

The Huntingdon Gleaner

The Best News and Advertising Medium in the District of Beauharnois

FIFTY-EIGHTH YEAR

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 24th, 1921

ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS

SOME ELECTION PROBLEMS.

Owing to the ladies having the vote for the first time this election, coupled with the fact that a new election act governs the proceedings a great many questions are being asked. One lady phones to enquire how she should mark her ballot. Her brother was running in another province, and she wanted to know if she could write his name on the ballot here and so vote for him. Another runs toward death. The demise of either candidate presents numerous problems to her, and so to satisfy her interest she supposes both dead and for good measure throws in the Returning Officer and some of the deputies, and then what? However some of the questions may be in the thoughts of some or more electors and the following are collected from the most frequently asked. We will be pleased to answer any others to the best of our ability.

When and where do we register, and do we have to register?

It all depends whether the registrar for your polling division has your name on his book or not. This week there are two lists posted in each district. Read the list and if your name is on it that is all you need to worry about. If not read the notice posted beside it and it will tell you where the registrar has his office. His hours are from 2 to 6 during the days, 23rd, 24th, 25th and 26th.

Is a person entitled to any extra time on election day?

Yes, each elector is entitled to at least two additional hours other than the noon hour. Pay cannot be stopped during that time.

Who can vote?

Any British subject, not an Indian, who is 21 years of age, having resided in Canada one year and in the electoral district for two months preceding the issue of the writ.

What is meant by the year's or two months' residence?

It means a permanent place of abode. You need not necessarily have resided all the time. You may be absent on a visit all or nearly all. The main question is "Is it the place you call home?"

Can a woman who is a born Canadian, but who has married an American vote?

No, she is an American.

Who can be a candidate?

Any British subject, male or female, of the full age of 21 years.

How many must sign the nomination papers of a candidate?—10.

Can the signers put their names to more than one candidate's nomination papers? Yes.

How much must a candidate deposit? \$200.

What does it mean when it is said that a candidate will lose his deposit?

A candidate must get at least one half the number of votes cast for the successful candidate or he forfeits his \$200 to the public funds.

When a candidate dies after nomination what happens?

The election is postponed and new nominations called for.

Can a person be nominated against his will?

Not if he is in the electoral district.

Where will I learn the place I am to vote at?

In every post office a list is posted up showing each polling district's boundaries, and the place in each where the voting will be. The list will be published in next week's Gleaner.

How long are the polls open?

From 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Must I take a pen to mark my ballot?

No. A black lead pencil is provided.

Can I wear a badge showing what party I prefer?

Not during the eight days previous to election.

When is a candidate officially elected?

When the Returning Officer counts the ballots on December 15th in this riding.

WHAT RIGHTS HAVE BEES?

While the decisions of the American courts have no effect on this side of the line, still their problems are sometimes ours, and in view of the fact that this year complaints were made to the council regarding bees in the town the case is of interest. It arose in Kansas city. A man who kept bees was arrested by neighbors for "harboring a vicious bee" and was fined \$50. The insects had made themselves obnoxious in the neighborhood. Now the National Apisary Association has taken the matter up and will carry the case to the U. S. supreme court, if necessary, to determine the rights of bee keepers, as a severe blow has been dealt the bee industry by the Kansas City decision.

REPORT OF SOME OF QUEBEC WOMEN'S INSTITUTES FOR OCTOBER.

The November meeting of the Women's Institute of Dundee was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Smellie. The meeting took the form of a Halloween party, when the members and their families gathered to this spacious home all decorated with pumpkins and yellow and black paper, and the costumes of those masked created much guessing and laughter. Games suitable for the occasion and dancing were indulged in until early morning when the husbands and brothers passed a resolution that these social functions should occur oftener. The lunch was fine, consisting of sandwiches, doughnuts, cakes and pumpkin pies, also salads served in pumpkins. The next meeting will be public and held in the church basement and will be visited by a Demonstrator from Macdonald College.

Dunraven Institute is helping a family of motherless children. "Removing stains from linen" was the subject of discussion at their last meeting.

"Studies on Home Nursing" and "Assistance to the Traveller's Aid" were the subjects taken up by the women of the Bristol Institute. This Institute joined the Farmers' Club in an evening's pleasure which proved most successful.

Elmside Institute is looking after the needs of their schools, and have purchased two drinking fountains and other necessities. A paper on "The Boy's place in the Home" was read at the last meeting. One new member joined.

Howick Institute was favored with a visit from Mrs. McCurdy of Lennoxville when she gave a timely and helpful address on Laws of Quebec relating to Women and Children. The weather man refused to smile on this occasion which resulted in the attendance being much smaller than the occasion deserved.

Clarendon Institute adopted a novel method of community work during the summer, namely holding school picnics, sports days and short excursions for the young people. The school ground has been fenced in by this institute.

Alvendale Institute is taking advantage of the McGill Circulating Library. At their October meeting demonstrations were given on the making of carrot pickles and sandwiches.

At Noyan, the members brought canned fruit to be sent to the Children's Memorial Hospital. Supper was served and a social evening spent. The proceeds were \$14.00.

"Romance of Farming" was a title of the paper read at the Cowansville Institute. Help has been given to a needy family.

Cleveland Institute is compiling a Club Cook Book. They also are furnishing bed linen for the Wales Old Folks Home.

East Clifton Institute is offering prizes, and are interesting themselves in their schools. A reading was given at their last meeting entitled "Mother's Hands."

STILL SEIZED NEAR ATHELSTAN

The local customs and revenue officers have long suspected that a "still" was in operation somewhere near Athelstan, but it was not until recently that J. C. Boyd was able to form any definite conclusions as to its location. Suspicion was fastened onto Archille Dandurand when he went into Wilson's store and demanded a large quantity of sugar. It happened that the supply was low just then so Mr. Wilson suggested that he take a pound or so until he got more. He seemed provoked about it, and word coming in it was decided to make a raid, consequently on Saturday night Messrs. McNaughton and Boyd, accompanied by Messrs. Oney and Bickford of the Custom's staff called at his house. To their enquiry whether he had liquor on hand for sale he answered to the affirmative, but then suspecting who were his visitors would say nothing more. A search was made and in a locked room was found a quantity of brew and in another a still in pieces. A confiscation was made and on the following day he was arrested. On Monday he appeared before Justices Stephen and Gardiner, pleading not guilty. The hearing is to be held to-day.

TO TRAPPERS AND HUNTERS

I have taken out license to buy all kind of raw furs and am in a position to pay good prices as I sell direct to the best fur merchants.

When you have furs to sell write me and I will call to see you.

It is against the law to trap or kill muskrat before the 5th of March, 1922.

Henry Winter

Ormstown, October 31st, 1921

FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred acres more or less, all in best state of cultivation; water in stables, spring water on all the farm, also sugar bush. Steel roofs on all buildings but one; also a good dwelling with eight rooms and steel roof; soft water in house. 5 1/2 miles from Huntingdon Village, 1 mile from Herdman's Corners.

W. J. McCARTNEY.

MR. ROBB'S CAMPAIGN.

Mr. Robb is holding meetings nightly in all parts of Huntingdon County, which are attracting well-filled halls. The Hon. Honore Mercier, Andrew Philips, M. L. A., Arch. Muir, M. W. Leehy, Avila Caza, Leonard Trepanier, R. R. Noss and R. W. Blair are among the supporting speakers. Mr. Robb's views on the tariff and railway questions are already known and his opinion on the presence of a Farmer Candidate in the field is of interest. Mr. Robb does not believe P. D. McArthur is the Independent Progressive he assumes to be for on Oct. 25th the Montreal Gazette carried an item coinciding with the presence of Mr. Crerar in Montreal. This interview given by the Progressive leader stated that Mr. Arnold of Argenteuil had approached him while in Shelburne, asking that the Progressive party carry the fight into Quebec province. He had, decided, however, not to recognize any candidates in this province. Shortly after Arthur Lalonde, organizer-in-chief of the National Liberal Conservative party was quoted in the Montreal Star as saying that there were many candidates contesting Liberals in the ridings in Quebec. Many of these were running as straight party men, but a large number styled themselves as independents or farmers. Some took exceptions to certain issues such as conscription but all could be depended on to support the tariff and fiscal policies of the Meighen government, and that they were campaigning so as to most successfully fight the Liberals. This, argued Mr. Robb, showed the same plan as was used in 1911 when 22 men were elected in the province described as Nationalists, and pledged to oppose both the old parties. What was done? The day after election the whole 22 of them came out as supporters of the government of R. L. Borden and three were given cabinet positions. The plan of campaign is known and in consequence the political history of Mr. McArthur should be examined to see how it fitted. Mr. Robb quoted from the Auditor-General's reports showing that since 1914 to the last report Mr. McArthur yearly was on the government's pay roll, drawing both salary and travelling expenses. Considering all that was known, the government's past method of campaigning, its official's announcements this fall, the statements of Mr. Crerar, and locally the past election history of Mr. McArthur all go to give the answer to the question, "What farmer could be run in this riding who could be better trusted to support the Meighen government than Mr. McArthur?"

Treating directly with the policies of Mr. Crerar, Mr. Robb pointed out that when Mr. Crerar was minister

of Agriculture he had manipulated the prices for mill feed so that the eastern farmers had to pay to the western farmer with his big crops from \$65 to \$85 a ton. He asked the dairymen living close to the border to remember how in October of 1918 Mr. Crerar had placed an embargo on the export of milk and cream which action had then been truly described by the Gleaner as nothing less than "petty despotism." He reminded the dairymen that he had received a resolution from the dairymen at Ormstown asking that he oppose the law permitting the importation and manufacture of oleomargarine. This he had done, but in May last the Meighen government had introduced a measure to give the permanent right of importation and manufacture. This bill, thanks to the support of Mr. Crerar and his western followers, is now law, but the Liberal opposition was able to have that part making the right permanent eliminated. All this went to show that Mr. Crerar was not in touch or in sympathy with the needs and desires of the Quebec farmers. The western farmers were the ones he was working for and the eastern dairymen, should now, as in the past look to the Liberal party for their encouragement and support.

CHASING BOOZE RUNNERS.

The officers get a certain amount of amusement out of the running down of booze runners. A case arose during the week end which had its humorous points. Word was received that one named Lefebvre was southward bound behind a horse. Officers set out and passed him. They then stopped but he got suspicious when a few yards away and turned sharply and started down the road with the thought that he should "keep the Home fires burning," tossing a bag out as he turned. The officers followed and when they lost him in Athelstan village were joined by four others. One went in one direction, another a second and the rest along another road. Shortly after old Dobbin returned with a car behind and a sooty faced Frenchman holding the reins. Remnants of some booze and beer were collected. The outfit was seized and the driver billed to appear in Malone where he is wanted for trial on another charge.

NOTICE

My office will be closed on Friday evenings until further notice.

J. C. MOORE, M.D.

GET IT AT GAMEROFF'S

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—An eight room dwelling house on Wellington Street Apply A. D. McCaffrey.

TO THE ELECTORS OF Chateauguy-Huntingdon

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Having been offered nomination by a convention representing all sections and divisions throughout Chateauguy-Huntingdon I have accepted; and offer myself for re-election at the general Election to be held Tuesday, December 6th, next.

I invite the influence and support at the polls, of all who having watched my career in and out of Parliament, are satisfied that I have tried to be worthy of a splendid Constituency, and of a people who have wide and varied interests.

Your support in the past has ever been to me an inspiration to give the best that was in me to the service of our Country. If again honored with your confidence, I shall in the future, as in the past, endeavor to promote and will support, such measures as I believe will be for the progress, and development of our common Country.

As a liberal, I appeal neither to class nor to sect, but to all who are in sympathy with broad and tolerant principles, fostering unity throughout Canada.

If elected I shall continue to strive for greater economy and efficiency in all branches of public service; and for a reduction of taxation. Upon these principles I solicit your support.

Yours Faithfully,

James A. Robb

October 24th, 1921.

PROPERTY FOR SALE

Brick house, five rooms, electric lights, water, furnace, outbuildings and a good garden. Apply D. J. McCracken, Huntingdon, Que. Box 298, Phone 63.

WANTED

500 Hens for the next two weeks. I am willing to pay from 18 to 20c for good quality. I am taking them in every day. Cattle, Calves and Hogs also wanted. I pay the best price. Max Boldovitch, Lake St., Huntingdon, Tel. 70.

Province of Quebec Municipality of Hinchinbrook TAXES

The rate levied for the current year is now past due and those who have not yet paid the same will please do so without delay.

W. G. Gibson, Sec. Treas. Rockburn, Que., Nov. 10th, 1921.

Province of Quebec Municipality of Hinchinbrook TENDERS FOR GRAVEL ROAD

Sealed bids, marked "Tender for Road" and addressed to N. J. Goldie, Mayor, Ormstown, Que. will be received up to December 1st, next, for building a gravel road on the River Outarde Road from the Dewittville By-road east to the Selgny Line. The lowest nor any tender not necessarily accepted. Specifications may be seen at the office of the undersigned.

