

FRENCH ARE NOW IN CONTACT WITH THE BULGARIAN ARMY ON THE BORDERS OF SERBIA

Weather Helps Gallant Little Ally—Britain And France Continue To Land Troops At Saloniki—Germans Take The Offensive South Of Riga—Lull Is Noticeable In Flanders And Champagne

London, Oct. 17.—Although there is very heavy fighting at some points along the eastern front as well as in the west, the Austro-German and Bulgarian invasions of Serbia and the efforts of the British and French Generals to bring help to their little ally before it is too late continue to occupy the chief attention of the people of the belligerent countries.

The Serbians are being helped by the weather, which is cold and winter-like. The rains have set in and are impeding the movement of troops and guns, which, at the best, must be slow over what answer for roads in the Balkan states.

The Germans, however, claim to have taken the heights south of Belgrade, while along the Danube the army of General Von Gallwitz is pushing the Serbians back.

The Bulgarians also lay claim to a rapid advance into Macedonia, although the French are already reported to be in contact with them at Gievjeli, while both the French and British continue to land troops at Saloniki.

Neither Russian nor Italian assistance has yet developed, but the Italians have begun a more vigorous offensive along their frontier, and have captured Pregasina, an important advanced point of the fortified Riva group on Lake Garda. This will be of indirect aid to Serbia, preventing, as it does, the movement of any more Austrian troops from that frontier.

The Germans have taken the offensive south of Riga and forced the Russians out of their positions, capturing a large number of prisoners and some guns. On the rest of the eastern front the offensive remains in the hands of the Russians, who are attacking west of Dvinsk, in the centre and to the south of the Pripet river.

On the whole, it appears to observers here as if the Germans were satisfied merely to hold their present line, except in the north, where they have made repeated attempts to take Dvinsk. This would mean the fall of Riga and would compel the Russians to withdraw behind the Dvina river. This ambition has already cost the Germans many thousands of men, but they keep on trying, first in the north, then in the south and then on the Dvinsk front. At present their attacks are developing the greatest force in the north.

There is somewhat of a lull in Flanders and Champagne on the western front—probably the calm before another storm of shells. Activity, for the moment, has been transferred to Lorraine, where the French report the capture of a trench north of Reillon, and to the Vosges, where the Germans have again withdrawn from Hartmans-Weilerkopf, which has changed hands many times.

A despatch to the Journal de Paris from Athens says it is reported here that the British besides landing at Saloniki, will operate along the Bulgarian-Turkish coast at Dedeaghat and Enos, from which points quick access may be had to the route the Teutonic forces must take to reach Constantinople.

ues of trees along the roads, some of them cut down by shell fire, stood stripped, like telephone poles, of their limbs and foliage, spectral in the variegated mist of destruction, whence came a continuously ugly roar, which submerged the sound of the machine guns and rifles firing during the half hour from 1 to 1.30, before the British infantry sprang from their trenches.

Meanwhile, in the rear, the miners of the mining country proceeded with their work; farmers were plowing; women going and coming in the villages or standing in doorways; the soldier support straining their eyes toward the battlefield or playing football, ready to find cover in the dugouts or cellars instantly should their neighborhood be shelled.

The only way the progress of the attack could be told by an observer looking over the whole battlefield was by the lifting walls of fire of the British guns from the front to the reserve German trenches, while the Germans moved their back, presumably to punish the British reserves coming to support their advance.

A flash of flame, and it was seen that Foss 8 was on fire. An officer on horseback in the midst of shells was seen for an instant and was gone. Soldiers were seen springing over a parapet, presumably running forward with bombs and were lost in the mantle of smoke which gave only a few glimpses of the presence of human beings in the inferno.

GRAIN FOR GREECE.

Zurich, via London, Oct. 17.—A despatch from Budapest says that Greece is negotiating for the purchase of a large quantity of grain from Rumania. Bulgaria the despatch adds, has granted the request for its transport to the Greek frontier.

STEAMER ARRIVALS.

New York: Philadelphia, Liverpool; Ryndam, Rotterdam; Roma, Lisbon.
Liverpool: Carpathia, Montreal.
Rotterdam: Rotterdam, New York.

COL. GAUDET'S MEN DISPLAY COOLNESS

OWING TO THIS ENEMY SURPRISE ATTACK FAILED COMPLETELY.

Canadian Headquarters, France.—During the period October 8th to 14th there has been no material change on the front of the Canadians. On the afternoon of October 8th, the enemy exploded four mines at points on the front of one of our divisions, simultaneously opening a heavy bombardment on the area affected. The enemy advanced into the craters, but was driven out of them by our bombers.

At one point, two German officers led a party through a crater. One was blown to bits by our bombers and the other rolled back into the crater. This party then withdrew. At another point the Germans reached our parapet and attempted to effect a permanent lodgement, but was driven off with fixed bayonets. Our companies manned their parapet and maintained a controlled fire wherever the enemy showed himself. The slight damage caused by the enemy to our parapets was speedily repaired.

The 22nd Battalion, under Col. Gaudet, of Montreal, and the 28th, under Col. Embury, displayed great coolness in dealing with these surprise attacks, frequently cutting the enemy's wires and bringing in samples.

On the afternoon of October 8th, Lieut. J. G. Anderson, accompanied by private A. H. Wythe, both of the Fifth Battalion, encountered five of the enemy in a German sap. One of the enemy was killed and three wounded. On the morning of October 9th, reinforced with three bombers, they re-visited the sap, driving off a German working party and bringing in two rifles and other articles of value for identification purposes.

On the morning of October 10th, we exploded a mine in front of our first brigade. The enemy was heard working in his mine gallery a few feet away, just prior to the explosion. It is believed his losses were considerable. On the afternoon of October 13th, a demonstration was carried out all along the front. The fire of our artillery was effective, both against the enemy's wire and parapets. While the enemy's supports were being brought up, they were subjected to heavy artillery machine gun and rifle fire.

At one point, under cover of smoke, a party of thirty men, under Major W. R. Brown, of the 26th Battalion, Col. MacAvity, of St. John, commanding, accompanied by Lieuts. C. Fairweather, 26th Battalion, and McPhee, Canadian Engineers, left our trench to examine a crater close to the German parapet, where the enemy was thought to be carrying on some work. An enemy bombardment was in progress and heavy rifle and machine gun fire was opened on the party. Major Brown was wounded in the advance, but continued to direct operations. The crater was entered by a few men under Lieuts. Fairweather and MacPhee and rendered untenable to the enemy. The crater was then evacuated.

During the retirement, Sergt. W. C. Ryer, 20th Battalion, St. John, succeeded with the help of Private F. L. Daley, in bringing in a wounded man under heavy fire.

Four working parties have been continually employed strengthening and improving our defenses. Considerable rain has fallen during the period and at times fog has been prevalent.

The farmhand was called into the house by his boss during a shower. "But a little doesn't bother me," the man protested. "I can work along just the same."
"That isn't the point," said the farmer. "Next time it showers you come right into the house. I want every drop on my land."

SITUATION IN SERBIA IS BECOMING SERIOUS

THE BULGARIANS PLAN TO SEPARATE SERBIANS AND ALLIED TROOPS BY SEIZING THE RAILROAD BETWEEN THEM.

Paris, Oct. 17.—The Austro-German troops on the Save-Danube front are estimated at 14 divisions, according to a despatch to the Temps from Nish under Saturday's date. The Teutonic pressure continues in the region of Pozarevac.

"The Bulgarians," the despatch continues, "are attacking with large forces along the line between Zajecar and Kotechane, in the vicinity of Timok and Breganitz. They have succeeded in passing Raivok, Savaj and Stoikovo Brdo.

"To the south the Bulgarians have forced back the Serbians in the region of Kniazevac.

"In the reign of Kriva and Palanka, situated on the Kumanovo-Kustendil road, the Bulgarians made an attack with several regiments and succeeded in reaching Tchoupino Brdo, whence they can menace the cities of Kumanovo and Vranie, and the Nish-Saloniki railroad. At Kotechane, on the Breganitz river, the Serbians are successfully resisting an attack by two Bulgarian divisions.

"The situation is becoming serious, especially in the region of Kumanovo, as it appears that the Bulgarians plan to seize the railroad on this side and separate the Serbian army from the Allied troops coming up from Saloniki, and then turn towards the north through the Morava valley in order to reach Nish.

"The prompt arrival of the Allies at Kumanovo and Vranie is necessary, and the government and army, as well as all Serbians are awaiting them with growing impatience."

GREECE WARMING UP TO THE ALLIES

KING WILL GO TO SALONIKI—RUMANIA IS EXPECTED SOON.

Athens, Oct. 17, via Paris.—The energetic action of the Entente Allies and the opening of actual hostilities between Bulgaria and Serbia apparently is rapidly modifying the attitude of the Greek anti-war party. There is credible authority for the statement that King Constantine is preparing to go to Saloniki in the near future, and it is said in circles usually well informed that Greece will abandon her attitude of neutrality as soon as the concentration of troops is completed and army arrangements perfected.

The impression prevails that Rumania also will shortly ally herself with the Entente powers.

EIGHT GERMAN TRAWLERS CAPTURED.

London, Oct. 17.—2.00 a.m.—Eight German trawlers were brought into Grimsby on October 2nd and thirteen were brought in on October 9th. They were engaged in fishing and not in mine laying. The thirteen trawlers had cargoes of fish which they sold at Grimsby. The crews were interned.

DESCRIPTION OF ARTILLERY DUEL

CORRESPONDENT TELLS OF OPERATIONS ALONG LINE IN FLANDERS.

British Headquarters, in France, October 15, via London, October 16.—Among the Hulluch-Haisnes line, where the fighting has been almost continuous since the taking of Loos, a correspondent had an unprecedented view of the British attack which took the Hohenzollern redoubt.

From a vantage point in the flat country was witnessed a stupendous panorama of artillery preparation and glimpses of infantry rushing through smoke and shells. So rapid was the fire that an effort to count the number of audible shots per minute from the British guns failed. In front, to the right and left, and far in the rear guns flashed and scattered shells over the landscape. A second's lull in the firing by the batteries in the immediate neighborhood was filled by those farther away.

The line of both the British and German trenches was discernible in long clouds of smoke and dust from bursting shells. That of the German artillery seemed smaller in volume. No shells were seen bursting in Loos itself which appeared peaceful now back of the British positions. For this tremendous concentration was restricted to a narrow theatre, against the frontal positions of the opposing side.

It was a warm and perfect autumn day, a bright sun shining and playing into a nimbus in the sky, which gave the aeroplanes cover, and into the churned, man-made nimbus rising from the earth. Rolling clouds of gas, rising up from the British trench like steam from a locomotive of a passing train above the edge of a cut, as it was released from the apparatus in the trenches, was distinguishable from the explosion of every variety of shells. The reddish, black British lyddite and the coal-black German 9-inch explosives shot up through the lighter smoke in dense spurts, tinged at the bottom with dust from the trenches, while the explosion of a mine made a vast, mushroom-shaped column. Smoke bombs, used as a screen, added to the effect of the light colored burst from the shrapnel, shot low to destroy the barbed wire and high to search the trenches.

Large calibre shrapnel bursting the air made big vaporous puffs and high explosives bursting in the air caused big black puffs. There were also asphyxiating gas shells, signal shells to assist the gunners, and shells which dropped streaming points of fire like those from a skyrocket. The sun, shining through the clouds above and below, made a mass of changing colors that was an eye-tiring spectacle. Now towards Hulluch it was pink, and towards Auchy-Les-La Bassée dark green, while towards the Hohenzollern redoubt and Foss 8 the German parapet became visible for an instant only to be hidden again. Aven-

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GORDON'S OLD TOM GIN
GORDON'S SLOE GIN

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HON. T. C. CASGRAIN ADDRESSES MEETING AT HEBERTVILLE

(Continued from Page Three.) the people of the Western Lake St. John District to promulgate a line through this fertile region. He touched on the war and affirmed much of what the Postmaster-General had said concerning it. Canada had always lived in peace and harmony and therefore her courage and energy had been conserved. Now her sons had gone forth to the field of battle and were giving examples of their bravery and heroism.

Urges Economy. He urged economy, an example of which had been given by the government, and also alluded to the wise method of taxation undertaken by the government by which only those able to afford it were the sufferers.

Mr. Patenaude's speech was a very clear one and was brimful of interest. He concluded by painting a hopeful word picture of the situation in Canada after the war clouds would have passed.

Mr. Dorion, who headed the delegation from the West Lake St. John District, was next to address the gathering.

He expressed confidence that the interest of the county would be faithfully looked after.

Mr. Jos. Girard, deputy for the Chicoutimi-Saguenay District, was heartily cheered as he next arose to address the meeting.

He thanked the Ministers for having honored the district with a visit and urged the people to take to heart the situation so clearly put before them by men who were in a position to know whereof they spoke.

He showed in a concise manner that the government had done wonderfully well in facing the unusual crisis and made light of the alleged scandals of the boots, binoculars and horses.

So far as the boots were concerned, they had been really Liberal boots.

He condemned in an emphatic manner the action of certain Liberals and Liberal organs who were continually putting the government in a bad light before the people, notwithstanding the sacred promise of their leaders to aid the Conservative party in the handling of affairs under the extraordinary conditions which have arisen.

Speaking about the taxes, Mr. Girard pointed to the fact that the United States a nation which had not fired a gun in the present war, had taxed the people to the extent of \$100,000,000 and yet opponents of the government were complaining against the judicially arranged taxes in the Dominion of Canada, a country actually engaged in war.

He expressed confidence that the interests of the county would be well looked after at Ottawa and a conclusion called for three cheers for Madame Casgrain whose constant attendance on her husband in all his work would stamp her as one of the leading women in the Dominion.

The cheers were given with a will and smilingly acknowledged by the wife of the Postmaster-General.

Before the conclusion of the meeting Mr. Jos. Barnard, Editor of L'Evenement, drew the attention of the assembly to the fact that both Mr. Casgrain and Mr. Patenaude had brothers on active service.

Mr. Casgrain had only yesterday received a cable that his brother was in a serious condition from fever in the Dardanelles.

He said that the thanks of the country at large were due to the ministers for the work they had performed and also reminded the people that no soldier had been compelled to go to war. All had gone voluntarily.

These men had the interests and welfare of the country at heart and it was to be hoped that all who could would emulate their splendid example.

The meeting broke up with cheers for Mr. Casgrain, Mr. Patenaude and other speakers.

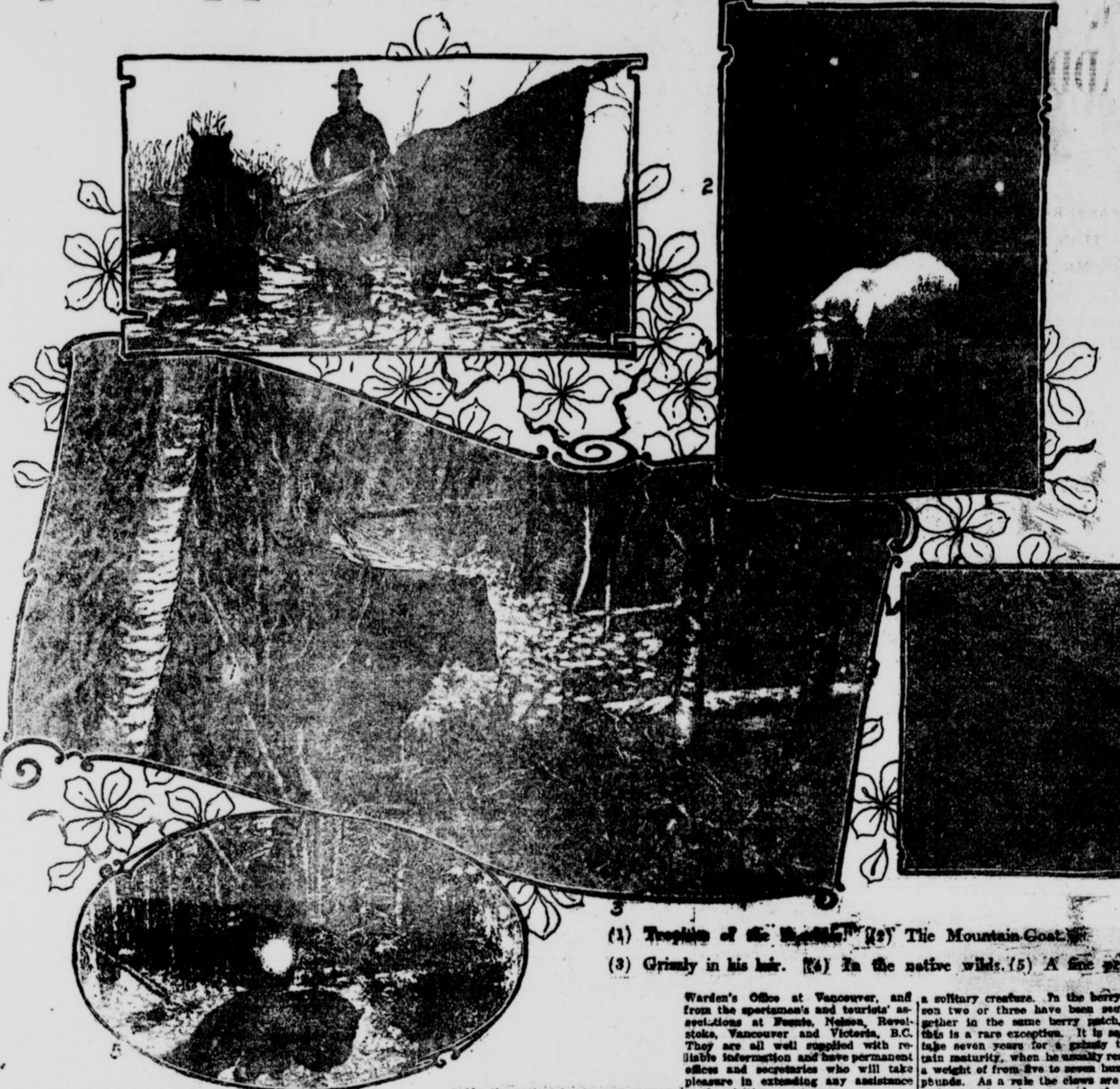
FARMER'S WIFE IS KILLED BY TRAIN.

Tilbury, Ont., October 17.—Mrs. J. Lefave, wife of a prosperous farmer, living near here, was instantly killed by a west-bound Michigan Central Railroad express train just outside the town limits while walking to church this morning. The woman, who was walking along the railroad tracks, stepped out of the way of a freight train directly into the path of the express, which she had not noticed approaching. The woman's head was severed from the body.

BRKEMAN KILLED.

Windsor, Ont., Oct. 17.—Roy W. Treadwell, aged 30, a Pere Marquette brakeman of St. Thomas, was killed in the company's yards at Walkerville last night while engaged in switching cars. Treadwell fell beneath a car was cut in two by the wheels.

