

The Weather
Fine and Cold.

The Quebec Chronicle.

Temperatures
Minimum, 0.4; Maximum, 10.

ESTABLISHED 1764.

QUEBEC, MONDAY, MARCH 4, 1912.

ONE CENT.

CORN ON THE COB

This corn is already cooked. To insure its opening up white, immerse can in hot water for about fifteen minutes in order to thoroughly heat corn. Cut open can just before serving.

If corn is removed and cooked in open vessel, it will have a tendency to discolor.

Large Tins50c. each

A. GRENIER,
Phone 1141 94-96 St. John Street Est. 1882.

NEW RACE IN THE FAR NORTH

Fair in Color and Are Distinct From Any Eskimo Tribe—A Surmise.

Ottawa, March 3.—Three Arctic explorers are in Ottawa. Dr. Frederick Cook, Christian Leden, of Norway, and Capt. Bernier, of Quebec. Leden wants to interest the Government in an expedition to the far northern coast of Canada which he is undertaking for the Norwegian Government. "All this exploration," he said, "is in connection with my conviction, as a result of discoveries I have already made, that the Eskimo and the Indian of the far north were originally one and the same race. I have also a theory as to where their ancestors came from, but of that I will not speak now."

Mr. Leden betrayed much interest in the report that has reached the Canadian Geological Survey from V. S. Stefansson, the explorer who is doing joint geological work in the north of Canada and the United States, to the effect that he had discovered a new race, fair in color and distinct from any Eskimo tribe, in the far north. "We have heard of Stefansson's discovery in Sweden," he said. "Personally I think this new tribe must be the result of inter-marriage between the survivors of Franklin's expedition of one hundred and sixty men which went north and never returned, and the Eskimos themselves. Otherwise I cannot account for it."

"I met Dr. Cook in Danish Greenland," said Mr. Leden. "When we first came together he said nothing about having discovered the Pole, but told us he had been pretty far north. Later when people asked him if he had been to the Pole itself he admitted it and with every such affirmation he seems to become more sure of himself. My idea is that he really believes it now."

DR. FRED. A. COOK NOW IN OTTAWA

Still Maintains That He Discovered the Pole, But Can't Prove Beyond Doubt.

Ottawa, March 3.—Still maintaining that he discovered the pole, but stating that it is as impossible for him to prove it beyond doubt as it is for Peary or any other explorer, Dr. Frederick A. Cook, the man about whom so much controversy has raged ever since his announcement that he had succeeded in reaching the goal on which so many had set their hopes, is in Ottawa. The capital appears to be the Mecca of explorers these days, as Mr. C. Leden, a Norwegian explorer of some note, was here only on Saturday, and Captain Bernier is always with us. Mr. Leden, by the way, threw some doubt on Captain Cook's discovery so that his departure yesterday from the same hotel as that at which Dr. Cook was staying was perhaps fortunate.

Dr. Cook states he does not quite remember him. As for Captain Bernier, well, the Canadian voyager into the frozen regions, has always been a supporter of Cook's cause and was with the doctor when the latter was interviewed by the Canadian Press.

"I just dropped into Ottawa to see my friend Captain Bernier during some spare time which is mine while carrying a lecture tour on which I am at present engaged in in the United States," said Dr. Cook. "You may know, of course, as they all do, whether I discovered the pole? Well let me first tell you there is no intermediate course. You cannot say you think you did or did not discover the pole. Of course, I have never claimed pin-point accuracy. The pole isn't something you can hang your hat on and say 'this is it.' It cannot be accurately located within miles. What we did, however, when we left the pole was to measure off the distance travelled, first by time and then by checking up with a pedometer. Occasionally when the skies were clear we took observations for latitude and longitude. None were absolutely correct, but they were sufficiently so as to give up a work hypothesis and to plot out our daily advance.

"We finally reached a place where we had the sun night and day at about the same altitude, and there the shadow gave us a final check. It was the same length at every hour of the twenty-four, a fact which is only a fact at the pole or at least within ten or twelve miles of it."

Dr. Cook went on to state that he had commenced an action for \$100,000 against the New York Times. Asked as to Peary's observations alleged to have been taken at the pole on April 6, he stated that at that date it was almost impossible to get the sun at all. He discussed among other things the probability of the South Pole being reached and gave it as his opinion that both Scott's and Amundsen's parties would probably get to it.

ILLUMINATION OF NIAGARA FALLS

A Bill to Be Introduced Into New York Legislature to That End.

Albany, N.Y., March 3.—Senator Gittins, of Niagara Falls, will introduce Monday night a bill carrying an appropriation of fifty thousand dollars for construction and installation and two thousand five hundred dollars for one year's operation of an illuminating plant for the illumination of the Falls of Niagara; such money to be expended through the agency of the State Reservation Commission at Niagara. It provides that no part thereof shall be available until the Government of the Province of Ontario provides equal sums for like purposes, to be expended jointly by the two Governments.

In discussing the plan to-day Senator Gittins said: "For generations back the illumination of the Falls of Niagara by night has been advocated and of late years much enthusiasm has been shown concerning the project, and there seemed always to be impediments which appeared insurmountable. For many years the State of New York and the Canadian province of Ontario, through the agencies of their respective government reservation or park commissions, have, at large expense, acquired and beautified lands in the United States and Canada surrounding this great natural wonder which lies between them, so that the same may be ornamented and enjoyed by the peoples of the countries to which they belong. These parks are illuminated and improved in every way calculated to promote the pleasure and enjoyment of the public at large. But the falls themselves are so dark at night that they cannot be seen or enjoyed except by listening to the roar of the waters. Whenever a plan for the nightly illumination of the falls has been advanced, its promoters were confronted not only with the question of raising the necessary funds for construction, maintenance and operation of a plant that would produce a suitable illumination, but also, owing to the physical conditions obtaining at Niagara, with the objection that the desired result would be best obtained by the location of such a plant on the Canadian side of the river and it has been regarded by some as unfeasible to construct, maintain and operate works of this character upon a foreign shore. About 5 years ago some public spirited parties contributed the sum of \$35,000 for a temporary and experimental illumination of the falls and two batteries of searchlights or projectors were installed, one about half way up the Canadian bank of the gorge and the other on top of the high cliff on the Canadian side, and by means of these projectors the falls were illuminated two hours a night for about two weeks. The electric companies at Niagara donated the current required for such illumination. The experiment proved most highly successful and made a magnificent spectacle and the great cataract was more beautiful and attracted more attention by night than it ever had by day. Photographs then taken of the Falls of Niagara at ten o'clock at night are now held as valuable possessions and they are most beautiful to look upon. I believe that the Government of the State of New York, which maintains on the American side of the falls the reservation at Niagara through its Niagara Reservation Commission, and the Province of Ontario, which maintains on the Canadian side the Queen Victoria Niagara Falls Park, should, and with great propriety, through the two agencies, or in some other proper way, construct, maintain and operate permanently an illuminating plant to light the falls by night; and to this end I have carried along negotiations for some months with the Canadian authorities and find that there is a strong disposition on their part to join with the State of New York in this enterprise. In fact Evan E. Fraser, M. L. A., of Niagara Falls, Ont., has taken the matter in hand for his people and has prepared a bill to be immediately introduced in the Legislature of Ontario, which also carries an appropriation of \$50,000, to cover the proportion of the expense to be borne by the Ontario Government in the construction and maintenance, and two thousand and five hundred dollars to cover the operation of the plant jointly and in co-operation with the Government of the State of New York. From estimates based upon experiments already made and careful examination and investigation of the question, it has been ascertained that one hundred thousand dollars will cover the cost of a permanent construction and installation of a suitable plant and that five thousand dollars per annum will cover the cost of operation and maintenance, and it is believed that the co-operation of the two governments in the matter will not only lighten the cost to each, but it will also dispose of the objection of placing the plant, at the sole expense of either government within the territory of the other. The above figures are based upon an understanding the electricity required will be furnished gratis by the various electrical power companies operating at Niagara Falls and I am assured that these companies stand ready to donate the required power."

THE COAL STRIKE IS MARKING TIME

All Negotiations Broken Off—Leaders Dispersed—There Is No Disorder.

London, March 3.—The coal strike, the greatest in the history of the British Isles, is making time over the week end. One satisfactory feature is the complete absence of any disorder in the districts affected. All negotiations looking to a settlement have ceased, as the leaders who were recently gathered in London have dispersed to various parts of the country to attend to local matters in connection with the strike.

Labor leaders, in speeches during the last day or two, have insisted upon the far-reaching importance of supporting the miners, because now that the government has decided to institute a minimum wage in connection with the mines, it will be impossible much longer to withhold the establishment of a minimum wage in all industries. Thus the strike will become a triumph for the cause of labor all round.

The next week is with the government, and Premier Asquith's promised statement tomorrow is awaited with the greatest interest. The parliamentary whips, however, have not yet made any arrangement for the introduction of a minimum wage bill.

At a mass meeting of the dock workers of Bristol today a resolution was adopted to the effect that imports of foreign coal should not be handled.

Most of the railways announce a further curtailment of their services, beginning tomorrow. Fourteen stations in London will be closed down altogether until the strike ends.

WHO WILL REACH SOUTH POLE FIRST?

Scott or Amundsen? The Former Has Some Days of a Start.

London, March 4.—The Morning Post Christiania correspondent has interviewed Borchgrevink, the well-known Ant-Arctic explorer, regarding the prospects of the Amundsen expedition. After expressing the opinion that Amundsen's route was the shortest way to the South Pole, the explorer says: "Amundsen will be confronted by quite unknown conditions and difficulties. When on his northwest passage he had the opportunity of fishing for salmon and hunting different wild animals. In the interior of the Ant-Arctic continent no life is to be found. There is to be met with only the most absolute solitude. I therefore feel a little uneasy by reason of the fact that Amundsen has not a doctor in his company. The advice and assistance of one would prove most useful under the strained conditions of life to which the human body is submitted during the Ant-Arctic expedition. As we know, Capt. Scott entered Ross Sea perhaps a few days before Amundsen and will follow Shackleton's route. As Scott and Amundsen both had plenty of time to arrange their depots, the question of ultimate success depends partly on who was the first to start for the common goal. I am ignorant as to Amundsen's scheme regarding his route, but rather hope that after having gone straight to the Pole, he may have succeeded in continuing his way uninterruptedly, crossing the Ant-Arctic continent to a point in Weddell's Bay, where the Fram is to meet him. I do not think the distance he thus covered would be any longer than by returning to Ross Sea. Such a crossing of the continent would constitute a fine piece of work. Weddell's Sea has not been explored since 1832 when Weddell reached 78 degrees 10 minutes without seeing land. Then he returned owing to the heavy ice. Completion of this route, I mean the crossing of the Ant-Arctic continent, is in my opinion practically the most important geographical task that is left to-day. The Fram has gone to fetch Amundsen, but nobody knows what direction it has taken. If the vessel proceeded to Ross Bay Amundsen has obviously returned the way he went, on the outward journey, and the first telegrams from him may be expected to come from New Zealand. On the other hand if he crossed the great white continent from Ross Bay to Weddell's Bay, every objection to his scheme and its accomplishment will be abandoned and the first news of him will come from South America or the Sandwich Islands. In any case his report may be expected in the very near future, perhaps in the beginning of March."

We are offering 45 tours to Europe for this summer at prices that defy competition. Eight tours start from Quebec and are personally conducted and all travelling expenses included. The price of these tours is from \$160 up, or at a cost of \$5 to \$8 per day. Send for booklet giving complete information.

Something New and Better.



WM. DEAN HOWELLS ENTERTAINED

At a Birthday Party—A Memorable Assemblage Present Author's Address.

New York, March 2.—William Dean Howells was the central figure to-night of a birthday party which will be memorable in the literary world. The novelist was 75 years old to-day and to do honor to him the President of the United States and more than 400 prominent men and women in literature gathered as dinner guests of Col. George Harvey. To swell the volume of testimony to the eminence to which Mr. Howells has risen in letters, scores of congratulatory messages with tributes both in prose and verse were read from literary celebrities all over the English speaking world.

President Taft, who shared with the author the distinction of being born in Ohio, hailed the guest as "the greatest living American writer and novelist," and mentioned him among men like Shakespeare, Burns and Lincoln as men without the university education who rose to fame in literature by their own effort. President Taft was introduced by Col. Harvey as "with one exception the most distinguished native of Ohio now living."

Mr. Howells, who sat between his host and the President, appeared in full possession of his health, genial amiability and versatile faculties which have reflected themselves in his work and he was enthusiastically applauded for his address on literature, which was the principal speech of the evening. Drawing from a fund of reminiscence of his personal acquaintance with such men as Hawthorne and Emerson and Walt Whitman, Longfellow, Holmes, Whittier and Lowell, Bryant, Bancroft and Motley, Harriet Beecher Stowe and Julia Ward Howe, Artemus Ward and Mark Twain, Mr. Howells spoke with reverence and love of old friends, but optimistically of the present and future of American literature—in all departments of which he saw "a high or higher average—which is the distinctive American thing." He pointed out what American literature had at last assumed national proportions. "Nearly all the writers I have been naming were New Englanders," he said, "but now our writers are of every sectional origin, and constitute an American authorship. They are of the west and of the south, as well as of the north and east, and more and more their work tastes of the soil that mothered them."

Other speakers at the dinner included Hamilton W. Mabie, Winston Church, Basil King, William Allen White, Augustus Thomas and James Barnes. Congratulatory messages were received from abroad from Thomas Hardy, Lord Curzon of Kedleston, Andrew Lang, Israel Zangwill, Anthony Hope Hawkins, William J. Locke, H. G. Wells, Anne Thackeray Ritchie, Arnold Bennett, Mrs. Humphrey Ward, Henry James, Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, Alfred Parsons, Eden Philpotts, Sir Arthur Pinero, Theodore Watts Dunlop, J. M. Barrie, Sarah Grand and J. St. Lee Strachey.

EAGER TO FILL THE OFFICE OF HANGMAN

Montreal, March 3.—Since the publication in the press of Montreal of a story from Fraserville, Que., to the effect that Sheriff Martin of that district was worried over his inability to find a hangman to officiate at the hanging of Jules Plourde, which is to take place March 8, Sheriff Lemieux, of this city, has been literally besieged by swarms of would-be executioners anxious to relieve Mr. Martin of his trouble. No less than forty men have called upon Sheriff Lemieux in the past two days to ask him to use his influence to secure them the post. The applicants were of all ages and appearances, some of them being mere boys. Yesterday Sheriff Lemieux had

ALLEGED ROBBER UNDER ARREST

Supposed to Have Been Connected With Attempt to Rob Royal Bank

Montreal, Que., March 3.—Last night the police of Lachine arrested a man who gave his name as David Weston, and held him on suspicion of being implicated in the attempt to dynamite and rob the branch of the Royal Bank of Montreal West yesterday morning. The police received a telephone call from the Canadian Pacific station agent that four suspicious looking character had just passed the station, and hurried in pursuit. Four men escaped, following the attempted robbery, the fifth being shot by a member of the volunteer police force of Montreal West. The police only succeeded in capturing one of the men mentioned by the agent, and he was so weary that he almost fainted from exhaustion before they reached him, and he made no resistance.

He told conflicting stories, first giving his age as 33 and saying that he was from Toronto and had only been here today, and then stating that he was 29, and that he had boarded in Montreal for some time, but claiming that he could remember neither the street nor the number of the house where he had been residing. The man was scantily dressed and had no overcoat and no clue could be gained from examination of the pockets. The fact that one of the robbers dropped his overcoat in the bank building in his haste to escape is evidence against the captured man in the opinion of Chief Robert of Lachine. The man who was shot dead while escaping has not yet been identified. The opinion of the police is that the job was not done by professional cracksmen, the attempt being a bungling one at best and the tools left by the robbers in their hurried flight not being such as used by experts.

to order his office staff to admit no more would-be hangmen as the stream of willing executioners still kept up. No one was definitely engaged, but the names of a few and their addresses and qualifications were taken in case it should be necessary. The authorities still hope to engage an experienced hangman in the few days left at their disposal.

Dominion Iron & Steel Company, Limited

5% FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS.

Of the original issue of \$8,000,000 there have been redeemed by the Trustees for the Sinking Fund to date \$755,000.

The bonds mature on July 1st, and are also redeemable at the option of the Company upon six months' notice of 110 and accrued interest.

At the present market price these Bonds yield over 5 1/4 per cent.

We will be pleased to forward our descriptive circular giving full information upon request.

Price 95 and interest.

Royal Securities Corporation, Limited.

