

MORE TROUBLE.

Peace Commission Suspendings.

A SIGNIFICANT DELAY.

Waiting for Instructions From Madrid.

SPAIN STILL HOLDS BACK.

Admiral Sampson States Unofficially that Spain's Fleet and Government Must Cease Fire.

Paris, Oct. 19.—The Spanish Peace Commission was unable to meet the United States Peace Commission at the joint session arranged for to-day, and the next meeting of the two Commissions has been fixed for Friday next.

Judge Day, President of the American Commission, received a communication this morning from Senator Montero Rios, President of the Spanish Commission, saying that the advice expected, but not received, from Madrid, made it necessary for himself and his colleagues to request a postponement of any further conference until Friday next.

A courteous reply was returned by Secretary Moore, on behalf of the American Commissioners, granting an extension of the time for the next meeting as requested.

SIGNIFICANT DELAY.

While the deferring of any one conference for two days is not in itself an important request, the delay by the Spaniards at this juncture is somewhat more than significant.

The game of diplomacy now progressing here has reached a stage which makes it necessary that the next meeting be made by the Spanish Commission. They are confronted by the plain fact of the protocol agreement to relinquish and evacuate without "ifs," "ands" or "buts."

It has become clear here that the Spaniards cherish the hope that the emergency of the Spanish Commission will follow a given path and even wander and do less or more than named in the protocol compact.

The American Commissioners have, however, firmly adhered to the boundary lines already mutually established and within which they insist that the Spaniards must follow.

As well as themselves shall they proceed.

MINISTERS FLOP OVER.

Madrid, Oct. 19.—It is announced that all the Ministers of the Government of Porto Rico, with the exception of the Minister of Justice, will consent to become naturalized citizens of the United States.

SPAIN HOLDS BACK.

Havana, Oct. 19.—The Spanish Evacuation Commission claims that it will be practically impossible to evacuate Cuba in the short period of time fixed by the American ultimatum.

The names of the members of the Spanish Evacuation Commission are as follows:—1. L. R. Brunelle, 2. O. J. Begin, 3. Geo. Moreau, 4. Pierre Duval, 5. Alderman Joseph J. Lavery, 6. Alderman P. J. Ove, 7. Alderman Noel Rancour, 8. James Barclay, 9. Jos. Daltre, 10. Alvo. Legere, 11. Ed. Boeupre, 12. Geo. Gingras, 13. Dr. Rinfret, 14. Jules Bailaigron, 15. Achille Begin, 16. E. Begin, 17. Eusebe Gauvin, 18. J. M. Digneau, private detective, 19. Cyr. Duquet, 20. Alphege Begin, 21. J. B. Lessard, 22. Gustave Blais, 23. Aug. Daltre, 24. Geo. Gingras, 25. Dr. Boeupre, 26. F. X. Gauthier (expert).

The report of His Honor Judge Dery, which covered 49 pages of foolscap typewritten, was read by the Secretary of the Committee, Mr. Malouin. The report found a lack of discipline and unity in the Evacuation Commission, but stated that the three evacuees were all good, capable men, and recommended that an effort be made to have Mr. Brunelle and his assistants, Messrs. Noreau and Begin, work in harmony.

His Honor the Mayor declared that the honor of the metropolis was at stake, and that the Evacuation Commission must be on duty between the following hours:—From 12 to 4 p.m. Mr. Noreau from 4 p.m. to 8 p.m. Mr. Brunelle from 8 p.m. to 11 p.m. Mr. Begin from 11 p.m. to 4 a.m., and Mr. Noreau from 4 a.m. until 9 a.m. With this arrangement Mr. Brunelle will never follow Mr. Begin, and the difficulty will probably be removed.

It was decided that the Secretary and the President of the Committee should see the Superintendent and his two assistants together, to inform them of the change, which is to take place on Saturday morning, and to serve them each with a copy of the resolution of the Committee, with their hour of office. The following instructions will also be given to them; previous to each relief taking over the duty, the man in charge shall, in the presence of the relief, make a test of the instruments, a report of which must be entered in a book kept for the purpose and be signed by both parties. The committee decided, on motion of Alderman Cote (St. John), that Mr. Peter Wright be given the key of the department. It is suggested that in the event of the new arrangement failing to give satisfaction, all the men be dismissed.

INSURGENTS MAKE TROUBLE.

London, Oct. 19.—Major-General Wesley Merritt, who has arrived here from Paris, where he has been giving the United States Peace Commission the benefit of his observations on the situation in Washington and Paris. Aguinaldo's agent is quoted as declaring that the insurgents had a formal agreement with Rear Admiral Dewey, whereby absolute freedom was promised them in return for their assistance.

General Merritt, which he had with Admiral Dewey he was satisfied that no arrangement had been entered into with the Philippine leaders. The General added:—

"If the Filipinos were allowed independence now it would result in fighting between the leaders, which would be more disastrous than any revolution which has hitherto broken out. Aguinaldo's following is slim, and if there was an election to-day I do not believe he would be President."

The trend of General Merritt's view or advice furnished to the United States Peace Commission in Paris may be gathered from statements he made to-day:—

"While some of the Filipinos are able, I am not acquainted with any one of them who is capable of governing. I do not believe the insurgents will resist the American forces, but there is one certain—they will submit to again being ruled by Spaniards. If America takes possession of the Philippines Islands it will result in a new era in the Philippines and in our own country. The Islands are of immense strategic value, morally and commercially, and they are easily defended. My study of the British Colonies has greatly interested me. They ought to prove a valuable object lesson to the United States. The British system is as perfect as devisable."

A PERMANENT STATION.

Washington, D.C., Oct. 19.—Admiral Schley was to-day, by order of the Navy Department, placed in command of the Naval Station at San Juan de Porto Rico. It is the intention of the Naval Department to send another naval officer to relieve the Admiral of the command very soon, and to maintain a permanent station in this most important port.

TO GAOL A LEGISLATOR.

Motion in an Ontario Case Against a Conservative M.P.

Toronto, Ont., Oct. 19.—In the South Huron election protest case this morning, a motion was made before Judge Oler to commit Henry Koller, Conservative member for the riding, for contempt of Court, for not appearing for examination when called on. The motion was enlarged till Friday.

A motion was made at Osgoode Hall this morning for leave to add new particulars in the West Victoria election petition. Leave was refused on behalf of the respondents in the case of the Conservative member Potts. A motion was made to strike out the particulars already filed, on technical grounds. Judgment was reserved.

LAURIER AT KINGSTON.

Speaks Encouraging Words to the Military Cadets there.

Kingston, Oct. 19.—Last evening Sir Wilfrid Laurier addressed the gentlemen cadets of the Royal Military College, who formed a guard of honor for the Vice-regal party, and complimented them on their fine soldierly appearance.

After saying a few words of encouragement to them he wished each of them every prosperity in the particular branch of the service which he intended to enter. Lord Aberdeen also addressed the Cadets, telling them that he was sorry he could not visit the Royal Military College on this occasion. He had been there before and was well acquainted with the equipment. He cheerfully offered to do any service he could for graduates in England.

A DEFEAT FOR THE C. P. R.

Arbitrators Report Upon Its Right to a Differential.

THE RIGHT REFUSED.

Shows That the C.P.R. Had the Wrong Side of the Fight.

Chicago, Oct. 19.—The arbitrators selected to decide whether the Canadian Pacific Railway is entitled to a differential under the rates made by the United States lines on freight traffic between San Francisco and eastern points on or east of the Missouri River have rendered a decision to the effect that the Canadian Pacific Railway is not entitled to a differential.

FIRE ALARM TROUBLE.

The Recorder Concludes His Enquiry.

OFFICERS WARNED TO AGREE.

The Fire Committee met last evening under the Presidency of Alderman Madden. There were present His Worship the Mayor, Aldermen Foley, Norris, Cote (St. John), Cantin (St. Valier), Rancour, Dusault, Drouin, Drot, Boisvert, Roy, Pelletier (St. John), Gilhen, Lavery, Vincent, L. Cantin (St. Sauveur) and Turcotte.

Mr. Hudon, the expert named for the purpose, made his report on the tenders for cloth for the firemen's uniforms. It was decided on motion of Aldermen Foley and Norris, that the tender of Mr. Kinahan be accepted at \$1.25 per yard (double width), and that Mr. Du Bonville be selected to make the uniforms at \$4.35 each.