THE HAUNTS of BIG GAME



(1) Trophies of the Hunter. (2) The Mountain Goat. (3) Grizzly in his lair. (4) In the native wilds. (5) A fine prize.

THE Bighorn or Rocky Mountain sheep is to-day considered the most valued prize obtainable by the sportsman. Its home is among the fastnesses of the Canadian Rockies, and is easily reached from the line of the Canadian Pacific. This animal is of a suspicious, timid nature, but is sure-bighorn is most wary and difficult to bag. Its vigilance is admirable, and once it has regained the higher ground after feeding during the early morning, only the combination of luck and skill will secure a successful shot. Every head brought down will represent honest, hard work and straight shooting. A bighorn can go further over the rocks in five minutes than the best mountaineer can travel in two hours, and once the vigilant, far-sighted eyes of the ram have detected the hunter there is absolutely no chance of approaching within shooting distance.

The best and easiest country for hunting the common bighorn is that portion of the Lillooet District roughly described as being North and South of the bridge at Chilcooten River and East and West of the Fraser River at Chilco Lake. The town of Lillooet is reached by stage from Lytton, Clinton or Ashcroft. Guides can be picked up at Lillooet and Hanceville. This country is rugged and self-reliant in its mountain home, and will escape over rocks which the hunter finds impossible to traverse. Its flesh is pronounced by epicures to be the most delicious of the world's game, and its massive, wide-spreading horns make a beautiful ornament. Of all Canadian game the bighorn is easily hunted, the mountains being of easy ascent, and one can ride within two or three miles of where the quarry is found. It must be remembered that hunting sheep is no child's play, but with the assistance of a good guide, the patient hunter can scarcely fail to secure a trophy in this country. Michel, in the south, and Golden, on the main line, are good points from which to reach the Kootenay sheep country which is probably the most accessible of any, though the country is rough and somewhat difficult, and is only recommended to those who like mountaineering. The Cassiar country is easily accessible, and is probably the best all-round country in the Province. The C. P. R. steamer from Vancouver makes connection at Wrangell with the River Boats for Telegraph Creek, by arrangements made with the C. P. R. general offices. The bighorn is almost strictly a grazing animal. His natural feeding grounds are the high mountain meadows, which lie from a thousand feet below the timber line up to the snow line. He is not equal to the mountain goat as a climber, but greatly surpasses the goat in speed and shyness.

Warden's Office at Vancouver, and from the sportsman's and tourists' associations at Penticton, Nelson, Revelstoke, Vancouver and Victoria, B.C. They are all well equipped with reliable information and have permanent offices and secretaries who will take pleasure in extending any assistance to the visiting sportsman.

The grizzly is a well-known species of the bear family and has always had the respect and admiration of all sportsmen. The Indian considered a necklace of the claws of the animal proof that the brave was worthy of the name, and was set like a squaw. The white hunter has always dealt with the grizzly bear with the utmost precaution, knowing him to be one of the most ferocious animals in the world when wounded. Exceedingly powerful, quick and cunning to a degree of almost human intelligence, the grizzly bear is a royal quarry for any sportsman.

Like the wolves, the grizzly bears of to-day are alive to the fact that man is an enemy to be feared. It is said that a wounded grizzly always runs down hill, and this may account for some attacks upon hunters which might not have taken place had the hunter been located above or on a level with the wounded animal. At most seasons of the year the grizzly is a solitary creature. In the berry season two or three have been seen together in the same berry patch, but this is a rare exception. It is said to take seven years for a grizzly to attain maturity, when he usually reaches a weight of from five to seven hundred pounds. As a rule the claws are long and curved and possessed of great strength. The fur in season is a splendid trophy.

Grizzlies are fairly plentiful in the East Kootenay and also Lillooet and some parts of Okanagan. They are also found at the head of some of the long inlets, such as Knight and Butte Inlets. The headwaters of the Nass River are very good, as is also the Skeena River in places. The best time to hunt bear is in the spring. On the Stikine River the bears come out of their dens about the middle of April. In the Kootenay and Lillooet districts they do not often appear until May. The black bear is found throughout the length and breadth of Canada. He is a harmless creature with a good coat in the early spring, and lives upon fruit, berries, fish, meat, bugs, lizards and mice. It is impossible to tell how he secured his notoriety as a dangerous animal, for in reality he is an arrant coward, and unless goaded by pain, or in defence of cubs, will not attack mankind.

With a slight breeze in the first quarter Hamilton stacked up four points by forcing the back division of Toronto's into roughs. Stowe, centre-half for Hamilton, did some splendid kicking. But Toronto's ended the quarter with a one point lead, by scoring a touch down. At half time the score was a tie, six points each, and the third quarter gave Hamilton a lead of two points. It was not until the last quarter that the game became a real struggle. For the last ten minutes the scuffles were practically helpless. Their line was ragged, and with Stowe injured, the kicking was away off color. The good judgment of De Gruchy, his able kicking, the fast following up and tackling by Moore, Burkhardt, and MacLaren, and a line that could generally hold! Ross Craig and his assistants, defeated the Hamilton squad. De Gruchy was the star of the game. His kicking was always good. Jimmy Singer, at right-half, showed a great burst of speed and on two or three occasions, covered half the length of the field with the ball. Hobbs, at quarter, did some good tackling. Stowe was the pick of the visitors.



Light On A Dangerous Habit

Prominent periodicals everywhere are daily exposing the harmful effects of the drug, caffeine, in tea and coffee.

Physicians, food experts, medical writers and editors largely agree that the cumulative effect of the 1-2 to 3 grains of caffeine in the average cup of tea or coffee is responsible for the many troubles, such as sleeplessness, nervous prostration, heart palpitation, indigestion, etc., that subtly beset most regular tea and coffee drinkers.

Some people seemingly hold up under regular tea and coffee drinking without serious results, but modern thinkers, with respect for the fundamentals of health and longevity, are daily changing to

POSTUM

It is a pure food-drink made from wheat and a little wholesome molasses—contains no caffeine or other injurious drug.

When properly made, Postum has a flavour so delicious and snappy that one is inclined to forget tea and coffee within a very short time.

Postum comes in two forms: The original, Postum Cereal, requires thorough boiling, 15c and 25c packages; Instant Postum, the soluble form, is made in the cup with boiling water, 33c and 50c tins. Both kinds are equally delicious and the cost per cup is about the same.

Better appetite, steadier nerves, brighter days are scheduled for those who quit tea and coffee. A ten days' trial shows.

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Canada's Roll of Honor

- The address given with each name in the casualty list is that of the next of kin and not necessarily that of the member of the contingent mentioned.
Nineteenth Battalion. Wounded severely: Albert Edward Batterbee, England.
Sixteenth Battalion. Suffering from shock: Alfred E. Lee, (formerly 43rd), No. 662 Logan Ave. Winnipeg. Died of wounds: Frank Tomlinson, (formerly 43rd) England.
Twenty-First Battalion. Wounded: Matthew Craig, Gravenhurst, Ont. (severely). Reginald M. Lewis, No. 417 Johnson street, Kingston, Ont. Corp. Edwin Frankland, England.
Twenty-Second Battalion. Wounded: Merdi Fortin, Isle of Anticosti, Que.
Twenty-Third Battalion. Wounded: Charles Burtenshaw, Prince Albert, Sask.
Twenty-Fourth Battalion. Wounded: James Bryant, Blake, Kentucky.
Twenty-Fifth Battalion. Wounded Oct. 6th: William F. Kidston, Sphynfield, Halifax County, N. S. Charles Thomas Wiggington, No. 47 Grafton street, Halifax, N. S.
Twenty-Sixth Battalion. Wounded: Sergt. Roland Smith, No 282 Princess street, St. John. N. B., (slightly). George E. Miles, No. 34 Charles street, Fairville, N. B. W. H. Carson, St. George, N. B. (seriously).

- Twenty-Seventh Battalion. Wounded: George Foss, No. 740 Beverley street Winnipeg. William Turner, Toronto, Ont. (Dr. Barnard's Home, Toronto).
Twenty-Eighth Battalion. Wounded: Sergeant J. Falconer, Ireland. Harold Cappleman, England.
Twenty-Ninth Battalion. Killed in action: Sergt. Leslie Hunter, England (Sept. 30th). John F. Green, England, (killed Sept. 28th).
Thirty-First Battalion. Wounded: Sergt. Major Rowland J. Burberry, No. 11 Nelson Ave. Edmonton, Alb.
Lord Strathcraigh's Horse. Wounded: Harry Lambie, Scotland.
First Regiment C.M.R. Killed in action Oct. 8th: Lieut. Percy S. Strood, England.
Second Regiment C.M.R. Died of wounds Oct. 8th: Walter H. Woodward, England.
Third Regiment C.M.R. Wounded Oct. 6th: Noel Holroyd, Peavine, Alb.
Fifth Field Artillery Brigade. Killed by shell Oct. 13th: Driver Thomas Dickson, Ryantowa Man. Gunner Wilfred G. Harris, Regina, Jct. Post Office, Regina, Sask.
Fourth Field Company Divisional Engineers. Wounded slightly: Sapper Arthur Stanley Gordon Musgrave, Ireland.
Ottawa, Oct. 17.—(Casualty list issued at midnight).
Fourth Battalion. Wounded: Lance-Corp. Lionel Har-

TORONTO OARSMEN BEAT

board, No. 153 Perth Ave. Toronto, (gunshot in hand)

Twelfth Battalion. Death: George Anderson, (formerly 4th Battalion), No. 142 Denison Ave. Toronto (died Oct. 15th).

Nineteenth Battalion. Died of wounds Oct 7th: Company Sergt-Major Thomas Mack, No. 36 Brighton Place, Toronto.

Twenty-Second Battalion. Wounded: Elzear Lavallee, Sorel, Que. (left arm). Killed in action Sept. 25th: Philippe Lacombe, No. 389 Amherst street, Montreal.

Twenty-Fourth Battalion. Seriously ill: Lieut. M. Laing, No. 125 Cedar Ave. Montreal. Wounded, Gordon McKeuzie Ogilvie, No. 104 Coursol street, Montreal, (left arm wounded).

Philip David Thomson, No. 152 Ottawa street, Montreal (wounded in head and forearm, gunshot).

Twenty-Fifth Battalion. Ill in hospital in Alexandria. Naval Reserve Seaman John Patrick, Ferry Land, a member of the crew of the Drifter Araby, drowned at Ramsgate dock.

"I respectfully ask your lordship," said counsel in defending a prisoner charged with horse-stealing, "to impress upon the jury that it is a fundamental principle of law that it is better for ninety-nine guilty men to escape than for one innocent man to be found guilty."

"Yes, that is true," said the judge, reflectively, "and I shall so instruct the jury; but I shall add that in the opinion of the Court it is probable that the ninety-nine guilty men have already escaped!"

HAMILTON ROWING CLUB

Toronto, Oct. 16.—Ten to eight: was the final score in favor of the Toronto Rowing and Athletic Association in the senior O.R.F.U. game on Saturday against the Hamilton Rowing Club played here yesterday. For the first three periods the play on both sides was of an inferior quality with several fights and many delays. In the fourth quarter, however, both teams bucked up.

With a slight breeze in the first quarter Hamilton stacked up four points by forcing the back division of Toronto's into roughs. Stowe, centre-half for Hamilton, did some splendid kicking. But Toronto's ended the quarter with a one point lead, by scoring a touch down. At half time the score was a tie, six points each, and the third quarter gave Hamilton a lead of two points. It was not until the last quarter that the game became a real struggle. For the last ten minutes the scuffles were practically helpless. Their line was ragged, and with Stowe injured, the kicking was away off color. The good judgment of De Gruchy, his able kicking, the fast following up and tackling by Moore, Burkhardt, and MacLaren, and a line that could generally hold! Ross Craig and his assistants, defeated the Hamilton squad. De Gruchy was the star of the game. His kicking was always good. Jimmy Singer, at right-half, showed a great burst of speed and on two or three occasions, covered half the length of the field with the ball. Hobbs, at quarter, did some good tackling. Stowe was the pick of the visitors.

The highest exercise of charity is charity towards the uncharitable.—Buckminster.

HON. T. C. CASGRAIN ADDRESSES MEETING AT HEBERTVILLE

POSTMASTER-GENERAL RECEIVES ENTHUSIASTIC OVATION FROM LAKE ST. JOHN ELECTORS—HON. MR. PATENAUDE IS ALSO ACCLAIMED

(Special Staff Correspondent). Hebertville, Que., Oct. 17th, 1915.—Hebertville was en fete today to welcome Hon. T. Chase Casgrain, Postmaster-General, and also Hon. E. L. Patenaude the recently appointed Minister of Inland Revenue.



HON. T. CHASE CASGRAIN, Postmaster-General.

Enthusiastic Gathering. It was a most enthusiastic gathering. They listened intently and were generous in approving by unstinted applause the reasonable arguments set forth by Hon. Mr. Casgrain in his intelligent and convincing speech concerning the part undertaken by the Government of Canada in the present war, the righteousness of it and the duty of all Canadians in the terrible crisis.

Canada's First Defence. The Postmaster-General told the people of Hebertville that the front line of Canada's defence against German tyranny, barbarism and militar-



HON. E. L. PATENAUDE, Minister of Inland Revenue.

ism was the valiant line in Flanders. But for this heroic barrier and the tremendous power of the British Fleet Canada might now be undergoing the frightful ravages by which Belgium was torn to pieces.

The meeting was also unique in the fact that it was addressed by Hon. Mr. Patenaude who thus appeared before the public for the first time as a member of Premier Borden's cabinet.

Mr. Jos. Giguere, Mayor of Hebertville presided at the assembly which was held in the open air and included a large proportion of ladies. The Mayor read an address of Welcome to Hon. Mr. Casgrain and also attended in complimentary manner to Hon. Mr. Patenaude at the same time congratulating him on his appointment.

He also drew the attention of the Postmaster-General to the request of the electors of the Western Lake St. John District for aid from the government in order that an extension of the railway from Roberval through this district might be effected.

Mr. Casgrain Welcomed.

Hon. Mr. Casgrain received a remarkable ovation when he arose to speak. He expressed his great pleasure at the opportunity afforded him to address such a large number of electors of the prosperous Lake St. John District and explained that his visit was one of duty as he considered that Ministers should keep in contact with the people of the country and thus see for themselves the real requirements of the different localities.

Concerning the request of the Western Lake-St. John people, the Minister stated that it was a question of utmost importance and that he would immediately look into the contract with the railway company.

not proceeding in accordance with its requirements he would use his influence to the desired end.

Praises Mr. Girard. Mr. Casgrain paid a glowing tribute to Mr. Jos. Girard, Deputy for the Chicoutimi-Saguenay District, and eulogized the work which he has done for the benefit of the counties.

The Postmaster-General impressed upon his hearers of the fact that his coming was not the forerunner of elections.

It was not a political meeting or a meeting called to solicit the support of the electors.

It had come to Hebertville, to put the situation clearly before the people. Some Liberals had violated the truce declared by their chief. He did not wish to attack the Liberal party generally but he retained the right to defend the government from these slanderous onslaughts at a time when both parties were endeavoring to tife the country over a serious era.

Canada's participation in the war, the huge loans and the equipment and transportation of men, munitions and horses to the aid of the Mother Country had been approved by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the Liberal Party as a whole.

Therefore, it was the policy of the country and not merely of the Conservative or Liberal Parties respectively.

The negative policy of those Liberals who contend the governments measures are always wrong was eloquently and decisively dealt with by the Hon. Mr. Casgrain.

The opposition is supposed to be in the same position as a vector.

Its members are supposed to point out the errors of the government and suggest the proper remedy.

"But in this case, they merely say we are wrong and it ends there," said the Postmaster-General amidst a storm of applause.

The alleged scandals were summarily dealt with and in such a manner that no intelligent auditor could not but agree that the government's position in these affairs had been one to call for the most hearty commendation instead of condemnation.

Mr. Casgrain did not deny that there had been irregularities. At first they could hardly have been avoided.

History had only repeated itself in these instances. Camp-followers had sought to enrich themselves even at the expense of the brave boys who were actually going to fight their battles, but Premier Borden's manly and prompt action had shown the government to be honest and sincere and in striking contrast to the Liberals who were in power had baffled all attempts at investigating any alleged hoodlums on the part of their deputies or adherents.

Germany's Power-Loss. The terrible war and its effect on the world, the part played by France, the heroic and gigantic efforts of England, the origin and causes of the conflict and the thirst for world-dominance by the Kaiser whose government had cast covetous eyes on the fair colonies of England, were eloquently set forth by the learned speaker and his hearers were greatly impressed.

What Canada's soldiers had done on the fields of Langemarck, Festubert and St. Julien had indelibly engraved the land of the Maple Leaf on the world's scroll of fame.

The part of French-Canadians in the big war was also discussed. Those 2,500 men who had gone with the first contingent had upheld the traditions of the race. There was no need to bark back to the days of De Salaberry and others. Colonel Currie, recently returned from the front, had told Mr. Casgrain personally that the French-Canadians under his command had fought like lions and no better fighters than they were

RED CROSS DAY

It is to be hoped that the Canadian public will make a generous response to the appeal for funds which has been made by Lord Lansdowne, the President of the British Red Cross Society.

October 21st is to be "Red Cross" day throughout the whole of the British Isles and of the Empire. It is probable also that the other allied countries will take this opportunity of expressing significantly their appreciation of the services which the British Red Cross has rendered to all the Allies impartially. M. Cambon, the French Ambassador at London, has intimated that France is anxious to rival the generous enthusiasm with which the British public contributed to the French Red Cross on July 12th.

The Canadian Red Cross has made two gifts of \$50,000 to the British Red Cross, one at the outset of the war and the other recently. This was nothing more than part payment of a great debt of service. We are still under a great obligation to the British Red Cross for its infinite assistance to our Canadian wounded, and under a still greater obligation to the British public which has shown a cordial hospitality to Canadian convalescents.

October 21st, therefore, should be the occasion of a striking display of Imperial Red Cross unity in Canada. In giving to the British Red Cross, we shall demonstrate our comradeship with our British brethren, our devotion to the Allied cause, and our sympathy with the thousands of wounded suffering torment in innumerable hospitals in France and the Mediterranean seaports; for this fund is primarily for Red Cross work outside of the British Isles.

Probably a great many men have an idea that Red Cross work is exclusively woman's work. This is due to the fact that a large part of the actual work of making up supplies, such as bandages and socks, has been done by women. Knitting is not a masculine habit but knitting is only an incident in the general work of the Red Cross. It would be safe to say that in the actual war zone men make up much the larger part of the Red Cross personnel. The stretcher-bearers are male, the ambulance drivers are male. The doctors and orderlies are male. In short men today are playing a large part in the humanitarian activities represented by the Red Cross. To buy a bandage or to contribute to a motor ambulance is as reasonable a matter for masculine pride as the purchase of a machine gun.

