

LOCAL NEWS.

PERSONAL.—Gov. Smith and family, of Vermont, are guests at the St. Lawrence Hall.

SOME CHOICE ARTICLES.—Furniture at the opening sale of the Uptown Auction Rooms this morning.—James Lea, Auc.

ELECTIONS.—Mr. Edward Murphy has been elected President of the St. Patrick's T. A. & B. Society, by acclamation for the ensuing year.

EXAMINATIONS.—The examinations of the Medical Faculty of Victoria University for the degrees of M.D. and M.B., commenced yesterday morning.

MONTREAL GENERAL HOSPITAL.—Number of patients treated for week ending 19th inst.:—Out-door patients relieved, 321; In-door average daily, 142.

SENT TO IRELAND.—The Montreal Ladies' Aid League yesterday forwarded \$20 to the Nun of Kenuare for the relief of the present distress in Ireland.

VISITING GOVERNORS.—Messrs. A. A. Ayer and Daniel Wilson are the visiting Governors this week at the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge.

THE DEATH RATE.—There were 18 interments in the Protestant Cemetery during the last week, 10 males and 8 females. Eight were under five years of age. One death was caused by typhoid pneumonia.

HOPE COFFEE HOUSE.—This institution is now doing a rushing business, and as an evidence of this fact it may be mentioned that over a thousand persons visited the "Hope" on the anniversary of Ireland's National Day.

IRISH RELIEF.—The Committee of Citizens who have inaugurated in this city a movement for the relief of the starving poor in Ireland have authorized a number of gentlemen to open subscription lists at their places of business.

THE RICHELIEU & OTARIO COMPANY.—The Directors of this Company have awarded the contract for provisioning their steamers for the coming season to Victor, who it is expected will be sure to please the travelling public.

RAIDED.—In the Recorder's Court yesterday morning Victoria Guilbault, 19, was charged with keeping a house of ill-fame on Barrack street, and Victoria Bergeron and Matilda Lamarche, with being inmates of the same. Sentence was suspended until to-day.

A NEW PHASE.—His Worship Mayor Beaudry yesterday entered an action for \$900, in the Superior Court, against Abraham McKay and Thos. Simpson, as sureties for costs in Court of Appeals and in the Supreme Court, in the cause *celebre* of Grant vs. Beaudry.

Y. M. C. A. LECTURE.—The concluding lecture of the Y. M. C. A. course on astronomy was given last evening in the Association Hall by Prof. Chandler, who, in the course of a very interesting discourse, reviewed the subjects discussed during the course, illustrating his remarks by numerous lantern views and diagrams.

STATEMENT OF OUT-DOOR RELIEF given at the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge for week ending 17th March, 1883. The number of families relieved was 187, of which 37 were English, 16 Germans, 40 French Canadians, 3 British Canadians, 4 Irish, 2 Scotch, 5 Norwegians, 4 Swedes, 1 Swiss, 4 Danes, 1 Italian, 1 American; 9 nationality uncertain. Total, 187. Seventy-nine quarter cords of wood given.

FREETHOUGHT LECTURES.—Mr. Charles Watts, who is announced to deliver two lectures in the Mechanics Hall, Wednesday and Thursday next, under the auspices of the Montreal Pioneer Freethought Club, is the editor of the *Secular Review*, the organ of the "British Secular Union," of which the Marquis of Queensbury is the President, and M. Victor Hugo Vice-President. Mr. Watts has the reputation of being a powerful speaker.

THREE FOR 25c.—H. Hyman is offering some special lines of Havana cigars at the above price, which are considered extra good value.

PRESENTATION.—Mr. H. Prevost, of the founding and lamp manufacturing establishment of Messrs. H. Prevost & Co., was, on the occasion of his birthday, on Saturday, presented by the employees of the establishment with an address expressing their warmest affection for him. The address was accompanied by a handsome gold watch. The presentation was made by Mr. John Urquhart, bookkeeper for the firm, and was suitably acknowledged by Mr. Prevost.

FOR NEXT TERM.—The case of the Molsons Bank vs. McCready, a similar one to that of the Union Bank vs. McCready, in which the genuineness of Mr. McCready's signature to a note for \$1,600 endorsed by Alexander Seath, is denied, was called yesterday in the Superior Court, and, by consent of both parties, was postponed until the first of next term. Mr. Harry Abbott appeared for the Bank, and Mr. J. S. Hall, jr., for Mr. McCready.