Copies of the evidence in the City Fire Alarm Telegraph enquiry were handed according to the members. The names of the witnesses are as follows:—1. L. R. Brunelle, 2. O. J. Begin, 3. Geo. Moreau, 4. Pierre Duval, 5. Alderman Joseph J. Lavery, 6. Alderman P. J. Ove, 7. Alderman Noel Rancour, 8. James Barclay, 9. Jos. Daltre, 10. Alvo. Legere, 11. Ed. Boeupre, 12. Geo. Gingras, 13. Dr. Rinfret, 14. Jules Bailaigron, 15. Achille Begin, 16. E. Begin, 17. Eusebe Gauvin, 18. J. M. Digneau, private detective, 19. Cyr. Duquet, 20. Alphege Begin, 21. J. B. Lessard, 22. Gustave Blais, 23. Aug. Daltre, 24. Geo. Gingras, 25. Dr. Boeupre, 26. F. X. Gauthier (expert).

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THE WAR SCARE.

Broken Out Again Worse Than Ever.

SIR MICHAEL HICKS-BEACH

Impresses England and Excites Greatest Concern BY AN OUTSPOKEN SPEECH.

France Prepares Warlike Preparations and is Excessively Frightened at the Tone of English Papers.

London, Oct. 20.—The speech of Sir Michael Hicks-Beach at North Shields last evening has deeply impressed England and the utmost concern is felt as to how France will receive it. The idea has been prevalent that the French have not realized how seriously England has felt on the Fashoda question, which has been coupled with a desire that France would not force England to an armed support of Lord Salisbury's stand.

Most of the morning papers elaborate some of the exciting descriptions of the belligerent preparations of France.

The Paris correspondent of the Daily Mail says:—"In Toulon and Brest every nerve is strained to get ready for war, which may break out on short notice. The Paris press is growing more and more determined to back up extreme measures over a resort to arms."

The French have been excessively piqued by the threatening tone of the English papers, which is a more likely cause of the outbreak than the mere question of Fashoda. Consequently the outlook here is grave.

There are reports of troops hurrying from Paris to Brest and Toulon. The artillery in the batteries and at the various posts have been confidentially instructed for any emergency, and the cannon at all the forts and batteries are kept ready for action at any moment. To-day there was a prolonged War Council at Brest of the chiefs of various services, and M. Lockroy is hastily returning to Toulon on account of the gravity of the situation."

WHAT SIR MICHAEL SAID.

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SMALL-POX AT DAWSON.

Police Have Taken Charge of the Disinfection of the Place.

Port Townsend, Wn., Oct. 19.—According to a report received from persons arriving from Dawson on the steam schooner Diarrhoe, small-pox has developed in the capital of the Klondike. J. C. McCloud, of Seattle, who left Dawson, September 25, says that the night he left it was reported that two or three cases of small-pox were in town. The patients were quickly removed to a temporary post house. The police had inaugurated a thorough search and were taking sanitary measures to prevent a spread of the contagion. Two hundred and fifty mounted Canadian police were met at Fort Selkirk, on their way to Dawson, where they will be stationed for the winter.

DREYFUS AFFAIR.

It is Believed That It Will be Taken up Next Week.

WOMEN IN THE CASE.

Paris Concerning Esterhazy, Henry, Madame Poyas and Their Relations.

Paris, Oct. 19.—It is believed that the Court of Cassation will take up the Dreyfus case next week, and the general impression is that the decision will be in favor of revision.

The Court has obtained documents concerning Comte Esterhazy, the late Col. Henry and Madame Poyas and their mutual relations. It will demand all the documents bearing on the case and call witnesses, including Lieut.-Col. Picquart, M. Cavagnac, the former Minister for War, is credited with the intention, when Parliament reassembles, of calling upon the Government to take the question of the Dreyfus revision out of the hands of the Court of Cassation, but it is believed that no precedent exists for such interference.

The *Soir* says:—"Mr. Faure will send a message to the Chamber of Deputies regarding the Dreyfus case when Parliament reassembles and it is predicted by some that he will appeal for a reconciliation of the factions now disturbing the country's tranquility."

GUNPOWDER EXPLODED.

And Made a Sensation in Lower Town.

ONE MAN BADLY BURNED.

Five pounds of mining powder that were being weighed in the hardware store of Mr. W. Doyle, of Peter street, exploded shortly after half-past four o'clock yesterday afternoon, and gave a little shattering to the neighboring buildings in Lower Town. An order for the powder had been received by telephone, and Louis Fortier, an employe of the firm, was engaged in weighing it when the accident happened. He was standing behind the counter at the end of the shop opposite to the door and was weighing the powder by low the gaslight. Nobody was smoking in the store, the habit being prohibited there. Nobody was near Fortier when the explosion occurred. Only the cashier was in the store with him at the time, and he was in his own compartment. Fortier can assign no cause for the explosion. It is altogether inexplicable to him. The gas light is some distance above where he was standing at the time, and how it could have ignited the powder is not easy to understand. All that Fortier knows is that while handling the explosive he felt a tingling in his hands, which he brushed off as he went on. He was in a hurry to get the powder into a large sheet of flame that completely enveloped him and filled a good portion of the store. Fortier's clothing, hair and beard took fire, and the greatest wonder of it all is that he escaped with his life. He dashed out the fire in his hair and then started shouting in his loud, hoarse, severely burning his hands in the attempt and tearing off large portions of his attire. The balance of his clothing, when seen immediately afterwards by a Chronicle reporter, was in an exceedingly dilapidated condition. His hair and face escaped fairly well, though his injuries are necessarily painful. He was removed into a neighboring store and Doctors Gosselin and Potvin were immediately summoned. They dressed the wounds of the injured man, binding up both his hands, which he has to remain wrapped up for two or three weeks.

The force of the explosion made itself severely felt in the store. The door having been closed at the time, almost the whole of the glass in the two large windows was blown out, and gave rise to a rumor, which fortunately proved incorrect, to the effect that a man had been blown out through one of them into the street. In rear of the counter where the explosion took place there is a number of shelves filled with powder, and these are all very much burned. The damage to this stock will probably amount to several hundred dollars. The ceiling is badly scorched. Both building and stock are insured in a number of the leading fire companies doing business here, so that the loss will be divided.

Stabbing at Windsor.

Windsor, Ont., October 19.—James Trombley, an employe at J. Delong's stable at the race track, was arrested yesterday charged with having stabbed Michael Fitzpatrick, a groom in the same stable. Trombley, it appears, was ordered to get some hot water, but instead of doing so, drew a long knife and stabbed Fitzpatrick in the abdomen. He escaped to the woods, and threw his knife into a bush, and was arrested. Fitzpatrick was taken to Dr. Lampon's office, where his wound was dressed, after which he was removed to the Hotel Dieu for treatment. Trombley was arraigned before Magistrate Leggett and held in custody. He is remanded till it is seen how serious Fitzpatrick's wound shall prove.

AN INTERESTING EVENT.

British Soldiers Wave the Union Jack and Old Glory.

Halifax, N.S., Oct. 19.—An interesting event during one of the intervals at the athletic sports of the Leinster Regiment, Royal Canadian, this afternoon, was the formation of a pyramid of men, consisting of members of the gymnastic class, with the man at the top waving the Union Jack in one hand and Old Glory in the other. This was probably the first time when a British regiment has used the American flag on any occasion.

MORE FIGHTING.

Admiral Dewey and the Insurgents.

NAVAL BATTLE REPORTED.

Intelligence Said to Have Reached Madrid.

INSURGENT SHIPS CAPTURED.

Dewey Opened Fire Because the Rebels Insisted on Flying Their Flag Against His Orders.

London, Oct. 20.—The Madrid correspondent of the Times says:—Capt. Anson, the Minister of Marine, has received a despatch from Manila announcing a naval engagement between Americans and the rebels in consequence of Admiral Dewey forbidding the latter to fly the rebel flag from their ships. The despatch adds that there were losses on both sides, but that the Americans captured the rebel ships. The scene of the engagement is not stated, but it is supposed to have been Manila Bay.

Madrid, Oct. 20.—The despatch says that Admiral Dewey having forbidden the Tagales to hoist the Philippine flag upon their vessels, a series of fights ensued, resulting in loss on both sides.

Washington, D.C., Oct. 20.—As far as could be ascertained no information regarding the reported naval engagement has been received at the Navy Department, nor has General Otis, at Manila, made any reference to it in any communication he may have made to the War Department.

CRICKETERS SUP TOGETHER.