W. G. Gibson, Sec. Treas. Rockburn, Que., Nov. 15th, 1921.

FARM FOR SALE—Consisting of one hundred acres. A good dairy farm with running water in pasture. Located in Godmanchester Township, Huntingdon County, Province of Quebec, Canada, Lots Nos. 147 and 183. Will sell lots together or separate and on easy terms. Land lies close to Beaver milk station and Whites' Station. If interested write to the owner, Mrs. Helen Edna McMillan, Eglin, Nebraska, Antelope County, U. S. A.

TENDERS For Customs Seized Cars

1 Chandler, 6 cylinder (may be seen at J. C. Boyd's Garage, Huntingdon, Que.)
1 Comet 6 Cylinder Car (may be seen at McHardy's Garage, Athelstan, Que.)
1 Dodge
1 Ford
1 Maxwell
1 Chevrolet

(Any of the last four may be seen at McNaughton's Garage, Dundee, Que.)

Sealed tenders for each will be received by Customs Sub Collector J. D. McMillan, Dundee, Que., or by Collector of Customs, Athelstan, Que., until and including November 26th, 1921.

TO LET

Store and private house together on Main Street. Good stand for any kind of business; large yard over 100 feet, on a street corner.

Apply to Z. Falle.

Now Prices for Harness are cheap.

Buggy Harness, \$25

Express Harness, \$35

Heavy Team Harness \$45, \$50 and \$60.

With Breechings and collar, \$3, \$4 and \$5.

I have a Stove, Parlot Set and Bedroom set to sell cheap.

Z. Falle.

THE RESPONSIBILITY IS YOURS

Specialists may develop and improve various breeds, but the standard of a country's cattle depends on the efforts of the farmer in this direction.

ARE YOU DOING YOUR SHARE?

We are glad to assist any responsible farmer who requires financing.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

PAID-UP CAPITAL : \$15,000,000
RESERVE FUND : \$15,000,000
HUNTINGDON BRANCH, C. W. Thomas, Manager.

Don't Pay Twice



If you pay bills in cash, there is always the chance of receipts being lost or destroyed, and of your being asked to pay the same bill twice. How much better to deposit all your pay in a Savings Account in The Merchants Bank and pay the bills by cheque. There can be no dispute then, because the endorsed cheques are indisputable evidence that you have paid.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Head Office: Montreal, F. W. Arrowsmith, 1864.
HUNTINGDON BRANCH, N. V. Arrowsmith, Manager.
ORMSTOWN BRANCH, Sub-Agency at Athelstan open Tuesdays and Fridays.
Sub-Agency at Rockburn open Tuesdays and Fridays.

Simeon Beaudin

GENERAL MERCHANT

Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Feed. Also House Furniture.

We have reduced our prices on all goods and will keep our prices according to the prevailing market at all times.

Gasoline for sale.

Phone 25

HOWICK



A BETTER WAY TO USE OIL

FOR \$27 I WILL INSTALL AN OIL BURNER IN YOUR RANGE

Raymond Murray, Huntingdon.



REDUCTION IN PRICE

Genuine

"His Master's Voice" Victor Records

10-inch double-sided formerly sold for \$1.00 now

Reduced to 85c.

(Less than pre-war price)

at any His Master's Voice dealers

Manufactured by Berliner Gram-o-phone Co., Limited, Montreal

DIXON'S

Huntingdon, Que.

The Huntingdon Cleaner

Published by LESLIE W. SELLAR

HUNTINGDON, Q. NOV. 24th, 1921

NOTES OF THE WEEK

Fifty years ago the people of Canada were in closer touch with the political situation and aims of the several parties and leaders than we are today. Leaders then came out and publicly stated they were for this or that policy, they meant what they said and tried to live up to it. I doubt if the rising generation gives much thought to the important factor in the shaping of our future. And although we, the electors, have the power to approve or disapprove the policies of the several parties, there is reason to believe we do not always exercise that power but are often influenced by precedent or tradition of the family, by friends and often by enemies, without giving the matter serious thought or attempting to figure it out for ourselves. We cannot safely follow the precedents of our forefathers, for the parties and policies of to-day are much changed from those of 50 and even 20 years ago and we must estimate their worth by what they are and have been during recent years. The boiling down process must inevitably lead you to conclusions somewhat as follows:

1st. That the Conservative party under Premier Meighen is a high protectionist party, one which caters to capitalists and one which Canadian Manufacturers approve, because it allows them to charge higher prices for their goods. There is a policy of investing and loaning money, believing it will return.

2nd. That the Liberal party, as it exists under Mackenzie King, is a mixture of free traders, Manufacturers, French Canadians and farmers, with the Manufacturers having too much control while the principles of the old Liberals who claimed equal rights for all and special privileges to none is unfortunately becoming a secondary consideration.

3rd. That the Progressive party or Farmers Party is a body of men who are disgusted with both Liberal and Conservative, and is composed mostly of farmers determined to get fair play, as they see it, so far as possible. The party is led by Crerar who is influenced to a large degree by Western necessities.

The merits and short comings of the Liberal and Progressive parties we will not discuss in this issue there is not a great deal separating them, except that the Liberal policy of late has been too much influenced by the moneyed interests while the Progressive, being a new organization, is practically free from this incumbrance. But most surely the Conservative policy is not a policy which will benefit the majority and it is certainly detrimental to the farming industry. On the very face of it, it is a policy which takes from the poor man and gives to the rich. We hear men say "I believe in protection for everybody, farmer and all. Make America Pay". But either these men are ignorant or they say these things to lead others astray. We must realize that it is impossible to protect a greater part of Canada's industries. For instance, how could you protect the wheat growers? Canada grows so much wheat that the bulk of it must be sold abroad, and foreign markets set the price, which is regulated by the law of supply and demand. A protective tariff might enable a combine of Canadian farmers to charge a higher price for a portion of their crop and incidentally make us pay more for bread, but the increased profit could not materially affect the price on the bulk of the crop. What is true of wheat is true of cheese and other products and also of some industries. And the men who produce these genuine assets and represent more than half the population must pay another privileged class a bonus through protection so that bottle fed concerns may be enabled to charge more for goods we must have. Don't think for one moment that the Canadian Manufacturers want a high tariff just because it will make American companies pay more to sell goods in Canada and increase the revenue of the Government. Their big reason is that they can charge us more for the goods they sell us. "Without killing the goose that lays the golden eggs" they are bleeding us of money which should go to pay mortgages, educate our children and reduce the home debt. Pitt once said:

of daily use among the people, and so indirectly that the people will pay them and not know it, their grumbling will be of hard times but they will not know that the hard times are caused by taxation.

Taxes for revenue we must have, for by unwise expenditure and debt incurred before, during and after the war, we have a huge deficit to wipe out. A debt which must be paid and the bigger part of it we do not grudge, for we can never pay equally with those glorious men who laid down their lives for Freedom, for Canada and for Us. But we, the common people cry out in protest against the further burden of supporting a privileged class, a class which knows no law but business for personal gain, a class who support a party so long as it does their bidding and when the country tires of that party and throws it out, shift their support to the new-comers, without however entirely cutting loose from their former allegiance, and this class have and do control too much in the policies of our governments, this class has too much say as to the policies of the party who for years waged the battle of equal privilege for all and special privilege for none. We have heard the well dressed, prosperous looking agent of the protected interests, "commercial travellers" etc. expound the gospel of protecting the manufacturers so that they would expand and that we could then sell to their employees our produce. He would have a high tariff, so high that all foreign goods would be shut out. We would send no money to the United States or Britain for goods, we would keep our capital at home and have as he depicts it a golden circuit -- the farmers would sell to the manufacturer and manufacturers would sell to the farmers, we could all become rich and view with delight the magnificent factories rising on every hand. All this, he says, could be done by having a high tariff and anyone who couldn't understand that was simple. Let us examine this plausible argument which fools so many. First of all what right has any clique or Government to pass a law which will compel us to cease buying goods where we can get them best and cheapest? Under a protective tariff you could not do so. Undoubtedly such an arbitrary law would help the manufacturer, but would it help me, a humble miner, a farmer, a labourer or a lumberman? The question is not will the money stay in Canada but will the money I have honestly earned stay in my pocket. Why should part of my money go to support the factory owners? Why should they grow rich while I grow poor? Why should they be favored? Why should I be discouraged? If a commodity can be manufactured in Canada at a profit under present conditions and without government aid by all means manufacture it, but if you tax me to give that man a bonus you rob me of honest earnings. Is this not a free country? Another man expounds the gospel, "we must have a larger population in order to make our railways pay and reduce our debt. Yes, if it is the right kind we do, if it is the class who will go into the bush and carve out farms, or who will enlarge our mines, go into our lumber camps and bring these and our other natural resources into the markets of the world, such men will add strength to our nation, but hordes drawn from cities who cannot and will not do such work are no asset, we have only to turn our eyes to the cities to prove this, and if further proof is necessary learn of the misery and poverty that exists among factory operators of the old world. In 1915 my father (Robert Sellar) wrote "To-day you have not a beggar on Toronto's streets: adopt Protection and you will have thousands of paupers." Already we have such a condition and Government money, our money must go to maintain bread lines and soup kitchens, but this unnecessary expenditure is not a patch on what we are paying to support factories created by artificial means, whose owners would force us to continue supporting them. Instead of spending money and time in securing bonuses through tariff, and being a burden on the tax payers, how much better it would be if these men spent their energy and invested their capital on improving their equipment and finding a way to compete in foreign markets and with products from foreign markets? But they will not do this until they find that the public purse is not a Christmas tree. Honest industry should find honest reward in Canada and it is our duty to protest against any government abusing its power by taxing any class for the benefit of another, this applies to Western grain growers as well as to moneyed interests and sectarian institutions. We don't blame laboring classes crying out "We are sick of our past governments" and for saying

ing they will send men from their own calling to Ottawa so that they may oppose legislation which to them is unfair, we don't blame them for wanting to minimize special privilege and reduce the public debt. Big business and the manufacturers laugh at us and they have reason to do so. Do they care if we have a huge debt? Not likely. Don't you see instead of hindering it helps them. They know that if we have a debt we must raise interest and interest will be raised by a tariff for revenue and the bigger the debt the higher and wider the tariff, and therefore the higher price they will be able to charge us for necessities and that while we whimper of hard times they will live in luxury making easy money. Certainly a Conservative government is an extravagant government, that is part of its policy. That is why almost all manufacturers are Conservatives. And that is why we laborers should vote for equal rights and no special privilege. That is why the high protectionist policy of the Conservative party under Premier Meighen is making us pay more taxes than they should, through duties which we call hard times. That is why huge sums of money were spent to defeat Laurier when he decided to have no more to do with protected interests that had worked their way into the high places of the old Liberal ranks. Laurier encouraged and helped manufacturers to a degree. He placed them on their feet and when by his decision for the Reciprocity plank in 1911 he intimated that manufacturers were able to stand on their own feet and compete with foreign countries, by their actions they plainly said "Perhaps we are but we are now stronger than you so we won't do it, go on keep giving us the people's money or we will throw you out of office." And the fact that they did is proof of their control of Canadian politics and the policies of our governments. Unless during the next ten or twenty years we can stop this clique from running Canada's policies for their own gain we will not only continue to be the goose that lays their golden eggs--paying taxes to protect interests through a high tariff, but under our foolish mothering they will in time become so strong that they will compel us to keep paying them a proportion of our honest earnings.

That no government during the next ten years will be able to give satisfaction is evident, for although our natural resources are so great that we are confident that in time under careful handling we can pay our debt, a period of time must elapse before it is accomplished and during that period office at Ottawa will be no garden of roses. As I see it, we, the electors must see to it that the men we choose to handle our money are men who will not be extravagant, for the debt must be cut if prosperity is to return, and the money for improvements must be obtained not from borrowed funds which increase a debt, but from surplus funds after interest and a good healthy sinking fund have been paid. This system of catering to a special class whether Manufacturer, Farmer or Labor, and of patronage must be done away with. We want a free Canada, where every man has an equal chance and no one is favored. And we want the kind of prosperity which stands on its own feet, paying its own way, asking no favors of us or of future generations.

Canadian Literature.

The week is being given to Canadian authors; their works are given prominence on the book stands; their merits are being extolled in the press and by the time worn call to patriotism "Buy at home" the public is being asked to subscribe to their existence. Yet it is extremely doubtful if Canadian literature will be any the better by the drive. Some authors deserve it, others will doubtless receive temporarily augmented royalties, but they will not be natural increases, for the basic call for better literature will remain unsatisfied, simply because the reading public of to-day is neither expecting nor demanding the good. Consider the great works that the past has given to us. Time has not dimmed their excellence, but rather the readers have deteriorated. To-day they are considered "heavy." Give us rather the triangular sex fiction or the preposterous adventure story is the cry. Recognizing this the great American magazines, and they form our main supply, cater to that appeal, to them circulation is the one great object the greater the circulation the greater money returns from the numerous advertising pages. An example was seen a few months ago when the Cosmopolitan magazine published an advertisement showing that its monthly receipts from advertisers alone was in excess of \$200,000. The consequence is that Canadian youth has formed a decided preference for American reading, and with American magazines being sold in this country at the rate of 600,000 a month it is no wonder that our literary nationality is being submerged by the American. If Canada and the United States produce sons worthy of places among the immortals of the past it will not be offering bonuses for sales or stories, but by their children growing up with a foundation founded on the best. It is a task for the home and the school where future writers and readers will be taught to appreciate the good.

