DAILY WITNESS.

VOL. XII., No. 102. | Terms of "Daily Witness," delivered in City, $4 per annum; Mailed, $3 per annum, $1.50 for six months, 90 cents for three months. | MONTREAL, TUESDAY, APRIL 29, 1873. | Terms for advertising in "Daily Witness," 10 cents per line, first insertion, and 5 cents each subsequent insertion. | PRICE ONE CENT.

Shops and Dwellings to be Let

TO LET,

Two very fine large houses and shops, at West end of St. Joseph street; rent moderate. Apply to M. H. BRISSETTE, 51 St. Paul street.

LONGUEUIL.—To let, a furnished Cottage on the river side, 7 minutes' walk from the ferry, containing 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, and summer kitchen; rent $60 per month. Box 104, Montreal.

TO LET, a three-story Cut-stone House, No. 35 University street, in the vicinity of the Cathedral. Apply to JAS. IRWIN, No. 26 Cathcart street.

TO LET,

Longueuil, a small Cottage, pleasantly situated on the bank of the St. Lawrence, within five minutes' walk of the Ferry. Apply to KELLY & DORION, 16 Hospital St., James street.

TO LET,

During summer months, a neatly furnished House in the vicinity of Mance street.
Address T. Drawer 18.

TO LET, a Desirable Villa Residence on Rosemount Avenue, Cote St. Antoine. Five minutes walk from the city railway terminus. Apply to O. W. STANTON, Real Estate Agent, 223 St. James st.

TO LET, a Furnished House, for the summer months.
Can be seen from 11 a.m. till 4 p.m.
Apply at 130 Peel street.

A WELL FURNISHED STONE COTTAGE, Gas, modern conveniences and Garden, to let. Apply 174 Palace st.

TO LET, Store 295 Notre Dame st., now occupied by Henry Lavender, Tailor. Apply to W. H. MUSSEN, City Hall.

TO MANUFACTURERS OR OTHERS.—To Let, with or without power, that large building, corner of College and Inspector sts., known as John Matheson & Son's Soap Factory. Built of brick and stone. Size 71 ft. x 86. Three flats, with good light and ventilation. Apply to A. RAMSAY & SON, Recollet st.

HOUSES TO LET.

In Lorne Avenue, with kitchen extension wing, all modern conveniences, heated with furnace: $70 and $75.
Apply at No. 40 Prince Arthur street.

FARMS TO LET, of from ten to one hundred acres, with good Dwellings, Barns, and Villa lots for sale at Cote St. Luke, opposite Monklands. Outside city limits, on the proposed North Avenue, which will shorten the distance to the Back River nearly one half, when all steep hills, and open up most desirable sites for suburban residences. Terms extremely liberal. Titles perfect; also to let for a term of years, two spacious Residences with valuable Orchard Gardens and beautiful grounds of ten or twenty acres; possession given immediately. Apply to THOS. F. O'BRIEN, 29 St. Mary street.

Miscellaneous.

5,000 PAIRS OF BOOTS AND SHOES.

A Bankrupt Stock, selling off at cost for one month only. Boots and Shoes of every description selling at 20 per cent. less than any other house in the Dominion. Now is the time to get good bargains, at W. DOUGLAS' New Store, First Prize Boot Maker, 39 St. Lawrence street.
Custom work made to order. F

WIRE WINDOW SCREENS

MADE TO ORDER
BY
W. JAMES & SON'S
216 ST. CATHERINE ST.

M. G. EDSON,

MOUNTAIN DRUG HALL,
COR. MOUNTAIN & ST. ANTOINE STS.

GOLD FISH! GOLD FISH!

ELEGANT STANDS & GLOBES.
Manufacturer of
Mrs. HARWOOD'S PRINCE OF WALES SYRUP
(of the late Dr. W. E. Bowman), for children teething &c. F

BEAVER STAMPING COMPANY,

(Successors to R. Warminton & Co).
OLD STAND:
106 McGILL STREET,
(Opposite St. Ann's Market).

Agents for the sale of RUMSEY & CO.'S celebrated FIRE ENGINES, Pumps, &c. Always in stock a large assortment of Cisterns, Pitcher Spout, Deep Well, and Force Pumps, Plumbing, Gasfitting and Steamfitting, in all branches. Iron Pipe, Lead and Composition, Tubing for sale. Cooking Stoves, large Hotel Size, to the very smallest. House Furnishings of every description. "Novelty" and "Excelsior" Wringers, the best in use. Bird Cages in great variety. F.

TEAS!

4500 Packages Selected Green, Black, and Uncolored Japan Teas, including new season's.
J. A. MATHEWSON,
F McGILL ST.

DANIEL LAVERTY'S CITY EXPRESS, Furniture and Job Wagons. Furniture, Baggage, &c., removed by careful and responsible men at reasonable rates.
Office and Stables 116 Bleury street, corner of Dorchester street.

R. & J. BRODIE'S

CELEBRATED
SELF-RAISING XXX PASTRY FLOUR.

The originators and proprietors of this beautiful preparation, wish to caution the public against any prepared flour, got up in imitation of theirs, and not bearing their trade mark on a RED label on each end of the package.

FLOUR for Bread, Rolls, Cakes, and Pastry in all sized packages for family use, quality guaranteed promptly delivered free or charge.
BRODIE'S FLOUR DEPOT.
F CORNER CRAIG AND BLEURY STREETS.

Dry Goods, &c.

NEW DRY GOODS STORE,

WITH A NEW STOCK OF
FIRST-CLASS GOODS.
THOMAS HARRISON,
No. 99 BLEURY STREET.
All at honest prices. F

WESTERN HOUSE.

NEW SPRING & SUMMER GOODS now opening.
NEW PRINTS, REGATTAS & BRILLIANTES.
BEAUTIFUL BLACK LUSTRES & ALPACAS.
FRENCH TWILLS, CRAPE CLOTHS & PARAMATTAS,
LADIES' COLORED SILK BOWS, all shades.
Also, 1 Bale HEMP CARPETS, slightly damaged—selling off very low.
THOMAS BRADY,
F 400 ST. JOSEPH ST. 400.

Removal.

REMOVAL.

Mrs. MULHALL, Dressmaker, begs leave to inform her customers and the ladies of Montreal that she has removed to 341 Lagauchetiere st., near corner of de Bleury.
Wanted, a few experienced hands.

HOUSE PAINTING, PAPER-HANGING, &c.,

JOHN MURPHY,
LATE OF
663 CRAIG STREET.
HAS REMOVED
TO
CLENDINNENG'S NEW BLOCK,
(WEST OF VICTORIA SQUARE),
CRAIG STREET,
where he possesses every convenience for executing all kinds of House and Sign Painting, Glazing, and Decorative Work.
Having had very long and extensive experience in all branches of his art, he offers superior inducements to those who may favor him with their orders.
J. M. is Agent for the new Patent American Wood Carpeting and Parquet Flooring, for Halls, Billiard-rooms, &c., &c. Specimens on view. F.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

J. E. COHEN, Pawnbroker, has removed from 345 Notre Dame, to 60 St. Lawrence Main street, opposite Kennedy's Clothing Hall.—The Pawnbroking business will be carried on as before. Highest sums loaned on all kinds of Jewellery, Furniture, Carpets, Pianos, &c.
Pledges taken on any kind of goods from 25 cents to $1000. F

For Sale or to Let

WORKSHOP and Dwelling to let or for sale. Apply to DAVID R. McCORD, 335 Notre Dame st.

TO LET, large Shed and Office, 72 McGill street, office No. 74 and sample-room adjoining; also, well lighted flat, 100 x 28, corner McGill and William streets, suitable for sample or manufacturing rooms. JESSE JOSEPH, 59 St. Sacrament st.

TO LET, or for Sale, at Longueuil, a new Cottage with trees in front and garden in rear, on St. Thomas street. No. 209. Apply at store in front of French Church.—F. E. VIGER.

Fancy Goods, &c.

DOMINION THERMOMETERS—registers 40 below zero, are strong, serviceable, and warranted correct, to be had of all dealers. Wholesale agent, ROBERT WILKES, Montreal and Toronto.

CANADA PENCIL COMPANY manufacture all grades of superior lead pencils, school office and drawing, the best pencils made. To be had of all dealers. Wholesale, ROBERT WILKES, Montreal and Toronto.

CRYSTAL LOOKING-GLASS Plate—the finest Bavarian sheet, all sizes, now offered the trade at lowest market rates. ROBERT WILKES Montreal and Toronto.

JOB LOTS OF CUTLERY, Spoons, Pictures, Fancy Jewellery, Fancy Goods and Toys will be sold as bargains before stock-taking. ROBERT WILKES, Montreal and Toronto.

WE TAKE NO NOTE OF TIME

BUT OF ITS LOSS.
Yet it has taxed the ingenuity of man to note his loss correctly.

THE WALTHAM WATCH

approaches the perfection of time-keeping nearer than any other class of watches made. They carry and keep time as the rule, not as the exception. This is the result of original and accurate machinery by which a thousand can be produced exactly alike—the result of perfect accuracy can therefore be produced at less cost than by any hand process. The grades of the Waltham watches are "American Watch Company," "P. S. Bartlett," and "Wm. Ellery." All the grades are guaranteed by the Company. Buyers should demand the guarantee to prevent being imposed on by worthless imitations. These watches in Gold and Silver cases of all sizes for Ladies and Gentlemen, can be obtained through all dealers.
ROBERT WILKES,
Sole Wholesale Agent for the Dominion.
Montreal and Toronto.

Business Cards.

HOUSE PAINTING.

The undersigned are now prepared to execute all work entrusted to them with ability and dispatch, and as cheaply as can be done with the best workmanship and material procurable. Having had many years' experience in first-class Painting, Decorating, &c., &c., in the United States and Canada, they guarantee they will do work superior to any in the trade.
The very best references as to ability.
OWENS & GOODWIN,
Painters, Grainers, Decorators, &c., &c.,
F. 45 BLEURY ST.

BRICK MACHINES!!

THE CANADA SELF-ACTING BRICK MACHINES,
calculated for different speeds, according to the system of working.
Descriptive Circulars sent on application.
—ALSO,—
HAND LEVER BRICK MACHINES.
BULMER & SHEPPARD.
Office: 242 Parthenais street, Montreal. F

PAINTING,

J. USHERWOOD,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER, PLAIN AND DECORATIVE PAPER HANGER.
Has just imported a fine selection of English and American Decorations, Fresco Mouldings, &c.
Suitable for houses, stores and offices.
F 59 ST. URBAIN STREET.

JOHN HOUGHTON,

DOMINION WALL PAPER STORE,
92 BLEURY STREET.

Now in stock, and to arrive by the first steamers, a very choice and well-selected stock of WALL PAPERS, for parlors, halls, bedrooms, &c., special designs, and of new and elegant patterns in gold, satin, marbles, tints, and oaks.
Parties removing and house cleaning will find this the cheapest house to purchase from, and can have the same put up on short notice.
Also, Painting, Tinting, &c., &c., done by competent workmen.
92 BLEURY STREET.
F. JOHN HOUGHTON.

EVANS' LIQUID BRILLIANCY,

OR,
FURNITURE POLISH!!!

NO HOUSE
Should be without a bottle of it at this season of the year, as it quickly restores the Polish on Oil-finished Furniture, Japanned Ware, Papier Mache Goods, or any varnished surface, cleaned with less labor and in less time than by any other preparation of the kind yet discovered.
For sale, wholesale and retail, by
TATE & COVERNTON,
DISPENSING CHEMISTS,
157 ST. JAMES STREET. F

1873. PAPER-HANGINGS!! 1873.

The Subscriber is now receiving THE FINEST selection of French, English, and American Paperhangings ever offered in this city, including
NEW DECORATIONS,
STAMPED GOLDS,
SATIN PAPERS,
OAKS & MARBLES,
—and—
PLAIN TINTED PAPERS.
Also, 3 Cases NEW BORDERS, direct from "Delacourt," of Paris.
GEO. C. DeZOUCHE,
F. 351 NOTRE DAME ST.

THOMAS ROBERTSON & CO.,

METAL MERCHANTS,
9, 11 & 13 CHENNEVILLE STREET,
OFFER FOR SALE:
Best Machine-straightened Cold Rolled Shafting iron, Pig Iron: Best Boiler Plates: Stockton, Thorneycroft, Bowling & Swedish brands: Best Boiler Rivets of common and Lowmoor Scrap Iron: Boiler Tubes, all sizes and lengths; Angle Iron, Sheet Iron: Best Cold Rolled Box Annealed, Galvanized Sheet Iron, Sheet Tin, Brass and Copper, Iron Pipes for Gas and Steam, Brass Tube, Brass Valves and Gasfittings. A large assortment of Gasfitters', Steamfitters' and Engineers' Tools, Ingot Copper, Block Tin, Antimony, Babbit Metal, &c., &c.
Quotations on application. F

NOTICE TO THE LADIES!

MONTREAL STEAM LAUNDRY,
Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General
P. B. FERGUSON & CO., PROPRIETORS.
29 ST. URBAIN ST.,
Montreal.
Particular attention paid to Lace Curtains, as we have a superior machine imported from Paris.
Great care taken with all Fancy Laces.
Family washing called for and delivered free of charge.
LISTS OF PRICES
Can be had at the office. F

Situations Vacant.

ADVERTISEMENTS for HELP WANTED inserted under this head at the rate of ONE CENT PER WORD EACH INSERTION.

WANTED, a Girl about 18, as Nurse. Apply at 1283 St. Catherine st.

WASHWOMAN wanted, to take family washing. Apply at 23 Ste. Famille st.

WANTED, a good reliable young Man, as Fireman and Yard-man. Enquire at the American House, St. Joseph st.

WANTED, two Kitchen Girls, for a Restaurant. Apply at 268 St. James st.

WANTED, immediately, 4 good pushing Salesmen and 2 Saleswomen; also a cash boy. Apply at 253 St. Catherine street.

WANTED, two good Blacksmiths. Apply to JOHN McINTOSH & SON, corner of Brennan and Naraweith streets.

COOK wanted; wages $12. Apply immediately for particulars, 34 McGill street, corner Wellington.

WANTED, a first-class Restaurant Cook. Apply to 135 St. James street.

WANTED immediately, a first-class Horse-shoer. Permanent employment. Liberal wages. Address JAMES HAMILTON, Blacksmith, 14 Beaver st., Ottawa.

TO the Ornamental Gold, Silver, and General Engraving. An Apprentice wanted having a knowledge of drawing. 507 Craig st.

WANTED, experienced Washers and Starchers at 36 St. Henry street.

NURSE wanted. Apply 190 Bleury street.

MONTREAL GENERAL HOSPITAL.—WANTED, Two respectable Women as Nurses in the city, and able to read: also a steady man as Jobbing Carpenter, &c., and a smart active man, as Indoor Servant; liberal wages and board. Apply to the Steward.

WANTED, a Matron for the Home and school of Industry. Apply at 18 Commissary st.

Employment Wanted.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF SITUATIONS and EMPLOYMENT WANTED inserted under this head at the rate of HALF CENT PER WORD EACH INSERTION.

WANTED, by a young woman, a child to wet nurse at her own Home. Apply immediately, 183 St. Antoine st.

WANTED, a Situation by a young man of seven years' experience in general business, either wholesale or retail, or travelling clerk; will produce satisfactory references. Address "Fida," Box 153, P.O., St. Roche, Quebec.

WANTED, a situation as Groom or Gardener; best reference given. Address H. R., WITNESS Office.

WANTED, by a young Man just arrived from England, a situation in a retail Grocery store. Address A. D., WITNESS Office.

WANTED, after July 1st, a situation as Teacher—Model School. Apply to D. M. GILMOUR, Teacher, Coteau Landing, P. Q.

WANTED, a situation as Salesman or Packer in a boot and shoe store, wholesale and retail; 18 years experience. Address G.M., WITNESS Office.

A Gentleman, competent to fill the position of Insurance Manager, Secretary, or Accountant, of an Insurance Company or manufacturing firm, desires a situation; highest references. Address for three weeks "Agent," Rossin House, Toronto.

A married man, accustomed to horses, and willing to make himself useful in or near the city, will hear of a comfortable home by applying to J. D. CRAWFORD, 171 Sacrament street.

WANTED, a situation as Housekeeper. Address "Housekeeper," WITNESS Office.

A First-class Laundress wants gentlemen's washing. Address M.A., WITNESS.

GARDENER'S Situation Wanted.—An unmarried man, thoroughly acquainted with all branches of Garden and Greenhouse work, wants a situation. Apply R., Box 652, P.O., Montreal.

Board and Rooms.

ADVERTISEMENTS of BOARD and ROOMS wanted or to let inserted under this head at the rate of HALF CENT PER WORD EACH INSERTION.

TO LET, a neatly furnished room, with use of kitchen, at 57 St. Andre st.

FURNISHED Rooms to let, with or without board, at 36 Shuter st. (West End).

BOARD.—Vacancies at 733 Sherbrooke street, corner Durocher.

TO Let, elegantly furnished Bedroom (with sitting-room if desired), suitable for one or two Gentlemen, near English Cathedral. Address Box 848.

A Handsomely-furnished Bedroom and Parlor; brass fast given if required. 14 Brunswick st.

ROOMS to let, to Married Couples or Single Gentlemen. Apply at 69 Palace st.

A Room to let, with Board, suitable for a Lady and Gentleman; also, a single one. Apply 16 University st.

Comfortably Furnished Bed and Sitting Room, with use of Bath-room, to let, suitable for two gentlemen dining out. 507 Craig street, two minutes' walk from Post Office.

TO LET, Parlor and two Chambers, furnished, University street, opposite English Cathedral. Enquire of GEO. GRAHAME, 16 St. Radegonde street.

TWO Large Rooms to Let, unfurnished, vicinity of Beaver Hall, Address A., WITNESS Office.

FURNISHED Bedrooms to let; double and single, with use of bath. 30 Latour street.

VACANCIES at 70 Anderson street.

BOARD.—Vacancies on the 1st May, 36 University street, opposite Cathedral.

VACANCIES for a few gentlemen on 1st May; also day boarders, in a pleasant locality, two minutes' walk from Post Office. 372 Craig st., nearly opposite Cote.

VACANCY for one with partial Board, 354 Dorchester street.

