THE EVENING STAR.

VOL. VII, NO. 285. MONTREAL, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1875. PRICE ONE CENT.

INSURANCE.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY, EDINBURGH AND LONDON, *FIRE AND LIFE.*

DIRECTORS:
R. B. ANGUS, Esq., General Manager Bank of Montreal.
DAMASE MASSON, Esq., of D. Masson & Son.
GILBERT SCOTT, Esq., of Wm. Dow & Co.

MACDOUGALL & DAVIDSON,
277-1ys General Agents for Canada.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

The Success of the Tontine System of the Equitable Life Assurance Society is Indisputable.

It will be seen that its pecuniary benefits, after the payments of death claims, are to be enjoyed exclusively by the surviving contributors to the Tontine partnership; while, on the contrary, the pecuniary benefits of ordinary life insurance are enjoyed by the heirs of those who die. By this system every member of the partnership has an insurance on his life, while to those who live longest an equitable disposition of the common property is secured.

How is it in the ordinary form of Life Insurance? A man 25 years of age, insured under the ordinary system for $10,000 by the annual payment $198.90 dies during the first year. His heirs will receive a payment amounting to over 5,000 per cent. of the money invested! Should a dividend be also paid, the disproportion between the money expended by him, and the money received by his heirs, will be still greater; and the transaction may appear to be unjust to those who live longer and pay more to the Society.

Now, although it may be theoretically correct that the surplus from the payment of a premium in the case of a man dying during the first year, is the same that derived from the corresponding premium of one who lives long, yet in fact, as any one can see, no profit results to the Society from the transaction which we have referred to. Indeed, for those who die early, there is no investment which is so pecuniarily profitable as Life Insurance. It has therefore been urged that Life Insurance is correspondingly unprofitable to those who do not die early—that is, to those who live long. But this objection, although allacious, cannot find a point to rest upon in the Tontine system; for there is certainly no violation of equity, when by a mutual agreement the accumulated surplus or dividend is enjoyed exclusively by those who live long, and who contribute steadily year after year to its formation. This is precisely what is accomplished by the Tontine system as first introduced, and now successfully practised by the EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY. And the nature of the system is of itself a guarantee of its permanent success.

For further information and pamphlets explaining this plan of assurance, apply to

R. W. GALE,
Manager,
199 ST. JAMES STREET.
252

THE ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE COMPANY,

Capital - - - - - - $6,000,000
Cash Assets, nearly - - 1,200,000

OFFICERS:

PRESIDENT: J. F. SINCENNES. VICE-PRESIDENT: JOHN OSTELL.
GENERAL MANAGER: ALFRED PERRY. SECRETARY: ARTHUR GAGNON.
MARINE MANAGER: C. G. FORTIER. SUB-MANAGER: DAVID L. KIRBY.

ASSETS IN GOLD:

U. S. Bonds and other Securities and Cash in hands of U. S. Trustees....	$400,178 48
Montreal Harbor Bonds (in hands of "Receiver General")..............	50,000 00
Montreal Warehousing Company's Bonds..............	24,725 34
Bank Stocks..............	276,735 96
Mortgages on Real Estate..............	55,347 00
City of Quebec Consolidated Fund...	2,000 00
Bills Receivable for Marine Premiums..............	145,351 27
Agents' Balances in due course of Transmission, and Uncollected Premiums..............	151,638 34
Sundry Accounts due the Company for Salvages, Re-Insurances, &c...	20,216 08
Furniture—U. S. and Canada........	21,906 27
Cash on hand and on Deposit........	27,138 79
	$1,175,237 53

LIABILITIES:

All Outstanding Claims for Losses, Bills Payable, and Sundry Accounts due by the Company.......	$149,291 59

Insures every description of Fire Risks, Inland Cargoes and Hulls; also, Ocean Cargoes and Freights on first-class Steamers and Sailing Vessels.

HEAD OFFICE:
160 ST. JAMES STREET,
MONTREAL.
257

ROYAL INSURANCE CO., OF LIVERPOOL, (FIRE AND LIFE.)

Capital - - - - - $10,000,000
Funds invested - - 12,000,000
Annual income - - 5,000,000

Liabilities of Shareholders unlimited.
H. L. ROUTH, W. TATLEY, Chief Agents,
J. KENNEDY, Inspector.

TAILORING.

J. BEAUDRY, Merchant Tailor, 95 St. Lawrence street, Montreal. Mr. B. in returning thanks for past favors informs the public that he has always on hand a complete assortment for Gentlemen's Clothing of the best qualities, &c. Parties furnishing their own cloth can get them cut or done to their complete satisfaction. 249-z

STAFFORD, Merchant Tailor, 72 ST. JAMES STREET.
Gents furnishing their own Cloth, can have it made up in the latest style very low for cash. Garments cut. 224-3m

GENTLEMEN,
RESIDENT IN THE CITY, OR
AMERICAN VISITORS,
CAN BE ENSURED
QUALITY,
TRUE-FIT, and
FAIR-DEALING
AT
WATSON & BAKER'S,
TAILORS AND OUTFITTERS,
378 Notre Dame Street.
288z

C. BOON.
MERCHANT TAILOR AND CLOTHIER.
No. 27 ST. LAWRENCE STREET,
Begs to announce to his numerous friends and public, that his stock is now complete for the SPRING TRADE, and includes the latest novelties.
A Call is solicited before purchasing elsewhere.
C. BOON,
27 St. Lawrence street.
MONTREAL.

MEAT MARKETS.

ROYAL MEAT MARKET, 983 ST. CATHERINE STREET.—J. COHN & CO. solicit a share of public patronage. The best qualities of MEATS, POULTRY, FISH and GAME, and VEGETABLES in season. Careful attention to orders. Mr. Levi will kill Koosher meat for the Jews. Families at a distance from our meat market can have their orders delivered promptly on receipt of a message. 260-1y

J. A. JOHNSON & CO.,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
282 Notre Dame Street
261

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Two Lots on Peel street, near Burnside.
One Lot on McKay street, near Sherbrooke.
Stone Cottage on Ste. Famille street.
Valuable corner property on College street.
Three desirable lots on Bridge street, near Brewster's Bridge.

ALSO,

To Let, a handsome cut-stone Residence on St. Antoine street. Rent low to 1st May next.
JOSEPH SMITH,
261s 194 St. James street.

EDUCATIONAL.

MUSIC LESSONS.
DR. P. R. MACLAGAN
Is prepared to receive Pupils.
Address, 22 MANSFIELD STREET. 225-s

NOTICES.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that the BURLAND-DESBARATS LITHOGRAPHIC COMPANY will apply to the Corporation of Montreal, for leave to erect and use for the purposes of their business, a Steam Engine and Boiler, in their premises, in Bleury street (near Craig).
G. B. BURLAND,
PRESIDENT AND MANAGER.
Montreal, Nov. 15th, 1875. 280

C. G. C. SIMPSON,
(Late of C. Legge & Co.,)
SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,
OFFICE, No 14,—162 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.
Patents obtained in Canada, United States, England, France, Belgium, Italy, Russia and all other countries where patents are granted. Trade Marks and Designs registered and Copyrights secured. 194-11m

C. LEGGE & CO.
(ESTABLISHED 1859.)
SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,
162 St. James Street, 162.
217-1ys

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
D. McEACHRAN, M.R.C.V.S., Veterinary Surgeon begs to announce that his Office and Infirmary will be removed on the 1st of October, to the new Veterinary College Buildings, Nos. 6 and 8 Union Avenue. 248-2m

METROPOLITAN HOTEL,
Broadway, corner of Prince street, New York. Board $4 a day.
228-1y BRESLIN, PURCELL & CO., Proprietors.

STATIONERY, &c.

TO MERCHANTS AND BOOK-KEEPERS.
Please send in your orders as early as possible for BLANK BOOKS required to be manufactured for the ensuing year, so as to avoid the usual over crowding of work at the end of the present year.
JAMES SUTHERLAND,
WHOLESALE STATIONER,
256 and 258 St. James Street.
263z

SPECIAL NOTICES

EXPRESS.
THE
Canadian Express Company
beg to call attention to the unsurpassed facility they offer for safe and quick transport of all MONEYS or GOODS entrusted to their care, more particularly to the low rates on
EGGS, BUTTER, POULTRY, &c., &c.,
TO ALL THE
PRINCIPAL MARKETS.
LOW RATES in connection with steamers a Portland for Lower Provinces.
CARGO EXPRESS RATES on Foreign Goods from Liverpool.
GUARANTEE AGAINST DAMAGE BY FROST when character of goods is stated at time of shipment.
PROMPT DELIVERY, &c., &c.
For particulars enquire at any of our Offices along the line.
G. CHENEY.
277

FURS, &c.

NOTICE.
FURS
FOR ALTERATION AND REPAIRS SHOULD BE SENT IN AT ONCE, BEFORE THE RUSH FOR
NEW FURS.
WM. ROBERTSON, FURRIER,
232 McGILL STREET.
275-3m eod z

SEWING MACHINES.

GEORGE HARVEY,
Dealer in all kinds of First-class
SEWING-MACHINES
AND FINDINGS,
No. 341 *NOTRE DAME STREET,*
CORNER ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER STREET,
MONTREAL.
All Machines warranted as represented or no sale. Kinds of Sewing-machines repaired. 199

OIL, &c.

WHITE LEAD AND COLOR WORKS.
RAMSAY & SON
have the pleasure of announcing to the Trade generally that their Lead & Color Works are now thoroughly and complete, with the most improved plant and motive power, enabling them to supply White Leads and Colors ground in oil of most reliable qualities, and in packages most suitable for the Trade. Their Special Brands they offer confidently to the Trade, being determined to establish a reputation in this branch of their business for manufacturing the most satisfactory and serviceable goods.
Ochres, Umbers, Siennas, Oxides, and all descriptions of ordinary Colors, put up in fine handsomely labelled. Facilities being extensive, they offer their productions in any quantity desired, and in packages to suit buyers.
Works: Corner Inspector and College streets.
Warehouse: Recollet street. 278-1y

FURNITURE, &c.

10 PER CENT. BONUS.
MONTHLY FINANCIAL STATEMENT.
Wanted, $10,000, in sums from $5 to $500, for which the Subscriber will give in exchange articles of Furniture, the quality of which he will guarantee, most of them being manufactured under his own personal inspection or ordered for his custom trade from houses of the highest repute, both in the Dominion and United States.
He invites an inspection by intending purchasers of his Stock, which is complete in every department, and is confident that the prices and goods cannot fail to give unqualified satisfaction.
The whole of the above Capital must be subscribed this season, and a discount of Ten per cent. declared off the selling price to each purchaser as he pays his cash.
GEORGE ARMSTRONG,
Victoria Square.

CIGARS, &c.

JUST RECEIVED FRESH
(DIRECT FROM HAVANA)
Flor del Fumar Reina Victoria, Villar y Villar do do, Excepcion do do, Golden Eagle do do, H. Upmann, &c.
E. COCHENTHALER'S,
122 St. James Street,
(Opposite New Post-office.) 261s

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY to buy a New Cooking Stove warranted to bake; best quality; price $7, $8, $9. Bedroom, Parlor, Hall or Office, price $4, $5, $6. A call will repay any one before they buy. New Stove-pipe 15 cents only. Boys' Long Pointers, Baby Sleighs, Saw & Shovels, which he offers at remarkably low prices.
P.S.—Furniture bought, sold or exchanged. Jobbing personally attended to by A. McLAUGHLIN, No. 79 Wellington street. 284 z

MISCELLANEOUS.

BETHESDA MINERAL SPRING WATER from Pewaukee, Waukesha, Wisconsin, Dr. A. HAWLEY HEATH, Proprietor. For the cure of Bright's Disease, Diabetes, and all affections of the Bladder and Kidneys. Agent for Montreal and Quebec: J. A. HARTE, 400 Notre Dame street. Send for pamphlet of directions. 271s

MIRACULOUS TREATMENT FOR THE DISEASES OF THE EYES.
DR. BEDDEUS, M.D., has just discovered a miraculous remedy for the most inveterate diseases of the Eyes. Young and old are using it with the greatest advantages. It has never failed to procure a radical cure in all cases where a surgical operation was not required; so that eye disease caused by labor or sitting up late at night, weeping eyes, inflammation of the eye-lashes, eye diseases common with children—in short, all diseases affecting the eyes, too long to be enumerated here. He also possesses an infallible remedy for the ear and tooth diseases; so that everybody suffering of the above maladies, and wishing to be eased or cured, would do well to consult him at his office, 330 St. LAWRENCE STREET.
P.S.—Money will be returned when cure is not effected. 257

HIMROD'S CURE FOR ASTHMA—Gives instant relief. Any one suffering from this distressing complaint, once trying it, will never use anything else. For sale at the Glasgow Drug Hall, 400 Notre Dame street. 271s

WAR TO THE MISERY
There is no reason to pay for BUTTER 25 and 28 cents a pound, when you can have it for 18 and 22 cents per pound, and of first quality,
AT
J. B. RICHER'S
CHEAP CASH GROCERY,
Corner of Lagauchetiere and St. Charles Borromee streets.
Orders promptly attended to, and delivered at residences. 245-s

NEW BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.
A Superior Lot Just Received.
BRODIE & HARVIE,
Corner Craig and Bleury Streets.
252x

J. LAURIE & BRO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
ENGINES (Horizontal and Upright),
STEAM PUMPS,
SHAFTING,
PULLIES,
HANGERS, and all kinds of MACHINERY
And Agents for
BELTING AND ENGINEERS' SUPPLIES.
MACHINE AND ENGINE WORKS,
637 CRAIG STREET, MONTREAL.
245s

BIG PUSH.
Customers buying Ready-made Clothing will receive great Bargains for cash for the next 30 days, and
STEEL RAIL
Customers, leaving their orders, will find the best assortment of Cloths and the latest styles at
WILLIAM HAYNEN'S,
535 ST. JOSEPH STREET, 535.
269z

FOURNAISE
A
EAU CHAUDE PERFECTIONNE.
F. GREENE,
572 CRAIG STREET,
(Opposite Cote)
MAKES A SPECIALTY OF
HEATING BY HOT WATER.
245

WHIPS! WHIPS! WHIPS!
BELLS! BELLS! BELLS!
A large stock just received of
ENGLISH HOLLY,
MALACCA AND
WHALEBONE WHIPS,
From the best makers.
ALSO,
SLEIGH BELLS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
The latest novelty,
ST. PETERSBURGH GONG.
HENEY & LACROIX,
WHOLESALE DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF SADDLERY HARDWARE.
457 ST. PAUL STREET.
279z

DRAIN PIPES
PORTLAND CEMENT,
ROMAN CEMENT,
CANADA CEMENT,
FIRE BRICKS,
FIRE CLAY.
For sale by
W. & F. P. CURRIE & Co.,
100 Grey Nun Street,
MONTREAL.

ADVANCES ON PRODUCE.
THE UNDERSIGNED ARE PREPARED TO MAKE
LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES
on PRODUCE Consigned to their Friends, Messrs. KENNETH, DOWIE & CO., Liverpool
DAVID TORRANCE & CO.
170-1ys

WM. DOW & CO.
BREWERS AND MALSTERS,
MONTREAL.
India Pale and other Ales, Extra, Double and Single Stout, in wood and bottle. Families supplied. 188-1y

AGENTS WANTED EVERY WHERE.


ELLIS' *FIFTH AVENUE* STOCKING SUPPORTERS, WITH PATENT CLASP *For Ladies, Misses and Children.*
No More Buckles or Buttons.
Worn by every Lady who values health and comfort.
More than three-quarters of all Female Diseases are caused by wearing Garters!
For sale by all dealers in Ladies' Underwear, Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, &c.
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
ELLIS MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
Samples, Children's, by mail, 35 cents, Post-paid. Samples, Ladies, by mail, 75 cents, Post-paid.
Send for Circulars. Address:
419 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.
P. O. Box 724½.
Letters must be prepaid and Stamp enclosed, if an answer is required. 219-eod


JAMES WRIGHT,
801 Craig street,
MANUFACTURER OF
WOOD CARPETS,
CHURCH, BANK, STORE AND OFFICE FITTINGS, FANCY WAINSCOTS,
PARQUET FLOORS,
CARVING, TURNING,
SAWING, PLANING, &c., &c.
Send for Circulars or call and see samples.
First Prize at Ottawa and Toronto Exhibitions.
241


ALEX. D. DALY,
426 and 428 NOTRE DAME STREET,
Agents for the Celebrated Makers,
Messrs. RICHARDSON, McKEE & CO., Boston and New York.
Children's Sleighs, Boston Clippers, Bob-sleighs, Cutters, Bob-sleighs, Doll Carriages, Doll Sleighs, Boys' Wagons, Carts, Rocking Horses, Rockaways, Shoo-Flys, Velocipedes, &c., &c. *RETAIL AT WHOLESALE PRICES.* 261-eods

BLOCKED TIN AND COPPER BOTTOM TEA AND COFFEE POTS.—A new supply on hand, at 602 Craig street, near Bleury street.
269x MEILLEUR & CO,

NOTES OF TRAVEL.

NO. VII.

LONDON, November 11, 1875.

The repetition of the Balaklava Charge Anniversary Concert at the Alexandra Palace proved a great success. The crowd seemed but little less than on the memorable 25th. The new song and chorus was warmly encored. The words are as follows:—

A cheer, a loud, a hearty cheer,
A welcome to the heroes here,
Who by their deeds, thro' every age,
Will foremost stand in hist'ry's page.

Death may use its dreaded sting,
And winged Time its changes bring;
From Britain's mem'ry ne'er will fade
The glories of the Light Brigade.

Sing with one voice, land one and all,
Those who obeyed their country's call—
True British hearts, a fearless band,
An honor to their Fatherland.

CHORUS—A cheer, a loud, a hearty cheer,
A welcome to the heroes here,
Who by their deeds, thro' ev'ry age,
Will foremost stand in hist'ry's page.

The firework competition was very creditable considering that the day had been showery. Notwithstanding this only one set piece or design failed. These designs were each about twenty feet in diameter. One of the best showed an exceedingly pretty frame work of glittering lights, which changed color several times, the various views blending beautifully. In the centre were the words "Heaven Guard Our Prince." This was heartily cheered. Another pretty piece was the "Rose, Shamrock and Thistle." The display concluded with the simultaneous discharge of 2,000 rockets. The prize for the set piece was £20, with £10 expenses allowed each competitor. It is said that these competitions will be quite the rage for a time.

The Lord Mayor's show attracted the usual crowds, and there was the usual frightful crushing afterwards. I saw the procession as it passed along the Thames Embankment. There the crowding was bearable until the end of the show brought with it a great wave of humanity. I lost no time in getting underground at the Blackfriar's station, and a train whisked me in a moment or two to the Mansion House; fare, three cents. By this means I was enabled to get away from the crowd and was soon being whirled down to the Alexandra Palace. Not every one was not so fortunate. I see a long list of persons seriously injured; two cases must end fatally. In one instance an old lady close upon 80 years of age was run over. The injuries mainly consist of broken limbs and ribs. Still nothing is heard in the direction of "reform." At least the procession should only take wide thoroughfares. As it is the question whether a street is wide or narrow does not seem to be considered at all—the point appears to be, "Is it in the Lord Mayor's Ward?" Then it would be a great improvement if the ceremony took place in August instead of in November. The show certainly causes a great deal of money to be spent, and the decorations are of no stingy stamp; but on a November day, generally wet and always more or less foggy, the display is dreadfully at a disadvantage, and the public whom it is meant to please and impress are exposed to all manner of discomforts and dangers.

The show of banners this year was very fine and with sunshine they would have looked magnificent. Music was furnished by twelve bands, including those of the Coldstream and Grenadier Guards, the Mounted Band of the Life Guards, that of the Scots Fusilier Guards, the two bands of the Royal Artillery, and that of the Hon. Artillery Company. There were six "Knights in full Armor," mounted on chargers and bearing lance and pennon. The Lady Mayoress's carriage was very beautiful, being covered with blue velvet, trimmed with gold. Some idea of the magnificence of civic ceremonials in London may be formed from the following, clipped from a paper of the 8th:—

"The state liveries for the use of the Lord Mayor Elect (Alderman Cotton, M. P.) were on view to-day in the show-room of the Corporation tailor. These sumptuous specimens of the tailor's art are made of blue Genoa velvet, with pale yellow facings, having gold lace borders, beautifully embroidered in gold, with rose, shamrock, and thistle. Gold epaulettes and badges adorn the left arm, embroidered with the arms of the Lord Mayor, and the motto "Fidelitas vincit." In the half-state and morning liveries the prevailing colors are also blue and yellow. The state liveries include costumes of similar magnificence for coachman and postillion, it being in accordance with ancient civic custom for these functionaries to attend the Lord Mayor at State banquets, capped, booted, and spurred, and otherwise fully accoutred. As Alderman Cotton will be the first Lord Mayor for many years who has also simultaneously represented the City of London in Parliament, he has resolved that the various ceremonials connected with the office of Chief Magistrate shall be conducted with more than ordinary completeness and splendor."

The city was gaily decked with flags, the display being partly in honor of the Lord Mayor and partly for the Prince of Wales' birthday. At night the customary illuminations in honor of the Prince took place, and seemed to be on a grander scale than ever, judging from the reports of the papers.

At the Lord Mayor's banquet in Guildhall about 2,000 persons sat down. Mr. Disraeli made the longest speech. In the course of his remarks he said, "I do not think that the state of our Colonial Empire is one which should occasion us any other feelings but those of pride and congratulation. Seven years ago the members of the present Administration, scarcely with an exception, caused a law which established the Dominion in North America—I believe, in our generation, not the least important feat. Seven years have passed, and have demonstrated the depth of the wisdom and manifested the success of that great undertaking. The same spirit animates Her Majesty's Ministers at present."

G. T.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

OUR BOYS.

Henry J. Byron is one of the most prolific writers for the stage—not even excepting Boucicault—that we have, but, unlike Boucicault, he has never written a single piece that will be handed down to future generations as a standard play. That some of his comedies have had lengthened runs on their first production there is no doubt, but they are no sooner withdrawn than they pass into obscurity never to emerge again like "London Assurance" and other plays of the fertile brain of Boucicault, is also equally true. He has this merit, however, that he is no more copyist from the French, and if he does give us dull platitudes, dotted here and there with an occasional sparkle of humor, they are all his own and not filtered from the prurient productions of the French school. His plays are mainly founded on English life and manners, and if they are exaggerations in some respects, they are not disfigured with the immoral and degrading tendencies which leaven the lively productions of Dumas and other French dramatists. Better—far better—is it to have intellectual mediocrity in a play with a moral tendency than the most sparkling wit, allied with the most pernicious teaching. "Our Boys" has all the merit and demerit of Byron's comedies. It does not possess a line that would do violence to Christian ethics, and it is intellectually as inferior a comedy as ever was written. Plot it has virtually none; effective situations, ditto; and the special merit which has led to its success in London and New York is hard to discover. That the comedy was all but a complete failure here on Monday night, as we sufficiently indicated in a brief notice yesterday, is fully borne out by the paucity of attendance last night, only its second representation, abundantly proves. If it were not for the genuine abilities of the company, which has succeeded in making a good deal of fun out of very poor materials, the comedy would have fallen still-born from its own intrinsic worthlessness. We are not going to waste our space with a sketch of the piece, which cannot survive many representations, and the sooner the manager replaces it with something of a higher standard the better it will be for the exchequer. With regard to the acting, we have the congenial duty of bestowing almost unlimited praise on the company. Mr. Loveday, as "Sir Geoffry Champneys," the aristocratic father of one of "Our Boys," gave a rendition of the part which no actor we have ever seen could have excelled for faithfulness, gentlemanly bearing and *sang froid.* Faultless, nay, excellent as Mr. Loveday has portrayed all the characters which he has undertaken since his advent in Montreal, his performance of the stern but relenting parent was the best. Such an actor as Mr. Loveday is rare to find off Metropolitan boards, and his merits already, we are pleased to find, are recognized and appreciated by our play goers. *Perkyn Middlewick,* a retired tradesman, was personated by Mr. Felix J. Morris, who invested the character of the plebian father with a degree of fun which mainly contributed to carry the piece through to the close without weariness. Mr. E. A. McDowell and M. Fred. O. Smith represented "Our Boys," that is the sons of *Sir Geoffry Champneys* and *Perkyn Middlewick.* The aristocratic young *Champneys* is somewhat modeled after the Dundreary school, and Mr. McDowell gave a rendering of it which was marked by careful study. Whilst he scrupulously avoided the least exaggeration, he left nothing to be desired in portraying the character to the very life. The contrast however, between him and his *confrere,* Mr Smith, was too marked. It was like the giant beside the dwarf—he overshadowed the latter completely. Mr. Smith is a very young man, and may have the making of a good artist in him, but his talent is in a crude state yet and he should have less pretentious *roles* assigned him. He has a good school to study in, and should be content to make a gradual ascent up the ladder of fame. It is the surest in the end. The ladies, although last, are not the least deserving of commendation. Each one deserves the highest eulogy for the manner in which she acquitted herself in the part assigned to her. Miss Affie Weaver as *Violet Melrose,* an heiress, was ladylike in everything but the grace of her movements on the stage, which are more like those of a *debutante* than a matured actress. Miss Reeves had a *role* in *Mary Melrose,* the poor cousin of the rich heiress which exactly suited her, and she performed it with all the charming *naivete* which she is so capable of imparting to any part which she undertakes. Mrs. Fanny Stoddart most creditably rendered the part of "Miss Champneys," and proved herself a "sensible woman" as well as an excellent artist. "Belinda," the slave of the boarding-house keeper, had Miss Newcomb as representative, and she certainly entered into its rendition with much spirit.

The *mise-en-scene* was highly creditable to the taste of the scenic artists and the liberality of the management. The toilets of the ladies were rich and gorgeous in the extreme, and we fear if Herr Von Hulsen, the Intendant of the Imperial Theatres in Germany, had seen them, he would be inclined to issue another ukase against their being imitated in the theatres under his direction. It must not be supposed, however, that they were "loud," or anything approaching to it. We refer to them simply on account of their magnificence, but they were at the same time chaste and beautiful. We have only to say in conclusion that all the efforts of the talented corps of artists, the splendor of the scenery, the magnificence of the toilets and richness of the appointments will not be able to galvanize "Our Boys" into a long and successful run. We hope we have made it plain to our general readers how the piece "was not a pronounced success," whilst "the partial failure was not owing to the Company." We do not hope, and will not try, to make the matter plain enough for the obtuse understanding of a morning contemporary.

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPARKS FROM THE TELEGRAPH.

They have sleighing in Hamilton.

The Prince of Wales has arrived at Colombo, Ceylon.

Re-inforcements from India have arrived at Perak.

Game is plentiful, and sport lively at Watford, Ont.

There are 145 prisoners detained in the Quebec jail.

Hon. Benjamin P. Avery, American Minister to China, is dead.

Pauline Virginie Dejazet, the celebrated French tragedienne, is dead.

Picton shipped 1,950 tons of coal last week, probably the last of the season.

Jarvis Baptist Church, Toronto, a very fine edifice, will be dedicated to-day.

The Imperial Bank has declared a dividend at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum.

Business in Hamilton is improving, especially among retail dry goods men.

Ben. Butler is to prosecute in the *Graphic* suits for libel against the New York *Times.*

Ottawa lumbermen begin to look cheerful over the prospects of improvement in lumber markets.

The death of Mr. Beverly Robinson, ex-Collector of Customs at St. John, has caused much regret there.

The Fire Commissioner of Quebec has lots of work on hand. Four fires command his attention just now.

The temperance people of Ottawa are energetically working to secure the passage of the Dunkin Act.

The Roman Catholic Cathedral of Kingston has secured as organist, Mr. Desrosiers, of St. Patrick's Church, Quebec.

Mr. Jas. Wilson, who a quarter of a century ago was the best cricketer of Upper Canada, died at Sarnia on Tuesday.

The ice-bridge at Cap Rouge, above Quebec, is reported as taken. A bridge has been formed north of the Island of Orleans.

A London despatch says the steamer "Jamaica," before reported disabled at sea, arrived safely at Crookhaven on Tuesday afternoon.

In St. John, N.B., the trial of Cumberland, charged with forgery, resulted in a verdict of acquittal, which was received with applause, by the spectators.

At New Orleans the Bank of America has suspended. The Board of Directors have resolved to cease active operations and put the bank into liquidation at once.

A Hindoo, employed on Contast Spring Estate, Jamaica, beheaded five children from religious frenzy. The heads were severed at a single blow with a machete.

The schooner "Aaron Perkins," from Bay of Islands, Newfoundland, for Salem, Mass., went ashore yesterday near Sydney; crew saved; vessel laden with herrings.

There is to be a meeting of the Bar at Quebec on Saturday, to take into consideration the advisability of nominating official short-hand reporters for the courts of Quebec and Montreal.

The brigantine "Swiftsure," from Charlottetown, laden with oats, went ashore at the entrance of the Gut of Canso, and was wrecked during the snow storm of Tuesday. The crew was saved.

Early yesterday morning the police of the Thirty-fifth Precinct, New York, found a man sitting on the curbstone on Broadway, near the city limits, frozen to death. In his pocket was found a card bearing the name "George Rawles."

(FROM THE MORNING PAPERS.)

EUROPEAN.

LONDON, December 1.

The steamer "Jamaica," before reported disabled at sea, arrived safely at Crookhaven yesterday afternoon.

MOVILLE, December 1.

The steamer "Scandinavian," from Montreal, arrived to-day.

LONDON, December 2, 6 a.m.

The *Times* says there is reason to believe that the disabled French steamer "Amerique" has been seen off the Scilly Islands. A Government tug-boat was sent for her on Sunday from Devonport, but it is not yet known whether she succeeded in finding her.

LONDON, December 1.

A Berlin despatch reports that Austria has sent to some of the European capitals a draft of the reforms to be recommended to the Sultan. Russia will reply on the return of Prince Gortschakoff to St. Petersburg.

BERLIN, December 1.

Prince Gortschakoff had an audience with the Emperor to-day.

LONDON, December 1.

The *Times* publishes a special telegram from Daniloograd, which states that military operations are impeded by heavy snows in the mountains round about Goransko. The insurgents are well provisioned and tolerably sheltered, while the besieged Turkish garrison is reduced to extremities.

AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, December 1.

Freeman D. Markwald, a passenger on the White Star Company's steamer "Atlantic," wrecked on Mars Island, Canada, about two years ago, on the voyage from Liverpool, and who sued for $5,000 for loss of trunk, detention, &c., obtained this evening, in the Supreme Court, before Judge Westbrook, a verdict for $2,100.

NEW YORK, December 1.

The Grand Jury of the Court of General Sessions to-day made their presentment to Recorder Hackett, declaring that all games of chance had a demoralizing influence on the people; calling for the suppression of pool selling in horse races, regattas, elections, &c., as an evil which should be stopped, and stating that laws should be enacted or amended to procure the punishment of offenders in these cases, as it tended to a love of gambling and injured a large class of the community.

WASHINGTON, D.C., December 1.

The Postmaster-General's annual report shows the receipts of the Department to have been $27,441,360, and expenditure $33,611-309; receipts exceed those of 1874 by 4.13-100 per cent., and expenditures by 4.81-100; the actual amount drawn from the Treasury was $4,716,329, or $543,666 less than the previous year; recorded complaints of missing letters number 5,645, of which 2,677 were registered letters, containing bonds, drafts, etc., amounting to $76,216, while unregistered letters contained valuable contents amounting to $75,997; of the former, 1,093 were satisfactorily accounted for, 911 actually lost, and 683 remain under investigation. The Department is in correspondence with the British Department on the subject of increase of United States territorial rates on British closed mails transported by rail between New York and San Francisco, the present rate, fixed by the postal convention of 1862 not paying the actual cost of transportation. The Postmaster-General speaks of the railway postal service and the roads doing it in high terms, but thinks it would be more equitable to pay the companies by space instead of weight. This would increase the compensation of roads of the larger class, but reduce it materially in many of the smaller and weaker ones. It is recommended that any person be permitted, without additional charge, to write a form of presentation in a book, pamphlet, magazine, periodical, or on any other matter of the third class, and also that the sender of any package be permitted, without additional charge, to write his or her name and address on the outside thereof, with the word "from" above or preceding his name, so as to inform the person addressed of the name of the sender, and to write briefly in any package the number and names of articles enclosed. The Postmaster-General recommends that postage on transient newspapers and periodicals, books, printed matter of all sorts, lithographs, sheet music, photographs and manuscripts designed for publication shall be reduced to one cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

BUFFALO, December 1.

