LAST EDITION.

The Montreal Daily Star

DAILY STAR: Last Week's Average 45,435
WEEKLY STAR: Last Week's Issue.... 83,919
Average Circulation of the STAR..... 129,354

VOL. XXVIII—No. 135. MONTREAL, TUESDAY, JUNE 9, 1896. PRICE ONE CENT

To the Trade.

FANS, PINS, BELTS, UNDERWEAR, HOSE.

This is the Fan weather. Belt Pins, Buckles and Belts are worn in great variety.

Summer Underwear and Half Hose are articles daily in demand.

We have a full assortment of these goods in stock.

Filling Letter Orders a Specialty.

JOHN MACDONALD & CO.
Wellington & Front Sts. East, Toronto.
MONTREAL OFFICE:
135ztf 207 St. James Street.

SPECIAL REDUCTIONS
during this month in
TAN BOOTS & SHOES
just the lines for
Seaside and Country

Here are a few of our bargains:

Men's Tan Oxford Shoes,	regular price,	$1 50,	now 99c
Ladies' Tan Oxford Shoes,	"	$1 50,	" 99c
Misses' Tan Oxford Shoes,	"	$1 25,	" 75c
Boys' Tan Oxford Shoes,	"	$1 25,	" 99c
Youths' Tan Oxford Shoes,	"	$1 12½	" 75c
Men's Tan Laced Boots,	"	$2 50,	" 2 00

We have also a very complete assortment of all the latest novelties in footwear for Ladies, Misses and Children.

BAILLIE & COLE,
2244 St. Catherine St.,
133 3 xx Opposite Victoria St.

You Know,
We Know,
Everybody Knows

That TOOKE'S SHIRTS are the best, not because they are cheaper, but for the reason that they are better every way. Buy your Shirts at

R. J. TOOKE'S,
177 St. James street.
2387 St. Catherine street, West.
1553 St. Catherine street, East.
135z1

PRIZE MEDAL PARIS 1867. PRIZE MEDAL CENTENNIAL 1876.

IN COMPETITION WITH THE WORLD. IN COMPETITION WITH THE WORLD.
ALSO MANY PROVINCIAL MEDALS.

DON'T FORGET
to save the El Padre NEEDLE and VARSITY Cigar Bands for the guessing competition on result of
THE DOMINION ELECTIONS.
15 NEEDLE or 25 VARSITY } Entitle you to one guess.
S. DAVIS & SONS.
129z18

PRICES HERE HAVE LOST ALL THEIR SIGNIFICANCE.

They don't seem capable of representing all the carpet value they really do represent. Our desire to clear out everything this month has led us to reduce the prices that they don't have much to do with your buying or choosing, only to bring you here. Pick out what you need. The price will prove no hindrance.

Axminsters & Wiltons
Worth $2.25 to $2.50, all to be sold this month at $1.50.

Tapestry.
These reliable goods still present a good variety, 90c at 85c and 20 per cent off; 75c at 65c and 20 per cent off.

Best Brussels.
We had more of this $1.45 really "best" Brussels than any other carpet, and have sold more. Still going at $1.12.

Oil Cloths
Are just about all gone. A few real bargains left for wise shoppers.

JAMES BAYLIS & SON,
1837 Notre Dame Street, near McGill.
135z1

(IMPORTED IN WOOD.)
MARGAUX CLARET,
(Our Bottling and Our Brand.)
Quarts.....$3.00 per Dozen
Pints.....$2.00 per Dozen
CLUB CLARET,
(Our Bottling and our Brand.)
Quarts.....$5.00 per Dozen
Pints.....$3.00 per Dozen
(IMPORTED IN GLASS.)
JOHNSTON'S SUPERIOR ST. JULIEN CLARET.
In Cases of 1 Dozen Quarts.....$12.00 per Dozen
In Cases of 2 Dozen Pints.....$13.00 per Dozen
FRASER, VIGER & CO.
(IN WOOD AND BOTTLE.)
OLD MONOGRAM RYE,
The Oldest and Finest Manufactured in Canada.
75 cents per Bottle. $4.00 per Gallon. $9.00 per Dozen.
EXTRA OLD HERMITAGE RYE,
(Seven Years Old.)
65 cents per Bottle. $3.25 per Gallon. $7.50 per Dozen.
V. O. VERY OLD RYE,
50 cents per Bottle. $2.50 per Gallon. $5.50 per Dozen.
FRASER, VIGER & CO.,
ITALIAN WAREHOUSE,
207, 209 and 211 ST. JAMES STREET. 135z1

BURNISHINE!
Trial Tin... 10c THE BEST METAL POLISHER. CONTAINS NO ACID. Trial Tin... 10c
Liberal Discount to the Trade. TRY IT ON YOUR METAL SIGNS.
Headquarters—John Martin Sons & Co., 455 St. Paul St. 135z1

Look for Ask for.. Trilby
THE NEW CIGARETTE.
Manufactured by J. M. FORTIER.
135z tfeod

ROWDYISM AT OTTAWA.

SPEAKERS AT A BIG MEETING INTERRUPTED.

Sir Charles Tupper Received a Pretty Good Hearing but His Friends Could Hardly Speak---The Meeting Abruptly Terminated

(Special to the Star.)

Ottawa, June 9.—The great Conservative demonstration at the Rideau Rink last night resulted in one of the most disorderly meetings that ever took place in Ottawa. The rumors prevailing during the day that organized interruption was to be the order of the evening were fully borne out. From the opening speech to the close, which was abrupt, frequent interruptions were made.

General indignation is expressed here to-day over the interruptions, all classes of respectable citizens fearing that Ottawa will lose its reputation for fair play. What makes this exhibition of bad taste and unfairness all the more unbearable is the knowledge that the interruptions were unquestionably premeditated and carried out by an organized party of roughs, who were in a ridiculous minority, compared with the thousands of respectable citizens in the meeting who encouraged the speakers to proceed in spite of the interruptions. General surprise is expressed to-day that the majority of the meeting did not take things into their own hands and eject the hoodlums. Many independent citizens, who had previously shown sympathy with the opponents of the Government, to-day announce themselves as determined to vote for the Tupper candidate, if for nothing else but as a protest against this deliberate attempt to interfere with the right of free speech.

Sir Charles Tupper's speech was the only one which was even fairly listened to, and that he obtained a decent hearing was as much due to his own tact as to anything else. The immense rink was seated to accommodate two thousand, whilst all around was a wide promenade, which gave standing room to as many more. Across the rink at intervals were streamers of many colored flags, the gallery front being decorated with escutcheons, on which were emblazoned the arms of the various provinces. The platform was erected in the centre of the rink and was draped with the British ensign, a portrait of the Empress-Queen being in the centre surmounting the royal arms. On either side of the platform were the mottoes, "Sir Charles Tupper, the People's Choice," and "Maintain the National Policy," draped with flags and flanked by the Dominion coat of arms.

Facing the platform was the motto, "Condemnation of the Farrar-Laurier-McCarthy Combine," whilst at the end were the mottoes, "Canada for the Canadians," "Uphold the Constitution," and "No Annexation."

The doors of the rink were opened half an hour before the advertised time for taking the chair, and immediately the stream of people commenced pouring in, a large number of ladies being amongst the early arrivals. Long before eight o'clock the rink was well filled, and it had become evident that there was a considerable disorderly element present, evidenced by its expressing approval, or otherwise as its friends, or opponents, entered.

Sir Charles Tupper, accompanied by Hon. A. Desjardins and escorted by Mr. Magee, and members of the Association, Sir James Grant, the Mayor and others entered to the sounds of "Hail to the Chief," the vast audience rising almost to a unit and cheering.

As Sir Charles took his seat, Miss Annie Borthwick, daughter of Mayor Borthwick, tripped up the platform steps and presented him with a handsome basket of roses, which he gracefully acknowledged.

Mr. Magee briefly opened the proceedings. His mentioning that he intended before asking Sir Charles to speak, to call on the candidates, Messrs. Robinson and Champagne, was the signal for the disturbances of the evening. The announcement was met by cries of "McVeity" and upraor, which Mr. Magee met by stating that he intended to keep order, when renewed shouts of "How about McVeity," temporarily drowned his voice. The number of the disturbers was about five hundred scattered in groups round the rink, and some few were armed with kazzoo horns and rattles.

Mr. Magee called on Mr. Hiram Robinson was greeted with loud cries for McVeity, but commenced his speech, when suddenly the uproar was changed into chaos from the disorderly element and Mr. McVeity appeared, walking over the chairs to the platform. No sooner did Mr. Robinson see this that he walked to the edge of the platform and invited Mr. McVeity to come up which he did, and being seated the noise ceased for a time. Mr. Robinson shortly laid down his principles of campaign, and urged his services on the School Board for 28 years as one amongst many reasons why they should vote for him.

Sir Charles Tupper was heartily received. He rose at nine o'clock and resumed his seat about 10:30. No more than an hour of this time was actually employed in his address, the rest being wasted in interruptions. Sir Charles reviewed the development of the city, caused, he claimed, by the policy of the Liberal-Conservative party, whose policy he contrasted at length with the want of policy of the Opposition. He went at length, amid frequent bursts of applause and continued interruption, into the various trade policies adopted by the Liberals since 1878.

He had spoken about half an hour when some two or three men, at the back of the rink shouted "fire." A few nervous people rose, but Sir Charles did not alter his voice. He paused a moment, then putting up his hand to quiet the crowd said, "A mere attempt of the enemy, but if we can get rid of these noisy boys we shall be very glad."

He then resumed his speech taking up the history of the C.P.R. But was very shortly interrupted by calls of "time," "sit down" and "Go for them Charlie" which rendered him inaudible to most of those in the rink. In no measured terms did he denounce the Farrar-Laurier-McCarthy deal, the disturbance continuing the whole time. His voice, as he spoke of the Manitoba school question and the prospects in the counties around, was drowned every two or three minutes by repeated shouts of "Sit down" which at 10.30 he did, amidst cheers.

During Sir Charles' speech the number of those who were interrupting had perceptibly increased but the disorder had not reached its highest points until the next speech.

As Hon. A. Desjardins rose the band played Vive Canadienne, and when that ceased the rowdy element broke out uncontrolled. Shouts for McVeity, and "How about McVeity" "he's all right," cat calls, rattles and howls resounded from every part of the hall.

Mayor Borthwick begged them to hear Mr. Desjardins for the credit of the city, but it was of no use. The Minister of Public Works showed admirable pluck, standing quietly, making frequent short snatches of speech, which were, however, inaudible even to the newspaper men. Mr. McVeity came to Mayor Borthwick's assistance, but the noisy half of the audience were determined not to hear him and his request for his followers to hear Mr. Desjardins was simply wasted amidst the howling of the hoodlums.

For half an hour the struggle continued, babel being replaced by a small pandemonium. Then Sir Charles stood up, the band played God Save the Queen, three cheers were given for the Queen, the candidates and Sir Charles Tupper and the great rink meeting was abruptly closed.

SIR LEONARD TILLEY SPEAKS.

St. John, N.B., June 9.—(Special.)—Sir Leonard Tilley replying to an invitation to attend last Saturday's Liberal-Conservative rally, writes from St. Andrews, stating that he had signed Messrs. Hazen and Chesley's official nomination paper for several reasons, one of which he states as follows: "As one of the parties to the contract between the people of Manitoba and the Parliament of Canada by which constitutional rights were secured to the minority 'Catholic or Protestant,' in that province, I could not consistently support any candidate who was not prepared to sustain a reasonable proposition to redress a declared grievance."

The Attorney-General, Mr. Blain, speaking in Carleton city Hall, last night, in the Liberal interest, dealt with the Manitoba school question very fully, urging his hearers to protect against the "coercion" of any province. He believed the Fathers of Confederation, as they called themselves, had embarked upon a policy which must result in the destruction of the federation. The question should be left to Manitoba to deal with as the other provinces had dealt with the matter. He protested against six men, for that was really the number, that settled all the policy of the Dominion Government, pressing "such an iniquity" on the country.

METHODIST CONFERENCE.

Toronto, June 9.—(Special.)—The Conference of the Methodist Church will begin its session to-morrow morning, and will sit for ten days. A feature of the Conference will be the charge of Rev. Dr Carman to the Conference, to be delivered at the first session. This will refer, among other things, to the Manitoba school question, and there will be a report of a special committee on the question. An exciting time is expected.

ANOTHER METHODIST RESOLUTION.

Galt, Ont., June 9.—(Special.)—By a practically unanimous vote the Hamilton Methodist Conference, in session here, passed a sweeping resolution denouncing the Remedial Bill.

INSPECTION OF BUTTER.

(Special to the Star.)

Ottawa, June 9.—Prof. Robertson, Dominion Dairy Commissioner, will visit Montreal during this week to meet Mr. G. A. Gigault, Deputy Commissioner of Agriculture for Quebec, with whom he has many matters to talk over. Most prominent amongst the subjects of their conference is the inspection of butter being shipped from Quebec under the bonus system recently adopted by the Quebec Government. This bonus consists of one cent per pound on half the quantity of butter made in all creameries that undertake to ship a similar quantity of fresh butter regularly throughout the season. Another subject will be the details of freight for shipment of butter to be shipped from Quebec in cold storage compartments. They will also arrange for steamships, stopping at Quebec to take in such shipments.

Mr. Justice Ouimet and Mr. Guilbauts, ex-M.P. for Joliette, were in town yesterday, the latter on business with the Government.

VAN HORNE EXONERATED.

St. Paul, Minn., June 9.— The Court of Appeals has announced a decision in the Duluth and Winnipeg Railway foreclosure suit, sustaining the trustees in every particular. The suits have been pending for eighteen months, and the Circuit Court of Appeals now exonerates the President, Sir William Van Horne, from charges of fraudently acting in collusion with the trustees for the purpose of foreclosing the mortgage. The result is a victory for the trustees and bondholders, and the sale under foreclosure now becomes possible.

M'GILL IN THE WEST.

(Special to the Star.)

Vancouver, B.C., June 9.—The local examination for matriculation in medicine and arts in connection with McGill University took place in Vancouver this week. The examinations are under the auspices of the Society of McGill graduates of British Columbia. In medicine, Dr. McGnigan is examiner in Vancouver, and Dr. Boggs in Westminster.

BLUE JACKETS REWARDED.

San Francisco, June 9.— The Emperor of China has testified his appreciation of the gallantry shown by the blue jackets of the American warships in rescuing drowning persons in the recent terrible disaster resulting from a collision at Woo Sung between the steamers On-Wo and Mew Chang, by presenting to the captain of each of Uncle Sam's cruisers in Asiatic waters an elaborately engraved and highly complimentary testimonial.

PRESIDENT
GROVER CLEVELAND.

Mr. Cleveland must be commended for dressing according to the occasion. He does business, receives, fishes, rides, and shoots, and he enjoys 'em all because he's dressed right. That's the only way. You've bought a horse, or a wheel, or a boat, or a gun, or a tennis set. What shall you wear? If you dress suitably you'll enjoy your purchase. If not, you'll be soured on it. Now, if you don't know best what to get, come and see us about it confidentially. We can show you a fine range of Summer Clothing, Underwear, Negligee Shirts, Bicycle Hose, Shoes, Suits, etc. It's our business.

John Allan
The Alive, Up-to-Date, Progressive
MEN'S OUTFITTER,
657 to 659 CRAIG STREET.
135z1

THE DERVISH DEFEAT.

The Dervishes Were Surprised While Asleep—The Egyptian Reserve Fund.

Firkett, June 9.—Slatin Pasha has made a tour of the battle field, and recognized the body of Emir Hammuda, of the tribe of Habbania, who commanded the Dervish forces during the engagement here Sunday, which resulted in the defeat of the enemy with heavy loss. Hammuda was shot through the head.

The prisoners captured by the Egyptian forces state that the Dervishes were sleeping when attacked. Many of these prisoners saluted Slatin Pasha with marked surprise. The last time he was in their midst was when he was a prisoner of the Khalifa at Omdurman, from which place he escaped last year, after being in captivity about 17 years.

Cairo, Egypt, June 9.—The mixed tribunal rendered judgment yesterday against the Government and the four commissioners of the Caisse, who favored advancing funds from the Egyptian reserve for the purposes of the Soudan expedition. The tribunal declares that this advance was made in violation of all existing decrees; condemned the Government to repay the money advanced, and enjoined the commissioners from advancing any further funds from the reserve fund. The Government and the four commissioners immediately lodged an appeal against the decision of the mixed tribunal.

Akasheh, June 9.—Major Burn Murdoch's cavalry occupied Suarda on Monday and captured the entire Dervish camp and a great quantity of supplies. Many of the enemy were killed and 40 Dervishes were made prisoners.

Sir Herbert Kitchener has sent a detachment of infantry to hold Suarda, as it is a very valuable position. The pursuit of the Dervishes has been stopped, as the entire force north of Suarda with the exception of about 200 fugitives, has been killed or captured. The whole of the Nile north of the Suarda is now in the hands of the Egyptians.

Cairo, June 9.— The Egyptian cavalry at Firket pursued the fleeing Dervishes after the battle at that place, killing a large number of them. The Dervishes took the route to Suarda, which was the Khalifa's largest camp, with the exception of Dongola. The cavalry, upon reaching Suarda, found the place deserted. The troops occupied the place and seized enormous quantities of stores of all kinds and a number of camels.

DEATH OF FRANK MAYO.

He was a Well Known Actor Especially as Davy Crockett.

Omaha, Neb., June 9.—(Special).—Frank Mayo, the actor, died very suddenly of paralysis of the heart while on board the Union Pacific fast mail going east near Grand Island. Mr. Mayo was on his way to Omaha with his company, where he was to open an engagement to-night. The remains arrived here at 5 p.m., and were prepared for interment under the direction of a delegation of Elks, who will take charge of them until they are ready for shipment east.

Frank Mayo was an actor of the old school. He was born in Boston, April 18, 1839. In 1863 Mayo had become a "leading man" at Maguire's Opera House, San Francisco, and played with McKean Buchanan, Charles and Edwin Thorne, Mrs. John Wood and other famous players. Previously he had played with Edwin Booth. Mayo starred in a Shakespearean repertoire and in Virginius, Richelieu, the Marble Heart and the like, but he is best known to the public as "Davy Crockett," in which he first appeared in 1872. He appeared last season as "Pudd'n Head Wilson," in Mark Twain's play of that name. Mr. Mayo left one son, Edwin F. Mayo. His only daughter, Eleanor, made her debut and an instantaneous hit in opera as Princess Bonnie in 1893. Her stage career was cut short abruptly a year ago, when she became the wife of Col. James Elverson, Jr., of the Philadelphia Inquirer.

A GRAND DISPLAY.

Buda Pest Said to Have Outdone Moscow.

Buda Pest, June 9.—Some of the distinguished visitors who have arrived here from Moscow, whither they went to attend the coronation of the Czar, declare that the celebration here eclipses the Moscow celebration. The pomp of the Estorhazy Andrassy Karolyi and other notable families in the procession yesterday vied with the gorgeousness of the Orient. The gala dresses of the riders and the trappings of the horses of the magnates flashed with hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of jewels. The carriage in which rode Cardinal Vaszary, Primate of Hungary, was similar to the state carriage of the Czar. The Emperor-King yesterday received the members of the Lower House of Diet at the palace.

THE COLORED DELEGATES.

St. Louis Hotels and Boarding Houses Will not Have Them.

St. Louis, Mo., June 9.—What shall be done with the colored delegates and alternates to the National Republican Convention is a question which is puzzling the members of the National Commission who have arrived here, as well as the Business Men's League, which secured the convention to St. Louis. Every hotel and boarding house came out flat-footed yesterday and declared that it would entertain no negro guest or customer. Money is no object. Threats of prosecution have had no effect and from the present outlook it would seem that unless tents are secured the colored men will have to go hungry and unhoused.

CHEAPER STREET CAR FARES.

Milwaukee, Wis., June 9.—At a meeting of the city council, held yesterday afternoon, a four cent street car fare ordinance was passed. Thirty days time is given in which to allow the railroad company to print commutation tickets and make arrangements for carrying out the terms of the ordinance. The company will carry the matter to the courts.

THE KAISER'S GUESTS.

New York, June 9.—A Berlin special to the Journal says: A Hamburg despatch says the British naval architects who arrived there yesterday were received with high honors as the guests of the Emperor. They are due here Wednesday. Banquets will be given them and special fetes held in their honor. Emperor William will pay all bills.

BELGIAN STEAMER SUNK.

Lisbon, June 9.—The Belgian steamer Princess Clementine, bound from Sardinian ports for Antwerp, has been sunk by colliding with an unknown barque in latitude 46 north, longitude 7 west. The captain of the steamer was drowned. The others of her crew have arrived at Cascaes.

"MERIT" ESTABLISHED,
NOT SIMPLY "CLAIMED."
"SALADA"
CEYLON TEA
OF "SUPREME" QUALITY.
LEAD PACKETS ONLY. BY ALL GROCERS. 135eodz

At all Up-to-Date Grocers..

HELMET BRAND
Ox: Tongues.
YELLOW LABEL.
Armour Packing Co.
Kansas City. 135zeod

"It Will Work Wonders With this Generation of Men."

A Startling Advance in Medical Science is fully explained in a little book called "Complete Manhood, and How to Attain it."

An earnest man who had suffered, hesitated, then put it to the test, writes thus:

"Well, I tell you that first day is one I'll never forget. I just babbled with joy. I wanted to hug everybody and tell them that my old self had died yesterday and my new self was born to-day. Why didn't you tell me when I first wrote that I would find it this way?"

The man was not "made whole" by magic in a day—no man is—but in a moment he saw—KNEW—how he would be in a little while—he "saw the light" before he had finished the first chapter.

Every man who would know the grand truth, the plain facts, the new discoveries of medical science—who would atone for past follies and avoid future pitfalls, should secure this book.

To simple "curiosity seekers," to those whose physical condition is perfect—to those who need no aid—to boys—we say emphatically *this book is useless and uninteresting.* It is purely medical and scientific, published to make known a system of treatment of incalculable value *to men who need it.*

If you are looking for something sentimental, frivolous, improper, don't waste your time and ours by writing. This is not for you.

If you want advice, wisdom, warning, help, noble manhood—if you want to escape snares, traps, quackery—get this book now.

Write to the Erie Medical Co., 64 Niagara st., Buffalo, N. Y., and ask for copy "Complete Manhood." They will Send it sealed in plain envelope entirely free, for a short time. 59ztf

BOECKH'S
Painters' Brushes
Bridled ready for use, no extra charge. 67zeod

If The Boys Were to Choose

What to wear, they would wear the best, and it is easy to gratify the little fellows' neat ideas when mother can lay her hand on such bargains as these. It inculcates into the very nature of the lad a value of the dollar. Some people may object to our paying particular attention to the buttons, thread, cloth, and make of these suits, but not the careful mother. Here are a few long-wearing, hard-time-priced clothing facts about the clothes we make ourselves and make RIGHT in all the "little things":

Two-piece Plaited Suits.
Good strong Suits..... 98c
Good School Suits, in blue serge or tweed.....$1.25
Halifax Tweed Suits.....$1.75
All-wool Tweed Suits, best value in the trade.....$2.25
Best quality Scotch Tweed.....$2.75
Cheviot Suits, in blue or black.$3.00
All-wool Serge, blue or black..$3.50
Worsted Suits, in steel gray, blue gray, and drab.....$4.50
Black Venetian Dress Suits from.....$3.00 to $6.00

In Single or Double Breasted Suits—Three-piece Suits.
All-wool Tweed Suits.....$3.00
Best Scotch Tweed Suits.....$3.50
Blue Serge Suits.....$3.00
Best quality Cheviot Suits....$4.00
Black Dress Suits.....$4.50
Some Special Suits.
Boys' Cotton Sailor Blouses... 50c to $1.25
Boys' Cotton Sailor Blouse Suits.....60c to $2.50
Boys' Sailor Suits....89c to $4.75
Jersey Suits.....$1.25 to $5.00
Jersey Skirt Suits..$2.00 to $3.50

This is what we call Value Giving.

Blumenthals',
Cor. Craig and Bleury.
1447 St. Catherine.
135z1

PRICES CUT IN TWO.
Bargains in Waterproof Coats
FOR THIS WEEK.

We will offer the whole of our stock of TWEED RUBBER COATS at half the price they are marked. They have sold very slowly this season and we want to reduce the stock, so that now is the time for our customers to get a Bargain.

Black Paramatta Coats with Cape, $6.50, for $3.25.
Tweed Rubber Coats, $8.00, for $4.00, and $10.00, for $5.00.
All lines reduced the same way; you just pay us half the price they are marked

FOR REMAINDER OF THIS WEEK ONLY
At JOHN ALLAN'S,
657 to 665 Craig Street. 135z1

DOWN TOWN
Jewellery Shop
WEDDING PRESENTS.
We have a display of suitable articles which cannot be surpassed. Space permits only a brief mention.
Onyx Pedestals, Sterling Silver and Plated Ware, Jewellery and Diamonds.
Bought for cash, we are enabled to quote very attractive prices.
R. A. DICKSON & CO.
1791 Notre Dame St.
(Next to Carsley's.)
131eod

FOR ALL
Summer Complaints.
25c and 50c bottles. At all druggists,
or from WALLACE DAWSON,
133zz2awtf 169 St. Lawrence Street.

Ladies' Cutting Academy
Established in 1891.
Waists without a single seam, the best in the word
With this wonderful system you are sure of a perfect fit without trying it on. Money returned if we fail to fulfill our agreement. Out of town Pupils will find accommodation in the Academy.
MRS. E. L. ETHIER,
1g5 (2) 88 St. Denis Street, Montreal.

BRIEF NOTES OF THE NEWS.

A stable, slaughter house and ice house and sheds on the 2nd concession of Thurlow, Ont., owned by John Snell, butcher, were destroyed by fire Sunday afternoon. Loss, $3000; insured for $109.

The returns issued by the British Board of Trade for the month of May show a decrease in imports of £1,400,000 and an increase in exports of £470,000 as compared with May, 1895.

At a vestry meeting of Trinity Church, Quebec, on Monday night, Rev. E. J. Etherington, B.A., of Wycliffe College Toronto, was appointed incumbent of the church.

M. Xavier Blanc, Senator for Hautes Alpes, France, died on Monday. He was born at Gap, August 5th, 1817, in politics he was a Republican.

T. A. Kidds, general store, at Oxford Mills, Ont., was broken into on Sunday night by burglars, and six silver and one gold watch stolen.

A powerful electric plant is being installed by the Imperial Government at Fort Clarence, on the Dartmouth shore of Halifax harbor.

Thomas Parkins, of the Customs, Windsor, Ont., and a prominent Mason, is dead. He was formerly in business at Kingston.

Patrick Finn and John Lambe, railway section men, were drowned Monday in the Grand River at Cainsville, Ont.

Cornell University has been presented with $2000 for the purpose of sending a geographical expedition to Greenland.

The Linotype operators on the daily papers of St. Paul and Minneapolis struck Monday night.

A Socialistic attack on the French Government was defeated in the Deputies on Monday.

A plague of grasshoppers is feared in Megantic County, Que.

MISS WORRELLS DEATH.

The Incident is Attracting Much Attention in England.

London, June 9.—Mr. Astor's paper, the Pall Mall Gazette, yesterday printed a story about Miss Mayme Worrell, the young girl who died mysteriously at San Francisco, which would indicate that she had been sent abroad by her father, Thomas Worrell, because he disapproved of her lover, leaving an inference to be drawn that she committed suicide. The father, an aged invalid, is out of town for his health. The Worrells are a wealthy and respected family living in a beautiful house, surrounded by fine grounds, at Kensington.

The Times this morning prints an interview with a married sister of the dead Miss Worrell, the wife of Mr. J. King, a well known solicitor. She is greatly distressed over the story in the Gazette, whose reporter she found interviewing the cook in the kitchen.

"My sister," she said, "had no love affair, as described, but left us in March for a voyage to Australia with friends. She left Sydney alone early in May for San Francisco. I received a letter from her on Saturday, dated May 6, and she was in the best of spirits. I feel sure that her death was the result of heart disease, as private cables assure us. The cruel surmises to the contrary are likely to kill my father, who is seriously ill."

THE STORM IN THE WEST.

Railways will Not be Able to Run for a Few Days.

Omaha, Neb., June 9.—The storm which visited the Loup valley on Saturday was the worst that has ever visited that section. The railroads suffered the most and traffic will not be resumed for several days owing to the washing away of bridges and culverts. Much of the country is inundated. Officials of the Union Pacific say it will be impossible to move trains before Friday. A telegram received by General Manager Holdridge says that Wolbach was completely inundated, the water standing to a depth of 10 feet over the entire town. The depot was almost completely destroyed and six box cars standing on the side struck were washed several miles away. Twenty-two bridges on the Elk Horn road between Chadron and Deadwood are washed out.

THREE HANGED TO-DAY.

Mrs. Dyer, the Baby Farmer to be Hanged To-morrow.

London, June 9.—Three men, Milson, Fowler and Seaman were hanged in Newgate prison here, at 9 o'clock this morning on one scaffold. The execution was private and death was instantaneous. Milson and Fowler are known as the Muswell Hill murderers, they were convicted of feloniously entering Muswell Lodge, Tetherdown, Muswell Hill, on February 18, and murdering Mr. Henry Smith, the occupier. Seaman was known as the Whitechapel murderer.

Unless there is a change in the arrangements, Mrs. Dyer, the baby-farmer convicted of murdering a number of infants, will be hanged at the same place to-morrow.

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S SYMPATHY

Paris, June 9.—Emperor William has telegraphed to President Faure expressing his sympathy with him in the death of M. Simon. In this message the Emperor says: "France is again weeping at the tomb of one of her great sons. I shall ever remain under the charm of his personality, while recalling the days when he lent me valuable support to improve the lot of the working classes."

Charles Gauthier was yesterday afternoon found guilty in the Queen's Bench of stealing $90 from one Mrs. Madore. There was a strong recommendation to mercy.

THE FIFTY DOLLAR TAX.

At the meeting of the City Council yesterday, Ald. Penny presented a petition from a number of secondhand dealers, protesting against the $50 tax. The petition was referred to the Finance Committee.

Ald. Penny gave notice of motion to amend the by-law imposing the tax.

The Liberal-Conservative Club and the St. Charles Club were incorporated.

The Road Committee's report, recommending the granting of permission to the Bell Telephone Company to lay underground wires, was laid over until next meeting.

A motion by Ald. Prefontaine, to adopt a report recommending the erasion of the homologated lines on Desery street, between Notre Dame and Rouville streets was adopted.

The lease of part of Bonsecours Market to the Provincial Government as an agricultural museum was next considered, and it was decided, at Ald Connaughton's suggestion, to grant a nine years' lease.

It was decided to instruct the City Attorney to appeal from the Recorder's recent decision respecting the early closing by-law.

Ald. McBride and Ald. Connaughton were appointed respectively Protestant and Catholic School Commissioners.

ST. LOUIS DU MILE END.

In the case of Jean Gauthier against the Corporation of St. Louis du Mile End and A. Chevalier intervenant, Judge Champagne has upheld Mr. Gauthier's action to annul the resolution of the St. Louis du Mile End Council, appointing Mr. Chevalier one of their number. Mr. Chevalier, at the time of his appointment as councillor, had been indebted to the Corporation for taxes, which, it was contended, disqualified him. Mr. Chevalier pleaded that he had a counter claim against the corporation; but the Court held that all taxes must be paid up to date, and no plea of compensation admitted. Thus Mr. Chevalier is declared unqualified as a councillor; but as this gentleman has already been unseated on a writ of quo warranto, the present decision is only important as regards costs.

Hospital nursing is becoming a fashionable craze in Paris. One establishment has a whole staff of ladies, married and single, who not only go through their self-imposed tasks in a practical and efficient manner, but take the trouble to fit themselves beforehand for hospital duties. They undergo a strict examination, and when they have successfully proved their possession of the necessary qualifications they receive certificates called "brevets d'infirmiere." One of the latest recruits in the ranks of the hospital nurses at Auteuil is Mdlle. Meline, daughter of the President of the Council, who has just passed an examination for appointment to a post which is not without peril, especially at a period when the air is supposed to be thick with the microbes of zymotic disease.

Special Notices.

If you are in search of a good Second-hand Piano, we have a number of bargains in Uprights and Squares, for immediate purchasers. C. W. Lindsay, new warerooms, 2'67 St. Catherine street.

To-morrow, Wednesday, will be our special bargain day for all dress makers' and milliners' supplies. We have decided to take 15 per cent. off all bills for dressmakers and milliners every Wednesday until further notice, at the great AU BON MARCHE, 1883 and 1885 Notre Dame st., Alphonse Valiquette, Opposite Balmoral Hotel block.

Mr. R. D. McGibbon will speak to-night at Dr. Roddick's meeting, at 175 St. Antoine street.

PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY.

IT OPENS TO-MORROW IN TORONTO.

Some Well-known Faces Will be Missing---Some Matters Which Will be Discussed---Representation and the Place of Meeting.

(Special to the Star.)

Toronto, June 9.—The twenty-second General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Canada will be opened in the Central Presbyterian church to-morrow evening. Two figures that for many years were accustomed to represent the Toronto Presbytery at the meetings of the Supreme Court of Presbyterianism in the Dominion will be wanting this year. Dr. Reid, the venerable clerk of the General Assembly since the organization of the united body in 1875, will be missed, as will the Rev. D. J. Macdonnell, of St. Andrew's church, the once energetic convener of the Augmentation Committee. The Rev. Dr. Burns, formerly of Montreal, but more recently of Halifax, will be absent from the same cause, requiescat in pace.

Two matters bearing upon the workings of the Supreme Court have had considerable attention given to them during the year, one of these formally and officially, the other informally and somewhat freely. The first has reference to the proportion of representation in the General Assembly. By the act constituting the Supreme Court it is the rule at present that the General Assembly shall consist of one-fourth of the whole number of ministers whose names are on the rolls of the several Presbyteries of the church and an equal number of elders. When the number of names on the roll of a Presbytery is not divisible by four, the fourth shall be reckoned from the next higher multiple of four. Each Presbytery shall elect its representatives at an ordinary meeting held at least twenty-one days before the meeting of the General Assembly. If any one thus elected resigns his commission the Presbytery may at any subsequent meeting held not less than eight days before the meeting of the Grand Assembly appoint another in his stead. Forty commissioners, of whom 21 are ministers, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. But twenty commissioners, who were appointed twenty-one days before being met at the place and time appointed may constitute the court and adjourn from time to time until a full quorum is present. At the last assembly, held in London, an overture was presented and sanctioned as follows: "Whereas, the number of commissioners to the General Assembly this year is five hundred and thirty-three, being an increase of thirty-one on the representation of last year; and whereas the increase may be expected to become greater from year to year, rendering the providing of accommodation for commissioners at the place of meeting more difficult, and making it practically impossible to provide a fund for the travelling expenses of commissioners; and whereas a reduction in the basis of representation would not interfere with the efficiency of the General Assembly, the General Assembly sends down to the Presbyteries of the church, under the Barrier Act, the following "Remit," with instructions to report their judgment on it to next Assembly, viz., that in the act constituting the General Assembly "one-sixth" be substituted for "one-fourth," and that section two be amended to read as follows: "When the number of names on the roll is not divisible by six the sixth shall be reckoned by the next higher multiple of six." A report will be presented on the pronouncements by Presbyteries on this remit at the present assembly, and the judgment of the court will be given accordingly.