ROOMS to let.—Two nicely-furnished Rooms without board, at 222 Bleury st.

ROOMS to let, to a married couple or single gentlemen. Apply at 286 Upper St. George st.

FURNISHED Room to let, without board. Apply at 21 Beaver Hall Terrace.

ROOM to Let, with board, 56 Cathcart st.

Board and Rooms Wanted.

ADVERTISEMENTS of BOARD and ROOMS WANTED inserted under this head at the rate of ONE CENT PER WORD EACH INSERTION.

TWO Rooms wanted, lower flat preferred; rent not exceeding $4. Address E., 583 Sanguinet st.

WANTED, by a young man of strictly temperate habits, a furnished bedroom, with board, in a good locality, within 5 minutes' walk of Victoria Square. Address, stating terms, "Board," WITNESS Office.

WANTED, Board by man and wife. Address with locality and terms, M. M., WITNESS Office.

WANTED, by a Gentleman, Furnished Bedroom in the vicinity of Shuter st. or Lorne Avenue. Address D., WITNESS Office.

WANTED, to rent by a young married couple, one room and use of Kitchen in the English part of the city. Address Q, at this office.

BOARD wanted by a single Gentleman, with comfortable Bedroom and use of sitting-room, vicinity of St. Joseph street, west of Mountain. Address B Z., WITNESS Office.

Wanted.

ADVERTISEMENTS of MISCELLANEOUS WANTS inserted under this head at the rate of ONE CENT PER WORD EACH INSERTION.

IF the gentleman who purchased a young Terrier dog on Saturday evening, the 19th April, at the door of Crawford's grocery, Great St. James street, will return him to 34 Lorne Avenue, he will confer a favor and have his money refunded. The dog was also astray and rod under a misapprehension.

Lost, Strayed, and Found.

ADVERTISEMENTS for LOST, STRAYED, and FOUND, inserted under this head at the rate of HALF-CENT PER WORD EACH INSERTION.

LOST, on Saturday afternoon; a Canary from 161 St. Antoine street. Any person returning it to above address will be liberally rewarded.

TELEGRAMS.

CABLE.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, April 28.—In the House of Commons to-night, Mr. Smith moved, that before deciding on further reduction of indirect taxation, the House demand of the Government a declaration of its views respecting the adjustment of imperial and local taxation.

Mr. Lowe, Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Stafford Northcote, and Messrs. Fawcett, Massey, Goschen, and several others, made speeches. The debate was somewhat acrimonious and was protracted to a late hour. It adjourned until Thursday.

THE AMERICAN COMMISSION.

A special despatch to the *Daily News*, from Vienna says that all the newspapers of that city comment at length upon the suspension of the American Commissioners to the Exposition. Some of the papers say the Commissioners received large sums of money for Concessions for restaurants in the American department, before their departure from the United States. It is also said, that one commissioner borrowed money from a *concession-naire* after his arrival in Vienna. The American section of the Exhibition is in perfect chaos. The Commission vehemently protest against their suspension.

The King and Queen of Denmark will visit London in the latter part of May.

THE FRENCH ELECTIONS.

PARIS, April 28.—The total result of the voting in Paris and other parts of France yesterday, to fill vacancies in the Assembly, was the election of three Radicals, four Republicans, and one Legitimist. All the journals, except the Radical organs, express surprise at the vote in the Department of the Seine. Conservative papers say it is due to Thiers leaning to the Left, and Republican journals attribute it to mistaken policy in the Assembly. *Le Bien Publique* looks upon M. Barodet's triumph as a serious event, but repudiates the idea that its party is discouraged. The Monarchist press generally regard the election as a terrible awakening for the Conservatives. *Le Temps* pronounces it a warning to the Government. The moderate Republicans, who supported M. Remusat, are embarrassed by his defeat. M. Remusat has expressed his desire to resign as Minister of Foreign Affairs, but Thiers has induced him to remain in office.

Evening—Remusat's Electoral Committee this afternoon visited Thiers, who appeared to be discouraged. It is reported that when the President first received the news of the Count's defeat he retired to his room and remained one hour alone. It is feared that the Right in the Assembly will now insist on restricting and otherwise modifying universal suffrage. Bonapartist journals declare that the Conservative Republic is dead.

FROST.

The white frost destroyed the vines in the vicinity of Lyons, a disaster similar to that of 1817.

CABMEN'S STRIKE.

VIENNA, April 28.—The cabmen have struck in consequence of disagreement with the authorities in regard to fares. They are threatened with fine, imprisonment, and loss of their license if they persist in the strike.

CONDITION OF THE POPE.

ROME, April 28.—The Pope passed a restless night, and anxiety in regard to his condition is renewed.

REPUBLICAN CLUB.

LISBON, April 28.—A club has been formed in this city having for its object the union of the Portuguese Republicans.

THE CARLISTS.

MADRID, April 28.—A band of 500 Carlists entered the town of Canellades, 30 miles north of Barcelona, and demanded a contribution, but fled at the approach of the National troops.

Reports are in circulation that the Carlists tend to withdraw from Spain and give up the struggle for the present.

UNITED STATES.

SEAMEN DETAINED.

NEW YORK, April 28.—Several ships are detained in port, owing to troubles arising from difficulties between the United States Shipping Agent and the sailors' boarding-house keepers.

Arrived, steamer "City of New York," from Liverpool.

CANADIAN.

(From the Morning Papers.)

OTTAWA.

SALE OF PLANT.

OTTAWA, April 28.—Messrs. Robertson, Roger & Co., of the *Times*, have purchased the type and other printing material of the defunct *Herald*, which was disposed of for almost an old song.

IMMIGRANTS.

The Ottawa Valley Society has brought out upwards of one hundred emigrants by the "Peruvian." They have been all placed in advance.

ACCIDENT.

This morning, a man named Robert Howard, working at Skead's steam saw mill, had his leg fearfully smashed by a steam pipe. The foot and part of the leg, it is thought, will have to be amputated. His escape from death is simply miraculous.

FIRE ON A TRAIN.

While a freight train on the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railroad was passing Ogoodo Station this morning, two car loads of hay were discovered to be on fire. The train was immediately stopped, and the hands, by great exertions, succeeded in throwing the hay off on the road side, before the cars were burned. The fire originated from sparks which were blown from the engine.

KINGSTON.

GENERAL ITEMS.

KINGSTON, April 28.—The Bay of Quinte is open to Trenton. It is not clear of ice altogether, but vessels and steamers can sail through safely. The steamer "Rochester" left for Belleville this morning.

Mr. Hewen, a highly respected and prominent citizen, died to-day from the effects of injuries he received by being thrown out of his buggy by a runaway horse.

A Government engineer is said to be here surveying and laying out Duff's farm for private sale.

A man, unknown, was found dead on the macadamized road, in the township of Pittsburg.

WELLAND.

FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT.

WELLAND, April 28.—An accident occurred here this morning in one of Cairns, Morse, Hart & Co.'s new dredges, by which an engineer, named Thos. Findlay, was very badly injured. They were lowering the bed plate of the engine to its place in the hold, when the chain broke down suddenly, and catching Findlay between the engine and boiler, nearly crushed his head, which was caught between a bolt in the boiler and another in the engine, in which position the unfortunate man was held till assistance could be had to remove the engine, which was several minutes. He had several very bad cuts about the head and face, and is in a very critical condition.

BRANTFORD, ONT.

SOUTH BRANT ELECTION.

BRANTFORD, April 28.—Mr. Hardy, the Reform candidate, has been elected by a majority of 184.

QUEBEC.

R. C. PROVINCIAL COUNCIL.

QUEBEC, April 28.—Yesterday in all the Roman Catholic churches a circular was read from the Archbishop announcing that the fifth Provincial Council of the Church will be opened on Sunday, the 18th of May, in the French Cathedral of Quebec, when all the Bishops of the Province will attend.

FRENCH IMMIGRANTS.

Of the passengers who arrived yesterday per the steamship "Prussian," a great number are French, who intend to settle in this Province.

CAVED IN.

To-day the wall of a workshop belonging to Thomas Andrews, tinsmith, John street, fell, and the workmen within had a narrow escape from being crushed. Fortunately no one was hurt.

NAVIGATION.

The ice in the River St. Charles and Lake St. Peter has broken up simultaneously, and the channel is now open, save at the mouth of the Chaudiere, where the St. Lawrence ice is jammed. The great quantity of beach ice still resting in the basin of the St. Charles forms a solid and unbroken bed for the stream, not a hundred yards in width.

The steamers "Quebec" and "Montreal," of the Richelieu Company, have left their winter quarters, and only await the descent of the ice to commence their regular trips between this port and Montreal.

The Quebec Gulf Ports SS. Company advertise their steamers to leave Quebec and Pictou every Tuesday during navigation, touching at Father Point, Gaspé, Percé, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle, and Shediac, on the up and down trips. But though the advertisement was published on the 19th no special notice of the sailing of the first steamer has been issued. It is believed the first steamer for Gaspé will sail from here on Tuesday, 6th May.

ST. JEROME.

OVER THE FALLS.

ST. JEROME, April 28.—Yesterday about fifty persons had gone to look at a mass of some thousand logs which had been stopped in the windings of the rock which surmounts Sanderson Fall at St. Jerome. A respectable inhabitant of the village named Jean Baptiste Page had the imprudence to venture upon one of these logs, which suddenly becoming detached carried the unfortunate man into the eddy and precipitated him over the fall, a height of thirty feet. His body has not yet been found.

HALIFAX.

SHIPPING.

HALIFAX, April 28.—The "Alhambra," hence for Charlottetown, was at Pictou on Saturday unable to proceed, the Gulf being full of ice.

The "Thames," of the Temperley Line, from St. John for Montreal, and the "Hector," of the same line, from London to Montreal, the latter of which put in in distress late last fall and wintered here, sailed on Saturday night.

THE "ATLANTIC" WRECK.

From the wreck, on Saturday, three bodies were recovered. Nothing was done at the wreck yesterday; there was too much undercurrent for the divers to work. Captain Sheridan says his men could have brought up more bodies from the vessel if the New York Wrecking Company permitted the removal of the goods and luggage floating about in the steerage, which makes getting the bodies very difficult. Over 200 bodies are still entombed in the ill-fated "Atlantic."

AQUATICS.

The friends and backers of George Brown have given up all hopes of being able to make a match with Sadler, and the project has been abandoned for this season.

P. E. I.

From Prince Edward Island papers state that the walls of the Legislature have been decorated with portraits of the Speaker and the late Hon. E. Whalen. The probable debt of the Island at the close of this year is set down at $3,400,000.

DOMINION LEGISLATURE.

SECOND PARLIAMENT—FIRST SESSION.

SENATE.

OTTAWA, April 28.

The bill amending the charter of the Isolated Risk Insurance Co. (as amended in the House of Commons) was read a third time.

The House went into committee on the Montreal and Quebec Port Wardens' Bill, and the committee rose and reported the bill without amendment. The bill is to be read a third time to-morrow.

OATHS IN PARLIAMENTARY COMMITTEES.

Hon. Mr. Campbell moved the second reading of the bill to provide for the examination of witnesses on oath before committees of Parliament.

Hon. Mr. Dickey contended that the bill was beyond the power of the House to pass. He based his argument upon a clause of the British North American Act which provided that the Parliament of Canada should have only such powers as were enjoyed by the Imperial Parliament at the time of the passing of the British North American Act, showing that the House in this direction only empowered a select committee on private bills to examine witnesses on oath.

Hon. Mr. Letellier de St. Just thought that had the bill not been strictly constitutional the hon. Postmaster General would not have taken charge of it. He argued at a considerable length in refutation of the theory of the Hon. Mr. Dickey, contending that the House had authority to pass the bill.

Hon. Mr. Bureau thought there could not be the slightest doubt of the power of the House to pass this bill. He read an able legal opinion.

Hon. Mr. Campbell said if he had not been willing to ask the House to pass this bill he would not have taken charge of it. But still there were grave doubts as to the power of the House to deal with the matter. He thought the case really stood as the hon. member from Amherst had put it. At the same time he did not think it would be a very serious thing to pass the bill. The heavens would not fall, or anything of that sort. As a Canadian, as an independent Colonist, he thought there was a doubt in the matter. Current opinions having been given on both sides, it would be well to err on the side of assuming that power, rather than to circumscribe our privilege to the strict letter of the law.

The bill was read a second time, and ordered for a third reading to-morrow.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, April 28.

BILLS.

A bill to allow of the incorporation of Boards of Trade in the Dominion was read a first time.

BILLS.

The following were passed:—To incorporate the Dominion Express Company; to amend Acts respecting the London and Canada Loan and Agency Company; to incorporate the Marsozo Marble Company of Canada; to incorporate King's County Board of Trade; to incorporate the Royal Canadian Insurance Company; to change the name of the Superior Bank of Canada; to amend the Act incorporating Queenstown Suspension Bridge Company; to enable the Great Western Railway to incorporate the Great Western and Lake Ontario shore Junction Railway Company.

MONTREAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

On the House going into Committee on the bill to extend the power of the Montreal Telegraph Company,

Mr. Tobin read a memorandum of the Western Union Telegraph Company, who said they considered the House would be interfering with their rights if it granted the powers sought by the Montreal Company in their present bill. It set forth that the Montreal Company had sought to obtain similar powers by an amendment to their charter in the Session of 1872, without the consent of the Nova Scotia Company, and the Dominion Parliament refused to pass the bill in consequence of the opposition of the Nova Scotia Company. The Montreal Company had proposed informally to buy the Nova Scotia lines for $150,000; but summarily withdrew that offer and asserted as a clause exempting Nova Scotia from the operation of the bill. They did not subsequently renew the offer to buy the lines until the Western Union Company had finally arranged to purchase them. The Montreal Company then renewed their first offer, but the offer was declined. The memorandum concluded by stating that the Montreal Company had declined an offer made by the Western Union to have a uniform rate of 25c throughout the Dominion. Mr. Tobin having concluded the reading of the memorandum, said he would not further oppose the bill, but leave it to be dealt with by the House.

Sir F. Hincks said that the Committee on Railways and Telegraph, after a long discussion, decided unanimously to report the bill to the House. In respect to the proposed offer to purchase the lines for $150,000, the Montreal Company had asked in the most perfect good faith. The line, he explained, was leased to the Western Union Company, and the lease could only be ended by the Government purchasing the lines, and afterwards letting them to the Montreal Company, an act which they declined to do, and thus the Montreal Company were unable to fulfil their engagement. The bill would not, it would be shown, give any exclusive right to the Montreal Company. He was prepared to grant the same rights to the Dominion or other Companies. The telegraph monopoly, however, which had hitherto existed in Nova Scotia, was virtually an imposition of a tax on Ontario and Quebec. It was true the Western Union Company had proposed the adoption of a 25 cent rate throughout the Dominion, but they wished to retain half of the amount for sending messages over the line from Halifax to Amherst, 125 miles, and allow the same sum to other companies sending messages forward to Toronto or Sarnia. He was satisfied the people of Nova Scotia would be better served by free competition in the telegraph service than by a monopoly.

Mr. McDonald (Pictou) asked that justice be dealt out to the company having possession of the Nova Scotia lines, no matter whether it were local or foreign. He continued, that in view of the services rendered by the Western Union Company and the Nova Scotia Company, the Montreal Line should not be permitted to interfere with their rights, and should the Montreal Line be permitted to traverse Nova Scotia, they should be forced to construct lines wherever they were required, the same conditions having been imposed on the Western Union Company.

Mr. Ryan referred to the statement which had been submitted to the Railway Committee, which showed that last year in the Old Province of Canada, the Montreal Company had erected 45 telegraph stations in places not containing more than a hundred inhabitants, and 97 in places numbering from 100 to 200 inhabitants. We had been told that the Montreal Telegraph Co. would only lay its wires on the main line, practically leaving Nova Scotia without service; that would be a very good argument if the facts bore it out; consulting, however, "Lovell's Directory," a very good authority, he found that in Nova Scotia there were three hundred and seventy-seven villages and towns containing two hundred inhabitants and over, and there were only forty-three telegraph stations, whilst the Montreal Company had erected ninety-seven in towns of two hundred inhabitants, and less. The Dominion Company, the rivals of the Montreal Company, had done good service in reducing the rates, and for his part he believed in free trade in telegraphy.

Mr. Tobin said that if the Company would erect lines where they were required he could see no objection to this present proposition.

Mr. Palmer opposed the bill, in that it interfered with vested rights.

Sir F. Hincks said a similar bill to this had been introduced last session, and it was then understood that the monopoly was endangered. Since that time the Western Union had purchased the Nova Scotia Co.'s charter; they had bought it knowing the risk they ran, and should be therefore prepared to take the consequences.

Messrs. Coffin, Anglin, McKay and Stewart Campbell approved of the bill, the two latter eulogizing the Montreal Telegraph Company for what it had already done.

Mr. Robitaille spoke of what the Montreal Company had done in the Gaspé district, treating the people most liberally, having given a station once in about every nine miles, and said that he therefore considered it his duty to support the bill.

Mr. McDonald (Pictou) moved an amendment on the bill, the purport of it being that any place desirous of having telegraphic communication might have it upon paying the expenses of the wires and guaranteeing an annual payment sufficient to cover expenses.

Dr. Tupper supported the amendment.

On the suggestion of Mr. Blake, it was resolved to consider this amendment on the motion, and to receive the report of the Committee of the Whole.

AFTER RECESS.

The following bills were read a third time and passed:—To amend the Act incorporating the Detroit River Railway Bridge Company; to amend the Act incorporating the River St. Clair Railway Bridge and Tunnel Company. The bill respecting the Desjardins Canal was referred back to the Railway Committee.

Mr. Tobin introduced a bill to regulate the rate of interest.

Mr. Fournier asked whether it is the intention of the Government to impeach Judge Bossé, for having persistently refused since the 9th of April, 1869, to obey the order of the Quebec Government, commanding him to reside at Montmagny, and for having also refused to obey the orders which have been given to him by the Dominion Government to the same effect.

Sir John A. Macdonald—It was not the intention to impeach the Judge, he having explained his reasons, and promised to attend on the opening of navigation.

Sir J. A. Macdonald, in reply to a question, said it was the intention of the Government to ask for an appropriation to organize a mounted police force in Manitoba.

