

THE QUEBEC MERCURY.

MORE ET STUDIA ET POPULOS ET TRALLIA DICAM.—Virg. Georg. IV. 5.

VOLUME XIII.]

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1817.

[NUMBER 47.]

WINES.

MAQUAY & HAWKINS have removed to the office and vaults in Free-Masons' Hall, under the Post Office, Upper Town, where they offer for sale, the following Wines from the wood, at very reduced prices for cash.

The quality of each is the very first in the market, as per samples.

single doz.	Three doz.	6 doz. & upwards.
Port 35s.	 32s.	 30s.
Madeira 50s.	 49s.	 48s.
M. Madeira 33s.	 32s.	 30s.
Teneriffe 28s.	 27s.	 26s.

With all other kinds of Wines & Spirits, at equally low rates.

LIKEWISE,

Barclay & Perkins's Brown stout, Cyder, Perry, &c.

18th November, 1817.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS, No. 8, St. Peter Street—double refined loaf sugar in hhds. Jamaica muscovado sugar in hhds. and barrels, Jamaica and St. Domingo Coffee in bags and tierces, Jamaica Rum in puns, a few do. of very superior quality Lime juice in puns, superior old Port wine in pipes, Superior old Port Wine in casks of 3½ doz., 4 doz. & 6 doz. each.

London particular Tenerif wine in casks of 4 doz. each, Spanish red and white wine in pipes and hog-heads, Spanish red wine in casks containing 6½ doz. each, Claret wine in cases of 3 doz. each, Muscatel raisins in boxes.

Denia raisins in boxes, common raisins in baskets, Eggs in baskets and boxes, Spanish hazle nuts in bags, Prime Irish Pork in barrels, Irish Butter in firkins, Handsome Pianos—Sheet Iron in cases, Round iron, Saws assorted, Nails of different sizes, Camp Ovens, double Canada Stoves, White and black paint in kegs of 28 and 14 lbs. each, Gunpowder in barrels and half barrels. Wine corks, Bass rope and Cordage of different dimensions, Cod oil in casks, Wool and beaver hats of different sizes.

Moulded candles in boxes 4's, 6's and 8's, Brown soap in boxes, Glassware and window glass, Striped and plain cottons, coloured druggets, Irish linens.

ALSO,

A few hhds. Albafiora white Wine of a very superior quality, do. Tint red Wine do. superior Madeira.

ROGERSON, HUNTER & Co.

17th June, 1817.

To let for one or more years.

The Stores with good Cellars, No. 1, Cannotrie, lately occupied by Mr. Thomas Christie, and possession to be given the 1st May next. For terms apply to

THOS. WILSON

Who has for Sale,

20,000 first quality dry Kamouraska Boards, 20,000 second do. do. do. 2 & 1½ inch Planks, St. Paul's Bay Planks and Boards, which will be Disposed of at Low prices for Cash—Quebec, 5th February, 1817.

FOR SALE for Cash or credit as may be agreed on, Jamaica and windward Island rum, molasses, muscovado and refined sugar, Wrexham pale ale, Hibbert's best porter, Scotch porter, Carolina Rice, pearl and scotch barley, spanish wheating, copperas and white paint, gunpowder, FF. SS. and DS. Leaf tobacco, pork, flour, beef, tongues, hams, butter and lard, soap, candles, cheese, Liverpool and St. Ubes salt, French brandy, port, madeira, teneriffe, fayal and spanish wine, claret in 3 dozen cases, punchoon hoop iron, sheet iron and tin, three bales and several packages hardware.

HEATH & MOIR.

No. 7. St. Peter Street.

Quebec, Oct. 21st, 1817.

FOR SALE.

400 tons St. Ubes salt, 50 do. assorted iron.

PETER PATTERSON & Co.

Quebec, 12th August.

FOR SALE,

THAT extensive LOT at the end of St. Stanislaus street, in the upper Town of this City whereon are a large well built Dwelling House, a good stable, and convenient out-houses, all in complete order and repair, with a large Garden in the rear. The Lot contains nine thousand two hundred superficial feet, Fr. measure, and is bounded in front by St. Stanislaus street, on one side by St. Helen street, and on the rear by Angel street. The premises may be viewed, and examined at any time, by those who are desirous of being acquainted with their situation, condition, and many conveniences.

Quebec, 23d Aug. 1816

NOTICE,

To Merchants, Bakers & others.

THE Jacques Cartier Mill will receive wheat to Manufacture either into fine flour or farine entiere. Apply to the subscriber.

FRANCIS HUNTER, Or Mr. C. HUOT.

Quebec, 6th May, 1817.

AVIS,

Aux Commerçans, Boulangers et autres **LE Moulin de Jacques Cartier** recevra du blé pour manufacturer en fleur ou farine entiere.—S'adresser au soussigné.

FRANCIS HUNTER, Or Mr. C. HUOT.

Québec, 6me. Mai, 1817.

To Let,

The HOUSE and Premises, BELONGING to the Honorable JAMES KERR, pleasantly situated in Saint John's suburbs. Apply to JOHN STEWART. Quebec, 25th July, 1817.

TO LET, for ONE or TWO YEARS,

A COUNTING-HOUSE, with or without further rooms and storage. Enquire at the premises, No. 1, St. Peter street.

Quebec, 31st March, 1817.

JAMES REEVES,

Watch-maker, Jeweller & Pawn Broker. Money lent on watches, plate, &c.

Mountain Street, QUEBEC.

ADVERTISEMENT.

TO LET, & possession given on the first of October next, The Second story of a House Situated in the Lower Town of Quebec, St. Paul Street, consisting of two large Rooms, Two Small Bed Rooms, a Kitchen and a large Room in the Garret, 40 feet by 20.

ALSO, to let, a large Stone House, Situated on the St. Foi Road, two miles from Town, Apply to, G. VANFELSON. Quebec, Sept. 15th, 1817.

400 Piastras de Récompense.

VOU qu'un sac contenant de l'Or Américain, montant à la somme de £1250, et un autre sac, contenant de l'Or Anglois, montant à la somme de £539, ont été volés entre Lundi le 3e. et Lundi le 10e. du courant, du Coffre Militaire déposé dans la voute du Bureau du Commissariat, dans la ville de Québec. Aucune personne qui donnera information, de manière que le voleur ou les voleurs, ou aucun d'eux, peut être arrêté et amené à la justice, recevra la récompense de 400 Piastras, à être payé par le Commissaire Général, après la conviction de tel voleur ou voleurs.

Bureau du Commissary Général, Québec, 11e. Novembre, 1817.

A Reward of 400 Dollars.

WHEREAS a bag, containing American gold coin, to the amount of £1250 and one bag containing English gold coin, to the amount of £539, were stolen between Monday, the 3d and Monday, the 10th instant, from the Military Chest, lodged in the vault of the Commissariat Office, at the City of Quebec. Any person who shall give information so that the person or persons by whom the robbery was committed, or any or either of them may be apprehended and brought to justice, shall receive the Reward of four hundred Dollars, to be paid by the Commissary General, upon the conviction of such person or persons.

Commissary General's Office,

Quebec, 11th November, 1817.

FOR SALE,

At the FACTORY, near the ARTILLERY Barracks,

SOAP by the box, at 5d. per lb. Mould Candles,

of an improved quality, by the box, at 11d. ;

Common do. at 11d. per lb.

A. M. CAMBRIDGE.

Quebec, Oct. 6, 1817.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership now subsisting between the Subscribers, under the firm of **ST. ROCK BREWERY COMPANY**, will expire, by mutual consent, on the 31st inst.—Persons having demands against said concern, are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted are requested to pay their accounts to **JAMES McCALLUM, Junior**, who is authorised to receive the same.

JAMES McCALLUM, Senior.
BENJ. RACEY.
JAMES McCALLUM, Junior.

Quebec, 6th October, 1817.

The Subscribers return thanks to their friends and the public for their past favors, and beg leave to acquaint them that the Business will be continued under the firm of **McCALLUM & SONS**, where they can be supplied with any quantity of Beer, at the following rates:

BEER IN CASKS.	BEER IN BOTTLES.
Burton Ale, a 100s. p. hhd.	Burton Ale, a 10s. p. doz.
Porter, 80s. do.	Porter, 7s. 6d. do.
Mild Ale, 50s. do.	Mild Ale, 7s. 6d. do.
Table Beer, 60s. do.	(Exclusive of bottles.)
(Exclusive of casks.)	

St. Rock Brewery, 6th Oct. 1817.

TO BAKERS.

Government Contract.

PROPOSALS for supplying His Majesty's Troops, and other individuals entitled to Rations, in the Garrison of Quebec, with **BREAD** for six months, commencing the 25th December next, will be received at this office until twelve o'clock at noon, on **MONDAY**, the first day of the said month.

The **FLOUR** will be furnished from the Public Store, and is to be baked by the Contractor into loaves of such weight as may be required; and as it is no less essential to the health, than necessary to the comfort of the troops, &c., that the Bread should be well prepared, and sufficiently manufactured, no person or persons will be treated with, who may not in every respect be approved of, and who cannot produce satisfactory security for the due performance of the conditions to be entered into; nor will any tender be noticed, unless made in printed forms to be had on application at this office.

Commissary General's Office,
Quebec, 4th Nov. 1817.

