FOR LITTLE WANTS
Use Herald Want Col mns.

THE MONTREAL HERALD.

TO-MORROW'S WEATHER
Higher Temperature.
Sun rose at 6.00. Sets at 6.14.

ESTABLISHED 1808.—NO. 68. TEN PAGES. MONTREAL, MONDAY, MARCH 21, 1904. TEN PAGES. PRICE ONE CENT

RUMOR OF RECENT BATTLE DENIED AT ST. PETERSBURG

Russian Troops Are Being Hurried to the Front—One Authority Says Decisive Fight is Far Distant.

St. Petersburg, March 21.—Beyond the movement of troops to the Far East, which is progressing satisfactorily and in accordance with Russian plans, the Government's advices indicate little change in the situation. No official telegrams announcing collisions with the enemy had been received up to noon. The Government has no information to substantiate the reported capture of 1,800 Japanese [illegible] at the Yalu river. It is assumed that [illegible] would have been reported immediately [illegible].

Russia's Greatest Enemy.

St. Louis, March 21.—Captain Alexis Gregorian, of the Caucasus, Russia, [illegible] here conferring with the World's Fair officials regarding the exhibition of a troop of Cossacks during the exposition. He has the permission of the Russian Government to bring the men to the United States. In discussing the Russian-Japanese war he said: "Russia has a greater foe within the country than the Japanese. If she defeats the Japanese, Russia still will be the loser, as war costs money, and the laboring and student classes are dissatisfied and will not stand taxation."

Another Triple Alliance.

St. Petersburg, March 21.—The Novoe Vremya publishes prominently a Paris despatch declaring it is believed there that a triple alliance between Japan, China and Corea has been formed, and that it was the real object of the Marquis Ito's visit to Seoul.

Movements of Chinese Squadron.

Che Foo, March 21.—The Chinese Pei Yang squadron, consisting of the cruisers Hai Chi, Hai Yung, Hai Tien and Hai Shew, under command of Admiral Tsah, have arrived here. It is understood that it will proceed to New Chwang as soon as the ice is cleared from that port.

Vladivostok Editors in Difficulty.

St. Petersburg, March 21.—Vladivostok papers which have just arrived here say that a member of the Japanese consulate declared on the eve of his departure that it was Japan's ambition to drive the Russians across the Amur, restore Manchuria to China and annex Corea.

The Vladivostok editors find it almost impossible to get out their papers. The supply of paper is practically exhausted, they cannot get up steam in the press boilers because the [illegible] which carried the water has gone, most of the reporters and compositors have either been called to the colors or have bolted and no advertisements are being received.

Means to Raise War Funds.

Tokio, March 21.—As a result of the series of conferences between the party leaders it seems certain that the Government will abandon its attempt to create a salt monopoly, place a tax on silk and also make a smaller increase in the land tax than originally proposed. The Cabinet is endeavoring to frame measures which will prove satisfactory to the people. There is a growing feeling that the Government should not attempt the immediate payment of a large part of the cost of the war by taxation, but that it should issue bonds and extend the payments over a series of years.

Put in Word for Russia.

Yin Kow, March 21.—The German consul at a meeting of German subjects at New Chwang yesterday, notified them that they remained at New Chwang at their own risk and that in the event of losses the recovery of compensation was doubtful. The consul also notified the Germans that in the event of Russia being defeated the recovery of compensation for losses, even if possible, could only occur after the lapse of a long time, and that if Japan was defeated such recovery would be made sooner.

Praise for Japanese Navy.

Tokio, March 21, 6.20 a.m.—The vote of thanks to the navy for its victories off Port Arthur which will be moved in the House of Representatives to-morrow, will praise the valor and heroism of the officers and men and express the gratitude of the nation to them.

Russian Troops in Turkestan.

Paris, March 21.—According to the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Matin, a member of the Russian Imperial family has declared that the mobilization of troops is proceeding actively in Turkestan. The concentration of troops is being effected on the railway from Merv to Kushk, a frontier fortress overlooking the Persians. It is alleged the Grand Duke Nicholas Nicolaievitch, [illegible] chief of the cavalry, will assume command of the troops in Turkestan.

LEGISLATURE WILL MEET TO-MORROW.

Forecast of Business of Session—Pulp Wood Question Will Receive Attention.

Quebec, March 21.—(Special.)—Everything is in readiness for the opening of the Provincial Legislature to-morrow afternoon.

The workmen for some weeks past have been engaged in cleaning up and renovating the interiors of the House. The newly appointed Gentleman Usher of the [illegible] Rod has issued a large number of invitations for the opening ceremonies.

The Government expects the session to be a short one, but this will altogether depend upon the fighting humor of the Opposition, notwithstanding the smallness of its number.

The speech from the Throne is not yet drafted, though it has been under consideration for some days. The principal feature of the session will be the report from the Commission on Provincial Railways and Colonization and plans adopted by the Government for the coming year in accordance with the report, particularly with regard to what it will apply to colonization.

Pulp Wood Legislation.

It is thought that some measure will be submitted to the House on the subject of pulp wood, and the conservation of provincial [illegible] in this regard.

The building or subsidizing of railways for the purpose of opening up back sections of the province, with a view to encouraging colonization, will receive attention, though little encouragement is expected from the Government in regard to the construction of new [illegible].

[illegible]

Consolidation of Public Debt.

[illegible]

IRISH WILL HOLD BALANCE OF POWER

Will Use Both Parties, Says John Redmond, and is Sure of Home Rule.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, March 21.—John Redmond, M.P., yesterday at Manchester declared the two English parties are to be used with entire indifference to the merits of the questions which may be at issue between them. The Irish will hold the balance of power, and sooner or later Unionists or Radicals will be compelled to concede Home Rule.

THE WEST AND FLAX GROWING.

Leeds Linen Manufacturers Say Edmonton District is Unsurpassed for Flax Growing.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, March 21.—Mr. Dickson, a linen manufacturer of Leeds, after visiting the Edmonton district, declared that nowhere, except in Belgium, had he found the conditions of the soil more favorable for growing flax. He intends to bring out his own machinery and erect a mill this spring.

PROPOSED RECEIVING HOMES.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, March 21.—The St. James Gazette, commenting on the proposal to establish receiving homes for emigrants in Canada, under direct management of English guardians of the poor, says Canadians will be likely to look somewhat askance at such homes, with their taint of pauperism and also [illegible] youthful inmates.

CANADA'S RECORD PROGRESS.

No Other Portion of the Empire Can Show Such a Record.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, March 21.—The Financial News, in an editorial on Canadian banks, says few if any portions of the Empire can show such an excellent record of economic progress during recent years as Canada, and the prosperity [illegible] and the fortunes of the Dominion is faithfully reflected in the returns of Canadian banks.

McGILL THE ENVY OF ENGLAND.

Saturday Review Feels Reproach That No English University Equals it in Equipment.

London, March 21.—The Saturday Review, commenting upon Sir [illegible] gift of one hundred thousand pounds to the University College, says: "It is after all something of a national disgrace that McGill University, which serves the needs of a population about one-half that of London, should be equipped with a [illegible] not approached in any English college or university."

MISSING SINCE THURSDAY NIGHT

John W. Pierce, of Quyon, Que., Has Mysteriously Disappeared at Toronto.

[illegible]

KILLED BY A TRAIN.

Joseph Gadbois, of St. Barnabe, Struck and Instantly Killed—Companion Injured.

[illegible]

NEWS FROM SHERBROOKE.

Engineer Plante Succumbed to Injuries Received at Diamond Crossing Accident.

[illegible]

DEATH OF A C.P.R. OFFICER.

Mr. Alexander McDonald, formerly baggage master at Place Viger Station and afterwards attached to the Windsor Station staff, died somewhat suddenly on Saturday night at his residence, [illegible] Street. He had been [illegible].

PORT'S TONNAGE RAN UP TO 2,406,541

Robert Reford Co. Carried the Largest Amount of Cargo, With C.P.R. Next.

A special private report prepared for the members of the Harbor Commissioners has just been completed and gives information of great importance to all interested in the shipping trade from this port. It shows the number of steamers that each line ran out of the port last year, with the total number of tons carried and average tonnage per vessel. The report is as follows:

Str.		Average per Str.	Tons.
101	The Robt. Reford Co., Ltd.	4,910	495,901
76	The Canadian Pacific Ry. Co.	6,367	482,965
80	The Allan Line	5,082	403,607
73	McLean, Kennedy Co.	3,676	268,367
39	Furness, Withy & Co., Ltd.	6,524	254,469
39	The Dom. Line	5,412	215,919
18	The Leyland Line	6,320	113,754
10	The Hamburg American Line	9,041	90,407
	The Canadian Ocean and Inland Line		63,887
	Blakely & Lemieux		16,265
	Grand total		2,406,541

NEW YORK CO. TAKES QUEBEC SOUTHERN

Mr. G. N. Greenshields Made That Announcement in Court on Saturday.

The hearing of the petition for a sequestration of the Quebec Southern and South Shore Railways was commenced before Mr. Justice Burbidge in the Exchequer Court on Saturday morning. The feature of the session was the announcement by Mr. J. N. Greenshields, K.C., that a New York syndicate had been formed to carry on the road, and that $10,000 had been deposited with the Canadian Bank of Commerce to cover the wages [illegible] the operation of the railways. Mr. Greenshields appeared for Mr. J. M. M. Duff, the trustee of [illegible].

Mr. [illegible] Geoffrion, K.C., on behalf of the Minister of Railways, asked to have a sequestrator appointed and stated the grounds of the request.

Mr. J. N. Greenshields in reply did not think that the court had power to appoint a receiver over the head of the trustee. The scheme of reorganization had been progressing and the first payment [illegible] had just been made to the treasurer. If the court would grant [illegible] the syndicate would be prepared to pay the $1,000 due [illegible] at St. Johns [illegible] to operate the road. He was prepared to [illegible] the court [illegible].

[illegible]

A DISASTROUS FLOOD FEARED AT BRANTFORD

Annual Rampage of Grand River Delayed Much Later Than Usual.

[illegible]

Galt Also in Danger.

[illegible]

WHAT IS GOING ON

[illegible] The Last of Port [illegible] ... Vanity Fair Extravaganza [illegible]

WARMER TO-MORROW.

[illegible] Westerly winds, strong [illegible] Tuesday, higher temperature. [illegible] Halifax 28, 42.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

New York—La Savoie, Campania.
Naples—Sicilian Prince.
Liverpool—Logician, Lucania.
Glasgow—Pomeranian.
Gibraltar—Kurfurst.
New York—Norge.
Philadelphia—Friesland.
Southampton—New York.
New York—Zealand.
[illegible]

PEDDLERS FILE PETITION FROM OVER 10,000 CITIZENS,

And Farmers Unite With Them In Fight Against Interference—Can City Prohibit Street Selling.

A little surprise in the shape of a petition covered with about 10,000 signatures of Montreal citizens, and praying that the business carried on by fruit peddlers and others in the streets be not interfered with, is expected to be sprung upon the City Council this afternoon, when the charter amendments come up for discussion.

This is the result of the agitation which has been carried on for some time past by certain classes of merchants, and especially grocers, against the peddlers. Several meetings have been held lately, at which representatives of different lines of business were present, and a concerted action was determined upon in order to bring pressure to bear upon the City Council with a view to having the city prohibit peddling altogether. At the last meeting of the charter committee, a clause was inserted in the charter amendments to the effect that the city be given power by the Legislature to prohibit peddling, if it thinks fit to do so later on.

The fruit peddlers, however, had been expecting this move for some time, for they proceeded quietly to have petitions signed by the people most interested in having their trade maintained, that is, the householders who purchase the fruit from them at a price at least one-third lower than that asked for by the grocers or other merchants.

The peddlers are also supported by a large number of farmers of the district who have also sent in a petition numerously signed in their favor. The farmers point out that, while the grocers only buy fruit and vegetables in small quantities from them, the peddlers are among their large customers, and that the prohibition of the latter's business would be very injurious to the farming interests.

It was learnt at the City Hall this morning, that the loss to the city would be at least $10,000 a year if licensed peddling in the streets was prohibited. It was remarked, besides, that the question was one that might involve complications, as it was doubtful if a law restricting a legitimate trade was within the powers of the Provincial Legislature; it had always been held that the Dominion Parliament alone could deal with such questions.

The amendment to the charter against peddling is expected to be carried, but the real fight will come later on, when the city attempts to make a by-law based upon the powers secured at Quebec, if such an attempt is possible.

LAST TRIBUTE TO MR. THOS. M'ANULTY

The Funeral Service This Morning at St. Patrick's Church Was Very Largely Attended.

The funeral of Mr. Thos. McAnulty, which took place this morning from his late residence, 396 Pine Avenue, was very largely attended.

The service was held at St. Patrick's Church. Rev. Father Lepailleur, of the Church of the Infant Jesus, received the body, and Rev. Father Martin Callaghan, parish priest of St. Patrick's, celebrated the requiem mass, assisted by Father Killoran as deacon, and Father Polan as sub-deacon. The musical portion of the service consisted of Perrault's "Messe Funebre," impressively sung by St. Patrick's choir. At the offertory Mr. A. Lamoureux rendered the "Prayer" from "Stradella." Prof. J. A. Fowler presided at the organ.

The chief mourners were: Messrs. Dominick and John McAnulty, brothers of deceased; Thomas W. Henry, James and Dominick, sons; Richard Burke and John Sullivan, sons-in-law and T. Burke and T. Sullivan, grandchildren.

Among those who followed in the cortege were: Messrs. J. Forget, D. McDonald, L. Trudeau, M. Boyer, W. H. Hodgson, A. Hodgson, W. McNally, Ald. J. B. Clearihue, Ald. M. J. Walsh, D. M. Sexton, Rev. Canon Ellegood, Rev. R. Campbell, Dr. J. T. Finnie, P. Cannon, T. W. Casey, H. K. Martin, C. H Alves, J. C. Walsh, J. W. Gardner, John Johnston, John Henderson, J. O'Leary, P. F. McCaffrey, E. Pinnoteau, Godfrey Weir, B. McNally, Capt. Dolan, P. Brennan, R. Southam, A. Purcell, Dr. J. J. McCarrey, J. Killoran, Capt. F. Loye, J. F. O'Callaghan, T. Smyth, J. Smyth, J. Hughes, P. McGowan, J. McNally, J. Dolan, J. Collins, R. Foster, H. Chapman, T. Hawkins, T. Connors, M. Downs, W. Espey, H. Brady, W. Cochrane, T. Kearns, M. Bennett, R. Brown, C. A. Dunberry, A Lesperance, B. Tansey, M. Hughes, A. A. Reddy, J. Walker, T. Davis, Jos. Walker, T. Moore, J. Kavanagh, C. A. McDonnell, M. Charbonneau, G. Grace, W. Hinphey and many others.

MR. LYALL WORKING.

Mr. Peter Lyall, Liberal candidate in St. Antoine Division, has issued a circular to his friends in which he announces that preparations for the elections will go on without interruption, and that he will meet his friends every Saturday evening at the Reform Club, to discuss details of organization.

ASK GRANT FROM CITY.

At a meeting of the new Exposition Company held on Saturday at the offices of the Mayor it was decided to ask the city for a grant of $10,000 and to apply for subsidies from the Federal and Provincial Government. Ald. Payette thought that in order to continue the work of inauguration more rapidly the city should immediately make a grant of $5,000.

TRIAL OF GOYETTE OPENED TO-DAY

Defence Will Enter a Plea of Irresponsibility Through Being Insane.

L'Orignal, Ont., March 21.—(Special.)—Clement Goyette, of Montreal, was to-day placed on trial for his life in the court of King's Bench here on the charge of murdering Daniel [illegible] and his son, Thomas, of [illegible] and of attempting to murder the remainder of the [illegible] family on the night of January [illegible].

[illegible] He confessed [illegible] wipe out the [illegible] money [illegible] States. He was [illegible].

The prosecution [illegible] Gordon Henderson [illegible] on behalf of the [illegible] Messrs. [illegible] of Montreal [illegible] the defence [illegible] plea of irresponsibility [illegible]. Witnesses [illegible] that several of Goyette's [illegible] insane. [illegible]

Grand Jury Selected.

The Grand Jury were sworn in as follows: [illegible]

HALF-MINUTE INTERVIEWS

[illegible]

[illegible] E. F. [illegible], general passenger agent, C.P.R.: "In spite of the most adverse weather conditions we have ever been called upon to face and notwithstanding the temporary depression in freight earnings there was no falling off of passenger business [illegible] past [illegible] year."

NEW LIGHT CO. FOR MONTREAL

Announcement Made That English and Canadian Capital is at the Bottom of Concern

The announcement was made [illegible] that the syndicate which Mr. J. N. Greenshields [illegible] make a further offer to [illegible] willing to supply gas at [illegible].

[illegible]

EVIDENCE ALL TAKEN IN THE M'CUAIG CASE

Counsel for Prosecution Began His Address at Opening of To-day's Session.

[illegible]

HARBOR BOARD ADJOURNS.

[illegible]

WANT BONUS BACK.

[illegible]

PAY 60c ON DOLLAR.

[illegible] the stock and fixtures of the estate.

The Recorder's Court sent out more work for Dr. McKay, [illegible] this morning, the names being Thomas Marler [illegible].

SIX HUNDRED SOLDIERS MUTINIED IN NATAL

Men Were En Route From Pretoria to Durban for Embarkation.

[illegible]

MRS. JANE CRAIG McINTYRE DEAD

[illegible]

DEATHS.

[illegible] terred in Mount [illegible]

Through The Herald's Sieve.

AS MANY [illegible] notes were found on [illegible] how they lived on so [illegible].

A [illegible] PAPER says the elections will be [illegible] impossible [illegible] Ald. Ames [illegible] Europe.

THE TARIFF [illegible] would have been all [illegible] a [illegible] formed [illegible] place.

CAN'T YOU SEE [illegible] ice cream man [illegible] a lot of averaging [illegible] the weather will [illegible] to do next summer.

HOW IS [illegible] ever heard of a [illegible] for Easter?

Sure to Freeze.

"Petroff!"

"Yes, lieutenant."

"[illegible] password for to-night is Alexandrovitch[illegible]. Let no man pass without it."

"Yes, lieutenant. But it is a bitter cold night."

"What of that?"

"The man who gives the password is likely to freeze to death before he finishes it."

"[illegible] for the glory of the Czar, Petroff!"

"Yes, lieutenant!"

ACCORDING to the almanac spring is officially due here at 7.20 to-night. The almanac [illegible]

[illegible] guess as to whether [illegible] a couple of months late or not.

You Know Him.

[illegible]

SULLY [illegible] Globe [illegible].

[illegible] the Japanese [illegible]

IT IS THOUGHT that the Baltimore fire [illegible] Anyway, it [illegible] might have been [illegible].

THINGS MIGHT be much worse than they are. What if Port Arthur had one of those unpronounceable Russian names?

ALL MARRIED WOMEN are good listeners when their husbands talk in their sleep.

[illegible] OF THE Japanese admirals [illegible] Russia believe it.

ANDREW CARNEGIE has gone to Europe, which recalls the fact that a few centuries ago he thought of building a library in Montreal.

THERE is a small grain of comfort in the thought that we probably know as much about Japan's plan of campaign as Russia does.

IN JAPAN the two political parties have united in support of the government. To hit a Russian on the head, wherever seen, is the only politics now in the empire.

PORT ARTHUR'S health department must have its hands full, trying to isolate the bombardment germ.

ABOUT THIS TIME a portion of Montreal's population begins to figure what the Easter half rate trip to New York is going to cost.

WANTED

Advertisements under this head $2,000 a word, 6 insertions for 50 cents, payable in advance.

I'm looking for a country home with roses in the path,
With six or eight steam-heated rooms, a screen porch and a bath.
I want a garden fair to see, a gently babbling brook,
An arbor where to rest at ease and read the latest book.
Perhaps you know of such a place at reasonable rate—
Say, thirty dollars for the year—B. J., 248.

I'm looking for a boarding house, where folks are never proud,
Where no one tells of better days or tries to bluff the crowd;
The boarders must be courteous, the serving staff refined,
My bed of softest eiderdown, the food of choicest kind.
The price two dollars weekly, maybe half a dollar more.
Address, inclosing reference, B. J., 244.

Although a man of leisure now, I'm willing to be placed
In some position suitable to one of nurtured taste,
A situation not confining, 10 till 2, perhaps,
With leave to go abroad each year, an hour at noons for naps
And salary commensurate with merit such as mine,
Send offers stamped and closely sealed—B. J., 249.

SULLY, the Cotton King, knew how to do a thousand wonderful things, but there was one thing he didn't know and that was when to quit.

Three Aces.

The stork left a ten-pound boy at the home of Frank Ace and wife, of Story, last week.—Oregon (Wis.) Observer.

THE WORLD'S FAIR at St. Louis will have a "Pike" instead of a Chicago "Midway." Carrie Nation promises to be there to carve up the interesting features with her little hatchet.

WHEN KUROPATKIN begins looking for the front probably he will be extremely gratified to find there is so much of it.

DR. PARKHURST says that Moses was too strenuous and hot-headed. Considering its source, this is a severe blow to the memory of Moses.

SOME SAY Spring begins at 7.20 p.m. and others 7.45. What's the difference, when Spring, like a hockey match, never begins on time?

Overcome by Heat.

(Washington Times.)

The last Eskimo brought to this country by Peary is dead, being unable to stand the warmth of our climate. This, too, when the clerk of the weather has led us all to suppose we were having genuine Arctic temperature!

The Sovereign Bank of Canada

(INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.)

MAIN OFFICE: 202 St. James St., Cor. St. Peter St. | WEST END BRANCH: Cor. St. Catherine and Guy Sts.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

You can open an account with **$1.00.**
You will be furnished with pass-book.
Your deposits earn the highest current interest.

You can adopt the

Home Banking System

and save money you never saved before.

Call or write for Pamphlet A on "Home Banking."

Every facility consistent with sound banking at your disposal.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

MONTREAL TIME BILL.

Corrected to March 3.

ST. JOHN, N.B., Halifax — Lv. †7.25 p.m. Ar. (x) 8.35 a.m.
TORONTO, HAMILTON, ST. LOUIS, MO., CHICAGO — Lv. †9.30 a.m., *10 p.m. Ar. *7.35 a.m., †7.15 p.m.
WINNIPEG AND PACIFIC COAST—Lv. *9.40 a.m. Ar. *6.30 p.m.
S. S. MARIE, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, DULUTH—Lv. *10.10 p.m. Ar. *8.00 a.m.
OTTAWA—Lv. Place Viger †8.20 a.m., †5.40 p.m. Ar. †12.40 p.m., †10.30 p.m. Lv. Windsor St. †8.45 a.m., *9.40 a.m., §10.00 a.m., †4.00 p.m., *10.10 p.m. Ar. *8.00 a.m., †11.45 a.m., *6.30 p.m., †7.00 p.m., §9.45 p.m.
QUEBEC — Lv. †8.30 a.m., †2.00 p.m., §3.30 p.m., *11.00 p.m. Ar. *6.30 a.m., †2.10 p.m., †6.35 p.m., §6.30 p.m.
BOSTON—Lv. 9.00 a.m., *7.45 p.m. Ar. *8.15 a.m., †9.15 a.m.
VAUDREUIL—Lv. †8.45 a.m., †9.30 a.m., *9.40 a.m., §10.00 a.m., (i)1.30 p.m., †4.00 p.m., †4.15 p.m., (a)5.15 p.m., *10.00 p.m., *10.10 p.m. Ar. *7.35 a.m., *8.00 a.m., †8.40 a.m., †11.45 a.m., †12.15 p.m., *6.30 p.m., †7.00 p.m., †7.15 p.m., §9.45 p.m.
SHERBROOKE — Lv. †8.30 a.m., 4.30 p.m., ‡7.25 p.m. Ar. (x)8.35 a.m., †11.55 a.m., †7.05 p.m.
JOLIETTE — Lv. †8.30 a.m., †5.00 p.m. Ar. †8.35 a.m., †6.35 p.m.
BERTHIER—Lv. †8.30 a.m., (i)2.00 p.m., †5.00 p.m. Ar. *6.30 a.m., (i)8.50 a.m., †2.10 p.m., †6.35 p.m.
ST. JEROME — Lv. †9.00 a.m., §9.15 a.m., (i)1.45 p.m., †5.25 p.m., (a)6.25 p.m. Ar. †8.20 a.m., †9.50 a.m., †6.55 p.m., §9.45 p.m.
STE AGATHE — Lv. (n)9.00 a.m., †5.25 p.m. Ar. †9.50 a.m., (n) 6.55 p.m.
LABELLE—(m)9.00 a.m., †5.25 p.m. Ar. †9.50 a.m. (m)6.55 p.m.

* Daily. † Week days. § Sunday only. (g) Monday only. ‡ Daily except Saturday. (x) Daily except Monday. (a) Daily except Saturday and Sunday. (b) Friday. (i) Saturday only. (m) Thursday only. (n) Tuesdays and Thursdays.

GRAND TRUNK.

TORONTO—Lv. 9.00 a.m., 10.30 p.m. daily—10.00 a.m., [illegible] p.m. daily ex. Sunday. Ar. 6.00 p.m., 7 [illegible] daily—7.15 a.m. daily except Sunday.
CHICAGO—[illegible] a.m., 10.30 p.m. daily. Ar. 7.00 a.m., [illegible] p.m. daily.
PORTLAND—Lv. 8 a.m. daily ex. Sunday—8 p.m. daily. Ar. 7 a.m. daily—6.50 p.m. daily ex. Sunday.
ISLAND POND AND QUEBEC—Lv. 8 a.m., 4.15 p.m. daily ex. Sunday—8.00 p.m. daily. Ar. 7.00 a.m. daily—1.00 p.m.; 6.50 p.m. daily ex. Sunday.

CANADA ATLANTIC.

OTTAWA—Lv. 8.40 a.m. daily ex. Sunday—4.10 p.m. daily. Ar. 11.20 a.m. daily—7.15 p.m. daily ex. Sunday.

INTERCOLONIAL.

LOCAL—Lv. 7.40 p.m., 4.40 p.m., 11.45 p.m. Ar. 10.30 a.m., 10.00 p.m.
MARITIME EXPRESS—Lv. 12.00 noon daily ex. Saturday. Ar. 5.00 p.m. daily ex. Monday. Leaves Levis 1.25 a.m. Ar. in Montreal 4.05 p.m. Mondays only.

CENTRAL VERMONT.

BOSTON AND NEW YORK—Lv. 9.00 a.m., 8.40 p.m. Ar. 7.25 a.m., 8.10 p.m., 10.15 p.m.

DELAWARE AND HUDSON.

NEW YORK—8.45 a.m., 11.10 a.m., 7.40 p.m. Ar. 7.15 a.m., 3.15 p.m., 7.25 p.m.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

English Mail Train

Leaves Sunday, at 12.00 noon. Passengers taking this train make close connection at Halifax with Allan Line Mail steamers for Liverpool.

The Maritime Express

Which leaves Montreal daily, except Saturday, for Quebec, Moncton, St. John, Halifax, and The Sydneys, is one of the finest, solid vestibule trains being run on the continent, and is so spoken of by many who travel by it.

Quebec Service

Train leaves Montreal at 7.40 a.m., 12.00 noon and 11.45 p.m. Returning, trains leave Levis at 12.10 p.m. and 4.20 p.m.. Mondays only, leave 10.25. Arr. Montreal, 4.05 p.m.

Improved Night Service

The Express, leaving daily, except Sunday, at 11.45 p.m., with Sleeper attached, arrives in Quebec at 7.05 a.m. Passengers can occupy this sleeper at 9.00 p.m. and remain in car until 8.00 a.m.

All trains depart from Bonaventure Station.

CITY TICKET OFICE,

143 St. James St. and Bonaventure Station.

MONTREAL PARK & ISLAND RAILWAY CO.

LACHINE—From Post Office 20 min. service, 5.40 a.m. to midnight. From Lachine, 20 min. service, 5.50 to 11.15 p.m.

SAULT AU RECOLLET.

From Chenneville and Craig—
45 min. service—6.45 a.m. to 9.00
30 min. service—9.00 a.m. to 4.00
[illegible] min. service—4.30 p.m. to [illegible]
30 min. service—[illegible] p.m. to 12.00

From Sault au Recollet—
45 min. service—6.30 a.m. to 9.45
[illegible] min. service—9.45 a.m. to [illegible]
30 min. service—5.15 p.m. to 8.15
30 min. service—8.15 p.m. to 11.15

CARTIERVILLE AND ST. LAURENT—From Victoria Square, 1 hour service, 7 a.m. to 9 p.m., last car 11.25 p.m. First car, 6.15 a.m., from Mt. Royal ave. From Cartierville, 1 hour service, 7 a.m. to 10 p.m., first car at 5.45 a.m.

COTE DES NEIGES—From Victoria Square, 30 min. service, 6 a.m. to 9 a.m., and 4 p.m. to 10.30 p.m., 1 hour service, 9 a.m. to 4 p.m., last car, 11.25; 1m. From Cote des Neiges, 30 min. service, 7 to 10.30 a.m., and 4.30 to 9 p.m. 1 hour service, 10.30 a.m. to 4.30 p.m., last car, 11 p.m., first car, 6.15 a.m.

MOUNTAIN—From Westmount, cor. Victoria and Sherbrooke, 30 min. service, 6 a.m. to 11.45 p.m. Cars leaving 15 min. past the hour connect with Cartierville.

For $1.00 a Month we keep your Wardrobe in GoodOrder

each Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing of All Kinds.

Wardrobe Repair Concern,

HOME UP 2021. 47 Beaver Hall Hill

Easter Holidays!

CHEAP RATES

To Stations in Canada; Fort William and East at

SINGLE FARE

On March 31st, April 1, 2, 3 and 4, returning until April 5th, 1904.

TICKET OFFICE, 129 ST. JAMES ST. (next Post Office).

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

WORLD'S FAIR, ST. LOUIS, MO.

April 30—Doc. 1, 1904.

Jubilee presents of late Queen Victoria, valued at million dollars, on exhibition.

EASTER

Holiday Fares

Round trip tickets will be issued

Between Stations in Canada, and to Detroit and Port Huron, also to stations Fort Covington, N. Y., to Massena Springs, N.Y., at

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

Going March 31 to April 4 inclusive. Return limit April 5, 1904.

CITY TICKET OFFICES

137 St. James Street. Telephone Main 460 an 461, or Bonaventure Station.

NEW YORK CENTRAL

AND HUDSON RIVER R.R.

Trains leave Windsor Station as follows:

8.20 A.M. daily except Sunday
7.00 P.M. daily
for all Adirondack Mountain points, Malone, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo, Albany, New York and all points south.

8.20 A.M. except Sunday
9.25 A.M. ex. Sat. & Sun.
9.45 A.M. Sunday only
1.35 P.M. Saturday only
5.10 P.M. except Sunday
7.00 P.M. daily.
Local train for Chateauguay, Beauharnois, St. Timothee and Valleyfield.

For tickets, time tables, Pullman car accommodation, and full information, call at the city office,

130 ST. JAMES STREET.

H. J. HERBERT, City Ticket Agent. F. E. BARBOUR, General Agent.

Premo Cameras 1904 Full line of Models for 1904 just to hand. Send for special Bargain List No. 14

R. F. SMITH, 1756 Notre Dame Street.

MRS. JAMES MACKIE DEAD.

Mrs. James Mackie died at her home, 4353 Montrose avenue, Westmount, on Saturday night, after a lingering illness. She is survived by three daughters and one son, Mrs. J. F. Mackie, advocate, of this city. The body will be taken to Windsor Mills for interment to-morrow morning, and a short service will be held at the house tonight at 8 o'clock.

J. Z. Corbeil, chief gauger of the Montreal Customs House, is soon to be married. The staff of the Customs House, through Collector R. S. White, presented to Mr. Corbeil on Saturday a purse of gold.

ONLY A SUGGESTION.

But It Has Proven of Interest and Value to Thousands.

Common sense would suggest that if one wishes to become fleshy and plump it can only result from the food we eat and digest, and that food should be albuminous or flesh forming food, like eggs, beefsteak and cereals; in other words, the kinds of food that make flesh are the foods which form the greater part of our daily bills of fare.

But the trouble is that while we eat enough and generally too much, the stomach, from abuse and overwork, does not properly digest and assimilate it, which is the reason so many people remain thin and under weight; the digestive organs do not completely digest the flesh forming beefsteak and eggs and similar wholesome food.

There are thousands of such who are really confirmed dyspeptics, although they may have no particular pain or inconvenience from their stomachs.

If such persons would lay their prejudices aside and make a regular practice of taking, after each meal, one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, the food would be quickly and thoroughly digested, because these tablets contain the natural peptones and diastase which every weak stomach lacks, and by supplying this want the stomach is soon enabled to reach its natural tone and vigor.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets digest every form of flesh forming food, meat, eggs, bread and potatoes, and this is the reason they so quickly build up, strengthen and invigorate thin, dyspeptic men, women and children.

Invalids and children, even the most delicate, use them with marked benefit, as they contain no strong, irritating drugs, no cathartic nor any harmful ingredient.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the most successful and most widely known of any remedy for stomach troubles because it is the most reasonable and scientific of modern medicines.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by every druggist in the United States and Canada as well as in Great Britain, at 50 cents for complete treatment.

Nothing further is required to cure any stomach trouble or to make thin, nervous dyspeptic people, strong, plump and well.

NO BATTLE WAS FOUGHT ON BANKS OF YALU RIVER.

Report of Great Russian Victory is Not Credited—Russian Army Has Not Crossed the Yalu.

London, March 21.—An Associated Press despatch from Che Foo, dated March 19, 9 p.m., stated that a private despatch received there from Mukden, stated that a battle had taken place on the Yalu in which the Russians were stated to have captured 1,800 prisoners. There is no official confirmation of the report, which is discredited in St. Petersburg and other points.

Victory Was Impossible.

St. Petersburg, March 21—The reported victory on the Yalu River is frankly admitted to have been impossible at army headquarters here. It is pointed out that to inflict such a crushing defeat on the Japanese the Russians would have had to have been numerically enormously superior to the enemy, which the Russians in Corea are not.

No Battle Was Fought.

Paris, March 0.—A despatch from St. Petersburg says there has been no change in the situation. All is quiet on land and sea. There have been slight skirmishes between scouts between the Russian line on the Yalu River and the Japanese line from Ping Yang to Kensan, Corea, but no battle has been fought. The distance between the opposing armies is great. The bulk of the Russian forces, composing the front line have not passed the Yalu River.

Not Credited in St. Petersburg.

London, March 21.—There is no war news, although, as usual, there is a multitude of despatches of more or less interest from the usual places. The report Saturday of the capture of 1,800 Japanese has not received the slightest credence even in St. Petersburg. A Kobe despatch refers to a report that Cossacks captured a Japanese major, five other officers and two civilians in the vicinity of Wiju, and says they were all sent to Irkutsk. This may have been the foundation of the story of the capture of 1,800 Japanese.

There is a great discrepancy in the various despatches regarding the conditions at Port Arthur. A Nagasaki despatch says that one of the Russians captured on March 10, when the torpedo boat Stergustchy was sunk, stated that there is scarcity of food in Port Arthur, due to the squeezing methods of the officers. He declares that the supplies will not support the garrison more than a month. All are now on short rations.

Enemies Face to Face.

London, March 21. — A despatch to the Standard from St. Petersburg, says that 40,000 Russians are drawn up on the Chang Chungang River, north of Anju, where a similar number of Japanese are believed to be. The latter's movements are closely watched by large bodies of Cossacks. The first land action is expected to take place in that neighborhood. The reports received on Sunday state that all is quiet at Vladivostok, but disquieting reports are still received regarding Port Arthur. The naval authorities are perturbed over the difficulty of forwarding coal to Port Arthur and Vladivostok, where the supply is becoming short and the warships are forced to economize. It is rumored that a quantity of ammunition at Vladivostok cannot be used as it does not fit the guns. General Kuropatkin expects to have 600,000 men in active service in the Far East by August.

Movements of Japanese.

London, March 21.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Telegraph says that trustworthy intelligence has been received that the reports of Japanese landing on the east coast of Corea are false. It is not believed that General Nodsu, to whose 65,000 men, 45,000 probably will be added by the middle of March, has designs on Vladivostok. General Linevitch's recent reinforcements are kept secret. Three weeks ago he had 22,400 men and 54 field guns, but it is expected that he will have 140,000 men by the middle of May, when the Japanese forces will be ready to advance against the Russian right flank. The military authorities are startled by the reported attempt to land at Helena Bay, which would put the within six miles of the railway. Bad weather is said to have stopped their landing. Emergency measures have now been taken to prevent their descent upon Helena Bay. Troops are concentrated at Fuchow, 22 miles south of Helena Bay.

