DAILY WITNESS

VOL. XXXII, No. 141 — MONTREAL, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17, 1891. — PRICE ONE CENT.

Notices of births, marriages and deaths invariably must be endorsed with the name and address of the sender or otherwise no notice can be taken of them. Verses and extended obituary notices are charged for at regular rates.

BIRTHS.

SLATER.—At No. 1 Thistle Terrace, on the 15th inst., the wife of Geo. A. Slater, of a son.

BUSHELL.—Mrs. Bushell, wife of Rev. E. Bushell, Cote St. Antoine, of a son.

MARRIED.

MUIR—HARRIGAN.—On the 8th day of June, 1891, by the Rev. John Pickering, Mr. William Langford Muir, to Miss Mary Jane Harrigan, both of S. Plantagenet, Co. Prescott, Ontario.

DIED.

MERRY.—At Los Vegas, New Mexico, June 10, Emma Sawyer, beloved wife of H. R. Merry, in the 30th year of her age.
Interred at Magog, P.Q.

WHITLEY.—At 288 Upper Stanley street, on Tuesday, 16th June, Ethel May, eldest daughter of A. G. Whitley, aged 11 years and 7 days.
Funeral from her father's residence on Thursday, 18th inst., at 2 p.m. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

DEWAR.—At the Township of Caledonia, Prescott County, Ont., May 4th, 1891, Rodrick Dewar, aged 74 years.

HARRIS.—On the 16th inst., Sidney, third son of Sloan Harris, aged 2 years and 7 months.
Funeral from his father's residence 1163 St. Antoine street, St. Henri, on Thursday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock.

KENNEDY.—On Saturday, June 13th, at Edina, P.Q., Lena Vida, second daughter of Minnie and George Kennedy, aged 5 years, 2 months and 19 days.

McLAURIN.—At East Hawkesbury, County of Prescott, Ont., on the 10th June, 1891, James A. McLaurin, youngest son of the late Peter Roy McLaurin, aged 45 years, 9 months and 18 days.

McCOMBE.—At Bourg Louis, June 13th, 1891, entered into rest, Margaret, eldest daughter of Andrew McCorkle, and beloved wife of William McCombe, aged 29 years and 10 months.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

"IT DOES NOT COVER THE EARTH."—The factory of the Brantford Piano Co is not the largest in the world, but it is sufficiently extensive to enable the proprietors, who have a combined experience of 50 years, to manufacture "the best" Canadian piano, with the exception of the celebrated Heintzman. Don't fail to call at C. W. Lindsay's warerooms, 2270 St. Catherine street, and see the "Brantford."

THE BELL PIANO AND ORGAN FACTORY is at least ten times greater in every way than the majority of American factories. The Bell Piano is a perfect hit. Willis & Co., sole Agents.

TO PHYSICIANS:—Parke Davis & Co's latest preparations. Wampole's ditto. Camphor! Camphor! Camphor! Henry R. Gray, Chemist, 122 St. Lawrence Main street.

THE "WITNESS" FOR SUMMER RESORTS.—Those who cannot procure the *Witness* at the seaside or other resorts may be able to find some person willing to become an agent for it. We will supply the paper to agents at the same rate as in the city, eight cents per dozen, and to transient subscribers at twenty-five cents per month, free of postage. Who would be without a daily paper at these rates?

COVERNTON'S AROMATIC
BLACKBERRY CARMINATIVE, a safe, easy and effectual cure for DIARRHŒA, CHOLERA MORBUS and DYSENTERY for both Children and Adults. Price 25c. For Sale by all Druggists
Be sure and get that prepared by
C. J. COVERNTON & CO.,
Corner of Bleury and Dorchester sts.

HUGH RUSSELL.
1804 Notre Dame street.
FURNITURE.
Prices right; value warranted.

Gloves! Gloves! Gloves!



—FROM THE—
Best Makers in France and England.
LADIES' GLOVES!
CHILDREN'S GLOVES!
BOYS' GLOVES!
MEN'S GLOVES
Gloves fitted to the hand,
Gloves repaired free.
GLOVES OF ALL KINDS
AT THE LOWEST PRICES,
—AT—
THE GREAT GLOVE AND CORSET STORE,
W. GODBEE BROWN'S
221 St. James street,
☞ THE RUBBER STORE. ☜

CITY FURNITURE &
COMMISSION WAREHOUSE
FINE BEDROOM SUITES, $12.50 up.
FINE PARLOR SUITES, $25.00 up.
VERY PRETTY DININGROOM SUITES.
FINE AND HEALTHY BEDDING
At the lowest prices.
JAS. STEEL, 1876 Notre Dame St.

S. CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

PRINT DEPARTMENT.

Ladies intending to spend the summer in the country or at the seaside, should, before departing, give the Print Department a call, where they will find the largest and most choice stock in Canada to select suitable dresses from:—

ALL THE NEWEST MATERIALS,
EVERY NEW ART SHADE,
THE LATEST PATTERNS DESIGNED,
GOODS FROM THE BEST MAKERS,
COLORS PERFECT AND FAST.

ENGLISH SATEENS, in all qualities
FRENCH SATEENS, in all qualities
AMERICAN SATEENS
S. CARSLEY.

ALSATIAN LAWNS,
COTTON LLAMAS,
Both printed and plain.
GINGHAM LUSTRES,
Most Handsome Designs,
Will wash well and look like Silk.
FASHIONABLE CHECKED GINGHAMS
FASHIONABLE STRIPED GINGHAMS
FASHIONABLE PLAID GINGHAMS
REAL SCOTCH GINGHAMS
REAL FRENCH ZEPHYRS
REAL ENGLISH GINGHAMS.
STRIPED GALATEAS
STRIPED DRILLS
ATALEA TWILLS
S. CARSLEY.

CHEAP PRINTS, fast colors, 5c
CHEAP PRINTS, fast colors, 6c
CHEAP PRINTS, fast colors, 7½c
Extra value for 12½c
Well printed, fast colored Drillettes and Sateens, 12½c per yard.
SCOTCH GINGHAMS, 5½c
SCOTCH GINGHAMS, 7½c
SCOTCH GINGAMS, 9½c
ROYAL STUART PLAID GINGHAMS
VICTORIA PLAID GINGHAMS
MACKENZIE PLAID GINGHAMS

THE LATEST NOVELTY
SILK FINISHED GINGHAM
Will make up like Surah Silk.
S. CARSLEY.

NEW PRINTS FOR BLOUSES
NEW PRINTS FOR DRESSES
NEW PRINTS FOR SHIRTS
Handsome Designs in Sateens
Lovely Qualities in Sateens
Beautiful Effects in Sateens

ALL FAST COLORS.

PRINTS,	SATEENS,
GINGHAMS.	ZEPHYRS,
LAWNS,	CAMBRICS,
DRILLS,	DRILLETTES,
GALATEAS,	LLAMAS,

DRILLS FOR SUITS
DRILLS FOR BLOUSES
DRILLS FOR DRESSES
S. CARSLEY.

CHEAP AND GOOD.
HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.
The Public should cut out the following range of prices and keep them for future reference when coming to procure STOCKINGS. Splendid value.
S. CARSLEY.

COTTON STOCKINGS.
Price List,
16c 14c. 15c. 20c,
22c. 30c. 37c,
40c. 45c.
75c.
We have also on hand special lines in Colored Hosiery
From 25 up,
Worth 3 times the price.
S. CARSLEY.

CASHMERE STOCKINGS.
Price List.
19c,
25c. 34c,
40c. 45c. 48c,
55c. 65c. 70c. 75c,
80c. 90c. 95c,
$1.00, $1.10,
$1.25.
VALUE IN PROPORTION.
S. CARSLEY.

SILK STOCKINGS.
Price List,
70c,
75c. 90c.
$1.25 $1.65. $1.75,
$2.00 $3.75,
$4.50.
Complete and perfect lists like the above cannot be shown in this market.

CLAPPERTON'S SPOOL COTTON.
Always use Clapperton's Thread.
Then you are sure of the best Thread in the market.
Clapperton's Spool Cotton never breaks, never knots, never ravels, and every spool is warranted 300 yards.
Always ask for
CLAPPERTON'S SPOOL COTTON.
S. CARSLEY,
1765, 1767, 1769, 1771, 1773, 1775, 1777, 1779
NOTRE DAME STREET,
MONTREAL.

S. CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

JOHN MURPHY & CO'S.

ADVERTISEMENT.

REAL INDIA SILKS.
Just put into stock, a shipment of Real India Silk in
Black Grounds and Colored Patterns,
White Grounds and Colored Patterns.
This lot will be found the finest goods in the city.
JOHN MURPHY & CO.

Attend our great Mantle Sale.

CHEAP SURAH SILKS.
We are now offering great bargains in COLORED SURAH SILKS. Every color to select from. Read the prices.
COLORED SURAH SILKS, 24 inches wide, only 50c per yard.
COLORED SURAH SILKS, 18 inches wide, only 35c per yard.
JOHN MURPHY & CO.

Samples of our cheap Silks sent on application.

BLACK DRESS SILKS.
We are showing the greatest bargains ever offered in the city in BLACK DRESS SILKS. Take a note of our prices, and call and examine our Silks.
BLACK GROS GRAIN SILKS, 50c per yard.
BLACK SATIN MERVES, 75c per yard.
BLACK SURAH SILKS, 50c per yard.
BLACK GROS ROYAL SILKS, $1.25 per yard.
BLACK SATIN DE LYON, $1 per yard.
BLACK BROCHI SILKS, 75c per yard.
For the best value in all kinds of Black Silks come direct to
JOHN MURPHY & CO.'S.

Attend our great sale of Parasols.

PRINTED PONGEE SILKS.
Beautiful patterns in Printed Pongee Silks selling cheap. Read the prices.
PRINTED PONGEE SILKS, 35c.
PRINTED PONGEE SILKS, 45c.
PRINTED PONGEE SILKS, 50c.
PRINTED PONGEE SILKS, 65c.
PRINTED PONGEE SILKS, 75c.
For the newest designs in Printed Pongee Silks come to
JOHN MURPHY & CO.

Postal orders have our prompt attention. Samples sent on application.

For the best value in Dry Goods come or send your orders direct to
JOHN MURPHY & CO.,
1181 and 1783 NOTRE DAME STREET,
And 105, 107, 109 and 111 St. Peter st.
Terms cash and only one price.



MARRIAGE LICENSES,
ISSUED BY
JOHN M. M. DUFF,
180 ST. JAMES STREET.

ATLAS OF MONTREAL
—AND—
VICINITY,
showing Buildings, Street Nos., Cadastral and Subdivision Nos., and Homologated Street Lines.
A subscription list at specially reduced prices is open until June 27th, when the list will be closed, and the remaining copies will be held at higher price.
Odd plates of the Atlas can also be had during this month.
Not many copies left of Vol I.
CHAS. E. GOAD,
CIVIL ENGINEER,
Temple Building, 185 St. James street.

Furniture for the Country.
Low-priced Bedroom Furniture.
Low-priced Dining-room Furniture.
Rattan Chairs and Couches.
Veranda Chairs and Rockers.
Camp Chairs, Stools, &c.,
At S. R. PARSONS'
FURNITURE ROOMS,
1813 and 1815 Notre Dame street.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

S. CARSLEY'S EXTRA.



Take the Elevator to the Shoe Department.
S. CARSLEY.

LADIES' 75c to $3.50. LOW SHOES.
THE VERY LATEST STYLES
Are the Faust, Edison Tie, Victoria, Glady, Jersey Lily, Patent Leather Shoes, Scollop Patent Shoes, Kid Foxed Shoes in Common Sense and Opera.
ALL NEW YORK MAKES.
WE REPRESENT
The Best Makers in the World.
TRUNKS! TRUNKS!
IN THE SHOE DEPARTMENT.
Take the Elevator.
S. CARSLEY,
Notre Dame street.

"PRETTY WARM TO-DAY, ISN'T IT?"

This is what the 250,000 people of Montreal said to-day and yesterday, and so it is put in print to record the fact. It was hot, but in spite of the heat, those who wore linen which had been done up at the

TROY LAUNDRY

suffered less than those who did not, for in face of the intense heat the collars and cuffs retained their stiffness to perfection and were a great comfort to the wearers. Remember this Troy Laundry, corner Craig and St. Peter streets. Telephone number—Bell 666; Federal 542

PLEASANT — SAFE — RELIABLE
THE GREAT
BLOOD PURIFIER
BRISTOL'S
SARSAPARILLA
CURES ALL
Taints of the Blood.
CERTAIN



BROWN & STEEL,
221 St. James street,
—ARE—
HEADQUARTERS
—FOR—
SHIRTS.
All sizes at $1.00. Best value in the city. Brown & Steel's "Eureka" Full Dress Shirt is the best that money can buy.

JAS. A. OGILVY & SONS'
ADVERTISEMENT.
MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.
We are busy in this Department and ladies appreciate the reductions we have made
BOYS' SAILOR HATS, from 15c each. All this season's Goods.
LADIES' UNTRIMMED HATS, from 25c.
CHILDREN'S SAILOR HATS, from 25c.
CHILDREN'S TRIMMED HATS, $1.00.
TRIMMED SHADES, from 75c.
CHILDREN'S MUSLIN CAPS, for 40c, 60c $1 00 and upwards.
All Trimmed Goods reduced to almost half of original price
BLOUSES AND WHITE WEAR.
We are showing Novelties and New Goods in this Department.
The newest goods, newest styles, and trimmed with the newest Trimmings.
Special attention given in this department, and lady attendants to wait on our customers.
JAS. A. OGILVY & SONS',
Corner Mountain and St. Antoine streets.
Telephones, Bell, 2225. Federal, 1650.

THE BEAUTY OF THE OTTAWA can be best seen now by taking a trip on the Palace SS. "Sovereign." Speed, elegance and comfort.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

$57.00 NETT CASH.
Solid Oak Sideboard, Solid Oak Dining Table 6 Side Diners, Leather Seat, 2 Arm Diners, Leather Seat, best value in the city.
FEE & MARTIN,
Furniture, Carpets and Bedding Warerooms,
357 to 361 St. James street.

The Daily Witness

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 17

Last Edition

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

CANADIAN.

QUEEN CITY TOPICS.

(Special to the Witness.)

TORONTO, June 17.—The granting of a license to the saloon at the Union Station has brought the License Commissioners under the condemnation of the Good Templars. A copy of the resolutions passed by them will be sent to the Premier. The Good Templars have decided to petition the Government to amend the License Act so as to prevent the sale of liquor at railway stations or within 200 yards of one.

After paying the usual dividend of seven percent the Ontario Bank has added thirty thousand dollars to its reserve fund. Sir W. P. Howland was re-elected president.

The Bank of Commerce pays dividends 47 and 48 at 7 percent, transfers $100,000 to the rest account, gives the retiring president $10,000 and carries forward a balance of over $22,000.

John Dean, alias Biddell, a professional burglar, has escaped from the Central Prison. Having been in poor health he was employed in the garden gang. He got into the shrubbery, put on a suit of clothes which no doubt somebody had "planted" for him and walked off. He is wanted in the United States.

Miss Maud Cawthra, eldest daughter of Mr. Henry Cawthra, was married at St. James Cathedral, yesterday, to Captain Henry Brock, junior partner of Cassels, Cassels & Brock, barristers. Very many prominent citizens were present. The wedding tour will last a month.

The lady students attending the University of Toronto have sent a memorial to the Senate and the board of trustees of the University and the Lieutenant-Governor asking for a reservation of an extensive portion of the University lands for a residence, and for recreation ground for ladies attending the University, and to assist in raising whatever funds may be necessary to carry out the scheme.

COST HIM HIS GOWN.

Mr. Lorenzo Titus, a young lawyer of the city, about ten years ago was employed in a criminal case that cost him his gown. Miss Annie Wright of Peterboro was on trial there for manslaughter, she having shot at and killed a man who made indecent proposals to her and refused to leave her grounds when ordered to do so. Mr Titus was called in for her defence and, after informing her that the case looked bad for her, got $600 with which to "fix" the jury. When the case came to trial she was honorably acquitted by Judge O'Connor, who did not send the case to the jury. Then it came to light that Mr. Titus had not "fixed" the jury, but had appropriated the money to his own use. After enquiry the Law Society struck the name of Mr. Titus from the list of barristers. Now, Mr. Titus, who is a town councillor of Brighton and a prominent citizen there, having atoned for his past fault, asks to be reinstated by the Court of Chancery. The application comes up to-day. The case is exciting much interest in local legal circles, and the Law Society is opposing the application.

TAKING A HOLIDAY.

The Rev. Manly Benson, who has not taken a holiday for some eleven years past, has been granted leave of absence by his church board, and starts to-morrow, accompanied by Mrs. Benson, for California. They intend returning about the end of July.

THE ANCIENT CAPITAL.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

THE NEW CABINET.

QUEBEC, June 16.—The report from Ottawa this afternoon to the effect that the Hon. Mr. Chapleau had consented to accept office under the Hon. Mr. Abbott was as great a relief to the Quebec Conservatives as it was a disappointment to the Liberal politicians, who were counting upon his defection to precipitate a crisis and bring about a coalition. However, the more honest Liberals, who look to principle more than to office, seemed rather more rejoiced than otherwise at the news, holding that it was better for an honorable and high-minded man like Mr. Laurier to bide his time, which must in any case come soon, than to form an alliance with a politician of Mr. Chapleau's stamp and antecedents.

THE LASTERS' STRIKE.

Everything in connection with the difficulty in the boot and shoe industry here was very quiet to-day, and the situation remains virtually unchanged. The striking lasters are resting on their oars awaiting events, and their union is said to have reconsidered its decision to send a deputation to meet the manufacturers, as the latter have given no sign of a desire to meet them and a rebuff would only widen the actual breach. It is said that the bosses have ordered lasting machines from the United States to try to supply the place of the strikers, but the latter do not seem to regard this as very serious. At all events, it has not changed their determination to hold out one iota. They are said to be in communication with a number of American unions, who will give them all the financial aid to hold out for six months, which they claim they intend doing rather than yield. A number of the factories are completely closed down, but a few are still running simply to finish off work already begun. These were guarded yesterday by the police, but the precaution was unnecessary as the members of the union profess to have not the remotest intention of resorting to violence in any shape.

NOTES.

A report has reached here that two freight cars and a platform car went over a bridge, 50 feet high on the Piles Railway near Three Rivers, and that a man named Legaré was killed last evening, the derailed cars being smashed to pieces and considerable other damage done. No further details have been received.

At Lorette yesterday two men employed in blasting a rock to lay the foundations of the blast, were seriously injured by the premature explosion of a blast. One of them had to have his arm amputated.

Mr. L. Brunet, Clerk of the Peace here, has been summoned to Ottawa to give evidence in the McGreevy-Langevin scandal investigation.

A poor demented girl named Genest, aged 19, from St. Appollinaire, Lotbiniere, was found wandering about and worshipping the stones at Chaudière near here yesterday. She has been sent to the Quebec gaol pending orders for her transfer to the Beauport Asylum.

The grocers and liquor-sellers of Quebec held a large meeting in St. Roch's yesterday to organize an association in their own interests. There were over 70 present, including brewers and beer bottlers, and, among other decisions come to, was one fixing for the future a uniform price for all liquors, to come in force on Saturday morning, the 20th inst.

The newly-appointed meat inspector made his first seizure of tainted meat on the St. Roch's market to-day.

Mr. N. Legendre, the well-known Canadian *litterateur* here, is suffering from paralysis, with which he was attacked on Saturday last. His condition is very critical.

Messrs. Berte & Tourangeau, stationers, St. Roch's, made an assignment to-day for the benefit of their creditors. Liabilities about $4,000 and assets $3,825.

A gentleman from Gaspe stated yesterday that snow was still visible in the remote parts of that district.

The body of young O'Neill, of Cap Blanc, who was drowned in the harbor here nearly a month ago, was only recovered yesterday.

About 70 members of the Mystic Shrine Order, who arrived from Montreal this morning, have been "doing the sights" of Quebec all day, attracting a good deal of attention by their turbans and badges. Many of them thought that Quebec enjoyed an arctic temperature all the year round, but they found it hot enough to-day to surprise them rather disagreeably.

The *Daily Telegraph* says that a gentleman was in town yesterday making arrangements for the visit of a Montreal regiment, the Prince of Wales Rifles, who are said to be coming to Quebec for an excursion on the 27th inst., taking up their quarters during their stay in the new Drill Hall.

Three-fourths of the fishing population at Pointe-aux-Esquimaux, on the north shore of the Gulf, are down with the grippe, and, in response to an urgent appeal from Mgr. Bossé for medical aid, the Quebec Government has decided to send Dr. Tremblay, of Montreal, at once to the scene. The disease along the coast is said to be of an excessively dangerous type, and many have already died, while so many more are down with the epidemic that the fishing schooners cannot put to sea for want of hands, and there is consequent danger of the whole fishing season being lost, with the prospect of famine next winter.

POLITICAL GOSSIP.

QUEBEC, June 17.—Mr. Tarte telegraphs from Ottawa to his paper here to-day that on no account will the new Government be allowed to prorogue before the Langevin-McGreevy scandal investigation has been completed, even if it takes six months. He also states that notwithstanding rumors current that pledges have been given that Sir Hector, Sir Adolphe and certain other Ministers will go out after the session, which is creating considerable uneasiness, he has strong doubts on the subject and his conviction is that Mr. Abbott and Sir Hector Langevin intend to remain as long as they can.

L'Electeur claims to have reliable information that the principal opposition to Sir John Thompson's premiership came from Mr. McCarthy, Sir Hector Langevin, and Sir Adolphe Caron.

BISLEY TEAMS.

Lieut. Davidson, of the Quebec 8th Royal Rifles, is to form one of the Bisley rifle team, which sails for England from this port on Thursday next.

HIGH SCHOOL CADETS.

The annual inspection of the High School cadets by Lieut.-Colonel Duchesnay, D.A.G., took place last night at the Drill Hall in the presence of a large assemblage of friends of the juvenile soldiers, who acquitted themselves admirably, and were warmly congratulated by the inspecting officer on their soldierly appearance and the general excellence of their drill. Col. Duchesnay was accompanied by many of the officers of the garrison as well as by Captain Gibson of the Cadets, Mr. W. Hossack, President of the Protestant Board of School Commissioners, Dr. Harper, Inspector of Model Schools, M. T. Ainslie Young, rector of the High School and others.

QUARRY ACCIDENT.

An unfortunate laborer named Senecal, employed in one of Mr. Berger's quarries near St. Raymond, was shockingly injured there yesterday afternoon by the shunting of a locomotive which ran him down on the track while backing cars. The wheels passed over one of his arms and his legs mangling them horribly.

ORDINATION.

The Lord Bishop of Quebec goes to Richmond on the 21st, to hold an ordination service.

SHIPPING.

FATHER POINT, Que., June 17.—The SS. Sarmatian of the Allan Line, from Glasgow passed inward at 4 a.m., with 133 passengers. The SS. Ontario, Dominion Line, from Bristol, passed inward at 4.40 a.m., with no passengers.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE, Toronto, Ont., June 16, 11 p.m.—The pressure is higher to-night over the North-West territories and Manitoba, and generally below normal elsewhere. Heavy showers and thunder storms have been general in Ontario and Quebec; throughout the North-West the weather has been fine. Minimum and maximum temperatures:—Calgary, 48—78; Qu'Appelle, 54—68; Winnipeg, 48—60; Toronto, 60—92; Montreal, 70—90; Quebec, 56—82; Halifax, 50—62. Probabilities for the next 24 hours:—Lakes—Moderate to fresh winds, mostly north-westerly to northerly; cloudy to fair; cooler, some local showers. Upper St. Lawrence, moderate to fresh winds; mostly cloudy, with showers or thunder storms; turning cooler. Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf, moderate to fresh winds, mostly cloudy, with some showers or thunder storms. Maritime, moderate to fresh winds, warm, with showers or thunder storms in most localities.

NEWS.

TRANSATLANTIC.

Mr. Gladstone has recovered his usual state of health.

The flow of lava from Mount Vesuvius has stopped.

The Irish Land Bill has passed the first reading in the House of Lords, and the second reading has been fixed for June 25.

The returns of the French Board of Trade show that in May the imports decreased 72,128,000 francs, and the exports decreased 31,062,000 francs as compared with the corresponding month of last year.

RIOTOUS LAUNDRESSES.

LONDON, June 16.—At an early hour this morning there was a meeting of laundresses in North London, and after speech-making and some wrangling 300 of the women announced their intention of striking and they did. The laundresses demand the eight hour day and 42 pence for a day's labor. The demands are considered excessive by the employers. The strikers, enraged at the fact that all the laundresses of North London did not join in the strike, marched in a body to the establishments where the "blacklegs" were employed and after smashing the windows of such establishments the striking laundresses invaded the laundries and with many taunts and jeers dragged the "blacklegs" away from their work, upset or emptied the washtubs, overturned the ironing tables, kicked over the clothes horses and played havoc generally with the masses of clean linen. The police were utterly powerless to prevent the demonstration.

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY DEAD.

BASLE, June 16.—The tower of the two railway cars suspended over the broken bridge near Moenchenstein, where the accident to an excursion train took place on Sunday, was lifted to-day and more dead bodies were found. This carriage was resting on the bed of the river not far from where the two engines were heaped up. The total number of the dead is now placed at 130, and the number of the injured at about 300.

LEFT TO STARVE.

TROPPAU, Austria, June 16.—A deaf and dumb man was arrested in the village of Herabin for vagrancy on May 28, and was put in a cell. The police forgot all about the prisoner and did not visit his cell again until yesterday, when it was found that the man had died of starvation, and the body had been eaten by rats.

AMERICAN.

FLOUR MILLS DAMAGED.

BUFFALO, N.J., June 16.—Urbans' extensive flour mill was damaged by fire to the extent of $40,000 this morning. It contained 300 to 400 barrels of flour and 3,000 bushels of wheat, all of which was ruined by water. The Barber Asphalt works, foot of Virginia street, were also damaged by fire $5,000, shortly after the mill fire.

FARMERS DISCOURAGED.

WATERTOWN, N.J., June 16.—The drought continues in Jefferson, Lewis and St. Lawrence counties and farmers are discouraged.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—Mr. Foster has suggested to the Secretary of State an amendment to the consular regulations so as to permit persons intending to emigrate from Canada to the United States to execute the requisite oath for the entry of their teams and household and personal effects, either before the collector of customs at the regular port before a United States consular officer, or at a place near their residence in Canada, at the option of the intending emigrant.

THE LIMESTONE CITY.

(Special to the Witness.)

KINGSTON, Ont., June 15.—The Rev. S. Houston, of Cooke's Church, who went on a visit to Ireland, is now confined to a Belfast hospital with typhoid fever.

