

DAILY WITNESS

VOL. XXVIII. No. 172.

MONTREAL, THURSDAY, AUGUST 4, 1887.

PRICE ONE CENT.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths must invariably be accompanied with the name and address of the sender, or they cannot be inserted. Verbs and extended obituaries will be charged for at regular rates.

BIRTHS.

LANGHOFF—At 335 Amherst street, on July 30th, the wife of Mr. Jas. Langhoff, of a son.
HAYDEN—On 27th ult., at 153 Bourgeois street, Point St. Charles, the wife of Jas. E. Hayden, of a son.
HOLLAND—In this city, 3rd August, 1887, at 355 St. Dominique street, the wife of Samuel Mathewson Holland, of a daughter.
HANNAN—On the 4th inst., the wife of Henry E. Hannan, of a son.
BOXER—On the 3rd inst., Mrs. S. S. Boxer, of a son.

MARRIED.

LIST-MONTELL—At Montreal, on the 2nd inst., by Rev. A. E. Crandall, Alfred Charles, eldest son of late J. G. List, of H. M. Eschequer, Edinburgh, Scotland, to Alice Maud Mary, second daughter of the late Jas. A. McNeill, of H. M. Customs, Montreal.
Edinburgh, Scotland, and Leadville, Col., papers please copy. No cards.

FOURTEENTH—LINTON—In this city, on the 23rd January, 1887, by the Rev. J. A. Dorion, William James Porteous, to Alexandrina, youngest daughter of Mr. William Linton.

ARABILL—RONAYNE—At St. Patrick's Church, August 2nd, by the Rev. P. Dowd, Michael Arabill, to Marie Teresa, eldest daughter of the late Michael Ronayne, both of this city.

DIED.

JOHNSON—On the 28th June, at Victoria, B.C., Janet Chalmers Wilson, beloved wife of Daniel S. Johnson.
BOUCHER—In this city, on the 3rd inst., of diphtheria, Louise, aged 7 years and 3 months, second daughter of Mr. P. Boucher.

FALL—At Cote des Neiges, Aug. 4th, Louis, youngest daughter of C. Fall, aged 10 months and 2 days.
Funeral to-morrow, Aug. 5th, to Mount Royal Cemetery.

HAMPSHIRE—In this city, on August 2, George Willie Oikfield, infant son of W. E. Hampshire.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

YOUNG MAN give your girl a nice plush album for a birthday present and buy it at Leclerc & Co's, 317 St. James street, and pay with what you can save every week.

During the hot weather Nestle's Food will be found especially valuable as a diet for nursing children.

A LARGE VARIETY

of New Patterns in OILCLOTHS and LINOLEUMS.

LIGGET & HAMILTON.

PARTIES leaving for the seaside and other summer resorts will please call at this office and have the *Witness* sent to their proper address.

"BEAUTIFUL WOOL CARPETS"

SAY THE LADIES,
AT LIGGET & HAMILTON'S.

Bess Brothers, Furniture Mfrs.,
Listowel and Toronto, Montreal
Agency, 1804 Notre Dame street,
Hugh Russell, Manager.

ON THE ROAD TO PROSPERITY

All who purchase CARPETS

AT LIGGET & HAMILTON'S.

FOR DIARRHŒA, CHOLERA

MORBUS AND DYSENTERY.
Coverton's Bileberry Curative will be found invaluable for both children and adults. Price 25c.
PREPARED BY
C. J. COVERTON & CO.
Dispensing Chemists, Cor. of Bleury and Dorchester sts.
BRASCH, 41 St. Lawrence street.

CARPETS

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

AT LIGGET & HAMILTON'S.

THE CARPET WAREHOUSE,

ESTABLISHED 1839.

Carpets, Oilcloths, Linoleum, Mats, Rugs, Stairs, Sponges, Shades, Mats, Sweepers, Chains.

In fact, everything required for floor or window furnishing. We carry over the largest stock in the country, and show all the various grades from cheapest to best. Quality considered, we claim to give the best value and the lowest prices. Only first-class work tolerated. A firm reputation and experience is the purchaser's best guarantee and protection. Ask for the 5 p.c. cash discount.
JAS. BAYLES & SON, 1837 Notre Dame street.

HAMMOCKS! HAMMOCKS!!

LARGEST STOCK. BEST VARIETY. LOWEST PRICES. Braided Edge, Mexican, with metal Thimbles, 8125 Knotted Cotton, 10c. Hooks, Anchor Ropes, Sponges, Pillows, &c.
JAS. BAYLES & SON, 1837 Notre Dame street.

OILCLOTHS SELLING FREELY

AT LIGGET & HAMILTON'S.

WE HAVE JUST FINISHED

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

PARTIAL AND BEDROOM SUITS.

Call and see our styles and get prices. Bedding of every description made to order. Satisfaction in every department guaranteed.

WM. KING & CO.,

652 CRAIG STREET.

CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

REAL CHEVIOT TWEEDS
REAL CHEVIOT TWEEDS
REAL CHEVIOT TWEEDS
REAL CHEVIOT TWEEDS
REAL CHEVIOT TWEEDS
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REAL CHEVIOT TWEEDS
REAL CHEVIOT TWEEDS
REAL CHEVIOT TWEEDS

Special line of New Cheviot Tweeds, in all the latest patterns, to be sold at 50c per yard.

S. CARSLEY.

ANOTHER SPECIAL LINE
ANOTHER SPECIAL LINE
ANOTHER SPECIAL LINE
ANOTHER SPECIAL LINE
ANOTHER SPECIAL LINE
ANOTHER SPECIAL LINE
ANOTHER SPECIAL LINE
ANOTHER SPECIAL LINE
ANOTHER SPECIAL LINE
ANOTHER SPECIAL LINE

Another Special Line of Real Cheviot Tweeds to be sold at 75c per yard, in all the newest designs.

S. CARSLEY.

THESE SPECIAL LINES
THESE SPECIAL LINES
THESE SPECIAL LINES
THESE SPECIAL LINES
THESE SPECIAL LINES
THESE SPECIAL LINES
THESE SPECIAL LINES
THESE SPECIAL LINES
THESE SPECIAL LINES
THESE SPECIAL LINES

These Special Lines of New Cheviot Tweeds are washable and unshrinkable, and are equal to any imported Cheviot Tweed sold at \$1.25 per yard.

S. CARSLEY.

REALLY EXPECTED
REALLY EXPECTED
REALLY EXPECTED
REALLY EXPECTED
REALLY EXPECTED
REALLY EXPECTED
REALLY EXPECTED
REALLY EXPECTED
REALLY EXPECTED
REALLY EXPECTED

Those special lines of Real Cheviot Tweeds are expected to be sold here for two weeks or over, so look out for the bargain.

S. CARSLEY.

JERSEYS JERSEYS
JERSEYS JERSEYS
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JERSEYS JERSEYS

We still have on hand, a large assortment of these goods in light shades, suitable for this season of the year.

S. CARSLEY.

GLOVES GLOVES
GLOVES GLOVES
GLOVES GLOVES
GLOVES GLOVES
GLOVES GLOVES
GLOVES GLOVES
GLOVES GLOVES
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GLOVES GLOVES

The largest stock of Silk and Kid Gloves will be found at

S. CARSLEY'S.

MONTREAL, August 4th, 1887.

CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.'S ADVERTISEMENT.

1887.

THE GREATEST SHOW YET.

The Wonderful Cashmere Prints,

THE PRICE ONLY 10c PER YARD.

We have good reason to believe that we will show the greatest varieties of patterns and colorings in Cashmere Prints to be seen in the city. Our price is still the same. Every lady should secure some of these Prints before they are all sold.
Remember the price, only 10c per yard.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.

BOYS' BATHING DRAWERS.

Boys' BATHING DRAWERS, 10c per pair.
Boys' BATHING DRAWERS, 15c per pair.
Boys' BATHING DRAWERS, 20c per pair.
Boys' BATHING DRAWERS, 25c per pair.
Boys' BATHING DRAWERS, 30c per pair.

BOYS' ELASTIC BELTS.

Boys' ELASTIC BELTS, 15c each.
Boys' ELASTIC BELTS, 20c each.
Boys' ELASTIC BELTS, 25c each.
Boys' ELASTIC BELTS, 30c each.

GENTS' WHITE DRESS SHIRTS.

Gents' White DRESS SHIRTS, 50c each.
Gents' White DRESS SHIRTS, 75c each.
Gents' White DRESS SHIRTS, \$1.00 each.
Gents' White DRESS SHIRTS, \$1.25 each.
Gents' White DRESS SHIRTS, \$1.50 each.
Gents' White DRESS SHIRTS, \$2.00 each.

GENTS' FLANNEL SHIRTS.

Gents' FLANNEL SHIRTS, \$1.25 each.
Gents' FLANNEL SHIRTS, \$1.50 each.
Gents' FLANNEL SHIRTS, \$1.75 each.
Gents' FLANNEL SHIRTS, \$2.00 each.
Gents' FLANNEL SHIRTS, \$2.25 each.

Boys' FLANNEL SHIRTS, \$1.25 each.
Boys' FLANNEL SHIRTS, \$1.50 each.
Boys' FLANNEL SHIRTS, \$1.75 each.

Boys' BATHING DRAWERS, in all sizes.
Boys' BATHING DRAWERS, in all colors.

Boys' ELASTIC BELTS, in all colors.
Boys' ELASTIC BELTS, of all kinds.

Gents' White DRESS SHIRTS, all sizes.
Gents' White DRESS SHIRTS, all prices.

Gents' FLANNEL SHIRTS, in all colors.
Gents' FLANNEL SHIRTS, in all sizes.

Boys' FLANNEL SHIRTS, in all sizes.
Boys' FLANNEL SHIRTS, in all colors.

For all kinds of Dry Goods of the best quality and at the lowest possible cash prices come to

JOHN MURPHY & CO.,

1781 and 1783 NOTRE DAME STREET,
And 105, 107, 109 and 111 St. Peter st.

Terms cash and only one price.

COUNTRY ORDERS.

We give special attention to all orders from the country. Samples of any kind sent free on application.

Satisfaction at Last!

Who was ever completely satisfied? Jay Gould has Marble Palaces and Steel Yachts; yet it may be safely assumed that the condition of Railway Stocks causes him many sleepless nights. We may have safely cornered in Lard; yet there is a Canker in our Rose. The Gout exercises his odious tyranny, or Lumbago prostrates us, or hypochondria turns life into sickly yellow. We may have made a big thing in Wheat; but there is a little rift within the lute. We run for Alderman, and fail to get elected. Brown has overshadowed us with a Bran New Cut-stone House. Our Mother-in-Law announces that she will "no longer be imposed on"—this in reference to the *late, the very late*, employment of a Latch Key! Our Wife anathematizes the Club! The Baby takes the Whooping Cough! Cows take a sudden rise! The Doctor informs us that we have no Jewels, and Houses, and Lands, and let ours be the Joy of calling Lord Bullbore friend, and yet there will be something wanting. Even when our cup runs full, desire suggests an added joy! The intangible World of Space and Mysterious Suggestion by which we are environed, inspire desires which no material success can ever wholly satisfy. But we have the Club, and a good Chef, and a painstaking Tailor, and a spanking pair of carriage horses, and a comfortable income from a Patent Corkscrew or a Wooden Nutmeg! We have the pleasure and comfort of Fresh and Fashionable Garments, the effect of which is so much enhanced by one of

TOOKE'S

Beautiful New Ties

which impart DIGNITY and REFINED APPEARANCE to the wearer; which have been SPECIALLY IMPORTED to meet the demands of SUPERIOR TASTE; many of which cannot be obtained at any other House in the Dominion, the PATTERNS BEING EXCLUSIVELY OUR OWN; which are in ASTONISHING VARIETY, both as respects COLOR and DESIGN, and the prices for which render COMPETITION IMPOSSIBLE.

R. J. TOOKE,

Importer of Gent's High-class Furnishings,

&c., &c., &c.

177 ST. JAMES ST.

LACROSSE!

BOSTONS
(Champions of United States),
VERSUS
MONTREAL.

On SATURDAY, Aug. 6th.

—ON—

Shamrock Lacrosse Grounds.

Admission as usual. Ball faced at 3.30 sharp.

ANOTHER BIG DAY— (YESTERDAY)

AMONG OUR

WHITE COTTONS!

We only have a few more Cases of these Goods left.

If any Ladies wish for Cheap White Cottons,

White Cottons that are cheap,

White Cottons that are worth fully 35 percent more,

White Cottons that are guaranteed to wear well,

White Cottons that every one who has tried has come and got more,

THEN JUST CALL AND GET SOME OF THIS LOT BEFORE THEY ALL GO.

—AT—

JAMES A. OGILVY.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRY GOODS,

203 and 205 St. Antoine street, and 141, 140,
148 and 150 Mountain street.

Telephone 967.

CURTAINS TO PLEASE

AT LIGGET & HAMILTON'S.

The Daily Witness.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 4.

Last Edition

SATURDAY HALF-HOLIDAY.

As it is the aim of the publishers of the *Witness* to give their employees as much of the Saturday half-holiday as possible, advertisers are requested not to stand in the way, but to send in all Saturday advertisements on Friday if possible.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

CABLE.

CANADA IN ENGLAND.
(Via C. P. R. Telegraph Co.)

SETTLEMENT OF THE FISHERIES QUESTION.

TORONTO, Aug. 14.—The following special cable appears in this morning's *Globe*:

LONDON, Aug. 3.—I hear that fresh proposals for a settlement of the fisheries dispute have recently been submitted by the Washington authorities. They were approved at Ottawa and favorably received by the Imperial Government but are still under consideration. The details of the proposal are not known, but I am informed that a more hopeful view of the possibility of a speedy settlement is now taken at Whitehall.

STATE AIDED COLONIZATION.

The sub-committee appointed by the committee on state-aided colonization formed among the members of the House of Commons will present its report to the full committee to-morrow. I understand that the scheme which they recommend is a combination of the various proposals recently urged by the advocates of assisted emigration. It is proposed to form a colonization board, composed of British and Colonial members who will have charge of the funds, that capital be raised by public subscription, with interest at three percent, guaranteed by the Imperial Government for thirty years, that colonists receiving advances pay four percent of this the first year, the advance being secured by the free grant land given by the colony, their payment being extended over thirty years. Even if adopted by the general committee, this scheme is not likely to be accepted by the Imperial Government. In Colonial circles it is considered that 30 years is too long a term, and that a provision ought to be made for a Colonial veto on the selection of the colonists to be aided.

A HUGE CROFTER SCHEME.

Lord Lothian has suggested that the Government vote £300,000 to assist crofters desirous of settling in Canada, the North-West land companies guaranteeing repayment, and undertaking the settlement of the colonists in Canada with the aid of the Canadian Government.

GREAT HEAT.

PENNY, Aug. 4.—The heat is intense. Sixteen policemen were disabled yesterday by sunstroke.

A NEW HOME RULE SCHEME

SOME OF THE CONCESSIONS TO BE GRANTED BY THE LIBERALS.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The *Pall Mall Gazette* publishes a new Home Rule scheme purporting to have been accepted by the Liberal leaders. This scheme gives Ireland a national legislature and executive. There is to be no separation of Ulster. Irish members will continue to sit in the Imperial Parliament in their present numbers. The powers of the Irish Parliament shall be delegated, matters to be controlled in Dublin being clearly defined and also subject to revision by the Imperial Parliament. The appointment of judges to remain in office fifteen years is to be vested in the Imperial Government and afterward vested in the Irish Government. The police are to be similarly treated. Customs and excise are to remain under Imperial control. The proportion of the Irish quota to the Imperial expenditure shall not be more than one-fifteenth. The land question is left to the Irish Parliament. It is doubtful whether this statement is official. The statement is valuable, however, as indicating the line of the amended policy of Mr. Morley, Sir G. Trevelyan and Sir W. Harcourt, which is probably assented to by Mr. Gladstone, and satisfactory to Liberals generally.

A COOL PROPOSAL.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—Russia proposes General Prince Imeritinsky as the sole regent of Bulgaria. The proposal is not regarded as favorable at Sofia.

ITALIAN TROOPS AT MASSOWAH.

ROME, Aug. 4.—Ten thousand troops will be sent to Massowah in the autumn.

THE OLD WORLD'S TROUBLES.

THE BULGARIAN QUESTION.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The effort which the Porte is now making to obtain a conference of the powers on the Bulgarian question is not likely to succeed. Russia will not take part in any such conference, neither will she comply with such a decision as a majority of the powers would be likely to arrive at. It is stated that Austria is now actively engaged in an attempt to bring order out of chaos and is in constant communication with the Bulgarian ministry in pursuit of that object.

THE TERRACHEROUS RUSSIAN AND AFGHANISTAN.

It is strongly suspected that Russia is backing the Ghilzais and other rebels against the authority of the Ameer of Afghanistan, although the Indian Government is not in possession of evidence sufficiently strong to warrant an official accusation against the Czar's Government of bad faith in carrying out the Afghan frontier agreement. The recent settlement of the boundary question at St. Petersburg is regarded as a farce, however, and everybody expects to see the whole matter reopened before long. The Ameer is in bad shape, physically, mentally and politically. His soldiers are deserting him. The rebels are every day becoming more formidable in numbers, and armament and Russian operations beyond the border of his dominions continue without cessation. That the rebels are receiving their increase of arms from Russia there is no doubt, and it is also true that the Ameer can command no force sufficiently strong to oppose the entrance of the Czar's troops into Afghanistan if their imperial master should feel disposed to order them there, while it would be impossible for the Indian Government to send an army to Herat or anywhere near that place before the Russian invaders could so fortify their position as to make it almost impregnable.

THE IRISH LAND BILL.

The Government is making an enormous effort in the House of Commons to rush the Land Bill through, in order to make way for the Supply Bill, and all parties are assisting to facilitate its progress. The ending of the Committee stage left the Land Bill in a slaphdash shape, and opened the way for further and almost interminable discussion during the report stage, should the Opposition feel disposed to engage in additional debate, but it is not thought that any serious opposition to the passage of the bill will now be made. The bill is immeasurably better for the tenants than they could have expected any Tory land scheme would be and the Parnellites members realize that they have made exceptionally good terms and are satisfied to let matters go as they are.

THE CHANNEL TUNNEL.

The rejection of the Channel tunnel bill was based upon precisely the same grounds that accomplished its defeat at the first introduction of that measure, its opponents holding that its advantages would be more than offset by the unfavorable aspects it presented from a military point of view.

LABOR RIOTS.

VIENNA, Aug. 4.—An extensive strike of coal miners in Bohemia has led to numerous riots. Troops have been sent to the scene.

AMERICAN.

COLLAPSE OF A WHEAT DEAL.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 4.—The big wheat deal in this city has evidently collapsed. The Call Board was adjourned yesterday forenoon, by order of the Board of Directors, and no transactions have occurred to establish prices. It is reported that a number of failures have occurred, but nothing definite is known.

WEATHER REPORT.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, Toronto, August 4, 1 a.m.—The pressure is higher along the Atlantic coast and in the extreme North-West and lowest over Manitoba. The weather has been cool and raining in the North-West Territories; somewhat cooler in Eastern Canada, but continued excessively warm in the Lake region and St. Lawrence Valley. Probabilities for the next twenty-four hours:—Lakes, moderate winds, fair weather, with a few local showers or thunderstorms, not much change in temperature. St. Lawrence, Upper, moderate winds, fair weather, with a few local showers or thunderstorms to-night or to-morrow, not much change in temperature. St. Lawrence, Lower, Gulf and Maritime, light to moderate winds, fine weather, stationary or higher temperatures.

1640 and 1642 Notre Dame street, Aug. 4, 1887.

Readings by Hearn & Harrison's Standard Barometer at noon to-day: 29.96"; yesterday, 29.97". To-day: temperature: max., 87°; min., 70°; yesterday, max., 84°; min., 60°.

NEWS.

TRANSATLANTIC.

Mr. William O'Brien, M.P., intends to question Mr. Balfour in the House of Commons with reference to the watching of the Hon. Patrick A. Collins, of Boston, by Irish detectives.

THE ENGLISH CHANNEL TUNNEL.

The bill to allow the construction of a tunnel under the English Channel, which was introduced in the House of Commons by Sir Edward Watkin, was rejected on Wednesday by 153 to 107.

THE AFGHAN REBELLION.

CALCUTTA, Aug. 3.—The Ameer of Afghanistan's generals have withdrawn all their troops to Khelat-Ghilzai. This indicates that they consider their forces too weak to keep the open field against the rebels.

AMERICAN.

The Department of State, Washington, has prepared and published a bound volume of consular reports upon dairy farming in all parts of the world. It contains 800 printed pages, and is profusely illustrated.

A PRACTICAL DRESS REFORMER.

ROCHESTER, N.Y., Aug. 3.—A fashionable lady of this city has ordered from a local dress-maker a number of dresses with divided skirts on the "reform" design. As soon as completed she will wear them.

ANOTHER PRIEST IN TROUBLE.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3.—It is rumored that the action of the Rev. Dr. Curran, in presiding over a meeting of guests at the picnic of the seventy-eighth Assembly District United Labor party, last night, seated beside Dr. McGlynn, will result in his suspension by the Church authorities. Archbishop Corrigan said this afternoon that he had the case under consideration.

A SHOCKING CALAMITY.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., August 3.—While a dozen men were to-day removing damaged wheat from the ruins of the St. Anthony elevator, which was burned on July 18, the great stone structure fell over upon them, crushing them terribly, and mangling them beyond recognition. The bodies of Gus Brown, P. P. Anderson, Thomas Dempsey, Ed. Markley, John Johnson, and an unknown man were extricated from the debris. An additional victim, yet alive, was removed home.

