





# CHESS.

Trouble in the Camp of the Sixth American Congress at New York.

Unfair Treatment of the English Champion, Mr. Blackburne.

[COMMUNICATED.]

It seems that the committee of the Sixth American Chess Congress is not getting along very well with some of the European players, especially with Messrs. Blackburne and Pollock, and more or less so with all the British chess players.

Mr. Blackburne has played in more tournaments than any other chess player living, perhaps. He has large, liberal and enlightened views on all subjects connected with chess, and the privilege of hearing him discuss those matters is an education. He is a man of kindly disposition, entirely inoffensive in his actions and ways, and is not only great as a chess player over the board and in tournaments, but the greatest of blindfold players. His views of chess laws and rules for the management of tournaments are sensible. Several members of the committee have come into conflict with him simply because they wanted to insist on violating rules of the Congress which cannot be changed without the unanimous consent of the players. Mr. Blackburne has simply stood on his rights under the rules.

It seems that the committee, or the umpire, have wasted time unnecessarily in having the games started off promptly after recess. In one case one of the British players was promptly on hand at 7.30, his opponent had only 12 minutes' time to spare on his clock. It took the umpire fully fifteen minutes to start the clock of his opponent, who only then arrived, and sat down to play with his full 12 minutes to his credit and yet 22 minutes after the game had been awarded to the aforesaid British player under the time limit rule.

On the last byday Mr. Blackburne was scheduled to play two games. The first was an adjourned game with Mr. Mason, which occupied only ten minutes. The second game was with Mr. Hanham. At the hour of recess Mr. Hanham had made twenty-eight moves only, with two minutes to make two more moves. The position was difficult for Mr. Hanham, as the way he had pressed his time limit shows.

It is the time honoured and sensible practice in all European tournaments, where they have great experience in those things, to require players to complete the moves necessary for the hour before they are permitted to adjourn, as not to let a player have hours to reflect on moves that otherwise he would have to complete in the remaining fraction of an hour indicated by his clock.

What Mr. Blackburne sagely anticipated, actually occurred in this case. Mr. Hanham repaired to the rooms of the New York Chess Club and there analyzed the position with the aid of Lloyd, and others, came back after recess, and won his game.

Mr. Blackburne casually went into the New York Club and caught him in the act. As he was only a visitor and guest of the club, he did not feel at liberty to complain of the matter to the umpire or committee. Perhaps he might have acted otherwise had he been previously made to feel the umpire was competent and impartial, but experience was very much to the contrary. At the hour of taking recess Mr. Blackburne had objected to his game being adjourned till his opponent and himself had completed the full complement of moves for the unexpired hour, but the umpire's judgment and experience were not equal to the emergency.

Every experienced person knows how assemblages act. The umpires are active members of the committee of jurors that reviews their decisions. They are present and have their vote; the opportunity to freely express their views and argue their case, and their influence and cast their votes. "The rulings of the umpire are, therefore, generally sustained without due consideration."

The case that arose between Messrs. Judd and Tehigorin is a case in point. It was the same umpire in both cases. In the Judd-Tehigorin case Mr. Judd claimed the fifty-move rule on Mr. Tehigorin.

The umpire committed a capital blunder and decided it was a fifty move irrespective of exchanges or advancement of pawns. This outrageously absurd decision was made by the umpire, and the committee of jurors thought there were several pawns on the board! Mr. Tehigorin was annoyed by this decision and immediately resigned from the tournament and began preparations to go home to Russia and allowed his pending time to go by default on the time limit. He preferred playing real chess in Russia to playing an illegitimate imitation of the game in New York under the decision of a foreigner to us and to him with narrow penitentiary ideas of how our noble game is to be played. The final how was in the common sense of the three judges. Messrs. Richardson, De Visser and Frere examined the position where the fifty move rule to mate was applied by the umpire, only to be astonished and returned to the tournament contented and happy. When Mr. Blackburne argued with the umpire in the Hanham adjournment matter the umpire turned round to some bystanders and in his hearing remarked that "Mr. Blackburne was talking nonsense."

The bystander replied: "When Mr. Blackburne tells one thing and you another, it is you who speak the nonsense."

On another occasion, when Mr. Blackburne was reasoning some point in his usual calm and polite way, the umpire turned upon him and in the presence of all assembled, said loudly: "If you foreigners think you can bulldoze the committee you will find yourselves mistaken." Mr. Blackburne sat down to his game evidently astonished and indignant with the speaker who had added to the offence contained in the words by his manner of delivering it and by his self-conscious manner in looking around at the bystanders as though he had said something worthy of approbation. Mr. Blackburne merely remarked, "You are no gentleman."

The majority of American chess players are highly indignant at this conduct of the umpire as casting a reflection on themselves and on the country and its well-known love of fair play, and freely characterize the conduct described as simply stupid and brutal. It further appears that the committee, at a recent meeting, decided to issue tickets to the players for seats in the window to view

the Centennial parade and, astonishing to say, declined to send tickets to Mr. Blackburne.

In lieu thereof Mr. Blackburne received a curt note from the committee to this purport:

"Since you have called some members of the committee a set of liars they decline to show you the courtesy they otherwise would."

This disgraceful epistle is not signed by the regular Secretary to the committee.

Mr. Blackburne was very much surprised when he received this extraordinary document, and was so put out by it that he was unable to play up to his full strength during the day of its receipt and he lost his game with Mr. Showalter, and attributes his loss to the troubled state of his mind produced by this annoying document.

Mr. Blackburne has simply written an equally short note to the committee denying the charge.

The chess players of America and Europe will believe the charge when the committee proves it, and not till then.

Some members of the committee have been loud enough in threats that Mr. Pollock would have his courtesies annulled, or, simply because he has exercised his right of private judgment in coming to or not concurring in proposed changes of the rules, but the committee did not go so far as to carry out the repeated threats of those committee men with this genial and popular young chess-player.

It is to be regretted that the moving spirits in these repeated blunders are foreigners with strong sympathies against British and American chess-players, and are strongly prejudiced in favour of Weiss, Taubenhaus and Lipschutz, and it is to be regretted that the credit of chess-players that the inviolable rule prevalent in all countries where the royal game is fostered "let the best man win" will be rigidly adhered to.