William Nolan, in a dispute with a river driver at Napanee, had a portion of his nose bitten off. Dr. Leonard performed an operation. He cut a piece off Nolan's arm, sewed it to the nose and left a connection so that circulation could be kept up. After forty-eight hours the connection was severed and the joined section is now healing.

Mr. Henry Bawdin in a letter to the press, urges a bombardment of the heavens with artillery to bring down rain as another week of dry weather means disaster to the farmers of this section.

The graves of deceased Oddfellows will be decorated on June 17, with appropriate ceremony. The grave of Sir John A. Macdonald will be among the number. The Rev. James Kines will deliver the oration. The corner stone of an Oddfellow's temple will be laid on the same day.

KINGSTON, June 16.—Dr. E. H. Smythe, a leading Conservative, looks on the selection of the Hon. J. J. C. Abbott as a mere expediency. When the emergency is over, should a change be desirable, Mr. Abbott will not make objection.

Mr. James, the only son of Mayor Aylesworth, of Napanee, was attacked with peritonitis on Thursday and cannot recover. Experts from Toronto have failed to restore him.

It is suggested that an unused burial ground in the heart of the city be converted into a park, to be named after the deceased Premier.

The *Whig* prints this object lesson for the farmers: "Wool at Kingston, 18c per lb.; wool at Cape Vincent, N.Y., 30c per lb."

The Rev. Dr. Wilson, late of St. George's Church, New York, is here. He leaves for Europe on a trip, and returning will enter mission work in the great American metropolis.

A couple of dozen ladies who bought small articles in Cape Vincent, N.Y., on Saturday, were astonished to find the Customs officers on hand to seize the purchases.

Lieut. Galt, daughter of Chief Justice Galt, Toronto; Miss Dobbs, cousin of Sir Richard Cartwright, and Miss Straubenzee, daughter of Lieut.-Col. Straubenzee, D.A.G., are working here in connection with the Prison Gate Home.

The Rev. Mr. Bullen of Hintonburg has left for England, resigning his office in the diocese of Ontario.

The Rev. Dr. Mackay of Montreal, in a sermon here declared for toleration in religion. Men were not to be persecuted for their religious views. God was to be the judge, not man. Persecution he classed as ecclesiastical lynch law.

STE. CUNEGONDE ANNEXATION.

Ald. Clendinneng, when asked if the suit in Court against the Ste. Cunegonde annexationists was likely to stop annexation proceedings replied in the negative. The city, he says, has power, under its charter, to annex the whole of the Island if it wishes and will go on at once with Ste. Cunegonde's request. He doubts, however, if anything will be done before the fall, as the holidays are now approaching.

"THE LOSS OF CATTLE."

(To the Editor of the Witness.)

SIR,—The item in your last night's issue regarding the "loss of cattle" on board the SS. "Gothenburg City" is very misleading. It states "that the local marine underwriters claim that the cattle were overcrowded, and refused insurance on that account; they held a meeting this forenoon, and decided to at once communicate with the authorities at Ottawa anent the immediate appointment of an inspector." Now, anyone reading the above statement would naturally conclude that all the local marine underwriters were represented at that meeting. History repeats itself. Three tailors of Tooley street once called themselves (at an audience with Queen Elizabeth), "the people of England," and nowadays two or three irresponsible parties have only to call a meeting, move, second and vote unanimously on some ridiculous motion, get it published, and, lo and behold, we have "the three tailors" again. I beg most emphatically to state that the principal "local marine underwriters" were not at the meeting referred to. Marine insurance is like most other businesses—it is just a question of supply and demand. Some of the local underwriters try to get up a ring or pool, and charge extortionate rates; then, because some of the shippers show enough spirit to go outside of the pool, side issues are brought into play; if the three tailors don't like to do the business, this is a free country.

The "Gothenburg City" is a good cattle steamer, with a good record in the trade. Considering the hot weather and the cattle being distillery-fed, the death of a few is not extraordinary. Why, some died on the cars the other day, where they had millions of cubic feet of fresh air all around them.

The next time the three tailors hold a meeting, let them publish their names and the public will be able to judge what a very unimportant body they are, and we can get all our insurance outside of the ring.

CRUX CRITICORUM.

Montreal, June 16, 1891.

BOYS BETTER THAN MOTHS.

(To the Editor of the Witness.)

SIR,—The festival time for these insects is at hand when, even the carefully laid away garments will be found out, and what was a good article of clothing will be riddled with holes and unfit for further use, except the ragman comes along and allows one half cent per pound for the bundle of what might have been the means of making a boy or man happy, especially when they replaced others which have done long and faithful service and there is no money to buy new ones. No wardrobe, it matters not how elegant or expensively got up, is proof against these ravages. Silk and satin, broadcloth and homespun are feasted on with the same zest. "Moths are hungry for anything in that line." But there is also another being who also eats and uses up much good cloth. The boy—the irrepressible boy—riddles his jacket at the elbows, pockets, cuffs, lining. He takes a special delight in wearing out the knees and seat of his trousers, and when in this condition he has no wardrobe to go to for more. It is on behalf of this boy I beg to make an appeal.

Many a lad comes to me in this trying condition. He may be a stowaway from Scotland or England, or he may come from the country, where he has been for a few months. He had a good chest of clothing when he arrived in this country, but everything is worn out and he has received no wages from the farmer with whom he was, and so he comes back to the city. He needs a start, being willing to work, and there is plenty for him to do if he only had decent clothing.

Many city boys are as badly off and need the help many of your readers, Mr. Editor, can give. I can do a little for him, but I need assistance just here at the start. A little short of fifty boys are learning trades; they cannot possibly buy all their clothing, but they do what they can. By this note I wish to impress on the friends of the boys our special need at this time, and that it is better to let the boys eat up the clothing at play and work than to leave the moths do so. Useful clothing will be very gratefully received and sent for by notifying by Bell telephone 8015, or sending word to the Home on Mountain street.

J. R. DICK.

WANTS BREWERIES.

LIEUT.-GOVERNOR ROYAL'S VIEWS ON PROHIBITION.

In the course of an interview with a *Minerve* reporter, Lieutenant-Governor Royal said:—"The North-West is not prohibitionist, but prohibition of the manufacture, importation and sale of strong liquors exists in the Territories, so far, at least, as the law is concerned. My predecessor, Mr. Dewdney, had inaugurated a system of permits which I had to continue, and under which the law has become a dead letter, or almost such. With a view to thwart the effects of this system, I have authorized the importation and sale in the Territories of light beers, according to a code of rules sufficiently severe to prevent abuse. My aim has been, besides, to diffuse the taste for beer in the Territories in order to more efficiently fight against the taste for strong liquors. A Frenchman, accustomed to light wine, never becomes a drunkard; a German prefers the sweet and heavy somnolence of his bright lager to brandy; the same applies in Belgium and in Holland. When prohibition ceases in the North-West, whiskey will find the place about completely taken by beer. All hope that Parliament will repeal the prohibition law during the present session, and will thereby allow the establishment of breweries in the Territories."

A PATRIOT LEADER.

HIS REMAINS COMING TO MONTREAL.

The remains of Dr. Chénier, one of the leaders in the rebellion of 1837-38, who was killed in an engagement at St. Eustache, will be conveyed to Montreal on Sunday next, on the occasion of the demonstration at the Cote des Neiges Cemetery, and will be placed in the vault under the monument, where a number of leading patriots are already interred. Having obtained permission from the religious and civil authorities, the Hon. Dr. Marcil exhumed the body of Dr. Chénier last week, with the aid of an old man named Charron, who had himself buried him and twelve companions after the engagement of December 1837. Chénier and his companions were buried in unconsecrated ground, having died in open revolt against constituted authority. The remains have been placed in an urn, and will be accompanied from St. Eustache by a long procession of residents of the surrounding districts.

NOW COMES A CURIOUS PAMPHLET from Professor Paddleford setting forth how houses in the city may be supplied with fresh air from the mountains and from the seashore. As water is brought into the houses from a great distance, and as gas is brought in for illuminating purposes, so fresh air is to be introduced by a system of pipes,—not a bad idea.—*Cor. Morning Star.*

ADVERTISEMENTS.



A wail of distress

comes from tortured clothes. Save their feelings, and your own back, by washing them with Pearline. Your clothes will last longer—your hours of labor will grow shorter. It takes away the dirt without taking away your strength. Nothing that "will wash" is too good for Pearline—no praise is too strong for Pearline.

Beware of imitations. 288 JAMES PYLE, N.Y.

ARTHUR GRAVEL,
(LATE WITH E. E. GILBERT),
PATTERN AND MODEL MAKER,
No. 637 CRAIG STREET,
Rear Warden King & Son's Building.
Spinning Tops, Druggists' Boxes, Wood Balls, Button Moulds, Ornaments of all kinds. Bushings for Bobbins, Handles of all kinds. Hat Rack Pins, Croquet Mallets and Stakes, Feather Duster Handles, Tent Buttons, etc.

Builders and Carpenters.

R. G. SALLOWAY,
CARPENTER AND JOINER,
Shop, 41 Mance, near Ontario street,
Residence, 23½ ST. LAWRENCE STREET.
Mr. Salloway desires to thank the public for past patronage, hoping that good and careful work may secure a continuance and increase of same.

JOHN MURISON,
CARPENTER AND JOINER,
41 JURORS STREET, near Bleury street.
Residence: 1736 ONTARIO STREET, near Mance.
All Jobbing promptly attended to at reasonable rates.
Bell Telephone 2264.

Housefurnishings, &c.

FEATHER BEDS,
PILLOWS AND MATTRESSES
Should NOW be PURIFIED and RE-MADE.
CAN BE RETURNED EQUAL TO NEW the day after receipt.
The cost is SMALL. The result HEALTH.
BEDDING PATENTED FOR ITS PURITY.
J. E. TOWNSHEND,
No. 1 Little St. Antoine st, corner St. James st., ONLY
Established over 20 years.
Bell Telephone 1566. Federal Telephone 2224

LOUNGES, only $4 75.
Spring stuffed and silk plush trimmed, well worth $10. I am selling them to advertise my repairing business. Parlor Sets and Chairs, &c., re upholstered at the lowest possible cost. Orders by mail promptly attended to.
HENRY
ST ANTOINE UPHOLSTERING SHOP
120 St. Antoine street.

CARPET LAYING, UPHOLSTERING, etc.—Carpets Cut, Made and Laid, Lifted and Cleaned. Shades, Spring Rollers, etc., supplied and put up. Mattresses can be returned same day. HENRY HAMMOND, 222 and 224 St. Urbain street; 18 years with Thomas Mussen, Esq. Furniture Repaired. Orders attended to personally. Telephone No 1749.

Notices.

QUEBEC BANK.
MONTREAL BRANCH,
New York Life Building.
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT is now open in connection with this branch.
Interest on deposits to the extent of $1,000 will at present be paid at the rate of 4 percent per annum, reckoned on the minimum balance of each month.
Special arrangements may be made for larger amounts.
THOMAS McDOUGALL,
MANAGER.

Groceries, Provisions, &c.

WHEN YOU WANT SOME
FIRST-CLASS BUTTER
—GO TO—
STRONG & STRONG'S, 109 St. Antoine street,
Corner Cathedral.

1834.——1891.
J. A. MATHEWSON & CO.,
202 McGILL STREET,
Montreal,
Importers and Wholesale Grocers.

Summer Resorts.

LAKE VIEW FARM,
T. BAILEY, GEORGEVILLE, QUE.
Accommodation for a few boarders. House is situated on high ground, commanding a splendid view of the lake and surrounding scenery; is close to Georgeville. Pure spring water, bathing, boating and fishing.

A FEW MORE BOARDERS can be accommodated for the summer at MRS. ALFRED E. HAMILTON'S, Great Chebeague Island, Me. Terms very reasonable.

MOOSEHEAD LAKE, MAINE.
MT. KINEO HOUSE.
The favorite resort for sportsmen, tourists and invalids. Hay fever unknown. For circular address O. A. DENNEN, Manager, Kineo, Me., or CHENNERY & CO., 196 State street, Boston.

ALDINE HOTEL,
OLD ORCHARD, ME.
ACCOMMODATES 150.
Located on the sea wall; 3 minutes walk from station.
Open from June 20th till Sept. 1st.
All enquirers address
S. HAINES.

WRAPPING PAPERS.
Old Newspapers, good for wrapping purposes, sold at unusually low prices for large lots.
Address or apply at the "Witness" Office

Summer Resorts.

VARENNES HOTEL is now open for summer boarders. Good boating, fishing. Mineral springs in locality.
H. BRODEUR, Varennes.

LITTLE METIS—One of the finest cottages in this delightful place opens for guests on 1st July. For particulars, address COTTAGE 1263, "Witness" Office

BOARD.—A French Protestant family, living two miles from St. Pie village, desires a few boarders during the summer. Comfortable country place, near the river, and close to Abbotsford Mountain. Address, MRS. PARENT, Emileville, St. Pie.

SEA BATHING, Little Metis. Board in private family, at moderate terms; best locality and good bathing. Apply to
C. C. JENKING, 27 Sussex avenue, Montreal.

SUMMER BOARD.—There is room for a few Boarders at the prettiest situated farm in Knowlton; abundance of milk, eggs and fruit. Address,
P. O. Box 2113, Montreal.

NOTRE DAME DU PORTAGE.
Miss Michaud's house has been thoroughly renovated and fitted up with bath-rooms and w.c.'s hot and cold water. Terms moderate. Daily mail. Telegraph office. Easy access by I C R. MISS A. MICHAUD, Notre Dame du Portage, Que.

BAY POINT HOTEL.
ROCKLAND, ME.
Open July 1, at the Rockland Breakwater; unsurpassed view of the ocean, bay and islands; the finest air, purest water, and most charming situation on the Maine coast.
C. O. CHAMBERLIN, Manager,
will be at the Windsor Hotel June 12 and 13, for the engagement of rooms.

SOUTHGATE HOUSE,
PROUTS NECK, MAINE.
Delightfully Situated. Wide Piazzas. Open Fires. Excellent Table. Surf Bathing. Boating and Fishing. CIRCULARS AND TERMS SENT ON APPLICATION.
J. M. KALEP, Proprietor.

ABENAKIS HOUSE!
ABENAKIS SPRINGS,
ST. FRANCOIS DU LAC, QUE.,
Opens for the reception of guests JUNE 1st. Hot and Cold Mineral Water Baths. Certain cure for Rheumatism, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Salt Rheum, General Debility, etc. Capital fishing and fine boating on St. Francois River and Lake St. Peter. Steamer "Berthier," from Montreal, on Tuesdays and Fridays at 1 p.m. Return tickets, $1 50.
Boats and Tennis Court are in good order.
Canadian Pacific Railway:—To the Abenakis Springs House and Return, from Montreal, Saturday to Monday, $2 75; Saturday to Tuesday, $3 45; Tourist Season, $4 50.
Sell on Saturday, good till Monday following.
Sell on Saturday, good till Tuesday following.
Sell every day, good until November 1st, 1891.
Address
R. G. KIMPTON,
Proprietor.

SEA BATHING.
LITTLE METIS.
Green Hill House, (situated on road between "Turriff Hall" and "Methodist Church") is now open to receive visitors. For particulars apply to
W. & A. TURRIFF,
Little Metis, Que.

LORDELLE, Knowlton, P.Q.—Now open for Summer Boarders. Large light and airy rooms, especially adapted for families. Broad galleries, fine view in all directions. Pleasant walks and drives. boating, fishing, bathing. Small farm attached; Jersey milk, butter and cream. Write for terms and Montreal references. E. P. STEVENS, Knowlton, P.Q.

CACOUNA—1891.
THE ST. LAWRENCE HALL.
Will open for reception of guests on the 18th June. The hotel has undergone important repairs and improvements since last season. The table will be kept strictly first class and every attention paid to the comfort of guests.
Mr. S. Osborne will again be in attendance with his complete outfit of Saddle Horses and Livery. Prof. McGuirk, of Montreal, is engaged with an efficient Orchestra to furnish music.
The pure sea and mountain air, the many opportunities for recreation, the easy access by rail or water, and the superior accommodation at reasonable rates, contribute to make this Hotel a most attractive SEASIDE RESORT.
JOHN BRENNAN, Manager,
CACOUNA, P.Q.

BRIGHAM HOUSE
BAKERSFIELD, VT.
One of the finest summer resorts in Northern Vermont; within easy access of the Green Mountains; delightful drives; scenery grand; within two minutes walk of three churches, telegraph office and post-office; good livery connected with the house. To those who are in search of green fields, home comforts and fresh, invigorating air that means new life, this House presents superior attractions. For further particulars apply to
I. V. SPOONER, Proprietor, Bakersfield, Vt.

KIRKWOOD HOUSE, Scarboro' Beach, Maine. One of the finest located seaside hotels on the Atlantic coast, situated only eight miles from Portland. Beautiful beach, excellent table, good carriage, surf bathing, &c. For terms and engagement of rooms address
OTIS KALER, Proprietor.

CASCADE HOUSE,
LITTLE METIS.
This well-known popular Hotel re-opens June 10th. Good Tennis Court. For particulars, apply to
J. MAGNIDER.

CHEAP BOARD—Ocean House, Little Metis—Good accommodation and scenery unsurpassed. Open June 20th. For particulars,
Apply Mrs. ALEX. McLAREN.

TURRIFF HALL, Litle Metis.—This well-known house will be open for guests on the 15th of June. For beauty of situation, easy access to the sea for bathing and healthfulness, it cannot be surpassed by any other place on the Lower St Lawrence.
R. TURRIFF, Proprietor.

HO, FOR THE SALT WATER!
WOODLAND HOUSE.
The above Hotel will be opened for guests, June 15th; good bathing; first-class accommodation. For further particulars apply to J. & G. SMITH BROS., Metis, Que.

FORTUNE'S ROCKS, Me. The Curtis Farm Hotel will be open for guests June 25, and until Oct. 6; terms from $7 to $9 per week; discounts made for families and parties. Send for circular.
Address Mrs. M. E. CURTIS.

BAY HOUSE, LONG ISLAND, PORTLAND, MAINE. This House, situated on the finest part of this beautiful island, lying six miles from Portland, is now open for the season. Contains thirty bedrooms, two dining rooms, etc., all newly carpeted and furnished. The cuisine will be of the best to be had. Splendid facilities for boating, fishing and bathing. The finest beach on the island lies directly in front of the house. Terms reasonable. For particulars address,
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MAPLEWOOD FARM,
NEAR KNOWLTON, and on the BORDERS OF BROME LAKE, can accommodate several Summer boarders. Good table; reasonable charges. Montreal references. Address, W. M. HILLHOUSE, Knowlton Post Office.

OCEANIC HOUSE, Beacon Hill, Peak's Island, Portland Harbor, Mrs. ROBT. T. STERLING, Proprietress. This house is situated on the east side of Peak's Island, a few rods from Trefethen's Landing. It is noted for its Healthy and Pleasant location, connecting with the city every half hour. Facilities for Bathing, Boating, Fishing, etc., are unsurpassed.

BRUNSWICK SPRINGS.
Six Distinct Springs of Mineral Water.
WHITE SULPHUR, IRON, BROMIDE, CALCIUM, MAGNESIA AND ARSENIC.
More people are suffering from a form of Kidney Disease than from any other one ailment. Brunswick White Sulphur Water will cure all diseases of the kidneys. House and Grounds entirely renewed, re-furnished, appointments well kept, and is one of the prettiest resorts to spend a vacation in the White Mountains. Send for circular. BRUNSWICK SPRINGS HOUSE, Brunswick Springs, Vt. P. O. Address, COOS, N.H.
HENRY SMITH Prop. Telephone connection.

BOARDERS can be accommodated for the season at the CASCO HOUSE. Open June 25th. For particulars address,
MRS. J. F. HILL,
Casco House, Cousens Island, Maine.

PURE COUNTRY AIR and GOOD BOARD, 200 yards from the St. Lawrence River. Fine boating, fishing and bathing. Large 2½ story House and 240 acre farm. Near G. T. R. Station and R. & O. N. Co. wharf. New plank walk to Post-Office. For terms, &c., apply to P.O. Drawer 55, Cornwall, Ont.

Summer Resorts.

HIGHGATE SPRINGS, Vt—
Franklin House and Cottages.
Open June to October. Located in a maple grove on Lake Champlain. Farm and dairy connected.
LAKESIDE COTTAGE.
Open June to October. Located on the shores of Lake Champlain. Good boating, fishing and good bath houses. Send for circular.
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GRONDIN'S HOTEL
One of the finest located seaside hotels on the ST. LAWRENCE RIVER.
Will be OPEN to Guests on the 20th of JUNE.
GOOD BEACH AND BATHING. EXCELLENT TABLE.
Terms moderate. For particulars and information apply to
GEO. GRONDIN,
NOTRE DAME DU PORTAGE, P.Q.

WANTED—BOARDERS can be accommodated at GEO. C. THOMPSON'S, near "Cape Cottage Hotel" for $7.00 per week. Special prices for children. Address WILLARD, Box 52, Cape Elizabeth, Me.



Only rail route to the delightful summer resorts north of Quebec, through the
CANADIAN ADIRONDACKS.
Monarch Parlor and Sleeping Cars. Magnificent scenery. Beautiful climate.
Hotel Roberval, Lake St. John recently enlarged, has first-class accommodation for 300 guests, and is run in connection with the "Island House," a new hotel built on an island of the Grand Discharge of Lake St. John, in the centre of the "Ouananiche" fishing grounds. Daily communication by the new fast steamer across the lake. The fishing rights of Lake St. John and tributaries, an area of 20,000 square miles, are free to guests of the hotels.
For information as to hotels, apply to hotel managers, for folders and guide books to J. McConniff, Windsor Hotel, A. B. Chaffee, H. G. Elliott, W. D. O'Brien, St. James street, S. L. Swett, Temple Building, Montreal, and to ticket agents of all principal cities.
ALEX. HARDY, J. G. SCOTT,
Gen F. & P. Agt. Secy. & Manager.
Quebec, Canada.

SUMMER BOARD.
BY THE SEASIDE IN KITTERY, MAINE.
Pleasant place, pure air, nice boating, bathing, fishing, etc. Good living and reasonable prices. Address,
J. H. LOCKE.

SEASIDE HOUSE,
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The above hotel will be open for guests on JUNE 15th. The proprietors have secured a fine trout lake expressly for their guests, an hour's drive from hotel.
For terms apply to
W. ASTLE, Little Metis, P.Q.

COLEMAN HOUSE,
ASBURY, N.J.
Directly on the Beach—the leading Hotel—will open on Saturday, June 27. For rates, diagrams and information, address, ALFRED S. AMER, Room Clerk, the Coleman House, Asbury Park, N.J.

CHATEAUGUAY BASIN.
FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET, Seven Rooms and use of Kitchen. Apply to
PETER REID, River View, Chateauguay Basin

ADIRONDACKS, Jay, Essex Co., N.Y., Mountain scenery, beautiful drives, good fishing, pleasant healthy location; accommodate 14; terms $7 to $10 per week.
Address, MISS DAY,
or C. H. MORHOUS.

BAY VIEW HOUSE,
PEAKS' ISLAND, PORTLAND HARBOR, MAINE.
Capt. JOHN T. STIRLING, proprietor.
For beauty of situation this House is unsurpassed. To families seeking a comfortable resting place, it presents all the attractions that could reasonably be desired, and has HOT SALT-WATER BATHS.

PEAK'S ISLAND, PORTLAND Me.—Mountain and sea air combined. Bethel Cottage is situated on high ground, commanding a splendid view of the beautiful islands and surrounding scenery. A pleasant house, where all shall be done for comfort of guests. House open early in June. Correspondence solicited. Boating and good deep sea fishing can be had. Smooth beach for bathing. Ten minutes walk from steamboat landing. Address Mrs. McDONALD, 147 Metcalfe street, Montreal, till 12th June. After that date Peak's Island.

LAKE SIDE, PORT KENT, N. Y. This house is beautifully situated on the shores of Lake Champlain. Every room commanding a view of the lake. Good boating and fishing. Fine beach for bathing. Two miles from Ausable Chasm. Three hours from Montreal. Home comforts. Terms moderate. Apply to
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TADOUSAC, SAGUENAY.
This Hotel will be opened on the 15th of JUNE for the season of 1891. For terms for Board, etc., please address
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125 St. Peter street, Quebec.

"STANLEY ISLAND"
FORMERLY "DICKINSON'S."
The "Lansdowne House," the best summer hotel on the St. Lawrence, is now open and offers the best inducements to families; safe for children; is situated in the middle of Lake St. Francis; is distant 10 miles from Cornwall, and fifty from Montreal; is easily reached by Richelieu steamer from Montreal or by afternoon G.T.R. train from Montreal to Coteau and thence by Richelieu steamer to the islands. Unequalled yachting, fishing and hunting. For terms, apply to
J. E. DUQUETTE, Proprietor,
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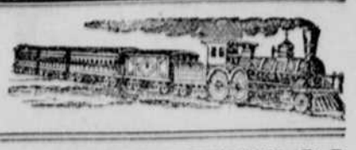
SEA VIEW HOUSE,
RYE BEACH, N. H.
This popular CANADIAN HOUSE will open JUNE 10th, for the season of 1891.
Address GEO. G. LOUGEE & CO.,
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CASCO BAY HOUSE,
LONG ISLAND,
Portland, Maine.
This house, situated on the finest part of this beautiful island, lying six miles from Portland, is now open for the season; contains 30 bedrooms, two dining rooms, etc., all newly carpeted and furnished. The cuisine will be of the best to be had. Splendid facilities for boating, fishing and bathing. The finest beach on the island lies directly in front of the house. Terms reasonable. For particulars address. CHAS. E. CUSHING Prop.

THOUSAND ISLANDS.
Beautiful Island, with furnished seven-room house thereon, to let for $100 for season; situated one and a quarter miles from Gananoque; splendid place for a family of children. Apply to
GEORGE JACKSON, Gananoque, Ont.

TO LET, FOR SUMMER Months, large, partly furnished houses; nicely situated; easy access to the beach. For particulars, apply to
ARTHUR LABBE,
Notre Dame du Portage, P. Q.

QUIET COUNTRY RESORT.
WOODLAWN, ON LAKE WILLIAM.
Beautiful scenery, healthy locality, bathing, boating, etc. Only a limited number can be accommodated.
TERMS: $4 PER WEEK.
Address F. H. WOOD,
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SHORTEST ROUTE TO NEW YORK.
SARATOGA, TROY, ALBANY, PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON,
AND ALL POINTS SOUTH AND EAST.
Selected by the Government as the Montreal and New York Mail Line.
Trains leave Montreal:—
7.30 a.m.—Daily, except Sunday, arriving in New York at 8.50 p.m. DRAWING ROOM CAR MONTREAL TO NEW YORK.
4.30 p.m.—Night Express, Wagner's New VESTIBULE SLEEPING CAR runs through to New York without change, arriving in New York at 6.45 a.m. next morning. This train makes close connection at Troy and Albany, with Sleeping Car Train for Boston, arriving at 9.30 a.m.
Information given and Tickets sold at Windsor and Balmoral Hotels, all the Grand Trunk Railway Offices and at the Company's Office,
143 St. James street, Montreal.
J. W. BURDICK, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Albany, N.Y.
W. H. HENRY, Agent, Montreal.