The second matter relates to the place of holding the General Assembly. Some favor one place of meeting from year to year, and a number of others want everything for Toronto want the General Assembly there annually. But other places have claims. Montreal, for example, has claims as strong as Toronto. Kingston and Ottawa are nicely situated, and either one would be suitable. Then, again, it is claimed that centrality is of importance, and therefore Winnipeg is the spot above all others for the Dominion. Many interests would be affected by the choice of a permanent meeting place. The Presbyterian Church North in the United States, which is eighty-six years older than the Presbyterian Church in Canada, continues the practice of changing about its highest court from year to year. The arguments in favor of a permanent place are not a few, but those contra are perhaps weightier and more in number, so that the talked of change is not likely to become an actuality in the near future.

A journal in the western part of Ontario, informing the public upon matters relating to the approaching General Assembly, intimated a fortnight ago that the principal subject before the supreme court in June of 1896 would be "deficits." Gloomily put, everything ran into a deficit, and every scheme was behind. The proceedings of the assembly will prove that all this is a mistake. The year has been a markedly prosperous year. Notwithstanding the depression, the schemes of the church, generally speaking, and the numerical accessions to the church are all on the upgrade. The augmentation scheme has done admirably. French evangelization is in a good way. Home missions, as far as known, are in advance of a year ago. The contributions toward the maintenance of the theological colleges are larger than in 1895. From the latest official figures, the only scheme that will in any likelihood be reported behind is the foreign mission scheme. And by the end of the present week it may be found that it is not behind. Should the report intimate that the income for foreign missions is lower in the aggregate than for last year, it is known now that the deficiency will not be because the givings throughout the church to this scheme are smaller, but because 1895 has not been marked as 1895 by legacies from individuals who remembered the foreign mission work in their wills. The congregations have given more than formerly this year to foreign missions, and the gross revenue to this scheme reported twelve months ago was considerably over one hundred thousand dollars.

The college department of the church's work will claim considerable attention at this assembly. Morrin College at Quebec has recently invited the Rev. Doctor Macrae, of St. John, New Brunswick to its principalship, and additional members to the professional staff are under contemplation. Queen's University is looking for an additional professor in its Theological Department and soliciting an endowment for his maintenance. Manitoba College is completing arrangements for its summer session, and will express its gratification that President Patton, of Princeton, has been secured to deliver a course of lectures to the summer students. Possibly Ian MacLaren may visit the same institution before the session closes. In the Theological College at Montreal Dr. Scrimger becomes interim principal during the absence on trans-atlantic shores of Dr. MacVicar. The assembly will be asked to ratify the selection made by the College Board of the Reverend James Barclay, D.D., of St. Paul's Church, Montreal, to the temporary position of successor to Principal MacVicar as professor of systematic theology. The summer school of Theology in the Maritime Provinces will open in Halifax about the middle of July. Professor Watson, the distinguished philosopher of Queen's University, Kingston, will deliver a course of lectures on Balfour's Foundations of Belief during the progress of the Halifax summer term, and associated with him will be Dr. Scott, of Chicago, who will re-deliver a series of addresses on the origin and development of the Nicene Theology which has been much talked of since they were first delivered in Princeton Theological Seminary in connection with the stone foundation of that institution. Knox College, Toronto, has been considerably agitated throughout the year over the choice of two new professors. The Presbyteries of the Church have had a say in nominations. Discussions throughout the Church have shown favorites for the positions. The Knox College Board made choice of two young men from outside. One of these is doing responsible literary work in Britain, and has announced himself disinclined to leave it for a Toronto professorship. The other nominee an American, may accept should the General Assembly ratify the Board's selection.

The new Book of Praise which has been in course of preparation for three years will be laid before the Assembly at its meeting this year. An expectation was indulged by some members that the book which would be adopted by the Presbyterian Church in Canada would be used as well by the British Presbyterian Churches, and by the churches of the same denomination in Australasia. Committees of the different churches have wrought to secure a Book of Praise which might be used by the Presbyterian Church at large. If recent accounts from Scotland are true this expectation is not likely to be realized.

And if not, very many will be confirmed in the judgment they held all along, that there are conditions observable in the Church, in Britain that are so different from those in the Dominion of Canada that it was in vain to wait for a common sentiment in this work. Two members of the Hymnal Committee returned from Britain about a year ago after having met the members belonging to similar committees. On presenting their report to last General Assembly in London, Ont., it was decided to lay the matter over for a year before the matter for the Book of Praise would be adopted. It seems that the year's negotiations have not borne much fruit. Many hope that the Assembly of '96 will grant permission to the Hymnal Committee to proceed at once with the publication of the new book for the Canadian Church.

Special interest is centering in the work conducted in the foreign field by the Presbyterian Church in Canada. Affairs in Central India have not been managed for a number of years without much anxiety. India is a difficult field for missionary operations. It is pleasing to note, however, that fresh encouragement has come to leaders in the work there, which puts new hope into the supporting Church at home. The work conducted in the islands in the Southern Pacific has been a gloriously honored work. Geographical considerations have suggested to the church in Canada if it would not be desirable to give the oversight of that portion of the foreign work to the Australasian Presbyterians. A step toward that end may be taken at the Assembly. The forced surrender of the Island of Formosa by China to Japan has changed the aspect of the work in that Oriental field. Since June of last year, when Dr. G. L. Mackay, the veteran missionary of the Presbyterian Church in Canada in Formosa, retired from the moderatorship, the condition of affairs has been involved in a degree of uncertainty. Dr. Mackay understood the Chinamen. Religiously speaking, he ruled affairs in Northern Formosa. The Japanese and the Chinese are two different nationalities. And the conditions that have paved the way to signal success under a Chinese regime may not be permitted to exist now that the new rulers have come upon the soil. Acquisition of territory as a result of victory in war has turned things in mission enterprise upside down on past occasions. Friends of missions are awaiting with some concern the developments of Japanese rule in the Formosan Province, all the while hoping that the uncommon growth of religious work during the past twenty years, as planned and executed through Canadian agents, and their native allies, may go on from great to greater things. The Foreign Mission report to the present General Assembly is awaited with special interest.

The Supreme Court of Presbyterianism in the Dominion of Canada holds jurisdiction over a church that extends from the Atlantic on the east to the Pacific on the west, and from the boundary line between the Dominion and the Republic of the United States on the south to the most northern spot on which man is found on this continent. The Presbyterian Church in Canada has over twenty-six thousand eight hundred worshipping places for its membership, these affording accommodation for five hundred and fifty thousand worshippers. The families belonging to the Denomination are close upon one hundred thousand, in addition to twenty-five thousand single persons who are outside of the households. Last year there were over one hundred and eighty-five thousand members in full communion with the church, more than twenty thousand of whom were added in the same year. The baptisms for the same year were between twelve and thirteen thousand. The management of the large membership is in the hands of the ministry, together with six thousand seven hundred elders, and ten thousand other officials. About one hundred and fifty thousand young people are in Sunday School classes, and in charge of a staff of over eighteen thousand superintendents and teachers. The ministry in the Presbyterian Church in Canada received for stipend nearly one million of dollars. The congregations throughout the Church paid for congregational purposes one million seven hundred and fifty-seven thousand nine hundred and eighty-nine dollars. To different missionary schemes outside of strictly congregational purposes the Church devoted over three hundred and three thousand dollars. The total expenditure of the church last year for all purposes amounted to two million one hundred and sixty-seven thousand five hundred and ninety-three dollars.

Unless he is prevented from being present at the meeting, or for some unanticipated reason declines the honor the Rev. D. M. Gordon, formerly pastor of St. Andrew's Church, Ottawa, of Knox Church, Winnipeg, and of St. Andrew's Church, Halifax, and now Professor of Systematic Theology and Apologetics in the Presbyterian College, Halifax, will succeed Dr. Robertson in the Moderatorship of the General Assembly.

France's hay crop being a failure, M. Meline, the Premier, has ordered professors of agriculture throughout the country to suspend their lectures and to proceed to the rural districts, where they will try to persuade the farmers to sow vetches, corn and other fodder to make up for the hay, and to make use of oil cake, straw, bran and corn.

For Dyspepsia and Bad Blood Humors **Manley's** Celery-Nerve Compound is unexcelled.

Mr. Geo. Reid, G.T.R. Operator, New Hamburg, Ont., under date of March 3rd, 1896, writes as follows: "I was troubled for two years with Boils and Dyspepsia of the worst kind. Tried several medicines, but none gave much relief. Until I tried Manley's Celery-Nerve Compound my blood was in a dreadful state, but I am happy to say your medicine cared me."

Sold in Montreal by B. E. McGALE, 2123 Notre Dame Street and Balmoral Hotel Drug Store. 135 n1

TRADE, FINANCE --AND-- COMMERCE.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Star Office, 9th June, 1896.

Grain.—In the local market the thing that is is the thing that has been. The demand is unchanged and prices are steady at the following range: Oats, No. 2 white, 27c to 27 1-2c; peas, per 60 lbs., 55 1-2c to 56c; feed barley, 34 1-2c to 35c; buckwheat, 37c to 37 1-2c.

Flour.—The fluctuations in the wheat markets yesterday exercised an appreciable influence upon flour buyers here. In the morning they were disposed to be urgent, in the afternoon lukewarm, and towards evening almost indifferent. To-day the demand was decidedly on the quiet side. We quote: Spring patents, $3.30 to $4; strong bakers, $3.40 to $3.75; winter patents, $3.50 to $4; straight rollers, $3.60 to $3.75.

Milfeed.—Manitoba shorts at $18 are going like hot cakes. For bran the market is moderately active and firm at $12.

Oatmeal.—The wholesale market is exceedingly dull. For car lots there is, in fact, so little enquiry that it is very hard to give a price, but it is probably true that holders who would refuse to accept $2.60 for rolled oats are in the minority.

Provisions.—The demand for smoked meats is fair, that for pork very slow. We quote: Canada short cut mess, per barrel, $12.50 to $13.00; bacon, per lb., 9c to 10c; hams, per lb., 9c to 10c; lard, compound, per lb., 5 1-2c to 5 3-4c; lard, pure, per lb., 7 1-2c to 7 3-4c.

Cheese.—The public cattle declined to-day another shilling for old cheese, both white and colored, but gave no figures for new stock, which, however, was yesterday afternoon quoted at 3ss 6d. Trading on spot to-day was limited, and dealers were reticent as to prices, but 6 5-8c to 6 3-4c was about the idea for finest Western. At Utica yesterday 5 3-4c to 6 3-4c covered the range for actual business. In New York city yesterday there was, according to the Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin, a little interest on the part of a few exporters in large full cream cheese, but no general demand. Fancy white appeared to show a little steadier tone, and some holders of special factories were inclined to ask 6 3-8c, but that figure was extreme to sell, though a little fussiness was done at 6 1-4c. Colored cheese, however, was evidently a trifle weaker to sell. Holders tried hard to sustain 6 3-4c for fancy, while buyers rarely offered above 6 1-2c, though a little trading took place at 6 5-8c, and that was certainly the extreme. Small size full cream was in liberal supply, and only moderately active, though sellers were inclined to feel about steady on the basis of 7c for strictly fancy entire white or colored, though freely offered at that figure. At Watertown Saturday 5000 boxes sold bulk to go to Montreal, leading and ruling 6 1-8c. The make in that section is reported 10 to 15 per cent. over last year.

Butter.—Creamery is still selling to jobbers for 16c at the factory, but one lot of 300 tubs of first-class quality certainly changed hands here to-day at 16c. For dairy butter there is no wholesale demand.

Eggs.—Choice stock in large quantities is fairly active at 9c. For the small quantities required by the grocers 9 1-2c may be had.

Maple Products.—There is no change. Choice syrup is worth 5 1-4c to 5 1-2c per lb. in bulk, and nice sugar is firm at 8c. For choice 9 1-4c is asked.

Green Fruits.—Fancy lemons, 300s, are quoted in this market to-day at $3 to $3.25, and choice at $2.50 to $2.75. The demand is undoubtedly slow for the season. One authority attributes the depression to the fact that we have so far had very little "lemon weather." A few days of heat would probably make a decided change in the situation. Bananas are selling fairly at $1.25 to $1.85 per bunch, according to quality. Pineapples are meeting with some attention at 8c to 15c each. At the auction sales of home-grown strawberries, held at the station this morning, prices ranged from 8c to 10 1-2c per quart box.

Live Stock.

At the East End Abattoir yesterday the offerings consisted of 600 cattle, 450 calves and about 400 sheep and lambs. A fair business was done both on home and export account. For choice cattle shippers were paying 3 1-2c to 3 3-4c per lb., live weight, and good butchers' cattle brought 3c. Sheep sold at 3c per lb. and lambs at $2.25 to $3.50 each. Calves brought from $1 to $5 each. For live hogs the range at Point St. Charles was $4.10 to $4.25 per 100 lbs.

RECEIPTS IN MONTREAL.

	G.T.R.	C.P.R.	CANAL.
Wheat, bush	—	—	52,349
Peas, bush	—	—	2985
Oats, bush	1900	16,800	150
Flour, bbls	4313	11,130	—
Ashes, bbls	2	7	—
Butter, pkgs	565	451	43
Cheese, boxes	4312	3478	1017
Lard, tierces	390	670	—
Eggs, cases	173	237	29
Ham, Bacon, Boxes	1014	495	—
Tinned meats, pkgs	750	—	—
Petroleum, bbls	150	—	—
Tobacco, pkgs	1	25	—

AMERICAN MARKETS.

Receipts and Shipments.

Chicago, June 9.—Receipts, 9000 bushels wheat, 376,000 corn, 404,000 oats, 7750 bbls. flour. Shipments, 118,000 bushels wheat, 205,000 corn, 295,000 oats, 4242 bbls. flour.

New York, June 9.—Receipts, 196,100 bushels wheat, 83,850 corn, 408,300 oats, 7752 bbls. and 23,425 sacks flour. Shipments, 121,407 bushels wheat, 173,215 corn, 238,208 oats, 1210 bbls. and 9378 sacks flour.

Duluth, June 9.—Receipts, 170,000 bushels wheat. Shipments, 118,000 bushels.

Toledo, June 9.—Receipts, 3000 bushels wheat, 8000 corn. Shipments, 3000 bushels wheat, 4000 corn.

Milwaukee, June 9.—Receipts, 38,000 bushels wheat, 25,000 corn. Shipments, 1000 bushels wheat, 5000 corn.

Detroit, June 9.—Receipts, 55,000 bushels wheat. There were no shipments of wheat.

Minneapolis, June 9. — Receipts, 124,000 bushels wheat. Shipments, 23,000 bushels wheat.

Chicago Hog Market.

Union Stock Yards, June 9. — The estimated receipts of hogs were 20,000. The official report of yesterday was 35,007, of which 3573 were shipped and 3500 left over. The market was very dull. The quotations to-day were: Light mixed, $3.25 to $3.55; mixed packing, $3.15 to $3.40; heavy shipping, $2.90 to $3.35; rough grades, $2.90 to $3.05. Receipts of cattle were 2500. The market kept fairly steady. The receipts of sheep were 9000.

BRITISH MARKETS.

Cable advices to the Board of Trade report the English markets for breadstuffs as follows: London — Cargoes off coast, wheat easy, maize quiet. Cargoes on passage and for shipments, wheat weak, maize quiet but steady. Liverpool — Futures: Wheat, June, July, August, September and October, 5s 1 1-2d. Maize, June, 3s 0 3-4d; July, 3s 1d; August, 3s 1d; September, 3s 1 1-2d; October, 3s 1 3-4d; November, 3s 2d. English country wheat markets, firm.

LIVERPOOL LATEST PRICES CURRENT, June 9th, 1896.

	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.
Spring Wheat,	5 2	to	5 3	Pork,	47 6	to	0 0
Red Winter,	5 4½	to	5 5½	Lard,	23 0	to	0 0
No. 1 Cals,	5 5½	to	5 6½	Bacon,	22 6	to	23 6
No. 2 Cals,	0 0	to	0 0	Tallow,	17 0	to	0 0
Corn,	3 1	to	0 0	Cheese, W	40 0	to	0 0
Peas,	4 7½	to	0 0	Cheese, C	36 0	to	0 0

Toronto Produce Market.

Toronto, June 9.—Market dull. Flour — Quiet, prices unchanged; straight rollers quoted at $3.30 to $3.35, Toronto freights. Bran—Dull; cars quoted at $9.25 to $9.50 west, and shorts at $10 to $11. Wheat — Quiet; the tone is a shade weaker; white sold at 69c to 70c outside and red offer to 68c; No. 1 Manitoba hard, 81c, Fort William, and same grade quoted at 67c Midland and at 75c, Toronto freights; No. 2 hard 68c Fort William. Barley — Quiet, practically no demand; No. 2 quoted at 31c to 32, and No. 3 extra at 29c to 30c. Oats — Quiet, and prices unchanged; white sold at 29c to 29 1-2c outside, and mixed quoted at 19c to 19 1-2c west; cars on track quoted at 23c for white and 22c for mixed. Peas — Quiet, prices steady; sales at 45 1-2c to 46c, north and west. Buckwheat — Quiet, no business reported and quotations about 32c outside. Oatmeal—Quiet; prices nominal at $3.65 on track. Corn — Dull, prices unchanged; yellow quoted at 28 1-2c to 29c outside.

VIEWING A MAN IN HIS GRAVE.

Morbid sentiment has apparently reached its height in England in a recent hypnotic exhibition at the Rooyal Aquarium, at which the subject was literally buried alive and allowed to remain so for six days. The hypnotized man was sealed up in a stout casket, explains a writer in the World, and in the presence of the spectators lowered into a grave nine feet deep.

The lid of the casket was furnished with an aperture, and this connected with a shaft which led to the surface, making respiration possible, and also enabling spectators to view the face of the buried man.

At least seven feet of earth was shovelled on top of the coffin, and for the period of six days it was not disturbed.

On the seventh day the casket was dug up in the presence of a large crowd. The man when awakened was apparently none the worse for his experience. The London Lancet, which prints the account of this distressing spectacle, comments on it, saying:

"It is difficult to imagine a more revolting experiment than this. Even granting that these trances have any use whatever—which we ourselves fail to admit—there can be no possible excuse for making them more horrible than they already are by burying the man.

"Any experiment it was desired to perform could have been done equally well by sealing the man up in the box without going through the details of burying him and digging him up again. Moreover, under such circumstances, it is impossible to give him aid quickly should he need it, and, although accidents may be rare in hypnotism, their possibility is by no means to be neglected."

Special Notices.

Mr. R. D. McGibbon will speak to-night at Dr. Roddick's meeting, at 175 St. Antoine street.

RATES --FOR-- Prepaid Classified Advertisements.

SITUATIONS WANTED, 10 cents for 20 words or less, and a cent per extra word, each insertion.
PUPILS WANTED, 10 cents for 10 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word each insertion.
All other "WANTED" ads. 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.
ROOMS TO LET, 10 cents for 20 words or less, and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion.
BOARD, 10 cents for 20 words or less, and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion.
FOUND, 10 cents for 20 words or less, and ½ cent per extra word, each insertion.
TO LET HOUSES, STORES, ETC., 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.
FOR SALE, 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.
PROPERTY FOR SALE, 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.
LOST, 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.
BUSINESS CHANCES, ETC., 25 cents for 25 words or less, and 1 cent per extra word, each insertion.
PERSONALS, page 7, 2 cents per word, minimum 25 cents each insertion.

NOTICE PARTICULARLY.

The above rates are NET CASH with order. When advertisements are sent in without being prepaid numerous entries have to be made, and the rate is, in consequence, much higher. No charge made in our books for classified advertisements for less than five lines.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT. House and lots in all parts of the city and suburbs. Property sold by private and auction sale. Valuations made. Loans negotiated and insurance effected at minimum rates. S. H. Ward, Manager, Fraser Bros., 453 St. James st. 127 tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FINE SUMMER RESIDence, The Manor House, at Point au Lac, with large well-shaded grounds. Apply to L. U. A. Genest, Three Rivers, P. Q. 127 12

FOR SALE — AT KNOWLTON, "BROME lawn," fine place, three acres, large house and barn, extensive lawn tennis court, shade trees and orchard, full bearing; furnace and water in house; suitable for summer and winter; near stations and three minutes from the beautiful Brome Lake. Apply H. E. Williams, "Sunnylea," Knowlton, or Mrs. A. T. Foster, 47 New York ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. 122 8 2aw

FOR SALE— SPLENDIDLY SITUATED BUILDing lots in Westmount, 25 x 70; the only shallow lots to be had, only a few steps from the electric cars. Price low and easy terms of payment. This is a chance you will never get again. For particulars call on J. Stevenson Brown & Co., 1764 Notre Dame street. 12 eod tf

FOR SALE—ARTISTIC NEW HOUSES AND cottages, sandstone and pressed brick, 7 to 11 rooms, finished in hardwood, extension kitchen, sanitary plumbing, etc.; 12 minutes from Victoria square $2700 to $3000, small payment down, balance same as rent. Montreal Investment and Freehold Company, Room 3, 162 St. James street. Open every Friday evening. 129 6eod

FOR SALE—PARK AVENUE, CHOICE BUILDing lots adjoining and overlooking the Exhibition Grounds, 30 to 45c per foot; sewers, water, electric light are in, electric cars pass these lots. Builders and investors should buy now as prices will be raised soon. $200 down, balance to suit. Montreal Investment and Freehold Company, Room 3, 162 St. James street. Open every Friday evening. 129 6eod

FOR SALE—ST. URBAIN STREET, LOTS 25 X 100. Close to Exhibition Grounds, $400 to $500; twenty-five dollars cash, balance monthly. Montreal Investment and Freehold Company, Room 3, 162 St. James st. Open every Friday evening. 129 6eod

FOR SALE—AT A GREAT BARGAIN, BEAUtiful new cottage (the only one left) in "Queen's Park," Verdun. Small payment down, balance same as rent. U. H. Dandurand, 236 McGill street. 135 2

FOR SALE—$225 FOR CHOICE LOTS IN QUEEN'S Park, Verdun (Park Verdun). Ten per cent. cash, balance payable in three years without interest. Call for plans. U. H. Dandurand, 236 McGill st. 135 1

PROPERTY WANTED.

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WANTED — A GENERAL SERVANT. MUST have good references. No washing or ironing. Apply 99 Hutchison st. 134 2

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS SEWING MAchine salesmen. Good inducements to the right parties. Address "J 711," Star office. 133 3

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WANTED — BOOKKEEPER, ONE FAMILIAR with hardware and iron trade preferred. "P 691," Star office. 134 2

WANTED—GIRL AS HOUSE AND TABLEMAID at 227 University st. City references required. 134 2

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL AS GENERAL SERvant, willing to go to the seaside. No washing or ironing. References required. Apply at 199 University street. 134 2

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL WHO CAN WAIT ON table. 100 University st. 134 2

WANTED—SHORTHAND WRITER AND TYPEwriter, a lad accustomed to Remington machine. Best of references required. Apply, stating references and salary expected. "Q 925," Star office. 134 2

WANTED—A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. WILling to go to the seaside. Apply at 132 Mackay st. 134 3

WANTED—DRY COUNTER HAND FOR A wholesale drug store. No one without experience need apply. Address P. O. Box 2349. 134 2

WANTED—A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. APply 651 St. Denis st. 134 2

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT BY A SMALL family. Good wages. Apply at 165 Mansfield st. 134 3

WANTED—A PERSON TO HELP NURSE AN elderly gentleman, where a trained nurse is not required. Apply in writing to Star office, giving references and stating terms by the month. "Q 901," Star office. 134 3

WANTED—EXPERIENCED HOUSE GIRL, GOOD plain cook. Wages $12.00 per month. Car fare allowed. Apply afternoons, 344 Metcalfe avenue, Westmount. 134 2

WANTED — FOR OFFICE WORK, A YOUNG girl. Must be a quick, good writer and have a knowledge of bookkeeping, and also capable of taking telephone orders. Address "S 965," Star office. 134 2

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT. APPLY 920 Lagauchetiere (corner Windsor), between 4 and 5 p. m. 134 2

WANTED—SALESMEN TO REPRESENT THE largest Canadian Nurseries. Liberal inducements and exclusive territory for new season. Complete outfit free. Don't let previous failure bar the way, come with a successful house and be a success. Apply now, addressing nearest office, Lake Brothers Company, International Nurseries, Montreal or Chicago. 132 2aw tf

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT. NO WASHing or cooking. Must have good reference. Apply at once, to 414½ St. Philip st. 135 1

WANTED—A HOUSE AND TABLEMAID, WITH experience, also will go in the country. Apply at 862 Sherbrooke st. 135 1

WANTED—A GEMERAL SERVANT. NO CHILdren. Apply between seven and nine in the evening. 4355 Montrose ave., Westmount. 135 2

WANTED—COOK, TABLEMAID AND KITCHEN girl. 83 Union ave. 135 1

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL 16 OR 17 YEARS OF age, to mind young child. References required. 39 Stanmor street, off Greene ave., Westmount. 135 2

WANTED—AT ONCE AGENTS TO CANVASS the city on commission, with an article that every one needs. An active person can make a good salary. Address "S 963," Star office. 135 3

WANTED—AT HOTEL CADILLAC, 1912 NOTRE Dame st., one good woman pastry cook and tell boy.

WANTED—AN INDUSTRIOUS YOUTH, HAVING experience in accounts, accurate at figures, living with parents. State age, experience, salary expected. Address M., 268 St. Andre st. 135 2

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT AT ST. CATHerine Restaurant, 1416 St. Catherine st. 135 1

WANTED—A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT; ONE willing to go to the country for summer months. A comfortable home offered. Apply at 49 Victoria st. 135 1

WANTED—GOOD VEST MAKERS, MEN PREferred, immediately. Richer & Desjardins, 1793 Notre Dame st. 135 1

WANTED—A GOOD COOK. ONLY THOSE WITH first class references need apply. 50 Ontario ave. 135 1

WANTED—WORKING HOUSEKEEPER. APPLY 7 to 9 a. m. or 1 to 3 p. m., at 17 Souvenir avenue, near Western Hospital. 135 2

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSEwork and assist with children. Apply 90 Durocher. 135 1

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR FAMILY OF two. Washing at home. Apply at V. Sarno, 2334 St. Catherine st. 135 1

WANTED—3 GOOD COOKS, 5 GOOD GENERAL servants, 2 young girls to mind children. Apply Mrs. Murphy, 228 St. Antoine st. 135 1

WANTED—YOUNG LADY FOR STORE. MUST speak both languages. One with experience in china and glassware preferred. References required. 139 St. Lawrence st. 135 1

WANTED—AT ONCE, A HOUSEKEEPER FOR small house; west end of city. Cooking for two, morning and evening. Address "T 1004," Star office. 135 1

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT AT NO. 1246 Dorchester st. 135 1

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL AS PLAIN COOK, where another is kept. Must have references. Apply at once, 204 Peel st. 135 2

WANTED—A CLERK FOR A GROCERY, ONE speaking both languages preferred. Experienced hand required. Apply Geo. Reid, 1657 Ontario st. 135 1

WANTED—FIRST CLASS VEST MAKER FOR custom work. Apply at No. 2385 St. Catherine st. 135 1

WANTED—10 GIRLS ABOUT 16 TO 18 YEARS OF age, to work in mica factory, Elm Hall, Elm ave., Westmount. Apply immediately. 135 1

WANTED—GOOD STRONG BOY, FOR BREAD and cake bakery. State experience and wages required. W. Mann & Co., 204 St. John st., Quebec. 135 4

WANTED—CAPABLE MAN FOR ORGANIST OF St. George's, Ottawa. Apply stating salary, to W. F. King, 127 Gloucester, Ottawa. 135 2

WANTED—COOK OR COMPETENT GENERAL servant, no washing. Good wages. References required. Mrs. Louis Simpson, Valleyfield, Que. 135 1

WANTED—GOOD FAMILIES TO WORK ON COFfee plantation in the Province of San Paulo (Brazil). All expenses paid to destination. On their arrival every family will be provided free with a comfortable cottage, implements, and all other necessaries to start work, without any expenses. To secure free passage and work, apply to La Luz Brazilian Company, 213 Commissioners st., Montreal. Wanted agents English and French. 135 6eod

WANTED — LIVE AGENTS TO SELL TYPEwriters. Good commission to right parties. Clement & Cusson's Typewriter Headquarters, Street Railway Chambers. 135 1

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE CARE OF a baby. 493a St. Urbain st. 135 1

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WANTED—A CHILD'S MAID, MUST BE A GOOD needle woman. References required. Apply to Mrs. Joseph, 863 Dorchester st. 135 tf

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY, GOOD PLAIN cook. Must be young. Apply between 10 and 11 a. m. and 7 and 8 p. m. 1006 Sherbrooke st., corner Crescent. 135 1

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT, AT 76 FORT st. Apply with reference. 135 2

WANTED—JUNIOR OFFICE CLERK TO ASSIST at books in a wholesale firm. Must write a good hand and be correct at figures. Best of references required. Apply stating if accustomed to pass Customs entries. State age and salary expected, "W 1064," Star office.

WANTED — A YOUNG MAN FOR STENOgrapher and general office work. Address, stating reference, age and salary expected, to "V 1047," Star office. 135 1

WANTED — GIRLS TO OPERATE COLLAR AND cuff machines, also the Henrici sleeve and body machines. The Standard Shirt Co., Ltd., 217 Delorimier ave. 135 4

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WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO DO LIGHT HOUSEwork. 17 Melbourne ave., off Metcalfe st., Westmount. 135 1

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY, GENERAL SERvant for seaside. Must be good cook. No washing. Wages $13.00. City references. Apply between 9 and 11 a. m., and 7 and 9 p. m. 4.32 Dorchester. 135 3

WANTED — A FIRST CLASS SALESMAN. APply to Jno. Robertson & Son, Grocers, Phillips Square. 135 3

WANTED — GIRL ABOUT 15 YEARS. MRS. Blouin, 568½ Lagauchetiere st. 135 1

WANTED—AT ONCE, A COOK. APPLY ENsign Ross, "Salvation Lighthouse," 13 Common st. 135 1

WANTED — A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply at 74 Milton street. 135 1

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FOR SALE—SEVERAL

CAPITALS GETTING INTO SHAPE.

OPENING OF TORONTO'S BICYCLE RACING SEASON.

Thompson of the Toronto Argonauts will Not Go to Henley---Geo. Orton and Dick Grant to Meet in Toronto.

[Special to the Star.]

Ottawa, Ont., June 9.— The Capital Lacrosse Club are now realizing that there are foemen in the field for the lacrosse championship, and that the winning of the coveted honor is some considerable distance off. While there may be a dim possibility of Cornwall, Montreal or Toronto winning a game against the two star teams, there is not the least earthly reason that they should, and consequently the two meetings between the Shamrocks and Capitals are looked forward to with more than usual interest. Generally it is now conceded in Ottawa that the contest between the two is about even up, and that only provided the Capitals put in the hardest of practice this week. While they played three Juniors last Saturday, those who saw the match have a great deal of respect for the Shamrocks for the easy way in which some of the best of the Capitals were outwitted. The Shamrock team of Saturday is thought to be as near perfect as it can be made, and, presuming that will be the team of next Saturday, the Capital men are figuring on how they will score. It is more than probable that Westwick will play, and the idea is to place him at centre. He is a good clever boy that can stay all day and will give O'Brien or Kelly a good deal of trouble. This leaves George Carson for the home to take the place of either Ketchum or Smith, neither of whom are in condition this year for the company they are travelling in. Quinn will, of course, be seen in Griffith's place, and this will make about the strongest combination that can be got together. It should be a most interesting match, and one that will be just about even up, but that only if the Capitals put in a solid week of hard work.

Tecumsehs Win a Game.

St. Catharines Ont., June 9.—The great Athletic-Tecumseh championship is over and the Tecumsehs returned to Toronto with the scalps of the Athletics in their belts, but they will henceforth not underestimate the strength of the Athletics, for right up to the end of the match it was a toss up which team would win the day. The ball was faced for the first game at 3.35, and when the time-keepers signalled time it was 6.31 p. m., the teams being allowed but five minutes rest between each game. The apparent difference in time was caused by loss of time for fouls, disputes and ball-out-of-bounds.

The game was the most lively one ever witnessed here, and although it rained hard, nearly all the time of the game, the spectators remained to see the outcome.

The games were scored as follows:

First game	Athletics	Elliott	4 min.
Second game	Tecumsehs	MacDonald	7 min.
Third game	Athletics	Hare	30 sec.
Fourth game	Tecumsehs	Cross	23 sec.
5th game	Tecumsehs	Cross	6 min.
6th game	Athletics	Hare	8 min.
7th game	Tecumsehs	Peaker	5 min.
8th game	Athletics	McIlwain	7 min.
9th game	Tecumsehs	Cross	4 min.
10th game	Tecumsehs	Cross	8 min.

The 11th game was in progress 18 1-2 minutes when time was called. The players were as follows:

Athletics.		Tecumsehs.
Chaplin	Goal	Davis
F. Williams	Point	Deveyer
Richardson	Cover	Patterson
R. Williams	Defense	Grimms
Lobb	Defense	York
Johnson	do	Hartley
Hare	Centre	Peaker
Elliot	Attack	MacDonald
G. Downey	do	Burns
J. Downey	do	Cross
McIlwain	Outside Home	German
C. Downey	Inside Home	Douglas
Cameron	Captain	P. Knowles

Referee, Rob't. E. Jackson, Seaforth. Umpires, I. Mason and W. Hall, Markham.

The Shamrocks Games.

There are many people in this city who have some idea that the Capitals did not play their usual game on Saturday last, and when these modern disciples of St. Thomas are asked to give some explanation in justification of their statement, the reply invariably seems to be that they did not see the match. They seemed to fancy that it was impossible for the Shamrocks to give the Capitals the defeat which occured on Saturday. The result of all this speculation which has been indulged in by the doubters or dissenters, will be that the match on Saturday next, between these teams in Ottawa for the championship will be now looked forward to with a particularly interesting feeling of anxiety. That the Shamrocks intend to move heaven and earth in order to follow up successfully the victory achieved here last week, by adding another to it when they go to Ottawa, is beyond all shadow of doubt, as they are practising with the Young Shamrocks, who are to play on the S.A.A.A. Grounds with the Young Capitals on the same day. The Executive of the Young Shamrocks, realizing the intense interest which is being taken in the big game in Ottawa, have arranged for a special wire to the S.A.A.A. Club House and will give special bulletins of the progress of the Ottawa match. The battle between the Young Shamrocks and Young Capitals will in itself be one of a most exciting character, as the Young Capitals carried away the honors last season and are considered to be the strongest aggregation now in the Intermediate league. The Young Shamrocks, however, profited by the experience of last season, and they have as a result gathered together a number of young men, the cleverness of which, little is yet known, as they have only played one match and that was in the parlance of the lacrosse people "dead easy." Next Saturday should give the young boys in green, a good opportunity to show the material that is in them. The S.A.A.A. Grounds should, in consequence, be a very interesting spot on Saturday for all the people who enthuse over lacrosse.

