LATE NEWS EDITION

The Standard.

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HARM FROM THE FLEETS MESSAGES

London, August 1.—It is now asserted that wireless telegraphy may turn out to be a great menace to the health of the human race.

Basing his alarming suggestion upon the fact that the Admiralty is now sending messages to the British fleet at sea by means of a wireless telegraphic apparatus erected at the Navy Headquarters in Whitehall, a well-known scientist says:

"This means that ether waves are being let loose in one of the densest parts of London, in my opinion a most dangerous experiment, considering the totally unsuspected results produced by X-rays, which are only another form of ether waves, upon people coming into frequent contact with them.

"With this wireless system once in general use, the people not only of London, but of all England, will be continually subjected to these mysterious and little-understood ether disturbances, with possible calamitous results in the shape of some fearful and obscure disease akin to that caused by X-rays."

Professor Sir William Crookes, when consulted on the subject, immediately admitted the possibility of the wireless rays being injurious.

"Marconi rays and X-rays," he said, "are both vibrations of ether. The X-rays did not produce any injurious effect for some years, and the fact that they were at all dangerous was not suspected. Personally, though I have worked with the X-rays from the beginning, I have escaped harm. It is possible that the wireless rays may have an ill-effect upon people constantly subjected to them, though I have not heard of a case yet."

GRUESOME RECORD OF EXECUTIONS

London, August 1.—Taking his cue from the text on which Leo Tolstoi founded his terrible arraignment of the Russian Government because of its massacres by the official hangmen, a correspondent in St. Petersburg sends to the London Daily Telegraph the following gruesome extracts from his diary

June 17—Execution in Ekaterinoslav (the victim pulled the noose himself); execution in Lodz.

June 18—Nine death sentences. Report to the Prison Department that a "political" was shot in a Kiev prison because "he had seated himself on the window-ledge and enjoyed the landscape.

June 19—One execution in Riga; two death sentences there for the burning of a manorial state; two death sentences in Samara.

June 20—Six executions in Sebastopol and Warsaw.

June 21—Two executions; seventeen death sentences (one against a cripple for firing a heap of straw. In Elizabethgrad the guard shot at political prisoners for looking out of the window of the prison, and wounded two of them.

June 22—Two women, on account of alleged participation in the attempt on Governor-General Skalon, condemned to death.

June 23—Death sentence.

WHOLE CITY JOINS IN THE MERRY HUNT FOR THE MYSTERIOUS MR. RAFFLES.

A section of the immense crowd which stood in front of The Standard Office for two hours to-day on the watch to catch the Mysterious Mr. Raffles. It was announced that the missing gentleman would mingle with the crowd in front of The Standard Office between the hours of 12.30 and 1.30. Long before the hour appointed an immense good-natured crowd gathered which was kept in order by a squad of police. The above picture was taken at 1.17, at the hour when Billie Bliss was given his get-a-way signal.

(See pages and nine.)

—Photo by A. I. Rice.

TEN IMPORTANT RAFFLES POINTERS.

Mr. Raffles' height is 5 feet 9 1-4 inches.
Mr. Raffles' weight is 133 pounds.
Mr. Raffles' hair is very dark brown.
Mr. Raffles' eyes are Slate grey.
Mr. Raffles' face is oval, with rather pointed chin.
Mr. Raffles' nose has medium wide nostrils with slight hump on bridge.
Mr. Raffles' manner is quick, alert and active.
Mr. Raffles' eyes are sharp and penetrating.
Mr. Raffles' mouth is medium wide.
Mr. Raffles' complexion is medium dark.

WATCH FOR HIM.

COLLIERY EXPLOSION KILLS THREE

Scranton, Pa., August 1.—One miner was killed, two were fatally injured, and four others slightly hurt this afternoon by an explosion of gas in the Bellejue Colliery of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Company near this city. The man killed was Gottenried Ross. Those fatally injured are Benjamin Hughes and Arthur Jones, both of whom have large families. The four men slightly hurt are suffering from burns and bruises caused by flying debris.

RAFFLES RECOGNIZED BY COMMITTEE.

Mr. Philip F Frank, of the Boston Shoe Store, and Mr. Carroll, both members of the Committee which met Billie Bliss at the Hotel Windsor on the night of his official disappearance, were in the office of The Montreal Star to-day and POSITIVELY RECOGNIZED BILLIE BLISS, THE MYSTERIOUS MR. RAFFLES OF THE MONTREAL STANDARD at exactly 1.02 p.m., while The Man of Mystery was standing directly in front of The Star office on the opposite side of the street in the midst of the crowd searching for him.

SUES FOR A LEGAL SEPARATION

San Francisco, August 1.—Katherine Osbourne, wife of Lloyd Osbourne, a novelist and stepson of Robert Louis Stevenson, filed suit for maintenance against her husband, charging him with deserting her in 1901. She alleged that her mother-in-law, Mrs. Robert Louis Stevenson, was the cause of her domestic difficulties.

The Osbournes were married in San Francisco in April, 1896, and have two children. She asks $300 a month for the support of herself and children.

HUNDREDS OF FRASERS IN PICTOU GREETED LORD LOVAT, CHIEF CLANSMAN

Special to The Standard.

New Glasgow, N.S., August 1.—Antigonish yesterday conferred the degree of LL. D. on Lord Lovat. In the party were Governor Fraser and President Chisholm, of the Halifax Canadian Club, and others. On his arrival at New Glasgow in the evening, the Town Council, represented by Mayor McColl, presented his Lordship with an address. A reception in the parlors of the Vendome Hotel followed. It was attended by hundreds of Pictou County Frasers throughout the evening.

The address read by Mayor McColl was as follows:

"Lord Lovat, on behalf of the Town Council of New Glasgow, in the province of Nova Scotia, allow me to 'welcome' you to town. As head of the great Fraser clan you are entitled to a warm welcome. The name of Fraser is well known among us, and much of what prosperity we have enjoyed in the past and are enjoying now is due to the energy and enterprise of those bearing that name. When we remember that New Glasgow had the distinction of sending to "Auld Glasgow" the largest ship that up to that time had sailed up the Clyde, the fact is also recalled that the building of that ship was superintended by one of your clan. Since that time things have changed, and from being a ship building centre, New Glasgow has now become an iron and steel manufacturing centre; and here again we find the well known name once more to the front in the person of Graham Fraser, who has been rightly styled the 'Father of the Iron Industry in Nova Scotia.'

"Without doubt, the highest honor that the town of New Glasgow ever received was when our honored Lieutenant-Governor was chosen as His Majesty's representative in this province. Bound up therefore, in the prosperity and honor of town has been the name of Fraser. We voiced the sentiments of our citizens in wishing you a hearty welcome, and we are satisfied that you will be received by your brother clansmen with high, kind hospitality.

"On behalf of the town of New Glasgow, Archibald McColl,, Mayor."

This morning Lord Lovat sailed down the East River to Pictou, where the following address was presented:

"On behalf of your clansmen of this town and the western portion of this county, we give you a hearty welcome to the province. We note with admiration your distinguished career in civil and political affairs, as a member of the Imperial Parliament. We also note the maner in which at a critical period in the history of the Empire you went to the front as leader of the Lovat Scouts and in South Africa added lustre to the distinguished military records of the Highland clans. We appreciate also the liberal and far seeing sentiments which you have expressed since your arrival in Canada as to the drawing together of the different portions of the British Empire through mutual sympathy and knowledge of each other, and the efforts made by you to accomplish this end. We trust your journey to take part in the Tercentenary was pleasant in every respect. We are pleased to think that among the annals recording the heroic exploits of the founders of what now is our great Dominion that no pages are more illustrious than those which record the brilliant deeds in which the clansmen have had part and share. We beg you to convey to members of the Clan Fraser in Scotland our hearty greetings. We assure you that although "oceans divide us" we have not ceased to think with affection of the land of our fathers and the numerous associations that connect us with our kindred in the old country. Accept our assurances of the highest esteem." The party drove over the beautiful Fraser's Mountain and left in the afternoon to join the Maritime express for Montreal.

KILLED WIFE AND ONE YEAR OLD BABY

Tulsa, Okla., August 1. — Clay Harris, a white man, this morning shot and killed his wife, who was part Indian, and her one-year-old baby, and fatally wounded Walter Vann, driver of an express waggon, who attempted to capture him. Harris then escaped after stealing a horse and buggy. A posse was soon formed and started in pursuit. Harris is wanted at Fairfield, Ill., for murdering a man on July 4th, and Illinois officers were trailing him at the time of the murder.

SHOT EMPLOYER, KILLED HOUSEKEEPER AND THEN SUICIDED

Aurora, Ills., August 1.—J. A. Morrell, a wealthy farmer living at Blackberry Centre, a village fifteen miles from Aurora, was fatally shot to-day, and his housekeeper, Mrs. May Balcom, was murdered by John Anderson, who was employed on Morrall's farm.

Anderson later committed suicide with a shotgun.

No cause is known for the attack, as Anderson is known to have been warmly attached to both of his victims. He had been drinking heavily for several weeks, and it is believed was demented. From the brief story which Morrall has been able to tell, it is believed that Anderson after killing the housekeeper awakened to a sense of what he had done, and endeavored to aid them both. The farmer says that some man tried to help him, and a voice asked for forgiveness.

When Mrs. Lucinda Morrall, mother of Mr. Morrall, saw her son's unconscious form, she fainted, and physicians predict that her death from the shock will precede that of her son.

REDEEMING THE NOTES.

Special to The Standard.

St. John's, August 1. — The redemption of the notes of the defunct Banque de St Jean commenced today, and will be continued till the whole issue has been withdrawn. The Provincial Bank and branches are redeeming for the Province of Quebec, and the Bank of Montreal and branches for Ontario.

TAUGHT PRINCESS TO SWIM

London, August 1.—The Prince and Princess of Wales are determined that their children shall possess every useful accomplishment. Their education is very thorough in both a mental and physical sense.

Princess Mary, their only daughter, is already a first rate little horsewoman; she talks French and German fairly fluently, is well up in history and is now taking swimming lessons at the Bath Club in Dover street. There she met Lady Constance Stewart-Richardson, who was Lady Constance Mackenzie.

Lady Constance is one of the finest amateur swimmers in the country, and completely won the confidence of Princess Mary, whom she taught to swim in less than an hour.

ACCOMPANYING SIR WILFRID ON TOUR

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Aug. 1.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier will leave in a few days for his journey of five or six weeks in the Canadian West. On this journey, which will extend as far as British Columbia, he will be accompanied by Messrs. E. M. Macdonald, M.P., for Pictou, N. S.; A. K. McLean, M. P., for Lunenburg, N. S.; Hon. Jacques Bureau, Solicitor-General, and Mr. Pardee, member for Lambton, Ont.

THE WEATHER:

Sunday—Fine and warm.

POSITION FOR EX-PREMIER GREENWAY

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Aug. 1.—It is stated that at the meeting of the Federal Cabinet yesterday the three new members of the Railway Commission were named. Hon. Thomas Greenway, former Prime Minister of Manitoba and member for Lisgar in the Commons, is to be one of the Commission.

UNITED STATES ATHLETE AGAIN WON OUT

Dublin, Aug. 1.—The United States team was victorious over the Irish athletes in the games held this afternoon at the Ball's Bridge, Dublin, under the auspices of the Irish Amateur Athletic Association. The visitors won seven events to the Irishmen's four.

In the mile run, Murphy, Ireland, won. Time, 4 min. 42 2-5 sec. J. P. Sullivan, Irish American A. C., was second, and Dowling, Ireland, third.

The 440 yards' event was won by J. B. Taylor, Irish-American A. C. Time, 51 4-5 seconds; Morphy, Ireland, was second.

The 120 yards' hurdle race was won by C. J. Bacon, Irish-American A. C.

The half-mile run was won by Melvin W. Sheppard, Irish-American A. C. Time, 2 minutes 1 4-5 seconds. G. N. Morphy, Irel

The running high by Harry F. Portel A. C., with 6 feet 1 Ireland, was second, inches.

The ..0 yards' da Robert Cloughen, I C. Time, 10 1-5 s Robertson, Irish-Am second, and Murra

The hammer thr J. Talbot, Irish-A distance was 168 which beat the Ireland, was seco inches.

The 220 yards Roche, Ireland, ahead of Clou C. Time, 23 s

HAZEL DREW DIED FROM BLOW ON HEAD

Troy, August 1.—Coroner Strope to-day made public his findings as a result of the inquest into the death of Hazel I. Drew, whose body was found in Teal Pond on July 11. The substance of the verdict follows:

"From testimony taken at Averill Park, N.Y., on the 27th day of July, and continued at the Court House in the city of Troy on the 30th day of July, 1908, I find that the said Hazel Irene Drew came to her death from extravasation of blood in the dura-mater, caused by a blow on the head from some blunt instrument in some manner unknown.

"(Signed),

"Coroner of Rensselaer County."

Considerable criticism has been directed toward the officials for alleged indifference in the conduct of the inquest and the search for the girl's slayer. District-Attorney O'Brien asserts that he has no apologies to make for his office as he believes the members of his staff have performed their full duty in trying to solve the strange tragedy.

BIGELOW, AN OCEAN VETERAN

New York, August 1.—In vigorous health in his ninety-first year, John Bigelow, author, and Consul-General and Minister to France from 1861 to 1867, has returned on the Savole, of the French line, having made his thirtieth crossing. Mr. Bigelow was accompanied by Miss Grace Bigelow, his daughter. For several weeks Mr. Bigelow had been renewing old acquaintances in Paris.

"A splendid trip,' said Mr. Bigelow, "and three meals each day, so you see I thoroughly enjoyed every moment on the ocean."

LOUIS REIL'S SON DEAD.

Winnipeg, August 1.—Louis Riel, the last of the immediate family of Louis Riel, the Rebel leader, who helped make history in 1860 and 1885 in the Canadian North-West, died at St. Boniface Hospital of a complication of diseases.

He was born in Montana 36 years ago during his father's residence there, following the first rebellion. He was well educated and finally took up the profession of civil engineer. A few months ago he went to Quebec, where he was married to Mlle. Laura Cazeau, a sweetheart of his youth, and the couple had just come here to take up life together.

BURGLARS ATTEMPTED BIG RAID

Greenwich, Conn., August 1.—Three determined burglars, armed with revolvers, attempted a raid last night upon Convers Manor, the magnificent country home of Edmund C. Converse, of the United States Steel Corporation, and were driven off in a battle with a watchman. Six shots were fired and one of the burglars was hit, but the trio succeeded in escaping.

The fight between the watchman and the burglars took place less than 300 feet from the front of the house. Mr. Converse, hearing the shots, ran out with his revolver to aid the watchman, but by the time he reached the scene the intruders had disappeared. The only clue they left behind was a new soft, black hat of a size usually worn by a boy.

OCEAN FREIGHT RATES DOUBLED

New York, August 1.—The Times today says: The ocean freight rates on grain from New York to ports of continental Europe have been advanced by the steamship lines. To Antwerp the rate has been doubled and to a number of other ports it has been nearly doubled.

SHOT AND KILLED HIS SISTER

Albany, N.Y., August 1. — A fifteen-year-old-son of Frank Burdick accidentally shot and killed his 19-year-old sister this afternoon at the home of their parents in Rensselaer, opposite Albany. The boy was playing with a shotgun, when he suddenly pulled the trigger, the contents lodging in his sister's neck. She died almost instantly.

INJURED TO-DAY

This afternoon Detective Viens was knocked from an Ontario street car by a passing cart, at the corner of Ontario and St. Denis streets. He was badly bruised, and removed to his home.

FEARFUL HEAT IN WEST.

Helena, Mont., August 1.—Weather Director Young last night reported Miles City to have had a temperature of 108 yesterday. This is the highest record in the country. Havre had 104, and Helena, 98. There was one death and one prostration at Butte, where the temperature was 94.

PETTIBONE IS VICTIM OF CANCER

Denver, Col., August 1. — An operation performed to-day at St Joseph Hospital, in this city, on George A. Pettibone, formerly member of the Executive Board of the Western Federation of Miners, showed that he is suffering from cancer, and the physicians in attendance agreed that his life could not be saved.

MASTER OF GO RA.

Special to The Standar

New York, Aug. 1 Harriman started West car yesterday it was a ter of the Gould railroads, which will eventually turn to him was completed announced in Wall street.

All along the Erie syste has gone forth that the "G Special," the designation u the train will run, is to hav of way and in every way as though it were a Preside

The most reliable engine tailed to pull the throtti best and biggest mog no detail has been o the safety of the trai sengers.

The train as made five cars. First a Ur namo and baggage ca of the same line. N man car Brazito, imm which is private car Illinois Central. The Mr. Harriman, Arden, of the train.

Under the terms of banking syndicate, con Loeb & Co., and Bla purchase $8,000,000 Lake Erie notes, which Owners of the notes to present them at th & Co., No. 24 Broad st will receive par and

The notes will be in purchasers, who will them, although th the following day. ed over to the H will carry with th now pledged for t Wabash Railroad.

POEM SE WITH FOR

Paris, August 1.— celebrated jewellers completed a beautifu crusted with precio encloses a poem wri gold on parchment a author, Abbas H Egypt. The poem Queen of England

The poem was bouquet of flowers the Khedive to reads as follows:

"I send thee, great These flowers, Egyptian peopl Each rose, each lily Represents the hea And the scent of incense of They address to fare, Oh mighty ruler

The language of bic, and the above is lation.

HAD HIS ARM

A workman named employed by the Laundry, was this in the machinery, a torn off at the shoul once removed to the where he lies in a prec

A NEEDL PIE HE

Warsaw, Ind. A minutes after sh ther early to-day sensation that ha Violetta Bowen, leakage of the most peculiar ca to the attention

A post-mortem ed that a minu resembling the poi entered her heart Frequently during Miss Bowen com sensations—first i her forearm, next finally in the ches

It is believed needle entered he all the way to the came here from De with her mother.

SANDS' BOD

Paris, August 1 Winthrop Sands, K. Vanderbilt, auto accident morning, was Church on the morning. ferred to An

LING STORY OF THE GREAT MARATHON RACE BY SIR ARTHUR CONAN DOYLE

...e Standard.

...gland, August 1.—Sir ... Doyle, the great novel... following thrilling des... great Marathon race:— ... only British competi... be a race worth tra... For consider the

...t-striding Appleby, ... Shrubb, of Hors... the record of fif... the dour Scotsman, ...here, too, the Spar... finished second in the ...loose toenails in his ... too, the wiry coal... enacious, half grey... dog. Finally, among ...n, the cream of English ...e stands out the flying ...ener of the north, the fleet, ... Duncan, first favorite in ... the trial race from his ...ades. Yet training varies ...tic conditions, and a little ...ale. Even among the Bri... t is a worthy gathering for ...n event.

...are the others, what of ...about Longboat and Simp...kins of Canada—un... from childhood to the ...eys of their kind? In ... nature and instinct ... of the trained white. ...both types in her team, ... one of England's best ...d the water. On the ...ught that if England ...es of victory may still ...amily.

... the Americans to be ...of the family, too, but ...ehold. Long distances ...t, and yet their worst ...ngerous, for they do ...es. There is Svan... also—he who ran sec... event at Athens. He ...ich improved, and has ...ntive of this past ...eron, of Africa, too, ...reat reputation.

... the utterly unknown ...ens, the Dutch, the ...ot be some great ...s? A great race, ...eatest of modern ...r who it may. ... see while we ... pole jumping at ... incredible that a ...he aid of a small ...uch a height. Eleven ...a half, twelve feet go ...ans are closely press... There is a Cana... ...and strong as a ...eems a clean finish ...he game in the Am... I see nowhere else. ... people in front of ...plause at every leap. ...ence to play to, im... ...tic, whole-hearted. ...is a great relay race ...It sways and vacil... wins all the way. ...oses on him. Within ...e mark they are neck ... cap has the staying ...s by a length, and ...s drag him from the ..., also, like a joyous ... the British flag is ...taff does the crowd

Sir A. Conan Doyle.

gather what it has all been about. Another point for the old country, and Taylor, dripping but exultant, is carried with shouts to his quarters.

SPECIALIZED AMERICANS.

These Americans specialize, and yet they retain a remarkable appearance of all-round excellence. Their splendid runners and jumpers are tall and powerful men. They look as if they might on occasion be boxers and wrestlers as well. Surely that is the lesson of the Grecian statues also. There is no hypertrophy of special muscle. All is symmetry and balance, beauty and grace. The theorist might suppose the evolution of a type, the meagre body and powerful quarters. There is no sign of it up to date. Every great specialist is a well-built man.

But now the great race is nearing us. We are waiting, eighty thousand of us, for the man to appear, waiting anxiously, eagerly, with long, turbulent swayings and heavings, which mark the impatience of the multitude. Through yonder door he must come.

Every eye in the great curved bank of humanity is fixed upon the gap. What blazoning will show upon that dust-stained jersey—the red maple leaf, the blue and yellow, the Stars and Stripes, or the simple numbers of the Britons? Those figures on the board tell us nothing. It is the man who has a dash in him at the end who may head the field. He must be very near now, speeding down the streets between the lines of shouting people. We can hear the growing murmur. Every eye is on the gap. And then at last he came.

NO EXULTANT VICTOR.

But how different from the exultant victor whom we expected! Out of the dark archway there staggered a little man, with red running-drawers, a tiny, boy-like creature. He reeled as he entered and faced the roar of the applause. Then he feebly turned to the left and wearily trotted round the track. Friends and encouragers were pressing round him.

Suddenly the whole group stopped. There were wild gesticulations. Men stooped and rose again. Good Heavens, he has fainted; is it possible that even at this last moment the prize may slip through his fingers? Every eye slides round to that dark archway. No second man has yet appeared. Then a great sigh of relief goes up. I do not think in all that great assembly any man would have wished victory to be torn at the last instant from this plucky little Italian. He has won it. He should have it.

Thank God, he is on his feet again—the little red legs going incoherently, but drumming hard, driven by a supreme will within. There is a groan as he falls once more, and a cheer as he staggers again to his feet. It is horrible, and yet fascinating, this struggle between a set purpose and an utterly exhausted frame. Again, for a hundred yards, he ran in the same furious and yet uncertain gait. Then again he collapsed, kind hands saving him from a heavy fall.

He was within a few yards of my seat. Amid stooping figures and grasping hands I caught a glimpse of the haggard, yellow face, the glazed, expressionless eyes, the lank, black hair streaked across the brow. Surely he is done now. He cannot rise again.

From under the archway has darted the second runner, Hayes, Stars and Stripes on his breast, going gallantly well within his strength. There is only twenty yards to do if the Italian can do it. He staggered up, no trace of intelligence upon his set face, and again the red legs broke into their strange automatic amble.

Will he fall again? No, he sways, he balances, and then he is through the tape and into a score of friendly arms. He has gone to the extreme of human endurance. No Roman of the prime ever bore himself better than Dorando of the Olympic of 1908. The great breed is not yet extinct.

After this supreme epic all is anticlimax, but who can speak without a thrill of the splendid running of the Americans and Canadians? That Western continent develops men of iron. An American was second, and then after the active young South African, in his dusty green and gold, there came yet two other Americans, with three Canadians to follow.

Alas! for our British runners, for the fine string from which we expected so much. Well, let us take it like sportsmen, and hats off to the better men! The Olympic race has brought us no laurel. Let us rejoice in the success of our kinsmen of America, Canada, and South Africa. If we hold on, our turn also will come.

But to those who saw it, when all other memory of the great race of 1908 has passed away, there will still remain the vision of that swarthy face, those dead eyes, and the staggering red legs which carried Dorando to victory. Even as I write there comes the rumor that he has been disqualified. If true, it is indeed a tragedy. But there are prizes higher even than the oak branch and the medal. The Italian's great performance can never be effaced from our records of sport, be the decision of the judges what it may.

LONGBOAT WAS VERY CONFIDENT.

According to the Sporting Editor of the London Daily Mail, issued just before the great Marathon race, Tom Longboat, the Indian runner, gave out the following interview when he visited Windsor Castle and inspected the start of the route:

"I am going to try to do about twelve miles an hour to-morrow, and who beats me will be a wonderful athlete. I never felt in better 'fettle,' despite my accident. I am not taking a long stride to-morrow, as I find shorter strides easier.

"I can go any distance almost, and I hope to have the honor of receiving the chief prize from the Queen's hands on Saturday.

"I have been most fairly treated over here, and I have no complaint whatever. I shall have fair play to-morrow. I know and I hope the best man will win. I shall try and be that man."

OFFICIAL TIME OF MARATHON ROAD RACE

The official time of the Marathon race by 5, 10, 15, 20 and 25 miles is as follows:—

5 MILES (NEAR FURZE LODGE).

The leading men passed:—

1. Jack, Britain, 3.2 p.m.
2. Price, Britain; Lord, Britain; abreast, 20 yards behind.
4. Dorando, Italy; Duncan, Britain; Hefferon, South Africa; abreast, 30 yards behind.
7. Longboat, Canada, about 100 yards behind.

The cyclist-attendants of the runners were now allowed to join their men, most of whom seemed to rely on beef extract but Duncan's man carried muscatels and distilled water. One man was told off to refresh Dorando with a wet sponge. Baker (South Africa) had a special bottle of calf's-foot jelly and lemon, while Lind (Russia) was to take new-laid eggs in tea and grapes.

10 MILES (ICKENHAM ROAD, UXBRIDGE COMMON).

	H.	M.	S.
1. Price, Britain	3	29	52
2. Lord Britain	3	30	2
3. Hefferon, S. Africa	3	30	28
4. Dorando, Italy	3	31	2
5. Longboat, Canada	3	33	0
6. Appleby, Britain	3	33	5

Hayes at this stage was eleventh.

Lord was ahead as the runners entered the old High street at Uxbridge, where the crowd was wedged in long, cheering lines, beneath the flaunting flags of all nations. But along white road between Uxbridge and the Common Price wrested the premier place from his fellow-countryman.

Both were distressed by the glaring sun. Hefferon seemed very fit, while Dorando, ran with "pattering" steps, sending up little spurts of dust. With his breath coming in great heaves and his mouth all awry, Longboat faltered a moment to mop his brow with a sponge. Duncan was white to the lips, and already rolled a little. Lindqvist, Sweden, slowed to a walk to sip cold tea. Baker, South Africa, drank meat extract.

It was fully twenty minutes before all passed the mile post.

15 MILES (PINNER GASWORKS.

	H.	M.	S.
1. Hefferon, S. Africa	4	3	0
2. Dorando, Italy	4	13	0
3. Longboat, Canada	4	13	5
4. Lord, Britain	4	16	0
5. Appleby, Britain	4	19	0
6. Aitken, Australasia	4	20	30

Hefferon was going well, but Dorando was rapidly catching him up. Lord, the first Briton to appear, collapsed in the arms of his trainer just before the cross roads, but after some nourishment pluckily resumed. Appleby's passing was a sign for an enthusiastic outburst. The last of the forty runners to stay thus far. Lister, Canada, passed three-quarters of an hour after Hefferon.

20 MILES (SUDBURY, G.C.R.)

	H.	M.
1. C. Hefferon, S. Africa	4	37
2. P. Dorando, Italy	4	41
3. J. J. Hayes, U.S.A.	4	44
4. F. Appleby, Britain	4	45
5. W. V. Aitken, Australasia	4	46
5. A. R. Welton, U.S.A.	4	46

Hefferon's approach was heralded by a man in a motor-car, announcing his number through a megaphone. Twenty-nine men survived to the twentieth mile post, the last to pass being Hansen, Denmark, exactly fifty minutes behind Hefferon. The motor-omnibus labelled "Competitors" followed presently, full inside.

A mighty cheer greeted Hefferon, who was going so well that his victory was confidently anticipated even by a group of Americans. Dorando looked almost exhausted. Appleby, the first Englishman to arrive, ceased running at the mile post, but a coaxing voice called out, "Keep on," and he renewed the contest.

25 MILES (WORMWOOD SCRUBBS).

	H.	M.
1. Dorando, Italy	5	16
2. Hefferon, S. Africa	5	20
3. Hayes, U.S.A.	5	22
4. Forshaw, U.S.A.	5	23
5. Welton, U.S.A.	5	26½
6. Wood, Canada	5	27

SPENDING HOLIDAYS IN MONTREAL.

Mr. Jerry J. Shea, who has been musical director and producer for the firm of Klaw & Erlanger, New York, during the past four years, is now in Montreal and will spend his vacation with his parents at Lachine.

On the 9th May, after covering 14,000 miles of travel, Mr Shea closed his last season at the head of the Ben Hur Company, after which he produced his own playlet, "The Dream of the Irish Bard," in which he starred on the Keith-Proctor circuit until extreme heat closed the theatres. After a few weeks of rest on Lake St. Louis Mr Shea will return to New York to fulfill his contracts on the bigger vaudeville circuits.

Statistics prove that of the descendants of insane persons, about fifty-nine in every hundred are mentally sound.

The Oil of the People.—Many oils have come and gone, but Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil continues to maintain its position and increase its sphere of usefulness each year. Its sterling qualities have brought it to the front and kept it there, and it can truly be called the oil of the people. Thousands have benefited by it and would use no other preparation.

AMERICAN WINNER OF MARATHON TELLS HOW HE WON THE GREAT RACE AT OLYMPIA

The Sporting Editor of the London Daily Express, just at hand this afternoon, has the following interesting interview with Hayes, the winner of the Marathon race, entitled "How I Won":

Mr. J. J. Hayes, the young American who has won the Marathon Race, is twenty-three years old, and is a clerk in a New York store. He has won several fifteen-mile races in America, and finished next to Morrissey in the American trial.

He is a short, slight, unpretentious-looking man with a dark complexion. His quiet, modest, unobtrusive manner is in keeping with his unassuming appearance.

In an interview at the St. Ermin's Hotel he told how he won.

The man whose name was on every lip was sitting quietly at dinner with other Marathon runners in a corner of the busy hotel dining-room.

"I have only just heard the news that I have been adjudged the winner," he said. "They brought me on here from the Stadium in a taxicab before I heard the news.

"I'm feeling fine. You see, I have been enjoying my dinner with the boys, and I am not tied in a knot, as some of my friends here supposed.

"Every one has been real good to me, and I am glad to have had such an experience as to-day for the sake of the friendly, smiling faces. Why, I just ran through lines of friends all the way from Windsor Castle to the Stadium, and I am sure they were just as generous and kind to every boy who ran.

"All the way they cheered. They ran up and cried, 'Go it, Johnny! go it!' and I couldn't help getting along with such encouragement.

WORRIED BY ASPHALT.

"The only part of the race that worried me was when I was three or four miles off the end, and I had to run on the hot asphalt. We American boys are not used to running on asphalt, and it worried me a lot I can tell you. My feet felt as though they were sticking, and I couldn't get along well.

"The last part of the race was the part I liked best. I had been putting my back into it all the way up hill, and the final run in seemed quite easy and good by comparison. I felt quite fresh at the end, for I had been saving myself to the last, and I knew if I could only keep on going at my own pace I should be well placed.

"When I had done fifteen miles I was eighth or ninth, for I had not hurried myself at first, and then I knew I should have to put in all I knew to finish well.

"Friends in the crowd shouted, 'America! America!' and it roused me, although I knew others were ahead of me and were going strong.

J. J. Hayes, the winner of the great Marathon.

"My chum Forshaw and I managed to pass most of the others in the last three or four miles. It was an exciting time. First we gained a bit and then we lost ground.

"Dorando, the Italian, who has had such misfortune, was well ahead. They told me near Shepherd's Bush, 'He is leading by five minutes.' But I still kept pegging on.

"When I entered the Stadium such a roar went up, and I saw that the race was not yet won.

"The noise the crowd made astonished me. Eighty thousand people were cheering like mad. I saw a vast circle of faces, and I thought, 'I wonder if it is all over yet?'

"When I had passed the winning post I went home with my friends, and I did not know what had happened until just before dinner my friends slapped my back and said, 'You have won the Marathon race!'

"The course to-day was splendid. It was cool and well kept. It was like running through a garden.

SIMPLE TRAINING.

"I have trained and lived simply. I have taken good nourishing food and plenty of exercise, and I feel as fit as a fiddle still.

"All the time I have avoided wine and alcohol of any kind, and I have trained so that I might feel natural and well. I did not believe in fussy dieting or coddling myself.

"I am a New Yorker, of Irish parentage, and I am proud I should have come over to Great Britain to run here, for the British have always treated me as a kinsman. I am a member of the Irish-American Athletic Club in New York, and I have had opportunity of meeting some good sportsmen and athletes.

"In the Boston Marathon Race of 1906, which was a twenty-five mile contest, I ran fifth, and did the course in 2 hours 55 mins. Last year, in the same race, when Longboat won, I was third, and improved on my previous time by doing the twenty-five miles in two hours and a half.

"I did not in the least expect to win the Marathon Race, for I knew that men who had beaten me were taking part, but I hoped to be somewhere in front—that is all. My success is all due to Mr. Mike Murphy, my trainer, and Mr. Cameron and Mr. Henry, my friends, who cycled behind me and told me how near the goal was.

"It was a trifle too hot at times for real record-breaking, and I do not yet know what time I took on the course.

"Good-bye," he concluded. "They tell me I must rest now. Isn't it a shame?"

MODEST CELEBRATION.

Mr. Hayes celebrated his victory by a modest dinner at the St. Ermin's Hotel. He refused dozens of offers of hospitality, contenting himself with a demi-tasse of coffee at the close of the meal.

ALL DEFEATED TORONTO TERESTING GAME TO-DAY

...gust 1.—Twenty ... and home games ...e rivalry of the ...onto Lacrosse Clubs. ...only intensified the ...quently, considerable ...en in the meeting of ... here to-day. The ... in a special car this ...re met at the Grand ... Manager James Mur... ...en attending the N. L. ...ntreal, and who came ...visit his old home. ...ade the hotel Duquette ...rs and spent the morn... ...recent canal break and ...the town.

...e first to take the field ...nd trotted over the ... bearings. ... was in doubt until ...t finally decided to ...stead of Morrison. ... by the Tecumsehs ...e Capitals in Otta... ...ad a depressing ef... ...d enthusiasm, and ...ttendance was ra... ...rage.

...e as follows:—

Cornwalls.	
...oal.	...A. Lalonde
...Point.	...W. Burns
...ver point	.D. Cameron
...Defence	...F. Degan
...Defence	...C. Degan
...efence	...J. White
...ntre	...A. Degray
...me.	...D. Smith
...me	...D. Phalen
...ne	...R. Degan
... home.	
Fid Cummings	
...home.	
Frank Cummins	
Ottawa.	
cIntyre, Ottawa.	
Madden; Corn...	

... out in red and ...dar jerseys were ... the Torontos, blue. ...ed the teams out at ...after a five minute ...ball. Cornwall won ... east, with the ... ...he ball and made ... which, however, ...n scoring in less ...

...w, but White and ...ornwall again at... score.

Toronto had a try, but failed. Their defence bunched, and although Cornwall had the ball most of the time, it was hard to find an opening to Atton's citadel.

Toronto occasionally brought the ball up but were not dangerous.

The Torontos were evidently very nervous. Cameron made a vicious shot when he did not have the ball, which, by the way, Burns was speeding down field. Some end to end play followed, and Atton had two or three stops. The Cornwall home handled the ball enough to score a dozen gaols, but the Toronto defence were glued to the patch in front of their nets. Torontos made one or two quick attacks, but their passing was rank, and there was nothing doing.

End of the first quarter:

Cornwall	1
Toronto	0

The Cornwalls started the second quarter with a rush, and almost scored once or twice. The Toronto's home was too weak to use the ball, however, and when they got it, and Cornwall again attacked. Frank Cummins scored in 3 minutes. Cornwall had two or three more tries, and Fid Cummins scored in 2 minutes on a pass from Fred. Degan. The Cornwall home was working better, and gave Atton a lively time. Harshaw, Menary and Stagg were playing a stubborn game, however, and cleared time and again, only to have the ball come back to them. Mackenzie fielded well, and tried to help the visitors' home, but without result. They seldom got near the Cornwall nets, and, when they shot, Burns, Cameron or White picked it out and cleared. In one of the mix-ups near the Toronto goal Smith strained his leg, tripping up Powers. He was able to continue in a couple of minutes. The ball was faced behind the Toronto flags, and Cornwall continued their attack. Atton caught a hot one from Phalen with his knees. Lalonde hurt his leg, and this caused another delay. Bob Degan scored the fourth goal for Cornwall in 11.25.

The Toronto started well for once, but Fred. Degan carried it up to Smith, who tried hard. More end to end play followed, with occasional tries by the Cornwall home, and half time found the score: Cornwall, 4; Toronto, 0.

THIRD QUARTER.

The third quarter opened with a wild Toronto attack, and a shot by Barrett. The visitors' home seemed to have braced up, and they made a desperate attempt to score, but were blocked, and, the ball going down, Degray scored for Cornwall in 1 1-2 minutes.

The face was followed by a shot from Fid Cummins, which Atton blocked. Carter carried the ball up and scored on a nice low shot. Just as he shot he was struck across the abdomen by Chas. Degan, who was very properly ruled off by Referee Foran for 20 minutes.

Carter was able to continue and the Toronto attack kept up, but Cameron and Burns transferred play to the other end.

Menary was chased to the fence for five minutes for slashing.

In an attack on the Cornwall goal, Cameron and Burns came down, and the Toronto man had the wind knocked out of him.

The play was rather even up for a time, and both goal-keepers had several hot shots. Frank Cummins, who, by the way, was playing all over the field, scored in 6.45.

Cornwall continued to attack. Bob Degan gave Menary the crook, and was ruled off, leaving Cornwall with 10 men against 12, and Mackenzie scored in 3 minutes, Toronto using the odd man to advantage. They tried to repeat the trick, but failed. B. Degan came back into the game, and at once figured in an attack on the Toronto nets, and the quarter ended with the score—Cornwall, 6; Toronto, 2.

FOURTH QUARTER.

Just before the last of the third quarter Menary and Fid Cummins were ruled off for slashing each other.

Toronto scored in half a minute, Kalls doing the trick.

Mackenzie was ruled off for cross-checking. Lalonde got 10 minutes for cross-checking Barnett into the fence.

John White scored for Cornwall in 10 minutes.

Powers was also penalized for slashing.

Fid Cummins was next penalized for slashing Harshaw. Toronto scored by Kalls, in 6.45. Degray was ruled off. Kalls scored again in 1.55. Smith was knocked out by Harshaw, who was ruled off, just before time expired, leaving the score 7 to 5 for Cornwall.

SUMMARY.

First Quarter.

1—Cornwall	Smith	.30

Second Quarter.

2—Cornwall	Frank Cummins	3.15
3—Cornwall	Fid Cummins	2.00
4—Cornwall	R. Degan	11.25

Third Quarter.

5—Cornwall	Degray	1.50
6—Toronto	Carter	.05
7—Cornwall	Frank Cummins	6.45
8—Toronto	Mackenzie	4.35

Fourth Quarter.

9—Toronto	Kalls	.30
10—Cornwall	White	10.00
11—Toronto	Kalls	6.45
12—Toronto	Kalls	1.55

A SLIGHT UNPLEASANTNESS.

Washington, D.C., August 1.—An unpleasant situation has developed between the United States and Honduras, growing out of the action of President Davila, in cancelling the exequaturs of the foreign consuls at Ceiba, Honduras, because of their alleged friendliness to the revolutionists' cause. These officers include United States Consul Drew Linard, and Vice-Consul Reynolds and the vice-consuls of France and Norway.

SETTLERS FOR WEST.

Winnipeg, August 1.—Two hundred thousand Hungarian farmers will settle in Western Canada during the next four or five years, if the investigation now being made into the conditions in this country by Father Kovacs, a special emissary from Emperor Francis Joseph and Pope Pius X., shows that conditions for their settlement are favorable.

SATURDAY'S RACES AT SARATOGA

Saratoga, N.Y., August 1.—With the $10,000 United States Hotel Stakes, Catskill Handicap and Shillelah Steeplechase on the programme to-day the Saratoga Association looked for a fine crowd and an afternoon of high-class sport.

Except in the steeplechase, the fields were large, and there was class in every event. For many of the racing enthusiasts in town and around the neighborhood this was the first opportunity of the season to see horses, and the attendance was much larger than on the opening day. Going, while not fast, was almost at its best.

The programme led off with the mile contest, for mares and geldings, in which eleven starters were carded. In the lot were Whip Top, Ardri, Crackshot and Dolly Spanker, and this quartette attracted most attention from players. The Shillelah had but four entrants from which good performances were looked for—Rufus, Bayonet and St. Nick, while Bat, the fourth entrant, was an uncertain proposition, although liable to run a good race.

The United States Hotel field was the best lot of youngsters seen in some weeks. Keene's entrants were Hilarious and Selectman. Edward, Torbellino and Bobbin also had admirers. August Belmont's fast mare Half Sovereign was the public choice for the Catskill Handicap. She met Dreamer, Angelus and other fast ones at a nice weight arrangement.

The results follow:—

First race, selling; three-year-olds and up; mares and geldings; $400.00 added; one mile—The Wrestler (Smith), 8 to 5, 3 to 5, 1 to 5, first; Crack Shot (Sweet), 4, 1, 1 to 3, second; Geo. G. Hall, (Brusselby), 5 to 2, 3 to 5, third. Time, 1.41 3-5. Dolly Spanker and Biskera also ran.

Second race, the Shillelah Steeplechase, for four-year-olds and up, $600 added, about two miles and one-half.—Babonet (McKinney), 7 to 20, out, second; St. Nick (Henderson), 5 to 2, out, third. Time, 5 1-2.

Third race, the United States Hotel Stakes, two-year-olds, six furlongs, $10,000 added—xHilarious (Notter), 3 to 1, 1 to 2, first; Bobbin (E. Dugan), 9 to 5, 3 to 5, 1 to 5, second; xSelectman (Shreve), 3 to 1, 1 to 2, third. Time, 1.15 Edward, Statesman, Elpicaro, Torbellino Witching Hour also ran

x Coupled.

Fourth race, the Catskill handicap, for 3-year-olds and up; 7 furlongs; $1,000 added—Angelus, Shilling, 5 to 1, first; Westbury, E. Dugan, 11 to 5, 4 to 5, 1 to 3, second; Aletheuo, McCahey, 20, 7, 3, third. Time 1.27. Dreamer, Polly Watts and Half Sovereign also ran.

Fifth race, selling; 3-year-olds and up; one mile; $400 added—Asterdor, Shilling, 8, 3, 8 to 5, first; Whip Top, McCarthy, 4, 7 to 5, 3 to 5, second; Orphan Lad, Notter, 5, 2, 1, third. Time 1.41. Gowan, Adriana, Sanguine, Earl's Court and De Burgo also ran.

Sixth race, selling; 2-year-olds, 5½ furlongs; $400 added—Edwin L., Shilling, 30, 10, 5, first; Clef, Sweet, 11 to 5, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, second; Arondack, Lang, 10, 4, 2, third. Time 1.08 3-5. Midshipman, Easy, Variation, Cheek, Lasata, Chaperon, Hanonia, Venlaer, Patriot and Rockore also ran.

Hackney-coaches derived their name from the French coche-a-haquenee, a vehicle with a hired horse.

A caterpillar will, in the course of a month, eat food weighing 6,000 times as much as its own body.

One thousand cubic feet of gas will yield as much light as 50 lbs of candles.

LAMBTON OPEN GOLF TOURNAMENT

Lambton Golf Grounds, Lambton Ont., July 1.—The first flight of the open tournament, which was played in the afternoon, resulted as follows:—A. E. Austin, of Lambton, beat T. L. Ashcombe, of Cobourg, 5 up and 4 to go. Geo. S. Lyons, Lambton, beat A. A. Adams, Hamilton, 6 up and 5 to go. J. H. Forester, Missango, beat G. N. Moss, Toronto, 2 up and 1 to go. D. C. Dick, Lambton, beat Will Walter, Cobourg, 2 up and 1 to go. W. M. Reekie, Lambton, beat A. Watson, Lambton, 4 up and 2 to go. Henry Knowles, Pittsburg, A. A. G. Hay, Cobourg, drew byes.

ST. PATRICK'S ROAD RACE.

The St. Patrick's A.A.A. juvenile road race, which is to take place on Saturday, August 15th, will likely be one of the closest contested races ever held in this city. Fifteen harrier clubs will be represented in the race, each club entering ten runners. The start will take place at the St. Patrick's training quarters, corner of Mance and Prince Arthur streets, at about 3 p.m. The prizes are: A valuable silver cup to be given as a team prize, donated by the Amateur Athletic Federation of Canada, and medals donated by the Montreal Amateur Athletic Association, Richard Hemsley Co., Mr. D. Furlong, Mr. J. R. Brady, and Mr. John Ryan, who has donated two silver shields. The entry list is still open to any young harrier who is not over 16 years. All entries and Federation certificate members to be sent to C. A. Singleton, No. 12 Drummond street, on or before August 8th.

IAN PACIFIC RY.

TERS' SIONS O nipeg THE ffields ian West 18, '08

A Unique Opportunity to visit the Wonderful North-West

$10

These excursions are second-class and Winnipeg the first destination, but harvesters who engage to work at the harvest will be distributed free on lines Moose Jaw, Kamsack, Swan River and East (except the line from Regina to Prince Albert) and at a nominal rate to other points in Saskatchewan and Alberta to and including Calgary, MacLeod and Edmonton.

Tickets at $18.00, conditional to thirty days' work at harvesting, will be issued for the return journey from Moose Jaw, Kamsack, Swan River and East, to the original starting point; proportionate reduction from Calgary, MacLeod and Edmonton.

The Tercentenary Souvenir NUMBER —OF— The Standard

The reception being given in England to the Tercentenary Souvenir Number of the *Standard* is naturally gratifying to the publishers.

It is freely admitted that no such enthusiasm has ever been created by a commemorative number from any Colony under the British Crown. This speaks volumes for the interest taken by the people of Great Britain in the Dominion. We feel sure those who have secured copies within the last few days to send to friends across the sea will receive gratifying acknowledgments. In the meantime, those who have secured copies for their private libraries would do well to preserve them carefully, as they will become more valuable as time goes on.

We regret being unable to supply the many dealers in Great Britain and the United States, as the Canadian demand has been such as to claim all our supplies, and further editions cannot be printed.

We take this occasion to thank all who have contributed to the success of the Tercentenary Souvenir Number of the *Standard*, and to thank all who have so generously sent congratulations.

GEORGE MURRAY PUBLISHING COMPANY, Limited.
171 St. James Street, Montreal.

McGILL AND OTTAWA AT CRICKET

The Hainsworth's benefit cricket match, between Ottawa and McGill elevens, was commenced on the McGill campus this morning, at 11.30. It had been arranged that the match should be the annual benefit of the popular little McGill professional, and a large number of tickets were sold for the fixture. Glorious weather favored the game, and the ground was in good condition, that is, as good as Hainsworth could get it, though, as he would tell you, that with football in the autumn and ice in the winter, the ground is "not what it ought to be," and a close inspection shows the turf to be rather worn out.

Hainsworth has been the McGill coach and groundsman for the past ten years, and has done a great deal to keep McGill in the front ranks during that time.

McGill were well represented, but Ottawa were without the services of their clever bowler, Montgomery.

Ottawa batted first, opening with Pereira and Campbell; Hodgson and Gough bowling.

Runs came freely for a while, and the fielding was at the start a little loose, though after they had warmed up to the game, the McGill fielding improved immensely, and at times was really brilliant. After getting 10 Campbell was caught by Baber from Gough's bowling. The ball struck Baber's chin, but was unable to escape his capacious hands. Edney, who comes with a good reputation from South Africa, was bowled by Hainsworth for a duck, and Heygate then joined Pereira.

McGill opened disastrously, both Hainsworth and Blezard being run out on almost impossible runs. Johnston then bowled Malone, and Smith took his place.

Score:

OTTAWA.

F. C. Pereira, l.b.w., b Binnie	23
D. C. Campbell, c Baber, b Gough	10
L. S. Edney, b Hainsworth	0
H. J. Heygate, b Hainsworth	44
W. Johnston, b Massey	14
H. Acland, c Massey, b Hodgson	0
Deprez, b Baber	2
T. Rankin, b Hodgson	2
F. Campbell, not out	2
H. B. McGiverin, c and b Hainsworth	0
Crean, b Hainsworth	3
Extras	17
Total	121

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	Overs.	Runs.	Wkts.
Hodgson	7	13	2
Gough	19	25	1
Hainsworth	14	26	4
Baber	6	22	1
Binnie	3	11	1
Massey	5	7	1

McGILL.

A. L. Hainsworth, run out	0
J. Blezard, run out	1
R. H. Malone, b Johnston	1
H. Smith, b Johnston	0
W. C. Baber, b Pereira	37
E. L. Richards, b Johnston	0
W. M. Massey, b Johnston	0
H. J. Binnie, stpd Acland, b McGiverin	4
H. I. Brebner, not out	20
D. S. Gough, c Heygate, b Johnston	4
A. Hodgson, b Johnston	0
Extras	5
Total	72

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	Overs.	Runs.	Wkts.
Johnston	11.5	27	6
McGiverin	7	27	1
Pereira	4	13	1

LONGUEUIL REGATTA HELD TO-DAY

Longueuil, August 1. — Perfect weather conditions favored the annual regatta of the Longueuil Boating Club, held this afternoon.

The results were as follows:

Junior single — 1, K. Smith, St. Lambert; 2, A. T. Tremaine.

Junior tandem — 1, Berry Bros., Longueuil; 2, St. Stephen's A.A.A.

Senior single — 1, A. Morrison, Grand Trunk; 2, G. Kelley, Grand Trunk. The Longueuil man, E. Johnston, upset.

Junior four — 1, Berry Bros., Longueuil; 2, St. Lambert.

Senior four — 1, R. Glass, J. Beattie, G. Brown, G. Marshall, Grand Trunk; 2, Grand Trunk team.

Single scull—1, T. Millington.

Intermediate single — 1, R. Smith, St. Lambert; 2, St. Stephen's crew. J. Berry, Longueuil dropped out on account of a broken paddle.

Senior tandem—W. W. Brownrigg and C. Boase, Grand Trunk.

War canoe—1, Grand Trunk; 2, St. Lambert; 3, Longueuil.

The war canoe race was the event of the day, and the Grand Trunk pulled in scarcely six inches ahead of St. Lambert. Several of the races were declared off because no competitors appeared. The yacht race was also called off, it being impossible to decide upon a proper course.

BILLIE BLISS' CORESPONDENCE.

Jack—Call me on 'phone at St. Lawrence Hall at nine o'clock to-morrow morning sure.

SOME BRIGHT FEATURES IN THE GAME BETWEEN ROYALS AND THE CLAM EATERS

A large crowd turned out to witness the double-header between the victorious clam eaters and the Royals. The sun was burning down, but a light breeze tempered the heat. Barry, the star strikeout artist of the league, was on the mound for Duffy's crowd, while Casey sent Stanley, his lone side-wheeler, into heave for the homesters.

Hoffman, first up, grounded to Corcoran; Barrett to Stanley, both dying at first, while Arndt skied to Jones. In Montreal's half, Joyce singled to centre, stole second and was sacrificed along by the leader.

O'Neil got four wide ones, and when Barry threw to catch him off first Joyce scampered home. O'Neil stole second, and when Osticks' throw went to the field, Mike kept on to third. The sheriff tried hard to bring him home, but the best he could do was a roller to Barry, while Evans, another of Montreal's heavy hitters, fanned. One run.

SECOND INNINGS.

Second innings—Abstein beat out a roller to short, was sacrificed by Donahue, and got third when Stanley threw to catch him at second, giving Donahue the benefit of the choice. He was more fortunate with Donahue when that player tried to steal second. McHale fanned and Rock scored Abstein with a hit to centre, but was caught at second on Ostick's smash in that direction. One run.

Corcoran opened for Montreal with a hit past Arndt. Louden helped him along with a sacrifice, handled by Ostick. The ball fled to Barrett and Stanley to Barry.

TRIED TO STEAL SECOND.

Third inning—Barrett popped to Stanley. Hoffman to Ball, while Barrett fanned. Joyce flied to Hoffman, Casey to Donahue, O'Neil beat out a slow one to Donahue but was caught trying to steal second. No runs.

Fourth inning—Arndt walked, Abstein beat out roller, but was doubled at second with Donahue by Corcoran to Evans. McHale flied to Corcoran. Jones grounded to Rock and Evans to Donahue, while Corcoran flied to Rock back of third. No runs.

Fifth inning—Rock was passed, got second on Ostick's out, pitcher to first, but got no further, as Barry flied to Joyce and Hoffman fanned Louden flied to McHale, Ball fanned, and Stanley grounded to Donahue.

Sixth inning—Barrett delighted the fans by striking out. Arndt singled past third, but was caught trying to steal while Abstein grounded to Louden. Joyce drew four wide ones, but was run down between first and second. The whole in-field taking a part in the capture. Casey and O'Neill flied to left and right, no runs.

ENGAGED WHOLE INFIELD.

Seventh inning—Donahue was passed, but he, too, engaged the whole infield in the task of putting him out. McHale singled to left, but he was cut off between first and second by Ball's throw to Corcoran, thence to Evans. Jones bunted and Barry got it over to first, Evans grounded to Abstein and Corcoran fanned—no runs.

Eighth inning — Ostick beat out a slow one to deep short, Barry laid one down to Corcoran, advancing the catcher. Hoffman walked and Casey fell all over Barrett's offering and the bases were full. Arndt lived up to his reputation as a pinch hitter, by smashing out a triple, scoring the three ahead of him. He came home on Abstein's crack past short. Donahue and McHale flied to O'Neil—4 runs.

In the last half of the eighth Inning Louden drew four wide ones. Ball after spoiling several good ones popped to Donahue. Stanley grounded to Donahue advancing Louden. Joyce popped a high foul to Ostick—no runs.

Ninth inning—Rock was passed. Ostick's wholesale spiking proclivities caused the fans to hoot him, also drew wide ones. Barry sent one to Casey, who got Ostick at second. Hoffman flied to Jones, and the sheriff sent it back to Ball, cutting off Rock at the plate—no runs.

Last half of ninth—Casey popped a foul fly to Ostick, O'Neill was hit by the ball, but Black declined to give him the base. He got even by smashing a single to left. Jimmy Jones easily beat a bunt towards third while the fans yelled. There was a scene of wild confusion in the stand a moment later when Evans drove a two bagger to the left fence, scoring both runners. Corcoran hit to deep short, but was cut off, Evans reaching third with three and two on him. Louden skied to Arndt, ending the game—two runs.

FIRST GAME.

PROVIDENCE.

	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Hoffman, r.f.	4	1	0	2	0	0
Barret, c.f.	4	1	1	1	0	0
Arndt, 3b	3	1	2	1	1	0
Abstein, 1b	4	1	3	11	1	0
Donahue, 2b	2	0	0	5	2	0
McHale, l.f.	4	0	1	2	0	0
Rock, s.s.	2	0	1	1	3	0
Ostidick, c.	2	1	1	4	2	1
Barry, p.	3	0	0	0	2	1
Totals	28	5	9	27	11	1

MONTREAL.