CENTRAL VERMONT R.R.
Trains leave Bonaventure Station, Montreal
8.30 a.m.—Fast Train, arriving at St. Albans, 10.50 a.m., Burlington, 12.10 p.m., Montpelier 12.50 p.m., White River Junction, 2.55 p.m., Boston (via Lowell), 7.30 p.m., New York (via Springfield) 10 p.m. Wagner New Buffet Parlor Cars run to Boston.
4.20 p.m.—New York Express, daily, arriving at St. Albans, 6.50 p.m., Burlington, 8.15 p.m. Rutland, 10.40 p.m., Troy, 1.40 a.m., Albany, 2.15 a.m., New York, 6.45 a.m. Daily (Sunday excepted), arriving Worcester, 6.40 a.m. Boston, 6.00 a.m. (via Rutland, Bellows Falls and Fitchburg. This train makes close connection at Winchenden, Fitchburg and Boston, for all points in New England.
Wagner's New Vestibule Sleeping Cars, Montreal to New York and Boston.
4.20 p.m.—Local, arriving Farnham, 5.55 p.m., Granby, 6.40 p.m., Waterloo, 7.25 p.m.
8.30 p.m.—Boston Night Express, daily, for St. Albans, White River Junction, Manchester, Nashua, arriving Boston, via Lowell 8.30 a.m.; for Boston via Fitchburg, daily (except Sunday), arriving 9.35 a.m.; New York (via Northampton, Holyoke, Springfield, and New Haven), 11.32 a.m.
Wagner New Vestibule Buffet Sleeping Cars to Boston and Springfield.
This train makes close connection at Nashua and Winchendon for Worcester, Providence and all points on New York and New England Railway.
For Tickets, Time Tables and all information apply to the Company's Office, 136 St. James street.
A. C. STONEGRAVE,
Canadian Pass. Agent.
J. W. HOBART, Gen'l. Manager. Jan. 15th 1891
S. W. CUMMINGS, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

Plumbers, &c.

BOOTH & BALLANTYNE,
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MARIAN'S CHOICE.

(New York Observer Prize Story.)

BY MRS. E. C. RAYMOND.

Four years of hard work, one evening of flowers and triumph, and ten young ladies, supposed to be armed and equipped for the battle of life, were graduated from Madame Hériot's Seminary. Commencement exercises were over and all had assembled in the spacious parlors of the institution to receive the congratulations of admiring friends.

Marian Chester, the youngest of the class, had won golden opinions from both teachers and classmates; from the former by her diligence, and from the latter by her gayety and sweetness. Fair and slight, with a delicate bloom on her cheek, she seemed fresh from some "rosebud garden of girls," but to-night there was a slight shadow on her face, and a troubled look in her blue eyes.

"Maiden, why so downcast?" said a gay voice in her ear, and turning she greeted her chosen friend, Helen Lansing.

"Oh, Helen," she exclaimed, "I cannot forget that this is the last time, and I see nothing before me but the pine woods of Bellair."

"Don't despair, dearie, you shall never bury yourself in those forests. I have news for you that will bring back all the sunshine; I am sure Professor Weiss intends to return to Germany this fall, and papa authorizes me to offer you the position of organist at the Elm street church, and you can if you wish secure the Professor's pupils also."

"Helen, you are my good angel!"

"Thank you! When I can please you and myself too, I do feel quite angelic. Then, I suppose, I may tell papa that you will accept?"

"Not just yet; I must see my father and mother first, and get their consent, you know. Poor mother, it will be hard for her to let me go again."

"Of course; but these blessed mothers of ours are always ready to sacrifice themselves."

Just then Marian was called to the piano, and Helen joined a group near the door.

"Cousin John," she said to a gentleman who had just entered, "I did not expect to see you here this evening after your caustic remarks at the dinner table."

"My criticisms were not intended for sweet girl-graduates," he replied; "they are always charming; it is only after they have hardened into society belles that I cease to admire them. But listen," he exclaimed, as Marian's clear soprano filled the rooms, "where did you find such a voice as that? Some professional, I presume."

"No, indeed! it is my dearest friend, Marian Chester, and we hope she is to be our organist when Professor Weiss leaves."

Marian's song was followed by a difficult nocturne, and as she rose from the piano Helen made her way through the crowd that surrounded her and presented her cousin, John McKenna. The fastidious scholar and traveller, found a face and manner as charming as the voice which had startled him, but past experience caused him to say to himself, "A year of society will spoil her; she will stand the ordeal no better than the rest."

A week later Marian found herself in her accustomed seat at the head of her mother's sofa, where, as the weary woman rested in the twilight, the daughter had been in the habit of whispering her hopes and fears, sure of loving sympathy and wise counsel. Only that morning had she informed her mother of the opening made for her at Redfield, and it had pained her to see the shadow that rested on the pale, patient face at the suggestion. Now, as Marian alluded to it again, "Let it rest, dear," she said, "until your father returns; we will not spoil our first week together with the thought of another separation." So they turned to other topics and a delightful half hour followed, but their tête-à-tête was finally broken up by the entrance of two sturdy boys of nine and eleven. Lights were brought, and Marian rose from her seat and wandered into another part of the house.

Mr. Chester's residence was known as the "White House," it being the only building in the vicinity that had ever received a touch from a paint brush, and the door at which Marian rapped led into what was known as the "east room." This was Grandmother Chester's sitting-room, and the stately old lady gave her a kindly greeting as she entered.

"How good it seems to have a young lady in the house," she said; "that was just the element lacking in our home circle. Your society and your music begin to tell upon your mother already. She has been looking very poorly of late."

"Yes, I find her greatly changed, but I hope to see an improvement before I leave her again. You know, grandmamma, there is a prospect of my doing so."

"Your mother told me, but it is not quite decided yet, is it?"

"No, I am waiting for papa's consent."

"Weigh the matter well, child; it seems to me very important."

"Grandmamma, I cannot help thinking this a providential call. In the first place God gave me this one talent, then the opportunity to cultivate it, and now the way is open to use it."

"You will be right in so considering it, unless there are stronger claims elsewhere. But I want you to think first of your mother and of the lonely and wearing life she has led so long. I tell you frankly, Marian, I doubt if she can endure another year like the last."

"Oh, why must we all be tied down here?"

"Your father thinks the railway will be completed to the head of the river next year, which will enable him to get his lumber to market and reap the harvest he has waited for so long, and then we can return to the old home on the Hudson."

"That hope has been so long deferred that it makes me heart-sick to think of it."

"I am aware that it is asking a great deal of you, Marian, to turn your back on the prospect that looks so bright and bury yourself here, but to self-sacrifice belongs many a promise and a blessed reward. When a child, my father gave me a maxim which has saved me from many a pitfall. It was this: to do the duty nearest, no matter how insignificant it might seem."

With tear-filled eyes, Marian sought her own room. Who can wonder that she shrunk from the battle between duty and inclination? Neither from the first nor the second struggle did she come off conqueror. But picture as she would the delights of Redfield, her mother's wan face was constantly before her, till at last, with an earnest prayer for help, the victory was won, and by the peace that followed, she knew she had decided wisely.

A few days after her father's return, Marian was summoned to the library, where she found her mother sitting with downcast eyes, while her father, with grave face, handed her a chair.

"Marian," said he, "we have been looking forward with much pleasure to your return, and I thought I could be quite content to leave your mother, as I must do, knowing she would be cheered by your companionship, but she has told me how anxious you are to accept the offer made you at Redfield, and we cannot find it in our hearts to deny you that pleasure. But you must not bind yourself for more than one year, and I want you to appreciate the sacrifice your mother makes in allowing you to go."

"Father, I have come to the conclusion that it is time some of the self-denial came upon me, so I have decided to give up my pet plan and spend the winter at home."

"Have you considered the matter well?"

"Yes, father; I know what I am renouncing, but my place is here."

"Thank you, my daughter; you will never regret it, I am sure."

Mrs. Chester listened as if doubting that she heard aright, till Marian said: "It is true, mamsey, dear; you will have to put up with me a whole year, if not longer."

With quivering lip the mother tried to answer, but there was a lump in her throat that would not down, and she could only hold out her arms to Marian, who clasped her in a warm embrace. So the young girl settled down to a quiet home life, where she found many opportunities to be helpful. Still, she felt herself capable of doing more, and sometimes longed for a broader field. The nearest church was ten miles away, over a road impassable except in the finest weather, and she could not help regretting the Redfield church, with its Sunday-school, its prayer meetings, and societies for church work, as well as the helpful teachings of the pastor.

(To be Continued.)

CHILDREN'S CORNER.

GEORGE'S SUBMARINE TELEPHONE.

BY W. E. HENDERSON.

If George Powers had not been especially fond of scientific studies this story would never have been written. But then he was fond of them; and of course, as he lived by the water—or rather over the water—he had a particular interest in science that was related to his habitation.

As to his living over the water, I may as well confess at the start that he was not a bird, nor did he make his home in a balloon. No; he lived in an iron-pile light-house, and his father was the keeper. George had no mother, and he was a big strong boy, so he earned wages as his father's assistant. Perhaps you wonder what an iron-pile light house is, and I must try to describe one. When it is necessary to set up a light house on rocks which are sunk a short distance below the surface of the water in the open sea, where the structure will be exposed to the fury of the waves in stormy weather, the builders often begin by driving strong iron columns, called piles, down into the rocks. These columns are braced and bound together by cross-pieces, and at a proper height a platform is built, on which the house for the keeper is erected. Away above that is the light. Of course such a light house is a dangerous home, for sometimes the terrible power of the waves proves to be too great, and the structure is carried away.

The light-house in which George Powers lived stands in one of the wildest and most dangerous parts of the Atlantic coast. I suppose every boy has heard of the Florida Keys, the chain of little islands that runs along the south and south-east coasts of Florida, terminating in a series of dangerous reefs. At the northerly end of these reefs stands the structure in which George Powers used to live. It is called Fowey Rocks Light, and it stands in the open sea fifteen and a half miles from the mainland, and four miles from Soldier Key the nearest island. It is a slender yet powerful-looking dark brown structure, lifting its brilliant lantern 111 feet above the level of the sea, and at night sending a steady white glare over the treacherous waters for sixteen miles. In the snug little house, of one story and a mansard roof, forty feet above the water, George, his father, and Peter the assistant keeper, dwelt and attended to their important duties, which might at any time include the sacrifice of their lives; for the government expects a keeper to stick to his lens in time of danger, just as it expects a soldier to stand by his gun. Life in a light house, as you may well conceive, is a pretty lonely kind of existence, especially in quiet weather, when there is no cause for anxiety or excitement. On calm days George amused himself reading, and trying such simple experiments as were within his reach. Once in a while he was permitted to take one of the boats and sail to the land, which was a great pleasure to him, for there he knew one or two other boys, who were always glad to see him. One of these boys was Jerry Smith, who one day gave George a book, from which he learned how to communicate sounds under water. It was while George was reading this book one day that his father who was mending a fishing-net, looked up from his work, and after scanning the horizon closely, said, "There comes a steamer."

George looked off to the northeast, and saw what appeared to be a steam-yacht.

(To be Continued.)

WORDS OF EVERLASTING LIFE.

Wednesday, June 17.

Let them that love Him be as the sun when he goeth forth in his might.—Judges v. 31.

Like the sun's reviving ray
May Thy love with tender glow,
All our coldness melt away;
Warm and cheer us forth to go,
Gladly serve Thee and obey
All the day!

DOUBTLESS it is well that in the great nations of the East there is just now an unprecedented ferment of religious thought. The truth has gotten at the forces of error at last, and the grapple is not only close but it extends along the whole line that belts the globe. It is one battle whether in India or in the United States. The cheap issues of our iconoclastic infidelity are sold by thousands in the bazaars of Calcutta, and the old faiths of Krishna and Gautama are paraded in Boston and New York. Let it be written on the palms of every Christian man and woman that national isolation is no longer possible; that a selfish Americanism in religion is fatal. The Kingdom of Christ is world wide; the Kingdom of Satan is world wide. The work of missions is Christianity, and Christianity is the spread of missions.—*Dr. Ellinwood.*

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Whiting, China Clay,
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To Laprairie—From Montreal on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, 6.30 a.m., 12 noon, 4 p.m. and 6.15 p.m.; from Laprairie, 5.30, 8 a.m., 1.30 and 5.30 p.m. On Tuesdays on Fridays—From Montreal, 6.00, 9.00 a.m., and noon, 4.00 and 6.15 p.m.; from Laprairie, 5.00, 8.00, 10.30 a.m. 1.30 and 5.30 p.m. On Holidays—From Montreal, 8 a.m. 2.00 and 6.00 p.m.; from Laprairie, 7.00, 9.15 a.m. and 5.00 p.m.
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For CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I., SYDNEY, C.B., and ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., leaving as follows:
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Friesland.....Wednesday, July 1, 2.00 p.m.
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First Cabin, $55 and upwards; excursion, $95 and upwards.
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Weekly Glasgow Service.
Sails from Montreal every WEDNESDAY MORNING, June

	Tons		
SS. Alcides	3,500	"	17th June
SS. Circe	3,000	"	24th June
SS. Collina	3,000	"	1st July
SS. Amaranthia	4,000	"	8th July
SS. Warwick	3,000	"	15th July
SS. Concordia	2,600	"	22nd July

Glasgow Agents—DONALDSON BROS., 165 St. Vincent street.

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LONDON SERVICE.
Sailing from Montreal on or about.
SS. GERONA.....3,500 tons.....2nd July
EAST COAST SERVICE.
Steamers will be dispatched for Aberdeen, Leith, Dundee and Newcastle-on-Tyne, at intervals.
Next sailing for Leith.
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Agents—CAIRNS, YOUNG & NOBLE, Newcastle-on-Tyne; A. LOW, SON & CARVER, 27 Leadenhall street, London, E.C.; W. THOMSON & SONS, Dundee, Scotland.

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LONDON SERVICE.
Sailing from Montreal on or about:

	Tons		
SS. Federation	3,000	"	23rd June

London Agents—WILLIAM ROSS & Co., 3 East India avenue, E.C.
THROUGH BILLS OF LADING
Granted by any of the above lines to any point in
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And by any of the CANADIAN or WESTERN RAILWAYS to any point in GREAT BRITAIN, IRELAND or EUROPE at LOWEST THROUGH RATES.
ALL THE VESSELS OF THE ABOVE LINES are A100, highest class at Lloyds and have been built expressly for this trade and possess the MOST IMPROVED FACILITIES for carrying GRAIN, BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS AND CATTLE.
Special attention given to the HANDLING of all PERISHABLE and other cargo.
For further particulars apply to
ROBT. REFORD & CO.,
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THE SS. MIRAMICHI
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Is intended to leave Montreal on
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and afterward, throughout the season, on every alternate MONDAY for FATHER POINT, GASPE, MAL BAY or POINT ST. PETER, PERCE, SUMMERSIDE, CHARLOTTETOWN and PICTOU.
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Freight and Ticket Agents,
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Call or write for lowest quotations before booking elsewhere.
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Send for new illustrated pamphlet or call at my new address, 184 St. James street, opposite Temple Building, City and District Savings Bank Building, Montreal.
D. BATIZERSBY, Agent.
Telephone No. 1566.

Weekly Calendar.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17th.

GREATEST ATTRACTION
OF THE CENTURY.
Positively the LAST SEASON of the Great Cyclorama of the Crucifixion, Jerusalem and the Holy Land.
ADMISSION REDUCED TO 25c.
Special terms to Schools and Institutions. Lecturers in constant attendance. Open daily 9.00 a.m. to 10.30 p.m. The Rotunda, junction St. Catherine and St. Urbain sts. ☞ This is the opportunity of a lifetime. Do not fail to attend. 93

ART ASSOCIATION,
OF MONTREAL,
Phillips Square.
GALLERIES OPEN DAILY,
From 9 a.m., to 6 p.m.
Admission . . . . . 25c.

THE BEAUTY of the OTTAWA
CAN BE BEST SEEN NOW by taking a trip on the Palace Steamer "Rover elgin." Speed, elegance and comfort.

THURSDAY, JUNE 18th.



MIZPAH LODGE,
No. 3, I.O.O.F.
The Regular Weekly Meeting of the Lodge will be held TO-MORROW, (Thursday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock, in the Oddfellows Hall, 662½ Craig street.
Visitors cordially welcome.
Business.—Nominations. A large attendance is requested.
By order of the N.G. J. SHIRLOW, R.S.

MONTREAL CHRISTIAN
ENDEAVOR UNION.
QUARTERLY MEETING, EMMANUEL CHURCH
THURSDAY EVENING, June 18th, at 8 o'clock.
ANNOUNCEMENTS REGARDING
"Minneapolis, 1891."
"Montreal, 1892."
Address by the REV. DWIGHT M. PRATT, Pastor Williston Church, Portland, Me.
COLLECTION.
MR. HORACE W. REYNER will give an Organ Recital, beginning at 7.45 o'clock.

FRIDAY, JUNE 19th.

STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL.
Under the auspices of
THE LADIES' AID ASSOCIATION,
of St. Lukes Church, (Dorchester street east), on
FRIDAY EVENING, June 19, 1891,
AT EIGHT O'CLOCK.
Admission 25c. Ice cream extra.

SATURDAY, JUNE 20th.

SHERRINGHAM PARK,
ISLE PERROT.
Annual Excursion and Picnic of the First Baptist Church Sunday-school,
SATURDAY NEXT, June 20th, 1891.
Steamer "Prince of Wales" will leave the Canal Basin, foot of McGill street, precisely at 8.30 a.m. A limited number of Tickets have been issued, at 40c for adults and 20c for children, and may be obtained at 162 McGill street, from members of the School, or at the boat on the day of excursion.
N.B.—In event of unfavorable weather, the Picnic will be postponed until the Monday following.
A BRASS BAND will accompany the excursion.



DISTRICT
LACROSSE CHAMPIONSHIP.
ORIENTS
vs.
MONTREAL JUNIORS.
M.A.A.A. GROUNDS,
SATURDAY, June 20th.
Ball faced at 3.30 p.m. Rain or shine.
W. McMARTIN,
Hon. Sec., M.J.L.C.
M.A.A.A. passes good on this date.

MONDAY, JUNE 22nd.

JESUIT AGGRESSION.
REV. JOSEPH COOK,
of Boston.
WILL LECTURE ON
MONDAY, June 22, at 8 p.m.,
—ON—
"Jesuit Aggression in America."
—IN—
ERSKINE CHURCH.
Proceeds in behalf of St. Matthew's Church Building Fund
Admission 25 cents.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

CROWN JEWEL,
A choice patent for family use. WHITE LILY, a choice patent for pastry use.
The best Flours for family use.
The Rathbun Company are the only manufacturers authorized to use these brands. Apply to
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CONTRACTORS and BUILDERS
SHOULD EXAMINE OUR
POROUS TERRA COTTA
FIRE-PROOFING and HOLLOW TILE,
now being used in the Young Men's Christian Association Building. Address
THE RATHBUN COMPANY,
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J. T. BOLT
—FOR—
LADIES' SOLID SILVER Stem-Wind Watches, $5.00.
LADIES' SOLID SILVER Stem-Wind Watches, Jewelled, $6.
LADIES' SOLID SILVER Stem-Wind Watches, very superior, from $8 to $15.
GENTS' SOLID SILVER STEM-WIND WATCHES, from $5.
GENTS' SOLID NICKEL STEM-WIND WATCHES from $2.75.
GENTS' SOLID NICKEL WALTHAM, $6.
Genuine ROLLED-PLATE ALBERTS, guaranteed, $2.
WATCHES CLEANED and MAINSPRING, $1.50.
AT THE OLD STAND OF
THE LATE CARL SWENSON,
657 Craig Street, 4 Doors East of Bleury.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

AFTERNOON'S EASE



What a comfort to be able to get through the week's washing in the forenoon and have the afternoon to one's self. "Sunlight Soap" enables you to do this. No hard work; lovely white clothes; nice soft hands! What can be more desirable? Try "Sunlight."

KARN

(From Schubert Quintette, of Chicago.)
Your Piano is all that could be desired. The scale is even and the touch elastic, and possesses fine singing qualities.

(From Swedish Ladies' National Concert Co.)
Your Piano has astonishing fulness, wealth of tone and perfect easiness of touch.

(From Royal Hand Bell Ringers.)
The rich, full tone of your beautiful Piano blended admirably with our bells.

Come and see our Upright Grand Pianos, Warerooms, 42 Victoria square.

J. W. DUGDALE, Manager.

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills.
They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.
SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

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5,000 HANDSOMELY BOUND DOLLAR BOOKS
At TWENTY-FIVE Cents each.
50,000 TWENTY-FIVE CENT BOOKS
At TEN Cents each.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
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2331 ST. CATHERINE STREET.

NASAL BALM

It is a certain and speedy cure for Cold in the Head and Catarrh in all its stages.
SOOTHING, CLEANSING, HEALING.
Instant Relief, Permanent Cure, Failure Impossible.
Many so-called diseases are simply symptoms of Catarrh, such as headache, partial deafness, losing sense of smell, foul breath, hawking and spitting, nausea, general feeling of debility, etc. If you are troubled with any of these or kindred symptoms, your have Catarrh, and should lose no time in procuring a bottle of Nasal Balm. Be warned in time, neglected cold in head results in Catarrh, followed by consumption and death. Nasal Balm is sold by all druggists, or will be sent, post paid, on receipt of price (50 cents and $1.00) by addressing
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Brockville, Ont.

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Five lines and upwards, 10c per line. Contract on favorable terms.
WEEKLY WITNESS.
With large type or cuts, 20c per line. One-third reduction if set in our usual small advertising types. Special contract rates.

The Daily Witness.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17, 1891.

SOME CATTLE on an over-crowded steamship died the other day between this city and Quebec. The final decision of the Government requiring that each animal shall have a space two feet eight inches wide, comes just in time. The complaint of the Canadian shipping men to the effect that to compel the giving of the wider space would place the Canadian trade at a disadvantage with the American, which was satisfied with two feet six inches, is now without foundation, as the United States Government has put into force a regulation requiring vessels to furnish the larger space of two feet eight inches.

THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND SYNOD, now meeting in Montreal, has spoken with a clear ring against the prevailing tendency to remove the sanctities which formerly hedged in the Lord's day. The wicked course of the Board of Trade, in defying the divine law by securing the running of mail trains on the Lord's day, and by demanding the opening of the canals on that day was sharply rebuked. The spending of part of the Lord's Day in amusement received unqualified condemnation, although there was not wanting the advocate of half morals on the same ground of expediency which lies at the bottom of the moral code of our Police Magistrate and of the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West, both of whom have of late afforded the public a full insight into their ways of fighting fire with fire.

THE LIBERALS' COURSE.

The Government organs exclaim: "How "the Liberals can have acquired the notion "that the policy approved by the people so "recently as last March would be overturned at this juncture is really past understanding." We have not observed that the Liberals have shown any haste to take the uncomfortable seats of the presently dominant party or to precipitate another election, but we should like a little light on the above. Was it not the "old Chief" and the "old flag" that was endorsed, as well as the "old policy," and do not the English and American papers, which believed the charges of "treason" made by them during the campaign against half the people of Canada, very naturally conclude that now the "old chief" is gone the "old flag" is likely to go too? Do they expect the "old policy" which preceded this predicted revolution, and which must, therefore, have brought it about, to outlast the "old flag"? Anyway, just what was the "old policy" that was approved of? Was it reciprocity? Or was it protection? Both of these old policies were advocated simultaneously by the Conservatives during the recent elections, and it was in order to get a mandate in favor of reciprocity that the late Sir John Macdonald suddenly dissolved Parliament and appealed to the people. Yet the protectionists among the Conservatives who helped to carry the election by contributions of money are hostile in the extreme towards Sir Charles Tupper, simply because he has acted as though he intended to carry out the mandate which he is credited with having obtained from the people. Perhaps the Government organs will be good enough to inform us whether the reciprocity negotiations of next October are to be a sham, or whether protection is or is not the "old policy"?

MR. ABBOTT'S STATEMENT.

The new Premier was able to meet the reassembled House of Parliament yesterday afternoon with a completed Government, thus obviating all necessity for a further adjournment, which would have been inconvenient, to say the least, in view of the near approach of the end of the fiscal year, and the backward state of the business of Parliament, which has not yet voted the major portion of the supplies. Mr. Abbott's genius for management has been once more manifested in this result of his labors, exercised for the first time in the supreme position in which the management of men, not merely of affairs, is needed. In addition to his talent for quiet, firm direction, Mr. Abbott was, no doubt, able to assume an attitude which made compliance with his requests seem necessary, if not easy. He was, probably, quite free from personal ambition, and cared little for success, so far as he himself was concerned. The place was not necessary to him, or perhaps even desirable; he was necessary to the place. He was the available man, the safe man, the man whom all could unite upon, or, at least, to whom all had the least objection. If they wanted him, and they did, in order that they might retain power, there was nothing for it but that each should acquiesce in the decision of the new premier as to his place in the cabinet. The explanation in regard to the formation of a Government, which is usually made to Parliament immediately after, was read by Sir Hector Langevin on behalf of the Premier in the House of Commons, so that Sir Hector is the nominal leader in the House, though Sir John Thompson's assumption of control immediately after was most marked. There is nothing new in the explanation. It confirms what was before known. The Governor-General for some reason passed over Sir Hector Langevin and called upon Sir John Thompson to form a Government. It appears, therefore, that the Governor does not take the same view of Sir Hector's position under the charges made against him that the late Sir John Macdonald took, but rather shares the views of the Opposition. The latter contended that Sir Hector should have resigned temporarily, or have been suspended until the result of the investigation by the Committee on Privileges and Elections had been made known, while Sir John took the high ground that any such course would imply guilt, or a belief in his guilt, and the Government were not going to condemn a man before he had been even tried, not to say proved guilty. Had the Governor-General proceeded on this high assumption he would have sent for Sir Hector, but he did not; he did not, therefore, imply any guilt on the part of Sir Hector; he merely did not close his eyes to the fact ignored by the Government that serious charges had been solemnly made before the highest court in the land against the Minister of Public Works by a member who stakes his public existence upon his ability to prove them. Sir John Thompson, who shared with Sir Hector the leadership of the House in the absence of the Premier, and who in many respects was a suitable man for this position, was sent for by the Governor, but he, probably recognizing the fact that he would be unable to form a Government which would command the confidence of Parliament and the country, advised the Governor to send for Mr. Abbott, the Government leader in the Senate. Mr. Abbott has succeeded in his task: that is, he has induced all the members of the late Government to retain under his Premiership their positions, apparently until the end of the session, without change. To merely maintain the old position all round, to do as little as possible, make no changes, was Mr. Abbott's wise plan under the present circumstances, and he has managed to carry it out. It has not apparently been finally decided who shall manage the Department of Railways and Canals, vacated by the death of Sir John Macdonald, the statement being to the effect that one of the Ministers would administer its affairs temporarily. Mr. Bowell has been doing it hitherto. It seems certain, therefore, that Mr. Chapleau, whatever he has been promised, has as yet been paid nothing down for his acquiescence in the continuation of the old arrangement. The Cabinet will, probably, be reconstructed, whether during the session or at the end of the session, will depend somewhat upon what occurs when Parliament is sitting. If no damage is caused by the pending Tarte storm, and no trouble is experienced over the reciprocity resolutions, the North-West educational question and other dangerous subjects, and if Mr. Chapleau does not revolt, and it now seems certain he has been satisfactorily arranged with, reconstruction may be quietly carried out after the prorogation, Sir Hector Langevin possibly disappearing from the scene. Like President Carnot whose reign was not generally expected to last three months, but who is now firmer on the throne than ever, Mr. Abbott may quietly retain the seat he has got. Should a storm break and a wreck occur during the session, reconstruction of a radical kind and a dissolution would probably follow.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

SIR HECTOR LANGEVIN POSES AS LEADER IN THE COMMONS.