Toronto Has a Strong Team for Montreal.

(Special to the Star.)

Toronto, June 9.—The directorate of the Toronto Lacrosse Club is leaving no stone unturned to place in the field on Saturday next at Rosedale against the Montrealers a team not only of good men, but the best possible to obtain, and although a good team has been placed in the field already, a stronger one may be looked for. The club is confident of winning on Saturday.

BASEBALL.

The Eastern League Games.

BUFFALO, June 9.—Following are the results of the games played in the Eastern League series yesterday:

		R.	H.	E.
At Scranton—				
Scranton	4 2 0 0 0 0 1 1 0	8	14	1
Toronto	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	2	4
Batteries—Brown and Berger; Dunn and Dineen, Casey. Umpire, Doescher.				
At Springfield—				
Springfield-Rochester—Rain—no game.				
At Wilkesbarre—				
Wilkesbarre	3 0 2 0 4 1 4 1 0	15	19	2
Buffalo	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	1	10	4
Batteries—Luckey and Diggins; Wadsworth and Smith. Umpires, Urquhart and Keenan.				
At Providence—				
Providence-Syracuse—Rain; no game.				

The National League Games.

Buffalo, N.Y., June 9.—Following are the results of the National League games played yesterday:

		R.	H.	E.
At Brooklyn—				
Pittsburg	0 0 2 7 0 0 0 0 0	9	12	0
Brooklyn	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	4	5
Batteries—Killen and Sugden; Kennedy, Payne and Burrill. Umpire, Emslie.				
At New York—				
Cincinnati	2 1 1 0 0 0 2 0 0	6	7	0
New York	0 0 2 0 0 0 1 0 0	3	7	4
Batteries—Ehret and Vaughn; Clark and Farrell. Umpire, Henderson.				
At Philadelphia—				
Cleveland	0 0 1 0 3 2 0 0 1 1	8	12	0
Philadelphia	1 0 0 0 0 0 5 1 0	7	16	6
Batteries—Young and Cuppy; Zimmer, Taylor and Grady. Umpire, Hurst.				
At Washington—				
Washington	2 0 2 2 6 0 0 0 0	12	15	1
Chicago	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	1	6	3
Batteries—Mercer, King and McGuire; McFarland, Parker and Donohue. Umpires, Weidman and Keefe.				
At Boston—				
Boston-St. Louis—No game; rain.				
At Baltimore—				
Baltimore-Louisville—No game; rain.				

Liners.

The Beaver Baseball Club will hold a meeting this evening, at 8 p. m. sharp, on their grounds, at Turcot. All members are requested to attend as business of importance will be transacted.

The Montreal ball team will be fully prepared to meet St. Hyacinthe here next Saturday on the Exhibition grounds in their first game in the League series. Montreal will have Tabor and Patterson and McCarthy and Miller as batteries, and the chances are the first named man will do the twirling. The new grounds of the Montreal Club will be in good shape for this occasion, and every one on the grand stand will be afforded a splendid view of the game.

The Clinton Baseball Club played their first match in the Junior Independent League series with the Beavers on Saturday last, and after a well contested game the Clintons came out victorious by the score of 19 to 13. Batteries—Beavers, Senior and Lepitre; Clintons, Renaud and Price.

There will be a meeting of the Junior Independent Baseball League to-morrow evening at 8.30 o'clock, at 836 St. Lawrence street. Three delegates from each of the following clubs are requested to attend, Beavers, Clintons, St. Lamberts, and Victorias.

THE WHEEL.

Is Road-racing an Extra-Hazardous Game?

Under the above caption the "Spirit of the Times" has the following:

The annual Irvington-Milburn 25 mile handicap road-race was contested, as usual, on Decoration Day. The course is a wide and smooth turnpike. It was efficiently policed and the management rested in capable and experienced hands, yet the list of casualties is so long that, unless satisfactory explanation can be given the race should be suppressed because unduly dangerous to limb and even to life. From the published reports of the race we clip the following paragraphs:

". . . . It was a gory day taken altogether. At one time it seemed as if a temporary hospital would have to be established to care for the injured. A carriage was kept in readiness and served as an ambulance. . . . ."

"Arnica and surgeons' bandages were in great demand as soon as the excitement had subsided. Riders in racing costumes reeled about, with the blood trickling from their faces or limbs. The list of injured was the largest in the history of these races, and may be accounted for by the terrific pace which was kept up from the start. Men went down in bunches at both turns. Several accidents were caused by the encroaching of spectators on the track. The Kings County Wheelmen entries were fairly slaughtered, not less than seven of their riders biting the dust."

"There was fall after fall. F. W. Toms, of the Alpine Cycle Club, ran into a waggon. He shot through the air, falling on his side. His knee, thigh, arms and face were badly cut. He picked himself up and tried to go on, but he was too badly hurt. He had been riding strongly, and the fall almost broke his heart. On the finish of the fifteenth mile a man came in collision near the Milburn end and was thrown on his head. He was unconscious for an hour.

"Each time the riders passed any point the number of abrased arms and legs increased. . . . . The number of bloodstained arms and legs increased. Youths rode by with handkerchiefs tied about their heads like the hippodrome riders in the circus. . . . . One knew that they were suffering from the shock, the bruises and the cuts of their falls. . . . . Just below the Hotel Hilton, George B. Holland was run into. He fell heavily on his collar bone, breaking it, besides having his shoulder badly cut and being terribly bruised. C. Ford Seeley, of Bridgeport; J. L. Cooper and one or two others were badly battered by falls. . . . ."

"E. J. George, of East Orange, was among them. About two hundred yards from the finish he fell. The pedal struck him near the eye, almost gouging it out and laying open the cheek bone. They picked him up unconscious, and he was taken to St. Barnabas Hospital, in Brooklyn."

"Blood played a conspicuous figure in this race. Never before has the claret flowed so plentifully in anything in the sporting line since hazing reigned supreme at Princeton twenty years ago. As usual No. 13 was an unlucky one and the first to fall. He was J. L. Cooper, of the Keystone Cycling Club. His knee was split open. Geo. B. Hall, of Brooklyn, had his arm broken and received many contusions. He was taken to St. Barnabas Hospital at Newark. E. J. George fell at the finish and his eye fell on his cheek. He was removed to St. Barnabas Hospital. C. Ford Seeley, of Bridgeport, was taken to St. Barnabas Hospital and afterwards went home. W. H. Ross, Kings County Wheelmen, received contusions. G. B. Waters, Kings County Wheelmen, knee contusions. J. J. Egan, of Brooklyn, and Jas. A. Gregory, of Newark, contusions. L. J. Cooper also had bruises."

"As a result of the great Irvington-Milburn race, Emely Mawdits, the crack Long Island City wheelman, occupied a cot in St. John's Hospital, Newark, yesterday. His collar bone is broken, he has two large wounds on the head and contusions all over the body. Mawdit's right hand and arm are also in bad shape, the flesh in parts being torn away to the bones. Mawdits, who has many victories to his credit, had a miraculous escape from death. He was riding at a lightning clip and had passed six handicap men at the two mile pole when the crank bar on the right side of his wheel bent, and in a second caught under the frame work of the wheel. Mawdits was thrown more than twenty feet in the air and struck the ground on his head and right shoulder. He was picked up unconscious and was removed to the hospital."

The list of injured riders, many of whom were hurt by falls on the last two miles of the journey, comprises the following:

"George Holland, Rambler Bicycle Club; arm broken by fall near Hilton.

"E. I. George, of East Orange; bad cut near right eye; taken to St. Barnabas Hospital, Newark.

"Fred. Richt, Brooklyn Bicycle Club; cut on right arm.

"George Waters, King's County Wheelmen; broken collar bone.

"J. W. Fink of Newark; bad bruise on right side.

"C. Ford Seeley of Stamford, Conn., bruised on shoulder and arms.

"J. L. Cooper, Keystone Cycle Club of Philadelphia; cut on arms and hands.

"C. F. Hendrickson, Kings County Wheelmen; cut on hands, legs and shoulders.

"W. H. Tilden, Kings County Wheelmen; fell on shoulder and badly bruised.

"A. G. Relyea, First Lieutenant of the Kings County Wheelmen; had three bad falls, and was considerably bruised, yet he finished the race.

"Thomas J. Hall, jr., Kings County Wheelmen; bruised by a fall.

"Charles G. Paul, Kings County Wheelmen; bruised.

"A. E. Tong, Kings County Wheelmen; side injured by fall.

"Otto L. Roehr, Kings County Wheelmen; feinted on wheel at Maplewood, and revived after being unconscious 30 minutes.

"W. L. Losee, South Brooklyn Wheelmen; hands cut by fall.

"W. K. Sibley, South Brooklyn Wheelmen; bruised on arms.

"Julius Hindrin, Liberty Wheelmen; leg wrenched by a fall.

"James A. Gregory of Newark; knee cut by fall at the ten-mile mark.

"Edward N. Boice, Irvington Athletic Club; fell at twenty-mile mark and taken away in a carriage.

"Emile Deitz, Long Island City Wheelmen; a gash on the head and another on the ear. A physician took care of him."

A Policeman's Exciting Chase.

New York, June 9.—Bicycle Policeman Schuessler, of the West Sixty-eighth street station, was pedalling slowly up Eighth avenue on his way to report for duty shortly before six o'clock last evening. He saw two men driving toward him, each going at a reckless rate of speed. They were racing, and, as they passed him, at the corner of Eighteenth street and Eighth avenue, he called to them to halt.

Morris Winfield, of No. 181 Henry street, one of the drivers, slowed up somewhat, but the other, John McMahon, of No. 74 Christopher street, whipped his horse and urged it to a still faster pace. He did not know that the fastest rider on the force was after him.

Schuessler swung his bicycle around and an exciting chase began. Other drivers and bicycle riders hastily got out of the way. They then fell in behind and followed eagerly on. Seventeenth street was reached, and Schuessler had not gained. McMahon, seeing this, laughed at the policeman, but Schuessler was only beginning, and had not struck his gait. At Sixteenth street he had gained on the fugitive.

At Fifteenth street he was almost upon the man, and again sharply called to him to stop, only to have his command again disregarded. The driver urged his horse more furiously than before. At Fourteenth street Schuessler was alongside. "Stop!" he yelled. But McMahon only urged his horse the harder.

Schuessler then leaped from his bicycle and sprang to the horse's head. He seized the bridle and gave a mighty jerk. He is a strong man, and his jerk pulled the horse off its feet. In falling it knocked the policeman down, but he threw himself clear of it and sprang to his feet unhurt. Then he placed McMahon under arrest and marched him along with Winfield to the police station.

Preached to Bicyclists.

New York, June 9.—Rev. Dr. J. L. Campbell preached to the wheelmen in the Lexington Avenue Baptist Church Sunday evening. The pastor's text was, Ecclesiastes, iii., 1: "To everything there is a season and a time to every purpose under the heavens."

He began by saying that "as an industry the bicycle is one of the most remarkable developments of our time," and continued with a review of its history since the first invention, giving statistics. He said, for example, that the value of the bicycles used in Greater New York was estimated at $12,000,000 at least.

He approved the use of the bicycle, "for many a man blames himself for apathy and indifference who is only in poor health, and God requires us to take good care of our bodies." He considered the bicycle as the natural expression of this age of progress in rapid travel. He took all his similes and metaphors from bicycling terms and experiences.

He said that for a church as for a wheelman, "to stand still is to fall," and ruts are perilous. He said that the work of a Christian, like riding a wheel, was a matter of faith. "You think that you will fall and you do; you know that you will not fall, and you don't."

Wanderers' Road Race.

The Wanderers Bicycle Club had a green road race on Saturday afternoon. Ten riders faced the starter, and a good start was made, all getting off well and keeping a good pace up until the tandem was reached, which was waiting to pace the riders, and immediately the pace grew hot, Pelletier leading and the others close behind. About a mile further on the tandem punctured, and the boys had to make their own pace, McKillop leading. This was kept up until about a mile from the finish. Fairbanks put on a great spurt and passed over the line 15 seconds ahead.

1. Geo. Fairbanks, time 49.26 1-5.
2. Allan McKillop, time 49.42 4-5.
3. W. Mace.

To Protect Bicycles and Horses.

At the meeting of the City Council yesterday afternoon, Ald. Costigan gave notice for the framing of a by-law against throwing nails, broken glass, etc., on the streets, to the injury of horses' feet and bicycles.

Races at Toronto.

[Special to the Star.]

Toronto, June 9.—The bicycle racing season in Toronto will be opened at Hanlan's Point on Saturday evening next with a first-class programme of amateur and professional events. Angus McLeod, the champion of Canada, John Mills, who holds the track record, Fred. Young, who was matched against J. S. Johnson last year, and Alf. Young and a dark horse have entered for the professional events, and as both McLeod and Fred. Young are eager to lower Mills' record, it is probable that fast time will be made.

Spokes.

Some days ago the Daily American Wheelman mentioned the increasing necessity of an "escape track," to enable the pacing machines to get out of the way of the racing men at the last turn. The plan suggested was a small track running off the main course and into the paddock, with an incline upward to check the momentum.

An accident that happened at Vienna the other day emphasizes in a painful way the value of the suggestion. It was at the Prater track, during training hours. At 5 o'clock there were many cracks spurting around. Willie Friedrich was training for the 5000 metre distance and was being paced by a triplet and tandem. On the final straight the triplet turned out to let the tandem come up. In the shifting of places the triplet didn't get out of the way and Goss, who was also in the rear, had to slow up. Lucien, who was behind him, rushed into his wheel and fell. With him went down Friedrich and Larwin. Lucien got off with no injuries and Larwin had several teeth knocked out. Poor Friedrich was stunned. His right collar bone was broken and he had to be taken away in an ambulance.

An international exposition of physical education, of hygiene and of athletic sports will open June 15 at Innsbruck. The Archduke Ferdinand Charles is the patron of it. The cycling clubs of Europe will have exhibits there. The Touring Club of France will make a specially attractive showing. The bicycle section of the athletic department has been placed under the direction of the chief engineer of the railways. It has provided for some interesting races. There will be one for amateurs from Munich to Innsbruck, 360 kilometres, and another from Vienna to Innsbruck, 490 kilometres. The contestants will be studied from the view point of scientific pathology, and the wise "medicine men" there will try to formulate some scientific conclusions on the benefits and dangers of long distance racing.

In connection with the accounts of the races at Paris this word appears very often, resulting in the question as to its meaning.

The "brassard" is a prize race given as the champion's challenge event. The course for the brassard is 2000 metres (6561.67 feet), and the winner receives an income of twenty francs, four dollars per day, until October 15th next. He will, however, have to accept all challengers who are willing to stake four hundred francs on the result. If successful, the winner pockets the four hundred francs and his income continues.

If the challenger wins, he saves his stakes and the brassard with its income passes to him. Jaap Eden is the present holder, having defeated Jacquelin, who, in turn, defeated Macdonald.

After a long and earnest debate the New York State Sunday School Convention has decided that it is not wrong to ride a bicycle on the Sabbath.

"Can the bicycle be ridden to church on Sundey?" was the question proposed. In his speech on the subject Mr. Doansfield said:

"If you want to ride your wheel to church, do so by all means, and it shall be taken care of for you while you are within."

This view of the Sunday bicycle question was concurred in by the majority of those present, and finally it was agreed that if the bicycle can carry a man or a woman to church it is a good thing to use on Sunday or any day.

Pietro Comminelli is giving the Italians an exhibition of his towfold ability as road and track rider. After breaking a number of track records at Milan the other day, he entered the fifty-kilometre road race from Lugano to Chiasso. He performed an act that called out the greatest enthusiasm. His tire burst near the finish. Close to him was Anzani, the favorite, and Pietro was determined to beat him. He put on a terrible spurt and passed down the finishing line on a flat tire, but won the race by a length over Anzani. Time, 1.31.37.

Two Italian professionals who have recently invaded France and scooped in some fat prizes are Burlin and Marchand. The latter has recently gone into the professionals to find more riders worthy of his steel. In addition to his racing, Marchand also "runs" a large cycle factory at Milan. Burlin is a little mountaineer from the vicinity of Lake Majeur whom Marchand "discovered."

"Le Velo," of Paris, places Morin, who has just been beating Johnson, first of French cyclists. It says: "In a match where there is no third man to worry him, and where he is at liberty to employ his dazzling final speed, Morin is the fastest man we have in France, and one of the fastest in the world."

In the Doran road race of the Niagara Falls Bicycle Club, yesterday, Arthur Sills won first prize, a beautiful $25 silver pitcher. The race was to Chippawa, a distance of five miles, catch a fish and return to Niagara Falls town. The winner will hold the trophy one year.

AQUATICS.

That Objectionable Dyke.

"It is a great shame and a pity that any body of men should have the power to almost destroy the usefulness of such an institution as the Grand Trunk Boating Club." So said Ald. Stevenson when seen in reference to the action of the Council of Verdun in having the dyke at Verdun built through the centre of the Boat Club grounds.

When Mr. Stevenson was seen he was busy completing the arrangements for the trip of the firemen to London but he found time to speak to the reporter.

Ald. Stevenson explained that he was one of the committee appointed by the City Council to confer with the Verdun Council. At that time a majority of the Verdun Council were in favor of having the dyke built on the line suggested by the Boat Club. This line would have been an improvement to the properties interested, and not, as at present, when the Boat Club grounds are quite spoiled. "I think," said Mr. Stevenson, that the Verdun Council should do all in their power to encourage the Grand Trunk Boating Club. It has done much for the young men of Point St. Charles and Verdun by furnishing them with pleasant recreation and keeping them away from evil associations. I cannot really understand why the Verdun people had the dyke built in such a place. It has quite spoiled the grounds and ought to be a basis for an action for damages by the Club."

Mr. Stevenson was sorry that, owing to his trip to England, he would be unable to do anything for the Boat Club for the present.

Meteor Again Win.

London, June 9.— The yachts Meteor, Britannia, Ailsa and Satanita, which on Saturday raced from the Nore, at the mouth of the Thames, to Dover, sixty miles, started on their return yesterday morning. There was a light, southerly breeze, and a calm sea. The Britannia led at the start. The 20-raters, Niagara and the Saint, also started at noon. The corrected time shows that the yachts finished thus:

Meteor	5.32.05
Britannia	5.43.43
Ailsa	5.47.04
Satanita	5.47.55

The course was shortened to twenty-two miles, owing to the lightness of the wind. In the 20-rater race the Niagara finished first at 5.10.10. The Saint was second, arriving at 5.18.51, and the Penitent third, finishing at 5.21.09.

In the race for small raters the Niagara beat the Saint by nine minutes and the Penitent by eleven minutes.

Will Not Go to Henley.

(Special to the Star.)

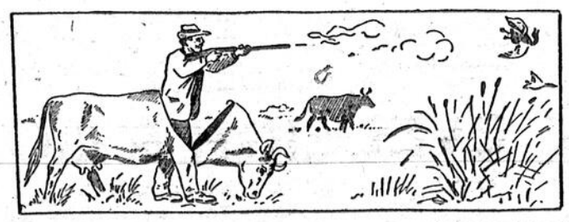
Toronto, June 9.—Bush Thompson, the Argonaut Rowing Club sculler, has been compelled by pressing business engagements to abandon his contemplated trip to England and participation in the Henley regatta. Thompson had hoped to make a creditable showing at Henley, next month, and has been rowing very fast, there was good reason to believe he would have represented Canada and his club in a worthy manner at the great English regatta.

The Launch of the Canadian Boat.

(Special to the Star.)

Toronto, June 9.—Canada, the R.C.Y.C. boat that is to meet the Chicago Yacht Vencedor at Toledo in August, will be launched at Oakville in a couple of weeks.

THE "HUNTING COW."



"Hunting Cow" is the name given by John Sievers, of Ames, Neb., to a unique device for sportsmen. The finest wildgoose hunting in the United States is found in the meadows of Nebraska. The fowl are very knowing, and distinguish the figure of a hunter at a long distance, whereupon they fly away.

Horses, cattle and sheep are not feared by the geese, and they graze in the very midst of the flocks of birds. Inventor Sievers has taken advantage of this by constructing a machine outwardly resembling a cow. The frame is made of very light willow, covered with canvas, painted reddish-brown and white.

An opening near the front legs permits the hunter to enter. His head fits in a hat-like frame, which supports the head of the cow. A hole in the forehead permits him to see.

When the hunter walks the hind legs automatically keep step with the fore legs, and the tail switches realistically. The head can be moved by the hunter in any direction. When a field is reached in which a flock of geese are feeding the hunter inside the "cow" simulates the movements of grazing cattle until within gunshot of the game. By drawing a bolt the fore part of the cow falls apart and enables the hunter to use his gun at short range. The inventor asserts that other game than geese may be successfully stalked by the mechanical cow.

TURF.

Yesterday's Windsor Races.

Windsor, Ont., June 9.—Racing was resumed here yesterday. Following are the results:

First race—Cuticline 1, Hardin 2, Lady Doleful 3. Time, 1.21.

Second race—Walter 1, Majestic 2, Lulu 3. Time, 0.53 1-2.

Third race—Frontman 1, Leonato B 2, Commissioner Frank 3. Time, 1.37 1-2.

Fourth race—Roger B 1, Tom Quirk 2, Grenada 3. Time, 1.22 1-2.

Fifth race—Audrax 1, Partner 2, Lightfoot 3. Time, 1.55 1-2.

Sixth race—Wild Arab 1, Charley Weber 2, Tippecanoe 3. Time, 1.51 1-2.

At the Gravesend Races.

Gravesend Race Track, June 9.— The weather was very warm, which probably accounted for the small attendance yesterday, only about 3500 persons being present. The principal events down for decision was the race for the May Stakes and for the Amazon Stakes, each of the value of $2000. Refugee, an odds-on favorite, captured the former event from Emotional, and the race for the Amazon Stakes was won by Golden Dream, another favorite.

First race, 6 furlongs—Agitator, 8 to 1, 1; Glenmoyne, 12 to 5, 2; Tinge, 3 to 1, 3; time, 1.14.

Second race, 1 1-16 mile — Chugnut, 20 to 1, 1 Lehman, 45 to 100, 2; Sue Kittie, 4 to 1, 3. Time, 1.48 1-2.

Third race, 6 furlongs— Refugee, 3 to 5, 1; Emotional, 15 to 1, 2; Forum, 10 to 1, 3. Time, 1.16.

Fourth race, 1-2 mile— Golden Dream, 2 to 1, 1; Loyal Etta, 6 to 1, 2; Lady Louise, 4 to 1, 3. Time, .49 1-4.

Fifth race, 5 furlongs— Euphemia, 4 to 1, 1; Stackelberg, 8 to 1, 2; Gee-Gee, 8 to 1, 3. Time, 1.04.

Sixth race, 1 1-2mile, hurdle—Flushing, 6 to 1, 1; Watchman, 5 to 2, 2; Red Cloud, 3 to 1, 3. Time, 2.53.

Hamilton Winnings.

[Special to the Star.]

Hamilton, June 9.—As was the case at the O. J. C. meeting J. E. Seagram, of Waterloo, stands well at the head of the list of winning owners at the meeting which closed here on Saturday. His total winnings here amounted to $1675. D. A. Boyle coming next with $825, and the Wellington stable third with $665. Mr. Seagram's horse won six races and finished in second place twice.

ATHLETICS.

Grant and Geo. Orton to Meet in Toronto.

(Special to the Star.)

Toronto, June 9.—A big feature of the athletic games to be held at Rosedale under the auspices of the T. A. C. on the 20th will be a mile run between Dick Grant, of Harvard, and George Orton, of the University of Pennsylvania. They are champions of their respective universities, and both are ex-students of Toronto University. Tommy Conneff is credited with the declaration that Grant would soon be champion of America. The valuable medal is offered for this match.

CRICKET.

Players for England.

[Special to the Star.]

Toronto, June 9.—The Haverford College Cricket eleven which will visit England this summer will be accompanied by W. V. Mustard, of this city as a sort of chaperon and member of the advisory committee. No graduate or outsider of any kind will be played on the Haverford team, so that the trip is expected to give a basis of comparison between the best College Cricket on this side and the best English school cricket.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Pool.

"Pool" is the title of the eleventh number of Spalding's Home Library, by A. Howard Cady. It contains historical notes on the game and describes in detail the several varieties played—Pyramid Pool, Fifteen-Ball Pool, Chicago Pool, Hotte Pool, Black, or Everlasting Pool, Pin Pool, Plant game, Russian, or Five-Ball Pool, Losing Pyramids, Shell Out, High, Low, Jack and the Game, Snooker, besides the rules and scoring rules for each variety. It is fully illustrated and is a book that will be appreciated by those who indulge in this pastime. It is published by the American Sports Publishing Co., 241 Broadway, New York.

Gossip.

The Red Star Lacrosse Club defeated the Young Garnet Lacrosse Club on Logan's farm on Saturday afternoon by the score of 3 to 2, the Red Stars taking the first two games, the Young Garnets taking the next 2 and Red Stars taking the last game.

The Hibernia and Arena clubs played their first match in the Independent Juvenile Lacrosse League on the Montreal Driving Park on Saturday afternoon, and resulted in the Hibernias winning by 3 goals to 1.

A sensational report was circulated in London to the effect that Stanbury, the well known oarsman, had been drowned at Hammersmith. The only basis for the report was that Stanbury's boat capsized while he was rowing. He was in the water for only a moment, and was not harmed in the slightest degree.

This is one of the most charming months of the year. Get yourself into condition to enjoy your vacation by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, the best blood medicine. It will build you up.

Good News for the Ladies of Canada.

Less Deception Than Formerly.

The ladies will be pleased to learn that the efforts made with the view of protecting them against fraud perpetrated by some merchants and dealers, have been successful beyond anticipation.

The substituting of worthless and adulterated package dyes for the reliable Diamond Dyes is now stopped in many places, and merchants are finding out it does not pay to sell a customer what is not asked for.

In the past ladies have suffered much trouble, inconvenience, loss of material and money, by having poorly prepared dyestuffs foisted on them when they asked for the Diamond Dyes. In order to insure continued safety and success in dyeing work at home, ladies should examine each package of dyes offered them, so that they may take nothing home but the genuine Diamond Dyes. 135 m

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Saturday excursions will commence June 13th, 1896. SEND FOR CIRCULARS. RATES REASONABLE.

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This celebrated establishment, one of the most delightful Summer Resorts on the continent. Special facilities will be given for all kinds of recreations to its guests. For further information apply to MARTIN O'BRIEN, Lessee and Manager, St. Leon Springs, Quebec. 123 26

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This summer resort, situated on the shore of Richelieu River, opposite Belœil Mountain, now open to receive guests. Well appointed Hotel in every respect, first class table, good bathing, boating and fishing.

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(OPENED JUNE 1st.)

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This well-known house, having been purchased by the undersigned, will be opened June 1st under new management. Is situated on shore of Brome Lake. Good fishing and shooting. House has all modern improvements. Fine spring water in abundance from Municipal Water works; pronounced by Government Analyist to be "perfectly pure and healthy." First-class table; plenty of Jersey milk, cream and butter. Terms, to suit the times, will be given on application. Good livery in connection. Also rooms in fine furnished house opposite, or would let furnished residence to family.

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We believe the circulation of THE STAR exceeds the combined issue of all the other English newspapers published in the city of Montreal.

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CIRCULATION

—OF THE—

Daily and Weekly Star

FOR WEEK ENDING

MAY 30, 1896.

Monday	No issue
Tuesday	44,380
Wednesday	44,644
Thursday	43,784
Friday	44,232
Saturday	50,134
	227,174

Present Average:

DAILY, For Week ending May 30. **45,435**

WEEKLY STAR Last Week **83,919**

Average Circulation of the STAR Last Week **129,354**

From the above figures are excluded several thousand short subscriptions regarded as more or less ephemeral.

TUESDAY, JUNE 9, 1896.

THE FIRST EFFECT OF UNCERTAINTY.

Some of the first effects of the condition of uncertainty as to the tariff, caused by the possibility of a triumph for the anti-Protectionist allies, are to be seen in London, where the McClary Manufacturing Company is cutting its pay roll temporarily in two for this reason. Last pay-day the employes of this Company received the following printed notice:

Our pay sheet is $4000 per week; our collections are much below current expenses. From depression and threatened tariff disturbance, prudence prompts us to reduce our pay sheet one-half as nearly as possible. It is with regret that we are forced to reduce our staff or ask employees to work shorter time. It has always been our study to give them constant employment the year round. It is our wish that they feel they have an interest in the business. We hope for the best for the city and country. Until the trade policy of the country is assured we may look for a waiting condition. We recommend the strictest economy to guard as far as possible against more unfavorable conditions.

This was undoubtedly a pleasing election souvenir to the workmen who received it. Yet there is no reason to be astonished at the action of the McClary Company. A similar cause produced far worse effects of the same kind all through the United States a year or two ago. Pay lists were not only cut in two, but suspended altogether; and workmen without a dollar in their pockets or a ghost of an idea where to turn to get employment, rejoiced in the prospect that a lowered tariff would some day give them cheap goods which they could not buy.

The effect of this upon the farmers whose home market was suddenly deprived of much of its purchasing power may well be imagined. When the dinner pail is empty, the men who have been accustomed to make a living by filling it, suffer as surely as does the man who once enjoyed emptying it. When the workman had no money to spend, there was, of course, none to go west to pay the farmer for his goods; and it is no wonder that the western farmer is now in favor of "free silver" or any other policy which promises to put money in circulation, some of which may come within his reach.

If the uncertainty as to the Canadian tariff becomes acute, as it would, for instance, were the Liberals to win the elections, there is no likelihood that the McClary case would long remain unique. Other manufacturing firms would be compelled to take in sail until they knew for a certainty the direction of the wind. "Hands" might be laid off here, and departments shut down there, and half-time adopted somewhere else until it was known what the new Government intended to do with the tariff. The effect of such cautionary proceedings is always cumulative; and men out of work or on half-pay soon throw trade generally out of joint. Distrust might easily lead to dismay and dismay to panic before the Liberal Finance Minister had made known his will; and the hard times that the National Policy met at the border and saved us from two years ago might rise in our midst from internal causes and bring disaster to our people just as the Americans are beginning again to prosper through the stimulus given by the prospect of the protective Republican party being returned to power there.

The tariff is a bad thing to experiment with.

MUTILATED AMERICAN COIN.

The large amount of mutilated American silver coin in circulation in Canada is a possible source of real danger to our people. We are informed by a competent authority that such coin is not accepted in trade in the United States and it is well known that American silver is not by any means worth its face value as bullion. The circulation of any kind of American or other foreign coin in the country is a loss to the Government, which thus is deprived of the seigniorage in the minting of the coin which would otherwise circulate in its place. This is a serious enough thing in itself, when any large amount of this foreign circulating medium is in the country; but in the present case it is complicated by the uncertainty of the silver situation in the United States. Then, in regard to silver certificates, Messrs. Weir and McDougall report to the bankers' section of the Board of Trade that they made a statement to the Dominion Government as follows:

At this point we stated that, although our mission was limited to the silver coinage, the United States silver certificate, which now circulated largely in Canada, was also a question for serious consideration; and as a large proportion of these notes were of the smaller denominations, the Government, even more than the banks, was interested in their removal. As these notes were payable only in silver coin they might at any time depreciate in value without any breach of faith on the part of the United States Government, which was in no manner bound to redeem them in gold.

It is certainly desirable that we should permit our own Government to supply our own money, and that steps should be taken to treat American coinage here with some degree of the hostility shown to Canadian money in the United States. There they will either not accept our bills at all, or only at a discount, while here we permit mutilated American coin, rejected by the Americans themselves, to circulate freely and at par.

WENT OVER NIAGARA FALLS.

Niagara Falls, N.Y., June 9.—At eight o'clock last night two men stood on Luna Island, near the American falls, talking. The wind blew one man's hat off, and in an endeavor to recover it he lost his balance and plunged head first into the river, his body passing over the falls a moment later.

GRAND TRUNK CHANGES.

London, Ont., June 8.—Chief Billing-Clerk Reynel, of the Grand Trunk Ry., freight sheds here has been transferred to the company's offices at Brantford. Mr. Nicholas Wilson, freight clerk here, is being removed to Stratford.

THE "REVENUE" POLICY.

A certain party had on hand
An artful policy,
That like its party-colored tunes
Would suit for any key.
At first 'twas "Reciprocity,"
Which might be no great loss,
In case we came across some one
Who'd fairly reciprocate.
But with the States it only was
The game of pitch and toss,
Unless they had all their own way
And they should be the boss.

Chorus—
Three cheers, three cheers for the grand old flag!
Three cheers for the maple leaf!
For the policy, too, that has carried us through,
While others have gone to grief.
Hurrah, hurrah for our noble Queen!
Hurrah for the grand old chief!
Who's policy true will carry him through,
When others must come to grief.

And then they had another fad,
"Commercial Union" called,
But when they tried how it would work
They were themselves appalled;
For our good friends across the line,
Who thought of it a bit,
Would so arrange the terms they made
'Twould them exactly fit.
Then we'd both lie down together,
The lion and the lamb;
And so you see we then would be
As happy as a clam.
Chorus—Three cheers, etc., etc., etc.

"Free Trade" as 'tis in England
Was next brought into play,
But the slightest of enquiry
Showed here 'twould never pay.
Again 'twas "Reciprocity,"
But 'twas "Unrestricted,"
Which was so bad, 'twas at last pronounced mad,
When 'twas interdicted.
Indeed we might as well, then,
When everything was done,
Just shut up shop at Ottawa,
And go to Washington.
Chorus—Three cheers, etc., etc., etc.

When after trying all of these
And finding none would do,
They announced their 'customs' tariff,
"Taxes for Revenue."
Then when they'd closed our industries,
By turning on the screw,
It would not bite the slightest mite
'Cause 'twas for "Revenue."
They say they'll not send all to pot,
Nor put us in a stew;
But you'd know better, if they got
"Taxes for Revenue."
Chorus—Three cheers, etc., etc., etc.

And now with this grand shibboleth
They're going to bestrew
The land with wrecks, or break their necks,
With "Tax for Revenue;"
And vile "Protection" they'll divest
Of every single shred,
'Till every fabric man is sent
Elsewhere to earn his bread.
'Tis said, till all the fools are dead,
One knows not what they'll do,
Who know no better way to get
"Taxes for Revenue."
Chorus—Three cheers, etc., etc., etc.

THE "PROTECTION" POLICY.

When asked what does Protection mean
One may this answer give:
'Tis pay for work and work for pay,
To live and to let live,
The land to till, the mine to drill,
The forest to remove;
With all industrial wheels at work,
Our country to improve;
When each to other, hand to hand,
Will true protectors be;
One grows the grain, one makes the goods,
Another fells the tree.

Chorus—
Then we'll all as true Canadians
Together stand or fall.
Let us each other then protect,
And heaven protect us all.