HOWICK

Chairs were required for the adjacent Hall to supply seats for the crowd that attended the debate in the church on Thursday night last week. Rev. R. L. Ballantyne opened the meeting and asked the audience to sing O Canada. Mayor T. T. Gebbie presided and stated that the subject of the debate was, "Resolved that the child bred in the city has greater advantages than the child bred in the country." Mr. Welch, Mr. B. Astle and Mr. P. McArthur argued in the affirmative and Mrs. S. Reddick and Mrs. John Greig and Mr. Ernest Robertson in the negative. Deep interest was taken in the debate which has still continued to be discussed. The judges, although brought up in the country, were compelled according to their judgment to give a decision in favor of the affirmative. The scope of the subject of debate being somewhat indefinite, made it difficult for the debaters to avoid getting beyond its limits, but this did not detract from the value of a debate from its instructive aspect. The speakers had evidently thoroughly studied the question, each having something new in arguments. The judges were, Mrs. May Anderson, Miss B. Morris and Mr. John McRae. Mrs. Astle contributed a solo that was highly appreciated. A generous offering was given for the benefit of the church improvements.

A change in the temperature last week from eight degrees of frost to seventy above, swept away the ten inches of snow that had fallen and converted the excellent sleighing roads into an execrable mud. Jack Frost, however, returned on Tuesday making the roads solid and rough. Jaundice has been an unusually prevalent disease for some time, new cases occurring in this district.

STE. MARTINE

Last week was very mild and all the snow melted away. The river spread out of its bed and got clear of all ice by Thursday last. Last Saturday was a regular summer day and the frost was out of the ground so that some ploughing was done till Tuesday when the temperature turned so cold that this Wednesday morning every thing is frozen again and ploughing is closed once more. It is a good thing to have the frost to stiffen the clay roads which were getting impassable in many places.

Tuesday, in spite of muddy roads quite a few people from this place were at Ormstown to attend the meeting of the three candidates nominated for the general election. It was a surprise to all present to hear the independent candidate repeating what he published in his little paper "La Terre." It takes a patient crowd to listen during 45 minutes, in a chilly hall, to such an abusive oration. He came there alone and went the same.

HEMINGFORD

The W. M. S. met at the home of Mrs. T. G. McClatchie last Thursday. A box valued at \$298 was packed. The officers were elected for the coming year. (Rev.) Mrs. Murray was re-elected President.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Geo. McDowell took place at her home in Hallerton on Monday afternoon. Interment in the Hemmingford cemetery.

THREE CANDIDATES IN RIDING.

Robb, McArthur and Begin Nominated.

Nomination Day on the 22nd was not such an encouraged people to drive to the political dongs in Ormstown. The driving snow in the morning and the cold raw wind in the afternoon made the journey anything but pleasant, but it bespoke the interest of the electors when a glimpse was taken of the crowd in the Arena for there were upwards of 1200 present.

The nominations were received in McDougall Hall and rumors as to dark horses flew around until two, when F. R. Maxwell announced that Joseph Begin, farmer and journalist of Chateauguay Basin; Peter D. McArthur, farmer of Howick; and James A. Robb, merchant, miller and grain dealer of Valleyfield were nominated. A big crowd had assembled in the Hall, but as it could not accommodate all an adjournment was made to the Arena, which was as cold as any barn could be.

Peter Dickson and Avila Caza were the joint chairmen and they had their work cut out to keep order. Mr. Robb, the first speaker met with a cordial reception, but Jos. Begin, who followed had a stormy time. He spoke in French for 40 minutes, much of which was made indistinct by his stage mannerisms. After he sat down matters went well until Mr. Marell rose to speak. The hour was late and his reception was not enthusiastic. The feature of the day was that, with three candidates in the field, not one undertook to speak for the government. In consequence, the speakers had to confine themselves to arguments about what their respective parties would or would not do when they got into power.

Mr. Robb.

After referring to the length of time during which he has represented the county of Huntingdon and of the joint counties, immediately went back to the issues arising out of the war, upholding Mackenzie King's record and arguing that it ill befitted Messrs. Crerar and Meighen to attack his record when they were one

and one and a half years younger respectively. In passing he said he said he had voted on the conscription issue according to his conscience. He was then as he would be now if the occasion demanded in favor of the submission of a referendum to the people on the question.

As the speaker reached the railway question it was noticeable that attention was closer and applause more frequent. He declared amid applause that what Canada needed to-day was "Economy and then still greater economy." That no attempts of Mr. Meighen to make a tariff issue out of the election issue were successful, the extravagance of his administration could not be hidden and his manifesto contained not one word of that nature. "Nothing," declared the speaker, "could justify the paying of ten millions of dollars to McKeznie and Mann for a bankrupt railway." Neither was there justification for the purchase by the government of the Grand Trunk with its 1367 miles of railway in six different states of the United States. The Progressives stood in the same position as the Meighen party. They voted for the purchases, and only by their support did the measures go through, and it is in their platform that no stop shall be made until not only are the present lines permanently operated under public ownership but also the C. P. R. acquired, besides all telegraphs, telephones, cables, air routes, etc., and for this platform Messrs. McArthur and Begin must stand responsible.

Speaking of his opposition Mr. Robb said it was not unexpected, that ever since the Dairyman's convention in Ormstown last February when the Rev. Mr. Coburn had declared it was time the farmers organized and spoke for themselves, he had seen the trend things were taking. Mr. Begin he did not know, but Mr. McArthur he did, but he was not prepared to admit that, Mr. McArthur, was the Progressive candidate he pretended to be. Saying that the Hon. Thomas Crerar, leader of the Progressives should know who were his parliamentary followers he quoted from the Montreal Gazette of Oct. 25th to show that the Progressive leader in an interview had declared he recognized no Progressive candidates in Quebec. Then on November the 9th an authorized statement was published by Mr. Lalonde, head of the Meighen organization in Quebec which stated in reference to candidates in the field in opposition to the Liberals that "some may be running as farmers, or independents, but they are all out to beat the Liberals and as such have the support of the Meighen party." He questioned the source of the campaign funds of Mr. McArthur and thought it strange that a man who, prominent in the Fisher-Morris election in 1913 as a conservative worker, should now be going up and down the country criticizing the Meighen government for its extravagance, especially when since 1915 he had been on the government's payroll himself, quoting from the Auditor-General's reports and especially in reference to the year 1917 to prove the statement. In that year the reports showed, Mr. Robb declared, that Mr. McArthur had filed a bill and been paid for fifty-five days work at the rate of \$6.00 a day, and then he collected \$748.37 for expenses. "Do the electors now present consider a man who had run an expensive bill of \$748 in 55 days to be one from whom it sounded well to rave at the government's extravagance? Was he a true economist?"

After dealing with the actions of Mr. Crerar when Minister of agriculture and especially in respect to the oleomargarine question Mr. Robb closed by saying "I have represented you since 1908. You know my record. I appeal to you on that record and ask for your support and vote on the 6th of December."

Joseph Begin.

Who, when announcing himself as a candidate described himself as a French speaking Progressive was the next speaker. To the majority present he was a total stranger and they awaited with some curiosity to hear what he might say. In this they were disappointed for he walked from side to side of the platform, now addressing those in front and before ending the sentence turning his back and speaking to those behind the stage. If activity makes an oration Ormstown heard one, but if he wants to get any votes he will have to change his style of oratory. Evidently he had few or any friends present for early in period allotted the chairmen had to give up all efforts to keep order and many of his warmest terms directed at his opponents were lost in the wind waves caused by the manuscript which he shook under their noses, and the shouts of derision flying in both languages from the spectators.

Mr. P. D. McArthur.

Received applause on rising. As to the platform on which he stood he said: "I wish to refer to a report that has gone abroad with a view to shaking the confidence of the electors in our sincerity in this movement, that the Farmers' candidate is being backed financially and otherwise by the Conservatives. Let me say, Ladies and Gentlemen, that we stand four-square for the Pro-

gressive movement, regardless of anything that may be said to the contrary. I may say in corroboration of this that at the first meeting that was held in connection with the inauguration of this movement in Chateauguay-Huntingdon a unanimous resolution was passed "that we take steps to place in the field a candidate who shall be a farmer and resident in the riding, who shall be pledged, if elected, not to join either the Liberal or Conservative party." Everyone who allowed his name to go before that convention knew that this was the platform upon which he stood and no other." Defining responsible government, the speaker said, "We must first examine conditions carefully and then decide which is the proper way to work our ballot. What is the object of Government, if not to promote peace, happiness and prosperity? Let me ask you have we had this condition? Have we had contentment? We have but to look about us and see the condition of affairs in our cities, and in the country. The answer is there. We have discontent; we have an undecurrent of uneasiness. And why? Because we have been paying taxes not only for ourselves but for the protected industries. (loud applause). This is not fair; our country is overbalanced; it is top heavy and such an edifice cannot stand. The Farmers' slogan is "Equal Rights to All Special Privilege to One." This is our motto. The motto of the National Progressive Party that is making its appeal to you, today, it demands first of all, purity in politics. Mr. Crerar has asked on the public platform, where does the campaign money come from? He has asked the two old parties to reveal the source of their campaign funds. They cannot do it; they dare not do it. The members themselves, are not to blame. We, the electors, are responsible for this state of affairs. In the past we have allowed our members to go in and run their campaign on their private funds, if they could afford it. If they were not well enough off, the money was provided by the party. I say, such funds have been provided and we cannot say definitely where they come from but we have a fairly good idea. This is what has led to corruption in politics. A member elected under such circumstances is expected to stand by his party through thick and thin. The stupendous railway problem which we have on our hands to-day is in no small measure an outgrowth of this system. We all know that funds are necessary for legitimate expenses and these we contend should be furnished by the electors. This is one of the planks in the Farmers' Platform, and as evidence we have thousands of thousands of electors throughout the Dominion of Canada to-day chipping in to pay the legitimate expenses of their candidates. We have come to the time when we must quit playing party politics; we must put patriotism before partisanship. We need sound business ability in order to cope with the situation that faces us at present. What do either the Liberal or Meighen parties propose in order to help this situation? What solution have Meighen or King offered? They tell us that we are to have a still greater debt to meet in the years to come. We can only do it by increasing the products of our fields, mines, forest and seas and this provides business for those great white elephants, the railways, that we now have on our hands. Only in such a way can we hope to deal with the problem. There is the important question of immigration. We all know now, that these two great railway systems the G. T. P. and C. N. R. were built much before their time. In other words, we are overbuilt in railways, not having the population to feed or provide the necessary means of keeping these systems up. We believe that only immigration of the agricultural class will remedy these conditions--people who will devote themselves to agriculture, mining or lumbering. Declaring that we must develop markets, Mr. McArthur said the U. S. and Great Britain were the logical markets, and that the Progressives desire to have a mutual understanding with the Mother Country, a partnership with the Mother Country under which we could each benefit, with a preferential tariff that in 5 years we hope to have wiped out entirely. (Applause). With regard to our natural industries we believe that all materials and machinery required for the development of these natural resources should be put on the free list. We have agricultural implements; we have tools used in connection with the development of mines and we have machinery for saw mills--these must be put on the free list if we are to develop such industries successfully. In order to maintain a contented, sturdy and capable manhood and womanhood to operate these industries we must have the necessities of life on the free list. Only in so far as we can keep all people contented, happy and efficient can we expect efficiency in the return for work.

In addition to the candidates themselves Messrs. W. L. Carr and Marell spoke on behalf of Mr. McArthur while the Hon. Honore Mercier and Andrew Phillips, M. L. A. spoke for Mr. Robb. No one spoke for Mr. Begin. Each of the speeches were of interest and as the speakers are

illed to appear in all the districts at the riding the electors should go and hear them personally. Each has strong arguments which should be considered. The meeting was a long one, lasting for over two and a half hours, and as the lights were not turned on in the Arena before the end it was getting difficult to see the speakers.

SMELLIE'S November Sales

This week we start with a CASH SYSTEM, so it allows us to sell our Goods Cheaper so Note the Reduction in Prices of the following Goods.

The Prices Tell The Story.

A Sale of Ladies' Fall Hats at prices that are less than wholesale prices. Some very pretty styles this week on Sale at \$1.49.

A Sale of Kiddies, Sweater Coats from 28 to 30. All good styles from 75c to \$1.50.

Dress Goods Special

40 in. Wool Plaid, different patterns, Sale Price, \$1.49 yd.
56 in. all Wool, Jersey, \$2.19 yd.
22 in. Silk Velvets, price, 59c yd.
56 in. Botany Serge, Navy Blue, \$1.39 yd.
Amure Cloths, 4 different shades, \$1.49 yd.
27 in. Corduroy Velvets, 59c yd.
36 in. Panama, Cloths, different colors, 59c yd.
45 in. Black Botany Serge, \$1.49 yd.

