

The Quebec Chronicle.

WEATHER FORECAST:

Unsettled; Some Showers.

TEMPERATURES:

Minimum, 28; Maximum, 40.

ESTABLISHED 1764.

QUEBEC, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1918.

TWO CENTS.

ORDER RULES EVERYWHERE IN GERMANY AND ACTIONS OF ANARCHY HAVE CEASED

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Hot House Grapes

Donated by Mr. Godfrey Rhodes, the total proceeds of the sale to be paid to the "Wounded Soldier's Fund."
Per pound.....\$1.50

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AMERICAN LIST OF CASUALTIES UNDER 100,000

THIS INCLUDES KILLED,
WOUNDED, DEAD, SICK,
HURT AND MISSING.

Washington, D.C., Nov. 13—Officials here estimate that the total casualties of the American Expeditionary Forces in the war will not exceed 100,000, including the men killed in action, wounded, died of wounds, disease and accidents and the missing who never will be accounted for. Some of those who have been missing probably will be accounted for when the prisoners are returned from Germany. It was said today that it probably will be several weeks before the record of casualties can be completed.

An unofficial tabulation of published casualty lists including those of November 12, shows a grand total of 71,390 men. Careful estimates made today, based on knowledge of the battle conditions faced by the first and second armies in the days immediately preceding cessation of hostilities and on the average lists heretofore lead officers to believe that all unpublished and unreported casualties will not exceed 30,000.

Estimates based on previous records fix the total Marine casualties in France at less than 5,000.

ALLIED FLEET IS OFF CONSTANTINOPLE.

London, November 13—The Allied fleet arrived off Constantinople today, having passed through the Dardanelles on Tuesday, the Admiralty announced.

British and Indian troops occupying the forts, paraded as the ships passed.

GERMAN ARMY IS WITHDRAWING

EFFORTS TO FRATERNIZE
WHERE LINES CLOSE RELUCTANTLY ABANDONED.

With the American armies on the Meuse and Moselle, Nov. 13—(By the Associated Press).—Germany's army was moving slowly along its whole front toward the rear today. The American forces remain exactly where they were when the armistice went into effect.

So far as known at the American Army Headquarters, no disposition has been displayed to block at any point that part of the agreement providing for the withdrawal of the German troops. It is realized that the reversing of the gears of the great broken German machine will not be simple.

There would have been no surprise among the American officers had the German front remained almost unchanged, but already there appears to have been left immediately in front of the Americans little more than a fringe of soldiers. In some places even that line has been withdrawn so far that the army men on this side do not know its location. The Germans reluctantly abandoned their efforts to continue fraternization where the lines still were in proximity, but the threats to hold as prisoners anyone approaching the American lines practically stopped their visits.

Behind the American line the activity of the supply trains continued today and the troops mobilized at the front settled down to routine duty. There was an increasing number of leaves of absence, however, and the towns in the rear where troops are stationed, were gayier than at any time since the beginning of the war. The celebration that began on Monday night gathered momentum instead of showing signs of abating.

TWO NAVY HEADS SEND GREETINGS

DANIELS AND SIR ERIC GEDDES EXCHANGE FELICITATIONS OVER VICTORY.

London, Nov. 13—(British Wireless Service)—Messages of felicitation have been exchanged between Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the American Navy and Sir Eric Geddes, First Lord of the British Admiralty. The message of Mr. Daniels said:

"My hearty congratulations. This is the greatest day in 2,000 years of history. All of the 500,000 men in the American Navy send greetings to you and your great navy. One of the things for which we are happiest is that the two English-speaking navies have co-operated to achieve the glorious result."

Sir Eric Geddes replied to Mr. Daniels as follows: "I thank you on behalf of the British Navy for your very cordial message of greetings. The friendship between the two English-speaking navies which the war has brought about is one of the lasting benefits which these terrible years have given us, and the co-operation with the United States Navy will never be forgotten by the Royal Navy."

CROWN PRINCE'S MURDER FALSE

WOLFF BUREAU SAYS HE IS STILL AT THE FRONT.

London, Nov. 13—The British Foreign Office has received no confirmation whatever of the rumors that the former German crown prince has been assassinated, according to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

Copenhagen, Nov. 13—The former German crown prince is with his troops at the front, according to a despatch from the semi-official Wolff Bureau of Berlin, received here.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT DOING SPLENDIDLY.

New York, Nov. 13—Physicians attending Theodore Roosevelt, who is at Roosevelt Hospital here, suffering from sciatica and rheumatism, said tonight that he passed a comfortable day and that his progress toward recovery could hardly be more favorable.

The Weather

Toronto, Nov. 13—A depression is situated tonight south of Nova Scotia and another covers British Columbia coast. A few light scattered showers have occurred today in Eastern Ontario; otherwise the weather in Canada has been fine.

| | Min. | Max. |
|------------------|------|------|
| Prince Rupert | 38 | 42 |
| Vancouver | 42 | 46 |
| Victoria | 44 | 48 |
| Kamloops | 44 | 52 |
| Edmonton | 2 | 54 |
| Battleford | 19 | 44 |
| Moose Jaw | 18 | 60 |
| Winnipeg | 16 | 34 |
| Port Arthur | 30 | 36 |
| Sault Ste. Marie | 36 | 40 |
| Parry Sound | 36 | 46 |
| London | 32 | 46 |
| Toronto | 34 | 48 |
| Kingston | 44 | 50 |
| Ottawa | 28 | 46 |
| Montreal | 30 | 42 |
| Quebec | 28 | 40 |
| Halifax | 24 | 44 |
| St. John | 26 | 46 |

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay: Moderate northwest to southwest winds; fair; not much change in temperature.

Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence: Generally fair and not much change in temperature.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf, North Shore: Fresh winds, mostly northeast and east; unsettled with some showers of rain or sleet.

Superior: Moderate to fresh winds, shifting to southeast and south; fair and cool.

Manitoba: Fair and milder. Saskatchewan and Alberta: Fair and mild.

Maritime: Strong breezes to moderate local gales, east to north-east; unsettled with showers.

INDEPENDENT SOCIAL DEMOCRATS DEMAND ARREST OF VON TIRPITZ AND OTHER MILITANTS

—SUBMARINES SEEK INTERNMENT RATHER THAN RETURN TO GERMANY — LIEUT. KRUPP AND WIFE FLED WITH EX-KAISER — MAJOR-GENERAL SCHEUCH STILL PRUSSIAN WAR MINISTER AND WILL LOOK AFTER ARMY'S FEEDING AND DEMOBILIZATION — GRAND DUKE OF SAXE-WEIMAR ABDICATES TO PREVENT CIVIL WAR.

Berne, Switzerland, Nov. 13—(Havas)—Wolf Bureau despatches from Berlin declare that order appears to rule everywhere in Germany and that acts of anarchy have ceased. The majorities and minorities have divided the authority between them, but the minorities have been relegated to second place, it appears. The majorities are charged with preparing the organization of a German republic.

Expulsion from Berne of a Bolshevik diplomatic mission was carried out in the presence of an inquisitive crowd. The automobiles containing the members of the mission were escorted on the way by infantry detachments in motor trucks.

VON TIRPITZ WANTED

Amsterdam, Nov. 13—The Independent Social Democrats in the new German Government have demanded the arrest of Admiral von Tirpitz, former Minister of the Navy, Major-General Keim, President of the German Army League, Dr. Wolfgang Kapp, President of the Fatherland Party, Admiral von Holtzendorff, former Chief of the Navy General Staff, and others, and the establishment of the tribunal to try all persons primarily responsible for the continuation of the war and hindering peace.

This information is contained in a Berlin despatch to the Telegraf.

SUBMARINES SEEK INTERNMENT.

London, Nov. 14—Five German submarines arrived at Landskrona, Southern Sweden, Wednesday and requested the naval authorities to intern them, according to a despatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Copenhagen.

The submarine commanders said they did not dare return to Germany.

Copenhagen, Nov. 13.—The Lokal Anzeiger, of Berlin, announces that it has obtained the protection of the Government against the Spartacus group which seized the newspaper and renamed it the Red Banner, according to a despatch from Berlin. The Lokal Anzeiger has resumed its old title.

Telegrams found in the palace of the former German Crown Prince, according to a Berlin telegram to the National Tidende, show that it had been planned to send loyal troops from the front to Berlin in an attempt to crush the revolution.

KRUPP HAS FLED.

Copenhagen, Nov. 13.—Lieutenant Krupp von Boehlen Und Halbach, husband of Bertha Krupp and head of the great Krupp steel works, fled to Holland with the former German Kaiser, according to a despatch by the Exchange Telegraph Company.

A despatch from London on November 10 said that Lieutenant von Boehlen und Halbach and his wife had been arrested by revolutionaries who were in control of Essen, where the Krupp works are located.

Basel, Tuesday, Nov. 12—The Socialist Vorwarts of Berlin describes the German armistice conditions as "terrible" and adds:

"Since the old regime has collapsed the new government must accept the conditions and execute them loyally. The treaties have been signed and must be executed. It will be the task of the new government to conclude rapidly the best peace possible."

Major-General Scheuch, according to an official statement issued in Berlin Monday, will retain his post as Prussian Minister of War and will assist the new government. The Minister will look after the feeding and demobilization of the army.

ANOTHER GRAND DUKE GONE.

A despatch from Berlin says Grand Duke William Ernest of Saxe-Weimar has abdicated in order to prevent civil war.

The despatch adds that republics have been proclaimed in Wurttemberg and Hesse.

The new government in Baden has been constituted under the presidency of the Socialist, Herr Jeiss.

The former Grand Duke William Ernest is 43 years old. Saxe-Weimar is in Central Germany, in Thuringia. Among the important towns in the Grand Duchy are Weimar, which is the capital, and Jena, the famous university town.

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QUEBEC.

GET BUSY Christmas Is Coming

Help to make this a real Christmas for the Boys in England, in France, in Belgium, wherever they are a little reminder from Old Quebec will be appreciated.

Do not forget parcels, must be in the hands of the Post Office officials not later than the 15th, in order to reach the men at the front for Christmas Day.

We have many useful things that will prove acceptable and afford pleasure to the lads far away from home, Leather Photo Frames, Money Belts, Pencils, Fountain Pens, Razors, Metal Mirrors, Ink Tablets, Cigarette Cases, Air Pillows, Lockets, Signet Rings.

We have also a quantity of EMBOSSED POST CARDS with views of Quebec, pictures of the Terrace, the River, and Chateau Frontenac in delicate tones of blue and bronze. These Post Cards we will be pleased to supply free to the Daughters of the Empire, or to any other organization who are sending parcels to the men that are over-seas.

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FOREIGN LEGION ARRIVES IN QUEBEC

GIVEN ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION BY QUEBEC CITIZENS YESTERDAY.

Quebec received yesterday morning with open arms, the members of the Foreign Legion as they disembarked from the Canada Steamship Lines steamer from Three Rivers. They were officially received by General Landry, O.C. 5th Military District in the name of the Minister of Militia, and by the reception committee of the French Colony in Quebec which is composed of Messrs. H. R. de St. Victor, Consul for France in Quebec, R. Landry, A. Frost, L. Ripp, a d. L. Berin.

Lieut. Cailler, in the absence of Capt. Chastnet de Gery, who remained in Montreal, received the Quebec military officers, and also the joint chairmen of the Victory Loan drive in Quebec, Hon. Mr. P. J. Farand and Mr. J. M. McCarthy, and the Secretary of the Executive Committee, Mr. J. A. Larus.

A guard of honor furnished by the 5th C. G. R. in command of Capt. John Collins were drawn up on the Canada Steamship Company landing, with the R.C.G.A. band in charge of Lieut. O'Neill, as well as a detachment of the R.C.G.A. heavy field artillery and some dozen officers. The military police in charge of Sgt. Major Robert were present to keep the crowd in order, also a detachment of city police in charge of Chief Trudel.

After an exchange of salutes, the visitors were escorted to the Chateau Frontenac where they will be guests while in Quebec.

Eighteen nationalities are represented among the detachment now in the city, including Alsatians who fought for the liberation of their beloved province, Luxemburgers, Russians, Irishmen, Swiss, Moroccans, Arabians, Egyptians, Syrians, Americans, and men from many of the smaller states.

The visitors were tendered a civic reception at the City Hall at 11 o'clock yesterday morning by His Worship the Mayor and Aldermen. They were first received by the Mayor in his private chamber after which they repaired to the Council Chamber where an address of welcome was read by His Worship in the presence of a large gathering of citizens. The Honor Flag won by Quebec District for having subscribed over 75 per cent of its Victory Loan quota, was unfurled from the galleries amidst the applause of all present.

Today's Program.

The members of Foreign Legion will be at liberty this morning to see the historic sights of the Ancient Capital. At 2 o'clock this afternoon there will be a monster parade of bands, militia, Great War Veterans and citizens through the principal streets starting from the Chateau Frontenac as follows:

DuFort, Buade, Fabrique, St. John Palace, St. Joseph, as far as St. Peter's Market Square, returning by St. Valier, Cote d'Abraham, St. John, de Salaberry and Grande Allee.

The members of the Great War Veterans Association are earnestly requested to be present in the parade in large numbers, and will assemble on the Drill Hall Square at 1:45 o'clock, wearing their badges.

At 8:00 o'clock this evening the visitors will be entertained at dinner at the Chateau Frontenac by the French Colony and friends of France, at which only two toasts will be proposed, "Victory" and "Artisans of Victory."

TYPOGRAPHIA AND I.T.U. SITUATION

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO LAWS OF LARGER ORGANIZATIONS WOULD CURTAIL INFLUENCE OF GERMAN BODY

Indianapolis, Ind.—Regarding the proposed amendment to the laws of the International Typographical Union, regarding the Typographia, an organization of German-American printers, Marsden G. Scott, president of the International Union, has given the following summary of the situation:

"The Typographia was amalgamated with the International Typographical Union in 1894. The Typographia was composed of compositors employed on German newspapers and in German bookbinding concerns in this country. Their president became a member of the executive council of the International Typographical Union through the terms of the amalgamation, but the Typographia was permitted to maintain a separate organization because it had undertaken to provide benefits for its members, while the International Typographical Union did not furnish such benefits, and did not care to take the responsibility for such benefits into its organization.

"The membership of the German organization is now less than 1000, and it was deemed unfair to have the German organization continue with a representative on the executive council of the International Typographical Union and to help decide in all matters pertaining to the national organization.

"There was accordingly a resolution passed at the meeting of the International Typographical Union in Scranton, Pa., this year, providing that representatives of the Typographia should be elected as a fourth vice-president of the typographical union for the sole purpose of representing the Typographia only in the general organization.

"This action, it will be seen, does not grant a favor to the Typographia but rather curtails its influence. This was done solely on account of the reduced membership of the German organization, and not because of animosity occasioned by the war.

The amendment in question reads as follows: "Second proposition—to elect a second vice-president to replace the present second vice-president, who becomes fourth vice-president."

The proposed amendments were to be voted on Oct. 16. Returns are not yet completed.

NEED FOR INCREASED RESEARCH

Bradford, Eng., Nov. 13.—At a recent meeting of the Textile Institute the announcement was made that a financial backing of £50,000 was required to place the institute on a firm basis, to enlarge the scope of the technology of the textile trades, establish lecture-ships and encourage invention and discovery. Already donations amounting to £7,000 had been received. Sir W. E. B. Priestley, M.P., president of the institute, said that they heard a great deal about reconstruction. He was afraid, however, that Sir Albert Stanley, president of the Board of Trade, looked upon the matter only from the point of view of reorganization, but that would not make a country's commerce prosperous. Germany had no greater natural scientists than Great Britain, but she took advantage of every discovery. To take the steel industry, for example, there was not a periodical or bookworth respect to it that was not immediately sent to Krupp for examination. That showed that the Germans were closely following research work throughout the world. In order to keep their trade, they must also encourage research work.

LABOR MUST WIN ITS OWN FREEDOM.

Chicago, Nov. 13.—"Autocracy has seen its day and passed away in government and in industry," declared F. P. Walsh, joint chairman of the National War Labor Board, at the national mass-meeting prepared for Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, here on Friday night. Mr. Walsh was speaking as if on the eve of his labors being completed with the approach of peace. He said he had a few suggestions to make to labor, which was strongly represented at the auditorium gathering.

The first of these that labor's spokes man on the War Labor Board had to offer was: "The unqualified right of workers to organize and deal collectively through such unions as they may choose." Next he urged the democratic control of industry, with the elimination of autocracy by private interests or by bureaux of government so influenced. The shorter workday was next in Mr. Walsh's brief program for labor after the war. The complete equality of men and women in industry with the fullest enfranchisement of women and equal pay for equal work followed.

"The triumph and freedom of labor must be won by the men and women of labor themselves," declared the National War Labor Board head. He urged that no agency of reconstruction, or of government in reconstruction, in the making of laws, but should have representatives from the workers in industry.

Mr. Walsh paid a high tribute to President Wilson, "who declared the fundamental rights of labor before the great conflict came." He characterized President Gompers as an "incomparable Democrat and great world citizen," and warmly applauded Secretary of Labor Wilson.

STATE OWNERSHIP GAINING

"If we are obliged to regulate very far private property in the interest of conservation, we have a strong ground for public property; as illustrated in the case of forests, and in this case, public ownership is the world over, gradually gaining on private ownership."—Foundations of National Democracy.

Start The Winter Right— With New Rubbers.

Of course, we all want to economize—and there's no truer economy than wearing Rubbers. They protect the health and the shoes of every member of the family, especially the children. But there's no economy in wearing old Rubbers that are worn through at sole, toe or heel.

Start the winter right—with new Rubbers. Not a single pair; but a pair of Rubbers for each style of shoes—fitted to insure comfort and long wear.

A new pair of Rubbers on an old pair of shoes, makes the old shoes as serviceable as new ones—at a small part of the cost of new shoes.

There is a style and shape for every shoe—for men, women and children—in these six brands of reliable Rubbers, sold by the leading shoe stores;

"Jacques Cartier" "Granby" "Merchants" "Dominion" "Maple Leaf" "Daisy"

These marks distinguish a Dominion Rubber System Product.

Ask for these Brands **They are the Best to Buy**

ADMIRALTY NOW ADMITS SINKING OF "AUDACIOUS"

LOSS OF BATTLESHIP IN 1914 KEPT SECRET UNTIL NOW.

London, Nov. 13.—The Admiralty tonight makes its first official announcement of the loss of the battleship Audacious, which sank after striking a mine off the North Irish coast on October 27, 1914. The loss of the battleship officially was kept a secret at the urgent request of the Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Fleet.

News of the sinking of the Audacious was published in the United States shortly after the disaster. The British press printed an account of the warship's loss about two months later, but the Government withheld confirmation.

After striking the mine, the battleship remained afloat twelve hours, during which practically the entire crew of 800 men was rescued by the White Star liner Olympic. Then a terrific explosion took place on the Audacious and she sank. The ship was later reported raised and repaired.

GRAND FLEET CELEBRATES

Marvellous Night Scene Witnessed Off Scotch Coast.

London, Nov. 13.—(Canadian Press despatch from Reuter's Limited).—A marvellous night scene was witnessed off the Scottish Coast when the Grand Fleet celebrated the armistice. On a thirty mile line, warships of every description were simultaneously illuminated. Myriads of searchlights played fantastically, fireworks and star-shells were lighted. The celebrations after lasting an hour ceased as suddenly as

PASSPORTS FOR WOMEN.

Removal of Restrictions on Sea-Travel Will Shortly be Considered.

London, Nov. 13.—(Canadian Press despatch from Reuter's Limited).—In the House of Commons, Mr. Denman asked whether passports could now be granted women desiring to go to Canada to be married. Right Hon. T. J. MacNamara replied that the whole question of restrictions upon travelling at sea would shortly be under the immediate consideration of the Government department concerned.

Replying to Viscount Wolmer, Surgeon-General, W. G. MacPherson stated that in October nearly 25,000 British soldiers in France were in hospital owing to influenza. Of this number 421 died, 2,700 were in hospital owing to pneumonia, of whom over a thousand died.

NON-STRIKE ORDER.

Ottawa Citizens Says Cabinet Consents to Its Repeal.

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 14.—The Citizen this morning says: "It is understood that the Federal Cabinet have acceded to the requests of organized labor for the repeal of the non-strike Order-in-Council the restraint and moderation shown by labor and its representatives, bringing the desired result in having this objectionable legislation rescinded."

AMERICAN SIGHT-SEERS

EAGER FOR EUROPE

New York, N.Y., Nov. 13.—Already American sight-seers want to go to Europe. Allied steamship officers today were receiving hundreds of inquiries as to when the ban on passenger travel would be removed. The enquirers were told that the rigid war restrictions would remain in effect "until further notice," all allied ships as well as American being still under Government control. It was the opinion among steamship officials that the time for resumption of pre-war steamship travel on any extensive scale was "a long way off."