The express train for the east, which left here at 1:50 p.m., collided at the Batavia street crossing, about four miles from this city, with an eastern bound freight train, just drawn out from a side track, it having been signalled by the flag-master come on, throwing the smoking-car and first and second coaches, well filled with passengers, from the track, and capsizing them. H. J. Wood, jeweller, of Collins, Ill., badly crushed—almost instantly killed; J. Daly, of Collins, Erie Co., left leg taken off near the thigh, and injured internally, while attempting to jump through the window of the coach—cannot live; Mrs. Catherine Wilson, of Fond-du Lac, Wisconsin, badly cut about the head, and otherwise injured—considered very dangerously hurt. Many others were more or less cut and bruised, but none seriously. The engineer of the passenger train stuck to his post. The fireman, in jumping, received an ugly cut on the head. The fast mail train was delayed two hours, the engineer, Wm. Gould, only succeeding in stopping his train within 15 feet of the wreck. The dead and wounded were brought to the city and cared for. The tracks are now clear.

NATICK, Mass., December 1.

The weather was clear and cold, and the arrangements for the final funeral services over Henry Wilson were carried out promptly. At 4 p.m., yesterday, the coffin was closed, and the remains were conveyed to the house where resides the mother of the late wife of the Vice-President. Promptly at the appointed hour the choir of Mr. Wilson's church sang an appropriate hymn, which was followed by the reading of the Scriptures, prayer, and remarks by Rev. Mr. Reynolds, of Natick, interspersed with singing by the quartette, which concluded the ceremonies.

After the services were over, the Benediction by Mr. Pelanbet closed the last rites over the remains of the Vice-President. The procession then formed, the line of march embracing nearly every street in the town. It was not until 4 o'clock that the hearse bearing the remains reached the grave in Dell Park Cemetery. The grand army post formed a square about the lot, while the military escort were drawn up in line in the drive-way, friends and invited guests having assembled in a body, the band meanwhile playing a solemn dirge. The casket was gently lowered to its final resting place. The relatives and friends took a last look, and dropped a few flowers upon the casket lid, and the last rites attending the demise of Henry Wilson, the Natick cobbler and illustrious Vice-President of the United States, were at an end.

BOSTON, December 1.

Mr. Wilson has left a will, which is in his own handwriting, dated April the 21st, 1874, bequeathing his entire estate, real and personal, to his nephew, Dr. Wm. L. Coolidge, in trust for the support of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Mary Howe, now in her 99th year; for the education and support of his adopted daughter, Eva, a little girl ten years of age, and for other minor and designated purposes.

DETROIT, December 1.

Navigation is virtually suspended at this point. Ice is moving on the Detroit River in considerable quantities and steadily accumulating.

The steamer "St. Paul" arrived this morning from Lake Superior, heavily coated with ice, and reports the steamers "City of Fremont" and "Norman" ice-bound on the Sault River, unable to get through. The "St. Paul" will probably proceed on to Buffalo. She was damaged in the storm on Lake Superior, to the extent of five hundred dollars, in her upper works.

NEW YORK, December 1.

According to cable despatches received from London by prominent Spaniards here, the recent reconstruction of the Spanish Cabinet implies the appointment of Gen. Jovellar to relieve Gen. Valmaseda from the command of the island of Cuba. Private advices assert that the Cuban General Sanguerite has slain a Spanish force of 300 men under Colonel Campello, at the intersection of the main turnpike, running through the centre of the island and the road leading to Remdias; a decoying force of sharpshooters was displayed to lead them into an ambush, where they were attacked by the main body of rebels.

CANADIAN.

OTTAWA, December 1.

The room at present occupied as the Parliamentary Library will, on the occupation of the new library building, be utilized permanently for the accommodation of the Supreme Court. It is the intention of the Government to dispose of Cartier square by public sale, in lots suitable for building purposes.

The commission appointed by the Department of Public Instruction, consisting of Messrs. Hodgins (chairman), Slack and Lesuer, to investigate the charges preferred against School Inspector Borthwick by McDowell, a teacher in one of the Ottawa public schools, met this afternoon and proceeded to take evidence. The charges expressed to-day were that the Inspector gave undue advantages to the candidates applying for second-class certificates. These were established by several witnesses, who testified that the Inspector had written answers to the questions in Natural Philosophy on the black-board before the papers were closed and handed in; also, that he had handed round slips containing the answers to questions in arithmetic while that branch was under consideration. It will be a great pity if Borthwick is discharged, as he is the most energetic man employed in the position in this city.

The fur market is unprecedently dull this season; prime skins are uncommonly scarce. One of our largest city dealers says he has seen but one bear skin and two beaver skins in seven weeks. The prices are unaltered.

It has been decided that the case of Robbins, under sentence of death for the murder, under circumstances of peculiar atrocity, of his wife, at Bear Creek, N.B., will not be interfered with by the Department of Justice, and that the law must take its course.

The postal service of the Senate and House of Commons will shortly undergo some alteration so far as present arrangements are concerned; instead of two offices with two staffs of officials there will be one post-master and one office for the service of the Senate and the House of Commons.

QUEBEC, December 1.

The bill to amend the Montreal City Charter does not come before the Private Bills Committee till Friday morning, in consequence of the City Council deputation expected to-morrow, and owing to the delay of trains and the wish of parties for and against the bill to meet and discuss matters with a view of trying to come to some agreement previous to taking the bill before the Committee, it has been arranged to postpone it till Friday.

The Water Police were paid off and disbanded to-day, with the exception of the coxswains, who have been retained to guard the Government steamers.

A private despatch, received yesterday from Point au Pic, states that a schooner was carried away from Murray Bay on Monday night during a gale. Fortunately there was no person on board at the time.

The December term of the Court of Appeals was formally opened this morning in this city, Chief Justice Dorion presiding. Justices Tessier and Ramsay were also present, and Judges Monk and Sanborn arrived from Montreal to-day, but too late for the sitting of the Court. There was a fair attendance of legal gentlemen, and a few motions were made. After a sitting of about five minutes, the Chief Justice adjourned the Court until to-morrow morning, having to attend to-day's sitting of the criminal side of the Court of Queen's Bench.

TORONTO, December 1.

One thousand barrels of white fish and salmon trout were seized on Tuesday at Owen Sound, in pursuance of orders from Ottawa, for having been caught during the close season, which terminated to-day. The fish were intended for the Toronto market.

The Sheriff received official notification this morning of the commutation of sentence on the Davises. The Deputy Sheriff, immediately on receipt of the papers, proceeded to the jail and told the prisoners. The man appeared greatly pleased, but the woman at first treated the matter as of no concern, thinking that she alone had had her sentence changed; but on being told that her husband's sentence had also been commuted, she brightened up considerably and expressed herself as very glad. Public opinion so far seems generally to condemn the commutation, at least so far as the man is concerned. They will be brought up as witnesses against ex-Alderman Clements, the alleged seducer of Jane Gilmour.

The debate in the House this afternoon was personal in the extreme. Mr. Macdougall was attacked by a Reformer for his inconsistency, and during the discussion several expressions passed which would have been better left unsaid. It was thought that with the new House the tone of the Legislature would be improved, but if this is to be taken as an example, not much improvement can be expected in the debates of the Assembly.

The fourth short-horn breeders' convention assembled at the Music Hall this afternoon. There were about a hundred present. T. H. Pickrell, of Harriston, Ill., President, presided, and S. F. Lockridge, of Indiana, was Secretary. The afternoon was taken up by routine work and the address of the President, who advocated a strong exhibition of short-horns at Philadelphia, and urged the consideration of the best means of remedying the ravages of the foot and mouth disease. In the evening a paper was read by Judge Jones, of Ohio, on short-horn breeding, conducted as a science, with a view to maintaining the highest excellence in quality. He opposed "in and in" breeding, and said though improving the outward appearance of the animal, it tended to diminish its more useful qualities of producing beef and milk. It also lessened their hereditary or procreative power; he thought that breeders had attained sufficient perfection in regard to the symmetrical form and elegance of the animal, and should now turn their attention to its value for domestic purposes. He deprecated fashionable animals being sought for at fancy prices, and expressed the opinion that purchasers were frequently deceived by judging of their outward form alone. He did not wish to be understood as opposing beauty of form, but as advocating the practical utility of beasts; he thought it unwise to pay any great attention to long pedigrees.

HALIFAX, December 1.

The Military School opens here this evening, with 35 students, the full complement.

Thomas Short, the late Town Clerk of Dartmouth, was arrested to-day on a charge of embezzling money from the Corporation.

The greater portion of Pictou Harbor was frozen over to-day, the thermometer being 10 below zero.

The new ferry-boat "Mayflower," when about to start from Pictou for Prince Edward Island, to bring Mr. Brydges to the main-land, got one of her screws fouled with the mooring chain of the "St. Lawrence," and remains in that dangerous position this evening.

A prominent merchant of New Glasgow is reported to have absconded, and there is much excitement in that town over the matter; liabilities between $20,000 and $25,000, including $4,000 obtained from a bank agency on forged security.

ST. JOHN, N.B., December 1.

The new schoolhouse at Salisbury, which cost $14,000, was accidentally burned; insured for $2,000 in the Isolated Risk Company.

A series of successful Methodist missionary meetings is being held here this week, addressed by a deputation from the upper Provinces.

Among the freight waiting transportation by the New Brunswick Railway for Fort Fairfield, Maine, a branch to which has just been opened, is eighty tons of starch.

A military school, to be carried on by the officers and men of the 62nd Battalion, for mutual benefit, will open here next week.

PETROLIA, December 1.

Yesterday, Mr. H. [illegible], one of the [illegible] hands at Baker's saw-mill, while oiling the machinery, had his hand caught in one of the saws, mangling it terribly, and rendering it altogether useless.

A man named Wm. Morrison, from Warwick Village, was found insensible near the track this morning, with a large hole in his head; it is thought he was struck by a passing train. He is not expected to recover.

QUEBEC LEGISLATURE.

THIRD PARLIAMENT—FIRST SESSION.

QUEBEC, December 1.

The House met at 3:30.

PETITION.

After routine,

Mr. Ogilvie presented a petition from Insurance Companies, property holders and citizens of Montreal and New City Gas Company of Montreal, against the Bill to amend the Montreal City Charter.

The petition from the citizens was an unusually large one.

Mr. Baker introduced a Bill to incorporate the Dunham Ladies' College.

Mr. Robert—Bill to incorporate the Commercial College of St. Cesaire.

Mr. Ogilvie—Bill to incorporate the Church Home of Montreal.

Mr. Landry—Bill to amend the Municipal Code.

Hon. Mr. Church would make no objection to the Bill at present, but supposed there would be none to its being referred to the Special Committee.

Mr. Landry—Certainly not.

Mr. Beaucheme—Bill to divide the Municipality of Newport, in the County of Gaspe, into two new municipalities.

Hon. Mr. Garneau brought down the papers in answer to the address of Mr. Paquet, concerning the bridge over the river St Famille.

Mr. Roy moved for copy of declaration and final judgment *in re* Attorney-General *vs.* Middlemiss.—Carried.

Hon. Mr. Ouimet's Bill to provide for the issue of writs of injunction in certain cases, and to regulate procedure in relation thereto, passed through Committee of the whole, was read a third time and passed.

Mr. Baker moved the second reading of the Bill to define the jurisdiction of Magistrates' Courts, and that of District Magistrates in civil matters. He briefly explained that the Bill was not to extend the jurisdiction of these Courts, but simply to define it. After referring to various Bills passed relating to the question since 1869, he added that his Bill was simply to inform the magistrates that they had not jurisdiction in cases up to $100.

Hon. Mr. Church thought the Bill was one worthy of the attention of the House.

Hon. Mr. Chapleau did not wish to oppose the Bill, but he thought it might affect some pending cases. He had received communications, some for and some against, the jurisdiction of magistrates being confined to $100. He did not wish to oppose the Bill, but he hoped his honorable friend would have no objection to the insertion of a clause that the law should not in any way apply to pending cases.

Motion carried, and Bill referred to Special Committee on Civil Procedure.

Hon. Mr. Angers moved the second reading of the bill to further amend the Act respecting public instruction.

Mr. Baker said he had received communications from the English speaking minority of the province, stating they had only just received communication of the purport of the bill, and requesting as an act of courtesy that the matter should be postponed for a week. He was not aware that there was any opposition to the bill, but merely asked it as a matter of courtesy.

Hon. Mr. Angers said that, far from objecting, he considered it a matter of duty, and especially as it would give him an opportunity to study the measure more carefully.

The bill was allowed to stand over.

On motion of Hon. Mr. Angers, seconded by Mr. Joly, the name of Mr. Ogilvie was added to the Private Bills Committee.

Hon. Mr. Chapleau presented a petition of the City Passenger Railway Company of Montreal against the amendments to the City Charter.

The House adjourned at 4.15.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

THIRD PARLIAMENT—FIRST SESSION.

TORONTO, December 1.

After routine,

Mr. Wigle moved for correspondence between the Clerk of the Peace of Essex county in reference to the printing of convictions. He said the Clerk had been instructed by the Attorney-General to give the publication of these returns to the reform paper of the County. By this the County had to pay over $1,100 in the last two years. Had they been allowed to accept tenders made by other papers they would have saved this amount.

Hon. Mr. Mowat said he knew of no such letter as was mentioned.

Hon. Mr. Macdougall said the announcement of the Attorney-General was a virtual declaration of the adage that to the victor belongs the spoils. As a member of the previous Reform party he renounced all such doctrines.

Mr. Hardy contrasted the words of Mr. McDougall with his past acts. That gentleman felt sure that he was not now enjoying the sweets of office. He reminded him of a certain gentleman who went home to London to look up maps and commissions, and whose term of commission was suddenly cut off.

Some further discussion followed.

Mr. Scott, of Peterboro, said last session a bill had been introduced to remove the obnoxious clause in the Administration of Justice Act, which permitted the Government to say in what papers the convictions should be published; but this had been defeated by the Government majority.

Mr. Broder said if the law was a just one the Government should say what paper should get county printing, but if it was an unjust law it should be removed.

Mr. Cameron said the Government having the disposal of printing was entitled to the severest condemnation. During this session an Act would be introduced by his friends to have this obnoxious power removed. No Conservative Government ever presumed to defend such Acts as giving printing to a partizan press under a law they had passed.

Mr. Fraser said the Government had a right to give the patronage to newspapers supporting them, as had been the custom in the past. The Government had only made a law of what had been admitted by practice.

The debate was very personal, and, as several persons said, what should not prevail in Ontario.

The motion as amended was finally carried by motion of Mr. Deacon, which asked for all communications between Clerks of the Peace and the Government.

Two other motions, asking for returns of Government subsidies to railways, were carried, and the House adjourned.

CITY NEWS.

— The SS. "Scandinavian" from Quebec, arrived out yesterday.

— The SS. "Prussian" from Liverpool, *via* St. John's and Halifax, reached Portland at 1 o'clock this morning.

— The Emerald Minstrels had a good house last night at the Mechanics' Hall, and their performance was received with much favor. The performance is excellent, and the views have the merit of being true.

BRIEFLETS.— The Inspector of Public Buildings asks for more pay.——The Outdoor Board of Relief meet on Saturday, December 4th, in the House of Refuge.——A verdict of "Death from disease of the heart" was returned at the inquest held on the body of Mathias John yesterday.——The enquiry into the conduct of the Boiler Inspector was adjourned from last evening till Friday, at eight o'clock p.m.——D. McBurney was the fortunate individual who drew the $2,000 in the Imperial Mutual Building Society.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.—A meeting of the members of this church was held Tuesday evening, in the basement of the above edifice, to consider the resignation of the pastor, Rev. W. Cheetham. There were about seventy persons present, and a prominent member of the congregation occupied the chair. Rev. Mr. Cheetham was present, and had a seat on the platform. After devotional and preliminary exercises, the Secretary read the resignation, in which Mr. Cheetham said that it must be accepted, and that peremptorily. It was moved and seconded "That the resignation of the Rev. Wm. Cheetham be accepted." Before the motion was put to a vote, the rev. gentleman in question rose and gave a lengthy statement of the reasons which compelled him to give up the pastorship of the church. It was partly on account of ill-health, but mostly because of the steady opposition offered to him by certain members of the congregation, and he did not consider it his duty to remain when he could not have the co-operation and good-will of all parties in the church. The resignation was accepted, and steps are to be taken to obtain another clergyman to officiate among the congregation, which it is to be hoped will soon regain its lost unity.

INTERCESSION SERVICES.—Evening services were held in all the Anglican Churches last Tuesday, as directed by the Bishop of the Diocese. In the Church of St. James the Apostle the Rev. Principal Lobley delivered a powerful address, taking for his text the x. chap. of Romans and 15 v. Speaking of the missionary work, he said before a man can be successful as a missionary he must be stirred inwardly by the Holy Ghost, and before he can preach he must be sent to the place of his labors, and members of the church could aid in this. The labor of a pioneer of the Gospel is not a pleasant one, and sometimes for a very long time the work goes on without any visible fruits, and, to contend against this, a man's heart must be filled with the Holy Ghost. A would-be missionary must have outward teaching as well as God's inward sending, or he will fall when put to the test. The Diocese of Algoma covered 800 square miles, but possessed only eight teachers, and it will probably need help for a year to come. The preacher requested his hearers to try and supply that district with more means. He finally said that this service was the fourth of its kind which had been held, and he thought that the prayers offered up at them had been answered. He prayed God that more should come forward and offer themselves for the good cause. The collection was in aid of the Missionary Diocese of Algoma.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

The Grand Jury returned in Court at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and found the following

TRUE BILLS.

James Laing, indecent assault.
Henry Wint, obtaining valuable security; trial to-morrow.
A Duchendu, larceny; trial to-morrow.
George Lyman, burglary; trial Friday.
Joseph Lefaivre, two indictments of larceny; trial to-morrow.
Hyacinthe Lantier, larceny; trial to-morrow.
Dosithe Allard, larceny; trial to-morrow.
Peter Curren, larceny; trial to-morrow.
John Freeman, larceny, two indictments; trial Friday.
Wm. Holden, larceny; trial to-morrow.
James Moran, larceny; trial not fixed.
James Brennan and W. Wallace, assaulting the police.

NO BILLS.

T. W. Miles, larceny.
Paul Verdu, assault with intent.
N. H. Vosburg, pocket-picking.

CIVIC PARLIAMENT.

A special meeting of the City Council was held yesterday afternoon, His Worship the Mayor in the chair. There was a numerous attendance of Aldermen.

PETITIONS.

Joachim Telmorse—For $1,000 in damages in compensation for injuries sustained owing to the bad condition of the sidewalks in St. George street.

Carters—To obtain the cartage of the stone taken from the Corporation Quarry—a work, they say, is now done by carters living in outside municipalities.

Col. Fletcher—Claiming $1,598.09 for services rendered by the militia at the Guibord funeral.

Henry J. Shaw—For permission to erect a steam engine at Nos. 724 and 726 Craig street.

Burland & Desbarats Lithographic Company—For permission to erect a steam engine on Bleury, near Craig street.

City Passenger Railway Company—For permission to lay rails on St. Bonaventure street, from McGill street to the limits west.

Residents of St. Bonaventure street and the town of St. Henri—Strongly in favor of the above application.

EXPLANATION.

Ald. Grenier entered into an explanation in regard to his leaving the Council Chamber on a late occasion when a vote was about to be taken.

Ald. Wilson denied that he had acted in the same spirit.

After some observations from Ald. Stephens, the matter dropped.

THOSE ORDERS OF THE DAY.

Ald. Rivard—Permit me to make a motion. I move, seconded by Ald. Thomas, considering that Orders of the Day Nos. 3 and 4 strike a blow at the individual liberty of the members of the Council, and are contrary in spirit to its dignity; be it resolved that this Council refuses to take into consideration the said Orders 3 and 4, and in consequence, that they be struck off the Orders of the Day.

Consideration of the motion being temporarily postponed, in order that routine business might be transacted, the list of petitions was read, and Ald. David observed in this relation that the Council had nothing to do with the cartage of stone from the Corporation quarry, which is situated a considerable distance from the city limits; this was the right of the contractors, who could do as they liked as to the persons they employed.

GUIBORD BURIAL BILL.

A motion to send the bill of Col. Fletcher to the Finance Committee was carried. Some of the members thought the Government should pay the amount.

SUNDRY COMMUNICATIONS.

A letter was received from James Donnelly, contractor for the Inland Cut, in reference to the non-fulfillment of his contract.

An answer was received from Dr. Bernard, in reference to the demand of the Council for his resignation of the Commissionership at the Harbor Board. He promised to take the matter into consideration.

The subject was referred to the Law Officer of the Council for report.

A letter was received from the City Clerk, asking that a deputation be appointed to proceed to Quebec to assist in carrying the Bill through the Legislature. Aldermen Nelson, Grenier and David were appointed to proceed at once.

A memorial from a large number of influential citizens was received against the haste which marked the getting-up of the Bill now before Parliament for imposing more taxation.

A long discussion followed, in which various members took part. Ald. Nelson said that at the meeting in the Mechanics' Hall, from which the petition emanated, only 23 persons voted for the resolutions. Ald. McShane said there were at one time 120 persons in the room. Ald. Holland would like to know where the money was to come from, to meet the liabilities of the city. Ald. David wished it to go forth that the City Park would not cost the citizens a cent. The petition was referred to a Special Committee.

REPORTS.

Market Committee—Asking for an appropriation, to the amount of $75,141, to purchase two sites for public slaughter houses.

Roads.—Recommending that a by-law be prepared authorizing the City Passenger Railway Company to lay rails on the eastern part of St. Catherine street—Next meeting.

Finance—Refusing to concur in the Road Committee's recommendation to grant $100 to Mr. Smith as salary for the two months following his resignation—Next meeting.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

Ald. Clendinneng—That the widening of Bonaventure street, as to the portion between Victoria Square and the Grand Trunk Railway Depot, be accomplished in 1876, all the vacant ground required to widen it from the Depot to the city limts to be secured at the same time;

That the number of lamps on St. Bonaventure and St. James streets, from Place d'Armes, be increased;

That the Council take into consideration the advisability of laying tracks on such streets as may be deemed suitable for the purpose, the right of the use to be leased to competent parties at such a price and on such conditions as may be agreed; and

That a larger number of men than usual be employed by the Corporation during the present winter at a low rate of wages to shovel snow and scatter over a number of the streets of the city.

Ald. Stephens also gave this notice of motion:—

That the Council views with alarm and regret the project of law proposed by the Hon. Mr. Robertson in the Legislature of Quebec, by which the said Legislature proposes to exact a larger sum for licenses in the city of Montreal than in the other cities and towns of the Province, and that if such legislation be adopted, this Council will test the same by all legal means—that is, by an appeal to the Supreme Court against the constitutionality of such legislation, as well as by petition to Her Majesty for the disallowance of measures of this nature.

The report of the Police and Finance Committees, to compensate Dr. Larocque for the loss sustained through the violence of the anti-vaccination mob on the 9th of last August, being adopted.

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

Ald. Rivard moved for the erasure of Orders 3 and 4.

A lively discussion followed about these orders getting into the press prematurely, and Ald. Rivard charged Ald. Stephens with giving them. The latter indignantly repudiated the charge.

Ald. McCambridge—I am going to vote for the motion, because I think that it is not exactly the fair thing to censure our own members for trifling things not worthy of censure.

Division—Ayes: Aldermen Clendinneng, Robert, Roy, McLaren, Brunet, Grenier, McCambridge, Crevier, McShane, Wilson, Desmarteau, Thomas, Rivard and David—14.

Nays: Aldermen Childs, Holland, McCord, Hood, Stephens, Nelson and Taylor—7.

M., O. & T. COMPANY.

Ald. Stephens moved an amendment to the original draft of the Montreal Omnibus and Transfer Company's by-law,

When Ald. McShane enquired whether the company was on the verge of bankruptcy?

Ald. McCord—Yes; let us know that.

Ald. McShane—Is it true that there is a judgment against the company for $4,000, and also that there is a judgment about to be rendered for $7,000 against the company? If such is the fact, is it possible to deal with a company which is on the point of bankruptcy? If it be otherwise, I will be glad to support the by-law.

Ald. Thomas approved of these questions, as the Company was seeking a "great privilege." He represented that the Company was in a very unsatisfactory state; judgment had been pronounced against it for $7,000; another claim for $8,000 existed, and there was still another amounting to $15,000.

Ald. Clendinneng moved, that before the measure be adopted the Company be required to furnish a list of its stockholders, and show the amount of stock subscribed and paid up.

Ald. Wilson—I will second that.

Ald. Stephens—We did not do that when we renewed the contract to the City Gas Company for ten years.

Ald. Thomas—I only want to promote the city's interests.

Ald. Stephens—Of course you do.

Ald. Thomas—I do not get a commission for advocating it.

Ald. Stephens—You ought to. (Laughter.)

It was charged that, as rumor went, the Company, as soon as the by-law would be adopted, would hawk it around the streets for sale, in order to relieve them from financial difficulties.

Ald. Stephens declared he knew nothing of this; and at the same time explained that he knew nothing of the Company. He was merely working in the citizens' interests against monopoly.

Ald. Holland—I was glad to hear Ald. Thomas talk of a "great privilege."

Ald. McCord moved that the consideration of this question be deferred until the Council could consider whether such rights should be granted to any company to lay rails, with a view to ascertaining whether the city should not own the rails, and lease the right of running cars on them.

Defeated by a vote of 8 to 14—Alds. Duhamel, Brunet, Crevier, McCord, Desmarteau, Rivard, Taylor (the seconder) and David, voting aye.

Ald. Clendinneng's motion was carried on the following division: Ayes—Alds. Clendinneng, Robert, Roy, McLaren, David, Duhamel, Brunet, Crevier, Rivard, McCord, Thomas, McShane, Desmarteau and Wilson—14. Nays—Alds. Childs, Holland, Grenier, McCambridge, Hood, Stephens, Nelson and Taylor—8; and Council, at 6.30 o'clock, adjourned.

PIMPLES, ERUPTIONS, ROUGH SKIN.

The system being put under the influence of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for a few weeks, the skin becomes smooth, clear, soft, and velvety, and being illuminated with the glow of perfect health from within, true beauty stands forth in all its glory. The effects of all medicines which operate upon the system through the medium of the blood are necessarily somewhat slow, no matter how good the remedy employed. While one to three bottles clear the skin of pimples, blotches, eruptions, yellow spots, comedones, or "grubs," a dozen may possibly be required to cure some cases where the system is rotten with scrofulous or virulent blood-poisons. The cure of all these diseases, however, from the common pimple to the worst scrofula is, with the use of this most potent agent, only a matter of time. Sold by dealers in medicine.

Covered with Eruptions. Cured.

CLAVERACK, Columbia Co., N.Y.
Dr. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir,—I am sixty years of age, and have been afflicted with Salt Rheum in the worst form for a great many years, until, accidentally, I saw one of your books, which described my case exactly. I bought your Golden Medical Discovery and took two bottles and a half, and was entirely cured. From my shoulders to my hands I was entirely covered with eruptions, also on face and body. I was likewise afflicted with Rheumatism, so that I walked with great difficulty, and that is entirely cured. May God spare you a long life to remain a blessing to mankind. With untold gratitude,
MRS. A. WILLIAMS.

SUFFERERS LOOK AT THIS.

Piles Cured, or Money refunded.—MATHIEU'S PILE REMEDY is guaranteed to relieve the worst cases of Hemorrhoids. Price $1.00 per Pot; 6 for $5.00; to any part of Canada for a receipt of price.
DR. E. MATHIEU,
Proprietor and Manufacturer,
196 Notre Dame street, [illegible]

The Evening Star.

THE LARGEST ONE CENT PAPER IN THE WORLD.

GRAHAM & CO., Proprietors,

154 & 156 Craig Street.

PRICE BY MAIL ..... $3 PER ANNUM

CIRCULATION of the EVENING STAR for the four days ending Friday, November 26, showing CITY CIRCULATION, COUNTRY CIRCULATION and SPECIMEN PAPERS:—

DAY.	City Circulation	Country Circulation	Specimen papers country	TOTALS.
Monday.....				
Tuesday.....	8,497	2,373		10,845
Wednesday...	8,679	2,274	248	11,191
Thursday....	8,256	2,371	64	10,691
Friday......	7,348	2,315	122	10,385
Saturday....				
	32,783	7,438	823	43,044

Average daily City Circulation...... 8,218
Average daily Country Circulation... 2,359

Total daily average circulation exclusive of specimen papers 10,677

We regret being unable again this week to present a complete week's figures, our machinery having unfortunately got out of order, baffled for the moment our efforts. A first-class machinist is now at work, and we have strong ground for hope that no further interruption will disappoint the forbearance of the public.

Of the City Circulation there is an average of 255 a day to employees, public charities, police courts, advertisers, exchanges, and for services rendered. Of the Country Circulation there is an average of 79 a day to exchanges and for services rendered.

Vol. VII.............................. No. 285

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1875.

TO ADVERTISERS.

To secure the insertion of new advertisements in the STAR the copy must be handed in the night previously. Advertisers will do well to remember that our rule in this respect is inflexible. We can not otherwise satisfactorily dispose of the mass of advertising that crowds upon us at times.

ASSISTANCE FOR THE MAGDALEN ISLANDS.—Through the loss of six fishing vessels belonging to them, the inhabitants of the Magdalen Islands have been deprived of their usual supply of provisions for the winter. In order to obviate all possibility of starvation among the poorer and worst supplied fishermen, the Quebec Government have acted with creditable promptitude in forwarding seven hundred barrels of flour, with instructions from the Commissioner of Public Works how the assistance is to be given. The flour is to be placed in two depots, one at Amherst and the other at House Harbor. It is consigned to the care of Rev. Mr. Boudreault, of Amherst Harbor, the Rev. Messrs. Hebert and Chambers, House Harbor, and to the Mayors of House Harbor, Etang du Nord and Amherst Harbor. These gentlemen are directed by Mr. Garneau "not to distribute anything unless the people are in actual want. People able to pay will have to purchase at cost price; people not able to pay will receive supplies gratuitously. You are appointed as Commissioners to superintend the distribution to the best of your judgment." These orders are judicious in order to prevent waste and extravagance; besides the greater portion of the three thousand inhabitants of the islands have sufficient stores for the winter, of fish together with beef cattle. In addition, Mr. Johnson, of Halifax, who has an establishment on the islands, proceeds thither by the Government steamer "Newfield" with such supplies as the people of Halifax may choose to transmit. It is thus seen that there will be no danger of absolute want or even scarcity among the people of the Magdalen islands, for this winter at any rate.

WORK FOR THE MISSIONARY IN EQUATORIAL AFRICA.—Mr. Stanley, the famous African explorer, writing on the 14th April from Ulagalla, Mtesa's capital, Africa, speaks in glowing terms of the virtues of King Mtesa, whose capital stands nearly on the 33 degree east longitude about half a degree north of the equator. This king has treated Mr. Stanley with great kindness, who, in turn, has almost taught him to abandon the errors of Islam for the truths of Christianity. In future, the King and his Court will observe the Christian as well as the Moslem Sabbath. In addition, his Majesty has had the Lord's Prayer and the golden rule "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself" written on a board for daily perusal. Mr. Stanley regards King Mtesa's land as presenting a splendid field for earnest missionary work. On this subject he says:—

"But, O that some pious, practical missionary would come here! What a field and a harvest ripe for the sickle of the Gospel! Mtesa would give him anything he desired—houses, lands, cattle, ivory, &c. He might call a province his own in one day. It is not the mere preacher that is wanted here. The bishops of all Great Britain collected, with all the classic youth of Oxford and Cambridge, would effect nothing here with the intelligent people of Uganda. It is the practical Christian tutor, who can teach people how to become Christians, cure their diseases, construct dwellings, understand agriculture and can turn his hand to anything, like a sailor—this is the man that is wanted here. Such a man, if he can be found, would become the saviour of Africa. He must be tied to no church or sect, but profess God and His Son, and live a blameless Christian, be inspired by liberal principles, charity to all men and devout faith in God. He must belong to no nation in particular, but the entire white race. Such a man or men Mtesa, King of Uganda, Usoga, Unyoro and Karagwe—a kingdom 360 geographical miles in length by 50 in breadth—invites to come to him. He has begged me to tell the white men that if they will only come to him he will give them all they want."

The population of the kingdom Mr. Stanley estimates at two millions. The expenses incident to sending missionaries, he says, the King would gladly repay ten fold with ivory, coffee, otter skins and cattle, in all which products, he asserts, the country is immensely rich. Mr. Stanley shows that he is fully alive to the work that may be done in equatorial Africa. Addressing the missions in Africa and the philanthropists of England, he exclaims, "the people on the shores of the Nyanza call upon you. Obey your own generous instincts and listen to them, and I assure you that in one year you will have more converts to Christianity than all other missionaries united can number."

THE BAIE VERTE CANAL.—The following extract from the St. John *Globe* displays a degree of honesty and freedom from local selfishness which it would be well for Canada if more generally imitated. Alluding to the Baie Verte Canal, whose construction would, doubtless, circulate a large sum of money in St. John and neighborhood, the *Globe* says:—

"It does appear to us that it is our duty, not simply as patriotic men, but as prudent citizens, to be fully satisfied that the work for which we demand a large expenditure is one of which our calm judgment, independent of considerations of self-interest, will approve. We do not mean that it is necessary that the work should be absolutely a paying one, but we ought not to ask for it simply that money may be spent in a particular locality, or that it may be put in circulation even in hard times. But we ought at least to be fully satisfied that it is a work which will yield such a return, either directly or indirectly, as will make that expenditure from a public point of view quite desirable. It is this patriotic feeling which, rising above all sectionalism, we desire to see cultivated."

