The Montreal Daily Star.

VOL. XVI. NO. 5. MONTREAL WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5, 1884. PRICE ONE CENT.

MORNING DESPATCHES.

Condensed Telegrams.

Hon. Mr. Flynn is to have an opponent in Gaspé.

Bishop Clarkson, of the diocese of Nebraska, is very ill of congestion of the lungs.

A receiver has been appointed for the Cleveland, Youngstown & Pittsburg Railroad.

The Cork traders have decided to take part in the funeral of Jerome Collins, of the "Jeannette" expedition.

The Irish Societies of Trenton, N. J., celebrated the hundred and sixth anniversary of the birth of Robert Emmet.

The Orangemen have been summoned to oppose a Nationalist meeting announced to be held at Londonderry on St. Patrick's Day.

At Cincinnati the international dog show began on the 4th. The entries include famous dogs from all over the United States and Canada.

Joaquin Limendoux, director of the Havana Savings Bank, has committed suicide. The bank has suspended payment in consequence.

The net earnings of the Texas Pacific Railroad for the past year were $2,040,000; fixed charges $2,214,000, leaving a deficit of $174,000.

Two thousand persons met at the Cooper Union, New York, on the 4th, to celebrate the hundred and sixth anniversary of Robert Emmet's birth.

The Porte has disavowed the nomination of Halib Pasha to be Governor of Crete, and the excitement among the Christians there has consequently subsided.

Ei Diritto newspaper, of Rome, maintains that England has every right to demand of America that she prevent the open organization of the dynamite policy.

The bondsmen of the late State Treasurer Polk, of Nashville, Tenn., will be sued for $100,000. Suit will also be brought against Polk's estate, which is very valuable.

The English detectives at New York have been provided with portraits of the suspected dynamiters. The police believe that the dynamite used here was made in France.

A Madrid despatch says speculators have subscribed £120,000 to raise a revolutionary movement similar to that of August, 1883. The government is fully informed in regard to the plot.

The Californian Republican State Central Committee convenes at Oakland on April 30th. An informal vote of the members taken gave Blaine 27, Washburn 3, Conkling 2, Arthur 4.

The commission house of W. Thubbard, Petersburg, Va., was burned on the 4th. A thousand bales of cotton, five hundred bags of peanuts and a large quantity of salt were destroyed; loss heavy.

A passenger train on the Illinois Central was derailed on the 4th near Maryland station, Ill. All the coaches left the track, two tipping over and being badly wrecked Three persons were injured.

The American Consul at Dundee has asked the captains of whaling vessels to keep a look-out for Lieutenant Greely in Baffin's Bay, in view of the possibility of his drifting from Smith's Sound on an ice-floe.

Two men, Skeer and Brunmever, attempted to cross the Lehigh track at White Haven, Pa., last evening, in a carriage. They were struck by a train and Skeer was instantly killed. Brunmeyer will die.

The trustees of the Presbyterian Hospital, Philadelphia, have decided to return to the mangers of the charity ball a check for $2,500 which had been tendered to the hospital as its share of the proceeds of this season's entertainment.

The Court of Appeal at Toronto gave judgment, on the 4th, dismissing the appeal of Jarrard, the New Jersey forger, holding that forged had been proved. Jarrard, therefore, will cross the line. The judges were unanimous.

Seventeen of the crew of the barque "Trinidad," from Pensacola, report that they abandoned their vessel in a water-logged condition on February 24. The captain and the remainder of the crew refused to quit the ship.

H. M. naval storekeeper at Halifax, N. S., announces that the heavy machinery, boilers, etc., of H. M. S. "Charybdis" are to be taken out, and tenders for the purchase of the hull in its then condition will be received up to the 19th inst.

At St. Petersburg the funeral of the late U. S. Minister Hunt took place yesterday at the American chapel. Services were conducted by the American chaplain with his assistants. The Russian ministers, diplomatic corps, court officials and resident Americans were present.

Mrs. Parnell, mother of Charles S. Parnell, living near Bordentown, Pa., has lately been subjected to a number of annoyances. On Friday a cow died, which it has been ascertained was poisoned with arsenic suspected to have been intended to poison the family with milk from the animal.

Peter Peterson & Son, hardware merchants, Toronto, have assigned. It is claimed that the liabilities will not exceed $8,000 exclusive of loans on real estate, which are covered by mortgages. The assignment was made to prevent foreclosure by the Loan Company of real estate. The firm was one of the oldest in the city.

Paul de Cassagnac, the well known Bonapartist, writes in *Le Matin*, the French edition of the *Morning News*, saying that Bonapartists and Royalists should unite, with a view of effecting the downfall of the Republic. Napoleonism and Orleanism, he says, are only two different labels for the same sort of cordial.

Mr. J. W. Longley, M. P. P., for Annapolis, as given notice in the Nova Scotia House of Assembly that on a future day he would move a resolution to the effect that, in the opinion of this House, a union of the Provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island into one Province on a fair basis, would be advantageous to the common interests of all.

The other day Senator Scott had a narrow escape from drowning. Having been walking towards Ottawa across Brigham's Creek, he dropped into the water through an air hole. After great exertion, and before the water had time to stop the circulation, Mr. Scott succeeded in extricating himself from his perilous position, and got his wet and freezing garments removed at the nearest dwelling house.

Susan B. Anthony presided on the 4th over the 16th annual convention of the Woman's Suffrage Association now in session at Washington. A letter from Jane Cobden, of London, daughter of the late Richard Cobden, read, says:—I hope the question on your side of the Atlantic is making the way it is in this country. If so, we shall simultaneously and shortly see the enfranchisement of women in both countries.

THE DOMINION GRANGE.

Tenth Annual Meeting at Ottawa.

OTTAWA, March 4.—The tenth annual meeting of the Dominion Grange opened in the City Hall this afternoon, Jabel Robinson, master, in the chair. The following officers were present:—Overseer, Bro. W. F. George, Sackville, N. B.; Secretary, Luther Cheyne, Brampton; Treasurer, J. P. Bull, Dansville; Lecturer, E. H. Hilton, Uxbridge; Chaplain, L. A. Nellis, Grimsby; Steward, Geo. Lethbridge, Stratsburn; Assistant Steward, W. Beck, Adelaide; Gate Keeper, L. Vancomp, Bowmanville; Lady Officers:—Ceres, Sister F. George, Sackville, N. B.; Pomona, Sister S. A. Nellis, Grimsby; Flora, Sister L. Vancomp; Steward, Sister Lethbridge. Executive Committee:—Robert Currie, Wingham, and Henry Glendinneng, Manilla. Auditors: Thomas McLeod, Dalston; Jesse Truell, Oshawa. The delegates present are:—A. Gifford, Meaford, Ont.; J. Robinson, Middlemarch; A. Currie, Wingham; H. Glendinneng, Manilla; R. J. Doyle, Owen Sound; T. S. McLeod, Dalston; R. Wilkie, Blenheim; R. McMordie, Kippewa; J. Truell, Oshawa; Nellis, Grimsby; C. Moffatt, Edgehill; A. Cervos, Niagara; Sister R. J. Dryde, Owen Sound; Sister C. Moffatt, Edgehill; R. M. Starr, Cornwallis, N. S.; T. A. McDonald, Pictou, N. S.; Sister T. A. McDonald, Pictou, N. S.; H. B. Hunter, Toronto; Sister E. H. Hibburn, Uxbridge. The master delivered a lengthy address, setting forth the condition of the grange and the satisfactory progress made during the year

THE SOUDAN WAR.

Graham to Return to Suakim with His Force —The Battle at Tokar—The Slavery Question.

LONDON, March 4.—Although the Marquis of Hartington denied to-day that General Graham had been ordered to return to Trinkitat, semi-official advices from Cairo say Gen. Stephenson has directed General Graham to have the troops embark at Trinkitat and return to Suakim, as the latter is the best base. General Graham, leaving a battalion to garrison Fort Baker, will order the troops to embark on Thursday. Operations against Osman Digna will not extend beyond Tamahieb. Sir Evelyn Baring advises the government to fix the limit of action for the troops on the Red Sea littoral at ten miles from the coast. General Graham telegraphs that the remains of Commander Moncrieff British Consul at Suakim, killed by the rebels near Tokar last November, have been recovered and interred.

SUAKIM, March 4.—Seven hundred men, women and children have arrived here from Tokar. The rebels mutilated the British dead that fell into their hands. Osman Digna has sworn to give battle to the British. Lieutenant Lloyd, brother of Clifford Lloyd, Under Secretary of the Interior at Cairo, will present the Queen with the standard captured at Tokar. The British have buried 2,300 rebel dead around Teb.

The British have cleared the village near Tokar, and recovered the rest of the guns and rifles taken from Baker Pasha's army by the rebels. Osman Digna was not present in Friday's battle.

An Egyptian gunner from Tokar says he and seven others were dragged to Teb to serve the rebel guns.

KHARTOUM, March 4.—General Gordon believes the slavery question will settle itself within a year by a rising of the slaves.

PARIS, March 4.—Col. Chaille, a native of Baltimore, who was a comrade of Gordon in the latter's first campaign in the Soudan, in a lecture here to-day said it was his opinion that Gordon's decree regarding slavery was issued under pressure from the English Government.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 4.—The Porte has forbidden the merchants of Jeddah, in Arabia, to export goods to Soukim under a penalty of three years' imprisonment.

CAIRO, March 4.—An outbreak in the prison here to-day was suppressed with difficulty. It is believed it was planned from the outside.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Fifth Parliament—Second Session.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, March 4.—Several petitions were presented praying for legislation for the better observance of the Sabbath and the prevention of excursions on the Lord's day.

Mr. Casgrain having complained that the committee on the bill to prevent fraud in connection with public contracts had not yet met for want of a quorum. Sir Hector Langevin thought the fact of the attention of the House having been drawn to this matter would be sufficient to secure attendance when the committee were called together.

On motion of Mr. White (Cardwell) the fees and charges on the Methodist Union Bill were remitted.

Sir John Macdonald introduced a bill respecting the independence of Parliament Act of 1878. The object of the bill was to provide that no member should be deemed to have committed a breach of the Independence of Parliament Act who had discharged a public duty under the direction of the Government without fee or salary.

Hon. Mr. Blake moved in amendment that the following words be added, "And to impair the efficiency of said Independence of Parliament Act."

The members were then called in and the House divided on Mr. Blake's amendment, which was lost—nays, 101; ayes, 55.

The main motion was carried and the bill read a first time.

Sir John Macdonald moved that the Government business should have precedence on Thursdays after routine. He believed the desire of the House was to adjourn before Easter. The opinion had been freely expressed that as a rule the sessions were too long, caused by the large amount of speaking. The motion was carried on division.

The following government measures went through committee and were read a third time and passed:

For conferring certain privileges on the more advanced bands of the Indians of Canada, with the view of training them for the exercise of municipal powers—Sir John Macdonald.

To authorize a further advance to the province of Manitoba in aid of the public schools therein.

To provide for the salary and travelling allowances of the judges of the County Court of Cariboo in the Province of British Columbia.—Sir John Macdonald.

The Budget debate was then continued by Mr. White (Cardwell), who spoke up to recess. After recess Mr. White continued, being followed by Mr. Paterson (Brant).

The House then went into committee of supply, Mr. Desjardins in the cnair, and, rising, reported progress.

Several bills were received in which the Senate had concurred.

The House adjourned at 12 o'clock.

UNITED STATES CONGRESS.

Newspaper Copyright Bill—Joaquin Miller on the Mormons—The Maine Lumber Interest.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—A bill introduced by Senator Sherman to-day granting copyright to newspapers, provides that any daily or weekly newspaper, or any association of any daily or weekly newspapers published in the United States or any of the territories thereof, shall have the sole right to print, issue and sell for the term of eight hours, dating from the hour of going to press, the contents of said daily or weekly newspapers or collected news of said newspaper association exceeding one hundred words, and for any infringement of this act the party injured may sue in any court of competent jurisdiction, and recover in any proper action damages sustained by him from any person making any infringement, together with costs of suit. A similar measure will be introduced in the House.

Joaquin Miller, before the house committee on territories to-day, characterized the Mormons as "cranks and Gutteans." He opposed repressive measures as only tending to incite them to further lawless acts instead of subduing them. Polygamy, he thought, was on the decrease and he prescribed education as a panacea for the ills from which the people of Utah suffered. The Mormons as a people, in his opinion, were extremely ignorant persons, led by cranks and those who had their own ends to serve, and all that was necessary to bring them back to the paths of morality was to show them their true condition.

Representative Reed was before the ways and means committee to-day opposing the placing of lumber on the free list. He said if the manufacture of lumber was stricken down in Maine the entire timber land district, one-half of the area of the State, would lose so large a portion of its value that the whole State would feel the shock severely. He said that all the talk about floods being caused by the destruction of the forests, even if true elsewhere, had no application to Maine. There not even the growth of each year was cut, and the business was as regular as the raising of any other crop.

The minority of the ways and means committee will ask leave to bring in a report. It is understood that it will oppose any general revision of the tariff on the ground that the tariff law of last year has not yet gone beyond an experimental stage and should be given a fair trial.

The House committee on military affairs to-day ordered a favorable report to be made on the bill giving army telegraph operators who served as such in the late war the same right to homestead entry as is allowed to enlisted men.

The Senate considered the bill which provides an elaborate plan for actions of ministers and consuls of the United States, with regard to legal rights and responsibilities of citizens of the United States residing in far Eastern countries.

In the Senate a bill was passed to punish counterfeiting within the United States of notes, bonds or other securities of foreign governments.

The Senate Committee on Military Affairs decided to report adversely the resolution to permit the erection of a statue of Garibaldi in the National Cemetery at Vicksburg. The Committee hold that the national cemeteries should be sacred to the memory of the soldiers of the Union army.

PROVINCIAL NEWS.

ONTARIO.

The Picton town council by a vote of 9 to 6, decided not to grant billiard licenses for the ensuing year.

The price of cattle in the Ottawa section of the country is higher at present than it has been for some time past. The supply is scarcely equal to the demand.

At the Union Depot, Ottawa, yesterday, an elderly lady named Pritchard dropped dead while in a passenger coach. She was being conveyed to Toronto to the asylum there.

Rev. H. M. Parsons, of Knox Presbyterian Church, Toronto, and a native of Buffalo, has taken out naturalization papers, swearing allegiance to the British Crown. He has been pastor of Knox Church for over three years.

A fire broke out at Seaforth, yesterday afternoon, about 4 o'clock, in the dwelling owned by J. S. Porter and occupied by Mr. Prendergast. Nothing was saved. There was a small insurance on the building, but none on the contents. Loss about $1,500.

While Eli Manley was driving a team across the railway near the Kingston road at Toronto, a freight train struck the sleigh and Manley was tossed into the air, falling on a cowcatcher. Several of his ribs were fractured and he sustained a concussion of the brain. There are but faint hopes of his recovery.

J. Burr, of Vaughan Township, while driving into Toronto, came upon a team of horses attached to an overturned sleigh which had been laden with grain. Beneath the bags of grain the dead body of the driver a young man, named James Johnson, was found. It appears that Johnson was coming to the city with a load of grain and the sleigh had been overturned in the snow bank.

Before the railway committee of the local legislature at Toronto, yesterday, the bill to incorporate the Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo Railway was considered. Mr. Cassels opposed the bill on behalf of the Grand Trunk. The preamble was passed, after discussion, by a vote of 12 to 6, and further consideration of the bill deferred. In the private bills committee a bill authorizing the city to issue irredeemable stock for building a trunk sewer and other improvements was thrown out, strong objection being taken to irredeemable stock.

A large deputation of representatives from different municipalities throughout the province waited on the local government at Toronto on the 4th to urge that $150,000 of the crown land improvement fund be advanced to the municipalities, pending a settlement with the Dominion government. The provincial treasurer stated that whenever the money was received from the Dominion government the local government would merely be the intermediary for dealing with the municipalities. They would endeavor, as soon as possible, to force a settlement on the Dominion government, and, as soon as received, the money would be paid out.

The Toronto Presbytery met on the morning of the 4th when Rev. Mr. Wallace was appointed moderator. The resignation of Rev. Mr. Amos, of his charge at Aurora and East King, was not accepted. Financial reasons being the cause of his resignation it was decided to augment his stipend. Delegates were appointed to the general assembly as follows:—Ministerial—Dr. Gregg, Pringle, Stewart, J. M. Cameron, McLeod, Parsons, MacDonnell, Cameron, McLeod, McKay, Dr. Caven, Dr. Reid and B. D. McLaren; Elders—Hon. A. Morris, J. MacLennan, Q. C., R. Kilgour, A. McMurchy, W. B. McMurrich, Rev. Dr. Reid, Alderman Harvie, J. L. Blaikie, D. Frotheringham, H. Cassels, Rev. T. Lowry, F. Crann, D. Elder and James Brown.

QUEBEC.

The several Irish societies in Quebec have commenced preparations for the celebration of the national festival.

The anniversary meetings of the Ladies' Female Orphan Asylum, and of the Auxiliary Bible Society, were held at Quebec on the 4th.

The Quebec Gas Company report a considerable increase in the consumption of gas for last year, notwithstanding electric lights, coal oil, etc.

Several wholesale houses in Quebec are economizing, and a number of employes have been notified that their services will not be required after the 1st of May.

About fifteen miles of the ice bridge at the east end of Quebec broke up and floated away on the 4th, and navigation is now open up as far as Indian Cove. High tides are the cause of the break.

In addition to the claim presented to the Government by the Commissioners of Quebec Turnpike Trust, they will ask for power to exact the payment of tolls from all persons who use their roads to bring their vehicles to within half a mile of a bridge or toll gate belonging to the Trust.

Le Clairon urges that the approaching election in Three Rivers of a representative to the Provincial Legislature should be by acclamation for the following reason:—The city is, in ordinary times, one great family, in which all the members know and love each other; but when an electoral contest comes on it is a nest of wasps in revolt, and from this revolt ensues enmities and hatreds which last for months and months."

Rock Island.

Rev. Mr. Chambers, of Montreal, preached in the Union Church, Derby Line, Sunday evening, to a large congregation.

The weather was very cold and blustering here last Friday and Saturday. Sunday and Monday mornings the mercury stood at twenty degrees below zero.

Twenty-two applications for license had been lyied with Inspector Mausur up to Saturday noon. Coaticook wants nine, Rock Island five, Magog two, Stanstead Plain one, Lineboro two, Hatley one, Georgeville one and Barnston one.

Coaticook.

T. B. Trihey, for so many years well known as the landlord of the Queen's Hotel, in this town, died on Sunday morning, the 2nd instant, after a long illness.

An Island Pond officer visited this place on Monday in search of a thief named Adams, who had stolen some watches and money from a pedlar, but was unsuccessful in his search.