WINDSOR BRANCH RAILWAY.

Mr. Killum moved the House into Committee on a resolution respecting the transfer to a company of the Government Branch Railway in Nova Scotia, extending from Windsor Junction to Windsor. He said this was a most unprofitable line of railway to the Government, but it would be for the good of the country generally to have it transferred to a company in order to have it extended.

Dr. Tupper said nothing had been done to warrant this step, but Government would give it attention, and if it appeared advisable the necessary steps would be taken.

After further discussion the matter was adjourned.

Mr. Mercer moved for a statement of the sums of money paid from the 1st of January, 1868, up to this date, by the Government of the Dominion to Adolphe Chicoine, Esq., Emigration Agent.

RIEL, THE MURDERER.

Mr. Rymal moved for the production of all communications made by or under the authority of any member of the Government to Louis Riel, or any other persons, touching an amnesty in favor of the murderer of Thomas Scott. He traced the circumstances which brought Riel into power, who afterwards imprisoned a number of the people of this country who were loyal to the Canadian Government, and disgraced his character as a patriot by at last assuming the *role* of a murderer. When the Canadian Government failed by force of arms to obtain access to the North, West country for their representatives and officials negotiations were opened and he believed terms of capitulation were agreed to, and what those terms were he asked to ascertain by the motion now before the House. Delegates from the Provisional Government in Manitoba were despatched to Ottawa, who consulted with the members of the Government; after some days they returned and immediately afterwards rumors were out in circulation that an amnesty was to be proclaimed for all political and criminal offences committed during the insurrection. From what occurred on the return of those delegates to the North-West he was bound to believe that such an arrangement was entered into, for after they arrived at Fort Garry the trouble diminished, and a short time afterward without any blood being shed the Government of Canada obtained possession of the territory purchased from the Hudson Bay Company. If the terms of the capitulation were that amnesty should be granted to offenders during the rebellion, then Government were greatly to blame that Riel and his associates had not received what the Government had promised them, for the

we can dispense with them now. The present Aldermen are to hold office until 1875, and thereafter to be elected annually on a system which provides in an imperfect way for minority representation. Perhaps, with Mr. Havemeyer and Mr. Green in the two chief places of trust, we can manage well enough under this arrangement for another year."

THE UNTRIED MURDERER.

The case of Louis Riel was last night once more the theme of discussion in the House of Commons, on a motion by Mr. Rymal for papers touching an amnesty in his favor, or in favor of others, connected with the murder with which his hands are red. The mover, with his downright plain speaking and power of irony, reviewed the history of the crime and the policy of the Government in regard thereto, in a manner that must have made the Premier and his associates in the Cabinet feel rather mean. Sir John sought refuge in an attempt to point out inconsistency in Mr. Rymal's argument. The fine glow of patriotic fervor which he displayed at the elections in Ontario last summer, when he called Heaven to witness how much he wished he could catch Riel, seems to have cooled down. And now we have Mr. Cunningham, the member for Marquette and editor of the *Manitoban*, coming forward to eulogize the murderer as a high-souled patriot, who resisted attempts to extend the authority of the Dominion over Manitoba without previous negotiations with him and those who put him forward, and whose killing of Scott was no murder! Sir John A. Macdonald did not choose to state plainly whether an amnesty had been granted or not, although he must be very well aware of the facts, and his course in this respect was justly censured. It is a disgrace to the Dominion of Canada that a man accused of deliberate murder, not to speak of treason and rebellion, should be allowed to go at large within its borders in the very locality disgraced by his crime, and that Government is either afraid or unwilling to bring him to trial. It seems to be thought that a persistent course of doing nothing will blot the murder from the public memory and smooth matters. Common sense hardly needs the overwhelming testimony of recorded experience to show the fatal absurdity of such a policy.

AMERICAN COMMISSIONERS.—The scandal in relation to the American Commissioners to the Vienna Exposition just now is unfortunate. It led to their temporary suspension by Mr. Jay, the American Minister at that court till the charges against them could be examined. This, it seems, has led to counter remonstrances to President Grant, and diplomatic complications. And this, in its turn, has led to the whole matter being aired in the journals; and there came out rather sarcastic allusions to this very pretty exposition of American products not down in any of the programmes. The Commissioners, with the characteristic enterprise of their country, could not see why they shouldn't grant concessions to particular firms, and receive a large sum,—well to build a model school-house, or, "place it where it would do the most good." But the Europeans are too slow to appreciate such a stroke of financial genius. They remember the Emma Mine of General Schenck at London, Gen. Fremont's railroad scheme at Paris, and the Credit Mobilier developments at Washington, and so they are very suspicious at Vienna.

THE POLICE FORCE.—We trust that at the meeting of the City Council to-night something will be done so as to enable the wages of the Police Force to be raised. It is no light thing to have the police of a great city like this short in numbers, a great portion of them inexperienced, and all of them more or less discontented. The losses during the coming civic year to particular citizens who may chance to be robbed, or otherwise have to suffer, owing to the present insufficiency of the force, would probably of itself be equal in amount to the sum required for the proposed increase both in numbers and pay of the police. Yet why should these persons suffer? It is stated that the Corporation have not the funds. But surely a little deducted from certain of the appropriations proposed for the other public departments by the Committee of Chairmen, would be but little felt by those departments, and might be the restoration of that of the police, which seems to be daily degenerating.

THE CARLIST COMMITTEE IN LONDON.—Republicans are dissatisfied at a Carlist Committee being allowed to carry on its operations openly in London, collecting funds and otherwise encouraging the cause. The Government on being asked in the House of Commons why this Committee was permitted so to make use of British territory, answered that it could not be interfered with as England had not yet recognized the Spanish Republic. And now it is stated the Republicans in London are going to prosecute the Committee for breach of International law. Formerly proscribed Republican and revolutionary committees and plotters made London their headquarters, and gave the Government trouble. Now it is the supporters of fallen monarchy who take shelter in the great metropolis, and excite the indignation of Republicans, whose star is in the ascendant.

— In reply to enquiries as to the route and fares from here to British Columbia, we have to state that from Montreal to San Francisco the fares are, if we are rightly informed, $124 first-class, and $51 second. From San Francisco a mail steamer used to run to Victoria, V.I., but as the subsidy to this steamer has been cancelled by the U. S. Government, we cannot say if it is still on the route. However, there are steamers three times a month from San Francisco to Portland, Oregon: fares cabin $30, steerage $15. We believe there is regular connection by steamer between the latter place and British Columbia at moderate fares.

— Close upon the announcement of an increase in the Cable tariff came the resolution adopted by the Atlantic Cable Company Board of Directors at a meeting in London, in favor of an amalgamation of all the companies and the consolidation of all Cable interests. This action evidently looks to the absorption, not alone of the only opposition cable now laid, but, doubtless, of that about to be laid by the "Great Eastern," in order to continue the monopoly in submarine telegraphy which has made possible the exorbitant charges thus far demanded. Let us have our own Canadian cable as soon as possible.

— Further news as to the Modocs show that Scar-faced Charley was not killed; the body taken for his being that of another Indian called Shacknasty Frank. Among the stories told of the Indians is one about a bombshell told the *Herald* reporter that looks rather attenuated. A shell fell near a group of Modocs and "One eyed Jake," one of the Shacknasty family, ran and picked it up and took it over to John Schonchin and another Indian when they all tried to bite it. At this interesting juncture the shell exploded and the three savages were not interested in any further investigation of fuse projectiles. Nothing has been done since the last fight on April 18th. The Modocs are still in the Lava Beds, and the U. S. soldiers don't seem to care about going in to "exterminate" them. It is probable they will have to "fight it out on this line" all summer, unless milder counsels prevail, and terms of peace be made with the Indians. Captain Jack has a better plea for his conduct than Louis Riel.

—At the regular missionary prayer meeting to be held to morrow evening in Erskine Church, at a quarter to eight o'clock, some account is expected to be given of the Rev. Mr. Nisbet's labors in Samoa.

MORNING SUMMARY.

THE VIENNA cabmen are on strike.

THE CONDITION of the Pope is reported to cause renewed anxiety.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND has a debt of $3,400,000; good for its size.

MURDERS by whites dressed up like Indians are reported from Kansas.

GREAT EXCITEMENT has followed on Barodet's return for Paris.

THE VINES in the vicinity of Lyons, France, have been destroyed by frost.

THE CARLIST CAUSE is reported as looking desperate.

THE SAILORS' BOARDING HOUSE PROSECUTIONS in N. Y. cause difficulty in procuring crews.

MR. HARDY, REFORMER, has carried South Brant by a majority of 184 over Mr. Hawkins, Conservative.

1,000 CHINESE are now employed in St. Louis, Mo. The introduction of a number of them into a cooper shop there caused dissatisfaction to the "Caucasian" hands, who, however, were deterred from any violent expression to their feelings by the presence of a strong force of police. Happy St. Louis!

REV. GEORGE MACDONALD.

This world-renowned writer delivered the first of his course of two lectures last night in the Queen's Hall, the subject being "Robert Burns." He began by pointing to the literary glory of the Elizabethan period, so great in thought and rich in expression; tracing its gradual degeneracy through the 16th, 17th and 18th centuries to the condition in which Burns found it. It was compared by the lecturer to a clear stream gushing forth on the top of a hill, but becoming less clear and living as it descended, and ending at the bottom in a lifeless swamp. The force of the literature on the people had gone, and nothing was left but a set of mere limitators and versifiers. The effects of imitation were blighting, and in the countless forms of nature there was no repetition. But in the 18th century all in poetic literature was going to the bad, and it was time there was a change; and it was necessary that the man who should bring about this reformation should come out of Nazareth; the man who was to alter this was to be found at the plough-tail. Had Burns had a college education, he would have been injured for his great work. The tutors would have put him amongst the other cogs, have sat upon him, and almost, if not quite, addled him. The lecturer then indicated the several qualifications requisite for the formation of the true poet; who, after all, had nothing but what other men had in common with him, though in a less degree. Amongst these gifts was that of getting at the secrets of nature, a faculty which Burns had in a high degree. It was in his favor to have been born in a humble position, for poetic language was not to be found in the schools, but in the speech of the peasantry. Burns was early put to labor, and made to do a man's work. Nevertheless, the acquaintance which this gave him with landscape and with nature, compelled him to be familiar with the very tool chest of poetry. His nature was, as it were, full of windows, at which entered the sound of Æolian harps. Everything ministered to him, for his mind was in harmony with God's works. Burns, having found that his vocation was poetry, resolved to sing of *home* scenes, and to celebrate Scottish themes, and it was his adherence to this that made him so popular. He had a keen eye for the truth, and was quick at detecting shams, as was shown in "A man's a man for a' that", whilst in his poems to a daisy and to a field mouse, he taught us the grand lesson of sympathy with all forms of life. The subject of the "Jolly Beggars" was rather low, something after the manner of a Dutch painting, but the strength and purity of the muse of Burns was shown when he came to real Scottish life, as in the "Cotter's Saturday Night." His sympathies were wide indeed, as witness the last stanza in his "Address to the Deil," which the lecturer quoted; adding, with grim humor, that "thus expressing sympathy might be going far, but those who have least pity for the devil are those who have most to do with him." What, then, he asked, did Burns do for Scotland? He increased the patriotism of Scotchmen, and their love for each other. Never was a finer national song than "Scots, wha hae." But it was the gentler songs that went furthest. Nothing else had the strength of a song for promoting national union. In the songs of Burns there was a fine combination of humor and pathos, and as an illustration of the former quality the lecturer recited the song of "Oh, whistle and I'll come to thee, my Lad," while of the latter he read, "My Nannie's awa." Burns was called by God to do a great work; and that work was to redeem English literature. He might have done it better, and the lecturer must be honest, speaking a word both *for* and *against* him. Burns had been hardly reflected upon because of "Holy Willie's Prayer," "The Holy Fair," the "Kirk's Alarm," &c., and it had been said that he was opposed to religion. The lecturer denied this. He would not say that Burns was a religious character; yet there was a strong religious feeling in him. In those so condemned poems he merely satirized hypocrisy; and if satire on such a subject was at all allowable, Burns was right. Neither was he a temperate or moderate man in the matter of drinking, but it could not be conceded that he was a drunkard. He left no debts behind him, a fact not to be expected from a drunkard; he had to ride 200 miles every week; and to keep accounts of the drollest of figures, yet he died, leaving them all right; and only a few months before his death, he wrote, "A man's a man for a' that," and one that could do these things could hardly be a drunkard. In the days of Burns, drunkenness was not the disgrace it now so justly is. All ranks were unblushingly guilty of it. In Burns it was not love of drink but of company; and what greater things he might have done had he been temperate it was impossible to say. It was a sad thing, too, that he should have to bow his head for a yet worse thing than that; like too many others he had to confess and say: "I have not been my sister's keeper." This was a sad thing, and it was as true as sad that none ever rose to the highest pinnacle of art except he was pure in heart and conduct. One great leading lesson to be learned from the life of Burns was that, be we never so gifted, we cannot stand erect, even in art and literature, unless we aspire to grow morally better.

The lecture was heard with close attention, and was frequently applauded. It was full of fine and generous thought, and replete with the earnest utterances of what was evidently sincere and strong conviction. The language was homely, eloquent, and often beautiful; and the illustrations were both apt and frequent, being the fit setting to many an intellectual gem. The audience, though large, was not so numerous as could have been wished, and as there is reason to believe it will be this evening, when the subject will be "Thomas Hood."

CITY ITEMS.

— The receipts at the Montreal Custom House yesterday amounted to $7,139.13.

— Several schooners have commenced loading flour for the Lower Ports and will clear in a day or two.

—The steamer "Osprey" passed Gananoque yesterday morning. She is the first steamer from the West bound to Montreal.

— We wish to call the attention of the friends of the French Canadian Mission to the announcement that the annual public examination of the School at Point aux Trembles will take place to-morrow at 2 o'clock p.m.

— The Richelieu Company are erecting a temporary wharf for the Quebec boats, over the Company's wharf at the foot of Jacques Cartier square, which is rendered necessary by the high water.

— The Longueuil ferry boat arrived up from Boucherville yesterday, but, owing to the high water, did not commence her regular trips, as it will be necessary to erect temporary wharves, both at Hochelaga and Longueuil.

— The immigrant sheds in Point St. Charles were yesterday opened to accommodate emigrants coming from Quebec. Mr. Daly superintends this establishment and is assisted by Mr. McClanagan, of the Express Hotel. Meals are provided and the place is neat and cleanly. An extension of 40 feet is to be made shortly, with separate kitchens and offices.

— Messrs R. Warminton, H. A. Nelson and J. M. McK. Duff of this city, W. P. Carter of Cowansville, and E. O. Brigham of Brigham, have been incorporated as "The Beaver Stamping Company," for the purpose of carrying on the manufacture and sale of tinware, iron, gas fittings, lead and metal tubing, and other manufactures, with a capital of $100,000 in 1000 shares of $100 each.

THE RIVER.—The water has risen about four inches since yesterday, and is likely to rise still higher.

COLORPHOBIA—ALMOST A RIOT.—Last evening some white employees in McAdam's tobacco factory, Hochelaga Road, feeling disgraced at being obliged to work in company with some negroes, attacked the latter after the closing of the factory, and a general fight ensued. Acting Sergeant Gauthier with a *posse* of police dispersed the combatants, but, their bad blood being aroused, the attacking party followed the blacks, and in Papineau Square another *melee* occurred. The colored men fired two shots from a revolver, which caused the fight to become more serious. Oaths, blows and yells were mingled, while a terribly excited crowd of citizens poured into the square. For a time things looked serious, but the police formed in Panet Street Station, and, marching down under Sergeant Ritchie, reinforced Gauthier, when together they dispersed the crowd numbering about 500 persons. Beyond a few cuts and bruises, and the letting of a little superabundant blood, no harm was done physically, though it is deplorable that such a collision should have occurred. It is said that very fortunately the revolver that was discharged was only loaded with powder.

A SUGGESTION.—There are throughout the city many shade trees dead and decaying, which when other trees are putting forth their green leaves will present an unsightly appearance. In the present scarcity of fuel we would suggest that these dead trees be cut down and given to the poor or to charitable institutions for fire wood, and their places supplied by young ones. This work would easily be accomplished by two or three men from the Surveyor's Department. While upon this subject we would suggest to proprietors of real estate the general planting of shade trees in the streets opposite their respective properties. Good trees can be easily obtained at fifty cents each, and the increased value to property and the grateful shade afforded to pedestrians, as well as the addition they make to the beauty and attraction of the city, amply repay the trifling out-lay. In many of the American towns exist a Forest Planters Club. Each member is bound to plant a tree in the public street every year, and to watch over it for two years, replacing it if it should die in that time. The contrast between Canadian and American towns and villages, in respect to ornamental shade trees in the public streets, is very striking. This is the best season for planting trees, and the *habitants* will soon bring in their supplies. Let every citizen who values the welfare and comfort of this and future generations, plant trees in the streets. Every passer-by who enjoys their grateful shade, will thank the tree planter.

COMPLAINTS.—Several inhabitants of the Quebec Suburbs, and other places throughout the city, say that they find from past experience that reporting the wretched state of their roadways to the proper authorities is useless, consequently they appeal to the *Witness* in order that the Road Committee may not plead ignorance of the fact. A resident says the sidewalk in St. Mary st. is really dangerous to life and limb, and that several accidents have already occurred at the corners of Jacques Cartier and Amherst sts. There is a pitfall, he says, at the latter place which was caused by one of the C. P. R. Co's sleighs coming in contact with the lamp post and upsetting it. The Gas Company had the post replaced and filled in the excavation with snow and earth, which has succumbed and left the pitfall complained of. It appears, from complainant's statement, the Water Works people are to blame for the other grievance, which was caused by opening the street; also that some of the roads are almost impassable for waggons, &c., drivers having to avoid several places in the suburbs altogether. In fact the sidewalks and roadways all over the city require a thorough overhauling. Loose planks are plentiful and pedestrians are involuntarily actors in a game of see-saw. It is time Councillors were attending to their duties in this matter, as their constituents will doubtless call them to account for neglect.

