THE STAR.

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Morning Telegrams.

Sparks from the Telegraph.

Epizootic has reached Quebec.

Two inches of snow at Quebec.

Smallpox is increasing in Havana.

Kelly, the notorious Australian bushranger, has been hanged.

Sixty-three deaths from yellow fever in Havana during October.

The Charlevoix election case is still before the Supreme Court, Ottawa.

Four murderers are to be hanged in Pennsylvania on the 6th of next January.

Russia has refused to permit the deposed Polish bishops to return to their sees.

The personal estate of the late Lord Strafford de Redcliffe has been sworn under $90,000.

Albanian delegates have arrived at Scutari to negotiate terms for the cession of Dulcigno.

The losses by the recent earthquake in Ciotia are estimated at three million florins.

Mr. McArthur, the new Lord Mayor of London, is the first Irishman that has filled the office.

Fresh shocks of earthquake have been felt at Agram and several houses were demolished.

The citizens of Bremen have pronounced against the incorporation of the German customs union.

Brigandage is rampant in Epirus and Thessaly, and many notables are held captives awaiting ransom.

John G. Whittier has lately received several of his poems admirably rendered in Portuguese by the Emperor of Brazil.

The recent freshet carried away some small bridges and did considerable damage to a number of grist mills in various parts of New Brunswick.

There is an active anti-Jewish feeling now existing in many sections of Germany, and it threatens to break out in Berlin with increased bitterness.

Articles of incorporation of a telephone company, the object of which is to establish a telephone system in the Dominion of Canada, have been filed in the County Clerk's office, New York.

If through her marriage Lady Coutts loses her interest in Coutts' Bank, her income will not exceed £10,000 sterling per annum. She has spent nearly all the money received in dividends from the bank.

A cyclone passed over Keachie, Louisiana, on the 11th, literally demolishing the town, including a Baptist church and a Baptist Female College; killing Professor Reynolds, who had arrived the day before from Mississippi.

The Queen of Holland's sister, Princess Pauline, of Waldeck, has been betrothed to Prince Alexis of Bertheim-Steinfurt, and the Duchess Helena, of Mecklenburg-Strelitz to the Hereditary Prince William of Nassau.

GARIBALDI'S VISIT TO GENOA.

The Old Soldier an Unconscious Prisoner.

ROME, November 11.—Achille Fazari, ex-member of the Chamber of Deputies and one of Garibaldi's companions in arms, has written to Garibaldi expressing regret at his going to Genova and thus openly encouraging the factious remarks of an impossible Republican party. The writer says, "I am family convinced that a Republic in Italy would certainly lead to a restoration of the Bourbon, Papal, Grand Ducal, and other factions, and you cannot participate in destroying that unity of which you are the chief factor." It is broadly hinted by the Italian press that Garibaldi is an unconscious prisoner, entirely in the hands of those who desire to use him as a mere instrument for the furtherance of their own selfish aims and wild ambition.

AN ELOPING COUPLE.

The Parties Claim to be from Montreal.

KINGSTON, November 11.—On the 2nd of this month a couple arrived in this city by the noon train, and took up their quarters at the Windsor House. On the register was written, in a seemingly disguised hand, Mr. and Mrs. Robt., Montreal. Robert was a Frenchman, fine looking, and about thirty-five years of age. His wife was rather plain, but had youth on her side, being to all appearance about twenty-two. Nothing wrong was suspected of them, but now and again remarks were frequently passed in regard to the differences between their ages. They left on the 4th, having remained only two days, and had their baggage checked for Lansdowne. Nothing more was thought of the matter until a day or two ago, when detective McAuley received a letter from a man living at Sherbrooke, stating that on the first of the month his wife had eloped from that town with a married man. The letter contained a description of the parties. There is little doubt but they are the same parties as above referred to.

PACIFIC RAILWAY COMMISSION.

Sir Hugh Allan's Evidence Continued.

OTTAWA, November 11.—Mr. Trudeau's evidence was continued at the sitting of the commission, to-day. Witness explained the items the amount paid to Lemay and Co., $17,730.46, which the contract price was $12,000. Part of the materials had been destroyed in the bush fires. The cross-examination of the witness went to show that the account was settled on a report from Mr. Marcus Smith, and that one of the bonuses of $5,000 had been drawn by Mr. Smith's report. Witness had never known of a complaint from an unsuccessful tenderer, that the successful tenderer was put in after the date for the receipt of tenders. In answer to a question by the Chairman why contracts were not signed by the same parties, witness stated that Mr. McCreery had been allowed to withdraw from the tender. The work for Contract 57 with the Truro Patent Frog Co. for 120 patent frogs with switch gear was not, witness stated, let by public tender. The contract had been filled without complaint.

THE FRENCH CRISIS.

The Difficulty Compromised—The Ferry Ministry to Remain in Office after a Vote of Confidence Passed—Stormy Scene in the Chamber.

PARIS, Nov. 11.—The French Ministry have consented to remain in office. The question now is: Will the Chamber of Deputies consent to retain them? A member of the Republican Left will to-day introduce a friendly interpellation, and M. Jules Ferry will then explain the past and future policy of the Government. M. Deves, President of the Republican Left, will move a vote of confidence in the Ministry.

A later despatch says: The Chamber of Deputies has, by a vote of 297 against 131, passed the order of the day, expressing confidence in the Ministry. This terminates the crisis.

At the assembling of the Chamber of Deputies, M. Baudry-D'Asson took his seat, despite the recent vote expelling him. He refused to leave, notwithstanding the orders of Gambetta, the President. The latter then suspended the sitting. M. Baudry-D'Asson continuing obdurate, the Bureau of the Chamber ordered his expulsion, and military guards being called forced him away. Members of the Right clustered around M. Baudry-D'Asson, who, violently resisting with his hands and feet, was expelled by the united efforts of fifteen soldiers, and confined in an adjacent room. Baudry-D'Asson has now the promise not to re-enter the Chamber of Deputies during the time of his expulsion, and he is therefore still kept in confinement.

LONDON, November 11.—A Paris special says there is much excitement in the city over proceedings in the Chamber, and the end of the present complications cannot be foreseen. Numerous prominent men, who have heretofore acted with Gambetta, predict that the Radical influence will demand his co-operating in the increased clerical aggression. They also believe that should the Opposition threaten the existence of Gambetta's influence, he is prepared the utter sinister expressions advocating the maintenance of the unity of French power in the event of war with Germany, which always unifies Frenchmen. Jules Simon and others confirm this view.

THE IRISH TROUBLES.

The Boycott Relief Expedition—Great Excitement at Ballinrobe—Arrival of the Orangemen—Collision Feared—Bloodshed Inevitable.

BALLINROBE, November 11.—Two squadrons of Hussars and one of Dragoons started for Claremorris to meet the Orangemen. The magistrates telegraphed last night for a detachment of Artillery with two guns. Over thirty Orangemen laborers arrived here this evening escorted by large bodies of infantry and cavalry. Thousands of people collected and hooted and jeered at them. They will commence the gathering of Mr. Boycott's crops on Friday. The Orangemen of Dublin will send a detachment to form a commissariat for the laborers, who are lodging in tents. The weather is very inclement. A small detachment of artillery, with two guns, has also arrived here.

ORANGEMEN AT BALLINROBE.

There are now 60 Orangemen here. Their march from Claremorris was unmolested. Each Orangeman carried a revolver in his pocket, but otherwise they were unarmed except with their spades, &c., to be used in their work at Boycott's farm. The military behaved very well. As they marched along cries were raised by the crowds at different places, "They will never come back." The whole railway route is patrolled by the police and military.

Late advices from Dublin say that an intense feeling prevails in Claremorris against the Orangemen, and that incendiary placards are numerously posted.

ARRIVAL AT CLAREMORRIS.

The force of 150 infantry, with two rifled cannon and 150 of the Royal Irish Constabulary, to act as escort to the Orangemen, arrived at Claremorris this afternoon, and proceeded at once to march to Mr. Boycott's residence at Lough Mask, Ballinrobe. A large detachment of police had previously been detailed to protect the road the entire distance of twenty miles which was to be tramped by the troops. The officers, under direction of the Government, had tried in vain to procure conveyance to save the men the long and wearisome march, but all car owners refused positively all inducements to hire out their vehicles, saying that it would be as much as their lives were worth to assist the Government in any way. The 24th regiment and a detachment of cavalry are expected to join the army of protection on Hollymount on the Claremorris road. The local officials are busily engaged to-day in preparing the workhouse as an infirmary for the reception of the wounded, but the Government has strictly cautioned the officers and troops to exercise the greatest possible forbearance, and not by any means to

FIRE UPON THE PEOPLE

except under the most critical circumstances. When the troops left Castlebar this morning to do reinforce the Claremorris contingent, tremendous excitement prevailed among the multitudes which had assembled to witness their departure. The inhabitants hooted the soldiers, and seeing some Orangemen among them, they shouted, "Down with the Orangemen!" and it was only by the strenuous exertions of the officer in command in barring the movements of the crowd that a serious collision on the spot was prevented. Owing to the great excitement and the departure of thousands of peasantry for Claremorris, the shops generally have issued notices urging the people to remain at home and let the Government display its despotism unheeded and unmolested. More than 6,000 troops and police are now stationed to protect the road between Ballinrobe and Claremorris. The fear is indulged in Dublin that agrarian troubles have only begun.

THE HABEAS CORPUS ACT.

DUBLIN, Nov. 11.—The Magistrates of several counties have advised the Irish Government to suspend the *Habeas Corpus Act*, but Mr. Forster, Chief Secretary, deems it unnecessary. The people hissed and groaned at the Orangemen on their arrival at Claremorris. The party had to be protected by a double file of bayonets on each hand to Lecan. The route to Hollymount by which the Orange men proceeded was lined with constabulary. An anti-Land League demonstration took place at Downpatrick to-day, at which Muhollond, Conservative member of Parliament for Downpatrick, presided. Resolutions were passed condemning the land agitation.

THE RELIEF MOVEMENT DENOUNCED.

A correspondent at Ballinrobe telegraphs that Boycott has no place in which to lodge the Orangemen except a barn. The Liberals of this District denounce the relief movement as a Tory trick to force the hand of the Government, and provoke coercion by promoting civil war. The relief expedition numbers 83 men and improvided with tents. A despatch from Dublin reports that all the laborers of the relief expedition are tenant-farmers or sons of tenant-farmers. Provisions have been sent with them for 60 men for 30 days. The Orangemen expected willingness to stay at Ballinrobe after the crops have been cut, and work for Boycott. A detachment of 400 men of the 71st Regiment, which left Castlebar in the morning, were furnished with 40 rounds of ammunition per man.

REDPATH CHALLENGED.

Among the latest rumours is one that Mr. James Redpath, the correspondent in Ireland of the Chicago *Inter-Ocean*, has been challenged to fight a duel by Mr. O'Donnell, member of Parliament from Dungarvan. The cause of the challenge is as follows:—A few weeks ago Mr. O'Donnell, with Mr. Justin McCarthy and others, made application for admission to membership in the Land League. At yesterday's meeting a letter was read from Mr. O'Donnell withdrawing his application. The reason which prompted him to take this step is said to be that at a recent meeting of the League Mr. Redpath used language insulting or uncomplimentary to the Queen. Mr. Redpath contributed an article to a Dublin paper, in which he criticised Mr. O'Donnell's course, and lampooned him in true American style. The result is said to be a challenge.

THE MATTER BEFORE THE CABINET.

LONDON, November 11.—The *Times*, in a leading editorial article this morning, says: —"It is certain that the most important question considered by yesterday's Cabinet Council was the right of the citizens of Ireland to be protected by the ordinary machinery of law. We have reason to believe that those who are mostly directly responsible for the administration of Irish affairs have come to the conclusion that without increasing the power of the executive the present state of things must not only continue, but enlarge its borders, and become daily more enterprising and audacious." The article recommends the suspension of the *Habeas Corpus Act* as a remedy. The correspondent of the Manchester *Guardian* says:—It is understood that Mr. Forster presented in yesterday's Cabinet Council evidence of a state of affairs in Ireland which might excite alarm if the Government were not thoroughly prepared for any contingency. It is believed, however, that Mr. Forster is confident that the promise of just legislation and the firm maintenance of order will enable the country to pass through the difficulty without any coercive measures.

MORE THREATS.

DUBLIN, November 11.—The tenants of Longford county, in the province of Leinster, have threatened their landlords and their agents with death if they are opposed to pay rents above Griffiths' valuation. The peasantry are gathering in great numbers at Ballinrobe.

THE PROSECUTIONS.

After a long argument, the Court of Queen's Bench, on Thursday, granted the application of the Land Leaguers' counsel demanding full particulars of the acts alleged to have been committed by traversers. These particulars will be furnished on Monday.

BLOODSHED INEVITABLE.

The excitement throughout Ireland is intense, and it is feared that bloodshed is inevitable. Over 7,000 troops are now in the West.

PARNELL'S DEFENCE.

CORK, November 11.—A meeting convened by the Mayor of this city has opened subscription lists for Parnell's defence.

Russia has remonstrated with Germany regarding the quantity of arms and ammunition supplied to China from Germany.

THE IRISH BISHOPS.

Their Reception by the Pope.

ROME, November 11.—The Pope, in receiving the Irish bishops to-day, said he sympathized with and praised Ireland's fidelity to the Roman Church, and asked that the priests and the people act unitedly to avoid recrimination. One of the bishops told the Pope that the present movement was not revolutionary, that the Irishmen were loyal, and were merely fighting out the great question constitutionally.

The Bonniral Collectorship.

The *Herald's* Ottawa despatch says—The appointment of Mr M P Ryan as Collector of Customs for Montreal has again been revived. Mr Thomas White, the member for Cardwell, is here, and is understood to be advocating the claims of Col A A Stevenson. The latest gossip is that Sir John is afraid to open Montreal Centre. The fact lessens the chance of an immediate superannuation of Mr. Simpson. The Premier will not now likely open any doubtful constituency in view of the coming tug-of-war of Parliament next month. There is no doubt about it, the Orangemen are putting pressure upon ex-Grand Master Bowell to prevent the appointment of the member for Montreal Centre to the Collectorship.

THE EPIZOOTIC.

On the Increase—The Running of the Street Cars Affected.

The epizootic is beginning to make itself seriously felt. The G. P. R. Co. have so many of their horses affected that they are only running half time service on the Notre Dame, St. Lawrence and St. Catherine street routes. In the meantime the Board of Health has been asked for, about the acceptance of some of the offers made, because it was well known to all of us that he would not be present at the meeting. It was also stated, before his leaving, that he would sustain the majority of the trustees, and that he would urge the selling of the church at once. The property is now in their hands—his own peculiar offer for the property at the *illegal* meeting on the 5th inst., which offer, had it been the best, and accepted then, would have left them in the unsafe have quite a *legal* aspect, they say, just as the recent combined meeting to settle the upset price was legal. All these and the personal remarks of Mr. James W. Pyke was the only one who could possibly purchase the property have a tendency to open "the stupid and ignorant" eyes of his Trustee colleagues.

IMPORTANT LETTER FROM AN IRISH LANDLORD.

The Other Side of the Question.

To the Editor of the STAR:

SIR,—I am an Irishman, a landlord, and a stranger in Canada. With these facts before you, you may think it somewhat strange that I should address you on the burning question of Ireland and its troubles. I hope, however, that I do not unnecessarily intrude on your patience by asking a little space in THE STAR in order to give you an Irish landlord's views on a subject which so nearly concerns Ireland in particular, and which so generally concerns the Empire at large. I may be wrong in assuming that you Canadians, who are probably of one side of the question and too little of the other, but since I came to the country I have found but very few men who ever heard both sides of what is certainly a grave issue. In the first place, then, I may tell you that I may claim to be, thoroughly Irish. I belong to what the people call the "old stock." My family for centuries have occupied the house I reside in when at home, and no member of my house has ever been molested by the people, either in the past or present. So much for the feeling between myself and my tenantry. But, sir, this fact has an important bearing, and or this reason:—It is not the the old families, but the new comers that have caused all the trouble. Between the old families and their tenantry there was a feudal sympathy which reindered it, in most cases, impossible for the landlords to treat their tenants with harshness. There were kindred associations between them. Until recently most of the landlords were resident proprietors, and they invariably treated their tenantry with kindness and consideration. In fact, until the establishment of the Encumbered, now the Landed Estates Court, there were very few disputes between the Irish landlords and their tenants. Up to that time the landlords were all Irishmen, and the bad ones were the exception and not the rule. But when the Landed Estates Court was established all began to change, Englishmen and Scotchmen replaced the Irishmen. The old families, one by one, were swept away. The old ties were broken; the feudal relations between landlord and tenant were at an end and the war began. The new landlord cared nothing for the tenant and the tenant treated the new landlord with marked contempt. Rents were increased and the landlord fled to the flame, and it spread until now is a conflagration. For instance, there is in the West of Ireland a county called "Connemara." It is, I suppose, thirty miles long, and the greater part of it was at one time owned by Colonel Martin, M.P. He treated his tenants with exceptional kindness. But he lived fast and when the Landed Estates Court was established he was sold out. Then an English Company—the Fishmongers, I think, but will not be sure, bought the lands. What did the English Fishmongers care for the tenants? Nothing. Then the rents were raised and the trouble began there. The same thing happened in my own county, Meath, and all over Ireland wherever new landlords replaced the old, trouble was inaugurated. But I hope, sir, you do not imply that I want to make it appear that all the old landlords were good, I do not. All I want to point to is that in replacing the old landlords by new ones, who bought the land as a commercial speculation, has been fraught with evil to all concerned. But if the landlords have been insecure to blame, so were the tenants. It is said that the landlords constantly increased their rents, but it is forgotten that the tenants as constantly increased the returns for the products of their lands. Take a case like this. A landlord has £2,000 a year in 1844. His tenants are paying him—say—£1 an acre. They only receive—say—8d a pound for butter and 4d a dozen for eggs. In fact the products of the farms are sold cheaply and living is consequently cheap for both tenant and landlord. But the Crimean war takes place. The products of the farms increase in value. The landlord has to pay 8d for his butter and 6d for his eggs. Beef, mutton and everything on the farm increases in value. The tenant becomes better off. The expense of living increases twenty-five per cent. Now the £2,000 of the landlord becomes reduced in value to £1,600. The tenant becomes rich while he becomes poor. He sees others prosper while he and his family suffer. Now if this goes on for some time the landlord sees his property and the tenants would virtually take his place. If the cost of living increases it is only reasonable to suppose that the landlord would increase his rent. The tenant is benefited and there is no reason why the landlord should be ruined because the times were good. To say that a landlord should not increase his rents when the tenants receive better prices for the products of the farm, and when the cost of living is increased, is to say what is not reasonable, and what no respectable man will concede. But I admit that the tide has come to the increase of rents should equally apply to their reduction, and so it generally has. I could name fifty large landed proprietors who have made a large reduction when the crops were bad. In some cases, no doubt, this practice was not in vogue, but in many cases it was. What is really wanted in Ireland is a fair valuation periodically made, and rents in proportion to the value of the harvests. As for this cry of "No rents," it is simply confiscation, and that is something the Irish landlords and the Government are not likely to consent to, and if I do not mistake the Irish people will soon find out that it is not the going rate for. Many landlords believe, as I do, that the time for a readjustment of the land question has come, but they do not believe that compensation should be established in its stead, and, if it is attempted, they will resist to the bitter end. I may, too, remind you that all the feeling is not on one side. We have plenty of supporters even among our own tenants, and while the most of us are, I believe, willing to listen to the voice of reason, it is a mistake to suppose that any of us are going to throw up the sponge in despair. If I remain in Montreal I may have the pleasure of communicating with you again, but as I leave for San Francisco in a few days, if you will kindly forward THE STAR to me *en route*, I shall feel much obliged. Enclosed I send my subscription and my card.