EDWARD MUCKLE

RESPECTFULLY informs the public in general and the Officers of the garrison, and his friends in particular, that he has entered into partnership with

DAVID BERWICK,

PROFESSOR OF VETERINARY SURGERY,
Late from the Veterinary College, London,
under the Firm of

MUCKLE & BERWICK.

They will carry on the profession of **FARRIERY** in all its branches, at the Shop lately occupied by Mr. Cerat, Stanislasstreet, one door out of St. John street.

D. B. having studied *Anatomy, Physiology* and *Pharmacy*, as connected with *Farricry*, under the able Professors of Veterinary Science who conduct the College in London, offers his professional aid in all distempers naturally incident to the Horse, as well as in the removal and cure of those more numerous and dangerous diseases which result from bad shoeing, and improper management of the foot. An anatomical acquaintance with the structure of the foot, added to great practice, will, it is hoped, justify the soliciting public patronage in that most important branch of the profession.

SHOEING.

from the unskilful performance of which by ignorant pretenders the finest animals are so frequently destroyed.

His Business in the Lower Town will be carried on by himself as usual.

9th October, 1817.

CLASSICAL and COMMERCIAL SCHOOL.

CORNELIUS DOYLE, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that the school will be continued by **Mr. BASH COLLYER** and himself, after the departure of Mr. C. E. Collier, who intends to leave town in a few days.

Besides the classics, the following branches will be taught: the French and English languages, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, with the use of the Globes, the Mathematics &c.

Strict attention and perseverance in a regular and approved plan of Education will be observed; and no pains shall be spared to make the institution worthy of a continuance of the public patronage.

Mount Carmel, Sept. 22d. 1817.

For SALE at **GERRARD, FINLAY & Co's** (late J. Munn & Co's) Stores, adjoining the King's Wharf:

4000 BUSHELS Wheat, Upper and Lower Canada Flour, superfine, fine, middling, and farine entiere, Upper Canada prime Pork, Gin, Rums, Sugar and Malasses, Madeira, Port, Sherry, Teneriffe, Malaga, Spanish, Paval, and Sicilian Wines, Almonds, Spanish Nuts and Raisins, Leaf Tobacco, Bar and Plate Iron and Tin, Copper in rods, copper spikes and nails, An assortment of best patent Cordage—Nails and Staples, &c.—The whole low for cash, or as may be agreed upon.

Quebec, 4th June, 1817.

FOR SALE.

By **WOOLSEY, STEWART & CO.**

At their Stores on the Queen's wharf:

JAMAICA and Leeward Island Rum, muscovado sugar in barrels, coffee, Sherry and Malaga wine in hhd's, and quarter casks, prime mess and mess pork dried hams, pig's tongues in kegs, hogslard, mould candles, soap, kip and califolins, paints, coals, hardware bloom raisins, camomile flowers, fish-oil, wine bottles, tar, 7 S and 4-4 fine bleached Irish linen invoiced 1s. 6d. to 4s. 6d. per yard, claret in cases of 3 dozen each, glue, rosin, patent shot, new rose Cork butter, and also Crane Island butter.

Quebec, 16th August, 1817.

AUX BOULANGERS.

Contrat du Gouvernement.

PROPOSITIONS pour fournir le **PAIN** aux troupes de Sa Majesté, ainsi qu'à d'autres particuliers ayant droit à des rations, dans la garnison de Québec, pour six Mois, à commencer le 25me. de Décembre prochain, seront reçues à ce Bureau, jusqu'à Lundi le premier jour du dit Mois à midi.

On livrera la farine des magasins publics à être cuite par l'entrepreneur, en tels **PAINS** qu'on exigera; et comme il n'est pas moins essentiel à la santé que nécessaire au contentement des troupes &c. que le pain soit bien préparé et suffisamment cuit, on ne traitera avec qui que ce soit qui ne sera pas approuvé, à tous égards, et qui ne produira pas caution satisfaisante pour l'accomplissement des conditions du contrat; aussi on ne fera attention à aucune offre, si elle n'est pas faite sous des formes imprimées dont on peut en avoir à ce Bureau.

Bureau du Commissaire Général,
Quebec, 4me. Novembre, 1817.

WOOLSEY, STEWART & Co. have for sale—Red Spanish Wine in pipes and hogheads, and sherry in quarter-casks—also Gunpowder in qrs. barrels, (upon the chemical principles of Sir Humphrey Davy) of various qualities, viz. C & F, cannon, F. F. F. F. F. single and double seal, canister and extra super, received per the late arrivals from London.

29th Oct. 1817.

A VENDRE.

LA MANUFACTURE, près des Casernes de l'Artillerie, **SAVON** à la caisse, à 5d. per lb. **CHANDELLES** à Moulle, d'une qualité supérieure; à la caisse, à 11d, commune à 11d per lb.

A. McCAMBRIDGE,
Quebec, 5e Octobre, 1817.

JUST received per **Caspar** from London and on sale by the Subscribers.—Sets French Paper Hangings viz:

Collection d'Helvie, de Télémaque, Vues du Bosphore, d'Espagne, &c.

French Chandeliers with rich cylinders, Curious French toys,

French snuff boxes with fine paintings French Clocks on pillars, with glass shades

One case optical instruments

Gentlemen's superfine great coats, trousers, waistcoats, waterproof and box coats

Gentlemen's and Ladies' Waterloo, Wellington and Napoleon boots and booties,

Gentlemen's superfine linen shirts, real French cambric frocks, corded jaconet cravats,

Seven boxes millinery Ladies' caps, pelisses and bonnets, with rich enrich feathers

Ladies' and Gentlemen's gloves Rich worked lace veils, blond flouncing, &c.

Macassar oil, essence of Tere Akens aromatic tooth powder

One hundred boxes wax and tallow candles One hundred boxes London tallow do. wax wick

One case essence of coffee The whole will be sold remarkably cheap for cash on delivery.

Also, 17 puns, Leeward Island rum, and daily expected, 10 trunks French silks; &c.

18th Oct. REIFFENSTEIN & Co.

FOR SALE.

On the Premises now occupied by Mrs. Brehaut at **Pres de Ville**.

LONDON particular, and London Market Madeira Wines, Port, Charet, Sicilian, Traminer, and other Wines in wood and bottles of the best quality, Jamaica Spirits, Cognac Brandy, a few barrels muscavado Sugar, a cable and a few coils Cordage, Oak, Pine and Elm Timber, dressed and rough West India Staves, Cod Oil, Flour of Paris, New Castle Coal,

And at the Cape Diamond Brewery, Burton Ale, Porter, Mild Ale, and Table Beer, of a very superior quality.

GEORGE SYMES,
PETER SHEPPARD,
Quebec, May, 16th 1817.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers inform the merchants and others that the Stores and Cellars on the Cape Diamond Brewery, and Pres de Ville Wharves occupied by Mrs. Brehaut are hired for the purpose of receiving any quantity of Grain or other Goods, and should any require Cribbling or Kildrying there is a number of Excellent Cribbles and a good Kilo for that purpose, as also a Fish Screw, at which any quantity of Fish can be packed on the shortest notice.—They assure that every attention will be paid to the preservation and security of any articles placed under their care on said premises.

GEORGE SYMES,
PETER SHEPPARD,
Quebec, 16th May, 1817.

A VENDRE par **REIFFENSTEIN & Co.**

1 Tableau avec son cadre, représentant l'exaltation de St. François;

1 dit tiré d'un très ancien cabinet de Peinture, représentant la Vierge;

1 dit du représentant la Transfiguration. Ce Tableau d'un effet supérieur, est remarquable pour la vivacité de son coloris;

1 dit dodo, très beau morceau de Peinture de Gerard Fannort, représentant une descente de Croix, cadre richement doré;

N. B. Ce Tableau est garanti original, et de la main du maître sans retouche.

4e. Novre.

Usmar and Penny, Boat Builders,

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends they continue Building Boats of all descriptions on the lowest terms. They have on hand for sale New and Old Boats—rough and ready made ash Oars.

No 7, Canoterie, Near hope Gate.
Quebec, 20 June, 1817.

PERDUE,

DU Navire Briton, Capitaine REED, une chaloupe construite de sapin, long de 18 pieds, les chevilles de cuivre rouge, le dehors peint en noir, avec une coque blanche, le fond aussi blanc, le dedans vert et couleur de plomb, avec le nom BRITON de LONDON sur la poupe en dehors. Quiconque donnera information où elle pourra se trouver, ou la remettra à Mr ROBERT DALKIN, au Cul-de-Sac, sera bien récompensé. Québec, 10 Novembre, 1817.

ST Ubes and Liverpool Salt—Benecalo, Port, Madeira, Tenediffe and Fiyal Wines—a few cases of excellent Claret, in 3 doz. cases—Jamaica and Antigua Rum, and Lime Juice—Molasses, Sugar and Coffee, refined Sugar, Porter in wood and bottled, Dantzic black Beer, leaf Tobacco, Pork, Lard, Butter, Hams and Cheese, Candles, Soap, Blue, Starch, Barley and Glue—100 tons round, square, flat and hoop Iron—Cordage and Canvas—Nails and Staples—60 sets of China—Earthenware and Pipes.—For Sale, apply to

HEATH & MOIR.

Quebec, 17th June, 1817.