	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Joyce, l.f.	3	1	1	1	0	0
Casey, 2b.	3	0	0	0	1	0
O'Neil, 2b	3	1	2	1	0	0
Jones, c.f.	4	1	1	3	1	0
Evans, 1b.	4	0	1	8	0	0
Corcoran, 2b.	4	0	1	4	5	0
Louden, s.s.	2	0	0	2	2	0
Ball, c.	3	0	0	8	3	0
Stanley, p.	3	0	0	0	3	1
Totals	29	3	6	27	15	1

Score by innings—

Providence	010000040—5
Montreal	100000002—3

SUMMARY.

Runs scored by individual players: Hoffman, Barrett, Arndt, Abstein, Ostdick, 5; Joyce, O'Neil, Jones, 3. Stolen bases, Joyce, 2; O'Neil, 1. Two base hit, Evans. Three base hit, Arndt. Sacrifice hits, Donahue, Ostdick, Barry. Casey, Louden. Double plays, Ball and Corcoran, Corcoran and Evans; Jones to Ball. Struck out, by Barry, 2; by Stanley, 4. Bases on balls, off Barry, 3; off Stanley, 6. Time, 1 hour 45 minutes. Umpire, Black.

SECOND GAME.

Montreal Baseball Grounds, August 1.—There was a shout of approval from the fans at the opening of the second game when it was announced that Bumpus Jones would twirl for Montreal, with Clarke at the receiving end. Cronin and Peterson were in the points for the visitors. Umpire Black announced at the outset that the game would be called at six o'clock to allow the teams to catch a train.

Hoffman opened with a hit to centre. Barrett followed with one past Casey. Arndt tried to sacrifice. Clarke made a bad throw, and Hoffman started home on it. Evans threw to the plate, but on a close decision Hoffman was safe. Abstein bunted, and Bumpus Jones, in throwing to first, hit the runner and sent in Barrett. Donahue flied to centre and Arndt reached home. McHale grounded to Bumpus and Rock flied to Joyce—3 runs.

Second half first—Joyce flied to Barrett, Casey hit towards pitcher, and Cronin went up in the air and got it in time. Rock got a hot one, but got it over to first—no runs.

Second—Peterson out, Louden to Evans; Cronin fanned; Hoffman flied to Evans. No runs.

For Montreal J. Jones flied to Hoffman. Evans hit one so hard at Abstein that it bounded over the first baseman's head, and before it came down Evans was perched on first. Corcoran fanned. Louden flied deep to Rock. No runs.

Third—With Barrett at bat, Clarke had a finger split and had to retire, Holmes going in. Barrett fanned. Arndt fled to Corcoran, and Abstein struck out. No runs.

Holmes fanned while Bumpus Jones hit a foul into the grand stand, rear first, striking a young lady just below the right eye. She was removed from the stand after being attended to by a doctor. Bumpus struck out and Joyce flied to left—no runs.

Fourth—Donahue popped a foul to Holmes, O'Neil made a fine running catch off McHale, while Louden put Rock's offering over to first—no runs.

Last of fourth—Casey flied to centre. O'Neill was out, Donahue to Abstein, Sheriff Jones flied to Hoffman—no runs.

Fifth inning—Peterson singled to centre, Cronin tried to sacrifice, Bumpus attempted to cut Peterson off at second, but threw badly, Peterson reaching third, and Cronin second. Hoffman hit it at Louden, who juggled it, and then Evans massed the throw. Barrett tried to sacrifice, but Peterson was forced at the Plate. Bumpus passed Arndt, forcing in Cronin. Abstein hit to left for two bags, scoring two, but Arndt was caught at the plate on Casey's relay from Joyce, Holmes returning to Casey in time to catch Abstein at third ending Providences for the inning—3 runs.

Second half, fifth—Evans started with a single to left, Corcoran poked one at Rock and the shortstop fumbled it, both runners being safe. Both advanced on Louden's out, pitcher to first. Holmes fanned, and Bumpus Jones ended the chances by striking out. No runs.

Sixth inning—Louden made a sensational pick up off Donahue, but the runner beat it out and promptly pilfered the next sack. McHale singled out of Corcoran's reach. Rock flied to O'Neill and McHale was safe, while Donahue got home. McHale stole second, and when Peterson got a hit was run down between third and home, but the catcher made third. Cronin put a foul over left field fence. Louden made a high throw of Cronin's single, Peterson scoring. Cronin tried to make third, but was caught, a riot nearly ensuing when the crowd thought Black had called him safe. Two runs.

Second half sixth—Joyce flied to Donahue and Casey to Rock. O'Neill was passed. Jimmy Jones cracked one to left field fence for two bags, scoring O'Neill. Evans was out Abstein to Cronin, on a grounder off first. One run.

Seventh inning—Hoffman grounded to Corcoran, Barrett singled past second, Arndt grounded to Bumpus, but Corcoran missed the throw to force Barrett, when a double play was easy. Abstein forced Arndt at second. Donahue flied to Joyce. No runs.

Second half seventh—Corcoran flied to McHale, Louden to Rock, and Holmes to Hoffman—no runs.

Eighth—McHale singled to centre, Rock lined to Louden, who doubled up McHale at first, Peterson went down, Bumpus Jones to Evans. No runs.

Last half eight—Bumpus hit another foul to the stand, but nobody was hurt this time. He then flied to Barrett. Joyce put up a foul to McHale, Casey sent one to Cronin, and the game was called—8 to 1.

SECOND GAME.

Score:—

Providence.

	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Hoffman, r.f	4	7	2	3	0	0
Barrett, c.f.	4	2	2	2	0	0
Arndt, 3b.	3	1	1	0	0	1
Abstein, 1b.	3	0	1	6	1	1
Donahue, 2b.	4	1	1	1	1	0
McHale, l.f.	3	0	2	3	0	0
Rock, s.s.	3	0	0	3	2	0
Peterson, c.	3	1	2	5	0	0
Cronin, p.	2	1	0	1	3	0
Totals	29	8	11	24	7	2

Montreal.

	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Joyce, l.f.	3	0	0	3	1	0
Casey, 3b.	3	0	0	2	2	1
O'Neill, r.f.	2	1	0	2	0	1
Jones, c.f.	2	0	1	0	0	0
Evans 1b.	3	0	1	7	2	1
Corcoran, 2b.	3	0	0	3	1	0
Louden, s.s.	3	0	0	1	3	0
Clarke, c.	0	0	0	1	3	1
Jones, p.	3	0	0	0	3	3
*Holmes, c.	3	0	0	5	0	0
Totals	25	1	2	24	12	7

*Holmes replaced Clarke in second.

Score by innings:—

Providence	3003200—8
Montreal	00000100—1

Summary:—Two base hits, Abstein; bases on balls, off Cronin 1, off Jones 1; struck out, by Cronin 5, by Jones 3; bases stolen, Abstein, Donahue, McHale; sacrifice hits Abstein, Donahue; double plays, Louden to Evans; left on bases, Providence 2, Montreal 2. Time of game, 2 hours. Umpire, Black.

BIG TENNIS TOURNAMENT WAS COMMENCED TO-DAY

The Canadian championships in the annual tournament of the Canadian Lawn Tennis Association started this afternoon on the courts of the Mount Royal Lawn Tennis Club.

This is the first occasion on which this tournament has been held outside of Ontario.

Montreal players were anxious to have a representative meeting, and, as the association, whose headquarters are in Toronto, would have found it awkward to manage affairs from their end, the Quebec Provincial Association took over the duties for the time being, and so the present tournament is being carried out under their auspices.

It is felt to be a wise move of the Association to enlarge their scope, and their action is sure to prove a popular one. Next year, in all probability, Ottawa will be the venue, then, perhaps Toronto or any other town that the Association may decide upon.

There is no doubt of the success of this year's venture, as the list of entries comprises some 160 names, including the crack clubs from Ottawa, Toronto and St. John, besides all the well known home players. Among the Montreal representatives are: H. M. Suckling, champion of Montreal; T. Y. Sherwell, champion of Quebec Province; G. A. Grier, A. C. Dunlop, A. Chipman, W. A. Holland and A. S. Cassels, all of Mount Royal. Captain Foulkes, the holder of the All-Canadian Championship, will be here later from Ottawa to defend his title and also to play in the doubles. From Toronto all the best known players have entered, and interest centres in the play of McEachran, the young St. Matthew's player, who is reported to be playing a very strong game. W. A. Bays, of Barrie, a former Canadian champion, and McAvity, present champion of New Brunswick, are both here, and Stewart and Inches, of St. John, N.B., are also on the courts.

Purvis, of Winnipeg, who was runner-up last year, is expected here during the course of next week.

The fine tennis courts of the Mount Royal Club were looking their best when play started this afternoon, and there was quite a gallery present when the play started, the fair sex being especially prominent. The events of the meeting, eight in number, are as follows:

(1) Open Singles, Championship of Canada.—Winner to become holder for one year of the Canadian championship trophy, which becomes the property of any player winning, the same three times in succession. Entry fee, $2.00.

(2) All Canadian Championship, open to residents of the Dominion of Canada.—Winner to become holder for one year of the All Canadian Championship Trophy, which becomes the property of any player winning the same three times in succession or four times in all. Entry fee, $2.00.

(3) Montreal Cup (Perpetual Challenge Cup), open to all players resident in the Province of Quebec.—The winner to play Mr. H. M. Suckling, holder of the cup. Entry fee, $1.50.

(4) Open Doubles, Championship of Canada—Entry fee $1.50 each player; winners to play Messrs. Burns and Glassco, holders.

(5) Men's Handicap—Open to all-comers. Entry fee, $1.50.

(6) Novice Singles—Open to all players who have never won a prize in an open tournament. Entry fee, $1.00.

(7) Ladies' singles, championship of Canada—Open to all comers. Entry fee, $1.00.

(8) Mixed doubles—Open to all comers. Entry fee, $1.00 each player.

Of these, a commencement was made to-day in the Open Singles, for which there were 26 entries, and also in the Novice Singles, and the Montreal cup, for which there were 20 and 13 entries respectively.

In the Montreal Cup, which is held by H. M. Suckling, three matches were played, Grier easily defeating Sargent by 6—1, 6—1, while Barnard had not much greater difficulty over Jellott, defeating him by 6—2, 6—1.

In the open single, the game which drew the gallery was that between Suckling and McAvity, the respective champions of Montreal and St. John, N.B. There was great difference in their styles, Suckling being left handed. The match turned out to be rather one-sided Suckling gaining a runaway victory by 6—1, 6—2.

The results are:

Montreal Cup—Grier beat Sargent, 6—1; 6—1; Sherwell beat Jellett, 6—2, 6—1; Holland beat Gaunt, 6—3, 6—2; Cassils beat Barnard, 6—1, 7—5.

Open singles—Suckling (Montreal), beat McAvity (St. John, N.B.), 6—1, 6—2; Jellett, Montreal, beat Inches, St. John, N.B., 6—3, 3—6, 6—4; P. Stewart, Montreal, beat Barnard, Montreal, 6—3, 4—6, 6—2; Audras, Lachine, beat Kerr, St. Catharines, 7—5, 6—4; Dunlop, Montreal, beat Ross, Ottawa, 5—7, 6—3, 6—2.

Novice, singles—Prevost beat Mellor, 6—0, 6—2.

Handicap—Chipman beat Cox, 6—2, 6—1; Cassels beat Boys, 6—2, 2—6, 6—1; G. Suckling beat Mumm, 6—0, 7—5; Vespey beat Carr, 6—2, 8—6.

The handicaps for the handicap event were as follows:

Chipman, 15; Cox, scratch; W. Craig, 1—2 15; Stewart, 40; Dobbin, 1—2 15; McEachran, 30; Edgar, 15; Larkin 1—2 15; Purkis, 15; Gurd 1—2 15; Mellor, 15; Summerhayes, —; Sherwell, 40; Grier, 30; Boucherell, 1—2 15; Wickes, 15; Dineen, —; Sargent, scratch; Suckling, 40; Sharp 1—2 15; Ross, 30; Palmer, 1—2; 15; Prevost, 1—2 15; Inches, —; Kerr, Haig, —; Burns, 40; Evans, scratch; Nolan, —; Carr, 1—2 15; Veysey, 30; McAvity, 30; Dart, scratch; Gaunt, 15; Pelton, 15; Hutchison, 1—2 15; Spanner, —; Cassels, 30; Boys, 40; G. Suckling, 1—2 15; Munn, 15.

Orange-blossom was adopted for bridal wreaths because the orange branch bears fruit and flowers at once, and is thus a sign of plenty.

Glass mirrors were known in 23 A.D., but the art of making them was then lost, and not regained till 1300 A.D.

Russia has no fewer than eighty-six public holidays in the year.

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Sufferers from Fits, Epilepsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Nervous Troubles or Falling Sickness should write the LIEBIG CO., 179 King street, Toronto, for a trial bottle of their Fit Cure and Treatise. Enclose 10c for postage and packing. 6

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Admission 10 cents; Children 5 cents.

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INTERESTING RACES AT LACHINE

Special to The Standard.

Lachine, August 1.—An interesting programme of races was carried out here this afternoon by the Riverside Boating Club, consisting of nearly fifteen events.

The more interesting and amusing events of the day were the fat mens' race and the tub race. Five competitors started in these races. The fat mens' race was not on the programme but was added by special request. Mr. W. Magor was the winner, the next in order being Messrs. E. W. Strathy and W. S. Johnson. Three crews started in the double sculls for ladies and gentlemen. Miss M. Henry and Mr. W. F. B. Henry won the first prize. The second boat to finish was rowed by Miss Liffiton and Mr. Robinson. The single canoe race for boys 15 years and under had five starters. The winner turned up in S. Jennings, while A. Jennings was second. Messrs. Oscar Weber and Rudolph Eber won the tandem canoe race for men. Messrs. Markham Bros. were second. Two heats were rowed in the ladies' double sculls, owing to two out of the three starters finishing outside of the course.

The Misses Henry and Strathy won this event in the second heat. To decide the winners of the second prize, Misses M. Henry and M. Liffiton out-rowed the Misses Shackell and Liffiton. The girls' race proved to be an interesting event for the spectators who cheered the three young competitors most enthusiastically. Miss Helena Oliver won, with Miss Brenda Waredell second and Miss Doris Liffiton third. Only two of the three starters in the boys' under 15 tandem canoe race finished one of the paddlers in the other boat breaking his paddle. The winners were Masters Robertson Bros. Next to finish were Masters Fred Allan and M. Bastable. The other events of the day consisted of tandem canoe race for ladies and gentlemen; a swimming race for boys, 15 years and under, and a single canoe crab race and single sculls.

COLONIALS MET C.P.R. TO-DAY

This afternoon Colonials met C. P. R. in the semi-final for the Caledonia Cup, on the Shamrock Lacrosse ground at Mile End.

Colonials—Cowie, goal; McBride and Marchant, backs; Taylor, Iverson and Young, halves; Davis, Munroe, Hepburn, Brodie, and McKendrick, forwards.

C. P. R.—Beddoes, goal; Hudson and Sheldon, backs; A. Mackay, Fraser and Ross, halves; McKendrick, Short, George, Hale and Walker, forwards.

Referee—Mr. D. Milne.

Right from the start C. P. R. pressed Cowie, saving many hot shots, one or two of his saves being brilliant. Colonials rarely broke away, being kept on the defensive. After thirty-five minutes' play, George beat Cowie, registering the first point.

Colonials attacked but failed at critical moments.

Shortly before half time George added number two.

Half Time Result.

C. P. R.	2
Colonials	0

FIVE MILE RUN FROM M.A.A.A.

What turned out to be a most interesting race took place to-day from the M.A.A.A. grounds, seven runners taking part.

The distance was five miles, starting with one lap round the track, thence out St. Catherine street and Western avenue to the Tollgate, north to Cote St. Antoine Tollgate, along St. Antoine Road to Metcalfe avenue, thence to St. Catherine street, with the finishing lap on the track.

The contestants, Messrs. Thompson, Ellis, Leonard, Colpus, Laramee, Hall and Young, all seemed in the pink of condition, and started out at a fine clip, Young leading the way. Towards the finish Thompson was going strongly, and promised to finish well up. Ellis and Leonard made a remarkable spurt but were unable to overtake Thompson.

The men finished in the following order:—Thompson, Ellis, Leonard, Colpus, Laramee, Hall and Young.

SEMI-FINAL CALEDONIAN CUP TO-DAY

This afternoon, on Molson Park, Rosemount met Westmount in the semi-final for the Caledonia Cup, and ran out winners by one goal to nil, after an even game. Sewell scored the only goal ten minutes from the end, to the huge delight of Rosemounts' supporters.

RESULTS OF RACES AT BIG CARLETON PLACE REGATTA TO-DAY

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Aug. 1.—At the big regatta at Carleton Place this afternoon, and in the Junior singles for canoes, half-a-mile, G. Coyles, of the Carleton Place Canoe Club, won first. A. E. Black, of the Ottawa Canoe Club, was second.

In the Junior singles for canoes, Plante of the Britannia Canoe Club, Ottawa, won first.

The quarter mile war canoe race was won by the Carleton Place Canoe Club. The New Edinburgh Canoe Club, Ottawa, was second, and the Britannia Canoe Club, Ottawa, third.

There is a curious strike at Cherbourg, France. Dissatisfied with an inspector, the fish wives have gone on strike, and refused to handle the fish which is put up at public auction. The fishermen have had to turn vendors, with results not very satisfactory either to themselves or the public.

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We have a very select lot of fine French Table Prunes, glass jars and in 5-lb. tins.

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M.A.A.A. AND POINT DREW AT SOCCER

In fine cool weather, M.A.A.A. and Points met to-day on the M.A.A.A. grounds, in the First Division League feature, postponed last week on account of cup engagements. The spectators numbered over 200.

The teams:—

M.A.A.A.—MacIntyre; Miles and Grant; Valley, Neville and Fitzpatrick; Wilson, Smith, Macfarlane, W. Mackay and D. Mackay.

Points—White; D. Milne, and Doman; W. Milne, Doran, and Burnett; May, Rae, Moncrieffe, Appleton and Nairn.

Referee—Mr. J. McChesney.

THE GAME.

At 4 o'clock, Macfarlane started the game, and within a minute the home forwards were around White, the ball, however, going bye. Midfield play followed for some minutes, then Points forced a corner. For five minutes the Points were on the offensive, but had hard work getting at Macintyre, Appleton ultimately giving the custodian a long shot, which was put over the bar. Nairn dropped the kick into goal, but Grant cleared.

M.A.A.A. front department worked some pretty combinations and White was called upon by W. Mackay. A long shot by Macfarlane was lightly played out by White, and Smith snatching up the chance, opened the scoring after 14 minutes' play. M.A.A.A. again attacked, but Doran gave relief, when the Points took up the running without, however, proving dangerous. Montreal once more got the upper hand, and twenty minutes from starting, Wilson brought off a very nice run and finished by beating White with a low shot into the corner of the net. M.A.A.A. came again, and though, they put in some nice work, nothing resulted. An attack by the Points gave them a corner, which, though well placed, was cleared.

Result—M.A.A.A., 2; Points, 0.

Final result:—M.A.A.A., 2; Points, 2.

MEXICAN BOMBS WERE SECRETED.

El Paso, Texas, August 1.—Deputy United States Marshal Hillebrand has located sixty bombs three miles northwest of El Paso, where it is believed Mexican revolutionists had hidden them. A secret service officer from San Antonio traced the bombs from Ysleta, below El Paso, to the place where they were found to-day.

Some of the bombs had been uncovered by Mexican children, who were playing with them. Some of the bombs were constructed of old fruit and vegetable cans, filled with sticks of dynamite and iron slugs, with percussion caps and fuses.

Brushes made of such thin glass fibre that they are like spun silk are used by artists when decorating china.

Through indiscretion in eating green fruit in summer many children become subject to cholera morbus caused by irritating acids that act violently on the lining of the intestines. Pains and dangerous purgings ensue and the delicate system of the child suffers under the drain. In such cases the safest and surest medicine is Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. It will check the inflammation and save the child's life.

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RAPHIC STORY OF THE RACE BETWEEN LIEUT. HALSWELL AND CARPENTER

rting editor of the London , in a late issue just to hand, ribes the famous 400-metres at the Olympic games, in rpenter and Halswell competin which Halswell states that lbowed by Carpenter. This ccount is as follows:

TORY OF THE RACE.

al of the 400 metres flat race, trifle less than a yard short ter of a mile, was the prinset down for decision. Three and one Briton were left in The Americans were T. C. W. C. Robbins and J. B. negro. The Briton was Halswell, of the Highland try, the best man in Great he distance, and the only ited Kingdom.

along the course were mber, and were partiall the incidents of the

le race, which describes rt of the circumference , is run without strings. wide. The distance is g a line a foot outside viously, a man who runs ine covers a greater disthat prescribed for the few extra yards mean all e in a race among such competing yesterday. s the favorite. Mr. J. E. special commissioner of tes team, declared in an he would win by half and that there was no erican team capable of "He is," said Mr. Sulliamateur quarter-miler n." English professho have been watchwith the keen eyes of exessed the same opinion. eclared that Halswell was an in the race, "by five or

e colored man, was on the bbins took the next place, Halswell, and then Carpenhe crack of the pistol Cared off at a tremendous pace, useful lead in the first few Halswell, who never starts away badly. In the back Carpenter led, followed by and Halswell—with Taylor off in the rear. Halswell was his stride, running with a beauce-horse action.

nding the first bend he was seen g wide, at Robbins's shoulder, Carpenter a couple of yards in The enthusiastic crowd in that of the Stadium waved British and raised delighed shouts of well."

STORM OF "BOOS."

enly, like a bolt from the blue, ut of joy changed to a storm ." Everyone was amazed. ll had reached the leader, ty yards from the winning bbins was now behind, Tayout of the race. To the rtion of all, Carpenter, who swell on his right, was seen wide round the bend into the instead of keeping to the inany leader who wished to win ould do.

ter's pump-like action of the d changed. He was driving swell, who was bored over to track from his course. Those e near declare that Carpenter e Englishman two distinct " in the chest. Halswell out of his course and his s chance of victory was

stant the corner judge shot s and waved them in wild Halswell also protested by kable wave of the arm. e accepted the signal and broke the tape. Another been stretched about a yard to give the winner a chance the quarter-mile record. also was snapped.

ers finished with a staletape to break, no applause the ear, no congratulations upon the victor. Carpenter rst, but his number did not flag fluttered on the of that the tragic anas made on the board It had to be written with possibility of such a given during the comapparently not been con the committee.

eers burst forth—ironical cheers with a note of anger. The spectators at the end where the incident occurred were worked to a high pitch of excitement. They felt that something unfair had happened. They cheered and cheered again in support of the ruling of the officials.

Halswell—a Scotsman and an old Fettes boy, and more, a lieutenant in the British army—behaved just as might have been expected. In reply to the indignant expressions of his friends he merely shrugged his shoulders, half smiled, and strode off to the dressing-room.

EVIDENCE OF FOOTPRINTS.

A strange scene followed, unaccountable to the vast majority of the spectators, to whom the event was still a mysterious puzzle. Instead of crowding round the victor and exchanging friendly notes on the race, the officials crowded down to the corner of the course. Everybody was kept carefully off the track. Judges and officials made a minute examination of the footprints—which, owing to the spikes, were planly visible in the cinder-track.

Photographers were called up, and at the direction of the officials they took many pictures of the track and the footprints.

A score of spectators, livid with excitement, were burning to give their version of the incident to anybody who looked as if he had a right to receive it.

DUG HIS ELBOWS.

They were almost incoherent, but entirely unanimous in their stories. They declared in the plainest terms that they saw Carpenter twice dig his elbow into Halswell's chest and drive him to the outside of the course. They asserted that even the women, who knew nothing of the rules of racing, shouted with indignation when the incident occurred.

An inspection of the course showed that long strides on the inside of the track suddenly became short strides at a tangent towards the outside; and beyond these, on the extreme outer edge, were the footprints ascribed to Halswell.

One point was raised by all the students of athletics who had watched the racing. Carpenter's time was 49 secs., and Halswell finished behind him. On the previous day Halswell broke the Olympic record by doing the distance in 48 2-5 secs.—something like five yards better than Carpenter's time. It was argued that the difference could only be accounted for, seeing that Lieutenant Halswell was in fine running form, by the fact that he had covered more than the pescribed course or had been interfered with.

All was doubt and confusion. It became known that the officials had gone to their private room, also that they were taking the written statements of all the people concerned. Semi-official communications were made from time to time; first, that the race would be run again in half-an-hour; next, that Carpenter had been disqualified; next, that the race would certainly be postponed to another day, owing to the injustice of setting men so hard a task twice in one afternoon.

OFFICIAL DECISION.

A new note was then introduced into these semi-official communications. The Americans were protesting hard against the disqualification of Carpenter, considering that the breaking of the tape had, ipso facto, made the race void from the very beginning.

In the end, after a long sitting, the committee made an official announcement, in the following terms:—

The British Olympic judges, after hearing all the evidence, have declared the race void, and it will be run at twelve o'clock on Saturday next, in strings, Carpenter is disqualified.

This, of course, is a complete support of the action of the referee. Carpenter's disqualification, and the order that the postponed race shall be run in "strings"—which obviates all possibility of "boring"—are clear indications of the view the committee took.

CARPENTER'S STATEMENT.

Mr. J. C. Carpenter made the following signed statement:—

"I started with the inside berth. Halswell was next to me; Robbins next him; and Taylor on the outside. Up the first straight away Robbins led, and I was running second. Halswell was close behind me, I imagine.

"At the first curve the positions were unchanged. Then, at the second bend—right at the top of the course—I, because of my long stride, was unable to stick to the inside berth. It was at this point that I attempted to pass Robbins, and entered wide into the straight. Halswell was still behind me.

"From this point my path was absolutely straight to the finish line. For about ten or fifteen yards—at eighty yards from the finish—Halswell was running absolutely abreast of me, with plenty of room still on the outside of him, and he could also have passed on the inside of me if necessary.

"I do not know of any contact between us at any point during the race. I always know exactly what I do during a race, and I am perfectly certain we did not touch. I do not see how a race could have been more fairly run."

LIEUT. HALSWELL'S VIEW.

Lieutenant Halswell said he was elbowed out by Carpenter. He received two vigorous blows on the chest, and—in the dressing-room—he showed the marks.

FORAN WRITES BRENNAN OF COMING TRIP TO BRITAIN

Mr. Paddy Brennan has received a letter from Alderman Foran, of Ottawa, in which the latter says:—

Ottawa, Ont., July 31st.

Dear Paddy,—I duly received your letter of the 23rd instant, but did not reply in the hope that I would see you at the Montreal-Tecumseh match in Montreal last Saturday, at which I acted as referee; but it appears from what I could learn from your friends who were present at the match that it is a case with you now of business before pleasure, and I certainly do not blame you.

As regards your enquiry, you have doubtless seen in the press that we sail from Quebec on Friday, the 2nd October next. The matches in England will be played during the week beginning the 19th of October. We will have ten days in which to get acclimatized and do the necessary training; and, after the series are over, we could play two or three matches, and still be ready to sail back by the 30th October. I do not expect, however, that we will be in any great rush for the return trip, and we will probably arrange for a somewhat extended trip through the British Isles before returning.

No definite arrangements as to this have as yet been made, but in another few weeks we should have full particulars.

I am glad to hear that Henry Hoobin is getting ready.

I was told in Montreal some time ago that he was not working, and I was afraid that he was going to disappoint us. I need not tell you that I am exceedingly anxious to have Henry as one of the team; in fact, I would not consider the team complete without him; but at the same time, for his own sake—to say nothing of the great honor of winning which is at stake—I consider it of the utmost importance that he should train faithfully in order that he may acquit himself in the way of which he is capable.

Representing Canada, we cannot afford to take a chance of losing the right to be considered the greatest living exponents of lacrosse, and, if the team were not in condition, this is likely what would happen, and the Canadian public would never forgive us.

I am delighted to hear that you are showing up in your old-time cleverness, because that is saying a great deal. I hope to see you soon and have a talk about this Olympic business.

With kind regards, believe me to remain,

Yours sincerely,

(Signed), WM. FORAN.

QUEBEC'S RACE MEET ENDED TO-DAY

Quebec, Aug. 1.—This afternoon closed what has been one of the most interesting race meetings ever given in this quaint old city. It has been more of an experiment to test the public feeling as to whether Quebec would support a two weeks' meeting, providing a good class of sport were furnished and yet, owing to adverse circumstances, this is still an unanswered question. The sport offered at this meet has been as good as any seen on the big circuits, but owing to the elaborate attractions in city, it did not draw the crowds the management anticipated. The horsemen who made the trip here have shown Quebec people that they are good sportsmen by continuing the meet which was not financially successful. Yesterday being the last day of the pageants and attractions. Quebecers proved their interest in the sport by turning out in large numbers. The fields offered were good, and well contested.

The results follow

First race, for 3-year-olds, five furlongs—Hasty, 100, Simmons, 6 to 5 and out, won; Lepgodschaux, 102, Howard, 4 to 1, 7 to 10, and out, second; Lykers, 100, J. Murphy, 4 to 5 and out, third. Time, 1.04 2-5. Vardoe also ran. Scratched, Bounding Ella.

Second race, for steeplechasers, one mile on the flat—D. G. Taylor, 127, Ryan, 4 to 1, even and out, won; Rower, 127, J. Murphy, 6 to 5, and out, second; Ballycastle, 127, Knight, 3 to 1, even, and out, third. Time, 1.47. Grey Plume, Way Post, also ran.

Third race, for three-year-olds and upwards; one and one-sixteenth miles—Dashaway, 102, Hogg, 6 to 5, 1 to 2 and out, won; Besterlig, 102, Simmons, 7 to 10 and out second; St. Valentine, 105, Howard, 2 to 1, 1 to 2, and out, third. Time, 1.46. Alila also ran. Scratched, Water Lake, Hannibal Bye.

Fourth race, for three-year-olds and upwards, five furlongs—Cocksure, 100, J. Murphy, 6 to 5, 1 to 2 and even, won; Whiskbroom, 100, Howard, 3 to 5 and out second; Dandy Dances, 100, Griffin, 6 to 5, 1 to 2, and out, third. Time, 1.03 3-5. Miss K. O. B. also ran. Scratched, Inventress, Parkrow, Cooney K.

Fifth race for three-year-olds and upwards, six furlongs—Jennie Deceiver, 105 (Taylor), 7 to 1, 3 to 2, and out, won; Lathorpe, 105 (Howard), 4 to 5, and out, second; Lone Hand, 107, (Knight), 5 to 1, 4 to 5, and out, third. Time, 1.18 1-5. Clifton Forge and Red Monk also ran. Scratched, Ever True.

OLYMPIC AND GREEK ATHLETES

Special to The Standard.

London, Eng., Aug. 1.—Arthur Lynch, author of Religio Athletae, in an interview to-day discussing the Olympic games just concluded, and how they compared with the work of the famous Greeks of old, said:—The Greeks had no instruments of precision, and they were, moreover, an imaginative people, impatient at times of the tyranny of facts. Homer speaks of a chariot beating another by a distance "as far as a vigorous youth could throw a disc." The distance by which a steer could outplough a heifer was another standard of measurement.

OVERLEAPING THE PLOT.

It is in this atmosphere that we must approach the celebrated leap of Phayllos, which is set down as 55ft. It has been said that the only warrant we have for this fact is in an epigram which has come down to us; but that statement is not correct. Chionis of Sparta, moreover, is credited with a leap of 52ft. These records were engraven in marble statues, and that of Phayllos became popularized in a saying, "over-leaping the plot." This proverbial reference proves that the leap was an extraordinary one, for Phayllos landed beyond the softened soil or plot prepared for the jumpers.

DID HE USE A SPRING-BOARD?

In the course of research on this subject I have noticed various explanations given, such as that Phayllos leaped from a spring-board, or that he jumped from a height, that he used dumb-bells; but it is only among German commentators, or students who have no practical acquaintance with athletics, that one could ever find acceptance of the record. Phayllos, it is true, used dumbbells, but he did not take off from a spring-board, nor, from a study of ancient Greek vases, does it seem that the jump was in any way down hill. The greatest long jump of modern times was that of Howard, of Bradford, in 1854; Howard used 5lb. dumbbells and took off from a wedge-shaped block of wood raised four inches from the ground; and thus helped he cleared 29ft. 6in. The discrepancy is so great as to render belief in the record of Phayllos futile. Even the longest running hop, step, and jump of modern times falls far far short of 55ft.

AN IRISH CHAMPION.

I remember seeing P. O'Connor, the Irish champion, exhibit a magnificent leap at Stamford Bridge. That man was built to jump; one saw it as he emerged from the pavilion—the comparatively light torso, with the long, muscular, wiry lower limbs. He was, moreover, a master of the art. He ran in a flash of speed to the mark.

I compared O'Connor's whole style, his proportions, his flight in air, with the best Greek vases, and I became convinced that Hellas had never produced his superior. Yet O'Connor's record long jump, from a board, is given as 24ft. 11 3-4 inches.

Among other Greek records we have that of Pheidippides, who covered 135 miles in rough country in a couple of days, to bring to Sparta the news of the approach of the Persian host. Pheidippides was henceforth honored almost like a demi-god. Certainly it was a fine performance, but there are dozens of men now living who could do as well. The famous Foster Powell, when well on in years, walked from London to Canterbury and back, about 112 miles, in twenty-four hours. In 1882 Lieutenant Salvatore, of Marsala, travelled over rough tracts from Lecce to Taranto, 104 miles, in twenty-four hours.

SUPERIORITY OF MODERN ATHLETICS.

Among many curious notes I find that Euchidas, the Boeotian, made the distance from Plataea to Delphi and back, about ninety-five miles, in one day, and dropped dead at the finish. Argeus won the dolichos, the long-distance race of about two and a half miles, and immediately ran off to his home, sixty miles away, to be the bearer of the glad tidings. Lasthenes is said to have beaten a war charger from Koronaea to Thebes, a distance of about twenty miles. Milo, the strong man, was able to poke his forefinger through a green apple, and here we have at least a feat that might be tested.

Although the Greek records are so uncertain, yet by considering every feature of their games, their style of training, their statues, their vases, their feats on the large scale, such as the marching of troops, we seem led to the conclusion that our athletes represent a development superior to theirs.

PHYSICAL EFFICIENCY.

Many of the ancient writers, particularly the men and women, were inclined to condemn the games altogether from the point of view of the physical efficiency of the nation. Plato, who had a natural feeling in favor of the athletes, speaks of the lack of the bloom of youth on their cheeks and of liveliness in their eyes; and this, though they were noted for temperance and chastity. Our athletes last longer at a high level of excellence. Great modern athletes like Flanagan, Corbett, Mace and many others among boxers; Hanlon, Beach, and Gaudaur among oarsmen; Westhall, Seward, Hutchens, and Frank Hewitt among marvellous runners, have all won laurels at an age when the Olympian athletes would have been content to talk of past glories. And what shall be said of such heroes of sport as Captain Webb and Holbein, whose feats transcend all that the Greeks ever dreamed?

Greek boxing, in which the men fought with the cestus, usually made of thongs of untanned leather, was a terrible affair; but the accounts of the sports, and the references in the poets, go to show that the boxers were slow and heavy, that their stock of blows was poor compared to the batteries of attack of our own fighters. The fire, the courage, the genius of Jem Belcher would have made short work even of Damoxenos, while Melancomas, the wiliest of them all, could not have lived with Tommy Burns. Ulysses when he gave Ajax the cross-buttock was good, and Arrichion was a desperate wrestler; but we miss in the story of their feats the impression of mingled finesse, quickness, and strength that we find in Hackenschmidt.

The Greek athletes were not so great as ours, yet there was something particularly noble in their games—that superior animating spirit, that fine inter-penetrated sense of the whole magnificant spectacle, the splendid celebration, being a tribute to the civic ideal and a joyous sacrifice to the beauty of life.

There is a rumor going the rounds that a new first-class Soccer club will spring into existence next season bearing the name of a prominent railroad company. The more the merrier, as new faces will add fresh interest to the game, providing, of course, they have the proper guiding hands.

Mr. Winston Churchill states that the lion is no seeker after quarrels. His object throughout life is to save his skin.

SPENT $3.000 SEARCHING FOR HEALTH.

FROM SHOAL LAKE MAN COMES THE FOLLOWING WONDERFUL STORY

Mr. Robert Squires says:—"I have spent over $3,000 in search for health; have travelled from place to place looking for suitable climate. I came to the conclusion that climate made no difference in curing throat and lung troubles. At the health resorts consumptives died there as at any place else so I determined to find a home remedy. A friend advised me to use Psychine. The first few bottles gave great relief from coughing and seemed to ease the pain in the lungs. Within a month the cough and night sweats had disappeared, and I had greatly regained my strength. I used ten bottles, but my case was a serious one, and I didn't begrudge the cost, for I was completely cured after medical men considered my case hopeless. My lungs are now sound and no sign of disease whatever is apparent."

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THE NEWS IN SOCCER WORLD

(By the Free Critic.)

Valleyfield's withdrawal from the league, really surprised no one, as there had been rumors for some time past to that effect. Valleyfield seem particularly unfortunate in their local affairs, last year the strike interfered with their fixtures, many going by default, this year it is a "shut down" or lockout. Everyone is sorry for the troubles that have beset them. They lodged three reasons for their resignation, poor refereeing, debarred from Caledonian Cup ties, and denied resident representative on local Association. Regarding the Caledonian Cup, it is difficult to see what other course the Association could take than to bar outside clubs this year, owing to the league schedule, not allowing for cup dates, thus limiting the participants. The fault lay in the first place with the committee that drew up the schedule, but having done so, there seemed nothing left but to limit the cup to six clubs. Really a great pity for, as said in this column early in the season, clubs that can reach a semi-final without having played a game, gain very little credit even in the possession of the cup, which to retain its full sentimental value should be open to all. Valleyfields second complaint re bad refereeing, this is without doubt the poorest form of argument a losing club can use, and as a complaint, has no real value. As every Soccer man knows, in and outside the tabernacle, the rule passed preventing outside clubs having a city representative, was passed for a specific purpose. It was too much to expect Valleyfield to send a representative to each local meeting, and Valleyfield in this point have just cause for complaint. The incident is now closed, however, and to the regret of many, they have ceased to be members of our league. In the interests of Soccer, all true friends of Valleyfield hope it is but a temporary eclipse, and that they will come again.

Westmount feel they have been hardly dealt with, in regard to the league's ruling, that all games played against Valleyfield shall stand, and subsequently fixtures go by default. This incident should serve to silence some of those critics, who have perhaps too often asserted that Westmount always got the best of a deal in our local council. In the writer's opinion all Valleyfield records should have been expunged, but having by the majority declared them to stand, there should be no re-opening the question, as it is only a self-admission of weakness and unstability. You can never have a court of appeal composed of the very clubs who have already decided the issue, at a previous meeting. This position smacks of a comic opera. As Valleyfield's one victory was over Westmount, this defeat may jeopardise the latter's chance in the league. But having had their opportunity to state their side of the case, they should submit to the decision of the men, who perhaps at some future time they may wish to uphold Westmount are far from being out of the running.

The Colonials won their protest against Rosemount, and the league fixture of 20th June, must be replayed. No one blames the Colonials for pushing their appeal, but it is only another instance of the same men re-opening a case, after once having given their decision. The practice is dangerous and should be stopped, as it will only lead to endless complications and dissatisfaction. Having given their verdict there should be no appeal, that is under the present constitution of the Association. The Colonials claim they were not properly represented at the first meeting, but that was not the fault of Rosemount, and as the referee was present to give his report, one fails to see the justification for this reversal.

The two games played in Caledonia Cup ties produced some exciting play, C. P. R. and Rosemount earning the right to enter the semi-final, the Colonials and Westmount reaching that stage without toil. The C. P. R. game gave some strenuous incidents, so much so that Herron, Points' left back, was ordered off the field and suspended the same evening for three weeks' expeditious work. C. P. R. deserved to win, being clearly the better team. Points re-introduced White, who gave such a striking display against Rosemount some while back, but even White could not save them. The Points, it is a pity to say took their defeat badly, and the match closed with a scene, the referee being escorted from the field. This is to be regretted, and those ill-advised supporters of the Points will in their calmer moments realize it. We have done so well this season, and play has been so remarkably clean, that all who have the game at heart are sorry for this outburst. No one has any wish to go back to some of the exhibitions of last season, and we all hope that this is the last of the present.

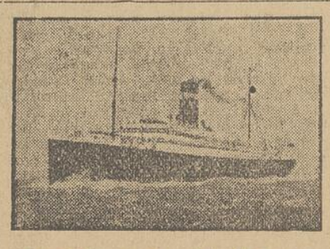
Rosemount proved too good for the M. A. A. A. after extra time played, in one of the most exciting games of the season. Leading at half time, M. A. A. A. felt a reasonable amount of security, but half way through the second portion came that dreadful penalty—when will some players learn the vital necessity of care in front of their own goal—from which Alf. Isherwood made honors even. Then came the struggle for mastery, the excitement was intense, as each side went for the lead. Saunders led many raids, but found M. A. A. A. defence too good. Full time arrived with one each; then the struggle was renewed with the extra time, and it was during this portion that Rosemount took the lead, and held it to the close, enter the next round by 2 to 1. Thus history repeats itself, as it was Rosemount that gave M. A. A. A. their quietus last season. Rosemount deserve every credit for their victory, as it is no small feat to win after being behind for the major portion of the play. They won by sheer pluck and dogged determination. It is quite a common remark, that the Roses never know when they are beaten. They are now full of confidence in their ability to land the cup, but they have two monumental hurdles to clear ere Mr. Jack Wells has his hands on that coveted bit of "tin." Saunders and Isherwood were the best men for the victors. One can only sympathize with M. A. A. A.'s defence, for going under by the odd goal. They deserve better from their forwards, who again shaped indifferently. From an M.A.A.A. point of view, the result was exasperating, but the fact remains that they will never win matches until they get a set of forwards that know where the goal lies. Jock Watts was badly hurt and was of little use afterwards, and is still limping about from the effects. For good feeling between victors and losers, it was a sharp contrast to the other tie.

Neville played his usual consistent game, and was possibly the best man on his side, McIntyre and Grant being well up. M. A. A. A.'s indifferent display is causing much anxiety to their executive, as the season is slipping by and with it the golden chances.

St. Thomas deserve hearty congratulations for landing the championship of B section. Consistent and steady play has placed them on top. They overcame their most serious rivals Jersey, last Saturday week in a hollow fashion, though it is only fair to the Channel Islands to say they played with eight men. By this misfortune Jersey missed a glorious chance, which St. Thomas seized to the tune of eight goals and by putting it all over Beloeil by 6-1 last Saturday, the Saints passed the post easy winners. They have shown splendid form this season, and should put their house in order, and strive for admission to senior company.

To-day, Points and M. A. A. A. having disclaimed all interest in the Caledonia Cup, will play off their league game which was down for 18th July, but abandoned owing to rain.

THE FREE CRITIC.



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Rouse's Point	1.70
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Ste. Anne de Bellevue (all rail)	.75
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THE BATTLE TO SECURE A PURE MILK SUPPLY MUST BE FOUGHT IN FIELD OF INSTRUCTION AND MORAL SUASION

Chief Medical Inspector, in Article for Standard, Says Honest Milkmen Must Be Protected Against Unscrupulous and Dishonest Competition.

In connection with The Standard's Pure Milk Campaign, Dr. J. E. Laberge, Chief Medical Inspector, has prepared an interesting statement on the subject for The Standard. Among other points made by Dr. Laberge, in discussing the terrible ravages made by impure milk among children, he notes that in spite of man's ingenuity, it is impossible to elaborate a process which would replace good sound cow's milk for food for children.

The following figures on infantile mortality show the great danger of using impure milk for the above-named purpose, and the great need of improving its quality.

In France during 1902 sixteen per cent. of newly-born infants died during the first year.

In Germany, the death rate of infants was 22.6 per cent. in 1894, and 27 per cent. in 1901.

Two million children are yearly born in Germany; one-half or perhaps two-thirds of their number are probably fed artificially. 150,000 die every year, victims of impure milk.

During the three wars which resulted in the present German Empire, 56,000 men were killed; this loss is quite insignificant as compared with the infantile mortality.

The following are facts concerning infantile mortality in some American cities, and also in Montreal:

Average infantile mortality in:

	Per cent.
Philadelphia	32.21
Boston	31.27
New York	36.19
Providence	34.44
London	36.02

In Montreal:

Average population in the decade from 1890-1900	247,961
Average general mortality during the same period	6,028
Percentage of mortality of children under five years of age, French-Canadian	62.34
Catholics of other nationalities.	41.00
Protestants	41.17

IN AMERICAN CITIES.

In American cities such as Boston, New York, Philadelphia, great efforts are made to protect the public against the deleterious effects of pure milk. They are very particular about its richness in fat, they impose heavy penalties on those who are caught practising adulterations, and examine it very closely to ascertain the extent of its bacterial contents and other forms of contamination.

In those cities a close control of milkmen and milk producer is exercised, and the outcome of this good work is that the infantile mortality is about one-half the infant mortality of Montreal.

In 1905, thirty bacteriological examinations were made of the milk sold by milkmen in Montreal, and the average result was 987,917 bacteria per cubic centimetre. The maximum number was 4,875,000, and the minimum was 171,429 germs by cubic centimetre.

In 1906, out of forty bacteriological analyses of the same class of milk, ten samples contained more than one million germs per cubic centimetre. The largest number of samples had over 500,000, and only three or four samples gave a count of less than 100,000 bacteria per cubic centimetre.

NO WONDER CHILDREN DIE.

From the above figures, can it be wondered at the extent of the infantile mortality in Montreal?

It is difficult to know whether milk is fresh or not, because its bacterial contents cannot be ascertained until two days have elapsed after sample. It is therefore impossible to stop the sale at once of suspected milk, but as soon as it is found that the supply of a certain milkman is rich in bacteria we can prevent the future consumption of that class of milk.

The great need of domestic science is to explain the scandalous abuse of which consumers are the unconscious victims. An immense amount of educational work remains to be done in this respect. Here legislation is powerless; it could not replace the good advice of doctors, of benevolent women, emissaries from humanitarian societies, and it is to such noble and timely interference that the discomfort of poverty is not further increased by sorrow and death in many families.

THOSE IN MILK TRADE.

Business is business, and those in the milk trade are there for the purpose of gain only. The less work, care and trouble about milking and milk, the greater are the profits. Milkmen are not supposed to look specially after the health of children. It is no matter to them how many die, provided they make money. There are some honest milkmen, striving to do their best to deliver a fair article, but unfortunately they are the exceptions, not the rule. It is our duty to protect honest milkmen against unscrupulous and dishonest competition from careless milk vendors.

Some cities call for 12 per cent. total solids, and 3 per cent. of fat. Montreal now requires 3.25 per cent. of fat as well as 12 per cent. total solids. Hence, all milk which did not contain 3 per cent. of fat was considered adulterated, and any milkman caught selling such a product was liable to a fine.

It is known that in some cases milk is naturally poor in fat. It may contain say 2.5 per cent. of fat, and at the same time be rich in other solids. Such milk is more valuable for children's food than the product containing 4 per cent. of fat, and which may be deficient in caseine, phosphate, etc. The first product, although a fairly good one, would be condemned, and the second, while a poor one, would be approved.

With the Babcock test and milk standard, it was thought that the end of all milk troubles had come. But, milkmen were again equal to the situation. They made use of the new machine to further their own ends. This is how they solved the problem. Municipal ordinance calls for 3 per cent. of fat; theirs contained 4 per cent. They simply added to it water enough to reduce the fatty contents to about 3.25 per cent., and the milk still stood above municipal requirements.

GREAT EXTENT OF POLLUTION.

Then bacteriology came to the rescue of hygiene and revealed to the world, the great extent of milk pollution, and Boards of Health at once established bacterial standards condemning milk containing over 100,000 per c. c.

It was thought that at last dishonest milkmen were caught. But, no; they at once proceeded to originate other means of evading the law. They began to clarify milk by the use of centrifugal apparatus running so slowly that cream separation would be incomplete, but in such a way as to leave a large portion of the bacteria amongst impurities adherent to the sides of the machine.

By this treatment they succeed in delivering to their customers milk containing less bacteria than the quantities allowed by the municipal regulations, but this product remained unsound on account of its poisonous properties, and did not keep any longer than ordinary milk, hence, during the last 25 years milk authorities have striven hard to find some effective means of inducing milkmen to produce and deliver sound, clean milk.

EFFORTS HAVE BEEN CHECKED.

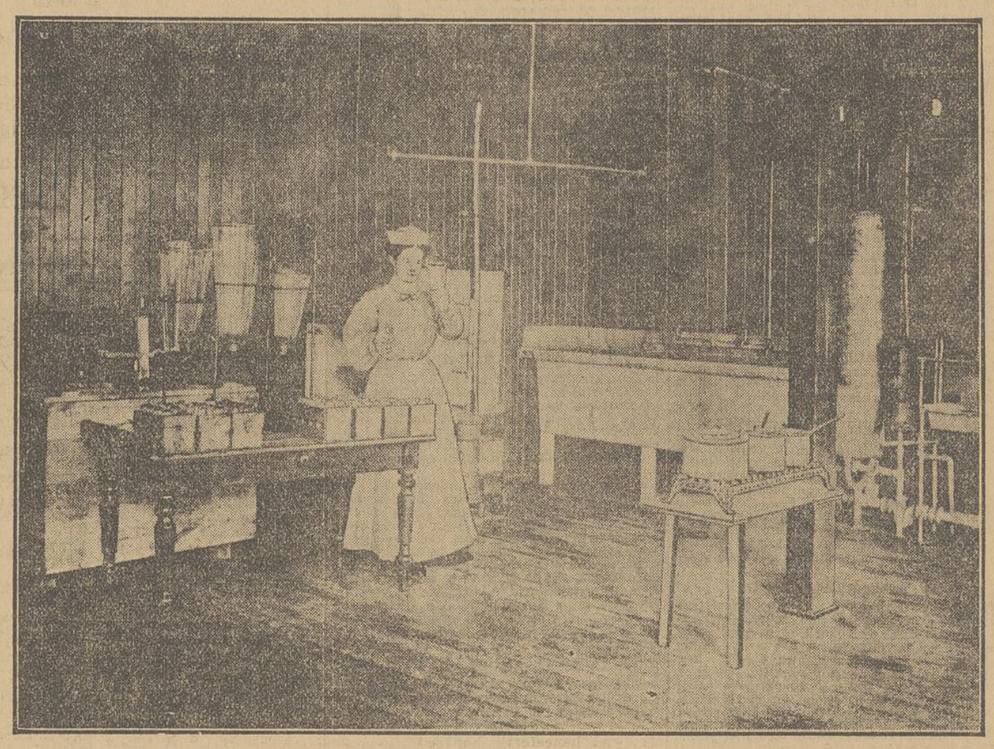
So far, the results, made either by Boards of Health, or scientific commission to attain this most desirable object have been checked by similar efforts made by certain dishonest milkmen so as to keep a market for the sale of their unclean and adulterated products.

Milk dealers are intelligent men; they understand that the milk is to them a question of dollars and cents. Let us give them a higher price, if needed, but let it be understood that the milk must not be adulterated, and must be rich in fat and other required elements.

Milkmen, are as a rule, hard working people, and their profits are not usually large. Unfortunately many of them believe that success depends not so much on the good quality of the milk, but on the money obtained for the milk.

Let us show them that if they spend the same energy in securing good, roomy well-lighted and well ventilated stables, and have well-fed and clean cows giving large quantities of good milk, they would secure better financial results for themselves, and help greatly to reduce the infantile mortality.

The great battle for good milk must be fought in the field of instruction and of moral suasion, but at the same time we must not neglect such controlling means as science has placed within our reach.



The above is a photograph of the laboratory of the Pure Milk League on St. Charles-Borrommee street. Here the milk is modified and bottled for the use of infants, and then distributed to the various stations.

STANDARD MILK INSPECTOR VISITS 254 FARMS AND REPORTS ON CONDITIONS AS TO MILK SUPPLY OF CITY

Investigation of Wells Shows Many Curious Facts---126 of These Farms Are Not in Conformity With Certain Articles of the Provincial Board of Health.

(Report held over from Issue of July 25th through pressure of Tercentenary matter.)

The Milk Inspector provided by The Standard to make a thorough examination of all the sources of the milk supply of Montreal is being thoroughly carried out. At the close of the investigation a full report will be made, and it will be a report that will open the eyes of the citizens of Montreal. In the meantime, a synopsis of each week's work is published. The Standard's Inspector finds that many farmers supplying the city with milk pay little attention to the value of lots of pure water for their herds.

On many farms the Standard's inspector has detected the greatest indifference to this subject. The wells, in many cases, are reservoirs where the water reeks from manure heaps, cesspools, pig-stys, and other contaminated places.

On other farms there are artesian wells dug under the barns. Into the tube of the artesian well, which receives the tube of the pump to draw the water out of the well, there goes in from the barn all kinds of contaminated matter.

Many farmers use wells which have been dug out with shovels to cool the milk, and it often happens that some milk falls, by accident, into the well. This milk will turn foul in the well, and any water from such wells will become unclean and very harmful for drinking purposes, or, indeed, for any use. When a well has been thus infected, the water will continue to get worse, and water from such a well will always be unsafe for drinking purposes.

DIRTY UTENSILS FOR THE COW.

Another pretty general habit which is to be condemned is that of using dirty utensils into which water is poured for the cows to drink. In the bottom of trough or pail there is always a little water left, and, in this water, which becomes heated by the sun, the bacteria-laden dust blown in by the wind, will develop very quickly, and there will form at the bottom of the trough a greenish coat of clammy matter, giving forth a very disagreeable odor. Water taken by any cow from such a place, is certainly very harmful.

Herds of cattle which drink at the stream or at the riverside have not always a good water supply. The cow, which stands on the highest part of the river will mix the mud and water, more or less, with her feet, and, consequently, the water which the other cows drink will be dirty.

INSPECTOR VISITED 254 FARMS.

The inspector specially employed by The Standard, recently visited 254 farms round about Montreal.

The result of his investigations on these farms was as follows:

24 had river water pumped into the barns; 9 had aqueducts; 57 had water from wells connected to barns by pipes; 103 had contaminated wells; 104 had wells not contaminated; 5 had artesian wells in the farm yard; 2 had wells which had been dug out with the shovel, and were situated below the barn; 2 had artesian wells, which had been dug out by shovel in the farm yard; 48 farms were watered by streams of running water; 10 farms had wells which were very highly contaminated, and at 16 farms the cattle went to the river for drinking water.

PRODUCED SICKNESS.