Mr. Ernest Wurtelle Entertains the Club Members.

PRESENTATION OF TWO BATS.

A Handsome Clock Offered to a Newly Married Cricketer—A Garrison Club Function.

The supper tendered by the President of the Cricket Club, Mr. Ernest Wurtelle, to the members of the Club, last night, was a most enjoyable event. About thirty guests accepted Mr. Wurtelle's invitation, and the large dining room of the Garrison Club presented a very handsome appearance. Amongst those present were Mr. G. W. Wurtelle, E. A. Evans, C. Godwin, E. F. Bieher, J. Kerwin, C. J. Picket, G. W. Parmelee, Prof. MacIntyre, Capt. A. Smith, H. C. Fry, C. Billingsley, T. Foot, J. C. Wright, D. Watson, B. Cressman, L. G. Scott, W. Lindsay, A. Chambers, W. Massey, F. Evans, P. Lemesurier, W. Woodley and Crawford. After supper had been served, Mr. Wurtelle, with a few appropriate remarks, presented a handsome bat to Mr. W. M. Massey, the winner of the season's aggregate for the practice matches. Mr. Arthur Smith, who had the highest aggregate for foreign matches, was also presented with a bat. Mr. Massey's bat had a very pretty silver plate inlaid with a suitable inscription. Mr. Massey, in replying, spoke of the favorable showing made by the Club last year, playing 14 matches, winning twelve and losing only two.

Mr. G. W. Parmelee made a very clever speech, bringing out the very great qualities of Mr. Godwin, one of the most enthusiastic members of the team, and congratulating him on his recent marriage, at the same time presenting him with the Club's Song and speeches were given by Mr. MacNaughton; Prof. MacIntyre, Messrs. Godwin, C. Toileid, Lindsay, Trevor Foot, D. Watson, and C. F. Billingsley. The party broke up after having enjoyed an exceedingly pleasant time.

The Imperial Laundry, 72-74 St. Valier street, makes a specialty of washing woollens. Their handwork department gives great satisfaction in the washing of blankets and underwear.

What a mother does not wish to be proud of her children? Does not every mother want them to be healthy, happy, loving and able to withstand the ordinary illnesses of childhood? If any woman may insure the health of her children who will take proper care of her health in a womanly way. The health of her children depends almost entirely upon her general health, and particularly upon the health and strength of the delicate and important organs that bear the burdens of medicine. A woman has no right to disregard her own health, comfort, ease and happiness, she certainly has less right to neglect the health of her children, or an early death. That is what she does when she neglects the health of her special organs. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is an unfailing remedy for all disorders of this sensitive organ. It strengthens and invigorates the sensitive organs concerned, and is the best preparation for the trials and dangers of maternity and the health of the child. It is a guarantee of a beautiful supply of nourishment for the mother and her children. Many women who once bore children only to speedily lose them, are now mothers of healthy children because of the result of the use of this medicine. Barbara A. Mudd of Indian Creek, Mo., writes: "I am very grateful to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for what it has done for me. I was broken down from nervous prostration, and since taking your medicine I have had more relief than from all the doctors. Your 'Favorite Prescription' did me a world of good."

Many women have told their experiences, and given their names, addresses and photographs in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Advice. This book is free, and will be sent to any address upon receipt of 31-cent stamps to cover cost of postage and mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Littlefield, N.Y. The "Favorite Prescription" is for sale by all dealers and no honest man will urge a substitute.

A BISHOP FOR BRAZIL.

Decision Reached by the American Episcopal Bishops.

Washington, D.C., Oct. 19.—The House of Bishops of the Episcopal Convention took final action to-day on the establishment of a Bishop in Brazil. There has been a division of sentiment as to whether the Bishop should be directly responsible to the Church in the United States or should be free from responsibility here. A compromise was finally adopted by which the Church in Brazil will remain directly responsible to the authorities here until it has advanced to the point of having three Bishops, at which time, by the joint action of the three, a national Church for Brazil in point of supervision by the United States may be established. The Bishops will hold a special

Season's Novelties.

MILLINERY! LATEST FRENCH AND ENGLISH MILLINERY. FELT HATS, FEATHERS, FLOWERS AND ORNAMENTS.

MANTLES. Handsome Cloth and Plush Mantles. Newest Models in Jackets and Capes.

DRESS GOODS! Latest Novelties in Fancy Dress Goods. New Cloths and Corduroys for Dresses.

SILKS! Very Rich Black and Colored Broche Silks. Pretty Fancy Colored Silks, only 50c. and \$1.00 per yard.

GLOVER, FRY & CO.

AMUSEMENTS.

PALMER'S ENTERPRISES—ACADEMY OF MUSIC, AND CASINO.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

TO-NIGHT! Friday and Saturday Night and Saturday Matinee.

A TRIP TO COONTOWN!

Presenting the newest Artistic Combination of Colored Talents ever organized, headed by the famous BOB COLE and BILLY JOHNSON.

Interpreted with Catchy Songs, Pretty Dances, Bright Dialogues and Funny Situations. Original, Novel, Entertaining and Unobscurable.

31 PEOPLE 35 Tickets on sale this morning, at R. M. Stooking's, Phone 82, near Academy. Prices 25c., 35c., 50c., 75c.

Ten Cents

Will announce your wants among the condensed advertisements of the Chronicle for two insertions.

Twenty Words

will be inserted for ten cents in the want column of the CHRONICLE.

BANK OF MONTREAL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. upon the paid-up Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be PAYABLE at the Banking House in this City, and at its Branches, on and after THURSDAY, the First Day of DECEMBER next.

Summary Procedure.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, In the County of Charlevoix, CIRCUIT COURT, SITTING AT BAIE ST. PAUL.

Jean Baptiste Rivin, of the Village of Baie St. Paul, merchant, Plaintiff.

vs. Escheriche Ferron, heretofore of St. Hilair, farmer, and now of Salem, United States of America, Defendant.

THE DEFENDANT IS ORDERED to appear within one month. Baie St. Paul, 23rd October, 1898.

JOS. PERRON, C. C. C.

We Wash Woollens

every day. You can avoid the worry and annoyance of Family Wash Day by sending your

BLANKETS AND UNDERWEAR

to our Hand Work Department.

Imperial Laundry,

72-74 St. Valer Street. Telephone 95 vs. F. FELIX. JNO. THOMPSON.

CHOICE SELECTION

of the Very Latest Designs in Electric Globes, Shades, Etc.

(Personally Selected in New York.)

Electric Pendants, Brackets, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Mechanics' Supply Co.,

98 St. Peter Street, Quebec.

MONEY TO LEND!

ON MORTGAGE, ON EASIEST TERMS. Special accommodation for reimbursement. No commissions to pay. Hypothecary claims bought. Debentures bought. Advances made on securities of seigniorial rents.

Apply CREDIT FONCIER F. C., 74 Mountain Hill. October 11, 1898.

The Quebec Chronicle.

SUBSCRIPTION: (PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.) Daily Edition \$3.00 per annum. Weekly Edition \$1.00 per annum.

ADVERTISEMENTS: Ten Cents per line first insertion, and Five Cents for each subsequent.

Advertisements requiring alternate insertions, such as twice or three times per week, Eight Cents per line.

Condensed advertisements Ten Cents each insertion for twenty words.

Special rates for contracts on application. TELEPHONE NO. 45.

QUEBEC, OCTOBER 20, 1898.

Owing to the unprecedented influx of business during the last few days the Chronicle is compelled to ask the indulgence of the reading and advertising public where delay occurs in complying with orders. To meet an increased demand for the paper we go to press earlier than usual to-day. Branch offices have been opened in different parts of the city for the reception of condensed advertisements.

Branches are also being established for the convenience of the public in surrounding municipalities.

The Pulp Industry.

The enormous development that has recently been given to the pulp industry of the Province of Quebec, has not only attracted the wonder and the admiration of the general public, but it has also, we are surprised to note, given rise to some misgiving lest the business should shortly become overdone.

To those who have not devoted much study to the tremendous demand that exists for the manufactured product, it is quite natural that such a danger should suggest itself, especially in view of the tremendous proportions of the new mills at the Grand'Mere, Chicoutimi, Valcartier, etc., which are now to be supplemented by others at Shawingang, St. Anne, the Seven Falls of St. Ferocel and possibly at the Chaudiere also.