ROBERT GAIN,

HOUSE PAINTER, GLAZIER, and DECORATOR, FROM LONDON, returns his sincere thanks to the public, for the very liberal encouragement he has received since his arrival in this country; and begs leave to inform them he has removed to the house, in St. Anne's street, next door to Mr. Cary's Auction room, where he will be happy to receive orders, which will be attended to with punctuality and dispatch.

N. B. He has on hand a large stock of window glass, in crates, which he will cut up to any size that may be wanted.
Quebec, 1st May, 1817.

LOST

From on board the steam boat CAR OF COMMERCE, on Wednesday the 20th ult, a small Leather Trunk, containing papers, books, and a case of Mathematical Instruments, of considerable value to the owner, though of little value to any other person—also a Valise, containing a surveying chain, and a few articles of clothing. Any person restoring the same to this office, will receive the following rewards, viz.: For the small trunk containing the papers, &c. Ten Pounds currency, and for the Valise with its contents, four dollars.
Quebec, 7th Nov. 1817.

PERDUS

D'ABORD le Steam-Boat CAR OF Commerce, Mercredi, le 29e, d'Octobre, une petite Valise de cuir, contenant des papiers, Livres, et une caisse d'instruments mathématiques, d'une valeur considerable au propriétaire, quoique de peu de valeur à toute autre personne; aussi un Portemanteau contenant une chaîne d'arpenteur et quelques hardes. Celui qui remettra les articles perdus à l'Imprimerie, recevra les récompenses suivantes, savoir, pour la petite valise contenant les papiers, &c. Dix Livres courant; et pour le portemanteau contenant la chaîne, &c. QUATRE PIASTRES.
Québec, 7e. Novembre, 1817.

COPARTNERSHIP FORMED.

THE Subscribers beg leave to inform the public, that they have entered into Copartnership, and that they will jointly from the 1st November next, carry on the BREWING BUSINESS under the firm of JOHN & BENJAMIN RACEY.
Quebec, 9th October, 1817.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE undersigned duly appointedatrix to the Minor Children issue of her marriage with the late Peter Brehaut, deceased, in his life time merchant of this city, informs the public that she has appointed Mr. GEORGE SYMES and Mr. PETER SHEPPARD, Agents, for the liquidation of the affairs of the Estate; she therefore requests all persons who have claims on said Estate, to exhibit them to the said Agents, and all such as are indebted to pay their respective amounts to them, and their receipts will be as valid as her own.
THERESE BREHAUT.

Quebec, 13th May, 1817.

CANADA TANNERY, At the foot of Abraham's Hill.

THE proprietors of the above Manufactory offer for sale, a general and very extensive assortment of LEATHER of all descriptions, at a low rate, for cash or short approved credit. The Goods hereby offered for sale will be found, upon inspection, to be infinitely superior to anything of the kind hitherto manufactured in this country; and well merits the attention of purchasers.—All orders from town and country parts will meet with punctuality and dispatch.
Quebec, May 14, 1816.

FOR SALE,

BY G. C. ROSS, No 2, Sault au-Matelot street—Calicoes, Irish linens, muslins, dimities, cotton stripe, hosiery, gloves, silks, figured Sarsonet, handkerchiefs, damask shawls, handkerchiefs, ribbons, laces, tapes, threads, sewing silks, table cloths, diaper, musketeers, &c. &c. Also, Loaf sugar, figs, raisins, pickles assorted, sweet oil, ketchup, anchovies, Quin's sauce, olives, mustard, and a variety of other articles.
25th August, 1817.

FOR SALE.

BY M^{RS} ROBERTS and M^{RS} CLEAN, on very moderate terms, at No. 1, Cul-de-Sac Street, 120 Pancheons strong leeward Island Rum, and 58 hhds Muscovado sugar, just landing per the Brig Sarah.

ALSO IN STORE.

Strong Jamaica Rum, old Antigua do. Prime mess Pork, dried ham, new Irish butter in skins & kegs do. Lard, soap, candles, Irish linens and diapers assorted, patent cordage, English Iron, wine & porter corks, painters, colours, linen suits, linen bagging, boots and shoes, a few boxes muslins, calicoes & shawls, earthenware, glue, writing paper, butt and kipp leather, Iron chests, spades, metal pots, weights, &c. &c. a few chaldron coals.
Quebec, Oct. 14th 1817.

HAM^D. GOWEN offers for sale, for CASH ONLY, 20 pipes strong well flavored Cogniac Brandy, an assortment of Dry Goods—and exports per Peter Ellis, from London, a consignment of valuable Household Furniture.—Also, a few superior gold and silver Watches, of Lever, Duplex and Horizontal movements.
No. 16, St. Peter street, Oct. 20, 1817.

NOW LANDING AND FOR SALE.

CHOICE old London Parti, Madeira } Ex Albion
Wine, in pipes, hhds. & quart casks } from Madeira
10,000 minois Salt, Muscovado Sugar, } Ex Nelly and
prime mess Pork, Lard and Bacon, } Young Hall
Tin Plates and Sheet Iron, old Antigua } day from Li.
and strong Jamaica Rum. } verpool.
Beef, Pork, Tongues, Lard of superior } Ex Saltom
quality, new Butter, Blue, Starch, } from Water-
Glue, Soap and Candles, } ford.
Sicilian and Spanish Wine.

ALSO,

500 barrels of fine, middling and entire Flour.
Apply to HEATH & MOIR.
26th August, 1817.

WANTED, an ASSISTANT in a School, to teach the Greek and Latin languages.
Apply to Messrs. T. Cary, jr. & Co. Quebec.
20th Oct. 1817.

For Sale.

BY THE subscriber, No 14, St. Lewis street, Upper Town, a quantity of fine MARBLE SLABS, for grave Stones, which can be well ornamented and lettered at his yard, as may be required.
Quebec, 5th May, 1817. JOHN PHILLIPS.

For Sale by the Subscriber.

A Few hundred thousand of the best English Bricks, which if taken from on board, will be sold at a very low rate.

HAM^D. GOWEN.

No. 16, St. Peter Street.

3d June, 1817.

For Sale, by PATERSONS & WEIR:

320 PUNCHEONS Jamaica spirits,
75 do Tobago rum,
11 chests hyson tea, Muscatel and sun raisins,
6 bags pepper, and 12 bags pimento,
Muscovado and loaf sugar,
L. P. and cargo Ten. wine in pipes & hhds.
Superior Port, claret and champagne do.
in cases of 6 dozen
15 hhds loaf tobacco,
300 boxes window glass, 6½ by 7½, 7½ by 8½,
and 8½ by 9½.
200 boxes tin plates, 10 and 1 x
50 do sheetiron,
55 double and single Canada stoves,
80 firks as Irish butter,
50 barrels Montreal apples,
Double Gloucester and King's Arms cheese.
Quebec, 21st Oct. 1817.

WARM and COLD BATHS.

THE subscriber respectfully acquaints the Public, that he has taken charge of the

QUEBEC BATHS,

in saint Charles street, near Palace gate, which will be open for the public accommodation at all times, from seven in the morning until eight in the evening.

The elegance and convenience of this establishment it is hoped, will be found worthy of the public patronage.

Subscriptions

Will be received for stated periods, at the terms, and at the rates which will be notified in a future number of this paper.

BREAKFASTS, DINNERS, COLATIONS, & SUPPERS,
Prepared on the shortest notice, By

ED. HARBOTTLE.

Quebec, 21st Oct. 1817.

RECEIVED by the WALLER, from Liverpool, and for sale by the subscriber:

20 bales assorted woolsens,
2 cases ladies' pelisses,
2000 pair military hose,
200,000 best Hamburgh quills.

ALSO,

100 firkins rose Cork butter and 20 hhds. containing an excellent assortment of Glassware, which with the remainder of the Spring importations, will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

J. G. CLAPHAM,

10, Sault-au-matelot street.

10th October, 1817.

ROBERT GAIN,

Peintre, Vitrier et Décorateur, de Londres,

FAIT ses sinceres remerciements au public de l'encouragement très liberal qu'il a reçu depuis son arrivée dans ce pays; et il prend la liberté de l'informer qu'il a transféré sa demeure à la Maison, Rue Ste. Anne, la porte voisine de la Chambre d'Encre de Mr. Cary, où il se trouva très flatté de recevoir des Ordres, lesquels seront exécutés ponctuellement et avec promptitude.

N. B. Il a en main une quantité considerable de cercles en papiers qu'il taillera d'après les dimensions qu'on pourra desirer.

Québec, 10. Mai, 1817.

To Mr. S. Cleveland Blyth,
Of Boucherville, Lower Canada.

SIR,

In my last, I made a few general remarks on your publication which appeared in the Montreal Herald of the 1st inst. and I hope for your sake, in that paper only. I shall now proceed to make some comments on your concluding paragraph wherein it would seem you consider the cross you now wear, more fit for a chapel than a lodge.—Now, sir, this is what I most positively deny. Any thing admitted into a Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons, when regularly opened, and in that solemn manner prescribed both by the old and new constitutions, would not be improper to be introduced into any church or chapel whatever. Consider well, I beg of you, the emblems of Masonry. Reconsider the meaning of that cross you mention, that "IN HOC SIGNO VINCES," and if you are not as much prejudiced as the two Popes you speak of, you will acknowledge your erroneous assertion.