No Fighting Until June.

Paris, March 21.—The Figaro's correspondent in Berlin telegraphs that a German officer who has just arrived there from Manchuria, says serious operations in the Far East will not be begun before the end of June. The principal obstacle to Russian victory, according to this officer, is the fact that 40,000 Chinese troops, well exercised and with German and Japanese instructors, are menacing Russia's line of communication. Russia, with the support of Germany, will protest against the concentration of Chinese troops.

Another Jap. Army.

Rome, March 21.—The Government s advised that preparations are under way for the mobilization of a fourth Japanese army corps of 70,000 men. The troops will be lightly equipped and will not be put into the field until summer.

Attack on Vladivostok.

Wei Hai Wei, March 21.—Admiral Kamimura's bombardment of Vladivostok on the 6th instant was carried out by the cruiser squadron. The vessels opened fire on the port at 1.30 p.m. and the bombardment lasted about three-quarters of an hour. The little affair was marked by the same evidence of skill and clearly defined plan of attack which have distinguished all the Japanese naval operations. Admiral Kamimura brought his ships into range opposite the dead point of the forts on the opposite side. Viceroy Alexieff's report that the Japanese ships were not within range of the forts is incorrect. The truth is the forts were unable to reply, although the ships came within the limit of the range of the guns, owing to the position Kamimura took up. The ships fired at a range of about seven thousand yards. The extent of the damage is unknown, but an outbreak of fire was seen in the eastern harbor. The only object of the operations was to harrass the enemy and induce the cruisers to come out of the harbor. On the 7th instant Kamimura again approached the entrance to the harbor and menaced the forts, but failed to draw their fire. After searching Amour Bay without result he steamed southward the same day.

Batteries Were Without Guns.

Niu-Chwang, March 21.—Information has reached here that the reason that Vladivostok failed to reply to the Japanese attack was that the batteries were without guns. Since then they have been working day and night to place new guns in position. The bombardment destroyed the Linevich battery. The same conditions exist at Vladivostok as at Port Arthur. The supply of provisions is getting short and the population is panic stricken. The ice is considered the only real protection.

Mission of Ito.

Seoul, March 21.—Marquis Ito held a large reception which was attended by the foreign legation officials. Afterwards, in conversation, he assured me his mission was entirely of a formal character, its object being to cement the treaty by personal representations of the good will of Japan towards Corea. He expressed his inability to understand the Russian diplomatic methods, which he perceived were no less devious in Corea than elsewhere. Under Japanese guidance it is believed Corea will advance commercially and intellectually, it being the Japanese intention to use its influence so that Corea will never regret its connection with her. He was rejoiced to find that the Corean realized that Japan was able to do for their country what it was never within the power, or even the wish, of the Russians, to do. Marquis Ito returns to Japan, March 25.

Battle of Torpedo Boats.

Wei Hai Wei, March 21.—Admiral Togo has been comparatively passive since February 25, and Port Arthur has been given a respite although the cruisers and destroyers are keeping a close blockade.

Since Admiral Makaroff's arrival at Port Arthur the defensive tactics of the Russians has become more active and their destroyers are more alert and enterprising. At 4 a.m., on the 10th instant, the first division of the Japanese destroyers flotilla, under command of Captain Asia, while reconnoitering southwest of Liao Tung peninsula, attacked five Russian destroyers. A fierce engagement ensued lasting fifty minutes. Early in the fight two Russian destroyers were very severely damaged. They drew off and made for Port Arthur. Others still fighting retreated until under the protection of the guns of the forts, and they also reached the harbor. The contest was so fierce that at one time the opposing vessels were within a few yards of each other. So close were two of them that the Russian blue jackets threw a charge of explosives on the bridge of the Japanese destroyer. Fortunately it did not detonate. The charge is kept as a memento. All the vessels engaged were more or less damaged. A Japanese destroyer received a shell in one of the stoke-holds, which burst a steam pipe and scalded the stoker and a petty officer to death. The Russian casualties are not known, but they must have been considerable. The Japanese losses were six killed and eight wounded.

HEADACHES FROM COLDS.

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes the cause. To get the genuine call for the full name and look for the signature of E. W. Grove. 25c.

JAPANESE DIET UNITED FOR WAR

Special Session to Provide War Funds Was Opened by the Emperor.

Tokio, March 21.—With stately ceremony, the special session of Parliament, convened to provide the money needed towards the war against Russia, was opened at 11 o'clock yesterday morning. The Emperor, clad in the uniform of a generalissimo, rode in the great state coach from the palace to the Parliament House and personally read his address to the peers and Commoners. For the first time the Crown Prince attended the ceremony. He followed his father to an improvised throne in the Peers' Hall and stood close by his right side, while he read his appeal to his subjects.

The members of the cabinet, headed by Premier Katzura, occupied a position on the right of the throne.

The diplomatic gallery was filled, nearly every legation and staff being present. Sir Claude MacDonald, the British minister; General Hamilton and Colonel Hume, represented Great Britain.

When the Emperor entered, the members of Parliament bowed low. The Emperor advancing to the front of the platform, bowed to them, and immediately ascended the throne. Premier Katzura advanced to the throne and handed the address to the Emperor. The latter read it in a voice low, but firm, which carried to every corner of the chamber.

Speech From the Throne.

Following is the Speech from the Throne: "We hereby open the Imperial Diet and address each and all the members of the House of Peers and the House of Representatives. We announce with high satisfaction that our relations with the treaty powers are steadily growing in cordiality and understanding. Prompted by an earnest desire to maintain a permanent peace in the extreme East, our Government, by our command, entered into negotiations with Russia, but we regret that, owing to an absence of sincerity on the part of Russia in her peaceful professions, we have been compelled to appeal to arms, and having taken that step, we cannot hesitate until the object of the war is attained.

"Our forces, in the presence of unwonted hardships and privations, are now displaying their steadfast loyalty and valor, and we hope that all our subjects will co-operate in perfect unity for the enhancement of the glory of the Empire.

"We trust that you will, in compliance with our will, fulfill the duty incumbent upon you and give cordial consent to these budgets and bills, which are specially urgent in connection with the situation, and which we have ordered the ministers of state to lay before you."

Reply to the Address.

In the view of the extraordinary reply to the throne passed at the opening of the last session in December, wherein the House of Representatives condemned the policy of the cabinet, which was declared to be incompatible with the progress of the Empire, and to be temporizing, the House of Representatives appointed a committee, which presented the following response:

"We, Your Majesty's humble servants of the House of Representatives, respectfully express our gratitude for Your Majesty's gracious action in opening the Imperial Diet and for the words addressed to us by Your Majesty.

"This Empire has invariably endeavored to maintain the peace in the Far East, but Russia, which lacks the sincerity to respect peace, has violated its treaty with China and its repeated declarations to the powers.

"We are extremely impressed with the fact that Your Majesty has declared war. The executive arms at the front are repeatedly obtaining victories. This is solely due to your Imperial Majesty's influence.

"It shall be our constant endeavor to bring to the discharge of our legislative functions, the utmost care and circumspection, so that Your Majesty's august instructions may be obeyed and the important trust reposed in us by the nation may be complied with.

"With profound respect and humility, the President of the House of Representatives, Masahisa, Matsuda, presents this."

The peers will meet tomorrow to prepare a response to the speech from the throne. As the result of numerous important conferences, it is evident that the Diet is prepared to vote all the funds necessary to the successful conduct of the war.

ROAD MAKERS WANT INFORMATION BUREAU

Next Annual Convention Will be Held in Brockville—Resolutions Adopted.

Ottawa, March 21.—(Special.)—The Eastern Ontario Good Roads' Convention came to a close Friday afternoon, Warden Cummings, of Carleton County, being re-elected president. It was decided to hold the next meeting in Brockville. A resolution was passed, asking the Federal Government to establish a bureau of information, which would gather facts in connection with good roads. Another resolution was passed petitioning the Ontario Government to provide legislation that would compel all sleighs in use on public roads to have the runners four feet apart instead of three feet as at present. This would leave more space between the ruts made in the roads and would make it better for horses to travel on, especially the heavy horses now so generally in use in various parts of the Dominion.

Warden J. M. Rogers, of Perth, addressed the association in the morning on "How Lanark County will build her system of leading roads." Lanark County has purchased the toll roads, and intends building a number of miles of good roads each year. The money has been granted by the ratepayers for twenty-two miles of road building next year.

Ex-Senator Earle, of Detroit, delivered an excellent address on "Proposed National aid for good roads." He contended that the townships and the Provincial and Dominion Governments should contribute liberally to the good roads movements, which would improve the country generally.

Senator W. C. Edwards, of Rockland, spoke briefly, expressing hearty sympathy with the good roads movement.

BARON. HAYASHI'S ODD CAREER

London, March 21.—Baron Hayashi, the Japanese minister to Great Britain, from a political prisoner sentenced to be beheaded, has risen to one of the highest diplomatic posts in the gift of his country. He spent several years at the University of London, and returned to his own country in time to take part in the rebellion of the reactionists, between 1865 and 1868.

The revolt was put down, and the revolutionists, Hayashi and the rest, were turned over to the "lord high executioner," who put them in iron cages until he had found time to cut their heads off.

About that time the Mikado happened to be in great need of a man who could interpret English for him, and somebody suggested the doomed prisoner, Hayashi. The condemned rebel was taken from his cage and performed the task so well that the Mikado pardoned him, and made him Imperial interpreter. At that time there were only five or six Japanese who could speak English. His rise to honors since has been rapid.

ARE YOUR CHILDREN PLAYED OUT?

Then give them a good start on "SWISS FOOD" and watch the listlessness disappear. They need a wholesome food, not medicine.—adv.

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.

Following is the calendar of services and lectures in connection with Christ Church Cathedral March 21-25 inclusive:

Daily, 12.30-12.50 p.m.—Service with short address.

Daily, 5.00 p.m.—Service with address; preacher, Rev. T. Stannage Boyle.

Thursday, 8.15 p.m., in the Synod Hall, corner University Street and Burnside Place—Lecture by the Vicar. Subject, "Phillips Brooks."

Friday, 11.15 a.m., in the Library of the Synod Hall—Bible lecture by the Vicar. For ladies only.

All services and the Thursday lecture open to the general public.

LEEMING, MILES CO. MOVING.

The Leeming, Miles Co. have taken possession of the Patrie Building on St. Gabriel Street, and are now placing there the manufacturing portion of their business. On May 1 they will occupy as offices and warehouse the Redpath estate buildings on Victoria Square and which are at present occupied by the Bishop Engraving & Printing Co. Under the expropriation now proceeding (St. Lambert's Hill) the old Mussen building, on the corner of Notre Dame and St. Lambert, will be demolished in May.

MAILS FOR EUROPE.

The mails for Great Britain and Europe at the Montreal Post Office during the present week are as follows:

Monday—9.30 a.m., Kron Prinz Wilhelm, North German Lloyd line.

Tuesday—9.30 a.m., Cedric, White Star line.

Friday—9.30 a.m., Campania, Cunard line; 6 p.m., Lucania, supplementary.

Sunday—10 a.m., Tunistan, Allan line.

The mail for France, Germany, Italy, etc., per La Savoie, General Transatlantic line, will close Wednesday at 6 p.m.

GRAND WIFE.

The Kind Worth Having.

A well known lady of Carthage, Mo., says: "Although I do not drink tea or coffee myself I have had a most interesting experience in my family for about a year ago my husband began to fail in health. He would get so very nervous at times he would have to give up his work and come home. His eyes were failing him and the doctor became alarmed—was afraid he was going to lose his sight. He also got very yellow in complexion, at times his blood ran cold, from nervous chills the doctor said.

"In a few days he would return to work, still in that dull, chilly condition. He would drink coffee, coffee, coffee, 'for a stimulant,' he would say (as he drank no liquor.)

"His condition gradually got worse instead of better until finally I made up my mind coffee had something to do with it, so I bought a package of Postum without telling him, and made it according to directions. He drank it and seemed to like it, so I continued to make it, and before the first package was gone he began to get so clear of complexion and feel so well, gaining fast in flesh, he was so delighted he would get weighed every day.

"Finally he talked so much about it (he had gained 10 pounds in 10 days) I could not keep it a secret any longer and told him to give Postum the credit. The consequences are there has been no more coffee in the house since (and no doctor either.)

"Postum is a delightful drink made according to directions, I have found no better way, as it is a rich golden brown when cream is added.

"I forgot to say husband's eyes are as strong as they ever were, he is well and hearty, does not sit around the stove chilled all the time as he did before." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Coffee poison causes eye trouble in many cases as well as other ails, and is never suspected. A 10 days' trial proves things you will never forget.

Look in each package for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

GENTLEMEN—A NEW HAT

We have the latest and nobbiest hats from New York and London. Best quality and lowest price. We are renowned for our hats and furs. Comparison with other houses will undoubtedly make you a regular customer of ours. Chas. Desjardins & Co., 1539 St. Catherine street.

NEWCOMBE PIANOS

Received Paris Gold Medal, Paris 1900, with 300 companies competing.

Splendid stock of these art pianos now in our special parlors.

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Ale and Porter Brewers.

Have always on hand the various kinds of

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India Pale, Strong and Mild Ales, "Crown," "Double" and "Single" Stout.

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Wm. Bishop, 58 Dorchester Street
The T. J. Howard Bottling Co., 688 Dorchester Street.
Thomas Kinsella, 237 St. Antoine Street.
Wm. J. Rafferty, 30 and 32 Vallee Street.
A. H. Brown & Co., Ltd., 19 Aylmer Street.

WILLIAM DOW & CO.

Tel. Main 339.

EPPS'S COCOA

An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact, fitted to build up and maintain robust health, and to resist winter's extreme cold. Sold in ¼ lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPPS & Co., Ltd., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England.

EPPS'S COCOA

GIVING STRENGTH & VIGOUR.

NOTICE

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that, under the "Companies' Act, 1902, letters patent have been issued under the Seal of the Secretary of State of Canada, bearing date the 1st day of March, 1904, incorporating William J. Henderson, accountant, George E. Clark, clerk, Walter G. Mitchell, advocate, Alexander W. G. MacAlister, advocate, and George H. Boivin, law student, all of the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the following purposes, viz.: To manufacture engines, boilers, and all the accessories thereof; electrical machines of every description, and generally all machinery for the production of motive power, with power to the Company to lease, purchase, acquire, hold, alienate, mortgage, sell and dispose of such land and realties as may be necessary for the purposes of the Company's business. The operations of the Company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere, by the name of "The Canadian Engineering Company" (Limited), with a total capital stock of Ten Thousand Dollars, divided into one hundred shares of one hundred dollars each, and the chief place of business of the said Company to be at the City of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec.

Dated at the office of the Secretary of State of Canada, this 4th day of March, 1904.

(Signed) R. W. SCOTT,
Secretary of State.

GREENSHIELDS, GREENSHIELDS, HENEKER & MITCHELL,
Solicitors for Applicants.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Tender for Machine Shop, Boiler Room, etc.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the outside "Tender for Machine Shop, etc., Chaudiere Junction," will be received up to and including

FRIDAY, the 25th day of MARCH, 1904,

for the construction of a Machine Shop, Boiler Room, etc., at Chaudiere Junction, P.Q.

Plans and specification may be seen at the office of the Freight Agent at Chaudiere Junction, P.Q., and at the office of the Chief Engineer, Moncton, N.B., where forms of tender may be obtained.

All the conditions of the specification must be complied with.

D. POTTINGER,
General Manager.

Railway Office,
Moncton, N.B.,
7th March, 1904.

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Cincinnati, Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago.

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ALLAN LINE

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30 Steamers, Aggregating 166,304 Tons.

NEW STEAMSHIPS.

Victorian and Virginian (building)..12,000 tons. Triple screws
Tunisian ....10,570 tons. Twin screws
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ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

From Liverpool.		From St. John.	From Halifax.
10 Mar.	Tunisian	26 Mar.	28 Mar.
17 Mar.	Ionian	2 Apr.	4 Apr.
24 Mar.	Bavarian	9 Apr.	11 Apr.
31 Mar.	Pretorian		18 Apr.
7 Apr.	Parisian	23 Apr.	25 Apr.
14 Apr.	Tunisian	30 Apr.	2 May

Tunisian and Bavarian are the largest and finest steamers on the Canadian route. Record passage, Tunisian, Moville to Rimouski, 6 days, 5 hours, 37 minutes.

The saloons and staterooms are in the central part, where least motion is felt. Electricity is used for lighting the ship throughout, the lights being at the command of the passengers any hour of the night. Music rooms and smoking rooms on the promenade deck. The saloons and staterooms are heated by steam.

RATES OF PASSAGE—Cabin, $50 and upwards, according to steamer. Round Trip tickets, $95 and upwards.

Second Cabin—To Liverpool or Londonderry, $37.50 to $40.00 single; $71.25 to $76.00 return.

Steerage — To Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Belfast or Londonderry, including a plentiful supply of provisions cooked and served, and every requisite for the voyage, $25.00 and $26.00.

NEW YORK AND GLASGOW

From Glasgow.		From New York.
12 Mar.	Laurentian	31 Mar., 11 a.m.
26 Mar.	Numidian	14 Apr., 11 a.m.
9 Apr.	Mongolian	28 Apr., 11 a.m.

Rates—First Cabin, $45 and upwards; return tickets, $81.00 and upwards. Second Cabin, to Glasgow or Londonderry, $35; return tickets, $66.50. Steerage, $25.00 and everything necessary provided.

Steamers on this service have excellent accommodation for all classes of passengers.

The Saloons are forward; Staterooms near the centre of the ship. Promenade deck the entire width of the vessel, and two-thirds of the length. Electric lights throughout, and electric bells in every stateroom.

H. & A. ALLAN,

55 Common Street, Montreal.

Canadian Pacific Ry.

Atlantic Steamship Lines.

ST. JOHN, N.B., AND LIVERPOOL.

WINTER SAILINGS.

From Liverpool.		From St. John.
Tues., Mar. 1.	Lake Manitoba	Sat., Mar. 19
Tues., Mar. 15.	Lake Champlain	Sat., April 2
Tues., Mar. 29.	Lake Erie	Sat., April 16
Tues., April 5.	Lake Manitoba	Sat., April 23

Steamers sail from West St. John, N.B., at 1.30 p.m., shortly after the arrival of the C.P.R. train from the West.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First Cabin, $50 and upwards. Round trip tickets at reduced rates. Second Cabin, to Liverpool, $37.50; to London, $40.00. Second Cabin, round trip, $71.25; London, $73.75. Third Class, to Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Belfast, Londonderry and Queenstown, $25.00.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.
ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP LINES.

6 St. Sacrament St., Montreal.

REFORD AGENCIES

DONALDSON LINE.

GLASGOW WEEKLY SERVICE, FROM ST. JOHN, N.B., in connection with the C.P.R. and I.C.R.

S.S. ALMORA	Mar. 5
S.S. KASTALIA (cold storage)	Mar. 12
S.S. TRITONIA	Mar. 19
S.S. LAKONIA	Mar. 26

And Weekly Thereafter.

DONALDSON BROS., GLASGOW.

THOMSON LINE.

LONDON SERVICE FROM PORTLAND, ME., in connection with the G.T.R.

S.S. CERVONA	Mar. 12
S.S. DEVONA	Mar. 26
S.S. HURONA	April 9

WM. THOMSON & SONS, DUNDEE.

THE ROBERT REFORD CO., LIMITED,
25 ST. SACRAMENT STREET,
MONTREAL.

D. O. WOOD, Western Agent, Room 311 Board of Trade, TORONTO.

FURNESS, WITHY & CO.

(LIMITED.)

PROPOSED SAILINGS.

MANCHESTER LINERS LIMITED.

St. John, N.B., and Manchester.

From Manchester.		From St. John.
———	Manchester Merchant (Via Philadelphia.)	Mar. 24
12 Mar.	*Manchester Commerce	Mar. 31
2 Apr.	*Manchester Trader	Apr. 23

*Fitted with cold storage.

Above steamers have first class accommodation for a limited number of passengers.

Canada-South Africa Joint Service

ST. JOHN, N.B., TO CAPETOWN, DURBAN, PORT ELIZABETH AND EAST LONDON.

*Wyandotte .... April 5

And at regular monthly intervals thereafter, from Montreal.

*Fitted with cold storage.

For further particulars apply to

FURNESS, WITHY & CO., Limited, Agents,

44 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER STREET, MONTREAL.

DOMINION LINE

STEAMSHIPS

PORTLAND—HALIFAX—LIVERPOOL

From Portland.	From Portland.
S.S. OTTOMAN	Mar. 19
S.S. KENSINGTON	Mar. 26
S.S. DOMINION	April 2
S.S. SOUTHWARK	April 9
S.S. CANADA	April 16
S.S. CORNISHMAN	April 23

Passenger steamers westbound call at Halifax.

For all particulars as to freight and passage apply to

THE DOMINION LINE,

17 ST. SACRAMENT ST., MONTREAL.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Tender for Extension to Freight Shed.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and marked on the outside "Tender to Freight Shed, North Sydney, will be received up to and including

FRIDAY, the 25th Day of MARCH, 1904,

for the extension to the Freight Shed on the Wharf at North Sydney, N.S.

Plans and specification may be seen at the Office of the Station Master at North Sydney, N.S., and at the office of the Chief Engineer, Moncton, N.B., where forms of tender may be obtained.

All the conditions of the specification must be complied with.

D. POTTINGER,
General Manager.

Railway Office,
Moncton, N.B.,
7th March, 1904.

EARTHQUAKE FELT IN THE CITY TO-DAY

Was Very Light But Lasted Almost Half a Minute—Felt Also in Eastern Townships.

An earthquake of a very slight nature was felt in this city at 1.03 this morning, taking almost half a minute to pass away. Although little shock or crash was felt, still it was sufficient to waken a number of people from their slumbers and cause them to rub their eyes and wonder whether they had really felt an earthquake shock or whether they had been only dreaming. The seismograph in the Physics Building of McGill University recorded the shock, but as the instrument has yet to be examined under the microscope by Prof. McLeod, the exact nature or duration of the earthquake could not be learned.

Severe at Richmond.

Richmond, Que., March 21.—(Special.)—We were startled this morning about one o'clock by quite a severe earthquake. It was followed twenty minutes later by another slight shock.

Felt in Arthabasca.

Ste. Hyacinthe, Que., March 21—(Special.)—A slight shock of earthquake was felt early this morning in the vicinity of Arthabaska station; none felt throughout the district of Arthabaska.

Lasted Half a Minute.

Cowansville, Que., March 21.—(Special—Severe shock of earthquake of about half a minute in duration was felt in this vicinity about 2 o'clock this morning.

Valleyfield Not Shaken.

Valleyfield, March 21.—(Special)—No earthquake shock felt here.

Quebec Escaped Shock.

Quebec, March 21.—(Special)—Quebec observatory reports that no shock of earthquake was felt in the district of Quebec yesterday or during last night.

Slight at Sherbrooke.

Sherbrooke, March 21.—There was a slight earthquake shock felt here last night.

Felt at Magog.

Magog, Que., March 21.—There was a slight earthquake shock here about 1 o'clock this morning. No damage done.

Across the Border.

Hartford, Conn., March 21.—Several residents of this city noticed the earthquake shock, which was felt elsewhere in New England shortly after 1 o'clock this morning.

In Ansonia and Rockville the shock was plainly felt. Windows were rattled, and furniture moved.

Heaviest in Years.

Sutton, Que., March 21.—(Special).—The heaviest earthquake for years was felt here at about 1 o'clock last night. It was accompanied by loud rumblings.

WAS STABBED IN STREET FIGHT, BLAMES ITALIAN

Samuel Long is in the Hospital, and Bussoni in the Cells—Latter Denies Charge.

Things were a trifle lively on Menai Street, Saturday night between 11 and 12 o'clock, and the result is that Samuel Long, 19, is in the hospital, and James Bussoni, an Italian, is in a police cell.

The evidence of George Long, father of the injured man was to the effect that he was wakened by shouts of murder from outside his door, and on going out he was horrified to find his son lying on the doorstep "stone dead," and with several cuts on his head and an arm broken. He carried him inside and telephoned for the police. When he was on the sidewalk the accused was there flourishing a cutlass, and on being reproached for attacking the son, he made several lunges with the weapon and threatened to lay out the father on top of him. There were several persons there beside Bussoni, and they had been having a dance in the house of the latter.

Constable John Collins, of No. 9 station, said he went out with the patrol waggon in response to a call and then found that young Long was so badly injured he took the Italian into custody.

The story of the latter was that several young men, including Long, came to the front of his house and made a noise. Several who were inside went out and there was fighting, but he himself did not cross the doorway. He struck no one.

A report from the hospital was to the effect that the injured man could not attend court and Bussoni was remanded.

CLEARING MONTFORT ROAD.

Great Northern Has Gangs of Men Chopping Ice.

In a recent edition of this paper a report of the condition of the Montfort division of the Great Northern Railway was published which was slightly misleading. It might have given the impression that the railroad was doing nothing to clear the tracks of the accumulation of ice. This is not so. They have many men at work on the rails, endeavoring to get them in good condition, but it is very slow work.

The Great Northern did not miss a single connection previous to the large snow storm about a week ago. During this storm many inches of snow fell, and then it rained. Of course, the snow melted, and the water ran like small torrents along the tracks. Then came the cold and frost which froze the water over the rails, leaving from 5 to 6 inches of solid ice, and in fact 12 inches in some places. Now this ice is very difficult to remove, as it is necessary to chop, and use a pick axe in order to get the rails clear, and though over 25 men are employed, they only progress about three miles a day, and as there are 33 miles of rail on the Montfort division the job is quite a tedious one. "We are doing our best," said one of the officials, "and expect to get clear some time about the end of this week, but the exact date is very uncertain."

FISH FROM THE YUKON.

Toronto, Ont., March 21.—(Special.)—Rev. John Pringle, of the Yukon Territory, preaching here yesterday, said that within fifteen years Toronto would be getting fish from the Yukon. He declared the climate of the Yukon was the best in the world, and compared with it, that of Ontario was abominable. He says resources of that country have as yet been practically untouched.

Catarrh He Was Cured. Mr. John McKenzie, Elgin, N.S., writes: "I owe a duty to JAPANESE CATARRH CURE. I was a great sufferer for years with Catarrh in the worst form, and for months I could not breathe through my nose. This wonderful remedy has completely cured me, and I can now breathe as naturally as ever." It heals every part of the diseased membrane. Sufferer, test it. Only 50c, at all druggists.

PRISONER'S WIFE IN WITNESS BOX

Mrs. Belanger is Giving Evidence To-Day—Defending Counsel Objected Strongly.

Ste. Scholastique, Que., March 21.—(Special.)—The village of Ste. Scholastique was crowded this morning some time before the opening of the court, and the principle of the survival of the fittest characterized the competition for seats in the court.

Some time was devoted by the court to the arranging of dates for various Superior Court cases that should follow after the criminal list, and subsequently the court proceeded with the Belanger case.

Philomene Filion, bailiff, of St. Eustache, was first placed in the box, and Mr. Mackay started his re-examination by asking whether there was any blood found in the morning around the pig troughs, and witness replied in the negative.

Joseph Marenger, 22 years of age, of St. Eustache, stated that he was engaged in the search instituted after the discovery of the crime and his evidence was practically a confirmation of the evidence of previous witnesses as to Belanger's conduct at the time the remains of Seguin were found.

Victor Thibeault was called, but did not respond to his name, and the Crown placed Benjamin Charbonneau, sectionman on the C.P.R., in the box. He stated that on having heard the day after the crime of the death of Seguin he was able to recall having heard a gun shot on the day of the crime while at work on the C.P.R. track. He said the sound seemed to come from St. Eustache, and Mr. Mackay tried to exact from witness whether the sound came from the direction of Belanger's house, but witness could only reply in a general way that the sound came from the direction of the village of St. Eustache. Belanger's homestead is situated a mile distant from the village.

Mrs. Belanger Called.

The Crown called Mrs. Belanger, wife of the prisoner, and Mr. Wilson promptly objected. The court, however, ruled that the evidence of Mrs. Belanger was admissible, and Madame Belanger stated that she was married to the prisoner twenty-nine years ago; the family consists of six children, one daughter being married, and her father lived with the family.

"I am aware," witness went on to say, "of the property left to me by the late Antoine Seguin."

Witness stated that she had seen deceased at breakfast on the morning of Feb. 12. She admitted that there had been quarrels between her husband and the deceased, mostly on the subject of board. There had been attempts made to reconcile their differences.

At this point the witness was deeply affected and broke down for a few moments. The prosecution attorney suspended his examination until she recovered her self-control.

"The men came back to dinner about midday," continued the witness, "except Seguin, for whom we waited some time."

Mrs. Belanger went on to describe the event of the day in question and her testimony corroborated that given by her daughter on Saturday. She had felt anxious on the subject of the continued absence of Seguin during the whole of the day and at night after the return of the family from spending the evening at a neighbor's, she took a lamp and went to Seguin's room to see if he had returned. Her anxiety caused her to pass a sleepless night, but she was not prepared to say whether Belanger himself was restless or not. Witness heard of the death of Seguin on the morning of Feb. 13.

Mr. Leduc asker her "Who told you of it?" and after hesitation and with low voice, she replied "My husband."

"What words did he use?"

"He has been killed."

"Did he say how?"

"Yes; he said he had been shot."

Witness said she did not think deceased had any enemies.

Mrs. Belanger, who had remained seated during the whole of her examination, became again considerably overcome, more particularly as a result of the questions put ot her by Mr. Leduc.

"Do you know who killed your brother?"

This question was objected to by Mr. Wilson. The Judge after lenghty consideration addressed the witness and told her that if she was in a position to answer the question from knowledge which she had received apart from anything communicated to her by her husband, she must reply; but if her knowledge on the point were derived only from what her husband may have said to her, she need not reply.

In a low voice witness replied: "I am not obliged to answer."

The court adjourned for lunch.

MR. U. E. ARCHAMBAULT. SCHOOL DIRECTOR, DEAD

Was for a Quarter of a Century a Leading Figure in Provincial Education.

The schools under the direction of Catholic Commissioners will suffer a severe loss by the death of Mr. U. E. Archambault, the general director of the schools, which occurred on Saturday evening. Mr. Archambault had been seriously ill for several weeks.

For over a quarter of a century he was a leading figure in education circles in this province and occupied some of the highest positions. Born at Assomption in 1834, he began his career of teaching in 1851. In 1859 he became principal of Plateau School, the principal academy under the direction of the commissioners.

For a number of years he acted as visitor to the different schools and in recent years occupied the position of general director. He was also principal of the Polytechnical School of Montreal and professor of Industrial Economy at Laval University. He also served as warden of Notre Dame Church, vice-president of the St. Jean Baptiste Society, and editor of the paper known as Public Instruction.

In 1878 Mr. Archambault was appointed commissioner to the exhibition held at Paris. He had also received honorary membership from a number of leading societies, among them being the Academy of France, the Order of the Holy Sepulchre and the Universal Humane Society. In 1883, when he had to take a trip to Europe he was presented with a flattering address and a purse of $1,200.

The funeral will take place Wednesday morning from the family residence, 1999 St. Catherine Street, to Notre Church, and thence to Cote des Neiges cemetery.

DEATH OF MR. SPEARY.

Kingston, Ont., March 21.—(Special.)—John Speary, Montreal, visiting in this city, died on Friday evening, aged 82 years. He was a native of England. The body was removed to Montreal for interment.

IRELAND DEFEATED WALES.

(Canadian Associated Press.)

London, March 21.—Ireland to-day won the international association football match between Ireland and Wales. Score—Ireland, 1; Wales, nil.

CITY SECURES LOAN AT 4 1-2 PER CENT.

New Finance Committee Makes Big Saving in Interest—Loan Is For $200,000.

The Finance Committee announced to-day that they had accepted an offer made them by the City and District Savings Bank for a loan of $200,000 for six months, in advance of revenue, at a rate of 4½ per cent.

This is the first loan made by the city this year at less than 5½ per cent. and the fact that the new Finance Committee was able to make so satisfactory an arrangement elicited much comment.

A member of the committee told The Herald to-day that the loans at 5½ per cent. ought never to have been made as it was altogether too high. The present committee would certainly not accept any such rate, and it had found little difficulty in securing the much more advantageous rate of 4½.

CITY HAPPENINGS

The visiting governors to the Western General Hospital for this week are Messrs. James Ross, E. Sandreuter and Alderman Sadler.

Miss L. Bouret, through her lawyer, Mr. Tancrede Pagnuelo, has entered an action for $2,000 against Dame J. P. Cleveland for alleged slander.

The visiting governors to the Montreal General Hospital for this week are Messrs. David Watson, A. G. Whitley, C. C. McIntyre, Wm. McMaster.

The Peruna Drug Co., of Columbus, Ohio, through their Canadian representative, Mr. A. P. Reid, recently sold the second car load of Peruna within three months to the Canadian Drug Co., St. John, N.B.

The visiting governors for the present week to the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge and to the Homes at Longue Pointe, are McDuff Lamb and Alex. C. Hutchison, Esquires.

Alexander Hogan, 30 years of age, Napoleon Street, fell Saturday night at the corner of Napoleon and Notre Dame streets and sustained a fracture of the left leg. He was taken to the Notre Dame Hospital.

A. Poirion, through his lawyer, Mr. Tancrede Pagnuelo, has entered an action against the city of St. Henri for $375, damages alleged to have been caused his property by the bursting of a drain in February last.

In the case of Eva Granger against P. P. Daunais, in the Court of King's Bench for libel, the jury brought in a verdict of not guilty, but Justice Wurtele would not allow a claim for costs by defendant.

The inquest in the case of Osher Paltiel, who was killed by the elevator in Wener Bros'. building on St. Helen St., was disposed of by Coroner McMahon without a jury. The coroner decided that death was the result of an accident.

The members of the medical staff of the Notre Dame Hospital will have a special service to-morrow at 8.30 a.m. in the university chapel of Notre Dame de Lourdes, on St. Catherine Street, in honor of the memory of Dr. M. Thos. Brennan.

The number of night lodgings given last week at the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge was 967, and the number of meals was 1,840. The Board of Outdoor Relief distributed 113 parcels of provisions, 11 quarter cords of wood, and 53 quarter tons of coal.

The Court of Appeals has given a decision in the case of Paquette vs. The Royal Electric Company, confirming the judgment of the Court of Review and awarding $750 damages to plaintiff. Judges Hall and Blanchet dissenting. The case arose out of two accidents to the plaintiff in 1900 and 1901.

Julius Frankel, clerk, with Messrs. H. Newkamb & Co., Montreal, who is charged with taking $2,000 a few weeks ago, has been traced to Berlin. He cannot be extradited from his native land, but the firm can, it is understood, proceed against the father for the amount, the son being a minor.

The Rev. J. B. Pyke will deliver a lecture in the hall of the Young Men's Christian Association on Tuesday, March 22, at 8.15 p.m. The subject will be: "Some Facts and Incidents of the Norman Conquest Not Generally Known." Mr. Pyke has made a thorough study of the subject, and will make it of profit and interest. The public is cordially invited.

Judge Choquet gave judgment to-day in the charge brought against Frank Frappier of having made a false entry in returning the time of the men employed under him while he acted as foreman painter with the C.P.R. in September last, whereby a cheque was paid for $45.50 in respect of a man, C. Guyette, who, it was alleged, had not worked as represented. The accused, he said, must be found guilty.

The Court of Appeals has given decisions in the following cases:—Mitchell vs. Molleur, judgment for defendant and Superior Court decision reversed, Judges Bosse and Blanchet dissenting; Laplante vs. McDonald et al., judgment of Superior Court maintained and action dismissed; Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society vs. Kavanagh, Superior Court decision reversed and action of revindication dismissed; Fee et al., vs. Dufresne et al., plaintiff's appeal maintained in part.

The Court of Appeals has given a decision in the case of the Montreal Transportation Company vs. the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, reversing the judgment of the Superior Court and dismissing the action. The case arose out of a collision between a barge belonging to the plaintiff and the Canadian Pacific Railway bridge over the Lachine canal. The Court of Appeals decided that the accident was caused by the captain of the barge not stopping in time. The Superior Court had awarded damages to the amount of $200.

TRAPS MAY BE USED.

Government Consents to Their Use as Weapon of Self-Defence.