A Sale of Ladies Flannellette Night Dresses at .99c

Ladies' White Flannellette Night Dresses, well made, wonderful values at 99c.

.75c Sale Ladies Vests .75c

Extra quality fleece lined Vests, long sleeve, all sizes. Some buying at 75c Vest.

Hoisery Sale

Penman's all Wool Cashmere Hosiery for Ladies in all sizes 75c pr.
Ladies' Silk Hosiery in all colors from 59c to \$1.50. Some bargain.
Children's Black ribbed Worsted Hose, 45c pr.
Ladies' fleece lined, something special. Price 35c, 2pr. for 65c.

SPECIAL--For one week, one big lot of Flannellette, all colors, White, Grey, Brown, Blue, Pink, fancy striped at 15c yd. Buy it while the buying is good.

Ladies' Bungalo--Apron Dresses, trimmed with rick-rack braid. Some Dress. While they last, \$1.49.

Curtain Scrim

Plain, also bordered Curtain Scrim, 36 inches wide from 10c to 30c yd.

Prices That Speak For Itself

36 in. fast colored Percale, 17c yd.
40 in. Apron Checks, 23c yd.
Linen Crash, pure linen, 15c yd.
36 in. Organza, 22c yd.
Table Oilcloths, 33c yd.
Men's Polar Brand Wool Underwear for men only 98c each.
Men's fleece lined, something special at 95c each.
Men's Velvet back fleece Union Suits, at \$1.75.
We have a nice display of Men's Mitts from 35c to \$1.50.
Men's all wool work Sox, 35c pr.
Men's heavy wool Sox, 75c pr.

Shoe Values.

Men's Tan Elk Skin work Shoes, sizes 7 to 12, \$2.95.
Boys' Tan Elk Skin Shoes, all sizes, \$2.25.
Men's fine Calf Shoes with rubber heels, \$4.98.
Ladies' Kid HI Cuts, sport heel \$2.49.
Ladies' Kid in Black or Brown, Special \$4 and \$5.

Rubber Boots

Ball Band, leather tops, also rubber tops, High and low cuts. We are allowing 5 per cent discount on all Rubber goods, so if you are looking for Rubber Footwear, do not forget to look these Rubbers over.

Horse Blankets

Something special in Blankets. Street Blankets at \$5 and \$6. Stable Blankets at \$2.75 and \$4.50. "They are Beauties."

A dandy four cord Broom for 35c.

We are making a special on Men's Mackinaw Coats and Sweaters this week. Look them over when you are in the store.

Groceries Always Fresh Prices Right.

Best grade granulated Sugar, 7.25.
Brown Sugar at 7c lb.
Oh! Boy, Seedless Raisins 15 oz. 2 for 45c.
Sun Malt Seededs 15 oz., 2 for 45c.
Holly Cleaned Currants, 2 for 45c.
Tomatoes, 2 1/2 lbs. each, 15c.
Cut mixed Peel, 25c.
Icing Sugar, 2 pkgs. for 25c.
Uncolored Japan Tea, 60c.
Good grade Green Tea, 50c.
3 cakes P. and G. Soap, 25c.
3 cakes Star Soap, 25c.
3 pkgs. Corn Starch, 25c.

Watch For Our Xmas Ad.

L. R. Smellie's Pay Cash and Pay Less

We are paying 65c per doz. for eggs.

O'CONNOR HALL FRIDAY, Nov. 25th "The Golden Snare"

By JAMES OLIVER CURWOOD

Remember "God's Country" Remember "Nomads" ... Told just as you read it with Curwood punch and Curwood romance.

Tuesday, November 29th EDITH ROBERTS

"The UNKNOWN WIFE"

It is a perfect photoplay, containing a love story as appealing as it is dramatic. Thrilling to the extreme, it is a scenic marvel as wondrous as the most inspiring travel picture...

Gameroff's

Clothing, Footwear and all kinds of Merchandise

Men, Women and Children Style, Quality and everything that's Required of "Good Clothes"

Putting out on Sale Men's Suits of all descriptions as a specialty. Secure one before the Christmas Holidays. We are offering a Reduction of 15% off Marked Price on every Suit in the Store.

Men! Young Men!

Come and Pick your suit off the racks. You will get better values from us.

Ladies' and Misses Plain and Fur Trimmed Coats

All new smart styles, both straight line and semi fitted models. Splendidly lined and interlined made of Heavy All-Wool Velours, Chinchillas, Duvetyn, Broadcloth. Colors are—taupe, brown, navy and black. All sizes.

SPECIAL 10 pleated Skirts in Blue, Black and Brown, on Sale at \$3.49. Come and secure one.

Many ladies' Serge Dresses, Suits and Serge and Tricotines in Blue, Brown and Black. Full stock of famous Jacques Cartier Rubbers.

M. GAMEROFF

Province of Quebec School Municipality of Dundee TENDERS ... Will be received by the undersigned until the third day of December next 1921, for supplying Schools No. 2, 4, 5 and 6, each with ten cords of sound body wood free from chunks, 16 inches long. Hard wood preferred.

MANUFACTURES NEED CASH

\$15,000 SHOE STOCK DIRECT FROM MANUFACTURE TO YOU. SALE LASTS TEN DAYS A FEW OF THE MANY BARGAINS.

Ladies High Mahogany and Black Vici K11 Rubber Heel \$4.75 & \$5.75 Ladies' Brown and Black Scotch Grain Oxford's and 3 Strap \$5.75 LADIES' HEATHER WOOL HOSE \$1.50 & \$17.5 Ladies' Grecian Sandals and Strap Pumps in Patent and Kid New York's Latest Rage \$3.75 to \$6.75 Growing Girls, Black and Mahogany, Rubber Heels. \$3.50 to \$5.75

Men's Mahogany Good Year Welt Rubber Heel French Toe and Round Toe \$4.75 & \$5.75 Army Shoes \$4.75 Work Shoes Solid Leather \$2.75 to \$4.50 Boys Dress Shoes \$2.50 to \$3.75 Ladies, 4 Buckle Arctics \$3.95 Men's Arctics \$3.90 Men's Dress Arctics \$4.50

D. C. DISBROW Co., FIANAGAN HOTEL BUILDING, MALONE, N. Y.

DUNDEE Mrs. Isreal Mayville and Master Edmond went to Montreal on Saturday to visit her younger son, Master Edward, who is in the Deaf and Dumb Institute.

BAZAAR The Ladies of St. John's Church will hold their annual Bazaar in the basement of the Church on Thursday afternoon and evening of Dec. 1st.

NOTICE The notes given at my sale fall due on Dec. 2nd and are in my hands for collection.

FOR SALE—Coville Pups. James E. Barrett.

NOTICE If you want to settle with me on this week. Next week it will be more, I am handing my books over for collection.

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT. Known as the Brunson Farm, contains 100 acres of first class land.

FOR SALE I have for sale 50 cords dry stove wood, all mixed. Will sell at reasonable price.

FOUND—A Lady's Wrist Watch. Apply Mrs. Wm. Carr.

STRAYED—On the premises of Robt. Arthur, one ram lamb. Owner can have same on paying expenses.

ICE! ICE! ICE! This may seem a little early but time flies and you cannot do without it.

FRANKLIN CENTRE Miss Margaret Barr who has been visiting relatives and friends in Mooers, N. Y., and at Covey Hill, has returned to Mrs. Wm. Sharp's.

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HUNTINGDON Dr. and Mrs. Andrew Hunter of Harrison, Me., visited his parents Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Hunter.

HUNTINGDON Miss Greta Cogland was in town over the week end.

HUNTINGDON Miss Bunny Kyle spent the week end with her mother, Mrs. Wm. Kyle.

HUNTINGDON Miss Grace Watson, accompanied by Miss Cora Cowan of Franklin Centre, spent a few days with friends in Montreal last week.

HUNTINGDON Mrs. Reese visited Mrs. A. Panzera, in Malone, N. Y. this week.

HUNTINGDON Mrs. Wm. Litzemeyer has gone to Saranac, N. Y. where he has work for the winter.

HUNTINGDON Mrs. Herb. McCoy and little daughter of Swift Current, Sask., are visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Blair.

HUNTINGDON Mr. John Jamieson arrived from Toronto last Sunday having made the trip in his auto.

HUNTINGDON Mrs. Wm. Jamieson is quite ill but her many friends hope to see her better very soon.

HUNTINGDON Miss Mary Malther is the guest of Miss Jennie Watson.

HUNTINGDON Mrs. Douglas of Rockburn was taken suddenly ill while visiting at Mr. and Mrs. Ben Johnson's last week.

HUNTINGDON As Mr. and Mrs. John Rowe were going to church on Sunday, one of the front wheels of their car dropped off.

HUNTINGDON The Anglican Church which has not been having service for the past few Sundays, on account of the furnace being repaired, was opened for service Sunday.

HUNTINGDON Mrs. Clark Goldie, who has been staying with her daughter, Mrs. Louis Blair for the past two weeks,

Province of Quebec Municipality of the Township of Elgin PUBLIC NOTICE To all persons interested in McIntosh Creek and Branches.

HOWICK Dr. Wm. Ness of Montreal was a visitor in town this past week.

HOWICK Mr. P. W. McLagan of Westmount was the week end guest of Mr. G. G. Stewart.

HOWICK Mr. Russell Logan has returned home from the west where he has spent the past two years.

HOWICK Miss Muriel Anderson of Montreal spent the week end with her parents, and on Sunday evening rendered a solo in Knox Church with splendid effect.

HEMMINGFORD Mrs. C. W. Collings, who has been with her mother, Mrs. Stewart in Lacolle for some time, has returned home.

HEMMINGFORD Mr. Wm. Gowdy, Covey Hill, returned from Physician's Hospital, Plattsburg, N. Y., on Saturday, Mr. Gowdy is poorly at time of writing.

POLITICAL MEETING IN MUNRO HALL, ATHELSTAN THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 24th at 7:30 P. M.

POLITICAL MEETING ROCKBURN TOWN HALL FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 25th at 7:30 P. M.

POLITICAL MEETING HAVELOCK TOWN HALL TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 29th at 7:30 P. M.

POLITICAL MEETING ELGIN TOWN HALL THURSDAY, DECEMBER 1st at 7:30 P. M.

POLITICAL MEETING IN KENSINGTON HALL WEDNESDAY, NOV. 30th at 7:30 P. M.

POLITICAL MEETING THURSDAY, DECEMBER 2nd at 7:30 P. M.

POLITICAL MEETING FRIDAY, DECEMBER 3rd at 7:30 P. M.

POLITICAL MEETING SATURDAY, DECEMBER 4th at 7:30 P. M.

POLITICAL MEETING SUNDAY, DECEMBER 5th at 7:30 P. M.

POLITICAL MEETING MONDAY, DECEMBER 6th at 7:30 P. M.

COWS FOR SALE At the Sales stables of David Levine, 1121 Bld. Cremizlo St., Montreal, fifty selected, fresh milkers and springers, all guaranteed.

LOST—Large brown Collie Dog. White collar and White paws. Finder please communicate with 1505 Macfarlane. 632 1-3.

Kept at the stables of the undersigned one purebred Tamworth Boar. Service fee \$1.50 payable at time of service.



The Man of the Hour

In this hour of Canada's most acute national crisis, the country's greatest need is leadership—not class leadership, not sectional leadership, but NATIONAL leadership.

And one man stands out head and shoulders above all others as pre-eminently fitted for the task.

Born on a farm near St. Mary's, Ontario, Arthur Meighen is a true son of the people, a toiler who has fought his way to eminence by sheer ability and force of intellect.

At the Imperial Conference he was acclaimed by the Press of Great Britain as a great statesman, as a strong, virile, vigorous personality—alert in mind, keen and far-seeing in judgment, and with a fearless determination to stand for the right.