Two properties here changed hands on Saturday last, T. T. Shurtleff purchasing the vacant lot opposite Messrs. Lovell & Sons, for $800, with the intention of erecting thereon a Town Hall with stores underneath; and the Mayor, J. B. Gendreau, purchasing the house and lot on the corner of Pleasant and Main streets for $500. Both lots formerly belonged to Mrs. Wyse, of New York.

Aylmer.

Dr. Richardson's text book has been presented to the school trustees and will probably be introduced before long.

On the evening of 27th February, after the weekly prayer meeting in the Presbyterian Church, the presentation of a valuable gold chain and locket in the case was made to Miss Minnie McLean, the organist and leader of the choir. The Rev. Geo. Jamieson, the pastor, in making the presentation, referred in suitable terms to the important services that had been rendered to the church by Miss McLean, who made a feeling reply, after which the congregation separated well pleased with what they had witnessed.

The temperance cause is making satisfactory progress in Aylmer. The W. C. T. U. hold regular meetings and are doing a good work. They have under their management a Band of Hope, with about sixty members, which meets weekly. The young are thus being trained up in temperance principles, the results of which will be seen in future years. A temple in connection with the Independent Order is to be orangized on the 6th of March, and the prospects are that a goodly number will enroll themselves as members.

The Lord Lieutentant has caused a circular to be sent to the directors of the shipping companies engaged in the cattle trade calling attention to the necessity of adopting extra precautions in order to stamp out foot-and-mouth disease. His Excellency is of opinion that, however carefully a vessel may be disinfected, if it is kept in constant use danger of infection will still remain.

I. P. W. B. S.

Monthly Meeting—The Reports—Nomination of Officers.

The monthly meeting of the Irish Protestant Workingmen's Benefit Society was held last evening, the President, Mr. John Doyle, in the chair. The Treasurer's report showed receipts from dues, $147.25; expenditure, sick benefits, $92; total expenditure, $121.50.

The medical officer's report showed that he had 82 office consultations, and four members sick at home for less than a week received medical attendance. There were 12 members on the regular sick and benefit list during the month, of whom four were discharged and eight remain.

The reports having been adopted the nomination of officers for the ensuing year was proceeded with and resulted as follows: President—Messrs. John Doyle, M. E. Field and James Robinson; First Vice-President—Messrs. W. J. Robinson, W. Renshaw, M. E. Field, John Phillips and Rich. Perry; Second Vice-President—Messrs. George. W. Fraser, R. Perry, W. J. Butterworth, John Phillips and M. E. Field; Physician—John T. Finnie, A.M., M.D., elected by acclamation; Rec. Secretary—Messrs. G. W. Fraser, Wm. Seale, W. J. Butterworth, J. M. Walker and Rich. Perry; Financial Secretary—Messrs. G. W. Fraser, Samuel Gray and John Phillips; Treasurer—Mr. Richard Seale, elected by acclamation; Trustees—Messrs. Frs. McCulloch, Wm. Cowie, John Cunningham, David Grant, M. E. Field, R. S. Thompson and John Phillips.

Before adjournment a musical programme contributed by some of the members was gone through.

Military Notes.

The Montreal engineers are now open for recruiting. They had originally two companies, but these have been amalgamated and form the present corps, with a complement of 84 men. They are now in want of about 24 recruits to complete their strength. Major E. Raban, Royal Engineers, whose headquarters are at Kingston, and who is Inspector of Engineer Militia, is about shortly to visit Montreal, not, however, this time to make an inspection of the corps, but merely to see how they are progressing, and give them a few useful hints regarding the training of Sappers and Miners. Infantry drill in this corps will be suspended for some time, and more attention will be paid to lectures on subjects pertaining to military engineering, and to practical and theoretical work in general. Most of the men at present enlisted are mechanics and tradesmen, these being the class required, but any good steady man who is not a mechanic, and is willing to attend the course of lectures prescribed, will not be refused. The regiment is now commanded by Major W. Kennedy, an officer who has taken much interest in the corps, and who has been connected with it since its organization in 1861. Lieutenants Moffat and Thompson, his two subaiterns, have both gone through a special course of engineering at Kingston, and are well fitted for the position they hold, taking much interest in the profession. The government shortly intend to give another officer to the corps, which is much needed. Sergeant Newton, who has charge of the regimental stores, tools, implements for intrenching and models, etc., is an old Royal Engineer, and a most useful non-commissioned officer. The rest of the non-coms. under their sergeant major, have devoted a good deal of their time and experience to add to the proficiency of this most useful branch of the militia service.

Chess.

To the Editor of THE STAR:

SIR,—You reproduce in your issue of yesterday Dr. Zukertort's opinion on Canadian chess, as expressed to a Boston reporter.

I fancy the renowned doctor somewhat compliments the United States at the expense of Canada when he ayers, there are eight or ten chess players in New York who are superior to the best Canadian players. Our *unque dormen*—the Doctor, in parlance with Delmar and Ryan, two of the strongest and leading New York chessists, won fifteen or sixteen out of twenty games. Not one of our Canadian players had the same opportunity of contesing so many games single handed with the champion. Nevertheless Dr. Rowe drew his game in the simultaneous play, and Mr. Ascher out of five purely even-handed games won one and drew one.

Had our best Canadian players come forward and undertaken set matches with the Doctor, I think the record for Canada would have been as creditable as the result shown in New York.

Yours, etc., etc.,
CAISSA.

Montreal, March 4th, 1884.

Steel Castings in Canada.

To the Editor of THE STAR:

SIR,—In your Saturday issue you state, as the result of an interview with Mr. Kennedy, C. E. of the Harbor Commission, that steel castings are not made in Canada. Allow me, in justice to a new and rising industry, to say that crucible cast steel castings are now made in London, Ont., equal to any that can be made in England or the United States, and we are now making the castings in crucible cast steel for a dredge now building for the Gilbert Dredging & Blasting Co. When Mr. Kennedy left for England we were not then in a position to take orders, or no doubt we would have secured the order given in England.

INTERNATIONAL MANUFACTURERS AGENCY COMPANY, 624 Craig street, Agents.

Montreal and the Immigrant Traffic.

The Quebec papers at the present time are discussing with considerable warmth a despatch from this city, announcing that arrangements have been made by the Canadian Pacific with the steamship lines to land immigrants in this city instead of Quebec. Whatever truth there might be in the intentions of the C.P.R., there is no doubt but that no arrangements have been completed, as inquiry at the offices of the steamship lines shows that nothing has been heard in shipping circles of the change, and as the manager of the Canada Shipping Company said to a reporter to-day, such arrangement could not be made without the consent of the steamship companies, as they are not compelled to bring immigrants past Levis.

An Official Snowed In.

The snow along the line of the Canadian Pacific railway during the severe storms of the past few days has been piled mountains high. Mr. Archer Baker, the General Superintendent, was returning from a trip westward, and when Bell's Corners, 9 miles from Ottawa, was reached, his special train got stuck in a huge snowdrift. All efforts to shovel out the drifting snow proved fruitless, and the train did not reach Ottawa till the following afternoon. Four engines were sent from Ottawa to its assistance.

The King of Managers Speaks.

Mr. J. H. Haverly was recently speaking to one of our reporters, and, in the course of conversation, said: "I think that, unquestionably, St. Jacobs Oil is the greatest medicine of the age, and the most meritorious in the market.—*N. Y. Graphic.*

Special Notice.

BILLIARDS.

The best made and the handsomest tables, also the best, quickest and most accurate cushion are made by Nightingale. This cushion has no steel bands or wire springs. One examination is sufficient to prove the superiority of my tables over all other Canadian made tables and are not surpassed in the States. This cushion and table has been only in the market since January, 1884, and I have now testimonials from Ottawa, Kingston, Quebec, Three Rivers, Richmond and Waterloo and the best known billiard room keepers and experts in Montreal. The above cushion is warranted for 25 years, put on old tables 4½ x 9, $30. Price lists now getting prepared; fancy cues in great variety and very cheap tips, chalk, etc.

H. NIGHTINGALE,
Manufacturer,
7 and 9 St. John St., Montreal.

Quick transit from a state of feebleness, bodily langour, and nervous irritability—induced by dyspepsia—to a condition of vigor and physical comfort, follows the use of the standard regulating tonic and stomachic, Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, which speedily conquers Indigestion, Constipation, Bilious Complaints, and Female Complaints, purifies the Blood, and reinforces the vital energy.

Specific Articles.

CARPET FELT SAVES THE CARPETS, makes floor air-tight, pleasant to walk on: free from moths. Delivered to any part of city, 5c per yd. BENNET & CO., 453 St. Paul St., Montreal. 49tfz

COAL OIL—AMERICAN and CANADIAN brands. Drain Pipes, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay, &c. Portland, Roman and Canadian Cements. 2325 ALEX. BRENNER, 640 Craig st.

ENGRAVING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES executed in the best style by Edwin Cox, 114 St. Francois Xavier street. Apprentice wanted. 8zeod

EMBROIDERIES. } A large assortment of Edges and Insertions for 10c per yard, about half-price, at the wonderful 5, 10 and 25c store, 305 Notre Dame St. 54z

NEW DESIGNS IN PICTURE FRAMES. Ornamented Mouldings, for gold gilding. Portrait and Photo. Frames a specialty. Moderate charges bring plenty of work. W. H. HOPE. 1 52z 38¼ and 40 Bleury St.

RICHELIEU MINERAL WATER. Nature's remedy for all diseases of the kidneys. Try it. Send or call for pamphlet. Country orders promptly filled. J. A. Harte, druggist, 400 Notre Dame St. 304z

SHOW-CASES—W. MILLICHAMP & CO All styles of Show-cases, low prices, best goods. Send for Catalogue. W. MILLICHAMP & CO., 29 to 35 Adelaide street, East, Toronto, Ont. 100z

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE OR SELF-PRESERVATION, a medical work for every man, young, middle-aged or old. 125 invaluable prescriptions for all diseases. 204

For Sale.

FOR SALE—ONE NEARLY NEW MARINE BOILER, 60 H. P., with smoke stack and fittings complete, also, a pair of horizontal engines, 35 H. P., complete, liberal terms, P. O. Box 527. 46 S 2aw

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME BOOK-CASE, CONTAINING a valuable collection of books. For particulars address "L. M.," STAR office. 53 7

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID 5-YEARS PURE BLOOD saddle horse—color bay—and well trained for single and double team. Height 5 feet 4¾ inches. Apply 50 Notre Dame Centre. 53 4

FOR SALE—IMPORTED WELSH PONY, ABOUT 9 hands high. Age 4 years, quiet in harness, admired by all who see him, no fault. A rare chance. Address "E. 220," STAR office. 54 2

FOR SALE—HANDSOME PONY, BROKEN TO saddle. Apply Ls. Beaubien, 16 St. James Street. 54 16

FOR SALE—NEW YORK SINGER SEWING Machine, inlaid with Pearl, in Black Walnut Cabinet Case, folding cover with drawers, locks &c., 9 Mayor St. 54 3

Business Chances.

WANTED—A PARTNER OF TEMPERATE HABITS, with from $2,000 to $4,000, to join the advertiser (who is a practical man) in an old established business. Address "N 1200," STAR office. 55 7

WANTED—A PARTNER, SILENT OR ACTIVE, with $2,000 for light manufacturing, paying large profits. Please address "F 2,000," STAR office. 54 2

WANTED—A PARTY TO INVEST FROM $2,000 TO $3,000 in an established business. Must take charge of office at good salary. Address Box 67, P.O. 53 3

WANTED—A PARTNER WITH $5000, EITHER active or silent, in a good paying established business; in this city. Apply Box 519 Post Office. 53 4

FOR SALE—NEAR MONTREAL, A small water power tannery; price low; bark cheap and abundant. First-class chance for a practical man. Address P. O. Box 776, Montreal. 4d 36

WANTED—TO MEET, SOME ONE WHO IS LEARning telegraphy, to practise together. Address "D 242," STAR office. 54 2

HOLMAN'S PICTORIAL FAMILY BIBLE! Containing both versions of the New Testament, with the Parables of our Lord and Saviour, handsomely illustrated with 10 full page Engravings. Our Bibles contain 2,000 pages, 2,500 illustrations. Fine PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, elegant designs, handsomely bound. Extra inducements offered to energetic Agents. Illustrated catalogue sent on application. A. J. HOLMAN & CO., Philadelphia. 290z

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No travellers should ever be without a bottle of DR. MATHIEU'S TOOTH-ACHE DROPS, 198 Notre Dame St. Montreal.

Mode of Application.

How often do persons suffering from tooth-ache and being unprovided at home with any soothing remedy, send to the nearest Druggist for some stuff of any kind to alleviate their pain. They get something of course, but where is the direction to use, the mode of applying, the instrument to help the hand. They do not know even if the stuff is not a poison, or at least some dangerous substance more or less obnoxious. What is the result? Why, you generally boil or burn the interior of your cheeks, and your lips and gums, because you are ignorant of the way the remedy ought to be applied.

All this trouble is obviate by "DR. MATHIEU'S TOOTH-ACHE DROPS." They contain no poisonous substance; they do not burn the lips nor any part of the interior of the mouth, and besides an *almost instantaneous* cure is sure to follow their proper use.

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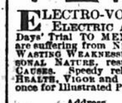

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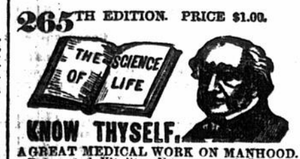

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A GREAT MEDICAL WORK ON MANHOOD. Exhausted Vitality, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Declines in Man, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries resulting from indiscretions or excesses. A book for every man, young, middle-aged and old. It contains 125 prescriptions for all acute and chronic diseases, each one of which is invaluable. So found by the Author, whose experience for 23 years is such as probably never before fell to the lot of any physician. 300 pages, bound in beautiful French muslin, embossed covers full gilt, guaranteed to be a finer work in every sense,—mechanical, literary and professional, than any other work sold in this country for $2.50, or the money will be refunded in every instance. Price only $1.00 by mail, post-paid. Illustrative sample, 6 cents. Send now. Gold medal awarded the author by the National Medical Association, to the officers of which he refers.

This book should be read by the young for instruction, and by the afflicted for relief. It will benefit all.—*London Lancet.*

There is no member of society to whom this book will not be useful, whether youth, parent, guardian, instructor or clergyman.—*Argonaut.*

Address the Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr. W. H. Parker, No. 4 Bulfinch Street, Boston, Mass., who may be consulted on all diseases requiring skill and experience, chronic and cutaneous diseases that have baffled the skill of all other physicians a specialty. Such treatedsuccessfully without an instance of failure. HEAL THYSELF 2 8

Houses to Let.

TO LET—AT LONGUEUIL, A 1st CLASS tenement. Apply to F. E. Viger, 53 St. Thomas St., Longueuil. 54 7

TO LET—NO. 16 HANOVER ST., 12 rooms, good stabling, all modern improvements, drainage perfect. Apply to 287 Peel St. Can be seen from 2 to 5 p.m. 54 2

TO LET—IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, at No. 395 St. Dominique Street, lower tenement. Six apartments, b. and w.c. Rent $12. 54 2

TO LET—TWO TWO-STORY BRICK houses and Cottage No. 25, 27 and 29 Kent street, near the Pacific workshops. Apply 54 3 No. 80 CADIEUX STREET.

TO LET—3 SELF-CONTAINED HOUSES, 10 rooms, B. & C.; rent $20 per month, no taxes; near Richmond Sq. Apply to A. H. Lapierre, No. 3 Place d'Armes Hill. 54 5

TO LET—BRICK SELF-CONTAINED house, with all modern conveniences and large stabling, suitable for livery. 53 3 287 ST. CONSTANT ST.

TO LET—DESIRABLE VILLA RESIdences on Rosemount Avenue, Cote St. Antoine, within five minutes' walk of the city railway; all modern conveniences, including city water. Locality the most desirable about Montreal. Apply to O. W. Stanton, real estate agent, 191 St. James St. 53 7

TO LET-IN LONGUEUIL, BRICK HOUSE, No. 7 Victoria Avenue. Apply on premises. 53 4

TO LET—HOUSE, No. 180 MANCE ST., modern improvements. Possession about 20th April. 53 7

TO LET—A COMFORTABLY FURNISHed house, in a pleasant locality, containing eight rooms. Address "B. 97," STAR Office. 52 4

TO LET—PREMISES, ADAPTED FOR Photographic gallery, corner of Fortification Lane and St. Peter St. Rent very moderate. Apply 110 St. Francois Xavier St., to H. J. Johnston. 51 4

TO LET—FIRST-CLASS TENEMENT, 39 City Councillors street. F. McMann, St. Francois Xavier street. 49 7

TO LET—HOUSES AND STORES, IN different parts of the city. 28 tf R. STANLEY BAGG, 19 St. James St.

TO RENT—DWELLING, MANSFIELD St., 5 rooms, $16, no assessments; shop, $15; another, $10 per month, store and dwelling. George Browne, Archiestel. 54 2

Houses Wanted.

WANTED—HOUSE, 5 OR 6 ROOMS, B and W. C.; west of Bleury street preferred. Rent not to exceed $12, including taxes. Possession immediately or 1st May. Address "C. 152," STAR Office. 53 4

WANTED A SELF-CONTAINED House, with about six rooms; rent must be moderate. Address, stating terms, &c., "F. H. T." STAR office. 52 7

Stores, Hotels &c., to Let.

TO RENT—COWANSVILLE WOOLLEN and blanket mills, for a term of years. For particulars apply to G. W. Weaver, 9 Lemoine St., Montreal, or to G. K. Nesbit, owner, Cowansville. 53 7

TO LET—A NEAT LITTLE STORE. Apply 258 Notre Dame St. 52 4

TO LET—FROST-PROOF BASEMENT, on Fortification Lane, extending to St. James Street, West End. Apply Temperance Dining Hall, 183 St. James Street. 52 4

TO LET—THOSE FINE STORES, CORner Wellington and Ann Sts., close to G. T. R. track, very suitable for storage or manufacturing purposes; rent low. Apply to James Robertson, 20 Wellington St. 49 13

TO LET OR FOR SALE—FACTORY, CORner Seigneurs and Richardson Streets. Apply H. & J. Russell, 22 St. Nicholas St. 49 27

TO LET—SHOPS AND DWELLINGS, self-contained and tenement houses, in different parts of the city. W. Doran, Accountant and

The Daily Star.

GRAHAM & Co., Proprietors,
158 St. James street.

☞ We believe the circulation of THE STAR exceeds the combined issue of all the other English Newspapers published in the city of Montreal.☜

Correspondent and Agent for French and Belgian advertising in THE STAR—Mons. A. Lorette. Rue Ste Anne 51 bis.. Paris. France.

CIRCULATION OF THE STAR FOR 1883 and 1884.