In the absence of the Commissioners report which will be laid before Parliament, it is impossible to say, with any approach to accuracy, what the report may recommend or what course the Government will take. It is generally supposed that the Commissioners will report unfavorably concerning the project which will thus receive its quietus for a time at all events. That the work would benefit the commerce of the country to such an extent as to compensate, even indirectly, for the cost of its construction, is quite unlikely; nevertheless, there are those who hold that the Dominion should make the canal. These advocates are few and chiefly to be found in the vicinity of St. John. Some of them, no doubt, really believe that the canal would largely benefit the trade of the Dominion and that its navigation would be unimpeded by the ice in winter and spring. But others there are among its advocates, who care more for the expenditure of the public money, than for the future profit to be derived from the canal. They are, seemingly, actuated by desires similar to those in British Columbia who clamor so constantly for the construction of the Pacific Railway, when the outlay of the money required for its construction through the Pacific Province, is what is actually cared for. It is hard while spending eastern money without stint in the western portion of Canada, to withhold all expenditure of any importance from the Maritime Provinces which contribute largely to the common treasury. But until some really useful local work can be discovered by our eastern friends, whose construction would benefit the country generally, patriotism should lead them to adopt the course suggested by the *Globe*. Let them join us in opposing all expenditure upon unremunerative works, either in the west or in the east, and the future welfare of the Dominion will be secured.

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD'S GREAT SPEECH.—Our morning contemporary, the *Gazette*, last week gave to the world some eighteen columns of a report of the proceedings and speeches on the occasion of the recent grand banquet to Mr. White; a feat which has few parallels in the Canadian press, evincing an energy and an enterprise highly creditable to the publishers.

The speeches were all, as might be expected, good, possessing fewer faults than after-dinner political orations usually possess. Though exhibiting no greater eloquence than that of Mr. White, the speech of Sir John A Macdonald must be regarded as the speech of the evening, as well on account of its greater length, the subjects referred to and the position of the orator as the leader of the Conservative party. This effort of the veteran Canadian statesman may well be considered an extraordinary one. It is possible that seldom, in his youngest, brightest days did Sir John Macdonald deliver a speech of greater length and exhibiting more remarkable gifts of memory and tact, than that delivered on the occasion referred to. Though some of his personal allusions may have been questionable in point of taste, yet it must be borne in mind that he had been assailed in his absence and was, consequently, pardonable for reciprocating the treatment he had received. His defence of his conduct as one of the five Commissioners who negotiated the Washington Treaty, was exceedingly able, completely exonerating himself from blame in the matter of granting the freedom of the St. Lawrence to the Americans, as it was an instruction from the Imperial Government "that we should surrender the navigation of the St. Lawrence." The selection of the Intercolonial Railway route, he showed, pretty clearly, to have been an Imperial affair also, and that for military purposes principally. Respecting the matter of the route, Sir John made the very remarkable statement that, in 1864, Mr. Mackenzie advocated the present or Robinson route for the railway. If this statement is correct, it proves that both parties are culpable for the expenditure of some twenty-five millions upon a work that is not likely to be needed for military purposes, and that is of little value for any other use, either for commercial purposes or as a means of colonizing a fertile portion of the public domain. But apart from the value of the road, either as a military or as a commercial undertaking, there is involved in Sir John's statement, a question of veracity between himself and the present Premier. On more than one occasion, lately, Mr. Mackenzie stated that he had strenuously opposed the route selected for the Intercolonial railway. Sir John asserts that, on the contrary, Mr. Mackenzie "made an elaborate speech" in favor of it. Assuredly this divergence in the statements of the late and present Premiers, requires further explanation.

Sir John's explanation of the agreement with British Columbia, is a repetition of the old, old story with variations. Neither that nor the purchase of a portion of the Hudson Bay Company's rights for a million and a half, can be regarded as a display of statesmanship entitling the authors to any very large amount of credit. From a material, matter-of-fact point of view, the action of the Government was premature and a mistake which time will serve more plainly to illustrate. In like manner, the agreement with a company to build the road for thirty millions in money and fifty millions of acres in the North-west, was a contract impossible of fulfilment and is something too absurd to deserve serious notice just now. The placing of $2.50 per acre upon all the lands of the North-west, those belonging to the Company as well as those belonging to the Government, was simply an act of unwisdom, calculated to delude English capitalists who, however, refused to be satisfied. Whatever Government may be in power at Ottawa, will have to make a free gift of the North-west lands and something more in order to attract settlers thither. They will have, in addition, to pay the passages of immigrants from Europe to the Saskatchewan, and even then, it is doubtful if any large numbers can be induced to accept grants of farms in the North-west.

Sir John's remarks upon the adoption of many of his measures by his successors in office, were well made. The policy of Sir John's Government has, unquestionably, been closely followed by those who succeeded them. The Supreme Court Act, the Inspection Acts, and not a few others, owe a large portion of their paternity to the Macdonald Government. Respecting appointments to office, Sir John's remarks were not altogether inopportune. His allusion to the Minister of Justice practising in the courts of law, was apposite, and must convince even Mr. Blake, himself, that such conduct is censurable, and incapable of defence even by his most ardent admirers. His fiscal policy and that of the present Government are not very dissimilar, incidental protection being the rule. "The cardinal point," said Sir John, "in our policy is connection with Great Britain," and in this sentiment few will be found to differ from him. All Canadians favor the connection, though there may be differences as to the kind of connection, whether it shall be that of feeble children clinging for assistance to a parent's knees, or that of robust youth managing its own affairs and ready, if need be, to assist the parent to the utmost. Whilst echoing some of Mr. Forster's fine, but fanciful ideas, concerning the future union of the Anglo-Saxon race, Sir John paid a handsome but merited compliment to Mr. Goldwin Smith, whose "magic pen" he desired to see used in the advocacy of Imperial federation without representation in the Imperial Parliament. In this, he is not unlikely to be gratified, as Mr. Smith evidently aims at nearly the same object as Sir John, the union of the English-speaking portion of the human race, as a step toward the grander union hoped for by the poet, Robert Burns, "when man to man the world o'er shall brithers be." The point upon which Sir John and Mr. Smith may differ, is the means by which such union may be hastened. Mr. Smith, like Mr. Forster, appears to think the colonies should be permitted to transact their own business; that too much Imperial interference may tend to irritate the colonists and weaken the powerful bond of affection which would otherwise remain intact for all time, and that the people in the greater colonies are really capable of managing their own affairs better than their relations in England could manage them for them.

The allusion to Mr. White's defeat was a splendid outburst of feeling and manly eloquence. "If," said he, "it is any satisfaction to Mr. Mackenzie and his Ministry to know it, they shall know it—that it was a deep and bitter disappointment to me and to those who act with me, and to the Conservative Party throughout the Dominion—that Mr. White was defeated. They feared him—they feared his abilities and they feared his earnestness." Such eulogy, from one so gifted, is almost sufficient to compensate Mr. White for past reverses, due, in a large degree, to his outspoken loyalty to his famous and very able party leader.

PARLIAMENTARY PROFILES.

SKETCHED FROM BESIDE THE THRONE.

NO. X.—HON. MR. CHAPLEAU.

From the wilds of Terrebonne there burst upon the legal world of Montreal, some years ago, a new and original genius, eager for name and position while brimful of romance and bristling with eccentricity, careless of money making for money's sake, blazing with ambition, and withal imbued with indomitable courage added to ability and power. Fresh from college and still redolent of the parchment of his diploma, he plunged into work with an ardor that was next to irresistible, and before he was fairly inaugurated in an office of his own the fraternity knew that they had a veritable Tartar to deal with, one who, at hewing out his way, would lay on and spare not, an enemy to be feared, a man whose friendship was to be desired only under special circumstances known best to himself. When his name appeared as counsel for the defence in an important criminal case, men said, "Chapleau! Chapleau! Who the mischief is Chapleau?" They were destined to learn before long, for the young lawyer fairly swept his way to a reputation, and supplanted those who had for long years been struggling against wind and tide—such was Joseph Alphonse Chapleau some twelve years ago. Few would recognize now, in the trim, well-ordered man, the rushing, eccentric meteor that blazed across the horizon, breezy of all the airs of Bohemia, careless of what we are accustomed to call the proprieties, heedless to a large degree of public opinion, pursuing advancement by day and warring into all the blaze of excitement when the day's work was done, furnishing the metropolis with food for wonder, gossip and unctuous chatter. He then seemed to be cast for another and an earlier age, to have stepped out of a novel by Dumas or Eugene Sue. Notoriety was his delight, and he had enough of it to satiate any mortal. Now—he has settled down into a respectable Benedick, shorn his head of a wreath of coal black hair, which, at a time when the municipal authorities of Montreal were waging war against th[e] s[oc]ial evil, used to float over his shoulders, after the style of more than one orator of repute; divested himself of eccentricities of manner and speech, and became a parliamentarian and a politician encrusted with all the stateliness and dignity, in a somewhat modified form, of one who has had the honor of a seat in the Cabinet.

When Mr. Chapleau broke upon the legal world he had just attained his majority. He was born at St. Therese de Blainville, county of Terrebonne, of parents descended from the earliest colonists of the district. He was educated at the College of Terrebonne, and completed his legal studies in the land Bohemia, that is to say, in that eat drink and be merry school, in which graduate most of the promising law students of Montreal. Admitted to the Bar in 1861, he had to face the world with the usual chances of a young man in an over-crowded profession—unbacked by wealthy connexions, lacking the influence of family or powerful friends, with nothing but his natural gifts, a fluent tongue, an artful speech, an attractive delivery, and consummate skill in captivating the attention of his hearers. He was not long in making his mark as we have already said. Fortune seemed to have hailed him as he looked into the future, as King Ringang's daughter, Rohtraut, in the German ballad, hailed *der Knabe*:—*

> * Was sieht mich an so wonniglich?
> Wenn du das Herz hast kusse mich!
> Ach! erschrak der Knabe.

If she did, as some surmise, *der knabe* Chapleau took the hint, and

> Doch denket er, Mir ist's vergunnt,
> Und kusset Schon-Rohtraut auf der mund.

He plunged into business, seeking whatever prize was to be won, and he entered into the ranks of the fortunate with a single bound. We do not propose to follow him in his legal career, for is it not written in the book of the recording press? The natural consequence was an entry into public life. A young man of his ability could not remain unnoticed. Confederation had swept some mighty men of valor in the political field here, some there. Seats were waiting to be filled; there were plenty, but strong men were scarce, and talented men rarer. The eye of Sir George E. Cartier fell upon the rising young lawyer, and he was drafted into the service of the Conservative party by being elected by acclamation for his native County of Terrebonne. A more unlikely man for a Conservative candidate this country never saw. Mr. Chapleau was born to be a Radical, if anything, if appearance and style are allowed to count. At the time of which we write, the idea of a Conservative, with long hair flowing to his shoulders, which when, excited, he shook like the mane of an infuriated lion, with piercing black eyes liable to become inflamed with passion, a tall, supple, willowy form, now erect in resounding passages, now bending and swaying in excitement, undulating in argument or persuasion, now rigid in spasmodic rage, who spoke as much with his body and arms as with his mouth, eloquent in gesture as in words, as the Almah dances more by gesticulation than with her feet, careless of appearance, impetuous and defiant—was little short of preposterous. The *Rouge* benches were the natural home of such an orator, but Conservatism claimed him, and made him, and a redoubtable champion of the Tory cause he has ever been. All the fire and vigor which we have endeavored to describe in the fewest possible words may be at times necessary; for while Mr. Chapleau makes many speeches in Parliament, and many lengthy ones at that, he is not always at his best. Gesticulation, passion, plausibility, and a mighty uninterrupted flow of words, exciting thunders of applause, frequently are brought into play to cover the greatest commonplaces; for, save on great occasions, he is not original, but on the other hand, an apt user of the tamenesses of others, which he knows well how to put into agreeable shape and employ with telling force. He seldom speaks on any great question until it has become almost exhausted, until pretty much all that can be said on either side has passed into the note-books of the reporters, and in at the ear and out of the orbs of the occupants of the galleries; then, with his mind stored with facts, and with a multitude of notes, he takes the floor, and resumes the debate. But original or not, he speaks well. As an orator he brooks no peer in Canada, save Mr. Laurier, of Drummond and Arthabaska, in the Federal House of Commons. Mr. Laurier's style is pure and classical, his diction faultless, enunciation perfect and originality of thought and conception undoubted. As an orator he is the chiefest ornament of the Ministerial benches, but he cannot enchain the attention of a general audience as Mr. Chapleau does, for the very reason that he is too refined for everyday comprehension. A man who closes a two-hour's speech with a quotation from Lucretius is apt to have some remarks passed over his discourse that it was marked by affectation of learning. Mr. Chapleau never does anything in this way likely to weaken his hold upon his hearers. He is high strained, without doubt. To listen to him long, is like following the passages of a fantasia; one longs for the relief of the melody, but though it comes, the richness of illustration of the rush of music enforces attention and the effort is its own commander. On occasion, though, Mr. Chapleau can rise above the mere mechanical work, to him, of fine talk, and become both original and elevated.

Mr. Chapleau sat in Parliament six years, an unflinching supporter of the Conservative administration of Hon. Mr. Chauveau, before his turn came. The sketcher of these profiles has told already the story of the intrigues by which Mr. Chauveau was induced to accept the Speakership of the Senate, to make way for Mr. Ouimet, and given to the best of his ability an outline of the rise and fall of the Ouimet administration, so it is unnecessary now to enter into any details of the twistings and turnings, the shufflings and dealings of the political cards prior to the session of 1873. Suffice it to say that Mr. Chapleau became Solicitor-General in place of Mr. Irvine, who assumed the portfolio of first law officer of the Crown, and the two worked in harness until the boulder of the Tanneries Scandal upset the whole team. Thenceforward the history of the subject of the present sketch is but a story of yesterday. He was re-elected at the last general elections by an overwhelming majority, and it is not improbable that if Conservatism retains its hold upon the management of the affairs of this Province, he will soon be found holding a portfolio again. As our readers will remember he contested the county of Verecheres for the House of Commons in the general election of 1872. He married last year, Miss King, daughter of Major King, of Sherbrooke, a lady of many attractions and accomplishments, and is now in legal partnership with Mr. Mousseau, M. P. for Bagot.

> * What aileth thee, that though dost stare
> So wistful? Kiss me, if you dare?
> Ah! cried the stripling.
> Then thought—'Tis plainly as I list,
> And on the lips fair Rohtraut kissed.

THE PREMIER'S SPEECH.

SPEECH OF HON. ALEXANDER MACKENZIE AT THE ST. ANDREW'S BANQUET, OTTAWA.

At the St. Andrew's Society dinner at Ottawa, on Tuesday night, in response to the toast of "Her Majesty's Ministers,"

Hon. Mr. Mackenzie, the Premier, responded, and was received with loud applause. He said:—

Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen:—As one of Her Majesty's Ministers for this Colony, I am very much obliged for the manner you have received the toast just proposed, and although I cannot reply for the advisers of our Sovereign, in her own peculiar home, I still venture to say that particular toast will be drunk in every part of the British Empire with as much enthusiasm as that of the "Local Ministers." (Hear, hear.) It is a proud and happy circumstance in this country, at a meeting like the present, composed chiefly of Scotchmen, Scotchwomen and their friends, that we gather far from the shores that gave birth to ourselves or our forefathers, under the shadow of the British flag, the Union Jack of England, Scotland and Ireland, with Her Majesty's red coats upon every side of us. (Cheers.) A few years ago a very insignificant portion of the people of Canada, and I hope as insignificant a proportion of the people of the other side of the Atlantic, were looking to the severance of the Mother Country from the Colonies as a matter of course, and only a matter of time. There has been within the last year or two, I am happy to say, a great change in public opinion in England upon that subject. I can scarcely call the extinction of severance in Canada a great change, there were so few who ever entertained it. (Hear, hear.) We know that now the heart of the entire nation is sound upon the question; where the doctrine of separation but a short time ago grew and flourished, there are very few who think of it, but a great majority are at once in favor of uniting still firmer the bonds and hold together all the portions of the earth that own our Sovereign's sway. (Cheers.) I was gratified beyond measure when a few days ago I read, as I have no doubt you all have read, that excellent speech delivered at Edinburgh by one of the foremost Liberals of Great Britain, one of Mr. Gladstone's late colleagues in the British Government, the Right Hon. W. E. Forster, in which he referred at length and with so much force to the Colonial question. We know it is not the opinion of Her Majesty's advisers in Great Britain that the colonies should take to themselves a separate existence; no one desires more earnestly the continuance of that connection than the Right Hon. the Secretary of State for the Colonies; and that all his colleagues share very cordially his views in that respect we have no reason to doubt. (Cheers.) I have already referred to Mr. Forster, and may we not hope, sir, that there is no gentleman in public life, possessed of any influence, possessed of any character, who will give utterance to, or entertain, other sentiments than those expressed by him on that occasion, and carried into actual practice by Her Majesty's present Government in England. (Hear, hear.) May we not hope, too, that there shall be no doubt as to the intimacy of the relationship to be maintained between the English-speaking people now forming the British Empire, and the Crown and person of Her Majesty, and all her successors to the end of time. (Loud and prolonged cheering.) It is a grand and glorious thing to reflect upon, that these English speaking people, planted in such numbers all over the world, can be united by one firm and lasting bond at any rate, which will always keep their hopes and aspirations in one direction, and that the sovereign of Great Britian will continue to preside over, guard, guide their destinies, even if they are themselves scattered over the entire surface of the globe; while their very existence will be a guarantee not only for the peace of nations, but for the progress of civilization and enlightenment over the whole surface of the earth. (Cheers.) And, sir, it is the proudest position that Great Britain could occupy, so far as the relations of men with each other are concerned, that the overshadowing power and influence which she has long possessed, in giving shape to the destinies and relations of nations, are always exercised with a view to the amelioration of the condition of mankind; that she has the will as well as the power to maintain in a great measure the peace of the rest of the world, and that prosperity, and peace and contentment, have followed her flag all over the earth, upon whatever soil it has ever been planted. I feel very proud to have it in my power, as a member of Her Majesty's Government in this country, to assure you, that to whatever extent the administration of which I have the honor to be a member, may have in their power, they will contribute to the rearing of this political cairn, (if I may use that Scottish term upon this occasion) which will be the most conspicuous monument to the honor of humanity that has ever been erected or ever can be. (Cheers.) As Scotchmen, while ever loyal to the sentiments which the memories of our native country engender, and while at a meeting of this kind craving permission to speak in terms of eulogy of its excellence as we speak of no other, let us never forget that, in the community in which we move, we form but a small portion of the whole; a community which contains within its borders, and all upon equal terms, in the subjects of our Queen, people of almost every nationality under the sun, but especially the people of England and Ireland, whose numbers largely exceed our own. While, therefore, we remember with gratitude the land of our birth, while our hearts are fired with the warmest patriotism when its history and its heroes are recalled to our minds, let us remember that we have greater duties and responsibilities, not of a sectional character, and that we ought to devote ourselves faithfully and honestly to the task of creating and upholding in Canada a Canadian spirit, Canadian sentiment and Canadian enthusiasm,—in short, a spirit of nationality always British, but still Canadian. (Loud cheers.) Anything that Her Majesty's Ministers present in Canada can do to promote these national sentiments will be cheerfully and willingly done, and with a zeal and earnestness which I hope cannot be excelled by any who may be our successors. (Hear, hear.) Rest assured, sir, all that can be done by the Imperial Government for the advancement of the Colonies will be done. Of course we have our own duties to perform, and our share of responsibility to bear. The British Colonies are rapidly approaching in population the number of the Mother Country, entirely exclusive of English speaking residents in India; and the time will probably soon come when they will be the more powerful. It is to be hoped they will always be found ready to do all in their power for the promotion of the interests of the great land from which they sprang and to whom they owe allegiance. I can say further giving utterance to these sentiments because I know they are the expression of the aspirations which animate the great body, might I not say the whole, of the Canadian people. (Cheers.) They will find, indeed have found, a ready response in this audience, and in my heart of hearts I believe that their cultivation would lead to national consolidation, national power, and national wealth; that benefiting ourselves, we should benefit our fellow-creatures on other parts of the earth's surface. I had the pleasure of visiting my native country during the year, and conversing personally with Her Majesty the Queen, and I can assure you it was with a feeling of reverence I enjoyed that privilege; for of all the monarchs who have ever reigned either over this or any other people, none has ever better deserved that loyalty so well manifested by all her subjects as our good Queen Victoria. (Cheers.) I am sure we all earnestly wish that she may be long spared to exert her beneficent influence, and the wise supervision she has always exercised over her vast Empire. (Loud cheers.) I am much obliged, Mr. President, for your kindness in drinking to Her Majesty's Ministers, and I hope they will be always worthy of the trust reposed in them. (Loud cheers.)

NOON TELEGRAMS.

BOSTON, December 2.

There is much excitement in the town of Marlboro over the death of a beautiful young lady, in a boarding house in that town, from abortion. The keeper of the house is under arrest, and an investigation is now going on. The lady was very beautiful, 22 years of age, and belonged to Sterling; had engaged board there on Friday, and next afternoon was found partially undressed upon the floor of her room.

NEW YORK, December 2.

Arrived: Steamship "City of Montreal," from Liverpool.

B. & P. Lawrence, stationery importers and dealers, 49 Maiden lane, suspended yesterday.

The reduction made in the salaries of Custom House employees, to cover the deficit in the appropriation of Congress to defray the expenses of collecting the revenue in this port, went into effect yesterday.

A Chicago despatch says that D. H. Munn, formerly Internal Revenue Supervisor for the Southern District of Illinois, was arrested and placed on trial yesterday, charged with complicity in the Revenue frauds.

LONDON, December 2, 12:30 p.m.

Consols 93 7-16 for money; 93 9-16 for account. Erie, 14¼.

LIVERPOOL, December 2, 12:30 p.m.

Cotton steady; Uplands, 6¾d; Orleans, 7 3-16d.

FOX RIVER, December 2.

Cloudy and cold, blowing a gale from north-west. No shipping.

FATHER POINT, December 2.

Clear and cold; stiff north-west wind. River full of ice.

GASPE, December 2.

Cloudy, drifting and cold; stiff north-west breeze.

L'ISLET, December 2.

Stormy weather and cold; strong west wind.

[*Via Dominion Line.*]

NEW YORK, December 2.

A "Herald" special cable telegram from Madrid says: "The reply of Alfonso's Government to the Washington Cabinet goes to show that the Spanish Government is pledged to the work of a gradual emancipation of the slaves in Cuba; to a measure permitting a greater freedom of commerce with the Antilles; to the guaranteeing to foreigners an immediate magistratic or judicial hearing in cases where they are arrested and charged with a violation of the Spanish Colonial laws, and to a complete measure of legal redress for acts formerly accomplished by Spain in moments of hastiness."

The Madrid ministerial document, which is couched in a full, promising, meek spirit, will reach Washington on Thursday (to-day). The greatest anxiety prevails in Madrid regarding the reception by the American Cabinet of Spain's last despatch.

A special from Chicago to the *Times* says a decided sensation was created there late yesterday p.m. by the discovery of the bodies of a beautiful woman and female infant packed in a barrel in the Adams Express Company's Office. The woman's body was destitute of all clothing, except stockings. The bodies were taken to the morgue. The barrel was directed to S. K. Green & Co., Iowa City. The truckman who took the barrel to the Express office says he received it at a house near the corner of 24th street and Wabash Avenue, one of the most aristocratic portions of Chicago. From all appearances the woman had recently given birth to a child. There were a few marks on the body, but nothing to show how death had ensued.

CHICAGO, December 2.

The general freight agents of the railway lines east of Chicago, at a convention in this city yesterday, advanced the rates to Buffalo, Cleveland and Detroit 2½ per cent. per cwt. on fourth-class freight.

JOTTINGS FROM QUEBEC.

(*From our Own Correspondent.*)

QUEBEC, December 1.

Complaints of the ill-smelling and soiled condition of the Dominion currency are made by the shopkeepers here. They say that some of these notes are so old and offensive that it is impossible to offer them in change to ladies and others. This state of things militates against the popularity of the Dominion notes, and tends to circumscribe their circulation. The Treasury Department at Ottawa should, therefore, take immediate steps to have the used-up paper withdrawn, and replaced by a new issue, otherwise the importation of silver will be called for more than ever.

Those hard-worked but still energetic functionaries, the departmental clerks, have got a grievance. It appears that Mr. Robertson during last session intimated that they would be allowed a small bonus, in view of the harassing nature of their occupations and the great anxiety of mind with which these are so constantly attended. The anticipated bonus, however, failed to reach the thirsty pockets of the departmentals, though that more favored race, the parliamentary employees, have successfully made a back-pay grab at the rate of 15 per cent., for which they are no more thankful than than they ought to be.

The lobbies and committee rooms are choked with deputations—deputations against the proposed hotel licenses, deputations against the tax on auction sales of real estate, deputations against the insurance clause in the Montreal Incorporation amendment bill, against the bank clause in the same bill, and, lastly, a deputation from the City Council in favor of the bill. The latter is as yet incomplete, Aldermen Stephens and Nelson being expected to-morrow to join Mr. Glackmeyer, City Clerk, and Mr. Roy, City Attorney, who arrived here to-day. Messrs. Abbott, Edward Carter, Barnard, MacMaster and Lacoste are here also; they are expected to appear before the Committee, where the details of the bill will have to be fought over and finally disposed of.

The House met to-day and did nothing; the Government did nothing, the Opposition did nothing, the Clerk did nothing and the reporters did nothing. Mr. Angers rose at a quarter past four—the House did not meet till half-past three—and made his usual valedictory motion for an adjournment, which seemed to paralyse the leader of the Opposition to such an extent that he never moved a muscle, while the Speaker, holding his cocked hat aloft, pronounced the formal incantation announcing that he then and there left the Chair, upon which the Sergeant-at-Arms shouldered his mace and walked away, leaving the members to enjoy a pleasant chat.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

USE "BEARINE" on your hair; it makes it soft, pliant and glossy. Sold by all druggists.

SEVERAL good second-hand sleighs, 5 new sleighs, several horses, harness, robes, &c., will be sold to-morrow afternoon, at Shaw's Tattersall's yard, Craig street. Sale at 2 o'clock.

A NEW lot of about 15 fine O'Donovan sleighs, and about 150 Buffalo and other robes, will be sold by Mr. Shaw at his store, Craig street, on Saturday morning, 4th instant, at 10 o'clock.

MR. SHAW sells on Saturday afternoon, at the store, 180 St. James street, the whole of Messrs. G. & W. Clarke's stock of oil chromos, lithographs, &c., about 200 pictures, also a lot of fine bronzes. Sale at 2 o'clock.

TO THE LOVERS OF THE BEAUTIFUL, a visit to the Art Repository of G. Weldon, at 115 and 117 Bleury street, will be well repaid, as on private view may be seen some of the most exquisite specimens of oleography, chromos, lithography and hand-painted water colors, landscapes, views, &c., at present in this city. Mr. Weldon spares neither expense or personal labor to provide for his patrons a great in the artistic line. His productions in framing excel anything we have seen here, in fact equal most continental efforts. His prices are moderate and within the range of the very humblest, and common prints touched up and framed by G. W. become literally works of art. All are welcome to inspect, and equal civility of treatment meets the purchaser or non-purchaser. 291-6

MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK.

December 2, 10 a.m.

Gold.................................... 115½ to 00
Sterling Exchange................... 486½ to 00

MONTREAL.

Greenbacks bought at a discount of.................................. 13½ to 00
Greenbacks sold at a discount of 00 to 00
Silver bought at a discount of... 10 to 00
Mechanics' Bank Bills bought at 10.

G. W. WARNER, SON & Co.,
Cor. Notre Dame and St. Frs. Xavier sts

Pound Cake, Pudding, Charlotte Russe, Ice Cream, Boned Turkey, Fancy Cake, and, in fact, all sorts of Moulds suitable for the season, at L. J. A. SURVEYER'S, 524 Craig street.

New Advertisements to-day.

UNION BANK OF LOWER CANADA.

DIVIDEND No. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A DIVIDEND for the current half-year of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (3½ p. c.) has this day been declared upon the Paid-up Capital Stock of the Bank, and that the same will be payable at its Head Office and Branches on and after MONDAY, the third day of Jany., 1876.

The SHARES TRANSFER BOOK will be CLOSED from the Sixteenth to the Thirty-first of DECEMBER NEXT, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors.

P. MACEWEN, Cashier.

Quebec, 29th November, 1875. 284-26

NEW BOOKS.

FARM LEGENDS, by Will Carleton............25c.
OFF THE ROLL, by Katharine King. ....75c.
AN ISLAND PEARL, by B. L. Farjeon ....35c.

For Sale by DAWSON BROS. 285x

WOOL! WOOL! WOOL!—Cheap Berlin, Fleecy, Fingering, Scotch and Canadian Wools, and a large stock Berlin Wool. Patterns very cheap at W. W. ROSSER, 113 Bleury street. 285†

OFFICE and LARGE CELLAR TO LET.

The Office adjoining that of Mr. Romeo Stephens', Francois Xavier street, now being painted. The large Wine Cellar beneath admirably adapted as to locality for the storage of goods; a 3 years' lease of either will be given, with immediate possession; rent to 1st May, moderate. Apply to JOHN G. DINNING, Land Agent. 225-3

MR. WM. G. VOGT'S SINGING CLASSES.

The 2nd Term of the EVENING CLASS will commence WEDNESDAY, DEC. 22nd at 8 o'clock p.m. Terms: $2 00, (payable in advance). Course of 12 Lessons, one a week.

Children's Afternoon Class, $1.00 per month; two Lessons a week.

For information apply at 260 ST. GEORGE STREET. 291x

AT RETAIL.

BEST CHEESE, only 12c. per lb.
GRANULATED SUGAR, only 8¾c. per lb.
YELLOW " " 8c. " "
BROWN " " 7½c. " "
BEST JAPAN TEA, 50c. per lb.,
And a fine variety of
BLACK, SOUCHONG AND HYSON TEAS,
VERY LOW.
FINNAN HADDIES, only 8c. per lb.,
And we have a Fine Stock of Groceries, at low prices, at the
CITY CASH STORE,
Cor. Beaver Hall and Dorchester St.
REMEMBER THE PLACE. 281*

CALIFORNIA.

Just received, direct from California, FIVE DOZEN BOXES SPLENDID PEARS. Also, FIFTY BARRELS MALAGA GRAPES, at Chesapeake Bay Oyster Depot, 260 ST. JAMES STREET, C. H. SHORT, & CO 272*

I. ROZAND, MERCHANT TAILOR AND CLOTHIER, 72 and 148 St. Lawrence Main Street, begs to announce to his numerous friends and the public, that he has purchased the tailoring establishment of his late brother, Mr. L. Rozand, 72 St. Lawrence Main street, and hopes by careful attention to business to retain the custom which was so liberally bestowed upon his brother. In both his establishments will be found a most complete stock of the latest fashions in the Trade, and at prices suited to all class of purchasers. Note the address 72 and 148 St. Lawrence Main street. 282

DR. GODFREY having returned from Europe, has resumed Practice at his former residence, 960 St. Catherine street, corner of McGill College avenue, and has taken into partnership R. F. GODFREY, JR., M.D., M. R. C. S., Eng. 282-1y x

RIVER SAND. BEST RIVER SAND FOR SALE. Apply to PERRAULT & BOISMENU, Contractors, 181 St. Dominique Street. 283-1m

PIANOS! PIANOS! PIANOS! Cheap Pianos, Cottage and Square, suitable for public schools or private, practice, from $80 to $250. Apply at No. 60 CITY COUNCILLOR STREET. 281-1m

CASH PAID for Cast-off Clothing at H. Vineberg & Bro's., 601 Craig street, opposite Post Office; also a large stock of good Fur Caps and Overcoats for sale cheap. Repairing of all kinds promptly attended to. (2 doors East from No. 1 Fire Station) 263†

MRS. E. J. CUMMINS LICENSED MIDWIFE, No. 23 SANGUINET STREET. 20

TRANSLATING.—Chas. Barron, 212 Notre Dame street, office of G. H. Dumesnil, Esq. Translation of legal documents, pamphlets, advertisements, etc., both languages promptly made. Lessons in French language at pupils' residences. 271-1m

VIOLINIST—Wanted, a Violinist, to play and call once a week, from the hours of 7 to 10 p.m. Address, with lowest terms, M. C., Box 1935, Post-office. 284-2

PHOTOGRAPHIC AND ART STUDIO, 193 ST. PETER STREET, corner Craig. Photographs of all sizes, plain and colored, suitable for holiday presents. Portraits in Oil, as they are represented to be, real Oil Paintings, at W. SAWYER'S. 281-3

WANTED TO PURCHASE, several Second-hand Sleighs, suitable for carting Wood and Stone. Apply at 532 St. Mary street. 284 2

WANTED, a City Canvasser; a person whose time is partially employed might add considerably to his income. Apply to E. R. Smith, Publisher *News*, St. Johns, P. Q. 284-3

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, 100 STONE-CUTTERS, to go to Ontario. Apply from 10 to 12 and 2 to 4 o'clock until the 6th. Eli Higgins, Montreal House. 281-6

TO LET, first-class Dwelling, 1350 St. Catherine street west, facing the Priests' Farm, consisting of dining-room, drawing-room, pantry, 8 bedrooms, and servants' rooms; modern improvements; heated by furnace; hot water apparatus, &c.; rent moderate to 1st May next. Apply to John G. Dinning, House and Land Agent. Office: Merchants' Exchange. 265*

J. G. PARKS has just received a large and fine assortment of Frames suitable for Photographs and Paintings. 195½ ST. JAMES STREET. 250*

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. C. W. ROSS, M.D.