SIR JOHN THOMPSON ANSWERS THE QUESTIONS AND DOES THE WORK—CONNOLLY AT THE BAR—SUPPLY DEBATE.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, June 16.—The crowded public galleries and unusually large attendance of members in the House this afternoon betokened excitement and expectancy. Sir John Macdonald's chair was vacant. All the members of the Cabinet were present, except Mr. Chapleau, who will be confined to his house for a week, probably, with his sprained ankle. Mr. Dalton McCarthy was absent and it is understood that he has gone to England, where he held a brief before the Privy Council. On the other side, dressed in a new light-colored frock coat, sat Mr. Laurier, looking as if he was in splendid form. Mr. Mackenzie, Sir Richard Cartwright, Messrs. Mills, Patterson, Charlton, Langelier, Mulock and other Opposition leaders were all present. When Sir Hector Langevin got up to make the Ministerial announcement it was seen that he had not loosened his hold upon the leadership in the House. He unfolded a paper and said that he would read to the House an announcement, which Mr. Abbott had requested him to make, as follows: "Having obtained the requisite permission from His Excellency I desire to make a statement of proceedings after the death of the late Right Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald. It was felt by His Excellency that the state of public affairs did not necessitate the formation of a new Cabinet until the grave had closed over the late Premier and the last honors had been paid him. On the morning following the funeral His Excellency, exercising his constitutional right, applied to the Hon. Sir John Thompson for his advice with respect to the steps which should be taken for the formation of a new Government. Later, on the same day, by Sir John Thompson's advice, I was myself summoned by His Excellency, and, after consideration, I accepted on the following day the duty which His Excellency desired me to assume. I, therefore, communicated with my colleagues, and requested their consent to remain in their respective offices, and, with their assent, submitted to His Excellency my recommendation that they should be continued in their positions, a proposition which His Excellency was pleased to approve, and he also sanctioned my assuming the department office of President of the Council. The vacancy caused by the lamented death of the late Right Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald has not been filled, and pending the appointment of a successor, the affairs of the Department of Railways will be administered by a member of the Cabinet."

When Sir Hector sat down, there was a pause, but the Opposition leader did not move and the first order of the day was called. Mr. Laurier said nothing, because it was his intention to give the Government notice that on the morrow he would call upon the new Ministry to state upon what policy they asked the confidence of the House. This will bring on a criticism of the new régime and a reply, when it will be seen whether Sir Hector Langevin or Sir John Thompson is *de facto* leader of the party. Sir Hector read the official announcement in a clear, loud voice, as if he had more confidence in his position than at any previous time during the session. It set beyond doubt, however, what was pretty well known before, that Lord Stanley had not sent for Sir Hector to form an administration, but had summoned Sir John Thompson, who, apparently, saw so many difficulties in his way that he declined, and advised His Excellency to send for Mr. Abbott.

SUMMONED TO THE BAR.

The process of summoning anyone before the bar of the House is so uncommon that every member retained his seat while Mr. Michael Connolly was called. Mr. Connolly is the member of the firm of Messrs Larkin, Connolly & Co. who refused to allow the Committee on Privileges and Elections to peruse the books of the firm, although he produced the books before the committee, retaining them, however, in his possession. After a delay, Colonel Smith, the deputy sergeant-at-arms, made his first speech to the House by announcing that Mr. Michael Connolly, who had been summoned to appear before the bar of the House, was in attendance. At a signal from him the brass bar was placed across the entrance to the Chamber and Mr. Connolly was conducted in. A painful period then elapsed because all the evidence before the Committee had to be read over and the duty was performed by the Assistant Clerk Rouleau with that neglect of punctuation and profound contempt for inflection which, coupled with a murderous assault on the Queen's English, mark his monotonously loud delivery. As a reader Mr. Rouleau is a failure. At the conclusion of the reading, Sir John Thompson moved that the witness be asked if he was willing to place the books in question at the disposal of the Committee. The motion read as follows: "Are you willing to place in the custody of the Committee of this House on Privileges and Elections or in the custody of the Clerk of this House, for the purpose of reference to said Committee, the several books of accounts which you produced when you appeared as a witness on the third day of June instant, before said Committee, for the purpose of enabling said Committee to pursue the investigation of the charges which were referred to the Committee by order of this House on the eleventh day of May last and in relation to which you have been in part examined before the Committee." The resolution was sent down to Mr. Connolly, who took it and looked as if he did not know what to do. Mr. Daly moved that Mr. Connolly be heard by counsel, which was agreed to, and Mr. Alexander Ferguson, Q.C., appeared at the Bar beside his client. Being before the High Court of Parliament he wore his silk gown. He read a long paper, chiefly recitative, and concluded by humbly submitting that he ought not to be required to give up the custody of the books to allow a general examination to be made of them by the Committee or anyone else, and asked for his discharge. Mr Ferguson added a few words to the written statement to the effect that if, notwithstanding the objections urged, Mr. Connolly was ordered to give up the custody of the books, he would bow in submission to the order of the House. The witness was then requested to withdraw.

SIR JOHN THOMPSON

then recited the facts regarding the refusal to permit the Committee to peruse the books, laid down the law as to the practice in courts of justice, and said it would be absurd to allow the witness to seal the books of account or give testimony as to their contents without the tribunal being at liberty to test the correctness of his statements by looking at the entries. He then moved that Mr. Michael Connolly be ordered to place the books of the firm at the disposal of the Committee, striking out from the motion that part of it ordering him into custody in view of his submission to the House at the Bar that afternoon. This was carried and the incident ended. General satisfaction was expressed at the stand taken in this matter by the Minister of Justice, who insisted that the Committee should have the fullest liberty to obtain whatever was relevant to the charges from a perusal of the books of account. The Privileges and Elections Committee will not resume its sittings until Friday.

THE HOUSE IN SUPPLY.

On the motion to go into supply, Sir Richard Cartwright asked the Minister of Justice about the additional documents affecting the Washington negotiations. Sir John Thompson replied that assent had been received for the presentation of the papers. He hoped tomorrow to be able to make a fuller statement with regard to what papers could be brought down and the dates when they could be presented.

The Hon. David Mills with a smile asked the minister, sotto voce, "what about those that are withheld." Sir John Thompson laughed and made an evasive answer.

In supply the estimate taken up was for penitentiaries. Sir John Thompson came down from his seat in the second row and sat in the place of the late premier. When the item for Dorchester penitentiary came up Mr. Mulock asked if the Minister of Justice could give a satisfactory answer to a prayer made by some of his (Mr. Mulock's) constituents who were the largest firm of woodenware manufacturers in Canada that the manufacture of wooden ware in Dorchester Penitentiary be discontinued. The output of the penitentiary, he contended, whether or not, as under the compromise made by the Government a few years ago, it was distributed to manufacturers, interfered with free labor.

Sir John Thompson said he could not give what Mr. Mulock would consider a satisfactory answer. He thought the arrangement made by the Government with the manufacturers, by which the output was distributed among manufacturers and not put upon the market in competition with them, ought to be satisfactory. He said further that the manufacturers who were complaining had sprung up since the Dorchester Penitentiary began manufacturing woodenware, the output of the penitentiary had not been increased and he did not see that it should now give way.

Over the item for the Manitoba penitentiary a discussion arose about the officer lately in charge as warden, Mr. Bedson. Sir Richard Cartwright asked if the Minister of Justice had received from Mr. Bedson an explanation of his relationship to the Bremner fur case, whether he was a party in the pilfering or was innocent of the imputations with regard to that case.

Sir John Thompson replied that he had received no explanation.

The Hon. Mr. Mills said he had always felt surprised that Mr. Bedson should have been retained in his office such a length of time notwithstanding the charges which had been made against his administration of the penitentiary. Charges had been made to the McKenzie Government on the eve of its retirement by parties who said that Mr. Bedson had approached them with offers of Government contracts if they would give him 10 percent of the profits on them. But although that Government had laid the matter before their successors, and attention had been frequently called to it, Mr. Bedson had retained his position. If there was ever a dishonest officer in the service of the Government, Mr. Mills declared Mr. Bedson was one.

Sir John Thompson said that in some respects Mr. Bedson had been an exemplary officer although his management of the penitentiary had not been successful. Sir John said that he did not doubt that Mr. Mills believed the charges were true, and he did not often make such statements in the House, but the minister did think that now, when Mr. Bedson had retired on account of sickness, the hon. member for Bothwell need not have brought those old charges forward.

Mr. Daly called Mr. Mill's reference to Mr. Bedson "a cowardly attack," and said that the reason for it was that years ago when Mr. Mills was at the penitentiary Mr. Bedson had not given him a luncheon.

This was declared by Mr. Mills to be untrue; the member for Selkirk repeated that it was true.

Members cried "order." Mr. Daly declared his belief that there had never been a more honest officer in the service. Mr. McMullen declared that the members of the House who had for years been examining the accounts of the penitentiary must have been convinced that Mr. Bedson was "playing a grab game" in connection with that institution.

Mr. Ross, of Lisgar, offered his endorsation to the character for honesty which Mr. Daly had given Mr. Bedson.

Mr. Mills said that the statements to which he had referred were made, one by Mr. MacTavish, who was known to the honorable members; another was made by a gentleman at present a member of the House and one who stood as well as any body on the other side of the House; another by a member of the bar, at present or at that time practising at the Bar of Winnipeg. The charges he had made were strictly true.

MR. HUGH JOHN MACDONALD

made his maiden speech and it was quite a creditable effort. He did not think anyone from the Province of Manitoba would accuse Mr. Bedson of dishonesty. He might have been extravagant in his administration, but in Mr. Macdonald's opinion he had not been dishonest.

Mr. Watson of Marquette concluded the references to Mr. Bedson by showing how enormous had been the cost of running the Manitoba penitentiary as compared to other similar institutions.

Mr. Mulock, with regard to the purchase of sugar for the penitentiary, called the attention of the House to the enhanced price of that necessary of life in Canada by reason of the tariff; the price, he said, is increased 75 percent. In Canada sugar cost two cents and three cents a pound more than in the United States. The Hon. member was proceeding to discuss the subject but the Chairman called him to order.

VARIOUS CONTINGENCIES.

The House spent a considerable time discussing the stationery and trunks supplied to the Senators and Commoners. The item was $60,438 for salaries and contingent expenses of the Senate. Mr. McMullen had been looking into the auditors' report, and among other Senate contingencies found 339 inkstands, costing $258; 416 knives, $373; 3,048 pencils, $323; 228 pairs of scissors, $136, and 144 scrap-books, $93. Mr. McMullen asked what had become of all the things, of which these were only a few, how could 90 Senators use them all and why should the country pay for them. He suggested a committee to try to devise a means of regulating this expenditure. After this introduction the House swam into the farthest depths of the subject. The old grievance of members is that the stationery furnished the Senators is better than the members of the Commons received. This year a new grievance rears its disturbing visage, it is the trunk question. Last night the members, during an hour and a-half's discussion, wanted to know how it had come that while they had been furnished $23, solid leather, iron-framed trunks, those which the "old gentlemen," as one of the speakers referred to the senators, had received were all that, and studded with brass nails as well. The painstaking committee under whose administration the supplies are was subject to a searching criticism as to their methods of purchasing. The House took a good deal of entertainment out of it all. There was alternating seriousness and facetiousness. Mr. Mulock said he wished to give the Senate credit for economy in one or two directions. He found in the auditor's report with all the numerous articles mentioned, only "three flesh brushes and one foot bath." (Laughter.)

Mr. W. C. Cameron asked the Government if they were going to pass Mr. McMullen's challenge for a committee unanswered. Mr. Cameron read from the Senate contingencies, "one saucepan, one nail brush, methylated spirits, and a pair of blankets," and asked what they were for. The House would laugh as these items were read aloud, then some member would recal the gravity of the subject, and seriousness would straighten the serio-comic debate. Mr. Paterson (Brant) took the ground that if the House were sincere in its criticism of the Senate contingencies it should look at its own extravagances, and reduce them on an adoption of the adage to the effect that economy begins at home. This was Mr. Foster's position too, but whereas Mr. Paterson wanted this year's vote cut down Mr. Foster was agreeable to its adoption.

Dr. Sproule complained that there was his trunk full of stationery, too much small notepaper, and too many small envelopes, too small for business purposes.

Dr. Bergin, chairman of the committee, explained that the small notepaper it was considered would be especially useful to the ladies of the members' families. After the great trunk and stationery question had been pressed to a point where the House was facing a proposition to reduce its contingencies it was passed from, the vote for the Senate contingencies being adopted. It was now nearly midnight and the House adjourned.

THE DIOCESAN SYNOD.

THE QUESTION OF SABBATH OBSERVANCE.

The Synod got through a lot of business yesterday afternoon,—appointed committees and heard reports and notices of motion. Then it discussed the Sabbath observance question with great animation. The subject was introduced by Canon Anderson, who, as convener of the Sabbath Observance Committee, presented a most able report on the subject. As a literary composition it was admirable; as a high standard of purity, reflecting the law of God, it was noble. The report set out by referring to the interest which had recently been awakened in the great religious bodies on the subject of the better observance of the Lord's day. Even in France and Germany a reaction had set in against what was known as the Continental Sunday. In France, M. Leon Say, had taken the initiative in assembling a congress eighteen months ago to discuss the question of a seventh day rest for the whole of France. Of course, social and sanitary aspects of the subject only were discussed, but representatives of the working classes came forward and said the people wanted a day of rest upon which they could have some social life with their families. There was

ALSO A CRY FROM GERMANY,

and in the Motherland the greatest efforts were being made to conserve that boon of God, the Sabbath-Day, which he had commanded men to keep holy. In the Imperial Parliament a motion to open the museums and art galleries on the Lord's Day had been defeated by a majority of 166 to 39. (Applause.) While in those towns in which the open libraries had been tried, the attempt had failed for lack of patronage on the part of the people. (Applause.) The report then deprecated the attempts to introduce the Continental Sunday into this country. The action of the Montreal Board of Trade with respect to the opening of the canals on the Lord's day was denounced; and astonishment and pain was expressed at the opening of the Sohmer Park and threatened opening of the Gaiety Theatre. Allusion was made to the cigar and candy stores, where liquor was too often sold. The report concluded by asking the clergy to do their utmost to impress upon the people the absolute necessity of maintaining the inviolability and sanctity of the Lord's day.

In moving the adoption of the report, Canon Anderson said that the Lord's Day was a synonym for Christianity. The two went together. Many other matters might have been touched upon, for the subject was most momentous and far-reaching, and many-sided. Mr. Charlton, however, had introduced a most elaborate measure to the House of Commons at Ottawa, in which the whole ground was fully covered. Allusion might have been made to the street cars, and the opening of the post-office, but it had been thought better not to introduce them. But it should not be forgotten that in

THE GREATEST CITY WHICH THE WORLD HAD EVER SEEN,

where the people were counted by the million,—London, the post-offices were closed, and letters were neither received nor delivered. (Applause.) Canon Anderson pleaded earnestly and eloquently for complete and loyal obedience to the law of God.

Mr. Walter Drake, while in full sympathy with the report, objected to the words "Continental Sunday." Why mention it? Was there no other phrase equally suitable? It was a reflection upon other people. As an Englishman, he said it with shame, but in London, which had been held up as an example, there were worse scenes enacted on Sunday than in Paris or the cities of Germany. He had been there, and he knew whereof he spoke. There were no letters delivered in London on Sunday, but the public houses were open, and there was a most shocking condition of drunkenness.

Major Bond said that as one who had agreed to the report, he would like to put himself on record. He regarded the report as a very high standard for the guidance of the church, and as such he approved of it. But as one who was connected with an organization which had for its object the enforcement of law, some words were necessary to make his position clear. He did not like any reflection to be made upon any class of their fellow-citizens, and as a member of the Board of Trade he had no hesitation in saying that in a case of extreme urgency, where a serious loss was threatened, he would certainly sign the petition for the opening of the canal on Sunday, although, as a general thing, he certainly thought it should be closed. Sohmer Park had been attended to. That place was

DELIBERATELY BREAKING BOTH THE PROVINCIAL AND CIVIL LAWS.

It pretended to have a power to sell liquor on Sunday, which nobody else had, and it broke the city by-law by having acrobatic performances. These matters were now being enquired into; but he was not prepared to say that, if the Park were under proper control, and the proceedings of a proper character, that he would want to have it entirely closed. He had an interview with Archbishop Fabre on the subject. His Grace informed him—and this certainly was the voice and teaching of the Church—that while he strongly deprecated acrobatic or other performances of a like nature on Sunday, yet Catholics, having gone to mass in the morning, saw no harm in playing music in the afternoon. That statement might be taken to represent the view of their French-Canadian fellow citizens; but that had no connection with the distinct breach of law which was now being committed by the park people, and which they were bringing to the notice of the authorities. With regard to Mr. Charlton's bill, there were some provisions in it which he could not conscientiously endorse, but, with the report as a whole, he had the fullest sympathy, feeling that, from a commercial as well as a religious point of view, the sanctity of the Lord's day should be maintained.

AGAINST THEIR CHURCH TEACHING.

The Rev. Mr. Everett said the trouble was that the French-Canadians had gone against the teachings of the Church in this matter, for Cardinal Taschereau and the Archbishop had expressly insisted on the sanctity of the day.

PARENTS AT FAULT.

The Rev. Dean Renaud strongly insisted upon the proper observance of the Lord's day. Parents were often the cause of their children breaking the Sabbath by their careless conduct. This was noticeable in the country, and the bad example set by people going about visiting had its effect upon the young. Let them walk in the old paths. Let them remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy. God's law was above expediency.

The Rev. Mr. French said he could not give a silent vote on this question. "I believe in the observance of the Sabbath as heartily as any man in the Synod. But we must take men as we find them. To draw a hard and fast line is dangerous. Allusion was made to boating on Sunday. Well, I would rather that a young man should go to church in the morning and boat in the afternoon than that he should not go to church at all. Let us not alienate our young men. Let us not make religion a hateful thing to them. If a young man is confined all the week, and can get no recreation, I would rather he should take a boat on Sunday after having been to church than that he should be driven from the church altogether by harsh laws. We know how harsh measures have worked and are working. Take Scotland as an example. There, there is the greatest strictness. You dare not laugh. But the very strictness drives multitudes of men into ungodliness, and it is a well-known fact that in Glasgow the steamers on the Clyde load up every Sunday with whiskey, and then steam away down the Clyde, returning only when the people on board have consumed the whiskey. This is a fact. There is more real Sabbath desecration in Scotland than in other countries where the laws are less strict. We must take a commonsense view of this subject."

MORE TIME NOW TO PLAY.

"There would be some force, in what Mr French had said about young men," said Archdeacon Lindsay, "if it were the fact that they were so confined that they had no time for recreation. But the times have vastly changed since I was a boy. I don't know what people would then have given for the Saturday half-holiday. Now it is almost universal. The hours of labor are shortened. The working classes have better opportunities. This discussion will do good. It will keep us in the country. It will show where we stand on this subject. I am glad it was brought up. Certainly, let us sympathize with young men. Let the church sympathize with the working classes and with the poor, but let us keep God's law. (Applause.)

TAKE AN EXAMPLE FROM MAINE.

The Rev. Canon Mussen thanked Canon Anderson for his admirable report. He referred to the demoralizing effect of the C. P. R. workshops, and remarked that it was high time the people of Canada followed the example of the people in the State of Maine, which would not let a train in on Sunday under a penalty of $200, the C. P. R. having to time its trains so as to pull up before entering the State. He moved an amendment that the words "Continental Sunday" be omitted.

THE DEAN AND YOUNG MEN.

Dean Carmichael said he rejoiced at the report. No argument was needed to recommend its adoption. Sabbath desecration was to be seen all around them. It was a growing evil. Allusion had been made to young men. "Well," said the Dean, with fine feeling, "it has been the ambition of my life to be the friend of young men. I have made young men and my helpful relations to them the chief study of my ministerial career. I love young men; I feel that I am their brother; and it is because I love them that I support the plea of the report for the sanctity of that day which is the holiest and best which this world has ever witnessed. (Loud and continued applause.)

The Rev. Mr. Barsham deplored the desecration in the East End; the Rev. Mr. Smith spoke of much desecration in the country.

Dr. Norton hoped the Synod would be united on this subject. He had been on the Continent, and he had certainly seen a real Sabbath observance in many places. The question was a momentous one, and let them give forth their determination on this matter as with the voice of one man.

The Rev. Mr. Dixon said the report would strengthen his hands, because he had people in his parish who thought they might spend Sundays in the fields or do as they liked. There should be no trimming. The report should be printed and widely circulated.

A BAD EXAMPLE TO LACHINE.

The Rev. Mr. Hewton (Lachine), said that people who came out from Montreal set a bad example to his parishioners by spending the day in idleness.

HE SHOOTS TO HIT.

The Rev. Mr. Clayton said, "My Lord, don't let us be like the man who, looking away above his head for the object which he was aiming at, fell over an elephant and broke his leg. (Laughter.) When I shoot I want to hit and wound every time. (Laughter.) I'll never, my Lord, while I have breath, be a muzzled dog. (Laughter.) There's religious desecration; there's recreative desecration; and there's commercial desecration. Some men go to church on Sunday, and while one hand and one eye are piously cast towards heaven, the other eye and the other hand are searching for your purse to rob you. (Laughter.) Some speakers spoke about billiards on Sunday. Is it any worse to play billiards than to get out your horse and buggy and tear round the country, rolling over the roads like mad? I would rather play billiards than do it. I would rather, solemnly, My Lord, I would rather dance a jig or a reel (laughter). Then the people came out from Montreal, My Lord, good pious people who would hardly ride to church in a street car—good pious Scotch Presbyterians, My Lord, some of them (laughter) and they go boating and fishing and even hire some of our people to row for them and watch their lines. And these are the people, My Lord, who get up petitions to Parliament for the better observance of the Lord's day. (Laughter.) Then these are the people who go visiting, though I would rather that a man went to see his grandmother in the evening after being at church once than that he should go to his grandmother and not go to church at all—(laughter), and then there are the people who crowd the trains to go to camp-meeting, where Mr. So-and-So, the beautiful preacher, will be heard. Well, My Lord, such religion is not of heaven. It belongs, I fear, to another place. (Loud laughter.) We want the whole day kept. We don't want people to hold up their hands in pious horror at a street car, and then rush round the country doing as they please. We want our people to keep the day holy, as God has commanded."

Dr. Davidson, who seconded Canon Anderson's report, closed the debate. He ridiculed the idea that there was any delicacy in mentioning the Continental Sunday. The term was well understood. It was used in its generic sense. Other bodies had spoken out boldly on this subject and had not hesitated to denounce the conduct of those in high places. It was meet and right that the Church of England should utter no uncertain voice upon such a momentous subject.

The report was carried by a standing vote and amid loud applause.

AN INTERESTING INSURANCE CASE.

Some time ago the Confederation Life Association took out an action against Mr. Wm. Clark, manager of the Canada Meat Packing Company, to force him to take up a policy on his life for which he had applied and the risk had been accepted. Since then, Mr. Clark has tendered the amount of premium claimed, and costs up to date, at the same time demanding the policy. However, the Company now refuse to give the policy, on the ground that Mr. Clark has been seriously ill since the action was taken, and the court will now be called upon to decide the very interesting points involved.

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400	"	"	"	"	"	1.50,	worth 3.00
400	"	COTTONADE	"	"	"	1.75,	worth 3.50
200	"	DRILL	"	"	"	2.00,	worth 4.00
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SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Sewers," will be received at the office of the City Clerk, until noon on TUESDAY, the twenty-third day of June, for the construction of Sewers in the undermentioned streets or sections of streets, with the necessary connections, according to the section and specifications on view in the office of the undersigned, viz.:—

Clarke street, from south line of St. Jean Baptiste Ward to Mary Ann street.

St. Catherine street, from Nicolet street, to east of Cuvillier street.

Drummond street, from end of existing sewer, about 500 yards north of Sherbrooke street, to about 300 yards northward.

Fullum Extension, from Fullum street eastward to Richelieu avenue, (via Fullum, Lariviere, Dufresne, Lariviere, Iberville, and Forsythe streets).

Lafontaine street, from Dufresne street, to Poupart street.

Ontario street, from Nicolet street to Moreau street.

Stadacona street from Nicolet street to St. Germain street.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

The committee reserve the right of accepting tenders for one or more Sewers.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that it is proposed to construct the above-mentioned sewer and connections during the present season, and proprietors in the said streets or sections of streets, may avail themselves of the opportunity to make connections from their houses or yards into the said common sewers.

(By order,)
PERCIVAL W. ST. GEORGE,
City Surveyor.

CITY SURVEYOR'S OFFICE,
CITY HALL,
Montreal, 16th June, 1891.

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Last Edition

A GREAT SMUGGLING CASE

THE UNITED STATES TREASURY DEPARTMENT AND A C.P.R. SLEEPING CAR CONDUCTOR.