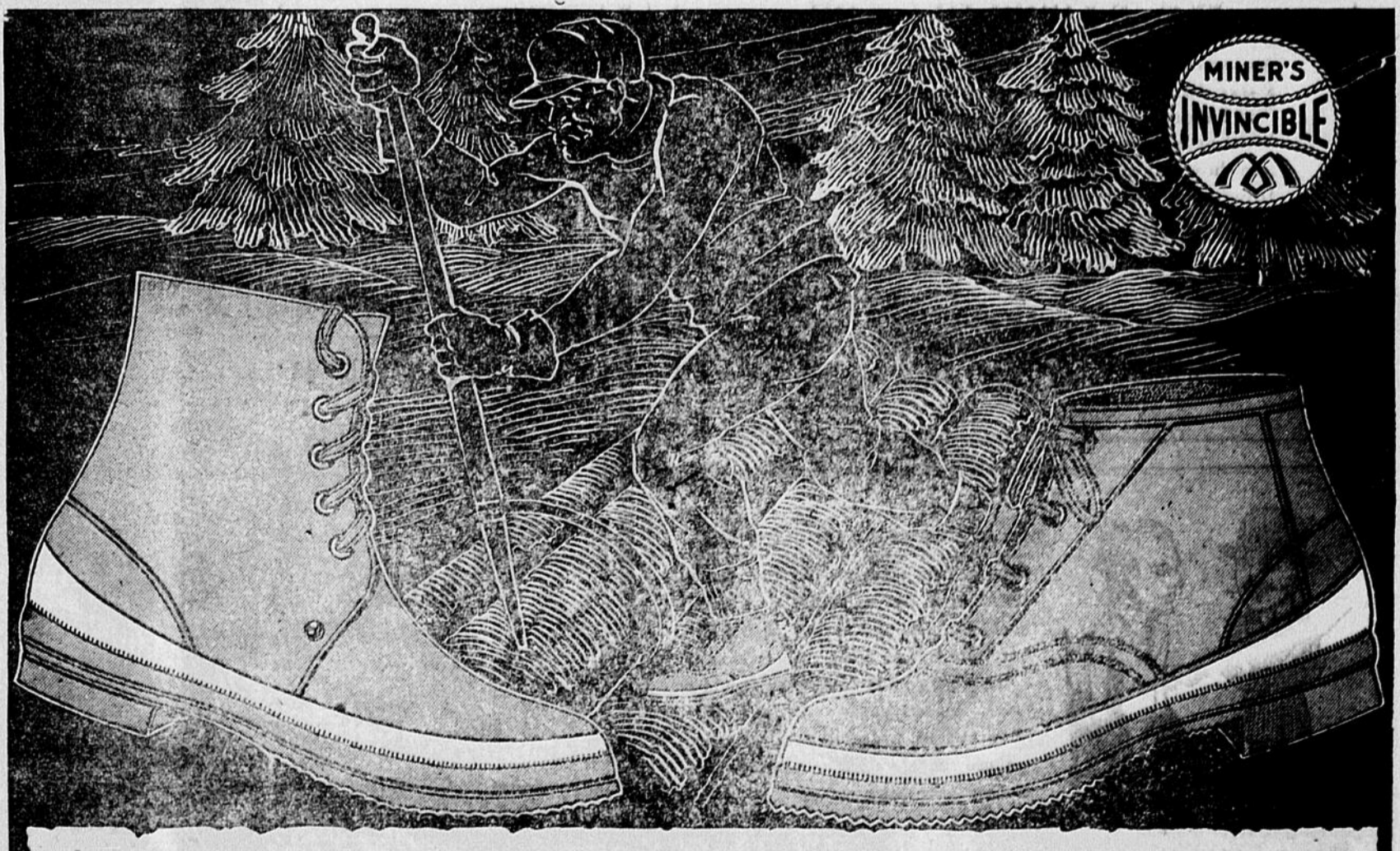
Professor A. D. Skelton, of Queen's University, and biographer of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, wrote of the present Prime Minister:—"He has already given proof of high administrative capacity. His personal integrity is beyond question."

Of himself, Arthur Meighen said to his constituents the other day:—"You know where I stood on this issue in 1908, in 1911, and as in 1911 I stand to-day."

A Real Force A Real Leader

Canada Needs Meighen

The National Liberal and Conservative Party Publicity Committee



ASK THE MAN WHO WEARS THEM. We can tell you what he tells us. We can tell you about the ever increasing number of men who are wearing "Invincibles". We can tell you how good "Invincibles" are and how long they wear, but for first-hand proof ask the man who wears them.

PRINGLE STARK & CO. HUNTINGDON, QUE.

Those Who Drink Japans should surely try

"SALADA" GREEN TEA

It is green tea in perfection—fresh, clean and flavoured. Superior to the finest Japans you ever tasted. Sold by all Grocers.

NAMES ON NOMINATION PAPERS

The signatures to both Mr. Robb's and Mr. McArthur's papers were drawn from all parts of the riding, while Mr. Begin's were all from St. Joachim de Chateauguay with the exception of L. A. Rousseau, Ormstown. The names are:

Signatures to the Nomination Papers of James A. Robb.

William Bryson, James Cowan, Sr., Robert Whiteford, Geo. Nussey, Jas. McWhinnie, Peter Barr, James D. Bryson, James Cowan, Jr., Jas. J. McWhinnie, R. W. Whiteford, George J. Hope, Albert Nussey, Adam Cullen, James A. Cullen, John McCartney, Gordon Bryson, Andrew Chisholm, J. H. Nussey, George Graham, Andrew E. Glen, M. McIntyre, John Graham, Andrew Rutherford, James Robertson, Avila Caza, M. W. Leehy, Jos. Racine, Michel Primeau, Rodolphe Caza, Oscar Quesnel, Aime Brunet, John Leahy, Damase Leblanc, Geo. Foisy, Joseph Leblanc, A. Saucy, R. O'Connor, S. Duheme, T. O'Connor, Dr. J. E. Caza, Antoine Quesnel, Adrien Quesnel, Antoine Caza, Jr., Emery Rabeau, John D. Leehy, Ward Leahy, Alexis Trepanier, John Brown, Andrew Elliott, John Thompson, R. R. Henderson, John W. Logan, Jules Laviole, William Nussey, Joseph A. Hadley, L. L. McGarth, Joseph Descentpere, Horace Descent.

Michel Laberge, C. Desrosier, Andrew Hadley, Florian Parent, Jos. Descent, Jr., Donald McCaig, R. Lefebvre, James Tait, Nelson McCaig, D. A. McCormick, Andrew Philips, R. H. Crawford, W. P. Stephen, Ferd. Lefebvre, John Small, D. J. O'Connor, W. A. Derochie, T. W. Furey, J. H. Demers, J. A. Lanktree, John Stark, Moses Gendron, W. C. McArthur, Fred Rabinoux, David Sauve, P. H. MacLaren, D. H. Brown, James E. Barrett, J. C. Duhame, A. Mulr, Jr., A. Lasalle, J. C. Boyd, D. J. Galipeau, L. N. Dupuis, Patrick Sherry, John McCarthy.

Signatures to the Nomination Papers of P. D. McArthur.

M. M. McNaughton, Gilbert McMillan, T. B. Pringle, H. R. Clouston, S. R. Jack, N. E. Jack, Wm. Watt, Irven Watt, Edouard Trudeau, Jos. Trudeau, Ant. N. Laberge, Joseph Picard, Jos. O. Primeau, Elol Primeau, Oliver Legault, Donat Doré, Jas. T. Elliott, Albert G. Brown, J. R. Fournie, David Vass, Thomas Carroll, David Glen, Robert Thomson, R. J. Keir, T. E. Robertson, D. J. Greig, D. A. Wilson, John Watson, Ernest Prevost, Louis Mabeu, Peter Dickson, Walter Rodger, Wm. McEwen, Wm. Lindsay, Robert English, Sam Cottingham, John H. Rowe, A. E. Sadler, J. L. Geo. McGerrigle, John Harston, P. H. Curran, D. Marshall, R. E. Forrester, James Winter, Mrs. James

Winter, N. Sangster, John McClintock, H. H. Chambers, John Hastie, John Kilgour, John D. Hunter, Wm. J. Roy, Mary Irene Bazin, Margaret Duncan, Mary B. Struthers, Mary McE. Sangster, Gertrude Geddes.

Signatures to Nomination Papers of Joseph Begin.

J. B. Chevrefils, Hector Chevrefils, Henri Seers, Albert Seers, Pierre Laberge, Adrien Laberge, Albin Bourdon, Moise Pregent, Louis P. Pare, Antoine Laberge, Napoleon Laberge, Z. E. Marchand, George Loyez, J. A. Martineau, A. Dumouchel, P. Burgogne, E. Farmer, Alph. J. Allard, J. Cecyze, Arthur Laberge, Charles Poirier, André Reid, L. A. Rousseau, P. Bourdon, Henri Dumouchel.

K. & L. SHOE NEWS

NEW LINES.

Women's Fine Shoes, \$4.50, \$5, \$6, \$7.

Regal Shoes for Men.

Macfarlane Shoes for Kiddies.

Skating Shoes.

Cozy Slippers.

Boudoir Slippers.

Juliette Slippers.

Carson's Romeo Slippers for men.

These are extra quality.

Large range of other house Slippers in Tweed, Felt and Leather.

RUBBER FOOTWEAR

Lumbermen's Rubbers at 1921-22 prices.

Shoe Rubbers to fit your Shoe.

Overshoes, Sheepskins, Leggings, Felts, Moccasins, etc., also some Army Overshoes to fit over work Shoes.

GAITERS

A full range of colors, heights and qualities to select from.

Holeproof Hosiery in Lisle Silk and Cashmere. An Ideal Xmas Gift.

NECKWEAR

The largest range we have ever shown. Desirable patterns at popular prices, in narrow and wide shaped Silks and knitted lines.

Scarves of all kinds.

Arrow Collars in the popular lines. See the new "Whip".

National Caps

Smart dressy shapes for young men

Sweaters

"Visor" Pure Wool Sweaters in Green, Brown, Grey, Maroon and Khaki, also other lines at lower prices.

Handkerchiefs

Pure linen, Men's size, hand embroidered initials. Price 75c. Any letter can be supplied.

Gloves and Mitts

Men's Mocha Mitts, \$1.50.

Boys' Mocha Mitts, \$1.35.

Suspenders, Armlets and Gaiters in fancy boxes.

KELLY & LANKTREE

THE FAMILY SHOE STORE

Clean Sweep Sale

Of all our ready made Suits, Overcoats and Pants.

Sold regardless of cost Blue Serge Tweed Suits at \$14.99, \$17.99, \$20.00, \$25.00 and \$29.00.

A special line of heavy Overcoats, \$19.99.

See these bargains before purchasing elsewhere.

A few uncalled for Suits and Overcoats; our own make at greatly reduced prices.

We have just received our Xmas stock of Neckwear, Shoes and Furnishings. Always the best in town. Come and see them.

F. LEFEBVRE & SON

High Class Tailors

Gents' Furnishers.

HUNTINGDON MOTORS LIMITED.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that under the First Part of Chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906, known as "The Companies Act" and amending Acts, letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the State of Canada bearing date the 19th day of September, 1921, incorporating **HUNTINGDON MOTORS LIMITED**, merchant, with a capital of \$25,000, agent, and James Mulvey, accountant, all of the Town of Huntingdon, in the Province of Quebec; Harlow Hulbert Hutchins, manager, and Horace Albert Hutchins, Advocate, both of the City of Montreal, in the said Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz:—

(a) To purchase or otherwise acquire as a going concern the property good-will, undertaking, assets and business now being carried on at the Town of Huntingdon by Byron Willard Allen and to continue the same business with all or any of its powers and objects and to assume the liabilities therefor and to pay for the assets and any liabilities so acquired including good-will in shares of this company fully paid-up.

(b) To buy, sell, import, export, or manufacture or deal in all kinds of automobiles, automobile supplies and accessories;

(c) To purchase, lease, construct or otherwise acquire all property or properties that it may deem advisable including factories, stores, warehouses and offices;

(d) To acquire and undertake generally the whole or any part of the business, good-will and undertaking rights and assets and to assume the whole or part of the liabilities of any person, firm or company carrying on the business with objects similar in whole or in part to those which this company is authorized to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this company;

(e) To acquire hold or own shares in other corporations doing business in whole or in part of a like nature and to pay for the same either in cash or in part cash or to issue fully paid-up shares of the company in payment or part payment therefor or otherwise as may be arranged, and to sell or otherwise deal with the same notwithstanding the provisions of section 44 of The Companies Act;

(f) To remunerate any person or persons for any property or rights acquired or with the approval of the shareholders, services rendered in such manner as the Company may deem expedient and more particularly by the issue and allotment of shares, bonds or other securities of the company fully paid-up and non-assessable;

(g) To enter into any arrangement for the sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as to directly or indirectly benefit this company; and to lend money to, guarantee the contracts of, or otherwise acquire shares and securities of any such company and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with the same;

(h) To distribute among the shareholders of the Company any property or assets of the Company as and when the company may determine. The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The Huntingdon Motors Limited," with a capital stock of twenty-five thousand (\$25,000) dollars, divided into 250 shares of one hundred (\$100) dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said company to be at the Town of Huntingdon, in the Province of Quebec. Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 26th day of September, 1921.

(Signed) Thomas Mulvey, Under-Secretary of State.

AUCTION SALE

Crop and Stock on the property known as the D. W. JOHNSTON Farm, Lot 24-B, Range 3, Township of Hinchinbrook, County of Huntingdon, recently occupied by W. T. McCallum, on Friday November 25th, 1921, of four cows and quantity of Hay and Grain. Terms Cash. Sale starts at 1 p.m. sharp.

Friendship—Yes! But—

"The Bill will not let in Canadian wheat, but will save to the American farmer the right to raise a bushel of wheat instead of transferring that right to Canada."—Mr. Fordney, in introducing the Fordney Emergency Tariff Bill which has shut millions of dollars worth of Canadian foodstuffs out of the United States market.