Week end'g March 3, '83.	Week end'g March 1, '84
Monday.....19,426	Monday.....21,886
Tuesday.....19,541	Tuesday.....21,878
Wednesday....19,576	Wednesday....21,850
Thursday.....20,005	Thursday.....21,775
Friday.....19,565	Friday.....21,376
Saturday.....20,929	Saturday.....23,947
Total.....119,042	Total.....132,712

PRESENT DAILY AVERAGE

22,118.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5, 1884.

THE *Legal News* is a monthly publication devoted entirely to recording legal judgments of interest to the profession. Its circulation is necessarily small and is probably confined to legal circles. It would be interesting to know upon what principle the Department of Marine and Fisheries selects such a publication as this in which to advertise a "Notice to Mariners."

A LONDON "first-night" audience may be safely trusted to render an honest and generally an intelligent verdict upon a new play, although in some notable instances the judgment of the first night audience has been successfully appealed from. A new farce entitled "A Morning Call" was recently produced at the Olympic theatre before it had been sufficiently rehearsed. When the curtain fell the audience called for—the prompter.

A CORRESPONDENT wants to know from what source the Quebec Government is to derive the amount of revenue which it will lose by the reduction of liquor licenses. We do not know, but as the number of licenses decreases the value of each license increases although not in proportion. A liquor license after May 1st will confer a privilege of much greater commercial value than it does at present, and it should be taxed accordingly. But the revenue obtained from taxing the sale of liquor so far from being a net gain to the country represents but a small proportion of the wasted resources which result from the excessive use of liquor. Whatever may be thought on the liquor question generally we do not think that the liquor trade can be looked upon as a source of wealth to any country.

THE BOY.

The other day a school teacher undertook to chastise a small boy, one of her pupils, for some offence against scholastic discipline. To her astonishment, instead of professing penitence and throwing himself upon the mercy of the Court, the boy pulled a revolver out of his pocket, and threatened to "clear out" the school. Subsequent investigation revealed the fact that a great many of these precious infants were armed with revolvers. Again, we read of a number of the pupils of a Boston school, boys between the ages of twelve and fifteen years, organizing a "Jesse James Gang," each member of the "gang" wearing a ribbon bearing the honored initials "J. J.," and the "captain" being even more desperately equipped with a dark lantern and a dagger. The dashing exploits of this "gang" have so far been confined to a few petty larcenies, and the police rely, for the extermination of the "Jesse James Gang," as a gang, upon a few judicious spankings administered to the members thereof individually. We can scarcely take up a newspaper without reading of some similar and equally idiotic exploit by a small boy somewhere. "Dime novels" is invariably the sagacious diagnosis of this very prevalent juvenile disease for which no certain cure has been found, but out of which children sometimes grow. And the dime novel is anathematised from the pulpit and from the editorial sanctum, by the angry parent and by the disenchanted little hero of the revolver, the dark lantern and the dagger, who sadly awakens to the conviction that a paternal spanking is a form of retribution for which the whole series of dime novels affords no precedent. But what is the use of abusing dime novels? As well rail at green apples because your boy has the stomach ache. They are both bad for the boy, but you cannot devise any prohibitory law which will keep either the one or the other from him. You may establish a literary censorship in the house and build a lofty wall around your orchard, but when church time comes you will probably find young hopeful with "the Blood Curdling Biography of the Juvenile Jesse James" within the covers of his prayer-book; and St. Swithin's Day will scarcely have passed before you will find him on the floor trying to tie himself in a knot or to perform one of the many marvellous experiments which colic may suggest. There is only one way to save the boy from the bad consequences of reading dime novels or eating green apples and that is to see that he never acquires a taste for either. Both appetites are acquired; they are not natural to any child, and they are developed through bad training or neglect. We starve our children into reading dime novels by not giving them good and interesting books after creating an appetite for books by teaching them to read. Give a boy plenty of ripe fruit and tell him the consequences of eating unripe fruit, and you will not find him eating green apples simply because he is enamoured of the consequences.

The most serious thing in connection with our children's depraved literary taste is the radical fault in our educational system which it betrays. The tendency of dime novel influence is decidedly immoral, but we cannot help thinking that while the reading of "The Blood Curdling Biography of the Juvenile Jessie James" may make our boys knaves, it is far more likely to make them fools. We do not blame the schools because the boys get hold of dime novels, but because so many boys are willing to read them. In the great process of the evolution of the human race what might not the schools accomplish! How much better, morally physically and intellectually, might each generation be than its predecessor! But this does not seem to be the object of our systems of education nor can we discover what their objects are or even if they have any definite object. If a perfect man is to be developed in the course of a few generations or one that will appear perfect compared with the men of to-day it must be through a rational training of the children. Little can be accomplished with the adults; they were nearly all spoilt as children. For the improvement of the species, man, like Dr. Johnson's Scotchman, must be caught young. The child is not only "willing to learn, "It is hungering for knowledge. Such is a child's curiosity that one might fancy an infant's first wail to be a note of interrogation. Thanks to Dame Nature we cannot help the poor child learning a great deal and doing its share towards the evolution of an improved race, but one of the first maxims the child learns is "children should not ask questions." Presumably in pursuance of the same policy when the boy has learnt to read we either give him books which are—to speak moderately—inferior in interest to the average dime novel or we give him no books at all. Meanwhile the boy has learnt to read too soon, he did not want to learn to read so young, but there were a lot of other things he did want to learn. His childish curiosity being natural was of course regarded as being sinful and so his education—save the mark—proceeded on the principle of teaching him first, last and nearly always the things he did not want to know and sternly repressing his attempts to learn anything in which he took an interest. He wanted to know why a certain course of action was wrong, why he should not go out in the rain or play with the fire or eat green apples, and was told that if he did either he would get a licking. He wanted to know why he should obey the parental will instead of his own, or why he should "play fair" with his companions, and was told, "if you don't you will get a licking." He asks "where does the light go when the candle goes out" and is told to "hold his silly tongue and go to sleep." We do all we can to dwarf the child's inclination to learn until he reaches that unnatural stage where he is ashamed or afraid to ask too many questions. Fancy the poor child's thoughts as he lies awake some clear night and gazes at the silver moonbeams. He asks himself—because he does not like to ask anybody else—all sorts of questions about chaste Diana's rays, and it is not so very wonderful if he finally arrives at the conclusion that the pale goddess sends forth her light because if she didn't she would get a licking. Much against his will, he is taught to read before he is old enough to take any interest in the business, and then, having given him a new method of slaking his insatiable thirst for knowledge, we neglect to lead him to the pure fountains of literature, and leave him to find out for himself the clear springs or the dirty puddles. There is no lack of good literature for children, but many parents seem to be positively afraid of their children getting hold of a book which is interesting. And they give them books in which the interest is shockingly diluted, on the same principle we presume that Sir Walter Scott's puritan father added a pint of water to the soup simply because the boy had incautiously expressed a liking for the first course. The training of our children ought to be recognized as the most important service we can render to the world, and we should train them with the definite object of making them, better, healthier and wiser than their fathers. The whole business of moral and physical training is grossly neglected for the sake of stuffing our children's heads to their utmost capacity with more or less useless and uninteresting knowledge. Mr. Herbert Spencer has ably described the unnaturalness of our school system, and but little can be said in answer to his indictment, yet we make but little progress towards common sense education. A properly trained boy of twelve years of age would refuse a present of a dark lantern and a dagger because he would feel that the equipment was only fit for a little lunatic.

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.

Afternoon Session.

The Court resumed at 2.15 o'clock yesterday, when the trial of James Brady was continued. In this case the jury returned a verdict of not guilty, and on application of Mr. Purcell the prisoner was discharged. The Grand Jury here entered and returned the following

TRUE BILLS:

Bridget O'Brien, inflicting grievous bodily harm.

Julia McDiarmid, receiving stolen goods, three counts.

Norbert Aubin and Edouard Corbin, rape on a girl of 14 years.

Alfred Pauzé, charged with forgery.

No bills were returned against George Clarke, charged with manslaughter, and Louis Saillard, charged with sending threatening letters. The prisoners were then arraigned and had their trials fixed for next week.

Alfred Pauzé pleaded guilty of forgery, and Francis Lamouche withdrew his plea of not guilty of committing an indecent assault on Mrs. Bourne in company with Paquette, and pleaded guilty of simple assault.

G. Gauthier was then placed in the box to stand his trial on three indictments: first, refusing to provide for his wife, second, assaulting the High Constable, and third, refusing to provide for his children. The man's wife testified that she had at times been maltreated by her husband and had been forced to get help from her neighbors, several of whom gave confirmatory evidence. On first and third counts the jury, in conformity with the judge's charge, returned a verdict of not guilty, but on the second count the prisoner was found guilty.

HORSE STEALING.

Daley & Power were put on trial for stealing a horse and sleigh from F. X. Desautels on February 15th. Mme. Blouin identified the prisoners as the two men who drove off in the sleigh while Mr. Desautels was in Martin's saloon on St. Mary street. They were also identified by Constables Flynn and Reed of Young street station, who had arrested them with the horse and sleigh in their possession. His Honor charged strongly against the prisoners and the jury returned a verdict of guilty.

The Court then adjourned till to-day.

SPORTIN

The Turf.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC TURF CLUB.

The annual meeting of the members of the Province of Quebec Turf Club was held at the St. Lawrence Hall, yesterday afternoon, when there were present Captain Campbell, Dr. Craik, Messrs. John Crawford, Henry Hogan, B. J. Coghlin, L. N. Benjamin, H. Montagu Allan, W. Stephen, Alex. Strathy, Duncan Robertson and others. After routine business the annual report was read and adopted. It was of a most satisfactory nature. The financial statement was also very gratifying, showing a large surplus to the credit of the club. The 12th and 14th of June were selected as the dates for the Summer meeting, when the Dominion Stakes and Queen's Plate will be run. The programme will be published shortly. Some discussion took place in regard to the by-laws, when it was decided to adjourn the meeting for a week in order to receive the report of a committee on the subject.

The Shoe.

The members of the St George's Snowshoe Club, to the number of about thirty-five, tramped out to Lumkin's last evening.

The voting for the most popular snowshoe club, which has been in progress for some time past at St. Joseph's Bazaar, Ottawa, came to a close Monday night. The interest in the voting was very keen throughout, and there was great excitement as the hour for closing the poll approached. When the votes were counted up it was found that the Frontenacs had a majority of 4,911 over Le Canadien, the figures being the Frontenac 7,926, Le Canadien 3,014. The Castor Club received 193 votes.

The open steeplechase for Lumkin's gold medal, supplemented by several other prizes, will take place this afternoon, and the start will be made from McTavish street at five o'clock. It is believed that the record will be beaten.

Wrestling.

ARNAULT DEFEATED.

There was a large attendance of spectators at the Union Hall, Notre Dame street, Monday evening, to witness the wrestling match for $250 a side and the receipts of the house, between Gus. E. Lambert and Leopold Arnault, the champion of the Black Hills. About eight o'clock the contestants stripped and stepped on to the stage, both looking in the pink of condition. John Bain was appointed umpire for Arnault while Jas. Hurst performed the same duty for Lambert. Wm. Richardson acted as referee and discharged his duties very satisfactorily. The match was fought under Graeco-Roman rules, the best two in three. The first round was won by Arnault in nine minutes, but the second and third were taken by Lambert in five and three minutes respectively. Speeches were then delivered by Arnault, Hurst and James Cash, of New York. A war of words passed between Hurst and Cash, the result being that a boxing match was arranged to take place in this city on the 13th inst., Marquis of Queensberry rules. The latter claims to be the middle weight champion of the United States. Jim Hurst has issued a challenge to fight any man in Canada from 100 to 500 lbs. according to Marquis of Queensberry rules.

Curling.

A match took place at the Montreal Curling Rink Monday morning between the Ottawa Club and the Thistle Club of this city for the silver tankard presented by the Canadian Branch of the Royal Caledonia Club. After a good game the match resulted in favor of the Ottawas as shown by the following:—

Rink No. 1.

Thistle.	Ottawa.
R. M. Esdaile,	J. Johnson.
A. MacPherson,	W. Kerr,
Rev. J. Barclay,	J. Manuel,
A. Mitchell, skip.	G. Hutchison, skip.
Score, 15.	Score, 30.

Rink. No. 2.

J. D. Anderson,	W. Sutherland,
E. B. Greenshields,	E. Waldo,
S. Greenshields,	W. Wallace,
G. Kay, skip,	H. Scott, skip.

Kay won by 7.

Majority for Ottawa 8.

Messrs. W. Wilson, John Allan, Robert Wilson, Robert Peel, J. H. Hutchison, David Brown, John Robertson, A. A. Stevenson, and W. McGibbon, members of the Montreal Caledonia Club, left for Ottawa Monday morning. On Monday the members of the Montreal Field Battery in the party played a match with the Vice-Regal Rink, and to-day the whole party play for the Governor-General's medal with the Quebec Club.

A despatch from Ottawa states that the final curling match for the Governor-General's Cup took place at the Vice-Regal Rink there yesterday, between rinks from the Quebec and Montreal Caledonia clubs, and was won by the latter. The following was the score:—

No. 1 RINK.

Quebec.	*Montreal Caledonia.*
E. Pope,	Lt.-Col. Stevenson,
J. McKay,	D. Brown, Sr.,
W. H. Dean,	J. Robertson,
H. H. Sewell—(skip) 12.	J. H. Hutchison—(skip) 16.

No. 2 RINK.

Quebec.	*Montreal Caledonia*
F. Johnston,	R. Peel
W. Harbour,	John Allan,
G. F. Phillips,	H. Wilson,
Wm. Brodie—(skip) 18.	W. Wilson—(skip) 25.

Majority for Montreal Caledonia, 11.

The curlers in lieu of an ice rink in Detroit, have a miniature ice rink with a floor of polished steel which they utilize daily.

A delegation from the Ontario Jockey club will visit Ottawa this week to interview our legislators on the subject of an amendment of the pool bill. This bill was originally passed to gratify the spleen of an Ottawa official who had a quarrel with "Forbes and Quimby," and who posed before Mr. Blake as an earnest Christian desirous of suppressing vice. Satan reproving sin, wasn't it, Mr. Sheriff?

The Skate.

ANNUAL RACES OF THE PRINCE OF WALES RINK.

The annual races and games of the Prince of Wales Skating rink were held on Monday night, and were very successful throughout. There was a large attendance of spectators present and the various events were well contested. Among the novel features was an egg race, each of the competitors carrying an egg in a teaspoon. The results are as follows:—

Snowshoe race, 4 laps, 10 entries—R. Drysdale, 1st; C. Coffin, 2nd.

Half-mile, boys under 12, 5 entries—E. Irwin, 1st; J. M. Drysdale, 2nd.

One mile open, 3 entries—W. Drysdale, 1st; A. Constantineau, 2nd. Time, 3 min. 50 sec.

Half-mile, ladies, 5 entries—Miss M. Lee, 1st; Miss E. Cummings, 2nd.

Half-mile egg race, ten entries—E. Fox, 1st; A. Côté, 2nd.

One mile, members, three entries—J. W. Drysdale, 1st; A. Constantineau, 2nd. Time, 3m. 48 sec.

Three-legged race, three laps, four entries—J. Drysdale, 1st; J. Lumsden, 2nd.

One mile race, boys of fifteen and under, six entries—F. Dowd, 1st; F. Wheeler, 2nd.

Half-mile backwards, six entries—J. Kermode, 1st; M. Burns, 2nd.

Two-mile open, four entries—W. Drysdale, 1st; F. Dowd, 2nd. Time, 8m. 5s.

In the race which no time is mentioned none was taken. There were thirteen laps to the mile.

In a five mile race on roller skates, between Prof. Skinner, the celebrated champion, and Mr. Cole, in Haverhill, Mass., last week, the latter won. The former withdrew from the track after completing 2½ miles in 11 min. and 23¼ sec.

Mr. R. A. Elliot, in reply to the challenge of Ennis, the American skater, made an offer for Ennis to come to Montreal and measure off a mile in the Victoria Rink. Mr. Elliot in his proposition said, "If I fail to make the mile in 3m. 36s., I will pay his travelling expenses; and on the other hand, if I make the necessary time, he pays up the $50 medal; and furthermore, I am prepared, if a suitable prize is offered, to beat Mr. Ennis' record for 25 miles on same rink."

Ennis, replying to this said, "If Mr. Elliot really thinks himself a 25-mile skater, he will, of course, promptly accept a new proposition, as follows:—I will wager him a $100, medal against a $10 toboggan (youjsee I am still tobogganized) that he cannot under the conditions named in my previous letter, skate 24 miles as fast as Paulsen's 25-mile record, 1 h. 33 m. 28.2-5s; and, in addition, I will pay his hotel and travelling expenses if he succeeds."

A fancy dress masquerade was held at the Crystal Rink last evening and proved very successful. The attendance of spectators was large. The ice was in excellent condition and was completely thronged with skaters, attired in every imaginable costume, many of them being of very elegant design. During the evening the band of the Sixth Fusiliers discoursed some enlivening music.

Mr. Louis Rubenstein leaves for St. John, N.B., to-night in order to enter for the fancy skating competition arranged by the Victoria Rink of that city. Mr. Edwin Paulsen, the great Norwegian skater, is expected to compete.

NOON TELEGRAMS.

CABLE.

THE DYNAMITERS.

LONDON, March 5.—Descriptions of the suspected dynamiters have been sent to all parts of Europe.

COLONEL CHAILLE'S OPINION.

PARIS, March 5.—In his lecture here Col. Chaille described Gen. Gordon, Nubar Pasha, Arabi Pasha, the Khedive and El Mahdi as humbugs. He also severely reflected upon Stanley.

AMERICAN.

A COURT OF APPEALS.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Senator Bayard introduced a bill yesterday for the establishment of a U. S. Court of Appeals.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

DESMOINES, March 5.—John Johnson, a Swede, shot and killed his wife and himself yesterday. Jealousy was the cause.

HORRIBLE DEATH.

WHEELING, March 5.—In Barbour county two children of Isaac Kennedy fell into a kettle of boiling soap and were burned to death.

KILLED IN A DUEL.

LOREDO, Texas, March 5.—Major Lopez Martablo has been killed near Brownsville, in a duel with the editor of the *Cronista*, of Matamoras.

CHALLENGE ACCEPTED.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 5.—Edwards, the champion Australian pedestrian, has accepted the challenge of Vaughn, the English champion, for a six days' match.

POISONED BY MORPHINE.

COBLESKILL, March 5.—On Monday Dr. Morris gave Edgar Roberts, a workman, of Oneonta, who was suffering from neuralgia, several hypodermic injections of morphine. Roberts died. Morris has been arrested on a charge of causing his death

AN EDITOR IN TROUBLE.

TOLEDO, March 5.—John Paul Jones, ex-auditor of Lucas County, has been indicted on a charge of having obtained money while in office by fraudulent returns to the amount of $30,000 or $30,000. Jones is editor and proprietor of the *Evening Bee*, and was formerly owner of the *Blade*.

INDIGNANT STUDENTS.