CITY MORTALITY.—There were 100 interments in the cemeteries for the week ending 26th April. Protestant—26. Wards—East, 4; St. Ann's, 4; St. Antoine, 4; St. Lawrence 6; St. Louis, 2; English Hospital, 1; outside city limits, 5. Children under one year, 12; do from one to five years, 2; males, married, 5; females do, 2; females, unmarried, 3; males, do, 2.—Diseases: croup, 1; scarlet fever, 1; dropsy, 1; jaundice, 1; asphyxia, 1; consumption, 3; bronchitis, 1; congestion of lungs, 1; disease of bowels, 1; cerebro-spinal-meningitis, 2; senility, 1; infantile debility, 5; still born, 3; paralysis, 1; erysipelas, 1; syphilis, 1; gastritis, 1. Roman Catholic—74. Wards—St. James, 17; St. Mary, 7; St. Ann, 7; St. Louis, 6; St. Lawrence, 4; St. Antoine, 7; English Hospital, 1; St. Bridget's Refuge, 1; Hotel Dieu, 4; Couvent de Bon Pasteur, 2; outside city limits, 18. Children under one year, 25; do from one to five years, 18; do from five to twelve, 2; males, unmarried, 5; females do, 7; males, married, 11; females do, 6. Diseases: consumption, 7; convulsions, 6; meningitis, 9, cerebro-spinal-meningitis, 3; senility, 1; small-pox, 2; accidental death, 3; cancer of womb, 1; typhoid fever, 1; simple fever, 2; scarlet fever, 1; suicide from mental aberration, 1; dropsy, 1; infantile debility, 6; inflammation of the intestines, 4; tubercular abscess, 1; tumor, 1; scrofula, 2; abscess of the brain, 1; erysipelas, 1; paralysis, 2; dentition, 5; pulmonary emphysema, 1; pneumonia, 1; measles, 1; still-born, 4; extravasation on the brain, 1.

THE NEW STEAM LAUNDRY.—On Saturday afternoon Mr. Knight, the resident superintendent of the new Steam Laundry, lately put in operation at No 774 Craig street, invited a number of interested gentlemen, press reporters, &c., to visit and inspect the works and building. The laundry is owned by a company composed of Montreal gentlemen, who have obtained a charter from the Quebec Legislature. The offices, directors' room, &c., in the front of the building are models of neatness, chastely and elegantly fitted up. Behind these is the engine room, where a 15 horse power steam engine turns the machinery. In rear of this is the wash house, 40 by 60 ft., where are steam boilers, 3 circular washing machines, on improved principles, and all the model appliances for disintegrating dirt from clothes, among them being a patent French mangle, equally competent to manipulate a lace curtain or a carpet. Only one other machine of this sort is in America. The clothes will be expeditiously wrung out and dried by passing them through a patent cylindrical wringer. The upper story is occupied by the dryers and the ironing room, and the fire in the drying department is the only one in the building beside that in the engine room. The superior quality of work turned out by the improved appliances will no doubt cause the laundry to be well patronized; the Company is specially prepared to do family washing in all branches, while their terms are most liberal. Ladies in despair over untidy and expensive washerwomen should pay this laundry a visit and see for themselves the complete system there adopted. Cleanliness, expedition and economy are the Company's watchwords.

New Advertisements this Forenoon.

BANKRUPT STOCK.

THE WHOLE OF
McCLURE'S BANKRUPT STOCK,
AT 913 ST. CATHERINE STREET.
Next to Messrs. Alexander & Son's).
Will be ready and laid out THIS DAY, TUESDAY, 29th.
GLOVES, from 5c. WHITE COTTON HOSE, 5c.
GENTS' ALEXANDRE KID GLOVES, slightly damaged, 25c.
PRINTS, 5c, Hoyles, 10c.
White Dress Shirts reduced to less than cost.
A good White Shirt for 70 cents
GEO. RINGLAND, Manager.

ESTEY & CO.'S REED ORGAN for sale cheap for cash; has 11 stops, two key boards, pedal frame C to D, 27 notes, handsome black walnut case. Can be seen at 25 Plateau street, any evening after 7 o'clock.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.
NOTICE.
IMPORTANT TO PETROLEUM REFINERS.
In virtue of the powers invested in me as Assignee to the Insolvent Estate of Paradis & Labelle, I will sell by public auction on the premises in the Parish of Longueuil, on THURSDAY, the EIGHTH day of MAY next, at twelve o'clock, noon, a very desirable Lot or Emplacement, of irregular form, terminating in three fronts, containing two arpents, seventeen perches and eighty-seven feet in superficies, bounded in front by Chemin de la Pinierre, in depth, and on one side by properties belonging to the Montreal and Champlain Railroad Company, and on the other side by Antoine Achim, the said emplacement being known as number two hundred and forty-seven (247) on the Official Plan and in Book of Reference of the said Parish of Longueuil, with a Petroleum Refinery, known as the "Royal Petroleum Refinery," with the machinery complete for the manufacture of Petroleum. The attention of Refiners and Capitalists is directed to this sale, as property in the vicinity has increased in value over two hundred per cent. within the last few years. The plant is new and in first-rate order. All information can be obtained by applying either personally or by letter, to the undersigned at his office, Merchants' Exchange Buildings, in the City of Montreal.
A. B. STEWART, Assignee.
Montreal, April 28th, 1873.

New Advertisements this Forenoon.

THE GREAT CHEAP SALE OF
Messrs. McCLURE & CO.'S STOCK,
393 NOTRE DAME ST.,
WILL COMMENCE ON
THURSDAY MORNING, 1st MAY.
ALEX WATSON & CO.

BUY YOUR HATS
AT NELSON'S,
509 CRAIG STREET.

NOTICE.
30 bls. Sweet Havana PINEAPPLES to arrive to-night per express and for sale Wednesday morning, cheap, at 19 McGILL STREET.
HART, MARION & CO.

JAS. A. EGGINTON,
GLASS CUTTER AND ENGRAVER,
637 CRAIG STREET.
ORNAMENTAL GROUND AND CUT GLASS,
FOR
HALL DOORS, SIDE AND FANLIGHTS.
Call and see Samples.

FOR SALE, Pair well-matched Black Ponies, 15¾ hands high, 5 and 7 years old, perfectly sound, well broken to saddle and harness, have been ridden and driven by a lady. To be seen at Royal Horse Bazaar, Ontario street.

TO LET, on Dorchester Avenue, 13 arpents of land, part in orchard. Apply to A. C. DECARY, Esq., N. P., 15 St. Joseph street.

TO LET,
Building with steam power, suitable for manufacturing purposes. Apply to
JNO. L. HARDMAN & CO.,
107 Queen street.

TO LET, from 1st of May, No. 351 Seigneur street, near St. Antoine street, seven large sized rooms, W. C., and every convenience. The house is nearly new and well finished; present tenant is suddenly compelled to leave Montreal; rent only $12 a month. Apply M. LONGTIN, 350 St. Joseph street.

CORNS, BUNIONS, AND ALL Diseases of the feet, instantly cured. Reader, if you are afflicted with any of the pains and aches which are occasioned by Corns and Bunions call on DR. MURPHY, where you will be sure to obtain immediate relief. Office, 76 Craig street.

WEST-END CHAMBERS,
In the NEW CATHEDRAL BLOCK.
Now ready to Let, unfurnished, to gentlemen only, several Rooms, in suites and singly—English style. Apply to the Caretaker on the premises, 93 St. Catherine street West.

BLACK SILKS!!!
A CHEAP SET OF
BLACK GLACE
and
BLACK GROS GRAIN SILKS,
Just received at
DESMARTEAU & BOND'S,
456 NOTRE DAME ST.

GEORGE WELDON,
CARVER AND GILDER, MIRROR AND PICTURE FRAME MAKER,
117 BLEURY Street, near DORCHESTER.
REGILDING DONE EQUAL TO NEW.
TRADE ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

SHIRTS! SHIRTS!! SHIRTS!!!
IN WHITE, REGATTA, OXFORD AND ZEPHYR CLOTHS,
Cut by an experienced cutter on the premises.
The word MISFIT is foreign to our establishment.
In our Laundry we have the best Ironer in Montreal. Shirts dressed in an hour.
Gents' dressing solicited.
Samples of Shirtings sent to all parts of the country.
W. GRANT & CO.,
249 St. James street.

STATIONERS' HALL.
CHEAP SALE BEFORE REMOVING.
MURRAY & CO.
Are selling, at reduced prices,
STATIONERY, BLANK BOOKS,
BIBLES, CHURCH SERVICES, PRAYERS,
MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
POCKET BOOKS, and WALLETS,
and a large assortment of Fancy Goods, all at a great reduction before removing to their new premises
NEXT DOOR TO ALEXANDER'S,
two doors west of their present stand.
Call early and get bargains.
MURRAY & CO.

DOORS, WINDOWS, BLINDS
MOULDINGS, ARCHITRAVES,
TURNINGS, SCROLL SAWING,
PREPARED BOARDS and FLOORING,
and all kinds of HOUSE JOINER WORK constantly on hand, and made to order.
Also on hand a large stock of LATHS, FURRINGS, SCANTLINGS, DEALS, and SAWN LUMBER, of every description.
JAMES SHEARER,
St. Gabriel Locks.

NEW
MAPLE SUGAR!!
JOHN ROBERTSON,
4 PHILLIPS' SQUARE.

W. & F. P. CURRIE & CO.,
100 GREY NUN STREET, MONTREAL,
IMPORTERS OF
PIG IRON, BAR IRON,
BOILER PLATES, GALVANIZED IRON,
CANADA PLATES, TIN PLATES,
BOILER TUBES, GAS TUBES.
Ingot Tin, Ingot Copper, Sheet Copper, Antimony, Sheet Zinc, Ingot Zinc, Pig Lead, Dry Red Lead, Dry White Lead,
Rivets, Iron Wire, Brass Wire, Glass, Paints, Fire Clay, Fire Covers, Fire Bricks,
Veined Marble, Roman Cement, Portland Cement, Canada Cement, Paving Tiles, Garden Vases, Chimney Tops, Fountains, DRAIN PIPES.
Patent Encaustic Paving Tiles, &c.
Manufacturers of SOFA, CHAIR & BED SPRINGS.
A LARGE STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND.

WANTED, a good Servant Girl, who can sew, at 423 Notre Dame street.

WANTED, a good Sales Lady at 422 Notre Dame street.

WANTED, an elderly woman, to take care of young children and assist with housework. Apply to Mrs. WARD, Rosemount Avenue, Cote St. Antoine.

WANTED, a Man, to drive a Furniture Waggon. None need apply but a steady man. Apply No. 2 Chaboillez Square.

WANTED, a General Servant, in a family of two. Apply at 66 Cadieux street.

WANTED, a General Servant; also a woman to do house cleaning. Apply at 11 Brunswick st.

WANTED, a steady Man, to drive a grocer's express waggon; married preferred. Apply to MUSSEN & McFARLANE, 121 Bleury st.

WANTED, a Boy at 6 Phillips' Place, Beaver Hall.

TO LET, Comfortable Bedrooms and Sitting-rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Apply at No. 67 St. Sulpice street, corner of Notre Dame.

WANTED, a Thorough Servant that can milk a cow; good wages; no washing; also a young girl as Nurse. Apply 506 St. Lawrence Main st.

A TRAVELLER—Groceries—by one thoroughly experienced; unexceptionable references. Post-Office, Drawer 366.

WANTED, a Partner, with capital, for a manufacturing business in Montreal. L., WITNESS Office.

EMPLOYMENT wanted by a trustworthy young man, as Book-keeper or Assistant. Address X., WITNESS Office.

IMMEDIATE EMPLOYMENT wanted as Salesman, in Wholesale house; good references. Address W., WITNESS Office.

WANTED, situation as Traveller, Collector, Checker, or Clerk. Address "Trust," this office.

WANTED, a Protestant Girl, as thorough servant, in a small American family; good wages. Apply at 198 St. Catherine street.

REQUIRED by an English Lady, the daughter of a Professional man, a position as Housekeeper or Companion to a Lady; she is of an active and cheerful temperament, is thoroughly conversant with all domestic arrangements, and proficient in the following accomplishments, namely: oil and water color painting, leather and wax flower modelling, velvet painting and music. Good references can be given. Address Box 540, St. John, New Brunswick.

WANTED, a Plain Cook, who can wash and iron—2 Beaver Hall Square.

WANTED to Purchase, a Lathe, 16 foot bed, 24 in. swing, with Drops complete. Address with particulars, to Box 414, Post Office, Montreal.

WANTED,
Apprentices to the Brass Moulding, also girls to make cores.
ROBT. MITCHELL & CO.,
Montreal Brass W.

New Advertisements this Forenoon.

RECOLLET HOUSE.
GRAND OPENING DAY
IN THE
COSTUME DEPARTMENT
ON
MONDAY, APRIL 28th, 1873.
We will show on THAT DAY a large Invoice of Foreign made Mantles and Dresses,
The very newest styles and materials,
NAMED—
The GRENADA, RECANNIERE,
" MARGUERITE, DOLMAN,
" SYRACUSE, DON CARLOS,
" PENELOPE, PAULUS,
" LYRA, CANADIENNE,
" ERICH, EMMA,
" MARINELLI, JANETTE,
" BAVARIA, ZEPHYR,
" ALFONSO, BIANCA,
" GERMANIA, GAVOTTA.
The above Goods are from one of the first Costumers of Berlin, and are the only goods brought to Canada from that
SEAT OF FASHION.
We will also show with these a Case of London made
SUITS & DRESSES,
designed specially for this market, and to our order, NAMED
The NOTRE DAME,
" COLUMBIA,
" DUFFERIN,
" MAYORESS,
" RECOLLET,
" METROPOLITAN,
" DOMINION,
" DUCHESSE,
" NORMA,
" AGATHA,
" LADY MARY,
" COUNTESS,
The New York Markets have been ransacked for the newest things in Linen and Pique Suits and Dresses, and we will show the same day as above the following named:
The CACOUNA,
" QUEBEC,
" SAGUENAY,
" SARATOGA,
" NEWPORT,
" SACO,
" LONGBRANCH,
" NEW JERSEY,
" DELAWARE.
We are determined to make this department a success, and have therefore secured the most suitable goods and styles, so as to place within the reach of the ladies of Montreal and vicinity an assortment at prices that cannot fail to secure their patronage to
THE RECOLLET HOUSE.

LABOR, TIME AND CLOTHES saved by using MEILLEUR'S & CO'S 5½ WASHING MACHINE, and one of the following Clothes Wringers: The "Novelty," "Excelsior," "Eureka," or "Eccentric."
DEPOT 526 CRAIG STREET.
NOTA.—A few good Cooking Ranges on hand.
MEILLEUR & CO.

LUMBER! LUMBER!
Pine Lumber of every description, flooring and dressed lumber of all kinds; also, Basswood, Hardwood, Butternut, Chestnut, Mahogany, Whitewood, Black Walnut, &c., all sizes.
A large stock of Veneers, Red Cedar, White Holly, &c.
Lumber Yard and Office: 715 Craig st.
Planing and Saw Mill: 167 Nazareth st.
E. J. MAXWELL & CO.

LEONARD & WEBSTER,
MERCHANT TAILORS
184 McGILL STREET,
In returning thanks to the Public for the liberal patronage bestowed on their late firm of
LEONARD & McKINNON,
Beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they are now prepared to exhibit for inspection a full and choice assortment of goods, suitable for spring wear, and hope that by close attention to business to merit a continuance of support.
We will be found at the old stand,
184 McGILL STREET
Up to the first of May next, at which date we will remove to No. 386 Notre Dame st., adjoining Mr. J. A. HARTA, Dry Goods.

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!
SEASON 1873
D. MORRICE & CO.,
CITY ICE OFFICE, 230 McGILL STREET.
Will be prepared to supply families, Confectioners, Hotels, Steamboats and others, with Pure Bright Ice, cut at and above the Victoria Bridge, at the following prices. Delivered daily, (double supply on Saturday for Sunday's use,) from the first of May to the first October:—

10 lbs.	per day for the Season.	$5 00	
20 lbs.	do	do	9 00
30 lbs.	do	do	11 50
40 lbs.	do	do	13 50
50 lbs.	do	do	15 50
10 lbs.	do	per month,	1 50
20 lbs.	do	do	2 00

Ice will be delivered during the month of October (three times a week) to parties requiring it, at the above monthly prices.
Orders to change the quantity or to discontinue, should be given at the office, or to the drivers in writing.
Tickets for extra ice will be furnished to families when required, at a small charge. Drivers are prohibited from giving extra ice.
Payments strictly cash in advance.

OPTICIANS,
HEARN & HARRISON,
MONTREAL.
Makers of
SPECTACLES, EYE GLASSES,
TELESCOPES,
MAGIC LANTERNS, OPERA GLASSES,
BAROMETERS, THERMOMETERS,
HYDROMETERS,
TELESCOPES, MICROSCOPES,
RACE GLASSES, THEODOLITES,
TRANSITS, LEVELS, COMPASSES,
CATALOGUES FREE.
Wholesale and Retail.
Carriage allowed on all parcels over twenty dollars C.O.D.

REMOVAL.
H. WAIT,
HAS REMOVED TO No. 12 BLEURY STREET,
OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND,
Where he will still continue to keep on hand Choice Butter, Provisions, Fruit, &c., &c.

TO THE TRADE.
Just received, 3 cases containing 230 pounds of HAIR of the following lengths: 12 in., 16 in., 18 in., 22, 24, 26, 28, 30.
Also, a large quantity of
WIG PARTINGS, BAND PARTINGS, and WIGS
J. PALMER & SON,
357 NOTRE DAME STREET.

ALEXANDRE'S KID GLOVES
We have just received a full assortment of sizes for our
SPRING AND SUMMER TRADE,
IN ALL THE
NEW AND DELICATE SHADES
NOW SO FASHIONABLE.
KEMP & CO.,
306 NOTRE DAME STREET.

DR. GARDNER
WILL REMOVE
On the FIRST OF MAY
FROM 470 TO 525 ST. JOSEPH STREET.

New Advertisements this Forenoon.

TARPAULINS! TARPAULINS!
for sale or hire. All kinds, Waterproof Horse and Waggon Covers; also, Tents and Window Blinds, made to order by—
THOS. SONNE & BROTHER,
Sailmakers & Tarpaulin Manufacturers,
No. 15 COMMON ST.