A story having reached a *Witness* reporter that some of the sleeping car conductors had been arrested by the United States customs officers, enquiry was made of Mr. Twohey, the chief officer of American customs in Montreal, and it was learned that Kilburn J. Brown, who is a sleeping car conductor on the Canadian Pacific Railway running between Montreal and Boston had been arrested in Boston on a charge of smuggling. He gave bail in $5,000. The assertion made is that during the past ten years Brown has defrauded the United States Treasury Department out of

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS

by running in contraband articles of wearing apparel, opium, furs, silks, velvets, and fine goods, packages of which were of great value, and embargoed up to 75 percent of their real value. It appears that for some time the United States customs officials have been suspecting Brown, and Converse J. Smith was ordered to watch the case. He made two trips on the cars with Browne between Montreal and Boston, and on June 2 Brown's car was searched at North Troy, Vt., and a small seizure was made. The modus operandi described by the Customs officials is this: The pillow boxes, which contain pillows during the day, are of course always empty in the evening. The plan was to utilize these by filling them with the contraband goods. These would be either carried direct to Boston or dropped upon the way to somebody waiting for them. The express company, of course, suffered, also, the loss by packages carried. Upon questioning Mr. Twohey as to the ease with which an employee could carry on such a traffic on the C.P.R. or any railway, Mr. Twohey replied that Mr. Shaughnessy, of the C.P.R. had

ORDERED THE DISCHARGE OF BROWN

eight or ten days ago, as soon as he heard of the affair. So quick were the Boston officials of the company in the matter that Brown was ordered off the car at Nashua, on his return to Montreal. He was not arrested, however, until Monday, when he was taken into custody at his home in Boston. For an officer to be suspected of smuggling on the C.P.R. means his suspension or dismissal. In Brown's case it was the latter. This case is regarded as the most important that has engaged the attention of the United States officials for some years, in this section, at least.

HER EXHAUST PIPE BURST.

THE STEAMER "SPARTAN" DELAYED IN PORT THIS MORNING.

As the Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Company's steamer "Spartan" was, this morning, about to leave her berth in the canal basin on her regular trip west, a sharp explosion resembling that of a miniature cannon was heard from the direction of the engine-room. A rush of passengers, a general enquiry, "What's the matter" and a brief investigation showed that the "exhaust pipe" of the engine had burst, not in fragments but leaving a wide crevice. This pipe, of cast iron, is about four inches in diameter, something over an inch and a quarter thick, and constitutes part of the system of pipes used in conveying steam from the boiler to the engine cylinders. Its impairment at any time, of course, means disablement of the engine and, for the time being, of the vessel and the "Spartan," in consequence, was held in port, men being at once set to work repairing the pipe, which they expect to have completed by six this evening, when she will proceed on her trip. The greater number of passengers remained on board and will continue their journey with her; a few, however, went on by rail.

MUST FACE THE ISSUE.

LIVELY AND IMPORTANT MEETING OF THE DOMINION ALLIANCE EXECUTIVE.

The meeting of the Dominion Alliance Provincial Executive Committee was yesterday for the first time at the new headquarters of the organization in the Mechanics' Institute, St. James street. Mr. J. R. Dougall presided. The report of the secretary, Mr. J. H. Carson, was a comprehensive review of Dominion and Provincial work. In the former field the debate on the Jamieson resolution was held to have demonstrated the importance of the issue being pressed to a vote at an early date. In the provincial arena the appeal in the Huntingdon test case was being officially opposed by the Dominion Alliance with confidence that the law giving municipalities the right to enact prohibitory by-laws would be sustained. The changed aspect of affairs at Ottawa was freely discussed from party and non-party standpoints, and the secretary instructed to write to the leaders in Parliament regarding the Jamieson resolution, and if necessary to proceed to Ottawa and communicate personally to the temperance members of Parliament the views of the Alliance.

The tone of the meeting was indicative of active campaign work during the year, and that at the convention in September the political phases of the question will be dealt with vigorously.

THE HOT WAVE.

THE HOTTEST DAY IN JUNE SINCE 1874—COOLER WEATHER ANTICIPATED.

It was 90° in the shade yesterday at McGill Observatory prior to the storm, at the City Hall 89°, and at Logan's Park, outside the Conservatory, 96°. It has not reached 90° in Montreal since July 4, 1887.

This is the hottest June, according to Mr. Walter H. Smith, since 1874, when 90° was registered on the 29th of the month. He also furnishes the following as some of the previous hot days in June at Montreal since 1826: June 27, 1828, 98°; June 6, 1829, 94°; June 1, 1831, 97°; June 23, 1833, 90°; June, 46-18, 1848, 97°; June 17, 1850, 91°; June 15, 1852, 93°; June 30, 1855, 91°; June 10, 1861, 90°; June 19, 1864, 90°.

The temperature fell to 60° during last night—a drop of 30° in 12 hours. A cool wave is anticipated, it having been only 2° above freezing yesterday in parts of the North-West.

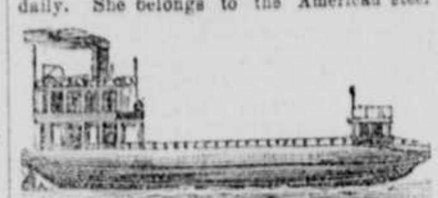
CALEDONIAN SOCIETY DELEGATES.

The Caledonian Society last evening transacted the business of the association usual at such meetings, Mr. S. C. Stevenson in the chair. It was also decided to appoint the following gentlemen delegates to the great Caledonian convention which this year is to be held at Pittston, Pa., July 3 and 4:—Ald. Stevenson, Messrs. S. C. Stevenson, W. Rutherford, sr., J. Wright, J. M. Campbell, James Harper, W. Morrison, W. W. Robertson, and S. S. Bain. The President was authorized to add four more names to those just given. Mr. Donald Campbell was elected a life member, in consideration of his lengthy and valuable services.

A NOVEL VESSEL.

WHALE-BACK IN PORT—HER CONSTRUCTION—ONE OF THEM TO CROSS THE ATLANTIC.

The whale-back steamer, "Joseph L. Colby," arrived from Duluth last evening, and is at present lying in the Wellington basin. She is quite a wonder and was visited to-day by a number of people. She is built entirely of steel, is 265 feet long, 36 feet beam and 22 feet deep. Her engines and all the machinery connected with her are at the extreme aft. She has a carrying capacity of 2,600 tons, and brought 67,000 bushels of wheat through the Welland canal on a 13 feet 10 in. draught. Her principal merit is the economical expense of construction and operation. She uses twelve and a half tons of coal daily. She belongs to the American steel



Barge Company of New York who have built several of the kind for the coal and grain trade. The first one was only launched last fall, and the one in port has just come out of the stocks. A wire fence stretches along each side of the deck, which is oval shaped and difficult to walk on, especially when the vessel is going. She had quite an exciting time coming through the rapids yesterday. The "Wetmore" will be the next to arrive. She will have 77,000 bushels of wheat which she will carry direct to England. The passage across is sure to be an eventful one. Each cargo has to be unloaded in Kingston and reloaded here on account of the rapids through which the whale backs have to come light. The one in port is en route for New York to engage in the coasting trade. She is commanded by Captain Leeman.

THE MERCHANTS BANK.

ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS—WARNINGS GIVEN BY THE GENERAL MANAGER—LONG CREDITS CONDEMNED—SHAREHOLDERS WANT LARGER DIVIDENDS.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Merchants Bank of Canada was held at noon to-day. Mr. Andrew Allan, President, who was congratulated on his recovery from recent illness, was in the chair and among those present were Messrs. Jonathan Hodgson, John Cassils, H. Montague Allan, John Crawford, J. H. R. Molson, James Williamson, Capt. Ritchie, Thomas Molson, Hector Mackenzie, John Duncan, John Morrison, J. P. Cleghorn, T. D. Hood, J. P. Dawes, F. H. Dunn, F. S. Lyman, Q.C., W. Burke, R. Anderson, E. F. King, J. A. Strathy, J. R. Charlton, John McCornell, W. Francis, C. G. Jones, George Reeves, J. Y. Gilmour, W. Cruickshank, James Moore, S. Parker, Hamilton; R. C. Montgomerie, St. Johns; E. P. Heaton, Geo. Brush, G. C. Dunlop and Alex. Mitchell.

Mr. Gault was appointed secretary of the meeting.

The annual statement, which has already been published in the *Witness*, was taken as read. The general manager read an address dealing with the business of the year and banking affairs generally, the state of trade throughout the county, and the brilliant possibilities of the future of the Dominion. One of the "points" of Mr. Hague's address was that the record of the failures in Canada was almost a national disgrace. He gave many illustrations showing how they were brought about. In speaking of the business of the country, he said that its present condition, more particularly in Quebec and Ontario, was very bad. He severely condemned the practice of giving long credit. The amalgamation of some of the manufacturers of the country, he took to be a good thing so long as it was kept within bounds.

Mr. Morrison wished to see the dividend increased to ten percent. He dilated at length on "what it might be" if the possibilities presenting themselves to the management of the bank were taken advantage of.

Mr. John Crawford criticised the course of the directors of the Bank in keeping the shareholders in the dark as to the losses the Bank had sustained and not allowing them fuller information about the affairs of the institution. He wanted to see a judicious abridgment in future, and he also wanted an increased dividend.

The directors' report was adopted as was the following motion, moved by Mr. Crawford, seconded by Mr. Morrison: That the president and directors within the present year take into consideration the policy of calling in the $200,800 unsubscribed capital by allotment, auction or otherwise reducing the present capital of $5,799,200 to $5,000,000, thereby superseding the anomaly now existing.

Votes of thanks ended the meeting.

The old board of directors was elected.

THE CRIMINAL COURTS.

QUEEN'S BENCH.

In the Reynolds case yesterday afternoon Chief Detective Cullen deposed that Luckey, a partner of Reynolds, had given the knife that had wounded Myers, to him. He got the knife two days after the stabbing. Luckey was using the knife at the time he went to get it. On being asked what he was using the knife for Luckey had said "he was cutting sandwiches with it and did not want to give it up, as he said he needed it for his business." This answer caused quite a stir in Court.

The next witness was Mrs. Myers, wife of the murdered man. She said that the accused came to her house the day of the stabbing. He asked her if she was Mrs. Myers, and said, "I have come to tell you a terrible thing." Witness replied to him, "Surely you have done us enough harm already," and asked prisoner what he had done, to which he replied, "I have cut Jerry." Jerry was her husband's name. The prisoner had explained how he had cut him in the side with a knife. Prisoner then told her not to be excited. Witness had then gone to the hospital to see her husband. Prisoner had followed her and told her that he would do anything for her if she would not have him arrested. Witness, however, refused to take money from him. It was then a quarter to twelve, and the prisoner got into a carriage and drove with witness to the hospital, where he had stayed with the wounded man and witness till a quarter to three, when he left, saying that he would go and see about her husband's work that night. Witness had not seen the prisoner after that till he gave himself up. The same afternoon at 5.30 she went to the Police Station to see if Reynolds' had been arrested, but the police told her that they had heard nothing about the affair. (Sensation). Witness was with her husband nearly all the time till he died.

Witness on being asked if the prisoner had not appeared sorry when he called on her, replied that he was sorry, but it was sorrow for himself as he was afraid of arrest. Prisoner had told witness that if Myers died he would give himself up. She only knew by the newspapers that the accused had come back from the States and had given himself up. Witness had told her husband not to go to Reynolds' place as he might get into trouble. The Court then adjourned till this morning.

The Reynolds murder case was again continued this morning. The first witness, D. Nightingale, said that, on the morning of the stabbing, he was talking to the prisoner, when a man with a bundle walked into prisoner's store. A few minutes after witness passed the prisoner's store again and met the man with the bundle coming out. The man turned round to Reynolds and said, "You are a coward to use a knife." The prisoner also said to witness, "I am afraid I have hurt a man." The accused also said to witness that he would go to the "Court Saloon" and see if the man was much hurt.

Ed. C. Wall, restaurant keeper, deposed that Myers came into his store on the morning of the stabbing and spoke to him about the money he owed Reynolds. Myers then left the saloon, but came back a few minutes after and said, "Dick has stuck me." Just then the prisoner came into the saloon and said, "Jerry, I have done you harm, and will do anything I can for you." Witness saw blood on Myers hand and shirt. Myers and Reynolds left his saloon arm in arm. Myers did not appear to be very much hurt and talked quite coolly about his wound. Myers had four or five drinks of gin in his place. Bird Luckey, partner of the accused, gave his deposition, which corresponded with the evidence of the last witness.

Alex. Lapointe and Ed. Lacasse, found guilty of stealing farm implements, were sent to gaol for three months' each.

BARON DE HIRSCH'S LIBERALITY.

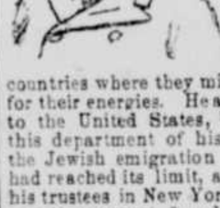
THE MONTREAL INSTITUTION ENDOWED BY HIM.

This afternoon the Baron de Hirsch Institute, St. Elizabeth street, was opened.

As announced last fall Baron de Hirsch forwarded $20,000 to the Young Men's Hebrew Benevolent Society of Montreal for the relief and amelioration of the poor of the Hebrew faith. Out of this money the Young Men's Society has founded the Institute which was formally opened to-day by Mayor McShane. The building is a three storey stone building and very suitable for its purposes. This Institute is partly for the purpose of temporary sheltering the poor immigrants and Russian refugees, and also more particularly and especially for the free education of the children of poor Hebrew families. The school was opened last December and now there are 170 children on the roll, under the supervision of Mr. W. H. Baker, head-master, assisted by a Hebrew teacher and two lady teachers. There are four classes and the object is to give a good elementary education and to prepare them for the public schools. About forty of these children, after the school is out, sell the evening papers on the street and are thereby endeavoring to help themselves. The upper story of the building is set apart for the temporary shelter of immigrants. These are cared for and forwarded to their friends as soon as possible. There arrived to-day by the steamer "Ontario" thirteen Russian refugees who are now under the care of the institute. They are a fine looking lot of people.

The building to-day was beautifully decorated with flowers and flags, and the children looked bright and happy. At the appointed time for the opening there was a large attendance of ladies and gentlemen, including the Mayor and Mrs. McShane, Mr. W. C. Munderloh, German Consul; Mr. Schultz, Austrian Consul; Chief Justice Sir Francis Johnston, the Rev. Mr. Friedlander, the Rev. Mr. De Sola and many others. There were also a number of the members of the Ladies' Hebrew Benevolent Society, whose president is Mrs. B. Jacobs. These ladies also assist in looking after the interests of the Home. After the reception of the visitors by the President and Board of Directors, the signing of the regisgister, inspection of the building, there were exercises by the school children.

Baron de Hirsch is one of the philanthropists of the day, a man of wealth, who devotes a large percentage of his means to assisting



his co-religionists in Russia and other European countries. He has for years been laboring to promote the welfare of the Hebrews in the Eastern countries of Europe, and has spent colossal sums in providing them with schools, and assisting them to emigrate to countries where they might find the best scope for their energies. He assisted a large number to the United States, but latterly he closed this department of his work, thinking that the Jewish emigration to the United States had reached its limit, and he handed over to his trustees in New York the sum of £480,000 as a "permanent foundation" for the support of the colonies already formed in his name, and for the assistance of future immigrants. The Baron is doing all in his power to assist his persecuted brethren in Russia, but so far he has done little except make enquiries. About five years ago he drew up a scheme for improving the condition of the Russian Jews in their native homes, without resorting to emigration, by schools—technical and otherwise—open to Gentiles as well as Jews, thus improving the condition of the latter, and the prospects of their emancipation would be much improved. For the endowment of his scheme he offered the Russian Government £2,000,000, but the matter fell through on the question of trusteeship. After that Baron de Hirsch turned his attention to emigration schemes. As the result of an International Jewish Conference, held in Paris last October, the Baron appointed a commission of scientific agriculturists and other skilled persons to proceed to South America, in order to ascertain whether homes for his emigrants could be found there. The result is that Baron de Hirsch has resolved to establish several colonies of Russian Jews there. The colonies are to be exclusively agricultural, and every effort will be made to render them self-supporting as soon as possible. Already 400 families have been sent out, and it is in contemplation to settle 10,000 emigrants on the land which the Baron has purchased. The London *Daily Graphic* speaks as follows of the Baron:—

People are asking who is this mysterious Monte Cristo who throws millions about as if they were—well five pound notes? Maurice, Baron von Hirsch auf Gerenth is not, as many imagine, a *nouveau riche*. His grandfather, the founder of the family, was Royal Bavarian Court Banker, and was ennobled in 1818 by King Maximilian Joseph I. of Bavaria "for his services in promoting national agriculture and industry." Baron de Hirsch is consequently the third Baron of his line, while through his mother, he is descended from one of the most distinguished families in the Ashkenazi section of the Jewish community. He was born in 1831, became a partner in the banking house of Bischoffsheim and Goldschmidt, of London, Paris and Brussels, and made his fortune by the promotion of railway enterprises in Austria, Turkey and Russia. He was struck many years ago by the coincidence that in the very countries in which he had amassed his wealth, his co-religionists were in the most deplorable condition. He took measures for their relief; appointed almoners to travel for him on missions of enquiry and mercy, and gave munificent sums to the Alliance Israelite Universelle for the establishment of schools. On two occasions he has handed to the Alliance Israelite a cool million of francs, and for many years past has paid their deficits, which now regularly amount to several thousands of pounds. Two years ago he gave ten millions of francs to trustees for the benefit of the poor Jews of Galicia. In recognition of his munificence the Austrian Emperor created him a member of the Hungarian House of Magnates. He has large estates in France and Austria, and, having lately become a friend of the Prince of Wales, has been a frequent visitor to England.

Mr. Parnell has invited Mr. E. Dwyer Gray to contest the seat in Parliament made vacant by the death of The O'Gorman Mahon. Both sides admit that it will be a tough contest.

The Republican Convention of Ohio has nominated Mayor McKinley for Governor by acclamation.

MONTREAL, June 17.

Readings by Hearn & Harrison's Standard Barometer at noon to-day, 29.95.; yesterday, 29.74. Temperature to-day: Max., 75; min., 59. Yesterday: max., 88; min., 66.

THE PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY.

The Rev. Dr. Warden returned home last night from the meeting of the Presbyterian Assembly in Kingston, accompanied by the Rev. Dr. King, of Winnipeg, who sailed this morning for Europe. Dr. Warden reports the Assembly as one of the most pleasant ever held. The meeting will probably continue till Friday noon. The most important question now to be settled is the proposed summer session in one of the colleges for the benefit of students laboring in the mission field of the Church during the winter. This has been discussed by a large committee for the past day or two, the balance of opinion being opposed to a summer session. Dr. Warden goes to Ottawa to-morrow evening in connection with the closing of Coligny Ladies' College on Friday.

A TERRIBLE MISTAKE.

On Monday morning a little boy named Sidney Harris, living in St. Henri, went into the bedroom where his father lay dying. At the bedside in a saucer was a quantity of carbolic acid. The little fellow not knowing what it was took up the saucer and drank part of its contents. His screams attracted his mother's attention. She carried him from the room and and called in a doctor, but the poor boy lingered in terrible agony till last night, when he died. This morning Coroner Jones held an inquest on the body and returned a verdict of "accidental death."

COMMERCIAL NOTES.

A petition has been filed in the Court House by Mr. Joseph Mallette, asking that Roch Louzon, an absentee hotel-keeper, be called to attend a meeting of his creditors.

John Murison, carpenter, has assigned at the demand of Riopel & Bourdon, with liabilities of about $1,600.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Return of traffic week ending June 13, 1891:

	1891.	1890.
Passenger train earnings........	$127,411	$129,254
Freight " "	211,145	241,308
Total..........................	$338,556	$370,562

Decrease, 1891, $32,006.

COMMERCIAL.

WITNESS OFFICE, Wednesday, June 17, 1891.

FINANCIAL.

The money market is unchanged in every respect. Call loans are made at 4½ to 5 percent, on the security of good stock collateral, and good commercial paper is discounted at 6 to 7 percent, as to name and date.

Sterling exchange is dull at about former rates. Round amounts of 60-day bills are quoted at 109⅜ and of demand bills at 109⅞. Drafts on New York are drawn at about 1-10 premium.

The stock market is somewhat stronger to day and more active, the improvement extending to all classes of stocks.

Morning sales:—50 Bank of Montreal, 219; 25 at 218½; 3 Merchants, 145; 7 at 144½; 3 Toronto, 218; 10 Commerce, 128¼; 4 at 128¼; 50 Montreal Telegraph, 104½; 100 City Pass., 193; 5 New City Pass., 180, 50 Commercial Cable, 106½; 400 Canadian Pacific Railway, 80; 140 at 80¼; 50 at 80¼; 50 Bell Telephone, 107.

The prices at the close of the Board reported to-day, by Messrs. Nichols & Marler, Stock Brokers, corner St. Francois Xavier and Notre Dame streets, were as follows:—

STOCKS. Banks.	Sellers per $100.	Buyers per $100.	STOCK Miscellaneous.	Sellers per $100.	Buyers per $100.
Montreal	219	218½	Montreal Tel	105	104½
Ontario	114	112	Rich & Ont.Nav	58	57
Peoples	100	98	C. P. R.	192	189
Molsons	160	150	City Gas Co	205½	203½
Toronto	225	217	M. Loan & Mort	....	....
Jac. Cartier	98	94	Canada Cotton	40	30
Merchants	145½	144½	Mont. Cotton	....	....
Quebec	125	120	Dundas Cotton	....	....
Nationale	....	....	Stormont Cot'n	....	....
E. Townships	150	....	Dominion Cot'n	....	....
Union	....	....	St.Paul M&M.R	....	....
Commerce	129	128	Can.N.W. Land	73	72
Ville Marie	97	91	Can. Pac. Ry	80	79½
Hochelaga	110	108	Royal Electric	....	112

NEW YORK STOCK LIST—June 17

(*Furnished by J. R. Meeker.*)

1 St. Francois Xavier street.

Opening and Closing Prices—10 a.m. and 3 p.m.

Sterling demand	....	....	St. Paul, M.&M.	....	....
A T.C.	33½	32½	M. O. Pac	69¼	68½
C.B.&Q.	89½	88½	Nor. Pac	....	....
C.C.C.	63	....	Nor. Pac. pfd	68½	68
Can. P.	79½	....	Nor. West	105½	....
N.Y.C.	....	....	Wabash pfd	23½	23
Can.South	....	....	Oma. Com	....	....
Del. & Hud.	....	....	N A	15	14½
D. L.& West	....	135½	Pacific Mail	....	....
Erie	....	....	Reading	....	31½
C. Gas	....	....	St. Paul	65½	64½
N. Y. & N. Eng.	35½	35½	Tex. Pac	....	....
N. J. Cen.	110	....	Union Pacific	45½	44½
Lead	....	17½	W. U. Tel	81½	....
Louis & Nash	73½	72½	Wab. Com	....	....
L. Shore	....	10½	R. T.	14½	16½
M.C.	....	....	R. J.	73½	72½
Silver	98½	....	Sugar	83½	....

The Chicago wheat market opened steady at 95⅝c July, and sold up to 96⅜c July, again falling to 95⅝c July, 92⅜c August, 92⅜c September, and 93⅝c December. Receipts, 53,000 bushels, and shipments 59,000 bushels. Corn opened 1c per bushel higher at 56½c July, and 53⅜c Sept., and was quoted later at 57c July, and 52⅝c Sept.

In New York wheat opened at $1.06 July and $1.03 Dec., or about steady, and was quoted later at $1.06¼ to $1.06⅛ July, $1.01¾ to $1.02 August, $1.00⅞ to $1.01½ Sept., and $1.02½ to $1.03 Dec., the lowest quotations being the latest of the day. Shipments 189,887 bush. Corn opened 1 cent per bushel dearer at 64½c July, and 61⅜c Sept., and was quoted later at 65c July, 62c Aug., and 61c Sept. Shipments 90,532 bushels.

In Duluth No. 1 Northern wheat was quoted at $1.00½ June, and $1.01½ July.

In St. Louis wheat was quoted ½c higher, at 91½c July.

THE CHEESE MARKET.

BELLEVILLE, Ont., June 17.—At a meeting of the Cheese Board here yesterday 44 factories offered 2,011 boxes of white and 1,386 boxes of colored; total, 3,397 boxes. The following sales were made:—Hodgson Bros., 780 white at 8⅛c; Thompson, 220 white and 255 colored at 8⅛c; Bensley, 120 white, 255 colored at 8⅛c.

CHICAGO, June 17, 2.15 p.m.—Closing.—Wheat, 95⅝c July; 92¼ Sept. Corn, 55⅛c July; 52⅛c Sept. Oats, 37⅛c July; 31⅛c Sept. Pork, $10.45 July; $10.67½ Sept. Lard, $6 35 July; $6 60 Sept.

TOLEDO, June 17, 1.15 p.m.—Closing—Wheat, quiet; $1.04 cash and June; 97⅛c July; 94⅛c Aug.; 97⅛c Dec.

MILWAUKEE, June 17, 1.15 p.m.—Closing—Wheat, firm, 94⅛c cash, June and July.

DULUTH, June 17, 1.15 p.m.—Closing—Wheat, No. 1 hard, $1.03½ cash; $1.04 June; $1.05 July. No. 1 Northern $1.00½ June; $1.01½ July.

ST. LOUIS, June 17, 1.20 p.m.—Closing—Wheat, $1 cash; 97⅛c June; 91⅛c July; 90⅛c Aug.; 90⅛c Sept.; 93⅛c Dec. Corn, 57⅛c cash and June; 54½ July 53c Aug.; 51⅛c Sept. Oats, 42c cash and June; 35⅛c July; 31c Aug.; 30⅛c Sept.

LIVERPOOL, June 17, 12.30 p.m.—Closing—Spring wheat, 8s 2½d; Red Winter, nom.; Kansas Winter, 8s 4d; No. 1 Cal., 8s 4½d. Corn, 5s 6½d. Peas, 6s. 0½d. Pork, 52s 6d. Lard, 32s. Bacon, heavy, 29s 6d; light, 30s. Tallow, 25s 9d. Cheese, 46s 6d.

LONDON, June 17, 12.30 p.m.—Closing—Consols, 95⅜ money; 95½ on account.

NEW YORK, June 17, 2.15 p.m.—Closing—Wheat, $1.06⅛ May; $1.09½ June; $1.06¼ July; $1.01½ Aug.; $1.01 Sept.; $1.01½ Oct; $1.01½ Nov.; $1.02½ Dec. Corn, 68c June; 64½c July; 62c Aug.; 61c Sept. Oats, 44½c June and July; 38½c Aug.; 36½c Sept.; No. 2 white oats, 46½c July.

LEADERSHIP.