It is right that this should be understood, for the future of the Red Cross rests with the men in Canada. It must be admitted that it is largely to feminine energy that the Canadian Red Cross has discharged its responsibilities in the first year of the war. In the second year the strain on the resources of the Red Cross is likely to be much more severe and the men of Canada must stand behind the society.

The Patriotic Fund it is generally admitted is a matter of the utmost importance. It would be a disgrace to allow the dependants of our soldiers to suffer want and misery. The Red Cross is equally as important, for it would perhaps be a greater disgrace to leave the soldiers themselves in need of medical attention. The duty of relieving the distress of the sick and wounded is as obligatory upon men as women. Red Cross work is just as much man's work as woman's work. Every Red Cross branch in every community should have the heartiest support from every Canadian business man. In fact the business man should take the lead in this matter.

The Red Cross Exhibit is attracting a great deal of attention at the Panama Exhibition. Every variety of Red Cross work is represented in complete detail.

The French-Canadian section of the Red Cross is making remarkable progress. Its branches now number thirty-five.

Ten motor ambulances were presented by the British Ambassador at Petrograd to the Tsaritsa in behalf of the British Red Cross.

could be found in the ranks of the army.

Colonel Currie had especially lauded the bravery of Colonel Dansereau who was going back to the front in command of another representative regiment of Canadian descendants of the Mere-Patrie, France.

Nothing would be too good for the returning wounded men and preference would always be given them.

The school-children in France are taught to raise their hats to these heroes when they meet them on the streets.

The British Fleet.

Mr. Casgrain reminded the people that had it not been for the British Fleet Canada might now be under German Rule, while it should be remembered that the line of British, French, Canadian, India and Belgium troops in Flanders is Canada's first line of defence. Its vicissitudes mark our victories and defeats.

In conclusion, Mr. Casgrain expressed genuine regret that his age prevented his active participation in the war, but though he could not fight yet he had a say in the direction of the affairs of the country and he could bend his every effort and utilize all his remaining vitality towards doing what he could to aid the cause of righteousness against tyranny and military aggression.

Wild cheering greeted Mr. Casgrain's eloquent and patriotic address from start to finish.

Mr. Patenaude Speaks.

Mr. Patenaude, Minister of the Inland Revenue, was next introduced and he received a warm welcome from the big crowd.

He complimented the people of Hebertville for their enterprising evidences of which was everywhere to be seen. He alluded to the work of the people and the development of the butter and cheese industry which, he urged, could reach a high point of efficiency with the natural advantages to be had.

He expressed the hope that the necessary aid from the government would be secured so that pressure would be brought to bear on the Railway company to fulfill the desires of

(Continued on Page Two.)

RUSSIANS CAPTURE ENEMY TRENCHES

HUNS TROOPS CUT OFF—TURKS LOSE MANY WHEN REPULSED.

Petrograd, Oct. 17, via London, Oct. 18—1:09 a.m.—The following official communication from General Headquarters was issued tonight:

"South of Riga, after artillery preparations, the enemy attacked and captured the Garroszen railway station. Our counter attacks followed immediately and we re-captured and re-occupied the station.

"In the region of Gross-Ekan the Germans made several attacks and has been at rifle fire. In the Janeb river, fighting occurred around Neugent station, south-east of Riga.

"Our aeroplanes yesterday threw dozens of bombs on trains and the railway works behind the enemy's lines.

"In the region of Jacobstadt, there pressed our troops back in the region of Dvinsk the enemy continues his stubborn attacks. We repulsed four attacks in the course of the day in the Schlossberg region, west of Ilounsk. Hostile attacks near the village of Pochilina were also repulsed.

"At 10 o'clock yesterday morning the enemy developed an intense fire and attacked in the Chielkovo district, north of Lake Sevenen. The movement of our troops was directed against the flank and rear of the Germans, who were cut off, and we captured part of their forces. All attacks were repulsed by our fire. The commanders of the various units engaged report that the field of battle before their entrenchments was covered with German bodies.

"The fighting on the front Lakes Demmen and Dresswitz continues. The Germans are resisting obstinately in the region of Kronkloche and Gateri. At the village of Oustli, on the west shore of Lake Sevenen, the enemy's line was pierced and our troops crossed the river Drivovitsa.

"Near the village of Koulikovitchi, on the river Stry, above Czartorisk, our troops yesterday captured enemy trenches. His counter attacks were unsuccessful. Yesterday we seized an enemy position in the Carpalovsk district west of Derajno.

"In the Caucasus, near the village of Norchine, south of Olti, our troops made a successful reconnaissance. The Turks having received reinforcements assumed the offensive, and at 2 o'clock in the morning of the 15th stormed Norchine, but were repulsed with great losses and retired on their previous positions."

Moral Effect.

"As for the moral effect for which presumably the enemy was seeking—that was all to his disadvantage. The raid occurred at an hour when practically no one except children was in bed, and though the shops in the principal shopping areas were closed, places of entertainment were full and the masses of the population were about their ordinary evening's pleasure or at business.

"A very much larger number of people, therefore, were aware of the enemy's presence, but the population of London, though hundreds of thousands heard the sound of bursting bombs and the guns, remained cool and free from panic. There were, if possible, even less signs of excitement than on the previous occasions. The official warnings to take shelter were better observed, and when the aircraft passed and the guns ceased firing most of the people who had been watching the bombardment went quietly to bed, and were undisturbed by the second raid, which took place about midnight in another part of the London area.

Bombardment Noise Heard.

"In the theatres, from which the sounds of firing and explosions could plainly be heard, there was a commendable absence of panic. Altogether, the imperturbability of the people of London would appear to offer a striking contrast to the behavior of the population on the occasion of rehearsals of aircraft attacks recently said to have been held in certain German towns.

"When the results of the raid were examined next morning five distinct areas could be distinguished in which damage was done. The first of these is an area in which there is little or no residential property, some large buildings devoted to various kinds of business, and comparatively wide streets. In this area bombs were dropped containing high explosives, which in four cases fell upon the streets, and in the fifth upon the back premises of one large building thronged with people.

"One of the bombs, which apparently was of large size, penetrated the street into the subways containing gas and water mains, and, in exploding, melted the gas pipes, setting alight a fire which, though slight in extent, lasted for several hours. The explosion of this bomb damaged the buildings round about considerably and destroyed almost all the glass in the neighborhood. It also was responsible for a number of casualties, which will all be the subject of an inquiry. Those killed were either sitting in the front rooms of the buildings or were working or walking in the streets.

"The second area contains a large block of residential flats, some of which are occupied as offices. Like many other blocks of flats in London, this one has a stretch of garden behind the buildings, and one of the enemy's high explosive bombs fell in this garden close to the flats themselves. One or two rooms on the ground floor were totally wrecked, and on the first floor considerable damage was done. Another bomb fell on the top of one of the buildings demolishing the top story. In this area there were no casualties.

Little Damage Here.

"The third area contains two damaged business premises. The first of them is a large modern building constructed of reinforced concrete and with steel and concrete roof and flooring. Two bombs were dropped on this building, one of them actually on the roof, and one on the pavement immediately beneath the doorway. The bomb on the pavement appears to have exploded sideways. At any rate, the damage done, which consisted

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LITTLE ACCOMPLISHED IN RECENT ZEPPELIN RAID

MOST OF THE BOMBS FELL ON GROUND WHILE OTHERS DID ONLY SLIGHT DAMAGE—AGED AND LITTLE CHILDREN KILLED.

London, Oct. 17—10:15 p.m.—The following account of the Zeppelin raid on Wednesday night was prepared by a writer appointed by the Home Office:

"On the evening of October 13th, another aerial attack was directed against London, which differed in no material respect from those made on previous occasions. The enemy's vessel or vessels flew high.

"The darkening of the metropolitan area, together with the height at which the aircraft travelled, certainly prevented the enemy from discovering the exact position of places of importance.

"As on the last occasion, the official report issued in Berlin proves the raiders to have been grossly in error in most cases as to where they were dropping their bombs, and if they had really some definite objective, owing to the height at which they flew, they entirely failed to attain that objective.

"Except for one chance shot, the damage was exclusively on property not connected with the conduct of war. Of the 127 persons killed or injured none, save one or two soldiers who were in the street at the time, were combatants.

Moral Effect.

"As for the moral effect for which presumably the enemy was seeking—that was all to his disadvantage. The raid occurred at an hour when practically no one except children was in bed, and though the shops in the principal shopping areas were closed, places of entertainment were full and the masses of the population were about their ordinary evening's pleasure or at business.

A very much larger number of people, therefore, were aware of the enemy's presence, but the population of London, though hundreds of thousands heard the sound of bursting bombs and the guns, remained cool and free from panic. There were, if possible, even less signs of excitement than on the previous occasions. The official warnings to take shelter were better observed, and when the aircraft passed and the guns ceased firing most of the people who had been watching the bombardment went quietly to bed, and were undisturbed by the second raid, which took place about midnight in another part of the London area.

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"When the results of the raid were examined next morning five distinct areas could be distinguished in which damage was done. The first of these is an area in which there is little or no residential property, some large buildings devoted to various kinds of business, and comparatively wide streets. In this area bombs were dropped containing high explosives, which in four cases fell upon the streets, and in the fifth upon the back premises of one large building thronged with people.

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THREE MILLION MORE MEN ARE STILL REQUIRED

BRITISH DIRECTOR OF RECRUITING MADE THIS STATEMENT YESTERDAY.

London, October 17—"Great Britain needs 3,000,000 more men by spring." This declaration was made today by Brigadier-General Sir Eric Swayne, director of recruiting in the northern command, in a speech at Hull. General Swayne estimated that Germany still has between 9,000,000 and 10,000,000 men from the ages of 18 to 45, and that therefore, it was useless to talk about wearing Germany out.

In the spring, said he, Germany would lose more men than the Allies, which would balance the number of the Allies and the Central, but if Great Britain should raise three million additional, Germany would probably recognize that it would be fruitless to continue. Great Britain, he added, did not want compulsion, but unless 3,000,000 more men were recruited by the spring, the military authorities would not be responsible for the war.

TANCREDE MARCIL CONTINUES BLUFF

BUT ALL HIS EFFORTS SO FAR HAVE ACCOMPLISHED NOTHING.

Montreal, October 17—Tancrede Marcil, the Montreal journalist, who obtained an interim injunction last Friday afternoon to restrain Returning Officer Gougeon, from forwarding to Ottawa, his declaration that Hon. E. L. Patenaude, the new Minister of Inland Revenue, had been elected on Friday by acclamation for Hochelaga, failed to have the injunction continued when the matter came before Judge Lafontaine on Saturday morning.

Application was made for a warrant for the arrest of the Learning Officer, but this also was in vain.

A writ of mandamus will be applied for tomorrow, with a view to compelling Returning Officer to open the poll next Friday, as that the Hochelaga electors may have an opportunity to vote either for Mr. Patenaude or Mr. Marcil. The latter's nomination papers were declared void last Friday, because they did not state the place of his residence.

ed chiefly of broken glass and plaster, occurred mainly in the houses on the other side of the street. The bomb which dropped on the roof of the building itself, did little damage.

"In the same area a bomb was dropped on the roof of a small hotel, the ground floor of which was occupied as an office. In this case, the strengthening of the building, which was an old one, was not sufficient to withstand the force of the explosion, and the whole of the hotel, which consisted of three floors of the building, was entirely blown up. Fortunately in this area those indoors had been warned by the sound of previous explosions, and by taking refuge in the lower floor they escaped injury altogether. In this area, as by a curious coincidence in one other, the effect of the bombs was severely felt in a small restaurant opened in the interests of Belgian refugees.

"The fourth district in which damage was done is one consisting entirely of what may be called working class property, with small, low buildings, some of them used to house small shops of various businesses, but in most cases occupied, and in many cases overcrowded by private residents of the poorer classes.

"In this area more bombs were dropped than in those previously described and the damage done was exclusively suffered by private traders or householders, who behaved with the utmost heroism and coolness, and who suffered damage and, in some cases, loss of life with no compensating military value for the enemy. One group of small houses in this area was entirely destroyed by a single explosive bomb.

SENATOR LANDRY EXPLAINS STAND

CAMPAIGN IS CARRIED ON AT REQUEST OF CARDINAL BEGIN OF QUEBEC.

Tilbury, Ont., Oct. 17.—Senator Landry, Speaker of the Canadian Senate, in addressing a meeting of French-Canadians here yesterday in the interests of the bi-lingual school propaganda, declared that it was at the request of Cardinal Begin of Quebec that he was continuing the bi-lingual campaign in Canada. He said that he had been strongly urged by the Quebec Cardinal to keep up the fight.

Speaking of Rule 17, Senator Landry declared that unless the Judges handling the case were "the minions of the latitudes at the head of the Ontario Government, we shall undoubtedly win."

Rev. Father Charlevoix of Ottawa, another speaker declared that a knowledge of English in Canada was a scanty consideration and linked conditions among the French-Canadians in Canada at the present time to those in Rome when Christians were persecuted.

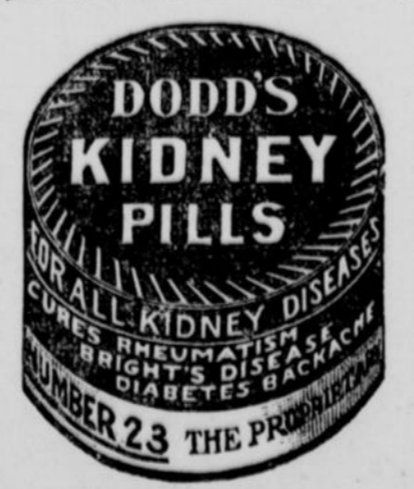
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QUEBEC OCTOBER 18, 1915.

SIR MAX AIKEN

It would be difficult indeed to express adequately the general satisfaction that is voiced at the appointment of Colonel Sir Max Aitken to the responsible and important position of General Representative of Canada at General Headquarters of the British Forces in France and Belgium.

Some months ago, Sir Max Aitken was appointed the Official Eye-Witness by the Canadian Government for the Canadian Divisions. Some little uncertainty was expressed by some individuals regarding the appointment, but the splendid work performed by Sir Max created a most favorable impression throughout England, and his wonderful descriptions, so vivid, so realistic and so graphic, earned wide spread and appreciative comment in every paper in the Kingdom. To such an extent were his reports circulated that every paper copied them, accompanied by eulogistic articles in the principal dailies. In some cases these reports were printed in pamphlet form, were excellently illustrated and had record circulations. The value of Sir Max Aitken's services were then fully appreciated and when it was seen that a Canadian Representative was urgently required at the Front, there was no one so well qualified as Sir Max. Endowed with wonderful powers of organization, clear-sighted and aggressive, he was easily singled out as the one man who could fill the position. It was a clear case of the office seeking the man and not the man the office.

There was no question that enormous sacrifices would be required, yet there was no hesitation on the part of Sir Max Aitken.

Tireless to a degree, tactful and resourceful, he is fulfilling the duties of that important position today in a manner that makes one wonder how on earth the Canadian Divisions ever got on without him before. From East to West, from North to South, he is travelling all over the lines, assisting, encouraging, suggesting and improving conditions wherever required. In and out of the trenches, at Battalion and Company Headquarters, he is a familiar figure and one who never shirks a hazardous or tedious duty.

He is doing wonderful work in every direction and the results are being felt all through the Divisions. In the position which he holds—a position without any personal considerations to gain, in fact with many sacrifices to make, his opinions are greatly valued and appreciated by those in the highest authority.

We congratulate the Government on securing Sir Max Aitken's services in this most important and responsible position.

"Canada" of 18th September has the following article:—

"Sir William Maxwell Aitken, who is more familiarly known as Sir 'Max' Aitken, last week had conferred upon him the rank of Hon. Colonel, superseding that of Hon. Lieutenant-Colonel bestowed when he was appointed official 'Eye-Witness' in connection with the Canadian Expeditionary Force. At the present time he is on another visit to France, which he also visited a month ago in company with Sir Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia, when the party were received by Sir John French, Commander-in-Chief of the British Army at the front, and made an extended tour of the Allies' line. Apart from his official war duties his spirited despatches have attracted attention throughout the Empire. Sir Max's chief activities are concerned with important financial and industrial matters. His rise has been meteoric. Little over a dozen years ago a clerk in Halifax, he has represented Ashton-under-Lyne for the last five years in the British House of Commons, has controlled over great projects, and is likely to go still further. He is still a young man as years go, having been born at Newcastle, N.B., the son of the late Rev. William Aitken, a Scottish minister, on May 25, 1879. He was married in 1906 to Gladys, daughter of the late General C. W. Drury, C.B., of Halifax, and has two sons and a daughter. He is Chairman of the Equitable Trust of London, a Director of Montreal Trust Co., Calgary Power Co., Porto Rico Railways, and other companies. He resides at Leatherhead, Surrey, and is a member of the Carlton Club, London, also of the Halifax Club, St. James's Club, Montreal, and the Toronto Club."

TWO GREAT PUBLIC WORKS.

We have the good fortune to have under construction in Quebec two of the greatest public works in America to whose progress the war has, fortunately, caused no interruption. These are the bridge across the St. Lawrence and the new graving dock.

The cantilever bridge will be the greatest of its kind in the world, its span being nearly one hundred feet longer than the wonderful Forth bridge in Scotland. It is gratifying to know that this great work is progressing more quickly than was expected, and its massive steel frame now stretches far out from the shores.

The graving dock will be the largest in the world, more than capable of docking the largest steamer afloat. Its progress is also very satisfactory.

The commercial and representative men of our city will have an opportunity of seeing these great works on Thursday next, when the Board of Trade excursion, to visit them, takes place.

COMMAND OF THE SEA.

"British command of the sea makes a complete German victory impossible." This is the conclusion of the World's Work, an American magazine, well edited and generally commendable for carefulness in assembling facts and coolness in deduction. A dispassionate examination of the results of the war at sea shows that the preponderance of the Allies over the enemy's confederation in terms of

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capital ships has increased since the opening of the war by over 100 per cent. Further, it is bound to increase still more, for the building facilities of Germany, Austria and Turkey are considerably less than those of Great Britain alone. The present relative strength of the belligerent groups is discovered to be 75 Dreadnoughts of the Allies against 30, and 86 old type battleships against 34. Our force in cruisers exceeds that of the enemy by 4 to 1; in destroyers, 3 to 1; in submarines, 5 to 1.