Ottawa, March 21.—(Special.)—In deciding to permit fish traps to be used in Britsh Columbia the Government has also arranged that only white or Canadian laborers be employed. Only those who are engaged in the industry will get licenses. Four hatcheries will be located at the head of the waters of the Fraser River. Two of these will be in operation this year. The hatcheries will be of large capacity. The Government realizes that so long as the Americans use traps Canadians will have to follow suit.

FIRE IN LAMONTAGNE'S.

Big Sadlery Place Suffered $2,000 Damage.

About ten o'clock to-day a fire alarm from box 38, corner of Notre Dame and O'Connell, brought out the whole of the central district reels. The outbreak was in the saddlery premises of H. Lamontage & Co., 1902 Notre Dame Street, amid a number of cases of pads for horse collars, and before the flames were under control, damage was done to the extent of abopt $2,000.

JAPANESE OFFICER NOW IN MONTREAL

Is On His Way Home to Join His Ship—Quite Confident of Victory.

Mr. H. Yanasahki, of Tokio, Japan, an officer in the Japanese navy, who for the last two years has been in Vienna, arrived in the city this morning, and is at the Windsor Hotel on his way back to Japan.

Mr. Yanasahki was in the naval academy at Annapolis, Md., for two years, and previous to that studied engineering and mechanical sciences in Baltimore and Philadelphia. He holds what is known as first naval rank in the Mikado's kingdom, and on his return to Japan expects to be appointed to a commanding rank in the Japanese vessels that are already doing duty in the navy.

Apropose of the war Mr. Yanasahki says he has no doubt that Japan will win, as she is at present aiming to cripple Russia's fleet prior to attacking the land positions, which he believes will come in a few days.

"Is there no news to-day from Port Arthur?" he asked a Herald representative, and when answered in the negative, said "Port Arthur must surely fall within the next ten days. The Russians have little ammunition there and next to no food. After Port Arthur is taken the Japanese navy will surely concentrate all their efforts on Vladivostok, and once that is taken, good-bye to Russian power in the East.

"We do not hope to do more than drive the Russians out of Manchuria and Corea. Other nations will intervene before the war is over, and we in Japan are counting much on English and American assitance in the end, and we believe we will get it."

Mr. Yanasahki left this afternoon for Ottawa and will go to Tokio as quickly as possible.

NEW PENSION SCHEME ON THE INTERCOLONIAL

Provisions of the Project That is to be Presented to Parliament.

Moncton, N.B., March 21.—A synopsis of the I.C.R. pension scheme is as follows:

1—A man must be fifteen years in the service before he can get the superannuation allowance.

2—A man must be fifty-five years old to get superannuation, and be totally disabled while on duty.

3—He must have twenty-five years service and be totally disabled while on duty to get pension at the age of forty.

4—It is compulsory at seventy years of age, and optional at sixty-five, that the minimum amount given any member be $20 per month.

5—This applies only to those who are employes prior to creation of the pension fund.

6—The rate is to be one per cent. on salary received.

7—The amount to be asked from the Government is not exceed $100,000 anually.

8—The board of management is to consist of nine persons, the first four to be the General Manager, the General Traffic Manager, Chief Engineer, and the General Superintendent; the other five to represent train, station, mechanical, track and stores service, these five to be named by the General Manager.

9—Persons not now employes must be twenty-five years or more actually at work to claim pension.

10—Superannuation to be granted between the ages of fifty-five and sixty-nine, both inclusive.

11—Length of service to count from time member has been employed on any railway that has since come under control of the I.C.R.

12—If a member dies before being pensioned after having paid in ten or more years to pension fund, fifty per cent. of the money paid in to be given to his beneficiary.

13—Members of the insurance feature of the I.C.R., if paid total disability allowance will not be entitled to superannuation and continue life insurance payable to his beneficiary at death.

14—Amount of pension to be based on 1½ per cent. for each year's service on total average salary of last ten years.

15—Maximum amount not to exceed two-thirds of salary.

16—All persons to be paid monthly during good conduct.

17—All permanent employes to be members of the pension fund.

18—The receiving of a pension will not debar the member from engaging in any other work outside the railway.

19—After fund is started no person will be taken into the railway service as a permanent employe and get the superannuation benefits, who is over thirty-five years of age.

20—No member can be dismissed from the service and deprived of the benefits of the superannuation fund without cause.

FREIGHT IS MOVING.

Only Two Branch Lines Now Tied Up

Reports in reference to the freight tie up in Ontario are favorable to-day. The Owen Sound branch of the C.P.R. was opened to all classes of traffic yesterday and it is expected the Elora and Queswater branch will be open tonight. On all other branches of the road traffic is moving freely. The Grand Trunk railway report a better run of freight and passengers than they have had during the entire winter season. Their trains are not yet moving in their entirety but they expect to have them so in a few days. All embargoes have been removed save the embargo on coal on the Niagara frontier, which is still in force, but which will be removed in a day or two.

DEATH OF MR. WALMESLEY.

He Was One of the Best Known Civil Servants in the Dominion.

St. Johns, Que., March 21.—(Special.)—Mr. Alex. Walmsley, late Royal Mail clerk and one of the best known and widely esteemed ex-civil servants in the Dominion passed away yesterday at the age of 80 years. Mr. Walmsley was born at Lacadie on the 28th day of April, 1824, a son of Dr. Robert Walmsley. Mr. Walmsley entered the mail service in 1855, and served his country well and faithfully continuously for 48 years, when he was superannuated. He has served under eighteen postmasters-general, and three deputy postmasters-general. His first trip was in the winter of 1855 from Montreal to Brockville, via Rouses' Point and Ogdensburg. He was superannuated in 1897, after forty-two years of service. He leaves a wife, four daughters and two sons to mourn his loss.

GRIFFITHS' MENTHOL LINIMENT cures any kind of pain.

DEATHS.

BURLAND—On March 19th, 1904, at 288 Prince Arthur Street, Montreal, William Benjamin Burland, Esq., M.D., in his 61st year. Funeral on Tuesday, 22nd inst., at 2.30 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers. x

O'CAIN—At St. Johns, Que., on the 20th inst., at the age of 2 years and 7 months, James Lawrence, beloved son of Mr. James O'Cain. Funeral will take place on Tuesday, 22nd instant, at 3 p.m., from the residence of Mr. O'Cain, No. 1 St. George Street. Relatives and friends are cordially invited to attend. x

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

AFTERNOON BOARD SALES.

200 Street Railway at 210.
100 Street Railway at 210.
75 Street Railway at 210.
200 Street Railway at 210.
75 Street Railway at 210.
25 Street Railway at 210.
25 Street Railway at 210.
25 Street Railway at 210.
250 Street Railway at 210.
50 Street Railway at 210.
25 Street Railway at 211.
25 Steel pfd. at 26½.
50 Coal at 60¼.
25 Coal at 60¼.
5 Toledo at 20.
25 Richelieu at 82¾.
25 Richelieu at 82¾.
25 Twin City at 92.
50 Twin City at 92.
75 Twin City at 92.
25 Twin City at 92.
27 Toronto Railway at 99½.
25 Toronto Railway at 99⅜.
25 Richelieu at 82¾.
25 Pacific at 113¾.
1 Pacific at 115.
25 Pacific at 113⅞.
75 Pacific at 113⅞.
50 Pacific at 113⅞.
25 Pacific at 113⅞.
3,000 Steel Bonds at 57.
3,000 Steel Bonds at 57.
76 Street Railway new at 201½.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

By private wire to Mr. C. D. Monk, from J. S. Bache & Co.:—

DESCRIPTION	Mar. 19. Op.	Cl.	Mar. 21 Op.	Cl.
Amalgated Copper...	47⅝	47⅞	48½	47¾
Am. Locom've com..	....	....	22½	22¼
do do pref	82	82	....	80¾
Am. Sugar Rfg. Co.	125¼	126	127¼	126⅛
do. do. pref	....	....	124⅞	125
A Smelt'g & Ref Co.	48¾	48¼	49¼	48¾
Am. Car & Foundry..	16¼	19¼	20⅛	20⅞
Anaconda Mining Oi	.	66	....	67
Atch., Top. & St. F..	67¾	68	69	68⅜
do. do. pref	89⅞	89¾	90¼	90
Baltimore and Ohio..	77¾	78	79	78¾
do do pref	....	....	....	....
Brooklyn Rapid T....	42¾	43½	44¼	43
Chic.& Alton Com...	39½	39½	39½	38
Canadian Pacific	113¾	113⅝	114⅝	113⅞
Canada Southern ..	....	....	....	....
Ches and Ohio.....	....	....	31¾	31¼
Chic. Burl. Quincy..	....	....	....	....
Chicago and N West	....	....	167	167
Chiago. R.I and Pac	....	....	....	....
Chicago. Mil St P...	148	144	145	144¼
Colorado Southern ..	....	....	18½	18
do. do. I pref.	....	....	55	55
Consolid'td Gas N.Y.	194	194	194½	194¼
Colorado Fuel Iron...	....	....	29½	28½
Clev. C.C. and St. L.	....	....	....	....
Detroit United Ry...	....	....	....	64
Dela. Lack and West	....	....	....	....
Delaware-Hudson....	150	152¼	151¾	157
Denver Rio G. pref.	....	....	....	....
Duluth S. Sh. Alt....	....	....	....	9
do do. pref.	....	....	....	....
Great Northern pfd.	....	....	....	....
General Electric	....	....	167½	175½
Jersey Central	....	....	....	169¾
Hocking Valley......	....	....	....	....
Iowa Cen. Com.	....	....	....	....
Kansas Texas com..	17⅞	17⅞	18¼	17¾
Kansas Texas pfd	....	....	39½	38⅞
Louisville Nashville	104	104	105¼	105
Man Elevated.	143⅛	142½	143¾	143
Missouri Pacific......	91	91¼	92	91
Metropolitan Trac....	109	109¾	112¾	111¾
N Y. Cen. Hudson..	116¾	116¾	116⅞	116
Erie Railroad	25⅛	26⅛	25¾	25
do do I pfd.	63½	64¾	64¼	63¾
do do II pfd	....	....	41⅞	41⅝
N. Y. Ontario West	21	21	21⅛	21
Norfolk West Com	57¼	57¾	58¾	57¾
Northern Securities.	....	....	....	....
Pacific Mail	....	....	27⅛	27⅛
Penn R. R....	115⅛	116	117¼	116¾
Pressed Steel Com..	....	....	....	....
do do pref	....	....	....	....
Peoples Gas	....	....	98	98
Phil. & Reading.....	42⅞	43½	44⅛	43¼
do do I pref	....	....	....	....
do do II pfd	....	....	60	60
Pullman	....	....	....	....
Southern Ry com...	20¾	20½	21¼	21⅛
do do pref..	....	....	85	84⅛
Southern Pacific....	46¼	46⅝	46¾	46
Tenn. Coal-Iron......	...	....	39½	38¾
Texas Pacific	....	....	24¾	24
Twin City	....	....	92⅛	92
U. S. Leather com..	....	....	7⅛	7⅛
do do pref	....	....	78¾	77¾
U. S. Steel com	11⅛	11⅛	11⅜	11⅛
do do pref	58	58¼	59	57⅞
U. S. Rubber, com...	13¾	13¾	13½	13¾
do do pref.	51¾	52	52½	52⅛
Union Pacific com..	75⅞	76	77¾	76⅛
do do pref..	85⅛	....	....	....
Wabash	....	....	19⅛	19¼
do pref.........	35⅛	35⅛	37	36
Western Union Tel	....	....	....	88
Wis Cen com ...	....	....	19¼	19¼
do pref. ...	42¾	42½	43¼	42⅞

TRAIN WAS DERAILED.

Central Vermont Train Rolled Down Embankment—One Passenger Will Die.

Cambridge, Vt., March 21.—Five persons were seriously injured, one probably fatally, by the derailment of a passenger train on the Central Vermont Railway Saturday near Cambridge Junction.

Mrs. George H. Bickford, of Hardwick, suffered concussion of the brain and internal injuries, and will die.

Spreading of the rails probably caused the accident.

The train rolled down a 30 foot embankment and would have gone into the river, but for some trees on the river bank.

GOOD WORD FOR GALICIANS.

Toronto, March 21.—(Special.)—Rev. J. E. Vining, superintendent of the Baptist missions in the Northwest Territories and Manitoba, delivered a sermon yesterday morning in Walmer Road Church. He spoke of the work in the Northwest among Norwegians, Swedes, Icelanders, Germans, Doukhobors, Galicians, Austrians, Hungarians, French and other people. The Galicians, he said, were far from being the "offscouring of earth," although in intellect they were not the equals of the Norwegians or Swedes. Reports as to their destitute condition were greatly exaggerated. He favorably likened their coming to Canada to that of the Pilgrim Fathers coming into the New World.

PITTSBURG TRAIN RAN INTO RIVER

Oil City, Pa., March 21.—The Pittsburg express on the Alleghany Valley Railroad is reported to have gone into the Alleghany River at East Sandy, sixteen miles south of here. Physicians from this city and Franklin have gone to the scene of the wreck. Nothing of the casualties has been learned so far owing to the meagre telegraph facilities.

WINNIPEG FAILURE WILL AFFECT REGULAR TRADERS

Winnipeg, March 21.—Regarding the failure of Thomas Killett's Winnipeg grain commission firm on Friday, the Free Press says: "Leading operators say the slump has not seriously affected any of the regular traders, and rumors of further trouble were originated by the closing out of one small firm which was being carried by other concerns. Loss through suspension will amount to a few thousand dollars, divided among several firms, who will not be seriously affected."

LAKE MANITOBA PASSENGERS.

The Canadian Pacific Atlantic Line steamship Lake Manitoba sailed from St. John, for Liverpool, on Saturday, with the following passengers: Sister Alice, Vancouver, B.C.; Mr. Beeson, Winnipeg, Man.; Miss A. M. Blackie, Sherbrooke, Que.; Mrs. J. O. Catham, Miss Annie Catham, Winnipeg, Man.; Mr. J. B. Hance, Mrs. Hance, Quebec; Mr. Robert Harvie, Montreal, Que.; Mr. Holland, Mrs. Holland, Miss Holland, Toronto; Mr. David Irvine, St. John, N.B.; Miss L. King, Manchester, Eng.; Mr. Love, Winnipeg, Man.; Mr. J. A. McPherson, St. John, N.B.; Mr. C. Morgan, Winnipeg, Man.; Mr. Albert Ramee, Montreal, Que.; Mrs. Sandford, Mr. Stewart, Winnipeg, Man.; Captain J. Straker, Ottawa, Ont.; Mr. Tyron, Winnipeg, Man.; Mr. G. D. Warrington, Montreal, Que.; Mr. Henry Wilmot, St. John, N.B.

AMUSEMENTS. AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY ◆ ALL THIS WEEK Matinee Saturday. ◆ BIG COMEDY SUCCESS KIRKE LA SHELLE'S

The Earl of Pawtucket

Direct from its eight months' run at the Madison Square and Manhattan Theatres, New York. "Absolutely sane, unquestionably rational, tremendously amusing, genuinely invigorating." The most pronounced success in New York last season.

PRICES—25c to $1.00. NEXT WEEK—KING DODO.

WINDSOR HALL The Brilliant Australian Soprano, Monday, March 28 MME. BENDA-MILLS

Will give her only Montreal OPERATIC AND SONG RECITAL, assisted by MR. LEO ALTMAN, Violinist.

Sale of seats at Shaw's Music Store after Monday. Prices, $1.50, $1.00 and 75c.

NOTICE-

THE CANADIAN BULLOCK ELECTRIC MFG. CO., LTD.

Public Notice is hereby given that a Special General Meeting of the shareholders of the Canadian Bullock Electric Manufacturing Company, Limited, will be held at the Company's office, Room D, in the Coristine Building, on St. Nicholas Street, in the City of Montreal, at the hour of noon, on the 5th day of April, 1904, for the purpose of approving a by-law passed to increase the Company's capital stock from One Million Dollars to One Million, Two Hundred Thousand Dollars, and for the further purpose of authorizing the Company to apply for Supplementary Letters Patent to extend the Company's powers, to enable the Company to manufacture, deal in and sell all classes of machinery.

A. F. CAYFORD,
Secretary.

Motreal, March 19th, 1904.

Ladies' Hand Bags

New styles with Leather Handles and small purses inside.

PRICES FROM 75c to $7.00 EACH. Good Value!

G. W. CLARKE & CO., 2270 St. Catherine Street.

PROCTOR'S | ALL THIS WEEK Matinees Wed., Fri. and Sat. THE MUSICAL TOMFOOLERY THE SHOW GIRL Prices—50c, 35c, 25c, 20c and 10c. NEXT WEEK .... MORE THAN QUEEN

FRANCAIS | Matinees Wed., Thurs., Sat. THIS WEEK—LOTTIE WILLIAMS in ONLY A SHOP GIRL Prices—10, 20, 30, 35, 50c NEXT WEEK—John B. Wills Comedy Company.

ROYAL. Every Afternoon and Evening. THIS WEEK, MARCH 21 Vanity Fair Extravaganza Co. and JIM PARR, Champion Wrestler, will meet all comers. Prices—10, 20 and 30c. Next Week—THE IMPERIAL BURLESQUERS.

THEATRE DE NOUVEAUTES Bell Tel. East. 1895. Week of March 21. Le Supplice d'Une Femme Play in three acts by Emile de Girardin. GRINGOIRE—Play in one act by Th. de Banville. Matinee Saturday. For Holy Week—ATHALIE. Religious Tragedy, by Racine, with special matinee Tuesday, 29th, and Matinee Saturday.

ARENA Skating TUESDAY NIGHT! 8 to 10.30 P. W. F. BAND Admission 20c. 6 Tickets $1.00.

ROYAL CANADIAN ACADEMY 25TH ANNUAL EXHIBITION in the Galleries of the Art Association, Phillips Square, March 18th, to April 2nd, 1904. Open daily 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. Music on Saturday Afternoons. ADMISSION, 25c.

Our Wedding and Birthday PRESENTS Comprise an unlimited selection of useful articles, so artistically and prettily made that they give an added value to the gift and pleasure to the recipient. We have an especially fine stock of Dressing Cases, in Horn, Enamel, etc., and hundreds of articles and Ornaments for the Boudoir. "THE WIGWAM," J. W. CLARKE, Proprietor. 138 PEEL STREET (opp. Dominion Sq.)

I Sharpen and Concave Scissors and Razors I give the best Hair Cut in the City and always have the first quality of Cigars and Tobaccos on hand. M. A. TARDIF 2631 St. Catherine. Opp. Grey Nunnery.

CORONA HOTEL GUY STREET. EUROPEAN PLAN. Rates, $1 per day up. Rooms, with bath, $2 up. Elegantly equipped private dining rooms, and cafe in connection. Cuisine unsurpassed. Orchestra Tuesdays, 6 to 8 p.m. Saturdays, 6 to 8 and 10.30 to 12 p.m.

"BROCK" on a packet of BIRD SEED is a guarantee that it contains the finest quality of imported Bird Seed, mixed by experts on Bird Foods It is what your little feathered songster asks for.

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EUCHRE PRIZES AND TALLY CARDS The Largest Assortment of Beautiful Goods to select from at Low Prices. G. W. Clarke & Co. 2270 St. Catherine St.

AUCTION SALE —Of— Plumbers', Steam, Gasfitters' and Tinsmiths' Tools, At No. 742 CRAIG STREET (near Victoria Square), TO-MORROW MORNING, MARCH 22, At 10 O'Clock.

Steam and Gasfitters' Tools are Oster, Armstrong, and Walworth, Saunders' cutters and pipe vices, tongs, ratchets, drills, augers, taps, wrenches, pipe benches, etc.

Plumbers' Tools — Lead burning machine, smoke and gas testers, force pumps, gas and gasoline, fires, cock reamers, bending springs, ratchet braces, etc.

Tinsmiths' Tools—Beading, turning and wiring machines, 3 foot roller, folder, bench shears, bench plate, stakes, man-drills, etc.

And an assortment portable gas lamps, globes, water closets, sinks, wrought and cast iron pipe and fittings, hitchings, hot water boiler, radiator, pipe coils, desks, cabinets, copying press, signs, awning, shelving, etc. The whole without reserve.

FRASER BROS., Auctioneers.

CHINESE IMPERIAL MISSION DIRECTOR IN EUROPE

Ou-Tai-Tchang, Director of the Chinese Imperial Mission in Europe, received much benefit from the world-famous tonic, VIN MARIANI, and wrote gratefully to Mons. Mariani, the proprietor:

"Your wine makes me strong. I appreciate its qualities; your friendship makes me very happy and is precious to me. Receive most affectionate thanks of yours very sincerely,
OU-TAI-TCHANG.

VIN MARIANI has no equal as a tonic and restorative for the system when run down or overworked.

VIN MARIANI is ideal as a tonic in the spring, as it purifies and enriches the blood, freeing it from tissue waste, gives appetite and restful sleep, vigor and energy, and renews nerves and muscles. It is essentially a heart, nerve and blood tonic. ALL DRUGGISTS.

OU-TAI-TCHANG. Chinese Imperial Mission Director in Europe.

Vin Mariani (MARIANI WINE)

THE PEOPLE'S AUCTIONEERS Important Catalogue Sale ......OF...... Unredeemed Pledges

The undersigned have received instructions from Aronson & Rutenberg, Pawnbrokers, 601 Craig St., to sell by Public Auction, at their Salesrooms, 241 and 243 St. James St., on TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, MARCH 22nd, 23rd and 24th, 1904. Sales each day at 2 and 7 P.M.

The balance of Unredeemed Pledges for the months of December, 1902; January, February till March 18th, 1903, being from Pledge No. 39,559 to 46,726, consisting of a variety of Watches, in Walthams, Elgins, Appleton and Tracey's, P. S. Bartlett's, Springfields, C.P.R. Specials, English and patent lever movements; a large assortment of brooches, earrings, studs, links, cuff buttons, spectacles and eyeglasses, gold and silver chains and lockets, solid silver and silverplated ware, guns, revolvers and rifles, photograph instruments, opera and field glasses, plumbers' and carpenters' tools; a fine assortment of clothing, in suits, dress coats and vests, and a variety of overcoats, fur coats, jackets and capes; musical instruments, in violins, mandolins, guitars, banjos, zithers and accordeons; dresses, rain coats, blankets, quilts, satchels, boots, shoes, Bibles, and other goods usually found in pawnbrokers' collections.

Catalogues can be had from the auctioneers, 241 and 243 St. James Street, or from Aronson & Rutenberg, 601 Craig Street.

Goods on view Monday and up to hour of sale.

RAE & DONNELLY, Auctioneers.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED GENERAL servant, with good references; family of three, Protestant preferred. Apply 714 Sherbrooke st. 73

CORNS CURED WITHOUT PAIN IN 3 DAYS Cures while you sleep. Price 50c. Mexican Corn Cure Co., 164 Waterloo st., St. John, N.B. 77

WANTED — FUR FINISHERS, BLOCKERS and cutters. The Redmond Company, Limited. tod 85

WANTED — GIRL APPRENTICES TO learn fur finishing. The Redmond Company, Limited. eod 85

WANTED — BY WHOLESALE CLOTHING house, young man to assist in the warehouse; must be good penman and quick at figures. Apply between 10 and 12 a.m. and 3 and 5 p.m., to E. A. Small & Co., Beaver Hall. 69

WANTED — A YOUNG GIRL ABOUT 15, TO assist in shop and with light housework. Address K 157, Herald Office. 73

TO LET — COMFORTABLE COTTAGE, 8 rooms, bath and w.c., 216 Broadway, Upper Lachine. Will be retinted and put in first class order. S. Shackell, 356 Temple Building. 69

WANTED—JOBS, PAPERHANGING, CALSOMINING, plastering, painting and decorating, at special low prices. Work satisfactory. Address M. Wolf, 316a Cadieux st. 75

WANTED — CASHIER, FOR A LEADING retail house, a young lady, having a home, who can furnish references. Apply in own handwriting, K 156, Herald Office. 73

MONTREAL ART PRINTERS—HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT.

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Established 1868.

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DAILY.

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Six months 1.50
One month .... .25

WEEKLY.

By the year $1.00

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THE DAILY MONTREAL HERALD—"Montreal's Best"—covers the Maritime Provinces, Quebec, and Eastern Ontario thoroughly. No other medium duplicates this circulation.

THE WEEKLY MONTREAL HERALD—"The Magazine-Newspaper"—Combines the Special Features of the Magazine with the news features of the Weekly Paper.

ADVERTISERS who use both Daily and Weekly Herald are guaranteed a circulation of

45,000

ABOUT MR. BLAIR.

It was perhaps unavoidable that the appointment of Mr. Blair to the presidency of the new railway commission should be made the subject of comment in Parliament, and in referring to it Mr. Borden doubtless was well within the privileges of his position. But when he had drawn attention to the circumstance that Mr. Blair had first quarrelled with the Government and then been appointed by the same government to a lucrative position, he had exhausted his case, and left himself open to a crushing reply made by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who was able to invite the judgment of the House upon the simple statement that Mr. Blair was of all men in Canada the best qualified for the position, and that, so long as his services were available to the Government, it was all but impossible to appoint anyone else. Doubtless if Mr. Blair had chosen to follow a very recent example, and had bitterly and continuously opposed the Government all along the line, his appointment would not have been practicable, and another would have had to be made. But Mr. Blair always conceded that apart from the railway contract he had no quarrel with the men with whom he had worked so long. Even as to the railway contract it requires little more than an elementary knowledge of Canadian geography to enable one to understand that his objection was largely political, largely influenced by the temper of St. John. Supporters of the present Government need not resent such criticism on the part of Mr. Borden, whose duty it is to criticise. They can readily see, for example, that if Mr. Blair had stayed in the Government, and had then accepted the appointment for which he is by general admission so well qualified, Mr. Borden would have been bound to criticize just the same. Only, in that event, if St. John had shown the least objection to the bill Mr. Blair would have been accused of having supported the measure with the knowledge that by doing so he was making his calling and election to the Railway Commission sure, and Sir Wilfrid Laurier would be accused of having secured Mr. Blair's unwilling assent to the railway measure by the promise of the appointment. One way or the other, therefore, Mr. Borden would have found something to say, and would have said it. With fair-minded people it argues nothing against the Government that the personal relations between Mr. Blair and themselves followed their natural course, that he left them when he could not agree with them, and that he took a position to which he had looked forward for years when it became clear that there was no good reason for his remaining in politics. Since Mr. Borden spoke a certain number of his newspaper supporters have, with belated eagerness, fallen back upon the statement that Mr. Blair's silence has been purchased. The suggestion is worthy of some of them, and will doubtless tend to make Mr. Blair feel, since these very papers were the loudest in his praise a few months ago, that his decision was wise and right.

MR. HAYS' RETURN.

The brief interview given to the press on Saturday by Mr. Hays on his return from England accords with the published reports of his activities while there. As between the management of the road and its shareholders, his position is that the company has to choose between becoming a transcontinental system, and being, in time, reduced to the status of a local road. As between the Grand Trunk and the Government he holds that the amended bargain is one to which both parties can agree, that it is not one-sided, and that under it work can commence with every prospect of being carried to an early completion.

It is interesting to note that the reputation Mr. Hays has made in pulling the road out of its old rut operated powerfully enough with the English shareholders to induce them to accept his more optimistic view. One of the difficulties of the situation up to the time of the recent general meeting of shareholders was that the English investors, delighted at the improvement which has recently been manifested in the value of their securities, seemed to prefer holding by a present good rather than launch out upon any new project. The idea of building a transcontinental line upon the foundation of the old Grand Trunk system doubtless orginated with Mr. Hays, who, as one familiar with American railway development, is not alarmed by the mere size of an organization so extensive. Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson, who has become used to schemes of this magnitude, seems to have entered heartily into Mr. Hays' plans, but it has long been evident that so good an impression had not been made upon those, and they are many, whose conception of railway management in Canada has not advanced very far since the days when control from London effectively paralyzed the Grand Trunk management. There was room for doubt, one gathers from various reports, whether the shareholders would accept the modified agreement drawn up with the idea of meeting their wishes as far as possible. Mr. Hays seems to have carried the day by a blunt statement that if the Grand Trunk did not want to go on, other people undoubtedly would. Brought thus face to face with the actual situation, the shareholders decided not to vote their road into the local class, and by a substantial majority decided to go in for a system that should rival the Canadian Pacific and the American transcontinental lines. It was a notable victory for Mr. Hays, but one that, after all, only leaves him confronting the still more serious problem of getting the new line through. His victory over the reactionary shareholder is one which places Canadians considerably in his debt. When he has rivalled Sir William Van Horne by rushing through the construction of the road, and has seen the last spike driven, he will have placed the country under a still greater obligation. Canada feels itself ready for the forward step which he, as a practical railway manager, advises should be taken. The country is of a mind to encourage those who, seeing the opportunity for development, would set themselves to take due advantage of it.

A NOTABLE VICTORY FOR LABOR.

The threatened strike of the soft coal miners of the United States has been averted, the men having voted to accept a reduction amounting to 5.55 per cent. in their wages. There are nine soft coal producing States in the Union and a tie-up of the mines for any considerable period must have resulted in industrial stagnation and consequent suffering of thousands of laborers.

The vote of the men against a strike was decisive. Out of a total vote of 165,887 there were 98,514 votes cast in favor of accepting the reduction. The action of the miners is significant as showing that, when men's reason and not their passions are appealed to, they may be depended upon to arrive at a safe conclusion.

President John Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers' Union, to whose control of the men was due the comparative freedom from riot during the memorable anthracite strike of a year ago, counseled the men in this instance to pursue a moderate and reasonable course. Addressing the miners of Illinois, a few days before the taking of the vote, Mr. Mitchell said:

"A fight is sometimes necessary, I still recognize, but the best interests of both parties are best served, I now appreciate, by establishing harmonious relations between them. I believe there is no irreconciliable conflict between capital and labor. I have faith in the members and officers of the mine workers, and I have faith in a large number of the employers. Men are not much different whether they work with their heads or their hands."

This is a long step in advance for a powerful labor leader, and if employers will do their part in meeting it should lead to a better understanding between capital and labor.

There are beyond question some sordid, grasping employers, who would grind the face of labor, that they may enrich themselves. Similarly there are employes who are unmindful of their own and their employers' interests, who shirk or scamp their work and seek to do as little as possible for a day's pay. There are good and bad on both sides, but as Mr. Mitchell has said, there should be no "irreconciliable conflict between capital and labor." The interests of the one are bound up in those of the other. Labor disputes are nearly always reconciled in the end. The trouble is that too often the strike, with its resultant misery and hard feeling and suffering, come first and conciliation follows.

Capital as well as labor has much to learn in the way of mutual concessions, and the decision of the miners in this instance is a valuable lesson to the industrial world. In the great anthracite strike of a year ago, the justice of the men's position, and the moderation then displayed under most trying circumstances won for them the sympathy of the public, though they were made seriously to suffer. The miners in this instance have won another and a greater victory than perhaps they dreamed of. There will be fewer strikes when labor leaders learn, what President Mitchell has so aptly pointed out, that there are no differences between capital and labor that cannot be adjusted by an appeal to reason.

THE STRENGTH OF FRANCE.

Under the wise administration which has characterized the foreign and colonial policy of France since the retirement of Prince Bismarck as Chancellor of Germany, it would seem that the great European Republic has entirely recovered that share of the balance of power which she lost for a time as a result of the unfortunate events of 1870-71 and the vacillations which marked her policy for many years after the establishment of the fourth Republic. Intrigues against the form of her government have ceased to be a disturbing influence and all danger of suffering from a war of wanton aggression seems to have passed away. Notwithstanding taxation much heavier, in proportion, than that borne by the people of the United Kingdom, her citizens and peasantry, as a whole, are quite prosperous, and have shown a recuperative ability which is the despair of some of her neighbors.

It is to the credit of Emperor William that the retirement of Prince Bismarck synchronized with the adoption of a more frank and friendly attitude by the Cabinet of Berlin. The coolness with Italy, which commenced in a tariff war and was aggravated by rival jealousies anent Tunis and Morocco, has been dispelled, and latterly a very remarkable change has taken place in the relations with Great Britain.

This last change is the mose significant and eventful of all, for, as the two powers with the greatest oversea interests, it is in their case very possible, at any moment, to produce a crisis which in other instances might have to be more deliberately provoked.

On March 4, Baron d'Estournelles de Constant, who took such an active part in the interchange of Parliamentary visits last year, was presented at the Mansion House with a souvenir of the incident, and in his speech of acceptance dwelt upon the situation in the Far East, expressing the confident opinion that "it might still be within the power of England and France by union and co-operation to contribute to a limitation of the extent of the war in space and in time."

The trade done between the two countries is greater than between any other two European nations; indeed, hostilities between them would mean the paralysis of a large area of the dairying industries of France which contribute to British food supplies to an enormous extent.

It would be futile to deny that while Russia and Japan are at war there will remain added room for intrigue to breed dissension between the two powers, and there have been some signs already of an attempt to undermine the position of M. Delcasse, who, as Foreign Minister, is mainly responsible for the improved conditions. But the indications all point to a continuance on the path of wisdom.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

The meeting of the Quebec Legislature may give the Opposition a chance to air some more of their grievances against each other.

It really begins to look as though the only news worth crediting is what comes through St. Petersburg. The Czar is certainly doing the world's readers a good turn.

According to all reports, Sir Wilfrid is in better fettle this year than he was last, and last year he came well through a session that disabled Mr. Borden. Now that Mr. Borden's health is restored it is Mr. Tarte who is in search of health.

The Way of the Wage-Earner

An instance of the unwillingness of trades unions to allow individuals to suffer through acts calculated to improve conditions for the many is afforded in North Carolina, where, it having been found, during the recent agitation against child labor, that to take a child out of the mills in some cases deprived the family of support, the labor unions have practically adopted the child, continuing its wages while the child attends school and devotes the spare time to recreation.

For unique labor legislation one must travel to the Antipodes. It is now p[illegible]ed in Australia to register standard marks for boots. The qualities, three in number, are to be designated thus: "Nothing like leather," "Something like leather," and "Leather." It is said that the movement is being anxiously watched by the paper trade.

There is humor even in an English magisterial court at times. A secretary of a union in Bristol was fined for travelling on a workman's car at half fare. When asked why the secretary was not a working man, the reply came: "Because he had a clean collar on."

RADICAL.

Views of French Press

Le Journal—"It cannot be said that our markets are not sufficiently supplied with vegetables for the farmers around Montreal have more than they know what to do with."

Le Canada—"It is an undeniable fact that with two or three exceptions of little importance the cost of all the necessaries of life is greater in the United States than in Canada."

Le Journal—"The Grand Trunk Pacific project cannot be examined too closely for it places on the country unprecedented responsibility. From a business standpoint its advantages are entirely problematical."

Le Canada—"While there are some laborers in the United States who earn more than those in Canada, there are also a great many who earn less, which leaves the average in favor of the wage in Canada."

Le Canada—"If our information is correct, the Provincial Government, which opens to-morrow will bring before the House the two questions causing most discussion, that of colonization, and that of labor."

AN INTERESTING DISPUTE OVER SCHOOL TAXES

Separate and Public School Boards in Sturgeon Falls Before Legislature.

Toronto, March 21.—A lively battle between the Separate and Public School Boards of the village of Sturgeon Falls was ventilated at the Private Bills Committee of the Legislature on Friday, and the Catholics won out handily.

The trouble arose over a $7,000 bonus granted to the Sturgeon Falls Pulp Co. To get this bonus passed the Public School Board of 1896 agreed with the Separate Schol Board to equally divide the school rates upon a fixed assessment of the company at $40,000. The town at that time was almost equally divided in religion, and if the Catholics could not be brought into line the bonus by-law would have been beaten. Now the Public School Board refuses to surrender the Separate School Board's share of the taxes, and the Separate School Board applied to the Legislature for a bill compelling the Public School Board to pay over the money.

To combat this bill the Public School Board sent in a petition in which they pointed out that they never intended to keep the bargain. The petitioners say that when the Public School Board found that the bonus by-law was likely to be "held up" by the Catholics, they entered into the agreement "shrewdly suspecting that the agreement was ultra vires, and would therefore be a nullity, and being disposed to fight diplomacy with diplomacy, entered into the agreement."

And when the bill was put to a vote it passed without a dissenting voice. And the Separate School Board will collect on $20,000 until the debentures upon which the bonus was passed matures.

TAKE OVER WELLAND RAILWAY.