With righteous cause and justest laws,
Resources past compare,
We then should get of immigrants
Who want to work full share;
And here to every one who came,
While doing no one harm,
We'd give them all protection for
Mill, forest, mine and farm.
And then by giving work to all
In every relation,
We'd make this Canada of ours
A progressive nation.
Chorus—
Then we'll all as true Canadians, etc.

It matters not how rich the soil
Of prairie, hill or plain;
No country yet grew truly great
By only growing grain,
So with the farmer we should have
Also the artisan,
And find all some of work to do
For every lab'ring man.
Then when the stranger reaches here
We give him not a stone;
Of old, 'twas told, it was not meet
To live by bread alone.
Chorus—
Then we'll all as true Canadians, etc.

Some may have finer theories
But when all facts you scan
'Tis pay for work at home's the way
To help the lab'ring man.
In helping him we're helping all,
For on his labor rests
The progress that our country makes
To meet all our behests.
With wages sure, few need be poor,
We'd prosper on all hands,
And then we may in honest way
Get labor from all lands.

Chorus—
Then we'll all as true Canadians
Together stand or fall.
Let us each other then protect
And heaven protect us all.

Montreal, June 6th, 1896. W. LITTLE.

THE CAMPAIGN IN ST. ANTOINE.

MEETINGS FOR BOTH CANDIDATES LAST NIGHT.

A Large Gathering of Dr. Roddick's Supporters---Mr. Desmarais Nominated as Liberal Candidate in St. James Division.

The Conservatives of St. Antoine division held an enthusiastic meeting last evening at Dr. Roddick's committee room, 2161 Notre Dame street. The chair was occupied by Mr. P. Demers, who was supported by Messrs. J. S. Hall W. W. Ogilvie, George Borrie, David H. Henderson, D. R. McCord, Q. C.; Donald Macmaster, Q. C., and the candidate, Dr. T. G. Roddick.

The first speaker was Mr. W. W. Ogilvie, who addressed the meeting in French. He was not an orator, he said, but if they would allow him he would talk to them in a conversational manner. The great question to be decided by the electorate was whether the industries of the country were to be protected or not. In the United States, they had a certain amount of protection already, but at the present time they were clamoring for the election of Mr. McKinley and the raising of the tariff still higher. Speaking of the school question, Mr. Ogilvie paid an eloquent tribute to the egreat missionary archbishop, Mgr. Taché, and defended the stand taken by the bishops to secure the restoration of separate schools. The reported alliance of the Liberals with the Patrons and the McCarthyites was also touched upon, while Mr. Farrar, late of Toronto, came in for some rough handling, as did also Mr. Dalton McCarthy, who, it was said, had become the ally of Mr. Laurier. The situation at the present time was so exceptionally grave that he could not understand how any French Canadian could vote against the Government. If they did so, they voted to shut down, or at least to half cripple, such industries as the sugar factory, the flour mills and the rolling mills.

They should uphold the dignity of the working class, and not bring into effect a policy which would cause them to work for a few miserable cents a day, and re-establish the soup kitchens throughout the land. In conclusion, he begged of them to consider these things, to talk them over in their families, and weigh them thoroughly.

Dr. Roddick, who followed, spoke in English. In two weeks the electors of Canada would be called upon to choose between two leaders, two parties and two policies—although perhaps he was wrong in speaking of two policies, as one party had no policy. Of the leaders, Sir Charles Tupper was known as one of the fathers of Confederation, and one of the originators of that great Liberal Conservative policy which had done so much for Canada already. There was probably no man in the Dominion who knew the history of the country so well, and had been so closely identified with it. But while he had been making history what had Mr. Laurier been doing? He had been shifting from pillar to post looking for a policy. In 1871 and 1876 he was an avowed protectionist; later his protection became continental free trade; then its champion talked of commercial union; again he favored unrestricted reciprocity and restricted reciprocity in turn, and finally he had announced himself in favor of free trade as they have it in England. Busy all the time attempting to find something which would capture votes, he had made himself the laughing-stock of the country. On the other hand, Sir Charles Tupper had since 1878 continued unchanged and unchangeing in his policy, and has not given way one little.

A man might be judged by the company he kept. Mr. Laurier had been associated first with those members of Mr. Mackenzie's Cabinet, of whom their leader had said in a private letter to a friend that he had to sit all his time on the coffers in order to keep them from getting their hands in. In the second place he had entered into a treaty with the late Mr. Mercier, whereby he had promised that if he was returned to power he would rob the public treasury of $400,000 in order to restore some of the spoils on which the provincial ministers had grown their lands. In the third place Mr. Laurier had associated with Pacaud, a man unfit for any gentleman to be seen in company with. In the fourth place he had become the close friend of Mr. Tarte, and finally he had entered into a compact with Mr. Dalton McCarthy.

At this point an elector objected, pointing out that Mr. Laurier had over and over again denied that he and Mr. McCarthy were allies.

"If Mr. Laurier is put in power," said Dr. Roddick, "I have been told on the best authority that within one week the sugar refinery will be closed down. They tell Mr. Drummond and all those connected with him in the enterprise, declare that if one-eighth or one-tenth of a cent of protection is removed from this product, they will have to close, and this means that nine hundred men, with their wives and families, over five thousand people in all, would be thrown upon the streets to pick up a living as best they might. The Manitoba school question would be settled without the employment of coercion, for as soon as Mr. Greenway discovered that his friend Laurier was beaten, he would wheel into line.

Hon. John S. Hall compared the well-defined policy of the Government with the wavering, vacillating policy of their opponents. The Liberals had no Remedial Bill; no policy by which the rights of the minority in Manitoba were to be respected. On the contrary, Mr. Laurier and his friends had done their best to cause the death of the bill brought in by the Government.

The last speaker was Mr. Donald Macmaster, Q. C. There were, he said, two questions to be considered by the electors. One was: What rate of wages were they to receive for the next five or six years? The other: What rate of taxation would be imposed upon them for the next few years? As regards the wages, they might be able to judge of that matter by applying the test of experience. They knew what wages had been paid during the Mackenzie regime, and they could compare that rate with the scale now in force. The taxes which were levied at present were collected for the double purpose of carrying on the government of the country and protecting our labor, our manufactories, our factories, our mines and our farms. They must look at the record of the Liberal party and compare it with that of the Conservatives. The former had done nothing for the country, the latter had developed its resources, deepened canals, built railways, assisted steamship lines, and brought trade to the country. As the Montreal Star had well expressed it, the progress of a country was like the progress of a bicycle; there was no standing still; it was go forward or drop. There were fewer paupers in Canada to-day than in any other country in the world. The speaker closed with a eulogistic reference to the French-Canadian people, which was heartily applauded.

THE POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Disorder marked the opening of a political meeting at Longueuil last night. The meeting had been called in the interest of Mr. Taillon, the Conservative candidate in the county of Chambly-Vercheres. The disorder arose from the efforts of a number of gentlemen, who were evidently not in sympathy with the Conservative candidate, to take part in the proceedings. Mr. Taillon protested that there was an understanding between himself and his opponent, Mr. Geoffrion, that certain joint meetings should be held at stated times throughout the constituency. Each candidate was entitled to hold as many other meetings as he chose, and to invite, or not invite, his opponents to attend. The present meeting had been called for the electors favorable to Mr. Taillon; the Conservative committee had rented the hall, and it belonged to them for the time being. Those who did not choose to listen quietly could retire. Mr. Taillon was not afraid of Mr. Geoffrion; nor was Mr. Geoffrion afraid of Mr. Taillon. They were both too old for that. Each understood the other, and Mr. Taillon was sure that Mr. Geoffrion would not approve the present action of those who posed as his friends.

Mr. J. P. Cooke, M. L. A., for Drummond, demanded to be heard on behalf of Mr. Geoffrion. It was understood between the candidates that the friends of either were invited to attend the meetings of the other, whether the same were regularly arranged joint meetings or not. Mr. Geoffrion's meetings were always open to his opponents; but, if Mr. Taillon feared public discussion, Mr. Geoffrion's friends would retire.

They did not retire, however, until a gentleman who started up in the rear portion of the hall, had had an opportunity of taunting the people on the platform with cowardice. Uproar followed, and the police of the Town of Longueuil was sent for. The services of that important public functionary were not called into requisition, however, as most of the Liberal sympathizers left the hall shortly afterwards, cheering for the party leaders.

The meeting then progressed in comparative quiet. Senator Ogilvie delivered a speech in support of the National Policy and remedial legislation. The Hon. Mr. Taillon received an attentive hearing for about three quarters of an hour, and speeches were also delivered by Messrs. T. P. Butler, Q.C., and Gendron.

Mr. W. Gear presided, and seats on the platform were also occupied by Messrs. W. Cooper, Dickson Anderson, A. Jodoin and others.

IN ST. MARY'S DIVISION.

Mr. A. T. Lepine, the candidate in St. Mary's Ward, opened his central committee at 1198 St. Catherine street last night. Ald. Charpentier and the candidate were present, and looked after the organization of the campaign. The following committees were appointed: General President of the Organization —Dr. Laviolette.

St. Vincent de Paul—Honorary Presidents, Dr. J. W. Mount, Messrs. J. B. Gregoire and Jos. Poupart; Active Presidents, Messrs. Amable Lauzon, Jos. Gauthier and Jos. Langlois.

Sacred Heart — Honorary Presidents, Messrs. O. N. Ricard, T. Gadbois and J. O. Watts; Active President, ex-Ald. E. Dagenais.

St. Bridget — Honorary Presidents, Messrs. F. Martineau, M. L. A., and T. Charpentier; Active Presidents, Messrs. P. Macdonald, Joseph Lauzon and John Toowey.

A meeting in Mr. Lepine's favor will be held to-morrow night at the corner of Delorimier Avenue and de Montigny street.

ST. LAWRENCE COMMITTEE.

A meeting in the interests of Ald. Penny, the Liberal candidate for St. Lawrence Division, was held at 292 St. Lawrence street last night. Mr Hector Cadieux acted as chairman. Mr. J. P. B. Casgrain was the first speaker and related to the audience the history of the political career of the Hon. Wilfrid Laurier. Ald. Penny then addressed the meeting. He endorsed the platform of the Liberal party as adopted at the Ottawa convention, and spoke for some time on the tariff question. Other speakers were Messrs. C. G. Roy, J. D. Cameron, Dr. Maillet, Carroll Ryan, W. D. Burns and J. J. Roy.

MR. DESMARAIS NOMINATED.

At a meeting held in the large hall of Bonsecours market last evening to nominate Liberal candidates in St. Mary's and St. James Wards, Mr. O. Desmarais stated that he had been offered the Liberal nomination in St. James' Ward and that he would give a final answer in the course of a day or two. Ald. Dupre intimated his acceptance of the Liberal nomination in St. Mary's Ward. Addresses were delivered by Ald. Dupre, Marsolais and Penny, and Mr. J. P. B. Casgrain.

ST. JAMES WARD.

An open-air meeting in the interests of Mr. Lavallee, Conservative candidate in St. James' Ward, was held last evening at the corner of St. Andre and St. Catherine streets, and was largely attended. In addition to an address from the candidate, speeches were also delivered by Messrs. McLellan, T. Cardinal and R. Laurendeau.

IN FAVOR OF THE MAYOR.

A meeting will be held to-night at 760 St. Lawrence street, for the purpose of completing the organization of a volunteer club in favor of Mayor R. Wilson-Smith. Several prominent speakers, including the Mayor, will address the meeting.

MR. MACKAY'S MEETING.

A meeting in the interests of Mr. Robert Mackay was held last night at 2207 Notre Dame street. Among the speakers were Messrs. A. C. Gervais, J. N. Greenshields, Q.C., Durin, Hon. Jas. McShane, and G. W. Stephens, jr. Mr. Mackay also delivered a short address.

HOCHELAGA.

Mr. J. A. C. Madore, the Liberal candidate in Hochelaga, will hold a meeting to-night in St. Charles Hall, Island st.

IN SOULANGES.

Dalhousie Mills, June 9.—The opening meeting of the campaign for the County of Soulanges was held in the I. O. F. Hall here on Saturday night, when about 140 of the electors assembled to hear the questions of the day discussed. Mr. James Hells, J.P., occupied the chair, and on the platform were the Liberal candidate, Dr. Bourbonnais, and his brother, Avila, who is the member for this county in the Local House, also Messrs. Greenshields and Casgrain, of Montreal, and Schell, of Alexandria, in the Reform interest. Hon. Senator McMillan, of Alexandria, Mr. Germain, of Montreal, and Mr. Pierre Doucett, of Coteau, spoke on behalf of Mr. Lanthier, the Conservative candidate.

The meeting closed about half-past 11 with cheers for the Queen and Sir Charles Tupper.

A joint meeting of the electors of Soulanges County was held in the afternoon at St. Dominique des Cedres. The supporters of Mr. Lanthier, the Conservative standard-bearer, and Mr. Bourbonnais, the Liberal candidate, were present in large numbers. Mr. H. Leroux, Mayor of the parish, occupied the chair. Although the meeting was a joint one, the feeling was strongly in favor of the Conservative candidate.

THE QUEBEC DISTRICT.

Quebec, June 9.—Hon. John Costigan left yesterday by the Intercolonial Railway for New Brunswick.

Rumor has it that Sir A. P. Caron may contest either L'Islet or Bonaventure.

There have been many important adhesions to the Conservative cause of late in this district, and in counties where some days ago the contest looked exceedingly close, but very little doubt is now felt of ultimate Ministerial success, and particularly is this true of Gaspe, Rimouski, Levis and Kamouraska.

Last night the Central Committee in Quebec Centre checked very carefully the electoral lists for the division and came to the conclusion, from canvassers' reports, that fully two-thirds of the English vote of the constituency will be cast for Mr. Angers. The French vote is also expected to be favorable.

There's a Certainty . . .

about results with

Fibre Chamois

It always gives just the right stiffness—and keeps it, too, as long as the garment lasts—and yet it is so light that no burden is felt in the warmest weather.

Use the Rigby Waterproofed line in all skirts and wraps, it's the same price, 35c per yard, but gives you perfect rainy day comfort. And see the Red Star Label on each yard if you wish to avoid inferior and disappointing imitations. 135 1

LITTLE TIME SAVERS

Perhaps you don't mind waiting till one of those slow going matches gets well kindled; perhaps you don't mind trying half a dozen till you strike a good one. If you do mind, use

BRYANT & MAY'S MATCHES.

They light in a flash, and kindle immediately. They're little time savers and worry savers. Let us know if your grocer doesn't sell them.

SOLE AGENTS FOR CANADA:

ROBERT GREIG & CO., - - - Montreal.

135 n1

In Portneuf, Mr. Stafford is making headway and St. Raymond, which at the last election gave a majority of 73 to the Liberals, will this year give a majority to Mr. Stafford.

It is not yet quite settled whether the Liberals of Quebec West will bring out Mr. R. Turner as a straight party candidate, or whether they will support Mr. Dobell as an Independent.

WELLAND COUNTY.

Niagara Falls, Ont., June 9.—Wm. McCleary, Conservative candidate of Welland county held a meeting in the Town Hall here last evening. The large hall was filled to the doors with enthusiastic electors. Mr. A. B. Brown, President of the local club acted as chairman and opened the meeting with a few appropriate remarks. The first speaker was Mr. Coy, of St. Catharines, who dwelt at some length on the trade question of the party. Following were Mr. C. Robertson, of Toronto, who made the speech of the evening, taking up plank by plank, the Government platform and contrasting the same with the platform of the Liberal party. Mr. McCleary was the next speaker and he received an ovation. His party, Mr. McCleary was the next speaker and he received an ovation. He touched upon the different political questions of the day and defined his policy in the present campaign pledging himself to support the Government in every measure.

COL. TISDALE'S COUNTY.

Simcoe, Ont., June 9.—The meeting of Lieut.-Col. the Hon. D. Tisdale, in the Opera House here last night was a success, notwithstanding the rainy night, the house was packed and the audience listened attentively for over two hours to an able discussion of the leading questions of the day. The Hon. Minister fully discussed the school question, dealing with the action of the Dominion towards the Roman Catholic minority of Manitoba. He then took up the trade and fiscal policy of the Government showing that while the national debt had increased $143,000,000 since Confederation the country had great public works, such as railways, canal systems, public buildings and a rich North-West that were good investments of the public money. He also touched upon other great questions as set forth in the manifesto of Sir Charles Tupper to the people of Canada. The meeting concluded with cheers for the Queen and Col. Tisdale.

IN SAM HUGHES' COUNTY.

Fenelon Falls, Ont., June 9.—A large audience of people attended the political meeting held in the Skating Rink here last night in the interests of Mr. Delamer, the Independent candidate for North Victoria, fully one thousand people assembled. Mr Delamer opened the meeting by a speech of over half an hour. He was followed by Mr. Dickson on behalf of Mr. McLaughlin, the Reform candidate, who was not present. Major Hughes, Conservative, followed in a speech of one hour, touching on the political questions of the day, but especially the Manitoba Remedial Bill. Hon. N. C. Wallace followed in a speech of one hour in behalf of Mr. Delamer. The meeting closed about midnight with cheers for the Queen, Messrs. Delamer, Wallace, McLaughlin and Major Hughes.

MODIFIED HIS PROGRAMME.

St. Paul, Que., June 9.—Mr. Angers, the Liberal candidate, met Bishop Labrecque, who is making his pastoral tour in the county, last night, and has signed a declaration pledging himself to support the Remedial School Bill as approved by the Episcopate, and has modified his programme. A similar pledge was presented to Angers at his meeting fifteen days ago at Murray Bay to be signed. He asked twenty-four hours to give answer and finally refused to sign it. It was arranged to allow his election by acclamation if he signed it.

A CLERICAL NOMINEE.

Toronto, June 9.—The McCarthyites held a meeting last night in the Auditorium. It was decided to place two candidates in the field for West Toronto, Mr. A. T. Hunter, a young lawyer, who for some time has aided Mr. McCarthy in his campaign, and Rev. E. S. Rowe, at present pastor of Crawford Street Methodist Church, were recommended by the Committee on Nominations. Mr. Hunter accepted, but Mr. Rowe would not announce his determination last evening, though it is understood he will accept. He stated, however, that if he accepted he would leave the ministry.

VARENNES.

A big political meeting will be held at Varennes to-morrow afternoon. The two candidates, Messrs. Taillon and Geoffrion, are to be present to speak. A number of prominent politicians will attend and address the gathering. The steamer Paul Smith will leave Jacques Cartier Wharf at one o'clock sharp for Varennes. The boat will stop at Longueuil and Boucherville.

ELECTION NOTES.

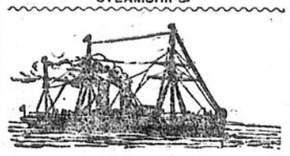
The Winnipeg Nor'-Wester, says: A strange looking man went down Main street last evening offering to bet $1000 on Joe Martin. He was arrested on a charge of insanity and is now awaiting an examination, which will be held in the provincial jail.

The Winnipeg papers mention the fact that at the entertainment given by Miss Eva Fay, the Mahatma, the other evening, she predicted the return on Hon. Hugh John Macdonald and a victory for the Tupper Government.

EATEN BY RATS.

Windsor, Ont., June 9.—An old man named Bruce, who lived alone in Sandwich East, was found lying dead on the floor of his cottage on Saturday. The body was covered with blood, and murder was suspected, but Dr. Rheaume, of Windsor, determined that death was due to heart disease, and the old man had been eaten by rats, probably before life was extinct, and while he was lying helpless on the floor. Bruce claimed lineal descent from Robert Bruce, King of Scotland.

STEAMSHIPS.



Allan Line Royal Mail Steamships

Liverpool, Quebec and Montreal Mail Service.

Steamships.	From Montreal.	From Quebec.	From Liverpool.
Sardinian	13 June.	14 June, 9 am	4 July.
Numidian	20 June.	20 June, 3 pm	9 July.
Parisian	27 June.	28 June, 9 am	16 July.
Laurentian	4 July.	4 July, 3 pm	23 July.

RATES OF PASSAGE—CABIN.

$50 and upwards. Intermediate, $32 and upwards. Return: Second Cabin $33 and $36.25 single: $66.75 and $69.00 Return.

Steerage—To Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Belfast or Londonderry, $26.50. Prepaid $26.00 Bedding and all necessary utensils free.

Glasgow and New York Service.

From New Pier, foot of W. 21st Street, New York.

Steamships.	From New York.	From Glasgow.
State of California	12 June.	9 July.
State of Nebraska	26 June	24 July.

CABIN.

$45 to $65 Single. $85 to $130 Return.

According to location of and number of persons in stateroom. All cabin passengers have the same privileges. Second Cabin $30 single, $50 round trip.

STEERAGE.

Glasgow or Londonderry, $24.50 and $25.50.

For freight, passage or further information apply to

H. & A. ALLAN, Montreal, Boston or Philadelphia

NORTH GERMAN LLYOD

NEW YORK, SOUTHAMPTON, BREMEN.

FAST EXPRESS STEAMERS.

I. Cabin $60 and upwards, according to location. II. Cabin $40. Round trip $110.

Saale.....Sat., June 13 Spree.....Tues., June 30
Havel.....Tues., June 16 Lahn.....Tues., July 7
Trave.....Tues., June 23 Saale.....Sat., July 11
Aller.....Sat., June 27 Havel.....Tues., July 14

Passengers booked through to all important points of GERMANY and AUSTRIA.

Return tickets available from Mediterranean or from Bremen, London or Southampton.

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.

TO GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, GENOA.

KAISER, June 20...10 a.m. EMS, July 11.....10 a.m.
WERRA, June 27...10 a.m. KAISER, July 25...10 a.m.
FULDA, July 4.....10 a.m. WERRA, Aug. 8...10 a.m.

OELRICHS & CO., 2 Bowling Green, N.Y.

J. Y. GILMOUR & Co., 356 St. Paul st. DOUGLAS HERESHEY, 52 James st., op. Temple Bldg. W. H. HENRY, 143 St. James st., Agents for Montreal. 11tf

Dominion Line Royal Mail Steamships

LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

Steamer.	From Montreal.	From Quebec.
SCOTSMAN	May 30, daylight,	May 30, 2 p.m.
VANCOUVER	June 6, do.	June 7, 9 a.m.
OTTOMAN	June 13, do.	June 14, 2 p.m.
LABRADOR	June 20, do.	June 21, 9 a.m.
ANGLOMAN	June 27, do.	June 27, 2 p.m.

SS. CANADA will sail from Liverpool on or about July 16.

Montreal or Quebec to Londonderry or Liverpool, Cabin, $50 to $80, return $100 to $150; Second Cabin $30; Steerage to Liverpool, Londonderry, London, Queenstown, Belfast or Glasgow, including outfit, $24.50 and $25.50. Midship Saloons, Electric Light, Spacious Promenade Decks.

D. TORRANCE & CO.,
General Agents, Montreal.
17 St. Sacrament Street.

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP CO., Limited.

ST. LAWRENCE LINE.

SS. "CAMPANA" (1,700 TONS),

is intended to leave Montreal on

MONDAY, JUNE 8th, at 2 p. m.

And afterwards on every alternate Monday during season for FATHER POINT, GASPE, MAL BAY, PERCE, MISCOUSIBIDE, CHARLOTTETOWN and PICTOU.

Has excellent accommodation for passengers. Electric lights and most modern comforts.

No cargo received after noon of Sailing Day.

Tickets for sale at all the principal ticket offices.

For Freight, Passage and Staterooms, apply to

J. G. & J. GOOCH, Agents,
211 Commissioners Street,
Or to W. D. O'BRIEN, 143 St. James Street.
133 3mos eod

ANCHOR LINE.

United States Mail Steamships

Sail from New York every Saturday for

Glasgow via Londonderry

Rates for Saloon Passage

By S.S. CITY OF ROME, $60 and upwards.
Second Cabin, $40. Steerage, $25.50.
Other Steamers, Cabin, $50 and upward.
Second Cabin $30 and $35. Steerage, $24.50.

Drafts at lowest current prices.

HENDERSON BROTHERS, New York, or W. H. HENRY, 143 St. James st., or D. BATTERSBY, 174 St. James st., Montreal. 59 30eod

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.

TWIN SCREW EXPRESS
Line from New-York to
Plymouth (London), Cherbourg, Paris and Hamburg
Normannia, June 11. | F. Bismarck, June 25.
A. Victoria, June 18. | Columbia, July 2.

I. Cabin, $65 and upward; II. Cabin, $35 and upwards.

PLYMOUTH—LONDON, 4½h. FREE OF CHARGE, by special train: CHERBOURG—PARIS, 6¾ hours.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 37 Broad, N. Y. or D. CONNELLY, 14 Place d'Armes, Montreal. tf

BICYCLISTS

Should carry a supply of ARMBRECHT'S COCA WINE. It relieves fatigue and renders the performance of muscular exertion much easier. 135 1

THE FRESH AIR FUND.

Subscribers to the Fund who forward their contributions through the "Star" office are requested to send when possible cheques payable to order. When, however, the money is handed in, a receipt therefor should be obtained. The Publishers cannot hold themselves responsible for sums for which a proper receipt has not been issued. Those wishing to subscribe anonymously may as readily obtain such a receipt, under whatever fictitious name or initials they may adopt as where the actual name is given.

John Doyles, a toll-gate keeper near Windsor, Ont., was killed by lightning Saturday. The Windsor City Hall was also struck.

MEETINGS AND AMUSEMENTS.

ST. ANTOINE DIVISION . . .

A Public Meeting in the interests of

DR. T. G. RODDICK

Conservative Candidate . .

Will be held at 175 ST. ANTOINE STREET, near Mountain, on

TUESDAY EVENING,

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

Prominent Speakers will deliver Addresses. 135 1

Electoral District of Maisonneuve.

GRAND MEETING

For the English speaking Electors of Hochelaga Ward and Town of Maisonneuve called by

Ald. Raymond Prefontaine

LIBERAL CANDIDATE,

In the Market Long Room, Desery St.,

TUESDAY, at 8 o'clock sharp.

Mr. Prefontaine and other speakers will be present. COME ONE, COME ALL. 134 2

Otterburn Park

THE SOCIETY OF

St. Vincent de Paul

Regrets to announce that the Excursion that was to take place To-morrow, Wednesday, 10th June, will only take place

Wednesday following, 17th June.

135 1

6th Battalion Fusiliers.

Battalion orders for week ending Saturday, 13th inst.:

A, B and C Co's will parade at 8 p. m. on Wednesday, the 10th inst., for inspection by D. A. G., in competition for Sir Donald A. Smith and Col. Burland cups.

D, E and F Co's at 8 p. m. on Thursday, the 11th inst. The Battalion will parade at 2.30 p.m. on SATURDAY, the 13th inst., for inspection by Lt. Col. Houghton, D.A.G. Every member of the regiment must be present at above parades.

Batt. Bands, Pioneers, Signal and Ambulance Corps to attend. Uniform for Saturday's parade, review order.

By order,
T. ATKINSON, Major,
135 2 Adjutant.

M.A.A.A. Spring Handicaps

will be held on M.A.A.A. Grounds

SATURDAY, JUNE 13th, 1896,

Commencing at 3 P. M. sharp.

Programme of Events:

100 yds. run; 440 yds. run; 880 yds run; 1 mile run; 1 mile Bicycle; 3 mile Bicycle; High Jump; Broad Jump; Putting 16 lb. shot; 300 yds. Boys under 12 yrs.; 440 yds. Boys under 15 yrs.; 1 mile, Bicycle, Boys under 15 yrs.

Entries close Wednesday, 10th June. Entrance fee, 50 cents, must accompany each entry (25 cents of which will be returned to bona fide starters). Boys races free. Rules of A. A. A. of C. and C. W. A. to govern.

131 3eod E. HERBERT BROWN, Secy.-Treas.

M. A. A. A.

NOTICE TO MEMBERS.

On and after 15th June, members of Association and affiliated and disaffiliated Clubs can only have admittance to grounds by showing season passes to gatekeeper.

Members of all clubs will please govern themselves accordingly.

By order, E. Herbert BROWN,
Sec.-Treas.
135 3

Crystal Bicycle Riding School.

CRYSTAL RINK.

Bicycle riding taught in 3 lessons. No polished floors. Five competent instructors. Private lessons given at hour to suit. Open from 8 a.m. to 11 p. m. The largest Bicycle Academy in Canada. The leading wheels for sale and to rent.

S. ROBERTSON & CO.

No connection with any other academy or firm in this city. 133 3

POPULAR EXCURSIONS

To GROSBOIS ISLAND

By Steamer FILGATE. Leaves Jacques Cartier Wharf at 10 o'clock a.m. and 2 o'clock p.m. Leaves Grosbois Island at 11.15 o'clock a.m. and 5 p.m. Price, Round Trip, 20c; Children, 10c. All kinds of refreshments on board and on the Island. Hot water provided free.

123 50 CAPT. A. GOULET, Prop.

St. Antoine DIVISION.

The Electors of St. Antoine Division favorable to the return of DR. RODDICK, the Conservative Candidate, who have changed their residences since the 1st of May past, or since the Electoral List was revised in 1894, will greatly oblige the Executive Committee by sending to or leaving at the following Committee Rooms their present address, as well as that of 1894:

357 and 1082 St. James st.
2206 and 2708 St. Catherine st.
2161 and 2445 Notre Dame st.
175 and 289 St. Antoine st.
83 Fulford street. 129tf

PRESSED THE BUTTON.

Washington, D. C., June 9.—President Cleveland formally opened the National Saengerfest at Pittsburg at 8 o'clock last night by pressing an electric button located in the Executive Mansion. He closed an electric circuit, the effect of which was to illuminate in the hall in which the Saengerfest is held an immense American flag

ST. LAWRENCE DIVISION.

The election of a Parliamentary representative for this division will be held upon the voters' list for 1894. A large proportion of the voters upon this list have removed since that date to new addresses, but are still entitled to vote upon their old qualifications. Those who are favorable to the election of

Mayor R. Wilson-Smith.

will greatly facilitate the work of his campaign and will confer a favor upon his committee by immediately forwarding their present postal addresses to

Mr. DOUGHTY.

Mayor Wilson-Smith's Central Committee Room:

56 St. Lawrence St.

Branch Committee Rooms

1851 ST. CATHERINE ST.....Tel. 6959
43 BLEURY ST..... " 1630
211 BLEURY ST..... " 3895
14 PRINCE ARTHUR ST..... " 6953
663 ST. LAWRENCE ST..... " 6950
673 DORCHESTER ST.....
123tf

Drink

Montserrat Lime Fruit Juice

A dash of Montserrat Lime Fruit Juice improves any temperance or alcoholic drink

Nothing equal to it as a wholesome, cooling, refreshing, invigorating drink for Hot Weather.

135 mEod

BLUE FLAME OIL STOVES

Heat, not Light.

By a new process the oil is converted into gas, and is as easily regulated as a lamp. Sole agents for Canada, The Thos. Davidson Mfg. Co., Ltd. MONTREAL, (wholesale only). Circulars and addresses of dealers on application.

129 eod tf'n

R & G CORSETS

R. & G., 361 and 363 Broadway, New York. 135 n eod

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame." —CIVIL SERVICE GAZETTE.

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets by Grocers, labelled thus:

JAMES EPPS & Co. Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

cod tf

KNIVES FORKS AND SPOONS STAMPED 1847 ROGERS BROS. ARE GENUINE AND GUARANTEED BY THE MERIDEN BRITANNIA Co. THE LARGEST SILVER PLATE MANUFACTURERS IN THE WORLD.

135 n1

Men Made Over.

Any man suffering from the effects of follies and excesses restored to perfect health, manhood and vigor. The Errors of Youth, Premature Decline and all Diseases and Weakness of Man, from whatever cause, permanently and privately cured.

FREE.

Our regular $3 packages PARIS VITAL SPARKS, a full month's treatment, 100 doses, sent FREE for a short time only. Positively no duty or examination,

No C.O.D. or Prescription Fraud.

Write at once. The DR. ARCHAMBAULT CO., P.O. Box 3, 3104 Boston, Mass. 116 Eeod

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

MARTIAL LAW AT BARCELONA.

GREAT EXCITEMENT OVER THE BOMB OUTRAGE.

The Killed Number Eleven and the Wounded Forty — Crowds of Excited People Charged by the Guards.

Barcelona, June 9.—Martial law has been declared here. As the result of the explosion of the bomb thrown into the street while a religious procession was passing Sunday evening, eleven persons were killed and forty wounded. The man who committed the outrage has not yet been identified, but the police authorities are confident that the miscreant is among the number of men who are under arrest as suspects. When it became generally known that the killed numbered eleven instead of six, as was stated in the first reports, the indignation of the populace was very violent. In fact, so threatening was the outlook that the authorities as a measure of precaution proclaimed martial law and the city is now under military government. Two more arrests of suspects were made yesterday, making a total of thirty-two men who have been taken into custody on suspicion of having been concerned in the perpetration of the outrage. The prisoners are confined in the Prefecture. Yesterday an angry mob gathered around that building and demanded the summary punishment of every one of the prisoners, whether his guilt was proven or not. The civil guards on duty at the place were re-inforced and were frequently compelled to charge upon the crowd to make them keep their distance.

Barcelona is not alone in its attempt to repress anarchy, the Royal Government and the municipal authorities of Madrid are taking measures to prevent the commission of other outrages. One of the leading Anarchists of the city was arrested yesterday. It is thought that he was in some way concerned with the outrage here. Speculation is rife as to the causes which led to the sudden outbreak of Anarchists. Some persons attribute it to the animosity of the Anarchists towards everything pertaining to religion, and believe that they took advantage of the Corpus Christi processions to give vent to their hatred. But there have been many religious processions since Anarchy was rampant in Spain which were in no wise interfered with, and it is generally believed that some motive deeper than hatred of religion lies at the bottom of the last outrages committed here and at Orendain.

All the people killed belong to the working classes. A majority of them were women and children, and this fact has much to do with the bitterness displayed towards the Anarchists.

London, June 9.—The Standard publishes a despatch from Paris, saying that the French police recently warned the Spanish Government that the Anarchists were preparing to commit an outrage with the connivance of Cuban filibusters, who resided in Barcelona and who have absconded. The despatch adds that the accused will be tried by courtmartial, as several soldiers are among the wounded.

THE BRITISH COMMONS.

Britain's Policy with Regard to the Cretan Troubles—The Irish Land Bill.

London, June 9.—In the House of Commons yesterday, Right Hon. George N. Curzon, Parliamentary Secretary to the Foreign Office, stated that the British consul on the Island of Crete, had been directed by the government to act conjointly with the other foreign representatives in negotiations with the Turkish authorities toward the conclusion of a peaceful settlement of the difference between the Cretan rebels and Turks. Mr. Curzon added that representations had been made to the Porte impressing upon the Turkish Government a sense of the danger of serious trouble in Crete, unless effective measures to pacify the Cretans should be immediately adopted.

Right Hon. Gerald Balfour, Chief Secretary for Ireland, moved the second reading of the Irish Land Bill. Timothy M. Healy, in the course of the debate on the bill, approved part of the measure. The bill, Mr. Healy said, might be made beneficial, but it did not bear the stamp of finality. If the bill was intended to get rid of the land question in the future, he continued, the Government was greatly mistaken.

