Quebec, P.Q. march24x4

MISCELLANEOUS

Consult Mr. Alex. Tremblay, 16 1-2 Bougainville Avenue, Belvedere Ward, for your spring repairs. Fixing blinds, windows, and all other Carpenter work. Phone 1794. mar.27x6

FOR SALE.

MARION STEAM SHOVEL FOR SALE—Model 30 mounted on a Railway truck, revolving. Apply Philip Warren, Pointe au Pic. mar.27x12

FOR SALE—An Edison Phonograph with cabinet containing 175 records in perfect condition. Very cheap. Apply to 117 Richelieu. Phone 4896. mar.24x3

FOR SALE—Mirror, secretary and gas stove. All in perfect condition, will be sold very cheap. Apply to 117 Richelieu. Phone 4896. mar.34x3

LISTER GASOLINE ENGINE—5 H.P. used at fairs to demonstrate will sell at a big reduction, this Engine is built in England and well guaranteed. Apply to R. A. Lister & Co., 4 St. Joseph St. mar.23x3

GIVING UP BUSINESS.

FOR SALE—A boarding house in central location, one of best stands in city, founded 35 years ago as private boarding house with a good class of patrons. Apply to Eugene Guimont, Frontenac House, 38 St. Louis street, Quebec. mar.12x16

Classified Advertisements

THE GREAT CIRCULATING MARKET
PLACE OF OPPORTUNITIES

WANTED.

WANTED—For May 5th, a first-class woman cook, also housemaid for small family at Thetford Mines, Que., must have best of references; good wages to competent parties. No washing or ironing. Apply from 10 to 12 a.m. at 124 Maple Avenue. mar.27x9.

WANTED—Work, two or three days a week, cleaning, or washing, or daily place. Apply, Mary, Chronicle Office.

WANTED—Good plain cook; references required. Apply Miss Laurie, 600 St. John street. mar.27x1w

WANTED—Thirty machinists, planer and lathe hands on Marine Engine work for large shop in Toronto. Highest wages paid. Only first-class men need apply. Apply Wm. L. MacKenzie, St. Roch's Hotel, Quebec, after 6 P.M.

CABINETMAKERS—Ten experienced men wanted, must be good mechanics and used to first-class work. Apply to G. H. Randall Co., Limited, 1328 City Hall Ave., Montreal. mar.26x3.

WANTED—Machinists, Pattern Makers and Moulders used to Marine Engines Work also Ship Fitters and Boiler Makers, also Machinists and Tool Makers for Shell Plant. Write stating experience and wages expected to the Collingwood Shipbuilding Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ontario. mar.26x3.

WANTED—Immediately a housemaid. Apply to Mrs. J. T. Ross, St. Louis Road. Telephone 535. mar.24x3.

WANTED—Metal Polishers Wanted. Experienced on Electroplate or Silverware preferred. Apply Roden Bros., Toronto. mar.24,26,28x3.

SAW BENCHES—7 feet long, with 30" saw. Complete; will sell at \$34.00. Only 14 left at this price. Apply R. A. Lister & Co., 4 St. Joseph St. mar.23x3.

MACHINISTS WANTED—For the Canadian Pacific Ry. Apply to Room No. 1, Palais Station. mar.24x3.

WANTED—Provincial representation and commission. References required. Sales Division "Saturday Night", Toronto. mar.23x1w.

WANTED—An experienced housemaid; must have good references. Apply Mrs. Veasey Boswell, 46 des Carrieres Street. mar.22x4.

Skilled tool and die makers 45c to 50c an hour; skilled lathe, planer and boring mill hands 45c an hour; machine fitters and bench hands 42 1-2c an hour; plus a bonus of 20% to each of the above for full shop time. Apply Canadian General Electric Co., Ltd., Peterborough, Ontario. mar.22x1w

SITUATIONS VACANT (Male)

Machinists, Fitters, Repair Men, also Tool Makers wanted at P. Lyall & Sons Munition Plant, 5046 Western Ave., Montreal. mar.26x6.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Gentlemen with wide personal, club or business acquaintance. No canvassing. Work Confidential and remunerative. Requires but a few minutes spare time. Call for Mr. Larive, Chateau Frontenac, between 5 and 8 p.m. mar.14x12

TOOL-MAKERS—Screw-machine hands and strippers wanted for bicycle work in new, well-lighted plant, just outside of Toronto. CANADIAN CYCLE & MOTOR CO., LTD., Weston, Ont.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

Ladies with wide personal, club or business acquaintance. No canvassing. Work Confidential and remunerative. Requires but a few minutes spare time. Call for Mr. Larive, Chateau Frontenac, between 5 and 8 p.m. mar.14x12.