[The above matter has been communicated to THE HERALD. We know nothing about the merits of the case, and can only regret that there is nothing in the game of chess that ensures fair dealing or gentlemanly language from its votaries, particularly amongst those who make a business of it.—ED. HERALD.]

PEOPLE WHO ARE TALKED ABOUT.

Sir Julian Pannecote, the new British Minister, calls himself "Pantufut."

Queen Victoria will celebrate her birthday Friday, May 24. She was born in 1819.

Washington was an enormous eater. His usual dinner, one commentator says, would have made three ordinary men sick.

J. Milton Turner, the mugwump coloured man, is working up a scheme to colonize 20,000 acres near San Diego with coloured people.

Miss Delano, the clerk in the Patent Office who was discharged last fall because she spoke of Mr. Cleveland as "a pig," has been reappointed to her old position.

Carmen Sylva (the Roumanian Queen), who has become known as a poet and a painter, is about to publish a new four-act drama, and it is feared that she has failed to provide a tank in it.

Miss Mary A. Brigham, of Westboro, Mass., who graduated from Mount Holyoke Seminary forty years ago, has been chosen as the first President of the institution, which is now a college as well.

Chauncey Depew is the lightning-change dinner artist of New York. He has now reached the point at which he can attend two dinners in one evening, make speeches, and do ample justice to the menu of both.

Rev. S. F. Smith, author of "My Country 'tis of Thee," was given a public reception on Thursday night, in Chicago, by the 19th Illinois Veteran Club, of which the venerable poet-preacher is an honorary member.

L. B. Davies, the man who ran the first locomotive in Ohio and who invented the condenser, is still engaged in active business at Columbus. His invention has been worth millions to the railroads, but he never got a cent for it.

Mrs. J. M. Kellogg, who has been practicing at the bar of the Missouri Supreme Court for eight years, was installed as First Assistant Attorney General of the State on Wednesday. Her husband is the Attorney General, whose law partner she has been for many years.

Dr. Piniel, of Paris, has succeeded in hypnotizing several subjects by means of the phonograph, paralyzing them, etc., and will A. A. Leche can generally succeed in almost paralyzing the fellow at the other end of the telephone, but then that is not regarded as a contribution to science.

Ja-Ja, the deposed King of Obobo, West Africa, is reported to be chafing under his exile at Kingston, West Indies, where he has a cottage for not more than an allowance of \$4000 a year from the English Government. Ja-Ja does nothing but jaw-jaw about going back to his native wilds, but it is altogether likely that he will end his days just where he is.

Butler Mahone, son of the ex-Senator, is one of the high rollers of Washington. He lights 25 cent cigars, takes two or three coffees, and throws them away, tutti fruti chewing gum, wears two or three different suits every day, wears a diamond horseshoe scarpin, three diamond rings, and drives the only tandem team in Washington.

Miss Marie Louise Eve is a rising poetess of Augusta, Ga., who is spoken of by an admiring critic as one "whose pure and gentle spirit is naturally attuned to the unwarlike settlement of controversies, who has made the South respected and loved, and with her woman's hand unbarred many a door to love which political disturbers had closed to hate."

dealing was concerned, and the best evidence of the esteem in which he was held by his fellow-citizens was afforded by his funeral, which was attended by several hundreds of the business men of Halifax of every creed and class. Such men are comparatively rare, and their example is to be commended to young business men beginning commercial life.

A healthy human body has strong powers of resistance against disease, but where weakness or lack of tone exists disease quickly assails it. Keep the system clean, the blood pure and the vital powers vigorous and active by the use of Burdock Blood Bitters, the true vitalizer and restorative.

STEAMSHIPS.

Canadian Pacific Steamship Line.

One of the Fast Clyde-built Steamships

Alberta and Athabasca

Is intended to leave Owen Sound at 3.30 p.m. every Wednesday and Sunday excepting the Steamship Express leaving Toronto at 11 a.m. for Port Arthur direct calling at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., only, making close connection with the through trains of the Canadian Pacific Railway for Winnipeg, British Columbia and all points in the North-West and Pacific Coast.

AND ONE OF THE PALACE SIDE-WHEEL STEAMERS

Carmona and Cambria

Is intended to leave Owen Sound every Tuesday and Friday at 1.30 p.m. on arrival of the Canadian Pacific Railway train leaving Toronto 7.55 a.m. for Sault Ste. Marie, calling at Killarney, Manitowaning, Shogomoc, Little Current, Kawagong, Gore Bay, Spanish River, Bassett's Mills, Serpent River, Algoma Mills, Blind River, Melnick Bay, Thessalon, Bruce Mines, Hillsburg, Flin Flay, and Arthur's Landing and Garden River.

W. C. VAN HORNE, President, Montreal.

INLAND NAVIGATION.

The Ottawa River Navigation Co.

Daily Line to Ottawa will begin May 13th.

MARKET LINE STEAMERS.

Sir PRINCES, for St. Ann's, Connaught, St. Andrews, Carleton, Point Fort, etc.

Sir DAGMAR, for Isle Perrot, Oka, Pt. Aux Anglais, St. Placide, Rigaud Village, will leave Canal Basin Wednesday, 24th April, at 6 a.m., and afterwards every Tuesday and Friday at same hour.

Sir MAUDE, for Brown's Wharf, Papineauville, will leave Canal Basin Wednesday, 24th April, at 6 p.m., and afterwards every Tuesday and Friday at same hour.

Freight and Passengers carried at lowest rates.

For further information apply at Company's Office, 88 Common Street, Canal Basin, Montreal, April 18th 1888.

Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co.

1889-SEASON-1889

The following steamers now run as under and call at the usual intermediate ports:—

TO LAKE SUPERIOR—Every Sunday and Monday, leave Montreal daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a.m.

STEAMSHIPS.

BEAVER LINE.

The Canada Shipping Co.'s

LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN MONTREAL & LIVERPOOL.