Diseases of Women and Children a speciality.

OFFICE, 895 ONTARIO STREET.

Office Hours, from 2 to 4 p.m. 273-2aw

ROOMS—Comfortable furnished rooms to let for young men; terms moderate. Apply at 37 St. Lawrence Main street. 285-4

ROOMS—To Let, Ground Floor of 3 apartments. Apply at No. 368 St. Lawrence Main street; water and taxes paid; rent moderate. 285-1

ROOMS To Let, a Furnished Bedroom and Sitting Room, with use of kitchen, gas, &c. Apply at No. 153 St. Urbain street. 285-2

ROOMS—To Let, Furnished Rooms, at No. 1 St. Dominique street. 285-4

WANTED, by a respectable Englishwoman, a situation as Plain Cook; has a daughter she would like to take with her as Housemaid or Nurse. Apply at 123 St. Constant street. 285

WANTED, a situation as Saleswoman or Housekeeper; no objections to go to the country. Address A. B., Young Women's Christian Association, 965 St. Catherine street. 285

WANTED, a respectable young woman to attend a Dentist's Office during the day, at No 646 Palace street. 285-1

WANTED, a young girl to take charge of two children and assist with housework; another girl kept. Apply at 579 Seigneur street. 285-1

WANTED—A young man desires a situation in a Dry-goods house, either wholesale or retail; has 5 years' experience in retail; best references. Address E 8, this office. 285

WANTED, by a first-class Woman Cook, Dinners and Suppers for private parties; first-class references. Apply at 205 St. Urbain street. 283

WANTED, a situation as General Servant, by a married woman, where she can have a little boy 6 years old, with her; best of references if required. Address Mrs. Malady, Quebec Gate Barracks. 284-3

New Advertisements to-day.

SCOTTISH COMMERCIAL INSURANCE CO., *Fire and Life.*

CAPITAL...$10,000,000.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC BRANCH, 794½ ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

DIRECTORS:

SIR FRANCIS HINCKS, C.B., K.C.M.G
A. FREDERICK GAULT, Esq.
EDWARD MURPHY, Esq.
CHARLES S. RODIER, JR., Esq.
ROBERT DALGLISH, Esq.

Commercial Risks, Dwelling and Farm Property taken at current rates.

THOMAS CRAIG, Res. Sec.

THE PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY, OF CANADA.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1848.

FIRE AND MARINE.

EVERY DESCRIPTION of INSURANCE EFFECTED AT REASONABLE RATES.

THOMAS ALFRED EVANS, AGENT, No. 160 ST. PETER STREET, Corner Notre Dame) 281

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND LIFE.

Economy of management and good investments have enabled the Company to return LARGE BONUSES TO THEIR LIFE POLICY HOLDERS.

Office, 43 St. Francois Xavier street.

FRED. COLE, General Agent. 279*

DOMINION BUILDING SOCIETY, NO. 55 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

Permanent stock open for subscription; Shares $100, payable Ten Per Cent. every three months This Stock has always paid Ten Per Cent. Dividend

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Five Per Cent. allowed on Deposits over $500 on demand. Six Per Cent. on Deposits under $500 on demand. Seven Per Cent. on Deposits for three months. Eight Per Cent. on Deposits for six months or longer.

The Society offers the very best of security, as its Loans are made on nothing but Real Estate of much greater value than the amount loaned.

239-9m* F. A. QUINN, Sec.-Treas.

REGIS DEZIEL, MERCHANT TAILOR, 131 ST. JOSEPH STREET.

$50,000 WORTH IN READY-MADE CLOTHING AND HABERDASHERY, &c., &c.

—ALSO,—

Beaver, Pilot, Doeskin, French and English Tri colored Tweed, Broadcloth, &c., &c., at 25 per cent UNDER THE ORDINARY VALUE.

THIS SALE WILL LAST FOR THREE WEEKS ONLY.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER. 272*

SUPER FINGERING WOOLS! JUST RECEIVED, A fresh lot of WHITE, BLACK, SPANISH BROWN and SCARLET BERLIN WOOL (*Black and White.*) Also, NAVY AND CARDINAL HAT WING FEATHERS, *At closest trade prices.* BAILLIE, WARNOCK & CO. 271

SLEIGHS! SLEIGHS! CHILDREN'S SLEIGHS, POINTERS, CUTTERS, SNOWSHOVELS &c. A large assortment, VERY CHEAP, at HUMPHREYS' VARIETY STORE, 805 ST. CATHERINE STREET, Near Bleury. 269

WOOL MATS! We make these Goods a Specialty and keep the LARGEST ASSORTMENT in the CITY, ALL SIZES, VARIOUS QUALITIES. Plain, Fancy and Beautifully Colored. THOMSON, WHITEHEAD & CO., 520 and 522 ST. PAUL STREET. 282-6

SLEIGH BELLS! THE RUSSIAN GONG. Latest Novelty—Light, Elegant and Melodious, with a full assortment of usual kinds. Also, a Fine Selection of SILVER HAIR ROSSETTES AND PLUMES. THOMSON, WHITEHEAD & CO., 520 and 522 ST. PAUL STREET. 282-6

IMPORTANT IF TRUE, AND WHO CAN DOUBT?—In consideration of the number of forced sales and the general cry of hard times a still further reduction in prices of Upholstered Stock has taken place at 7, 9 and 11 ST. JOSEPH STREET.

Parlor Setts from $50 to $250 being 25 per cent below usual price, covered in Hair-cloth, Rep, Terry and Creton. Black Walnut, Mahogany, Ash, Chestnut, Oak and Enamelled Chamber Suites, $30 to $300 a Sett, and the largest stock of Cane-seat Chairs, with a choice selection of fancy rush and flag seat Fancy Chairs, with the new style of Quaker Chair, in various styles. Fancy Brackets, What-nots, Hall Stands, Hall Chairs, Toy Bureaus, Bedsteads, Work Tables, Parlor Easels, from $40 to $75 each; Music Stands and Stools, Canterburys; British Plate Mantel Piers and Toilet Glasses; Black Walnut and Gilt Card Receivers Work-Tables and the self-adjusting Parlor Foot-stool and Spittoon combined, forming one of the most complete assortments of Fancy Furniture, suitable for the coming holidays, and at prices never before offered, at OWEN McGARVEY'S Wholesale and Retail Furniture Warerooms, Nos. 7, 9 and 11 ST. JOSEPH STREET. 276

GREAT ATTRACTION! GREAT ATTRACTION!! HARD TIMES REMEDIED at 410 ST. JOSEPH ST.

The subscriber solicits the attention of the public to an extensive Bankrupt Stock of newly Imported Dry-Goods recently purchased by him *en bloc* at Quebec, at a figure that enables him to sell these goods at unprecedentedly low prices. The stock consists of all-wool Beavers and Tweeds, light and dark Etoffe from 35c to 50c, worth $1; white and colored Blankets, which he can sell at 30 per cent under actual value, and other goods (too numerous to detail) in proportion. He would also particularly draw notice to his stock of Fashionable Millinery, on which he has made a considerable reduction in price, Bonnets and Hats reduced from $4 and $4.50 to $2.50 and $3.00, with a stock of several hundred to select from. Also, received by last steamer, a splendid assortment of Navy Blue, Maroon and Cardinal Silk Velvets, at very low prices. A liberal discount made to the Trade. JOS. M. BOUDREAU, 410 St. Joseph street. 283*

ANDROGYNOUS CIGARS, SOLD WHOLESALE AT: Messrs. L. Chaput, Fils & Co., 421 Commissioner street; Gauchez & Telmosse, 243 St. Paul street; T. H. Schneider & Co., 476 St. Paul street; P. Dupuis & Co., 219 St. Lawrence street; James Lenihan, 315 St. Paul street; and P. Henry, 308 Notre Dame street. PATENTEE'S OFFICE, 26 Lemoine street, MONTREAL. 243*

THE CIGAR STORE, 264 Notre Dame Street. The best CIGARS. The best TOBACCOS and the finest PIPES in the city. 264 Notre Dame Street. 184-1y*

LADIES can make $5 a day in their own city or town. Address 419 Notre Dame street. 279-eod

INFERIOR QUALITIES OF MILK have to be sold at a discount from the regular price; but, if you want a *good article* have it delivered by the MONTREAL MILK COMPANY, 70 St. Antoine street. 281*

EXCELSIOR GAS MACHINE TO BE SEEN AT R. PATTON'S 345 CRAIG STREET. 210*

GILSEY HOUSE, Fireproof, corner Broadway and 29th street 232-1y JAMES F. BRESLIN, Proprietor.

AUCTION SALES.

By Henry J. Shaw.

IMPORTANT SALE OF SLEIGHS AND ROBES.

On SATURDAY MORNING, 4th Dec., in front of my Stores, Craig street, I will sell a fine lot of about 15 O'Donovan Sleighs and Cutters. All in good order. Also, a consignment of about 150 fine Buffalo, Bear, Coon and other Robes. All for positive sale.

Sale sharp at TEN o'clock.

285 HENRY J. SHAW, Auctioneer.

By Devany & Co.

A GREAT AUCTION SALE of Fine Silks, Dress Stuffs, Blankets, Tweeds, Woolens, Cottons, Men and Boys ready made Clothing, Underware, &c., &c. Corner Notre Dame and St. John streets. Every Evening at 7:30. 275-1m DEVANY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875.

In the matter of DAMASE GAREAU, Grocer, of Montreal, Insolvent.

The undersigned will sell by public auction, in retail, in Mr. L. Z. Mallette's building, No. 575 St. Joseph street, all the stock of the estate of the Insolvent, consisting in a general and complete assortment of Groceries of all sorts. Also, a stock of Furniture, such as Sofas, Chairs, Tables, Stoves, Carpets, &c., &c.

Sale at TEN o'clock A M.

G. LECOURS, Official Assignee.

Montreal, Dec. 1st, 1875. 284

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1775.

HABERDASHERY STOCK FOR SALE.

The undersigned will receive Tenders for the entire Stock and Fittings belonging to the Estate of W. M. Patterson, as contained in the Shop 221 McGill street.

Tenders will be received up to the 9th December next. The highest or any tender may not be accepted.

The inventory can be seen and further particulars can be had from TYRE & FULTON, Assignees, 283-7 43 St. Francois Xavier street.

IRON Versus WOOD.

MORRELLS' SPRING BOTTOM BEDSTEADS. ALL IRON.

Awarded First Extra Prize Ottawa Exhibition, For sale at all Hardware Stores, and by the MANUFACTURER, C. REINHARDT, 271* 613 ST. MARY STREET.

NOTICE.

I hereby give notice that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Mrs. Brennan, after this date.—THOS. BRENNAN. Montreal, 30th November, 1875. 283-3

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!

For the best BALTIMORE OYSTERS (solid meats and fresh, go to JOS. ST. ONGE, 143½ INSPECTOR STREET. You cannot do better. 25 cents a quart or 90 cents the gallon. CHEAP. 282-6

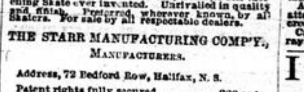
A WARNING.

Gentlemen who study their personal appearance, are warned to go at once to Messrs. O'HARA & SON, where you can get a good article, a sure fit and a stylish garment. Those Gentlemen are practical Tailors, and give personal attention to their business, thereby insuring perfect satisfaction to all who call upon them. The address:

O'HARA & SON, MERCHANT TAILORS, &c., 19 ST. LAWRENCE STREET. 282*

J. D. DRESSER & CO., MERCHANT TAILORS, Have just received a SPLENDID LOT OF GOODS, in their line, adapted to the Present and Coming Season. We would call your especial attention to our SUPERIOR STYLE OF WORK. Our Address is 433 Notre Dame Street, (*Opposite Brown & Claggett's.*) J. D. DRESSER & CO. 72*

REDUCTION OF 50 PER 100. —PREFONTAINE & PARIZEAU have been appointed to sell, as quick as possible, the well-assorted and very dry stock of lumber stored on Mignonne street, corner of Jacques Cartier street. Those wanting lumber should come and see the stock and prices, which are reduced from 50 to 75 per cent below real value. Must be sold without reserve and as soon as possible. 264



ACME CLUB SKATE. (FORBES' PATENT)

The most convenient and only reliable self-fastening Skate ever invented. Unrivalled in quality and finish. Preferred, wherever known, by all Skaters. For sale by all respectable dealers.

THE STARR MANUFACTURING COMP'Y, MANUFACTURERS. Address, 72 Bedford Row, Halifax, N. S. Patent rights fully secured. 260 eod

HOME.

The above is the name given to this celebrated LAUNDRY BAR SOAP, which for washing properties and general excellence, cannot be beat. Won't injure the finest fabric or shrink woollens. Goes further than other Soap. Wherever used gives entire satisfaction. Won't hurt the most delicate skin. One trial of this superior article will convince the most sceptical. Ask your Grocer for the HOME LAUNDRY, as it is entitled by its many good qualities, to be exclusively used in every household. Wholesale only at 36 Lemoine street. 92-eod

New Fall Overcoatings Suitings and Trouserings, JUST RECEIVED AT MILLOY'S FASHIONABLE CLOTHING HOUSE, 69 St. Joseph Street. 260-eod

PRICES REDUCED.

J. C. WILSON & CO., Paper Bag and Flour-Sack Manufacturers & Printers, 584 CRAIG STREET, MONTREAL.

Ten Million Bags of assorted kinds and sizes always on hand. Bags for Grocers, Druggists, Seedsmen, Flour Merchants, Millers, Fruiterers, Confectioners, Milliners, Hatters, Haberdashers, Cigar Dealers, &c.

See Price List. 39 eod

DEVLIN'S FUR DEPOT.

WINTER 1875.

A full assortment of the following Articles now ready:

LADIES'.

SEAL JACKETS, PERSIAN LAMB JACKETS, ERMINE JACKETS, BEAVER JACKETS, ASTRACAN JACKETS.

MEN'S COATS IN SEAL, PERSIAN LAMB, OTTER, BEAVER, RACOON.

COLLARS, CAPS GAUNTLETS AND MITTS.

Ladies' and Children's Hoods IN GREAT VARIETY.

Bear, Wolf, Coon, Fox & Buffalo Robes.

416 Notre Dame Street. 279*

FURS! S. SILVERSTONE (ESTABLISHED 1865.)

Has now completed his Winter Stock of FURS, which will be offered at prices to suit the times. Before purchasing elsewhere, you would do well to call at No. 435 Notre Dame street, Next door to A. A. Murphy's. 270*

Call for the Hogarth Regatta. IT IS THE BOSS COLLAR 751

TEMPERANCE! THE MESSINA LEMONADE POWDER ... ROSENHEIM & JONAS ... MONTREAL

Ask for the Windsor Collar.

FOR SALE, 2,000 SACKS "VERDIN" Factory-filled SALT. Fine order In lots to suit purchasers. 289 DAVID TORRANCE & Co.

$77 A WEEK to Agents, Old and Young, Male and Female, in their locality. Terms and OUTFIT FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Maine. 221

AMUSEMENTS.

CALEDONIA CURLING CLUB. —The Rink on Mountain street is now open daily from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. The formal opening for the season will take place on Thursday, the 2nd December, at 8 p.m. Members and their friends are requested to attend. A. COWEN, Secretary. 284-2

THE REGULAR QUARTERLY MEETING OF THE IRISH PROTESTANT BENEVOLENT SOCIETY, will be held in the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge on MONDAY EVENING, the 6th inst., at 8 o'clock. Every member is expected to be present, as business of importance will be brought before the meeting. J. W. FETHERSTON, Secretary. 285-5



DOMINION L.O.L., No. 1263.—The Annual Meeting of this Lodge for the Election of Officers will be held on THURSDAY EVENING, December 2nd, 1875, when every member is expected to be present. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend. By order of the W.M. 284-2



CATHOLIC YOUNG MEN'S SOCIETY.

THE FIRST LECTURE Of the Winter Course, under the auspices of the above Society, by REV. FATHER MURPHY, IN THE MECHANICS' HALL, MONDAY EVENING, December 6th. SUBJECT—"John Philpot Curran."

Tickets, 25c. Reserved Seats, 50c. Doors open at 7, Lecture to commence at 8 p.m. 284-4 P. RIGNEY, Secretary.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Mr. E. A. McDOWELL, Sole Lessee and Manager.

THIRD WEEK and Continued Success of the NEW COMPANY.

MONDAY EVENING, NOV. 29, And Every Evening until Further Notice, Will be produced for the first time in Montreal Henry J. Byron's latest and most successful English Comedy, OUR BOYS!

As performed at the Vaudeville Theatre, Strand, London, for over 300 consecutive nights with enormous success, at Daly's Fifth Avenue Theatre, N.Y., for six weeks, at the Globe Theatre, Boston, for seven weeks.

This beautiful Comedy will have every advantage of New Scenery, New Music, Elegant Stage Appointment, Elaborate Toilets, &c.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 6th, Augustin Daly's great Fifth Avenue Society Sensation, DIVORCE.

LADIES' MATINEE, SATURDAY AFTERNOON at 2.

In Active Preparation, The Grand Romantic Drama, from the French entitled, THE TWO ORPHANS!! As performed at the Union Square Theatre, N.Y., for an entire season. 284

MECHANICS' HALL.

EVERY EVENING until Further Notice, McGILL & STRONG'S EMERALD MINSTRELS.

Change of programme nightly. For further particulars, see mammoth posters and programmes. Admission, 25c.; Reserved Seats, 50c. Doors open at 7 o'clock, commence at 8. Reserved Seats, without extra charge, for sale at the only authorized Reserved Seat Ticket Office, No. 2 Victoria Square, four days in advance. Matinee Saturday at 2 p.m.

283 CAPT. C. M. PERRY, Bus. Agt.

SIGNOR J. HAZAZER'S ACADEMY DANCING AND DEPORTMENT.

GENTLEMEN'S CLASS: MONDAY and FRIDAY, 8 till 11. Terms, $8.00 per Couple; $15.00 for Season.

LADIES, FOR SEASON, $1.

MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS. Private Receptions, THURSDAY EVENINGS. $10 per Couple for Season.

FOR LADIES, MISSES AND MASTERS, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS, 3 till 5½. $6.00 per Term; $12 for Season.

Private Lessons Every Morning from 9 till 11.

HALL TO RENT. 291

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STOVES! STOVES! IF YOU WANT A COAL STOVE WARRANTED TO BAKE WELL CALL AT COX'S No. 249 WILLIAM STREET.

Heating and Cooking Stoves warranted as represented at the lowest cash prices or money returned.

Special attention paid to repairing and upholstering. All goods warranted according to sample. Special attention paid to country orders. All goods delivered within one mile of toll-gate free. Call and see, at COX'S, corner William and Murray streets, off St. Joseph, Montreal. 280

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

HOLDERS OF QUARTER-DOLLAR WHITE TICKETS IN MY GRAND CHRISTMAS GOOSE CLUB will oblige me by bringing them in and receive a Dollar Ticket for every four Quarter Dollar Tickets they bring in

C. DUNCAN, THE TEA MAN AND GROCER, THE OLD COUNTRY GROCERY, 695 Craig Street, West of Bleury, MONTREAL. 277

CANADA PAPER BOX FACTORY, R. JELLYMAN, (ESTABLISHED 18..) 58 CRAIG STREET AND COTE STREET, (Next Theatre.) HOSIERY BOXES, RIBBON BOXES, SHOE BOXES And all kinds of SHELF BOXES MADE TO ORDER. 61

JAMES ROBERTSON, METAL MERCHANT AND MANUFACTURER, CANADA LEAD AND SAW WORKS.

WORKS: *Canada Saw Works*—William and Dalhousie streets. *Canada Lead Works*—Dalhousie street. *Warehouse and Office*—20 Wellington st., Montreal.

BRANCH ESTABLISHMENT: *Dominion Lead and Saw Works*—Corner of King and Dorset streets, Toronto. 250-3m

1876. DAILY JOURNALS AND COUNTING HOUSE DIARIES 1876 FOR 1876. WILLIAM MILLAR, STATIONER, 94 St. Francois Xavier street. 211*

BUY THE FLEETWOOD FRET SAW.

It is a source of amusement, and offers to young and old great delight as a pastime. It can be taken to the sitting-room or parlor, as it soils nothing, and is quiet in its working. Young persons particularly will find enticing work in the many beautiful articles they can develope with this machine. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. C. SHEPPARD, JR., 155 Fortification lane. Also, at Messrs. BUCHANAN & WARE'S Show-rooms, 654 Craig street. 282*

BOY'S OVERCOATS FROM $3.00. Blankets from $1.00 Pair. F. X. MAJOR, 94 and 100 ST. JOSEPH STREET. 280*

JUST RECEIVED, DIRECT FROM HAVANA, FLOR DE FUMAR and GOLDEN EAGLE REINA VICTORIAS. FLOR DE FUMAR, OCCIDENTAL, and GOLDEN EAGLE CONCHAS. And a Full Assortment of Choice Havana Brands. J. OLLENDORFF. 28..

CARDIGAN JACKETS IN ALL SIZES AND EXTRA QUALITIES, TO BE HAD AT KEMP & CO'S., 306 Notre Dame Street. 306.

Shirts Made to Order on Short Notice.

JOHN KELSEY VICTORIA SKATING CLUB BOOT STORE, 41½ BLEURY STREET. SKATING BOOTS A SPECIALITY. 264*

3rd EDITION.
TWO O'CLOCK

COMMERCIAL.

STAR OFFICE, 1 p.m., December 2, 1875.

Business on 'Change continues dull and inactive. There was no sales of grain reported to-day.

FLOUR.—Receipts, 500 barrels. Sales, 80 Middlings at $3.20; 100 Strong Bakers' at $5.20; 200 do at $5.10; 100 Extra at $4.95; 800 City Bags at $2.50.

BEERBOHM'S REPORT, December 2.—Floating cargoes—Wheat steady; corn firm. Cargoes wheat and corn on passage and for shipment, firm. Arrivals wheat and corn off coast, small. Stocks in London—Wheat, 480,000 to 500,000 quarters; corn, 70,000 to 80,000 quarters; flour, 200,000 to 210,000 brls. Liverpool spot wheat and corn unaltered.

CHICAGO, December 2.—Wheat—Receipts, 52,000 bus; shipments, 32,000 do. 10:40 a.m.—Steady; $1.03½ Dec.; $1.04¼ January. Corn—Receipts, 18,000 bush; shipments, 68,000 do. 11 a.m.—Dull; 45½c Dec.; 44½c to 44¾c Jan. Oats—Receipts, 26,000 bus; shipments, 13,000 do. 10:20 a.m.—Nothing doing; 30½c to 30¾ cash; 30½c to 30¾c Dec.; 30¾c January.

MILWAUKEE, December 2.—Wheat—Receipts, 164,000 bush; shipments, 37,000 do 10:20 a.m.—Steady; $1.10½ No. 1; $1.05 No. 2; $1.06¾ January.

Private telegram (to W. J. Fairbairn).—Market for wheat firm, but not quotably higher.

COARSE GRAINS.—Receipts, 600 bushels barley.

MEAL.—Receipts, 100 barrels.

ASHES.—Receipts, 6 brls.

Prices of Breadstuffs and Provisions at Liverpool:—

	Dec. 1. 1.30 p.m. s. d. s. d.	Dec. 2. 1:30 p.m. s. d. s. d.
Flour, per 196 lbs	24 6 @ 25 6	24 6 @ 25 6
Wheat, red, per 100 lbs	9 4 @ 10 0	9 4 @ 10 0
do. red winter	10 0 @ 10 4	10 0 @ 10 4
do. white	10 10 @ 11 1	10 10 @ 11 1
do. club	11 2 @ 11 7	11 2 @ 11 7
Corn, per qr 480 lbs	32 6 @ 33 0	32 6 @ 33 0
Barley, per 50 lbs	3 6 @ 0 0	3 6 @ 0 0
Oats, per 45 lbs	3 4 @ 0 0	3 4 @ 0 0
Peas, per qr. 504 lbs	41 0 @ 41 6	41 0 @ 41 6
Pork, per brl 200 lbs	97 6 @ 00 0	97 6 @ 00 0
Lard, per 112 lbs	57 6 @ 00 0	57 6 @ 00 0
Beef, per brl. 112 lbs	92 6 @ 00 0	92 6 @ 00 0
Bacon, per 112 lbs	57 0 @ 59 0	57 0 @ 59 0
Tallow, per 112 lbs	46 6 @ 00 0	46 6 @ 00 0
	Nov. 29.	Nov. 30.
Cheese, per 112 lbs	56 0 @ 00 0	55 0 @ 00 0

Stocks in store:—

	Dec. 1, '75.	Nov. 15, '75.	Dec. 1, '74.
Wheat, bush	296,812	333,538	290,177
Corn, bush	35,311	89,091	90,887
Peas, bush	21,208	5,572	3,180
Oats, bush	10,201	13,314	6,247
Barley, bush	6,033	7,376	3,622
Rye	.....	.....	.....
Flour, brls	43,681	49,171	42,341
Rye Flour	.....	.....	.....
Oatmeal, brls	344	131	519
Cornmeal	.....	.....	.....

A WOMAN OF ENTERPRISE.

STROUDSBURG, Penn., November 29.

A bold attempt to burn the County Courthouse in this place by a prisoner was discovered early last Friday morning in time to prevent a great loss of property and probably of life. The prisoner was a woman named Frances Stanard, who was placed in the Grand Jury room on Monday last, to await trial on a charge of larceny, the jail being in course of reconstruction. She had several times made threats that she would burn the building down if she was not released. About 3 o'clock on Friday morning the janitor's wife was awakened by smoke in the building, and upon investigating the cause, discovered flames bursting out of the door of the prisoner's room. She at once gave the alarm, and by great effort the fire was extinguished. Nearly all the floor was burned away, and several of the beams. It was at first supposed that the woman had perished in the flames, but later it was learned that she had escaped by a window in the room. It was also discovered that she had removed the door from a large base-burner stove in the room, and upsetting it on the floor, had piled the bedding and furniture upon it. No trace of the escaped incendiary has as yet been discovered. She is a stranger in this vicinity. She appeared in Jackson township, this county, about two weeks ago, and professed to be a peddler of notions, visiting the houses in that section to dispose of her wares. About one o'clock on Monday morning last a farmer named James Stien, living in the above township, was awakened by the presence of some one in his room. He jumped from bed and captured the intruder, who was about escaping from a window, and who fired a pistol-shot at the farmer. It proved to be this woman. He had made a purchase of her the day before, and she had no doubt noticed that he had a large amount of money in his pocket-book. She had secured the farmer's pantaloons containing the money, and had them in her possession when captured. Monday he brought his prisoner to this place, where she was confined and escaped as stated. She was evidently a French woman, about twenty-five years of age, and quite attractive in appearance.—*N. Y. Times.*

RUMORS OF WAR.

(*Washington Correspondence N. Y. Tribune.*)

WASHINGTON, November 29.

Secretary Robeson continues to push forward his warlike preparations in all the navy-yards of the country, and, in proportion as the magnitude of his operations is disclosed, and public curiosity or apprehension aroused, the efforts of the authorities are increased, not only to conceal the cause of all this activity, but even to prevent the public from knowing its extent; every one connected with the Navy Department is forbidden to give any information in regard to the fitting out of vessels or transfer of officers, while the members of the Cabinet either pretend to know nothing at all about the matter, or say that the Secretary of the Navy is simply making his annual transfers from colder to warmer waters. One member of the Cabinet said to-day that, for 25 years, except during the war, it had been customary to withdraw all vessels that could be spared from warm latitudes and unhealthy climates, and that of this season of the year a great number of them are always sent back. This year, he said, we have more available vessels than heretofore, and therefore these transfers make more stir. This, he said, is a sufficient explanation for all the present activity in naval circles.

But this explanation, which has before been given from equally high sources, does not satisfy the public mind. The amount of money now being spent by the Secretary of the Navy is very great, and not warranted by the appropriations made during the last session of Congress, unless it is intended to spend the greater part of the available funds now, and ask for more money after Congress meets. It is indeed now learned that every available iron-clad vessel which the Government owns has either been made ready for sea or is rapidly approaching that condition, and that each one of them has been supplied with an outfit of torpedoes and torpedo apparatus which has been prepared in the greatest haste. It is also reported that the Quartermaster-General's Department of the army has chartered a vessel in New York to transport troops at Pensacola. Army officers say that if this is true it will not necessarily have any important significance, since it is customary to keep some troops at Pensacola, and it would be a very natural thing at this season, especially in view of the prevalence of yellow fever in that port during the past two years, to send new troops to take the place of those who now are or have been recently there.

Two new theories have been proposed within the past few days to explain the mysterious naval movements. The first is based on a report, which seemed to be authoritative, that Secretary Fish had, ten or fifteen days ago, sent Spain a peremptory demand that she should make good her promise to abolish slavery in Cuba, and that the President desires to emphasize that demand by the presence within an available distance of a strong naval force. At the State Department it is not denied that the subject of slavery in Cuba has often been mentioned in notes that have been sent to Mr. Cushing, and that our Government has repeatedly complained that the Spanish decree of emancipation has not been made effective. Indeed it is quite probable that this subject was noticed in the note sent two or three weeks ago, but it is denied that the question of slavery in Cuba has been made a prominent matter in any recent communication.

Another report that has also gained currency here is as follows: Guatemala some time ago recognised the belligerency of Cuba, an act which was not at all pleasing to the Spanish Government. Several months ago Spain sent a messenger to Guatemala to remonstrate against this action, and ask for its recision. This the Government of Guatemala refused to do, and now, it is said, Spain proposes a demonstration against the Central American Republic, which the President of the United States, in accordance with the Monroe doctrine, cannot permit. This story is also positively denied at the State Department. It is true that Spain did send a communication to Guatemala in regard to her recognition of Cuba, and that the manner in which it was sent, by the hand of a military officer attached to the staff of the Captain-General of Cuba instead of by an accredited diplomatic agent more than its purport, displeased the Government of the latter State. But Guatemala made a dignified reply, and so the matter ended four months ago.

ILLUMINATED MOTTOES and FLORAL CROSSES

A very choice selection of the above, beautifully framed, suitable for the coming season, at GEO. WELDON'S, MIRROR AND PICTURE-FRAME STORE, Nos. 115 and 117 Bleury Street, Near Dorchester. 273

GREAT REDUCTIONS AT THE INDIA WAREHOUSE. Just Received, And are now offering our FALL STOCK of Canned FRUITS and VEGETABLES At prices that DEFY COMPETITION. YARMOUTH SUGAR CORN, FRESH TOMATOES, GREEN PEAS, LIMA BEANS, SUCCOTASH. BALTIMORE PEACHES, BARTLETT PEARS, PINE APPLES, CHERRIES, &c., &c. HART & HOWARD, Corner BEAVER HALL and Dorchester Streets. 275

GRAND SPECIAL SALE AND EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS

STE. MARIE BROTHERS.

Announce that they will offer their ENTIRE STOCK OF FANCY AND STAPLE DRY-GOODS, At about one-half the ORIGINAL COST, Commencing on MONDAY, the 15th NOVEMBER, AND FOLLOWING DAYS, 454 NOTRE DAME STREET. 269

ANOTHER CHANGE.—During this changeable weather, persons who are susceptible to Colds and Affections of the Throat and Lungs, should be careful to have a Supply of GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM in the house, or with them, should they travel. It is a peculiarly pleasant and efficacious remedy. 281

IMPORTANT NOTICE! TO HOUSEKEEPERS. JOHN RICHARDSON, 128 ST. ANTOINE STREET, delivers the following in any quantity required and at short notice:—Kindling Wood in bundles; Hard Wood sawn and split, ready for immediate use; Coals by the sack or ton—qualities and weights guaranteed. Address: 128 ST. ANTOINE STREET. 279

HOMŒOPATHY HOMŒOPATHY.—A complete stock of Homœopathic Medicines at G. C. VANDAL'S, Dispensing Chemist, 182 Bleury street, Near St. Catherine. 239

800 CHILDREN'S SLEIGHS, assorted, Baby Sleighs, Cutters, Pointers, Snow-shovels, direct from Manufacturer. The whole to be sold at once, at a fraction over cost. ACTON'S BAZAAR, 274 Queen's Hall Block.