AN INFAMOUS FELLOW.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—"Chet" Smith, a "dramatic agent," who was charged with sending girls to disreputable concert halls at Hurley and other towns in the Wisconsin Pines, under the pretence that the places were respectable country theatres, was to-day sentenced to one year in the penitentiary.

BIDWELL AGAIN IN THE TOILS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3.—George Bidwell, the forger, who was pardoned from an English prison two weeks ago and who arrived here a few days since, was arrested this afternoon by Central Office detectives and taken to police headquarters. The charge against him has not been made public.

DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY.

BY EARTHQUAKE, FIRE AND FLOOD.
CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—A special from Evansville, Ind., says a gentleman from Hopkinsville states that the country about the scene of the earthquake is low and swampy and almost inaccessible in places, save by old beaten paths. Much of it is wild and contains large dense woods. Golden Pond is a mere hamlet, containing two settlements of negroes. On Monday night, about six o'clock, several felt the earth tremble, but thought nothing serious had occurred beyond a slight tremor, and after gossiping over it went to bed. About 12 o'clock everybody was awakened by a sharp shock, and they had barely jumped to their feet when the earth, with a shaking, dizzy motion, suddenly sank a distance of five feet, carrying houses and the terrified darkies with it. The negroes fell on their knees and in frenzied tones prayed to the Lord to save them. A large area of tobacco and corn will be a total loss. Nearly all the cabins have been torn over, and are floating about in various parts, while household goods are mixed in inextricable confusion. Fortunately, no lives have been lost, but the loss to property is incalculable. At one o'clock this morning a large fire broke out in the lower part of the city in Armstrong & Reitz's lumber yards. The water supply was wholly insufficient. Before the flames were subdued they destroyed the lumber yard of the Armstrong company, with 2,000,000 feet of lumber, Armstrong's saw mill, stables and two dwellings, and the lumber yard of John A. Reitz & Son, with some 5,000,000 feet, fifteen cars of grain on the Peoria, Decatur & Evansville Railway, and a large warehouse containing tobacco, grain and general merchandise. Loss, \$250,000; insurance, \$100,000. The fire is believed to have been incendiary.

CANADIAN.

ESSEX CENTRE IN DANGER.

ESSEX CENTRE, Ont., Aug. 3.—A fire was started this morning, three miles south-west of this village, for the purpose of clearing a small piece of land. A stiff breeze commenced blowing about noon, which soon fanned the fire into an uncontrollable mass of flames, and rapidly spread towards the town, consuming everything within its reach for a space of half a mile wide. It reached the outskirts of the town about three o'clock, and before the necessary help arrived two families were burned out, losing everything. The inhabitants became alarmed at the proximity of the fire to Drew's saw mill and stove mill, and fought with desperation until it was checked. The wind has fortunately abated considerably, and at this hour (4 p.m.) the fire is under control, but if the wind should rise again a great disaster can scarcely be averted. Everything is so dry that if the fire is not kept down half the town will likely burn. The town is completely surrounded by bush fire.

A FIEND CAPTURED.

WHILE ENDEAVORING TO BURN A BRITISH SHIP IN NEW YORK.

THE IRISH REPUBLICAN LEGION'S PROGRAMME.

NEW YORK, August 3.—An Irishman, whose name the police have not yet disclosed, tried to blow up the British steamer "Queen," of the National line, this afternoon. He rowed up in a small boat alongside the "Queen" and threw a bottle containing some kind of explosive on board. An explosion followed which set fire to the steamer. The flames, however, were soon extinguished. The police went in pursuit of the fellow in a rowboat. He had put out for the Jersey shore, but they captured him and brought him to police headquarters. He said he was one of a band of men who had effected an organization having for its object the destruction with explosives of every vessel carrying the British flag. The broken bottle was taken to the police headquarters. It contained kerosene, naphtha and was soaked in chemicals. The prisoner took it coolly. "I was thwarted in this," he said, "but there are plenty of others at work who will avenge insult to American vessels and burn every vessel carrying the British flag." The prisoner gave the name of Conrad J. Mooney, and said he lived at No. 267 Warren street, Brooklyn. He was remanded until this morning. Mooney told the police he formed one of a gang of men who had determined to burn every vessel entering port carrying the British flag. The seizure of American vessels in Canada and the usurpation of all commerce by the English had induced him to join the band. A long double-edged knife was found in the man's pocket. The steamer was only slightly injured.

AN INFAMOUS PROCLAMATION.

The Irish Republican Legion of the United States has prepared the following proclamation:

Whereas, the English Government wilfully, deliberately, and with malice aforethought, are now engaged in seizing American ships and holding their crews as prisoners, under threats and starvation; and whereas, the English Government act in like manner last year, but more signally so on one occasion, when the captain of an English war ship seized and forced into a Canadian port an American ship and did then and there haul down the United States flag aboard the United States ship in defiance of the protests of her captain; and whereas, the English Government has failed to apologize for these disgraceful and malicious outrages against our beloved flag; and whereas no substantial means of redress can be expected through the hands of an Anglo-manic President, associated with a Cabinet the majority of whom are extreme Anglo-manics, and therefore more English than the English themselves:

Therefore we, the I. R. Legion of the United States, do hereby firmly resolve that the honor of our glorious Republic must be upheld, and

Therefore, we notify all good citizens not to go down to the sea on English ships or patronize them in any way, as all English ships entering or leaving any port in the United States are thereby declared liable to seizure, attack or destruction from this 1st day of August, and shall so continue until the English Government shall make ample and satisfactory apology to the United States.

WOMAN'S POWER IN POLITICS.

A SINGULAR STORY.

WASHINGTON, N.J., Aug. 2.—The residents of this place, the home of Dr. W. M. Baird, ex-speaker of the New Jersey Assembly, are greatly excited over an insult offered to his private secretary, Mr. Edward G. Kern, at Port Colden, last Saturday night. Prior to his appointment as secretary, Mr. Kern taught the public school at that place, a quiet hamlet about one mile from here. He was then as now a dapper young man, and well liked, especially by the young ladies, with whom he was a prime favorite. Since his promotion he has almost monopolized the attention of the fair ones, and the disaffected men of the place have for a long time been plotting for his downfall. The occasion came on Thursday night last, at a festival which Mr. Kern attended. During the early part of the evening the secretary was very attentive to a local belle, and when, later on, he transferred his attentions to other young ladies, one of the big brothers of the local belle claimed that she had been insulted and demanded satisfaction. The secretary is no fighter, and when the big brother proceeded to attack him Mr. Kern's friends interfered. Quiet was restored and the principals went home.

But the matter was not to rest here. On Saturday night a mob of Port Colden's jealous young men constructed a man of straw, labelled it "Private Secretary," hung it to one of the telegraph poles in the city, and after executing a war dance around the image, scalped it and burned it. This was more than Mr. Kern could stand, and yesterday he went to Justice of the Peace J. M. Van Dyke and procured a warrant for the arrest of a young man named Hummers, who was a ringleader in the effigy affair. He was arrested and placed under bonds to await the action of the Grand Jury.

The Baird faction of the Democracy will stand by Mr. Kern until the last, and offer unlimited sums of money to prosecute the case, while the Abbott faction strongly supports Hummers, and will fight it out in the legal arena. The little episode will have a great bearing on Warren county politics this fall, when the "straight" will try to prevent the re-election of Dr. Baird.

THE CANADIAN SEIZURES.

The facts in relation to the recent seizures in Canadian waters are still disputed. The seime-boats belonging to the "French" and "Argonaut" are declared by the Canadian officials to have been caught fishing two miles from shore. If this be true, the men were poaching on forbidden preserves, and the vessels themselves could properly have been seized for violating the provisions of the Treaty of 1818. The American fishermen make the point that they had set their nets outside the three mile limit, but their boats had drifted in with the tide. This is no defence; and unless the statements of the Canadian officials can be controverted, these captured fishermen deserve neither sympathy nor support. Under the treaty they had no fishing rights within the three mile limit, and disobeyed the instructions of the owners in venturing out of bounds.

The case of the "Hodgson" is similar in most respects to the majority of last year's outrages in those waters. As the American Consul General narrates the facts, the schooner was searching for a dory which had been lost with its crew in a fog, and for neglecting to report at the Custom House after anchoring inside the bar and sending a boat ashore to enquire for the missing sailors, it is seized and held for the payment of a fine of \$400. There is no proof that bait had been secured or that the vessel entered Shelburne harbor for any purpose except the laudable one of searching for sailors who had lost their ship and were adrift in a

small boat. For a technical violation of the customs regulations the vessel is seized and heavily fined, precisely as many other fishing vessels were harassed last year. The seizure, as represented by the American Consul-General, is a flagrant outrage. If it be repeated, the Administration should think seriously of using the extraordinary powers of retaliation conferred upon it by Congress at the last session. — *New York Tribune*, July 28th.

Summer Resorts.

ST. LAWRENCE HALL,

CAIRO, P.Q.

Is now open for the reception of guests. Under the present management the house has undergone extensive repairs and improvements.

For information regarding terms, &c., address, M. SHIPMAN, Manager, Cairo, P.Q.

A VENUE HOUSE.

PEAK'S ISLAND, PORTLAND HARBOR.

This popular Seaside House will be open for Summer Visitors after JULY 1st. Special rates to families.

For information regarding terms, &c., address, M. C. STERLING, J. N. DONHAM, Proprietors.

SEASIDE HOTEL, Rustico Beach.

Prince Edward Island, under Vice-Royal patronage. This beautiful WATERING PLACE is situated in the centre of the north side of the island, and has been much improved, and will be more attractive than usual. Roads to hire. Grounds for Croquet and Quilts. Covered Bowling Alley, &c., &c., all free to guests. Coach will leave Charlottetown every Wednesday and Saturday evening, calling for guests, returning every Thursday and Monday morning, at 9 o'clock a.m. Charlottetown time. Trains leave Charlottetown for Hunter River at 6 a.m., 8:25 a.m., and 3:40 p.m. Mr. Bagwell will meet trains from all points at Hunter River, to convey passengers to the seaside. Terms moderate. JOHN NEWSON & Co., Charlottetown, P.E.I.

MANY THERE!

STILL ROOM FOR MORE AT

CALEDONIAN SPRINGS.

If in doubt, write or telegraph and have accommodation retained for you.

LAKE MEMPHREMAGOG,

1887.

The splendid iron steamer "LADY OF THE LAKE" connects at Newburg, at 1 p.m., with the South Western Railway (daily) Morning Express from Montreal (except Monday), and runs through the Lake. The "Lady of the Lake" will also connect with the 4:30 Afternoon Express every day from Newburg to Montreal.

The best of meals, at all hours, on board the boat.

For season tickets or any information regarding excursion, &c., &c., apply on board the steamer.

E. L. CLEVELAND, Master, Newburg, Vt.

THE IROQUOIS HOUSE

On the Belair Mountains, St. Hilaire, P.Q.

Is now open. Reduced rates for June. For particulars call Tuesday and Friday, between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m. at 227 St. James street, or address

B. F. CAMPBELL, St. Hilaire Station.

N.B.—Ottawa Park St. Hilaire, is also open.

FRANKLIN HOUSE

AND COTTAGES,

HIGHGATE SPRINGS, VT.

OPEN JUNE TO OCTOBER.

Located in a beautiful grove on Lake Champlain. Fine boating and the best black bass fishing. Fine lawn and garden connected with the house. Send for circular.

JUDSON L. SCOTT, Proprietor.

FAMOUS SUMMER RESORT.

ABENAKIS HOUSE, at the Abenakis Mineral

Springs, St. Francois du Lac, Yamaska Co., Que., will be opened on JUNE 15th. Water a sure cure for rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, kidney and liver complaints. Hot and cold mineral water baths. Fine boating and fishing on Lake St. Peter and St. Francois river.

New sleeping rooms have been added, bed supplied throughout the house with the celebrated Dunlop woven wire mattresses. House newly painted inside and out and supplied with blinds.

Steamer "Red River" leaves Montreal every TUESDAY and FRIDAY 1 p.m. Quebec boat Saturdays at 7 p.m. Return tickets \$1.50. South-Eastern Railway via St. Rose and Acton Vale for Yamaska Station send for circular.

KIMPTON & LEITH, Proprietors.

NOTICES.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT,

FOR LOWER CANADA.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC,

District of Montreal.

The Second Day of August, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-seven. On 4th John H. Kimball, of the City and District of Montreal, horse dealer, Plaintiff, vs. John Smith, of Montreal, Defendant, who is the son of that part of Great Britain and Ireland called Scotland, gentleman, Defendant, and Andrew Box, of the Parish of St. Laurent, in the District of Montreal, Farmer, also Defendant. On motion of Messrs. Archibald McCord, Dugas and Murchison, Attorneys for Plaintiff, the Defendant is ordered to answer within two months.

(By order.)

F. BELANGER, D. P. C.

THE SAINT GABRIEL LEVEE

AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given in pursuance of the provisions of the Railway Act, 46 Viet., chap. 109, of Canada, that two plans and books of reference duly certified, showing: 1st, the location of the Saint Gabriel Levee and Railway, and 2nd, the location of the Saint Gabriel Levee and Railway, from the abutment of the Victoria Bridge, at Montreal, to the property known as official number 1479 of the municipality of the parish of Montreal, County of Hochelaga, 2nd. In the section No. 2 the lands acquired for levee and railway purposes, from the Lower LaSalle Road, at the property known as official number 1484 of the municipality of the parish of Montreal, County of Hochelaga, to the Grand Trunk Railway, at the property known as official number 181 of the said municipality, have been deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Peace of the District of Montreal, on the twenty-ninth of July last.

JOSEPH BIELLE, Secretary.

Office of the Secretary, }
Montreal, Aug. 3rd, 1887. }

PUBLIC NOTICE—TO BUILD.

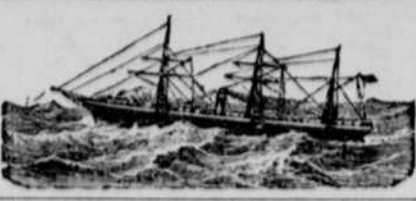
PERS-TENDERS WANTED—Sealed Tenders

(marked Tenders for Court House and Registry Office) addressed to the undersigned at Lacerte, County of Argenteuil, Province of Quebec, will be received up to and including the 10th day of August, at 10 o'clock A.M., 1887, for the erection and completion of a Brick Building in the Town of Lacerte, to be used as a Court House and Registry Office and other Offices according to Plans and Specifications, to be seen at the Registry Office, at the said Town of Lacerte. Parties tendering are required to give the names of two good and sufficient parties willing to become security for the due completion of the said work. The lowest or best tender not necessarily accepted.

GAVIN J. WALKER, Secretary-Treasurer, County of Argenteuil, Lacerte, July 25th, 1887.

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DOMINION LINE OF

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

RATES OF PASSAGE:—

LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

Dates of Sailing:—

From Montreal. From Quebec.

TORONTO, Thursday, July 28.

MONTREAL, Thursday, Aug. 4.

VANCOUVER, Wednesday, Aug. 10.

SAINT JOHN, Thursday, Aug. 11.

HALIFAX, Thursday, Aug. 12.

BRISTOL SERVICE FOR AVONMOUTH DOCK.

Dates of Sailing:—

TEXAS, from Montreal, about Thursday, 11th Aug.

QUEBEC, " " " " 18th Aug.

DOMINION, " " " " 25th Aug.

Cable, \$50 to \$80, according to steamer and berth.

Second Cabin, \$30. Steerage, at lowest rates.

Passengers can embark at Montreal if they so desire.

* These steamers have saloons, staterooms, music rooms and bath-rooms amply supplied, where but little motion is felt, and carry neither cattle nor sheep.

For Freight or Passage apply in Liverpool to Finn. Main & Montgomery; in Quebec to W. M. Macpherson.

At all Grand Trunk Railway Offices or to

W. D. O'BRIEN, 145 St. James street.

D. TORRANCE & Co., 8 Hospital street.

RED STAR LINE.

U. S. and Royal Belgian Mail Steamers.

From New York, EVERY SATURDAY, for Antwerp.

Direct Route to Paris and the Continent.

NOORDLAND, Wednesday, Aug. 10, 2:30 a.m.

REUNION, Wednesday, Aug. 17, 4 p.m.

WESTERLAND, Wednesday, Aug. 21, 9:30 a.m.

BEUGLAND, Wednesday, Aug. 21, 4 p.m.

Saloons, staterooms, smoking and bath-rooms amply supplied. Second Cabin accommodations unequalled.

Staterooms all on main deck.

No horses, cattle, sheep or pigs carried.

Spring and Summer Rates:—

Saloon, \$20, \$25, \$30; excursion, \$10 to \$15.

Second Cabin, outward and prepaid tickets, \$45.

Outward steamer, \$15; prepaid, \$15; excursion, \$30.

Bedding and outfit FREE both ways. Steerage to and from Paris, \$15.

For Freight and Passage apply to

PETER WRIGHT & SON, 55 Broadway, New York.

J. Y. GILMOIR & Co., 354 St. Paul, Montreal.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD S.S. Co.

FAST EXPRESS STEAMERS

FROM NEW YORK

FOR SOUTHAMPTON, LONDON AND BREMEN.

Also taking passengers to Havre and Paris.

WREDA, Wednesday, Aug. 10, 3:30 a.m.

EMMA, Saturday, Aug. 13, noon.

EDLER, Wednesday, Aug. 17, 3 p.m.

TRAVEL, Wednesday, Aug. 21, 3:30 a.m.

The steamers run to Southampton 1 p.m. from seven and a half to eight days, and to Bremen in nine days.

Prices:—In First Cabin, \$75, \$80, \$90, \$100 or \$125, according to location; to London, Havre or Bremen in Second Cabin, \$55. Steerage at low rates.

The steamers of this line are celebrated for their speed, comfort, safety, and the excellence of their tables.

Apply to J. Y. GILMOIR & Co.,

354 St. Paul, Montreal.

Or to OELRICHS & Co.,

2 Bowling Green, New York.

GUION LINE

UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Leaving Pier No. 38, foot of King street.

WISCONSIN, Tuesday, Aug. 9, 5:30 a.m.

NEVADA, Tuesday, Aug. 15, 2:30 p.m.

AF These steamers are built of iron, in water-tight compartments, and are furnished with every requisite to make the passage across the Atlantic both safe and agreeable, having bath-rooms, smoking-rooms, drawing-rooms, and a library; also experienced, energetic, and courteous stewards and caterers on each steamer. The staterooms are all upper deck, thus insuring the greatest of all luxuries at sea, perfect ventilation and light.

Cabin Passage, according to stateroom, \$50, \$60, \$80 and \$100. Intermediate, \$25.

STEERAGE AT VERY LOW RATES.

A. M. UNDERHILL & Co., New York.

J. Y. GILMOIR & Co., Agents,

354 St. Paul street, Montreal.

INMAN ROYAL MAIL Steamers

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Carrying the United States Mails.

NOTICE.—The steamers of this line take Lieutenant MAUR'S lane routes at all seasons of the year.

BRITISH QUEEN, Saturday, Aug. 21, 7:00 a.m.

CITY OF CHICAGO, Saturday, Aug. 13, 12:30 p.m.

CITY OF CHESTER, Saturday, Aug. 20, 8:00 a.m.

CITY OF RICHMOND, Saturday, Aug. 27, 12:30 p.m.

From Human Pier, foot of Grand street, Jersey City.

Intermediate Passage, \$50. Round Trip, \$80.

Rate of Passage, \$50, \$60 and \$80, according to accommodation, all having equal saloon privileges.

SPECIAL ROUTE TO LONDON, \$7, and to PARIS, \$10, and \$20 additional according to route selected.

STEERAGE AT VERY LOW RATES.

Saloon, staterooms, smoking and bath-rooms amply supplied.

* These steamers do not carry cattle, sheep or pigs.

PETER WRIGHT & SON, General Agents.

CHAS. C. McFALL, 125 St. James street.

J. Y. GILMOIR & Co., 354 St. Paul, Montreal.

INTERRUPTED.

BY PANSY.

(Author of Mrs. Solomon Smith).

CHAPTER XIII.—(Continued.)

One request the trustees growled vigorously over, which was that the new sextons should be paid in advance for a half-year's work. What if they failed?

"We won't fail," said Ruth indignantly, "and if we do, can't you conceive of the possibility of our being honest? We will not keep a cent of the precious money that has not been earned."

Whereupon, Mr. Jennings, in a private conference with the trustees, went over to the enemy's side and promised to stand security for them, remarking apologetically that the girls had all gone crazy over something, his Ruth among the number. Therefore eighteen dollars were gleefully added to the treasury. The sum was certainly growing.

The Sabbath following the installation of the new sextons marked a change in the appearance of the old church. The floors had been carefully swept and cleansed, the young ladies drawing on their precious funds for the purpose of paying a woman who had scrubbed vigorously.

"It would be more fascinating," Ruth Jennings frankly admitted, "to let all the improvements come in together in one grand blaze of glory; but then it would be more decent to have those floors scrubbed, and I move that we go in for decency, to the sacrifice of glory, if need be."

So they did. Not a particle of dust was to be seen on that Sabbath morning anywhere about the sanctuary. From force of habit, the men carefully brushed their hats with their coat-sleeves as they took possession of them again, the service over; but the look of surprise on the face of some over the discovery that there was nothing to brush away was a source of amusement to a few of the watchful girls.