I confess, and at the same time lament, that many, too many of my brethren, do not take into their serious consideration those important, those sublime truths which Freemasonry inculcates; that they, in the outward shew, lose the substance, but the institution still remains pure, still unsullied.—It is an emanation of the Deity, and therefore is perfect.

But as perhaps our poor solitary reader of your publication above referred to, may be in doubt whether the principles of Freemasonry are advantageous or disadvantageous to mankind; for his sake I give publicity to the following Rules laid down for the guidance of Christian Freemasons, and which I think tend to confute all the ridiculous objections made to the institution itself by the ignorant.

I. Worship and adore the Most High, by whose order every thing that exists had its origin; by whose unremitting operations every thing is preserved.

Bow thy knees before the incarnate word, and praise Providence that caused thee to be born in the bosom of Christianity.

Confess this divine religion every where, and let none of its duties go unfulfilled.

Let every one of thy actions be distinguished by enlightened piety, without bigotry or fanaticism.

II. Remember always that Man is the masterpiece of the creation, because God himself animated him with his breath.

Be sensible of the immortality of thy soul, and separate from this heavenly, unperishable being, all that is foreign to it.

III. Thy first homage thou owest to the Deity—the second to the authority of civil society.

Honor the Father of the State; love thy country; be religiously scrupulous in the fulfilling of all the duties of a good citizen. Consider that they are become sacred by the voluntary masonic vow, and that the violation of them, which in a profane man would be weakness, in thee would be hypocrisy and criminality.

IV. Love affectionately all those, who as offspring of the same progenitor, have like thee the same form, the same wants, and an immortal soul.

The mother country of a Mason is the world.—All that concerns mankind is contained within the circle of his compass.

Honor the Order of Freemasons, which has extended itself as far as enlightened reason, and come to our temples to do homage to the sacred rites of humanity.

V. God suffers Man to partake of the unlimited eternal happiness which he found from eternity in himself. Strive to resemble this divine Original by making all mankind as happy as thou canst.—Nothing good can be imagined that is not an object of thy activity.

Let effectual and universal benevolence be the plumb rule of thy actions. Remain not insensible to the cries of the miserable.

Deflect avarice and ostentation. Do not look for the reward of virtue in the plaudits of the multitude, but in the innermost recesses of thine own heart; and if thou canst not make as many happy as thou wishest, reflect on the sacred tie of benevolence that unites us, and exert thyself to the utmost at our faithful labours.

VI. Be affable and serviceable; kindle virtue in every heart.

Rejoice at thy neighbour's prosperity, and never embitter it with envy.

Forgive thy enemy, and if thou wouldst revenge thyself on him, do it by benevolence. Fulfill by that means one of the most exalted commands of religion, and pursue the career of thy original dignity.

VII. Scrutinize thy heart to discover its most secret dispositions.

Thy soul is the rough ashlar which thou must polish. Offer up to the Deity regular inclinations and restrained passions.

Let thy course of life be without blemish and chase; thy soul penetrated with love of truth, candid and modest.

Beware of the dismal consequences of pride; it was pride that first caused the degradation of man.

Study the meaning of our emblems; under their veil important satisfactory truths are concealed.

VIII. Every Free-mason, without any consideration to what sect of religion he belongs, where he is born, or what rank he holds, is thy brother, and has a claim upon thy assistance.

Honor in human society the adopted gradations of rank; in our Assemblies we acknowledge only the preference of virtue to vice.

Be not ashamed before the world of an honest man whom thou hast acknowledged as a brother.—Haste to his assistance; offer thy hand to lift up the fallen; and let not the sun set before thou art reconciled with thy brother, if thou hast had any difference with him.

It is only by unanimity that our labours can prosper.

IX. Be faithful in fulfilling all that thou hast engaged in as a Free-mason.

Revere and obey thy superiors, for they speak in the name of the Law.

Keep always in sight the vow of secrecy; shouldst thou ever violate it, thou wouldst find the torturer in thine own heart, and become the horror of all thy brethren.

THESE are the Rules by which every Free-mason ought to live; and if he does so, I think we may with confidence assert, that he will find a happy entrance into the supreme Celestial Lodge, where the ineffable brightness of the great and adorable ARCHITECT of the universe is the only light, and where the most exalted pleasures are continually flowing for evermore. I remain,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

J. E. H.

Quebec, 13th Nov. 1817.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE MERCURY.

DEAR SIR,

There is such a trite common saying, as, "He who wears the shoes feels where they pinch." It is recalled to my mind every time I read those animadversions against public officers which too often appear in the weekly productions of the Press, and are eagerly repeated in public or private conversation. Your paper is, like the others, frequently made the vehicle of those animadversions, and of late has exhibited some severe reflections on the state of the streets; and I must own it, the state of that in which you reside is not only an annoyance

to yourself, but also to your numerous customers.

Give me leave to say, however, and that as one who had at some time a hand in that branch of the Police, and who therefore speaks from experience, that the present evil complained of ought to be attributed neither to the want of zeal in those who are at the head of it, nor to any misdirection on the part of those who act under them. No, sir, and in support of that assertion, I believe none of those concerned will contradict me, when I say that they are ready to undergo the most severe scrutiny of their conduct. Where then, will you ask, is the source of the evil? The answer to that question requires perhaps an abler pen than mine. Nevertheless, in stating a few principles, and some facts, they may lead to the solution of the question, and mayhap to the remedy.

The end of the Laws is to secure the life, the liberty, the property, and assuredly the ease and comfort of us all. But, like every other production of the human mind, these laws must partake of that state of imperfection which is the appendage of human nature. They cannot foresee, and consequently not provide against all possible combination of circumstances, and they must therefore confine themselves to the most common ones; but, however being sufficiently explicit of the object in view to authorise and empower those entrusted with the administration, to extend their literal and limited provisions to those unforeseen cases that might be ranged within the limits of the object in contemplation, which can be always easily concluded from the preamble. This is particularly the case in that branch of legislation relative to the municipal police, the administration of which presents a multitude of incidents by which, if not life, liberty and property, at least the ease and comfort of the citizens are threatened. It is for that reason that both the Imperial and Provincial Legislature have vested in the Magistrates the power of making such regulations and local by-laws as may be required, to alter them, and to see them executed. The same wisdom that has dictated that measure has likewise considered the proceedings relative to the administration of that portion of criminal justice, of all those formalities required in cases of greater importance, inasmuch as they affect the dearest interests of society at large, or those of individuals. That summary way of proceeding is so much the more rational, and we may add so indispensable, that a contrary way must, in many cases, defeat the end of the law. Experience proves the truth of this; and here we must look for the source of the evil complained of. A few facts will support this assertion.

The Surveyor of the Roads is bound to prosecute those who neglect to keep their front roads in good repair. The statute, however, requires, and that very wisely, of him, to cause the roads to be repaired on the neglect of the person, after twenty-four hours notice, and then to sue the negligent for the recovery of his costs, besides the fine; and as well as have seen that public officers suing for the recovery of no less a sum than £15 or £20, disbursed in the execution of this duty, dismissed with costs, because he could not tell the names of the owners on the side, in front, in the rear, in a word, because he could not describe the property in front of which he had had the road mended, although the person who occupied that lot of ground was perfectly well known and designated. The cause was argued over and over, witnesses were heard on both sides, and was not brought to a conclusion till it had lasted several weeks. The reward of the public officer for having done his duty was the loss of his money, of his time, and certainly of his lawful authority.—Can that be called a summary way of proceeding? Another instance.—A public officer prosecutes a person for retailing liquors without licence. The costs of the suit amounted to no less a sum than seven dollars and a half. The person was convicted

and condemned to the fine of £10 sterling and costs. The statute states positively, that the sentence in those cases carries with itself immediate execution on the goods and chattels of the offender, who ought to pay the whole in Court before he be discharged. But no / eight days at least must be granted; those eight days grow to a fortnight or more; a Writ of Execution is at last awarded, paid for, and delivered to a Bailiff, whose return is a *nulla bona*. The goods and chattels were securely disposed of in the lapse of time between the judgment and the execution, and the public officer, was *minus* seven dollars and a half, and the King lost £5 sterling. In the year 1814, being in office, I was required by the then Chief Magistrate to prosecute a Gentleman for neglect in regard to the front of his house. I did it, paid the costs and all; and to this day no judgment has as yet been given. I could bring numberless instances in which the public officers in the due execution of their duty, coming into Court, have been cast for the most trivial deviation from the strict rules of the superior Courts. So circumstanced, I ask of every candid mind whether it be possible for a public officer to perform his official duty at the constant risk of an injury to himself and family.

But, will some one say, by thus disculpating the public officer, you mean then to inculpate the Magistrates themselves. Far be it from my thought. They are themselves in no better predicament. They are perfectly aware and convinced of the evil resulting from such clings and tethers; but a long usage has in a manner ingrafted them in the administration of this branch of the law committed to the Magistrates, and they dare not shake them off. The lawyers must live, and every little makes a mickle—so says Bonhomme Richard. And the Clerks of the Peace having no fixed salary, must find an equivalent in the amount of their fees.—*Rust celum vivat justitia.*—It is not so, sir, says a Gentleman at my elbow. It must be *fiat*, and not *vivat*. My good sir, I am a lover of music, and am therefore acquainted with the nature of variation. And take mine as it is, for I shall not alter it.

