

The State election in Vermont will take place on the 7th of September. More than usual interest attaches to the election as it is the first Northern State election prior to the Presidential contest in November.

In regard to the reported capture of the infamous Bender family, who committed so many murders in Kansas a few years ago, it turns out on examination that the old man and woman arrested are not the Benders, although they had confessed that they were, and a long string of murders.

The terms upon which Ministers have arranged in England for the completion of the Pacific Railway by a "land and money subsidy," can hardly be a subject for fair criticism until the terms are known. It is not probable that they will be made known until Parliament meets, as they must receive the sanction of Parliament before they can be effect.

Two or three Greenback orators who went down to Mississippi to get up a "boom" for their party, have come home disgusted. The "solid South" in that benighted region would not listen to them. One of them who had commenced an address, was first silenced by a brass band.

The Toronto Telegram comes to us in enlarged form and greatly improved in appearance. The proprietors have just put in one of the latest improved web-feeding presses in order to keep pace with the constantly increasing demand.

John Lovell, of Montreal, will publish, on the 18th inst., his Advanced Geography for the use of Schools and Colleges, edited by a gentleman residing in Ontario.

Three cases of highway robbery occurring in the streets of New York within twenty-four hours is a startling record. The courts should promptly check the development of this sort of crime by giving the robbers the benefit of the severest penalty the law provides.

The long chase after Victoria's band of hostile Apaches has ended for the present by the Indians crossing the frontier into Mexico. They attempted to take refuge there some months ago when closely pursued by the soldiers, but the Mexicans drove them back, and they recommenced their depredations on the American side of the border.

An immense gathering of Knight Templars and their families are at Chicago. It is reported that the hotel accommodations of the city were never before so tried. Many citizens have opened their houses.

It is reported from London, under date of the 16th, that Lady Dufferin is very ill with a fever.

IRELAND.

Advices from Ireland show an unusual state of agitation. Recently a foreign ship which entered the Cove of Cork to escape a storm, was entered at night by an armed and disguised party of men who robbed the vessel of a case of muskets, a part of the cargo of the vessel. No trace of the men or arms has been found. It is alleged that large bodies of the peasantry are being secretly drilled at night by Irish American Fenian emissaries, and also that large quantities of improved fire arms and ammunition have been secretly landed on the West coast of Ireland from the United States.

Great Trotting—2.11.3.4. Maud S., one of the Vanderbilt's trotters and St. Julien, the great California trotter, each trotted a mile at Rochester, N. Y., on Thursday last in the unprecedented time of 2.11.3. At 5 P. M. Owen A. Hickok drove St. Julien to the track, but went down past the judges' stand several times before he nodded to the judges to give the track, without a running mate or anything else than his driver to urge him, making his first quarter in 35s., half mile in 1.07, third quarter in 1.41, and the mile in 2.13—the fastest trotting ever done upon the Rochester track.

It was forty minutes later, when Bair, of Cincinnati, drove out the beautiful mare Maud S. Bair nodded to the judges and Maud was given the lead off the first time she came to the stretch. She completed her first quarter in 32s. second quarter in 1.05; third quarter in 1.38, and the mile in 2.11 an entire second lower than the best trotting time on record, and half a second better than the best pacer ever won. The wildest enthusiasm prevailed. St. Julien was brought out for his second heat.

There was less enthusiasm than before, but he got away in fine shape and trotted to the end of his first quarter in 31s.; the third in 1.33, and the mile 2.11, precisely the same time made by Maud S. in her first heat. The cheers of the crowd this time were strongly mingled with dissatisfaction, for not a single expert time-keeper, other than those in the judges' stand, made St. Julien's time less than 2.12; but the official record had to stand. Each horse had now earned a special purse of \$2,000 offered to each, and Stone of Cincinnati refused to permit the mare to be sped again, while Hickok took the same position.

Maud S. was trotted again, but she only made her second mile in 2.20, and was excused from her third heat, while St. Julien's third mile was trotted in the very ordinary time of 2.24. Both horses will endeavor to beat this time at Hartford this month for a purse of \$5,000.

If Proctor Knott has been mortally wounded, as reported, by a shot from a political opponent, the occurrence ought to serve as an impressive lesson to the people of Kentucky, and of the whole South, on the barbarous folly of settling personal and political quarrels with the pistol.