John Morley said that there was not the slightest chance that the bill would pass this session unless it were sent to a grand committee to be amended.

John Redmond demanded that the Government declare whether or not they intend to pass the bill. The Ministry, he said, admitted the great importance of the bill and promised to carry it through speedily, yet they had placed trivial measures in front of it to obstruct its passage. The bill then passed its second reading.

THE SUEZ CANAL.

Business Has Increased and a Dividend is Postponed.

London, June 9.—The report of the Suez Canal Company, to be presented at the annual meeting this week, says that the transit receipts in 1895 were 78,426,000 francs, or 4,290,000 francs above those of 1894. The year's net increase was 3,172,000 francs. The directors propose a dividend of 74 1-2 francs or, with interest, 92 1-2 francs net, assign 8 per cent. to the reserve fund, and increase the annual allotment for renovation. The year's traffic comprised 6434 ships of 8,448,383 tons, with 216,933 passengers. The average duration of the transits was 16 hours 18 minutes, being a reduction of 23 minutes. Of the ships, 2318 were British, 314 German, 278 French, 192 Dutch, 78 Italian, 72 Austrian, 57 Norwegian, 99 Russian, 86 Turkish, 33 Spanish, 5 American, 3 Portuguese, 2 Chinese, 2 Egyptian, 2 Japanese, 2 Swedish and 1 Danish. Of the military passengers, 47,166 were French, 29,837 British, 14,618 Turkish, 10,675 Italian, 8860 Russian, 3194 Dutch, 1794 Spanish, 1334 German, 1696 Portuguese, 35 Austrian and 26 Chinese. There were 74,878 civilian passengers and 23,421 pilgrims and emigrants.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

Philadelphia, June 9.—"There will be no bolt in the Chicago Convention in my judgment, even if a free silver platform is adopted," was the way National Chairman Harrity expressed it to a reporter last evening. Continuing, he said: "I still believe that the silver boom is seeming rather than real, and that the parties will be guided to declare for sound money when the delegates get together."

"What do you found that belief upon?" the reporter enquired.

"Faith in human nature and in the good sense of Americans of the standing that are made delegates to national conventions. Without analyzing the situation by states, I will say that the alleged silver victories have been made such by the newspapers. Everything has been credited to the silver propaganda and nothing to the factional fights which were the influential and potential factors in most cases. Good Democrats were selected for delegates and it is upon their good sense and patriotism that I found my hopes."

A PILL

containing valuable and concentrated medicinal qualities, properly coated, to preserve its strength, and make it easy to take, is invaluable in cases of liver and stomach troubles.

AYER'S PILLS

Highest Awards at World's Fair.

BIG FIRE AT TORONTO.

McKendry's Dry Goods Store Partially Destroyed—The Insurance.

Toronto, June 9.—A serious fire took place in the business quarter of the city about seven last evening. McKendry & Co.'s dry goods store was found to be in flames, and the entire block was threatened with total destruction. The big departmental store of T. Eaton & Co., was in imminent danger, and the news flew through the city that the whole block was on fire. Tremendous crowds thronged from all quarters of the city to witness the scene. A general alarm was sent in and all the branches of the department were summoned. The firemen worked hard and confined the blaze to McKendry's. McKendry & Co. carried a stock valued at $170,000, of which, however, a portion was in the annex adjoining the main building. The stock in the annex amounted to about $30,000 and was partly saved. T. Eaton's employes' bridage was on hand early and assisted materially in preventing the spread of the fire. The interior of the building is completely gutted. The damage to the T. Eaton Company stock by water and smoke was considerable, and the store of Guinane Bros. suffered severely from the same cause. About 9 o'clock the fire was got under control. Enormous crowds remained about the place until a late hour. The insurances are placed at about $150,000 on the stock in both buildings. The total damage to the stock is about $200,000, the building also being insured to about two-thirds of its value. The cause of the fire is unknown.

The insurance companies affected by the fire are the following: London Assurance, $5000; North British and Mercantile, $10,000; Queen, $5000; Mercantile, $5000; Lancashire, $4,000; Union, $10,000; Royal, $15,000; Liverpool, London and Globe, $5,000; Aetna, of Hartford, $5000; North American, $5000; National, of Ireland, $5000; Norwich Union, $5000; Commercial Union, $7000; Phœnix, of Hartford, $5000; Connecticut, $5000; Scottish Union and National, $9000; Sun, $15,000; Alliance, $10,000; Northern, $7500. Total insurance, $175,500.

SIR HERCULES ROBINSON.

Cape Colony's Governor Arrived at Plymouth on Sunday.

London, June 9.—The British steamer Tartar, from Table Bay, arrived at Plymouth on Sunday. Among her passengers were Sir Hercules Robinson, Governor of Cape Colony, and British High Commissioner in South Africa, who was recently summoned to London by Mr. Chamberlain and Sir Graham John Bower, Imperial Secretary at Cape Town, who returns for further instructions from the Government anent the South African difficulties. There were also on board the Tartar many officials of the Transvaal, including President Kruger's grandson, Lieut. Floff, who will appear as witnesses against Dr. Jameson and the other officers who took part in the raid in the Transvaal.

HONOR FOR GOLDWIN-SMITH.

It Displeases Judge Falconbridge, and He Resigns From Toronto 'Varsity Senate.

Toronto, June 9.—Mr. Justice Falconbridge has resigned his seat in the Senate of the University of Toronto owing to the decision of the Senate to confer the honorary degree of LL.D. on Mr. Goldwin Smith. When such a decision was resolved on unanimously, he writes in his letter, he concluded the Senate was not a place for a man loyal to the British flag. Mr. Goldwin Smith's views on the subject of political union between Canada and the United States are of course the reason for the judge's course. The degree will be conferred on Mr. Smith on Friday next.

A REICHSTAG SENSATION.

London, June 9.—The Daily News publishes a despatch from Berlin saying that a great sensation was caused in the Reichstag during the debate on the Government's Trades bill. Alexander von Hohenloe, son of the Chancellor, attacked the clause forbidding commercial travellers to transact retail business. He denounced the state for meddling with people's private affairs, and said the tendency to empower the police to restrict personal liberty was the malady of the day in Germany. The members of the Left, especially the Socialists, greeted speech with tumultuous applause and cheers. It is supposed that Alexander von Hohenloe was acting as the spokesman of his father, who was absent, and who seems to have failed to enforce the will of the Cabinet.

KILLED ON THE TRACK.

Toronto, June 9.—Yesterday morning as the Canadian Pacific train from Montreal was approaching Pontpool station a man was noticed by Engineer Charlton to be walking along the track. The whistle of the engine was blown and the engine reversed, but not before the man was struck. When the train was brought to a standstill it was found that the man was killed and that his name was D. Callaghan, of that place. He was a man about forty-five years of age, and is said to have been in the habit of walking along the track every morning.

THE ARTHUR RAISED.

(Special to the Star.)

Prescott, Ont., June 9.—The barge Arthur, which sank in the Galops Rapids, a few days ago, was raised yesterday by Donnelly Bros., wreckers, of Kingston, and is now in the dry dock. She was a new barge valued at $8000, and only slightly damaged, and was sold in the river after sinking to J. D. Reid of Cardinal, for $1500. The cargo, consisting of 18,000 bushels of wheat, was also purchased by Mr. Reid, and will be used for starch purposes at the factory in Cardinal.

IMMIGRANTS FROM MICHIGAN.

Toronto, June 9.—Mr. J. D. Scott, Emigration Agent of the Manitoba Government in Toronto, has returned from Michigan, where he has been making arrangements for three excursions of farmers from that locality to visit Manitoba with the object of finding suitable places for settlement. Those of the farmers who decide to go to the Prairie Province will return next year with their effects. The dates of the excursions are June 30th, July 7th and July 21st.

THE MARPIN MURDER.

Kingston, Ont., June 9. — Matthew Fraser, alias "Manny Fraser," arrested at Toronto for complicity in the murder of "Joe" Martin, killed at the Woodbine race course some time ago, was at one time a resident here and was well known to the police. He was employed by Con. Millan, when the latter kept a butcher shop on Montreal street. He was then about 17 years old. He cleared out and went to Toronto, where he has since continued to reside. He always claimed Joe Martin, the murdered jockey, was an uncle of his, and that he (Martin) wanted Fraser to go with him and learn to be a jockey. He frequently saw Martin in this city, as the latter passed through on his way to different horse meets.

MISSION SHIP WRECKED.

Father Hamon, the Priest on Board Nearly Lost His Life.

St. John's, Nfld., June 9.—Particulars of the loss of the French mission ship at Island Head, show that Rev. Father Yves Hamon, the priest on board, had a remarkably narrow escape from drowning. He was under water for some time and was all but gone when rescued. The wreck occurred at one o'clock in the morning. Father Hamon proceeded to Placentia and held a thanksgiving mass the same day in the Catholic chapel, when the shipwrecked sailors sang Ave Marie Stella in the most impressive manner. Father Hamon saved his vestments.

A CANADIAN ARTIST.

Death of Mr. Wyatt Eaton at Newport.

The Canadian public will learn with regret that Mr. Wyatt Eaton, the well-known Canadian artist, is dead. During the last four years Mr. Eaton lived in Montreal, and here many citizens, particularly those interested in art, and who had the pleasure of the artist's personal acquaintance, will mourn his loss.

Although the greater part of Mr. Eaton's career was passed in the United States, still he belonged to Canada. His birthplace was the quiet, little village of Philipsburg, Missisquoi county, situated at the northern shores of Lake Champlain. Here his father carried on a large carriage manufactory, and here the artist spent his boyhood and youth. He began to make pictures early in life, and showing no inclination to follow business, he was given an art education. During a number of seasons he studied in New York, and then proceeded to Paris and became a pupil of Gerome and of Millet.

Returning to America he made New York his home and devoted himself to portrait painting, in which he was undoubtedly an artist of the very first rank, and many of his works have won places for themselves in the galleries of Europe and America. When the publication of the Century Magazine was commenced, there appeared in the numbers of the first year a series of articles on the poets of America, giving a page portrait of each. Those portraits were the work of Mr. Eaton.

His health was never robust and four years ago he came to Montreal to execute some commissions and also to try the benefit of a change of climate. Some of his work here has been seen in the Art Gallery, one excellent specimen being the portrait of Sir Donald Smith. During the greater part of last winter he was ill, and early in the spring he was removed to Newport, R.I., where he died in the forty-eighth year of his age.

Mr. Eaton was twice married, his second wife surviving him, but he leaves no children. Of his own family two members are living, his mother and his sister, Mrs. Chas. Wheeler, who reside in New England, but who usually spend every summer at the artist's old home at Philipsburg.

PERSONALS.

Lieut.-Colonel Oswald, Mrs. Oswald and Mr. Malcolm Oswald have left town for "Auvergne," the beautiful summer residence of Mrs. Greenshields, near the Lachine Rapids, where they will await the arrival of Mrs. Greenshields and Miss Greenshields from England, who sail from Liverpool on Thursday, June 11, by the Parisian, on their return from a prolonged visit to England, Scotland and the continent.

The beautiful summer residence of Mr. W. W. Ogilvie, "Rapid Farm," Lachine Rapids, will not be occupied this season, as Mr. Ogilvie, accompanied by Mrs. Ogilvie, Miss Alice Ogilvie and Master Guy Ogilvie, leaves for England on June 27 by the Parisian to enjoy a well-earned holiday. Mr. A. E. Ogilvie and Mr. Watson Ogilvie will spend the summer at Rosemount.

Mrs. T. G. Shaughnessy and family will shortly take their departure from town for St. Patrick's Riviere du Loup to take possession of their pretty cottage, the well-known residence of the late Sir John A. Macdonald, purchased by Mr. Shaughnessy last year.

Miss Campbell and Miss Katharine Campbell, 308 Peel street, have left for Loon Lake in the Adirondacks, where they will spend a week or two for the benefit of change of air and scene for Miss Campbell, who has recently recovered from an attack of illness.

Mr. L. J. Forget, president of the Montreal Street Railway Company, and family have taken their departure from town to take up their residence at their charming country house, "Le bois des Rochers," at Ste. Anne de Bellevue, till the autumn.

Rev. Dr. MacVicar, principal of the Presbyterian College, accompanied by Mrs. MacVicar, Miss MacVicar and Miss Jessie MacVicar, has left for England, where he will spend the summer vacation.

Mrs. R. L. Gault and family have left town to take up their residence at "Quatre Bents" the beautiful residence of the Hon. Mr. Justice Girouard, which they have taken for the season.

Sir Joseph Hickson, accompanied by Miss Mabel Hickson and Mr. R. W. Hickson, has left town for Otterburn, his farm near Lake Temiscouata, where he will spend a week or ten days.

Among the recent arrivals in town is that of Mr. A. Archer, of Gracemen, Queensland, who has spent many years ranching in Australia, and now returns to England via Canada.

Mr. Robert Cowans, accompanied by the Messrs. Cowans, Miss Cowans and his niece, Miss Jessie McDougall, has returned from England by the Sardinian, after a pleasant trip abroad.

Mr. J. B. Stevenson and family have been among the early departures for Old Orchard Beach, where they are already established at their summer residence, Victoria Villa, for the season.

The many friends of Mr. C. D. Monk will hear with pleasure that he has sufficiently recovered from his recent illness to take his departure from the Royal Victoria Hospital.

Mr. A. F. Riddell and family, who have recently returned from their winter abroad, have taken possession of their summer residence at Dorval for the season.

Miss Bethune, daughter of the late Mr. R. H. Bethune, Toronto, has arrived in town on a visit to Mrs. G. C. Cunningham, 271 University street.

Lord Stavordale and the Hon. Guy Earing have left for the Metapedia to enjoy some salmon fishing before their departure for England via New York.

Dr. T. J. Alloway and Mrs. Alloway, who will spend the summer abroad, will be among the departures for England by the Labrador on June 20.

Mr. James Stephenson and Mrs. Stephenson have taken their departure for England, where they will spend the summer holidays.

Mr. F. C. Fairbanks and Mr. C. H. Routh are among those who have taken up their quarters at Dorval for the summer.

Mr. J. N. Fulton and family are established at "Cragmore," their delightful summer residence at Dixie for the season.

Mr. Ernest H. Stuart and family have left town to take possession of the cottage they have taken at Dorval for the summer.

Mr. Darcy MacMahon and Mrs. MacMahon, Ottawa, who are in town are spending a few days at the Windsor.

Dr. James Bell has returned from the recent Medical Convention at Atlantic City, accompanied by Mrs. Bell.

Mr. T. J. Coristine has left on his usual summer visit to England.

C. E. Thurston's Sales.

SALE OF Unclaimed Freight and Baggage,

—BY AUCTION—

The undersigned has received instructions from the

Grand Trunk Railway Co'y of Canada

to sell by Auction, to the highest and last bidder, within the FREIGHT SHED,

Corner of Mountain and Albert Streets,

ON THURSDAY, 11TH JUNE,

At 10 O'Clock A. M.,

all the Unclaimed Freight and Baggage now in Montreal, including Cases, Boxes, Barrels, Machinery, Bundles, Parcels, Valises, Trunks, etc., etc., A total of 1000 lots more or less.

C. E. THURSTON, Auctioneer.

Catalogues now ready. 133 3

BLOOD POISON

HAVE YOU Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Aches, Old Sores, Ulcers in Mouth, Hair Falling? Write COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill., for proofs of cures. Capital, $500,000. Worst cases cured in 15 to 35 days. 100-page book free.

Benning & Barsalou's Sales

TRADE SALE.

BY BENNING & BARSALOU, Auctioneers.

At their Salesrooms, Nos. 86 and 88 ST. PETER ST.,

ON WEDNESDAY, the 10th June,

—At 10 o'clock a.m.—

The Subscribers will sell a Complete Assortment of DRY GOODS, suited to the Spring and Summer Trade.

—Also—

A large consignment of Ladies' and Gent's Furnishing Goods.
Assorted Canadian Manufacturing Goods.
Assorted Canadian Tweeds.
A Full and Complete Assortment of Linen Goods.

—And—

One Case Fancy Purses.
100 Prs. Lace Curtains.
200 Fancy Parisian Parasols and Umbrellas.
300 dozen Asst. Cutlery.

—Likewise—

(To close consignment.)
1000 dozen Shirts and Drawers.
Lots of Ready-made Clothing, etc., etc.

The whole without reserve in lots to suit purchasers.

BENNING & BARSALOU, Auctioneers.

133 3

The PAINT that LIVES LONGEST

Is the Paint that is made right and of best materials.

ISLAND CITY Pure Prepared House Paints. Floor Paint dries hard over night.

ARE GUARANTEED LONG LIFE, GREATEST COVERING CAPACITY AND PERMANENCE OF COLOR.

Manufacturers, **P. D. DODS & CO.,** 188 and 190 McGill Street.

84 eod

The Man FROM CUMBRAE

By GRANT ALLEN.

Sir Theophilus Ivimey has always seemed to me a most extraordinary person. As you know, he is President of the Anthropometric Society, and his power of distinguishing different physical types and assigning their origin almost borders on the miraculous. I didn't know what anthropometry meant myself till I met Sir Theophilus in a Hotel at Oban. Before we had been talking ten minutes together he observed to me abruptly: "Of course you come from North Somerset?"

Now, I flatter myself I haven't a shadow of Zummerzet accent, so I answered at once: "Well, I am a Clevedon man, if it comes to that; but how on earth did you know it?"

"O, by the shape of your ears," he answered, "and by the curve of your eyebrows. Those eyebrows I find are distinctive of North Somerset, eastward of Bridewater. But you've Welsh blood as well; Glamorganshire, I should fancy."

"This is wonderful!" I exclaimed. "My mother was a Swansea woman. What made you guess that? What Welsh trait do you detect in me?"

"Your lip and chin are South Wales," Sir Theophilus replied, "and the shape of your skull shows Silurian affinities. Your ancestors on that side, I imagine, must have come originally from the Peninsula of Gower."

Well, this was a lucky guess, as it happened, but I hardly thought it more; so to test him I asked: "What do you make my wife then?"

He looked fixedly at her for a moment. "Mrs. Wallis," he replied, "is a little more difficult to place quite accurately. She might be from Cumberland, but I think it more probable she comes from Dumfriesshire."

"You are a wizard!" my wife cried. "I was born in Dumfries, and my father belonged to the county by origin, but my grandmother on my father's side came straight from Keswick."

After that everybody in the room wanted Sir Theophilus to guess where he or she came from, and he did it in each case with wonderful accuracy. One old clergyman, he said, had an Aberdeenshire head, and could get no hat to fit him except in Aberdeen. And this turned out to be so, for it seems some Aberdonians have bigger skulls than any one else in Britain, and special hats have to be made to fit them. Another man he instantly detected as a Gallowegian, and a third as an East Anglian. He was equally successful with two young ladies from the Isle of Wight, though he failed over a Devonian, and, not quite unjustifiably, took an Orkney man for a Shetlander. It appears there is some slight local difference between these two last types, for the Orkney man is a farmer who owns a fishing boat, while the Shetlander is a fisherman who owns a farm.

For the next week, as chance would have it, we saw much of Sir Theophilus. He went with us round Loch Lomond, and stopped three nights at the same hotel in Glasgow. So we got quite friendly, and at the end of that time we decided to go up to London together.

When we stopped into our carriage at St. Enoch Station we saw a tall and morose-looking man very comfortably seated in the corner opposite us. He was apparently absorbed in his local paper, which he held before his face somewhat obtrusively, as if he desired to escape observation. But Sir Theophilus, who has a perfect mania for observing faces and heads, determined to get a good look at him, and I could see him staring hard with all his eyes at our neighbor whenever he moved the paper on one side. This evidently annoyed the stranger, but Theophilus was not to be balked. After two or three good long stares he turned round to me and murmured enigmatically, "Hexagonal!" Then I knew he was referring to the shape of our neighbor's skull, for it was a word I had heard him apply more than once before to heads we had met in the hotels or elsewhere.

After a while he tried to make the stranger talk. But the morose-looking man was clearly one of those unsociable people who won't be dragged into conversation on any terms. "You mind your business and I'll mind mine," his demeanor seemed to say as plain as words could say it. "Pictish!" Sir Theophilus muttered briefly once more. "The Pict can be recognized by the squareness of the knuckles." This was whispered in my ear, but I rather think the man opposite heard it.

At last Sir Theophilus could stand it no longer. I could see he was positively itching with desire to identify our vis-a-vis from a racial standpoint. He leaned over towards him blandly and observed, with his most engaging smile—he is a polite old gentleman—"Excuse me, but I think you come from the Island of Cumbrae."

A most singular expression broke suddenly over the stranger's face. He knitted his brows and looked extremely angry. It seemed to me, too, that he was alarmed or frightened. "You are mistaken," he said, curtly, raising the paper once more so as to screen his features. "I come from Stirling."

Sir Theophilus glanced at me, pursed his lips and shook his head. The stranger, behind his newspaper, could not see this little pantomime. "Won't do," the man of science murmured gently in my ear. "Try again, mate! Fashion it. Excuse me once more. You may come from Stirling, but your father and mother must surely have been Cumbrae people."

The man opposite replied, without looking up from his paper, "My mother and father were both of them from Perthshire. I never in my life was nearer Cumbrae than Glasgow."

Sir Theophilus was not to be beaten. "I should have thought myself," he said, beaming through his spectacles, "you came from Great Cumbrae or Little Cumbrae, and not, as the saying goes, from the adjacent islands of Great Britain and Ireland. But, of course, you know best, though I must say"—he spoke most deliberately—"you have all the marks of the Cumbrae physiognomy. The shape of your skull, the peculiarity of your eyebrows, and the unusual texture of your hair are distinctly——"

The stranger glared at him. "Good God, sir!" he cried, "are you a detective or a madman, that you can't let a peaceable fellow-traveller alone without cross-questioning him in this way?"

Sir Theophilus smiled blandly upon him. "Neither, my dear sir," he answered, with his courteous deference, endeavoring to soothe the stranger's ruffled feelings. "I am the President of the Anthropometric Society, and I merely desired to ask you this question from a scientific interest in the races of Britain."

The stranger, who had turned deadly white at first, seemed mollified for a moment. But though Sir Theophilus explained to him at some length in his very lucid way the nature and meaning of the science of anthropometry, it was clear he desired no further conversation. Sir Theophilus tried again once or twice, and when lunch time came offered him some cold grouse and claret; but, his wiles were in vain; the man from Cumbrae—or from Stirling, if you will—refused to be snared by them. Sir Theophilus deftly approached the subject of Cumbrae once or twice, but whenever he got anywhere near the mouth of the Clyde the stranger's wrath and indignation grew visible. When at last we reached Carlisle and the morose-looking man descended from the carriage, Sir Theophilus turned round to me with a meaning smile. "Epur si muove," he murmured half to himself; "he did come from Cumbrae. I could swear to that type of skull among ten thousand."

He leaned out of the window and watched the retreating figure. "Hi! what's this?" he cried. "The fellow's going across the line. He's left all his things here and he's going to the booking-office."

"Perhaps," I suggested, "he's going no further than Carlisle."

"No, no," Sir Theophilus answered; "as sure as my name's Ivimey, there's something up. He had a first-class through ticket from Glasgow to St. Pancras. I saw it myself when I passed it to the guard just now to punch it. And didn't you notice how angry he was when I spoke about Cumbrae? Depend upon it, for some reason or other, he wants to avoid us."

In another minute a porter crossed the line and came over to our carriage. "Beg your pardon, gentlemen, but will you please show me which of these things are not yours? The passenger who was in with you has sent me across for them."

"Then he's not going on to St. Pancras?" Sir Theophilus asked, eagerly.

"No, sir; he's changed his mind, and he's going by Northwestern."

Sir Theophilus looked hard at me. "This is queer," he said, "devilish queer. I don't half understand it. Why on earth should he take it as an imputation on his character that he comes from Cumbrae? Never met such a singular circumstance in my life! Here, boy, have you got any London papers?"

The paper boy handed him up the Times. Sir Theophilus took it. I bought a Daily Chronicle. The train went on. For a while we sat silent, and buried in our respective prints. Suddenly, Sir Theophilus gave a long, low, "Whew!"

"What's up?" I said, looking across at him.

"Why, now I see what the fellow meant by denying Cumbrae," Sir Theophilus cried decisively. "But he won't escape me! His head betrayeth him. Just look at this paragraph and you can see the whole truth of it."

He handed me over the Times with his thumb on one column. I looked where he pointed, and this is what I read: "Ballachulish Shooting Case. It has now transpired that the missing man, Hudson, who is supposed to have fired the fatal shot, is a person of the name of Reuben Plummer, a native of the Island of Great Cumbrae, well known as a bookmaker at Newmarket and elsewhere. The strictest search has been made for him in the neighborhood, and the police believe he will soon be captured."

"Police be blowed!" Sir Theophilus murmured pensively. "I'll back myself to recognize a Cumbrae head against any detective in the adjacent Island!"

"But there's a portrait of Hudson in last night's Pall Mall," I said, "and this man isn't really the least bit like him. He has a bushy beard and whiskers and is described as red-haired."

Sir Theophilus glanced at it. "Shaved himself and dyed!" he exclaimed in reply. "Nothing easier than to disguise himself. Even there I can see the same ears and forehead. However, we shall be up in town before him. I'll communicate with the police and see the copy of the photograph they have of the man before he reaches Euston."

That very same evening I accompanied Sir Theophilus to the Marylebone Police Station and went round with him and the inspector to await the man from Cumbrae as he came in by the Northwestern. And that's how Ruben Plummer was really arrested.

Odd Russian Games.

In some parts of Russia a queer game is still played at Christmas time which has much to do with the future life of the participants. Some prominent person in the village announces that the annual merry-making will be held at his house. On the appointed day the young men and women hasten to his house.

There are songs and games and dances, but they are simply a prelude to the more important business of the day. When the hostess comes the hostess leads all the girls into one room, where they seat themselves on the benches. Laughing and chattering they are each promptly muffled in winding sheets by the hostess. The head and hair and form are securely covered, and when she is done the girls resemble peposses.

The young men draw lots and one by one they enter the room where the muffled girls sit. Helpless so far as sight or touch goes, the puzzled lover tries to locate his favorite. May be she would help him if her eyes were not hidden, but she is as helpless as he. Finally he chooses one and then he may unveil her. This is the critical moment and disappointment or rapture will be the result of seeing her face.

It is the law of custom that the man shall marry the girl he has picked out and if either backs out a heavy forfeit must be paid. It is said that this matrimonial lotter is productive of many happy marriages.

ONE HONEST MAN.

Please inform your readers, that if written to confidentially, I will mail, in a sealed letter, the plan pursued by which I was permanently restored to health and manly vigor, after years of suffering from Nervous Weakness, Loss of Manhood, Lack of Confidence, etc.

I have no scheme to extort money from any one whomsoever. I was robbed and swindled by quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but thank heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong and anxious to make this certain means of cure known to all.

Having nothing to sell or send C.O.D., I want no money. Address, JAS. A. HARRIS, Box 268, Delray, Mich.

116 eod

Fraser Bros'. Sales.

PLANT SALE.
VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT
SPLENDID BEDDING AND OTHER BEAUTIful Plants, Hanging Baskets, Vases, etc.

We will sell for Mr. A. Martin, florist, at our spacious new Salesroom, No. 403 and 405 ST. JAMES STREET, on

WEDNESDAY MORNING, 10th JUNE.

A Magnificent Collection of Choice Plants of all kinds, including Geraniums, Petunias, Carnations, Fuchsias, Pansies, Rose Trees, Begonias, Asters, Cannas, English Ivies, Coleus, Heliotrope, Lobelia, Dahlias, Abuttands, Cuphea, Daisies, Hydrangeas, Jessamine, Lantanas, Sanitlens, Verbenas, Castor Oil Plants, Mignonette, etc., etc. Also Ornamental Plants, Palms, Ferns, etc., Hanging Baskets, Vases, etc., etc.

Sale at Ten O'Clock.

FRASER BROS., Auctioneers.

133 3

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS by auction, Parlor, Dining and Bedroom Furniture, Carpets, Pianos, Organs, Cooking Stoves and Ranges, Hall Stoves.

Regular Weekly Auction at our Mammoth New Salesroom.

Nos. 403 and 405 ST. JAMES STREET, on FRIDAY Morning, 12th June, at 10 o'clock.

Private sales every day. Cash advances made on consignments. Consignors can rely on fair prices and prompt cash returns. Sales are largely patronized. Excellent storage accommodation for Pianos, Furniture, etc.

Inventories, Valuations and Appraisals made.

FRASER BROS., Auctioneers.

133 5

To Bridge Builders.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the Town of Woodstock, N.B., at the office of the Superintendent of Water Works, until 6 o'clock p.m., June 25th, 1896, for the construction of a STEEL BRIDGE, over the Maduxnakeag River, to carry water main, and for removing the present wooden bridge, and erecting said Steel Bridge in place complete upon abutments furnished by the town. The superstructure shall consist of, viz.: One span each, 40 ft., 67 ft. 11 in., 80 ft. 5 in.

Plans and specifications may be had on application to the undersigned.

The Town reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

DONALD MUNRO, Superintendent.

132 8

The Little Ones at Home.

Are They Frail, Restless and Nervous?

Paine's Celery Compound Will Make Them Bright and Happy as Larks.

As a rule, parents are to blame if their children are puny, weak, nervous and irritable. The little ones may be well clothed and amply fed, and yet sadly neglected.

It should be remembered that the children inherit many of the troubles that parents suffer from. Thousands of little ones suffer from weakened nerves—a legacy from father or mother. This nervous condition begets irritableness, bad temper, headache, indigestion, stomach troubles and impure blood.

If your dear ones are afflicted with any of the troubles mentioned above, how can you expect them to be bright, happy and healthy? They need your best and most intelligent care, or they will grow up in disease and utter wretchedness.

Give the children Paine's Celery Compound; it is the medicine that is particularly adapted for fortifying the nervous system, for building flesh, bone and muscle, and for producing pure, clean blood. Paine's Celery Compound is pleasant to take, it is entirely vegetable, and cannot harm the most delicate organism. It will banish every trace of sickness and disease in a very short time; it will give natural appetite, sweet sleep, and will make the little ones as happy as larks.

A mighty chorus of gratitude has gone up all over the Dominion from glad fathers and mothers who have had their dear ones perfectly restored to health by Paine's Celery Compound.

Mrs. Powell, of Palace street, Montreal, writes:

"I have used Paine's Celery Compound, with most gratifying results at different times when I found myself run down to a nervous condition. I have also found the Compound to be an excellent preparation for my children. "In the early part of the past summer my children seemed to be frail, nervous and restless, and had no appetite for their meals. Fully convinced from personal experience, of the great value of Paine's Celery Compound, I resolved to have my little ones use it. The results are so pleasing and satisfactory that I am prompted to advise you for the benefit of parents who are anxious

John Murphy & Co's

ADVERTISEMENT.

More New Ginghams.

50 more New Patterns in fine Fast Colored Ginghams, all the latest patterns, worth 29c and 25c per yard; our price only 12 1-2c per yard.

25 Nice Patterns in

FINE MUSLINS

(Dresden Muslin) fine spots and fancy designs, regular price 25c to 35c per yard; our price for choice of the lot only 15c per yard.

250 Patterns

FINE ENGLISH CAMBRIC PRINTS

The choice patterns of the season, all warranted fast colors; all colors to select from, plain and fancy "Shrivell" Silks, the finest and coolest goods for summer dresses and blouses, in handsome Dresden patterns, stripes and fancy designs, all the new shades in plain colors. Ask to see this line.

FOR THE COUNTRY HOUSE

A lot of fancy Cushions, reversible and frilled, all colors; only 35c each.

FOR THE COUNTRY HOUSE

Colored Quilts, all sizes, handsome patterns, colors red and blue, warranted fast dyes. Note the prices to clear, 75c for 59c, 90c for 65c, $1 for 75c, and $1.15 for 90c.

FOR THE COUNTRY HOUSE

A lot of White Quilts for single and double beds, to be sold as follows; $1 for 75c, $1.50 for $1.10.

FOR THE COUNTRY HOUSE

Colored Table Damask, guaranteed fast colors; balance to be sold as follows: 45c for 29c, 65c for 47c, 75c for 50c.

WINDOW SHADES

Window Shades of all kinds made to order. All shades of Opaque Cloth in stock, with laces and fringes to match. All work guaranteed. All measures taken free of charge.

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Carpets!

Brussels,
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Plush Velvet and Velvet Pile.

Tapestry,
Kidderminster and
Union Carpets,

in New Tints and Novel Effects.

THOMAS LIGGET.

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DRY GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

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TUESDAY EVENING, AT 7.30 o'clock,

also

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 2.30 and 7.30 p.m.

FRIDAY EVENING, AT 7.30 P.M. ONLY.

at

152 CENTRE STREET,

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Comprising in part, Tweed where kinds, Coatings, Dress Goods, Curtains, Cutlery, Crockery, etc., etc.

135 5 RAE & DONNELLY, Auctioneers.

NOTICE.

A. KELLNOR, Block Manufacturer for Hatters and Furriers, has removed to 389 St. Paul street. Fancy Turning, Planing, Band and Scroll Sawing will be done at shortest notice. Very reasonable prices and first class workmanship. 135 4

HENRY HAMMOND,

Carpet and Upholstering work in all its branches carefully and promptly attended to. Carpets lifted and well beaten 223 and 225a St. Urbain St. Tel. 1749. 225ytfeod

HAMILTON'S.

We have often quoted low prices, but never before anything to equal the values we offer for To-morrow (Wednesday).

200 Children's White and Colored Muslin Hats and Bonnets, worth up to 75c, your choice to-morrow,	25c
12 dozen of Ladies' Navy Drill Skirts with fancy border, yoke band, full sweep, the 98c value, to-morrow,	45c
25 dozen of Maids' Lawn Aprons with bibs, trimmed narrow finishing braid, usually sold for 30c, Wednesday only,	19c
Ladies' Navy Serge Dress Skirts, worth fully 95c, will be sold at	69c
Ladies' Figured Mohair Dress Skirts, lined through with rustling percaline, velvet bound, full gored, regular value $6.00, to-morrow	3.25

Special for To-morrow.

Every Shirt Waist or Blouse remaining over from last season, consisting of Lawns, Ginghams and Percales. Some of these Waists we sold as high as $2.25. Your choice while they last, to-morrow, at

$2.25 Waists will be sold for to-morrow at **49c.** $2.25 Waists will be sold for to-morrow at

HAMILTON'S....

St. Catherine and Peel Streets.

135ty1

A REFORMATORY GRIEVANCE

DISCUSSED BY THE MEMBERS OF THE S. P. W. C.

Protestant Children Confined in Roman Catholic Institutions—Steps to be Taken to Prevent Public Begging.

The regular monthly meeting of the Society for the Protection of Women and children was held this morning, the members present being Mr. F. E. Grafton, chairman; Rev. Messrs. Patterson, Harris and McManus, Rev. Rabbi Veld, Messrs Walter Drake, F. Hague, and S. Marshall, secretary.