IT IS WORTH KNOWING that we are selling off a well-assorted stock of Crockery and Glassware at reduced prices to save cost of removal. Special bargains in Lamps and Chandeliers.
MacTAVISH BROTHERS,
140 St. Lawrence street.

H. LEVY & CO.,
First-class Wholesale and Retail Manufacturers of all styles of
REAL AND IMITATION HAIR CHIGNONS SWITCHES and COILS.
All Ox-troyed Hair dressed over.
First-class Ladies' Hair Dressing Rooms,
No. 422 Notre Dame and 110 St. Lawrence Main sts., } MONTREAL.
REAL HAIR sold, changed and bought.
HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS, &c.
—JUST IMPORTED,—
a large stock in the newest styles of
FRENCH, ENGLISH, GERMAN and AMERICA JEWELLERY,
which we will positively sell at prices much cheaper than elsewhere.
PLEASE ALL AND PROVE IT.

J. K. MACDONALD,
BLACK & WHITE SMITH, BELL HANGER, &c.
HAS REMOVED FROM
687 CRAIG ST. TO 24 LATOUR STREET.

YOUNG MEN READ THIS—
For TEN CENTS a day you can rent a good Parlor Organ or Melodeon to pleasantly pass away the evening.
For TWENTY-FIVE CENTS a day for one year you can become the owner.
It is universally admitted that music is elevating and refining in its tendency.
Just try it young man. You will never regret the money spent.
NEW YORK & BOSTON PIANOFORTE CO.,
432 NOTRE DAME ST.
THOMAS A. HAINES,
Manager.

SALE OF BANKRUPT STOCK.
The undersigned beg to announce that they have purchased the immense stock of
DRY GOODS,
belonging to the estate of
JAMES McCLURE & CO.,
393 NOTRE DAME STREET.
We are now engaged in checking and re-marking the goods, and in a few days will be prepared for the reception of customers, of which due announcement will be made.
This sale is one of the most important and extensive that has hitherto taken place in this city.
The goods in the various departments have been purchased with judgment and taste, and are in excellent condition.
The stock of HOSIERY is undoubtedly the best in Canada.
The DRESS GOODS, BLACK and COLORED SILKS and POPLINS, are well worthy of an inspection, while all the other departments are in every respect proportionately attractive.
We would advise intending purchasers of Dry Goods to hold themselves in readiness for this sale as we are confident it will be to their advantage to do so.
The sale when commenced will be continued from day to day until the entire stock be disposed of.
ALEX. WATSON & CO.

"WHEN FOUND
Make a note on," so says Cap'n Cuttle and so say I" was Mrs. Frazer's remark the other day, who had been trying, but trying in vain, at many Establishments to get really pretty and becoming suits for her three boys, that would wear well and come at moderate price. She at last decided to try J. K. KENNEDY & Co., and that trial was the cause of the above extension; and she advises all ladies who wish their sons well dressed in Knickerbocker Suits of best cut from $3.75, the new School Suits $5.50, or College Suits from $7.50, to make a note also of
THE ADDRESS,
J. K. KENNEDY & Co.,
DOMINION CLOTHIERS,
(31 St. Lawrence street, Montreal.)

CRICKET FLANNELS.
50 ps. WHITE—various qualities
FOR SALE.
LEWIS S. BLACK & THOM.

BATH TOWELS.
3 Cases Wm. M. Christy & Son's
CELEBRATED TURKISH TOWELS.
For sale to the Trade.
LEWIS S. BLACK & THOM.

WALSH'S CLOTHING.
The rush of Customers to this leading store is a proof of the unusual good value offering to the public

JOSEPH GOULD'S
PIANOFORTE WAREROOMS,
211 ST. JAMES ST.
The usual variety of Instruments is always to be found at this Establishment, consisting of the celebrated
STEINWAY, CHICKERING, DECKER AND OTHER PIANOFORTES.
AND THE
MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS.
Also, a large assortment of
SECOND-HAND & MEDIUM-PRICED P

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

9 a.m. at the Montreal Observatory, latitude 45° 31' 0" N., longitude 73° 34' 30" W., 187 feet above the sea, 41 ft. 9 in. west of Greenwich; height above ground of thermometer, 4 ft. 6 in.; height of snow on level, 18 in.; rainfall, 0.00 in.; yesterday, 0.00 in.; total fall since 1st January, 1873, 0.00 in. Observations taken by CHAS. SMALLWOOD, M.D., LL.D., F.C.L.

	APRIL 28, 1873.	
	2 P.M.	9 P.M.
Barometer corrected	30.030	29.972
Thermometer ..... exposed cold	61°	41°
		37°
Wind	W	N'W
Rain, depth in inches		0.000
Rain, depth in inches		0.000

MONTREAL ALMANAC.
Moon's Phases for April.

Sun Rises	4-56	First Qr	4 h 43 m ev'g
		Full Moon	12 h 55 m ev'g
Moon Rises	1-5	Third Qr	3 h 0 m morn
Sun Sets	6-55	New Moon	3 h 43 m ev'g
Moon Sets	10-76		

12 O'CLOCK EDITION.

NEW YORK, April 29, 10 a.m.—Gold, 117; Exchange, 8¾.

—Greenbacks bought at 15 @ 85 dis., and sold at 0 @ 0 dis. American silver bought at 7 @ 50 dis.; British do at 7 @ 60 dis.; small do at 8 @ 0 dis.; 5 20's sold at 116 @ 116.

P. D. BROWNE, Banker and Broker.
151 St. James street.

FROM OTTAWA.
(Special to the Witness.)

OTTAWA, April 28.—In Printing Committee this morning, it was resolved that the contract with Mr. Taylor be terminated at the end of the five years originally arranged for, and that, during the recess, tenders be advertised for.

In the Public Accounts Committee, Mr. Mackenzie offered a resolution setting forth the facts as brought out in the investigation with regard to the Intercolonial Railway contract, section five. Mr. Ryan moved in amendment that the evidence be submitted to the House. The amendment was carried by 23 to 14.

Information has been received here of the death of the daughter of Sir E. Kenny, who was called away a few days ago to the side of his sick child.

In the Public Accounts Committee this morning Mr. Tilley stated that Government had no intention of proroguing the House for at least three weeks.

Mr. Sheriff Leblanc, of Montreal, is in town.

The temperance meeting yesterday was largely attended and was addressed by Hon. Billa Flint and Rev. J. McKillican.

The Governor-General is to review all the volunteers in this city on the first of May.

FORT GARRY.

FORT GARRY, Man., April 25.—Both rivers are full of floating ice, and the arrival of the first boat is anxiously looked for.

Judge Betournay has met with a serious accident. While he was riding along Main street his horse became unmanageable, and threw him. The Judge was taken up insensible, but has now recovered from the effects of the fall.

CABLE.

AMALGAMATION OF CABLE CO'S.

LONDON, April 28.—The Anglo-American, the French and the Newfoundland Cable companies agreed yesterday to an amalgamation of their interests.

EXCITEMENT CONSEQUENT ON RESULT OF PARIS ELECTION.

Special despatches to the London morning journals to-day represent that the success of Barodet had created an immense impression in Paris. The city and provinces are agitated. A panic prevailed on the Bourse yesterday, and patrols were required to maintain order in the suburbs during the afternoon and night. The reports of changes in the Ministry are contradicted.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, April 28.—Arrived, SS. "Greece," from Liverpool.

MURDERS BY SHAM INDIANS.

VIRGINIA CITY, Nev., April 28.—Mr. Hoge, from Hamilton, for Pioca, was robbed last night near Hamilton, and the driver killed, by three men painted to give them the appearance of Indians.

CHINESE WORKMEN IN ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 28.—Between fifty and sixty Chinese were set to work in the cooper shop of Jaques & Co., to-day. Considerable indignation was manifested by the coopers, and a number of them entered the shop and indulged in rather threatening remarks and intimated that a strike would occur; but there being a strong force of police on the ground, no demonstration was made. There are now nearly one thousand Chinese engaged in various occupations in this city.

FOR THE LAVA BEDS.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 28.—Generals Davis and Hardie leave Yreka for the Lava Beds to-morrow.

THE MODOCS NOT YET "EXTERMINATED."

NEW YORK, April 26.—The following special is published:

CAMP ON LAVA BEDS, April 26.—Affairs in the Lava Beds are at present in a state of *status-quo*, as we have not had a shot fired during the past three days. There appears to be a difference of opinion as to the location of the Modocs, but Donald McKay, who returned from a scout yesterday, believes they are still secreted in the caves and crevices of the Lava Beds, about four miles southeast of our present camp. I am tolerably well satisfied that they will not stand together in a body, and will have to be exterminated by ones and twos. There is a summer scout in prospective for the cavalry, and there will not be much security for the ranches.

MINING STOCKS.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 25.—Mining shares—Belcher, $88 50; Savage, $57 50; Consolidated Virginia, $65; Hale and Norcross, $40; Chollar, $45; Ophir, $21; Raymond and Ely, $77; Crown Point, $120 50.

—Charles Richard Sackville West, Earl De La Warr and Viscount Cantilupe, C. B., whose suicide has been reported by the Cable, was a major-general in the British Army, an officer of the French Legion of Honor, and highly distinguished for his services in India and the Crimea. He was High Steward of Stratford-upon-Avon. He was born on the 15th of November, in the year 1815, and succeeded to the earldom on the 23rd of February, in the year 1869. The deceased peer was the sixth earl of the title. The heir presumptive to the coronet is his brother, the Rev. Reginald Windsor West. It appears that the suicide of the Earl of De La Warr was the result of mental depression, caused by the death of a lady friend.

BIRTHS.

MCEWEN.—In this city, on the 28th instant, Mrs. Robert McEwen, of a son.

HERBERT.—At 6 Beaver Hall Square, on the 28th instant, the wife of William Herbert, of a daughter.

WEST.—At No. 16 Sisson street, on the 26th inst. the wife of Mr. W. H. Neville, of a son.

CRAWFER.—At St. Catherine street, West, on the 26th inst., Mrs. A. B. Chaffee, of a daughter.

ROY.—On the 3rd April, at her father's residence, Mossiards, Kilbirnhan, Scotland, Mrs. Francis Roy, of a son.

MARRIED.

THOMPSON—TOWNSEND.—In London, England, on the 17th April, at St. George's, Bloomsbury, by Rev. E. Cheetham, Rector, Gordon, Thompson, of Montague Place, Russell Square, to Marion, youngest daughter of the late W. A. Townsend, Esq., of this city.

MOSS—JELLYMAN.—On the 24th inst., at St. George's Church, by the Very Rev. the Dean, Thomas R. Ross, Esq., of Montreal, to Helen Frances Thayer, eldest daughter of the late James Jellyman, Esq., of Elizabethtown, Ontario.

DIED.

ANDERSON.—At the Montreal General Hospital, on the morning of Monday, 28th inst., from injuries received while tobogganing on the 1st February last, John Anderson, of this city, aged 32 years.

The funeral will take place from the Montreal General Hospital, on Tuesday, the 29th inst., at two o'clock p.m. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this notice.

SHEETH.—On 27th of April, Anne Sheeth, aged 19 years and 3 months, second daughter of D. Sheeth.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Tuesday, the 29th April, at half-past 2 p.m., from 278 St. Hubert street, to Mount Royal Cemetery.

CYRILLE.—In this city, on the 28th inst., Margaret, aged 28 years, daughter of Jas. Tansey and wife of C. Cyrille.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, 26 Panet street, on Wednesday, at 2.30 p.m. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

ANDERSON.—In this city, on Sunday, the 27th inst., at the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. John Randen, Mrs. Anderson, aged 70 years, a native of Aberdeen, Scotland.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from No. 238 Guy street, to the place of interment.

AVERILL.—On the 26th instant, at No. 92 University st., the residence of his son-in-law, W. A. Prentice, of disease of the heart, Daniel Averill, Esq., in the 85th year of his age.

His remains will be taken to New York for interment.

MURPHY.—In this city, on the 26th inst., Catherine Cullen, wife of Peter Murphy, Machinist, aged 23 years.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday, at 2.30 p.m., from No. 3 Basin st.

MERLOTH.—In this city, on the 27th April, Mary, aged two years and two months, eldest daughter of Mr. Samuel Merloth.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral to-morrow, Tuesday morning, at 9 o'clock, from her father's residence, rear of 240 Dorchester street, to the place of interment, R. C. Cemetery.

SHARPE.—At Cerro Gordo, California, on the 4th inst., Charles Benedict Sharpe, formerly of St. Andrews, P.Q., aged 37 years.

POOLE.—In this city, on the 23rd April, Frederick Archibald Poole, aged 18 years and 2 months.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Wednesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from his uncle's residence, No. 49 Aylmer street, to Christ Church Cathedral, and from thence to Mount Royal Cemetery.

CLARKE.—In his 84th city, on 28th inst., George, son of William Clarke, Contractor, of consumption, aged 25 years, much lamented by his parents.

His funeral will take place on Wednesday, 30th inst., at half-past two, from his father's residence, 315 Dorchester street, to Mount Royal Cemetery.

New York papers please copy.

To-morrow, Wednesday, morning David Fraser will sell the furniture in Mr. Brown's large house, 31 Belmont st.

2 O'CLOCK EDITION.

NEW YORK, April 29, noon.—Gold, 117; Exchange 8¾.

MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, April 29, 2 p.m.—Breadstuffs quiet; receipts Wheat past three days 8,000 quarters; American 2,600 quarters.

LONDON, April 29.—Tallow 43s.

FROM TORONTO.
(Special to the Witness.)

TORONTO, April 29.—Wheat, Fall, 8; 4½; Spring No. 1 Super, 8; 50; Superior $7 25; Extra, $6 50; Family, $5 90; Oatmeal, 5 00 to $5 15. Barley, 60c to 70c; Corn, 56c; Rye, 56c; Peas, 68c; Oats, 40c to 36c; Butter, 18c; Eggs, 15c; Lard, 11c; Pork, 18c; Bacon, 11c.

STATE OF THE RIVERS.

QUEBEC, April 29.—The ice bridge at Cap Rouge moved down about three acres this a.m. Loose ice formed and piled up mountains high.

PORT NEUF, April 29.—The channel in the Richelieu is open. Large quantities of ice have been passing down all morning. Three inches water in telegraph office.

CAPE ROSIER, April 29.—Clear and mild; ther. 34; light W. wind; one ship inward.

PERCE, April 29.—Bright and mild; light S. W. wind; 2 vessels inward, also a steamer at 7 p.m. yesterday, too far off to make her out. No ice to be seen in the Gulf. Mal Bay blocked, but all broken ice.

RIVER-DU LOUP, April 29.—Clear and warm; no wind. Ship "Glenbervie" at anchor opposite here. Steamer "St. Andrew" at wharf.

DASTARDLY.—It is painful to see the occurrence amongst us of one of those stupid outbreaks against color for which Canadians have so often had to blame their neighbors beyond the lines. A number of men employed in one of the tobacco factories last evening assailed some fellow workman "guilty of a skin not colored like their own." The affair at one time threatened to grow serious, but the promptness of the police hindered it from getting to a head. We trust that such proceedings will be sternly repressed in the beginning, for the antagonism of race is at once one of the most absurd, cruel, and inveterate when once allowed to have place, which we trust it will never be allowed to find amongst ourselves.

THE FRENCH ELECTIONS.—The elections in France on the 27th inst. to fill vacancies in the Assembly resulted in a more decided radical victory than was expected. There were returned three radicals, four republicans, and one legitimist. There had been several indications that the candidates of the extreme Left would be successful at the polls in Paris, but not by such sweeping majorities. Several causes led to this: the factious course of the Right; the resignation of M. Grevy; and the impression that M. Thiers, or the "Government," leaned to the Left. In France numbers, whatever their theories concerning a Government *de jure*, support the *Government de facto*, for the sake of "order", as they call it; and suffrage is not only universal, but has lately been made compulsory. Both parties favored this change, as each expected to profit by it; but the advantage thus far would seem to be with the Left.

There are reflections in the Paris press on the issue of the elections, colored by party feelings. Speculations are indulged as to its profitable effects not only in leading to a reconstruction of the Cabinet, but to a restriction of the right of suffrage. Many of these are doubtless premature or groundless. It may exert an influence in shaping parties or policies; its more immediate result is likely to be the resignation of M. Remusat in the Cabinet, as he was defeated at the polls. This, and still more, the resignation of M. Simon, Minister of Public Instruction, would be a great loss, though good men like M. Grevy and M. Casimier Perier might take their places. We see it stated that M. Thiers has induced M. Remusat to remain in office.

SUICIDE.

AN UNKNOWN MAN THROWS HIMSELF UNDER A G. T. R. TRAIN.

Yesterday at 2 p.m., a man unknown, looking like a laborer, about 45 years of age and comfortably dressed, was seen by policeman Thomas Draper leaning over a fence near Seigneurs street; he was apparently sober. About an hour afterwards two women, Mrs. Wafer and Madame Paquette, saw the same man walking slowly along the side of the railway track, in the direction of the city, with his hands clasped behind his back, as if in deep thought. The women were satisfied he was sober. As the three o'clock train was proceeding westward, and came thundering along, the deceased stepped and looked under every car as it passed him; the women thinking he was searching for something lying on the track. When the last car came up, what was their horror to see him suddenly spring forward and cast himself across the rail. An instant more and the wheels ran across his neck, almost severing his head from his body. Death of course was instantaneous. The police being notified removed the body to the Canning street station, where this morning, at eight o'clock, Mr. Coroner Jones held an inquest, the verdict being "suicide." The body was inspected by a very large number of people, as it lay ghastly and disfigured in the station, but no clue has yet been found to point out the name or residence of deceased. The Coroner deposited the corpse in the Mount Royal Cemetery vault, where it will remain some days for identification. The motive impelling the deceased to commit suicide will likely forever remain a mystery. He was to all appearance a stranger in a strange land.

—The police complain that a butcher in Centre street has left a barrel of stinking fish in his yard close to the footpath. Let it be removed.

—The funeral services of the late Father Villeneuve, of the Seminary of St. Sulpice, took place at the church of Notre Dame this forenoon. There was a large attendance of both clergy and laity. The remains will be laid in the vaults of the church.

COMMERCIAL.