Smash-ups on the railroads are now the order of the day. The New York and New England road averages about one a week.

Miss Adelaide Neilson, the celebrated actress who died suddenly in Paris on Sunday, was subject to attacks of heart disease, and probably died of that disease.

It is getting to be believed in England that the new Ameer of Afghanistan was in collusion with Ayoub Khan as well as in close connection with the Russians.

Mr. Robert Wilkes, an ex-M.P. of Toronto, was accidentally drowned with two of his children at Sturgeon Point, Ont. on Monday. Mr. Wilkes was a prominent merchant in both Toronto and Montreal, and was much respected.

At the convention of Bankers of the United States, assembled at Saratoga last week, a resolution was passed in favour of the immediate enactment of a national bankrupt law of such a character as to discourage fraud and afford ready and efficient relief to honest debtors, and place all creditors, wherever located, upon an equal footing, with a uniformity of administration throughout the country, and to secure a prompt and equitable distribution of the assets of insolvent estates at the lowest possible cost; also to include a judicious system of composition whereby the settlement may be effected in proper cases upon terms satisfactory to a majority of the creditors, without the delay and expense incidental to full bankruptcy proceedings. The Executive Council was requested to take measures for urging Congress to pass this law.

DANVILLE, Va., Aug. 16.—A furious hailstorm swept through the neighborhood of Vernon Hill, Halifax County, yesterday, coming from a northern direction, embracing a section of country a mile and a half wide, and extending a great distance southward. The hailstones were very large; the wind blew a terrific gale, and there was a heavy fall of rain. One planter had 100,000 hills of tobacco destroyed, and other planters had large quantities ruined.

The War in Afghanistan.

LONDON, August 14.—A St. Petersburg despatch states that the *Nevskite*, in a leading article to-day, says the real reason why the English have withdrawn from Kabul is because they are too thoroughly frightened at their recent defeat and the prospect of a general Afghan rising to remain. The article is written in a caustic and exultant spirit, and clearly indicates the pleasure that a portion of the Russian press takes in the middle in which England finds herself in the East.

The following is a *verbatim* copy of the important despatch received from a correspondent at Petersburg last night: "I have grave reason to believe that Ayoub Khan has been acting in concert with and assisted by Abdul Rahman Khan, and that the most suspicious are not without some foundation. I would assuredly not send such disconcerting intelligence except on most serious grounds." The expression "most suspicious" probably refers to Russian intrigues, possibly to rumors of actual Russian co-operation with Ayoub Khan.

LONDON, August 16.—A despatch from Calcutta says Gen. Stewart's forces arrived at Soh Baba, in the Ghilzai country, yesterday; they met with no opposition. An unusual number of camp followers swells Gen. Stewart's force to 30,000 men, with 20,000 camels. Advices from Kabul report everything tranquil in that city.

LONDON, August 16.—A military correspondent says it seems possible that General Phayre will not relieve Candahar, owing to deficiency in transportation facilities. The losses to the British by the battle on the 27th of July are positively placed at 21 officers, 300 Europeans and 700 natives killed or missing, and 5 officers and 90 men wounded.

CANDAHAR, August 16.—The irregulars now occupy the neighboring villages around Candahar. Ayoub Khan has brought a few guns to bear on Kabul, but they are too far away to do much damage. Eight thousand Afghans have been expelled from the city. The garrison is well provisioned except with fresh meat. There are rumors of General Roberts' advance having reached Candahar.

LONDON, August 17.—A telegram from Khatlati Ghilzai, dated August 12, reports all well there, with plenty of supplies with which to assist Gen. Phayre to Candahar have returned to camp without being able to enter that city. Ayoub Khan's siege operations are still proceeding, and guns are being placed in position upon two points facing the city.

Prices of Hops. Hop growers should not be too ready this season to dispose of their product except at good figures. At this time last year there were in the country about 60,000 bales of old hops; to-day the most reliable information says that there is not a quarter of that in all hands, while many trustworthy persons believe that there are not over 5,000 bales in the hands of dealers all over the United States—less than half the average monthly consumption—while brewers, on the whole, have but a small surplus to fall back upon should prices of new hops be high. In this state the first of the new crop, "Palmer Seedlings," will probably be marketed from the middle of the month, and will hardly be more than 150 bales. The "Hamphrey," next, will, most likely, be ready to pick during the last week in August, and now promises a yield of from 700 to 800 bales, most of which will be exported, as usual; so that by the time the regular crop comes to market the supply of old and early will be very small. The consumption of beer the past year has been greater than ever before in a like period, and is rapidly increasing. The most trustworthy advices from abroad declare that the growing crops will be rather below than above an average, and that while the demand, will, almost certainly, be greater than heretofore, the stock on hand is unusually low and the foreign supply is hardly enough for home consumption. It would seem, therefore, that growers are in a position to fix the prices during the early part of the season, provided they do not lend a credulous ear to agents paid to buy hops at the lowest possible figure.—*Rural New Yorker*.