Hardstone Siding, on the Bust line of the Peedee railway, north of Fort William, is losing the major part of its population by the migration of Ben Levine and his family to grow up with the newer West. Mr. Levine has been thrice married, and is the father of 44 children, 36 of whom

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FOR ESTIMATE

ARMISTICE IS CELEBRATED BY FRENCH ARMIES

GERMAN ENVOYS WITNESS FIREWORKS DISPLAY ON WAY HOME.

With the French Army in France, Monday, Nov. 11.—(By The Associated Press)—Celebrations of the signing of the armistice were general today and tonight over the entire front held by the French troops. The demonstrations were participated in both by the soldiers and the people of liberated villages.

At Chimay the population was delirious with joy. The war correspondents passing through the town were taken for Allied army officers and were drawn into the processions and compelled to join in the singing of the Allied national anthem.

"For four years we have waited for this day," the people shouted. "Just think of it, the Germans have gone! Chimay will never see another day like this."

Crowds gathered in front of the French colonel's headquarters and the French, British and American turned. Hidden stores came forth from most unsuspected places as the rejoicing went on. Meanwhile plunners of French troops and convoys with supplies filed along the roads leading into Belgium with the same methodical regularity as during the days of pursuit.

The only really visible manifestation of the joy of the French soldiers came with nightfall, when lighted flares were shot into the air all along the front, star-shells bursting sometimes singly and sometimes in clusters. Camp fires and bonfires lighted up bivouacs all through the advanced line. Not since the war began had been zone immediately behind the front lines seen so much light. The fireworks displays went on all night, they were witnessed from a convoy of even powerful motor cars that made halt at Guise about eight o'clock in the evening to replenish the gasoline reservoirs. In the lead of this convoy and in the rear were French cars, while the other cars bore on their sides the Imperial Black Eagle. At the sight of this unmistakable mark of identity, crowds of French soldiers gathered around the convoy to get a sight of the German envoys who a few hours before had signed the document that released them from their hard work of the war.

Only the younger officers alighted in the mud during the replenishing operations. The gathering crowd watched the other cars in order to catch a sight of the notable members of the party, but in vain. Not a shout or even a loud remark was heard from the crowd of onlookers. The incident passed in such grave quiet on the part of the French that the low conversation of the German officers gathered round the cars was audible. When the big machines rolled away to the mist toward Belgium, the crowd broke up without once having looked consideration for the representatives of the fallen power.

At an early this morning the same had taken by the envoys was followed in the opposite direction by two French soldiers who perhaps were the last two captives of the war to make their escape. They had been taken prisoner during the battles of July in the Chateau-Thierry salient and were kept just behind the lines. During the entire retreat they saw the declining phases of Germany's military power. They were able to confirm the impression that the lack of transportation equipment was one of the causes of the final break down of the great fighting machine.

With American and British prisoners the men took the places of horses and motors that were lacking and dragged back heavy guns in their successive retreats to the Belgian border. They witnessed the gradual crumbling of the marvelous organization that in spite of the dwindling of equipment and constantly diminishing facilities for movement had maintained order in the withdrawal of troops and prevented the retreat from turning into an immense military disaster.

AUSTRO-GERMAN FRONTIER CLOSED. Berne, Switzerland, Nov. 13.—The Austro-German frontier is now closed to travellers and traffic of all kinds, a despatch from Vienna adds.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. THE 23 THE PAIN...

GOVERNMENT WILL PLACE LARGE RY. ORDER VERY SOON

CONFERENCES BEING CONTINUED WITH THE COMPANIES AS TO REQUIREMENTS.

Ottawa, Nov. 13.—Conferences held during the day are expected to result in the placing of some large railway orders, both by the Government and the railway companies. The situation was thoroughly canvassed especially in regard to rapid transition by the basic industries of iron and steel from war to peace orders, and data obtained as to the exact present situation. The Government has already intimated its intention of placing orders for steel rails, ties and equipment for the national railways. The railway companies are now being urged to follow a similar policy, rather than to wait for a possible decline in prices of equipment. Furthermore, it is proposed to begin work as early as possible on any necessary railway extensions in the West.

The conferences were attended by the Reconstruction and Development Committee of the Cabinet, representatives of the railways and of the Railway Department, steel and iron manufacturers, the War Trade Board under the Imperial Munitions Board.

With a view also to the absorption of labor, it is announced that preparations are under way for a campaign of increased food production. The cessation of hostilities has in nowise, as yet, justified any relaxation in food conservation. The claims of Germany and Austria for assistance for their starving populations coupled with the necessity of assistance to Belgium and the Balkan States, have aggravated the problem. These additional demands for food, it is felt here, preclude any possibility of early reduction in the cost of living and render measures of conservation as essential as before the armistice. The Minister of Agriculture, it is understood, has now under consideration plans which aim to result in the increased production and at the same time absorb much of the labor which will be released within the next few months. Concurrently with plans for the development of domestic trade, steps are being taken to provide greater facilities for the development of export trade. A counterpart to the Canadian Trade Mission in London is to be established at home.

Working in conjunction and in co-operation with manufacturers, the Trade Mission will endeavor to secure a share for Canada of the large orders which will have to be placed for materials needed in the reconstruction of devastated territories in Europe. In this connection, financial problems will be encountered. The intention of the Government, it is understood, is to endeavor to participate in Allied loans and thus to establish credits in Canada for the purpose of materials. It is possible that reconstruction demands will entail the floating eventually of another domestic loan, but this will depend on conditions not yet evident.

Decision has been reached to strengthen the Canadian Mission in London with expert advice. These experts will proceed overseas shortly to join Lloyd Harris, chairman of the Mission.

WHAT "LE MATIN" OF PARIS HAS TO SAY ON THE QUESTION.

A new light has been thrown on the signing of the armistice by "Le Matin" of Paris, which according to a despatch published here yesterday was ostensibly signed on Thursday, the 7th, instant.

The despatch reads as follows: Paris, Nov. 13.—"Le Matin" describing the arrival of the German plenipotentiaries at the front affirms that on the night on which they arrived at the French lines (Thursday), Major Bourbonbuset said to the German General Winterfeld, in the name of the French General Debeney: "There is a misunderstanding which should be cleared up immediately. The army received this afternoon (Thursday) three parliamentary officers who assured us that the armistice had been signed. Now the military operations are being continued."

General Winterfeld replied: "Without a doubt, but I take it to be an error of interpretation."

DIRECTOR OF JUSTICE FOR ALSACE-LORRAINE. Paris, November 13.—(Via Havas)—Leon Siben, Advocate-General to the Paris Court of Appeals, has been appointed Director of Justice for the provinces of Alsace and Lorraine.

Telegraph Evades The Chronicle Challenge

On Monday last the English afternoon paper boasted that "the first official information of the passing of Europe's war lord reached the Telegraph a full half hour before the other papers were in possession of the fact."

On Tuesday, The Chronicle explained that it had had the news at 2:50 p.m., its confrere only claiming to receive it at 4:40. That afternoon the latter sought to make it appear that we were guilty of the same bluffing as himself, saying that we did not give the public the news because we had not got it.

Accordingly, The Chronicle yesterday morning made certain definite assertions which it undertook to prove upon forfeiture of \$300.00 for the Red Cross, provided its accuser would put up a like amount in the event of our making good our claims.

Yesterday afternoon this contemporary neither took up our challenge nor admitted its exaggerations, but made a counter-challenge as to an entirely new position, based upon two facts that we do not deny, and which were never in controversy, so far as we were concerned.

Under the circumstances The Chronicle can do no more than declare the incident closed, and trust that it will prove a lesson to our confrere not to prejudice his claim to accuracy, which is the greatest asset of any newspaper, by boastings as reckless as they are unnecessary.

VICTORY LOAN IS NOW \$390,705,200 OVER HUNDRED MILLION STILL UNSUBSCRIBED WITHIN THREE DAYS LEFT.

Toronto, Ont., Nov. 13.—With only three more days of the Victory Loan campaign, Canada is still over a hundred millions short of the \$500,000,000 she set out to attain, the total reported to date being \$390,705,200. The province of Ontario with \$198,894,650 subscribed has over fifty millions to get before the end of the week.

The following are the totals for the other provinces, \$80,666,860 from Montreal being included in the figures for Quebec: British Columbia . . . \$18,784,730 Alberta . . . 10,538,800 Saskatchewan . . . 9,463,850 Manitoba . . . 25,605,080 Quebec . . . 98,967,700 New Brunswick . . . 8,500,000 Nova Scotia . . . 19,229,450 Prince Edward Island . . . 1,299,050

LONDON PRESS SHOWS ANXIETY DEEP ALARM EXPRESSED LEST GERMANY DEGENERATES INTO BOLSHEVIKISM.

London, Nov. 13.—A note of deep anxiety lest the situation in Germany degenerate into Bolshevism is struck by all the editorials in the London newspapers today. The continued absence of information which would tend to throw further light on the fragmentary one-sided knowledge or the actual social and administrative situation in Germany, prevents the formation of absolutely conclusive views here.

President Wilson's "timely counsel" is hailed with unanimous editorial approval and his warning that hunger leads to madness is quoted as touching a vital chord. It is admitted by newspapers of all shades of political opinion that Germany must be fed, if only as a business proposition, inasmuch as if she starved to death she could not pay what she owes.

The Times, remarking that the combination of hunger and revolution is highly perilous says common humanity and common sense alike compel the feeding of Germany, and that the arrival of Herbert C. Hoover, the American Food Administrator, will facilitate the work.

The Daily News, commenting President Wilson's "sane humanity" says the deliberate starving of Germany would be nothing but a stupid crime and stamp the brand of hypocrisy on all the allied professions.

The Daily Express says a starving nation would be a Bolsheviek nation and that a Bolsheviek Germany would be as grave a menace as a Hohenzollern Germany.

The appeal of Foreign Minister Solff, while it is regarded in some quarters as merely congratulatory of the genuineness of the distress, is viewed elsewhere with suspicion.

The Morning Post, however, calls Dr. Solff's appeal impudent. The Times refers to his "velled threat of abiding vindictiveness" and wonders where the real authority resides which Solff affects to represent.

GEN. PERSHING PRESENTS JOFFRE WITH MEDAL.

Paris, November 13.—(Via Havas)—General Pershing, in the name of President Wilson, presented at the Military Academy this morning the distinguished service medal to Marshal Joffre, the hero of the Marne.

EX-KAISER'S PARTY PLACED ON PAROLE BY DUTCH GENERAL

WILHELM NOT REGARDED AS OFFICER, HAVING RESIGNED HIS OFFICES.

London, Nov. 13.—A despatch to the Daily Mail from Maarn, Holland, says that among those who accompanied the former German Emperor to the castle of Amerongen, were Generals Von Pleshen, Von Gontard, Von Drankberg, Von Lintoff and Von Grimman.

The correspondent of the Daily Mail says he hears that the former Emperor is not regarded as an officer because he has resigned his titles and offices.

The other officers in the party were Colonel Count Von Moltke, Surgeon-General Von Miesser, Major Von Sirschfeld, Marshal of the Court Von Plann and five captains.

After the arrival of the German party General Onnen, of the Dutch army asked all the members to give parole.

A despatch to the Central News from Amsterdam says William Hohenzollern, the former German Emperor, took a walk this morning, accompanied by officers. Later he went motoring followed by a car containing Dutch officials. The correspondent says the Emperor appears to have resigned himself to his new life.

Two enormous motor lorries arrived today with the Hohenzollern baggage, which consisted of a large number of trunks and cases.

Amsterdam, Nov. 13.—(By The Associated Press)—The Nieuwe Rotterdam Courant publishes the following account of the former German Kaiser's entry into Holland:

At about six o'clock Sunday morning nine automobiles carrying armed officers drove up at the Dutch frontier near Eysden. A Dutch sentry, whose orders were to bar the passage of armed persons, refused to let them pass. He told the party they would have to wait until the customs offices opened. A customs official, strolling up added the information that the office would open at seven o'clock. A member of the group stepped forward with the announcement that he was the German Kaiser. This staggering information had no effect upon the Dutch sentry who replied that the Kaiser could not pass until he had orders to that effect from his commanding officer. The customs office would not open a moment earlier.

And so the party waited, the members kicking their heels at the delay. The former Kaiser whistled away his time talking to some peasant onlookers. Punctually at seven o'clock the party went through the formalities of internment.

The former Kaiser, who for nearly a month had been in Belgium, slept every night for the past two weeks in his Imperial train. The train apparently was equipped with wireless apparatus.

While strolling about the Eysden station platform, according to another correspondent, the ex-Kaiser talked volubly about his country estates, farms and horses. He told how he taught the people to save by presenting every child born on his estates with a savings bank book bearing a balance of ten marks. He jestingly remarked to a Dutch captain that a captain's was the worst job he knew. He still spoke of the German army as "my soldiers."

DEFAULTERS MAY BE PROSECUTED UNDERSTOOD THEY SHOULD BE PUNISHED BY DISFRANCHISEMENT FOR PERIOD.

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 13.—Men who defaulted under the Military Service Act are to have their position considered by the Government. While no further calls are being made for draftees, representations have been made it is understood, that men who failed to respond should be punished by being disfranchised for a period of years after the conclusion of peace.

Under the Military Service Act, a man who without reasonable excuse, fails to report is liable to five years imprisonment. In addition, a man convicted of an offense under the M.S.A. is disfranchised by the War Times Election Act. But the latter provision applies to the case of conviction. A large number of prosecutions have been taken against defaulters but there are still, it is stated, some thousands who have not yet been prosecuted. It is the position of these who is to be taken up.

EX-EMPEROR AT ECKARTSAU.

Copenhagen, November 13.—Former Emperor Charles and his family arrived yesterday at Eckartsau, in an automobile, says a despatch from Vienna. Eckartsau where there is a castle, is on the Danube river, between Vienna and Presburg. It is on the north bank of the river and about fifteen miles east of Vienna.

KING GEORGE AND PRESIDENT SEND MUTUAL GREETING

EXCHANGE CONGRATULATIONS OVER ARMISTICE ON BEHALF OF THEIR PEOPLES

London, Nov. 13.—(British Wireless Service)—King George on the signing of the armistice sent a message of congratulation to President Wilson and of thanks to the people of the United States for their aid in the war. President Wilson replied, expressing warm appreciation.

The King's message follows: "At this moment of universal gladness, I send you, Mr. President, and the people of your great republic, a message of congratulation and deep thanks in my own name and that of the people of this Empire."

"It is indeed a matter of solemn thanksgiving that the peoples of our two countries, akin in spirit as in speech, should today be united in this greatest of democracy's achievements. I thank you and the people of the United States for the high and noble part which you have played in this glorious chapter of history and freedom."

President Wilson's cablegram to King George follows: "Your generous and gracious message is most warmly appreciated, and you may rest assured that our hearts on this side of the Atlantic are the more completely filled with joy and satisfaction because we know the great partnership of interests and of sentiments to which we belong."

"We are happy to be associated in this time of triumph with the Government and people upon whom we are so sure we can count for co-operation in the delicate and difficult tasks which remain to be performed in order that the high purposes of the war may be realized and established in the reign of equitable justice and lasting peace."

NORTH AMERICAN ARMS WINS FLAG

ANOTHER SUCCESSFUL DAY FOR VICTORY LOAN WORKERS YESTERDAY.

Victory Loan canvassers throughout the city and district at six o'clock last night reported another successful day's work, the total subscriptions for the day going slightly over \$200,000, which brings the total to date well on to the \$6,000,000 mark. As there are only three more days to solicit subscriptions, the teams are working overtime in their efforts to secure the district's allotment of \$7,000,000. This amount will surely be secured before the campaign ends on Saturday, as headquarters reports that a number of very large subscriptions will be received during the course of today and tomorrow.

The latest firm to be congratulated on having won the Honor Flag, is the North American Arms Company, of this city, which among its employees has subscribed the sum of \$43,000, one hundred per cent of the employees having subscribed. The flag has been ordered and the company will receive it probably today or tomorrow.

Among the recent large subscriptions received are those of the Public Service Corporation, Limited, \$10,000, and from the Corporation's employees, \$8,000. The St. Roch's branch of the Woolworth Company has also subscribed handsomely through its employees and the organizers in St. Louis and Palace Wards report applications received to the number of 500, and subscriptions of early \$450,000.

MRS. F. X. LEMIEUX LAID AT REST

The funeral of the late Mrs. F. X. Lemieux, wife of the private secretary to Hon. Jules Allard, Minister of Crown Lands, was held yesterday morning from her late home to the Basilica. The "Levee du corps" was performed by Rev. Father Jean Marie, Superior of the Sacred Heart Fathers, while the service was chanted by Rev. Canon Laflamme, Pastor of the Basilica, with Rev. Abbe Latreque and Rev. Abbe Blais, as deacon and subdeacon respectively. The chief mourners were, Mr. F. X. Lemieux, husband of the deceased; Francois and Roger, sons; C. E. Gauvin, father; St. Francois Lemieux brother-in-law; Henri, Duburger and Raymond Gauthier, brothers; Hector Verret, K. C., of Coaticook, Marc-Aurele, Edgar, Lucien, Levi and Joliette Lemieux, brothers-in-law; Raoul Plamondon, P. H. Cote, K. C., Thomas Grenier, uncle; Oscar, Arthur Gustave and Philippe Gagnon, F. de B. Gourdeau, Capt. M. A. Fiset, and Chamoux, cousins. During the service solos were feelingly rendered. A large number of spiritual bouquets and floral tributes testified to the sympathy which is felt for the sorrowing relatives of the deceased.

STATESMEN GATHER FOR CONFERENCE

London, Nov. 13.—(British Wireless Service)—The Times says that in addition to General Botha, the South African Premier, the forthcoming meetings of the Imperial Cabinet preparatory to the peace conference, Canada will be attended by Sir Robert Borden, Prime Minister, and a number of his colleagues and advisors; Australia by Premier Hughes; and New Zealand by her Prime Minister, Mr. Massey, and Sir Joseph Ward, and Newfoundland by Premier Lloyd. Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 13.—Hon. C. J. Doherty, Minister of Justice will shortly leave for Geneva in connection with the peace proceedings, it is understood. St. John's Nfld., Nov. 13.—Right Hon. William Lloyd, Prime Minister, left today for Sydney, en route to London for the coming peace conference. During his absence Finance Minister Cashin will be Acting-Prime Minister.

PEACE CONDITIONS MUST BE STRICTLY JUST, SAYS GEORGE

NO SENSE OF REVENGE OR GREED MUST OVER-RULE RIGHTEOUSNESS.

London, Nov. 13.—(British Wireless Service)—"One of the principal issues at the forthcoming general election will be the nature of the peace settlement. It will mean the settlement of the world."

Premier Lloyd George made this announcement in an address to his Liberal supporters on November 11. "What are the principles for which the settlement is to be effected?" he asked. "Are we to lapse back into the old national rivalries, animosities and competitive armaments, or are we to initiate the reign on earth of the Prince of Peace? It is the duty of Liberalism to use its influence to ensure that it shall be a reign of peace."

"What are conditions of peace? They must lead to a settlement which will be fundamentally just. No settlement that contravenes the principles of eternal justice will be a permanent one. The peace of 1871 imposed by Germany on France outraged all the principles of justice and fair-play. Let us be warned by that example."

"We must not allow any sense of revenge, any spirit of greed, any grasping desire to over-ride the fundamental principles of righteousness. Vigorous attempts will be made to hector and bully the Government in an endeavor to make them depart from the strict principles of right and to satisfy some base, sordid, squalid ideas of vengeance and of avarice. We must relentlessly set our faces against that."

"The mandate of this Government at the forthcoming election will mean that the British delegation to the peace congress will be in favor of a just peace."

Premier Lloyd George in discussing the question of a league of nations before his supporters, said that such a league was more necessary now than ever. He pointed out that the conditions which prevailed in the Balkans before the war were now affecting practically two-thirds of Europe.

"A large number of small nations have been reborn in Europe," he continued, "and these will require a league of nations to protect them against the covetousness of ambitious and grasping neighbors. In my judgment, a league of nations is absolutely essential to permanent peace."

"We shall go to the peace conference to guarantee that a league of nations is a reality. I am one of those who believe that without peace we cannot have progress. A league of nations guarantees peace and guarantees also an all-round reduction of armaments, and that reduction of armaments is a guarantee that you can get rid of conscription here."

"Of course, we must have in this country that efficient army to police the Empire, but I am looking forward to a condition of things, with the existence of a league of nations, under which conscription will not be necessary in any country."

The Quebec Chronicle

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QUEBEC, NOVEMBER 14, 1918.

ANOTHER SOLDIERS' MONUMENT.

The Soldiers' Monument which was modelled by Hamilton McCarthy, the well known Canadian sculptor, and stands on the Esplanade near the Grande Allee, was erected to the memory of those brave sons of the Ancient Capital who lost their lives in the South African war through a fund raised by the Chronicle and administered by a representative Committee of citizens.

As the number of the fallen in the terrible conflict now drawing to an end is immeasurably greater than that in battle with the Boers as we know to our cost, so the deeds of heroism have been more numerous for Quebec, as always, has been in the fore front of honor. It is therefore no more than fitting that some memorial which shall guard the record of their deeds for this city in perpetuity should be erected within its walls and the Chronicle intends at an early date to open a fund for this purpose, leaving its administration entirely free, as in the previous instance, to a Committee of citizens which will be invited to act at the proper time.