Comprising the following First-Class, Clyde built, Full-powered Iron Steamships:

Lake Ontario, Capt. H. Campbell, 5300 Tons

Lake Huron, Capt. Wm. Stewart, 5000 " "

Lake Superior, Capt. M.L. Trimmer, 4100 " "

Lake Michigan, Capt. D. Murray, 3500 " "

Lake Nepegin, Capt. F. Carey, 2500 " "

SUMMER SAILINGS, 1889.

Will be as follows:—

From Montreal, Friday, Steamships, Tuesday.

April 19, LAKE SUPERIOR, May 7

April 26, LAKE WINNIPEG, May 14

May 3, LAKE HURON, May 21

May 10, LAKE SUPERIOR, May 28

May 17, LAKE HURON, June 4

May 24, LAKE SUPERIOR, June 11

June 1, LAKE HURON, June 18

June 8, LAKE SUPERIOR, June 25

June 15, LAKE HURON, July 2

June 22, LAKE SUPERIOR, July 9

June 29, LAKE HURON, July 16

STEAMSHIPS.

REFORD'S AGENCIES

DONALDSON LINE

WEEKLY GLASGOW SERVICE,

Sailing from Montreal every Thursday Morning

SS. Concordia, 2,000 tons, 7th May

SS. Collina, 2,000 tons, 14th May

SS. Alcedo, 2,000 tons, 21st May

SS. Cynthia, 2,000 tons, 28th May

SS. Victoria, 2,000 tons, 4th June

Glasgow Agents—DONALDSON BROS., 165 St. Vincent street.

THOMSON LINE.

NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE SERVICE, VIA LONDON.

SAILING FROM MONTREAL ON OR ABOUT:

SS. Fremont, 3,500 tons, 21st May

SS. Gerona, 3,500 tons, 28th May

AGENTS—CAIRNS, YOUNG & NOBLE, Newcastle-on-Tyne; A. Low & Son, 2 Leadenhall street, London, E.C.; W. Thomson & Sons, Dundee, Scotland.

ROSS LINE.

LONDON SERVICE.

SAILING FROM MONTREAL ON OR ABOUT:

SS. Chelydra, 2,500 tons, 16th May

SS. Ocean King, 2,500 tons, 18th May

SS. Michigan, 3,000 tons, 31st May

London Agents—WILLIAM ROSS & CO., 3 India Avenue, E.C.

STEAMSHIPS.

DOMINION LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

SAILING DATES.

FROM MONTREAL, TO QUEBEC.

Oregon, Wed. May 8, Thur. May 9

Toronto, Wed. May 15, Thur. May 16

Vancouver, Wed. May 22, Thur. May 23

Sarnia, Wed. May 29, Thur. May 30

Bristol, Wed. June 5, Thur. June 6

Texas, from Montreal, About 8th May

Rates of Passage—Montreal or Quebec to Liverpool, Cabin \$9 to \$24, according to position of stateroom, with equal Saloon privileges.

Second Cabin \$5 to Liverpool or Glasgow, Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow or Belfast.

Prepaid Intermediate and Steerage Tickets issued at the lowest rates.

For freight or passage, apply in Liverpool FLINN, MAINE & MONTGOMERY, 34 James street, in London to MOLLWARTH, MOSELEY & Co., 5 Fenchurch street, in Quebec, W. M. MACDONALD, and at Grand Trunk Hall way Offices, or to

D. BATTERSBY, 174 St. James street.

W. D. O'BRIEN, 143 St. James street.

G. W. ROBINSON, 136 St. James street.

DAVID TORRANCE & CO., General Agents, Montreal.

June 6

INMAN

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

FOR QUEBEC, LONDON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT THE UNITED STATES MAIL PROPOSED SAILING.

STEAMSHIPS.

ALLAN LINE

Under contract with the Governments of Canada and Newfoundland for the Conveyance of the CANADIAN and UNITED STATES MAILS.

1889-Summer Arrangements-1889

This Company's Lines are composed of the following Double-ended, Clipper Iron STEAMSHIPS. They are built in water-tight compartments, are unsurpassed for strength, speed and comfort, and are up with all the modern improvements that practical experience can suggest, and have made the fastest time on record:—

Tons.

Acanian, 3,000, Capt. C. Mylius

Assyrian, 3,000, Capt. John Bentley

Austrian, 3,000, Capt. Vipond

Brazilian, 3,000, Capt. A. Macdonell

Buenos Ayren, 3,000, Capt. J. Scott

Canadian, 3,000, Capt. John Kerr

Caribbean, 3,000, Capt. J. G. McQuinn

Caspian, 3,000, Capt. A. McDougall

Cassian, 3,000, Capt. C. G. Mordaunt

Corcan, 3,000, Capt. C. G. Mordaunt

Frederic, 3,000, Capt. C. G. Mordaunt

Herbman, 3,000, Capt. C. G. Mordaunt

Lucerne, 3,000, Capt. C. G. Mordaunt

Manila, 3,000, Capt. C. G. Mordaunt

Monte Viden, 3,000, Capt. C. G. Mordaunt

Nestorian, 3,000, Capt. John France

Novoskian, 3,000, Capt. R. Carruthers

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## CORRESPONDENCE

Communications to THE MONTREAL HERALD must be written on one side of the paper only, and must be accompanied by the writer's name—not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

## The Senate's Hoist.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:—  
SIR,—THE HERALD has fallen into the same error as some other journals in regard to the Short Line Railway bill. The bill was not a bill for the appropriation of merely the \$500,000 contained in the Estimates and intended for surveys and explorations of the contemplated line, but a bill to authorize the construction of the missing link, as a Government work, and to provide all the millions necessary for the completion of the entire branch.

When the Supply came to the Senate on the last day of the session, Senator Miller asked the leader of the House, Hon. Mr. Abbott, if the sum of \$500,000, voted in the Estimates for the Short Line Railway, was contained in the bill, alleging that if that sum were included, he would not agree to the suspension of the rules of the House necessary to the passage of the bill on that day, unless the Government gave a distinct pledge that no part of it would be expended until the construction of the road was authorized by Parliament. Senator Abbott at once rose and said that he would positively promise that not one dollar would be spent on the proposed Short Line until the construction of the work was authorized by act of Parliament.