Gladstone was getting some statistics from London shipping agents, one day, when a wealthy shipowner, who didn't know him, said: "Thou writest a bonny hand, thou dost." "I am glad you think so," was the reply. "Thou dost, thou makest thy figures well; thou'rt just the chap I want." "Indeed?" "Yes, indeed," said the shipowner; "I'm a man of few words, but of thou'lt come over to Sunderland I'll give thee £120 a year. Now then." "I'm much obliged for the offer," was the answer, "and when Mr. Lindsay comes in I'll consult him." Mr. Lindsay, who was in the room, said: "Allow me, therefore, to introduce to you the Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone, of the Exchequer."

LONDON, August 16.—Lord Dufferin informs Earl Granville from St. Petersburg that the Russian Government is using its best endeavors for the preservation of peace in Albania and Montenegro, also that Russia will in no wise interfere with an attempt to secure the enforcement of the provisions to the Berlin Treaty so long as the policy agreed upon shall tend to secure the general peace of Europe.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Aug. 16.—There was a frost in the interior of the river counties this morning. Mountain travelers report the mercury at 50°, and fires were not uncomfortable.

GALVESTON, Tex., Aug. 16.—The *News* has the following special from Galind: "On Friday a terrific cyclone prevailed for two minutes, demolishing twenty-five houses, injuring five persons, and causing a loss of \$15,000.

A Nebraska Indian contrived to swallow a lot of dynamite, and now he can stand around the corners and call a white man anything he chooses without being kicked for his insolence. They're shy of jarring him, even.

A little boy being told by his mother to take a powder she had prepared for him, "Powder, powder," said he, "mother, I ain't a gun."

Murder of a Missionary.

A despatch from Constantinople said the news of the assassination of Dr. Parsons, for 30 years a missionary in Turkey, as follows: Dr. Parsons, accompanied by his American servant, was making a professional tour in the mountains east of Ismid, and encamped on the night of the 4th inst. by the roadside in the vicinity of some Zuraks of a semi-nomadic tribe. Two mullahs, shepherds who have since been arrested, confessed to the murder, and they shot the doctor and one of his servants, and the two travelers as they slept and robbed them of their money, amounting to less than a pound. As Dr. Parsons did not reach his destination at the expected time, and as his horses were found wandering about the hills, his friends instituted a search, and their bodies were discovered under some bushes near the scene of the murder.

Pacific Railway.

As an indication of the views of the more moderate section of the Opposition on the subject of the mission of the Canadian Ministers to England on the subject of the Pacific Railway, we give the following from the leading English Liberal organs of this Province:—

(From the *Quebec Chronicle*). "There should be no two opinions on this question. Both sides ought to unite in strengthening the Ministry's hands in a matter of so much vital importance to the country. Opposition in a case of this kind looks very much like factious opposition; it should be frowned down by every right thinking man in the community. We shall await further details of this most important matter with much anxiety."

(From the *Montreal Herald*). "We trust that the news which we yesterday published from the Ottawa *Citizen* may turn out to be true. There never was before so good an opportunity to our Ministers as now attempting to carry out in England. There has rarely been such a plethora of capital seeking employment; never such a tendency to emigration on the part of European populations, and never so much attractive to any country as has been spread abroad respecting our Northwestern Provinces. These facts have made us all very hopeful that Sir John and his colleagues would succeed in procuring the means of building the Pacific Railway for payments made in acres."

There never was before so good an opportunity, and the country will have reason to congratulate itself if the news shall turn out to be well founded and if a reasonable contract shall be made. An embarrassment of a very grave kind, which has weighed down the energies of our people ever since the untimely death of Sir John, and which British Columbia was admitted to the Dominion, would be removed if a great Company could see its way clear to take up the enterprise for payments in land. Many other enterprises, too, nearer home, will undoubtedly receive a powerful impetus if this scheme can be carried out.