Also the few stragglers who returned for the evening service were caught looking about them in a dazed sort of way, as though they deemed it just possible that there might be an incipient fire in progress that threatened the building. Not that a new lamp had been added; the chimneys had simply been washed in soap-suds, and polished until they shone, and new wicks had been furnished, the workers declaring that their conscience really would not allow them to do less. The effect of these very common-place efforts was somewhat astonishing, even to them.

"It is well we did it," affirmed Anna Graves with serious face. "I believe we ought to get the people used to these things by degrees or they will be frightened."

One question Claire puzzled over in silence: Did the minister really preach a better sermon that evening? Was it possible that the cleanliness about him might have put a little energy into his discouraged heart, or had she been so tired with her week of toil, that to see every one of her dozen girls out to church, and sit back and look at them through the brightness of clean lamps, was restful and satisfying? She found that she could not decide on the minister as yet. Perhaps the carrying of such a load as that church, for years, was what had taken the spring out of his voice and the life out of his words.

About these things nothing must be said, yet could not something be done? How could she and her girls help that pastor?

Meantime, some of the girls came to her one evening, bursting with laughter:

"Oh, Miss Benedict, we have a new recruit! You couldn't guess who. We shall certainly succeed now, with such a valuable reinforcement. Oh, girls, we know now why Miss Benedict sprained her ankle, and kept us all waiting for a week! This is a direct result from that week's work."

"What are you talking about?" said Miss Benedict, with smiling eyes and sympathetic voice. It was a great addition to her power over those girls that she held herself in readiness always to join their fun at legitimate moments. Sad-hearted she often was, but what good that those young things should see it?

"Who is your recruit?"

"Why, Bud!" they said, and then there were shouts of laughter again, and Ruth could hardly command her voice to explain: "He came to me last night—tramped all the way up to our house in the snow, after meeting—because he said he wasn't so 'fraid' of me as he was of all them others. Was that a compliment, girls, or an insult? Yes, Miss Benedict, he wants to help; offers to 'tend the fires,' and I shouldn't wonder if he could do it much better than it has been done at least. It was real funny, and real pitiful too. He said it was the only 'livin' thing he knew how to do,' and that he was sure and certain he could do, and if it would help any, he would be awful glad to join."

"But doesn't he want to be paid?" screamed one of the girls.

"Paid? not he! I tell you he wants to join us. He said he wanted to do it to please her. That means you, Miss Benedict, you have won his heart in some way. Oh, it is the fruit of the sprained ankle. You know, girls, she said it was surely for some good purpose." Then they all went off into ecstatic laughter again. They were just at the age when it takes so little to convulse girls.

"But I am not yet enlightened," explained Claire, as soon as there was any hope of her being heard. "Who is Bud?"

"Oh, is it possible you don't remember him? That is too cruel, when he is just devoted to you! Why, he is the furnace-boy at the Ansteds. I don't know where he saw you. He muttered something about the furnace and the register that I did not understand; but he plainly intimated that he was ready to be your devoted servant, and die for you, if need be, or at least, make the church fires as many days and nights as you should

want them. Now the question is, what shall we do to the poor fellow?"

The furnace-boy at the Ansteds! Oh, yes, Claire remembered him, a great, blundering, apparently half-witted, friendless, hopeless boy. Claire's heart had gone out in pity for him the first time she ever saw him. He had been sent to her room to make some adjustment of the register-screw, and she had asked him if he understood furnaces, and if he liked to work, and if the snow was deep, and a few other aimless questions, just for the sake of speaking to him with a pleasant voice, and seeming to take an interest in his existence. Her father's heart had always overflowed with tenderness and helpfulness for all such boys. Claire had pleased herself—or perhaps I might say saddened herself—with thinking what her father, if he were alive, and should come in contact with Bud, would probably try to do for him. She could think of ways in which her father would try to help him, but she sadly told herself that all that was passed; her father was gone where he could not help Bud, and there were few men like him; and the boy would probably have to stumble along through a cold and lonely world. She had not thought of one thing that she could do for him; indeed, it had not so much as occurred to her as possible that there could be anything. After that first day she had not seen him again, until he came to the music room with a message for Ella, and she had turned her head and smiled, and said "Good morning!" and that was really all that she knew about Bud. She had forgotten his existence; and she had been sorrowing because her week at the Ansteds seemed to have accomplished nothing at all.

Her face was averted for a moment from the girls, and some of them, noticing, actually thought that their gay banter was offensive, and was what caused the heightened color on her cheeks as she turned back to them.

They could not have understood, even had she tried to explain, that it was a blush of shame over the thought that the one whom possibly she might have won from that home for the Master's service she had forgotten, and reached out after those whom, possibly, she was not sent to reach. Her eyes were open now; she would do what she could to repair blunders.

"Do with him?" she said, going back to Ruth's last question. "We'll accept him, of course, and set him to work; I should not be greatly surprised if he should prove one of the most useful helpers on our list before the winter is over. Look at the snow coming down, and we have a rehearsal to-night; don't you believe he can shovel paths, as well as make fires?"

"Sure enough!" said those girls, and they went away pleased with the addition to the circle of workers, and prepared every one to greet him as a helper.

(To be Continued.)

CHILDREN'S CORNER.

MR. DREAM-MAKER.

Come, Mr. Dream-maker, sell me to-night
The loveliest dream in your shop;
My dear little lassie is weary of light,
Her lids are beginning to drop.
She's good when she's gay, but she's tired of play,
And the tear-drops will naughtily creep;
So, Mr. Dream-maker, hasten, I pray,
My little girl's going to sleep.

—Samuel Minturn Peck, St. Nicholas.

THE HIGHWAYMAN.

Did you ever meet a robber with a pistol and a knife,
Whose prompt and cordial greeting was
"Your money or your life?"
Who, while you stood a-trembling, with
your hands above your head,
Took your gold, most grimly offering to repay
you in cold lead?

Well, I once met a robber; I was going home
to tea;
The way was rather lonely, though not yet
too dark to see
That the sturdy rogue who stopped me there
was very fully armed—
But I'm honest in maintaining that I didn't
feel alarmed.

He was panting hard from running, so I, being
still undaunted,
Very boldly faced the rascal and demanded
what he wanted,
I was quite as big as he was, and I was not
out of breath,
So I didn't fear his shooting me or stabbing me
to death.

In answer to my question the highwayman
raised an arm
And pointed it straight at me—though I still
felt no alarm;
He did not ask for money, but what he said
was this:

"You cannot pass, papa, unless you give your
boy a kiss!"

—Allen G. Bigelow, in St. Nicholas for August.

THE WORD FOR THE DAY.

Thursday, August 4.

THE ETERNAL MEMORY.

Yet will I not forget thee.—Isa. xlix. 15.
Ah no! God ne'er forgets His own,
His heart is far too true,
He ever seeks their good alone,
His love is daily new:
And though thou deem that things go ill,
Yet He in all He doeth, still
Is holy, just and true.

PAUL GERHARDT.

Lord, Thou hast countless worlds to remember,
yet Thou never forgettest me.

O Lord, I, the work of Thy hands, forget
Thee continually. Pardon me, good Lord,
and grant me true repentance.

Business Cards.

DRAIN PIPES,

Fire Brick, Fire Clay,

Portland, Roman and Canada Cement,

Plaster Paris, Lead Plaster,

Salamander Crucibles,

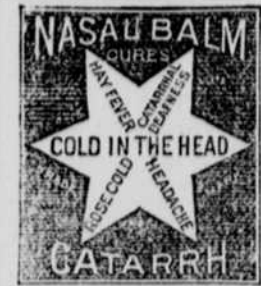
ALEX. BREWSTER, 50 Steery street.

WILLIAM HILL,

60 ST. JAMES STREET WEST.

MIXED PAINTS ready for use. COLORED PAINT, PURE WHITE LEAD, &c.

J. HUDSON, 700 Craig street,
Manufactures of ALL KINDS OF DEFORMITY
APPARATUS, TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS, CRUTCHES,
BRACES, ARTIFICIAL LIMBS, &c. Seeley's celebrated
Hard Rubber Trusses and the Celluloid Co's Trusses, in
all sizes and shapes in stock.



A POSITIVE CURE
FOR
CATARRH.
GIVES
Immediate Relief
FOR
Cold in Head,
HAY FEVER,
EASY TO USE.

Not a Snuff, Powder or Irritating Liquid. Price
50 cts. and \$1.00. If not obtainable at your drug-
gists, sent prepaid on receipt of price. Address
FULFORD & CO., Brookville, Ont.

PORTLAND CEMENT

ROMAN CEMENT,

FIRE BRICKS,

FIRE CLAY,

WATER LIME,

DRAIN PIPES,

PLASTER OF PARIS,

WHITING,

FOR SALE BY BORAX.

W. & F. P. CURRIE & CO.,

100 Grey Nun street.



THE QUEEN'S

LAUNDRY BAR!

Ask for It, and take no Other.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS!

Trade Mark.—Made by THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO.

WINDOWS, DOORS, BLINDS

Mouldings, Stairs, &c.

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Manufacturers, Contractors and Lumber Merchants,

House Joiners' Work and Packing Case Factory

Saw and Planing Mills,

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Montreal.

DRY BOX CUTTINGS, \$1.50 per load, deliv.

★ PRIZES ★

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REGATTAS, PICNICS, GAMES, ATHLETIC

ENTERTAINMENTS, &c.

WEDDING PRESENTS, &c.

Committees and others are cordially invited to in-
spect our large stock of Silver Ware, Vienna, Berlin
and Paris goods

Suitable for Prizes, Presents, &c.

LOW PRICES.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

WATSON & PELTON,

53 St. Sulpice st.

Educational.

STANSTEAD WESLEYAN

COLLEGE.

STANSTEAD, P.Q.

Re-opened Sept. 1st, 1887.

Affords English, Scientific and Classical Courses of Study.

Instruction in Vocal and Instrumental Music.—Piano,
Organ, Violin,—from first lessons to graduation.Excellent facilities for French and German, Drawing
and Painting.Commercial Department affords a thorough and scientific
training in all subjects which pertain to practical
life.Young Ladies reside in the College building, and have
all the advantages for Social, Moral and Educational ad-
vancement afforded by the best Ladies' College.Young men will have pleasant homes and most favor-
able opportunities for obtaining thorough Business Educa-
tion, or preparing for Junior or senior Matriculation, at
the University.Location most attractive and healthful. Send for Calendar,
containing full information. Early application is desirable.

Rev. D. KENNEDY, S.T.D., Principal.

NEW ENGLAND CONSERVATORY

OF MUSIC Boston, Mass.

THE LARGEST AND BEST EQUIPPED IN THE

WORLD.—100 Instructors, 1,500 students last year. Thorough
Instruction in Vocal and Instrumental Music, Piano and
Organ Tuning, Fine Arts, Oratory, Literature, French, Ger-
man, and Italian Languages, English Braille, Gymnastics,
etc. Tuition, \$5 to \$15; board and room with Steam Heat and
Electric Light, \$3.00 to \$5.00 per week. Full Terms before
Sept. 4, 1887. For Illustrated Catalogue, with full information,
address E. TOWNSEND, Mr. Franklin St., BOSTON, Mass.

TORONTO CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC

Incorporated by Government in 1886.

Will open September 25th, 1887.

Cor. Yonge St. and Wilton Ave.

Capital, \$50,000.

HON. G. W. ALLAN, President

35 TEACHERS

All departments of Instrumental and Vocal Music taught, from
the beginning to graduation. Also, Theory, Languages, Bio-
graphy, Tuning, etc. Prizes, Certificates and Diplomas. Free
Advancement Recitals, Concerts, Lectures, Rudimentary
Theory, etc. Tuition: \$5 to \$15 per term of ten weeks,
embracing 30 One Hour lessons. Board and room pro-
vided. 3-6 George Street, giving full information, address
Edward Fisher, . . . Director, Toronto.

Miscellaneous.

THE MONTREAL

CASH BAKERY

Are paying a dividend of 20 percent. Shareholders have
their Bread delivered at 12 cents the 4 lb. white loaf and
14 cents the 6 lb. brown, that is 4 cents per loaf on each
quality less than credit bakers. The price will be still
further reduced 2 cents per loaf on completion of new and
extensive bakery fitted with most improved machinery.
Heads of families and large consumers study your own in-
terests and save at least 40 percent. No safer and more
profitable investment was ever offered in this city.
For full particulars apply to EDWARD POULIN, at the
Office of the Bakery, St. Antoine street.

LA CANADIENNE

LIFE INSURANCE CO.

A HOME COMPANY.

Office, 13 St. Lambert Hill, Montreal.

287 Good Agents wanted.

FOR SALE.

One Steam Roller, 11' 6" x 45" complete.

One 4-11 P. Horizontal Engine.

Second-hand Shafting, Hangers and Pulleys

ANDREW YOUNG, Engineer and Machinist,

164 Craig street.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF

HEATING BY HOT WATER

Flats and tenement house. For single flats we use the
Combination Move, which heats and cooks with one fire,
and is a great saver of fuel.

E. C. MOYNT & CO.,

PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAMFITTERS,

16 Victoria square, Montreal.

Telephone No. 1285.

OATS, BRAN, MOULE,

BALE HAY AND STRAW,

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J. L. PROVAN, 114 and 116 Mansfield st.

AUTOMATIC SAFETY

DUMB WAITERS.

Simple! Compact! Durable!

Send for Catalogue and Prices.

Estimates furnished for passenger and freight elevator
(Hand power, steam and hydraulic)

MILLER BROS. & MITCHELL,

MONTREAL, QUE.

ARMSTRONG,

VICTORIA SQUARE,

THE LEADING HOUSE FOR

BABY CARRIAGES!

FINE FRENCH LEATHERS

of every color and quality.

DAVID REA, JR.,

39 Hospital street, Montreal.

Lactated Food

For INFANTS and INVALIDS,

THE MOST PALATABLE FOOD!

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS FOOD!

THE MOST DIGESTIVE FOOD!

THE MOST ECONOMICAL FOOD!

150 MEALS FOR AN INFANT FOR \$1.00.

Price 25c., 50c., \$1.—At all Druggists.

ARE ALL YOUR LOCKS AND

BELLS IN WORKING ORDER?

If not, have them repaired by

J. R. BAIN.

Corner St. Peter and Fortification Lane.

ST. LEON MINERAL WATER!

Montreal, July 29, 1887.

MR. A. POULIN,

AGENT ST. LEON WATER CO.

For several years past I have done nothing but take re-
medies with the sole result of augmenting my doctor's bills
for curing Dyspepsia, which was taking me slowly to
my grave, when I had the happiness of learning through
your journal the qualities of the ST. LEON MIN-
ERAL WATER. I commenced taking it regularly, and
after several weeks I found an improvement in my
health. I have great pleasure in recommending this
marvellous water to persons afflicted with this terrible
malady, Dyspepsia. I am convinced by its regular use that
it will do you the same good.

C. A. R. DAoust,

1003 Mignonne st.

CENTRAL DEPOT, 4 VICTORIA SQUARE,

A. POULIN, AGENT.

Telephone No. . . . 1432.

—o— BRANCHES —o—

CHAS. CAMPBELL, 69 St. Antoine st., Tele-
phone No. 278.

MDE. DUPLESSIS, 1022 St. Catherine st.

—o— AGENCIES —o—

E. MASSICOTTE & FRERE, 217 St. Elizabeth
st., Telephone No. 810A.B. MGALE, 2126 Notre Dame st., Telephone
No. 187.

M. CHAPPEL, 64 Bonsecours st.

Boots and Shoes.

GREAT ATTRACTIONS

—AT—

JAMES PERRY'S

International Cheap Boot and Shoe Store,

NO. 120 MCGILL STREET.

—o—

A large lot of last season's stock must be cleared
out at any loss.MEN'S CALF CONGRESS, Foxed, reduced to
\$1.75.MEN'S SEAMLESS OXFORD SHOES, Sewed,
\$1.50.

MEN'S LACE SHOES, \$1.00.

MEN'S CANVAS SHOES from 75c.

Men's, Boys' and Youths' Canvas Shoes.

ALL COLORS IN STOCK TO SELECT FROM.

Our MEN'S CONGRESS BOOTS at \$1.25 have no
equal in the city.Our LADIES' KID BUTTON BOOTS at \$1.25
are unequalled for fit, finish or wear.

Do Please Come and See them.

Our LADIES' OIL BUTTON PEBBLE BOOTS
have leather insole and leather counters.BOYS' LACE BOOTS, with riveted seams and
pretty toe cap, \$1.00.Our LADIES' PEBBLE BUTTON BOOTS for
\$1.00 are high cut.All our lady patrons can have a pair of FRENCH
KID BUTTON BOOTS for \$2.00, sold by other
stores at \$3.50. They sell fast, but we can fit you.

MEN'S LACED BOOTS from \$1.25.

MEN'S LACED BOOTS, pointed toe, \$1.50.

Our LADIES' BONED GOAT BAL. is a beauty,
only \$1.50.A very large lot of WOMEN'S SHOES, Laced,
Buttoned and Tie, for 60c and 75c.

Come Early and Get a Pair.

We make to order and can fit any foot neatly and
suit any taste.

Old Boots made new at

JAMES PERRY'S

International Cheap Boot and Shoe Store,

120 MCGILL STREET.

Please mind the address. Do not miss the door.
Many have been sorry for having made a mistake.

Watches, Jewellery, &c.

37 BLEURY STREET, 37.

R. W. STODDART & CO.

—o—

CLEARING SALE!

Meetings, Amusements, &c.

GROCERS' PICNIC, 1887.

THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING
—OF THE—
GROCERS' ASSOCIATION OF MONTREAL
WILL BE HELD
THURSDAY EVENING, 4th Inst.,
at HOPE COFFEE HOUSE, Craig street.

SPECIAL BUSINESS.

To make final arrangements for GROCERS' ANNUAL PICNIC, to be held at MISSISSQUOI PARK, HIGHWAY SPRINGS.

THURSDAY, 11th AUGUST.

Every grocer in the city is invited to attend.

ALEX. D. FRASER.

Secretary.

R. T. OF T.

GOSPEL TEMPERANCE MEETINGS.

Under the direction of the Hamilton Helpers.
THURSDAY EVENING, Aug. 4, at Oddfellows Hall, Point St. Charles.
FRIDAY EVENING, Aug. 5, at Oddfellows Hall, 219 St. James street.
SATURDAY EVENING, Aug. 6, at the West End Hall, Chatham street.
SUNDAY AFTERNOON, Aug. 7, 4 p.m., at the Rooms of Y.M.C.A.
SUNDAY EVENING, Aug. 7, at Sherbrooke street Methodist Church.
All interested in the cause are earnestly invited to attend. Collection at each meeting to defray expenses.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC
RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

THE ANNUAL MATCHES

will be held at the Ranges, Point St. Charles, on TUESDAY, 27th AUGUST, and following days, commencing at NINE A.M.
A public distribution of prizes will be held in the Victoria Rifle Armory on THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 5th, at EIGHT o'clock, when a proposition will be made to increase the capital from \$5,000 to \$10,000 dollars. The annual business meeting of the Association will be held at the Ranges on WEDNESDAY, 10th inst., at 11 a.m. For programmes and other particulars apply to
MAJOR W. M. BLACKLOCK, Sec.
P. O. BOX 1367.

MONTREAL CASH BAKERY!

A MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS

—OF THE—
MONTREAL CASH BAKERY.

to which the public is respectfully invited, will be held in the Large Room of the Mechanics' Institute, No. 204 St. James street, on FRIDAY EVENING, next, AUGUST 5th, at EIGHT o'clock, when a proposition will be made to increase the capital from \$5,000 to \$10,000 dollars. The annual business meeting of the Association will be held at the Ranges on WEDNESDAY, 10th inst., at 11 a.m. For programmes and other particulars apply to
MAJOR W. M. BLACKLOCK, Sec.
P. O. BOX 1367.

EDWARD POLE,

119 St. Antoine street.

COMPLIMENTARY

—DINNER—

TO THE
BOSTON-LACROSSE TEAM
will be given at the
WINDSOR HOTEL

—ON—
Saturday, at 7.30 p.m.

—AT—
A large attendance of Members is requested.

Tickets, \$2. Can be had at the Gymnasium.
W. CERAGUTY,
Hon. Sec.

ART ASSOCIATION

OF MONTREAL.

Phillips square.

The Galleries, having been rearranged after the late Exhibition, are now open to the public daily, from 9.30 to 5 p.m.
In the Class Rooms will be found an interesting Sale Collection.

Excursions, Picnics, &c.

ALWAYS A SUCCESS.

MOONLIGHT EXCURSION.

YOUNG PEOPLE'S ASSOCIATION OF

ST. GABRIEL CHURCH.

Friday, Aug. 5th.

The Oddfellows' Splendid Band will be in attendance. Also Highland Bagpipes. Tickets 25 cents.

SATURDAY, August 6th,

The Young Men's Christian Association

—HOLD THEIR—

FIELD DAY AND PICNIC

AT ORNSTOWN

Special train leaves Bonaventure Depot at 8.30 a.m.

Return Tickets (including luncheon), \$1.00.

Children and under 14 years, 75c.

Tickets good to remain at Ormstown until Monday morning.

D. A. RUDGE, Secy.

LACHINE RAPIDS.

Parties desiring to shoot the Lachine Rapids can do so by taking the 7.45 a.m. train to Lachine, thence steamer "Frigate," arriving in Montreal about 9.15 a.m. Tickets at Bonaventure Station, for round trip, 50c.

ADVERTISING RATES.

DAILY WITNESS.

Five lines and upward, 15c per line. Contracts on favorable terms.

WEEKLY WITNESS.