PUBLIC NOTICE. $1 A GALLON. The largest, freshest and best Oysters at $1 a gallon. The very best Can, Keg, Bulk and Shell Oysters always on hand. Also, Lobsters. City and country orders solicited. HATTON & BONNEVILLE, IMPORTERS, 276 14 BONSECOURS STREET.

COAL! COAL! Very favorable quotations. QUALITY FIRST-CLASS. S. W. BEARD & Co., FOOT OF McGILL STREET.

WOOD! WOOD! WOOD! Coal! Coal! Coal! The undersigned have on hand a complete stock of Upper Canada Firewood; also, House and Steam Coal, all of the best quality and at lowest rates. OWENS & LEE, College street, 61 St. Urbain street and 27 Bonaventure street.

CARBOLATED COD LIVER OIL CREAM will cure all diseases of the Chest, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Influenza, &c., &c. Prepared only by TATE & COVERNTON, 278 157 St. James street.

CARBOLATED COD LIVER OIL-CREAM will be found very beneficial to those having weak lungs; it is also pleasant to take, and does not cause the least nausea. Prepared only by 278 TATE & COVERNTON, 157 St. James st.

THE BEAVER STAMPING CO. TINWARE, 109 to 113 KING STREET. NEW GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS. PRICES VERY LOW. 278

FOR a quart or a gallon of good BALTIMORE OYSTERS, go to 240 McCORMICK'S, 204 Bleury street.

NEW XMAS and NEW YEAR CARDS. We have just received, from PRANG & Co., Boston, a large assortment of ALL THE NEWEST DESIGNS IN BIRCH BARK, MAPLE LEAVES, ROSEBUD and MAPLE-LEAF, DAISY, CARNATION, LILY OF THE VALLEY, &c. Over Twenty Varieties. G. & W. CLARKE, BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS, Next door to the Ottawa Hotel and Witness Office. 275-cod

LADIES' FURS, GENTS' FURS, CHILDREN'S FURS. The best and cheapest place to buy is at REYNOLDS & VOLKELS, 379 Notre Dame cor. St. John. 278

GET YOUR FELT OVERSHOES IN TIME. All styles and prices at RONAYNE'S, Chaboillez Square, AND BRANCH STORE, No. 411 St. Joseph Street, Corner of Aqueduct. 269-cod

SCARLET FLANNEL. A JOB LINE OF 75 PIECES Selling at 25c. a yard Below Manufacturer's Price. J. CARROLL & CO., 109 St. Lawrence Main street, Corner of Lagauchetière street. 283

DRESS SHIRTS, White Ties, and White Kid Gloves, AT DESMATREAU & BOND'S, 415 Notre Dame Street, Corner St. Peter street. 278

HOUSEKEEPERS PREFER THE COOK'S FRIEND BAKING POWDER, BECAUSE IT NEVER DISAPPOINTS THEM! W. D. McLAREN, COLLEGE STREET.

3rd EDITION.
FOUR O'CLOCK!

TELEGRAPHIC.

[*Special to the STAR.*]

OSHAWA, December 2.

The public will regret to hear that the Joseph Hall Manufacturing Company have called a meeting of creditors. The firm has done an extensive business under the enterprising management of Mr. Glen, but have suffered heavy losses.

[*Special to the STAR.*]

TORONTO, December 2.

The Short-horn-Breeder's Association is in session again to-day. It is said that there is a rupture between the American and Canadian delegates which will render the work of the whole session nugatory.

Judgment in the North Renfrew Dominion Election case will be given this afternoon. It is believed that Murray will be sustained in his seat.

The detectives say that they have everything ready for the preliminary examination of ex-Alderman Clements, which will be held by the Police Magistrate to-morrow.

The confessions of Davis and wife were received by Mr. Fenton, Crown Attorney, this morning, but will not be made public for some time.

Owners and underwriters are anxious about a schooner and a brig which left Port Dalhousie, after passing through the Welland Canal, on Monday, bound for this port, and have not since been heard of.

Weather mild; sleighing good; business dull as ever.

Flour, steady, fancy sold at $4.59 f.o.b. wheat, nominally unchanged; barley, unchanged, No. 1 held at 88c, and No. 2 at 70c f.o.b., and 67½c, on the track; nothing reported in oats or peas; hogs, steady, a car sold at $6.87 on the track; car of rye sold at 60c on the track; on the street fall sold at $1.03 to $1.05; treadwell, $1.02; spring, $1; peas, firmer, at 71c to 74c; oats, 36c to 37c; about 2,000 bushels of barley at 55c to 81c.

POLITICAL NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

(*By telegraph from our own Reporter.*)

QUEBEC, December 2.

Mr. Wurtele will ask in the Legislative Assembly this afternoon whether the Government intend to introduce a Bill to give effect to the Supreme and Exchequer Court Act, 38 Vic., cap. 11, in the Province of Quebec, in order to give jurisdiction to the Supreme Court and Exchequer Court in cases of controversy between the Dominion and the Province, or between the Province and any other Province or Provinces, or of suits in which the question of the validity of an Act of the Parliament of Canada, or of the Legislature of Quebec, has been raised.

Mr. Paigle will ask whether it is the intention of the Government to do away with school inspectors.

At an informal meeting of bankers and insurance men, held this morning, it was determined that the clauses affecting their interests in the proposed amendment to the Incorporation Act of the city of Montreal should be resisted, on the ground that the true principle of taxation to follow was that municipal taxes should be levied on real estate, and that taxes on banks and insurance companies should only be levied by the Provincial Government. It was understood that Mr. Robertson favors this principle. After a long debate, which reporters were requested not to make public, it was finally resolved that the Corporation should not go beyond the powers conferred by the Act of 1873, on taxing banks and insurance companies.

THE MONTREAL CORPORATION BILL.

QUEBEC, December 2.

In the Committee on Private Bills to-day Mr. McGauran asked that consideration of the Bill for the amendment of the Incorporation Act of the City of Montreal be postponed until to-morrow, as they wished to make certain modifications.

Mr. Ogilvie opposed the motion, as the reasons given were not sufficient. Deputations were here, and they were ready to proceed at once.

Sir F. Hincks said he was quite satisfied, from what he saw, that the Provincial Legislature would require all the revenue they could get. He maintained that as the Corporation should get their revenue from real estate it was by taxing banks and business, or anything of that kind, that they should be permitted to raise revenue. They had been given large powers, dangerous powers in fact, by the amended act of 1873, and there ought to be a clause put in the Act to restrict them to that.

Mr. Carter opposed the motion for an adjournment.

Mr. Roy and Mr. Barnard supported the motion, suggesting the desirability of coming to an arrangement, if possible, before discussing the matter in Committee.

Mr. Ogilvie had no wish to shake off the Bill, as had been said; on the contrary, he deemed the Bill of the highest importance to the city, and would do all in his power to advance it, but the deputations who were here would be put to great inconvenience by the delay, which was quite unnecessary.

Mr. Robertson said the Government wished to retain the power of levying such taxes in their own hands, as they might require all these sources of revenue. It was more difficult to abolish a tax after a corporation had been in the habit of collecting it than to prevent its imposition in the first instance. It seemed to him that the Corporation of Montreal were levying a very large revenue and spending a great deal of money. He thought they should confine themselves to taxing real estate.

Mr. Joly thought, as a Quebecer, it appeared to him that his Montreal friends loved to come down to dear old Quebec to settle their differences, for after all it seemed to him that all this might have been arranged in Montreal before they left. He had no objection to an adjournment until to-morrow.

Mr. Ouimet would willingly consent to wait until to-morrow, but it must be understood that the bill would have to be taken up in the regular order. If there was other business to be disposed of, it would take its turn.

After some further discussion, the Committee agreed to this, and shortly after it was adjourned. After the adjournment of the Committee, the deputations representing the banks and insurance companies conferred with the City Hall deputation, and after some preliminary conversation, Mr. Carter, on behalf of the banks and insurance companies, suggested that if sub-section 6 of the first clause, and sections 2, 3, 4 and 5 were struck out, possibly an amicable arrangement might be arrived at. The conference was then adjourned till 4 o'clock.

THE SANITARY COMMITTEE.

The Committee on Hygienic and Mortuary Statistics met again to-day, and on motion of Mr. Lynch, adopted the following resolution:—

Resolved,—That any person who shall not cause his child to be baptized within six months after such birth shall be bound to register the said birth with the Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipality wherein he shall reside, or with the nearest Justice of the Peace, who shall be bound to transmit a report of such births to the Secretary-Treasurer annually.

[*Press Despatch.*]

HAMILTON, December 2.

Between 12 and 1 o'clock last night a fire broke out in the hotel known as Martin's Tavern, on Burlington Beech, occupied by Andrew Hammond. The building was entirely consumed. Very little of the contents were saved, and there was no insurance on the building. Hammond's loss is over $800; insured in the Canadian Mutual for $600.

A respectable man in the city, in a fit of exasperation, stabbed his wife in her breast. Fortunately the wound is not fatal, although at one time it presented a very serious aspect.

Dr. C. O'Reilly, who for over eight years has been resident physician of the general hospital here, has been appointed resident superintendent of the Toronto general hospital.

CITY NEWS.

—Lieut.-Col. Strange, Dominion Artillery, is in town and stopping at the St. Lawrence Hall.

—The total amount of fines received by the Recorder's Court for the month ending the 30th day of November have been $900.80.

—A large number of the "Tuque Bleu" tramped over last night to their rendezvous, and, by the time they got out, there were no less than 103 members present; a very pleasant evening was spent. A vote of condolence was passed to the relatives of the late James Campbell, and the members of the club will attend his funeral to-day.

—The New York thief, Newman, who was convicted at the last term of the Court of Queen's Bench for the Ville Marie Bank robbery, died the other day in Kingston Penitentiary. It is believed by some that there was a miscarriage of justice in his case, and that, although he was a man of bad character, yet he was not even here when the robbery for which he was convicted took place.

—As the members of the "Tuque Bleu" Snow Shoe Club were passing the workmen's shanty in the Boulevard near the new reservoir last night, about 10:45 o'clock, on their return to town from their tramp, they were hailed with "Who's there?" The words were no sooner uttered than the report of a gun or revolver was heard. The instrument was fired by some one at the cabin. Fortunately, no one was hit, but it is not pleasant to contemplate that when out for recreation there is a chance of some one making a target of the members.

ENTERTAINMENT.—The first of a series of musical and literary entertainments, to be held during the winter in connection with the Loyal Montreal Lodge, I. O. O. F., M. U., took place last evening in the lodge room, Bleury street. Mr. J. Findlay acted as Chairman. An overture on the piano by Mr. Godfrey, assisted by another gentleman, opened the programme. The Chairman delivered a short address. Two vocal solos by Bro. Powell were well received. Miss E. Tucker gave a piano solo. A recitation by Mr. Pelgrim followed. Mr. Quedal sang "Far, far upon the sea." Master Olsen executed a good piano solo. Bro. Underwood rendered two comic songs and received *encores*, to which he responded. A song was next given by Mr. W. Powell. Miss Findlay recited in a good manner "I don't, do you?" and was deservedly *encored*. The young lady responded with "Lady Clare." If the members of this flourishing lodge wish to make these entertainments complete successes, let them have the piano tuned, as it is sadly out of chord.

ST. MARK'S CHURCH.—The congregation of this Church met last night in the Lecture Hall of the Church, for the purpose of bidding farewell to their late pastor, the Rev. W. M. Black, who is about to take charge of the Parish of Anwoth, Scotland. The chair was occupied by Mr. Kerr. Mr. Mitchell, on behalf of the congregation, read and presented an address to their late esteemed pastor, expressing in the warmest terms their feeling of affection and attachment, and assuring him of their good wishes in his new sphere of life in Scotland. The address is an elegant design of illuminated characters, set in a frame of pattern work of Gothic style, above which is placed a photograph of St. Mark's Church. Mr Allan Hunter, on behalf of the congregation, presented a beautiful album, containing a number of views of Canadian scenery. Mr Clendinneng followed with a few remarks, and presented, on behalf of the Kirk Session, a portrait that contains the photographs of the members composing the Session. The Rev. Mr. Black then responded, thanking them for the presents, which he knew contained the sentiments and expressed the good feeling of the donors towards him. After a few remarks from Mr. Croil, the proceedings terminated.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—"Our Boys" was repeated last night again at this house. The superior acting of the company was very conspicuous, and carried the piece through so as to give satisfaction. At the close of the first and second acts the applause was very hearty, but the last act being the weakest, there was no demonstration after the fall of the green curtain. There was nothing in the performance of last evening, which was the third representation of the play, to induce us to modify the opinions which we have expressed regarding it in the notice on our first page, which was in type yesterday, but crowded out by a pressure of advertisements in the afternoon. We have been greatly struck every time we have witnessed Mr. McDowell's rendition of the part of young *Champneys* with the remarkable likeness which he bears in the character to the author of the play, Mr. H. J. Byron, who is himself an actor, and whom we have seen in the same character in the English Provinces, where the comedy was produced long before it was brought forward in London. Although Mr. Byron is a good actor, yet, in our opinion, the Lessee of the Academy excels him in the admirable faithfulness with which he draws a character which has the merit of being one that we can all say from experience actually exists. We have seen the individual of which *Champneys* is the prototype in real life, and, doubtless, many of our readers have done the same. It requires, however, the ability of an artist as able as Sothern to truthfully portray it, and that Mr. McDowell undoubtedly is. The attendance last night, we are glad to say, was an improvement on that of the preceding evening.

THE WEATHER.

Temperature in the shade, by standard Thermometer, observed by Hearn, Harrison & Co., Opticians and Mathematical Instrument makers, 242 and 244 Notre Dame street:—6 p.m. yesterday 5°; 8 a.m. to-day, 3°; 6 p.m., 6°. Max., 6°; Min., —2°; Mean, 2°. Standard barometer compensated and corrected:—6 p.m. yesterday, 30.40; 8 a.m. to-day 30.38; 1 p.m. to-day, 30.63. Montreal, Dec. 2, 1875.

LATEST MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK.

December 2, p.m.

Gold	115½	to 00
Sterling Exchange	483½	to 00

MONTREAL.

Greenbacks bought at a discount of	13½	to 00
Greenbacks sold at a discount of	00	to 00
Silver bought at a discount of	10	to 00

Mechanics' Bank Bills bought at 10.

G. W. WARNER, SON & Co., Cor. Notre Dame and St. Frs. Xavier st.

MONTREAL STOCK REPORT.

[*Reported for THE STAR by Bond Brothers.*]

STOCKS.	Sellers.	Buyers.	Transactions
Bank of Montreal	182¾	180¾	180¾
Ontario Bank	103	102	....
Bank of B. N. A.	....	....	....
City Bank	....	....	....
Banque du Peuple	94	93¾	94
Molson's Bank	102¾	101¾	....
Bank of Toronto	185	180	....
Banque Jacques Cartier	20	16¾	....
Merchants' Bank	95¾	94	95
E. Townships' Bank	105⅛	104¾	105¾
Quebec Bank	....	....	....
Banque Nationale	....	....	....
Union Bank	91	87	....
Mechanics' Bank	....	....	....
Royal Canadian Bank	92¾	91	92
Can. Bank of Commerce	121¼	120¾	121
Metropolitan Bank	65	45	....
Dominion Bank	....	....	....
Bank of Hamilton	94	92	....
Maritime Bank	....	....	....
Exchange Bank	92¾	89	....
La Banque Ville Marie	....	....	....
St. Lawrence Bank	....	....	....
Federal Bank	....	....	....
Intercolonial Coal Co.	....	....	....
Huron Copper Bay	....	....	....
Montreal Mining Co.	....	....	....
G. T. R. 7 p.c. Bonds	....	....	....
Champ. & St. L. R'd 8 p.c. Bonds	....	....	....
Do. Sterling 6 p.c.	....	....	....
Mont. Telegraph Co.	157	156¾	156¾
" " Ex div.	....	....	....
Dominion Telegraph Co.	100½	99	....
Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company	....	62¾	....
Union Navigation Co.	....	....	....
City Passenger Railroad	165	161	....
City Gas Company	130¾	130	130
" "	129¾	....	....
Merchants' Exchange	....	....	....
Credit Foncier	....	....	....
Can. Engine & Machine Co.	....	....	....
Quebec Fire Assurance Co.	....	....	....
Montreal Investment Association	....	....	....
Can. Cotton Manuf'g Co.	....	....	....
Cornwall Manuf'g Co.	....	....	....
Mont. Warehousing Co.	60	....	....
Graphic Printing Co.	20	....	....
N. American Car Co.	....	....	....
Montreal Building Asso.	100	....	....
Montreal Per. Building Society	120	110	....
Coldbrook Rolling Mills Co.	....	....	....
Sealing and Fishing	....	....	....
Hamilton Pr. and L. Society	....	....	....
Quebec & G. P. SS. Co.	....	....	....
Royal Canadian Assur. Co.	....	....	....
Dominion Stock	....	....	....
Dominion Bonds	....	....	....
Govt. Deb. 6 p.c. stg.	....	....	....
Govt. Deb. 6 p.c. cy.	....	....	....
Govt. Deb. 5 p.c. stg.	....	....	....
Govt. Debt. 5 p.c. cy.	....	....	....
Montreal Harbor Bonds 6½ p.c.	....	....	....
Quebec Cor. Stock, 7 p.c.	....	....	....
Do. do. Bonds, 6 p.c.	....	....	....
Montreal 7 p.c. Stock	....	118	....
Montreal 6 p.c. Stock	102	101	....
Montreal Cor. Bonds	100	99¾	....
Montreal W.W. Bonds	100	99¾	....

EXCHANGE.

Bank of London, 60 days	108¾	@ 108¾
Merchants' Bills, 60 days	——	@ ——
Bank on Demand on New York	——	@ ——
Merchants' Bills	——	@ ——
Bank Gold Drafts on New York	——	par ——
Gold rates at noon in New York	115	@ ——

"$1,500,000"

Is the average monthly profit estimated to be paid to holders of stock privileges by various brokers in Wall street. The house of Messrs. Alexander Frothingham & Co., 12 Wall street, New York, who possess a world-wide reputation for their strict integrity, offer to send gratuitously for one year their Financial Weekly Report, and a book explaining how sums from ten dollars to thousands may be invested. Those who invest little may have the same advantage as large operators. Send for their Weekly.—*Boston Post, Nov. 12th.* Address ALEX. FROTHINGHAM & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 274-2 12 WALL STREET, N.Y.

New Advertisements this P. M.

ST. JAMES STREET METHODIST CHURCH YOUNG PEOPLE'S ASSOCIATION.

A LECTURE WILL BE GIVEN BY REV. L. GAETZ, In the Lecture-room of the Church, On FRIDAY EVENING, DEC. 3rd, 1875. SUBJECT: "DUTIES, DANGERS AND SAFEGUARDS OF YOUTH." Tickets, 15 cents. Commence at 8 o'clock. 283-2

SATURDAY NEXT, Dec. 4th. OIL PAINTINGS, OIL CHROMOS, MANTEL MIRRORS, &c. We will sell on SATURDAY NEXT, Dec. 4th, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and at 7½ o'clock in the evening, the remaining collection of Oil Paintings, Oil Chromos, Mantel Mirrors, Pier Glasses, &c., now on Exhibition at 247 Notre Dame street. The Store being required for another purpose, the stock must be cleared. Sale positive and without reserve. 285 DEVANY & CO., Auctioneers.

AUCTION OF SLEIGHS AND ROBES.—A general assortment of New and Second-hand will be sold at 264 Notre Dame street, on TUESDAY, 7th instant, at TWO o'clock. 285 DAVID FRASER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION—SLEIGHS AND ROBES—New and Second-hand—A large and general assortment, on TUESDAY, 7th instant, at TWO o'clock. 285-3 DAVID FRASER, Auctioneer.

PAWNBROKER'S SALE, On MONDAY, Dec. 6th. I have received instructions from Mr. L. Vineburg & Co., Pawnbrokers to sell by public auction On MONDAY, Dec 6th, At TEN a.m., TWO and SEVEN p.m., all of the Unredeemed Pledges of the past year consisting of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Rings, Gold Lockets, Gold Sets, Brooches and Ear-drops, Charms, Ladies' and Gents' Wearing apparel, Ladies' Victorines, Furs, Muffs, Men's Fur Caps, Guns, Pistols, &c., &c. N.B.—A very large variety of furs of all kinds suitable for Christmas and New Year's Presents. 285-3 J. F. RAYMORE, Auctioneer.

CHRISTMAS SALE OF CHROMOS.—Large Clearing Sale of nearly 1,000 beautiful Oil Chromos, Various Sizes, together with a small consignment of FINE BRONZES. I have been instructed by Messrs. G. & W. Clarke to sell on SATURDAY AFTERNOON NEXT, Dec. 4, at the Store, 180 St. James street, the whole of their stock of Oil Chromos, Lithographs, &c., embracing Landscapes, Figures, Farm, Cattle and Hunting Scenes, &c., all framed in handsome Gilt Frames. Also, a consignment of fine Bronze Groups, Figures and Statuettes. All for unreserved sale. Sale at TWO o'clock. 285 HENRY J. SHAW, Auctioneer.

DANCING and DEPORTMENT. A CLASS WILL BE FORMED IMMEDIATELY. Private Lessons given by MRS. GODWIN, 283-1m 746 Craig street.

SEAL BROWN DRESS GOODS AT CHEAPSIDE. SEAL BROWN HOMESPUNS AT CHEAPSIDE. SEAL BROWN SEALETTES AT CHEAPSIDE.

SEAL BROWN ALL-WOOL FRENCH EMPRESS CLOTHS, 40c. SEAL BROWN HOMESPUNS, 25c and 30c. Same goods as sold by Cash and Supply Stores at 60c, 65c, 75c and 80c. ALL-WOOL FRENCH CASHMERE HOMESPUNS, 50c. Same goods sold by Cash and Supply Stores, at $1 and $1.10 per yard. SEAL BROWN VELVETEENS. SEAL BROWN SEALETTES. Finest stock in Canada to choose from. BLACK DOESKINS and ASTRACANS. MANTLE BUTTONS in Seal Browns—new styles. MUFF TASSELS in Seal Browns. BARREL BUTTONS, Blacks and Seal Browns. LADIES' FRENCH CORSETS, 50c. 20 Dozen Gents large, heavy WINCEY SHIRTS, worth $9 per dozen. Wholesale choice at 60 cents each. 25 Dozen GENTS' SHIRTS and DRAWERS (heavy large sizes), 50c. Better goods than sold by Cash and Supply Stores at 65c and 75c. 50 Dozen Gents' Heavy SOCKS, made up of Alloa Yarn, only 25c a pair, well worth 40c.

CAUTION. Beware of moth-eaten SOCKS as offered by Supply Stores (6 pairs for $1.) Beware of them; examine them before you buy. 50 Dozen Ladies' Scarlet All-wool CASHMERE HOSE, double-ribbed, only 25c a pair. Better goods than Cash and Supply Stores sell at 40c. 25 Dozen LADIES' CLOUDS, Regular prices $1.50, $1.75 and $2. Choice now 75c each. 20 Dozen GENTS' WHITE DRESS SHIRTS, worth $1.50, $1.75 and $2. Choice at $1. 25 Dozen SWISS LACE ANTEMACASSARS for CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

REMEMBER OUR GRAND SALE OF CORNWALL BLANKETS. Our Blankets is the large size, suitable for double beds, worth $5.50 for $3.25. GO TO CHEAPSIDE FOR YOUR DRY-GOODS And get the best value. CHEAPSIDE 437 and 439 Notre Dame Street. A. A. MURPHY, PROPRIETOR. 281

HEAR WHAT THEY SAY! MR. H. J. ROSE, the well-known Chemist of Toronto, writes as follows: "I have thoroughly analyzed and tested the tonic known as "BUCK-EYE MINERAL SPRINGS," and I feel satisfied in stating that it is the best thing of the kind I have yet seen. As a means for the conveyance of Iron, it should supercede all others, and as a general tonic and bracer for the system, I feel confident it is unsurpassed. In time, when its virtues are fully known, I have no doubt it will take the place of every other remedy in the world for general debility, &c." 285

ROOMS—Vacancies at 64 Cathcart street. 285-6

ROOM—A gentleman will find a fine Furnished Room, with or without Board, in a French family, at 10 St. Gabriel street. 281-3

LOST, on Thursday the 2nd Dec., a Package, addressed to D. Lyons, Esq., Inspector of Weights and Measures. The finder will be rewarded by returning it to 82 St. Paul street. 285-1

FOUND, on Craig street, on Monday, a small white Dog. Owner can have same by applying at 200 Craig street. 283-3

WANTED, by a married couple, Room and Board. Address, stating terms, B, 10, this office. 285-2

WANTED, a Plain Cook, at 361 Guy street. 283-4

WANTED, a situation by a youth of 18, for the winter, to take charge of horses (is good groom) and to look after cows; can milk well, and to make himself generally useful about the house; can be recommended. Address R 9, this office. 285

WANTED an intelligent young woman, about 21 years of age, for light work; must read and write; references required. Apply at the STAR office. 285-3

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, [No. 9648.] District of Montreal. CIRCUIT COURT. Montreal.—Jules Hamelin, Plaintiff, vs. Pierre Quenneville, Defendant—Will be sold by public auction, by authority of justice, on Saturday, the Eleventh day of December, instant, at Two of the clock in the afternoon, at the domicile of the said defendant, No. 8 Bover lane, in the City of Montreal, all the goods and chattels seized in this cause, consisting of Tables, Clock, &c. Terms cash. Montreal, Dec. 2nd, 1875. C. ST. AMOND, B.S.C. 285-1

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, [7903.] District of Montreal. CIRCUIT COURT, Montreal—William Dalton, Plaintiff, vs. R. Blanchard and E. Porcheron, Defendants.—Will be sold by public auction by authority of justice, on Saturday, the Eleventh day of December, instant, at Nine of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile and place of business of E. D. Porcheron, one of the said defendants, No. 487 Dorchester street, in the City of Montreal, all the goods and chattels seized in this cause, consisting of Household Furniture and Groceries, &c. Terms cash. Montreal, 2nd Dec., 1875. C. ST. AMOND, B.S.C. 283-1

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, [1865.] District of Montreal. SUPERIOR COURT, Montreal.—T. Germain dit Lelalle, Plaintiff, vs. Dame Elmire Hebert, Defendant.—Will be sold by public auction, by authority of justice, on Saturday, the Eleventh day of December, instant, at Ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile of the said defendant, No. 59 Notre Dame street, in the City of Montreal, all the goods and chattels seized in this cause, consisting of Sofas, Carpets, &c. Terms cash. Montreal, Dec. 1st, 1875. L. CROZE, B.S.C. 285-1

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, [No. 8112.] District of Montreal. CIRCUIT COURT, Montreal—La Societe de Construction de Mercier, Plaintiff, vs. Leon Gagnon, Defendant.—Will be sold by public auction, by authority of justice, on Saturday, the Eleventh day of December, at Ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the shop of the said defendant, No. — Ontario street, in the City of Montreal, all the goods and chattels seized in this cause, consisting of Sleighs, Buggies, &c. Terms cash. Montreal, Dec. 2nd, 1875. E. ST. PIERRE, B.S.C. 285-1

OLD NEWSPAPERS for SALE at the STAR Office.

4th EDITION.
SIX O'CLOCK.

TELEGRAPHIC.

[*Special to the STAR.*]

OTTAWA, December 2.

The prisoner Hoben, *en route* from Montreal to Ottawa, to stand his trial for burglary, escaped from Detective Hamilton, at Kemptville, this morning.

[*Special to the STAR.*]

QUEBEC, December 2.

The deputation of hotel-keepers from Montreal return home to-day. They have had several interviews with the Treasurer, who promised to do what he could towards a more equal distribution of the increased imposts proposed in the license resolutions.

[*Special to the STAR.*]

CHICAGO, December 2.

The Coroner is to day investigating the express barrel mystery. The bodies of a young woman and small babe were found in a barrel left at the United States Express Office, marked "Thos. Green & Co., Iowa City." The bodies had been dead only a short time. The detectives are working up the case and trying to unravel the mystery. The general opinion is that the woman and child are victims of an abortion.

The National Convention of Independents is being held here. The object is to form a basis for a greenback party for the presidential campaign.

[*Special to the STAR.*]

OTTAWA, December 2.

The Commission appointed to investigate the charges against School Inspector Borthwick continued taking evidence this morning. Several teachers testified that he had furnished them with answers to questions a day before the examination took place.

The body of Mrs. Montgomery, stolen from Beechwood Cemetery, has not yet been recovered.

Seven thousand feet of sandstone has arrived for the western block extension.

The first municipal election meeting was held in Wellington Ward last night.

A scheme is on foot to abolish the Water Works Collector's office and place it under the control of the City Tax Collectors.

NEWS OF THE WORLD.

LONDON, December 2.

Yesterday was settling day—the last day of the regular semi-monthly account at the Stock Exchange. There were rather more failures than usual. The largest was that of Braggiotte Bros., stock and share brokers, of 2 Curzon Court, Old Broad street. Their liabilities are estimated at $350,000. There were also five other failures of lesser importance.

PHILADELPHIA, December 2.

The Centennial Committee on Opening Ceremonies have selected as orator Wm. M. Evarts, H. W. Longfellow as poet, and a grandson of Richard H. Lee, of Virginia, as reader of the American Declaration of Independence.

ALBANY, December 2.

The Hon. Ira Harris died about 11 o'clock this morning.

SYRACUSE, N.Y., December 2.

Hon. W. R. Strand, Canal Commissioner died in this city this morning.

OSWEGO, December 2

It is ascertained that the schooner "J. G. Jenkins" foundered in the gale on Monday above Oswego, and that all on board were lost. One of the cabin doors and the lid of the scuttle have come ashore. The lost were:—Captain John Brown, of Oswego; first mate, John Stewart; James Williams, Michael Brophy, Wm. Bonner, all of Oswego, and a woman-cook from Buffalo. The vessel was insured for $8,000, and the cargo for $26,000.

NEW YORK, December 2.

The water main pipe, corner of Dekalb and Nostrand avenues, Brooklyn, burst this morning, washing the streets to a considerable depth, flooding cellars, and causing a complete interruption of traffic in that vicinity.

LONDON, December 2, 2:30 p.m.

The rate of discount in open market is 2⅞ to 2¾ per cent., which is ⅛ to ¼ per cent. below the Bank of England rate. Consols, 93 7-16 for money, and 93¾ for the account.

Bullion in the Bank of England has increased £116,000 during the past week; amount withdrawn on balance to-day, £522,000. The proportion of reserve to liability is now 39⅞ per cent.

LIVERPOOL, December 2, 2 p.m.

Bacon, 59s. per cwt. for short clear middles.

CINCINNATI, December 2.

On Tuesday last a boiler at New Harmony, Ind., exploded, killing Thos. Nelson, Engineer Solomon Enlow, and badly scalding several workmen.

WHITEHALL, N. Y., December 2.

A fire in Willsboro, Essex county, last night, caused by a defective flue, destroyed James McDonald's residence and all his outbuildings; loss, $50,000.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., December 2.

Francis J. Fairley, of New Canaan, was bound over in the Superior Court to-day, charged with firing the manufactory of Louisbourg Bros. & Co. at South Norwalk in May last, the loss on which, including Fairfield county insurance on the building, was over $100,000.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., December 2.

The Navy Yard in this city was to-day sold for one million dollars. The purchaser was J. Lower Welsh.

The *Evening Telegraph* says: "It is learned authoritively that the purchase was, for Messrs. Drexel & Co., the well known bankers, and Messrs. D. & W. Welsh, and not for the Pennsylvania Railroad.

WASHINGTON, December 2.

The steamship "Alaska," Capt. Alex. A. Semmes, will probably be ordered to the coast of Liberia for the protection of settlers and to encourage them in their warlike operations against the natives.

CITY NEWS.

—A number of venturesome boys were skating to-day on the ice in the river outside the wharves.

—The United Board of Out-Door Relief acknowledges, with thanks, a donation of $10 from Mr. Wolferstan Thomas.

—The Superintendent of the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge acknowledges, with thanks, a donation of 39 pairs boots and shoes from Messrs. Slater & Perry.

—The Committee of the Printers' Union is actively engaged in making arrangements for a ball and supper, to come off on New Year's Eve at Lajeunesse's, Back River.

—Dame Archibald has entered a suit of *separation de biens* against her husband, Henry Lenier-Godfrey, on the ground that the defendant is in commercial difficulties.

—Ice is forming rapidly in the river, and many days cannot elapse until there is a roadway formed. There is now good skating in the basins.

—A young girl, named Alice Bouchard, was sent to the Reformatory at the request of her mother, who stated that the girl was loose, idle and disorderly.

—The United Board of Out-door Relief acknowledge with thanks a donation of $20, being a collection taken up at Thanksgiving service from the German Protestant Church, St. Dominique street, per G. Reinhardt, Esq., Treasurer.

—A boy, 17 years of age, named Zotique Trudel, who escaped from the Reformatory a short time ago, was last night captured at his parent's residence, Tanneries West, by Detective Cinq-Mars, and taken back to the Reformatory.