News in Brief.

Adelaide Nelson, the actress, died suddenly in Paris on Sunday.

Chicago will be a lively city for the remainder of this week. The city is magnificently decorated in honor of the Knight Templars, who are expected from all parts of the country. Twelve thousand tents have been erected along the lake front to accommodate the visitors, a good many of whom have already arrived.

The American riflemen beat their Canadian brethren on Saturday at Creedmoor, outshooting them at all the ranges.

The Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain Railway round house at Ogdensburg, which was destroyed by fire with five locomotives, loss \$100,000.

About 600 mill operatives of Fall River went to Mount Hope, R. I., Saturday on a picnic excursion. A good many of them got drunk, and while waiting for the steamer to return home about fifteen men and women were precipitated into the water by the tipping up of a plank. None were drowned, although the oldest rumormongers circulated at Fall River and created intense excitement.

The Cologne Cathedral is at last finished. The first stone was laid 630 years ago, and the last one on Saturday.

A St. Petersburg correspondent of the *London News* charges the present Ameer and the Russian Government with giving assistance to Ayoub Khan.

John J. Murphy, cripple, and one of the United States census enumerators, was held for examination on Friday by U. S. Commissioner Shields, New York, on a charge of making out a false and fictitious census return, in which he had inserted the name of a resident of 1194 Greene street, New York, as having been a resident of Hill-fame. He had entered as residents James A. Garfield, of Ohio, book-keeper; Chester A. Arthur, collector; Edward Cooper, glue-maker; James Conkling, notion store-keeper; James G. Blaine, of Maine, stock-broker; and Lewis Sandford, cook. The prisoner says he was given these names by the people in the house, but the residents say that Murphy must have altered them. The penalty for this offence is \$5,000 fine, and two years' imprisonment.

One of the census enumerators, in sending in his returns on Monday in Washington, drew a picture of a second Dr. Fanner, and put under it: "Four weeks and I have seen no pay or heard when I get it. I am starving." Gen. Walker took in the joke, and endorsed the paper as follows: "Save this man's life. Make his account special." It was made special and the enumerator is now able to get a square meal.

The electric machine of a circus side show shocked a young man to death at Woodford, Illinois.

A boyish novice in smoking turned deadly pale and threw away his cigar. Said he: "That's sumthin' in it air cigar that's made me sick." "I know what it is," said his companion, pulling away. "What?" "Tobacco."

When you see a man take off his hat to you, it is a sign that he respects you; but when he is seen divesting himself of his coat, you can make up your mind that he intends you shall respect him.

The Pacific Railway.

We have great satisfaction in announcing that the mission of the Canadian Ministers to London has proved completely successful, and that arrangements have been made with a powerful syndicate for the construction of the Pacific Railway as a private enterprise, for the consideration of a subsidy in land and money. The news we are sure, will be received with the greatest pleasure by the Canadian people. In spite of the Opposition of the *Globe* and of the *Post* papers in Ontario, even the Opposition newspapers see in this success cause for patriotic congratulation. It is a rather remarkable fact that the first announcement of success should have been made in Canada through the *Globe's* London correspondent. We ventured the statement, in reply to the *Globe's* presence that it had information of failure, that if failure had occurred, its correspondent, who has excellent sources of information, would have informed it of the fact. Our confidence is thus vindicated. There is a poetic justice in the fact that the very newspaper which has been protesting to the information of failure, should be the first to announce success.—*Mont. Gazette*.

Fearful Accident on the West Jersey Railroad.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 12.—At midnight a despatch was sent to Camden for thirty-five stretchers, which would indicate that the number injured was larger than at first supposed.—News of the accident caused intense excitement here, and when the delayed express arrived, at about midnight, the crowd gathered at the depot. When the train arrived there were calls for the excursion train hands, but it is reported that they had prudently changed their uniform. Owing to the excitement prevailing but few names of victims could be obtained. It was learned, however, that a man named Sweeney, from Philadelphia, and a boy died soon after the accident, and that a lady named Smith is expected to die.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 12.—At 1.45 this morning ambulances began to arrive at the hospital in this city, carrying those who were wounded in the accident on the Atlantic City road at Marlinton last night. All the injured persons seemed to be either scalded or burnt, and very few were injured directly by the wrecking of the train. It is impossible to say accurately how many are hurt, as the confusion at the time of the accident was so great. Many of the passengers in leaping through the windows jumped directly into the river, and others sought refuge in the houses of the villagers. It appears now as though only one was killed outright and forty-one injured. Nearly all the passengers were living in the northwest part of the city. A number of those supposed to be fatally wounded were not brought to this city.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DISASTER.