The fund for the South African Soldiers' Monument was assisted in no small measure by small subscriptions from people who were not in a position to make large contributions and the smallest amounts will again be received with appreciation.

We have no doubt that this activity of the Chronicle will commend itself to the public who will co-operate willingly in achieving something commensurate with the memories we seek to honor.

AN ARTFUL DODGER.

Our afternoon contemporary is as slippery as the proverbial eel: as soon as the falsity of one position is exposed he shifts to another, hoping to save his face by confusing the original issue. The Chronicle agrees that there is little interest for the public in a dispute between the two papers over the merits of their respective sources of information but it does claim that the public is interested in getting a proper insight into their contrasting methods and standards of truth.

We have also no doubt that our contemporary sincerely wishes that the controversy were indeed "exhausted" and it is not our intention to prolong it further as there is no hope of pinning that ingenious casuist down to his own printed words.

The Chronicle yesterday morning made certain definite statements contesting the accuracy of certain other equally definite statements by its afternoon contemporary, upon forfeiture of \$500: the latter had therefore nothing to do but to accept our challenge or to admit that he had been guilty of the language of exaggeration. Instead of that he ignores our challenge and attempts to receive his reputation for candor by a counter-challenge upon an entirely new position that was never in controversy.

We are perfectly willing to allow our confrere all the credit that he can claim or that the public is willing to give him for getting out an extra edition at five P.M. last Saturday: both Le Soleil and the Chronicle could have done the same thing but did not choose to do so, which was their own lookout.

We are also willing to admit that, through one of his own "trivial technicalities" the first news with an official mark was received by Le Soleil and himself before it was available for us to use in an extra edition.

As has been stated before, the Canadian Press service is divided into two parts and morning papers are unable to use afternoon service in any edition sold before 11 o'clock at night. Certain despatches of unusual importance, however, are marked E. O. S. (Extraordinary Service) Bulletins and are available for use by morning papers on receipt.

The first news of the Hohenzollern overthrow received locally from the Canadian Press came in the form of an undated message "Kaiser's abdication officially announced." Through an error in transmission this message was not marked E. O. S. and the correction was only made thirty-three minutes later when the Chronicle received a release for publication. This is the technicality upon which the afternoon paper bases its boast to have received the C. P. despatch before it was available for our use, but mark the subterfuge that it discloses in so doing. Hitherto it has claimed that the first official news was received by it at 4.40 through the channels of its special service" and that an extra edition was got out in twenty minutes whereas the first official announcement from the Canadian Press was received by Le Soleil at 3.33 and immediately transmitted to the other paper with which it shares the wire, so that there was no great feat in producing an extra at five o'clock.

In order to prove the artful dodging of this contemporary it is only necessary to convict him out of his own mouth; thus he said yesterday:

"What the Telegraph does claim is this: We received from the Canadian Press the statement of the Kaiser's abdication marked official, before such service was available for use in an "extra" edition to our contemporary, and we published a paper some hours in advance of it. Stripped of all the hair-splitting trivialities with which our confrere has endeavored to cloak its chagrin, this is the real point at issue."

Surely the real point at issue, however, must be that responsible for the dispute and this is contained

in the words italicized in the following quotation from his issue of Monday:

"The official news of the abdication of Kaiser Wilhelm on Saturday last reached the Quebec Telegraph through the channels of its special service at 4.40 o'clock the same afternoon, and at 5 P.M. or twenty minutes later an extra edition of the Telegraph was issued and selling on the streets to communicate the glad tidings to the public. It was the first official intelligence of the passing of Europe's war lord, and reached the Telegraph a full half hour before the other newspapers were in possession of the fact, and hours before the public were informed through any other similar source."

When the Chronicle corrected the inaccuracies of this statement, despite a good deal of preliminary bluster, the afternoon paper began to sing a lower tune as under in its editorial columns:

"As for the heckling trivialities which have so roused our modern Achilles, we do not believe it is of further interest to the public than to say that the Telegraph received a despatch marked official at in the afternoon, announcing the Kaiser's abdication, and immediately issued an extra edition—anticipating our aggrieved neighbor by some five hours."

Boastings were, however, continued elsewhere by a subsidiary paragrapher who jeered in the same issue:

"Telling the public why you did not publish the 'news', truth is: Hadn't it."

"To get proper deserts. The "official" news of the abdication of the Kaiser was delivered to Le Soleil and Telegraph only, in advance of any other service in the city by regular service which was not available to the morning at that time beaten, beaten, and beaten again, thus did the morning glory meet its fate with the "big news". But why not take defeat gracefully!"

It is therefore evident with what a web an organ which only set out to brag, has entangled itself and we leave its apologist to right himself in the eyes of the public as best he may.

The Chronicle offers a hearty welcome in Quebec to the French Legionaries, whose coming so soon after the termination of hostilities upon the western front is particularly fortunate. They presented a strikingly martial appearance in the parade last evening which is concrete evidence of the stuff that made the poilu the master of the Bosche.

The Industrial Committee of the Board of Trade is to be congratulated on obtaining Mr. C. E. A. Holmes as the guest of honor at an informal dinner gathering in the Chateau next Tuesday. Mr. Holmes is not only an old Quebecer, perfectly at home in both languages, but an expert in publicity on a grand scale. What he has to say will certainly be interesting and undoubtedly of profit to those who are trying to build up a bigger Quebec: it is to be hoped therefore that Mr. Holmes will receive the courtesy of a full attendance.

"WHOSE DEBTORS WE ARE."

*With generous hands they paid the price,
Unconscious of the cost;
But we must gauge the sacrifice
By all that they have lost.*

*The joy of young, adventurous ways,
Of keen and undimmed sight;
The eager tramp through sunny days,
The dreamless sleep of night.*

*No lavish love of future years,
No passionate regret,
No gift of sacrifices or tears,
Can ever pay the debt.*

—Punch.

PRESS COMMENT

FOOD FOR STARVING ENEMIES

(Toronto Mail and Empire)

One of the resolutions passed at the Versailles Conference favors a scheme of food relief for the people of Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria, Turkey and Germany. The Belgian system of distribution is favored putting the half-starved enemy nations on a strict rationing basis, according to their needs and available supplies. The Allies now are in a position to take stock of the food supplies of virtually the whole world, and to arrange for a fair distribution, including the suffering Central Powers.

The burden of providing additional foodstuffs for the people of Central Europe will fall chiefly on this Continent, on Australia, and the South American exporting countries. The Inter-Allied Food Council fixed 17,500,000 tons of foodstuffs as the quantity needed for the next year from the United States. The feeding of our late enemies on a ration basis equal to the French or Italian will require 5,000,000 tons more from the United States. Presumably, Canada will be asked for more, rather than less, though its wheat crop is comparatively small. If ships can be spared from the task of demobilizing armies, and carrying raw materials to start shut-down factories, to make full use of Australian and Argentine stocks of food, we shall find the food supply situation easing here. But the making good of acute shortages in Central Europe may tax the surplus of the whole world—see partial famine for years among hundreds of millions of people cannot quickly be transformed into plenty,



"Oh! This Shopping"

"It certainly gets on my nerves. I come home all fagged out, and nearly always have a splitting headache."

"Yes, they say we women always like shopping. But if everybody feels as tired out afterwards as I do, it is no joke."

"I wonder if it is my nerves. I never could stand much sightseeing, anyway. The strain on the eyes seems to exhaust the whole system."

"I suppose I shall not be able to sleep to-night, and that will put me in fine condition for to-morrow."

"Why don't somebody invent a good medicine for the nerves?"

"But what was that Mrs. Cray was telling me about? I believe it was Nerve Food—Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. I have heard so many talking about the way this Nerve Food helped them that I must give it a trial."

And this is what Mrs. Cray of 515 Cedar street, Peterboro', Ont., writes about her experience with this well-known food cure:

"I was suffering from a rundown condition of the system, nervous debility and sleeplessness. I lost a good many nights' sleep, and sometimes after going to sleep would wake up with a start,

and then lie awake for hours. I also had frequent headaches and pains through my back. I had taken doctor's medicine, but it did not seem to help me. Through reading in the newspapers of the help others had derived from the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food I started taking this medicine. The first box helped me, so I continued, taking about five or six boxes. I found that I was a great deal better, able to sleep well and do my work without any trouble. My headaches and nervousness are gone. My mother lives with me, and she has also found great benefit from the use of the Nerve Food. I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food for nervous trouble of any kind."

If you could only read the letters which come to this office from day to day telling of what Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is doing for women, and men, too, in all parts of Canada, you would not be long in doubt as to the most satisfactory treatment for tired bodies and exhausted nerves.

All we can do is to pass along the good words by publishing an occasional letter. It remains for you to benefit by using this blood and nerve builder to restore energy and vitality to your exhausted system.

You can obtain Dr. Chase's Nerve Food from all dealers, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto, 6 boxes for \$2.75. On every box of the genuine you will find the portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D., the famous Receipt Book author.

WOMEN MAY DISCUSS PEACE

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt Urges Their Right to Participate

New York, N.Y.—Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the National American Woman Suffrage Association, and also of the International Woman Suffrage Alliance, has just issued an appeal to the heads of all national woman's organizations, urging joint action in an effort to insure that women be given adequate representation on the peace commission. She says in part:

"It is not only desirable, it is inherently necessary that the personnel of the peace commission shall include women."

"There have been wars before this but never a war which has been so much in partnership between men and women all the world around. Women have not in this war, as in former wars, served merely as inspirers of men, but have performed the actual war service, as well on the battle line, as in the war industries."

"Men have paid the price of this war. And women have paid it. And always there has been in the consciousness of women the realization that they have had to pay without

ever having had a voice in the making of the governments that make and unmake war. Always there has been the realization that this war has been, in all its ferocity and atrocity, a man-made war, imposed, or accepted, by men-made governments."

"It is an historic fact that the agreements worked out from the negotiations that have closed every former European war have been fertilizing agents for the seed of the next war. The world has talked long and mightily of this war, during four years of heroic anguish, as a war to end war. It will and can be that only as the conserving and civilization are allowed due place in the forthcoming peace scheme. Women seem to possess an understanding of the psychology of human nature that dowers them with a distinct power of contribution to the peace table."

"We believe that these considerations should and will weigh with the governments to be represented in the peace conference and that women representatives of each will be empowered to sit in that conference. We urge all national woman's organizations to join with us in the effort to secure that end."

"It is part of the plan that women candidates who may be proposed shall be women who can be re-

lied upon to uphold free representative institutions based on the will of all the people, in every land in which independent autonomy is established."

WASTING THE VALUES

Saw-mill waste amounts to about 40 per cent of the original tree. The finished lumber, on the average, represents only from 30 to 35 per cent of the tree. New developments in the utilization of wood waste are being made continually, but it is false economy to handle waste unless the by-product industries can be carried on at a profit. Effective utilization calls for a variety of chemical and mechanical processes which must be adapted to the form, species and quantity of wood waste available at any point.—Dr. J. S. Bates.

TO REMOVE DANDRUFF

Get a small bottle of Danderine at any drug store for a few cents, pour a little into your hand and rub well into the scalp with your finger tips. By morning most, if not all, of this awful scurf will have disappeared. Two or three applications will destroy every bit of dandruff; stop scalp itching and falling hair.

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SEPARATE SKIRTS.

Separate Skirts of Plaid and Stripped Woolen materials; the season's very latest novelty. Taffeta Skirts of Plain and Striped Silks, in a variety of pretty designs and combinations.

UNDERSKIRTS.

Silk Underskirts, in two-tone effects, in a choice of new styles, in Green, Blue, Purple, Burgundy, Moirette Underskirts; Black and all shades at moderate prices.

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"Cheery Stories"

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SOLDIER'S POCKET CHECKERS,
Soldier's Comfort Boxes,
for Overseas mailing etc.

For sale by

P. J. EVOY,
BOOKSELLER,
Phone 772. 141 ST. JOHN ST.

STEAM COAL

Montreal Coal & Dock Co. Ltd.
QUEBEC BRANCH
72 Da House St. - Phone 1297

Notice To Lumber Merchants

FOR SALE

A timber limit in the district of Montmagny, a short distance from the National Transcontinental Railway, comprising 25 patented lots, of which there are 2300 acres well furnished with standing timber, and 200 acres are under cultivation. A saw mill all equipped is erected about the centre of the above lots. Also a complete outfit for lumbering and farming, including horses, cattle, etc. This is an excellent opportunity for any one desiring to establish a lumber business.

For particulars and conditions, apply to:

MAURICE ROUSSEAU, K.C.,
Montmagny,
N.B.S.

Will Celebrate The Allied Victories

The members of the French colony in Quebec, and the friends of France, desire to celebrate the success of the Allied armies, and will tender a banquet at the Chateau Frontenac on Thursday night, November 14, at 8.30 o'clock, to the officers, non-commissioned officers and men of the detachment of the 1st Regiment of the famous Legion of Honor of the French army. Tickets may be procured from the following, at \$5 each: Messrs. H. R. de Saint-Victor, 28 Flavian street, phone 5844; L. H. LeVasseur, 48 Palace Hill, phone 1146; Rene Leduc, 84 Bridge street, phone 2801; A. Probst, 214 Queen street, phone 5197; L. Bertin, 128 Crown street, phone 3292; and R. Landrieu, 158, Cartier Avenue, phone 3904. The number of tickets is limited, and those intending to be present would do well to purchase one early.

LA CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC

Savings Bank, Quebec.

Its special object is to receive and secure the deposit of sums however small they may be, to help creating provident habits.

WALK-OVER BARGAINS

In Women's Shoes

On the Lyric and Camille Models. Tans, Blacks and nut Browns.

We have marked them now \$1.95, \$4.95, \$5.95, \$6.95, \$7.95.

WATCH OUR CENTRE WINDOW

Walk-Over Boot Shop,

10 ST. JOHN STREET, QUEBEC.

DIED.

BEDARD—At Charlesbourg, Que., on November 14th, 1918, Margaret Byrne, beloved wife of Phileas Bedard, at the age of 49 years and 6 months.

BOUSQUET—On Wednesday morning, November 13th, 1918, Joseph Zepherin Jean Bousquet, son of Donat Bousquet, at the age of 6 months.

Funeral will take place Thursday afternoon, leaving 120 Abraham Hill at 3:45 o'clock, for St. Jean Baptiste Church and thence to Belmont Cemetery.

AUDITORIUM

TODAY Friday and Saturday

FOUR BIG NUMBERS. 1. Dorothy Dalton in "Green Eyes." 2. Douglas Fairbanks in a special film. 3. Mac Sennett Cowdy, in two reels. 4. Allies' Review.

Performances: 2:00, 3:30, 7:30 and 9:00 p.m. Evening ... 10c and 15c Matinee ... 10c

THEATRE

ELsie FERGUSON, in "THE RISE OF JENNIE CUSHING," and SUNSHINE COMEDY.

OLYMPIA THEATRE

TODAY: Grand Re-opening With NORMA TALMADGE, and Full Orchestra.

EMPIRE

TODAY: Montague Love and Barbara Castleton, in "Vengeance." 12th Episode of Eagle's Eye. And Charlie Chaplin's Victory Loan Film.

G. W. V. A.

A general meeting of the Great War Veterans' Association will be held on Monday night next, November 18th, at 8:00 o'clock, at the Association Rooms, Garden street.

GRAND REDUCTION

Why not save money by purchasing your meats and other provisions at our store. Our prices are extremely low. Following is a list: Soup Beef, per lb. ... 10c Roast Beef, from ... 15c to 20c Steak, per lb. ... 20c Fresh Pork, per lb. ... 23c Salt Pork, per lb. ... 25c Chopped Meat, per lb. ... 23c to 25c Lard, per lb. ... 30c Dripping, per lb. ... 28c Sausage, two pounds for ... 25c Veal, per lb. ... 18c and 20c Lamb, per lb. ... 23c and 25c Chicken and Fowl, per lb. 23c and 25c Fresh Eggs, per dozen ... 25c Dairy Butter, per lb. ... 45c Extr good Butter, per lb. ... 50c Potatoes, (80-lb bag), for ... \$1.50 Turnips, per bag ... 75c Carrots ... 75c

Always on hand: Ham, large Sausage, Headcheese, French Cretons, and Vegetables of all kinds. We also fill all grocery orders. Delivery to your home. Come in crowds to the store of: F. LACHANCE, 189 Bayard Street, N.14x3, Phone 2590.

IN AND ABOUT TOWN

URGES OPERATION OF ST. MALO SHOPS

MAYOR LAVIGUEUR SENDS TELEGRAM TO MINISTER OF RAILWAYS AT OTTAWA.

Taking advantage of the expressed intention of the Federal Government to build railway equipment to provide employment for the labor which will be available through the closing of munition plants, His Worship Mayor Lavigueur has made an appeal on behalf of the city of Quebec for the opening of the Transcontinental Work Shops at St. Malo.

The Mayor has sent the following telegram to the Hon. Mr. Reid: Quebec, Nov. 13th, 1918. Hon. J. D. Reid, Minister of Railways, Ottawa, Ont.

I congratulate the Government upon their intention to provide against unemployment caused by the closing of munition factories by building equipment for all Canadian Railways and earnestly hope that you will put the Transcontinental Railway Workshops at Quebec into immediate operation according to your agreement with the city and also build a share of that railway equipment in Quebec.

H. E. LAVIGUEUR, Mayor of Quebec.

BIG VICTORY LOAN MEETING LAST NIGHT

FOREIGN LEGION PRESENT AND PATRIOTIC SPEECHES WERE DELIVERED.

A public meeting in the interest of the Victory Loan was held at St. Peter's Market Hall last night, a very large number of citizens attending as well as the members of the Foreign Legion. The meeting was preceded by an enthusiastic street parade which started from the Chateau Frontenac at 8 o'clock and included in it besides the French visitors, were headquarters staff of the local Victory Loan Committee, members of the French Colony in Quebec, a large number of citizens in autos, the whole headed by the civic mounted police under Chief Trudel, in whose carriage the Honor Flag won by Quebec District proudly floated and immediately behind them being the splendid brass band of the 1st Depot Battalion under Sergt-Major Cook who with his aggregation of expert musicians made things hum along the route.

His Worship Mayor Lavigueur presided at the meeting at St. Peter's Market and the Foreign Legion were welcomed by Hon. P. J. Paradis, one of the joint chairmen of the local Loan Committee. Speeches were delivered by Hon. Dr. Beland, Hon. Cyr. F. Delage, and the Commandant of the Foreign Legion, Lieut. Chapelle, all of whom impressed upon the large audience with the importance and necessity of subscribing to Canada's Victory Loan and explained the benefits to be derived from the purchase of a bond. After the speeches, the soldiers present sang the Marseillaise, God Save the King, and other songs of the Allies which were soon joined in by all present.

LT. H. A. SCOTT DANGEROUSLY WOUNDED

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Scott, of Ottawa, received a telegram from Ottawa yesterday stating that their son Lt. Harold Anderson Scott was dangerously wounded. The telegram reads as follows:

Ottawa, Nov. 13th, 1918. Sincerely regret to inform you Lt. Harold Anderson Scott, Machine Gun Corps, officially reported dangerously wounded.

Director of Records. The many friends of Lt. Scott will hope that, while he is reported dangerously wounded, he will pull through, and soon be back home again.

PRICE OF MILK.

The Fair Price Committee, which was to have met on Monday night, to look into the price of milk here, and postponed the meeting on account of the victory celebration, will meet at the City Hall on Friday evening.

THE MUTUAL OF CANADA AND THE VICTORY LOAN, 1918

That the Mutual Life of Canada has had faith in patriotic loans is proven by the fact that it has invested 25 per cent of its entire assets. In the new loan ... \$3,000,000 In previous issues ... 4,265,000 In Anglo-French bonds ... 781,000 In British bonds ... 500,000 Total ... \$8,546,000 M. MONAGHAN, Quebec Manager, 81 St. Peter St.

PRIVATE JACK RYAN WINS MILITARY MEDAL

NEWS RECEIVED IN LETTER TO HIS MOTHER IN THIS CITY.

The many friends in this city of Private "Jack" Ryan, son of Mrs. Thomas Ryan, of No. 83 Maple Avenue, and member of the Emmet Athletic Association, will be pleased to learn that he has been awarded the Military Medal, and though having been through all the big battles of the war since going over with the First Canadian Contingent in 1914, has come through unscathed. News of the high honor conferred on Private Ryan was received in a letter to his mother, as follows:

France, Sept. 29, 1918.

My dear Mother: Just a few lines to let you know that I am in the very best of health and spirits. I have just come through another big scrap all to the good; God was with me, as usual, and I came out of it without a scratch. I have, dear mother, the pleasure of informing you that I have been awarded the Military Medal, my name having come through in orders last night for it. It will be sent from Canadian Headquarters in London to your address, and I will make it a present to you, dear mother, so be sure and take good care of it. I know you will be proud to hear this news, and please do not worry a bit about me, as I am all to the good.