PRINCETOWN, N.J., March 5.—At an indignation meeting of students last night resolutions were adopted asking the trustees to investigate the charges against the faculty. The charges accuse the faculty of keeping spies, peeping into rooms, desks, etc.

THE LEGAL TENDER CASE.

NEW YORK, March 5.—The decision of the Supreme Court in the legal tender case causes great surprise. Some representatives and senators think it a great and far reaching calamity, opening the door to endless attempts to make an exclusively greenback currency.

SCHOONER WRECKED.

NEW YORK, March 5.—The schooner "Jacob Keinsel" was wrecked off Cape Henry on Wednesday last. The crew took to the rigging, where they remained until Friday, when they were rescued. A steamer passed close to the wreck, but paid no attention to the signals of distress. All were badly frozen and suffering for want of food.

RIFLE MATCHES.

NEW YORK, March 5.—The National Rifle Association is arranging for five matches the coming season to be known as the President's match, the Governors' match, the merchants' match, the bankers and brokers' match and the manufacturers' match.

THE TARIFF ON WOOL.

NEW YORK, March 5.—The *Herald's* Washington special says the Ways and Means Committee's plan of wool, to make a 20 per cent. reduction on wool and woolens on a basis of the wool tariff of 1867, was voted down, and several Republican propositions met a like fate.

IN THE HANDS OF A MOB.

ALBANY, N.Y., March 5.—The town of Alapaha was in the hands of a mob yesterday, and the Governor ordered troops to the scene. Thirty armed men attempted to release a prisoner from jail, and the sheriff having summoned the citizens to assist him, a conflict ensued between the two parties. Several persons were hurt.

THE "COLUMBUS" DISASTER.

Report of the Investigators.

BOSTON, March 4.—The report of the United States local inspectors on the "City of Columbus" investigation was completed to-day. It sets forth that the immediate and direct cause of the disaster was the neglect of the man or men on watch on the ship's course, that Capt. Wright was the only legal pilot on duty at the time of the disaster, and for two hours immediately preceding, and that for at least one hour before she struck he was not at the post of duty of the pilot attending to the actual duties, and as master. For illegally delegating the performance of the duties of pilot to those unauthorized and for inattention to his duties as master, his license as master and pilot is revoked. The inspectors find no cause for censuring the officers of the steamer "Glaucus," said to have passed the wreck without offering assistance.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Fifth Parliament—First Session.

TORONTO, March 3.—Mr. Fell's bill to amend the Consolidated Municipal Act of 1883 was read a first time.

The following bills were read a third time:—Respecting the debt of the county of Middlesex; to incorporate the Sarnia & Lambton Southern Railway Company, and to incorporate the Midland Junction Railway Company.

The House in Committee, with Mr. Baxter in the chair, the following private bills were reported:—To incorporate the Cascadilla Railway Company; to legalize, confirm and declare valid a certain by-law of the corporation of the city of Kingston, and to amend and consolidate the Acts respecting the Napanee River Improvement Company.

The following bills were read a second time:—To amend the charter of incorporation of the Ontario Methodist Camp Ground Co.; to incorporate the Toronto Tenement Building Association; to consolidate the debt of the Town of Palmerston; to revive and amend the Act incorporating the Port Stanley, Strathroy and Port Franks Railway Company; to authorize the corporation of the Town of Strathroy to purchase certain lands therein for a public cemetery; to enable the Roman Catholic Episcopal Corporation of the Diocese of Toronto to sell certain lands; respecting the Yorkville Loop Line Railway Co., and to incorporate the Silver Creek Tramway Company.

Mr. Gibson (Huron) moved for a return showing the amount paid, or to be paid, to each railway in Ontario by the different municipalities therein, by way of bonus.—Carried.

Mr. Gibson (Hamilton) moved that the bills empowering Parkdale and Brockton to make special assessments be referred back to the Private Bills Committee in order that certain schedules ordered to be prepared might be incorporated.—Carried.

Benning & Barsalou's Sales.

ASSORTED RUBBER SHOES BY AUCTION.

The subscribers have received instructions to sell without reserve, at their stores, Nos. 86 and 88 St. Peter St., on

TUESDAY, 11th March,

1,600 cases IMITATION SANDALS, RUBBER SHOES—Men's, Ladies', Misses' and Children's.

In lots to suit purchasers.

Terms liberal. Sale at TWO o'clock.

BENNING & BARSALOU, Auctioneers.

54 6

Thomas J. Potter's Sales.

143 WATER ST., CORNER GRANT St. This property, fronting on the river, will be sold at my room,

MONDAY MORNING, 10TH MARCH,

to close an estate. It is near the Canadian Pacific RR. Depot, the splendid new wharves, shipping, &c. Good chance for a safe speculation.

Sale at TEN o'clock.

THOS. J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

52

522 CRAIG STREET—NEXT TO CORner St. Lawrence Street. Central property by auction at my rooms, on

Monday Morning, 10th March.

Roomy shop, with dwelling above, well adapted for a light manufacturing business or wholesale or retail store, restaurant, or other business requiring central and convenient position; near St. James St., Post Office, Place d'Armes, Court House, City Hall, &c., &c.

Sale at 10 o'clock.

THOMAS J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

52

LEAF TOBACCO BY AUCTION.

On Monday, 10th March,

Will be sold at the Excise Bond "O," Mr. Trotter's warehouse, 30 St. Nicholas Street, without reserve, for account whom it may concern, 10 cases and one bale

LEAF TOBACCO.

Ten cases Nos. 529, 800, 938, 940, 953, 1,033, 1,057, 1,192, 1,226, 2,035; one bale No. 303.

Terms cash. Sale at Eleven o'clock.

THOS. J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

46

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTIES

HIGHLY IMPORTANT SALE BY ORDER OF WM. CLENDINNENG, ESQ.,

On WEDNESDAY, MARCH 12th,

HANDSOME CORNER BLOCK, VICTORIA SQUARE AND CRAIG STREET, occupied by Messrs. A. Greenshields, Son & Co.—One of the finest and most extensive wholesale premises in the Dominion. The magnificent position of this property cannot be surpassed. Nos. 17 to 21 Victoria Square, 730, 732, 734, 7.6 and 738 Craig street.

ST. JAMES STREET WEST, near McGill street and Victoria Square, that splendid corner property with double frontage, extending from street to street, being Nos. 31, 33, 35, 37, 39 St. James St., known as the "WITNESS" BUILDING, occupied by John Dougall & Son, F. R. Cole & Co. and Edwards' Safe Works, Goldie & McCulloch—and on Craig street, Nos. 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, occupied by Turner Brothers, Dominion Mattress Co., Y. Page & Son, Andrew Young, &c.

ST. JAMES STREET WEST, North-East corner St. David's Lane, one of the finest and most central corners on the street, size, about 60x70.

The "FINDLAY" FOUNDRY property, fronting on Albert and Vinet Streets and Grand Trunk track, and convenient to canal. Most eligible position for any manufacturing business—Williams' Sewing Machine Works and all the large new factories in close proximity to the property.

Capitalists, manufacturers, the wholesale trade, trustees of estates, public companies and corporations are requested to examine these valuable properties thoroughly. They include some of the most valuable real estate ever offered at public auction in Montreal, and every foot of it is so situated that it must steadily and surely increase in value. Fuller particulars, terms of sale, &c., will be issued immediately.

Plans at the room at ELEVEN o'clock.

THOS. J. POTTER, Auctioneer.

51

GRAVES' PRINTED INDEX,

for indexing from 1,000 to 50,000 names, are adapted to various commercial purposes, or wherever convenient alphabetical arrangement is desired. Useful to book-keepers, registrars, insurance companies, &c., &c., &c.

MORTON, PHILLIPS & BULMER,

Stationers, Blank Book Makers and Printers,

375 NOTRE DAME ST., MONTREAL.

eod*46

TO PHYSICIANS.

JUST ARRIVED:

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER.

EXTRACTUM PANCREATIS.

OLEATE BISMUTH.

W. A. DYER & CO.

14 & 16 PHILLIPS SQUARE, MONTREAL.

4d*eod

SEVEN PRIZE MEDALS AWARDED

GOODALL'S EGG POWDER!

THE ONLY REAL SUBSTITUTE FOR EGGS YET DISCOVERED; its action on Cakes, Puddings, etc., etc., resembles that of the Egg in every particular, enriching them in color and flavor, also rendering them most wholesome and nutritious.

Made only by

GOODALL, BACKHOUSE & CO., LEEDS, ENGLAND.

And supplied to the Trade in Canada by their Agents.

JOHNSON, RUSSEL & CO.,

77 St. James St.,

307 MONTREAL.

"NOTHING SUCCEEDS LIKE SUCCESS."

IT IS A TIME-HONORED OLD SAYING, WHICH HAS NEVER BEEN DISPUTED, NEITHER CAN IT BE DISPUTED, THAT OUR

ALES AND PORTERS

ARE A SUCCESS, WHICH HAS ENABLED US TO GIVE OUR CUSTOMERS COMPLETE SATISFACTION AND TO CONDUCT OUR BUSINESS TO ITS PRESENT SUCCESSFUL ISSUE.

FOR PRICE-LIST AND PARTICULARS, WRITE TO

THE MONTREAL BREWING CO., 10 TO 20 JACQUES CARTIER ST.

55 2*aw

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company.

LAND REGULATIONS.

The Company offer lands within the Railway Belt along the main line, and in Southern Manitoba, at prices ranging from

$2.50 PER ACRE

upwards, with conditions requiring cultivation,

A rebate for cultivation of from $1.25 to $3.50 per acre, according to price paid for the land, allowed on certain conditions. The Company also offer Lands

Without Conditions of Settlement or Cultivation.

THE RESERVED SECTIONS

along the Main Line, i.e., the odd numbered Sections within one mile of the Railway, are now offered for sale on advantageous terms, to parties prepared to undertake their immediate cultivation.

TERMS OF PAYMENT:

Purchasers may pay one-sixth in cash, and the balance in five annual instalments, with interest at SIX PER CENT. per annum, payable in advance.

Parties purchasing without conditions of cultivation, will receive a Deed of Conveyance at time of purchase, if payment is made in full.

Payments may be made in LAND GRANT BONDS, which will be accepted at ten per cent premium on their par value and accrued interest. These Bonds can be obtained on application at the Bank of Montreal, Montreal; or at any of its agencies.

FOR PRICES and CONDITIONS OF SALE and all information with respect to the purchase of Lands, apply to JOHN H. McTAVISH, Land Commissioner, Winnipeg.

By order of the Board. CHARLES DRINKWATER, Secretary.

Montreal, December, 1883. 303 2aw

LAROZE'S DEPURATIVE SYRUP

of Bitter Orange-peel and of

IODIDE OF POTASSIUM

All through the world the depurative properties of **Iodide of Potassium** are well known. The best results have been obtained by the most eminent physicians of the Faculty of Medicine of Paris, MM. Ricord, Trousseau, Nélaton, Piorry in the treatment *of scrofulous, tuberculous, cancerous and lymphatic affections, caries of bones, white swelling, skin diseases, sour blood, secondary and tertiary manifestations*, etc. etc. **Laroze's Syrup** of bitter orange-peel acts as a tonic upon the digestive organs, makes easy the absorption of **Iodide of Potassium**, prevents all irritant action and allows the treatment to be prolonged without any accident to be feared.

Factory and Wholesale: J.-P. LAROZE & Co, 2, rue des Lions-St-Paul, PARIS.

Sold by all the Chemists and Druggists of CANADA

TOGETHER WITH

LAROZE'S SYRUP of Bitter Orange-peel,

CHALYBEATE SYRUP of Orange-peel, Quassia-Amara and Proto-Iodide of Iron.

SEDATIVE SYRUP of Bitter Orange-peel and of Bromide of Potassium.

W. E. Shaw's Sales.

SPRING AUCTION CARD.

I will give my personal attention to Sales of Household Furniture at the private residences, Farm Stock and General Merchandise during the approaching season.

REAL ESTATE.

City and Suburban Properties economically and properly advertised.

Sales at my well known salesrooms every Friday as usual.

FIRE LOSSES ADJUSTED,

Notarial and Judicial Valuations and Appraisals, Advances on Consignments.

I will be glad to consult with those who desire my services, and beg to thank my friends and the public for liberal patronage in the past. The old stand, 235 St. James Street.

W. E. SHAW,

27 Real Estate and General Auctioneer.

No. 26 ANDERSON STREET.

This most desirable and economical family residence will be sold by auction at my rooms, St. James Street,

Thursday next, March 6th, at 11.30 a.m.

The house and outbuildings are solid brick, stone foundation, and in thorough repair, nice yard, and lane in rear.

Most convenient and central locality for a business man, and sold solely on account of proprietor having purchased a dwelling close to his business in the West End. Perfect drainage. Easy terms or all cash will be taken. Sale positive. Possession first of May

49 W. E. SHAW, Auctioneer.

BELMONT STREET, Nos. 25 and 27.

Sale by auction of two Cut-stone Family Residences, at my Rooms, St. James street, on

Thursday, the 6th March, at 11 o'clock.

These houses are substantial and well built, about 18 apartments each, nice yards and outbuildings, gateway on each side of the lot, which is 52 feet in width in front by nearly 90 feet deep.

Situated on this fine high and favorite street, having all the advantages of pure air and good drainage.

The situation is undoubtedly the most convenient in the city for a business or professional man, being only a few minutes' walk from the leading thoroughfares, Churches, Colleges, and places of amusement. The steady increase in value is sufficiently known, and places this property as a first-class investment. Perfect title. Easy terms.

W. E. SHAW, Auctioneer.

Houses in the neighborhood are always in demand, and will rent any day of the year. Proprietors have had no difficulty in obtaining increased rentals, and most people think rents will go higher.—W. E. S. 51

THE NEXT LARGE SALE OF HOUSEhold Furniture, Carpets and Effects, from private houses, will take place at my rooms, St. James Street, on FRIDAY MORNING NEXT, the 7th instant, at TEN o'clock.

All goods sent in for these sales bring the highest price, and prompt cash returns.

W. E. SHAW, Auctioneer.

52

INSPECTOR STREET, No. 78, OFFICIAL No. 824. Nice small Property, situated between St. Joseph and St. James Street West; Lot about 21x88, with frame Cottage and occupied for a number of years by proprietor, and is now sold to close an estate.

Sale at my Rooms, St. James Street, on

Monday Morning, 10th of March, At 11 o'clock.

First-class paying investment for a small capitalist, as the property is central and well situated.

52 W. E. SHAW, Auctioneer.

HARDWARE—The undersigned have this day formed a partnership under the firm and style of

Caverhill, Learmont & Co.,

As WHOLESALE SHELF HARDWARE MERCHANTS, and have purchased the entire stock and trade of the Shelf Hardware business of Messrs. CRATHERN & CAVERHILL, of this city.

FRANK CAVERHILL,
JOSEPH B. LEARMONT,
GEORGE E. CAVERHILL,
THOS. HENRY NEWMAN.

Montreal, March 1st, 1884.

We have this day sold and transferred to MESSRS. CAVERHILL, LEARMONT & CO. the whole of the Shelf Hardware stock and trade of our business.

We will continue the Metal and Heavy Hardware Department in its several branches, as heretofore, in the same premises,

NO. 89 ST. PETER STREET.

The reputation we have been so long enjoyed for carrying large and well assorted STOCK OF HEAVY AND SHELF HARDWARE will be fully maintained in the future, and the effort of both firms under the new arrangement will be to give increased energy and attention to both branches of the business, in all their departments.

We ask for our SUCCESSORS in the SHELF HARDWARE DEPARTMENT a continuance of the liberal patronage and support which have been extended to us for the past thirty years.

CRATHERN & CAVERHILL,
Heavy Hardware & Metal Merchants,
No. 89 St. Peter Street,
Montreal, March 1st, 1884. MONTREAL.

Referring to the above, we will continue, on and after this date, the WHOLESALE SHELF HARDWARE BUSINESS of MESSRS. CRATHERN & CAVERHILL in the same premises, No. 89 St. Peter Street. We trust, by strict attention to business in all its departments, to merit a continuance of the same confidence which MESSRS. CRATHERN & CAVERHILL have enjoyed for so many years.

CAVERHILL, LEARMONT & CO.,
Wholesale Shelf Hardware Merchants,
CAVERHILL'S BUILDINGS,
89 St. Peter Street, Montreal
Montreal, March 1st, 1884. 53 3eod

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned have formed a co-partnership, for the manufacture of BELFAST GINGER ALE, GINGER BEER, SODA WATER, CIDER and other AERATED beverages, under the name and style of McGIBBON, McCALMAN & CO.

ALEX. McGIBBON, Jr.
COLIN McCALMAN.

Referring to the above we beg to say that all goods manufactured by us, will be sold under the registered brand "ROYAL WINDSOR."

Having been appointed Agents for "WM. RODDEN'S FAMOUS PLANTAGENET WATER," we are now prepared to supply the same.

McGIBBON, McCALMAN & CO.,
53 3 766 Craig Street.

A FRESH SUPPLY

—OF—

LUXOR OIL.

—THE—

BEST AMERICAN

COAL OIL.

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO.,

79, S. James Street, 79 4leod tf

CALL AND EXAMINE

Watkin's

PATENT

Odorless Gas Heating Stove,

241 ST. JAMES ST. CENTRE. 43

GEO. ARMSTRONG & CO.,

UNDERTAKERS,

VICTORIA SQUARE, MONTREAL.

257eod

NOTICE OF REMOVAL!

COX & GREEN, General and Commission Merchants, have removed their offices to Nos. 9 & 10 CHESTERFIELD CHAMBERS, corner of Hospital and St. Alexis Streets. 54 2

WHITING FOR SALE.

500 Bbls. best Brands; in lots to suit purchasers.

SAMUEL WOODS & CO.,

462 6eod 18 St. Sacrament Street.

Thomson & Gowdey's Sales.

AUCTION SALES OF REAL ESTATE

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

Trade Sales of every description, Farm Stock Sales, and General Sales at our Rooms, will receive our personal attention.

Liberal Advances on Consignments.

Fire Losses adjusted, and Valuations of all kinds will have our prompt attention.

THOMSON & GOWDEY,

Commission Merchants, Real Estate and General Auctioneers,

37 241 ST. JAMES STREET.

SPLENDID BUILDING SITE, SITUATED at the corner of St. Charles Borromee and Evans Sts., between Ontario and Sherbrooke Sts., measuring about 85 feet on St. Charles Borromee and over 100 feet on Evans St

BIRTHS.

EDGAR—At 652 Palace street, on 5th March. Mrs. John Edgar, of a daughter.

NESS—In this city, at 91 Bourgeois street, Point St. Charles, Feb. 28, Mrs. Joseph Ness, of twin sons.

CHALIFOUR—At St. Hyacinthe, the 1st inst., the wife of H. T. Chalifour, Esq., of a daughter.