St. Catharines, Ont., March 21.—(Special.)—The Board of Trade of this city has begun a movement for the taking over of the Welland railway by the Dominion Government. The railway is about 27 miles in length, paralleling Welland canal from Port Dalhousie to Port Colborne and is chiefly used for transhipment of grain vessels coming down lakes heavily laden, being required to lighten in order to reduce their draught to the capacity of the canal. The Board of Trade will petition the Federal Government to take over the railway and operate it as part of the canal.

GENTLEMEN—A NEW HAT

We have the latest and nobbiest hats from New York and London. Best quality and lowest price. We are renowned for our hats and furs. Comparison with other houses will undoubtedly make you a regular customer of ours. Chas. Desjardins & Co., 1[illegible]9 St. Catherine Street.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

THE GAS QUESTION.

The following letter has been addressed to the Mayor:

May it please Your Worship,—In a letter from J. N. Greenshields, Esq., dated March 11th, addressed to you offering to take over and operate the plant of the Montreal Gas Company on expiry of their contract with the city, while that offer may be much better than the present contract, is there not a much better way out of our difficulties. I think there is. Let me illustrate a plan to accomplish that object. The Province of Ontario a couple of years ago wishing to build a railway to the Lake Temiscamingue District, passed a bill appointing commissioners to build and operate the road, giving them powers to issue debentures covering the property, said debentures to be guaranteed by the Province. Now let the city have a bill passed in Quebec on similar lines to the Ontario bill. Let the Quebec Government appoint the commissioners to take over the works of the Montreal Gas Company in whole, or that part of them lying in the city of Montreal, so that they can build, reconstruct and do everything necessary to operate the same. To issue debentures say bearing 4 per cent. interest, said debentures to be guaranteed by the city of Montreal. In taking over the works of the Gas Company the commissioners or arbitrators to be instructed not to pay any attention to capital stock or bonds, but only to find out what could a similar plant be put in for, and from that amount to deduct the depreciation of the present plant which must be very great. Now let us see the probable results. Gas say 75c per thousand feet, with no charge for meters will, I believe, enable the commissioners to pay 4 per cent. on the bonds or debentures and create a sinking fund out of the extra earnings over and above the 4 per cent. and of the cost of operating sufficient to redeem all the bonds at the [illegible] thirty years. Now for objections. Some say the city cannot run the works as cheaply as a company. To this I answer, the city does not run the works, the commissioners do that, and they are paid for it. Get capable men and pay them liberally for their services. Remember we are not now dealing with watered stock paying ten and twelve per cent. dividends on a much worn-out plant. We have now rock bottom; we have nothing to pay for franchise, that belongs to the city of Montreal. It was only a time loan and that time is about to expire and we should call the loan. Others may say what about interference of aldermen with their patronage and what about "grafters." My answer to this is, by the Government appointing the commissioners that influence is taken out of civic politics, and it will be to the interest of the aldermen as well as that of the citizens to see that the commissioners do their duty. And I am satisfied that long before the thirty years above mentioned expires as well as the expiry of all other franchises now affecting the city's interests, the citizens will demand that these franchises shall be no longer continued but will treat them on the same lines as the Gas Company franchise which I now propose shall be treated.

Trusting this will receive the serious consideration of yourself and the aldermen. I remain, yours sincerely,

R. A. CAMPBELL.

Montreal, March 16, 1904.

TRADING STAMPS.

Editor Herald:

Sir,—Seeing that the Traders Ad appears every day in your paper, you will, no doubt, be posted on their system of doing business. I wish to draw your attention to the unfair way the Star grasped at the first opportunity to dig at the "Traders Advertising Company." I am a reader of three English daily papers, so keep well posted in business matters, and I must say I like fairness in all things. I do not hesitate to say I am a friend to the Traders Advertising Co., and admire very much their system of doing business, as money spent with merchants using their stamps is better than any bank, for we get a profit of five per cent. I am very pleased that the Gazette took such a sensible view of the matter in advising the City Council to proceed slowly against them, for the stamps are not illegal, therefore they should not invite unnecessary trouble. The T. A. Co. is also an encouragement to set people on the right path and do away with debts.

I am pleased to see others taking an active interest in the Traders welfare, and I trust many hundreds will fight for them to be upheld.

A FIRM BELIEVER IN CASH RECEIPTS.

Editor Herald:

Sir,—Referring to an article which appeared in the Star March 8th, saying that stamps should be abolished, I would be very grateful to you if you would publish my opinion, which is shared by many of my friends. In the first place I think that the Star knows or should know that they are creating a very wrong impression in the minds of the doubtful, by wording the article in the manner they did. The Gazette takes a more sensible view in advising the City Council to go slow, and that they had better look up their weapons before they fight. I may say that they will have determined fighters to proceed against.

In my opinion the Traders Advertising Company are in the right, and by my own dealings with them I most thoroughly endorse their system. I have found them in my dealings to be just, and in every way to carry out their promises. If they are so anxious to do something for the citizens why do they not proceed against other concerns in the city doing business of a very shady nature and not against an honorable, legitimate company. Yours truly,

J. W. DONOHUE.

DRAINAGE AND WATER SUPPLY.

Editor Herald:

Sir,—The report of the Health Department published in The Montreal Herald of the 29th February, 1904, is as follows:

"La grippe threatens to become epidemic.

"Six deaths resulted last week from it and it was primary cause in many others.

"The number of cases of grippe that have been reported to the officers of the Health Department during the past ten days have been so numerous that they consider an epidemic is now threatened.

"The number of deaths that occurred from grippe during the past week was the largest on record. The total was 6, and in a number of other cases it was mentioned as a primary cause.

"The total number of deaths during the week was 131, of which 107 were Catholic, 23 Protestants, and 1 Jew. The principal causes in addition to those by grippe, were: Pneumonia, 7; consumption, 16; bronchitis, 8; infantile diseases, 16; whooping cough, 2; diphtheria, 2; typhoid, 1; measles, 1."

And further on, the 7th March, is the following cheering notice:

A leading Montreal physician is authority for the statement that la grippe is now epidemic in Montreal and no less than 30,000 people are down with it. In some families there are as many as three or four members laid up at the same time. The disease is of a peculiar and severe type, attacking especially the intestines. Absolute rest and an even temperature are the remedies chiefly prescribed, with little or no food. Almost every public office and other institutions in the city has to report the absence of several employes who have been stricken with the disease.

That is 131 deaths within ten days out of a population of bout 400,000. Of the sruvivors probably all have been more or less affected by some cause or causes prejudicial to health, but one thing is certain: that our hospitals are full of patients and our homes, from one end of the city to the other, have seen much sickness.

To what is this sad state of affairs attributable? If the cause can be in whole or part prevented, then immediate steps should be taken to secure this result.

Allow me, therefore, without advancing my own theories, to state that about 15 years since, the late Dr. Macadam, then professor of chemistry in Edinburgh University and admitted to have been a leading sanitarian authority in Great Britain, when on a visit to Canada visited Toronto and was requested by the late Hon. Alexander Morris, his kinsman, to advise as to the drainage and water supply systems of that city, then supposed to be the cause of much trouble. Mr. Macadam at once stated that the system then adopted of emptying the sewers into the bay and then drinking the water thereof was most unreasonable. The water supply for Toronto was immediately thereafter taken from outside the bay. En passant it may be mentioned that a few years since the water supply for Chicago was found to be polluted by the city drainage and the intake was removed to a point further out on the Lake Michigan.

To continue, Dr. Macadam was induced, when passing through the city, to visit the City Hall and to enquire into our drainage and water supply systems as well as to visit the upper and lower levels of the city and then explained his views to a few leading citizens whom he met at the Board of Trade.

He found our water supply from the River St. Lawrence, where the water is pure, satisfactory as to quality, provided it was taken from a point where shore pollution did not affect it. Of that he could not judge without examination.

Of the drainage system he remarked that there should be no difficulty as to the lie of the city on a series of terraces rising gradually 700 feet above the water level, and emptying in front of the city into a rapid stream afforded every facility for perfect drainage. That the system adopted in Great Britain for the ventilation of their drains by open gulleys was found to be necessary, but that no such gullies could be kept open in our winter season. That this ventilation should be secured by vents at the highest level, as the drains were empty and the sewer gas being lighter than the air sought an outlet at the point of least resistance. That with our frozen or hard padded streets and the leakage from the drains (which we tried ineffectually to bottle up), the sewer gas was forced into the basements of the houses and that the most careful plumbing by pipes outside the house and through the roof could only in part help us.

That the evident remedy was to let the sewer gas off at the top of the drainage system and thus to remove it entirely from the houses.

That in Melbourne, Australia, situated on a plain, a high chimney vent in the midst of the city had been adopted with satisfactory results.

That in Montreal, where Providence has given us a hill of 700 feet high on which to secure this object, he suggested a connexion of all the city drains with a main one on the line of Pine Avenue, and that this receiving drain should be ventilated by one or more shafts or chimneys at the top of the mountain, thus disposing of the foul sewer gas without annoyance to any one, whilst the sewage itself should be discharged below the city proper into the swift current of the river. That flushing the drains would not ventilate or remove the sewer gas.

Such was Dr. Macadam's advice, and it appears to me that he was about right.

If so, the sooner we have our drainage and water supply systems attended to and this or some other plan adopted to give us pure air and water, the sooner we will be freed of grippe, typhoid, etc., etc., and all the curses attendant thereon.

Montreal should be as healthy as Ste. Agathe, the Adirondacks, or any of these favorable sanitaria, where fresh air and pure water are to be had. Then, why do we not secure them in our homes? Yours truly,

Montreal, March 8, 1904. MABEL.

DR. BURLAND IS DEAD.

Succumbed to Pneumonia on Saturday Afternoon.

Dr. William Benjamin Burland, well-known in Montreal medical circles, died at his residence, 288 Prince Arthur street, from pneumonia, on Saturday afternoon.

Dr. Burland was born at St. Johns, in 1844, his father being for many years collector of customs at that place. Dr. Burland studied his profession at McGill, graduating from there in 1872. Since that time he has resided in Montreal, and had built up a good general practice.

Dr. Burland was for a long period connected with the local militia, having served as a captain in the Prince of Wales Rifles (Fenian Raid medal), and later as surgeon of the Royal Scots. He was a member of the Church of England.

Dr. Burland leaves a widow and three children, Captain W. W. Burland, Benjamin Burland and Miss Flora Maud Burland. The funeral will take place Tuesday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock.

He married Miss Flora Stewart, the daughter of the late Mr. James Stewart Watt, who came from the Orkney Islands, Scotland, to become an officer of the Hudson's Bay Company.

Lame Back for Four Months.

Was Unable to Turn in Bed Without Help.

Plasters and Liniments No Good.

This was the experience of Mr. Benjamin Stewart, Zionville, N.B.

TWO-THIRDS OF A BOX OF

Doan's Kidney Pills

CURED HIM.

He tells of his experience in the following words: "For four months I was troubled with a lame back and all this time was unable to turn in bed without help. I tried plasters and liniments of all kinds but with no effect. At last I was induced to try Doan's Kidney Pills, and by the time I had used two-thirds of a box my back was as well and as strong as ever and has kept so ever since."

Backache, Frequent Thirst, Scanty, Cloudy, Thick or Highly Colored Urine, Puffing under the Eyes, Swelling of the Feet and Ankles, are all symptoms of kidney trouble that Doan's Kidney Pills will cure.

Price 50 cts. per box or 3 for $1.25, at all dealers, or

THE DOAN KIDNEY PILL CO.
TORONTO, ONT.

Savory's "O B" (Russian Blend) Cigarette

In Leatherette Boxes of 20, 50 or 100 each, now in store.

SAVORY'S "O B" (RUSSIAN BLEND) CIGARETTE—In boxes of 20 each, 95c per box; in boxes of 50 each, $2.00 per box; in boxes of 100 each, $4.00 per box.
SAVORY'S NO. 2 GOLD TIPPED CIGARETTE, in leatherette boxes of 100 each, $4.50 per box.
SAVORY'S NO. 2 GOLD TIPPED CIGARETTE, in leatherette boxes of 50 each, $2.25 per box; in leatherette boxes of 20 each, $1.00 per box.
SAVORY'S NO. 2 CORK TIPPED CIGARETTE, in leatherette boxes of 100 each, $4.00 per box.
SAVORY'S NO. 2 CORK TIPPED CIGARETTE, in leatherette boxes of 50 each $2.00 per box.
SAVORY'S NO. 3 PLAIN CIGARETTE in leatherette boxes of 100 each, $3.50 per box.
SAVORY'S NO. 3 PLAIN CIGARETTE, in leatherette boxes of 50 each, $1.75 per box.
SAVORY'S "STRAIGHT CUT" GOLD TIPPED CIGARETTE, in leatherette boxes of 100 each, $3.50 per box.
SAVORY'S "STRAIGHT CUT" GOLD TIPPED CIGARETTE, in leatherette boxes of 50 each, $1.75 per box.

FERNET-BRANCA

FERNET-BRANCA, of Fratelli Branca, Milan, originators and sole proprietors of the genuine process.

An HYGIENIC, TONICAL, APPETIZING, DIGESTIVE LIQUOR.

Beware of Imitations.

Look for the signature, FRATELLI BRANCA & CO., written across the original label.

PABST MILWAUKEE B

Pabst Blue Ribbon

has been before the public as a healthful and delightful beverage for sixty years. Pabst Beer is served daily on the tables of a million of the best families in America. Pabst Beer is the kind you will be proud to serve your friends at the home table.

Pabst "Blue Ribbon" Beer, $1.60 per dozen pints.
Pabst "Blue Ribbon" Beer, $14.75 per cask of 10 dozen pints.

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211 St. James Street.

JOHN MURPHY & Co.

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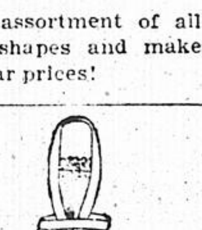
All departments invite to Easter Shopping! The suggestive NEWNESS, FRESHNESS and BRIGHTNESS reflected from innumerable Spring Novelties at every turn remind visitors of the advent of the new season. PRICE-CHEAPNESS, HIGH GRADE QUALITY, UNRIVALLED VARIETY are here exemplified on the largest scale in combination!

Easter Gloves

A full assortment of all the best shapes and makes at popular prices!



Maids' Apron

In White Lawn, bib all over embroidery. Price, 25c.

Another line, square effect on bib, frills and insertion. Price, 50c.

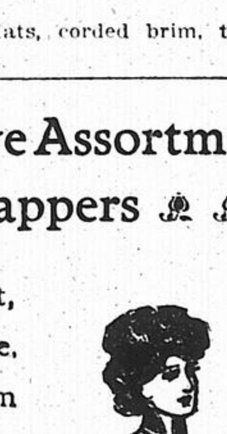
Children's Muslin Hats

Colors, pink, pale blue, white, accordeon pleated brim, gathered crown. Price, 35c.

Children's Fine Muslin Washing Flop Hats, corded brim, trimmed embroidery. Price, 85c.

An Extensive Assortment of New Wrappers

In Percale, Print, Muslin, Organdie, etc., prices from 85c



ALL THE LATEST NOVELTIES IN

Ladies' Blousewear

in China Silk, Taffeta Silk, Peau de Soie, Tamaline, etc. A beautiful line of Washing China Silk Blouses in all black or white, trimmed insertion, lace. Price, $5.25.

JOHN MURPHY & Co.
2341 and 2343 ST. CATHERINE STREET.
Terms Cash. (Cor. Metcalfe.) Tel. Up 2470.

GAZETTE, 2.07¼

GAZETTE, 2.07¼, will make a season of 1904, at a fee of $50, with the return privilege in 1905, if the horse is still living and in my possession. All accidents and escapes at owner's risk.

CYRILLE LAURIN,
349 Mance Street, Montreal.

ASK CLEMENCY FOR BERNARD.

Mr. Arthur Beauchesne has presented to Mr. Justice Wurtele, sitting in the Court of King's Bench, a petition signed by the following gentlemen, asking for the clemency of the court in favor of Lucien Bernard, found guilty on a charge of culpable homicide:—M. H. Laporte, mayor of Montreal; Jules Helbronner, president the Alliance Francaise; A. O. Brault, president Chambre de Commerce; Damase Masson, ex-president Chambre de Commerce; Hon. A. B. Rainville, M. Simeon Beaudin, Hon. P. E. Leblanc.

MR. GILDERSLEEVE HONORED.

Kingston, March 21—(Special.)—There was a gathering of representative men at the British American Hotel on Saturday night, when a good chronometer was presented to H. H. Gildersleeve, manager of the Northern Transportation Company, who leaves Kingston to take up his new duties. J. L. Whitney, K.C., read the address and Hon. W. Harty, M.P., made the presentation. Mr. Gildersleeve made a brief reply and asked his father, C. F. Gildersleeve of Montreal, to further respond. Mr. Pense, M.P.P., spoke also.

Houses FOR Sale
BY AUCTION

We are instructed by the Trustees of Estate late George Roberts, Builder, to offer for sale by auction (FRASER BROS., Auctioneers), either separately or en bloc, the following well-built houses at the Rooms of The Cradock Simpson Company,

WEDNESDAY, 30th MARCH,
At Eleven O'Clock,

Nos. 946, 948 and 950 DORCHESTER STREET, west of Mountain Street, modern stone front houses, with hot water heating and open plumbing.

Also the two-storey and basement self-contained houses, Nos. 532, 534 and 536 CADIEUX STREET, above Sherbrooke Street.

THE CRADOCK SIMPSON CO.,
2ND FLOOR, MERCHANTS BANK BUILDING.

FOR SALE
PINE AVE. RESIDENCE

A two-storey Stone Front House, with two-storey extension. Electric light, open plumbing, hot water heating, hardwood floors. Contains nine rooms—basement, store room, cold storage, etc. Splendid view of the mountain as well as overlooking the city and river. Price low.

THE CRADOCK SIMPSON CO.,
205 ST. JAMES STREET.

COMPTON LIBERALS ARE ORGANIZED FOR BATTLE

Hon. S. A. Fisher Delivers a Masterly Address Reviewing the Eight Year's Record of the Liberal Government.

Sherbrooke, March 21.—(Special)—The Liberal convention held at Bury on Thursday last was one of the most successful ever held by the Liberals of Compton County. Every polling division in the county was represented, and there are over forty of them spread over one of the largest counties in the Dominion. In addition to the authorized delegates from each division there were representative Liberals who had come long distances to assist the representatives of the Liberal party in laying plans for the forthcoming fight in Compton County. When the meeting was called to order by Angus Cowan, of Lingwick, an old stalwart of Liberalism, there were over 200 present.

From the remarks made by those who have been in touch with the county for the past two months, it would appear that Liberalism in Compton County has taken a step forward, and the old tradition of supporting a son because his father was a good man had about passed into oblivion. That the prospects are bright for the Liberals in Compton County cannot be gainsaid.

Officers Were Elected.

The business meeting in the afternoon was for the purpose of selecting officers for the ensuing year, and also appointing the local committees. Hon. S. A. Fisher and others referred to the ncessity of having a good organization, and all working together. The following officers were selected after a good deal of voting.

President, Mr. A. B. Hunt, Bury; vice-presidents, Mr. J. Huard, Lake Megantic; A. P. Farwell, Compton Village; secretaries, Mr. J. Piche, Lake Megantic, and Mr. Brewster, Compton Village.

At the afternoon meeting there was a very large attendance of outsiders, in addition to the delegates, and the meeting was presided over by Mr. A. B. Hunt, president.

Hon. Mr. Fisher's Address.

Hon. S. A. Fisher, minister of agriculture, was the first speaker, and on rising to speak was received with great applause. He said that he wished to take this opportunity of addressing the representative Liberals of Compton County on the public questions of the day. A few weeks ago the leaders of the Conservative party had made a tour of the Eastern Townships, and attempted to give reasons why the present Government should be turned out of office. He was glad to join issue with them, and he thought he would be able to show why the policy of the present Government is to be preferred to that of the Opposition, or that of the old Conservative party who ruled Canada before the Liberals came into office. In the County of Compton they had been represented for so many years in the Dominion House by one family of Conservatives, but he believed the county as a whole was Liberal. While he (Mr. Fisher) appreciated the ability of the late John Henry Pope, as a leader among men, he would say with all due respect that the late John Henry Pope ruled Compton with a rod of iron. The son followed the father, and more from family traditions than anything else, he ventured to say that it was largely due to this that Compton County returned a Conservative, and not because they preferred the Conservative party. He believed that these conditions had changed. When Mr. Borden and his party made a tour of the Eastern Townships it was claimed that the Liberals should be turned out of power because they were not protectionists in their tariff policy, and because they thought the G.T.P. scheme was not a satisfactory one.

Tariff Matters Discussed.

In dealing with the tariff, Mr. Fisher said that when the Liberals came to power in 1896, they were compelled to carry out certain financial obligations of the Conservatives. In 1897, after the Tariff Commission had made a tour of the country, a reform in the tariff was made, and which has continued with slight variation from that time. The stability of that tariff has been shown by the advantages to trade which have been acknowledged by the manufacturers themselves, a section of the community who are supposed to be against the Government, and a stability which has conduced enormously to the interests of the county. A number of the manufacturers were supporting the Liberal tariff to-day because as a result of the tariff reform the manufacturers have been ten times more prosperous under it than they ever were before. Up to 1896, when the Conservatives left office, Canada never expected more than $9,000,000 of manufactured articles, while last year we exported $20,000,000 worth of manufactured articles, and we know that the home consumption was infinitely greater than it was before 1896. The prosperity of the people and their purchasing powers have not only doubled under the Liberal tariff, but manufacturers have been able to manufacture and export $20,000,000, and in place of $9,000,000, thus showing how very much more prosperous was the country under the Liberal tariff than under the Conservative. They had only to look at the condition of affairs existing in Montreal, Quebec, St. Hyacinthe and Sherbrooke.

Industries Are Flourishing.

The industries there had to refuse orders to-day, while before 1896 they could not get enough work to keep their machinery going. (Applause). They had fulfilled the pledges made before 1896, by reducing the burden of taxation upon the people at large, and they also took off duties, including that on barbed wire, corn, seperators for creameries, and a number of smaller items. After they had reduced the specific duties, which ran as high as eighty per cent. to at most 35 per cent., and then adopted the preference to the Mother Country, of 33 1-2 per cent., or in other words goods coming from the Mother Country, paid 1-3 less duty than before 1896. This preference was a means of reducing the price of goods in this country, for when the manufacturer from the Old Country could introduce his goods at a less figure, and the result was that the American seller had to come down in price also, and the Canadian buyer got the benefit. The Liberals accomplished a reform of the tariff and at the same time reduced the burden of taxation to the people of this country by one-third of the former burden. When the Liberals came into office it was found that the Conservatives could not pay the way of the Government—that is the expenses of the Government of the country—and there was a deficit of about $5,000,000. When the Laurier Government came into office they found a deficit, and when they lowered the duties they had surplus after surplus until last year they had a surplus of $14,000,000, or an aggregate surplus during the past seven years of $41,000,000. That meant as a result of the fiscal policy of the Liberal Government, the revenues have produced for investment in capital account for railways and public works $41,000,000 over and above carrying on the Government of the country. He did not think that the business men of this country would want to go back to the deficits of the Conservative Government. He thought that when the time came for the Liberal party to go to the country he was confident that the Liberal administration would be endorsed and the reply from the people would be "Go on thou good and faithful servant in the way in which you have been doing." (Applause).

Great Development of Trade.

Mr. Fisher gave statistics as showing the increase of trade in Canada during the Liberal regime as compared with that of the Conservatives. He pointed out that from 1896 to 1903 under the Liberal Government the trade of Canada had increased from $239,025,380 to $467,064,685, while under the eighteen years of Conservative rule this trade had increased only $66,000,000, and that in the seven years of Liberal rule it had increased $228,000,000. The wealth of Canada was founded on her export trade, and the prosperity of the country could be judged from the fact that under the Conservative regime the exports from Canada had increased from $96,000,000 in 1890 to $121,000,000 in 1896, or an increase of $25,000,000 durigg the last seven years of Conservative rule. In 1897 the export trade of Canada was $137,000,000, and in 1903, $225,000,000 or an increase of $88,000,000 under the Liberals as compared with $25,000,000 under the same period for the Conservatives. While the Government had large surpluses they had been compelled to spend them in building up the country and public services. Their expenditures were in proportion to the surplus. They had spent $41,000,000 in public works, and building up the country without adding to the debt. That money had been spent advantageously, and had added to the prosperity of the country. It was by wise and judicious expenditure and investment that the prosperity of the country can be maintained. The moment they put a check on such investment then would the people suffer.

G. T. P. Road is Required.

Mr. Fisher then dealt with the G. T. P. scheme, and pointed out the great necessity for building another road to open up the West. It was a well-known fact that for the past few years the C. P. R. has not been in a position to handle the traffic in the West. The surveys which they had had made of the route of the new railway line to the West was shown to be through rich lumber limits, fine soil and water powers, all of which are practically useless until the country has been opened. The burden of the risk of this new railway had been assumed by the G.T.R., so that there would be very little burden on the people of this country for its erection, and they would have in return control of the freight rates, etc. Mr. Borden, the Opposition leader, had told them that the best scheme would be to buy up the most expensive and unproductive parts of the C. P. R. and Canada Atlantic railways. If the Government accepted this proposition they would be opening up no part of the country, and it would mean that these railways would get the people's money without giving anything in return. There would be no new developments, no new country, and no additional outlet for the people in the Northwest. The fact that Mr. Borden and his followers have dropped their scheme is an endorsation of the Government scheme.

Growth of Agriculture.

Mr. Fisher then dealt with the work of his own department, that of agriculture. The whole interests of the country depended upon the soil. Out of the total exports from Canada last year, $114,000,000 of that came directly from the farm. During the last seven years of Conservative rule the agricultural exports only increased $13,000,000, while in the last seven years they had increased from $57,000,000 in 1897 to $114,000,000 in 1903, an increase of $57,000,000 in the seven years of Liberal rule. Mr. Fisher then dwelt on the great work being followed in the agricultural department which had for its object the betterment of the farmer and the country generally. There was no country in the world, with the exception of Denmark, that was doing so much for the advancement of agriculture, as Canada. He referred to inadequate cold storage which the Conservatives had in use, and the fact that by improving this system an outlet was given to the farmers to place their goods in the old Country markets in a satisfactory condition as compared with that when the Conservatives had their inadequate system of cold storage. Referring to the benefits which had been brought about by the introduction of the Fruit Act, Mr. Fisher said that the English merchants were advising the Americans to take a leaf out of the Canadian book in regard to the fruit trade. While he was willing at all times to take a leaf out of another's book so long as it was for the good of the country, still it was satisfactory to have another country advised to follow our example.

Tribute to Sir William Mulock.

Continuing, Mr. Fisher said that he did not wish to single out one department more than another, but he would draw their attention to that of the Post Office Department. When the Liberals came into power they were met with a deficit of $781,000 in the post-office department. There was a surplus of nearly $300,000 last year, and this, too, in the face of the reduction of the domestic postage from two to three cents; the foreign from five to two; an increase in the number of post-offices and increase in pay of country postmasters.

Mr. Fisher concluded his remarks by advising the delegates and representatives of the Liberal party in Compton county to stand together and work with one common object in view to elect a representative of the Liberal party at the next general elections.

Addrsses were also deliverd by Mr. Bureau, M.P. for Three Rivers; Mr. Angus Cowan, of Longwick; Mr. St. Laurent, Compton Ville, and Mr. Godette. The meeting closed with cheers for the King and the Liberal party.

IMMIGRATION WILL BE GREATER THAN EVER

Opinion of Deputy Minister Smart, Who Arrived From Europe Saturday.

Halifax, N.S., March 21.—(Special.)—Mr. J. A. Smart, Deputy Minister of Interior, who arrived on the Allan liner Tunisian on Saturday after a two months' tour of the British Isles and the continent, remained in Halifax to inspect the facilities. To-day he will select a site for a Detention Hospital for the treatment of detained immigrants suffering from trachoma. This hospital will be up to date in every particular in order that the best treatment possible may be given to infected persons. Mr. Smart, who is accompanied by Mrs. Smart, will leave in the afternoon for St. John.

In conversation with The Herald last night the Deputy Minister spoke enthusiastically of immigration prospects this year. His visit to Europe was to promote immigration of desirable classes of people to Canada, and judging from the outlook his efforts were successful. Mr. Smart expects the transatlantic immigration to Canada to be considerably greater than that of last year. Vigorous work is being done by all the immigration agencies abroad. Fewer people will come from the south of England this year than came last, but on the other hand more will come from the northern countries, from Wales and particularly from Scotland, the people of which have no peers as settlers.

NEW OFFICIAL AT ST. JOHN.

Ottawa, March 21.—(Special.)—Mr. A. T. Dunn, Surveyor General in the New Brunswick Government, was appointed collector of customs in the city of St. John, N.B., at Saturday's cabinet meeting.

Mr. Charles M. Hays will leave this week for Ottawa to confer with Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his ministers as to the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway matters.

Point St. Charles

St. Matthew's Church hockey team meet the Fairmounts for the Church League championship in the Arena this evening.

The annual concert of Riverside School is to be held in the Assembly Hall, April 15. The pupils are to be assisted by several well-known professional entertainers of the city. A feature will be the exhibitions of the gymnastic classes of the school.

Mrs. Anderson, of Congregation street, was the unfortunate loser of her purse and satchel on Wednesday last, between her own house and Wellington street. The purse contained about $20.00.

Point St. Charles is to lose one of its most popular doctors from its bachelor ranks in the near future. Dr. "Bob" Wilson has announced his intention of becoming a benedict, and his many friends have been showering letters of congratulation upon him.

The funeral of the late Sam Blore, one of the oldest and best known of Point St. Charles' citizens, took place on Saturday afternoon, and was largely attended. Mr. Blore had occupied the position as inspector of water pumps and works in connection with the yards and shops of the Grand Trunk Railway.

A meeting of the executive committee of the Grand Trunk Boating Club was held Saturday evening in the clubhouse. This will be the last meeting held by the present executive, the annual meeting is to take place on Friday evening next. "Who will be the new president of the Boating Club," is a question that is speculated on among the membership. Pressure is being brought upon "Billy" Kennedy by his friends to accept the position, and it is altogether likely that he will be elected by acclamation should he consent to run. "Billy" is the present vice-president, and during his career has done much to advance the interest of the "G.T.B.C." both in this office, and when a member of the executive committee. He has always been recognized as the "father" of junior sport in Point St. Charles, and the success of the old "Points" in lacrosse and football and the St. Lawrence in hockey this year is mainly attributed to the untiring work of "Billy."

Friday evening the annual meeting of St. Gabriel Liberal Club was held in the basement of the parish church, Centre street, and was largely attended, nearly 200 being present. Ex-Ald. Jacques in the chair. Mr. L. A. Rivet, the newly elected member for Hochelaga County, and former president of the club, was present, and made an excellent speech, reviewing the political situation, and showing the good work done by the Government. He was heartily applauded, and many spoke of the promising future in store for the club's past president, the present member for Hochelaga. The election of officers resulted as follows:—Hon. presidents, Hon. Raymond Prefontaine, Hon. Dr. Guerin, Mr. L. A. Rivet, M.P., and J. Decarrie, M.L.A.; president, Mr. L. A. Jacques; first vice-president, Dr. A. G. Dagenais; second vice-president, Mr. T. J. Kavanagh, Mr. M. Bourdon, secretary. Mr. Jacques, the new president, has long been identified with the Liberal party and its work in St. Gabriel section of Hochelaga County, and his consenting to accept the presidency of the club was appreciated by the membership. The meeting was adjourned until the last Friday in April to receive the report of the committee appointed to take into consideration the advisability of forming an English-speaking section of the club on the south side of the track.

HON. MR. LONGLEY CONFIDENT.

Says the Liberals Will Hold the Province at Next Elections.

Hon. Israel W. Longley, attorney-general of Nova Scotia, spent yesterday in Montreal on his way from Halifax to Ottawa. He came in from Halifax yesterday morning, and left for Ottawa at 8.40 this morning by the Grand Trunk. In conversation in the Windsor yesterday, Hon. Mr. Longley expressed it as his belief that the Liberals would continue to hold Nova Scotia by a handsome majority.

Notwithstanding the contrary reports, and the personal influence of Mr. R. L. Borden, the people of Nova Scotia were thoroughly satisfied with the Government, and will at the next election support it as largely as ever before.

Speaking of the province generally, Hon. Mr. Longley said it was flourishing from Yarmouth to Cape Breton. Business is good, collections are easy and people are satisfied.

Thursday evening at the St. Patrick's concert in the Russell Theatre, Ottawa, Sir Wilfrid and Lady Laurier, accompanied by Mrs. W. H. Davis, Mrs. Henri Laurier, the Misses Gibson and Miss Georgette Roy, of Montreal, occupied a box.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT Application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, at its next session, for an Act granting relief to the owners of property on Lemoine Street, Montreal, concerning the assessment made by the City of Montreal for the extension of Lemoine Street, and to change the assessment made.

EDGAR N. ARMSTRONG,
Solicitor for Applicants.
Montreal, February 25th, 1904.

Kilmarnock, Ont.—Mrs. George Newsome, aged 83, died last Wednesday.

WAS IN A CRITICAL CONDITION.

System was Run Down.

FELT DROWSY AND MISERABLE.

Burdock Blood Bitters

BUILT UP THE SYSTEM AND ADDED TEN POUNDS IN WEIGHT.

Mr. Ed. J. Harris, Newbridge, Ont., was in poor health, but has now been restored to full health and vigor. Here is what he writes us: "Last spring I was in a very critical condition, my system was all run down. I felt drowsy and miserable, and thought I would surely die if I did not get something to build me up. After reading one of your almanacs I decided to try Burdock Blood Bitters, and before I had taken two bottles I had gained ten pounds in weight, and am now in perfect health, and I can certainly recommend Burdock Blood Bitters to build up the system."

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

is the best Spring medicine on the market to-day. You may need one this Spring, if so, get B.B.B.

Remaking of Old Gold

If you have any Old Jewellery, Watches or Odds and Ends of Gold, bring them to us, and we will make you something new and modern. Do not keep your old jewellery lying by, but get the use out of it now. No time like the present.

GEO. G. ROBINSON & CO.,
Jewellers, 2397 ST CATHERINE STREET.

All repairing done promptly.

SNOWBOUND!

THOUSANDS OF NEW PREMIUMS.

Which have been held back owing to the snow blockade are now coming forward, and many have arrived. We hope to have the complete list right in our magnificent new show rooms within 10 days. Owing to the immense number of premiums constantly leaving our stock, it is almost impossible to have every article on the list ready for immediate shipment, although we carry an enormous reserve stock. Whenever it happens that any particular line such as you want has been snapped up, wait a few days and you will get it. It is much better to do this than to be disappointed. There is no reason why every person should not get just what they require. It is an interesting fact, and was recently proved that the premiums given out for one filled book by The Traders' Advertising Company of Montreal greatly surpass in general value and choice those given by the large Trading Stamp Companies in the United States, and that our system is far superior. We wish our friends to know that we are anxious at all times to extend the kind of treatment which will always keep us at the top.

CASH 10 RECEIPT

While you are cutting out the Free Coupon to-day cut out also the list of names of the stores who give : : : Double Green Cash Receipts on special days or every day : : : For the Remainder of Month.

CASH 10 RECEIPT

This Coupon is Worth One Green Cash Receipt
WHEN PRESENTED AT THE OFFICE OF THE
TRADERS ADVERTISING CO.,
Mar. 21st 1904.
Only One Coupon of the same date allowed to each person.

DRY GOODS.
A. Giroux, 295 St. Lawrence St., gives Double Stamps every Thursday and Friday.
A. T. Constantin, 3601 Notre Dame Street.
Ernest Lamy, 209 St. Lawrence Street.
Ernest Lamy, 1558 St. Lawrence Street.
Arsene Lamy, cor. Duluth and St. Denis.
Isidore Maller, 1976-1978 St. Catherine Street.
L'Etoile, 2025 Notre Dame Street.
F. A. Mathieu, 2203 Notre Dame Street.
Jette & Lemieux, 216 St. Lawrence Street.
Double Stamps for Remainder of Month.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
J. A. Mooney & Co., 2143 St. Catherine Street.
Fortier & Co., 221 St. Lawrence Street.
Jas. Perry, 213 McGill Street.
Ronayne Bros., Cor. Notre Dame and Inspector Streets.
Bush & Read, near corner St. Catherine and Guy Streets.
Double Stamps for Remainder of Month.

Remember That We Positively Continue Our Business After May 1st.

THE TRADERS ADVERTISING CO.
1835 Notre Dame Street.