The Canadians have scored another big success, and have gone through the Hun lines in the same old Canadian style. The Germans are getting back all that they deserve, and they are going to get a whole lot more before long. We have them on the run, and with God's help we will drive them across the Rhine before many moons. We advanced this time through a pretty rough country; after we "kicked-off," we had to cross a canal and had to wade up to our waists in water. It was pitch dark and the water was very cold, but we went across without a stop. The Hunns put up a pretty stiff scrap in places, but the Canadian boys are the real thing, and it was not very long before we had them on their knees begging for mercy. Of course, we are fair fighters always, and instead of killing them, we made them beat it back to our own lines where they were caged up. The Canadians have again proven that there is nothing in France can come up to them as fighting troops.

There is talk of the boys of the First Contingent getting three months leave in November to return home to Canada; I only hope this is true; there are not many of them now, and it would be easy for the Canadian Government to give them leave, if they want it. I will close now mother, with best regards to all the family, including my friends at home.

Your loving son, JACK.

MRS. PHILEAS BEDARD DIES AT CHARLESBOURG.

The death occurred at Charlesbourg at an early hour this morning of Mrs. Phileas Bedard (nee Margaret-Byrne) at the age of 49 years and six months. The deceased, who had a host of friends in Charlesbourg as well as in this city, was held in high esteem for her manifold qualities of heart and mind. She took an active interest in church societies and in charitable work in her native parish and her death will be greatly deplored. Besides her husband and five children she is survived by three brothers, Messrs. John, Frank and Joseph Byrne, of Charlesbourg; and five sisters, Mrs. Adjuitor Dussault, of this city; Mother St. Mary, of the Ursuline Convent, the Misses Celia and Nellie Byrne, of Charlesbourg, and Mrs. Alphonse Auger, of Montreal. Her sorrowing relatives will have the sympathy of their many friends in their bereavement.

RETURN FROM OVERSEAS.

The undermentioned officer and men, have returned from overseas on the 12th instant, and have been taken on the strength of the District Depot, No. 5, under the command of Major M. H. Labbe, M.C. If anyone desires any information regarding any returned men, they may call up 1948. Lieut. D. Stewart. 41372—Sergt. H. Lowe, C.F.A. 889094—Pte. P. Dion, 22nd Batt. 3280577—Pte. J. C. Dionne, 10th Rec. 684844—Pte. G. E. Evans, C.F.C. 3285169—Pte. L. Kane, 10th Res. 416740—Pte. E. Laforest, 22nd Batt. 673726—Pte. A. Lafrance, 22nd Batt. 857003—Pte. D. Leille, 22nd Batt. 3244488—Pte. F. Levesque, C.F.C. 793902—Pte. J. Parises, 20th Batt. 846957—Pte. A. Tremblay, 22nd Batt. 77856—Pte. M. McIvor, 30th Batt. 673020—Pte. J. Walsh. 174—Sapper W. Smith, C.R.T.D.

NEW YORK MAN IS SUMMONED HERE

ALLEGED PURCHASER OF A VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND AT LITTLE RIVER.

Action has been filed here, notifying one Benjamin T. Haines, of York City, to appear in court here within a month.

Some weeks ago, said Benjamin T. Haines opened negotiations with local land-holders at Saint Malo, where he obtained options on a large tract of land to establish a huge manufacturing plant, he said. One of the sellers of the property is William Samuel Sempie, a farmer, and he has taken action against Benjamin T. Haines, claiming payment of certain sums, also to annul or execute the various terms of the deed of sale. At the time of the transaction, Haines said he was acting for a powerful syndicate in the United States. The deed involved some \$100,000.

QUEBEC SNOW SHOE CLUB

ANNUAL MEETING WILL BE HELD TONIGHT AT CHATEAU FRONTENAC.

That Jack Frost is pretty near to Quebec is shown by the fact that the Snow Shoe Club are to have their annual meeting tonight at the Chateau.

Now that tentative peace is here, the club expects a banner year. Over half a hundred men from the Snow Shoe Club are in France. The Club has been very active since the beginning of the war in the entertainment of returned wounded men at the Club House. In this cosy retreat thousands of men have been made welcome and all it is certain, still retain warm memories of the open-hearted hospitality of the Old Black and Red.

CANADA'S OCEAN TONNAGE.

Meeting at Ottawa Friday to Consider Steps Necessary to Securing Adequate Amount.

Mr. J. G. Scott was yesterday chosen by the Quebec Board of Trade as its representative at a meeting called by the Minister of Trade and Commerce, Hon. A. K. MacLean, at Ottawa, on Friday morning, at 11:00 o'clock, to consider steps to secure adequate ocean tonnage to meet Canadian trade requirements. It is likely that Mr. T. M. Kirkwood, of Three Rivers, who is deeply interested in shipbuilding in Canada, will accompany Mr. Scott, who will leave for Ottawa at noon today. It is the intention of the Minister of Trade and Commerce to have representative of all Canadian Boards of Trade present at the meeting.

LADY ATTACKED ON GLACIS HILL.

About eight o'clock last night a young lady who was walking up Glacis Hill was attacked by two unknown individuals and relieved of her hand bag. The men had evidently been waiting for a favorable opportunity to effect a robbery and as she approached the corner of McMahon street they dashed across, snatched her hand bag and made away. The young lady complains that several weeks ago she was insulted by a man on the same hill. She reported the matter, she said, to the police of No. 4 Station.

Correspondence

NOTE.—If "J. B. A." will conform with our rule, with which surely the public must by this time be familiar, by permitting the use of his name, we will be glad to publish his letter. —Editor.

AT THE RECORDER'S COURT

A boarding house quarrel was aired before the Recorder yesterday morning, and after the Recorder had heard both sides of the case, he dismissed it with costs. Four young boys were charged with creating disturbances on several streets in St. Roch's some weeks ago. The case was taken en delibere. A Chinaman charged with neglecting to pay his laundry tax, which amounted to seventy-five dollars put up the excuse that he had not enough money. A payment of twenty-five dollars yesterday was accepted, and he promised to pay a like amount in one month's time, and a third and final payment, a month afterwards. An individual charged with being under the influence of liquor was fined \$5.00 or one month. As he did not have the amount, he went to gaol.

F. SIMARD & CIE ENRG.

142 St. Joseph Street

Smart Blouses

AT NOVEMBER SALE PRICES. Special values, typical of the economies in which this important annual event abounds.

Featured are models selected for their practical qualities, as well as their extremely new style notes at prices much below their actual worth. CREPE DE CHINE; JAP. TAFFETA BLOUSES \$2.48

A dainty BLOUSE, in White, Mails and Flesh color; lovely models to choose from. Regular value \$3.50 to \$4.00. HABUTAI SILK COSTUME BLOUSES, \$3.79

Two lovely models in Flesh and White, with the new convertible collar; actually worth \$45.00. NOVELTY SILK BLOUSES, \$4.95

Assorted checks and stripes; effective models, with long revers, pointed collar. Regular value of \$6.95 to \$8.00. PUSSY WILLOW SILK BLOUSES, Smart new styles, tailored models; pearl button trimmings; in Peach, Beige, Navy and Flesh colors. Actual value of \$7.00. GEORGETTE CREPE and CREPE DE CHINE BLOUSES, \$6.98

Embroidered White Crepe de Chine; new collars, hemstitched and tucked panel front. Also printed and embroidered Georgette Crepe in the new tints of Flesh, Nile and White. Regular prices ranging from \$9.75 up to \$12.50. BLACK SILK BLOUSES, \$5.95

SPECIALS. Black Japanese Taffeta Blouses, tailor-made, with shawl collar. Regular value at \$3.50 each. All sizes in the lot, priced at \$2.48. Black Japanese Taffeta Silk Blouses, tucked models, strictly tailor-made. Regular value from \$4.50 to \$5.25; in a full range of sizes. Specially offered at \$3.79. Black Heavy Habutai Silk Blouses, new smart and most practical models for all occasions. Regularly priced at \$6.00. Now offered at \$4.95

IF YOU ARE CONTEMPLATING BUYING A STANDARD WATCH, SEE "JACOT" 95 ST. JOSEPH STREET. IF YOU WANT A STANDARD WATCH TO BE PUT UP TO THE POINT AND RATED.

At Bargain Prices

- LLAMA STOCKINGS, Black, sizes 4 and 4 1/2, for babies. Price ... 13c. GAITERS; White Felt Gaiters; 10 buttons, for ladies; regular \$2.25, for ... \$1.50. SHEETINGS; Remnants of Bleached Sheetings, of good quality, at ... 50c, 55c and 60c. NAVY BLUE OVERCOATS, for Boys; sizes 3, 4 and 5 years. Special price ... \$3.00. OVERCOATS; Overcoats for Boys; sizes 8 to sizes 8 to 12 years, for ... \$4.50, \$5.75 and \$6.00. OVERCOATS of good quality Cloth and Tweeds, for Men. Low prices ... \$9.75, \$11.50, \$13.00 and \$15.00. GAITERS; Knee length Gaiters, of good quality Black Cloth, for Ladies. Special price ... \$1.75. HOSIERY; Penman's best plain Black Union Cashmere Stockings, for Ladies; sizes 8 1/2 to 10. Special price ... 75c. YARNS; Monarch Floss best Wool for Sweaters. Ten shades. Special price, per ball ... 40c.

Black Dress Goods at the Old Prices

- 500 yards of BLACK DRESS GOODS, to clear this week at the following low prices: FANCY LUSTRE, of good quality, for ... 90c, \$1.00 and \$1.25. BLACK CORDE DE SOIE, for ... \$1.00. BLACK TAFFELINE, at ... 55c, 65c and 75c. BLACK POPLIN, at ... 90c. ARMURE, at ... \$1.00. Machine-made Button Holes, to order, each ... 5c. See our Tailor.

Faguy, Lepinay & Frere 254 to 264 St John Street Quebec

Social and Personal

Mr. B. C. Root, of Montreal, is saying at the Chateau.

Mr. G. Riddett, of New York, is in town, and registered at the Chateau.

Included in the list of guests at the Chateau is Mr. T. C. Maitland, of Vancouver.

Mrs. J. R. Stewart has returned to the Chateau after spending a few weeks in Winnipeg.

Mrs. William Beach is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Gerald S. Belyea at Brooklyn, New York.

Capt. J. J. F. Allen, of Winnipeg, is here for a few days, and is stopping at the Chateau.

The many friends of Mr. de Costa will regret to learn that he is suffering from an attack of influenza, and is now under treatment at Spencer Wood.

General McLaughlin, attache of the British Embassy at Washington, arrived in Ottawa on Tuesday, and is the guest of the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire.

Hon. Senator D. O. L'Esperance and Mrs. L'Esperance have returned home, Mrs. L'Esperance from Ottawa and Mrs. L'Esperance from Montreal, where she was the guest of her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Hector Bender.

Capt. Alain Joly de Lotbiniere and Mrs. Joly de Lotbiniere have returned from Washington, where they were delayed a month, as both suffered an attack of influenza. They will now take up their residence on Place Avenue, Montreal, for the winter.

The Duchess of Devonshire has sent from Government House to the relief committee at the City Hall a large box of clothing to be distributed among the needy children of Ottawa. There were several dozens in the box, and all garments made at Government House.

Mr. Shane Leslie, editor of the Dublin Review, Ireland, who has been spending some time in the United States is the guest of the Hon. C. J. and Mrs. Doherty who entertained at dinner at the Country Club on Saturday night in his honor. The other guests were Sir Henry and Lady Drayton, Mr. Justice and Mrs. F. A. Anglin, Major and Mrs. Gerald Dillon and Miss Kathleen Doherty.

The marriage took place quietly in London, England, on October 22, of Mr. Walter Vaughan to Miss Susan E. Cameron, both formerly of McGill University, Montreal. Dr. and Mrs. J. Conlife were present at the ceremony. Mr. Vaughan, who was for many years secretary of McGill University, went overseas last March to fill the post of Secretary of the Ministry of National Service. Miss Cameron was vice-warden of the Royal Victoria College and Professor of English.

After a service of thirty-six years in the employ of the Canadian Government Railways, Conductor Robert Orchard of Mont Joli, a well known employee of the Mont-Joli-Campbellton district, has just retired on a well merited pension and much to the regret of his many friends. Mr. Orchard's many friends wish him good health and long life to enjoy his well earned pension and extends to Mrs. Orchard and family every happiness and good fortune during their sojourn in Rimouski, where they will definitely take up their residence with their son Mr. E. A. Orchard.

Countess Renato di San Callo, who died recently at Aix-les-Bains, belonged to one of the most prominent families in Baltimore. The former Miss Florence Gross Horwitz, she was a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Orville Horwitz. She was also a granddaughter of Dr. Samuel D. Gross, the distinguished Philadelphia surgeon and now honored in Washington by a monument erected on the Army Medical Museum grounds by the American Medical Association. One of her sisters, Mrs. Wm. C. Bullitt still lives in Philadelphia. The others are Countess Androzzini, Countess of Remo, and Mrs. Ronald Burke, of England. Her first husband was Edward Key, a descendant of Francis Scott Key, the author of "The Star Spangled Banner." After she took up her residence in France the Countess devoted the larger part of her time and money to the care of wounded soldiers.

The sympathy of many will go out to Mr. Gustav Franck, President of the Belgian Chamber of Commerce, and Managing Director of the Labor World, and a well-known labor leader all over Canada as well as the Old Country, in the loss of his mother, who passed away in Belgium at an advanced age following the old tra-

dition that old couples follow each other closely in death, the old lady had only a few months ago lost her partner in life, and both deaths may be attributed to the war and its incident ravages upon old people. The news was broken to Mr. Franck at Montreal by His Grace the Archbishop of Montreal, to whom the message had been conveyed through the Church in Belgium. This merely testifies to the honor paid Mr. Franck's family by the Church, one sister being superior of a large and important congregation of nuns, and one brother in the priesthood. The Francks are among the oldest families in this stricken land of Belgium and have been prominent in public and social life in Brussels for centuries. The fact that Mr. Gus Franck had recently been appointed one of the three peace delegates by the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada, and there was some chance of his visiting his old home to attend the conference for peace lends an additional poignancy to his personal sorrow.

Late arrivals at the Chateau:—Yves Bollehemer, New York; G. Riddett, New York; Capt. J. J. F. Allen, Winnipeg; Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Kendall, New Glasgow; A. Abrie, Toronto; T. Barber, Meaford, Ont.; L. Duncanson, Cleveland; E. W. Smith, Montauban; and Mrs. J. P. Midlarkey, New York; T. C. Maitland, Vancouver; E. Coughlin, W. Smart, E. W. Rayford, R. G. Bowie, F. Sinton, J. Lynch, R. H. Wood, R. W. Hinch, Capt. L. W. Shaw, W. J. Mitchell, J. W. MacCallum, A. Rother, S. J. Hayward, L. Rollin, P. F. Kallin, F. Powell, B. C. Root, R. C. Sharpley, J. W. Fitzgerald, G. H. Haslam, Montreal.

Late arrivals at the Clarendon:—J. E. Gratton, Montreal; Geo. St. Pierre, Chicoutimi; R. Knight, St. John; Hon. J. E. Roberge, Lambton; Capt. E. J. Smith, Fredericton; G. W. Adams, Montreal; Mrs. P. Rochette, La Malbaie; Jos. Rochette, La Malbaie D. Bineault, Riviere du Loup; H. Giroux, Ottawa; Z. A. Ally, Roberval; J. A. Larue, Plessisville; O. Sauve, Plessisville; E. Bal, Jonquiere; Wm. A. Sims, Arilla.

Up to the present time the New England Regional Milk Commission, in considering the dairy situation, has dealt entirely with milk rates and has not sought to extend its jurisdiction to cream except to make a certain allowance for butter fat in milk above 2.5 per cent. The commission expects to have before it at its next meeting on November 21, unusually complete data on production and distribution of milk as the result of surveys which have been under way for several months. It is possible therefore that when the commission is fully satisfied that it has secured a firm basis for milk rates, it will look into the cream situation.

VOCATIONAL STATISTICS

Nearly 500 new Cases Approved in September

Graduated from industrial retraining courses and placed in civil life are 1347 disabled soldiers who, having been so disabled by their war injuries as to be unable to return to their former occupations, were given such training by the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment to place them on an equal footing with their fit fellow-workers.

This figure is complete to October 1. On the same date 6076 disabled soldiers had been officially approved for such courses of training of the 6076 who had been approved, 373 decided not to accept the training and 471, after taking instruction for a portion of the time allotted for training, discontinued attendance at the shop where they were being instructed in their vocations. Included in this number are a great many who were able to obtain employment on the strength of the partial instruction already received, and a number whose health broke down and who, consequently, had to return to hospital for further treatment. Others, both among those who rejected the courses and those who discontinued, obtained attractive employment in some commercial line where specific training was not required. Statistics on this subject will be issued by the Department at an early date.

The number of graduations from the industrial retraining courses during the month of September was 226, and the number of courses approved during the month was 480.

The number of men attending classes or shops for industrial retraining purposes on October 1 was 1911, an increase of 34 over the previous month. Similarly the number of convalescent patients in military hospitals attending the vocational classes conducted for occupational and therapeutic reasons showed an increase of 40, the attendance on October 1 being 2014. Further increases are expected during the next two or three months as the weather becomes colder.

NEW TRAINING CENTRE

Manitoba College taken over by Dept. of S.C.R.

The Manitoba College in Winnipeg has been leased and taken over by the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment, to be utilized as the industrial re-training centre in the province of Manitoba.

For two reasons the developments as the Manitoba Military Hospital at Tuxedo Park have made it desirable to remove the industrial re-training work from that centre. The growth of the hospital centre has been such as to crowd the occupational therapy and the industrial re-training work so closely together that the more serious and purposeful phase was being hampered by the short hours and changing population of the occupational therapy classes.

In the second place, the number of Industrial Re-training students was becoming so great that the establishment of a training school closer to the heart of the city became a matter of considerable importance.

As soon as the Manitoba College Building has been adequately equipped for the Department's purposes only the occupational therapy classes will be maintained at the Military Hospital. As can readily be realized the atmosphere of a hospital is not conducive to the rapid development of that spirit of independent civilian status, which the vocational instructors seek to impart to the men who are fitting themselves for active participation in industry.

The new building will be instilled with complete equipment necessary to give the preliminary training in a variety of trades and in draughtsmanship, mathematics and such general educational subjects as it is necessary to teach, in order to give the men a thorough grasp of the work for which they are being trained. The alterations and installation of equipment are already under way.

WHY DOES SAWDUST SINK?

Can you explain why the sawdust even of the lighter woods always seems to be heavier than water? Even the lightest of known woods is actually heavier than water and floats only because of the air contained in its cells. The actual wood structure of all woods exclusive of the air in the cells, does not vary greatly in specific gravity. Sawdust is in such form that the air in the air cells is easily lost by replacement with water and when this occurs the sawdust sinks.

STANDARDS FOR CREAM ARE URGED

BOSTON MILK INSPECTORS WOULD BETTER CONDITIONS

Boston, Mass.—Efforts to standardize the popular grades of cream through legislative action, will be made at the next session of the General Court of Massachusetts by Dr. James O. Gordan, milk inspector of Boston, who has been urging cream regulation for several years.

Many complaints that dealers have been selling comparatively thin cream for the heavy product, and that protests by consumers have been disregarded, have been received. At the office of the milk inspector of Boston it was learned that the only statute governing cream in Massachusetts provides that it shall not fall below 15 per cent in butter fats. With butter selling at retail at 65 cents a pound and butter fat bringing 55 cents a pound at the creameries in New Hampshire and Vermont there has been a tendency on the part of some dealers to thin their cream. Most dealers, however, follow the popular standard and grade cream as follows: light, 15 to 20 per cent; heavy, 20 to 28 per cent; heavy, 28 to 40 per cent. A few producers of high grade milk which sells in the city above 20 cents a quart also distribute a cream which runs as high as 50 per cent in butter fat, and brings a correspondingly high price.

It is believed that the Legislature will sanction a bill for the grading of cream based on the butter fat percentages now commonly followed by milk dealers and will give local milk inspectors authority to enforce the new regulations.

Efforts also will be made to require milk dealers to distribute cream as soon as it arrives from the dairy. At the present time much of the cream which is distributed to the family trade in Boston and other large cities in New England is from three to ten days old, with the result that many housekeepers have found that under certain conditions their cream will not "stand up" more than a few hours. Dealers declare, however, that when properly cared, cream will "stand up" for a month and that housekeepers are responsible to a considerable extent for the failure of the product.

Sporting News

BALL OUTLOOK FOR 1919 HAZY

MINER LEAGUES ARE IN SESSION AT PEORIA, ILL.

Peoria, Ill., Nov. 13.—The baseball outlook for 1919, as viewed by the members of the National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues in session here, is extremely hazy. Intimations were given today by some of the members that no concerted action concerning schedules would be made by the association, but that each league would be left to settle its own particular problems.

Sporting Notes

From the outlook of things the Knights do not intend to run a team in either bowling leagues this year.

The many friends of Jack Ryan, the well-known sportsman will be pleased to learn that he has been awarded the Military Cross. Ryan will be remembered as the popular Sarsfield baseball and hockey player, and was also a good oarsman.