The following description of the scene at the time of the collision was conveyed by the Atlantic City Times through the wires, jumped directly into the river, and others sought refuge in the houses of the villagers. It appears now as though only one was killed outright and forty-one injured. Nearly all the passengers were living in the northwest part of the city. A number of those supposed to be fatally wounded were not brought to this city.

The following description of the scene at the time of the collision was conveyed by the Atlantic City Times through the wires, jumped directly into the river, and others sought refuge in the houses of the villagers. It appears now as though only one was killed outright and forty-one injured. Nearly all the passengers were living in the northwest part of the city. A number of those supposed to be fatally wounded were not brought to this city.

A DETAILED STATEMENT.

T. B. Judge, President of the St. Ann's Literary Institute, who is waiting to attend the inquest, makes the following statement: "There were about 1300 persons in the two sections of the train, that number having been accounted for; but both sections left Atlantic City at close intervals, and the cars were close together that I had my choice of trains. I got on the last section, and was in the rear car when the crash occurred; the shock was a strong one, and several persons were thrown from their seats; there was the appearance of a panic, and I did all in my power to quiet it. I saw many persons who began to leave the car to see what was the matter; I went with the rest, and when I reached the head of the section I saw a sight which I cannot adequately describe; injured passengers were being drawn from the car, and the water on each side of the track was filled with persons. It is hard to jump from the train and water up to their waists in the river; a boat soon put out and picked them up; on the embankment of the railroad, which is about seven feet high, were sufferers from the crushed car groaning in their agony, and in a conspicuous place lay the dead body of young Sweeney. I think the railroad company is guilty of gross negligence in running sections so close; there were 24 cars in the train, 16 in the first section and 8 in the other; the people here have done everything that could be done for the wounded."

THE SCENE OF ACCIDENT.

The scene of accident is on a straight stretch of track 200 yards from May's Landing station. Part of the first section was on Great Egg Harbor River bridge when the cars crashed. It is a general opinion that the engineer of the colliding locomotive did all he could to check his engine, and when it struck the engine had been reversed and the air brake put on. Assistant Train Master Mills stated that the air brake had undoubtedly been tampered with, whether by accident or design he could not say. He thinks some of the men must have put it out of order by fooling with it in one of the closets of the cars, through which it passes, but as yet, no substantiation of this theory has been received. The sufferers and their friends speak in the highest terms of the kindness of the people of May's

Landing. Every person who could render aid produced it gladly, and there was no lack of tonics care. Drs. Gill, Souder, Ingersoll and Pennington were summoned and promptly responded, doing good service. On whom the blame should be placed cannot be ascertained until after the inquest.

STATEMENT OF THE ENGINEER.

Edward Aiken, engineer of the second section of the train, who is at May's Landing, says the accident was caused simply by the air having failed to work. He believes that if the brakes had operated his train would have stopped in time to have prevented the collision. He refuses to say more upon the subject. No signs of the wreck remain where it occurred except piles of splinters from the crushed and crumpling train, having removed all other traces of the disaster.

The whole number of deaths up to Saturday was 17, and there are several others in a precarious condition.

Irish Affairs.

NEW YORK, August 19.—A meeting of the Irish National Land and Industrial League of New York was held to-day, at which the body was entirely reorganized, the former officers resigning and a less cumbersome organization effected, with greater efficiency and less ornament in its composition. Dr. William B. Wallace was elected president, with a corps of assistants pledged to amelioration of the condition of the people of Ireland. There was a large attendance, various ward clubs being well represented.

The Cork branch of the Irish Land League, by a vote of eight against five, has passed a resolution disapproving of the robbery of arms from the steamer Juno. The police have not as yet been able to trace the man who was injured by tumbling down the steamer's hold while this robbery was going on.

LONDON, August 14.—It is rumored that Mr. Foster, Secretary of State for Ireland, at the Cabinet sitting to-day refused to renew the Coercion Act for the whole of the South and West of Ireland. It is added that Mr. Gladstone is opposed to the Coercion Act, and believes that the ordinary measures for preserving peace in Ireland now in the hands of the Government will be sufficient.