In 1893, the importation of Canadian pulp into the United States amounted in value to \$454,253; in 1896 it had increased to \$657,085, and in 1897 to \$576,720. The total value of these exports from Canada last year, as given in the report of the Minister of Commerce, amounted to \$741,959 for wood pulp and \$711,152 for pulp wood.

The latter went principally to the United States, to be there manufactured into pulp, and it is a question whether or not this export of pulp wood should not be prohibited, or at all events made subject to a heavy export duty, in order that the labor of transforming it into the manufactured product should be secured to the people of the country which furnishes the raw material.

Most of the pulp manufactured in Canada is made into paper in the United States. The daily production there of paper is estimated at 3,000 tons, or upwards of a million tons a year.

So that it does not yet appear that there is any very great danger of an over-production of wood pulp in Canada. Few people have any adequate conception of the enormous consumption of paper by the great daily newspapers of the United States. Some 75 to 100 tons per day. The Chronicle does not use quite that much, but at the rate now subscriptions are coming in it will use considerable. The Christmas number of the New York World in 1895 required 270 tons. Many other statistics might be given to show that there is no danger of an over supply of pulp, and that those of our people who are wise in their generation will seek investment in water powers and pulp industries before the best facilities of the kind in this country have been secured by foreign capitalists.

A Mutual Interest.

The theory that the preservation and development of the trade of the St. Lawrence route is a larger question than any local advantage that may accrue to any port upon the river, commends itself to our intellectual contemporary, the Montreal Gazette. Discussing the question yesterday it says: "The Quebec Chronicle marks the beginning of its career under new management by advising the gossips to drop the interminable discussion as to how business was driven away from the port and devote their energy to devising means of bringing it back again. The opinion is also expressed that while a friendly rivalry between the different ports of the St. Lawrence may be helpful and beneficial, yet mutual depreciation and begrudging are alike inimical to both Montreal and Quebec, as calculated to place weapons in the hands of American competitors against the St. Lawrence route."

The Gazette adds: "Other things equally sensible are said, and the promise is given that broader views of matters commercial than have sometimes been noted in the Quebec press will be the rule with the Chronicle. Following out the lines laid down the paper will deserve success, and it is trusted, will achieve it."

The Chronicle is grateful for the good wishes expressed by the Gazette and many other journals. The success of a newspaper is, however, a small matter compared to that of the success of a port like Quebec. The success of Montreal is likewise a smaller matter than that of the success of the St. Lawrence route. The Chronicle holds that our business here is to draw trade to Quebec in every conceivable way and in doing so we will help rather than injure other ports on the St. Lawrence.

A Quebec Lady's Book.

"Meadowhurst Children" and Other Tales, by Mrs. Eleanor LeSueur MacNaughton, of this city, has just been issued. In this age of children's story books, though the opinion may seem antiquated or unpopular, we feel bound to assert our conviction that the very best stories for little ones, until they reach an age to enjoy the works of Ballantyne, Henty and Sir Walter Scott, are fairy tales, myths, legends and oriental romances. The times are so hopelessly matter of fact and so infinite is the self-satisfaction which commonplace people derive from the contemplation of their commonplace surroundings,

that it is only in the ever-shortening period of childhood that we can hope to cultivate and feed the imagination of those who will suffer some day if we neglect them in this particular.

But side by side with tales that go thus to the upbuilding of the imagination, must go others to the forming of the moral character, and that sympathy with nature and our fellow-men, which sanctifies life in all its relations.

In the little tales before us, the authoress, out of her own love for her young public, seems to have struck the right chords, and never to have struck the wrong. The stories are simple, easy to be understood, very natural and calculated to kindle in little hearts that tenderness towards the weak and suffering, and that love for nature and healthy, guileless living, which underlies all true nobility.

He prayeth best who loveth best. All things that great and small, For the dear God who loveth us, He made and loveth all.

This book, in fact, is one which children themselves will enjoy. It has been put to the test.

High School Sanitation.

A subscriber of the Chronicle who has a son attending the High School writes that boys are leaving the institution daily on account of illness. She asks that there be an immediate investigation into the drainage and drinking water by competent experts. The writer also attacks the health officer and questions his qualifications.

The Chronicle is not disposed to publish any anonymous communications attacking any persons. Citizens having specific complaints to make against particular officers, will, therefore, require to authorize us to use their names. The Chronicle draws the attention of the authorities to the High School complaint in this public way and trusts that no time will be lost in investigating the matter.

OF INTEREST TO THE FAIR SEX.

Some Points About Various Subjects Unknown to Man.

A case for embroidery silk is a very nice gift for the young woman who does this work. Take a piece of canvas, the very stiff kind, longer than wide, and cover with linen, figured or plain silk. Take several sheets of writing paper, the plain white with smooth surface is best, and taking the fold between the two pages for the centre, double the outside edge to one-third the width, then fold again, making the two folds come to the middle of the same way, and the several sheets. Then, placing them together, fasten in the cover you have already made by piercing two holes and running a ribbon through, tying in a bow on the back. A piece of the same ribbon is fastened to the edges of the sheets, the one together when filled with silks. You will see the reason for folding the pages twice when you go to put the silks in it.

THE GLOVE MENDER.

If you want to give a girl friend a use, full gift send her a glove-mender. Buy a ring—which may be of rubber, wood, silver or an ordinary bone ring will answer—some pieces of narrow ribbon at different parts of this ring, letting them hang down a short distance from the ring. To the first one attach a pair of little scissors; to the next a heart-shaped needle; to the third, a silver finger—to put in the finger of the glove while mending, and can be bought at a jewelry store—and the last ribbon a braided strand of different colored cottons. Right here let me give you a pointer; never use silk mended kid gloves, or any other truly exquisite figured and colored ones that merit the reverent admiration they receive. Over a milk white ground of moire, for instance, will exhibit spots of moire marshallina and ragged robyn, or golden clematis and pink-tipped petals, or the flowers stand out always clearly defined and in the tenderest colors against the varied marble-like paleness of the moire, while on the new taffeta the flowers are so closely massed in broad bands of glowing color, that the soft, pink taffeta is an excellent reproduction of the handsome chined silks so popular twenty-five years ago.

Flavored moire and taffeta ribbon takes a place to the lacefront, but the novelty is ribbon showing a little powdering of big and little loose silk dots. Somehow the business of the florists and edge-tipped, that fit on either side of the head. The theatre bonnets are veritable top knots of coquetry, so minute are their proportions, and sometimes a Juliet crown of jet will flower out a couple of abnormally large pansies, one of white, the other of black velvet, having their centers and edges of jet. Not another material may enter into the composition of this bonnet, yet it will be most decidedly a thing of beauty.

All sorts of queer applications are being made to quilts and plumes this season. Bands of crinkled ribbon are fastened somehow to the spines of eagle feathers, or tiny breast down, from domestic fowls, are glued in a fuzzy band along the spine. White ostrich feathers invariably have their spines dyed black and sometimes we see tags of fur hung in with the feathery masses of the plumes. In walking hats brown and gray quills absolutely dominate the situation, and some of these are the long mottled plumage from the lyre birds' tails. The seasonable golfing hat is denuded of all decoration. A check or chevron, or twofold hat is the thing and has a round low crown and a broad flat brim, measuring the same width all around. This puts the Alpine's nose permanently out of joint, just as the big hat with lofty

heterogeneous trimming is slowly but none the less surely being lifted to the top shelf of oblivion.

There are no new colors in gloves, but a recombination of tones has been introduced. That is to say, some of the long evening glove kids are white, or cream, or pearl gray outside, and blue, or yellow, or lilac inside. Heavy stitching is again apparent on all hand gear. So very heavy is it in certain of the walking gloves that the thick silk lines cover as a solid wedge the back of the hand, while the prettiest buttons are done with colored matches on crystals. This last is distinctly a pretty touch of variety.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Griffith, of Mount Pleasant, left yesterday for North Woburn, Mass. They will be absent about a month.

Mr. Geo. Dubergier, Fishery Overseer for the Mingan Division, who had so much trouble with the Indians of that locality last season, returned home yesterday by the steamer Otter.

Harold Frederic, the talented correspondent and writer, is dead. One of his most interesting works was March Hares.

Miss Laura Williams, of Chicago, granddaughter of the late Judge Caton, is journeying over the Atlantic to be wedded in London some time within the next two weeks to Major-General Wesley Merritt, Military Governor of the Philippine Islands.

It is reported directly from Holland Court circles that the engagement of the young Queen Wilhelmina to Prince Wm. of Wiedien is a settled fact. The Prince is the Queen's second cousin.