Ottawa, May 3, 1889. SPECTATOR.

## BASEBALL.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.  
BROOKLYN, May 5.—The Brooklyn and Athletics played a large crowd to-day. The game was stopped at the end of the second inning on account of darkness. The score was as follows:  
Athletics..... 0 0 1 0 0 4  
Brooklyn..... 1 0 0 0 0 6  
Batteries—Cross and Wethering; Terry and Clark. Umpire—Holland. Attendance, 12,614 people.  
At Columbus—  
Columbus..... 0 0 0 0 3 0 5 0  
Baltimore..... 0 7 0 1 0 0 0 2 10 8 1  
Batteries—Baldwin and Peoples; Foreman and Quinn.

## SUPERIOR TO METAL.

Compressed vegetable parchment is being experimented with for bearings on Prussian railways. An emulsion of water and oil, any of the mineral oils, is used as lubricant. The parchment soon becomes impregnated with oil, and is able to go a long time without a renewal of lubrication. Superiority to metal is claimed for it.

## COMING BACK FROM OKLAHOMA.

They are coming back with dust in their whiskers and curses in their throats. They are coming back in box cars, on trucks, in covered wagons and on foot. They are coming back hungry and penniless and offering to sell themselves for soap grease; they are coming back from Oklahoma, that beautiful land where the flowers grow and the streams gurgle—in the minds of those who have never seen it. The country is now being sold to the sons of the South; they blew in their inheritance, chewed husks with the swine and now, as previously remarked, they are coming back.—*Lincoln Journal*.

## HE SHOULD LIVE IN BOSTON.

In the Mobile city directory for the current year is found the name "Pork and Beans," which belongs to a fisherman residing on Water street. The man went there about two years ago as a sailor on board a vessel from the Mediterranean, and cast his lot with some fishermen he found there. He was reticent concerning his past history, and, having developed a fondness for pork and beans, his companions, for want of a better name, addressed him as "Pork and Beans." Gradually he came to recognize this name and adopted it as his own. He owns some property in his native land, and a young man who has been conducting his correspondence signs his letters "Pork and Beans." The fisherman has also received letters bearing this address: "Pork and Beans, Mobile, Ala."

## WAR MATERIAL OF AMERICAN DESIGNING.

Much of the Modern Machinery of War Found to be of American Origin.  
Scientific American: The world moves so fast and improvements follow one another in such rapid succession that the work of original designers is often lost amid a maze of modifications, and the imitator becomes famed above the artist. If we turn to modern war machinery we shall find apt illustrations of this and in most of the effective material in the great European armaments behold the cunning fashioning of the Yankee inventor. Admiral Porter has told us that the guns at Hampton Roads—the Monitor and Merrimack fight—were rounded through the world and announced to the British that their great steam fleet—the finest in the world at that time—was obsolete. The great iron fleets of to-day have been developed from the monitor germ. The liquid compass, that makes it possible to navigate iron and steel ships, is the invention of Mr. Ritchie, of Brookline, Mass.

The world talk of the Krupp gun, yet how few are aware of the fact that it was only through the invention of the American Col. Bradwell, that Herr Krupp was enabled to make his guns effective? Gen. S. V. Benet, Chief of Ordnance, U.S.A., speaking on this subject, says: "All modern steel guns are of one or two systems, either the Krupp bolt system or the interrupted screw used in the French service. Our guns are of the latter system, which seems to offer the greatest advantages. Like all good modern inventions, it is an American one. So, for that matter, is the Krupp, or rather what gave Krupp the invention the practical value. The great trouble with the Krupp gun was the escape of gas at the breech. This was overcome by the aid of the 'Bradwell plate,' the invention of Col. Bradwell, an American who sold Krupp the invention. It consists of a thin steel plate, with elastic edges, that fits in the breech, and the pressure of the gas wedges it tightly against the sides and prevents the escape of gas."

The machine gun, that terrible weapon now so important a part of the great European armaments both on land and sea, is primarily an invention of the American, Dr. Gatling; the French mitrailleuse is a modification of it, so is the Nordenfett. In June, 1853, Nordenfett brought suit against Gardner, inventor of the Gardner machine gun, for infringement. Gardner showed that the principles on which the Nordenfett gun was constructed had long been developed in

the American Gatling machine gun and Winchester rifle, indeed long before 1853, when Nordenfett got his English patent. It may fairly be said that this principle has found its highest development in the automatic gun of the American, Hiram Paxim, a gun which will fire 600 shots a minute, the recoil being utilized to load and fire and to keep a stream of water moving about the barrels for cooling. The disappearing gun mechanism is also his invention. The screw propeller, an invention that makes it possible to sink the motive power of a war ship, with in and without, out of range of flying shot, though first tried in British waters, found no favor till Captain Ericsson came hither. The revolver, now in universal use, is, as everybody knows, the invention of Col. Colt, of Connecticut. We may add to the list the dynamite gun, the infancy of its development, and the dynamite cruiser, intended to make up for its shortcomings in point of range, of which an English authority recently said there was not probably a ship afloat that would be safe before it. The torpedo, now holding so important a place among war material, was first made practical and effective during our last war; its cousin, the automobile torpedo, of comparatively recent designing, is also American, though there are several foreign forms of the same.

## Excited Over a Skeleton.

NORWALK, Conn., May 3.—In Stamford, on Wednesday, labourers at work on George Baldwin's farm dug up a human skeleton which was found about a foot under ground. The discovery has created something of a sensation and weird stories are being told of people who have suddenly disappeared. One is that a demented woman named Adams, who died a year or so ago, and was never heard from. The skull of the skeleton was crushed. There was nothing about the discovery to lead to an identification, and the indications are that the mystery will never be unraveled.