I am, sir, your humble servant,

LANDLORD.

Windsor Hotel, Montreal.

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

Weekly Review.

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 12.

Unfavorable weather has been a great hindrance to business this week, in both wholesale and retail branches, but the hopeful feeling still predominates. Iron and hardware merchants have been kept unusually busy forwarding heavy goods, as the Western boats are mostly to be withdrawn in a few days. Rail shipments have also been large. Payments falling due continue to be met promptly on time or renewed only for short periods, particularly is this the case in the dry-goods trade.

DRY GOODS.—Orders from travellers continue to arrive quite freely, and business in some quarters has been rather brisker this week. We hear of no buyers having visited the city, most of the custom, especially at this season, being taken by representatives on the spot. The city retail trade is fairly fully employed in the sale of flannels, woollens, mantles and all descriptions of dress goods, but a change to colder weather would increase the sale of heavy goods.

GROCERIES.—The fact that navigation will be closed soon, has induced buyers to come forward and lay in winter stocks, and our wholesale houses are therefore busier than usual getting out goods.

TEA.—The market is altogether unchanged. Tea, half chest.: Japan, common to medium, 26c to 30c; fair to good, 34c to 40c; fine to choice, 41c to 57c; Nagasaki, 22c to 25c; Young Hyson, common to good, 28c to 40c; fine to finest, 42c to 65c; gunpowder, low grades 38c to 40c; good to fine, 50c to 60c; finest, 65c to 70c; imperial, medium to good, 30c to 38c; fine to finest, 45c to 65c; Twankey, common to good, 29c to 32c; Oolong, common 33c to 38c; good to choice, 40c to 60c; Souchong, common, 26c to 32c; medium to good, 33c to 40c; fine to finest, 41c to 60c; Souchong, common, 23c to 30c; medium to good, 33c to 45c; fine to choice, 50c to 70c.

SUGARS.—Since last report there has been an advance of ¼ to ¼ on yellows. Porto Rico, 7¾c to 8c; Barbadoes, 7¾c to 7¾; yellow refined, 8c to 8¾c; Cubes, 10¾c to 11c; Granulated, 10¾c to 10¾c.

SYRUPS AND MOLASSES.—A good demand exists, and we hear of large sales of molasses. Syrups—Extra, per gal, 54c to 52c; Good, 50c to 53c; Fair, 44c to 50c. Molasses—Fair to Fine, 47c to 50c; Trinidad, 29c to 32c; Sugar House, 27c to 32c; Maple, 80c to 95c.

COFFEE.—Very dull. Green Mocha, per lb, 30c to 35c; Java, 23c to 30c; Maracaibo, 21c to 23c; Cape, 19c to 20c; Jamaica, 18c to 19c; Rio, 19c to 20c; Singapore and Ceylon, 23c to 27c; Chicory, 12c to 12½.

FRUITS AND NUTS.—Sales are increasing for all grades of fruit, and holders show more inclination to meet buyers. Valencias, 7½c to 8c; Layers, $2 45 to $2 55; London Layers, $2 90 to $3 00; Loose muscatel, box 2 60 to 2 70; Sultanas, 9c to 10c; Seedless, 11c to 11½; Prunes, 7c to 8c; Malaga Figs, 6c to 7c; H S Almonds, 6c to 7c; S S Tarragona, 14c to 16c; Walnuts, 8½c to 10c; Filberts, 8½c to 10c.

SPICES.—The only article in spices meeting with any attention is Cassia, large sales of which are reported. Cassia per lb, 14c to 18c; Mace, 90c to $1; Cloves, 40c to 50c; Jamaica Ginger, 8½ 22c to 26c; Jamaican Ginger, unbl., 17c to 21c; African, 14c to 17c; Pimento, 10c to 17c; Pepper, 12c to 14c; Mustard, 4 lb jars, 19c to 20c; Mustard, 1 lb jars, 24c to 26c; Nutmegs, unlimed, 85c to 95c; limed, 90c to $1.

RICE.—Moderate enquiry at steady prices. Arracan, &c, per 100 lbs, $4 to $4 35; Sago per lb, 6c to 7c; Tapioca, Pearl, 8½c to 10c; Tapioca, Flake, 8c to 9c.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.—Business seems to come in much the same groove the volume of trade showing no great expansion. The English markets do not mend much and a scarcity of orders is still the complaint of manufacturers. For jobbing lots the following are the prices: Borax, 12½c to 14c; Saltpetre, 8c to 9c. Aloes Cape, 16 to 17c; alum, $1 85 to $2; castor oil, 9½c to 10½c; cannic soda, $2 50 to $2 75; cream tartar, 33c to 35c; quinine, $3 90 to $4 00; soda ash, $2; soda bi-carb, $3 40 to $3 50; sal soda, $1 to $1 20; tartaric acid, 57½c to 60c; bleaching powder, $1 70 to $1 80; citric acid, 85c to 90c; camphor Eng ref, 45c to 48c; camphor Am ref, 40c to 42c; gum arabic per lb, 20c to 35c; gum trag per lb, 45c to 90c; copperas per 100 lbs, 95c to $1; blue vitriol, 6c to 7c.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—Sufficient orders continue to come in to keep manufacturers fairly busy. Remittances are good. We quote:—Men's Thick Boots, $2 30 to $3; do Split, $1 75 to $2 25; do Inferior, $1 40 to $1 50; do Kip Boots, $2 75 to $3 25; do Calf Boots, pegged, $3 to $3 50; do Kip Brogans, $1 75 to $2 50; do Spit do, $1 05 to $1 10; do Buff Congress, $1 60 to $2 75; Women's Pebbled and Buff Balls, $1 10 to $1 40; do Split do, 90c to $1 10; do Prunella do, 50c to $1 50; do Inferior do, 45c to 60c; Misses' do, 50c to $1 25; do Buskins do, 60c to 80c; Misses' Pebbled and Buff Balls, $1 00 to $1 20; do split do, 75c to 90c.

LEATHER.—There has been a fair amount of business done during the past week and the outlook for a good fall trade being lone is good. Prices are: No 1 B A Sole 26 to 27c; No 2 B A do 24 to 25c; No 1 Ordinary do, 24 to 26c; No 2, do, 23 to 24c; Buffalo Sole, No 1, 22 to 23c; do No 2, 20 to 21c; China Sole No 1, 24 to 25c; do No 2, 22 to 23c; Slaughter, No 1, 32 to 34c; Harness, 28 to 33c; Upper heavy, 38 to 40c; do light, 41 to 43c; Grained Upper, 40 to 43c; Kip Skins, French, 75 to 85c; English, 65 to 75c; Canada, kip, 45 to 55c; Hemlock Calf, 65 to 80c; do light, 55 to 65c; French Calf, $1 10 to $1 30. Splits, best crimping, 28 to 30c; Calf splits, 32c; Boot back splits, 26 to 28c; Grain do, 22c; Sheep linings, 18 to 20c; Patent leather No 1, 16 to 17c; Enamel leather, 14 to 16c.

PETROLEUM.—The market is in a very unsettled state owing to a drop of 2c at the oil regions. It is stated that this reduction is only temporary and caused by cheap American oil competing with the Canadian product, but the Imperial Oil Combination is keeping the price up dark and it is difficult to get at the facts. As none of the cheapest Canadian oil has yet found its way here sales are being generally made at old figures, and in consequence of the higher freight rates consumers will probably get their supplies only one cent per gallon cheaper. Car lots in Montreal are quoted at 23c per imperial gallon, and in Montreal at about 26½. Broken lots, 28c; single barrel lots, 30c to 31c.

WOOL.—There is a moderate demand with nothing particular to note in the market. Prices are firm and as follows:—Domestic lamb, 29c to 31c; fleece, Australian, 28c to 32c; Foreign medium, greasy, 16c to 20c; Cape, 18c.

FISH.—There is a small demand for fish. Labrador Herrings are in better demand, but prices of all remain unchanged. We quote:—Mackerel are quoted at $5 for No 1 Shore, $4 for No 2 do, $3 for No 3 do in market. Herrings, No. 1 split shore, $4 75 to $5 per bbl; for Labrador $5 50 to $5 75 is asked for round lots. Salmon $19, $18 and $17 for Nos. 1, 2 and 3. Green cod, in bbl, is quoted down to $4 to $4 25 and $3 25 to $3 50 for No 1 and No 2; dry cod, $4 25 to $4 50.

OILS.—There is no change to note in oils, stocks are moving slowly at prices as follows: Gaspe and Newfoundland Cod, 47½c to 50c; S. B. Seal, 55c to 60c; Straw Seal, 40c to 45c; Pale Seal, 45c to 50c.

HIDES.—The market is quiet and prices are unchanged from last week. Green butchers are in better demand this week. We quote:—Sheepskins have advanced about 10c. Beef hides No. 1 inspected, $10; No. 2, $9; No 3, $8; Calfskins, 12c; Sheepskins, $1 10.

Almost Young Again.

"My mother was afflicted a long time with Neuralgia and a dull, heavy inactive condition of the whole system; headache, nervous prostration, and was almost helpless. No physicians or medicines did her any good. Three months ago she began to use Hop Bitters, with such good effect that she seems and feels young again, although over 70 years old. We think there is no other medicine fit to use in the family."—A lady in Providence, R.I.—*Journal.* 24

Hacklin's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all kinds of Skin Eruptions. This Salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by all druggists.

The coming drink—Kaoka—destined to entirely supersede tea and coffee. In addition to being an excellent table beverage it is the same time an invaluable cure for dyspepsia, indigestion, nervousness, constipation, sick headaches, sleeplessness, and all complaints arising from derangement of the stomach and digestive organs. Sold in one pound tinfoil packages at ten cents by all first-class grocers.

Knitted carpet lining and stair pads. See advertising column this page.

VENTILATION.

YON'S PATENT VENTILATOR

Is what every one should have placed in their house at this season of the year, namely, the cold weather, windows and doors must be kept closed, and otherwise a good system of ventilation sticknessis a must. Follow in a short time.

Prevention is Better than Cure!

With a small outlay you can purchase one of

Yon's Patent Ventilators!

And secure a healthy atmosphere in your house and save doctor's bills.

THE TRADE FOR SALE BY GEORGE YON,

PLUMBER AND TINSMITH,

975 St. Catherine street, Montreal.

THE CENTRAL DRUG STORE

THIS SEASON'S FRESH, PURE AND ALMOST TASTELESS

NEWFOUNDLAND

COD LIVER OIL.

(P. & S. TESSIER'S)

In large bottles, 50 cents each, or by the gallon.

Also, the Finest Brands of Norway **Cod Liver Oil.**

JOHN C. BENETT, Jr.,

Corner Craig and Bleury Streets.

W. H. DION YOUNG, D.D.S.,

Graduate of Philadelphia Dental College 1873. Surgical and Mechanical Dentistry. ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS.

Over 8 years practice in the Dental Profession.

1904 Notre Dame Street,

MONTREAL.

REFINED PETROLEUM,

AND ALL KINDS OF

LUBRICATING & MACHINERY OILS.

Empty Barrels Bought.

MITCHELL, COPE & Co.,

P.O. Box 1074.

21 DeBresole street (off St. Sulpice), MONTREAL.

M. E. RATELLE. Chiropodist, REMOVED

Corns, Bunions and Ingrowing Nails,

without pain. Best references can be given, having made that an special study as CHIROPODIST, and being in practice since 1861. 958 ST. CATHERINE STREET, Montreal. 302c

THE BEST SEWING SILK

ASK FOR THIS BRAND

TO TAILORS AND CUTTERS.

A Cutter of twenty years' first-class experience in America and Europe has invented instruments for measuring COATS and PANTS which will produce perfect fitting garments without the need of trying on. For particulars, address, inclosing 3c. stamp, D. G. MCLELLAN, P.O. Box 178, Guelph, Ont. 254eod

OSTRICH FEATHER DUSTERS, only 25c each.

VELVET AND BOBBIT WISHES,

HAIR BROOMS AND DUSTERS,

STOVE AND SHOE BRUSHES.

ULLEY'S BRUSH WORKS,

BLEURY STREET. 278

Houses To Let.

TO LET—House, three rooms. Apply 259 St. Constant street. 268 2

TO LET—Small Dwelling. 497 Sherbrooke street. 268 1

TO LET—A few convenient fully situated Offices on Place d'Armes Hill, next the C. P. R. Co's Waiting Room, heated and good light. Rent low. Also, post Office and Storage, on ground floor, Main store, next Mansion House. Apply to 183 ST. JAMES ST., No. 11 Place d'Armes Hill. 263 1y

HOUSE TO LET—For Apartments, No. 242 St. Alexander street. To be let cheap to the first of May. 264 6 2-8 Sainpliet street

TO LET.

First-class Cut-stone Residences, corner of CATHERINE and MOUNTAIN STREETS, facing a fine large garden, and affording an open view of the Mountain, also full view of the Cricket and Lacrosse Grounds. This is one of the most healthy and pleasant situations in the city. Those houses are thoroughly supplied with all the modern conveniences. They are fitted up with the best description of heating apparatus and all conveniences for economy. Rent low. Also, two very good Stone Houses in the rear, on MOUNTAIN ST. NEXT. Rent very low. Apply to R. BURLAND & CO., Real Estate, Fire and Life Insurance Agents, 101 St. Francois Xavier street. 219tf

WAREHOUSE TO LET.

No. 647 and 649 Notre Dame street, up one flight, and stand for a retail or wholesale business. Apply to

R. H. THOMAS,

265 6 194 St. James street.

Houses Wanted.

HOUSES WANTED—Wanted to purchase for cash, two or three Cottages in a good locality. Address full particulars as to locality, rent, &c.

264 7 **P.O. Box 1199.**

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A detached or semi-detached house on Sherbrooke street, or on that vicinity. Price from $10,000 to $15,000. Apply to

R. H. THOMAS,

265 6 194 ST. JAMES STREET.

For Sale.

FOR SALE.

60 Horse-power STEAM ENGINE, Cylinder 32 by 48, with two Boilers, Fly Wheel, Belting, Pump, &c., complete and in perfect order. Apply to

257 6 **P. O. Box 230.**

FOR SALE—Saloon License. Address by letter, "J 163," STAR office. 259 3

FOR SALE—Portable Boiler and Engine and new land press. Johnston's Fluid Beef Works. 257 4

FOR SALE—A Good Second-hand Square Piano, for $60. 419 Notre Dame street. 267 2

FOR SALE—For half its value, a $200 piano, Boston make, now in storage at New York Piano Co., 226 and 228 St. James street. 263 3

FOR SALE CHEAP—Small Billiard Table, nearly new. Apply to Markers, in good condition. R. H. Brand, Billiard Room, Windsor Hotel. 262 3

FOR SALE—A single set of harness, nickel mounted, only in use one week. Apply to 248 Richmond Square. 262 6

FOR SALE—Dry Kindling, $1.50. Maple $2.25. Hardwood $3 and load delivered. 37 Bridgeside. 254 3

FOR SALE—Two Fine Red Bitch Setter Pups, 6 months old, also, 2 pups from Yorkshire Terriers, about 3 months old, and several pups from Newfoundland dogs, all good imported stock, and to anyone wanting a good dog, it is an opportunity that does not offer every day. Apply to the STAR Office. 259 1f

Lost, &c.

$5 REWARD will be given to any person that will give such information as will lead to the recovery of a fat heifer, that strayed from 269 St. Dominique street on Wednesday the 3rd inst., was last seen on Bourgeois street, Fort St. Charles. Any information concerning her, will be thankfully received, and the above reward paid on recovery by Charles Rossell, 47 Berthelet street. 266 8

STRAYED—From 110 Mansfield street, on Thursday night, a white poodle dog. Finder will please return and be rewarded. 267 2

STRAYED—From No 15 Lincoln Avenue, a large sized St. Bernard pup, about two months old, answers to the name of Rover. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at above address. 267 3

LOST—On Wednesday evening, on St. Denis street, in the vicinity of the French square, a small parcel containing a sample of fancy vest and some cloth. Any person leaving it at the Employment Agency will be rewarded. 267

LOST—A Gold Brooch in Yellow Stone, between German and Bleury streets. Finder will be rewarded at 243 Bleury street. 268 3

LOST—From Shuter street, on Sunday, Nov. 7th, a Pure White Kitten. Will the finder kindly leave address at 218 St. James street, or 14 Prince Arthur. 267 2

LOST—$300 in bills. A Handsome reward will be given for its recovery. Address Box 83, P.O. 267 2

LOST—Monday, 8th November, from 8 Prat street, a Black Dog No. 7087. The finder will please return to above address. 267 1

LOST—On Wednesday, on St. James street, a young dark Scotch Terrier. Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning same to 204 St. James street. 267 3

LOST—From 3837 Ontario street, a Bacon. Finder will be rewarded on returning same. 267 1

LOST—A small Red Cow. Please give information and be paid for trouble, to C. Weir, Rosery street, St. Gabriel. 266 4

Rooms.