I shall conclude this scribbling by putting the following questions to those persons here in Quebec, in office, or out of it, who are any ways acquainted with the manner in which the Magistrates in the mother country manage the daily, as well as the weekly execution of their duties, and shall take the public officers of the metropolis for the object of my enquiry; and first then I ask, whether any learned or unlearned gentleman did ever see any gentlemen of the Inns of Court dance attendance in Bow street, Great Queen street, Marlborough st. &c. or any of the gentlemen of the Bar daily exhibit and display their eloquence before the sitting Magistrates in those public offices. —advise I will ask whether on application to the same Magistrates for a redress within their daily jurisdiction, they have delayed justice for two whole days, on the plea that the rules of the superior Courts require a notice of that time in other proceedings; or, if on the contrary, justice is not administered instantly on the diligence of the Magistrates? Witness the proceedings against Hackney Coachmen for execution. gaily. Whether any fine and other costs awarded in those daily and weekly sittings, are not immediately exacted from the offender before he leaves the Court?

I could extend farther these queries; but I perceive I have already trespassed on the limits of discretion for which I beg your pardon, with promise to resume the subject on another opportunity, if this communication finds its place in your interesting columns. Being, as usual,

Dear Sir,
Your sincere well-wisher,
C. D'E.

EXTRAORDINARY ELEPHANTS.

The following copy of an official letter from the officer commanding the Ranghaur Battalion, in Bengal, to the Magistrate of that Zillah (division), is, we understand, new to the public:—

"I have the honour to state to you, that on the 21st of March, at midnight, I received information that two Elephants, of an uncommon size, had made their appearance within two hundred yards of the cantonments, and close to a village, the inhabitants of which were in the greatest alarm. I lost no time in dispatching all the public and private Elephants at the station in pursuit of them, and at day-break of the 26th was informed, that their very superior size, and apparent fierceness, had rendered all attempts for their seizure unavailable, and that the most experienced driver was dangerously wounded, the elephant on which he rode having been struck to the ground by one of the wild ones, which, with its companion, had afterwards retreated to a sugar plantation, adjoining the village of Jussapor. I immediately ordered out the guns of this place; but very desirous, in the first instance, to try every means of catching them, I assembled the inhabitants of this neighbourhood, with the assistance of Rajah Ragunath Sing, and caused two deep pits to be prepared on the edge of the Sugar Cane plantation, in which our Elephants and people, with the utmost difficulty, contrived to return these animals during the day. When the pits were reported ready, we repaired to the spot, and they were, with much difficulty, driven into them, but unfortunately one of the pits did not prove sufficiently deep, and the Elephant that escaped from it (in the presence of many witnesses) assisted his companion out with his trunk; both were, however, brought back with much trouble, to the Sugar Cane plantation, and no particular instance of vice or fierceness having appeared in the course of the day, I was anxious to make another trial to catch them. The pioneers, therefore, set to deepen the old, and prepare new holes, against day-break, when I proposed making the final attempt. At four o'clock of the morning yesterday, however, they burst through all my guards, and making for a village three miles distant, entered with so much rapidity, that the horsemen who galloped in front of them, had not time to apprise the inhabitants of their danger; and I regret to say, that one man was torn limb from limb, a child trodden to death, and two women wounded. Their destruction was now become absolutely necessary, and as they appeared to show no inclination to quit the village, we gained time to bring up the four-pounders, from which they soon received round shot, and abundance of grape each. The largest of the two was soon brought to the ground, by a round shot in the head, but after remaining there a quarter of an hour, apparently lifeless, he got up as vigorous as ever, and the desperation of both exceeded all description—they made repeated charges nearly within ten yards of the guns, and had it not been for the uncommon steadiness and bravery of the artillery men (who more than once turned them off by shot in the head, when within a few yards of them), many casualties must have happened. We were now obliged to desist for want of ammunition and shot; and before a fresh supply could be obtained, the Elephants quitted the village, and though streaming with blood from too wounds, proceeded with a rapidity, of which before I had no idea, to Hwarahang. They were at length brought up by the horsemen, and our Elephants, within a very short space of a cawder (Bazar), and ultimately, after many renewals of the most formidable attacks on the guns, they gave up the contest with their lives. Nineteen 4-pound shot have already been taken out of their bodies, and I imagine that eighteen more will be found. I have been thus particular, both because I think the transaction worthy of being recorded, and also from a hope, that you will concur with me in the propriety of an application to Government, for a compensation for the damage suffered by the owners of the villages of Jussapor and Ored, from the destruction of such grain, &c.—I inclose a correct measurement of one of the Elephants, which will be read with surprise. I am of opinion, they must have escaped from Hydra pad, or some part of the Decan, for I have never heard of, or seen animals of this size in this part of India.

I have the honour to be,
E. R. Captain,
Commanding Ranghaur Battalion.

Hwarahang, 29th Sept. 1816. Ft. In.
Length from the end of the trunk to the end of the tail 36 9/10
Height 11 0
Round the body 17 8
Length from the crown of the head to beneath the jaw 7 5
The other elephant rather smaller.

LONDON, September 25.

POLICE, GUERDRAEL.

A smart Girl.—Thomas Jeffries, a bookbinder, was charged by a watchman with being in Fleet street, at one o'clock in the morning, under circumstances that made him suppose he had been committing a robbery.

The watchman stated, that he saw the Prisoner go in to a court, and try to secret something under his coat.—On searching him he found a woman's large red fashionable shawl, and a white swansdown tippet.

The Prisoner who was very meanly dressed, said, that the articles found on him belonged to his wife.

Mr. Alderman Cox, the sitting Magistrate, asked him if she was present.

The Prisoner, after looking round the office, said, she was. She was accordingly called.

To the great surprise of those present a most beautiful girl, not more than sixteen years of age, dressed in the most fashionable attire, appeared.

One of the officers said she was not the Prisoner's wife; he only cohabited with her. He had abandoned his wife.

The Prisoner said he did not think any disgrace could attach to him for abandoning his wife. He did not do it until she had ruined him.

The Alderman.—"Because she was your ruin, you are determined to ruin this young woman. Pray, Madam, what is your name?"

"My name! is that necessary! Give me a piece of paper, and pen and ink, I will write it." Being accommodated, she wrote, "Fanelet M'Lean."

The Alderman.—"Have you got parents?"

"Parents! Yes; you mean father and mother; they are living."

The Alderman.—"Where do they reside?"

"Reside! Is that necessary to be disclosed? In Edinburgh."

The Alderman.—"That is a large place, in what street?"

"Street! If you must know—Prince's street."

The Alderman.—"How long have you been in London?"

"In London! two years."

The Alderman.—"What brought you to London?"

"To London! my business to be sure."

The Alderman.—"What is your business?—A milliner."

The Alderman.—"I would advise you to go back to Scotland."

"Indeed! I am the best judge of that; I will go when it suits my convenience."

The Alderman.—"Where do you reside at present?"

"At present! I have answered all your other questions, but must decline answering this."

The Alderman.—"What do you know of the articles found on the Prisoner?"

"They are mine."

The Alderman.—"How did they come into his possession?"

"You must know that too! We had some words last night, and he took them and said he would pledge them."

The Watchman said the tippet was in an unfinished state.

Witness.—"Unfinished state, you fool! every person knows that they wash, and that it is requisite to take the lining out for that purpose; I am sure the Magistrate is sufficiently conversant in ladies' dress to know that."

The Worthy Magistrate lamented that so young a creature should be lost to all sense of shame. From her flippancy that day, and her general behaviour, he was afraid if she did not reform and go to her parents, that the next time she came before a Magistrate, it would be as a prisoner.

Witness.—"I thank you for your advice, and also for your prophecy; but believe me you shall not be a true Prophet if I can help it. As to going home to my parents, that is a family affair, and strangers have no right to pry into the secrets of families."

The Prisoner was then discharged.

KING OF PRUSSIA. WATERLOO SUBSCRIPTION.

Cornhill, Sept. 23, 1817.

At a meeting of the Committee of Distribution held this day, Beeston Loong, Esq. in the chair:—Read the following translation of a letter from his Majesty the King of Prussia, transmitted to the Chairman of the Waterloo Committee by the Hon. G. H. Rose, his Britannic Majesty's Ambassador to the Court of Berlin.

"The interest felt by that highly respectable association, the Waterloo Committee, in the fate of the wounded soldiers, the widows and orphans of brave men belonging to my army, who fell in the different engagements with the enemy during the year 1815, has been manifested by the very liberal sum of 200,000 rix dollars having been placed at the disposal of Field Marshal Blucher for their support, as well as by a further grant of 10,000 sterling for the particular benefit of those who were deprived of their natural protectors by that ever memorable campaign.

"This contribution has given me the liveliest satisfaction; for it not only dispenses relief to those individuals for whom it was intended, but affords me personally a valuable memorial of the high sense which the English nation entertains of that military renown acquired by my army acting in conjunction with its own.

"I am in consequence induced to testify my sincere thanks to this estimable Committee for its generous sentiments, and have directed Prince Blucher to communicate in due time all the particulars relating to the application of these benevolent donations.

Berlin, the 19th of June, 1817.

"FREDERICK WILLIAM.

To the Waterloo Committee in London."

Resolved, That the above letter be inserted in the public papers.