A despatch to the N. Y. World from Paris says: "Hercule Rochefort is believed to have gone crazy over the Dreyfus agitation."

The will of Sir Casimir Stanislaus Gzowski was filed in Toronto yesterday for probate, his executors are his son Casimir Stanislaus Gzowski, broker, of Toronto, and Major-General Robert Sandham, formerly of Dover, England, now also of Toronto, his son-in-law. The document, which is dated March 9, 1893, deals with an estate of \$501,367, of which \$32,451 is in realty, his wife receives the full, the late residue of the deceased, as well as all the household furniture, he sets aside \$150,000 as a sum from which \$9,000 is to be derived for her annual allowance during her life, on her death this goes to the children, the income from \$30,000 to a grand child, Catherine Gzowski, who receives the principal on becoming of age, should she die before that the \$30,000 goes to the other children, among whom the residue of the estate is also divided.

A pretty wedding was celebrated yesterday in St. Matthew's Church, the bride being Miss Rosa Kate, eldest daughter of the late Cornelius Judge, and the groom Mr. Charles Albert Nowland, of Ashland, Maine. The bride looked very pretty, robed in a lustrous blue bengaline trimmed with cream satin and velvet to match, and wearing a large blue velvet hat. She was given away by her brother-in-law, Mr. James Cosgrove junr., of Brooklyn, and was attended by her sister Winnifred as bridesmaid. Mr. P. D. Judge, brother of the bride, accompanied the bridegroom, and another brother, the Revd. A. H. Judge, of Franklin, Penn., performed the ceremony, assisted by the Revd. Lennox Williams, Rector of St. Matthews. About a hundred beautiful presents were received by the bride. The happy couple left for the West by the C. P. R., and will then return to their future home in Ashland.

The Hon. J. E. Robidoux arrived here yesterday and is a guest at the Chateau.

Mr. Chas. Drinkwater, Secretary of the Canadian Pacific Railway, was in town yesterday.

Mr. Rocheleau, M.L.A. for Chambly, since his yesterday arrival had an interview with the Hon. Mr. Marchand at the Parliament House.

Miss Ethel Wright, daughter of the late Mr. William Mackay Wright, was married yesterday in Ottawa, by Revd. Mr. Ferridge, to Mr. Bernard Thomson, son of Mr. E. W. Thomson, once editor of the Toronto Globe and now of Boston, Mass. The wedding, which was a very quiet one, was solemnized at the residence of the bride's aunt, Mrs. J. M. Currier, New Edinburgh. Mr. Ferridge gave the bride away, her sister, Miss Annie Wright, being the bridesmaid. Mr. Douglas H. MacDougall, son of Mr. Justice MacDougall, of Toronto, acted as best man. The guests, who were very few in number, included among several others Mrs. Thomson, mother of the groom, and Miss St. Denis, of Point Fortune; Mr. and Mrs. Macfarlane, of Montreal; Rev. Mr. Herridge and Mrs. Herridge, Mr. and Mrs. Lemoine and Miss Lemoine and Mr. Justice and Mrs. Selwick. Mr. and Mrs. Thomson left for Ottawa at 6:30 Montreal en route to England, sailing by the Vancouver on the 22nd inst.

Sir Henry Strong, Chief Justice of Canada, who has been acting as arbitrator in the Merdun case between the Government and the Canadian Pacific Railway, has been forwarded his sealed award to the respective Governments, the details of which will be made public in such manner as the two countries concerned shall determine.

A Trip to Coontown To-night.

Every member of A Trip to Coontown is colored, but most of the ladies have better complexions as they appear on the stage than their Caucasian sisters in the audience. The male members are darker. They are all artists in their business. A Trip to Coontown is one of those farces which with little plot but plenty of action and life, and affording in this instance many opportunities for music. These chances are made the most of. The singing is splendid. Bob Cole and Billy Johnson, are genuine humorists who can act and do inspire the whole company, each of whom seems to rise to the occasion. The entertainment comprises two acts full of song and fun, with dancing and equilibrist specialties. While all sing harmoniously in the chorus and trio, the solo work of Lloyd G. Gibbs and the soprano o. Juvia Roan, are superb. The musical numbers are the following: "The Coontown Regiment." "Miss Arabella Jones." "I Hope These Few Lines Will Find You Well." "Old Kentucky Home." "A Jolly Old Rube." "Two Bold Bad Men." "A Trip to Coontown." "The Italian Man." "Meet Me at the Gin Spring." "11-44." "When the Chickens Go to Sleep." "The Wedding of the Chinese and the Coon." "Coontown Frolics." "There's a Warm Spot in My Heart for You, Babe." "I Wonder What is dat Coon's Game." "For All Eternity." "Sweet Savannah." "Da Honey." "Ma Chickens." "Ika Huh." "Trio from Attira." "Stars and Stripes Forever." Finale.—Academy of Music to-night, Friday and Saturday and Saturday matinee.

No actress ought to expect a man to take her part.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Lavative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists, refund the money if it fails to Cure.

March 26, 1898 In

F. SIMARD & CIE.

TAILORING DEPARTMENT!

Do You Contemplate Placing an Order for Clothing This Fall?

If So, Do Not Forget to Look at Our New Materials Before Giving Your Order.

FIT, STYLE AND WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED!

Our Prices Are the Lowest. Come in and Inspect the Goods. We'll Be Pleased to See You.

ONE PRICE ONLY. TELEPHONE 2157. F. Simard & Cie., 137 St. Joseph St., St. Roch's, Quebec, October 8, 1898.

Winter is Coming.

Have you bought your coals for the coming winter? If not call on Messrs. A. R. Pruneau & Co., 90 Dalhousie street. A visit to them will pay you well, as you will find a full line of the best coals in the market and at lowest rates; Lackawanna coal of all sizes, Plymouth red ash, stove and chestnut sizes; Smith coals, Newcastle and American, this year's importation. They also carry a full line of builders' supplies, viz.: T. Carr, Heathfield and Caledonia bricks for building and manufacturing purposes, blue vitrified paving blocks, cement, plaster, asbestos, fire-bricks, tiles, etc., etc. Telephone 620. Come and see us. Am.,t,h,kat

S. J. SHAW & CO.,

13 St. John Street, Upper Town, 37 Sous-le-Fort Street, Lower Town.

HALL STOVES!

Danes, Jewel, Oaks. COOKING STOVES AND RANGES.

FIRE IRONS, BRASS FENDERS, COAL HODS & VASES

HOUSE FURNISHING!

Builders' Hardware. Upper Town 573. Lower Town 44.

LADIES' CHILDREN'S

Fall Gloves, Hosiery Underwear.

An Up-to-Date Stock of all the Best Brands to Choose From.

Our prices are moderate, and Reliability is the Distinguishing Feature at all Times.

Fancy Wool Gloves—For Children at 18c., 20c., 24c., 26c., 27c. Extra quality for 30c., 35c., 40c., 42c., 45c.

Black Cashmere Gloves—For Ladies, only 22c., 28c., 45c.

White Cashmere Gloves—With black stripes, only 40c.

Fancy Wool Gloves—For Ladies, great variety at 27c., 28c., 30c., 35c., 40c., 45c., 50c., 60c.

Black Ribbed Wool Hose—For Children, 47c., 50c., 55c., 58c. and extra heavy heels and knees, only 31c., 35c., 38c., 40c., 45c.

Black Cashmere Hose—For Ladies 25c., 27c., 30c., 40c., 50c., 60c.

Black Ribbed Hose—For Ladies, only 27c., 30c., 35c., 40c., 45c.

Ribbed Wool Vests—For Children, high neck and long sleeve, fine quality, at 45c., 50c., 55c.

Ribbed Wool Vests—For Ladies, high neck and long sleeve, extra fine, 90c., 95c., \$1.10.

Ribbed Wool Vests—For Ladies only 65c., 70c., 75c. and 80c.

Scotch Wool Vests—For Ladies and Children; in all qualities.

Health Brand Underwear—For Children, Ladies and Gentlemen.

Men's Scotch Wool Underwear—A large assortment to select from.

Blankets—Best English make, for \$2.45, \$3.45, \$3.75, \$4.15, \$4.50.

ALL SALES

STRICTLY CASH

SIMONS & MINGUY

SUCCESSORS TO Simons & Foulds, 20 Fabrique Street. QUEBEC. October 17, 1898.