ROOMS.—Wanted two Furnished Rooms, with use of kitchen. Address "R. 253," STAR office. 268 2

ROOM—To Let, Furnished Bedroom with use of kitchen. 497 Sherbrooke street. 268 1

ROOM—Comfortably Furnished Bedroom, at 108 Stanley street. $7.00 per month, without board. 266 8

ROOMS—Two unfurnished rooms to let, with use of kitchen, to one or two ladies. Apply 33 Hunter street. 266 4

ROOM—Furnished, 75 Jurors street. 268 3

ROOM—Wanted, Comfortable room with use of piano, in private family, for a lady. Address, "M 190," STAR Office. 267 2

ROOMS—Vacant, two Rooms, one with board, in private family, suitable for Gentlemen or Married Couple. Apply at Mansion House Hotel. 267 3

ROOMS—Wanted by a Girl to work for a store. Apply 1936, STAR EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 624 Craig street. 267 3

ROOM TO RENT—On the first floor, front, furnished or unfurnished. 47 Metcalfe street. 266 3

ROOM—Furnished, 19 Latour st. 265 6

ROOMS with BOARD. 820 Ontario street. 265 5

ROOMS and BOARD—69 Upper St. Urbain street. 265 12

ROOM—Furnished, to let. 630

THE STAR.

GRAHAM & Co., Proprietors,
158 St. James street.

Vol. XII.....No. 268

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF THE CIRCULATION of THE STAR for the Week ending Nov. 6th, and the corresponding period of 1879:—

Nov. 1879.		Nov. 1880.	
Monday .. 3	14,498	Monday .. 1	15,394
Tuesday .. 4	14,485	Tuesday.. 2	15,633
Wed'sday . 5	14,409	Wed'sday..3†	12,466
Thursday .6*	———	Thursday.. 4	15,863
Friday.... 7	14,168	Friday.... 5	15,713
Saturday.. 8	14,781	Saturday.. 6	16,081
Total....	72,641	Total....	91,143

Average daily circulation for week ending Nov. 6th 1880:—

15,191.

* Thanksgiving Day, no issue.
† Thanksgiving Day.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1880.

WANTED—An Agent for the sale of THE STAR, at Lachine Locks. Address Box 2160. 264

TO NEWSDEALERS.

THE STAR is supplied to city newsdealers on condition of weekly payments. If the amount due is not ready for the collector when he calls and is not within twenty-four hours after his call forwarded to THE STAR office, the papers are stopped.

GRAHAM & CO.

THE French Cabinet crisis has ended, at least for the present, proving nothing more than "a tempest in a teapot." After a long conference with the President and Gambetta, the Ferry Ministry consented to hold office on condition that a vote of confidence be passed by the Chambers. The vote was subsequently carried by the Chamber of Deputies, by 297 to 136, so the Ministry retain their portfolios. How long peace will reign it is impossible to foretell, but sooner or later the reins of power will have to be taken by M. Gambetta, who is believed to be the only man who can at present command a sufficiently strong following to successfully carry on the business of the country.

AT last Dulcigno is to be surrendered; at least a Constantinople despatch reports that the Albanian chiefs have consented, and delegates have arrived at Scutari to negotiate the terms. This is just where all the trouble lies. There has been too much negotiation, too many terms and not enough action. Had Riza Pasha shown a firmer front the disputed territory would long ere this have been under the Government of Montenegro; but his pandering to the Albanians gave them the idea that they must have a voice in the matter, and that they have made that voice heard no one will deny. Should satisfactory arrangements be at last arrived at, and Dulcigno surrendered, a sigh of relief will go up from newspaper men all over the world, for the very name of Dulcigno has been made distasteful to them.

From Ten to Fifteen Per Cent. Interest.

There is a grand field for the operations of the *Credit Foncier* in Prince Edward Island. There, we are informed on the authority of Mr. P. R. Bowers, Editor of the *New Era* of Charlottetown, a large proportion of the farms of the Island are mortgaged for greater or less sums of money and at rates of interest ranging from 10 to 15 per cent. per annum. How the Islanders can pay these exorbitant rates for money and keep body and soul together is the mystery. It can only be accounted for on the theory of the remarkable fertility and productiveness of the soil, for which the Island is noted. But no land, however fertile, will stand the drain of from 10 to 15 per cent. interest on borrowed money to develop it, and the result must be as in other places where like circumstances obtain that the poor will get poorer and the rich grow richer all the time. It is a question if any land in the older provinces can be profitably developed on money bearing more than six per cent. interest, and it is an incontestable fact that many men have gone under in the struggle with poor land even at this figure. Mr. Bowers has explained the case of the people of the Island to the managers of the *Credit Foncier* and has asked them to devote a million of their capital to operations in his province. There can be little doubt but that the managers of the Company will see it to be to their interest to extend their operations to Prince Edward Island. Placing a million dollars there at six per cent. will be equivalent to an annual saving to the people of $60,000, taking 12 per cent as the average interest now paid on an equivalent amount of capital. The Islanders should spare no exertions to induce the managers of the *Credit* to establish a branch in Charlottetown.

Democratic Regrets.

It is somewhat amusing to those who believe that parties were made for the State and not the State for parties to notice the terms in which the recent Democratic defeat in the neighboring republic is spoken of. That the nation has suffered anything by the result scarcely any one pretends; but heaven and earth are called to attest the sufferings and wrongs of the Democratic party. The language used is very much such as would have been in order had an important boat-race been lost through bad management. Unmeasured denunciations are heaped upon the head of certain "bosses" and managers who are supposed to have blundered, if nothing worse, and a tremendous fuss is made, as if the interests of humanity had really been at stake. All this, from our point of view, is excessively absurd. If a party in which we had confidence were defeated we should regret it, not because certain men had been deprived of office, but because the country had suffered a loss in their defeat. The lamentations which we hear on the other side of the lines are, however, all in regard to the sad fortunes of the poor Democrats who wanted office, counted on it, had everything ready for taking possession of it, and yet did not get it. In such lamentations we could not, under any circumstances, participate. These brave political parties try to persuade people that they are burning to render service to the country; yet, when they miss their chance, their tears are all for themselves, not for the country at all. Surely sensible men must see the absurdity of this; and see in it at the same time a most convincing proof of the hollowness of party professions. John Kelly may be a very bad man, and Chairman Barnum a very incompetent one, but we should be inclined, if we were citizens of the United States, to reserve our execrations of them until they had done something worse than wreck the hopes of an army of office-seekers. Precisely the same view of the matter should we take if the Republicans had been defeated and if we found them whining and howling over the official flesh-pots they were compelled to leave, in order to wander through the deserts of opposition. The habit is far too widespread, in this racing and betting age, of taking what might be called a mere sporting interest in political contests, and looking upon the control of the Government as a kind of prize-cup for a successful team. This view of the matter we entirely repudiate; and before we interest ourselves one iota in either party we shall want to be convinced that their triumph would be for the good of the country. A mere strife for office cannot be a legitimate or honorable form of contest, if for no other reason than that it has to be carried on under false pretences, each party laying claim to higher principles and sounder views of policy than the other, when in reality principles and policy are alike subservient to their purely selfish aims. The Democrats of the republic would do well to bury their dead and carry off their wounded quietly, and, if they contemplate another effort, see to it that they mean something more than the mere seizing of offices, the mere achieving of a victory in which they themselves alone have any concern. It is sad to be kept away from the flesh-pots; but they can comfort themselves with the thought that the Republican appetite is still keen, and that no good provisions are likely to go to waste.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

Had the Democratic candidates spent less for beer and more for newspapers, they would have carried this county.—*Chicago Telegraph.*

Mr. Gladstone got down into the heart of the Irish matter last night when he said that "the maintenance of public order is to be considered before the improvement of the law."—*New York Times.*

If General Luard expects our volunteers to equal regular soldiers, and to submit to the ordeals which human machines, such as the German troops, are compelled to undergo, he makes a mistake.—*Le Canadien.*

The absurdity of the alleged sugar monopoly has been often exposed. The home competition in that branch of industry was certain to be as keen as in others; but Reformers wanted refineries to be built and in operation in a day.—*Toronto Mail.*

Railroad accidents are becoming alarmingly frequent, and nearly every accident reported is the result of criminal carelessness on the part of the employes of the railroad companies. The principal trouble seems to be cheap and inefficient labor.—*Chicago News.*

Already the Cape Government are resorting to the evil expedient of calling other tribes to assist them against the Basutos. This means massacre, pillage, and ruin to the latter. The mere fact is in itself an utter condemnation of the Colonial policy. It is an admission that the Cape Government is forced to call armed natives into the field, and such an admission proves that the disarmament of loyal natives is an act of folly as well as of injustice.—*London Standard.*

A train load of seminary girls called upon Gen. Garfield recently. The visit, the girls say, was too awfully lovely for anything. They add that Gen. Garfield is the most excruciatingly delicious fellow, and that he is too killing when he talks. Each girl was furnished with a supply of mastic chewing gum, and the excursion will be long remembered as one of the most delightful, the most charming, the most beautiful, the most perfectly grand, the most awfully nice, the most splendid and the most loveliest times the sweet seminarians ever had.—*Chicago News.*

City News.

THE EPIZOO.—A dog belonging to Fireman Johnson, of No. 1 Station, has got the epizootic.

SWORN IN.—Mr. S. C. Marson, of Larkin & Marson, was to-day sworn in a Bailiff for the Court of Queen's Bench, appeal side.

PRIVATE REHEARSAL.—The members of the Social and Dramatic Club gave a private entertainment last night in Nordheimer's Hall. The comedy, "Married Life," was played in a very creditable manner.

FRATERNAL VISIT.—At a meeting of Trafalgar Lodge of Oddfellows, held last night in their rooms, a fraternal visit was made by Noble Grand Racine and about twenty members of the St. Hyacinthe Lodge. Among the visitors were the celebrated Guy family, who subsequently entertained the brethren with choice vocal and instrumental music. The Guy Combination left the city this morning for New York.

BARNUM'S GYMNASIUM.—The opening entertainment of the season took place last night at this popular athletic resort. Twenty-eight young men took part in the exercises, which consisted of the usual feats to be seen in a gymnasium. The performance on the double trapeze was unusually good, and drew forth expressions of commendation from the large audience present. The evening's entertainment was brought to a close by the club exercises, in which twenty took part.

SKATING.—At a meeting of the Water Committee yesterday afternoon a letter was read from Mr. Jno. Robertson, asking for a supply of water for a Skating Rink, to be made at the corner of Dorchester and Mansfield streets. He was informed that he must first advertise his intention of starting a skating rink and also put up placards on the property to the same effect, so that if proprietors in the vicinity objected they would have an opportunity to make known their objections.

AN EXTRAVAGANT HYPOTHESIS.—As an American gentleman was sitting in the office of the Ottawa Hotel, a young exquisite strutted up St. James street with all the self-sufficiency and dignity of a man who knew that when he went west the east tipped up. "I suppose that gentleman is one of your *jeunesse dore?*" queried the American to a gruff well known Montrealer. "*Jeunesse dore* be hanged," was the reply; "he's only a bank clerk on $600 a year." Diogenes is going around with his lantern to find out what all the dreadful dignity is about.

Personal.

Sir Leonard Tilley visited Port Hope yesterday.

Hon J A Chaplean left last evening for Quebec.

Rev J P Dumoulin, of Montreal, is in Toronto.

The Rev Aaron A Allen is now stationed at Huntingdon.

Charles C McFall has been appointed agent of the Merchants' Fast Freight Line.

Mr Archibald Forbes is to be entertained by the press of Toronto on his arrival in that city.

Mr. W. E. Cole, late of this city, died at Honolulu in April last. The news of his death was conveyed by a letter from the Rev. J. F. Whitney, the missionary of the place.

Mr Houston, the Managing Editor of the Toronto *Globe*, passed through the city last evening on his way to St John, to attend the funeral of his brother who recently met with an accidental death.

Mr. Gallagher, of the Beaconsfield Vineyard, returned to the city yesterday from Prince Edward Island, where he had been superintending the planting of fifteen acres of the Beaconsfield vines.

Mr Patrick, Clerk of the House of Commons, has been superannuated, and Mr Bourinot appointed his successor. Mr Leprohon takes the latter's place, and the office of second Assistant-Clerk is abolished.

North-West.

A scheme is on foot by a Copenhagen firm to form a colony in the North-west.

The stories against the mounted police are claimed to have been grossly exaggerated, and no commission of enquiry will be appointed.

Mr. Brassey, an English contractor, who was lately reported to have acquired 64,000 acres near the Rocky Mountains, has decided to obtain two additional tracts of equal extent in the same region for his contemplated English colony. He has formed a high opinion of the agricultural capabilities of the country.

The report that Senator Cochrane will take up 60,000 acres at Bow River, 500 miles west of Winnipeg, for stock raising for the English market, is confirmed. He has imported 50 head of Hereford cattle from England which however are still detained at quarantine. Mr. Cochrane will make use of this fine breed in improving the Canadian stock. These gentlemen expect to be able to winter out their cattle thus avoiding the cost of buildings for them.

Mr. Marcus Smith returned to Ottawa yesterday from the North-West where he had been engaged for the last six months surveying the second and third 100 miles of the Pacific Railway, west of Red River. The location of the line has been very satisfactory, and part of the fourth 100 miles was surveyed when the work had to be abandoned for the season, on account of heavy and continual rains. Mr. Smith, it is understood, will shortly resign his position on the Canada Pacific Railway to accept the Chief Engineership on the Manitoba and South-Western Colonization.

Interesting Shipping Statistics.

The report of the harbor master is very gratifying. There were 667 vessels in the port, against 566 last year. The tonnage for 1880 amounts to 594,356, against 467,850 for 1879. For the first time, the number of steam vessels is greater than that of sailing craft, the former numbering 335 with a tonnage of 446,257, and the latter 332 with 148,099 tonnage. The number of inland vessels for 1880 amounts to 5,913, against 5,026 in 1879.

RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

President of the St. Lin RR. Killed—Terrible Spectacle.

News of a lamentable R. R. accident having been received in town, a reporter was despatched to the scene, but on arrival at the depot, found the cars had already arrived containing the remains of Mr. Pangman, President of the St. Lin road, and the baggageman Lemay.

The car in which the body lay was van No. 4 of the Q., M., O. & O. RR. A visit to it revealed a shocking sight, enough to make the blood curdle in the veins. On a white deal board laid upon trossels was the body of the late Mr. Pangman. Below the table were two or three separate pools of blood, into which the red drops still fell. The vest, neck-tie, collar and coat lay soaked with gore. The boots of the deceased had been removed, and his shirt sleeves and under flannel rolled up, revealing delicately well-formed white arms, with here and there a slight bruise, and remarkably small hands and feet. The left arm projected straight outwards from the shoulder, and was bent at the elbow, remaining strangely independant of support, while the white hand with one or two slight blue contusions trembled in the air. The shirt, a linen one with blue dots, was spotted with blood, but at the left side over the heart was soaked with blood. Still upon the body and limbs I could see no marks of fatal wounds. I hesitated before I lifted the white flannel cloth that covered the head of the late President of the road. When I did so, there lay revealed

A PITEOUS SIGHT.

The head and features were marred beyond recognizance. Beside the broad forehead, surmounted with thick black hair, and the clean shaved chin, everything was marred. From ear to ear was a horrid gash, crushing in the whole visage, with brains and gore protruding from behind. The upper part of the head from the mouth was almost entirely separate. In the large red cavity on the right cheek lay the grey eye of the dead man, separated from the socket, and lying on a bed of mingled brains and gore. The left eye was peacefully closed. A more pitiful sight it were difficult to imagine.

THE OTHER VICTIM.

Lemay, the baggageman, was stretched out on the seat in the same van. There were slight wounds and indentations on his eyelid, the temple, middle forehead, cheek and jaw; the forearm was badly bruised and the lower right leg horribly crushed, his pants and drawers having been torn to ribbons. He was a young man of about 28 years of age, a native of St. Lin. Coffins had been placed in the car ready for the unfortunate deceased.

THE CAUSE.

It was difficult to obtain correct information until the inquest, but I learned that the St. Lin train left the North Shore line at St. Therese at 6.43 last night and was immediately followed by the St. Jerome train, with engineer Pangburn in it. They follow the same line for two miles and then branch off. The St. Jerome train followed too fast and Lariviere of the St. Lin train ran to the back of the car and waved the lantern. It was too late. The destructive mass came crashing on. Lariviere jumped off, and the St. Jerome engine collided on the passenger car; the front of it tilted up over the platform of the baggage car, and the latter crushed far into it. The protruding *debris* caused the death of Mr. Pangman and the baggageman, who was standing between the two cars. Mr. Dalongchamps, the contractor of the road, Mr. Ethier, Mr. Beauchamp and a priest in the same car had narrow escapes. The occupants of the second-class compartment of the same car escaped with a fright. The bodies and damaged car were brought into Hochelaga early this morning, and an inquest will be held at one o'clock.

NEW BOOKS.

EDUCATION: Intellectual, Moral, and Physical. By Herbert Spencer. New York: D. Appleton & Co.; for sale at Dawson's.