164 St. James St., Montreal
Toronto Quebec Halifax
Ottawa, London, Eng.

ONE HUNDREDTH ANNIVERSARY

Of Peace Celebration Between Great Britain and United States Favored.

(Special to The Chronicle.)

Ottawa, Ont., March 3.—At a meeting of the Canadian group of the Interparliamentary Union, which was largely attended by Senators and Commons, the executive for the ensuing year was chosen. Hon. Mr. Dandurand was re-elected chairman, Hon. George H. Perley was named as vice-chairman, and Messrs. Duncan C. Ross, M. P., and L. Coderre were chosen as joint secretaries. Several speeches were made in favor of a celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of peace between Great Britain and the United States, the celebration to take place in 1914.

The Manitoba Boundaries bill will come up in the House tomorrow for a second reading, when it is expected that the chief speeches will be made by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Hon. Robert Rogers, Minister of the Interior. No intimation has been given as to the line the Opposition proposes to take, nor is it definitely known that they will move an amendment to the second reading.

NEW LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF NEW BRUNSWICK

Ottawa, March 3.—The appointment of Senator Josiah Wood as Lieutenant-Governor of New Brunswick, will, it is expected, be made to-morrow. Senator Wood succeeds Lieut.-Governor Tweedie, whose term of office has expired. The new Senator from New Brunswick in place of Senator Wood will likely be Dr. Daniel, of St. John, who gave up his seat in the Commons to Hon. J. D. Hazen.

\$100,000 FIRE AT TOLEDO.

Toledo, O., March 2.—Four men, three city firemen and the night watchman, were injured to-night in a fire which destroyed the plant of the Owens' Bottle Machine Company. The loss will reach \$100,000, which is amply covered by insurance. The firemen were hurt more or less seriously by falling girders and steel stacks which fell on them. J. Kiwack, the watchman, was injured by a gas explosion which set fire to the building. The plant will be rebuilt immediately, say the officials.

MR. BOURASSA ON NAVAL BILL AND KEEWATIN.

Montreal, March 2.—In a signed article in Le Devoir Mr. Henri Bourassa has the following to say regarding the repeal of the Navy Bill and the Keewatin question. "At Le Devoir the changes of cabinet do not make us change our principles. The evolutions of politicians of all calibre and of all colors do not make us turn with the wind of favor. Not having any small interest to serve, or any little vengeance to satisfy, we do not strike small blows at a cabinet in order to lay a trap for the succeeding cabinet, and thus get into their good graces. We go on our way straightforwardly and without any consideration of what can result from it for us, or others; the rights of truth are above those of men and of parties. We shall continue the struggle against the naval bill, for the maintenance of the constitution of Keewatin, and for every cause which we think to be just, legitimate and opportune—whether it be gain or loss for the moment, and in spite of what the Reds and Blues of either one or the other chamber may think of it. Nothing is lower or more vulgar than to fight only on the side of the winner. Nothing is more stupid and more cowardly, and at the same time a worse calculation than to abandon the causes which seem to be lost. Even though dead and buried forever, to the eyes of the people who are practical and short-sighted politicians, they have sometimes astonishing awakenings and resurrections."

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"POMMERY" stands for the highest grade of Champagne shipped from France. . . . Pay the Highest Prices for POMMERY LAW, YOUNG & CO. MONTREAL

The Quebec Chronicle

MONDAY, MARCH 4, 1912.

THE QUEBEC HOCKEY CLUB

Hats off to the Quebec Hockey Club! Nobody deserves it more. In our endeavors to proclaim the Ancient Capital as a winter resort we may hold meetings brimful of eloquence, write articles embellished with all the hibernal epithets in the dictionary—scatter attractive literature and posters throughout the length and breadth of the land. No doubt these will do a certain amount of good, perhaps a good deal, but it will not amount to a tithe of the advertising which the blue and white team have given their city this year.

When in the first match they received the worst beating of the season, there was a good deal of criticism, and when two more losses came in quick succession, certain of the doubting Thomases threw up their hands and said they might just as well drop out of the running with such a handicap. That the team should have surmounted it and pulled up the way they have shows wonderful determination.

Apartment from the first unfortunate defeat there is hardly a match where they have not given their opponents an anxious time. Even when they were beaten the matches usually ended with them fighting hard to even up.

And it is just this quality of not knowing when they were beaten that has brought them into their enviable position today. Twice last Saturday there was an apparently critical lead of two goals against them. When other teams would have wilted away and argued it was practically hopeless they simply redoubled their efforts and flung themselves into the attack with the courage of a forlorn hope.

Twice they overcame this lead and then, with only a minute or so to go, another point was scored against them and again they did the seemingly impossible. Nor did they let up in the overtime, but battled gamely along in such a manner as to command the admiration even of those whose sympathies were naturally their adversaries. For the first time during the whole season the play ran into a fifth period. But their pluck won its reward.

That is the greatest asset of the Quebec players—their pluck. From first to last there is not a single "quitter" on the team. And courage, whether it be in professional hockey or in no matter what sphere, always conquers admiration.

THE FAST MAIL SERVICE

Unless the summer terminus of the projected Ireland-Canada fast mail service is in Quebec, a serious blow may be struck at the shipping of the St. Lawrence, as it may mean the removal of traffic from the St. Lawrence Route.

Quebec, as being the nearest port to the Old Country, should certainly be consulted on this point, as she has certain advantages over her competitors. The question of time is of the utmost importance in the dispatch of the mails, and the St. Lawrence Route is much more direct and convenient for westerners than the journey by Halifax. Besides, the long haul up from Halifax is greatly against that port and the journey from Quebec to Montreal being shorter by hours.

Under the circumstances, the government will be wise not to embark on this new scheme without having fully weighed all its meaning and direction.

HON. EDWARD BLAKE

One of Canada's greatest men died last Friday in the person of Edward Blake. Both at Ottawa and Washington he won for himself the respect and esteem of those with whom he came in contact and his services, both for Canada and Ireland, gained him a unique place among distinguished statesmen.

There was about him a certain restraint, an air of aloofness which, while it militated against his popularity as a party leader, was a valuable asset in many other ways.

The most striking of his characteristics was the fact that with his principle far outweighed every other consideration and this fact is borne out by his career, and especially by his abandonment of the Liberal when, in 1891, as later in 1911, it was endangering the national status of the country.

try by its intrigues with the politicians of the United States.

A great legislator, an eminent jurist, and a calm and powerful debater, he will yet be remembered most for his attitude on the reciprocity question, and the way in which he sacrificed his political career to his convictions.

THE STRIKE IN BRITAIN.

The seriousness of the British coal strike is difficult to imagine. Premier Asquith has stated that the country is facing the greatest national danger since the menace of the Spanish Armada.

Over a million workmen are on strike. The significance of the number is not easy to grasp, but it amounts to this: A number of men about as large as the total of all Canada's electors are thrown out of work on the same day.

An Ottawa paper represents it thus: "Suppose these striking miners were all ranged in one long line two abreast. The 1,049,407 men would, placed only one step apart, form a double line 270 miles in length. That is to say, this grim industrial army, whose slogan now is "Victory or starvation," would extend a longer distance than from Ottawa to Toronto.

"Or suppose the reader takes up a position as spectator and the double column of striking miners pass a given point. Let the tramp, tramp, tramp of Britain's ill-paid miners reach along the street without pause for food or rest or darkness. How long would that gamut, begrimed and desperate procession last? For sixty-three hours—nearly three days and nights without a moment's halt. Probably few could witness the actual procession of the strikers without having their sympathies deeply stirred."

Every effort of the British government seems to have been put forth to avert the impending calamity. The Archbishop of Canterbury drew up special prayers, the public and the press united in pleading, but all to no avail, and now industrial war is on the tapis.

The effect of this on the business machinery of the United Kingdom must of necessity be terribly serious. It is probable, however, that the strike will be followed by a revulsion against the Socialism which has grown to such excess of late in the Old Country.

ROOSEVELT.

With Colonel Roosevelt definitely in the running for the presidential nomination, the political situation in the United States has been simplified. It will be between Roosevelt and Taft without doubt that the Republican convention will decide, and while it is altogether too soon to attempt to estimate the comparative strength which each will possess, the struggle between them will have virtually terminated long before the formal finding has been made.

It looks as if Mr. Roosevelt had determined to force an issue within his own party between control by the interests and control by the people. It is popular support to which he is looking to place him in the field. In his letter in which he announces his willingness to be a candidate, he makes a direct and unmistakable appeal to the public. The genuine rule of the people is his election slogan, and it will be made to appear more and more if he and his friends can accomplish it, that Mr. Taft stands for class privilege and trust control.

It is just possible that Mr. Roosevelt's violence may yet defeat his own ambition. It will be pointed out more and more that should he return to office with such a mandate as he unquestionably asks for, there would be much likelihood of another crisis such as occurred in 1907 and which was attributed to his want of moderation in dealing with great combinations of capital. That Mr. Taft is a much safer man as President when the country is working out the great problem of control of trusts and combines is generally admitted, even by Mr. Roosevelt's supporters, and it is not unlikely that the public may recognize this before it is too late.

Of course, the Democratic candidate, whoever he may be, may develop greater strength than just now appears likely, and if Mr. Roosevelt is chosen by the Republican convention, a very large support which usually goes Republican, will probably be found supporting the Democratic nominee.

HARD RACE TO CATCH A STEAMSHIP.

San Francisco, Cal., March 2.—A launch and a taxicab carried Baron Gustav De Taube from the liner Aoringi to an overland train in 20 minutes when he arrived here today, en route from Australia to Algiers. Barn De Taube must reach New York by noon on Wednesday to connect with the liner Cedric. Leaving here at 10:40 o'clock he hopes to reach New York by 9:15 o'clock on Wednesday morning. The Baron is hastening to conclude an important business transaction at Algiers and go from there to Paris.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

London, March 2.—Bullion amounting to £50,000 was taken into the Bank of England to-day and £100,000 was withdrawn for shipment to South America.

WASTED TIME AND MONEY

BEFORE THEY FOUND GIN PILLS

My husband used Gin Pills for Backache and Kidney Disease. The pain in his back was dreadful and the kidneys failed to do their work properly. As he became worse, we found it necessary to begin treatment and unfortunately wasted time and money on remedies that were little or no good. After taking one dose of GIN PILLS, he found them to be exactly what he needed, and after taking two boxes of GIN PILLS, was completely cured. We heartily recommend GIN PILLS, at every opportunity to our friends and relatives". Mrs. JAMES B. MILFORD.



CITY OF QUEBEC.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE, CITY HALL.

Quebec, February 20th, 1912.

PROCLAMATION.

Municipal Elections 1912.

I, the undersigned, City Clerk of the City of Quebec, hereby give public notice that the general municipal elections of the City of Quebec have been held at the dates appointed by law, to-wit:

For the nomination of candidates for the office of Mayor of said city and for the office of Aldermen for Seats Nos. 1 and 2 in each of the twelve wards of the City of Quebec, Monday, the twelfth day of February instant, 1912.

And for polling day for the municipal elections in favor of candidates nominated the twelfth instant in the wards in which there has been contestation, for one or more seats for Aldermen for Seats Nos. 1 and 2 Monday, the nineteenth of February instant, 1912, in the polling booths established according to law, in each of said wards, in which there was contestation as aforesaid.

That the following candidates have been put in nomination on the twelfth of February instant, in the divers wards of the city as follows, to-wit:

- For the Office of Mayor: Napoleon Drouin, merchant and manufacturer.
For the Office of Aldermen for Seat No. 1: St. Louis Ward—Patrick Campbell, liveryman.
Palace Ward—L. Arthur Cannon, advocate, K. C.
St. Peter's Ward—Martin Madden, merchant; Jos. Picard, grocer.
Champlain Ward—Jos. A. Collier, accountant.
St. John's Ward—Henri E. Lavigne, merchant.
Montcalm Ward—Oscar Morin, advocate; Robert Richard Marchant, master painter.
St. Roch's Ward—Theophile Matte, manufacturer; Wilfrid Jos. Guillet, commission merchant.
Jacques Cartier Ward—Onesime Pouliot, merchant; Albert Jobin, physician.
St. Sauveur Ward—Jos. Gosselin, physician; Osias Lacroix, grocer.
St. Valier Ward—Michel Fiset, physician; Jos. Edouard Bedard, accountant.
Limouilou Ward—E. P. Berube, merchant; Christie S. Levalle, Burgess; Louis Morin, mechanical engineer.
For the Office of Aldermen for Seat No. 2: St. Louis Ward—N. A. Dussault, physician.
Palace Ward—Ant. Aime Lantier, dentist; Alexander J. Messervy, accountant.
St. Peter's Ward—Jos. N. Beaumont, merchant.
Champlain Ward—Patrick Dinan, stevedore.
St. John's Ward—Ulderich Gauvin, trader.
Montcalm Ward—C. J. Lockwell, manager.
St. Roch's Ward—Jos. Albert Bouchard, steamship owner; Jos. Cote, merchant.
Jacques Cartier Ward—Valmont Martin, physician; Onesime Goulet, manufacturer.
St. Malo Ward—J. Timothee Donohue, manufacturer; Jos. Plamondon, clerk.
Limouilou Ward—Telesphore Trudel, manufacturer.
There being but one candidate for the office of Mayor, to-wit: Napoleon Drouin, Esquire.
And but one candidate for the office of Aldermen for Seats No. 1, to-wit: St. Louis, Palace, Champlain and St. John's wards and but one candidate for the office of Aldermen for Seat No. 2, to-wit: St. Louis, St. Peter, Champlain, St. John, Montcalm, Limouilou and St. Sauveur wards, they are "ipso facto" elected respectively Aldermen for Seats Nos. 1 and 2 as follows:
For the Office of Mayor—Napoleon Drouin, Esquire.
For Seat No. 1—Messrs. Patrick Campbell, L. Arthur Cannon, K. C.; Jos. A. Collier and Henri E. Lavigne.
For Seat No. 2—Messrs. N. A. Dussault, Jos. Nap. Beaumont, Patrick Dinan, Ulderich Gauvin, C. J. Lockwell, Louis Emond and Telesphore Trudel.
And there being more than one candidate for the office of Aldermen for Seat No. 1 for the following wards: St. Peter, Montcalm, Jacques Cartier, St. Roch, St. Sauveur, St. Valier and Limouilou wards;
And there being more than one can-

didate for the office of Aldermen for Seat No. 2 in the following wards: Palace, St. Roch, Jacques Cartier, St. Sauveur, St. Valier and St. Malo;

I hereby give public notice that the voting for Aldermen in the wards in which there was contestation took place ON MONDAY, THE NINETEENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY INSTANT, 1912, between nine o'clock of the morning and five o'clock in the afternoon of the said day, in the booths established according to law, and that the result has been known as follows, to-wit:

- For the Office of Aldermen: Palace Ward—A. Aime Lantier.
St. Peter's Ward—Martin Madden.
Montcalm Ward—Oscar Morin.
Jacques Cartier Ward—Onesime Pouliot.
Valmont Ward—E. P. Berube.
Limouilou Ward—E. P. Berube.
St. Roch's Ward—Wilfrid J. Guillet; Jos. Cote.
St. Sauveur Ward—Jos. Gosselin.
St. Valier Ward—Michel Fiset.
Telesphore Verret.
And, at the opening of the ballot boxes, the day following voting day, to-wit: Tuesday, the twentieth day of February, 1912, having found that there was an equal number of votes given in favor of both candidates, to-wit: fifty-six votes in favor of Mr. Joseph Plamondon, and fifty-six votes in favor of Mr. J. Timothee Donohue, I, the undersigned, in my capacity of City Clerk of the City of Quebec, have given my casting vote in favor of Mr. Joseph Plamondon, Alderman coming out of office, and I have proclaimed the said Joseph Plamondon elected Alderman for St. Malo Ward, as follows:
St. Malo Ward—Jos. Plamondon.
In consequence, I proclaim Messrs. Ant. Aime Lantier, Martin Madden, Oscar Morin, Onesime Pouliot, Valmont Martin, Wilfrid J. Guillet, Jos. Cote, Jos. Gosselin, Michel Fiset, Telesphore Verret, E. P. Berube and Jos. Plamondon elected respectively Aldermen for the different seats of the wards above named, and I give notice that the Mayor and Aldermen thus elected in all the wards of the city and forming the new Council for the term of office beginning on the first of March next, are as follows.
Mayor—Napoleon Drouin, Esquire.
St. Louis Ward—Alderman P. Campbell, Seat No. 1; Alderman N. A. Dussault, Seat No. 2.
Palace Ward—Alderman L. A. Cannon, Seat No. 1; Alderman A. A. Lantier, Seat No. 2.
St. Peter's Ward—Alderman Martin Madden, Seat No. 1; Alderman J. Napoleon Beaumont, Seat No. 2.
Champlain Ward—Alderman Jos. A. Collier, Seat No. 1; Alderman P. Dinan, Seat No. 2.
Montcalm Ward—Alderman Oscar Morin, Seat No. 1; Alderman C. J. Lockwell, Seat No. 2.
St. John's Ward—Alderman H. E. Lavigne, Seat No. 1; Alderman Ulderich Gauvin, Seat No. 2.
Jacques Cartier Ward—Alderman F. X. O. Pouliot, Seat No. 1; Alderman Valmont Martin, Seat No. 2.
St. Roch's Ward—Alderman Wilfrid J. Guillet, Seat No. 1; Alderman Jos. Cote, Seat No. 2.
St. Valier Ward—Alderman M. Fiset, Seat No. 1; Alderman T. Verret, Seat No. 2.
St. Sauveur Ward—Alderman Jos. Gosselin, Seat No. 1; Alderman Louis Emond, Seat No. 2.
St. Malo Ward—Alderman Jos. Plamondon, Seat No. 2.
Limouilou Ward—Alderman E. P. Berube, Seat No. 1; Alderman S. Telesphore Trudel, Seat No. 2.
I further give notice that the Mayor and Aldermen herein above proclaimed elected are hereby requested after taking the oath of allegiance, of office and of landed qualification before His Honor the Recorder of the City of Quebec, to assemble in the Council Room, in which the sittings of the Council are held, in the City Hall of the City of Quebec, on FRIDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF MARCH NEXT, 1912, AT THREE O'CLOCK OF THE AFTERNOON.
H. J. J. B. CHOUINARD,
City Clerk.