"If we are to build up a self-sustaining agriculture here at home, the farmer must be protected from unfair competition from those countries where agriculture is still being exploited."—President Harding. The very spot chosen to deliver this speech—Minnesota—shows that Harding had the Canadian North-West in mind.

WHILE ties of friendship unite Canada and the United States, the attitude of Uncle Sam is that of "Business First", and Canada cannot and should not hope for any consideration from the United States where the interests of the farmers and business people of that country are involved. Uncle Sam has built the Fordney Tariff directly against Canadian agriculture, and new additional Tariff proposals are now under consideration to shut out from the United States Canadian goods of every kind.

These measures are due to the insistence of the American farmer that the United States market shall be retained exclusively for him and that the influx of Canadian farm products into that country must cease. They are also due to a like insistence of United States manufacturers and workers, who have seen their country develop tremendously and grow rich under a Protective Tariff, and who believe that a still further increase in Tariff is the only means of assuring continued prosperity.

CONTRAST THE ATTITUDE OF THE UNITED STATES LEADERS WITH THAT OF CANADA'S WOULD-BE LEADERS, CRERAR AND KING

Crerar proposes to allow American goods to enter the Canadian market free of duty.

King proposes that the present reasonable Tariff on the products of the American factory and farm shall be greatly reduced, and that the home market of the Canadian farmer and manufacturer alike shall be thrown open to our Southern neighbour, in the face of the United States Emergency tariff, which practically shuts out Canadian farm products from these markets, and also in the face of the permanent tariff now under consideration at Washington, which gives every promise of being even more drastic than the Emergency Tariff so far as our products are concerned.

of both agricultural and manufactured products of the United States when there is not the slightest possibility of any compensative advantage to Canada.

Does any sane Canadian believe that Crerar or King, hat in hand, could persuade the United States Government to completely reverse its Tariff policies and agree to reciprocal trade in face of American public demand for a high protective Tariff?

The people of the United States conduct their affairs and protect themselves by the principle that "Business is business." Why should Canada do otherwise?

Unlike Crerar or King, MEIGHEN stands firm for a reasonable Tariff to protect all our industries—those of the farm, the sea, the mine, the forest, the factory, and for the building up of a bigger and better Canada through the full development of the home market.

FRIENDSHIP WITH THE UNITED STATES? YES, BY ALL MEANS! BUT—

let us defend our home market, our industries, our farms, our workmen, our homes by the same methods as are used so effectively against us.

Let us work out our own destiny—that of a strong, self-contained nation within the British Empire group of Nations, courageous, masterful, self-reliant.

Canada Needs Meighen

The National Liberal and Conservative Party Publicity Committee

Political Meetings

will be held as follows at each of which

P. D. McARTHUR

PROGRESSIVE CANDIDATE

Will be one of the speakers

ATHELSTAN	Munro Hall	FRIDAY, Nov. 25th	at 7.30 P.M.
HOWICK	Temperance Hall	SATURDAY, Nov. 26th	at 7.30 P.M.
BARRINGTON	School House	MONDAY, Nov. 28th	at 7.30 P.M.
HEMMINGFORD	Town Hall	TUESDAY, Nov. 29th	at 7.30 P.M.
HAVELOCK	Town Hall	WEDNESDAY, Nov. 30th	at 7.30 P.M.
DUNDEE CENTRE	School	FRIDAY, Dec. 2nd	at 7.30 P.M.

Special invitation extended to ladies.

JUST ARRIVED

I have just received a fresh stock of assorted men's, ladies and boys rubber boots, high and low cut and can sell at very low prices. Also a full line of groceries, flannellettes, cottons, gloves, mitts handkerchiefs, sweaters and all necessary articles. Come and be convinced—the price speaks for itself. Don't forget the place, its the green store at Jamieson's lines.

H. GORDON

The Clothes We Make

First we use the BEST MATERIALS, Second we guarantee a GOOD FIT, Third we guarantee FIRST-CLASS WORKMANSHIP, Fourth we are Never satisfied with anything short of distinctiveness.

These things mean Clothes that Look Better, are more Comfortable, Wear Better, and are vastly More Economical than the red-dy-to-wear kind.

We Extend to You

An invitation to call and inspect our splendid line of Fall and Winter Goods now on exhibition. Our handsome assortment of Imported and Domestic Woolens for this season surpasses everything heretofore shown in the way of fabrics for Suits, Overcoats, Dress Suits and Trousers.

An Early Inspection will be to Your Advantage.

J. H. Demers

MERCHANT TAILOR HUNTINGDON, QUE.



A LITTLE CHAT ON CLOTHES.

True, a man does not pay the same attention to his attire as a woman does; the size and variety of his apparel are not as great as woman's. But what a man does wear should be right beyond dispute. Style, quality, tailoring, fit, graceful lines, elegance—these things are essential. Our clothes have them.

U. ST-ONGE & CO. LADIES READY-TO-WEAR VALLEYFIELD

POLITICAL MEETING

AT O'CONNOR HALL HUNTINGDON, MONDAY NOVEMBER, 28th AT 2.00 P.M.

SPEAKERS:

James A. Robb LIBERAL CANDIDATE

Hon. Walter Mitchell

Hon. Honore Mercier

Andrew Philps, M.L.A.

All Ladies Cordially Invited.

NOTICE

Will be kept at the stable of the undersigned, a Purebred Duroc Boar. Terms \$1.50. Arthur McClatchie.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Trains leave Montreal Windsor Station Daily for Quebec, Boston, Detroit, Chicago, Sault Ste. Marie, Duluth, St Paul Minn. NORTH BAY COBALT WINNIPEG VANCOUVER VICTORIA SEATTLE And all Pacific Coast Ports All trains carry most modern equipments For information and tickets apply to T. B. PRINGLE, HUNTINGDON D. R. HAY, HOWICK

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

GOING SOUTH (Daily Except Sunday) 9.45 a.m. for Fort Covington, Massena Springs and intermediate stations. 7.06 p.m. for Fort Covington and intermediate stations. GOING NORTH (Daily Except Sunday) 7.01 a.m. and 2.25 p.m. for St. Isidore Jct. Hemmingford, Montreal and intermediate stations. For tickets and information apply to J. O. MICHAUD, Station Ticket Agt. Huntingdon, Que.

Great Clearance Sale of 100,000 Good Story Books at Half Price. 6 Volumes of Splendid Stories for only \$1.00

Stories of Love, Adventure, Mystery, Dramatic, Vital, Thrilling Stories.

as originally issued by the celebrated "House of Cassell" in their famous "Story Teller," a collection of Fascinating Fiction by World Famous Writers, which is now sold throughout Canada at 35c per volume. These books were printed before the present high cost of paper and labor prevailed, we are clearing them at less than one-half present retail prices. While they last we will send

6 BIG BOOKS 1000+ PAGES 94 SHORT STORIES 6 COMPLETE NOVELLETTES FOR \$1.00 POST PAID Sample Book, 25c; 3 for 60c., 6 for \$1.00, or 12 books, all different, for \$2.00, postpaid to any address. Not more than 12 to a customer. With each order for 6 or more books we will send a 20c. copy of the

CANADIAN HOME JOURNAL FREE. Canada's leading Magazine for the Canadian Woman and her entire household. We know you will subscribe. Only \$2.00 per year.

Whether on a silver screen or in plain print, no matter where, or in what form published, printed-to-day or twenty years since, a good story is a good story, about as enjoyable a thing as there is in the world—never out of date and always a source of genuine pleasure. Many of the best short stories published appear in the collection we offer.

"EVERSHARP," the Perfect Pencil. Its 18 inches of lead writes a quarter million perfect pointed words, and then replenishes forever. Our standard No. 20 Silver-plated "Eversharp" with ed for 25c. Never requires sharpening. A thing of beauty and of use, eraser and clip complete, sent for only \$1.50. Other styles and finishes up to \$3.00. Complete list with prices, sent on request. Send Your Order To-day and make sure of getting your share of these genuine Story Book Bargains. A Veritable Library of Fascinating Fiction by world famous writers for \$1.00. Don't overlook the "Eversharp" for personal use or as a Christmas Present to a friend. Catalogue listing 1,000 Books free with your order. Nothing like Books for Christmas Presents. Address, naming this paper, DIRECT SALES SERVICE (Book Department) TORONTO, ONT.

BORN

Kinniburgh—On Oct. 29th, 1921, at Aldrie, Alta., to Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Kinniburgh, a son.
MARRIED
 Walker-Hall—At St. Andrew's Manse, Huntingdon, on Nov. 3rd, 1921, by Rev. J. B. Maclean, Edith S. Hall, widow of the late Fredk. Cunningham to Donald F. Walker, M. D., all of Huntingdon.
DIED
 Spencer—On Sept. 19th, 1921, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. E. B. Hiatt, in Winterset, Iowa, Marion Patterson Spencer, born in Huntingdon County, Que., Oct. 17th, 1850.

HUNTINGDON

—Just when everyone thought the snow had come to stay a warm wind swept over the country and in a few hours the sleighing was done and by Saturday forenoon the ground was bare and the farmers were at work in their fields. There was a freshet in the river but little or no damage was done.

—Sunday evening a Thanksgiving service was held in the Methodist Church which was largely attended. Chateaugay Lodge, A. F. & A. M. attended in a body. Special music was given by a large choir made up from the St. Andrew's and Methodist churches. Rev. J. B. Maclean, chaplain of the lodge, delivered the sermon. A special collection was taken up for the General Hospital, Montreal, the amount being \$92.

—Mrs. W. F. Stephen returned during the week end after an extended trip across the continent. Mrs. Stephen left in early June on a tour on behalf of the Women's Institute. From the numerous press reports noted during the summer Huntingdon has again reason to be proud of its distinguished lady.

—Early Sunday morning C. M. Oney went out to his garage and was surprised to find it broken open. Thieves of some nature had broken in during the night, but nothing was missing.

—The annual meeting of the Hockey Club was held in Hampson's restaurant Friday evening. There was a good attendance of enthusiasts and business was transacted rapidly. The club's finances are on the right side and everything points to a good winter. It is expected that Huntingdon will be in the same league again, and as soon as the ice is in order practising will start. Duncan Stewart is to be caretaker. The following officers were elected: Hon. President, P. D. McArthur, President, Jas. Hampson, Secy.-Treas., G. C. Stark, Executive, John Cluff, L. Dox, Albert Antoine and James Fortune, Jr., Representative in Montreal, Clarence Cluff.

—A meeting of the Red Cross was called for Monday night, but was postponed one week in order that there might be a larger attendance. —The work of registration is being carried on actively in Huntingdon. Already a great many names have been added to both polls, with more to come. The W. C. T. U. is actively canvassing to use that all women register. The Union is taking no side in the election, but asks that all women utilize their franchise.

—In Beauharnois county two candidates are in the field, Mr. Papineau, the present member and the Hon. Mr. Monty. At the public meeting held in Valleyfield after nominations over 4000 gathered to hear the speakers.

—To defray the expenses incurred during the fall in connection with the activities of the Farmers' Club, a Euchre, 500 and dance were given in O'Connor Hall, Monday night. There was a good attendance and everything went off well. The club hopes to clear about \$100.

—St. Stanislaus yesterday was the scene of a regular old fashioned political meeting, in which the temper of the upholders of the candidates rose to a state where there was more fighting than speaking going on. The Hon. Mr. Monty and Mr. Papineau with supporting speakers were billed to speak, and while all got through with their orations fairly well trouble arose as to who was to have the last say and the crowd broke loose. Report has that one speaker is considerably damaged by the affray.

SALES BY C. A. GAVIN

On SATURDAY, November 26th, at the residence of the late Damase Monique, about half way between Huntingdon and Dewittville on the River road, Township of Godmanchester, the following property: 1 filly rising 3 years old, heavy mare 6 years old, 14 milk cow, 32 year old heifers, 1 bull rising 2 years, Holstein, 4 spring calves, 5 sheep including 1 ram, mower, horse rake, manure spreader, dump cart, double wagon and box (new), stone wagon, bob sleds, circular saw, threshing mill, (Lang's) with blower, 1-8 H. P. gasoline engine (International), 2 plows, 1 single and 1 double, broadcast seeder, (nearly new), platform scales 1200 lbs., Star areator, 4-8 gal. cans, buggy, double harness, single harness, milk harness, milk wagon (nearly new), one land scraper. Also the season's crop comprising 25 tons of hay, a large quantity of straw, a lot of corn fodder, 300 bushels oats, 10 bushels barley, 6 bu. peas, 50 bu. No. 1 potatoes, and other articles not enumerated. Sale without reserve owing to the recent death of Mr. Monique, 30 month's credit over \$10. Sale at 12 o'clock noon sharp, owing to short days.

On MONDAY, Dec. 5th at the residence of Evangeliste Girard, West of Dupuis' Corners in the Parish of St. Anicet: horses, cattle, pigs, implements, vehicles, hay, straw, corn and fodder, potatoes and other articles not mentioned. Sale without reserve as Mr. Girard is giving up farming, 11 month's credit on sums over \$10. Sale at 12 o'clock noon.