In the first essay, Mr. Spencer discusses the worth and relative value of different kinds of knowledge in regard to early general education, and to the later as applied to the avocation in life of the individual. Condemning the idea of necessarily following the established methods of instruction which he considers crude and undeveloped, he would first have attention given to acquiring knowledge for self-preservation, as so many men and women are life-long sufferers from want of education in the fundamental principles of physiology. Something of many forms of scientific learning he thinks needful for every one, and that the study of science will afford better discipline of memory and judgment than can be obtained by language—study, that indeed for all purposes of discipline, intellectual, moral, religious, the most efficient study is science. The remainder of the book consists of further elaboration of the subject, specially treating intellectual, moral and physical education as connected with the practical purposes in life.

A SHORT HISTORY OF THE NORMAN CONQUEST OF ENGLAND — CLARENDON PRESS SERIES. By Edward A. Freeman, D.C.L., LL.D., Oxford, at the Clarendon Press. Price, 90c. For sale at Dawson's.

Of this the author says, "I have here told, in the shape of a primer, the same tale which I have already told in five large volumes." Beginning with a definition of the meaning of Norman Conquest, he looks backward to the time when the chief power was held by the West Saxons, and from thence traces the course of events through the early dealings between the English and Normans, showing the causes of each important occurrence and consequences following, until he closes with a summary, which explains the gradually waning influence of the French, and how England managed to undo foreign influences, and become more and more English. A more concise or better statement of the national affairs of the period cannot be desired; it contains enough of narrative to render it entertaining, and many interesting facts not generally known, even among those who are tolerably well read in English history.

WHITE WINGS: a Yachting Romance. By William Black, illustrated by W. Smsll. New York, Harper Brothers. For sale at Dawson's.

There are two or three of the novels Mr. Black has written in which descriptions of scenery, the beauties of glorious cloud effects with sea and shore, the invigoration and hilariousness of long holidays on the water and in rugged places, are so vividly drawn as to surpass in interest any possible tale of love and adventure divested of these accessories, and among the number White Wings will take the highest place. If it contained nothing but these descriptions it would be satisfying, but there is a love story running through with just enough of incident pertaining to itself to be interesting without excitement. The heroine is courageous, lively and brilliant, and happily for the seeming truth of the tale, not beautiful; the hero, a physician, thoroughly well balanced and talented, shows the ordinary, but the most interesting character of all is the Laird of Denny-Mains; crotchety, peculiar, with many hobbies, he is original in his humor and richly endowed with sterling good qualities.

THE DOMINION ANNUAL REGISTER AND REVIEW FOR 1879. Edited by Henry J. Morgan, Keeper of the Records, Canada, and six eminent *collaborateurs*.

The result of their work has been an interesting historical, political, biographical, commercial, financial, and statistical review of last year. It contains a vast fund of information that must prove of great help to the student.

Noon Telegrams.

TERRIBLE EXPLOSION.

Sixty Persons Missing—Great Damage

HALIFAX, N.S., Nov. 12.—A special despatch from Stellarton says a heavy explosion occurred in the Foord pit of the Halifax Coal Mining Company there this morning. Some 60 persons are missing. The extent of the damage is not yet ascertained as great excitement prevails there.

LATER.

STELLARTON, N.S., Nov. 12.—It is now reported that only 30 or 40 men are in the part of the mine on fire. Another explosion is expected every moment.

Another Disaster.

200 MINERS IMPRISONED.

HALIFAX, N.S., Nov. 12.—Another accident is reported at Stellarton, 200 miners imprisoned under the ground. Eight were taken out dying. The mine is on fire.

CABLE.

DAVITT TO BE ARRESTED.—LONDON, Nov. 12.—A member of the Government states that Michael Davitt, the agitator, on his arrival at Queenstown will be arrested. Government agents in the United States telegraphed the main points of Davitt's farewell address and the circumstances attending his departure.

IRISH DEFENCE FUND.—LONDON, November 12.—An influential meeting of Irishmen here, last evening, appointed a committee to raise a fund for the defence of the traversers in the Irish state trials.

AMERICAN.

STORMY SCENES IN THE FRENCH ASSEMBLY—NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—The *Herald's* Paris despatch says within the memory of the present generation no such scenes have been witnessed as those which yesterday disgraced the Chamber of Deputies. Never have personal passion and political rancour given rise to a more shameful and undignified scene in a French Legislative Assembly. From two in the afternoon till half-past seven the Palais Bourbon resembled a lunatic asylum. After the sitting of the Deputies was suspended on account of D'Asson's refusal to leave the Chamber, the press and public were cleared out. Presently a terrific noise was heard in the half deserted Chambers. Persons peeping in witnessed an intensely exciting scene. The Deputies, fancying themselves unwatched, had given free vent to their passion and were hurling threats and insults at each other. D'Asson still sat with folded arms surrounded by a group of Royalists and clericals. Col. Rin, with 50 soldiers, surrounded the rebellious group. A hand-to-hand fight ensued. The deputies resisted the troops and refused to allow D'Asson's expulsion. At last the Colonel caught the bellicose deputy round the body. A soldier took hold of his head, two more caught him by the heels and he was carried, kicking and struggling, out of the house to the lock-up in the palace, where he will probably be detained three days. The debate was then resumed in the midst of frantic excitement. The violence of the Duc de La Rochefancald was especially noticeable. With great difficulty Gambetta obtained a moment's silence, and declared his firm intention to put down all insubordination like D'Asson's and have the authority of the Chamber respected.

BANKS SUSPENDED.—NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—John Berry, treasurer of the Bergen County Savings Bank, and cashier of the Bank of Bergen County, has been arrested on a charge of embezzling $80,000 to $100,000. Both banks have suspended. Berry turned over to the banks property valued at $50,000. He is a prominent citizen, aged 36, and has heretofore been considered perfectly reliable. It is rumored he attempted suicide with poison.

CHARGED WITH EMBEZZLEMENT.—CHICAGO, Nov. 12.—J. Buzbee, of the Ladies' Grain Exchange, having suspended, his customers had him arrested on a charge of embezzlement. Several ladies testified that they lost margins of $30 to $100 each. It is stated that the defence will claim the business was unlawful and the absorption of money no crime. Buzbee will probably be discharged.

A MILLIONAIRE'S BEQUEST.—NEW YORK, November 12.—The will of the late David N. Lord, millionaire, leaves $50,000 each to the American Bible Society, the Board of Foreign Missions of the Presbyterian Church of the United States, the New York Society for the relief of ruptured and crippled, and the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions.

NEW YORK'S POPULATION.—WASHINGTON, November 12.—The first count at the census office gives New York city a population of 1,206,577.

SS. ARRIVALS.—NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—Arrived SS. "Rhein," from Bremen, and "Canada," from London.

LIBBY PRISON SOLD.—RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 12.—Last evening the historical Libby Prison was sold at auction for about $7,000.

THE COMING BOAT RACE.

Heavy Betting—Evens Now Offered—Excitement Over the Approaching Contest—The Hop Bitters Affair—Letter from Hanlan.

TORONTO, Nov. 12.—The *Mail* this morning has the following, dated London, Eng., Nov. 11th:—The betting on the Hanlan-Trickett race is the heaviest ever known on a boat race and probably greater than has ever been recorded on any single event. This morning the wagering opened at 10 to 8 on Hanlan, but during the day a large amount of money was received by cable from Australia and then for a time bets were freely taken at evens. To-night Trickett has the call and Hanlan's friends appear backward at coming forward. To-morrow the Australian will undoubtedly become a strong favourite. A good deal of money continues to be forwarded from Canada, but for every dollar received from your side of the Atlantic there seems a prospect of a pound reaching us from the antipodes.

CONFIDENCE OF THE AUSTRALIANS.

Hanlan has undoubtedly the larger number of friends, but the Australian party have the greater riches. Evens are now offered on the giant, with takers becoming scarce. Trickett's friends declare positively they will not go better than evens. Everybody is looking to Canada to respond to the confidence the Australians are exhibiting in their representative. Both men are in the best of health and spirits. They each had splendid spells of rowing to-day.

Such excitement over an aquatic contest has never been known, at least in this part of England. The race shall be rowed at 10 a.m. on Monday.

THE HOP BITTERS AFFAIR.

In the excitement over the championship race the Hop Bitters affair is all but forgotten. The intending competitors, however, are not unmindful of it. Early and late they are out at practice, and at all times of the day the surface of the grand old river presents a wonderfully animated picture.

LETTER FROM HANLAN.

Mrs. Hanlan received by the last mail a letter from her husband. He writes in the very best spirits, and says his friends have no anxiety. He will try to get the lead at the start and thinks he will be able to maintain the advantage throughout.

Sporting Notes.

"Prestonpans" won the Autumn Cup at the Liverpool autumn meeting yesterday.

A large amount of money has been cabled from Australia to back Trickett in the match with Hanlan on the 15th inst.

The news of the death of Mr. H. C. Simons, the well-known cricketer, will be received with regret by the fraternity in this city. Mr. Simons played for some time with the Montreal team, and was considered one of their best players. After travelling in Western Canada and Kansas, he started business in St. Louis, where he shortly afterwards met his death through malarial fever.

Got Out Doors.

The close confinement of all factory work gives the operatives pallid faces, poor appetite, languid, miserable feelings, poor blood, inactive liver, kidneys and urinary troubles, and all the physicians and medicine in the world cannot help them unless they get out of doors or use Hop Bitters, the purest and best remedy, especially for such cases, having abundance of health, sunshine and rosy cheeks in them. They cost but a trifle. See another column.—*Christian Recorder.*

Special Notices.

Knitted wool gloves, castor, antelope, real buck castor, antelope and real buck, lined and unlined, knitted wool, cloth and lined kid gloves in great variety, at Bond's Shirt Store, 415 Notre Dame street.

New Advertisements to-day.

THE COUNTY OF HOCHELAGA BUILDING SOCIETY.
(IN LIQUIDATION.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a First Dividend of SEVENTY-FIVE Per Centum (75 per cent) on the Shares, such as reduced by chap. 41, Vic. 41 Canada, subject to objection until the 17th November instant, has been this day declared, and will be due and payable at the Office of the said Society, No. 20 St. Vincent street, on or after the 18th instant.

T. GAUTHIER,
President of the Board of Liquidators.
C. E. SCHILLER,
ED. J. BOURQUE,
Liquidators.
H. JEANNOTTE,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Montreal, 2nd November, 1880. 259 law

WALTHAM WATCHES,
LOW PRICES.
DON'T BUY YOUR CLOCKS OR
STODDART, 41½ Bleury street,
HE IS SPOILING THE TRADE
SELLING CLOCKS AT HALF PRICE.
American 30-hour Clocks $2.50
Eight Day Clocks 3.00
Warranted 12 months. All Strikers.
Extra Stout Silver Cased Watches, all Hunters, $7.75.
WARRANTED TWO YEARS.
R. W. STODDART,
41 and 41½ BLEURY STREET. 268z

TICKETS TO CHICAGO $9,
Toronto $4.50. At Abrahams & Co., 246 St. James street, opposite Ottawa Hotel. 267 3

QUERY!

Why is it that while other clothing stores are complaining of dull times that the BOSTON ONE-PRICE CLOTHING STORE is overrun with customers?

Simply because we buy for cash and sell for cash, and are thus enabled to give the people better value for their money than any other similar store in the city.

We have the largest and best selected stock of goods in the city, all purchased at bottom prices. We cater for all classes, from the worthy laborer to the wealthy millionaire.

In our Custom Department, under experienced management, with three first-class American Cutters, we are turning out some of the nobbiest suits ever shown in Canada.

Thanking the people of Montreal and vicinity for past favors, we hope by increased exertion to merit a continuance of the same.

Our store is open from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m., and we shall be pleased to show our magnificent stock to any one, whether intending to purchase or not. Polite and attentive salesmen will be found in each department.

Men's Scotch Tweed Suits	$10 00
Vandyke Ulsters	10 00
Gents' Overcoats, from	3 65
Boys' Overcoats, from	3 00
Gents' Pants, from	1 25
Boys' Pants, from	1 00

GENTS' FURNISHINGS IN ENDLESS VARIETY.
Cheapest rendezvous in the city.

BOSTON ONE-PRICE CLOTHING STORE,
41 and 43 ST. JOSEPH ST.
288z 3

HEATING STOVES!
OF ALL KINDS.

RADIANT HOME, 1880 pattern, with and without Oven. First prize, Toronto 1880 Exhibition.
RADIANT HOME DOUBLE HEATER. Unequalled for power of heating.
SHINING STAR, with and without Oven. One of the best stoves made.
ROYAL STANDARD HALL STOVE. Most convenient stove ever placed in the market.
WROUGHT IRON COOKING RANGES,
For Private Dwellings.

Highest Award obtained for these Ranges at the late Dominion Exhibition. Every one of which is guaranteed, and warranted to give satisfaction.
Agent for the "CARPENTERS RANGE,"
Combination Hot Air and Hot Water Furnaces, warranted free from dust and gas.

GEO. R. PROWSE, 224 St. James St.
233z

ELECTRO SILVER PLATED WARE.

New goods suitable for presentation, comprising Tea and Coffee Sets, Water Pitchers, Epergnes, Walnut Cabinets with Cutlery, Spoons and Forks, Fish-Eating and Dessert Knives and Forks in Pearl, and Ivory Handles, Dish Covers, Cake Baskets, Fruit Stands, Jewel Caskets, Card Cases, &c., &c. Very fine French Marble Clocks, newest designs.

RETAIL AT LOW PRICES.

JOHN WATSON, Manufacturers' Agent,
370 St. Paul Street, corner St. Sulpice. 241z

CARLING'S AMBER ALE and XXX PORTER!

CARLING & CO., having now completely rebuilt their BREWERY and MALT HOUSE, and retained the services of their OLD BREWER, are prepared to supply the Trade with their AMBER or PALE BITTER ALE and PORTER, in Wood or Bottle, either from their Agent or from the Brewery.
Private Families Supplied. Qualities Unsurpassed.
PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
CHARLES R. WILLIS, Agent, P.O. Box 1828.
199 Cellar under No. 16 St. Sacrament street. Entrance ST. ELOI LANE.

UNDERCLOTHING
—AT—
I. A. BEAUVAIS'.

IMMENSE STOCK OF UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS.
500 dozen of Undershirts and Drawers.

Grey Undershirts, 35c.
Grey Drawers, 35c.
Shetland Undershirts, double-breasted, 50c.
Shetland Drawers, heavy-ribbed, 50c.
Fine Woollen double-breasted Undershirts and Drawers, 70c.
Pink double-breasted Undershirts and Drawers, $1.25 per set.
Blue Grey double-breasted Undershirts and Drawers, $1.25 per set.
Amber color double-breasted Undershirts and Drawers, $1.25 per set, or 65c each, heavy and warm.
Very large size, heavy-ribbed, 95c each, or $1.75 per set.
Very fine light Grey ribbed, $1.10 each, or $2 per set.
Extra size Grey ribbed, $1 50 each, or $2.75 per set.
Plain Shetland, double-breasted, fine, 70c.
Plain Grey, double-breasted, fine, $1.
Plain Blue, shaded, fine, $1.25.
Plain Amber, shaded, fine, $1.50.
Fancy, striped, Blue or Grey Mixture, $1.50.
Fancy, Silver Grey Mixture, $2.
Fancy, Gold and Brown Mixture, $2.
Also, White, from 60c. 75c, $1, $1.25, $1 50.
Our stock of Underclothing is one of the largest in the city. "Small profit and quick sales."
Don't lose your time looking for cheaper Underclothing. Our stock is well assorted.

I. A. BEAUVAIS,
190 ST. JOSEPH STREET.
268z

TO LET—Three Good State Stables and coach house, &c. Apply 48 Beaver Hall Terrace. 263 3

ROOMS—Large Comfortably Furnished Bedrooms, at 148 Mansfield street. 268 2

H 394, EMPLOYMENT WANTED by a Protestant lady, lately from England, as governess to young children, is experienced, and would take the entire charge of pupils, their wardrobe, or go as useful companion to any part of the country, references satisfactory. Apply H 394, STAR EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 624 Craig street 268 4

H 396, EMPLOYMENT WANTED by a young woman, (Protestant) as housemaid, understands waiting on table, good city references. Apply H 396, STAR EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 624 Craig street. 268 4

H 400, EMPLOYMENT WANTED by a young girl, as resident seamstress, assist with house-work, willing to teach small children French or would travel with a lady. Apply H 400, STAR EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 624 Craig street. 268 4

H 435, EMPLOYMENT WANTED by a young man just from college, as clerk in an office or store, speaks both languages, good references. Apply H 435, STAR EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 624 Craig street. 268 4

TO MANTLE MAKERS—Wanted a first-class operator, for a Wilcox & Wilson's Sewing Machine. Apply to Mrs. Hasburn, at Henry Morgan & Co's., St. James street. 268 3

WANTED—A Respectable Married couple, to take charge of the Montreal Thistle Curling Club. It is important that the man should know how to manage the ice; and he wife must be a good plain cook, good references will be required. Apply in writing, to R. M. Redalls, Esq., M.T.C.C., P.O. Box, 585. 268 3

WANTED—A Young Man, accustomed with picture framing. Address, "N. 236," STAR Office. 268 2

WANTED—Eight Horse Covers, must be in good order. Apply 165 Commissioners street, Montreal. 268 4

WANTED—A Smart Boy, well recommended. Apply to French & Bond, Grocers, 48 Beaver Hall Terrace. 268 3

WANTED—A Kitchen Girl that understands her business, at the New York house. 262 2

WANTED—A Good Salesman, must be a young man of good address and appearance, with references, unexceptionable salary will depend upon capacity of applicant. Apply at STAR Office. 268 2

WANTED—A Thoroughly good and experienced plain cook, none others need apply to No. 10 McTavish street, between the hours of 9 and 10 a.m. 268 4

WANTED—An Engraver, for Monogram dies. Address, "N. 340," STAR Office. 268 1

GOLTMAN'S TAILORING HOUSE,
424 NOTRE DAME STREET.