LABRECQUE—In this city, Feb. 29, the wife of Anselme Labrecque, Esq., N.P., of a son.

DUNCAN—At 487 St. Denis street, on March 1, the wife of Alex. E. Duncan, of a daughter. 52 4

MARRIAGES.

FRANKLIN-DUPUIS—By Rev. Father E. Smeulders, at the Church of the Holy Redeemer, Detroit, Michigan, (by special dispensation) J. I. Franklin, Supt. Toronto Street Railway Co., to Malvina Dupuis, of Vancouver, Washington Territory, March 3, 1884.

MILLER-NICHOLS—In Clarenceville, March 3, by the Rev. John Grenfell, David E., son of Matthew J. Miller, to Miss Helen M. Nichols, daughter of the late Clark Nichols, both of Henryville, Que.

COCHENTHALER-WORKMAN—On the 4th inst., in this city, by the Rev. Isaac Stemple, Lanesville, O., Moses Cochenthaler to Hattie, daughter of Isaac Workman, of this city.

WOODS-ROSS—At the residence of the bride's father, Feb. 27, by the Rev. J. J. Haylock, Mr. Arthur Woods, of Rat Portage, Province of Keewatin, to Miss Hattie E. Ross, daughter of Mr. William Ross, of Ross Township, Ontario.

DEATHS.

CARROLL—In this city, March 5, Mary Ann, second daughter of Philip Carroll, aged 23 years. Funeral from her father's residence, No. 6 Anderson street, on Friday, at 2 o'clock, p.m. Friends and acquaintances please accept this invitation. (Boston papers please copy.) 55 2

GAFFNEY—In this city, March 3, James Albert, son of Simon Gaffney.

OPZOOMER—At 114 St. Mary street, Hochelaga, March 2, of membraneous croup, Henry S., second son of C. Opzoomer.

DEWAR—At Gleasandfield, Feb. 25, Jane, daughter of Evander Dewar, aged 21 years, 3 months, and 28 days.

"Fell asleep in Jesus."

BOYLE—In this city, March 4, Ellen Boyle, 26 years and 6 months, beloved niece of Charles Gorman. Funeral from her uncle's residence, 173 Wellington street, on Thursday morning, March 6, at 8.30 o'clock, a.m., to the R. C. Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend. 54 2

BARNABE—In this city, March 3, J. E. Barnabé, leather merchant, aged 43 years and 3 months. Funeral from his late residence, 247 Jacques Cartier street, on Thursday, March 6, at 7.15 a.m., to St. James' Church, St. Denis street, thence to Cote des Neiges Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances will kindly accept this notice. 54 2

YOUNG—At Shigawake, of congestion of the brain, Andrew Shiels, second son of Andrew Young, aged 35 years and 3 months. (Manitoba and Gore Bay papers please copy.)

TRIHEY—At Coaticook, Que., March 2, Thomas B. Trihey, aged 47 years, late landlord of the Queen's Hotel.

HOOPER—At Guelph, Ont., March 3, William Hooper, 69 yrs.

CHAPPLE—At Hamilton, Ont., March 3, Thomas G. Chapple, 56 yrs.

FLUKER—At Toronto, Ont., March 2, John Fluker, 58 yrs.

BROWN—At Angus, Ont., March 2, James Ross Brown, 48 yrs.

HIGGINS—At Quebec, March 3, William Higgins.

McLAUGHLAN—At Hedleyville, Que., March 1, Alice Edmonds, widow of late Joseph McLaughlan, 56 yrs.

SMITH—At St. Flavie, Que., John Smith, 52 yrs.

The Weather.

1 p.m.—Thermometer at Hearn & Harrison's during last 24 hours.

6 p.m.	8 a.m.	1 p.m.	Max.	Min.	Mean.
9°	8°	21°	21°	1°	11°

Barometer—6 p.m., 30.20; 8 a.m., 30.30; 1 p.m., 30 24

1 a.m.—Probabilities next 24 hours:—South and west winds; fair to cloudy weather, with light snow in some localities; higher temperatures.

Appointments this Evening.

Academy of Music—"Pop."

Mechanics' Hall—Dime Museum.

Royal Theatre—Variety entertainment.

St. James Street Church—Salvation meeting.

"It's a Way we have in—Society."

I dance three successive dances
With one fair girl;
She gives me most bewitching glances
As round we whirl.

We dance, we sup, we talk together;
I did not know
So interesting was the weather,
So fair the snow.

By chance next morning with her meeting,
I bow my head,
I might have spared my greeting,
She cuts me dead!

My senses quickly come together—
And now I know
How wretched is this beastly weather,
How vile the snow!

PERSONAL—THE PARTY WHO TOOK a yellow pup from 621 St. Catherine st. had better return it, and save legal proceedings, as they are known. 55 4

Prince of Wales Skating Rink.

GRAND MASQUERADE

On Thursday Evening, 6th instant.

ADMISSION, { Ladies, 10 cts. / Gents, 15 cts.

J. STENHOUSE,
Proprietor.

55 2

LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INS. CO.

The undersigned having accepted the position of joint Manager of the Canadian Branch of the "GLASGOW & LONDON INSURANCE CO. OF GREAT BRITAIN" has resigned the Montreal Agency of the London & Lancashire Fire Ins. Co.

55 3 EDWARD L. BOND.

MONTREAL GENERAL HOSPITAL.

Applications for the office of Medical Superintendent will be received by the Committee of Management up to the 30th March. Information as to the duties of the office, &c., may be obtained from the President or the Secretary of Committee.

March 5, 1884. 5522

CARPETS CHEAPER THAN AUCTION,
— AT —
5512 LIGGET & HAMILTON'S.

THE N. Y. PIANO CO. OFFER FINE facilities for removing and storing Pianos in their fine stone building, 226-228 St. James Street. Apply to

54 2 H. J. SHAW, Manager.

WOOL CARPETS VERY CHEAP.

TAPESTRY CARPETS VERY CHEAP.
UNION CARPETS VERY CHEAP.
HEMP CARPETS VERY CHEAP.
VELVET CARPETS VERY CHEAP.

— AND —

ALL KINDS OF CARPETS AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS, CHEAP.

5512 At LIGGET & HAMILTON'S.

FARM FOR SALE.

ONE OF THE BEST STOCK FARMS IN LOWER CANADA.

COMPRISING 200 ACRES,

ABOUT 240 ACRES UNDER CULTIVATION AND PASTURE. THE BALANCE WELL WOODED.

Buildings, including fine stone house, are first-class.

A RIVER RUNS THROUGH THE PROPERTY WITHIN HALF AN ACRE OF OUTBUILDINGS.

This property is situated within 3¼ miles of Huntingdon railroad station and ¼ of a mile of the Village of Athelstan, with mills, factories, church, stores, etc. The property is in the centre of one of the finest agricultural districts in Lower Canada, and can be divided into two farms of 100 and 200 acres each.

Will be sold on liberal terms. Apply for particulars to

R. W. GRAHAM,
"STAR" OFFICE, MONTREAL, P.Q.
31 tf

CENTS FOR SALE

— AT —

STAR OFFICE

AS USUAL!

As usual, Montreal Retail Dry Goods Firms are shewing last year's styles of Prints and Printed Cambrics and Sateens.

AS USUAL!

As usual, the only store in the city to find a first-class stock, really new styles of Prints, Printed Cambrics and Sateens, is

S. CARSLEY'S.

OUR QUILTS.

White and Colored Honeycomb,
White Toilet Quilts,
White Marcella,
White Grecian,
Colored Quilts,

AT S. CARSLEY'S.

A RECOGNIZED FACT!

That our stock of TABLE COVERS, PIANO COVERS and TABLINGS at S. Carsley's far surpass in design, quality and value anything before shown in Montreal.

AT S. CARSLEY'S.

DO NOT FAIL TO SEE OUR STOCK OF

CURTAINS

AT S. CARSLEY'S.

Our present stock of these goods is composed of the latest Novelties.

AT S. CARSLEY'S,

The value we are giving must command the trade.

AT S. CARSLEY'S.

Lace Curtains,
Guipure d'Art Curtains,
Tapestry Curtains,
Tambour Curtains.

The largest stock in Canada to select from.

AT S. CARSLEY'S.

AT S. CARSLEY'S ONLY.

Full weight Knitting Cotton, 4c per ball.
Alexander Knitting Cotton, 13c per pkge.
Machine Silk, 12 spools per box, 30c per box.
Embroidery Silk, all shades, 1c per skein.
Children's Fancy Cambric Collars, 5c each.

AT S. CARSLEY'S ONLY.

Real Guipure Squares, 5c each.
White Pocket Handkerchiefs, 2c each.
Colored Pocket Handkerchiefs, 3c each.
Children's Wool Combination Suits, 60c suit.
Boys' Strong Overstockings, 35c pair.

AT S. CARSLEY'S ONLY.

36 yds Good Black Skirt Braid, 34c.
Packages of Hooks for Dresses, 1c pkge.
Cheap Knitting Silks.
Filoselle, first quality, 5c bunch.
Fur Trimmings very cheap.

AT S. CARSLEY'S ONLY.

Corsets reduced from $1.55 to 55c pair.
Ladies' Kid Gloves reduced from 55c to 25c.
Hamburg Embroideries.
Lined Kid Gloves cheap.
Lined Kid Mitts cheap.

S. CARSLEY,

387 | 389 | 391 | 393 | 395 | 397 | 399

NOTRE DAME STREET.

551

DICK'S UNIVERSAL MEDICINES

—FOR—

HORSES & CATTLE

HORSES and CATTLE whatever may be their age and condition, are vastly improved in every way by the use of

DICK'S Blood Purifier.

It tones up the system imparts new life and vigor, and has a marvellous effect upon the best or poorest of animals. It is an unfailing eradicator of Bots and Worms. No one would believe how the work of fattening for the market is facilitated by the use of

Dick's Blood Purifier.

THE PROPRIETORS,
DICK & CO.,
OF
London, Edinburgh and Montreal.
Prepare also a splendid

LISTER, for Spavins, Ringbones, Curbs Swellings, &c.
OINTMENT, for Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Scratches, &c.,
AND
LINIMENT, for Swellings, Scalds, &c., but above all for Rheumatism.

PRICE LIST.

DICK'S BLOOD PURIFIER,	50c
DICK'S BLISTER,	50c
DICK'S OINTMENT,	25c
DICK'S LINIMENT,	25c

Try DICK'S HORSE and CATTLE MEDICINES and be convinced of their merit. For Sale by Druggists and Dealers. Ask for them and take no other.

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P.O. Box 462,
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AMERICAN POSTAGE STAMPS

FOR SALE,

—AT—

STAR OFFICE.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.'S

ADVERTISEMENT.

In spite of the cold weather we can report a good trade in Spring Goods, especially in our

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Counters crowded with buyers, and sales easily made.

Proof that our advertisements are read is that ladies ask to be shown what we publish, and satisfy themselves the different lines can be produced, and are not merely inserted to swell the column.

NOTICE.

We are not afraid to quote our prices, and are prepared to sell what we offer.

AT S. CARSLEY'S.

We invite inspection of our real Cream

GUIPURE D'ART CURTAINS.

Prices—$4.95, $6, $6.75, $7.65, $9, $10.50, $11.25, $17.75, $19.50, $20.25. The lower prices are all sold, but shall receive a fresh supply in due course.

We invite inspection of our Swiss

TAMBOURED NET CURTAINS.

Prices—$5.85, $7, $10.50, $10.85, $12, $13, $13.50, $14.50, $15.75, $16.75, $18, $25, $27.50, $33. All new designs brought direct from the makers, and marked cheap.

We invite inspection of our Nottingham and Scotch

LACE AND GUIPURE CURTAINS.

Prices—50c to $12.75 a pair, and almost any price between. Can supply two pairs, or more, of any design.

A few in single pairs only, of each pattern, marked at remnant price.

Muslin for

BEDROOM CURTAINS,

In pieces of 6 yds., to be sold at 90c and $1 00 the piece.

Our New

TOILET QUILTS,

In cradle, crib, and bed sizes, are SECOND TO NONE, and much BETTER VALUE than generally offered; see them and judge for yourselves.

PRICES—90c, $1 10, $1 30, $1 95, $2 20, $2 40, $2 80, $3 35, $3 95, $4 55, $4 70, $6 20, $5 65, $6 80.

Our

WHITE COTTONS

At 10c, 12c and 14c, are voted the best value ever offered, as they contain no dress or filling of any kind, but are PURE COTTON, perfectly bleached, and evenly made. Manufactured by the Merchants' Cotton Company, Montreal. Guaranteed as represented.

NO ADVANCE

In the STAR BRAND KNITTING COTTON. Any Numbers or Colors not in Stock will be replaced in a few days.
Wholesale orders filled at special prices.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

468, 465 NOTRE DAME STREET,

105, 107, 109, 111 ST. PETER ST.

Terms cash and only one price.

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CHURCHES, PUBLIC HALLS AND Institutions, Railway and Steamboat Companies supplied with all kinds of Carpets at trade prices.

5512 LIGGET & HAMILTON.

W. & F. P. CURRIE & CO.,

100 GREY NUN STREET.

IMPORTERS OF

SCOTCH GLAZED DRAIN PIPES,
Chimney Tops,
Vent Linings,
Fine Covers,
Fire Bricks,
Fire Clay,
Portland Cement,
Roman Cement,
Canada Cement,
Water Lime,
Whiting,
Plaster of Paris,
Borax,
China Clay,
&c., &c.

Manufacturers of
BESSEMER STEEL
SOFA, CHAIR AND BED SPRINGS.
A large stock always on hand. 4z

AS SOON AS YOUR LEASE IS PASSED order your Carpets at

5512 LIGGET & HAMILTON'S.

WIGHT'S
CORN and WART CURE,
Certain and Sure.
50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.
C. L. WIGHT,
DRUGGIST.
525 St. Joseph st., (Cor. Richmond). 307z

CASTOR-FLUID! (REGISTERED)—A delightfully refreshing preparation for the hair. Should be used daily. Keeps the scalp healthy, prevents dandruff, promotes the growth. A perfect hair dressing for the family, 25 cents per bottle.
HENRY R. GRAY, Chemist, Sole Manufacturer,
7z 144 St. Lawrence Main st.

USE COVERTON'S FRAGRANT CARBOLIC TOOTH WASH, for cleansing and preserving the teeth.
Price, 25c. 300x

SILVER 5c, 10c AND 25c PIECES

FOR SALE AT STAR OFFICE

ST. JACOBS OIL

THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY
FOR PAIN.
CURES
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica,
Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache.
Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites,
AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle.
Directions in 11 Languages.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U.S.A.

BOOKING ORDERS EVERY DAY FOR SPRING DELIVERY.

5512 LIGGET & HAMILTON.

SECONDHAND PIANOS, GOOD AS NEW for sale at the N. Y. PIANO CO'S STORES, 226 St. James Street. 54 2

FOR CHAPPED HANDS use Coverton's Chickweed Cream. For Chapped or Sore Nipples use Coverton's Nipple Oil. Price, 25c each. 300x

DR. DAVIS' PENNYROYAL AND STEEL Pills, for females, quickly correct all irregularities. Sold by all Chemists or the agent, W. NELL, 1369 St. Catherine Street. 55c per box. 4z

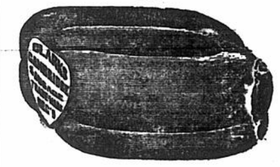
OUR CARPET ROOMS ARE ALL BEING overhauled, and extra accommodation provided for this Spring's Trade, which we hope to make the largest yet, and we fully believe the value we are giving will do it.

LIGGET & HAMILTON,
Old St. George's Church,
5512 47 and 49 Notre Dame West.

A Few Dozens of the $1.10 COLLARS Left, to be Sold this Week.

ESTATE A. W. CRAIG & CO.
55†2eod

CLARK'S CAMBRIDGE SAUSAGES.



Special attention is directed to this already very popular article of diet.
These goods are made from the choicest of meat, and made up into a convenient, portable package, and each pound bearing my name.
An important addition to the confidence already placed in this particular article.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. 55ztf

STEAMBOAT COMPANIES — PREPARE for early Spring; order your Carpets at once and give time for making and fitting before the rush.

5512 LIGGET & HAMILTON.

HURRAH!

FOR THE

SILK SALE | SILK SALE

NOW GOING ON AT

BOISSEAU BROTHERS,

The Great Main Street Silk House,

235 & 237 ST. LAWRENCE STREET,

Hundreds of Remnants of Satins.
Hundreds of Remnants of Black Satins.
Hundreds of Remnants of Colored Silks.
Hundreds of Remnants of Black Silks.

All of which will be sold at half price. In fact they must go out at any price. Just the right lengths for Dress Trimmings, and nearly all Spring colors.

The Montreal made Dress Silks at 75c had quite a run yesterday, in fact beat the best time on record, all good "Colors" and "Black." Be sure don't forget to ask at other stores, before coming to THE TEMPLE OF FASHION, their prices for Montreal Silks, and you will find ours are cheaper by 40c to 45c per yard.

Only think 15 yards to costume for $11.25, and all pure silk warranted.

The real old fashoned Black Satin Turks! Trade price list; No. 1 at $1.39; No. 2 at $1.47; No. 3 at $1.65; No. 4 at $1.85.

The celebrated Corriveau's Satin Sublime, all the new colors; our trade price, $1.39.

And during the past week or two quite a commotion and talk through the STAR advertisements with regard to Knitting Cottons and the prices sold at by down town merchants. Our price for all colors—2oz. balls—during this Spring's trade, only 5c per ball.

BOISSEAU BROTHERS.

55 †

CITY ITEMS

—A horse attached to a sleigh ran away on St. Antoine street yesterday and was not captured till the sleigh was badly wrecked.

—The jury in the case of Benjamin Lourdie, who was run over at St. Gabriel village on Monday, returned a verdict of "accidental death."

—At the regular monthly meeting of the Young Irishmen's Literary and Benefit Association, held last evening, it was decided to hold a concert on St. Patrick's Day.

—The motion made at the meeting of the Irish National League on Sunday afternoon was made by Mr. Edward Bradley and not by Mr. Edward Brady as previously stated.

—The Rev. Geo. H. Wells delivered a very interesting lecture, last night, in the Inspector street Presbyterian church, on the Yellowstone Park. The lecture was illustrated by stereopticon views.

—The work of removing the old boilers from the steamer "Quebec" has just been completed and everything is now in readiness to allow the workmen to set to work placing in the boilers from the steamer "Ottawa."

—The Rev. J. S. Stowe lectured, last evening, before a large audience in the basement of St. Martin's church. The subject was "The trials of a parson," and the lecturer treated it with much humor, to the great delight of his hearers.

—A young girl named Marie Duquette took suddenly ill in the waiting room of the Bonaventure depot last night. A physician being called stated she was suffering from a fit of hysteria and ordered her to be sent to the hospital, which was done.