With large type or cuts, 20c per line. One-third reduction if set in usual small type. Special contract rates.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily Witness, \$3.00; Weekly Witness, \$1.00; with reductions to Clubs, Northern Messenger, 50c; 10 copies, one address, \$2.50; 25, \$6.00; 50, \$11.50; 100, \$22.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The date printed on each paper denotes the time when the subscription will expire.

The "Daily Witness" will be supplied to parties leaving for the seaside or other summer resorts for 25c per month, free by mail.

The Daily Witness.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 4, 1887.

THE ACTION of the Police Committee in promoting a ten-year man over the head of one who has served on the force for twenty-one years is apparently a hard one, but the decision is perfectly just, and will have a wholesome effect in making our policemen—French and English—learn the language of their fellow citizens.

THE RED RIVER VALLEY RAILWAY which is being built by the Manitoba Government in spite of the disallowance of the charter by the Dominion Government, is making good progress. Steel rail laying will begin within a few days. The contractor has made arrangements with the Canadian Pacific Railway, the bitter enemy of the Red River Valley road, for the transportation of the rails. The Canadian Pacific, as a public carrier, cannot, of course, refuse its services.

SEEN ON OUR STREETS.

The water carts had made the street a quagmire. Somebody had dug a hole under the car track and barricaded it with piles of earth on each side. Nobody was seen working at the hole when a car arrived and had to wait. By-and-by another car arrived at the other side of the hole and the ladies in dainty shoes got out of the two cars and walked through the quagmire and nobody complains. We are a long suffering public. In another city a policeman would have stopped the digging of that hole till the City Surveyor had made adequate provision for the continuance of the car traffic. The digger of the hole would have had to burrow or make a temporary track, or in some way acknowledge the rights of the public. Contractors and builders in Montreal have a Vanderbilt contempt for the public. Down at the junction of Common and Commissioners streets there is a hole on which the grass is growing, opened for some purpose or other, doubtless, but serving no purpose but obstruction. Has any policeman reported it? On St. Peter street, between Craig and St. James, there is an obstruction, a fruit dealer's stall, occupying twenty-three inches out of the sixty-six of the most crowded sidewalk in the city. A customer standing at this counter would occupy at least twenty-three inches more. This law-breaker has been recently fined, but continues the nuisance. Can a man not be forcibly hindered from obstructing the streets. The way in which his case is neglected seems to show that either he has some powerful friend whom the police dare not anger, or else that the police are remarkably incapable. The latter and kindest view is likely to be accepted by any one who sees a driver driving over the pedestrians on a crossing before the very nose of a policeman. In any other city the cart traffic would be forced by the police to acknowledge the rights of foot passengers. Here, once a man or boy has control of a horse, he is equal to King Pharaoh, and pursues his way in proud disdain of everything that walks, being as unconscious of the people on foot as if they were earth worms. We have to note here with some interest the fact that we have actually seen a driver draw his rein with a view to driving behind a foot passenger, but so used was the latter to waiting till everything on wheels had crept past, that he held his ground and dared not move till his customary turn came. Half of Recollet street is sometimes cumbered with packing cases that ought to be inside some store. Commissioners street, one side of which is taken up with a range of mountains supposed to be able to breast all coming floods, has its own only sidewalk incessantly obstructed by carts standing across it, making the mud the only place where people on foot can walk. In other cities the police are of some use, and are probably worth all they cost. Here, under present management, with the exception of a few good men, they are worth very little, and most of

them are not even ornamental. When we got our new Mayor it was some time before the civic lamps were put in front of his door. Meantime the pomp and glory of the burgo-master must be maintained in some way, and every morning could be seen loitering before the stately portal a curious bunch, sometimes of one shape and sometimes another, but always in the same official clothes. The people very much admired the Mayor for enduring all this absurdity for their sakes. It is about time we had a revolution in our police force.

THE UNIVERSAL CRY.

"MORE POLICE PROTECTION," ESPECIALLY FOR ST. GABRIEL, THE POINT, AND FLETCHER'S FIELD —SERGEANT CARSON'S PLACE FILLED—THE NECESSITY OF TWO LANGUAGES.

A meeting of the Police Committee was held yesterday afternoon, when there were present Aldermen Jeannotte (chairman), J. Grenier, Leves, Dubuc, McBride and W. Kennedy. Ald. Mooney and Ald. P. Kennedy were also present.

A letter from Messrs. Trenholme, Taylor, Dickson & Buchan, advocates, stating that they were about to institute an action of damages for the illegal arrest of Mr. J. Benjamin and Mr. J. Proulx and wife, unless otherwise settled, was referred to the City Attorney. These parties had been arrested at night in their home on a charge of receiving stolen goods, but had been acquitted.

The Chief was instructed to take from the "rest" at the credit of the appropriation for clothing and salaries \$1,877.20, the amount required to pay the men discharged from the force on account of physical incapacity.

A communication was read from Aldermen Mooney and Cunningham, asking for more police protection in the vicinity of Fletcher's Field. Ald. Mooney urged the favorable consideration of the application, as the safety of persons living in the vicinity of, and visiting Upper Bleury street.

REQUIRED MORE PROTECTION

against the numerous tramps and loafers who are continually in the environs. Ald. Grenier said that there were no funds available for an increase of the force.

The Chairman remarked that provision must at once be made for the protection of the new St. Gabriel ward. Ten or twelve men would be required for this purpose.

Ald. Grenier: "You will get five or six men for the new ward, but no more for the present." The Chairman of Finance further remarked that the patrol might regularly visit Fletcher's field, and that this district might also receive assistance from the St. Jean Baptiste Ward station. Ald. Dubuc said that the patrol visited Fletcher's field at regular intervals, but this did not furnish enough protection, as the roughs took good care to keep away at such times.

Ald. P. Kennedy also made application for more police protection at Point St. Charles, in the vicinity of Conway street. This part of the ward, he claimed, was

"TOTALLY NEGLECTED."

Crowds of idle loafers came up from the shipping wharves and infested the square there.

The Chairman read a letter from the lessees of the Grand Trunk stock yards, also asking for police protection and expressing their willingness to pay for it, and it was agreed, upon the suggestion of Ald. Grenier to inform the gentlemen that the Committee was ready to swear in any special constables they might appoint. Ald. Mooney and P. Kennedy then left the room, being assured by the Chairman that their requests would receive due consideration. It was then decided to report to Council, asking an appropriation for six additional men to attend to St. Gabriel ward.

The Chairman then read the letter of resignation of Sergeant Carson, that officer expressing his thanks for the kindness shown him at all times by Chief Paradis.

The applications to fill the position left vacant by Sergeant Carson's resignation were then opened, the Chairman remarking that the Chief should have sent him the men that he might examine them.

AS TO THEIR KNOWLEDGE OF FRENCH, as had been decided.

Before considering the applications, Ald. McBride suggested that preference be given to the applicant having served for a longer period, provided he was otherwise qualified.

This was agreed to.

There were four applicants, Acting-Sergeants Clark, Reeves, Hilton and Parker. The four men were called before the Committee, when it was ascertained that Clark was the only one able to speak French, and he was accordingly appointed, although he has only been 10 years on the force, while Hilton has served for 21 years. Ald. McBride strongly urged the appointment of Hilton, but the other members of the Committee declared that they must adhere to the rule requiring each new man to understand and speak both languages.

The appointment of two acting sergeants—to replace Mr. Clark, promoted, and Acting-Sergeant Crowe, deceased—was then taken up, and upon the recommendation of the Chief, constables McAllister and Barrett were appointed, after passing a satisfactory examination.

The meeting then adjourned.

OPEN AIR CONCERTS.

The City Band will play the following programme in the Vigor Garden this evening:—

1. March—Des Tirailleurs.....Bressant
2. Waltz—Sous le drapeau.....Waltz
3. Original music—Le Petit Flûteur.....Ellerberg
4. Grand Selection—Bocaccio.....Suppe
5. Polka—The Little Coach.....Fahrbach
6. Waltz—Des Sylarites.....Fahrbach
7. Mexican Dance—Rosary-Abrague.....Rilengue
8. Galop—Lee Potaria.....Michaels
9. Vive la Canadienne.....Ziegler
10. God save the Queen.....Ziegler

The programme of the Vics' band, on Dominion square, this evening is:—

1. March—General Boulanger.....Desormes
2. Bolero—Viva Pampelona.....Brouth
3. Overture—Fra Diavolo.....Auber
4. Spanish Fantasia.....Grand
5. Polka—Les Negres.....Waltz
6. Selection—Drum Major's Daughter.....Offenbach
7. Allegro—Militaire.....Ziegler
8. Vive la Canadienne.....Ziegler
9. God save the Queen.....Ziegler

Mr. J. Levi Gaudette, shoemaker, of this city, has assigned at the demand of Mr. Cornille Granger. Liabilities about \$1,000.

ANTI-SALOON REPUBLICANS.

PROHIBITION PROCLAIMED A NATIONAL DUTY.

The Hon. Albert Griffin, presiding at the great Anti-Saloon Republican meeting in Cooper's Union, New York, said in the course of his address: "I know that nothing short of a determination to fight this institution to the death will hold the temperance element in the party through another campaign. On the other hand, a cowardly, double-dealing policy would speedily bring overwhelming and irretrievable disaster."

It may be stated that such was exactly the course pursued by the National Republican party in 1884, and by the Republican nominee for President, who, according to Puck, by his actions said to Maine:

"My heart is true to Pro.
But rum must have a show.
I'm for prohibition here,
Elsewhere I'm for beer."

The party in their national convention decided that "wool must be protected," but refused to recognize by a single word the appeal of the united temperance sentiment of the United States for home protection. Mr. Griffin therefore speaks from painful experience when he says: "A cowardly, double-dealing policy would speedily bring overwhelming defeat."

Judge Noah Davis, president of the Anti-Saloon Republican, at the same meeting, said: "And now I hold the Republican party to be the only possible agency for accomplishing the great work (stamping out saloons) that now lies before it. The only organization existing in our country that can accomplish any real good in this respect is the Republican party."

During the last presidential campaign Mr. Blaine said it was purely "a state issue." The National Republican party said nothing. Now the Anti-Saloon Republicans, in National convention assembled, say "we declare war against the saloon and hold it to be the supreme duty of the Government to adopt such measures as shall restrict it and control its influence, and at the earliest possible moment extinguish it altogether."

We believe the national Government should absolutely prohibit the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors in the district of Columbia and in all the territories of the United States.

We demand that the Republican party shall take a firm and decided stand as the friend of the home and the enemy of the saloon, in favor of this policy and these measures. We pledge ourselves to do our utmost to cause the temperance men and friends of humanity—of whatever party or name—to join with us in securing these objects and in support of the Republican party, so far as it shall adopt them."

What does this mean? Simply that the three hundred thousand white ballots cast for the principle of prohibition by the National Prohibition party have opened the eyes of a great proportion of the Republican party to the fact that unless they adopt aggressive temperance work as a part of their mission, the "Grand Old Party," as they delight to call it, is doomed. The difference between the National Prohibition party and the anti-saloon branch of the Republican party, is this. The members of the former, casting aside party ties, have organized for a high principle. The members of the latter, while sympathizing with temperance sentiment, make party the first consideration. It is probable that the next National convention of the Republican party will place in its platform a strong temperance plank, and it is not beyond hope that the Republican party may eventually develop into one for national prohibition. If the day should ever dawn when this occurs the honor will be due to these sterling Republicans of the calibre of ex-Governor John P. St. John, of Kansas, who declined a senatorship and flung out the banner of prohibition when that party in June, 1884, buried this great issue. The machine politicians then thought that they could hold the temperance element in line by the party lash. The signs now are not wanting that they have entirely changed this opinion. The lesson has been taught them by the much sneered at Third Party Prohibitionists. We wish the anti-saloon Republicans success in their work of converting their party to prohibition.

THE DYKE EXPROPRIATIONS.

A notice of the plan for the St. Gabriel dyke having been deposited with the Clerk of the Peace, was published in last evening's papers, and the proprietors of the land to be expropriated will forthwith be served by the secretary of the Company, Mr. Rielle, with individual notices making an offer for the land needed, and requesting each proprietor to name his arbitrator, if such offer is not accepted.

A NORTH-WEST INCIDENT.

Mr. B. Lawrence, whose trunk was recently removed from a C. P. R. train at Banff by a mounted policeman on duty at the station, has received a letter from Col. Herchner, commissioner of the force, to the effect that an investigation has disclosed that the policeman was drunk at the time and that he has been tried and heavily punished.—Gazette.

SPORTS AND GAMES.

THE SHAMROCKS DEPART THEIR CAPITALS.

The Shamrocks played an exhibition match with the Capitals at Ottawa yesterday, upon the occasion of the annual games in connection with the St. Andrew's Society. The names of the teams were as follows:—

Shamrocks.	Positions.	Capitals.
Barry.....	Goal.....	Cleaves
Flint.....	Point.....	Brouse
Cregan.....	Cover Point.....	Devine
Brown.....	Defence.....	Bruburn
McGowan.....	Field.....	Myles
Ahearn.....	Centre.....	McLachlan
Devine.....	Home.....	Crown
Hamilton.....	Home.....	O'Brien
O'Reilly.....	Field.....	Skelly
Ellard.....	Field.....	Green
O'Keefe.....	Outside Home.....	Kent
Daly.....	Inside Home.....	Low
Dumphy.....	Captain.....	Bennett

The Shamrocks proved so much superior to their opponents that the match was not so interesting as otherwise it would have been. The Shamrocks took three straight games, despite the hard work of the Capitals to avert such a disaster. Hamilton scored the first and last games, and O'Keefe the second.

EMPLOYEES' PICNIC

OF THE BRITISH AMERICAN DYE WORKS.

The employees of the British American Dyeing Co. held their annual picnic on Tuesday at St. Helen's Island. An excellent dinner was provided by the firm, at which nearly one hundred sat down, at 12.30. All were much pleased and did ample justice to the good things provided. After dinner Mr. Geo. Young, in a very neat speech, spoke of the pleasure and profit of these annual reunions, especially welcoming home the manager's son, Mr. J. D. Allen, who has just returned after a two years' absence in Europe, and heartily congratulating him on his success in his studies, and the honors he had won in the technology of dyeing. Mr. J. D. Allen suitably replied. These games commenced, all of which were well and ably contested, and which lasted for two hours. Games were then commenced and carried on without intermission till the last boat. All arrived home safe, after spending one of the most sociable and enjoyable days possible.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

PETITION TO REMOVE PAPINEAU MARKET—THE COST OF RESTORING BONSECOURS—THE COMMITTEE'S GRAND REPORT FOR TEMPERANCE!

A meeting of the Market Committee was held yesterday afternoon, the following members being present:—Ald. Beausoleil, presiding, Malone, Dufresne, Boisseau and Villeneuve.

A communication was read from the stallholders in St. Jean Baptiste Market, asking that awnings be put up. It was agreed that if they were desirous of having awnings that they must get them at their own expense.

An extensively signed petition was also read from residents in the vicinity of Papineau Market, praying that that place be suppressed and the site transformed into a public square. This was referred to the City Attorney for his opinion as to whether the Council had any right to interfere in the matter, the Chairman remarking that it was the best market in the city.

Mr. G. P. Roy petitioned for permission to erect a temperance tent at the East End Abattoir. This was not entertained, the Chairman remarking that there were three

LICENSED HOTELS THERE ALREADY.

A letter was read from Dr. Laberge, relative to the water from the ice house on Bonsecours market, which runs from the windows down on to the sidewalk. It was agreed to ask for an estimate as to the probable cost of connecting a pipe with the sewer to carry off the surplus water.

The Chairman stated that as Mr. Larin, clerk of the St. Lawrence market, was in bad health, he had taken it upon himself to appoint T. Jolicœur temporarily.

Mr. Joseph Dagenais, butcher, St. Lawrence street, applied for a renewal of license on St. Lawrence market. Not agreed to, as he had given up his stall and it had been advertised as "to let."

On the motion of Ald. Beausoleil it was recommended to inform the Health Committee that the spoiled meats be removed from the markets after closing time, and not in the morning as heretofore.

A petition from several butchers against private parties selling meat outside the markets was next considered. It was found that they had received

A YEAR AND A HALF'S LICENSE

at a year's fee. The matter was postponed to allow the City Attorney to examine the market by-laws.

A proposition was considered as to the renovating of Bonsecours Market, which will cost \$12,000; it was left over in the meantime. It was agreed to open a door at the west end of Bonsecours Market.

Some private business was then considered, the reporters being excluded. It was understood to have some reference to the Clerk of Bonsecours Market.

PERSONAL.

Alderman White has returned from the Gulf. Judge Davidson and family have gone to the Thousand Islands in their yacht, the "Circé."

The Hon. J. S. D. Thompson, Minister of Justice, is staying at Windsor, on business connected with the penitentiaries.

The following are among those registered at the Windsor: The Bishop of Rochester, Mrs. C. Tweed, Miss K. Tweed, New York; Mr. F. W. Hopkins, Mr. G. S. Smith, New York.

Mr. George Swift, a member of the audit staff of the G.T.R., left last evening to assume a more important position on the Western division of the line. His confreres gave him a hearty send-off at the old station.

The Rev. J. A. Dorion, who has since leaving Oka been supplying the pulpit of the Rev. Jos. Pinel on the Champ de Mars, has now begun his regular mission work in the East End, conducting services at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. every Sunday. His residence is 161 Jacques Cartier street.

The Rev. Dr. Wolff, of Altona, Illinois, who is at present on a tour through Canada, last Sunday filled the pulpit of the new St. Gabriel Presbyterian Church, St. Catherine street. As a preacher he is highly popular, and in Toronto, as well as in this city, he has drawn together large congregations. Any persons desirous of hearing this eloquent preacher will have an opportunity next Sunday, when he will again preach in St. Gabriel Church.

The Rev. Wm. Kettlewell, Past Dominion Councillor, Royal Templars of Temperance, was tendered an informal reception at the Y.M.C.A. building on Tuesday, by the Montreal members of the Order. The noted gentleman, accompanied by several well known Royal Templars and other temperance workers of the city, left yesterday for Lennoxville, to attend the temperance demonstration there. He will return to-day with the Hamilton Helpers, and take part in the Royal Revivals, which commence this evening, at Point St. Charles.

CITY ITEMS.

Detective Gladu has recovered a buggy stolen from Mr. Doran, architect, some weeks ago.

During the month of July 2,455 prescriptions were given at the dispensary of the Asylum of the Sisters of Providence, and 141 visits were made. At the dispensary for diseases of children, 58 prescriptions were given, and 70 visits were made.

The firemen are to have their annual games on the Exhibition Grounds on the 27th, including a hose-reel competition open to fire companies in this district. The G.T.R., the C.P.R., the Rubber Company and the Hudson Cotton Mills have already entered teams.

The butchers hold their annual picnic at the Exhibition grounds on the 17th inst., and have set aside \$500 for prizes to be given. On the morning of the picnic a procession will take place, and one of the features of the day will be an open race for the horses and reels of the fire stations of the city and surrounding municipalities for a prize of \$100.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT of the re-opening of Stanstead Wesleyan College will be found in another column. The past year has been most satisfactory. The College provides a classical, scientific, commercial and general education of the highest order. University graduates and specialists are employed as teachers. The musical department, under the direction of an accomplished musician and enthusiastic teacher, has become deservedly popular, and affords rare facilities for obtaining a musical education. Special attention is given to French, drawing and painting. Parents who have sons or daughters to educate, before sending elsewhere should enquire of the Principal for information relative to terms, etc. See advertisement.

NEEDLESS SLAUGHTER.

A PHYSICIAN SHOWS HOW THE INFANTS ARE SAVED ELSEWHERE.

OUR CRIMINAL NEGLECT TO MAKE THE PATH OF THE SEDUCER MORE DIFFICULT—FORTY-FIVE PERCENT THE AVERAGE MORTALITY OF ARTIFICIALLY REARED FOUNDLINGS ON THIS CONTINENT—THE GOOD INFLUENCE ON A MOTHER FROM KEEPING HER CHILD.

The following letter, by a medical gentleman, who has already made a high reputation by his special attention to the treatment of infants, will be read with the deepest interest. His testimony to the benefits—both to mother and child—from keeping them together, confirms a mass of similar evidence that will have to influence any decision come to by the authorities.

(To the Editor of the Witness.)

SIR,—As the question of the foundlings has awakened a great deal of interest in the public mind at present, perhaps a few facts and suggestions from a physician's point of view may not be inopportune. At the outset it may be stated that it is desirable that we should very carefully discard from the discussion of the question any reference to class and creed, and that we should ungrudgingly give credit to self-sacrificing societies for endeavor to do good; at the same time the sacredness of human life must be maintained, and the associated work should not be overlooked of helping to raise the fallen mother by Christian effort, as opposed to efforts tinged strongly with Pharisaism.

The question is a sad one, from whatever aspect it is viewed. The new comer is, from the very beginning, regarded as a dreaded intruder, whose appearance, if permitted, must brand the mother with perpetual, irretrievable disgrace. Hence the strong temptation to suicide or infanticide. Probably our comparative freedom from the existence of this crime is to be attributed to the fact that the majority of illegitimate births take place in Lying-in Hospitals, and to the conviction, on the part of the mother, that the infant

WILL PROBABLY NOT SURVIVE

a period of artificial feeding or baby farming. An eminent legal authority, Farrer, says: "Infanticide is the result of the unavoidable dilemma in which a woman is placed, who from weakness or by violence has fallen. Finding herself placed between the alternative of infamy on the one side, and the death of a being insistent of his pains on the other, how can she fail to prefer the latter to the infamously miserable awaiting herself and her unhappy offspring?" I do not pretend to diminish the just wrath such crimes deserve, but in indicating their sources I think myself justified in drawing one conclusion; that is that no punishment for such crime can be just so long as the law has not adopted the best possible means in the circumstances of the country to prevent the crime it punishes. The means referred to Mr. Farrer does not mention. Surely one means which we as a country have not taken is to make the path of the seducer more difficult.