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Embroideries on table at half price, 7c. now 3 1/2c, 10c. now 5c, 12c. now 6c, 15c. now 7 1/2c
Fancy Wool Gloves at half price, 18c. now 9c, 22c. now 11c, 25c. now 13c, 35c. now 18c.
Fancy Silk at half price, 48c. now 24c., 80c. now 40c., \$1.10 now 55c
White Blouses at half price, 95c. now 48c., \$1.10 now 55c., \$1.50 now 75c
Dress Goods at half price, 40c. now 20c., 58c. now 29c., 68c. now 34c., 72c. now 36c., 78c. now 39c., 98c. now 49c.
Feather Boas at half price, \$2.65 now \$1.33, \$2.95 now \$1.48, \$3.68 now \$1.88, \$4.25 now \$2.13
Ladies' Trimmed Felt Hats at one quarter of the price, \$1.25 now 32c., \$1.68 now 42c., \$2.48 now 62c., \$2.88 now 72c., \$3.75 now 94c.

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- Before taking stock we will offer odd lines in leather goods, clocks, bronzes, brass goods and electric lamps at greatly reduced prices.
1 Marble Clock worth \$75.00, for \$40.00
1 Marble Clock worth \$25.00, for \$12.50
1 Marble Clock worth \$22.50, for \$13.00
1 Bronze Clock With Statue, worth \$47.00, for \$30.00
1 Mahogany Clock worth \$16.75, for \$ 8.40
1 Mahogany Clock worth \$11.25, for \$ 6.00
1 Bronze Statue with Electric Lamp, worth \$30.00, for \$15.00
1 Bronze Statue with Electric Lamp, worth \$15.50, for \$ 7.75
1 Bronze Statue with Electric Lamp, worth \$13.50, for \$ 6.75
1 Electric Lamp, worth \$22.50, for \$13.00
1 Electric Lamp, worth \$16.75, for \$10.00

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Of Men's, Women's and Children's Rubbers**

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Men's Rubbers
85c Value, 63c

Men's Fine Quality Rubbers, exactly like cut, "Lot C", sizes 5, 8, 8½, 9, 9½ and 10, regular price 85c a pair, Sale Price, while they last, per pair63c

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Men's Rubbers
80c Value, 59c

Men's Heavy Rubbers, exactly like cut, "Lot A", splendid quality, sizes 6 to 9, regular price 80c a pair, Sale Price, while they last, per pair59c

"Lot A"
Boys' Rubbers
65c Value, 49c

Boys' Heavy Rubbers, exactly like cut, "Lot A", very strong and serviceable, size 3, regular price 65c a pair, Sale Price, while they last, per pair49c

"Lot A"
Youths' Rubbers
50c Value, 39c

Youths' Heavy Rubbers, exactly like cut, "Lot A", splendid quality and value, size 13, regular price 50c a pair, Sale Price, while they last, per pair39c

"Lot F"
Men's Rubbers
85c Value, 63c

Men's Very Fine Quality Rubbers, exactly like cut, "Lot F", remarkable value, regular price 85c a pair, Sale Price, while they last, per pair63c

"Lot D"
Men's Rubbers
\$1.00 Value, 79c

Men's extra fine quality Rubbers, sizes 5 to 9, exactly like cut "Lot D", regular price \$1.00 a pair, Sale Price, while they last, per pair79c

"Lot B"
Ladies' Rubbers
85c Value, 49c

Ladies' Fancy Jacques Cartier Rubbers, exactly like cut, sizes 5 1-2, 6, 6 1-2 and 7, regular price 85c a pair, Sale Price, while they last, per pair49c



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Men's Protection Rubbers, sizes 5 1-2 to 11, exactly like cut, "Lot G", regular price \$1.00 a pair, Sale Price, while they last, per pair .79c

"Lot E"
Men's Rubbers
85c Value, 59c

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**THE LAWRENCE
TEXTILE STRIKE**

Nearly Leads to a Free Fight
in Washington — Strong
Language Used.

Washington, March 2.—At the conclusion of the day of an unusual hearing before the House Committee on Rules on bills proposing an investigation of conditions relating to the strike of textile workers at Lawrence, Mass., Representative Victor Berger, of Wisconsin, and Robert McCartney, of the Citizens' Committee at Lawrence, almost came to blows and were separated by Representative Wilson, of Illinois.

The Rules Committee had adjourned the hearing to be resumed on Monday, necessitating the stay in Washington of women and children from the Lawrence woollen mills who had been sent here to give testimony concerning strike conditions.

"Who is going to pay the expenses of these people?" asked Representative Berger, the Socialist member of the House, as the committee was about to adjourn.

Representative Wilson, of Pennsylvania, suggested that a collection be taken to defray the expenses. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, was the first to contribute and Representative Berger held the hat. Several Lawrence young women collected the contributions, which came from men and women in the committee room. When Louis S. Cox, the postmaster of Lawrence, contributed a dollar, Representative Berger protested.

"Give him his money back," said Mr. Berger to Miss Josephine Liss, who had collected it. "We don't want any blood money."

McCartney, who was standing nearby immediately protested against Mr. Berger's insinuation and for several minutes the committee room was in confusion.

"Who are you?" demanded McCartney of Berger.

"I represent the people of Wisconsin," Berger hotly replied, "and I do not propose to have these people receive any blood money."

"I probably have as much money as you have," McCartney replied, "and it isn't blood money."

The Massachusetts man was shaking his first in Representative Berger's face and the Socialist congressman was emphatic in his language, demanding that Miss Liss give him back the dollar. As she gave back the money, Representative Wilson, of Illinois, a member of the Rules Committee, intervened between Berger and McCartney, who were almost on the verge of combat.

This was the climax to an exciting session of the committee in which the Lawrence strike conditions were

revealed from several rival sources.

In a room crowded with spectators, Samuel Lipson, a member of the Lawrence strike committee, was on the witness stand and Representative Pough, of North Carolina, sought to get him to describe the scene at the station when the police and the militia prevented children from being sent away from the strike city. Lipson told of the police grabbing the children and throwing them into patrol wagons and of shouting and clubbing the mothers of the children.

"Did you really see the mothers clubbed?" Mr. Pough asked.

"No," the witness replied, "but I saw them shoved around."

Referring to the killing of a woman striker, Anna Lapizo, Lipson was questioned.

"Who killed her?" asked Chairman Henry.

"Our witnesses," said Lipson, "swear they saw Policeman Benoit shoot and the woman fall, but the police tell a different story."

"Weren't two strike leaders, Ettor and Giovanni, arrested in this connection?" asked Henry.

The witness admitted this was so. Lipson defended Ettor, who is now in jail, by declaring he had always counselled the strikers to keep cool. "But being desperate, seeing the last piece of bread taken from them, seeing their women without clothing and their little children going barefooted, the strikers may have resorted to mild acts of violence such as throwing chunks of ice and snow."

"Why did the strikers want to send their children away from Lawrence?" Representative Stanley, of Kentucky, inquired.

"To keep them from being hurt," Lipson replied.

Lipson was cross-examined with permission of the committee, by Mr. Cox.

"You had some trouble with the police?" Cox asked, "at the time of the outbreak of the strike?"

"Well, who started it?" cried the witness excitedly.

"And some people were arrested?" Cox continued.

"That's no news to us," Lipson answered.

Representative Foster, of Illinois, asked Lipson if it were true that the striking textile workers had thousands of dollars deposited in the savings bank of Lawrence.

"Oh no," answered Lipson. "How could men getting five or six dollars a week put money in the savings bank?"

"But was it not discovered?" Mr. Foster continued, "that one of the striking women who was hurt had \$700 in cash with her?"

Lipson admitted that this was so, but explained that she had just received her money as a legacy.

John Golden, president of the Textile Workers' Union, was called to the stand. He made a statement contradicting allegations made by Representative Berger.

"Mr. Berger," he said, "made the statement that the Industrial Workers of the World represented 20,000 of the Lawrence mill hands and that I, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, represented just 120,

the truth of the matter is that when this 'revolution' in Lawrence occurred the Industrial Workers of the World had just 247 members. That organization is two years old. The organization I represent has 280 members in Lawrence and is 25 years old."

Mr. Golden further declared that he "held no brief" for the Lawrence employers and that before that Industrial Workers of the World came into Lawrence he was as objectionable as could be imagined to the mill owners.

"Whenever I came to town, the mill hands were warned to beware of me," he said. "We spent thousands of dollars trying to organize Lawrence but were not successful. I want to urge an investigation of Lawrence. Conditions there are bad enough but in the textile industry in general and in the South in particular, conditions are worse and wages are lower than in New England. The cotton industry is worse than the woollen."

Representative Campbell asked Golden why he regarded the Lawrence strike as a "revolution."

"Our conception of a strike," said Golden, "is one that is brought about in a systematic and orderly manner. But in this instance there was not a soul on God's earth who knew five minutes before the pay envelopes with the first reduction taken from them as a result of the 54-hour law that there was to be a strike."

Turing to Representative Berger, he said: "It is all the fault of your Ettors and your Haywoods, who have gone to Lawrence and poisoned the minds of the mill workers. They have not preached trade unionism to them but absolute anarchy."

"That's a lie," cried several of the girl strikers, and Chairman Henry threatened to clear the room.

"Is the Industrial Workers of the World an organization of Anarchists?" asked Representative Pough, of North Carolina.

"As a result of their conduct in Lawrence we so claim," returned Golden.

"Have they urged violence?" asked Mr. Campbell.

"Yes," said Golden, "one man said the gun shops had better get busy because he was going to buy a revolver."

"Who was that?"

"Ettor," replied Golden.

"He never said that. That's a lie," said several of the witnesses.

"I have heard insulting remarks made to this witness," said Representative Stanley, of Kentucky. "If that happens again I am going to see that the guilty person is sent to jail if there is any power in congress to put him there, and in that there will be no question of constitutionality."

The hearing will be resumed Monday.

**STATE MONOPOLY OF LIFE
INSURANCE IN ITALY.**

Rome, March 2.—By a vote of 268 to 79 the Chamber of Deputies to-day approved the bill providing for a state monopoly of life insurance. As a result national and foreign insurance companies will be gradually taken over by Government insurance institutions.

The Cleaning of Lace Curtains

This work demands great care. Curtains at their best are delicate things and after hanging for a time at the window they become very tender.

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QUEBEC LOOK LIKE THE REAL CHAMPIONS

Defeated Ottawa in an Exciting Game on Saturday and Are Again in the Lead.

TEAM GIVEN AN ENTHUSIASTIC WELCOME

Ottawa, March 3.—After one of the most sensational matches in many years, Quebec defeated Ottawa by 6 goals to 5 at the local Arena last night, and thus jumped to the top of the National Hockey Association, making it necessary for Ottawa to win their protested match from Montreal Wanderers next Wednesday night in order to have a chance to draw on even terms with the Ancient Capital.

With only ten seconds to play and Ottawa leading by 5 goals to 4, the announcement that Canadiens had eliminated Wanderers flashed over the wire and it looked as if Ottawa would certainly retain the championship. With four seconds to play, however, Joe Malone dodged through the Ottawa defence and made it 5 to 5 and in 23 minutes of desperately contested overtime play Quebec outlasted the champions and finally won with the eleventh goal which Joe Hall tallied after rushing the length of the ice. Hall was forced into a corner by Lake and Shore, but he carried the puck out and carrying it against LeSueur's skate landed it in the nets. The Ottawa players protested the goal, but Umpire Reynolds raised his hand and the Quebec players, amidst a deep silence on the part of the Ottawa supporters, joyfully hugged one another and threw their sticks into the air as they skated off.

On the night's play Quebec deserved the win for they held their heads at critical moments and played with remarkable grit. Play was rough and in the second quarter Kerr, who rushed at Hall and deliberately slashed him, was banished for the balance of the match, Walsh replacing him. LeSueur lost his head completely at this juncture and rushed blindly at Hall from behind, knocking the man down. Campbell should also have banished LeSueur, but he let him down with a warning.

The game abounded in slashing and several other players should also have been credited with major fouls. As it was Kerr was the only man to suffer and his loss was a serious blow to Ottawa's championship chances. Minor fouls were plentiful and several players on both sides will have to pay lines in the first and second sessions, but in the third and in the overtime of the hockey was ragged, members of both teams being ready to drop when Hall finally broke the tie.

Ottawa got two in the first session and appeared to have it cinched, but Quebec had all the better of the second and negotiated two in quick succession. In the third with Walsh on in place of Kerr the Ottawa took two more, but Malone and Oatman tallied in turn and with five minutes to play the score was four all. Shore apparently put it on ice when he settled on a side shot with three minutes left and Timekeeper Pringle was just rising to sound the whistle when Malone made it five to five.

Quebec did most of the pressing in the overtime period and LeSueur had twice as many shots as stop as did Moran. Joe Hall was the hero of the match, his headwork saving Quebec, whereas LeSueur was erratic through-out and it fell to the lot of Marty Walsh to steady the local team. Producers and Oatman played good hockey for Quebec, while Moran, Malone and Macdonald were up close to them. Darragh and Ronan were Ottawa's best, but the champions failed to show the form they displayed in their previous matches and will prove easy for Wanderers unless they improve in the meantime. The ice was hard and fast and fully five thousand people saw the game. Several thousand dollars changed hands on the result, Ottawa backers offering even money that they would double the score and 3 to 1 on the match, Ottawa to win.

Referee, Duncan Campbell; judge of play, J. Brennan; umpires, D. H. Reynolds and Jack Kerr; timekeeper, Bobby Pringle; penalty recorder, M. Rosenthal.

Summary.

First period :	Mins.
1—Ottawa, Ronan	10:00
2—Ottawa, Kerr	3:00
Second period :	
3—Quebec, Hall	00
4—Quebec, Malone	5:00
Third period :	
5—Ottawa, Walsh	6:00
6—Ottawa, Darragh	3:00
7—Quebec, Oatman	3:00
8—Quebec, Malone	3:00
9—Ottawa, Shore	2:00
10—Quebec, Malone	3:53
Overtime	
11—Quebec, Hall	23:50

Penalties.

Major fouls :	Ottawa, 1 (Kerr).
Minor fouls :	Shore, 4; Walsh, 3; Ronan, 3; Darragh, 2; Lake, 2; LeSueur, 2; Kerr, 3; Hall, 3; Producers, 3; Malone, 4; Oatman, 3; Macdonald, 2.