FOR SALE

New pianos, of highest quality, direct from factory and selected by Edwin Hardcastle piano expert, 2781 Drolet St., Montreal, at a saving of 40%. Write for full particulars.

CAR FEEDING MOLASSES TO ARRIVE.

Special Price off the Car.
PRINGLE STARK & CO.

First "Blke" Rider.

Reputed to have made and ridden the first bicycle ever used in England, Rev. J. Pearce has just died, at the age of 81, at Pembury, a village near Tunbridge Wells. While working as a coachbuilder, in Oxfordshire, he is said to have constructed a two-wheeled machine on which he rode through the main streets of the village. A party of foxhunters were so interested in witnessing the spectacle that they abandoned the chase and allowed the fox to escape.

Useful Racks for Feeding.

Small lots of sheep are being fed from racks on many farms, the combination style handling both grain and hay being a favorite. The open-end rack is suitable for use in barns where feeding cattle can be done by passing directly from the feed alley to the rack, thus obviating the difficulty which follows from entering pens filled with sheep.

AN EVENING OF LAUGHTER
FRIDAY, DECEMBER 2nd

Canada's Most Popular Entertainer

HARCOURT FARMER

Assisted by his
Concert Comedy Company
 including **FRANCES KEAN**

Martin Sydney, Baritone, Mona Bryant, Musical Sketches
 L. Estelle Cox, Pianist

The most original entertainment ever offered to Huntingdon! If you don't want to Laugh, don't come.

Mr Farmer will appear in three of his most celebrated Musical Monologues.

Watch for the Screaming Burlesque Melodrama

Seats on sale at W. S. Brown's.

Dancing after. Music by the Moonlight Serenaders



THE "DIAMOND" as an Xmas Gift is unsurpassed.

It is Symbolic of the love which prompts the gift. It is the Gem which above all other gems, typifies purity and love, and the spirit of Christmas. If your gift this year is a diamond, you will be long remembered and beloved. 'Tis true, that there are many lovely—

"Gifts That Last"

—but the Diamond is the one gift par excellence. We have a large and well selected stock, and we carry nothing but diamonds of the highest quality. A beautiful "Solitaire" in one of the newest of fancy Tiffany Settings for only \$50.

The Gift Store.

W. S. BROWN

Jeweller and Optician
 HUNTINGDON, QUE.



HUNTER'S
NOVEMBER SALES

More Bargains! Bigger Bargains! Better Bargains!

Unmatchable Values in Every Line, When it comes to Quality, Variety and Inside Prices
 Our Stocks are in the Lead.

A Sale of Ladies Sport Tams at 75c.

Sport Tams made from heavy weight all wool felt, good shapes in ten new shades. Wonder values, 75c.

\$4.49 Silk Waist Sale.

Extra quality Black Paillette Silk Waists, tuxedo collars, long sleeves. Also extra quality Satin Overblouses in Black, Brown and Navy, low necks, 3/4 sleeves, sizes in both lines, 36 to 44. Regular seven dollar Waists on Sale at \$4.49. Dig in, the diggin's good.

One good lot Ladies' White Muslin hemstitched Handkerchiefs at 3 for 25c.

One good lot Turkish Face Cloths, 3 for 25c.

One good lot Ladies' fleece lined Hose, Black, White, sizes 8 1/2 to 10, 25c pr.

Ladies' oversize Black Cashmere Hose, 99c.

Ladies' Black ribbed wool Hose, 49c.

A Sale of Misses and Kiddies Pure Wool Sweaters at \$2.25

Coat Sweaters and pull over styles, all good shades sizes 22 to 34. Penman's reliable quality. A snap at \$2.25.

Lots of new patterns, yard wide Chintz for Quilts and Comforters 25c yd.

27 Inch Corduroy Velvets, six good shades 49c per yard.

Yard wide colored Marquisettes for Curtains and Overdrapes, great values, 25c yd.

Ladies' Brushed Wool Shawlettes two and a half yards long, half yard wide, six colors \$2.46

One good lot Men's Jumbo Knit Sweater Coats, regular hummers \$1.49.

Lifebuy Rubbers outwear others, two to one.

Prices That Talk

One good lot Table Oilcloths, new patterns, 35c yd.
 36 inch Curtain Scrim, White and colors, 10c yd.
 36 inch Grey Cotton, 10c yd.
 36 inch Apron Gingham, 16c yd.
 36 inch English Percales, 20c yd.
 54 inch White Table Linen, 75c.
 72 inch White Table Linen, \$1.25.
 English Chambrays, 15c yd.

99c Waist Sale 99c

Ladies' flannel finish Waists, good quality, well made Waists in neat stripes, sizes 36 to 44, on sale this week at 99c.
 Some dandy values Silk Waists, White, Black and colors, \$2.49.

39c Apron Sale 39c

Ladies' Bungalo Aprons made of English Percales, nicely trimmed, all sizes in stripes and checks. Some buying at 39c.

Old Favorite Brown Stripe Crash 15c yard

Here's Clothing Values

Boys' warm winter Overcoats, sizes 29 to 35; storm collars, all round belts, well lined, well made Coats, the Coats that Have got 'em all guessing. Sale price \$10.

The Greatest of all Boy's School Suit Sale at \$5.95

Good solid Tweed Suits, sizes 26 to 35; pleated and belted Coats, bloomer Pants, with Governor fasteners, nifty shades, four nifty styles. All sizes in every style, wonder values at \$5.95.

Boys' Bloomer Pants, sizes 26 to 35, solid tweeds, well lined and lots of them on sale at \$1.25 pr.

Men's heavy Ulsters, well lined, sizes 36 to 44. Some Coats for \$19.

Men's Ulsterettes made of Meltons, and pure wool Frieze, with belts, without belts, all sizes. Classy Coats, selling for \$15.

Swagger Overcoats for young men.

Made of O'Brien's famous cloths, leather buttons, 3/4 belts, all round belts and detachable belts, fancy check backs, quarter lined with Skinner's Satin, Regular \$35 Coats selling for \$25. Can U Beat It?

Our Men's Blue Serge Suits at \$19.00 still show the way

Our boy's first long Suits at \$9.50 are regular hummers for style and quality.

We still have some good sizes in Men's Tweed Suits, selling at \$10

Men's all wool Mackinaws, good full size Coats, sizes 36 to 46, \$6.75.

Men's Tweed work Pants, \$1.25.

Blue and White stripe Overalls, sizes 34 to 46. The best ever 99c

Men's flannel finish work Shirts, 75c.

Big husky work Shirts, \$1.

Men's military flannel work Shirts, \$1.25.

Men's work Sweaters, good ones, \$1.49.

Men's pure wool Sweaters, shawl collars, \$2.79.

Men's pure wool pull overs, \$2.79.

Men's pure wool Jerseys, plain shades and two tone stripes \$2.49

Boys' pure wool Jerseys, roll collars, V necks, button necks, all shades \$1.95.

Boys' military collar Sweater Coats, all sizes, good quality, \$1.50.

A Sale of Men's black-wool work Sox, wonder values 2 pair for 35c

Men's unlined Muleskin Mitts, 25c.

Men's lined Muleskin Mitts, 49c.

Men's lined Pigskin Gloves, 75c.

Boys' Muleskin Mitts, 25c.

Men's wool Mitts, 25c pr.

Men's Heather wool Gloves, 75c.

A Sale of Men's all wool heather mixture sox, fine quality English make, winners at 49c

Penman's Polar Brand ribbed Underwear, \$1.

Penman's Men's natural wool Union Suits, \$3.50.

Watson's Velvet knit Union Suits, \$3 Heavy weight ribbed Union Suits, \$3.75.

Men's fleece-lined underwear all sizes 65c

Boys' fleece lined, all sizes, 60c

Watson's Velvet knit Underwear for boys, all sizes, \$1.25.

Dollar Cap Sale

Men's Winter Caps with warm inside ear bands, good quality, Scotch and Canadian Tweed Caps, all sizes. Some Cap for \$1.

One good lot Boys' Winter Caps, with inside ear bands, 75c.

A Timely Sale of Women's Coats at \$11.95 Newest Styles

Unequaled Values

Wonderful value up-to-date stylish Coats that cost the makers twice the price we are selling them for. Broadcloth Coats, Velour Coats, Chinchilla Coats, Silvertones; Plush buttons, Plush collars, some with Beaverette collars, some with Belgian Coney collars, all good sizes, Get In Right at Eleven Ninety-five.

Ladies' Hats Attractive Winter Hats

This store is doing a record Hat trade because its styles and prices are always right.

Smart Beaverette Sailors in Navy, Brown, Black and Burnt Orange. Specially priced, \$2.49.

Nifty Plush and Silk Velvet Spanish Turbans in Black, Brown and gay colors. Specially priced, \$2.49.

Classy lines in Velvet Hats in Red, Navy, Navy and White, Specially priced, \$1.49.

Underwear Specials

Ladies' warm well made Union Suits, Watson made, \$1.49.

Misses' warm, well made Union Suits, Watson made, \$1.25.

Ladies' Silk and Wool Union Suits, strap sleeves, elbow sleeves, long sleeves, Penman and Watson made, prices \$2.25 to \$6.

Ladies' Silk and Wool Vests, strap sleeves, elbow sleeves.

Kiddies' all wool Ruben's Vests and slip over Vests.

Ladies' fleeced and medium weight Vests and Pants, 59c.

Ladies' heavy weight Pink Bloomers, 75c.

Penman's Hug me Tight Vests, all wool, \$1.50.

56 Inch All Wool Serge extra quality at ninety-nine cents per yard in brown, green, navy, burgandy, black and Saxe Blue. It's the cloth that makes them all sit up and think.

Hosiery Specials

Ladies' all wool Black ribbed Hose, 49c.

Ladies' all wool Heather Cashmere Hose, 75c.

Ladies' novelty rib Heather Hose, 75c.

Misses' all wool Black ribbed Hose, 49c.

Misses' all wool Black Cashmere Hose, 55c.

Yard Wide White Saxony Flannelette 15c yard

A Skirt Sensation at \$3.75

Ladies' shot Silk Underskirts, extra quality Taffetas, lovely shades on Sale \$3.75.

Ladies' Dress Skirts well made, nicely trimmed, all wool Vicuna Skirts in Black, Navy, Oxford Grey, \$3.75.

Ladies' Silk Poplin Skirts in Black, Navy, \$3.75.

Ladies' all wool Plaid Skirts, \$3.75.

Ladies' Sateen Underskirts good quality in black, paddy green, old rose, grey and two shades of blue, Some Skirts for 69c

Crabapples, 30c qt.

Sweet juicy Oranges, 40c doz.

3 Grapefruit, 25c.

Dromedary Dates, 25c pkge.

2 pkgs. cleaned Currants, 35c.

3 tins Tomato Soup 25c.

4 tins Pork and Beans, 25c.

3 tins French Peas, 25c.

2 tins Tomatoes, 25c.

2 tins Corn, 25c.

2 tins Carnation Milk, 25c.

3 pkgs. Corn Flakes, 25c.

2 lbs. Ginger Snaps, 35c.

2 lbs. Vanilla Cookies, 35c.

Orchard Orange Marmalade, 25c.

DeJMonte Peaches, 35c tin.

Pineapple, large size, 25c tin.

Gazelle Jams and Preserves, 20c.

Red Rose Tea, 40c lb.

3 pkgs. Rinso, 25c.

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20 lb. pail Lard, \$2.90.

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2 pkgs. seeded Raisins, 35c.

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7 cakes Castile Soap, 25c.

7 bars Cyclone Soap, 25c.

3 bars Borax Soap, 25c.

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Clark's Tomato Catsup, 25c.

4 cakes Palm Olive Soap, 30c.

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The Daredevil

By Maria Thompson Davies
Author of "The Melting of Molly"

CHAPTER XV.
All is Lost.

AND to that word of challenge I made no answer, but I raised my head and looked into his eyes with a dignity that came to me as my right from suffering. So regarding each other, we stood for a very short minute, in which the Capitaine the Count de Lasselles raised his head from his kisses of salutation upon my hands.

"And, mon enfant, is this the good uncle to whose care you came into America?" asked that Capitaine the Count de Lasselles as he reached out his imprisoned hands for a greeting to my relative.

I did not make any answer to that question. My head raised itself yet higher, and I looked my Gouverneur Faulkner full in the face while I waited to hear what he would answer of my kinship to him.

"Sir, I am the friend of General Caruthers, and I am also the governor of the state of Harpeth. I have come across the mountains to talk with you about the business of this contract for mules for your army, and I have brought your young friend to assist me if I should need translating from or to you. We Americans, captain, are poor handlers of any language not our own, and the matter is of much gravity."

And as the Gouverneur Faulkner spoke those words to my Capitaine the Count de Lasselles, with a great courtesy, but also a great sternness, in which he named me, not as his friend, but as the friend of that Capitaine the Count de Lasselles, I knew that I was placed by him among all women liars of the world and that to him his boy Robert of honor was of a truth dead forever.