—Mr. Montmarquet Meat Inspector, seized and confiscated two quarters of emaciated mutton, from No. 3 stall, St. Lawrence Market, kept by Mrs. Seebold. Inspector Moore also seized a small quantity of bruised meat yesterday.

—Dr. Alloway, dentist, of Beaver Hall, met with an accident on Monday evening last by falling on Radegonde street and dislocating his ankle. He managed to get home, and is now so much better that he is attending to his professional duties.

—Yesterday afternoon an alarm was sounded from box 47. A bed on fire in a room of a brick dwelling, occupied by Mr. Thomas Hinchcliffe, carpenter, at No. 60 Lusignan street, was the cause of the bells being rung. The little damage done is covered by insurance.

—In the Insolvency Court to-day, Mr. Justice Mackay rendered judgment in the case of C. Whitlock, an insolvent, and J. Tyre, assignee, and Charles Whitlock, petitioner, rejecting the petition of the insolvent, to set aside all action taken by J. Tyre, assignee, with costs.

—"One who Knows" has not sent us his promised explanation. He has already expressed to us in private that he never contemplated impugning the integrity and honor of Mr. Honey, which are above suspicion, but as our correspondent's first letter left a wrong impression, we request that he will place the matter in its true light before the public.

—The Rev. Samuel Massey desires us to say that, as far as he is concerned, the evidence before a Committee of the Quebec Assembly for vital statistics is entirely incorrect, as he never celebrates marriages, and the baptisms of children of parents in connexion with the Inspector street Church are performed and registered by the pastor of the American Presbyterian Church, of which the Inspector street Church is a branch.

THE LOSS OF $14,000.—The Burlington *Herald* says the good-natured creditors of Robert Fitton meet at Tripp's Hotel, Burlington, Vt., on the 2nd of December, at 10 o'clock a. m., to see about dividing the $14,000 which R. carried "rolled up in a brown paper parcel, in an inside vest-pocket," to Montreal, and told at the central police station of that city that he had lost. The money was all found soon after the young man's return home, and, by order of Judge Smalley, is now in the safe-keeping of E. B. Smalley, receiver at Burlington, awaiting the action of the creditors and the Court.

OUR VOLUNTEERS.—It was pleasant to hear the members of the City Council last evening speak in high terms of the value of our volunteers, and although there was a difference of views as to the source from which the funds should come to discharge the bill sent in by Colonel Fletcher, for the protection of the Guibord funeral party, yet there was but one opinion on the necessity of paying the men, and that promptly. An understanding will probably be come to between the Council and the Government immediately on the subject.

BEAUPORT ASYLUM.—The report of this Asylum for the year ending June, 1874, has been issued, and is a voluminous publication, commencing with referring to the good work done; the regulations of the establishment; the work done, and the amusements provided. Two hundred and four admissions took place during the 12 months, and 181, of which 93 were males and 38 females, were placed in the institution for the first time; there were 5 re-admissions after escape, 10 after more than one year's absence, 6 after less than one year, 1 secondary admission, and one third re-admission after less than one year's absence. The death-rate of men during the year was 6.87, that of females, 5.73, namely, 38 men and 31 women.

GIRL IN MEN'S CLOTHES.—A fast young female, residing in St. Jean Baptiste Village, named Exilda Villemaire, 25, of supposed low character, was brought before the Recorder to-day, and charged with being dressed in male apparel. She was arrested yesterday afternoon, at one o'clock, by Police Constables Picard and O'Brien. The prankish nymph was ushered into the dock by Policeman Anderson, and appeared heartily ashamed of the lark she had been playing and of the ridiculous figure she was cutting, in hat, coat and trousers. The constable considerately took her hat off to show her head of long hair to the Court, but had it snatched from him lively by the young Amazon, who darted indignant glances at the bold conduct of the officer of the peace, and again she replaced the useful article upon her brow. She was sentenced to pay $5, or one month's imprisonment, for her little piece of amusement.

POLICE COURT.—Before W. H. Brehaut, Esq., P.M.—John Greaves, Civil Engineer, for obtaining a silver watch and chain from J. Vineburg, McGill street, under false pretences by giving a cheque on the Molsons' Bank, where he had no funds, was discharged, as the case was settled. Richard Lilly, residing in Juror street, for attempting to steal some game from Messrs. McGibbon & Baird. Joseph Plouffe, for stealing a lump of coal from the Moisic Iron Company's yard; the prisoner said that the Company owed him money and that he had no coal or wood and was freezing, so he took the coal to keep himself warm; he was sent to jail for one month. Joseph Labrecbe, accused of stealing two coils of rope valued at $2.50, and belonging to Patrick Coyle, trial fixed for to-morrow. Seraphin Bertrand, for breaking into the store of A. J. Marchl, Papineau Road, and stealing goods to the value of $25, was remanded for examination.

ACQUITTED.—The bill of indictment sent up to the Grand Jury yesterday against Captain Miles, late of the 13th Hussars, in connection with the pawning of two overcoats stolen from the City Club, was thrown out and the accused acquitted. We regret that we were led into doing Captain Miles an injustice by stating at the time of his arrest that he was of dissipated habits and had been brought up at the Recorder's Court previously for drunkenness. We are pleased to say that there are no grounds whatever for such a charge, it having arisen from mistaken identity by the officer who supplied the information. Captain Miles is employed here in a situation where a person of evil habits would not be retained a moment. His participation in the matter, for which he was arrested, merely amounted to the pawning of a couple of overcoats for a person who asked him as a favor to do so. There was no suspicion on the part of Captain Miles, however, that the coats were stolen.

REMANDED.—At the Recorder's Court, this morning, the four following parties were charged with selling fresh fish off the public markets, and were remanded until Tuesday, the 7th instant: Ann Ryan, wife of Cornelius Crowley; Howard Benallack and Benjamin Voyer, partners; Edward Spalding and Benjamin Holman. The case of Jane Lovell, wife of John Wiseman, for the same offence, was discontinued, at the recommendation of the Recorder, on payment of $1 costs. Hubert Chartrand, saloon-keeper, No. 330 St. Catharine street, charged with keeping his tavern open after 11 o'clock last Saturday night; Patrick Costello, grocer, corner of Vitre and St. Urbain streets, selling less than three half-pints of gin at a time; Louis Fauteux and Leopold Fauteux, 520 Ontario street, selling one dozen bottles of beer without a license; and Charles Reay, merchant, No. 652 Dorchester street, causing house-offal and manure to be thrown into a lane off Dorchester street, were also continued till the 7th instant.

AN UNHAPPY COUPLE.—Before the Recorder's Court to-day, a shoemaker, residing in Ontario street, named Maxime Mantha, 35, was accused by his wife of assaulting her yesterday afternoon. He was arrested by P. C. Gilbeault. They have been married for the past seven years, and have been on quarrelling terms for a long time. The prisoner's wife has had him convicted several times before for the same offence. The husband alleges that his wife left him and went to Quebec some time since, and he followed her and found her residing in a house of assignation, and succeeded in inducing the frail woman to return home again, representing that he had a house comfortably furnished for her. Neither have improved the sweetness of their tempers since, and quarrels have been frequent. Yesterday afternoon she wished to go out, but the prisoner prevented her, and a strife resulted in the husband tearing his wife's dress. He was fined $2.50 or fifteen days for his share of the row.

RECORDER'S COURT—Thursday—Eighteen was the number of cases disposed of by his Honor this morning. Angus H. Smith, 25, clerk, drunk in No. 6 police station, was fined $1 or eight days. William Moore, 45, laborer, lying drunk in St. James street; Pierre Dubois, 22, laborer, drunk in a sleigh in Craig street; Charles Brown, 20, and Thomas Richardson, 18, steamfitters, both drunk and disorderly in Craig street; Michael Harkin, 61, watchman, lying drunk in Prince street, and Alfred Whitting, 37, machinist, drunk in a yard off St. Urbain street, were all fined $1.50 or ten days. Josephine Simard, 32, lying drunk in Notre Dame street; Luke Daly, 21, laborer, drunk and breaking windows in St. Gabriel street; Mary Anne Green, 49, lying drunk off Colborne street; Mary Tellier, 22, an unfortunate, loitering in St. Lawrence street, and Jenny Caswell, 25, loitering in St. Urbain street, were each fined $5 or one month. Patrick Cloran, 20, carter, loitering off his stand, was discharged. Mary Ryan, 36, on a charge of vagrancy, was sent down to jail for two months with hard labor. Hermidas St. Denis, 15, driver, for driving without bells, was fined 50c. or 48 hours. The case of Charles Courtois, 22, laborer, drunk in a sleigh in Centre street, was remanded.

LARGE CONSUMPTION OF WATER.—Mr. Lesage, C. E., Superintendent of the Water Works, is making loud complaints at the great waste of water which is at present occurring. Yesterday the consumption was greater than in the middle of summer, when the fountains are playing and the watering-carts at work. The consumption for the last three days has averaged 16,000,000 gallons per day, being 2,000,000 in excess of the largest consumption in summer. The McTavish reservoir was nearly emptied yesterday, notwithstanding the engines are running full time, and getting through an enormous amount of fuel. Mr. Lesage can only account for this large increase in the consumption through householders leaving their taps open over night. Very severe measures will be taken with any one found causing an unnecessary waste, and if the great consumption does not decrease in a few days, some means will be taken by the authorities to put a stop to it. In our peregrinations through the city we have noticed many places where the pipes connected with houses have burst from the action of the frost, and a great waste of water has taken place in consequence. It is just possible that the extra quantity consumed arises from this cause. Housekeepers, however, should be specially careful not to allow waste of an article which is so necessary to the well-being of citizens generally.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

BEFORE HIS HONOR J. P. SEXTON.

The Court opened at 10:30.

Mr. DeLorimier made an application for bail for Desite Allard, charged with larceny.—Granted.

ARRAIGNMENTS.

George Patrie, larceny; plea, not guilty.

Wm. Golden, for the larceny of a banjo from Wm. Jewett; plea, not guilty; also, a silver watch from Catherine Kennan; plea, not guilty.

James Brennan, laborer, for burglary; plea, not guilty.

William Wallace, laborer, assaulting a constable; plea, not guilty.

Peter Curran was charged with the larceny of one Irish poplin dress, a pillow slip, some furs and several other articles. Mary O'Brien testified she had visited prisoner's store, believing it to be a pawn-shop, and had pawned the articles in question, to the value of $57, for which the prisoner advanced $2.50. An arrangement was made that if witness brought $5 within a week the articles would be returned. Witness' husband took the $5 and demanded the articles, upon which the prisoner replied he had sold part of them, but was willing to return the remainder, which he refused.

To Mr. Curran—Did not sell, them; left them under interest.

Mr. Curran then addressed the jury for the defence, and called James McCloskey, who deposed to being in the prisoner's shop at the time in question. The prisoner said he did not receive goods on pledge, but would buy them. The plaintiff said she did not want to sell them, but subsequently said she would, on the understanding that she might have them back if not sold when she returned.

The jury returned a verdict of not guilty, and the prisoner was discharged.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

Edouard Dussereau and Octave Cochu, for highway robbery and assaulting Edouard Parrette, who testified that in October last he had occasion to visit the city to buy clothing; he had $100 with him. He met the prisoners on St. Paul street, near Bonsecours Market, who invited him to take something. He accepted, and accompanied them and took a glass of whiskey; the prisoners stating they had no money, witness paid for the drinks, remarking when he invited friends to drink he always paid the treat. Did not know the name of the house where they took the drink; it was behind the Cattle Market. After this they left. One of the prisoners struck him a blow on the head, cutting him, knocking him down, and rifling his pockets. He afterwards went to the police and gave the description of the prisoners to the detectives.

Parrette was then cross-examined, at length, by the prisoner, O. Cochu.

Sophie Lacombe, the proprietress of the house in which Parrette was robbed, was next examined. She only testified as to their entering the house.

Detective Riche—On the 8th of October Parrette came to the station and said that he had been robbed and beaten by two men. Lafon and myself took the case in hand. When the prosecutor came to the station he was suffering from a severe cut in the head. Both the prisoners have been in jail. Dussereau has been in the penitentiary.

Cochu cross-examined Riche as to the date that he was in prison.

Charles Labelle, carpenter: I lent my hat to Dussereau some time in October; Riche arrested me for having the hat in my possession.

Vincent Lafon, detective, who made the arrest with Riche, was simply corroborative of Riche's testimony. The witnesses were examined by Cochu with all the persistency of a Police Court lawyer. This closed the evidence for the prosecution. The prisoners, on being asked if they had any witnesses as to character, stated they had one, a Mrs. Spence, but as she did not appear His Honor charged the jury, who retired, and after a short deliberation returned a verdict of "guilty," with a recommendation to the utmost rigor of the law.

William Wallace was next arraigned, charged with assaulting a policeman. The prisoner elected to be tried by an English jury.

Andrew Wilson, constable, City Police: Arrested prisoner on St. Urbain street between the hours of 7 and 8 on the evening of the 21st of October; he struck me in the face with his fist and kicked me in the leg.

Cross-examined by Mr. Archibald for the defence—Knew my duties, as I read the bylaws; I did not attempt to arrest prisoner until he struck me; I told him to get his hat; prisoner was pretty drunk at the time; as I turned my back the prisoner struck me; we had to carry the prisoner to the station.

This was all the evidence, so His Honor charged the jury against the prisoner. The jury, after a short consultation, without leaving the box, brought in a verdict of "guilty."

AFTERNOON SITTING.

Joseph Lefaivre, captain of the barque "Esteem," was placed in the box charged with stealing sundry articles of clothing, the property of Edward Coote.

Prosecutor testified that the things were missed and, on search being made, they were found in the possession of the prisoner.

Mr. Coote was cross-examined by Mr. J. J. Curran for the defence.

Joseph Lefaivre, jr.—I am employed on the barge with my father. In June last Mr. Coote gave me a pair of pants and a shirt. I swear positively that Mr. Coote gave me the things. My father sued Mr. Coote for his wages, and it was then Mr. Coote accused my father of stealing them.

The Jury, without retiring from the box, returned a verdict of "Not Guilty." The prisoner was accordingly discharged.

Joseph Lefaivre was then placed in the dock to answer the second charge of stealing a certain quantity of rope.

E. Coote testified that prisoner was in his employ; the rope was worth about $15.

Wm. Anderson, dealer in rope, was next examined—He purchased $3.00 worth of rope from the prisoner. The latter's wife, son and a man by the name of Roderick were present when he sold the rope.

Roderick, sailor on board the barge, was next examined; stated that prisoner had given him one dollar not to speak to any one about it. The case was proceeding when we went to press.

FINANCIAL.

STAR OFFICE, 4 P. M., December 2, 1875.

The money market continues quiet and unchanged with next to nothing doing. Sterling Exchange is nominally 8½ between banks. Gold drafts are quoted at par. Call loans nominally 7 per cent., and time loans 8 to 9. The rate of discount for first class commercial paper is easy at 7 per cent.

The stock market was strong and active, and some pretty heavy transactions took place in Bank of Commerce and Montreal Telegraph; the latter closing at 156½ and 150½ ex-dividend. It was stated in these columns some time ago that Montreal Telegraph was good safe stock at then current rates, and the events of the past few weeks certainly indicate the fact that that opinion was well founded.

The sales were: 5 Montreal at 180; 2 do at 180¼; 50 do at 180¾; 1 Peoples at 94; 66 Merchants at 95; 17 Eastern Townships at 105¼; 10 Royal Canadian at 92; 11 Commerce at 120¾; 1,000 do at 121, (seller to carry stock, three months, for 5 per cent.); 1,377 Montreal Telegraph at 156; 15 do at 156½; 85 do ex-div. at 150½; 70 Gas Company at 130.

The sales at the afternoon board were:—10 City, 99; 50 Jacques Cartier, 17; 41 Commerce, 121¼; 20 Metropolitan, 40; 50 Montreal Telegraph, 156½; 150 do., 156½.

The Customs' receipts to-day were $5,780.51.

In New York gold opened at 115½ and closed at 115. Sterling Exchange was quoted throughout at 4.83½.

The following were the fluctuations in stocks:—

	Op'g.	11.05	1.30	Clo'g.
Pacific Mail	41⅞	41¾	41⅝	41¾
West. Union Telegraph	74⅞	75⅛	75⅜	75⅛
Lake Shore	58⅛	59⅝	60⅜	60⅜
New York Central	—	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞
Rock Island	—	—	—	105⅛
Ohio & Mississippi	17⅞	17	16⅞	17⅛
North-Western	—	—	—	39
Do. preferred	53⅞	53	—	53⅞
Union Pacific	69	69⅞	—	69⅞
C. C. & I. C.	—	4	4⅞	4⅝
Toledo & Wabash	—	—	—	—
St. Paul	35⅞	35⅞	—	35⅞
Do. preferred	—	65⅞	66	65⅞
Erie	15⅞	16	16	15⅞

The best Washing Blue in the World is the LIGHTNING BLUE, for sale by Grocers. Warranted to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Grocers prefer it, because it pleases their customers, and the profits are large. Send in your orders at once, the Manufacturer is anxious to get in all the cash possible before "leaving for parts unknown." Orders received at 570½ CRAIG STREET.

WHY SUFFER PAIN? Dr. Mathieu's Tooth-Ache Drops relieve Tooth-Ache in five seconds. Applied free of charge at his office. Each box contains batting and an instrument for application complete. 25c. per box to any part of Canada on receipt of price. Sole proprietor DR. E. MATHIEU, 198 Notre Dame street, Montreal.

Elegant, Fragrant and Refreshing. MATHIEU'S DENTIFRICE arrests decay and removes Tartar and offensive secretions from the teeth. Acknowledging each bottle is an elegant Powder, the whole in an ornamental Toilet Box. Price 25c. Free to any part of Canada on receipt of price. DR. E. MATHIEU, Proprietor.

Births, Marriages and Deaths.

BIRTHS.

BROWNE—At No. 250 Guy street, on the 29th inst., the wife of Dunbar Browne, M.A., D.C.L., Collector of Inland Revenue, of a son. 285-2

MARRIAGES

KOEHLER, GROSSE—On the 24th Nov., at Toronto, John Koehler, to Marie Grosse, only daughter of Albert Grosse, Esq., all of Toronto.

BRITTON, DOYLE—At Toronto, on the 18th Nov., William Britton, to Margaret Doyle, all of Toronto.

McLEAN, HASTEY—On Wednesday, December 1st, at 127 Sauter street, by the Rev. Mr. Laing, of St. Paul's, William McLean to Alice M.A., eldest daughter of the late J. P. Hastey, all of Montreal. 285-2

DEATHS.

DILLON—On the 1st December, Annie Dillon, aged 22 years.

Funeral will leave her late residence, No. 3?7 St. Patrick street, on Friday, 3rd instant, at 2 o'clock, p.m., to the place of interment, R. C. Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

CAMPBELL—In this city, on the 30th November, Samuel Campbell, aged 32 years, late with D. Morrice & Co.

JOHNS—On the 30th inst., Matthias Johns, aged 40 years.

SHAW—On the 18th ult., at Sunnidale, Ont., Duncan Shaw, Esq., aged 70 years, a native of Islay, Scotland.

HURLEY—At Hamilton, on the 21st ult., Janet, wife of Captain D. Hurley, of Toronto, aged 57 years.

FISHER—At Parisean-th, Ont., on the 22nd ult., Isabella, daughter of James Fisher, Esq., aged 78 years.

McKIRDY—At Toronto, James McKirdy, late Bursar of the Asylum for the Insane, aged 61 years.

SKINNER—At Waterdown, Ont., on the 22nd ult., Ormond Skinner, Esq., M.D., aged 45 years.

New Advertisements this P. M.

CHINA, GLASS, GRANITE AND OTHER WARE. The whole of the stock at No. — McGill street, near St. Joseph street, will be sold by Auction, on MONDAY, 6th instant, at TEN o'clock. 285-3 DAVID FRASER, Auctioneer.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL. PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed Curator to the vacant succession of the late GEORGE LAVERGNE, in his lifetime Merchant Grocer, of the City of Montreal. PATRICK GRACE, Curator. Montreal, Dec. 2nd, 1875. 285-2

ALLAN LINE. Under Contract with the Government of Canada for conveyance of CANADIAN AND UNITED STATES MAILS. 1875. WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1876.

This Company's Lines are composed of the under-noted first-class full-powered, Clyde-built, double engine Iron Steamships:—

Vessels	Tons.	
Sardinian	4100	Lieut J. E. Dutton, R.N.R.
Circassian	3400	Capt. J. Wylie.
Polynesian	4100	Capt. Brown.
Sarmatian	3600	Capt. A. D. Aird.
Hibernian	3434	Lieut Archer, R.N.R.
Caspian	3200	Capt. Trocks.
Scandinavian	3000	Lieut. W. H. Smith, R.N.R.
Prussian	3000	Capt. Ritchie.
Austrian	2700	Capt. Barclay.
Nestorian	2700	Capt. Urquhart.
Moravian	2650	Capt. Graham.
Peruvian	2600	Capt. R. S. Watts.
Manitoban	3150	Capt. H. Wylie.
Nova Scotian	3300	Capt. Richardson.
Canadian	2600	Capt. Miller.
Corinthian	2400	Capt. Jas Scott.
Acadian	1350	Capt. Cabel.
Waldensian	2800	Capt. J. G. Stephen.
Phoenician	2600	Capt. Menzies.
Newfoundland	1500	Capt. Mylins.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line (sailing from Liverpool every THURSDAY, and from Portland every SATURDAY, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board and land mails and passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched

FROM PORTLAND.

Peruvian	4th Dec.
Prussian	11th Dec.
Sarmatian	18th Dec.
Moravian	25th Dec.
Scandinavian	1st Jan.
Sardinian	8th Jan.

Rates of passage from Montreal:— Cabin $75 to $85. Steerage $26 to $30.

The Steamers of the Glasgow Line are intended to sail between Glasgow and Portland at intervals during Season Winter Navigation. Rates of passage:— Cabin $60. Intermediate $40. Steerage $25.

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for. Corkage will be charged at rate of 2s stg. per bottle to cabin passengers supplying their own wines or liquors.

For freight or other particulars apply—in Portland, to H. & A. ALLAN, or J. L. FARMER; in Quebec, to ALLANS, RAE & CO.; in Havre, to JOHN M. CURRIE, 21 Quai D'Orleans; in Paris, to GUSTAVE BOSSANGE, 25 Quai Voltaire; in Antwerp, to AUG. SCHMITZ & CO., or RICHARD BERNS; in Rotterdam, to G. P. ITTMANN & ZOON; in Hamburg, to W. GIBSON & HUGO; in Bordeaux, to LAFITTE & VANDERCRUYCE, or E. DEPAS & CO.; in Belfast, to CHARLEY & MALCOLM; in London, to MONTGOMERIE & GREENHORNE, 17 Gracechurch street; in Glasgow, to JAMES & ALEX. ALLAN, 70 Great Clyde street; in Liverpool, to ALLAN BROTHERS, James street; in Chicago, to ALLAN & CO., 72 La Salle street, or to H. & A. ALLAN, Corner of YOUVILLE and COMMON STREETS.

TO LET, a small house on St. Louis street. Apply at 406 Notre Dame street. 285-2

BOARD AND ROOM, at 5 St. Elizabeth street. 285-2

ROOM—TO GENTLEMEN.—To Let, a neatly furnished Room, without Board, in a good locality. Apply at 109 Bleury street. 284-4

LOST, on Thursday afternoon, either on Upper St. George or Bleury streets, a very small Leather Purse, containing Three $1 bills and some silver. Finder will please return it to 331 Upper St. George and be rewarded. 285-3

WANTED, Canvassers. Apply at Low's Temperance Hotel, St. Henri street. 285-1

WANTED, by a woman, Washing and Ironing by the day, or an order to clean. Apply at 46 St. Charles Borromee street. 285-3

WANTED, by a first-class Salesman a place in a Tailor's or Ready-made Clothing store; best references can be given. Address C. P., this office. 285

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, two girls for housework, at 231 Bonaventure street. 285-1

TO THE TRADE. LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S TRAVELLING BAGS and SATCHELS In great variety, at H. A. NELSON & SONS, 91 to 97 ST. PETER STREET. TORONTO BRANCH, 56 and 58 Front street. 282

APPLES! APPLES! For a good barrel of APPLES, go to 240 McCORMICK'S, 204 Bleury street.

BEARINE, OR REAL BEAR'S GREASE, A HAIR BEAUTIFIER, PRESERVER AND DRESSING.

This elegant preparation, named from the Canada Bear, from which its most essential element is obtained, is a scientific compound of Real Bear's Grease, and other ingredients, so combined as to retain for a great length of time, its original fragrance and purity.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

We, the undersigned, Wholesale and Retail Druggists of the city of Montreal, take pleasure in recommending to the public the Bearine made by Messrs. Perry Davis & Son & Lawrence. Since the Bearine was first introduced, we have sold considerable quantities of it, and our customers have always expressed great satisfaction with the article.

(signed.) LYMANS, CLARE & CO., KERRY, WATSON & CO., DEVINS & BOLTON, JAMES GOULDEN, R. S. LATHAM, PICAULT & CO., HENRY R. GRAY, RICHARD BIRKS, J. A. HARTE.

As a Dressing for the Hair, nothing can be more beautiful or agreeable. It is elegantly perfumed, and renders the Hair soft, pliant and glossy. It serves to give it that peculiar richness and color, which is so essential to a complete toilette. It is the cheapest, most harmless and best Dressing in the world. Price, 50 cents per bottle. PERRY DAVIS & SON & LAWRENCE, SOLE PROPRIETORS, 290 Montreal, P.Q.

DR. MOYLE'S INHALER and CATARRH EXTRACT, WHEELER'S ELIXIR of the HYPOPHOSPHITES, GRAY'S SYRUP of RED SPRUCE GUM, VON LEAR'S KALYDOR for CHAPPED HANDS, FROSTBITES, &c. A large and fresh supply of the above seasonable and useful articles for sale by H. R. JACKSON, 271-3 Queen's Hall Block, Montreal.

JUST PUBLISHED, "THE PRIEST, THE WOMAN, AND THE CONFESSIONAL," BY FATHER CHINIQUY, Agents Wanted all over Canada. F. E. GRAFTON, 225 Corner Craig street and Victoria square, Opposite Y. M. C. Association Hall.

HARNESS! HARNESS! A very extensive and complete assortment of Harness of all kinds is now being offered at the SADDLERY WAREROOMS, 534 ST. JOSEPH STREET, At prices which defy competition. Call and see. 275 codt

LADIES! LADIES! LADIES! We have Just Received from NEW YORK, LADY DUFFERIN OVERS AND LADIES' WARM LEGGINGS. E. & A. PERRY, 375 Notre Dame Street. 277 codt

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, [No. 1291.] District of Montreal. SUPERIOR COURT, Montreal.—Joseph A. Marsan Lapierre, Plaintiff, vs. Seraphin Valiquet, Defendant.—Will be sold by public auction, by authority of justice, on Saturday the Eleventh day of December, instant, at Ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the domicile of the said defendant, in the City of Montreal, all the goods and chattels seized in this cause, consisting of Household Furniture, Carpets, and Sleighs, and the complete materials of a carriage Maker, a Horse and Sleigh. [illegible]

A SAFE TRUST;

OR,

THE REAL WILL.

CHAPTER V.—*Continued.*

No sooner did the blind old soldier enter the chamber of his dying child, and feel her thin, wasted arms thrown with passionate tenderness around his neck, than the fortitude he had prayed for abandoned him. He pressed her convulsively to his breast, and tears streamed from his sightless eyeballs down his venerable features.

He had braved the King of Terrors a hundred times on the battle field—seen the comrades of his youth, the brothers of his manhood, swept away from his side—mourned over the death of the wife of his affection—but never experienced an agony like the present hour.

"You are a good man, father!" sobbed the dying girl; "and God will give you strength to bear up against this affliction! Besides, Therese is left to you. She will support and comfort you when I am gone."

"I have borne much!" exclaimed the old man; "and never yet murmured at the hand which chastised me! The loss of my sight withdrew my affections from the world to centre them in my children, whose love alleviated my misfortune! And now to lose you! Why should the trunk be spared, and not the tender branch? Fanny—Fanny! my darling child!" he added, with a burst of grief; "would to heaven that I could die for thee!"

Some moments elapsed before either the dying girl or her heart-broken parent could speak again.

Therese, who was kneeling at the foot of the bed, prayed fervently. She dared not indulge in tears—the luxury of grief. The necessity of appearing calm and collected sustained her; for she well knew that her task ended not with the death of the sister she so tenderly loved: her father would then have no other stay.

It was a piteous sight to see the poor blind man pass his trembling hand over the wasted features of his child, as if to impress them on his memory—something for the heart to dwell upon.

"Bless me!" she whispered. "Forgive me all my faults and disobedience to you! Let me hear your sacred lips pronounce the words of pardon! I shall die happier—much happier—assured of your forgiveness! The Father of all," she added, "will show mercy to the child who kneels before His throne rich in her earthly father's blessing and forgiveness."

"Pardon!" repeated the adjutant, with deep emotion; "my sinless treasure! What have I to pardon? Your life has been a sacrifice to your poor blind father! You have been light to his eyes—a guide to his feeble steps! When I lose you, the darkness will fall upon my heart!"

"Therese will supply my place!"

"Therese is a good girl, and I love her dearly—very dearly! But——"

His daughter kissed him, to prevent the avowal of a preference which she well knew would wound her sister to the heart. She was aware that from childhood she had been the old man's favorite.

"Your blessing, father!" she murmured; "your blessing!"

Her parent placed his hand upon her head; it lingered fondly for an instant on the long silken curls—true, he had not seen them for years, but he remembered them; they were the same color as his wife's, too—the wife he had so passionately loved—so deeply mourned.

"I bless you Fanny," he sobbed—for tears impeded his utterance, "with a father's holiest blessing. I bless you for your duty and obedience! For——"

"No—no!" hastily interrupted his daughter; "for my love of you, father—for my love! That, at least, has never sinned against you!"

Could the adjutant have seen the look of agony and remorse which accompanied her words, a suspicion of something yet untold must have struck him: as it was, he mistook it for humanity—and the conviction only rendered her more dear to him.

"And for your love," he added, "which has been as perfect as your obedience! I shall soon rejoin you, Fanny!" he continued, pressing his lips to her forehead, upon which the death-dews were already gathering, sealing, by a parental kiss, the blessing and forgiveness he had pronounced; "rejoin you in that land where all will be light again—where the smiles of the first angels who welcome me will be yours and your dear mother's!"

"And you will not revoke it?" said Fanny, after a pause.

"Revoke it!"

"I mean," continued his daughter, speaking with increased difficulty, "that when I am gone, faults you have passed over in your love—negligences which are forgotten now—may——"

"Fanny, dear Fanny!" said her sister, gently taking her by the hand; "such words distress our father!"

The warning look recalled the sufferer to herself. Feeling that her last moments were approaching, she clasped her hands upon her bosom, and prayed fervently, but silently—prayed for her infant, soon to be an orphan. What would she not have given at that moment to imprint upon its innocent cheek a dying mother's kiss—have wept over it and blessed it? but that consolation was denied her.

"I am going, Therese!" she faltered; "raise me—in your arms, Therese! 'Tis sweet to die in the arms of one so good—so loving!"

Her sister, with the same calm fortitude which had sustained her during the agony of such a scene, complied with her request, and the head of the dying girl rested on her bosom.

The father fell upon his knees and tried to pray—but grief choked his utterance.

Fanny turned her eyes imploringly upon her, and, with a last effort, murmured in her ear:

"Your promise?"

A silent appeal to heaven that it should be kept was the only answer the devoted Therese could make—she dared not trust herself to speak. The sufferer understood her—a faint smile flitted for an instant over her features.

"Bless you—my own true sister!"

It was the last word her lips uttered—and with it her spirit fled. The chords of life were broken—as true a heart as ever trusted man had ceased to beat.

Time alone can show whether he who won it had deserved it.

So gently had the spirit of his daughter passed away, that the blind man was not aware all was over till Therese stole gently to the side of the bed, where he was still kneeling, and, throwing her arms around him, said, in a broken voice:

"Father! heaven has one angel more!"

Then, like the chords of a lute which had been overstrung, the strength and fortitude of the poor girl gave way; tears gushed to her relief, and she wept as affection weeps over the heart's broken tie.

CHAPTER VI.

There was a soft and pensive grace,
A cast of thought upon her face,
That suited well the forehead high—
The eyelash dark—the downcast eye.
The mild expression spoke a mind
In duty firm, composed, resigned.
WALTER SCOTT.

With returning health came the necessity of exertion—for the illness and funeral of Fanny had made fearful inroads on the scanty means of the adjutant, which were yet further decreased by the lingering sickness of her surviving sister.

Therese was not a girl to sit patiently down and see her aged parent deprived of those little comforts which habit had made necessary to him—and after some days of anxious consideration, it was made known in Farnsfield that she was willing to employ her leisure time in needlework.