LANGEVIN VS. THOMPSON.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, June 17.—The latest rumor here is that Mr. Abbott was nominated as Premier by Lord Mount Stephen, the railway and financial magnate. It is also stated on rather clearer grounds that Mr. Dalton McCarthy himself wanted to be First Minister, but he was unable to receive such encouragement as to warrant him in remaining in the field and he would not enter a Cabinet where he was second in command. It is probable that the passing over of Sir Hector Langevin in the choice of a Premier will be dwelt on in the House this afternoon, when Ministerial explanations are asked for by Mr. Laurier.

WAVES OF FEELING.

Mr. Chapleau's Quebec friends, or some of them, are very angry at him for retiring even temporarily from the position he had taken up. There are not wanting those who predict that if the Committee on Privileges spares Sir Hector Langevin it is quite possible that Mr. Chapleau will be dropped as Sir Hector Langevin is much the stronger man in his own province, and Mr. Chapleau, by going on strike at a critical moment, has excited the ire of many outspoken Ontario members. A Central Ontario member, standing in an acquiescing group of half-a-dozen fellow-members, declared with a round oath that he would sooner see a dissolution than have to give in to that man Chapleau. These things show something of the waves of feeling which are at present sweeping over Parliament. The question of the formal leadership in the House is apparently settled by Sir Hector Langevin being entrusted with Mr. Abbott's announcement. It is really, however, still a very important question merely laid to rest for the time being. It is quite impossible for the real leader of the Government, Sir John Thompson, to continue long in a back seat while Sir Hector attempts to lead, for it has long been a subject of remark that however successful as a departmental administrator Sir Hector has been as a *pro tem* leader, in the House he has been a conspicuous failure. He invariably does the wrong thing whenever he is called on to intervene. Yesterday when the House sat waiting for the witness Connolly nobody seemed to know what to do. It was Sir John Thompson took the lead and proposed to go on with a Government bill.

It is reported that Mr. Foster is trying to arrange for the acceptance of the office of Lieutenant-Governor of New Brunswick by the Hon. John Costigan, so that the particular friend of the Minister of Finance, Mr. Wood, of Westmoreland, may enter the Cabinet after the session. Every day furnishes additional evidence that the present is a provisional arrangement and when the Government are asked to-day, as they will be, if it is, they will not venture to give it a straight negative, for many followers are held in line by promises of an early change. There is official authority for the statement that Mr. Haggart has been named acting-Minister of Railways and Canals. The duties of the Postmaster-General are very light and he can attend to the Railway Department better than any other Minister on this ground except the Secretary of State, who has even more time on his hands.

THE FIRST DIVISION.

The first party division under the new Ministry is looked forward to with very great interest. The Government majority is being constantly weakened. Richelieu is unrepresented, Kingston is vacant, Mr. Dalton McCarthy has gone to England, Sir Donald Smith leaves for England on Saturday. It is understood that the session will not be unduly prolonged, but may end by July 15 or July 20, at the latest.

RAILWAY COMMITTEE.

The Railway Committee met this morning with forty-four orders on the paper. Sir Hector Langevin, chairman, rushed things, and cleared off a dozen bills. The bill to incorporate the Montreal and Atlantic Railway stands till the end of July. The bill respecting the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway Company also stands. Mr. Kirkpatrick withdrew the bill to confer additional telegraph powers on the Canadian Pacific Railway. The Canadian Pacific Railway bill respecting the bonds and stock of the New Brunswick Railway Company, and the Grand Trunk bill enabling that road to construct a link connecting their Glencoe and Sarnia branches, was passed, as also the Grand Trunk bill amending the Central Counties' Railway, which is to be leased, when constructed, to the Canada Atlantic Railway. The Committee meets again on Friday.

PRESBYTERIAN GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

(Special to the Witness.)

KINGSTON, Ont., June 17.—In the General Assembly this morning the Rev. R. Murray, of Halifax, called attention to the statement made by the Rev. J. Nichols to the effect that Mr. J. T. Morton, of London, has intimated his intention to present a copy of the Rev. J. P. Lilley's prize essay to each minister of the church, and that Mr. David Morrice, of Montreal, had offered to pay the cost of the transmission of the same. He moved that the thanks of the Assembly be presented to these two gentlemen.

STATE OF RELIGION.

The usual questions of the General Assembly's Committee upon the State of Religion were read. In this connection the Synod of Montreal and Ottawa sent up a scheme which will cover the whole life and work of the Church, and which will render the questions proposed unnecessary. The scheme was adopted.

The report of the Committee upon the applications of Presbyteries to receive certain students was received and agreed to. The Presbytery of Minnedosa applied for leave to receive Mr. J. Ramsay, a student from Scotland, as a probationer of this Church. Agreed.

The following were elected by ballot as delegates to attend the Pan-Presbyterian Council in 1892. Dr. Caven, Dr. MacVicar, Dr. Wardrope, Dr. Grant, Dr. King, Dr. Reid, the Rev. D. M. Gordon and Dr. McLaren. The following ministers were placed upon the aged and infirm ministers fund and allowed to retire. The Rev. W. S. Darragh, Rev. James Allan, Rev. Wm. Scott, Rev. K. McKenzie, Rev. George Craw, Rev. D. M. McIntosh, Rev. Alex. Bell, Rev. Jas. Ferguson, Rev. Jas. Stewart, Rev. John Lees, Rev. J. Geddes; and to get $100 per year the Rev. W. Milligan.

CRASHED THROUGH A BRIDGE.

CHICAGO, June 17.—Information was received early this morning of a disastrous wreck on the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway half a mile east of Coon Rapids, Ia. A passenger train consisting of an engine, baggage, mail and express cars, several coaches and two sleepers crashed through the bridge over the Coon River. Only the rear sleeper remained on the track. Two passengers are known to have been killed.

MR. MERCIER'S VIEWS.

INDEPENDENCE OF CANADA.

(Special Cable to the Witness via Anglo-American Telegraph Company.)

LONDON, June 17.—The *Times'* correspondent has interviewed Mr. Mercier in Paris regarding Sir John A. Macdonald's death. Mr. Mercier says that it deprives the Conservative party of all its strength in its suicidal opposition to reciprocity, which will become law on the advent of Mr. Laurier to power, which will be soon, as only Mr. Laurier can frame a strong Government. Mr. Mercier declared that the time has arrived to consider peacefully yet seriously the Europeans' right to govern Americans. Canada intends to ask for independence. No party favors imperial federation or annexation. Mr. Mercier leaves France on the 10th July, Liverpool on the 16th.

IN TORY BOOTS.

(Special to the Witness.)

OTTAWA, June 17.—A funny incident happened in the Toronto sleeper this morning. Mr. Henderson, the Conservative member for Ottawa, mistook the Hon. David Mills' boots for his own, and walked off with them, and the Opposition orator arrived at the House of Commons in Tory boots.

BLOCKED BY ICE.

FATHER POINT, Que., June 17.—The SS. "Fremona," Thompson Line, passed inward at 11.15 a.m. She tried the Straits of Belle Isle and got to within ten miles of Belle Isle, but found the Straits to be completely blocked with very heavy ice and had to put back and come round by Cape Race.

OCEAN PASSENGERS.

SS. "VANCOUVER" DEPARTED.

The following is the list of saloon passengers per the Dominion Royal Mail steamship "Vancouver," which sailed this morning:—Mr. Wm. Birks, Mrs. Birks, Mr. E. B. Buckerfield, Mr John Brown, Miss Emily Brown, Mr. Cleaver, Mr. Hamilton Cassils, Miss Cowie, Mr. T. Coristine, the Rev. Joseph B. Clark, Mrs. Clark, Mrs. Curry and maid, Mr. A. Conacher, Mr. Edwin Chippendale, Miss Davis, Mrs. J. R. Dundas, Miss Lily Dundas, Miss Dora Dundas, Miss Allie Dundas, Miss Ada Dundas, Dr. W. Dunstan, the Rev. Father Dubois, Mrs. R. Esdaile, Mrs. J. C. Forbes, Miss Forbes, Master S. H. Forbes, Mrs. J. G. Forrester, Miss Forrester, Rev. M. Fawcett, Mrs. Fawcett, Mr. W. Fawcett, Mr. E. M. Gibb, Mrs. Gibb, Miss H. M. Gibb, Mr. J. D. Gilmour, Mrs. Gilmour, Mr. Robt. Givean, Miss Hannahan, Miss Harvey, Rev. Wm. Hall, Mrs. Hall, Miss Hall, Miss Bessie Hall, Miss Winnifred Hager, Mrs. Robert Hamilton, Miss Hamilton, Mrs. G. H. Hopkins, Mrs. E. Irwin, Miss Irwin, Mr. Robert Innis, Mrs. Innis, Mr. Jenkins, Mr. James Jackson, Miss King, Mr. C. Keizer, Mrs. Keizer, Rev. John M. King, D.D., Miss King, Mrs. J. Lynn, Mr. Albert Lund, Mrs. Lund, Miss Lynch, Mr. Henry Lacroix, Mr. Masten, Miss Masten, Miss Ellen Mathewson, Mrs. John Macintosh, Miss F. Macintosh, Miss Musgrave, Lieut.-Col. W. C. Mathew, Mrs. Mathew, Mr. Gervase A. Mathew, Mr. W. D. McIntyre, Mrs. McIntyre, Miss Blossie McIntyre, Mr Henry McLaren, Mr Wm. Fred. McLaren, Mr. Archibald McLaren, Mr. E. McKean, Mrs. McKean, Master E. J. McKean, Master S. H. McKean, Miss E. K. McKean, Miss M. E. McKean, Mr. T. H. Newman, Mrs. Newman, Mr. J. Pendlebury, Mrs. Pendlebury, Miss Pendlebury, Mr. Wm. Pinkerton, Mr. S. J. Pitts, Mrs. Pitts, Miss Ethel Pitts, Miss Martha Pitts, Master Artuur Pitts, Master Clarence Pitts, Miss Gladis Pitts, Miss B. Pope Miss Ritherton, Mr. Rosenthall, Mrs. Rosenthall, Miss Emma Rosenthall, Miss Ida Rosenthall, Mr. N. Rooney, Mrs. H. N. Sheppard, Master Sheppard, Miss Shaw, Mr. Robt. Stewart, Mrs. Stewart, Miss Stewart and maid, Rev. L. F. Stearns, Mrs. Stearns, Miss Smeathurst, Miss Stewart, Col. F. H. Lynch-Staunton, Mr. A. H. St. Germain, Mrs. St. Germain, Miss St. Germain, Mr. B. Sutton, Mr. H. F. Thompson, Miss Thompson, Mr. John Torrance, Mrs. Torrance, Rev. J. D. Toolis, Miss Vale, Mrs. E. Wragge, Miss Wragge, Miss Constance Wragge, Miss Wilson, Mr. R. S. Williamson, Mrs. Williamson, Mr. Williams, Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Watt, Miss Williams, Miss Margaret W. Wiley, Mrs. W. P. Yulle.

SS. "MONGOLIAN."

The steamship "Mongolian" sailed for Liverpool this morning with the following cabin passengers:—The Rev. J. W. Crawford, Mrs. Rowland, John Leckie, Mrs. Leckie, Mr. Rowland, Mrs. Laurie, Master Laurie, John Combe, L. W. Reid, Miss Bertha Winfield, Capt. Hennaker, Miss Leckie, Miss Leckie, Mrs. Eakin, Miss Alice Eakin, Miss Eddie Eakin, Miss Lovette and Mr. Christopher Robinson.

GULF REPORTS.

L'ISLET AND RIVER DU LOUP, June 17.—Clear; north-east wind. No shipping.

FATHER POINT, June 17.—Clear; south wind. Passed inward at 4 a.m. the Sarmatian; at 4.30 a.m. the Ontario; outward at 8 a.m. the Norwegian.

MATANE, June 16.—Clear; calm. Passed inward at 8 a.m., the Fremona; at 8 a.m. the Alert.

MARTIN RIVER, CAPE MAGDALEN, and FAME POINT, June 17.—Clear; north-west wind.

FAME POINT, June 17.—Passed inward at 6 a.m., the Samuel Tyzack.

ANTICOSTI, June 17.—Clear; north wind. Schooner Florence left for South Point at 8 a.m.

FOX BAY, June 17.—Herring abundant.

MEAT COVE, June 17.—Clear; north wind. Passed inward the Bonavista, Maud Hartmann, Coban, Newfoundland. Passed outward on Monday the barque Annie Bingay; on Tuesday at 6 pm., the Cape Breton and the Thames

NOTES AND NOTICES.

FLORAL TRIBUTE TO THE LATE SIR JOHN.—Miss E. Kirkup, 273 St. Antoine street, specialist in the art of preserving natural flowers, has been favored by Lady Macdonald with the embalming of a beautiful wreath, composed of white and yellow roses, for the late Sir John. This magnificent wreath is supposed to have been presented by Her Majesty Queen Victoria.

BIRTHS.

ROBERTSON.—At 87 Mackay street, on the 16th inst. the wife of John Armour Robertson, of a daughter.

BISHOP.—At 242 Mountain street, on the 16th June, the wife of T. Anderson Bishop, of a son.

MARRIED.

BIRKS—GIFFORD.—On Tuesday, June 16th, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Dr. G. H. Wells, William Massey Birks, to Miriam Childs Gifford, only daughter of Mr. Wm. B. Gifford, all of this city.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

REPORTED DYEING

FIFTY YEARS AGO.

Put still living ready to Dye for you. Send us your Light Suits, Dresses, Cloaks, Mantles, Jackets, Lace Curtains and anything in the shape of wearing apparel, or House Hangings for Cleaning or unsuitable colors for dyeing, and you will find we can give you every satisfaction, at moderate prices. Goods sent for and delivered.

Telephone 1554.

MONTREAL STEAM LAUNDRY,

Office—690 Craig st. and 231 St. Lawrence st.

IN THE MATTER OF

PIERRE AVILA GOUIN, of the City of Three Rivers, Hardware Merchant, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that by judgment of Hon. Mr. Justice Bourgeois, rendered this day, I, John Hyde, of the City of Montreal, Accountant, was duly appointed curator to the estate and effects of said P. A. Gouin, in the room and stead of the late Thomas Darling, Esq.

Montreal, 16th June, 1891.

JOHN HYDE, Curator.

OFFICE OF JOHN HYDE, Accountant and Trustee, 181 St. James street.

READABLE PARAGRAPHS.



HIS OPINION.

Visitor—"Well, Johnny, I suppose your father thinks the twins are something wonderful?"

Johnny—"Yes, but' (in a confidential whisper) "I could lick 'em both together."—*Judge.*

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

IRELAND'S HERBAL OINTMENT.

Madame Ireland, whose wonderful cures in England of Eczema and all other diseases of the skin, and which has attracted so much attention there, is now in Montreal, and can be interviewed at 2434 St. Catherine street. She is desirous of meeting with those suffering from skin diseases whose cases have been pronounced beyond cure. In England 73 cases of this nature have been recently cured by her remedies, which bear the endorsation of the Faculty as well as the approval of the staff of the hospitals specially set apart for cutaneous diseases. Sufferers from Eczema, &c., in its most aggravated forms have now a certain cure within their reach. The lacerations from smallpox readily succumb to this wonderful and unique remedy.

DEPOTS:

England—67 Queen's Road, Brighton, Sussex.

Canada—2434 St. Catherine street, Montreal.

Sold in bottles at 75c and $1.25. To be had of all chemists.

WARRANTED.

Fair customer—"That bicycle I bought for my little boy only three weeks ago has gone all to pieces."

Dealer—"Yes'm. You remember I warranted it to go fast."

THERE IS DANGER in neglecting a cold. Many who have died of consumption dated their troubles from exposure, followed by a cold which settled on their lungs, and in a short time they were beyond the skill of the best physician. Had they used Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup before it was too late, their lives would have been spared. This medicine has no equal for curing coughs, colds and all affections of the throat and lungs.

MR. GOTROX—"What are you doing out there in the chill night air? Come into the house." Gladys—"I was just admiring the moon, papa." Mr. Gotrox—"What business have you admiring the moon when there are so many things in the house that I have bought expressly for you to admire? Anybody can admire the moon."

FOR DYSPEPSIA AND LIVER COMPLAINT you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Sold by B. E. McGale, 2123 Notre Dame street, and all druggists.

JACOB LONCKMAN, Buffalo, N.Y., says he has been using Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for rheumatism; he had such a lame back he could not do anything, but one bottle has, to use his own expression, "cured him up." He thinks it the best thing in the market

ROOM AT THE TOP.

Ambitious Youth—"Do you know of any way by which young writers like myself can make money in literature?"

Magazine Editor—"Um—there is one."

"I am delighted to hear that. What would you advise?"

"Keep a news-stand."

WHY WILL YOU COUGH when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price, 10c. 50c. and $1. Sold by B. E. McGale, 2123 Notre Dame street, and all druggists.

IT WOULD BE A GROSS INJUSTICE to confound that standard healing agent—Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—with the ordinary unguents, lotions and salves. They are oftentimes inflammatory and astringent. This oil is, on the contrary, eminently cooling and soothing when applied externally to relieve pain, powerfully remedial when swallowed.

WORMS derange the whole system. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator deranges worms, and gives rest to the sufferer. It only costs 25c to try it and be convinced.

HERR SCHMIDT is an absent-minded music teacher. One of his pupils asked him: "At what o'clock do you want me to come to your house to-morrow to take my lesson?" "Oh, vell, choost come ven you gets ready; but pe sure you vash on time, for I don't vant to be kept waiting."—*Texas Siftings.*

MOTHS.—This season of the year is the time to look out for these destructive insects. Dyer's Naptha Camphor is a sure thing to preserve clothes from moths. Druggists keep it. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says:—"Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." Sold by B. E. McGale, 2123 Notre Dame street, and all druggists.

IN THE BOOK-SHOP.—Cynicus—"'A Publisher and His Friends.'" "H'm. Fiction?" Book-seller—"No, sir. That's the new life of John Murray." Cynicus—"Thought it must be fiction. Publishers never have any friends."—*Life.*

BICKLE'S ANTI-CONSUMPTIVE SYRUP stands at the head of the list for all diseases of the throat and lungs. It acts like magic in breaking up a cold. A cough is soon subdued, tightness of the chest is relieved, even the worst case of consumption is relieved, while in recent cases it may be said never to fail. It is a medicine prepared from the active principles or virtues of several medicinal herbs, and can be depended upon for all pulmonary complaints.

THE SAFEST PLAN to pursue at a swell reception where the waiters and the male guests are clad in swallow-tails is to jam your hands into your trousers pocket and jingle a few coins when you meet a stranger. If his eyes begin to bulge and his hand commences to travel toward you, he's a waiter. This is a straight tip.—*Pittsburg Despatch.*

WHEN EVERYTHING ELSE HAS FAILED try Dyer's Improved Food for Infants and Invalids. It never fails. Sold everywhere, 25 cents per package. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal.

SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve croup, whooping-cough and bronchitis. Sold by B. E. McGale, 2123 Notre Dame street, and all druggists.

THE ANGLICAN SYNOD.

THE QUESTION OF THE DAY VENTILATED.

STRONG ARGUMENTS FOR PROHIBITION—A LIVELY DISCUSSION.

There was a warm, and, in some respects, exciting debate upon the temperance question in the Synod this morning. Yesterday afternoon the Rev. Mr. Ker presented the report of the Council of the Montreal branch of the Church of England Temperance Society, which, after describing the operations of the society, expressed the hope that before long a sober and religious people would sweep the accursed liquor traffic from the land.

The Synod agreed to give an hour to-day to a discussion upon the subject.

Mr. Ker led off. The Church had been accused of blowing hot and cold upon this subject. At one time he thought prohibitionists were cranks. That was before he came to Montreal. He had seen so much devastation wrought through drink in this city that he wanted to see it swept utterly away, and he did not care whether he was called a crank or a fanatic. (Applause.) Only last night a man came to him, telling a story of a drunken wife who had been away for days leaving him with five small children. The man cried, and asked what he was to do. The woman had to be arrested. That was all that could be done. That was one case out of scores. He hoped the church in this diocese would give forth no uncertain sound on this subject, but would speak with a united voice and thus stimulate those who were working in this cause.

Major Bond seconded the adoption of the report. Temperance sentiment was growing. Prohibition sentiment was growing.

WITNESS THE PETITIONS TO THE GOVERNMENT from all parts of the country, and witness also the answer of the Government, which wanted time to consider the question of revenue in the connection that was reasonable. There would be a great loss of revenue resulting from the prohibition, but he believed that the increased prosperity of the country would more than counterbalance that. At previous synods he had blamed the Provincial Government. Now he could say a word in its praise. It had given them several amendments which were now in operation. The trouble here and in most countries was that the authorities provided no machinery for the execution of the laws, and it was left to private parties to collect evidence and prove each case. That was why the Citizens' League was formed. This League had been criticized, and every effort had been made to nullify its operations, but at last the tide had turned; the respectable elements were on its side, and it was trying to do good work. There was a lot of illegal liquor selling, and the League had to fight against this, particularly as it existed in disorderly houses. The subject was not a savory one to allude to, but these two things always went together, and during the first 25 years in dealing with the men in his regiment he had to fight against these two things. Young men and women who came from the country were peculiarly exposed to temptation from this quarter. The League was determined to

CONTINUE THIS CLASS OF WORK,

and he asked for the forbearance of the members of the Synod in relation to it for the League had only undertaken it because of its great importance. There was an attempt now made to get lager beer and light wines recognized as legitimate beverages in our parks, and he asked the members of the Synod to take a firm stand against it, for if it succeeded it would do incalculable damage, and rob the working classes of what had hitherto been a peaceable and healthy recreation in the open air. The league would fight against it, and continue to insist upon the enforcement of law. Sometimes they were told that the laws were not fair to the majority of the population; but the League saw fair and square that as long as they were on the statute book they should be carried out. Major Bond deprecated the allusions that had been made on the floor of the Toronto Synod to the Dominion Alliance. These could never have been made by any person with a knowledge of the workings of the Alliance, for that body, while a prohibition organization, had always worked for the restriction of the traffic, the enforcement of law, and the amelioration of the devastation wrought by drink. He hoped the Synod would not pass a resolution of the wishy-washy character of that which was carried at last Synod, but that it would strengthen the hands of the temperance workers by a strong resolution, and remove all cause for the statements that the Church of England was not in line with other bodies on this question. If the time was not quite ripe, it was very nearly ripe, for total prohibition. (Applause.)

MR. TROOP'S POSITION.

The Rev. Mr. Troop made an impassioned speech against prohibition, which created a painful impression in certain quarters. He deprecated the feeling that existed amongst some prohibitionists regarding all temperance workers, who did not see eye to eye with them, as being opposed to sound temperance principles. "I am in favor of temperance," Mr. Troop exclaimed (pale and trembling with feeling), but I am not in favor of prohibition. (Applause from a section of the Synod.) Prohibition is not God's way. God is not a prohibitionist. Prohibition is not the way, but the grace of the Lord Jesus Christ is the way. (Applause.) God does not remove the temptation, but by the grace of the Holy Spirit through Jesus Christ, he enables us to rise superior to it. Prohibit, and the people who have been drunkards are still drunkards; they will drink again when they get the opportunity; but, by the grace of God, a man who has been a drunkard—nay, more, a man who has inherited a craving for drink, will pass by a street three miles long filled with saloons and he will not have the desire to enter one of them. Which is best—prohibition and the drunkard unchanged, or the desire for drink removed? That is the way. Let us work and pray for the change of the desire. Why should we treat the drink question differently from our treatment of other questions? Consider the question of impurity. I consider that to be a greater evil in its personal, family and natural effects than the drink question. That is not prohibited. Impurity is sin all the time and in all its forms. God has said so. But God has not said it is a sin to drink. The abuse of drink is a sin. I repeat, as I have to answer to God for my words, that God is not a prohibitionist. If God had been a prohibitionist there would have been no fall of Adam and Eve in the garden of Eden. The triumph of grace in the heart, that is what we want. God places us here in the midst of evil; he does not remove it, for we are responsible creatures, but he gives us the power to triumph over it. I am a total abstainer—I want my children to be total abstainers. I have been accused of aiding and abetting the saloon-keeper. It has been said of me that I would license and regulate impurity. God forbid. I declare before God that as the saloons of Montreal are conducted there is

NOT A PARTICLE OF JUSTIFICATION

for one of them. (Loud applause.) Not only is the liquor adulterated, but it is absolutely poisoned." (Applause.)

Mr. Dyer—"Then why not stamp them out?" (Applause.)

Mr. Troop—"With all my heart. True, I honor Major Bond and Mr. Ker for the efforts they are making to restrict the saloons and enforce the law. I would make the law more stringent. I would after one or two warnings put the drunkard in gaol. But we boast of our freedom. We talk of English liberty. Are we slaves, then? Are we people forced into the saloon? If they were, then, indeed, there would be abundant room for prohibition. But people are not forced, and should the whole people suffer in their liberties for the sake of the weakness of a certain number? (Applause.) But remove the desire—and that can only be done by Christ—and these men will pass through miles of saloons unscathed. I speak strongly. I feel strongly. I admire the earnest prohibitionists. I only say they have begun at the wrong end. We are moral beings. God expects us to rise above not only the sin of drunkenness, but above all other sins. To drink is not a sin. To drink immoderately is a sin. God does not prohibit drink. He prohibits drunkenness. We can have the power to rise above this appetite. Jesus Christ can take it away."

Mr. Ker—"We have only an hour, My Lord."

Mr Ker—(To Mr. Troop)—"Sit down."

Dr. Davidson—(with heat) "I object to any clergyman being spoken to in this manner, by any delegate. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Troop—"I apologize for speaking so long and so impassionately."

Dr. Davidson—"No apology is necessary."

SURPRISE EXPRESSED.

Archdeacon Lindsay was surprised at the speech of the last speaker. He could not understand how it could be said that God was not a prohibitionist, after the Ten Commandments. He hoped the Synod would vote for prohibition. In his parish he had seen the ravages of drink, and when he heard the women say that but for the saloon their husbands would bring their money home, and that their lives would be happy, then, no matter what arguments were used, he was for prohibition. (Applause.) St. Paul settled that question for himself, and he hoped the Synod would help the settlement of it as far as it could by voice and vote."

DEAN CARMICHAEL'S EXPERIENCE.

Dean Carmichael rose. His voice shook a little at first with suppressed feeling, but it shortly rang out like a clarion. "I have been over thirty years in the ministry. During all my labors and plans, and thoughts, I have been pursued by this sin of the cursed drink; through all the years I have had to deal with the cursed drink; and to-day the cursed drink stares me in the face. (Applause.) I have never appeared upon a prohibition platform; I have never made a prohibition speech, but if a voting paper were placed in my hand to-day, and I were asked to vote 'yes' or 'no' upon this question"—here the Dean paused, raised his arm, and then spoke amid a most impressive silence—"for the sake of the Church, for the sake of souls, for the sake of the happiness of the home, I would vote 'yes,' and, thank God for it. (Loud and long-continued applause.) I would vote 'yes' standing under the shadow of God Almighty's law. Through the thunders of Sinai the voice of the living deity was heard, and when from that awful voice we receive those ten short 'Thou shalt nots,' a new race of men must teach me that God is not a prohibitionist. (Loud applause, which lasted for several minutes.)