QUEBEC HAD A GREAT WELCOME HOME

Over ten thousand people welcomed the Quebec hockey team back to the Ancient Capital last evening after their sensational victory over Ottawa. The C.P.R. station was a mass of people, when the 6:30 train pulled in. The players were seized by enthusiastic admirers and were borne shoulder high to four-in-hands which were awaiting outside the station. Then preceded by two bands and followed by a cheering crowd they were escorted through a number of the main streets to the Victoria Hotel, into the rotunda of which crowded just as many people as it could accommodate. Ald. Lockwell, in the absence of Senator Choquette, President of the Club, proposed three cheers for the team, and these were given with a vim to raise the roof. Then there were calls for speeches from all the members of the team as well as the executive, and Messrs. M. J. Quinn, Manager, B. J. Kaine, Secretary, Joe Malone, Captain, Joe Hall, the hero among heroes, Oatman, Jack Macdonald, the evergreen Paddy Moran, Goldie Producers, Jack Marks, George Leonard and others all made brief but modest speeches. All acknowledged the great honor which had been done them, and the reception tendered them would be one that would never be forgotten. They had done their best to uphold the honor of Quebec, and hoped to have the pleasure of bringing the famous Stanley Cup to the old town.

It was a remarkable demonstration and one which has seldom been witnessed in Quebec in connection with an athletic event. The Quebec team are the idols of the hour, and the town was brigh with blue and white colors yesterday.

YOUNG WANDERERS DEFEATED CLUB ATHLETIQUE

The Young Wanderers defeated the Club Athletique yesterday morning by a score of 3 to 2. The line-up:

Y. Wanderers.	Athletique.
Goal.	
H. Pichette	J. Dionne
Point.	
A. Blagdon	A. Tilbot
Cover Point.	
B. Davis	L. Letourneau
Left Wing.	
M. Buckley	Alf. Martineau
Right Wing.	
W. Turgeon	H. Linteault
Rover.	
J. Lonergan	O. Pelletier
Centre.	
John Melone	E. Boucher
Referees—L. Cote, J. L. Vallee.	

HOCKEY CHALLENGE IS ACCEPTED

The Young Wanderers have accepted the All-Star challenge for Sunday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock at the Varieties Rink.

JOHN MALONE, Captain.

WANDERERS FELL BEFORE CANADIENS

In an Overtime Match—Score Two Goals to One—Rough Play.

Montreal, March 3.—Wanderers lost their last chance to bid for the championship of the National Association when they allowed Canadiens to defeat them by two goals to one in an overtime game at the Arena last night. If either team had the better of the play, viewing the game as a whole, the advantage was with the Wanderers, and had not Ross been penalized, it is within the range of possibility that they would have been the ultimate victors. Ross had been playing the strongest game for the Wanderers and was leading attack after attack that bade fair to pierce the Canadian defence, weakened by the absence of Dubeau, when Bowie caught him in the act of tripping Dallaire and sent him packing. Jack Marshall came on, but he could not fill the position. The result was that when Laviolette came through with a swift run he evaded the defence and with a perfect side shot won the game for his team after six minutes and thirty-six seconds of overtime play.

Several minor fouls were punished, and two major foul penalties were imposed. Both were called out by the same action, a trip in front of the nets. Dubeau was the first culprit and by refusing to leave the ice when ordered he pretty nearly started a riot. Ross was the second. The first really serious accident of the season occurred in the first period of the game. Pete Payan, Canadiens' left-winger, was the victim. Skating at full speed he collided with Odie Cleghorn, who was travelling at a good rate. Cleghorn's head struck Payan on the temple and sent him to the ice. He went on playing for a while, but had to retire towards the end of the period. It was not until he reached the dressing room that the seriousness of the injury was realized. There he became delirious and after a short while was taken to the Western Hospital. He lost consciousness almost immediately and his case was diagnosed as concussion of the brain, but to-day, while still very ill he is said to be out of danger.

So strong was the feeling caused by the penalizing of Dubeau that one of the enraged Canadian supporters, in order to get even for what he considered an injustice, struck Odie Cleghorn as he was skating past with the puck. The Wanderer man went back at his assailant with his stick, but fortunately for the latter several people intervened.

Lineup and summary:

Canadiens.	Goal.	Wanderers.
Vezina	Boyce	
Point.		
Dubeau	Ross	
Cover-Point.		
Laviolette	S. Cleghorn	
Centre.		
Glass	Russell	
Right Wing.		
Pitre	O. Cleghorn	
Left Wing.		
Payan	Roberts	
Jette replaced Payan, Dallaire replaced Dubeau, Marshall replaced A. Ross.		

Referee, Russell Bowie; judge of play, Ernie Butterworth.

Summary.

First Period :	Mins.
1—Canadian, Laviolette	16:40
Second Period :	
2—Wanderers, Ross	10:55
Third Period :	
No scoring.	
Overtime.	
3—Canadiens, Laviolette	6:36

Canadiens—Major fouls: Dubeau; warnings for minor fouls: Glass, 1; Jette, 1; Pitre, 1.

Wanderers—Major fouls: Ross; warnings for minor fouls: Ross, 1; O. Cleghorn, 1; Russell, 1.

C. P. R. WON FROM THE CUSTOMS HOUSE

In an exciting game at the Quebec Ring on Saturday night, the C. P. R. team defeated the Customs House by a score of one to nothing.

ST. PATRICKS WILL GO TO MONTREAL

The St. Patrick hockey team will play the Garnets in Montreal next Saturday night for the Jubilee Trophy and the match promises to be a very interesting one. This is provided the Garnets will to-night from Shawinigan Falls.

MONTREALERS WON.

Cleveland, O., March 2.—The Cleveland Athletic Club ice hockey team to-night lost the first game in eighteen played at the local ice palace. It was defeated by the Montreal Amateur Association team 4 to 3.

WESTMOUNT DEFEATED SHERBROOKE TEAM.

Montreal, March 3.—Westmount defeated Sherbrooke 6 to 4 last night in the last game of the St. Lawrence section of the Inter-Provincial League this season. The game does not affect the championship, which Grand Mere has already won.

PACKEY McFARLAND AND KID BURNS MATCHED.

New York, March 2.—Packey McFarland, of Chicago, and Kid Burns, of New York, have been matched to meet at Kenosha, Wis., on March 15, according to an announcement made here to-night. In a recent encounter Burns made a creditable showing although outpointed by McFarland.

ST. PATRICK'S WON FROM THE CRESCENTS

Exciting Game in the City League on Saturday Evening at Quebec Rink.

St. Patricks won from the Crescents on Saturday night by a score of 5 goals to 1. The game was a well-contested one, but the Irishmen improved their claims to the Chronicle Cup, typical of the championship of the City League, by a steady and well-played effort. The single score which Crescent managed to secure was in the closing stages, and it saved them from the whitewash which seemed imminent.

There were nearly a thousand people present to witness the game.

The teams lined-up as follows:

St. Patricks.	Goal.	Crescents
Boivin	Dion	
Point.		
Murphy	Delaney	
Cover Point.		
J. Walsh	Perry	
Rover.		
Anger	J. Phillips	
Centre.		
W. Rooney	Carey	
Right Wing.		
L. Rooney	Lake	
Left Wing.		
Rerouin	M. Phillips	
Referees—D. Power and H. Doddridge.		

QUEBEC IS NOT A NEGLIGENT QUALITY

Prognostications of Ottawa Papers Are Not So Possible as They Might Be Probable.

The Ottawa Free Press, in its issue of 29th February, seems to have been very unlucky in its predictions re the N. H. A. championship title. It says: "Of course there always the possibility of the Canadiens winning from Wanderers next Saturday, or Quebec spilling the beans in Ottawa." The sporting editor must have been having a pipe dream when he wrote the above. The possibility has always been a probability, and since Saturday a certainty. Dreams go by the contrary, especially those of the Free Press.

In another column of the same issue appears the following: "Quebec out of running—Canadiens snuffed out aspirations of the blue and white." The Canadiens certainly did snuff the candle for Quebec in the Montreal game of Wednesday, but the candle is burning all the brighter for the kindly attention paid to it by the Canadiens, and with the aid of the trimmed candle Quebec will probably find the Ottawa nets several times in play-off game, should a deciding game be necessary, and will likely snuff out the aspirations of the Senators. The Free Press man had better take another dream and print the possibilities.

The Montreal papers have also treated the "blue and white" as a negligible quantity, but just at present neither of the Montreal teams appear anxious nor in a position to take a kick at "Paddy's dawg." Paddy's "dawg" evidently is on top and has a good hold, and intends to stay on top.

Hurrah for old "Kebec!"

IMPORTANT CASE HEARD BEFORE EXCHEQUER COURT

Ottawa, March 3.—In the Exchequer Court on Saturday, Mr. Justice Cassels sat to hear arguments in the case of Smith and Edgett versus The King. In the case the applicants filed a petition of right alleging that certain goods and merchandise belonging to them had been destroyed by fire while in the custody of Intercolonial Railway authorities at Campbellton, N. B. The amount involved in the case is not large but very important questions of law arise in it as to whether the crown can be made liable as a common carrier, or as a warehouseman of good. Judgment was reserved.

DELEGATES FOR TAFT AND ROOSEVELT

Oklahoma City, Okla., March 3.—With 49 of the 76 counties in Oklahoma heard from at midnight in which there were Republican precinct caucuses yesterday, 23 have been carried for Roosevelt and 190 delegates and 17 were placed in the Taft column with 119 delegates to the state convention. There will be county conventions in most of the counties on March 6.

QUEBEC MAPLES WON FROM SHERBROOKE

Local Team Wins a Good Game in Sherbrooke on Last Saturday.

In a return game with the Sherbrooke Maples, Quebec Maples defeated the former by the score of 41 to 27 in one of the fastest games of the season. The Sherbrooke team are holders of the Eastern Townships championship.

The Quebec boys showed great form, although handicapped by one of their players getting knocked out in the first stages of the game, but nevertheless continued playing. The game was a hard-fought one, Sherbrooke bucking up quite a lot in the second half, but the Quebec boys had them well in hand all through the game. The first half ended 16 to 4 in favor of Quebec.

The game did not start till 10 o'clock, owing to the train, with players and officials on board, being late. Owing to the lateness at which this game finished, the scheduled game with Quebec "Shadows" had to be called off.

The teams and officials were as follows:

Quebec Maples.	Sherbrooke Maples.
Defence.	
Baller	R. Tate
Defence.	
Whales	Johnston
Centre.	
McGrath	H. Tate
Forward.	
Burford	Dresser
Forward.	
Dall	Miller
x Replaced by Edney.	
Referees—F. Palmer, Sherbrooke; J. Applin, Quebec.	
Timekeeper—D. Roy.	
Scorers—F. Dall and F. Whiting.	

BOY ROBS MAN ON STREET IN DAYLIGHT

Kingston, Ont., March 3.—A Kingston twelve-year-old lad has confessed to the police that he robbed a drunken man of \$20 on Princess street in broad daylight. The boy's school teacher saw the lad flourishing money, and reported it to the police. When questioned, the lad confessed, returned the amount with the exception of \$4, and his parents will make this good. The man did not care to prosecute. He had \$500 in his possession the day he was robbed.

SERIOUS CHARGE AGAINST A PUBLIC OFFICER

Toronto, March 3.—Charged with committing an improper assault upon fifteen-year-old Katie Woods, a ward of the Children's Aid Society, Alfred Hunter was arraigned in Police Court yesterday and remanded a week without bail. Hunter is employed by J. J. Kelso, Provincial Superintendent of Neglected Children, and the girl was being brought in his charge from Wauwashe. She claims that instead of being taken to a home provided for her, he took her to a hotel.

THEY CERTAINLY DESERVE MUCH BETTER TREATMENT

Toronto, March 3.—Toronto telephone girls propose to ask the Bell Company for more pay and shorter hours. The older operators are asking the younger girls to fall in line, and petition the management during the next six weeks. Nine hours a stretch is the present working day of some of the girls, while the night operators are on duty from 10 p.m. until 7 a.m., with a short time off for rest. The maximum salary paid is \$35 per month.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS ASK FOR BETTER HOTELS

Toronto, March 3.—A deputation, representing the commercial travellers of the province, waited on Sir James Whitney Saturday afternoon to ask for compulsory license for local option hotels as well as licensed hotels. Only by this means could the accommodation be kept up to any proper standard. Their chief complaints were the unsanitary conditions in hotels, the poor system of heating, inferior bed clothing and cold and dirty sample rooms. One recommendation was that four provincial inspectors, instead of one, be appointed. A nominal license would have to be imposed on all hotels by the Government, to keep them under proper control and regulation.

Sir James said the Government would give the requests every consideration. There was nothing at all unreasonable asked for and he felt that improved accommodation was due to the commercial travellers of Ontario. Provincial Secretary Hanna was heartily in accord with the wishes of the deputation.



Spring Top Coats

WILLING to buy always a Semi-ready Overcoat, but still believe we cannot fit you on a Suit?

We approve the top coat, and we prove the suit by a guarantee of good service and satisfaction—a real guarantee, too.

Our Spring Overcoats have the "touch" of quiet style and elegance which every well-dressed man is fond of. We tailor that touch into the clothes so that the best work of the designer is held true to design.

\$15 to \$35—some all silk-lined, and all lined with good materials.

The same price everywhere in Canada as here—the seal's in the pocket.



George Morissette, 168 St. John St. Cor. D'Youville
L'Heureux & Gauvin, 183-5 St. Joseph Street.

Have you seen
CRANE'S EARLY GEORGIAN

This paper is extremely dainty, either with a silver or gold level, and is carried in a variety of sizes and styles of sheets and envelopes. Also correspondence cards and envelopes.

H. F. KIMBALL
Bookseller and Stationer

Telephone 432. 148 St. John Street

We Do Not Experiment With Your Clothes.

Years of success in our French Dry Cleaning and Dyeing Department stand back of this statement. We employ only experts who understand thoroughly the treatment of the great variety of fabrics in daily use, and each article is handled in a manner that secures the best results. French Dry Cleaning and Dyeing is being recognized more and more each day as one of the most important industries in existence; as an economical factor in our daily lives, it is without an equal. Good Dressers find these services invaluable, not only in keeping their clothes in the best of condition at all times, but by increasing the wearing quality, which means a great reduction in their clothing bills. The reputation we have earned throughout the Province as the oldest, largest, best, is the result of "satisfaction given." Write for our booklet of full information and prices.

PFEIFFER'S

Phones 523-524. "The Old Reliable Firm"

HOTELS, RESORTS.

ATLANTIC CITY.

HOTEL DENNIS

Spring Days at Atlantic City Are Delightful.

HOTEL DENNIS directly on the ocean front, is always open and is an ideal home for the Spring guest.

WALTER J. BUZRY.

feb23xmon,tu,th,fr,sat to mar13

Most modern and leading moderate rate hotel

ALBEMARLE Virginia Avenue and Beach

Now open. Capacity 350. Large sunny rooms, steam heated; exc. table. \$8, \$10, \$12.50 up weekly; \$3 up daily. Am. plan. Elev. sun parlors, orch. Booklet. J. P. COPE. feb. 1xtu,th,satx26

GRAND UNION HOTEL

Central Hotel NEW YORK CITY

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTHWEST LAND REGULATIONS

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made to any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section along side his homestead. Price \$1.00 per acre.

Duties—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry including the time required to earn homestead patent and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchase homestead in certain districts. Price \$1.00 per acre.

Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$100.00.

W. W. COVEY
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior,
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this list of regulations will not be paid for.

The Ideal Blend
Dewar's Whisky
and
Common Sense

DISCOUNT SALE 10% to 50% off

20 p. c. off TURNBULL'S celebrated Underwear, Combinations, Drawers, Tights and Vests, for Ladies and Children. Wool and Union, less 20 per cent.

Also discounts off all other goods. All goods marked in plain figures. Discounts deducted from total of purchase. "Money back principle."

E. J. DYNES, 49 St. John St. Tel. 271

LA CAISSE D'ECONOMIE DE NOTRE-DAME DE QUEBEC

Are offering to lease at their Head Office and St. Roch Branch SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

for safe keeping of Bonds, Stock Certificates, Important Documents, Jewellery and other valuables.

DIED. BROWN—On the 3rd instant, Alice Brown, beloved wife of the late Patrick Doyle, aged 34 years.

PIDGEON—On Sunday morning, March 3, 1912, Catherine Pidgeon, widow of the late James Fairbairn, aged 74 years.

PUBLIC NOTICE. In re: Estate Late Charles Ernest Brodie.

All persons indebted to or having any claim against the estate of the late Charles Ernest Brodie, in his lifetime of the Town of Levis, Advocate, are hereby requested to make payment, or to file their claim, any attested, with the undersigned Attorneys, No. 56 St. Peter street, City of Quebec.

PENTLAND, STUART, GRAVEL & THOMSON, Attorneys for Testamentary Executrix.

MONEY LOST

In Couillard street or John street, between corner of St. Flavian and Q. R. L. & P. office, John street, a sum of money in International Bank bills of \$10, and Montreal Bank bills of \$5 denomination. Liberal reward will be paid on returning same to 17 or 17 1/2 Couillard street.