EDUCATION.

FRENCH TEACHING—Private French conversations or lessons will be given by a French teacher. Apply phone 5883, or 73 St. Cyrille St. mar.24x3.

FLATS TO RENT.

FURNISHED FLAT TO RENT—For summer months, modern conveniences. Apply 43a Lachevrotiere, or phone 89. mar.26x1w.

TO LET—At No. 156 Lockwell Ave., for 1st of May, a eight room flat heated, gas, lighting fixtures furnished. Visitors are requested to call first at No. 182 Lockwell Ave. Phone 4099 or 4470. feb.24x1f.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

TO LET—Nice rooms, excellent table, every convenience, for gentlemen only. Phone 5207. mar.27x1w

ST. GEORGE'S HOUSE

81 ST. URSULE ST., QUEBEC.
Fine central situation, and charming views overlooking historical gardens of the Ursuline Convent, and Lauréville Hills. Home-like rooms, with all modern conveniences. Good table board. Separate meals if desired.
Mrs. T. L. DOUGLAS, Proprietress.

Telephone 88. mar.27x1w.

TO LET.

Louise Apartments, Drill Hall Square, suite to rent, containing 7 rooms, heated. Apply to 45 Dorchester Street. Telephone 7000. march 16x15.

TO LET—Good comfortable room with modern improvements; telephone; gentlemen only; reference wanted. P. D. Manseau, 7 Hebert. mar.27x1w.

TO LET—A dwelling containing 7 rooms and bath room, heated, and snow and refuse cleared, hardwood floors throughout, with or without garage at good terms. Apply to W. Brochu, 85 Aberdeen. Phone 5796. mar.27x1d

TO LET—House No. 74 St. Ursule Street, containing eight rooms. For particulars, apply to C. E. Taschereau, N.P., Quebec. mar.26x1f.

TO LET—Self-contained house 17 D'Aiguillon, 7 rooms, electric light, gas, yard and hangar, central location, papered and painted for suitable tenant. Apply 16 D'Aiguillon. mar.22x6.

TO LET—House No. 32 St. Ann street, upper town, occupied for several years by Drs. Ahern and Fortier, 13 rooms, bath, hot water furnace, electric light, etc. Possession on first of May next. W. R. LaRue, Notary, 28 St. Anne street.

TO LET—Lower flat No. 109 Fraser street, 50 feet from Maple Avenue, 6 rooms and bath, floors and woodwork in British Columbia fir, furnace, electricity, gas, grate. L. F. Burroughs, 147 Maple Avenue. mar.7x1m.

TO LET—From 1st May, furnished house No. 27 Mount Carmel street, with a garage on the premises. Apply to Geo. V. Tessier, 75 St. Peter street. Telephone 3818, or 60 St. Ursule street. Telephone 289. jan.26x1f.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Large comfortable and well heated rooms. Continuous hot water to bath rooms. Good service. Tel. 6253. W. S. Richardson, 138 St. Anne St., Quebec. 33nov'15x1f.

SHOP TO LET—No. 14 Couillard St. first house off John street, presently occupied by Mr. A. Lavigne, music dealer. Telephone 760. Apply to J. M. Johnston, 29 Genevieve Ave. jan.30x1f.

TO LET—Self-contained house, 587 St. John St. Apply at 666 St. Valier St. Telephone 2044 or at 1 College Court. Telephone 14. jan.25x1f.

OFFICES TO LET—Fine modern offices, well heated. Large safety vault at No. 68 Mountain Hill. Apply to Ed. Belanger, 29 Notre Dame Street. Jan. 27x10,11,12x1f.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—House No. 14 Ramparts, three stories, extension kitchen, three bath rooms, gas and electric light. Hours 2 to 5. Apply to Daniel McGie, 45 Ramparts St., or 63 Peter St. mar.21x1w

TO LET OR FOR SALE—House No. 108 Grande Allee, Hardwood floors throughout. Possession 1st May proximo. May be seen daily between two and four p.m. For terms apply to Rivard, Chauveau & Marchand, Advocates, 75 Peter street, National Bank Bldg., Quebec. mar.9x1f.

No. 66 St. Louis Street. Desirable medium sized house in good order, all modern conveniences, early possession if desired.

For particulars and permits to view, apply to Meredith & Meredith, Notaries Public. Phone 562 46 Dalhousie street. mar.10x1f.