Jimmy Wilde, who recently defeated Joe Conn in a great battle in London for a \$20,000 purse, could not accept the money which they attempted to hand him for his fistic triumph. There is a hard and fast rule in the English army that no man in the service may accept remunerations for his work. Instead, however, they allow him to accept a trophy. Not having the foresight to limit the amount of the trophy, the Government left a loophole for Wilde and his friends. They bought him a trophy and in addition bought \$11,000 worth of diamonds which they presented to him. Now Wilde may sell the diamonds at the best price obtainable and pocket the swag if he chooses.

The Knights intend to hold a meeting this evening, when chances of their entering teams in the Bowling League this year will be discussed.

There is a thought that arises in the mind of practically every boy who goes off to fight for his country. He thinks, "If I am wounded, I wonder which I would prefer to lose—a leg or an arm?" Fate wields a tricky hand, and many a man has lost just the part of his anatomy that is of most use to him. One of the saddest whims of fortune in a war overtook Punch Wilson, an English boxer. He was in the Royal Field Artillery, in action in France, for 3 years before he "got his." Just before he was wounded he won the middle and heavyweight championship of his brigade. His wounds necessitated the amputation of both arms. Shortly after he was invalided home he slipped on the steps of his home and, being unable to help himself, he was injured so badly that he died.

George Kennedy has sent out letters to all of his last season's players, asking for an option on their services and stating that he intends to operate his franchise again this winter.

The Class "A" League will commence the season's play on the 26th inst. Who the teams will be is not yet known.

During the four years of the war, the New Zealand racing clubs have contributed over \$3,200,000 in taxation.

In the Victory Loan race held in Toronto on Monday afternoon, W. Mackay a thirteen year old competitor, led the field, with a handicap of 9 minutes from a field of thirty-four starters.

Reports that Yale University would have no football team this season were confirmed yesterday by Lieutenant F. K. Hoehler, Director of Athletics for the Students Army Training Corps at New Haven.

Lieutenant Hoehler said the athletic authorities of the Army and Navy units met with the university authorities and decided that no intercollegiate football contests of any sort would be played, even for the raising of charitable funds. Academic and military schedules at Yale make it impossible to take any length of time for the daily practice so necessary in football.

This announcement eliminates the possibility of Yale playing a game with Columbia. Yale has been negotiating with both Columbia and Springfield Training College for games.

The Victorias may possibly enter a team in the Class "A" league this winter, if the Knights drop out.

The bowling schedules will be drawn up shortly and everything fixed for the season to start.

In an Election Day mixed doubles tennis tournament, at the West Side Tennis Club of Forest Hills, New York, Miss Gertrude Della Torre was the leader among the women with 49 games to her credit and Hugh L. Nebring led the men with 62 games won. The competition was on a time limit basis, in which partners shifted at stated intervals, and each one of

Canada's Slogan

Canadian Troops Always Reached Their Objectives

\$300,000 a Day

Required to complete Quebec's quota to the Victory Loan this week.

Silver Bullets Must Be Had To Complete the Glorious Work.

Buy, Buy and Buy More Oxford Securities Corp., Limited.

A. J. CARPENTER, Manager, Quebec.

(Donated to St. Peter's Ward.)

other one. The games won at the call of time were credited to each contestant.

Popular Pastime, No. 1383— Getting up the double-windows.

GREAT FRENCH ATHLETE MISSING.

Recent reports from Europe state that France's greatest athlete and best-known aviator, Maurice Boyau, is missing. The news has caused the greatest sorrow, as Boyau, who was recently made an officer of the Legion of Honor, with the inscription "the bravest pilot and the most complete athlete who makes French aviation illustrious," was known all over France.

Starting in the war as a second-class private, Boyau, who captained the Rugby teams against England, Wales, New Zealand and Scotland, and who was a great association football player and all-round athlete, soon became an aviator and lieutenant, gaining twelve war crosses, the Military Medal, the D.S.O., and the Cross of the Knight of the Legion of Honor. Before being made an officer in the order he had downed thirty-five Germans before he was himself brought down in flames in the German lines.

Boyau was to have been presented on a date shortly after his disappearance with a diamond and platinum Legion of Honor cross, bought by a half-penny subscription made among the athletes in France.

BORERS IN SPRUCE


"It is reported that a borer has appeared on the south shore of the St. Lawrence River which is doing quite a lot of damage to the spruce. The Quebec Limit Holders Association has asked the Quebec Forest Protective Association to investigate and see what steps can be taken to combat the pest. The Dominion Entomologist is said to have stated that this insect breeds on the loggin debris. If this is the case, steps must be taken to dispose of this by fire at the time of logging."—Ellwood Wilson in 'American Forestry.'

Reports reaching the Canadian Forestry Journal claim that the borers have also appeared on tracts where no logging debris exists and were doing great damage.

WAR AND THE SUGAR BOWL

"As much candy in the shops as ever," you say? Perhaps, but do you know most of them are made with substitutes for sugar? Candy makers, with manufacturing confectioners, public eating places and others, have splendidly responded to the call to conserve. They are using glucose to a large extent, and are including nuts and what not in their toffees and candies. The next step must come in the home. When the housewife does as well in limiting her sugar, the problem will end. It is a matter of loyalty.

A Labor Saving Combination



IT is the last straw that breaks the camel's back." So runs the old proverb. And it is the little extra efforts which tire you out on wash-day.

Eddy's
Indurated Fibreware
Washtubs and Washboards

form a combination which save you much extra labor. Indurated Fibreware tubs are much easier to lift and to move about. They keep the water hot for a much longer space of time, because they do not conduct heat as metal does. They are easier to keep clean, because they are made in one piece without joint or seam, and the hard, glazed surface is impervious to liquids or odors. And they cost no more. Last longer, too.

Eddy's Twin Beaver Washboard has a double rubbing surface of Indurated Fibreware which loosens the dirt quickly and saves many tiresome motions.

The E. B. EDDY CO. Limited
HULL, Canada
Also makers of the Famous Eddy Mop

NOVEMBER SALE

DRY GOODS

Ladies Trimmed Hats, Half Price
Children's Coats, 20% Off
Down Quilts at Bargain Prices

SIMONS & MINGUY,

20 Fabrique Street
Telephone 338. OPPOSITE CITY HALL.

BUY VICTORY BONDS with every cent you can spare, and enable the boys to get back home and enjoy

COTE'S CLEAR HAVANA CIGARS

to
St. Peter's Ward Committee:

Antonio Lesage and Arthur E. Scott, Organizers.
Alex. Hardy, C. J. Baillargeon, A. J. Carpenter, Victor Lemieux,
Douglas T. Taylor and J. S. Matthe, Canvassers.
Headquarters: 116 Mountain Hill and 120 St. Peter Street.

Space donated by
Mr. Jos. Cote

A COLD PREVENTIVE.

Have you ever come out of a theatre, or church or over-heated room and felt, immediately the cold night air caught your throat and breathing passages, that you were going to catch cold? That is the time to take Peps. Two or three Peps taken at once will prove an unerring preventive. A cold developed means needless suffering and expense. Safeguard yourself by always keeping a box of Peps on hand.



REWARD

A reward of Twenty Dollars (\$20.00) will be paid to any person giving us information that will lead to the conviction of the parties in the motor car, who tore down and carried away two large flags from opposite our factory premises between 10:09 and 11:00 o'clock on the night of the procession.

M. TIMMONS & SON, N.12x3

Quebec Snow Shoe Club

The Annual Meeting will be held in the Chateau Frontenac THURSDAY, Nov. 14th., 8:15 p.m. Reception of reports and election of officers.

Wm. MacMILLAN, Hon. Secretary. N.12x3

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of The B. Houle Company, Limited, will be held at the Company's Office, 42 St. Claire street, Quebec, on Tuesday, November 19th, 1918, at 1:00 o'clock p.m.

L. J. PAPINEAU, Secy.-Treasurer. N.7.14x2

Glasses 4-U

INDIVIDUALLY

Your eyes are too valuable and of too great importance to subject them to the indignity of store glasses that are made for anybody and everybody—promiscuously.

By coming to us you take no chances

Careful, thorough, scientific examination tells us just what glasses you should wear.

It's not a case of "hit or miss," but positive accuracy by reason of long experience.

Today is a good day to call on us.

J. A. McCLURE, O.D. Optometrist and Optician. 109 ST. JOHN STREET.

CARE IN USE OF COAL AGAIN URGED

SHORTAGE CAN BE AVERTED ONLY BY GENERAL CO-OPERATION OF PUBLIC

Washington, D.C.—Although on Oct. 28 it was stated that "the nation's fuel supplies assembled in preparation for an unusually severe winter are adequate and well distributed," warnings have again been sent out by the United States Fuel Administration that the country may experience a shortage of coal this year as it did last year. It is true that the statement above quoted was followed by these words: "Coordinated and full and loyal cooperation from the public, conservation, and from all producing and distributing agencies is necessary," but in view of the assurance expressed in the previous assertion, slight attention only was paid to this declaration.

It is, therefore, something of a shock to hear this from the Administration now: "Unless coal production soon increases in the eastern fields, the probability of a shortage largely overcome by the record-breaking output of the last ten months, will again be before the country. Reports to the United States Fuel Administration show that the influenza epidemic still continues in some of the fields. The epidemic greatly depleted the work force at the mines. To this condition, together with the unexpected warm weather generally is attributed a temporary lull in production and transportation of coal."

The output for the last week is the nearest approach to the low level of 1917, the figures showing only six per cent increase over the corresponding week last year. Anthracite production continued to fall. Renewed effort toward the conservation of anthracite coal by householders where it is permitted to be used, is urged by the Fuel Administration. With the price of coal already higher, and increased by \$1.05 a ton within a week, the householder is not likely to waste much coal.

New England has been so successful in her fuel conservation that a reduction of the bituminous allotment for the year has been asked for. Originally 30,000,000 tons were allotted to this district, and 1,219,000 tons have been delivered. The state administrators have asked that their allotment be reduced to 27,300,000 tons, a saving of 2,700,000 tons.

One heavy expense which citizens of Washington have had to meet, has been the increased cost of putting coal in their cellars after it is delivered at the street curb. Formerly Negroes sought the privilege of doing such jobs at the rate of 25 cents a ton. The price has increased since the war until from \$1 to \$3 is asked for the same work.

Dr. H. A. Garfield, Fuel Administrator, having ordered two tons of coal asked a man what he would charge for putting it away.

"Two dollars and a half a ton," he replied. "Let it be there," said the Fuel Administrator, and walked over to his neighbor, Bernard M. Baruch, in War Industries Board, and asked him how much he paid to get his coal put in the cellar. Mr. Baruch informed him that he was asked \$2.50 by one man, and \$3 by another, and when they found where they had to carry it they would not take the job at any price.

This experience bore fruit, for the Fuel Administration later issued an order fixing the price of transferring coal from the sidewalk to the cellar at 75 cents a ton.

HOW CANADIANS FIGHT.

The regimental commander wanted a certain bridge to be held at all costs until the arrival of expected reinforcements. He could spare only a fraction of his force to hold it. He confided the mission to a captain, who selected fifty men for the task. The detachment had hardly got into position when the Germans rushed the bridge. With their machine-gun and rifle fire the Canadians stopped the rush. The Germans formed and reformed, only to have their assaults break down under a fire of the defenders. Then the German artillery intervened, and the captain began rapidly to lose his men. He himself was soon killed, but his junior leaders in turn took command until there remained but a corporal and eight or ten men. The corporal said, "Men, we must

Dandruff Heads Become Hairless

If you want plenty of thick, beautiful, glossy, silky hair, do by all means get rid of dandruff, for it will starve your hair and ruin it if you don't. It doesn't do much good to try to brush or wash it out. The only sure way to get rid of dandruff is to dissolve it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this get about four ounces of ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

By morning, most if not all, of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it.

You will find, too, that all itching and itching of the scalp will stop, and your hair will look and feel a hundred times better. You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive and four ounces is all you will need, no matter how much dandruff you have. This simple remedy never



"I wonder what he thinks of me?"

Another wounded soldier!
Never have I noticed so many on the streets as there seems to be to-day.

I wonder why that chap gave me such a searching look? If he thinks I am a slacker he's wrong. I'm not able to fight; but I have done my duty. Here's my honor-button on my coat to prove it.

I've bought ten Victory Bonds—put nearly all my savings into them. Not quite all—that hundred I have left must be kept to buy Christmas presents.

Christmas presents?

I wonder if this would be the best way to spend that money.

Let's see; I could take that hundred dollars and pay it as a deposit on four \$100 bonds—then pay the other \$300 in instalments.

But that would leave me nothing to buy Christmas presents.

I have it!

This year I'll give Victory Bonds as presents.

But would the wife like that? Would she like a Bond as well as the gift I was going to buy her?

Why she'd rather have a Bond, if she knew it might save one poor boy from being crippled like that lad there.

And the three children, every one of them has been at me to buy a bond.

I could pay the other \$300 in instalments—by being a little more careful of my expenditures. And the wife will gladly help.

I'll do it.

I'll take that hundred dollars to buy four more bonds. I wonder why I didn't think of that way before.

Let every Canadian do some serious thinking along these lines to-day.

You have only three days left to set yourself right with the boys who fought and toiled, suffered and died—for you.

To-day may be the biggest day in your life.

You've never known a day that compares with it in opportunity to serve your country, for this loan must be overscribed.

Canada must show both friend and foe that she is in this fight to win.

Buy VICTORY BONDS

Issued by Canada's Victory Loan Committee, in co-operation with the Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada.

OLIVE OIL

We have just received an importation of extra pure, and the finest Olive Oil. Give us a trial order for one of the following sizes:

- 1-litre bottles, at each... \$2.40
- 1/2-litre bottles, at each... 1.20
- 1/4-gallon tins, at each... 2.40
- 1/2-gallon tins, at each... 4.80

We also have the Garros-Bouret's brand bottles of Spanish Olive Oil, at, per bottle... \$4

Don't forget to pay us a visit when you are shopping.

GEORGES PATRY,

25 FABRIQUE STREET, Telephone 642-6222, QUEBEC.

SPECIALS

Little Chief brand Tomatoes, 2-1/2 tin...
Little Chief brand Early June Peas, 1 1/2-1/2 tin...
English Garden Peas, 1 1/2-1/2 tin...
Finest Yellow Peas...
Crisco, 1-lb tin, for...
Cooked Ham and Breakfast Bacon. Vegetables of all kinds in season. Goods delivered to all parts of the City.

S. O'CONNOR

Corner of ST. MICHAEL and ST. JULIA STS., Canada Food Board License No. 2-26770. Telephone 222.

WAR AND THE SUGAR BOWL.

Confectioners are often accused of using more sugar. The fact is they take only about 8 per cent of Canada's total consumption—about 12,000 tons a year out of nearly 300,000 tons. Real saving in sugar must come from the remaining 288,000 tons, most of which is used in the 1,600,000 homes in the Dominion. If each of these honestly cuts the sugar consumption to the 2 pounds a month for every person allowed by the Food Board, there would be no sugar difficulty. It is plain now which foot the boot is on—Canada Food Board.

The formation of a Lumberman's Association in New Brunswick which will co-operate with the Crown Lands Department in the handling of the forests of that Province marks a new era in co-operation.

PULP AND PAPER ON TOP

Canada now has a total of 90 pulp and paper mills, many of which are large and of modern design. The export figures for the calendar year 1916 show that pulpwood, wood pulp and paper have increased to nearly half of the total export value (approximately \$100,000,000) of all forest products with the exception of the small proportion of specially man-

Sisters of Whom Canada Feels Proud

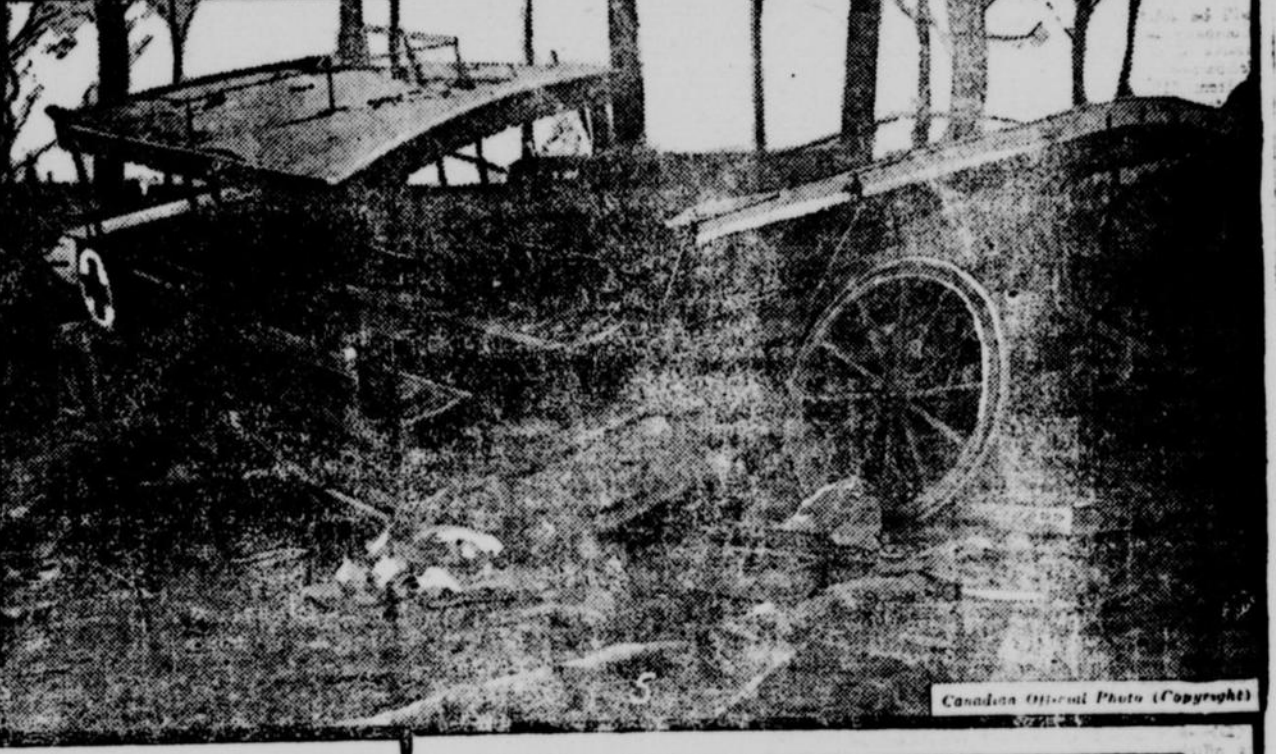


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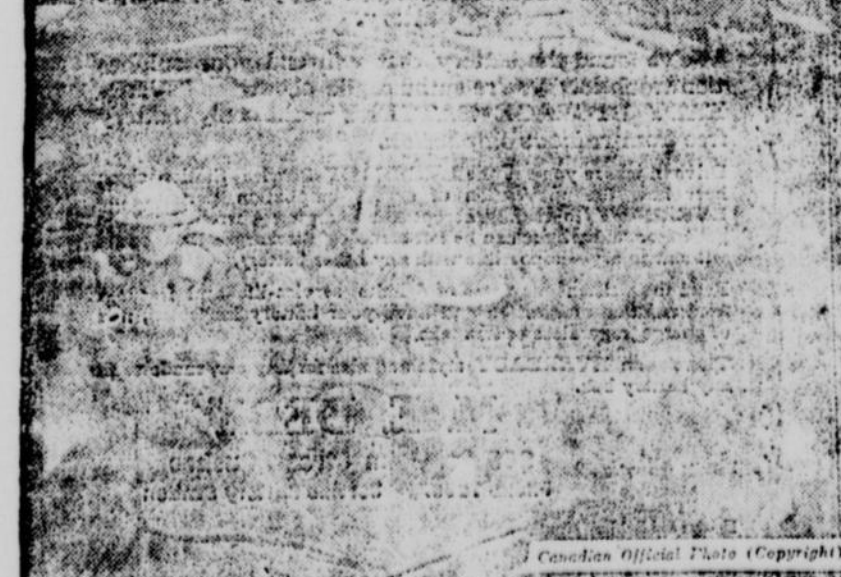
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Canadian Official Photo (Copyright)

(1) Among the remains of a Gotha which was brought down in flames near a hospital in the Canadian lines. (2) A Canadian nurse giving her pet "Nero" cream with strawberry juice. (3) Canadian officers entertaining Canadian, American and Imperial nurses. Tea on the lawn which is within range of enemy guns. (4) Janet MacDonald, Matron of No. 1 Canadian Casualty Clearing Station, one of the two sisters of the Canadian Corps who have received the Mons Star. (5) The Germans shelled a Canadian hospital although it was marked with Red Crosses. (6) Dressing the wounds of a French soldier in Montreal Ward in the hospital given by the Canadian Red Cross to France—only open to French but staffed by Canadians. (7) Some Canadian Red Cross men enjoying a meal on the Western front. (8) Wounded Canadians en route for Blighty. (9) Locating a bullet in the arm of a French soldier in the Canadian Hospital—a gift of Canada.