—During the week ending Saturday, March 1st, there were 90 interments in the Cote des Neiges Cemetery, but only 66 of this number represented the mortality in the city. Two fatal case of diphtheria and one of scarlatina were reported.

—The salvation meetings now held in the St. James street church are daily increasing in popularity and the attendance last evening was the largest so far. The Rev. W. Galbraith and Dr. Alexander addressed the meeting and were listened to with great interest.

—The Recorder yesterday afternoon gave judgment in the case taken against Mr. O. J. Devlin, N. P., by the corporation on behalf of the contractor for the city scavenging for work done for the plaintiff who was awarded the full amount sued for. Mr. Devlin announced his intention of appealing.

Third Edition.

PARLIAMENTARY JOTTINGS.

The Budget Debate—Speeches of Messrs. White and Paterson—Emigration Returns—The Case of Sir Charles Tupper.—Notes.

[From our own Reporter.]

OTTAWA, March 5.—As it was known that the budget debate speech would be renewed yesterday afternoon by Mr. Thomas White, the galleries were crowded with people to hear that gentleman annihilate the arguments of the ex-Finance Minister. He certainly disappointed his admirers, for his speech was somewhat tame and dry; it was certainly far inferior to the one he delivered on the C. P. R. contract in which he fairly pulverized Sir Richard Cartwright, and yet Mr. White had a much stronger case than he had then, for the positive policy of the Government is certainly much superior to the negative one of the Opposition. But few men have ever been able to make figures interesting; Sir Richard is listened to because he raises his voice to so high and shrill a key that one cannot do otherwise than listen, and because his financial criticisms are invariably accompanied with better and eloquent attacks upon the past and present actions of the Government and interspersed with wild statements, which are listened to because people always like to hear a piece of exaggeration, even if they do not believe it. For instance, in his speech last Friday night, he got off this somewhat remarkable sentence: "For myself I will not hesitate to say, looking at the case all round, I believe we would have done better if we had borrowed $300,000,000 or $400,000,000 and thrown the money into the sea, or blown it up in fireworks, than allow these hon. gentlemen to control the administration of the country." These statements make the speech interesting, if not over veracious. On the other hand the Conservatives cannot indulge in this kind of language when they occupy the ministerial benches; their speeches are then more or less official, and they have to use careful and precise language in order not to compromise the Government, and in consequence the oratory heard from the gentlemen to the right of the Speaker is not of a very florid nature. Mr. White's speech, like Sir Leonard Tilley's, was essentially calm and business-like; he confined himself exclusively to facts and proved his points one after another by exhaustive chains of reasoning. The Conservative party has this year the duty of defending, in place of lauding the National Policy against the serious charges preferred against it, and having essentially modified their former opinions on the tariff, they can enter a very strong defence. Sir Richard drew a picture in the painting of which gloomy colors were entirely used, not a bright streak appearing on the canvas. Mr. White did not attempt to draw a contrast in which bright colors were predominant, but he certainly did firmly establish the fact that Sir Richard's colors were considerably darker than the circumstances of the case warranted. That there was a depression was admitted, but that that depression was due to the protective tariff was authoritatively denied. He quoted from statements made by Dun, Wiman & Co.; from bank returns; from assertions made by leading business men of Montreal, when interviewed upon the subject last Fall; from editorial articles in the *Globe* itself to prove that the present financial condition of the country is on the whole favorable and satisfactory, though there is a temporary depression. Sir Richard Cartwright's statements concerning over-production, the number of bankrupts, the balance of trade, the soup-kitchen, together with remarks on other subjects were resolutely battered out of existence by the honorable member's skilful use of bluebooks, and other statistical information.

After recess, Mr. White woke up, and put a good deal of powder in his speech. He devoted a great deal of time to the North-West and drifted away from considering the financial statement into defending the Government's railway policy, which has been thoroughly debated for the past month, and contended that the monopoly clause had not made the freight rates high, the charges on the Canadian Pacific being considerably less than those of the northern Pacific. He defended himself from the charge of being unfriendly to the North-West, stating that for twenty years, by tongue and pen, he had been doing all in his power to aid that country. He spoke for about three hours altogether, and was followed by Mr. Paterson, of Brant, the best financial critic of the Liberal party with the exception of Sir Richard Cartwright. He spoke for two hours and a half, dealing with the subject in general terms, not going into any minute or uninteresting details. His speech may be briefly summarized as being an arrangement of the Conservative party and their policy for bringing on bad times, creating a general depression throughout the county, causing overproduction and forcing the people out of the country. He read statistics to show that the average salary received by cotton operatives was a little over four dollars per week, while the owners of the cotton factories made over a million in a year, and then asked the Finance Minister how long the operatives could remain out of employment, living on the money they had laid by out of their munificent salaries. Treating of the subject of the tariff, he stated that the Liberal policy had never been a free trade one. They believed in collecting a revenue by means of a moderate Customs tariff, but had refused to give extreme protection to the manufacturers by increasing the taxation of the people. He also touched upon the flour industry, and claimed that the Government were discriminating unfairly by injuring this industry in keeping the duty on wheat so high. During the speech, he devoted a good deal of attention to Mr. White and the Minister of Finance, narrating the chases of the former after a constituency that would elect him, and stating that the latter was ignorant of the elementary principles of political economy.

EMIGRATION RETURNS.

For years the Dominion and American Governments have been wrangling about the latter's immigration returns, by which it appeared that the Dominion of Canada was pouring its population into the United States at the rate of a quarter of a million or more a year. The Dominion Government has always contended that these returns were cooked and notoriously inaccurate, and in the controversies which arose upon the subject they proved their assertion pretty fully. The dispute has broken out afresh this season, and Mr. Charlton has moved for all copies of correspondence with the American Government relating to statistical emigration from Canada to the United States since 1873. Mr. Thomas White touched upon this subject in his reply to Sir Richard Cartwright. That gentleman, in the course of his remarks, had referred to the emigration from the country, as an outcome of the wretched mismanagement of the present administration, taking the American figures. Mr. White attacked him for doing so, and showed up the manner in which the American returns were manufactured. The subject of emigration was fully gone into by the same speaker. He said that the French Canadians, who had been driven forth from the country by Mr. Mackenzie's government were returning to Quebec, and in place of our young men pouring over into the United States, our North-West was becoming a field for the enterprising Americans.

SIR CHARLES TUPPER'S CASE.

The House divided almost immediately upon meeting yesterday for a somewhat peculiar reason. Sir John Macdonald introduced his bill amending the Independence of Parliament Act in such a manner that it is made legal for Sir Charles Tupper to hold his position of High Commissioner and still sit in the House and vote. After Sir John had introduced it, Mr. Blake rose and sarcastically moved that the title be amended to read "An act respecting the Independence of Parliament Act and to impair the efficiency of the same." The House, of course, divided the amendment being voted down by a majority of 46.

THE AGRICULTURAL COMMITTEE.

In the agricultural committee, this morning, Mr. Weed, the publisher of the London *Farmer's Advocate*, strongly objected to the establishment of a Dominion bureau of agriculture on the ground of the cost, which would be about three hundred thousand dollars. All the information required could be supplied by the reports of the United States Agricultural Bureau, the Agricultural College of Ontario, and the *Farm Journal* published throughout the country. Mr. Lynch proposed that the Bureau should give a grant of one hundred dollars to every Dairymen's Association which would hold yearly conventions at which a government professor would be in attendance to give instructions in the art of butter making to those willing to learn, while a shorthand reporter could take down the proceedings, which would afterwards be printed by the Department, and in this manner much valuable information might be diffused.

NOTES.

Major-General Luard leaves for England to-day *via* New York. It is said that Colonel G. D. Middleton, C.B., Assistant-Commandant of the Royal Sandhurst Military College, will shortly be gazetted to fill the position.

Two Government measures passed their third reading yesterday, the one an Act for conferring certain privileges on the more advanced bands of the Indians of Canada, with the view of training them for the exercise of municipal powers; the other an Act to authorize a further advance to the Province of Manitoba, in aid of the public schools therein.

Sir John moved yesterday that hereafter Thursday be a Government day; Mr. Blake complained that this would be unjust to the private members, but the Premier thought otherwise. He said that the Government had a few measures, which would probably cause much discussion, to bring down yet, and if the members wanted to get home by Easter, they would have to give up Thursday to the Government. The idea of getting away from legislative work, which is already getting irksome by Easter was so popular with the members that the motion passed unanimously amid the applause of the House.

Mr. Jos. Hickson is in town, probably to aid in pushing the Grand Trunk Railway Bill, which comes up in the Railway Committee on Thursday. The C. P. R. is taking its revenges for the act of the G. T. R. a short time ago, by opposing the bill with all its power. The same corporation, it is said, looks with strong disfavor upon the project of the Hudson Bay Railway, the construction of which would practically ruin their monopoly in the North-West. The G. T. R. bill will probably pass, however, and the Hudson Bay railway is likely to be built, so that it is evident that the C. P. R. does not quite own the country yet, if it has absorbed most of its cash.

THE LIBEL CASES.

The Proprietor of the Quebec "Chronicle" and Mr. Archambault Arrive at a Settlement.

The proceedings in the case for criminal libel against Mr. J. J. Foote, proprietor of the Quebec *Morning Chronicle*, were discontinued this morning, Mr. F. X. Archambault, Q.C., the complainant, having come to a settlement with the defendant. In the meantime the preliminary investigation in the case against Mr. George Wallace, correspondent of the Associated Press, was continued during the day.

Mr. Joseph Lessard, business manager of *Le Monde*, and Mr. Palmer, of the Post Office, were examined as to the circulation of the *Chronicle*, containing the article, in Montreal. The former testified that his paper exchanges with the *Chronicle* and as it is regularly received supposed a copy of the one in question reached the office. Mr. Palmer testified that the *Chronicle* passes through the Post Office regularly and that some forty copies are distributed in Montreal daily.

A Montrealer in Trouble.

The Chicago *Tribune* reports the arrest of M. C. Doudiet, late of this city. After leaving Montreal a few years ago Doudiet went to Boston, where he married a young lady belonging to one of the best families. He has been living in Chicago for about eighteen months, and was employed there first as bookkeeper with the Parisian Suit Company, and afterwards as travelling salesman for C. W. Gruswold & Co. Before severing his connection with the Parisian Suit Company he procured duplicates of the keys of the store, and with these he would now and then pay an early visit to the premises of his former employers and secure bolts of silk. This silk he would afterwards pawn, and his detection was accomplished while he was thus attempting to dispose of one bolt. Goods to the amount of $400 were recovered from the pawn shops, and $200 worth additional was found in Doudiet's room. The prisoner confessed to having taken the goods, but declined to say what induced him to do so. The cause of these robberies cannot yet be ascertained, as Doudiet was not of dissipated habits.

Shipping Notes.

SS. "Catalonia," from Liverpool, has arrived at New York.

The Dominion Line SS. "Oregon," from Liverpool, 21st inst., arrived at Portland at six o'clock this morning.

The Allan SS. "Scandinavian," from Glasgow, arrived at Portland at 9.30 a. m. on Wednesday.

The Milkman's Dilemma.

During Carnival week it is said many milkmen were driven to extremities to supply the extra demand, and curious were the scenes incidental to their extraordinary efforts to supply the deficiency.

PERSONAL.

The Rev. J. G. Norton, M.A., of Trinity College, Dublin, and rector-elect of Christ Church Cathedral, in this city, has been formally appointed to that important office by the Bishop of the Diocese. Mr. Norton expects to enter on his duties here about the 1st of May.

General Luard and family arrived at the St. Lawrence Hall to-day on their way to England.

Sporting Notes.

A Scottish Insurance company has abandoned all risks in connection with football and bicycling.

Count de Lagrange won heavily on both the English and the French turf, and died 4,000,000 francs in debt.

Keen, of England, rode 10¼ miles on a bicycle in thirty-four minutes, the greatest feat of the kind on record.

The annual eight-oared boat race between Harvard and Yale will take place at New London, Conn, on June 27th.

The faculty of Dartmouth College have declined to adopt the proposed regulations for the government of inter-collegiate sports.

Weston is now on his last one thousand miles, having left four thousand behind him, and the English papers report that enormous crowds gather to see him pass.

The cushion carom billiard match between Carter, of Cleveland, and Gallagher, of St. Louis, for $500 a side, 400 points up, was won by the former by a score of 400 to 327.

Wolffe Bendoff, the heavy-weight pugilist lately arrived from England, met the Galveston unknown, who is a giant in size, at 103 Bowery. After a hard contest Bendoff knocked him out in two rounds.

Harry Vaughan, champion six-day walker of England and America, has accepted the challenge of Wm. Edwards, the Australian, to walk in New York six days against any man in the world. Vaughan has posted a forfeit of $250 with the *Spirit of the Times*.

The Executive Committee of the national association of amateur athletes will hold a special session in New York on the 10th inst., to take testimony concerning the amateur standing of Mr. L. B. Myers, who leaves for England in May.

Hans Rink, who claims to be the champion wrestler of Switzerland, has arrived in New York, and has handed $100 to R. K. Fox as a forfeit in support of a challenge to Bibby to wrestle, catch-as-catch-can style, for $500 a side. If Bibby does not accept, the challenge will be open to all.

Condensed Telegrams.

The Kennedy prohibition bill has become law in Iowa.

Joseph Raycroft, treasurer of Grace church, Chicago, is missing.

Kenneth Raynor, Solicitor of the Treasury, Washington, is dying.

Gen. St. J. Crooks was arrested in New York yesterday for passing a worthless check. The matter was settled out of Court.

At an inquest into the death of John McGrevy, sexton at Baltimore, it was shown that he had stolen $700 from the Church, and poisoned himself with strychnine.

A ruffian knocked down Mrs. Cunningham on 62nd street, New York, yesterday afternoon and attempted to tear her earrings from her ears and steal her satchel. He was arrested.

The Madrid *Official Gazette* publishes a circular issued by the Minister of War, stating that the King is desirous of upholding the prestige of the army, and feels deep concern lest those unworthy of belonging to the army should continue to serve under its colors. The circular exhorts the officers of the army to co-operate in securing the expulsion of officers guilty of acts against discipline. The government, it says, will not tolerate faults tending to cast a stain upon the Spanish uniform.

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.

This Morning's Proceedings.

The Court opened precisely at 10.10 a.m. to-day, present:—His Honor Judge Ramsay, Messrs. C. P. Davidson, Q.C., and J. A. Oulmet, Q.C., appeared for the Crown.

Bridget O'Brien was arraigned on a charge of assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm. She pleaded not guilty and her trial was fixed for next week.

CHARGED WITH RAPE.

Jean Baptiste Bourdon was then placed in the dock to stand his trial on a charge of rape. The Crown in explaining the case to the jury declared that on the 3rd of October last Justine Lacombe, wife of Moise Leclaire, arrived from Burlington between 11 and 12 p.m. at the Bonaventure depot. She engaged the prisoner to drive her to Hochelaga, being herself a stranger here. As she offered no objection the prisoner took into the cab a gentleman and two ladies named Lynch, whom he afterwards left at their destination. He then drove the complainant to Cote St. Gabriel, and at a considerable distance from any house, by force of threats induced her to get out of the cab, and while she was on the road side committed the crime with which he was charged.

Madame Leclaire was then called, but upon the Crown offering to examine her on what had happened on the 3rd October, 1882, the defence objected. The Crown made a motion to have the date 1882 amended to 1883. The defence contended that this could not be allowed.

After consultation the Crown requested that as the error was only clerical, the indictment with the date corrected could be returned to the Grand Jury and another bill returned.

His Honor decided that these clerical errors were becoming too frequent and the Crown having abandoned the case, he instructed the jury to acquit the prisoner on the charge of rape, which was accordingly done. The prisoner was however retained on another charge of robbery.

HOUSE BREAKING.

John Dunn was then called to the dock and an English jury was sworn in to try him on the charge of breaking into the store of Mr. Jas. Collins, grocer, and of stealing therefrom one and a half tubs of butter, a quantity of gun and other articles.

The Crown explained that on the night of the 31st of January, Mr. Collins' store on St. Antoine street was broken into and the above mentioned articles stolen. The goods were subsequently found with one Julie McDermid, who declared that the prisoner had given them to her.

Mr. Collins, being sworn, testified that on the morning of February 1st he noticed the store had been broken into, and subsequently missed about five hams, five pots of jam, a tub and a half of butter and about two dozen and a half bottles of gin. He gave information to the police, and on the suggestion of Detective Cullen he visited the residence of Julie McDermid and there found a bottle of jam which he identified as his own. He also identified four bottles of gin, two hams and three pots of jam, produced by the High Constable.

Cross-examined, he said he had no private marks on the goods named, nor did he know the prisoner.

Detective Robinson testified to having found all the above named goods in the house of Julie McDermid and handed them over to the High Constable. On the deposition of Julie McDermid Detective Cullen made the arrest of Dunn, who refused to make any statement.

Detective Cullen corroborated the testimony of the last witness and further stated that on Feb. 2nd he found the prisoner lying drunk in Julie McDermid's house next to Julie McDermid's and that upon asking him if he knew anything about the goods he denied any knowledge of them.

Julie McDermid was then sworn, and declared that on the morning of Feb. 1st a man named Thomson and the prisoner knocked at her door and brought some of the goods produced into her house. They refused to leave the house, and the former warned her not to say anything, as they were going to take them away soon. She went out, and was on her way to the police station to give information when she met two other women who told her that her house was going to be searched, and that she was herself to be arrested. This deterred her in her project, and she had not since been to her house.

Cross-examined by Mr. Roy, the witness acknowledged that she was herself a prisoner on a charge of receiving the goods. The case was then left in the hands of His Honor, who charged the jury to acquit, declaring that there was no evidence to prove that the prisoner had stolen the goods, except the statement of the last witness, which was legal evidence, but the veracity of which they could themselves decide upon. The jury accordingly returned a verdict of not guilty, and on application of counsel the prisoner was discharged.

Alfred Cowan was then placed in the box on a charge of larceny. Mr. Crulkshank appeared for the prisoner. The Crown explained that on the 31st October last Messrs. Pillow, Hersey & Co. missed a large number of bolts from their premises on Mill street. Twelve bolts were found in the possession of one Mr. Rondeau, who declared that he had bought them for a paltry sum from the prisoner Cowan.

The case is in progress.

EVENING TEL

Last Edition.

CITY AND RIVER BREEZES.

Beginning of the Civic Year—Condemned Buildings—Navigation Notes, Etc.

The Building Inspector has just condemned the large building at the corner of Wolfe and St. Catherine streets as unsafe. It was bought only last Summer by a Mr. Lahaye at a cost of $21,000, and during the Autumn he spent nearly $2,000 on it for repairs. The front wall is now dividing slowly, and this is caused, the Inspector declares, by the water running through the roof and walls.