SOZODONT Tooth Powder

New Patent Top Can. Compare quantity and quality with others. Sozodont is economy.

Does Your Watch Keep Time?

If not bring it to us, Our watchmakers are the most skilful and experienced in their line, and they will put your watch in proper shape so that it will maintain truthfulness, Charges moderate.

JOHNSTON BROS.
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St. Catherine, near Peel

FOR OVER SIXTY YEARS.
An Old and Well-Tried Remedy.
MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, WITH PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, AND TAKE NO OTHER KIND. Twenty-Five Cents a Bottle.

Turkish Rugs

Call and see our exhibition of genuine Hand Made

Eastern Rugs

in all sizes and colors, and of the finest quality. We are now offering them at prices

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1821-1823 NOTRE DAME STREET.

We carry the largest and best assorted stock in the Dominion, and we have imperative orders to close them out at once.—M. H. & Co.

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RECEIVED AT
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NOW SOLE AGENCY FOR MONTREAL.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum
For Coughs and Colds.

$3.00 See Our Men's Three Dollar
BOX CALF LACED BOOT.
Goodyear Sewn. It is specially well made on very neat last and is a most satisfactory boot for comfort and wear.
RONAYNE BROS., 2027 Notre Dame St. (Chaboillez Square).

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CAMPBELL'S, 267 St. James St.

COAL No. 2 Chestnut, $5.25 Cooking, Heating, Small Stoves.
Orders Sent C.O.D.
J. H. Morehouse,
Phone M 3018 65 Farm St

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Perfection Cocoa,
Royal Navy Chocolate,
Cake Icings, Etc.
The Cowan Co., Ltd., Toronto.

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Guaranteed Pure Milk Co.,
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MONTREAL ART PRINTERS—
HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT.

Men, Women and Happenings.

Mr. E. Fabre, Montreal, is at Toronto.

Mr. A. G. Baptist, of Three Rivers, is at the Hall.

Hon. J. W. Longley, of Nova Scotia, is at the Windsor, en route to Ottawa.

Hon. T. M. Cutter, of Halifax, N.S., is a guest at the Windsor.

Messrs. Alf. Callyer, W. C. Trotter and Jos. McLaughlin, Montreal, are at the Chateau, Quebec.

* * *

Madame Lavergne has returned from Ottawa.

Miss Blanche Bourdeau, Ottawa, is in the city.

Miss Watson, Westmount, has returned from Ottawa.

Miss Georgette Roy has returned from Ottawa.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Alcarda are at the Chateau, Quebec.

Mrs. Goodhue, Westmount, is at Richmond, the guest of Miss A. Dohan.

Rev. Osborne Troop will leave on Friday for a short visit to St. Johns, N.B.

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Buck, Montreal, are at Sherbrooke, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Buck.

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Minto will open the Horse Show at Toronto on April 27.

Mrs. Lewis Skaife, of "Winton Hall," Westmount, has left on a visit to Boston and New York.

Mr. Robert McNeil, Montreal, is spending a few days at North Hatley, the guest of his mother.

Miss Fox, of Coaticook, who has been visiting relatives in Montreal, has returned home.

Mr. Henry Laurier spent the week-end at Ottawa, the guest of Sir Wilfrid and Lady Laurier.

Miss Hudspeth, of Port Hope, who has been the guest of Miss Muriel Evans, has returned home.

Mrs. John Hodgins, who is visiting in Montreal, is expected at Ottawa this week.

Miss Muriel Balfour, Mountain Street, who has been visiting friends at Ottawa, returned home on Saturday.

Miss Kane, of Bergerville, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. Graham Casey, Pine Avenue.

Dr. J. M. Mackay and Mrs. Mackay, of Quebec, are the guests of Mrs. Mackay, St. Denis Street.

Mr. T. H. Turton has returned from a visit to his son, Mr. J. E. Turton, at Quebec.

The Lieutenant-Governor of the Northwest Territories and Mrs. Forget are guests of Sir Wilfrid and Lady Laurier, at Ottawa.

Miss Brugh, Ottawa, entertained at tea last week for some of the out-of-town guests, among them was Miss Balfour, Mountain Street.

Miss Ada Lindsay and Miss Amy Thompson were among the guests at a tea given at Hull last Friday by Miss Graham.

Mrs. Harold Hampson, Mackay St., who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. O'Halloran, at Ottawa, has returned home.

A dinner was given at Toronto last week by Mrs. Harry Mulholland, in honor of her guest, Mrs. R. Mackenzie Haldimand, of Montreal.

The Misses Gibson, who are guests of Lady Laurier, leave Ottawa to-day to accompany their father, Senator Gibson, on his trip South.

The engagement is announced at St. Catharines of Miss Lilian Paterson, third daughter of the late Rev. Charles Paterson, to Rev. W. A. Seager, rector of St. Cyprian's Church, Toronto.

Hon. Mr. Archambault, of Quebec, Attorney-General of the province, and Mrs. Archambault have arrived at Quebec for the session and have taken up their residence at their apartments in the Legislative Council Chamber.

The marriage of Miss Maude Cameron and Mr. James Macdonnell, of British Columbia, will take place shortly at Ottawa. Miss Cameron is a sister of Lady Bourinot.

G. C. May and Mrs. May and Master May and W. J. Stethan, of Montreal, are among those who have booked passage on the Atlantic transport line SS. Minneapolis, which left for London Saturday.

A pleasant reunion of the following young ladies took place the other evening in the private dining-room of the Senate restaurant, Ottawa: Miss Gladys Chadwick, of Guelph; Miss Muriel Balfour, of Montreal; Miss Pearl Ramsay, of Montreal; Miss Ruby Hughes, of Lindsay, and Miss Katherine Masters, of Ottawa. The young ladies are ex-members of the graduating class of 1903 from St. Monica's ladies' school, Toronto. Col. Hughes, M.P., and Mr. Masters were present, and a very enjoyable evening was passed.

JESUS AND CHRISTIANITY.

Mr. D. J. Neugewitz Preached on This Subject at St. Martin's.

There was a very large congregation in St. Martin's Church last evening when Mr. D. J. Neugewitz, missionary to the Jews in Montreal, delivered the sermon. Many converted Jews were present.

Mr. Neugewitz based his remarks upon Romans IX., 1 to 5. He held that Christianity and Judaism were not incompatible notwithstanding the contrary opinion recently expressed by a leading rabbi in this city. The germ of the Christian doctrine came from Moses, and out of Judaism had sprung Christianity which was the real development and function of the original germ. The Jews had opened the door to Christianity, but now they refused to enter into its blessings, nor would they recognize the relationship between Judaism and Christianity.

He believed that if they would read the Old Testament in the light afforded by the New, they could not fail to recognize the very vital relationship, but so long as they continued to believe that they could be saved by their noble ancestors just so long would they refuse Christianity.

RELIGION OF THE HEART.

Rev. W. S. Barnes Says Life Does Not Rest on the Head Alone.

In the Church of the Messiah last evening, Rev. W. S. Barnes preached upon the religion of the heart.

In religion like everything else it is important to have the correct perspective, and it can make a great difference whether we approach it intellectually or emotionally. It is not by intellectual methods that one arrives at certitude in religious truth. Beliefs that are purely a product of reason cannot make character or produce refinement and gentleness.

To gain a belief in God it is not necessary to try the old arguments for His existence; we must affirm God with the heart. No theology that means life, no beliefs that mean character, no faith that stands for salvation of life can rest on the head alone. It must send its roots down into the moral nature.

IMMIGRATION OFFICIALS BUSY.

To-day was a busy one in local immigration circles. Three specials were expected in before 4 o'clock to-day, with the 1,000 English immigrants, ex-steamship Tunisian. The first special with 400 in bond, got in this morning, the second, with 300, is expected in about 3 o'clock, and the last with 400, any time before 4 o'clock. They are all going west.

Herald Serials are Good Serials.

The Silver Pin

By Alfred Wilson Barrett.

Exclusive Copyright secured by The Herald.

(CHAPTER XVI.—Continued.)

"Yes, sir; I have gone back. The criminal investigation department's my job now."

His face did not change, nor was there any particular meaning in his tone, yet Gordon felt as if "Stoat" had somehow implied very much more than his words had said.

"The work must be very interesting," he said at last, more from a desire to give himself time to think than anything else. "And from what I remember of you, Sterrett, it should suit you."

"Yes, sir; I'm useful to them up there. I sees most things that come my way."

"And some that don't, eh?" said Gordon, smiling and trying to speak carelessly. "Are you at work now?"

"Yes, sir, I am on a job now."

"Is it—er—is it a difficult one?"

"It was, sir, a little; but I'm making my way fairly—now."

The last word, and the slight intonation on it, made Gordon start, and look up quickly at Sterrett's face. But it was quite blank, and he was not even looking at Gordon.

Gordon tried back again.

"And yet you don't like the work?" he said. "Why is that?"

Sterrett's grim lips relaxed a little, and he turned to Gordon.

"Leads to nothing, sir," he said. "Too much like the army. Too much master and not enough man. You do the work—other people take all the credit; and the money, sir, and the money. Now, money's a very useful thing, ain't it, sir?"

"Very."

"Yes, sir, money's a very useful thing. I could do a good deal with a bit of money now."

Gordon stared at him suddenly. Then he pointed to a chair in front of him. "Sit down, Sterrett," he said. "Can I order anything for you?"

"Thank you, sir. I have told the waiter. But my table's over there."

"It doesn't matter. I shall be pleased if you will have your dinner here," said Gordon quickly, and he told the waiter to move Sterrett's place.

He knew Sterrett well enough to be aware that the man had some very good reason for his proceedings, and also for his words, which he was not in the habit of wasting—but what was he after?

"Yes, Sterrett," he said at length, as the other ate his dinner silently, "I suppose money is a very useful thing. Fortunately I have enough for my wants myself."

"Yes, sir, so I thought."

It struck Gordon that "so I should suppose" would have been more natural under ordinary circumstances. "So I thought" seemed to imply that Sterrett had been thinking about it, and with a sudden comprehension, he turned and looked at the man who met his gaze calmly.

"Oh, you thought so, Sterrett?"

"Yes, sir; I thought so."

"Then you have been thinking about it?"

Sterrett's expressionless face turned more blank than before. "Oh, no, sir," he said; "only sometimes I have been thinking lately what good use I might put a bit of money to if I had it. I was thinking so, funnily enough, sir, when I see you come out of that house in Charles Street just now."

"Why, you wretched scoundrel," said Gordon suddenly to himself. "I'm hanged if you aren't hinting that you are to be bought! I wonder what your price is, and how much you know?"

And he watched Sterrett for a moment curiously. The ex-corporal had ordered that wonderful creation a "fritto misto," and as he ate it, he prodded it about with his fork, as if he was investigating its innermost secrets, and "ferretting" it out, so to speak, and as Gordon eyed his heavy jaw and overhanging eyebrows, and remembered the almost uncanny experiences he had had of "Stoat's" powers of observation round Rothville, his mind turned instinctively to his bank account.

"He must know a lot," he thought uneasily. "Why, he knows the house where she is even; they have their hands on her! Buy him? Why, I would buy a hundred Sterrett's to save her little finger. Thank heaven, that it is this man, and that he can be bought."

As he reached this point, Sterrett looked up. It was impossible that he could have guessed Gordon's thoughts, but probably his expression enlightened him, for he put down his knife and fork with a sigh of relief, and drawing himself up, apparently prepared for Gordon to speak.

"And if you had this money—this bit of money you speak of," said Gordon, "what use would you make of it?"

"Oh, lor, sir, I ain't likely to get it first. Where's it to come from?"

"That's hardly the question; from someone's pocket, I suppose. If it came, what would you do with it?"

"Go into the enquiry business, sir. It would suit me."

"The enquiry business? Oh, the private enquiry agency business?"

"Yes sir. Take a little orfis and be my own master. I'd do a lot for that."

Gordon hesitated a moment. "No more humbug Sterrett," he said at last, "what's your price?"

"Well, sir; I've calculated I could do all I wanted on three hundred pounds."

"And what have you got to offer."

"Beg pardon, sir."

"Don't humbug, Sterrett. What are you selling?"

"Well, sir, I don't know quite—but lor, here goes!"

He drew his chair up to Gordon's, and bending down spoke low and clearly.

"You mustn't take offence at what I'm going to say, sir. It may be that I haven't got anything to sell, after all. It may be that I am wrong in my ideas. If so, you must tell me, and I'll clear out, and no harm done, I hope."

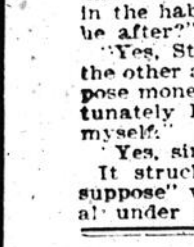
"Certainly. If you've nothing to sell, I won't buy it. That's understood. Go on."

"Well, sir, young this Regent Street murder?"

"Yes."

(To be Continued.)

The Montreal Dermatological Institute



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Consultation free and confidential.

MISS BENSON, Proprietor.

2303 ST. CATHERINE STREET, MONTREAL.

Tel. Up 1295.

AMHERST STREET

(EAST SIDE)

Between Craig and St. Catherine Streets.

THE CITY OF MONTREAL, by their undersigned Attorneys and Counsel, hereby give public notice that on FRIDAY, the 15th day of April next, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon (or so soon as Counsel can be heard), at the Court House, of this city, they will, by and through their said Attorneys and Counsel, present to the Superior Court, sitting in the Division of Practice (Room No. 31)), in and for the District of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, a petition calling upon the said Court to choose and nominate, in virtue of the Act of the Legislature, 62, Victoria, chapter 58, and its amendments, two competent and disinterested persons to act as Commissioners jointly, with one of the Recorders of the said city, as president and two of their assessors named by the Council to fix and determine, in conformity with said acts, the price and indemnity to be allowed for the lots or immovables hereafter mentioned and described, which the said City of Montreal have, by a resolution adopted on the 18th day of January last (1904), passed under the authority of the Act 3rd Edward VII., chapter 62, determined to acquire for the purpose of widening Amherst Street, on the east side, between Craig and St. Catherine streets, in accordance with the homologated plan, and to perform such other duties as are imposed by law upon the said Commissioners, viz:

1. A piece of land with two wooden buildings thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst street, said side measuring about 102.0 feet; on the northwestern side by lot cadastral No. 294 (part), said side measuring about 25.9 feet; on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 294 part (residue), said side measuring about 100.0 feet; on the southeastern side by Craig street, said side measuring about 25.5 feet; containing a superficial area of about 2,593.0 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 294 (part) of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James Ward, of the City of Montreal;

2. A piece of land with one brick and two wooden buildings thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst Street, said side measuring about 60 feet, on the northwestern side by lot cadastral No. 293, said side measuring about 26.15 feet; on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 24, part (residue), said side measuring about 59.0 feet; on the southeastern side by lot cadastral No. 294 (part), said side measuring about 25.9 feet, containing a superficial area of about 1,561.8 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 294 (part), of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James Ward, of the City of Montreal;

3. A piece of land with one stone and brick building thereon erected bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst street, said side measuring about 45.6 feet; on the northwestern side by lot cadastral No. 292, said side measuring about 26.4 feet; on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 293 (residue), said side measuring about 45.6 feet on the southeastern side by lot cadastral No. 294 (part), said side measuring about 26.15 feet, containing a superficial area of about 1,193.4 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 293, of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James Ward, of the City of Montreal;

4. A piece of land with one stone and brick, one wooden and four brick buildings thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst Street said side measuring about 174.6 feet; on the northwestern side by lot cadastral No. 287, said side measuring about 26.8 feet; on the northeastern side by lots cadastral Nos. 291 and 292 (residue), said side measuring about 174.6 feet; on the southeastern side by lot cadastral No. 293, said side measuring about 26.4 feet, containing a superficial area of about 4,623.3 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lots cadastral Nos. 291 and 292 of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James Ward, of the City of Montreal.

5. A piece of land with one stone and two wooden buildings thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst Street, said side measuring about 85.5 feet; on the northwestern side by Lagauchetiere street, said side measuring about 26.9 feet; on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 287 (residue), said side measuring about 85.5 feet; on the southeastern side by lot cadastral No. 291, said side measuring about 26.8 feet, containing a superficial area of about 2,295.7 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 287 of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James Ward, of the City of Montreal.

6. A piece of land with one wooden and brick and one brick building thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst Street, said side measuring about 64 feet, on the northwestern side by lot cadastral No. 394 (part), said side measuring about 25.1 feet, on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 394 part (residue), said side measuring about 64.0 feet, on the southeastern side by Lagauchetiere Street, said side measuring about 27.0 feet, containing a superficial area of about 1,660.8 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 394 (part), of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James Ward of the City of Montreal;

7. A piece of land with one brick building thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst Street, said side measuring about 63.25 feet; on the northwestern side by lot cadastral No. 391, said side measuring about 15.55 feet; on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 394 (part residue,) said side measuring about 63.25 feet; on the southeastern side by lot cadastral No. 394, (part), said side measuring about 25.1 feet, containing a superficial area of about 1,382.5 square feet, the said piece of land being the southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 394 (part) of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James Ward of the City of Montreal.

8. A piece of land with one wooden building thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst Street, said side measuring about 461.1 feet; on the northwestern side by lot cadastral No. 390, said side measuring about 15.1 feet; on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 391 (residue), said side measuring about 46.1 feet; on the southeastern side by lot cadastral No. 394 (part), said side measuring about 15.55 feet, containing a superficial area of about 706.7 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 391 of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James Ward of the City of Montreal.

9. A piece of land with one wooden building thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst street, said side measuring about 36.3 feet; on the northwestern side by the lane, said side measuring about 15.15 feet; on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 390 (residue), said side measuring about 36.3 feet; on the southeastern side by lot cadastral No. 391, said side measuring about 15.1 feet, containing a superficial area of about 549.2 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 390 of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James Ward of the City of Montreal.

10. A piece of land, with one brick building thereon, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst street, said side measuring about 21.2 feet; on the northwestern side by lot cadastral No. 388, said side measuring about 15.0 feet, on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 389 (residue), said side measuring about 21.2 feet, on the southeastern side by the lane, said side measuring about 15.0 feet, containing a superficial area of about 318.0 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 389, of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James Ward, of the City of Montreal.

11. A piece of land with three brick buildings thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst street, said side measuring about 53.8 feet; on the northwestern side by lot cadastral No. 387, said side measuring about 15.0 feet, on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 388 (residue), said side measuring about 53.8 feet; on the southeastern side by lot cadastral No. 389, said side measuring about 15.0 feet, containing a superficial area of about 807.0 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 388, of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James ward, of the City of Montreal.

12. A piece of land with one brick building thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst street, said side measuring about 37.8 feet; on the northwestern side by Dorchester street, said side measuring about 15.1 feet, on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 287 (residue), said side measuring about 37.8 feet; on the southeastern side by lot cadastral No. 388, said side measuring about 15.0 feet, containing a superficial area of about 568.9 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 387, of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James ward, of the City of Montreal;

13. A piece of land, with one wooden building thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst street, said side measuring about 48.0 feet; on the northwestern side by lot cadastral No. 588, said side measuring about 14.45 feet, on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 589 (residue), said side measuring about 48.2 feet; on the southeastern side by Dorchester street, said side measuring about 14.45 feet, containing a superficial area of about 693.6 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 589 on the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James ward of the City of Montreal;

14. A piece of land with one brick building thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst street, said side measuring about 43.1 feet; on the northwestern side by lot cadastral No. 587, said side measuring about 14.5 feet; on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 588 (residue), said side measuring about 43.1 feet; on the southeastern side by lot cadastral No. 589, said side measuring about 14.45 feet, containing a superficial area of about 623.9 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 588, of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James Ward of the City of Montreal.

15. A piece of land with one brick building thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst street, said side measuring about 46.0 feet; on the northwestern side by lot cadastral No. 586, said side measuring about 15.2 feet; on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 587 (residue), said side measuring about 46.0 feet; on the southeastern side by lot cadastral No. 588, said side measuring about 14.5 feet; containing a superficial area of about 683.1 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 587, of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James Ward, of the City of Montreal.

16. A piece of land with one wooden building thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst street, said side measuring about 82.1 feet; on the northwestern side by lot cadastral No. 585 (part), said side measuring about 15.3 feet; on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 586 (residue), said side measuring about 82.1 feet; on the southeastern side by lot cadastral No. 587, said side measuring about 15.2 feet; containing a superficial area of about 1252.0 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 586, of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James Ward of the City of Montreal.

17. A piece of land with one brick building thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst street, said side measuring about 21.4 feet; on the northwestern side by lot cadastral No. 585 (part), said side measuring about 12.8 feet, on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 585 part (residue), said side measuring about 21.4 feet; on the southeastern side by lot cadastral No. 586, said side measuring about 12.6 feet, containing a superficial area of about 271.8 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 585 (part), of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James Ward of the City of Montreal.

18. A piece of land with one brick building thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst street, said side measuring about 21.4 feet; on the northwestern side by lot cadastral No. 585 (part), said side measuring about 12.7 feet; on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 585, part (residue), said side measuring about 21.4 feet; on the southeastern side by lot cadastral No. 585 (part), said side measuring about 12.8 feet, containing a superficial area of about 372.8 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 585 (part), of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James Ward of the City of Montreal.

19. A piece of land with one brick building thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst street, said side measuring about 42.6 feet; on the northwestern side by lot cadastral No. 584, said side measuring about 13.4 feet, on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 585, part (residue), said side measuring about 42.6 feet; on the southeastern side by lot cadastral No. 585 (part), said side measuring about 12.7 feet, containing a superficial area of about 558.9 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 585 (part) of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James Ward of the City of Montreal.

20. A piece of land with one brick building thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst street, said side measuring about 42.8 feet; on the northwestern side by lot cadastral No. 583, said side measuring about 14.0 feet; on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 584 (residue), said side measuring about 42.8 feet; on the southeastern side by lot cadastral No. 585 (part), said side measuring about 13.4 feet, containing a superficial area of about 581.1 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 584, of the official plan and book of reference for the St. James Ward of the City of Montreal.

21. A piece of land with one wooden building thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst street, said side measuring about 18.3 feet; on the northwestern side by lot cadastral No. 582, said side measuring about 15.65 feet; on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 583, part (residue), said side measuring about 18.3 feet; on the southeastern side by lot cadastral No. 583 (part), said side measuring about 15.8 feet, containing a superficial area of about 287.8 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 583 (part) of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James Ward of the City of Montreal.

22. A piece of land with two brick buildings thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst street, said side measuring about 69.3 feet; on the northwestern side by lot cadastral No. 581, said side measuring about 13.2 feet; on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 582 (residue), said side measuring about 69.3 feet; on the southwestern side by lot cadastral No. 583, said side measuring about 15.65 feet, containing a superficial area of about 962.3 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 582, of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James Ward of the City of Montreal.

23. A piece of land with one brick and one wooden building thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst street, said side measuring abot 80.3 feet; on the northwestern side by lot cadastral No. 581 (part), said side measuring about 14.2 feet; on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 581, part (residue), said side measuring about 80.3 feet; on the southeastern side by lot cadastral No. 582, said side measuring about 13.2 feet, containing a superficial area of about 1,142.0 square feet, the said piece of land being the southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 581 (part), of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James Ward of the City of Montreal.

24. A piece of land with one stone and brick building thereon erected, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst street, said side measuring about 43.0 feet; on the northwestern side by lot cadastral No. 579, said side measuring about 15.1 feet; on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 580 (residue), said side measuring about 43.0 feet; on the southeastern side by lot cadastral No. 581 (part), said side measuring about 15.1 feet, containing a superficial area of about 649.3 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 580 of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James Ward of the City of Montreal.

25. A piece of land with one brick and three wooden buildings thereon erecter, bounded on the southwestern side by Amherst street, said side measuring about 77.1 feet; on the northwestern side by Saint Catherine street, said side measuring about 15.1 feet; on the northeastern side by lot cadastral No. 579 (residue), said side measuring about 77.1 feet; on the southeastern side by lot cadastral No. 580, said side measuring about 15.1 feet, containing a superficial area of about 1,164.2 square feet, the said piece of land being southwestern part of lot cadastral No. 579, of the official plan and book of reference for the Saint James Ward of the City of Montreal.

The whole in accordance with a plan of the improvement deposited in the City Surveyor's office.

All the above dimensions are in English feet and decimals.

L. J. ETHIER,
J. L. ARCHAMBAULT,
Attorneys for the City of Montreal,
City Hall,
Montreal, 16th March, 1904.

CHIC HATS

You want to dress well? Your headgear is of the utmost importance if you would be well dressed. We have no rivals in the hat and fur business Known the world over for the quality of our goods and low prices. Get your spring hat from us and save money. Chas. Desjardins, St. Catherine street.

THE BEST MILK

When ordering your supply of milk and cream remember that we deliver direct from the farm in time for breakfast. All the cows under our own care, and everything connected with the dairy up to date.

H. & W. EVANS,
Blue Bonnets Dairy Farms.
City Office 52 Latour St. Tel. M. 905

In Hair Goods We Lead

and the superiority of our styles, in Hairdressing is easily seen. We not only dress hair, but we make the hair thick, glossy and vigorous by our scientific head treatment. If suffering from dandruff or falling hair. Why be bald? Come and see us at once.

SAM'L TARRANTE,
HAIRDRESSER.
Tel. Up 1471. 2267 St. Catherine St.
Shell Goods and Toilet Articles.

HERALD WANT ADVERTISEMENTS

SPECIAL—One Time, 20 Words, 10 cents; Six Times, 25 cents.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Advertisements under this heading, 20 words for 10c; 6 insertions for 25c.

WANTED — A COMPETENT GENERAL servant; no washing; good references. Apply Mrs. Gyde, 4150 St. Catherine st. 68

WANTED — FIFTY EXPERIENCED OPERATORS on shirts and overalls wanted immediately, for work in our factory. Steady employment with good wages to competent workers. Apply at once, The Royal Shirt and Overall Company, 1886 Notre Dame st. 68

WANTED—RELIABLE, ENERGETIC WORKERS, to distribute circulars, samples and advertising matter. Good pay. No canvassing. Co-operative Advertising Co., New York.

WANTED — SINGLE LADY, 28 YEARS OLD or over, as joint manager of an office. One accustomed to bookkeeping and collecting preferred. Must speak both languages. Apply Room 517, New York Life Building. 68

WANTED — GOOD BLANK BOOK SEWER and folder. Steady situation. Good wages. 603 Craig st.

BOOKBINDERS—FINISHER WANTED, ONE that can do forwarding; steady situation. 603 Craig street.

WANTED — A YOUNG GIRL OF 15, TO assist with light housework. Apply 87 Drolet st. 70

BOYS WANTED

Smart boy, for Bindery work; also one for office work. Apply Herald Office.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES

Advertisements in this column ½c per word per insertion, 6 insertions for the price of four.

FIRST CLASS STORAGE — TO HAVE YOUR sleigh stored in a good place, apply to J. Bonhomme, carriage maker, corner St. James and Richmond. Tel. Up 1424. 68

WANTED TO RENT

SMALL OFFICE OR DESK ROOM WANTED, in central locality. In reply, give rental per month. Apply W. G., Herald. 72

BUSINESS CHANCES

WANTED—A PARTNER, WITH CONSIDERABLE capital, to invest in a well-established, profitable dry goods business, in the best building and location in the city of Moncton, N.B. Address Box 18. 74

EDUCATIONAL

Advertisements in this column ½c per word per insertion, 6 insertions for the price of four.

MRS. JESSIE KELLOND, TEACHER OF Piano, Guitar, Mandolin and Banjo. 613 City Councillors st. 95

FLORIST

FLOWERS are always acceptable as presents. All kinds Pot Grown Plants in bloom and Foliage Bouquets, Cut Flowers, splendid collection Fancy Fern Dishes, Palms, Ch. Deryinck 457 St. Lawrence Tel. E. 2437.

MONTREAL ART PRINTERS—HERALD JOB DEPARTMENT.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Advertisements under this heading, 20 words for 10c; 6 insertions for 25c.

WANTED — A GOOD, STRONG BOY. Apply Herald Pressroom Foreman.

WANTED — A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT; must cook well; four in family; no children. Apply, with references, 148 Bishop st. 68

WANTED — COAT MAKERS, FOR FINE custom tailoring; steady work; highest wages paid. Apply 2383 St. Catherine st.

WANTED—A GIRL TO HELP WITH ROOMS and sew; also general servant; must have references. Apply 182 University, before 4 or after 6 o'clock. 71

WANTED — FOR FIRE INSURANCE OFFICE, competent clerk. Apply to P.O. Box 2353.

WANTED — EARN A BETTER SALARY and position. Study electricity, mechanical engineering, telegraphy, at home, by correspondence. Thousands successful. Thomas A. Edison indorses Institute. Book, "Can I Become an Electrical Engineer?" mailed free. Electrical Engineer Institute, New York. tf

WANTED — RESPECTABLE AND INTELLIGENT persons, to solicit orders for nursery stock; to the right parties I can offer the best inducements; best time in the year to make a start. Apply for terms, at once, to E. D. Smith, Winona, Ont.

WANTED—OPERATORS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS; good wages and steady work all the year round; we make overalls, pants, shirts, ladies' shirt waists and costumes, collars and cuffs. Apply at main office, The Standard Shirt Co., Limited, 159 to 215 Delorimier ave. tf

MEN WANTED

THROUGHOUT CANADA AND UNITED STATES.

SALARY OR COMMISSION—$840 a year and Expenses, payable weekly, to good reliable men representing us in their district, introducing our goods, distributing large and small advertising matter. No experience, only honesty required. Write at once for instructions. SALUS MEDICINAL CO., London, Ont.

WANTED — OPERATORS, EXPERIENCED girls can earn from 75c to $2.00 per day. Our instructors will teach girls wishing to learn. Please cut out this adv. and bring it with you, and apply at office The Standard Shirt Co., Ltd., 217 Delorimier ave. tf

AGENTS WANTED

Advertisements in this column ½c per word per insertion, 6 insertions for the price of four.

FREE SAMPLE WATCHES — WE WANT agents everywhere, and will give a free $10 sample and liberal commission to every agent who sells our watches. If you want profitable employment for your spare moments, write us for sample and terms at once. Ideal Watch Co., Dept. 34, Toronto, Ont.

DOGS—WANTED, LOST, ETC.

Advertisements under this heading, 20 words, 6 insertions, for 25c.

FOR SALE — YORKSHIRE TERRIER, male, from prize winning stock. Price $25. Apply rear of 20 St. Mark st. 70

MARRIAGE LICENSES

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY Arthur W. Wilks. Wilks and Michaud, Public Accountants, Merchants' Bank Building. Tel. M. 4128.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FEMALE

Advertisements under this heading, 20 words for 10c; 6 insertions for 25c.

WANTED — WORK BY A RESPECTABLE woman, of any kind, by the day; city or country preferred. Apply 127 Alexander st.

WANTED — YOUNG LADY, EMPLOYED during day, desires office work evenings; experienced; best of references. Address K 149, Herald Office. 68

SITUATIONS WANTED, MALE

WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN, POSITION as bookkeeper; can furnish the best of references. Address J. M. Dodd, Elmside, Que.

WANTED—A TAILOR WANTS TO WORK in house, dyeing and pressing and cleaning, at cheap prices. 696 Lagauchetiere st. 73

WANTED — DURING SPARE TIME, IN OFFICE work, as typewriting copy. Apply Box K 153, Herald. 71

WANTED — TRAVELLER, CALLING ON steamship owners, marine and stationary engines, in Ontario, would take first class side line. J. H. Cooke, London, Ont.

PROPERTY FOR SALE

HOUSES FOR SALE — Here's to the MAN who WANTS a home. Pay us $11 monthly for 200 months, and OWN a $2,000 Home. Insurance policy free. How much has it cost you? Write People's Loan and Deposit Co., Guardian Bldg., Montreal. Agents wanted.

WESTMOUNT—FOR SALE—EASY TERMS. Up-to-date semi-detached house, 371 Metcalfe avenue. Close to cars. Apply to J. Stevenson Brown & Co., 20 Guardian Building. 70

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED — MATTRESSES MADE OVER AT private houses. Double sizes, $1.25; medium, $1.05; single, 85 cents. Mattress maker, 4 Bulger ave.

IN BUYING YOUR HOME THROUGH US you get—the use of $1,000 for less than 3 per cent. per annum, three months' grace for sickness, etc.—a Life Insurance Policy free, to secure your Home. This is "The Sterling Plan" you hear so much about. We want good agents, too, and it pays to work for us. Call or write. M. C. Hubel, Manager, Guardian Bldg., Montreal. 70

RITA — 15 PLATEAU STREET, PROFESSIONAL mender of ladies', gentlemen's and children's clothes, underwear, hosiery and table linen. Orders called for.

"HOW TO BE PLUMP." — A NEW AND valuable discovery; no drugs; harmless; can be prepared in any home; recommended by a physician; makes you plump and rosy. Recipe and full instructions, 30c. L. H. Hardy, St. Bazile of P. Que.

PLUMBERS & STEAMFITTERS

R. E. HANDFIELD, PRACTICAL ROOFER, Plumber, Steam and Gas Fitter. Electric bells, electric light. 1782 Notre Dame street. Bell Phone Main 2888. eodtf

BUSINESS CARDS

J. A. FINLAYSON (SUCCESSOR TO FINLAYSON & Grant), Customs Broker and Forwarder, Warehouseman, 415 and 417 St. Paul st., Montreal. Heated Storage. Pond of Free. Telephone Main 1303. P.O. Box 424.

FOR SALE

Advertisements in this column ½c per word per insertion, 6 insertions for the price of four.

FOR SALE—SAFES, FIRE AND BURGLAR proof, new and secondhand, at prices that defy competition. Largest stock in city. A. Ahern, Montreal Safe Works, 390 St. James. Telephone Main 818.

FOR SALE — KINDLING FOR THE MILLION. Kindling wood, $2.00; cut hard wood, $3.00; mill blocks, $1.75; tamarac blocks, $2.00 per load. Also anthracite coal. J. C. McDiarmid, 3 Canal Basin, corner Guy and William st. Tel. Main 453.

FOR SALE — LARGE FIREPROOF SAFE for sale cheap. Suitable for commercial house. Apply to Gilman and Bogue, 138a St. James st. 75

FOR SALE — HEMLOCK AND SPRUCE, one, two and three inches. A bargain. Address Box K 150, Herald.

FOR SALE — ROAD MAKING MACHINERY, stone crushers, steam road rollers, graders, mud scrapers, steam and gasoline fire engines, contractors' machinery. T. A. Morrison & Co., 204 St. James st., Montreal. 71

FOR SALE — LARGE STOCK NORWICH canary birds, male and female, cheap; finest in the city, at 1751 St. Hubert st., above C.P.R. track. 70

FOR SALE — ON VERY EASY TERMS, kitchen stoves, hall stoves, and everything for the house, at cheapest prices. The Prince Co., 32 St. Lawrence st.

ROOMS AND BOARD

Advertisements under this heading, 20 words for 10c; 6 insertions for 25c.

SINGLE ROOM AND BOARD, 30 BERTHELET street. Bath room flat. 6tf

ROOMS — TWO UNFURNISHED OR FURNISHED rooms to let; also one single room; close to cars. Apply 87 Metcalfe ave., St. Henri. 70

LEGAL CARDS

MACLENNAN, CLINE & MACLENNAN, Barristers, etc., Cornwall, Ont. D. B. Maclennan, K.C., C. H. Cline, F.J. Maclennan.

LEITCH, PRINGLE & CAMERON, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notaries Public, etc., Cornwall, Ont. Jas. Leitch, K.C., R. A. Pringle, J. A. C. Cameron, LL.B.

GIBBONS & HARPER, BARRISTERS, etc., Richmond and Carling sts., London. Geo. C. Gibbons, K.C., Fred F. Harper.

GREENSHIELDS & GREENSHIELDS, Barristers, etc., 1724 Notre Dame st.

J. S. BUCHAN, K.C., ADVOCATE, ETC. Canada Life Building, 132 St. James street, Montreal.

UNDERTAKERS & EMBALMERS

J. C. WRAY & BRO., 290 Mountain st., and 123 St. Dominique. Uptown 2728. East 117.

SEALE & SON, cor. Beaver Hall Hill and Dorchester. Uptown 969.

WILLIAM WRAY, 1226 St. Catherine st. Uptown 2667.

HALPIN & VINCENT, 1331 Notre Dame street. Main 1674.

M. FERON & SON, 90 St. Antoine street, 237 Centre st. Main 1267 and 1984.

CO-OPERATIVE FUNERAL EXPENSE Society, 1756 St. Catherine st. East 1235.