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL WEEK OF MISSIONS.—Notwithstanding the unpropitious state of the weather, a large attendance at the first of these services, held last evening in Christ Church Cathedral. A striking and eloquent discourse was delivered by Very Rev. the Dean, who took for his subject the "Image of Jealousy" as given in the ninth chapter of Ezekiel. The subject of to-night's sermon will be "How to be Rich."

SHOP BREAKING.—In the Police Court yesterday morning, Honoré Maréchal, charged with breaking into Maréchal's store, on Notre Dame street, and stealing therefrom a number of articles. Private Watchman William Williams, who was on duty in the neighbourhood, testified that he saw the accused break a pane of glass, enter the store and return in a short time with a quantity of stolen property in his possession. The prisoner was remanded.

A DETENTION OF CIGAR MANUFACTURERS waited in the Finance Minister, wishing him to increase the duty on imported cigars so heavily that none could be imported, and only domestic cigars could be sold here. Philip Henry, of 134 St. James Street, hearing of it, notified the Government that his customers would not smoke any other cigar but the best Havana and that the duties will not be raised, and the Vice-Royal Tobacco Emporium is once more triumphant.

PROTESTANT HOUSE OF INDUSTRY AND REFUGE.—Statement for the week ending 17th March, 1883: Number of permanent inmates, males, 36; number of temporary inmates, females, 22; number of temporary inmates, males, 53; number of temporary inmates, females, 12; total, 123. Number of night lodgings given in Night Refuge, males, 492; females, 17; boys, 7; girls, 0; total, 576. Number quarts soup and extra meals distributed: night refuge poor, 1,697; out-door poor, 36; total, 1,733.

ATTENTION OF WHOLESALE TRADE is called to the building occupied by Messrs. Moss & Rushon, 138 McGill street, which we are authorized to offer for sale, at very low price. This building, 30 feet front, about 125 feet deep and five stories. It is now rented for \$1,800 per annum. Further particulars at our office, 237 St. James street. Parent Bros., agents.

LIGHT LIVES.—The people of the suburban municipalities have lately been complaining that some of the city bakers are in the habit of passing off on their loaves which are not up to the standard weight. Chief Chanolet, of the Ste. Cuneode

police, has been giving the matter some attention, and finding the complaints well founded, made a round of the groceries in the village yesterday morning and seized several hundred loaves short in the weight. A list of the bakers interested was taken with a view to action against them.

SHAMING.—Yesterday morning a man was found lying in a snowbank on one of our streets by a guardian of the peace, and declared that his arm was broken. The constable called a sleigh and gently placing the unfortunate therein drove him to the Notre Dame Hospital. When he arrived there, he proceeded to help his charge up the steps, but was considerably surprised when the broken arm suddenly straightened out and struck him a vigorous back in the face. The man was taken to the Central Station in short order and locked up, too drunk to tell his name.

CONCERT.—The fifth monthly concert held under the auspices of the Montreal Workingmen's Mutual Benefit Society took place last evening in the Mechanics Hall, and was largely attended. The chair was occupied by Mr. James Wright, who opened the proceedings with a few timely remarks. The programme was then proceeded with, and it is needless to say that those who took part performed their parts in a highly satisfactory manner, including Mr. Elvidge, Prof. J. McLaren, Miss Melville, Mr. D. Robertson, Messrs. McBeath, Brown, McPherson and Stewart, Miss McLennan, Mr. J. B. Bain, Messrs. Smith and McAllister, and Mr. Wm. Enno, Mr. J. Pearl. A short address was given by the Rev. Dr. Jenkins.