NOTICE

GALL STONES DISSOLVED and removed painlessly, old kidney and bladder trouble cured with the new discovery Sanol. Cure is certain. Sanol's booklet free. Write today. Sanol Manufacturing Company, Winnipeg, Man.

NOTICE

Dr. Philippe Hamel, Dentist, has removed his office from No. 22 St. Angele street, to No. 6 d'Aiguillon street. Telephones, Office 1722 and Residence 1669.

R. J. WINFIELD

Caterer and Confectioner

Is prepared to execute all orders for Wedding Cakes, Birthday Cakes, Christening Cakes, Communion Cakes

Receptions and afternoon teas supplied, jellied fowl, meats and salads, ices, jellies, creams, high grade chocolate and home made candies.

Auditorium

FRIDAY & SATURDAY EVNGS & SAT. MATINEE. March 1 & 2. Mat. 2.15. BEVERLY OF GRAUSTARK. PRICES: EVENING: \$1.00-75-50-25c. MATINEE: 50-35-25c. Seats Now on Sale

AUDITORIUM

Thursday Eve., MARCH 7th. Song Recital by the Distinguished Canadian Tenor, PAUL DUFOUR. Assisted by Henriette Bach, Brilliant Young Violinist, and Margaret White, Pianist of Distinction.

ILLUSTRATED TRAVEL

Illustrated Travel Talk on Western Canada, by Rev. G. H. Cobbleclik, Monday, March 5th, at 8 p.m., in Y. M. C. A. Hall. Itinerary covers all places of interest from Winnipeg to Vancouver and from Saskatoon and Edmonton to Prince Rupert, with views of prairie farm life and magnificent mountain scenery.

Irish Protestant Benevolent Society

The general annual meeting of this society will be held in the Y. M. C. A. rooms Monday, March 4, at 8 o'clock p. m., for election of officers for ensuing year, and other business.

NOTICE

The annual general meeting of Mount Hermon Cemetery Association will be held on Wednesday, 6th March, at noon, in the office of the Secretary, No. 61 St. Peter Street, Quebec, for the purpose of electing directors and other business which may be legitimately brought before it.

RUSSIAN PEASANTS WANT NO BOUNTIES ON HARVESTERS

St. Petersburg, March 2.—The opposition, aided by the peasant deputies of all parties, in the Duma to-day, defeated the proposal providing for bounties in the manufacture in Russia of harvesters and binders, Count Uvaroff, Octobrist, described it as a protective measure for an American trust.

IN AND ABOUT TOWN

TWO SUSPECTS ARE ARRESTED

Supposed Assassins in the Baie St. Paul Murder Mystery in Custody.

After searching throughout two provinces and three states of the Union, Chief McCaskill, of the Provincial Police, has succeeded, with the aid of Chief Caillier, of Lewiston, Me., and Detective Denis, of the Quebec Provincial Police, in capturing two Italians, man and wife, who are supposed to be the parties responsible for the death of another Italian at Baie St. Paul last fall.

Some time ago an Italian girl was arrested on suspicion in the United States and brought to Baie St. Paul, but as she had never been seen there, she was discharged from custody, and returned back to the States.

The arrest was not long then before being made and after remaining in the boarding house until Wednesday morning, the accused secured a position as a barber in Lewiston, where he worked for a day and a half before being captured, the arrest of his supposed wife following immediately.

Both will be conveyed this morning to Baie St. Paul, where the preliminary investigation will be held by Magistrate Simard.

APPOINTMENT.

The Canadian Gazette contains the following: "Samuel Tanner Green, of the City of Quebec, in the Province of Quebec, Esquire, Post Office Inspector, has been appointed to be a Commissioner to tender and administer to and take from all and every persons or person with in the said Province of Quebec, the oath of allegiance."

DEATH OF MRS. P. DOYLE.

The friends of Mrs. Doyle, widow of the late Mr. Patrick Doyle, will learn with regret of her demise, which occurred yesterday after an illness of some duration. It is but three months since her husband, who was an employee of the St. Louis Hotel, passed away.

RETREAT AT ST. PATRICK'S.

A retreat for the men of St. Patrick's parish will commence next Sunday at High Mass. Services will be held every morning at 7 o'clock and in the evening at 7.30. The preacher will be Rev. Stephen Connolly, C.S.S.R., of the Mission Church, Boston, Mass.

MAN WITH BROKEN LEG HAD DIFFICULTIES

Passengers up to Quebec from St. Joachim had quite an interesting experience on Saturday morning. A flat car across the track near Beauport interrupted traffic, and the passengers had to travel by box car to the scene of the wreck.

VIOLENT ATTACK ON KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS

Montreal, March 3.—Qualifying the Knights of Columbus as the triumph of the spirit of Masonry, in the Catholic Church, a writer in La Croix, a Roman Catholic organ, makes an attack on that organization.

POLICE SHOULD NOT RELAX

Assailant of Little Girls Must Be Found and Punished for His Crime.

The police are working on a case which should be followed up without any relaxation. Street assaults in Quebec are not often, but when they do occur, and when the victims are little children, it is time to nip the matter at once.

QUEBEC TYPO. UNION MEETING

Annual Assembly and Election of Officers Took Place on Saturday Evening.

The annual meeting of Quebec Typographical Union No. 302 was held on Saturday evening, when there was a large attendance of members.

President—N. Belleau. Vice-President—F. E. Hall. Financial Secretary—A. Loras. Treasurer—E. Little. Recording Secretary—L. Moisan. Corresponding Secretary—M. Crean.

BISHOP'S COLLEGE SCHOOL.

The great campaign to raise \$250,000 to put the school on a sound basis as an institution separate and free from the control of the university of that name starts out today and one of its old boys put his name down as a subscriber for \$5,000.

This campaign is not only among the old boys, but among all who want to see Canada endowed with an institution such as Harrow, Eton, Rugby, Winchester in the Old Country. We want this institution to do for Canadians what those grand old schools of England have done for the English, and the only way to do it is for all who have means to help and to help on as large a scale as they can.

DISPUTE OF HOCKEY PLAYERS' SALARY. Montreal, Que., March 3.—Riley Hern, ex-goalkeeper of the Wanderer Hockey Club, has written to the National Hockey Association, complaining that he has not received his salary from the club with which he signed again this year, since a fortnight after the commencement of the season, and requesting the Association to take steps to compel the management of the Wanderer Club to make good the contract conditions.

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Paris, March 3.—Mme. Casimir-Perier, widow of the ex-President of the Republic, died today.

8TH R.R. PREPARING FOR ANNUAL DRILL

Clothing of the Companies Is Now in Progress at the Drill Hall.

The preparation for the annual drill of the Eighth Royal Rifles is progressing rapidly. Already No. 1 and No. 8 are clothed. The other companies will be clothed as follows: This evening, No. 5 Company; Tuesday, No. 2; Wednesday, No. 4; Thursday, No. 6; Friday, No. 7; on Monday next, No. 3.

SUFFRAGETTES ATTEMPT TO BURN LONDON POSTOFFICE.

London, March 3.—A suffragette attempted to start a fire in the General Post Office of London tonight. The woman carried a bundle of paper and flimsy material soaked with paraffine into the public hall and set it on fire near a counter. She then smashed a plate glass window and surrendered herself to the police.

PORT ARTHUR DEFEATED SASKATOON AGGREGATION

Winnipeg, Man., March 3.—Port Arthur defeated the Saskatoon hockey team in a whirlwind manner in the first game in the Stanley Cup elimination contests played here last night. The score was 11 to 1. From the first there seemed little doubt as to how the game would end, although the Port Arthur team did not show the form that they exhibited later in the rink was too small for them, as their game. It looked as if the Auditorium bearings were not obtained as well on it the first half. The Saskatoons showed up to advantage only in this period, the only one in which they scored, but towards the last hockey in the general meaning of the term was wanting. It was a walk around. In the second half the Port Arthur team got over the stage fright, which was their stumbling block in the first, and developed something akin to speed. The Saskatoons hunted in packs and tried to get the puck through with Rugby-like tactics.

HOTEL WAITERS GO ON STRIKE IN MONTREAL

Montreal, Que., March 3.—An unpleasant surprise was sprung on Mr. Weldon, manager of the Windsor Hotel, yesterday afternoon, when about four o'clock as the guests were beginning to pour into take afternoon tea, the fifty-eight waiters turned in their badges and went on strike. Bell boys, bartenders and other help were pressed into service and a hurry-up call was sent to other establishments in the hope of borrowing a few waiters. At a late hour tonight the strike had not been broken and both sides had engaged counsel. Meanwhile visitors have had to get their meals the best way they can, and the service has been somewhat slow to say the least.

The hotel, being run on the European plan, however, there is no obligation to serve meals, and for this Mr. Weldon is exceedingly thankful.

Mr. Weldon states that the strike was very sudden and the waiters went out immediately on ascertaining that their demands would be refused by the house manager, who had no authority to grant them.

The waiters complain of a system of fines for breakages and delays and of being forced to work overtime without sufficient extra pay. The trouble was brought to a head by the firing of a number of waiters \$2 a piece for a misunderstanding over a dinner party, which had to be cancelled owing to their alleged mistake.

Hern says that he was asked to play one game at the opening match of the season but that he was not well enough to turn out. The week afterward, Mr. Lichtenhein came to him and informed him that thereafter he would receive no more salary. "I told him at the time," said Hern, "that I considered his action unfair and determined to present my case to Association when the right time came. I have attended all the practices and have been on hand at every game, filling my part of the contract, and now all I want is to have the Wanderer management do their share."

There is every probability of the claim being upheld by the league, for no owner has the right to suspend a player. He must abide with his contract with him, or if he proves unsatisfactory release him absolutely.

PIPER-HEIDSIECK CHAMPAGNE Dry, Extra Dry or Brut It leads for more than 125 years. Is the Best of all Champagne Wines. LAPORTE, MARTIN & CO., Ltd. Agents, Montreal.

GREAT REMOVAL SALE 1 lot of Toboggans, 8 feet, regular \$3.25 for \$2.25 Snow Carts for Children, regular \$3.00 for \$2.25 Balance of Skates at Half Price. ROBITAILLE & PICHER, Regd. Phone 1111. 161 St. John Street

Boys and Men's Ready-to-Wear -- AT -- VERY SPECIAL PRICES Men's Black Vicuna Suits, \$8.50 to \$10.00, for \$6.00 Boys' Spiring Overcoats, \$4.00, for \$2.75 Boys' New Tweed Suits, \$3.50, for \$2.98 Fifty Men's Waterproof Coats—these are a set of manufacturers' samples, which we will sell to you at a saving of 25 Per Cent Men's New Tweed Suits, \$12.50, for \$10.00 CARPET DEPARTMENT It will be to your interest to take advantage of the very special discount we are giving on our entire stock of Carpet Squares and Rugs; all sizes; newest designs and coloring. 20 Per Cent Reduction

THE POPULAR STORE MARCEAU & CO. 155 ST. JOSEPH ST.

Faguy, Lepinay & Frere 254-264 St. John Street

SPLENDID SHOWING of New Spring Dress Goods The new spring dress goods are here. New weaves, every wanted shade, and we have taken exceptional care to mark them so unusually that you will find remarkable values. New grey and black costume tweeds per yard \$1.15. The brown and green woollen tweeds are very stylish. You will find a good choice of them at our department. Prices \$1.60 and \$1.75 per yard. Beautiful new toned Venetian cloth of a good quality, 44 inches wide at per yard \$1.59c.

Silk Spotted Muslin For dresses, all the new shades, a delicate near silk material, very effective. Price..... 29c per yard

New Spring Coats and Suits Our stock of new spring coats and suits is now at its best. Everything that is new, stylish and worth while, is here. A visit is just like looking through a "live" style book. If you don't see anything that exactly meets your fancies we are sure we can please you in our custom make garments. Our dressmaker is giving satisfaction to others and we will guarantee she can please you. Just ask our prices. We know she will make you glad you came.

Faguy, Lepinay & Frere 254-264 St. John Street

LINSEED COMPOUND is a reliable old English Home remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, Asthma, Bronchitis, & all Lung & Throat Troubles.



No. 1A CITY OF QUEBEC

City of Quebec, District of Quebec. BY-LAW.

To Amend By-Law Concerning the Internal Government of the Council.

(Drawn up in the French Language) is to say:

Present:—His Worship the Mayor and Aldermen Barbeau, Bergevin, Campbell, Cannon, Collier, Cote, Delisle, Dinan, Emond, Fiset, Gauvreau, Gosselin, Guillot, Levallee, Lavigneur, Lockwell, Monaghan, Morin, Plamondon, Pouliot, Shink, Trudel, Verret.

It is ordained and enacted by the Municipal Council of the City of Quebec, and the said Council ordains and enacts as follows:

1—Article 35 of By-Law No. 1, concerning the internal government of the Council, is repealed and replaced by the following dispositions:

35—The Standing Committees of this Council shall be:

- 1—The Finance Committee. 2—The Road Committee. 3—The Water Works Committee. 4—The Police Committee, and By-Law.

At a meeting of the City Council of the City of Quebec, held at the City Hall, in the said City of Quebec, on the twenty-third day of February, one thousand nine hundred and twelve (1912), in conformity to law, and in virtue of a by-law passed by this Council pursuant thereto, and after the due observance of all the formalities prescribed by the statute in such case made and provided, at which meeting were present two-thirds of the members composing the Council of the City of Quebec, that Laws.

- 5—The Fire Committee. 6—The Market Committee. 7—The Health Committee. 8—The Ferry Committee. 35A—The Clerk of the Recorder's Court shall be Secretary of the Police and By-Law Committees, and may be replaced by another officer of the Council by the said Committee.

2—Article 82 of said By-law No. 1, is amended in consequence.

3—The present By-law shall be enacted on the first day of March next.

NAP. DROUIN, Mayor.

Attested. L.S. H. J. J. B. Chouinard, City Clerk.

Making One Dollar Do the Work of Two

YOUR dollars vary in value according as they vary in purchasing power.

The man or woman who studies advertising is able frequently, to make one dollar do the usual work of two.

The experienced reader of advertisements will always make a dollar command a premium, that is, make it buy more than the dollar of a non-reader of advertisements.

How much "above par" are the dollars in your pocket worth?

It will depend on how closely you study the buying opportunities out-lined in the store ads.

The Chronicle Quebec's Best Paper

UNCLE SAM BOOZE MAKER

His One Experience on the Panama Canal Zone Not Profitable.

Panama, March 3.—The Panama Canal Commission has terminated the lease to Antonio Andrade, a Greek, of a distillery and some twenty-three hectares (a hectare is 2,470 acres) of cane land, situated near Gargena. The distillery, which is about the largest in the zone, having two copper stills of 12.25 and 18.90 litres capacity, was bought, along with some 327 acres of surrounding land, because it was in the way of the canal. This was in August, 1908.

A commission of award, appointed according to terms of the treaty between the United States and the republic of Panama, and consisting of two Panamans and two Americans, adjudicated the claim of the owner, the same Andrade, and awarded him \$90,000, for his distillery and 327 acres, comprising the hacienda Andrade. The high cost was supported by the fact that it was a well-paying concern, with an illimitable field for its product, and situated on the Chagres, with easy communication by water and by rail.

A distillery on the hands of a canal-building commission develops features classically attributed to the white elephant. Doubtless there were men on the government forces who were capable of operating the distillery, and many who would willingly have received the perquisites of the office. Considering the adulteration of liquor which is practised in Colon and Panama, there would have been virtue in the government's insuring a pure supply of spirits by making them itself. But the commission had no desire to dabble in the liquor business.

But here was a valuable property which would not be destroyed by the canal work for three years. Two big stills, cane mills, engines, tanks and a fine crop of cane grown up at the very doors. "Efficiency" is the watchword here, and so the words, "Why stand we here idle?" of Patrick Henry, the inciter to war, may have occurred to some of the army officers. At any rate, permission was given by the Secretary of War to lease the distillery and some of the adjacent cane land.

And so went into operation the only commercial distillery owned by the United States. Andrade paid for its use \$1,500 the first year, from January for the next \$100. The decrease in 13, 1909; for the next year, \$300, and rent was because the cane which was there when the government turned it over became exhausted, except through the efforts of the tenant. Any "single taxer" knows that he ought not to pay rent for his own improvements.