Some gave her work from curiosity—they were anxious to see and question her: it was a triumph to the rector's sister and the purse-proud daughters of the lawyer to witness what they considered the humiliation of the once light-hearted, happy girl whose beauty had been the theme of so many tongues—eclipsing their genteel pretensions. Others assisted her from a more generous motive—pity: they saw the struggle between honest pride and poverty.

It was a terrible shock to her father when he first discovered how his remaining child employed her time—he felt both angry and annoyed. Angry, because it sometimes deprived him of those little attentions so necessary to him; annoyed, at the idea of a daughter of his being reduced to such a necessity. The blind old man could not forget that he had borne the commission of his sovereign, and in station was a gentleman.

Poor Therese could not comprehend the objections of her parent, although she strove anxiously to soothe them. She felt—and rightly—that the motive sanctified her labor.

The young farmer, Stephen Franklin, was still a constant visitor at the cottage, much to the annoyance of his mother—who, being own sister to the housekeeper at the hall, considered herself by an infinite kind of link connected with the aristocracy; and the thought of her son—who had only to choose to be accepted by the richest girl in Farnsfield—throwing himself away as she termed it, upon the daughter of a blind old beggar, was mortifying to her pride in the extreme. The possibility of Therese refusing her darling boy never once entered her imagination—it would have made her yet more bitter against her.

Such is the strange contradictions of humanity.

Charles Graham, who had lost the most of his pupils through his chivalrous defence of the unhappy Fanny, had accepted the place of organist at the little town of Mansfield. It was a sad blow to him to be compelled to quit his native village and the dear old organ at Farnsfield. Scarcely had an evening passed that he did not walk over, generally with some little present in his hand, to the inmates of the cottage.

The adjutant looked for his visits, and felt annoyed if he did not come. Therese received him with a gentle smile.

The poor musician knew not what to attribute the altered manner of the once light-hearted girl to; the sadness of her smile perplexed him: he had a thousand times rather she had rallied him and laughed at his love-speeches, as in the happy period of their earlier acquaintance—he had understood that. The continual presence of Stephen was another source of annoyance. Lovers are proverbially quick sighted where a rival is concerned—and he soon discovered that the errand of the young farmer was similar to his own. He saw, too, that Therese perceived his anxiety to obtain a private interview with her, and studiously avoided it.

One evening fortune favored the musician. His rival, unable to resist the solicitations of his fond but misjudging mother, had been prevailed upon him to accompany him to the annual feast at South Collingham, a neighboring village, situated on the banks of the Trent, a few miles from Farnsfield. Therese had to take home some work she had been all day engaged upon, and Charles offered to accompany her.

She would have declined his escort—but her father insisted on her accepting it, observing that the hour was too late for her to go out alone, and the house she was going to was at the extreme end of the village.

"We are selfish beings!" said her lover, with a sigh, as they entered the narrow footpath leading through the corn-field to the old church. "I saw that you did not wish me to go with you—and yet, Therese, I could not resist the pleasure—for I have long desired to speak to you alone!"

Despite the schooling she had given her heart, the poor girl trembled violently. She guessed the words which were about to follow.

"You have long known that I love you," resumed the young man, after a pause, during which he had gathered courage for the explanation which he wished, yet dreaded; "but you will never know how deeply—how devotedly. I was a mere boy, Therese, when the passion first took possession of me—and you a light, joyous girl, just emerging from the grace of childhood. Often have I quitted my companions, and sat for hours on the tombstones in the churchyard, thinking of you! My comrades called me a dreamer—they little knew how happy such dreams are. The feeling has grown with my growth—strengthened with my years; twisted itself so closely round my heart, that it has become part of my existence—part, do I say? It is its light and hope. You are not angry with me? you will listen to me—listen to me patiently—for I would not offend you for the world!"

"I am not angry!" answered Therese, in a very low tone; "few but might feel proud of such a love!"

(*To be continued.*)

ENGLAND.

John Welkins, an English miser, wanted to cheat his mother; so, on his death-bed he ate up bills to the amount of $150,000. The numbers were registered, and the old lady got the money back from the bank.

The controversy about expelling the Bible from the public schools is waxing warm not only in the United States, but in England as well. Recently Mr. Spurgeon took strong ground in a recent speech against the exclusion of the Bible from public schools. He says:—"Why should that which ought to be an essential part of education not be believed in, on account of half a dozen infidels? Why should the reading of the Bible be given up to please them, making infidelity the national religion of England? And badly as I think of the present national religion, I certainly prefer it to having Mr. Bradlaugh Archbishop of Canterbury, and his doctrines taught as the religion of the age. One thing is certain, the Churches must feel that the religious education of the people rests entirely upon them, and they must be doing their work."

"We see," says the London *Spectator*, "it is stated that Sir Garnet Wolseley, while in Natal, devised a new and extremely clever plan for increasing the force at the disposal of the Government. He organized the Indian coolies, of whom considerable numbers are arriving, and thus created an auxiliary force of 1,300 strong. These coolies, who are mainly from the Nerbudda Valley, will make excellent soldiers; they will, if kindly treated, obey like children, and they are about as likely to ally themselves with the Zulus against Englishmen as ourang-outangs against men. It is a secondary advantage that their new position will secure them against ill-treatment. You must conciliate men upon whom you depend in battle, and if the Mauritius or Guiana were exposed to savage incursions, we should hear little of coolie grievances."

Large quantities of railway wheels are now made at Sheffield, England, of wood and paper. They are thus described: The wheel consists of discs of wood laid over one another and suitably joined, or of paper compressed by powerful machinery. The sheets of paper are made into a homogeneous block under a pressure of about four hundred tons, the boss being forced into position before the tire is put on. The core is forced into the tire by means of an hydraulic press, the core being secured to an annular flange on the inner edge of the tire, this flange fitting into a recess in the core, which is fastened to it by bolts. It is contended that should the tire break it will not leave the disc or body of the wheel, but if it should break away altogether, then that the wheel would be strong enough to bear the weight resting upon it.

SCOTLAND.

The peat fuel companies of Dumfriesshire have proved failures.

The Duke of Sutherland has become an extensive proprietor of land in Natal.

H. M. cutter "Eagle" has arrived at Lerwick with ammunition for the Royal Naval Reserve batteries.

The King of Greece has conferred the Grand Cordon of the Order of the Saviour upon the Duke of Sutherland.

Mr. Henry Wright, in a letter to the *Times*, points out that the credit of inventing the circular ironclads, known as "Popoff's Monitor," really belongs to the late Mr. John Elder of Glasgow.

Mr. Hugh Rose, a gentleman who has taken a prominent part in political as well as religious and benevolent work in Edinburgh, has been elected President of the Baptist Union of Scotland.

The foot and mouth disease has obtained a new hold in the Machars of this county, fresh disease having been imported from Falkirk Tryst. It is also spreading in the Rhins, Wigtonshire.

In consequence of the late decision in the Court of Session affecting the proclamation of banns in *quoad sacra* churches, "cries" were made on the 24th ult., for the first time in the Johnstone Parish Church.

The large cotton mills, in Glasgow, belonging to Robertson & Co., and Young & Co., were totally destroyed. The loss is estimated at $1,500,000, and 1,200 persons are thrown out of employment by the disaster.

Scarlet fever and diphtheria have been prevalent in Holytown for two months, affecting both old and young. The doctors are of opinion that bad water is the cause of so much trouble both in Holytown and neighboring villages.

An epidemic of measles and scarlet fever, chiefly the former, prevails to such an extent in the village of Bonhill that the School Board, acting under medical authority, have resolved to close the public school there for a fortnight.

The Lintrathen water was on the 28th ult. flowing to Dundee at the rate of five million gallons per day. It is understood to be the intention of the contractors gradually to increase the flow till the maximum quantity—eight millions a day—is reached.

Robert Rutherford, son of the "Queen of the Gipsies," was, on the 25th ult., at Jedburgh, after evidence, convicted of having assaulted Superintendent Moscrip, of the Kelso police, by stabbing and cutting him on the hand with a knife. He was sent to jail for six weeks.

All the sheep and a number of cattle belonging to the tenants on Sir John Ramsden's estate, in the parish of Alvie, were disposed of, in consequence of Sir John intending to plant 1700 acres of the hill ground, and giving the remainder of the hill to one tenant, instead of four as formerly. Both cattle and sheep realised high prices.

A gentleman in Perthshire has challenged Perkins, the champion walkist of England, for £200 or £500 that he (Perkins) cannot walk, fair toe and heel, eight miles and a quarter within the hour, the trial to come off at the Powderhill Grounds, Edinburgh, Scotland, and within three months from date of the acceptance of the match.

When Prince Leopold was on a visit to Blythswood House, Renfrewshire, recently, he inspected the ancient abbey of Paisley. He has since then called the attention of Dr. Lees, the incumbent, to the fact that the building contains no monument to Robert the Second and the other members of the Stuart family who are buried in the abbey, and states that the Queen, on being informed of this, has signified her willingness to erect a suitable memorial.

The Edinburgh Associated Congregation of Remnant of Original Seceders, who claim to be the descendants of those who left the Establishment in 1733, met on the 28th ult. in the Hall, Forrest Road, to renew the National Solemn League and Covenant. The last time this ceremony was gone through in connection with this body was in 1846.

It is announced that a marriage will shortly take place between Donald Cameron, of Lochiel, M.P., and Lady Margaret Scott, second daughter of the Duke and Duchess of Buccleuch. Mr. Cameron is the head of the famous Highland clan of that name, and an extensive proprietor in Inverness-shire. He was born in 1835, and is the eldest son of the late Cameron of Lochiel.

A chimney 468 feet high from the foundation, which is 14 feet beneath the surface of the earth, has just been completed at Glasgow. It is 32 feet in diameter at the ground, and 18 at the top, and contains 7,000,000 bricks, weighing 7,000 tons. When within five feet of completion, the chimney was struck by a gale from the north-east, which caused it to sway 7 feet 9 inches off the perpendicular, and it stood several feet less in height than before it swayed, but by "sawing back" it was brought again to a vertical position.

Intelligence has been received at Leith that one of two steam dredgers built on the Clyde for the Russian Government for service on the Neva has been run into near the Island of Gothland in the Baltic, by an unknown barque. The "Arab," a new steamer, which was taking out the dredger to St. Petersburg, attempted to tow it to Burwick's Bay, but striking on a rock, filled and sank, the dredger also going down alongside. The other dredger, which sank in passing through the Caledonian Canal, has been repaired, and sailed from Inverness for the Neva, in tow. Each of the unwieldly vessels has cost £30,000.

On a recent evening two female domestic servants at the manse of Ecclesmachan had occasion to pass the village churchyard gate, when they were greatly alarmed by the appearance of a figure in white, advancing towards them and uttering unearthly groans. One of the girls fainted, and was seriously ill for a considerable time afterwards; the other escaped to the manse scarcely less frightened. The police were informed of the affair, and have apprehended at Stirling, where he had enlisted in the army, a tailor named Black, who disappeared from the locality immediately after the affair. Black was confined in Linlithgow prison to await his trial.

Sir William Stirling Maxwell has presented to the Paisley Burns' Club a large block of the renowned yew tree which formerly grew on Crookston Castle grounds, and which was known as "Queen Mary's Tree"—it being historically connected with the courtship of Darnley, and Queen Mary. On this tree the poet Burns in the year 1777 carved his name and the date of his visit, and the piece of the tree bearing this inscription is looked upon as a precious relic of the poet at Pollok House. The intention of Sir William Stirling Maxwell in making the present to the Paisley Burns' Club is that a hammer may be made out of the block for the use of the President of the Club.

Captain Adams, of the whaler "Arctic," who arrived in Dundee from the Davis Straits fishing on Nov. 11th, brings cheering intelligence regarding the Polar Expedition. He states that this year Melville Bay was found in an exceedingly open condition, and comparatively little difficulty was experienced in passing through it, a circumstance without a parallel in the recollection of the oldest whaling captains. On the 24th June the North Water was reached, and on the following day the "Arctic" passed Cary Island. There a heavy swell was encountered with strong wind from the north-east, the state of things being much what is found in the North Sea after a gale. This circumstance led Captain Adams to the belief that there must have been a vast extent of open water towards the North, and he is convinced that the Government ships must have reached a higher latitude than they possibly could have attained for many years past. Captain Adams has an intimate knowledge of the Polar regions, and has already made several valuable contributions to Arctic discoveries.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

A noble Omaha mastiff has saved the lives of three children within the past month.

Corn is so abundant in Missouri that in some localities it is selling at fifteen cents a bushel.

A man in Texas who was recently splitting stolen rails with stolen tools was killed by a rebounding wedge.

The original hemlock log foundations of Long Wharf, Boston, are found to be as solid as when put down 164 years ago.

A Frenchman professes to have discovered evidence proving that America was first discovered by the Chinese in the sixth century.

Madame Ristori recently played at Sydney, in New South Wales, and in one week made a net profit, it is said, of about $10,000 in gold.

A boy thirteen years old shot himself in St. Louis, last week, because his parents had decided to send him away from home to fill a business engagement.

There is a Catholic priest in Kansas—Father Pengelone—of the Osage mission, who is a distant relative of Victor Emmanuel. He was once a lawyer in Turin.

The statue of Columbus, which for years was in front of the Palace of Industry, in the Champs Elysees, in Paris, has been removed to its original destination, Lima.

Recent experiments conclusively prove that coffee can be raised in every portion of California where the soil is congenial. Snow does not appear to materially injure the plant.

A farmer near Pine Run, Va., while ploughing, struck a bombshell, which burst, and injured him and his team so that the horses had to be killed, and it was thought that he would die.

A school teacher in Leandro, Cal., is in trouble for brutal treatment of his pupils. He compelled a boy to walk up a flight of 29 steps 100 times for the offence of looking over his shoulder.

A violent hailstorm lately passed over the town of Rolla, Mo. The hailstones were as large as pigeons' eggs, and it is estimated that ten thousand panes of glass were broken, all on the west side of the houses.

When M. Thiers complained that the sunshine hurt his eyes, a friend proposed blue spectacles. "Change the color of my spectacles!" said the veteran. "Oh, no! the country would be agitated for a month."

Of the cedars of Lebanon, only seven now remain. They cover a space of not over half a mile on the mountain side. They are more than a thousand years old. Indeed, it is believed that some of them were planted by Solomon.

Several attempts to burn the Franklin House, in Bangor, Me., were made within a recent period, and the excitement and worry of mind into which they threw the proprietor of the establishment superinduced brain fever, of which he died.

John Watkins, of Dedham, Mass., being very ill, was taken to the polls on election day in a carriage. On returning home, the excitement caused him to drop dead, and his daughter was so shocked by the bereavement that it is doubted if she will recover.

On Wednesday evening of last week, a young man in St. Louis named Fogg attempted to kill a young lady of sixteen, whose mother would not permit her to receive his addresses. He called at her residence, fired at her with a revolver, inflicting a not very serious wound, and then stabbed himself. He died the same night.

One engineer of the steamship "Royal Standard," lying at New Orleans, was found dead in his state-room on Wednesday morning of last week, and another engineer of the same vessel was found insensible, and was not expected to recover. It is supposed they were suffocated by coal gas, which escaped from the bunkers through the floor of the room.

A Hungarian journal announces the death of a very old maid, who lately expired in the hospital at Pesth, aged one hundred and twelve years. Her name was Anna Pettovich, and she was born at Waitzen on the 13th of June, 1763. At the age of seventy-seven she was left entirely destitute, and from that time till her death lived on the charity of the world.

A colored woman in Macon, Ga., wrote to her husband in South Carolina: "you rote me word, you was comin hum soon, and you hav not kum. So I am korting now; i am goin' to git marrid, and goin awa from Georgy. I remane yure wife." A pretty letter that for an absent husband to receive! Did that wife learn the noble art of chirography for such a heartless use?

In Winona, Minnesota, a sad accident occurred a short time ago. A young bride, married only five days, shot her husband. They were married in Chicago, and had only just reached their home. The husband was unpacking a valise, from which he took a pistol, and handed it to his wife. She was examining it, when suddenly it was discharged, and the bullet lodged in the brain of her husband, who fell to the floor, and died almost immediately. The unfortunate wife was almost frenzied at the terrible accident.

Brussels lace is famous throughout the world. It is manufactured chiefly in the city of Brussels, and is superior to every other quality made in Belgium or in foreign countries. The flax employed is the finest that can be procured, and costs from sixty to eighty dollars a pound. The spinning is performed in darkened rooms, with a beam of light only admitted upon the work through a small aperture. The patterns are all worked separately and stitched on. The peculiar qualities of this lace are its delicate firmness, elegance, and variety of design.

The death of an old negress in Kentucky is announced. Her age was one hundred and eleven years. It is said that no one who saw her could doubt for a moment that she had attained this age. She was nothing but skin and bones. The muscles in her wrists and ankles had contracted in such a manner as to render them entirely useless to her. She had not been able to get out of the house for a number of years. Though a complete imbecile the greater part of the time, occasional moments of remembrance would come to her, and she would talk of occurrences of eighty and ninety years ago quite intelligently. At the time of her death she was living with a daughter over seventy years old.

A somewhat awkward incident occurred at a London church a week or two ago. The bridegroom, a very nervous man, put the wedding-ring for a moment into his mouth while he frantically tried to pull off his gloves. In the flurry and excitement as the moment for pledging his troth came more and more awfully near, he opened his mouth for a gasp or a sigh, and, lo! the ring slipped down his throat as if by magic. For one brief moment his face assumed a hue so appallingly suggestive of apoplexy that his bride fainted. After a desperate struggle the ring went down instead of coming up, and the ceremony came to an abrupt stop. Another ring was eventually obtained, however, and the knot was tied.

FACTS AND FIGURES.

In Charleston, S. C., during the Summer, 70,000 pounds of chloride of lime were used as a disinfectant.

Chicago has at last got a genuine occasion for crowing over St. Louis. The average amount of mail matter received at the Post-Office in these cities daily is respectively 70,000 and 10,000 pounds. But then some folks say that 60,000 of that received at Chicago is made up of duns.

The Registrar-General of Ireland has made public the agricultural statistics for the present year. The collection of these statistics commenced June 1 and occupied nearly two months. In the work thirty-eight hundred persons were employed, who visited each of the six hundred thousand holdings. It is a noteworthy fact that while the giving of information was purely voluntary, but one landed proprietor in all Ireland refused to furnish the desired information.

A Boston merchant, who imports nearly all the gutta percha which enters the United States, writes to the *Scientific American* to say that the only region of production thus far discovered is the East India islands, in the immediate vicinity of Singapore. The principal use of gutta percha is for insulating telegraph cables, and for cementing. India rubber is collected in localities all around the globe between the tropics. The best comes from the banks of the Amazon River. Brazil produces annually about 14,000,000 pounds, and the Central American States, Africa, and the East Indies together, about 15,000,000 pounds. The consumption of india rubber is about equally divided between the United States and Europe.

In New South Wales they send messages 4,000 miles for 50 cents, and in Victoria they operated the telegraph, last year, at a profit of $200,00. Whether this was sufficient to pay the interest on the cost does not appear. There are 5,600 miles of wire in Victoria. The report of the British post-office for the last fiscal year is just out, from which it appears that, for the first time, the postal telegraph has paid its expenses, and has £109,000 over to apply on the interest on the debt, which is three or four times as much. The increase in the business, last year, was 10 per cent. There are now 6,000 postal savings banks in the United Kingdom, 1,670,000 depositors, and $23,000,000 on deposit, or about half as much as is on deposit in the savings banks of Massachusetts.

In the last ten years 214 criminals have been sentenced to death in England and Wales, but only 103, or less than half the number, were in fact executed. In the year 1874 as many as twenty-six were sentenced to death, and sixteen of them were executed. In the thirty-nine years, 1836-74, there have been 432 criminals executed in England and Wales, or eleven a year upon an average. The largest number in that period was twenty-two, in 1863; the smallest was four in 1871. There were 111 executed in the first and there were 103 in the last. If we go further back than 1836, we find very different figures; in the three years 1833-5 the executions were no less than 101, averaging thirty-four a year. But even in those dark ages we have looked in vain for records of capital sentences passed, as our Italian contemporary *Fanfulla* states, by clerical Justices of the Peace.

A PROTEST.

On the last trip of the Richelieu steamers "Montreal," which stopped at Batiscan on account of the weather, in place of going on to Quebec, the passengers felt very much disappointed and drew up a protest which stated that they left Montreal in good faith, that, weather permitting, every reasonable effort has to be made to land them at Quebec in due course; that they were detained at Sorel for several hours, for the alleged reason that on first proceeding from Sorel on her voyage, it was after two hours discovered that she had an insufficient supply of coal and it was therefore necessary to return to Sorel for fuel, causing several hours detention; that on arriving at Batiscan they were detained for 30 hours; that they had duly paid their fares for the voyage from Montreal to Quebec; that since leaving Montreal the passengers had been informed that while the alleged cause of detention was the apprehended possibility of change of weather, yet the real cause lay in the fact that the insurance on the steamboat had expired, and as a consequence the captain and officers felt either unable or unwilling to incur the ordinary responsibility and risk of navigation, though the "Rocket" had passed up from Quebec to Montreal, and the SS. "Alhambra" down to Quebec, while the "Montreal" lay at the wharf; that the weather offered no sufficient reason for the detention; that the passengers had respectfully called on the captain to proceed on the trip without delay, and that they had determined to hold parties personally liable, responsible for the loss caused by such detention, and for all other consequences incurred. The protest was signed by John Mason, Montreal; R. G. Starke, W. Gibsone, from Three Rivers; Alex. E. Ormiston, Fred. H. Scott, Robert Kinnear, passenger for Glasgow; W. T. Mason, Toronto; W. Higgins, C. H. Cordingly, passenger for Glasgow; J. G. Howden, Ed. Saith, and P. L. Trusignault.

The document was handed to the captain, who, however, turned the boat around and came back. At Three Rivers the manager and president of the company also heard the complaint.

Many of the passengers were bound for England and were disappointed in getting off. Such a breach of faith is not creditable to the company that sanctioned it.

Remember the Annual Run on Cornices, Cornice Poles, Curtain Bands, Tassel Hooks, at this time of the year, at
L. J. A. SURVEYER'S, 524 Craig street.

POWER OF SPEAKING RESTORED.

NEWASH, Ontario, D.C., March 30, 1870.

Mr. Fellows—Sir: Some two months ago my son lost his voice. I became very anxious about him. None of the physicians could do him any good. Having heard of your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites, I obtained a bottle. Strange to say, my son's voice was restored about two hours after taking the second dose. You are at liberty to publish this for the benefit of other sufferers.

JONAS FOTHERINGILL.

The finest stock of Fancy Bronzed Brackets and Etagres, Fancy and Plain Stair Rods, Cornices and Cornice Poles, all at reduced prices, before stock taking. L. J. A. SURVEYER, 524 Craig st.

TARIFF FOR HACKNEY CARRIAGES.

ONE HORSE VEHICLES.

From any place to any other, without stopping:—
1 or 2 persons 25 cts. 3 or 4 persons 40 cts.
From any place to any other, and back, provided the time occupied do not exceed the half hour:—
1 or 2 persons 25 cts. 3 or 4 persons 50 cts.
When the drive exceeds the half hour, hour rates to be charged.

BY THE HOUR.

For the first hour:—
1 or 2 persons 60 cts. 3 or 4 persons 75 cts.
For every subsequent hour:—
1 or 2 persons 50 cts. 3 or 4 persons 65 cts.

TWO-HORSE VEHICLES.

From any place to any other, without stopping:—
1 or 2 persons 40 cts. 3 or 4 persons 50 cts.
From any place to any other, and back, provided the time occupied do not exceed half an hour:—
1 or 2 persons 55 cts. 3 or 4 persons 65 cts.
From time in excess of the half hour, hour rates to be charged:—

BY THE HOUR.

1 or 2 persons 80 cts. 3 or 4 persons $1.00.
Fractions of hours to be charged at *pro rata* hour rates—but not less than one quarter of an hour shall be charged when the time exceeds the hour.
Fifty per cent. to be added to the tariff rates for rides from TWELVE midnight to FOUR a. m.
The tariff by the hour shall apply to all rides extending beyond the City limits—when the engagement is commenced and concluded within the City.

BAGGAGE.

For each trunk or box carried in any vehicle 10 cents. But no charge shall be made for travelling bags or valises which passengers can carry by the hand.

NOTICE.—Drivers are bound to hand over to all Travellers whenever they are asked to do so, the rules and regulations [illegible]

Ash Sifters, Coal Scuttles, Coal Shovels, Stove Boards, Clothes Wringers, Mangles; also, manufacturer of Ross' Patent Steam Washer; no rubbing required; can be used on any cook stove or range.
264 L. J. A. SURVEYER, 524 Craig street.

POST OFFICE TIME TABLE.

Post Office, Montreal, 22nd Nov., 1875.

Delivery A.M.	Delivery P.M.	MAIL.	Close A.M.	Close P.M.
		ONTARIO.		
8 00	......	(a) Ottawa by Railway	7 45	8 00
8 00	......	(a) Province of Ontario	7 45	8 00
......	......	Ottawa River Route	......	......
		QUEBEC.		
......	......	Quebec by Steamer	......	......
		(b) Quebec by Railway	......	8 00
		East. Townships, Three Rivers, Arthabaska & Riviere du Loup R. R.	......	3 00
11 00		St. Remi & Hemmingford R. R.	......	2 00
8 00	2 30	St. Hyacinthe, Sherbrooke, &c.	6 15	3 & 8
		St. Johns (b) and Vermont Junction R. R.	......	1 15
10 00	......	Shefford and the S. E. C. Railways	......	1 15
		LOCAL MAILS.		
......	......	Beauharnois Route	6 00	......
10 00	......	Chambly & St. Cesaire	6 00	3 00
11 00	......	Contrecoeur, Varennes and Vercheres	......	1 30
11 00		Cote St. Paul	7 00	......
10 30		Tanneries West	7 00	2 00
10 00	5 45	Huntingdon	6 00	2 00
9 30	2 00	Lachine	6 00	2 00
10 00	......	Longueuil	6 00	2 00
11 00	2 15	St. Lambert	......	1 15
......	......	Laprairie	......	1 15
11 00	......	New Glasgow, Sault-aux-Recollets	7 00	
......	5 15	Terrebonne and St. Vincent	7 00	2 30
8 30	5 00	Point St. Charles	8 30	2 00
		St. Laurent, St. Eustache, St. Scholastique and Belle Riviere	7 00	......
......	1 30 / 2 30	St. Jerome, St. Rose and St. Therese	7 00	......
10 00	......	St. Johns and St. Armand Station	8 00	1 15
8 00	......	Three Rivers, by North Shore Land Route	......	1 00
		MARITIME PROVINCES.		
8 00	......	New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and P. E. I.	} .. {	3 00 / 8 00
		Newfoundland forwarded daily on Halifax, whence despatch is on alternate Tuesdays, counting from Nov. 30	......	8 00
		UNITED STATES.		
8 & 10	......	Boston & New England States, except Maine	8 00	1 15
8 & 10	......	New York & Southern States	......	1 15
8 00	......	Island Pond, Portland and Maine	......	3 & 8
8 & 11	......	(a) Western and Pacific States and Manitoba	7 45	8 00
		WEST INDIES.		
		Letters, &c., prepaid via New York are forwarded daily on New York whence mails are despatched. For Havana and West Indies via Havana every Thursday p. m. from New York. For St. Thomas, the West Indies and Brazil, on the 23rd of every month.	......	1 15
		GREAT BRITAIN.		
		By Canadian Line (Friday)	......	7 00
		By New York on Mondays, Tuesdays	......	1 15

(a) Postal Car Bags open till 8:30 a. m. and 9 p. m.
(b) Postal Car Bags Open till 3:30 and 9:30 p. m.
Registered Letters must be posted 15 minutes before the closing of each Mail.
Street Boxes are visited at 10 a.m., 12.30, 5.30 and 8 p. m.

TRAINS LEAVE BONAVENTURE DEPOT AS FOLLOWS.

TO THE WEST.

For Prescott, Ottawa, Toronto, Chicago and intermediate places at 9 a.m., and 10 p.m., and Mixed for Toronto at 7 a.m.

For Brockville and intermediate places at 4:30 p.m.

TO THE EAST.

For Island Pond and intermediate stations at 7 a.m.

Island Pond and intermediate stations at 4 p.m. For Quebec, Three Rivers, Island Pond, Bangor, Me., St. John, N.B., Portland and Boston at 10 p.m. A train leaves Point Levi at 8 a.m. daily for Riviere du Loup.

TO LACHINE.

At 7:30 a.m., 9:00 a.m., 3 p.m., 6 p.m. The 3 p.m. train connects at Caughnawaga for the Province Line and intermediate places.

TO THE SOUTH.

The train leaving at 2.45 p.m. connects at St. Johns for West Farnham and Waterloo.

For St. Johns and Boston at 9:05 a.m. and 2.45 p.m., St. Johns and New York, at 2.45 p.m.

For Rouse's Point and New York via Lake Champlain, at 3.00 p.m.

For Rouse's Point at 9.05 a.m.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT THE BONAVENTURE DEPOT AS FOLLOWS.

FROM THE WEST.

From Chicago, Detroit, Sarnia, Toronto and intermediate stations at 9:30 p.m. and 9 a.m. Trains from Ottawa connect at Prescott Junction with both trains.

From Cornwall and intermediate stations at 8:50 a.m.

From Toronto and intermediate stations at 6:15 p.m.

FROM THE EAST.

From Boston, Portland, Island Pond, Sherbrooke, Richmond, Quebec, Three Rivers and intermediate stations at 8:30 a.m.

From Island Pond, Sherbrooke, Richmond and intermediate stations at 11 a.m.

From Island Pond and intermediate stations at 5:50 p.m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

From New York, Waterloo, and intermediate stations at 8.50 a.m.

From Boston at 8.50 a.m. and 10:00 p.m.

From Rouse's Point at 10:10 a.m. and 7 p.m.

NOTICES

NOTICE TO BUILDERS PLASTERERS, &c., &c.

The Champlain Quarry and Lime Company have removed their Office and LIME SHEDS to their Yard on Wellington street, next to the Montreal Warehousing Company's Stores.

N. B.—Their Lime is both better and cheaper than any other in use.

NOTICE TO ARCHITECTS, BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

The Montreal Quarry Company have opened a Stone Yard on Wellington street, and will keep on hand a supply of

DIMENSION STONE.

Orders for sizes executed with despatch.

N.B.—Bridge, Canal and other heavy work undertaken.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS, FORWARDERS AND CONSIGNEES.

The undersigned having connected their Yard and Stores by a siding on Wellington street with the G. T. Railway, will undertake the Loading or Unloading of Cars and Storage.

233 eod HENRY BENJAMIN & CO.

EVANS & RIDDELL,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS.

EDWARD EVANS,

OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE.

WESTERN CHAMBERS,

22 ST. JOHN STREET.

MONTREAL. 262z

MISCELLANEOUS.

BOOTS! BOOTS!!—The greatest bargains to be had in the city in Boots and Shoes, is at Lennon's, 106 Wellington street—Ladies' Kid Buttoned Boots, $2, Misses' do., $1.75, Childrens' do., $1.50; Ladies' Prunella Congress, 75c. to $1.00, Ladies' Prunella Balmorals, 75c. to $1.00; Ladies' French Kid Congress, $1.75; do., Extra, $2.50; Children's Boots from 40c. to $1.50. Custom Work a speciality. 272-z

HORLICK'S FOOD, for Infants and Invalids—A concentrated extract, prepared according to the formula of Baron Liebig. The only genuine substitute for mothers' milk, and acknowledged the best food for Infant Dyspeptics and Invalids. For sale at the GLASGOW DRUG HALL. 271z



WM. MURRAY

WILL REMOVE TO HIS

NEW PREMISES,

No. 66 St. Joseph Street,

(BETWEEN RAPIN'S AND CITY HOTEL.)

Where he will carry on business as usual until further notice. 1-eod

S. GOLTMAN,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

212 St. James Street.

Fine assortment of DRESSING GOWNS. 275-eod

FRY'S CARACAS COCOA AND CHOCOLATE are prepared with Caracas and other choice growths of Cocoa, long celebrated in the manufacture of the finest Chocolates of Europe.

FRY'S CARACAS COCOA AND CHOCOLATE "fulfil every possible requirement for convenience, for flavor, and purity."—*Court Circular*

IT is often asked, "Why has the firm of Fry & Sons adopted the name of 'Caracas' to designate one of their leading descriptions of Cocoa in packets, and also a very superior Chocolate in cakes?" The answer is because it is a fitting appellation for these articles, prepared by them, with a careful selection of Cocoa, of which the growth of Caracas forms the leading and distinctive type. The public, too long accustomed to accept indiscriminately the Cocoa presented to them, are now understanding the value in a dietetic point of view of the high class aromatic Cocoas in which the pure flavor is developed by careful curing and selection in the countries of production, such as those employed in the manufacture of Fry's Caracas Cocoa and Fry's Caracas Chocolate. As Fry and Sons manufacture a great variety of Chocolate and Cocoa, persons requiring these particular kinds must specially ask for Fry's Caracas Chocolate and Fry's Caracas Cocoa.