DUFAULT & RANGER, 1106 Ontario street. East 2323.

ALBERT GRIFFITH, 673 Wellington street. Main 4418.

ROOMS TO RENT

WESTMOUNT, one large, double room, with small sitting room adjoining. First-class in every respect. Nothing cheap. $30 or $45 per month. A. B. C., Herald.

OFFICES TO LET

In the New Hospital Street Extension of the

BELL TELEPHONE BUILDING,

Entrances on Notre Dame and Hospital Streets.

Apply—Room 24, Bell Telephone Bldg. Telephone Main 3352.

OFFICES TO LET

FINE SUITE OF CORNER OFFICES, IN the C.P.R. Telegraph Building; about 1,500 ft. floor space. Close to Stock Exchange and Post Office. Apply to Room 37, C.P.R. Telegraph Building.

NOTICE

Application has been made to the Corporation of the City of Montreal for leave to erect a boiler and engine in rear No. 12, 14 and 16 Gain Street, Montreal.

A. HOOLAHAN & CO.

Montreal, March 15, 1904.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

THE ST. CHARLES

Atlantic City, N.J.

Directly on the Ocean front. Remains open throughout the year. Bell telephone in rooms. Sea water in all baths. Golf privileges.

NEWLIN HAINES.

The Beauty

of a Precious Stone may be helped or marred by the setting of it. In our store we give more than ordinary attention to the subject of Mountings, and will be glad to have you come and see what we have to offer—Diamonds, Emeralds, Pearls, etc., of surpassing beauty, exquisitely mounted.

N. Beaudry & Fils
212 ST. LAWRENCE MAIN STREET.
Monument National Building.

HAVE YOU GOT A COLD?

Then try HARTE'S GRIPPE WAFERS. A sure cure.

HAVE YOU A COUGH?

Get a bottle of HARTE'S COUGH MIXTURE. The best thing out. Price 25c.

J. A. HARTE,
1778 Notre Dame Street

THE INTERCOLONIAL

COAL MINING COMPANY, LTD.

Works—Drummond Colliery, Westville, Nova Scotia.

Miners and Producers of "Drummond" Coal and Coke, from the celebrated Pictou Seams of Nova Scotia. Offered in all sizes and quantities to suit purchasers. Shipments by water or rail.

Head Office, Room 311, Merchants Bank Building, Montreal.

Colonial House,
PHILLIPS SQUARE.

Colored Dress Goods!

TWEEDS

Splendid value, in 4 lines, at .... 65c. 75c. 80c and $1.00
A few Extreme Novelties, 56 inches wide, at .... $1.25 and $1.35
In Black and White and Gray and White Mixtures, comprising MOHAIRS, TWEEDS, BASKET, ETAMINE, CANVAS, ETC., a large selection. Extra value.
NEW CHALLIES, DIMITIES, ORGANDIES AND SWISSES.
CREAM GOODS, in all the latest weaves, including lines in All Wool Canvas, Etamines, at .... 60c. 65c and 70c
ETAMINES, in the New Champagnes, New Blue, Grays and Browns, extra .... 70c. 90c and $1.00

SPRING

Black Dress Goods!

The Newest and Handsomest Productions of the Best European Manufacturers.
BLACK VOILE DE PARIS—Black Voile de Paris. Prices, from .... 75c to $2.25
BLACK BROADCLOTH—Black Broadcloth, high lustrous finish, 52 inches, from .... $2.75 to $4.00
EOLIENNES—Black Silk and Wool Eolienne, from .... $1.00 to $2.25
AMAZON—Black All Wool Amazon, 44 in. and 48 in. wide, from .... 75c to $2.25
CANVAS—Black All Wool Canvas and Silk and Wool Canvas, full range.
GRENADINES—A full range of All Wool and Silk and Wool Grenadines. Prices from .... $1.00 to $3.00
BOUTON—Black All Wool Bouton Canvas, 44 in. $1.50
SICILIAN—Black Sicilian, the newest Black Dress Fabrics for Spring and Summer. Prices from .... 50c to $1.75

PRINTS

NEW FANCY DRESS SATEENS,
NEW FANCY CANVAS CLOTHS,
NEW PLAIN COLORED CANVAS CLOTHS,
Blues, Black and Green.
GRASS CLOTHS, Black and White.
FINE WHITE VESTING, Spots.
LINEN SUITINGS, all colors.

DRESS TRIMMINGS

We have received the LATEST NOVELTIES in SPRING DRESS TRIMMINGS, among which are the following:
WHITE AND GOLD GIMPS, in all widths.
BLACK AND GOLD GIMPS, in all widths.
COLORED AND GOLD GIMPS, in latest designs.
CHAMPAGNE AND CHAMPAGNE AND COLORED GIMPS.
BLACK, WHITE AND COLORED CHIFFON APPLIQUE.
BLACK SEQUIN GIMPS, in all widths.
Narrow and Wide, Plain and Fancy COLORED BRAIDS, suitable for Spring Costumes.
TINSEL BRAIDS, in all widths.
BLACK, BLACK AND WHITE AND COLORED COLLARS, suitable for Costumes.

SAMPLES SENT TO ANY ADDRESS, AND SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO MAIL ORDERS.

Henry Morgan & Co.
MONTREAL.

Spring Hat Time is Here!

So is OUR COMPLETE NEW ASSORTMENT of

STYLISH SPRING SHAPES.

NELSON'S

1864 Notre Dame and
2288 St. Catherine St.

SPIROZONE

Cures all foul perspirations of the feet and armpits. Absolute cure guaranteed by one application. Don't fail to use SPIROZONE for the obnoxious perspirations to which the feet and armpits are subject. For ten years we have had the most conclusive assurances that it has never failed in one case to absolutely cure with only one application.

All druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price, $1.00.

The SPIROZONE COMPANY, Box 87, Rigaud, Que.

LAURIE ENGINE COMPANY
MONTREAL CANADA.

HARBOR BERTHS ARE ALLOTTED

Commissioners Took a Long Time to Adopt Harbor Master McShane's Report.

The special meeting of the Harbor Commissioners held on Saturday, proved a very interesting one. It was only after a very hot discussion that the report of Harbor Master McShane, was, with but one amendment, adopted. The chief difficulty was caused by the contention of some of the members that the space it was intended to set aside, if any of the proposed steel sheds were erected, should not be alloted to any company. The Harbor Master in his report thought that these spaces should be alloted, but only on the understanding that the companies on receiving notice should give them up again. The only amendment to the report was that the space to be alloted the Leyland and Hamburg-American lines should be placed together. The principal portions of the report are as follows:

The allotments should be made on the distinct understanding that when any berths or spaces are not in use by the parties to whom they have been alloted they shall be at the disposal of the Harbor Master, and if the use of a shed be required the rate to be charged therefor shall be governed by the Harbor Commissioners, and also if any party or parties shall be notified during the coming season to remove their sheds or other appurtenances from the space or site which may be allotted them on account of such space or site being required for harbor improvements, such party or parties shall, at their own expense, and within ten days after notice in writing from the secretary of the Harbor Commission, remove their sheds, etc., and have no claim whatever on the Commissioners for such removal.

With regard to location of space, he made the following recommendations:

"Allan line—1,000 feet on the shore wharf opposite the Harbor Office, and 1,000 feet on the western side of the Alexandra pier.

"Dominion line steamships—1,000 feet on the eastern side of the Alexandra pier.

"The Canadian Pacific Railway Atlantic line—1,020 feet on the western side of King Edward pier, and 505 feet on eastern side of the King Edward pier.

The R. Reford Co., Ltd.—505 feet on eastern side of King Edward pier, 621 feet on shore wharf section 17, and 350 feet on western side of Jacques Cartier pier.

"Furness, Withy & Co.—605 feet on eastern side Jacques Cartier pier sections E and D.

"Henry Dobell & Co.—370 feet at section 19.

"The Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Company—Same berths as occupied last season the whole outside portion and upper part of the Victoria pier.

"J. G. Brock & Co., agent for SS. Campana, and A. Lemieux, agent for SS. Gaspesien, 325 feet only, at Victoria pier, Section 20 D, for both steamers.

"Steamer Prefontaine and steamer Victoria, 400 feet, at Victoria pier, section 20 E.

"Steamer St. Laurent, same berth as last year, down-stream, and of the Victoria pier.

"At sections 20-21, 800 feet to be kept clear as an open berth, and in reserve for the steamers that may have to be removed and will require this space (owing to the construction of the new sheds by the Harbor Commissioners).

"Hamburg-American line—500 feet at section 22.

"Leyland line, 600 feet at sections 24-25.

"Canadian Ocean & Inland line, 106 feet at sections 25-26.

"Franco-Canadian and Finska Lloyds' Company, 500 feet at section 27.

"McLean, Kennedy & Co., 400 feet at section 38 for Head line, and 400 feet at section 39 for the Holme line.

"John Lee & Son—Same space as last year at section 23.

"Messrs. R. Graham & Co., P. Payette, N. Levigne, the Ogdensburg Coal & Towing Co., J. O. Labrecque, the Montreal Sand & Gravel Co., and Joseph Touzin—The above parties to have places for cordwood, coal and sand, which I will measure for them on the opening of navigation.

F. Robertson and A. Baile, coal spaces at or near the Donaldson line, left in the hands of the harbor master, to be dealt with later on.

"The Montreal Lighterage Co. and Messrs. Gordon, Ironside and Fair—Same spaces as occupied by them last season for the use of their cattle barges.

W. & J. Sharples, western side of the Laurier pier, section 43, for piling lumber.

Dobell, Beckett & Co., eastern side of the Laurier pier, section 43, for piling lumber.

J. Burstall & Co., 150 feet at section 42, for piling lumber.

McArthur Bros. & Co., 150 feet at section 42, for piling lumber.

E. H. Lemay, 150 feet at section 41, for piling lumber.

The Dominion Transport Company, the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, the Shedden Company and the Grand Trunk Railway Company, same spaces as last season for their small offices.

The Montreal Wharf Scales Company, same space and privileges as last season.

Delphis Rochon, same space as last year at Viauville, for renting small boats.

Mr. Doran was strongly in favor of the report being further amended and in securing Mr. Racine to second his motion proposed that the report should not be adopted. His motion was lost on a vote of 7 to 3, and the proposal that the report be adopted, was carried on the same division reversed.

COMPANIES INCORPORATED.

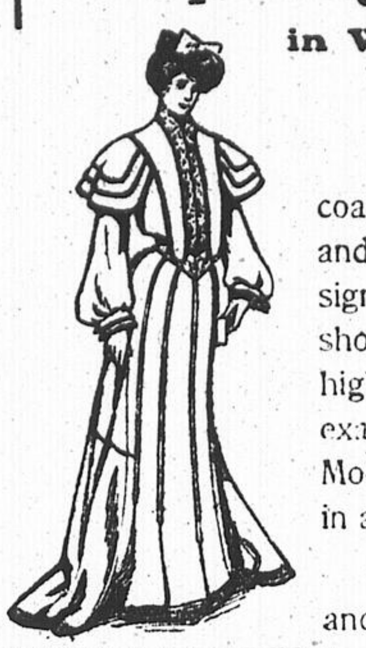
Change in the Firm Name of John Murphy & Company.

Ottawa, March 21.—(Special.)—The port of Sorel is made a port for the registry of ships with the Collector of Customs as registrar.

The St. Raymond Paper Company, of Montreal, has been incorporated.

Incorporation has been granted, incorporating John Murphy, trader and manufacturer; Hugh Henry, trader and manufacturer, Montreal, Quebec; Samuel Gamble, trader and manufacturer, Ottawa; Duncan Devine, accountant, and Louise Isabel Murphy, spinster, Montreal, for the following purposes: To purchase and sell dry goods; to purchase, manufacture and sell goods and merchandise generally, and for such purpose to acquire the business heretofore carried on at the city of Montreal by John Murphy, Hugh Henry and George D. McKay, under the firm name of John Murphy & Company, and the business heretofore carried on in the city of Ottawa by John Murphy, Hugh Henry, George D. McKay and Samuel Gamble, under the firm name and style of John Murphy & Company, and to acquire all other real and personal property, necessary for the purposes of the company. The operations of the company to be carried on throughout the Dominion of Canada and elsewhere by the name of "The John Murphy Company, Limited," with a total capital stock of four hundred and fifty thousand dollars, divided into four thousand five hundred shares of one hundred dollars, and the chief place of business of the company to be at Montreal.

Spring's Smartest Modes
in Women's Man-tailored Costumes



Costume, Style 337—A particularly stylish costume for afternoon calls, Eton coat with new blouse and belt attachment, embroidered vest, belt and cuffs, capes piped with silk to match, new pleated skirt with silk piping. Made in French Novelty Cloths, or plain Broadcloth in any color.

Our showing of Spring suits, skirts and coats is representative of the best thoughts and ideas of the most renowned fashion designers. The styles are exclusive to us—shown by no other house. No matter how high you place your fashion ideals, nor how exacting your ideas of fit and finish, Novi-Modi man-tailored Garments will meet them in a manner most gratifying to you.

We cater to ladies who are particular and who wish to be relieved of dressmaker troubles.

The garments are here for your viewing—won't you call and look them over.

Costume, Style 372—A very handsome, fancy walking suit, coat is made with new cape and blouse front effect, trimmed with taffeta and fancy silk braid, silk lined, skirt pleated all around giving a very graceful flare, trimmed with taffeta to match coat. Made in any cloth desired.

Novi-Modi
MAN-TAILORED COSTUMES

103

Montreal Wardrobe, 2364 St. Catherine St.
OTTAWA:—166 Sparks St. BROCKVILLE:—Robt. Wright & Co., Agents.

TWENTY FIVE HORSES BURNED

Bewildered by Fire and Smoke They Refused to Leave Burning Stables.

Twenty-five horses dead and five more under the care of a veterinary surgeon. That is the result of a fire Saturday night in the stables of the Parker Carting Co., 42 Grand Trunk Street, Point St. Charles.

At the time of the blaze the stable contained thirty-one horses, and of the lot only one escaped with slight injury.

The origin of the blaze is a mystery. When the employes left the stables at six o'clock there was no sign of fire, but a couple of hours later the smoke and flames were pouring from the windows and roof, and a good sized conflagration was well under way.

Every effort was at once made to get the horses out, but six of them were dead when they were found. The others were terrified, and although the fire was roaring and seething around them they refused to move. Consequently it was with considerable difficulty they were got into the street. When they were finally taken out they were in such a condition, scorched and smoked, that nineteen more died. Five others are now being treated by a veterinary, but little hope is entertained for their recovery.

The fire was soon extinguished, but not before the interior of the building was badly gutted.

The horses were all valuable draught animals, and the total damage done by the fire is estimated at $5,500.

MILLINERY AT MORGAN'S.

Annual Spring Opening Was Held on Saturday.

Though it is daily becoming a matter of grave consideration as to whether our winter will ever pass on, it doesn't in the least seem to dampen the ardor of the Montreal ladies who are on Easter shopping bent. Why, to get even a peep into Morgan's millinery parlors all day Saturday was an act of heroism. Servers from several different departments had to be called to the scene of action to look after the wants of the many customers.

The spring millinery opening in this establishment is always a much looked forward-to event, and certainly this year's showing seems to out-rival anything seen here before. Whether it is due to the fact that the styles and colors are prettier than ever or that the milliners are displaying more taste is a question; no doubt, both reasons are mainly correct. Whatever it is it, the results are most fascinating.

Browns, blues and the champagne shades seem to be the leaders this season. High crowns are shown to some extent. The carriage and reception hats are all largely of the Gainsborough order, trimmed with quantities of beautiful lace and small flowers.

An effective and striking hat was of black chiffon, pointed on one side, with insertion of shirred chiffon and long black plume. A poppy red hat was also very popular, made of fancy straw, edged in shaded poppies. The ribbon trimming was of a feather effect, a very pleasing novelty. A large white chip hat with drapings of lace and wreath of straw buttons and foliage was also much admired. A Dolly Varden chiffon hat was one of the novelties with Dresden forget-me-nots on band edge and crown, fastened at the back with narrow green velvet ribbon, finished with fall of lace on the brim. A chip hat in the champagne shade with shaded brown feather, a drape of ecru lace and pale pink rosebuds on the band was another beauty. A large ivory-white satin-braid hat, heavily trimmed with cream ball lace, white satin ribbon and long shaded blue panne was perhaps the daintiest on view. Another odd hat was of black mohair braid with facings of lilies of the valley, trimmed with shaded green ribbon, black ribbon and gold buttons.

Flower toques in all shades are also very popular this year and are most becoming.

In the smart ready-to-wear hat there is all the heart could wish for. One noticed was a pointed toque shape of brown straw trimmed with velvet ribbon of the same shade and flowers.

In bonnets and children's wear there is also a great variety to choose from, as well as untrimmed hats.

CHIC HATS

You want to dress well? Your headgear is of the utmost importance if you would be well dressed. We have no rivals in the hat and fur business. Known the world over for the quality of our goods and low prices. Get your spring hat from us and save money. Chas. Desjardins, St. Catherine street.

DRINK

Stroud's

TEAS and COFFEES

A Trial will make you our regular patron.

Quality tells in making customers.

LAUNDRY

Our work stands for excellence and your laundry lasts longer if you send it to us, because we have cared for it for you. We wash your laundry well, iron it carefully and send it back to you as good as new.

American Steam Laundry,
Phone Up 905 41 BEAVER HALL HILL.

Hospitality
DEMANDS THE BEST!

You could not serve your friends with a better **BRANDY** than

Ph. RICHARD COGNAC

100 pure.

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Wholesale Grocers,
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Agents for Canada.

COKE $1.75 per ton Cheaper than Anthracite Coal. Best domestic fuel for stoves, furnaces and open grates. . . . . . **$5.50** Per Ton delivered C.O.D.)

The Montreal Light, Heat and Power Company.

SPECIAL SALE OF

NEW SPRING HATS

$2.00 $2.50 $3.00

ROYAL STORES

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

[Advertising Rates — Birth Notices, 25c; Marriage Notices, 50c; Death Notices, 50c.]

BIRTHS.

BONNER—Ottawa, March 15, to Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Bonner, a daughter.

CAFFREY—401 Magdalen Street, Point St. Charles, March 16, the wife of James Caffrey, of a son.

HAWTHORNE—191 Aqueduct Street, March 13, to Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Hawthorne, a daughter.

MACDONALD—Brownsburg, Que., March 10, the wife of James McDonald, of a daughter.

MORANVILLE—Fitch Bay, Que., March 11, the wife of D. J. Moranville, of a daughter.

PUGH—Kingston, Ont., March 16, to Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Pugh, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

COLE-GRIGG—Cambridge, N.B., March 12th, Eldon Cole to May Grigg.

MAGEE-GREY—Cardinal, Ont., March 8, John E. Magee to Alice, daughter of Mrs. Gray, of Chesterville.

MORRISON-SPAULDING—Boston, Mass., on March 10, Lee Morrison to Jane Spaulding, formerly of Montreal.

REID-JACK—"Hillside," Chateauguay Basin, Que., March 17, Peter Reid, son of the late Wm. Reid, of Montreal, to Ruth Jack, daughter of the late Robert Jack.

DEATHS IN THE CITY.

BLORE — 399 Bourgeois Street, March 17, Samuel Blore.

BURLAND—288 Prince Arthur Street, March 19, William Benjamin Burland, M.D., aged 61. Funeral on Tuesday, 22nd instant, at 2.30 o'clock.

CUTT—475 Argyle Avenue, Westmount, March 18, Harry Cutt, aged 19.

HANLON—March 18, Mary Coleman, widow of the late Lawrence Hanlon.

HAAS—March 20, Wilhelm Haas, of Lennep, Germany, aged 53. Funeral on Tuesday, at 2.30 p.m., from Seale & Sons' undertakers rooms, corner Beaver Hall and Dorchester Street, to Cote des Neiges Cemetery.

LASH—233 Elm Avenue, March 20, Marianne Page, widow of the late George Lash, of St. John's, Newfoundland, aged 75. Funeral on Tuesday, the 27th instant, at 10.30 a.m., to Mount Royal Cemetery.

McANULTY—396 Pine Avenue, March 18th, Thomas McAnulty, aged 70.

MACKIE—4353 Montrose Avenue, Westmount, March 19, Janet Douglas, wife of James Mackie. Funeral at 7 o'clock Tuesday morning, to 8 o'clock train for Windsor Mills, Bonaventure Depot. Funeral service at residence, this (Monday) evening, 8 o'clock.

DEATHS ELSEWHERE.

BILLING—Valcartier, Que., March 16, John Billing, aged 76.

BOIVIN—Bergerville, Que., March 15, Mrs. Delia Bricault de Lamarche, wife of Joseph Boivin, carriage maker, aged 52.

BOOTHE—Waterloo, Que., March 15, Annie E. Boothe, daughter of Mrs. J. H. Boothe, aged 27.

COYNE—St. Thomas, Ont., March 12, Mrs. Wm. Coyne, aged 82.

CRAWFORD—St. John, N.B., March 16, Anne, widow of the late James Crawford, aged 88.

DELOREY — Tracadie, Antigonish, N.S., on March 5, Benjamin Nicholas DeLorey, aged 56 years.

DRURY—Fall River, Mass., March 12, Mary Gannon, wife of Martin Drury.

EMPRINGHAM—Scarboro' Junction, Ont., on March 16, Lizzie Empringham, aged 21.

GORDON—Rockly, Cumberland, N.S., March 8, John Gordon, aged 72.

GRAVES—Moncton, N.B., March 10, H. G., son of Hiram Graves, aged 33.

HOLYOKE—Woodstock, N.B., March 11, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Holyoke.

HICKEY — Amherst, N.S., Feb. 17, Mary Grace, daughter of Frank P. Hickey, aged 8.

HINGLEY—French River, Pictou, N.S., on March 3, John R. Hingley, aged 79.

KNOX—Moncton, N.B., March 19, Wm. J. Knox, aged 37.

MAGINN—Highland Creek, Ont., March 7, Edith Emily, daughter of M. S. B. Maginn, aged 14.

RYAN—Chateaugay Lake, N.Y., March 13, Emma, daughter of James Ryan, and sister of Maggie Ryan, Montreal.

WILSON—Toronto, March 15, William Wilson, aged 74.

WILLIAMS—Allenford, Ont., March 16, Katherine S. Williams, daughter of Dr. R. W. Williams and granddaughter of the late Rev. John A. Williams, D.D.

SHENACADIE SWELLS
swell out on lady charlotte gelatine.

YOU NEVER KNOW WHEN YOU MAY DIE. GO

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We have the Largest Studio in Canada. Visitors are welcome.

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(Gold Medallists, Paris, 1900.)
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OUR $3.00 SHOES

Are built with a view to satisfying those who want nothing but a stylish, well made, and lasting shoe. This is the time you want good foot protection.

See our stock of

MOONEY'S
Cor. ST. CATHERINE and
ALEXANDER STREETS.
Phone Up 12. We Give Cash Receipts.

THE SMOKER OF

FRISCO CIGARS

Can depend on a pleasant smoke. Made only by the best Union workmen. Once tried always used.

JAMES M. AIRD'S
TRITICUMINA BREAD
99 to 101 St. Urbain St.
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Liverpool & London & Globe
INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital and Assets exceed...$61,000,000
Canadian Investments exceed 3,000,000
Claims Paid exceed 200,000,000

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THE WORLD OF SPORT

Sporting Comment

As Arthur Duffy is in the sprint so is Alfred Shrubb in long distance running. No one can approach either. They are in a class by themselves, and rank among the best half dozen athletes of whom the modern world has any accurate comparative information, and of whom Donald Dinnie may be said to be the chief. Shrubb has scored his fourth consecutive victory in the English cross-country championship, and has equalled the record existing for so many years of Percy Stennings. His win in 54 mins. 25 secs. from 113 others is further confirmation of his being a human "flyer" of a century, as, although there is a doubt of the distance measuring ten miles, his pace to the end of the journey was extraordinary. Shrubb was so placed at the start that he could not get clear and dash away with the lead, as is his custom; and it was not until nearly half a mile had been covered that he managed to work his way through. On going out into the country, Shrubb seized the first suitable opportunity of trying to break up his most dangerous opponents. Going up a steep hill with long grass the champion suddenly put on a tremendous spurt, and climbing the incline like a deer shot clean away, at once opening up a gap of about 150 yards. His opponents tried desperately hard to hang on, but without avail.

The supremacy of men like Duffy and Shrubb raises the question—do the best men enter the field of regular competition? The writer remembers one famous case in which the opposite was proved. A few years ago a Scottish schoolboy, Hugh Welsh, of the Watsonians, and a member of a great athletic family, beat in a two miles scratch team race the prominent distance runners of Scotland. He was only sixteen. A year afterward he competed in the English mile championship, and would have won easily but for the most dastardly trick ever seen on a cinder path. When the boy went to the front one of the other competitors rushed up behind him and spiked his leg, tearing off the shoe, and badly laming him, but he ran on barefooted and lame, the cinders cutting his flesh like paper, and though this occurred with half a mile to go, he finished the race only 20 yards behind A. E. Tysoe, of Salford, who won in 4 mins. 28 secs. It was thought at the time that he would never be able to run again, but next year he appeared at the English championships. His most dangerous rival was the Rev. Lutyens, but Welsh won in the most comfortable fashion, looking back and running easily. The extraordinary thing was that his time was only a fifth of a second outside the world's record and he was only eighteen years of age. Had he been pushed he would undoubtedly have lowered the record by several seconds. Welsh was never fond of running, and could only be induced to turn out about half a dozen times a year, and was never trained. About a year after this he gave up running altogether. Now, here was a man who never had to do his best to win his races. He was never beaten once in a straight race. What would he not have done had he been properly drawn out? And there must have been many others with such capabilities in the history of athletics, men who have never competed regularly or seriously, yet who were unbeatable in their time. Christopher North, Sir Walter Scott's professional friend, had no peer as a Cumberland wrestler and appeared at athletic contests under an assumed name. These are only two of many such.

The subject brings up another interesting question. Why is it that the Mother Country athletes are superior in long distances, while on this side we excel in short distance events, that is, in matters of stamina they seem to be superior. We see it in running, rowing, wrestling and football particularly. Americans as a rule lay it down to the system of training in the schools. For instance, a boy trains for football by running long distances, while in America he does a good deal of sharp indoor work. That is only true up to a point, for the British schoolmaster will never allow a boy to do long distance work who shows any talent over short distances. Then again the back division men never undergo the same sort of training as the forwards. They are on the field for speed, and they are trained accordingly. From an experience of both the writer is convinced that the qualities exhibited in each country are due mainly to climatic conditions. The damper air of the Old Country induces a slower gait but greater staying power, while the sharper, crisper atmosphere of this side of the Atlantic certainly promotes speed as opposed to dogged persistence. A student of athletics will observe that Americans are longer in the body and neck, while the chest is narrower. A British athlete is thicker and broader. No one would be accounted for much over there if he measured less than 39 inches round the chest. The difference in climate must have bred the change, for the original stock is the same. With such a difference already in such a short space of time, the logical deduction is that in the future we shall develop speed more and more in the short distance, while across the herring pond they will maintain their supremacy in long distance work.

Football

The Scottish Championships.

In the Scottish Cup competition on March 5, the Celtic beat Dundee 5-0, and the Glasgow Rangers beat Paisley St. Minen 3-0.

Under Rugby rules the Watsonians trounced the West of Scotland by 49 points to nil, and Edinburgh University drew with the Edinburgh Academicals 5 points each. By drawing with Edinburgh Academicals, Edinburgh University made their position as joint holders of the Scottish championship practically secure. Glasgow Academicals sharing the honor. Each has lost only one game, though the Academicals have much the better point record. The idea of a deciding game has apparently been abandoned.

The Game Across the Sea.

The English league matches played on Saturday, March 5, resulted as follows: Small Heath beat Sunderland, 2-1; Wolverhampton Wanderers beat West Bromwich Albion, 2-1; and Notts Forest beat Stoke, 3-2.

Under Rugby rules the London Scottish beat their ancient rivals, Blackheath, by 14 points to 10; Richmond beat Lennox 16-0; London Welsh beat London Irish 30-0; Swansea beat Newport 11-0; Leicester beat Gloucester, 3-0; Cardiff beat Devonport Albion, 4-3.

The English Cup.

As the result of the English Cup ties on Saturday, March 5, Derby county and Bolton Wanderers are in the semi-final. Derby county beat Blackburn Rovers by 2 goals to 1 at Derby and Bolton Wanderers beat Sheffield United the erstwhile league leaders, by 2 goals to nil, at Sheffield.

Two of the games were draws. Tottenham Hotspur, the team which John Cameron, of the Queens Park, of Scotland, turned into cup-holders, drew with Sheffield Wednesday—at Tottenham. Manchester City played a pointless draw with Middlesbrough at Manchester. 35,000 people saw the match.

Athletics

Encouraging Athletics.

Kingston, Ont., March 19.—(Special.)—Queen's Track Club has decided to hold the university sports all in one afternoon next October, instead of morning and afternoon as heretofore has been the custom. A silver cup will be given to every competitor who breaks a Queen's record, except in the hurdle race and throwing the discus, which records are somewhat low at Queen's.

This offer is made to stir up a greater interest in the sports, and entice students to enter training at an earlier period than usual. The fact is that few of the students do any training at all.

An invitation is to given at once to the R. M. C. Cadets to send representatives. Of late the Cadets have not competed with the Queen's men, and for the past two years have held their sports on the same day. In order that another clash of dates may be avoided, this early invitation is to be extended. Competition by a few of the best athletes from the best athletes from the Military College will put a little more ginger into the Queen's men.

Toronto University Officers.

The Toronto University Amateur Athletic Association has elected the following officers: Hon. president, the Provost; hon. vice-presidents, Rev. Dean Duckworth, Prof. Young and C. E. Clarke, B.A.; secretary, T. H. Gordon; assistant treasurer, C. De Foilet; committee, A. E. Hewetson, R. J. McGowan, W. R. Smith, T. R. Mitchell, F. C. McLeod.

Athenaeum A. A. A.

A stag euchre and general meeting of the Athenaeum A.A.A. will be held at Raby's Hall, Fulford Street, on Wednesday, March 30, when a battle royal for the president's euchre prize will ensue.

All members are requested to bring a friend and be on hand early, to discuss the future of the West End Club, as the management is desirous of obtaining admission to the junior baseball, lacrosse and football leagues. A rattling turnout is urgently looked for.

Any young man of the West End desirous of joining this thriving organization can obtain application blanks from its members or Mr. Geo. W. Meldrum, hon. secretary, Guardian building.

Admission tickets for the meeting and euchre of March 30 can be had at Roffey's cigar parlor, on and after Monday.

Bowling

Ottawa Teams Defeated.

The 43rd Rifles and the O.A.A.C. were in Montreal on Saturday to fulfil league engagements. Both were beaten. The scores were:

43rd Rifles.

Lindsay	135	181	179—495
Stoddard	186	166	142—494
Armstrong	164	145	152—461
Turnbull	147	179	180—506
White	152	159	190—501
Church	199	194	137—530
Total			2,987

Victoria Rifles.

McNab	171	190	204—565
Parker	189	159	185—533
McIldowie	205	163	115—483
Mills	171	155	162—488
Johnson	188	147	213—548
Drysdale	166	182	185—533
Total			3,150

Majority for the Vics—163.

Victoria Rifles.

McNab	162	190	145—497
Parker	209	203	204—616
McIldowie	181	203	177—561
Mills	154	187	201—542
Johnson	183	150	159—492
Drysdale	209	209	166—584
Total			3,292

Ottawa A. A. C.

Johnson	212	170	152—534
Bayley	177	167	124—468
Tache	169	172	157—498
Gamble	191	170	190—551
Skead	139	154	149—442
Rosenthal	165	199	201—564
Total			3,057

Majority for Vics—235.

Engineers.

Starke	126	192	176—494
Eddison	192	177	172—541
Pearson	163	180	161—504
A. Surgeon	164	194	108—466
Townsend	178	127	159—464
W. Surgeon	170	147	158—475
Total			2,944

Ottawa A. A. C.

Burkitt	147	180	166—493
Tache	146	144	165—455
Bayley	155	163	201—519
Rosenthal	161	143	137—441
Gamble	169	213	108—490
Johnson	121	144	137—402
Total			2,800

Majority for Engineers—144.

Engineers.

Starke	155	139	169—463
Eddison	169	170	165—504
Townsend	172	140	170—482
Surgeon	194	159	156—509
Jenkyn	181	178	155—514
Surgeon	177	193	138—508
Total			2,980

43rd Rifles.

Lindsay	137	120	140—397
Turnbull	150	151	123—424
Armstrong	146	169	142—457
White	140	140	179—459
Stoddard	186	160	143—489
Church	183	163	169—515
Total			2,741

Majority for Engineers—239.

Cricket

Trumble's Magnificent Bowling.

According to the latest mails the result of the last test match in Australia was, of course, due to the treacherous state of the pitch. The severity of the defeat was chiefly due to the marvellous bowling of Cotter—the now southern "star"—and Trumble, the declining constellation, whose last International match this was. Trumble's departure from these test matches was, as is fitting, of the pyrotechnic order. Never before, in all the stern struggles he has waged against England's picked batsmen, had he accomplished the "hat-trick." Its achievement was, perhaps, the most remarkable of a long series of remarkable deeds with the ball against the Mother country. Altogether on the last day of the match he took seven wickets for 28 runs. As Mr. Warner says, he was "absolutely unplayable." The scores were:

AUSTRALIA.

V. Trumper, c and b Braund	88	b Hirst	0
R. A. Duff, b Braund	9	c Warner, b Rhodes	31
C. Hill, c Braund, b Rhodes	16	c Warner, b Hirst	16
M. A. Noble, c Foster, b Arnold	29	st Lilley, b Rhodes	19
P. McAlister, st Lilley, b Braund	36	c Foster, b Arnold	9
A. H. Gehrs, c and b Braund	3	c and b Hirst	5
A. J. Hopkins, c Knight, b Braund	32	not out	25
C. McLeod, c Rhodes, b Braund	8	c Bosanquet, b Braund	0
H. Trumble, c Foster, b Braund	6	c Arnold b Hirst	0
A. Cotter, b Braund	6	b Hirst	0
J. J. Kelly, not out	6	c and b Arnold	24
Extras	8	Extras	4
Total	247	Total	133

ENGLAND.

Hayward, b Noble	0	absent, ill	0
Arnold, c Kelly, b Noble	0	c Duff, b Trumble	19
Rhodes, c Gehrs, b Cotter	3	not out	16
P. F. Warner, c McAlister, b Cotter	1	c and b Trumble	11
Tyldesley, c Gehrs, b Noble	10	c Hopkins, b Cotter	15
R. E. Foster, b Cotter	18	c Trumper, b Trumble	30
Hirst, c Trumper, b Cotter	0	c McAlister, b Trumble	1
Braund, c Hopkins, b Noble	5	c McAlister, b Cotter	0
Knight, b Cotter	0	c Kelly, b Trumble	0
R. J. T. Bosanquet, c Noble, b Cotter	16	c Gehrs, b Trumble	9
Lilley, not out	6	lbw, b Trumble	0
Extras	2	Extras	5
Total	61	Total	101

Baseball

Eastern Canadian League.

At the meeting of the Eastern Canadian Baseball League, Ottawa and Ste. Hyacinthe were admitted to membership. Hull's application was refused as they had failed to make their deposit and had no grounds to play on. This makes the league as follows:

Ottawa, Farnham, St. Hyacinthe, Mascotte, Montreal.

Billiards

English Billiards at the M. A. A. A.

The English billiard tournament at the M.A.A.A. was continued on Saturday. Two games were played in Class B, with the following results:—F. P. Duff (120), scored 120, defeating J. F. Walsh (125), who scored 120. W. G. Robertson (100), scored 100, defeating R. C. Anderson (110), who scored 83.

Lawn Tennis

International Tennis.

The entry list for the international lawn tennis championship, which is to be decided at Wimbledon next July, has closed with the receipt of three challenges, from France, Austria and Belgium.

To the surprise and regret of the English Lawn Tennis Association, in whose hands the arrangement of the competition lies, America has decided at the eleventh hour not to challenge this year for the trophy, which was taken from her last year.

The Tennis Finals.

Monte Carlo, March 21.—The finals in the tennis tournament were favored by glorious weather. R. F. Doherty beat J. G. Ritchie in the final for men's singles, thus winning outright the cup and $600, having won for three successive years. H. L. Doherty and Miss Kentish divided the open mixed doubles with R. F. Doherty and Mrs. Adams.

Lacrosse.