THE CANADIAN RED CROSS

(Illustrations supplied by courtesy of the C. P. R.)

ALTHOUGH in a general way the fame and work of the Canadian Red Cross is well known, not so many people realize the immense amount of work this society accomplishes for the benefit of humanity.

This work is being still further extended in connection with the relief of destitute peoples in the devastated regions of Northern France and Belgium—\$200,000 having already been allotted for that purpose.

The Canadian Red Cross Society is affiliated with the British Red Cross Society. It was founded in 1896, and was the first Colonial Branch established in the Empire. The society was incorporated by Dominion Charter in 1907. The first Red Cross flag ever used in Canada flew at Flanders, and may be seen in the John Ross Robertson Collection in the Public Library, Toronto.

The function of the Canadian Red Cross Society is:

"Extra"—(1) To furnish, for the welfare of the sick and wounded, comforts of all kinds which are "extra" to the supplies furnished by the Government to the Canadian Military Hospitals and other units.

"Emergency"—(2) To supplement the supplies and co-operate with the Medical Service in times of "emergency," holding itself ready at such times to provide, at a moment's notice, any stores required.

The Canadian Red Cross Society assists the Canadian Army Medical Corps Overseas:

(a) By building and equipping hospitals, such as the Duchess of Connaught Canadian Red Cross Hospital at Cliveden, the Princess Patricia Red Cross Hospital at Boxhill, the King's Canadian Red Cross Convalescent Home at Buxhey Park, the Canadian Red Cross Special Hospital at Buxton.

(b) By furnishing, on indent of the Commanding Officers, extra and emergency stores of all kinds—clothing, surgical supplies, invalid foods, and hundreds of articles of all kinds calculated to make the hospitals more homelike and more efficient.

(c) By erecting Recreation Huts, Verandah Wards, and other buildings to add to the efficiency of the Medical Services and the health and comfort of the patients.

(d) By providing ambulances, lorries and other motor transport to expedite the movement of the wounded or the distribution of supplies for their relief.

The society has an Information Bureau in its London Office with four departments, which exists to find the individual Canadian in whatever hospital he may be and provide him

with all the comforts he needs while invalided.

A corps of visitors organized under this Bureau visits the hospitals where Canadians are patients, reports to their friends and the society as to their progress and their needs.

The Parcels Department despatches the comforts needed by each man—fruit, flowers, stationery, smokes, toilet requisites, games, fancy work materials, and so on.

The Newspaper Department tries to secure for each man his own "Home Town" newspaper.

The Drives and Entertainment Department provides recreation outside the hospital or home for the patients well enough to profit by it.

The Enquiry Department searches continually for news of "missing" men, often gleaned information from other wounded men of the same battalion through the Red Cross visitors.

The Canadian Red Cross Society undertakes to despatch to every Canadian prisoner in enemy countries, regardless of rank, the maximum amount of food and clothing permitted by the regulations of the Central Care Committee for Prisoners of War, which was established by the Joint Committee of the British Red Cross and St. John of Jerusalem to be the central authority with regard to all British prisoners.

No food, clothing or other articles, except money, letters and newspapers, can reach Canadian prisoners in enemy countries unless they are either sent by the Canadian Red Cross Society itself or under its direction or bear the coupon which this society is empowered, by the Central Care Committee, to issue to the next-of-kin.

The Canadian Red Cross Society provides a Rest Home for nurses in London (Eglamore Gardens), with accommodation for forty. It also provides a Rest Home at Boulogne for nursing sisters passing through that base, which is open to all nurses with the B. E. F., whether Canadians, Australians, Americans or Imperials, and can accommodate some 60 nurses at one time. All these homes are open to the Nursing Service of the Canadian Army Medical Corps, to members of the Imperial Nursing Service, to Canadian V.A.D.'s, and to the voluntary staff of the Canadian Red Cross Society in London.

In 1917 the head office of the society received from the Provinces of Canada the following sums:

| | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|
| Quebec | 167,854 |
| Saskatchewan | 332,978 |
| Also from Yukon Territory | 8,210 |
| United States | 76,143 |
| Total | \$1,597,853 |

while the sum of \$1,555,000 was received in subscriptions at the London Office, over and above grants made to it by the Executive in Canada for specific objects and for the upkeep of the society's routine work overseas.

Some of the larger items of the society's expenditure in 1917 were:

| | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| (1) For the benefit of Canadian Military Hospitals overseas: | \$323,000 |
| Hospitals and equipment: | 39,000 |
| Recreation in hospitals: | 47,000 |
| Additional Motor Ambulances and Lorries: | 35,000 |
| Equipment of beds: | 47,000 |
| Christmas cheer: | 8,000 |

| | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| (2) Grants to British and other hospital funds, (including \$20,000 to St. Dunstan Hospital for the Blind: | 70,000 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|

| | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| (3) Hospital near Paris presented by Canada to French nation (expended during 1917 only): | 104,000 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|

| | |
|-----------------------------------------|--------|
| (4) Grants for Red Cross work in Italy: | 36,000 |
|-----------------------------------------|--------|

| | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| (5) Supplies purchased for distribution from London, and from depots at Boulogne and Paris: | 348,000 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|

| | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| (6) Parcels for Canadian Prisoners (Prisoners of War Department): | 590,000 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|

| | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| (7) Care of individual sick and wounded Canadians (Information Dept.): | 78,000 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|

| | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| (8) Grant to St. John Ambulance Brigade (V.A.D. equipment and transportation): | 50,000 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|

The total number of packages shipped to England during 1917 was 54,357. These supplies included:

| | |
|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Handkerchiefs | 3,000,000 |
| Shirts | 182,450 |
| Pillow slips | 212,970 |
| Pillows and pads | 175,034 |
| Pyjamas | 243,772 |
| Kit, comfort and personal property bags | 79,678 |
| Socks, pairs | 868,629 |
| Towels | 482,758 |
| Sheets | 104,383 |
| Sweaters | 18,600 |
| Caps (Balaclava, sleeping, trench and stretcher) | 96,644 |
| Candies and maple sugar, tons | 13 |
| Peaches, cases | 2,000 |
| Cigarettes | 4,500,000 |
| Plug and chewing tobacco, lbs. | 4,000 |
| Razors, safety and straight | 30,000 |
| Anti-toxin serum, boxes | 37,000 |
| Gause, yards | 1,350,000 |
| Absorbent cotton, lbs. | 11,000 |
| Total approximate value of goods sent overseas | \$4,613,756. |

GOVERNMENT HOUSE
OTTAWA

The work already accomplished by the Red Cross Society is such that all its members may well regard it with pride and satisfaction. The support which has necessarily been extended to all its efforts proves that the people of Canada are determined to give the fullest possible assistance to those who are making such sacrifices to defend our homes and our Empire.

The constant increase in our work is a heavy drain on the funds and supplies of the Society, but I am confident that in the future—as on the part—ample means will always be forthcoming to meet the growing demands both in Canada and overseas.

Emily Devonshire



Canadian Official Photo (Copyright)

AUCTION SALE

Notice is hereby given that on NOVEMBER 26th, 1918 at 1 o'clock P.M. we will sell by public auction, at the offices of THE VICTORIAVILLE FURNITURE CO. VICTORIAVILLE, QUE.

Re THE VICTORIAVILLE FURNITURE CO. VICTORIAVILLE, QUE. IN LIQUIDATION

Notice is hereby given that on TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 26th, 1918 at 2.30 o'clock P.M. will be sold by auction at the offices of the Company in liquidation, in Victoriaville, the assets of the said Company in liquidation, as follows:

Finds Cure for Rheumatism After Suffering Fifty Years!

Now 83 Years Old Regains Strength and Laughs at URIC ACID

Goos Fishing; Back to Business, Feels Fine! How Others May Do It!

"I am eighty-three years old and I do not feel for rheumatism ever since I came out of the army, over fifty years ago. Like many others, I spent money freely for so-called cures, and I have read about 'Uric Acid' until I could almost taste it. I could not sleep nights or walk without pain; my hands were so sore and stiff I could not hold a pen. But now I am again in active business and can walk with ease or write all day with comfort. Friends are surprised at the change."

HOW IT HAPPENED.

Mr. Ashelman is only one of thousands who suffered for years, owing to the general belief in the old, false theory that "Uric Acid" causes rheumatism. This erroneous belief induced him and millions of unfortunate men and women to take wrong treatments. You might just as well attempt to put out a fire with oil as to try and get rid of your rheumatism, neuritis and like complaints, by taking treatment supposed to drive Uric Acid out of your blood and out of your body. Physicians and scientists now know that Uric Acid never did, never can and never will cause Rheumatism, that it is a natural and necessary constituent of the blood; that it is found in every new-born babe, and that without it we could not live!

HOW OTHERS MAY BENEFIT FROM A GENEROUS GIFT.

These statements may seem strange to some folks, because nearly all sufferers have all along been led to believe in the old "Uric Acid" humbug. It took Mr. Ashelman fifty years to find out this truth. He learned how to get rid of the true cause of his rheumatism, other disorders and recover his strength from "The Inner Mysteries," a remarkable book that is now being distributed free by an authority who devoted over twenty years to the scientific study of this trouble. If any reader of The Chronicle wishes a copy of this book this reveals startling facts overlooked by doctors and scientists for centuries past, simply send a post card or letter to H. P. Clearwater, 409-A Street Hallowell, Maine, and it will be sent by return mail without any charge whatever. Send now! You may never get this opportunity again. If not a sufferer yourself, hand this good news to some afflicted friend.

and designated on the official cadastre for the Parish of St. Paul de Chester, as being the two north-western arpents of lot 148, and the south-eastern arpent and three-quarters of lot 149, containing 3 3/4 arpents of frontage, more or less, for the depth of said lot bounded on one side by Harvidas Cousin, and on the other side by Denis Poirier.

(B)—The rights to the lumber and cut of lumber of the north-western half of lot No. 1, fifth range, Township of Chester, designated on the official cadastre for the Parish of St. Helene de Chester, as being lot No. 314 to November 19th, 1918, only.

(C)—The rights to cut and remove to December 21st, 1921, the lumber from lot of land situated at St. Paul, Township of Chester, known and designated on the official cadastre for the Parish of St. Helene de Chester, as being numbers 266, 267, and 268 and all other rights as mentioned in an agreement between the Company in liquidation and one P. Hamel, December 26th, 1911, before J. N. Poirier, N.P.

(D)—The cut and rights to cut and remove to December 26th, 1921, all the lumber from a lot of land situated at St. Paul, Township of Chester, as being number 264, with all the rights mentioned in an agreement between the Company in liquidation and W. Lafleur, before J. N. Poirier, N.P., December 26th, 1911.

(E)—The cut and rights to cut and remove to January 24th, 1921, all the lumber from a lot of land situated at St. Paterne de Wolfestown, being the north-western half of lot No. 2, sixth range, Township of Wolfestown, designated on the official cadastre for said range as being the north-western half of lot No. 2, with reserve in favor of L. Paradis to cut his kindling-wood.

(F)—The cut and rights to cut and remove to December 21st, 1922, all the lumber from a lot of land situated at Notre Dame de Ham, being the south-eastern half of lot No. 3, tenth range, Township of Wolfestown, designated on the official cadastre for said range as being lot No. 3-C, containing about 100 arpents in area, with reserve in favor of D. Bissonnette, of the lumber from a lot of land of two arpents in width by three arpents in length adjoining the sixth range and lot No. 4, of the tenth range.

(G)—The cut and rights to cut and remove to September 19th, 1922, all the lumber from a lot of land situated at St. Paul, Township of Chester, known and designated on the official cadastre for the Parish of St. Paul de Chester, as being lot No. 151, containing about five arpents of frontage by two arpents in depth, the depth of said lot, with all the reserves and obligations of a deed of sale by Pierre Poirier, to the said Company in liquidation, September 17th, 1912, before J. N. Poirier, N.P. The whole value at \$1,000.00.

Item "3"—Materials, mirrors, paints, hardware, etc., \$14,703.77.

Item "6"—Furniture and fixtures, \$1,428.56.

Item "7-A"—Rolling stock and accessories, horses, vehicles, etc., \$1,420.75.

Item "7-B"—Ford motor truck, with glass, \$800.00.

Item "8"—Book debts, \$3763.17.

Item "9"—Five shares Merchants and Employers Guarantee and Accident Company, par value, \$500.00.

Item "10"—Claim against one A. Lambert, and the property belonging to him, at St. Leonir, \$17.00.

Each item will be sold in one lot, items 1, 2, 3, 7a, 9 and 10 to the highest and last bidder, and items 4, 6, 7a and 8, at so much on the dollar as the bidder may desire.

Conditions of sale: CASH. Titles certificates of search, and list of inventories are in the hands of the liquidators for examination.

The factory will be open to visitors starting on November 18th, up to date of sale, except on U. S. holidays, upon application to the liquidators.

LaRUE, TRUDEL & FISHER, Liquidators, 112 St. Peter Street, "Dunsmuir Building," Quebec, P.Q. Oct 26 Nov 2, 3, 4, 5, 12, 14, 15, 19, 21, 23.

GIVE YOUR ORDER

POTTED OR CUT FLOWERS, CROSSES and WREATHS, for FUNERALS, to: KENT'S FLOWER GARDEN.

MDE. J. G. GUILBEAULT (Proprietor), Tel. 5098. 87 1/2 d'Arceville Street, Montreal.

M. CAILLAUX DENIES DISLOYALTY CHARGE

PROTESTS HE HAD NO KNOWLEDGE OF MOVEMENTS AND PURPOSES OF BOLO PASHA

Paris, France—When M. Joseph Caillaux came in for such direct reference in the report that Lieutenant Morinet made upon the affairs of Senator Charles Humbert, when application was made for an extension of the charge against the latter, it was inevitable that M. Caillaux should make one of his characteristic replies in the form of a letter to his advocate, M. Ceccaldi. The letter followed quickly upon the report, and it lacks no more in the vigor of its protest than have other epistles from the former Premier since the time of his arrest, while it begins with the remark that "once more they are trying to stab me in the back with a dagger."

M. Caillaux, after this opening says that it was but yesterday that they tried to justify the rejection of the request to allow M. Loustalot to be placed provisionally at liberty by excuses in which it was insinuated that the deputy for Landes had made the journey to Switzerland, which was charged against him, on behalf of him, M. Caillaux. They did not say as much, but only that he had acted under his, Caillaux's influence, but what did phraseology matter. There was not a document nor a witness to prove the supposed relationship they sought to establish between his actions and those of his colleague. They argued from coincidences.

Now, with the excuse of the appeal for the suspension of Parliamentary immunity in the case of M. Humbert, they sought him again. He had been au courant with the exception of Bolo to America! It was false. He did not know until afterward that he had made any such expedition, and he said so last February when he gave evidence before the third council of war. Nobody contradicted him then, nobody raised the least objection, and no new fact had been adduced since that time. Well, then? In the course of a testimony given on July 29 last which was considered to be so important that they had not even communicated it to him, a witness said that in May or June of last year he, Caillaux, scarcely believed in the culpability of Bolo and that he thought that the fortune of Lenoir pere ought to be greater than that which legateses had declared to the authorities for taxation. And afterward? He said in effect to M. Mouthon, as the latter had testified, that the information with which he furnished him upon the proceedings of Bolo in Switzerland did not imply any absolute proof but at the same time he wished to submit the dossier in the case to M. Monier and to ask for his opinion on it. The chief magistrate paying attention to the fact of his, Caillaux's knowledge of Bolo, shared his opinion. It was possible, although he had no remembrance of it, that in the same interview he had suggested that the elder Lenoir ought to have left a considerable fortune; it was much more important that it should be declared to the Fiscal. But he had certified nothing.

To speak clearly and distinctly, neither directly nor indirectly, neither from near nor far, had he ever been in any way concerned with the various financial affairs with which the Journal had been involved. Once more he defied anyone to bring any serious argument to bear against the positive declaration or any condemnatory document. In the same way he defied anyone to show that he had had any relations, even political relations, with M. Humbert, or that he had ever seen him during the whole of the year 1916. He was unaware of the objects of his visit to Spain and of the supposed conversation with King Alfonso.

M. Caillaux also declares in this letter that it is false to say he had advocated when in Italy or anywhere else, a customs union between the Latin countries to the advantage of Germany and against England. If he had spoken somewhat freely and in many places concerning economic questions, as he thought he had the right and as he certainly thought it was his duty to do, it was only with the idea and with the preoccupation of defending the chief interests of his country, particularly against Mittel-Europa. Once more he asked those who made these statements to submit something that had at least the appearance of proof.

The libel action which M. Caillaux has entered against M. Herve, which has twice been put back from the Sarthe assizes has been adjourned a third time at the request of the government in agreement with the defense. This case, if it were taken and conducted properly, would be a veritable trial of the Caillaux affair in advance and naturally the government does not wish anything of the kind to happen. Another incident in the Sarthe is noteworthy. This has been a Caillaux stronghold and the opening session of the Conseil General was held the other day. M. Caillaux did not offer himself for reelection as president on the ground that he was detained in the Sante prison. In the first round of the contest for the presidency one of his supporters, Baron d'Estourmelles de Constant, headed the list with 11 votes, while Senator Lebert had eight, and another candidate five. The latter then withdrew, advising his supporters to give their votes to Baron d'Estourmelles. They did not do so, however, for in the second round M. Lebert received 13 votes and the Baron only 11 as before and the former was therefore elected.

MAPLE SUGAR TREES

IN NORTH CAROLINA Raleigh, N. C.—Investigations recently made in western North Carolina by M. W. Hensel, specialist in sugar plants for the Agricultural Extension Service, show that there are numerous maple trees in this section to produce not less than 3,760,000 pounds of sugar annually, and that there is a strong possibility of this reaching 5,000,000 pounds. If properly worked these trees would produce this amount in a period of from four to eight weeks, or from about Feb. 1 to April 1.

The importance of these trees for sugar has not been realized in the past, however, and great numbers of them are now being cut and sold as timber, the owners receiving a price ranging from \$1.50 to \$3 per thousand feet on the stump; that is, from 25 cents to \$1 per tree. These trees should be operated to the fullest extent, according to Mr. Hensel. This maple grows only in a very limited part of the world; principally in the most northern part of the eastern half of the United States, in the Appalachian regions of the South, and in a few sections of eastern Canada.

Peace Comes Too Late For Some

40,000 Canadians have been wounded during the past two months.

Peace from fighting does not bring peace from pain to these men.

In this splendid hour of victory let us not forget the wounded and maimed soldiers and sailors who learned of peace while lying on their hospital cots.

Let This Be Your Thanksgiving

\$1,400,000 for the

RED CROSS NAVY LEAGUE

War Contingent Association

An organization of citizens has voluntarily agreed to make the collection over a period of three days, November 20, 21 and 22.

In her hour of rejoicing Canada must not forget her sick and wounded boys.

Give and Give Gladly

HIS WORSHIP MAYOR LAVIGUEUR, SIR GEORGE GARNEAU, NEUVILLE BELLEAU, J. F. BURSTALL, A. AMOS, P. G. OWEN, J. LAURIE, J. T. ROSS, DR. GRONDIN.

something that had at least the appearance of proof. The libel action which M. Caillaux has entered against M. Herve, which has twice been put back from the Sarthe assizes has been adjourned a third time at the request of the government in agreement with the defense. This case, if it were taken and conducted properly, would be a veritable trial of the Caillaux affair in advance and naturally the government does not wish anything of the kind to happen. Another incident in the Sarthe is noteworthy. This has been a Caillaux stronghold and the opening session of the Conseil General was held the other day. M. Caillaux did not offer himself for reelection as president on the ground that he was detained in the Sante prison. In the first round of the contest for the presidency one of his supporters, Baron d'Estourmelles de Constant, headed the list with 11 votes, while Senator Lebert had eight, and another candidate five. The latter then withdrew, advising his supporters to give their votes to Baron d'Estourmelles. They did not do so, however, for in the second round M. Lebert received 13 votes and the Baron only 11 as before and the former was therefore elected.

Let Us Estimate on Your Printing

WHEN you want printed matter of quality—the kind that reflects a high degree of class and refinement—call

The Chronicle Job Printing Department

FOURS is one of the most complete printing establishments in the City, and only the best composition and printers available are employed, so as to insure thorough satisfaction.

WHEN you are in need for Stationery, Folders, Pamphlets, Booklets, and Circulars, phone 6000. Our collector will call immediately.





NOTICE

BOARD OF ASSESSORS. NOTICE is hereby given to all those who have filed complaints against the Assessment Book for overcharge...

CORPORATION OF QUEBEC

City Engineer's Office TENDERS FOR REMOVAL OF SNOW CITY HALL

Quebec, November 8th, 1918 PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that sealed tenders, endorsed Tender for Removal of Snow...

Tenders must be made on printed blank forms, and endorsed in the printed envelopes, which will be furnished to intending contractors...

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept the lowest or even any of the tenders.

The contractor to pay for drawing up the contract, and supply the City Engineer with a certified copy thereof.