FRIENDLESS AND ALONE.—At an early hour yesterday morning the police found wandering alone in St. Mary street a young woman, aged apparently about 25 years, who was acting very strangely, and seemed to be in a state of mental derangement. She was taken to the Central Station, when it was found that she had scarcely any clothes on at all, and that in consequence she had suffered severely from cold. She was fed and cared for, but it was evident that the unfortunate woman's mind was deranged. Several attempts were made to ascertain from her some account of herself, but without success. She will remain in charge of the police, until it is seen whether she has any friends who will claim her.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS.—The Superintendent of the Protestant House of Industry and Refuge acknowledges with thanks the following donations of clothing, purchased at the Industrial Rooms (Lazare):—Mrs. J. B. Smith, \$6.00; Mrs. Redpath, Terrace bank, \$10; Mrs. Hickson, \$30; A friend, \$60; A friend, \$16; A friend, \$17; A friend, \$35; Mrs. Morrice, a parcel; Mrs. Green, \$5; Mrs. Kelle, \$5; James Harper, two black pig heads; A friend, a quarter lamb. The Board of Outdoor Relief acknowledges with thanks a parcel of clothing purchased at the Industrial Rooms Bazaar by Mrs. Morrice, H. S. \$5; Mr. Bigelow, a parcel of new clothing.... The Treasurer of the Montreal General Hospital acknowledges with thanks the receipt of \$725 from Mr. Chas. P. Hebert, being the proceeds of an arbitration.

THE LICENSE QUESTION.—Rev. Cure Rousselot, in a recent sermon at St. James' Church called the attention of his hearers to the license question. As they were liable to be called before the Magistrate to give evidence on their signature to petitions for tavern licenses, he was well for them to know that they were doing when putting their name to such a document. They actually declared that they knew the petitioner to be honest, and that the tavern or saloon mentioned was necessary in the locality. Many persons had actually called upon him, the preacher, expressing their regret for having signed these petitions, the nature of which they did not know. The reverend gentleman called for the earnest co-operation of all present to help him in reducing the number of saloons and taverns in their parish, especially of those where gambling is carried on. He concluded his remarks by urging his hearers to keep away from club houses and to seek for recreation in the family circle.

MISSIONARY MEETING.—A largely attended missionary meeting was held last evening in the St. James Street Methodist Church, under the auspices of the Missionary Society of the Methodist Church of Canada. Rev. Dr. Potts presided, and there were several addresses. Rev. A. Stanford and Rev. Principal Grant, of Kingston. The meeting having been opened with religious exercises, the Society's annual report was presented and read, which showed the mission work carried on by it to have been so far very successful. The field of work undertaken was the Indian and Japanese. The number of missions were:—Domestic, 333; Indian, 42; French, 9; foreign, 6; total, 390. There were 393 missionaries employed by the Society, 14 native assistants, 30 teachers, 8 interpreters; total paid agency, 445. The present number of missionaries was:—Domestic, 30,149; Indian, 3,377; French, 360; Foreign, 721; total, 34,607. There were urgent calls for more missionaries among the Indians and the new settlements and aid was earnestly solicited. The report was on motion of Dr. Potts adopted, and brief addresses were then delivered by Rev. Dr. Potts, Rev. A. Stanford and Rev. Principal Grant, all of whom dwelt upon the importance of the work and urged all present to take an interest in it and give it their aid.

ANNUAL DINNER.—The annual dinner of the Undergraduates of the Law Faculty of McGill University was held at the Hotel last evening and was a very successful one. The chair was occupied by Mr. W. E. Dickson, '83 President, and the vice-chair by Mr. J. E. Martin, '83. After a most *recherché* repast had been partaken of, the President called the gathering to order, and proposed the usual loyal toasts of "The Queen and Governor-General," which was most enthusiastically responded to. During the evening the following toasts were presented and fittingly responded to by the gentlemen named:—"Our Dominion," responded to by Mr. H. A. Hutchison; "Alma Mater," by Mr. Fred. Hague; "Our Dean and Professors," by Mr. J. E. Martin; "Sister Universities," proposed by Mr. Robertson, responded to by Mr. Henry Lucher; "Sister Faculties," by Mr. W. E. Dickson; "Medicine," by Mr. Johnston; "Class '83," proposed by Mr. T. S. McLennan, and responded to by the President, Mr. Dickson; "Valedictorian," responded to by Mr. P. S. G. McKenzie; "Notarial Students," by Mr. John Fair; "The men we leave behind," by Mr. Messrs. Francis McLennan and Alton Ellice; "Our Professors," by Mr. Wm. McLennan; "The Press," by Mr. Chas. Ducloux; and last, but not least, "The Ladies," responded to by Mr. N. T. Rielle. During the evening rollicking college songs were given by Messrs. K. R. McLennan, A. D. Rielle, Bramwell, Wm. McLennan, and A. D. Taylor, and a most enjoyable evening was brought to a close at a late hour with the singing of "Auld Lang Syne."