## Scattered Coffins Along the Street.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 4.—A ghastly accident was witnessed in one of the principal streets of Indianapolis to-day, when a team attached to a wagon loaded with coffins containing corpses that were being transferred from an old cemetery to a new one became frightened and ran away. While dashing down the street at breakneck speed the wagon tongue dropped and ploughed into the ground. The wagon was upset and its impetus carried it forward, landing it upon the backs of the horses. Coffins were scattered along the street. One burst wide open and the skull of a skeleton rolled on the ground, while bones were thrown about promiscuously.

## PROTECTED TO DEATH.

A Massachusetts Town Bereft of Its Chief Industry.

BOSTON, May 4.—Protected to death would be a fitting epitaph for the Boston and Sandwich Glass Company. It is dead beyond recall, although it still declines to have the last rites administered. The last act in the losing contest with protection, of which the members of the company have been and are obstinate advocates, was the sale of the entire stock of cut glassware, including all at the factories in Sandwich and all the company's warehouses in this city, to Jones, McDuffie & Stratton, of Boston, the sale also including the moulds.

The company thus parted with everything except its real estate and building plant at Sandwich, which it will be very difficult to dispose of, even if it is free from incumbrances. It ends a manufacturing business of fifty years, once thriving, but of late years moribund, and about the only mechanical industry of the town of Sandwich.

Manufactured a superior quality of fine cut glassware and long did it, at a profit, in spite of the fact that the competing Pennsylvania manufacturers procured their coal at little more than one-half what it cost the Sandwich company. After a business of forty years labour agitators finally reached this little village, and labour troubles followed in their steps and added to the firm's difficulties. Then came the application to glass manufactures of natural gas in the West at a cost much less than coal, still further complicating matters for this Eastern concern. During the last few years it has simply been a vain struggle against the inevitable. The tariff on coal prevented the ample coal deposits of Nova Scotia from being dumped on the company's wharf at Sandwich at a price which would enable it to manufacture glassware at a profit, for the company's goods have always been in fairly steady demand without much regard to the price of the goods of Pennsylvania or Western manufactures.

The same tariff on coal, of course, forced it to pay whatever the Pennsylvania coal ring demanded, but the company did what it could to continue the system by which it was oppressed. Several months ago, or shortly after, the capital stock of this institution has been declared, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city, and at its Branches, on and after SATURDAY, the First day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,  
W. J. BUCHANAN,  
General Manager.  
Montreal, 24th April, 1889. ws 3J 99

The Canadian Bank of Commerce  
DIVIDEND NO. 44

Notice is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of Five per cent. for the current half year, (making a total distribution for the year of Ten per cent.) upon the Paid-up Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city, and at its Branches, on and after SATURDAY, the First day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,  
J. W. PLUMMER,  
Asst. General Manager.  
Toronto, April 23rd 1889. 25A 43,20M 99

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE Shareholders of the Bank will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, the THIRSDAY of June next. The chair to be taken at One o'clock.

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General Manager.  
Montreal, 24th April, 1889. ws 3J 99

had been guilty of the same "crime" as his friend and comrade, and invited the police to place him also under arrest. A similar course was pursued by Mr. Conybeare. The constabulary, however, refused to do so, and those gentlemen intimated their intention of proceeding from house to house till their work was completed. This was done, and at Mr. Harrison's request he returned about with the police, who formed a cordon around him. The police refused not only bail, but access to the prisoner on the part of Mr. O'Hea, M.P., as his solicitor. Mr. Conybeare thereupon went to the bedroom of the resident magistrate, Mr. Cameron, who was staying at the police barracks. Mr. Conybeare knocked loudly for several minutes at the bedroom door, but no response was returned, and finally Mr. Conybeare entered the room. Mr. Cameron, jumping from his bed, shouted loudly, "Get out of my house, or I'll throw you out. How dare you come into my house at one o'clock in the morning? Get out, sir!" Mr. Conybeare said that he called to see whether, as magistrate, he was going to arrest him. Mr. Harrison's release on bail till this morning, Mr. Cameron's reply was emphatic:—"No, I'll take no bail. Get out of my place this instant, or I'll arrest you by—! If I'd my clothes on I'd arrest you." Mr. Conybeare said he certainly had every reason to thank him for his dignified, gentlemanly and magisterial demeanor and left the house.

At eleven o'clock Mr. Harrison was brought before Mr. Bourke, R.M., in Falcarragh Barracks. Mr. Harrison was represented by Mr. Conybeare, who acted in his capacity as counsel, being instructed by Mr. O'Hea, M.P. The deposition having been completed, Mr. Conybeare said he had to protest most emphatically against the fact that neither he nor Mr. O'Hea had been permitted to visit their client. He also protested against the extraordinary conduct of the divisional magistrate, Mr. Cameron. The magistrate said he would adjourn the case till the morning, and if it were a prisoner to bail. Mr. Conybeare said he was instructed by the prisoner to state that he would find no bail. The charge was that of supplying loaves of bread to starving peasants, besieged by the bayonets of the military, and if it were a crime against the Coercion law he would appeal to the English people and he was prepared to try the issue. The accused said that he recognized no offence in giving charity, and having been subjected to so many indignities before bail was offered, he now scorned to give any bail.

PATENTS!  
TRADE MARKS AND DESIGNS.  
R. A. KELLOD, Solicitor and Expert.  
Head Office:—156 St. James Street, MONTREAL.  
Branches:—24 King Street East, Toronto.  
Pacific Building, Westport, B.C.  
Agencies:—All Foreign Capitals. LM 65

BANQUE VILLE MARIE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. upon the Paid-up Stock of this Institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at its Head Office in Montreal, on and after

Saturday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 20th to the 31st of May next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,  
U. GARAND,  
Cashier.  
98 ws

BANK OF MONTREAL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a dividend of Five per cent. for the current half year, (making a total distribution for the year of Ten per cent.) upon the Paid-up Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city, and at its Branches, on and after SATURDAY, the First day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,  
W. J. BUCHANAN,  
General Manager.  
Montreal, 24th April, 1889. ws 3J 99

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE Shareholders of the Bank will be held at the Banking House on MONDAY, the THIRSDAY of June next. The chair to be taken at One o'clock.