CITY OF QUEBEC

CITY HALL CITY CLERK'S OFFICE BY-LAW No. 11

By-law concerning the widening of the prolongation of St. Valier St.

Whereas it is necessary, in the public interest, to widen the prolongation of St. Valier street, annexed to the city of Quebec...

It is in consequence ordained and enacted by the municipal council of the city of Quebec and the said council doth ordain and enact as follows to wit:

- 1.—To widen the prolongation of St. Valier Street, to a uniform width of 50 feet from the cadastral No. 2349 of St. Valier Ward...

All as specified and marked on the plan deposited in the City Engineer's office, dated 30th December, 1915...

2.—For the above mentioned ends the city shall acquire amicably or by expropriation said strips of land.

Public Notice is hereby given that in conformity with the dispositions of the law, the above By-law shall be read a second time for adoption on Friday, the 22nd day of November instant (1918).

NO MORE KIDNEY TROUBLE

Since He Commenced to Take "Fruit-a-tives" 78 LEE'S AVENUE, OTTAWA, ONT. "Three years ago, I began to feel run-down and tired, and suffered very much from Liver and Kidney Trouble..."

Hotels

HOTEL CHAMBERLIN 200 Rm. (money with baths attach.) American plan, from \$3.00 to \$4.00 per day.

St. Lawrence Hall MONTREAL Magnificent new entrance on St. James Street. 200 Rm. (money with baths attach.) American plan, from \$3.00 to \$4.00 per day.

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT. FREEMAN'S HOTEL St. James and Notre Dame Streets, Montreal.

180 Rooms. Rates: \$1.50 up. Restaurant Special Features: A la Carte service, 7 a.m. to 10 p.m. Table d'Hotel Dinner, 6 to 8 p.m., \$1.00 Businessmen's Lunch, 12 to 2 p.m., 85c.

A Very Quiet, Accessible Hotel, Reasonable in Price.

Hotel Seymour 44-50 WEST 45TH STREET, NEW YORK. Between 54th Avenue and Broadway. Three minutes from Grand Central Station.

HOTEL WILHELMINA

248 MOUNTAIN STREET, MONTREAL. BRIGHT WARM ROOMS, GOOD MEALS, MODERATE RATES. Write for Booklet. C. F. B. License No. 10-14183.

The most attractive and popular up-to-date CAFE in Quebec City

The New Marathon Cafe 48 ST. JOHN STREET (near Palace Hill); 120 ST. JOHN. Maitreque Oysters served in all styles. Special Table d'Hotel Dinner served on Sundays from 12 noon to 3:00 p.m. and 8:00 to 8:00 p.m.

SHIPPING NEWS

WILL BUILD SHIPS TO BAR TRADE WAR

CONSTRUCTION COMMITTEE AMERICAN MERCHANT MARINE URGES CONTINUANCE OF SHIPBUILDING

New York, Nov. 13.—A declaration against an economic warfare after the war and a strong pronouncement in favor of the adoption of a national maritime policy which will permit the permanent retention and operation of the newly constructed American merchant fleet under the American flag were the distinguishing features of the fifth annual meeting of the National Foreign Trade Council, which was held at the Biltmore Hotel.

The membership of the Trade Council is made up of representatives of every foreign trade, industrial, agricultural, commercial, financial and transportation. It represents every section of the country and among those present at Sunday's meeting were men from the Pacific coast, the South, the Middle West and New England, as well as from New York City.

In his opening remarks Mr. Farrell discussed some of the problems facing this country as the result of the war and of the restoration of peace. "The progress of the war," he said, "has been marked by much discussion of the proposals for and conditions of a continuation of the contest by economic forces after the military struggle is ended. Our supreme duty is to see to it that the peace terms render impossible the continuance of conditions sought to be corrected or prevented by economic warfare."

Just as ships constituted the first problem of our participation in the war," said the committee's report, "so will ships constitute the first factor in our great task of reconstruction and in the development of our foreign commerce after the restoration of peace. Our own American ships will be the essential agency through which we shall be able to maintain that just and beneficial relationship with the rest of the world to which our participation in the war and its prosecution to a successful close will entitle us and the rest of the world. It is fortunate for us that one of our greatest contributions to the war work will also render a most valuable service after peace has been restored."

The report discussed the construction programme of the Shipping Board, urging its completion, which would mean a fleet estimated roughly at 14,000,000 gross tons, which would be ample to meet the needs of American foreign trade. The committee recommended the "advisability of curtailing the programme of wooden construction at the earliest feasible date" in favor of steel construction.

Table with columns: HIGH WATER AT QUEBEC (Standard Time 79th Meridian), Nov. A.M. P.M., Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday.

CONEY ISLAND SHIP CANAL INDORSED

STATE ASSOCIATION APPROVES PROGRAM TO DEVELOP NEW YORK HARBOR

The New York State Waterways Association at the second and closing day of its ninth annual convention, held at the Chamber of Commerce in Brooklyn, adopted a resolution indorsing the programme submitted by Murray Hulbert, Commissioner of Docks and Ferries, for the Coney Island ship canal and the development of the harbor facilities of New York City.

The convention voted to urge upon the Senators and Representatives from New York and State and federal authorities the necessity of immediate action upon the proposed improvements for the Harlem River at Spuyten Duyvil, the deepening of the East River Channel from the Battery through Hell Gate to Throg's Neck to a minimum depth of forty feet, the improvement of the channel between North and South Brothers Islands and the establishment of a channel three hundred feet wide and twenty feet deep through Harlem or Bronx Kills, providing a shorter route between the Harlem and East rivers.

It was urged also that the entrance to Buffalo Harbor be widened and dredged sufficiently to accommodate the largest vessels on the Great Lakes. The convention recommended improvements for the harbors of Tonawanda, North Tonawanda, Oswego and the port of Rochester.

The Executive Committee was instructed to have introduced at the next session of the Legislature the Canal Referendum bill and to urge its passage. State authorities were urged by the convention to provide without further delay proper terminal facilities at all of the Barge Canal terminals, and to construct a grain elevator on State owned property at New York.

Henry W. Hill, Buffalo, was re-elected president; John D. Kernan, Utica, first vice president; Edward R. Carhart, New York, second vice president; George H. Cobb, Watertown, third vice president; Olin J. Stephens, New York, treasurer; and Edwin T. Coffin, Albany, secretary.

George S. Babbutt, of Albany, was elected fourth vice president, to fill the vacancy created by the death of Frederick W. Cameron of Albany.

A Canadian trawler had a good run of luck recently. The boat was on her way to Sydney when she sighted an American steamer with a valuable cargo, which had lost her rudder. The trawler's captain was called aboard the American and requested to take her in tow to Sydney. A promise was given of \$1,000 to the captain, \$500 each to the chief officer and chief engineer and a pro rata amount for the crew. The American was towed to Sydney. Afterward the trawler hooked up a disabled schooner and towed her to port, and later an American airplane floating on the sea with three men clinging to it was found and rescued.

CHARLES R. PAGE DECIDES TO QUIT SHIPPING BOARD Washington, D.C., Nov. 13.—Charles R. Page, of San Francisco, one of the members of the Shipping Board, has decided to resign and intends to present his resignation to Chairman Hurley soon. Mr. Page is a lawyer, who has devoted particular attention to maritime affairs and has specialized in the work with the Board. It is said that Mr. Page feels the necessity of getting back to his business.

Legal Intelligence

Judgments by the Court of Review:

- Dube, vs. Dostaler, and Ville de Grand'Mere, en cas de cause. Judgment ordering the hearing on the merits of the intervention and on the merits in Review, with precedence the 27th November instant. Pratte, vs. Matteau. Same judgment as above. Neault, vs. Ferron. Same judgment as above. Writs of summonses issued from the Prothonotary's Office: Alphonse Chateau, vs. Arcadius LaHerte, St. Louis, \$137.50, annulment of sale. Hertel Joannette, vs. Charles Desrochers, Quebec, and Ernest Legare and J. P. Landry, mis en cause Quebec, habeas corpus. Adele Jolicoeur, vs. Arthur Rinfret, Quebec, \$28375, promissory note. The Royal Paper Box Co., vs. Les Allumettes de Drummondville, Ltee., Drummondville, \$306.29, sale. John MacDonald & Son, Ltd., vs. Isaac Hersberg, Quebec, \$120.40, drafts. L. H. Peters, Ltd., vs. Mrs. widow W. Carbay, Quebec, \$124.05, account. Donat Mercier, vs. Raymond Vidal Lotbiniere, \$500, real and damages. Antoin Galipeault et al., vs. La Cie. du Parc Savard, Ltee., Quebec, \$132.40, professional services. Charles Edouard Boivin, vs. J. B. White, Lt Tuque, \$108.98, account. A. Montesseno, vs. Arthur Drapeau and J. A. Gagnon, Quebec, \$150, debt. Richard Edwin Wark, vs. Joseph Honore Carrier and Mrs. Marie Gauthier, Levis, \$1,687.93, Promissory note. Theodule Simard, vs. W. Kiralaff, St. Gabriel, \$142.06, account. John Fry, vs. Patrick Doyle and George Quart, Quebec, \$400, "Workmen's compensation Act." La Communauté des Religieuses de l'Hotel-Dieu, vs. Joseph Leon Lachance, Quebec, \$612.46, ground rent. Alphonse Bernier et al., vs. Adelard Martin, Levis, \$215.75, professional services.

INVESTMENT BANKERS

TO MEET IN ST. LOUIS St. Louis, Mo.—The seventh annual convention of the Investment Bankers Association of America will be held on Nov. 18-20 with about 400 financiers from all parts of the United States in attendance. Virtually every delegate has been active in war finances or Liberty Loan affairs. The convention will open on Monday, Nov. 18, a part of the day's program being a trip for golf to the St. Louis Country Club, an exhibition of airplane flying over the club grounds by Scott Field aviators and a night business session at the club. Tuesday is to be devoted to a business session for the most part, and on Wednesday all social affairs will be sidetracked for the work of the convention.

WOOD FOR ONTARIO'S USE

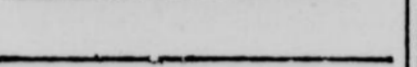
The Ontario Government will have shipped by the end of the present month from Algonquin Park some fifteen thousand cords of wood for the use of the parliament buildings in Toronto and the different provincial institutions. The wood will be used in the fall and early spring to conserve coal. Some twelve municipalities in Ontario availed themselves of the offer of the government to cut wood in Algonquin Park and have taken about thirty thousand cords. It is said that a cord of wood will give as much heat as a ton of coal.

CHILD GETS SICK CROSS, FEVERISH IF CONSTIPATED

"CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS" CAN'T HARM TENDER STOMACH OR BOWELS. A laxative today saves a sick child tomorrow. Children simply will not take the time from play to empty their bowels, which become clogged with waste, liver gets sluggish; stomach sour. Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, or your child is listless, cross, feverish, breath bad, restless, doesn't eat heartily, full of cold or has sore throat or any other children's ailment, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," then don't worry, because it is perfectly harmless, and in a few hours all this constipation poison, sour bile and fermenting waste will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. A thorough "inside cleansing" is oftentimes all that is necessary. It should be the first treatment given in any sickness. Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Look carefully and see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

YOU DON'T NEED TO GO

on suffering with that obstinate sore. If you will only use Zam-Buk—the great herbal skin cure. This balm, owing to its unique composition, is the very thing for sores and skin troubles that have resisted ordinary treatments. Mrs. Herbert Cox, of Port McNicoll, Ontario, writes: "For nine years I suffered with an abscess on my face, which was both painful and disfiguring. I had the abscess lanced repeatedly, but it still remained. I also tried ordinary ointments, but without any permanent benefit. Finally the doctor told me I had a tumor on the bone, and would have to undergo an operation, which I did; but instead of improving, the wound only became worse. I was in despair when a friend got me to try Zam-Buk. I soon noticed a marked improvement. Zam-Buk seemed to get to the very root of the trouble, and in 48 hours the abscess was entirely cured—not even leaving a scar. This was a year ago, and there has been no return of the trouble." Zam-Buk is not a mere ointment, but a rich herbal balm. Unquelled for eczema, scalp sores, ringworm, boils, bad legs, blood-poisoning, piles, cuts, burns, sprains, scalds, and all skin injuries. 50c. box, 3 for \$1.25, all druggists or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto. Send 1c. stamp for postage on free trial box.



CITY OF QUEBEC

List for the year 1918 of Voters of the City of Quebec qualified to vote at the election of a Member of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Quebec, in the Electoral Divisions of the City of Quebec, under the Quebec Election Act and Amendments.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE

City Hall Quebec, 2nd November, 1918

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that the lists for 1918 prepared according to the valuation roll now in force in the City of Quebec, of the electors of the several wards and of the several districts of the City of Quebec qualified to vote, according to law, or in virtue of their title or quality, at the election of the member or members of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Quebec, are now ready, and that a duplicate thereof has been lodged at the office of the undersigned on the 2nd of November instant, at the disposal and for the information of all persons interested.

And I ALSO GIVE PUBLIC NOTICE that the said lists shall be examined and corrected by the Board of Revisors of the City of Quebec appointed by competent authority on such dates as shall be hereafter determined and appointed by them, notice whereof shall be hereafter given in proper time and place in the manner provided by Statutes.

Any person desirous of having names struck off or inscribed on the said lists must apply by means of application or complaint, in writing, which shall have previously been sworn to by the said applicant or complainant before one of the Revisors or the Clerk of the Board of Revisors, a Justice of the Peace, or a Commissioner of the Superior Court, and deposited in the City Clerk's Office, City Hall, between nine o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the afternoon of each judicial day within fifteen days after the date of the deposit of said lists viz, beginning Monday, the (4th) fourth day of November instant (1918) and finishing on the eighteenth day of November instant inclusively. All such applications or complaints duly sworn to and deposited as aforesaid against the said lists shall be submitted in due time to the said Board of Revisors, for examining, or correction, to be disposed of according to their merits.

H. J. B. CHOUINARD, City Clerk, nov.2to18

War? War?? War???

DON'T let the high cost of living worry you. Reduce your meat and grocery bills by buying at the most up-to-date and well-known Cash in the city, at reasonable prices. Also try our special Sunday Dinner, at 85c per cover—from 11:30 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. Orchestra every Sunday night, from 8:00 to 3:00 o'clock. Directed by the well-known Mr. H. Anson Clapperton, musical director of the Victoria Theatre.

WANTED.

Mothers help wanted for small family of four, no heavy work, good home, central locality. Apply during day to 49 John St., evening to 87 Couillard St., top flat.

WANTED—By a French-Canadian young man, room and board, in an English family, for the winter. Apply to "E.E.M." The Chronicle.

WANTED—A general servant, one who can do plain cooking. Apply 118 Fraser Street. oct. 9xtf.

TO LET.

FLAT TO RENT—5 rooms and bathroom, heated, electric light; all modern conveniences. Apply 46 St. Famille St. nov. 11x2

TO RENT—Single or double rooms in a private family, all modern improvements and use of telephone, at 100 St. Amable street, near Claire Fontaine street. Nov. 9x2.

TO RENT—Small self-contained house, 7 rooms, 34 Bourlamaque Ave.; rent \$40 per month; coal in Cellar at summer prices occupation about 15th Dec. Apply Bank of Montreal, Peter St. nov. 8 to 80

TO LET.—House No. 6 Haldimand street, 13 rooms, 2 bath rooms, hot and cold water on each floor. Hot water heating system. Apply to Roy and Baillargeon, Notaries, 126 St. Peter St. Phones 1390 or 1510. oct.3xtf.

TO RENT—A cottage at Monument Station on Q. R., L. H. & P. Line, six rooms besides bath-room, hot water heated and electric light, a few steps from depot, eight minutes from city, \$37. a month heated. For all information apply to R. Gelly, Telephone 3637, Quebec Railway Station or Telephone Proprietor 3304, Quebec. mar.9xtf.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Three storey house, No. 114 Richeheu and three building lots centrally located are offered for sale. Proceeds to be invested in Victory Bonds. Apply to J. W. M. Wallace. nov. 9x2.

FOR SALE—Residence No. 88 Mont Carmel street; built of white brick; four floors and basement; containing fifteen rooms in all; hot water heating and electric light; splendidly located in one of the best residential parts of the city; an exceptional opportunity to secure a home at a reasonable price. Apply to The Royal Trust Company, 68 St. Paul street, Quebec. nov. 9xtf.

FOR SALE—Two beautiful building lots size each 50x190 situated in Montcalmville, near Maple Avenue. The most ideal sites in the city for anyone contemplating building. Apply G. D. Q., care Chronicle. nov. 5xtf.

LUMBER Wholesale and Retail. Spruce and Cedar Boards, Planks and Timber. Square Cedar Fence Posts, Cedar Shingles, Lath, Dressed Lumber. Also Hard and Soft Wood for fuel and kindling. Stadacona Box Co., Regd., 164 Grant St. Phone 4382. oct. 2x2m

MISCELLANEOUS.

Why not let us clean your Carpets at our factory or in your home with the Vacuum Cleaner. A clean home helps make a healthy one. Phone 1043 Quebec Carpet Cleaning Co., Lindsay Building. Nov. 14x2

FURNISHED ROOMS.

TO LET—Single and double rooms to let, 38 St. Ann street; phone No. 6690. N-11x2

FURNISHED ROOMS—Large sunny and comfortably heated; continuous hot water in bath rooms; location advantageous; good service. Well patronized. Tel. 3333. W. S. Richardson, 138 St. Anne St., Quebec. nov.2xtf.

PERSONAL.

WOULD YOU MARRY IF SUITED? Free Matrimonial paper published. BRE for stamp. Correspondent, Toledo, Ohio. nov. 7xtm.

MARRY IF YOU ARE LONELY—for speedy marriage try my club, best, largest in the country, established 12 years; thousands wealthy wishing early marriage; all dealings confidential; description free. The Old Reliable Club, Mrs. Weibel, 733 Madison, Oakland, Calif. Oct.21x1m

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DON'T let the high cost of living worry you. Reduce your meat and grocery bills by buying at the most up-to-date and well-known Cash in the city, at reasonable prices. Also try our special Sunday Dinner, at 85c per cover—from 11:30 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. Orchestra every Sunday night, from 8:00 to 3:00 o'clock. Directed by the well-known Mr. H. Anson Clapperton, musical director of the Victoria Theatre.



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Union Bank of Canada

DIVIDEND No. 127. NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of 9% per annum upon the paid-up capital stock of the Union Bank of Canada, has been declared for the current quarter, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in the City of Winnipeg, and also at its Branches, on and after Monday the 2nd day of December, 1918, to shareholders of record at the close of business on the 15th day of November next. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th day of November, both days inclusive. By order of the Board. H. B. SHAW, General Manager. Winnipeg, Oct. 17th, 1918.

Financial and Commercial News

CLOSING LETTERS BY THE CANADIAN PRESS

(By Canadian Press) New York, N.Y., Nov. 13.—Peace and its attendant problems and uncertainties loomed larger on the financial horizon today.

The decline was accelerated by further restriction of credits and the attitude of conservative banking interests who encouraged general curtailment of speculative accounts despite the more hopeful views of leaders in the steel industry.

Speculative favorites were at lowest prices in the later dealings, but rallied from fractions to 1-1/2 points on the support then accorded rails and shippings and the further strength of Mexican Petroleum.

A few of the more popular industrial approximated minimum quotations of the year during the several reversals but these also rallied on the relaxation of pressure at the end.

United States Steel was again the pivotal feature, its extreme decline of 1-1/2 points to 97-7/8 being quickly followed, however, by a rally in which two thirds of the loss was recovered.

Rails yielded 1 to 4-1/2 points at their worst, Canadian Pacific displaying actual weakness for a time, but in this division losses were half-way repaired. Southern Pacific and Reading receiving support at recessions.

Coppers were heavy, oils and motors irregular, and specialties, fertilizers excepted, mainly lower. Baldwin Locomotive was again the only equipment to manifest consistent strength. Sales amounted to 760,000 shares.

Bonds followed the trend of the Stock Market. Liberty issues holding steady, while railway and industrial issues lost fractions to a point.

Sales (par value) aggregated \$10,250,000. Old United States bonds were unchanged on call.

NEW YORK MARKET.

(By Bruneau & Dupuis)

Table with 4 columns: Commodity, Price, Change, and another Price column. Includes items like Allis-Chalmers, Am Beet Sug, Am Can Co, etc.

The Ogilvie Flour Mills declared a quarterly dividend on preferred of 1 1/2 per cent, payable December 2nd to record of November 20.

DAILY GOSSIP ON THE LEADING STOCKS

Special meetings scheduled for today are those of Chicago, Burlington and Quincy and Lehigh Valley Railroads.

Union Pacific Railroad will hold a dividend meeting today.

Judge Gary, of the Steel Corporation, commenting on the effect of peace believed that Steel Industry will be more prosperous than ever and sees larger volume of business during the next few months.

It is announced from Roztrum that no sales can be made except as legitimate hedge and no sales for a foreign account except in liquidation.

President Johnson of the New York Cotton Exchange announced from the floor before opening yesterday that short sales in Cotton had been prohibited by order of the Government.