GLASGOW, August 15.—To-day 20,000 Irishmen in this city made a demonstration on Irish affairs, and held a meeting, at which resolutions were passed with great enthusiasm, demanding an alteration in existing land laws and the establishment of an Irish Parliament in Dublin; radical addresses were made, and a disposition evinced to take advantage of the present disturbed condition of things in the Kingdom to push the matter of Irish reform to an extremity.

GLASGOW, August 15.—Serious rioting occurred in this city to-day, occasioned by meetings of Home Boys, in which many persons were hurt. Twelve policemen were wounded during the fighting, several of them very seriously.

LONDON, August 15.—Numerous land meetings were held in Ireland yesterday. At Liddare and elsewhere the language used by the speakers was unusually violent.

LONDON, August 15.—A despatch from Dublin reports the occurrence of a serious riot in Portadown (Ulster), to-day. A large body of Orangemen attacked and routed a gathering of Catholics who were celebrating Lady Day. The rioting was reported to the Duke of Edinburgh, Admiral in command of the coast guard, has determined to send over to the Irish coast some four or five extra men-of-war belonging to his squadron, to be ready for any emergency.

LONDON, August 16.—John Dillon, member of the House of Commons, speaking at a land meeting at Kildare yesterday, said as soon as the Land League had 3,000 men enrolled, they would be able to strike against rent entirely if their demands were not granted, and all the arms in England would not be able to levy rent in Ireland. They would have no Coercion Act, and they would go out at any hour of the night they pleased and carry a rifle with them.

The riots in Portadown were resumed to-day. There was also serious Lady Day rioting at Downpatrick, where two policemen were shot at by a man named Bellast. The military at Belfast were called out. The rioting is reported to be assuming serious proportions. There was also serious trouble at Dunganon, and the Riot Act was read. The police fired on the mob, killing one person and wounding many.

SANTA FE, N. M., Aug. 13.—A sensation has been created here by the announcement of a rich mining strike in the Mexican villages, Las Placitas, about thirty miles distant. The village is built of adobe huts and corrals, and the foundations of the house are of rock. Prospector Jesse Martin detected mineral in the rock. He pounded and hammered some of it, getting a rich result in gold. He located the veins of the town whence the gold rock was taken, and had assays made with a result of \$4,600 of gold to the ton, the lowest grade of rock assayed being \$43. Governor Lew Wallace has just returned from the place. He paced off a lead, making it 81 paces in width. Its length is not known, but 9,000 feet along the vein has been located. Subsequent assays in Santa Fe give from \$3,000 to \$6,000 per ton. The whole village is built on the ledge, and rock worth \$3 per pound has been thrown about as worthless.

New York expects to have a fasting tournament Sept. 1, for which five entries have been made already. One of the men, who is endorsed by Dr. Hammond, says that he can fast 30 days without food or water and 20 days more on water only, and the doctor is said to intend blessing the fast himself. The man who fasts longest is to get \$1000, the prize being offered by Charles D. Keep of the *Wall Street Daily News*, though how he expects to get his money back, as no admission is to be charged to the show, is a question.

The latest reports from Candahar, dated yesterday, August 15, state that Ayoub Khan's irregulars occupy the villages adjoining that city, and are getting their guns into position, evidently with the intention of bombarding the place, but little harm can, however, be done. It is rumored that Ayoub has a number of English officers now held as prisoners who were

captured in the disastrous fight with General Burrows.

LONDON, August 16.—A despatch from Quetta says it is reported that Ayoub Khan's Haratee troops have deserted him.

TORONTO, Ont., August 16.—To-night a burning ship was seen in the lake of the island. A tug was sent out at midnight, as it is supposed that it was the steamer *Corinthian*.

Figaro suggests some restorer had better adopt a title "An Docteur Tramer."

"Col." Ralph Rollins, a confidence man, died in the Pennsylvania penitentiary a week ago, and word was sent to his first wife. She said she wanted nothing more of him or his, and his body went to the Potter's field. Since then \$10,000 worth of diamonds have been found in the hands of Rollins' shaving brush, and his wife at once put in a claim for them, which is disputed by a poor creature who was faithful to the last.