"It is indeed of such a gravity that I have come from the English Canada to make all clear to myself," answered my beloved Capitaine the Count de Lasselles as he drew himself to his entire height, which was well nigh as great as that of the gouverneur of the state of Harpeth.

"And I have ridden a day and a night, sir, for the same purpose," answered my great Gouverneur Faulkner, with that beautiful courtesy of business I have always observed in him to use in the transaction of his affairs in his office at the capitol of the state of Harpeth. "And as one of us must make a beginning will you not tell me, captain, why you are here and in this predicament?"

"In a few words I will make all clear to you, your excellency," made answer my Capitaine the Count de Lasselles, with an air of courtesy equal to that of the Gouverneur Faulkner. "I sent down into your state of Harpeth one of my commission, to whom I gave the direction that with a lack of annoying publicity he should investigate the preparedness of the state of Harpeth to deliver those 5,000 mules to the republic of France as was being proposed. Behold, a report that all is well comes to me, but, it is with sorrow and shame that such a thing could be done by a son of poor France who struggles for life!—among the sheets of that report were left by mistake the fragments of a draft of a letter to an American woman which made a partial disclosure of an intended falseness of that statement to me. Immediately I came alone to interview that false officer, and I find him gone from that small town not far from here into your capital. I was seeking rapidly to ride alone by directions into your capital city to prevent that he make a signature, which I had given to him the authority to write, to those papers of so great an importance. I was then arrested by that man of great wildness, whose parols I could not understand, as he could not comprehend the English I make use of, and you see me thus. I beg of you to tell me if that wicked signature has been made."

"The papers have not been signed, thank God, captain, and your very impatient lieutenant is being shown some southern hospitality by the dower and chivalry of old Harpeth. And I beg your pardon for allowing you to be a prisoner a minute longer than necessary," was the answer made to him by my Gouverneur Faulkner. "Until the captain, Jim, has all right. And you can bring us a little of your mountain dew while I clear this table here to use for the papers of our business." And still my Gouverneur Faulkner did not speak or look at me, and in my heart I then knew that he never would.

"I will make all ready," I said as I lifted a large gun, a horn of a beast full of powder and several pipes with tobacco from the table of rough boards that stood under the window for light. "Ah, that is a good release! Thank you that you did not make tight enough for abrasions your cords, my good man," said my Capitaine the Count de Lasselles as he stretched out his arms and then bent to make a rubbing of his ankle upon which had been the chain.

"I said you wasn't no revenue. Here, drink, stranger," answered the wild Jim as he handed a bottle of white liquid to my Capitaine the Count de Lasselles and also another to my Gouverneur Faulkner. "That boy can suck the drippings," he added as he looked at me with humor.

"Get cups and water, Jim," commanded my Gouverneur Faulkner, with a smile. "Don't drink it straight, captain. It will knock you down."

"I will procure the cups and the water," I said, with rapidity, for I longed to leave that room for a few moments

in which to shake from my eyes some of the tears that were making a mist before them.

"Get a fresh bucket from the spring up the gulch, Bob, while I go beat the boys outen the bushes with the news that they ain't no revenue. They'll want to see Bill," was the direction that wild Jim gave to me as he placed in my hand a rude bucket and pointed up the side of the hill of great steepness. After so doing he descended around the rock by the path which we had ascended.

"What is it that you shall do now, Roberta, marquise of Grez and Bye?" I wopt a question to myself as I dipped that bucket into a clear pool and made ready to return to the hut. "All is lost to you."

"I do not know," I answered to myself.

And when I had made a safe return to the hut with a small portion of the water only remaining in the bucket, for the cause of many slides in the steep descent from the pool, I found my Gouverneur Faulkner and my Capitaine the Count de Lasselles encased deeply in a mass of papers on the table between them and with no thanks to Roberta, the marquise of Grez and Bye, when she served to them tincups of the water and a liquid that I had ascertained by tasting to be of fire. I believe it to be thus that in affairs of business in the minds of men all women are become drowned.

"Will you write this out for his excellency, my dear mademoiselle?" would request my good Capitaine the Count de Lasselles.

"Thank you," would be the reply I received from the Gouverneur Faulkner of the state of Harpeth, with never one small look into my eyes that so he sought his.

And for all of the hours of that very long afternoon I sat on a low stool by



The Heart in My Breast Was Going into Death by Torture.

side the feet of those two great gentlemen and served them in their communications while the heart in my breast was going into death by a slow, cruel torture.

The exact meaning of those papers and words of business I did not know, but once I observed my Capitaine the Count de Lasselles throw down his pencil and look into the face of the Gouverneur Faulkner with a great and stern astonishment.

"The work of grafters, Captain Lasselles, with a woman as a tool. But I yet don't see just how it was that she worked it. My secretary of state, General Caruthers, and I have been at work for weeks, and I have been at work for weeks, and we could not catch the exact fraud," made answer my Gouverneur Faulkner with a cold sternness.

"I was warned in Paris that beautiful American women were very much interested in the placing of war contracts, M. le Gouverneur. I fled upon a tugboat from the ship that I escape some for whom I had letters of introduction which I could not ignore."

"It was your capitaine, the Count de Lasselles, whom that Madam Whitworth sought upon the ship, Roberta," I said to myself.

"I think women are alike the world over, captain, and the dissection of them and their mental and moral processes is fruitless," answered my Gouverneur Faulkner as he again took up his pencil.

"When it happened to me to find the fragment of the letter to the lady of America from my false lieutenant I had a deep distress that tenderness for the sufferings of poor France should fail to be in even one American woman's heart. And now I am in deep concern. Where am I to obtain the good strong mules by which to transport through fields heavy with mud the food to my poor boys in their trenches?"

"Right here, captain, I feel reasonably sure, I think I see a way to give you what you want at a better figure. And from it no man shall reap more than a just wage for honest work. As the governor of the state of Harpeth I can give you at least that assurance."

And as he spoke my Gouverneur Faulkner looked the Capitaine the Count de Lasselles in the eyes with a fine honesty that carried with it the utmost of conviction.

"I give thanks to le bon Dieu," I said, with words that were very soft in my throat, but at which I observed the mouth of that Gouverneur Faulkner to again become as one straight line of coldness.

"Indeed, thanks to le bon Dieu, mademoiselle," made courteous answer to me my Capitaine the Count de Lasselles. "But how will you accomplish that purpose, M. le Gouverneur?"

"As soon as I've done with these figures I'll have in Jim, your jaller, and then you'll hear some things about the American mountain mule that you never heard before, I believe." As he spoke my Gouverneur Faulkner proceeded with making figures with his pencil, a fine glow of eagerness added to that of rage in his eyes very deep under their brows. "Now I'll go and call in Jim," he said after a few minutes of waiting and left the room in which I was then alone with my Capitaine the Count de Lasselles, who came to me with outstretched hands.

"Ah, Mlle. Roberta," he exclaimed, "I am in a debt of gratitude to you for bringing this great gentleman, your friend, to my rescue and also to the solving of this very strange situation concerning these contracts. Indeed have you accomplished the mission for which you enlisted—your 'friends for France'."

vain, and it is a great ease to my unhappy heart to find you in the care of a family and friends. I make compliments on your costume of the ride. I also observe the custom of attire masculine to be on those plains of the great west where I bought the wheat."

"It is a great joy to me, mon capitaine, that you give to me your approval. Much has happened to me in these short weeks since you left me in loneliness on that great ship that I must tell to you." I said as a sob rose into my words.

"Poor little girl! It will not be many hours now before I can say to you the things that have been growing in my heart for you since that night upon the ship," he said to me with a great tenderness as he raised my hand and bent to kiss it just as entered the great Gouverneur Faulkner and the wild Jim.

I had not the courage to gaze upon the face of my Gouverneur Faulkner, but I felt his coldness strike into my body and turn it to hardness. For a second I stood as a stone; then a sudden resolve rose in me, and again that daredevil seized upon my thought. I took a piece of that white paper with caution and also a pencil and with them slipped from the room, while that wild Jim seated himself upon my lowly stool beside the table at which again the two great men were writing.

And out in the soft light that was now slowly fading from the side of the mountain because of the retirement of the sun I sat me down upon the step of the hut and wrote to my Gouverneur Faulkner this small letter:

Honored Excellency the Gouverneur Faulkner of the state of Harpeth, from you into the trenches of France. If your humble boy Robert has done for you any small service, I beg of you in that name that my uncle, the General Robert, and my friends never know of my dishonor of lies about my woman's estate, but believe me to die as a soldier for France, as will be the case. Make all clear for me to my Capitaine the Count de Lasselles. It is that all women are not lies.

ROBERTA.

Marquise of Grez and Bye.

Then I left that letter upon the doorstep, held in place by the weight of a stone, and very softly slipped out into the shadows of the twilight and down the mountain by the path up which that morning I had come with my beloved Gouverneur Faulkner, then my friend.

I felt a certainty that as many as two hours would those men continue in a consulting with that wild Jim and in that time by going stealthily I could gain the place where were tethered the horses before a complete darkness had come. From my honored father I had learned the ways of woods in hunting, and also I knew that the good Lightfoot would in darkness carry me in safety to his stall in the barn of Mr. Bud Bell, beside which stood my cherry.

From there I could gain the city of Hayesville in the dead hours of the night and in those same dead hours depart to France after obtaining the money I had left in my desk and which I had earned by my labors and would not be in the act of stealing from the state of Harpeth. Only one night and day would I be alone in the forest, and I did not care if a death should overtake me. In my body my heart was dead, and why should I desire the life of that body?

(To be Continued)

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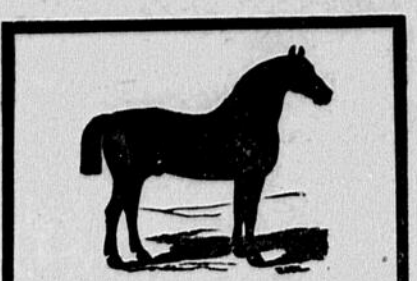
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Liquor Commission New By-Laws

IN pursuance of the powers granted the Liquor Commission by the Liquor Law, Art. 15, Clause 2, it has been ordered that the following by-laws, approved by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council and published in the Quebec Official Gazette, have to-day force of law.

BY-LAW "A"

Pursuant to the provisions of article 33 of the Alcoholic Liquor Act, which reads as follows

"The Commission may determine the manner in which a tavern or a dining-room must be furnished and equipped in order to allow the exercise therein of the privilege conferred by the permit"

The Commission hereby determine that the use of fixtures known as a bar shall not be permissible in establishments doing business under tavern permits

BY-LAW "C"

Persons to whom permits may be issued shall be required to have their name appear in a prominent place and in a suitable manner on the outside of their premises, in order that the unequivocal responsibility of the permittee may be established.

BY-LAW "E"

Whereas it is expedient that the Quebec Liquor Commission regulate the manner in which holders of permits for taverns in the

Province of Quebec, shall conduct their establishments; and

Whereas the playing of music, singing or dancing in such establishments is likely to cause disorder therein and to be a source of grave abuse;

Therefore be it enacted, and it is hereby enacted;

1. Playing of music, singing or dancing in any of the said establishments by any person whatsoever, or by any means or in any manner, is forbidden.

2. Any violation of the provision of paragraph 1 hereof may be deemed a sufficient cause by the Quebec Liquor Commission to cancel the tavern permit.

BY-LAW "F"

"The Commission desires that between the hours of 10 p.m. and 9 a.m. and generally during all such time as it is required by law that taverns shall be closed, the windows shall be so arranged and blinds and curtains shall be drawn in such a way as will allow a clear view of the interior of these establishments from the street"

TO SUM UP, the use of bars or counters for the sale and consumption of beer is strictly prohibited in the city as well as in the country.

Permit holders are required to have their name appear in a prominent place on the outside of their establishments; In the taverns, under any form or by any means whatever, playing of music, singing and dancing are prohibited; Finally, between ten o'clock at night and nine o'clock in the morning, and during such hours as is required that taverns shall be closed, the windows, blinds and curtains shall be so arranged as to allow the interior of these establishments to be seen.

The Law (Article 51) specifies that "Whoever violates the dispositions of the above by-laws is guilty of an offence under the Liquor Law, and shall be liable, in addition, to the payment of the costs: for the first offence, to a fine of not more than one hundred dollars, and, on failure to pay such fine and costs, to imprisonment in the Common Gaol for one month; and, for any subsequent offence, to imprisonment in the Common Gaol for one month"

The prescriptions of the law are formal. The Commission also has the power to revoke at any and all times and without any formality the permits of those who fail to observe the law.

THE QUEBEC LIQUOR COMMISSION

NOTE THE COMMISSION DESIRES TO INFORM THE PUBLIC THAT ALL OF ITS EMPLOYEES CARRY THE NECESSARY MEANS OF IDENTIFICATION. ANY PERSON PRESENTING HIMSELF WITHOUT THIS OFFICIAL IDENTIFICATION, SHALL BE CONSIDERED AN IMPOSTOR