The following is the report on one of these wells. It is that of a well dug out with the shovel. The well was situated about 50 feet from the pig-sty, 60 feet from the farm yard, 105 feet from the barns, and 140 feet from the manure heap. The stone surrounding the well was of first class work, and the surface of the ground round about the well did not incline towards the opening of the well. The source of contamination of the well did not see to be very apparent, but as the wat became very bad, especially after storm, it was evident that contamina tion came from under the well. By i filtration a clammy matter came the surface of the water, and the f mer stated that this water, when dr by his family, induced sickness. T Standard's inspector found, on clos examination, that the contaminatio was coming from the pig-sty.

This farmer was using the wat from this well to cool the milk by i mersing the milk cans in the and the milk cans were also cl with water from the same source well was used for all purposes o farm, it being the only well.

CONDITION OF THE WELLS

Out of the 254 farms visited, Standard's inspector reports that wells were at a distance of 20 feet o either, from the pig-sty, stable, m ure heap, or other undeniable asso tion. There were 46 wells beyon feet, 18 beyond 60, 15 beyond 80 13 beyond 90 from the same sour contamination.

In contradiction to this state fairs the regulations of the Pro Board of Health, chapter 57 say privy, cesspool, or other recepta which a privy, water closet, s ble, cow shed, pig-sty, or ab drained, shall be allowed at a tance than 100 feet from a well or o er source of drinking water, unless th be cemented.

126 of these farms are not in co formity with this article of the Pro incial Board of Health.

MILK DEALERS SENTENCED

Recorder Dupuis has been inflict stiff sentences this week on milk d ers whose supply did not reach standard demanded by the city. In ch case proved the penalty was $20 and costs (amounting to about $6), with the alternative of two months in jail.

On Wednesday there was a case against Miller Bros., 543 Rivard street, and yesterday Dr. Lesperance, milk inspector, secured convictions of the following dealers:—

David Lennie, 374 Letourneau street.

James C. Poole, 1229 St. Dominique street.

Abram Cote, 301 Poupard street.

Two other dealers pleaded not guilty to the charge laid against them, and their cases were postponed for trial.

NOW IS THE TIME!

Get away early to-morrow and en joy the cooling breezes of Bout de l'Ile Park and a sumptuous meal at Mine Host Bureau's Hotel. The ride down on the Terminal Road, which connects with all M. S. Ry. cars going east, is a delightful one, through the garden of Montreal.

The Park is entirely free and boats may be had at moderate charges— don't miss this opportunity.

INFANT MORTALITY DROPS AS RESULT OF STANDARD'S PURE MILK CAMPAIGN

The infant mortality this summer has shown a decided decrease in comparison with last year, and, according to the health authorities, this is the result of the strenuous Pure Milk Campaign waged by The Standard for the past few months.

These are the figures for three weeks of July of this year and for the corresponding weeks of 1907:—

Week ending July 13, 1907.

Under six months	75 deaths.
" 1 year	44 "
" 2 "	4 "
" 5 "	5 "
Total under 5 years	131 "

Week ending July 20, 1907.

Under six months	98 deaths.
" 1 year	74 "
" 2 "	10 "
" 5 "	3 "
Total under 5 years	185 "

Week ending July 27, 1907.

Under six months	71 deaths.
" 1 year	46 "
" 2 "	7 "
" 5 "	5 "
Total under 5 years	129 "

Week ending July 11, 1908.

Under six months	70 deaths.
" 1 year	28 "
" 2 "	11 "
" 5 "	11 "
Total under 5 years	120 "

Week ending July 18, 1908.

Under six months	71 deaths.
" 1 year	41 "
" 2 "	5 "
" 5 "	8 "
Total under 5 years	125 "

Week ending July 25, 1908.

Under six months	66 deaths.
" 1 year	27 "
" 2 "	14 "
" 5 "	3 "
Total under 5 years	110 "

These figures indicate that The Standard's Campaign and the efforts of the Pure Milk League have resulted in a large decrease of the infantile mortality. There must also be considered the fact that there is in Montreal, this year, 20,000 more of a population than in the previous year.

The infant deaths from diarrhoeal complaints this year have been much less than last year. Diarrhoea is one of the direct effects of an impure milk supply.

Deaths from diarrhoeal ailments for the weeks ending July 13, 20, and 27, 1907, were 93, 135 and 100. For the corresponding weeks of this year the deaths were 82, 87, and 87.

In considering the infantile mortality, there are a great many factors which have to be taken into consideration, and a very important one is the weather. The temperatures for the corresponding weeks of 1907 and 1908 were as follows:—

For the week ending July, 13, 1907.

	Max.	Min.
Sunday	74	59
Monday	77	64
Tuesday	71	58
Wednesday	70	56
Thursday	71	59
Friday	59	57
Saturday	74	57

For the week ending July 20, 1907.

	Max.	Min.
Sunday	—	—
Monday	78	65
Tuesday	75	60
Wednesday	75	65
Thursday	73	61
Friday	73	63
Saturday	75	62

For the week ending July 27, 1907.

	Max.	Min.
Sunday	75	60
Monday	75	61
Tuesday	73	61
Wednesday	73	63
Thursday	75	62
Friday	70	58
Saturday	66	53

For the week ending July 11, 1908.

	Max.	Min.
Sunday	83	70
Monday	84	70
Tuesday	92	75
Wednesday	72	58
Thursday	77	59
Friday	80	63
Saturday	82	65

For the week ending July 18, 1908.

	Max.	Min.
Sunday	70	62
Monday	77	63
Tuesday	76	64
Wednesdaly	80	66
Thursday	81	65
Friday	79	63
Saturday	77	65

For the week ending July 25, 1908.

	Max.	Min.
Sunday	70	62
Monday	77	63
Tuesday	76	64
Wednesday	80	66
Thursday	81	65
Friday	79	63
Saturday	77	65

According to these statistics, the weather of these weeks this year was much warmer than last year in the corresponding weeks; therefore, the death-rate among infants should have been much higher. Instead of that, there has been, as shown, a very marked decrease of mortality among the infants.

There is nothing more certain than that if the weather is cool, the death-rate among infants drops, and immediately the thermometer rises, so also does the death-rate.

The hot weather brings in its train many troubles fatal to the babies, and the milk is always worse in hot than in cool weather. Bacteria in the milk develop and multiply much more rapidly when the temperature is high.

The members of the Pure Milk Legue have opened up stations to supply two or three of the poorest sections of the city, and in spite of every effort made by them, have been unable to get mothers to bring their babies.

The Standard was informed, this week, by one of the leading doctors of the city, who makes a speciality of children's diseases, that owing to the effect of The Standard's Pure Milk Campaign and the work of the Pure Milk League, there has been a marked improvement, in many ways, in the milk supply this summer.

GLASGOW, Scotland.

To the Editor of
The Standard.

Dear Sir,—I have been much interested in the articles on the infant death-rate of Montreal, which appeared in The Standard. I fear at this distance, and without any knowledge of the local conditions in Montreal or of the circumstances under which its milk supply is produced, I can scarcely write anything which would interest your readers; but I would like to express the satisfaction I share with all those interested in public matters in becoming acacquainted with the very definite effort which you are making to reduce probably the most refractory portion of death-rates everywhere.

In connection with health generally, and more particularly the health of those infants who must be brought up artificially, the value of a pure milk cannot be over-estimated, and in this country, as with you, we still lack the force of an educated public opinion, which will insist on milk being free not only from germs of specific disease, but of the grosser forms of dirtiness which are present in most commercial milks.

But apart from the question of purity of milk supplies ,there is a wide field for effort in the direction of domestic visitation of homes in poorer districts where births occur and one of the most hopeful as well as most useful phases of the movement in this country consists in the visitation of these districts by an organized corps of lady visitors, whose work is enthusiastically spoken of by every one who has practical experience of its value.

Yours truly,

A. K. CHALMERS, M.D.,
Medical Officer of Health for
City of Glasgow.

EXPOSURE OF FRAUDS ON CITY

In connection with the recent exposure of frauds by a road foreman, named Charest, by which the city has been defrauded of $1,486, it has developed that payments have also been made to one, I, St. Hilaire, on orders made out in the names of his daughter and Miss Robert, jointly. The orders read that Mr. St. Hilaire was sick, and requested that his pay be given to his daughter, who would be accompanied by Miss Robert.

This system of peculation has been run successfully since October of last year. The detective department have so far been unable to trace either Mr. Charest or Miss Robert.

FUNDS ARE URGENTLY REQUIRED FOR CONTINUANCE OF WORK OF PURE MILK LEAGU

At the present time the League has 50 babies entrusted to its care.

Citizens are appealed to for help to continue the work of the Pure Milk League during the month of August.

Not one child regularl fed by League during summer has died.

To the Editor of the Montreal Standard:

Sir:

In the name of the members of the Pure Milk League we beg to thank you for the valuable assistance towards our work which we have received from you and your paper this summer.

At the present time 500 bottles of prepared milk food are distributed daily, by us in the city. But lately the demands made upon us owing to the excessively hot weather, have been unusually heavy. In consequence of this rush our funds are almost entirely gone, and unless the citizens of Montreal come to our aid we will have to draw our work to a close early in August, a proceeding which we would be very loathe to take.

With the sum of $500 we could continue our work right on until the middle of September ,a period which practically covers the whole of the warm weather.

So far our work this summer among the babies has been very successful.Not one child which has been regularly fed by us has died. At the present time we have 50 babies entrusted to our care.

An appeal to the citizens of M through the medium of your would, we are certain, be instr in obtaining this sum of $500, which our work among the c will require to come to a close.

Trusting to be favored with th sertion of this letter in your pap Saturday's issue, and thanking yo anticipation.

Yours etc.,
JOSEPH DUBE,
President of the Pure Milk Lea
DAVID J. EVANS,
Secretary of the Pure Milk Lea

ENORMOUS QUANTITY OF GRAIN

Since the break in the Cornwall Canal was repaired 1,800,000 bupsheis of grain have been brought down by the boats of the Montreal Transportation Company alone. It is expected that in the next few months the same boats will handle from 3 1-2 to 4 million bushels more.

At the time of the break all boats below Cornwall were transferred to the Maritime Provinces trade, and since then have been handling consignments of steel rails and heavy cargoes of that nature.

If the appetite of a man were as great in proportion to his size as is a sparrow's, he would eat a whole sheep at one sitting.

HUNDREDS OF MILK CANS TOTALLY UNFIT FOR US

Out of 554 milk cans examined by the Standard's inspector, this week, 256 were so dirty as to be unfit for use, and 119 contained residue of milk which had turned to putrid deposit. These cans were supposed to have been washed.

The temperatures of milk standing at a railway station about forty miles from the city were taken. Here are the details. In all, 165 cans of milk were tested. The temperatures ranged from 60 to 90 degrees Fahrenheit. The average temperature was about 70 Fahrenheit.

It is folly to expect good milk shipped from the country at such high tempertatures.

Milk to remain good, must be kept at a temperature below 50. The temperature of milk in one can was 90 degrees, and ten cans contained milk over 80.

A number of confiscations of cows infected with tuberculosis have cently been made at the city ab One cattle dealer had four head tle confiscated, another had two fiscated, and a farmer had one mal confiscated.

A local butcher who killed a cow found it so badly infected tuberculosis that he had to bu carcase.

A milk shipper in this distri a son who died of tuberculos year. No precautions have bee to prevent the further spread o culosis through the milk this sells.

Two very dirty farms were visite The Standard's inspector and the from them is shipped to Montreal day. Everything about these far dirty. The people were unclean. milking barns were hung with webs, and the floors were covered thick coats of manure.

"FAKED" ICE CREAM FOR THE PERSPIRING CITIZENS

Dr. McCarrey, Chief Food Inspector, has been making a round of the ice cream parlors, and has come to the conclusion that the amount of cream fades into obscurity as compared with other ingredients.

The inspector, of course, is not concerned with the component parts of ice cream, unless they are prejudiced to the public health, or the element of fraud enter into the concoction.

Corn flour would seem to be the most frequently-used substitute for cream, and this is disposed of in large quantities. It is a harmless ingredient of ice cream, but it can be bought much cheaper by the pound.

Various coloring and flavoring matters are used which are rather doubtful in their effect on the constitution of the customer, and it has even been alleged that arsenic in small quantities has in some cases formed a portion of ice cream.

Where cream is actually used in any considerable proportion, it is often "faked" with cream thickener, a harmless preparation in itself, but of course a cloak to other deficiencies.

Then, although the marble and the mirrors and the piano may be on show, the refreshment is too frequently made in unclean utensils.

Altogether, it would seem that the attractions of some of the ice cream parlors these sizzling days are not so genuine as might at first appear.

ABDOMEN RIPPED OPEN BY PENKNIF

Burlington, Iowa, August 1.—S for Dan Lamasney, of the well Kansas City racing horse firm masney Brothers, who dise while visiting his wife's brot recently, developed the fact la that he had committed suicid masney's body was found in a ed hollow, the abdomen rippe by a penknife which was still ed in the dead man's fingers. believed that Lamasney was m lirious by heat. His watch and were intact.

THE WEEK IN STOCK MARKET

REACTION NOT OF LONG CONTINUANCE. The reaction which set in towards the end of last week in the New York Stock market, was not of long continuance, nor was it as severe as many expected, and as a consequence, July has closed with a very substantial appreciation in the average price of listed securities.

The improvement in the market price ...f copper metal has marked up the long ...st of languishing coppers, which have ...o severely felt the pinch of the panic, ...nd, although measured in dollars per ...n the price of the metal has shown ...ly a moderate percentage of advance, ...e shares have been buoyant in antici...tion of the expected continuance of ...e improved prospects, and the early ...sumption of active demand.

Crop prospects continue favorable, and money is amply held for the conservative financing of approved enterprises.

The effect of the Taft letter of ac... ...more than discounted, in ...ding the recent advance, and on ...blication it was taken to be more ...able to the corporations than the ...alists expected.

...PARATION ... MOVEMENT ...CROPS. Preparations for the movement of crops have caused a stiffening in the rates for both call ... time money, but both in Canada and ... United States supplies appear to be ...ficient to effect the marketing of the ...ais without any great financial dis...ance. Recent imports of gold to ...da now amount to nearly five mil... and New York bank reserves show ...crease of two and a half millions, ... reserve for the present week ... deposits have increased six and a ...illions with an increase of only ...illions in loans.

...London market is closed to-day ...unt of the usual bank holiday.

...HE RECORD ...F TRANSACTIONS ...OR THE WEEK. The record of transactions on the Montreal Stock Exchange for the past week shows a ...tal of 15,489 shares, in addition to ...hich were sold bonds to the par value ... $125,600, and 3,817 Street Railway ...hts, which represent one-ninth of that ...ber of new shares.

...his compares with a total of 10,683 ...res for the preceding week, along ...th $153,600 worth of bonds, and 1,965 ...eet Railway rights. The quotation for ...ts will now disappear, and will be ...aced by quotation for "new stock."

...ot only has the volume of trading shown a very satisfactory increase for the week, but prices of some of the leading local issues show a fair appreciation in market value.

To the fifteen and a half thousand shares sold, Mexicans contributed 3,208 shares for the week, and the price was advanced to the level of the ante-panic days.

In Rios over a thousand shares changed hands, and the quotation is as high as it has ever been since the stock was listed, although, before listing, it sold in the open market at over $50 per share.

The enhancement in the price of these two securities is said to be due to purchases made for British account, and these large sales represent very handsome profits for the Canadian promoters, who have been gradually reducing their holdings.

With the passing of the panic, there appears to be a prospect of still more generous profits upon such of the stock as may still remain in the hands of the original proprietors.

Other active issues during the week were: C.P.R., 1,502 shares; Detroit, 1,131 shares; Iron common, 998, and preferred, 203 shares; Minn., St. Paul and Soo., 1,580 shares; Power, 704 shares, and Shawinigan, 722 shares.

CONTROL OF THE LAKE SUPERIOR. The control of the Lake Superior Corporation has during the past week been lo...ted with the Philadelphia interests, ...have for a considerable time been ...ding somewhat acrimoniously with ...York in connection with the affairs ... company.

...is hoped that with the restoration of ...rmony in the direction of the affairs ... the company, some improvement may ... shown in its business position, which ...is recently been less prosperous than ...e shareholders desired.

We note, as follows, the net changes ... price for the week of stocks listed on ...e Montreal Stock Exchange, as com...red with the closing bid of Friday, ...24th:

	Adv.	Dec.
...n Pacific	6¾	...
...	1⅜	...
...Coal	1	...
...pfd.	...	¼
...Iron	1	...
...pfd.	4½	...
...x	...	½
...a	1½	...
...	3¼	...
...at. Cement	3	...
...of the Woods	¾	...
...ntide Paper	1	...
...ay	2⅞	...
...pfd.	2⅛	...
...L. and P.	7⅜	...
...n. and St. Paul	2⅛	...
...treal Power	⅜	...
...ntreal Street	1¼	...
...treal Steel	3	...
...treal Telegraph	4	...
...n. Textile pfd.	2¾	...
...a Scotia	1	...
...lvies pfd.	...	1
...nmans	1	...
...o Janeiro	2¼	...
...o Paulo	2¾	...
...awinigan	1¾	...
...ronto Ry.	4¾	...
...wins	...	¾
...innipeg	...	¼
BANKS.		
...ommerce	1	...
...astern Townships	1	...
...ontreal	½	...
...uebec	...	5
BONDS.		
...verters	...	¾
...m. Iron	1½	...
...urentide Paper	1	...
...L.	...	¼
...L. and P.	...	⅛
...aneiro	⅞	...
...Paulo	...	¾
...le A	1½	...
...le B	4	...
...le C	½	...
...le D	3	...

OPINIONS OF THE MARKET.

...York, August 1. — We look for a ... market throughout the session to... Professionals are now arrayed on ...ll side, and shorts will be driven ...er. There is a tendency to take ...in Reading and the metal stocks, ...even those should do better, though ...would not buy on the strong spots. ...ks like St. Paul and Southern Pa... which have not done much re... should be more prominent on the ...side, and gilt-edged issues like ...h-Western, D. and H., and Ill. Cen. ...ld go a great deal better, as should ...and O., Atchison, Mo. Pac., L. and ... Atlantic Coast Line. Union Pacific ... run into a great deal of stock on ... further sharp advance, and we ...d prefer to let it alone after its rise, ... are we bullish on the Steel and ...pment issues, which have over-dis...nted the improvement that may be ...sonably looked for any time soon in ...siness conditions. The rise in copper ...etal is a bull argument for the cop...ers, and this advance promises to run a ...ent or two further, as foreigners are ...eavy speculative buyers of the metal, ...hile some domestic consumers may rush ... to the market to fill immediate re...irements. We would not look for too ...ensive profits in the coppers, how...r, and would protect profits on the ...es. As a rule stocks bought on soft ...s in the early trading should return ... profits before the close Monday. We ...ery bearish on cotton, and would ... all bulges. Buy wheat on every ...h.—Town Topics.

MARKET OPENED STRONG.

...York, August 1. — The stock mar... opened strong. Amal. Copper, 78¼; ...melting, 90; Atch., 87⅜; Anacon... ¼; Balt. and Ohio, 92½; Brooklyn ...t, 51⅝; Can. Pacific, 174¼; C. and ...; Erie, 24⅞; Great Nor. pfd., ... Mo. Pac., 57; M., K. and T., 31⅝; ...ead, 72⅞; N.Y.C., 108¼; N.P., 142; ...r, 122¼ to 122½; Rock Island pfd., ... Paul, 142; Sugar, 132⅝; South... U.P., 155¼; N.S. Steel, ...109; Wabash pfd., 28¾.

THE BANK STATEMENT SATURDAY

New York, August 1.—The statement of Clearing House Banks for the week show that the banks hold $59,083,575 more than the requirements of the 25 per cent. reserve rule. This is an increase of $2,567,325 in the proportionate cash reserve as compared with last week. The statement follows:—Loans, increase, $2,309,500; deposits, increase, $6,-413,100; circulation increase, $61,600; legal tenders, decrease, $531,900; specie, increase, $4,702,500; reserve, increase, $4,-170,600; reserve required, increase, $1,-603,275; surplus, increase, $2,567,325; ex. U. S. deposits, increase, $2,362,625. The percentage of actual reserve of the Clearing House banks at the close of business to-day was 29.38.

The statement of banks and trust companies of Greater New York, not members of the Clearing Houses, shows that these institutions have aggregate deposits of $1,005,379,400 total cash on hand, $97,826,500, and loans amounting to $907,-476,800.

NEW YORK EXCHANGE.

New York Stock Exchange quotations, furnished The Standard by E. & C. Randolph:

	Opening.	High.	Low.	Close.
A. C. P.	78¼	78¾	77	77
A. F.	40	40	39¼	39¾
A. O.	34	34	33½	33⅝
A. L. O.	56⅝	56¾	55⅝	55¾
A. R.	90⅛	90¼	89⅝	89⅝
Am. Sugar	132⅝	132⅝	132	132
Anc.	48¼	48¼	47½	48
Atch.	87⅜	87⅞	87⅝	87¾
A. X.	92¾	93	92¼	93
B. and O.	92½	92½	92	92⅛
B. R. T.	51⅝	53	51⅝	52⅝
C. P. R.	174¼	174¼	173⅛	173⅛
C. and O.	43⅝	43¾	43¼	43¼
C. and G. W.	7	7½	7	7½
Chic. and N. W.	160	160	159¾	159¾
C. F. I.	32¾	33⅜	32½	32⅞
Col. Sou.	32¼	32½	32¼	32⅜
Con. Gas.	139	139	138¾	139
D. and H.	169	170	168	168
Erie	24⅞	24⅞	24⅛	24¼
Erie 1st pfd.	41⅜	41⅜	40⅜	....
Gen. Elec.	146	146¾	146½	146¾
Gr. Nor. pfd.	137	137⅞	137⅛	137¼
Gr. Nor. Ore.	68	68	67½	67⅝
Ill. Cen.	142⅝	143½	142⅝	143
Int.-Bor.	11⅜	11¾	11⅜	11¾
Do., pfd.	32⅛	32⅞	32⅛	32¾
L. and N.	109⅛	109⅛	109⅛	109⅛
Mex. Cen.	15½	15½	15½	15½
Mackay com.	70¼	70¼	70¼	70¼
Mo. Pac.	57	58	57⅛	57½
Nat. Lead	72⅞	75	72⅞	75
N. Y. C.	108½	108⅝	108⅛	108⅝
Nor. Pac.	142	142¼	141⅞	141¾
N. and W.	73¾	73¾	73¾	73¾
O. and W.	42¼	42⅝	42⅜	42½
Penna.	125⅝	126⅛	125⅛	128
Reading	122¼	123½	122¼	122⅛
R. I.	18	18	18	18
Reb. I. and S.	21	21	21	21
Do., pfd.	74¼	74¾	74¼	74¾
So. Pac?.	93¼	93½	92⅞	93
So. Ry.	19	19¼	18⅞	19
St. Paul	142	142⅞	141⅝	142
Soo. com.	116½	116⅞	116½	116⅞
Texas and Pac.	25¼	25⅜	25	25
Toledo	9	9	9	9
Un. Pac.	155¼	106⅜	155	155⅛
U.S. Steel com.	45¼	45⅜	45⅛	45⅛
Do., pfd.	109	109	108⅞	109
U.S. Rub.	31	31½	31	31½
Do., 1st pfd.	97½	98	97½	98
W. X.	78	78¾	78	78¾
Wabash com.	13⅜	13⅜	13¼	13¼
Do., pfd.	28¾	29	28⅝	28⅝
W. U.	55¾	55¾	55¾	55¾

CLOSING COPPER QUOTATIONS.

Boston Copper closing quotations furnished The Standard by Marler & Hodgson:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amelgamated	76⅞	77
Adventure	8¾	8⅞
Allouez	37	37½
Atlantic	15⅞	16
Arcadian	4¼	4¾
Bingham	50	53
Boston Consolidated	14¼	14½
British Columbia	6¾	6¾
Butte Coalition	27¼	27¾
Calumet and Arizona	128½	130
Calumet and Hecla	695	700
Centennial	28½	29
Copper Range	80¼	80½
Cumberland Ely	9	9⅛
Davis Daly	2	2⅛
Dominion Copper	2⅛	2¼
Frankling	14⅛	14½
Granby	110	..
Greene Cananea	12½	12⅝
Isle Royale	24	24½
Keweenaw	8¾	9
La Salle	15⅛	15½
Mohawk	70	71
Michigan	13¼	13¾
Mass	7½	7¾
North Butte	85	86
Nevada Consolidated	15	15¼
Nevada Utah	3 1-16	3⅛
Old Dominion	40	40¼
Osceola	115	..
Parrot	28½	29
Quincy	99	100
Raven	95c	99c
Rhode Island	4⅝	4¾
Shannon	15¾	15⅞
Superior and Pittsburgh	14¾	15
Tamarack	75	78
Trinity	14¾	15¼
United Copper Co.	7⅛	7⅜
U.S. Mining	42¼	43
Utah Consolidated	48¾	49
Utah Copper	40¼	40½
Utah Apex	4 1-16	4⅛
Winona	7	7¼
Wolverine	145	..
Wyandot	2¼	2½
COBALT STOCKS.		
Foster	38	41
McKinley Darragh	73	75
Nipissing	7¼	7⅜
Silver Leaf	11	13
Tretheway	80	1.00
La Rose	5½	5 9-16
Yukon	4	4¼
United Fruit	136	136¾

HOLIDAY IN THE GRAIN MARKET.

Liverpool, August 1. — Holiday in the grain market. Closing: Flour, winter patents, dull, 23s 6d; beef, extra India mess, firm, 108s 6d; pork, prime mess western, 77s 6d, strong; hams, short cut, 14 to 16 lbs., firm, 55s 6d; bacon, Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 pounds, firm, 47s; short ribs, 16 to 34 lbs., firm, 45s 6d; long clear, middling light, 28 to 34 pounds, firm, 46s; long clear, middling heavy, 35 to 40 lbs., firm, 44s 6d; short clear backs, 16 to 20 pounds, firm, 45s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs., firm, 49s; shoulders, square, dull, 34s 6d; lard, prime Western, in tierces, firm, 48s; American refined, in pails, firm, 48s; cheese, Canadian finest white, new, steady, 57s 6d; Canadian finest colored, new, steady, 59s; tallow, prime city, steady, 27s 5d; Australian, in London, firm, 32s 4½d; turpentine spirits, steady, 29s 6d; hops, at London (Pacific coast), steady, £1 13s to £2 8s; linseed, steady, 25s; petroleum, quiet, 6¾d; resin, common, steady, 7s 9d; cotton seed oil, hull refined, spot, easy, 23s 4½d.

KEENE TWISTED "SHORTS."

New York, August 1. — The market has been waiting for certain developments, which evidently materialized yesterday, resulting in the withdrawal of offerings at many of the upper indicated limits and a vigorous drive at the shorts that surprised a majority of Wall Streeters. We understand the general market was much more heavily oversold than had been supposed. Keene is reported to have seen the opportunity to twist the shorts and seized it. We said yesterday morning: "When certain developments materialize, arrangements will be made for another broad rise in the general list," but did not anticipate so sudden a resumption. The bullish activity in news channels after the close yesterday shows manipulative interests are aggressive on the long side again.—New York Financial Bureau.

WALL STREET OPENING.

New York, August 1. — Wall Street—Prices of stocks started generally a small fraction higher than last night, with little animation in the dealings. Running sales of 7,000 shares were made at the opening at an advance of ¼ to ½ over last night, and the price steadily rose an extreme ⅞. Westinghouse Elec. gained 1 and Amal. Copper ⅝. Erie pfd. declined a point.

THE LONDON EXCHANGE.

London, August 1. — The Stock Exchange closed to-day. Bar silver, quiet, 24 3-16d per ounce. Money, ½ to ¾ per cent.

The rate of discount for short bills is 1¼ to 1 7-16 per cent., and for 3 months' bills is 1½ per cent.

A SAGGING TENDENCY DEVELOPED

New York, August 1.—The Post's financial writer says:—The demonstration for higher prices was continued on the Stock Exchange to-day, and the familiar up-bidding of Reading and Amalgamated Copper carried both issues to new high levels for this movement. It was largely a professional performance, with some outside participation, and a renewed attempt to bring about the sort of spectacular advances that have characterized the excitement on the Stock Exchange for several days past.

Most of the standard shares were well ..., the absorbing power ... as pronounced as yesterday, and the undertone quite as strong.

Towards the close a sagging tendency developed which depressed many of the active shares below the day's high level. The day's news of developments found little response in the market, except for a small increase disclosed by the returns covering the country's surplus of idle freight cars. This gain of 5,000 cars for last fortnight was the first increase reported since May, and went far to offset some of the reports of trade revival. The market sold off under this influence.

AN UNCERTAIN AFFAIR.

Stock market has been an uncertain affair during much of the week, although the price tendency has been in the main higher, with greater strength towards the close. There has been a diminution of outside buying, and the investment inquiry has been, if anything, less confident, although there have been no really disturbing developments to alter the situation, which has many strong points.

But the fact that the public participation has not enlarged, and that speculation is, perhaps, narrower than it was, shows that the advance has been carried to point where some distinctly reassuring development is needed to bring about outside support.

PUBLIC UNINTERESTED.

The public has, in fact, shown little disposition to buy stocks, and except for absorption of bonds, there has been little in the July movement to indicate that the public was at all largely interested in the demonstration on the stock exchange. This conservatism is no doubt based on the theory that the rise which has taken place, has already discounted most of the trade revival that is actually in sight; while in the case of highly speculative stocks, the advance has been largely brought about through the sort of manipulation that has been so adroitly used this week in creating a market for Amalgamated Copper shares.

WITH GRAIN OF SALT.

Those who recall the episode of 1901, will take with a grain of salt the reports about "rush of orders for copper," which producing companies have offered in explanation of their alleged refusal to book large orders at prevailing quotations.

While there has been no little improvement in the industrial stock market the movements must be viewed with more or less suspicion since the producing interests have again taken pains to give out "good news" in Wall Street channels before communicating the changes to the trade. There are indications that the foreign inquiry for American shares is enlarging, although chiefly along speculative lines.

BUYING REASSURING.

Continental buying of our securities has been reassuring and if it enlarges along the lines indicated in recent cable despatches it may reach the great Paris investment institutions, and enable our bankers to place further securities in that market. The French investment demand has always been discriminating, however, and except for the half dozen occasions on which the Paris institutions have shown willingness to participate with our bankers in bringing out high grade bonds issue, there has never been much of a market for American securities in that quarter.

With indications of some betterment in trade conditions here, as reflected by the figures of the Steel report and the better enquiry for copper, French participation may broaden considerably. But the movement has not proceeded far enough yet to justify any definite conclusions on that point.

The ultimate effects of the so-called peace compact between the Harriman and Morgan interests may be far reaching. One result of last year's panic disturbance has undoubtedly been to bring the contending interests closer together and prevent, if possible, a recurrence of such contentions as developed the complications of the Northern Pacific corner, and almost plunged Erie into the receiver's grip.

These struggles, in connection with the more recent disclosures of "high finance" have made it difficult for American railroad managers to create a permanent market abroad for American railroad stocks, and it may take years for foreign investors to gain the confidence necessary to fill their strong boxes again with American securities.

INVESTMENT RETURNS.

Compiled for The Standard by Oswald Bros., stock brokers, York Chambers, 82 St. Francois Xavier street:

	Price.	Div.	Yield
Am. Copper	77	2	2.60
American Smelting	89	4	4.49
American Sugar	132	7	5.30
Anaconda	48	8	4.17
Atchison	88	5	5.68
C.P.R.	173	7	4.05
St. Paul	142	7	4.93
Gt. Northern pfd.	137	7	5.11
Louis. and Nashville	109	5	4.59
Soo	117	6	5.13
N.Y. Central	108	5	4.63
Northern Pacific	141	7	4.96
Southern Pacific	93	6	5.45
Union Pacific	155	10	6.45
Pennsylvania	125	7	5.60
Reading	122	4	3.28
U.S. Steel com.	45	2	4.44
Do., pfd.	109	7	6.42

WALL STREET CLOSING.

New York, August 1.—Wall Street close: The market closed active and easy. U.P., St. Paul and Great Northern pref., were pushed forward for gains of a point. Westinghouse Electric moved up 1¾. The general list was held in restraint of profit taking and reacted towards the end of the session, some of the principal gains being wiped out.

NEW YORK EXCHANGE.

New York, August 1.—Close: Prime mercantile paper, 3 to 3½. Sterling exchange, fairly steady at 486.80 to 486.85 for demand, and at 485.25 tto 485.35 for sixty-day bills. Commercial bills, 4.84¾ to 4.85. Bar silver, 52½. Mexican dollars, 45. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds firm. Exchanges, $230,-535,286.

COTTON FUTURES FIRM.

New York, August 1.—Cotton futures closed firm; closing bids: August, 9.92; September, 9.52; October, 9.42; November, 9.17; December, 9.19; January, 9.15; February, 9.16; March, 9.19. Cotton, spot closed quiet; 10 points decline. Middling uplands, 10.60; do. Gulf, 10.55; sales none.

MONEY ON CALL NOMINAL.

New York, August 1.—Money on call nominal; no loans. Time loans, quiet and firm; 60 days, 2 to 2¼ per cent., and 90 days, 2½ per cent.; six months, 4 per cent.

COTTON FUTURES.

New York, July 31. — Cotton futures opened steady. August, 10.00; September, 9.47 bid; October, 9.35; December, 9.19; January, 9.12; March, 9.15 bid.

Pittsburg, August 1. — Oil opened 178.

WILL SUMMON TRAFFIC MEN.

Chicago, August 1. —As a result of the labors of Special Agent Ralph McKenzie, the Government will subpoena a large number of traffic men to testify in the Salt Lake City suit to disrupt the Harriman combination.

Countless have been the cures worked by Holloway's Corn Cure. It has a power of its own not found in other preparations.

THE MARKET TO-DAY IN CHICAGO

Special to The Standard.

Chicago, August 1.—Wheat was up 2⅛ to 22⅝ to-day, the bulls winning a decided victory over the bears. Western Canada was brought in by the bulls as helps, who reported temperatures as high as 104, and who talked poor yields. George M. Lecount, the Finley Barrel crop expert, who is in Manitoba, has failed to find any damage. James A. Patten sent the following broadcast over his signature this morning:

"In 1904, under conditions similar to the present in the Northwest, the market did not start to advance until August 1st, when we had a good bull market and prices shot up over 20 cents a bushel. Would not be surprised to see history repeat itself this year."

There was no hesitation noticeable in the market to-day. It was strong from the start, and finished at the high point. Spring wheat conditions were the primary cause, and Duluth and Minneapolis were the leaders, the former selling at $1.00, and the latter at $1.01, an advance of 3½ cents. The reports covered general deterioration, due largely to weather conditions during the past few weeks. Mr. Snow covered the Great Northern from Minot to the Minneapolis border yesterday, and found little encouragement. In some localities it will not pay to cut, while others will average five bushels and in a few instances more, but the general run promises very light. Black rust advices are increasing, and more insistent on rapid development and broadening territory affected. Weather conditions favor rust. Country acceptances were light and farmers are reported less disposed to sell. English markets were closed. Local receipts were 233 cars, with 374 expected on Monday. Northwestern receipts, 165 cars, against 226 last year. Clearances 636,000 bushels.

Corn gained ⅞c to 1⅝c. September sold up to 75c, and closed at that figure, and December advanced to 63¼c, closing practically at the top. The new crop month was the stronger, showing a gain of 1½c, while May was even relatively stronger at a net advance for the day of 1⅝c. The weather map this morning did not show a cloud anywhere, nor was there any precipitation to relieve the dry conditions exsiting over the big corn states. What was equally serious, the prediction for the next 36 hours is clear and dry. Not only does this dry weather threaten injury to the crop, if it continues, but it prevents the country from selling reserves through fear of damage from hot winds. Prices for September and May showed 1c net gain for the day. After reacting a little from top prices, the market was right in line with wheat and corn all day. Shorts were early buyers. Leading cash oats handlers declare that it will take a number of weeks to get sufficient supplies in Chicago to relieve the situation and bring the cash market down to the September price. Receipts were only 135 cars to-day. The run from the new crop has certainly been disappointing to date.

Every day this week houses at all packing points have run from a few thousand to thirty thousand short of the corresponding days last year. Not only is this true, but the hogs are averaging very light weight. These facts taken in connection with the conditions in the corn trade, make it a very strong situation in provisions. Hogs at the yards sold as high as $7.10 to-day. Leaders say that if this sort of price does not bring a run of hogs very soon, then they are not in the country. There was some selling of product by those who bought on previous break. After reacting from a very strong advance early, all prices showed fair net gains over last night's close.

BLACK RUST REPORTS IN U. S.

Chicago, August 1. — The Chicago Inter-Ocean says: Skepticism in regard to the black rust reports which were received in large numbers yesterday prevailed among the rank and file of the traders. The actual presence of black rust was undenied, and samples were received here showing wheat affected by it, but with the change to more favorable weather, it was thought that actual damage to any large extent is yet problematical. The crop plague at present seems to be mostly found in south Dakota, where a great part of the wheat is already fit for harvesting, and the extent of the spread into Minnesota and North Dakota will naturally depend on the weather during the next two or three weeks. Dry weather complaints in regard to corn in Illinois, Missouri and Indiana, were given more prominence by the trade ,as was evidenced by the country buying of new crop futures. There was also scattered reports from Nebraska that corn was badly in need of rain. — Finley, Barrell & Co.

LONDON EXCHANGE CLOSED.

London, August 1. — London Stock Exchange closed to-day. Bar silver quiet, 24 3-16d per ounce. Money, ½ to ¾ per cent. The rate of discount for short bills is 1¼ to 1 7-16 per cent., and for three months' bills is 1½ per cent.

AMERICAN CHARGES AND BRITISH FAIR PLAY.

London, Eng., August 1.—The Daily Mail editorially discussing the charge made by American athletes that the British police team in the tug-of-war was permitted to wear boots, says: "A charge which comes from America, is that the police team in the tug-of-war were permitted to wear boots. The answer is that by the rules the use of boots was not forbidden, and the American teams were perfectly free to wear them had they considered it advisable. The most serious complaint of all, perhaps, is that the draws for the heats were unfairly made, so that the British competitors were given a walk-over in their preliminary heats, while the best Americans were drawn together in the same heat. But here, again, there is no ground for insinuations, which do not appear to find any support from the competitors themselves. It will be observed that the swimmers of all nations have agreed at a meeting that never had they met with such fair treatment and such fair judging. The charges are thus shown to have been frivolous or ill-founded, and, though there will be every wish to make large allowances for foreign journals' ignorance of British rules and conditions, they should never have been entered. Lord Desborough has made good his word, and the athletes of the nations themselves acknowledge that they have met with perfect justice and fair play at the hands of the Olympic judges. British fair play stands completely vindicated."

DISTINGUISHED VISITOR ARRIVES

(See also Illustrated Supplement.)

Mr. Louis Herbette, one of the two representatives of the French Republic to the Tercentenary celebrations at Quebec, with a number of other gentlemen who were attached to the embassy arrived in Montreal to-day and are the guests of Monsieur de Loynes, Consul-General of France to Canada. Their stay here will be a quiet one as the visit is quite unofficial, and no public demonstration will take place. The party, which is composed of Mr. Louis Herbette, his son, Mr. Francois Herbette, Mr. Trouille, his civil secretary, and Mr. Lanrezac, his military secretary, will proceed to New York in a day or two and will there take ship for Havre.

MR. GRAY'S FUNERAL.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, August 1.—The obsequies of the late Victor G. Gray, of Montreal, were conducted yesterday in St. Alban's Church by the Rev. A. W. Mackay, assisted by the Rev. J. W. Forsyth. The floral tributes to the memory of the deceased included a beautiful wreath from the Montreal Stock Exchange. Interment took place at Beechwood Cemetery.

LITTLE INTEREST IN MINING

Little interest is being taken in mining shares. At present the temperature and summer dulness prevails, and trading is more or less erratic. There is scme little demand for the Cobalt stocks, but not of sufficient volume to indicate the trend of the market.

Closing quotations Montreal Mining Exchange, furnished The Standard by Robert Meredith & Co.:

BRITISH COLUMBIA STOCKS.	Bid.	Asked.
Alberta Coal and Coke	.10½	.16
Consolidated Mines	65	70
Canadian Gold Fields	.04	.06
Diamond aVle Coal	.12	.12½
Dominion Copper	1¾	2¼
Granby Copper	105	110
Inter. Coal and Coke	.56	.59
Monte Cristo	..	.03½
Novelty	..	.03
Rambler-Cariboo	.17	.21
White Bear	..	.01
COBALT STOCKS.		
Cobalt Lake	.12	.12¾
Cobalt Central	.33	.35
Coniagas	5.00	5.40
Crown Reserve	.50	.52
City of Cobalt	1.15	1.30
Foster	.35	.38½
Green Meehan	.10	.12
Kerr Lake	2.80	3.05
La Rose	5.33	5.50
Little Nipissing	.24	.26
McKinley-Dar.-Sav.	.71	.74
Nipissing	7⅛	7¼
Nova Scotia	.27½	.28½
Peterson Lake	.13¼	.14
Progress	.32	.38
Right of aWy	2.50	3.90
Silver Queen	1.06	1.09
Silver Leaf	.12¼	.12¾
Tretheway	.90	.93
Temiskaming	.50	.51

MARKET BECAME BUOYANT.

New York, August 1. — The sudden upturn in the market yesterday, in which Union Pacific were leaders, was continued this morning. There was a large number of buying orders poured into the exchange at the opening, and those who were on the short side were started to cover. Reading and Union Pacific were taken in large amounts, and the market became buoyant in all departments. The smaller roads that were hard pressed since this panic, shared in the day's advance, notably the Wheelings and Great Westerns. The trading became heavier as the session progressed. The most aggressive in the list were Harrimans. Hill stocks were strong, but failed to keep pace with the others, probably a reflection of Mr. Hill's pessimistic remarks on Pacific trade. The Gould-Harriman entente has cleared up a situation that was considered menacing, and the feeling existing is thoroughly bullish as regards stock prices. A lively time expected in the coming week.—J. S. Bache & Co.

CHICAGO SATURDAY QUOTATIONS.

Chicago quotations, furnished The Standard by J. S. Bache & Co.:

	Opening.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
September	90⅜	92½	90⅛	92½
December	92¼	94⅝	92⅛	94⅝
Corn—				
September	74⅞	75⅛	74½	75
December	62½	63¼	62¼	61¼
Oats—				
September	44	45¼	44	45¼
December	44⅞	45¼	44	45¼
Pork—				
September	..	15.95	15.82	15.85
October	..	16.00	15.87	15.92
Lard—				
September	9.57	9.60	9.52	9.55
October	9.67	9.70	9.62	9.65
Short ribs—				
September	9.07	9.12	9.05	9.07
October	9.15	9.17	9.12	9.15

TALK OF A BEAR PANIC.

There was some talk after the close of the market yesterday of a bear panic. It was said that Harriman and his following had put a number of concerns "where he wanted them."

A report is in circulation this morning that there has been enormous accumulation of U. P., and that the Harriman interests purpose putting the stock much higher. Bear stops are reported above the market in it.

A bull tip is found on Pennsylvania in some very conservative quarters this morning. The buying yesterday afternoon is reported as having been for very important account.—N. Y. F. B.

MARKET STARTED VIOLENTLY UP.

The market, after quite a protracted period of rise, started up violently yesterday, and it is quite evident that manipulation for the rise has been resumed again on an extensive scale. I believe that stocks are a purchase right at the opening this morning, as this advance is almost sure to be carried well along in the next few days. London is closed to-day and Monday, and it looks as if this had been taken into consideration so as to catch the Englishment more or less off their guard.—Evans.

NET DECREASE OF $425,000.

M., K. and T. — June, net decrease, $425,000; 12 months, net decrease, $2,601.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MAILS.

Monday, Aug. 3, 9 a.m., Kronprinzessin Cecilie.
xMonday, Aug. 3, 6.15 p.m., Kronprinzessin Cecillie.
Tuesday, Aug. 4, 9 a.m., Lusitania.
xTuesday, Aug. 4, 6.15 p.m., Lusitania.
Wednesday, Aug. 5, 9 a.m., Amerika.
xWednesday, Aug. 5, 6.15 p.m., Amerika.
Wednesday, Aug. 5, 9 p.m., La Lavoie.
xWednesday, Aug. 5, 6.15 p.m., La Savoie.
Friday, Aug. 7, 9 a.m., Etruria.
xFriday, Aug. 7, 6.15 p.m., Etruria.
xxFriday, Aug. 7, 6 p.m., Empress of Britain.
xxSaturday, Aug. 8, 1 p.m., Southwark.

xLetters may be posted up to 6.15 p.m. Other matter should be posted before 5 p.m.

xxParcels are forwarded by these steamers, latest time of mailing is 5.30 p.m., Friday, and 12.30 p.m., Saturday.

Letters for the above mails may be posted at Postal Station B. up to within 15 minutes of the above mentioned hours of closing.

GRENADIERS FRATERNIZE.

Quebec, August 1.—There was an enjoyable gathering at the Drill Hall last night on the conclusion of the pageant, when Captain William Price, of the British Grenadiers, entertained the members of the French Grenadiers. The members of the two Grenadier corps fraternized in a most cheerful manner and everybody thoroughly enjoyed themselves.

AN IMPORTANT CLAUSE.

Toronto, Aug. 1.—Mayor Oliver has discovered that in all guarantee bonds covering city officials, it is stated that, when defalcations occur, unless criminal action is taken within six months the Guarantee Company will not be liable.

GERMANS IN OTHER LANDS.

The Society for Teutonism in Foreign Countries has established the number of those Germans or German speaking people living outside Germany as follows: Austria, 9,200,000; Hungary, 2,-100,000; Switzerland, 2,300,000; Russia, 1,171,387; rest of Europe, 9,564,894; Asia, 131,227; Africa, 624,000; Australia, 124,000; America, North and South, 11,063,000.

Engine-drivers in Germany who have run their locomotives for ten years without accident are rewarded by the Government.

The Royal Bank of Canada

CAPITAL $3,900,000
RESERVE FUND . $4,390,000

Savings Department

AT ALL BRANCHES.

Montreal Branch, 147 St. James Street

W. M. BOTSFORD, Manager.
N. R. BURROWS, Asst. Manager.

West End Branch ....940 Notre Dame Street West.
St. Catherine St. W. Branch .Corner St. Catherine and Stanley Sts.
Annex Branch ....105 Fairmount Avenue, Annex.
St. Paul Branch ....135 Church Avenue, Cote St. Paul.
Westmount Branch ....Cor. St. Catherine and Greene Ave.
Victoria Ave. Branch ....Cor. Sherbrooke and Victoria Ave.

31—1n

MILTON HERSEY CO., Ltd., Chemists, Engineers and Inspectors
Analysis and Assays. Chemico-Legal Expert Work. Examinations of Mineral Properties. Telephone Main 252.
Electrical and Mechanical Tests. Cement Tests. Inspecting and Consulting Engineering.
Head Office: 171 St. James Street.

31—1n

ADVANCE IN CHEESE PRICES

Cheese prices have again advanced, and to-day the quotations are 12 to 12⅛c for Easterns, and 12⅛ to 12¼c for Westerns, with the chances of another advance during the coming week.

The cheese market so far this season has ruled very irregular, and, contrary to general expectations at the commencement of the season, prices opened strong, but with the prospects then of splendid pastures owing to the fine spring weather, merchants anticipated that cheese would be on a lower level than last year, but, as is sometimes the case, general calculations have been upset, and the high prices now demanded is due to the change in the weather conditions. With the very dry weather, the pasturage has been badly burned throughout the country, and the cows are not giving the usual supply of milk, and, in addition, as the season progressed the shortage in the milk supply was even greater owing to the thinning out of the cow herds last winter as a result of the high prices for feed. The recent rains have come too late to improve the situation, though if they had come a month earlier dealers believe prices would be at least one cent lower per lb. The make is much below last season's output, as up to to-day the receipts, as given out by the local Board of Trade, show that from May 1st to August 1st the arrivals totalled 858,603, while for the corresponding period of 1907 the receipts totalled 1,-000,995, or a decrease for the season to date of 142,592 boxes. The stocks now carried in storage in this city are not more than one half what they were this time a year ago, while in England they are considered to be, if anything, on the light side. Taking these different factors into consideration, the outlook appears to be very firm, and prices should advance still higher rather than decline, although the higher they are placed the greater the disinclination on the part of the English operators to operate.

The month which started to-day is generally one of the best months for the consumption of cheese throughout England, owing to the harvesting, and some exporters are looking forward to a good trade for the next two or three weeks Next week is a holiday week in England, and it may be a few days before the export trade assumes large proportions.

PROVISIONS AT LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool, August 1. — The following are the stocks of provisions at Liverpool:

Bacon, boxes	20,800
Hams, boxes	4,100
Shoulders, boxes	5,700
Butter, cwts.	3,500
Cheese, boxes	45,900
Lard, prime western, tierces	7,000
Lard, other kinds, tons	2,490

The stocks of grain will be issued Tuesday.

PREDICTS HIGHER MARKET.

A prominent floor trader predicts the market will be higher before the close.—E. & C. R.

RUMOR OF AN ADVANCE.

Hear that B. R. T. is going to have a big advance.—E. & C. R.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

James Barn Scott, sold to Mrs. Robt. A. C. McNally, the lot No. 220-87, of the parish of Montreal, with a dwelling house bearing civic No. 465, fronting on Lansdowne avenue, meas. 22 ft. 6 ins. x 133 ft., for the sum of $7,500.

J. Celestin Parent, sold to Edward A. Mason, a lot situate at Outremont, being the south-east No. 32-2-13, of the parish of Montreal, with dwelling house bearing civic Nos. 766 and 768, fronting on Hutchison street, meas. 25 ft. x 100 ft., for the sum of $5,100.

The Town of Outremont, sold to the Town of St. Louis, the lots Nos. 12-1-56 and part of lot No 13-27, of Cote St. Louis, fronting on St. Catherine street, with a super. of 610 ft., for the sum of $1 and other good and valuable considerations.

The Royal Trust Co. sold to Mrs. Joseph A. Besner, the lot No 972-9 in St. Louis Ward, with buildings thereon erected, civic Nos. 160 and 166, fronting on Pine avenue and the lot No. 971-8, in same ward, with buildings thereon erected bearing civic Nos. 202 and 204, fronting on Colonial St., super. area of 1,522 ft., for the sum of $12,000.

Mrs. G. Smith, et al, sold to William Patrick Grant, the lot No. 225, of St. Lawrence Ward, with buildings thereon, bearing civic No. 129 on St. Alexander street, for the sum of $6,200.

RAILWAYS OF UNITED STATES.

At the beginning of this calendar year there were 228,128 miles of completed line in the United States, of which 3,746 miles had been constructed during the year 1907, according to Poor's Manual for 1908. The present steam or graded mileage in the country is just double what it was in 1882, while the capital issues have more than doubled. During this period since 1882, when mileage has doubled, the stock capital of railroads has increased from $3,478,914,224 to $7,458,126,785; and bonded debt from $3,214,084,323 to $8,228,245,257. The increase of capital stock per mile has been from $30,-403 in 1882 to $33,239 in 1907; and of bonded debt from $28,088 to $36,671. The total railroad investment of the country, including floating obligations, now reaches the great sum of $16,500,-000,000 or $73,542 per mile—representing an enormous commitment of capital, whose magnitude will be better understood when it is remembered that the total value of all farm proper[t]y in the United States in 1900 was $20,-439,900,000 and the capital invested in manufacturing was $9,858,205,500.

It costs $10,000 to paint the Forth Bridge.

Advocates

Atwater, Duclos, Bond & Meagher
ADVOCATES,
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ELLIOTT & DAVID
Advocates, Barristers and Solicitors,
Commissioners for all the Provinces And for the States of Massachusetts and New York.
Canada Life Bldg., 189 St. James Street.
Henry J. Elliott. L. A. David.

J. M. FERGUSON, K.C., Advocate, etc. Rooms, 410, 411 New York Life Building. Tel. Main 2054. 31—1n

GENERAL MARKET GOSSIP

New York, August 1.—London market closed to-day and Monday.

Twenty railroads average yesterday touches 106.76, a new high mark for the year.

Lloyd's now offering premium of 2 per cent. on Taft's life until after election.

Monarch Tobacco Company sues Tobacco Trust for $1,500,000 claiming its business has been ruined.

Cleveland will have new furnaces and ore docks costing $2,500,000.

Bryan's notification of his nomination for President will take place August 12, and will be non-partisan affair.

John Mitchell, labor leader, has been given a $5,000 job by the Civic Federation. He will not discuss politics this fall.

President Truesdale, of the Lackawanna, refuses to confer with switchmen. Men may strike.

In Pope Co., reorganization, creditors will probably be paid in full.

Cotton crop figures as reported by Government, gives condition better than tten year average.

A 38 story steel sky-scraper will supplant the first steel building at 50 Broadway, N.Y.

Stockholder sues U. S. Cast Iron Pipe Co., to restrain payment of dividends on ground they were not earned, claiming the management has diverted $209,000 from working capital.

Trade reports continue to indicate moderate improvement.

Wheeling and Lake Erie, $8,000,000 notes will be paid to-day at offices of Blair & Co.

Senator Aldrich says he is satisfied with present currency law, and that no new measure is necessary.

New Haven, in its demurrer, to Government suit, alleges that combination with Boston & Maine could not restrain trade.

Thirty-nine roads for third week July, show average gross decrease 13.6.; 12 industrials advanced .73; 20 active railroads advanced, .99.

RAILWAY EARNINGS.

Penna. System—East of Pittsburg and Erie, June, net decrease, $710,000; six months' net decrease, $3,699,000. Lines west of Pittsburg and Erie, six months ended June 1st, net decrease, $1,916,000.

Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, six months' net increase, $128,300. Northern Central, six months' net decrease, $10,700. West Jersey, six months' net increase, $56,800. Long Island, six months' net increase, $381,000.

Earnings Chicago and North-Western, June, net decrease, $136,000; twelve months' net decrease, $2,511,000.

AUTHORITY TO PAY COUPONS.

The receiver for Wheeling and Lake Erie announces that he has obtained authority from the court to pay coupons on W. and L. E. equipment bonds, due 1922, which matured July 1. It will be necessary to dispose of receivers' certificates.—D. J.

2 in 1

SHOE POLISH

The Perfect Dressing for Ladies' Shoes.

Preserves the finest leather and gives a brilliant polish that will not rub off or soil the daintiest garments.

No dealer careful of his reputation will say anything else is as good.

At all Dealers
10c. and 25c. tins

31—1n

"BOBS" IS BETTER AND WILL GO TO OTTAWA

The latest reports this evening indicate Lord Roberts' speedy recovery from the indisposition from which he suffered yesterday, and it is now decided that he will, after all, go to Ottawa.