ON THIRTY DAYS' TRIAL.—THE VOLTAIC BELT Co., Marshall, Mich., will send Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with nervous debility, lost vitality and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and vigor. Address as above. N. B.—No risk is incurred, as thirty days' trial is allowed.

GUILTY OF MURDER.

The Longue Pointe Murderer Sentenced to Death.

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH—CROWN SIDE.

MONTREAL, March 19. The Court of Queen's Bench, criminal side, resumed this morning at 10.30. Present—Hon. Justice Ramsay. Messrs. C. P. Davidson, Q.C. and J. A. Ouimet, Q.C., M.P., for the Crown.

THE LONGUE POINTE MURDER.

The trial of Timothy Milloy for the murder of William Nesbitt, at Longue Pointe, was continued. The case for the Crown was declared closed, and the case for the defence opened. Narcisse Renaud was the first witness, and testified that he was a waiter, belonging to the Hotel de la Paix, on the night of the 18th, the night before the shooting, on Notre Dame street. At his request he drove him as far as Cavalier's Hotel. The prisoner wanted to stop there, but the proprietor would not allow him. Prisoner was quite sober. There was a dispute between witness and prisoner about the fare, but the witness finally left the prisoner about a quarter to three in the morning in the shed behind the school house and did not see him afterward.

Dr. Brunel was the next witness called. Being sworn he said he was surgeon at the Notre Dame Hospital. He had frequently attended gunshot wounds. It was difficult to trace the direction of a bullet several hours after the wound had been received. The presence of a bag of air on the opposite side of the neck would suggest the presence of a bullet. If this bag had been incised the bullet would have been revealed. This operation would not have been dangerous to the patient. Harnessing a horse would have a harmful effect upon a man after receiving such a wound, as perfect rest is necessary. The witness did not consider that the examination was thorough enough. The prisoner's mouth was not sufficiently examined. It was almost impossible for a bullet to strike the vertebral column and fly out of the mouth unless the mouth was wide open. The operation of opening the neck on the opposite side was not necessarily dangerous. There was more reason in going for the bullet in the wound than in extracting it on account of the irritation which would exist while the foreign matter remained there. The wound was not necessarily a mortal one, as none of the vital parts were touched. The symptoms of tetanus as exhibited by the deceased were incomplete. The symptoms were rather those of trismus, a mild form of tetanus. Had the witness been called in he would not have ceased his examination until he had determined the exact location of the bullet, which was a source of constant irritation. The extraction of the bullet would have been an easy operation for any surgeon.

Dr. Angus McDonald, being sworn, said he agreed with the last witness in the main point of the evidence. If the patient were in a nervous condition he would not have extracted the bullet at once. In his opinion the patient died from exhaustion consequent on trismus. Dr. Rodick, being recalled by the defence, said he had a large experience in the treatment of gunshot wounds. Had, however, never treated an exactly similar wound in the same part, which had one or two gunshot injuries of the neck when the tissues were traversed in a somewhat similar direction. One of the cases was fatal. The others were superficial.

Dr. H. B. Craig, being sworn, said he had been practising for the past 37 years. Was also Professor of the practice of medicine at Victoria College. Knew Dr. Brunel and believed he was a competent surgeon and was one of the first among the young practitioners in Montreal. He was slightly out of his mind when he was called, but was aware that his professional reputation was of a high character. The wound was not necessarily mortal. Adolphe Bissonnette, being sworn, said he was High Constable for the City and District of Montreal. He produced a number of papers found in the possession of the prisoner, among which was a certificate showing him to have served nineteen years in Her Majesty's 96th Regiment of Foot, to have borne a good character during that period, and to be in receipt of 12d per day pension.

This closed the evidence for the defence. Mr. Monk then addressed the jury in English on behalf of the prisoner and was followed in the French language by Mr. Cormier on the same side. Messrs. Davidson and Ouimet having addressed the jury for the Crown, the Court adjourned for half an hour.

His Honour Judge Ramsay then delivered a very exhaustive charge to the jury in both languages, in the course of his remarks reviewing in detail the whole facts of the case which he characterized as a very clear one against the prisoner at the bar.

GUILTY OF MURDER.