BOYS' CLOTHING.
A large and varied assortment of Boys' Suits, from 2½ years to 10 years.
YOUTHS' SUITS,
With long Pants. 10 years to 15 years.
Having a full stock of these goods, we are offering them at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES TO CLEAR.
BOYS' TWEED OVERCOATS,
WITH HOODS AND LINED FLANNEL.
BOYS' PILOT OVERCOATS.
WHITE AND BLUE BLANKET COATS
BOYS' PEA JACKETS.

S. GOLTMAN,
424 Notre Dame Street. 268 4

BOILER!

WANTED
A TUBULAR BOILER!
NOT LESS THAN
4' 8" dia. by 14 feet long.
State time in use and price,
268 1 P. O. Box 2078, City.

HANLAN WRITES:
"I have used JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF for a considerable time, it is the best muscle former I have ever tried. It is pleasant to the taste, and there is no trouble about its digestion.
(Signed) EDWARD HANLAN.
268z

RUPTURE.

THE TRIUMPH TRUSS CO., 334 Bowery, N.Y., and 9 South 13th street, Phila. Pa., cure Rupture in from 30 to 90 days, and will pay $1,000 for a Rupture they cannot cure. Send 25c. for Book to Dr. C. W. H. BURNHAM, General Superintendent, 334 Bowery, New York, and be cured. 493 z

CHEAP MUSIC.—The largest stock of 10c Vocal and Instrumental Sheet Music in the Dominion; also a complete stock of Irving's and Hitchcock's Five Cent Music. Catalogues free. Orders by mail promptly filled. L. E. RIVARD, 564½ Craig street. 268z

STAMMERING, STUTTERING and all defects of speech. Certain cure in 8, 16 or 20 days, by Professors Lee and Geo. Delon Bros., Diploma of Faculties from Paris, France, and cures certified in American, Montreal, Toronto, St. Louis, New Orleans, and Philadelphia. 96 St. Lawrence Street.
Courses re-opening on next Monday, 15th November. 265 6

HERBERT S. HUNTER, B.C.L.
Notary Public, Commissioner, &c.,
No. 110 St. James Street.
255 26

SAND—For Building Purposes, on the farm of the estate of the late A. M. Delisle, Esq., situate immediately opposite the Hudson Cotton Mills, at Hochelaga. Price 15c per load. Apply to Oliver Selby, on the farm, or M. Nolan Delisle, No. 5 Merchants Exchange. 247 26

WALKING MADE EASY.
Corns, Bunions and Ingrowing Nails, Removed without pain, by
J. WEXENA, Chiropodist.
AT 106½ BLEURY STREET
Best of city references. 265 6

EPIZOOTIC.—The Manhattan Feed is a cure for the Epizootic, and if regularly used is a certain preventative.
R. W. SMITH & CO.,
SOLE MANUFACTURERS,
268 6 698 Craig street, Montreal.

BUTTER FOR SALE.
4,000 to 5,000 pounds of fine and choice Butter for sale by
N. C. CORMIER,
267 6 SOMERSET STATION, Q.

GILDERS
Wanted, first-class, immediately.
APPLY TO
345 Notre Dame street. 267 1

FOR SALE—A Splendid Newfoundland Dog, at No. 7 Lincoln Avenue. 268 6

New Advertisements to-day.

AN IMMENSE STOCK
—OF—
BEAUTIFULLY MADE
CLOTHING!
—FOR—
Boys and Youths,
—AT—
J. G. KENNEDY & CO'S.,
31 & 33 ST. LAWRENCE ST.
266 4

THE CANADA SHIPPING CO.

Notice is hereby given, that a Dividend of four per cent. upon the capital stock of this company has been declared for the past half year, and that the same will be payable at its office on and after

Wednesday, the 24th instant.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 24th instant, both days inclusive.
By order of the Board,
H. E. MURRAY,
Secretary.
Montreal, 10th November, 1880. 266 13

GREAT BARGAIN—FOR SALE—Property cor. St. Martin st., and G.T.R.R., being

Births, Marriages and Deaths.

BIRTHS.

CARMEL—In this city, on the 11th November, the wife of Adjuteur Carmel, printer, of a son.

KANE—At 239 McGill street, on the 8th November, the wife of Mr. M. Kane, of a son.

KING—On the 5th instant, the wife of J. B. King, saddler, of a daughter. 268 2

MARRIAGES.

BROSSOIT, BADEAU—At St. Ann's Church, in Montreal, on the 10th November, by the Rev. Joseph DeRepentigny, Napoleon Alfred Brossoit, M.D., of the town of Beauharnois, to Marie Eliza Angelina Badeau, youngest daughter of Pierre Benjamin Badeau, of Montreal, and widow of the late Alphonse Doutre.

DUQUAY, DAVID—At St. Francois du Lac, on Tuesday, the 9th November, by the Rev. M. Lassiseraye, curate of the place, Joseph Duquay, Esq., late merchant of La Baie du Febvre, and ex-Deputy to the Commons of Canada for the County of Yamaska, to Mrs. Ethelrid David, widow of the late Charles Hubert Lassiseraye, Esq., notary, of the city of Three Rivers, and father of the priest of St. Francis. Our best wishes to the happy couple.

DEATHS.

GALLAGHER—In this city, on the 12th November, John Gallagher, aged 52 years, native of County Monaghan, Ireland. The funeral will take place from No 21 St. David lane, on Sunday, the 14th instant, at 2 p.m. to the Roman Catholic Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

WILLIAMS—At Lakeville, Carleton county, N.B., Oct. 30th, of laryngitis, Isaac H. Williams, M.D., graduate of physician and surgeons, Keokuk, Iowa, fourth son of Isaac P. Williams, J.P., aged 24 years. Keokuk (Iowa) papers please copy.

MILLAR—At Granby, on November 10th, from injuries received by being thrown from his buggy, Lieut.-Col. R. Millar, of the 78th Shefford Highlanders, aged 57 years. 267 2

DUPRE—At Cote St. Louis, on the 11th November, 1880, Benjamin Dupre, Custom House officer, aged 48 years 4 months. The funeral will take place on Saturday, the 13th instant, at 6½ a.m., from his late residence, No. 162 Quarry street. Friends and acquaintances will please attend without further notice.

LABADIE—In this city, on the 9th of November, Charles Labadie, sr., aged 86.

GATES—At the residence of his son, Lansing, Iowa, of acute Bright's disease, Mr. T. C. Gates, of Covey Hill, Quebec, aged 62 years. The deceased was a native of County Tyrone, Ireland.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths which are received too late for insertion under the regular head will be found at top of advertising columns in Extra Edition.

Wall protector and towel rack combined. Something new, very neat and most useful. For sale at Wm. King's furniture warerooms, 652 Craig street. Call and see it. 268-2

Special Notice.

What a pity my dear girl that you have not used Coryzine powder. Joe will not find you at all to his taste. No wonder your cold in the head makes a sight of you.

Cheap tailors' shears, 10, 11, 12 and 13 in. Strong hotel stew pans, fry pans and steel steak broilers, also French fry pans with baskets at L. J. A. Surveyer's, 524 Craig street.

NASAL CATARRH, Asthma, Bronchitis and lung diseases speedily cured by the Spirometer, just introduced by Mr. Souvielle, late of Paris, and ex-aide-surgeon of the French army. Physicians and sufferers are invited, free of charge. Office, 13 Phillips Square, Montreal. Hours, 10 to 12, 2 to 4, and 7 to 8.

New Advertisements this P.M.

JOHN HENDERSON & CO.,
283 Notre Dame Street,
MONTREAL.

Seasonable Furs!

Silk Circulars,
SATIN DE LYON CIRCULARS
Sicilian Circulars,
CASHMERE CIRCULARS
Lined with Grey Squirrel, Grey and White Squirrel, Hamster, Rat and Rabbit.

DOLMANS,
FUR LINED AND TRIMMED.

Gents' Fur Coats, Caps, Gauntlets and Gloves.

Fur Trimmings in Stock or Cut to Order.

SLEIGH ROBES,
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

JOHN HENDERSON & CO. 266+

CLAGGETT & COMPANY'S
PREPARATIONS FOR
ST. ANDREW'S BALL,
ARE NOW COMPLETE, AND ORDERS FOR
EVENING COSTUMES
Will receive our strictest attention.
MRS. McCAFFREY
Attends entirely to the fitting, and Ladies may depend on having their
COSTUMES
Made in the highest style and with a most perfect fit.
BEAUTIFUL SILK JERSEYS
In Pale Blue and all other shades, suitable for evening wear, in all sizes.

CLAGGETT & COMPANY,
ST. JAMES STREET,
Opposite Ottawa Hotel. 268+

NEW SCRAP PICTURES!
500 DIFFERENT SUBJECTS.

EWING & CO.,
No. 14 DeBRESOLES STREET. 258+

KIDDERMINSTER
A CHOICE LOT ALL-WOOL CARPETS,
From 80c. up.
Piano Covers—Embroidered,
At $4 and $6, Splendid Value.
Lace Curtains—A Specialty.
WINDOW CORNICES AND POLES,
From $1.25 to $15.
LIGGET & HAMILTON,
Nos. 51 to 55 St. Joseph Street. 263+

GRAY'S
SYRUP OF
RED SPRUCE GUM!
263+

R. W. COWAN & CO.,
Manufacturers of and Dealers in
Ladies' Gent's and Children's
FINE FURS!
CORNER OF
Notre Dame and St. Peter Streets. 263+

THE OLDEST AND BEST PLACE to get your Rep, Damask or Brocatelle Curtains, House Hangings, Sheepskin Mats, Gents' and Ladies' wear of all kinds, cleaned or cleaned and dyed in the latest and most fashionable colors, is the
BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.
521 St. Joseph street, 221 McGill street, and 693 St. Catherine street. 266+

Dr. Francis W. Campbell
Begs to inform his patients that he has returned from Europe, and can be consulted as usual, at his residence
10 Phillips Place.
Montreal, 12th November, 1880. 267 2+

New Advertisements this P.M.

NEW OVERCOATINGS!

Just received, a splendid lot of fancy West of England Overcoatings.

Choice pattern Old Gold and Black Diagonal Overcoatings.

Splendid shade of Grey and Black mixed in the new Diagonal Overcoating.

FINE ENGLISH MELTON.

Extra quality in a superior shade of Dark Grey English Melton for Overcoats.

THE REAL THING.

Call at S. Carsley's for Real Irish Frieze.

MID GREY IRISH FRIEZE,
DARK GREY IRISH FRIEZE,
PURE BLACK IRISH FRIEZE.

NAP CLOTHS.

BLACK NAP CLOTHS,
GREY NAP CLOTHS,
BLUE NAP CLOTHS,
CHECKED NAP CLOTHS,
OLD GOLD AND BLACK NAP CLOTHS.

Nap Cloths in all qualities.
Nap Cloths from 75c up.

BEAVER CLOTH.

Go to S. Carsley for choice Black Beaver Cloths.

MOSCOW CLOTHS.

Go to S. Carsley for superior quality Black and Blue Heavy Moscow Cloths.

FINE DIAGONALS.

Go to S. Carsley for choice Diagonal Coatings in fine or large Ribb and Fancy Checks.

All-wool Diagonal Coatings from $1.60 up.

SCOTCH TWEEDS.

See our Window for choice Scotch Tweeds.

ENGLISH TWEEDS.

Fine quality English Tweeds only 98c.

WATERPROOF TWEED COATS.

Remember that we sell splendid quality Waterproof Tweed Coats at $5.20 and $6.75 only.

UMBRELLAS! UMBRELLAS!

Call at S. Carsley's for the best Umbrellas.

S. CARSLEY,
MONTREAL. 269

NOTICE!

We require a short but good Christmas Tale for our advertisement, and will give a prize of

TWENTY DOLLARS

for the best out of ten. The same subject will be given to each competitor, and the tale must not occupy more space than two, or at the most, three columns of a newspaper.

We would like the competitors for this tale to be all ladies, and if it proves a success, another $20 will be offered for gentlemen to write one on another subject or on other facts.

All the letters of those wishing to compete will be placed in a barrel, in our show room, on Saturday evening at 8 o'clock, and thoroughly mixed. The first ten taken out will be opened, and the senders of them will be the competitors. The same subject will be given to each. Those wishing to compete will please write the word "Competitor" on the envelope and address,

S. CARSLEY, Montreal.

The name of competitor need not necessarily be given, but the address must.

A CHANCE.

A job lot of Gentlemen's Underwear direct from the manufacturers.

A chance to obtain your Underclothing at prices which cannot be duplicated for the same money.

This lot consists of fine full-finished, White and Grey Lambs' Wool Shirts and Drawers, in all sizes.

WHITE.

White Lambs' Wool Shirts and Drawers, very good qualities, at $1.45.

Very fine White Lambs' Wool Shirts and Drawers, at $1.50, 1.60 and 1.65.

Fine Ribbed White Lambs' Wool Shirts and Drawers, at $1.95, $1.75 and $2.25.

STILL THEY COME.

Another lot of Men's and Boys' Fancy Knitted Gloves, new patterns, new colors and combination. The largest variety and best value in Knitted Gloves will be found at

S. CARSLEY'S.

Men's Hand-knitted Glov.s at 32c, 42c, 45c, 50c, 60c, 75c. 80c, 86c and $1 per pair.

LINED KID GLOVES,
FOR MEN AND BOYS.

Kid Gloves, lined lambs' wool.
Kid Gloves, lined silk plush.
Kid Gloves, lined cashmere.

S. CARSLEY,
MONTREAL. 268

New Advertisements this P.M.

SPECIAL
— FOR THE —
HOLIDAY SEASON!

COLORED WORK
IN GREAT VARIETY, SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATION.
CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS.
OUR PRICES FOR
Cartes - - - - $4.00 per doz.
Cabinets - - - - $8.00 "
SOME ENTIRELY NEW STYLES OF
PORTRAITURE!
ALSO ON VIEW.

As we finish all our work most carefully, and this requires time, do not delay your orders, but give all the time you can for finishing.

NOTMAN & SANDHAM,
BLEURY STREET,
MONTREAL. 266 10+

DURHAM
CORN FLOUR!
Excelling all others in Lower Specific gravity and greater purity.
"THE FINEST I EVER USED,"
IS THE REPORT OF
Doctors, Chemists and Professional Cooks.
Use only the Genuine. Insist upon your Grocer supplying you with this celebrated Brand.
It is necessary to warn the public against servile imitation of this
ORIGINAL DURHAM FLOUR,
and particularly against interested and ignorant misrepresentations, recommending some very profitable preparation instead. Consumers must insist on receiving the DURHAM, and form their opinion of its merits from actual use. If this is done and directions (on every package) attended to, the reports of
Doctors, Chemists, professed Cooks and Connoisseurs will be fully endorsed.
SOLE AGENT,
WM. JOHNSON & CO'Y.,
77 ST. JAMES STREET,
MONTREAL. 265+

NEW GOODS!
Gentlemen's Scarfs and Ties,
IN ALL THE NEW STYLES!
— ALSO, —
A General Assortment of Gentlemen's Goods, just received.
Our Stock is now one of the best in the City. Goods are all marked very low to suit the times.
Shirts and Collars made to order.
J. B. LAFLAMME,
Next door to H. Morgan & Co's. 249 26+

HENRY R. GRAY'S
DENTAL PEARLINE!
A Fragrant Tooth Wash. Superior to Powder. Cleanses the Teeth. Purifies the breath. Only 25c. per bottle, with patent sprinkler. For sale at all Drug Stores. 190+

Four O'clock P.M.

Telegrams.

CABLE.

PERSIAN TOWN BOMBARDED.—TEHERAN, Nov. 12.—The Persians have bombarded So-Uj-Balak-Kurdish, with a loss of 100 killed and 130 wounded.

AMERICAN.

PENSIONING EX-PRESIDENTS.—NEW YORK, November 12.—The *Times*, in a prominent editorial, says a number of gentlemen of both political parties propose to appeal for a national subscription to provide a perpetual fund, whose annual income shall be enjoyed during life and the non-holding of federal office by the oldest ex-president of the United States. The minimum capital of the fund shall be $250,000, and the probable income not less than $12,500. Already subscriptions to the amount of $50,000 have been guaranteed in a neighboring city. The plan does not contemplate the enjoyment of the pension by more than one ex-president at a time.

WEST POINT.—WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The annual report of General Schofield, commanding at West Point, declares that discipline and military instruction there could not be much better than they now are. The report takes ground against the appointment of colored cadets.

THAT FORGED LETTER.—LAWRENCE, Mass., November 12.—Albion Clark, implicated in Morey's confession at New York, stated that Morris' testimony regrding him is false. He only went with him to New York at the solicitation of others, who believed Morey's story.

SCHOONER ASHORE.—OSWEGO, N.Y., November 12.—The schooner "Snowbird," of Toronto, lumber laden, went ashore at the end of east pier while trying to make this harbor at 10 o'clock this morning. The crew were taken off by a life crew.

CANADIAN.

ALMOST A MURDER.—CAMLACHIE, Ont., Nov. 12.—A. McRae, a well known farmer, living between here and Sarnia, was found in a fence corner on the road, 100 rods from his house with his throat cut. He was not dead, though his wind pipe had been severed. He said two unknown men had knocked him down and cut his threat while he was returning from his uncle's house nearby. He lay bleeding and helpless through the night in a storm of rain and snow. His dying statement has been taken by a magistrate, when it came out that two men were recognized in forest avenue as having committed a burglary last night near by. They were Dixon and Scott, notorious desperadoes. Constable Phillips got a warrant, and with an assistant proceeded to arrest them. Immediately on making known their business the desperadoes pulled six shooters and opened fire upon the officers, wounding both constables, Phillips seriously if not fatally in the neck and arm. Both the desperadoes escaped to the woods. A large body of men are now scouring the country for the burglars, who are believed to be guilty of the assault on McRae, and it is thought they will be lynched if captured.

THE WEATHER AND SHIPPING.—CAP CHAT, November 12.—Cloudy and mild; little snow last night; one tug boat towing a two-masted steamship inward at 9 a.m.....MAGDALEN RIVER, November 12.—Raining; light east wind; schooners "Mermaid" and "Emilie" at anchor.....L'ISLET, November 12.—Partly cloudy and cool; one three-masted steamship inward at 6.30 a.m.