PERSONAL.

MARRY IF LONELY—Hundreds rich wish marriage; confidential; years experience; descriptions free. "The Successful Club," Box 550, Oakland, Calif. mar.10x1m.

WOULD YOU MARRY IF SUITED? Best Matrimonial paper published. Mailed FREE. THE CORRESPONDENT, Toledo, Ohio. mar.9x1m.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY, LIMITED
MINERS AND SHIPPERS OF THE CELEBRATED
"DOMINION" STEAM AND GAS COALS
Screened, Run-of-Mine and Slack
For Particulars, apply to
SALES AGENT, 112 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

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Repairs of all kinds promptly attended to

Telephone - - - 2946

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116 5th Street, Limousin.

ANCHOR-LINE

PASSENGER SERVICE.
Glasgow to Portland, Me., also
Glasgow to St. John, N.B.
Portland to Glasgow.
Halifax to Glasgow.
For information as to rates and
timings:
Apply Local Agents, or
The Robt. Reford Co., Limited,
General Agents,
103 St. Peter St., Quebec.

CUNARD LINE

CANADIAN SERVICE.
LONDON TO HALIFAX.
(Via Plymouth).
HALIFAX TO LONDON,
calling Plymouth to land passengers.
For particulars of sailings and rates,
apply to:
Local Agents, or to,
The Robt. Reford Co., Limited,
General Agents,
103 St. Peter street, Quebec.

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COMPAGNIE GÉNÉRALE TRANSATLANTIQUE
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—BORDEAUX—PARIS
Direct Route to the Continent.
WEEKLY DEPARTURES.
For all Particulars, Inquire:
Wm. M. Macpherson, 53 Dalhousie st.
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Regular Passenger and Cargo Services
NEW YORK-LIVERPOOL
NEW YORK-PALMOUTH-LONDON
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Drafts—Money Orders, Mail or Cable, Great
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103 St. Peter St., Quebec.

IN THE HEART OF THINGS
TAKE YOUR MEALS AT:

The Marathon Cafe

150 St. John Street Phone 2888
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28 St. Joseph Street Phone 2815
Table and Attendance Unsurpassed.
HOME-MADE PIES: Apple, Raisin,
Cocoanut, Blueberry, Peach, Lemon,
Cranberry, Mince and Custard.
Any Pie to take home, 25c.
Malpeque Oysters, 50c a dozen.
Fried, to take home, same price.
All kinds of Fruits served in Season.

ST. LAWRENCE HALL

Magnificent new entrance on
St. James Street.
200 Rooms (many with baths
attached).
European rate from \$1.00 per
day.
American Plan from \$2.50
per day.
A. J. HIGGINS, LTD.

FINANCIAL - COMMERCIAL**Closing Letters
By the Can. Press**

(By Canadian Press)
New York, March 26.—Offerings were most often in excess of demand during today's broad trading in the stock market the net result being a number of material declines. For some reason the speculative element seemed less optimistic regarding the effect of war preparations and sold freely throughout the session.
Pressure was at its height in the final hour, the liquidation of that period being concurrent with western advices indicating serious crop deterioration and a drop in Russian exchange, accompanied by rumors of a Teutonic drive on the eastern front.
War and semi-war shares registered extreme declines of 2 to 5 points with prominent industrials, metals, motors, oils, shippings and rails. The less specific specialties, with few exceptions, fell away in sympathy.
United States Steel, which again changed hands in many large individual blocks, fluctuated between 116 7/8 and 114 1/2, closing at the minimum, a net reversal of 23-8 points. Bethlehem Steel new stock also closed at its lowest quotation of 133 1/2, a loss of 4 1/2 points.
Shippings were irregular when not heavy, Marines making gross declines of 2 to 3 points, with 2 1/2 to 4 points for Atlantic, Gulf and West Indies, United Fruit and Pacific Mail. Central Leather International Harvester and Industrial Alcohol were included among the other backward industrials.
Transcontinental's and grangers were heaviest of the rails, Canadian Pacific falling 4 1/4 to 161 3/4, with an average of 2 points for Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and St. Paul, while coalers yielded 2 to 3 1/2 points.
Isolated strength in several utilities and specialties was attributed to pool activities, Ohio Gas featuring the few strong stocks at an extreme advance of 12 1/2 points to 134. Total sales amounted to 860,000 shares.
Bonds were inclined to ease slightly on moderate dealings. Total sales, par value, \$2,560,000.

NEW YORK MARKET.