BEESTON LOONG, Chairman.

MONTREAL, November 22, 1817.

IN pursuance of a Notice inserted in the several News Papers of this Town, a number of the Citizens of Montreal assembled at the Court House, on the 20th inst. for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of applying to the Legislature, at its next Session, for an Act to incorporate the City of Montreal, and for the better regulation of its Police; and further, to take into consideration the necessity of applying for the appointment of Provincial Collectors.

JEAN G. BELISLE, Esq. having been unanimously called to the Chair, and taken his seat, AUSTIN CUVILLIER, Esq. addressed the Chairman and persons present on the purpose of the meeting, and was seconded by D. B. VIGOR, Esq. whereupon it was unanimously resolved—

RESOLVED,

That a petition be presented to the three branches of the Legislature, at its ensuing Session, for an act to incorporate the City of Montreal, and for the better regulation of its Police.

RESOLVED,

That a Committee be appointed to draw up a Petition in conformity with the above Resolution.

RESOLVED,

That the said Committee be composed of the following persons:—

JEAN G. BELISLE, Esq.
THOMAS PORTEOUS, Esq.
Mr. JOSEPH VALOIS.
Mr. THOMAS A. TURNER.
THOMAS BARRON, Esq.
Mr. THOMAS HUNTER.
Mr. JOSEPH ROY.

RESOLVED,

That the increased state of the Trade of this Province requires the appointment of Provincial Collectors, and that a Petition be presented to the three branches of the Legislature, at its ensuing Session, praying for such appointments.

RESOLVED,

That the said last mentioned Committee be composed of the following persons, viz:—

Mr. ALEXANDER HART.
Mr. HORATIO GATES.
Mr. JACQUES A. CARTIER.
Mr. JAMES MILLAR.
JOSEPH PERRAULT, Esq.

RESOLVED,

That a general meeting of the Citizens of Montreal be convened on the first day of December next, for the purpose of receiving and signing the Petitions to be drawn up in conformity with the above Resolutions.

RESOLVED,

That the thanks of this meeting be expressed to the Chairman.

On the night between Monday and Tuesday last, the shop of Messrs. RUSSEL & McKENZIE in St. Paul street, almost opposite the Hospital Church, was forcibly entered by the street door, and the iron chest, though chained to the floor, carried away. It was found next morning behind Mr. St. DIZIER'S Store, with the lid broken, and the papers and books it contained beside it. The thieves, disappointed at finding no cash, deviated, it is conjectured, on this occasion, from their usual way of doing business, and returned a second time and took away a number of pieces of bandanna handkerchiefs, silk umbrellas, scarlet and other coloured shawls, and different articles, valued at about one hundred and forty pounds.—It is true some measures were adopted to put a stop to these nightly degradations which happen so frequently.

FIRE.—The Phoenix Foundry building belonging to Messrs. G. WARWICK & Co. in the St. Ann Suburb, was last night burnt to the ground. It is said the owners will sustain but little loss except the building.

QUEBEC, NOVEMBER 21, 1817.

OUR latest dates are from London of the 7th, and Liverpool the 9th ult. Nothing can surpass the astonishing change that a few months have produced in the aspect of affairs in England.—The manufactories, work yards and work shops, of every description, are in full operation, and labour is well paid. This is the wonderful effect of great capital and good workmanship. The continent of Europe fairly and candidly acknowledges the superiority of English articles over their own by the immense orders for English manufactures. This is by no means a favorable start of a temporary nature; it has its source in a full conviction of that superiority which must necessarily have a permanent result. The passing cloud that hung for a short period, subsequent to the war, over Great Britain, and menaced her tranquillity, has disappeared from the horizon, and left behind it a clear and serene sky that promises a duration of halcyon days. It will no longer be necessary to force a trade on any country. A permanent demand may be looked to both from the new and

old channels of trade, and the former are neither few nor inconsiderable. The capitalist will no longer be at a loss to employ his money. Every sea, every river, every canal, every stream will be a Pactolus flowing with abundance, and disseminating wealth far and wide through every land.—War rapidly heaps riches on the few, while it entails a burden of taxes on the many. Peace though less bountiful to the few than war, widely disseminates comfort to all, not only by satisfying all who can be content with little, but by easing their shoulders of the load of taxation. It is therefore a mistaken notion to suppose wars to be beneficial to a country; they may pour a temporary abundance on individuals, who must eventually disgorge a great part of their gains by an augmented weight of taxes occasioned by the war, which a long duration of peace only can relieve. Peace may not create great fortunes for the few, but it will do better, it will furnish a competency to all who can be content with necessities without coveting luxuries. We know that these are not ideas quite in unison with the state of mind of this society; but that they are such as will impress themselves on all who are open to conviction, and are not biased by what they conceive to be their interest, none we believe will venture to gainsay.

We are not strongly disposed to be either at daggers drawn, or at pens drawn with our brother Editor, but we cannot help perceiving something in his comments on what has been said respecting the state of our streets, and the disbursements of the road money, to be somewhat in the style of "As who should say I am Sir Oliver, and when I open my lips let no dogs bark."—If he would make it appear that the town had benefited in any thing like a proportion to the sums assessed on it, for many years past, he might fairly be allowed to silence the groans of sufferers. But all he has said goes pointedly to prove the contrary. If common sewers or drains be requisite as preliminary steps to paving and cleanliness, it follows, that the public money is wholly wasted, without such preliminary steps, and that to assess the public to no purpose, is consequently to pick their pockets, whether the fault be in our Legislature or elsewhere.

The winter is fairly set in, as may be seen by the state of the thermometer. We believe the last vessel that will sail this year, left the port yesterday.

BIRTH.

On the 11th inst. Mrs. JOHN MOLSON, of a Daughter.

Assize of BREAD for this week—

White loaf ——— 11½d.
Brown do ——— 1s. 3d.

State of the THERMOMETER, for the past week, at 6 o'clock, A.M. 55, 42, 33, 35, 33, 21, 30.

ENGLISH THEATRE.

On THURSDAY, the 4th December, THE Gentlemen AMATEURS will have their second Performance for the season—when will be presented Kotzebue's admired Play of

Lovers' Vows;

With the Farce of

THE IRISHMAN IN LONDON.

The proceeds of the House will be presented to the Gentlemen who have formed a Committee for its distribution to distressed Settlers.

Viveant Rex et Regina.

French Theatre.

Under the Patronage of His Excellency the GOVERNOR IN CHIEF.

The Amateurs of the French Theatre, Will perform on SATURDAY evening, the 29th inst. the following Pieces In Three Acts:

L'ORPHELINE.

To which will be added, the COMEDY in Three Acts, called

Le GRONDEUR.

N.B. The Ladies and Gentlemen who wish to have Boxes, will please apply at the Theatre, where the Tickets will be sold.

SALES BY AUCTION.

On WEDNESDAY next, the 26th inst. on the Queen's wharf, at ONE o'clock,
25 pipes and 1 hhd. excellent Port Wine,
3 do. L. P. Madeira,
5 hhd. Sicilian Red Wine,
100 quintals dry Cod Fish.

ALSO,

At the Subscriber's Auction Room,

10 kegs white Paint,
15 hampers Cheese,
10 barrels Apples,
20 boxes containing each 1 sett China.

AND,

Immediately afterwards a general assortment of Dry Goods.

MELVIN & BELANGER,

Aucts. & Broks.

20th Nov. 1817.

N.B. Samples of the Wines will be ready and may be tasted at the Brokers' Counting-Room, the day before the sale.

At the Auction of T & J CARY, will be sold Tomorrow, WEDNESDAY, 26th inst. at ONE o'clock, Lots 1 and 2, in the first concession of a Township in Madawaska, in the Province of New-Brinswick, said to contain 300 Acres, with a well finished House and Barn, and 35 Acres under good improvement. Other articles as usual.
25th Nov. 1817.

Will be sold on THURSDAY next, the 27th inst. at the subscribers' Auction Room:

4 Pipes Excellent Port Wine,
4 do. Cognac Brandy,
4 do. Tenerife,
10 Cases Soap, 20 Reams Wrapping Paper.

AFTER WHICH,

A general assortment of dry Goods,
Sale to commence at ONE o'clock.

WHITE & LANGUEDOC,

Quebec, 25th Nov. 1817.

A & B.

Will be sold, on THURSDAY the 27th inst. at ONE o'clock, at the farm occupied by Mr. JAS. Bisset, at Cape Rouge:

THE last CROP, consisting of wheat, rye, hay and potatoes. Also, the Cattle, Farming utensils, furniture, &c.
T. & J. CARY,
Quebec, 21st Nov. 1817.

A & B.

Will be sold on SATURDAY, the 29th inst.

A FARM, containing about 20 acres of excellent Land, with a large Barn, 30 feet long, and a stone House (partly built) of 40 feet in front, by 30 in depth—leaving by situated, 2 miles from Town, on the South side of the St. Foy road.

ALSO,

About thirty-five acres of WOOD LAND, lying between the head of Sillery Cove and the middle road near Mr. Irvine's property. Easy terms of payment will be given. For further particulars inquire of the Proprietor.

W. HAMILTON, A & B.

N.B. To avoid any idea of partiality on the part of the Proprietor, Messrs. T. & J. CARY will sell them at their Auction Room, on the above date, at ONE o'clock.—Quebec, 18th Nov. 1817.