JOHN PERRETT, TAXIDERMIST

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

Birds and Animals ARTISTICALLY MOUNTED!

16 Chapel Street, SHERBROOKE. October 6, 1898. On

Money to Loan!

By the QUEBEC LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY (Societe des Prêts et Placements de Quebec) on Real Estate, Mortgages, Debentures, Bank and other Stocks.

The Society loans both small and large sums, from \$100.00 upwards, returnable, principal and interest, by monthly, quarterly, or half yearly instalments.

Borrowers can pay off their mortgages at any time before maturity on most satisfactory conditions.

No fines exacted on arrears. Rates low. Reasonable and convenient terms. Mortgages purchased.

Office—La Banque Nationale Building, 75 St. P. ter Street. ROBT. LAROCHE, Secretary-Treasurer. August 31, 1898.

Ladies' Cloth Jackets,

For the Fall and Winter, IS NOW COMPLETE.

New Colors, New Shapes, New Materials.

G. R. RENFREW & CO.

35 BUADE STREET. September 1, 1898.

Fall Suitings!

Suitings \$16.00 Suitings \$16.00 Suitings \$16.00 Suitings \$16.00

John Darlington,

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, TELEPHONE 666. October 12, 1898.

MONTREAL STAY AT THE...

St. Lawrence Hall. THE MOST CENTRALLY LOCATED AND LIBERALLY CONDUCTED HOTEL IN THE CITY.

Patronized by the Leading Citizens of Quebec. Rates from \$2.50 per day upwards. HENRY HOGAN, Proprietor. June 22, 1898.

McLaren's Celebrated COOK'S FRIEND BAKING POWDER

ORDERED IN PREFERENCE TO ALL OTHER BRANDS BY THOSE Who Have Made Trial of It.

NO ALUM! All Ingredients Pure and Perfectly Healthful. ASK FOR—McLAREN'S COOK'S FRIEND! AND TAKE NO OTHER

About Sterling Silver.

This cut illustrates the exact size of the "G. Seifert" movement for Ladies' Watches, the prices are as follows:

Black Steel Chatelaine Watch, \$9.50. Silver Chatelaine Watch, \$9.50. Gold Chatelaine Watch, \$20.00. Silver Hunting Watch, \$11.25. Gold Hunting Watch, from \$25.00 to \$75.00.

G. SEIFERT, JEWELLER,

34 FABRIQUE STREET, Opposite the City Hall.

Fine Pearl Jewellery.

Wreath, Crescent and Star shaped Brooches and Lace Pins, continue most fashionable, some of the recent creations are enriched with olivines, variegated pearls or enamel.

Our stock of Pearl Ornaments ranges from a \$1.00 Stick Pin to a \$100.00 Necklace and Pendant.

G. SEIFERT, JEWELLER,

34 FABRIQUE STREET, Opposite the City Hall. October 15, 1898.

PHONE 524

The Best Skill,

The Best Machinery, the Best Staff. Three reasons why the Pfeiffer Steam Laundry do the very best work with practically no wear. A fair trial generally makes a patron. Will you try?

Pfeiffer's Steam Laundry,

24, 4 and 6 McMahon Street

PROBABILITIES FOR TO-DAY

Local rain but partly fair weather. Minimum and Maximum Temperatures: Victoria, 42.51; Edmonton, 18.34; Price of Wheat, 24.32; Qu'Appelle, 24.25; Winnipeg, 24.40; Fort Assiniboia, 24.39; Fort Assiniboine, 24.34; Toronto, 25.41; Ottawa, 20.58; Montreal, 24.43; Quebec, 24.41; Halifax, 29.52.

Chronicle Advertising Branches. Condensed advertisements will be taken at the following rates: Ten Cents for Twenty Words, two in extras, and one cent for each additional word.

NEWS AGENCIES. The Chronicle is on sale daily at the following places in Quebec: Frontenac News Stand, Chateau Frontenac.

NOTICE TO NEWSDEALERS. To secure additional copies of the Chronicle, it will be necessary for newsdealers to send in their orders at least one day before, to ensure a compliance with the order on the day following.

When people buy Monsoon Tea it's from choice because Monsoon has the qualities which they prefer. Bat some dealers prefer to sell something else—not because it is better—or even as good—but because they have something else in stock. People who have once tried Monsoon Tea have good reasons of their own for declining any other teas that the dealer may offer.



TO LET OR FOR SALE. ROOMS TO LET—GOOD COMFORTABLE Rooms with board, to be had at No. 29 St. John Street.

FOR SALE—THE LARGE STONE and pressed brick building in St. Ann St., opposite St. Andrew's church, occupied as a livery stable since a number of years by the late Chs. Hough and George Hough. It is 105 feet front on St. Ann St., is solidly built and of good construction, and has four stories and a large deep basement.

WANTED—TO KEEP FOR THE WINTER, a nice driving horse. A warm stable and nice driving; not afraid of the electric cars. Apply "M," this office.

DOG FOR SALE—THOROUGHbred Irish Setter, about one year and a half old. Apply E. A. Lafosse, Chronicle.

DIED AT DAWSON CITY, Edward Burns, Snr., Dies in the Gold Country. CAREFULLY NURSED BY HIS SON.

He was Operated on by a Physician at Tassin, and Subsequently Carried Over a Six Days' March.

Mr. Edward Burns, steevedor, of this city, who left for the Klondyke last June, accompanied by his son, is dead at Dawson City. The sad intelligence was read from the Chronicle bulletin board yesterday morning, with deep regret by the many friends and acquaintances of the deceased, who were respected by all who knew him.

Mr. Burns, who was a native of Dawson City, was a well-known and successful steevedor. He was a member of the Klondyke Association, and was one of the first to go to Dawson City. He was a man of high character and was highly respected by all who knew him.

Mr. Burns was a man of high character and was highly respected by all who knew him. He was a member of the Klondyke Association, and was one of the first to go to Dawson City. He was a man of high character and was highly respected by all who knew him.

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ARCHBISHOP LANGEVIN INTERVIEWED.

The Catholic Schools of the Province of Manitoba.

Winnipeg, Man., Oct. 19.—Archbishop Langevin, who is in the city, stated that the Catholic schools of the Province, though handicapped through want of financial assistance from the Government, were making fair progress. "We are making no agitation," continued His Grace, "it being the wish of His Holiness the Sovereign Pontiff that the question be dealt with calmly and with as little ado as possible. We have strong hopes that the sober sense of justice of the majority will eventually assert itself and our demands be conceded. We ask for nothing to which we are not entitled by the constitution and our demands are based on equity, justice and common sense." His Grace laid particular stress on the fact that he wished to say nothing that would tend to aggravate the question. If the Protestant majority can only understand that we have no desire to overrule or in any way interfere with their educational affairs, their attitude would be entirely different. Questioned as to whether the matter would be brought up at the next session of Parliament, Mr. Langevin stated that there was little probability of such being the case. If the Provincial Government of Manitoba continues to refuse to grant any concessions to the minority, then their only hope would be the immigration of settlers. His Grace stated that there has been abundant harvest in the Prairie Province and that the outlook for prosperity is exceptionally bright.

MR. DUPUIS IS PRESIDENT.

Elected to Succeed Sir H. Joly de Lotbiniere.

BY COUNCIL OF AGRICULTURE.

Mr. Ouellet is the New Secretary of the Council of Agriculture.

The annual meeting of the Council of Agriculture took place in the Parliament House yesterday and was attended by Messrs. Dupuis, Robert Ness, Bourassa, Daves, Walker, Talbot, Draper, N. Garneau, Pouliot, Pelouin, L. Boily, Gouin, Dubord, Decaris and Hotte.

A letter was laid before the Council stating that the Government had named Mr. Ouellet as Secretary in the place of the late Mr. E. A. Barnard. Mr. Ouellet was Assistant Secretary during Mr. Barnard's tenure of office and has been acting Secretary ever since that gentleman's death. A motion by Mr. Bourassa was then passed contemplating the Commission of Agriculture upon his choice, and Mr. Ouellet in turn thanked the Council for their kindly feelings towards him.

A resolution of sympathy was voted concerning the death of the late Mr. Barnard, and the Secretary was instructed to send a copy to his widow. The Council then elected Messrs. Auguste Dupuis and Robert Ness were next elected President, and Vice-President, respectively, of the Council, the former replacing Sir Henri Joly. Both returned their thanks for the honor conferred upon them.