The writer strains himself to be impartial, and thus perhaps attributes even more strength to Germany than that nation possesses. He makes one point, nevertheless, which is not generally understood by laymen, that the strength of two opposing fleets varies, not directly in accordance with their respective numbers, but as the square of those numbers. For example, suppose 4 Dreadnoughts engage 3 enemy ships of similar type. The material advantage to the former fleet is as the square of 4 is to the square of 3—as 16 to 9. We are told that the battle fleets of the Allies are roughly three as great numerically as that of the enemy—which means that their battle strength is nine times as great.

In the opinion of the writer, the submarine is a failure, and naval power still rests in all big gun ships. He asserts at length the value of preponderating sea-power, first in strangling German commerce, and second, in permitting the free movement by the Allies of men and material to any part of the world. It is a fine and heartening story from an unbiased source, which should clear away the mists of pessimism from some anxious eyes.

During the progress of the morning bath of a few months' old infant a neighbour's little girl came into the room carrying a doll, and stood watching the operation for some time. The little girl's doll was much the worse for hard usage, being minus an arm and a leg. Finally she said to the mother of the child:—
"How long have you had your baby?"
The child was informed, and, looking from her doll to the baby, she said:—
"My, but you have kept it nice!"

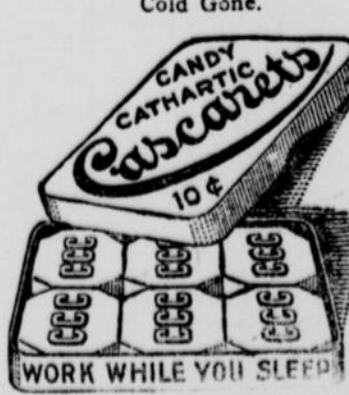
PRESS COMMENT.

Misfortunes crowd one another among the Allies at war with the Germanic combination. The resignation of M. Delcasse, the French Foreign Minister, is followed by the well-authenticated report that the entire Allied forces will be withdrawn from the Dardanelles, and sent to Serbia's aid. In view of the present military situation, this is both the sensible and strategic thing to do. The British and French landed 200,000 troops on the Gallipoli peninsula eight months ago, and they have made no appreciable advance on Constantinople since. The casualties foot up almost half the number of men engaged. Obviously, the continuance of this rashly conceived and unexpectedly executed project would be stupendous folly. The troops now employed in Gallipoli could be easily transported to Salonica and landed in southern Serbia within a week.

But from the moral standpoint, the confession of strategic inefficiency, military incapacity and official bungling that the withdrawal from Gallipoli establishes, would seem almost an act of desperation on the part of the Allies. The project, as conceived, was a bold and statesmanlike one. England and France could overcome Turkey, and capture her capital, the possession of Constantinople would have meant more to the Allied cause than most of the great German victories, east and west, count for the Teutonic combination. This is particularly true of England, whose policy for two centuries has been to leave Constantinople in the hands of a weak power, which could not threaten her communications with India. Obviously the Turkish capital in possession of her ally and herself, would be far more welcome to England than even the condition that prevailed before the war.—Brooklyn Times.

Canada's wheat crop this year is given officially at 336,258,000 bushels, which is more than double the crop of last year. The yield is 45 per cent greater than any other in the history of the country. The quality, also, is of unusually good standard. From the soil has come evidence of Canada's basic strength that should have the effect of putting the whole industrial structure of the country on a solid foundation. Agriculture, the backbone of the national prosperity, is strong and sound. It was the slogan of "Greater Production" that Canada went into the 1915 season. Business as well as patriotic considerations pointed to the advisability of securing all the foodstuffs the land would produce. This great yield of wheat is the result of organized effort, application to the task of a community spirit. It is a credit to all concerned in the work. It proves that Canada is capable of exerting successfully national effort.—

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ENJOY LIFE! LIVE YOUR LIVER AND BOWELS TONIGHT AND FEEL GREAT.

Wake up With Head Clear, Stomach Sweet, Breath Right, Cold Gone.

Take one or two Cascarets tonight and enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. Wake up feeling grand, your head will be clear, your tongue clean, breath sweet, stomach regulated and your liver and thirty feet of bowels active. Get a box at any drug store now and get straightened up by morning. Stop the headache, biliousness, bad colds and bad days. Feel fit and ready for work or play. Cascarets do not gripe, sicken or inconvenience you the next day like salts, pills or calomel. They're fine.

Mothers should give a whole Cascaret anytime to cross, sick, bilious or feverish children because it will act thoroughly and cannot injure.

IN THE DUMPS.
There was once upon a time an Egyptian king, so it is said, who built a pyramid and died of melancholy. His name was Dumpos. The memory of his tragic history is perpetuated every time we say we are "in the dumps."

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Children's Dresses in Velvet and Serge, in simple and useful modes, in Copenhagen, brown, navy, black and green.
SWEATERS—Silk Sweaters in beautiful rich colorings of purple, emerald, rose, black, and black and white effects.
Wool Golfers for Women and Children in all shades and sizes.

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TRIMMED HATS in Black Velvet, trimmed, ready to wear, at... \$4.75, \$4.95, \$5.25, \$5.48, \$5.68, \$6.25
CHILDREN'S HATS, in Velvet, ready to wear, at... 98c, \$1.25, \$1.48, \$1.75, \$1.98, \$2.25
LADIES' SETTS—Muff and Stole, at... \$4.50, \$5.50, \$5.75, \$5.95, \$6.50, \$7.50
LADIES' SKIRTS, in Duchess Satin, lined throughout, at... \$4.25
CHILDREN'S COATS, in great variety, for Winter wear, at... \$3.65, \$3.75, \$3.88, \$4.10, \$4.25, \$5.40, \$5.68, \$6.25, \$7.48
DOWN QUILTS, filled with pure down, in flowered satcen coverings, at... \$5.25, \$6.75, \$7.50, \$8.25
COMFORTERS, odorless filling, in satcen coverings, at... \$2.25, \$2.98
BLANKETS, in white wool, large size, at the old prices of... \$6.75, \$7.98, \$8.38, \$9.25, \$10.25, \$12.25, \$13.68
NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS, 3 1/2 yards long, in the newest designs, at... 90c, \$1.20, \$1.48, \$1.95, \$2.95, \$3.48

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Customers are requested to send in their repairs during the months of October and November.

We repair, replace and regild silver plated Mesh Bags, make them look like new; such work requires time, we can do that work thoroughly now. We cannot undertake to repair Mesh Bags during the month of December.

Out-of-town customers are requested to send their repairs by parcel post.

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 THIS WEEK
"THE NINE COLLEENS"
 and
FOUR OTHER BIG ACTS.
 6th CHAPTER OF "THE GODDESS."
 PRICES: 10c, 15c and 25c. : : : : : Machine: 10 Cents

MARRIED.
McCANN-STOYLES—On the 10th of October, 1915, at Valcartier Camp by the Revd. Father Gervais, Chaplain of the 57th Regiment, William J. McCann, of this city, to Mary Stoyles, of Rose Blanche, Nfld.

Victoria Theatre
 Monday and Tuesday:
"ENOCH ARDEN."
 And other Good Features.
 ADMISSION 10c

Auditorium, next Wed. 8.30
CASALS
 SEATS ON SALE
 \$1 to \$2.50. Mgt. S. O. Lamontagne
 O.15,16,18,19,24

Bible Reading Tonight
 All true lovers of God's Word are cordially invited to a Bible Reading to be held tonight and every Monday night, at the Ladies Mission Hall (Jeffery Hale's School House), St. Joseph street, at 8:00 o'clock.
 Subject tonight: Revelations of St. John.
 Come and bring a friend.

In the heart of Kings. Take your Meals at the **MARATHON CAFE**
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THE CHILDS CAFE
 Cor. St. Peter and St. James streets, Phone 3432.
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 Table and attendance unsurpassed. Fresh live Lobsters daily. Malpeque Oysters, 45c per dozen. Little Neck Clams, in every style. Fried Oysters, (half-dozen) to take home, 25 cents.
 Home-made Pies, apple, raisin, Coconut, cranberry, mince, custard, blue berry, fig, lemon.
 All kinds of Fruits served in season. Pies to take home, 25 cents each.

NOTICE
 The Annual General Meeting of the Quebec Garrison Club will be held in the dining hall of the Club, on Wednesday evening, Oct. 20th, at half past eight o'clock.
 By order,
 W. H. PETRY, Secretary.
 O.18x3

Quebec Board of Trade
 The monthly general meeting of the Quebec Board of Trade, will be held Tuesday, the 19th instant at 3:00 p.m., for the dispatch of business.
 T. LEVASSEUR, Secretary.
 O.18x2

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 Combine all the qualities of a healthy food product, with the delights of a perfect dessert.
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 A tin of WALLING'S ENGLISH MIXTURE will give you that. It has a new flavor. "TRY IT."
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PLOWING THE FURROW.
 In his book, "My Lady of the Chimney Corner," Alexander Irvine pays tribute to his Irish mother and relates this incident to show how she sought to gird him with resolution for the tasks of the world:
 "Ye'll do somethin' for me?"
 "Ay, anythin' in th' world."
 "Shur yer eyes an' stan' close t' th' table."
 I obeyed. She put into each hand a smooth stick with which James had smoothed the soles of shoes.
 "Jist for th' now these are th' handles of a plow. Ke'p yer eyes shut tight. Ye've seen a man plowin' a field?"
 "Ay."
 "Think that ye see a long, long field. Ye're plowin' it. Th' other end is so far away ye can't see it. Ye see a wee bit of the furrow, jist a wee bit. Squeeze th' plow handles."
 I squeezed.
 She took the sticks away and gently pushed me on a stool and told me I might open my eyes.
 "That's dear," I said.
 "Listen, dear. Ye've put yer han' t' th' plow; ye must niver, niver take it away. All through life ye'll have them plow handles in yer han's, an' ye'll be goin' down th' furrow. Ye'll chack a stone here an' there, th' plow'll stick often, an' things'll be out of gear, but yer in th' furrow all th' time. Ye'll change horses, ye'll change clothes, ye'll change yourself, but ye'll always be in the furrow, plowin' plowin'. Ye're God's plowman."
 "A plowman who skims th' surface of th' sod strikes no stones, dear, but it's because he isn't plowin' deep."

FALL SUITS REDUCED
 Because we have too many we have selected a number of fresh Tweed Suits and have repriced them to \$19 and \$20. Few alike.
Holt, Renfrew & Co.

IN AND ABOUT TOWN

VERDICT OF "GUILTY" AGAINST JOBIN

JUDGE PELLETIER WILL IMPOSE SENTENCE AT END OF TERM.
 Ernest Jobin, was found "guilty" in the Criminal court here on Saturday of attempting to defraud "La Banque Nationale" out of \$7,000 by means of a false cheque.
 The morning sitting of the court was occupied with the address of the prisoner's lawyer, Mr. Dupre and in the afternoon Crown Prosecutor Lachance addressed the jury who returned a verdict of "guilty".
Williamson Liberated.
 Nicholas John Williamson, who was accused of fraud, was liberated by Judge Pelletier on Saturday at the request of his lawyer, Mr. L. St. Laurent, who pointed out to the satisfaction of the Court that the accusation as contained in the indictment did not reveal any criminal act.
 The trial of John Sabayanez, who is accused of murder, was fixed for this morning, but it is not yet definitely known whether it will come up today or not.

VALCARTIER KHAKI CLUB.
 Saturday afternoon, Mrs. S. A. Kirkpatrick, wife of Lieut. Kirkpatrick, of the 55th Battalion, who has given several months voluntary service to the Club, and shown many kindnesses to the soldiers, was presented with an address accompanied by a gift of a beautiful travelling bag by the President of the Club, Mrs. Lorenzo Evans, as a mark of their appreciation of her valuable aid to the Club. There was a large number of members present, and Mrs. Kirkpatrick made a most suitable response and stated amongst other things that she had only done her humble share.
 The address was as follows:—
 Dear Mrs. Kirkpatrick:
 We hope you will accept this gift of a travelling bag and that it will be useful to you when you go abroad. I am sorry there was not time to get the signatures of all the members of the Valcartier Khaki Club, but I am quite sure they all join with me in thanking you for your kind and willing services, and in wishing you, your husband and your little son a safe and pleasant journey.
 Yours sincerely,
 ELIZABETH EVANS,
 President Valcartier C. K. C.
 Oct. 1, 1915.

RED CROSS PUBLICITY.
A New Red Cross Hospital.
 All information about the activities of the British Red Cross, should be of interest to Canadians constituting as it does a spur to keep our own Red Cross abreast with the work of the Mother Country. All English periodicals have been exceedingly generous in acknowledging the energy and excellence of Canadian Red Cross work. We should not be behindhand in returning the compliment.
 A very real solicitude is displayed by the British public for the sick and wounded soldiers. This solicitude has manifested itself in a practical way by the endowment of innumerable Red Cross Hospitals. The latest is the pavilion hospital at Englefield Green near Windsor, which was re-opened by Princess Christiana, in the presence of a distinguished company. It is to be known as the Princess Christiana British Red Cross Hospital. It is built on Crown property overlooking Windsor Forest. The building is somewhat on the lines of the Australian Red Cross Hospital at Netley. The six pavilions for the wounded have each an accommodation of twenty beds, and are placed in a semicircle facing south in order to get the benefit of the sun. The floor of each ward is extended eight feet beyond the front wall so that in fine weather the beds can be wheeled out under the canvas awning.
 There are 26 other buildings for the staff and the general administration. With the exception of the medical staff and orderlies, all the staff is feminine. A woman is in charge of the X-ray department. There is a woman quartermaster and a woman dispenser. The British Red Cross have contributed \$50,000 to this under taking and the rest of the money has been collected personally by Princess Christiana.

Germany and the Netherlands Red Cross.
 The Netherlands Red Cross have complained that the Germans have in certain cases failed to carry out their agreements with respect to the exchange of wounded. On one occasion recently, a large deputation of The Netherlands Red Cross waited at Roosendaal on the Dutch frontier for a convoy of British wounded which the German authorities had promised. After a long delay, the German officials stated that they did not desire to exchange any more prisoners at present.

WELL-KNOWN FACT.
 That it is at the Bon-Ton that you get bargains in clothing for ladies, missis and children.
BON-TON COMPANY.
 423 St. Joseph Street.
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 Local

PULPIT ORATOR HERE TOMORROW

PRESBYTERIAN DIVINE WILL SPEAK ON QUESTION OF CHURCH UNION.
 The Rev. A. Logan Geggie, of Dunn Avenue Presbyterian Church, Toronto, one of the leading pulpit orators of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, will deliver an address in Chalmers Church tomorrow night at 8 p. m.
 The subject of the visiting clergyman's address will be "Church Union" a question which is of paramount importance at the present moment to the Church of which he is a member.
 All Presbyterians are invited to make a special effort to attend in order to hear what he has to say upon this momentous subject.

PERSONAL

Mr. John Loby has left for Montreal to join the 75 Highlanders.
 Miss Healy, of Quebec, has taken her room at the Clarendon for the winter.
 D. McDonald, district passenger agent of the I. C. R., Montreal, was in town on Saturday.
 Mrs. Geo. Taylor and Mr. C. J. Magnon were among the Quebecers at Montreal hotels recently.
 Mrs. E. L. Fiset, formerly of Ottawa, has taken apartments in the Clarendon Hotel for the winter.
 Mr. R. M. Power, son of Sergt. E. Power, left on Saturday for McGill University, Montreal, to resume his medical studies.
 Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Butler have returned from Boston and Philadelphia where they attended the World's Championship Baseball series.
 The marriage is announced for the 20th instant of Miss Anna-Marie Lavoie, daughter of Mr. Raoul Lavoie, of L'Islet, to Mr. Leopold Charpentier, of Montreal.
 The marriage of Miss Mamie Quinn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Quinn, to Mr. Roger Valois, took place at St. Patrick's Church, Montreal, on Friday last.
 Latest arrivals at the Clarendon Hotel:—W. E. Sharpe, Valcartier, A. Lapointe, Ottawa; Chs. E. Garneau, Montreal; Johan Beetz, Bai Johan Beetz, Cote Nord; T. C. Elliot and wife, Riviere du Chene, N.B.; John Green, R.N.R., Halifax; P. H. Walsh, Montmorency; J. Laurin, Ed. Laurin, Quebec; J. P. Boulaire, Roberval; T. H. E. Inman and wife, W. Stapleton and wife, Mrs. Vincent and children, Valcartier; J. W. Swan, Montreal; E. H. Burnwash, W. G. Stewart, Valcartier; H. Burling, Toronto; A. S. Carter, Wm. Caldwell, Valcartier.
 Latest arrivals at the Victoria:—M. Larose, B. E. Plow, F. D. Logan, Alfred Cloutier, J. J. Clear, J. W. Scott, H. Dreyfus, W. G. Morton, Montreal; J. C. Creelman, R. Hewitt, Chas. S. A. Mackay, Ottawa, Ont.; E. W. Dawson, London, Ont.; Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Labrie, Campbellton, N.B.; F. W. Fuller, J. H. Bryant, H. Taylor, W. H. Southwood, Joseph Archer, J. W. Gregoire, F. H. Tremblay, N. Belanger, Alfred Dion, L. G. Fortin, Sherbrooke; E. A. Wilkinson, R. W. Higginbottom, C. A. Hart, Toronto, Ont.; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Landry, G. E. Nesbitt, R. B. Baptist, C. A. Bouchard, M.D., Henri Methot, "Three Rivers; J. E. Tremblay and wife, Detroit, Mich.; H. H. Reid, St. John, N.B.; W. E. Ghilon, Quebec Bridge; R. L. Morton, Jos. A. Snyder, Gary, Ind.; H. L. Hooker, Water-town, N.Y.; J. Henry Miller, Boston, Mass.; Philippe Richard, M.D., Montmagny; D. Baribeau, Ste. Genevieve; H. S. Zinkann, Berlin, Ont.; L. H. Roy, A. N. Dupuis, E. A. Grant, Capt. Geo. Canby, Sergt. H. Chase, J. H. West, J. A. Labelle, Capt. A. Ashley.

If more people would make B. B. Lager their regular beverage there would be fewer cases of typhoid and other contagious diseases because B. B. Lager is purer than any city water.

NOT MUCH ACTIVITY IN THE DARDANELLES

Paris, Oct. 17, 2:37 p.m.—There was little activity on the French front in the Dardanelles during the past fortnight, the French War Office announced today. Only minor operations are mentioned in the official statement, which reads as follows:
 "In the Dardanelles, the first two weeks of October have been calm. Attempts made by the Turks to approach our trenches with mines were defeated by the explosion of our counter mines. The Turkish artillery has been active but not effective, thanks to the superiority of our own batteries.
 "Our aviators have daily bombarded with success various establishments and camps of the enemy."

HEAVY GUNFIRE HEARD IN HOLLAND

Flushing, Holland, via London, Oct. 17, 10:55 p.m.—During the whole of this afternoon a continuous heavy gunfire to the south was audible here. It is thought probable that there was a bombardment of the Belgian coast. Owing to the fog it was impossible to make observations.