PROBABILITIES.—METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, TORONTO, Nov. 12, 10 a.m.—Probabilities for the next 24 hours:—Lakes and Upper St. Lawrence, strong winds and gales, mostly from the west, cloudy and fair colder weather, with occasional snow flurries. Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf, increasing winds, cloudy weather, with areas of snow and rain.

A TOTAL WRECK.—AMHERSTBURG, Ont., November 12.—The Canadian scow "Ida Belle" is a total wreck on east Sister Island, Lake Erie.

SNOW AND FROST.—HARRISTON, Oat., November 12.—Three inches of snow fell this morning accompanied by hard frost.

FROM QUEBEC.
[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE STAR.]

LIBEL SUIT.—QUEBEC, November 12. O'Farrel's libel suit against the *Chronicle* is to be resumed this morning.

DINNER.—Governor Robitaille will entertain at dinner next Tuesday the members of the Credit Foncier now visiting the Dominion.

POLITICAL.—Hon. A. P. Caron had a good meeting at the Cartier Club last evening. He will hold a meeting of his constituents on Sunday next at Lorette.

TOBACCO SEIZURE.—The Collector of Inland Revenue, Mr. Larue, seized a case containing several hundred pounds of leaf tobacco, coming from Three Rivers, which had not paid license.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.
Forty Cars Thrown off the Track—No Lives Lost.

DUNDAS, Ont., November 12.—An accident occurred about midnight near this place on the Great Western Railroad. A through eastern bound freight train was passing this place when a car wheel gave way and threw no less than forty cars off the track. A wrecking crew was immediately procured from Hamilton and the work of clearing the track commenced, which was completed at about 9 o'clock. The freight consisted of cattle bound for Liverpool, furniture, sheep, pork and numerous other articles. Eight or ten cattle were killed and the pork was thrown all over the track. Seven cars were completely wrecked and are now in perfect kindlingwood along the track. Traffic will not be delayed very long. No people hurt.

FROM OTTAWA.
[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE STAR.]

THE SHRIEVALTY.—OTTAWA, Nov. 12.—Sheriff Powell's dismissal is regarded as certain. It is said Hon. W. R. Scott will be his successor.

THE PACIFIC RAILWAY COMMISSION will adjourn this afternoon until Tuesday next.

LUCKY MAN.—A poor man named Charles working in this city has fallen heir to $50,000 through the death of a brother in England.

JAMES GOODWIN is being examined before the Railway Commission to-day. It is said in town that he supplied the money to purchase the residence occupied by Sir Charles Tupper and it is said to have been presented to that gentleman as a gift.

THE ELECTION IN JOLIETTE will not take place on the 27th inst. as announced. The date has not yet been fixed. The Conservative candidate has not yet been selected from the several who aspire to that honor.

CHANGING SEATS.—There will be several changes of seats in the House of Commons. The principal are that the Hon. Mr. Masson will take the seat heretofore occupied by the Hon. Mr. Mousseau, and that the Hon. Mr. Abbott will occupy that of the Hon. Mr. Caron.

THE ARGENTEUIL ELECTION.—The delay in the decision of the Argenteuil contested election case is exciting considerable comment here.

COMMERCIAL.

Wholesale Provision Market.

No new features were developed on this market to-day and the remark that a moderate amount of business is being done at steady prices takes in pretty much all that can be said about either dairy or hog products. Of the New York butter market it is said that fine June cold storage creamery sells moderately, but inferior old flavored lots are very dull. Choice fresh pails and tubs continue in demand and firm. Exporters are still feeling around, and have bid up to 24c, but want very fine at that. Low grades or anything under 15c has a fair call. Here we repeat quotations and quote wholesale lots of butter as follows:—Choice Eastern Townships, 22c to 23c; fair to fine, 20c to 21c; choice Morrisburg, 20c to 22c; fair to fine, 19c to 20c; choice Brockville, 19c to 21c; Western, 16c to 19c; Kamouraska, 15½c to 17c; Creamery, fancy, fresh, 26c to 27c. The New York cheese market as a rule is quiet but a dealer of that city evidently has faith in the future of the market and hasimade the following purchases:—7,000 Marshfield, 13½c; 5,000 Cloverfield, 13c; 3,000 Springfield, 13c—all in country. The price of choice is 12½c to 13c. Mess pork is quiet at $17.25 to $17.50. Fairbank's lard, 12½c. Hams, 12½c to 13½c. Eggs scarce and firm at 18c to 19c.

SIMPSON, HALL, MILLER & CO.,

18 DE BRESOLES STREET,

MANUFACTURERS OF FINE

ELECTRO-SILVER PLATED WARE!

THE TRADE ONLY SUPPLIED. 252+

RECEIVED,
ONE CASE NOVELTIES IN
SILK AND COTTON LACES,
Cream, Gold, Black and White.
N.B.—These are the very latest, and are not shown by any other firm in Canada.

TO ARRIVE,
BLACK WOOL FRINGES.

WHITE & COMPANY,
The Lace Warehouse, 18 and 20 Colborne Street,
TORONTO. 266

JUST OPENED AT ROY'S
New Scarfs, New Ties, New Socks,
— AND —
Scotch L. W. Shirts, Scotch L. W. Drawers,
IN GREY, WHITE AND SCARLET, AT
JAMES Y. ROY'S, Windsor Hotel Block.
N.B.—Entrance from the Rotunda, and third door on Peel street. 268 1

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

COTTONS!

Seven, eight, nine and ten quarter American Twilled Sheetings, bleached, at 35c, 40c, 45c and 50c per yard. The best value in the market.

A good Grey Cotton Sheeting, 2 yards wide, 25c per yard.

Grey and White Cotton, a large and well assorted stock of all the best makes in Canadian and American.

Pillow Cottons, all widths.

LINENS!

Scotch Half-bleached Table Linens, in all widths, patterns assorted in checks and Damasks from 30c to $1 per yard.

Bleached Damask Table Linens, in all qualities, from 60c to $1.50 and $2 per yard.

Damask Linen Doyilies and Napkins of all sizes and qualities.

Bleached and unbleached Huckaback Towellings, bleached and unbleached Huckaback Towels, Scotch Crash, Russian Crash, American Crash, Dowlas, Glass Towel and Towelling, Bird-eyed and Russia Diapers, Grass Linens, Wine Linens, Hollands, Roller Towellings, Furfar Shectings, Hessians, and every description of House Linen in great variety.

Five Per Cent. Discount for on all cash purchases over One Dollar.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.,
DIRECT IMPORTERS,
403 and 405 Notre Dame Street,
CORNER ST. PETER.

P.S.—We have sent a cable despatch for our "Chevreau" Gloves. A full assortment in 2, 3, 4 and 6 Buttons, in Black, expected shortly.
J. M. & Co. 266+

PROBABLE!

It is very probable that the Richelieu Navigation Company will not raise their rates of passage before the close of navigation, intending purchasers will therefore have an opportunity of visiting

PILON'S
Great Dry Goods Store,
so as to enable them to profit by the presents that are given away every day.

MORE PRESENTS
— AT —
A. PILON & CO.'S
Cheap Dry Goods Establishment.

Five per cent. discount will be made on all purchases.

THIS IS THE TIME TO MAKE YOUR PURCHASES.

DONT FORGET TO PAY A VISIT
TO THE GREAT DRY GOODS ESTABLISHMENT,
WHERE YOU WILL FIND ALL YOU ARE IN NEED OF,
VERY CHEAP,
AND AT ONLY ONE PRICE.

A. PILON & CO.,
647. | St. Catherine Street, | 649.
AT THE GREEN BALL. 263+1

AT THE
PALACE
FURNITURE ROOMS!
WILL BE FOUND
— A —
CHOICE ASSORTMENT
— OF —
PLAIN AND FANCY
FURNITURE!
At Reasonable Prices.

S. R. PARSONS,
437 and 439 Notre Dame Street. 263 6+

BENEFIT OF THE NATIONAL POLICY.—Seeing that we have Palace Furniture Show Rooms to compete with, and not wishing to be behind in anything connected with our line of trade, we are about to have a Crystal Palace Furniture Warerooms, by putting a stock in addition to our store front, at the oldest furniture warerooms, No. 7, 9, and 11 St. Joseph street, where there are bargains in some old styles, selling off at a great reduction. D. McDARMAY & SON, 7, 9, and 11 St. Joseph street. 267 1

MONTREAL SNOW-SHOE CLUB.

The Club will meet at the Gymnasium, Mansfield st., for Hare and Hounds Run to Prendergast's, TO-MORROW.
Start at 3 o'clock sharp.
A good muster requested.

R. McGILL STREET.
268 1 Hon. Sec., M. S. S. C.

A HANDSOME COTTAGE PIANO, 7⅓ octaves, Rosewood Case, will be sold at my salerooms, 235 St. James street, at the Furniture Sale, on

Saturday Evening, 13th inst.,
AT SEVEN o'clock.
W. E. SHAW, Auctioneer.
263+

ARTISANS MUTUAL BUILDING SOCIETY.
(La Societe de Construction Mutuelle des Artisans.)

Public Notice is hereby given, that a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Society, will be held in the Office, No. 13 St. James street, in the City of Montreal, on the 30th day of this month of November, at 7.30 o'clock p.m., to receive a report from the Liquidators, and provide the best means to finally and definitely liquidate the affairs of the Society.

A. DeMARTIGNY,
Pres. of the Board of Liquidators.
Montreal, 9th Nov., 1880. 266 18

PAY YOUR GAS ACCOUNT
AT THE
COMPANY'S OFFICE,
COR ST. JAMES AND ST. GABRIEL STREETS'
ON OR BEFORE
MONDAY, the 15th INSTANT,
AND SAVE THE DISCOUNT. 268 3

BROADWAY.—Gentlemen, are you aware of the economy of having your faded garments turned equal to new, Altering, Repairing, Cleaning, and Pressing? Gentlemen, you can have your Buffalo Roces Braided at the Broadway, the cheapest in the Dominion. Any color or style of Braiding at 705 Craig street. 262 3

$5,000 TO LEND on City Property, no commission charged to the borrower. Thos. Darling, 182 St. James street. 266 6

$2,000 TO LOAN, on Mortgage. Mr. Hart, Notary, 194 St. James street. 265 2

TICKETS TO CHICAGO, $9, Toronto $4.50. At Abrahams & Co., 245 St. James street, opposite Ottawa Hotel. 168 3

FOR SALE—Very Cheap, one 10 H.P. Tubular Boiler, with fittings complete, as good as new, and one Rotary Pump, one large Iron Tank, with tap and steam pipe, three patent Candle Machines, in good order, one Patent Scale, and sundry other articles. Address, "F. 255," STAR Office 269 2

FURNISHED HOUSE wanted, below Sherbrooke, between McGill College and Mountain streets. Rent $40 to $50. No children. Address, "2," 182 Mountain street. 268 2

FOR SALE—A Licensed Saloon, with fixtures complete. Enquire at No. 7 St. Bonaventure street, Victoria Square. 268 1

ROOMS and BOARD—Wanted by two rooms (unfurnished preferred) with board in private family. Address Mrs. Emma Thurston, 101 Osborne street. 268 2

ROOMS—Comfortably Furnished with board, also first-class table board. Terms moderate, 43 Berthelet street. 268 1

ROOM—To Let, heated with hot water. 11 Victoria street. 268 2

BOARD—Gentlemen Desiring comfortable rooms and first-class board. Apply to 167 St. George, above Dorchester. Terms moderate. 268 3

SALESWOMAN—Wanted, an intelligent lady, who can come well recommended. Apply 1:30 p.m., 281 Notre Dame street. 268 1+

WANTED—Housekeeper, Man to take charge of horse, also two message boys. Apply at Montreal Employment Agency, 183 St. James str. 268 1

WANTED—A first-class Sewer, immediately. Apply to E. R. Darche, Tailor, Valleyfield, P.Q. 268 5

WANTED—A First-class Gardener who understands the cultivation of green house plants. Apply 44 Foundling street. 268 3

WANTED—One Book in St. Ann's Building Society. Apply to P. E. Brown, 9 Chaboilles Square. 268 3

WANTED—Partner with $2,-000, by a party having all the plants necessary for the manufacture of staple goods, used in every household, machine shop, mill, &c., in the Dominion, profits good. An active young man with above capital, will find this a favorable opening. Address, "N 256," STAR Office. 268 2

WANTED—A Young Girl to do kitchen work. 25 Belmont. 268 1

WANTED—A Housemaid. Apply 1470 St. Catherine street. 268 2

WANTED—A Little Girl to mind a baby during the day. Apply to 75½ Bonaventure street. 268 2

WANTED—A Boy, at 706 Craig street. 268 3

WANTED, Nurse, to assist with Housework; Protestant; wages $7. Apply STAR EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 624 Craig street. 268

WANTED—First-class Cook (young), no washing. Wages $10 to $11. Good references required. Apply 1, 962, STAR EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 624 Craig street. 268

WANTED—Good General Servant, 2 in family. Apply 1, 960, STAR EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 624 Craig street. 268

BAILIFF'S SALE—PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal. No. 2,193.—CIRCUIT COURT. Montreal.—Gerald E. Hart, Plaintiffs, vs. Dame Jane Mary Orr, Defendant.—On the Twenty-second day of November, 1880, at Ten of the clock in the forenoon, at No. 713 Craig street, in the city of Montreal, will be sold by authority of justice, all the goods and chattels of the said Defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of Tables, Carpets, Chairs, Bureau, &c. Terms cash. A. BOURRET, B.S.C. Montreal, November 12th, 1880. 268

BAILIFF'S SALE—PROVINCE OF QUEBEC. District of Montreal.—No. 903.—COMMISSIONERS COURT of the Parish of Ste. Cunegonde.—Narcisse Moreau, Sr., Plaintiff, vs. Joseph Simons, Defendant.—On the 22nd day of November inst., at Ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the place of business of the said Defendant, No. 133 St. Peter street, in the City of Montreal, will be sold by authority of justice, all the goods and chattels of the said Defendant, seized in this cause, consisting of Counter Bureau, Fonts, &c. Terms cash. F. X. DESJARDINS, B.S.C. Montreal, 12th November, 1880. 268

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC,
District of Montreal.
IN THE SUPERIOR COURT FOR LOWER CANADA.—The Eleventh day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty.—Present:—The Honorable Mr. Justice Dalmville.—"La Banque Ville Marie," Plaintiffs. J. R. Larue, heretofore trader, of the city and district of Montreal, and now absent from this Province, Defendant. Having seen the petition for sequestration presented this day, and it appears that the said Defendant has left his domicile in the Province of Quebec in Canada, and cannot be found in the District of Montreal. It is ordered that *ceux faire droit* upon the present petition, that the said Defendant, by an advertisement to be inserted in the French language, in the newspaper called *Le Nouveau Monde*, and in the English language, in the newspaper called THE STAR, be appear before this Court, on Monday, the Fifteenth day of November, instant, and there to answer the demand of the Plaintiffs, and upon the neglect of the said Defendant to appear and to answer to such demand, the said Plaintiff will be permitted to proceed against him as in a cause by default.

(By the Court.)
HUBERT, HONEY & GENDRON,
Montreal, 11th November, 1880. P. Q.C. 268 2

Six O'clock P.M.

Stellarton Mining Disaster.

Terrible Explosion in the Ford Pit—Forty Men Reported—Cause of the Disaster.

HALIFAX, N.S., November 12.—About 6.30 this morning an explosion of gas occurred on the south side of the Ford pit at Stellarton. All the miners were at work in the different fords. The explosion was so terrible as to sweep quite across to the north side of the pit killing all the men and horses within reach. Almost all the men on the north side will be saved, while all at work on the south side have been lost. At least sixty men are missing. Full particulars are not yet known. Five men have been brought up and are likely to recover. Probably forty are shut up within the fallen coal in the south side. The accident is presumably caused by some miner firing a shot in a forbidden part of the working.

CONTRADICTORY REPORTS.

Another despatch says:—Everything is in the greatest confusion and it is impossible to get at the facts of the case. One report says there are about forty miners imprisoned behind the fallen coal on the south side, another that fully seventy are missing. The searching parties cannot get in very far on account of the masses of coal blocking the way in all directions. Messrs James Hudson, of the Albion mines, Greener, of the Vale, and H S Poole, of the Acadia, went down the pit this morning, but have not yet returned. Several dead horses have been found. None of the missing men's bodies have yet been found, and it is said that the prospects of getting any of them for some length of time at least are very small. None of the miners on the north side were injured, and quite a number of them were surprised at the crowds around the mouth of the pit when they came up to dinner, not having any idea that such a terrible fate had befallen their fellow workmen.

EXPLORATION OF THE MINE.

HALIFAX, N.S. Nov. 12—Messrs. Hudson, Greener, Simpson, Poole, with other volunteers, have been down the pit at Stellarton, in which the explosion occurred this morning, and have come up again. They found it impossible to explore the south side for any distance on account of after damp, there being no air through that side, as all doors had been blown down by the blast. They found some bodies, but could not identify them. All the horses in the pit, 29, are dead.

THE MISSING.

The following are names of the missing men, of whom there is no hope of recovery: alive, James Mitchell, over man, and Angus McKay, shot firer; James Lennan, John Carr, Edward Savage, Thos Rogers, John Morrison, Wm Murdock, Edward Roberts, sear, and junior, Jno Roberts, Thos McKay, John Cumming, Job Stainner, Wm Lewis, Danl Sutherland, John McLaughlin, John McNaughton, Robt McLeod, Rory McKinnon, Jno Crawford, Chas Dunbar, Joseph Hairn, Thos Sullivan, John Johnston, Murdoch McDonald, Hy Hadden, Wm Ross, John McInness, Peter McInness, John McNeil, Thos McKay, Hector McLean. There are others in the pit, but their names cannot yet be ascertained.

SERIOUSLY INJURED.