Another aspect of the question, which has been already referred to by your correspondents, is the debilitated and often diseased condition in which these poor foundlings are born, so that in some cases it would almost seem a mercy that such do die young. But your correspondents refer only to their physical condition. The thought occurs, What are their chances for a healthy mental development? In some cases, doubtless, good, but in others not. A recent writer states that a considerable percentage afterward became inmates of lunatic asylums.

Another depressing view, and the one at present attracting most attention, is the enormous mortality associated with the rearing of these foundlings. The high rates mentioned as occurring in this city are sufficiently appalling. Unfortunately, they have been equalled or exceeded in a few other instances. Dr. Lewis Smith, of New York city, gives as the mortality a few years ago at one of the foundling hospitals in that city, actually 99 percent. In the Prague Foundling Hospital, in 1854, it rose to 94 percent, but under government inspection quickly fell to 60 percent and lately to 45 percent.

which latter figure is about the average of foundling asylums on the Continent. This extreme mortality is found to be due not only to their weakened constitutions, and to defective attention on the part of their nurses, but principally to the substitution of artificial feeding for maternal nursing, as the following figures may show:

In France, of 100 infants born alive, on an average 16 die before the end of the first year. Of Paris babies sent to the country to be wet-nursed and reared, where strict supervision is given by the authorities, 17 percent die before the end of the first twelve months. Of similar babies sent out by private societies, with same pay and regulations, but not officially watched, 40 percent die during the first twelve months; while in the Department of the Eure et Loire, where infants are bottle-fed, and several in charge of one woman, 60 to 80 percent died before the end of the first year.

In America, until lately, the mortality in our foundling asylums has been very high. Our extreme heat during the months of July, August and September, with its consequent diarrhoea and emaciation, proves extremely disastrous to all infants artificially fed, and especially to these poor foundlings. On this point Dr. Lewis Smith, in a recent article (1886), says: "The following facts are fully established by the experience of every summer. Artificially fed infants under the age of one year in the city rarely escape summer diarrhoea; most of such under the age of six months die with symptoms of wasting and diarrhoea before the return of the cool weather unless removed to the country."

Further on he gives the following history of one of the New York institutions: A lady of remarkable energy and some means determined on establishing an infant asylum. A building was fitted up on the banks of the Hudson on a part of the island free from malaria and so sparsely inhabited that the air seemed as pure as in the country. Cows to furnish the milk grazed in the pasturage adjoining the house. The infants were all bottle fed, but notwithstanding care and medical attendance they gradually wasted, and as summer advanced one after another died, the new recruits sharing the fate of their predecessors. The deaths kept pace with the admissions, till the philanthropic founder became extremely despondent at the result. Afterward better counsel prevailed; every infant under a twelvemonth had breast milk, and now the mor-

talities in six months is not as great as it was then in a fortnight. "In the New York Foundling Asylum every effort is made to employ wet nurses for the foundlings, but a considerable number are necessarily bottle fed. These are placed in a ward known among the employees as 'THE WARD OF THE DYING BABIES.'"

Many agents of proprietary foods have been allowed to make trial of their preparations in this ward, but no one has thus far published the result, for it has been uniformly one of failure. In all the institutions in and about New York, where infants are bottle fed, the result has been similar. Wet nursing, wherever possible, is substituted now in its place.

But during the last few years the State Board of Charities of Massachusetts seem to have satisfactorily triumphed in their State over the difficulties surrounding the question. I cannot do better than let the directors of the Massachusetts Infant Asylum, in their report for 1885, speak for themselves. "The first object of the Asylum is to save life. It is well known to physicians that the first nine months are by far the most dangerous period of a child's life, and that by the age of two years the critical time is past. It is during this period that the Asylum undertakes to support its children. It receives no child more than nine months old, and keeps none beyond the age of two years. During the past nine years we have taken charge of over a thousand children. Of these about 19 percent have died; many of these were in a feeble state when received. Such a record is no less surprising than it is satisfactory, and is mainly due to the excellence of our system. This system is twofold; the most healthy are put out to board in country homes, where they are cared for and breathe fresh air, while the more delicate are kept at nurse in the houses of the Asylum, under the immediate care of the matron and attending physicians. The children received by the Asylum are of two classes, those who have been deserted by their parents and those who have not. In the latter class the Asylum tries to prevent the parents from abandoning their children,—not only for the infants' sake, but also because a mother who has not abandoned her child by the time it is two years old becomes attached to it, and will cling to it, and the care of the child in such a case has a very

GREAT INFLUENCE OVER THE MOTHER FOR GOOD. In fact, the influence which the asylum attempts to exert over all the women who come in contact with it is no unimportant part of its work. The children who have been deserted present a different problem. It seems to be generally agreed that the old plan of massing these children together in institutions is a bad one. Hereditary disease and vices are much less likely to develop if the children are placed separately in good country houses. It is important that the persons who take the children should adopt them, and bring them up and care for them as their own. The results of this policy appear to more than justify our hopes.

"This success has not been accomplished without great labor, increasing watchfulness, and considerable expense; but this has been necessary if we would relieve the State from reproach. Following natural laws which prescribe for one infant the care of one woman, retaining few in their commodious buildings, and supplying these few with wet-nurses when possible, the ladies who manage the Asylum have placed all the rest in suitable families, where they were under the oversight of medical visitors, and received tender care and vigilant supervision.

"The cost of supporting 233 foundlings and deserted infants during the year ending October, 1885, has been about \$23,000, or about \$100 each, without reckoning the salaries and travelling expenses of the medical visitors of the state."

In our own city a similar effort has been put forth by the lady managers of our Protestant Infants' Home and at the St. Margaret's Nursery, in both of which institutions, as far as practicable, infants are wet-nursed till past the dangerous age, and afterwards, when possible, placed in respectable families for adoption. The best influences are also brought to bear on the mother. Doubtless, there are other institutions in the city where similar efforts are made. The two mentioned are known to the writer.

Whatever plans may be decided upon by our recently appointed Central Board of Health, it seems desirable that the law should take the oversight of the rearing of these foundlings. Some regulations such as are in force in the English

INFANT LIFE PROTECTION ACT, 1882,

would probably suit here. They are as follows: 1. That the houses of persons retaining or receiving for hire two or more infants for the purpose of nursing must be registered. 2. The register of names and houses is to be kept by the local authority. 3. The local authority may refuse to register, for sufficient reason. 4. Persons whose names and houses are registered must keep a register of infants and must produce it when lawfully required. 5. Forging a certificate and falsifying a register are subject to a penalty. 6. The local authority may strike a name and house off the register for neglect. 7. An inquest must be held on the death of an infant, unless a certificate, signed by a qualified physician, shall be produced by the person so registered, certifying that such physician has personally attended or examined such infant and specifying cause of death. 8. The punishment under the act is imprisonment, with or without hard labor, for not more than six months, or a penalty not exceeding five pounds. In addition, such house should receive medical and sanitary inspection by the civic officials.

Considering also the importance to the infant of maternal nursing, it might be advisable to legally compel such mothers to nurse for at least two months their offspring. This would give the infants a great deal better chance of life, and at once diminish the great mortality. It would, however, probably involve considerable expense.

A. D. BLACKBURN, M.D., 70 Beaver Hall Hill, Aug. 1, 1887.

"I am indebted for this suggestion, and others, as well as for the sketch of the Infants Life Protection Act referred to later on to the very able report of Drs. Covert, Boyce and Cassidy, of Toronto, to the Provincial Board of Health, on the advisability of taking precautions to prevent infanticide in the Province, and also suggesting the best means by which the present large mortality among the foundlings of the Province may be diminished. Report Provincial Board of Health for Ontario, 1885."

THE FRENCH MAN OF WAR.

The French flag-ship "La Minerve" is expected to arrive from Quebec to-morrow morning. She will be berthed at the Victoria pier. Several entertainments to the officers and men are already in course of arrangement. The circle Francaise will give a *dejeuner* to the sailors and marines on St. Helen's Island, and another upon the mountain, while ex-Mayor Beauregard and Mr. Schwob will privately entertain the officers.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOHN DATE,

SANITARY PLUMBING.

HEATING,

DRAINAGE,

VENTILATION.

634 and 636 Craig Street.

Telephone No. 431

RESIDENCE:

62 MANOE STREET.

Telephone No. 1736.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.



Any person or persons placing Cord-wood on any of the roads or sidewalks in this City, for the purpose of Cutting or Sawing the same, will be prosecuted in accordance to Sec. 2 of By-Law No. 47.

PERCIVAL W. ST. GEORGE,

City Surveyor.

CITY SURVEYOR'S OFFICE,
CITY HALL,
Montreal, Aug. 4th, 1887.

MONTREAL WATER

WORKS DEPARTMENT.



WHEREAS, the Water Committee, having reconsidered the matter of Boilers for the Low Service Pumping Station, 15th inst., but to call for new ones on a different basis, therefore,

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Boilers," will be received at the office of the City Clerk up to noon on

TUESDAY, the 9th August,

for three Boilers of 200 horse power, each complete, including foundations, walling in, mounting, etc., furnishing with all necessary tools and appurtenances and everything required to make them ready for work. The boilers to carry a working pressure of 125 lbs. per square inch.

The new boilers, which are to replace six old ones, must not occupy more space than that now taken by those about to be discarded.

The contractor for the new boilers to purchase the old ones at a price to be stated in his tender.

The boilers to be completed ready for operation by the 15th December next.

Each tender must be accompanied by cash or an accepted check (payable to the City Treasurer) the amount of \$5,000, to be retained by the City for one year after the completion of the boilers, as a guarantee that they will give an evaporation of 10 lbs. of water from and at 212° F. for each pound of Scotch or Cumberland coal, whilst evaporating 30 lbs. of water per hour for each eight square feet of heating surface, after the boilers have been in use for one year, failing which the money deposited will become the property of the city.

Payments to be as follows:—Half the contract price less half the price of the old boilers, when the new boilers are delivered at the low service pumping station; the balance less the remaining half price of the old boilers, when the required evaporation efficiency shall have been successfully tested.

Each tender to be accompanied by specifications and drawings of the boilers offered.

To unsuccessful bidders, their plans and specifications together with their money deposits, will be returned as soon as the contract shall have been awarded.

The Water Committee reserves the right to reject any or all of the tenders.

(By order)

LOUIS LESAGE,

Supt. of M. W. W.

per B. D. M. C.
WATER WORKS DEPT.,
CITY HALL,
Montreal July, 1887.

TEMPERANCE LITERATURE

Mrs. GALES, 14 Union Avenue, Montreal

ALEX. OUMET,

CARRIAGE MAKER

59 ST. ANTOINE STREET,

NEW WORK AND REPAIRS OF ALL KINDS

PARKER'S FOUNDRY,

19 to 23 D'ALBONIE STREET.

Patterns made to order by first-class workmen.

CASTING EVERY DAY.

MOSES PARKER,

Telephone 1069

PERSONAL

Dr. JAMES BELL, has returned from Europe and resumed practice.
59 Beaver Hall Hill.

ANY WOMAN OR GIRL

desiring to forsake a life of sin will always find a helping hand and shelter, if needed in the W.C.T.U. Sheltering Home, corner of Dorchester and St. Charles Borrowman streets.

MONEY TO LOAN,

On mortgage on city property.

O. W. STANTON 101 St. James

PAPER HANGING and Ceiling

Decoration, House and Sign Painting promptly attended to.

W. E. POTTER, 1315 Notre Dame St.

PIANO GEMS! PIANO GEMS!

ECHOES OF THE CHASE, Hunting. Price \$15.
MENNET DE GUNOUD. " " " 50.
MAIDEN'S LOVE, Idylle. " " " 50.
MOONLIGHT, Intermezzo. " " " 50.
Every Pianoforte player should have the above. Mailed to any address, post free, on receipt of cash price.

—FOR SALE AT—

PRINCE'S, 238 ST. JAMES STREET.

ADVERTISEMENTS.



SAFE INVESTMENT!

City of Montreal Consolidated Fund.

In Sums of \$500 and upwards.

In order to give citizens an opportunity of investing in City Securities, the Finance Committee has decided to issue a portion of the

Four percent Consolidated, at par,

in shares of One Hundred Dollars each. Purchasers will be registered in the City Books as the owners, but may transfer their shares at any time by their own act.

Interest is payable semi-annually, the first day of May and November in each year.
Scrip for any multiple of \$100 will be issued on application at the City Treasurer's Office.

WILLIAM ROBB,

Acting City Treasurer.

CITY HALL,
Montreal, 2nd Aug., 1887.

THOMAS DARLING,

30 St. John street, Montreal.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT.

Accounts audited and adjusted. Estates managed liquidated.
Fire losses adjusted and arbitrations undertaken.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

ISSUED BY

JOHN M. M. DUFF,

ACCOUNTANT AND ESTATE AGENT.

PROPERTY BOUGHT AND SOLD; RENTS COLLECTED.
LOANS NEGOTIATED; INSURANCE EFFECTED; TRUST ESTATES MANAGED; SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD.

118 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.

THERE ARE THOUSANDS

OF YOUNG MEN

in this city who can afford to pay \$3 for a pair of Boots.

The MONTREAL SHOE COMPANY is the only place where those young men can get a first-class pair for \$3, warranted hand-sewed, and made of Shell Cordovan, which is acknowledged to be the best leather in the world to wear.

237 Mind these goods are hand-sewn and the price is only \$3.

All goods made on the premises.

131 St. Lawrence street, near Dorchester.

THE NEW CUSTOMS AND

EXCISE TARIFF FOR 1887.

REVISED AND ENLARGED.

WITH LIST OF

Warehousing Ports and Foreign

Currency Tables.

PRICE. . . . 50 CENTS.

—D—

MORTON, PHILLIPS & BELMER,

STATIONERS, BLANK BOOK MAKERS AND PRINTERS,

1735 and 1737 Notre Dame St., Montreal.

USE BRODIE & HARVIE'S

SELF-RAISING FLOUR,

FOR BISCUIT AND CAKES.

For sale by ALL ROGERS.

REED'S ROSIN CEMENT

ROOFING

Will give you more comfort to the square inch than any other material in the market. But be sure you get the genuine article of

GEORGE W. REED,

SLATE, METAL AND COMPOSITION ROOFING,

782 and 784 Craig street.

ROOFING.

Sparham Fire-proof Roofing Cement Co.
The Sparham Cement Roof is the only roof that has given perfect satisfaction and stood the test of our climate for the past twelve years. All other cement roofs have been failures.

CAUTION.
The Sparham Cement Company hereby warns the public against all counterfeits except—the original—Fire-proof Roofing Cement, patented and manufactured only by them selves.

The Sparham Company warns the public against all counterfeits used by different roofers—called Sparham—as being spurious.

The only roofers in Montreal and vicinity who are supplied with the real article and patented by this Company is Messrs. Campbell & Co., the Agents in Montreal.

GUARANTEE.
All roofs laid by Campbell & Co. have the guarantee of the Sparham Company, which has a \$50,000 capital paid up—a substantial guarantee—not on paper.

Roots laid in Montreal with our Cement TEN YEARS ago are as good to-day as when laid and have had no repairs. For further information and testimonials, apply head office, 309 St. James street, Montreal.

C. E. MALTBY, Sec.-Treas.
Agents appointed throughout the Dominion and the United States

MIXED PAINTS.

GO TO

J. D. FARROWS

FOR YOUR PAINTS

1822 Notre Dame street.

SEAL JACKETS

DYED, RENOVATED, &c., &c.,

A. HULEK, PRACTICAL FURRIER,

191 McGill street, 191

ESTABLISHED FIFTEEN YEARS

J. E. TOWNSHEND,

Stem-winder Woven Wire Mattresses, Victoria Jubilee Mattress Case, and other Spring Beds, and Patent Pure Bedding Manufactures. Bedding Purified and Renovated by Patent Process. Wholesale and Retail.

334 ST. JAMES ST and 734 and 728 CRAIG ST.

HENRY HAMMONT (18 years with

Thos. Musson, Esq., Practical Carpet Layer, &c., 224 St. Urbain st., Montreal. Carpets cut, made and laid, carefully lifted, cleaned and re-laid. Country work attended to. Carpet Linings supplied. Sun Shades, Spring Rollers, &c., supplied and put up. Upholstering, Mattress Making, &c.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

WATER RATES

—AND—

BUSINESS TAX

—

DISCOUNT.

FIVE PERCENT Discount will be allowed on Water Rates for the current year, paid in full on or before MONDAY, the 15th August instant, and THREE PERCENT on business and personal taxes paid on or before SATURDAY, the first of October next.

On the 15th September, the Water Department will commence to stop the supply from all defaulters. (By order),

WM. ROBB,

Acting City Treasurer.

CITY HALL,
Montreal, 1st Aug. 1887.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

DOUBLE TRACK WORK.

Offers are invited for Grading, Masonry, Tracklaying, Ballasting and Fencing for a new double track extension from near Lachine to Dorval, about three miles in length.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Chief Engineer, Point St. Charles, Montreal.

Tenders on the printed form, to be sent to the undersigned, endorsed "Tenders for Work, Lachine and Dorval," up to the 11th day of August next. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JOSEPH HICKSON,

General Manager.

Montreal, July 28th, 1887.

GENERAL PRINTING.

THE "WITNESS" OFFICE

EXECUTES

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF JOB PRINTING

FROM

THE MAMMOTH POSTER TO THE SMALLEST

VISITING CARD,

AT MOST MODERATE PRICES

Particular care bestowed on turning out work so as to give every satisfaction

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got up in neat form, and special care taken with regard to correctness

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executed with despatch, and forwarded immediately on completion, either by Express, Post, Steamer, or otherwise as ordered.

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Near Victoria square.

WOOD ENGRAVING,

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DONE TO PERFECTION,

At the "Witness" Office.

JOHN DOUGALL & SON,

MONTREAL

LAWN MOWERS

GROUND AND REPAIRED.

Last Edition

THE FOUNDLING QUESTION

UNDER DISCUSSION THIS AFTERNOON—DR. BLACK-
ADDER URGES THE ADOPTION OF THE ONLY
REMEDY.

A joint meeting of the directors of the Associated Charities and of the Society for the Protection of Women and Children, was opened at three o'clock this afternoon, to discuss the foundling question. Among those present were the Rev. J. Nichols, Dr. Cameron, Mr. D. McMillan, Mr. Radford, Dr. LaRocque, Mr. John Ritchie, Mr. R. C. Smith, Mr. Walter Drake, Dr. Blackader, Mr. E. Hollis and Dr. Laberge. Mr. Walter Drake was called to the chair. The chairman stated that he thought it better to search for a remedy than act in accordance with the terms of letters received, which suggested that those responsible for the evils of baby farming should be brought to justice. Dr. Blackader was then called to address the meeting, and at once entered into what he considered to be the most important question at issue, namely, the necessity of providing the infant with milk from the breast, especially in the first months of existence. He urged the necessity of providing intelligent and conscientious nurses. He then referred to the very great importance of getting good fresh milk for the children when they could not be fed at the breast, and referred to the fact that a very large quantity of the milk furnished in the city every morning was milk of the previous day. He strongly condemned the present system of using feeding-bottles with tubes going to the bottom, and always resting in a mass of more or less vitiated milk. He wanted small bottles, able to contain only what would make a dose for the child. The meeting is in progress.

KILLED ON THE TRACK.

A GIRL'S DEATH AT POINT ST. CHARLES—A VER-
DICT OF ACCIDENTAL DEATH, WITH A "RE-
COMMENDATION."

Another fatal railway accident has to be recorded as having happened at Point St. Charles. About ten minutes past six, last evening, two girls, named Lizzie Robinson, 13, and Maud Brooke, 15, left their work at Mooney's nail factory on Mill street to go home. Miss Robinson's place of residence was at 36 1/2 Liverpool street, and to reach that point the two girls went by the cattle sheds and took the track going west. A freight train came along about this time, going in the same direction, and having three box cars in front. As these came opposite the girls, Lizzie Robinson said to her companion, "I am going to catch that car," and suiting the action to the word she ran and grasped the railing at the rear end of the car. She, however,

MISSED HER HOLD

and fell under the train, two cars running over her body. Two shunters who were on the other side of the track, seeing the horrible accident, at once gave the signal to the engineer, who was able to stop the train just as the first wheel of the third car had run over the unfortunate girl. When the cars came to a standstill she was dragged out, and life was found to be extinct. The body was taken home.

The place where Miss Robinson met such a violent death, is a short distance east of Wellington street crossing. The Coroner being notified, an inquest was held this morning at nine o'clock in the offices of the Grand Trunk Railway, corner of Wellington and St. Etienne streets, when a verdict of "accidental death" was returned. The jury also recommended that all the openings in the railway fences be closed, and that a policeman in uniform be stationed at the Wellington street crossing.

SUING A BANKING FIRM.

PECULIAR PROCEEDINGS AT LACHUTE.

On Tuesday afternoon two well known gentlemen of Lachute, Messrs. Robert G. Meikle and Gavin J. Walker, were brought before Mr. Z. Rousseau, J.P., sheriff of the district, at his office in St. Scholastique, upon a charge of misdemeanor for assuming and using the title of "Bank" and "Banking House" without adding the words "not incorporated," which the parties suing claim to be a fraud upon the public. They gave bail to appear next Monday for preliminary examination.

Mr. Mathieu appeared as counsel for the defence, and wished to have the sheriff try the matter; but the sheriff did not find that he had jurisdiction and remanded them until Monday.

A FIREMAN'S SUSPENSION.

CHARGE OF INSUBORDINATION BROUGHT BY THE CHIEF.

It appears that during the fire at St. Jean Baptiste village a fireman named Harry King, of No. 1 reel, Central Station, refused to obey orders given him by Chief Patton, and that in consequence he has been suspended until an investigation can be held. It is alleged that Mr. Patton struck King because the latter would not relinquish hold of the branch which he was holding while combating the fire in rear of St. Lawrence Main street. When seen by a Witness reporter this morning the Chief declined to talk much about the matter, but denied having struck King at all. He said he might have touched him with the back of his hand when trying to get the hose away from him.

SUDDEN DEATH.

Yesterday afternoon a man named Octave Renaud fell down, apparently in a fit, near Salva's hotel, Chaboullier square, and being taken to the Notre Dame Hospital he died soon after his arrival. An inquest was held this afternoon at the hospital, and a verdict of "death from internal hemorrhage" was returned. Renaud was 30 years old, and his family resided at Lachine.

FOUND UNCONSCIOUS.

This forenoon a middle-aged man was found in an unconscious state in a yard in the rear of Colborne street. He was brought to the Notre Dame Hospital, and up to three o'clock this afternoon, his condition remained unchanged. His name could not be learned.

"ANY AMOUNT OF PRINTING."

Just as we were going to press we were approached by a supporter of Mr. McIntyre and offered any amount of printing and advertising from the Mowat Government if we would support that party. It is rather strange that they come to a party unpurchasable. They are getting very bold. Look out for them!—Eganville Enterprise, Renfrew County, July 27.

HUMBLE PIE.

THE PAINFUL FEAST OF LE MONDE.

A few days ago we mentioned that *Le Monde* had published a circumstantial account of what seemed grossly undignified conduct (to say the least) on the part of the Premier, Mr. Mercier, winding up with an insinuation that he was "overcome by the heat." The arrest of Mr. Vanasse, the editor, and Mr. Lessard, the manager, promptly followed, on a charge of criminal libel; but the latter gentleman denied the Premier to be the worst, declaring that he had five hundred witnesses to the events as described. The readers of *Le Monde* will be somewhat amazed, therefore, to see the following article in this afternoon's edition:—

"HON. MR. MERCIER AND 'LE MONDE.'"
"The article published in *Le Monde* on Friday last against the Hon. Mr. Mercier has called the general attention of the press of the country."

"The Hon. Premier himself attached so much importance to the article that he thought proper to have the editor-in-chief and the manager of the paper arrested."

"We frankly admit, at once, that the tone of the article referred to fully justifies the protests of our confederates of the press and of the Hon. Mr. Mercier."

"That article was published in the absence of those who are responsible for the editorial department, and without their knowledge."

"The editor-in-chief, Mr. Vanasse, was absent from the city, for several days, and the assistant editors, one of whom, Mr. Lessard, was in the county of Laprairie, declare that they know nothing about it, as does also Mr. Lessard, administrator of the paper."

"The article, then, appears to have been furtively slipped in, and we regret it as much as anyone. We disapprove it without any reserve whatever."

"Calumny and slander are no longer allowed in journalism any more than in other callings. Christian charity makes it a duty to exalt the virtues of our brethren and to conceal their vices, their defects and even their small peccadilloes."

"It is our duty to be faithful to this grand teaching of charity."

"We are consequently in favor of moderation in journalistic polemics, in parliamentary debates, and in discussions on public hustings."

"Let us discuss with dignity and respect the public opinions of our adversaries, but let the domesticities always remain sacred and inviolate."

"We have always blamed the conduct of those writers and hustings blowers who seem to take a delight in throwing, as a prey, to the public amidst the excitement of an election contest, the family affairs, the private conduct of their adversaries."

"Such is the view we take of the obligations of public writers and orators. We have always endeavored to act according to this view. If it has sometimes occurred that we failed in this, the fault has always been due more to the excitement of the moment than to malice."

"We are happy to make this disavowal: 1st. To repair the injury which this unfortunate article may have caused to Mr. Mercier; 2nd. For the honor of our journal; and 3rd. To satisfy the conscience of those who have the serious responsibility of the publication of so important a paper as *Le Monde*."

F. VANASSE-VERTEPUILLER,
Chief editor of *Le Monde*.

ST. HENRI'S LEGISLATORS

GOING TO TAKE CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS AGAINST
THE ABATTOIR—A COMPANY APPLYING FOR
A BONUS AND EXEMPTION.

The regular monthly meeting of the Municipal Council of St. Henri, yesterday evening, was a very interesting one. All the councillors were present, and there was also a large attendance of citizens.

A communication was read from the Butchers' Ice Company asking for a bonus and an exemption of taxes in view of their intention to erect large buildings and employ a large number of persons in the municipality. The application was referred to the finance committee.

The petition of the residents of the locality, referred to in yesterday's *Witness*, that steps be taken to abate the nuisance arising from the stench of the abattoirs, was submitted. The members were unanimous in declaring that

A STOP MUST BE PUT
to the nuisance, and, upon motion of Councilor Daigault, it was resolved to take immediate criminal proceedings against the proprietors of the abattoir on the next occurrence of the offensive odors, provided such a proceeding meets the approval of the Council's attorney, whom it was decided to consult at once upon the matter.

A lengthy discussion followed on the drainage question, all the arguments pro and con being forcibly brought forward; and it was finally decided to defer the matter until next meeting, the majority, however, appearing to be in favor of having the plans at once prepared.

It was after midnight when the Council adjourned.

THE ST. JEAN BAPTISTE FIRE.

Upon enquiry made, this afternoon, in St. Jean Baptiste village, it is learned that the sufferers by the late fire are being cared for by different families throughout the Ward. As yet no steps have been taken to afford public relief, but the Engineers' Association will hold a meeting, this evening, to take the matter into final consideration. A reader suggests that the Sisters of the General Hospital might also bring their resources to bear on the case.

RAILWAY COLLISION.

Two freight trains collided this morning about six o'clock, on the C.P. Railway, near Montebello. The engines were badly damaged, but fortunately no lives were lost.

Train No. 77 was coming from Ottawa, and the other train was No. 80, which had just left Montreal. As usual, it was found next to impossible to obtain information from the railway officials.

ANOTHER FATAL RUNOVER.

Last evening, between nine and ten, an Italian laborer, whose name could not be learned, was run over at Vaudreuil by the cars and killed.

Sergt. Clark, late of the Central Station, will be hereafter at No. 1; the newly-appointed Acting Sergeant McAllister will go to the Chaboullier Square Station, and Asst.-Sergt. Beatty will be transferred to No. 1.

A FAREWELL PRESENTATION.

Mr. Geo. H. Flint, who for the past three years has been city editor of the *Globe*, was presented, last evening, with a handsome silver water set by the members of the local staff, the occasion being the severance of his connection with this journal to take a position on the staff of the *Montreal Witness*. Mr. A. C. Campbell made the speech of presentation.—*Toronto Globe*.

[We commend Mr. Flint to all with whom he comes in contact in various parts of the country in promoting the affairs of this paper.—*ED. WITNESS.*]

PERSONAL.

Mr. O'Donoghue, formerly principal of the Sarsfield school, Point St. Charles, died at his residence, St. Jerome, on Saturday last. The deceased gentleman was one of our veteran educationists, having spent fifty years of his life in teaching in Montreal and elsewhere. The funeral, which took place at St. Jerome on Tuesday last, was very largely attended.

THE ALLEGED BRIBERY CASE.

The question whether a new warrant for the man Bourassa, in the Laprairie case, will be issued or not, will be argued this afternoon before Mr. Justice Desnoyers. Messrs. Cornulier and Prefontaine, Q.C.'s, are the advocates engaged.

CITY ITEMS.

Mr. Frederick Kearney, grocer, St. Gabriel village, has assigned to the demands of Mr. Camille Granger. Liabilities about \$1,500.

A concert will be given in the Drill Hall, Craig street, on Tuesday evening next, in aid of the Notre Dame Hospital. The 65th band will take part.

A meeting of the Committee of the 6th Fusiliers Rifle Association was held last evening to make arrangements for the annual matches on the 13th inst.

The members of the Retail Grocers' Association meet this evening in the Hope Coffee House to complete arrangements for the annual picnic which takes place on the 11th.

Since the beginning of the year \$60,000 has been collected by the Police Collection Department for taxes coming within its jurisdiction. The total amount collected last year was \$65,000.

The condition of the Champ de Mars at the present time, covered over as it is with burnt straw and other unsightly debris, reflects very little credit upon the guardian in charge, who is paid by the Dominion Government to look after it.

COMMERCIAL.

WITNESS OFFICE,
Thursday, Aug. 4.

A LARGE AMOUNT of Montreal Corporation four percent stock was offered on the Board this afternoon at 99 1/2.

FINANCIAL.

The money market shows some small signs of lightening, and it is believed that there is every probability of money being dear this fall. Rates to-day are nominal, about 5 1/2 percent for call loans on stocks and 7 percent for time loans on commercial paper.

Sterling Exchange is dull at unchanged rates from yesterday. Currency drafts are firm at a small premium.

The stock market was more active to-day, but prices show little change. Bank stocks were, as a rule, steady, a few being, if anything, rather weaker than yesterday. Telegraph stock was 1/2 lower, Richelieu about steady, and Gas from Canadian Pacific rather firmer.

Morning sales—62 Peoples Bank at 112 1/2; 50 Commerce at 120 1/2; 12 at 121 1/2; 60 at 120 1/2; 25 Montreal Telegraph at 96; 25 at 95 1/2; 75 Richelieu at 56 1/2; 125 at 57; 600 Canadian Pacific at 56 1/2; 10 Montreal Cotton at 110.

Afternoon sales—25 Bank of Montreal at 130 1/2; 35 at 130 1/2; 25 Toronto at 205 1/2; 75 Montreal Telegraph at 95 1/2; 100 Richelieu at 56 1/2; 300 Gas at 216; 50 Canadian Pacific at 56 1/2.

[The prices at the close of the Board to-day reported by Messrs. Nichols & Marler, Stock Brokers, 92 St. Francois Xavier street, were as follows:—]

STOCKS.	Sellers per \$100.	Buyers per \$100.	STOCKS.	Sellers per \$100.	Buyers per \$100.
Banks.			Miscellaneous.		
Montreal.....230 1/2	230		Hochelaga.....96	95 1/2	
Ontario.....121 1/2	121		Montreal Tel.....96	95 1/2	
Peoples.....115 1/2	115 1/2		Rich. & Ont. Nav. 56 1/2	56	
Molson.....142	138		City Pass. Ry.....216	215 1/2	
Toronto.....366 1/2	365		City Gas Co.....47	46 1/2	
Jac. Cartier.....121 1/2	120		M. Loan & Mort.....204	203 1/2	
Merchants.....121 1/2	120		Canada Cotton.....204	203 1/2	
Quebec.....116 1/2	115 1/2		Mont. Cotton.....204	203 1/2	
Nationale.....116 1/2	115 1/2		Dundas Cotton.....204	203 1/2	
E. Townships.....91	90		St. Henri.....204	203 1/2	
Union.....121	120		Stormont Cotton.....204	203 1/2	
Commerce.....121	120		Hudson Cotton.....204	203 1/2	
Ville Marie.....107	106		S. Paul M. & M. Ry.....204	203 1/2	
Federal.....107	106		Can. N.W. Land.....204	203 1/2	
			Can. Pac. Ry.....57	56 1/2	

NEW YORK STOCK LIST—Aug. 4.

(Furnished by J. R. Meeker.)

Opening and Closing prices—10.30 a.m. and 8.40 p.m.	
Stg. Demand.....485	St. P. M. & Man. 113
60 days.....482 1/2	M. O. Pac.....99
C. R. & Q.....140	Nor. Pac.....33
Can. Pac.....56	Nor. Pac. pfd.....59 1/2
N. Y. Central.....108 1/2	Nor. West.....112 1/2
Gen. Pac.....36 1/2	Wabash pfd.....30
Can. Southern.....52 1/2	Omaha Com.....47
Del. & Hudson.....101 1/2	O. & T. Cont. 204
D. L. & West.....129 1/2	Pac. Mail.....204
Erie.....30	Reading.....54
Erie Sec.....96 1/2	St. Paul.....81 1/2
N. Y. & N. Eng.....43	Texas Pac.....24
N. J. Central.....73 1/2	Union Pac.....55 1/2
Kan. & Texas.....26 1/2	W. U. Tel.....73 1/2
Louis & Nash.....61 1/2	Wabash Com.....175
L. Shore.....94	Money.....5
Mich. Central.....82 1/2	

CHICAGO, Aug. 4, 2 p.m.—Closing.—Wheat, 67 1/2; August; 69 1/2 September; 71 1/2 October; 74 1/2 December. Corn, 40c August; 40 1/2 September; 41c October; 42c May. Oats, 25 1/2 August; 25 1/2 September; 26 1/2 October; 28 1/2 May.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4, closing.—Wheat, 79c Aug.; 80 1/2 Sept.; 81 1/2 Oct.; 83c Nov.; 84 1/2 Dec. Corn, 40 1/2 Aug.; 41c Sept.; 42c Oct.; 43 1/2 Nov.; 45c Dec.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, Ont., Aug. 4.—Wheat, Fall, No. 2, 75c to 80c; do, Spring, No. 2, 75c to 80c; do, No. 2, 55c to 60c; Peas, No. 2, 57c to 57 1/2c; Oats, No. 2, 32c to 33c; Flour, Superior, \$3.60 to \$3.65; Extra, \$3.50. Market dull and inactive. No sales reported.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

CABLE NOTES.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie intends to buy an estate in Scotland, and it is possible that he may become the purchaser of Aboyne Castle, Lord Huntley's family place in Aberdeenshire, which is for sale with some portion of the property. It is understood that £115,000 is the price asked for this lot of the Aboyne estate.

Mr. Gladstone, who goes to Hawarden this week, will probably start shortly for a month's cruise in Lord Wolveston's yacht "Palatine." Mr. Gladstone will be in Scotland for some time during October, and is expected to visit Lord and Lady Aberdeen at Haddo, Lord and Lady Breadalbane at Taymouth, and Lord and Lady Rosebery at Dalmeny.

THE QUEEN.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—The Queen will leave Osborne for Scotland, according to present arrangements, on the afternoon of Wednesday, the 24th inst., as she wishes to be at Balmoral on the 26th inst., which is the Prince Consort's birthday. The Queen will probably visit the Dowager Duchess of Athole, at Dunkeld House, Perthshire, about the end of next month, and from there Her Majesty is to make an excursion to Taymouth Castle, Lord Breadalbane's place, where she stayed with the Prince Consort during her first visit to Scotland in 1842.

NAVAL MANOEUVRES.

CAPTURE OF THE ENTRANCE TO THE THAMES. LONDON, Aug. 4.—Naval manoeuvres took place to-day off the mouth of the River Thames. The attacking squadron operated on the Downs, and, with a force of machines and blue jackets, who were landed from the vessels, captured the entrance to the Thames and the River Medway. During the manoeuvring a Nordenfjeldt gun burst on board the torpedo boat "Curlew" and several seamen were seriously injured. One of the guns on board the iron armor plated ship "Black Prince" also burst and injured the seamen.

AN ALLIANCE OF SPIES.

LEMBURG, Aug. 4.—A Frenchman and a Russian have been arrested here on the charge of being spies. They confess that they have been reporting the state of the military defences to the Russian Government.

A DYNAMITE CASUALTY.

MESSINA, August 4.—An explosion of dynamite at Bitirio, a suburb of this city, killed one person and injured thirty others, besides doing much damage to property.

A PETTY WAR.

BERLIN, Aug. 4.—The Prefect of Nancy has ordered the closure of Weissbach's pasteboard factory at Emmeruill. The closure throws one hundred German and French workmen out of employment. The *Strasbourg Post* announces that the German Government will protest against the action of the Prefect.

A GREAT FIRE.

EAST SAGINAW, Mich., August 4.—Yesterday afternoon a fire started in the saw mill of John Gowen, of this city. The saw mill and salt block, with 8,000 barrels of salt, the drill houses, 3,500 feet of lumber, a blacksmith shop and three salt drill houses were destroyed, involving a loss of \$137,000. The insurance amounts to \$50,000.

CLOSING UP.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—The Sterling Fire Insurance Company has decided to close up its affairs at once owing to the demoralized condition of the insurance business. The Company had a capital of \$350,000. The stockholders will be paid in full.

PROHIBITION IN TEXAS.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Aug. 4.—The whole State of Texas was agitated last night as it never was before over the prohibition fight. At least five hundred mass meetings were held in Texas last night with the view of influencing the result to-day. There are but two parties in the State just now—Prohibition and anti-Prohibition—and so close is the struggle that it is impossible to predict which party will win.

CHOLERA "ON THE MOVE."

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 4.—A special from Manzanilla says: A private despatch sent by the agent of the Pacific Steam Navigation Company in Acapulco to the agent of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company here, reads as follows: "The steamer 'Occidental,' loaded with coal, which left Vera Cruz on June 25th, arrived here July 28th with cholera on board. It has been placed in quarantine." The news of cholera at Acapulco has caused much excitement. Nothing can be learned from the officials here regarding the steamer and there is some doubt as to the authenticity of the report.

THE LIMESTONE CITY.

(Special to the Witness.)

KINGSTON, August 4.

COLLEGE OF PHARMACY.

The new council of the College of Pharmacy met here yesterday, with the president, Mr. Harvey, of Guelph, in the chair. The registrar read the result of the recent election of members, and, without making any reference to the action which has been taken by certain persons to test the legality of the same, Mr. R. W. Elliott, of Toronto, was chosen the new president, and, in accepting office, said he would do all he could to restore harmony among the members of the College. He referred to the work of the institution in the past, and said his aim should be to secure Government aid, and through it the appliances which were needed. Others had been successful in their applications for assistance, and he did not see why the pharmacists should not be.

Mr. W. B. Sanders, of Stayner, was elected vice president.

The President now read the terms under which the meeting was held. It had the power to transact only such business as could not lie over, pending a settlement of the election dispute. It seems that on each ballot paper were the names of twenty-nine council candidates, and of these each voter could select only thirteen by putting across opposite the names of the men of his choice, each ballot being signed by the voter. The opponents to the old members of the council assert that ballots were rendered valueless by more than thirteen crosses being put on them, and that when plumpers were put in—as two men are ready to swear—they were destroyed by marks made opposite other candidates. The election was no sooner over than the ballots were destroyed. But a lawsuit is now on, and it will disclose some facts next month.

Mr. G. Hedges was re-appointed Registrar and Treasurer, against the protest of Mr. C. K.

McGregor, of Brantford. He was mollified, however, when told that the appointment would not hold if a new election were ordered.

The resignation of Mr. R. Brierly, Hamilton, was tendered, and for the present laid on the table.

The affiliation of the Ontario College of Pharmacy with Toronto University was reported to be under consideration by the Registrar of the latter.

The receipts of the past year were \$3,018.19; the cash on hand, \$552.82. The cost of the College building in Toronto was \$17,120.50, and of the lot on which it was erected \$5,033. The assets were \$28,248.50, and the liabilities \$14,618.70.

Subject to the objection of Mr. McGregor the old educational board had made the announcements, and its action was confirmed.

The President then intimated that the Council had got to the end of its tether, that it would do no more until so advised by Mr. Siger, its counsel.

The local druggists having tendered the members of the Council an excursion down the river a discussion occurred as to the propriety of accepting it under the circumstances. The meeting adjourned without a decision, but the excursion will go on.

TORONTO.

(Special to the Witness, Aug. 4.)

CONSTABLE BISSONNETTE and Mr. Green-shield were in Toronto last night trying to get a warrant for hoodler McGarrigle's arrest endorsed by a magistrate. At last account they were met by difficulties similar to those encountered in the Sheppard case, the magistrate being evidently afraid of creating a precedent. Many people believe that McGarrigle is here in hiding.

THE CONTINUED DROUGHT AND HEAT are threatening almost destruction of farmers' crops and depressing the price of cattle.

A TORONTO PAPER publishes a rumor that

READABLE PARAGRAPHS.

WEATHER PROPHECIES.

We are in the midst of the reign of the "newspaper weather prophet." That is to say, the prognosticator of to-day scarcely ventures with his prediction more than forty-eight hours in advance of the atmospheric event, and to know the probable state of the weather you must consult the morning paper. Some may say that it is a clever scheme in the interests of daily journalism. Be that as it may, among the people as a whole it is doubtful whether there is as much consultation of weather probabilities now as there were in the old days of the almanac, when the weather was made out for us a whole year in advance. Farther back and more popular still were the weather rhymes of traditional folk-lore. Dr. Charles C. Abbott, in his "Waste-Land Wanderings," recently issued, notices a few of these, some philosophical and reliable, others altogether fanciful, none the less interesting. This, for example:

"When a cow tries to scratch her ear,
It means a shower is very near."

And also:
"When it thumps its ribs with its tail,
Look out for thunder, lightning, hail."

Another not counted so trustworthy:

"When swine carry sticks,
The clouds will play tricks."

Furthermore:
"When they lie in the mud,
No fears of a flood."

This for the household:
"When Toby claws the table legs,
She for a summer shower begs."

And this from out-door life:
"When flying squirrels run on the ground,
The clouds 'll pass you by, be bound."

One more:
"When hen-hawks scream at hot high-noon
Foretells a coming shower soon."

After all, this is the only sort of weather prophecy we children, old and young, do not tire of. It is the only kind that will survive the test of having failed of fulfillment three times out of five.

—Standard.

GENTLEMEN, send your summer suits to the Empire Dy Works, and have them properly cleaned or dyed. De Fonteny & Co., 24 Phillips square, and 451 Bleury street.

"SEE HERE, LEVI; what do you mean by selling me that suit of clothes? It's three years out of style. I thought you said you never kept clothes out of style?" "So I don't my friend. Dot's de reason I sold doss. What for would I keep 'em?"

HAVE YOU TRIED IT?—If you can testify to its marvellous powers of healing and recommend it to your friends. We refer to Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, the grand specific for all summer complaints, diarrhoea, cholera morbus, dysentery, cramps, colic, sickness of the stomach and bowel complaints of infants or adults. Let its merits be known to all who have not used it.

If COFFEE refuses to settle, sue it.

PRISONER (desirous of flattering the court)—"I think there is a fine expression in your Honor's face." Judge (urbanely)—"So there is, and the fine is ten dollars and costs."

FOR BOOK AND JOB PRINTING of any description, the Commercial Printing House, 52 St. Francis Xavier street, takes the lead.

M. VIENNET, the dramatist, read a play before the manager of a Paris theatre. It was refused. "You are incapable of judging my work," cried the exasperated author. "Why so?" asked the manager. "Because you were sleeping all the time." "My dear sir," replied the manager, "in literature sleep is an opinion."

VERY VALUABLE.—"Having used B.B.R. for biliousness and torpid liver, with the very best results I would recommend it to all thus troubled. The medicine is worth its weight in gold." Tillie White, Manitowaning, Ont.

CUSTOMER—"Sorry I can't pay you to-day; you see the shoemaker has just been here and—" Tailor—"Yes, I met him on the way up, and he said you'd put him off because you'd got to pay the tailor to-day. So here's your bill, sir."

I. N. MARSHALL, barrister, Brockville, Ont., states:—"I was so troubled with cold in the head that I could not speak plainly. One application of Nasal Balm gave immediate relief and thoroughly cleaned out my head."

A YOUNG LADY, going out to Australia, when in the tropics, was observed leaning over the bulwarks. "What are you looking for, Maud?" enquired her father. "Oh, papa," returned the young lady, "I think it is too horrid for anything. Here have I been looking over the side of the vessel for half an hour, and I can't see it." "See what, my dear?" "Why, the Equator. The captain told me we were crossing it."

"WELL, HERR CAPTAINMEISTER, you seem to have partaken of an excellent supper?" "Yes," he replied, "a very fair one; it was a turkey." "And were you many round the festive board?" "Not exactly; we were but two—only myself and the turkey."

WITH YOUR WEEKLY SAVINGS you can buy at Leclerc & Casson's, 517 St. James street (next to Witness Office), a nice lamp for your parlor.

MISTAKEN IDENTITY.—Short-sighted Irish villager (to tricyclist who is wheeling his machine): "I say, stop! I want you to grind my husband's razor."—Judy.

WITHOUT EQUAL.—Wilson Montrose, of Vienna, Ont., having used Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in his family for summer complaints, says, "I cannot speak too highly of it. For children as well as aged people troubled with diarrhoea it has no equal."

APPLICABLE ELKSNIEMER.—Hotel keeper—We allow no games of chance in this house. Gambler—This isn't a game of chance. The man playing against me has no chance.

JOHNIE (to his little chum)—"I will tell you a secret if you won't tell. Sister Emily is engaged to Mr. White. I heard mamma and sis talking about it. The secret is that Mr. White don't know it himself, yet."

GRAND TRUNK EARNINGS.

Return of traffic for the week ending 29th July:—

	1887.	1886.
Passenger Train Earnings.....	\$156,867	\$151,632
Freight " "	220,936	215,893
Total.....	\$377,803	\$367,525
Increase for 1887.....	\$10,328	

CRIMINAL CASES.

WEARING THE KNUCKLES.

Three men named Jos. Gannon, Jos. Ratcliffe and Robt. Harris were charged before the Recorder this morning with disorderly conduct and refusing to pay their carter. On the person of Gannon was found a dangerous looking pair of brass knuckles, so he was fined \$10, and the others got off with \$2 less.

"PABLO BAGATELLE."

Yesterday afternoon, during a licensed victualler's picnic at Elmwood, Detective Naegle and Sergeant Desjardins seized what is known as a "parlor bagatelle" and brought it to town. The proprietor says that it was not in use, but at the same time he is trying to get it back. The name of the owner is John Clark.

Specific Articles.

NOTICES under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 20 words, prepaid.

FOR SALE, a Steamer Ticket to Liverpool. Address, TICKET, "Witness" Office.

FOR SALE, 10 x 15 Printing Press, Washington Proof Press, Champion Cutting Machine, Book Binders' Shears; also Circular Steam Dryer, 6 feet diameter, 15 inch face, complete. At W. BENNETT & CO.'S Paper Warehouse, 429 St. Paul street.

FOR SALE, a handsome Simpal Monkey; exceedingly kind and playful. Owner leaving town. Address TRAVELLER, "Witness" Office.

NEAT Cemetery Railing for sale, very cheap; sufficient to fence half lot. Address RAILING, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, buyers for Gaelic Books. Any Gaelic book presented on short notice. Address, N. MURRAY, 500 St. James street, Montreal.

Board and Rooms.

NOTICES under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 20 words, prepaid.

PLEASANT, well-furnished front Room, suitable for one or two gentlemen. Moderate terms. 31 Manoe street.

CLEVERLYMEN and others visiting Montreal will find good Board and good Rooms, at moderate rates, 37 Cathedral street; quite central.

DOUBLE or Single Furnished Rooms to let, with or without Board. 55 Union avenue.

NICELY Furnished Bedrooms, for Gentlemen, and use of bathroom. Private family. Terms moderate. 31 McGill College Avenue.

TWO LET, two or three unfurnished Rooms, with a Protestant family. Rent moderate. Apply at 37 Metcalfe avenue, St. Henri.

TWO LET, a nicely furnished Room in the vicinity of Windsor Hotel; breakfast and tea if desired. Address, VANCOUVER, "Witness" Office.

TWO LET, a large unfurnished Room. 57 St. Antoine street.

TWO LET, two furnished Bedrooms, in front, suitable for ladies and gentlemen taking meals out; on B.C. 53 St. Antoine street.

TWO LET, till 1st May, Suite of five unfurnished Rooms, light and very pleasant; bath, hot and cold water. \$14 per month. To highly respectable people only. Address R. 434, "Witness" Office.

VACANCIES, with board at 112 Stanley street.

Board and Rooms Wanted.

NOTICES under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 20 words, prepaid.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS Wanted—Two Bedrooms and Parlor with full board for three persons in a central locality. A house where no other boarders are kept preferred. Address, stating terms, M. 10, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, one or two Rooms with first-class board. Central locality. TWO ROOMS, "Witness" Office.

Miscellaneous.

NOTICES under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 20 words, prepaid.

ANY part of city or suburbs, Mattresses remade at private residences, 82 each. Address WASHINGTON, 3 Pacific st., St. Gabriel.

DRESSMAKING, first-class styles, moderate charges; orders promptly executed. 401 Courville street.

FINE ARTS.—Natural Flowers for memorial designs, enclosed in wax. Also, Lessons in Wax and Paper Flower. Mrs. ROUCHE, 7 Lorne avenue.

PARLES FRANCAIS.—The language acquired by the only true system. Conversation accompanied by explanation. Success guaranteed to diligent pupils. Schools attended (Fasquelle's Counsel).

\$3,000 will purchase old established Book and Furniture Business. 1,300 vol. of Books, Mahogany and Black Walnut Furniture, Mirrors, &c. 51 Bleury street, Montreal.

Business Chances.

FOR SALE, cheap, Fruit and Confectionery Store, in health. Address CHEAP, "Witness" Office.

FOR SALE, Grocery Dry Goods, Fruit and Confectionery Stores, Barber Shops, and all other kinds of business. A good chance for anyone starting business. Apply to L. HARRIS, 720 Craig street.

Property.

NOTICES under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 20 words, prepaid.

BLOCK OF LAND for sale, fronting on Wellington, Murray and Young streets, adjoining the canal and Grand Trunk Railway. Splendid site for factory, etc. HENRY MILLEN, 10 Inspector st.

FOR SALE, corner Dorchester and St. Constant streets, 2 nice out stone Dwellings, 42x96 feet, and 2 large rough stone dwellings, 64x100 feet, nearly 7,000 square feet. Particulars at 525 Dorchester street.

CHEAP HOUSE.—I am prepared to sell a good Stone House (1 or 2) in beautiful locality, central, for \$4,000; extension, back stairs, furnace, seven bedrooms. Small sum down, balance at 5 percent. C. G. JONES, over Star Office.

115,000 Square Feet of Land for sale, on Parthenais street, above St. Catherine, 650 feet front. Will be sold in blocks to suit purchasers. Fine situation for factory or workman's dwelling houses at up per part. Apply 141 Bleury street.

FOR SALE

Or to exchange for City Property, a farm of 120 acres with river frontage, at BERTHIER-EN-HAUT.

LEWIS A. HART,

NOTARY,

96 St. Francis Xavier street, MONTREAL.

Situations Vacant.

NOTICES under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 20 words, prepaid.

CITY TRAVELLER wanted. Apply at GLASS AND CHINA STORE, 42 Bleury street.

ENGLISH Teacher wanted for the Levis Commercial School. Send application and credentials to the Rev. CHARLES A. TANNER, Brompton Falls, Que.

GOOD Live Agents wanted in every County in Canada. Send for illustrated catalogue. FERRIS & CO., 37 Church street, Toronto.

NOTICE.—Wanted, a Teacher, holding a Model School Diploma. Apply, giving references, to JOHN WADLEIGH, Ulverton, Que.

TEACHER Wanted, for District No. 3, Arundel, holding an Elementary Diploma; term, 3 months, to begin the 1st of September. Salary, \$12 per month. Apply to WM. THOMPSON, Sec.-Treas. Arundel, P.O. Co. Argenteuil, Que.

TEACHERS wanted, for Model and Elementary Schools, Grenville Village, Que. Salary \$200 and \$150 respectively. Apply to ALEXANDER FRIDHAM.

WANTED, Cabinet Makers, Chair Frame Makers and Apprentices at 145 Bleury street.

WANTED, first-class Traveller, to sell oils on salary. Address, stating age, former employers, references, &c., &c., BUSINESS, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, Partner in each State, to handle and control the newest and most successful advertising idea yet developed; its success in Boston is unprecedented; a fortune can be made in every large State on \$10,000 capital. Also, a Man to take Great Britain. Address THE L. F. CO., 8 Bulfinch Place, Boston, Mass.

WANTED, at once, a respectable Woman, to do washing and cleaning. Good wages and permanent employment to the right person. Protestant preferred. Mrs. YOUNG, 67 Metcalfe street.

WANTED, strong Boy, to assist in wholesale dry goods packing-room. Wages for 1st year \$8 per month. Address F. H. 103, 103, 103.

WANTED, a Female Teacher for the Hudson school; salary, \$17 per month. Apply to E. L. THOMPSON, Sec.-Treas. Hudson, P.Q.

WANTED, an obliging Girl to be generally useful about a house; must have references; good wages and easy place to the right person. No other need apply. 58 Tupper st.

WANTED, three Junior Salesmen, at S. CARLSEY'S.

WANTED, a respectable girl as General Servant, in a family of three; no washing. Apply at 282 St. Catherine street, with references.

WANTED, a first-class Driver, who thoroughly understands stable work; house be stable; not over 25 years old. Apply rear 15 Berthelot street.

WANTED, a good Man, to run steam derrick on excavation; one with experience preferred. Apply to JOHN FOULMAN, 467 St. Paul street.

WANTED, eight first-class Stone Cutters, to work on Algona Branch Extension. Highest wages paid. Apply at once to H. R. IRETON 1421 Notre Dame st.

WANTED, Teacher with Model School Diploma for Model School at Windsor, Que. Salary, twenty-five dollars per month. School to open September 12th. Primary Department, with assistant. Address, stating experience, E. BLACK, Sec.-Treas.

WANTED, an Upholsterer—no Mattress Maker. Apply to JAMES STEEL, 1250 Notre Dame st.

WANTED, an experienced Carver for a Mercantile Agency. A suitable person will be paid in cash and by a liberal commission. Apply to Room 4 British Empire Building.

WANTED immediately, a competent Servant as House and Tablemaid. Apply at once to 901 Sherbrooke st.

WANTED, several Tinsmiths. Apply at W. CLARK'S Factory, Point St. Charles.

WANTED, Glass Revolver; must be good workman; state wages. JAS. McCASLAND & SON, Toronto.

WANTED, a good Press Moulder. Apply to E. CHATELAIN, 295 Craig street.

WANTED, for a town in Nova Scotia a tailor that can cut and press. Apply to MILLS & HUTCHISON.

WANTED, a Lady English Teacher for six months, having a diploma, for a small school in St. Pie. A small salary is given, as we offer the advantage of having French lessons and boarding in French Protestant families, where particular attention will be given to one wishing to acquire the language. Salary \$25 per month including board. Address DE E. A. DUCLOS, Sec.-Treas., Envilleville, St. Pie.

WANTED, a cash Girl. References required. Apply to 33 Aylmer st.

WANTED, a good General Servant for family of two; references required. Apply Wednesday and Thursday at 14 Park avenue.

WANTED, Stone Mason, steady work to good men. Apply JOHN FOULMAN, 467 St. Paul st.

WANTED immediately, Clerks, to take charge haberdashery department. None need apply but experienced hands. A. BEAUVAIS.

WANTED, for Salvadora College, a Male Teacher holding a diploma. Apply to Rev. D. LARIVIERE, B.A., Principal, 111 Chatham street, city.

WANTED, a good Boy to learn the fur trade; must reside with his parents. SILVERMAN, BOUTIER & CO., 455 St. Paul st.

WANTED, a smart young Man as Stenographer and Type Writer, having had some business experience. Wages, \$40 per month. Address, giving references, to THOMAS ROBERTSON & CO.

WANTED, a young Woman (Protestant) to do general housework in a private family. Good wages will be paid to a competent person. A company of six can find places in good families in pleasant town at once. Address Mrs. JOHN R. REED, Westfield, Mass.

WANTED, a general Servant, family small, wages \$10 a month, references required. Address MRS. J. D. DENISON, Royalton, Vt.

WANTED, for the first of September, a Female Teacher, with Elementary diploma, for a term of eight months. Salary \$15 per month. Board and wash to be had for \$5. One who can teach music could get pupils to her profit. Address A. B. GRISDALE, Sec.-Treas., Ste. Marthe, Q.

WANTED, Girls, good pressers of ladies' dresses. Apply ST. LAWRENCE DYE WORKS, 11 Bleury st.

WANTED AT ONCE.—Ten good Sewing Girls. No machine work. Also, an experienced hand to wind cotton. Apply, between 11 and 1 o'clock. HOLLTON & CO., 10 St. Peter st.

WANTED.

A respectable Youth as an apprentice to the book and stationery business. ROBERT MILLER, SON & CO., 1572 Notre Dame st.

WANTED, A YOUNG LADY, as Stenographer and Type-writer. Must be competent and an experienced writer preferred. Apply, stating salary required, to M. COY, P. O. Box 291.

Wanted.

NOTICES under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 20 words, prepaid.

VIOLIN AND PIANO Pupils wanted, by competent lady teacher; terms moderate. 42 Bleury st.

WANTED, a House containing about eight rooms, with bath, &c., in a central locality. Address HOUSE 14, "Witness" Office.

WANTED TO RENT, a small house (upper tenement preferred) in good locality, moderate rent. Address TENEMENT, "Witness" Office.

WANTED to buy, about 75 feet of Counters. Must be cheap. Address D. B. S., "Witness" Office.



DOBELL LINE.

SS. "Greenland" for Cow Bay, Sydney and St. John's will sail on or about THURSDAY, 4th AUGUST.

HENRY DOBELL & CO., Agents.

EUROPE! EUROPE! EUROPE!

Atlantic Passages secured by all lines, either via Quebec, New York, or Boston, to all parts of IRELAND, SCOTLAND, ENGLAND, and the Continent of Europe, at LOWEST RATES. SPECIAL TOURIST TICKETS for individual travellers at REDUCED RATES. Also to FLORIDA, WEST INDIES, &c. American and European Tourist Agency. Tickets issued over any available route, either first and second class. Private and family parties arranged for. 427 Send for pamphlet or call at my new address: 174 St. James street, City and District Telegraph Co.'s Building, Montreal.

D. BATTERSBY, Agent.

Telephone No. 1555 B.



THE OTTAWA RIVER

NAVIGATION COMPANY.

Daily Line between Montreal, Ottawa and Caledonia Springs.

Passengers take 7.45 a.m. train daily for Lachine to connect with steamers for Ottawa and intermediate ports. Cheapest and most direct route to the Caledonia Springs. Return Tickets at low rates, including stages. DAY EXCURSIONS to Carleton and back, \$1.25 Saturdays, \$1.00. ST. ANN'S by rail and return by boat, \$20 round trip take 1 p.m. train and 3 p.m. Saturdays. SHOOT THE RAPIDS, take 5 p.m. train to Lachine Return fare, 50c.

MARKET LINE.

Steamer MAUDE, for Brown's Wharf, Hawkesbury, &c., every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 7 p.m., from Canal Basin. Steamer PRINCE, for Carleton, &c., &c. Steamer DAGMAR, for Rigaud, &c., every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 6 a.m.

Tickets at Grand Trunk Offices, 154 St. James street and Windsor Hotel.

R. W. SHEPHERD, Jr., Manager.

Lost, Strayed and Found.

NOTICES under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 20 words, prepaid.

LOST, between Victoria square, Notre Dame and St. James streets, two pocket watches and a Seal, on ring. Reward at 1013 Sherbrooke street.

Employment Wanted.

NOTICES under this head, 10 cents each insertion, up to 20 words, prepaid.

A YOUNG Man wanting to earn a living will put in coal at 10c per load. Address COAL, "Witness" Office.

A YOUNG Englishman, good draughtsman and book-keeper, would be willing to give his services for 3 or 4 hours during the day for small remuneration. Address J. K. 12, "Witness" Office.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELLER, Dry Goods, open to engagement at once; best of references. Route, Ottawa district. Address DRY GOODS, "Witness" Office.

EMPLOYMENT Wanted in a farm by two young men from England; strong and willing to work. Address W. E. S., "Witness" Office.

POSITION as Teacher, Governess, Companion, Translator or Reader, teaches Music, French, German, English, Christian home desired. Best testimonials. References exchanged. BOX 59, Blairtown, Warren Co., New Jersey, U.S.A.

WANTED, employment by a respectable young girl, as plain cook, to go to the country; good references furnished. Apply 21 St. Bernard street.

WANTED, situation as Cook in a first-class Club, by an experienced Cook. Good references. Apply Mrs. McROHIE, 63 Latour street.

WANTED, a situation as Valet or private Servant, best reference. Address, M. R., "Witness" Office.

WANTED, a situation as Nurse or any position of trust for two months. First class reference, medical or other. Apply Mrs. D., 255 University st.

WANTED, by a steady, reliable Man with general business experience, situation in a general country store. Can speak both French and English. Unexceptionable references. Address COUNTRY STORE, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, Dressmaking by the day in private families. Can cut and fit. Apply at 207 St. Martin street.

WANTED, situation by young Englishman, aged 18, willing to make himself useful in any capacity. Address H. C. 19, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, employment by a strong able-bodied man; cure of horses, garden, general work. 743 St. James st.

WANTED, situation as Coachman; best references. Address, M. R., "Witness" Office.

WANTED, by a respectable woman, washing, ironing, or cleaning by the day. Apply in rear 45 Aylmer st.

WANTED, a situation as Town Traveller or samples on commission. Address W., "Witness" Office.

WANTED, by a young Man from Ireland, work on a farm; is honest, sober and industrious. Apply to J. G., "Witness" Office or 35 Latour st.

WANTED, evening employment, copying, legal or commercial, or small set of books to write on. Apply COPYIST, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, a situation by a young Englishman, as Coachman, or in any other capacity. Address C. N. 2, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, by a pensioner, just discharged from the Royal Artillery after 25 years service, light employment of any kind; is a fair scholar and has a good character on discharge. Address PENSIONER, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, by a highly respectable young Protestant girl, aged 15, situation as nurse to one or two children; willing to leave town. Address T. 4, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, by respectable Woman. Family's washing at her own home. 169 St. George st.

WANT as by the day, washing, ironing, or office cleaning; best of references can be given. Address T. N. 27, "Witness" Office.

YOUNG ENGLISHMAN, aged 25, seeks a situation in either wholesale or retail house; willing to make himself generally useful in any capacity. Address ARTHUR S., "Witness" Office.

CENTS FOR SALE

AT "THE WITNESS" OFFICE



CENTRAL VERMONT R. R.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTREAL.

7.15 a.m.—Day Express, arriving at Parham 9 a.m., Granby 9.35 a.m., Waterloo 10.15 a.m., Magog 11.10 a.m., Sherbrooke 11.55 a.m. Through car Montreal to Sherbrooke. Connection made at Magog with steamer "Mountain Maid," arriving at Georgeville 12.45 p.m., Mountain House 1.30 p.m., Newport, Vt., 2.30 p.m.

8.30 a.m.—White Mountain Express, arriving Highgate Springs 10.25

Last Edition

SATURDAY HALF-HOLIDAY.