His Honour concluded his charge shortly before six o'clock and the jury after a very short deliberation returned to Court and announced a verdict of "Guilty" against the prisoner, who received the intelligence of his fate with the same determined appearance as has characterized him throughout the proceedings of his trial.

SENTENCED TO DEATH.

Hon. Justice Ramsay, having retired for an interval, returned to Court and proceeded, after the usual declaration had been made by the Clerk, to perform the solemn duty of sentencing the prisoner to death, and the utmost silence from the large number of persons present in the Court-room. His Honour, in the course of a few remarks to the prisoner, dwelt upon the enormity of his crime, in murdering in cold blood the man against whom he had not the least provocation. He had, after a most patient trial and after an able defence, been convicted and it but remains for the Court, concluded his Honour, to pass sentence upon you, which was that you shall be conveyed to the common goal for the district of Montreal, thence to be taken to the place of execution, on the 16th of April next, and hung by the head until you are dead, and may God have mercy on your soul.

The prisoner, who displayed but little meanness at the sentence of the Court, was immediately taken from the Court-room and removed to goal.

The Court then adjourned till the morning.

MR. M. C. MULLARKY.

A HANDSOME PRESENTATION TO A RESPECTED CITIZEN.—We are pleased to notice upon all times and all occasions, indications of an *entente cordiale* between capital and labour, and the greater is our gratification when the exhibition of the feeling has for its object a gentleman whom his fellow citizens hold in the highest respect. In our days when business is run so closely it frequently occurs that leading men are compelled to succumb to the pressure of adverse circumstances. Sometimes they recover themselves; at others they sink, but seldom is it that even those who breast the current remember the obligations which they had

previously incurred and it is their duty to discharge them. Among the pupils on the bench of whom Montreal is proud is Mr. M. C. Mullarky, and that by honourable dealing with those with whom he has come in contact, he has risen to the surface there is abundant proof. And not only this, he has never been one to oppress or to exact upon his employees, as subjected interesting proceedings will show.

Yesterday morning, on his return from New York, Mr. Mullarky, on entering his extensive boot and shoe establishment, was invited to the litter's department, where he found all hands, to the number of between four and five hundred, assembled.

Having received a very warm welcome, Mr. Mullarky was called to the front by Mr. A. T. Keegan, those present singing, "For he's a jolly good fellow."

Mr. Keegan then read the following address:—

To M. C. Mullarky, Esq.—DEAR AND HONOURABLE SIR,—During the many years we have been in business we have always cherished for you the highest respect and esteem, and have been proud to have you as a friend and a business associate. Yet we can no longer refrain from giving in some of our feelings, as we feel that your devotion towards us, your employees, to whom you have provided a kind and conscientious and profitable employment, and your interest, very often to the detriment of your own, and ever evincing a most generous and unselfish spirit, has proved himself superior to all obstacles, and who, through all the difficulties and complications of numerous business life, has come forth unshaken and undaunted. Your example is needed and inspiring to us to go on and upward, because we have seen you during the universal crisis of 78-79, and during the foot and mouth epidemic of to-day, through your indomitable energy and superior business ability, you stand the largest manufacturer of boots and shoes in Canada, with a name unblemished and respected by all and a trade not merely confined to home but extending to Great Britain, the West Indies and Brazil. Without the shadow of a doubt you had not only the love and respect of those who are so fortunate as to be in your employ, but as a citizen and personal friend you are spoken of with the highest esteem. Your generosity is known far and wide, and although your goodness is unostentatious, such generosity as your candour has hidden, but is brought to light as it deservedly should be. We cannot but think your liberality is confined to yourself alone, because in that amiable and estimable lady, your wife, you always find a ready co-operator in your benevolent action. You are both a credit to your native land—that beautiful but unhappy country, that lies three thousand miles from the fair city in which you have chosen to make your home. We sincerely hope that you will be long spared to your family and friends, and that your life will continue to be a happy one—one of exemplary integrity and usefulness, and that the sun of prosperity may always shine on you and yours. In conclusion, we beg you to accept the accompanying gift, with the very best wishes of your faithful employees, trusting that the good feeling existing between us, as employer and employee, may never diminish, but, if possible, increase.