The following Committees were also struck: Merite Agricole.—Messrs. N. Garneau, M.P.P., O. Talbot, M.P., Draper, M.P., M.P.P., and Hotte. Journal d'Agriculture.—Messrs. Walker, Draper, Elk, Pouliot, Gouin, Bourassa, M.P., Boily. Herd Book.—Messrs. Ness, Daves, Pilon, Decaris, and N. Garneau, M.P.P. Agricultural Shows.—Messrs. Bourassa, M.P., Ness, Daves, O. Talbot, M.P., N. Garneau, M.P., P. Dubord.

The matter of the codification of the laws concerning Agricultural Societies came up, it was decided that, as the Committee named to consider the matter had not taken it in hand, the Council should proceed to do so in the afternoon.

Mr. Talbot, M.P.P., informed the Council that the weight of a bushel of potatoes had not been changed because the representatives of the English Provinces had objected. As these Provinces do a large trade in potatoes with the United States it was important that they should use the measure acknowledged in the latter-mentioned country. However, the weight of a bag of potatoes had been reduced from 90 to 80 lbs.

Mr. Talbot brought up the question of a man at Beauce, who had been subsidized by the Government, with a view of enabling him to carry out his project of making alcohol out of maple sugar. He said that the farmers ought to be informed as to what was the result of the experiment, and asked if the Council had received any notification from the Department of Inland Revenue on the subject. He received a negative answer.

Mr. Walker then drew the Council's attention to a most important point. He said that it was necessary that the Government should keep its dairy school, at St. Hyacinthe, open during July and August, in order to teach the people of this Province how to turn out good cheese during these two very heated months. At present good cheese is made all over the Dominion save in the Province of Quebec during these months and the matter should be carefully looked into and remedied along the lines he suggested. He knew the truth of what he said by experience, for he found the very difficulty of which he spoke in producing all over the Dominion from his part of the country commanded an inferior price to that of, for instance, Belleville, he brought a man from the latter place and put him in charge of his establishment. This man employed the Belleville methods, etc., and yet he could not succeed in producing a cheese which could compare in price with that of Ontario. He could only attribute this to the fact that the soil was not so good as that of Ontario, or something of that sort. If the schools were kept open during these two months the cause of this discrepancy would probably disappear very soon, and another remedy which might prove efficacious, would be the bonusing of a dozen factories or so for the production of a superior grade of cheese to that now turned out during the summer months. The matter was exceedingly favorably received by the Council and the Government will be memorialized in the sense indicated.

At the afternoon session the Council occupied itself with the consideration of the bill to be placed before the Legislature next session, codifying the regulations concerning agricultural societies. It was strictly routine in character and of no interest.

FOR THE LABRADOR POOR. Local Government to Send a Schooner Load of Flour.

In consequence of the distress reported amongst the fishermen of Labrador, owing to the failure of the fisheries, the Provincial Government has decided to ship immediately a cargo of flour to prevent starvation during the coming winter.

At Montmorency Falls. Mr. Thos. McCord, general merchant, of Montmorency Falls, will have the Chronicle for sale daily at his store. This agency has been established owing to the increased demand for the Chronicle at the Falls, amongst the large number of mechanics and other skilled workmen employed in the industries there. The Chronicle will, therefore, be on sale at Mr. McCord's store at 9.15 or later each morning.

Good Work—How can you tell whether or not a cigar is good? By the wrapper! To wit—N. S. by the giver!

Up-to-date Lounges and Easy Arm Chairs, D. S. Rieckaby, 337 St. John Street. This week, mantles and furs, reduction on hats and corsets, novelties in silks, department stores, St. Joseph street.

HOME WORK FOR FAMILIES. We want the services of a number of ladies to do work for us at home, whole or part time. The work is varied and interesting, and is done in a quiet and comfortable way. We pay \$10 per week for particulars, send name and address, to THE CHRONICLE, 29, 1898.

Redbath. Made by the Latest Processes, and Newest and Best Machinery, not surpassed anywhere. LUMP SUGAR. In 50 and 100 lb. boxes. "CROWN" Granulated. Special Brand, the finest that can be made. EXTRA GRANULATED. Very Superior Quality. ORBAM SQUARES. Of high class crystals, in 2 1/2 lb. and 5 lb. each. 29, 1898. co-Len

YELLOW SUGARS. Of all Grades and Standard. SYRUPS. Of all Grades in Barrels and Half Barrels. SOLE MAKERS. Of high class syrups, in 2 1/2 lb. and 5 lb. each. 29, 1898. co-Len

THE CANADA Sugar Refining Co. (Limited), MONTREAL. MANUFACTURERS OF REFINED SUGARS OF THE WELL KNOWN BRAND.

Redbath. Made by the Latest Processes, and Newest and Best Machinery, not surpassed anywhere. LUMP SUGAR. In 50 and 100 lb. boxes. "CROWN" Granulated. Special Brand, the finest that can be made. EXTRA GRANULATED. Very Superior Quality. ORBAM SQUARES. Of high class crystals, in 2 1/2 lb. and 5 lb. each. 29, 1898. co-Len

HENRY MORGAN & CO., COLONIAL HOUSE, MONTREAL.

Mail Order Department! We can serve you as well by mail as we could over the counter in our store. Give us a trial order.

Clothing Department! High Class Ready-Made Clothing for Children, Boys & Youths. New Fall Suits, in Scotch and Canadian Tweeds. New Fall Eton Suits, with Gray Stripes or Black Tweeds. New Fall Reefers, in Irish Freize, Nap, or Beaver Cloth. New Fall Blanket Overcoats, with or without lining. New Fall Old Trainers and Kickers in Tweeds and Serges.

A complete assortment of sizes and qualities over in stock of perfect fitting garments of only first-class materials and finishes, we have alterations made to suit our customers FREE OF CHARGE. SPECIAL SALE Of Lines Clearing Out at Large Discounts.

A Complete Range of 3-Piece Suits for Boys of all ages, at 20% off and 5% for cash. Another Range at 35% off and 5% for cash. And a further Lot at 50% off and 5% for cash. NOTE—This is a rare opportunity to buy cheap and good Clothing for Boys.

HENRY MORGAN & CO., Phillips' Square, MONTREAL.

TO KEEP OUT THE COLD! CHANGEABLE WEATHER

Thru the human machinery out of gear and renders it more susceptible to prevalent ailments. After a "muggy" period the first cold day "strikes home," unless the system is well fortified by strengthening stimulative nourishment, of which the most perfect form is

BOVRIL. - LIMITED. 50 Farringdon Street, London, England. 25 & 27 St. Peter Street, Montreal, Canada. October 7, 1898. 7.5, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 20, 22, 25, 27, 29, K

COALS

Now is the time to leave your order for winter coals with the CHEAPEST FIRM IN THE CITY

A. R. Pruneau & Co., 90 Dalhousie St. TELEPHONE 630. October 13, 1898. 15, 22, 29

CHLORODYNE

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE. Distinguished everywhere for Delicacy of Flavor, Superior Quality, and Nutritive Properties. Specially grateful and comforting to the nervous and dyspeptic. Sold only in 1 1/2 lb. tins, labelled JAMES W. B. CO. Ltd., Homeopathic Chemists, London, England.

BREAKFAST SUPPER EPPS'S COCOA NOTICE. October 4, 1898. n, th, sat, & w. 6w

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made on behalf of the Quebec, Montmorency & Charlevoix Railway Company to His Excellency the Governor-General in Council on the 12th of December next (1898), at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Privy Council Office, in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the proposed extension of the Quebec, Montmorency & Charlevoix Railway Company of the property, works, plant, buildings and machinery of the Montmorency Electric Power Company, by deed passed before Meredith, Notary Public, on the 15th September, 1898, pursuant to the powers contained in the Statute 55 and 56 Victoria, Chap. 29, Section 15.

And notice is further given that all persons interested may then and there appear and be heard on such application. CARON, PENTLAND & STUART, Solicitors for Applicants. October 1, 1898.

THE CANADA Sugar Refining Co. (Limited), MONTREAL. MANUFACTURERS OF REFINED SUGARS OF THE WELL KNOWN BRAND.