MONTREAL WITNESS OFFICE.
Tuesday April 29, 1873.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

FLOUR—Receipts, 3,400 brls. Extra, $6 90 to $7 20; Fancy, $6 75 to $6 85; Superf., $6 60 to $6 70; Strong Bakers', $6 10 to $6 20; No. 2, $5 40 to $5 70. Fine, $4 90 to $5 05; Middlings, $4 60 to $4 85; Pollards, $3 75 to $3 90; City Bags, $3 00; U. C. Bags, $3 80 to $3 85; Oatmeal, 5 00 to $5 15. Market firm and active. Fancy Superfine and Coarse Grades nominal. Sales of Fancy at $6 80; 200 do at $6 60; 200 do at $6 65; 1,800 Superf. on p.t.; 1,400 Medium at $6 00; 200 do at $6 05; 100 Strong Baker's at $6 15; 200 do $6 20; 50 do on p.t.; and 200 Fine at $5 95.

WHEAT—No sales.

COARSE GRAINS—Nothing doing.

PROVISIONS—Pork, rets. 147 bbls. New Mess $19 to $19 50; Thin Mess $17 to $17 50. Lard 10½c to 11c. Butter, rets. 144 pkgs. Good butter in consumptive demand at 16c to 18c; some inferior lots offering at 15c to 16c. New quiet, 20c to 30c. Cheese, 13c to 14½c. Eggs, quiet, 16c to 16c.

TIMOTHY SEED—$3 25 to $3 30 per 45 lbs.

CLOVER SEED—Dull at $5 70 to $6 80 per 60 lbs.

ASHES—Rets. 6 bbls.; Pots, $6 70 to $6 75; Pearls, $7 25.

MILWAUKEE, April 29, 10 40 a.m.—Wheat unsettled. No 1 $1 38. No 2 $1 28½. Receipts 13,000 bush. Shipments 48,000 bushels. Freights lic, Buffalo; 16c, Oswego.

CHICAGO, April 29, 11 00 a.m.—Wheat irregular; $1 25½ May. $1 28¾ @ $1 28¾ June. Corn dull; 36¾ @ 36¾c May. 40¾ June. Oats dull; 30c May; 34½c June. Receipts Flour 8,000 barrels; shipments 8,700 barrels. Receipts Wheat 19,000 bushels; shipments 27,000 bushels. Receipts Corn 17,000 bushels; shipments 30,000 bushels. Receipts Oats 45,000 bushels; shipments 9,000 bushels. Receipts Barley 2,000 bushels; shipments 5,000 bushels.

—The sale at 1372 St. Catherine street, to-morrow (Wednesday) morning, is about the only remaining chance to buy Household Furniture and Effects for this season. Read the advt.

JOHN J. ARNTON, Auctioneer.

—B. Gibb and C. Brown, Esqs., are the Visiting Governors to the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge this week.

New Advertisements this Afternoon.

BILLS OF LADING,
MANIFEST BOOKS,
ABSTRACT BOOKS
WOOD BOOKS,
RECEIPT BOOKS,
CUSTOM HOUSE FORMS,
INSOLVENT ACT FORMS,
BILLS OF EXCHANGE,
PROMISSORY NOTES & DRAFTS.
WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS.
and Commercial forms of all kinds in stock, or ruled and printed to order.

MORTON, PHILLIPS & BULMER,
(Successors to Robt. Graham. Established 1829),
Manufacturing Stationers.
375 Notre Dame Street.

New Advertisements this Afternoon.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, AND HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS, opposite St. James' Club 688 Dorchester street.

On SATURDAY, MAY 3, at 10 o'clock, will be sold the whole of the Furniture, consisting of Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, Drawing and Dining-room Furniture, Centre Table, Sideboard, Glassware, Plated Ware, Cutlery, Table Covers and Cloth, Pictures, Bedroom Furniture, Feather Beds and Pillows, Iron Bedsteads, Mattresses, Blankets, Quilts, Greeting, Mahogany Wardrobe, Kitchen and Hall Stoves, and Kitchen Utensils, &c.

Sale at THEIR residence.
DAVID FRASER, Auctioneer.

EXCEEDINGLY STYLISH AND Valuable 2-seated Top Carriage—light and handsome—imported from New York—cost $600—is now to be sold at Carriage sale at Alloway's 6th MAY.
DAVID FRASER, Auctioneer.

THE FURNITURE in the large house, occupied by Mrs. Brown, 31 Belmont st., Beaver Hall, will be sold 30th MORROW (Wednesday) morning, at TEN o'clock.
DAVID FRASER, Auctioneer.

300 TONS SCOTCH STEAM Coal for sale ex yard. Apply to W. REID & Co., 64 McGill street.

BLACK SILKS.

Every piece of Black Silk in the store is reduced in price.

Black Alpacas best value in the world

HOSIERY! HOSIERY!

This week we are offering special bargains in all kinds of Cotton, Merino and Thread Stockings and Socks; also in Cotton and Merino Undershirts and Drawers.

Having purchased from Messrs. J. P. Clark & Co. a bankrupt stock of Hosiery and Underclothing, we are prepared to offer greater inducements than can be offered at any other store.

CAUTION.—As a number of our customers are under the impression that we own the stock offered for sale at Messrs. J. McClure & Co.'s old store, St. Catherine street, we beg to state that we have no connection whatever with said stock or parties offering it for sale.

To-morrow we shall show an enormous stock of all kinds of Hosiery and Underclothing.

S. CARSLEY, 393 Notre Dame st.

As a proof that people can notice the reduction in prices in each department, we just mention that our trade is nearly doubled since the sale commenced a week ago.

GENTLEMEN

May always depend on getting first-class
HABERDASHERY
AT
FRANK B. STREET'S.
JUST OPENED,
A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF
MERINO GOODS, SOCKS,
DRAWERS, SHIRTS, &c.
185 ST. JAMES STREET,
NEXT TO WESLEYAN CHURCH.

ST. LAWRENCE ENGINE WORKS,
17 to 29 MILL STREET,
MONTREAL, QUE.
W. P. BARTLEY & CO.,
ENGINEERS, FOUNDERS, &c.,
OFFER FOR SALE
a High Pressure Steam Engine, 14 inches diameter of Cylinder, 28 inches stroke of Piston, suitable for a sidewheel steamer, with a self-contained Tubular Boiler, with connections; all complete.
ALSO—
several small Engines and Boilers for Mills, Factories, &c.
The above are all new.
W. P. BARTLEY & CO.

WM. RUTHERFORD,
LUMBER MERCHANT, MONTREAL.
Office and Yard: 897 Dorchester st., and at the Cars, Point St. Charles. Saw and Planing Mills, at Roxton Falls, E.T.
Now on hand and for sale—Cedar Posts, all sizes; Hemlock Joistings, Deals, Scantling and Boards; Spruce Farrings and Roofing; also, a select lot of Birch and Pine Lumber.

THE LATEST FROM PARIS.

BOULEVARD SCARFS, MARQUIS SCARFS, and all other makes of Scarfs in great variety, at prices to suit everyone.

J. J. HANNAN,
301 NOTRE DAME ST.

FIRE CLAY,

VERY CHEAP, IN LARGE LOTS,
previous to opening of navigation.
COPLAND & McLAREN,
Corner Grey Nun and Wellington streets.

ACCOUNT BOOKS.

My Spring Stock of ACCOUNT BOOKS is now offered to the public at a small advance on the cost.

WRITING PAPERS, in Notes, Letters, and Caps sold equally low.

My Stock of ENVELOPES is large, comprising various colors and qualities.

These goods are direct from the manufactures, and have all been bought at first cost.

JOHN PARSLOW,
Stationer and Account Book Manufacturer,
47 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER STREET.

BOOTS AND SHOES!!
273 NOTRE DAME STREET.
The Subscribers beg respectfully to announce to the Citizens of Montreal, and vicinity, that we have now in Stock and to arrive a very large and varied assortment of Fine Boots and Shoes, carefully selected, direct from Paris and London; also a choice assortment of American and Canadian Fine Shoes, which we are prepared to retail at a very reasonable price, and we feel justified in stating that a more extensive and varied stock cannot be found in this city.
WOODS & CO.,
273 NOTRE DAME ST.

SCRAP IRON.—The highest market price paid for Wrought Scrap Iron, delivered at our Rolling Mills, 94 to 104 Mill street.
PILLOW, HERSEY & CO.

NEW MUSIC—"May thy Lot in Life be Happy." "Guess Who." "Put Me in My Little Bed." "The Handsome Man." "Don't be angry with me, Darling," and four other 25 and 30 cent pieces. Just received at HENDERSON'S, 9 Bleury st.

JUST RECEIVED,
NEW SPRING STYLES IN
GENTS', YOUTHS', and BOYS' HATS,
at
R. W. COWAN'S,
Corner of Notre Dame and St. Peter streets.

NOTICE.

Just received, a select lot of American Chandeliers, Hall Pendents, Portables, &c., for sale cheap.
JOHN BURNS,
No. 675 CRAIG ST.,
(Three Doors West of Bleury).

WANTED, FIRST-CLASS IRONERS—Highest wages paid for good ironers at the STEAM LAUNDRY CO'S,
No. 774 Craig street. Apply from 12 to 1 in the afternoon.

WANTED, for the summer, a large and furnished house, either at Murray Bay, Cacouna, Riviere du Loup, Kamouraska, Rimouski, or any pleasant watering place on the river St. Lawrence, below Quebec, and not nearer it than a hundred miles. For a suitable house a liberal rental will be given. Apply by letter to "ENQUIRER," Witness Office.

A Shorthand Writer will shortly be open to an engagement. Address Box 567.

WANTED, for the summer months, a furnished or unfurnished House at Lachine, past Lake House preferred. Address A.B.C., this office.

WANTED immediately, a General Servant. Apply at 30 Scotland st.

WANTED, a Thorough Servant for a family of three. Apply at No. 90 Cemetery st.

CAUTION.

ALL PARTIES ARE HEREBY CAUTIONED AGAINST GIVING ADVERTISEMENTS TO BE PLACED IN THE ST. LAWRENCE HALL, EXCEPT TO "THE RAILWAY AND NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING COMPANY (LIMITED)," 199 ST. JAMES STREET, THEY HAVING THE EXCLUSIVE RIGHT OF PLACING ADVERTISEMENTS IN THE HALL.

APRIL 26th, 1873. F. GERIKEN.

4 O'CLOCK EDITION.

NEW YORK, April 29, 3 p.m.—Gold 116¾; Exchange 8¾.

FROM TORONTO.
(Special to the Witness.)

TORONTO, April 29.—At the City Council last evening, the by-law for the extension of the fire limits was adopted.

Rev. Dr. Punshon delivered his lecture on "Wesley and His Times," in Elm Street Church last evening; probably his last appearance on the platform here, as he leaves for England on 24th May.

A few days since, a leading business man received £165 from a party in England, who stated that 15 years ago, when in his employ, he robbed him of £25 to pay his passage home, which he now returned with compound interest.

A Hamilton special says the third reading of the by-law granting $100,000 to the Hamilton and North-Western Railway was passed unanimously by the City Council yesterday. The public vote will be taken on 21st May.

THE FIRE IN DUROCHER STREET.
(To the Editor of the Witness.)

SIR,—Would it be out of place for the City Council at their meeting this evening to pass a vote of thanks to the St. Jean Baptiste Fire Brigade for their exertion on Sunday evening last in dragging their fire engine across the fields to the fire at the head of Durocher street, and largely contributing to save the dwelling of Mr. Davis from the conflagration? Their conduct was most commendable, especially as our Brigade did not get their engine on the ground till their services were not required.

Yours, &c.,
MONTREAL.

[We are informed that on the above occasion, notwithstanding it is a positive rule that at all fires north of St. Catherine street the engine must be taken first and not the reels, the Montreal firemen arrived at the fire without the engine and had to return for it to the station. The why and the wherefore of this, the public will be interested to know.—EDS. WIT.]

CITY ITEMS.

—That sure sign of spring, the swallows, has arrived. This morning they were particularly lively in St. James and St. John streets.

—The next mail for England, for transmission per steamer "Austrian," advertised to leave Portland on the 3rd May, 1873, will be closed at the Montreal Post Office on Friday, the 2nd instant, at 7 o'clock, p.m. Prices current will be received up to 7 p.m. Newspapers and books must be posted before 6 p.m.

—The public examination of the French Protestant Institute of Pointe-aux-Trembles will take place on Wednesday, at two o'clock. Parties desirous of going will please leave their names at the Bible House, Craig street, early in the day, and places will be secured in the conveyances, which will start from the Bible House at twelve precisely. It is hoped that the friends of the Society will muster strong.

—A young man respectably connected was arrested yesterday, accused by Mr. Galt, bookseller, St. Peter street, with having obtained a quantity of music, a few books, &c., under false pretences. It is alleged the youth—nearly 21 years old—stated that he was getting a good weekly salary and would pay his debts when required, but is now unable to do so. The defendant gave nominal bail, and the case was continued till Wednesday.

THE WEATHER.—Yesterday was charming, bright, genial, and such as represents the ideal of what a spring day should be. During last night there was slight frost, and though the sun this forenoon shines brightly, it is rather cold in the shade.

SALE OF BUTCHERS' STALLS.—Yesterday the annual sale of stalls took place in the Bonsecours Market. The bidding was not very spirited, and but little competition was apparent. The reduction of 25 per cent. in the rates for stalls has caused a decline in the rental from this market alone of $1,360.

PUBLIC DEBATE.—A public debate between the St. George's and the St. Stephen's Young Men's Associations will take place this evening in the lecture hall of St. George's Church—subject, "Is a Confederation of the British Possessions desirable?" Affirmative, Messrs. C. E. Cooke, A. M. Weir, F. B. Clark; Negative, Messrs. G. S. Denison, A. McNally, E. I. Buxford.

FIRE.—This morning, at 8 o'clock, a fire was discovered raging in Meloche's jewellery store, 95 St. Lawrence Main street. The Brigade saved the building after the lower story was gutted. Loss $900; insured for $800 in the Citizens'. Some children sleeping in the attic above had a narrow escape from being burnt to death, their retreat below being cut off. They were rescued from the roof. Mr. Crevier, confectioner, loses by water. Origin of fire unknown.

THE OLD STORY—LOVE AND JEALOUSY.—This morning two mulatto women made their appearance in the Police Court, followed by a mother and daughter of rather prepossessing appearance intent on getting out warrants for each others' arrest. It seems a stylish young Pullman car conductor, a man of color, lives amid these people, and is beloved by more than one admirer, both white and colored. Yesterday, while he was present at the house in Mignonne street, the girls quarrelled, and in their jealousy got to fighting, hair was pulled, faces scratched, a nose unbridged, and one fair combatant was shoved through a window, thereby cutting her limbs. The *melee* was interrupted by the advent of two or three policemen, who scattered the parties. Depositions were taken and warrants issued accordingly.

DAILY REPORT OF THE MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

Reported exclusively for the Daily Witness by the Board of Brokers.

TUESDAY, April 29.

STOCKS.	Sellers.	Buyers.	Transactions.
Bank of Montreal ex. d	185½	185	30 at ex div
Ontario Bank	100	110	
Bank of B.N.A	100		
City Bank	92		
Banque du Peuple	106	105	
Molsons Bank	114	111	113½
Bank of Toronto	178½		
Banque Jacques Cartier	108	107	
Merchants' Bank	117½	117	118
E. Townships Bank			
Quebec Bank	111	109	
Banque Nationale	98		
Union Bank	102½	102	
Mechanics' Bank	97	96	
Exchange Bank	99½		
Royal Canadian Bank	102½		
Can. Bank of Commerce	120	119½	
Metropolitan	125	124	125
Dominion Bank	93		101
Bank of Hamilton	97	95	
Huron Copper Bay	50	45	
Intercolonial Coal Co	102	98	
Maritime Bank	98	96	
Champ & St. L. R'd S.p.c.	100		
Do. Sterling 6 p.c.	90	80½	
Montreal Telegraph Co	190	189½	189½
Dominion Telegraph Co		90	
Richelieu Nav Co	110	105	
Canadian N. Co	95	90	
City Passenger R.R.			
City Gas Co	112	111	
Merchants' Exchange		102	
Mont. District pr Building Society	109	108	
Can. Building Stock Co	93½	92	
N. Adams Sew. Car Co			
Canada Engine and Machine Co	90	60	
Quebec Fire Insurance			
Mont. Investment Assn.			
Canada Equipment Co	100½	99½	
" Cotton Manuf'g Co			
Mont. Warehousing Co	88	85	
Graphic Printing Co	85	80	
Dominion Stock			
Dominion Bonds			
Gov't Deb s.p.c. sig			
Gov't Deb s.p.c. cy			
Gov't Deb 5 p.c. sig			
Gov't Deb 5 p.c. cy			
Montreal Harbor 8 p.c. gr Bonds		99	
Montreal Harbor 7 p.c. Bonds			
Do 7's p.c. Bonds due 88			
Montreal 7 p.c. Stock	100		
Quebec Corp Stock 7 p.c.			
Quebec Corp Stock 6 p.c.			
Montreal 7 p.c. Stock	109	107	
Montreal 6 p.c. Stock		93	
Montreal 6 p.c. Bonds	100	98	
Montreal, W.W. Bonds		92	

EXCHANGE.

Bank 60 days sight or 75 days date..... 108¾ @ 108¾
Merchants' Bills, 60 days ..... @
Bank Cable Transfers, New York ..... @
Merchants' Bills ..... @
Bank Gold Drafts on New York, Par to ½ prem
Gold rate at noon in New York 116¾
FRANK BOND, Secretary.
7 St. Sacramental st.

MONTREAL CATTLE MARKET.—April 29, ST. GABRIEL.

Cattle. First Quality, $7 50 to $8 00. Second and Third Quality, $6 50 to $7 00. Milch Cows, $75 to $85. Extra Cows, $90 to $100. Calves, 1st quality, $12 to $14. 2nd do $8 00 to $10 00. 3rd do $5 00 to $6 00. Sheep, 1st quality, $7 00 to $12 00; 2nd do $6 00 to $6 50. Lambs, 1st quality, $9 00 to $9 00; 2nd do $5 00 to $6 00.