Théâtre Français.

Sous la protection de Son Excellence le
Gouverneur en Chef.

LES AMATEURS du Théâtre Français joueront
SAMEDI au soir, le 29 du courant, la Pièce
suivante, en 3 Actes :

L'ORPHELINE ;

Suivi de la Comédie, en 3 Actes, intitulé :
LE GRONDEUR.

N. B. Les Messieurs et Dames qui voudront avoir
des Loges, s'adresseront au Théâtre, où les Billets
seront vendus.

NOTICE.

A GENTLEMAN of this City, Mr. JAMES OLIVA,
having recently affixed a notification in several
public places in Quebec and Montreal, in which he has
been pleased to post me as a Coward and no Gentleman,
I think it proper to give a short explanation of the cir-
cumstances which have misled Mr. Oliva in forming his
opinion with respect to myself, which he must be con-
scious is as incorrect as that a bravo, such as he has
just exhibited, is not always the genuine test of a man
of spirit.

On the 3d of November last, I was surprised to
receive at my residence at St. Pierre, a very peremptory
message from Mr. Oliva, for an injury which I
could have assured him had no other foundation than in
his own imagination. His demand, however, was so
positive as to leave me no alternative, and I agreed to
meet him the same evening at Three-Rivers, where I in-
tended to request the attendance of a friend. According
to my engagement, I proceeded to Three-Rivers where
I found a friend who consented to attend upon me next
morning. In the mean time I remained at the Hotel,
and at about 11 o'clock at night I was apprehended at
the door of my lodgings. I escaped from the bailiff in-
to my room. The bailiff soon after came to the door
of my room, which he broke open, and again made me
prisoner, showing me at the same time his warrant for
the apprehension of Mr. Oliva, as well as myself.

The noise created by the bailiff gave the alarm, and I
saw no more of Mr. Oliva, who the same night effected
his retreat from Three-Rivers.

My arrest appeared to me at first to have been the
result of the interference of some over officious friend.
It was not long, however, before I was undeceived in
learning that Mr. Oliva's intention of sending me a
challenge had been well known at Three-Rivers for
some time previous. That he had amused himself firing
at a mark, and that good care had been taken to make
it public that he was determined to fight a duel. Upon
ascertaining these facts, I submitted to the arrest, and
was bound over to keep the peace in the sum of £400,
and after having waited the following day in vain for
Mr. Oliva, I returned home.

Mr. Oliva having secured his retreat to Montreal,
thought it must tell much to his credit to post me as a
coward. From Montreal he came down to Quebec, and
again posted me as such; and he, no doubt, now stands
high in his own opinion as a very brave man!

These are the circumstances of the affair for which he
has thought proper to post me. I can produce proof
of the truth of them, if necessary. And I leave Mr.
Oliva to the full enjoyment of his triumph, which I am
sure no man of a correct sense of honor can envy.

FRANCIS BABY, junior.

Quebec, 17th Nov. 1817.

PAR ENCAN,

Seront vendus JEUDI, le 27e du courant, à UNE
heure, sur la terre occupée par Mr. James
Bisset, au CAP ROUGE :

LA REVOLIE, consistant en bled, seigle,
foin et patates.

AUSSEI,

Les animaux, ustensiles, meubles, &c.

T. & J. CARY,

E. & C.

Quebec, 21 Novembre.

MELVIN & BELANGER have for Sale :—Port,
Madeira, and Sicilian Red Wines, Gin, refined
Sugar in hhds, Muscovado, do, in hhds and barrels,
Twanka Tea, superior Jamaica Arrow Root in small
boxes, superfine, fine and common Cloths by the bale,
Men's strong Calf Shoes, Salempores, Russia Sheet-
ing, &c. &c.
Quebec, 25th Nov. 1817.

Wanted,

AN APPRENTICE to the Grocery Business : it
will be required of him to understand both the
French and the English languages—none but those who
can give undoubted references need apply. Inquire
at Messrs. SHEA & WALKER, Upper-Town Market
Place — 24th Nov. 1817.

UNCLAIMED.

LANDED from Brig Caesar, F. Har-
per, from London, consigned to or-
der, the following PACKAGES—who-
ever has in their possession Bills of Lading
properly endorsed to claim the same, will
have them delivered up on payment of
charges

B (in a diamond) } 1 Case,
60 Bundles,
50 Pieces,
W 1 a 3 } 3 Cases,
4 a 5 } 2 Casks,
43 Copper Bolts,
CC 1, 3, 5, 44, 46, 5 Casks,
W B 1 a 2 } 2 Casks,
16 1 do. }
Shipped by
St. Bishop
& Co. to
order.

WM. SANDERSON & Co.
No. 16, Sault-au-Matelot street.
30th Oct. 1817.

FOR SALE.

JUST received per Integrity, from London, a su-
perior assortment of Original Drawings, by the
best masters—also, boxes of velvet and water colors,
pencils, velvet for drawing on gold in saucers, earthen
and galls in cakes, French tools for oil painting,
drawing paper and books, particularly adapted for the
use of schools, wherein that acquirement is taught—
also, French, German and Italian chalks, saole and
camel hair pencils, crayons—royal, hotpressed, im-
perial, medium, elephant and Bristol drawing paper
and drawing books of figures, cattle, landscapes, fish &c.
&c.

ALSO ON HAND,

Superior old Port wine, in cases of 3 and 6 dozens each,
warranted 5 years in bottle.
Madeira wine in bottles.
Wine corks, from 3s to 6s. per gross,
Hambro and red lines.
Pickles, fish sauce, lemon acid, salt lemons, and ope-
dildoe, boots and shoes, &c. &c. &c.

WM. SANDERSON & Co.,
No. 6, Sault-au-Matelot street.
Quebec, 25th August, 1817.

UNION LIVERY STABLES.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and
the public, that he has built a STABLE in the yard
at the Union Hotel, where he intends keeping a Livery
Stable; and Gentlemen may rely on the best attention
being paid to horses intrusted to his charge. Also, the
best of Horses and Carriages to let. Gentlemen will
be accommodated with Horses and Carriages to convey
them on the stage route; and he hopes, by unremit-
ted attention and punctuality, to merit a share of the pub-
lic patronage.
AARON HICKS,
Quebec, 10th Nov. 1817.

FOR SALE, at this Office,
Blank Books of every description.
Nov. 18.

T. & J. CARY

HAVE FOR SALE

THE following articles just imported from the first
warehouse for Cabinet-work in London. They
are of the very best materials, highly finished, and the
most fashionable patterns.

Richly ornamented mirrors, with two lights, and
handsome cut glass panes,
Elegant gilt mahogany pier glasses of various sizes
and sorts,
A very extensive assortment of mahogany dressing and
swing do.
Superb mahogany sideboards, with cellaret and plate
drawers,
Elegant mahogany and rose wood work tables for
Ladies,
Mahogany writing desks,
Do. chests drawers,
Do. Pembroke and pillar and claw tables,
A four feet mahogany wardrobe,
A mahogany secretary and bookcase,
A mahogany loo table,
Mahogany patent dining tables with three shifting
pieces,
Other do.
A set of mahogany chairs, with hair cloth and brass
nails,
A Grecian sofa to correspond with do. loose squab
and bolster,
A mahogany folding top wash stand, with night con-
venience, and earthenware complete,
A do. do. do. with biddet,
A variety of elegant and fashionable chairs,
A mahogany biddet, &c. &c. &c.

Quebec, 25th Nov. 1817.
N. B. The above articles will be sold remarkably
cheap considering their quality.

For Sale, and possession given on the
1st May next :

THAT commodious House, No. 20, St. Ursule
street, upper town, with a good garden, stables
and convenient out-houses. Easy terms of
payment will be allowed. For further particulars, en-
quire of
JOHN MAUNIER & Co.
Quebec, 18th Nov. 1817.

Dancing Academy.

MR. ROD returns his thanks to the Ladies and
Gentlemen of Quebec for the liberal encourage-
ment he has hitherto received, and informs them that his
ACADEMY will be opened at his house, No. 31, St.
Peter Street, on Monday 1st December, and continued
every Monday and Thursday from Five until Nine
in the Evening, for Gentlemen only; and Wednesday
the 3d, at One of the Clock, and continued every
Wednesday and Saturday during the Season for
young Ladies and Gentlemen under Twelve years,
and their Friends may be assured of his perfect atten-
tion and greatest regulation and decorum. No Specta-
tors will be admitted.
Quebec, Nov. 13th 1817.

Apartments to Let,

Furnished or unfurnished, in Mr. Grant's House,
St. Paul street, Lower Town. Apply to Mrs. SPEN-
CER on the premises.
Nov. 18. 1817.

Evening School.

MARSDEN respectfully informs the public, that the
studies of his Evening school will recommence
on Monday the 29th inst. No. 1, Chambiain St. Lower
Town.
Quebec, Sept. 15. 1817.