The advancing canal work demands the end of the happy arrangement. The rejoicing Andrade appears as a Dr. Faustus, pledged to surrender all. And the pity is, it is about all he has. When his \$90,000 was awarded, \$15,000 was won from him in court by people to whom he was indebted. It seems that the claims were mortgages given for gambling debts, and they were not outlawed. And after he got the remaining \$75,000, people who know him say, Andrade could not hold onto it. He gained local honor as an easy mark, investing and lending at the behest of the human hawks in a way to show that skepticism can never overthrow faith. The good old fellow may feel himself a martyr on the altar of theology; but they say that when he reflects on the facts he doesn't feel theologically inclined.

Six other distilleries in the Canal Zone, owned by private persons, pay the government over \$2,000 a year in taxation. The taxes have been levied according to the Columbian law, which was in effect when the United States took charge, but a new system has been devised by the Canal Zone Government, and is being inaugurated.

Now, all the interest the government of the zone has in the liquor business is collecting taxes and licenses, guarding the purity of the stuff sold and preserving the peace against its effects. With the latter it has had little difficulty. In December, 1911, out of 538 arrests, 75 were for "intoxicated" or "intoxicated and disorderly"; in November the number was 80 out of 536; in October, 74 out of 629.

In December twenty-three nations, or forty-five states and principalities, were represented by native sons or daughters at the bar of zone justice. Considering the zone has such an assorted population, about 50,000 in number (it was 50,003 in June, 1908; a new census is under way), the order preserved is remarkably good.

NEW LINE OF STEAMERS FOR CANADA

Halifax, N. S., March 3.—The first trip of the latest line to open up a regular service to Canada was made today when the steamer Litania, of the Russian East Asiatic Steamship Company, arrived from Libau. The steamer had 976 passengers, of whom 341 were for Canada and landed here, proceeding by rail on the Intercolonial Railway special train, and 635 going on with the Litania for New York. The company is strongly backed by the Russian Government and it is proposed to make fortnightly trips the year round to Halifax. The immigration officers here say her passengers are equal in quality to any that ever landed here and as far as money supplies are concerned they pronounced them better off than any heretofore handled, surpassing in this respect even the immigrants from the United Kingdom. The passage from Libau was made in eleven days. The next steamer of the line will be the Kursk, built for the company at Glasgow in 1910 and having a gross tonnage of 7,858. The Litania's tonnage is 4,248 and she was built at Belfast in 1889.

She is commanded by Captain Zerle. The most of her passengers are destined for Sudbury, Winnipeg and Cochrane, a very small percentage of them remaining in Montreal.

SIMPLE FUNERAL OF LATE HON. EDWARD BLAKE

Toronto, Ont., March 3.—As befitting the rigid simplicity of his life and the enforced seclusion of his last years, the remains of Hon. Edward Blake were interred in St. James' Cemetery this morning with absolute privacy. At the service, held at the family residence in Jarvis street, only immediate relatives were present, a few close friends of the late statesman being added to the party later in the cemetery chapel, when Venerable Archdeacon Cody pronounced the last solemn words before committing the body to earth. The mourners included S. H. Blake, deceased's brother; Hume Blake, his elder son; Senator J. K. Kerr, a brother-in-law; president R. A. Falconer and Principal Hutton. The last named two, who came in behalf of Toronto University, were the only representatives present of any body.

OTTAWA JOCKEY CLUB CHANGES ITS NAME.

Ottawa, March 3.—At a meeting yesterday of the Ottawa Jockey Club, the name was changed to the Connaught Park Racing Association, Limited, and it was decided to apply to the Canadian Racing Association for dates from Sept. 19 to 26 inclusive, the committee having decided on a seven day meet. The plans and specifications for the clubhouse and grandstand were accepted and it was decided to cut the track immediately. The club will offer \$24,000 in purses for its inaugural meet and will operate under the Canadian Racing Association, holding the meet after the fall meet of the Montreal Jockey Club. His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught has consented to act as honorary patron and the clubhouse will include a viceregal suite and a box for the Government House party. Mr. Albert Roherback, of Buffalo, was appointed racing manager, and Col. J. W. Woods appointed chairman of the finance committee. Work on the plant will be rushed and it is expected that everything will be in readiness about August 15. It has been definitely decided not to use the pari-mutuels. There will be seven races each day.

TAX REFORMERS INTERVIEW PREMIER OF ONTARIO.

Toronto, March 3.—Tax reformers to the number of about 200, representing, as they declared, 62,500 people in the province, gave vigorous expression to their views before Sir James Whitney, on Saturday, and were encouraged to the extent that the Prime Minister declared there were some commendable features in their plea. They were not, however, encouraged by any promise of legislation, at least during the present session of the provincial parliament. Sir James said it had occurred to him that it was not fair for the owner of unimproved land to hold it for speculative purposes to the detriment of improved land, and that there must be a remedy of some kind for these. But a conclusion should not be come to hastily upon any such important subject. The government would consider the question, and the chances were that whatever view the Government would ultimately take would be approved by the people. Bring your views before the assessment committee, which meets next autumn, and we can assure you the matter will be dealt with in a manner as befits the dealing with a great subject like this, was the Premier's final word. The deputation was headed by Stewart Lyon, who said the body represented the cities of Toronto, Hamilton, London, Ottawa, Port Arthur, and various smaller municipalities, also two-thirds of all the organized labor unions in the province, the Dominion Grange, and the Tax Reform League.

STROLLING ACTORS BARRED.

Toronto, N.S.W., March 3.—The latest addition to the Australian labor organizations is an Actors' Union, whose members have signified their consent by putting forward the remarkable proposal that an embargo should be placed upon the importation of stage players, even those who merely visit the country on tour. It was agreed to except "stars," who, apparently, may go and strut their hour upon the stage unchecked, but they must be supported by local companies, recruited and rehearsed on the spot.

In fact, the old system of the travelling "star" and the stock company is to be revived, with the sanction of the law at the behest of the new "trade union." The movement is said to be in the interests of "local people and English and American actors who have stayed in Australia."

It is no doubt true, as the union asserts, that many of the parts in plays produced in Australia by touring companies could be filled quite as capably by talent there, but as the Australasian remarks, it is a fancy of the play-going public to see new faces now and again, and it has hitherto been legitimate part of managerial enterprise to indulge that fancy.

Evidently, however, the taste or need of the public is not deemed worthy of much consideration when union tactics are discussed. "Considering the population of Australia, it is remarkable how many actors, permanently settled here, have maintained consistently their place in popular favor."

Dozens of names spring to mind, proving that members of the profession, once their footing is gained, may spend a good slice of their lifetime in Australia without exhausting the good will of the little community here. It is proposed to exploit this good nature by rigidly enacting that playgoers shall see and smile upon newcomers at all. Truly, as the writer adds, the rights of man are undergoing singular developments under the Southern Cross.

A review of last year's progress discloses ample ground for satisfaction at Australia's solid advance in manufacturing enterprise. In New South Wales the annual value of local manufacturers is put at \$250,000,000.

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HOTEL ELDORADO H. Dore, Proprietor. Mr. and Mrs. Lapierre, Mgrs. First class rooms with bath. Modern, Comfortable. Terms moderate. Corner St. Joseph Street and Boulevard Langelier. Phone 2650.

Hotel Flanders 133-137 West 47th St. N. Y. CITY. 200 Feet East of Broadway. A modern fireproof hotel in the heart of the theatre, club and hotel district; convenient to all car lines. An exceptional orchestra. Rooms with private bath \$2 per day. From Grand Central Station, Broadway cars without transfer. From Pennsylvania Station, 7th Avenue cars without transfer. Booklet on request. H. R. SHARES, Prop.

Don't Get Chilled Getting chilled through and through has laid the foundation for more cases of grippe and pneumonia than almost any other cause. If you are inadequately clad, you run a serious risk of inviting a horde of winter ills to get their clutches on you. Protect yourself against their invasion by wearing an overcoat of the necessary weight for this weather. We have an excellent line of this material to select from, and we can make it up for you just the way you want it. S. J. BURKE 187 St. John St. PHONE 781.

Smile a smile; when you smile Another smiles, and soon there is miles and miles of smiles, And life's worth while if YOU but smile; Those who wear our glasses always have this contented smile. Try it and SEE. McCLURE, Optometrist. tion at Australia's solid advance in manufacturing enterprise. In New South Wales the annual value of local manufacturers is put at \$250,000,000. During the last decade factories in the commonwealth have increased by 1,504, work people employed by 30,923, salaries and wages by \$13,454,545, and the value of the plant engaged by \$23,115,420. Mr. Wunderlich, president of the New South Wales Chamber of Manufacturers, claims that Austria is naturally an industrial country. By her geographical position, he says, she should be the manufacturing purveyor for four continents.

KING EDWARD HOTEL CITY HALL SQUARE, QUEBEC, Q.B. Surprising rates for the Winter Season. American or European plan. For further information inquire by mail or at the office. Private Telephone 1647. Long Distance 3422. JOS. LAPOINTE, Manager.

OYSTERS 35c With Coler. Sirloin or Tenderloin 50c Steaks, with Mushrooms.

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Ladies' White Sweaters, Coat Form.
Ladies' White Sweaters, Closed or Shoulder Buttoned.
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12-inch, 18-inch, 21-inch Black and White Gloves; regular Values \$2.50 and \$3.50. Sale Price.....\$1.50

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\$330. England, France, Switzerland, Germany, The Rhine, Holland and Belgium. June 22nd to Aug. 12th.
\$320. England, Holland, Belgium, The Rhine, Germany Switzerland and France. June 29th to Aug. 18th.
\$340. England, Belgium, Holland, The Rhine, Germany, Switzerland, France and Scotland. June 29th to Aug. 18th.
\$225. England, Holland, Belgium and France. June 29th to Aug. 11th.
\$175. Scotland, England and France. July 13th to Aug. 12th.
\$160. France, England and Scotland. July 14th to Aug. 12th.

All above tours via ships sailing from QUEBEC. Rate includes all travelling expenses, and tours are personally conducted.
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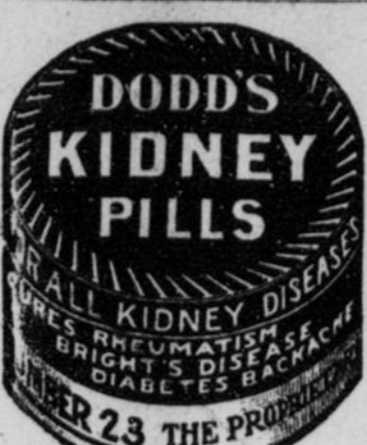
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Shipping News

THE CHRONICLE STEAMSHIP DIRECTORY OF OCEAN SAILINGS.

Date of sailing with ports of departure and arrival compiled for the Chronicle by F. S. Stocking, general steamship agent, 32 St. Louis Street, Quebec.

2 Carmania	New York, Glasgow
2 Berlin	New York, Mediterranean
2 Calcedonia	New York, Ply. Cher. & Smp.
2 Calcedonia	New York, Glasgow
2 Tunisian	Hull, Liverpool
2 Canada	New York, Mediterranean
2 Cedric	Portland, Liverpool
2 Royal George	Hull, Bristol
2 Campania	New York, Liverpool
2 Cincinnati	New York, Mediterranean
2 P. F. Wilhelm	New York, Ply. Cher. & Smp.
2 America	New York, Ply. Cher. & Smp.
2 La Savoie	New York, Mediterranean
2 Numidian	Boston, Liverpool
2 Oceanic	New York, Ply. Cher. & Smp.
2 Cameronia	New York, Glasgow
2 Grampian	New York, Liverpool
2 Coctian	Portland, Liverpool
2 Emp. of Britain	Hull, Liverpool
12 Kr. Wilhelm	New York, Ply. Cher. Bre.
12 Franconia	Boston, Liverpool
12 Mauretania	New York, Liverpool
14 P. Lincoln	New York, Ply. Cher. Ham
14 La Provence	New York, Havre
14 Baltic	New York, Liverpool
14 Lake Manitoba	St. John, Liverpool
16 Olympic	New York, Ply. Cher. Smp
16 Canopic	Boston, Mediterranean
16 P. F. Wilhelm	New York, Ply. Cher. Smp
16 Columbia	New York, Mediterranean
16 Virginian	Hull, Liverpool
16 Memphis	Boston, Liverpool
20 Lusitania	New York, Liverpool
20 Royal Edward	Hull, Bristol
21 Cassandra	St. John, Glasgow
21 La Bretagne	New York, Havre
21 Sardinian	St. John, Havre, London
23 Philadelphia	New York, Ply. Cher. Smp
23 California	New York, Glasgow
23 Corsican	St. John, Liverpool
23 Emp. of Ireland	Hull, Liverpool
23 Teutonic	Portland, Liverpool
26 G. Washington	New York, Ply. Cher. Bre
26 Majestic	Boston, Liverpool
26 Laconia	New York, Liverpool
27 Campania	Boston, Liverpool
28 Ivernia	New York, Mediterranean
28 Batavia	New York, Ply. Cher. Ham
28 L. L. Lorraine	New York, Havre
28 Celtic	New York, Liverpool
28 Lake Champlain	St. John, Liverpool
28 New York	New York, Ply. Cher. Smp
30 King Albert	New York, Mediterranean
30 Kr. Aug. Vict.	New York, Ply. Cher. Ham
30 Caledonia	New York, Glasgow
30 Victorian	Hull, Liverpool
30 Laurentic	New York, Liverpool

Note: Abbreviations—Ply., Plymouth; Cher., Cherbourg; Br., Bremen; Smp., Southampton; Ham., Hamburg; Pr., President of France; Wm., Wilhelm.

ALLAN LINE.

Steamer Virginia sailed from Liverpool for Halifax and St. John, N.B., at 6 p.m. 1st instant with mails and 58 saloon, 468 second cabin and 972 steerage passengers.

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP CO.

Steamer Bermudian sailed from Bermuda for New York at 11 a.m. last Saturday.

Steamer Guiana sailed from New York for West Indies at 2 o'clock last Saturday afternoon.

WHITE STAR-DOMINION LINE.

SS. Teutonic Made Fast Passage to Liverpool.

Steamer Teutonic, from Portland on the 24th ulto, was reported 80 miles west of Malin Head at 1 p.m. Friday, and arrived in Liverpool Saturday morning.

FOR MAGDALEN ISLANDS.

Steamer Stanley will sail from North Sydney for Magdalen Islands on Wednesday, 6th March. Mails from Quebec will close at the Quebec Post Office at 4 o'clock this (Monday) afternoon.

CLOSING LETTER.

By private wire to Neuville Belleau & Co., 93 St. Peter street, Quebec. Phones 946-4076.

New York, March 2.—The market was quiet, but firm, with some issues making new high records for the movement, suggesting that sentiment continues rather bullish than otherwise. American Telephone and Telegraph was a feature, pointing a further investment buying of the better class issues, Pennsylvania being also well taken. St. Paul acted better on the theory that the present dividend would be maintained as earnings should improve from now on. The news from Washington that the Democratic caucus had decided in favor of putting sugar on the free list did not have any perceptible effect, it being noticeable that American Beet Sugar held its own, despite the announcement. It is the current belief that no tariff legislation will be allowed to get by the President at this session, and for that reason Wall Street is not worrying over the situation. Steel was under further selling pressure, but recovered easily. Union Pacific also moving up in the early trading. The transactions were quieter, there being profiting in Interborough-Metropolitan, though Brooklyn Rapid Transit made a new high level, presumably in anticipation of an award of the remaining subways to the latter system. Comment is heard in financial circles relative to the strength of the market in the face of the various depressing influences like strikes and Government suits, the inference being drawn that liquidation has been thorough. We feel that the high grade dividend payers, to which attention has been called from time to time of late, are still a purchase, but would not climb for the general list, since the trading is still largely professional. The bank statement was poorer than expected.

Montreal, March 2.—One of the topics of conversation on the street this morning was the unusual movement in Quebec Railway yesterday. It is now known that what took place was that a short interest developed and that it was impossible to obtain

DEATH OF LATE H. CASTLE SCOTT

Was a Gentleman of the Old School and Had a Unique Place in Business.

The Montreal Star of Wednesday last contains the following notice of the death of Mr. H. Castle Scott:

After a short illness which was declared serious a few days ago, Mr. H. Castle Scott passed away at an early hour this morning at the family residence, 550 Sherbrooke street west.

He is survived by Mrs. Scott, two daughters and two sons: Mrs. Cosgrave and Mrs. C. F. Sise, jr., and Mr. Maurice and Mr. Hope Scott.

For many years Mr. Scott was identified with the Montreal Stock Exchange, and although for the past eighteen months he had not been as active as heretofore, he was regarded in the light of an authority, a dean in his profession; whose views were sought and whose experience heeded, when questions or conditions of an unusual character developed.