(Breen & Gourdeau)
Am Beet Sug. 92 1/2 93 1/2 92 1/2
Am Can Co. 48 1/2 49 1/2 47 1/2
Am Car Fdy. 70 71 1/2 69 1/2
Am Wolcott 50 1/2 51 1/2 49 1/2
Am oco 73 1/2 74 71 1/2
Am S & R 106 1/2 107 1/2 104 1/2
Am Sug Ref. 111 1/2 112 1/2 110 1/2
Ana Mining 85 1/2 86 1/2 83 1/2
A T & S Fe. 105 1/2 106 1/2 104 1/2
Bld'g Loco. 61 1/2 62 1/2 59 1/2
Balt & Ohio 82 83 80
B R T. 69 1/2 70 68 1/2
C P R. 165 1/2 166 1/2 161 1/2
Cent Leather 95 1/2 96 1/2 91 1/2
Ches & Ohio 62 1/2 63 1/2 60 1/2
C M & St P. 85 1/2 86 1/2 83 1/2
Chile Cop Co. 25 26 24 1/2
Colo F & I 53 54 51 1/2
Con Gas 120 1/2 121 1/2 118 1/2
Crucible Stil. 72 73 68 1/2
Distillers 21 1/2 22 1/2 20 1/2
Erie 31 32 29 1/2
do 1st pfd. 42 1/2 43 1/2 41 1/2
Gt Nor pfd. 115 1/2 116 1/2 114 1/2
G N Ore cfs. 35 1/2 36 1/2 34 1/2
Ills Central 105 1/2 106 1/2 104 1/2
Ins Cou 61 1/2 62 1/2 60 1/2
In Cou Corp. 13 1/2 14 1/2 13 1/2
In M Marine 34 1/2 35 1/2 33 1/2
do pfd. 92 1/2 93 1/2 90 1/2
Kan City Sou. 24 25 23 1/2
Kenn Cop Co. 47 1/2 48 1/2 46 1/2
Lehigh Val. 71 72 69 1/2
Maxwell 53 54 51 1/2
Mex Petrol'm 93 94 90 1/2
Miami Cop 41 1/2 42 1/2 40 1/2
Nat'l Lead 62 1/2 63 1/2 61 1/2
Nevada Cons. 24 1/2 25 1/2 24 1/2
N Y Central 100 101 98 1/2
NY NH & H 45 1/2 46 1/2 43 1/2
Norfolk & West 133 1/2 134 1/2 130 1/2
North Pac 107 1/2 108 1/2 106 1/2
Penna 54 1/2 55 1/2 54 1/2
Press Stl Car 80 1/2 81 1/2 79 1/2
Ry Stl Spring 54 55 52 1/2
Ray Con Cop 30 1/2 31 1/2 29 1/2
Reading 100 1/2 101 1/2 97 1/2
Rep I & S 84 1/2 85 1/2 82 1/2
South Pac 98 1/2 99 1/2 95 1/2
South Ry 30 1/2 31 1/2 29 1/2
do pfd 60 1/2 61 1/2 60 1/2
Studebaker 102 1/2 103 1/2 100 1/2
Butte 46 1/2 47 1/2 45 1/2
Union Pac 143 1/2 144 1/2 140 1/2
US I Alcohol 125 1/2 126 1/2 123 1/2
U S Rubber 99 1/2 100 1/2 97 1/2
U S Steel 116 1/2 117 1/2 114 1/2
do pfd 118 1/2 119 1/2 115 1/2
Utah Cop 112 1/2 113 1/2 110 1/2
Wabash 13 14 12 1/2
Westinghouse 52 1/2 53 1/2 51 1/2

COTTON MARKETS.

New York, Mar. 26.—Cotton futures closed steady. Closing bids: March, 18.85c; July, 18.75c; October, 18.25c; December, 18.31c; January, 18.39c. Spot closed quiet. Middling uplands, 19.20c.

GRAIN MARKET.

(By Breen & Gourdeau)
Chicago, March 26.—Wheat—The difficulty of buying cash, like the price of futures and unfavorable advices on the growing crop, furnished through some of the most responsible and experienced people in the grain trade has been responsible for the wheat market's starting out the week at higher levels. There is too much of a feeling in this country of confidence of agriculture resources and the impossibility of food shortage.
Corn—We are bullish on corn and look for still higher prices.
Oats—Any improvement in demand from foreign interests advanced bids on cash oats which are selling in all markets at premiums over the May on minor breaks. Oats are recommended as a conservative investment.

OILS.