Cambridge Won from Oxford.

As expected, Cambridge easily beat Oxford in the 'varsity lacrosse match at Lord's, the final score being 10-4. Considering that lacrosse is a comparatively new game at Oxford, the Dark Blues gave a surprisingly good display. Indeed, in the first half the Oxonians had rather more of the game than their opponents, and at one period were leading by 4 goals to 2. Ross (4), W. Bickford-Smith (3), Whitley (2) and Coop scored for the Cantabs, and Chamier (3) and Gallatly for Oxford.

Toronto's New Team.

Torнto, March 21.—(Special)—Another senior C.L.A. team in Toronto is practically a certainty. Many local enthusiasts are interesting themselves in the formation of a new club, to be known as the Marlboros or the Ontarios, and Fred. Waghorne will probably act as manager and field captain. It is expected that the majority of the players who figured on the Toronto team last year will join the club, and also a number of young Torontos. The management figure upon playing a strong team in the field and a meeting will be held this week to arrange the organization. Games will be played at the Island.

Want to Form a League.

The Silver Star Lacrosse Club having organized for the season are anxious to get into a league with junior teams. A league composed of young clubs, such as the Opals, Silver Stars, etc., would develop a lot of young players that would be good feeders for the senior teams. Address Chas. Young, 152 Drolet street.

Rod and Gun

Montreal Defeated Westmount.

The shoot between the Westmount and Montreal Gun Clubs for the custody of the Montreal Challenge Cup on Saturday afternoon resulted in favor of Montreal by 2 points. The scores were:

Montreal.		Westmount.	
McDuff	12	Lewis	12
Candlish	11	Wotton	9
Edwards	10	Stockwell	9
Redmond	9	Hanson	9
Kearney	6	Cleghorn	7
Total	48	Total	46

There were three other events, of which the results were:

Silver Spoon Competition—Edwards, 20; Stockwell, 18; Redmond, 18; McDuff, 18; Cote, 17; St. Jean, 17; Wottan, 16; Larson, 16; Cleghorn, 16; Lanrault, 5; Hamilton, 15; Outhet, 14; Dr. Candlish, 14; Elliott, 14; L. Candlish, 13; Rainville, 13; White, 13; Bowden, 12; Cooke, 9; Hogan, 9; Kearney, 8.

Twenty Bird Sweep — McDuff, 20; Redmond, 19; Edwards, 18; St. Jean, 18; Cleghorn, 18; Kearney, 17; N. Candlish, 16; Hamilton, 15; Stockwell, 15; Hansen, 15; Outhet, 14; Hogan, 3; Cote, 13; Rainville, 9; Cooke, 9.

Twenty Bird Sweep — **Edwards**, 20; McDuff, 19; Landriault, 18; St. Jean, 18; Redmond, 17; Cote, 16; Kearney, 13; N. Candlish, 12; Rainville, 10; Galbraith, 0.

Turf and Track

Canadian Circuit Dates.

The following are the places, with the dates assigned to them, comprising the Canadian circuit for 1904:

Seaforth—June 7th, 8th and 9th. M. Broderick, secretary.

London—June 14th, 15th and 16th. D. Fraser, secretary.

Listowel—June 22nd, 23rd and 24th. R. T. Kidd, secretary.

Stratford—June 29th, 30th and July 1st. T. S. Tobin, secretary.

New Hamburg—July 4th, 5th and 6th. W. Plum, secretary.

Windsor — July 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th and 15th. W. A. Hanrahan, secretary.

Each place will arrange its own programme, and fix the amount of its purses. This circuit should make an enjoyable one, and at the same time a profitable one for the followers of the race track, all being first class racing centres, well known to horsemen.

Stratford has already opened six stakes, with purses of $500 each. Listowel will also open several stakes, and they should be liberally patronized, as the purses are large and the money sure. Windsor, the banner racing city of the Dominion, will be to the front with races for all classes and its usual large purses.

Miscellaneous

The Highgate Harriers won the English cross-country championship. Alfred Shrubb, of the South London Harriers, won the individual.

The Scottish National cross-country championship, near Glasgow, was won by the Edinburgh Harriers (holders). J. Rankin (Watsonians) finished first, and won the individual championship.

The Montreal Street Railway team were defeated on Saturday by their brethren of Quebec by 12 goals to 2, at Quebec. The locals were not at full strength.

Mat and Ring

Jim Parr in Montreal.

Jim Parr, the English wrestling champion, is in Montreal. He called at The Herald office this afternoon and pronounced himself as fit as he had ever been in his life.

He meets Alexander, a new-comer to Montreal at the Royal this evening, and Gonthier to-morrow night.

He will weigh in at 175 lbs., and prefers to wrestle either Tremblay or Dan McLeod to any of the others. He particularly wants Dan McLeod.

Hockey

Wanderers on Tour.

The Wanderers left on Saturday evening for Houghton, Mich., where they play to-night and to-morrow, after which they proceed to Pittsburg. Those who travelled on Saturday were:—H. C. de Witt, Leahy, Gardner, Strike, Mallen, B. Strachan, Hodge, Kennedy, A. Ross, Bellingham, Donnelly and Barney Dunphy. The following will leave on Wednesday night to join the others at Pittsburg: Messrs. R. Boon, J. Strachan, Blatchford, Price, Marshall and G. Gulle.

By Wireless Report.

The men of the Montreal Street Railway hockey team have returned from Quebec much wiser even if sadder men, since their taking the "Hot Air Cure" from the Wise Men of the East. The 12 to 2 dose administered, whilst not as strongly proportioned as the Silver Bryan Pills 16 to 1, had a most beneficial effect in rarifying the air at the bottom of Place d'Armes Hill, where recently has been noticed sulphurous accumulations of oppressive hot air clouds hovering over a certain building at the above locality.

Incidentally we might mention that the hockey team of the M. S. R. played a match with a team of the Quebec Street Railway on Saturday at Quebec, resulting in a win for Quebec by 12 to 2. The visiting team at the start got their trolley off, and were not able to get it back before time was called. The goalkeeper of the M.S.R. won econiums of praise from the Quebec ladies for the agility he displayed in removing the puck from his goal after each successive game. Well! well!! well!!! How did they do it?

The Court of Appeals has maintained the appeal of E. N. Armstrong, and dismissed the contestation of Connolly in connection with the transfer of shares of the Baie des Chaleurs Railway, and the sale of stock in the Montreal Bridge Company.

ANNUAL BANQUET OF THE MONTREAL SNOWSHOE CLUB

Mr. George Ayling Talked of the New Montreal Amateur Association Club House.

The 64th annual banquet of the Montreal Snowshoe Club was held on Saturday evening at the La Corona Hotel. Mr. William Coats, president of the old "Tuque Bleue," presided. On his right hand was seated Mayor H. Laporte, while Mr. Jas. Simpson, president of the St. George's Snowshoe Club, was on his left.

The first toast was "The King," proposed by Mr. "Willie" Coates. Mr. Sydney Dugan then sang "Rule Britannia." The second toast was "Our Guests and Sister Clubs," and was proposed by Mr. T. L. Paton. Mayor Laporte was the first to respond, and expressed his sincere thanks for the welcome extended to him and heartily congratulated the old Tuque Bleue on the fine work done by that club in encouraging the fine old health-giving sport for so many years.

Mr. Roland Paul provided a few minutes of "modulated melodiousness," as Mr. Coates called it, and favored the gathering with two of his inspiring Hibernian melodies. Colonel Gardner, president of the Montreal Curling Club, responded to the toast of "Sister Clubs" on behalf of that club. He said, among other things, that all old citizens take or should take a lively interest in the Tuque Bleue Club because it was the oldest snowshoe club on the island and had done much to make the present generation what it is. He also expressed his sincere thanks for the curling trophy which had been presented by the M.A.A.A. and which had been won by the Montreal Curling Club.

Mr. Jas. Simpson, president of St. George's Snowshoe Club, next spoke, and execusd himself from making a long speech on account of his recent illness. His remarks were applauded very heartily. Capt. Fred. Cushing executed a Highland Fling, which was encored a couple of times, and then the speech-making continued.

Mr. W. Lyall, president of the Caledonia Curling Club, spoke at some length and said that although snowshoeing was very popular, he thought that curling was even more so, and that the weight of his words were proved by the fact that the M.A.A.A. were building their club-house at the back of the Caledonia Curling Club. He expected to be requested to build some sort of a passageway, connecting the two clubs.

Mr. A. E. Becket, president of the Thistle Curling Club, remarked that though he disliked to contradict Mr. Lyall's statements, he personally thought that snowshoeing was the more popular and that there was no doubt that snowshoeing was the more health-giving.

Mr. Chas. Cameron, past president of the Montreal Skating and Toboggan Club, sang "For It's Always Fair Weather," and was heartily applauded. Mr. Lamalice was the next to answer the "Sister Clubs'" toast. He apologized for the absence of Mr. E. Bourassa, president of the Montagnard Club, on account of indisposition. Mr. Alex. Ramsay, president of the Heather Curling Club, and Mr. J. Roy, of the St. Lawrence Curling Club, offered hearty congratulations for the longevity of the Montreal Snowshoe Club, and Mr. Sydney Dugan sang "In Lovers' Lane."

Mr. H. E. Hardisty, president of the Holly Snowshoe Club, also spoke, and then the prizes for the snowshoe races were presented. Mr. Jas. Fulton presented the life members' prize to Mr. C. A. Lockerby, Mr. R. Stark presented the young members' prize to Mr. Tom Fulton, and then Mr. George Ayling, president of the M.A.A.A., was asked to give some details regarding the new club-house which is to be erected on Peel Street.

He said: "It is only after long deliberation that arrangements were made to erect this new club-house, but now that is all over. We find that to carry on the club in a prosperous and flourishing manner we must have 1,000 members instead of only the 600 who are now members of the club. The only way to get these new members is for every one of the present members to get out and hustle around to others and if each fellow would bring in one new member all would be well.

"The building is to be erected on Peel Street, and is to be 100 feet square, 66 feet high. The outside is to be in light brick and sandstone and the interior finished in oak."

Mr. Ayling went into the details of the lay out of each flat in turn, and ended his remarks by saying that he hoped that everyone would follow his suggestion in regard to the new members.

Mr. Edwards of the Lachine Curling Club, and Mr. Martel, president of Le Canadien Snowshoe Club, both congratulated the Tuque Bleue on its past and expressed best wishes as to its future.

The last two toasts were to "The Press" and "The Chairman," both being heartily responded to, and the evening ended with "Auld Lang Syne."

Among those present were: Mr. W. A. Coates, president of the club, who presided; His Worship Mayor Laporte, Lieut.-Col. Gardner, Montreal Curling Club; Messrs. Wm. Lyall, Caledonia C. C.; Jas. Edwards, Lachine C. C.; H. W. Wadsworth, pres. Alert S. S. Geo. Sully, St. George's S. S. C.; Chas. D. Bentley, C. A. L. Fisher, Allen K. Starke, James Macdonald, J. Davidson, Wm. Doyle, J. W. Fulton, Fred. D. Rogers, G. C. Bowie, T. R. Fulton, L. J. Des Rosiers, F. Dailey, C. C. Lawson, D. Finlay, C. M. Cameron, C. A. Lockerby, James Paton, T. Martel, pres. Le Canadien S.S.C.; R. D. Metcalfe, D. Munro, Geo. F. Hemsley, R. C. Young, D. R. Hemsley, R. Hemsley, Roland Paul, W. W. Thrader, jr., D. A. Campbell, W. I. Gear, Thomas L. Paton, C. J. Hodgson, Robert Starke, Fred Cushing, Robert H. Bryson, E. L. Brooks, W. L. Thompson, H. L. Paton, E. H. Brown, Leslie H. Boyd, G. T. Pettigrew, J. R. Henderson, Art. Hamilton, Matt Murphy, Art. Lamalice, pres. Le Montagnard; H. E. Hardisty, pres. Holly S. S. C.; Jos. Johnson, L. S.S.C.; James Roy, pres. St. L. C.C.; A. E. Beckett, Thistle Curling Club; James Simpson, Montreal Curling Club.

DRAMATIC SCENE AT BELANGER TRIAL

Daughter of Accused Refused to Answer Questions—Evidence Regarding Will Taken.

Ste. Scholastique, March 21.—(Special.)—Saturday afternoon marked the close of the first week of the Belanger trial, and although little evidence of an important or incriminating nature has been elicited, yet the case has now reached a point where "war to the knife" is the rule between the two criminal lawyers representing the prosecution and the defence. Mr. Wilson, who, together with Mr. Mathieu, K.C., is conducting the defence, leaves no stone unturned where there is a chance of scoring a point either on questions of fact or law, and he has entered heart and soul into the trial. There is very little doubt that he has some startling developments up his sleeve ready for the defence. The imperturbability of the prisoner throughout the whole proceedings astonishes the daily increasing crowd who attend the trial. He appears always impassive, sometimes bored and has even dozed once or twice, during the lengthy examination of some of the witnesses. A close observer, however, cannot fail to notice an occasional twitching of the muscles around the mouth, leading one to the belief that the apparent calmness is only the outcome of the exercise of wonderful self-control. An occasional smile overspreads his features when he catches the eye of an acquaintance in court, but otherwise his features give no indication of the emotions which must be at work in the mind of the man.

Belanger's Daughter Called.

The sensation of Saturday was the placing in the box of Miss Florestine Belanger, the daughter of the accused, and the unhappy man's eyes filled momentarily with tears when she was called, but the old immobility soon reasserted itself. Miss Belanger, who is an attractive young lady, somewhat resembling her father, replied to the questions of the Crown in a low voice but with firmness until she was asked whether she had said to her married sister: "I know who killed my uncle and I expect you know also." Mr. Wilson was prompt in his objection to this question, but His Lordship overruled it; the girl, however, took refuge in silence, and with downcast eyes absolutely refused either to answer the question or to say whether she intended to answer it. Mr. Leduc, K.C., insisted on a answer, but nevertheless did not succeed in getting any response. The judge tried his powers of persuasion and finally said to her, "Do you intend to reply or not," and she then looked His Lordship straight in the face and said, audibly, "No, sir." The Judge drew witness' attention to the fact that she had rendered herself liable to punishment for contempt of court, but said that in view of the painful position in which she found herself he would take no official cognizance of her refusal to reply. The witness was further examined and gave her replies in a natural tone.

Will Call Madame Belanger.

In the afternoon the Crown called Madame Belanger, wife of the prisoner and amid a deep silence the reply came from the ushers "not present." Mr. Wilson, moreover, strongly protested against the calling of Madame Belanger, and a lengthy argument ensued, the Court finally ruling that she must appear on Monday.

Mr. F. X. Limoges was recalled and questioned as to whether deceased was wearing mitts at the time of the finding of the body. In his previous evidence witness stated that he did not remember, but he now said that he distinctly remembered touching the cold hands of Seguin when the body was found, and consequently he could swear that deceased was not wearing his mitts.

Nicholas Lefebvre deposed to having been present when the body of Seguin was found and stated that there was very little blood around the body, and the clothes were disarranged and pulled up over the head. He was one of the men appointed by Detective McCaskill to mount guard over the farm after the finding of the body.

Dr. Marcel was recalled and when asked his opinion as to whether there was enough blood around the body to justify the supposition that Seguin had been killed in the barn where the body was found replied in the negative.

Emerie Meloche was called and related a conversation he had had with Belanger after the occurrence, which, however, brought no new facts to light, Belanger having appeared to be as anxious as anybody to find a clue to the mystery.

Miss Belanger's Evidence.

Miss Florestine Belanger, daughter of the prisoner was now placed in the box, and after Mr. Leduc had assisted her to remove her gray lambskin coat, he began to question her as to the relations existing between her uncle Seguin and herself. She stated that he was always kind to her and other members of the family, and his conduct towards her had always been respectful and honorable. She was asked whether her uncle had supplied the money for her education, but she replied that she did not know. She sketched the events which had happened on Feb. 12, 1903, corroborating the evidence of previous witnesses. On the morning in question the whole family sat down to breakfast together at about 7.30 a.m. in the kitchen; there were no quarrels during the meal and nothing unusual happened. The men then left the house presumably to attend to their work, and the first one to return was her uncle, who came in about a quarter to twelve and brought a newspaper, which he left in the kitchen, without making any remark worthy of attention. He then went out again, and witness stated that she distinctly remembered that he was wearing his mitts, which she described as being made of leather and wool; the wrists being of wool. She stated that while it was unusual for her uncle to leave the house just before dinner, yet she did not think the matter very extraordinary. Her mother was upstairs at the time. Her father and grandfather then came in to dinner, and they waited a short time for Seguin, at the suggestion of Mrs. Belanger; nobody seemed to think it necessary to go out to the buildings to search for Seguin. Witness remembered her mother remarking at dinner, "I wonder where Antoine is."

Dead Man's Absence Noted.

After dinner she went to the stables to feed her pet rabbits, and her father came with her; this was an unusual thing for him to do. They then both returned to the house, and her father slept in an arm chair for some time, her grandfather being upstairs. Supper took place about six or six-thirty, the whole family, with the exception of Seguin being present. Mrs. Belanger commented on the continued absence of Seguin. In the evening the whole family prepared to spend the evening with a neighbor, and left the house; Belanger, however, at the door said he wished to return to the house for his coat, which he accordingly did, and she thought he was going to the village to attend an entertainment given by Professor Onofroff. On their return late at night Mrs. Belanger was very uneasy at the non-return of Seguin and wanted her husband to search around the buildings for him, but he said "Let us go to bed, and look for him in the morning."

The next morning breakfast was served at the usual hour and the uneasiness at Seguin's absence was more marked. After breakfast witness went to the house of her brother-in-law, Alphonse Rochon, and it was there in the afternoon that she heard of the fate which had overtaken her uncle. It was at this point that Mr. Leduc began to put the questions referred to above, and witness' testimony was concluded.

Evidence Regarding Seguin's Will.

Mr. Hector Champagne, M.L.A. for Two Mountains, was next sworn; he stated that deceased was an intimate friend of both himself and his father, and that he was always consulted by Seguin on legal points. Seguin often dined at witness' house, more particularly on Sundays. In 1901, in July, Seguin had drawn up a will, and left it with witness for safe-keeping. Witness swore that he had not mentioned the existence of this will to anybody. On one occasion Belanger had consulted witness as to taking proceedings against Seguin for arrears of board, but witness advised him not to take any steps, saying that in all probability Seguin's property would come to him at his death. After the death of Seguin, witness had visited prisoner in his cell and asked him to authorize his wife to received the property bequeathed to her by Seguin, and Belanger accorded the necessary authorization. When asked as to the habits of deceased, witness stated that he was a man who enjoyed life.

The will on which so much turns, bequeaths the whole of Seguin's property real and personal to Madame Belagner, to be her absolute property, and the Crown are anxious to have the document produced in court, but His Lordship has decided that they must first prove that prisoner was aware of its existence.

The prosecution has probably another two days work before them and it is possible that evening sessions may be held.

New York. — The jury in the suit of Robert D. Vroom against Russell Sage before Justice Gildersleeve, in the Supreme Court, found a verdict of $12,500 and costs, a total of $14,603, in favor of Mr. Vroom, after only a few minutes' deliberation. He sued for $25,000 which he claimed would have been his profits in a "put" deal with Mr. Sage on May 9, 1901, a panicky day on 'Change, if Mr. Sage had executed his orders with reasonable promptness.

The Joliette & Lake Manuan Railway will apply at the current session of the Dominion House for permission to extend their line south to Montreal. About 60 miles of road will be built in the extension, including several branches.

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A Cure for Coughs, Colds, Cramp, Bronchitis and Whooping Cough, Which Children Delight to Take.

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Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, 25 cents a bottle, family size (three times as much) 60 cents, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

To protect you against imitations the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous recipe book author, are on every bottle.

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Ferrozone increases the appetite and improves digestion. This stimulates nutrition and quickens the formation of rich pure blood. Better blood means stronger nerves. Increased nerve force reduces the wear and tear on the body. Strength develops, spirits rise, an all-round improvement follows.

A rebuilding process is started by Ferrozone that results in a plump, well developed figure; the complexion becomes clear and rosy; pale, hollow cheeks fill out, and sunken eyes take on a new lustre and brightness.

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"For years I had a sallow complexion. I did everything to improve it, but didn't succeed till I used Ferrozone. It improved the condition of my blood and in a few weeks brought a rosy flush to my cheek. I took one Ferrozone tablet at meals, and gained strength and flesh. I can strongly recommend Ferrozone to every woman who wants clear, healthy complexion. Ferrozone did wonders for me."

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Piles To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. 60c a box, at all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

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Is the standard of tea excellence. Purity, economy and quality are its cardinal virtues, and to these are due its great popularity. A package will convince you.

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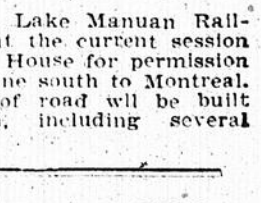
THE BEST LAXATIVE SOLD

is Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut, which relieves constipation, headache and liver complaint in a few hours. Very mild, yet certain. Use only Dr. Hamilton's Pills, Price 25c.



Blair's Pills

Great English Remedy for Gout & Rheumatism

Safe, Sure, Effective. All Druggists 40c. and $1.00

LYMAN SONS & CO. MONTREAL

SHIRT WEAR

Is perhaps the most important thing in a shirt, except to a millionaire. It is the one thing that tells on the pocket book. When you get fit and style as well, you can ask for nothing more, and you must have them all. If your shirts were made of sailcloth they would wear; if of cheap muslin they might look well for a while, even fit well. The combination is the only test of shirt quality.

Tooke's Shirts Have Quality!

Stocks and Money.

"STEEET" JUMPS FROM 202 TO 210, BULLISH DAY ON LOCAL BOARD

Mr. Rudolphe Forget had his bull clothes on this morning, and to the delight of the crowd, jumped Street Railway from 202 to 210 in a few minutes.

This, the first real bullish demonstration we have had for some months, brought smiles to the facts of many, and around the lunch tables down town at one o'clock there was nothing but bull talk.

"Street" was the thing, the crowd said, and then rapidly the tip spread about that Richelieu & Power would be the next to move.

It is wonderful how "Street" sentiment changes, but upon reflection we believe this column has made that remark before.

On the scale up Mr. Forget took over 1,000 shares of Street Railway. Only 25 shares sold at 210, but about 225 shares at 209, the rest being taken all the way from 203 up.

In the bullish talk on the stock the crowd discussed the growth of the road in the past five years, and thought that if the progress was as great in the next five Street was certainly cheap at anything around 200. Incidentally some stress was laid upon the fact that the road was hiding its earnings to a certain extent, and on the whole there is no doubt some truth in this, the fact having been commented upon before.

There was some trading in New Street which ran from 199 3-4 to 206 1-2. Only 50 per cent. of this stock has been paid up and there will be another 10 per cent. call next month. The balance of 40 per cent. will also likely be called this spring.

The rest of the local stock market showed a good burst of speed this morning, and for a time showed a disposition to travel upward faster than New York. It is true that the volume of business was not very great, but there was an improvement and the street was satisfied. The features were Street Railway, Pacific, Twins and Dominion Coal, the advance in the latter being something of an eye-opener. There was no news on Coal to speak of and while the buying was fair there was an evident disposition to bid it up, and for a time it ran ahead of Boston. Towards noon it reacted from the highest, as did the rest of the market, in line with a halt in Wall Street.

Altogether there is an unmistakably better feeling in the local market, and perhaps it is a sign of the times when the traders admit that it is getting dangerous to sell stocks "short."

The New York market held strong. In London consols were 3-8 lower, while Russian bonds were up. London announced the failure of Louis Hymans, a small but well known broker.

Cotton was a little lower to-day. Sully wired: "I feel very confident of resuming. If a satisfactory agreement can be reached this afternoon the firm will probably resume business."

The sales to noon in Wall Street to-day were 320,000 shares.

$ $ $

L. J. Forget & Co.'s London cable quoted Grand Trunk first at 100 3-4, second 85 1-2, third 36 3-8, Canadian Pacific 118, Anaconda 3 1-2, Hudson Bay, 36 1-4.

$ $ $

Twin City for February showed a net increase of $11,455.

$ $ $

"Soo" second week March decrease $16,877. From July 1st increase $2,045.

$ $ $

Mr. C. D. Monk's messages said: — Americans in London strong, ⅛ to ⅝ above parity. Good rains throughout the winter wheat belt. One failure in London Stock Exchange, not important. Cotton market expects Sully to resume. London is bullish on American stocks, particularly Steel pfd. Pittsburg reports U. S. Steel successful in maintaining prices. Consols are weaker on Irish Land Loan issue. 101 roads Jan. average net decrease .67. Bank statement considered moderately favorable. Some indications of possibilities of gold exports to Paris.

$ $ $

News Bureau says:—A short stampede of considerable importance is still going on in the stock market. The bank statement on Saturday was probably disregarded entirely. It is said on Saturday noon borrowed stocks were returned much more freely than before, but there was not much difficulty in re-lending. There is practically little or no diminution of the short interest after all, therefore no one can safely predict when the present rise is to end. It will be followed by a reaction when the market becomes technically substantially oversold as it was a week ago.

$ $ $

Noon—The market opened fairly active and generally stronger this morning, at advances ranging from ⅛ to ¾. London houses were buyers but have turned sellers on the rally. Probably buying on balance 10,000. The market at noon is steady at the advance, but somewhat hesitating.

$ $ $

A noon wire to Laidlaw & Co. said:—A strong and higher London market presaged a higher opening here this morning, but business began on a reduced scale and prices were not up to a parity with the foreign markets. Commission houses figured very little in the transactions, which indicated that the public is not yet inclined to follow the recent advance. The market, therefore, was governed largely by technical conditions, and there being a reduced demand from the short interest prices gradually sagged from ⅛ to ¾ per cent. The bull interest evidently left the market to care for itself, and there were even evidences of moderate profit-taking at various points. It is not improbable that this cessation of operations for the rise was induced by a desire to foster the short interest. The market has become dull at the decline, and there is very little pressure of stocks for sale. The reaction may properly be regarded as natural and wholesome after the uninterrupted advance and is calculated to strengthen the technical position of the market.

All the news of immediate bearing upon the market is rather favorable and upon any pronounced reaction it would not be surprising to see the upward movement resumed in a moderate way.

$ $ $

London Close:—Atch., 70¾ and 69; St. P., 149 and 145⅛; S. P., 47⅞ and 46¾; U. P., 79¼ and 77⅛; U. S. S., 12⅛ and 11⅞; U. S. S. Pfd., 60 and 58⅞; Consols, 86, dec. ⅛; C. A., 117¾ and 114¾, adv. ¼.

$ $ $

Power was strong at 72½, Richelieu showed more life around 82 1-4, while Nova Scotia was bid up to 81.

Pacific opened bullish with liberal sales at 115, the stock afterward going off to 114⅝.

$ $ $

Detroit United earnings for February were not very satisfactory. The earnings were practically the same as last year's, while operating expenses were $28,000 greater, the surplus decrease for the month being $34,899. The figures follow:

Month of Feb.	1904.	
Gross Earnings	$284,956	I. $1,922
Oper. Exp. and Taxes	205,928	I. 28,822
Net Earnings	79,628	D.26,900
Other income	3,390	I. 741
Total Income	82,448	D.26,159
Charges	89,788	I. 8,740
Surplus, def.	7,370	D.34,899
Jan. 1st to Feb. 29.	1904.	
Gross Earnings	$592,586	D. 3,432
Oper. Exp. and Taxes	432,031	I. 58,987
Net Earnings	160,555	D.62,419
Other Income	7,201	D. 3,609
Total Income	167,756	D.66,028
Charges	177,354	I. 15,149
Surplus, def	9,598	D.81,177

$ $ $

The Canadian chartered banks statement for February shows the position of these banks on February 29. Following are leading features of the statement.

Notes in circulation, $57,736,243, against $56,973,273 on January 31, 1904, and $55,746,448 on February 28, 1903.

Deposits payable on demand in Canada, $107,706,725, against $107,323,000 on January 31, 1904, and $105,304,362 on February 28, 1903.

Deposits payable after notice in Canada, $289,547,289, against $287,248.00 on January 31, 1904, and $261,377,760 on February 28, 1903.

Deposits elsewhere than in Canada, $38,278,160, against $37,300,000 on January 31, 1904, and $36,145,405 on February 28 1903.

Dominion notes $31,259,929, against $31,277,000 on January 31, 1904, and $25,169,582 on February 28, 1903.

Call and short loans in Canada, $38,109,805, against $38,149,000 on January 31, 1904, and $48,639,724 on February 28, 1903.

Elsewhere than in Canada, $40,395,339, against $36,433,000 on January 31, 1904, and $44,668,557 on February 28, 1903.

Current loans in Canada, $389,627,686, against $384,354,000 on January 31, 1904, and $331,646,220 on February 28, 1903.

Elsewhere than in Canada, $17,995,796, against $18,048,000 on January 31, 1904, and $32,118,508 on February 28, 1903.

$ $ $

Some say Sully's losses in coffee ranged from $500,000 to $1,000,000.

$ $ $

Monday's high prices for cotton and Friday's panic prices compare as follows:

	March.	May.	July.
Monday's highest.	16.39	16.65	16.65
Friday's lowest	13.02	12.65	12.80
Net decline	3.37	4.00	3.85

$ $ $

The manager of the Le Roi reports an estimated profit of $58,500 for February, and adds: "I have reason to believe have opened up a fine body of ore 700 ft. level, which may probably connect with the south vein 800 ft. level. Present appearances most encouraging; 900 ft. level vein matter assays very well indeed. Diamond drill hole between 900 ft. and 1,050 ft. levels looks most promising. Of the 1,350 ft. level now hard at work, making airways. Hope to be able to report more valuable discoveries during the present month."

$ $ $

The investment returns on leading Montreal stocks at the closing prices Friday evening are furnished by Fairbanks Bros., stock brokers, 1724 Notre Dame Street:

	Close.	Div'd.	Pct.
Canadian Pacific	114	6	5.26
Montreal Street	209	10	4.78
Toronto Rails, x.d.	99	5	5.05
Twin City	92	5	5.43
Detroit United	64	4	6.25
Rich. & Ont.	82	6	7.31
Heat and Power	72	4	5.55
N. S. Steel	80	6	7.50
N. S. Steel pfd.	117	8	6.83
Dom. Iron bonds	57	5	8.77
Com. Cable	180	8	4.44
Mont. Tel.	158	8	5.06
Bell Telephone, x.d.	135	8	5.92
Ogilvie Milling, pfd.	118	7	5.93
Ogilvie bonds	110	6	5.45
Mont. Steel pfd.	85	7	8.23
Montreal Cotton	110	9	8.18
Dom. Coal	60	6	10.00
Halifax Tram., x.d.	86	5	5.81
Mont. St. Ry. bonds.	103	4½	4.36

$ $ $

MORNING BOARD SALES.

475 Canadian Pacific at 115.
5 Canadian Pacific at 115.
100 Canadian Pacific at 114¾.
10 Canadian Pacific at 114.
50 Canadian Pacific at 114¾.
75 Iron common at 8¾.
25 Coal common at 61.
250 Coal common at 61½.
50 Coal common at 60¾.
25 Coal common at 60½.
6 Nova Scotia at 80½.
50 Nova Scotia at 81.
10 Nova Scotia at 80.
50 Nova Scotia at 81.
50 Montreal Street Railway at 203.
50 Montreal Street Railway at 203½.
200 Montreal Street Railway at 203⅜.
50 Montreal Street Railway at 203¼.
2 Montreal Street Railway at 203.
25 Montreal Street Railway at 203¾.
25 Montreal Street Railway at 204.
3 Montreal Street Railway at 203½.
75 Montreal Street Railway at 204.
50 Montreal Street Railway at 204¼.
275 Montreal Street Railway at 205.
25 Montreal Street Railway at 205¼.
50 Montreal Street Railway at 206.
25 Montreal Street Railway at 207.
25 Montreal Street Railway at 208.
25 Montreal Street Railway at 209.
25 Montreal Street Railway at 210.
75 Montreal Street Railway at 208½.
200 Montreal Street Railway at 209.
50 Montreal Power at 72½.
50 Montreal Power at 72¼.
25 Montreal Power at 72½.
40 Toronto Street Railway at 99¾.
275 Twin City at 93.
25 Twin City at 92½.
25 Richelieu at 82½.
25 Richelieu at 82¾.
25 Richelieu at 82⅝.
8 Richelieu at 82½.
25 Richelieu at 82½.
25 Richelieu at 82⅝.
25 Richelieu at 82¼.
1 Commercial Cable at 183.
3 Bell Tel. xd. at 134½.
17 Bell Tel. xd. at 135.
25 New Montreal Street Railway at 199¾.
65 New Montreal Street Railway at 200.
40 New Montreal Street Railway at 200½.
25 Toledo Railway at 20½.
6 Bank of Montreal at 248.
1 Bank of Commerce at 150¼.
200 M.S.R. Bonds at 103⅛.
2,000 Iron Bonds at 57.

COTTON LESS PANICKY; SULLY WILL RESUME

New York, March 21.—There was a less panicky feeling at the opening of the cotton market here to-day, and on the surface the traders appeared to have recovered in some measure confidence in the situation. There seemed to be a disposition to consider that cotton on its merits did not warrant any further decline for the time being, and it was evident also that the market was receiving powerful support from spot handlers and spot users. The market opened firm at an advance of 20 to 40 points, with May selling up to 14.40 on the call against 13.82 at the close on Saturday. The advances caused more liquidation.

As Mr. Sully entered his office he said: "I am sure I shall resume very shortly," adding that no statement of assets or liabilities would be ready until after the meeting of the creditors to-day. Mr. Cutcheon made the following statement later:

"The statement of assets and liabilities is being prepared in Mr. Sully's office. People generally, and even the Cotton Exchange element, have but little idea what a tremendous job is involved in the preparation of this statement. It is doubtful, though, whether this mass of work can be finished to-day."

Early Saturday morning the premises of Mr. H. E. Trudel, St. Laurent, was entered by burglars, who blew open the safe with dynamite. Fortunately, however, no valuables had been left in it over night and the would-be thieves had their trouble for nothing.

"Street" Gossip.

SULLY WAS DEEP IN COFFEE STOCKS AND HIS COTTON

Montreal, March 20.

Financial Editor:

Sir,—The Herald stated on Saturday, under heading: "A Modern Dynasty," that Mr. Sully owed his failure largely to his exploits in coffee, wheat and stocks. Can this be correct? The reason I ask is that I have never seen Sully's name connected with anything but cotton. Also kindly inform me who else has failed to corner cotton. Yours,

A Reader.

We stated that Sully's cotton position was weakened by his losses in other lines, and quite correctly, too. The Saturday, N.Y. Post says of this:

"A more absurd misjudgment of a situation than that which the 'cotton bulls' adopted on their intrusion into the coffee market eight weeks or more ago, does not often fall to the lot of Wall Street adventurers. Their arrival as buyers on the Stock Exchange was the signal for a break in prices, and their initiation to the Chicago Board of Trade very nearly marked the beginning of the 18-cent break in prices."

Sully made the same mistake, as did Price, Labouisse and Inman, and the other so-called "cotton kings." This failure was precipitated by having taken on too big a load of purely paper cotton contracts. In forcing up prices to 16⅝ cents at the close of last week for the May and July options he accumulated a line of 300,000 to 400,000 bales. By Tuesday afternoon this was reduced 100,000 by sales made in this market and at Liverpool. He then saw that the weakness of his position had been discovered by the New Orleans bulls, and their continued heavy selling, with the aggressiveness of the bears, and spot dealers selling heavily against their stock, had so undermined the market that it got beyond his control.

$ $ $

Sales of Canadian Pacific in Wall Street last week were 21,765 shares.

$ $ $

Call money in Montreal, 5 per cent.

$ $ $

Consols now 86½, year ago 91½, two years ago 93 5-16, three years ago 95½.

$ $ $

Total sales in Wall Street last week, 3,078,984 shares, against 1,028,874 week previous and 2,894,746 last year.

$ $ $

Three years ago this time Wall Street was trading in over 1,000,000 shares a day.