For Sale,

300 Barrels fresh Fine FLOUR.
20 hhls pearl barley.
WILLIAM PRICE,
Quebec, 4th Nov. 1817.

NOTICE

THE subscribers have transferred their office, (for
winter only) to No. 5, Carrier street, upper
town.
THOMAS, COTTELL & Co.,
Quebec, 20th Oct. 1817.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

150 pipes Spanish Wine,
5 do. Tenerife do.
10 pun heons L. Island Rum,
100 crates Earthenware, best quality,
80 hhds. Muscovado Sugar,
45 barrels do. do.
25 cases Claret Wine, 6 doz. each.
20 do. Spirits Turpentine, 6 do. do.
200 chaldrons Newcastle Coals,
30 barrels Coffee,
30 hhds. and quar. casks Seal Oil,
20 sacks soft shell Almonds.

Few bags Corks, Arrow Root, Olive Oil, rose, pink and yellow Ochre, few tinners Pitchers.

ALSO,

Just received by the Hawker, from Liverpool, 23 puncheons L. I. Rum, 50 barrels Irish Pork, 88 crates Earthenware, 100 tons Coals, 1086 stone Bottles and Jars, 6 boxes writing Slates, and 24 boxes tobacco Pipes.

W. G. & P. SHEPPARD.

Quebec, 30th Sept. 1817.

G. BROWNE and MOLLISON, have for Sale, *wholesale and retail*, Superfine, Fine, and Farine Entière, Flour, Bread and Biscuit of every description, on reasonable terms, at their House near the Union Hotel, Upper Town.

Elegant Pianos and Organ.

JUST landed from on board the Alexander, and for sale by the subscriber—two most elegant PIANOS, with the modern improved Keys—one Gothic 6 barrels Hand ORGAN, of choice Pieces and Dances, &c.

2d August, 1817.

For Sale by the Subscribers.

RECEIVED direct from the Island, per the Albion—

Old London Particular Madeira Wine, in pipes, hhds, and quarter-casks.

STANSFELD & BROTHERS.

Quebec, 26th Aug. 1817.

THE Subscriber intending to continue the Business of AUCTIONEER, BROKER & COMMISSION MERCHANT, under his own name, takes this opportunity of returning his most sincere thanks to his friends and the public in general for the liberal encouragement which he has received when acting under the name and firm of *Fredk. & Thos. C. OLIVA*, and hopes by a continuance of regularity and punctuality, to merit that share of their patronage which he has been accustomed to receive.

THOS. C. OLIVA.

Quebec, May 30, 1817.

FOR SALE.

THE CARGO of the brig FRANCES RUSSEL, CONSISTING OF

Grenada RUM.

ALSO,

A small quantity of excellent Molasses, Lime Juice, and choice Madeira Wine. Apply to

B. B. WOOD.

No. 16, Sauli au Matelet st.

July 2d, 1817.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has commenced business on his own account, at the House No. 30, St. Charles street, outside of Palace Gate—he has on hand an assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hats, children's and youth's do. which he will dispose of at the lowest prices, Ladies' Beaver dressed dyed or altered to the latest fashions, also, Gentlemen's hats dressed and put in shape at the shortest notice.

J. J. BARNARD,

12th May, 1817.

GEORGE BROWNE, Wine Merchant, has constantly for Sale, Champagne, Burgundy, old Hock, Constantia, Frontinac, Vin de Grave, Southern, Claret, Madeira, Tenerife, Sherry, Port, Lisbon, Malaga, and Ginger Wines; also, Brandy, Hollands, Jamaica Spirits, English Ales, Brown Stout, Porter, Cider, &c. &c. warranted genuine and of the best quality.

Quebec, Sept. 18th, 1817.

To be Sold, or to Let,

THE HOUSE No. 12, St. Famille street, together with the out Houses, garden and other dependencies appertaining to those extensive premises;—in the event of a sale the terms of payment could be made to suit the convenience of the purchaser;—For sale or lease, apply to

JAMES IRVINE,

22, St. Louis street.

Quebec, 17 March, 1817.

GEORGE BURRELL, Confectioner and Pastry Cook,

RETURNS his sincere thanks to the public for the liberal encouragement he has received since his commencement in business, and begs leave to inform them that he has removed to No. 2, Hope Street, next corner to Mr. Childs, merchant, where he intends following his business in its various branches; he has fitted up eight commodious bed-rooms for the accommodation of Gentlemen as boarders. Gentlemen wishing to dine regular, can be accommodated every day at 4 o'clock, Soup every day from 12 to 4 o'clock. Orders thank fully received and attended to with dispatch.

N. B. He has on hand a quantity of Merchandise which he offers Cheap for Cash.

20th May, 1817.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE Partnership existing between *FREDK. and THOS. C. OLIVA*, is by mutual consent, this day dissolved.—Any person or persons having claims against the said partnership, will please address themselves to *Thos. C. OLIVA*, who is duly authorised to settle the same; and any person or persons indebted to the said firm, are requested to make immediate payment to the said *Thos. C. OLIVA*, who is also authorised to receive the same, otherwise disagreeable measures will be taken.

FREDK. OLIVA,

THOS. C. OLIVA.

Quebec, May 30, 1817.

W. M. INGLIS,

Watch and Clock maker, &c.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends & the public that he has commenced business on his own account, at No. 3, Fabrique street, North corner of Upper Town Market place, where his utmost endeavours shall be to give satisfaction and insure the confidence of his employers.

Quebec, 14th April, 1817.

TANERIE CANADIENNE,

Au bas de la Côte d'Abraham.

LES propriétaires de la manufacture ci-dessus mentionnée, ont à vendre un assortiment général très étendu de cuir, de toutes espèces, à des prix raisonnables, pour argent comptant ou court crédit approuvé. Les articles qu'on offre à vendre seront trouvés, en les inspectant minutement supérieurs à tous autres de la sorte, tant dans le pays, et ils méritent bien l'attention des acheteurs. Tout ordre, soit de la ville ou de la campagne, sera expédié avec exactitude.

Quebec, 14 Mai, 1816.

For Sale, at GERRARD, FINLAY & CO'S.

Stores, Lower Town:

JAMAICA Rum, Leward Island do.

Sugar—Brandy and Gin.

Wines—Flour of all qualities,

Best Upper Canada Pork.

The whole on low terms for Cash, or as may be agreed upon.

20th June, 1817.

CABINET & UPHOLSTERY GOODS.

FOR sale by the subscriber, No. 1 & 2 Couillard street, an extensive and fashionable selection of Goods imported this year, consisting in

China furniture and ornaments,
Linnings, hangings and fringes,
Mahogany, cane and rush chairs,
Glazed and common paper, velvet and other borders,
Green and blue table cloth covers,
Stair and table oil Cloths,
Mahogany portable Desks and Dressing cases,
Ladies' Work Boxes and Tea Caddies,
Brussels, stair and common Carpet,
Pier and Toilet Glasses,
Walking Canes, Knife Cases and Backgammon boxes,
Paper and japanned Knife and Bread Trays,
Brass and Plated Goods.

Together with numerous articles of his own manufacture, viz.

Mahogany Sideboards, Secretaries, Tambour Desks, Chests of Drawers, Bedsteads, Pembroke, Sopha, Card and dining Tables, Wardrobes, Bookcases,
Hair Cloth, Cane and common Sophas, all of which will be sold at very reduced prices.

The subscriber having procured from Europe an experienced Upholsterer and paper Hanger, informs his friends that all orders in that line will be executed in the most fashionable manner and on reasonable terms.

FREDERICK PETRY.

Quebec, 10th June, 1817.

A VENDRE par les Sous-signés No. 8 rue St. Pierre

Sucre en pains double raffiné en boucaults

Cassonade de la Jamaïque en boucaults et quarts.

Café de la Jamaïque et St. Domingue en sacs et tierçons,

Rum de la Jamaïque en tonnes,

Quelques tonnes de ditto d'une qualité très supérieure,

Jus de citron en tonnes,

Vin de porte supérieur en pipes,

Do en futailles de 3½ daut, 4 et 6 daut, chaque,

Madère en bouteilles,

Vin Sherry en pipes et en quarts de 4 daut, chaque,

Do. Tenerife particulier de Londres en quarts de 4 daut, chaque

Vin d'Espagne blanc et rouge en pipes et barriques,

Do. rouge en futailles de 6½ daut, chaque,

Vin de Bordeaux en tonnes de 3 daut, chaque.

Ravins moutons en boites.

Do. Doria Do.

Do. cuisant en painiers,

Figures en painiers et caisses,

Anchures d'Espagne en sacs,

Lard prime en quarts,

Beurre d'Irlande en barils,

Pianos très beaux,

Toules en caisses,

Fer rond,

Seies assorties,

Clozes assorties,

Chaudières,

Pneus de fer doubles convenables au pain, lb. lb.

Peinture blanche et noire en barils de 28 et 14 lbs chaque,

Poudre à tirer en barils et demi barils,

Bouillons à vin,

Cordage assorti,

Huile de marine en futailles,

Chapeaux de castor et laine assortis,

Chaudelles à moule en caisses, 4, 6 et 8 à la livre.

Savon brun en caisses,

Verreries et vitres,

Cottons rayés et unis,

Drogues de couleurs,

Tailes d'Irlande.

AUSSEI,

Quelques barriques de vin blanc d'Albion d'une qualité très supérieure,

Ditto vin rouge Tinto d'une qualité très supérieure,

Madère d'une qualité supérieure.

ROGERSON, HUNTER, & Co.

Quebec, 17 Juin, 1817.

Printed and published for THOMAS CARY, No. 6, St. Anne street, at the NEW PRINTING OFFICE, No. 21, Buedestreet.