Considerable discussion arose out of one of the items of the monthly report with regard to the reformatory at Sherbrooke. The case in question was as follows: A Protestant child, having been convicted of a criminal offense, was sentenced by the magistrate to the Protestant reformatory at Sherbrooke, but instead of being sent to that institution at once, was subsequently detained at the Roman Catholic reformatory on Mignonne street in this city until his father appeared to defray the expenses of his removal to Sherbrooke.

In the discussion which ensued it was pointed out that in almost every instance it had been the practice of the authorities to detain Protestant boys in the Roman Catholic institution in this city until a certain number had been received. The boys were then collectively transferred to the reformatory to which they had originally been committed by the magistrate. In a number of cases Protestant boys had been kept in this city for several months, in some instances for over a year, before they had been formally transferred to Sherbrooke. While confined in the Mignonne street institution the authorities in charge had received an allowance from the Government for each individual so detained.

Mr. Walter Drake was strongly of the opinion that this condition of things could be rectified by removing the Sherbrooke reformatory to this city. He knew of many instances where Protestant parents, feeling themselves compelled to place their incorrigible children in reformatories had nevertheless been deterred from doing so owing to the absence of a Protestant institution of that nature in this city.

Rev. Mr. McManus characterized the scheme of detaining children in this city until their parents or guardians provided for their transfer to Sherbrooke as a crying shame. He certainly did not see why the Government should complete its work by the assistance of private charity.

Rev. Rabbi Veld agreed with the sentiments of Mr. Drake. He thought that greater efficiency would be attained by removing the Protestant reformatory to the city. However, as the Society for the Protection of Women and Children was an unsectarian body, he did not think it wise for the Board to take the initiatory steps in that direction. That belonged more properly to the Ministerial Association.

Rev. Mr. McManus thought that it was the duty of the society to legislate for fair play to all classes of the population, although he agreed with the previous speaker that it would be unwise for the Board to fight the battles of Protestantism.

Rev. Mr. Harris suggested that the Board approach the authorities of the Boys' Home for the purpose of ascertaining whether they would be willing to supervise a Protestant reformatory in this city, provided the necessary funds for the establishment of the same were forthcoming.

Mr. Drake drew the attention of the Board to the fact that parents were able to send children of over sixteen years of age to the Mignonne street reformatory by paying a certain sum per annum to the authorities of the institution. No formal commitment was necessary, as the law only provided that children under sixteen years of age should be committed by the police authorities to institutions of this character. Why Catholic parents were able to thus incarcerate their children was because of the private character of the Mignonne street reformatory. It was not a Government institution in the same respect as was the Sherbrooke reformatory.

In order to obtain special privileges from the Government, the Catholics had provided a private reformatory, which example he thought might be emulated with profit by the Protestants of this province. He was not in favor, however, of petitioning the Government for permission to allow a Protestant father to arrange for boarding his children at any reformatory located in Sherbrooke or in Montreal.

After some further discussion, the following motion was unanimously adopted on the motion of Rev. Rabbi Veld: "Resolved, that the Government be asked to instruct the police authorities to have boys and girls committed to the reformatory to be taken within forty-eight hours after sentence, to the institution to which said boy or girl has been sentenced."

Rev. Rabbi Veld then drew the attention of the Society to the fact that since the City Attorney had pronounced the by-law suppressing public begging on the streets to be ultra vires, the nuisance had greatly increased. He thought that representation should immediately be made to the Government at Quebec with a view to securing an Order-in-Council suppressing the trouble. During the past week he had had occasion to witness the result of fright occasioned by suddenly meeting one of the deformed creatures, and he thought the present generation should see to it that the health and form of the yet unborn should not be endangered by this evil. The following were appointed a committee to interview the Government upon this question: Rev. Rabbi Veld, Rev. E. McManus, and Mr. Walter Drake.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

The Fifteenth Convention at Washington Next Month.

The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor will hold their fifteenth international convention at Washington, D.C., from July 8 to 13. It is confidently expected that between 40,000 and 50,000 Endeavorers from the United States and Canada will attend. The arrangements are about complete.

The provisional programme, just issued is as follows:

Wednesday night, July 8th,—"Deepening of the Spiritual Life" is the topic for the opening meetings in twenty of the churches of Washington. In each church will be two speakers, each talking thirty minutes. These addresses will be followed by a "Quiet Hour."

Thursday, July 9th—President Clark will officially call the convention to order in Tent Washington, which will be known as the official headquarters throughout the convention. Upon the platform of Tent Washington will be the desk of President Clark. Upon the same platform will also be found the desk of Secretary Baer to whom matters of business, resolutions, etc. may be referred. The delegates will be welcomed in Tent Washington by Mr. W. H. H. Smith the chairman of the "Committee of '96."

In Tent Williston, by Rev. S. H. Greene, D.D., pastor of Calvary Baptist Church, and in Tent Endeavor, by Hon. J. W. Ross, chairman of the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

In the afternoon denominational rallies will be held in the churches throughout the city.

In the evening, President Clark, Postmaster-General W. L. Wilson, and Hon. John Wanamaker will be the presiding officers in the three tents. There will also be meetings in Central Hall and five churches, the topic at all being "Christian Citizenship."

Friday, July 10.—"Saved to Serve" will be the genral topic for the entire day. Meetings will be held in the three tents. In the Calvary Baptist Church, from 9.30 until noon will be held a platform meeting devoted entirely to methods of work for the juniors. In the afternoon "the school of methods" and committee conferences will be held in the churches. In the evening Tent Washington will be reserved for the citizens of Washington, and President Clark will preside. In Tent Williston Mr. Ira D. Sankey will preside. In Tent Endeavor the speakers will be Bishop B. W. Arnett, D.D., Wilberforce, O., and Rev. J. Wilbur Chapman, D.D., of Philadelphia. Six other meetings will also be held at Central Hall, Calvary Baptist Church, First Congregational Church, Foundry M. E. Church, New York Avenue Presbyterian Church, and the First Presbyterian Church.

Saturday, July 11.—The topic for the day is "North America for Christ," the exercises being held outdoors. At 9 a.m. there will be a patriotic open-air praise service held at the Washington Monument. At 9.30 a.m. a march has been planned through Pennsylvania avenue to the Capitol, where brief addresses will be made. The annual Junior rally will be held at 2.30 p.m. in Tent Washington. At 5.30 p.m. the combined choirs, numbering about 4000 voices, under the leadership of Mr. Percy S. Foster, will give a grand patriotic vesper service upon the "White Lot" near the White House. It is hoped that the chorus will be assisted by the Marine Band. At 8 p.m. receptions will be held in the thirty-three churches used as state and provincial headquarters. The three tents will be used for meetings of citizens only. The meeting in Tent Washington will be for men only, and a male chorus will lead the singing. The general topic at each meeting will be "Christian Endeavor, Its Aims and Possibilities."

Sunday, July 12th—The regular church services will be attended; Sunday School at 9.00 a.m., and preaching services at 10.30 a.m. Denominational missionary meetings will be held in the three tents at 3.30 p.m. and at the various churches. At 4.45 p.m. Evangelistic Meetings will be held in Tents Washington and Endeavor. At the same hour, in Central Hall, a mass meeting for Sabbath observance will be called to order. In the evening the regular Christian Endeavor prayer meetings will be held, to be followed by second preaching services.

Monday, July 13th—The closing day will stand for "World Wide Endeavor." In Tent Endeavor will be held a meeting in the interests of the suffering Armenians. It is expected the Hon. John W. Foster will preside. In Tents Williston and Washington the meetings will be held under the auspices of the World's Christian Endeavor Union. President Clark will preside in one tent and Treasurer Shaw in the other. The speakers will be drawn from many nationalities and from almost every quarter of the globe. Monday afternoon is left "open" to enable delegates to visit points of interest. About 4.30 p.m. the officers and trustees will give an informal reception to the officers of the local district, and State unions. In the evening the closing sessions of the convention will be held in the three tents, central Hall and five large churches.

The Canadian Endeavorers are to make their headquarters in the Central Presbyterian Church, corner Third street, N.W.

A WORKMAN INJURED.

A workman named Fortier, employed in making alterations at Messrs. S. Greenshields, Son & Co.'s warehouse, Victoria square, was severely injured by being crushed between the hoist and one of the floors this morning. Fortier had occasion to go up stairs from the first landing, and got on the hoist to go up. When near the first floor in some manner he lurched against the side of the wheel and was crushed against the floor. Some of the other workingmen hearing his cries stopped the hoist. Fortier was taken down and the General hospital ambulance sent for. On its arrival the injured man was removed to that institution. It was found that his skull and some of his ribs were fractured. It is also thought that he is injured internally. Fortier is very low this afternoon.

SAFE-CRACKERS AT WORK.

At an early hour this morning Desdollars' worth of tools were stolen, in jardins' blacksmith shop at Longue Pointe was burglarized. About fifty cluding small iron bars, drills, files, etc. which can be used in safe cracking. Last week two hotels and the presbytery in the same district were broken into and robbed. It is surmised that the same gang went through the three places, and that the object in stealing the tools this morning is that they intend to direct their operations to some of the large houses in the city. The detectives are working on the case.

LOCAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN.

The Local Council of Women will meet to-morrow morning at ten o'clock in the Y. M. C. A. building, to consider business arising out of the annual Conference of the National Council recently held in this city. A memorandum received from Her Excellency, the Countess of Aberdeen, touching matters which require action or investigation will be read to the meeting. All members of the Council are invited.

A Swiss scientist has been testing the presence of bacteria in the mountain air, and finds that not a single microbe exists above an altitude of 2000 feet.

THE REVOLT IN CRETE.

TROOPS EXPECT TO PUT IT DOWN BY SURROUNDING REFUGEES.

Russia, France, Germany, Austria and Italy Continue in a Loyal Attitude---Great Britain Blamed for the Revolt.

Constantinople, June 9.—Thirty-eight battalions of troops drawn from Smyrna, Beyrout and Salonica will by next week have put down the expiring revolt in Crete by surrounding the refugees in the mountains. A corps of Greed volunteers is being organized in Athens by four Cretan leaders, and MM. Serpieri and Nagre, under official auspices. Abdullah Pasha has arrested a Greek vessel carrying arms and money for the insurgents. The news emanating from British sources that Russia would protest in favor of the Cretans, is false.

Russia, France, Germany, Austria and Italy continue in a loyal attitude and are opposed to insurrections which are apt to compromise the peace of the world.

The whole diplomatic corps, apart from Great Britain and Greece, regard the uprising as a result of British machination. The Figaro, in a telegram received from Constantinople, says that M. Cambon, the French Ambassador, was received in audience by the Sultan. M. Cambon strongly urged a conciliatory policy as being the best means of pacifying Crete.

The Turkish Ministers assembled in special council and discussed M. Cambon's advice. It is a subject of comment here that the agitation in Crete is fed by the Cretan committee in Athens, and that numerous Cretans are allowed to leave Athens unhindered, in order to take part in the movement. It is thought that the tactics of the Cretan committee will be to prolong the campaign in order to induce the powers to intervene. In fact, it has been ascertained that the insurgents are withdrawing to the mountains in order to prolong the struggle.

Many Cretan sympathizers were arrested in Constantinople on Wednesday, when domiciliary visits were also paid to American employes in the telegraph department residing in Pera.

New York, June 9.—A Paris despatch to the Herald says: The significance of the special despatch from Constantinople yesterday to the European editions of the Herald in reference to the Cretan outbreak cannot fail to be remarked by all who have followed the phases of the Eastern question, so full of grave possibilities to the peace of Europe. The Cretan agitation seems to be nothing else but the Armenian affair cropping up under a new name. There is evidently some long prepared, underhand, occult influence at work once more to bring the Turkish Empire between the hammer of the artificially wrought up sentimentality of Western Europe and America, and the anvil of hard, practical politics and common sense. Substitute the word "Crete" for "Armenia," and they will soon by a recrudescence of all the bluster and war talk of the last year, read "Cretan Secret Committee at Athens," for "Armenian Secret Committee at Pera," and the sluice gates of maudlin sympathies emanating from Exeter Hall and elsewhere will be opened to the fullest width.

Certain atrocities and Bulgarian atrocities, all the claptrap stage properties and stalking horses of the Bulgarian epidemic that preceded the Russo-Turkish war of 1876, and a revival of which was attempted during the Armenian fever last year, are once more trotted out in all their spangles and tinsel to attain the same end. The venerable but irrepressible Mr. Gladstone is again rampant and repeating his familiar well rounded periods about the Ottoman empire being the scourge of humanity as well as the shame of religion even of that of the Moslem, while the "unspeakable Turk" will again serve as the well worn text for many a rechauffe Sunday sensation sermon throughout England and America.

The Herald's correspondent at Constantinople declares that the prevailing sentiment in diplomatic circles at the Golden horn is that Great Britain is responsible for the present movement in Crete. Whether this belief rests upon a substantial foundation or not, remains to be seen. That British diplomacy should be induced to fish in such troubled waters seems incredible.

The Figaro gives an assurance that the French ambassador, M. Cambon, in an audience with the Sultan, strongly urged a conciliatory policy as the best means of pacifying Crete, and it is thought that the tactics of the Cretan committee at Athens will be to prolong the campaign in order to urge the powers to intervene.

Vienna, June 9.—In an address to the Austrian delegation to-day, Count Coluchowski, Minister of Foreign Affairs, explained the foreign policy of the Government in the course of his remarks, declaring that the situation in Crete was of such a character that it was impossible to say what would happen next. The condition of things prevailing in the island, he said, was due to the maladministration of public affairs by the Turkish authorities. Turkey, he added, ought to take measures in her European and Asiatic provinces, which would justify confidence in the vital force of the Ottoman Empire; otherwise, he said, Turkey's best friends, including Austria, would be unable to prevent the Empire's fall.

A SAD CUBAN ROMANCE.

When the Spanish troops captured Lacret's camp of insurgents in Cuba early in May they found this double photograph on the dead body of one of the insurgents. The inscription, reproduced in fac-simile, "One lesson in English I will give you—I love you—that is all. Yours till death, Margarita," was written on the back of the photograph.

The double photograph was published with the question, "Where is Margarita?"

An answer came as follows:

I noticed the publication of the picture of two young ladies, one of whom had given it to a young Cuban patriot. Accompanying is the question, which is Margarita?

I beg to say that the lady on the left is Margarita. She is a native of Jacksonville, Fla. Her name is Margaret Aime Weldon.

Jacksonville, Fla., May 31, 1896. J. E. BLACKBURN.

THE METHODIST CONFERENCE.

The Stationing Committee's Final Report Expected To-day.

(Special to the Star.)

Stanstead, June 9.—The following delegates were appointed to the Dominion Alliance by the Montreal Conference of the Methodist Church yesterday: Revs. John Webster and C. D. Baldwin, and Messrs. G. M. Webster and W. H. Lambly.

The Sabbath observance report was presented by Rev. A. E. Sanderson. It condemned the opening on Sunday of cheese and butter factories, and of post offices, and urged the avoidance of such amusements and practises as tend to the desecration of the Lord's day.

The following probationers were recommended to go to college: W. G. Bradford, W. T. Brown, A. W. Williamson, J. W. Charlesworth, W. L. Rowan, W. Halpenny, J. A. Dorman, J. H. Calborne, J. L. Dawson, G. E. Bates, R. Eagleson, W. J. Williams, A. E. Knapp, S. H. Jones, H. G. Cairns, R. H. Greaves, D. Mick, J. H. Wright, G. J. Crabb, A. E. Runnells are appointed to the Wesleyan Theological College, Montreal, and J. H. Williamson, J. H. Stevenson, R. Black to Victoria University.

An enthusiastic vote of thanks was given by the Conference to its hosts in Stanstead and vicinity.

The following were recommended as candidates for the Ministry: Basil W. Thompson, Jacob J. Hughes, John A. Edwards.

The Sunday School and Epworth League anniversary was held last night. Addresses were given by Revs. G. S. Clendinnen and C. E. Bland. Mr. J. W. Knox, of Montreal, also spoke.

This morning Rev. S. G. Bland, B.A., B.D., continued his exposition of the Epistle to the Colossians from eight to nine o'clock. These meetings have awakened much interest in Bible study.

The conference opened at nine o'clock. The Stationing Committee sat until 12 o'clock last night. It is expected to conclude its final draft some time today.

The committee on the state of the work reported through Rev. C. E. Bland. It referred to the large number of withdrawals and removals during the year. Number received on trial is 2900. An important discussion arose as to the value of evangelistic services. Dr. Ryckman thought they were over-estimated. The report deplored undue dependence on non-resident or professional evangelists.

The Conference approved any proposal to invite a connexional evangelist of the British Wesleyan Church to labor for a time in the Canadian Church. It is not yet certain that any invitation will be given.

Rev. Dr. Flanders, Principal of the Stanstead Wesleyan College, presented a gratifying report of the success and prosperity of the institution. The endowment is now over $19,000. This will be increased by the recent bequest of the late H. A. Massey of $10,000. Revs. F. G. Lett, Wm. Sparling and C. E. Bland were appointed to conduct biblical exposition during the next conference at the morning meetings. Rev. Dr. Ryckman moved a resolution commending the movement for international arbitration which was carried unanimously.

A BIG GOLD FIND.

[Special to the Star.]

Vancouver, B. C., June 9.—The big Lillooet discovery is still creating great excitement. A. W. Smith, Member of Parliament, for Lillooet, says: The vein is 8 feet thick, and is the richest thing I ever saw. The gold is sticking out in chunks all over the quartz. My opinion is the lead is all right and if it is, it is worth a million dollars. A half breed named Joe Copeland, discovered the claim when hunting Mountain goat, and sold it for $30,000. Samples of ore run from $600 to $6500 a ton. A million dollars has been taken out the dirt of Cayoosh Creek since 1860. So where there is so much gold there must be more claims as rich or richer than this. English capitalists have taken up many claims on the creek.

THE EIGHT HOUR DAY.

(Special to the Star.)

Ottawa, June 9.—Regarding a despatch from Quebec, stating that an order-in-council had been passed on Friday last at the Cabinet meeting held in Montreal to the effect that at the instance of the labor organizations the extension of the eight-hour system to the employes of the Quebec cartridge factory and the Intercolonial Railroad without any reduction in wages, had been granted, nothing is known here. As regards the cartridge factory the order is expected, but the Militia Department has not been notified of its passage. Mr. Schreiber says regarding the Intercolonial that such an order may have been passed, but he has heard nothing of it as yet.

WHERE BRAVE MEN QUAIL.

LIFE ROUND A POWDER MILL AND ITS CEASELESS STRAIN.

Stampedes Caused by Unreasoning Fear and the Paralysis of Terror at the Sight of a Spark.

Powder men have a saying which varies in wording in different parts of the country, the sum and substance of which is this: A man works in a powder mill for one of three reasons—either because he must live some way, or because he doesn't want to live anyway, or because his father died there before him. Undoubtedly the distaste with which every man speaks of his own profession or trade is in part responsible for this saying, the balance of responsibility will be found in the vital statistics of any town that can boast of a powder mill.

Such a community is usually separated from the rest of the world as far as circumstances will permit. Once a powder mill is built, the country side for a considerable distance around is likely to remain in a primeval condition. Industries do not flourish in a neighborhood were a stray spark can produce seismic effects, nor is there great encouragement to) agriculture where the crops may be blown out of the ground and the farmer out of existence without a moment's warning. So wherever a powder village springs up it is assured of isolation, and its inhabitants form a community as far apart, for all practical purposes, from the rest of the world six days in the week as the inmates of a monastery. As a rule, the nearest village of any size is too far away for them to reach it after working hours, and visitors to the mills who are unable to establish themselves on a business footing are received with scant encouragement.

There is such a settlement about 100 miles north of here and about five miles inland from the west shore of the Hudson River. When the powder company formed, about a generation ago, they selected a spot for their plant admirably adapted by nature to such a purpose. It lies between the steep banks of a shallow ravine, through which runs a stream of considerable size. The only natural entrance to the glen is at the upper end through a narrow roadway, and by this route from the nearest railroad village the distance is about five miles. For teaming the powder over to Rosendale another road has been cut from the ravine, shortening the distance about two miles, and a ferry scow has been built in the creek, but this can be used only by the company's teams, so the visitor who drives over from Rosendale has a long and circuitous journey over bad roads. Recently this powder mill blew up, and a Sun reporter, going by train to Rosendale, drove over to Ripton Glen, arriving just about dark.

The explosion had dissipated two buildings to the four winds of heaven, and of five men who had been at work in them all that was recovered was a headless trunk found 200 yards from the place. After going to the Superintendent's office to get the names of the dead men the reporter wandered down the glen, although it was then too dark to see much. Near the place where the building had been a workman was leaning against what was left of a tree. The reporter spoke to him, but got no answer. A second trial failed to attract the man's attention. Then the reporter walked up and touched him on the shoulder. With a sort of gasping cry the man made a leap that carried him three yards away, then, with a shaking voice, said to the amazed and somewhat alarmed visitor:

"You'll excuse me, but I didn't hear you or see you till you touched me, and my nerve's all gone. This is my fourth explosion, two here and two before I came here, and I'm a litle worse after each one. I've cause enough, God knows."

The reporter said something about the life's being trying on a man's nerve.

"Trying!" repeated the powder man, with a sort of cackle that might have been meant for a laugh. "Look here. I had a friend this morning, and after the mill went we sent for a coffin for him, and I can't find anything to put in the coffin. Five good men went, and there'll be but one burial. That's what shakes the man worse than the fear of death, to be going on your way and feel one great hand reach out and take that was a man and your friend when you went to work in the morning is just nothing at all; not even a body for a minister to say a prayer over. Four times this is for me. Three times and out, we say in the mills, but I guess I'm down for an odd number."

"Why don't you get out of the business?" asked the reporter.

"That's why," said the other, pointing to a light that could be seen twinkling through the trees some rods away. "That's my little house, there, and my wife's in it. Work's not so easy to get that I can afford to throw up a good job, where I get enough wages to save a little, and get treated like a man. Then, too, my father was a powder man before me. It was when I was teaming on my first job that he was killed. 'I dreamed of flying sparks all that night, mother,' says he to my mother that morning, and she begged him not to go to the mill, for all powder folks are superstitious, but he said he must go, and he went. There was ten widows in the place that night, and I remember the others calling my mother a lucky woman because we found father's body with a face that you could know. Thank God, I've got no child to follow after me. Come over here to my house and I can tell you something about life in a powder-mill settlement. I don't like to leave the wife alone long to-night because she's shaken up pretty bad, too. It's worse on the women than on the men."

He led the way to his cottage, counting up meanwhile his friends who had been killed in explosions.

"You won't find another place like this in this country," said he, "unless it's another powder-mill settlement, and I doubt if any of 'em are as much shut out from the world as we are. Here's fifty of us about, and we're some ways like a big family. When you're working next to a man with the fear of death on you the friendship between is like that of kin for kin. It ain't the fear of death either, exactly. You won't find many men around here that are afraid of dying, for they've seen too much of it but it's the constant uncertainty that's hard. You'd think it'd break 'em down, but it don't. One reason why so many powder men die in the explosions is that mighty few of them die of disease. It's the greatest business for your health that there is. The country life does it, I suppose, and then doctors say the chemicals we use are good for you. Any way, we're a healthy lot, and we look forward to dieing with our boots on, unless they get blown off.

"Of course, we don't wear boots, you know, when we're at work, on account of the metal nails in 'em, but we have soft shoes, and, speaking of shoes, that reminds me of a queer thing about explosions. If a man's running away from an explosion—it ain't often he has time to run away—and gets blown to pieces, one of his feet is always left whole and the other gets blown all to pieces sometimes, and always gets the shoe and stocking stripped off. They say the foot that's in the air is the one that gets out whole. I don't know about that, but I know that down in Virginia, where I was in the glazing house for a while, we had an explosion once; a double, like this one to-day—first one building and then the other—only in that one there was two or three seconds in between. I was coming down to the mill and was on top of a hill, when I saw the whole thing. After the glazing house went up I saw four of the men come running out of the drying house. Then everything went black and red behind them. When I got up, feeling pretty dizzy, the echoes were rolling around in the hills behind me, and my heart beats sounded like cannons being fired into my ears. Down in the hollow we found parts of four legs—three rights and one left. The feet were all there, with the shoes and socks on, but none of the rights matched the left. The men were blown to pieces, and next day we found three teeth buried in a tree. There were other things we found, too, but—well, I don't like to talk about those things."

"What causes the explosions?" asked the reporter.

"That's a thing nobody knows," was the reply. "The slightest spark might do it, for the air is full of powder dust, but the question is, where does the spark come from? Never but one man that I've heard of saw the beginning of an explosion, and he's only half a man now, for the other half of him was blown away. It was in the mills where my father was killed that old Joe saw his explosion and lived to tell it. A flying spark came in through the window and scuttled along the floor. He saw it. One jump took him out the door and he yelled to the others as he went, but there was no chance for them. Old Joe, by his own account, had got about twenty or twenty-five feet away and in line of a small tree when he felt as if he was being torn to pieces and burned up at the same time. They picked him up a hundred feet away. One leg was gone, his right hand crushed, the right eye destroyed, and that side of his face all crushed in, and seven ribs broken, besides smaller injuries. He's living there yet, I guess, on a pension. Most likely the tree between him and the explosion saved him."

"Does that mean that the force of the explosion is in any particular direction?"

"If it is, I don't know what the direction is. They say dynamite explods down and powder follows the wind, but nobody knows anything about it. Here's all these light cottages within a few rods of the buildings that blew up, and no harm to them except glass broken. Over there in the village, three-quarters of a mile away, a whole store front was broken in and a lot of houses were shaken up. While you drive back you'll pass a grove of trees—too bad it's so dark you can't see 'em—that had their tops clipped off as if an axe had done the work, in the explosion before this one."

"What effect does the constant anxiety have on the men?" asked the reporter.

"That depends on the men. Some of 'em it makes religious, and others don't care; get reckless and all that sort of thing."

"Drive them to drink?"

"Drink! There's one thing that's worse than smoking in a powder plant, and that's drinking. Where the smallest carelessness may lose the mills and a few hands thrown in, a man who gets full isn't wanted around. Besides, there is no place to get drink around here. No what I meant was that some of the boys just seem to get careless about themselves. Once in a while they break out, and then this place is a hell. I tell you, there's nothing so catching as fright. I've seen a chap at work begin to get twitchy and jerky, and all of a sudden he would get up and bolt out of the place, and like as not half the rest of the men would follow his example within an hour or so. No cause at all. Just scared. I've had it myself, and I tell you there's no use fighting against it. There was a chap once who used to be so full of superstitions that he kept the whole force rattled all the time. Why, one day, because three black crows flew around above one of the buildings, he said the plant was doomed, and he nearly had the whole gang on strike. They had to fire him, though he was a good workman, because he had such an effect on the men with his omens and superstitions. There are men around here that have had cause to be scared, though. One of 'em lives only a couple of houses away. It was seven years ago, one hot day, when the air had been full of smoke because of a small forest fire. Four other men were working with him in the drying-house, but he was the only one near the door, when a gust of wind blew a spark in. He said afterward that he looked at that spark and could not move. He couldn't even yell. It crept along in little jerks and starts, and Phil knew any minute it might send the whole place up. Just as it was going beyond his reach he got his powers back again and threw himself down on the spark, crushing it out with his body. The next thing he remembered was hearing one of the men say:

"'Hit him on the back; he's choking to death.'

"Then he felt cold water over him where they ducked him in the stream, and the feeling as if somebody's hands were throttling him went away. But the next day his hair was covered with little white patches, and they're there yet."—New York Sun.

COLONIAL HOUSE,

PHILLIPS SQUARE.

Seaside and Holiday

Requisites!

White Quilts in summer weight.
Linen Carriage Dusters.
Navy Flannels for Bathing Costumes.
Union Flannels, White and Fancy.
White Unshrinkable Flannels.
Fancy Ceylon Flannels.
Fancy Figured German Flannelettes.
English and Canadian Flannelettes in Plain and Fancy.
Bath Towels in White, Brown, Fancy.
Bath Sheets.
Bath Towellings.
Toilet Towels.
Special Lines in Tea and Tray Cloths, Hemstitched, less 20 p.c.

FANCY DRESS MUSLINS

GRASS LINENS in Plain and Fancy.

In Dress Muslins we are offering some very choice goods. A fresh supply just received of very dainty effect.

Also special lines of this year's Muslins at about one-half their regular price, all choice patterns.

Colored Dress Goods

Special Bargains on our tables at 5oc, 65c and 85c, worth about double the money.

6000 yards of fine French Dress Lawns, regular goods at 20c per yard, to clear at 10c per yard.

HENRY MORGAN & CO.,

MONTREAL.

Monthly Meeting.

The regular Monthly Meeting of the Club will be held at the Club House at the Grounds on WEDNESDAY, the 10th Inst., at 8.15 sharp.

(By order),
G. A. CARPENTER,
Hon. Sec.

135 2

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE,

At Our Rooms, 69 ST. JAMES ST.,

ON WEDNESDAY, 10TH INST., at 12 O'Clock Noon, Sharp,

a large quantity of Household Furniture, from a Bankrupt Estate, by order of curators, comprising: Parlor, Dining-room Sets, Bedroom Sets, Easy Chairs, Extension Tables, Bedroom and Kitchen Tables, Mattresses, Spring Beds, Sideboards, Bureaus and Washstands, Pictures and Engravings, Lamps, Frames, Clocks, Iron Bedsteads, etc. Also Counters, Shelving, Store Tables and Chairs, Show Cases for Ribbon and Dressmakers, and a large number of other goods to be sold without reserve and in retail.

MARCOTTE BROS.,
Auctioneers.

135 1

AUCTION SALE.

Summer and winter Vehicles, hackman's Carriage, Sleigh and Robes, Express Sleigh and Furniture,

ON FRIDAY, 12TH INSTANT, AT 10 A. M.,

at No. 467 Craig street, without reserve, Parlor, Bedroom and Dining Room Sets, Sideboards, Iron Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Hall and Kitchen Stoves, Chairs, Spring Beds, Cradles, Mattresses, Lamps, Lounges, Carpets, Curtain Poles, Pictures and Engravings and many other Household Effects.

MARCOTTE BROS.,
Auctioneers.

135 3

SUMMER RESORTS.

LAKE VIEW HOUSE,

PHILIPSBURG, QUE.

Is now ready for guests. Come and see it before deciding to go elsewhere this summer. Good Fishing, Boating and Bathing, Lawn Tennis and splendid Drives. Quite a number of improvements made since last year. Free of charge to and from all trains when notified. First class table. Send for my terms.

George Hogle, Proprietor,

LAKE VIEW HOUSE,

Philipsburg, Que.

135 3 eod

Special Notices.

Mr. R. D. McGibbon will speak to-night at Dr. Roddick's meeting, at 175 St. Antoine street.

Newsboys on bicycles is the latest form of newspaper enterprise in London.

BIRTHS.

ALLEN—At Brainerd, Minn., May 30, the wife of Mr. C. E. Allen, of a daughter.*

BIRDSALL—At Three Rivers, Que., June 6th, a son to Mrs. Ben. Birdsall. 134 4

DRURY—At Waubaushene, on May 28th, the wife of Ed. Drury, of a daughter.*

FENTON—At Waubaushene, on May 23rd, the wife of Lorenzo Fenton, of a daughter.*

GAISER—In Stephen, May 21, the wife of Wm. Gaiser, of a daughter.*

GRIFFIN—At Warden, May 27, the wife of G. H. Griffin, of a daughter.*

GOWATT—At Waubaushene, May 23, the wife of Peter Gowatt, of a daughter.*

HIGGINS—At Craighurst, on May 31, the wife of Thos. Higgins, of a daughter.*

HIRTLE—At Halifax, May 26, the wife of John Hirtle, of a daughter.*

HARVIE—At "Belvoir Hill," Orillia, Sunday May 24, Mr. and Mrs. Alex. W. Harvie, of a son.*

MYERS—At Orillia, on June 1st, the wife of W. Myers, of a daughter.*

O'MALLEY—At Clover Hill, Warden, May 29, the wife of Thomas O'Malley, Esq., of a son.*

STEWART—In Exeter, on the 3rd inst., the wife of J. A. Stewart, of a son.*

SAUNDERS—At Orillia, on May 25th, the wife of W. L. Saunders, of a son.*

SYKES—At Victoria Harbor, May 24, the wife of John Sykes, of a daughter.*

MARRIAGES.

DOUPE-CORNISH — At St. Marys, May 23, Nathan Doupe, school teacher, Woodham, to Miss Cornish, of Blanshard.*

GETTINGS-DOYLE — At Uptergrove, on June 2, Kate Gettings, to John Doyle, both of Uptergrove.*

HIGGINS-GAYNOR — At St. Anicet, on Monday, June 8th, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Father O. Clare, P.P., Thos. S. Higgins, of Reno, Nev., to Emma J., daughter of Michael Gaynor, of the Parish of St. Anicet.

JONES-TAYLOR—In Tay, May 25, Maud Elizabeth Taylor, to Irwin Jones, of Vasey.*

O'BRIEN-SMITH — In Hay, on the 3rd instant, Mr. Wm. O'Brien, of Johnston's Mills, to Miss Emily Alice, daughter of Mr. Joseph Smith.*

PURDUE-OTHEN — At St. Marys, May 27, Vincent Purdue, to Lizzie Othen, daughter of the late Jas. Othen.*

STANDIFORD-SCOTT — At Rouses Point, on June 3rd, 1896, by the Rev. Thos. O. Grieves, Alice Gertrude, eldest daughter of the late Wm. E. Scott, of this city, to Richard Walter Standiford, of Youngstown, Ohio.

THORBURN-MEREDITH — On June 2, at Toronto, Jas. David Thorburn, M.D., son of Dr. James Thorburn, to Isabel Magdalene, youngest daughter of Chief Justice Sir William Meredith.*

WIGHTON-CRAWFORD—At Knox Church, on the 2nd of June, by the Rev. James Fleck, Henry Wighton, to Mary A. Crawford, both of this city. (Perthshire, Scotland, and County Tyrone, Ireland, papers please copy.)

YOUNG-CRAWFORD — On the 6th inst., at the Church of St. James the Apostle, by the Rev. Canon Ellegood, uncle of the bride, Kenneth Dowie, youngest son of the late Hon. John Young, to Amy, youngest daughter of John Crawford, Esq., of Verdun House. 134 2

DEATHS.

BROWNE—At 316 St. Antoine street, on Saturday, June 6, Peter Browne, aged 48 years.

BEAUDRY—At 108 Amherst street, on Sunday, June 7, Joseph Romeo, son of Anthime Beaudry, aged 1 year and 3 months.

BIGRAS—At 69 Marie Anne street, on Sunday, June 7, Alma, daughter of Napoleon Bigras, aged 7 months.

CLOUTIER—On Monday, June 8, at 71 St. Charles street, Joseph Alphonse, son of Joachim Cloutier, aged 7 months.

CARRIER—At 625 Seigneurs street, Saturday, June 6, Pierre Carrier, aged 80 years.