The great Field Marshal spent today very quietly at the home of his host, Mr. Robert Meighen. He did not go out at all and received but few visitors. This morning he felt decidedly better. The change from the intense heat of yesterday to the comfortable coolness of to-day, with a clear refreshing air, worked wonders; and while "Bobs" could scarcely say that he felt as well as ever, yet he felt himself fit enough to continue his tour through Canada. A wire was, therefore, despatched to Ottawa, containing the joyful news that the hero of Kandahar would be in the Capital to-morrow.

Whether or not he will allow himself to be lionized in Ottawa, as the admiring populace would wish, is doubtful. Lord Roberts is now in his seventy-sixth year and, though in appearance he is as hale and as hearty looking as if he were not more than sixty, yet the experience of the great heat of the past two days has warned him that he might easily overtax his strength. It is possible, therefore, that the arrangements for the civic and military receptions in Ottawa may be cancelled.

From Toronto, Winnipeg and other places which he was to visit, have come anxious inquiries as to the state of Lord Roberts' health. He is regarded in the light of a national hero by a great many Canadians who would go far if only to catch a glimpse of him. Definite replies to these queries have not yet been given. Until he reaches Ottawa, to-morrow morning, no precise plans for the continuation of his trip will be formulated. If the present recuperation continues, however, it is probable that the original itinerary will be carried out.

Lord Roberts will journey to Ottawa very quietly indeed, in order that the least possible fatigue may be experienced. Mr. David McNicoll, first vice-president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, has placed his car at the disposal of the Field Marshal, making up a special train, but the hour of its departure from Montreal and arrival at Ottawa is being kept secret, so that there may be as little demonstration as possible.

Earl Roberts.

Ottawa, August 1.—The Citizen was in telephonic communication this morning with Capt. Dawney, aide-de-camp to Lord Roberts, who stated that, owing to the improvement in Lord Roberts' condition, he would be able to visit Ottawa.

"The hour of his arrival has not been settled," said Capt. Dawney, "and Lord Roberts desires nothing in the way of a reception or anything that will be fatiguing. He will go to Government House on his arrival to seek rest and quiet."

"When will he leave for Toronto?" was asked.

"Absolutely nothing has been settled about that or as to his stay in Ottawa," was the reply.

While it will likely be necessary to eliminate all public functions out of deference to Lord Roberts' wishes, it is fully expected that some time during his stay in the city, an opportunity will be afforded the public to see and cheer the distinguished soldier. The city's address, which has been beautifully engrossed, will also be presented, privately, if necessary. Should his health be such as to permit of his leaving for Toronto on Monday morning, the day being the civic holiday would be peculiarly appropriate for at least a hearty send off.

LONDON IS AFTER PERFECT PAVEMENT

London, Eng., August 1.—In connection with the campaign of the Standard in favor of better streets and the offer of the Montreal Star to pave a certain section of the city in a thoroughly up-to-date manner so that the citizens will be able to get their money's worth, it may be interesting for your readers to know that in London the search for the perfect road is proceeding, with the Victoria Embankment as a testing ground.

Experiments are being made to find the best street paving, and when the ideal is discovered the whole of the Victoria Embankment is likely to be covered with it.

At present workmen are laying two kinds of paving opposite Charing Cross Station, and when that portion of the road is thrown open the effect of the traffic upon it will be carefully noted and reported to the Highways Committee of the London County Council for comparison with other stretches of specially paved surface. In this way the experiments are being conducted.

"Nearly a score of trial stretches of differing lengths have been laid down during the past four years," said an engineer who is supervising the work, "and altogether there must have been half a dozen various kinds of road paving, either tar or asphalt, tried. The wear and tear of each kind have been specially watched, but the best road surface has not yet been officially decided upon."

The various pavements experimentally laid have been:

1905 Tar.
1906 Asphalt and tar.
1907 Tar.
1908 Asphalt.

When the ideal paving is found it is likely to be used for other roadways besides the Victoria Embankment.

PROFESSOR LOST ON THE ALPS

Special to The Standard.

Geneva, Aug. 1.—The list of Alpine tragedies due to inexperienced climbers attempting ascents without guides is constantly increasing. Details of the latest case, involving the death of one tourist and the probably fatal injuries of two others, have just reached here.

Four tourists, Professor de Rougemont, who occupies the chair of theology at Neuchatel, M. Comtesse and Mr. Dupasquier, both of Neuchatel, and M. Keller, of Steigwiler, left Grindelwald early in the morning to make an ascent of the Jungfrau.

Although the weather was doubtful, and they were warned regarding the dangers they incurred, they refused to take guides. When half-way to the summit they regretted the undertaking but could not return owing to a snowstorm.

The quartette arrived at the summit exhausted and nearly frozen. Early on Saturday they managed to descend to Jungfrau Fjrn, where three of them collapsed. M. Keller continued the descent alone, and reached the Concordia hut, where he found a number of guides and climbers, including two English tourists.

These searched all day Sunday for the other three climbers, but without success. Another party found them on Monday morning. Professor de Rougemont was dead and the others were unconscious. Their recovery is doubtful.

OTTAWA HOTEL DAMAGED.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, August 1.—A fire at the Belmont Hotel here to-day did damage to the extent of between $4,000 and $5,000. The loss is covered by insurance.

HYDE, FORMER INSURANCE MAGNATE, AGAIN IN LIMELIGHT

Special to The Standard.

New York, August 1.—James Hazen Hyde again has come under the spot light through an escapade in Pekin, which has made him as much talked of and written about in the Orient as he was here at the time of his noted dinners in this city and in Paris. His latest bid for notoriety, according to Orient press reports just received in this city, was in Pekin about June 15, where he shot at two coolies in the Hotel des Wagon Lits, while they were engaged in cleaning the hotel.

The Japan Advertiser of July 3, which was received in this city yesterday, quotes the Chinese Public Opinion with regard to Mr. Hyde's actions while in Pekin as follows:

"Our contemporary says that a certain Mr. Hyde, notorious, we believe, in connection with certain life insurance company scandals, was the chief actor. This individual, who is reputedly a plutocrat but apparently not a gentleman, inflicted his presence upon Pekin. He took up his quarters at the Hotel des Wagon Lits and incidentally flashed around our city in a motor car. It would appear that this did not give him sufficient prominence, for in the hotel he found cause to fire a couple of revolver shots at a couple of coolies who were carrying out their duties of cleaning up the premises during the night.

"His aim fortunately was so poor as to prove harmless to these individuals, but the disturbance was the cause of much annoyance to the other guests in the hotel. Apparently nothing has been done to punish him for his illegal discharge of the firearm. The Chinese authorities, we believe, made inquiries of the Legation police regarding the matter, but as far as we can ascertain these knew nothing of the affair.

"This does not speak very highly of their efficiency, seeing that the matter was one of common gossip throughout the town. The undesirable and his attaches have left and we presume that here the affair terminates. Had he indulged his little humor in almost any other place than the Legation quarter of Pekin, he would, we fancy, have departed to a prison cell instead of with freedom to display his ungentlemanliness elsewhere."

Friends of Mr. Hyde in this city profess to be ignorant of the escapade in Pekin. His recent letters, they declare, have not made any mention of the occurrence.

It has been established, however, that Mr. Hyde was in Pekin at the time mentioned by the Japan Advertiser, and while in that city he stopped at the Hotel des Wagon Lits. A dispatch from Paris yesterday stated that he had arrived there after a nine-months' trip through the Orient.

VISCOUNT MORLEY ON THE NAVY

Special to The Standard.

London, Eng., August 1.—Viscount Morley to-day told the boys of the Worcester, the training college lying off Greenhithe, that he did not win any great number of prizes when he was a boy, and that he could not have won, he thought, any of the prizes he distributed to the boys yesterday, though he might have had a chance under general knowledge, which was too apt to mean general ignorance.

The well-being of the mercantile marine, Lord Morley added, was one of the most profound necessities of the State. There should be ladders by which trained officers should rise step by step to the service of the sea. Of the world's steamer tonnage last month of 35¾ millions, 17½ millions—nearly a half—was owned by the British Empire, and 16¼ millions in the United Kingdom. A good many of the ships under foreign flags, too, were ships with which Britain was done and for which they had no further use. In face of such figures and facts, croakings about supremacy departing from Great Britain in the mercantile marine were not justified.

He quoted Mr. Gladstone, "Be inspired with the belief that life has a great and a noble calling, not a mean and grovelling thing that we are to shuffle through as best we can, but an elevated and lofty destiny," and hoped the boys would take that view of the cruise before them.

As Lord Morley embarked at London Bridge to go to the Worcester, Miss Carr, a Suffragette, jumped on board and handed him Miss Pankhurst's article, "Why We Use Militant Tactics." Lord Morley thanked her and promised to read it. Miss Carr explained her act by saying, "We cannot trust Cabinet Ministers' secretaries to give our paper to them."

PRISONERS TO GATHER HARVEST

Special to The Standard.

Winnipeg, Man., August 1.—Thirty thousand men are needed to harvest the grain crop of the Canadian North-West, which is the largest in many years. It will be impossible to get anywhere near this number, according to the Manitoban Government.

The Government therefore has recommended that the jails and prisons of the province be opened and that all prisoners serving time for minor offences be released on condition that they hire out to help garner the crop. This recommendation probably will be acted upon and the men will be freed some time next week, as fast as places of labor are assigned to them.

The prisoners are said to take to the order very kindly, as it will give them an opportunity to earn $2 and $3 a day for several weeks instead of spending the time behind the bars.

It has been estimated that the grain crop of the Canadian North-West will reach 150,000,000 bushels this year.

WINNIPEG'S BAND WILL PLAY.

Toronto, August 1.—The management of the Canadian National Exhibition have decided to engage the Citizens' Band, of Winnipeg, Man. This band will come to Toronto thirty-five strong. They will be in charge of Dr. A. W. Bell, formerly assistant manager of the Toronto Exhibition, and at present manager of the Winnipeg Exhibition. The band created tremendous enthusiasm by its playing at the recent exhibition in its home town.

HURT BY AUTOMOBILE.

Ottawa, August 1.—Martin Kilroy, of Eardley, who was one of to-day's excursionists to the city, was knocked down by an automobile this afternoon and quite badly hurt. He is in the Water Street Hospital.

WERE WAITING FOR OUR "BOBS"

They stood on the sunny side of the street, a little band of recently transplanted Englishmen and their wives and kiddies—waiting for "Bobs." Cockneys for the most part, with just a little blend of the Lancashire and the East Riding, all craning their necks, all talking at once.

It would have been useless to attempt to report the conversation in its entirety, but some isolated expressions were jotted down:

No. 1. "Say, Gawge, twig the funny old corfdrop on t'other side. Aint 'e a bloater! Fink's he doin' 'Bobs' a honer by waitin' ter see 'im, 'e does. Say, ole corfdrop——"

No. 2. Cana'ians, my friends, wiv all doo respeck ter them, cawn't appreciate a man like OUR Bobs.' They're not acclimertized to the species. W'y, some of 'Bobs' button cleaners 'ave more medals than the Field Marshals of the Canadian (halleged) Harmy, w'ich is, again wiv all doo respeck—w'ich is——"

No. 3. "Riteyar, matey. Tikes a bloomin' Tommy to bloomin' well know 'Bobs'—ha! W'en I was in the Death or Glory Boys, way back—"

No. 4. "'Ere 'e's comin'. All together, boys and gurls, 'ip, 'ip, 'ooray for 'Bobs'—'Bobs,' 'Bobs,' 'Bobs'—good ole Hengland—'ooray for 'Bobs' an' the Union Jack!—'ooray, 'Bobs,' we love yer, 'Bobs'—'ooray—"—"

No. 1. "Siy, ole corfdrop, if yer don't take off yer 'hat, I'll push yer blawsted face in, I will—sure's heggs his heggs, —an'—"

No. 2. "No wiolence, 'Enrietta. 'E's only a-showing of his 'iggerance. Pity 'im!"

All together. "Thereyarnow—'Bobs'—yer flipper, 'Bobs'—'ooray, 'ooray, OUR 'Bobs' — good old Hengland's Bobs' — we love yer, 'Bobs'—wiv a swing, boys an' gurls; 'ip, ip, 'ooray for 'Bobs'"—while 'Bobs,' in his carriage, bowed his most boyish and winning smile.

THE KAISER AND GERMAN TRADE

Special to The Standard.

Berlin, Aug. 1.—The German Emperor has just given, during his Scandinavian cruise, striking proof of his versatile interest in matters of industry and commerce, as well as the vigilant and even jealous attention with which he regards Great Britain's progress in various spheres of activity.

During a land excursion the Emperor visited Odde, Norway, and inspected the chemical works erected there by a British concern, the North-Western Cyanamide Company of London, for the purpose of manufacturing a compound of lime and nitrogen from nitrogen of the air, by a method invented by two Germans, Dr. Nicodem Caro and Professor A. Franck.

As soon as he returned to the Imperial yacht Hohenzollern, the Emperor telegraphed to Dr. Caro and inquired whether any similar factories existed in Germany.

On learning from Dr. Caro that one German factory exists, and another is in course of construction, the Emperor cabled from Bergen expressing his pleasure at ascertaining that Germany had not lagged behind in this important development of industry.

The British works at Odde impressed His Majesty as being eminently practical and well organized.

EXAMINATION OF FIRE STATION

A letter from the Canadian Underwriters' Association was read at yesterday afternoon's meeting of the Fire Committee, in which it was stated that an inspection had been made of the new No. 5 Station on Berthelet street, and that it is found defcetive in some important particulars.

Some of the defects referred to are: Switches project from the walls, conduits are not properly placed in plaster, outlets are left unfinished, fixtures are loose and some touch grounded pipes.

The acting chairman, Ald. Mercier, remarked that he had been told the roof leaks.

On the advice of Mr. Ethier, the City Attorney, a resolution was adopted appointing Sub-Chief Tremblay Mr. A. Chaussee and Mr. Ferns a committee to examine the building to-day, and report back to the committee.

The future action of the Fire Committee will be governed by the report of these gentlemen, and the explanations of the various contractors.

Lions, tigers, and other beasts of prey in captivity follow the example of mankind and sleep during the night, while in their native state these animals sleep during the day and hunt for food during the night.

Stephens
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31—

POWERFUL NAVY IS NECESSAR

Special to The Standard.

London, Eng., August 1.—Addr
ing Territorial forces at a suppe
Workington last night, Mr. Hal
said there were gloomy predictions
long ago that the men of Eng
would not respond to the army call.
the last week or two, with its camp
training under new conditions, had
gun to make the prophets a little
careful about their prophecies.

Speaking of co-operation between
Navy and Army, Mr. Haldane said
Navy was now organized as it h
never been before, and next year wo
be stronger. There were reasons
that on which he would not dwell.
powerful Navy was necessary, and
would be unwise not to have a stro
second line of defence.

They had provided that on the ca
ing up of the Reserves the Territori
Forces should be embodied for w
training, and within six months th
would have 300,000 men.

ALLEGED SHOP-LIF

Ed. Bergeron was arrested
by Constables Branchaud
on the charge of shop-liftin
alleged to have entered the
Mr. Dorval, St. Lawrence
and slipped a pair of shoes
coat. He pleaded not gui
charge.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements under these headings in The Standard will be inserted on a basis of one cent a word, each insertion. No advertisement accepted for less than ten cents.

No advertiser whose honesty the publishers have the least reason to doubt will be allowed in these columns. Should, however, our readers discover any misrrepesentation, a prompt report thereof will be appreciated.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS TO LET.

BISHOP ST., 275, near Sherbrooke — Elegantly furnished apartment, nine rooms, hot water year around, steam heated, janitor's service, electric lights and buttons in all rooms, everything up to date; good locality.

BISHOP ST., 275 — New Sherbrooke, beautifully furnished rooms for transients visiting Montreal; first class only; no children; meals served in Sherbrooke.

FURNISHED FLATS TO LET.

DORCHESTER ST.—Furnished flat of 3 rooms and bathroom for bachelor or married couple; modern conveniences; moderate terms. 352 Dorchester west.

WESTMOUNT—A new model flat of seven rooms, on upper level; will rent unfurnished if lessee buys part of furniture. Tel Mount. 2008.

HOUSES TO LET.

ST. BERNARD ST.—To let, small house, 6 rooms, No. 21 St. Bernard st. Apply 264 Dorchester st.

ST. DENIS ST., 1211b—To let, upper tenement, 11 rooms, Daisy furnace, bath room on each floor, light warm house. Apply M. A. Z., Engineering Office, Windsor st. station.

ST. URBAIN ST. (Annex)—Lower flat, 7 rooms hot and cold water. Rent $20. W. Ernest Bolton, 141 Notre Dame West.

TO LET—Self-contained house of six rooms and w.c., in Alexander Place. Apply to 131 St. Alexander st.

WESTMOUNT—Semi-detached house, decorated, furnisher most modern style, electric light; Daisy furnace, open plumbing, 9 rooms (no children.) Write Box 596, Stone's Drug store.

RESIDENTIAL FLATS TO LET.

BERNARD ST., 52, corner St. Alexander, lower flat, three rooms, large cellar. Apply to 7 Platt st.

COLONIAL AVE.—Small flat, 3 rooms. Apply 104 Colonial ave.

CITY HALL AVE., 896b—To let, lower flat, six large bright rooms; rent $20. Apply 898b City Hall ave. Tel. East 2827.

HEATED comfortable flats, 5 rooms and bath room, electric and gas light; ready 15th of August. Phone 735. 79a City Councillors st.

BOATS, YACHTS, ETC.

ROWBOATS and launches with engines that are as sure to run as the tide; can be got from Jutton Boat and Launch Works, Hamilton, Ontario. Get Catalogue B.

ROOMS TO LET.

BELMONT ST., 26—Double and single rooms; very pleasant and central; will allow kitchen privileges.

GUY ST., 460—Comfortable double room, all conveniences; rent $8.00 month.

CITY COUNCILLORS, 56—2 single, one double, on bath flat, light Aurora light. Board if desired.

CRAIG EAST, 34—Large furnished room to let, on first floor, front, with wardrobe, gas and use of kitchen.

CADIEUX ST., 655—Two large bright unfurnished rooms, parlor flat, one large unfurnished room, with clothes closet, on bath flat.

CRESCENT ST., 106—Furnished room, private family, electric light. Apply in evening, suit two gentlemen, 10 dollars month.

CITY COUNCILLORS ST., 46½—Furnished rooms, double and single, bath and gas.

CRESCENT ST., 56—Nicely furnished rooms to let, with all modern conveniences. 173 6

DRUMMOND ST., 36C—Nicely furnished room to rent; private family.

DRUMMOND ST., 36B—Newly furnished single and double rooms to let, electric light, porcelain bath, etc. Rent very moderate.

DORCHESTER ST. WEST, 941—Bright furnished and unfurnished rooms; immediate possession.

DORCHESTER WEST, 1013—Large double and single room; nicely furnished; terms moderate.

GUY ST., 469—Nice furnished rooms, suitable for two young men or married couple; nice locality; no children.

GUY ST., 481—One or two nice large rooms, electric light, comfortable house, pleasant situation; breakfast and late dinner if required.

GUY ST, 260, near St. Antoine—One large front room, two wardrobes, gas fixtures, for stove, on bath flat; rent moderate; private family.

LAVAL AVE., 20—Nicely furnished front room to let, for one gentleman or two; private family.

McGILL COLLEGE AVE., 51—Bright, airy, nicely furnished single and double rooms; breakfast if desired; transients accommodated.

MILTON ST., 79—A large parlor, partly furnished, suitable for married couple, with use of kitchen; or two gentlemen.

MANSFIELD ST., 159A—Room, comfortably furnished front room, on bath flat, suitable for one or two; all modern conveniences.

MANSFIELD ST., 78—Two double rooms, parlor and bath flat, A1 or light, hot water, suitable gentlemen, ladies or married couples.

METCALFE ST., 144—Large, comfortable furnished room, all conveniences; good for one or two persons; no children; terms moderate.

McGILL COLLEGE, 38—To let, large double room, one the bath flat; also one single, top floor, nicely furnished.

ROOMS TO LET.

MACKAY ST., 131—Bright large rooms, furnished or unfurnished, Auer and electric light, marble mantel, hot and cold water in room, few doors from Sherbrooke.

McGILL COLLEGE AVE., 2—Nicely furnished room, mo conveniences; transients accommodated.

MACKAY, 94—To let, a nicely furnished room on bath flat, also large unfurnished room suitable for married couple.

OSBORNE ST., 10 — Mountain view, facing Windsor Hotel, finely furnished rooms, in quiet house, by day or the week; close to the stations.

ST. CATHERINE ST. WEST, 17—Large and small rooms, well furnished, hot and cold water; board or without; Auer light.

ST. DENIS, 476—Parlor and small furnished room to let; private family; few doors above Sherbrooke.

ST. JAMES ST., 313—Large furnished front room, bathroom flat, close to Victoria square; English family.

ST. DENIS, 300B—Furnished rooms, with or without board; private family.

ST. LUKE ST., 41—Single and double rooms, at moderate prices; one block from Guy and St. Catherine sts.

ST. ANTOINE, 235—Comfortable rooms, respectable working men, early breakfast if desired.

SANGUINET ST., 562—Comfortable furnished room to let, with small English family, suitable for couple young men; terms moderate.

SHUTER ST., 50—One single room, on bath room flat, hot water heating, electric light, all modern conveniences.

ST. ANTOINE ST., 264—Single bedroom for gentleman; b. and w.c. flat; quiet and comfortable.

SHERBROOKE ST. WEST, 88, near Park ave—Nicely furnished double and single room, quiet house.

ST. CATHERINE ST. WEST, 1026—Well furnished double and single rooms, suitable for married couple or gentlemen, rent moderate; fronting Western Park.

ST. ANTOINE ST, 379—Furnished room, wardrobe, small kitchen adjoining, house keeping privileges; also small furnished room; modern conveniences.

SHUTER ST., 69, just above Sherbrooke—Very large front room, furnished or unfurnished, bath room flat; telephone.

ST. URBAIN ST., 533—Furnished or unfurnished room to let, private family. 533 St. Urbain st., new number.

SUMMER BOARD.

DIXIE—Large double room, for immediate occupation, overlooking lake. Apply Fleming, corner Lefebvre ave., Dixie.

HILLHURST FARM, two miles from Lake Memphremagog, very high, beautiful view, lake, mountains; no consumptives; adults $4; children according to age. Mrs. Hurlbut, East Bolton, Que.

STATHMORE—Two large rooms, suitable for married couple or gentleman, Killarney House, Strathmore.

HOUSES WANTED.

HOUSE wanted in Westmount, a self-contained cottage, Westmount preferred. Write A. M., 544 St. Antoine.

FOR SALE.

AUTOMATIC PIANO for sale, made by Regal Piano Co., New York; paid $750, will sell for $500, easy terms; only two weeks in use. Apply T. Burdett, 290 St. Paul st.

BICYCLE (gent's), Dunlop tyres, coaster brake, only used few times, cheap to prompt buyer. Apply 101 Vlger ave., in rear of Trinity Church.

BABY CARRIAGE—For sale, almost new; will sell at a sacrifice. Apply 506 st. Urbain st., between Ontario st. and Sherbrooke st.

CONTENTS of 7 room flat, complete. No reasonable offer refused. Parties leaving for Old Country. 109 Rivard st., off Roy st. St. Denis.

DESKS—Don't purchase your office furniture until you have a talk with me, and you will wonder when you hear my low prices. Delivered new and second-hand. Stanton, 25 St. Francois Xavier st.

FOR SALE — Bureau, wardrobe, washstand, chairs, etc.; all new. Call Monday, 164 Drolet.

FURNITURE—Bedstead and spring, full size, $2.50; jardiniere and pedestal, Jewel heater, $5 each; chest of drawers and washstand, $2.50; pictures, 25c each. 1645 St. Lawrence.

LAUNDRY machinery—Shirt ironer, body ironer, neck band and cuffer collar machine; collar dampener; lot of pulley and belting, cheap. Mr. Lafontaine, 30 Dorchester st. west.

ONE COUCH, $2.50; one baby carriage, rattan, $2.25; round table, $1.50; bargain. Garnier st., above Mount Royal.

PIANO (Cottage), $50, worth more, fine tone, full iron plate, very durable, first class order. 2449 St. Hubert st., off Beaubien, St. Denis cars Boulevard.

PIANO—Walnut case, latest style, cheap to prompt buyer, also good second-hand upright piano, only $85 cash. Apply 409D St. Antoine.

PIANO—Upright, almost new, cheap, for cash. Can be seen any time, at 92 Esplanade ave., Annex.

PHONOGRAPH—A1 Edison B phonograph, recorder horn, stand, 25 gold mould records, in perfect order, not a month in use. Price $30. Apply 219 Canning st.

SHOW CASES, tables, counters, brass fixtures, for gent's furnishing. Apply to A. Aron, 217 St. Lawrence st.

SIDEBOARD—For sale, hardwood sideboard, in good order, will sell for $5.00. 50 Mackay st.

TO COLLECTORS — Magnificent collection of artistic European postal cars, unused; must be disposed of, part or whole; no reasonable offer refused. Write for appointment to view. "Cards," P.O. Box 834.

VICTORIA; 1 top buggy; 1 English dog cart. Apply Jos. Tierney, Lachine Rapids.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR for first-class publication. Apply P. O. Box 218, Montreal.

BREAD DRIVER

Experienced bread driver. Must have references. Apply after ten a.m. James M. Aird, 165 St. Urbain.

BUTCHER—Wanted first-class butcher. Address St. Urbain and Villeneuve sts., with references.

JUNIOR wanted to assist in woollen department at the Semi-Ready factory, 472 Guy st. Apply on Monday, to Mr. Thompson.

KITCHEN BOY—Wanted, dining room girls, pantry women, kitchen boy, with experience. Bailey Cafe, 26 University street.

SALESMAN wanted for Carpets and Oilcloths, should speak English and French. Apply to the Manager, The S. Carsley Co., Limited.

STRONG BOY for kitchen work. Apply Tremont Cafe, 130 St. Antoine.

GIRL wanted to do housework and assist with children. Apply 46 Windsor ave. Westmount.

GENERAL SERVANT wanted, by the week, Protestant, plain cooking, light work. None need apply without references, 2 Beaver Hall Square, corner of Dorchester st.

GIRLS—Wanted a couple of girls accustomed to bindery work, and two or three good press feeders. None but experienced need apply. A. Currie, 937 Ontario st. East.

GENERAL SERVANT wanted, family of two; good wages to competent person. Apply 70 Durocher street.

GIRL—Wanted neat young girl to help with housework; good home for right person. references wanted. Apply 41 Staynor, off Greene.

GENERAL SERVANT wanted, with good references, will pay extra good wages to suitable person; no washing. Care Box 145 P.O.

GENERAL SERVANT wanted for private family, capable girl, able to do plain cooking. Apply evenings, with references, 102 Mance.

GIRL—Wanted neat little girl about 14 years, to assist with light house work, and sleep at home. Apply 244 Victoria ave., Westmount.

GENERAL SERVANT — Wanted a young girl as general servant. Apply at once. 151 Hutchison st.

GIRLS—Wanted several experienced girls, who can run sewing machines. Glassford Bros. Co., 303 St. James.

LADIES—Wanted few ladies for permanent, reliable home work, copying advertisements. Good pay. Call between 2 and 4 only, Monday to Friday, 30 Victoria street.

NURSE wanted, experienced, for baby four months old, to go to the country. Apply 6 Phillips Place, after 7 p.m.

NURSE wanted, experienced, for baby four months old, to go to the country. Apply 6 Phillips Plac, after 7 p.m.

TWO LADIES, 1 gentleman, wanted to take orders; big money to be made. Apply 3 to 7 p.m., 305 Lindsay Building.

WOMAN—Wanted respectable middle aged woman for light house work; one that is fond of children preferred. Apply Mrs. Shapira, 95 Bleury st.

YOUNG GIRL wanted to assist lady who is mostly alone, in light housekeeping in a small flat, will be kept home like 4162 Sherbrooke st., Westmount, near Greene avenue, Suite No. 3.

FOUND.

BROOCH—Found in Westmount, on Sunday, pearl brooch. Owner address 6 Lincoln ave.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ARMY PENSIONER, age 30, smart, abstainer, wants situation in any capacity; highest references; security if required. address E. R., 140 Congregation st., Point St. Charles.

COOK—Wanted by a good cook, work by day or week; good references. Apply to 1105 St. James street.

DRIVER—Situation wanted by a respectable young man as driver, who understands care of horses thoroughly. Apply 226 Coursol st.

GARDENER, teetotaller, A1 references, married, wants work by the day or job, gardening. G. Sexton, 289 St. Antoine st., city.

YOUNG MAN wants situation in private family as waiter, willing to do h e work, town or country. H. J. R. Pulling, 98 Cathedral st., Montreal.

CAPABLE, honest woman, washing at home, by piece or dozen, or housework by day or week. 1459 St. Urbain; good references.

DRESSMAKING and altering. 2 Church st.

DRESSMAKER wants work in private families. Address Miss M. Belanger, 624 St. Antoine.

FASHIONABLE dressmaker wants sewing by the day. Tel. Westmount, 2002.

GENERAL—Wanted situation for general, for city or country. Up 3948, Lindsay Bldg., Room 300. J. A. C. Olson, Employment Office.

GIRLS — Two well recommended Scotch girls as house-tablemaid, or generals. Apply The Woman's Canadian Employment Bureau, 60 University st.

HOUSEWORK—By young woman for whole or part of day, housework. Apply G. H., 2 Molson's Terrace.

LADY, French, having spare time, would do housework for gentleman's home, with or without cooking. 1088 City Hall avenue.

NURSE—A French nurse from the United States, speaks English and French, would like to take care of a sick lady. Can give very good reference. 296 St. Timothee st.

NURSING—Wanted, maternity nursing by a well recommended person. 53 Aylmer street.

SEWING by day, by first-class seamstress. Write to K. McKay, 32 Quesnel street.

VINEGAR MAKER, experienced, for cider and spirit vinegar; refining and filtering of cider and vinegar a specialty. Correspondence invited. "Vinegar," 163W, 49th, New York City.

WORK wanted by a good woman, by week or month. Apply 66½ St. Urbain st

LOST.

BICYCLE—Lost from Peel street, an Ajax make bicycle, Morrow coaster brake, new Dunlop tires. Reward if returned to 214 Peel street.

LOST—On Beaver Hall Hill, Friday morning, gentleman's fancy vest. Reward if returned to 11 Phillips square.

LOST—From Montreal Bird and Kennel Co., 295 Bleury st., 1 black French poodle dog. Reward given for return of same. Any one holding dog after this notice will be prosecuted.

PURSE—Lost, Thursday afternoon, between Windsor station and 20 Park ave., a purse, containing bills, and a savings bank cheque (Trader's), and a few blank cards. Reward given to finder by calling between 7 and 8 p.m., or Dr. Thompson, 20 Park ave.

TERRIER—Lost on 29th, from 156 Metcalfe street, Yorkshire Terrier bitch, answering name Bijou. Reward at above address.

WALKING STICK—Lost on Monday evening, at Bonaventure Depot, a blackthorn walking stick. Return to 19 Bleury st. and be rewarded.

HORSES AND CARRIAG

BEAUTIFUL chestnut horse, 6 ye hands; suitable for saddle or drivi ply 627 Wellington.

COMPLETE outfit, horse, harness and tired Phaeton, cheap. Apply 312 Met ave., Westmount.

GOOD work horse and tombareau; also harness and Concord buggie, in good no use for them; cheap for cash. 28 P ave., Verdun.

HORSE—For sale at a bargain, good for light express or buggy, five years, Apply A. Neville, carpenter and builde Colonial ave. Tel. East 6096.

IMPORTED SHETLAND PONIES sale, 40 to 43 inches, solid colors broken, saddle and harness, children, moderate prices. rane, Hillhurst Farm, Lennox

MILK WAGGON—For sale, in good Address 240 St. Urbain.

ARTICLES WANTED

QUEBEC JUBILEE STAMPS all values; good prices paid. Ou ing list free. Collections of stam purchased. Marks Stamp Compa ronto.

DOMESTIC PETS

AT STUD — Fee $10; the blac spaniel dog "Dusky Duke," A. K 80489, by "Champion Premier," ex O'Wheatley," by "Red Rival." A s vigorous dog of the right type, a sure stock getter. Owner, F. W. Rockfield station, near Montreal,

DRUMCLAMPH KENN (Property of Wm. C. Finley, E Usually have for sale a few real class Irish Terrier puppies, eith show specimens or companions reasonable.

Dogs boarded, conditioned and at the leading shows. Write for Address, R. A. ROSS, Mana Blue Bonnets (near Montrea

ENGLISH pedigree Pomeranian weeks old; beauties. 5 Woodst off St. Antoine.

FOX TERRIERS for sale, male; pri male $2; very fine, lemon and whit 90 Rivard st.

HOMER PIGEONS for sale—The m kind. A pair at one dolla reprod four birds year. 2304 Hut son, nard. Phone East 744.

4 COLLIE puppies brown sable, tho Apply Ahuntsic Post Offic

PERSONA

LET us repair and re piece of silverware. W equal to new at a reason Geo. A. Gray Co., 260 D West.

MADAME MOORE, artis ing, shampooing, singe ing and massage, manic opody; ladies' and childr special attention. Scal specialty. 4173 St. Cathe Greene.

MONTREAL DOLLS' H repair no matter ho part placed; moving ey fine stock of dressed and for sale. Real hair wigs made to order. Wax fi and repaired. 4173 St. Westmount.

MRS. E. BENNETT and M delegates for Companion I. O. F., are visiting the and Boston.

What We Think

The Great Quebec Celebration.

The great Quebec Tercentenary Celebration of 1908 is a thing of the past; no one could have wished for a more successful issue. When the Tercentenary was first proposed, there were not a few who had doubts as to whether or not an affair of such large proportions could be successfully carried out in a city of rather limited ...mmodation. It was felt that very great efforts would have to be ...e to make the Champlain Tercentenary worthy of the memory of ... great man—the founder of New France. Those who had the ar...gements in hand got to work at an early stage. Mr. Lascelles, the ...er of the Pageant, to whom so much credit is due in connection ... perhaps the main feature of the celebration, was busy at work ... his costume designs and his other pageant plans long before the ... had ceased flying in the Ancient Capital. By the exercise of lead...p qualities of a very high order joined to infinite patience and a ...s for the successful supervision of the minutest details, Mr. Las... was enabled, by the hearty co-operation of the citizens of Quebec, ...ing to the Tercentenary Programme a series of Pageant Tableaux ... are pronounced by experts to have been quite unrivalled in the ...y of modern Pageantry. The Pageant Tableaux proved to many ...reat attraction. They simply amazed British and American visi... while Canadians were awed by a great pride in seeing their na... history unfolded before them for the first time in all its glorious

... was the splendid militia display—the largest army yet gath...ether in Canada—a parade which elicited the liveliest interest, ...on and good feeling.

...ill soon forget the magnificent naval display—the spectacle of ... powerful British fleet yet seen in these waters mingling with great warships of France and the United States?

...hen there was the presence of the Heir-Apparent to the Throne of ...at Britain. His genial good fellowship and unfeigned interest in, ...l enjoyment of, all the entertainment provided in his honor captured ...ry heart.

Undoubtedly the Tercentenary has done a vast amount of good. ...ousands of words have been cabled daily to all parts of the world ...cribing the magnificence of the event. Canada, through this 300th ...hday party has become better known over the entire globe. The ... races in Canada have been brought nearer together: they now ...w each other better. The common aim to upbuild the country ...nded by Champlain into a vigorous nation has been emphasized. The ...essity of both great elements of the population bending every faculty ...ards this supreme consummation has been generously admitted. Old ...erences have melted into thin air under the warmth of a general ...onal enthusiasm. Common national aims and aspirations have be...e more clearly defined and recognized. The population has become ...d, as it were, into a more homogeneous mass—more hopeful—more ...nkful—more forgiving—more national.

"The tumult and the shouting dies—
The Captains and the Kings depart—"

It is safe to say that with the sailing of the Prince on Wednesday ...orning that a new era of mutual trust and brotherly kindness opens ...r Canadians.

"Far-called our navies melt away—
On dune and headland sinks the fire—"

His Royal Highness is now nearing the shores of that little Island ...hose influence has proved so mighty in the world's history. He will shortly present to His Majesty the King a warm-hearted message from the over-seas Dominion.

With the elation and pride which Canadians have naturally experienced in the overpowering success of the Great Champlain Tercentenary Celebration of 1908, it will not be amiss to ponder a moment on the words of Kipling:

"For heathen heart that puts her trust
In reeking tube and iron shard—
All valiant dust that builds on dust,
And guarding calls not Thee to guard.
For frantic boast and foolish word,
Thy mercy on Thy People, Lord!"

Lord Cromer and his Warning.

Not for many a day has John Bull been so interested in the utterance of a public man as he has been in the speech delivered a short time since by Lord Cromer. Lord Cromer, in the address in question, practically told the nation that it was steadily drifting towards a great European war—a war which might not be so far away as many appeared to think. Since the delivery of this address a vast amount of comment has been in evidence. Some writers have laughed at the whole business, while others have attached very grave importance to the occasion. It will hardly do to pass over this utterance of Lord Cromer's without careful examination. Lord Cromer is one of the ablest administrators that the Empire has ever had. Anything he says is worthy of very careful analysis.

Are there any signs which would seem to indicate that John Bull will soon be in the midst of a big war? From one standpoint the answer would be in the negative. If we looked merely at the diplomatic situation, we should feel inclined to say that, thanks to the good offices of His Majesty the King and the combined efforts of British, French and Russian statesmanship, much has been done to diminish the risk of war in the immediate future. On the other hand, political conditions in Morocco, Macedonia and Persia cannot be considered without anxiety. But perhaps the phenomenon which doubtless Lord Cromer had in mind when he delivered his recent speech was the rapid growth of a potentially hostile fleet on the other side of the North Sea—a growth which goes on steadily and irresistibly, and which bids fair, within a few years, to dispute the supremacy of the ocean with Great Britain. Another disquieting feature is that while the German Navy grows apace, sinister reports arise from time to time on the subject of German emissaries swarming over Great Britain, making maps, taking photographs, and noting what they wish to note without let or hindrance. Reports of such incursions are now being much discussed in the British Press. Moreover, the dissensions which are reported among some of the British naval officers are not reassuring. They excite not the slightest comment in the German Press, and this would almost seem to be proof that they are being very carefully watched by Britain's over-sea rival. The German Emperor is relentlessly following up his army and navy building programme; let no one imagine that if England stands in his path he will, for any sentimental reason, refuse to use his magnificent army and his growing navy in a great effort to stop forever England's restraining influence in hindering his schemes for personal and national aggrandizement.

Montreal and its Police Protection.

The recent brutal attack by thugs on a prominent citizen of Montreal, in which, besides robbery, he sustained a fractured limb and other injuries, will revive unpleasantly the suspicion amongst us that Montreal and its suburbs have not a sufficient police protection. Robberies, hold-ups, assaults, and burglaries have been far too plentiful in Montreal during the past few months. The Standard has pointed out on many occasions that the police and detective forces of Montreal are not sufficiently large enough to cope with the present criminal situation. The police force is not large enough; the detective force is neither large enough nor are its members carefully enough selected or sufficiently well paid. Chief Detective Carpenter has repeatedly called attention to the neglect of his department in the matter of properly manning the detective force of the city. In the department of Italian crime—a particularly large and important department—this deficiency has been especially noted.

As a matter of fact, Montreal at the present time—a great city of nearly 300,000 population—is trying to get along with a police administration which was sufficient for a good-sized town, but is totally inadequate to safeguard a metropolitan city. The City Council in general, and the Police Committee in particular, have here a big problem with which to grapple. The citizens will support them in an attempt to solve the problem along generous and broad-minded lines. In the meantime, the citizens would do well to take every possible precaution to look after their own safety.

With the close of the Tercentenary Celebration, an army of crooks will doubtless pass through Montreal on the way back to their haunts in the United States. The best-lighted streets are none too safe at the present time.

The Care of Tuberculosis Patients.

The case of poor Packwood, the Tuberculosis victim, who passed away in the gaol on Saturday last, because he could not get any other shelter, has fairly arrested the attention of the community. As pointed out in last week's issue of The Standard, there was no place in the great city of Montreal wherein Packwood could lay down and die except in the common gaol. He had to travel thither in an open van, as it was feared that in the closed conveyance he might contaminate the rest of the prisoners. The case has aroused the attention of Montreal citizens to the deplorably deficient accommodation in Montreal for the care of tuberculosis patients. Further investigation shows that at the present time there are nineteen cases of advanced tuberculosis before the Charity Organization for which there is absolutely no accommodation. Tuberculosis is one of the most deadly enemies Canadians have to encounter in their upbuilding of the nation. The dread disease carries off its thousands of Canadian citizens year by year.

Yet Montreal, the commercial metropolis of the country, with all its wealth, has no place wherein to care for the poor victims of this dread disease. There is no doubt that something should be done at once in this matter. The hospitals are not to blame. Other institutions are doing what they can. A special hospital for such cases is what the city urgently requires. At the present time there are only 40 beds for incurables in the city, while there should be at least 300. In view of the menace in such conditions to the public health, it is essential that something should be done. The city authorities should be invited to be present at a public meeting of the citizens, where the whole matter could be ventilated, and where proper steps could be taken to obliterate conditions which are a foul stain on the good name of the city.

Canadians at the Olympic Games.

While Canadians are disappointed at the result of the great Marathon race in London, in that a representative from Canada did not win first place, it is the general opinion that, as a body, the Canadian runners were superior to the runners from any other country. The result of the race shows, if it shows anything, that a systematic combination effort would have landed the great prize in Canada. Unlike their rivals from the United States, the Canadian boys were quite unorganized, and, taking advantage of this, the professional managers of United States runners were enabled to land the prize. Canadians generally, however, will prefer to see their runners coming home without the Marathon Trophy than see them victors through following methods which have not done very much to preserve the best traditions of athletics in the United States.

The Standard.

—Office—

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George Murray Publishing Co., Limited, Publishers.

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The Editor will consider articles, photographs, and communications of general interest on Canadian and other subjects. Rejected matter will be returned if the necessary postage is enclosed. No responsibility is undertaken for the safe return of such matter.

We are always glad to accept photographs of interesting Canadian subjects for reproduction. They will be carefully preserved and duly returned, if so requested.

The size of The Standard will vary between 16 and 24 pages, according to the requrìments. Every week there will be one, two, or three illustrated sections.

CHARACTER CIRCULATION.

There's a difference between the hastily read street car paper and the paper that's delivered into the home; the paper that's absolutely independent and wholesome; that the men respect and the women admire—that's the paper whose advertising columns carry confidence to the reader—that's the paper whose advertising return is profitable.

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Western Canada offices, including Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, W. M. McGillivray, representative, 76 King St., Toronto, Ont.

Offices in Great Britain, Terry's Theatre Building, 106 Strand, London, W.C., England.

The Standard is published at 171 St. James street, Montreal, by George Murray Publishing Company, Limited.

THE SUPE...

...RGET in his charming "Sen...tions d'Italie" has a notable ...ssage upon the impossibility of ... nation understanding an...e himself had taken infinite ...understand the English peo... had lived among them for ...ths at a time, in different parts of ...country, in different ranks of so...; he had kept an open mind; he ...studied the national literature. And ...with the best will in the world, and ...est opportunities, he is obliged to ...s that the answer to the riddle ...caped him. While it is true that ... sons of men have blood of the ...color, the host of minute peculi... which go to make up civiliza...stead of uniting, keep the na...part. Nations seem to be sep...by impenetrable walls. National ...es are ultimate facts.

❦ ❦ ❦

..., there are those who continue ... to assay the impossible, to ...if possible the English to the ...like Pierre de Coulevain, or the ...o the English, like Mr. White...hap... the exercise benefits the ... ...rent of manners, even if ...not ...atly promote interna...... ...ing. The latest work ...d to come under my notice is ... ...x Etats-Unis," by Mr. ...ux, a well-known Paris... who did actually make ...ica last year. It is there... ...assume that he knows ...is subject at first-hand. ... of universal, absorbing ...is love, love, love, That ...ld go round"; and in no ...orld does love in all its ... more attention than in ...nd of France. By na... experience then Mr. Le ... be qualified to write ...pon his chosen theme.

❦ ❦

... assumption is that he is ...and of protestants and ... of absurd prejudices ...hings which to him and ... natural and right. He ... were still in force, the ...Connecticut. He does ...e the term "hypocrisy," but he constantly implies that our American cousins are no better than they ought to be, but they pretend they are. Certainly the ordinary student of American manners as revealed in divorce statistics, would not accuse them of prudery. Their moralists and social leaders certainly do not. But on the whole he is quite correct. The general American attitude on certain matters is very different from the French, and I suppose as a Frenchman can never understand that attitude, he may call it anything he pleases.

❦ ❦ ❦

AT the same time, why should he object? What would be the pleasure of crossing three thousand miles of ocean to find simply what you had left behind? You travel to find unlikeness, not likeness. If the Americans were all as "advanced," as "enlightened" as the French, there would be no material for books of travel. Besides, that comfortable sense of superiority to foreigners would be gone. If our Frenchman could not look down upon these strange Yankees with their unaccountable reserves and decencies, could he value himself and his own privileges so highly? Instead of finding fault with them and trying to convert them to his way of thinking, he ought to rejoice that they are so absurd and furnish him with such inexhaustible matter for mirth. The story which he tells with so much gusto on p. 132 will be judged in only one way by men of English blood all the world over. As I said, national differences are ultimate facts. "La charmante bostonienne" did perfectly right.

❦ ❦ ❦

MR. LE ROUX is greatly surprised to find that certain things are called "French" and "disgusting" in the United States. These he enumerated; but he is thoughly convinced that the people who object to them are wrong in so objecting. Now, how can these differences be reconciled? By what process of reasoning can you get either the American to withdraw his censure, or the Frenchman to concede that the American is right? Neither will ever give in. He would have to make himself over, to deny his nature in order to get the other's point of view. National differences are ultimate facts.

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SUCH a book could not be written without containing a few "howlers." English is a difficult language for the native, and full of pitfalls for the foreigner. Proper names are proverbially difficult; so it is not surprising to encounter such curiosities as "Brooker" Washington, "Word" McAllaster. The most amusing slip lies in the confident quotation of the great American maxim, "Business are business," which is, of course, a recollection of "Les affaires sont les affaires."

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AMERICAN "hustle" impresses our traveller deeply. The first word which the new emigrant learns is "Step lively" and the next is "Quick." The typical American is born quick, grows up quick, works quick, eats quick, decides quick, grows rich quick, dies quick, and is buried quick, for the hearse is driven at a gallop, at least so Mr. Le Roux affirms. Such sights are vouchsafed only to travellers in foreign parts; the natives are never privileged to behold them. Even more remarkable than the galloping hearse was the "irresistibly comic" scene in the barber-shops. The customer stretched out in the rocking-chair; one barber cutting his hair; another shaving him, a boot-black cleaning his boots, and a manicure treating his hands. The reader is to understand that this is a common sight; but where, oh, where, did Mr. Le Roux behold it?

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ONE of the last things Mr. Le Roux contemplated was his book falling into the hands of a Canadian. He did not want to offend his American friends by placing an absurdity in their country, but Canada is safe. So he brings out once more the old, old story of the New England family who were so very proper that they put the legs of the piano into neat little pantalettes. In an extreme Protestant town in Canada, he discovered, not pantalettes, but a species of petticoat draping modestly the "lower limbs" of the piano. Of course, if he ever saw anything of the kind in Canada, it was the drapery our housekeepers hang over the back of cottage pianos, when they are turned out from the wall, to cover the unsightly, unfinished back. The plain fact, however, would have spoiled the story. Mr. Le Roux is evidently unacquainted with the natural history of the chestnut.

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HE seems also unable to see the significance of "Mon ami John," whose portrait he has sketched quite truthfully. John is a young New York business man, devoted entirely to his department of commerce, hard-working, alert for opportunities, a careful dresser, an honest admirer of good girls who are cleverer than he, looking forward to the time when he could marry one of them and give her everything she wants. With all his patronage, you cannot fail to see that Mr. Le Roux thinks John rather a fool. But John's wife will not.

THE American college and American college girl were novelties for our Frenchman. The college he seems to regard first and foremost as a place where the college girl can have a good time, while she is learning something. Perhaps he is not far wrong. Her devotion to sport does not improve her appearance; it makes her muscles too prominent and spoils her complexion. Her education makes her good-humoredly contemptuous of her parents' limited culture, and she is vastly superior to the young man of her own class. He in turn looks up to her in real humility, and is willing to receive instruction at her hands. Evidently he considers this inequality something to be deplored, as a menace to the continuance of the race. He has also studied the relations of the working-girl and her steady, and is of course surprisingly subtle on the subject of flirtation. The book is not a serious study. It teaches nothing. It establishes nothing. But it is amusing with its knowing airs and its utter misconception of the whole matter.

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IT is possible that in America we may develop two distinct varieties of English, the first, a "Schriftsprache," a medium of expression for the educated, and a "Volksprache" for those who can lay no claim to education,—a slanguage beside the language. An extreme instance is to be found in the baseball reports, which can hardly be read without a translation. Several American writers have made interesting experiments in this slanguage, Mr. Wallace Irwin and Mr. George Ade. There is real cleverness in "Love Sonnets of a Hoodlum." The medium is largely slang, but picturesque metaphor has its part also. Just how much of the latter quality is due to the author himself, and how much to the invention of the plebs is hard to determine. The latest adventurer into this field is Mr. James Haverson, whose "Sour Sonnets of a Sorehead" (McLeod and Allen) plainly owe their inspiration to Mr. Wallace Irwin.

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WHAT interests me chiefly in these "poems" is the freshness of the metaphors. For example, a girl accosted by a stranger in the street, says, "Turn on the power, you didn't hear no bell." This figure, borrowed from the mechanism of the electric car, is much more effective than, "Go on, you've not been signalled to stop." When she follows up this advice with "Just sift into the breeze and blow along," she has really dropped into poetry, like Silas Wegg. Perhaps the really Gentle Reader may care to exercise her ingenuity in translating these lines:

"Go on, fergit it, make a quick skid-doo—
I ain't fell off no Christmas tree, to-day.
Say, beat a sneak, me friend an' on your way,—
The disappearin' act's the stunt fer you";

"I've switched the dippy dope I smoked before."

"I heard a piker grouchin' yesterday
'Cause they was shy on beauty in this town."

It is not likely, I should say, that this sort of thing will ever become a recognized medium of expression. Books written in it can serve only as a temporary amusement to the initiated. Possibly some future D'Israeli may devote a paragraph to them in another treatise on "Curiosities of Literature."

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THE city refused it, the museum had no place for it, and so it was given to the university. It is a gigantic recumbent Pan in bronze. He sprawls at ease upon his slab and plays with one hand upon a rude flute. From three mouths in the stone on which he rests, water pours into a wide granite basin, and below the basin is a little round pool in which waterlilies and flags have been induced to grow. Around this, the pavement is of cemented pebbles, and half enclosing the pavement and Pan upon his slab is a semi-circular granite seat, with a background of thick evergreens. The bronze cannot be considered a success; but the ragged city sparrows come in relays to drink at the granite basin, and at sunset the little round pool becomes a magic mirror.

THE DEAN.

Men and Events

LORD CROMER'S speech on foreign affairs, in which he more than hints at the possibility of Great Britain being engaged in a great European war very shortly, naturally tends to concentrate attention on the airship and the place it will occupy in the next great struggle. The celebrated inventor, Sir Hiram Maxim, declares that in order to keep pace with Continental competitors Great Britain should set aside a sum of $500-000 for experiments in the construction of airships. If this were done, he says, Great Britain would at the end of three years be in possession of half-a-dozen flying machines.

"France and Germany," he says, "are a long way ahead of us already. They have a great deal to do yet before their experiments are a complete success, but they are sparing neither time nor money, and they have made a corresponding degree of improvement."

Sir Hiram Maxim has devoted twenty years to the study of aerial navigation, and is about to produce a book embodying the result of his investigations.

So confident is he of the feasibility of aerial navigation from the practical point of view that he makes an offer to accept a contract from the British Government to-morrow to build, within three years, half-a-dozen or a dozen fast flying machines.

He places all his faith in aeroplanes for successful flying.

"We must not lose sight of the fact," he says, "that there are at least two aeroplanes in France that actually fly. These I have seen. They are clumsily made and badly proportioned. The power is applied wastefully, and in many details they are heavier than is necessary. They are capable of very great improvement.

"Thanks to the extraordinarily light and powerful motors now obtainable, it is at last possible to construct flying machines that will actually fly. In fact, I would say one could start now to make them with as much certainty of success as in the manufacture of motor-cars, and at two-thirds of the cost of these.

"The British Government should select twelve of our cleverest mechanicians and pay them a fair salary. They should be given sufficient laboratory work to obtain experimental data, building machines at the same time.

"The sum of $500,000 would be enough for constructing sheds, machinery, engineering and carpentry shops, and all appliances necessary for the building of machines. At the end of three years the Government would be in possession of half-a-dozen flying machines."

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Count Zeppelin's Wonderful Success.

IN Germany Count Zeppelin's wonderful 12-hour aerial sail on July 1 has caused an immense amount of attention. The National Aerial Navy League, which is in process of formation, will probably be in full working order by the end of the autumn.

It will be first and foremost a political organization, advocating the acquisition of a squadron of airships to serve as the nucleus of an aerial fleet, which would be placed at the service of the Imperial Government in case of war.

A practical propaganda will be carried on throughout Germany in favor of the rapid development of an imperial aerial fleet.

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Regular Lines of Airships Coming.

IN all probability it is only a matter of a year or so before regular lines of airships will be in operation. "It is announced that the new Zeppelin Airship Company, which is to maintain a regular service of 'liners' between Berlin and the leading Continental cities, will have a capital of between $2,000,-000 and $2,500,000, the Krupp firm being heavily interested," says the Observer. "Other capitalists are actively pushing forward the organization of a League to carry on an agitation for a mighty 'Imperial air fleet' of both airships and aeroplanes, and to operate them on their own account by means of a small annual subscription."

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A Woman for British Premier.

DIVIDING attention in Great Britain with Lord Cromer's pronouncement and the airship development is the Suffragist agitation which Mrs. Humphrey Ward says she will try to counteract. Miss Christobel Pankhurst has just given out a rather remarkable statement on the subject of a woman as British Premier. She says:

"We mean to break down the British Government opposition at all costs. We are prepared for treatment of any severity which the Government can inflict on us.

"I do not think we are presuming on our sex in the conflict with the Government. We are ready to accept all the consequences of our action, whatever they may be.

"Doubtless it makes men feel small to see the suffragist women in the hands of the police. We want to make men feel small.

"Nothing but the militant agitation would have effected the results we have produced. We have managed to get to close quarters with the Government.

"As for bombs, their use is unthinkable in England, whatever it may be in Russia. But we want to rouse public feeling. We only take to rioting—if you can call it rioting—because we have not the vote.