By order of the Board,  
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Montreal, 24th April, 1889. ws 3J 99

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**A. & S. NORDHEIMER.**

**GREAT SALE OF PIANOS AND ORGANS!**

Entire Stock of Chickering, Steinway, Haines, Gabler, Everett and Nordheimer Pianos, SQUARE, UPRIGHT AND GRAND.

Now being sold at prices and terms never before offered in this city for stock of this high-class grade. Large selection of SECOND-HAND PIANOS, of standard makers, at great bargains. Sale now going on at 1535 Notre Dame Street.

**THE CELEBRATED "JOHN JAMESON WHISKEY" REALIZES THE HIGHEST PRICE IN THE Irish Whiskey Market.**

THIS LABEL IS WATERMARKED

**JOHN JAMESON & SON.**  
Bow Street Distillery, Dublin.

Who are not connected with any other Distillery.

Can be obtained in bulk of bottle by all Dealers (one, two, or three Stars), from their

Sole Export Bottling Agents,  
**CHAS. DAY & CO.,**  
17 Water Lane, LONDON  
- - - Montreal.

**JOHN JAMESON & SON.**  
Established 1769  
REGISTERED TRADE MARK  
(BOW ST. DISTILLERY)  
**DUBLIN WHISKEY.**

SPECIAL EXPORT BOTTLE LABELS.  
Reduced fac simile.  
**HENRY CHAPMAN & CO. Agents,**

**THOS. ROBERTSON & CO.**  
MONTREAL AND GLASGOW.  
IRON, STEEL AND METAL MERCHANTS.  
Railway Supplies, Plumbers' and Steamfitters' Supplies.  
SOLE AGENTS FOR

"COLTNESS," "DALMELLINGTON," "CARTRIDGE," "EGLINTON," and "LONSDALE HEMATITE," "PIG IRON," "PRIMA DONNA," "SHANAN," Sanitary Appliances, "JULIEN," Charcoal Iron & Golder Plate. "THOS. GLOVER'S" Dry Gas Meters. Also, MANUFACTURERS OF WROUGHT IRON TUBING, for Gas, Steam and Water. Also, BOLLER TUBES, made from iron or steel.

**McINTYRE, SON & CO.**  
DRY GOODS IMPORTERS,  
SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR  
Ferd. Rouillon KID GLOVES, Grenoble.  
Erskine, Beveridge, & Co.'s LINENS, Dunfermline.

**THE LARGEST INCREASE OF ANY BRAND.**

**"Piper-Heidsieck"**  
"SEC"  
CHAMPAGNE.  
Importation in 1888, 43,432 Baskets,  
Being an Increase over 1887 of 4,116 Baskets.  
**JOHN OSBORN, SON & CO.,**  
SOLE AGENTS.

**EVERY DESCRIPTION**  
—OF—  
**Printing, Publishing,**  
—AND—  
**BOOKBINDING**  
EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS AND PROMPTNESS BY  
**The Herald Company**  
(LIMITED)  
No. 6 Beaver Hall Hill.

No better appointed job Printing Office in the Dominion; complete with all the LATEST STYLES of TYPE, PERFORMS AND HANDY MACHINERY. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

**Binding-and-Ruling**  
IN EVERY STYLE.  
BLANK BOOKS, LEDGERS, JOURNALS, DAY BOOKS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, CATALOGUES, PRICE LISTS, CIRCULARS, LAW FACTUMS, Bill Heads, Note and Letter Heads, MERCANTILE WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.  
Artistic Work, New Designs.

**HEALTH FOR ALL.**  
Holloway's Pills and Ointment.  
THE PILLS  
Purify the Blood, correct all Disorders of the  
**LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS.**  
They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are invaluable in all Complaints incidental to Females of all ages. For children and the aged they are priceless.

**THE OINTMENT**  
Is an infallible remedy for Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers, and is famous for Gout and Rheumatism. For disorders of the Chest it has no equal.

**For Sore Throats, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Glandular Swellings, and all Skin Diseases** it has no rival, and for contracted and stiff joints it acts like a charm.

Manufactured only at Thomas HOLLOWAY'S Establishment,  
8 OXFORD STREET (late 533 OXFORD STREET,) LONDON,  
and are sold at 1s. 1d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Box or Pot, and may be had of all Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

Purchasers should look to the Label on the Pots and Boxes. If the address is 533 Oxford Street, London, they are spurious.

## COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

ISAAC C. McRAE and L. ROSS RABOLD have this day been admitted as partners with ALLAN FREEMAN to continue and carry on the Restaurant Business at No. 128 St. James St., Montreal, City, under the name of

A. FREEMAN & CO.  
May, 1st 1889. r 106

## NOTICE.

The special partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the name and style of "T. W. HOLMES & CO." has been this day dissolved by limitation of time. The undersigned, Thomas W. Holmes, is authorized to liquidate the affairs of the said co-partnership.

T. W. HOLMES,  
F. W. AVERY,  
Montreal, 1st May, 1889. r 104

**LAVAL HOUSE,**  
BORD-A-POUFFE.  
SEASON-1889.  
(Limited number of boarders).  
Cheap and excellent table service. A number of rooms reserved for transients. Permanent boarders have use of boats free, and no charge for Omnibus to and from Depot. Telephone call, "Laval House."  
H. J. BEST,  
Proprietor.

**OFFICES TO LET.**  
IMPERIAL BUILDING!  
May be seen now.  
Ready for tenants on or before May 1st Next  
Apply at 6 HOSPITAL ST., or to  
**J. PHILIP WITHERS & CO.,**  
204 St. James Street. mwf 38

**TO LET,**  
Building, No. 523 St. James St.  
Cor. Cathedral, near G.T.R. Depot.  
At present occupied by the Dominion Paper Car Company and C.P.R. Land Office. Offices neatly furnished and heated by hot water. Also, three comfortable Bed Rooms at Lachine, close to Upper Station. Apply to  
**DAWES & CO.,**  
521 St. James street.

**THE VOCALION**  
(PATENTED THROUGHOUT THE WORLD).  
One of the most important Musical Inventions of the XIXth Century.  
—FOR—  
Churches, Chancels, Vestries, Choral Societies, Musical Assemblies, Conventions, Lodges, Professions and Amateur Organists and the Home Circle.