COLLINS—At Granby, May 23, Edward Collins, aged 24 years.*

CHAMBERLIN — At Stanstead, May 13, Hannah Chamberlin, aged 70 years.*

CROLY—In Hamilton, June 3, John Edgar Croly, M.A., of Dunnville, aged 55.*

CARMAN—At London, England, on June 4th, Thomas Horsefield Carman, aged 42 years. (Winnipeg papers please copy.) 134 2

DUFFY—On June 2, at Hamilton, Patrick Duffy, a native of County Armagh, Ireland, aged 68.*

DAVEY—In this city, on June the 8th, Elizabeth Davey, eldest daughter of Patrick Davey. Funeral takes place from her father's residence, 111 Murray street, on Wednesday morning, at 7.30 o'clock, to St. Ann's Church, thence to the Cote des Neiges Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend. (Boston and New York papers please copy.)

FINDLAY—At Hamilton, June 3, Violet Forrest, second daughter of W. F. Findlay.*

GORHAM—At St. John, N.B., Georgie C., youngest daughter of George and the late Sarah Gorham, in the 23nd year of her age.*

GEER—At Shefford Vale, Qué., on the 29th May, Nelson Geer, only son of Mrs. Nelson Geer, aged 20 years.*

JACKSON—At St. John, N.B., May 29, Olivia, wife of John Jackson, in the 66th year of her age.*

KEOHAN—On May 28, at Boston, John Keohan, aged 87 years, formerly of Sussex, N.B.*

LARIVIERE—At 153 Plessis street, Sunday, June 7, Marie Eva, daughter of Jos. Larivière, aged 6 years and 6 months.

LEFEBVRE—At 929 St. Andre street, on Saturday, June 6, Theophile Lefebvre, aged 59 years and 8 months.

LAPRAMBOISE—At 11 Bruchesi street, on Monday, June 8, Marie Yvonne, daughter of Zotique Laframboise, aged 1 year and 1 month.

MORRELL—On the 29th ult., at St. John, N.B., child of Stephen A. and Christina Morrell, aged 14 months.*

MURRAY—On June 8th, at Westmount, Jane Atchinson, beloved wife of James Murray (Commercial Traveller), aged 45 years. Funeral will take place from her late residence, 23 Winchester avenue, Westmount, on Thursday, the 11th inst., at 2.30. Friends will kindly accept this intimation. 135 2

MAROIS—In this city, June 5, Joseph Elzear Rene Marois, infant son of Rene Marois, Esq. (Quebec papers please copy.)

MEUNIER—At 625 Seigneurs street, on Saturday, June 6, Adelaide Germain, relict of the late J. B. Meunier, aged 80 years and 10 months.

PEPIN—At 177 Waite street, on Monday, June 8, Marie Germain, daughter of Oscar Pepin, aged 7 months.

PROVOST—At St. Henri, on Monday, June 8, Dina Charron, wife of J. Bte. Provost, aged 21 years.

PARADIS—At 234 Dorchester street, on Sunday, June 7, Joseph Lucien, son of George Paradis, aged 4 years and 3 months.

PRINCE—At Hyde Park, on June 2, William Edward Prince, in his 25th year.*

QUINN—In this city, on the 7th inst., Bridget (Little Badgy), aged 6 years, 2 months and 10 days, daughter of Patrick J. Quinn, of the G. T. R. Freight Department. Funeral private. (New York and Providence, R.I., papers please copy.) 134 2

SHRAPNEL—At Orillia, June 1, Major H. N. S. Shrapnel, youngest son of the late Major-General Shrapnel, R.A., aged 34 years.*

SALT—At Lacolle, May 26, Mrs. Daniel Salt, aged 79 years.

SUTCLIFFE—At Boston, May 30, Margaret A., widow of B. W. Sutcliffe, and daughter of the late Rev. John Miller.*

SIDAVIN—At St. Henri, on Sunday, June 7, Rachid, son of Salim Sidavin, aged 10 months.

TULLOCH—At Cole Harbor, June 1, Elizabeth, widow of the late Andrew Tulloch, in the 56th year of her age.*

TETU—On Saturday, June 6, at 99 St. Elizabeth street, Henri Danais Tetu, aged 35 years and 9 months.

THERIEN—At 182 Visitation street, Sunday, June 7, Albini Therien, aged 35 years and 8 months.

FISH SETS, GAME SETS, 5 O'Clock Tea Sets, In Limoges and Royal Dresden China, at Low Prices to clear out.
Very Choice for Wedding Presents.
JOHN WATSON, 2174 St. Catherine St.
Art Association Building.
Importer of Sterling Silver and Best Electro Plate, Watches, Jewellery, Etc.
Slazenger's Tennis Rackets, Balls, Sets, Etc., at cost.
Giving up this line.
OPEN EVERY EVENING. 131 tf

PERSONAL — LATEST MUSIC. HOLLY TWO step march, by A. H. Gimpel. Price 60cts. Sold by Nordheimer, Laforce and Bourdeau, etc. 137 6

PERSONAL—PRETTY BLOUSES, 25C, 35C, 50C cashmere print wrappers, $1.50. Flynn's, 28 Chabaillez square. 132 4

PERSONAL — INGROWING NAILS, CORNS, bunions, callus, skilfully treated. R. Golman, Surgeon Chiropodist, 2238 St. Catherine. 135 1

HARRISON & CO., Opticians, Removed to 140 ST. PETER ST., Witness Building. Repairs done promptly. 109tf

THE S. CARSLEY Co— LIMITED.
Notre Dame Street. Montreal's Greatest Store. June 9th.

A GREAT REVOLUTION IN WASH GOODS PRICES.

To-morrow, Wednesday, June 10th, we commence a sale of Wash Fabrics, the largest of its kind ever held in Montreal.

This was the result of a purchase we made two days ago of a manufacturer's stock of Wash Fabrics, this season's goods, at a very large discount for cash, and Wash Fabrics will be sold so cheap during this sale that it will tempt you to buy not alone for this season, but for a year or two. Why! you will be able to buy two, three or four dresses at the price you formerly paid for one.

We have often quoted low prices, but never before anything to equal the values mentioned to-day. . . . . . .

Striped Creponettes
Striped Creponettes

1000 pieces Rich Fancy Mixed Stripe Creponnettes, an almost unlimited variety of splendid colorings to choose from, full 29 inches wide, and very suitable for Ladies' Blouses, Skirts, Summer Costumes, Misses' and Children's Dresses; regular price of these goods, and we believe never sold less than 15 cts. during this Wash Goods Sale

Only 7 1-2c yard
Only 7 1-2c yard

Indigo Prints
Indigo Prints

600 pieces Fast Color Indigo Prints, 31 inches wide, in a large variety of small figured designs, which are so fashionable this summer; regular price of this is 12 1-2 cts yard, but during this sale

Only 7 1-2c yard
Only 7 1-2c yard

Fancy Black Crepons
Fancy Black Crepons

300 pieces Black Ground Crepons, with rich black satin stripes, with small white and heliotrope figures, very stylish for summer costumes, these being the very newest materials, regular price of this line 25c, but during this sale

Only 15c yard
Only 15c yard

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LTD.

Mandarin Rugs
Mandarin Rugs.

A splendid stock of these very handsome and useful articles in all sizes and in pretty Oriental colorings.
Mandarin Door Mats, 40c each.
Mandarin Prayer Rugs, 75c each.
Mandarin Hearth Rugs, $1.50 each.
Mandarin Palace Strips, $2.25 to $3.75 each.

China and Japan Mattings

The coolest floor coverings for summer use.
China Mattings, good colors, 12 1-2c yd.
China Mattings in a variety of colorings and patterns, up to 52c yd.
Strong Japan Mattings, 24c yd.
Pretty Japan Mattings in a variety of patterns and colorings, up to 56c yd.

THE S. CARSLEY CO. LTD.

Art Squares
Art Squares

The most desirable floor covering for country cottages and villas.

Produced in pretty designs and colorings, with appropriate borders and fringed ends, suitable for any room.

2 by 2 yards, 88c ea.
2 by 2 1-2 yards, $1.10 ea.
2 by 3 yards, $1.30 ea.
2 1-2 by 3 1-2 yards, $1.90 ea.
3 by 3 yards, $1.95 ea.
3 by 4 yards, $2.65 ea.
3 1-2 by 4 1-2 yards, $3.45 ea.
4 by 4 yards, $3.50 ea.
4 1-2 by 4 1-2 yards, $3.95 ea.
4 by 5 yards, $4.40 ea.

THE S. CARSLEY CO., LTD.

New Lace Curtains
New Lace Curtains

Arrived to-day.

Another large shipment of new Lace Curtains, in all lengths and in a number of patterns, recently introduced.

Special Line White Lace Curtains, 31c pr.

Handsome White Lace Curtains, fine quality, rich patterns and in all lengths, 75c to $10.75 pr.

Rich Guipure D. Art Curtains, in all new patterns, 3 1-2 yards long, $3.65 pr.

Real Delhi Curtains, hand printed, fast colors, Oriental designs, $2.50 to $4.50 pr.

New Curtain Crepons
New Curtain Crepons

In all leading Art Shades; very suitable for Curtain Drapes and interior decorations, 8 1-2c yard.

The S. Carsley Co., Ltd.,
1765 to 1783 Notre Dame St.

Rich Carpets
Rich Carpets

Every week sees the arrival of further novelties and designs in all kinds of Carpets, all with handsome borders to match.

The S. Carsley Co., Ltd.

Manufactures Royales de Corset. P D.
French P D Corsets.
Awarded 10 Gold Medals and Diplomas d'Honneur

THE Celebrated P D Corsets are unrivalled for perfect fit, beauty of finish and style, and have received the Highest Awards at all the Important Exhibitions held during the past 20 years.

Obtainable from all Leading Dry Goods Stores in every variety of shape and style.

Many inferior imitations being offered under similar sounding names, purchasers are requested to see that each pair bears the Manufacturers' Trade Mark on band inside, thus: BIEN FAIRE ET LAISSER DIRE
Koenig & Stuffman, 10 St. Helen St., Montreal, Sole Agents for Canada.
129 eod tf

NOTICES OF NEW BOOKS.

A Handbook of Greek Sculpture. By Ernest Arthur Gardner, M. A. (London: Macmillan & Co., 1896. Price $1.25.

Unless there is some popular interest in a subject, no handbook need look for a remunerative sale. But we venture to say that at any rate in Great Britain of late years Greek Sculpture has attracted the attention of many intellectual persons who are not actually professional artists. Even in a small city like Montreal a lecture delivered by Dr. Peterson of McGill University on the subject of "Ancient Sculpture" brought together a large audience at the Art Association Rooms, and was listened to with appreciative attention. In dealing with the question of Greek statuary, &c., the lecturer showed clearly that though the Greeks were doubtless influenced by Assyrian and Egyptian art, the intelligence of the Hellenic people soon prompted them to go back to the study of nature. With them, art was an essential part of their daily lives, not, as with the moderns, a luxury to be met with under ordinary circumstances only in Museums and Art Galleries. Even the most insignificant of their household utensils showed signs of a decorative purpose. As an English critic remarks, the increasing facilities for travel in Greece, the growth of "processes," which reproduce with startling exactness photographic images, and the creation in wealthy towns of collections of casts from the antique have done much to awaken interest in the subject of Greek Sculpture. Hitherto, there has been no great choice of small works, like Mr. Gardner's, that dealt with the question. When we speak of Mr. Gardner's book as small, we mean simply in bulk. It consists of 168 pages, and contains 55 illustrative engravings; but in this comparatively small compass he has dealt in a most fascinating manner with Greek Sculpture down to the time of Pheidias, in the fifth century B. C. Vol. II., we are told, is to comprise the rest of the fifth century, the fourth century, Hellenistic Sculpture, and Graeco-Roman Sculpture. All artists, and lovers of Art should avail themselves of the opportunity of buying a well-written and inexpensive manual.

Christianity Reviewed. By the Rev. William Cheetham. (Brockville: The Recorder Printing Company. 1896.)

We do not pretend to have perused this book thoroughly; but we have read attentively certain chapters of the ten that compose the volume, and can fairly gauge the merits of Mr. Cheetham's work. We may state, therefore, as the result of our reading, that the author is a practical, sympathetic and clear-sighted man, who delivers what he considers to be his message in a kindly but faithful spirit, content, if he cannot, as is most probable, meet with universal approval, to earn the gratitude of the true seekers after truth. The titles of a few chapters will enable purchasers to form some sort of judgment about the spiritual food that they are offered. "The Bible from a Commonsense Standpoint," is the initial chapter, and there is much to excite the interest of both orthodox and unorthodox readers in the matter that it contains. The author (as he is bound to do as a clergyman) considers the Bible to be at once the foundation and text book of Christianity, and says that its interests are best served by a common sense defence of it against its opponents. Get rid of the notion, writes Mr. Cheetham, once for all, and as quickly as possible, that it is necessary to understand and explain and harmonize everything in order to believe in it as an inspired record. * * * If the weight of evidence inclined in its favor, you are bound, as a reasonable man to accept it; and, if you accept it, you are bound as an honest man to live by it.

"The Inconsistencies of Professing Christians," is a topic well handled, and will be recognized by all but those who are wilfully blinded, as containing a great deal of truth that may probably prove unpalatable to the consciences of many. The papers on "The Duty of Supporting the Gospel" and on "The Pastoral Relation" are calculated to awaken and keep alive beneficience and benevolence, while the final essay on "The Ethics of Christianity" rises at times into eloquence, and is throughout full of true faith and unobtrusive piety. If space permitted, we would willingly say more to induce readers to buy Mr. Cheetham's volume; for we firmly believe in what he only diffidently hopes, viz., that it will prove "profitable for doctrine, for reproof, for correction, for instruction in righteousness."

Jas. A. Ogilvy & Sons'
REMOVAL SALE

Special reductions in every department. We are crowded daily, with delighted customers, because they find OUR REDUCTIONS GENUINE. It will be years before we will offer the same inducements again. Moving business from one stand to another is only justified when business has outgrown its present capacity. This is just where we find ourselves. And in terminating our successful term in our present premises, we are sacrificing our stock at prices which our customers will long remember. Our object being to start in

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therefore our present stock must go.

Men's Rubber Coats, $1.75 to $6.90.

Gent's Umbrellas
Fancy and Natural Handles, "Gloria" and Pure Silk Coverings. $1.10 to $4.75.

Ladies' Heptonette Waterproofs
In Blue, Black, Gray, and Brown.

Ladies' Umbrellas
In all styles of Handles and Coverings. 65c to $7.00.

And in addition we are giving a CASH DISCOUNT OF TEN PER CENT.

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THE FAMILY DRAPERY AND LINEN WAREHOUSE. . . .
203 to 207 St. Antoine s.,
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TELEPHONE 8225.
Branch—St. Catherine, corner Buckingham Avenue.
Telephone 3335. 135 1

The Interpretation of Literature. By W. H. Crashaw, A. M. (New York: Macmillan & Co., 1896.) Price, $1.00.

We do not remember to have seen any work previously published by this author, who, we are told, is Professor of English Literature in Colgate University. The preface is dated from Hamilton, New York, and for several reasons we believe the writer to be an American. His book is a discussion of literary principles and their application, and consists of two distinct parts.

Part I is on "General Principles," and contains four chapters, entitled separately, "What is Literature?"; "The Kinds of Literature"; "The Substance of Literature"; and lastly, "The Form of Literature." These four chapters are followed by a carefully drawn general outline of literary elements.

Part II deals with the study of various kinds of literature, and consists of seven chapters. These treat of Epic, Lyric and Dramatic Poetry; of Prose, Romance, the Essay, the Novel, and descriptive Literature. There is a valuable appendix on "Collateral Reading," which probably forms a list of the most important works that were studied by the writer before his present essay was given to the world. Possibly the contents of the book originally formed lectures addressed to Mr. Crashaw's university students. Under any circumstances, we have read the book with pleasure, and believe that it will be of use in stimulating a love of good literature. Mrs. Frederic Harrison's volume, called "The Choice of Books," tells us what we should read in the region of pure literature, and as Mr. John Morley once said contains "as much wise thought, eloquently and brilliantly stated, as any other volume of its size and on its subject." The question is, What is literature? Emerson says it is a record of the best thought. Mr. Stopford Brooke believes that by literature we mean the written thoughts and feelings of intelligent men and women arranged in a way that shall give pleasure to the reader. A third account is that the aim of a student of literature is to know the best that has been thought in the world.

Sainte Beuve again, in a memorable passage, describes a classic in literature as "an author who has enriched the human mind, who has really added to its treasure, and has induced it to take a step farther, who has discovered some unequivocal moral truth, or penetrated to some eternal passion, in that heart of man where it seemed as though all were explored and known; who has produced his thought or his observation or his his invention under some form, no matter what, so it be great, acute and reasonable, sane and beautiful in itself; who has spoken to all in a style of his own, yet a style which finds itself the style of everybody—in a style that is at once new and antique, and is the contemporary of all ages." We have no room to quote Mr. Crashaw's fourfold classification of literature, and we are inclined to think that he is too fond of threefold and fourfold classifications; but, remembering that these lectures were probably delivered to students, his logical divisions of the subject may have been designed to aid their memory. He considers literature in its essential character to be a form of human expression, and that it must be included under the term art, which is the product resulting from the action of the soul upon nature. If, then, we can discover the essential characteristics of art, we shall discover some, at least, of the essential characteristics of literature.

Mr. Crashaw's remarks on "Verse" seem to us very discriminating and satisfactory. He appears to understand thoroughly the nature and function of poetry and discusses with much acuteness the different qualifications with which a genuine poet must be endowed. His chapter on "style"—its intellectual, emotional, imaginative, and aesthetic qualities—cannot fail to interest any sympathetic reader, while the articles on the Prose Romance and the Novel are carefully written, and fresh from the author's brain that has maturely reflected on the subject matter. As the volume does not contain more than two hundred and thirty pages, it can be read at a few sittings, and particular portions should be marked at the first perusal, and read again at leisure. It is a useful manual, and is well worth the dollar for which it may be purchased.

Special Notices.

Mr. R. D. McGibbon will speak to-night at Dr. Roddick's meeting, at 175 St. Antoine street.

To-morrow, Wednesday, will be our special bargain day for all dress makers' and milliners' supplies. We have decided to take 15 per cent. off all bills for dressmakers and milliners every Wednesday until further notice, at the great
AU BON MARCHE,
1883 and 1885 Notre Dame st.,
Alphonse Valiquette,
Opposite Balmoral Hotel block.

We have two new Decker Brothers' Upright Pianos that we are prepared to close out at a small advance on the cost to immediate purchasers. C. W. Lindsay, 2366 St. Catherine street, near Peel street.

Mr. R. D. McGibbon will speak to-night at Dr. Roddick's meeting, at 175 St. Antoine street.

A flash of lightning knocked a pair of spectacles from a woman's face in Stratford, Ont., the other day.

WHETHER YOU BUY...
"TETLEY'S" 40c., 50c., 60c., or 70c blend.
You are getting the best value for your money.
"Tetley's" TEAS
"FROM ANCIENT INDIA AND SWEET CEYLON."
125 1y1

EARLY CLOSING BY-LAW.

The Recorder's Judgment to be Appealed from.

Routine business was the order of the day at the City Council meeting yesterday afternoon. Mayor Wilson-Smith presided and there was a full attendance.

A petition was presented by Ald. Penny from the second-hand dealers, asking that they be relieved of the $50 tax.

The St. Charles Musical Club and the Liberal-Conservative Club asked for incorporation which was granted.

Ald. Prefontaine proposed the adoption of the reports of the Road and Finance Committees recommending that the homologated lines of Desery street, between Notre Dame and Rouville streets, be eraced and the settlement of the claim of Mr. A. A. Gilbeault. Ald. Prefontaine explained that the people residing between Notre Dame and Rouville streets did not want the street widened. When the city two years ago, decided to widen the street, Gilbeault built a house upon the homologated line. Since that time the city had had no money to expropriate and he thought it would be wiser for the city to settle with Gilbeault than incur heavy expenses later on.

The lease of part of Bonsecours Market to the Provincial Government for a term of ten years to establish an agricultural musee was submitted for approval. Ald. Connaughton having drawn the Council's attention to the fact that by leasing the property for ten years would give the lessee certain rights under the law, it was decided to lease the market for a term of nine years instead of ten, and the Mayor and City Clerk were authorized to sign the lease on behalf of the city.

The report of the Finance Committee recommending the leasing of a portion of the Chateau de Ramezay building for restaurant purposes at a rental of $1000 a year was adopted on motion of Ald. Connaughton.

On the motion of Ald. Marsolais instructions were given to the City Attorney to appeal to the Superior Court from the decision of the Recorder in regard to the early closing by-law. This motion was carried unanimously.

Alderman McBride was re-appointed Protestant School Commissioner, and Ald. Connaughton was made Catholic School Commissioner in the place of ex-Ald. Farrell.

AMUSEMENTS.

Sohmer Park.

A capital entertainment was given at Sohmer Park yesterday afternoon and evening. The "Four Masanos," in their eccentric musical acrobatic performance, were well worth seeing. Miss Grace Milburn sang charmingly, and Miss Kamochi performed some wonderful feats of magic. The Toute-Bonis gave some clever bell imitations. Lavigne's Band played a number of first-class selections.

Theatre Francais.

Taking into consideration the immense audience present, and the all-round excellence of those who filled the different roles, last night's performance of "The Plunger," at the Theatre Francais, must be pronounced an unqualified success. It would have been much better, however, if certain objectionable features in the dialogue had been eliminated. The play is one that possesses a number of exceedingly clever and effective situations, the climaxes being strong and powerful. tinge of comedy pervades the whole, and serves to keep the audience in the best of humor. In the hands of the Francais Stock Company, "The Plunger" received a good interpretation last evening, each member of the cast giving an excellent portrayal of the part alloted him. Mr. Ralph Cummings, as Dexter Diget, "The "Plunger," again sustained high reputation of being an actor of considerable merit. Mr. Robert Cummings, as Walter Glyndon, and Mr. William Stuart, as Risque Lincoln, did all that was required of them in their different roles. The other members of the cast proved a good support to the leading characters. The scenery and mechanical accessories were very elaborate and effective. Among the vaudeville artists were Gilbert Sarony, entertainer; Farrell and Taylor, musical comedians; Dick Legatt, English comique; Emma Francis, acrobatic song and dances; and Jennie Giovinni, in song and dance specialties. They provided an excellent vaudeville entertainment between the acts.

ST. ANDREW'S, BACK RIVER.

The anniversary services of St. Andrew's, Church of England, Back River, were held last Sunday. Both services were well attended, especially in the evening, when it was difficult to find seats for the numbers that wished to be present. The Rev. Mr. Lewis, of Christ Church Cathedral, preached in the morning, delivering a forcible and clever sermon, which was much appreciated by those present. Between twenty and thirty received communion. In the evening the Rev. G. Osborne Troop, rector of St. Martin's, preached an able and eloquent discourse from the text "Ye must be born again," at times holding the congregation spellbound as he unfolded idea after idea full of sublimity and touching pathos. Mayor Wilson-Smith was present, and at the close of the service a lady member of the church, on behalf of the churchwardens, presented His Worship with a bouquet of choice flowers. The choral portion of the service was exceptionally well rendered.

COAL OIL BARRELS MISSING.

On Thursday last the Maud from Ottawa, brought a consignment of fifty-three coal oil barrels filled, to Mr. W. R. Gardiner, of this city. The load was piled up at the canal basin and left there until sold on Saturday. On Saturday morning when a carter from the Bushnell Oil Company, called to take charge of the goods which had been disposed of to that firm he found fourteen had been stolen. The Canadian Secret Service was immediately notified of the affair, and by ten o'clock in the evening had traced the barrels and arrested Wm. Ethier, an employe of Geo. T. Labelle, jr., a coal merchant and dealer in barrels on suspicion. The prisoner pleaded not guilty yesterday when taken before Judge Desnoyers and was remanded for enquete.

UNDERGROUND WIRES.

The Road Committee yesterday afternoon decided to adopt the report of the sub-committee recommending the granting to the Bell Telephone Company of authorization to lay wires underground between the company's central office and the office on 8th Catherine street, by way of St. Alexander street. The City Attorney gave the opinion that such authorization would not clash with the rights of any other company.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH.

The Verdict Returned in the Case of Mr. T. B. Cartwright.

The coroner's jury yesterday decided that Mr. T. B. Cartwright's death was due to accidental shooting.

Cartwright was the young Englishman who was found on the mountain on Friday afternoon, dying with a revolver bullet in his brain, and died shortly after being found.

The inquest opened at the morgue. The first witness examined was Mr. George Caverhill, of Caverhill, Learmont & Co. He was acquainted with deceased, and saw him on Friday forenoon. He had endorsed a cheque for identification for him.

Coroner McMahon here informed the jury that in looking over Cartwright's effects, he found a diary. On June 4 an entry read: "I record this trip, and it is the last one."

Mr. Caverhill continued and said that he never saw deceased with a revolver. He was wealthy in his own right. When he saw him he was sober.

Dr. Wyatt Johnson testified that there was a wound in deceased's right temple.

Drs. John Gardner and John Gentles gave testimony in reference to the finding of the body.

Constable McKinnon, of the Mount Royal Force, said that he had seen deceased sitting on a beach near the observatory. He was alone. Three or four minutes after he passed he heard a shot. He thought that deceased was shooting at squirrels.

Mr. W. S. Weldon, Manager of the Windsor Hotel, had noticed nothing peculiar about Cartwright.

Constable Robert Downie, and Mr. J. W. Moffatt gave similar evidence.

John Mackelman, the carter who drove deceased up to the mountain, was the next witness. His evidence did not throw any additional light on Cartwright's death.

In addressing the jury, Coroner McMahon favored the idea that the death was due to an accident. After due deliberation the jury returned the following verdict:

"We, the undersigned jurors, having heard the evidence, declare that Thomas B. Cartwright died at Montreal, on the 5th day of June, 1896, having, through an accident, shot himself with a revolver, imputing blame to no one."

The body is to be sent to England for interment.

THE LATE MR. LACY.

The funeral of the late Mr. Edgar D. Lacy, resident manager of the Imperial Fire Insurance Company, of London, England, took place yesterday afternoon from his late residence, No. 2734 St. Catherine street. The floral tributes from the different insurance companies and personal friends of Mr. Lacy were many and beautiful. From the house the cortege proceeded to the Church of St. James the Apostle, where services were held. Rev. Canon Ellegood officiated, assisted by the Rev. G. Abbott Smith. There was a large number of the intimate friends of the deceased present, including among them representatives of the different insurance companies in this city.

There were no pallbearers, and the following gentlemen acted as chief mourners: Mr. R. McD. Patterson, Mr. Thos. Hiam, Mr. G. R. Kearley, Mr. G. B. Day, Mr. J. L. Marler and Mr. T. H. Hudson.

GOLDWIN-SMITH'S DEGREE.

[Special to the Star.]

Toronto, June 9.—Referring to the objections that are being made to the conference of an LL.D. degree upon Goldwin Smith by the Senate of Toronto University the World says: "On the whole it would not seem that the authorities showed much discretion when they voluntarily stirred up such a kettle of fish as is now before them. It is the St. George's Society scandal over again. Judges of the Superior Courts, magistrates, officials and leading lawyers are among the protesting dissentients and a very pretty row is threatened. At least one popular member of the Senate has sent in his resignation, and any number of other graduates will take their names of the books if, what they consider a gratuitous outrage is perpetrated by the professor's friends.

HELD FOR RANSOM.

Constantinople, June 9.—A startling case of brigandage occurred Sunday almost within the precincts of the capital of the Turkish Empire. Two carriages, one containing Madame Branzeau, a wealthy French lady, and the other bearing Madame Paragamian and her daughter, the wife and child of a rich American resident in this city, were attacked by brigands at Yalove, twenty miles from the city, and the occupants of the vehicle were carried off. Yesterday their captors caused to be conveyed to Constantinople the information that the ladies will be held until the demand of the brigands of £2000 ransom is complied with.

ASKING FOR A PLEDGE.

Harrison, N. J., June 9.—At a meeting of the Catholic Diocesan Union of New Jersey, held Sunday afternoon, the coming Presidential election was discussed. Rev. Father Bogan offered a resolution that the secretary of the Union be directed to forward to each of the Republican candidates for the nomination for President the following question:

"In the event of your election to the Presidency of the United States, will you, in the administration of that office, make any discrimination against Roman Catholics on account of their religious belief?"

CHARITIES AND CORRECTIONS.

Grand Rapids, Mich., June 9.—The place for holding the next annual Conference of Charities and Corrections was to have been settled in general session yesterday, but the committee to which the matter was referred asked for further time. It is understood the committee had decided to select New Orleans, but a committee from Toronto, Ont., arrived last night and some of the members have changed their minds and Toronto is likely to be selected.

ASSASSINATIONS IN HAVANA.

Havana, June 9.—That the work of extermination of non-combatants continues to a greater or less extent is evidenced by reports which are received from the country, not a day passes without some shocking story being told of brutal assassinations committed by the troops on defenceless people whose sole crime is being witnesses of the war raging all over the island, without taking any part in it.

The Ladies' Orange Benevolent Lodge No. 26, will hold a picnic to Isle Grois Bois on Saturday, the 11th of July.

BOARD OF TRADE CONGRESS.

BIG LONDON MEETING DISCUSSES PREFERENTIAL TRADE.

The Inter-Imperial Trade Question and Its Bearing on the Question of Consolidation of the Empire.

(By Cable from the Star's Special Correspondent in London.)

London, June 9.—Much interest is being evinced by statesmen and leaders of the mercantile community in the third congress of the Chambers of Commerce of the Empire which opened yesterday in the hall of the Grocers' Company, Princess street.

Yesterday was devoted to the reception of delegates, the first business sitting taking place this morning when the Right Hon. Jos. Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, and Honorary President of the Congress, welcomed the delegates to England.

After yesterday's reception most of the delegates visited the London and India docks, by invitation of the London and India Docks Joint Committee and partook of luncheon on board the steamship Caledonia, as the guests of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company.

Several of the delegates visited the East London Trades, Industries and Art Exhibitions and the general exhibition of the work of the students in the Polytechnic and Technical Institute, at the People's Palace and other places of interest.

At the luncheon on the Caledonia, Sir Mackenzie Bowell replied to the toast of "The British Empire." He remarked that Americans were usually accused of spread-eagleism and if he boasted of living as he did, alongside the United States he hoped for forgiveness.

Sir Mackenzie then lauded the loyalty of Canada, and said that the people of Canada would rather die to-morrow than be brought under the Stars and Stripes.

"Canada to-day," the speaker added, "is willing to surrender a portion of her fiscal policy in order to meet the sentiments of Canada, and the Canadians wished to make Canada the highway to the East."

Sir Mackenzie Bowell, in an interview yesterday, said that the object of the Congress was to bring the Empire together at the proper time, which was not far distant, when much closer trade relations between the colonies would be arrived at. While he was not a free trade, he was not so hidebound for protection as not to believe that the time was fast coming when the colonies would be quite prepared to make concessions, provided Great Britain would make some trifling concessions.

The Congress gave a cordial welcome to Mr. Chamberlain this morning. Thirty Canadian delegates were present, including Sir Donald A. Smith, Sir Mackenzie Bowell, Hon. T. M. Daly and Sanford Fleming.

Many Ministers and ex-Ministers of the Crown, Liberals and Conservatives, as well as other leading men, were present.

Mr. Chamberlain, in his speech of welcome, showed what he described as the impossibility of a general colonial adoption of free trade and the impossibility of British adoption of the colonial protective system. Hence, he pointed out, there was a seeming deadlock. He suggested as a basis for agreement the resolution of the Toronto Board of Trade proposing a customs union with practical free trade throughout the empire, leaving each part of the empire free to make its own arrangements regarding duties on foreign goods, with this essential condition, that Britain consents to place moderate duties on certain foreign imports like corn, meat, wool and sugar, which the colonies will soon wholly produce.

If such a proposal came from the colonies it would not meet with a blank refusal by the people of the Mother Country.

Mr. Osler moved the adoption of this Toronto resolution, and Lord Londonderry seconded it. Sir Donald Smith moved in amendment the resolution adopted at the general meeting of the Canadian delegates suggesting that Her Majesty's Government bring about an interchange of opinions, and favoring preferential trade.

Mr. Twigge, of Vancouver, seconded the amendment, which some English and colonial free traders opposed.

London, June 9.—(Special.)—The third Congress of the Chamber of Commerce in the British Empire opened at nine o'clock this morning in the hall of the Grocers' Company, Princess street, this city, with Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, and Honorary President of the Congress, in the chair. The splendid hall was filled with delegates from all parts of the Empire, those of each colony being grouped under their own banner. Canada had two tables and the others had one. The Canadian delegation was headed by Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Sir Sanford Fleming. The gallery was filled with ladies. Sir Albert K. Rollit, M. P., President of the London Chamber of Commerce, welcomed the delegates at the head of the stair-case. Mr. Chamberlain was accompanied by a number of noted colonists and agents-general, including Sir Henry Brougham Loch, Lord Knutsford, the Earl of Jersey, Sir George Baden-Powell, Sydney Buxton, M. P., Sir John Lubbeck, and many others. Mr. Chamberlain was enthusiastically cheered as he officially welcomed the delegates. Among other things he said he was rejoiced at every fresh indication of the essential unity of the Empire, upon which was founded all their hopes. The time was, he added, were never more favorable, and he trusted their deliberations would result in an advance towards the goal to which all patriot

MICHAEL LEAHY'S WANDERINGS.

HE LIVED IN A SWAMP AT ST. ROSE.

Wild Strawberries and Frogs' Legs Were His Principle Articles of Diet---Supposed to Have Left There on Sunday Night.

Michae. Leahy, the young man wanted by the Montreal authorities on the charge of murdering Arthur Dupuis on Soulanges street on Saturday evening, May 30, has been hiding in the bush near St. Rose for over a week, living on frogs' legs and strawberries, and whatever the charitable minded villagers chose to give him. He has not been seen since Sunday night last, and it is thought he took the nine o'clock train going in the direction of Montreal and got off again either at St. Martin or Sault au Recollet.

Leahy was first seen by a son of Mrs. William Lane, a lady who resides near the station, and who has charge of the large picnic grounds opposite. It was not quite six o'clock in the morning when the little fellow ran into the house and announced that three tramps were buildin, a fire near the river bank.

Mrs. Lane hurried across the street and ordered them to desist, as there is a dancing pavilion and several cabins made of pine wood near by, and she was afraid of a conflagration.

One of the party looked up and said, "Well, I suppose we must, but we are awful hungry."

The young man, who was subsequently believed to have been Leahy, said nothing at all, but pulled his hat well over his face and lay flat in the long grass as if trying to escape observation. The one who had spoken stamped out the blaze, and it was then the woman saw that the party were about to cook a number of frogs' legs to eat. As they could not cook them, she returned to her house and sent over a very substantial tired to the bush.

On completing their repast Leahy started to return the dish to the owner when a 'bus belonging to one of the hotels came down the road and it had such an effect on the young man that he dropped tea-pot and all to the ground and made a dash for the swamp from which he did not emerge until he reached the road well out of sight. He offered no explanation for his strange conduct to the lady but kept his eyes on the ground and the soft felt hat that he was wearing well down over his face and on being relieved of his burden immediately joined the other two and returned to the bush.