London, March 26.—Caltula linseed, March-April, 106s. 6d.
Sperm oil, 45s.
Petroleum, American refined, 15s. 2d; spirits, 1s. 3d.
Turpentine, spirits, 52s. 9d.
Rosin, American strained, 32s. 6d; type "G" 33s.

THE TORONTO

PRODUCE MARKET

Wheat: Ontario, No. 2 winter \$1.87 to \$1.89 outside according to location.
Wheat: Manitoba, No. 1 north \$2.06; No. 2 north \$2.02; No. 3 north \$1.96.
Oats: Canada western No. 2 74 1/4c; No. 3 Canada western 72c at lake ports for immediate shipment.
Ontario No. 2 white 67 to 69 outside, No. 3 white 66 to 68 outside.
Corn: American, No. 3 yellow \$1.28 subject embargo.
Peas: No. 2 \$2.75.
Barley: \$1.21 to \$1.23 outside for malting.
Buckwheat: \$1.33 shipping points.
Flour: Manitoba Listed quotations at Toronto are: \$10.00; second patents, \$9.50; strong bakers, \$9.10.
Flour: Ontario: Winter flour, 90 per cent patents \$7.75 Seaboard.
Milled: Manitoba bran, \$38.00 per ton; shorts, \$40.00 per ton on track, Toronto.

SALES, STOCKS, 872,700; BONDS, \$2,442,500.

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**Closing Letters
By Local Brokers**

(By McDougall & Cowans)
Montreal, March 26.—Today's market was a listless one, trading was very quiet fluctuations were on the other side, but as a rule, showed small changes from Saturday's close. Maple Leaf at their meeting today increased the dividend on the common stock to 10 p.c. It was stated from Ottawa that the 1937 loan, would be oversubscribed without allotting to banks which is very good thing for Canada. New York closed on the weak side. There was no news to account for this. Unfounded rumors such as the sinking of the St. Louis which was afterwards denied were the only reasons given. It looked like a natural reaction after the advance we have had.

(By Breen & Gourdeau)
New York, March 26.—The market has been heavy all day and in the last hour it became weak. This has been another day of rumors, first reported that the St. Louis had been sunk, but this was officially denied. Then came a report that another peace proposal would soon appear from the central powers.
We can hardly credit this latter but if there is another proposal, it will undoubtedly be in terms unsatisfactory to the entente, who seem at last to have started things going their way.
Next autumn will be time enough to talk of peace, in our opinion, for the sacrifices have been so great that it would seem impossible that Germany and the nations allied with her could make concessions sufficient to meet the views of England, France, and Russia after all they have done and now just when they are reaching the zenith of their fighting strength.

The market had an extensive rise last week and as congress is to meet a week from today and with all this uncertainty in the situation, it looks as if we were in for a good reaction. As a matter of fact the reaction has already gone quite a little distance.
Steel for instance rose from 109 to 118 and it is now below 115 with everything else in proportion. It is well to bear this in mind but we believe that prices will work lower rather than higher for the time being.

GRAIN MARKET.

(By Breen & Gourdeau)
Close. High. Low.
Wheat:
May 190 1/2 191 1/2 190 1/2
July 163 1/2 164 1/2 163 1/2
Sept 150 1/2 151 1/2 149 1/2
Corn:
May 110 111 109 1/2
July 114 115 113 1/2
Sept 113 114 112 1/2
Oats:
May 60 1/2 61 1/2 60 1/2
July 57 1/2 58 1/2 57 1/2
Sept 52 1/2 53 1/2 52 1/2

OILS.

London, March 26.—Caltula linseed, March-April, 106s. 6d.
Sperm oil, 45s.
Petroleum, American refined, 15s. 2d; spirits, 1s. 3d.
Turpentine, spirits, 52s. 9d.
Rosin, American strained, 32s. 6d; type "G" 33s.

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Barley: \$1.21 to \$1.23 outside for malting.
Buckwheat: \$1.33 shipping points.
Flour: Manitoba Listed quotations at Toronto are: \$10.00; second patents, \$9.50; strong bakers, \$9.10.
Flour: Ontario: Winter flour, 90 per cent patents \$7.75 Seaboard.
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**"TIZ" FOR SORE,
TIRED FEET--AH!**

Wojiams 'Tiz' 301 pus23 91, 211,
tender, calloused feet
or corns.