—APPROVED OF AND ENDORSED BY—  
E. H. TURPIN, President of the College of Organists, London, Eng.; ADELINA PATTI, the Prima Donna, St. ARTHUR'S CATHEDRAL, VAN, HENRY IRVING, The Archbishop of Canterbury, CARDINAL MANNING, and many other eminent authorities.

Owing to peculiarities of invention and the method of construction, the thin metallic tone of the reed, as found in the Cabinet Organ, is transformed into a full, rich tone, as found in the Pipe organ, yet quite distinct in its character, though equally beautiful and effective.

Copy of Testimonial Letter from the REV. HUGH JOHNSTON, Toronto.  
60 SPADINA AVENUE, TORONTO.  
April 9th, 1889.

MESSRS. MASON & KISCH.  
GENTLEMEN,—I wish to express to you my own satisfaction as well as the delight of the Trustees of Trinity Methodist Church, over the success of your new and wonderful instrument, the Vocalion.

Our new church seats 1800 very comfortably and on Sabbath last we had the very large congregations, its prevailing carrying power was well tested and it sustained the congregation and the choir in the hymns and Anthems while in the solos that were rendered by Miss Mary, CARDINAL MANNING, and many other eminent authorities.

Our Organist, Mr. W. J. McNally, a skilled musician from the Leipzig Conservatory of Music, is greatly pleased with the tone qualities of the instrument and we are beginning to wonder whether in variety and breadth of tone, as well as of power and boldness, our \$850 Vocalion will not serve for many years in the place of a \$4000 or \$5000 Pipe Organ.

I am, yours very sincerely,  
(Sd.) HUGH JOHNSTON.

Send for Catalogue and Price List  
—TO—  
**GEORGE J. SHEPPARD,**  
SOLE AGENT FOR PROVINCE OF QUEBEC,  
2282 ST. CATHERINE STREET.

N.B.—The Vocalion is manufactured for Messrs. Mason and Kisch, by S. R. Warren & Son, the eminent Pipe Organ Builders of Toronto.

**GLUE**  
**JULIUS HEROLD**

Manufacturer of Gelatin and hide-glue in Monzingen (Rhineland Prussia) offers very prize-worthy best hide-glue of highest strength, light yellow colour and free of acid and grease, suitable for binding, and all other purposes demanding a good and fine glue.

Prize medal in Melbourne, 1889. Please send for samples.

Authorized trade is wanted. In the United States.

Price 30c per lb. 10c per lb. 10c per lb.

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**AUCTION SALES.**  
By Benning & Barsalou.  
**REGULAR**  
**Auction Trade Sale**  
—OF—  
General Dry and  
Fancy Goods, etc.

**BENNING & BARSALOU,**  
AUCTIONEERS,  
Nos. 86 and 88 ST. PETER ST.,  
WILL sell on  
**WEDNESDAY, the 8th May,**  
At 10 o'clock sharp,  
Full lines of  
**SPRING & SUMMER GOODS**

Flashes, Velveteens, viz.: Cottons, Prints, Satins, Ginghams, Cretones, Cashmires, Alpaca, Flannels, Hosiery, Braces, Fancy Goods, Notions, Etc., Etc.

Also  
Merchant Tailoring Goods.  
About 200 pieces Woolens, comprising Tweeds, Suitings, Coatings, Trouserings, Cloakings and Overcoatings, Etc.

Also  
A consignment of  
Men's and Boys' Soft and Hard Felt Hats, Black and Drab.  
Boys' Scotch Caps, Ladies' Straw Hats, Etc. And a large assortment of other articles. The whole without reserve.  
LIBERAL TERMS.

**Very Important Sale**  
—OF—  
**JOB LINENS!**  
BY CATALOGUE.  
**BENNING & BARSALOU,**  
AUCTIONEERS  
Nos. 86 and 88 ST. PETER STREET,  
WILL SELL ON  
**WEDNESDAY, the 8th May,**  
At 2-30 o'clock prompt,  
A large and important assortment of House-keeping Linens, just received by SS. Norwegian

Embracing Full Lines of:—  
Bleached, Half-Bleached, Cream and Brown Damasks,  
Dinning, Bleached and Half-Bleached Towels,  
Sheetings, Napkins, Doilies,  
Bleached and Unbleached Doilies,  
Oatmeal, Rice and Dinner Towels, etc.

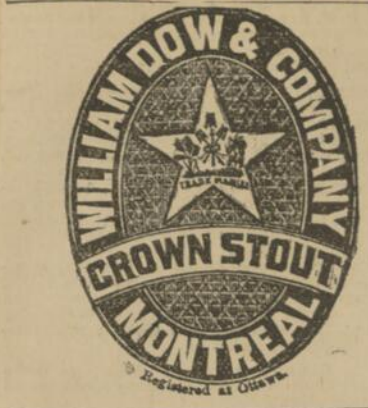
Also  
21 cases and 16 packages of Job Linens, consisting in part of:—  
Striped and Plain Crash, Fine Towelling,  
Bleached and Brown Russia Crash, Plain and Check Towelling, Dico, Fluck and Damask Towels, Embroidery Cloths, Checked Dusters, Half Bleached Glass Cloth, Blue and White Bengal, Shoe Duck, Oatmeal Crash, Napkins, Russia Sheetings, Cream Padding, Blue plane Doilies, Bleached Damasks in great variety of Styles.

Goods ready for examination, with catalogues, after 3-30 a.m. on day of sale.  
Catalogues mailed free on application.  
The attention of the trade is invited.

By James Stewart & Co.  
**Spring Auction Sales**  
**JAMES STEWART & CO.,**  
General Auctioneers,  
are prepared to make arrangements for the sale of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.  
Personal attention  
Prompt returns.  
204 ST



## ALES AND LIQUORS.



JOHN H. R. MOLSON &amp; BROS.

Ale and Porter Brewers,  
1006 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.  
Have always on hand the various kinds of  
ALE AND PORTER  
IN WOOD AND BUTTLE.