Correspondence

BELGIAN RELIEF.
 The following letter has been received:
 London, 21st Sept. 1915.
 To the Secretary of
 The Women's Belgian Committee:
 Dear Madam,
 I cannot thank you and your kind helpers sufficiently for your nice consignment of comforts for our refugees. It is indeed a great comfort to see that so far off our friends think so much of sending us valuable help.
 Yours sincerely,
 FERNAND BEUBLET
 M. MATON,
 THE MILK QUESTION.

To Editor of The Chronicle.
 Sir,—We very much regret in the interests of the public that Mr. Boswell deemed it advisable to give to the press the information which we wrote him for his personal satisfaction. The haste and the sincerity that we showed in giving him explanations should, I believe, have bound him to continue to apply to us. Thus the public would not have been needlessly alarmed and we would have replied with the same frankness to all his questions.
 Since he has preferred to resort to the press to reach us, we shall reply to him in the order of his questions:
 1st—"Why did you not discover sooner that the cows in question were affected with smallpox?"
 It is imagined that the Health Department with two employees can learn daily at the same time what is going on at the stables and farms of our 300 milkmen, particularly during the summer, when the cows are distributed here and there about the country.
 In the case at hand, we certainly could not have done better for the very good reason that the harm had been done when it came to our knowledge.
 It is evident that our inspectors cannot be everywhere at the same time.
 In spite of the best will of all, it is impossible that certain abuses should not slip in somewhere and that certain illnesses remain unknown. But it is certain that we neglect absolutely nothing to discover the evil where it exists, and to remedy it in the fullest measure possible, as in the case in hand.
 2nd—"Why were not all the cows of this milkman inspected?"
 If Mr. Boswell had asked us that question, we would have answered him that the day after the inspection we learned that all the cows not yet reported to the Health Department, at that time, had been inspected and inoculated at the cattle-dealers before being purchased by the milkman.
 3rd—"Why was the milk of these sick cows sold for consumption?"
 It was never said or proved that this milk had been distributed to the public before our inspection. We are assured of the contrary, that the milk in question was set aside.
 All that is possible to deduce from this fact is that the bad condition of the milk coincided with the discovery of the illness.
 But we cannot affirm that that was the real cause.
 4th—Mr. Boswell affirms that this system would have continued if he had not perceived it!
 It is evident that we cannot combat an evil of whose existence we do not know. In spite of all our good will and conscientious work, day after day, we cannot know or guess everything.
 5th—"What was the Veterinary Surgeon doing in the country?"
 He was doing his duty and nothing else. More than that, I must say that since his appointment he has been on duty every single day.
 It must not be forgotten that the majority of our milkmen are from the country, and are subject to inspection like those of the city.
 6th—Not content with criticizing our work and doubting it, we are severely reproached for the \$11,500 which the city pays for the Health Department.
 It is evident that it is not well-known what goes on in the Health Department, for if people were better informed on the bulk of the work that is accomplished, it would be readily understood that the sum of \$11,500 which goes to pay the 23 employees and all the costs of administration, is far from excessive.
 For us, who have the responsibility, we do not fear to say that we are absolutely satisfied with the progress realized up to the present.
 The fact that there is a complaint against one milkman is no reason to say that everything is done wrong in the department, that the employees do not do their duty and that the public is in danger.
 While our organization does not date from yesterday, it is perhaps the most difficult service to control, because of the too large number of inaccessible details and particulars because we are unceasingly obliged to restrain the liberty of people. One must not be astonished, however, that a great deal remains to be done.
 But thanks to our staff, that I am pleased to praise for their merit and their well-intentioned work, and thanks to the good-will of our milkmen, which is daily improving, we hope to be able to say before long that Quebec has the best milk in the Dominion.
 Dr. C. R. PAQUIN,
 Civic Physician.

Buy your Crepe de Chine and Silk Blouses from the manufacturer.
BON-TON COMPANY.
 423 St. Joseph Street.
 Phone 2315.

HOW MAJOR ROY MET HIS DEATH

GALLANT FRENCH-CANADIAN OFFICER GAVE HIS LIFE TO SAVE OTHERS.

Ottawa, Oct. 17.—The following official communique was issued tonight by the Minister of Militia, as received by him from Canadian Headquarters in France:
 On Oct. 6th Major A. V. Roy, 22nd Battalion, Montreal, was standing in a trench issuing orders to Company Sergeant-Major Marion and others. The enemy trench mortar shells were falling in the vicinity. Brigadier-General Watson, Quebec, had just passed along the trench when a mortar shell fell into the trench a few feet from Major Roy and his men. The shell did not burst on impact, and rushing towards it, Major Roy bent down with the object of seizing it and throwing it over the parapet in order to save the lives of those near him. Before he could grasp it, the projectile exploded, inflicting wounds from which Major Roy shortly afterwards died. His gallant self-sacrifice has been specially reported by his brigade and divisional commander.

RED CROSS PUBLICITY.

The Red Cross works in the closest possible conjunction with the Army Medical Service. The efficiency of the one depends on the efficiency of the other. A very notable compliment is paid to these two allies in a recent report by Gen. Sir Ian Hamilton, who is in command of the operations at Gallipoli.
 "All medical relief work, he states, has had to be conducted under very unusual and very trying conditions."
 "There are no roads, and the wounded who are unable to walk, must be carried from the firing line to the shore. They and their attendants may be shelled on their way to the beaches, at the beaches, on the jetties, and again, though I believe by inadvertence, on their way out in lighters to the hospital ships."
 "Under shell fire it is not easy, as some of the critically disposed seem to imagine to keep all arrangements in apple pie order. Here I can only express by own opinion that efficiency, method, and even a certain quiet heroism have characterized the evacuations of the many thousands of our wounded."
Women Red Cross Hospital Orderlies.
 Some idea of the magnitude of the work which confronts the Red Cross, may be gathered from the scheme which is under way in England to replace the men orderlies in the military hospitals by women from the Voluntary Aid Detachments of the British Red Cross.
 Hitherto men have played a larger part than is generally known in military nursing. Women who are not trained nurses have been seldom employed. Under the new scheme they will be used in the place of male orderlies acting as dispensers, clerks, storekeepers and cooks, and it is hoped that thousands of men will thus be set free for active service.
 The system has already been successfully tried at No. 3 General Hospital at Wadsworth, where 13 women members of the Kensington Voluntary Aid Detachment have been employed in addition to a number engaged through the Labor Exchange.
 Women now serving in military hospital need not have first aid or nursing certificates, but must belong to a Voluntary Aid Detachment. Their age limit does not affect them. Their salaries will be 30 shillings a week as dispensers, 35 for head clerks, and 35 shillings for head cooks. This does not include food—except in the case of cooks—or lodging.
 The finest costumes and cloaks sold in Quebec are manufactured at the
BON-TON COMPANY.
 423 St. Joseph Street.
 Phone 2315.

Spick & Span Cleanser
 For Kitchen Use
 A limited quantity for sale at cost
 3 Boxes for 20 cts while they last
F. H. ANDREWS & SON,
 253 St. Paul Street, Quebec

TO BEAUTIFY YOUR HOME
 And to make it comfortable and attractive, we take pleasure in directing your attention to our House Furnishing Department, where you will find a better assortment than ever.
TEMPLETON'S SEAMLESS SQUARES.
 A fine array in Axminster and Wilton—ample choice in size and design.
Floor Coverings.—Linoleums Congoleums, Oilcloths, Etc.
Furniture Coverings.—Brocades, Damasks, Cretonnes, Etc.
Window Trimmings and Curtain Materials.
 Nottingham Curtains, Serims, Madras, Rope Portieres, Damask Portieres, Roman Stripe Portieres, Roman Stripe and Burlap by the yard. Table Covers, Couch Covers, Piano Covers.
Window Shades.—To order, any size; made with "Royal" Standard hand-made Oil Opaque Shade Cloth, mounted on Hartsborn rollers; guaranteed to last.
Poles and Brass Tuging, Ornaments and Fixtures.
Steel Beds and Springs, Cribs, Cradles, Mattresses and Feather Pillows.
Cocoa Mats and Matting.—Rubber Mats and Corrugated Rubber Matting by the yard.
"Domestic" Vacuum, "Bissell's" Sweepers and Wizard Mops.
 A special feature in all the Departments of our Store, is the great opportunities you have to select from the most beautiful new Fall Stock ever offered. We earnestly urge you to come early.
TO A LIMITED NUMBER.
 The Delineator for a full year, regular price \$1.50, at Half Price—75c. At the Pattern Department.
SPECIAL.
 The Delineator, the fashion authority of the world; a whole year for 75c—Half Price.
 Butterick Winter Catalogue now on sale, at 25c, including a coupon for a 15c Pattern.
Faguy, Lepinay & Frere
 254-264 St. John Street
 QUEBEC

Latest Sporting News

ST. PATRICK'S TIED UP WITH EMMETS FOR CHAMPIONSHIP

WITH CAMPAGNA BACK IN PITCHING BOX THE SAINTS TRIM LAVAL IN EXCITING EXHIBITION—SCORE 8 TO 2.

St. Patrick's fought their way back into the race for the championship of the Quebec and District Baseball League by defeating Laval at the Exhibition Grounds yesterday afternoon by a score of 8 to 2.

MONTMORENCY F.C. ANNUAL BANQUET

CHAMPIONS OF LOCAL LEAGUE HOLD SUCCESSFUL EVENT.

On Saturday night the members of the Montmorency Football Club held their second annual banquet at the Kent House at which many prominent in sporting circles were present.

The Banquet room was tastefully decorated in the club colors. The sumptuous repast provided served once more to demonstrate manager Fraser's capabilities in looking after the comfort of his guests.

The eighth saw St. Patrick's take on a batting rally which netted them four runs and the game as their rivals could not respond to the pleadings of their supporters.

Mr. T. Byrne was then called upon to present the caps won by Montmorency, and in delivering them to Mr. Mills said that it afforded him great pleasure to perform this duty as he felt the club certainly deserved them especially when it was taken into consideration the difficulties encountered by the club at the beginning of the season.

A wild pitch by one of the infield over third base man Racine's head in the 8th, with runners on the base caused quite a discussion. The difficulty arose by the bringing into play a new ball. At the time Newton was on second and Kelly on first.

After the delectable courses had been disposed of the President submitted the toast of "The King" which was enthusiastically honored.

The outcome of yesterday's game places Emmets and St. Patrick's on equal footing in the league standing. The teams will in all likelihood fight it out for the championship next Sunday.

On behalf of the Committee in charge of the Quebec Soldiers Christmas Gift Fund, Mr. H. Slater presented the members of the Falls team with gold stickpins.

With Campagna back in the box Manager Walker of St. Patrick's is confident that on the form shown yesterday his team will be able to annex the first championship St. Pat's have had in the baseball line since 1905.

During the evening the following gentlemen Messrs. McManamy, Rutherford, Horman and Norton, in the course of short speeches, congratulated the Montmorency Football Club on the successful issue of the season's work.

The score of yesterday's game follows: St. Patrick: ab. r. h. po. a. e. Kirkwood, cf. 5 1 2 3 0 0

The following contributed songs: Messrs. J. A. McManamy, A. J. Carpenter, Wade, H. Holland, T. Byrne and C. A. Hart; Mr. W. Mungall entertained with slight of hand tricks, Mr. Radford, a violin solo; and Mr. A. H. Holiday humorous stories.

Laval: ab. r. h. po. a. e. Gailloux, 1b. 4 0 0 10 3 2 Bastien, cf. 4 0 0 0 0 0 Drouin, c. 3 0 0 0 0 2

During the evening the following gentlemen Messrs. McManamy, Rutherford, Horman and Norton, in the course of short speeches, congratulated the Montmorency Football Club on the successful issue of the season's work.

Score by innings: R. H. E. St. Patrick's 010 000 142-8 11 2 Laval 010 100 000-2 4 12

The evening's entertainment was brought to a close at midnight by the singing of "O Canada" and "God Save the King."

Left on base, St. Pat's, 10; Laval, 6; Two base hits, W. Fields; Sacrifice hits, Savard; Stolen bases, Kirkwood, 2; W. Fields, 4; Loisel, 2; Fields, 2; Campagna, 2; Drouin, 2; Hennessy; Double plays, Pouliot to Gailloux to Drouin; Struck out, by Campagna, 9; by Pouliot, 6; Bases on balls off Campagna, 2; off Pouliot, 2; Wild pitches, Campagna, 1; Passed balls, Drouin, 3; Umpires, G. Cartier, D. Drouin.

Final Standing of League. P. W. L. D. F. A. P. Montmorency 12 9 2 1 38 17 19 R. C. E. 12 7 2 2 27 14 16 8th R. R. 12 3 6 3 14 19 9 Rovers 12 1 11 0 17 44 2

Manager Frank McLaughlin, of St. Emmets suggests that the championship games between his team and St. Patrick's should be played off at Levis; owing to the lack of accommodation for spectators at the Exhibition Grounds.

HER LITTLE SLAM. "I see that a statistician estimates there are 150,000 idiots in the United States." "Well?" "I was just wondering who the women are who married the other 149,999."—Detroit Free Press.

THE COAT WITH THE HALL MARK OF CLASS.

A form fitting Chesterfield with positive lines of newness made to satisfy the up to minute Man.

Prices vary, make always uniformly the same.

One of many models shown for this seasons wear by

FASHION-CRAFT Shops

L. A. ROY, 178 St. John Street. Quebec, Que.



Model A395 Quality Clothes as tailored by Fashion Craft

ROUGH FOOTBALL SEEN IN HAMILTON

TIGERS DEFEAT ARGONAUTS BY 17 TO 5—MANY ARE LAID OUT.

Hamilton, Ont., Oct. 16—In one of the roughest exhibitions of football seen in Hamilton for some time, the Argonauts yesterday went down to defeat at the hands of the Hamilton Tigers by the score of 17 to 5.

Tigers were the first to score when O'Connor was forced to rouge: Tigers, 1; Argos, 0. This was the only point scored in the first quarter, but Tigers took advantage of a fumble by Homes in the second quarter behind the Argo line, and Erskine fell on it for the first try of the day.

The line-up: Tigers. Argonauts. Flying Wing. Knight Halves. Garrett Quarter. Heintzman Scrimmage.

During the evening the following gentlemen Messrs. McManamy, Rutherford, Horman and Norton, in the course of short speeches, congratulated the Montmorency Football Club on the successful issue of the season's work.

BOXING CHALLENGE. Young O'Leary Wants to Fight Eggers and Buck.

Dear Sir,—Young O'Leary, the crack New York bantamweight boxer, who recently scored a decided victory over Frankie Conley at Quebec, is anxious to box again before a Quebec audience, and challenges K. O. Eggers, Tommy Buck, or any 116-118 lb. boy in the country.

CONSISTENCY OF THE SEX. A bride who is thirty-one if a day will give her age to the marriage license clerk as twenty-six and then criticize the home paper with great severity for its shameless unreliability when it announces that the color scheme of the wedding was lavender instead of heliotrope.

MONTREAL CRACKED IN THIRD QUARTER

OTTAWA WON BY 20 TO 5—DONNELLY PROVED TOWER OF STRENGTH.

Ottawa, Oct. 16.—For thirty minutes on Saturday Montreal looked like a team that would bear a lot of watching in the championship race of the Inter-Provincial Union. They held the Ottawa's to nine points in the half and scored four themselves, leading at the close of the first quarter by 4 to 0.

The line-up: Montreal. Flying Wing. Gilhooly Halves. O'Brien Quarter. Fullerton Scrimmage. Gammill

During the week-end Jones scored another triumph by disposing of Mr. Jules Patry, of the Victoria Club, who had challenged him for the championship of Quebec. The Quebec Club's representative won in straight sets, the score being 6-4, 6-1, 6-3.

Sporting Notes

Personal—M. Pierre Campagna, who has been spending the summer at Plessisville, has returned to the city. Yesterday afternoon he was "at home" to the Laval baseball team at the Exhibition Grounds.

League on Tuesday night at the Victoria Hotel to make all arrangements for the play-off for the championship between St. Patrick's and Emmets.

Popular Pastime, No. 236—Wondering if an Alpine climber could make his way along St. Louis Road from Maple Avenue to the Toll Gate.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec, City of Quebec. No. 1464, of 1915.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec, City of Quebec. No. 2056, of 1915.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec, City of Quebec. No. 1572, of 1915.

PRIZES ARE GIVEN AT TENNIS CLUB

MRS. HANDSOMBODY AND MR. JONES ARE THE PRINCIPAL WINNERS.

The Quebec Lawn Tennis Club closed its season on Saturday last when the prizes for the annual tournament were presented to the successful entrants by Mrs. Foy, after a short speech made by the club's president, Mr. H. C. Foy.

During the early part of the afternoon remaining finals, i.e., the men's doubles and the men's handicap singles, were concluded. In the former Tessier and Gavey defeated Jones and G. Beaupre by three sets to two.

List of Prize-Winners. The list of prize-winners is as follows: Men. Won By Championship of Club—Molson Cup

During the week-end Jones scored another triumph by disposing of Mr. Jules Patry, of the Victoria Club, who had challenged him for the championship of Quebec. The Quebec Club's representative won in straight sets, the score being 6-4, 6-1, 6-3.

Patry started out well and played a strong stroke most of the time, many of his shots proving very effective. In the second set, however, he fell off rather, though not so much as the score would indicate.

League on Tuesday night at the Victoria Hotel to make all arrangements for the play-off for the championship between St. Patrick's and Emmets.

Popular Pastime, No. 236—Wondering if an Alpine climber could make his way along St. Louis Road from Maple Avenue to the Toll Gate.

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CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec, City of Quebec. No. 1572, of 1915.



CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec, City of Quebec. No. 2182, of 1915.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec, City of Quebec. No. 2025, of 1915.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec, City of Quebec. No. 293, of 1914.

The Union Life Insurance Company a body corporate and politic, heretofore doing business in our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec, City of Quebec. No. 2159, of 1915.

Marguerite Drolet, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, widow of Francois Xavier Soucy, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec, City of Quebec. No. 2124, of 1915.

Auguste Perron, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, mason, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec, City of Quebec. No. 2085, of 1915.

Laurent Lemay, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec, City of Quebec. No. 2085, of 1915.

Laurent Lemay, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec, City of Quebec. No. 1615, of 1915.

La Compagnie de Pavage et Construction, Limitee, a body corporate and politic, heretofore doing business in our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec, City of Quebec. No. 1572, of 1915.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec, City of Quebec. No. 1122, of 1915.

Francois X. Gosselin, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, student, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec, City of Quebec. No. 2025, of 1915.