The next trace of him was found Friday evening, when Mrs. Lane saw him building a fire on one of the piers running out into the water. It was half pas. eight o'clock in the evening, and the young man was alone, as near as could be seen from the road. He was bending over the fire engaged in cooking something on the end of a stick. Mrs. Lane watched the operation for some time until on completing his work the boy disappeared into the darkness and the fire went out.

Early Saturday morning he again appeared on the picnic grounds, where he was joined by a man about forty-five years and a boy carrying a valise, which they afterwards opened and took out a quantity of food.

Mrs. Lane was in the cabin quite close by and overheard Leahy ask the man how he came down, and the reply was: "I got off at a place called St. Therese." The three kept on talking on different subjects and moved up toward the road where they sat down until the nine o'clock train from Montreal, having the Sherbrooke Street Methodist Church excursion party on board, arrived. This incident appeared to greatly excite the young man, and as he saw the crowds being from the cars, he shouted to his friends and then ran into the swamp, where he stayed throughout the day, going back again after the departure of his friends to Montreal in the evening.

This was the last seen of him by Mrs. Lane, but a gentleman residing across the river caught Leahy standing on the Rosemere platform, as if waiting for the late train that evening. He did not remain on seeing he was going to have company, but started off down the track On Sunday afternoon Mr. Hamilton, the C P. R. baggage master, saw him eating strawberries in the grove in front of the station.

Sunday evening, as near as could be ascertained by a Star reporter, appears to have been his farewell to the locality. That evening he walked over the railroad bridge to Rosemere, and after the nine o'clock train passed was not seen again.

THE LATE MR. TETU.

The funeral of the late Mr. F. D. Tetu took place to-day from his late residence, 99 St. Elizabeth street. The service was held at St. James Church. The Rev. Cure Adam, of the Sacred Heart parish, received the remains. Mass was sung by Mr. G. A. St. Jean, brother-in law of deceased, and vicar of the Sacred Heart. He was assisted by Abbe Tanguay and M. Plamondon.

Among those present were Messrs. D. Hennessy, C. Robidoux, A. Cotte, Z. Lefebvre, A. Marion, James Harper, L. Lesage, C. Marcil, H. Leclair, H. Senecal, H. Bouesnel, A. Senecal, J. Derome, A. Sabourin, L. J. Francois, A. Giroux.

Deceased was a prominent figure in French journalism. Mr. Tetu contracted a serious cold at a political meeting last autumn, which settled on his lungs and finally caused his death, which is deeply regretted by a large number of friends.

Y. M. C. A. ORCHESTRA.

The orchestra of the Young Men's Christian Association will give a public recital in the Reception Hall on Thursday evening at eight o'clock. An interesting and popular programme will be presented. Young men generally will be cordially welcome, and the members are invited to bring their lady or gentlemen friends.

SUING THE CITY.

Mr. Daniel MacLachlan Finnie, Ottawa, has taken an action against the city for $15,000. Mr. Finnie is the assignee of Mr Coates, and alleges that that gentleman deposited that sum when competing with the Montreal Gas Company for the city lighting contract. Coates not having obtained the contract, the refund of the deposit is sought.

THE BOURDON CASE.

Mr. H. C. St. Pierre, Q.C., to-day made application before Judge Dugas for a postponement for eight days of the preliminary examination in the case of Bourdon, ex-cashier of the R. and O. N. Co., who was recently brought back from France. The application was granted.

MURDER TRIAL POSTPONED.

The Bastien-Lagace murder trial was to-day sent over to the September term of the Court of Queen's Bench.

AN EXPENSIVE RIFLE SHOT.

Whitney, the volunteer who fired a rifle shot through a plate glass window at 1505 St. Catherine street, recently, pleaded guilty to the charge in Special Sessions to-day. His Honor Judge Desnoyers remarked that taking into consideration the fact that the prisoner had shown repentance by giving himself up to the authorities, and having paid damages, amounting to some $150, he would accordingly impose the smallest penalty for the offence, which was a fine of $25 or three months in gaol.

NOT EATEN FOR 107 DAYS.

The Case of Mrs. Henry Ingham is Baffling the Skill of Physicians.

Battle Creek, Mich., June 9.—The case of Mrs Henry Ingham, of this city, is baffling the skill of the best physicians in this part of the country. She has not taken a mouthful of food or drink for 107 days.

Mrs. Ingham had several teeth extracted fifteen years ago. She suffered considerable pain and a nervous shock, and later the muscles of her stomach were paralyzed. She could not eat anything, and suffered pain. For 362 days she was without food, and for 300 days she took neither food nor drink.

MRS. HENRY INGHAM.

She finally was sent to a mineral spring, and the water apparently cured her. She enjoyed good health for years, but suddenly was taken ill again, and her stomach became paralyzed.

Whether or not the doctors will be able to get her stomach into a normal state before starvation occurs is the problem that is confronting them now.

A VOLUNTEER CLUB

Formed in Favor of Mayor Wilson-Smith.

Several young men of St. Louis Ward have formed a volunteer club in favor Mayor R. Wilson-Smith, and will strive to their utmost to place him at the head of the poll on the 23rd of June. A big meeting inaugurating the proposed campaign is called for this evening at eight o'clock, in their room, 769 St. Lawrence Main street.

Prominent speakers including the candidate will address the meeting. It is hoped that the representative Liberal-Conservative voters of the wards will by their presence encourage the young volunteers.

CIVIC COAL CONTRACTS.

To the Editor of the Star:

Sir,—Regarding your remarks in last Friday's issue of your paper on the City Coal contract. As an interested party there-to I would like to call the attention of your readers to the fact that the Coal Contract for the City amounted to 1187 tons of egg coal, and 222 tons of stove 1409 tons total. This was distributed amongst the different departments, the City Hall receiving 350 tons as their share.

Out of the forty-five tenders received, as you have already mentioned, my tender was the lowest by 15 cents per ton. The action of, the City Hall Committee on this contract is quite fresh in the minds of your readers. The other committees, as you are also aware, have followed suit by distributing the contract amongst their friends and ignoring the lowest tender.

Thus you will see the saving of 15 cents a ton on 1409 tons would be considerable, or in other words they have thrown away as much money as would have paid the wages of two men to look after our squares during the summer, whose services had to be dispensed with for the want of funds in the City Treasury to pay for same. If this state of affairs is to continue with our City Council it is about time the citizens were calling a halt.

I care very little for the refusal of contract it is the principle at issue we have to contend with and I trust Mr. Editor you will, as you have always done, uphold the rights of citizens against a loose Civic Government Administration.

W. BELLINGHAM.

THE HANDBALL COURT.

On account of the rain the official opening of the new Handball Court, on Bleury street has been postponed till Thursday afternoon at four o'clock.

MR. MACDONALD'S CONDITION.

The Hon. D. A. Macdonald is considerably weaker this afternoon.

PERSONALS.

The Rev. Frederic Scott, of Drummondville, Quebec, is in Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Perras, of Ottawa, are stopping at the Queen's Hotel.

Rev. Fathers Tanguay and Fisette, of Sherbrooke, are guests at the St Lawrence Hall.

Among the guests at the Windsor is Mr. H. T. Machin, assistant treasurer of the Province of Quebec.

T. Herdt and family have left for their country residence, "Buenavista Cottage" at Ste. Agathe des Monts.

Walter B. McGibbon, of the McGibbon Coal Co., Superior, is in town visiting his father, Wm. McGibbon.

Mr. William Farrell, General Manager of the Eastern Townships Bank, Sherbrooke, is a guest at the Windsor Hotel.

Mr. J. W. Burdick, of Albany, N. Y., and General Passenger agent of the Delaware & Hudson Canal Co.s, Railroad is stopping at the Windsor.

Mr. A. Branchaud, Q.C., and his family have left town to spend the season in their summer residence at "A. L. I. C. Cottage" Sault au Recollet.

Mr. Robert Wright has returned from a trip to Great Britain and is located at the Windsor. Mr. Wright was formerly treasurer of the Grand Trunk Railway.

Miss Mabel Pease, daughter of Mr. D. O. Pease, district passenger agent of the Grand Trunk Railway, who has spent the last three months with relatives in Winnipeg, returned to Montreal this morning.

Mr. Peter Brown, dentist, accompanied by Dr. George A. Sullivan, of Albany, N.Y., have left for Ottawa, where they have been invited to lecture on the use of electricity and cocain for the painless filling of teeth, at the annual convention of the Eastern Ontario Dental Association.

MARRIAGES.

PANNETON-DESILETS — At Three Rivers, June 8th, Eugene Panneton, Esq., merchant, second son of P. E. Panneton, Esq., of Three Rivers, to Rochelle, second daughter of Alfred Desilets, Esq., prothonotary.

THE WEATHER.

11 a.m. — Probabilities for the next twenty-four hours: Showery, and cool, with northerly winds.

Maximum and minimum temperatures during the past twenty-four hours: Calgary, 66, 32; Edmonton, 68, 42; Qu'Appelle, 64, 54; Winnipeg, 62, 46; Port Arthur, 52, 46; Toronto, 75, 52; Ottawa, 62, 48; Montreal, 62, 54; Quebec, 60, 52; Halifax, 70, 48.

Readings by Harrison & Co.'s Standard Instruments, June 9.

	Ther.	Bar.
Midnight	58	29.63
6 a.m.	55	29.65
11 a.m.	60	29.66

THE CAMPAIGN.

The Liberal-Patron Compact Revelation

IS CAUSING CONSTERNATION AMONG LIBERALS AND PATRONS.

Several McCarthyite Candidates in Ontario Drop Out of the Race.

[Special to the Star.]

Toronto, June 9.—The revelation with regard to the compact between the Liberals and the Patrons has caused and is continuing to cause quite a sensation in political circles. It is believed that the proof that the Patrons have developed into a sort of passive annex of the Liberal party will have a disastrous effect on the political influence of that body. The disclosures certainly place the Patrons in a very awkward position, for that body depended for much of its support upon former independent Conservatives, who would never consent to leave their old party simply for the purpose of strengthening the Liberal cause. Though this might have favored the Patrons in a three cornered fight, in a straight election between candidates of the two great parties they will vote with their old party, for they are far from being Grits, and do not propose to help the Liberals into power by voting for Liberal candidates running under the guise of Patrons. Consequently it is not surprising that since the revelation of the existence of the Patron-Liberal compact the Conservative canvassers in the country constituencies report considerable accessions of strength.

THE PREMIER'S ONTARIO TOUR.

Ottawa, June 9.

Sir Charles Tupper left in his private car by the C. P. R. at ten forty this morning. Mr. J. P. Whitney, M. P. P., was on the train. Before leaving, Sir Charles, referring to last night's meeting, said: "It was a grand meeting. True it was very disgraceful, but it made us a lot of votes. The refusal of our opponents to hear Mr. Desjardins was a great mistake on their parts."

Mr. Dupont, ex-M. P. for Bagot, is in the city. He will speak in favor of A. M. Champagne's candidature in Ottawa ward market this evening.

A convention of the Liberals of Carleton county took place here yesterday, when it was unanimously agreed to nominate Mr. McKellar, of Nepean, as the Reform candidate.

Mr. J. J. McGee, Clerk of the Privy Council, left this morning for Montreal.

An influential deputation of French-Canadian electors waited upon Sir Charles Tupper yesterday afternoon, and presented their objections to voting for Ald. Champagne, asking the Premier to use his influence to induce that gentleman's withdrawl in favor of Sir Adolphe Caron. What the result is cannot be ascertained, but report says that Sir Charles promised consideration to their representations, another says he read them a lecture on party adhesion to the decision of a convention.

LAURIER AT AILSA CRAIG.

London, Ont., June 9.—(Special.)—A large meeting greeted Mr. Laurier at the little village of Ailsa Craig yesterday afternoon. People came by special train from Sarnia, Park Hill and Forest, a half holiday having been declared in the latter town. While Mr. Laurier was speaking in the Driving Park the rain came down in torrents upon the unprotected crowd. Mr. Laurier pleaded that the strain might be too severe on him and retired. R. Collins, barrister, of Exeter, was the chairman, and other speakers were the candidate, V. Ratz, W. Y. McLean, M.P.P., of Seaforth; W. C. Moscrip, of St. Marys, and George C. Gibbons, Q.C., and C. S. Hyman, of London.

IN SOUTH RENFREW.

Arnprior, Ont., June 9.—A meeting in the interests of Mr. John Brady, Reform candidate in South Renfrew, was held in the Town Hall here last night. It was an orderly gathering, presided over by Mr. George Craig. The speakers were: Mr. James Craig, of Renfrew, Mr. Dowling, an Ottawa barrister, and Mr. Barron, ex-M. P., one of "the noble thirteen."

The speeches, the chief of which was Mr. Barrons, covered the usual ground of those being made in this campaign, and there was but little local reference. Mr. Brady, the candidate, was not present. The fight in this constituency is a triangular one, the Conservatives, Patrons and Liberals being represented.

M'CARTHYITES DROP OUT.

Toronto, June 9.— (Special.)— Rev. E. S. Rowe, one of the McCarthy candidates nominated last night for West Toronto, this morning gave his answer and has decided not to run. A. T. Hunter will run alone in the McCarthy interest.

Brock in North Middlesex and Taylor in East Middlesex, both McCarthyite nominees, have retired. They state that they saw no hope of election in a three-cornered fight. The Liberal candidate refused to drop out and leave the contest to be fought out between the McCarthyites and Government candidates on the school question.

It has been definitely decided that Sir Charles Tupper will visit this city and deliver a speech. The date has not been fixed, but it will be the latter end of next week.

SUTHERLAND AND MARTIN.

Winnipeg, June 9.—Mr. Boyd held a political picnic at a place called Macdonald, in his constituency, yesterday. Hon. Jos. Martin represented Rutherford, the Liberal candidate. Mr. Hugh Sutherland and Mr. Hogel spoke for Boyd. Martin, in his speech, abused Sutherland for his actions in connection with the Hudson Bay Railway. Mr. Sutherland came after him and delivered a scathing invective, calling Martin a coward. Considerable uproar ensued and the excitement was intense. This is the first time Sutherland has had a chance to meet Martin on a public platform.

HOCHELAGA.

Mr. Madore, the Liberal candidate for Hochelaga, will hold a meeting to-night in St. Charles Hall, on Island street, in St. Gabriel Ward. Prominent speakers will address the meeting. Dr. Lachapelle and his friends are invited to make the discussion.

JACQUES CARTIER.

There will be a public meeting at Van Horne avenue, Outremont, to-morrow night, at half-past seven. Both candidates are invited to attend.

CARLETON COUNTY.

Ottawa, Ont., June 9.—J. McKellar, of Nepean, has been offered and accepted the Liberal nomination in the County of Carleton.

MEXICO SHIPPING ORANGES.

Washington, June 9.— The Mexicans are taing advantage of the scarcity of Florida oranges and they are shipping their supply of the fruit to this country. Last season four hundred carloads were shipped to the United States, but this season fully six hundred carloads will be exported.

GREATER NEW YORK.

Commissioners to Prepare the Charter Appointed.

Albany, N.Y., June 9.—Governor Morton has just announced the commissioners to prepare a charter for the consolidated cities and towns on islands in New York harbor. Those named in the Act are: The President of the old commission, Andrew H. Green; the State Engineer, the Attorney-General, the Mayor of New York, the Mayor of Long Island City. Those appointed by the Governor are: Seth Low, President of Columbia College, and ex-Mayor of Brooklyn; Gen. Benjamin F. Traecy, ex-Judge of the Court of Appeals and ex-Secretary of the Navy; John F. Dillon, ex-Judge United States Circuit Court; Ashbel P. Fitch, lawyer, ex-member of Congress and now Comptroller of the City of New York, for New York City; General Stewart L. Woodford lawyer and ex-Lieutenant-Governor: Silas B. Dutcher, banker and ex-Superintendent of Public Works; Wm. C. Dewitt, lawyer, and formerly Corporation Counsel for Brooklyn; George M. Pinney, jr., lawyer and District Attorney for Richmond County, and Garrett J. Garrettson, County Judge for Queen's County.

UNITED STATES POLITICS.

An English Paper Thinks it Sees Another Civil War Ahead.

London, June 9.—The Weekly Times-Echo makes some sensational comments on the trend of affairs in United States politics. It gravely announces the prospect of the immediate secession of the south and west and of the formation of three unions of States. Here is one passage: "Leading western men already have not hesitated to declare publicly if a gold-bug President is elected they will go solid at once for separation. The South will follow suit."

This editorial concludes: "If another colossal civil war should divide the English-speaking people across the Atlantic—and it is to-day, we solemnly believe, but too great a probability—it would be a shame to the Anglo-Saxon race and a blow to every friend of liberty."

THE CUBAN FLAG

Occupies a Prominent Place in the St. Louis Convention Hall.

St. Louis, Mo., June 9.—Probably no flag in the Auditorium will attract more attention and cause more comment than that of the Cuban insurgents. It occupies a conspicuous place; in fact, the most conspicuous place in the entire building. The colors of the Cuban republic can be seen from any seat in the gallery or dress circle, and that is more than can be said of any other national emblem in the building. Even the President's flag or banner just above the Cuban colors, will not be visible to some of the occupants of the dress circle.

HULL'S DEBENTURES.

Mayor Wilson-Smith Awarded $65,000 Worth at Par.

Ottawa, June 9.—The Hull Council met last night to consider the offers obtained by Mayor Champagne and City Treasurer Thibeault for the $168,000 worth of five per cent. debentures recently put on the market. It was decided to accept that of Mr. Wilson-Smith, Mayor of Montreal, for the purchase of $65,000 worth of the debentures at par, and of Mr. Bazin, of this city, for $10,000 worth, also at par. This amount meets the immediate requirements of the city, and it was agreed to defer the sale of the balance of the debentures, $93,000, for a year.

FRANCE AND TIMBOO.

Washington, June 9.—Taking as his starting point the official announcement of the annexation by France of Timboo, the principal place in the Djalon country, a district larger than the State of Pennsylvania and quite as fertile, United States Consul Strickland, at Goree-Dakar, has made a most interesting report to the State Department upon the dangers threatening United States trade with Africa, owing to the rapid extensions of the colonial possessions of the European nations.

He shows how the French by the imposition of a discriminating duty of 7 per cent. against foreign goods have monopolized the markets of the French colonies and have thus crushed out the lucrative and growing trade which the United States already enjoyed in that part of the world.

He says that the process has now begun of fortifying perhaps the whole continent of Africa against us by protective tariffs, for if one nation can even now do it with effect the remainder will in time have to in order to equalize things between them.

MILITIA RETURNS.

[Special to the Star.]

Ottawa, June 9.—There has been considerable dissatisfaction expressed as to the late militia efficiency returns, owing to the fact that some of the inspecting officers have used old forms, and others the existing forms for the inspection returns, thus destroying the uniformity of the inspections. To avoid this in future, the military authorities are about to issue a new form, which has been approved by the inspecting officers, and which will be used in future. It is also probable that in future efficiency returns will not be published in general orders, but in district orders.

A BRAKEMAN KILLED.

[Special to the Star.]

Sutton Junction, Que., June 9.—At about seven o'clock this morning as a special freight train was passing Sutton Junction the brakeman on the rear end of the train while attempting to set up his brakes fell between the cars and was run over and killed. Inquest held and the verdict accidental. Deceased's name was R. H. Nelson, of South Durham.

LATE MAJOR SHRAPNEL.

(Special to the Star.)

Toronto, June 9.—The death is announced of Major H. N. S. Shrapnel at Orillia, Ont. Major Shrapnel was 84 years of age, was the youngest son of the late Major-General Shrapnel, R.A. The latter gentleman was the inventor of the Shrapnel shell, which stands today as one of the greatest military inventions for use in modern warfare.

BIG CEMENT CONTRACT.

(Special to the Star.)

Ottawa, June 9.—It is understood the contract for supplying ten thousand barrels of cement for the construction of the Trent canal has been awarded by the Railway and Canals Department to the Rathbun Company, of Deseronto. There were a large number of tenderers.

BRITISH OFFICERS ARRESTED.

Berlin, June 9.— Two British officers have been arrested at Metz on suspicion of being spies, engaged in obtaining information regarding Germany's fortifications. It is likely that they will be released shortly.

AUSTRALIAN CRICKETERS WIN.

London, June 9.— At Wombledon Park to-day the Australian cricket team defeated the English eleven by 135 runs.

Through the representations of Mr. J. E. B. Baillie, M.P. for Inverness-shire, the telegraph is about to be extended to Staffin, in the Isle of Skye.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

ELABORATE PREPARATIONS AT ST. LOUIS.

Extraordinary Care Taken to Provide Lodging and Boarding Accommodation for the Delegates ---Elaborate Badges.

St. Louis, Mo., June 9.—The Sergeant-at arms, Mr. Byrnes, and his first assistant, Mr. Wiswell, of Milwaukee, arrived on the scene to-day and began arranging details regarding the door-keepers, ushers and pages for the big convention. Chief Harrigan has promised a couple of hundred policemen.

The portraits of General Grant, Admiral Farragut, Abraham Lincoln, General Phil Sheridan and George Washington have been arranged. The omission of living leaders is intentional, the local committee having been placed under restrictions.

Editor Lannen, of the Salt Lake Tribune arrived to-day. He says: "It would be folly for any one man to say what the convention will do on the money question, but I am confident it will not declare for a single gold standard."

Arrangements for the big Convention are nearly complete. Housekeepers, purveyors, caterers, hotel men, saloonists and merchants are in a bustle of excited anxiety over the approach of Convention week. Extensive preparations, apparent only to those concerned, are in progress for the entertainment and handling of the immense crowd of visitors expected here in a few days. Everything is in readiness at the hotels; thousands of dwelling houses have been prepared for the lodging of strangers; large quantities of provisions have been stored by restaurateurs; saloons have been temporarily enlarged, and it is felt that St. Louis could to-morrow accommodate the national gathering with as much facility as a week hence.

"While it is true that, under ordinary circumstances, the handling of 100,000 visitors would be a stupendous task," said Capt. Frank Gaiennie, "our people have been so thoroughly educated in such matters that we can probably do more with a great assemblage than any other city in the country. Our Veiled Prophet festivities and the annual fair bring nearly as large crowds as the Republican Convention will attract. I have every confidence that we will get through the third week of June with as much ease and success as we ever hoped for. There can be no advance in the prices of staple goods and farm produce, as the entire Mississippi Valley is competing in the sale of supplies for Convention time. Absolutely no inconvenience will be encountered in accommodating all visitors who have not already arranged for their lodgings. I think there will be a larger number of apartments than occupants."

"It means a great deal of work to handle 100,000 visitors," said W. C. Cunningham, chief clerk of the Planters' Hotel, "and I don't believe that the Convention will bring that many strangers here. Anyhow, such a crowd is much different from the throngs that come to attend shows, see circuses, or go to fairs. There are few women in National Convention crowds. Every one who comes is primed with a purpose. Whenever a man leaves his hotel or lodging house during Convention week he knows where he's going, and he doesn't lose much time in getting to his destination."

Mr. Cunningham has served as hotel manager during two National Conventions, and he doesn't think that the role of a boniface at such times is superlatively pleasant. But his opinion as to the number of the gathering which will be here next week is not shared by Lew Harper, of the Southern Hotel, who thinks the crowd may go away above the 100,000 mark. John F. Donovan, manager of the Lindell Hotel, estimates that the number will be about 60,000, while Capt. Gaiennie fixes it at an even 100,000.

An interesting feature of the arrangements for next week is presented by the fact that almost every hotel in town is temporarily increasing its cafe and saloon accommodations. This recalls the old story that Democrats drink more whisky than Republicans do, but few local saloonists seem to be influenced by this theory.

But every one acknowledges that a Republican convention causes an extraordinary consumption of food in the locality where the assemblage gathers; and though some saloonkeepers may fear that the crowd will leave half its thirst at home, St. Louis grocers are confident that it will bring its whole appetite along.

It is estimated that the hotels, including the family hostelries and those which serve other purposes in ordinary periods, will accommodate between 7500 and 10,000 guests. The Planters' and Southern Hotels will room about 1200 persons each. It is expected that 600 will find quarters at the Lindell. But the apartments at the bigger hotels have already been engaged.

The bureau of information established by the Business Men's League is registering only those lodging houses which offer their addresses inside the territory bounded by Cass. Chouteau and Grand avenues. In this area of about four and one-half square miles accommodations have so far been registered for 8000 persons.

It is announced that fully 5000 persons can be quartered in comfortable houses, hitherto virtually unused for hotel purposes, within a radius of a few blocks of the Exposition building.

Conservative calculations have resulted in an estimate that more than 10,000 houses will be available for lodging places during Convention week, though of course many of these are located at points inconveniently remote from the down-town district. But so confident are those in charge of the Bureau of Information that no difficulty will be experienced in accommodating all visitors, that they have notified lodging house keepers outside the central section to withhold their names and addresses from the registry until the latter part of this week.

Over 4000 badges will be worn at the Convention. In most cases, they will serve as tickets of admission. In number, variety and workmanship they will surpass anything in the badge line ever worn at a National Convention of any kind. Some will be distinguished from the others by miniature representations in gold and silver of American eagles, flags and other emblems. There will be some eighteen different designs and the badges of no two classes will be of the same color. The badges worn by the delegates, for example, will be blue, while those of the alternates will have an olive tint.

The emblems will not be of solid gold or silver, but heavily coated, the same as the lettering and the fringing. The body of the badge will be of satin. The dimensions will be about 2 1-2 by 8 inches. That is the average size. Some will be a little larger than others. The prettiest design is, perhaps, the one chosen for the National Committee. The top is an American eagle with outstretched wings. The words "St. Louis National Convention" stands out conspicuously in gold letters under the bird. The word "National" is enough out of line to give room for an American shield between the two words "St. Louis" and "Convention."

Golden lines interlaced run from these two words to a picture of the Goddess of Liberty with an American shield in the centre of the badge. Further down comes the State coat of arms, the designs being different for the various States. Committeeman Kerens' badge, for instance, will have the seal of this State and Committeeman Salisbury's the seal of Utah. On the one two bears will be conspicuous, and on the other a beehive.

The badge to be presented to the gentleman chosen as permanent chairman of the Convention will have an eagle at the top and flags at the sides a little below. From the eagle's beak flies a streamer with the word "victory." "St. Louis, 1896," is printed in golden letters near the centre of the badge, followed by the words "Republican National Convention."

The design of the temporary chairman's badge is similar, flags and an eagle being prominent in each. The badges of the delegates and alternates will be distinguished by the seals of the States and Territories represented. Each will be guarded by an American eagle. Every badge will bear the words "St. Louis, June 16, 1896." The delegates will have gold and the alternates silver finishing. The sergeant-at-arms will have flags and eagles on his badge, with plenty of gold lettering. The color of the badge itself will be purple, which is Colonel Byrnes' favorite. Some of the other colors selected are white, for the chairman, golden brown for the secretary and sapphire for the press. The distinguishing emblem of the newspaper man's badge will be the time-honored quill.

BREACH OF PROMISE SUIT.

London, June 9.—Before the Chief Justice, Baron Russell of Kilowen, and a special jury to-day, the hearing of the breach of promise suit of May Core, the actress, against Viscount Sudley, a lieutenant in the Royal Horse Guards, and eldest son of the Earl of Arran, was commenced.

Miss Core estimates that she has sustained damage to the amount of £15,000 by the fickleness of the young Viscount. The attorney for the plaintiff stated that he would show that his client, whose real name was Mary Stewart Smith, had kept company with the Viscount with the understanding that she was to become his wife.

At the solicitation of his family, she left him, receiving £500 therefor, and signing a paper of release. She then placed herself under the protection of Lieutenant Sturton, a brother of Baron Mowbray, but later left him, and was induced to return to Viscount Sudley on his promise of marriage, which he again failed to carry out.

TO RUN TO GALVESTON.

London, June 9.—A Berlin despatch to the Times says that the Hamburg-American Steamship Co. has decided to establish a regular line of passenger and freight steamers between Hamburg and Galveston, Texas.

PROMOTED TO BE AN ENVOY.

London, June 9.—The Times Berlin correspondent says that Count Von Rex, German Minister resident at Caracas, Venezuela, has been promoted to the rank of envoy.

YOUTHFUL JEWEL THIEVES.

Three youths were arraigned before Judge Dugas to-day on a charge of stealing jewellery from the establishment of Mr. Moss, Notre Dame street. After hearing the evidence, the judge ordered the boys to be locked up in the cells for two hours. They were arrested by Detective Campeau.

Captain David Gray, well-known in Scotland as an Arctic navigator, died in Peterhead, Aberdeenshire, a few days ago at the age of 68. For forty-four years he captained vessels sailing to the Arctic seas, and his great success obtained for him the name of the "Prince of Whalers." He was also recognized as a leading authority not only on Arctic navigation and whale hunting, but in the natural history of the whale, his contributions on the subject to the scientific world being highly valued. His aggregate catch in the Arctic regions amounted to no less than about 200 whales and a 170,000 seals.

A remarkable occurrence took place recently in the parish churchyard of Maldon, in Essex. After the evening service two members of the choir discovered a girl, five years of age, hanging from a tree near the vestry. A rope was tied tightly round the neck of the girl, who was going black in the face. Three other young children who, it subsequently transpired, had suspended their playmate, were looking on with perfect equanimity. The girl was dazed when released.

The long sustained efforts to secure for Sheffield a university college have proved successful, and Firth College, Sheffield Technical School, and the School of Medicine are to be incorporated with Victoria University, Manchester. It is enacted in the constitution that female students shall be admissible to participate in the benefits and government of the college.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Reported for the STAR by Gordon Strathy & Co., Stock Brokers, 9 St. Sacrament street.

Close.	June 9. Ask.	June 9. Bid.	June 8. Ask.	June 8. Bid.
Canadian Pacific Ry.	62¾	61½	62½	61¾
Do do Land Bonds	—	—	—	—
Commercial Cable	160	159	160¼	159½
Duluth S.S. & Atlantic	6	4¾	6	4¾
Do do pfd.	13	—	13	—
Montreal Telegraph	167	165	167	164
Rich. & Ont. Nav. Co.	90	—	90	—
Montreal St. Ry. Co.	219¾	219¼	219¾	219¼
Montreal Gas Co.	187½	186	187½	186
Bell Telephone Co.	156	153	156	153½
Do do Bonds	—	—	—	—
Royal Electric xd	—	108	120	108
Bank of Montreal	220¾	219¾	220	218
Ontario Bank	—	56½	—	56½
Bank of Brit. North Am.	—	—	—	—
People's Bank	—	—	—	—
Molsons Bank	180	178	180	178
Bank of Toronto	—	—	—	—
Jacques Cartier Bank	—	—	—	—
Merchants Bank	166	164	166	160
E. Townships Bank	—	—	—	—
Quebec Bank	—	—	120	—
La Banque Nationale	—	—	—	—
Union Bank	—	100	—	—
Can. Bank of Commerce	127	126½	131	127
La Banque Ville Marie	100	73	100	73
Hochelaga Bank	123½	—	—	—
Merchants. Bk. Halifax	164	160	—	—
Intercolonial Coal	—	—	—	—
Do do pref.	—	—	—	—
North-West Land Co. pref.	—	—	—	—
Canada Central Bonds	—	—	—	—
Champlain & St. L. Bonds	—	—	—	—
Montreal Cotton xd	130	123	130	123
Can. Col. Cot. Mill Co.	60	50	65	50
do do Bonds	100	99¾	100	—
Merchants Manf'g Co.	—	—	—	—
Dom. Cotton Mills Co.	97	90	100	90
Loan & Mortgage Co.	—	—	135	—
Diamond Glass Co	—	—	—	—
Toronto Railway	69	68	69	68¾
West. Trust & Loan Co.	—	—	—	—
Postal Tel. Co	87	86	86½	85¾

STOCKS STEADY.

Transactions this forenoon were not of great volume, though prices were well maintained. The trading in the miscellaneous list was mainly professional and Banks were in more request by investors. Montreal Street Ry. were dealt in at 210 to 210 1-2 and Postal at 86 1-2 to 86 3-8. Toronto Ry. were placed at 69 and Telegraph at 166. Bank of Montreal sold at 220 to 221, and Merchants at 164 to 164 1-2. Commerce opened at 127 and fell off to 126, closing higher at 126 3-8. The rest of the list was neglected.

The London market was reported as featureless and the tone generally weaker. It is stated that Germany is seeking more gold on account of the advance in discount at Berlin.

Wall Street was reported as unimproved and growing apathetic all round. Mr. D. O. Mills says regarding the effect of the nomination of Mr. McKinley on foreign investment in American securities: "Regardless of the nominee, there is no doubt that the Republican platform at St. Louis will be found sufficiently sound to satisfy all foreigners. However, we are not working for foreigners just now, but for ourselves. There is ample money in this country to take care of all good securities and the speculative securities can take care of themselves;" and Mr. D. Prime writes in the Daily Stockholder: "All things considered, I think the month of June opens to us just about as we wish it would, if we had the making of it. As I said before, it is the great big crops the country needs this year. We had not yet got rid of our vast surplus of 1895. The railroad traffic shows conclusively that they are in the country still. There is no distress, as some have stated, among the agricultural classes even with this era of low prices. The people are all having a good time. They never had so much to eat, drink and wear as to-day. What more do they want?"

Morning Sales.—29 Bank of Montreal at 220, 29 at 220 1-2, 20 at 221; 7 Bell Telephone at 156; 25 Commerce at 127, 56 at 126, 27 at 126 3-8; 10 Toronto Ry. at 69; 13 Telegraph at 166; 37 Merchants at 164, 25 at 164 1-2; 25 Postal at 86 1-2, 25 at 86 3-8; 75 Street Ry. at 210, 2 at 210 1-2.

Afternoon Sales.—18 Telegraph at 166.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Specially reported for the STAR by C. D. Monk, 16 St. Sacrament street, local Manager for J. S. Bache & Co., New York, over direct private wire.

	June 9. Op'g.	Close	June 8. Op'g.	Close
Amer. Cot. Oil Co.	—	—	—	—
Amer. Tob.	65⅝	65⅛	64⅝	65⅛
Do. do. pref.	—	—	—	—
Do. Sugar Rfg. Co.	123¾	122⅞	124½	123⅞
Do Do Do pref.	104	104	103⅝	104⅛
Atchison, Top. & St. Fe	14⅝	14⅛	14⅝	14¼
Chicago, B. & Q.	77½	77½	77½	77½
Baltimore & Ohio	—	—	—	18
Bay State Gas Co.	—	—	—	28
Canadian Pacific	—	—	—	—
New York Cen. & Hud.	—	—	96⅛	96
Cleveland, C., C. & St. L.	—	—	—	33½
Chicago Gas	67¾	67⅛	68½	67¾
Ches. & Ohio	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛
Canada Southern	50¼	50¼	—	—
Distillers & Cattle Fdrs.	16¼	16¼	17¼	16⅞
Denver & R. Grande pr'f	47¼	47¼	—	—
Delaware & Hudson	—	—	—	—
Del. Lack & Western	—	—	—	—
Duluth	—	—	—	—
Do Pref.	—	—	—	—
E. T., Lake Erie & West.	—	—	—	—
Do Pref.	—	—	—	—
General Electric	32¾	32¼