HAY AND STRAW MARKET.—Hay, first quality, per 100 lbs., $1 00 @ $00 00; 2nd do $1 00 @ $1 00. Straw, 1st quality, $8 00 @ 9 00; 2nd do $5 00 @ $7 00.

REAL ESTATE SALE.—Yesterday morning the following properties were sold by John J. Arnton at his rooms. The cut stone residence, No. 27 Barré street to R. Furniss, Esq., for $4,300; residence, No. 55 St. Christopher street, for $3,450 to L. W. Tremaine, Esq.; two houses, Nos. 145 and 147 Sanguinet street, for $4,700 to Joseph Braham, Esq. Among the audience the medical profession was well represented, the attraction being the residence, No. 58 Beaver Hall. It was sold to John Tempest, Esq., for $7,175 and expenses (or about $7,300).

—The Treasurer of the Montreal General Hospital acknowledges, with thanks, the receipts of $56, amount of collection in St. Thomas Church, and three dozen of bottled ale from D. Macpherson & Co., for the patients in Hospital.

COLONIAL GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

LONDON, April 16, 1873.

The following quotations are taken from the *Canadian Brief*:—

	Closing prices.	Last business done
British Columbia 6 per ct., April and Oct., 1894		b
Canada 6 per cent Jan. and July, 1877-86	108 to 110	
Do. 6 per cent Feb and Aug.,	107 to 109	
Do. 6 per cent. Mar and Sept.,	108 to 109	
Do. 5 per cent. Jan and July	104½ to 105½	105
Do. 5 per cent. Inscribed Stock	103 to 105	
Do. 5 per cent. April and Oct		
Dominion Stock, 1868	105 to 107	
New Brunswick 6 per cent. Jan. and July	109 to 111	
Nova Scotia 6 per cent. 1873	102 to 103	
Do. 6 per cent. 1880	109 to 111	
RAILWAYS.		
4300 —all Atlantic and St Lawrence	95 to 96	95½
15—all Buffalo and Lake Huron Preference	7 to 7¾	
100—100 Do. 8¾ p.c. bonds, 1873-5-6	88 to 90	
Bonds—all European and North American, 1st mort.	73 to 76	
Stock—100 Grand Trunk of Canada	26 to 26½	27
150—all Do. Equipt. Mort. Bonds	102 to 104	
1st charge 6 p.c.	97 to 99	
1600—all "Do. 2nd do.	97 to 99	
100—all Do. 1st Preference Bonds	73 to 76	74½
100—all Do. 2nd Preference Bonds	71 to 72	71½
100—all Do. 3rd Preference Stock	49 to 52	51½
150—all Do. 4th Preference Stock	25 to 27	27½
20½—all Great Western of Canada	20½ to 21½	20½
25—all Do. without option, 1877	19 to 20	
100—all Do. 8½ do. 1877-8	100 to 102	101
100—all Do. 6 per cent. Bonds	108 to 110	
100—60 5 per cent Preference, 1st and 2d	38 to 39	39
100—all Hall. of Canada 6 p.c. 1st Preference Bonds	98 to 100	
50—all British North American	65 to 67	
MISCELLANEOUS.		
46—44 British American Land	37 to 42	38
100—Canada Company	100 to 103	
25—all Hudson's Bay	15 to 17	15¾
25—5 Trust and Loan Company of Canada	1½ to 1¾ p.m.	
12—all Telegraph Construc. and Maintenance (Lim.)	29½ to 30½	30½
10—6 Vancouver Coal Company	1½ to 2 pm	

—The whole of the Household Furniture, Carpets, Bedding, &c., as the residence corner of Bernside Place and Mansfield street, will be sold by H. J. Shaw to-morrow, Wednesday morning, at 10 o'clock.

New Advertisements this Evening.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

Collard's Patent Iron Harrow and Cultivator. The best in use. Made of wrought iron in four and three sections,

NEWS.

DOMINION.

QUEBEC.

— Candidates for the Gilchrist Scholarship, 1873, resident in the Province of Quebec, desiring to compete for the same, at the examination appointed to be held on the last Monday of June, 1873, must immediately transmit their applications with the necessary proofs and certificates, to the Department of Public Instruction, where any required information may be obtained.

— Notice is given that the Natasaquaw Magnetic Ore Company will apply for an act of incorporation for the acquiring, holding and working of the magnetic ore mines in the township of Duval, in the county of Saguenay, and in the District of Quebec, having its chief place of business in the city of Quebec, with a capital of $1,000,000 in 2000 shares of $500 each. Messrs. Bossé, Tetu, Joseph, Caron, Tessier, E. Dorion, Forrest, Beaudet, and Vanasse, are to be the first directors of the company, and are all residing in Canada, and subjects of Her Majesty by birth.

THE QUEBEC HARBOR BILL.—We learn that the compromise or new proposal in connection with this bill, which will shortly be brought before the House of Commons, consists of the following: Lumber merchants have agreed to be taxed one-tenth of one per cent.; importers to be taxed at the same rate; a small tax to be put on all vessels using the river; Government to have three commissioners, tax payers three, Quebec Board of Trade two, Levis Board of Trade one. The taxation scheme seems to have undergone a considerable pruning down since the annual meeting of the Board of Trade.—*Quebec Chronicle.*

ONTARIO.

— Bobcaygeon is deep in the railway tie business; 20,000 will be sent to the N.Y.C.R.R. This trade goes *via* Whitby.

— J. Cameron, *Esq.*, the proprietor of the London *Advertiser*, left on the 11th for the Vienna Exhibition.

— The journeymen tailors of Peterboro having struck, the matter was settled by the employers giving them an advance of fifteen per cent. over present rates.

— Mr. Harkins, of New Lowell, lost 14 head of cattle on the 5th inst. by lightning; 3 cows escaped, but by some unaccountable means were burned completely black.

—Lately a Guelph father named Kinney, who refused his drunken son more money, was attacked by the latter, who plunged a knife into his father's left eye. The eye will likely be lost. The demon escaped.

THE CANADA CENTRAL.—It is a pleasure to notice the increase of trade between Ottawa and the towns in its vicinity which the opening up of this line has brought about. Both roads leading into the city seem now doing a far better business than when there was but one. Facilities for travel and freight have as usual brought more to the roads than they cost.—*Ottawa Free Press.*

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(*From the Standard of the 2nd.*)

— The annual report of the Royal Victoria Hospital shows the institution to be in debt to the extent of $2,000.

— An Indian succeeded in freighting a horse he recently purchased at Langley, a considerable distance towards home, in his canoe down the Fraser.

— The lands of the Best Sugar Company, over 1,000 acres, situated on an island in the Fraser, three or four miles below New Westminster, are being drained and dyked, and otherwise prepared for beet crops. Tenders are invited for ditching.

— A correspondent says the section of country from Manson creek beyond the Delore and Deases rivers pays from $3 to $60 per day; all that is wanted is easy access for miners and their supplies in order to see from 5,000 to 10,000 miners in that locality. The country is accessible by the Skeena and Stikeen rivers, which are superior to the Fraser, with only 100 miles land travel; and the expenses of a miner are, at present, for the bare necessaries of life and wearing apparel, $9.50.

— The winter at Omineca and the Sheena is regarded as one of the severest ever known in this section of the Province also. Captain Moore, who wintered his horses at the Mouth, had lost twelve out of seventeen. In the early part of the winter dysentery was very prevalent among the Indians, and a large number of deaths took place. Every tribe, from the Nass to the Forks, was affected. The epidemic, for such it was, however, was on the decline when our informant left.

— It is reported that the earthquake made a bridge across the Columbia river, at or near Fort Shepherd, in British Columbia, about thirteen miles north of the boundary line. We have not talked with any one who has seen it, says a Walla Walla paper, but hear it from so many sources, that there may be something in it; and it is not altogether improbable that such a thing might occur, as the banks are known to be perpendicular in many places, and a slight disturbance of the earth might cause them to topple together.

— On Friday, the 28th ult., late at night two men entered the saloon of J. G. Dieter, of New Westminster, and ordered oysters; having disposed of which, they left, but shortly returned, and, noticing him depositing the cash taken during the day in his safe, rushed upon him, enveloped him with a cloth thought to have been saturated with chloroform, dealt him a stunning blow on the head, took him by force to the suburbs of the city, knocked him down and discharged a pistol at his head, and, thinking they had killed him, there left him. After Dieter came to himself on Saturday morning, he met two men, who led him into town, where he received medical aid, and was attended by his wife and other friends. On Saturday night, being left alone for a few minutes, he committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor. The coroner's jury returned a verdict that he committed suicide "by cutting his throat with a razor while laboring under temporary insanity, caused by a pistol shot in his head the night previously, inflicted by a person or persons unknown." No clew has been found to the perpetrators of the crime.

AMERICAN.

— A convict in the Mississippi Penitentiary dug a tunnel one hundred and eighty feet long and got out. He used the handle of a spoon and was 19 months about it.

— Charles Fechter, the actor, has brought suit against W. W. Sherman, of Duncan, Sherman & Co., bankers, N. Y., to recover $412,000 damages, which Fechter claims is due him for losses sustained on account of Sherman failing to fulfil a contract to convey to Fechter the French Theatre on Fourteenth street.

— Another edition of the Seminole war is inaugurated in Oregon, in which a handful of Indians who could be pensioned for life at tenth part the expense of shooting them, may inflict great damage on our troops and on solitary settlers by a protracted guerilla contest. The treacherous murder of Gen. Canby and Commissioner Thomas, are probably only the fulfilment of the Indian duty of revenge for the treacherous murder of the fathers of Captain Jack and Schonchin and some score more of prominent Indians by a United States officer some eighteen years ago. If another tragedy entitled the "Revenge" were written, Capt. Jack might well take the place of Zanga.

JACK-IN-THE-BOX.—The Modoc war has degenerated into a game of hide and seek between the surviving members of Captain Jack's band and the artillery, cavalry and infantry of the United States and the Indian auxiliaries. Our special despatch from the lava beds affords us no ground for believing that the exciting and somewhat ridiculous game is near its close. The last report states that the savages had retreated to Goose Lake; but we may hear to-morrow that they are firing away from Gander Bluff. General Gillem was to have made a quiet attack on them yesterday; but Jack, it seems, suspected that it was about time the army moved on his works, and withdrew to avoid a disturbance in his household. Under these circumstances it is comforting to be assured that more batteries of artillery are *en route* to the front.—*N. Y. Herald, 26th inst.*

MORE INDIAN TROUBLES.—The N. Y. *Herald* states that more trouble is expected with the Indians. The tribe especially implicated is that of the Nez Percés, who are said to have 3,000 warriors. They live in Oregon near, therefore, to our own border, and having been for a long time under the instruction of Catholic missionaries, are all Catholics. The movement is said not to be unexpected in army circles, for it has been made known that the neighboring whites have been coveting their lands and striving to create that sentiment which is the ordinary prelude to their removal. Should the whites succeed another Indian war of greater proportion than any before known on that frontier may be expected, as that tribe are advanced in civilization, and are prepared to fight with desperation for their homes, as they assert they have never molested the whites and are anxious to attain to a position of influence among Christians.

MISCELLANY.

WHERE THE MONEY COMES FROM.

A cheer, a lusty cheer! Six-and-seventy millions clear! boys.
Sure never such a revenue by State was raised before.
In face of such prosperity, a *fico* for the fear, boys,
Of days when Bull's black diamond-fields their finds shall yield no more!
In spite of strikes and struggles of Capital and Labor,
How hammers ring, and forges roar, looms whiz, and shuttles fly!
In Competition's social game of beggar-me-my-neighbor,
John Bull has never won so much and never played so high.

But what's this song that, sad and strong, I hear a blackbird singing—
How, more than loom and shuttle, and more than forge and mine,
'Tis the Tavern and the Gin-shop these millions in are bringing,—
That more in drink than wealth or work, John Bull may boast to shine;
That the *tap*-root of our revenue lies deep in sin and sorrow,
And feeds a fruit as fatal as Java's Upas-tree;
That the best of our surplus from our swinishness we borrow,
And pay some twenty millions into beasts transformed to be.

'Tis for burials and for bridals Lowe his surplus-lee is craving,
That he may raise his balances beyond experience high,
By the millions paid to bury soul, sense, strength, speech, and saving,
And to wed a horse's labor to the pleasures of a sty!
Let parsons fight o'er vestments—ecclesiastical dressy men!—
A fig for Churches! Bull proclaims his faith in spirits deep!—
That national prosperity, like a museum specimen,
May most safely be committed to Alcohol to keep.

Our test's the spirit-level, the wittier, and Exciseman!
And if the one should mark John Bull low on the social scale,
And the others, having got John down, should keep him down, their prize, man,
As a set-off to the mischief, reckon up the money's tale.
And let's thank the British toper's "spontaneous taxation,"
Not only for the millions that o'erswell the Exchequer's due,
But for the superfluity, through this most favored nation,
Of sorrow, sin, and suffering—which have their surplus, too.

—*Punch.*

ON SUNDAY-SCHOOL CRAMMING.

BY GEORGE W. BUNGAY.

The practice of cramming the minds of children with answers to questions, with verses from the hymn-books, and with texts of Scripture, or any other texts, is as injurious to the mind as overeating and, stuffing is to the body. When a child eats too much the organs of digestion, respiration, circulation, and secretion, all suffer. When the memory is overtasked, all the faculties of the mind feel the effects of the burden it is compelled to carry. When a fond parent feeds his darling with pork, pickles, and pancakes, and loads its little stomach with a "mixed mess" which would defy the digestive power of an ostrich, the child becomes dyspeptic, its growth is retarded, and the poor little stultified thing becomes a Tom Thumb when he might have been a Titan. When the mind of a child is "like wax to receive, and adamant to retain" impressions, it is a violation of the natural laws to overtask it by drawing upon the memory, and cramming it with lessons which would appal an adult. What shall we say of the practice of stimulating children to commit chapter after chapter to memory, by offering premiums to the little ones who can chatter off the greatest number of verses? The superintendents and teachers give their praise and their premiums to the children who have impaired their health and injured their minds by mastering lessons which should never have been given to them. The starry-eyed and rosy-lipped children, who have during the "week-days" obeyed the physical laws by skating, leaping, ball-playing, and spinning tops, have in the "meantime" packed away on the shelves of memory a reasonable number of verses; but these children are ignored as stupid worldlings, whose names do not deserve conspicuous places on the roll of honor. They have good health, cheerful hearts, buoyant spirits, but they are not ecclesiastical encyclopedias, and they must take back seats. The "living memorandas" have hundreds, perhaps thousands, of texts at their "tongues' ends," but they have not blood power sufficient to work the brain-mills: they carry on their stooping shoulders. What would those teachers say to the overtasked children if they should rise in their places in the Sunday-school, and give a report of the various kinds and quantities of food they had consumed during the week? Imagine a sweet little girl of seven summers saying in the presence of all the scholars and officers of the school "Since last Sunday I have eaten ten times a day, and at each meal I ate six times as much as my father and mother ate. I have eaten twenty pancakes each morning for breakfast, five apple dumplings and three pounds of beefsteak each noon for lunch, and nine slices of bread and butter, two custard pies, seventeen gingersnaps, five slices of cold ham, and eleven cupcakes, before going to bed each night in the week." Would the teacher pat her on the shoulder and caress her with compliments, and make her presents of books on the art of cookery, and give her free tickets to sumptuous dinners at restaurants?

We make mere machines of children when we inspire them with the idea that there is "virtue," even piety, in the act of committing to memory a vast number of texts of Scripture. Children are not alarm-clocks, to be wound up six days in the week that they may strike loud and long on the Sabbath. The memory is not to be cultivated at the expense of the other attributes of the mind. The memory is not a mere "*index rerum*" to be written all over with quotations and references. There should be some clean pure pages in his mind on which to write original experiences. Reason, imagination, and other mental faculties must be cultivated as well as the memory, in order to secure intellectual symmetry and a healthy development of mind. It is possible for a child to make his little finger stronger than any other finger by lifting and carrying heavy weights with it, but of what use will it be? It will deform the hand, cost a deal of pain and labor, and be of little or no use to him in after-life save as a deformed little finger. Nature never designed it to be as strong as the arm, and it should never be forced to do the work for which it was not designed. So with the memory, it should perform its functions evenly, naturally, and not be made the chief attribute of the mind. Any piece of paper large enough, with the aid of a pen or pencil, can be made to carry more facts and figures than the most tenacious memory of any child or any adult even.

These remarks in relation to cramming apply with equal force to our common schools and colleges. Children in many of our day schools are overtasked and taught in a hurried and superficial manner. They are expected to commit to memory lessons in geography, grammar, history, philosophy, physiology, music, arithmetic, spelling, analyzing, and other studies. It is impossible for the average scholar to be perfect in all these various lessons. He can devour them, but he cannot digest them! He can swallow them as wandering mountebanks swallow swords and stones, but he cannot get intellectual nutriment out of all of them. They do not assimilate with the juices (so to speak) and become "part and parcel" of a healthy mental circulation. Would it not be better to have shorter lessons and fewer of them, and to master them thoroughly in our schools?

The boy who eats the most, and the greatest variety of food, does not grow to be the strongest and the ablest man. What becomes of our precocious lads and lasses who race ahead of all competitors in our common schools? Do they distinguish themselves in after-life any more than all the juvenile "gormandisers" who eat as though they were churns and not children? The more you fill a churn the firmer it will stand; the more you fill a child the less it can stand.

The writer spent one winter as a reporter in the Legislature at Albany several years ago. Among the legislators from the city of New York at that time there were some who could not write their names. When reminded of their lack of scholarship by a country member, one of these unlettered members replied that he could eat as much as any member from the country. Another excused himself for not writing his name on the ground that he had been drinking hard and had the "horrors." These churns were filled and they represented other churns. Why is it that so many young men, graduates of colleges, are out of employment, while others with fewer advantages have plenty to do? In nine cases out of ten, it is because the former know a little of many things and not much of anything, while the latter know enough of something to earn a living. Of all "horned cattle," said Mr. Greeley, "the college graduate is the least useful." What class of graduates did he refer to? The class which was crammed! In some of the colleges young men are crammed as dealers in poultry cram chickens and geese and turkeys, that they may weigh well on the scales and fetch more than they are worth in the market. I wish the men who create and who control public sentiment in our churches and schools would wage war against the custom of cramming the minds of our fair maidens and beautiful boys with lessons which they cannot digest, and which tend to derange their intellectual and their physical organization.—*The Hive.*

SCIENTIFIC ITEMS.