Ah! what relief. No more tired feet; no more burning feet; no more swollen, aching, tender, sweaty feet. No more soreness in corns, callouses bunions.
No matter what ails your feet or what under the sun you've tried without getting relief, just use "Tiz." "Tiz" is the only remedy that draws out all the poisonous exudations which puff up the feet. "Tiz" cures your foot trouble so you'll never limp or draw up your face in pain. Your shoes won't seem tight and your feet will never, never hurt or get sore and swollen. Think of it, no more foot misery, no more agony from corns, callouses or bunions.
Get a 25-cent box at any drug store or department store and get instant relief. Wear smaller shoes. Just once try "Tiz." Get a whole year's foot comfort for only 25 cents. Think of it.

MONTREAL EXCHANGE.

(By Breen & Gourdeau)
Brazilian: 5 at 43 1/2.
Brompton: 10 at 87, 25 at 56 1/2.
Detroit United: 15 at 117.
Civic Investment: 5 at 81, 1 at 81 1/2, 1 at 81 1/2.
Canada Car: 20 at 27 1/2, 5, 75 at 27.
Canadian Cottons: 25 at 53 1/2.
Dominion Steel: 35 at 65 1/2, 5 at 65 1/2, 25 at 65 1/2, 1 at 66.
Maple Leaf: 25 at 114 1/2.
Riordon Paper: 60 at 122.
Quebec Railway: 75 at 25 1/2.
General Electric: 25 at 110 1/2, 110 at 111.
Sherwin-Williams: 1 at 59.
Shawinigan: 50 at 127.
Smelting: 10 at 81.
Steel of Canada: 15 at 66 1/2, 100 at 66 1/2, 50 at 66 1/2, 100 at 66 1/2, 100 at 66 1/2.
Toronto Railway: 1, 20 at 89.
Dominion Bridge: 10 at 134 1/2.
Cement pfd: 5 at 93.
Steamships pfd: 30 at 85.
Steel of Canada pfd: 9 at 94.
Cement Bonds: \$7,000 at 97 1/2.
War Loans, due 1925: \$200 at 97.
Commerce Bank: 5 at 185.
Hochelaga Bank: 15 at 143 1/2.

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BRUNEAU & DUPUIS

(Members Montreal Stock Exchange)
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**CITY OF QUEBEC.**

List for the year 1917 of Voters of the City of Quebec qualified to vote at the election of a Member of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Quebec, in the Electoral Divisions of the City of Quebec, under the Quebec Election Act and Amendments.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE.

City Hall,
Quebec, 14th, March, 1917.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Is hereby given that the lists for 1917 prepared according to the valuation roll now in force in the City of Quebec, of the electors of the several wards and of the several districts of the City of Quebec qualified to vote, according to law, or in virtue of their title or quality, at the election of the member, or members, of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Quebec, are now ready, and that a duplicate thereof shall be lodged at the office of the undersigned on the 15th day of March instant, 1917, at the disposal and for the information of all persons interested.

And I ALSO GIVE PUBLIC NOTICE that the said lists shall be examined and corrected by the Board of Revisors of the City of Quebec appointed by competent authority on such dates as shall be thereafter determined and appointed by them, notice whereof shall be hereafter given in proper time and place in the manner provided by Statutes.

Any person desirous of having names struck off or inscribed on the said lists must apply by means of application or complaint, in writing, which shall have previously been sworn to by the said applicant or complainant before one of the Revisors or the Clerk of the Board of Revisors, a Justice of the Peace, or a Commissioner of the Superior Court, and deposited in the City Clerk's Office, City Hall, between nine o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the afternoon of each judicial day within fifteen days after the date of the deposit of said lists viz, beginning Friday, the (16th), sixteenth day of March instant (1917) and finishing on the thirty-first of March instant inclusively.

All such applications or complaints duly sworn to and deposited as aforesaid against the said lists shall be submitted in due time to the said Board of Revisors, for examining, or correction, to be disposed of according to their merits.

H. J. B. CHOUINARD,
City Clerk.
March 14 to April



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EXTINGUISHERS
FIRE HOSE
REELS, NOZZLES
FIRE BUCKETS
HOSE RACKS, Etc.

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Our Rubber Stamps are "CLEAR CUT"

assuring a clean impression.
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Quebec's Only Stamp Manufacturers

Chemically Self-Extinguishing

What do these words mean to you? They mean greater safety in the Home—Surely something that interests you keenly!

Perhaps you have noticed these words and the notation "No fire left when blown out" on our new "Silent Parlor" match boxes. The Splints or sticks of all matches contained in these boxes have been impregnated or soaked in a chemical solution which renders them dead wood once they have been lighted and blown out and the danger of FIRE from glowing matches is hereby reduced to the greatest minimum.