Dr. Norton objected to the treatment which Mr. Troop had received.

His Lordship—Never mind Mr. Troop. God will take care of him.

Mr. Dwyer—I beg to apologize to Mr. Troop for my hasty words. (Applause.)

Mr. Troop at once stepped forward and heartily shook Mr. Dwyer by the hand. The Synod applauded the beautiful act, and then went to lunch, the debate being adjourned.

Board and Rooms.

ADIRONDACKS—Invalids desiring few weeks' board in private family; easy access by rail. Address MRS. S. E. ROWE, Keeseville, Essex Co., New York

A HANDSOMELY furnished bedroom and sitting room to rent, to a gentleman of quiet habits; board if required; no other boarders. Address R. 14, "Witness" Office.

BOARD and Room, large, well-lighted, and furnished back parlor 39 Belmont street.

BOARD, Rooms and Furnished Houses. We will furnish you particulars concerning renting such in all parts of the city and suburbs. Parties having above accommodations to rent, secure best tenants by listing with RUSSELL, 214 St. James street.

COMFORTABLE ROOM, Furnished; every convenience; terms moderate, 284 St. Martin street.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET. 2367 St. Catherine street.

GOOD English Board and Rooms can be had for $3.50 per week, washing included. 625 St. James street.

MINISTERS and strangers visiting the city will find comfortable Board and Lodging at 139 Mansfield street.

NOTICE.—Ladies travelling alone will find pleasant rooms, with good board, at the Woman's Christian Association, 125 Anne street, Quebec.

PARIS, FRANCE.—Good Rooms and Boarding; Madame LEPOIDS 126 rue Universite, near Eiffel Tower; English spoken.

ROOMS, front and back parlor, also single room, nicely furnished, with or without board, few doors above St. Catherine, 117 Mansfield.

ROOMS.—One double and one single furnished room to let, No. 13A Richmond square, with or without board.

SUMMER BOARDERS.—Athletic Club House.—A limited number of gentlemen can be accommodated with board and rooms during the summer months. The Club House 'bus makes two trips daily from the waiting room, 2401 St. Catherine street, at 10 30 a.m. and 2 30 p.m. Telephone 4016a. A. FRY, Manager.

TO LET, Rooms, furnished or unfurnished, two doors west of Bleury. Apply 687 Lagauchetiere st.

A FEW SUMMER BOARDERS can be accommodated at COLDBROOK FARM, KNOWLTON.

A most desirable place for children or for persons wishing quiet. Address

H. C. KNOWLTON, Coldbrook Farm, Knowlton.

Lost, Strayed and Found.

LOST, at Thomas Concert Saturday evening, or in cab returning, a Diamond and Pearl Pin. A liberal reward will be paid for returning it to HUGH McLENNAN, 53 Ontario avenue.

LOST, on the 14th June, between Congregation street and the Grand Trunk Boating Club House, a Gold Bead Necklace. The finder will be rewarded on returning it to 188 Congregation street.

Specific Articles.

FEW VERY FINE Dahlia plants for sale, in fine condition for transplanting; very low price. Apply 462 St. Lawrence street.

FOR SALE, Three Collie Pups; female out of imported bitch; sire, Mr. Upton's "Sandy." Apply WM. MURRAY, 687 Lagauchetiere st.

FOR SALE, 30 gallons milk daily; price 10c per gallon. Address JERSEY MILK, "Witness" Office.

FOR SALE, Milk Cans holding 8½ and 3 gallons Cheap for cash. Apply 871½ Lagauchetiere street

Business Chances.

WANTED, by a well known firm, a man with some capital and brains to take an interest in and charge of a branch. Address PARTNER, 22 "Witness" Office

Situations Vacant.

AGENTS WANTED AT ONCE for the fastest selling book in the market, "Canada's Patriot Statesman; the Life and Career of the Right Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald;" edited revised and written to date by O. Mercer Adam, containing about 650 pages of beautiful, clear letter-press, with 16 full-page illustrations, printed from half-tone plates on fine coated paper. Agents report a tremendous sale. Send 50c for outfit. Liberal discount. ROSE PUBLISHING CO., Toronto.

TEACHERS WANTED.—Wanted for Shawville Academy, three teachers holding respectively academy, model school and elementary diplomas. Apply, stating salary required, to J. E. HORNER, Sec.-Treas., Shawville.

TEACHERS WANTED.—Three Elementary Teachers for the municipality of Thorne Co., Pontiac. Teachers will please state age, success in teaching, class and date of diploma, and the lowest figure of yearly salary expected. Applications received till Saturday, 27th June. Address S. M. LOGAN, Thorne Centre, Que.

WANTED, a City Traveller to sell special lines in dry goods. Address TRAVELLER, 22, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, Vegetable and Fruit Gardener; must understand forcing house, etc; yearly engagement to right man; also an Assistant. Apply, 741 Sherbrooke street.

WANTED.—Transferer wanted, one who has had experience at color work and proving. Apply WATERS BROS. & CO., 767 Craig streets

WANTED, a General Servant. Apply 533 Sherbrooke street.

WANTED, a Young Girl about 14 as nurse; one willing to go to the country for summer months. Apply at 82½ St. Famille street.

WANTED, two good Dressmakers; constant work. Apply 1836 Ontario street.

WANTED, at once, a good General Servant. Apply 506 St. Urbain street.

WANTED, at once, a young cheerful assistant for children in nice country home; one not at service before preferred. Apply to Mr. JOHNSON, Imperial Building, 107 St. James street, by 9 a.m.; good wages and treatment.

WANTED, three boys (or girls) for the printing business; only those who have had some experience need apply. 761 Craig street.

WANTED, Boy for job printing office Apply 761 Craig street

WANTED, a Young Man as timekeeper and assistant in office; one with knowledge of typewriting preferred; references required. Address H. L., 1320, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, a Good Girl for general housework Apply at 75 German street.

WANTED, a Good, Respectable Girl to help in housework; English family. 27 Guilbault street.

WANTED, a steady Cabinet-maker, one who understands repairing preferred. Apply to F. SMITH, 2414 St. Catherine street.

WANTED, Competent Shipping Clerk, one experienced in hardware preferred. Address, stating references, to Box 1954, City.

WANTED, young girl, 14 or 15 years of age, to assist in light housework. Apply 838 Notre Dame street.

WANTED, an assistant Baker at Hudson Bakery; one with some knowledge of cake baking preferred. Easy place; no Sunday work. Apply, stating terms, to VIPOND'S BAKERY, Hudson, Que.

WANTED, Working Gardener, for a gentleman's place in the country. Apply immediately. MRS. FISHER, 1018 Sherbrooke street.

WANTED, in small private family, a young girl between 15 and 16 years, to assist in housework; no washing or children. Apply at once at 160 Laval avenue.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, Plain Cook, wash and iron; small family; city references 372 Mountain street.

WANTED, a Strong Young Man, to work in grocery store and deliver; must live on premises, and have best of references. Address IMMEDIATE, "Witness" Office

WANTED, Reliable Nurse, to care for young children, family going to seaside. Apply 245, 247 St. James street, in store.

WANTED, Thorough General Servant and a House-maid; Protestants preferred. None need apply without city references. MRS. CHAS. W. DAVIS, 45 Mackay street.

WANTED, a smart, tidy Girl for family of three. Apply 363 St. Urbain street.

WANTED, a Seamstress, who can cut and fit; references required. Address C. L., "Witness" Office.

WANTED, Advertising Canvasser who knows something of hotel register and such work; steady employment and big money to the right man. Apply to W. R. HENDERSON, Windsor Hotel, Thursday morning.

WANTED, smart young Girl for light housework Apply at 4 Lorne Crescent.

WANTED, a first-class Jobbing Plumber; none other need apply. 129 Mansfield street.

WANTED, a young Man as assistant cook, or one with knowledge of kitchen work. WHARF COFFEE HOUSE, foot of Berri street.

WANTED, a tidy young Woman to look after young children. 2444 St. Catherine street.

WANTED, a good General Servant; good wages. 15 Shuter street.

WANTED, an elderly woman to assist in housework and mind a baby. Apply 41 Topper street.

WANTED, a Man who understands the care of horses and willing to be generally useful about summer residence. Address CAREFUL, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, good waist hands at once. 726 Lagauchetiere street.

WANTED, a Sewing Girl. Apply at 49 Park avenue.

WANTED, a Boy, from 12 to 14 years of age, to learn the hat and fur business. Apply to 107 Bleury st.

WANTED, a Respectable General Servant, also a Nurse; city references required. Apply 267 Bishop street.

WANTED, a General Servant. No washing. Apply 264 St. Antoine street.

WANTED, a first-class Etcher on zinc; one who is a photographer also preferred. Apply "Witness" Office.

WANTED, General Servant or Smart Person, to help during day and sleep at home. 97 Mansfield st.

WANTED two smart office boys, must be able to write well and know something of figures; must live with their parents. Apply in own handwriting to Box 408, City.

WANTED, two Lady Teachers for the Model Department of the Cote St. Antoine Academy for the coming scholastic year; salary from $300 to $350. Applications addressed to W. F. RAMSAY, Secretary Treasurer School Municipality, Cote St. Antoine, will be received up to the 20th of June.

TEACHERS WANTED.

THE SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS of the TOWN OF WATERLOO will receive application (1) from Male Teachers with first class Academy Diploma, for the position of Principal of Waterloo Academy; (2) from Female Teachers with Model School or Academy Diploma, for the position of Preceptress. In the latter case preference will be given to applicant competent to speak and teach French.

C. H. PARMELEE, Sec.-Treas.

Waterloo, June 16, 1891.

WANTED, STRONG YOUTH as Light Porter. Apply at 1837 Notre Dame street

WANTED, GOOD Wide Awake Agents to sell for the Fonthill Nurseries. Good pay and regular and constant employment to the right men. No drones need apply. We have 700 acres under stock; every department fully equipped. Address STONE & WELLINGTON, Temple Building, Montreal. J. W. Beall, manager. Name this paper

Board and Rooms Wanted.

A MARRIED couple with two children, desire rooms and board at Lachine, Valois, St. Lambert, or any place near Montreal, easy of daily access. Address IMMEDIATE, 264, "Witness" Office.

SUMMER BOARD wanted by party of 3 ladies, 2 gentlemen and 2 children, aged 3 and 5; Lachine, Dorval, Valois, or within 15 miles of city. Address VALOIS, 14, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, Board in the country or convenient to city, for small family. Give terms and particulars, FAMILY, "Witness" Office

WANTED, by a young English Lady, room and board, with private family; West End preferred. References exchanged. W. R. 205, "Witness" Office.

Employment Wanted.

A YOUNG MAN, who has had several years experience, desires a situation as cashier, assistant book keeper, or other position of trust. First-class city references. No objection to leave the city. Please address D. A. G., "Witness" Office.

A RESPECTABLE Scotch Person wishes for a situation as a sewing Housekeeper or as Cook; good city reference. 363 City Councillors street

A WELL connected young man of 22, well educated, desires a situation as collector, or some respectable outside employment, is reliable and can furnish best of references. Address OUTDOOR, "Witness" Office.

AN ACTIVE, steady man, possessing good address and high class city references, desires a re-engagement; is a good salesman, capable of assisting in office and an experienced collector. Address J. C., 10 Vitre street.

COACHMAN wants situation; understands his work thoroughly; willing to be generally useful; city reference; abstainer. Address G. SINEL, 22 Argyle avenue.

PENSIONER, late Q.M.S., wants situation as porter, messenger, caretaker or watchman. Address 2466 St. Catherine street.

STUDENT wishes evening work of any description; strong and willing; good character; will do anything. Address MACARTHUR, "Witness" Office.

SITUATION—Young Man with second class teacher's certificate; competent book-keeper; first class references. TEACHER, Washburn, Ont

WANTED, Situation as maid to grown children; willing to go to the seaside; good city references Apply 84 Osborne street.

WANTED, by a respectable woman, Store or private House Cleaning, or any kind of work by the day. Address MRS. JONES, No. 5 in rear of 95 Knox street, Point St. Charles.

WANTED, by an experienced Gardener and Florist, a permanent situation, or jobbing gardening, night watchman, assistant storeman or any position of trust; understands the care of horses thoroughly; best of references. Apply or address, 41 Hypolite street

WANTED, by an elderly person, situation as Nurse with a family going to the seaside. Apply at 922 Dorchester street.

WANTED, by a Young Married Couple, the care of a gentleman's house in the absence of the family from town during the summer months. Best of care taken and highest references given. Address XXX., "Witness" Office.

WANTED, situation by an Army Man as storeman or caretaker. Best references. Address D. W., 14, Cote St. Antoine Post Office

WANTED, situation as Gardener (English), with good experience; excellent references from last employers. Address E. CHURCH, care of Mr. Bain, 66 Beaver Hall Hill, Montreal

WANTED, by an experienced nurse, the charge of an infant; excellent references, matron. 84 Osborne street.

WANTED, work at Painting, Carpentering or Furniture Repairing. Chair Caning and Upholstering. 33 Roselle street, Point St. Charles, city

WANTED, by young man, situation as Office Assistant, Time-keeper, or position of trust; quick and accurate at figures; best references. Address TEACHER, 167 St. George street.

WANTED, by a good Laundress, families' washing to do at home. Apply in rear of 693 Lagauchetiere street.

To Let.

CACOUNA.—Small frame cottage to let, commanding a very fine view of river; eight rooms, extension kitchen, all plastered, city made furniture; good beach and easy of access. DR. WILSON, 69 Drummond street.

COURSOL STREET.—To let, Nos. 210 and 212 Coursol street, two new brick Tenements, one upper and one lower, containing 7 rooms; summer kitchen, bath and w.c.; rent $12 per month. Apply to 214 Coursol st. or 354 St. Paul st.

HOUSE to Let, 37A Forfar street; five rooms, b. and w.c.; in good order. Apply 99 Forfar street.

TO LET, Upper Tenement, Cote St. Louis, two minutes' walk from street cars; rent low. Apply 1099 Bleury street.

TO LET, small cottage, 4 rooms, garden attached J. APPLETON, 725 St. Denis street.

TO LET, Store and Dwelling, corner Paris and Charron streets, Point St. Charles Apply to ROBERT GEEN, 9 St. Genevieve street

TO LET, Upper Tenement, 171 McCord street, 4 rooms, newly painted, reduced rent. Apply at 173, downstairs, or 2016 St. Catherine street.

TO LET, Two Lower Tenements, Nos. 9 and 13 Bisson street. Apply 1601 St. Antoine street.

TO LET, for the summer season, large, partly furnished Cottage; nicely situated; easy access to the beach. For particulars apply to JAS. ELM, Little Metis.

TO RENT at Mount St. Hilaire, a Cottage, partly furnished, surrounded with flowers and fruit and shade trees, purest of air and water, large yard, with grass for playground; daily mail office within fifteen minutes' walk and the hotel in sight; possession at once if needed. For further particulars enquire at No. 32 City Councillors street.

TO LET, a few minutes' walk from Post Office, a comfortable Lower Dwelling of six rooms, having extended kitchen and w.c.; party now occupying giving up housekeeping, there is some Furniture for disposal, reasonable. Apply 706 Lagauchetiere street.

TO LET, self-contained corner House, No. 539 St. Urbain street. Apply to R. A. DUNTON, 110 St. James street, or to C. W. RIEPERT, 59 Guilbault street.

TO LET, Furnished Cottage at Westwood, Falmouth, Me.; good facilities for boating, fishing and bathing. Two minutes' walk from steamer landing. Address E. T. MERRILL, Portland, Me., care of steamer "Alice."

TO LET, or For Sale, cheap, 66 feet front Solid Stone House, in good order, Stables, Coach-house, &c. Water throughout, with ten acres of land. Situated on River Front, Lower Lachine Road, corner Cote St. Paul Road, two miles from Montreal P. Q. Address.

1763 Notre Dame street.

Wanted.

WANTED, to hire, a Row Boat for two or three months. Address, 690, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, Pattern-makers Band Saw Machine. Apply, with particulars, to P. O Box 660, Montreal.

WANTED, Boiler of 75 or 80 horse power. Address, stating price, name of maker condition, dimensions, and all other particulars, to P. O. Box 660, Montreal.

WANTED, Engine with 14 or 16 inch cylinder. Reply, stating price, exact size cylinder, and length of stroke, name of maker and all other particulars, to P. O. Box 660, Montreal.

WANTED, Yacht Anchor, 20 to 25 lbs.; galvanized iron preferred. Address, stating price, ANCHOR, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, to purchase, a lot of Second-hand Clothing. The highest prices paid, on account of being beginners, by FRANK & GOLDSTEIN, at 577A Craig st.

WANTED, to Purchase, Ladies' and GENTLEMEN'S CAST-OFF CLOTHING, also Second-hand House Furniture, Carpets &c. Highest prices paid. Apply or address by mail. J. D. MORRIS, 597 Craig street.

Educational.

MRS. CROWTHER will give instruction in Music and Singing to a limited number of pupils. Highest references, if necessary. Apply at 22½ Belmont street.

TUITION.—Students prepared for McGill. Private lessons in the classics, mathematics and French Address E. C. HIPP, B.A., 16 Donegana street

WANTED, by a young Lady Teacher, a few pupils to learn French; terms moderate. Address PUPIL, "Witness" Office.

WANTED, Beginners in Music. Apply at 37 Burnside Place.

WANTED, Tuition of Children—during vacation—city or country, by graduate of Church University. Address J. P., "Witness" Office.

MAISON FRANCAISE OF VERMONT ACADEMY.

A few Vacancies. A Preparatory Class will be organized for the summer course of French, which begins July 7th. References—Dr. G. A. Williams, Principal of Vermont Academy, Saxton's River, Vt.; Rev. Professor D. Coussinat, B.D., etc., and Dr. P. J. Darey, University McGill, Montreal, Canada; Miss Helen R. Y. Reid, B.A., 51 Union avenue, Montreal, Canada, etc. For further particulars address—

REV. C. ROUX, M.A., Scofield Villa Saxton's River Vt., U.S.A.

Property.

FOR SALE—The only Lot left on Hutchison street 24x82; just the site for a first-class Tenement. Price, 30s. per foot. A Corner Lot, facing Western avenue, Cote St. Antoine, 4,000 feet; price, 30c. per foot. Address Box 729, Post Office.

FOR SALE, a Farm in Dalesville, 7 miles from Lachute, 132 Acres, 35 cleared, with House, Barn, etc.; a good sugar bush with enough wood on to pay for farm; price, $1,300; also House and Lot in Cote St. Paul. Full particulars at 267 Bleury street. GEO. WILLIAMS.

FOR SALE, an elegant residence on Lake Champlain, 14 acres, 500 feet of lake front, baths, closets, gas, dock, barns, &c., &c.; elegant location, in the town of Essex, N. Y.; unexcelled for summer residence; beautiful location. Address CHAS. H. MOORE, Plattsburgh, N. Y.

MONEY TO LOAN—Private funds at five percent first mortgages. Address ACCOUNTANT, "Witness" Office.

A BARGAIN.

FOR SALE OR TO LET,

Property at VERDUN, large Stone House, 66 feet front, in good order, sheds, stables, &c., and about ten acres of land on Lower Lachine Road, corner of Cote St. Paul Road, about two miles from Post Office, Montreal.

Apply,

1763 NOTRE DAME STREET.

FOR SALE.

The villa residence of the late John M. Young, 752 Sherbrooke street. Size of lot 76 x about 200 feet, with large two story stone cottage.

For further particulars apply to G. B. DAY, 107 St. James street, or to ROBT. REID, Executor, 2146 St. Catherine street.

ONE OF THOSE NEAT NEW Brick Encased Houses, with two story extension, self contained; built on American plan; cellar under the whole house, furnace, &c., situated on Admiral Road, Montreal Annex. For sale cheap and on easy terms of payment. Apply to McCUAIG & MAINWARING, 147 St. James street.

PARTIES IN WANT OF A Home would find it to their interests to look at the houses now building on Wood avenue, Cote St. Antoine. They will be similar to those erected last summer. Alterations to suit the taste of purchasers will be made if secured before completion. There are gas, water, and a good drain in the street.

JAMES DOUGLAS,

REAL ESTATE

Now is the time to secure

A First-class Residence,
A Comfortable Dwelling House,
A Good Investment in Business Properties or Building Lots,

We have them for sale.

Or if you want to rent a House, Furnished or Unfurnished, or a Shop, or an Office,

We have them to let.

If you want to Borrow Money on First Mortgage on Real Estate,

We always have Money to Lend,

The Management of Properties and Estates, including collection of Rents, etc., is a leading feature in our business. We also place Fire Insurance Risks at Lowest Rates in First-class Companies. And we hold

Auction Sales of Real Estate

At our Salesrooms and Office,

181 St. James street, Ground Floor,

When Required.

J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO.,

Real Estate Agents and Real Estate Auctioneers.

HOUSES TO LET.

Furnished or Unfurnished.

J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO.,

181 ST. JAMES STREET.

MONEY TO LEND.

5 to 6 PERCENT

FIRST MORTGAGES.

J. CRADOCK SIMPSON & CO.,

181 ST. JAMES STREET.

For Sale.

FOR SALE, a 12 foot Canvas Sailing Boat. Address D. P., "Witness" Office.

FOR SALE, the 8 Knitting Machine; can be seen at 2093 St. Catherine street, Davis' Sewing Machine Office.

FOR SALE, a first-class family Cow; a good milker, very rich milk and cream; reason for selling family leaving town. Apply 1875 Notre Dame street.

FOR SALE, Furniture Polish. Be sure and get a bottle of Dogherty's Polish, the best in the world. Made by DOGHERTY & CO., 2216 St. Catherine street. Bell Tel. 4022.

FOR SALE—100,000 feet of New and Old Belts, all sizes, with mill supplies, cheaper than any house in Montreal. MULLIN & CO., 37 Papineau sq.

FOR SALE, Mantel Beds, all kinds. W. F. DOGHERTY & Co., 2216 St. Catherine st.

FOR SALE, old type suitable for Babbitt Metal. Apply or address, "Witness" Office.

FOR SALE, EMERSON UPRIGHT PIANO, at a bargain; also a ROSENKRANZ BABY GRAND, $225, at 48 per month. Apply at C. W. LINDSAY'S Warerooms, 2270 St. Catherine street.

FOR SALE, CABINET ORGANS, by MASON & HAMLIN, DOHERTY, KARN, THOMAS and other makers. Prices from $25 upwards, $3 and $4 per month. Apply at C. W. LINDSAY'S Warerooms, 2270 St. Catherine street.

Miscellaneous.

DR. FULTON cures by LETTER or INTERVIEW all forms of Piles, Pimples, Catarrhe, Skin Diseases Nervous Complaints, Tumors and Enlarged Glands, WITHOUT OPERATIONS. Enquiry FREE. Hours 1 to 10 p.m. 2444 St. Catherine street. Bell Telephone, 3351.

FURNITURE REPAIRED.—All kinds of Furniture repaired, Mattresses re-made, Chairs re-upholstered, &c. Call up Tel. 4022, and we will call and give you prices W. F. DOGHERTY & CO., 2216 St. Catherine st.

MEDICAL PRACTICE.—A first-class country practice in one of the most thriving portions of this Province. A good man would have all he could do. Terms very moderate. Address, J. S. P., "Witness" Office.

NOTICE.—I will not be responsible for any debts contracted in my name without my written order and signature. Signed, CHARLES A. GILES, 32 Congregation street, Point St. Charles.

ORPHANS FOR ADOPTION.—Two dear little boys, specially intelligent and nice-looking, one 2½ and the other 4 years; also a little girl of 4. Apply Box 1554, Belleville.

TRY HENDERSON'S Dry Kindling and Cut Slabs (stove lengths); large loads promptly delivered. Bell telephone 3211. HENDERSON BROS., 344 William street.

Last Edition

PRESBYTERIAN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

PROHIBITION REPORT AND DISCUSSION.

PREVIOUS PRONOUNCED TEMPERANCE ATTITUDE OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH RE-AFFIRMED —OTHER REPORTS.

(Special to the Witness.)

KINGSTON, June 16.—On Monday night Father Chiniquy, in his address, illustrated the victory of the French evangelization work by a reference to the conquest of Quebec by England. "Now," said he, "we have made 35,000 converts, many of whom have left for the United States." When he left Rome there were 50 families who went out with him. Now these 50 families have multiplied into 250 families, embracing more than 1,000 persons. He was working the other day in Boston where there are many French-Canadian families. He had tried to bring them to Christ in New Brunswick, but failed. In Lynn and in Boston in about one hour there were 50 of these who embraced the dear Saviour. Now you have the light God has given you, the bread of life, the Bible is the bread of life, but it will not save you without your faith in Christ. Remember that at your door there is a Lazarus starving for the bread of life. Your condemnation is written by the finger of God unless you give them the bread of life. You boast of giving $50,000 or $60,000 to save that dying people. It is a shame that you have given more for tobacco and luxuries; I say it is a shame. Friends, go into the battle with your British pluck, with your British intelligence, with your British resources. Go not with the sword to shed blood, but the sword of the Spirit, which is the Word of God. You do not receive into your schools all the Catholic children who want to come because you don't give enough. Give what you can to save these, and you shall go with them to the blessed Kingdom. The resolution was carried with great applause.

COLIGNY COLLEGE.

Dr. Warden, without a speech, moved the following resolution anent Coligny College:—

"The General Assembly rejoices to learn of the success of the Coligny College, Ottawa, under the accomplished Principal, Mrs. Cawford, and her efficient staff of teachers, expresses its satisfaction with the Board in selecting teachers of Christian character with special adaptation for their respective positions, and in reducing the fees for tuition and board to the lowest point consistent with efficiency. The Assembly warmly commends the College to the support of the church and especially to the patronage of parents desiring for their daughters a thoroughly efficient education in a Christian institution.

This was seconded by Dr. Campbell, of Renfrew, and carried.

Dr. Warden moved that the cordial thanks of the Assembly be presented to Dr. MacVicar for his services during last year as Chairman of the French Board. Carried.

TUESDAY MORNING.

After devotion and reading of the minutes the Committee on the Reference of the Presbytery of Sydney, respecting some arrears of stipend due the Rev. Dr. McLeod, reported that the matter was in a fair way for settlement, and that it only needed a little further explanation to complete it. Adopted.

"PRESBYTERIAN RECORD."