FRY'S CHOCOLATE AND COCOA.

FRY'S CARACAS COCOA—in ¼ lb packets

FRY'S CARACAS COCOA—in ½ lb. packets.

NINE EXHIBITION PRIZE MEDALS.

FRY'S CARACAS COCOA.—A delicious Cocoa.

FRY'S CARACAS COCOA—for Supper 135-q

J. M. BEAN, CARPENTER and BUILDER (late of Chisholm & Bean) will continue to carry on the business, at the old place, 775 Craig street.

Jobbing promptly and personally attended to. 252-ly x

HOUSES TO LET OR WANTED.

[Houses to let or wanted advertised at half cent per word each insertion.]

FOR SALE, Two Stone Cottages, 52 and 54 Conseil street, corner of Dominion street; 10 apartments, with the last improvements; $2,000, to be kept on hand by the buyer as long as he wishes. Apply to La. Plamondon & Barbeau, Real Estate Agents, No. 35 St. James street. 282-1m

TO LET, Two Houses, cheap for Winter, on St. Martin street, 2nd and 3rd doors from St. Antoine street, with all modern improvements. Apply to A. Ram, No. 3 Place d'Armes hill. 280-12

FOR SALE OR TO LET, several Brick Houses, in "Union" and "Smethwick" Terraces, Hypolite and St. Dominique streets, corner of Roy; modern conveniences. Terms long and easy. Apply to Mr. O. G. Lemoine, No. 4 Hospital street. 232-2m

ROOMS WANTED OR TO LET.

[Advertisements under this head inserted for half a cent a word each insertion.]

ROOMS—To Let, Rooms, near Phillip's square; Parlor and Bedroom attached; handsome marble mantels, cheerful fire; for one or two gentlemen of steady habits; only first-class reference need apply; bath with shower. Also, other Rooms. Apply at 127 Alexander street. 284-2

ROOM TO LET, suitable for lady and gentleman, or two gentlemen, with good board, at 23 St. Antoine street. 284-6

ROOM—To Let, a Front Bedroom, Furnished or Unfurnished. Apply at 117 St. Urbain street. 4-2

ROOMS—To let, comfortable room with board or partial board, for one or two young men or married couple, in respectable locality; family private; terms moderate. Apply at 151 Vitre street, corner St. Urbain. 284-4

ROOM—Comfortable Room with Board, at 30 St. Denis street. 284-2

ROOM.—To let, a well-heated Bedroom, with use of Kitchen. Address T. L., Post-office. 284-3

ROOMS—Warm rooms to let at No. 13 Vallee street. 284-2

ROOMS—To let, three rooms, furnished for housekeeping. Apply at 499 Sherbrooke street. 283-4

ROOMS—To let, two comfortable rooms; rent five dollars. Apply to Mr. Banks, 4½ Cadieux street. 283-3

ROOMS—One or two Rooms to let, furnished or unfurnished, at 813 St. Catherine street. 283-3

ROOMS TO LET, furnished, at No. 23 Hermine street. 282-5

ROOMS, upper tenement or rooms wanted, with water on same flat, for family of three. Address P. 15, this office. 282

ROOM—To Let, a comfortable Unfurnished Room; terms very moderate. Apply at 250 St. Andre street. 280

ROOMS.—To Let, Furnished Rooms, near Champ de Mars. Apply at 8 St. Elizabeth street. 280-6

ROOMS TO LET, with board, at 27 St. Hubert street. 279-8

ROOM.—To let, an Unfurnished Room; well heated, with gas, &c.; suitable for a gentlemen or married couple, with use of kitchen. Apply at 68 Victoria street. 258

BOARD.

[Advertisements under this head inserted for half a cent a word each insertion.]

BOARD—Good Rooms and Board, at No. 23 St. Antoine street. 284-4

BOARD—Vacancies at No. 149 Bleury street. 284-3

BOARD—Vacancies at 44 Cathcart street. 283-3

BOARD—Good Day Board at Bailey's Chop House, 24 St. Urbain street. 283-12

BOARD—Vacancies for Boarders, at 589 Seigneurs street, near St. Antoine street. 278-12

BOARD WANTED, by a young lady, who is willing to give lessons in Music, Singing or Drawing in return for it. Address "Education," this office. 282 1m

FOR SALE.

[Advertisements under this head inserted for one cent a word each insertion.]

FOR SALE, an Express Sleigh, at 137 Wellington street. 284-1

FOR SALE, a Billiard Table. Carom, 4½ x 9, (by Phelan); complete. Address "Billiard," this office. 280-6

FOUND.

FOUND, in Christ Church Cathedral, on Tuesday, 30th inst., a small Ear Drop. The owner can have it by applying to the Beadle. 283

FOUND, a Buffalo Robe. Proprietor can have it, on proving property and paying expenses, at No. 749 Craig street. 283

FOUND, on Sunday night, a Lady's Purse, near the Jesuits' Church. Apply at 265 St. Paul street. 279

FOUND, around the Mountain, a Water-proof Coat, brown in color. The owner can have the same by proving property and applying to the storeman at Slate & Perry's, 161 St. Peter street, or at 19 St. Germain street. 279

FOUND, on Friday, 19th, a She-goat. Apply at once to 507 William street, and prove property. 278

FOUND, a Grey Mare; off knee enlarged. If not claimed before the 1st inst. will be sold to defray expenses. Apply at the Police Station, Outremont. 273

LOST, &c.

STRAYED upon the premises of Christopher McEvoy, Petite Cote, a Cow. Any one proving property and paying expenses can have her. 284

LOST, on Tuesday evening, Nov. 30th, about 10 p.m., on Craig street, near the Central Fire Station, a Forage Cap, belonging to a member of the Victoria Rifles. Any one returning it to 584 Craig street will be rewarded. 284

LOST, between St. David's lane and Lusignan street, by way of St. Joseph, a Purse containing money and several papers of value only to the owner. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at this office, or at 60 Lusignan street. 284-3

LOST, on Tuesday, on St. Francois Xavier street, a Lady's Pocket, containing a Prayer-book, Rosary, and some other things. Finder will oblige by returning them to No. 7 Chaboillez street. 284

LOST, between Prince street and Post-office, a Sealskin Fur Cap. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at 12 De Bresoles street. 284

LOST, between Fogarty's Store and St. Hubert street, $43, in Montreal Bank Bills; 7 bills of $5, and 2 of $4. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning same to L. N. Demers, 542 Ontario street. 284-2

LOST, near Place d'Armes or St. Francois Xavier street, a Gold Ring set with hair; rather worn. A reward will be given to the finder on returning it to 69 St. Francois Xavier street. 284-3

LOST, a Boot. Any one bringing the same to 13 Custom House square will be rewarded. 284

LOST, on Notre Dame street, between Francois Xavier and St. John streets, a Gold Ring with Blood Stone and Crest engraved. A liberal reward will be paid for its recovery by Savage, Lyman & Co. 283-3

LOST, on the 27th instant, between Aylmer and Famille streets, by way of Sherbrooke, a Black Sash. The finder will oblige by leaving it at No. 61 Aylmer street. 283

LOST, in the vicinity of Philips square, or left in a sleigh, a pair of Opera Glasses; maker, Lemoine, Paris. A reward will be paid for their return to the Bank of Montreal. 283-3

LOST, a Fine Leather Mitten, on McCord street or thereabout. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at No. 4½ Chaboillez square. 282

LOST, on Monday, Nov. 22nd, a little Black and Tan Terrier, with a leather collar on; answers to the name of "Sport." Any one returning him to 354 Notre Dame street, will be liberally rewarded. 278

LOST, on Saturday evening, between St. James' Club or Dorchester street and Bleury, by way of Alexander and St. Bernard, $12, in three $4 bills. It is a fortnight's wages of a poor man. Any one finding it and returning it to 28 Bronsdon's lane or to this Office will be rewarded. 277

LOST, on Friday, 19th instant, either on Mignonne or German streets, a Black Lace Cap. Finder will be rewarded on returning it to No. 3 Fort street. 277

LOST, on Thursday last, a Gold Ear-ring, while travelling on the city cars between Point St. Charles and McGill street. On returning the same to 84 Grand Trunk street, the finder will be suitable rewarded. 277

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—The party who bought the moleskin pants will please return the over change, as he is known. 273

PERSONAL—Information is wanted of James Delaney, who resided in Montreal about ten years ago and working in a Sugar Refinery at that time. Any information concerning him will be thankfully received by his nephew, John W. Delaney, 817 9th Avenue, New York City. 277

PERSONAL.—A letter for Catherine Hammond is at 104 University street. 282

Washing Wanted, &c.

WANTED Washing, Ironing, or Scrubbing, by the day. Apply at 4½ Busby lane. 284-1

WANTED, Washing and Ironing by the day. Apply at 28 St. Vincent's lane. 281-3

WANTED, a Washerwoman, to do the Washing for a family. Apply at 1404 St. Catherine street, between 12 and 2. 283-2

WANTED Washing, at No. 10 Chenneville street. 280-2

STOVES, &c.

THE "GOLDEN" Hall Stove, made in Hamilton, and the "ARGAND," of Oshawa, we will warrant the best Stoves in the market.

MEILLEUR & CO.,

269x 652 Craig street, near Bleury.

THE RANSOM RANGE,

THE ALBION RANGE,

HOT AIR FURNACES,

AND

STOVE PIPING

AT

W. W. SARGENT & CO'S,

47 BLEURY STREET. 251 z

"THE NEW ENGLAND" Portable Cooking Range, with plate warmer above or below and hot water front, combines the most recent improvements; beautiful design castings; satisfaction warranted.

MEILLEUR & CO.,

269x 652 Craig street.

WRAPPING PAPER for SALE, in quantities to suit purchasers at the STAR OFFICE. 213

HELP WANTED.

WANTED, a good Office Hand for the month of December. Address E. 6, STAR office. 284

WANTED, a good General Servant for a small family. Also, a Laundress, to wash at her own house. Apply at No. 1203 St. Catherine street. 281-3

WANTED, a Housemaid, at 741 Sherbrooke street. 284-1

WANTED, a Cook and Housemaid. Apply at 735 Palace street. 284-2

WANTED, a first-class Cook. Apply to Mrs. Bert 568 Peel street. 281-6

WANTED, a respectable young girl to take charge of a baby; good city references required. Apply at 410 Sherbrooke street. 284-2

WANTED Canvassers, to sell a new household article. Apply at 514 St. Paul street. 281-1

WANTED, a Nurse for one baby. Apply at 216 Mountain street. 284-3

WANTED, a smart boy to learn the Jewellery business. Apply at 283 Notre Dame street. 281

WANTED, a good Plain Cook; references required. Apply, between 1 and 3 o'clock, at 316 Bleury street. 284-3

WANTED, a Plain Cook, at No. 331 Guy street. 282-4

WANTED, a Real Hair Worker and Weaver experienced hand only. Apply to E. Jacobs, 431 St. Paul street. 282-4

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, a Wetnurse. Apply to Dr. Bell, 1 Beaver Hall Terrace. 280-5

$5 TO $20 PER DAY.—Agents wanted.—All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Post card to States costs but one cent. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. 257-ly

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED, a situation by a young man who has had 4 years' experience as Salesman and Canvasser; best of references and security if required. Address E 8, this office. 284

WANTED, a situation by young man, in an Office; can keep a set of books, and make out accounts; willing to make himself generally useful; best of references and security if required. Address E 31, this office. 284

WANTED, a situation as Storeman in the Dry or Fancy Goods; has had some years' experience, and can furnish the best of city references. Address E. 5, STAR office. 281-3

WANTED.—A man thoroughly competent in Upholstery and Window Dressing; would undertake work in private houses, at a reasonable rate per day or by the job. Address E, 4, this office. 284

WANTED, by a young girl, a situation as Tablemaid, Housemaid, or Sewing Girl; can furnish own machine. Apply at 23 Guy Connolly street. 281

WANTED, by a young man a situation in a Merchant's Office, where he could make himself generally useful; best city references. Address E, 7, this office. 284

WANTED, work, by a man experienced in Repairing Drains. Address P. Cannell, 30 St. Charles Borromme street. 284-3

WANTED, by young person, a situation in a Dry Goods store. Address E, 2, this office. 284

WANTED, by a young person, any kind of needle work. Address E, 1, this office. 283

WANTED, several houses in the vicinity of McGill College avenue to shovel snow from and attend furnaces by a man. Address D, 24 this office. 283

WANTED, a situation as Governess, by a respectable, Protestant young woman, in a private family, to two or three children; would have no objection to do light housework; can give good references. Address H. W., this office. 282

WANTED, a situation as Housekeeper; no objection to children or the country; good references. Address "Nellie," this office. 281

WANTED, a situation in a Confectionary or Fancy Store. Address "Maude," this office. 283

WANTED, by a person of experience, a situation as Nurse to an invalid; no objection to the country. Address "Alice," this office. 283

WANTED, by a French-Canadian Protestant (married), a situation as Storeman, or in any capacity; not afraid of hard work; educated in both languages; good city references. Apply at 514 Ontario street. 283

WANTED, by a young man, speaking both languages, and knowing the city well, employment to drive an Express, or in a Store, or in any other capacity. Address D, 23, this office. 283

WANTED.—A double Entry Book-keeper, who has had a long experience, and is a thorough Accountant, is prepared to write up and balance merchants' or tradesmen's books, make out and collect accounts, at a moderate charge; best of references. Address "Accountant," Post-office, Montreal. 283

WANTED, by a young girl, Sewing by the day in a gentleman's family, who understands Dressmaking, also the Sewing-machines. Address 465 Notre Dame street. 283-2

WANTED—A competent Groom will be open for an engagement on the 8th instant; understands the management of Cattle thoroughly, and can produce the best of references; not afraid of work. Address care of Mr. Renouf, 390 Craig street. 283

WANTED, a situation as Tailoress to work a Sewing-machine, by a first-class hand just arrived from England. Address D 22, this office. 282

WANTED, by a middle-aged woman, a situation as General Servant where she could keep her girl (7 years old) along with her. Address D 19, this office. 282

WANTED, by a Protestant Girl, a situation as Cook; is willing to wash and iron, where a Housemaid is kept; city references given. Apply at 75 Bleury street. 283

WANTED, by an Englishman and his wife situations; man understands waiting on table, minding furnaces, and would make himself otherwise useful; wife is a good Cook; no objections to go to any part of the country or States. Address D, 21, this office. 282

WANTED, a Line of Goods; Tweeds and Woollens, or Ready-made Clothing preferred; to travel in connection with Boots and Shoes, for the Maritime Provinces. Address D 20, this office. 282-2

WANTED, by a smart, active young man, a situation where he can make himself useful; can cook, is a good bottler of wines or beer, and a good waiter; can show first-class city references for five years. Address "Man Cook," this office. 282

WANTED.—A young woman, with a child 3 years old, wants a situation as General Servant; is a good laundress; would go to the country. Apply at 323 St. George street. 282

WANTED, a situation by a young man as Blacksmith; has had experience of tool dressing of every description; can furnish the best of city references. Address D, 17, this office. 282

WANTED, by a middle-aged man, a situation to take care of Furnaces, or any other kind of work about a house. Address D, 18, this office. 282

WANTED, by a man a situation as Porter or Messenger, or Bar-keeper; can read and write, and can speak both languages; best city references and security if required. Apply at 181 Lagauchetiere street. 282

WANTED, by a French Canadian girl, a situation as Housemaid in a private family. Address by letter S. M., No. 763 St. Catherine street. 282

WANTED—TO CONTRACTORS—A man with a practical knowledge of Civil Engineering, would accept of any position on works in course of construction. Address Rodman, No. 22 Bernard street. 282

WANTED—A young lady desires a situation as Governess, to teach children English, Music, or as Lady's Companion; no objections to leave the city; charges moderate; first-class references given, if required. Apply at 159 Upper University street. 277

WANTED, by a strong active Englishman, a situation as Storeman, Watchman, &c.; good city references. Address D 17, this office. 282

WANTED, a situation by a youth, aged 18, to look after a horse or cow; can ride, drive and milk well. Address D, 14, this office. 280

WANTED, by a respectable young person, a situation as Nurse or General Servant, for Upper Canada; not long out from England. Address D, 13, this office. 280-6

WANTED—A French woman desires a situation as Housemaid or Kitchenmaid. Apply at No. 452 Wolfe street. 280

WANTED, by a respectable young person, a situation as Nurse, in a gentleman's family, to one child; understands the care and management of a baby; is a good plain sewer; will be found willing and obliging. Apply at 561 Dorchester street. 280

WANTED, situations by respectable woman and her daughter, the mother as Cook or Laundress, daughter as Housemaid; no objections to the country. Apply at 5½ Juror street. 280

WANTED, a situation as Night-watchman or Caretaker, or any place of trust by a respectable, steady man. Address D, 15, this office. 280

WANTED, by a respectable person, a situation as Laundress; can be well recommended. Address 36 Bonaventure street. 279

WANTED, by a young married man, a situation in any capacity, where he can make himself generally useful; best of references; wife a good Cook. Address D, 10, this office. 279

WANTED—A steady middle-aged man wants employment as Time-keeper, Messenger, Watchman or to attend to a furnace, &c.; is a good ploughman and groom, and has good city and country recommendations. Address D. 12, this office. 279

WANTED, a situation by a young man; understands the Crockery business and Packing. Address D, 11, this office. 279

WANTED, a situation as Thorough Servant, by a respectable girl. Apply at 39 Bleury street. 279

WANTED, a situation, by a respectable girl, to attend a Lady, or would go as Housemaid. Apply at No. 10 Sophia lane. 279

WANTED, a situation as General Servant; willing to do any kind of work. Apply at 31 St. Davids lane. 278-3

WANTED, a situation as Travelling Salesman for Boots and Shoes, by a person having six years' experience purchasing and selling same; has large acquaintance in New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island; can furnish unexceptionable references. Address D 6, this office. 278

WANTED—A young man speaking both languages wants a position as Entry Clerk, or to do general work in an office. Address J. M., 583 Seigneurs street. 278

WANTED, by a respectable young man, a situation as Butler, or Butler and Footman in a gentleman's family; best city references. Address 49 Hermine street. 278

WANTED by an English Lady, a situation as Housekeeper or Companion. Apply at 269 St. Urbain street. 278-3

WANTED, by a respectable young girl, from the country, a situation as Nurse, and to assist in housework. Address D, 7, this office. 278

WANTED by a single man, a situation as Groom and Coachman, or Groom and Gardener; understands the care of horses and gardening work in all its branches. Address D 9, this office. 278

WANTED, by a young lady, a situation in a Fancy or Toy Store; salary no object. Address P. O. Box 687. 278

WANTED—A youth of good education, ability and reference, having had 2 years' experience in the Out-fitting business in London, England, would give two years, on a moderate salary, to any good store. Address George Castlehord, 103 Magdalen street, Point St. Charles. 277

WANTED, a situation by an elderly man, who understands a Furnace well, and would make himself generally useful about a house; has the best of city references; wages not so much an object as a comfortable home. Apply at 679 Craig street, or to 925 St. Catherine street. 277

MANUFACTURING WORKS.

CHANTELOUP,

IRON AND BRASS

FOUNDER.

CANADA MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

R. FORSYTH, Proprietor.

MARBLE MANTELS, MONUMENTS, &c.,

Always on Hand.

OFFICE, 130 BLEURY STREET.

MILLS, 552 WILLIAM STREET

MONTREAL.

Designs sent to all parts of the Country. 169

CANADA STEAM WIRE WORKS,

757 CRAIG STREET,

WEST OF VICTORIA SQUARE

THOMAS OVERING,

PRACTICAL WIRE WORKER,

Dealer in Shelf and House Furnishing Hardware, and Manufacturer of Fourdrinier and Cylinder Cloths for Paper Mills, Wire-Cloth Sieves and Riddles.

Particular attention paid to Builders' Work, Cemetery and Garden Fencing made to order. 119

STEAM PUMPS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Portable and Stationary

ENGINES!

HAND and STEAM DERRICK CRANES,

&c., &c., &c,

W. W. GILBERT,

588 CRAIG STREET. 194-

MEDICINES, &c.

McGOWAN'S DENTIFRICE FOR THE TEETH.

This excellent preparation is confidently recommended to public notice as possessing most valuable cleansing and preserving qualities. Its constant use will impart to the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness and to the breath a delicious fragrance. Gentlemen using tobacco will find this "Dentifrice" of the greatest service in removing any discoloration of the Teeth and protecting the enamel from further injury.

For sale at the following Drug Stores

DEVINS & BOLTON,

HENRY R. GRAY, J. GOULDEN,

J. D. L. AMBROSSE, R. T. LATHAM,

And Wholesale and Retail by the Proprietor,

B. E. McGALE, CHEMIST,

301 St. Joseph street,

263 MONTREAL.

SEEDS! SEEDS!

FRESH SEEDS OF ALL KINDS.

VEGETABLE FIELD AND FLOWER

SEEDS.

Beets, Beans, Cabbage, Carrot, Cauliflower, Clover, Corn, Cucumber, Lettuce, Melon, Onions, Parsley, Parsnips, Peas, Tomatoes, Pumpkin, Radish, Spinage, Turnip, Timothy.

HERB SEEDS, a great variety.

CAMPHOR, CAMPHOR,

HELLEBORE, HELLEBORE,

for Caterpillars, etc.

JAMES GOULDEN,

Druggist,

175 St. Lawrence, 203 St. Paul, 365 St. Antoine. 89-eod.

CAMPBELL'S QUININE WINE

WILL CURE INDIGESTION.

CAMPBELL'S QUININE WINE

Gives tone and vigor to the Feeble System.

CAMPBELL'S QUININE WINE

Banishes low spirits, restores lost appetite, relieves the Dyspeptic, enriches the blood and makes life enjoyable.

CAMPBELL'S QUININE WINE

Has many imitators—so be sure to ask for the *Original,*

CAMPBELL'S!

273

OH! I AM SO BILIOUS.

USE THE

Southern Fruit Purgative.

Sold by all Druggists. 269z

CARPENTERS.

WILLIAM BYRD,

CARPENTER AND JOINER,

COR. SHERBROOKE AND HYPOLITE STREETS

HOUSE-REPAIRS, OFFICE AND STORE-FITTINGS.

Orders sent by Post will receive prompt attention Charges moderate. Terms, cash. 127-ly

WILLIAM WAIT,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER,

No. 16½ LATOUR STREET,

MONTREAL.

Jobbing promptly attended to.

Store Fronts put in. General, Store, House and Office Repairs done on shortest notice. 238-ly

COAL, FUEL, &c.

CHEAP SUMMER FUEL,

HODGES' PATENT.

THE PEAT FUEL

unequalled for economy and facility for cooking purposes. Fire can be regulated to suit any family. Apply to the

CANADA PEAT-FUEL CO.'S OFFICE,

Yard, corner Brennan and Dalhousie streets, and

JOHN WATKINS & CO., Coal Merchants,

185-tf Cote street.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

JAMES MELDRUM, JR.,

Dealer in all kinds of American, Scotch, Provincial and Newcastle Smiths.

32 WELLINGTON STREET, corner KING. 230-ly z

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JOHN BURNS,

PLUMBER, GAS AND STEAMFITTER.

Sole Agent for BRAMHALL, DEANE & Co.'s Celebrated

FRENCH COOKING RANGES,

NO. 675 CRAIG STREET. 157-eod

GAS FIXTURES.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

CHANDELIERS and BRACKETS,

OF THE NEWEST PATTERNS,

JUST OPENED.

MATTINSON, YOUNG & CO.,

CANADA METAL WORKS,

817 CRAIG STREET. 181

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.



THE MITCHELL LINE

STEAMSHIP COMPANY

(LIMITED).

HON. P. MITCHELL, PRESIDENT.

OFFICE:

181 ST. JAMES STREET,

MONTREAL. 283



ALLAN LINE. Under contract with the Government of Canada for the conveyance of Canadian and United States mails.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, 1875.

This Company's Lines are composed of the undernoted first-class, full-powered, Clyde-built double-engine, Iron Steamships:

Vessels.	Tonnage.	Commanders.
Sardinian	4100	Lt. J. E. Dutton,
Circassian	3400	Capt. J. Wylie.
Polynesian	4100	Capt. Brown.
Sarmatian	3600	Capt. A. D. Aird.
Hibernian	3434	Lt. Archer, R.N.R.
Caspian	3200	Capt. Trocks.
Scandinavian	3000	Lt. W. [illegible]
Prussian	3000	Capt. J. Ritchie.
Austrian	2700	Capt. J. Ferguha.
Nestorian	2700	Capt. Barclay.
Moravian	2650	Capt. Graham.
Peruvian	2600	Capt. R. S. Watts.
Manitoban	2150	Capt. H. Wylie.
Nova Scotian	2300	Capt. Richards.
Canadian	2600	Capt. Miller.
Corinthian	2400	Capt. Jas. Scott.
Acadian	1350	Capt. Cabel.
Waldensian	1350	Capt. J. G. Stephen
Phoenician	2800	Capt. Menzies.
Newfoundland	1500	Capt. Mylins.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line (will sail from Liverpool every THURSDAY and from Quebec every SATURDAY, calling at Lough Foyle to receive on board and land Mails and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland) are intended to be despatched

FROM PORTLAND:

Peruvian........4th Dec.
Prussian........11th Dec.
Sarmatian........18th Dec.
Moravian........25th Dec.
Scandinavian........1st Jan.
Sardinian........8th Jan.

Rates of passage.
CABIN........$75
STEERAGE........25

The Steamers of the Glasgow Line are intended to sail from the Clyde every Tuesday and Quebec about every Thursday.

Canadian about........28th October.
Manitoban about........4th November.
Phoenician about........11th November.
Waldensian about........18th November.

Rates of passage,
CABIN........$60
INTERMEDIATE........40
STEERAGE........25

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Corkage will be charged at the rate of 2s. sterling per bottle to cabin passengers supplying their wines or liquors.

For freight or other particulars apply—in Portland, to J. L. Farmer, or Hugh and Andrew Allan; in Quebec, to Allans, Rae & Co.; in Havre, to John M. Currie, 21 Quai d'Orleans; in Paris, to Gustave Bossange, 25 Quai Voltaire; in Antwerp, to Aug. Schmitz & Co., or Richard Berns; in Rotterdam, to G. P. Ittman & Zoon; in Hamburg, to W. Gibson & Hugo; in Bordeaux, to Lafitte & Vandercruyce or E. Depas & Co.; in Belfast, to Charley & Malcolm; in London, to Montgomerie & Greenhorne, 17 Grace Church street; in Glasgow, to James & Alex. Allan, 70 Great Clyde street; in Liverpool, to Allan Bros., James street; Allan & Co., 72 La Salle street, Chicago; or to

H. & A. ALLAN,

275 Corner of Youville and Common streets.

DOMINION LINE.

This line is composed of the following first-class full-powered, Clyde-built Steamships, and is intended to perform a regular service between LIVERPOOL, QUEBEC and MONTREAL, in SUMMER:—

Montreal	3250	Tons (building)	
Dominion	3200	"	Capt. Roberts.
Ontario	3200	"	Capt. Bouchette.
Memphis	2500	"	Capt. Mellon
Texas	2350	"	Capt. Laurenson.
Mississippi	2200	"	Capt. Lindall
Quebec	2200	"	Capt. Thearle.
St. Louis	1824	"	Capt. Reid.

These vessels have very superior accommodation for Cabin and Steerage Passengers, and prepaid Tickets are issued at reduced prices to those desirous of bringing out their friends.

Sailing from Liverpool every Wednesday, calling at Belfast Lough to take in cargo and passengers.

FROM BOSTON.

Ontario........December 18th
Quebec........January 1st
Dominion........January 15th

Rates of passage:—
Cabin........$80.00
Steerage........30.00

Through Tickets can be had at all the principal Grand Trunk Railway Ticket Offices in Canada.

For Freight or Passage, apply in Havre to Genestal, or Washington Finlay; in Paris, to N. Gilbert, 5 Rue Scribe; in Hamburg, to August Behrens; in Bordeaux, to M. M. Faur Freres; in Christiana, to R. Rafael, 4 Store Strandgate; in Copenhagen, to P. M. Ross, 18 Sanctannaeplads; in Bergen, to Michael Krohn, Consul; in London, to Bowring & Jamieson, Langbourn Chambers, 17 Fenchurch street; in Belfast, to Henry Gowan, Queen's Square; in Liverpool, to Flinn, Main & Montgomery, 24 James street; in Quebec, to W. M. Macpherson; in Boston, to Thayer & Lincoln and in Montreal, to

DAVID TORRANCE & CO.,

6 Exchange Court.

RAILROADS.

BOSTON AND MONTREAL AIR LINE.

SHORTEST ROUTE, VIA CENTRAL VERMONT RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS, COMMENCING ON NOV. 22nd, 1875.

Day Express leaves Montreal at 9:05 a.m. for Boston, via Lowell, at 9.45 p.m.

Train for Waterloo leaves Montreal at 2.45 p.m.

Night Express leaves Montreal at 2.45 p.m., to Boston, via Lowell, Lawrence, or Fitchburg; also for New York, via Springfield or Troy, arriving in Boston at 7:15 a.m., and New York via Troy, at 7.00 a.m., and via Springfield at 12.30 p.m.

TRAINS GOING NORTH AND WEST.

Day Express leaves Boston, via Lowell, at 8 a.m., arriving in Montreal at 9.20 p.m.

Express leaves Troy at 8.20 a.m., arriving in Montreal at 7 p.m. This train connects at Troy with fast mail train, leaving New York at 4 o'clock the same morning.

Night Express leaves Boston at 6 p.m., via Lowell and New York at 3 p.m., via Springfield, and via Troy at 4 p.m., arriving in Montreal at 9 a.m.

Pullman Sleeping Cars are attached to the Night Express Trains running between Montreal and Boston, and Montreal and Springfield, and Wagner Sleeping Cars between St. Albans and New York via Troy.

Pullman Drawing-room Cars on Day Express Trains between Montreal and Boston.

For tickets and freight rates, apply at Vermont Central RR. office, No. 136 St. James street.

J. W. HOBART, Gen'l Supt.

St. Albans, Vt., Nov. 24th, 1875. 285

LUMBER, &c.

SUPERIOR QUALITY PINE BUILDING AND BRIDGE TIMBER

On hand and Sawn to Order.

Also, FIRST-CLASS HEMLOCK TIMBER.

Hardwood, Cedars, &c.,

Three-inch Deals, Roofing, Flooring, Scantlings, &c., &c.

JAMES SHEARER & CO.,

273x ST. GABRIEL LOCKS.

JOHN OSTELL,

LUMBER DEALER AND MANUFACTURER.

Good 1-inch STOCK BOARDS at $12 per M.

ALSO,

Seasoned BLACK WALNUT, ASH, CHERRY and BIRCH.

MONTREAL DOOR AND SASH FACTORY,

ST. GABRIEL LOCKS.

Box 8, Post-office. 226

HOLMES, RUTHERFORD & Co.,

CANADA SASH, DOOR AND MOULDING FACTORY Mullin street, Montreal.

HOUSE-FINISHING of every description in Pine, Ash and Walnut, made to order.

A large assortment of Doors, Picture Frame and ordinary Mouldings, Stair-rails, Newels, Balusters &c., &c., always on hand.

Kiln-dried Walnut a speciality.

Dressed and Rough Lumber for sale.

OFFICE AND RETAIL YARD,

136 St. Bonaventure street, and 773 Craig street.

NOTICE.

McGAUVRAN & TUCKER

are now prepared to receive and execute orders promptly for the following Building Material, viz: DIMENSION TIMBER of every description, SASH, DOOR, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, and every description of house finish.

PACKING-CASES, &c., &c.

A large and well-assorted stock of SAWN LUMBER for sale at the lowest market prices, and the most liberal terms.

PRICE LIST.

1 inch PINE BOARDS, $16 per M feet, face.
1¼ inch PINE PLANK, $20 do., do.
1½ inch do., $24 do., do.
2 inch do., $32 do., do.

Discount off all prices for trading.

GROCERIES.

JOHN H. R. MOLSON & BROS.,

ALE AND PORTER BREWERS,

286 St. Mary Street, Montreal,

have always on hand the various kinds of ALE and PORTER, in wood and bottles.

Families regularly supplied.

The following Bottlers only are supplied by us with our labels, and have liberty to use them:

Patrick Hogan........Visitation street
Peter McCullough........Dorchester "
Telesphore Bogue........Ontario "
Jas. McIntyre........Lagauchetiere "
J. Maisonneuve........Ontario "
C. H. Beckett........Wolfe "
W. Bourdeau........Ontario "
J. Guilbault & Co........Logan "

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LEGAL NOTICES.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875.

In the matter of CHARLES LABELLE, Merchant of the City of Montreal, an Insolvent.

A Writ of Attachment has been issued in this cause. The creditors are notified to meet at my Office, No. 10 St. Vincent street, Montreal, on THURSDAY the 9th day of December, 1875, At THREE o'clock p.m., to receive statements of his affairs and appoint an Assignee if they see fit.

O. LECOURS,
Official Assignee.

Montreal, November 24th, 1875. 279-12