Arthur Gaudreau, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, student, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec, City of Quebec. No. 1165, of 1915.

Joseph Prevost, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, farmer, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec, City of Quebec. No. 1429, of 1915.

Alphonse Ouellet, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, carter, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec, City of Quebec. No. 1432, of 1915.

Honore Paradis, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, merchant and laborer, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec, City of Quebec. No. 1759, of 1915.

Charles Fortier, Thomas Fortier, and Joseph Fortier, all heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, joint-proprietors, Defendants.

Defendants are ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec, City of Quebec. No. 1615, of 1915.

La Compagnie de Pavage et Construction, Limitee, a body corporate and politic, heretofore doing business in our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.

CANADA. In the Record-Province of Quebec, er's Court, of the District of Quebec, City of Quebec. No. 1572, of 1915.

Michel Tremblay, heretofore of our City of Quebec, in the District of Quebec, blacksmith, Defendant.

Defendant is ordered to appear within one month from the last publication of this notice.

CITY OF QUEBEC
DISTRICT OF QUEBEC. To wit:
CITY OF QUEBEC.
CITY HALL.
BY-LAW NO. 313A.

By-law to Amend By-laws Concerning the Sale of Certain Food Stuffs.

(Drawn up in the French Language)

At a meeting of the Municipal Council of the City of Quebec, held on the 15th day of October instant (1915), the following by-law was read for the first time:

It is ordained and enacted by the Municipal Council of the City of Quebec, and the said Council doth hereby ordain and enact as follows:

1.—Article 19 of by-law No. 313 of the 2nd of May, 1893 is replaced by the following:

"197 No person shall sell or expose for sale on any of said markets, any remade butter or improper for consumption, and all butter so remade and improper for consumption offered or exposed for sale on any of the said markets shall be confiscated by the Market Clerk, or by any officer of the Health Department.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Is hereby given that, pursuant to law, the above by-law will be read a second time, for adoption, on Friday, the 22nd of October instant, 1915.

By order,

H. J. J. B. CHOUINARD, City Clerk.

Oct. 18 Mon, wed, fri.

CITY OF QUEBEC
DISTRICT OF QUEBEC. To wit:

CITY OF QUEBEC.
CITY HALL.
BY-LAW NO. 313B.

By-law to Amend By-laws Concerning the Sale of Certain Food Stuffs.

(Drawn up in the French Language)

At a meeting of the Municipal Council of the City of Quebec, held on the 15th day of October instant (1915), the following by-law was read for the first time:

It is ordained and enacted by the Municipal Council of the City of Quebec, and the said Council doth hereby ordain and enact:

1.—Any butter to be sold in the City of Quebec, in one pound pieces, or of more or less than one pound, if it is not weighed by the seller at the moment of the sale in presence of the purchaser, must bear the print of



Develop your home market buy Windsor Table Salt

a stamp stating distinctly the net weight of each said piece of butter.

2.—Any butter to be sold in the City of Quebec, by the tub or pail, if it is not weighed by the seller at the moment of the sale, in presence of the purchaser, must bear the print of a stamp, stating distinctly on said pail or tub, as the case may be, the net weight of each pail or tub.

3.—Whoever sells or offers for sale, in the City of Quebec, any such butter, without weighing it at the moment of the sale, in presence of the purchaser, and without said butter bearing the print of a stamp stating the net weight of each pail or tub is liable for each infraction to the hereinafter stated fine.

4.—When a person sells in the City, any such butter without weighing it at the moment of the sale, in presence of the purchaser, if said butter bears the print of a stamp, indicating its weight, and if it is afterwards discovered, either on the same day or at the latest the following day of its delivery, that said butter has not really the weight given by the stamp, then the person who shall have sold said butter with a false indication of the weight, shall be liable to a fine, not exceeding forty dollars, to be recovered according to law.

5.—The butter inspector of the City has the right to weigh all butter he believes not to be fulfilling the conditions of the present by-law.

6.—By-law No. 5 of this Council, adopted on the 23rd of May, 1913, and all the dispositions of previous by-laws incompatible with the dispositions of the present by-law are hereby repealed.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Is hereby given that, pursuant to law, the above by-law will be read a second time, for adoption, on Friday, the 22nd of October instant, 1915.

By order,

H. J. J. B. CHOUINARD, City Clerk.

"Don't any of your friends come to see you on visiting days?" asked the kindly old lady.

"No'm," responded No. 777,444; "they're all here wit' me."—Buffalo Express.

FELL IN BATTLE.

Descendant of Chief Brant Has Been Killed in Belgium.

The Iroquois or Six Nation Indians have always taken a prominent part in the defence of the British Empire. At the time of the Revolutionary War the Indians were living in New York State, but took sides with Britain on the understanding that if Britain lost the campaign they would be given land in Canada to recompense them for land surrendered in the United States. Thus they became refugees in the wilds of Canada, driven from their homes in the Mohawk Valley as the Belgians are in England today. The fidelity of Joseph Brant, the Mohawk chief, and his followers won for the tribe a reserve in Western Ontario, where today the city of Brantford recalls the memory of an Indian Loyalist.

It is little more than 100 years since, on the banks of the Thames river, near the little town of Moraviantown, Ontario, one of the bravest warriors that ever fought for the Union Jack, was killed. Tecumseh, too, was a Mohawk.

It is not so many years since the village of Ohsweken, on the Indian Reservation on the banks of the Grande River, echoed with war-whoops and glared with the light of the yellow fires of the Mohawks as they made a Chief of Prince Arthur, now Governor-General of Canada.

It is a long way from Saratoga in 1776 to the trenches of France and Belgium in 1914, but when the news of battle resounded through Canada, the Six Nations arose en masse in defence of their country. In the Council House at Ohsweken, last September, the Six Nations of the Grande River, voted \$1,500 to their brother, Karahkontye, the Duke of Connaught, Governor-General of Canada, to be used by the Imperial authorities "as a token of the alliance existing between the Six Nations and the British Crown." Major Gordon J. Smith, superintendent of the Six Nation Indians and Major of the 25th Brantford Dragoons, referring to this gift of money, said to the writer, "When the subscription was being discussed, many of the chiefs were anxious to contribute as much as \$5,000."

In addition to this gift of money the Six Nations offered their warriors, all and sundry, for the firing line, and actually sent 50 young Redskins to the front. And prominent among these was Lieut. Cameron D. Brant, known to his comrades in arms as "Chief" Brant. The young officer was a great-grandson of the loyal and celebrated Captain Joseph Brant (They an den egea), the leader of the Mohawks in the Revolutionary War, and Chief of the Six Nations, when they left the United States and came to Canada. Lieut. Brant, like his noble ancestor, Tecumseh, but in khaki uniform of the Canadian contingent, fell fighting before his squadron at the battle of Langemarck.

Cameron Brant was himself a

Chief of the Six Nations, of which the Mohawks are the principal tribe, and lived in Hamilton, Ontario. He was formerly a lieutenant in the 27th Haldimand Rifles, joining the active service contingent of the 4th Battalion at Cayuga, together with a number of his Indian friends. Quite and unobtrusive, he was recognized in the battalion as a man who knows how to handle his men.

At the front Lieut. Brant has been maintaining the family reputation for bravery, combined with the natural Indian cunning and recklessness. Praise from the commanding officers, and admiration from his men, have been called forth by the many characteristics exemplified by this Red Man from Canada, while under fire from the trenches.—Max McD., in Family Herald.

DEFIED THE AUDIENCE.

Then the Audience Forced Adelaide Neilson to Surrender.

In "Forty Years On the Stage" the author, John H. Barnes, an old time actor, has this to say of Adelaide Neilson, the once famous star:

"One quite extraordinary gift she had—namely, that of tears. At any given moment or cue she could make the tears mount to her eyes and even run down her cheeks irrespective of anything she was feeling at the time. It almost resembled the turning on of a tap. Undoubtedly she had great beauty—wonderful eyes and an expressive mouth, fine coloring of complexion and hair and a rather spare figure."

"Her appearance suggested a woman of Spanish or Italian type. As a matter of fact she was born of humble parents in a village in Yorkshire in 1848, and her real name was Elizabeth Ann Brown. In her youth she was by turns a mill hand at Guseley (Yorks), a nursemaid and a barmaid, so the strenuous life she must have led to raise herself to the position she eventually attained may be imagined."

An example of the temper that sometimes flared from behind the Neilson beauty is included in this passage:

"A curious incident occurred in Baltimore. The play was 'As You Like It.' Milnes Levick played Jacques and had spoken the 'Seven Ages' speech very finely, gaining tremendous applause at the end. Miss Neilson (as far as I know without intent) said, 'Go on, go on,' and the scene was taken up before the applause died down.

"The audience got annoyed and seemed to feel that it was being treated scurvily and kept up the applause in a manner which stopped the play. Miss Neilson ordered the curtain to be rung down, and then the storm burst out. It became a battle royal between her and the audience, who simply declined to listen to a word until Mr. Levick had repeated the speech. A silly scene, which might have been avoided, but became an absolute deadlock, out of which there was only one way. The audience was master of the situation."



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She is sure that the bread she slices in the morning will be fresh at noon — she knows that the reconstituent qualities of "FLEUR DE LIS" and "DAILY BREAD" Flours will assure strength and health to her children, because they are as "pure and white as the lily" and not artificially bleached as are most other flours.

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VERY QUEER.

"My husband has been out late every evening this week, attending important club meetings."

"Yes, so has mine. They belong to the same club, you know."

"Why, how queer! My husband says he hasn't seen your husband in six months!"—Cleveland Leader.

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Office: 126 St. Peter St. Quebec.
Telephones 5800-5801.

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Advocates, Barristers and Solicitors.
Office Quebec Ry. Bldg.
St. Joseph Street Phone 6486

L. OMER BEAUBIEN,
Advocate.
Phones:
Office, 4150 Res., 1543,
116 Mountain Hill.

Phones:
Office: 1925 Res.: 1723.

LOUIS A. POULIOT,
Advocate.
61 St. Peter Street.
Residence, 12 Haldimand Quebec.

DROUIN, SEVIGNY & DROUIN,
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Que. Ry. Bldg. 229 St. Joseph St.
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Khaki Flannel Shirts, separate collar and two pockets. Special... \$3.50

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Kent House DANCING EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Pier at the mouth of the Cap Rouge river is submerged, as well as the other deep water Pier that was there up to last winter, at the end of the long wharf.

Morley's Medium weight Wool Underwear. Special... \$1.25

MASTER OF S. S. CALCUTTA MET HIS DEATH IN MONTEAL HARBOR.

Back to the Old Country Soldiers and others returning to the Old Country can secure accommodation at lowest rates by all steamers from Canada or the United States.

F. S. STOCKING General Steamship Agency, 32 St. Louis Street.

Dr. A. LANTIER SURGEON DENTIST 50 Couillard st., Quebec Opposite Livermoir's Pharmacy.

TIMBER REGULATIONS. GOVERNING Timber on Dominion Lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and the North-west Territories, the Railway Belt in the Province of British Columbia, and the Three and a-half Million Acres located by the Government of the Dominion in the Peace River District in British Columbia.

Timber Permits and Dues. Permits may be gained in the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, to cut over a definite described tract of land, not exceeding one square mile in extent, on payment of dues at the rate of 30 cents per thousand feet, B.M., and subject to payment of rental at the rate of \$100 per square mile per annum.

Synopsis of Canadian North-west Land Regulations. THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta.

OCEAN SAILINGS. Compiled by F. S. Stocking. General Steamship Ticket Agent, 32 St. Louis street, Quebec. Subject to Change.

SHIPPING NEWS

CAPTAIN L. JONES DROWNS FROM SHIP

MASTER OF S. S. CALCUTTA MET HIS DEATH IN MONTEAL HARBOR.

Montreal, Oct. 17.—Captain Louis Jones of the S. S. Calcutta, was drowned yesterday morning. He was walking from the vessel to the wharf where the ship was moored at Shed No. 11, when he stumbled and fell before he could be rescued by the ship hands he was drowned.

FREIGHTS AND CHARTERS. New York, Oct. 16.—Charting was limited and rates slightly easier in the steamer market, due to a falling off in the demand for grain carriers.

BRITAIN IS RIGHT. (From the Wall Street Journal.) A great deal of editorial comment is based on the assumption that the decision of the British Prize Court in the case of detained American cargoes is entirely wrong.

SHIPPING NOTES. The S. S. Torr Head which has been in port for the past few days left the Basin yesterday.

SIGNAL SERVICE REPORT. Quebec, Oct. 17th, 1915. Little Metis, 176: Clear, northwest. Inward 1.30 p.m., Steam barge 12.30 p.m., Steamer.

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE. City Hall. Quebec, October 16th, 1915.

FIRE COMMITTEE. City of Quebec. CITY CLERK'S OFFICE. TENDERS FOR HAY, OATS, ETC.

REMOVAL. Mr. Joseph Gagnon, successor of the late Damien Matte, Engr., has removed his stall from the Berthelot Market, to No. 430 ST. JOHN STREET.

ST. GEORGE'S HOUSE

31 ST. URSULE ST., QUEBEC.

Fine Central Situation, charming views overlooking historical gardens of the Ursuline Convent, and Lauriente Hills.

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVAL SERVICE. SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to noon on Tuesday, November 23rd, for the undermentioned items for delivery to H. M. Dockyards at Halifax, N.S., and Esquimaux, B.C.:

Large Bargain Sale. It is on Friday, the 15th instant, that we shall begin for the Winter season, to sell our Meat as follows:

TO LET. ROOMS TO LET.—Single or in suite. Apply 8 De Brebeuf street. Oct. 15x1w

NOTICE. NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of The Levis County Railway will be held at the Levis Town Hall, on Wednesday, October 20th, 1915, at 10.30 a.m.

FOR SALE. FOR SALE—A Guitar in first class condition. May be seen at Chronicle Office. Cheap for cash. Oct. 15x6

PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A fine three story stone building containing eleven rooms with every modern convenience in first class condition situated on Grande Allee. Address: Property, P. O. Box 151, Oct. 2x1f.

LOTS FOR SALE.—At Lauzon, near the new Dry Dock and Government works, close to electric cars; no ground rent; handsome reduction for anyone purchasing to build; no ground rent; clear title, Chas. DeLagrave, Notary, (Lindsay Building), 203 John street, Quebec. Telephone 1912, Residence 1382. Sp.24x1m

MOTOR YACHT FOR SALE.—A first class Motor Yacht, "Clinker-Built" copper fastened, 29 feet 5 inches long. Beam, 8 ft. 5 in. Draught, 2 ft. 6 in. Hull built in England, all brass fittings, 2 cabins and Toilet Room, Height inside of cabin, 5 ft. 9 in. 18 H. P. Morse-Fairbank Engine, Tank capacity, 118 gallons. Speed, 10 miles. Splendid boat in any kind of weather. Only reason for selling cannot spare the time. Good chance for a quick buyer. For further information, apply to J. A. Bernard, 21 St. Peter St., Quebec. Que. Phone 965-592. Ap.7x1f.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET. MRS. HEALEY—79 St. Louis street. Telephone 5482. O.11x1m

ROOMS AND BOARD. VICTORIA HOTEL—Harry Fontaine, Prop., Palace Hill. Tel. 6380. O.11x1m

ST. URSULE HOUSE QUEBEC

Most centrally situated on the corner of St. Louis and St. Ursule streets just inside the St. Louis Gate. Best site in the city. All modern conveniences. Room and board. First-class cuisine and service. Satisfaction guaranteed. A select resort for lady tourists. Also table board. Telephone 3244.

Mrs. H. J. LEMESURIER. LOST. LOST—A suitcase, on Saturday night, the 16th instant, on Charlesbourg Road on way to Notre Dame des Laurantides. Finder please return to Chronicle office.

DOG LOST—\$10 Reward. Black-and-white English Setter with red leather, brass studded collar, last seen near St. Raymond. Notify Brown Corporation, St. Raymond, P.Q.

WANTED. WANTED—To buy or rent good small house with modern improvements on large lot. Upper town. Not further out than Maple Avenue. Address P. O. Box 229, City. Oct. 16x3

LOT WANTED.—A party who is desirous of building, would like to obtain a lot in good locality. Apply stating size and price wanted to Lot care of Chronicle. Oct. 7x1f

Business Notice. NOTICE—Re the estate of the late Leon Gingras, 11 Couillard street: All persons having any claims against the said estate are requested to produce them within fifteen days from the present date, to Joseph Picard, Testamentary Executor, 1 St. Joseph Street. Oct.8x12

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET. An exceptionally bright and attractive furnished house, centrally situated, four large bed rooms, gas and coal grates, and all other modern conveniences. Apply "Junius" Chronicle Office.

TO LET.—House, lodgings and rooms; also private boarding house. Apply to Henri Drouin, rental agent, telephone 2004. Sept. 24x1m.

OFFICES TO LET.—Offices in the Richelieu Building, as well as those formerly occupied by the Quebec Steamship Company. Commanding good view of the River. For terms and conditions apply to CANADA STEAMSHIP LINES, LTD., 48 Dalhousie street. Feb.8x1f.

TO LET.—Store No. 4 du Fort street, Upper Town, opposite to the Post Office. Apply to W. R. LaRue, Notary, 28 St. Anne street.

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From Glasgow: From Montreal:
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Apply any steamship agent or
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FROM MONTREAL & QUEBEC.
Steamers... For
Corinthian... Sun., Oct. 31, Havre
Pretorian... Wed. Nov. 3, Glasgow
Sicilian... Wed. Nov. 3, Havre
London
Pomeranian... Wed. Nov. 17, Havre
London
Carthaginian... Sat., Nov. 20, Glasgow
For further information, apply to
F. S. Stocking, 32 St. Louis st.; Hone
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& Company, 81 St. Peter st., Quebec.

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Will sail from Quebec on Wednesday, October 20th and 21st, at four (4.00) o'clock p.m., for Gaspe and Baie des Chaleurs Coast, and will call at Cap Chat and all intermediate ports as far as New Carlisle.
Connecting with the Steamer "Gaspe" for Bonaventure, Caplan, Maria, New Richmond, Carleton, Dalhousie and Campbellton.
Beautiful trip of nine days. Splendid accommodation for passengers.
Freight will be received at the Harbor Commission Pontoon, Customs Wharf, on the day of sailing, till 2.00 o'clock, P.M.
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We have been making matches for 64 years now—domestic matches and every other kind.
Some of our specialties are "THE GASLIGHTER" with a 4-1-4 inch stick—The "EDDYSTONE TORCH" for outdoor use (burns 35 seconds in any weather)—WAX VESTAS for the smoker and many other varieties.
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Established 1840
EUROPE via LIVERPOOL.
*Tuscania... Fri., Oct. 29, 5 p.m.
*Cameronia... Fri., Nov. 5, 4 p.m.
*Orduna... Sat., Nov. 20, 10 a.m.
*En Route to Glasgow.
NEW YORK to LONDON
Pannania... Sat., Nov. 13, 10 a.m.
Cabin passengers only.
ROUND THE WORLD TOURS.
Through bookings to all principal parts of the world.
Company's Office: 21-24 State st., N.Y.
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SAILINGS FROM N. Y. TO BORDEAUX
LA TOURNAIE... Oct. 23, 3 p.m.
ESPAGNE... Oct. 30, 3 p.m.
ROCHAMBEAU... Nov. 6, 3 p.m.
CHICAGO... Nov. 20, 3 p.m.
THE NEW QUADRUPLE SCREW
S.S. LAFAYETTE.
Maiden Trip from N. Y. Nov. 13.
For information apply to
Wm. M. Macpherson, 53 Dalhousie st.; Hone & Rivet, 31 Buede st.; F. S. Stocking, 32 St. Louis st., Quebec.