The following are so badly injured that very little hopes are entertained of their recovery: Matthew McPherson, Wm. Dunbar, sr., Geo. Burden, W. McCly, Reuben Dunbar, Angus Campbell. The number still in the pit is said to be 44.

ANOTHER EXPLOSION FEARED.

It is feared another explosion will occur this afternoon when the pit gathers gas again. Work is totally suspended at all the collieries in the county, and miners have come to the scene of the accident in great numbers, but are altogether powerless to render any assistance on account of the precarious condition of the pit. It is not known how the fire originated, as none from the side where the accident occurred are alive to tell the tale. Efforts will be made to recover the bodies of the missing men as soon as the pit is considered safe.

THE IRISH TROUBLES.

The Progress of the Boycott! Relief Party—Precautions Taken for Their Safety—A March Through the Mud—The Land Leaguers Cowed.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—The *Herald* contains the following cable, dated Dublin, Nov. 11:—My despatches of this morning brought the Boycott relief to Mullingar. They arrived safely at Athlone at one o'clock. They occupied seven carriages, three of which were taken by the laborers and gentlemen. Two were loaded with agricultural implements, blankets, luggage, tents and provisions, and the remainder carried the constabulary. The laborers were a fine body of stalwart young men looking rather sheepish and seeming scarcely to understand or to like the work they were engaged in. The train ran at a rate of not more than fifteen miles an hour, with the pilot engine only two miles ahead, and thus no opportunity was given for a misplacement of rails to pass undetected.

RECEPTION AT ATHLONE.

As the train rolled into the station the bugle sounded, the hussars sprang to horse and the infantry formed, while the crowd of men, women and boys which swarmed in dense masses about the military hooted and groaned. They marched out, followed by the laborers. All were pale with the excitement of the moment. The expedition was shielded right and left, front and rear by a solid breastwork of troops. They were followed by companies of hussars, who brought up the rear. An attempt was made by the military officers, soon after starting, to put some of the relieving party on the cars on which the constabulary were driving, but the Land League officials, who were present, warned the carmen not to accommodate any one except the constabulary, and a dispute arose, in which the carmen remained inflexible, and the march was continued through mud and pouring rain.

A COLLISION AVERTED.

Large squads of infantry and cavalry are stationed on nearly every mile to Ballinrobe and also on the bridge, which, it is rumored, the Mayo men intended to blow up. There is no doubt that if it had not been for the overwhelming military escort there would have been a fearful fight. The general feeling of the hostile spirits was expressed in a speech which I heard one of the prominent leaders make to-night in the streets of Ballinrobe: "I cannot do anything now, they are too many for me." The people lighted bonfires along the road and thousands gathered from the neighboring towns and country, but they spent their ardour in groans and derisive yells. At Ballina a meeting was hastily called, at which loaded revolvers were produced and most violent language against the Government was used.

City News.

SHAMROCK MEDALS.—The medals won by the Shamrocks at the recent tournament will be on view to-morrow in Cochenthaler's window on St. James street.

SAM LOVER.—In the church of the Messiah lecture room to-night, Mr. W. N. Evans will deliver by request his admirable lecture on Samuel Lover, introducing an entirely new selection or readings and songs. Mr. Evans has acquired considerable fame on account of the excellence of this lecture.

LEG BROKEN.—Thomas Brown, a country merchant hailing from the vicinity of Rouse' Point, fell into an excavation near the Windsor Hotel last night and broke his leg. A carter witnessed the accident and assisted the sufferer to a gentleman's residence on Mountain street, where he has for some days been visiting.

TEMPERATURE in the Shade, as observed by Hearn & Harrison, Thermometer and Barometer makers, Nos. 240 and 242 Notre Dame street, during the last 24 hours, November 12th, 1880:

6 p.m.	8 a.m.	1 p.m.	Max.	Min.	Mean.
48°	42°	44°	48°	36°	42°

Brief Notes.

The Montreal Hunt Club Cup, for 1880, won at the recent steeplechases by J. E. Mullin, is in Dawson's window.

SUBURBAN.

The Mayor of Lachine visited Montreal yesterday and engaged a young man named Racine for a policeman for that village. The appointment was made on the recommendation of Chief Paradis.

Montreal Telegraph Co.

The Brest and St. Pierre cable has been broken about 230 miles from Brest. On and after 15th inst., instead of on and after 1st December, as previously notified, the cable rate for Continental messages will be increased to fifty cents per word.

At the Hotels.

ST. LAWRENCE HALL.—H Macfarlane, Stratford; Chas Magee, Ottawa: Hon D A McPherson, Lancaster, and F W Gibbs, Oshawa.

OTTAWA HOTEL.—J W Clapp, Hamilton; Robt J Saxe, St Johns; R M Stocking, Quebec; F M Sawyer and Chas F Jacobsen, New York, and G W Jackman, Omaha.

WINDSOR HOTEL.—J Bienvieu, Toure, France; Jas E Burow and wife, Liverpool, Eng; C J Adams, Boston; J Martel and Ed Guilbault, Joliette; Daniel Lord and wife, New York; Capt Short, Kingston, and D Stark, Ottawa.

**COMMER

CROSS PURPOSES.

CHAPTER I.—*Continued.*

That schoolroom had three great south windows looking right out to the sea (you could perceive a bit of golden gravelly shore if you stood close to them, but not unless); it had also two eastern windows looking upon a green turf bank, gorse studded, sloping down to black rock and grey boulder. The room was full of sunshine, and the heat and the light made Edith giddy; she had to draw down the blinds; and when she went to draw them down she saw Mr. Oldenshaw (her master, as she loved to call him) walking to and fro, close to the water, leaning on his younger brother's arm; they were talking earnestly. How bent and aged her master looked, and he was not so very much older than Lily.

What would her master think of her when he heard? The young governess was preoccupied this morning.

That evening, Mr. Oldenshaw—that is to say, Edith's Mr. Oldenshaw—chose to come to the cottage as if nothing had happened since he was last there. He brought the book he had been reading to them, then took the seat by Miss Gaysworth's invalid couch, that he had occupied then. Seeing this Edith without a word to him, having given him one indignant look, gathered up her work and left the room.

From the bedroom above she heard voices all the evening, now her sister's, now Mr. Oldenshaw's, one low-toned interchange of talk.

"Of course Lily will think I am using him very badly. Of course everybody will think I am using him very badly. What does that matter to me? I have done what I thought was right to be done. I know I did it very badly, but that is my misfortune. I meant to be gentle and dignified, all I am always trying to be, and never, never can succeed in being. Well! he is well rid of me: I never should have made a proper Mrs. Oldenshaw of Firlands. Now Gertrude is ——; oh, I hate Gertrude!" said with the the heartiest, homeliest energy. "That is very wicked too!" she added; "and I'm afraid when nobody loves me I shall be very wicked."

She went on thinking strange confused thoughts as she employed herself in turning out her writing-case, jewel-case, and secret sacred drawer, collecting his letters, his presents, all kept religiously, whether flowers or jewels.

"Perhaps he will believe that I am in earnest when he gets these," she said, with an emphasis resentful of his present inactivity. "Then he will only go away leave off coming here, after—well, after he has made it all straight with Gertrude. If I have to go on seeing him, perhaps I may in time arrive at a proper pitch of distraction," Scoffing at herself she pressed her hand upon her heart. "I always have said I did not know I had one, but I'm going to learn that I have now by this pain that's beginning."

By-and-by, looking over the pages of a journal she had once, girlish fashion, kept, for fear of accidents, in a cypher of her own invention, she read (dated 30th of November nearly three years ago)—

"I did not think such a dismal day could have ended so pleasantly; such a dismal day! passed in an ugly schoolroom among rude children, a wet street and wet people to look out at; nothing to look forward to but the tedious change of a couple of hours spent in the drawing-room, over my fancy-work, among people who must dislike having me as much as I dislike being with them. Ah!" she said, breaking off from her reading and thinking aloud, "how different things were then! We were so poor, I could not keep a home for Lily. She boarded with those wretched people who neglected her so, and I had to take the high-earning situation I could get, and try not to care if I were miserable or not. Who made everything different? He did. I might go through as many verses as there are in the "My Mother" poem, in the children's book, and making my own list of questions, say, "He did!" in answer to all of them. "Well, I'm trying in my awkward stupid way, that is so hard for it seems such a wicked ungrateful way, to reward him. I wish, though, he wouldn't look so pained about it."

She thought for some time, then she went on reading, slowly and blunderingly, from her journal——

"The evening of this wretched day I go down into the drawing-room as usual and there is a person there who turns round as I enter and looks to meet me, who takes my hand and looks at me with kindly thist, what with surprise and what with pleasure, the tears come into my eyes, and it is a wonder that I don't, startle all proprieties, by putting my arms round his neck! He places a chair for me next his own, and pushes a footstool to my feet, and reaches me my work-case. How did he know what I was looking for? or which was mine? Why didn't he give me Mrs. Dyson's instead? Surely he didn't remember the shabby little thing! He seemed altogether to take possession of me, as if he pitied the poor little lonely thing, and meant to care for it and pet it. And he breaks off his talk with Mr. Dyson, and talks to me of Lily and Lily's health; and of how he thinks she needs milder air; and of how his brother has a pretty cottage to let, in just such a place as he thinks would suit Lily; and then he tells me that his brother wants a governess for his motherless children, and so he talks on, opening up such a new and bright prospect, though he dashes everything a little by telling me he is a-con going to India again for a few years. And when he turns from me to talk to Mr. Dyson again, his arm is still on the back of my chair, and his voice lulls me to a dream, and all the world is changed for me, for I feel he *remembers*. And when Mrs. Dyson's soft voice says in my ear, "Miss Gaysworth, I think you have forgotten the children: it is long past their bed-time," I start as if I had had cold water flung over me, and rise in awkward haste, throwing scissors, thimble, cotton, on the floor—for him to pick up! And he asked me should he see me again that night; and when I said a reluctant "No," he asked Mrs. Dyson at what time he could see me in the morning, "to talk over family-affairs; for Mrs. Dyson, she us, I consider, a sort of a ward of mine!" A sort of a ward! I feel as if he would only ——"

There the journal broke off for that time; but she read a few later entries and then told herself to desist—that she was doing the worst thing, the stupidest thing possible. But her thoughts were not much safer: she remembered all his words and looks—remembered the coming to the present some, prepared by him for her and Lily, remembered the parting and his return! The bed-room was cold and cheerless, her candle had burnt down to the socket: she listened to the voices downstairs, beloved voices both, and thought of the lamp-light, the fire-light the kind eyes, the loving hands, the cheerfulness and the warmth there—and then, very unheroically, she began to cry.

The voices ceased: the hall-door opened and closed: she waited to hear the click of the garden-gate and the sound of footsteps down the road.

"He didn't stop as long as usual." she said carelessly to Lily, as having bathed her eyes, she entered the sitting-room.

"No: he said he would not keep you up in the cold. Oh, Edith! what has possessed you? How can you treat such a man in this way? A man who has been so good to us, so very good. Surely, child it is only a freak, if so, a wicked one; but anything is better than to believe you can seriously mean to be so——

Edith interrupted her.

"I am trying to be good to him in return for his goodness to us. If the goodness of a deed is to be judged, as some people seem to think, by its hardness, I am being very good to him. You can't see how? I dare say not; but some day you will; till then you must try and trust me."

"But, Edith——"

"But, Lily—I have told you and I tell you again, I will not hear you or any one on this subject. There! I have made you cry. Yes, that is just how it always is. I am a wretched creature, born to make every one unhappy, especially every one who loves me. If you only knew Lily"—here she knelt by her sister's couch and buried her face in her sister's dress—"how it hurts! how it hurts! how miserable I am! you would cry for me, Lily, instead of crying for him."

"I cry for him, Edith?" her sister said, but drew the girl fondly close. "I never could bear to see a man suffering and he is suffering. You have only to watch him, to look into his eyes, and to see the way he twitches mouth and gnaws his moustache. No, Edith, I never could bear to see a man suffer. It nearly breaks my heart when your master, as you call him, sits by me and talks to me, so gently, so kindly, with his eyes seeing and his heart suffering, so far away and Herbert's face will get to have the same look if you use him so badly."

"The hypocrite!" cried Edith. "No, no, no,—I don't mean that. I know he is suffering, but never mind him, Lily it will soon pass; he will be happier soon than I ever could make him."

"Child, child, you talk very wildly—very wickedly. You seem to have no opinion of the faithfulness of the man you are playing with."

"I am playing with no man. You are a cruel sister to say I am. Oh, I have the very highest opinion of Mr. Herbert Oldenshaw's faithfulness. He would marry a girl he had ceased to love, and break the heart of one he did love, sooner than break his word. That is my opinion of his faithfulness! And now no more about him—not a word. He is a good man and a true one; I hope he will be a happy one!"

"What crotchet *can* you have got into your head?" murmured Miss Gaysworth, and dared say no more; but she lay awake all through the night pondering the matter over, and was consequently ill the next morning. She was a very frail creature. She would in all probability have been dead before this time had she not been transplanted to the soft-breathed, sheltered, sunny southern nook where she now dwelt. And it was Mr. Herbert Oldenshaw's care that had thus transplanted her. He had known these women well in prosperous days, beginning at a beginning when Edith was a little child; their dead brother had been his dearest friend. Coming home from India on family business soon after they had fallen into sudden poverty, he made it his care to care for them.

To be continued.

IT DIDN'T WORK.

A Parent Who tried Bob Ingersoll's Methods.

Colonel Ingersoll says he keeps a pocket-book in an open drawer and his children go and help themselves to money whenever they want it. "They eat when they want to, they may sleep all day if they choose and sit up all night if they desire. I don't try to coerce them. I never punish, never scold. They buy their own clothes and are masters of themselves.

A gentleman living on Marshall street, who has a boy that is full as kittony as his father, read the article and pondered deeply. He knew that Colonel Ingersoll was a success at raising children in the way they should go and he thought he would try it. The boy had caused him considerable annoyance, and he made up his mind that he had not treated the boy right, so he called the boy in from the street, where he was putting soft-soap on a lamp-post in order to see the lamplighter climb it, and said to him:

"My son, I have decided to adopt a different course with you. Heretofore I have been careful about giving you money and have wanted to know where every cent went to, and my supervision has, no doubt, been annoying to you. Now, I'm going to leave my pocket-book in the bureau drawer, with plenty of money in it, and you are at liberty to use all you want without asking me. I want you to buy anything you desire to, buy your own clothes and feel as though the money was yours, and that you had not got to account for it. Just make yourself at home now and try and have a good time."

The boy looked at the old gentleman, put his hand on his head, as though he had "got 'em sure" and went out to see the lamp-lighter climb that soft soap. The next day the stern parent went out into the country shooting, and returned on the midnight train three days later. He opened the door with a latch key, and a strange yellow dog grabbed him by the elbow of his pants, and shook him, he said, "like the agur."

The dog barked and chewed until the son came down in his night-shirt and called him off. He told his father he had bought that dog of a fireman for $2, and it was probably the best dog bargain that had been made this season. He said the fireman told him he could find a man that wanted that kind of a dog.

The parent took off his pants, what the dog had not removed, and in the hall he stumbled over a birch-bark canoe the boy bought of an Indian for $9, and an army musket, with an iron ramrod, fell down from the corner. The boy had paid $6 for that. He had also bought himself an overcoat with a sealskin collar and cuffs and a complete outfit of calico shirts and silk stockings.

In this room the parent found the marble top of a soda fountain, a wheelbarrow and shelf filled with all kinds of canned meat, preserves and crackers and a barrel of apples. A wall tent and six pairs of blankets were rolled up ready for camping out, and a beaver skin shirt and a pair of corduroy pants lay on the bed ready for pulling on. Six fishpoles and a basketful of fish lines were ready for business, and an oyster can full of grub worms for bait were squirming on the washstand. The old gentleman looked the lay out over, looked at his pocket-book in the bureau drawer, as empty as a contribution box, and said:

"Young man, the times have been too flush. We will now return to a specie basis. When you want money come to me and I will give you a nickel and you will tell me what you intend to buy with it or I'll warm you. You hear me!"—*Springfield Republican.*

Population of the Earth.

The latest and most trustworthy statistics of the population of the earth have just been given to the public by Herren Behm and Wagner, the distinguished German geographers, whose work, published at irregular intervals, is everywhere accepted as the highest authority on this subject. From this we learn that the world is being peopled at the encouraging rate of nearly a million a month. The total population of the globe is now 1,455,928,000, or 16,778,000 greater than it was nineteen months ago, when the authors issued their last publication. The announcement of this fact will doubtless excite fresh alarm among the disciples of Malthus wherever sage are to be found. Considerably more than half of the people of the earth are gathered in Asia. That country is reported to have a population of 834,707,000; Europe, 315,929,000; Africa, 205,679,000; America, 95,495,500; Australia and Polynesia, 4,031,000, and the Polar regions—that is, Greenland and Iceland—32,000. Of the principal countries of Europe, Germany is credited with 43,960,000 inhabitants; Austria and Hungary, 33,000,000; France, 37,000,000; Great Britain, 34,500,000, and the entire Russian dominions about 33,000,000, of which nearly 66,000,000 are in Russia proper. European Turkey has 3,866,000 people and Asiatic Turkey 16,320,000. Of Asia's population China, with all its dependencies, is reported to have 434,626,000; Japan, 34,338,000 and British India 240,298,000. The United States contains more than half of the American population. British North America has 3,339,000, Mexico, 9,435,000, and Brazil, the most populous of the South American countries, 11,100,000. While the figures in this work have been taken from census and other official reports, wherever such material was in existence as late as the beginning of 1880, the authors have, of course, in many instances been under the necessity of giving estimates which, in the case of parts of Africa and Asia and some other regions, can be little more than guesses. But the estimates have generally been made with care and skill, and afford the latest and best information to be had on the subject. The general accuracy of their computations is shown by the fact that the authors give the population of the United States at 48,500,000, exclusive of 300,000 Indians, which is not much amiss for an estimate made without any aid from the census of this year.—*New York Herald.*

A List of Crimes.