Safety First And Always Use
Eddy's Silent 500s

GLASS ALLIES MARBLES

Gold Band and Twister
Glass Allies—all sizes.
COLORED MARBLES
Seventy-five for... 5c
—TOPS! — TOPS!
Ball-bearing Tops.
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Skipping Ropes, at... 5c and 10c.

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It will be an advantage to "immediately" consult the undersigned about the damage sustained to your Household Effects, Stock, Etc., Etc.

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Violets, per bunch... 25c
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Carnations, per dozen... 60c
Tulips... 60c
Hyacinths, in pots and pans, from 25c
Cinerarias, in pots... 40c and 50c
Genistra Yellow, in pots, \$1.50 to \$2.50
Begonias, Primroses and Cowslips each, from... 40c
Deliveries anywhere in the city. Designs from \$3.00 up.
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AT THE THEATRES

SAY, COME ON AND LAUGH
WITH NOODLES FAGAN, AT
AUDITORIUM THIS WEEK

THE WORLD-FAMOUS COMEDIAN IS THERE WITH THE JOKES AND THE SMILE THAT SPREADS FOR MILES—HE HAD THE CROWDS ROARING WITH LAUGHTER LAST NIGHT AT THE AUDITORIUM—HE IS PUTTING UP AN AMATEUR SHOW FRIDAY EVENING—FOUR OTHER FEATURE ACTS.



Shows may come, shows may go, but Noodles Fagan's smile stays. And the Auditorium patrons can testify to that. The papers have talked a lot about Noodles, about the philanthropist actor who pays an special attention to the youngsters; they have told us of a Noodles Fagan who organizes charity performances, they have spoken of the most comic entertainer. And Noodles came up to every expectation yesterday at the two opening performances of this week's programme.

Press "stuff" sometimes is blue-penciled by the public as mere, ordinary advertising but, say, ask all your friends who were at the Auditorium yesterday what they think of Noodles. The smile that will knock the grouch out of their system will show you Noodles is there with the smile that spreads, that made the crowds roar at the Auditorium, yesterday. Seldom does an entertainer keep a packed house laughing for a whole half hour. Yet Noodles did it yesterday and he certainly seemed fit to keep that pace for hours. And the audience would have stood for it.

Noodles is known the world over. He entertained crowned heads of Europe, played before His Majesty the King of England, the King of Spain. And the greeting he got yesterday in old Quebec showed he has lost nothing of his entertaining "cap acity" (he's fat and thick) says he. But Noodles is not alone on the bill, this week at the Auditorium. There are also other Big Acts, four of them. Todgett & Bennett in their novel dances are another source of entertainment and in their novelty acrobatic stunts, McMillan and Hamilton fit in perfectly in a really good performance.

The Hilliers pantomining marionettes proved very popular and got their good share of applause together with LeRoy, juggler.

Bring the Kiddies.
There is no better entertainment for the children than the bill offered this week at the Auditorium. Little tiny-weeny Noodles, (the baby with the Noodle smile and the songs and dances will make friends among our younger patrons of the theatre and every act on the bill is absolutely convenient for your child to see and like.

GEORGE BEBAN ATTRACTING LARGE CROWDS.

At Quebec's Leading Photoplay Theatre, the Victoria.



GEORGE BEBAN
"HIS SWEETHEART"
—MEXICO-PARADISE—

also a very good Gaumont Weekly. Tomorrow and Thursday C. Aubrey Smith, Josk Sherrill and Marie Shotwell in the Witching Hour. The Starting dramatic photo achievement, big, vigorous and elaborate. Directed by George Irving.

Today is positively the last showing of this splendid film. Don't miss it.

CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG ATTRACTS BIG HOUSES.

Last Chance Today to See "The Dark Silence" at Empire Theatre.

Standing room only was the order at yesterday's representations at the Empire Theatre and those who wish to see CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG in this great romance of the war should try it possible to ATTEND THE AFTERNOON SHOW to avoid the crush of the evening.

You cannot call yourself a moving picture lover if you miss this Picture. All Montreal talked about it. The famous director, Albert Capellani, left nothing for the imagination in the production of "The Dark Silence," lest it be the ending of the story. The suspense is tremendous and those who first see the picture await the final scene with a fast-beating pulse only to find themselves agreeably surprised.