Dr. Warden presented the report on the *Presbyterian Record*. In doing so he stated that the success of the *Record* was due to the able and faithful services of Mr. Croil, of Montreal, the editor during the last fifteen years. In fact, he has made the *Record*. It was a matter of regret that, owing to ill-health, he has tendered the resignation of his office. The committee felt that this act was final. It further suggested that a sum of $1,000 be given to Mr. Croil. He moved the adoption of the report. Dr. Cochrane seconded the motion. He regretted extremely the resignation of Mr. Croil and felt that it would be very difficult to supply his place.

Dr. Reid would accept the resolution of Dr. Warden. The only point he felt any hesitation about was the proposal to entrust the selection of a successor to Mr. Croil. He felt that the Assembly should hold this appointment in its own hands.

Dr. Warden decided that his motion, that part referring to Mr. Croil was adopted by the Assembly. This is as follows:—

That the report be received and adopted and that the recommendation of the committee be approved to present Mr. James Croil, the editor, with the sum of $1,000 out of the balance now in hands as a slight token of the high esteem in which his long and faithful labors are held by the General Assembly.

The latter part of the motion was then taken up, and the Assembly appointed the Rev. J. S. Murray, of Halifax, formerly Mr Croil's associate editor, to the position. The amount of salary was left to the committee His office, however, will include the editorship of the new magazine, now edited by the Rev. W. R. Cruikshanks, of Point St. Charles.

TEMPERANCE.

The Rev. Styles Fraser presented the report on temperance. He spoke very strongly against the action of the Government fostering the drink traffic for the sake of the revenue which is derived from it. No Government had a right to make money out of that which promotes crime and misery in the country. He replied to the plea that it was useless to adopt prohibition until the country is ripe for it, by stating that the country was not ripe for the decalogue, as far as its wishes were concerned. Legislation should be educative.

The Rev. Mr. Cockburn moved the adoption of the report. He was afraid that the church had not taken that deep interest in this question which its importance demands. He charged that there was a lack of discipline in the church. There were no cases within his knowledge in which tipplers and those who were more than tipplers had been dealt with by the church, yet in view of what is taking place there ought to have been many such.

Mr. Paul thought that there was little need to say much more and if the Assembly were so agreed the report might be adopted at once. We are frequently asked if the country was ready for prohibition. He asked in reply, "Is the church ready for it?" If not, why not? It ought to be. It was foolish for the church to ask the country to adopt prohibition before she had adopted it herself. He congratulated the committee upon the important work it had done in getting up and presenting such a large number of petitions to the Government and Parliament in favor of prohibition. It was a matter for thankfulness that at the instigation of the Women's Christian Temperance Union there is to be no intoxicating liquors upon the grounds of the exhibition to be held in Montreal. It was agreed to receive the report, and that the recommendations be considered seriatim.

The Rev. Mr. Fraser moved this, and they were duly considered. In the discussion upon them, the Rev. Mr. Straible held that the country is now ready for prohibition.

Mr. Douglas, as a farmer who grew barley and sold it in the open market, did not like to be told that he was doing an un-Christian thing. He was opposed to the Assembly stating that the country was ripe for prohibition.

The Rev. Mr. Simpson, of Halifax, declared that not a prominent politician had yet taken up the matter, and, what is worse, the question has not touched the heart of the Church. There is no proof, he said, "that prohibition is a live question." Neither of these two gentlemen met with any sympathy in the Assembly. The following are the recommendations as amended.

That this Assembly, reaffirming the opinion of past Assemblies regarding the nature of the general liquor traffic, and the evil effects on the individual, family and social life, and the necessity of the faithful preaching of the Gospel to effectually overcome these evils, and build up a godly, temperate and prosperous nation, asserts its conviction that in the matter of legislation nothing short of prohibition, rigidly enforced by the proper authorities, should ever be accepted as final or satisfactory, and that it is now the duty of the Dominion Parliament to enact such a law.

That this Assembly is heartily grateful to God for the very great changes that have taken place for the better during the last twenty years in the drinking customs and temperance sentiment of the country, and the progress made in restrictive legislation, and earnestly hopes that the general traffic in alcoholic liquors may soon be entirely abolished. It also calls upon its pastors, office-bearers and members to faithfully use all proper available means to promote total abstinence, strengthen the temperance sentiment of our people and hasten the coming of prohibition.

That this Assembly is gratified at the large number of signatures obtained throughout the country to the petitions for prohibition, circulated by authority of the last Assembly in co-operation with other churches, and authorizes its committee on temperance to continue to co-operate with other churches in such ways as may be found expedient to keep up the agitation for prohibition begun in connection with the petition movement.

That sessions and presbyteries be recommended to use greater diligence to secure a fuller compliance with the regulations for having taught in all our public schools the evil effects of alcohol and other narcotics on health and morals.

Questions—Please state the causes that, in your opinion, have produced the improvement during the last twenty years in the drinking customs and temperance sentiment within your bounds?

In how many places in your community is liquor sold by license?

What proportion do they bear to the population? Has illicit sales increased or decreased?

What effects have you found the presence of the saloon or dramshop to have on the general life of your community?"

What has been done to secure the teaching of temperance in your public schools? Is it now taught?

Please state what means have been used in your congregation to overcome the evils of strong drink, and to foster a sound temperance sentiment?

What have been the results?

The Rev. W. T. Herridge, of Ottawa, reported from the Committee on Loyal Addresses, as follows:—

LOYAL ADDRESS TO THE QUEEN.

May it please Your Majesty:

We, the members of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of Canada, convened at Kingston, desire to express for ourselves and the other subjects of Your Majesty, whom we represent, our sentiments of continued loyalty; persuaded, as we are, that the principles of our Church are founded on and agreeable to the Word of God, we record with gratitude the measure of prosperity which has attended our labors in this Dominion, as well as in other parts of Your Majesty's empire, we unite with Your Majesty's loyal subjects everywhere, in praying that you may long be spared to rule over us and to inspire us by your precept and example, to still more zealous efforts to minister to the growth of national righteousness."

LOYAL ADDRESS TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

May it please Your Excellency:

We, the representatives of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, convened in General Assembly at Kingston, desire to convey to Your Excellency our sincere good wishes and esteem. Knowing the deep interest which you take in the welfare of the people of this Dominion we are persuaded that you will be gratified to learn of the continued prosperity of the Church which we represent, and of the zeal which it has displayed in overtaking the religious needs of the newly settled parts of the country. We trust that your extended knowledge of Canadian life will not lessen your appreciation of the work done by the Presbyterian Church in this part of Her Majesty's dominions. We desire to convey to Lady Stanley and family our cordial desire for their welfare, and we unite in praying that Your Excellency may be divinely guided in the discharge of the duties committed to your care.

MISSION DEBATE.

After some minor matters connected with the Home Mission report had been settled, some recommendations from the Foreign Mission Committee were brought up. The first was a motion based upon the report anent a mission to the Jews in Palestine, committing the Church to this at once. The second motion created a long and warm discussion. It was about a mission to the Chinese in British Columbia. There was but one opinion about the necessity and importance of the work, but there was considerable difference of opinion as to when it should be commenced, and how, and who should be the missionary. A feeling seemed to prevail that the Foreign Mission Committee had not been as prompt as it might have been. The committee contended, however, that it had been as prompt as the information at its disposal warranted it in being. Had they been hasty they would have made mistakes, which happily they had been saved from. It was stated that there were 3,000 Chinese in Victoria alone, and that some of the Chinese merchants of that city had subscribed about $116 already, and some of the wealthy ones had promised large subscriptions providing the work were conducted upon what are commonly called "business principles." As a matter of fact these men were anxiously awaiting the action of the Assembly upon the matter. Some in the Assembly thought they should begin in Victoria, but Dr. Grant thought they should place a missionary at every centre. All agreed that they were bound, in the interests of morality, to do something. Finally the following decision was come to by the Assembly: "On motion of the Rev. G. M. F. McLeod, of Victoria, seconded by Prof. Baird, the Committee was instructed to continue its inquiries for a suitable missionary to the Chinese in British Columbia and if possible to begin work by the first of October next. Victoria was suggested as the most suitable point for opening work in view of the large Chinese population in that city, but the determination of this matter was left to the Committee."

A MISSION SECRETARY.

It was then moved by the Rev. Mr. McQueen, that the question of a permanent paid Secretary for the Foreign Mission Committee be sent down to Presbyteries for their consideration and judgment. The Rev. A. Wood seconded it. The Rev. Mr. Baird reminded the Court that the Assembly last year was decidedly of opinion that such an appointment should be made. He moved in amendment "that the Assembly appoint a paid secretary." Dr. McLaren said it all depended upon the nature of the work which was expected to be done. His impression was that there was scarcely work enough to employ the whole time of an energetic man. He held, however, that if the appointment should be made the Assembly should very carefully define the work to be done. The Rev. D. D. McLeod, on the line of Mr. McQueen, moved "that the question be sent to Presbyteries as to whether a permanent paid secretary shall be appointed for the Western question, whose time shall be employed visiting the congregations and doing the clerical work of the Committee, and, further, that the Presbyteries be instructed to nominate a person for this office, should they oppose." Mr. McQueen withdrew his motion. Mr. McLeod's motion was carried.

THE ESTIMATES FOR FOREIGN MISSIONS

for the ensuing year were then submitted. They were:—Western section, N.W. Territories, $26,000; Formosa, $18,000; Honan, $12,000; India, $31,000; miscellaneous expenses, $7,200. Total, $94,800. Eastern section, New Hebrides, $7,500; Trinidad, $22,500; miscellaneous expenses, $600. Total, $30,600. The estimates were agreed to.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON.

The committee upon the Records of the different Synods presented its report to the effect that said Records were very neatly and carefully kept. A letter was read from Mr. R. Murray of Halifax, declining the call of the General Assembly, at this morning's sederunt, to become the successor to Mr. James Croil. Mr. Murray moved that the name of the Rev. E. Scott, of New Glasgow, N.S., replace his own. Dr. MacVicar seconded the motion, and the Assembly agreed to it unanimously. The appointment dates from Jan. 1, 1892. The standing committees were then appointed.

The time and place for the next General Assembly was then brought up. The Rev. P. F. McLeod moved that it be in the City of Victoria, British Columbia. This raised a smile but he assured the Assembly that he was not joking. He thought the Canadian Pacific Railway could and would take the Commissioners, say, from Montreal in four days. He was prepared to say that very liberal rates could be secured, in support of which he read a telegram from Mr. McNicol, which, however, he admitted was rather vague. He promised that every one would be welcome, and that every one would welcome. He held, further, that the Assembly would do a great missionary work by going. Prof. Bryce, of Winnipeg, seconded the motion and pointed out that the General Assembly of the United States had decided to go to Portland, Oregon. Dr. Torrance advised the Assembly to insure its life before going.

Dr. Ormiston—I have crossed the continent six times and have not been killed yet. Go if you can. (Laughter)

The Rev. George Bruce, then extended a cordial invitation to the Assembly, to meet in St. John, N.B. Dr. Duval, of Winnipeg, thought it a very feasible proposal to go to Victoria, and urged the Assembly not to throw it aside as utopian. Mr. Walter Paul moved that the next Assembly meet in Montreal, and suggested that it meet in Crescent street church.

Dr. Mackay said he was about to make the motion, and would suggest that it meet in the historic Erskine church. It was finally decided that the Assembly should meet in Crescent street church, Montreal, on the second Wednesday of June, at 7.30.

The list of nominations of delegates to the next Pan-Presbyterian Council were—Ministers: Dr. Wardrope, Dr. Reid, Dr. Caven, Dr. MacVicar, Principal Grant, Dr. King, Dr. McLaren, D. M. Gordon, T. Sedgwick, Prof. Gregg, John Nichols, R. N. Grant, P. McF. McLeod, Dr. Robertson, Dr. Laing, Dr. McMullen, Peter Straith, Dr. Thompson, J. Abraham, Dr. Cochrane, D. J. Macdonnell, Principal Forrest, D. Fraser, Dr. A. B. MacKay, J. Bourgouin, Dr. Middlemiss, Prof. Coussirat, Dr. Warden, Dr. Kellogg, Principal McKnight; Elders: W. M Clark, Justice McLennan, D. Morrice, Chief Justice Taylor, Judge Creasor, Prin. Kirkland, J. A. Paterson, R. Murray, F. H. Chrysler, Hon. D. C. Fraser, Hon. G. W. Ross, J. K. Macdonald, J. Charlton, John Cameron, Matt. Leggatt, Hamilton Cassells, W. B. McMurrich.

TUESDAY EVENING.

On recommendation of the Foreign Mission Committee, Hamilton Cassels, Esq., of Toronto, was appointed a trustee to hold property for the Church in the North-West. From the same Committee was another recommendation to the effect that aged and infirm medical and ordained missionaries, receive annuities from the Aged and Infirm Ministers' Fund, on the following scale:—Those who have labored ten years, $100 per annum, adding $10 for every additional year's service up to the maximum of $400. As to Lady Medical Missionaries, they would receive $50 per year for the first ten years, afterwards adding $5 per year up to $200.

The Rev. John Pringle, of Port Arthur, presented the report upon the "State of Religion." In doing so, he stated that it ought to be a pleasure to any one to present such a bright report. This was especially the case with respect to the Presbytery of British Columbia. The same may be said of every Presbytery from the Atlantic to the Pacific. One thing more was specially encouraging, namely, the large number of societies for the young people, the very names taking up nearly every letter of the alphabet. He called attention to the prayer meeting, and said that, the report showed that seventy-five percent of the adults attended the Sabbath services, and 90 percent of the young attend Sabbath-school, but the attendance at the prayer meetings was shamefully at fault. If we all attend to our duties as Christians we shall not only do good in the Dominion but in the distant parts of the earth. He moved the reception of the report and that its recommendations be considered seriatim.

Dr. Mackay, of Montreal, seconded the motion. The question before us went to the very heart of the church life. If the heart be right, all other things will be right. The report is a high tower from which we can survey the whole work and life of the church. We who have to grapple with the great burden of saving men, have no time to dance to the tune of the "higher criticism." "We have to look at the question all round. It is easy to find fault with church; but he is a foolish man who loses sight of its grand combinations of beauty. Let us be grateful for all that is good in the churches. The testimony of all the ministers and reports before the Assembly, is that of universal encouragement. This will send me back to my work with renewed joy, and consecration to work." He was glad of the encouraging work among the young. In connection with all our Young People's Societies, two things should be kept in view: First, that we should lay ourselves out to give them instruction. Some talked about "testimony," what is wanted is instruction in the Word of God. That instruction should be given by those capable of giving it, and not by novices. Then we should make all tend to usefulness. Without this the instruction was in vain,—"Be ye also doers of the Word and not hearers only." He would have all our gifts, graces and possessions consecrated to Christ.

THE REPORT ON SABBATH OBSERVANCE

was presented. This was done by Dr. Armstrong, of Ottawa, who enlarged upon some of the items. We need a Dominion law that shall touch the railways, the canals and other things which cannot be dealt with by Provincial Legislatures. This Mr. Charlton's bill contemplates. That bill is now before a Committee of the House of Commons. An important point in this report bears upon co-operation—the co-operation of all the Christian churches. We must bring united strength to secure protection in Sabbath observance. He moved the reception of the report and that its recommendations be considered *seriatim*. This was agreed.

ESSAYS ON THE SABBATH.

The Rev. J. Nichols, of Montreal, moved the adoption of the first recommendation. He was quite sure that public opinion needed to be enlightened and corrected upon this question. Perhaps a little more light would do the ministers themselves no harm. But the recommendation asked pastors, members of the Church and members of Sabbath Observance Committees to make use of the press in order to guide people to correct views upon Sabbath observance. In Montreal they had tried to do a little in this direction. The Presbytery had requested that the last report of its Committee be published in full, and that report had appeared in the *Daily Witness*. It was a strong report, and awakened no little interest and some newspaper discussion. But he wished to make a statement which the Assembly would hear with pleasure. In 1888 the Sabbath Observance Committee of the Free Church of Scotland was enabled to offer three prizes of the value of £50, £30 and £20 for the three best essays upon "A Christian minister's duty with reference to the Sabbath." One by the Rev. J. P. Lilley, of Arbroath, Scotland, took the prize. That is now printed, and is a volume of 280 pages. Mr. Morton wrote a few weeks ago to Dr. Mackay, of Montreal, offering a free copy to each minister in the Presbyterian Church in Canada, providing that we on this side of the Atlantic would pay the postage. The matter was handed over to the Sabbath Observance Committee of the Montreal Presbytery. On laying the subject before Mr. David Morrice, that gentleman had generously offered to defray all expenses of postage. It only remained now to write Mr. Morton, accepting his gift, and forwarding to him the names and addresses. It was possible that some changes might take place in the roll, before the books could arrive. Steps could be taken to see that every minister should secure a copy. This was agreed to.

SUING THE MUNICIPALITY.

Mrs. P. Dudevoir has taken an action for $2,000 against the municipality of Maisonneuve on account of damage done to her house by the bursting of one of the water pipes.

COMMERCIAL.

"WITNESS" OFFICE, Wednesday, June 17, 1891.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

The British breadstuffs markets are somewhat improved in tone, wheat being steadier and corn strong. Beerbohm's cable advices to-day are as follows:—Cargoes off coast, wheat steadily held; corn, nil. Cargoes on passage and for shipment, wheat, quiet but steady; corn, strong. French country markets, steady. Liverpool wheat spot, firmly held; corn, moderate demand. Liverpool mixed maize, 5s 6¼d; Canadian peas, 6¼d. Weather in England, brilliant. Mark Lane English and foreign wheat, quiet; do., American and Danubian maize, firmer; do. English and American flour, quiet. Danubian maize, ex-ship. 27s 3d. American mixed maize, 26s 3d.

In Toledo wheat is quoted 1c lower at $1.02 cash, and June, and 97⅛c July.

In Detroit wheat was steady at $1.03 cash and 97⅛c July.

In Milwaukee wheat was ¾ of a cent higher at 95⅛c cash, June and July.

In Chicago pork was 10 cents lower at $10.35 July, and $10.52½ September. Lard was 7½ cents lower at $6.27½ July and $6.52½ September.

GRAIN.—There is no change in the markets, which remain dull and characterless. No change is made in quotations which are more or less nominal No. 1 Manitoba hard wheat, nominal; No. 2 Manitoba hard, $1.14 to $1.16; No. 3 Manitoba hard, $1.04 to $1.06; No. 2, Northern, $1.06 to $1.08. Corn, 76c. duty paid. Peas, 89c to 91c in store; 90c to 92c afloat. Oats, Manitoba mixed, 50c to 51c Upper Canada, white, 50c to 52c. Barley, malting, 70c to 75c. Feeding, 60c to 62½c. Rye, 80c to 87c per bushel.

FLOUR.—No sales were reported on 'Change to-day. Values are unchanged.

Patent Spring	$5.70 to $5.85
Patent Winter	5.35 to 5.60
Straight Roller	5.00 to 5.25
Extra	4.75 to 4.85
Superfine	4.50 to 4.65
Fine	4.00 to 4.40
Strong Bakers	0.00 to 5.50
Strong Bakers (Man	4.75 to 5.25

FEED is unchanged. We quote to-day: Shorts firm, at $14; Feed wheat, nominal, 75c; Feeding barley, 55c to 60c per bushel.

ASHES are steady. We quote as follows to-day:—Pots, firsts, $4.25 to $4.30; do. seconds $3.90; pearls, $6.25.

HOG PRODUCTS.—There is nothing new to note to-day; 500 tierces of lard arrived by steamer from the west on the 15th. We quote to-day as follows:—Canadian short cut, $16.50 to $17; Western clear Mess Pork, $16.00 to $16.50; Short Cut, Western, $16.50 to $17.00; Hams, city cured, 10½c to 11½c; do., canvassed, 10½c to 11½c; lard in pails, pure, 8c to 9½c; lard in pails, Fairbanks, 7½c to 7¾c; bacon, 8c to 10½c.

CHEESE.—The market is steady, and a fair amount of export business is being done. The local demand is fair. We quote at 8½c to 8¾c for large lots and 9c to 9¼c for jobbing lots.

BUTTER.—The market is a little unsteady on account of the hot weather and large receipts. We quote the following prices to-day:—Creamery at 19c; Morrisburg and Brockville, at 16c to 17c; Western dairy, 14c to 15c; Townships, 17c to 18c.

EGGS.—There is no change in this market, the prices being steady and firm. We quote at from 11c to 12c.

DAILY RECEIPTS IN MONTREAL.

June 17.	G.T.R.	C.P.R.	Canal.	Total.
Wheat, bush	....	15,104	....	15,104
Corn, bush	....	....	....	....
Peas, bush	450	....	....	450
Oats, bush	4,350	2,294	100	6,744
Barley, bush	....	....	....	....
Rye, bush	....	....	....	....
Flour, bbls	303	682	....	985
Meal, bbls	200	....	....	200
Ashes	3	....	8	12
Butter, pkgs	45	424	27	496
Cheese, boxes	3,082	1,737	589	5,408
Pork, bbls	....	....	....	....
Lard, tierces	....	....	....	....
Eggs, cases	641	....	82	723
Ham, Bacon	....	....	....	....
Tinned meats, pkg	....	....	....	....
Dressed hogs	....	....	....	....
Leather, rolls	62	100	....	162
Raw Hides	....	....	20	20
Petroleum, bbls	....	....	....	....
Beef, bbls	....	....	....	....

THE HORSE MARKET.—JUNE 17.

The sales at the different stables during the past week were 12 heavy draft horses, perfectly sound, at an average of $140 each. Several good roadsters, horses that are always in demand at remunerative prices, sold at from $290 to $275 each. Horses adapted for all kinds of work except fast travelling, sold at from $80 to $60 each. None but the very best are taken across the lines now that the duty is so high and they are higher priced than they were some time ago, owing to a demand having sprung up in England for really good Canadian horses. Thirty-two horses were sold at auction by Messrs. D. H. & W. H. Fraser at Mr. Maguire's stables yesterday, twenty of which came from a lumbering concern 200 miles above the Ottawa. They were matched working horses, well up in years, not altogether sound, but in good order. They felt bad at parting with each other having been sold separately at prices varying from $40 to $117. The competition was keen and the sale was considered a satisfactory one by the owners.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

CHEESE.—There has been a steady all-round demand for both old and new. Finest September-October make sells at 56s to 58s 6d per cwt., and the arrivals of choice new have been fairly well cleared off at 48s to 49s per cwt. Low to medium grades continue in moderate request at 10s up to 45s, according to quality.

BUTTER remains unchanged, the few stale parcels that are offering of American and Canadian sell slowly at 40s to 60s per cwt. as to quality. We quote: Irish butter, Cork firsts, 77s per cwt.; seconds, 75s; thirds, 73s; and fourths, 72s.—*Hodgson Brothers' Circular, June 6, 1891.*

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, June 17.—Wheat, spring, No. 2, $1.04 to $1.06; No. 2 red winter, $1.06 to $1.07; No. 2 Man. hard, $1.14; No. 3 Man. hard, $1.02 to $1.03; peas, No. 2, 75c to 76c; oats, No. 2, 53c to 54½c; corn, 73c to 74c. Flour, extra, $4.40 to $4.60; straight roller, $4.75 to $4.85. Market unchanged. Sales, No. 2 Fall wheat outside at $1.00; No. 2 Man. hard at $1.14; No. 3 Man. hard, outside, at $1.13; No. 2 barley at 55c; oats on track at 53½c to 54½c, and outside at 50c.

ADVERTISEMENTS

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WORTH A GUINEA A BOX.

For BILIOUS & NERVOUS DISORDERS

Such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Fullness and Swelling after Meals, Dizziness, and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c.

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The cable announcement of the London washerwomen is not unexpected The great struggle is to shorten hours of labor. They want to work eight instead of ten hours They have gone on strike to compel an agreement with their demands The police were powerless. Of course. The surest thing to shorten their hours of labor is Strachan's Gilt Edge Soap. It will wash equally well in hard or soft water. The London laundry women cannot be appeased by police They must have the Gilt Edge labor and time saving soap. If the London police had been armed each with a bar of Strachan's Gilt Edge Soap, fancy the effect on the striking laundry women. They would at once have embraced the —ah, the opportunity. The soap would have melted their anger, and then they might even have embraced the policemen, too. England expects that every man will do his duty, and if he does his, the chief of the London police shall at once order a cargo of

STRACHAN'S GILT EDGE SOAP.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

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ON THE BANKS OF THE ST. LAWRENCE.

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Splendid Collection, not a poor one in the lot. 700 FUCHSIAS, nearly all double. 300 Hybrid Perpetual or Hardy ROSES. Also a large variety of bedding plants. Sale by order of Mr. J. T. CRUICKSHANK, of Cote St. Paul, at our auction room, No. 329 St. James street, on SATURDAY MORNING, 20th inst., at ten o'clock.

D. H. & W. H. FRASER, Auctioneers.

CONGREGATIONAL PICNIC.

To Hudson,. P.Q., on Ottawa River, SATURDAY, JUNE, 20th 1891.

Trains leave Bonaventure Station at 8.30 a.m. and 2.15 p.m.; returning, leave Hudson at 5.30 p.m. sharp.

ADULTS, 60c - - - CHILDREN, 30c.

Tickets for sale at the train. An interesting programme of sports has been arranged. Refreshments served at city prices, by D. STEWART, grocer.

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IN THE COUNTY COURT of NORTHUMBERLAND, holden at Newcastle. Equity Jurisdiction, T. 1891. Between Hedley Turnbull & Cooke, Plaintiffs, and Harold Hills, Defendant.

To Harold Hills, late of 52 Gracechurch street London, colliery agent

Take notice that a plaint has been entered and a summons issued in the above Court, by HEDLEY, TURNBULL & COOKE, of Newcastle upon-Tyne, bankers for foreclosure of a mortgage, dated the 9th August, 1881, executed by you in their favor and for other relief and that an order has been made that a notice of the entry of such plaint in the *Dominion Illustrated* newspaper, Montreal, Canada, shall be deemed service of the summons on you.

The summons will be heard at the County Court, Westgate Road, Newcastle upon Tyne, on the nineteenth day of August, 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place you are required to appear, and if you do not appear either in person or by your solicitor, such order shall be made and proceedings taken as the Judge may think just and expedient. Plaintiffs solicitors are Messrs. Hodge, Westmacott & Robson, 32 Grainger street West, Newcastle upon Tyne, who will accept service of all proceedings on their behalf.

Dated this 16th day of April, 1891.

J. HENRY INGLEDEW, Registrar.

GENERAL BAZAAR.

JUST RECEIVED FIVE CASES

BOYS' AND GIRLS' SAILOR HATS,

FINE STRAWS

From 25c to 60c.

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All business communications should be addressed "John Dougall & Son," and all letters to the Editor should be addressed "Editor of the [Witness.]