— Cotopaxi has actually been ascended at last. Dr. Reiss, a German *savant*, has successfully reached the summit of the mountain, where he enjoyed himself in a truly scientific way, and got his eyes filled with dust and sulphuric acid. His experience directly contradicted that of Humboldt, who held that at such a height as the summit of Cotopaxi breathing would become extremely difficult, and that no chlorides could be found in the crater, even if the ascent were made. Dr. Reiss not only found that he could breathe with ease and comfort at the highest elevation which he attained, but he found a large quantity of the chlorides which, according to Humboldt, he had no right to find. He has, therefore, the double pleasure of ascending Cotopaxi and of contradicting Humboldt, and we may assume that his cup of scientific bliss is nearly full.

— The number of poisonous plants in North America is not very great. In the January number of the *American Naturalist* Mr. W. W. Bailey gives an account of the chief of them. He names the *Rhus toxicodendron*, or common poison vine; the *Rhus venenata*, known as poison ash, and sometimes, though rarely, as poison dogwood; *Ranunculus acris*, one of our buttercups; *Aconitum Napellus*, the aconite; *Actæa rubra* and *A. alba*; *Coptis trifolia*, the gold-thread; *Cicuta maculata*, the water hemlock, which is said to be the plant which the polite Greeks made an infusion of when they offered their malefactors a chance of departing from this world; *Solanum nigrum*, the little black-berried nightshade; the *Datura Stramonium*, Jamestown or "Jimpson" weed; *Veratrum viride*, or white hellebore, a poison truly, as the currant caterpillar could tell if it had language; *Arisæma triphyllium*, which Mr. Bailey calls "Jack in the pulpit," but which our boys will know better as Indian turnip; the *Lobelias*, all of which are more or less poisonous. Then there are a few which are only doubtfully poisonous, such as the *Lolium temulentum*, the Darnel grass; *Kalmia latifolia*, the wood laurel; and some Euphorbias, nettles, hemp, and so forth, which have merely acrid juices of no very dangerous character. This completes nearly the whole list of our poisonous plants and is not a very formidable catalogue.—*N. Y. Independent.*

ASPARAGUS.—A NEW VALUE.—ITS MEDICAL EFFECTS.—A medical correspondent of an English journal says that the advantages of asparagus are not sufficiently estimated by those who suffer with rheumatism and gout. Slight cases of rheumatism are cured in a few days by feeding on this delicious esculent; and more chronic cases are much relieved, especially if the patient avoids all acids, whether in food or beverage. The Jerusalem artichoke has also a similar effect in relieving rheumatism. The heads may be eaten in the usual way; but tea made from the leaves of the stalks and drank three or four times a day is a certain remedy, though not equally agreeable.

DRINKING IMPURE WATER.—Set a pitcher of iced water in a room inhabited, and in a few hours it will have absorbed nearly all the perspired gases of the room, the air of which will have become purer, but the water utterly filthy. This depends on the fact that water has the faculty of condensing and thereby absorbing nearly all the gases, which it does without increasing its own bulk. The colder the water is, the greater its capacity to contain these gases. At ordinary temperature, a pint of water will contain a pint of carbonic acid gas and several pints of ammonia. This capacity is nearly doubled by reducing the temperature to that of ice. Hence water kept in the room a while is always unfit for use, and should be often removed, whether it has become warm or not. And for the same reason the water in a pump should all be pumped out in the morning before any is used. That which has stood in a pitcher over night is not fit for coffee water in the morning. Impure water is more injurious to health than impure air, and every person should provide the means of obtaining fresh, pure water for all domestic uses.

FALSE CROUP.—Many mothers are, at this season of the year, in constant dread of that very common and alarming ailment called croup. True, or membranous croup, is sufficiently dangerous to justify the greatest precaution and the most assiduous care. But that which is ordinarily called croup is only "false croup," a nervous affection of the larynx which almost never causes death. "It is easily distinguished from true croup," says an eminent physician, "by its coming on suddenly towards the middle of the night, either during perfect health, or in the course of a trifling catarrh. Once the initiatory suffocative attacks over, a normal condition is restored, lasting until a second or third paroxysm. Pale, nervous children are, while suffering from dentition, particularly inclined to it." It usually is quickly relieved by a mild emetic and an external application to the throat and chest of oil or liniment. More medicine is often given than is needed, and the little patient suffers weakness in consequence which is unjustly charged to the disease. True croup, on the contrary, is usually preceded by several days of indisposition, with fever and throat symptoms; the voice becomes hoarse or feeble, and a marked whistling sound is heard upon each entrance of air into the chest. This terrible disease, alas! succumbs to no mild nursing. It calls for the most skilful treatment at the hands of the most skilful and astute of physicians.

THE SOUL'S INQUIRIES ANSWERED IN THE WORDS OF SCRIPTURE.

(*Arranged by G. Washington Moon, Member of the Council of the Royal Society of Literature.*)

APRIL 29.

Behold, I am the Lord, the God of all flesh: is there anything too hard for Me?—Jer. xxxii. 17.

Ah, Lord God! behold, Thou hast made the heaven and the earth by Thy great power and stretched out arm, and there is nothing too hard for Thee.—Jer. xxxii. 27.

My soul shall make her boast in the Lord: the humble shall hear thereof, and be glad.—Psa. xxxiv. 2.

SELECTIONS.

— Incredible as it may seem, many of the richest planters in Jamaica live on coffee grounds.

— If you want to get all the music out of your piano, play on it with a steam-fire-engine for a few moments.

— Coal is a very singular commodity. When you purchase it, instead of going to the buyer, it goes to the cellar.

— "Ma," said Fred, "I should rather be a wild turkey, and live my life out on the prairies, than be a tame turkey and be killed every year."

— The well-known artist, George Cruikshank, is thus referred to in a German biographical dictionary: "A famous caricaturist and artist in London, whose real name is Simon Pure."

— "Six feet in his boots!" exclaimed Mrs. Beeswax. "What will the impudence of this world come to, I wonder? Why, they might as well tell me that the man had six heads in his hat."

— When three Irishmen dug a ditch, for which they were to receive four dollars, the trouble was how to divide four among three and have it equal. One of them remained quiet and the other two at last deferred to his judgment, as he had been to school, and knew arithmetic, to make the division. He did it at once, saying, "It's aisy enough. Sure there's two for you two, and two for me, too." "Begorra," said one of his co-laborers, "what a great thing it is to have learning!" "And," said the other, as he pocketed his single dollar, "and to know 'rithmetic too. It's the like of us two'd never divided them four dollars aqually."

"Everything that enters Paris has to pay octroi duty. For many weeks an elegantly attired gentleman drove a well-appointed dog-cart from the outskirts to the city, being attended every evening by a handsome groom. One night the dog-cart was upset in the presence of the gendarmes, who, on going to the rescue, noticed that the groom had not moved from his seat. "Come," said one of the men. The groom preserved a dignified silence. "Come down, cried they, angrily." don't you see your master is hurt? Are you drunk or stupid?" The groom preserved his English sang-froid, and the employees, giving him a shake, discovered, to their unutterable astonishment, that he was made of zinc, and contained one hundred and fifty litres of Cognac.

— Dr. Willet, lecturing in Boston the other night, told a droll story of himself. He said that at one time, when he was a connoisseur in bird-stuffing, he used to criticise other people's bird-stuffing severely. Walking with a gentleman one day, he stopped at a window where a gigantic owl was exhibited. "You see," said the Doctor to his friend, "that there is a consummate bird utterly ruined by unskilful stuffing. Notice the mounting! Execrable, isn't it? No living owl ever roosted in that position. And the eyes are fully a third larger than any owl ever possessed." At this moment the stuffed bird raised one foot and solemnly blinked at his critic, who said very little more about stuffed birds that afternoon.

— The following scene, it is said, took place in a Parisian magasin: An elegantly dressed lady asked to see some materials for paletots. The shop-man mounted the steps, and took down several pieces of striped velvet. "The rain would spoil it," said the lady; "show me some swan-skin." Several pieces being laid upon the counter, "Too thick," said the lady, after an examination of ten minutes; "show me some ladies' cloth." Several great rolls were laid before her. They were too thin. Then came velveteik, satin, moire, until the counter disappeared under the piles of stuffs, behind which stood the nearly invisible shop-man, still patient and polite. At last, "I have decided," said the customer. "In favor of flannel, blue flannel." Ten or twelve pieces were placed upon the heap. "That will do," she said, after a long and minute scrutiny. "How much will it take to make a dog's paletot?" and she held up a microscopic toy terrier. "A paletot!" asked the shop-man, not at all disconcerted, and appearing to make a mental calculation. "Will it have pockets, madame?"

GENERAL BLUCHER.—When the special messengers arrived to inform Blucher that Napoleon had escaped from Elba, and that his services would be immediately required in the field, they were astonished to find him literally running round and round a large room, the floor of which was covered with sawdust, and in which he had immured himself, under the delusion that he was an elephant. For two time, it was feared that Blucher was hopelessly insane, or that he was so far suffering from *delirium tremens* that his active co-operation in the anticipated campaign would be impossible; but when the urgent news was brought him, he at once recovered himself, and proceeded to give his advice in a perfectly sound state of mind, the tone of which was thus, as by a sudden shock, restored to him.

AFFECTING RHYMES.—The obituarian who jerks sweet poetry for the Philadelphia *Ledger* had a rough time in making a rhyme for the too prevalent disease of the season, but finally produced the following:

Our little Sallie did so groan
Baby life so sweet is
Else was afflicted with the cerebro-
Spinal meningit's.

'Tis hard to lose our little Sallie so,
But the reflection sweet is,
That she has gone where there's no cerebro-
Spinal meningit's.

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Notices.

NOTICE.

ST. LAWRENCE STEAM DYEING AND SCOURING WORKS,

No. 31 BLEURY STREET.

Gentlemen's Clothes Cleaned and Pressed on shortest notice.

NOTICE TO HOUSE CLEANERS.—Damask Curtains, &c., &c., cleaned and dyed. Carpets steamed. Sheepskin Mats dyed all colors.

MECHANICS' BANK.

The Shareholders of the Mechanics' Bank are hereby notified that a Dividend of THREE PER CENT. upon the Paid-up Capital Stock has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Office of the Bank in this city, on and after the FIRST DAY of May proximo.

The Transfer Books will be closed from 16th to the 30th instant, inclusive.

(Signed), ALEX. MOLSON,
Vice-President.

April 5th, 1873.

THE NEW CITY GAS COMPANY.

Parties moving on the 1st May are required to give THREE DAYS' WRITTEN NOTICE at this Company's Office, in order that the Gas may be turned off, otherwise they will be held liable for all Gas passing through the Meter until such notice be received.

No Plumber is authorised to turn on the Gas without a written order from the Company. Any one so doing is liable to A PENALTY by violating the clause of the Charter to that effect.

By order,

JAMES F. SCRIVER,
Secretary.

NOTICE TO PRINTERS.

Messrs. FARMER, LITTLE & CO., of New York, have appointed the undersigned as their Agent for the sale of Printers' Materials for the Dominion of Canada.

JOHN BEATTY,
Witness Office, Montreal.

THE NEW CITY GAS CO'Y. OF MONTREAL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the following Calls have been made on the recently subscribed Stock of this Company, payable as follows:—

10 Per Cent. on the 2nd JUNE NEXT.
10 " " 1st AUGUST "
10 " " 1st OCTOBER "

By order of the Board.

JAMES F. SCRIVER,
Secretary.

Montreal, 14th April, 1873.

EXPRESS NOTICE.—The Canadian Express Company forward on Express Passenger Trains, in charge of official messengers, merchandise, money, and packages of every description, collect bills with goods, notes, drafts, &c., throughout the Dominion, and, in connection with other reliable companies, throughout the United States and Europe.

SEND SPRING GOODS BY EXPRESS.

Two or three Expresses over principal portions of the line daily. Large consignments at reduced rates.

The attention of parties having friends or business relations in the old country is particularly called to the facilities offered in our foreign branch.

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Any package or consignment of less than two feet cubic measurement, will come cheaper by our line than by any other conveyance.

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For particulars call on any of our agents in Canada, or Wm. Blackwood, No. 32 Water st., Liverpool, Eng. Consignments solicited.

G. CHENEY, Supt.

Publisher's Notice.

THE NEW YORK WEEKLY WITNESS.

Being the weekly edition of the NEW YORK DAILY WITNESS, contains eight pages of six columns each, or 48 columns, filled with interesting and important matter, and is, in proportion to its contents, the cheapest weekly in the United States, as the daily is the cheapest daily.

The contents are:

TWO SERIAL STORIES, one of them illustrated.

COPIOUS EXTRACTS from the religious and secular press.

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NEWS, Selections, Poetry, and a Review of the Produce and Cattle Markets, with latest quotations of Gold and Stocks.

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JOHN DOUGALL,
PROPRIETOR & PUBLISHER,
162 Nassau st.,
New York.

New York, Jany., 1873.

TO MINISTERS and TEACHERS.

The NEW DOMINION MONTHLY will be sent to minister and teachers at the reduced rate of one dollars per annum.

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One 25 Horse-power High Pressure Steam Engine, and one 15 H. P. do, with or without boilers; can be seen working at the St. Lawrence Engine Works until the 1st May, Thursday next.

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A Cheap, simple, and durable Machine—easily operated and running Wheels from 8 x ¼ inches to 12 x 1 inch.

PRICE OF MACHINE - - $15.

Wheels with bevelled, double bevelled, and round face from $2.25 to $7.25, according to thickness.

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All of the TANITE CO.'S goods are directly made by the Co., at their own Factory, and under their own Patents and Processes.

It is cheaper to buy Standard Goods directly from well-known manufacturers than to buy of dealers and get low-priced or poor goods. The fullest information on all points connected with EMERY-WHEELS and EMERY-GRINDING MACHINERY will be furnished by this Company.

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Steam Engines, Steam Boilers, Hoisting Engines, Steam Pumps.

Ore Crushers, Stamp Mills, Water Wheels, Mill Gearing, Shafting, &c.

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Best Fire Bricks, Fire Clay and Foundry Facings always on hand.

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For promoting the growth of and beautifying the hair, and rendering it dark and glossy.

The Cocaine holds, in a liquid form, a large proportion of deodorized

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NO OTHER COMPOUND

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Prevents the Hair from falling.

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Is not Greasy or Sticky.

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Leaves no Disagreeable Odor.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE

Subdues Refractory Hair.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE

Soothes the Irritated Scalp Skin.

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Affords the richest Lustre.

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Is not an Alcoholic Wash.

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Kills Dandruff.

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Gives New Life to the Hair.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE

Remains Longest in Effect.

It is the best and cheapest hair-dressing in the world; it promotes the growth of the Hair, and is entirely free from all irritating matter. Price 50c. and 75c. per bottle. Prepared only by JOSEPH BURNETT & CO., Boston.

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Sole Agents for the Dominion, Montreal.

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Just received, our Fresh Stock of FLOWER & VEGETABLE SEEDS, from England, France, and the United States, such as

BEETS, SPINAGE, MELONS, CARROTS, TURNIPS, RISLEY, CRESS, HERBS, PEAS, LETTUCES, MANGEL WURTZELS, CABBAGES, TOMATOES, ONIONS, CAULIFLOWERS, MIGNONETTE, PARSNIP, CUCUMBERS, CLOVER, RADISHES, TIMOTHY, &c., &c.

A choice selection of Flower Seeds in packets, at 2s. 6d. per dozen.

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The cheapest place in the city to buy Camphor, for preserving Furs, Blankets, Sleigh Robes, Woollen Goods, &c., &c. Also as a Disinfectant.

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Repairs Glass, China, Stone, Wood, Ivory, Leather, Trinkets, Toys, &c.

Air Cushions, Air Pillows, Enemas' New Feeding Bottles, Teats, &c.

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CONSTITUTIONS BROKEN DOWN

with fatty degeneration of the heart, liver and kidneys, from the use of alcohol; exhaustion of the vital forces, from the use of tobacco; irritability and restlessness of the nervous system, from the effects of strychnine; impaired nutrition and loss of energy, from the use of opium; and nervous and physical prostration, from intemperance of any kind—can be restored by the use of

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a purely physiological remedy—perfectly harmless to adult or infant—that builds up all the organs and tissues of the body in a radical and permanent manner.

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A large and well grown Stock, comprising the following varieties Roses, Geraniums, Verbenas, Petunias, Heliotropes, Lantanas, Ageratums, &c. &c., to be sold at prices to suit purchasers. Bouquets, Wreaths, Cut Flowers, Table Plants, &c., supplied at shortest notice.

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Now is the time to Prune Fruit Trees.

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Clothing, &c.

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Particular attention paid to Military and Clerical Outfits, and Ladies' Riding Habits.

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Late of firm of Boon & Woodworth, begs to thank his numerous friends and customers for past favors, and solicits a continuance of the same in his new store, No. 19 St. Lawrence Main street, which he will open on or about the 3rd of April, with a new and well selected stock of Cloths, Does, Cassimeres, English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Ready-made Clothing and Furnishing goods.

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MERCHANT TAILOR & CLOTHIER

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Have just received a choice assortment of SPRING GOODS of the newest and best makes; also, Pattern Suits from the celebrated houses of Messrs. H. Poole & Co., of London, and Monsieur Dusantoy, of Paris, who are confessedly the first tailors in Europe. We are prepared to make for our customers *fac-similes* of those garments; also, faithfully to reproduce American styles,—our aim being to raise the art of Tailoring to a higher standard of excellence than has hitherto prevailed in Canada.

PRICES POSITIVELY MODERATE.

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JAMES F. SCRIVER,
Secretary.

Montreal, 28th April, 1873.

SCRAP IRON.

Wanted, Wrought and Cast Scrap Iron in any quantity, delivered at our Rolling Mills, St. Joseph street Tollgate, for which highest market rates will be paid.

Country dealers please notice.

The Montreal Rolling Mills Co.

WALKING CANES!

A large variety of new styles of WALKING CANES, just received at RICE SHARPLEY, 281 Notre Dame street.

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The Subscriber has now in stock a very large assortment of GOLD and SILVER WATCHES,