Among the Rails not a few of the cheaper issues are very favorably regarded. They include Southern Railway, Missouri Pacific, Rock Island, Texas Pacific, Erie, Western Maryland and even Wabash.

There was plenty of Cotton for sale at yesterday's prices, and the probability is that orders will be renewed and a lower opening take place.

The demand from Cotton trade interests and from western sources caused an advance of about 30 points but offerings immediately increased with the result of a decline of 200 points below the high at the opening.

Foreign Exchange: Sterling demand 4.76, cables 4.76-9-16; francs demand 5.41, cables 5.40; Swiss francs demand 5.07, cables 5.05; guilders demand 41 1/4, cables 41 1/4.

The continued talk of starvation of nations abroad keeps shorts on the anxious seat. Wheat is the staff of life and there appears sufficient to supply the demand. There is nothing to cause the sustained advances in Corn or Oats.

It is becoming increasingly apparent that Atlantic Gulf earnings will continue satisfactory for a year to come at least. The common has already attained through the company's strong treasury position a very considerable investment position. This development is practically certain to be continued.

A cablegram from the American Consul at Alexandria, Egypt, says that the 1918-19 Egyptian cotton crop is estimated at 5,520,000 cantars of 99 pounds.

Westinghouse Air Brake Company is officially reported to have \$11,000,000 orders on hand, very little of which is brakes for European railroads. The company no longer has any munition contract.

The International Agricultural Corporation has issued its spring price schedule showing advances of approximately 10 per cent, over those of a year ago. As compared with pre-war quotations the new prices show advances as high as 100 per cent.

The International Nickel Company reports for six months ended Sept. 30, 1918, a surplus after charges, war tax and preferred stock dividend of \$3,418,905, equal to \$2.04 a share, on the common stock, compared with \$4,484,398, or \$2.68 a share in the corresponding months of 1917.

Reports to Director-General of Railroads McAdoo show that during August railroads handled 2,000,000,000 tons more of freight a ton mile than during August last year, an increase of 6.7 per cent. Number of tons of freight a train was increased 6.6 per cent, from 684 tons to 729 tons, and number of tons carried by each loaded car was increased from 27.8 to 30.1, or 8.3 per cent. There was a decrease of 1.7 per cent in percentage loaded car miles. The net result was an increased ton mileage per day and 3.3 per cent for the railroads as a whole. New England district showed an increase in ton mileage per car per day of 18.5 per cent, and the greatest increase in business moved, at 14.3 per cent over the corresponding month of the previous year.

COTTON MARKETS. New York, Nov. 13.—Cotton futures closed steady. Closing bids: December, 26.25c; January, 25.50c; March, 25.25c; May, 25.10c; July, 24.92c. Spot closed quiet. Middling uplands, 27.75c.

THE TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET. Toronto, Ont. Nov. 13.—Board of Trade quotations today were: Manitoba Oats No. 2 Canada Western 78 1-2 in store Fort William No. 3 75 1-4; Extra No. 1 feed 81 1-4; No. 2 feed 78 1-4.

Manitoba (what in store Fort William not including 2-1-2 tax) No. 1 northern \$2.24 1-2; No. 2 northern, \$2.21 1-2; No. 3 northern \$2.17 1-2; No. 4, wheat, 2.11 1-2.

American Corn, No. 2 yellow \$1.55; No. 3 \$1.50; No. 4, \$1.44. Corn feed \$1.30 to \$1.40 track Toronto.

Ontario wheat No. 1 winter \$2.14 to \$2.22; No. 2 winter \$2.11 to \$2.19;

CLOSING LETTERS BY THE LOCAL BROKERS

(By McDougall & Cowans) New York, Nov. 13.—The steel issues were sold in early afternoon rumors that the official prices of steel products were to be lowered at today's conferences of steel men with the War Industries Board in Washington.

The War steel issues like B. S. B. and Crucible went off less than some of the others. Baldwin reacted more than two points from the high and similar declines went pretty well through list. Bond market also sold off. The market hardened somewhat in late trading. It came out about closing time that Washington conference had discussed principally prices and wages the steel men were to get favoring continued control of industry for present. It was also agreed that wages should not be reduced before there had been a general readjustment of prices including food etc.

The Senate Finance Committee's work on the war revenue bill is at a standstill pending receipt of a statement from the Treasury Department position in regard to changes in the pending bill made desirable by the armistice. Sales 759,100.

(By Bruneau & Dupuis) New York, N.Y., Nov. 13.—We have had today generally lower market, though without any great excitement but its liquidating pressure, this is inevitable with the banks so rigorously enforcing the recent restrictions, the conference of the steel interests in Washington has a tendency to disturb matters, as it would seem to indicate the first step in the reconstruction period. The war is behind us now and we are looking forward to this important period of rehabilitation of the destruction caused by the war readjustment of our own industries after the emergency measures adopted incident to our entry into the war, fixed prices, railroad amalgamations etc. Besides these we have the necessity of a material reduction in the cost of labor which cannot be put off for any great length of time as it is absolutely essential that we go back to the normal. Under these circumstances it is now under that the market hesitates and it is well that we have had in force these money restrictions which have seemed so onerous in the past few weeks. Otherwise the situation would be worse than it is at present. We cannot but believe that prices will work lower in the next thirty days. Total Sales 753,490.

ROYAL TRUST COMPANY HAD SUCCESSFUL YEAR The Nineteenth Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of The Royal Trust Company was held at noon in Montreal, Tuesday, November 12th.

The President, Sir Vincent Meredith, Bart., reported a satisfactory year and continued growth of Estate and Trust business.

The old Board of Directors was re-elected with the exception of Mr. A. D. Braithwaite, who had tendered his resignation.

Mr. C. W. Dean, Manager of the Montreal Branch of the Bank of Montreal, was elected to his place.

At a meeting of the new Board of Directors, held subsequent to the meeting of the Shareholders, Sir Vincent Meredith, Bart., was re-elected President.

Owing to his long absence from Canada and uncertainty as to the date of his return, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Montagu Allan, C.V.O., had asked to be relieved of his duties as Vice-President, and the Board acceded to his request. Mr. Huntly R. Drummond was elected to succeed him as Vice-President. Sir Montagu Allan will remain as a member of the Board of Directors.

London, Nov. 13.—Calcutta Linseed £29 15s; Linseed oil 88s; Sperm oil £54; Petroleum, American refined, 1s 10-12d; Spirits is 11 1-2d; Turpentine spirits 105s; Rosin, type "G" 55s.

Savannah, Ga., Nov. 13.—Turpentine firm 78 1-4; sales 298; receipts 233; shipments 60; stock 30,472. Rosin, firm; sales 585; receipts 1,258; shipments 600; stock, 68,248.

Ontario Oats: No. 3 white, new crop, 76c to 78c; No. 3, 75c to 77c, according to freight, outside. Barley malting new crop \$1.00 to \$1.75.

Peas—No. 3 \$2.30 according to freight outside. Buckwheat—\$1.65. Rye—N. 2 \$1.70.

Ontario flour, war quality, \$10.75; Toronto-Montreal new bags. Manitoba flour, war quality \$11.50 Toronto.

Millfeed carlots delivered Montreal. Shorts \$42.25; Bran, \$37.25; feed flour not quoted; middlings not quoted.

Middlings, not quoted. Hay: Baled, track Toronto, car lots, No. 2 \$28.00 to \$24.00; No. 3 mixed \$21.80 to \$23.00 per ton. Straw, carlots, \$10.50 to \$11.00.

THE ALLIES LOOK TO US FOR FOOD SUPPLIES. Eat Wisely—Waste Nothing. BUILD UP A RESERVE. Canada Must Help Feed 120,000,000 Allies.

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DEFEAT THE GERMANS WITH VICTORY BONDS, AND SO HASTEN END OF HIGH COST OF LIVING.

BE READY WHEN THE CANVASSERS CALL

St. Peter's Ward Committee: Antonio Lesage and Arthur E. Scott, organizers.

Authorized Canvassers: A. J. Carpenter, Alex. Hardy, J. S. Matte, D. T. Taylor, Victor Lemieux, C. J. Baillargeon.

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TAFFETA SHIRTS, IN PURE WOOL.

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MEN'S, WOMEN'S and CHILDREN'S SLIPPERS, IN PURE WOOL.

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It is very easy to avoid contracting Grippe, but it is very dangerous once you have taken ill. You need very little to protect yourself and avoid this disease, but when you have it, you do not know what may happen.

"CEDECO" WAFERS

These Wafers protect you from infection by Grippe, and if you are affected take "CEDECO" WAFERS without delay. They will prevent all complications.

ON SALE EVERYWHERE

If your druggist or grocer has not the "CEDECO" WAFERS in stock, send us twenty-five cents in stamps or otherwise and we shall send you a box of 12 WAFERS by mail.

Canada Drug Company

84 KING STREET, QUEBEC.

Also L. E. MARTEL, Druggist, 51 St. Joseph Street, Que.

No. 3 winter, \$2.07 to \$2.15; No. 1 spring \$2.09; to \$2.17; No. 2 spring \$2.06 to \$2.14; No. 3 spring \$2.02 to \$2.10 F.O.B. shipping points according to freight.

Ontario Oats: No. 3 white, new crop, 76c to 78c; No. 3, 75c to 77c, according to freight, outside.

Barley malting new crop \$1.00 to \$1.75.

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C. DELAGRAVE NOTARY PUBLIC, REAL ESTATE and INVESTMENT AGENT LINDSAY BLDG., Tel. 1912. St. John Street.

District of Montmagny. IN THE SUPERIOR COURT. No. 335. HEUSEBERT PRUNEAU, Plaintiff; vs. ANTOINETTE PELLETIER et al. Defendant. The Defendant is ordered to appear within the month. Montmagny, Nov. 11th, 1918. CYRIAS ROY, P.S.C.M. N.13x2

THE CORDON BLEU RESTAURANT. Cor. Fabrique and Garneau Sts. High Class Eating and Refreshment Parlor for Ladies and Gentlemen. Canadian Cooking. Special Businessmen's Lunch, every day—50 cents. Private Parlor for Banquets and Meetings; Rooms to Rent. Telephone 6757. Charles Gastonguay, Jr., Mgr. Food Board License: 10-12338

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Noon Hour Closing

In order to give our clients prompter and better service, as well as to enable our employees the time necessary for their noon hour meal, we have decided to continue till further notice, the closing of our establishment from

11.45 A.M. to 1.15 P.M.

Mechanics Supply Co. Ltd.

AT THE THEATRES

QUADRUPLE BILL AT AUDITORIUM TODAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

Lovers of a good, entertaining picture show will be treated in no mean way today, Friday and Saturday at the Auditorium where a quadruple bill is offered for the regular admission prices.

First, Dorothy Dalton in "GREEN EYES," a feature society drama telling the story of a man that spoiled his life's happiness because of jealousy.

Then there is a two-reel Mack Sennett comedy, a special film with Douglas Fairbanks and a very appropriate film, "ALLIES' REVIEW."

Performances at 2, 3.30, 7.30 and 9 p.m. Matinee, 10 cents. Evening, 10 and 15 cents.

"HEARTS OF THE WORLD," A LOVE STORY OF THE WAR, AT AUDITORIUM NEXT WEEK

D. W. Griffith has added another triumph to his brilliant career in producing "HEARTS OF THE WORLD," the play that has everywhere been proclaimed the master achievement of the greatest producer in film-dom.

"HEARTS OF THE WORLD" is the sweetest love-story ever told. It is enacted to the accompaniment of the terrible music furnished by the clash of millions of men in combat. It is a soul-stirring tragedy alternating with incidents of genuinely delicious comedy.

According to the verdict of every spectator, "HEARTS OF THE WORLD" surpasses EVEN "The Birth of a Nation."

It will be shown at the Auditorium all next week, performances being given at the regular hours.

Prices: Matinee, 25c to 75c; Evening, 25c to \$1.00. Seats are now on sale.

ELSIE FERGUSON STARS AT THE VICTORIA TODAY

"The Rise of Jennie Cushing" featuring Elsie Ferguson is the attraction at the Victoria Theatre today. The story is a most interesting one and Miss Ferguson is at her very best in the role of Jennie Cushing. There is also a screaming Sunshine comedy on the bill.

Afternoons 10 cents.—Evenings 15c.

The following numbers will be included in the musical programme:—
Selections—Carmen . . . Bizet.
You're in Love . . . Friml.
Waltz—Souviens Toi . . . Waldteufel.
Valse—Missouri . . . Knight-Logan.
Song (Orchestrated)—I know a Lovely Garden . . . d'Hardelot.
Entr'acte—Aisha . . . Lindsay.
Melodie . . . Friml.
March—All America . . . Zamecnik.
One step—No one but you . . . Friml.
Fox Trot—Smiles . . . Lee S. Roberts.
H. ANSON CLAPPERTON, Musical Director.



ELSIE FERGUSON
The Rise of Jennie Cushing
AN ARTCRAFT PICTURE

THE OLYMPIA SHOWS NORMA TALMADGE IN "DE LUXE ANNIE"

THE REMARKABLE STAR IN ONE OF THE BEST PRODUCTIONS OF THE SELECT PICTURES—WAR NEWS FILM AND COMEDY—GREAT MUSICAL PROGRAMME BY A FULL ORCHESTRA.



NORMA TALMADGE
"DE LUXE ANNIE"

To mark the formal re-opening of his theatre, the manager of the Olympia offers today a programme quite out of the ordinary.

In fact, you will see on the same bill "De Luxe Annie," one of the Select Pictures' best productions, in which Norma Talmadge is starred; a first class comedy, and the Pathe War Pictures that will be all the more interesting for representing scenes that will not be repeated now for years and probably centuries to come.

FULL ORCHESTRA.

A fine musical programme will be rendered by the orchestra of the Olympia, each member of which will be at his stand.

This programme will be shown also Friday and Saturday.

MONDAY!

On Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the bill will be composed of the second period of the series "Hands Up" and "The Cossack Whip."

"CLEOPATRA" COMING TO THE VICTORIA

MAGNIFICENT PRODUCTION SCHEDULED FOR NEXT THURSDAY.

The greatest living portrayer of siren roles, Miss Theda Bara, will be seen in a stupendous William Fox production of "Cleopatra," the Siren of the Nile, at the Victoria theatre beginning on Wednesday Nov. 20th, with daily matinees and evening performances.

Miss Bara has reincarnated this great figure of history and has depicted with uncanny fidelity the wondrous beauty and the subtle cunning of Egypt's vampire queen whose charms and machinations wrecked empires and changed the map of the world.

Never before in the history of the cinema industry has a more lavish and artistic production been attempted. William Fox surrounded his world famed star with a company of unexcelled players and no expense was spared in furnishing the most elaborate settings.

The production of "Cleopatra" is historically and scenically correct in every detail and in the sumptuousness of wardrobe and ornament has never been surpassed. Miss Bara has more than 50 changes of costume, all distinctly different and which it is estimated cost even more than those of her famous vampire ancestor. She wears jewelry and ornaments valued at more than \$150,000.

There will be a wonderful orchestra of hauntingly weird music.

The prices will be afternoons 15c; Evenings 25c.

BIG ATTRACTION AT CLASSIC TONIGHT

SEASON'S BIG MORAL SUCCESS "ENLIGHTEN THY DAUGHTER" WILL BE PRESENTED.

The Classic Theatre will present to its patrons tonight the season's biggest moral success, "Enlighten Thy Daughter." This dramatic lesson has been endorsed by all the leading clergy of the country and will be produced with an all star cast. Tonight's performance will also include the opening episode of the Universal De Luxe serial "The Brass Bullet" and the first 100 coupon holders will be admitted Free. A Chaplin Comedy will also be presented.

Attraction for next six weeks include Douglas Fairbanks in "The Lamb"—Wm. S. Hart in "The Disciple"—Carlyle Blackwell and Madge Evans in "The Guardian"—Olive Thomas in "Limousine Life"—Alice Brady in "Divorce Game"—Lew Fields in "Corner Grocer."

Upon a recent inspection a Health Official pronounced this cosy little theatre as thoroughly sanitary and clean and exceptionally well ventilated.—Advt.

As Spanish Influenza

is an exaggerated form of Grip, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets should be taken in larger doses than is prescribed for ordinary Grip. A good plan is not to wait until you are sick, but PREVENT IT by taking LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE

EARLY CLOSING OF RAILWAY FREIGHT SHEDS

Order of Railway War Board Not to be Effective until January 1st, 1919.

The Canadian Railway War Board has extended the time for their recent order regarding the early closing of railway freight sheds until January 1st, 1919, and the public is therefore advised that on the Canadian Government Railway Lines the regulations at present governing the opening and closing of freight sheds will continue in force until that date. nov.14x5

RICHES UNDERGROUND.

For centuries mankind has delved into the surface of the ground in order to secure gold, silver and other valuable minerals, and hopes were high during the construction of Mount Royal Tunnel at Montreal. This Tunnel has been completed and was opened for service on October 31st, on which date the Canadian Northern Railway established through train service between Montreal (Tunnel Terminal), Ottawa (Central Station) and Toronto (Union Station). Montreal Tunnel Terminal is located on Lagache Street, West, two blocks East of Dominion Square and within five minutes walk of the leading hotels, retail business stores and other railway stations. Rail, sleeping and parlor car tickets are obtainable at all Canadian Northern Railway Ticket Offices.

BUSH FIRES KILL HONEY CROP

The honey crop of the lower Fraser Valley will be one of the smallest on record, according to an apiarist at Cloverdale, B.C. Dry weather and smoke from the bush fires is given as the cause.

One of the largest producers in the Fraser Valley, who usually gathers around 200 pounds of honey per colony, says that the crop has ended so far as he is concerned.

ROYAL YEAST

Has been Canada's favorite yeast for over a quarter of a century. Bread baked with Royal Yeast will keep fresh and moist longer than that made with any other, so that a full week's supply can easily be made at one baking, and the last loaf will be just as good as the first.

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AT THE EMPIRE TODAY

MONTAGUE LOVE—EAGLE'S EYE—ALSO CHARLIE CHAPLIN'S VICTORY LOAN PICTURE INCLUDED.

Today's programme at the Empire consists of the World Film drama "VENGEANCE" featuring Barbara Castleton and Montague Love, the 12th chapter of Eagle's Eye and Charlie Chaplin's Victory Loan picture. "VENGEANCE" is a mystery story with very dramatic moments, the action of the play taking place in London and India and depicts a strange legacy of vengeance which ripens into love.

The Eagle's Eye portrays the Welland Canal Conspiracy in which Germany attempted to blow up this connecting link between the Great Lakes and the sea. Chaplin's Victory Loan picture is one specially prepared and posed for by the great comedian to aid Canada's present Victory Loan drive.

BY-PRODUCTS AND VELVET.

The Hercules Power Co. obtained a great contract for explosives provided they bought no acetone, which is scarce and needed for munitions. Under intense research they found they could make it by fermenting kelp. In February, 1916, they broke

ground, and by the fall of that year had their \$5,000,000 plant in full operation. Besides acetone the kelp yields potassium chloride and new solvents greatly needed in industry. It is a great thing to have by-products useful, and if they are not, to make them so.—From the Little Journal.

AUDITORIUM

All Next Week

D.W. GRIFFITH'S

SUPREME TRIUMPH

"HEARTS OF THE WORLD"

THE SWEETEST LOVE STORY EVER TOLD



Staged in France on the Actual Locale of the Story; Battle Scenes on the Battle Fields of Europe; Through Courtesy and Co-operation of the British and French Governments!

Matinees, 2.15 Evening, 8.15
PRICES: Matinees, 25 to 75c. Evening, 25c to \$1
SEATS NOW ON SALE

Furniture Indoor Games

We will sell any part of our large and varied stock of Furniture, at Bargain Prices, for . . . CASH. We will also Repair, Upholster, and Polish your old furniture, to your Satisfaction.

Big assortment of Indoor Games, suitable for the long Autumn evenings. Games for children and adults, at all prices, from 5c each upwards.

Picture Books

See our assortment of Children's Picture and Painting Books. We have them at all prices, from Five Cents Each upwards. We have just received a new lot of Alger Series and Boy Scout Series, Story Books, cloth bound. Only 15c each.

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Season For Curtains

In spite of the difficulties of importation, the scarcity of goods and the high price of the market, we still have the greatest variety of curtain materials and curtains by the pairs in the city: Scrims, Etamines, Voiles, Marquisette, Irish Net, Point d'Ecosse, Point de Venise, Fish Net, Applique, Paris Net, etc. All these different kinds of materials are sold either by the yard or by the pair.

Also a great variety of beautiful mercerized madras in all the new shade, colors to match any wall paper.

Our department of Cretonne, Taffetas, Taffetonnes, Satines, Chintz, etc. etc. is as well assorted as ever.

SPECIAL

About 60 pairs of Marie Antoinette curtains, slightly damaged are offered at 25% reduction.

Furniture coverings all sorts at old prices.

Portieres, Plusha, Chenilles, Velours, Watered Silks, Brocades, Moquettes, in every shade and style 7-8 of these goods at the old prices.

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