A flock of girls is called a levy; a levy of wolves a pack; a pack of thieves a gang; a gang of angels a host; a host of porpoises a shoal; a shoal of buffaloes a herd; a herd of children a troop; a troop of partridges a covey; a covey of beauties a galaxy; a galaxy of ruffians a horde; a horde of ruffians a heap; a heap of oxen a drove; a drove of blackguards a mob; a mob of whales a school; a school of worshippers a congregation; a congregation of engineers a corps; a corps of robbers a band; a band of locusts a swarm; and a swarm of people is called a crowd.

Burdette writes from Nantucket: "Many of the old houses in the town are shingled all the way over, remaining one of the houses so common in St. John. The shingling when he shingled, apparently began at the base board, shingle right up the front of the house, over the cornice up to the ridge pole, where he crawled over, went right along shingling, and shingle head first on down the other side of the house to the ground. Perhaps it was not done in this way. I do not assert that it is. I only say, and I say it very meekly, that that is the way it impressed me, and if any man says I am a liar, I will take it back, right immediately, and admit that the shingles were pasted on with gum arabic or the white of egg."

A number of "Republic of Ireland" notes are afloat in that country. One of them recently examined by a news-paper correspondent was printed in exact imitation of a "greenback," and bore on it promise to pay \$10 with 6 per cent. interest six months after the recognition of the Republic. Many poor servant maids and others, it is said, swindled out of their savings by means of these notes.

"Shon," said a Dutchman, "you may say what you please 'bout neighbors. I have had to visit neighbors as never was. Mine pigs and mine hens come home with their ears split, and toddler day two of them come home missing."

A cow with seven ovaries sticking in various parts of her body was seen running at large near West Chester the other day. It is supposed that the West Chester Archery Club was practicing at a target in the neighborhood.

The loss of a solitary diamond of great value was reported at Montreal after it had been missing for several weeks. All the traps in the loser's house were carefully examined without success, but reasoning that the diamond being heavy might still be lodged in the horizontal part of the waste pipe, the plumber took the pipe and found the stone embedded in the slime with which the waste-pipe was coated.

WILKINS—At Gilnes' Corner, Stansford, on the 18th inst., Mrs. Hannah Wilkinson, widow of the late Richard Wilkinson, aged 60 years.

Funeral at Beek Plain on Thursday at 2 o'clock, P. M.

St. Johns Yards please copy.

LADY—In Stansford, on the 31st inst. Mabel, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Lincoln, aged 3 months and 29 days.

Montreal Markets.

Compiled and corrected for The Stansford Journal, by L. S. THOMPSON, & Co. Produce & Commission Merchants, 102 Foundling Street. Montreal, Aug. 16, 1880.

Flour—	
Superior Extra.....	\$5 30c/5 35
Extra Superior.....	5 00c/5 25
Fancy.....	4 00c/5 00
Spring Extra.....	4 40c/4 50
Strong Bakers.....	5 15c/5 20
Middlings.....	4 00c/4 20
Spring Wheat.....	0 00c/0 20
Oatmeal per bushel.....	4 40c/4 50
Ground ".....	2 60c/2 80
Oats per bushel.....	35c/34
Barley do.....	60c/49
Rye do.....	60c/50
Wheat do.....	80c/82
Beans do.....	30c/29
Potatoes (white).....	90c/1 00
Extra (colored).....	60c/75
Salt (coarse).....	55c/57
" (fine).....	1 00c/1 10
Potatoes per bag.....	30c/40
Hay per 100 lbs.....	10c/15
Straw.....	3 00c/5 00
Cattle live weight, per lb.....	21c/25
" (killed) 100 lbs.....	5 75c/6 00
Sheep live weight, per lb.....	17c/20
Pork mess per lb.....	11c/12
Hams city cured per lb.....	12c/13
Lard in tubs and pails per lb.....	6c/7
" in tierces per lb.....	9c/9
Beef mess per lb.....	00c/00
" prime mess per lb.....	00c/00
Tallow per lb.....	12c/13
Eggs fresh per doz.....	12c/13
Ashe pots per 100 lbs.....	55c/4 60
Butter—	
Township choice new.....	20c/21
" fair good dairies.....	16c/19
Western Dairy choice new.....	16c/17
" medium.....	00c/00
Creamery fancy fresh per lb.....	23c/24
" fine ".....	21c/22
" ".....	19c/21