Mr. Scott, whose age was sixty-eight, was born in Quebec. His early life was spent in the study of law; but the role of barrister did not appeal to him, and in 1873 he came to Montreal and established the firm of H. C. Scott, the successor to which was H. C. Scott & Co., of which firm he was a member at the time of his death.

His success was marked, and his firm occupied the distinction of being one of the most conservative in the business in which it was engaged, and his clientele, which represented interests of wide importance, held for him the highest respect, and entertained for his counsel and his advice a degree of confidence that was unusual and pleasant to consider.

The death of Mr. Scott removes both from the business and the social world, a very rare and delightful character, a man of great refinement, of manners, so suggestive of the old school; a patron of the arts, a musician of no mean order, a lover of his Porace and versed in his Homer, rich in his knowledge of the classics of history and of the poets; a student of music, with a keen appreciation of the work and the performers of the best class, and with an understanding of harmony, not only in music but in life, he represented, with his winning graces and with his dignity of mien, the type of which we so frequently hear, but so rarely encounter.

His death is a genuine loss, not only to his friends, but to the community as a whole, and the memory of this gentle and charming man will survive the many and in the memories of the many who feel in the announcement of to-day a sense of personal bereavement.

There is reason to believe that not more than one hundred shares of stocks is obtainable outside of Forget's office. Under such circumstances there could be but one result and several of the shorts were compelled to make a private settlement, notwithstanding the general belief that the dividend will be passed.

Quite a movement took place in the early morning in Quebec Railway bonds and a very considerable turnover took place before 11 o'clock. The first lot changed hands at 76 1/2 and from this the price strengthened to 77. Viewed in the light of yesterday's movement in the stock and of the rumor concerning the passing of the dividend, the strength in the bonds is logical.

MOTOR FIRE ENGINES MUST BE SELF-STARTING.

Disco Starter Saves Valuable Seconds
"The automobile fire engine is fast displacing the horse," said an old fire-fighter yesterday, "and the motor apparatus saves money and saves lives by the seconds it cuts off the getaway and the minutes it saves on the run—providing a prompt start is made.

A motor fire engine, however, has to be started like any other automobile, before you can drive it through the streets, and that's where the Disco Self-Starter is the fireman's friend. At the first tap of the gong the driver jumps into his seat, turns the little spark button. Before the box can be counted, the engine is running ready to turn if it's "a go."

In cities where both motor apparatus and the old horse-drawn engines are still in commission, the motors are invariably first on the scene, and now that the Disco Starter is being used by fire departments generally, the turnout is cut down to still less time.

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKETS

Toronto, March 2.—Quotations are as follows:
Toronto, Feb. 28.—Quotations are as follows:
Wheat—Ontario, No. 2 winter, 95a 96c outside, according to location. Manitoba, No. 1 northern \$1.13; No. 2 do., \$1.10; No. 3 do., \$1.06.
Oats—Canada western No. 2, 47 1/2a 48 1/2c; No. 3 do. — at lake ports for immediate shipment, Ontario, No. 2 white, 45a46c outside; No. 3 do., 43a 44c outside; on track, Toronto, 48a49c.
Corn—American, No. 3 yellow, 73 1/2a74.
Peas—Per bush, \$1.20a1.25.
Rye—No. 2, per bush, \$1.05a1.06.
Barley—Per bushel, 95a96c outside for malting.
Buckwheat—Per bush, 70a71c shipping points.
Flour—Manitoba, 1st patents, \$5.50; second patents, \$5.00; strong bakers', \$4.80. Ontario, winter, 90 per cent patents \$3.85 seaboard.
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Eggs—Selected, 35c.

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LOST—A pink ear-ring between the Ursule House and Trinity Church via St. Anne and St. Stanislas streets. Finder will please return to Chronicle office.

WANTED.

WANTED—Nice, quiet room, close to City Hall; must have bath and telephone in house; state price. Address G. J. G., care Chronicle.

WANTED—a good smart boy to run messages and make himself generally useful around office. Apply at Chronicle. feb23xtf

WANTED—A small house or flat in Upper Town. Rent must be moderate. Apply at once, giving full particulars. H.R.Y., care of Chronicle office. feb21x4w

WANTED—Carpets to clean at 25 per cent off regular prices; this offer good until 15th March. Electric and hand suction cleaners for sale. Phone 1043. Quebec Carpet Cleaning Co., John Thomson, proprietor, 216 St. John street. feb21x4w

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TO LET—Offices situated at 75 Dalhousie St., at present occupied by R. F. Cream & Co. Lorne C. Webster, 83 Dalhousie St. Phone 296. feb3xsat, tues, thursxtf

TO LET—House No. 1 Couillard street, Upper Town, 7 rooms, hot water furnace and bath; partly furnished if required. W. R. LaRue, Notary, 28 St. Ann street.

ROOMS TO LET—At 565 John street, opposite car sheds. Bath room, electric light, and use of telephone. Call at above address or phone 4099. feb23xtf

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The Government of British Columbia invite Competitive Plans for the general scheme and design for the proposed new University, together with more detailed Plans for the buildings to be erected first at an estimated cost of \$1,500,000. Prizes of \$10,000 will be given for the most successful Designs submitted.
Particulars of the competition and plan of site may be obtained on request from the undersigned.
The designs to be sent in by July 31st, 1912, addressed to
The Minister of Education,
Parliament Buildings,
Victoria, British Columbia.
mar26w

PEKING IS NOW UNDER MARTIAL LAW

Legations Preparing for a Siege
—Bridge Being Dynamited
By Soldiers.

Peking, March 3.—Martial law, which has been proclaimed in the capital, is operating successfully. At 1 o'clock this morning quiet prevailed in the vicinity of the legations, but continual cannonading was heard in the direction of Fang Tai, with which communication has been temporarily cut off.

The detachment of American troops from Tien-Tsin is due to arrive here at 8:30 o'clock in the morning. One train due from that city at 7:30 last evening has not yet reached here.

The legations are preparing for a siege. Direct attacks on the legation quarter are not feared, but the Chinese troops possess many modern guns, which might be used effectively if turned in the direction of the legations.

By the dynamiting of the bridges on the Hankow railway and because of the fighting along the Tien-Tsin line, Peking is out of communication with these two places for the present. The foreign guard along the railway will be increased.

The diplomatic body held a conference last night and considered measures for the restoration and maintenance of communication with Tien-Tsin. The river is now open; therefore it may not be necessary to guard the line between Tien-Tsin and Chinwang Tao, as it will be possible to reach the sea by way of the river.

It is reported here that the Third and Twentieth divisions are battling at Fensi Tai, where 100 British troops are stationed. The Britishers, while protecting women and children, have been unable to stop the looting and could not prevent the burning of the station. A passenger train, which was bound for Peking, returned to Tien-Tsin, fearing to pass through the Feng Tai region.

The legations would not be surprised should all telegraphic communication be interrupted, and because of this they are arranging a wireless system between the Italian towers here and a Japanese warship at Tien-Tsin. The ministers are agreed that the present garrisons are sufficient to protect the legation quarter, but think it advisable that the legation guards be reinforced by 1,000 additional troops.

Fears are entertained for the safety of the missionaries at Pao Ting Fu, which city has been looted and of which large areas have been burned, and other cities in the south where the mutiny is spreading. The foreigners resident in these cities have been unable to escape owing to the destruction of the bridges. News reaching here indicates that a number of these towns have been sacked.

The American women and children have been concentrated from the other missions into the ample compound of the Methodist mission, which is located only a block from the legation quarter. This compound is surrounded by high walls, and can easily be defended. The men connected with the missions remain in their own quarters on guard with a few American soldiers. Detachments of other foreign troops are guarding outlying property.

Parties of foreigners, without being molested, toured the city yesterday in carriages, on bicycles and on horses and on foot and beheld the results of the revolt, which was evidenced in burned buildings and headless bodies lying beneath the archways or in the most conspicuous corner of cross roads.

Fires are still burning, and now and then the investigators encountered an executioner at work. Looters were frequently surrounded by soldiers and were promptly killed. Two bodies were come upon, one clad in valuable silks and furs, and the other that of a miserable coolie, who had died for a few pounds of beans, which were found beside him. Few soldiers were among the headless. The bodies for the most part were those of civilians who had followed in the wake of the looting soldiers. The man with a gun was generally permitted to go free, as he was able to protect himself.

Foreign Troops in Peking.

Peking, March 3.—Eight hundred foreign troops to-day patrolled the outskirts of the legation quarter for three hours, but there was no disturbance. There are now 3,000 foreign troops in Peking and the natives feel safe. Five thousand Japanese troops have been ordered from Port Arthur to Tien-Tsin where there are only 1,500 foreign soldiers.

Most of Yuan Shi Kai's troops left Peking to-day for Pao Ting Fu to suppress the mutiny. The cannonading heard on Saturday was caused by an attack by the mutineers on Tung Chow, which was occupied and sacked. The homes of many of the nobles and princes in Peking have been looted. More than 100 executions have taken place. For the most part the victims were civilians and included six females. Apparently the authorities are afraid to execute the soldiers.

A large detachment of Inniskilling Fusiliers went to Feng Tai this morning to relieve the Somerset, who returned to Peking. The cutting of communication with Tien-Tsin was the work of a French railway employe who disconnected a portion of the bridge on Saturday. This was forced out of position with levers, but to-day the single line of railway was restored, thus enabling 2,000 Manchus troops to proceed to Pao Ting Fu.

The Nanking delegates have appointed four of their number to return to Nanking for the purpose of explaining the views of the foreign powers and impressing upon the Nanking republicans the necessity of supporting Yuan Shi Kai and the desir-

ability of the Nanking government coming to Peking to establish a strong coalition. Neither the Peking Government nor the delegates believe that it will be necessary for the powers to intervene, although well pleased with to-day's demonstration by the foreign troops as a mark of disapproval of lawlessness.

Legations Support Yuan Shi Kai.

The legations consider it judicious to support Yuan Shi Kai, as the quickest and surest means of overcoming the general spirit of anarchy. General Li Huen Heng, the newly elected vice-president of the republic, is anxious to assist in restoring Yuan Shi Kai's authority. In his opinion the mutiny should not be permitted to upset the general scheme of reconstruction.

Dr. Sun Yet Sen, the acting president, is ready temporarily to assume the whole responsibility of administration. The delegates suggest a combination of the best northern and southern troops and the establishment of a great police force with headquarters at Peking. For the present the south is orderly and the soldiers are practically confined to barracks. To-night the gendarmes are policing the city. An occasional shot is heard, but the fires have been extinguished.

As the railway between Peking and Tien-Tsin is again open the 200 American troops of the Fifteenth Infantry, under Major James M. Arrow-smith, arrived here to-day. The Americans left Tien-Tsin last night and came through without incident, although they had placed a Maxim gun on a flat car in front of the engine in case it might be needed. The fact that a company of the Somerset Infantry at Feng Tai deployed for the purpose of driving back the mutinous regiment here as evidence that the foreign powers will intervene so far as it is necessary to keep up communication along the railway from Peking to the sea.

Mutinous Troops Sent Away.

The mutinous regiments are now being despatched to the south by train for the dual purpose of relieving Peking and preventing the Pao Ting Fu mutineers from approaching the capital. No word has been received from Pao Ting Fu, owing to interruption of the wires, but confidence is felt that most of the missions at that place have survived the arson and pillage which was in the heart of the town, caught fire from the Chinese buildings which were burning in that section, but the American compounds are both beyond the city walls and are surrounded by their own walls. Therefore they are considered not to have been endangered. Many women and children, in the belief that peace had been re-established by the abdication of the throne, had returned to the missions. The Pao Ting Fu district was severely punished after the Boxer rising in 1900, and it is not likely to have forgotten the lesson. The general opinion is that the mutineers would hesitate long before harming the foreigners resident there.

This afternoon detachments of from fifty to one hundred and fifty each of the legation guards marched around the city as a show of force. They took the broad main roads on which there are many picturesque arches. Curious throngs watched the foreign forces which attracted more attention than the headless bodies, which were come upon occasionally, still unburred as a warning to the looters. The Americans headed the parade, the Russians bringing up the rear, the order of precedence being arranged alphabetically.

Yuan Shi Kai has placed the control of the city under the Changkueitai, picturesque turbaned old style troops, upon whom the president-elect is depending to preserve order.

Prince Ching, ex-Premier and President of the Privy Council, is reported to be in a serious condition at the French hospital.

Rioting at Tien-Tsin.

Tien-Tsin, March 3.—Rioting of a serious nature occurred here last night. The outbreak had been feared and precautions were taken as far as it was possible to protect the residents from harm. Between 9 and 10 o'clock in the evening the soldiers mutinied. They set fire to a number of buildings and then began looting from house to house. They were joined by the rabble. The shops and banks in all the important streets were looted and some of them wrecked.

In order to intimidate the populace, the soldiers kept up a continual gun fire. The rattle of musketry could be heard throughout the night. Only a few of the police remained loyal, and they were greatly outnumbered and powerless to suppress the disorders.

No fewer than fourteen fires were raging simultaneously in various parts of the city. The soldiers broke into the Peiyang Mint, which was sent on fire. Machinery to the value of many thousands of dollars was destroyed. The looters entered the silver stores, wrenching off their shutters and even making holes in the walls. The mint was completely looted of everything portable and the ground was strewn with empty cartridge clips and cases.

The German consul despatched a guard to protect the German residents in the city, composed chiefly of the engineering staff of the Tien-Tsin-Pekow Railway.

A German doctor, Schreeter by name, who entered the city and was attempting to assist German friends, was shot dead by looting soldiers. Foreigners generally, however, were not molested.

A company of the Somerset Regiment was sent to the British station at midnight to protect the railway property. The damage already done cannot be estimated at present. The city was quiet this morning, although hundreds of carts laden with household belongings and loot were leaving for other parts. Further disturbances are anticipated.

British Scared Them.

An Associated Press correspondent, while proceeding from Peking to Tien-Tsin to-day, witnessed a critical incident at Feng Tai, which was in the hands of the mutineers. The train pulled in between lines of troops of

the Somerset Regiment, who were crouching with guns loaded and bayonets fixed. One hundred yards away groups of Chinese soldiers were sulkingly discussing the action of the Britishers. It was explained that the Chinese had stopped the trains and had threatened not to let any pass. They were given one hour by the British commander in which to vacate their positions. Just about that time 700 of the Inniskilling Fusiliers arrived and began to detain a quarter of a mile away. The Chinese, who numbered 1,500, did not move until the Inniskilling marched up and took their positions. Then they scurried away in all directions as the train continued on to Tien-Tsin.

The gentry and officials of the native city met this morning and confessed their inability to cope with the situation. They sent a deputation to the senior consul requesting the assistance of the foreign troops to preserve order. The consul referred them to the military authorities, who, while sympathetic, considered that a meeting of the consular body to discuss the matter was necessary. The meeting was held this afternoon and all the consuls attended. It was unanimously decided that the question was not a political one, but merely one of policing, and, in consequence they referred the question again to the military commanders to take what steps they considered fit.

Foreign Troops Present.

The question of what action should be taken was somewhat complicated by the reported threat of the old style troops, stationed near Tien-Tsin, to

pillage the foreign concessions to-night. The foreign forces are already seriously depleted by the despatch of drafts of British, German, French and American troops to Peking. The total foreign forces now available here are, roughly speaking, 700 British, chiefly of the Indian regiment; 500 Japanese, 300 French, 170 Russians and Germans and 20 Americans. It is believed that it would require a minimum of 1,500 men to police the city effectively. This cannot be done, and there it is anticipated that the disorders are likely to increase.

Numerous executions took place in this city, but the authorities are practically powerless, as they cannot rely on the loyalty of the troops or the police, and have no means to prevent further outbreaks.

ARE LAWYERS TANGLING CASE TO HELP COLLEAGUE?

Los Angeles, Cal., March 2.—The jury bribery indictment against Clarence S. Darrow, former chief counsel for the McNamara brothers, became so enmeshed in legal tangles to-day that according to attorneys there is a possibility that all charges will be dismissed. The complications arose when Attorney Earl Rogers, representing Darrow, refused to accept fragmentary notes of testimony as a compliance with a court order that the District Attorney supply the defence with a full transcript of the evidence on which the grand jury had indicted Darrow. Declaring a full transcript was not to be had because all the testimony had not been taken by the official stenographer, District Attorney Fredericks announced he

would pay no more attention to the indictments and have Darrow re-arrested on information. More legal obstacles, arose at this juncture, however, leaving a doubt as to whether such an arrest could be made in view of the fact that Darrow was under indictment for the alleged offence. Then Judge Hutton, who first ruled that the partial transcript was sufficient and reversed himself last week, added further complications by naming March 11 as the date when the accused lawyer should appear in court to have his case set for trial. When court adjourned the case was left in a condition that puzzled the attorneys for both sides. As it stands, according to counsel, the prosecutor cannot send the case back to the grand jury because the conditions developed are not covered by the penal code. He cannot arrest Darrow on information, as he has already indicated.