We remain, Sir, your very respectfully,
Signed on behalf of your employees,
ANDREW T. KEEGAN, office department;
ALBERT G. GIBSON, chief of factory;
PATRICK MCCABREY, bottoming department;
JOHN H. POSTHILL, fitting department;
PATRICK SMITH, leather department;
JOSEPH GAUTHIER, cutting room;
BENJAMIN LEBLANC, finishing room.

Mr. Mullarky was then presented with an exceedingly handsome table and coffee set of very elegant design (seven pieces in all) and tray. The tray bearing the following inscription:—
PRESENTED TO
M. C. MULLARKY, ESQ.,
BY HIS EMPLOYEES,
MONTREAL, 17th March, 1883.

As a token of the high esteem and respect in which they hold him.

Mr. Mullarky also received a remarkably chased and beautiful water pitcher of the very latest design. The whole having been obtained at the establishment of Messrs. Henry Birks & Co., in whose window display articles were exhibited. Accompanying the silverware was a well designed floral harp, dedicated to "Mrs. and Misses Mullarky," together with stand bouquets for three Misses Mullarky.

Mr. Mullarky, to whom the presentation was as grateful as unexpected, replied as follows:—

MY DEAR FRIENDS.—This kindness on your part does me great surprise and indeed embarrassment. Absent last week in New York for business, I have been unable to attend this morning your very magnificent presentation. I heartily thank you not knowing how more adequately to express my gratitude for the honour you have conferred upon me and the confidence to which you have given such generous expression. The consideration which you have given to me and mine I most heartily reciprocate from the tone of your address that although I am twenty years many years from you, and have been in business many years in my manufacturing, you recognize me as having been just and true to you. It is true that one of my sons, who is now in the United States, during that period, but the difficulty was not with me or with my business, rather indeed with the trade generally. I then opposed you on principle. In your defence, as well as in that of my own interests, I have been ready to stand up and willing to pay as high wages as other manufacturers, you will see that it is impossible for me to count my losses. I cannot get my work done at least the same prices.

I am and ever was anxious to sell to advance your interest to the utmost of my ability, in doing which I was but promoting my own, and therefore I have been ready to extend my trade to Great Britain and to Central and South America. If you continue in the most honest, hardworking and industrious, we shall prosper together, if we remain united.

I have very sympathy with the workingmen, because I am one of them, and I hope always to be regarded as such, inasmuch as that sentiment is and must be a bond to unite us together.

My dear friends, it is with heartfelt thanks that I accept this magnificent presentation to myself and Mrs. Mullarky, and I hope at some future day not far distant to be able to return you my new and more commodious factory when I hope to make you a more suitable reply to your flattering, and I am sure, cordial address.

The above reply was repeated in French by Mr. Gougeon, and a very pleasant reunion was then terminated.

THE LATE DR. KOLLMYER.

The following address of condolence has been presented to Mrs. Dr. Kollmyer by the students of Bishop's College:—
BISHOP'S COLLEGE,
Faculty of Medicine, Montreal.

DEAR MADAM:—We the students of medicine of the Faculty of Medicine of Bishop's University, hereby beg to tender our most sincere condolences to you in your sad bereavement by the decease of your lamented husband, Alexander Kollmyer, M.D. We feel that the loss is not yours alone, but that the city of Montreal has lost a valuable citizen, the profession of medicine has lost one of its most efficient and devoted members, and we the students of the Faculty of Medicine, an enthusiastic teacher, and a valuable counsellor.

Heaven may sustain you now, and be your abiding comfort.

(Signed) J. B. SAUNDERS,
D. DEL. CHAS. LAFONTAINE,
and thirty others, comprising the students in Medicine in Bishop's University.

EPPE'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Eppe has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a generous nourishment. Get Eppe's Cocoa. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in Packets and Tins (1lb. and 1lb.) by grocers, labelled—"JAMES EPPE & Co., Homeopathic Chemists, London, Eng." Also makers of Eppe's Chocolate Essence.

6 YEAR OLD "PEAVER BRAND" PURE RYE WHISKEY!

What Dr. Baker Edwards Has to Say About It: OFFICE OF PUBLIC ANALYST, Montreal, Feb. 17th, 1883. I hereby certify that I have analyzed and carefully tested several samples of PURE RYE WHISKEY "Beaver Brand," bottled by Messrs. SMITH, BURCH & CO., of this city. These samples were taken by myself, some from bulk in process of bottling, and some from original cases, and I find the quality to be UNFORMALLY EXCELLENT, free from FUSIL OIL and CORN SPIRIT, of a MILD and PURE RYE FLAVOR, and therefore suitable for medicinal purposes, where a stimulant is required.