The walls of the buildings, Nos. 258, 260, 262 and 264 Notre Dame street, belonging to the Cuvillier estate, have also been condemned by Mr. Lacroix for reasons similar to the foregoing.

A caucus meeting of the members of the Council has been called for to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock, when the several civic committees will be struck off.

The inaugural meeting of the Council will be held on Monday next, when the new members will be sworn in, and the Mayor will deliver his address.

The Road Department during the coming year propose to complete the paving of Notre Dame street from Monarque to Lacroix street, begun last year, also the widening of St. Lawrence street from Craig to Ontario, if deemed advisable by the proprietors along that street.

The Longueuil Ferry Company are at present calling for tenders for the construction of a new ferry steamer to ply between Longueuil and Hochelaga. It is proposed to have it completed and in full working order by the coming Autumn.

Yesterday several engineers who had charge of some of the Harbor Commissioners dredges went down to Sorel to inspect their dredges for the purpose of deciding upon any necessary repairs. Another detachment will leave in a few days.

There was a much credited rumor this morning circulating that the Government was about to advertise for tenders for the construction of a jail in this city, it being proposed to do away with the present one near the C. P. R. depot and build another large one in which both males and females could be confined, instead of having two separate jails as at present.

The Boiler Inspector has commenced the inspection of boilers in the Hochelaga factories, and expresses great satisfaction at having found them nearly all in conformity with the city by-law.

SENECAL-ST. LOUIS.

Hon. Mr. Justice Doherty's Decision on the Objections.

Hon. Mr. Justice Doherty rendered judgment this morning on the objections raised yesterday by the defendant against the evidence produced. These objections were: 1st, that Mr. Dufresne would not be examined in the case, as he had remained in court during part of the *enquête*, although the judge had ordered the witness to withdraw, and as he had, moreover, suggested questions to a previous witness; 2nd, that the want of a consideration for the note could not be adduced, as such consideration appeared on the face of the note itself. The Hon. Judge overruled both objections, maintaining, with respect to the second point, that the words "for value received" did not form an integral part of a note. The case will therefore be continued by the examination of Mr. Dufresne.

In order to avoid all misinterpretation it may be well to say that the textual words used yesterday by Mr. St. Louis, when speaking of certain parties who wished to fleece him, were : *"Ils voulaient me plumer."*

THE SECRECY OF PASTORS.

How far Confidential Conversations are a Secret.

Hon. Mr. Justice Torrance was called upon to render judgment this morning on a motion presented to quash a decision by Hon. Mr. Justice Loranger, in *enquête*, the circumstances are as follows: Rev. Mr. C. Martin, a Catholic priest, being called to give his evidence in a case of Brulé *vs.* Legault, refused to relate a conversation with one of his parishioners on the ground that such conversation was under secrecy, he acting, at the time as his spiritual adviser, and this objection was maintained by Hon. Mr. Justice Loranger. In giving his decision, on the motion, Hon. Mr. Justice Torrance maintained that the refusal of the witness was valid and good as regards one part of the conversation, but could not stand with respect to another portion of it when a third party was present during the conversation. As no question had been put however, respecting this latter part, he dismissed the motion.

THE LICENSE QUESTION.

The Federal Act Disavowed.

Yesterday's *L'Electeur* says, "As we go to press we are informed that the Attorney-General has decided not to recognize the Federal License Act, and that Hon. Mr. Justice Chauveau has been instructed to continue to sign applications in blank, as heretofore, without recognizing the authority of the commissioners recently appointed."

In Montreal the Federal Deputy License inspectors have divided the city into three districts, one of which will be under the supervision of each inspector. Mr. Contant's district includes the whole of the city east of St. Lawrence street; Mr. Mullin's, the central district, includes the centre, St. Lawrence and St. Ann's ward, and Mr. Milne's, the west district, includes the west and St. Antoine wards.

The Stock Exchange.

The seat of Mr. Chas. G. Geddes on the Stock Exchange was sold by auction to-day after the morning board, being knocked down to Captain John Low for $4,675. It is understood the bid is on behalf of Mr. Smithers, son of the President of the Bank of Montreal, whose name is before the board for membership.

The seat of the late Mr. John Moat was next put up and knocked down to Mr. R. Lindsay for $6,000.

The bidding in both cases was quite spirited, the first seat being put up at $4,000 and speedily running up to the price at which it was disposed of.

The Exchange Bank.

Mr. J. N. Greenshields to-day presented a petition to the Superior Court requesting that powers be granted to the liquidators of the bank, provided for under the act to authorize them to sell and dispose of the real estate owned by the bank, to settle all outstanding claims and to compromise and arrange all matters now pending. Mr. Justice Doherty before granting the petition ordered that the fact be advertised in the Quebec and Ontario *Official Gazette* and in the press of this city.

Canadians in London.

The following Canadian visitors have registered their names at the London offices of the Canadian Government during the week ending 21st February:—Hugh S. Wright, Quebec; Robert B. Ross, A. D. Reford, John T. McBride, Montreal; E. W. Jarvis, Winnipeg; Hon. A. G. Archibald, Halifax; Rev. Robert Wilson, Salisbury, N.B.; Thos. Hopkins, Glencoe, Ont., Jno. T. Moore, Dalton McCarthy, M.P., Mrs. Dalton McCarthy, Toronto; Henry Wentworth Monk.

Cannot See his Child.

Judgment was rendered in the Practice Court this morning by Hon. Mr. Justice Torrance, on a petition presented by Mr. H. Pilet for an order to force his wife, Dame Marie Georgiana Emilie, who obtained a *séparation de corps*, to allow him to visit his child. The petition was dismissed on the ground that the Court had no jurisdiction in the matter on a mere petition without a writ of summons.

Mr. Foote to Pay the Costs in the Libel Case.

Mr. Archambault informed a STAR reporter this afternoon that the only consideration asked of Mr. Foote was the payment of all costs so far as the case has gone. He had been induced to come to terms with Mr. Foote, he said, because that gentleman had taken the earliest opportunity to deny the insinuations in the article, and proved his good faith throughout the entire transaction.

Serious Runaway Accident.

A horse attached to a coal sleigh ran away on St. Antoine street this morning and at the junction of Craig and Little St. Antoine streets dashed into another coal sleigh in which was seated a man named Richard Wood. The result was that the animal smashed the sleigh and hurled the unfortunate man to the ground, injuring and bruising his back severely. He was conveyed to the General Hospital.

Shipping Notes.

The SS. "Devonia" has arrived at Moville.

The SS. "Oder" has arrived at Southampton.

The SS. "Westphalia," from Hamburg, has arrived at New York.

THE LOAN AND MORTGAGE COMPANY.

The Annual Report and Meeting—An Unsatisfactory Showing.

Some people take a long time to get down to hard facts. When first it was whispered abroad and published in these columns that the ex-Manager of the Montreal Loan and Mortgage Company was involved in certain questionable transactions with his brother, the absent President of the Exchange Bank, the officers and some of the directors of the bank denied the statement *in toto*. Subsequently a special audit was made, after which it was partially conceded that "irregularities had taken place." Now the 26th annual report of the directors is issued under date of March 3rd, in which the somewhat startling avowal is made that "The Directors regret to say the confidence reposed in the late Manager's probity and honor was entirely misplaced, the accounts for some time past having been systematically falsified so as to shew profits that were not earned, and which led to the declaration of an interim dividend in August last."

The report goes on to state that as regards "the present condition of the affairs of the Company, the balance sheet shews a credit at profit and loss account of $19,552, leaving the capital stock apparently intact. Your Directors, with the view of placing all shareholders in the same position, have called up the unpaid portion of the subscribed capital stock. The real estate owned by the company, will, when sold, probably shew a loss upon the amount it is standing at in the company's books, but as this can only be ascertained as sales are made, the Directors do not deem it wise to write it down, more especially as the Real Estate Market shews signs of increased vitality and higher prices. Call Loan Account, for which securities are held, if sold at present market value would shew a probable loss of about $50,000, but as the Company is financially strong, it is deemed best to retain them for a time."

Such is the rather meagre information vouchsafed by the directors as regards the "present condition of affairs" of the Company. An analysis of the statement of accounts subjoined to the report, however, goes to shew that the assets of the Company comprise, under the heading of "Mortgages," Repayment Accounts, $247,601.74; Time Loans, $365,601.76; and Real Estate, $557,960.06, or a total of $1,171,163. In addition to this there are "Call Loans," amounting to $240,020.30, the other items bringing up the total assets to $1,437,619. The item of $365,601.76, under the heading of "Time Loans," represents the advances made by Mr. Craig on Cotton and Car Trust Stock, and of course appears in the statement at its value as placed on the books of the Company. Taking these figures at the valuation thus put upon them and deducting the liabilities, a deficiency of over $20,000 appears, but it is affirmed by shareholders competent to speak in the matter that a reduction of at least 50 per cent. must be made, which, will not only wipe out the "Rest," or contingent fund, but seriously impair the capital of the Company. The liabilities of the Company are as follows:—

Subscribed capital stock, $1,000,000; stock paid up, $840,450; stock partially paid up $38,697.70; prepayments on mortgages $492.43; deposits $172,845.79; sterling debentures $113,101.34; currency debentures $236,100; board fees, 1883, not yet paid $1,000; sundry accounts unpaid $6,631.03; dividends unpaid $107.27; debenture interest account: amount reserved to meet coupons due in 1883 and not paid $8,641.45; balance at credit of profit and loss account $19,552,96; or a total of $1,437,619.97. The statement, which was received by the shareholders this morning, is considered most unsatisfactory, and will doubtless cause a good deal of discussion at the meeting.

THE ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting was held at three o'clock this afternoon, the President Mr. M. H. Gault, in the chair. The directors present were Messrs. A. F. Gault, James Crathern, R. Bolton, Theodore Hart and G. F. C. Smith, W. S. Maltby, Rev. J. H. Warden, P. S. Ross, G. E. Jaques, Lieut. Anderson, Chas. Alexander, Arden King, F. Caverhill, McIntosh, E. K. Geeene, A. F. Lyman, Henry Clark, Alex. Murray, E. J. Barbeau, R. Bolton, J. Archibald, Watkins, A. King, Henry Mudge, R. Esdaile, A. Kerry, Learmont, R. Macaulay, H. Geddes, J. S. McLachlan, W. E. Chase, De Lisle Mord, R. S. Hall, jr., J. L. Morrice and others. Mr. J. S. Greenshields, the Company's advocate, was also present.

The President opened the meeting by reading the notice calling the same, and requested Messrs. Caverhill and Archibald to act as scrutineers. One of the shareholders expressed a desire to hear the minutes of the last annual meeting read.

Mr. Caverhill declared that the only minutes kept of the last meeting, as could be seen by the minute book produced, was the printed annual report and the election of a Board of Directors.

The Secretary having read the annual report, it was taken as read.

Rev. Mr. Warden remarked that he noticed some remarkable discrepancies in the statement submitted when compared with that of last year. The amount for deposits, for instance, in last year's report was $362,576 while this statement showed only $160,094.58 a discrepancy in one item of $202,482. In last year's report it was shown that the amount of paid up stock was $842,812, while this year, notwithstanding that it would appear that more stock had been taken up in the meantime the account was given in the report as $840,450, the amount of stock partially paid up according to last year's report was $46,160, while at present it figures as $38,697.70, an unaccountable discrepancy of $7,462.30. A remarkable fact shown by the report was the great increase in expenses. Last year's expenses were $7,314, while for the current year they amounted to no less a figure than $13,781, in addition to which was some odd $1,500 for repairs which last year were included in the account. He also showed that while last year the revenue was at the rate of four and a half per cent. this year it amounts to scarcely two per cent. through those increased expenses.

An Active Hall Thief in the Toils.

One Sarah McLaughlan was arrested by Sergeant Carpenter last evening, for stealing a hat from the hall of Mr. Bailey's house, No. 44 Cadieux street. After the arrest, the officer made a tour of a number of second-hand shops and succeeded in finding some half a dozen articles bought from the woman and which were found to have been stolen from the halls of houses scattered all over the city, her operations thus being found to extend from St. Jean Baptiste village to Craig street. She was brought before the Police Magistrate this morning and remanded.

Charge of Assault Against a Detective.

The case against Mr. Casavant, arrested by Detective Naegele, last week for an assault on his wife, has been dismissed, the prisoner having been proved to have an exceptionally good character and to be a different individual from the man whom the detective thought he was arresting. Mr. Casavant has taken out an action for assault against Detective Naegele for having struck him while effecting his arrest.

The Walsh Case.

It is understood that an arrangement has been effected in this case by which Mr. Walsh will be released from Longue Pointe Asylum and after remaining a short time in Wickham's establishment near Quebec will again be granted his liberty. The appeal to the Supreme Court has in consequence been discontinued by Mr. Greenshields, Counsel for Mr. Walsh.

Personal.

Mr. William Wainwright, of the Grand Trunk Railway, left for Ottawa this morning. Mr. Joseph Hickson left for the Capital last evening.

CITY ITEMS.

—The train from the West this morning was two hours late.

—The Sabbath observance meeting of citizens to be held in the Dominion Square Methodist Church to-morrow afternoon will take place at three o'clock.

—The members of *Le Trappeur* Snowshoe Club tramp out to Frigon's, Back River road, to-night, starting from the old reservoir, St. Denis street, at 8 o'clock.

—The annual festival of the Olivet Baptist Church Sunday school was held on Friday evening last, and notwithstanding the inclement weather, there were present about 300 scholars and 250 parents and friends. At 6 o'clock the children sat down to a sumptuous tea, and at 8 o'clock the superintendent, Mr. D. Bentley took the chair. The exercises consisted of an address by the pastor, Rev. A. G. Upham; recitations, vocal and instrumental music by the scholars, etc., etc. All present pronounced it the best festival they had attended for years past.

THE PROPOSED ARCHBISHOPRIC.

What is Said in High Clerical Circles—The Religious Difficulties.

The rumor of the project for the establishment of an archbishopric for the Diocese of Montreal, is authoritatively learned to be founded on fact, and at present is the sole topic of conversation in the highest ecclesiastical circles of the Province. It is generally conceded that this would be the only satisfactory solution of the different questions which are at present engrossing the attention of the Apostolic Commissioner.

The clergy of the Jesuit order in this city, as well as the Sulpicians, are reported to be enthusiastically in favor of the scheme, which is gaining ground daily. The various religious communities are also regarded as strongly in favor of such a state of affairs, and it is learned that within the next few weeks a petition requesting His Holiness to constitute this diocese an archbishopric, with its See at Montreal, will be circulated for signatures among the clergy and laymen of the entire diocese. It has been decided to present it to Mgr. Smeulders, who in turn will transmit it to Pope Leo XIII. It is thought that in the event of the wishes of the clergy and people being carried out, His Lordship Mgr. Fabre, who is in every way fitted for the position, would be appointed Archbishop. It is a well known fact that Archbishop Taschereau is not favorably inclined towards the scheme, and there is a possibility of opposition being expected from that quarter. Laval and Victoria Universities both countenance the project.

THE LAVAL-VICTORIA DIFFICULTY.

The adherents of Victoria University claim that beyond a doubt it has been conclusively proved that both legally and canonically the rights of this school are unimpeachable. This includes its rights to existence and what regards the arrangement with the Sisters of the Hotel Dieu. Mgr. Smeulders has concluded his examination of the professors of the respective schools and is now actively engaged studying the innumerable documents relating to arrangements and contracts placed before him. In some circles it is stated that His Excellency must be in Rome for Easter, but as he has not yet made any preparations for his departure it is thought that he will postpone his journey for an indefinite period. On the highest authority it is learned that an elaborate decision on the important questions at stake will be issued very shortly.

A HURRIED VISIT.

It has just leaked out that His Grace Archbishop Taschereau quite recently paid a hurried visit to Montreal *incognito*, and had an interview with Mgr. Smeulders. It is surmised that he had some important communication to make regarding the action of Laval in the event of the decision being declared in favor of Victoria University. The examination of the Sisters of the Hotel Dieu has recently been concluded.

THE SOREL TRAIN.

Snow-Bound for Five Days.

The Sorel train, which has been snowbound for over five days between Varennes and Boucherville, has at last succeeded in bursting through the enormous snow drifts with the combined assistance of snowploughs and several powerful engines, and reached the city this morning. Train men, who have had many years' experience in railroading, state that they had never before seen such an extensive storm. At many places along the line of the Montreal & Sorel road the snow was from six to eight feet deep.

The passengers, without many exceptions, after the first day had been spent, left the train and drove to Montreal. The few that remained were well cared for. The track is now clear and the first train since Thursday last left this morning for Sorel.

The St. Jerome train has also been snowbound for about the same period between St. Jerome and St. Janvier, and only succeeded in reaching its destination last night. The snow is reported to have been piled mountains high, and engines sent to the train's assistance also got blocked up.

St. Laurent College.

Mr. H. A. Lapointe has been awarded the contract for an extensive gymnasium to be erected by the faculty of St. Laurent College. The proposed structure will be furnished with all modern improvements and when completed will supply a want much felt among the students, who of late years have greatly increased. The entire management of the building is in the hands of the Rev. J. H. Cushing, whose noble exertions and generous sacrifices on behalf of the students are well known.

The President Among the Children.

There are only three rooms in the White House now that are not open to the public on reception days. These are the President's private chamber, Mrs. McElroy's room, and little Nellie's chamber. Mr. Arthur has taken great pains in fixing up his little girl's room. It has two large windows that overlook the Potomac and the park behind the White House. Miss Nellie invites her young friends to her room when they come to see her, and there the children enjoy themselves by getting up mock receptions and all manner of games known to young children. Occasionally the President drops in on the children. He is always welcome but a story is exacted of him by way of toll. When the President is particularly bored by office-seekers and President-makers he escapes to Nellie's room and forgets his cares in listening to the innocent prattle of the young people. Mr. Arthur has a great fund of stories at his command. Should the time ever come that he could make a fortune as a novelist or story writer. Miss Nellie's favorite story is entitled the "Gotham Princess." This story has never been copyrighted by Mr. Arthur, but if it were published it might make as big a sensation as Mr. Blaine's book. It is a bold sarcasm on New York society. It has a good ending, however. The Gotham Princess puts all the other New York young ladies to shame and marries a Prince Rosebud. Together the Prince and Princess moor their bark in quiet waters after having passed through many stormy seas. Miss Nellie's room is handsomely furnished. The furniture is blue, with curtains to match. Several pictures adorn the walls. Mrs. McElroy's room is adjoining. Mr. Arthur's room is pronounced by those who have had the good fortune to see it to be a dream.—*Washington Correspondence Pittsburg Commercial.*

Florida Cow Boys.