"We want to make a call on the manly men of the country to stand up for us. We do not want them to help by rioting, though the working-men will probably get worked up. We want them to bring pressure to bear on their members.

"We shall win this session if the men play up—perhaps even if they don't."

In reply to a question whether the demand for votes for women on the same terms as men would not apply with equal force to the question of seats for women in Parliament, Miss Parkhurst replied:

"It might lead to seats for women in about a quarter of a century. We do not shut the door on women M.P.'s.

"What seems extraordinary now may not seem so a generation hence.

"It is sometimes said that politics are men's business. We have shown the contrary.

"As to the possibility of women serving as Cabinet Ministers, we have had a woman on the throne, and perhaps in fifty years' time we may have a woman as Prime Minister.

"We have encountered a feeling that if women get the franchise the men's votes may be swamped by the women's. We do not fear that, because the two votes will never be in opposite camps. We are not hostile to men.

"When women have votes the honor of the country will be as safe in their hands as in men's. I think the female electorate will be well balanced, and not swayed by sentiment. Women will think well before voting for war, but if they decide for it they will see the war well fought out."

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The Mystery of the Brazilian Dreadnought.

THE announcement that Brazil has ordered three Dreadnoughts to be built for her in British shipyards, and the subsequent rumor that she will dispose of these vessels to Japan upon their completion, have aroused the United States press to a renewed discussion of the relations of the United States with her South-American neighbors, and have revived editorial interest in the "yellow peril." According to the New York Herald, if Brazil completes her battleships in 1912 and sells them to the Mikado in that year, we may then expect a repetition of the war of 1812; only this time it is to be with Great Britain's ally, Japan, instead of with Great Britain herself. Once let Japan get the upper hand by the possession of these battleships, the alarmists argue, and she will retain it at all hazards.

"All this might justly give cause for alarm if battleships were no more expensive than talk," is the terse comment of the New Orleans Times-Democrat, with an eye on Japan's present financial difficulties. "To suppose that Japan is thirsting for a war with this country is to assume that Japanese statesmen are fools," says the San Francisco Chronicle, which adds:

"That Japan desires and that its statesmen expect to achieve the hegemony of Eastern Asia can hardly be doubted by any competent observer. But of all the great Powers the United States stands least in her way to the accomplishment of that purpose."

It has been estimated that less exertion is necessary to ride fifteen miles on a bicycle than to walk three miles.

What is probably the oldest organ in the world has been found on the Island of Gothland, in the Baltic Sea. It dates from about 1240 A.D.

New Zealand has been called by its inhabitants "The Fortunate Isles," "The Star of the South," and "The Wonderland of the Pacific."

Raffles Escapes Capture in Great Crowd in Front of The Standard Office, St. James Street, To-day.

Three Thousand Expectant Sleuths Congregate in Front of Montreal Standard Office To-day and Search For Man of Mystery, Who Works Overtime Trying to Induce Some One to Identify Him.

Philip E. Frank, of the Boston Shoe Store, and Mr. Carroll, Both Members of the Committee, Recognise Raffles as He Circulates Through the Enormous Crowd.

(By the Mysterious Mr. Raffles.)
(Billie Bliss.)

What's the use!

If anybody in this town can tell me the reason why I was not picked up in that crowd between half-past twelve and half-past one o'clock to-day—I, for one, would like to have the answer.

Three thousand people, all armed with Standard Raffles' Coupons, and all seemingly intent on my capture, and yet not one man, woman or child in the entire gathering with nerve sufficient to hand me the proper salutation.

Really this situation is becoming desperate..

Acting on the suggestion of George Harris Donohue I assumed a position directly opposite the Montreal Star Office at exactly two minutes past one o'clock, for the special purpose of having members of the committee stationed inside The Star office, identify me in the crowd.

I waited possibly thirty seconds for the identification, and then was compelled to get busy and again mingle with the crowd. Through the large plate glass window of The Star office, I recognized Mr. Carroll, of the committee, and Mr. Philip E. Frank, of the Boston Shoe Store, both of whom I was introduced to on the evening of my official disappearance from the Hotel Windsor.

I cannot tell, of course, whether or not Messrs. Frank and Carroll recognized me, but George Harris Donohue was there with his eyes, and it's about a ten to one shot that he spotted me, and in turn indicated my position in the gathering.

A few moments later as I was crossing to the centre of the street I bumped into Mr. Higgins, of the St. Lawrence Hall Hotel. Higgins looked at me, made a dive for his pocket, and before I could get away exclaimed, excitedly: "You are the Mysterious Mr. Ladd of the Montreal Star."

Turning swiftly on Higgins I declared so all could hear, "Aw, g'wan—take a bath"—and promptly ducked into the crowd, not coming up again until I had placed at least twenty feet between myself and Higgins.

The proprietor of the St. Lawrence Hall hotel had me spotted all right, and had he uttered the proper salutation the chase after the Mysterious Mr. Raffles would have been brought to an immediate ending in this city in front of the Montreal Star Office to-day.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

The escape was a narrow one, and I regret it very much, as I was rather in hopes I would be able to resume my identity this afternoon, but once again the FATES are against me, and it is up to me to continue the role in which I am now masquerading.

Mr. Higgins can have no kick coming, as he will undoubtedly acknowledge his error in the matter of proper salutation, and should he be so fortunate as to again come in contact with me it is to be hoped he will profit by his experience of to-day and tell me who and what I am in the proper manner.

CROWD IN GOOD FETTLE.

The crowd was in much better fettle to-day than on the occasion of the first gathering last Wednesday. I noticed that the men were beginning to waken up, and that they were starting after me as they would try and accomplish anything else, in which there was the matter of the great dollar to be considered.

The women, were there in all seriousness and the way they had the salutation down pat, and the manner in which they presented their coupons to suspects kept me on the constant move from out the precincts of the danger zone.

I entered the crowd at exactly 12 minutes to one o'clock, and remained in working order until fourteen minutes past one, at which time George Harris Donohue appeared on the steps of the Star Office and gave me the signal to leave the gathering.

CANNOT REPEAT IT.

It is more than apparent to me that it will be next to impossible for me to repeat this experiment in Montreal with success again. However, in the event of my not being caught in a day or so, I will form another meeting place, where it is to be hoped some one will be able to correctly identify me, and thus bring the chase to an end.

As it stands now it is up to me to get out among you again to-morrow and start all over again. Remember the flag is apt to drop at any moment and the reward is bound to be paid.

Donahue informs me over the telephone to-day that the Standard has decided to include the city firemen in the additional reward of fifty dollars should any member of their organization capture me.

That's a first rate idea as I would like to see the money won by one of your fire laddies, as it is a cinch the coin would fall into appreciative hands.

To demonstrate again the ease with which I am maintaining my identity in this city, I will relate the series of events which came my way yesterday. It is declared to me over the 'phone half a dozen times a day by George Harris Donohue that the most dangerous place for me to operate in in this city is along St. Catherine street.

I am of a different opinion. So far I have had absolutely no trouble in operating along that thoroughfare, as this recital to-day will prove.

Here is the story, figure it out for yourselves and then try and discover where I am having any sort of a hard time getting away with this game in Montreal.

IN THE GUISE OF AN AGENT.

Working in the guise of an agent for "Sucker Chewing Gum," I managed to line up about a dozen of your up-to-date merchants yesterday morning, and should you care to ask them about it later on chances are you will discover them all "fit to be tied."

When I entered Mrs. A. Daniels' candy and cigar store at No. 420 Delisle street, I found an old man reading a copy of last night's Star. Mrs. Daniels seemed much interested in Sucker Chewing Gum, and when I assured her I would place a slot machine in her store absolutely free of charge and declared she could have the revenue from a couple gross of the "Sucker" gum, she said she would very much like to have the machine, but insisted that I would have to talk it over with her husband first.

To make it stronger I even said that when a penny was dropped in the machine a little monkey would pop out the top holding a piece of "Sucker" chewing gum in his hand, all of which had its own effect on Mrs. Daniels.

A MONTREAL STANDARD SIGN.

Mrs. Borrows has a candy, book and stationary store at No. 629 St. Antoine street. The first thing that caught my eye on entering her store was a Montreal Standard sign, which offered a reward of one hundred dollars for my capture—DEAD OR ALIVE. After explaining at great length to Mrs. Borrows all the marvellous merits of "Sucker" chewing gum, and the immense revenue to be derived from the use of the wonderful penny in the slot machine, I was compelled to let up, as Mrs. Borrows declared she wouldn't have the machine in the place for fear somebody might steal it.

A young woman about twenty-four years of age, whom I found in charge of R. S. Auld's bakery store at No. 557 St. Antoine street, listened with much interest to the story of my "Sucker" chewing gum, and she insisted that I return at half-past four o'clock, at which time she was quite sure Mr. Auld would be in.

Mr. T. Quirk is a chemist with a place of business at No. 817 West St. Catherine street. M. Quirk answered "NO" very curtly when I tried my best to interest him in "Sucker" chewing gum, declaring he would not have a slot machine in his place.

WOULD NOT HAVE A MACHINE.

J. Gleason has a grocery store at No. 876 West St. Catherine street. Mrs. Gleason, whom I met in the store declared very positively that she would not have another slot machine in her store, contending that she had two machines already, and argued that they were more bother than they were worth.

Mr. John Sullivan is a grocer with a place of business at No. 176 Milton ave. Mr. Sullivan evidently had a touch of the grouches before I called upon him, as after I had tried to explain in my most courteous manner the merits of "Sucker" chewing gum, and the great profits he might derive from the penny-in-the-slot machine, Mr. Sullivan turned to me and remarked rather testily—"You had ought to know better than to try and put one in a shop like this."

All right, Johnny, Old Sock,—just as you say about it.

CALLED AT CHAPMAN'S.

A pretty young girl was busy at the telephone when I called at Chapman's book and stationery store, No. 859 St. Catherine street. After explaining about my "Sucker" chewing gum slot machine, the girl answered:

"Well, I don't know about slot machines, they are always getting out of order. That weighing machine outside is out of order half the time; but if you wait a minute, I'll call up Mr. Chapman and see what he thinks about it."

She called up Mr. Chapman, but could get no response, and then suggested that I return later in the afternoon, which I promised to do.

Mr. W. J. Brown has a grocery store at No. 888 West St. Catherine street. Mr Brown was very busy when I called and after listening to my story of "Sucker" chewing gum a few minutes he asked me to return later in the day, when he assured me he would have more time to talk it over

Mr. L. W. Chaput, a grocer at No. 941 West St. Catherine street, told me that he already had one slot machine in his store and he declared that that was enough for him.

A young girl, dark complexioned and wearing a black bow tie and gold locket whom I encountered in McKeown's candy store at No. 755 West St. Catherine street, suggested that I see Mr. McKeown, who was in the rear office. Mr. McKeown was busy at the time and as I did not care to linger in the store I failed to interest him in "Sucker" gum.

That was all for the story of the famous "Sucker" chewing gum.

TRIED THE STREET CAR MEN.

This morning, before taking my position in front of the Montreal Star Office I accepted a few chances with the street car men of this city.

Here is the result of the experiment:

Jumping on a St. Denis car No. 850, with Motorman No. 625 at the lever, I rode with Conductor No. 60 from East Craig and St Elizabeth streets to Craig and St. James street.

Notre Dame car No. 703, Motorman No. 733 and Conductor No. 336 had me for a passenger. I boarded the car at Chaboillez Square and left the car at corner Notre Dame and St. Martin street.

Guy street car No. 476 in charge of Conductor No. 354 and Motorman No. 241, trailed along with me from Notre Dame and Richmond streets to Guy and St. Catherine streets.

Conductor No. 582 and Motorman No. 85 gave me a ride on St. Catherine car No. 715, from Guy and St. Catherine streets to Amherst and St. Catherine streets.

Then came a try on St. Catherine car No. 713, on which I rode from Amherst and St. Catherine streets to Notre Dame East.

Victoria car No. 658, in charge of Conductor No. 640 and Motorman No. 594, jollied along with me from Ontario street to Berri and St. Louis streets.

WHAT'S THE USE?

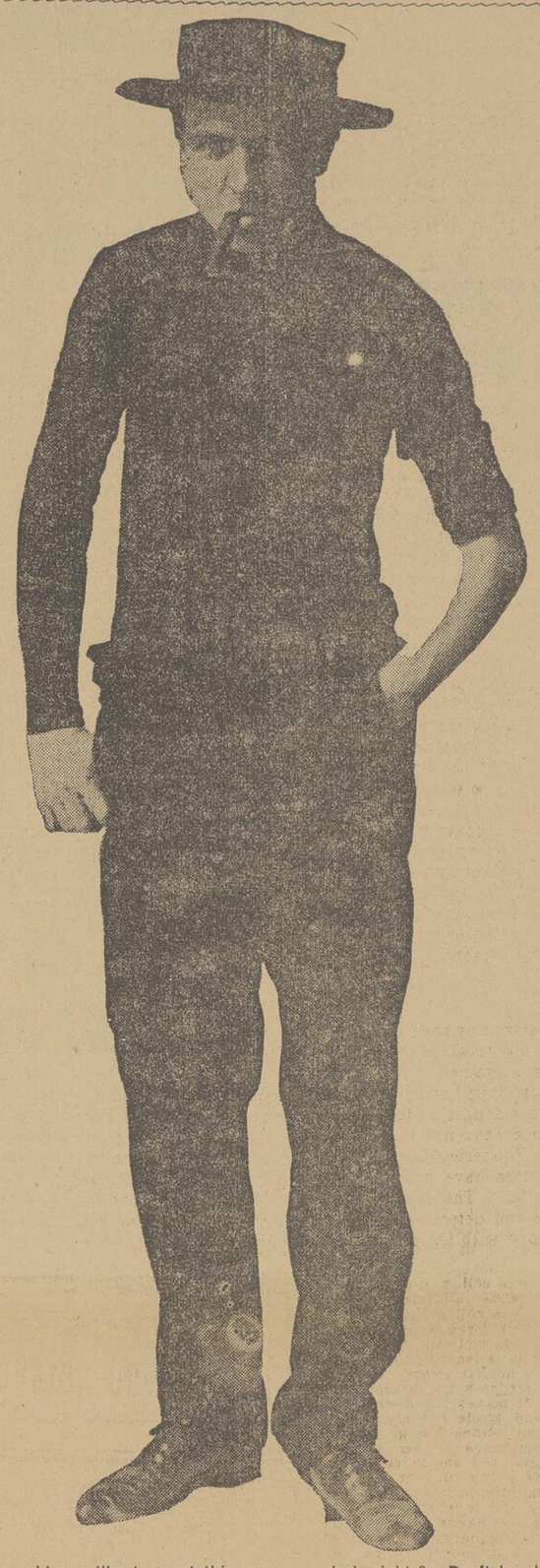
But again—what's the use.

The proposition in a nutshell right now is—how soon are you going to end this chase?

Save the coupon in The Standard to-day—keep it with you all the time until the moment of my capture, as you never can tell at what moment I am apt to bob up at your very elbow.

That's all — watch for me — and remember—above all else to give the proper salutation—"YOU ARE THE MYSTERIOUS MR. RAFFLES OF THE MONTREAL STANDARD"—the moment you spot me.

NOW—GET BUSY.



How would you like to meet this man on a dark night? Don't be alarmed, it is only Billie Bliss, the Mysterious Mr. Raffles of The Montreal Standard, in one of his character costumes.

RAFFLES ANSWERS HIS CORRESPONDENTS

M. L.—Glad to know you read the Standard. Keep your eyes open for me any day this week.

S. H. W.—Not riding on car without a hat.

Miss J. S.—Not standing on corner mentioned.

Japsilb—I may reach there later.

Friend of Yours—I don't know where the place is you mention.

Head Waiter—Will not visit the "Savoy."

Trixy—Keep your eye on the Standard.

Mulligan—Whoever heard of a wholesale merchant wanting to win one hundred dollars?

M. V. (Chapman's)—Keep on smiling, and protect yourself with a Standard Raffles Coupon.

M. E. C.—All right,—I will heed your warning.

Raffles Coupon

$100.00 REWARD
for the
CAPTURE OF
BILLIE BLISS,
The Mysterious Mr. Raffles
of
The Montreal Standard

Keep this Coupon in your possession until next Saturday, as it may mean $100.00 to you.

MONTREAL STANDARD
August 1.

WHAT IT IS WORTH TO CATCH
BILLIE BLISS
ALMOST
$300.00
To the Lucky One.

TREVELYAN, THE PALMIST, READS THE HAND OF THE MYSTERIOUS MR. RAFFLES

(By Trevelyan.)

At the special request of George Harris Donohue, business manager of Billie Bliss, "THE MYSTERIOUS MR. RAFFLES," I will extend to the "MAN OF MYSTERY" a deduction based on the elementary ethics of palmistry as practiced in my school of psychology in the city of St. Louis.

Punctual to the minute in his appointment "Raffles" entered my apartment in the SOUTHERN HOTEL, where without hesitation he submitted to my taking a "proof print" of his hand by means of which I was the more readily able to delve into the most minute character lines appearing in his palm. For the benefit of the readers of the MONTREAL STANDARD, I will give the result of my rather remarkable discoveries, many of which may be of valuable assistance to those who seriously consider joining in the wild scramble which always follows the disappearance of the "Man of Mystery."

Raffles' hand has not changed much during the past few years, the only perceptible change is the accentuation of the lines of caution and cunning probably due to his rather remarkable experiences.

It is primarily an intuitive hand. Its possessor owns a power of intuition and a knowledge of human nature and character which is undoubtedly the enabling reason for his continued success in his peculiar line. Look at the well-developed, somewhat over-secretive mounts. They are extraordinary, and indicative of unusual intuitive feeling.

HAS GREAT WILL POWER.

Then look at the first phalanx of the thumb. It is strong, perfect and vigorous in contour. It denotes an almost exaggerated will power and mental force. In these two characteristics I find the cause for his sometimes most remarkable escapes from would-be captors. He instinctively knows when he is recognized, even though not seeing his detector, and his marvellous will power enables him to suppress even the smallest sign of emotion which would confirm the suspicions of his trailer.

It is a good thing the hand has no indications of dishonesty. It would, with the two characteristics mentioned make him the master criminal. Detection would be extremely difficult.

The lines of head and mentality are well developed, and indicate more than ordinary reasoning power. They are supported by signs which, to the palmist, would indicate rare mimical and histrionic ability.

The weakest part of the hand is the lack of blending between head and heart. Raffles is all heart one day and all head the next. He does not know how to blend the dictates of his heart with the products of his brain. So those who know him well will call him eccentric. But here again his great will power comes to his help.

Even the amateur palmist can see the remarkable indications of shrewdness, caution and carefulness in the print of Raffles' hand. His mind is one that is practical and capable of doing the very best possible at the psychological moment. You cannot catch this kind of man unawares. But what really makes him able to lose himself in a crowd in spite of such marked personaly, is his perfect control of both mind and body, facial and bodily expressions.

HARD TO DETECT HIM IN A CROWD.

Take the average man who would be noticed in a crowd, and Raffles is that kind of a man, and he would be unable to conceal his personal prominence. Now, that is where the little line at the base of the mount of Saturn makes Raffles an exception. He is able to lose at will all individualisms and appear less conspicuous than those about him. So don't you see why it is hard to find him?

Raffles has a very strong and retentive memory: one that remembers facts, time, dates and faces with great ease.

THE HAND OF BILLIE BLISS.

He is quick to notice the implied thoughts and motives of others by their motions or attitudes. He has an excellent power of verbal and written expressions, and can notice clearly the syllable and sound and arrangement of language. He has a strong liking for music, and has an accurate ear for sounds and pitch.

Raffles will live about 72 years, and will be at the height of his success in about ten years. He will be in public life, and will be successful in literary work. He will never be a wealthy man, but will accumulate a fair fortune by the time he is fifty years of age. His more private affairs I do not include in this short reading, preferring rather to describe the man than his affairs.

You will not be able to capture Raffles if you allow his intuitive power to scent you. The lucky person who will get the reward will, without an instant's hesitation, step up and speak the magic lines. If you hesitate, think and philosophize, Raffles will know it faster than you, and his experience will enable him to escape.

Anonymous—I will take you up if I get the chance.

Miss J. R.—All right—but why there?

C. S. F.—If it is possible, your request will be complied with.

A Resident—The section is very fine all right, but a trifle "Too Classy" for me.

Fairplay—I will try and land the party you mention.

Secretary—All right—keep on the job.

Lucky—That is an old stamping ground of mine.

C. P. R.—Did you try and cash cheque in your office.

Canuck—I have heard quite a bit concerning St. Denis street, but I have all I want of that neighborhood.

Curiosity Shop—You are on. Send the address.

Crescent Street—Glad to know there are a few of you in this town.

Stationary Dept., C. P. R.—I will do the best possible to oblige you, but remember that my days are now numbered in this town.

Vite—Did not call at address mentioned.

A Poor Clerk—How about Thursday?

Angus Shops—Don't believe I will get the chance.

Peggy Flynn—Lily White—I think so.

Miss S. K. V.—Just follow the daily itinerary and then draw your own deductions.

Guess—Sorry but I think my Aunt is fairly well equipped with headgear.

Meighan—Thanks—I'll leave my card with the footman.

Drugs—I may get there later on.

Nick Carter—Two times eleven.

Betsy Bowser—Never mind—cheer up, don't josh, get serious and then perhaps I will have a better chance of understanding you.

De-tec-a-tive—Because he needs a hair cut.

Dignified—Memory fails me, as I am asked to answer a thousand or more such questions daily. Be more specific.

Aldine Cote—I will call, if possible.

Man in Hope—Keep on the trail, and perhaps you may be lucky.

Hackenschmidt—Not on the day mentioned.

A Dreamer—No.

Your Trailer—Well, what about it?

Produce—Thanks for the suggestion.

Nelila—No place for me to visit.

Clerk—No—No.

Frenchy—Thanks for the information,—but I failed to hear the thump. Were you on hand when the car started to clear through the gathering? Keep in touch.

Bob—Certainly.

WILL NOT CALL ON MRS. KNOTT.

Mrs. Geo. Knott, 4488 St. Catherine street, writes to the Standard protesting against the references to herself and her affairs, contained in the issue of the Standard, of July 25th, in connection with Mr. Raffles' adventures in Montreal. The reference in question was:—

"Mrs. George Knott, of No. 4488 St. Catherine street, seemed a trifle dubious as to whether I really meant to let her have a machine absolutely free of charge, but after some little argument she consented to give it a trial, but as I was leaving her house she declared rather sharply:

"Now, you mind—if there is any cost to the thing I won't pay a cent, and you needn't bother sending it up here."

All right, Mrs. Knott. Think of that hundred dollar note you missed."

The Standard is very sorry that Mr. Raffles' call on Mrs. Knott was not agreeable to that lady and apologizes for any annoyance which he may have unwittingly been the cause of. Mr. Raffles will not call upon Mrs. Knott again.

BIG CROWD WAS AFTER RAFFLES

Not for many a day has there been such a crowd on St. James street as gathered at noon to-day to try and catch Billie Bliss, the mysterious Mr. Raffles. The people gathered early in the morning, and there were men, women and children—and they all had their Standard coupon ready. It was a well-dressed and a good-natured crowd, and the squad of policemen did not have to work very hard to keep order. Between noon and one o'clock it is estimated that 3,000 people were circulating in front of The Standard office. Billie Bliss entered the crowd during the time agreed upon, and was recognized by members of the committee standing in the front window of the Star office. He got his get-away signal from George Harris Donoghue at 1.17, escaping out of the crowd with ease. The windows all along that section of St. James street were filled with spectators of the merry game. There were many amusing incidents during the morning, but no one was successful in capturing Mr. Raffles and winning the big prize.

SPECIAL AUTHORITY.

WARRANT OF ARREST
FOR
BILLIE BLISS
ALIAS
Mr. Raffles.

$100.00 Reward is offered by The Montreal Standard for the Capture of Raffles dead or alive.

PROCLAMATION!

Whereas, we the Citizens of Montreal, knowing that an unknown character named Raffles is at present at large in Montreal and defying all and every abled-bodied citizen, including the Montreal Police Force and Detective Department,

We Will Offer $20 IN GOLD and One Year's Washing and Ironing Free

to anyone capturing Raffles, provided that the person has in his or her possession a copy of this special warrant which will be sufficient identification to secure the above reward.

(Signed),
Household Washing Co., Ltd.
(Where Linen Lasts.)
Corner Duke and William Streets
'PHONE MAIN 3559.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Owing to Chief Campeau's instructions we cannot publicly distribute these warrants which are eagerly sought after, but we have arranged through the courtesy of the Montreal Star, also the Montreal Standard, to make the distribution from their business office, consequently any person may secure one on application to either of the above papers.

31—in

NATIONALS AND SHAMROCKS MET TO-DAY IN INTERESTING TUSSLE BEFORE BIG CONCOURSE OF SPECTATORS

As the theatricals call it, the Nationals and Shamrocks played to a capacity house to-day, and live wires had no terrors for the hundreds of men who roosted on the telegraph poles. The teams and officials were:—

Nationals.	Position.	Shamrocks.
L'Heureux	Goal	Fyon
Cattarinich	Point	Howard
Decarie	Cover point	Dillon
Duckett	Defence	Kavanagh
Sauve	Defence	Rochford
Lachapelle	Defence	McIlwaine
Gauthier	Centre	Hughes
Lamoureux	Home	Tracey
Dulude	Home	O'Reilly
Pitre	Home	J. Brennan
Groulx	Outside home	P. Brennan
Dussault	Inside home	Hogan

Referee—Mr. Desse Brown, Montreal.

Judge of play—Mr. Dick Lilly, Ottawa.

Umpires—Messrs. Porteous, Montreal, and Dumouchel, National.

Timekeepers—Messrs. Patrick Kenehan, Shamrocks, and Lacoste, Nationals.

The Shamrock team came out first and spent some ten minutes shooting the ball at the new Shamrock goalkeeper, Fyon.

The fact that no one knew who the assistant referee was going to be delayed the start.

O'Reilly got the ball right face. Tracey, one of the new men, got it next; then everybody got it by turns.

Howard and Groulx had a race for the ball to the grand stand fence and smashed into it, the National man being between the fence and Howard. He got the ball, however, for a moment, but lost it, and Howard came out victorious. Then came a rush towards the Shamrock goal, and the ball passed by Tracey with an underhand shot which, at a distance, looked as if it has been sent by Pitre.

After the next face, the ball travelled quicker along the Shamrock line till Shaun O'Reilly got it, and he scored in half a minute.

Nationals, 1; Shamrocks, 1.

Tracey and Hughes, the two Shamrock men, showed up well, but the Nationals made a great rush, and Gauthier managed to fool Fyon again.

Nationals, 2; Shamrocks, 1.

Shamrocks brought it down after the next face and Paddy Brennan got it. A National man got after him and checked him right and left, up and down, with a body check thrown in once or twice, but the very weight in averdupois which has been brought against him as a lacrosse player helped him here, and even though a second National man came to the first man's assistance, they could not dislodge the ball. Finally he threw it to Hogan. Hogan tried to score, but could not. Then Shaun O'Reilly, who had come running on straight through centre, caught it in his stick, and running right up to the goal net till the crown of his head almost touched the top bar of the National net, he shot.

L'Heureux threw it out, but it was too late, the ball had touched the net just below the bar, and Mr. Dumouchel, the National umpire, had lifted his hand.

Nationals, 2; Shamrocks, 2.

The play had been very fast up till now, and came faster. The fielding was good and the work of both goalkeepers creditable. Fyon, the new Shamrock youngster, held his own well with L'Heureux, the veteran of a hundred battles.

Just before the finish of the first quarter, Johnnie Howard had to go off because his sore wrist went back on him. He looked very crestfallen. Groulx went off with him to even up.

Summary:

First Quarter.

1st, Nationals, Pitre, 5 mins., 20 seconds.

2nd, Shamrock, Shaun O'Reilly, 4 seconds.

3rd, Nationals, Gauthier, 2 mins., 15 seconds.

4th, Shamrocks, O'Reilly, 1 min., 15 seconds.

SECOND QUARTER.

In the second quarter, Desse Brown was alert but had little to do during the first quarter, only Hughes and Hogan being ruled off for minor offences. The crowd was very sensible and a large proportion of it cheered for Shamrocks. There was some hooting for Mr. Dumouchel, who awarded the last goal to Shamrocks. The weather was hot, but there was a pleasant cool breeze blowing.

Mr. Dumouchel objected to acting as umpire any longer, but was prevailed upon to try it again.

Howard also came out again wearing a glove. He played almost entirely with one hand.

Shamrocks took the ball at the start, but both sides had a fair whack at it.

Decarie tried to get gay with Paddy Brennan, and was sent to the fence. Duckett made a great steal and Cattaranich followed it up with a fine run, but there was no one to aid him. Pitre shot from far out and Fyon stopped well.

Nationals had the ball two or three times in an excellent position, but they seemed afraid of Howard, who, finally, unable to use his hands to advantage, used his foot and was sent off five minutes for tripping. Right after, Hogan scored.

Nationals, 2; Shamrocks, 3.

Short a man as they were, Shamrocks went at it again right after the next face, and Hogan scored again with a long shot.

Nationals, 2; Shamrocks, 4.

The pace was very fast, and the Nationals worked hard with the result that Gauthier scored a minute after the next face.

Nationals, 3; Shamrocks, 4.

The Shamrocks objected for some reason or other, but the goal stood.

The Nationals evened the score almost right after. They brought the ball down and Pitre got it and circled around and behind the goal from the left, closely covered by Dillon. He escaped him and passed to Groulx, who stood to the right of the net, and before Fyon, who was still looking to the left, from which side he expected a shot, had time to turn around, Groulx, quick as lightning, shot and scored.

Shamrocks, 4; Nationals, 4.

There was a wait, because Gauthier, making a rush with his head down, bumped into McIlwaine, who stood like a pillar of granite in his path, and had the wind knocked out of him. The ball was faced behind the Shamrock goal and Dulude fooled Jim Kavanagh and carried it off. There seemed trouble brewing between Gauthier and Hughes, the new Shamrock man, who covered him. Hughes was not quite as fast and was inclined to rough it. Sauve made some great runs. Nationals came near scoring again. Not once, but several times, but the Shamrock defence was particularly active, and young Fyon made some fine stops.

Finally Hughes got the ball, passed to Tracey, and he to O'Reilly and O'Reilly scored.

Nationals, 4; Shamrocks, 5.

Nationals evened up half a minute after. Gauthier got it right at the face and ran down to the Shamrock net with it. He was lost in the forest of green clad defence men that clustered around it, and lost the ball, but Dussault picked it up and shot.

Nationals, 5; Shamrocks, 5.

A great run by Sauve, who was closely covered by Jim Kavanagh, ended the second quarter.

SUMMARY.

Second Quarter.

5—Shamrocks	Hogan	6.30
6—Shamrocks	Hogan	.45
7—Nationals	Gauthier	1.00
8—Nationals	Groulx	1.30
9—Shamrocks	O'Reilly	9.15
10—Nationals	Dussault	.30

Third Quarter.

Hughes got the ball at the draw, slipped, lost the ball, got it again, and lost once more. Play was even and a little slower. Finally, Dussault got it, Sauve made a run, gave it to Lamoureux, and he shot. Fyon caught it, but could not hold it, and it rolled in.

Nationals, 6; Shamrocks, 5.

Nationals immediately resumed the attack. Lamoureux made another fine side shot, but Fyon hunched his shoulders and caught the ball on the top of his head. Shamrocks rushed it down and O'Reilly got it, but as he shot one of the many National defence sticks hit him on the head. He was dazed and shot wide. The play was stopped for a moment because Lamoureux twisted his knee, but he would not go off.

Shamrocks attacked again and young Hughes made a swift shot on National goal, which L'Heureux stopped neatly.

McIlwaine was sent off for hitting some one on the head and the crowd hooted.

Play became rougher.

Hughes got the ball and made a fine run, Johnny Brennan running a little ahead of him to catch the ball, but the Nationals covered well and checked hard, and Hughes lost it. Jim Kavanagh made a run, but there was no one to take the ball from him. Duckett relieved, and Lamoureux and Dulude tried hard to score.

Gauthier had the wind knocked out of him and there was a wait. He had to take time to recuperate, and Hughes went off to even up. Jim Kavanagh made another run and Johnny Brennan caught the ball from him,but Decarie stole it.

A Canada Northern engine standing outside of the north fence, and lacking a smoke consumer, made the air so opaque that the players could hardly see one another.

Shaun O'Reilly made a good run and passed to Paddy Brennan. Brennan missed and literally kicked himself for doing so. O'Reilly made another good run, and this time Johnny Brennan missed it.

Next the ball got lost near the bleachers.

Groulx and Pitrie made a fine combination run. When they failed, there was a concerted rush.

Hogan got the ball and shot and it struck the bar on top, but Mr. Dumouchel declared it no goal.

Jimmy Hogan was exceedingly wrathful, and was inclined to make trouble, but thought better of it. During the rush, Dulude was struck in the face and had to go in. No more goals were scored in this quarter.

Summary—Third Quarter:

11th, Nationals, Lamoureux, 3 minutes.

FOURTH QUARTER.

The Maisonneuve police force seemed to have received reinforcements for the last quarter, and the men were lined all along the fence.

In half a minute, Nationals had increased their lead to two goals. Gauthier got the ball at the face, ran in with it and scored.

Nationals, 7; Shamrocks, 5.

On they came again, but failed to score, although they passed the ball all around the Shamrock defence.

They tried twice more. Pitre shot a beautiful one, which Fyon stopped well, but the next shot by Dussault, which came like a flash of lightning, he could not stop.

Nationals, 8; Shamrocks, 5.

The National speed showed to its best advantage now. They came back to the charge again and again, and Fyon never had such a time playing with the Ontarios, that is certain.

They stole the ball, and ran and shot and ran and shot again.

Pitre scored the 14th goal, and the crowd hugged itself, amidst yells of ecstacy.

Nationals, 9; Shamrocks, 5.

Shamrocks unlimbered their running apparatus, but the Nationals were still too fast for them. Fyon stopped some good ones, but play was getting very rough.

Gauthier and Rochford went to the fence, and the crowd took up the spirit and hollered for blood.

The people on the grand stand, ladies and gentlemen alike, stood up on their hind legs and a myriad of paper fans waved in the air to the measure of the shouts.

Howard was sent to the fence for roughing it up. Another rush by Nationals gave Lamoureux the ball, and he ran right into the net and made a low shot.

Umpire Dumouchel lifted his hand. The Shamrocks disputed the game, but Mr. Dumouchel, from his gestures, seems to claim it went through, under the net. Shamrocks threatened to go off.

Considerable time was lost looking for a new umpire.

The goal stood, and J. Walsh replaced Dumouchel. Nationals had doubled the score.

Nationals, 10; Shamrocks, 5.

After the face, Nationals made one rush but lost the ball to Rochford, who carried it up, and Jimmy Hogan scored.

Nationals, 10; Shamrocks, 6.

Cattarinich shot but failed.

Then Nationals started to play rag, and Referee Desse Brown stopped them. When they tried it again Shamrocks got the ball and forced the play.

A shindy started near the National goal and O'Reilly and Dusseault went off.

Another shindy started and the gong was sounded to stop the play. Hogan went to the fence.

Play was resumed, and Nationals made another great rush.

Hogan, who was ruled off for the game, got a storm of hoots from the National supporters and a whirlwind of cheers from the Shamrocks' friends as he went inside.

Nationals played rag again, but came closer to the net all the time, and finally Gauthier scored again, and was knocked down in the act.

The gong rang again, but it was a mistake. There was a minute or so more to play.

No more scoring was done, however.

Summary—Last Quarter.

12—Nationals	Gauthier	.30
13—Nationals	Dussault	3.00
14—Nationals	Pitre	3.45
15—Nationals	Lamoureux	4.00
16—Shamrocks	Hogan	1.30
17—Nationals	Gauthier	8.00

ROUGH GAME BY NATIONALS AND SHAMROCKS INTERMEDIATES

In a somewhat rough game on the Shamrock grounds to-day, the Intermediate Irishmen beat a team representive of Quebec Nationals by the score of eight to one. The play was not of the finest, the players relying more on strength of arm, and weight of stick to decide the issue. In the third quarter were the men especially retired often, and when Belanger struck Penny on the head, the Shamrock man was on the sick list for the remainder of the game. On account of lateness in starting only 15 minute quarters were played. The usual rivalry was shown, and the visitors after the game threatened to beat the Irishmen by a record score when they travel down to the Ancient Capital.

Final score—Shamrocks 8, Nationals 1.

Shamrocks.	Positions.	Nationals, Que.
Quinn	Goal	Lafrance
Furey	Point	Deabeaumont
Owens	Cover point	Hamli
Barry	Defence	G. Belanger
Tobin	Defence	E. Cote
Murphy	Defence	Metivier
Birmingham	Centre	Gaboury
Penny	3rd home	Pellietier
Robinson	2nd home	Debeaumont
E. McCarthy	1st home	Finet
Darragh	Outside	Richards
——	Inside	Angers

MONTREAL WAS DEFEATED BY SCORE OF 13 TO 6 TO-DAY

Ottawa, August 1.—The biggest crowd of the season saw Capitals and Montreal cross sticks on the Oval to-day. The weather was very warm. Capitals were reinforced by Powers, and the little man received a big ovation.

The teams lined out as follows: —

Montreal.		Capitals.
Brennan	Goal	Hutton
Haynes	Point	Fagan
O'Reilly	Cover	Ashfield
Finlayson	Defence	Pringle
MacKerrow	Defence	Shea
Kenna	Defence	Butterworth
Kane	Centre	Starrs
F. Scott	Home	Eastwood
Dade	Home	Allen
Hamilton	Home	Taylor
H. Scott	Outside	Gorman
Hogan	Inside	J. Powers

Referee—Peter Murphy, Montreal.

Judge of Play—Alex. McHarry, Montreal.

His Excellency Earl Grey faced the ball at 3.30 o'clock. Caps, having lost the toss, Taylor secured the ball, went right in, passing the whole Montreal defence, and scored in 15 seconds.

Caps, 1; Montreal, 0.

Caps attacked again, and Starrs passed to Powers, who just escaped scoring. The Capitals had the ball all the time, no Montreal man getting it until Finlayson took it in.

Shea saved, and Brennan's flags were peppered fiercely. Brennan went after it behind the nets, and Montreal got a chance, Hutton saving. Fagan took it up again, and for a minute Caps swarmed about Brennan. Haynes threw far down, but Fagan brought it back. The Montreal home then got busy, Dade doing nice work, and H. Scott finally slipped it in. Time—5 mins.

Montreal, 1; Caps, 1.

Taylor went in and the Caps home began a pretty bit of play. On O'Reilly's long throw Montreal nearly tallied. Shea took it out in time. The Montreal home were putting up great lacrosse. Kane got it in centre, but the field was tied up. Fagan and Hogan were ruled off. On a rush Gorman nearly tallied. Starrs was ruled off for tripping, and the game got hot. Allan went around Haynes and O'Reilly, but Finlayson got it. Pringle saved a Montreal charge, but Kenna carried it down. A great rush by Dade almost tallied. Fagan came on in time to stall off H. Scott's rush. The game was even now and very fast. Gorman made a splendid attempt, getting right in on Brennan, and Allan on a wicked shot tallied. Time—9 mins.

First Quarter—Caps, 2; Montreal, 1.

Caps got away at the face, but Finlayson saved. A series of nice passes gave it to H. Scott, and he scored on a pretty shot. Time, 1 min.

Montreal, 2; Caps, 2.

Caps attacked savagely, Powers and Gorman working close in on Brennan, who had two close shaves. Starrs was ruled off for hooking. On a fast run Powers shot, Brennan just cleared, but not far enough and it was batted in. Time, 3 mins.

Caps, 3; Montreal, 2.

Another Cap rush was just saved by O'Reilly, but the Caps' home held the ball, and Allan, though knocked down twice, got through and scored in two minutes.

Caps., 4; Montreal, 2.

Taylor was ruled off for hooking, leaving Caps. playing 10 to 12. In a mix up around Hutton, Kane scored. Time, 1-2 minute.

Caps., 4; Montreal, 3.

Shea saved a Montreal charge; Starrs came on and the Caps started a combination that hovered around Brennan for nearly three minutes, before O'Reilly saved. Starrs was knocked out, and Dade got it and in a rush, Fagan was hurt, as was F. Scott. Starrs was ruled off for hooking Scott. Caps attacked again, but Brennan tried to get out after it, and Powers climbed over the net and scored. Time 4 minutes.

Caps, 5; Montreal, 3.

Pringle got in at the face and Gorman dodged in a desperate effort to score. O'Reilly saved. On a straight shot from a pass by Pringle, Taylor scored in one minute.

Caps, 6; Montreal, 3.

In a swift rush, Allan almost scored, Gorman secured, and, on a long pass to Powers before the net, the little man dodged Brennan and scored in the empty nets. Time 1-2 minute.

Caps, 7; Montreal, 3.

The Montreal field blew up now, and the defence began to play wildly. The Caps began to go around at will. Shea was ruled off, Finlayson came up to help the home, and Hutton ran out. Before he could return, Montreal scored.

Caps, 7; Montreal, 4.

The game then got very rough.

THIRD QUARTER.

H. Scott, whose shoulder was hurt by a terrific body check, was unable to continue. Caps attacked, but on a long run by Finlayson, Hogan scored. Time, 1 minute.

Caps, 7; Montreal, 5.

Allan made a great run, but the Montreal defence was now steady, and repelled Allan and Gorman. On a rally Gorman pased to Taylor, who shot, but O'Reilly saved, and Hutton just pulled out of his own nets in time. The battle was an end to end one now. At last Caps began a prolonged siege on Montreal nets. For minutes it passed from Cap to Cap, but finally Brenan got in after a wicked shot by Powers.

Taylor deliberately smashed a Montrealer and was ruled off again.

Eastwood was dropped to even up, and the game started up. The Montreal home began a pretty attack, and the Caps started a rush that ended in a shot, and a score by Gorman.

Capitals, 8; Montreal, 5.

The pace was still very fast, and on a desperate rush, Powers tallied.

Caps, 9; Montreal, 5.

Montreal's fast rush was broken up by Shea. The visitors' home was very lively. Gorman nearly scored, but Brennan upset him in time. In another attack, Brennan saved with his head. The Caps were having the best of it now. Starrs was again ruled off. Fagan ran far up, but Finlayson relieved as time was called.

The final score was 13 to 6 in favor of the Capitals.

SATURDAY'S RESULTS AT ERIE

First race, 2-year-olds, 5 1-2 furlongs —Alice, Burton, 3 to 1 and 8 to 5, won; Gladys Louise, T. Rice, 13 to 5, 11 to 20 and out, second; Serenade, Powers, 8 to 1, 2 to 1 and even, third. Time, 1.06 4-5. Paradise Queen, Sanister, Gwendoline F., Arienette, Robin Gray, Marrilleno, Mrs. Marron Moore and Arlia also ran.

Second race, 3-year-olds, one mile and one-sixteenth — Fancy Bird, Powers, 4 to 1, 2 to 1 and 4 to 5, won; Dr. Lee Puffman, Martin, 8 to 1, 3 to 1 and even, second; Lady Baldur, Ross, 6 to 1, 2 to 1 and even, third. Time, 1.47 4-5. Emincola, True Boy, Miss Marjorie, Imboden, Charlatan Alta, Donald, Cora Price and Tivolini also ran. (No scratches.)

Third race, 2-year-olds; 5 1-2 furlongs—St. Jeanne, Rice, 10 to 1, 3 to 1 and even, first; Elizabeth Harwood, Burns, 7 to 5, 1 to 2 and out, second; Aphrodite, Burton, 8 to 1, 6 to 5, 3 to 5, third. Time 1.06 3-5. Hones, Fantast, Mollie, Montrose, and Shirley also ran.

Fourth race, Niagara Stakes, 2-year-olds, 5 furlongs—Marse Abe, Powers, 5 to 2, 4 to 5 and out, first; Michael Angelo, Martin, 8 to 1, 3 to 1, and even, second; Theo Cook, Burns; 8 to 5, 4 to 5 and out, third. Time 1.00 4-5. Balbek, Bridoon, Stromeland, and Ireagator also ran. Simcoe scratched.

Fifth race, 3-year-olds, one mile and a furlong — Cave Adsum, Walsh, 6 to 1, 2 to 1 and even, first; Polly Prim, Kennedy, 5 to 1, 8 to 5 and out, second; Reidmore, Burns, 5 to 1, 2 to 1 and even, third. Time, 1.52 1-5. Minnie Adams, Martin Doyle and Monsignor also ran.

Sixth race, 3-year-olds, mile and a sixteenth — Miss Lida, Powers, 4 to 5 and out, first; The Thorn, Kennedy, 5 to 1, 1 to 2 and out, second; Spunky, Benger, 5 to 1, 3 to 2 and out, third. Time, 1.46 2-5. Gilvedear and Lady Carol also ran.

Eastern League Games.

		R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	300000100—	4	7	4
Toronto	011000010—	5	12	3

Batteries—Lafitte and Woods; McGinley and Brown.

		R.	H.	E.
Newark	000012200—	5	9	4
Buffalo	200010000—	3	7	2

Batteries—Mueller and Stanage; McConnell and Archer.

		R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	003110100—	6	11	2
Rochester	031000102—	7	13	6

Batteries—Pfeffer and Byers; Dugleby and Hurley.

This trade-mark on a pipe, stamps it as a briar of undoubted quality.

21—1

THE GOLF TOURNAMENT AT LAMBTON

Special to The Standard.

Lambton Golf Grounds, August 1.—Amateurs from all points are entered in the third annual tournament of the Lambton Golf Club. Hamilton, Cobourg, Listowel, Windsor, St. Catharines and Stratford are represented, as well as Pittsburg and Chicago. The tournament began with the Bird Flight of the preliminary draw this morning. The breeze was quite favorable. The following are the results of the third and fourth flights:

The third flight resulted as follows: W. E. Rundle won from I. G. Musson, 8 up 7 to go.

W. E. Heintzman beat J. H. Hay 6 up, 4 to go

D. A. Campbell beat E. P. Gower, 1 up.

W. Climie won by default from G. O. Heintzman.

W. A. Varley won from C. A. Knox, 1 up.

W. E. Gallie won from W. C. James, 4 up and 2 to go.

W. R. P. Parker won by default from G. A. Baldwin.

O. G. Burns won from A. P. Rodger, 3 up and 2 to go.

A. M. Bertram won from R. Rennie 2 up and 1 to go.

G. L. Robinson won from Dr. G. Glendenning 1 up and 4 to go.

Fourth Flight Preliminary.

J. C. Notman won from T. D. Bailey, 3 up and 2 to go.

H. R. Tilley won from M. F. Wilson, 1 up at 19th green. C. W. Hubbell won from G. C. Gale, 2 up.

TECUMSEHS DEFEATED CHAMPIONS

Special to the Standard.

Toronto, August 1.—About 8,000 people travelled over to the Island to-day to see the combination baseball and lacrosse games. The lacrosse games lined up as follows:

Westminster—Goal, Gray; point, Galbraith; cover, Gifford; defence, J. Gifford, G. Rennie, T. Rennie; centre, Fenny; home, C. Spring, C. P. Latham, W. Turnbull; outside, L. Turnbull; inside, J. Bryson.

Tecumsehs—Goal, Clark; point, Griffiths; cover, Graydon; defence, Pickering, Davidson, Rountree; centre, Felker; home, Querrie, Murton, Gilbert; outside, Durkin; inside, Adamson.

Referee—Guy Pettigrew; judge of play, Eddie Baker.

Chase Welsh, manager of the Westminster team, faced off the ball and the play went immediately to the Westerners' goal.

An attack upon Tecumsehs' stronghold failed, and it was brought back, Adamson getting the tally in five minutes. Play is around New Westminster's goal but Gray is playing a good game. Jim Gifford took a long run, and play became more even. Geo. Rennie was laid out, but no one went off. Rountree got 5 minutes for holding. Gray made two false stops. Spring relieved. Galbraith was off for 5 minutes and Tecumsehs took advantage, scoring the second goal in 14 minutes.

The quarter ended with the score 2 to 0 in favor of Tecumsehs.

SECOND QUARTER.

A goal umpire was changed at the request of Querrie. The New Westminster team began the quarter by pressing but couldn't tally. The checking was hard but both teams passed badly. Gray stopped a short shot from the side but immediately afterwards knocked the ball in for Tecumsehs. The champions lost the ball on a long shot, and Felker found the net for the fourth, the tally in 3 minutes.

The New Westminsters got busy, and scored their first goal after a series of short quick passes. A minute later Adamson scored the seventh, but Spring did the trick again for the red shirts. There was no more scoring in this quarter.

Third quarter—Adamson scored for the braves, followed four minutes later by another by Gilbert. Pickering was penalized, and Gilbert went off on account of an injury, and Latham retired to even up. Tecumsehs scored the 11th game and play became very rough. Bryson, for New Westminster got past Clarke, and the quarter ended with score 9 to 3 in favor of Tecumsehs.

Game over New Westminster, 4; Tecumsehs, 10.

During the recent spell of hot weather and probably owing to the great shoals of fish at present moving about the Firth of Clyde, a whale has been sporting to and fro in the vicinity of the Gantocks, and one night, while a motor-boat was taking one of the usual cruises round the Gantocks, the huge animal came to the surface in close proximity to the boat. So close was it that, according to a passenger's description he could have stepped from the boat on to its back. The length of the leviathan exposed was longer than the boat. The whale heralded its appearance with the usual "blow," throwing a column of water several feet into the air. The people in the motor got a severe fright, not only at the appearance of the monster, but at the manner in which the boat rocked, owing to the upheaval in the water. At one time it was feared that she would capsize. Most of the fishers in the other boats witnessed the incident, and realizing the danger of remaining in close quarters to the whale, many of them gathered up their lines and made for the shore as fast as possible.

Four St. Kilda sheep—of the ancient Soa breed, which is said to have existed in the time of the Romans—were despatched lately from Edinburgh to Canada by Prof. Cossar Ewart. They have been sent to a big sheep farm in Ontario as samples of the old British breed. Sheep of this kind, obtained from Dunvegan Castle, Skye, have been at Duddington for experimental purposes. Three of the four sent to Canada are this year's lambs, and the other is a two-year-old.

CLARK'S OX TONGUE

FOR INDOOR OCCASIONS. FOR OUTDOOR OCCASIONS.

CLARK'S OX TONGUE helps to solve the hamper problem for picnics and all outdoor parties. It is the principal contribution.—The rest is easy! It appetizes under ordinary conditions—but under picnic conditions it vanishes.

WM. CLARK, Mfr., Montreal.

31—1

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31—1

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31—1

AUSTRALIAN ACT WAS ULTRA VIRES

The Federal High Court of Australia has delivered judgment in favor of the defendant, two manufacturers of agricultural implements, in the case involving the question whether the Commonwealth Parliament has power to enact legislation for the regulation of wages, as contained in the Federal Excise Tariff Act, under which duties are levied on goods manufactured in Australia in the production of which fair and reasonable wages have not been paid.

The High Court held that the action of the Commonwealth Parliament in enforcing wage conditions by means of Excise duties was ultra vires. Chief Justice Sir Samuel Griffith and Justices Sir E. Barton and O'Connor held

(1) That the act was outside the power of taxation conferred by the Constitution;

(2) That it was, in any case, in contravention of section 55 of the Constitution, which provides that a taxation Act must not contain anything else;

(3) That the Constitution prohibits direct interference with matters reserved exclusively to the States, and

(4) That the Excise Tariff Act was invalid, because it discriminated between States.

The other two judges, Justices Isaacs and Higgins, dissented. No appeal is possible.

Mr. Deakin, the Premier, has reiterated his previous declarations that the Government was absolutely committed to this policy, adding that in view of the High Court's finding it was now the Government's duty to take other means of giving effect to it. Sir William Lyne, the Commonwealth Treasurer, suggests a referendum with a view to an amendment of the Constitution.

A masked burglar broke into the apartments of S. Cohen, a tailor, in the rear of his store in Brooklyn, early one morning, by climbing to one of the rear windows on a stepladder. Bertha Cohen, 14 years old, was awakened by the noise made by the robber and without disturbing her father or any other member of the family made a search through the rooms. She confronted the burglas in the dining room as he was rummaging the bureau drawers and coolly told him that he had better go away before she waked her papa. The girl wasn't frightened, although the robber had a mask over his face and a revolver in his hand. As she turned away to arouse her father the burglar jumped out of the rear window, carrying off nearly $500 worth of jewellery. Bertha then awoke her father, who summoned the police by telephone, and several officers soon arrived, but could find no trace of the thief.

BLACK AND WHITE

THE POPULAR SCOTCH

31—1

THE LATE MRS. JOSEPH ADAM.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Joseph Adam took place from her residence, 83 Cherrier street, to St. Louis de France Church, and thence to Cote des Neiges Cemetery, at 8.45 this morning, and was very largely attended. At the church the celebrant fo the Mass was Rev. Father Provost, assisted by Rev. Father Gregoire as deacon and Rev. Father Granger as sub-deacon. The chief mourners were the husband, Mr. Joseph Adam, K.C.; Mr. Justice Mathieu, father; Mr. George Mathieu, brother; Mr. J. N. Pouliot, K.C., Rimouski, brother-in-law; Capt. Frederick St. Louis, uncle; Messrs. Arthur Bruneau, Eugene Bruneau, Alphonse Archambault and L. P. St. Louis, cousins. Among the large number of others present were: Messrs. Honore Gervais, M.P., R. Delfause, K.C., J. de Vaudreuil, F. A. Mathieu, H. Laurencelle, Joseph Lazeau, J. U. Emard, K.C., S. Beaudin, K.C., F. St. Germain, Ald. L. A. Lavalee, K.C., Paul Galibert, N. Faribault, J. A. Fortin, P. A. Gravel, Dr. Cuphiot, A. Fleury C. E. Dore, V. Masse, Hon. Alphonse Desjardins, Alphonse Racine, L. H. A. Archambault, L. E. A. Cholette, H. A. Cholette, P. A. Boudreau, J. L. Gervais, L. H. Henault, J. Boileau, Edouard Biron, Alphonse Decary, F. Emery, Alfred Cinq Mars, Paul Lacoste, H. G. Lajoie, H. J. Wilson, J. O. Lariviere, A. Racine, H. L. Pelletier, George Pelletier, R. Jodoin, Roch Gervais, A. E. Lalande, Hon. L. O. Taillon, R. L. de Martigny, Dr. Desroches, Dr. Taupier, Dr. J. A. Handfield, ex-Ald. L. E. Beauchamp, Dr. Camille Bernier, C. B. Lanctot, L. N. Dupuis, C. A. Guertin, F. Bourbonniere, Martin Honan, A. Gagnon, W. A. Wayland, H. J. Browne, Inspector M. McMahon, P. Cousineau, M.L.A., J. B. Gratton, C. E. Gagnon, and Louis Franchere. The floral tributes from relatives and personal friends were very numerous.