SMALLPOX ON BOARD STEAMER AT PORTLAND.

Portland, Me., March 2.—Six hundred passengers on the Cunard line steamer Ascania, which arrived here to-day from Southampton, were prevented from landing by the discovery of a case of smallpox on board. The patient, a steerage passenger, was put off at House Island and the others will stay on board pending an examination by medical officers.

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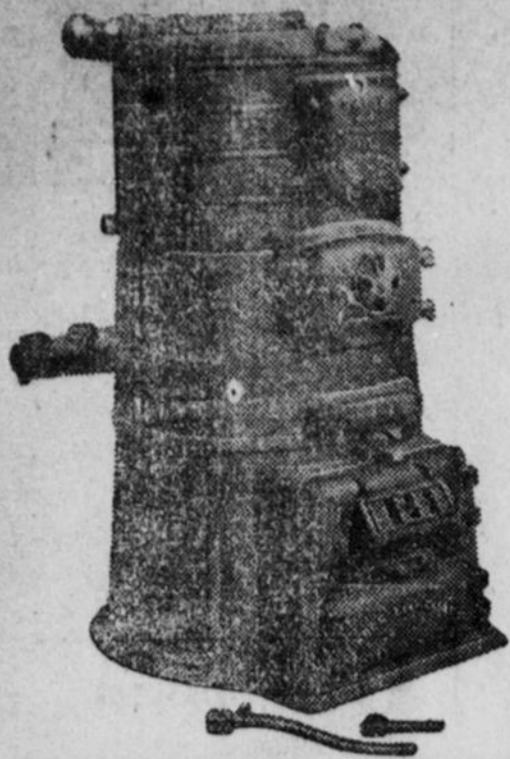
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Fresh Salmon	15c lb.
Tommy Cod	3 for 10c.
Haddock	6c lb.
Unsalted Salmon	15c lb.
Eel	8c lb.
Codfish	7c lb.
Trout	12c lb.
Herring (big size)	35c a doz.
Confish Tongue	8c lb.
Sliced Codfish	10c lb.

BUTTER.
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Correspondence

THE GRAVING DOCK AT THIS PORT

Letters in Favor of Its Being Placed at St. Joseph de Levis Received.

Montreal, Que., March 2, 1912. To the Editor The Chronicle.

Dear Sir:—A few days ago I received a copy of the Quebec Daily Telegraph of date February 27, in which appeared an article headed, "Quebec's New Dry Dock on this Side of the River at the Mouth of the St. Charles River." The Shipping Federation of Canada, of which I am president, and which represents the ocean shipping interests of the Dominion, with the exception of the Canadian Pacific Railway and Canadian Northern Railway steamship services, is on record as being very much in favor of a dry dock on the Levis side. We have chosen that side because it is feasible to take large ocean-going steamers from the dry dock which it is proposed to erect there out to the Atlantic and it would not be possible to do this from a dry dock on the Quebec or north side of the River St. Lawrence. The object of a modern dry dock is naturally to serve the ocean shipping interests of Canada, and unless a dry dock is so located as to attain this object, it would be useless for the government to go to the expense of constructing one. Anyone with a knowledge of the manner in which the ice forms in the port of Quebec can prove that this claim that a steamer can be taken to the ocean from the site proposed by the Dominion Dock at Levis and from there only is correct. And all ocean-going captains and sea pilots acquainted with the St. Lawrence will corroborate this statement without fear of contradiction.

In my opinion and that of the Federation which I represent, it would be a very grave mistake, if the project which I hear is on foot to build a dry dock at the mouth of the St. Charles or in the vicinity of the Beauport flats were to be given consideration by the government. The Steamship Federation has nothing in view except that the dry dock should be built at the proper place and considers it would be folly to build it at the mouth of the St. Charles. Although I have stated that the Canadian Pacific Railway steamship service is not a member of the Federation, I have reason to know that they are strongly in favor of the Levis location and, I believe, would oppose any scheme that had in view the construction of a dry dock in the vicinity of the St. Charles.

In conclusion, I would impress upon your readers the urgency of a speedy commencement upon the construction of this dock in the interests of the St. Lawrence Route and of the Dominion itself.

Yours truly,
ANDREW ALLAN,
President Shipping Federation.
Quebec, March 3, 1912.

To the Editor of The Chronicle.

Dear Sir:—These who have followed the expansion of the St. Lawrence Route during the past ten years, and particularly since the advent of the larger steamer, must have been struck by the absence of a dry dock to take care of these large steamers in case of accident, etc.

The port of Quebec being the natural port for such large steamers, and the difficulties there would be in any case in taking such steamers, if crippled, to any point above, follows that such a dock should be in the harbor of Quebec.

Since the election of 1908 I have advocated very strongly the building of this dock without delay, and the government of Sir Wilfrid Laurier brought in a dry dock subsidy act, with the view of encouraging a company to build one. Unfortunately it has not been possible to find a company able to finance such a scheme, owing to the want of a sinking fund and the discount on the bond sales.

During the elections last autumn Sir Wilfrid Laurier publicly stated that the dry dock would be built at once.

Working in conjunction with the Shipping Federation, I have been to Ottawa strongly urging the building of the dock as a government work or otherwise, and that it should be commenced this coming spring.

The Shipping Federation are unanimous in their opinion that this dock should be built on the Levis side. This is also the opinion of the many engineers who have examined the various places suggested. Personally I feel convinced with the Shipping Federation that the right spot is at St. Joseph de Levis, and I would ask all men who are interested in the welfare of the St. Lawrence Route and of Quebec to give the Shipping Federation the strong support they deserve.

Before closing, let me urge the necessity of having a dry dock sufficiently large to accommodate the largest steamers now built or building. Many more large boats will come into the St. Lawrence Route, and this means that Quebec will inevitably be the port of such steamers, and that the prosperity of our city would be assured.

The dry dock built, it naturally follows that the harbor accommodation in Quebec must come after. The dry dock is the first step, and it is essential that there should be no further delay.

Yours truly,
WILLIAM PRICE.



REFUSE THE "JUSTAS GOOD" KINDS DON'T BE IMPOSED ON

E.W. GILLET CO. LTD. TORONTO - ONT.

To the Editor of The Chronicle:
Dear Sir:—Mr. Rafferty, like Rip Van Winkle, after a long, long sleep, has again opened his eyes. His slumbers were evidently disturbed by unpleasant dreams, as he appears to have woken up in very bad humor. For three days he has been preparing an incoherent letter, no doubt with a view of annihilating me, which was published in the columns of an evening paper of this date. He takes up nearly a column of space to say nothing, and the first paragraph is devoted to an apology, which he might well make. In the next he tells of his studies and extensive travels, in which, no doubt, the public will be deeply interested, as they extend over three continents, while I "probably" have not been farther than Indian Lorette. Well, I have been that far anyhow, and the next time I visit that little village I will endeavor to take Mr. Rafferty with me and give instructions to the driver to let him off at Beauport.

Then with a flourish of trumpets, the first blast of which would shake the walls of Jericho, he publicly proclaims his intense patriotism and great generosity, but these statements, like his real name, sound rather fishy, and can be taken with a grain of salt.

Previous to last St. Patrick's Day, there were several public meetings of Irishmen. They were extensively advertised, and so could not have escaped Mr. Rafferty's notice. How many of them did he attend? What was the amount of his subscription? To whom did he pay it? I consider myself safe in asserting that he did not attend one meeting. If he was the enthusiastic Irishman last year that he would have us believe he is this year, let him explain his absence. Oh, no, Mr. Rafferty, I am too old a bird to be caught with chaff. The fact of the matter is, as I stated in my last letter, his patriotism is all on the surface, and had a mushroom growth.

Mr. Rafferty graciously declines to take the initiative in organizing a parade, refusing to take the mantle from the shoulders of those who have worn it in the past. In this at least he has shown his wisdom, for if it took him as long to decide every little detail connected with a procession, as it did to write his last letter, we might possibly have to see arrangements completed late next fall. But this in no way prevents him from dictating a course to others. Some people have nerve, and no doubt about it. The remainder of his letter is taken up with bluff and abuse, which cost nothing and which none of sound mind would bother discussing with him.

As no good can result from a continuance of this correspondence, I will bid Mr. Rafferty good-bye and give expression to the hope that after his next sleep he will feel better. Although not a physician I would recommend that in future he would keep his feet warm and his head cool.

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for your valuable space, I remain,
Yours truly,
TARA.
Quebec, March 2, 1912.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Fort William, Man., March 3.—The Saturday matinee crowd leaving the Orpheum Theatre were witnesses of a tragedy that ended a few hours later in the death of the man whom they beheld as a living torch. Hector Salvatore and three other laborers employed by Seaman & Penniman, contractors for a new block on the corner of Victoria avenue and Syndicate street, were working in the excavation when in some way Salvatore's clothing caught fire. He rushed outside from under the floor of the first story and stood for a moment before the startled crowd coming from the theatre next door. Several men rushed toward him, pulling off the coat in which he was draped as he sank to the ground. The blaze was extinguished and the man taken to the hospital, but he had breathed the flames and from the start his life was despaired of. He leaves a wife and seven small children.

DUFALTY-BACH CONCERT

THURSDAY EVENING
Paul Dufault is considered by press and critics of the largest cities in the United States and Canada to be one of the very finest concert artists on the continent. Among the important engagements filled by him are with the Brooklyn Institute of Musical Arts; many times with the Damrosch Orchestra; twice at the famous Worcester festival; Russian Symphony Orchestra of New York; Victor Herbert Orchestra; Albany Festival; Springfield Festival; Orange Festival; Quebec Festival and three hundredth anniversary, and many other important engagements, including nearly every other musical club of importance in New York and many throughout the country. This genuine artist will make an appearance in a song recital at the Auditorium, Thursday evening, with Miss Henriette Bach, violinist, and Miss Margaret White, pianist.

PERSONAL

Mr. M. Foley has left for Mobile, Ala.

Charles O'Neill of Bergerville is in Montreal on a business trip.

Mr. E. Rochon, of Montreal, is registered at the Blanchard Hotel.

Major and Mrs. Leduc arrived in town last evening from Montreal.

Mr. W. D. McCaghey returned from a business trip to New York last evening.

Mrs. C. E. A. Carr of New Orleans, La., is visiting Mrs. Willard, 137 Grande Allee.

Mrs. L. Stein of this city, who has been the guest of Mrs. Coursoil in Ottawa, has returned to town.

Miss M. Brownrigg, of the firm of M. & A. Brownrigg, millinery importers, has left for New York on a business trip.

Mr. R. Miquelon, of the Canadian-Fairbanks, Ltd., leaves today on his semi-annual business visit to the Gaspé coast.

Surgeon Major LeBel has returned from Ottawa, where he attended the annual meeting of the Association of Medical Officers.

Mr. E. Ernest Ross, president of the Parisian Corset Company of this city, returned from New York and other American cities last evening.

Mrs. M. H. Kelly of this city, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. A. J. Morin, have left for Montreal and Toronto to attend the millinery openings.

Lieutenant-Colonel Bacon and Major Guay returned from Ottawa on Saturday last, where they had been attending the annual meeting of the Dominion Rifle Association. Both made several suggestions at the meeting, which were adopted and will be put in force at the next Levis camp.

Mrs. Dr. Marois and her brother, Mr. Vercheres Robitaille, left yesterday by Quebec Central Railway for New York, where they will take passage on Wednesday next by steamer Cedric, on a trip to the Mediterranean and Italy and will return towards the end of June next with Miss Marguerite Marois, at present in Rome.

Arrivals at the Blanchard Hotel: J. A. Labege, Murray Bay; A. Laplante, E. Lemieux, Montreal; J. Pinet, Fraser-ville; F. Gelinas, Yamachiche; H. Baras, Levis; D. R. Gingras, Laurier-ville; A. Lamothe, Ste. Hyacinthe; J. H. Grondin, Beauceville; E. Lapointe, St. Anselme; P. Lacasse, D'Eschailon; H. Bissonette, Lauzon; A. Lande, Chicoutimi; Alex. Demers, Levis; A. Rouleau, Ste. Claire; W. D. Houde, Laurier-ville; G. Leclerc, Montreal; E. Teman, Windsor, Ont.; J. Morin, La Tuque.

TO PROTECT FORESTS FROM DISASTROUS FIRES

Montreal, Que., March 3.—At a meeting held yesterday the St. Maurice Valley Forest Protective Association was formed for the protection from fire of the timber lands of the St. Maurice River Valley. The association will patrol the whole section. The rangers will see that settlers burn their clearings only when it is safe and will compel them to take proper precautions to prevent fires spreading. On the railroads men on gasoline "speeders" will follow the trains and put out fires started by sparks or hot coals. Lookout stations will be established on hills and these will be connected by telephone with the nearest settlement. Telephone lines and trails will be built and fire fighting tools placed in convenient locations. Educational work will be undertaken to teach settlers and farmers the value of the forests and the necessity of protecting them.

The Department of Crown Lands, through the Hon. Jules Allard, its Minister, has given its sanction and promised, its aid in this important cause.

LITTLE GIRL SCALDED ... TO DEATH

Ottawa, March 3.—Helena Neill, aged six, fell into a boiler of scalding water which her mother had placed on the floor Saturday afternoon. She succumbed at the hospital to-night to the terrible burns inflicted by the water, though her mother quickly turned and got her out. She resided Cassells sat to hear arguments in the at 61 Pine street.

NO CASCARET USER EVER HAS HEADACHE

A 10 cent box will keep your liver, stomach and bowels clean, pure and fresh for months.

Sick headache biliousness, dizziness, coated tongue, foul taste and foul breath—always trace them to torpid liver, delayed fermenting food in the bowels of sour, gassy stomach.

Poisonous matter clogged in the intestines, instead of being cast out of the system is re-absorbed into the blood. When this poison reaches the delicate brain tissues it causes congestion and that dull, throbbing, sickening headache.

Salts, cathartic pills, oil and purgative waters force a passageway for a day or two—yes—but they don't take the poisons out and have no effect upon the liver or stomach.

Cascarets immediately cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the sour, undigested and fermenting food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out of the system all the decomposed waste matter and poisons in the intestines and bowels.

A Cascaret tonight will surely straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10-cent box from your druggist means inside cleanliness and a clear head for months. Ask any of the millions of users if they ever have headache.

F. SIMARD & CIE.

We Give 5% For Cash 142 St. Joseph Street St. Roch

NEW DEPARTMENT

We beg to announce to the Ladies of Quebec, that we have opened a New Ladies' Tailoring Department which is in charge of

Mr. P. A. LEBEL, who has been for so many years, known in Quebec as an expert cutter:

He is now prepared to take orders for Spring Suits and Coats for immediate delivery, and to be made after the latest models and in the newest Fabrics and Trimmings at very moderate prices.

SPRING SUITS. Now on exhibit. Many exclusive styles, reproductions of best foreign ideas, in the newest spring fabrics and colors, especially executed to our order. We offer at special price 50 Tailored Suits, made of fine all-wool fancy tweeds, the latest novelty out, in many different styles. They are really worth \$20. Our Special price, \$14.90

SPRING DRESS FABRICS. Our new importations of Dress Goods and Suitings have now arrived, dependable new fabrics for spring and summer wear, splendid range of the newest shades, also plenty of blacks. Early Shopping Advisable. Special—Whip Cord, gray blue, brown, Alice and navy, all wool, a real \$1.25 quality. Special, a yd. .90c

WASHABLE FABRICS. To start the buying season for white and colored wash goods with snap and swing we have secured a great quantity of charming goods to sell at prices remarkably low, such as French challies, plain cotton Voile, plain and stripe, zephyrs, bordered voile, checked gingham, etc.

NEW EMBROIDERIES. Attention is invited to the special importation of Batiste Embroideries in Flouncing, Bands, Galons and Edges, in series of matched sets.

F. SIMARD & CIE.

142 St. Joseph St., St. Roch, Quebec

You will surely be satisfied with our Teas and Coffees.

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A Special Consignment of Real Turkish Rugs sent to

P. J. COTE,

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for a Prompt Sale

About 60 Real Oriental Rugs of different styles and sizes to be sold during the month of March at a special price.

We invite the connoisseurs to come and see them, and those who want them will have a unique occasion to make a good selection at a very low price.