(Signed) J. BAKER EDWARDS, Ph.D. D.C.L., Public Analyst, Montreal, and Professor of Chemistry.

FOR SALE AT A. McGIBBON & CO., St. James St., DUFRESNE & MONGENAIS, Notre Dame St., GEORGE GRAHAM, Radegonde St., JOHN ROBERTSON, Phillips' Square, And all leading Grocers and principal Hotels. Only Genuine with our Signature on Label and Capsule.

SMITH, BURCH & CO., Proprietors, Montreal. February 13 du D



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JOHN OSBORN, SON & CO., Sole Agents for Canada.

November 6 1883

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Big to notify the trade that their large and complete stock of Buffalo Robes, consisting of over

20,000 ROBES, INDIAN DRESSED,

Are now ready for sale. This stock is the only complete lot of Buffalo Robes that will be offered this season. All are this year's Robes, and are strictly graded, properly cleaned, and will be delivered in perfect condition. We would also direct the attention of buyers to our large stock of Grey, White and Black Japanese Wolf Robes, which we import direct, and are unquestionably the finest collection in the market, we have a large stock of Lined and Trimmed Robes Bear, Wolf, Buffalo and Fancy Sleigh Robes, at all prices. We have also a large stock of

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All made in our own premises, under our personal supervision, and guaranteed to give satisfaction. We keep constantly in stock a complete assortment of Dressed and Raw Furs of all descriptions; also Raw and Dressed Elk and Bear Skins. We respectfully invite the Trade to examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

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A refreshing, agreeable and healthful fruit lozenge. It is pleasant to the taste, being composed of choice and wholesome ORIENTAL FRUITS. The perfect combination of the medicinal properties of fruit into so small a compass, with the most agreeable purgative power, is the perfection of laboratory achievements, and may, without controversy, be claimed as the latest and greatest medical discovery of the age.

A CERTAIN CURE FOR Indigestion, Sluggishness of the Intestines, Constipation, Biliousness, Disordered Stomach, Low Spirits, Habitual Costiveness, Torpid Liver, Headache, Cerebral Congestion, Melancholy, Sallow Complexion, Indisposition, and all irregularities arising from an obstructed condition of the system.

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MESSRS. BATEMAN & QUIRK, 3 Molsons Bank Chambers, MONTREAL.

HYDRAULIC AND RAILWAY ENGINEERS.

F. FOSTER BATEMAN, M. Inst. C.E. of London, England.

E. P. QUIRK, M. Inst. C.E. of Dublin, Ireland.

March 2 52

THE MONTREAL HERALD

Printing and Publishing Company,
(LIMITED)
VICTORIA SQUARE,
MONTREAL.

DAILY HERALD—Delivered in all parts of the City and by Mail (pre-paid by Publishers) \$5 per annum. WEEKLY HERALD—Delivered in all parts of the City and by Mail (pre-paid by Publishers) \$10 per annum. PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

Rates for Advertising in the Daily:
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Subsequent, if inserted every day 5c do
If inserted every other day 6c do
If inserted twice a week 7c do
If inserted once a week 8c do
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Six months \$3 do
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Quarterly \$1 do
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Yearly Rates of Advertising.
No advertisements to be considered by the year, unless it is previously agreed upon. The privilege of yearly advertisements will be confined to their regular business; and all other advertisements, such as auction sales, houses to let, dissolution of partnerships, legal notices, ships, removals, etc., will be charged extra.

JAMES STEWART,
General Manager.
THE MONTREAL HERALD
AND DAILY COMMERCIAL GAZETTE. Printed and Published by the MONTREAL HERALD PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY (Limited). Communications to be addressed to JAMES STEWART, General Manager, VICTORIA SQUARE, MONTREAL.

The Montreal Herald.
TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 20.

AUCTION SALES TO-DAY.
BY THOMAS WALLS & SONS.
Dry Goods—At their warehouses, at 10 a.m.
BY JAMES LEA.
Furniture—At his rooms, at 10 a.m.

CONTENTS OF TO-DAY'S PAPER.
FIRST PAGE—Marine Intelligence; Commercial Items; