

THE EVENING STAR

VOL. III, NO. 273.

MONTREAL, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1871.

PRICE ONE CENT

HELP WANTED.

(Advertisements under this head inserted free.)
WANTED, a steady young man as Indoor Servant, at 491 Craig street. 272
WANTED, an Apprentice, at 690 Craig street. 272
WANTED, a General Servant, at No. 258 Bleury street. 272
WANTED, a Thorough Servant, at No. 211 Bleury street. 272
WANTED, a good Groom, at 32 Durocher street. 272
WANTED, an Invoice Clerk for the Hardware business. Address Box 206, Post-office. 272
WANTED, Agents to canvass for subscribers for a first-class illustrated paper. For particulars address Y. L. M., Box 639, Post-office. 272
WANTED, a good strong Boy. Apply at 89 St. James street (up stairs). 271
WANTED, a Locksmith and Bell-hanger at 687 Craig street. 271
WANTED, a good plain Cook; best of references required. Address M, 67, this office. 271
WANTED, a man who thoroughly understands the care of horses, and will make himself generally useful. Address M, 63, this office. 271
WANTED, a good plain Cook who understands washing and ironing, at 125 Cadieux street. 271
WANTED, a Thorough Servant. Apply at 7 p.m., at 16 Hanover street. 271
WANTED, a Housemaid, at 858 St. Catherine street. 271
WANTED, a young Girl, at 77 Juror street. 271
WANTED, a Thorough Servant, at No. 15 Ontario avenue. 271
WANTED, a General Servant, at 34 St. Peter street. 271
WANTED, a General Servant, at 163 St. Constant street. 271
WANTED, a General Servant, at 20 Victoria street. 271
WANTED, Boys who understand feeding fast Steam-printing Presses; to competent Boys high wages will be paid. Apply at this office. 271
WANTED, a Nurse-Girl, at 109 St. Peter street. 271
WANTED, a Boy, at No. 493 Leguachetiere street. 271
WANTED, by a young man, a situation in a gentleman's family, where he could make himself generally useful; the best of references if required. Address M, 65, this office. 270
WANTED, a Plain Cook and a Nurse, for a small family; wages, \$7 and \$8. Apply at 464 Guy street. 270
WANTED, two respectable Lads as Apprentices, two Milliners, and two Salesmen, at 100 St. Joseph street. 270
WANTED, a first-class Blacksmith's Helper, at 129 Mill street. 270
WANTED, a young man to work at the Pork Business. Apply at 35 Bonsecour Market. 270
WANTED, a Boy for an Office. Address Box 240, Post-office. 270
WANTED, a good Stock Cutter. Apply to J. G. Kennedy & Co., 31 St. Lawrence street. 270
WANTED IMMEDIATELY, two good Fresco Painters. Apply at 353 Notre Dame street, up stairs. 270
WANTED, by a young man, aged 20, a situation as Collector, Assistant Book-keeper or Clerk; knows both languages. Address M, 67, this office. 270
WANTED, smart and energetic Agents to sell an article in universal demand; good inducements. Apply to the Canadian Business and Linen Stamp Company, 62 King street, East, Toronto. 270
WANTED, two steady Tinsmiths and two Apprentices, to whom constant employment will be given. Apply at 8 Phillips square. 270
WANTED, a young man as Collector and Assistant Book-keeper, at 305 Notre Dame street. 270
WANTED, a Foreman for a Sole Leather Room, at 18 St. Maurice street. 270
WANTED IMMEDIATELY, FUR FINISHERS, at 109 St. Peter street (between St. James and Craig streets). 260-1f
WANTED, a smart Youth to assist in the Office, at the Beccollet House, corner of Notre Dame and St. Helen streets. 270
WANTED, a good Plain Cook for a small family; no washing. A suitable person will find a comfortable home and good wages. Apply at No. 5 Holland Place, 30 Barri street. 269
WANTED, ten young men; only those with knowledge of Bottling in all its branches need apply. Apply at 389 St. Paul street. 269
WANTED, a Boy to work in a Shop. Apply at 78 McGill street. 269
WANTED IMMEDIATELY, two women to do plain Sewing; fair wages will be given. Apply at once to No. 419 Notre Dame street, up stairs. 269
WANTED, two first-class Barbers, at 641 Craig street. 269
WANTED, a Foreman for a Planing Mill. Apply at 715 Craig street. 269
WANTED, 25 first-class Fitters and one Blacksmith. Apply at Factory, 20, 22, and 24 St. Germain street. 269
WANTED, a General Servant. A suitable person will find a comfortable home and good wages, at 90 St. Felix street. 269
WANTED, a Law Student, to whom a small salary will be given. Apply to Monk & Burton, 24 St. James street. 269
WANTED, three or four Machinists. Apply at No. 49 St. Joseph street (old St. George's Church). 269
WANTED, several good Salesmen, to canvass for an entirely new article. Address Box 920, Post-office. 269
WANTED IMMEDIATELY, two good Fresco Painters. Apply at 353 Notre Dame street. 269
WANTED, a capable Book-keeper and Correspondent is desirous of evening employment as such; would take charge of all Set of Books; best of references given. Address M, 49, this office. 268

SITUATIONS WANTED.

(Advertisements under this head inserted free.)
WANTED.—A practical Auctioneer of considerable note and great experience, both in Upper and Lower Canada, speaking both languages, is open for an engagement; good city references. Address M, 78, this office. 273
WANTED, an appointment as Buyer or Traveller. The advertiser has a practical knowledge of the English and other markets, and of every department. He would be able to open accounts for a House desirous of commencing importing. A low salary will be taken for an immediate engagement. Address M, 77, this office. 272
WANTED, a situation as Storeman by a respectable man. Address M, 74, this office. 272
WANTED, a situation as Cook. Address M, 75, this office. 272
WANTED, by a sober, industrious man, employment where he can make himself useful about a house for three hours each day in the vicinity of St. Antoine or St. Catherine street preferred. Address M, 76, this office. 272
WANTED, a strong Youth in a Warehouse. Apply at 451 Commissioners street. 272
WANTED, by a respectable young woman, not long from England, a Situation as General Servant. Address M, 78, this office. 272
WANTED, by a young man, a situation as Assistant Storeman, &c.; no objection to hard work; good city references. Address M, 69, this office. 271
WANTED, a situation by a young man who has had several years' experience in Business; would have no objections to going away; best of references can be given. Address M, 64, this office. 271
WANTED, by a young man, a situation in a Country Store, where he could make himself generally useful; wages not so much an object as employment; best of references can be given. Address M, 65, this office. 271
WANTED, by a young girl, a situation as Saleswoman speaks both languages; good reference given. Apply at 548 St. Mary street. 271
WANTED, a situation by a Watchmaker. Address A. T., Post-office. 271
WANTED, by a respectable young girl, a situation in a Store. Address M, 66, this office. 271
WANTED—TO CONTRACTORS.—A gentleman about visiting Europe would be willing to engage skilled labor, miners or navvies for Canadian Contractors; unusual facilities are open to the advertiser. Address M, 62, office of this paper. 270
WANTED, by a married man, who has been Warder in the Military Prison, Montreal, for several years, a situation as Storeman, or any capacity; can write a good hand, and quick at figures; satisfactory references given. Address M, 63, this office. 270
WANTED.—A competent Book-keeper, just discharged, is open to an offer; good city references. Address M, 67, this office. 270
WANTED.—A first-class Grainer, who has worked in England and the United States, is open to engage by the day or measurement. Address M, 54, this office. 270
WANTED, a situation as Assistant Book-keeper, where he could make himself generally useful in a Store or Office as Book-keeper. Address M, 53, this office. 270
WANTED, by a young man, employment in any capacity where a good livelihood could be obtained; is at present in a first class Grocery Store; and can give a satisfactory reason for leaving it; good references. Address J. H., Box 861, Post-office. 270
WANTED, employment by a Carpenter and Joiner. Address M, 50, this office. 270
WANTED.—Any person wanting a Gardener to care a Greenhouse (or Hot-house of any kind) will find a competent person in Wm. GREENE, 80 Papineau road. 269
WANTED, a situation by a steady, sober man to do general work round a house, or to care a horse, and willing to make himself useful; good city references. Address M, 56, this office. 269
WANTED, by a young man, a situation as Cook or Waiter; is a first-class Cook. Apply to ISAAC BERRY, 750 Craig street. 269
WANTED, a situation as Cook and House-keeper; can do all kinds of work; good references. Address M, 51, this office. 269
WANTED, employment by a young man, in a Store or Office; well educated, and can give satisfactory references. Address Y. Z., 50 Perth street. 268
WANTED, a Situation by a discharged soldier of good character, willing to make himself useful at any kind of work. Address M, 53, this office. 269
WANTED, Sewing by the day; understands Dressmaking. Apply at No. 90 Alexander street. 268
WANTED, good Coat hands. Apply to S. H. & J. Moss, Nos. 5 and 7 Recollet street. 268
WANTED, a Youth accustomed to Stencil Cutting, at 191 St. James street. 268
WANTED, a Situation by a young man in any capacity; has been used to the Stationery business. Address C. T. Fox, 6 Chenneville street. 268
WANTED, by a lady, a situation as House-keeper; best of references can be given. Address H., 183 St. George street. 267
WANTED, by a young man, well-known in the city, a situation as Collector or Time-keeper; good references if required. Address "Guardian," Box 150, Post-office. 267
WANTED, a situation as Storeman, by a practical man. Address M, 41, this office. 267
WANTS, &c.
WANTED, by two Batchelors, two Bedrooms, with full or partial Board. Address, stating terms, to Box 301, Post-office. 270
WANTED, a pair of Carriage Horses; must be perfectly sound and well broken, dark in color, and from 15 to 17 hands high. Address Drawer 287, Post-office. 269
WANTED, by a Lady, Board in a private family, or where there are but few Boarders. Address M, 52, this office. 269
WANTED, West of Beaver Hall and St. Antoine street, two good Rooms, unfurnished, with Board, for two adults and three children; private family preferred; and good locality indispensable. Address, with terms "R," Box 506, Post-office. 268

New Advertisements this P.M.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!

GRAND MATCH.

JOHN HICKEY vs. ALPHONSE DEROME.
Twelve hundred points, Caroms, for \$100 a-side in the Exhibition Room, at CHADWICK'S BILLIARD HALL, For One Hundred Dollars a Side, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23rd, (Game to commence at 8 p.m. sharp. Tickets, 25 cents. 273-2

TO LET, two Bedrooms and Parlor, furnished or unfurnished, with use of kitchen; good locality. Address M, 84, this office. 273-5

FOUND.—This (Tuesday) morning, about 2 p.m., a large-sized Brown Puppy Dog followed the subscriber to his house, 61 Colborne avenue; supposed to belong to some person in Dorchester, as it was first noticed in the vicinity of Visitation street. Owner can have it by calling at the house. 273

WANTED, Girls for Tailors' Work—machines and finishers; also, a Girl for doing housework, at No. 5 Mount Charles Place, off St. Dominique street. 273

WANTED, a situation by a respectable man as Coachman or Groom; is willing to make himself generally useful; can produce best of city reference if required. Address M, 83, this office. 273

WANTED, by a young man who has been at the Gun-finisher, a Situation in a Machine Shop, or any work at the Vice; wages not so much an object as employment. Address E. A. C., Post-office. 273

WANTED, by a young man 25 years of age, a Situation as Storeman or Assistant; is a first-class penman, and quick at figures; can produce good recommendations. Address M, 82, this office. 273

WANTED, by a young man, in Chambly, who is a good Comptroller and Accountant, any kind of Office Work or Newspaper Writing, &c., to do at home in the evenings, and other spare time; best of references, business and otherwise. Address Magister, Chambly, Canton, P.Q. 273

WANTED, by a lady going to Dublin, a Servant to mind a child. Apply at Mr. Beaudry's, 149 St. Andre street. 273

WANTED, three good Tinsmiths, to whom constant employment will be given. Apply at No. 207 Wellington street, corner of Shannon. 273

WANTED.—A Student wishes employment, either in a Lawyer's Office or Mercantile, where he may be allowed two hours daily to attend Lectures. Address M, 85, this office. 273

WANTED, a Lad, about 16, to learn the Optical Trade. Apply at No. 235 Notre Dame street, second floor. 273

WANTED, by a middle-aged man and his wife, a situation as Care-takers for the winter; can be well recommended. Address M, 85, this office. 273

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, District of Montreal.

CIRCUIT COURT, Montreal.

(No. 3925.)

BERNARD CONNOUGHTON, Plaintiff, vs. RICHARD WILSON, Defendant.

Will be sold by public auction, on Thursday, the Thirtieth day of November, instant, at Ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the premises of the said Plaintiff, corner of Fortification Lane and Victoria Square, in the City of Montreal, the goods and chattels of the said Defendant, seized in this said cause, consisting of Sewing-machine, a quantity of Groceries, &c. Terms cash.

JOHN HOOLAHAN, B.S.C. Montreal, 21st Nov., 1871. 273-1

REMOVAL.

WM. FOOTE & CO., Wholesale Tea Dealers, have removed to their new premises "Dominion Buildings," 139 McGill street, and invite the attention of buyers to their large and carefully selected assortment of Japan, Young Hyson, Gunpowder, Imperial, Twankay, and other Teas. Country buyers will do well to examine these Teas before going elsewhere.

Samples forwarded post free to the trade. 139 MCGILL STREET. 177-3aw

CHEAP FARMS!

FREE HOMES!

ON THE LINE OF THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A LAND GRANT OF 12,000,000 Acres OF THE

Best Farming and Mineral Lands in America

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grazing Lands on the line of the road, in the STATE OF NEBRASKA, in the GREAT PLAINS VALLEY, now for sale for cash or long credit. These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain-growing and stock-raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States. Prices range from \$2 to \$10 per Acre.

HOMESTEADS FOR ACTUAL SETTLERS. 2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the HOMESTEAD LAW, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere.

Address, O. F. DAVIS, Land Commissioner U. S. R. R. Co., OMAHA, NEB.

295-d3m law-w3m

BEFORE purchasing your

Flannels and Tweeds, call at J. A. McCARVILLE & Co.'s, 454 Notre Dame street, and see their prices.

CENTS for Sale at the STAR

Office.

CENTS FOR SALE at the

STAR OFFICE

CENTS FOR SALE at the

"STAR" OFFICE.

ROUND TOWN.

—Grace Church will be consecrated to-day at 5 P.M.

—Sub-Con. Labelle placed five bulls "in durance ville" last night in the cattle market pound.

—The SS. Scandinavia sailed last night for Quebec, on her way to Liverpool. She arrived in port on Saturday last.

—Dr. Girdwood delivers to-day the first of a series of lectures on Practical Chemistry to the Medical students in connection with McGill College.

—Services, under the auspices of the Montreal Young Men's Christian Association will be held at 7 o'clock this evening in the General Hospital.

—The Cote street Young Men's Christian Association will hold a public meeting on Friday evening next, in their Lecture room. Tickets are being freely distributed.

—Duncan McCrea, of Glengarry, reports that he lost \$220 on Saturday evening, by having his pockets picked while asleep on Grand Trunk cars on his way to this city.

—The Canada Snow-shoe Club meets to elect officers and transact other important business this evening in the Mechanics' Hall. Every member is requested to be present.

—The asphalt pavement opposite the Dominion Buildings, McGill Street, is breaking up and has sunk in several spots. These occasions great inconvenience by holding pools of water.

—Horses should be rough shod as speedily as possible, the slipping and sliding of some poor animals on the icy streets is positively painful, and the officers of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals should arrest the drivers.

—The trial of the jury case, Whyte vs. the Western Insurance Company, has been, owing to the lateness of the term, postponed to that of November. A like fate has unavoidably befallen the case Miller vs. Shaw, which is also to be tried before a jury.

—The next mail for England, for transmission per steamer Scandinavia, advertised to leave Quebec on the 25th November, will be closed at the Post-office on Friday, the 24th instant, at 7 o'clock p.m. Newspapers and books must be posted before 6 o'clock.

—The examination of branch pilots before the Trinity Board which was to have taken place on the 17th inst., has been postponed, the pressure of business preventing the attendance of the candidates at this season. No definite time has been fixed by the Board.

—All is hurry and scurry in port. The loading of ships is carried on by night and day; each day detention involving greater insurance risks. There now remain in the harbor nine ocean-going vessels and six steamships, three of the latter belonging to the Allan's line.

—Reid, second mate of the ship Euclid, has been committed to prison on the charge of attempting to murder the two seamen, McKenna and Morgan. Bail is refused. The Captain, McKay, who is charged with aiding his officer, is out on \$2,000 personal bail, and two securities of \$1,000 each.

—A large vehicle, loaded with a block of marble, has been left standing at the corner of William and St. Martin streets for about two weeks. Sometimes there is a light on it, sometimes there isn't; and these are great danger of passing vehicles colliding. Whose business is it to have it removed?

—About 7:30 last night, a fire broke out in the confectioner's shop of Mr. Deam, corner of St. Elizabeth and St. Catherine streets. The fire occurred in the cellar, and was caused by the upsetting on a fire of a pot of boiling fat. The damage done was not very extensive, and was covered by insurance.

The slimy mud which so deeply covers that most wretched of all streets, Wellington, would justify the formation of a joint stock company (limited) to run a small ferry boat between McGill Street and Point St. Charles. Mill Street lies in equally as bad or even worse state. The denizens of these afflicted quarters place their sole hope in the sheet anchor, Jack Frost.

—The third of the general quarterly meetings of the Church of England Young Men's Christian Association will be held on Thursday evening next, in the lecture room of Trinity Church. The essayist on this occasion will be a member of the Cathedral Association. The subject for discussion is:—How can young men be best induced to take an active part in the working of their Associations?

The great type-setting tournament for the championship of Canada begins to-day, in the St. Patrick's Hall, at 10 o'clock a.m., and will continue for two hours. Two other matches (one for French the other for English compositors) for twenty-five dollars each will take place at eight o'clock in the evening. The matches will be of unusual interest, and the ball will afford the opportunity of great enjoyment. Refreshments will be served in the Hall during the evening at the usual rates.

—A young fellow named William Bartlett, an employee on the Grand Trunk Railway, had his right foot and the lower parts of the limb badly mangled this morning, about 6 o'clock, by getting entangled in the machinery of the engine while moving slowly near the Victoria Bridge. He was brought to the Bonaventure Depot by the train, and taken by some of his fellow workmen to the General Hospital. The wounds bled profusely, but this was soon stopped, and the injured parts bandaged by some of the attending hospital physicians. The accident, it appears, was due to his own carelessness.

—We have been informed that the Rev. Thos. Guard, a member of the Irish Conference, and a Missionary in South Africa during the last 20 years, is to attend the Missionary Anniversaries in the Ottawa and Dorchester street W. M. churches, that commence on the 3rd of December. At the Cape of Good Hope, where he has labored for years, he has been regarded as a man of extraordinary ability, and in the United States—the scene of his recent labors—he is ranked with such men as Beecher, Puncheon and Tiffany. Mr. Guard will lecture in Montreal also. We can promise our friends a rare intellectual treat. Go and hear him when he comes.

SMELLING OUT A CORPSE.

An employee of the Grand Trunk Railway Company, at the Bonaventure station, hastily entered the Chabaille Square Police Station yesterday afternoon in great consternation, and informed sub-chief Paradis that a large trunk, which he was certain, contained the ill-gotten wares of a resurrectionist, was lying in the depot. He recognized it, he said, by the repulsive odor which thence proceeded, leaving no doubt in his mind as to the contents. The sub-chief immediately visited the depot and carefully examined this suspected travelling convenience, but could not discover, either from its smell or the shaking of what it contained, that the surmise was correct. However, to satisfy the pertinacious employee, he sent word to the detectives, who speedily came down to examine into the matter. All suspicions were dispelled by the appearance of the owner, who turned out to be a well-to-do farmer, and on opening the trunk it was found to contain some tools, &c., which he was conveying to his home in the Eastern Townships.

DR. DAWSON'S LECTURE AT TRINITY CHURCH

The Lecture Room of Trinity Church was filled with a large and intelligent assemblage to listen to a lecture on "The Earthly Paradise," delivered by Dr. Dawson. With this gentleman upon the platform, were Canon Bancroft, Revs. Carmichael, Belcher, Thornloe, and the officers of the Trinity Church Young Men's Christian Association. The Metropolitan was also an auditor. Dr. Dawson, who upon his appearance, was greeted with great applause, divided his subject into four main heads. Why was there an Eden? Where was it situated? What were the conditions in which man there found himself? and What use is it to us? Eden, he said, was the name given to a country, not a small, particular spot of land; translated it means pleasantness. The Garden, man's first home, was placed "Eastward in Eden." Its creation was a necessity. Man helpless as he was in the first stage of his existence required such a spot to aid his development and provide for his wants. Geology informs us of the world's vast age, and the numerous creations of animals which preceded man's advent. Wild and fierce races then existed, from whose attacks by this enclosure he was protected. Its precise situation has been the cause of much argument and a great deal of nonsense both spoken and written. He then detailed the Biblical account, and discussed the question whether it was written in ante-diluvian or post-diluvian times. He was inclined to the latter opinion, giving it great antiquity as having been compiled long before the days of Abraham, and entered into lengthy and most interesting details concerning the position of the garden, which he thought both Bible and tradition pointed to, as being at or near the head of the River Euphrates and Tigris. Man's condition in it, he regarded not as a state of ease, but of labor consistent with the laws of health. "To dress" the ground—the Biblical term meaning labor—and "to keep"—to vigilantly watch over its condition. He touched upon the various renderings given these terms by numerous writers, and the states, mental and bodily in which must have found himself. Its uses were to increase man's poignant feelings, as he compared his present, with his former condition before his ejection from the garden, and to inspire his hope in his final return to this happy state by the agency of "the seed of the woman," which was afterwards accomplished. The learned lecturer concluded by directing the attention of his audience to the description of a future Eden, the new Jerusalem, as given in Revelation. He concluded his most able and entertaining discourse amid prolonged applause, which sufficiently testified to the pleasure experienced by the audience. A vote of thanks was passed, and short speeches subsequently made by Canon Bancroft, and Jrs. T. Claxton, President of the Montreal Y. M. C. Association.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

(Pure Gold, Toronto.)

We understand the twenty-third annual session of the Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance of Ontario, will be convened in the Temperance Hall, Brook street, on the afternoon of Tuesday, 5th prox., and that there is every prospect of there being a very large attendance of delegates from all parts of the Province present on this occasion.

This is expected to be a very important session. The questions of an amendment to the present License Law, so as to ensure its more effectual working; of petitioning the legislature for the total prohibition of the liquor traffic, and otherwise strengthening the hands of the newly-formed "Canada Temperance and Prohibitory League;" the establishment of a National Division of the Sons of Temperance for Canada, which shall embrace and receive representatives from New Foundland, Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba and British Columbia; the establishment of Inebriate Asylums; the raising of funds for the payment of a larger staff of lecturers and missionaries; besides others of minor importance, but particularly affecting the well-being of the Order.

On the evening of Wednesday, the 6th proximo, it is the intention of the committee of arrangements here, to hold a public meeting in one of the churches, on which occasion, addresses will be delivered by some of the leaders of the organization—among others the Hon. Mr. Tilley, C.B., Minister of Customs, Hon. Mr. Cameron, Rev. Mr. Manning of Almonte, and some of our citizens.

Tuesday, November 21, 1871.

PUBLIC OPINION.

Ancient Assessors and Assessing.

To the Editor of the EVENING STAR.

Sir,—If "A. A. Murphy" had taken the precaution of seeing the assessors themselves about the subject of his letter, which appeared in the columns of your paper last week, he might have seen, as I shall endeavor to explain, that he had no just grounds to rush into print so prematurely as he did. He informs us that his store and Mr. Levy's, on Notre Dame street, pay an aggregate rental of \$1,500 per annum on a valuation of \$40,000; and that the two counterpart stores in Recollet street, occupied by the firm of Cassils and Cameron and the Messrs. Moss, respectively pay \$1,000 and \$1,500 a year, or a total of \$2,500 on a valuation of \$18,000. I beg to inform Mr. Murphy that the \$18,000 referred to, represents but a part only of the valuation of the Recollet street property, and that the remainder is amalgamated in the Notre Dame street premises, and included in the \$40,000 rated therein: the City Assessors, having the option to thus distribute their estimations when a better equalization is difficult of accomplishment, as in the case in point. For, although the Messrs. Moss have the door of entrance to their store on Recollet street, they occupy the three upper stories that extend over the Notre Dame street building. Owing to these peculiarities of occupancy and the fact that the stores in both streets belong to the same proprietor, the Assessors adjudged that the whole block as described, than to do what is never done, and that solely, for Mr. A. A. Murphy's convenience, namely: to horizontally divide the upper from the lower flats, and appraise them separately. Again, \$500 of the \$1,500 levied as rental on the firm of Moss in Recollet street are for the "storeys" used by them for the Notre Dame street shops, as shown, and should, consequently, be reckoned with the rentals covered by the aforesaid \$40,000—another mathematical hitch that must somewhat derange A. A. Murphy's profound percentage-to-landlord calculations. Further on, your informant tells us that Mr. Levy was billed (by the proprietor) for \$36 and himself for \$54, and that these two sums, if paid, would exempt S. H. & J. Moss from the payment of any taxes whatever, a statement which these gentlemen very unceremoniously contradict in a communication published over their own names in your issue of Saturday last, whereby it is shown that S. H. & J. Moss pay \$136.50 as their quota of the taxes assessed on said property—a small trifle more than nothing, A. A. Murphy to the contrary, notwithstanding. Or, to sum up all in a word: The whole property in question, ground and buildings, are estimated at \$58,000, a fraction over \$8 per foot, with an assessed annual rental of \$4,000—figures that will be found to realize, closely enough, the actual value and revenue of these premises.

I remain, Sir,
Your obedient servant,

ONE WHO KNOWS.

Montreal, Nov. 20, 1871.

NEWS BY MAIL.

English frieze overcoats, with belts of the same cloth, have made their appearance on Broadway.

It is said that the sparrows which frequent the uptown breweries drink lager beer, which makes them very noisy and pugnacious.

James F. Rhodes, a well-known builder, has absconded, leaving a number of protested notes and cheques among his creditors, in Brooklyn.

The artists, with few exceptions, have returned from their summer haunts to New York, and studios are once more lively with new sketches from portfolios well filled.

The restaurants announce "spring lamb." It is very well known that one swallow does not make a summer; but nobody has yet told us how many lambs it takes to make a spring in November.

Henry Aschenbreimer was tried in the Court of General Sessions yesterday on a charge of robbing Michael Frans of a gold watch, convicted, and sentenced to State Prison for five years.

Letitia Russell, a colored woman, got a verdict in the City Court for \$1,000 against the City Railroad Company yesterday. She was getting off a Fulton avenue car when it started, and thrown to the pavement, and injured for life.

Deputy Sheriff Amiden and Mr. Jaycox, of Jersey City, were yesterday sentenced to the payment of a fine of \$1 and costs for arresting a colored man named Foster upon an illegal warrant issued by justice Chhambers. Foster was released upon a writ of habeas corpus.

Michael Sweeney, residing at 254 Pearl street yesterday entered the blacksmith shop of David Ward, corner of Twenty-eighth street and Third avenue, and taking up a knife used for paring horse's hoofs, cut his throat. He was removed to the hospital and died soon afterwards.

The captain of the steamer *Moses Taylor*, which arrived on Saturday at San Francisco from Honolulu and Australia, reports having fallen in with a water-logged American brig, which he boarded, and found all on board except the captain, dead. The latter was only just able to breathe, but he was rescued.

Elli and Gustave May, communists from Paris who arrived in New York a short time since with \$8,300 worth of diamonds secreted on their persons, and who were arrested on suspicion of having smuggled the diamonds, were discharged yesterday, it having been shown that they secreted the diamonds for fear of being robbed.

Justin McCarthy writes to the New York *Evening Mail* that John Bright is as well as ever he was, and will remain so as long as he is content to wholly abstain from any mental exertion whatever. If he should once break that condition, his mind would be gone in a week. There is no prospect that he will ever re-appear in public life—his career is over. His physicians have told him that he could not recover from a third mental attack.

Chicago breathes more freely in finding that three abstracts of titles, in private hands, are safe. One of these is perfect, and two are nearly so. They are priceless papers, for they settle and quiet the title to

every foot of land in the city, the public records being lost. One of these documents covers 100,000 pages. It remains only now for the Legislature to declare these abstracts legal evidence, and for Chicago to own them or a copy thereof.

A Colorado saloon-keeper said of a rough crowd:—"I couldn't get their whisky strong enough for them, so, after trying every way, I at last made a mixture of poison oak and butter-nut. That fetched them. The first pike I tried it on yelled with delight; the next one took two drinks and turned a double somersault in the road before the house. A pedlar came along, and after he took several drinks of my sheep-holders' delight, he went in and stole his own pack and hid it in the woods."

The "Apron Fair" of the lady managers of the Brooklyn Nursery realized a handsome sum for the objects of their charity. The asylum is an incorporated institution, located at No. 160 Flatbush avenue, N.Y., and is under the patronage of many of the leading ladies of Brooklyn. Mrs. E. B. Rollins, is president of the Board of Managers. Small children without homes are cared for, and the nursery affords also temporary shelter for infants whose mothers are obliged to go out to work. The institution is doing a great deal of good, and deserves the notice of the charitable disposed.

A petition has reached Washington from the Russian inhabitants of one of the Alaska Islands. It sets forth that it is the third petition that has been sent out; but the other two have not come to hand. It asserts that the petitioners are natives of the Island of St. George, Alaska, and citizens of the U. S.; that they can read and write, and are, therefore capable of holding correspondence with the Government; that without an understanding of their situation, wants or necessities, the island on which they live has been leased for twenty years, whereby they are reduced to a species of slavery, receiving only fifty cents a day for labor, when they can procure it, "which leaves them dependants and paupers, checking their prosperity and impeding the progress of their civilization."

BREACHES OF PROMISE.

An Exchange says:—A funny paragraph is on its travels about a girl in Vermont, who having sued her lover for breach of promise, laid her damages as follows: Nine shillings per week for "setting up," with costs of lights and fuel added in. We may laugh as much as we please at this, but the girl is a sensible damsel, and we hope that she got a verdict. Bringing action for damages to the feelings and injury to the heart, and for the value of pangs and delicate disappointments, is a great deal more mercenary than asking for remuneration for loss of time and even of fires and lights. A sharp girl has a perfect right to say that, but for the wicked conduct of the dishonest swain, she might have married somebody else; and lawyers, when they go the jury for the swindled plaintiff, should put the case in that way. It might spoil their eloquent pathos; but after all, that sort of thing has become hackneyed and unimpressive. Business is business, and most women in this kind of litigation mean business and nothing else.

The Queen's Hotel, Toronto, is one of the largest in the Dominion of Canada. It is one of the institutions of Toronto, and is conducted with such success as to have earned the esteem of the entire travelling public. Its situation on Front street, overlooking the Bay and Lake, is convenient to the railway stations, and business part of the city. Commercial men from the Lower Provinces and tourists generally should recollect that this hotel is recognized by travellers everywhere as the finest in the Dominion. Parties having had the good fortune of once accepting the hospitalities of Mr. McGaw, manager, forever afterwards bear the house in the highest possible esteem.

Ladies', Misses', and Children's Boots and Shoes, in all styles, at Ronayne's, Chaboulez square.

GARDNER'S BAKING POWDER challenges the world for purity, for excellence, for cheapness.

HABERDASHERY.—We beg to call attention to our stock of Haberdashery. Call and see it. P. T. Patton & Co., 415 Notre Dame street.

OTTAWA HOTEL.

The management of this popular and well-known Hotel has been assumed by C. S. BROWN, whose long experience in Chicago and Montreal as a successful hotel-keeper, warrants him in promising satisfaction to the former patrons of the house. He is fully determined to sustain its former reputation, and to keep it up to the standard of a first-class hotel.

PEEK'S OYSTER AND CHOP HOUSE.

Full Dinner, 25c. Fresh Shell Oysters. Board, \$3 per week. Dining-room upstairs. 671 CRAIG STREET, Montreal. 215

GRAND EXPLOSION

AT
JOE BEEF'S CANTEN,
(OPPOSITE THE CITY HALL.)
JOE represents "Young America go Ahead" LIVE AND LET LIVE!

Cooked Goose, Turkey and Turtle—Volunteers, Cadets, and small fry round the city, only 5 cents. Military men full price, 10 cents.

Hot Coffee, Bread and Butter, 5 cents. Two-eyes Beefsteak with Tripes, 5 cents. Old Cheese (in marching order) and one sleeper Bitter Ale, will be given for the small sum of five cents.

Joe's Pain-Killer! only five cents per dose. The renowned and famous Black Bear Brand "Fenny," the only prisoner captured by the Red River Expedition, is to be seen daily, at Joe Beef's Canten.

JOE is the great son of the world. He is every man's countryman. He will take five cents from a rank Orangeman as well as a

CLOTHING.

THE WEST-END CLOTHING STORE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

RAFTER'S

GREAT

American Clothing and Tailoring Block,

463 NOTRE DAME STREET.

WEST-END CLOTHING

STORE, Wholesale and Retail.—RAFTER'S, Notre Dame street. Correct Fits, or no sale.

WEST-END CLOTHING

STORE, Wholesale and Retail.—RAFTER'S, third Store from McGill street.

WEST-END CLOTHING

STORE, Wholesale and Retail.—RAFTER'S, Fashionable Tweed Suits, Ten to Fourteen Dollars.

WEST-END CLOTHING

STORE, Wholesale and Retail.—RAFTER'S, stylish Pants of Tweed or Black Cloth, \$4.

WEST-END CLOTHING

STORE, Wholesale and Retail.—RAFTER'S BLOCK is right in the centre of the city.

WEST-END CLOTHING

STORE, Wholesale and Retail.—RAFTER'S, FASHIONABLE, Fashionable, \$3.50 to \$7.

WEST-END CLOTHING

STORE, Wholesale and Retail.—RAFTER'S, LIVERY SUITS, got up in the best style. Prices very moderate.

WEST-END CLOTHING

STORE, Wholesale and Retail.—RAFTER'S, Clothing Block is largely patronized by Americans.

WEST-END CLOTHING

STORE, Wholesale and Retail. See the new Fall Tweeds now exhibiting in RAFTER'S Windows.

WEST-END CLOTHING

STORE, Wholesale and Retail. RAFTER'S, Full Dress Suits, all silk lined, 30 per cent under old prices.

WEST-END CLOTHING

STORE, Wholesale and Retail. Mourning Suits made to order at eight hours' notice.

BOON & WOODWORTH.

Merchant Tailors and Clothiers, disappoint no one. They are always on time. No 81 St. Lawrence Main street.

GO TO BOON & WOOD-

WORTH'S for your Spring and Summer CLOTHING. No. 3 St. LAWRENCE MAIN STREET.

BOON & WOODWORTH'S

DOMINION SUITS are the best value in the city, only \$10. 81 St. LAWRENCE MAIN STREET.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

WINDOW SHADES

AND

WIRE SCREENS

FOR

PRIVATE DWELLINGS,

embracing every variety in

GOLD, SILVER, & COLORED BORDERS,

AT

REDUCED PRICES.

T. F. STONEHAM,

353 NOTRE DAME STREET. 251-lm

106 MCGILL STREET

STOVES,

HALL, PARLOR, COOKING.

THE LATEST IMPROVED,

THE NEATEST DESIGNS,

THE MOST ECONOMICAL,

THE BEST HEATERS,

UNEQUALLED FOR COOKING,

AT

LOW PRICES.

STOVE PIPES, Bright and Common.

DUMB STOVES, &c.

STOVES AND PIPES FITTED UP promptly by

careful men.

JOBBER attended to by leaving orders at

106 MCGILL STREET.

251-lm R. WARMINTON & CO.

FIRST PREMIUM

AWARDED at the Provincial Exhibition, September 14th, 1871.

IMPROVEMENT IS THE MOTTO OF THE DAY.

HOUSEHOLD DRUGGERY ABOLISHED.

A new and useful invention of combined CLOTH, BRUSH AND MOP HOLDER, with which SCOURING, WASHING, DUSTING, SWEEPING AND WHITE WASHING can be performed with extraordinary facility and cleanliness. Every Family, Store, Hotel, Office, Livery Stable and Public Institution, besides Painters, Whitewashers, Paper-Hangers, Farmers, &c., should have one.

Price only 30 cents. Many housekeepers have remarked they would not be without it for TEN DOLLARS after having used it. May be bought at the principal Hardware and Grocery Stores. The trade supplied, with the PATENT HOLDER and Brushes, on liberal terms.

The public are cautioned to see that they get the "New" Holder, bearing the words, "Patented April, 1871." Agents wanted.

Office: 138 St. James street (second floor), next door the Post-office, Montreal.

P. PURY & CO.

Patentees and Proprietors.

FURS.

FURS! FURS! FURS!

The undersigned invite the attention of their customers and the public in general, to their well-selected stock of

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S FURS,

IN EVERY VARIETY,

And at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

RIEPPERT & CO.,

No. 99 and 103 St. Lawrence, Main street. 255-3m

FURS! FURS!

A large and general assortment of LADIES' and GENTS' FURS, consisting of Sable, Seal, Chinchilla, Ermine, Mink, Persian Lamb, Grebe, &c., in MUFFS, COLLARS and TIES; also, Ladies' Sacques, in Seal, Beaver, Otter, Persian Lamb and Astracian; Ladies' Capes and Skating Muffs; Gents' Fur Coats in all varieties; Caps and Gloves; Buffalo Skins, lined and unlined; also, Fancy Robes.

Orders executed with promptness and despatch.

The highest prices paid for RAW FUR SKINS, by

D. NAGY, FURRIER,

251-3m 207 and 300 Notre Dame street, Montreal.

STEAMERS.

MONTREAL & CHICAGO

LINE.

NORTH SHORE TRANSPORTATION COMPANY AND MERCHANTS' LINE.

1871. 1871.

FREIGHT & PASSENGER STEAMERS

FROM MONTREAL to Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, St. Catharines, Port Huron, Welland Canal, Port Dover, Ryerson, Burwell and Stanley, Cleveland, Toledo, Amherstburg, Windsor, Detroit, Sarnia, Goderich, Kincardine, Inverhuron, Port Elgin, Southampton, Milwaukee and Chicago. Also, to all points on the Great Western and Northern Railways and vice versa.

Having completed our arrangements for the coming season of Navigation we will place on the above route the following Freight and passenger Steamers, viz:—

Propeller Acadia.....	Capt. Malcolmson
"American.....	" Vaughan
"City of London.....	" McBride
"City of Montreal.....	" McCauley
"Dominion.....	" Clifford
"Dahousie.....	" Faret
"Europe (new).....	" Taylor
"East.....	" McMaugh
"Enterprise.....	" McGrath
"Georgian.....	" Collins
"Mary Ward.....	" Kennedy
Steamer Shackima.....	" Taylor
Propeller Shackima.....	" Hanna
New-Propeller now building in St. Catharines.....	" Scott

These Vessels being all first-class, and in charge of experienced Captains, we have very great confidence in soliciting your patronage. Passengers will find this the cheapest and most convenient line to all parts.

IRELAND, COQUILLETT & CO.

AGENTS,

95 St. Francois Xavier street, Montreal;

H. W. IRELAND & CO. AGENTS,

122 126 La Salle street, Chicago, Ill.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

LAKE CHAMPLAIN STEAMERS.

New York, Albany, Troy, Saratoga, Lake

George, and all Southern and West-

ern Points, via Houses Point

and Lake Champlain.

ADIRONDACK.....Captain Wm Anderson

UNITED STATES....." Geo. Rushlow

VERMONT....." Wm. H. Flag

On and after MONDAY, June 26th, the

Steamers of the

CHAMPLAIN TRANSPORTATION CO.

Will run as follows between

ROUSE POINT AND WHITEHALL, VIZ.

DAY BOAT SOUTH.—Will leave Rouses

Point at 8:15 a.m. (on arrival of the train

leaving Montreal at 6 a.m.), Burlington, 10:45

a.m., Ticonderoga, 2:30 p.m. (connecting

through Lake George), arriving at Whitehall

at 4:45 p.m., connecting with R. & S. R. R. for

Saratoga, Troy, Albany, and the night trains

and steamers for New York.

NIGHT BOAT SOUTH.—Will leave Rouses

Point at 8:15 p.m. (on arrival of train leaving

Montreal at 4:00 p.m.), Plattsburgh at 8:00

p.m., Burlington at 8:15 p.m.; arriving at

Whitehall at 5:45 a.m., connecting with the

R. & S. R. R. for Saratoga, Troy, Albany, the

Day line of Steamers on the Hudson River

and the fast Express over the Hudson River

Railroad.

By this arrangement passengers leaving

Montreal at 6 a.m. arrive in New York at 6

next morning.

Leaving Montreal at 4 p.m., arrive in New

York at 2:15 following afternoon by Hudson

River Railroad, and 6 p.m. by Day Line

steamers down the Hudson.

Through Tickets and information furnished

at Grand Trunk Railway Office, and at the

Office of the Company, St. Lawrence Hall

Buildings, 39 St. James street, where Stea-

rooms may also be secured.

150 J. N. BOCKUS AGENT.

CANADA CENTRAL

AND

BROCKVILLE & OTTAWA RAILWAYS.

GREAT BROAD GAUGE ROUTE TO OTTAWA.

On and after MONDAY, January 8, 1871,

trains will run as follows:—

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

MAIL TRAIN at 7:30 A.M., arriving at Ottawa

at 1:50 P.M.

EXPRESS at 8:30 P.M., connecting with Grand

Trunk Day Express from the West,

and arriving at Ottawa at 7:16 P.M.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

EXPRESS at 9:40 A.M., arriving at Brockville

at 1:40 P.M., and connecting with

Grand Trunk Day Express going West

MAIL TRAIN at 8:45 P.M., arriving at Brock

ville at 9:15 P.M.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT at 1:35 and 7:10 P.M.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch

make certain connections with all Trains

B. & O. Railway.

Freight forwarded with despatch. As

B. & O. & C. C. are the same gauge as

Grand Trunk, car-loads will go through in

Grand Trunk cars to all points without trans-

shipment.

Certain connections made with Grand

Trunk Trains.

H. ABBOTT, Manager.

Brockville, January, 1871. 30-1y

THOSE who once go to

BOON & WOODWORTH for their

CLOTHING, will always go again.

81 ST. LAWRENCE MAIN STREET.

BOON & WOODWORTH

make the BEST FITTING CLOTHES.

Try them.

RAILROADS.

SOUTH EASTERN COUN-

TIES JUNCTION RAILWAY.

1871. TIME TABLE No. 2, 1871.

COMMENCING 6th Nov., 1871.

TRAINS WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

GOING NORTH.

	Mail. Freight	
	A.M.	A.M.
Richford, Vt., Departure.....	2	6.10
Abercorn.....	2	6.20
Sutton Flat.....	8	6.30
Emerson's.....	11	6.50
West Burne.....	15	7.05
Swainsburg.....	18	7.20
Cowanville.....	20	7.30
East Farnham.....	20	7.40
Brigham.....	26	7.50
Farmden.....	20	7.55
West Farnham.....	32	8.10
St. Johns.....		8.45
Montreal.—Arrival.....		9.50

THE EVENING STAR

91 ST. JAMES STREET.
GRAHAM & Co.
PROPRIETORS.

Volume III. No. 273.
Tuesday, November 21, 1871.

The Local Legislature managed to sit for forty minutes yesterday.

WESTERN papers continue to snub the *Daily News* for its "rash counsels" to the congregation of St. Thomas, Belleville, contained in its notorious "No Surrender" editorial.

A DISREPUTABLE house within a dozen yards of the United Presbyterian Church, St. Lawrence Main and Courville streets, is a source of great annoyance to the worshippers and the public generally. On week days the place is bad enough, but on Sundays it is the resort of crowds of drunken rowdies and sailors who insult all obliged to pass that way. We hope the authorities will take such steps as will render further reference to this unpleasant subject unnecessary.

We notice that a member of the Local Legislature has, upon the notice paper, a motion for the appointment of a committee to enquire into the best means of promoting the improvement of municipal roads. Everything tending to improve means of communication is worthy of support, and we trust the results effected by the committee, if appointed, will fully come up to the expectations of the mover. While the subject of roads is up, we would suggest that no time be lost in putting in force, over the whole Province, the law which ensures for the Eastern Townships such excellent winter roads. The continued use of single cat-hoof making sleighs is a reproach to the intelligence of the nineteenth century, and should be wiped out at one stroke.

THE public have a pretty good idea of how business is transacted in the Court-House, but few have but an indistinct idea of how much it costs, who draws the pay, and how the sum total is divided. With the object of supplying as much information as possible on this subject, we subjoin a receipted pay-list of COURT-HOUSE OFFICIALS.

STATEMENT giving the name of the officer, nature of the office, and the amount paid per annum:—

R. Auguste Richard Hubert, Proth. of the S.C. and Clerk of C.C.	\$2,600 00
L. Joseph A. Lee Papineau, do. do.	2,600 00
John Sleep Honey, do. do.	2,600 00
G. Pyke, Deputy Proth. S.C. and Clerk C.C.	1,400 00
C. A. Terroux, do. do.	1,400 00
Pierre J. Beaudry, Superior Court.	1,200 00
Gaspard Dagan, Circuit Court.	1,200 00
Geo. H. Keraick, Superior Court.	1,200 00
Mar Campbell, do. do.	1,100 00
C. G. Hainsworth, Circuit Court.	880 00
Chas. Bonacina, do. do.	1,100 00
Adolphe Cherrier, S.C. and C.C.	900 00
Thos. C. Coffin, Superior Court.	547 50
Louis N. Brault, do. do.	547 50
Henry G. Pyke, do. do.	547 50
J. O. T. Lamontagne, Circ't Court.	500 00
G. A. Raymond, Tutelle Depart'm't.	400 00
Chas. A. Brault, Circuit Court.	700 00
Alphonse Dagan, do. do.	300 00
P. R. Chagnon, do. do.	547 50
J. F. Dubreuil, Tutelle Depart'm't.	700 00
L. H. Collard, Superior Court.	700 00
J. O. Daoust, do. do.	547 50
F. Belanger, do. do.	547 50
L. W. Marchand, drawing Judgm'ts of Distributions, S.C. and C.C.	100 00
J. McLaughlin, Crier of Courts of Montreal.	800 00
E. R. Cotrot, Assistant Crier and Messenger to the Judges of the Court of Queen's Bench.	700 00
T. Loiselle, Assistant Crier and Messenger to the Judges.	550 00
Samuel Doherty, do. do.	350 00
P. C. Watier, do. do.	450 00

Extra Employees sanctioned by Government.
H. S. Beaudry, Tutelle Depart'm't. \$547 50
G. J. Williams, cancelling Stamps and keeping Registers, S.C. 600 00
J. Provost, do. do. C.C. 600 00
J. T. Labelle, Tutelle Depart'm't. 547 50
A. G. Hetu, Circuit Court. 547 50
Wm. Doherty, Messenger (\$3.00 per week). 156 00

We see by these figures that the salaries of the employees in the Superior Court amount, in round numbers, to \$14,300; but by the Judicial Statistical Returns for 1870, just to hand, we see that the expenses of the office are lumped together as being \$22,399.44, which leaves \$8000 odd to be accounted for.

The salaries of employees in the Circuit Court, by the pay list, run up to some \$13,200; while in the Statistical Returns the "expenses of the office" are nearer \$16,000. Will some local member enquire how these discrepancies arise? If any member would set to work to cleanse this modern Augean Stable, they would find that two prothonotaries might well be dispensed with if another deputy were appointed. This would effect a saving of \$5200, and the work would be better done. They would also find that the number of "clerks" is largely in excess of the requirements of the case; also, that men are drawing big salaries for doing less than any lawyer's boy would feel ashamed of owning as his day's work. Some of the employees are more fit for an inebriate asylum than a public office; others can scarcely read or write English or French, and speak neither correctly.

We leave this subject for the present, hoping that the figures published will attract some attention at Quebec.

A contemporary yesterday in an article on "Parents and Teachers," remarked very truly "very few know how difficult a thing it is to teach with success. Indeed, with the exception of those (and they are exceedingly rare) who have an intuitive appreciation of the obstacles which lie in the teacher's way, there are scarcely any who give the matter a thought. Yet there is really no employment in so wearing on mind and body, which requires so much tact and patience, so much endurance and perseverance, as that of the instructor of youth."

Such being the case, how careful ought they to be who have the appointment of teachers placed in their hands! We commend the words we have quoted to the serious notice of the Protestant School Commissioners. One of the teachers they tolerate is decrepit and addicted to drink; another is a mere lad whom the pupils treat with unfeigned contempt, and pelt with hickory nuts, apple cores, chewed paper, etc.; another has his mind distracted between the duties of teacher and school inspector; a fourth is a young student in theology, appointed over the heads of able men, who will in a year or so, when he might reasonably be expected to be getting acquainted with his work, take a "new departure" for the Church—and so we might go on, adducing evidence to prove that though the Commissioners are men who fully understand the importance of a teacher's position, yet betray the most shameful negligence in the appointment of fit and proper persons to train the men and women of the future.

HOW WE DRIVE INDUSTRY OUT OF THE COUNTRY.

We recently announced that Mr. John Lovell had taken capital and labor into the States in order to carry on a business which Government forbade him doing here. A correspondent of the St. John's *Telegraph* writing from Toronto says of this:

Publishers in Canada labor under heavy and peculiar difficulties. They would compete with Americans in reprinting clever English books from "A Terrible Temptation" to "Ecce Homo," but they cannot without rendering themselves liable to a severe penalty. In vain have Montreal and Toronto publishers petitioned and brought other pressure to bear upon the Dominion Government; in vain has the latter promptly and frequently placed the whole matter before the Imperial authorities with the hope of obtaining such action as will place the Canadian publisher in a position as good at least as that held by foreigners. No other favor is asked. It is no insidious attempt to secure the protection of a particular industry at the expense of others. Were some absurd restrictions removed there is little doubt that publishers in Montreal, Toronto and St. John would at once supply the home market by reprinting standard English works for which there was a demand by the reading public. An important and lucrative industry, affording employment to a great number of persons, could thus be easily developed without any unnatural or artificial protection. A prosperous trade has already grown up in the first two cities named, but it could be vastly enlarged, and in fact the Canadians could compete with the Boston and New York publishers in the extensive market across the lines. There is a firm here now which reprints cheap editions of Bret Harte, Mark Twain, and similar geniuses, for American consumption. It does a thriving business in a small way comparatively. The difficulties under which Canadian printers labor are clearly and strikingly demonstrated in the

PUBLISHING ENTERPRISE into which Mr. John Lovell of Montreal has invested considerable capital and the greater part of his well-known energy. He would like to devote his whole time and attention to book publishing, but the law stands in his way. To evade it and to draw the attention of English publishers to its unwisdom, he has determined upon a somewhat singular method of printing. Making the necessary arrangements for securing advance sheet of any popular work, he will have the type "set up" in Montreal and stereotyped. The plates will then be taken to Rouse's Point, where Mr. Lovell, for the time being, an American citizen, will have presses, papers and required materials for bringing out the book. He will then be in exactly the same position as the Harpers, the Appletons, or any other publishers on the other side, and can send his prints into the Dominion, paying the duty, and making a fair profit. Mr. Lovell hopes by this expedient to awaken opinion in England as to the justice of Canada's demand for changes in the Imperial Copyright Law. The author's rights will be fully and honorably recognized in this proceeding, nothing being more abhorrent to Mr. Lovell than the "piracy" practised by some publishers.

LOCAL LEGISLATURE.

QUEBEC, Nov. 20.
The House assembled at 3:20. The public accounts and a number of petitions were presented; the former were referred to the Committee.

Mr. Cassidy presented a petition from John Senile and others, for incorporation of the Chamby Hydraulic Works. Also a petition from the St. Patrick's Hall Association, praying to be allowed to issue \$12,000 of preferential stock.

A petition from the Montreal City Passenger Railroad Company was read and referred to Committee on Permanent Orders.

In answer to Mr. Poyer.

Mr. Chauveau stated that the Government did not intend to remove the tax on sugar.

Mr. Robitaille moved an address asking for copies of the petitions of Theodores Robitaille and others, respecting the Gaspé Fishery and Coal Mining Company. Adopted.

Mr. Chauveau moved a Select Committee to revise the rules of the House, and explained that it would cover the ground as to the functions of the servants of the House recently called in question. Carried.

Mr. Bachand, seconded by Mr. Laframboise,

moved for a return respecting the Lower Canada Consolidated Municipal Fund. Carried.

Mr. Mollour, seconded by Mr. Lynch, moved for a select Committee to enquire as to the best means of promoting the improvement of public roads in the Province.

Mr. Marchand presented a petition against the return of Mr. Verrault.

Mr. Chapleau presented a petition against the election of Mr. Fournier for Montmagny.

Both petitions were referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

Mr. Rheame presented a bill for the incorporation of the Shoemakers' Benevolent Society. Read a first time, and referred to the Private Bill Committee.

The House then adjourned at 4 o'clock.

THE BRITISH FLAG.

The Arrival of the British Flag at Quebec, 18th September 1759—Its Departure 12th November 1871.

(To the Editor of the Morning Chronicle.)

DEAR SIR,—Permit me to add a few historical items to your remarks in Tuesday's issue, on the departure of the Imperial troops from our Citadel. The battle of the Plains of Abraham took place on the 13th Sept., 1759, about 10 a.m. The retreat of the French army from their Beauport entrenchment occurred that very night, *rendez-vous* having been given to the regulars and militia at the large earthwork, of which such unmistakable remains still exist at Ringfield on the St. Charles, in rear of G. H. Parke's residence. They marched from there at 8 o'clock p.m. up the Charlesbourg road, thence round by Lorrette and St. Foy until they reached Cap Rouge at 4 o'clock in the morning, on the 14th Sept., leaving their white tent at Beauport, to deceive the English and escape pursuit. That night they halted and bivouacked 27 miles from Quebec on the high bluff at the entrance of the Jacques-Cartier. The remains of this commanding and vast fortress are still to be seen near the property of Dr. Jas. A. Sewell, at Jacques-Cartier.

DeRamsay signed the capitulation five days after the battle, on the 18th Sept.; and that evening the Louisbourg Grenadiers and a party of Light Infantry marched in the city. A few days after the other regiments, including the 60th, or Royal Americans, took up their winter quarters amidst the crumbling walls of the battered city. An old map of 1759 marks out the foot of Gilmour's hill and Wolfe's Cove as the spot where the 60th, or Royal Americans, were stationed, at the landing of the British forces. Are we not justified in saying that to the 60th Regt., who was so prominent in planting 112 years ago, was reserved the honor of removing the glorious old flag, which has "braved for a thousand years the battle and the breeze;" and thought it would be unreasonable to have expected in the descendants of the French the same enthusiasm for the standard of England, experienced by Britons and their descendants. Still, the friends of the Gallie lily amongst us have not forgotten that, by having become a British dependency, they escaped the horrors of the French Revolution, and were not decimated by the wars of the first and second Empire, and in fact, that they felt perfectly secure under the British flag, whilst the land of their forefathers was deluged in blood, under the rule of the Paris Communists. Thankful for the long enjoyed peace and immunity from civil strife, more than one still looks to England for support and strength in the hour of need.

Quebec, Nov. 14th, 1871.

RAPHAEL.

It is understood that the picture attributed to Raphael, which was exhibited last year in the Louvre, and represents the Virgin and Child, enthroned, with the infant St. John and four other saints, is to be placed in the National Gallery on the reopening of that institution, which will take place in a few days. It was presented by the ex-King of Naples to a person who had been of considerable service to him; and, as it was formerly in the Royal Palace at Naples, and not publicly exhibited, it is comparatively little known. It is understood that it will appear in Trafalgar square on the terms which attended its exhibition in Paris. These are, that, being for sale, it is placed before the public to elicit opinion. The reported price (£40,000) is so preposterously large, that we mention it with reserve and distrust.—[Athensum.

MORE LIGHT.

The subjoined, from the New York Evening Post, will apply to this city:—

"Our table is covered with letters about the gas furnished to the people of this city by the Manhattan and Metropolitan gas companies. It has never been remarkable for its illuminating power, and just now is worse than ever. It is often the case that three common burners fail to give as much light as one ought to give.

Fashionable dresses and gold breast-pins, ball-rooms and theatres, are not the only sufferers by this lack of brilliancy. Students have to abandon their researches or ruin their eyes, laboring men must dispense with their hour of evening reading and culture, the streets are dim and look inviting only to thieves, and depression and dullness rest upon business in the shops whose windows are deprived of their proper splendor. The gas we burn is but a public nuisance when it becomes a mere apology for light, keeping other and better gas from being furnished to us, and pretending to do work which might be better done by oil. How many of the lives sacrificed in a year to bad kerosene lamps are really the victims of the bad quality of the light given us by our corporate monopolies?

It would be better for these companies themselves to look closely into the matter, and to make a reform. At present the complaints of the people are growing more bitter every day, and there is a disposition to hunt up everything objectionable in the conduct of the companies, their bills, their management of the meters, their careless regulation of the pressure on their gasometers, and other things. They had better improve their gas at once, and so improve the temper of the people towards them.

Builders who are engaged in erecting large numbers of dwellings are already perfecting plans for supplying blocks of dwelling houses with gas independently of the money-making companies; and unless more regard is shown by these corporations the public wants, it will

doubtless soon become as general a practice to light dwelling houses from private co-operative gas factories as it is now for great manufacturing establishments to provide their own light.

MARITIME INTELLIGENCE.

The S.S. Medway, from Montreal, arrived in London.

The ship Lake Erie arrived at Liverpool yesterday.

The S.S. St. Patrick sailed from Quebec for Glasgow at 2:15 p.m. yesterday.

The S.S. Athenia, from Liverpool for Montreal, put back with loss of main-mast, compasses, deck swept and part of the cargo thrown overboard, arrived at Crook Haven.

The Frederick Thompson, from Malaga, arrived at Quebec yesterday.

BIVALVES.—McConkey's oyster room is now open. Oysters cooked in every style, on the shortest notice. Buctouche, Malpeque, and New York oysters received daily, at 138 St. James street, opposite St. Lawrence Hall.

Chronic Diarrhea of long standing is cured by Dr. Johnson's Anodyne Liniment used internally.

The new Colonnade Hotel, Philadelphia, Pa., keeps files of leading papers in the country in its reading-room.

Immense stock of Rubbers and Overshoes, at Ronayne's, Chabolliez square. 252-ly

An excellent assortment of Over-Coatings West-of-England Broadcloths, Doestons Tweeds and Vestings may be seen at McMillan & Co's, 332 St. James street.

Merchants and shippers should call and see two new inventions for Ready-marking Show-Cards, Boxes, Bags, &c., at S. N. Hicks, 154 St. James street.

It is a remarkable fact, and worthy of the consideration of those who value a nice head of hair that the "Cingalese Hair Renewer" never fails to restore Grey Hair to its natural color and beauty; it also turns a nice hair dresser, without the use of oil or pomade.—J. GARDNER, 457 Notre Dame street. 273

Chronic Diarrhea of long standing is cured by Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, used internally.

Gents' and Boys' Fall and Winter Boots, at Ronayne's, Chabolliez square. 252-ly

Jewellery.—Those who wish a good, substantial article of Jewellery, and prefer having it made to suit themselves, will find every facility at our establishment for so doing. Diamond-setting being a speciality, all orders will be carefully attended to.

LULHAM BROS., 251 5 Place d'Armes Hill, Montreal.

[Notices under these heads inserted free.]

Births.

In this city, on the 20th Nov., the wife of Mr. David McKenzie, grocer, of a son.

At 25 Plateau street, on the 18th instant, the wife of Charles S. Warren, of a son.

At St. Lambert's, on the 17th Nov., the wife of T. M. Roberts, of a son.

At Trafalgar, Cote des Neiges Road, on the 17th inst., the wife of Miles Williams, of a daughter.

In this city, on the 17th instant, Mrs. C. C. Snowden, of a son.

Marriages.

In this city, on the 15th Nov., Louis Saunders, of this city, to Lizzie Nathan, of London, England.

At Hochelaga, Q., on the 16th inst., Robert B. Murray to Mary Jane Cowan, youngest daughter of William Cowan, Esq., Glasgow, Scotland.

In this city, on the 16th Nov., Johnston Mitchell to Catharine Hamilton, both of this city.

At St. Thomas's Church, Montreal, P. Q., on the 16th Nov., by the Rev. James A. McLeod, incumbent, William John Stevens to Louisa Elizabeth Goodman, both of Montreal.

Deaths.

In this city, on the 15th inst., John Logan, a native of Scotland, aged 32 years.

Funeral will take place from the Montreal General Hospital, at 1:30 p.m., on Tuesday, the 21st instant.

In this city, on the 18th instant, Joseph Edmund Alexander, son of Mr. E. Globensky, at Owen Sound, O., on the 9th instant, J. P. Coulson, aged 42 years.

New Advertisements this P.M.

CHEAP.—Besides inserting certain classes of Advertising free, we insert advertisements of Houses to let, Houses wanted, specific articles for sale, specific articles wanted, Meetings, &c., at one cent per word for the first insertion, and one half cent for each subsequent insertion.

GRAHAM & CO., Publishers.

MICROSCOPE FOR SALE. CHEAP.—Finest make; splendid glasses. Address M. B. this office. 271-3

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, at 87 St. Urbain street. 267-6

HOUSE TO LET.—No. 375 St. Dominique street, six rooms, newly furnished. Terms reasonable. Apply on the premises. 273-3

BOARDS.—Vacancies for Boarders—mechanics, at 237 Selgneur street. 273

BOARD.—Vacancies for a few young gentlemen, at 10 Cleaveland Place, Juvors street. 273

BOARD, at 92 Cemetery street. 273

W. H. OLIVE, INSURANCE, CUSTOM-HOUSE, FORWARDING, COMMISSION AND TICKET AGENT.

Office: Reed's Point, St. John, N.B.

References by permission:—Hon. S. L. Tilley, C.B.; Hon. A. McL. Seely; Hon. Peter Mitchell; Hon. Thomas R. Jones; Messrs. Daniel & Boyd, Hall & Fairweather, Jardine & Co., J. & F. Burpee & Co.

N. B.—Consignments of all kinds solicited. Particular attention given to the FORWARDING BUSINESS, and all Goods sent to my care will be forwarded with promptness and dispatch. 409m

W. H. O.

New Advertisements To-Day.

MASONIC.—A Regular Communication of ST. GEORGE'S LODGE, No. 6, Q. R. will be held at the British Masonic Chambers, 359 Notre Dame street, on TUESDAY, Nov. 21st, at 7:30 o'clock p.m. (By command of the W.M.) J. F. RAYMORE, Acting Secretary.

MECHANICS' HALL.

GRAND CONCERT GIVEN BY MADAME NINA PIZZOTTI, FROM LONDON, Pupils of the celebrated GARCIA (Master of Jenny Lind) and of RUBINSTEIN, the great Russian Pianist.

First appearance in Boston with MENDELSSOHN QUINTETTE CLUB, ON THURSDAY, 23rd NOVEMBER.

Madame PIZZOTTI will be assisted on this occasion by Mrs. THROWE, Soprano. Mr. O. MARTEL, Violinist. Mr. P. N. LAMOTHE, Basso.

A CARD.—Having heard Madame NINA PIZZOTTI, we have much pleasure in testifying to her abilities as a really first-class pianist, and we strongly recommend to all lovers of good music, to avail themselves of this opportunity of hearing classical music rendered by so talented an Artist, Henry Prince, Joseph Gould, Paul Letolard, L. Ducharme, O. Pelletier, J. Fowler, O. Martel.

Admission, 50 cents; reserved seats, 75 cents. Tickets to be had at all the Music Stores. Reserved seats can be secured at the Music Store of Mr. H. Prince, Notre Dame street. Doors open at 7:30 p.m. Concert to commence at 8:15 precisely. 272-5

THEATRE ROYAL.

Lessee and Manageress.....KATE RANOE Stage Manager.....A. R. PHELPS

RANOE SEASON.

TUESDAY EVENING, Nov. 21st.

Will be repeated, the new, thrilling, sensational, and historical Drama,

THE REVOLT OF THE COMMUNE; OR, PARIS IN 1871.

PHILOMEL.....KATE RANOE. To conclude with FAMILY JARS.

Prices of Admission—Dress Circle, 50c.; Reserved Seats, 75c.; Family Circle, 35c.; Pit, 25c.; Private Boxes, \$4.

The benefit of KATE RANOE will shortly be announced. 272

THE QUESTION IS CON-

STANTLY ASKED, "Why is it that DR. WHEELER'S COMPOUND ELIXIR OF PHOSPHATES AND CALISAYA cures so great a variety of maladies?" The reason is that Chronic Wasting Diseases of whatever nature depend upon depraved nutrition and impoverished blood, which have their origin in Dyspepsia. When Digestion is incomplete and Assimilation imperfect, poor blood results, degeneration of the tissues occurs and diseases of the vital Organs, the Lungs, Heart, Liver, and Kidneys, result. DR. WHEELER'S PHOSPHATES are a specific for that protean disease, Dyspepsia, imparting vitality and tone to the mucous membrane of the Stomach, enabling it to secrete a sufficient quantity of gastric juice to perfect digestion. Restoration of the functions of all the bowels, and the whole system, nervous and muscular, is energized and vitalized. Sold by all Druggists. 255

THE MONTREAL AND CITY OF OTTAWA JUNCTION RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that by order of the Board of Directors of this Company, Stock Books will be opened on FRIDAY, the 1st December, 1871, at the following places:—In the City of Montreal, at the Office of the Ontario Bank.

In the City of Ottawa, at the Office of Edward McGillivray, Esq.

In the Village of Alexandria, at the Office of D. A. Macdonald, Esq., N.P.

By order, W. BRISTOW, Secretary.

Lancaster, 18th Nov., 1871. 272-12

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

a Steam-Engine and Boiler, about 12 horse-power, either new or not long in use.

M. RONAYNE & CO., 728 Craig street.

TO LET: To the 1st of May next, with immediate possession, a House, No. 116 Cadieux street, containing twelve Rooms, furnished completely, the whole of the Furniture being modern and perfectly new. For further particulars apply on the premises. 272-10

TEAS! TEAS!

The subscriber offers for sale, in store and to arrive:

5,000 PACKAGES NEW TEA.

Comprising Hyson, Young Hyson, Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson Twinkay, Java, Congou, English Breakfast, Souchong, and Uncolored Japans, of all grades and styles.

All orders promptly attended to, and samples per Parcel Post will be sent if desired.

B. HUTCHINS, 188 and 190 McGill street.

206-3m caw Montreal.

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, intend to apply to the Corporation of the City of Montreal for permission to erect a Steam Engine on the premises, situate and being No. 728 Craig street.

273-10 M. RONAYNE & CO.

ALL WOOL.—CHEAP

FLANNEL SALE, at S. CARSLY.

Cheap Flannels this day (all wool); Cheap Flannels to-morrow (all wool); Cheap Flannels the next day (all wool); Cheap Flannels all this week (all wool); Cheap Welsh Flannels (all wool); Cheap Red Flannels (all wool); Cheap Fancy Flannels (all wool); Cheap Canada Home-made Flannels (all wool).

Notice.—Our Dress Goods Sale being such a success at the reduced prices, we are tempted to have a sale of Flannels on the same principle, that is to reduce the prices low enough to force the sale. The public cannot resist our Dress Goods account of the prices. We mean to have them the same with Flannels. S. CARSLY, 805 Notre Dame street.

THE CHILD OF FORTUNE;

OR,
THE VICTIM OF DESTINY.

CHAPTER XVI.—(Continued.)

"My son, you are hurting her. Nay loosen your grasp! Remember, she is but a frail woman!"

Frederick flung off her arm contemptuously. "Say, rather, an asp—a serpent—a venomous cockatrice!"

Beatrice burst into tears both of pain and anger for her cousin's grasp had left a black and blue circle on her arm. Mrs Coningsby looked at her son in surprise and bewilderment.

"Is this true, Frederick?"

"Is what true, mother? he flashed back defiantly.

"That you have offered your hand to my seamstress?"

"Yes, it is!"

"But, my son—"

Frederick grew very pale; his lips worked nervously, and his breath came short and quick.

"Mother, I love her! I will have her for my wife—I must have her!" he exclaimed.

"But you know your father's fixed ideas on the subject of marrying in one's own rank, of life! Oh, Frederick, he will never consent! Neither can I!"

Frederick folded his arms on his breast and looked moodily at his mother.

"Then I shall marry her without your consent, that is all there is to it!"

"Frederick!"

"Mother, I am no longer a boy, to be ordered about, and bidden as to what he shall or shall not do. I am a man! I have chosen for myself, and I shall abide by my choice!"

Mrs Coningsby would have answered by renewed entreaties and expostulations, but she caught sight of old William's face in the doorway behind his young master, beckoning to her, and mutely signalling her to desist from the unequal contest.

In an instant she perceived the folly of which she had been guilty. She remembered the almost fatal consequences of such excitement as this to her weak-brained son, and a thrill of apprehensive terror darted through her heart as she noticed the red spots blazing on his cheeks, and the restless twitching of the nerves and muscles round his mouth.

"Leave us, Beatrice," she said, authoritatively, and Beatrice Burnley dared not disobey.

"My son," she added, the moment she was alone with Frederick, "we will not discuss the matter further at present. I will myself see and talk to Margaret—"

"But, mother, impetuously, broke in Frederick, "you will say nothing to prejudice her against me! Mother, mother, I love her so!" he added, in a piteous moan; "I shall die if she will not love me back a little—I don't care to live without her. Mother, promise that you will help me in this matter."

And Mrs Coningsby's heart almost died within her as she saw how deeply and resolutely her son's poor vacillating heart was set upon the winning of this woman to be his wife.

CHAPTER XVII.

THE BEGINNING OF THE NEW LIFE.

"Well?"

Mrs Coningsby sat in the drawing-room; her face full of an anxiety which she made no effort to conceal. Beatrice Burnley sat beside her with a book in her lap, which she was not reading, and both their faces were singularly pale and troubled in the white lustre of the clustered candelabra. As Mrs Coningsby's step crossed the threshold both started nervously up, exclaiming with one breath—

"Well?"

"I have talked with him," said the old gentleman, letting himself drop wearily into the cushioned depths of a velvet covered arm chair.

"And he will listen to reason?" questioned Mrs Coningsby.

"He will listen to nothing," answered her husband, despairingly. "His mind is taken possession of by one idea, and no argument or persuasion will shake it."

"But he must be compelled to listen!" said Beatrice, starting to her feet. "Are we calmly to submit to such an outrageous imposition as this? If he is mad upon the subject of this seamstress girl, he must be treated as such!"

"Beatrice!" remonstrated her aunt.

"It is madness," persisted the girl, her cheeks flushing and paling by turns; "and sooner than allow him to degrade us in this way, I maintain, uncle, that is your duty to shut him up in an asylum. There is a limit to all things, and Frederick has this day reached the limits of our forbearance. A madhouse is the only remedy for such ungovernable insanity as this."

Mr Coningsby's brows grew darkly corrugated.

"Silence, girl!" he exclaimed, angrily; "I believe it is you that are mad. How dare you speak so of the last of the Coningsbys? Is Frederick the only example of a man who set his relations at defiance where a fair face is concerned? You speak as if this were a totally exceptional case."

Beatrice Burnley sat down again biting her lips, and clasping her hands tightly together.

"Then you are going to submit tamely to this monstrous scheme of iniquity?"

"You know Frederick's temper—you know the iron force of his will, when once he has made up his mind to a thing," said Mr Coningsby, with a deep sigh that was almost a groan. "Believe me, Beatrice, I have left no stone of argument or entreaty unturned, and now what is there left me but to submit? Is he not of age? Have I any legal redress?"

"If you choose to use it, yes?"

"We will not discuss that question, Beatrice," said Mr Coningsby, sternly. "Once for all, I want you to understand that my son's intellect in a matter like this is not to be brought into question. He is fully competent to decide for himself upon the subject and he has done so."

"I believe you are all crazed together," burst out Beatrice, passionately. "Oh, if I had but the power to interfere, this hideous machinery would be checked instantly. I would turn the girl out of the house, I would put Frederick under such control as would prevent an effectual poison to him for the future. I would take law and license into my own hands, and yet you sit calmly down to see the ruin of your own daughter's life!"

Mrs Coningsby laid her hand gently on Beatrice's shoulder, as if to check the torrent of indignant words that poured from the girl's pale, parched lips.

"My dear," she said, "when you have lived through as many years of disappointment as I have done, you will learn that we cannot always shape the events of life to suit our own wishes and inclinations. Ours is right. In this case we have but to submit."

An impetuous reply of some sort was trembling on Beatrice Burnley's lips, when the door opened, and Frederick Coningsby entered, with a firm, haughty step, leading Margaret Melville.

"Father," he began, "mother, I have brought her to you that you may receive her as your daughter. She is my Margaret now; henceforward she must be yours also!"

There was an instant of silence, during which Margaret stood, beautiful and graceful as some eastern slave brought to receive the approbation of her purchasers, and then Mr Coningsby spoke—

"You have then decided, my son?"

"I have."

He turned to the beautiful young creature, upon whom Beatrice's eyes rested with a baleful fire, which might well have scorched its way into the other's brain.

"Margaret," he said, in a low, impressive tone, "do you love my son?"

"I do!"

Her voice was very low, and trembled slightly as she uttered the false assertion. That very quiver lent it truth in Mr Coningsby's anxious ears.

"Will you be true to him always, cleaving to him as a wife should be to her husband? Will you love him and cherish him as the man of men, so far as you are concerned, from this time forth for evermore?"

"I will."

"Then, child, you have my blessing," said old Mr Coningsby, half mournfully, as Frederick drew the slight, willowy figure close to his own, with a quick, impulsive movement of affection. "I do not seek to disguise from you, Margaret," he added, "that I would fain have had it otherwise, yet I shall not strive to combat fate. If my son loves you, and you return his love, so let it be."

And Margaret Melville felt, with a dizzy sensation of half-bewildered elation, that she had won the prize at last.

Mrs Coningsby murmured a few words of only partially audible congratulation to her daughter-in-law elect.

Beatrice only was silent. But Frederick was not disposed to allow her taciturnity to go unnoticed.

"Beatrice," he said, a little shortly, "you have not bidden Margaret welcome."

"Would you have me speak words which are false?" she asked, calmly. "She is not welcome in my sight, Frederick!"

The colour flamed into Frederick's cheeks. He stamped his foot impetuously upon the floor.

"You shall welcome her!" he exclaimed.

"How dare you be silent when I ask you to speak? No one shall remain an inmate of this house who does not recognize and respect the young lady who is to be my wife!"

"The young lady," repeated Beatrice, in accents of the bitterest scorn; but her words broke off in a sudden cry of pain and terror, for Frederick had sprung forward and grasped her, until the slender bones seemed almost to crack beneath his clenching fingers.

"Let go!" she cried, passionately.

"Uncle, will you allow him to break my arm?"

"Frederick! Frederick!" remonstrated his father, himself terrified by the evil passions that flamed in his son's face, "be gentle with Beatrice! Remember that she is your cousin!"

"She is a devil!" hissed out Frederick, "with snakes and vipers dropping from her mouth; and she will bid Margaret welcome before I loose my hold!"

(To be Continued.)

BRITISH AND FOREIGN IMPORTING HOUSE.

SOLID GOLD CHAINS.

Pure Gold is not used in manufactured articles, an alloy of one-third makes the 18-karat Gold of Commerce, which is hard, handsome and durable. Unfortunately, however, the cheapening of price, the competition of trade, and the greed of Importers and Manufacturers, have put the alloy in the above composition instead of the Gold; reducing many articles in Jewellery, and especially "Gold Chains," to eight karat and under. When this metal, hardly deserving the name of Gold, is wanted, of the rich yellow color known as "Colored Gold," it is gilt in a Gold solution by the Galvanic Battery, so that the unskilled cannot detect the difference. To remedy this evil, and to give confidence to the public, we have adopted the mode of stamping each of our

"STANDARD GOLD CHAINS," either bright or colored, with the initials R. W. & Co. All Chains with this stamp we absolutely guarantee. Purchasers requiring a genuine article will find it safer to enquire for those Chains, in which they can place the utmost confidence. For sale by all dealers.

ROBERT WILKES,

Wholesale Jeweller.

48 & 50 YONGE STREET, TORONTO.

196 & 198 MCGILL STREET, MONTREAL.

Where did you buy that beautiful Chain? Why, at the West-End Fifty Cent and One Dollar store, opposite Recollet House. Oh, such a rush for them! Nothing like them in the city. Come away at once and obtain one.

TERRAPIN.—A splendid supply of fresh shell oysters just received. A good assortment of game always on hand, and cooked to order at the shortest notice. Luncheon daily from 12 to 3.—JOSEPH CARLISLE. 210

Anyone in the want of Haberdashery should call on P. T. Patton & Co., 415 Notre Dame street.

You can't do better than get your Haberdashery from P. T. Patton & Co., 415 Notre Dame street.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's solid Gold Rings, at the West-End Dollar Store (our own manufacture), opposite the Recollet House. 180

Tortoise Shell and Pearl Odor Cases for sale at Richmond Spencer's drug store, corner of McGill and Notre Dame streets.

To the Ladies of Montreal.

Madame Adelaide Green (from 720 Broadway, N. Y.) respectfully announces, to the Ladies of this city that she has opened Rooms at 15 Latour street, where she is prepared to receive work of every description, appertaining to Dress, Millinery, and Cloak making, also, Under-garments, Embroidery, &c.

Masquerade and Fancy Dress Ball Costumes of any or every description made in the latest and most approved styles.

253-5m.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TUITION AND EXERCISE IN RIDING.

MR. ALLOWAY

Begs to inform the public that his

EVENING RIDING-CLASS

Will open on 1st NOVEMBER

FOR THE WINTER TERM.

MOUNT AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.

Ladies' Classes by appointment, as usual.

H. W. ALLOWAY,

255 Professor of Horsemanship.

KEEP YOUR APPOINTMENTS.

POCKET DIARIES

FOR 1872

JUST RECEIVED IN GREAT VARIETY,

BY

GEORGE HORNE & SON,

71 & 73 St. Francois Xavier street.

251

VENTILATING PLAT-FORMS FOR STOVES.

A certain protection for

CARPETS OR OIL-CLOTHS UNDER STOVES.

They are

NEAT,

CHEAP and

DURABLE.

No COAL STOVE should be put up without one; they prevent the floor or carpet underneath the stove from being even warmed.

Three sizes just received, at

R. WARMINTON & CO.,

106 McGill street.

Insurance Companies should insist upon their use.

256

RUSSELL WATCHES.

A very large assortment of these

CELEBRATED WATCHES

AT A

VERY SLIGHT ADVANCE

ON

MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

MCMASTER & LOGAN,

No. 303 NOTRE DAME STREET.

25-4f

W. PIPE

Keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of the best makes of

SEWING-MACHINES,

VIZ:

SINGER MANUFACTURING AND

FAMILY,

LOCKMAN,

WANZER,

IRVINE,

GARDNER,

HAND-MACHINES,

And the World-renowned WHEELER & WILSON. Also, LAMB KNITTING MACHINE, which is the best Knitting Machine in use. Call and see them, and judge for yourself.

186 ST. JAMES STREET.

200

EAGLE STEAMER AND CAULDRON TOOK AN EXTRA FIRST-PRIZE AT PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION.

ADAPTED FOR GENERAL STEAMING AND BOILING PURPOSES.

Indispensable to the farmer for heating water, the dairyman for heating milk, agriculturalist for steaming food, and to the manufacturer for a great many wares where small power or steam is required.

Suitable for prisons, asylums, hotels, and householders, for washing, cooking, warming water, and for heating buildings, for the nurseryman for greenhouses, germinating seeds, &c.

For further particulars send for descriptive circular. State for what purpose wanted.

Address

G. H. PEDLAR,

Oshawa, Ont.,

Agent for the Dominion.

261-3m

CAUTION.

The trade are hereby cautioned against buying at a higher rate a STOVE POLISH similar in appearance to IVE'S & ALLEN'S DOMINION BLACK LEAD, but inferior in quality. The genuine DOMINION BLACK LEAD made by IVE'S & ALLEN, Montreal, is the best and cheapest in market, as thousands can substantiate, and being of Home Manufacture, should be used exclusively.

The following testimonials will convince those who have not sold or used the article: "Have used and sold your Dominion Black Lead, and consider it fully equal to anything in market."

PROWSE BROS.,

128 St. James street, Montreal.

"Gives better satisfaction to my customers than anything I have yet sold."

CHAS. J. BAIRD,

St. James street, Montreal.

"It gives general satisfaction."

A. SHANNON & CO.

"Gives satisfaction in every respect."

T. CREVIER,

Notre Dame street, Montreal.

"I consider it superior to any other Lead in market."

G. LEPAGE.

"Have used the Dominion Black Lead manufactured by Ives & Allen, and have found it of good quality."

WILLIAM GLENDINNING,

St. James street.

225

CENTS FOR SALE at the STAR OFFICE.

CENTS FOR SALE at the STAR OFFICE.

EXPRESS.

THE CANADIAN EXPRESS CO.

FORWARD

MERCHANDISE, MONEY,

AND

PACKAGES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

COLLECT BILLS WITH GOODS,

NOTES AND DRAFTS,

THROUGHOUT

CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES,

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THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY,

Prescott and Ottawa, Brockville and Ottawa, and Port Hope and Peterborough Railroads, connecting with responsible Expresses for New York, Boston and all principal points in the United States.

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Particular attention given to all Articles perishable by frost or heat. Reduced rates on all large consignments, particularly on Poultry, Eggs, Butter, Cheese, Game, &c.; also, on Consignments to and from the Lower Provinces, via Portland.

Two Expresses daily on all principal portions of the line.

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CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

G. CHENEY,

Superintendent.

250-1m

G. SCOTT & CO.

MACHINISTS AND PATTERN MAKERS,

Manufacturers of Patent Iron Bench Planes, Glass Moulds, Presses, Dies, &c., &c., &c., Models, Patterns and Machines of every description made to order. Also, makers of

SCOTT'S PORTABLE FORGE,

the best and cheapest in the market, suitable for Railroads, Farmers, Factories, &c., specially adapted for Chemists', Jewellers' and Silversmiths' use. Price, complete, \$25. The trade supplied.

637 CRAIG STREET, MONTREAL.

178-1511

G. J. HUBBARD begs to in-

form the public that he has purchased the Estate and Debts of Mr. J. UNDERHILL, lately carrying on business as Optician, at 230 Notre Dame street; and also that he has an immense collection of various articles in the trade about to arrive, and would solicit a call from anyone in want of such goods; he would also call the attention of the public to his immense facilities for repairing all articles in the Optical line, or Stamps, Seals, and Electrotypes.

G. J. H. being for many years a practical Optician can assure perfect satisfaction in all orders left with him, both in low price and quality of work; and also begs to say he has engaged Mr. G. A. Dugal, lately with Messrs. Hearn & Harrison, and who has been so long and favorably known to the public.

256

BRANTFORD ENGINE WORKS

First Prize and Diploma Awarded for Steam-Saw Mill in Operation, Provincial

Exhibition, Hamilton, September 28th, 1864.

C. H. WATEROUS & CO.

ENGINES

OF ALL SIZES,

UPRIGHT,

HORIZONTAL, AND

PORTABLE.

ALSO,

PATENT COMBINED

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

ENGINES.

SHINGLE,

LATH, AND

STAVE

MACHINES.

CHOPPING MILLS, &c., &c.

256

Our large size, Patent, Direct-action Mill, running a 60-inch Saw; capacity, from 8,000 to 12,000 feet of Lumber per day. We have improved the above Mill very much lately, putting into it our latest improved Saw Carriage, with patent latchet, at the same prices as heretofore—18 horse-power. We manufacture a smaller and more portable Mill on same Patent Direct-action, as above, which is specially adapted for sawing small logs up to 30 inches in diameter, or take into a pinery, from which larger timber has been culled, leaving small timber that will not pay to haul any distance. This mill is, nominally, 18 horse-power, but works much higher, and is warranted to cut, practically, every day, from 6,000 to 10,000 feet of lumber. It is the most simple, efficient, and, at the same time, most portable Mill built in the Dominion.

Shipping weight of Mill, 6½ tons. We would refer to the following purchasers, who have the small Mill in operation: Irwin Patterson, Cammilla, P. O., Ont.; James Lewis, Burford, Ont.; Wm. Way, Wilfred P. O., Ont.; S. Manhard & Co., Brockville, Ont.; A. Foster, Jr., Smith's Falls, Ont. George Nash, Farmersville, Ont.; A. J. Wright, Algoquin, Ont.; Canfield & Murray, Kingsville, Ont.; Thomas Mowbray, Utterson, District of Muskoka, Ont. Bun, Holmes & Moore, Lyons, N. Y., bridge contractors on Air-Line R. R.; Chase & Gr. Sutton's Flats, P. Q.; Pettes, Spencer & Co., Brome Corners, P. Q.; John Walsh, Port Daniel, Bonaventure Co., P. Q., on Bay Chaleur; R. & C. E. Currie, Richmond, Carleton Co., N. B.; John C. Palmer, Kars, King's Co., N. B.; Macklin & Sterling, Fredericton, N. B.; R. Moore, Stanley, N. B.; C. F. Clinch, Musquash, N. B.

For further particulars and illustrated catalogue

2nd EDITION.

PUBLISHED LO OK.

ROUND TOWN.

At the Chaboules Square Temperance meeting this evening, a paper will be read on "Music for the Masses."

A concert with readings in aid of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society will be given at the Mechanics' Hall on Tuesday evening, 28th inst. Some of our best amateurs will take part in the concert.

The Shamrock Lacrosse Club have elected the following officers to manage their affairs for the ensuing six months:—P. J. Curran, President, re-elected; James Barry, Vice-President; J. E. Flannery, Secretary; J. McMahon, Assistant-Secretary; E. Cummings, Treasurer. Committee—M. O'Connell (chairman), T. Flanagan, J. Hooban, S. Garrett, and P. McKenna. The Club give a concert and ball next week.

The Schools of Military Instruction (infantry) stationed at Toronto, Kingston, Montreal, Quebec, Fredericton, N.B., and Halifax, N.S., will be opened on the 1st December next. Candidates desirous to enter the said schools will apply as usual to the Brigade Major of their respective Regimental Divisions, and will get the usual allowance of \$50, and the travelling expenses. The command of the Montreal School will be taken by Lt.-Col. Harwood, D.A.C., for the first quarter, with Lt.-Col. d'Arsonville as Adjutant.

Sergeant Hunter reports that Edmond Beaupre, carpenter by trade, working for Mr. Lapierre, near Black's Bridge, slipped at eight o'clock this morning, and fell into the lock of the old canal. This is used as a dry dock for repairing barges and tugs, and being very deep and uniformly empty of water, is quite dangerous. Dr. Tracy was called who, examining the injured man, found that his head was very badly contused. By the Doctor's directions, Beaupre was sent to the General Hospital.

Constable Lamontagne arrived by the 9 o'clock train last night from Toronto with the noted Dixon, the incendiary. The prisoner appears to have been little affected in his appearance by his long confinement. The investigation into the charges here laid against him has been deferred for a few days, owing to the amount of business at present before the Court. The attempted burning of the Central Fire Station and the burning of the St. Andrew's Church, Beaver Hall, are among the charges lying against him.

The Episcopalians of Chambly were on Thanksgiving Day visited by their Bishop, the Right Reverend the Metropolitan, who preached in aid of the Widows' and Orphans' Fund. The text was from the 104th Psalm, 23rd verse, "Man goeth forth to his work and to his labor until the evening." His Lordship spoke of the blessing of a good harvest, and of the debt of gratitude which we owe to the Almighty; he also urged his hearers to be content to have to labor, and at once, before the evening of their lives set in, to complete the work of their own salvation. At the end of the sermon, \$20.67 were collected.

THOSE SPARROWS.

We are glad to learn that some at least of these little strangers were so well received that they give every promise of proving prolific colonists. The Corporation arranged with the importer to take some forty birds and they were at once domiciled in the Viger Garden conservatory, where they may be seen any day chirping cheerily. The others seem to have been left pretty much to their own resources, and have fared badly.

ACCIDENT.

Yesterday afternoon an accident of a rather serious nature occurred on St. Charles Baronnee street, near Craig. Dr. Thayer and his wife were driving in their carriage, accompanied by a young lady friend, when it suddenly fell into one of the many large holes left since the recent excavations there, which, being filled with water, escaped the Doctor's notice. The shafts and body of the carriage were broken, and the two ladies thrown violently to the ground. They were instantly attended to by Dr. Drake, who had them conveyed home. Mrs. Thayer's injuries are of a serious nature, but her young friend fortunately escaped with but a few bruises.

The state of St. Charles Baronnee street in this locality is disgraceful; the excavation being filled in improperly, the ground has sunk in several places, leaving holes two or three feet deep.

A QUESTION OF THE DAY.

Indignation Meeting at Cote des Neiges Last Night.

Yesterday evening a meeting of the inhabitants of that part of the suburbs of Montreal, and of those residing in the neighborhood of the R. C. burying ground, was held in the Lecture Room of the Union Church, Cote des Neiges road, James Camp, Esq., in the chair, for the purpose of expressing their indignation at the manner in which the Fabrique of Montreal are availing themselves of the expropriation laws for the purpose of taking by force the lands of Protestant proprietors at almost a nominal value, for the purpose of selling them in retail at a profit of 15,000 per cent.

The meeting was crowded with one of the most respectable and influential assemblies ever collected in that neighborhood, amongst whom were Messrs. Brown, Phillips, Gunn, Rutherford, McMaster, McGregor, Brodie, Bos, Fulton, Swail, Edwards and many other of the leading proprietors. Mr. Camp stated the circumstances under which they were called together, and congratulated them upon the interest they had felt in the matter as evinced by the crowded room and high influence and respectability of those assembled. A series of resolutions, condemnatory of the course pursued by the Fabrique, were passed, after being commented upon with much eloquence, and a promise from all the speakers to use their efforts to abate the wrong sought to be inflicted upon the landholders, to feed the greed of those seeking to enrich one set upon the plunder of another.

The meeting was so important, and the resolutions of such public interest that we cannot do them justice by an abridgement, and prefer to publish our report at length in to-morrow's issue.

A TEMPERANCE LECTURE.

(From the N.Y. Sun.)

Coroner Schirmer yesterday held an inquest over the body of John Miller who had been run over in Chatham street by car 190 of the Third Avenue line. Miller was ejected from car 103 on account of drunkenness, and was staggering across the street when run over. George W. Hill, conductor of 103 was censured for ejecting Miller.

BARNUM HIMSELF AGAIN.

(From the N.Y. Sun.)

Barnum has certainly achieved his greatest triumph as a public exhibitor in collecting the stupendous aggregation of shows with which he has opened the Ring. No less than seven distinct exhibitions—museum, menagerie, caravan, hippodrome, zoological garden, polytechnic institute and circus—and all of the best and most complete character, are offered to the people for the trifle of fifty cents, notwithstanding the fact that besides paying Mr. Wood \$15,000 for the privilege of exhibiting, Mr. Barnum is under an additional expense of \$2,500 per day.

The active proceedings of the municipal status of New York is being closely studied by the world at large; the result will show that a Republic, unlike a despotism, can purify itself by legal and moral means, as occasions may require; and that in the most anxious moment the great value cannot be overlooked of Giannelli's Royal Italian Bitters. Sold by our principal Druggists and Grocers. 21-1

The Beautiful Snow.

The advent of the snow calls forcibly to our minds the necessity of providing without further delay for the cold blasts of winter and we cannot give our readers better advice than to call on Mr. James C. Allen, merchant tailor, 148 St. Joseph street, whose stock of winter goods is very extensive. Mr. Callen conducts his business on the good old fashioned principle that "the best article for the least money" is the surest advertisement; no one who obtains a suit of clothes from Mr. Callen can fail to be pleased, with both quality and price, as well as fit; the cutting department being presided over by Mr. Conway, who was for some years connected with one of the leading houses on Broadway, New York. We can safely recommend our readers to call on Mr. Callen feeling quite sure that they cannot fail to be satisfied at the treatment they will receive.

A large assortment of Boots and Shoes, suitable for the season, at Ronayne's, Chaboules square. 252-1y

The rich and the poor, the high and the low all patronize the West-end Fifty Cent and One Dollar Store, opposite the Recollet House. Come and see the rush. 198

What makes a Dollar Store? Not by deceiving the public; not by selling an article for \$1 only worth 50 cents; not by making a great blow in the papers, with only eight or ten hundred dollars in stock. What does make a Dollar Store is importing your goods direct, giving to the public the benefit of your importation, upon which they will save 100 per cent. This you will find to be so by paying a visit to Harper's Centre Mammoth Dollar Store; you are sure to call again. Harper is the pioneer of Dollar Stores in Canada, and is weekly receiving new goods from all parts of the globe; he keeps constantly on hand the largest and most varied stock of any Dollar Store on the continent, at 267 Cathedral Block, Notre Dame street. 271-6

Hasty Consumption Cured by Fellows' Hypophosphites.

CARLETON, Newfoundland, Jan. 3, 1871. Mr. JAMES I. FELLOWS.—Sir: I came to this country in May, 1869. I found a countryman of mine laboring under some affection of the lungs. I recommended your Syrup, tried at the Druggists in Harbor Grace, but they thought I was inventing the name at their expense. However, in April, 1870, Mr. Edgar Joyce rapidly wasted away with every symptom of quick consumption, so that he was unable to walk across the room, having no appetite, running in the night, nervous system unstrung, dry hacking cough, &c. Fortunately I learned that your Syrup could be obtained at Mr. Dearlin's, in St. John's, and immediately procured some (showed one to W. H. Thompson, who ordered a supply from you at once). This was Tuesday afternoon; at night he took the prescribed dose, and in the morning he described the very results notified on the wrapper. His appetite soon began to return, and a voracious one it was too; the dry hacking cough changed into loose but violent attacks; finally all phlegm altogether; pains left his side, his mind assumed its usual steadiness, and before he finished ten bottles his health was quite restored, and to-day not a more healthy person is to be found on our streets; and it is the opinion of all, had "he not been fortunate in getting your valuable Syrup of Hypophosphites, he would now be in his grave."

He happened to be in W. H. Thompson's the day your first shipment arrived, and took at once four bottles to the Labrador, which he was very anxious to do, but had not occasion to use them himself. No other medicine will he ever prescribe, recommend or give, but yours.

I also recommended it to another consumptive, but have not heard from him since, as he lives in a distant part of the island. Hoping this will give you some encouragement. I remain yours, &c.

D. H. BURRIGE.

Births.
At Cote St. Antoine, on the 27th inst., the wife of E. M. Copeland, of a daughter.

Marriages.
At Toronto, O., on the 13th inst., Mr. Jno. W. Sharpe, to Miss Ellen M. Handgrove, both of Toronto.

Deaths.
In this city, on the 21st instant, Alexander Home Vass, aged 34 years, 5 months and 1 day. The funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 20 Beaver Hall Terrace, to St. George's Church, on Thursday, the 23rd instant, at 2 o'clock, and from thence to the Mount Royal Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

At Kingston, on the 15th inst., Robert Gee aged 43 years.

At Chester Village, near Toronto, O., on the 18th instant, R. E. Playter, Esq., J.P., aged 55 years.

At Beauport, Q., on the 19th inst., Patrick O'Brien, Esq., Postmaster, aged 73.

At Quebec, Q., on the 18th instant, Marie Louise Caroline Nault, wife of Ernest Gagnon, Esq., aged 33 years and 11 months.

Accidentally drowned, while employed on the Intercolonial Railway, James Vere, a native of Lincolnshire, England.

At the Manor, Valcartier, on the 12th Nov., the Rev. David Shanks, aged 70 years.

3rd EDITION

SIX O'CLOCK

Latest from Quebec—A Batch of Remonours.

QUEBEC, Nov. 21.
Captain Meigham has left to inspect the Government police in Buckingham, and to investigate the Gros Louis murder at Lorette.

Applications were read from the towns of L'Assomption and Rimouski for Government police force.

Messrs. Allan have sold their line of steamers to the Grand Trunk.

Sir Hugh Allan has offered to construct a Canadian Pacific Railroad.

Sir George Cartier's approaching visit to England is in connection with the last rumor that the Northern Pacific Railroad have offered to purchase the Grand Trunk and Great Western railways.

It is said that an English capitalist has offered to build the North Shore Railroad for \$30,000 per mile, requiring only Government land as a guarantee, whilst the four American capitalists ask \$40,000 per mile.

PORTLAND, Me., Nov. 21.
The SS. Hibernian arrived about 11:30 a.m., with 22 cabin and 166 steerage passengers. Her mails will leave at 1:30 p.m.

Provincial Accounts—A Large Deficit.
QUEBEC, Nov. 21.

The Public Accounts were distributed in the House yesterday.

Balance in the Banks on 30th June was.....\$659,035 33
Receipts during the year were.....1,651,287 09
The expenses were.....1,659,495 25
Deficit this year.....\$208 16

The Russian Prince in New York.
NEW YORK, Nov. 21.

The Grand Duke has landed, and the procession commenced to move up Broadway. Broadway from Union Square to the Battery is thronged with people. Every window and every spot from which a view can be obtained is occupied. New York has not since the war presented so brilliant a military display. The reception of the Grand Duke along the whole line of march is of the most brilliant and enthusiastic character.

Weather all Round.
November 24.

Boston: Wind W.; cloudy; ther. 52°. Buffalo: Wind W. W.; threatening; ther. 39°. Detroit: Wind S. W.; cloudy; ther. 30°. Sackville: Wind N. W.; been snowing, appearance now of clearing off; ther. 44°. Quebec: Bar. 29.50, falling; ther. 38°; wind light S. W.; overcast; raining. Pembroke: Bar. 29.17; ther. 36°; wind S. S. W. Desjardins: cloudy; ther. 35°. Cape Rosier: Cloudy and mild; ther. 35°. Light N. W. wind. Riviere du Loup: Overcast and mild; light rain; light S. wind. Brudnel: Cool N. E. wind. Ottawa: Ther. 38°; cloudy and mild; ther. 34°.

Cape Rosier.—No shipping.
Riviere du Loup.—Two vessels outwards this a.m.

Father Point.—S. S. St. Patrick outwards at 7:30 a.m.

Toronto Markets.
TORONTO, Nov. 21.

Wheat—Fall, \$1.30 to 1.33; Spring, \$1.20 to 1.25. Flour—XX, \$5.90 to 6.00; X, \$5.50 to 6.00; Fancy, \$5.55 to \$5.60; Spring X, \$5.50 to 5.55; No. 1 Super, \$5.45 to 5.60; Extra, \$5.30 to 5.40. Barley, 50c. to 60c. Oats, 30c. to 40c. Peas, 70c. to 75c. Corn, 65c. to 70c. Rye, 70c. to 72c. Beans, \$1.55. Butter—Dairy, 16c. to 18c.; Medium, 14c. to 15c.; Poor, 11c. to 12c. Lard, 11 to 11½.

New York Markets.
November 21.

Cotton, 18½. Flour unchanged; receipts, 7,000 bbls; sales, 8,000 bbls at \$5.85 to 6.25 for super State and Western; \$6.40 to 7.25 for common to good Extra State; \$6.70 to 7.35 for good to choice Extra Western. Rye—flour steady. Wheat 10 better; receipts, 123,000 bush; sales, 59,000 bush, at \$1.52 to \$1.55 for No. 2 Spring; \$1.60 to \$1.63 for Winter Red and Western; \$1.64 to \$1.65 for Amber Mich.; \$1.68 to 1.75 for White Western. Rye quiet. Corn unchanged; receipts 99,000 bush; sales, 68,000 bush, at 74 to 80c for Western Mixed. Barley unchanged; receipts, 53,000 bush at \$1.15 to 1.20.

Oats lower; receipts, 44,000 bushels; sales, 35,000 bush at 52c to 53c for Western and Ohio. Pork dull, at \$12.87 to 13.00 for mess. Lard weak and steady at 9½ to 9½ for steam, and 9½ for kettle rendered. Butter, 12c to 33c. Cheese, 11c to 14c.

LONDON, Nov. 21—1.30 P.M.

Consols, 93½ for money; 93½ for account. Bonds—1862, 92; 1865, 92½; 1867, 94½; 1840's, 90½.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 21—10.30 A.M.

Cotton firm. Wheat, 9½; Orleans, 9½ to 9½. Breadstuffs firm; receipts of wheat for three days, 35,000 quarters; American, 77,500; led Western, 11s to 11s 7d; Red Winter, 11s 10d; Corn, 32s. Barley, 4s; Peas, 42s to 42s 6d; Lard, 46s.

MASONIC.
A communication has been received by the Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge of Quebec from British Columbia, stating that the representatives of various Masonic Lodges in that country, recently assembled in convention, declared themselves "The Grand Lodge of the Province of British Columbia." The following brethren were elected the first Grand Officers:—M. W. Bro. J. W. Powell, G.M.; M. W. Bro. R. Burnaby, P.G.M.; R. W. Bro. J. F. Creight, D.G.M.; R. W. Bro. J. A. Grahame, P.D.G.M.; R. W. Bro. Simeon Duck, G.S.W.; R. W. Bro. H. Nathan, G.J.W.; R. W. Bro. M. M. Wait, G.T.

THE FAMINE IN PERSIA.
On Friday last we published an account of the action taken by our Jewish fellow citizens in behalf of the Persian sufferers, and we then asked, "What are Christians going to do?" We are now glad to be enabled to inform our readers that a leading Christian

organization has had the matter under consideration during the past few days, and that it is proposed to form a committee in which all creeds and nationalities shall be represented, to act in the premises. It is certainly desirable that a true statement of the case, sifted from all "mood and thunder" exaggeration, should be reached, and that an efficient and responsible executive for the due forwarding of contributions should be formed. We are reminded by a correspondent that more than one clergyman brought the subject of the Persian suffering under notice of his congregation on Thanksgiving Day, and that the clergy, as a body, are quite willing to take charge of the contributions of their flocks without putting on the shoulders of volunteers a task which by them would be deemed one of pleasure and duty.

STEALING IRON.
Three lads, named William Montgomery, 16; Michael Sexton, 16; and James Sexton, 14, were yesterday evening arrested by S. C. Miller, City Police force, on the charge of stealing pig iron. The policeman saw the lads enter a back yard off St. Lawrence Main street, under very suspicious circumstances. He followed them into the yard, and found them depositing upon the scales of an old iron, etc., dealer, pieces of pig iron which they had evidently stolen. There were some eight lads, all young thieves, apparently upon the same business. The iron, the boys stated, was taken from the wharves, adjoining the canal, where immense quantities are piled. Montgomery was some months ago convicted of a theft, and sent down for six weeks. The Sextons have also appeared previously before the police magistrate. The parents of the last mentioned lads are drunkards, and they cannot be said to possess a home anywhere. The magistrate expressed a hope that before twelve months more had passed, a suitable institution will have been put in operation for the benefit of the youngsters whose parents belong to the Protestant Church. Sentence will be passed this afternoon.

THEATRE ROYAL.
A new play called "The Revolt of the Commune; or, Paris in 1871," written expressly for this theatre, was produced last night before one of the largest audiences of the season. The piece suffered from all the disadvantages of a first performance, and it was almost impossible to tell what it was all about. The plot—as near as we can guess—seems to be the wrong done to Philomet (Miss Rane) by the Viscount de Monserat (Mr. Leslie), by contracting a false marriage with her; and the influence which his conduct had on her father, Antoine (Mr. Phelps), one of the leaders of the Commune.

Incidental to the story are some comic scenes between *Faureluche* (Miss Quinton) and *Schnappe*, a Dutch spy, excellently rendered by Mr. Hudson. The piece appears to be rather sketchy, but as soon as the actors learn their parts, we shall be better able to judge of it. The scenery was excellent; the burning of the Louvre being especially good, and the fight at the barricades by the supers was very well done.

Miss Rane played *Philomet* fairly, but was suffering too much from illness to do justice to herself or the part. Mr. Hudson was excellent in *Schnappe*, and Miss Quinton very pleasing as *Faureluche*; the duet "When a Little Farm we Keep" by them was extremely well done, and received a well-deserved and unanimous encore. "The Revolt of the Commune" will be repeated to-night.

PRINTERS' FESTIVAL.
The Champion Composer of Canada.

The great festival of the printers, under the auspices of the Jacques Cartier Typographical Union, commenced this morning at the St. Patrick's Hall with the match for the championship of Canada. There were seven entries, viz:—
M. Corcoran, *Daily News*; W. S. Humphrey and W. Wilson, *Gazette*; A. Sabourin, *Le Pays*; D. Ratelle, T. Berthiaume, and A. Mondou, *La Minerve*.

The judges were Messrs. J. Lovell, T. White, D. Bentley, and N. Sabourin, with Mr. A. Stevenson as referee. Time was called at 10.10, and setting lasted just two hours. At the end of that time the judges took the matter, counted and measured it with the following result:—
A. Mondou..... 2,736 ems, 22 errors.
T. Berthiaume..... 2,724 " 22 " 1 out.
M. Corcoran..... 2,711 " 23 " 1 out.
H. S. Humphreys..... 2,639 " 7 " 1 out.
D. Ratelle..... 2,562 " 14 " 1 out.
W. Wilson..... 2,422 " 18 " 1 out.
A. Sabourin..... 2,307 " 20 " 25 "

The contestants were then set to work to correct their proofs, each continuing to set after he had corrected, until all was done. The judges were then for a long time in consultation; taking into account spacing &c., and finally gave their decision that T. Berthiaume of the *Minerve* was

THE CHAMPION OF CANADA,
he having set 2,794 ems; A. Mondou second, 2,751. The race throughout was very close and exciting, Mondou led all the way, emptying his sticks in 17½, 17½, 17, 19, 18, 18 minutes, and he was looked on as a safe winner; in correcting, however, he made three errors, while Berthiaume made none, and so passed and beat him, winning the match and silver stick. The match was watched with great interest by a large number of types. To-night two matches for a prize of \$25 each, will take place, one for English, the other for French composition. A ball will follow, commencing about 9 o'clock.

POLICE COURT.
Before W. H. Brebant, Esq., P.M.

November 21st.

The attention of the Court during the whole of the morning was devoted to the hearing of David Galstein's case continued from yesterday. This party, a seaman of the ship *Corica*, prosecutes his captain, Thomas Cusin for ill-usage. Previous to the opening of the case, application was made on the part of the prosecution for a postponement of the case, three other material witnesses being absent. Two of these it appears, lie in the Hospital, and their evidence will be taken. Galstein testifies that the ship *Corica* is unworthy, and that his life would

be endangered if he takes in her another trip. That on the 2nd inst., while coming up the St. Lawrence, the ship was driven by a stiff breeze upon the rocks below Quebec near Bic. That in this perilous position, the vessel remained from nine in the morning till seven in the evening, saving all the time on the rocks by the force of the wind. That by this action, her bottom was greatly torn, and large pieces of the ship's timbers were seen to rise to the surface of the water. That after the arrival in Quebec, and up to this time in port, no attempt has been made to repair the injuries then sustained. Three of Galstein's shipmates corroborate this evidence, but admit she made no water, nor was the cargo damaged; Galstein also gave detailed statements of ill-usage which he had suffered from the hands of the captain.

The Counsel for the defendant, opened his defence by giving notice of the protest, he had fixed yesterday in which he denied the right of the Court to adjudicate in the case. He cited extracts from the law relating to identical complaints which provided that the prosecution should be made at the port from which they originally shipped. He proceeded in the case under protest. The Assistant Port Warden testified that the ship was first class, and strongly built, being perfectly seaworthy. That on the 10th inst., Capt. Slater, the Port Port Warden, and himself carefully examined her bottom, and found her timbers firm and uninjured. The certificate of this examination was laid before the Court. (The case is not yet closed.)

Charles Chartrand, carter, St. Dominique street, drunk, ill-using his horse, and assaulting Constable Holtin, \$3 and costs or twenty days.

James Smith, seaman, ship *Pomona*, drunk on the shipping wharf, \$1 and costs or ten days. His shipmate, Thos. Ward, arrested for boisterous conduct on the wharves, was discharged.

THE WEATHER.
Temperature in the shade, by standard Thermometer, observed by Hearn, Harrison & Co. Opticians and Mathematical Instrument makers, 242 & 244 Notre Dame street:—6 p.m. yesterday, 40°; 8 a.m. to-day, 40°; 1 p.m. to-day, 41°. Max., 41°; Min., 37°; 5 a.m., 38°; 2 p.m. Standard Barometer compensated and corrected:—5 p.m. yesterday, 30.07; 8 a.m. to-day, 29.93; 1 p.m. to-day, 29.97.

Montreal, Nov. 21, 1871.

LATEST MONEY.
NEW YORK. Nov. 21.

Gold at 2 p.m. 110½ to 00
Sterling Exchange 84 to 00

MONTREAL.
Greenbacks bought at a discount of .110 to 00
Greenbacks sold at a discount of . . . 94 to 00
Silver bought at a discount of . . . 6 to 7

G. W. WARNER & SON,
Cor. Notre Dame & St. Frs. Xavier streets.

MONTREAL STOCK MARKET.

STOCKS. Buyers. Sellers. Trans- actions.

Bank of Montreal... 290½xd 295xd 212-24
Bank of N.A. 114 " " " "
City Bank..... B.C. " " " "
Banque du Peuple... 110½ 111 " " "
Molson's Bank..... 112½ 115 " " "
Bank of Toronto.... B.C. " " " "
Banque Jac. Cartier... B.C. " " " "
Merchants' Bank.... 132½ 132½ 132½-3
E. Townshend's Bank. 117 " " " "
Quebec Bank..... B.C. " " " "
Banque Nationale.... 108 " " " "
Union Bank..... 108 112 " " "
Royal Canadian Bank 108½ 108½ 108½
Mechanics' Bank.... 88 " " " "
Can. Bk of Commerce 122½ 122½ " " "
Montreal Mining Co. \$1.00 \$2.00 " " "
Huron Copper Bay... 25 " " " "
Intercol. Coal Co.... 79 " " " "
Quebec Fire Ins.... " " " " "
Cham. & St. L. R.R. 29 " " " "
Do. do. S.P. Bonds... 89½ 100½ " " "
Do. Sterling 6 p.c. 89 " " " "
Mont. Telegraph Co. 190 196 " " "
People's Telegraph Co. 90 100 " " "
Richellieu Nav. Co... 219 " " " "
Grenadian N. Co.... 112 " " " "
City Pass. Railway... 248½ 248½ " " "
City Gas Company... 175 180 " " "
Merch's. Exchange... 85 " " " "
General District Per. Building Society.... 112 " " " "
Can. Rolling Stock Co 105 " " " "
Montreal Cab Co.... " " " " "
Dominion Stock.... " " " " "
Dominion Bonds.... " " " " "
Govt. Deb. 6 p.c. stig. " " " " "
Govt. Deb. 6 p.c. stig. " " " " "
Govt. Deb. 5 p.c. stig. 96½ " " " "
Govt. Deb. 5 p.c. stig. 96½ " " " "
Montreal Harbor S. c. y. Bonds..... " " " " "
Do. 6 p.c. do. due '88 " " " " "
Mont. Harbor, 6 p.c. " " " " "
Quebec Harbor Bonds 8 p.c. " " " " "
Montreal " p.c. " 114 " " " "
Montreal Corp. Bonds 90 110 " " "
Montreal W. Bonds 90 100 " " "
Do. 6 p.c. Stock.... 100 102½ " " "

EXCHANGE.
Bank 60 days sight or 75 days date, 109½ @ 109½
Merchants' Bills, 60 days, 108½ @ 108½
Bank on demand on New York .. 101 @ 11
Merchants' Bills, .. 100 @ 10
Bank Gold Drafts on N. York, .. 00 @ per
Gold rate at noon in New York, .. 110½

he endangered if he takes in her another trip. That on the 2nd inst., while coming up the St. Lawrence, the ship was driven by a stiff breeze upon the rocks below Quebec near Bic. That in this perilous position, the vessel remained from nine in the morning till seven in the evening, saving all the time on the rocks by the force of the wind. That by this action, her bottom was greatly torn, and large pieces of the ship's timbers were seen to rise to the surface of the water. That after the arrival in Quebec, and up to this time in port, no attempt has been made to repair the injuries then sustained. Three of Galstein's shipmates corroborate this evidence, but admit she made no water, nor was the cargo damaged; Galstein also gave detailed statements of ill-usage which he had suffered from the hands of the captain.

The Counsel for the defendant, opened his defence by giving notice of the protest, he had fixed yesterday in which he denied the right of the Court to adjudicate in the case. He cited extracts from the law relating to identical complaints which provided that the prosecution should be made at the port from which they originally shipped. He proceeded in the case under protest. The Assistant Port Warden testified that the ship was first class, and strongly built, being perfectly seaworthy. That on the 10th inst., Capt. Slater, the Port Port Warden, and himself carefully examined her bottom, and found her timbers firm and uninjured. The certificate of this examination was laid before the Court. (The case is not yet closed.)

Charles Chartrand, carter, St. Dominique street, drunk, ill-using his horse, and assaulting Constable Holtin, \$3 and costs or twenty days.

James Smith, seaman, ship *Pomona*, drunk on the shipping wharf, \$1 and costs or ten days. His shipmate, Thos. Ward, arrested for boisterous conduct on the wharves, was discharged.

THE WEATHER.
Temperature in the shade, by standard Thermometer, observed by Hearn, Harrison & Co. Opticians and Mathematical Instrument makers, 242 & 244 Notre Dame street:—6 p.m. yesterday, 40°; 8 a.m. to-day, 40°; 1 p.m. to-day, 41°. Max., 41°; Min., 37°; 5 a.m., 38°; 2 p.m. Standard Barometer compensated and corrected:—5 p.m. yesterday, 30.07; 8 a.m. to-day, 29.93; 1 p.m. to-day, 29.97.

Montreal, Nov. 21, 1871.

LATEST MONEY.
NEW YORK. Nov. 21.

Gold at 2 p.m. 110½ to 00
Sterling Exchange 84 to 00