CUNARD LINE
MONTREAL to LONDON
*S.S. ST. KENTIGERN... about Oct. 24
*S.S. TDOPEA... about Oct. 31
Steamers marked * freight only
For information apply to Jules Hone
Travel Agencies, 31 Buede st.; F. S. Stocking, 32 St. Louis st.; also I.C.R. and C.P.R. Ticket Agents, or The Robert Reford Co., Limited, General Agents, Quebec

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Banks, Incorporated Companies and Wholesale Firms can have the Credit and Financial Status of their customers fully established without publicity, and for a very moderate charge.

COMMERCIAL NEWS
NEW YORK MARKET.
(Canadian Press).
New York Oct. 16—Trading in stocks today was moderate and altogether professional, with a further diminution of public interest. Prices at the outset were so irregular as to suggest further liquidation, but these declines were largely effaced in the later dealings, when another rise in such specialties as Baldwin Locomotive, General Motors and Willys-Overland caused the short interests to cover. Incidentally Bethlehem Steel ascended seven points to the new high price of 484.
There was further selling for European account, mainly of the rails but this made only slight impression upon quoted values. United States Steel was also affected for account of foreign interests, selling off a substantial fraction to 821-8, but recovering at the end. Consolidated Gas lost over 3 points of its recent rise on denial of any contemplated "extra" dividend payments.
Gossip busied itself with conjecture concerning the tenor of Washington's note to Great Britain, but in no quarter was there any fear of serious complications. The Mexican situation was also canvassed, but the course of shares of companies with interests in that country suggested no further uneasiness. The total sales of stocks amounted to 410,000 shares.
Trade reports were of the same hopeful nature, one leading authority declaring that "the tide of business is rising at an accelerated pace." This truly applies to the steel industry, in which activity continues on an undiminished scale.
Initial payments in connection with the Anglo-French note was reflected in the bank statement, actual loans showing an expansion of almost \$150,000,000, deposits increasing almost \$178,000,000 with a cash gain of almost \$28,000,000, the whole making for a decrease in reserves of a little over a million dollars.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.
By private wire to Bruneau & Dupuis, Stock Brokers, 11, 13 and 15 Sault-au-Matelot Street, Tel. 1594
A. A. GINGRAS, Manager.
Open—High, Low, Close.
Allis-Chalmers 42 1/2 43 42 1/2 43
Am Beet Sug. 66 1/2 67 66 1/2 67
Am Can con. 63 1/2 64 63 1/2 64
Am Car Fdy. 84 1/2 85 83 1/2 85
Am Loco 66 1/2 67 66 1/2 67
Am S & R. 94 1/2 95 94 1/2 95
Am Sug Ref. 112 1/2 113 112 1/2 113
Am T & T 123 1/2 124 123 1/2 124
Ana Cop 74 1/2 75 74 1/2 75
Atchafson 106 1/2 107 106 1/2 107
Balt & Ohio 91 1/2 92 91 1/2 92
Beth Steel 47 1/2 48 47 1/2 48
B R T 88 89 87 1/2 89
Cal Petrol'm. 19 19 18 1/2 19
C P R 164 165 163 1/2 165
Cent Leather 53 1/2 54 53 1/2 54
Ches & Ohio 56 1/2 57 56 1/2 57
Colo F & I. 55 1/2 56 55 1/2 56
Erie 34 1/2 35 34 1/2 35
do Ist pfd 53 53 1/2 53 1/2
Gas "Con" 147 1/2 148 147 1/2 148
Gor Nor pfd 121 1/2 122 121 1/2 122
Hills Central 107 107 107 107
Inter Met 23 1/2 24 23 1/2 24
Cons pfd 79 79 1/2 79 1/2
Kan City Soc 27 1/2 28 27 1/2 28
Kan & Tex 5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2
Lehigh Val 74 1/2 75 74 1/2 75
Mex Petrol'm 91 1/2 92 91 1/2 92
Missouri Pac 5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2
Nat'l Lead 66 68 66 67 1/2
Nevala Cons. 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2
New Haven 82 83 81 83
N Y Central 99 1/2 99 1/2 99 1/2 99 1/2
Norf & West 115 1/2 116 115 1/2 116
North Pac 111 111 109 1/2 111
Penna 58 58 57 1/2 58
Press Stl Car 70 1/2 70 1/2 70 1/2 70 1/2
Reading 77 1/2 78 77 1/2 78
Rep I & S 53 1/2 53 1/2 53 1/2 53 1/2
Studebaker 160 162 159 162
St Paul 90 1/2 90 1/2 90 1/2 90 1/2
Rubber 53 1/2 53 1/2 53 1/2 53 1/2
South Pac 96 1/2 96 1/2 96 1/2 96 1/2
South Ry 19 1/2 20 19 1/2 20
Third Ave 63 63 61 1/2 63
Utah Cop 69 1/2 70 69 1/2 70
Union Pac 134 1/2 134 1/2 134 1/2 134 1/2
U S Steel 82 1/2 82 1/2 82 1/2 82 1/2
do pfd 114 1/2 114 1/2 114 1/2 114 1/2
Vir C C Co 45 46 44 1/2 45 1/2
Westinghouse 69 1/2 69 1/2 69 1/2 69 1/2
Wis Central 34 34 33 1/2 34
West Union 78 1/2 79 78 1/2 79
Baldwin Loco 124 133 123 1/2 132 1/2
Cruible 91 1/2 94 91 1/2 93 1/2
G-N Ore 48 48 47 1/2 48 1/2

THE TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET
Toronto — Quotations are as follows:
Wheat, Ontario No. 2 winter, 92c to 94c outside, according to location. Manitoba, No. 1, north, \$1.11 1/2; No. 2, north, \$1.09 1/2.
Oats — Ontario No. 2 white, new, 37c to 38c; No. 3, new, 35c to 37c.
Corn — American, No. 2, yel., 72c on track, Toronto.
Peas — No. 2, \$1.40 to \$1.50.
Barley — 52c to 54c outside for malt; and 40c to 45c for feed.
Buckwheat — Nominal, shipping points.
Flour — Manitoba listed quotations at Toronto are: First patents, 5.75; second patents, 5.25; strong bakers, \$5.05. Ontario winter, 90 cent, patents, \$3.80 seaboard.
Milled — Manitoba bran, \$22.00 per ton; shorts, \$24.00 per ton on track, Toronto. Ontario bran, \$25.00 per ton on track, Toronto.

NEW YORK CLOSING LETTER
McDougall & Cowans, Stock Brokers
No. 116 Mountain Hill, Quebec
New York, October 16—On a sharp decline the market met with support, which checked the downward movement and caused a rally at the end. Baldwin was a very strong feature, although there was nothing definite in the way of news to account for its advance. There have been many bearish reports current in regard to Baldwin for some time past, and as a result of these a short interest of substantial extent may have been formed in the stock. The most familiar of these reports is that a large part of the war business obtained by the company is subject to cancellation. On this point no official information has been given, but it has not been the policy of the Baldwin Company to publish particulars of its war orders. On the rise it was reported that company may be merged into

C. W. WALCOT,
Stocks and Bonds
BOUGHT and SOLD.
98 ST. PETER STREET
Quebec
TELEPHONE 877.
Municipal Debentures Offering perfect Security to net Investors.
5% to 6 1-2%

BRUNEAU & DUPUIS
(Members Montreal Stock Exchange.)
STOCK BROKERS.
11-13-15 Sault au Matelot Street.
Direct Private Wire with
POST & FLAGG 38 Wall Street, New York
Orders promptly executed on all Markets.
A. A. GINGRAS - Manager.

CLOSING LETTER.
By private wire to Bruneau & Dupuis, Stock Brokers, 11, 13 and 15 Sault-au-Matelot Street, Tel. 1594
A. A. GINGRAS, Manager.
New York, Oct. 16—The market has been hot and cold today, and really there has been no important fluctuations, it opened very dull, in fact, duller than it has been for a long time and then grew weak, only to harden up towards the close.
News from the battlefields of Europe is certainly discouraging as we read it, and we hope that some day we won't have to experience a "Scare" as to the possibility of ultimate German success. For any such eventuality would be disastrous to us in many ways. Firstly, this entire boom is based on these huge profits on war contracts, which the Allies have to pay for in some way, so if Germany were to beat them, it would be a very sad situation. Please do not mistake this letter and believe that the writer has any idea that the Germans are going to win, but the situation is not developing as fast or as ably as we could wish.
In fact, so far it has all been the other way. Some argue that the longer the war the more money we will make and this is true, but there must come a time when sheer exhaustion, these warring nations will have to come to some conclusion and make peace.
At present, however, instead of such being the case, the configuration is still spreading and the whole situation we believe will bear the closest watching.
Total sales: stocks, 400,694; bonds, \$1,747,500.

THE TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET
Toronto — Quotations are as follows:
Wheat, Ontario No. 2 winter, 92c to 94c outside, according to location. Manitoba, No. 1, north, \$1.11 1/2; No. 2, north, \$1.09 1/2.
Oats — Ontario No. 2 white, new, 37c to 38c; No. 3, new, 35c to 37c.
Corn — American, No. 2, yel., 72c on track, Toronto.
Peas — No. 2, \$1.40 to \$1.50.
Barley — 52c to 54c outside for malt; and 40c to 45c for feed.
Buckwheat — Nominal, shipping points.
Flour — Manitoba listed quotations at Toronto are: First patents, 5.75; second patents, 5.25; strong bakers, \$5.05. Ontario winter, 90 cent, patents, \$3.80 seaboard.
Milled — Manitoba bran, \$22.00 per ton; shorts, \$24.00 per ton on track, Toronto. Ontario bran, \$25.00 per ton on track, Toronto.

BREEN & GOURDEAU
STOCK AND BOND BROKERS.
63 ST. PETER STREET, and 6 SAULT AU MATELOT STREET.
Telephone 185.
PRIVATE WIRE CONNECTIONS
Correspondents: Jenks, Gwynne & Co., members New York Stock Exchange; Chicago Board of Trade, and New Orleans Cotton Exchange.
Molsen and Robin, members Montreal Stock Exchange.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY
Accumulated Funds \$67,000,000
Revenue for the Year 7,875,000
Assets in Canada 17,000,000
Over \$10,000 paid daily in Claims, Endowments, etc.
The Reversionary Bonus of Policyholders for period of 1905 to 1910 amounted to \$5,857,920.00, being at the rate of \$15 per \$1,000 per annum on all with profit policies.
W. & G. MORTON MASSEY, Chief Agents,
111 Mountain Hill, Quebec, april25xly.

MCDUGALL & COWANS
Stock Brokers
116 MOUNTAIN HILL
Phones: 1402 and 1403.
H. S. THOMSON,
MANAGER

SANTAL-MIDY
These tiny Capsules arrest in 48 hours without injury the most obstinate Gonorrhoea, which Capsules, like the best and effective ones, are

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE
Sales (Saturday Morning)
(From Breen & Gourdeau)
Bell Telephone—10, 18, 6, 2 at 142.
Canada Car—110 at 110, 25 at 109 1/2, 150 at 109, 25 at 108, 25 at 108 1/2.
Carriage—25 at 42.
Ames—50 at 15, 50 at 14 1/2.
Detroit United—25 at 65 1/2.
Cement—15 at 33, 15 at 33 1/2, 190, 50, 50 at 33.
Cottons—5 at 29, 25, 25, 30 at 192.
Laurentide—100 at 192 1/2, 50 at 192, 10 at 190.
Montreal Telegraph—4 at 138.
General Electric—50 at 109, 40, 25 at 110, 50 at 109 1/2, 25, 10, 25, 35 at 110.
Montreal Cottons—138 at 51.
Power—6, 7 at 226.
Ogilvie—5, 10, 10, 10 at 141, 25 at 140 1/2.
Quebec Railway—25 at 17 1/2, 25 at 17 1/2, 167, 150 at 17, 10 at 17 1/2, 25 at 17, 30 at 17 1/2, 50 at 17, 240 at 17 1/2, 75 at 17 1/2, 300 at 17 1/2, 25 at 17 1/2, 25 at 17 1/2, 124 at 17 1/2, 50 at 17 1/2, 25 at 17 1/2, 160 at 17 1/2, 10, 225 at 17 1/2, 85 at 17 1/2, 180 at 17 1/2, 25 at 17 1/2, 35 at 17 1/2, 125, 50 at 17 1/2, 100, 50 at 17 1/2, 5 at 17 1/2, 25, 125 at 17 1/2, 25 at 17 1/2.
Shawinigan—100, 5, 50 at 135.
Dominion Bridge—210 at 184 1/2, 5 at 185, 50 at 184 1/2, 40 at 185, 240 at 185 1/2, 25 at 186, 25 at 186 1/2, 50, 235, 65, 50 at 187, 50 at 188, 25 at 188 1/2, 100 at 190, 50 at 189 1/2, 70, 15 at 189, 25 at 189 1/2, 50 at 189, 50 at 189 1/2, 50 at 189 1/2, 15 at 189 1/2, 25, 5 at 189, 50 at 189 1/2, 15 at 189 1/2, 35, 80, 130, 25, 125, 50, 10, 25, 10, 70, 10, 100 at 190, 25 at 190 1/2, 10 at 194, 50 at 193 1/2, 50 at 193, 25 at 193 1/2, 400 at 193 1/2, 25 at 193 1/2, 125 at 193 1/2, 25 at 193 1/2, 25 at 193 1/2.
Locomotive—25 at 52 1/2, 25 at 51 1/2.
Textile—50 at 74, 25 at 74 1/2, 75, 85 at 75, 50 at 74 1/2, 15 at 75, 5 at 74 1/2, 20 at 75, 50 at 75 1/2, 30, 15 at 76, 10 at 76 1/2, 15, 10 at 76 1/2.
Steel Corporation—50 at 47, 11 at 47 1/2, 60, 35, 75, 75, 25 at 47.
Steel Co. of Canada—25, 50, 25, 50, 10 at 34.
Pennams—75, 435, 55, 90 at 60, 1 at 59, 35 at 60, 5 at 60 1/2, 10 at 60, 25 at 60, 25, 20 at 60 1/2, 25 at 60, 15 at 60 1/2, 50 at 60 1/2, 25 at 61, 25 at 61 1/2.
Scotia—125, 75, 25, 15 at 86, 50 at 86.
Car pfd—55 at 122, 20 at 122 1/2, 10 at 121 1/2.
Cement pfd—64 at 90 1/2.
Steamships pfd—150 at 68 1/2, 25 at 68, 25 at 68 1/2.
Pennams pfd—15 at 83.
Ogilvie "C"—\$1,000 at 104.
Quebec Railway bonds—\$5,000, \$1,000, \$1,000 at 53.
Cedars—25, 25, 25, 50 at 70 1/2, 25 at 70 1/2, 100, 25 at 70 1/2, 2 at 70, 55, 220 at 70 1/2.
Cedars bonds—\$2,000, \$1,000 at 35.

COTTON MARKETS.
New York, Oct. 16—Cotton futures closed steady. Closing bids: Dec., 12.59; Jan., 12.77; Mar., 12.99; May, 13.15; July, 13.17. Spot closed quiet. Middling uplands, 12.40c. Sales, 530 bales.
Liverpool — Cotton, spot quiet. Prices steady. American middling, fair, 8.12d; good middling, 7.56d; middling, 7.24d; low middling, 6.76d; good ordinary, 6.36d; ordinary, 6.06d. The sales of the day were 4,000 bales, of which 300 were for speculation and export, and included 3,300 American. Receipts were 6,300 bales, including all American. Futures closed easy.

CLOSING MARKET LETTERS.
By private wire to Breen & Gourdeau, Stock Brokers, 63 St. Peter Street, and 6 Sault-au-Matelot Street, Phone 185
New York, Oct. 16—Today's short session of the stock market was virtually a continuation of the narrow backing and filling process which has characterized trading the past few days. No new developments abroad were received up to the closing of business to suggest a lessening of the anxious feeling which has unsettled sentiment although a spirited upbidding of prices in the final ten minutes occasioned by short covering, caused substantial advances in a number of issues. Briefly, the general situation and outlook are unchanged.
Sales: Stocks, 400,694; bonds, \$1,747,500.
C. P. R. loaded 2033 cars of wheat in the West yesterday against 278 a year ago, and 1914 on Thursday against 161 a year ago, and 1675 on Wednesday against 206 a year ago.

OILS, ETC.
London, Oct. 16—Calcutta linseed, Oct.-Nov., 59s.
Linseed oil, 29s 1/2 d.
Sperm oil, £30.
Petroleum, American refined, 9 3/4 d; spirits, 10 1/2 d.
Turpentine, spirits, 36s 9 d.
Rosin, American strained, 13s 6 d; type "G" 14s 6 d.
Savannah, Ga., Oct. 16—Turpentine firm, 42 1/4; sales, 50; receipts, 98; shipments, 253; stocks, 10,737.
Rosin, firm; sales, 758; receipts, 654; shipments, 681; stocks, 59,848.
SMOKED CEILING.
Smoke from a lamp or gas often soils a ceiling in the one particular spot, while the rest remains beautiful, white. It is useful to know that soiled ceilings caused by lamp and gas will be rendered less conspicuous if rubbed over with dry whiting.