Families regularly supplied.  
Orders received by Telephone.  
Mr. Wm. Watson, 215 St. Urbain street,  
bottles our Ales and Porter. He is authorized  
to use our labels.

John Hope & Co.  
MONTREAL.

AGENTS IN CANADA FOR

JOHN DE KUYPER &amp; SON, Rotterdam

MARTELL &amp; CO., Cognac.

JULES RUBIN &amp; CO., Cognac.

MOET &amp; CHANDON, Epernay

DEINHARD &amp; CO., Cognac.

BARTON &amp; GUESTIER, Bordeaux.

M. MISSA, Xeres de la Frontera.

COCKBURN, SMITHES &amp; CO., Oporto.

MULLER &amp; DARTHEZ, Tarragona.

RODEL &amp; FILS FRERES, Bordeaux.

E. &amp; J. BURKE, Dublin.

PATTERSON &amp; HIBBERT, London.

BULLOCK, LADE &amp; CO., Glasgow.

WM. JAMESON &amp; CO., Dublin.

CANTRELL &amp; COCHRANE, Dublin.

-AND-

BOOTH'S OLD TOM GIN, etc.

N.B.—ORDERS RECEIVED FROM THE

WHOLESALE TRADE ONLY.

December 22

SAINT ALEXIS.

A RUSSIAN CLARET.

FULL IN FLAVOR AND BODY

MODERATE IN PRICE.

FREDERICK KINGSTON,

WINE MERCHANT,

25 Hospital Street, Montreal.

HOTELS.

ST. LAWRENCE HALL

135 to 139 St. James Street,

Montreal.

HENRY HOGAN, Proprietor.

THE BEST KNOWN HOTEL IN THE DOMINION.

July 25

ST. LOUIS HOTEL,

QUEBEC.

CHATEAU ST. LOUIS HOTEL, Co.

Proprietors.

HOTEL BRUNSWICK

Fifth Avenue New York.

This most fashionable and centrally located

hotel has been renovated from top to bottom,

and is now re-opened under management of

E. H. Southgate upon the American and

European plans. This hotel is the favorite

resort for Canadians.

MITCHELL, KINZLER SOUTHGATE,

Proprietors.

Comfortable Rooms, \$2 per day; Board \$2.50

per day.

THE RUSSELL,

OTTAWA.

The Palace Hotel of Canada.

This magnificent new Hotel, fitted up in

the most modern style, is now open. The

amenities contain accommodations for over

FOUR HUNDRED GUESTS, with passenger

and baggage elevators, and commands a

splendid view of the city. Parliamentary

grounds, river and canal. Visitors to the

Capital having business with the Government

and the most convenient to stop at the

Russell, where they can always meet leading

public men. The entire Hotel is supplied

with escapes, and in case of fire there would

not be any confusion or danger.

Every attention paid to guests.

KENLEY &amp; ST. JACQUES,

Proprietors.

February

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

BAKER'S

Breakfast Cocoa

Warranted absolutely pure

Cocoa, from which the excess of

oil has been removed. Has more

than three times the strength of

Cocoa mixed with Sugar. Arrow-

root or Sugar, and is therefore far

more economical, costing less than

one cent a cup. It is delicious,

nutritious, strengthening, easily

digested, and admirably adapted

for invalids as well as for persons

in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER &amp; CO., Dorchester, Mass.

RUPTURE

The last 25 years have adjusted more

Trusses than any man in America. Val-

uable Patent, my own invention, in Trus-

ses, Spinal and Club Feet Instruments,

without touching your hip, no straps whatever,

waterproof. Largest stock of general Trusses, also

the great Clasp Spinal Trusses in stock. Reliable

system for cure of RUPTURE BY MAIL.

Spinal Instruments of other makes

and most effective.

CLUB FEET

claim the only me-

chanical system to

straighten Club Feet (Patented).

Will prove to anybody that operation

never did cure Club Feet.

Send 50 cent stamp for Book.

CHAS. CLUTHE, 118 King St. W., Toronto

I will visit Ottawa, Grand Union

Hotel, Saturday, July 6th.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO LET,

662 &amp; 664 SHERBROOKE STREET

(Close to Bleury Street).

J. PHILIP WITHERS &amp; CO.,

Mechanics' Hall.

204 St. James st

71

BRISTOLS

PILLS

The Infallible Remedy

of the Liver

and Kidney

ALLEN'S LUNG

BARK

(This Baggings represents the Lung in a healthy state)

THE REMEDY FOR CURING

CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS,

ASTHMA, CROUP,

ALL DISEASES OF THE THROAT, LUNGS AND

PULMONARY ORGANS.

BY ITS FAITHFUL USE

CONSUMPTION HAS BEEN CURED

When other Remedies and Physicians have

failed to effect a cure.

Recommended by F. J. C. MINISTERS, and

Nurses. In fact, by everybody who has given

it a trial. It is the only remedy known to

AS AN EXPECTORANT IT HAS NO EQUAL.

It is harmless to the Most Delicate Child.

It contains no OPIUM in any form.

PRICE 25c, 50c and \$1.00 PER BOTTLE.

DAVIS &amp; LAWRENCE CO. (Limited),

General Agents, MONTREAL.

MARVELOUS

MEMORY

DISCOVERY.

Only Genuine System of Memory Training.

Four Books Learned in one reading.

Mind wandering cured.

Every child and adult greatly benefited.

Great inducements to Correspondence Classes.

Prospectus, with opinions of Dr. Wm. A. Ham-

mond, the world-famous Specialist in Brain Dis-

eases, Daniel Greenleaf Thompson, the great Psychol-

ogist, Dr. H. H. H. D. P., Editor of the Christian

Advocate, N. Y., Richard Proctor, the Scientist,

and others, sent free by mail.

Prof. A. LOISELLE, 237 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

Feb. 15

8m 17 37

THE GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

Assured cure of all diseases of the

throat, lungs, and chest, by the use of

this simple and effective remedy. It is

the only remedy known to cure these

diseases, and is the only remedy known

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