As it is the aim of the publishers of the *Witness* to give their employees as much of the Saturday half-holiday as possible, advertisers are requested not to stand in the way, but to send in all Saturday advertisements on Friday if possible.

SENATOR SHERMAN.

HIS VIEW OF THE FISHERIES DISPUTE.

HE CONSIDERS PROHIBITION A MERE STATE ISSUE.

Senator John Sherman, of Ohio, who was recently nominated by the Republican Convention of that State as their choice for presidential candidate, registered last night at the Windsor Hotel. The distinguished visitor is a brother of General Sherman, whose "march to the sea" is one of the most notable episodes in the military annals of the United States. He was Secretary of the Treasury under Hayes, and his name is identified with the memorable Silver Bill which so agitated commercial circles.

A *Witness* reporter this morning sent up his card to Senator Sherman's room, and was speedily accorded the invitation, "He says, will you come up, please."

The eminent Republican politician was found sitting at a table, and accompanied in the room by Gen. J. S. Robinson, the Hon. A. Townsend, Judge Thompson, and Col. C. H. Grosvenor, all of Ohio. The Senator is in appearance, although not technically so, a typical Yankee; it being hardly necessary to state that "Yankees" are understood in the United States to be natives of the New England States alone. Senator Sherman, however, has the characteristics usually attributed to the "down easter," for he is long, lank, and taken in repose, almost lugubrious. His conversational style is exceptionally easy, graceful, and remarkably rapid.

The Senator said, in reply to the first inquiry, "COMMERCIAL UNION

between the Dominion and the United States is one of those questions upon which I do not feel at liberty to speak. It is a question which must, necessarily, be first acted upon by the Executive, and belongs to the department of Secretary of State Bayard—for goodness sake, don't spell it Baird!"

The great uprising among the Republican party, described elsewhere in these columns today, under ex-Chief Justice Noah Davis, of New York, which, in national convention at Chicago, proclaimed that the question of temperance is a great national issue, appears to be of no special significance to Senator Sherman. For, in this regard, he said, "Of course the movement has some importance, and is occupying a great deal of attention in all the States; but the National Government has nothing to do with it, for it is left to each State to regulate or prohibit. It is a matter purely for State authority."

"As to the fishery dispute I have only to say that

I HOPE THE CANADIAN AUTHORITIES will not continue to refuse shelter, bait, and all the other good things fishermen need, to our fishers. We give everyone in the world those privileges, and we don't like to be debarré from them, especially by our nearest neighbors."

"Yes, I was president of the Senate until March last, when I resigned and was succeeded by Senator Ingalls, of Kansas."

"I intend devoting the day to private engagements, as I have been here several times before and am familiar with the city. I leave to-night for a trip over the Canadian Pacific Railway."

Senator Sherman's admirers in the Republican Convention at Toledo, Ohio, on July 28th nominated him for the presidential nomination in the following resolution, which was passed by a large majority and then made unanimous:

"Recognizing, as the Republicans of Ohio always have, the gifted and tried statesman of the Republican party of other states, loyal and unflinching in their devotion to the success of the organization in 1888, under whatever standard banner the Republican National Convention may select, they have just pride in the record and career of John Sherman as a member of the Republican party, and as a statesman of fidelity, large experience and great ability. His career as a statesman began with the birth of the Republican party."

"Sherman has grown and developed with the growth of the organization; his genius and patriotism are stamped upon the records of the party and the statutes and the constitution of the country, and believing that the nomination for the office of president would be wise and judicious, we respectfully present his name to the people of the United States as a candidate, and announce our hearty and cordial support of him for that office."

WATER RATES EXEMPTION.

(To the Editor of the *Witness*.)

Sir,—Will you kindly oblige by publishing in to-day's *Witness* the clause in the bill passed at last session of the Quebec Legislature affecting exemption from water assessments in Montreal.

I understand that the city authorities have sent out accounts to several of the Protestant institutions affected, and as the water rates fall due on the 15th instant, it is well that the law were known, so that all be treated alike.

X. Y. Z.

Our correspondent is under a misapprehension. There is nothing in the bill referred to ("An Act to Amend the Charter of the City of Montreal,") referring to exemptions. The law on that subject was allowed to remain as it was. The question raised is whether water rates can be called "taxes." If so, church property is exempt. And a recent decision of the Courts here (in the *Statute Labor case*) is to the effect that the water rate is a tax.

A NEW RAILWAY.

Work is to be commenced next Thursday on the new line of the St. Gabriel Railway, running from St. Gabriel de Brandon to Lake Maskinonge, and preparations are being made to duly celebrate the event.

THE ANCIENT CAPITAL.

(Special to the *Witness*.)

QUEBEC, Aug. 4.

ALLEGED ROBBERY.

The detectives have arrested a Christian Brother belonging to the institution here named Agathon Danamur on a charge of robbery. It appears that the accused, who had been on a visit to the French frigate, was missed out of the institution on Tuesday morning and about the same time it was discovered that a desk in the office had been burst open and the sum of \$800 abstracted therefrom. The police having been notified of the robbery watched the departure of the different trains and made all possible enquiries as to the Brother's movements. The chief clue upon which they worked came from Messrs. Glover, Fry & Co. The accused entered the store of this firm and purchased a suit of light grey tweed. This he put on, leaving his suitcase behind him and saying that he would send for it. Messrs. Glover, Fry & Co. sent the suitcase to the establishment of the Brothers and thus the intentions of Danamur became known. A description of the clothing sold him by Messrs. Glover, Fry & Co. enabled them to identify him and he was arrested at Chaudiere Junction awaiting an opportunity to leave by train for the United States. He was brought back to the city and lodged in gaol. Yesterday he was taken to the Police Court and remanded. The prisoner is apparently about 42 years of age. Some years ago he was a lieutenant in the Belgian army, and still bears marks of active service. The sum of \$751 was found upon his person. It is said that he is very clever and highly educated and one of the most talented penmen in existence. He says that he was in liquor when he committed the robbery.

A SHOOTING AFFAIR.

A young man named McManus, who is assistant constable of the Banlieu, gave himself up to the police yesterday for firing at and wounding one Michael Buckley. He states that he did the shooting in self-defence. Buckley and his brother, both hard characters, have also been arrested.

NOTES.

A nine year old son of Captain Robertson, of the schooner "A.R.C.C." of Rimouski, was drowned yesterday afternoon in the Convent pond, St. Andrew street. He was out sculling when last seen alive, and it is supposed he was thrown into the water by the breaking of the rowlock. His body was recovered.

Private Auguste Dionne, of "B" Battery, brother of Dr. N. E. Dionne, of this city, who was seriously injured by an intercolonial train, died at an early hour yesterday morning in the Marine Hospital.

An old beggar man, named St. Cyr, dropped dead in a yard in St. Saviour yesterday.

The American frigate "Galena" left for sea this morning.

The Lieutenant Governor, who has returned for good from Murray Bay and leaves for Terrebonne next week, paid a visit to the French Admiral on board his flagship yesterday and was received with the usual salute. "La Minerve" shortly afterwards left for Montreal.

The Governor-General and Lady Lansdowne will arrive here on the 10th, and on the 5th Sept. His Excellency will open the Provincial Exhibition, after which he will visit the Eastern Townships.

Mr. Goyette, the newly elected M.P. for Laprairie, was in town yesterday, and left with Mr. Mercier for Tadoussac. The Premier will return with his family on Saturday.

AMERICAN CAPITALISTS.

The following distinguished party of American capitalists from New York, namely:—The Hon. Jas. G. Gilman, ex-treasurer of the United States, Jacob M. Schuyler, wholesale lumber dealer, Wall street, New York, are at the St. Louis on their way to Manitoulin shoals to look after their interests in the Canadian Fish Oil and Guano Company, now being organized by Mr. E. P. Bender, of Montmagny. Their visit to Quebec is also with a view to bid on the provincial loan now in the market. They leave this afternoon with their wives on board the steamer "Vega," which they have chartered for the trip.

THE RICHELIEU COMPANY'S BOATS.

THE TOTAL LOSS FROM THEIR MISADVENTURES—A STATEMENT OF THE COMPANY'S TRAFFIC—THE LESSENING FREIGHT TRADE.

A meeting of the shareholders of the Richelieu and Ontario Steam Navigation Company was held yesterday. Mr. L. A. Senecal in the chair. The Chairman explained the policy of the Company regarding its new line of \$50,000 of debt. He referred at length to the wonderful development of railway facilities, which tended more and more to deprive the Company of the upward business, which necessitated the conversion of their freight boats into dining rooms. By providing for the lessening trade in this way, the revenue had not suffered. The Chairman then submitted the following statement:

"Receipts from 2nd May to 1st August, 1887, \$269,142, as against \$256,041 in 1886, giving a surplus this year of \$13,101. I must observe, however, that I leave aside a sum of \$9,688, earned last year before the 2nd of May, proceeding from the earlier opening of navigation; but as the expenses for the corresponding period of time this year were nil, that amount hardly represents a profit of \$2,500, and does not counterbalance our actual surplus receipts. Moreover, I am in a position to state that improvements in our boilers and engines, and in the way of running our steamboats, will operate this year a clear

SAVING OF \$23,000 TO \$24,000.

It has been said that a considerable source of unforeseen expense would arise from the numerous accidents which have happened to our boats since the opening of navigation. To set this matter at rest I lay before you a complete statement of these expenses, which amount to \$3,973. You will, perhaps, be surprised to learn what a very small proportion of accidents happen on our lines, considering that we have a continuous course of 761 miles from Toronto to Chicoutimi. Our twenty-two boats run an average distance of from 2,300 to 2,500 miles every day, carrying an average of 14,000 to 15,000 passengers daily, and I am happy to say that since February, 1882, we have met with no loss of life, except a man who jumped into the river, and a boy, not a passenger, who threw himself between the boat and the wharf at Port St. Francis."

A CROWDED FIFTY YEARS.

DR. JENKINS'S JUBILEE AND SOME REMINISCENCES RECALLED BY IT.

The Rev. Dr. Jenkins, who celebrates his 50th year of work in the ministry on Sunday next, in St. Paul's Church (should his health permit), left the Windsor yesterday afternoon on a visit to the residence of his son in law, Mr. W. F. Kay, at Missisquoi. Some facts respecting the life of one who won alike the respect and admiration not only of his parishioners but of all classes of society by his earnestness and talent during a long series of years may not be without interest at the present juncture.

The Rev. Dr. Jenkins came to Montreal in 1847, having seen experience as a missionary in India. He became the pastor of St. James street Methodist Church, and occupied this position for six years, during which he took an active part in the development of common school education as a member of the then existing Protestant School organization. During the latter part of his pastorate he delivered a course of

LECTURES ON THE DOUAY BIBLE.

which attracted much attention, the church being crowded with audiences numbering between three and four thousand people, comprising Roman Catholics as well as Protestants. The course embraced ten lectures; and Dr. Jenkins' reputation was pretty well enhanced by the marked ability which these evinced.

In 1853 Dr. Jenkins received a call from the Calvary Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia. After earnest consideration he thought it desirable to change his ecclesiastical relations, and accepted the call, becoming minister of the Presbyterian Church of the United States. Ten years subsequent to this he removed to London, England. While there he received a call to Leeds, and after about a year's work at the latter place he received a unanimous call to the pastorate of St. Paul's Church, Montreal. He came out in December, 1864, and remained as pastor of the church for about nineteen years. In the course of this ministry the handsome church on Dorchester street was built, the congregation increased in numbers and influence. During these years Dr. Jenkins resumed his activity

IN THE CAUSE OF EDUCATION.

He was a member of the School Board for eighteen years, and chairman for twelve. It was during his chairmanship, and largely owing to his exertions, that the common school system developed to its present large proportions. The High School, during his administration, was incorporated with the work of the Board, a step the wisdom of which has been abundantly proved. In recognition of his services, in this worthy cause the University of McGill conferred upon him the degree of LL.D. This occurred in 1879.

Dr. Jenkins was the gentleman who introduced Father Gavazzi to the audience on that memorable occasion, on the 9th of June, 1868, when the military

SHOT DOWN SEVENTEEN INNOCENT PEOPLE as they were leaving the church. The tragic events associated with the visit of the great convert and controversialist are matters of history. The ship fever of 1847 found Dr. Jenkins a stranger in the country, but he was a witness of the splendid services rendered by the then Mayor, Mr. Mills, who lost his life in the cause of humanity. It was at his funeral that the Rev. Dr. Jenkins made his first appearance in public here. The Rev. Mr. Willoughby, of Trinity Church, also lost his life in devotion to the sufferers. During Dr. Jenkins' connection with St. Paul's Church the Evangelical Alliance held a meeting there, and Bishop Bond (then Dean of Montreal) sat on his right hand, and Dr. Ryerson (Methodist), of Ontario, on his left, and the utmost cordiality prevailed.

Dr. Jenkins is still hale, with a clear intellect. He has a fine, fresh color, and looks as though the lease of life was still a long way from expiry.

THE HARBOR LOAN.

THE PRICES OBTAINED—REGULAR MEETING OF THE COMMISSIONERS.

The usual weekly meeting of the Harbor Commissioners was held yesterday. The tenders for the debentures at four percent for thirty years were opened. The Board accepted the amount required, \$235,000, to cancel bonds maturing and maturing, at 98 and 95.

The monthly statement of receipts showed a total of \$45,705, being an increase of \$1,440 over those of July, 1886. The total number of sea-going vessels that arrived in port up to July 31st was 361,—being 39 more than for the same period of 1886; the arrivals of inland vessels have totalled 2,532, being a falling off of 102. The total tonnage of both sea-going and inland vessels this year is a trifle less than for the same period of last season, the aggregates being: 1886, 508,732; 1887, 505,593.

VICTORIA MUTUAL BUILDING SOCIETY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING AND FINANCIAL REPORTS.

The fourteenth annual meeting of the shareholders of the Victoria Mutual Building Society was held last evening in the schoolroom of Grace church, Point St. Charles. Mr. Wm. McWood, president of the society, presided. The following financial statement was submitted:—Receipts: Balance forward from last year, \$778 14; subscriptions, \$140; repayments on appropriations, \$1,835; interest on bank deposits, \$16.33; total, \$2,769.47.

Expenditures: Current expenses, \$206.60; dividends paid during the year, \$1,532.60; cash on hand, \$1,030.27; total, \$2,769.47.

The old Board of Directors was elected as follows:—President, Mr. W. McWood; vice-president, Mr. A. Starke; trustees, Messrs. J. Wayne, D. Thomas and A. Clarke; secretary and treasurer, Mr. R. Wayne.

CANADIAN PACIFIC EARNINGS.

Return of traffic earnings from 21st to 31st July, 1887:—

1887	\$327,000
1886	\$321,000
Increase for 1887	\$6,000

CITY ITEMS.

The picnic of the Y.M.C.A. will be held at Ormstown on Saturday next.

A large number of young ladies pronounced their final vows in the convent of the Sisters of Providence on Tuesday last.

The steamer "Three Rivers," badly damaged recently in its collision with the "Hochelaga," has been repaired, and is now running regularly.

COMMERCIAL.

WITNESS OFFICE, Thursday, Aug. 4.
WHOLESALE PRICES.

The British breadstuffs markets are quiet and rather easier. Beerbohm's cable advices to-day are as follows:—Cargoes off coast, wheat very quiet; corn, nothing offering. Cargoes on passage and for ship, meat, wheat, very dull; do., corn, steady. Red Winter wheat, off coast, 31s 6d; do. for prompt shipment, 30s; do. present and following month, 30s. French country markets, slow. Liverpool wheat, spot, very heavy; do., corn, rather easier. Liverpool Standard California wheat, including Club White, 6s 9d to 7s. Wheat and flour in Paris, quiet. Arrivals of wheat cargoes, two; waiting fourteen; sold two. Walla Walla wheat, off coast, 33s; present and following month, 33s; No. 2 Club Calcutta wheat, ex-ship, 31s 6d; present and following month, 31s.

Liverpool, 3.30 p.m.—Bacon, c.c., 44s; shoulders, 32s 6d.

Flour.—Receipts, 6,390 barrels. Business has been quiet and no sales were reported on "Change to-day." The quotations to-day are as follows: Patent, \$4.10 to \$4.65; choice Superior Extra, \$3.85 to \$4.05; Extra Superfine, \$3.80; Fancy, \$3.55 to \$3.65; Spring Extra, \$3.55 to \$3.65; Superfine, \$3.40 to \$3.50; Canada Strong Bakers, \$4.00 to \$4.05; Manitoba do., \$4.40; American do., \$4.40 to \$4.45; Fine, \$3.20 to \$3.25; Middlings, \$2.90 to \$3.00; Pollards, \$2.50 to \$2.60; Ontario bags (medium), \$1.75 to \$1.85; do. (Spring Extra), \$1.70 to \$1.75; do. (Superfine), \$1.50 to \$1.60; do. (Fine), \$1.35 to \$1.40; do. (Middlings), \$1.20 to \$1.30; City Strong Bakers in 140 lb. sacks (delivered) per 100 lbs., \$4.40 to \$4.55.

MEALS.—Receipts, nil. Oatmeal, \$1.00 to \$1.25 per bbl.; do. granulated, \$4.25 to \$4.50.

RICE.—We quote at 14c to 16c.

HOS. PRODUCTS.—Market very quiet at former prices. We quote:—Canadian Short Cut, \$16.50 to \$17.00; Western Short Cut, \$16.50 to \$17.00; Hams (city cured), 11c to 12c; Lard (city made), Western, 9c to 10c; do., Canadian, 9c to 10c; Bacon, 10c to 11c; Tallow (common refined), 2c to 4c.

ASURES.—We quote at \$3.75 for pots. Pearls nominal.

WHEAT.—Receipts, 107,595 bushels. The following are the quotations:—80c to 87c for Duluth; Canada White and Red Winter, 80c to 85c; Canada Spring, 83c to 85c.

CORN.—Receipts, nil. Quotations are nominally at 40c to 47c in bond.

FRAS.—Receipts, 1,700 bushels. We quote at about 60c to 65c for 60 lbs.

OATS.—Receipts, 10,812 bushels. We quote at 24c to 25c.

BARLEY.—Receipts, nil. Prices nominal.

EGG.—Butter, 67c packages; cheese, 1.70c boxes; asher, 40c bbl.; eggs, 5 boxes; leather, 25c rolls.

DAIRY PRODUCE.

CHEESE.—The market is steady. Holders believe that owing to the drought the make will be small and are not anxious to sell. Shipments for export will amount to 45,000 boxes this week. We quote at 10c to 10½c for white, and 10½c for colored.

BUTTER.—The market is firm, and not much offering; 2½c has been paid for Creamery and 90c for Townships. We quote:—Creamery, 20c to 21c; Townships, 16c to 19c; Western, 13c to 16c. [Add from one to two cents per pound to these prices for selections for the jobbing trade.]

LIVE STOCK MARKET—AUGUST 4.

There were about 500 butchers' cattle, 100 calves, 700 sheep and lambs, and 400 fat hogs offered at the East End Abattoir to-day. None of the cattle offered here were really choice animals, and comparatively few were good beefers, while an unusually large number were rather thin in flesh for profitable killing. It seems that in many parts of the country the pasture is getting short, owing to the drought, and farmers are selling off their dry stock before they are fat. Prices of thin cattle are pretty low, and several farmers who have lowland and good grass were purchasing young thrifty cattle to take home with them to feed until they are fat. Shippers were buying the best animals they could get at from 4c to 4½c per lb., but would pay more for suitable ones. Good butchers' cattle sold at from 4c to 4½c per lb.; common stock at from 2½c to 3½c, and less; small cattle at from 1½c to 2½c per lb. Calves are in fair demand at former rates, or from 8c to 9c each. Sheep are rather dull, as shippers will not pay over 2½c per lb. for them. Good lambs are in demand at from 3c to 4c each, and common lambs from 2c to 3c each. Fat hogs were plentiful, and were sold to-day at from 5c to 5½c per lb. with a good many remaining unsold.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

MASS MEETING OF PRINTERS.

A Mass Meeting of Compositors will be held at the Hall of the Montreal Typographical Union, No. 176, 23 McGill street (Room 7, 2nd Floor), on Saturday, Aug. 6th, at Eight p.m. Sharp. All Compositors, including Union and Non-union and suspended members, are urgently requested to attend. By order of M. T. UNION, No. 176.

T. W. WENNIE, Sec.-Sec.

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Colored Lisle Thread Hose, damaged, 25c per pair.
Black Lisle Thread Hose, damaged, 25c per pair.
White Shaker Flannel, 10c per yard.
Men's Straw Helms, 15c each.
White Quills, \$1.25 up.
Lace Curtains, 75c, \$1.00 per pair.
Men's Ties, 25c, worth 40c.
Baskets, 15c and 25c.
Evening Shawls, 10c to \$1.75 each.

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N.B.—Clearing Sale of Cotton Hose, 10c, worth 15c; 15c, worth 25c. Lisle Thread Hose, damaged by water, less than half-price.

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The Calendar for the Session 1887-88 contains detailed information respecting conditions of Entrance, Course of Study, Degrees, etc., in the several Faculties and Departments of the University, as follows:—

FACULTY OF ARTS—Opening September 15th, 1887.

DONALD A. SPECIAL COURSE FOR WOMEN—September 15th.

FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCE—Civil Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Mining Engineering and Practical Chemistry, September 15th.

FACULTY OF MEDICINE—October 2nd.

FACULTY OF LAW—October 1st.

McGILL NORMAL SCHOOL—September 1st. Copies of the Calendar may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

The complete Calendar, with University Lists, Examination Papers, etc., will shortly appear, and may also be had of the undersigned.

W. C. BAYNES, B.A.,

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