LANOLINE. Toilet Preparations. Lanoline. For the Hair and Beauty of the SKIN. Lanoline Toilet Soap. Delicate and Sensitive. From all Chemists. Wholesale Depot—67, HOLBORN ROAD, LONDON.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE. will enter the coming year prepared to give to the reading public that which has made it famous for the past quarter of a century—contributions from the pens of the great literary men and women of the world, illustrated by leading artists. A brief glance over its prospectus announces such reading as follows: PROJECTS FOR A SICARIOT'S GALL. THE COMMERCIAL IMPORTANCE OF AN ISTHMIAN CANAL. BY WASHINGTON C. FORD. THE DEVELOPMENT OF OUR PACIFIC DOMAINS. BY CHARLES J. LUMMIS. RODEN'S CORNER—THE NOVEL OF THE YEAR. BY HENRY SETON MERIMAN, author of "The Sowers." Striking novelties in short fiction will be contributed by such authors as W. D. Howells, Richard Harding Davis, Brander Matthews, Frederic Remondino, Ed. McInerney, Stuart, and others. There will be a series of articles on THE PROGRESS OF SCIENCE. EUROPE, POLITICAL AND SOCIAL ART AND THE DRAMA. ARMIES AND NAVIES. STUDIES IN AMERICAN SOCIETY. AMERICAN CHARACTER SKETCHES. Package free to all subscribers in the United States, Canada, and Mexico. Sub. \$4 a year. Address HARPER & BROTHERS, Pub's, N. Y. City. Send for free prospectus.

UPRIGHT PIANOS. Sold at Low Figures and Easy Terms of Payment, have been received by

Arthur Lavigne & Co., No. 68 St. John Street. August 6, 1898.

PURITAN STOVE \$12. The Quebec Gas Co. 107 1/2 Ave. an extra meter of the best quality for \$2.00. Call and see them in operation. April 25, 1898.

THE QUEBEC CHRONICLE is published every lawful day by the Chronicle Printing Company, at their printing house, Mountain Hill, Quebec. H. Wallis, Managing Director.

COALS! Now Landing Ex Bark America. 810 Tons Best Wishu Scotch Coal.

Ex Bark Androna. 464 Tons Best Wishu Scotch Coal. ON HAND—1500 Tons Best Sydney Screened COALS! BEST AMERICAN ANTHRACITE COALS IN FOLLOWING SIZES:

Wilkesboro Furnace, Egg, Stove and Chestnut Sizes. Plymouth Red Ash, Furnace, Egg, Stove and Chestnut Sizes. Lackawanna, Furnace, Egg, Stove and Chestnut Sizes. Sparanton, Furnace, Egg, Stove and Chestnut Sizes.

All well screened and delivered at lowest market rates to satisfaction of purchasers. Scotch and Sydney House Coal A SPECIALTY.

MADDEN & SON, 181, St. Peter Street. Telephone, Office, 668. Dusk, 912. October 5, 1898.

A MARVEL! Belfast Natural CORSET

Is the marvel of the day. Fits perfectly, is of elegant form and perfect finish. LADIES, in your own interest and for your own comfort, before procuring your new costume see that you get one of these Corsets. Ask your dealer for it. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Price \$2.00. Parisian Corset Co. Nos. 73 & 75 Colombe St., QUEBEC.

SCHOOL BOOKS! School Material! JOHN E. WALSH'S, Bookseller and Stationer. 25 St. John Street, Quebec. September 5, 1898.

ESTEY FLOUR. WOLVERTON MILLING CO. PATENT ESTEY WOLVERTON, ONT.

Text Books for all the Schools are—JOHN E. WALSH'S, Bookseller and Stationer. 25 St. John Street, Quebec. September 5, 1898.

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PROFESSIONAL CARDS

ADVOCATES, ETC. Taschereau, Lavery & Rivard, Advocates and Parliamentary Agents. Banque Nationale Building, QUEBEC.

TASCHEREAU & PAGAUD, S. JOSEPH, BEAUCO. LINTIER TASCHEREAU, Q.C., J. L. LAVERY, LL.B., AGOUSTE PAGAUD, A. RIVARD, A.B., LL.B. October 20, 1897. Im

CITY OF QUEBEC. CITY HALL, City Clerk's Office. Quebec, 12th October, 1898.

THE UNDERSIGNED, CITY CLERK of the City of Quebec, do hereby give public notice that, in virtue of the public notice issued by His Worship the Mayor, bearing date the fourth of October instant, it has been proceeded according to law to the nomination of candidates to fill the office of Aldermen rendered vacant by the resignation and withdrawal of Aldermen Gagnon, Robitaille, Joseph Elie, Tremblay and John Gabriel Heurt, and that the following candidates have been nominated according to law for the said seats as follows, to-wit: For the office of Alderman for seat No. 1 of Jacques Cartier Ward, Pierre Eliezer Falgout, Esq., Tanner and Currier.

For the office of Alderman for seat No. 2 for St. Valier Ward, Louis Marois, Esq., Merchant. And for the office of Alderman for seat No. 3 for Montcalm Ward, Thomas Gilchrist, Esq., J.P. There being but one candidate for the office of Alderman for seat No. 4 of Jacques Cartier Ward, to-wit—Pierre Eliezer Falgout, Esq., Tanner and Currier.

And for the office of Alderman for seat No. 5 for St. Valier Ward, to-wit: Louis Marois, Esq., Merchant. And for the office of Alderman for seat No. 6 for Montcalm Ward, to-wit: Thomas Gilchrist, Esq., J.P. Culler, they are also *ipso facto* elected respectively Aldermen for seats, and I hereby proclaim them elected as such, to-wit: Alderman for seat No. 1, in Jacques Cartier Ward, the said Pierre Eliezer Falgout, Esq., Tanner and Currier. Alderman for seat No. 2, in St. Valier Ward, the said Louis Marois, Esq., Merchant. Alderman for seat No. 3, in Montcalm Ward, the said Thomas Gilchrist, Esq., J.P. H. J. B. CHOUINARD, City Clerk. October 13, 1898.

PUBLIC NOTICE. City Treasurer's Office, CITY HALL, QUEBEC, 4th October, 1898.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Assessment Books for the following Wards of the City of Quebec, viz:—St. John, St. Louis, Falgout, Champlain, Montcalm, St. Peter, Jacques Cartier, St. Roch, St. Simeon, and St. Valier, have been deposited by the Assessors of the said City in the office of the undersigned, and that the said books will be open to all persons interested, every day from 10 A.M. to 3 o'clock P.M., (Sundays and Holidays excepted), for and during three weeks from THURSDAY, the 15th, to THURSDAY, the 27th instant.

Any one who shall deem himself aggrieved by the Assessment Books for the Assessment Roll shall make complaint before the Recorder of the City in writing, and under oath, either before a Justice of the Peace, or a member of the City Council, or before the Clerk of the said Recorder's Court. That complaint shall be lodged within the said time in the office of the Recorder's Court, and the said Clerk shall give notice in the newspapers as hereinbefore set forth, of the place, days and hours in which the Recorder's Court will hear the complaints, and decide on the merits of their complaints. After such date no complaint will be heard and for no consideration will the books be changed. C. J. L. LAFRANCE, City Treasurer. October 4, 1898.

BISHOP'S COLLEGE, LENNOXVILLE. Lectures in both Faculties resumed Thursday, SEPTEMBER 22nd, 1898, at 9 A.M. Courses for Teachers' Academy Diplomas Session 1898-99. Matriculation Examinations begin MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 13th, at 9 A.M. Reid Scholarship and a Free Tuition awarded under certain conditions. Calendars and full information on application to Rev. OANON ADAMS, D.O.L., Principal; or F. W. FRITH, Esq., B.A., Bursar.

BISHOP'S COLLEGE SCHOOL. H. J. HAMILTON PETRY, Esq., M.A. Head Master. Work resumed SEPTEMBER 10th, 1898. For New ILLUSTRATED CALENDARS, with full information, apply to the HEAD MASTER, or SECRETARY, B.C.S., Lennoxville. August 22, 1898.

NOTICE. IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE PIER at mouth of Cap Rouge River is submerged as well as the other deep water pier that was there up to last winter, at the end of the Long Wharf. The position of the PIER at the MOUTH OF CAP ROUGE RIVER is, as heretofore shown by a View Buoy by day and a White Light by night, and the position of the DEEP WATER PIER, recently taken at the end of the Long Wharf is in a straight line with the said Flat Buoy and about 600 feet at the West thereof. CAP ROUGE PIER AND WHARF CO. N. FLOOD, Manager. May 11, 1898.

COOKING MADE EASY. Time, Labor and Money Saved. ... BY USING A ... GAS COOKING STOVE. NO SOOT. NO DIRT. NO ASHES. NO OVERHEATED KITCHEN.

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