LA BANQUE NATIONALE
On and after Tuesday, the 2nd of November next, this Bank will pay to its shareholders a dividend of two percent, being at the rate of eight per cent per annum, upon its capital for the quarter ending on the 31st of October next.
This dividend will be paid according to the list of shareholders of record on the 15th of October, next.
By order of the Board of Directors.
N. LAVOIE,
General Manager.
Quebec, Sept. 14th, 1915.
Sp.16xmn,wd,fr,toOct.31

NOTICE
People who wish to engage as Servants or Nurses, will find employment in applying to Henri Drouin, Quebec Railway Building, Phone 2004.
Sp.24xmn,wd,fr,to

CANADA S.S. LINES
Montreal Service
Daily, except Sunday, at 6.30 p.m.
Saguenay Service
Twice a week, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 8.00 A.M.
North Shore Service
Sailings weekly, every Friday, at 9.00 a.m.
Office Phone - - - 1830
Freight Office Phone - - 1825

TEMISCOQUATA RAILWAY.
TIME TABLE
Taking Effect June 14th, 1915.
No. 1—(a) Leaves Riviere du Loup 7.45 a.m.
Arrives Comons, N.B., 12.15 p.m.
No. 3—(a) Leaves Riviere du Loup 11.00 a.m.
Arrives Comons, N.B., 6.30 p.m.
No. 2—(a) Leaves Comons, N.B., 2.45 p.m.
Arrives Riviere du Loup, 8.25 p.m.
No. 4—(a) Leaves Comons, N.B., 7.00 a.m.
Arrives Riviere du Loup, 4.15 p.m.
All trains daily, except Sunday.
Connection at Edmundston Junction with Canadian Pacific Ry., for Woodstock, Fredericton, St. John, N.B.; Houlton, Presque Isle, Carleton and Fort Fairfield, Me. And at Riviere du Loup with all Intercolonial Railway Express trains.
For further information, folders, etc., apply to F. S. Stocking, 32 St. Louis street; Jules Hone Travel Agency, 31 Buede street.
F. X. BELANGER, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent, Riviere du Loup.

CANADIAN NORTHERN
MONTREAL
9.30 a.m.—Daily except Sunday.
Buffet Parlor Cars.
11.30 p.m.—Daily.
Standard Sleeping Cars.
WHERE TO HUNT.
La Tuque, Lake Edward, Kiskiskinik. Ask for booklet.
For particulars, tickets, etc., apply at Depot Ticket Office, Canadian Northern Station; telephone 3427.
O.16xmn,wd,sexfr

ISLAND OF ORLEANS FERRY.
From Island: From Quebec:
5.30 a.m. 6.00 a.m.
6.45 a.m. 7.30 a.m.
8.15 a.m. 9.15 a.m.
10.00 a.m. 11.30 a.m.
1.00 p.m. 2.00 p.m.
3.30 p.m. 4.45 p.m.
5.30 p.m. 6.15 p.m.
Sundays.
From Island: From Quebec:
1.00 p.m. 1.00 p.m.
1.30 p.m. 2.30 p.m.
5.00 p.m. 5.30 p.m.
On holidays the boat will sail from the island at 8.00 a.m., and in the afternoon at the same time as on Sundays.
Junction at St. Joseph with the Levis electric cars.

STEAMER "CHAMPION."
Line to St. Laurent, St. Michel, St. Jean and Berthier.
Weather and circumstances permitting, the Steamer CHAMPION will sail as follows:
On Mondays and Wednesdays
Berthier, 6.30 a.m.
St. Jean 8.00 a.m.
St. Michel 9.00 a.m.
St. Laurent 10.00 a.m.
On Fridays, from
St. Francois, 6.30 a.m.
From Quebec for Berthier, on Tuesdays and Thursdays, at 1.00 p.m., and on Saturday for St. Francois at 1.00 p.m.
On Sundays:
From Quebec at 8.00 a.m., and from St. Jean, at 4.00 p.m.

W. & G. Morton Massey
GENERAL INSURANCE BROKERS
111 Mountain Hill.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
CALIFORNIA EXPOSITIONS.
San Francisco—San Diego.
Reduced rates until Nov. 30th.
TIME TABLE.
Quebec to Montreal.
7.30 a.m., *1.30 p.m., *11.30 p.m.
Quebec to Three Rivers.
9.00 a.m., and 7.15 p.m.
*Week days only. *Daily.
*Sunday only.
Parlor cars on day trains.
Standard sleeping cars on night trains.
TICKET OFFICES: 30 St. John street, Chateau Frontenac and Palais Station.
G. J. P. MOORE,
General Railway and Steamship Agency. All lines represented.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
CALIFORNIA EXPOSITIONS.
Lowest fares; greatest variety of routes, including the Transcontinental line to Winnipeg. Tickets now on sale.
Gen. H. Stott, C.P. & T.A.,
Quebec, Que.
Sp.20xmn,th

QUEBEC CENTRAL RAILWAY
Pullman, and Dining Cars on Through Trains
TRAINS LEAVE LEVIS:
7.50 a.m.—For Portland, Sherbrooke and all local stations, daily except Sunday.
3.40 p.m.—For New York and Boston and all main line stations, daily. For Chandler Valley and Megantic divisions, daily except on Sunday. Through New York Pullman Buffet daily, connecting at Sherbrooke with Pullman for Boston.
For further information and Pullman reservations, apply F. S. Stocking, C. & D. P. Agent, 32 St. Louis st., agent for Thos. Cook & Son, and all ocean steamship lines. Phone 82.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAYS
8.20 a.m.—Local Express to Campbellton, daily except Sunday.
2.20 p.m.—Maritime Express to St. John and Halifax, daily except Saturdays. Saturday's train runs to Mont. Joli only connections for Murray Bay points via Riviere Ouelle wharf.
5.15 p.m.—Local Express to Riviere du Loup, daily except Sunday.
12.15 a.m.—Ocean Limited to Halifax, daily.
12.50 p.m.—Maritime Express to Montreal, daily.
3.29 a.m.—Ocean Limited to Montreal, daily.
TRANSCONTINENTAL RY.
11.35 a.m.—Express to Fitzpatrick daily except Sunday. On Tuesday and Thursday this train runs through to Cochrane and Winnipeg.
6.30 a.m.—Mixed train to Edmundston (on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday).
4.25 p.m.—Express to Monk, daily except Sunday.
S. J. NESTOR, C.T.A.,
7 Du Fort and 22 Dalhousie Sts.
Telephone 530.

STEAMER "FRONTENAC"
Commencing June 1st, 1915.
Weather and conditions permitting, the Steamer "Frontenac" will sail as follows:
Island of Orleans Ferry.
From Island: From Quebec:
5.30 a.m. 6.00 a.m.
6.45 a.m. 7.30 a.m.
8.15 a.m. 9.15 a.m.
10.00 a.m. 11.30 a.m.
1.00 p.m. 2.00 p.m.
3.30 p.m. 4.45 p.m.
5.30 p.m. 6.15 p.m.
Sundays.
From Island: From Quebec:
1.00 p.m. 1.00 p.m.
1.30 p.m. 2.30 p.m.
5.00 p.m. 5.30 p.m.
On holidays the boat will sail from the island at 8.00 a.m., and in the afternoon at the same time as on Sundays.
Junction at St. Joseph with the Levis electric cars.

NO HOME
is
COMPLETE
without a
Well Equipped
BATH ROOM



Call and see our Bath Room
Fixtures.
Largest Stock in this City

Mechanics Supply Co., Limited

GLIMPSES OF OLD QUEBEC
From the Files of THE CHRONICLE, Oct., 1885 and 1815.

THIRTY YEARS **A HUNDRED YEARS**
AGO TODAY **AGO TODAY**

Hoisted With His Own Petard.
We stated in this column the other day that the Mayor and majority of our City Council had shown a good example in getting vaccinated, as a further example to our citizens, all the members of the Chronicle Staff have submitted to the ordeal. Our medical men are enthusiastic on that question. So different from some of their confreres in Montreal, among our despatches from that City we have the following instructive story—

"Yesterday a man with his face covered with small-pox pustules entered the office of a well-known Anti-Vaccination doctor, and catching hold of him by the shoulders, looked him steadily in the face, and exclaimed, 'Look at me!' This is what you and your pet theory have brought—hundreds like me to curse you. The Anti-Vaccinator stared almost out of his senses, fled from the scene as soon as he could get away from the victim of his advice; and forgetting his theory entirely, ran to the nearest medical man for a vaccine point, and got disinfected and vaccinated forthwith. Everyone in Montreal is laughing over the grim joke. While we may laugh over the above escapade, where the medico was hoisted with his own petard, we must not forget the lesson which this story teaches. We must not wait until the stricken sufferer interviews us. Be warned in time, and get vaccinated at once. A day lost may prove fatal in the end. The above story is told here to let our readers see the stand the Chronicle took on vaccination 30 years ago.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.
Judgments Rendered and Writs Issued.

Judgments by the Prothonotary:
Eug. Julien & Cie, vs. Chouinard and al—Judgments against defendant, jointly and severally, for \$102.75, interest and costs.
Eug. Julien & Cie, vs. Tanguay—Judgment in plaintiff's favor for \$280.50, interest and costs.
P. Pastene & Co., vs. Zaccaria—Defendant is condemned to pay plaintiff \$452.00, interest and costs.
The Thomas Co., Ltd. vs. Blackburn Judgment against defendant for \$137.74, interest and costs.
St. Jean vs. Morin—Judgment in plaintiff's favor for \$382.57, interest and costs.
Baillargeon vs. Bourque and al—Defendants are condemned jointly and severally to pay plaintiff \$799.00, interest and costs.
S. F. McKinnon & Co., vs. Paradis—Judgment against defendant for \$250.00 interests and costs.
Savard vs. Belleau—Judgment in plaintiff's favor for \$124.50, interest and costs.

Judgments by Hon. Justice McCorkill:
Lafleur vs. Demers—Motion for peremption granted and action dismissed with costs, sauf recours.
Cote vs. Colea—Judgment against defendant and for costs only.
Tessier vs. Davidson—Judgment according to conclusions of the declaration by default.
Parent vs. Dubeau—Judgment according to the written consent of the parties filed of record.
Belleau vs. Martineau, and Martineau T.S.—The defendant and garnishee having made default, judgment for plaintiff against the garnishee for debt, interest and costs of the principal judgment and costs hereof against defendant and garnishee, jointly and severally.
Doyle vs. Daenagis alias Dagneau—The defendant is adjudged condemned to pay, interest and costs. The seizure is declared good, binding and effective.
Lefebvre vs. Perron and Gouin, opposant—The plaintiff's motion to dismiss opposition is granted and the opposition is dismissed with costs.
Writ of summonses issued from the Prothonotary's Office:
Francois Xavier Paquet vs. Mrs. Desanges Paquet and Nazaire Du Bois, St. Etienne de Lauzon, \$313.50, obligation.
The Merchants Bank of Canada, vs. Joseph Leclerc Quebec, \$190.00, promissory note.
Mrs. Eulalie Boissonneault dit St. Onge vs. Joseph Corriveau, St. Jean, Q.C., \$95.00, hypothec.
David Felezweiz vs. Joseph D. Valiquette, Quebec, \$500.00, damages.
J. Antoine Fournier vs. Eugene Guimont, Quebec \$157.81.
Louis Philippe Landry vs. Philippe Reberge, Levis, \$245.03, debt.

GERMANY MOODED.
M. Fichon and England's Share in the War.
M. de Lanessan, formerly Minister of Marine, writing in the "Petit Parisien," says: "Events have clearly shown that von Tirpitz and the Emperor William have grossly deceived themselves in thinking that they could replace battleship squadrons by submarines, while events have also demonstrated that the German Fleet has suffered disaster each time it exposes its battleships to the fleet of Great Britain, France, or Russia."
M. Herve, in the "Guerre Sociale," declares that the glaring truth for every man of sound mind is that Germany is irremediably lost, and that not even a miracle can prevent the crash.
"Germany," he declares, "was lost from the day when, by the violation of Belgium, she found England against her. Up till then the balance of power was almost equal, but everyone knows what England, with her colonies, represents in men, ships, munitions, money, and influence. Germany has been losing since August last, and our friend Bulgaria should realize this."
M. Pichon, in the "Petit Journal," referring to his visit to the British forces, says: "It must be said, in face of the superb organization and the intensity of effort, which has surpassed anything that could possibly have been imagined, that no other country than Great Britain could have been capable of achieving in so short a time anything like the same result."
"Lord Kitchener has spoken in the House of Lords of a spectacle which would astonish the world. Those who have looked for the meaning of these words will see it to-day."

I should say sincerity, a deep, great, genuine sincerity, is the first characteristic of all men in any way heroic.—Carlyle.

F. SIMARD & CIE ENRG.
142 St. Joseph Street, St. Roch, Quebec.

Beautiful Autumn and Winter Models in Women's Suits and Coats

Smart-looking and distinctive models, in Navy and Brown Diagonal Serge, new Chin-Chin collar, broad velvet belt, fancy buttons to match, collar and sleeves velvet trimmed, satin lined; assorted ladies sizes. Specially priced at \$26.25

THE COAT OF THE MOMENT.
SPECIALLY PRICED AT \$8.30

Women's Black, Navy and Royal Blue, Green Blanket Cloth Coats, chic models, trimmed with velvet and fancy buttons, new set-in side pockets and wide cuffs, banded with the same material. Assorted sizes. Priced at..... \$8.30

TRIMMED MILLINERY.
SPECIAL VALUE.—An assortment of Tricornes and Turbans, all new shapes for general wear; they are of fine velvet, and trimmed with wings, mounts, etc., Specially priced at, each..... \$7.50

NEW FALL DRESS GOODS and SUITINGS.
Our Dress Goods Section is notable because of its collection of fashionable weaves and colorings, among which is shown:
A Special Line of 42 to 44-inch Mixed Tweed Suiting; some are check effects, assorted new shades; in Fall and Winter weights. Priced, per yard \$1.10

SILK PETTICOATS.
We are showing the largest collection of Taffeta, Duchesse, Messaline and Milanese Silk Petticoats, in White, Black and all colors; some are handsomely trimmed.
Priced from \$4.25 up to \$14.00

\$1.25 MEN'S SHIRTS, TO CLEAR AT 79c. **MEN'S FLEECE UNDERWEAR.**
25 more doz. Men's Soft Ne- glige Shirts, some are with collars to match; value \$1.25. Assorted sizes; priced.....79c Men's Natural and Grey Shirts and Drawers; a splendid value for present wearing. Now on sale at the Special Price of49c

CAMP
—CANVAS CHAIRS
—CANVAS COTS.
—WICKER CHAIRS.
—WICKER TABLES.
—and—
Everything in Furniture and Bedding.

D. S. RICKABY
Furniture Warehouse and Undertaking Establishment. General Appraiser.
Phone 351. 137 ST. JOHN ST.

ART PICTURES FREE
Each person purchasing 50c worth of goods of any kind in our Store will receive absolutely free, one pretty hand-colored Art Picture, size 11x14. These Pictures would be very good value at 25c each, in any picture store. If you want to get one FREE, all you have to do is to purchase goods to the value of 50c. It does not matter what you buy, whether Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobacco, Chocolates, Stationery, or any other goods in stock, one Picture given FREE with all purchases amounting to 50c.
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AT THE THEATRES
HIGH CLASS VAUDEVILLE.
A New Bill of First-Class Acts at the Auditorium.
The great success of last week's program at the Auditorium has been a great encouragement for the management and Mr. Paquet has booked, as a reward for his patrons, a splendid program of first-class attractions for this week.
Vaudeville of the higher class seems to be what the theatre-goers of Quebec want, judging by the crowded houses at every performance last week. The new bill is quite different from the big program of last week; but as a novelty, every act is just as attractive.
The Nine Irish Colleen (seven young ladies and two men) will probably be the feature of that bill, with their songs and comedy. Their act is a whole performance in itself and certainly worth alone more than price of admission.
The eccentric violinist, Kikioff, will be the most interesting novelty to musicians and music-lovers. Kikioff has a way of his own to play the violin, and every critic has pronounced him a wonder. His work on the stage is the most appreciated of all his competitors in that division of vaudeville.
Booth and Leander, the comedy bicycle artists, have one of the nicest acts in the business and as comedians these two actors are probably as popular as any; their stunts on the bicycle are no less appreciated than the comedy contained in their act.
Larkin and Burns, singers and comedy strong men, will soon become great favorites, with the Quebec audiences that like that kind of entertainment, for they have a very strong act.
The Warwick Trio, quite different from the Pagliacci, should score a great hit, as the lady in the act has been a good favorite in every theatre she has played.
"The Goddess."
Another episode of "The Goddess" is on the bill for the three first days of the week, and that great series will gain new admirers with this new chapter.

"ENOCH ARDEN" THE FEATURE AT VICTORIA TODAY.
With Other Good Films.
"Enoch Arden" the most popular of Tennyson's works will be offered in moving pictures, today at the Victoria Theatre. This picture is bound to make a hit, as no doubt all who have read this splendid poem, will see it today or tomorrow.
This is one of the greatest dramatic poem pictures yet offered the public, the story of which is already too well known to need further mention.
There will also be other good films on the programme including comedy.
The Management are to be congratulated for having secured such a splendid feature for their numerous patrons.

THE CASALS PROGRAM NEXT WEDNESDAY.
The program chosen by Pablo Casals, the greatest living 'cellist, for his recital at the Auditorium theatre next Wednesday evening, has been made up in view to show every detail of the wonderful player's extraordinary musical equipment. The Bach Suite in C major is certainly the greatest composition written for the 'cello without accompaniment. The Lacatelli Sonata, and Beethoven's Variations on a theme by Mozart, will show the master in a lighter mood. Of the Lalo Concerto which will open the recital, the Boston Transcript critic says:
"Never before it is safe to say, has a violinist been so applauded at the Boston Symphony concerts. The Lalo concerto suited the flawless perfection of Mr. Casals' playing. To write in the Irish manner, he displayed a technical skill that was almost imperceptible, so effortless, supple and sure did it seem in the freedom, flexibility and certainty of his bowing, and the unerring felicity of his fingering. Throughout, his tone was exquisitely edgless and undulating almost beyond idealized imagining of the voice of an instrument of wood and strings"

CASALS PLAYS A BACH SUITE.
Of the Bach Suite, without accompaniment, which Pablo Casals will play at the Auditorium theatre next Wednesday evening, the N. Y. Globe said: "It is useless to specify the merits of his performance. Hearing it, to one who had never heard it before from the bow of Mr. Casals was a revelation."
Another critic writes: "Mr. Casals' faults are as scarce as his silken threads, and he is the baldest musician who ever came out of Madrid. His interpretations aroused a veritable storm of appreciation."

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ON THE SAFE SIDE.
McTavish and a brother Scott, McPherson entered the train and took their seats near the door. Sitting up in the corner was a nice young Heilan' lassie, and McTavish was always nudging his friend.
"Hoots, man," said McPherson, "I ken her fine."
"Hoo are ye no gaun up aside her then?" asked McTavish.
"Och," said McPherson, "she hasna payed her fare yet."—London Tit-Bits.
Two Lancashire boys were expatiating on the relative merits of their fathers as musicians.
"My father is the greatest musician in the town," said one.
"Oh!" the other said. "When my father starts his music every man stops work."
"How's that?" said thea ther. "What does he do?"
"He blows the whistle for meals up at the mills."

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