A collection of letters addressed by Sir Walter Scott to the Marchioness of Abercorn between the years 1806 and 1826, has just been sold for £610.

Had Weak Back

Would Lie In Bed For Days And Was Scarcely Able to Turn

Liniments and Plasters Did No Good But DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS Cured

Mrs. Arch. Schnare, Black Point, N.B., writes:—For years I was troubled with weak back. Oftentimes I have lain in bed for days, being scarcely able to turn myself, and I have also been a great sufferer while trying to perform my household duties. I had doctors attending me without avail, and have tried liniments and plasters but nothing seem to do me any good. I was about to give up in depair when my husband induced me to try Doan's Kidney Pills, and after using two boxes I am now well and able to do my work. I am positive Doan's Kidney Pills are all that you claim for them, and I would advise all kidney sufferers to give them a fair trial.

Doan's Kidney Pills will cure all kinds of Kidney Trouble from Backache to Bright's Disease, and the price is only 50 cents per box or 3 boxes for $1.25, at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

$1—1

A Pill for All Seasons.—Winter and summer, in any latitude, whether in torrid zone or Arctic temperature, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills can be depended upon to do their work. The dyspeptic will find them a friend always and should carry them with him everywhere. They are made to withstand any climate and are warranted to keep their freshness and strength. They do not grow stale, a quality not possessed in many pills now on the market.

WARSHIPS HAD NO TROUBLE IN NEGOTIATING THE CHANNEL

Great gratification is expressed by Montreal steamship men at the early completion of the channel through the shallows off Crane Island, and they point to the results shown in the few days that have elapsed since the cut has been opened. The Indomitable, with a draught of over thirty feet, went through at half tide and the New Hampshire, with a 27-foot draught at rest, within an hour of low tide, both warships moving at full speed.

Mr. Hugh A. Allan, president of the Shipping Federation, speaks strongly of the benefits which have accrued to St. Lawrence navigation by this and other improvements.

"The Beaujeu bank was not only a hindrance to navigation, owing to the low tide, but was also very dangerous because of the curvature," he remarked. "Now steamships can use the channel freely, and always with a good current. There will be none of those vexatious delays which compelled the larger vessels passing inward, to anchor for perhaps five hours'

"The Department of Marine and Fisheries has effected good work on the Beaujeu channel, completing it well within the time estimated when the work was begun. Its officers have many other improvements to their credit also. The lighting facilities both above and below Quebec have been largely improved. The buoys and lights are of the best, and they are well arranged. Marconi stations have been established, proving of invaluable assistance; telephonic stations between Quebec and Montreal have been establishd on the recommendation of Mr. Cowie, with splendid results. The submarine signal stations have, too, proved of good service. This year, Hon. Mr. Brodeur had given instructions that this cable service, which was first undertaken by the Canadian Government, be kept continuously in operation during the month of July. number of passenger vessels have been equipped with receiving apparatus, and we have been constantly receiving messages from our captains through this means.'"

AGGRESSIVE CHEESE WAS CONFISCATED

It was cheese. There could be no mistake about it. The effluvia swept St. Antoine street, and further irritated the perspiring people who hurled anathema at the Weather Clerk. Eighty-eight in the shade—and a cheesy humidity! And such a cheesiness—thick, heavy, aggressive, overpowering.

The policeman on the beat blew his nose free of it, and it is stated on (fairly) reliable authority that his handkerchief thereupon ran away.

Some Mark Tapleys, those people who would even take a joyous interest in funerals, whistled in the heart of the cheesy smell, and—inquiries referred to the aforementioned authority—many cheeses began to come out of a certain store doorway and trundle along the sidewalk towards the whistlers.

In answer to appeals from a populace bordering on revolution, Dr. Lesperance, of the Food Inspection Department, drove up, whistled the rambling cheeses back again, and entered the store; while a great throng admired his cool and collected manner.

When he came out again he was jotting down in his note-book the words: "1,200 lbs. goats'-milk cheese from Italy, confiscated as being unfit for human consumption." And confiscated it was, every micro-organism of it. And the pedestrian now passes along St. Antoine street with nothing but the heat to complain of.

NOVEL SUIT AFFECTING INSURANCE

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, August 1.—A writ will be taken out in a few days by Mr. A. E. Fripp, K.C., on behalf of Mrs. Bridget Fitzsimmons, of Ottawa, against the Independent Order of Foresters. The suit is to recover $11,000, the amount of an insurance policy on the life of her son, William Fitzsimmons, who died last November. The case will be an interesting one to all policy-holders, and especially to the members of this particular order. When William Fitzsimmons was examined for insurance he answered the question as to whether he had consulted a physician on account of any diseases, affections, complaints or disorders during the previous five years by saying no. During the month before he died the insurance order undertook to cancel the policy on the grounds that during the five years previous to his examination he had consulted a physician for pleurisy. For this same reason the order refused to pay the amount of the policy after he died. He died of lung trouble.

LEG PULLED OFF AT HIP.

St. Catharines, August 1.—George Miller, aged about 30 years and unmarried, was fatally injured while working on a threshing machine on the farm of Jacob Miller, near St. Annes last night. Miller was on top of the machine and accidentally stepped into the feeder. His leg was pulled off at the hip, and he died soon afterwards.

PREMIER GOUIN DISCUSSES APPOINTMENT OF NEW JUDGES

Contrary to current rumors, it will be several days yet before any steps will be taken in regard to the appointment of a new Police Magistrate for Montreal District. That such an appointment will be made shortly is practically confirmed by Premier Sir Lomer Gouin, who in an interview with The Standard to-day admitted that the matter was under consideration.

"I am in Montreal in connection with matters in which this is involved," he said. "But it will be several days before a meeting of the Cabinet is held, and the matter is fully discussed.

"Undoubtedly something must be done in regard to the Police Court," he said. "I intend to look into the matter thoroughly. If we widen the powers of a Judge of Sessions, we must appoint a new Police Magistrate."

"Several names have been mentioned in this connection, Sir Lomer. Those, for instance, of Messrs. G. A. Lacombe, M.L.A. for St. Mary's, and Mr. A. Girard, M.L.A. for Rouville. Would you care to say anything about this?"

"I assure you," he replied, "that no name has been mentioned, and that we do not know to whom the magistracy will be offered, if decided on."

Sir Lomer Gouin will go to Quebec to-morrow, but will return again shortly.

THE STABBING OF OSMAN PASHA

Special to The Standard.

Paris, Aug. 1.—The Temps has the following message from Salonica:

General Osman Pasha was assailed and wounded by his subordinates in the following circumstances. He went to the barracks and exhorted the officers to obey the Sultan's orders. An officer boldly walked up to the general and said: "You are younger than I, yet, in spite of my white hair, I am only a warrant officer, while you are a general. It is unfair that men should be promoted because they are sons of Ministers." "What do you mean by such conduct?" cried Osman Pasha. "I will have you punished." At these words two other warrant officers rushed forward and stabbed the general.

MAY SOLVE BONFIRE MYSTERY

New York, August 1.—After a long chase, two men were arrested early to-day by the Green Point police in connection with the bon-fire mystery in which an unknown woman lost her life several days ago. The men were seen near the vacant lot on Calyer street, where the charred body was found in an oil-soaked mattress. The men described themselves as laborers from Glenville, Conn., and gave their names as Julian Kurinski and Wallenty Borkowski. In Kurinski's pocket was a woman's handkerchief and several stickpins, which he said he had bought. Both men said they were Poles and the victim of the bon-fire is thought to have been a Pole.

SONS OF ENGLAND COLUMN

FAIRMOUNT LODGE.

One of the most successful social events in the history of the above lodge took place last Tuesday evening in their lodge room, Montreal Annex. The affair took the form of an ice-cream social and concert, and the room was filled to overflowing when the District Deputy took the chair. He was supported on the platform by P.P. Bro. W. G. Murdock (Victoria's Jubilee), P.P. Bro. B. T. Sellars, and W.P. Bro. E. Goat. The chairman, in a few remarks, welcomed those present to Fairmount, and briefly touched on the objects of the Order in general, and several present intimated a desire to join the organization at the earlier opportunity. After a piano selection by Bro. Pennington (Yorkshire), who was the accompanist for the evening, a most enjoyable programme of songs, instrumental selections, etc., was carried out, the principal items being the bass solos of Mr. Francis Mitchell, whose rendition of "Anchored" was received with enthusiasm; Bro. Greaves gave "Ailsa Mine" in a pleasing manner; the dialect readings of P.P. Bro. Sellars were rendered in his usual style; Bro. Dickenson received repeated encores for his Irish sketches; Messrs. Baker and Kemp rendered solos on the tenor horn and euphonim, and their efforts were well received; and Bro. Millett (Denbigh), in his comic songs, was a general favorite.

MONTREAL DELEGATES MEET.

An adjourned meeting of the delegates who will represent the Montreal lodges at the forthcoming Supreme Lodge Convention, was held on Wednesday evening last, P.D.D.S.P. Bro. Geo. Haysey presiding. The question of the various proposed amendments to the constitution were discussed at length, and the local delegates have decided upon a line of action that they consider to be in the best interests of the Montreal District. All arrangements were finally completed, and the Grand Lodge Session is being looked forward to with great interest by all the brethren of the Order. The meetings this year will take place at Hamilton, Ont., the convention opening on Aug. 11th.

The following will represent the various Montreal lodges at the Session of the Supreme Lodge:—Excelsior:—P.P. Bro. Jas. Field; Yorkshire, P.P. Bro. B. T. Sellars; Primrose, P.P. Bro. George Walker; Denbigh, P.D.D.S.P. Bro. Geo. Haysey; Grosvenor, P.P. Bro. A. B. Otter; Britannic, Bro. Sam. Gray; Monarch, P.P. Bro. J. Edwards; Victoria's Jubilee, P.P. W. Antle; Lincoln (St. Lambert, W.P. Bro. T. Minard; Lachine, Rev. Canon Chambers.

EXCELSIOR LODGE W.R.

The quarterly meeting of the W.R. Degree was held on Wednesday evening last, and was well attended. W.P. Bro. H. E. Smith presided, and welcomed the visitors, among whom were P.P. Bro. A. B. Otter (Grosvenor) and W.P. Bro. T. Minard (Lincoln Lodge, St. Lambert). These brethren occupied seats on either side of the W.P. during the session. After the minutes of the previous meeting had been read and confirmed, the sick report was presented, showing several of the members of the Defree sick. Routine business was disposed of, and then a candidate was advanced into the W.R. Degree, the work being most satisfactorily carried out by the various officers of the lodge, who were all present at the ceremony. V.P. Bro. C. Adams then took the chair for the remainder of the session, and the meeting was concluded in the usual manner.

THE SPICE-BOX.

Monarch Lodge has received a letter from Lady Buller, acknowledging the resolution recently passed by the lodge on the death of Sir Redvers Buller.

P.P. Bro. J. Best, Chief Adviser of Mount Royal Juveniles, has in his possession several valuable prizes for the boys who bring in candidates.

A most interesting meeting of the W.R. Degree of Britannic was held on Wednesday last. Secretary Gill reports a good attendance.

The following is a list of the lodges meeting next week:—Monday, Primrose; Tuesday, Monarch; Wednesday, Britannic and Denbigh; Thursday, Grosvenor; Friday, Yorkshipe. The District Deputy hopes to be present at most of these meetings.

The Secretary of Denbigh Lodge, No. 96, is in receipt of a letter of thanks from Lady Audrey Buller, in response to the "Memorial letter," which was forwarded to that lady and family during the last month. The letter reads as follows:—

The Secretary of Lodge Denbigh Sons of England:—

Dear Sir.—I am deeply touched by your letter and resolutions, and by the "In Memoriam," of Sir Redvers. The honor and reverence for him therein expressed I deeply appreciate.

Will you please convey to the officers and members of Lodge Denbigh the heartfelt thanks of myself and family.

Believe me, yours sincerely,
AUDREY BULLER.

BRITISH FLEET HAS NOW SWUNG OUT TO THE OCEAN

The British warships which formed the advance guard of the British fleet on the way to attend the Tercentenary celebrations at Quebc have been slipping along quietly, and without any frantic endeavors to make speed on the first stage of their homeward trip. The two big cruisers, the Indomitable, with His Royal Highness on board, and her consort, the Minotaur, are leading slightly, having passed out of the Straits of Belle Isle yesterday afternoon. Five others passed through last evening, and all are now on the ocean.

Much curiosity is evidenced as to whether the Indomitable will do what was in a semi-official way announced at the time of her departure, and try to make a record for high steaming across the North Atlantic. Shipping men seem to consider it doubtful, especially in view of the fact of the Prince's presence on board. This latter view seems the more likely when the leisurely way in which the first stage of the trip, that down the river and across the gulf, is considered. During that time, the Indomitable made a speed of only between fourteen and fifteen knots and the other battleships did even less. The fleet sailed on Wednesday morning at 4 o'clock; at 5 o'clock last evening, five warships, Exmouth, Albemarle, Duncan, Russell, and Arrogant were observed passing the government signal station at Belle Isle—733 miles covered in above fifty hours.

The effectiveness of the ugly grey color which the warships are painted, has been exceedingly apparent during this outward voyage. Only twice after the vessels got down into the wider part of the river, were they spied by the signal service men, until they came into the narrows of Belle Isle. At Fame Point they were reported, and then the next report was from Point Amour, 350 miles away, where the Indomitable was distinguished yesterday morning.

THE KING TO VISIT KAISER

Special to The Standard.

London Eng., August 1—To-day, August 1—After King Edward held the prorogation Council at Goodwood House, Their Majesties went on board the Royal yacht for the Cowes Regatta and will remain in the Solent till August 8, when they return to town for the week-end.

The King will leave London on Monday, August 10, for Dover, and will go thence direct to the residence of his niece, Princess Frederick Charles of Hess, at Cronberg, near Homburg, where His Majesty meets the German Emperor. He will leave on August 11, and arrives on the following day at Ischl on a visit to the Emperor of Austria. On August 13, His Majesty expects to reach Marienbad for his accustomed summer visit.

WILL VISIT THE KAISER.

Special to The Standard.

Berlin, August 1.—I am officially informed that King Edward, according to present arrangements, will arrive at Cronberg on the morning of August 11, will visit the Kaiser at the Castle of Friedrichshof and leave again the same evening for Ischl to meet the Austrian Emperor.

Owing to the shortness of the King's stay no special programme of entertainment has been drawn up. It is expected that the visit will be of an intimate family character, but it is not yet decided whether a representative of the German Foreign Office will be present.

The Kaiser and Kaiserin will reach Wilhelmshoehe from Stockholm on August 8, and on August 10 the Emperor will go to Homburg to unveil the statue of the Landgravine Elizabeth of Hesse, while the Empress and Princess Victoria Louise will visit the Grand Duke and Duchess of Hesse, who will be in residence at Cronberg, and will be the King's host and hostess. The Kaiser will arrive at the castle on the same day as the King.

DIGGING UP VIKING SHIP

Special to The Standard.

Paris, August 1. — An interesting communication has been made to the Academie des Inscriptions et Belles-Lettres," by M. Gabriel Gustafson, curator of the Christiania Museum, concerning the recent discovery in Norway of a Viking funeral ship at least 1,100 years old. Its mortuary chamber contained the bones of two women who, judging from the size of the craft and the elaborateness of its appointments, evidently belonged to some noble and wealthy family.

The vessel, which is seventy feet long and sixteen feet six inches broad was dug out of a tumulus, two and a half miles from the shore, on the farm of Oseberg, near Tonsberg. The treasure was not intact. At some remote period, probably hundreds of years ago, it had been unearthed by unscrupulous visitors, who had pillaged the mortuary chamber of many of the curious relics undoubtedly deposited there in accordance with ancient Norse tradition.

But in other parts of the ship, which had apparently escaped the notice of the sacrilegious intruders, was found a large and extremely valuable collection of historic remains, including a four-wheeled chariot, richly and quaintly decorated, four sledges, three of them curiously carved, several beds, lintels, a mill, spinning wheels, and a variety of kitchen utensils. A diligent examination of these has led to the conclusion that the funeral ship belongs to the 9th century. One theory is that the second woman was a slave condemned to accompany her mistress in her last sleep.

Many of the ornaments, mostly of carved wood, are unique. The ship and its strange cargo, constituting one of the most important archaeological "finds" ever made in Scandinavia, after being carefully restored, will be placed in the Christiania Museum.

Sohmer Park

Has the best Vaudeville in the land. 3-8 p.m. every day. Admission 10 Cents.

53rd Annual **Caledonian Games**

M.A.A.A. Grounds, Saturday, 8th August, 1908

Admission 25c; Children under 12 15c. Grand Stand, 50c; Children under 12 25c.

PROGRAMME OF EVENTS

PLATFORM.

1—Bagpipe Competition, in Highland Costume, Competitor to play March. $8, $6, $4, $2.
2—Bagpipe Competition, in Highland Costume, competitor to play Strathspey and Reel, $8, $6, $4, $2.
3—Bagpipe Competition, in Hightland Costume, competitor to play March, Strathspey and Reel. Open to members who have never won a prize in any pipe competition of this Society. 3 medals.
4—Best dressed girl or boy in Highland Costume. Gold medal.
5—Best Dressed Gentleman in Highland Costume. Gold medal.
6—Highland Fling, in costume, 16 years and over. $6, $4, $2.
7—Highland Fling, boys and girls, under 16 years. 3 medals.
8—Ghillie Callum, girls and boys, under 16 years. 3 medals.
9—Ghillie Callum, 16 years and over. $6, $4, $2.
10—Shean Trews, girls and boys, under 16, 3 medals.
11—Shean Trews, 16 years and over. $6, $4, $2.
12—Sailor's Hornpipe, 16 years and over. $6, $4, $2.
13—Sailor's Hornpipe, boys and girls, under 16 years. 3 medals.

FIELD.

14—Quoits. $8, $6, $4, $2. Commences at 10 a.m.
15—Putting 21 lb. shot. 3 medals.
16—Throwing 56 lb. weight. 3 medals.
17—Tossing the caber. 3 medals.
18—Putting 16 lb. shot. 3 medals.
19—Throwing 16 lb. hammer. 3 medals.
20—Running long jump. 3 medals.
21—Running high jump. 3 medals.
22—Running hop, step and jump. 3 medals.
23—Vaulting with pole. 3 medals.
24—Tug of war, on turf, for "Sharp Perpetual Cup." Nos. 1 and 2 Batt. 5th Royal Highlander, 8 men a side. 8 medals.
25—Association football match for Lyall Perpetual Challenge Cup and individual prizes.

TRACK.

26—Race, 100 yards, boys under 10, sons of members. 3 prizes.
27—100 yards foot race. 3 medals.
28—One mile foot race, M.A.A.A. medal, and 2 other medals.
29—220 yards foot race. 3 medals.
30—100 yards foot race, boys under 13, sons of members. 3 prizes.
31—Two mile foot race. 3 medals.
32—440 yards foot race. 3 medals.
33—3 mile Junior Harrier Clubs' race, for boys under 18 years. 3 medals. Rutherford cup.
34—120 yards hurdle race. 3 medals.
35—100 yards race, boys under 16 years, sons of members. 3 medals.
36—One mile steeplechase. 3 medals.
37—Race for Highland Cadets, drill order, 200 yards. 3 medals.
38—880 yards foot race. 3 medals.
39—220 yards race, boys under 16 years. 3 medals.
40—Five mile foot race. 3 medals.
41—Committee race. 100 yards.

Entries received on and after July 20th, 1908, and close on August 7th, at 5 p.m. All information can be had from W. C. McAllister, Secretary, 93 St. Francois Xavier Street. Telephones: Main 2157; Uptown 564.

31—1n

PREMIER AND AIRSHIP PROBLEM

Special to The Standard.

London, Eng., August 1.—Mr. Gretton asked the Prime Minster in the House of Commons yesterday if questions of aerial navigation had received consideration by the Committee of National Defence; whether naval officers had been called into consultation; and if it was intended to entrust all experiments and construction to the military authorities.

Mr. Asquith—This is a matter which presents both naval and military aspects, and it is not desirable to say more at present that that it is engaging the attention both of the naval and military authorities, who have been and are in consultation with one another on the subject.

Mr. Ashley asked if the sum now allocated to this increasingly important branch of our means of defence was to be further reduced.

Mr. Asquith—No, sir.

ELECTION PROTESTED.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, August 1.—To-day the election of Mr. F. A. Gendron, of Hull, as M.L.A. for Wright County, in the Quebec Legislature was protested. The protest is made by Mr. Louis Cousineau, the defeated candidate, who alleges general corruption. The details will be heard at the Hull Superior Court some time in September.

DYNAMITE FACTORY STARTED

In connection with Lord Cromer's recent speech on the possibility of a universal war breaking out it will be of interest to Montrealers to know that a large and unique dynamite factory has just been opened up at Rigaud. The entire factory is under the management of Mr. Arthur Hough. The factory is equipped with the most modern appliances, and everything is provided that will tend towards making the dynamite as uniform as possible. Dynamite manufactured by this company contains nitro-glycerine which is rendered non-freezable by a secret process, known only, it is stated, to this company, the Detonite Explosives Co., Ltd.

This non-freezable nitro-glycerine is much less sensitive to shock than ordinary nitro-glycerine, it is stated, and the fact that it does not freeze renders it very serviceable.

INSURANCE MAN ARRESTED.

Emil J. Gauthier, an agent of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, was arrested to-day by High Constable St. Mars charged with the theft of some premiums collected while in the employ of the company. He pleaded not guilty and was remanded for enquete on the sixth of August. The insurance company received information that all was not right with Gauthier and placed the case in the hands of the Thiel Detective Agency.

FRANCAIS OPENING THE SEASON.

On Monday, August 10th, the Theatre Francais, will re-open its doors for the coming theatrical season. The opening attractions will be the sensational melodrama entitled "Sold in Slavery." This will be the first presentation of this production outside of New York, and it is said to be above the average melodramas which have been presented in former seasons. It requires two carloads of scenery, electrical effects and properties for the presentation of this play.

During the vacation the theatre has undergone a general overhauling and cleaning, so that when the many patrons of this popular amusement resort invade the place, they will be pleased to notice the improvements that have been made for their comfort and convenience. This season popular prices will prevail.

BENNETT'S.

On Monday, August 10th, the popular Bennett's Theatre will again open its doors to inaugurate the second season of vaudeville in Montreal. The first performance will be the matinee and the policy of daily bargain matinees for the ladies and children will again be one of the features.

For the opening list of attractions some of the biggest acts playing the vaudeville stage will be featured. Heading the list is James J. Corbett, sometimes called, "Gentleman Jim," the famous ex-champion boxer of the world, who now wins laurels on the stage. Corbett's specialty is an amusing monologue relating the most amusing of the many and varied experiences of a life, which has been cast in the varied roles of bank clerk, boxer, author, actor, and vaudeville performer, and the man's personality enables him to claim a place as a most interesting public entertainer. A merry lot of talented youngsters will present the special feature. These juveniles are known as the Gus Edwards "School Boys and Girls." The children are said to be the pick of the juvenile musical productions of the publishing firm of Cobb and Edwards. Of course, as this act was welded in the making with "School Days," that oft sung ditty, forms one of the numbers, but it is said that these little ones sing the song, as the composers intended it should be sung. Some of the other songs will be "See-saw," "Baby Boy," "I Just Can't Make My Eyes Behave," which Anna Held made popular, and a batch of the best and breeziest melodies.

Lulu McConnell and Grant Simpson are another duo of dramatic stars who have forsaken the legitimate for the vaudeville medium and will be seen at Bennett's in their comedy with songs written by Lester Lonergan. Mr. Simpson starred last season with the No. 3 company, of the "Great Divide," and Miss McConnell was for several seasons the star of the Woodward Stock Company, in Kansas City.

The four casting Dunbars, in their startling aerial novelty, and Fiddler and Skelton, two colored comedians from the West. Mlle. Latina, the physical culture girl, a female athlete, who is a marvel of grace and beauty, and Sam Stern, the singer and comedian, are also numbers on the bill. The Bennettograph will project a series of modern motion pictures.

Lulu McConnell at Bennett's Theatre opening week of August 10.

THE THEATRE ROYAL.

The Theatre Royal opens on the 17th of August. Pat White and his famous "Gaiety Girls," will open the season. Mr. White has surrounded himself with a strong company this season, and will present two burlesques, the first entitled "Doings in Mudville," which is said to be one of the funniest musical comedies ever written; the second a burlesque athletic novelty entitled "The Night of the Fight," or "The Roman Athletic Club." In addition to the usual olio specialties that will be introduced in this burlesque, a three-round bout between the English champion and the Irish Unknown will be introduced.

The vaudeville portion of the programme includes the marvellous Malvern troupe; the three Musical Wilsons; Jennings, Webb and O'Neil, in a comedy sketch entitled "Whose Girl Are You?" Grant and Catlin; Geo. T. Davis, in illustrated songs, and the inimitable Pat White in his well-known specialty, surrounded by a bunch of handsome singing and dancing girls.

AT SOHMER PARK.

With the cool breezes from the St. Lawrence passing over Sohmer Park, and through the massive auditorium, thousands of people are finding a rich reward in a visit to the old place of amusement, which has not changed its policy for twenty years, and is now more popular than ever. There is any amount of variety in the programme, which has been prepared for the coming week, and there will be genuine pleasure for many in the announcement that Captain Webb will pay a return visit. The Tom-Jack musical trio comes with recommendations that suggest an act of more than ordinary ability. It is said to be entirely new. For those who are fond of equilibristic work there will be Delmar and Delmar, whose act is among the best of its kind, on the continent. The Oliver trio do a wire walking act, that will be a feature. The vocal portion of the programme will be in the hands of Miss Adelaide, who has a voice of remarkable range. Mr. Lavigne has been rehearsing a programme of new numbers for his band, and the orchestra, under the leadership of Mr. Spencer, plays during intermission and after the stage performance.

Performing seal at Sohmer Park next week.

DOMINION PARK.

Dominion Park will have an extra attraction to-morrow afternoon in the form of a swimming contest, in which upwards of thirty will compete. The race will start from the Victoria Pier, oposite the Bonsecours market, and will finish in front of the Park. The start will be made at half-past three o'clock, and it will take about an hour for the swimmers to cover the course. There will be several prizes, the first being a gold medal given by the Park, and the second a silver medal donated by the Montreal Street Railway Company.

The added feature at the Park for next week is Herr Granada and Alma Fedora in a sensational high wire act. They do some daring things, combined with comedy to relieve the tension. The act concludes with a wonderful fireworks display.

Vander Meerschen's Band will render the following programmes on Sunday and Monday:

SUNDAY.

1. Big Guns—March.. .. .. .. S. Avolo
2. Poet and Peasant—Overture .. .. F. von Suppe
3. The Dream of Love—Baritone solo—Soloist: Mr. J. Marsot — H. Millars
4. Il Trovatore—Selection .. ..G Verdi
5. Amoretten—Waltz .. .. ..J. Gung'l
6. Parade of the Dolls .. R. Gruenwald
7. A Summer Evening in the Alps—A descriptive and romantic fantasia .. .. H. Kling
8. Celebrated Largo from .. .. Handel
9. Song of the Muses—With a brass quartette at distance.. ..M. Bleger
10. Red Wing—Indian Intermezzo .. ..K. Mills

MONDAY.

1. Vander Meerschen March .. ..L. G. Haseneier
2. Fra-Diavolo—Overture .. .. Auber
3. Wang—Selection from Comic Opera .. .. W. Morse
4. Echos des Bastions—Gavotte—Soloists: Messrs. Theo. Ghyssels and J. Hineson. .. .. H. Kling
5. Luna Waltz—From Comic Opera Frau Luna .. .. P. Lincke
6. La Rieuse—Polka-Marche .. .. L. G. Haseneier
7. A Hunting Scene (by request) .. .. E. Bucalossi
8. Flying Arrow—Indian Intermezzo .. ..A. Holzmann
9. Moonlight on the Suwanee—Sand Dance .. ..Leo Friedman
10. Patrol of the Musketeers .. ..G. Bachmann

OFFICIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Ottawa, August 1.—The Gazette today announced the following appointments: Cameron Stanton, of Ottawa to be assistant deputy minister of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, from 1st April, 1908.

Lucien Bance, of Ottawa, to be a chief clerk in the Department of Marine and Fisheries, from the 1st April, 1908.

Arthur Brophy, of Ottawa, to be a chief clerk in the Department of the Secretary of State, from the 1st April, 1908.

J. B. Caouette, of Quebec, assistant postmaster, to be post office inspector for the Quebec postal division.

CONSIGNMENTS OF CHEESE.

The Hurona, of the Thompson Line which cleared this morning, carried 25,000 boxes of cheese. The consignments of cheese and boxed meats have been very heavy this season.

Was Weak and Run Down

WOULD VERY OFTEN FAINT AWAY

Mrs. J. H. Armstrong, Port Elmsley, Ont., tells of her experience with MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS.

She writes: "It is with gratitude [I] tell how your Heart and Nerve P[ills] benefitted me.

"I was very weak and run down, had headaches nearly every day and very often would faint away, in fact, my doctor said that sometime I would never come out of the faint. It was through one of your travelling agents that I was induced to try Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and after taking three boxes I am glad to relate it has been a number of years since I had a fainting spell and scarcely ever have a headache. Too much cannot be said in praise of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, for in me they have effected a perfect cure."

Price 50 cents per box or 3 boxes for $1.25, at all dealers, or The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

31—

The Tercentenary Number

—OF—

The Standard

The publishers are in receipt of letters from Summer Resorts asking if copies of the Tercentenary *Standard* can be reserved until the people return to the city. This *The Standard* cannot undertake to do. The only way is to write to a friend or to your regular newsdealer. Some dealers may have some copies which they can reserve. People in Cacouna, Metis, Murray Bay, St. Andrews, Caledonia Springs, Scarboro', Old Orchard, Prout's Neck, Kennebunk, Tadousac, etc., who have expressed a desire for copies to be reserved, will please accept this as an answer.

GEORGE MURRAY PUBLISHING COMPANY, Limited,
171 St. James Street, Montreal.

MY LADY'S REALM

DON'T BE TOO MATTER-OF-FACT.

EVERY wife and mother should make that her eleventh commandment. There is often a tendency to regard the daily duties of home as tasks. Things that must be done.

If you have that point of view you will feel yourself a drudge.

Take some of courting days' idealism into your home. Look upon each day's duties as labor of love.

"I love to do it," not "I have to do it," should be your inspiring thought as you hustle about the house.

Work for love, and you will love to work.

You will be surprised to find how smoothly the home life runs.

Petty quarrels, trivial annoyances, and "that tired feeling," have no place in the life of the wife who has taken as her watchword "I love to do it."

WISDOM FOR WOMEN.

How easy it is to tell others it's no use to worry!

A woman always means what she meant to say if she doesn't say it.

He who speaks from experience leaves a lot of things unsaid.

When a woman ceases to ask a man if he loves her it is because she no longer cares whether he loves her or not.

No one seems to have as hard a time earning money as the woman who marries for it.

Home may be a world of love shut in and a world of strife shut out, or vice versa.

You never say a man won't listen to reason if he agrees with you.

It's easy for a man to discover a woman's weakness. All he has to do is to keep quiet and listen.

Love is the only cable that will keep a couple on the sea of matrimony from drifting apart.

If you spend your time growling about an imaginary wrong you are apt to neglect your own shortcomings.

If husbands realised the cash value of praise they would not be so slow in paying a few compliments to their wives.

Love, like other precious things, increases in value in proportion to its rarity. The more love another bestows upon us the less we esteem it.

A BEAUTIFUL FACE.

All girls who wish to be beautiful—and what girl exists who does not?—should cultivate the habit of acquiring the art of how to "light up" her features.

If any girl wishes to appear charming and sweet-tempered, she must keep the corners of her mouth turned up.

The mouths of bad-tempered people almost invariably turn down at the corners. If the mouth droops, insist on its going up.

Beauty of expression is really more important than good features, and upon it depends altogether the quality that we call "charm." The face that lights up with intelligence is one in which the muscles—each of them trained to do its part—are able, in response to the operation of the mind, to express understanding and sympathy.

SENSE AND SENTIMENT.

Some wives are too sensible, others are too sentimental. One bride says: "Give me to live with love alone. And let the world go dine and dress," and her husband gets a little tired of love and lollipops. Another thinks too much of the material facts: clothes, parties and mere machinery of life, and her husband feels a little starved of sentiment and kisses. The middle course, a pleasant compromise between the two, makes the happiest home.

WHEN GIRLS LEAVE SCHOOL.

GIRLS, girls, girls! Just girls! They come pouring out from school and seminary and college, filling the sober, gray, work-a-day world with the music of their laughter. Pink cheeks and merry eyes peep out from under every second rose-crowned hat you meet. Wisps of fragrant hair, brown and blonde and ebony, blow across one's vision in the street cars.

What becomes of all the girls annually released from books in June? We know they marry, at least a large percentage of them do—some time. But how do they pass their time, what takes the place of rising for regular hours of study, and the healthful recreation of gym and campus in their lives?

Wasting Time.

Girls do not usually marry immediately upon leaving the schoolroom. There is ordinarily a space of from six months to as many years between the schoolroom and the flower-decked altar.

Doesn't it seem a little too bad, after the miracles of study and patience we accomplished as students, to suddenly slump down and become listless idlers as mere girls?

We hear a great deal of noise about marriage being the noblest and holiest profession for women—in fact, the only one possible in a majority of cases—but we never hear of any girl or women studying to be a better wife and mother.

A Wide Field.

The field of study open to the unfortunate girl not compelled to earn her own living upon leaving school is a fascinating one. The care and training of the child is a topic that will bear years of study—the more the better. Then there are the household trades,—cooking, sewing, scientific cleansing, the destruction—not the dissemination—of germs.

Cooking alone is as absorbing a study as Greek, involving chemistry, the waste and repair of the human body, and myriad other subjects. Sewing is a trade. There is a right way and a wrong way to make a garment. Knowledge of the right way saves an immense deal of nervous energy and money.

An Old Idea.

There used to be a general idea afloat that girls knew how to do all these things just by instinct. Indeed, the idea has not yet died out in some localities. We are too far past the animal stage of existence to depend much on instinct. Brains were given men—and women—that they might improve on instinct.

The girl who has her own way to make should by all means have a trade or profession, the same as her brothers. It is the best life insurance a father can leave his daughter.

TREATMENT OF FRECKLES.

In the case of freckles, especially summer freckles, prevention is better than cure. In fact, if the freckles are allowed to make their appearance, it is almost impossible to get rid of them so long as the summer sun lasts.

One of the very best preventions both for freckles and sunburn is buttermilk. The face should be bathed in it two or three times a day. It is exceedingly soothing and cooling to the skin, especially after returning from a long cycle run or walk in the hot sun.

*** *** ***

Before going out of doors in summer weather, it is always wise to rub a little good cold cream well into the face. After a few minutes wipe off the excess cream with a soft cloth. Then apply a pure face-powder or a little toilet oatmeal.

The girl who "freckles" easily should never go about bareheaded, but should wear a shady hat or use a parasol.

*** *** ***

If the freckles have become troublesome, try a little diluted lemon-juice. If glycerine agrees with the skin, use about one part of it to three parts of the lemon-juice; but if the glycerine is found to be too drying, try rosewater instead.

Many girls hate the idea of carrying a parasol; but if they would only realize that to do so would spare them often a sore, sunburnt and unlovely skin, they would be more ready to adopt the practice. A green parasol is the best, and a very great preventive against freckles.

GOOD HUSBANDS.

ALL the husbands in the world fall into two grand classes, the good and the bad. The good are always the same. They love their wives above everything else, and the first thought is to render them happy. They seek riches, honors, glory itself, but to weave a garland to place on the brow of the beloved woman.

They neither command nor obey, for they consider themselves neither above nor below their wife, but her equal. They discuss with her the big and little problems of life, and they always finish by arriving at the same conclusions with her. They always have about them, in their bureau, in their pocket, a unique talisman with which they seal their secrets, and emphasize their decisions. This talisman is a kiss. Over their head burns always the sun, a sun which does not scorch but warms, which does not dazzle but illumines, a sun which never sets.

LOVE'S OFFERING.

If life were a rosebud,
Bedighted with dew,
I would pluck it, my darling,
And give it to you.

If love were a jewel
That money could buy,
I would give thee a casket
No queen could defy.

But love is not purchased
In whole or in part,
So I've nothing to give thee
But love, and my heart.

Rosebuds may wither,
And jewels are vain,
But on to eternity
Love shall remain.

WHERE MOTHERS FAIL.

MOST animals are what we call natural, or, rather, according to nature in their wild state. That is to say, the male forages for food, and in his absence the female takes every precaution to protect her young. An animal mother will not leave the mouth of her cave by day or night if danger threatens her young. She will grow gaunt with hunger, she will all but starve to death before she will expose her babies to what she imagines menaces their safety. And the male trusts this fierce instinct in his mate to such an extent that he is often absent two days or more if necessity requires him to wander far in his search for food.

*** *** ***

How different with the higher development! Women fail in the feeding of their children—often in their ignorance sickening and sometimes killing them by indiscreet food or insufficient clothing. Nurses are trusted to wrap up babies, and they take them out in winter weather in thin cloaks, with their dress sleeves rolled up, and if pneumonia results the cry goes up, "How in the world did it happen?"

If men had the care of babies would these things occur? Men are notorious for knowing about food and for dressing themselves warmly. It is the exceptional man who neglects his health. It is the woman who wears silk stockings and low shoes in cold or wet weather. The man puts on woollen socks, and stout, heavy, solid walking shoes.

LIVING ANXIOUSLY.

Why do so many people live anxiously, from hand to mouth, dreading the coming round of each quarter-day because of the bills which are bigger than they ought to be?

They go on doing it from year to year. Nobody in the household has any fun, or freedom from care. But they can't muster up courage to face the facts firmly, move into a smaller house, reduce their expenses, and live life joyously and happy, looking the whole world in the face without worry or wrinkles because they "owe not any man."

THE HOME-MAKER.

We pass through the world, and this our home, once. This is our only chance to leave kind and beautiful landmarks on the milestones of life, and the memories of our kith and kin. We shall not pass this way again.

MERRY FAILURES.

Be a failure if you must,
Let ambition go to rust,
Hold that fame's a foolish prude,
Eat of husks for want of food;
But remember this, my son,
Do not be a dismal one!

Be a merry failure! Let
Troubles only mirth beget.
Take the edge from fortune's wrong
With the magic of a song.
Folks will say, observing you,
"Wish I were a failure, too!"

IMAGINATIVE CHILDREN.

SOME children are endowed with an extremely vivid imagination. So vivid, indeed, are their thoughts and ideas that they frequently lead them into telling the most realistic stories for which there is not the slightest foundation.

One small boy of four, at a time when motors engrossed all his thoughts, described to some friends of his mother a bad automobile accident in which—according to him—a mutual friend had been badly hurt. There was not the slightest grain of truth in the tale, but it was of no use to punish the child, as it was obviously not told from any bad motive.

Keep Watch.

Punishment will not kill the imagination, but a careful watch should be kept over the utterances of such a child, and the stories accepted as make-believe, and checked by a gentle "a very pretty story, dear, but you mustn't tell it as if it were true, you know," or some such remark.

The border line between stories that are the vivid imagination, and those which arise from a nature prone to prevarication, is a very narrow one, but it exists, nevertheless, and should be carefully looked for by mothers and nurses.

AVOID OVER-EXERCISE.

A moderate amount of exercise is always excellent for girls, but there is also much to be said on the other side. Over-fatigue, especially in the summer, is decidedly more injurious than a certain amount of indolence. While tennis playing is an exercise which is especially beneficial to girls, it is not a wise plan to play too much on a hot day in the streaming sunshine, for this is apt to cause excessive fatigue and warmth.

CHILDHOOD'S DAYS.

A happy childhood is a better heritage than money in the bank. Loving memories of mother and father, and of the delightful days when

"All the fairy tales were true
And home the heart of fairyland,"

is a rich legacy to bequeath to the children.

WHEN YOU ARE PHOTOGRAPHED.

UNLESS there is any urgent reason for it, it is a grea mistake to be photographed if you are either out of health or in low spirits. A just-the-mode-of-the-moment style of costume, or coiffure, will "date" the photograph, and soon make it out of fashion.

It is unwise to wear a new dress. It always falls in awkward folds.

A white dress, or one that takes "white," gives a ghastly effect, and one far from becoming unless the sitter is young and pretty.

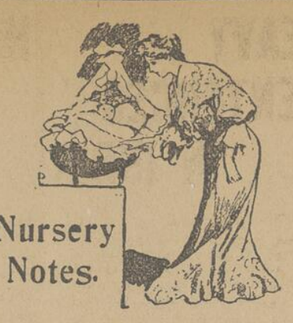
Generally speaking, the head and shoulders make a far prettier picture than a full-length portrait.

HOME.

Sometimes, in dreams, I see a room
With massive walls and fair,
Rose-shaded lights shut out the gloom,
The air is sweet with flowers in bloom,
And you are there.

Sometimes the room I see in dreams
Is homely, small, and bare;
The table waits, the kettle steams,
O'er all the cheery firelight streams,
And you are there.

What matter, dear, which dream comes true:
The mansion rich and rare,
The little cottage hid from view
In God's own sunshine, wind and dew,
If you are there?



Nursery Notes.

NURSERY HINTS.

Fruit in the Nursery.

Find out just what kind of fruit your little folk can safely eat, and banish all others from the nursery menu.

Some children cannot digest strawberries, and a severe attack of nettle-rash may follow the eating of this fruit.

Raw stone fruit is not wholesome for young children. Plums and such-like fruit are far better cooked than raw, as there is usually a tendency to their being either under or over-ripe when placed on the market.

Summer Hives.

Hives, as the large, red, irritating spots that some children suffer from in summer are called, arise as a rule from a disordered stomach. They require both internal and external remedies.

The best medicine is a dose of castor oil, the quantity, of course, to depend on the age of the child.

Bathing with water to which bicarbonate of soda has been added is one of the best means of allaying the intense irritation. Constant and frequent applications of good cold cream will also soothe wonderfully.

Naughty Boys.

However irritating a child may be, to "nag" about trifles is very foolish, because you want powder and shot for other things.

The worst "naggers" are those who make offences out of things perfectly innocent to the child, simply because they exasperate the elders.

"Nagging" is an indication of littleness of mind and a narrow horizon. Is it not perfectly certain that litle boys—indeed, big ones, too—may be nothing short of nuisances in the house and outside of it and yet be growing into fine men?

*** *** ***

The writer has heard of a mother who never rebuked or checked her numerous sons in their oddities from the nursery onwards. What happened?

They have grown up to be part of the salt of the earth, and to combine, to an uncommon degree, goodness and popularity.

It is not always advisable to follow this lady's example; but do remember that you are training your small son to be a man. Before you revile him, think of what you want him to be twenty or thirty years hence.

THE BONNIE WEE THING.

Bonnie wee thing, cannie wee thing,
Lovely wee thing, was thou mine,
I wad lay thee in my bosom
Lest my jewel I should tine.

Wishfully I look and languish
In that bonnie face o' thine;
And my heart is stounds wi' anguish,
Lest my wee thing be na mine.

Wit, and grace, and love, and beauty,
In a constellation shine;
To adore thee is my duty,
Goddess o' this soul o' mine.
—Robert Burns.

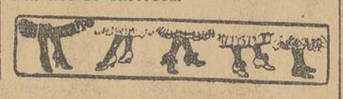
MONEY MATTERS AND MARRIAGE

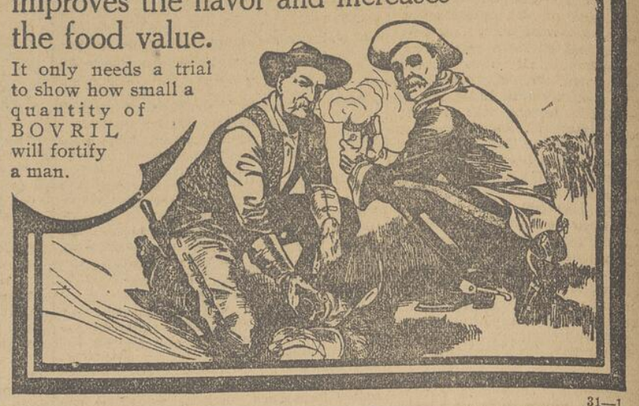
A little common sense in discussing money matters before marriage would save a world of discomfort. A girl should know on what sum she is expected to dress and pay her little personal expenses. If she has a father, it is his place to learn what income his future son-in-law can command; how much he has in savings,and the amount of his debts.

The lack of a father places this duty upon a mother's shoulders, and when a girl has no one to make such inquiries for her, she should do it herself. For unless she knows on how much she will have to manage, she cannot settle down to plan how to keep comfortably within the bonds of the income, whatever it may be.

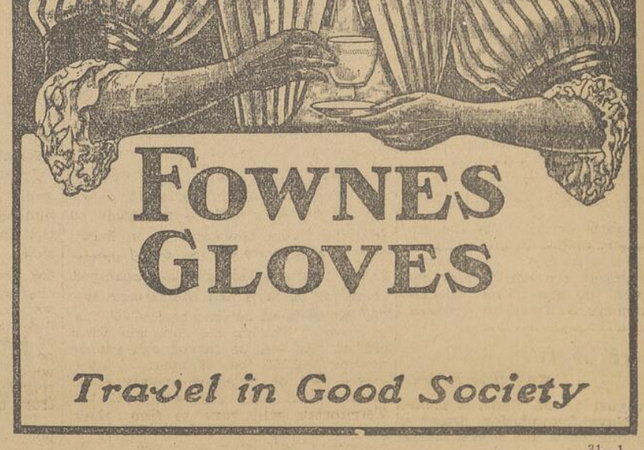
REALLY A "MATINEE" HAT.

Notices have been posted in one of the leading theatres in New York announcing that no lady spectator will be permitted to wear a hat exceeding 32 in. in diameter except at Wednesday matinees, when the "size limit" will not be enforced.



There is only one
BOVRIL
A dash of BOVRIL in canned meats improves the flavor and increases the food value.
It only needs a trial to show how small a quantity of BOVRIL will fortify a man.

31—1

Nothing so fine as
Cowan's Maple Buds
They are an excellent confection.
Cowan's Cream Bars
Milk Chocolate, etc.
Sold everywhere in Canada.
THE COWAN CO., Limited, TORONTO
31—1


FOWNES GLOVES
Travel in Good Society
31—1

SPECIALS FOR THE KITCHEN.

Put Mirror in Kitchen.

NOT all the thought concerning the home should be devoted to culinary art, house-cleaning, etc. etc. Give some thought to the personal appearance of the housekeeper and her family. A mirror hung in a conspicuous place in the kitchen is a gentle reminder to the busy housewife, as well as the children. Try it and see the children hunt for a washbasin and comb.

Be Sure of Yeast.

To test yeast for baking add just enough warm water to dissolve, add a teaspoonful sugar, and set in a warm place. If fit to use it will become light and foamy in a few minutes. This test is sure, so that one need never "guess" whether yeast be good or stale.

To Brighten Saucepans.

Aluminium saucepans which have become blackened and which cannot be made bright with any of the usual polishes can be made bright by cooking the skins of rhubarb in them for an hour or so.

Do Not Clean Table.

In making pies and pastry a saving of time may be effected by taking a plain piece of wrapping paper, put on the kitchen table and roll out pie crust, and when finished roll up paper and burn; saves time in washing board.

Washing the Frying Pan.

Every housewife knows how annoying it is to try to wash a geasy frying pan in the dishwater, and having a greasy scum collect about the sides of the pan and on the cloth. The proper way to overcome this is slightly to heat the pan and then wipe all the grease away with a small piece of rag. Burn the rag, and then wash the pan in the ordinary way. All the grease will have been removed by the rag, and the pan then can be easily and satisfactorily washed. This is especially good for washing a pan in which fish has been fried.

When overheated take a glass of iced "Salada" Tea. It will prove most refreshing. As delightful as a dip in the sea. 58

of LOSING YOUR HAIR?
If you are looking old, you cannot have the same advantage as a young person, either in business or socially. Then get the "LUXURINE" of Dr. Prosse, of Paris, France, which will without fail and permanently restore to grey hair, all the rich natural color of early life, either fair, chestnut, brown or black (without dye). The hair will also stop falling and grow luxuriant, all dandruff will disappear and the hair become soft and glossy.
This precious discovery has been sanctioned in two memoranda accepted by the Academy of Medicine of Paris and every one can make a free experiment with it, you have only to send 10 cents for postage and you will receive a sample sufficient to prove its really marvellous efficacity. Address Dr. Prosse Agency, Dept. 20, 199 Commissioners st., Montreal.
31—1

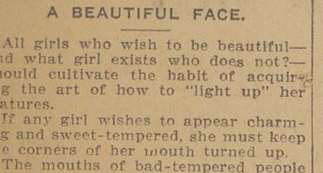
Superfluous Hair
Or Toughest Beard

on face, neck and arms instantly removed without pain or injury to the most delicate skin with preparation called RAZORINE of Dr. Simon, Paris, France.
$50 is offered for failure, and we are not afraid to have you try it free. If you will send us 10c to cover cost of postage and packing, we will send you a trial sample, sufficient to remove considerable hair and furnish a good test. Address Cooper & Co., Dept. 20, 199 Commissioners street, Montreal.
31—1

EVERY BOTTLE OF GENUINE
Coates Plymouth Gin
BEARS THIS LABEL

For sale by all reliable Wine Merchants
JAMES BUCHANAN & CO., Limited
EXPORT AGENTS
D. O. ROBLIN, TORONTO
SOLE CANADIAN AGENT
31—1

Heart and Home.



(Friends desiring an answer in this column should address communications to "Heart and Home," Standard Office, 71 St. James Street, Montreal.)

Need Not Worry.

"Unhappy Grey Eyes" suffers much because she thinks her looks prevent a man caring for her whom she desperately loves. She wants to know if I think he ever can care for me? I know he likes me, and is jealous if I talk home with anyone else. What would I do to make him really care for me as I care for him?"

If his caring is worth anything, you will have it in spite of your looks, if you wait. Don't you know that to a man who loves a woman she is the most beautiful woman on earth? I am sure you need not worry yourself over your appearance if you are kind and pleasant and good and agreeable.

Show Displeasure.

"Mistletoe" writes: "I am rather friendly with a man who seems very nice to me when we are together, but says unpleasant things behind my back about me. Might I tax him with the stories, or go on being friendly with him and take no notice? I feel puzzled as to the right thing to do, and would be glad if you would advise me."

It would be rather a mistake to go on as usual, wouldn't it? I think I should show him by my manner I was displeased. If he asks for an explanation, tell him frankly what you have heard. If he understands, it will save you the trouble of speaking openly about it. In any case, avoid him.

Treats With Respect.

"Kitty's" lover is not effusive. "We have been sweethearts for months, and I love him very much. We have been meeting nearly every night, but when he leaves me he never kisses me. Do you think he can love me very much? I don't feel as if he could. I thought lovers always kissed each other."

You ought to like him the better that he treats you with respect. He probably knows that a girl who respects herself does not let a man kiss her till they are engaged. Probably he will then make up for it.

Lose a Pleasure.

"Would it be proper," asks "Kiddie," "to give a man a birthday present? I have known him for some time, and we are very friendly, but are no more than friends. It is his birthday in a few weeks' time, and I should so like to give him something small. Would it seem very forward and unwomanly?"

I think it would be much better to wait till he makes the first advances. Girls are sometimes so anxious to take on themselves what is a man's privilege that they lose the pleasure of being courted—the greatest pleasure in life. You don't know how agreeable it is to have attention paid you if you try to pay all the attention.

A Natural Feeling.

"There is an understanding between a man and me," says "Ignorant," "and we hope to be engaged some day. He wants me to go and stay with his people, whom I only slightly know. They don't know there is anything between us, and I feel so underhand. I would rather not go till we are engaged, and they can know all about it."

I can understand the feeling. Suppose you tell your sweetheart you would rather wait a little. It would certainly be nicer for you to go when they have been told about it, and there is no feeling that you are hiding something from them. Men cannot enter into this feeling perhaps as much as women can. It is quite natural.

Care of the Hair.

"Gipsy" and her sister are in distress, owing to the fact that they are unable to dress their hair prettily. As they are pretty girls, it is a pity that this should be the case. I should go to a good ladies' hairdresser—if not in their own village, in the nearest large town—and have their hair properly dressed, watching carefully how it is done.

They could then practise the same method themselves. I know of no book dealing with the matter, but articles on the subject are frequently published in the fashion papers; or their hairdresser might be able to give them a booklet dealing with the subject.

A Lovers' Quarrel.

What a sad story it is that a reader who calls herself M. T. puts before me! Here is the case of a loving, trusting girl, who years ago became engaged to a certain young man. Of course, there were the usual tiffs and differences, and on one occasion argument waxed so hot that M. T. left her sweetheart in a terrible rage. Soon after he went to another country, and only returned last Christmas. He called on M. T., and said that he had come back to settle the date of the wedding-day. He gave her a ring, left her, and promised to turn up on the date fixed for the wedding. Since then, however, she has heard nothing from him, although she written again and again to ask him what he intends to do.

Poor M. T.! I am indeed sorry for you, because the thoughtless action of your lover has placed you in a most distressful position indeed. To have looked forward to marriage with the object of one's whole-hearted affection, to have made every preparation for the all-important day, and now, at the last moment, not to know even where your lover is, must be a great trial. His behaviour, M. T., has certainly been far from right, and I do not wonder that you feel so worried.

If, however, you still love him, in spite of his carelessness and unkindness, I should advise you to wait a little longer for him to explain away all that has passed.

If you have not your lover's address to which to forward the ring, just leave off wearing it, and put it away, to return to him when you are able.

If you care to write again to me, more fully as to your own feeling in the matter, I shall be pleased to help you, and sincerely trust that the decision you come to will bring you happiness.

Worms in children, if they be not attended to, cause convulsions, and often death. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will protect the children from these distressing afflictions.

A Sinking, Hollow, "All-Gone" Sensation at the Pit of the Stomach.
"THAT IS DYSPEPSIA"
A remedy which has rarely failed to give prompt relief and effect permanent cures even in the most obstinate cases, is
BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS
It acts by regulating and toning the digestive organs, removing costiveness, and increasing the appetite, and restoring health and vigor to the system.
Mrs. Alice Steeves, Springfield, N.S., writes:—"I have used Burdock Blood Bitters and find that few medicines can give such relief in Stomach Troubles and Dyspepsia. I was troubled for years with Dyspepsia and could get no relief until I tried B. B. B. I took three bottles and became cured, and now I can eat anything without it hurting me. I will recommend it to all having Stomach Trouble.
31—1

BRAVELY FACED HER DEATH

Special to The Standard.