The following list is taken from the columns of a single paper for one day:—1st, at Glossop, last Saturday night, Albert Robinson, sitting at his tea, got up because his wife said she would stand his scolding no longer, and seizing the unfortunate woman, bent her head across his knee with one hand and with the other cut her throat from side to side with a pocket knife. 2nd, at Leicester, on last Saturday, William Arnold had some words with a comrade, and striking a hammer followed him and broke in his head, killing him instantly. 3rd, Patrick Shelly, at Bolton, on Saturday, stabbed his wife through the breast and would have killed her were it not that the force of the blow was broken by her stays. 4th, Mary Jane King, on Saturday, took her child, eight months old, to the brink of the Thames, and after nearly murdering it, threw it into the river. 5th, at Port Glasgow, on Saturday, Mary M'Lachlan was kicked to death and the body left in a horrible state, by a pair of heavy boots, supposed to be worn by her husband at the time of the crime. 6th, at Ashton, on Saturday, John Newton stabbed his wife nearly to death, and her life is despaired of.

A THOUSAND FOOLS.

How They were Attracted Together.

The other morning two gentlemen were looking out of the window of a house on Market street, when they observed a cabbage roll off a market wagon that was passing. Instantly over a dozen well-dressed and apparently sane persons began yelling after the wagon as thou'gh the vegetable had been a gold watch or a thousand dollar bill. The driver stopped about half a square off, looked back at the cabbage, yawned, and drove on.

"What an absurd fuss people in the street make over trivial occurrences," said one of the gentlemen. "Now, I'll bet a silk hat that I could get a crowd of five hundred persons around that cabbage inside of thirty minutes and yet not leave this room."

"I take the bet," said his friend, pulling out his watch. "Are you ready?"

"Yes; give the word."

"It is now eleven-thirty. Go!"

The proposer of the wager led his friend to the window, threw up the sash, and taking a cane pointed earnestly at the mud-covered cabbage with a terrified expression. Presently a hack driver noticed the action and began to stare at the vegetable from the curbstone; then a bootblack stopped; then a bill poster, then a messenger boy and a merchant.

"What's the matter?" inquired a German, approaching the innocent base of his national dish.

"Don't touch it! Look out there! Stand back!" shouted the gentleman at the window. At his horror-stricken tones the crowd fell back precipitately and formed a dense circle around the innocent cabbage. Hundreds came running up and the excitement increased rapidly.

"Look out there!" frantically screamed the bettor, waving his cane. "Take that dog away, quick!"

Several stones were thrown at a cur that was sniffing around the cabbage.

"Take care!" said a car driver to a policeman, who was should-ring his way through the mass. "It's an internal machine, nitro-glycerine—or something."

Meanwhile the sidewalk was blocked, the street became impassable, women screamed and rushed into shops, and a store-keeper underneath began to tie a bucket on the end of a long pole with which to pour water on the devilish invention. The crowd by this time numbering over a thousand the two gentlemen moved away from the window and sat down. In a few moments there was a hurried tap at the door, and there appeared a man who had been sent as a delegate from the mass meeting outside.

"I should like to know, gentlemen," he said, "what the fast are?"

"What facts?"

"Why, what there is peculiar about that cabbage out there?"

"Nothing in the world," was the soft reply, "except that it seems to be surrounded by about a thousand of the biggest fools in town. Do anything else for you?"

The man reflected a moment, said he "guessed not" and retired. Before he handed in his report, however, Captain Short's watch had dispersed the mob and crabbed two hundred and eleven separate persons for creating a disturbance.—*San Francisco Post.*

Marriages in Massachusetts.

Strange to say, in spite of the growth and development of the resources of the country, and increased demand for labor, even during periods of financial depression, the number of marriages in this and other States is not so great now as it has been in previous years. The rate in 1860 was 1 in 55.24 of the population; in 1870 it was 1 in 35.54, and in 1878 1 in 60.19, January showing the highest record and March the lowest. It is found that marriages are not so much affected by hard times after all, for statistical tables show that marriages increase among the poorer classes of the community with remarkable steadiness in spite of business depression, although it would naturally be supposed that the reverse would be true. The decrease is found among the wealthy classes, where it would not be expected to occur. Young men often give as a reason for not marrying that they cannot support a family, yet they spend more annually than would be required for securing an abundance of domestic felicity. Catholic clergymen are called upon more frequently than those of other denominations to officiate at marriage ceremonies. In fact, a very large part of the marriages of the State are presided over by Catholic clergymen. Some of the most astonishing extremes in age seem to find a golden mean somewhere in marrying. Last year one gentleman under 21 married a lady over 30; one about 23 married a bride of over 50; and one over 70 married a fairy of 20 years of age. There were eight grooms who drew their first prizes in the matrimonial lottery in the persons of eight brides who had been previously twice widowed. Another groom chose as his third venture one to whom he was the fourth prize. Seventy-eight colored couples entered upon a life of dusky bliss, including twenty-three cases where the grooms were colored and the brides white. The ratio of white marriages last year to the white population was 1 in 60.94, and that of the colored marriages was 1 in 32.05. A little over half of brides and bridegrooms were natives. When infants of 13 and 15 years of age present themselves as candidates for matrimony, as has recently happened, although it might be suspected that the young things couldn't leave their mothers, yet with the written consent of parents and guardians even such obstacles as age, or rather lack of it, are passed over, and the couple who ought to be just thinking of getting promoted into the master's room of a grammar school are elevated to the dignity and responsibility of man and wife. It is by no means a rare and unusual occurrence for two lovers to present themselves to the Registrar for a certificate and then never to be heard of again by him or any clergyman, it probably having occurred to them that discretion was the better part of valour in their case. The change in the marriage rate during the past twenty-eight years shows that it is rapidly diminishing, to account for which is not an easy task, and the enquirer is only left to wonder at the result of statistical tables which record for us the backward growth of marriage as compared with an increasing population.—*Boston Traveller.*

The Foundation of a Popular Story.

The story of the "Corsican Brothers" is said to have been suggested to Dumas by an incident that occurred to Louis Blanc. M. Blanc and his brother closely resembled each other in manner, person and features, and they were, moreover, connected by that mysterious feeling which, when they were separated, made each sympathetically conscious of what happened to the other. One day, while the brother of Louis was enjoying himself among a party of friends, he was observed suddenly to change color; he complained of a sensation as if he had received a blow upon the head, and avowed his firm conviction that something must have befallen his brother then in Paris. The company treated this as a mere imaginary notion but some, more curious than the rest, noted the day and the hour to see how far this warning was justified by the actual event. And the result was that at the precise moment Louis, while walking in the streets of Paris, had been knocked down by a blow upon the head, dealt by some one who approached him unperceived from behind. He fell senseless to the ground, and the ruffian escaped; nor could all the efforts of the police afford the slightest clew for his detection. He was suspected to have been a Bonapartist, influenced by political hatred of the uncompromising Republican.—*Exchange.*

The Price of Wives.

The value of wives varies in different countries. In America they are often expensive companions, but in the higher regions of the River Amar, and on the Ussuri, in Siberia, according to information furnished to the British Scientific association by the Rev. Henry Lansdell, the price of a wife is eight or ten dogs, a sledge, or two oxes of brandy. In another part of the world, according to evidence furnished to the same association by Wilfred Powell, in New Britain and the neighboring islands on the east coast of Guinea, the wives are the absolute property of their husbands, and are bought, sold, and eaten by their better halves. There was one New British young woman who rebelled at her matrimonial relations, whereupon her husband said he could put her to better use, and straightway killed and ate her. Unfortunately, according to the same authority, the eating in New Britain is not confined to wives. The natives are fond of missionary meat, and think that the English are unutterably stupid because they are unwilling to feast on such a delicacy as the human thigh, prepared with cocoanut milk and dressed with banana leaves. Mr. Powell does not advise women to emigrate to New Britain.—*Exchange.*

LATEST MAIL NEWS.

American.

The latest case of vulgar display in New York city is an $8,000 bonnet.

The bride and bridegroom at a Nashville wedding had only one leg apiece.

A young man died of heart disease at St. Paul while asking a girl to marry him.

A church is to be the first building erected by Mr. Thomas Hughes' colony at Tennessee.

Cotton seed oil is sent from Arkansas to Europe, and is sent back to America as pure olive oil.

According to "Gath," W. L. Scott, of Erie, Pa., lost $200,000 on bets on the October elections.

A Kentucky negro married a white woman, and had got as far as Somerset on his bridal tour when she committed suicide.

Green striped stockings nearly caused the death of Mary Dick, of Chicago, by poisoning her legs. There was arsenic in the dye.

Dr. Tanner has drawn audiences numbering thirty-one persons, and other audiences numbering only five. He thinks everybody must be very busy just now.

A New York tobacco firm, with a view to discouraging premature indulgence in smoking, has attached to its cigar lighter the notice, "No light for boys!"

Sixty-two soldiers of the regiment stationed at Port Townsend, Washington Territory, are legally married to squaws belonging to Indian tribes in the neighborhood.

A Western man has been trying to kill his two daughters, for the alleged reason that he wanted to save them from being reduced by poverty to shame and starvation.

In Washington Territory two surveyors have killed two Indians and now sixty soldiers are on the way to punish the Indians if they attempt to resent the killing.

In a quarrel in Ithaca between two young men, one of them struck the other upon the head with a cat with such force that he knocked him to the ground senseless and killed the cat.

A religiously insane woman at Barton, Mass., goes about the neighborhood every morning delivering personal messages which she believes she has received from heaven during the night.

The railroad competition at Chicago reached a pass the other day at which several companies sold for fifty cents tickets to Kansas City, Mo., a distance of some seven hundred miles.

A letter has just been published for the first time, written by Thomas Jefferson in 1783, in which he declares that a woman's chances for marrying a blockhead are as fourteen to one, according to his calculations.

A certain Chinaman gave a dinner party. The viands were not to his taste. He rose from the table, asked to be excused for a few moments, and left the room with the remark, "Must lickee wife." This was not in China.

The N.Y. State law makes the taking of a newspaper and then refusing to pay for it the same as theft, and a paper has already commenced criminal prosecution against several persons who attempted to swindle the publisher.

A mechanic at Beaufort, S. C., intent upon suicide by drowning, but desirous that his body should be recovered, fastened lead to his head and life-preservers to his feet before leaping into the water. So he was quickly drowned, while his legs floated.

Albert Gray, of Dallas, Texas, had lately been converted to Christianity, and therefore, when William Young swore profanely in his presence, he was dreadfully shocked. He drew a revolver, implored the blasphemer to stop, and then shot him dead.

A gambler at Laps, Cal., had his place closed by the authorities. He therefore constructed a faro lay-out in a form suitable for packing in a small satchel, and every day makes a round of the stores, offices and residences of those who desire to play.

The exact status of the man arrested at Chicago with nearly a quarter of a million in Government bonds about his person is still unknown to the public. Perhaps the fellow was a lunatic. No sane man would carry so much of that kind of property.

Jim Noal killed Jack Isaacs in a street fight at Williamstown, Ky., and then, handing the pistol with which he had done the shooting to the dead man's brother, said: "I've murdered, Jack, and now you can murder me." The proposition was not accepted.

Two Texas desperadoes agreed to fight with knives in a closed room at Fort Worth. They put up their watches as forfeit, and, as both had shown reckless daring in former affrays, it is believed they fully intended a deadly deed. They were prevented by arrest.

San Francisco has a club composed of big bonanza millionaires, who give dinners that would put royalty to shame. The club-house is fitted up and appointed in elegant style, and the local gossips say that these bonanza kings by no means object to an occasional game of draw poker.

Mr. and Mrs. Tinsley were divorced years ago, at Columbus, Ind. Both made subsequent matrimonial ventures, he taking four wives in succession, and she two husbands. At length, both being free, they discussed their varied experience, admitted that neither had been happy since their parting, and finally were reunited.

Some of the boys belonging to the most respectable families of Peru, Ill., fitted up a cave as a club house. For every meeting night two of their number were appointed a burglary committee, and upon them devolved the task of providing refreshments. Cigar stores, saloons, and groceries were so frequently robbed that an investigation was made.

The largest organ in the world is now building for the Stewart Cathedral at Garden City, Long Island, N.Y. It is distributed about in different parts of the building. One portion is in the tower, another over the ceiling, and another under the chancel. The large chimes in the tower are connected with the organ, and played by the organist.

A young woman, rather prepossessing in appearance, but possessed of a considerable growth of beard, is once a week a visitor to a barber shop at Clinton, Ga. She takes her seat in a chair, just like a man, and quietly submits her face to the lather brush and razor. Showmen have tried to induce her to travel as a bearded woman, but she scornfully rejects their offers.

In announcing a meeting of the Woman's Missionary Society to take place in the Broadway Tabernacle this week, the Rev. Dr. Howard Crosby, from his pulpit on Sunday said, after commenting on the work done by the society: "I cannot refrain, in this connection, from referring to an unholy woman of shame who has come to this city to flaunt herself on a public stage. I hope none will so degrade themselves as to encourage her immoralities in any way."

Mark Sage disliked to be intruded upon in his house near Cleveland, Ohio, and on the sides of it he posted notifications that no visitors would be received. Those who knocked at this door were confronted by the recluse and a cocked revolver. Ferocious dogs roomed in the yard and spring guns were connected with the windows. A constable lately forced an entrance, backed by a posse, in order to serve a paper, and Sage succumbed, after a desperate resistance. He gives no reason for his conduct other than a desire to live alone.

A cave in eastern Tennessee is two miles in length, and has openings at both ends. The owner of the ground around each entrance charged for admission, and acted as guide for visitors. Their rivalry led to serious fights in the cave, for each held the other to be a trespasser. Then one of the contestants hit upon a novel and effective means of ruining the other's business. He sunk a shaft so as to admit a large stream into the cave at about the centre, and, as there was an incline in a favorable direction, the water poured out at the enemy's portal, while his own was unobstructed. The matter is to be made the subject of a lawsuit.

Dr. Talbot was mysteriously murdered at Marysville, Mo. Some members of the family had a suspicion that his son Albert was the assassin, because he was known to have waited very impatiently to inherit the property; but, in the absence of proof, nobody dared make an accusation. So a detective was hired. He went to live in a house close by, pretending to be a farmer, and instructed his pretty wife, whom he introduced as a sister, to gain Albert's affection. This she was quickly successful in doing, and within a month she had promised to marry him. Then she set about inculpating him, and he eventually confessed his guilt to her. His arrest followed.

At a Cincinnati Exposition the other day a prize was offered for the prettiest dinner table, and it was given to a man who spread a round table about eight feet in diameter for a dozen guests. The centre decoration was a round plot of fern leaves with stalks of lily of the valley in the centre; radiating from the ferns were star rays of pink laid on green, and between them were a trefoil, a horseshoe, a fan, a pipe and a slipper in flowers. The button hole bouquets were of rosebuds and lilies of the valley, and the ladies' bouquets were of the same flowers. The table was covered with satin damask, and the glass, china and silver upon it were worth about $2,000. The bills of fare were of tinted silk, painted with wild flowers and landscape panels.

What a Cad Is.

I never use that word cad without thinking of a funny thing that occurred once in which two Americans figured. One was a London-American, one of the tuft-huntin; hybrids who would kiss the boot-soles of a man with a title and starve for a twelvemonth if he could get a lord to dine with him, and the other was a frank, hearty unaffected man, who was over in England for a short holiday and had no other idea but that Americans were as good as Albert Edward himself and generally so considered. They were in the company of an aristocratic Englishman, one of the lesser light of nobility with whom the tuft-hunter had managed to ingratiate himself. The Englishman and his imitator used the word "cad" rather frequently, and as they sat together in the smoking-room of the Langham Hotel over a bottle of wine the guileless American said to the "swell:" "I hear you use that word 'cad' a good deal. Pray, pardon my ignorance, but what is a 'cad'?" Slowly, coolly, dispassionately the Englishman looked at him, then quietly moving his eyes until they rested on the face and form of his American study he drawlingly exclaimed: "I say, my boy, get up and show your friend what a cad is.—*Olive Logan.*

A really meritorious article needs no high-sounding words to enforce its claims upon public attention; nevertheless, common sense is frequently outraged by absurd pretensions in behalf of proprietary medicines, which doubtless possess little or no value. It is and ever will be the aim of the proprietors of Northrop & Lyman's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda, to keep within reasonable bounds in this respect. They do not assert, for instance, that their preparation will overcome inherited consumption. That is something which baffles all human skill to accomplish; but they *do* allege, and the assertion is corroborated by positive and direct testimony, that this medicine, *if used in time*, fortifies the delicate tissue of the lungs and bronchial tubes against the destroying disease. For coughs, colds, laryngitis, incipient bronchitis and scrofula in various forms, it is a reliable, prompt, and sure remedy. The phosphorus which it contains is a most useful agent in endowing an enfeebled system with tone and vigor, by furnishing the blood with an element of nutrition and richness; while the lime and soda, which are, as well as phosphorus, natural constituents of the body, impart strengthening properties to the bones. No mystery enshrouds the composition of this article. Its ingredients are indicated in its name, and it contains nothing at which the most searching analyst or the most fastidious practitioner can cavil. For the information of physicians, we will add, that a dose for an adult contains two grains *each* of hypophosphites of lime and soda. The article is prepared from the choicest materials by Northrop & Lyman, Toronto, and is sold by all druggists.

As we go down the shady side of life, it is pleasant to recall to mind the scenes of our youth. How often we hear gray-haired men and women say regarding that honest old cough remedy, N. H. Down's Elixir, "Why my mother gave it to me when I was a child, and I have used it in my family all my life, and the beauty of it all is, it always brings relief." "My friend, can you name another medicine that has such a record as this?"

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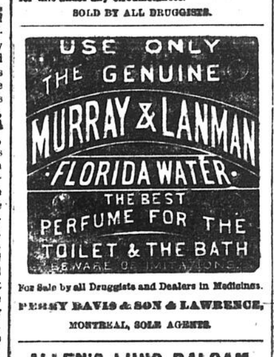

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