This is a powerful drama. Many of the scenes were TAKEN BEHIND

STARTED WORK AGAIN AFTER 60

St. Roch, Que.
"Four years ago I was laid up for 60 days and I could not work. I read about Gin Pills and sent for a bottle and took them, and found the pains were leaving me and that I was feeling better. After I had taken six other boxes of

GinPills

PORTER KIDNEY
I felt as well and strong as I did at the age of 20. I am a farmer, now 51 years old.
Frank Lee
All druggists sell Gin Pills. Sample free if you write to NATIONAL BROS. & CO. 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000.

THE FIRING LINES OF THE GREAT EUROPEAN ARMIES.

However, "The Dark Silence" with its war scenes, never impresses you as a war story; the thread of romance is too strong. Photography is unexcelled settings rich, and CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG's personality dominates every minute of the play. If you have become tired from seeing pictures with the similarity of plot and circumstance, this is an opportunity to refresh your mind with something new.

HAVE A GOOD LAUGH.

See Charlie Chaplin at the Olympia today in one of his great successes "Police" other items on programme are also very good including a two reel drama, Pathe weekly, and the Girl from Frisco.

On Wednesday and Thursday William Farnum will be offered in his latest success "The Fires of Conscience."

STYLES FOR CHILDREN.

What Small People Will Wear This Springtime.

The inclination just now is toward the simplest lines, and bloomers are included, as a matter of course, in frocks, not only for the littlest girl, but for her elder sister, who may be almost in her teens.

Chambray, Scotch ginghams, linens, batistes and lawns are the favorite fabrics. Sometimes there is a yoke, to which the material is gathered and held in position by rows of smocking in colored threads. It has taken some time for this form of decoration to become popular in this country. For many years it has been a favorite means or ornamentation in England and, to a less extent, in France.

The type of smock that fastens on either shoulder and is slipped over the head is shown for both little boys and girls. In the garment for the former the smock is cut much shorter than when it is for the girl, and the bloomers are not as full as those worn by the latter.

While white remains the only thing considered in connection with the clothes of infants, color has crept into the little dresses, coats and hats of children who have entered their second or third year. Even the standard pale blue and pale pink now have rivals in such shades as maize, old blue and rose. Now and then one meets a light green color or a pale lavender, but on the whole these have not a very large representation in juvenile clothes.

The dress intended for beach wear continues to be made of serge in white, in navy and quite recently in shades of red. The trimming is simple and employs soutache braiding, machine stitching and embroidery motifs. Sometimes there is no trimming other than the belt and the collars anduffs of some washable stuff.

The matter of long waist or short waist is one that the mother may decide for her child, according to the former's preference. The very little girls wear yoke dresses, but those who have attained as many as five years or more wear long waisted frocks with a belt. On the whole, perhaps these are preferred, excepting for the party frock, which has a short waist, very fluffy skirt and a sash finish.

YOUR SICK CHILD IS CONSTIPATED! LOOK AT TONGUE

IF CROSS, FEVERISH OR BILIOUS GIVE "CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS."

No matter what ails your child, a gentle, thorough laxative should always be the first treatment given. If your little one is out-of-sorts, half-sick, isn't resting, eating and acting naturally—look, Mother! see if tongue is coated. This is a sure sign that it's little stomach, liver and bowels are clogged with waste. When cross, irritable, feverish, stomach sour breath bad or has stomach-ache, diarrhoea, sore throat, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated poison, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of its little bowels without griping and you have a well, playful child again.

Mothers can rest easy after giving this harmless "fruit laxative," because it never fails to cleanse the little one's liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach and they dearly love its pleasant taste. Full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups printed on each bottle.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs"; then see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

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The New—Has Captured The Whole of Our Store

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— SPRING and SUMMER, 1917 —

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SARDINES.—Connor's brand, in pure olive oil... 12c

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2 cans Brunswick for... 12c
Also Tornado and Amix Freres Kipperd Herring, Marshall's Normanna, Fat Herring in Bouillon.

You are welcome. Goods carefully packed and promptly delivered.

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WE HAVE RECEIVED FROM CALIFORNIA. A NICE CONSIGNMENT OF RED CEDAR CHESTS—MOTH PROOF, AND SPECIALLY SUITABLE FOR KEEPING FURS.

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SOME BEAUTIFUL WHITE PINE MATTING COVERED CHESTS OF ALL SIZES AND VERY REASONABLE PRICES :: ::

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SOME LOCAL AND MONTREAL PAPERS ARE MAKING LARGE DISPLAY OF AXMINSTER RUGS, AT \$38.00, \$32.00 AND \$28.00. WE SELL THEM AT... \$35.00, \$30.00 and \$25.00

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