Berlin, August 1.—Particulars have just come to hand of the execution of Grete Beler, the Saxon burgomaster's daughter, who had so little regard for the lives of others. She showed that she herself could at any rate look death in the face without flinching. It was half-past six as she was led out for execution from her cell into the courtyard of Freiburg jail. In the centre of the open space stood the guillotine, which had been brought from Dresden on the previous day. Close by were grouped the executioner, his two assistants, and other officials concerned in the carrying out of the capital sentence. Ranged up at some distance away was a crowd of 200 persons, to whom out of a thousand applicants' tickets had been granted for the grim spectacle.

SPENT LAST DAY WITH HER MOTHER.

The condemned girl had been allowed to spend some hours yesterday with her mother, who is serving a long sentence for complicity in her crimes, and was brought to her cell from a neighboring prison in charge of two warders. The night had been passed in prayer with ministers of religion, and the murderess is said to have displayed deep contrition. She now walked past the line of spectators with an absolutely steady gait and perfect composure of feature. Her inconspicuous figure was clad in a simple dark blue dress, cut out at the neck, and her carefully ordered hair was ornamented with a black bow.

SHE STOOD QUITE CALM.

A momentary flush spread over her pale cheeks as she became aware of the number of witnesses to her death. As the representative of the Public Prosecutor read out the death warrant in trembling voice, she stood quite calm before him, with her hands lightly clasped in front of her. The spectators were unable to discern either a twitch in her features or a tremor in her body. When the official had finished the document, and called upon the executioner to do his work, she did not wait to be led, but mounted the five steps which led to the guillotine with a light alert tread. Standing erect, she was quickly strapped on to the bascule, which was then swung into a horizontal position.

At this moment she opened her lips for the first time, and in a clear, sharp voice exclaimed, "Father, into Thy hands I commit my spirit." She was apparently about to speak further when the knife fell. The entire ceremony, from the moment of her leaving the cell, lasted only three minutes.

A large crowd had assembled outside the jail, and it was expected up till the last moment that a reprieve would come.

There is some criticism of the action of the authorities in admitting so many as 200 witnesses. In Prussia, where executions are still carried out with the axe, the non-official spectators are usually confined to a dozen.

THE STATE OF THE FRENCH NAVY.

Paris, August 1.—M. Salis, a member of the Navy Commission, draws a disquieting picture of the present state of the French navy.

In an interview with the "Liberte" he says: "The navy has dropped to an inferior rank, which is at once a disgrace and a danger. Insubordination and negligence reign from top to bottom of the naval hierarchy. The subalterns no longer obey their superior officers, and the sailors openly defy their chiefs.

"In the arsenals the workmen pay no attention to regulations, and their work is ridiculous.

"What wonder if our warships are sometimes built defectively, and if there are continual breakdowns as soon as they are afloat?"

PREDICTS NEW TYPE OF BATTLESHIPS

Special to The Standard.

London, Eng., August 1. _ An important forecast of the conditions under which a naval war would be fought by Great Britain and Germany is given by Colonel Cuniberti, the celebrated Italian naval constructor, in an article which he has written for the new edition of Mr. Fred. T. Jane's "Fighting Ships," published to-day.

Colonel Cuniberti, who was one of the first to predict the necessity for battleships of the Dreadnought class, now discusses the utility of such battleships in the event of an Anglo-German war, which would, he says, be fought in the North Sea and the Baltic, and doubtless include blockades.

He predicts the evolution of a "day-and-night battleship" of 20,000 tons _ one that will not only be efficient for long-distance battles in the daytime, but confidently withstand short-range night attacks from torpedoes, mines, and submarines, such as would be encountered during blockades.

"How can the 20,000 tons of displacement of the battleship of the future be divided so as to meet the necessities of a combat by day and equally to those of night?" asks Colonel Cuniberti.

"It is certainly not possible to balance these conflicting requirements so accurately as to obtain a type which will serve indiscriminately for all the navies of the world, and still less is this possible if it be contemplated to make such a type serve against any and every adversary. We have seen that each war has been followed by regroupings of interests which, even when not cemented by distinct alliances, may yet rapidly and entirely change the orientation of a navy.

"When such a change in orientation takes places, in most cases it would involve also a considerable change in the type of the war material, which, of course, is not always practical nor opportune. In any case, it would only be a great power with ample funds at its disposal which could afford repeatedly to transform its vessels and their armaments according to the new direction of its political aims."

3 HEAVY SENTENCES IN INDIA

Special to The Standard.

Allahabad, August 1.—Judgment in three sedition cases has been announced in one day, the sentences ranging from 14 months in the Arunodaya case and three years in the Yugantar case, to six years' transportation for Mr. Tilak. Mr. Tilak's case naturally excited the greatest amount of interest, as he is personally far better known than the editors of the two Calcutta sheets. It is sure, too, to give rise to a great outcry in the native press. The sentence is a heavy one for a man 53 years of age, but one has to remember Mr. Tilak's antecedents, his conviction ten years ago, his open preaching of Swaraj doctrines, his breach even with the moderates of the Congress party owing to the fiery nature of his propaganda. The jury, of course, had to stick to the alleged seditious articles, and to put aside bias, but they could hardly be blamed if, in the light of certain obvious facts, they regarded Mr. Tilak's arguments as hollow.

Mr. Tilak pleaded eloquently that he was defendng a down-trodden people against an unsympathetic bureaucracy and a virulent Anglo-Indian press, and posed as a martyr and a champion of liberty against repression. He asked the jury for justice, thanked them, the judge and the prosecution, for their conduct in his trial, and employed in his behalf all the persuasive arts of the professional agitator.

But all this could not prevent the judge or the jury from testing his arguments and seeing whether they rang true. The judge, himself an Indian, obviously had no doubts on the point. 'It seems to me," he said, in passing sentence, "that it must be a diseased and most perverted mind that can think that the articles you have written are legitimate articles in a political agitation. They preach violence; they spoke of murder with approval, and the bad, cowardly, and atrocious act of committing murders by bomb not only seems to meet with approval, but you hail the advent of bombs in India as if something had come to this country for its good."

HOMAGE TO THE GRERT CHAMPLAIN

Special to The Standard.

London, Eng., August 1. _ The special correspondent of the Daily Mail at Quebec writes the following vivid description of the celebration of Champlain Day:

The children of Roman Catholic France did homage to the memory of Champlain, the founder of Quebec. History and sentiment demanded that the celebrations should be initiated by the representatives of the race that introduced civilization into the valley of the St. Lawrence.

As the gay procession of children and young men moved through the crowded streets the centuries rolled back, and to the music of military bands there stepped out the soldiers of mediaeval days with banners unfurled to the breeze. It was not their dress alone but their appearance that proclaimed their French origin. Near the statue stood the picturesque representatives of the men who brought civilization to more than half the continent of North America. They grouped themselves at the foot of the Champlain statue, banners in hand, and placed their wreath of laurel before the founder of the city.

TO STIR THE IMAGINATION.

The scene might well stir the imagination. Young people were grouped about the statue that crowns the height where Champlain built his first habitation. At their feet flowed the river, flecked with foam, that bore the intrepid pioneer three centuries ago to the romantic land of the ruthless Iroquois. Purple hills bounded the grey horizon to the north, where sailed the Don de Dieu with its score of peasants and artisans.

Beyond the St. Lawrence rose the convent and the church in which is enshrined the faith of this Catholic community, and round the bend of the river lay the battlefield of the two races whose union is symbolized in the obelisk posterity has raised to Montcalm and Wolfe. In the midst of these descendants of the new France stood the bronze figure of Champlain in flowing robe, plumed hat in hand, saluting the west. "He hears us," said a little maid, and in truth he seemed to be listening to the voice of mediaeval France as he looked smilingly upon the children. A papal banner of white and gold fluttered in the breeze. Over against it was the fleur-de-lis with cross of white on blue, emblems of the race and religion deep-rooted in the soil.

Beneath the feet of the children lies the dust of the great champion who bore privations, dangers, and discouragement with heroic fortitude, whose name is not merely a tradition, but an inspiration.

TERRITORIALS ARE NOW IN CAMP

Special to The Standard.

London, Eng., August 1.—From today, August 1, until August 16, every day 66 bullocks will be required to feed the troops concentrated on Salisbury Plains. There are 40,000 men—25,000 of them Territorials—encamped there for 14 days, and that means 40,000 lbs. of meat per day and 40,000 lbs. of bread. During the fortnight 560,000 rations will be served out, representing 560,000 lbs. of meat. Other stores will be obtained exactly as if all the men were regulars, and the Territorials will have to find their milk and sugar by contributing the necessary halfpenny daily, as in the case of the ordinary soldier.

Mr. Haldane is carrying out strictly his promise to regard the new Territorial force as a serious body, aiming at thorough military discipline and having—what the volunteers never had—a recognized position in the scheme of national defence. Mr. Haldane will personally inspect this concentration of home guardsmen. He is putting the Territorial forces on their trial from August 1 till August 16.

England contains about 13,000 square miles of coalfields.

ALBANI SANG FOR THE POOR

Special to The Standard.

London, Eng., August 1. _ Mme. Albani, the great Canadian singer, last Sunday sang to a crowded congregation in St. Mary's Church, Somers Town. Little children, brought in from the streets to hear her, sat on the chancel steps. Working women and working men—some in Sunday clothes, but many in the toil-stained garments of every day—crowded the aisles and pews. The doors of the church were wide open, and throngs assembled round the porch to catch a few notes from the great prima donna.

The crowded congregation in that poor man's church hung as breathlessly on her singing as ever did an audience at Covent Garden or the Albert Hall, and the children gazed enraptured as the glorious notes of "Angels Ever Bright and Fair" thrilled through the church.

The Mayor and Council of St. Pancras were present in state, and the Rev. Dr. Collisson, after preaching an eloquent sermon on charity, accompanied Mme. Albani on the organ.

The wrestlers and athletes of India develop great strength by living on milk, a little goat's flesh, and plenty of food made from flour.

YUKON DANCE HALLS DOOMED.

Victoria, B.C., August 1.—The movement of the temperance wave throughout America has brought it even thus early as far north as the Arctic circle. One of the first measures offered to the Yukon Legislature, the annual session of which has just opened, is a bill for the elimination of all saloons within the territory, inclusive of Dawson City, and giving only to properly equipped hotels the right to sell intoxicants.

A blow has also been struck against the dance halls of the Yukon, the one remaining part of Canada in which women have been legally employed to promote the sale of liquor. Jack McCrimmon has been sentenced to thirty days' imprisonment at hard labor and without the option of a fine for running a dance hall. Justice Dugas, in rendering sentence, stated that a longer term would of a certainty be imposed upon the next conviction.

The stand of the Yukon authorities is paralleled by that of British Columbia, which has decided to grant no liquor permits or licenses along the line of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, now building, and which will probably introduce drastic temperance legislation for the entire province at the forthcoming session of the Provincial Legislature.

Gives no quarter and asks no favors—

Labatt's India Pale Ale

It has proved itself to be the superior of all Canadian ales—and the equal of the finest ales brewed abroad. And Labatt's is more than a delicious beverage. It is

A Perfect Tonic

It gives strength. It makes rich, red blood. It sharpens the appetite and assists digestion. It steadies the nerves and brings sound, refreshing sleep.

Labatt's Ale is rich in wholesome nourishment: *It is brewed of choice hops and malt*—and *is neither filtered nor pasteurized*, thus *all the food properties of the grain are retained.*

"I have examined samples of *Labatt's* Ale and find it perfectly sound, containing no impurities or adulterations, and can strongly recommend it as perfectly pure, and a very superior malt liquor."

HENRY H. CROFT.

A bottle of Labatt's Ale, with meals and at bedtime, is the best possible tonic

for Pale, Tired, Nervous People

At all dealers, Cafés and Hotels. Insist on Labatt's

Montreal Branch, J. W. Moffat, Manager, 127 Delorimier Ave. - Tel. East 1158.

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CALLS IT AN "INSPIRING CEREMONY"

Special to The Standard.

London, Eng., August 1.—The London Daily Express publishes the following editorial on the Quebec Tercentenary under the heading, "An Inspiring Ceremony":

"Even in the official translation the address presented to the Prince of Wales by the Mayor of Quebec glows with eloquence and color. The dignified allusion to the three centuries of the great city's life, the record of which reads, as is claimed with pride, more like an epic poem than sober history, and the tactful recognition of the benefits received both from France and England, reached a high level of oratory. The French-Canadian is proud of his ancestry, as he well may be. He has not forgotten the romance of former days. But he realizes with generous completeness the courtesy and care of Britain. We like to hear him speak of 'the two great countries who are our mothers.' We rejoice with him that on this great occasion it has been so ordered by a fortunate fate that the Frenchman in Canada can still cry: 'Long live the King!' That he can cry: 'Long live the Dauphin!' no more is compensated for by the opportunity to cry with heart and voice: 'Long live the Prince of Wales!' With the charming, easy loyalty that is bred in their bones, the French-Canadians have raised the cry. The honor paid by the representatives of Britain to the founder of Quebec has won their hearts. We may search past history in vain to find a parallel for a union so complete between old-time foes as is to be witnessed in Canada to-day.

"The Prince of Wales, in his reply, touched with a delicacy beyond all praise exactly the right note. He too spoke warmly of the undying memory of Samuel de Champlain. The few words of appreciation added by the Prince as a tribute from a modern sailor to the glory of the intrepid explorer had a value impossible to over-estimate. They supplied the personal interest that a formal reply to an address could hardly be expected to express. We have no doubt that those simple, straightforward sentences have forged a link which will stand many a strain. The Heir-Apparent was also thus enabled to signify to the representatives of France and the United States the hearty appreciation of the compliment paid to Great Britain and Canada by their presence which is felt both by the Empire and the King. Nothing seems to have been ill-done or left undone at this memorable and inspiring ceremony."

FASHION-FIT-FINISH

CLOTHES FOR MEN

The right kind of clothes at the right kind of prices.

The kind that you and I and all practical men like to wear.

If you don't know just what you want, you will find it here—if it's in vogue this season.

If you know just what you want you will find it here—if it's in vogue this season.

Suits, $12 to $25. Trousers, $3 to $7

226 ST. JAMES STREET

R. T. R. HOLCOMB, Manager.

31—1n

RUPTURE CURED

Through wearing the "Lindman" Truss. Read:—

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

This is to certify that I am completely healed of inguinal rupture after wearing a "Lindman" Truss for about twelve months.

L. O. McINTOSH,
24 Conway Street, Montreal.

Call or write for particulars.

B. LINDMAN,
16 McGill College avenue, Montreal.

31—1n

Fifty Dollars on the Capture of 'RAFFLES'

If the Local "Scotland Yarder" owns one of our new improved, Ontario made, Leach Pianos---if not, we will allow this on purchase price.

THE LEACH PIANO Co. Ltd.,

560 ST. CATHERINE ST. WEST.

31—1n

RAFFLES STILL IN FLIGHT

WE OFFER A SPECIAL PRIZE OF A $2.50 HAT TO THE CAPTURER OF RAFFLES.

In the event of that elusive gentleman being run to earth in our store—goods to the value of TEN DOLLARS will be presented to the lucky sleuth.

Straw and Panama Hats at 40% Reduction.

OPEN EVENINGS.

JOHN W. REID & CO.,

223 ST. CATHERINE WEST. One door West of Bleury.

31—1n

Stomach Upset?

Many things may cure you. One thing is almost certain to cure. Why experiment?—when you have the cure in a morning glass of

Abbey's Effer-vescent Salt 13

25c and 60c a bottle.

RISKS ON TAFT'S LIFE.

New York, August 1.—Lloyds, of London, have begun to issue policies on the life of William H. Taft. Through a local insurance broker yesterday they assumed a risk of $100,000 on the life of the Republican candidate for one year at 5 per cent., and it is understood that they are willing to write a considerable amount at that rate. Brokers said that 5 per cent. was unusually high for that class of policy, and pointed out that four years ago, when Lloyds assumed risks on the life of President Roosevelt, their rate was a fraction under 2 per cent.

Lloyds recently issued about $1,000,000 insurance against the election of William J. Bryan to the Presidency, most of which was taken out by brokers who were long of the market and wished to guard themselves against the loss that would result in the event that he was elected to the Presidency. The rush to take out these policies became so great that Lloyds raised the rate from 10 to 20 per cent., which practically put an end to the demand.

The fortune-teller is prominent at Chinese weddings; should his prophecies be unfavorable, either party may break off the match.

HARVARD NOT FOR THE PRINCE?

Special Cable to The Standard.

Berlin, August 1.—In connection with the otherwise prosaic announcement that Prince August Wilhelm, fourth son of the Kaiser, has passed the examination at Strassburg University qualifying him for the degree of doctor of political science, it is recalled that two years ago his parents withheld their consent to his marriage to his cousin, Princess Alexandra of Schleswig-Holstein until his university studies were finished.

The Prince accordingly hustled and qualified in two years instead of the customary three years. It is now assumed that he will obtain permission to marry, in which case doubtless the last will have been heard of his attending Harvard University.

They Soothe Excited Nerves.—Nervous affections are usually attributable to defective digestion ,as the stomach dominates the nerve centres. A course of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will still all disturbances of this character, and by restoring the stomach to normal action relieve the nerves from irritation. There is no sedative like them, and in the correction of irregularities of the digestive process, no preparation has done so effective work, as can be testified to by thousands.

Personal

Several social functions have been given this week in honor of the veteran warrior, Field Marshal Earl Roberts, and his daughter, the Lady Aileen Roberts, who, with the Hon. Hugh and Lady Susan Dawnay, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Meighen, Drummond street, on Thursday and Friday. On Thursday evening, Mr. and Mrs. Meighen entertained at dinner in honor of Lord Roberts, covers being laid for 28. The floral decorations consisted of sweet peas, lilies of the valley and pink and white asters. Mr. Meighen took in Lady Aileen Roberts; Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, Miss K. Scott; Capt. Dawnay, Miss Stephen; Mr. Stephenson, Miss Shepherd; Mr. Oppe, Miss J. Scott; Dr. Chipman, Mrs. Oppe; Dr. Shepherd, Lady Hickson; Earl Roberts, Mrs. Meighen; the Archbishop of Montreal, Lady Susan Dawnay; Mr. Clouston, Mrs. Meredith; Senator Forget, Mrs. Reford; Mr. T. J. Drummond, Mrs. Morse; Lieut.-Colonel Meighen, Mrs. Drummond; Mr. H. V. Meredith, Madame Forget. On Friday evening also, Mr. and Mrs. Meighen entertained at dinner in honor of their distinguished guest, those receiving invitations beng: Lord Strathcona, Sir Lomer Gouin, General Buchan, Mrs. F. Stephen, Mr. A. R. Creelman, Lieut.-Col. and Mrs. Cantlie, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Paton, Mr. and Mrs. George E. Drummond, Mr. Robert Reford, Miss Hickson, Mr. G. W. Stephens, Mr. Howard, Miss Howard, Miss Scott, Miss Gillespie.

From 5 until 7 yesterday afternoon, the beautiful grounds of the Meighen residence, Drummond street, were en fete, the occasion being the garden party given by Mr. and Mrs. Robert Meighen, in honor of Lord Roberts. Some 750 invitations had been issued, although many being out of town, were unable to be present. Mr. and Mrs. Robert Meighen and Mrs. R. Wilson Reford received the guests, who entered the grounds by the gate to the left of the main entrance. Mrs. Robert Meighen wore a handsome French gown of gauzy black texture. Lord Roberts, who had somewhat recovered from his indisposition of the morning, was present for some time. Invitingly arranged about the spacious shady stretches of lawn were chairs and tables. Daintily gowned women and their escorts sauntered up and down the flower bordered garden paths; and stationed near by, the band of the Royal Highlanders furnished music. The house, which was charmingly arranged with a profusion of summer bloom was also thrown open to the guests.

Among the invited guests were: Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Allan, the Misses Allan, Mr. Archibald Allan, Mr. R. A. Allan, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh A. Allan, Sir H. Montagu and Lady Allan, Mr. and Mrs. D. Forbes Angus, Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Angus, the Misses Angus, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Angus, Mr. and Mrs. A. Baumgarten, the Misses Baumgarten, Dr. and Mrs. James Bell, Dr. and Mrs. H. S. Birkett, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. L. Cains, Mr. and Mrs. Colin Campbell, Miss Campbell, Lt.-Col. and Mrs. G. S. Cantlie, Mr. and Mrs. George Caverhill, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Cassils, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Clouston, Miss Clouston, Mr. Jas. Crathern, Mr. Creelman, the Misses Creelman, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Dawes, the Misses Dawes, Sir George and Lady Drummond, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Archer, Mr. and Mrs. R. Stanley Bagg, Miss Bagg, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Benson, Dr. and Mrs. Blackader, Miss Blackader, Col. W. L. Bond, Mr. F. L. C. Bond, Mrs. Ewan, the Misses Ewan, Hon. A. Boyer, Mme. Boyer, Misses Boyer, Lieut.-Col. and Mrs. R. A. Brocks, Mr. T. Brosseau, Mme. Brosseau, Hon. J. P. B. and Mme Casgrain, Miss Casgrain, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Cassils, Mr. James Coristine, Miss Coristine, Mr. S. B. Coristine, Mr. and Mrs. R. Dale, Mr. Justice Davidson, Mrs. Davidson, Major Peers Davidson, Mrs. Peers Davidson, Mrs. F. Morse, Mr. F. W. Morse, Mr. and Mrs. David Morrice, Jr.; Mr., Mrs. and Miss Morrice, Mr. W. J. Morrice, Sir Wm. C. Macdonald, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Macdougall, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. MacInnes, Hon. R. Mackay, Mrs. Mackay and Miss Mackay, Dr. and Mrs. Ridley Mackenzie, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. MacTier, Mr. Bartlett McLennan, the Misses McLennan, Mr. and Mrs. D. McNicoll, Miss McNicoll, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Ogilvie, Mr. and Mrs. Shirley Ogilvie, Mr. G. L. Ogilvie, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Ogden, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Oppe, Hon. J. A. Ouimet, Mme. Ouimet, Mr. and Mrs. Robert MacD. Paterson, Mr. and Mrs. George E. Drummond, Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Drummond, Hon. Justice and Mrs. Dunlop, the Misses Dunlop, Senator and Mme. Forget, Miss Forget, Dr. and Mrs. Wm. Garner, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Greenshields, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Hays, the Misses Hays, Lady Hickson, the Misses Hickson, Dr. J. W. A. Hickon, Mr. Claud Hickson, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Holt, Mr. A. W. Hooper, Mr. Geo. R. Hooper, Mr. E. R. Hosmer, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Hosmer, Miss Hosmer, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Learmont, Dr. Charles F. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Meredith, Mr. and Mrs. H. V. Meredith, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Monk, Mr. and Mrs. Thornton Davidson, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Reid, Hon Justice C. J. Doherty, Mr and Mrs. John A. Douglas, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Dunlop, Mr. and Mrs. James Elmsley, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Evans, Dr. A. Mackenzie Forbes, Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Mitchell, Miss Mitchell, Mr. and Miss Alastian F. Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. W. de M. Marler, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Marler, Mr. and Mrs. Leslie H. Gault, Mr. W. J. Gear, Miss Gear, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Gillespie, the Misses Gillespie, Ernest Gillespie, Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Gillespie, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Godfrey, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Ramsay, Mr. and Mrs. John Turnbull, Miss Turnbull, Mr. and Mrs. H. Turnbull, Lieut.-Colonel and Mrs. W. A. Gault, Lieut.-Colonel Hamilton and Mrs. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Hampson, Mr. and Mrs. Hampson, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Holland, Miss Holland, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Holt, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Holland, Miss Holland, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Holt, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Holt, Mr. E. B. Hosmer, Mr. and Mrs. T. F. How, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Hutchison, Dr. J. Alex. Hutchison, Capt. W. H. Clark-Kennedy, Capt. E. C. Norsworthy, Mr. and Mrs. A. Kingman, Miss Kingman, Dr. E. P. Lachapelle, Mr. and Mrs. E. Lafleur, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Major, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. May, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Meredith, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Molson, Dr. and Mrs. Colby, Dr. J. McCrae, Captain Rykert McCuaig, Dr. and Mrs. Charles McEachran, Mr. and Mrs. R. P. McLea, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Macdougall, Mr. and Mrs. Allan Mackenzie, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. M. Pangman, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Henderson, Dr. Philip Burnett, Miss Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Pyke, Miss Peck, Lieut.-Colonel H. Prevost and Mme. Prevost, Mr. Andrew Reford, Dr. Campbell Howard, Miss Howard, Lt.-Col. E. A. Whitehead, Dr. and Mrs. H. B. Yates, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Cook, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stephen, Miss Stephen, Mr. and Mrs. F. N. Beardmore, Mr. and Mrs. R. Loring, Mr. and Mrs. A. Hamilton Gault, Mr. and Mrs. T. Chase Casgrain, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Lemay, Mr. Jas. Carruthers, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Archer, Major Geo. W. Stephens, the Hon. R. Dandurand and Mme. Dandurand, Miss Dandurand, Sir Alex. and Lady Lacoste, Mr. Paul Lacoste, Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Davis, Dr. and Mrs. J. G. Adami, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Ames, Mr. John Dougall, Mr. Fritz Dougall, Mr. James Brierley, Mr. Smeaton White, Mr. Richard White, Mr. W. J. White, Mr. Geo. Hadrill, The President and Members of the Council Board of Trade, Mr. E. Judge, Mr. A. Jacques, President and Council Chambre de Commerce. The Officer Commanding and Officers 1st Prince of Wales Fusiliers. The Officer Commanding and Officers of the Third Victoria Rifles, Mr. and Mrs. Farquhar Robertson, Mr. Justice and Mme. J. E. Robidoux, Major and Mrs. James G. Ross, Lt.-Colonel and Mrs. Carson, Mayor Payette, Miss Payette. Mrs. Ernest Stuart, Mr. W. J. Shaughnessy, Mr. F. Shaughnessy, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Skinner, Mr. and Mrs. Guy Boyer, Lt.-Col. R. Starke and Mrs. Starke, Ald. Ward, Ald. Stearns, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Stevenson, Miss Stevenson, Sir Melbourne and Lady Tait, Mr. J. C. Watson, Mr. Hugh Watson, Lt.-Col. E. W. Wilson, Mrs. Wilson, Miss Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Paton, Mr. and Mrs. R. Reford, Miss Reford, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Riddell, Mr. and Mrs. James Ross, Mr. and Mrs. J. K. L. Ross, Sir Thomas and Lady Shaughnessy, Dr. F. J. Shepherd, the Misses Shepherd, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Sise; Miss Sise, Mr. and Mrs. George H. Smithers, Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Strathy, Mr. H. Stikeman, Miss Stikeman, the Misses Stikeman, Capt. H. F. C. Stikeman, Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Stearns, Lt.-Col. & R. Starke, Mrs. Starke, Mr. and Mrs. Sheldon Stephens, Mr. L. de K. Stephens, Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, Mr. Howard, Miss Howard, Sir William C. Van Horne, Lady Van Horne, Mr. R. B. and Mrs. Van Horne, Dr. and Mrs. Von Eberts, Mr. and Miss Thibaudeau, Mrs. Buller, the Misses Buller, Archbishop Bruchesi, Rev. Dr. Symonds and Mrs. Symonds, Hon. Mr. Beique and Mme. Beique, Mr. L. J. Tarte, Mr. Jos Tarte, Mr. Arthur Dansereau, Hon. T. Berthiaume, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Bosworth, Miss Bosworth.

Denys Stephenson, Hon. Lionel and Mrs. Guest, Mrs. Hector Mackenzie, Mr. J. Gordon Mackenzie, Major E. N. Armstrong and Mrs. Armstrong; Major A. F. Gault and Mrs. Gault, Capt. F. Loomis and Mrs. Loomis, Capt. H. Mackay and Mrs. Mackay, Captain V. C. Buchanan and Mrs. Buchanan, Capt. R. H. Jamieson, Capt. C. N. Monsarratt and Mrs. Monsarrat, Capt. F. P. Buchanan, Capt. G. S. Cleghorn, Capt. S. C. Norsworthy, Capt. H. C. Walkem, and Mrs. Walkem, Capt. J. P. Rexford, Lieut. G. O. Lees, Lieut. D. B. Robertson, Lieut. E. N. Hill, Lieut. G. D. McGibbon, Lieut. H. V. N. Duggan and Mrs. Duggan, Lieut. K. G. Strachan, Lieut. Hackett and Mrs. Hackett, Capt. W. D. Birchell and Mrs. Birchell, Major E. R. Brown and Mrs. Brown, Major and Mrs. C. E. Gault, Rev. J. Edgar Hill and Mrs. Hill, Dr. and Mrs. W. H. P. Hill, Capt. and Mrs. C.C. Hole, Capt. and Mrs. W. F. Forbes, Capt. and Mrs. J. M. C. Muir, Major D. C. S. Miller, Lieut. W. Bovey, Lieut. J. E. Adamson, Lieut. Garraway, Hon. L. O. David, Mr. Rene Bauset, Mr. and Mrs. John McLean, the officer commanding and officers of No. 4 Field Ambulance; the officer commanding and officers of No. 5 Field Ambulance; the officer commanding and officers of No. 4 Company, Army Service Corps; Lieut.-Col. D. W. Lockerby and Mrs. Lockerby; Lieut. Col. W. J. Stewart and Mrs. Stewart; Lieut. Stewart, Major A. H. Anderson, Capt. A. O. Lambert, Lieut.-Col. Piche, Mr. and Mrs. P. Laing, Mr. C. J. Coverton, the Misses Coverton, Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Pelton, Mr. and Mrs. James A. Cantlie, Mr. and Mrs. R. Turnbull, the officer commanding and officers of Duke of York's Hussars, the officer commanding and officers of the 3rd Battery, the officer commanding and officers of 21st Battery, the officer commanding and officers of 2nd Regiment Artillery, the officer commanding and officers of Royal Canadian Dragoons, the officer commanding and officers of 4th Company Canadian Engineers, the officer commanding and officers of Corps of Guides, the officer commanding and officers of 65th Regiment.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Stanley Bagg, the Misses Stanley Bagg, Mrs. T. H. Smithers and the Misses Smithers are guests at "The Fleetwood," Kennebunk Beach.

Mrs. J. J. Guinea, and the Misses Elsie, Estella and Elizabeth Guinea are spending a few weeks at Montfort.

Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Williams and children are at the Bass Rock House, Kennebunk Beach, Maine.

Messrs. D. W. and J. S. Ogilvie and Mr. J. F. Cooke are at Kennebunk Beach.

Lady Chapleau is a guest at the Corona.

Dr. A. Armour Robertson has returned to town from Little Metis.

Dr. Norman A. Macnab, son of Mr. B. A. Macnab, has left for Calgary, Alberta.

Mr. and Mrs. James Ross have left town on a cruise on the yacht Sheilah. The party on board includes Mr. and Mrs. Matthews, of Toronto, and Mr. and Mrs. Sheldon Stephens, Montreal.

Miss Ruth Bosworth is spending the summer at Cap a l'Aigle.

Mr. Alfred Piddington, "The Grosvenor," has returned from Tadousac.

Dr. D. McKechnie, of Montreal, is the guest of Dr. R. H. M. Hardisty, in Sherbrooke.

Mr. John Hackett is visiting his parents the Hon. M. F. and Mrs. Hackett, in Stanstead.

Dr. and Mrs. C. H. Church and children are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Murray, "Ferncliff," Massawippi.

Mr. Gerhard Lomer, who recently returned from Egypt and Greece, is spending the week end at Sixteen Island Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Van Renselaer, of Philadelphia, and a yachting party including the Misses Fell and Randoff, and the Messrs. Fell, Perry Osborne and W. Reeves are at the Windsor.

The Rev. E. Bushell, of Westmount, has returned from a trip to Europe.

Sir George and Lady Drummond left Quebec for Cacouna during the week.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Beardmore are return passengers on the Tunisian.

General Sir Reginald Pole-Carew and Lady Beatrice Pole-Carew, who were in Montreal on Thursday, are making a trip through the Thousand Islands.

Master Hugh Allan is returning from England, where he has been attending school and will spend the remainder of the summer with his parents, Sir Montagu and Lady Allan.

Master Raymond Yates, son of Dr. and Mrs. Yates, is returning from England, where he has been at school.

Lady Grey is leaving immediately for England, where she will remain until early autumn. Capt. Newton, A.D.C., and Mr. Leveson-Gower also leave for the Old Country in August.

Archbishop Bruchesi has been spending some days the guest of Mr. Geo. Foster, K.C., at his summer home in Knowlton, Que.

Sir Thomas and Lady Shaughnessy and family, and Mr. Bartlett McLennan were among those who returned to Quebec on Thursday.

Mrs. Joshua A. Bell, Dorchester street, who has been in Gaspe, returned home during the week.

The Duke of Norfolk and the Earl of Ranfurly were passengers on the Virginian for England yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. P. Buchanan sailed on the Virginian yesterday. They will remain abroad for a couple of months.

Mr. J. S. Shepherd and Miss Hazel Shepherd, of California, who have been guests in town of Miss Rousselle, Crescent street, have left for their home.

Mr. C. H. Godfrey and family, Montreal, are in Little Metis.

Miss Dorothy Judah is the guest of Mrs. James Pyke, Hudson Heights.

The Masters Wilford and Keith Notman are at "Cedar Cliffs," Georgeville.

Mr. Gordon MacKinnon is spending some time with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James MacKinnon, at "Leo Cottage," Bondville, Que.

Mr. Pat. Dunlop, Montreal, is spending his holidays at Tadousac.

Miss S. H. Murray, "Ferncliff," Massawippi, is in town for a few days.

Mr. Theodore Morgan left town on Thursday for the Berkshire Hills, Conn.

Mrs. Walter Raleigh Kerr, a cousin of the Duke of Norfolk, was among the Montrealers who were at the Chateau, Quebec, during the Tercentenary.

The marriage was solemnized at high noon on Tuesday, on board the yacht "Mageliona," at Quebec, of Mrs. A. G. Sherriff, second daughter of the late Senator Fulford, of Brockville, Ont., to Mr. Charles A. MacLean, of Toronto, formerly of Montreal. The bride, who was gowned in ciel blue crepe de chine, embroidered in pink cherry blossom design, wearing a plumed picture hat of blue, was given away by the Premier, Sir Wilfred Laurier. The only ornament worn by the bride was a handsome diamond horseshoe, the gift of the bridegroom. The Rev. Wylie Clark, pastor of Chalmers Presbyterian Church, performed the ceremony in the presence of a brilliant gathering, including several of the Senators and Cabinet Ministers and their families. Mr. and Mrs. MacLean are spending the honeymoon in the Adirondacks. On their return they will reside in Brockville.

A very pretty wedding was that of Miss Annette Lewis, daughter of Mr. Louis Lewis, which took place at the residence of the bride's parents, 4464 Sherbrooke street, Westmount, at 6 p.m., on Wednesday, to Mr. Willie Hart, of Montreal. Rabbi Nathan Gordon performed the ceremony. The bride, who wore a lovely gown of white lace, long tulle veil and orange blossoms, carrying a shower bouquet of bridal roses and lilies of the valley, was attended by her sister, Miss Rosaline Lewis, who was gowned in rose pink messaline silk. Mr. Lewis gave his daughter away. Mr. Lionel Levy was best man. Mr. and Mrs. Hart are spending the honeymoon in the Muskoka Lake district, the bride travelling in a costume of brown Shantung and light straw hat trimmed with brown wings and ribbon.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Lorraine Percy, daughter of Mr. Charles Percy, Weredale Park, to Mr. James Creed Meredith, eldest son of Sir James Meredith, of "Cloneevin," Dublin.

Mr. and Mrs. William Foran and Miss Mildred Foran, of New York, are visiting relatives in Montreal on their way back from the Quebec Tercentenary.

The engagement is announced of Miss Frederica Gault Browne, youngest daughter of Mrs. John James Browne, to Mr. C. E. Winks, of Winnipeg.

The marriage took place in St. Gabriel's Church, July 22nd, of Miss Mary A. McDermott, to Mr. Adelard Gregoire the Rev. Father Fahey officiating. The bride was gowned in white silk mousseline and carried white roses and lilies of the valley. The wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Gregoire leaving immediately after on a trip to Boston and Portland.

The marriage took place quietly at Lynbank Villa, Chambly Canton, the residence of the bride's parents, on Monday morning, of Miss Ethel May Beattie, to Mr. W. L. Ployart, of Montreal. Mr. and Mrs. Ployart left after the ceremony on a trip to Portland and Boston.

The marriage took place in Sherbrooke Street Methodist Church, on Saturday afternoon last, at 4 o'clock, of Miss Bertha Owen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Owen, who was married to Mr. John Erskine Wylie, the Rev. T. A. Halpenny, M.A., officiating. The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a cream satin gown with train, tulle veil and wreath of orange blossoms, and carried a bouquet of white roses. Miss Alice Owen, the bride's sister, who was bridesmaid, wore a gown of cream voile, and large cream hat trimmed with American Beauty roses. She carried American Beauty roses. Mr. Harold O. Petersen acted as best man. After the ceremony a reception was held at the residence of the bride's parents. The bride travelled in a light brown costume with plumed hat to match. On their return in September they will reside on Masson street, Fairmount, Montreal.

Mr. Max Heinrich and Miss Julia Heinrich are spending the summer the guests of Dr. Macphail, in Orwell, P. E. I.

Mr. H. Spicer, of London, England, has been spending the week at the Windsor.

Miss Ramsay, Montreal, is the guest of Mrs. Andrew Joseph in Quebec.

Major G. R. Hooper has been in Quebec during the week.

Mr. Creelman and the Misses Creelman, on their return from Quebec, left for the sea.

Mr. M. Nolan de Lisle, Miss Beatrice de Lisle, and Master Alex de Lisle were in Quebec for the Tercentenary.

Mr. and Mrs. Horace Joseph and the Misses Joseph are the guests of Mrs. Andrew Joseph in Quebec.

Mrs. H. P. Christian Hare, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. A. G. Shirreff, during the past two months, has returned to her home in England.

Mr. Robert Bickerdike sailed for England on Friday by the steamship Canada.

Mr. Leandre Brault will shortly sail for Europe.

Mrs. George H. Thompson is spending the summer in Cap a l'Aigle, the guest of her sister, Mrs. George R. Nimmo, "Braehead."

Mr. A. A. Lefurgey, M.P., was at the Windsor during the week.

Captain Snyder and Lieut. Milne, of the U.S.S. New Hampshire, were guests over Sunday of Mrs. J. H. Shaw, Elm avenue, Westmount.

Mr. James Reid Wilson, Dr. Von Eberts, and Mr. Alexander Pringle are away on a fishing excursion in the Lower Provinces.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Payette, St. Famille street, returned the first of the week from Quebec, where they were the guests of Lieut.-Col. and Mrs. W. G. Fellows.

Dr. W. B. Howell, Union Avenue, is spending a short holiday in Cape Breton.

Mrs. Wurtele and Miss E. P. O'Brien were guests at the St. Louis, Quebec, during the Tercentenary.

Mr. Charles Gould, of McGill University, will shortly leave for a holiday on the Maine Coast.

Hon. L. P. Brodeur and Mme. Brodeur, Miles. Berthe Brodeur and de Lorimier, came up on Monday from Quebec on the yacht Lady Grey, leaving later for St. Hilaire.

Mrs. William Kissock, Mrs. Wilmot Kissock and family, and Mrs. Charles Pierce and family are at Bay View, Maine.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Sandeman, Crescent street, have been guests of Mrs. Montefiore Joseph, in Quebec, during the Tercentenary festivities.

Lord Strathcona was accompanied to Canada by his grandchildren, Miss Howard and Mr. Donald Howard.

Miss Lilias Terrill, Elm avenue, Westmount, left for Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., on Monday, where she will be the guest of the Rev. H. A. Brooke and Mrs. Brooke at the Rectory.

Mrs. Arthur P. Tippet and the Misses Tippet are at Trout Lake, Ste. Agathe, for the summer.

The Misses Clearihue have left for Carillon, where they will spend the month of August.

Mrs. H. J. Fisk has been at the Frontenac, Quebec, during the week.

Mrs. R. A. Meredith-Cape, of Montreal, was at the Chateau Frontenac, Quebec, during the week.

Mrs. R. A. Baldwin Hart, Miss Coffin, Miss Carriere, of Montreal, and Miss Chesterton, of Ottawa, returned to town after spending a week in Quebec.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Pringle, Bishop street, are spending some weeks at Poland Spring House, South Poland, Me.

Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Beck and family, Roslyn avenue, are in Portland, Maine.

Mrs. F. E. McKeyes and family, are at Lac Laroux, in the Laurentians

Mr. L. G. Claxton is spending a vacation in the Green Mountains.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Dawson and Miss Claire Dawson have gone to the Maine Coast.

Dr. George Hall is at present in England, and will attend the convention of the British Medical Society to be held in Sheffield on the 24th.

The Misses Margery and Muriel Crowdy, of London, and Miss Madeline Frazer, of Callybackey, Ireland, arrived on the SS. Tunisian yesterday and are the guests of Mrs. G. J. Crowdy at Beaurepaire.

Miss Dwyer, of Port Arthur, is visiting Miss Rose McKenna, Cote des Neiges Road.

Lieut.-Col. Jeffrey H. Burland and Mrs. Burland who, as guests of the Bishop of Quebec, and Mrs. Dunn, were present at all the brilliant functions of the Tercentenary celebrations, have returned to their summer residence, "Kilmarth," Little Metis, where Bishop and Mrs. Dunn will shortly pay them a visit.

Mr. Reginald Lloyd-Jones, who went to Quebec for the festivities, has returned to town.

Rev. Ernest and Mrs. McConnell, of Kuntsford, England, whose marriage took place on July 24th, were passengers on the Empress of Britain, and have arrived in Montreal. They will be at the Corona for a few days, after which they will leave for their future home in New Zealand.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Pringle, 216 Bishop street, have left the city for Poland Spring House, South Poland, Maine.

Madam Moore and Mrs. L. Spencer have returned from the Tercentenary celebration at Quebec.

GRAPHOLOGY.

Lady Lill.—A bright, happy nature; optimistic; decision of purpose; although not one who would be in the least presuming, you would always hold your own; a rather calm, cool nature, but a little fond of the boys.

Meg.—Love of minutiae and attention to detail; clearness of thought; a very easy-going nature; generosity; love of music; some artificiality; very self-centred, and slow to make friends.

Bonnie Brae.—Courage; dash; love of music and some ability; impatience; energy; the spending of money would be no fault in your eyes; artistic temperament; a bright and charming companion; one who would never be at a loss what to do or say.

Little Girl. — Contemplation; regard for the beautiful; very artistic tastes; affectionate; not above a flirtation, but you do not wear your heart on your sleeve; clearness of thought; some vanity; even-tempered; generous; fond of change and novelty; a happy nature.

Renie. — Frankness of speech; thoroughly natural, and quite free from vanity; contemplation; regard for the beautiful; buoyancy; keen sense of humor; you are fairly well satisfied with your position in life; love of music and harmony.

K. A. Y. — Decision of thought and purpose; talkativeness; one who would pick up knowledge quickly and off-hand; impulsive; strong individuality and intuition.

K. A. L. — Originality of thought and action; love of foreign travel; courage; liberality; diplomacy; affectionate; a bit of a flirt; a good talker; some impatience; artistic tastes; sociability; a staunch, loyal friend.

GUESTS AT LAKE ST. JOSEPH.

The following are guests at the Lake St. Joseph Hotel:—

N. de Struve, G. E. Bampton, K.C., Geo. Evans, Mrs. G. Hanson, Mr. and Mrs. H. St. Onge, J. R. Bourdeau, A. Lebeau, Eddy Cauchon, Mrs. J. Edgar and daughters, G. A. Campbell, A. Summers and family, A. D. Ritchie, Montreal; Y. Delagey, Paris, France; D. D. Mann and party, John Archibald, Miss J. Archibald, Mrs. G. Worts, A. Wicksteed, W. J. Rowland, W. H. Browne, J. B. Robertson, H. B. Spencer, G. E. McKinnon, Toronto, Ont.; H. Whitley, F. G. Speed, Howard Phipps, Ed. J. Smith, New York; Dr. and Mrs. H. P. Fontaine, Pembroke, N.H.; J. D. Aubin, Cobalt, Ont.; Dr. and Mrs. Arthur Inkes Johnson, Toronto, Ont.; Ed. Bennett, Boston, Mass.; Miss E. P Bissell, Wilmington, Del.; A. R. Meyer, Brooklyn, N.Y.; W. A. Allen, Ottawa; W. D. Fraser and wife, Dr. and Mrs. S. Grondin, Quebec; B. A. Chilton, Miss A. Chilton, Ottawa; A. Lamothe, St. Hyacinthe; John Tombs, Montreal; D. Silvester and Son, Worcester, Mass.; Miss C. W. Barclay, Brooklyn, N.Y.; Miss Elsie Barclay, H. R. Holland, Brooklyn, N.Y.; A. Graves, Boston, Mass.; E. A. Coleman and Mrs. Coleman, Chicago, Ill.

AT THE HOTEL ROBERVAL.

The following is a list of guests at Hotel Roberval, Roberval, for the week ending July 18th:—Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Gay, San Francisco; Lieut.-Col. and Mrs. Stanton, India; Major Stanton, Woolwich, Eng.; Misses H. E. Freeman and E. G. Cummings, Boston, Mass.; D. McGie, Mr. and Mr.. J. G. Scott, nurse and two children, Quebec; Edmund Taylor, E. A. Stacey, Grant G. Alexander, Greenville, Mass.; J. H. Somerville, Toronto; Dr. J. H. Woodward, Dr. R. A. Witthons, Dr. W. Colman, New York City; Rene Dupont, Quebec; Mr. and Mrs. J. Singles, Brooklyn; Mr. and Mrs. F. E. McCall, New York City; H. D'Hellencourt, J. Dombrowski Quebec; Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Tower, Plainfeld, N.J.; James Hull, H. D. Wright, Gloversville, N.Y.; C. O. McKeown, Montreal; Fred. Southworth, Wm. A. Brinckerhoff, New York City; J. McD. Wilson, Rev. Wylie Clark, Quebec; C. W. Emerson, Denver, Col.; Chas. F. Fritz, Watertown, Mass.; James P. Logan, E. E. Gnichtel, Newark, N.J.; P. Augustin-Normand, Peribonka, Que.; Misses Norris and Herrick, Cambridge, Mass.; Mrs. Margaret L. Hart, Charlie R. Hart, Buffalo, N.Y.; J. S. Baer, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. N. A. Normand, France; A. R. Barnes, Wm. A. Vawton, Chicago; Jos. Samson, Levis; F. C. Gosselin, Chicoutimi; F. E. Smith, New York City; Ph. Duclos, Levis; Onesime Tremblay, St. Jerome; Mr. and Mrs W. F. Stine, Kansas City, Mo.; W. S. Appleton, Boston; J. H. Sullivan, Valleyfield; Alex. Leslie, Montreal; Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Libbie, Boston; Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Norris, Dr. and Mrs. F. Whiting, New York City; Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Edgecomb, Syracuse; F. Whiting, jr., New York City; Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Gosselin, Scott Junction; Hon. Joseph C. Sibley, Mrs. J. C. Sibley, Mr. and Mrs. John A. Wilson, Miss Isla Row, Washington; B. G. Harrington, Washington; Mr. and Mrs. Bouce Ford, Chestnut Hill, Pa.; William H. Butler, Montreal; Dr. and Mrs. C. A. O'Reilly Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. Foley, Montreal; Mons. J. Fudgier, from the French warship "Leon Gambetta," Quebec; J. Cummings, Quebec; Mr. and Mrs. O. F. Solomon, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Penticost, Chicago; Fred. J. Turton, Scott's Point, P.Q.; Miss M. B. Hall, Brookline, Mass.; H. D. McLaughlin and party, U.S.A.

CATHOLIC SAILORS' CLUB.

The concert next Wednesday evening at the Catholic Sailors' Club promises to be equal to any that has taken place this season, with that object in view a programme is being arranged by the Ladies' Committee consisting of music, singing and dancing.

An Unscrupulous Druggist Will Try and Sell You a Substitute for DR. FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY Why?

Because "Dr. Fowler's" is the oldest and best known cure, having been on the market for 63 years, for DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, COLIC, CRAMPS, PAIN IN THE STOMACH, CHOLERA INFANTUM, CHOLERA MORBUS, SUMMER COMPLAINT, SEA SICKNESS, AND ALL FLUXES OF THE BOWELS.

When they offer to sell you a preparation "just as good" they have not the welfare of your health at heart but that of their pocket. All honest druggists will give you what you ask for. Ask for "Dr. Fowler's" and get the best.

Mrs. Thomas Miller, Allandale, Ont., writes:—"I suffered terribly with diarrhœa and asked the druggist for something to cure it. He gave me a small bottle of medicine of his own manufacture, but I got no relief from it. A friend advised me to get Dr. Fowler's Ext. of Wild Strawberry and I was cured after taking a few doses.

The genuine is 35 cents, and manufactured by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

31—1

Hunyadi Janos

Take half glass upon arising in the morning and enjoy good health all day

It is The Best Natural Laxative Water FOR CONSTIPATION

31—1n

¶ IN a class by itself and exclusively sold here is Our "Montreal" Souvenir Spoons.

Etched on the handle, which is of French-grey silver, are the coats-of-arms of the King, the Dominion, the Province and the City; also Maple Leaf and Beaver. On the back is a Montreal scene. We have various fancy Spoons in this design and call particular attention to the Orange Spoon.

¶ Prices from $2.00 up.

Johnston Bros., JEWELLERS, 483 St. Catherine Street West. (Near Peel Street.)

31—1n

If you cannot visit the store during the week, you'll find our mail order service very satisfactory.

W. H. Scroggie Limited

Write at once if in a hurry, for any of the goods advertised below.

August Sale of Infants' and Children's Wear.

White Wear Section

2nd Floor

Modern methods and machinery have made it unnecessary for mothers to do home sewing.

To buy materials and spend hours making them up is unwise waste of time and energy, when dainty little garments may be so cheaply bought. It has been our pride all along to keep the prettiest collection in the city at the most reasonable prices, and though sale time has lessened that collection to a considerable degree, it has also effected an even greater decrease in prices. They were never lower than now for same qualities.

BUSTER BROWN DRESSES, in blue and white, pink and white, and black and white ginghams and chambrays, deep collar, cuffs and belt, nicely trimmed with embroidery insertion, sizes for 6 to 14 years. Regular $1.49. Sale price $1.25

PERCALE DRESSES, blue and white stripes only, made with waist and full gathered skirt, neck, cuffs and front trimmed with white pique, sizes for 6 to 14 years. Regular 98c. Sale price 63c

PERCALE DRESSES, fine quality, in blue and white and red and white, waist and skirt style, with neck, yoke and cuffs nicely finished with lace; also Buster Brown Dresses, finished with fancy braid, ages 6 to 14. Regular $1.25. Sale price 98c

CHILDREN'S APRONS, fancy patterns, pink and pale blue print, made with yoke, with or without sleeves, very useful for children of all ages, sizes for 2 to 14 years. Special 45c

CHILDREN'S ROMPERS, in blue or brown chambray, ages 1½ to 4 years. Special 45c

CLEARANCE SALE OF CHILDREN'S BONNETS.

INFANTS' FINE MUSLIN BONNETS, in embroidery and lace, finished with lace ruching and long ties. Regular 75c, 89c and $1.15. To clear at 47c

CHILDREN'S WHITE DOTTED MUSLIN HATS, trimmed with deep embroidery frill. Regular $1.75. To clear at 98c

INFANTS' ALLOVER EMBROIDERY DUTCH BONNETS, trimmed with colored ribbon bows; also Children's Muslin Hats, with embroidery or lace trimming. Regular $1.50, $1.65 and $1.98. To clear at $1.10

INFANTS' MUSLIN EMBROIDERED BONNETS, finished with lace ruching and long ties. Regular prices, 35c, 45c and 49c. To clear at 29c

A TRAGEDY:

to find your dainty luncheon spoiled by an inferior salad dressing. Don't buy trash. Get the best.

C. & B'S MAYONNAISE SAUCE IS WHAT YOU WANT.

31—1n

B. M. & T. JENKINS,

Extend a Cordial Invitation to all visitors to Montreal, and will be pleased to have them view their

ANTIQUE GALLERIES

where is to be found the finest collection in the Dominion, of:—

OLD MAHOGANY AND ROSEWOOD FURNITURE, QUAINT OLD BRASS, SHEFFIELD PLATE and BRIC-A-BRAC of all kinds.

3 Phillips Square, Montreal

31—1n

STANFORD MARKET

Ice Kept and Government Inspected

A1 QUALITY MEATS

Telephones Up 4004 & 2598.

438 ST. CATHERINE ST. WEST.

31—1

SUMMER RESORTS.

THE NEW ROUTE TO THE SAGUENAY

Spend Your Vacation and Your Money in Your Own Province This Year.

SUGGESTIONS:

SIXTEEN ISLAND LAKE. "The Pearl of the Laurentians."

SHAWINIGAN FALLS "More picturesque than Niagara."

LA TUQUE "The heart of the St. Maurice."

LAKE EDWARD "Where the big trout lie."

ROBERVAL "The most northerly summer resort in Canada."

LAKE ST. JOHN "The home of the Ouananiche."

CHICOUTIMI "The majestic sombre Saguenay."

LAKE ST. JOSEPH "The Social Centre of Quebec."

THE SCENIC ROUTE BETWEEN MONTREAL AND QUEBEC Is Via THE CANADIAN NORTHERN.

31—1n

ABENAKIS SPRINGS, QUE.

The most delightful resort in Canada. Grand old trees and wide porches for those who care more for rest than recreation. Boating, Fishing, Tennis, Dancing, etc. ABENAKIS MINERAL WATER AND BATHS a cure for Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver troubles, Dyspepsia. Hotel open June 1st to October 1st. Moderate rates. For Booklet write: R. G. KIMPTON, Abenakis Springs, Que.

31—1n

EARLY CLOSING

The Big Store closes at 1 p.m. Saturdays and 5.30 p.m. other days during July and August.

THE S. CARSLEY Co. LIMITED.

Saturday, August 1, 1908.

THE SIXTH ANNUAL

NEW MANAGEMENT SALE

Begins Monday, August 3rd. What it Means——

The buyers and heads of departments have absolute power in the management of the store for stock clearing purposes—to reduce prices—to introduce new ideas—in fact, do anything that will add to the success of the business and themselves. The result will be the

Greatest Upheaval of all Classes of Merchandise Ever Seen or Heard of in Montreal

AT ASTOUNDINGLY LOW PRICES

REMNANTS—REMNANTS—REMNANTS

Every nook and corner has been thoroughly searched, and the results are to be seen in hundreds of yards of remnants, which will be displayed in every department Monday. They include:—

PRINT REMNANTS.
DRESS GOODS REMNANTS.
SILK REMNANTS.
TWEED (MEN'S) REMNANTS.
FURNITURE COVERING REMNANTS.
CARPET REMNANTS.

Reduced from 25 to 50 Per Cent.