$ $ $

ARMOUR'S BIG MAY WHEAT DEAL CLOSED

Armour's May wheat deal has been practically closed. It has been the largest and most successful bull campaign ever run. There has been 25,000,000 bushels held at one time, and the aggregate quantity of wheat handled for May in all will exceed over 100,000,000 bushels in the past six months. The profits on the deal are estimated at $1,250,000. It has been entirely a scalping deal from the start. It begun in October at around 80 cents, and was brought down to 76 cents early in November. There has been an advance of 33 cents from the low point, the top figure being made during the recent war excitement, February 18, when it reached $1.09. It was based on the anticipated shortage of contract wheat here and throughout all speculative markets. There has been less than 2,000,000 bushels contract wheat in Chicago for months, and no necessity of taking care of any cash wheat. It was a hard fight early in the game to keep the market active, to prevent a decline, as local speculators and foreigners were mostly arrayed against the Armour interest, and A. I. Valentine, who directs all operations in grain for the Armour Grain Company, was frequently obliged to buy and sell 1,000,000 to 3,000,000 bushels a day to prevent a too rapid advance or to check a decline. In a few instances he has bought 5,000,000 bushels, and when he started his first big shake-out he sold 5,000,000 bushels and broke the price from 92½ to 87½ cents. On the break he took most of the wheat back.

The war scare coming in January forced a change in the original plans, and brought the deal to an end sooner than expected from the way it started in October. The broadening of the speculative trade made it easy for Armour to market millions of bushels as the price advanced. Had it not been for this selling prices might have gone above $1.06.

Armour has now run two bull campaigns within two years. The first was started in September, 1902, and finished January 27 and 28, 1903. There was 15,000,000 bushels May wheat sold out at that time from 82¾ to 77½ cents that paid a profit of $500,000.

$ $ $

ADVANCES ALL ALONG THE LINE LAST WEEK

Sale of stocks on the New York Stock Exchange for the week aggregated 3,105,896 shares. Here are the most active properties:

Pen. R. R.	466,847	Adv. 5⅛
Union Pacific	276,915	Adv. 4¼
U.S. Steel pfd.	230,996	Adv. 3⅛
St. Paul	206,170	Adv. 6⅜
Amal. Copper	183,795	Adv. 3⅛
Baltimore & Ohio	176,530	Adv. 5¼
So. Pacific	163,195	Adv. 4
Brooklyn R.T.	157,065	Adv. 4⅜
Erie	155,720	Adv. 3
Atchison	138,110	Adv. 4½
Reading	118,570	Adv. 4¾
Mo. Pacific	84,310	Adv. 1⅜

$ $ $

The Manchester Guardian says bluntly today that Sully has done the legitimate cotton trade so much injury that few will be disposed to weep at his business funeral.

$ $ $

THE "SAP" AND SPRING BOOM IN MARKET

Not very much sap runs in the trees during March; but the maxim, incorrectly ascribed to old Dan'l Drew, that stocks should not be sold when the sap is performing that useful office — in other words, that the "spring boom" is nearly in order—is usually heard at about this time of year. It has come rather early in the present instance—no doubt because the actual recrudescence of a rising market has led reflective minds to think of the sap—but it merits the usual attention.

It is a mistake, however, to assume that spring markets are necessarily advancing markets. Assertion of this is a mark of superstition, not of experience. The three last great financial panics—those of 1893, of 1884, and of 1873—broke out in May or April. The ill-fated Pennsylvania stock issue and the famous "undigested securities" interview, with their sequel in the markets, occurred in March last year, the "rich men's panic" began in April. The trade reaction of 1900 began in April with the fall of iron; the "Flower boom" of 1899 collapsed in May. The rule of the sap can hold if exceptions prove it; but it is certainly not infallible.

All other things being equal, springtime is a season for rising markets, because money is usually easy then, and crop conditions rarely alarming. When spring has been preceded by a winter of stock liquidation, there are still more chances in its favor. But the sap, taken by itself, is not enough.—N.Y. Post.

$ $ $

LEITER WHEAT DEAL IS RECALLED BY SULLYS

Even the "cotton clique's" achievement of January, 1904, must yield for dramatic interest to the "Leiter corner" in wheat, six years before. The speculator who figured in that episode, bought wheat as low as 65 cents a bushel. The short European supply and the Spanish war came in to help him; he put the price up on the 10th of May, 1898, to $1.85 per bushel. The newspapers chronicled his movements, and serious articles were written (a foretaste of this year) to show what "young Leiter had done for the American farmer." It was the burden of nearly all current comment that no one had ever grasped the facts of the market more intelligently.

What young Leiter did was to purchase on borrowed money contracts requiring delivery of 35,000,000 bushels. He sold a part, as Sully did of his, and even after the 10th of May had $5,000,000 clear paper profit to his credit. On June 13 he confessed insolvency. The consumer had refused to keep on buying, but the corner manipulator could not stop. His creditors, therefore, found a way to make him do so. In 1898, as in 1904, news of the failure was called a "bolt from the blue."

With Leiter, as with his more recent imitator in another market, it could be said that he showed a fair comprehension of the conditions of supply, very great misunderstanding of the nature of demand, and total inability to distinguish the proper limits of the use of credit. The moral is so old that nothing but a sensational case in point can interest the trained observer in it.

Market Reports.

NEWS AND VIEWS OF THE DAIRY MARKETS

Cheese Market Continues Steady and Firm in Tone—Butter Steady.

The cheese situation to-day continued unchanged from last week. The market was firm in tone and the outlook is not discouraging. The range of quotations is for western colored 10 1-2c and for white goods 10c to 10 1-4c.

The butter market to-day was steady under a jobbing demand quite up to the past few weeks standard quotations are steady at 21c to 21 1-2c for finest creamery and 20c to 20 1-2c for round lots.

MONTREAL PRODUCE AND PROVISION MARKET

CHEESE—Steady.			
White and Colored	.10	to	.10½
BUTTER—Steady.			
Townships, finest	.00	to	.21½
Townships, good	.21¼	to	.21½
Quebec, finest	.00	to	.21
Ontario creamery, best	.00	to	.21
Dairy, choice	.16	to	.16½
Dairy, good	.15	to	.15½
Quebec, good	.00	to	.20½
MAPLE PRODUCT—			
Maple sugar, per lb.	.08	to	.09
Maple syrup, per lb.	.05½	to	.06
Maple syrup, small tins	.55	to	.60
Maple syrup, large tins	.70	to	.75
HONEY—			
Strained honey, per lb.	.09	to	.10
White clover, in comb	.00	to	.13½
EGGS—			
Fresh eggs, case lots	.00	to	.23
Jobbing lots	.00	to	.21
BEANS—Quiet.			
Prime beans, per bush.	1.45	to	1.50
Pea beans, per bush.	1.45	to	1.50
Marrow peas, per bush.	.90	to	.95
HAY—			
Clover hay, per ton	7.00	to	7.50
No. 3 hay, per ton	.00	to	8.50
No. 1 ordinary, per ton	.00	to	9.50
No. 1 good, per ton	10.00	to	11.00
POULTRY—Quiet.			
Fresh plucked turkeys	.13½	to	.14½
Scalded stock	.12	to	.13
Chickens, per lb.	.10	to	.12
Fowls, per lb.	.07	to	.08
Ducks, per lb.	.13	to	.13½
Geese, per lb.	.09	to	.11

Liverpool Provisions.

Liverpool, March 21.—Bacon, clear bellies dull, 41s; shoulders, square, dull, 32s. Lard, prime western dull, 35s 6d; American refined dull, 35s 6d. Cheese, American finest colored steady, 51s 6d. The imports of wheat into Liverpool last week at 12,600 quarters from Atlantic ports and 96,000 from other ports. The imports of corn from Atlantic ports last week were 66,600 quarters.

DRESSED HOGS AND PROVISIONS

The market for dressed hogs was easy and trade was quiet. The decline of 12 1-2c per 100 lbs. in the Toronto market last week has not as yet had any actual effect upon the local market. We quote: Light fresh-killed abattoir stock at $7 to $7.25; heavy, at $6.50 to $6.75 and country dressed light at $6.50 to $6.75 and heavy at $6 to $6.25 per 100 lbs.

The provision market was steady with a somewhat limited demand and quiet trade. We quote: Heavy Canadian short cut mess pork, $18 to $18.50; Canada short cut back pork, $17.50 to $18; light Canada short clear pork, $16; finest kettle lard, in 20-lb. pails, 9 1-4c; extra pure lard, in 20-lb. pails, 8 1-4c to 8 3-4c; choice refined compound lard, 7 1-2c to 8c; hams, 11c to 13c and bacon, 12 1-2c to 13 1-2c.

LOCAL FRUIT PRICES

The following quotations as suplied by Messrs. Hart & Tuckwell, McGill street, rule in the local fruit market:

Sorrento oranges—	
Fancy, 300 size	$2.50
Fancy, 200 size	2.25
Fancy, 200 size, Valencia style	2.75
Bitter oranges.	
Finest selected, 160 size	2.75
Finest selected, 200 size	2.50
Oranges—	
Valencia, 420 size, ordinary cases	3.65
Valencias, 420 size, Jumbo cases	5.00
"Sunflower Brand" Navels, 96, 126, 150, 176, 200, 216, and 250 sizes	3.15
Other brands	2.75
Florida oranges, 150, 176 and 200 sizes	4.75
Apples—	
Finest Spies, Baldwins, Russetts, Greenings, etc	3.75
No. 2 Spies, Baldwins, etc	3.00
Cranberries—	
Extra Dark Cape Cods	9.00
Dark Cape Cods	8.50
Figs—	
Best quality, 2 inch, 10 lb. boxes, per lb.	.09
Best quality, 2 1-4 inch, 1 lb. glove, per lb.	.09
5 Crown, 11 lb. boxes	.10
Natural figs, 25 lb. boxes	.06
Fancy figs, in mats weighing 32 lbs	1.25
Lemons—	
Extra fancy, 300 size	3.10
Fancy, 300 size	2.75
Grape fruit—	
Jamaica, 64 size	7.50
Jamaica, 80 size	7.00
Jamaica, 96 size	6.50
Grapes—	
Finest tinted stock	8.50
Onions—	
Spanish onions, large cases	3.50
Sweet potatoes—	
Vinelands, per brl	6.00
Dates—	
New golden, per lb.	.03½
New golden, 1 lb. pkgs	.06
Specials—	
Pineapples, 24 to case	5.50
Bananas, Port Limon Extras, $2.25 to	2.50
Tomatoes, Floridas, 6 basket carrier	5.00
Tangerines, 120, 144, and 168 sizes	3.75
Evaporated fruits—	
California apricots, 25 lb. boxes	.12
California pears, 25 lb. boxes	.12
California peaches, 25 lb. boxes	.10
California prunes, 40-50, 25 lb. boxes	.09
California prunes, 50-60 25 lb. boxes	.08½
Nuts—	
Grenoble walnuts	.12
Tarragona almonds	.12
Sicily filberts	.09
Shelled walnuts	.20
New Brazils	.15
Jumbo pecans	.14
Large pecans	.13
Shelled almonds	.22
Peanuts—	
"Bon Ton" roasted	.11½
"Sun" Brand roasted	.10
"G" Brand	.08½
"Coon" Brand roasted	.07½

MONTREAL RECEIPTS

Receipts in Montreal Saturday by railroads were as follows:

	G.T.R.	C.P.R.
Oats, bush	17,019	1,100
Barley, bush	...	1,250
Flour, brls	895	905
Butter, pkgs	581	92
Meats, pkgs	...	32
Tallow, brls	...	5
Leather, rolls	285	13
Tobacco, pkgs	2,125	42
Dressed hogs	4	33
Corn, bush	270	...
Raw hides	19	...
Whiskey and high wines	60	...

GRAIN MARKETS HERE AND ELSEWHERE

No Improvement in Local Grain Business—Easier Feeling in Oats.

The local grain market continued quiet to-day and there was practically no new business reported. The limited demand for oats for local and country consumption continued and a decline of 1-4c per bushel was noted. Prices were quoted at 39 1-2c to 40c for No. 2 white, and at 38 1-2c for No. 3 per bushel ex store, in car lots. Export prices low freight, to the seaboard, are quoted as follows: Peas, 66c; barley, No. 2, 46 1-2c; No. 3 extra, 45 1-2c; No. 3, 44 1-2c; buckwheat, 53c to 53 1-2c; and No. 2 white oats, 33 1-2c to 33 3-4c.

The closing prices for Manitoba wheat in the Winnipeg market Saturday were as follows. No. 2 northern, 88 1-2; No. 3 northern, 83 1-2c ex store Fort William, for March delivery.

At 12.30 Chicago prices were: May wheat 91½, July 86⅛, Sept. 80 1-4. May corn 52⅞, July 50⅝, Sept. 50.

The visible supply statement to-day gave wheat a decrease of 471,000 bushels, corn decrease 356,000 bushels, oats decrease 4,000 bushels.

EUROPEAN GRAIN MARKETS

Cable advices to-day to the Board of Trade were as follows:

London, March 21.—Wheat on passage, buyers indifferent operators; maize quiet but steady. English country wheat markets slow. Weather in England overcast; forecast, rain.

Liverpool, March 21.—Spot wheat steady. No. 1 standard California wheat, spot, 7s 1d; futures, wheat quiet, March nominal; May, 6s 7½d; July, 6s 6⅞d. Maize steady, March nominal; May, 4s 3⅞d; mixed American maize, spot, new, 4s 2½d; old, 4s 7d. Flour, Minneapolis 1st bakers, 22s 3d to 23s 3d.

Paris, March 21.—Wheat tone steady; March, 21.85; July to Aug., 21.65. Flour steady, March, 29.05; July to Aug., 29.55. French country markets slow.

FLOUR, ROLLED OATS, HAY AND MILL FEED

Flour—Market continues firm and prices are steady. We quote: Manitoba spring wheat patents, $5.40; Manitoba strong bakers', $5.10; winter wheat patents, $5.10 to $5.25; straight rollers, $4.85 to $5; straight rollers, in bags, $2.30 to $2.35.

Rolled oats—Business quiet, market tone steady. Prices quoted are at $2.32½ per bag. Cornmeal rules steady at $1.45 to $1.50 per bag.

Millfeed—Market steady, demand fair, spot supplies scarce. We quote: Manitoba bran, in bags, $19 to $20; shorts, $21 per ton; Ontario bran, in bulk, $19.50 to $20; shorts, $20.50 to $21; and mouillie, $24 to $28 per ton, as to quality.

Hay—Trade quiet, market tone easy. We quote: No. 1, $10.50 to $11.50; No. 2, $9.50 to $10; clover, mixed, $8.50 to $9; clover, $7.50 to $8 per ton, f.o.b., car lots.

EAST END CATTLE MARKETS.

There was a fair trade in live stock at the East End cattle market to-day. The demand was rather slow at first, but improved later and clearances were fair.

Receipts included 1,200 head of butchers cattle, 200 calves and 200 hogs. No sheep and lambs were offered.

The best cattle sold at from 4½c to 5¾c per lb., good arrivals at from 4c to 4½c, medium stock at from 3¾c to 4c, and common at from 3c to 3¾c.

Hogs sold at from 5c to 5¼c per lb.

Calves sold at prices ranging from $2 to $8 each, for poor stock and at from $9 to $15 each for better offerings.

The quality of the stock offered was mostly fair and at noon 150 head of butchers cattle remained unsold.

TO-DAY'S CATTLE CABLE.

Cable advices to-day to C. Coughlin, St. Sacrament Street, quoted Canadian cattle at London and Liverpool at 5¼d to 5½d.

WRONG-DOING PROFITABLE AMONG OUR POLITICIANS

Rev. Dr. Hill Pleads for a Swifter Enforcement of Justice on Criminals.

"Wrong-doing has been profitable among politicians. Stealing from the country has been considered no theft, and the thieves have been fully set in their hearts to do evil," said the Rev. Dr. Edgar Hill in St. Andrew's Kirk last evening. "We ought to be thankful as a people that law and justice are being better vindicated, and that those who might be tempted to follow corrupt practices have been taught a lesson which they will not soon forget. Even corrupt politicians tremble for the prison brand put upon them for life."

Dr. Hill was preaching from Ecclesiastes viii., ii., "Because sentence against an evil work is not executed speedily therefore the heart of the sons of men is fully set in them to do evil."

The preacher pleaded for the speedy execution of justice to save the community from an increase in offence against the law of the land. "It is hard to follow some offenders and bring them to justice," he admitted. "Political and personal influence do much to hamper the meting out of righteous judgment. The delays of the law are notorious. But there are two persons in a Canadian prison to-day who have found that though sentence has not been speedily executed it has come too surely for them.

"One's heart melts with pity for the unfortunate prisoners whom the slow foot of justice has overtaken so certainly. Not that they are undeserving of their fate, but that they could be so misguided and so lost to any sense of duty and patriotism as to lend themselves to acts so corrupt and discreditable is the pity.

"Not a few criminals have escaped the due reward of their deeds in our Dominion in recent years. It seemed therefore to some like minded that they might do the same and escape too.

"When one follows the track of the dishonest man what do we see? Day by day as trick succeeds upon trick he grows bolder like the gamester. At first he tried only small gains but by and bye he must bid for greater. Then success intoxicates him and he grows reckless. He bids for some big fraud and the usual success follows. Once again he makes for a greater and blinded by the past success he takes for granted that this also will succeed. But it doesn't. When he is confidently making his biggest attempt he makes one small slip and the world is shocked by the fall of a man whom society had regarded as one of the keenest and shrewdest of business men.

"From this Dr. Hill argued that the law should follow the wrong-doer closely, and that justice should be executed speedily, both in the interests of the community and the nation.

N. G. Valiquette
West.
2146 ST. CATHERINE STREET
(Near Drummond).
East
1541-1547 ST. CATHERINE ST.
REDUCTION SALE
—OF—
FURNITURE AND CARPETS
NOW GOING ON!
Enlargement of Premises Required This Sale.
Prices quoted now good only until MARCH 24th.

NOTES OF LABOR UNIONS

The International Union Label League met at 261 Rivard Street, Friday night, Mr. R. C. Salmon in the chair. Letters were read from Berlin, Ont., and the secretary of the Women's International Union Label League. The league will assist the cigarmakers in their efforts to enforce the union label, and a resolution was passed asking the Government to recognize the label. At the meeting several members were initiated. In future the league will meet on Tuesday night instead of Friday.

At a meeting of the Ladies' Garment Workers in Empire Hall on Saturday night, the strike committee's report was accepted and the members will remain out until their requests are granted. They feel certain that they have 75,000 fellow laborers to back them up. The payment of wages by cheque will be protested against, because it is difficult to get the cheques cashed on a Saturday night. The women employes of the Star Mantle Co., who are out on strike, decided to join the union and were given a warm reception. A settlement of the difficulty is expected by the end of this week.

Mayor Laporte, who has been unable to get a rest since the trying campaign previous to his election, announced to-day that he would leave on Wednesday for Atlantic City, and would be absent for two or three weeks.

I WILL BUY
10 Demerara Electric $17.50, 100 Colonial Investment $7.25, 25 Mine La Motte $8.00, 50 Sovereign Bank $122.50, 10 Dominion Permanent Loan $80, 100 Montreal & Boston, 50c.
I WILL SELL
100 Granby Consolidated, and all other stocks and bonds at or under the market. Market Letter and Big Price List free for the asking.
NORRIS P. BRYANT,
Dealer in Investment Securities,
84 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal.
Phone Main 2913.

LUKIS, STEWART & CO.
INSURANCE
Of Every Sort and for Any Amount.
NO DELAY.
Board of Trade Building, Montreal.
Correspondence Invited.

EASTER HATS
See an immense display of Easter hats, English and American styles. Largest stock in the city. New goods all in. Our buying powers make it possible for us to sell a better article for less money than any firm in the city. Chas. Desjardins & Co., St. Catherine Street.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

In Re. GEORGE GAUTHIER, Baker, of the City of Montreal, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given, that on the 12th day of March, 1904, the above named has made to me a voluntary assignment of all his assets for the benefit of his creditors.

Claims must be fyled at my office within fifteen days from this date, in order to ensure collocation in dividends.

J. M. MARCOTTE, Trustee.

Office:—11, 17 Place d'Armes Hill.
Montreal, March 21st, 1904.

PORT SIMPSON
1—$5,000,000—CASH—has been deposited with the Government by the Grand Trunk R.R. Co.
2—The Minister of Railways has publicly declared the new Railway will run from Port Simpson.
3—The Grand Trunk Pacific shareholders have confirmed the Agreement with the Government.
4—Thousands of our correspondents from all over Canada, from every State in the Union, and from Great Britain, answering our advertisements of the Port Simpson Syndicate ands, state that they have been watching events for some time, that they are selling out their present places, and going out to Port Simpson, British Columbia, the coming Spring and Summer, in order to be there — BEFORE THE RAILWAY. This means that lands now selling at one dollar per foot will command five to ten dollars this Summer.
5—Look out for the Biggest boom that has ever struck the Coast.
6—BUY a few lots before the Rush.
7—One dollar per foot frontage—While they last.
Each lot fifty feet by about one hundred feet in depth.
For further particulars, maps, terms, etc., write
FOX & ROSS, Standard Stock Exchange Bldg., TORONTO.

IMPERIAL BANK
OF CANADA.
Capital Authorized $4,000,000
Capital Paid Up 2,988,300
Rest Account 2,650,000
HEAD OFFICE • TORONTO.
T. R. MERRITT President
D. B. WILKIE...Vice-Pres. and General Mgr.
Montreal Branch, 157 St. James St.
General Banking Business. Savings Department. Sterling Exchange.
J. A. RICHARDSON Manager

The Underwood—
The "Writing in Sight"
TYPEWRITER
UNITED TYPEWRITER CO. Ltd.
101 St. Francis Xavier St.
TEL. MAIN 2065.

The Mutual Credit Ass'n Ltd.
118 ST. JAMES STREET.
Incorporated by the Dominion Government, December 7th, 1903.
Officially authorized to sell contracts payable by the week.

LOANS MADE ON REAL ESTATE
On easy terms—at current rates of interest. Low charges. No Delays.
Montreal Loan & Mortgage Co.,
1763 NOTRE DAME STREET.

JACOB BERRY. H.L.BENNET
JACOB BERRY & CO.
Members New York Consolidated Exchange, New York Produce Exchange, Philadelphia Stock Exchange
ESTABLISHED 1865.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Cotton
82 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.
42 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Direct private wires in our branches at Boston, Hartford, New Haven, Bridgeport, Philadelphia, Quebec, Albany and Brooklyn.
"A Glimpse at Wall Street and Its Market"
containing revised fluctuation tables and descriptions of active securities
ISSUED UPON REQUEST.

MARCONI SECURITIES
Will Make You Rich
The greatest opportunity since the Bell Telephone Co. was floated, is our offering of not less than $100 nor more than $1,000 worth of the Marconi $5.00 Certificates. An investment in these is certain to bring you fortune. Send for prospectus and full information.
Make cheques payable to
MUNROE & MUNROE,
Managers Marconi Underwriting Syndicate.
Broad Exchange Building, NEW YORK.
Canada Life Building, MONTREAL.

IT PAYS TO BUY OUR COAL
CITIZENS COAL COMPANY
BOARD OF TRADE BLD'G.

The Royal Trust Co.,
CAPITAL.
SUBSCRIBED $1,000,000
PAID UP 500,000
RESERVE FUND 350,000
President
RIGHT HON. LORD STRATHCONA AND MOUNT ROYAL, G.C.M.G.
Vice-President
HON. GEORGE A. DRUMMOND.
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R. B. Angus, A. Macnider
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C. M. Hays, R. G. Reid
C. R. Hosmer, James Ross
Sir W. C. Macdonald, Sir T. G. Shaughnessy
Hon. R. Mackay, Sir W. C. Van Horne, K.C.M.G.
Montreal Office & Safety Deposit Vaults.
BANK OF MONTREAL BUILDING,
109 St. James Street.
Branch Offices at Quebec, St. John, N.B., and Winnipeg.
H. ROBERTSON. Manager.

RARE CHANCE TO GET A
Standard Typewriter
Guaranteed at a BIG REDUCTION
At the Clearing Sale of
THE COLONIAL TYPEWRITER CO., Ltd.
13 Bleury St., Montreal.

GEORGE C. HIAM C. C. PANGMAN
HIAM & PANGMAN,
General Insurance Agents and Brokers.
Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Co.'s Building, Montreal.

London & Paris Exchange, Limited,
GENERAL BANKERS.
Head Office - - - London, England.
Licensed by the Govt. of Ontario to deal in Stocks and Shares. Canadian Office 31 Victoria St. Toronto. Write for new publication on call options with Advantages Explained.

The Herald is published by The Herald Publishing Company, 603 Craig Street, Montreal. James S. Brierley, Managing Director.

Scroggie's READY TO SERVE THE PUBLIC PROMPTLY AT EIGHT A. M. . . Scroggie's

50c to 85c Silk Stocks for 39c

ON SALE TUESDAY, AT 8 A.M.

A rarely equalled value in Ladies Neckwear—thoroughly abreast of present day modes. The fact that values are not all equal should emphasize the wisdom of an 8 a.m. selection.

15 dozen LADIES' SILK STOCK COLLARS, in white and fancy colors, also in black, the very latest designs. Regular prices 50c, 59c, 75c and 85c. Special to-morrow at 8 a.m., each	39c

Phenomenal Values in Ladies' Flannelette Underwear

Our definition of "phenomenal" is: Value without an equal.

NIGHT GOWNS, of splendid quality striped Flannelette, high neck, trimmed around neck, front and sleeves with frills. Our special price	49c
NIGHT GOWNS, of good striped Flannelette, made with double yoke and sailor collar, trimmed around collar and sleeves with frills. Our special price	75c
DRAWERS, of good quality striped Flannelette, made with frills, finished with elastic. Our special price	35c
UNDERSKIRTS, of good quality striped Flannelette, made with deep hem. Our special price	49c
CHEMISE, of fine quality plain Flannelette, in colors of white, sky and pink, trimmed around neck and arms with silk embroidery. Our special price	75c

Special Spring Styles in . . . . Ladies' Costumes and Coats

We now have on display a magnificent range of Ladies' Spring Costumes and Jackets. They are the newest and most up-to-date styles obtainable, while the values excel anything we have ever offered.

NEW SPRING COSTUMES, made of the new Donegal Tweed, in an up-to-date design; coat Eton style, with deep girdle, bishop sleeves, flare cuff, deep pleats and finished with fancy gold braid and buttons; skirt seven gore, with inverted side pleats	$15.00
LADIES' COSTUMES, made of Black Basket Cloth, in the new spring style; Eton coat with deep box-pleated shoulder capes, bishop sleeves, turn-back cuffs and deep girdle effect, trimmed with fancy gold braid and buttons; skirt with deep inverted box pleats	$25.00
BLACK CHEVIOT SUITS, made in a well fashioned mode; Eton coat, with circular cape, stole effect front, bishop sleeves, turn-back cuffs, trimmed with gray cloth strapping, tailor stitching and fancy gold braid; skirt with double box-pleated flare and cloth strappings	$30.00
SPRING JACKETS, made of green Covert Cloth, in a neat fitting style, fly front, bell sleeves, turn-back cuffs, and finished at each seam with tailor stitching	$9.75
LADIES' SPRING JACKETS, made in an up-to-date style. The material is Black Box Cloth, and made with fitted back, fly front, new fashioned sleeves, neatly strapped at each seam, finished with tailor stitching and buttons	$12.50
LADIES' JACKETS, made of All-wool Tan Covert Cloth, in the most popular style; corset back and half tight fitting front, man-tailored collar, fly front and new shape sleeves, each seam finished with strapping of self	$17.50

Fancy Goods Department

Wants more room—Reduced Prices Are Quickest Room Makers!

This department, like all other sections, is keenly experiencing the need of more room. Such demands cannot be conceded in the present condition of affairs, therefore we will have to make room for incoming goods by sacrificing profits and part of the cost on features now in stock. A clearance sale is now in progress of the balance of our stock of Swiss Muslin and Applique goods, such as Bureau Scarfs, Washstand Covers, with Pillow Shams to match, Centrepieces and Tray Cloths. These goods are embroidered in various designs of openwork with buttonhole borders, made in the finest Swiss Muslin.

CENTREPIECES, size 16 inches. Regular value 20c. To clear at	10c
CENTREPIECES, size 20 inches. Regular 30c. To clear at	15c
PILLOW SHAMS, 30 inches. Regular 50c each, at	25c
WASHSTAND COVERS, 18 x 36 inches, 50c each, at	25c
BUREAU SCARFS, size 18 x 54 inches. Regular 60c each, at	30c
SIDEBOARD SCARFS, size 20 x 70 inches. Regular 75c each, at	35c

An Advertisement Bubbling Over With Reasons!

"The air was full of reasons and I simply reached out and used the ones I wanted," said Daniel Webster. On the same principle this advertisement is full of reasons why "Shopping at Scroggie's is safe and advantageous," and the public are invited to reach out and benefit by the ones that fit the particular need. Every item merits careful attention—as well as AN 8 A.M. VISIT.

Grand Dress Goods Opportunity

A 45c VALUE FOR 25c

READY AT 8 a.m. TUESDAY.

Purchased at a great price concession for cash, and to be passed on to our customers on the same very special terms.

50 Pieces WOOL FLAKED ETAMINE, including all the latest shadings in navy, bluette, light gray, dark gray, fawn, beige, brown, green, reseda, reds, garnet, and mixed black and white; would be good value at 45c yard, but our Special Clearing Price will be	25c

This line now on show in one of our windows, will be put on sale to-morrow (Tuesday) morning, at 8 o'clock, and as a speedy clearance is certain, intending purchasers should be on hand early.

Towel Specials

Our definition of a special is a dependable article at a lower than customary price.

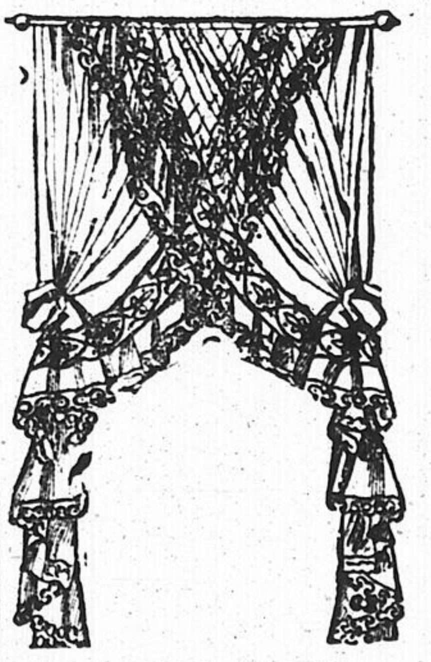
White Huck Towel, with colored or white borders, size 18 x 36-ins. with fringed ends. Worth regularly 25 cents pair; for only	15c

40c Table Linen for 29c

54-ins. wide Bleached Table Linen. Worth regularly 40c yard, for	29c

$1.15 Table Napkins for 69c

Bleached Table Napkins, in tea size. Worth $1.15 per dozen, for	69c



Art Drapery Department

THIRD FLOOR

Conscientious carefulness, supplemented by the best stocks and finest values, are the foundation stones upon which this wonderfully successful department has been reared.

Why not combine business with pleasure, if you have an hour of leisure, by inspecting the number of new goods daily exhibited in the Art Drapery Section? To-morrow promptly at 8 a.m., we place upon sale the 8 following specials:—

CURTAIN MADRAS.

36 in. Wide Madras, new and choice patterns, fine quality; will make a very rich hanging for window or arch; white or ivory. Worth 30c a yard. Special at, per yard	20c

CURTAIN MADRAS.

48 in. wide Oriental Madras, a new fad that is in great demand; will make a very artistic dining or reception room decoration. Worth 50c a yard. Special, per yard	35c

LACE CURTAINS.

Fine White Nottingham Lace Curtains, 60 in. wide, 3½ yds. long; neat and pretty designs, finished with handsome borders; good washing fibre. Worth $1.65. Special at	$1.15

CURTAIN POLES.

5 ft. Mahogany, Walnut or Oak Curtain Poles, all complete, with brackets, ends and rings. Worth 30c, for	19c

PORTIERES.

Fine Damask Portieres, full size, good quality, desirable patterns, finished with knotted fringes, shades to match any color scheme. Worth $3.00 pair. Special at	$2.25

TABLE COVERS.

8-4 size—that means 2 yards long—Tapestry Table Covers, good heavy quality, soft finish, natty patterns, in all the most popular colors; borders of deep knotted fringe. Worth $2.00. Special at	$1.50

TABLE COVERS.

10-4 size—in other words, 2½ yards long—Tapestry Table Covers, in numerous choice patterns and shades; good quality and absolutely fast colors. Worth $2.50. Special	$1.90

WHITE CURTAINING.

Fine White Swiss, frilled edge, Sash Curtains, Muslin; in general use for bedroom or basement windows. Never sold for less than 12½c yard. Special at	7c

Estimates given on all kinds of Fancy Draperies, Cosy Corners, Window Shades, etc., etc., at special rates during this sale.

Easter Cards Just Opened Out

Select variety of appropriately designed and worded Cards. Reasonably priced, as is the usual custom of this store.

OPEN AT EIGHT A. M.	Scroggie's St. Catherine & University Streets.	CLOSE AT SIX P. M.

ANOTHER GREAT

Sateen Underskirt Offer

A $1.75 STYLISH SATEEN UNDERSKIRT, for	98c

Such values as these are not an every day occurence. We secured them at a ridiculous price from an overstocked manufacturer. Tuesday we give you the benefit of this great purchase.

Beautiful UNDERSKIRTS, of very fine quality Black Sateen, made in a most pleasing new style, with deep flounce, trimmed with three small frills. Worth regularly $1.75. Our special price	98c

Cotton Prices Are Up? Down?

The quotations indicate that the downward tendency continues at Scroggie's.

UNBLEACHED COTTON SHEETING, heavy make, full two yards wide; the 25c yard quality. Tuesday at 8 a.m., for	21½c
BLEACHED COTTON, "Queen's Own" brand, 36 inches wide. Worth 17c yard. Tuesday, 8 a.m.	13½c

$1.15 Quilts for 89c

We commend this value to the careful attention of 8 a.m. shoppers.

Cotton Quilts, full double-bed size. Regular $1.15 Quilts, that, because of a slight imperfection in the weave, will be sold at, each	89c

FIVE GROCERY SPECIALS

For Tuesday's 8 a.m. Shoppers.

New Laid Eggs, per dozen	25c
Christie's Sodas, 3 lb. package	23c
C. & B. Malt Vinegar, imperial qt. bottle	25c
Finest quality Strong Cheese, per lb.	15c
Strathcona Brand Windsor Bacon (pea meal), per lb.	18c

SPECIAL OPENING SALE OF

Shoes and Slippers!

An Opening Sale here means more than an exposition of new styles; it is signalized by the presentation of some specially interesting introductory values.

LADIES' FINE KID OXFORD SHOES AND SLIPPERS, all hand turned soles, made in the latest shapes and styles for spring wear. Every style a genuine $2.00 value. Opening sale price Tuesday, 8 a.m.	$1.50

(SEE WINDOW DISPLAY.)

Famously Fashionable Wash Fabrics!

Despite contracted quarters we are enabled to present the finest and most attractive display of new fabrics seen in many seasons either in this or other quarters. The only noticeable cheap features are the prices, which taken throughout are quite a respectable percentage below those demanded 'round about us.

GALATEAS, for Ladies' and Children's Suits, in an almost endless variety of fancy colored stripes. Price range, per yard, 12½c, 15c, 18c, 20c, 22c and 25c.

OXFORD SHIRTINGS, in new fancy stripes and checks. Per yard, from 10c to 25c.

COLORED PIQUE, in colors of red, fawn, blue, pink, black, etc. Per yard	25c
COLORED JEANS, in all new colorings. Per yard, from 18c to	25c

BASEMENT BARGAINS DESIGNED

To secure large attendances of 8 a.m. Shoppers.

WASH BOARDS.

5 doz. regular 25c Wash Boards, to be sold Tuesday at 8 a.m., for, each	15c

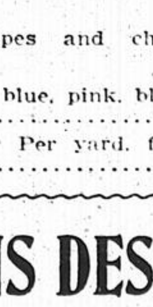
PILLOW SHAM HOLDERS.

For either Iron or Wooden Beds. Regular 65c. Tuesday, 8 a.m.	50c

NICKEL TRAYS.

10 doz. round shape Nickel Trays. Regular 15c ea. Tuesday, 8 a.m.	10c

SALT BOXES.



100 regular 30c Salt Boxes, to be sold Tuesday promptly at 8 a.m. for, each	22c

TEA OR COFFEE POTS.

3 doz. Nickel Plated Tea or Coffee Pots. Regular 85c each. Tuesday 8 a.m.	65c

CROCKERY BOWLS.

500 Crockery Bowls, worth 10c each. Clearing sale price commencing Tuesday, 8 a.m.	2½c