Undoubtedly the Fort Myers oranges are the most luscious and fragrant in Florida. Visiting the stores for the sake of provisioning the craft, the nautical business of Fort Myers was at once discernible from the array of saddles and bridles exhibited. Around this point and from many a prairie and jungle in the neighborhood cattle are brought in for shipment to Punta Rassa, to be sent from thence to Key West and Cuba. A good many gaunt lads, lounging around in high boots, with jingling spurs, showed the peculiarities of their calling, for they were the cowboys of this region. I doubt whether the cowboy of the West is recruited entirely from the country where he herds or drives his cattle, but the Floridian cowboy is indigenous to the soil. Hard work and plenty of it, at times with poor food; a debilitating climate, and many mosquitoes have made him fleshless. Driving cattle in the West is certainly no child's play, but in this portion of Florida the task must be a particularly difficult one from the nature of the country. To scamper at full speed across the country in quest of a "bunch" of cattle must endanger their necks. Through the palmetto cabbages, through the thick tangle of vines, across the boggy flats, driving into the pine thickets, the soil burrowed by the gophers, the cattle-hunter spurs his horse. Perhaps it is the mount, which ought to be as much pitied as any of the animals, the horse, the boy, or the bull. Western horses barely stand the hard work, and are used up in a season. Anything like a high-legged animal comes to grief in very short order. The horse wanted for work is the small, scrubby animal born and bred in Florida. He seems to be capable of withstanding any amount of hard service. Certainly, the Florida cattle of this section are the poorest specimens of the bovine race known. They present, save about their legs, few traces of merit. Having not much weight to carry, their speed is for a short burst enough to blow a horse. Fancy cattle whose live weight will average 350 pounds! —*New York Times.*

It is very desirable to be a good reader. A clergyman is said to have once read the following passage from the Bible, with the emphasis thus: "And the old man said unto his sons, saddle me the ass: and they saddled *him!*"

The first United Conference of the Methodist Church of Canada will be held at Hamilton, Ont., in June next.

Manitoba's revenue for the year ending December 31st, 1883, was $265,153.04; Her expenditure the same year was $572,000.00; a deficit of $306,846.96.

EVENING TELEGRAMS.

THE C. P. R. BILL.

(Special to The Star.)

OTTAWA, March 5.—The Canadian Pacific Railway bill in all probability will pass the Senate this evening, and will be immediately made law by Lord Lansdowne.

GEN. LUARD'S SUCCESSOR.

(Special to The Star.)

OTTAWA, March 5.—Colonel G. D. Middleton, who is to succeed Major General Luard, has been in Canada before and some years ago married a Miss Doucet, of Montreal.

THE ROYAL RECONCILIATION.

(Special to The Star.)

BERLIN, March 5.—Princess Marie Anna, who returned to Berlin yesterday and rejoined her husband, was met by the latter at the station, and was received by the Emperor and Empress.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS COMMITTEE.

(Special to The Star.)

OTTAWA, March 5.—The Public Accounts committee met this morning and a number of items in the expenditure were overhauled. The vouchers for the sum of $8,000, paid to the Hon. John O'Connor for legal services on the boundary question and for the sum of $5,000 paid to C. W. Weldon, M. P., for carrying on a test liquor case in St. John were asked for.

THE CATTLE TRADE.

[Special to The Star.]

LONDON, March 5.—Cattle traders held a meeting this morning and resolved to ask the Government to reject the bill adopted some days ago by the House of Lords amending the law in regard to the contagious diseases of animals, in such a way as to place great restrictions upon the importation of foreign cattle or to abandon the Cattle Disease Act altogether. Mr. Foster was present, and said the sole motive for the law was the exaggerated fears of the farmers, who were afraid that the live cattle trade would be destroyed and who desired to stop the importation of dead meat.

THE DYNAMITE PLOTS.

Believed to be Dynamiters—The Doings of a "Fiend."

LONDON, March 5.—It is now believed that the six men who landed at Southampton, Feb. 20th, were concerned in the dynamite outrages. The police are confident they are on the right track.

The Irish-American Burns or Baron, who described himself as a detective, took lodgings at Bradford, Feb. 6. He had two trunks and allowed no one to enter his room. At midnight on Feb. 12th, he took home several strange men and women. On another occasion a hissing sound was heard in the stranger's room, followed by an explosion. Burns opened the door and exclaimed that there was nothing wrong. He disappeared Feb. 21st.

THE SOUDAN WAR.

Turkey's Efforts to Intervene.

LONDON, March 5.—The Porte has been sounding the powers regarding the Soudan. Germany replied she would not intervene and suggests that Turkey should arrange the matter with England. The other powers made similar replies. In view of this the Turkish ambassador has requested Lord Granville to use the Sultan's influence in seeking to conciliate the Soudanese.

THE SLAVE TRADE.

CAIRO, March 5.—General Graham has expressed his opinion that there will be a popular revolt against the slave trade within a year.

MAHMOUD ALI SUMMONED.

SUAKIM, March 5.—Admiral Hewitt has sent word to Mahmoud Ali that he must come to Suakim with his followers or else he will be regarded as belonging to the enemy. Mahmoud Ali is the chief who seemed friendly to the English before the fall of Sinkat and who tried to penetrate the lines of the besiegers and revictual the garrisons of Sinkat and has wavered according to the prospects of success on either side.

THE CAIRO PRISON REVOLT.

CAIRO, March 5.—An investigation into the revolt which broke out yesterday in the prison here shows that it was well planned, and had the promised aid from outside parties been received, would have been successful. One of the prisoners engaged in the revolt stated this morning that they were induced to join in the uprising by promises of aid from parties in the city, who said that a simultaneous revolt among the natives would occur against English rule, and that it would be sufficient strength to cope successfully with the army of occupation. There is no doubt that a general uprising had been planned as almost simultaneously with the revolt among the prisoners at Cairo uprisings occurred among the prisoners at Zaptech and Ghizeh, both of which were suppressed with difficulty. Several ring leaders of the revolts have been flogged and the guards around the prisons doubled.

GRAHAM AT SUAKIM.

SUAKIM, March 5.—General Graham has arrived. The troops are embarking at Trinkitat for Suakim. Osman Digna is stationed 10 miles from here.

CABLE.

BELIEVED TO BE A LUNATIC.

LONDON, March 5.—Nellis the Irish informer is believed to be a lunatic.

ATTACK ON BACNINH.

HAIPHONG, March 5.—An attack on Bacninh is expected daily. There have been several heavy skirmishes.

PARNELL'S AMENDMENT REJECTED.

LONDON, March 5.—The Commons has rejected Mr. Parnell's bill amending the Irish Land Act by a vote of 325 to 72.

HIS HOLINESS PROTESTS.

ROME, March 5.—The Pope has protested against the conversion of the real property of the Propaganda Fidei into Italian rentes.

TIME WANTED.

LONDON, March 5.—A deputation representing large numbers of the influential classes in Ireland waited upon the Chancellor of the exchequer to-day and asked for a prolongation of the period during which the Government loans may be repaid.

RAISING A REVOLUTION.

LONDON, March 5.—A despatch to the *Times* from Madrid says that speculators have subscribed £120,000 to raise a revolutionary movement similar to that of August, 1883. The Government is fully informed in regard to the plot.

ASKING FOR SATISFACTION.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 5.—The Earl of Dufferin has asked the Porte for satisfaction for the manner in which the officials at Smyrna have been treating foreign coasting vessels. They have prevented steamers from embarking passengers, and removed the Union Jack from English vessels.

AMERICAN.

SNOW IN WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Three inches of snow have fallen since morning, and it is still snowing.

THE UNION PACIFIC.

BOSTON, March 5.—The annual meeting of the Union Pacific Railway was held to-day, the present directors being elected excepting Augustus Schell and Solon Humphries, who are succeeded by Hugh Riddle and James Rumrill.

"Would it be wrong to cheat a lawyer?" asked a pious man of a shrewd old deacon "Yes," answered the deacon, "it would be wrong, but it is impossible."

A clergyman, meeting an inebriated neighbor, exclaimed, "Drunk again, Wilkins?" to which Wilkins, in a semi-confidential tone, responded, "So am I, parson!"

A man left a bony steed on the street, and coming back, a short time afterward, discovered that a funny youth had placed a card against the fleshless ribs, bearing the notice: "Oats wanted—inquire within!"

A school-teacher had a great deal of trouble in making a boy understand his lesson, and, when he finally succeeded, he drew a long breath, and said, "Well, if it wasn't for me, you'd be the biggest donkey in this town!"

"My case is just here," said a citizen to a lawyer. "The plaintiff will swear that I hit him. I will swear that I did not. Now, what can you lawyers make out of that if we go to trial?" "A hundred dollars easy," was the reply.

TO BE TRIED ON THE CABLE.

The Big Telephone With Which It is Proposed to Talk Across the Atlantic.

In the building in which are the main offices of the Postal Telegraph Company in New York a number of gentlemen were experimenting the other day with a telephone, with which the inventor says he expects to talk across the ocean as soon as the Bennett-Mackey cable is laid. It is the invention of Webster Gillett of Ypsilanti, Mich., who claims to have solved the problem of adding battery to line almost without limit.

If the number of cells of the battery could be increased without limit, and still not burn the low conducting medium, Mr. Gillett says, it would be possible to speak at almost any distance with an ordinary telephone. His system, he claims, overcomes this obstacle to the use of many cells. He has celebrated instruments with two, four, ten and twenty deviating points, and he claims that in the instrument with twenty points presented to the diaphragm the vibration induced by all these currents working together is perfectly simultaneous. In this way, he says, a current of sufficient strength is generated on the line wire to overcome very high resistance—as high he believes, as will be found on the Atlantic cable. The receiving instrument presents both poles of the magnet to the diaphragm, which acts as a keeper, and it is claimed that it is more sensitive than other receivers.

The experiments made on this particular day were in speaking through the ten point multiple telephone over about 320 miles of wire between New York and Washington. If was a wire of the Postal Telegraph Company's system, and close to it was a wire on which a Morse instrument was working. The induced current was so strong that a telegraph operator could read in the telephone receiver the message that was being clicked off. There was also some other derangement of currents resulting from damage to the wires by a recent gale. Notwithstanding these unfavorable conditions, conversation between the two cities was carried on. When the clicking of the Morse instrument ceased for a moment the voice of the telephone came out with great distinctness.

The great twenty-point transmitter, which is to be tried on the ocean cable, is a formidable-looking telephone. With its stripes of metal and its rings for connecting the twenty currents, springing from forty cells, with the system of induction of coils, its front looks like a switch-board in a telegraph office. "It is a double-decker," said Mr. Gillett; "there are two diphragms. Ten of the points act on the inner one, and that acts simultaneously on the outer one."—*Boston Globe.*

Special Notice.

Mr. George Tolen, Druggist, Gravenhurst, Ont., writes: "My customers who have used Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure say that it has done them more good than anything they have ever used." It has indeed a wonderful influence in purifying the blood and curing diseases of the Digestive Organs, the Liver, Kidneys, and all disorders of the system.

FINANCIAL.

The local money market was without special change, funds were abundant for all commercial requirements at 6½ to 7, and brokers experienced no difficulty in obtaining all necessary accommodation at 4½ to 5, while street rates between brokers ranged at 4 to 4½ per cent. Sterling Exchange was steady, rates between banks for 60 day bills were 9 7-16 to 9 9-16, demand 10⅛ to 10¼, counter rates for 60 day bills 9⅝ to 9¾, demand 10⅜ to 10⅝, cable transfers effected at 10⅝, currency drafts on New York drawn at ¼ premium to the public.

The English money market appeared undisturbed by either continental demands or troubles in the East and consols maintained a firm aspect at 101 11-16 for cash, and account. Fours and a half 115¼; Fives at 104; Erie 25⅞; Ill. Central 133¾; Canadian Pacific Railway 133¾.

The morning session of the Stock Exchange found all stocks advancing. Commerce was the feature of the session, opening at 123¾, it sold rapidly up to 127½, closing strong at 126 to 127¾. The following were the sales:

185 Bank Montreal 193¾, 100 Molsons 120, 95 Merchants 116, 200 do 116¼, 100 do. 115, 100 do. 116, 75 Toronto 184¾, 45 do. 185, 100 do. 186, 50 Federal 140, 25 Commerce 123¾, 50 do. 124¼, 105 do. 125, 210 do. 125¾, 135 do. 126, 500 do 127½, 200 do. 127, 125 Richelieu 62, 25 do. 62½, 100 do. 63, 250 Gas 192¾.

At the afternoon session of the Stock Exchange all securities participated in the general boom which seemed to be on in all over the list. The following were the sales:

200 Bank of Montreal 194; 50 Ontario 104¼; 26 do. 105; 200 Merchants 116; 2 do. 116½; 35 Toronto 186; 155 Gas 193; 187 do. Molsons 120; 40 Commerce 127¼; 50 do. 127¾; 50 Telegraph 126; 125 do. 126¼; 200 do. 126; 100 Gas 193, 250 do 193¾, 25 do 192¾, 145 Richelieu 63¾, 475 do 64, 95 do 63¾, 25 City Passenger 125¼, 100 do 125½, 19 Dominion Telegraph 87, 35 Loan and Mortgage 54, 90 Hudon Cotton 60.

COMMERCIAL.

LOCAL.

The attendance to-day on Change was more encouraging, and as Spring opens, we may hope for a return to activity.

Superior extra flour, $5 55; extra superior, $5 40 to 5 45; Spring extra, $5 to $5 05; superfine, $4 85 to $4 70; strong bakers' $5 25 to 5 40; middlings, 3 40 to $3 50; Pollards, $3 20 to 3 30; Ontario bags, $2 50 to 2 65; city bags 2 95 to $3. Wheat. Canada red winter at $1.20 to 1.21; Canada white at $1.19 to 1.20. Corn, 70c. Peas, 90c to 91c. Oats, 37c to 38c. Rye, 60c to 63c. Oatmeal, $4.75 to 5.00. Cornmeal, nominal. Provisions—Pork, $19.50 to 20.50. Lard, 12c to 12¾c. Bacon, 13c to 14c. Hams, 13c to 15c. Cheese, 13¼c to 13¾c.

The supply of grain and flour seeking market at this centre seems on the increase, and to-day's receipts were posted as follows:—At Grand Trunk Railway, 500 bushels wheat, 5 bushels peas, 18 barrels ashes, 445 dressed hogs 1,750 bushels oats, 125 barrels flour, 125 do meal. Per Canadian Pacific Railway:—1,000 bushels wheat, 149 kegs butter, 6 dressed hogs, 703 barrels flour, 140 barrels meal, 58 cases tobacco.

AMERICAN.

The Chicago grain market, which appeared slightly better on call last evening, opened firm, and first dealings were as follows:—Wheat 92¼ April, 97¼ May. 99 June, and by 11.30 a. m. stood 93¾ April, 98¼ May, 99 June. Corn was about steady, the increase of 680,000 as reported yesterday in the visible supply, opened 56⅞ May, 57¾ June, and at time indicated stood 56¾ May, 57¾ June. Oats 31⅝ April, 35⅞ May, 36 June. Pork weak; first price paid was $17.95 May, and $18.02 June, selling at time specified $17.87 May. $17.95 June. Lard little doing; the weaker sentiment which prevailed was apparent in Lard as prices declined about 3 cents from $9.57 May, $9.65 June.

The Chicago grain market closed firmer; the bull element appeared to have taken hold again on the strength of the reported damage to Fall wheat, and the announcement of some shipping demands at the seaboard the transactions on those points as follows:—Wheat 92¾ April, 97¾ May, 99¾June. Corn, 51¾ April, 56⅞ May, 57⅞ June. Oats, 31⅞ April, 35¾ May, 35⅞ June. Pork, $17 75 April; $17 75 May; $17 87½ June. Lard, $9 52½ April; 9 52½ May; 9 60 June.

The receipts of grain at Chicago were thus advised by telegraph this morning: Wheat 2,000 bushels, corn 339,000 bushels, oats 104,000 bushels, and shipments reported of wheat 7,000 bushels. Corn 144,000 bushels, oats 53,000 bushels. The receipts of hogs were announced as 10,000 to-day, yesterday 9,058. Shipments 4,820, light grades $6 to 6 85, mixed packing $6 45 to 6 85, heavy shipping $6 90 to 7 45. Cattle receipts 6,400.

The New York grain market was devoid of any special feature, a dull and almost inactive session appeared to prevail in the absence of any shipping demand, and market opened as follows: Red Winter wheat No. 2 1 08¾ March, 1 10¾ April, 1 12¾ May, 1 13¾ June. Corn 62 March, 64 May, 64½ June.

FOREIGN.

The cable advices of this a. m. represent prime mess pork as cheaper by one shilling, and tallow 6 pence lower at 39s 6d.

Beerbohm inspired a little more encouragement by the cable report of the British grain market received this a.m., which was as follows: Cargoes off coast wheat firmer held market higher; cargoes off coast corn nothing offering; cargoes on passage wheat fair enquiry; corn firm; Mark lane wheat and corn steadier. English country markets steady; French quiet. Imports into United Kingdom, flour 130 to 135,000; imports into United Kingdom, wheat 200 to 205,000; imports into United Kingdom, maize 100 to 105,000. Liverpool wheat spot very little demand; Liverpool corn spot turn cheaper. Paris wheat and flour quiet. Liverpool mixed maize 5s. 0¼d.; peas 6s. 6d.

Toronto Produce Market.

Market rather better. Flour steady; extra sold at $4.75 and Spring extra at $4.50. Bran firm, and has brought $15. Wheat unchanged; No. 1 Spring sold at $1.10; No. 2 Spring, $1.08. Oats advanced, and sold at 36½c and on p. t. Barley sold at 67c for No. 2, and 62c for extra No. 3. Peas unchanged. Potatoes steady, and sold at 70c. Eggs as before at 20 to 22c.

Wheat, Fall No. 2, $1 06; No. 3, $1 03; Spring wheat, No. 1, $1 10; No. 2, $1 08. Barley, No. 1, 71c; No. 2, 67c; No. 3 extra, 62c; No. 3, 52 to 55c. Peas, No. 2, 74c. Oats No. 2, 36 to 37c. Flour superior, $5 to 5 10; extra, $4.75. Butter, 12 to 19c.

Coal and Wood.

These much needed necessaries for household comforts, notwithstanding the intense cold, have not exceeded a rational valuation this Winter, stove coal going at $7 50 to 8 25 per ton, and best hard wood, maple, netting $3 per cord, while birch has not been mentioned as selling over $7 to 7 50 per cord.

Hay and Straw.

The hay market partook of the general dullness which characterized all business interest at moment. Hay, fair to good sold at $7 to 7 50 per 100 bundles, medium at $6 75 to 7 25, all poorer qualities bring lucky of sale at anything over $5 50 to $6 per 100 bundles.

Straw was in good demand. A prime article readily brought $4 50 $5 per 100 bundles, while second quality brought from $3 50 to $4 50.

LIVERPOOL—Latest prices current—March 5.

	£ d.		£ s. d
Flour, gwt	10 0 to 11 6	Barley	5 6 - 0 0
Sp'g Wheat	7 10 " 8 2	O