FLANNEL AND FLANNELETTE REMNANTS.
RIBBON REMNANTS.
LACE REMNANTS.
SHEETING REMNANTS.
LINEN REMNANTS.
ETC., ETC.

$2.00 Shirtwaist Suits for 85c

325 Ladies' Shirtwaist Suits, Jumper effect, made of fine quality blue and white, black and white, polka dot print and fine check ginghams, trimmed with white and red edging, on braces and skirt; very full skirt, all sizes. Reg. $2.00. For..... 85c

90c Children's Dresses for 45c

Children's very serviceable summer dresses, made of good quality check gingham, and blue and white stripe print, French dress style and Buster Brown effect, shades of blue and white, black and white, and red and white; some trimmed with lace and others with white pique. Sizes 6 to 14 years. Reg. 90c. For 45c

Summer Dress Goods Must Go
50c to $1.25 Values for 28c

A collection of all this season's weaves, offered at a price to effect a speedy clearance.
2,000 yards French and English SUMMER SUITINGS, in stripes, checks and over-checks; in greys, white and black, fawns, blues. Regular 50c to $1.25. Monday.... 28c

25c to 60c Dress Muslins for 15c

Balance of all our high class MUSLINS, comprising Organdies and Mulls, will be offered Monday at clearance prices.
800 yards Organdies and Mull Dress Muslins, in stripe, spot and floral effects; colors of hello, pink, sky, navy, brown. Regular price, 25c to 60c. Monday 15c

Linen and Cotton Clearings

Plain Grey Sheetings, 2¼ yards wide. Reg. 27c. Special ... 18½c
Heavy Bleached Twill Sheetings, 2 yards wide. Reg. 30c. Special 22c
Good Cotton Hemstitched Pillow Slips. Reg. 20c. Special.. 12½c
Fine Lansdowne Cambric. Reg. 14c. Special 11½c
Heavy Crash Roller Towellings. Reg. 12c. Special 8½c
Checked Glass Towellings, 23 inches. Reg. 16c. Special ... 12½c

SEE TO-DAY'S PAPERS FOR FULL PARTICULARS.

THE S. CARSLEY Co. LIMITED.

SOCIAL NEWS FROM THE CAPITAL OF DOMINION.

By ONLOOKER.

The Governor-General's secretary, Mr. Arthur Sladen and Mrs. Sladen, returned to the Capital from Quebec on Friday. Mrs. Sladen's sister, Miss Lola Powell, one of the young ladies who took part in the pageant of the Court of Henry IV., has also returned to town.

Mrs. Chas. Read, president of the Ladies' Golf Association, is at present at St. Patrick's.

Mrs. Geo. H. Perley is visiting her daughter at Bath, Ont.

Mr. C. W. Pennock, inspector of the Bank of Ottawa, is at present in Montreal.

Mrs. C. A. E. Harriss, of 'Earnscliffe" is now in Cobourg, where she is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Dainty.

Mde. and Miss Eugenie Rheaume have returned from Quebec.

Misses May and Mabel Scott, of Winnipeg, have returned home after a visit to Col. and Mrs. Kellogg-Scott, Gilmour street.

Capt. E. Emmett Clarke, brigade-major of the 4th Infantry, 2nd division, is home from Quebec.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Irwin are in New York, en route to Narraganset.

Mr. and Mrs. I. T. Norris are at Blue Sea Lake, for a month.

Mr. F. W. Cowie has returned to Montreal.

Rev. W. F. and Mrs. Parker, of McPhail Memorial Church, have left for St. John, N.B.

Rev. James Young, of Merrivale, has left for England.

Rev. B. W. Thompson, of Hintonburg, is enjoying a vacation up the Gatineau.

Mde. and Miss Marie Coursol, who are at present in Naples, are sailing for home early in August, when Mde. Coursol will proceed immediately to California on a visit to her married daughter, Mrs. Hayden Holden.

Miss Boswell, of Minneapolis, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Geo. A. D. Taylor.

Mr. James Gillespie, C.E., of Winnipeg, is now residing in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Willson are now at their handsome residence at Beach Lake.

Miss Flossie Thompson, is visiting in Toronto and Barrie. While in Toronto, Miss Thompson attended the wedding of Miss Herbison, formerly of Ottawa, and sister of the Rev. Mr. Herbison, of Stewarton church.

Mr. G. J. Smith, is en route to Battleford, Sask.

Mr. H. Seguin, of the Imperial Bank of Canada, spent a few days in Quebec.

The engagement is announced of Miss Edith McCabe, youngest daughter of the late James McCabe, of Notre Dame du Lans, to Capt. Louis Phillipp Ormond Picard, of the Transcontinental Engineering staff, Que.

Dr. and Mrs. L. E. Stanley have returned to the city from a visit to Duluth, Mich.

Miss Rayside is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. J. Franklyn Kidd.

Mr. W. J. Chalmers, of Cobalt, spent a few days at the Russell last week.

Mr. Stuart Morgan spent the week end in Winnipeg, and sails next week for his home in England.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Taplin have returned from the Thousand Isles.

Rev. John Thompson, of Ayr, Scotland, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Thompson.

Dr. Reid, M.P., of Grenville, spent the week end in the city.

Miss Helen Ferguson, soprano singer, of All Saints' Church, is visiting at Smith's Falls.

Hon. Jacques Bureau, solicitor-general, spent two or three days, in town this week.

Former residents of Quebec, who went down for the Tercentenary and have since returned, are: Mr. J. J. Colville, Mr. Geo. Duncan, Mr. Lawrence Foley, and Mr. Percy Wilkinson.

Mr. John Osborne, manager of the Standard Bank, is now in Toronto, on a holiday trip.

Mr. Wm. Hardie, senior classic master at the Collegiate, is in Toronto.

Lord and Lady Aylmer are removing from their charming suburban home at Rockcliffe, early in October, to the West. Lady Aylmer suffers greatly from rheumatism, and it is hoped that the delightful climate of British Columbia will do much for her recovery. Queen's Bay, about twenty miles from Nelson, B.C. will be the future home of Lord Aylmer, who will be missed in the capital by his many friends and admirers.

The streets of the Capital are beginning to appear a little more normal in aspect, as about two thousand or so of her citizens have returned from the Ancient Capital. The sound of the military, as they passed through the streets en route to the Drill Hall was most welcome.

The officers of the G.G.F.G., and the 43rd Regiment, who were in Quebec for the gay week, had an enjoyable time. Col. Street, commandant of the Guards, and Mrs. Street, with Major and Mrs. Cunningham, were honored with invitations to meet His Royal Highness at the state reception on Thursday last.

Miss Lily McGee is the guest of Mrs. Roberts-Allan, at Kingsmere, and later on will leave to join Mrs. M. P. Davis's house party at Fernbank. Miss McGee, who motored to Boston with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Booth's party, reports a delightful trip, even during the heavy rains which befel them on the trip.

The members of the Ottawa Rowing Club are practicing every night on the Ottawa for the coming Canadian Henley, which takes place at St. Catharines, Ont., the 7th and 8th of August.

Miss Ara Drury, niece of General Drury, of Halifax, who is visiting Colonel and Mrs. L. H. Coutlee, is now in Kenora, the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Gault.

Mr. and Mrs. Blaylock, of Calgary, have returned to Toronto.

The officers of the Transcontinental Railway, who were well represented in Quebec, have returned.

Hon. S. N. Parent will spend the week-end at St. Hilaire.

Mr. Denis Murphy is another homecomer from the Ancient Capital.

Mrs. Arthur Hamilton, of Calgary, is the guest of her parents, Dr. and Mrs. James Mills.

The Misses Germaine and Rene Sauvalle, are now at Glace Bay, the guests of Dr. and Mrs. R. A. H. MacKeen, whose daughter visited in the Capital during the season.

Miss Agnes Baskerville and Miss Adele Gorman return home next week from a visit to Mrs. M. P. Davis, at the Thousand Isles.

Dr. and Mrs. Bonar, of the Royal Mint, are in England, and will return to this country in the autumn.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Goldthrite have been yachting in the Thousand Isles.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Code and family are camping at Born Island, on the Ottawa.

Mrs. Percy Aylwin is entertaining a large house party at her summer home on the St. Lawrence, near Brockville, which includes Mrs. J. P. Featherstone, Rev. Mr. Learned rector of New Jersey, and Mrs. Learned, Mr. Keith Scott, Miss Helen MacCuaig and Miss Fielding.

Miss Kathleen Ewart, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Ewart, has returned from Quebec.

Dr. and Mrs. A. T. Shillington have also returned home.

Miss Nannie Hughes, of Toronto, and Miss Ida Hughes, of Ottawa, are now at Algonquin Park.

Mr. Herbert Chambers is visiting Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Davis at the Thousand Islands.

Mr. and Mrs. Colin McIsaac have left Quebec for their home at Antigonish, N.S.

Rev. J. M. Snowdon, of St. George's Church, and Mrs. Snowdon, are at Blue Sea Lake for the season.

Rev. W. A. McIlroy is at present at Winona Lake. He will be absent until early in September.

Mrs. Hardie and her daughter, Miss Hardie, M.D., are now at Portland, Maine.

Ms. William Powell, who spent a few days in the city this week, has left for Haileybury, where her handsome summer bungalow is situated.

Mr. R. B. Whyte has returned from England, where he attended many of the horticultural exhibitions, in which he is much interested.

Mayor C. Herbert Moore, of Spokane, Wash., will visit the Capital next week on a visit to various friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Dudley Oliver, who have been visiting Dr. and Mrs. Eugene Haanel, have returned to their home in Manotick.

Mr. George Mountain, chief engineer of the Transcontinental, and Miss Edna Mountain, have returned from Quebec.

Mr. L. J. Burpee, librarian of the public library, has returned from Point au Chene.

Mrs. Nelles, of Guelph, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Walter Loucks, at Kingsmere.

Rev. Archdeacon Bogert, with Rev. W. H. Stiles, of Smith's Falls, are at the Clergy House at Cacouna.

Mr. W. H. Greene has returned to the Russell after a delightful holiday spent in the mountains.

Among others now in the city from Quebec are Dr. James Fletcher, of the Experimental Farm; Mr. E. R. Douglas, of the Customs Department; Mr. D. M. Gibson, Col. and Mrs. Kellogg, Scott, Captain Blatch, Captain E. Emmett Clarke and Captain E. de B. Panet.

Rev. H. A. Young has left by the Corsican for a six weeks' trip to England.

Mr. J. B. Brophy, C.E., of the Trent Valley Canal, spent the week end at his home, returning to Trenton on Monday.

Mr. G. S. Bale, modern language master, Kingston Collegiate, and Mr. G. E. Toy, of Meriden, Conn., are at present in the city.

Mrs. Edward Low, Waverley street, leaves next week on a visit to her son at Kingston.

Mr. Leonard Askwith has sailed for England.

Hon. H. R. Emmerson is at present at his home in Dorchester, N.B.

Mrs. Walter Stiles, of the Rectory, Smith's Falls, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. L. Brittain, at Britannia.

Rev. A. A. Cameron has sailed for England.

Lieut. Kenneth Macpherson has returned from duty in Quebec. Mrs. Fenwick, of Kingston, is visiting Col. and Mrs. Macpherson, at "Dalnavert," Cliff street.

Mr. Walter Bauer, of the Ottawa Canoe Club, has left to reside permanently in New York.

Mrs. Wilson Southam and family have left for Cargill to spend the summer.

Rev. J. R. H. Warren, of Toronto, was the guest of Canon Hannington for a few days recently.

Sir Frederick and Lady Borden were the guests of Mrs. Ernest Pacaud, 79 Esplanade, during their stay in Quebec. They have gone down to Nova Scotia for the summer.

Mr. T. B. Flint, clerk of the House of Commons, and Mrs. Flint, and Miss Marion Rogers, have left for Yarmouth.

The engagement is announced of Miss Clara Louise McCallum, daughter of Dr. R. S. McCallum, of "The Elms," Smith's Falls, to Mr. John McNeil Forbes, son of Dr. R. E. Forbes, of Bonavista, Nfld.

Miss Katharine Moore, who has lately returned from England, spent a few weeks with Mrs. Arthur Lindsay, at her cottage at Wakefield.

Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Moore are at Norway Bay for a few weeks.

Lieut.-Colonel and Mrs. Hurdman are spending a few weeks at Britannia with Mr. and Mrs. King.

Mrs. Charles Keefer, of Elmwood, Rockliffe, entertained at a house party recently, at her summer home at Blue Sea Lake. The party included Miss Elsie Keefer, Miss Madge Morse, Miss Ottillcy Fellowes, Miss Alice Burbidge, Mr. Allan Keefer and Mr. Duprez.

Dr. and Mrs. Desrosiers, of Detroit, arrive this week to visit Mr. and Mrs. Louis Desrosiers at Blue Sea Lake.

Lieut. E. A. Oliver, of the 43rd bec, and is now with Mrs. Oliver at Echo Bay, Aylmer.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Edwards have returned from Quebec, and have left on a trip on their launch, with their daughter, Mrs. Douglas Cameron, and little son, through the Thousand Islands.

Mrs. C. Colbrook Patterson, nee Miss Gwendolyn Church, has left again for the West, after a pleasant visit to Mr. and Mrs. Aubrey Rowan Legg.

Mrs. C. W. C. Bate has left for Little Metis.

Mr. E. J. Lemire, secretary to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and McArthur L. de Martigny are registered at the Chateau, Quebec.

Lieut.-Colonel A. L. Jarvis and Lieut.-Colonel S. C. D. Roper, of the G.G.F.G., have been granted the Colonial Auxiliary Forces officer's decoration.

Mr. E. H. Armstrong, K.C., Yarmouth, spent the week at the Russell.

Mr. James Dunlop, Dr. Leggett, and Mr. C. A. Matthews have gone down the St. Lawrence for a ten days' cruise.

Dr. W. Carden Cusens is spending a week at his summer home on Lake Deschenes.

Mrs. Edwin L. Sanders is visiting in Montreal.

Dr. R. H. Scott, house surgeon of the Protestant Hospital, is spending the next six months in Calgary and the West.

Dr. Davies, of Wrightsville, Hull, is spending a few days at Caledonia Springs.

Mr. Wann Gays will spend the month of August along the Atlantic Coast.

** ** **

QUEBEC.

The State ball, given in the Parliament Buildings in the Ancient Capital, on Friday evening of last week, on which occasion His Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales, was the guest of the Provincial Government was one of the most gorgeous affairs ever held in the Dominion. Other guests of note on that memorable occasion included their Excellencies, the Governor-General and Countess Grey, the officers of the English, French and United States warships, and the officers of the militia. His Royal Highness drove up to the brilliantly illuminated building a little before 1 o'clock, being received by a guard of honor formed of a detachment of Fusiliers of London, Ont. The spacious entrance hall and the Legislative Chambers upstairs were effectively hung with flags and festoons of laurel. Though both rooms were thrown open for dancing, space was decidedly limited, and some inconvenience was felt. When the Prince's arrival was announced the aides and honory aides formed a crescent about the dais in the Legislative Council Chamber whereon the three great chairs stood in state, thus making room for the Prince to enter the room from behind the Speaker's throne. Accompanied by Sir Louis Jette, he then proceeded to the seat of honor, having previously been received by the Lieutenant-Governor, the Provincial Premier, Sir Lomer Gouin, Hon. A. and Mrs. Turgeon, Hon. W. A. Weir, Hon. C. R. and Mrs. Devlin, Hon. J. C. and Mrs. Kaine, and Hon. L. A. and Mrs. Taschereau, who had also received the other guests. His Excellency next entered the room with Premier of the Province, Lady Grey being escorted to a place on the Prince's left. The Prince wore a uniform of an Admiral. A succession of guests from time to time occupied the chair at His Royal Highness' right, among those thus honored being Mrs. Fairbanks, wife of the Vice-President of the United States. His Royal Highness took in Madame Turgeon to supper in the supper room reserved for him and some others. Her Excellency went in with Sir Lomer Gouin, and His Excellency with Mrs. Kaine. After supper the Prince left almost immediately for the Citadel. The programmes, which were decorated with the provincial arms of Quebec, were inscribed with words to the effect that the ball was given by the Government of Quebec, on the occasion of the Tercentenary of the foundation of the city.

Among the beautifully gowned women present were: Her Excellency, Lady Grey, who wore a lovely robe of gold sequinned net, embroidered in conventional design, her jewels consisting of a diamond tiara, necklace, and a long string of pearls.

Lady Sybil Grey, in white satin trimmed with lace and embroidered in silver, a knot of blue flowers at the corsage.

Lady Beatrice Pole-Carew in a lovely gown of grey crepe de chine, embroidered in bugles of the same shade, and wearing a diamond tiara.

Lady Aileen Roberts and Lady Susan Dawney both wore white gowns.

Lady Hanbury-Williams wore a shell pink chiffon gown and diamond tiara.

Miss Hanbury-Williams was in white.

Lady Violet Elliott wore a gown of white tulle, mounted on white taffeta, with girdle of pale blue satin.

Lady Drummond was handsomely gowned in brown tulle, embroidered in sequins, relieved by touches of orange.

The Marchioness of Donegal wore cream satin embroidered in gold, and amethyst ornaments.

Lady Laurier wore a robe of white satin with trimmings of old lace and white silk embroideries.

Lady Jette wore a black sequinned gown.

Mrs. Fairbanks (Washington), wore a hand-painted white chiffon gown, the skirt edged with white satin, and trimmings of old lace.

Lady Allan was in ciel blue chiffon trimmed with pink roses.

Mme. A. Turgeon wore mauve tulle over silk of the same shade embroidered with sequins.

Mrs. L. A. Taschereau wore a gown of white Irish lace.

Mrs. C. R. Devlin was in black jetted net over black silk with touches of old rose.

Mrs. J. C. Kaine wore black jetted net over pale blue.

Mrs. Hamilton Gault was in pale pink embroidered crepe de chine.

Mrs. J. P. B. Casgrain, in white satin embroidered in silk and pearls and trimmed with old lace.

Mrs. G. W. Cooke, in white satin embroidered in silver.

Miss Enid Campbell, in pale pink chiffon.

Miss Doris Allan, pale pink satin.

Miss Hazel Allan, wearing white satin and old lace.

Miss Lilie Ogilvie, black lace over white silk.

Mrs. Arthur Gault, white lace gown.

Miss Aileen Smith, in pale pink crepe de chine.

Mrs. R. W. Reford, pale pink with fichu of pale pink chiffon edged with gold.

Mrs. Clarence Lyman, white satin trimmed with lace.

Mrs. Douglas Armour, in white lace with touches of pale blue.

Mrs. T. Chase Casgrain wore a gown of white mousseline embroidered in gold.

Miss May Riley, in white pointe d'esprit over pale blue.

Miss Brenda Molson, hand painted white chiffon over silk.

Miss Alice Shaughnessy was in pale blue liberty satin trimmed with old lace and sequins.

Miss Phillips, in black satin.

Miss Cairine Mackay wearing pale blue crepe, lace trimmed.

Miss Elaine Casgrain, in white satin and lace, embroidered in rosebud design.

Miss Marguerite Casgrain, in white chiffon.

Miss Alice Sutherland wore pale pink satin, lace trimmed.

All notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths must be endorsed with the names and addresses of the persons sending same.

BIRTHS.

BRAIDWOOD — At 454 Rachel street, on July 23rd, the wife of J. T. Braidwood, of a son.

CARROLL — At 545 Lansdowne avenue, Westmount, on July 28th, to Mr. and Mrs. I. M. S. Carroll, a son—Lovell Caverhill.

DAVIDSON — At 47 Marin avenue, on July 14th, 1908, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Davidson, a son.

LOUCKS — At 955 Wellington st., Verdun, on the 17th inst., a son to Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Loucks.

MORAN — At 130 Park avenue, on July 22nd, 1908, to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Moran, a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

McLEAN-SHERRIFF — On July 28th, at Quebec, by the Rev. Wylie Clark, Mr. Charles Wesley McLean, of Montreal, to Mrs. G. Sherriff, of Brockville, Ontario.

DEATHS IN THE CITY.

BARROW — In this city, July 31st, Margaret Elizabeth Hallinan, wife of John Barrow. Funeral Monday, at 7.30 a.m., from her late residence, 112 Paris st., to St. Gabriel's Church, thence to Cote des Neiges Cemetery.

GUEST — In this city, at the Alexandra Hospital, of diphtheria, on August 1st, 1908, Norman Wesley, eldest son of Robert Guest, aged 7 years and 6 months.

MOLSON — At her late residence, 259 Bishop street, Montreal, on Wednesday morning, July 29th, 1908, Harriet M. Kerr, widow of the late Geo. Elsdale Molson. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

NICHOLSON — Accidentally drowned at Shawbridge, on Wednesday, July 29th, Clarance Gordon Nicholson, aged nineteen years and five months, youngest son of the late George C. Nicholson. Funeral private. 182 2

STUART — Entered into rest, at her late residence, 219 Sherbrooke street West, on Friday, 31st July, 1908, Mary Henrietta Wilkins, dearly beloved wife of William Wallace Stuart, Esq., of this city, elder daughter of the late E. D. S. and Sophia Wilkins, granddaughter of the late Hon. R. C. Wilkins, formerly of the Legislative Council of Ontario, and of the late Col. Chas. Campbell, of Quebec. Quebec, Edmonton, Vancouver, and London, Eng., papers please copy. Funeral private.

DEATHS OUTSIDE THE CITY.

MAGUIRE — At Denver, Colorado, on Wednesday, 29th July, Charles M., eldest son of the late C. H. J. Maguire. 182 3

Housecraft or Art of Beautifying the Home.

POSSIBILITIES IN PAINT.

The born housekeeper is she who, on receiving a painter's estimate of the cost of renovating one or two designated rooms, sits up very straight indeed, and in a tone of virtuous indignation exlaims: "What robbery! I shall do it myself!"

One of the comic weeklies recently published an amusing illustration of a young couple in the throes of a paper-hanging experiment in their own drawing-room. The results can be imagined from the tragic exclamation with which the despairing husband turns to the bewildered wife: "Dear, why did we have stripes?"

In somewhat the same frame of mind many a valiant little woman bent on saving money by wielding her own paint-brush, sits in helpless dejection before a streaked and sticky door or window, asking herself ruefully: "Why did I have white paint?"

It is so delightfully human to blame the materials, the tools, anything but our own ignorance, for the failures due to it. It is just as easy to hang striped paper, to lay on white paint, as any other, providing one goes the right way about it. The trouble is, the hardy amateur is too impatient of that most important of all processes in work of any kind—preparation. He or she, especially she, likes to work with a dash, to make lightning transformations, to surprise the family with a display of unsuspected cleverness. The slow, deliberate methods of the common professional are scorned. The brilliant manner of the artist in the cheap novel or melodrama is preferred: he produces his masterpieces as by a miracle, while you wait! Vanity of vanities, and all is vanity! This is the kind of pride that goeth surely but justly before a fall into sloughs of shame and humiliation. "Dear, why did we have stripes?" Let this be the warning sounded to over-eager, over-confident spirits who, armed with an inadequate pot of ready-mixed paint and a brush too small for the purpose—only this and nothing more—start gaily in on the task of transforming a shabby room or a piece of furniture, regardless of dust and grime, of worn spots and rough ridges, of the danger of contact with delicate adjacent surfaces, of the imminent contingency of running short of material. Rather, with becoming humility and commendable patience, should a lesson in elementary practice be taken from the "mere" professional whom the landlord sends to paint the shutters or the stoop, and who would certainly not be there if he had not laboriously acquired the knowledge of

Setting aside the "no-sooner-thought-of-than-done" method as a temptation of the Evil One, the first step to be taken by the amateur painter is obviously a close inspection of the surface to be covered. Where there is a roughness caused by an accumulation of old paint, it should be scraped away with a knife or smoothed with sandpaper. Any visible cracks or holes should be filled with putty. The irrelevant, ubiquitous tack should be removed. Dust or dirt on ledges and in crevices should disappear when the entire surface to be painted is well washed and scrubbed with warm water and soap to remove every foreign substance. When the wood is thoroughly dry, any spots which are worn bare, or stained, should be touched with the fresh paint, thinning it off at the edges with turpentine. The putty should be covered in the same way, and left for at least twelve hours to dry.

** ** **

There is now a clear field to work upon, and with all this disagreeable labor behind one, the task of painting will be found easy and pleasant enough. The paint may be ordered by the pound from the regular dealer, when it is likely to be quite fresh and well mixed, or a can of ready-mixed paint may be procured at one of the department stores; but in the latter case, it may be necessary to spend from fifteen to twenty minutes vigorously mixing the settled pigment with the oil which will be found floating at the top. It is unsatisfactory to find the paint almost in a solid cake, therefore it is worth while to buy only from a reliable source and save oneself a bad quarter of an hour trying to blend the stubborn material. The best implement for mixing paint is a strong, round wooden stick. A chair-rung is ideal for the purpose.

When a fairly large surface is to be covered, a thick, round brush is the best. A smaller flat one, such as artists use, is convenient for doing extreme edges or narrow strips, such as divide the panes of a window. It is well to have a soft cloth or some paper at hand on which to wipe the brushes if they take up any dust, also to remove at once accidental spots or streaks of paint from the wall, floor or window. A dry brush is also of great convenience for removing dust from corners or ledges before applying the wet ones. A thin board or strip of heavy cardboard, moved along adjacent portions of walls and floors will protect those surfaces from accidental contact with the brush and help the painter to give a true edge to the work.

If a dead, flat surface is desired, the addition of turpentine will produce that result. The oil mixture will give a bright finish. The latter is desirable for bathrooms, kitchens, cupboards, nurseries, etc. A flat effect is more artistic and therefore more suitable for the living-rooms, but it is not so easily kept immaculate.

It is very important to have a generous supply of paint, and to stir it constantly, otherwise the first portion used will be thinner, and darker in tone than the remainder. If the paint seems to grow thick, some linseed oil or turpentine should be added and thoroughly mixed in. To avoid a streaky result, the paint should be of a consistency to spread freely. Let the brush follow the grain of the wood, working it back and forth until every interstice is well covered.

If the finished effect is not all that was expected, it may be found necessary to go over the whole, in a day or two with a second coat of thin flat paint or of bright enamel. This is a very easy process, and the result can hardly fail to please. The high finish is well worth the extra trouble and expense. If due precautions are taken to prevent dust from settling on the wet surface, and to guard against rough usage until the paint hardens, the renovation will be a just source of pride and pleasure to the worker.

Much trouble of cleaning up when the painting is finished is saved by the simple plan of carrying the paint-pot on a small tray or board (or a folded newspaper), which receives the drip, and on which the brush, the stick, the rag, etc., can be conveniently laid. This may sound trivial, but a very little experience with a pot of paint and a brush teaches the value of care and neatness in execution.

** ** **

To clean the brushes, press out as much of the paint as will come away in a rag or a bit of paper. Then immerse the bristles in turpentine, or gasoline (if there is no fire or light in the room) washing them finally with warm water and soap, and rinsing in cold water. If the brushes cannot be washed immediately, do not leave them in the paint-pot nor lying about, but press out the paint and immerse them in cold water. When needed again, wipe off the water, and the brushes will be found ready for use. A brush that has been used several times and kept in order gives better results than a new one.

When painting furniture, radiators, or other complicated surfaces, always do first the parts that are awkward of access, leaving the outer portions for the last. The painter must be prepared to execute some remarkable gymnastics in endeavoring to reach concealed details (which only become visible if slighted), and he will do it with more confidence if assured that while standing on his head, so to speak, his extremities are not ruthlessly blotting out the work already done.

A dollar's worth of white paint or enamel, applied in a workmanlike way to shelves, cupboards, window-frames, and other shabby woodwork or furniture, has wonderful renovating powers, and when successfully used by an amateur, represents a clear enonomy of ten to twenty dollars in labor.

In no other way can such a fresh, bright appearance be given to a room for such a small outlay.

SPECIAL SALE

Of All Odd Lines of

Men's, Women's and Children's

BOOTS, SHOES and SLIPPERS

MEN'S BOOTS, in a variety of styles and leathers. Were $5.00 and $5.50, now $3.45
WOMEN'S BOOTS, lace or button, in vici kid or velour calfskin. Were $4.00 and $4.50, now..... $3.00
WOMEN'S OXFORDS, were $3.50, now $2.65
WOMEN'S SLIPPERS, were $2.75, now..... $1.65
WOMEN'S SLIPPERS, were $3.50, now $1.95
WOMEN'S CANVAS SHOES, were $2.50, now..... $1.50
WOMEN'S TAN SHOES, were $4.50, now $2.80
MEN'S TAN SHOES, were $4.50, now $3.45
CHILDREN'S WHITE CANVAS SHOES ..... .75
MEN'S WHITE CANVAS TENNIS SHOES, were 3.50, now..... $2.20

W. H. STEWART, Limited,

517 West St. Catherine Street.

No Profit Sale

DURING THIS MONTH

Great many purchasers have already taken advantage of our "No Profit Sale." Why not you?

If you intend to furnish up your home there is no better opportunity to buy your

Furniture, Bedding and Carpets

for cash, and no better terms if you want credit.

If you are not ready to take them now, we will keep them insured and stored free of charge.

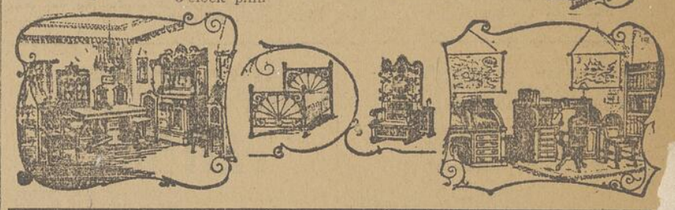
We are receiving carloads of new furniture every day, and we want to sell all we can of it before the busy season starts.

Give us a Furniture Call.

F. Lapointe

625 St. Catherine Street East, Corner Montcalm.

Mondays and Saturdays open until 10 o'clock p.m.



"THE NATION'S BIGGEST BIRTHDAY"

Special to The Standard.

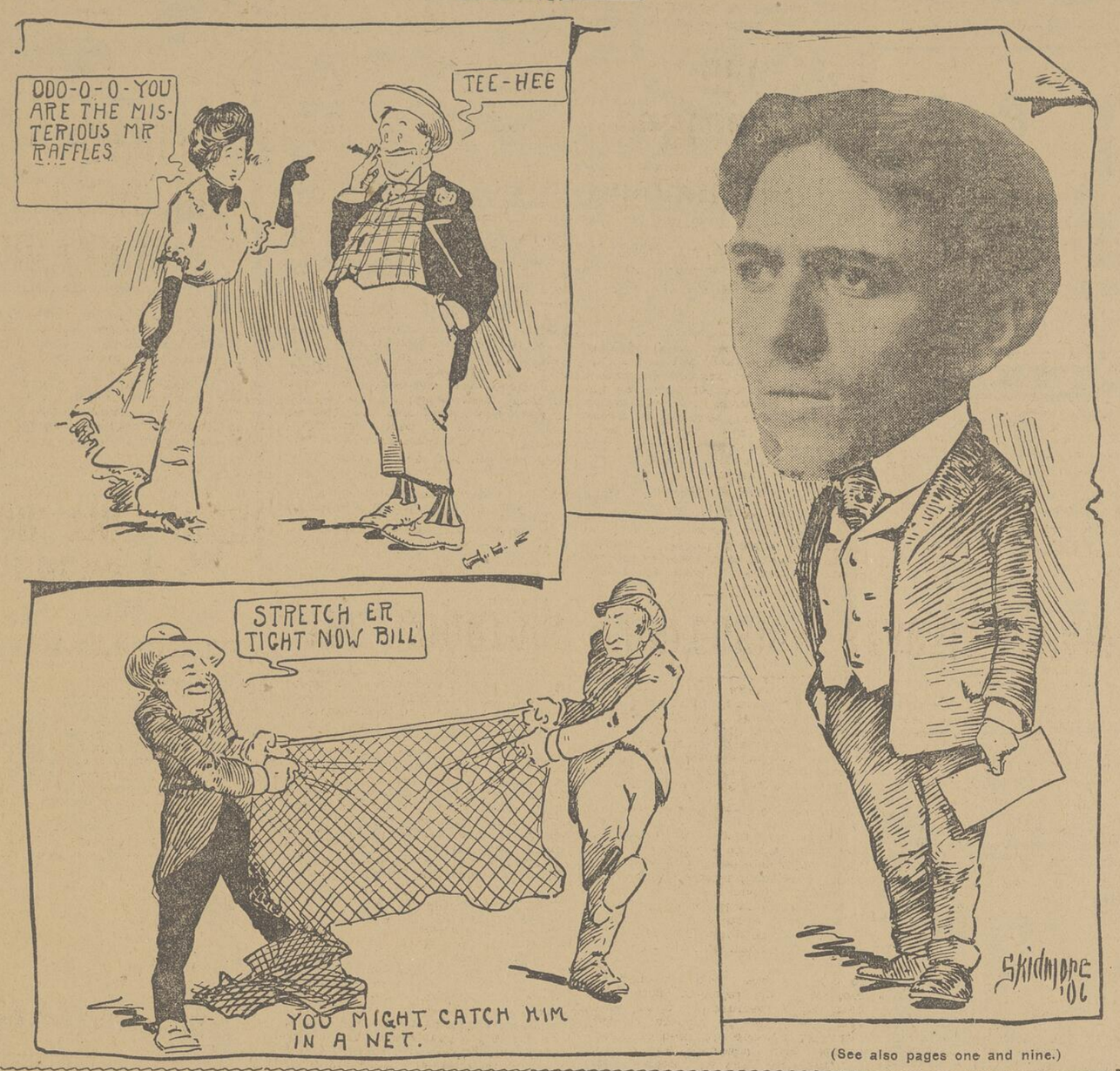
London, Eng., August 1.—The London Daily Telegraph in its special correspondence on the subject of the great Champlain Tercentenary celebration at Quebec, says :

In this wonderful demonstration French-Canadians are playing a prominent role. It is true that French-Canadians are still true to the faith, language, tradition, and customs of old France, from whose splendid stock they spring, and it would not be possible for them to enter into the spirit of the national festivity if the victory of Wolfe and the defeat of Montcalm were the prime objects to be commemorated. They realize, however, that these rejoicings, of which ancient Quebec is the scene, and in which all Canada, with many important representative guests from the Colonies and abroad are taking part, are of far wider scope; in a word, that we are celebrating the birthday of the great Canadian nation, in which all her people, with equal pride in her past and illimitable confidence in her radiant future, whether those people be French-speaking or English, Catholic or Protestant, can fully participate.

Quebec, the battleground of the new world, a city five times besieged; Quebec, the Gibraltar of North America, whose military glories are unsurpassed, is still the pride and glory of all French-Canadians. They flocked here in tens of thousands from all parts of the province, first, as they will tell you, to celebrate the landing of Samuel de Champlain 300 years ago, and, secondly, to greet with loyal affection the Prince of Wales, as representing King Edward—two great objects important in themselves, but both, as French-Canadians affirm, yielding place to the "celebration of the nation's biggest birthday."

MEN OF ST. ANN'S PARISH GOING ON PILGRIMAGE.

On Saturday August 8, will take place the annual pilgrimage of the men of St. Ann's parish to Ste. Anne de Beaupre. Rev. Father Flynn, C.SS.R., is in charge of the arrangements, and a large number of the men of the parish have signified their intention of joining in the visit to the shrine of the patron of their parish. The steamer Beaupre, on which the pilgrimage will make the trip, will leave the Richelieu wharf on Saturday afternoon, and after stopping a short time at Cap Madeleine will proceed direct to Ste. Anne de Beaupre. On Sunday the boat will return to Quebec, where some time will be allowed to visit the Ancient Capital, after which the party continue to Montreal, reaching home early on Monday.

BILLIE BLISS IS QUIETLY WAITING FOR SOME ONE TO "TELL HIM ALL ABOUT IT."

(See also pages one and nine.)

REFLOATING THE GIANT "GLADIATOR"

Special to The Standard.

Yarmouth, Eng., August 1—The Gladiator, the second-class British cruiser which was sunk in collision with the liner St. Paul near here on April 25, will be raised again. The salving operations have gone far enough to give high hopes for success.

The great problem in raising the Gladiator is not so much the size as the position of the ship. Lying, as it does, parallel to the entrance to the Solent, it is exposed to the full force of the tide, and the tide is unusually powerful just there. The first necessity has been, therefore, to move it out of the main current and into more shallow waters.

Two monster eight-inch wire ropes were fastened to the bow of the ship and to a point on the shore, so that as soon as she was raised sufficiently the bow could be hauled shorewards. Two gigantic cylinders, specially constructed for this work, had been sunk under the stem and the stern and then filled with compressed air, thus giving two powerful uplifting forces.

The two ends of the ship had been already closed up—hermetically sealed against water rushing in from the centre. It was now determined to pump out these two ends. The five gunboats approached the Gladiator and fastened themselves like leeches to it. Great pipes were inserted in the ship—12 in., 10 in., and 4 in. pipes—and the engines were set to work. Soon cascades of water rushed from the outflow engine pies—yellow water from the engine room, grey, gradually turning blacker, from either end.

Would the Gladiator move? During the first two hours little effect was visible save a straining at the wire ropes, which became gradually more intense. A glance through the manholes showed that the water within was rapidly falling. Now the great pools of stagnant water receded and revealed more of the ship's interior. Now it became certain that the Gladiator was rising at her bow.

But time was limited. Full tide came soon after five, and once the ebb had strongly set in it would be hopeless to try further. Gradually it became clear that the move could not take place to-day.

TRIP PROVED BENEFICIAL.

Mr. H. R. Charlton, of the Grand Trunk Railway System, this morning received a telegram from Mr. H. G. Elliott, assistant general passenger and ticket agent, announcing the safe arrival of the latter at Victoria, B.C. Owing to ill-health, Mr. Elliott left in June last for Australia, New Zealand and the Fiji Islands. From the nature of to-day's telegram he has returned to Canada greatly improved in health by his trip abroad. Mr. Elliott will reach Montreal on Wednesday next.

MOB HUNG FOUR NEGROES

Russellville, Ky., August 1.—Four negroes, Virgil, Tom and Robert Jones, and Joe Riley, were taken from jail here early to-day and hanged to a tree on the edge of the town. No shots were fired by the mob, which was composed of about fifty men, and the people of the town knew nothing of the affair until daylight revealed the four bodies dangling from a tree, just outside Russellville on the Naskville Pike. The following note was found pinned to the clothing on one of the bodies:

"Let this be a warning to you niggers to let white people alone or you will go the same way. Hugh Rogers better shut up or quit."

The negroes who were lynched were members of a lodge, and at a meeting recently it is said they approved of the killing of a white farmer named James Rodgers by a negro tenant. This murder occurred in the southern part of Logan County, and it is supposed here that the mob was made up of men from that part of the county.

The negroes had been in jail several days, and while there had been considerable unrest since the attempt on the part of the mob to take Browder, the slayer of Cunningham, from the jail, some night ago, no real trouble was anticipated, and there was no guard around the prison. The effort to get Browder failed because he was spirited out of jail by the sheriff and sent to Bowling Green, and later to Louisville, where he is now confined, awaiting trial. The mob came into town so quietly that not one of the residents of the city was roused from slumber. Proceeding at once to the county jail, the men called Jailer Butts to the door and ordered him to turn over his keys or be shot down. The mob entered the jail and took the four negroes—two of them not being given time to dress, to a tree on the outskirts of the city on the Nashville Pike, where the negroes were strung up in a row.

Contrary to the usual customs of mobs, no shots were fired at the swinging victims, and the mob dispersed as soon as it had finished its work. There is no clue to the members of the band.

ARMED PIRATES STOLE 5000 SALMON AND ALLOWED 25,000 TO ESCAPE

Bellingham, Wash., August 1.—Two armed pirates rowed up to a fish trap of the Alaska Packers' Association, just south of Point Roberts, yesterday, disarmed the watchman, bound and gagged him and leaving him at the trap, made off with 5,000 salmon, worth $2,000. Besides the fish they stole, the pirates left the trap open and allowed 25,000 additional fish to escape.

U. S. STEAMSHIP SERVICES WILL NOW BE CURTAILED

Notices emanating from the New York offices of the Cunard line to-day contain what is regarded as a rather significant commentary on the condition of the steamship business from that port. For some time past, the Cunards have been maintaining a semi-weekly service between New York and Liverpool, the vessels running from either end on Wednesday and Saturdays. Beginning on November 1st, the Wednesday trips will be discontinued, with a probability of course that they may be resumed next summer again. The move is looked on as significant in view of the unsatisfactory conditions which have prevailed recently in New York shipping circles.

The Maurentania and the Lusitania will be among the first to be laid out of commission. They will be given a thorough overhauling and refitted to be in readiness for the opening rush of the next summer season. Another of the largest vessels of the line, the Caronia, will be transferred to the Mediterranean service.

WELCOME FOR LORD LOVAT

The Scottish societies of Montreal are preparing to give a fitting welcome to Lord Lovat chief of the clan of "Fighting Frasers," and one of Scotland's most distinguished sons, on the occasion of his visit to Montreal on Monday. Lord Lovat has just completed a hasty tour of Nova Scotia, a country wherein are many memories of the Fraser clan, and where he was cordially welcomed and feted at different points. To-day he was at New Glasgow where he was tendered a civic reception and presented with an illuminated address. This evening he entrained for Montreal acompanied by Lieut.-Governor Fraser.

The St. Andrew's and the Caledonian Societies of Montreal are making arrangements for tendering Lord Lovat a reception at St. Andrew's Home here, on Monday afternoon, where he will also be presented with an illuminated address. Canada's "Grand Old Man," Lord Strathcona, will also be present on that occasion and will assist the officers of the societies, President Chas. Cassils and Vice-President Col. Gardner, of the St. Andrew's Society, and Col. Stevenson, President of the Caledonian Society, in the entertainment of the honored guest, who will arrive at St. Andrew's Home, at 4.30 o'clock, and will probably remain for a couple of hours.

Lord Lovat's stay in Montreal will, of necessity, be brief, as pressing business in Scotland requires that he should sail for home ten days later. He will spend a part of Sunday and Monday here, as the guest of Lord Strathcona, and on Tuesday will go on to Toronto and later to Winnipeg, in both of which places he will be feted by the Scottish societies. He will return to Montreal on the 12th to sail immediately for the Old Land again.

THE PAVING OF McGILL STREET

The recent excavations on McGill street have shown that under the paving blocks six inches of sand had been used. The heavy traffic on that street required that a good concrete should have been used. The difference between the cost of concrete and sand is considerable. A cubic yard of concrete costs $4.00; a cubic yard of sand costs 75 cents.

Mr. Barlow, the City Surveyor, informed The Standard, that McGill street had been laid down in 1873, and that the amount of sand used was called for in the contract. Far from using wrong material, the contractors had done all that was required of them.

It is about time more modern methods should be adopted by the city authorities. One inch of sand below paving blocks is all that is necessary to form a sort of cushion, but there is no doubt that the face should be of good concrete, otherwise each block will in time find a different level, and the result is a very uneven street.

BATCH OF WRITS OF SUMMONS

The following writs of summons were issued in the office of the Superior court to-day: Dame S. Page Atkinson, vs. Albert Theodule Lefebvre, her husband, ordering him to appear to answer for an action of separation. The plaintiff is being represented by Messrs. Chauvin and Baker, advocates.

Peter Kaphalos, clerk, vs. James Liskar, in action for the recovery of the sum of $261.81. Mr. F. X. Roy appears for the plaintiff.

Narcisse Gougeon, merchant, vs. Joseph H. Lafrenaye, of Boulevard St. Paul, and vs. Damasse Robillard, electrician, in action for a joint debt, with interest and costs. Mr. Horace J. Gagne appears for the plaintiff.

J. A. Pauze vs. J. B. Bureau, for recovery of debt. Mr. Pauze is being represented by Julien and Berard, advocates.

Orpha Lacroix vs. William Gauthier, her husband, for separation of their property. Plaintiff is represented by Mr. J. O. Laing.

Napoleon Sarrazin, operating under the name of "Itzweire and Sarrazin," vs. the "D—ignard" Company, for recovery of a $500 debt, plaintiff being represented by Messrs. Pelletier and Letourneau.

Switzerland heads the list of European countries in divorce, the rate being 40 divorces for every 1,000 marriages, France, with 21 per 1,000 coming second, and Germany third with 17 per 1,000.

EMPLOYES OF THE C. P. R. MAY "TAKE A HOLIDAY"

Special to The Standard.

Winnipeg, Aug. 1.—The employees of the C. P. R. in all the departments of Eastern and Western lines have by a vote of 97.3 per cent. decided to reject the majority report of the Conciliation board, T. W. McVety, representative of the men, when asked this morning what would be the result if the ultimatum incorporating the views of the men was presented to head officials of the Company and failed to receive a favorable reply within reasonable time, said: "Well, the men will take a holiday." "When will the holiday take place?" "I cannot say when."

Rumor, however, is busy, and has it that a general strike will follow refusal of the company to accept the demands of the men, and that a decision one way or the other is likely to be reached within a week.

The song of the bird was originally a cry of alarm.

TURKS CHEER FOR OLD ENGLAND

Special Cable to The Standard.

Constantinople, August 1.—The most remarkable scene since the demonstrations in honor of the constitution last Sunday was the impulsive welcome given Sir Gerard Lowther, the new British Ambassador, when he arrived at the railway station here to-day.

A great crowd, headed by Ali Kemal, a litterateur, who has just returned from exile, assembled with banners, and many of the demonstrators filled the station. There were shouts of "Long live England, liberty and the Constitution!" when the Ambassador arrived.

BANKRUPTCY PETITION IS FILED

Mr. Wilfrid Drouin, at the demand of Mr. W. Lafrance, has filed a petition in the Insolvency Court of bankruptcy.

His creditors are thirty-one in number, and his assets are in chief his stock of merchandise. Among the principal creditors are the following, with the amount of claim: W. R. Brock and Co., $2,137.46; Finlay Smith and Co., $357.79; Dame Emma Lenisse, $724.20; A. O. Marin and Co., $202.71; Greenshields Ltd., $208.79; Thos. May and Co., $198.93; Thibaudeau Brothers, $120.00; P. P. Martin and Co., $101.11; Banque d'Hochelaga, $150.00; Ganes Brothers, $100.90; A. Thomas, $550.00.

STEALING BRASS AT C.P.R. SHOPS

William Brisbois, an employe of the C. P. R. at the Angus Shops, was arrested last night on the charge of stealing brass from the company. He has been suspected for some time, and yesterday Special Constable Mansell saw him take several pieces of copper tubing and walk off. He traced him to a manger, where he hid the goods. On searching the cache, the police found about 100 pounds of brass hidden in the straw. When arraigned this morning before Judge Choquet, he pleaded guilty and will be sentenced on Tuesday.

BIG PEACE CONGRESS ENDED

London, Aug. 1.—The Seventeenth Universal Peace Congress, which has been in session in this city during the past week, came to an end to-day. The final discussions related to education for the furtherance of peace and for the protection of private shipping in time of war. Resolutions were adopted advocating an International Governmental Congress on education, with the object of informing teachers regarding the best methods of inculcating the love of peace in their students and in favor of the exception of private property from capture at sea.

The Next Congress will be held in Stockholm.

DISPOSAL OF PRISONERS A PUZZLE FOR THE JUDGE

Judge Choquet was in a dilemma this morning when he was confronted by no less than twenty Englishmen who had taken advantage of empty Grand Trunk cars for a siesta. They had been "pulled" in a body by Special Constable Harvey with the aid of a few sturdy bluecoats and a Black Maria.

The judge fined them all one dollar but none of the party had any money, so he had to commit them to jail.

Now the jail is at present very overcrowded no less than 400 prisoners being huddled within its walls, so the Judge did not wish to incur Governor Vallee's wrath by sending down another twenty.

At length he sent the crowd down for forty-eight hours with the admonition that the next appearance would be met with a sentence of six months.

THE COURTOIS' CONFESSION STARTLES PARIS.

Special to The Standard.

Paris, August 1.—A great sensation has been created in Paris by the confession of Courtois, the youth in the service of the Remy family. Courtois was over four hours in telling his terrible story, which has shocked even the most experienced police officials.

Courtois began by explaining that he had been kept rather at a distance by Renard, the butler, from whom he took his orders, and who rarely condescended to converse with him. On the afternoon of the fatal day, however, Renard, noticing that he looked downcast, made some flippant remark about love affairs going wrong, whereupon Courtois replied that life was rosy to the wealthy, but that they were not earning enough in service. "Of what use is youth if one has not the means of amusing oneself?" he asked. The butler reflected a few minutes, eyeing him intently all the time, and then he said, in a low voice, "You are right. Money only can bring us happiness. Now, listen! If you choose, we can be rich." Courtois thought that he was jesting, but Renard went on, in the same strain, and as he had to return to his work, said, ere they parted, "If you wish to be rich, wait for me at midnight in your room. Do not go to sleep, but wait patiently. Remember, it is at midnight."

RENARD APPEARED AT MIDNIGHT.

At the hour mentioned Renard appeared. He was entirely without clothes, and had a knife in his hand. Closing Courtois' door, he bade him remove his night garments and follow him. "Fortune is downstairs," he added. Courtois declares that he was frightened by Renard's manner and expression, as the butler's eyes seemed to be darting fire. He remonstrated, "But you are about to commit a crime, and we shall go to the scaffold. I wish to be rich, but not at such a price." Then Renard told him not to mind. He had thought it well over, and they would never be suspected. Even if they were arrested their guilt would never be proved.

MAKE A MISE EN SCENE.

We shall make a mise en scene, he said, which will convey the impression that burglars entered the house by night, and the police will never bring it home to us. Why are murderers caught? Because traces of blood are found on their linen and garments. We are unclothed, so there will not be any stains to betray us. We shall hide the money and jewellery until the affair has blown over, and then we shall sell the jewellery. Follow me. I assure you that you have nothing to fear.

THIRSTED FOR VENGEANCE.

Courtois says that he was fascinated by Renard. After a pause, Courtois gave the following awful account of the murder:

Exactly at ten minutes after midnight Renard and I entered the bedroom of our master, who was asleep. Renard flung himself on the old man, who awoke and tried to call out for help. While the butler repeatedly drove his knife into the victim I paralyzed his movements by squeezing his neck with one hand, while I held a pillow to his face with the other to drown his cries. Despite his 78 years, M. Remy was very strong, and offered a desperate resistance. We had hard work to overpower him and to prevent him from defending himself until Renard had at last succeeded in killing him.

WASHED OFF ALL STAINS.

Renard was covered with blood, as was the bed. The two men then laid the corpse on the carpet and washed themselves in the bath. This explains why no traces of blood were found on the linen or garments of the two servants, but soon Courtois noticed in a mirror that one of his elbows was still stained, and he removed the blood with the towel which was found subsequently, and which confirmed the suspicion that the crime had been perpetrated by one of the household. Afterwards they took the money and jewellery from Mme. Remy's desk, Renard throwing the jewel cases and some papers about to convey the impression that burglars had been at work. But the pair were greatly disappointed, as Renard knew that their master had just cashed a note for a large sum of money, and they only found about £17. Renard laid the knife near the corpse, and poured some wine into three glasses in the pantry. He wanted Courtois to go downstairs and open the front door, but he changed his mind, as he thought that the concierges might hear this. "But," he cried as he went up to his room, "the police will think, after all, that the burglars managed to get out that way. Let us go and rest. We have well earned it."

REVENUE OF CUSTOMS IS DROPPING

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, August 1.—Pending the expected increase in the imports for the fall trade, the Customs revenue of the Dominion is still dropping at a rapid rate. For the month just closing the total Customs revenue was $3,732,876, a decrease of $1,709,726, as compared with the revenue of July of last year. For the first four months of the present fiscal year the Customs receipts have been $14,458,745, as compared with $20,565,694 for the corresponding months of last year, a decrease of $6,106,949.

FLEW ADMIRAL'S FLAG FOR FIRST AND LAST TIME

A rather curious fact is recorded in connection with the visit of Rear Admiral Cowles to Quebec, as one of the representatives of the United States Government to the Tercentenary celebrations. Admiral Cowles had been only recently appointed to his present rank in the navy, and he will retire from the service at the end of the present month. His trip on the New Hampshire, therefore, was the first, and also the last, he will ever take as a flag officer.

Rear-Admiral Cowles is chief of the Navy Bureau of Equipment at Washington, and is brother-in-law to President Roosevelt. Mrs. Cowles accompanied her husband to Quebec, where she took a leading part in the social functions of the Tercentenary week.

JOHN HAD A PARCEL TO SELL

When Inspector Kenly, of the S. P. C. A., was walking along Dorchester street, John O'Brien, it is alleged, came up and wanted to sell a parcel. It contained some underwear, a pair of tartan socks, and a rubber stamp, bearing the name R. J. Stewart, 7 McGill College avenue. He said a lady on Cathcart street had given it to him.

"Well, come and see the lady," said the inspector. But when O'Brien got as far as the address given it is said that he changed his tune and said he had found the parcel. He also grew confidential, and acknowledged that he had just been out one day from a four months' sentence for vagrancy. He pleaded not guilty before Judge Choquet this morning, and will be tried on Wednesday.

SULTAN IS LOSING HIS POPULARITY

Constantinople, August 1. — The situation at Adrianapole, the headquarters of the second army corps, is giving rise to much concern. The strong feeling against the Sultan in Adrianapole has been evidenced by the tearing down of placards bearing the words "Long live the Sultan," while at a meeting held in the public gardens a protest was raised against cheers being given for the Sultan.

STOLE LEAD PIPE.

Alderich Lagacee and Hyacinth Malepart, two young lads, pleaded guilty this morning to the charge of having stolen some lead pipe from Mr. D. W. Brunet, broker. They had been arrested by Constable Arsenault. As it was their first offence, Judge Choquet let them off with a fine of five dollars and costs.

PRESIDENT'S INTERVENTION ASKED FOR

Scranton, Pa., August 1.—After an executive session that continued until this afternoon, the Grievance Board of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Switchmen issued an appeal to U.S. Commissioner of Labor, Charles P. Neill, and Chairman Martin Knapp, of the Interstate Commerce Commission, under the provisions of the Erdman law, asking for the intervention of President Roosevelt in the controversy between the switchman and the Lackawanna Company. This is the switchmen's last resort to effect peace.

Gutta percha is procured from the sap of the isonandra gutta, a forest tree which grows in the Malay Peninsula and adjacent islands.

AFFAIRS OF COMPANY WOUND UP

The petition of Mr. John S. Knowles that the affairs of the Trade and Travel Purchasing Company be wound up under the Winding-up Act, has been granted by the Judge of the Superior Court.

Mr. Knowles has a claim against the company for the sum of $525, and at a special meeting of the directors of the company on the 28th of July, it was unanimously resolved that "As the company cannot meet its liabilities as they become due a petition be presented to the court asking that a winding-up order be granted." This petitoin was granted yesterday afternoon, and to-day a petition of insolvency was filed in the Insolvency Court, assigning the assets of the company to Mr. Knowles as the sole creditor to the extent of $525.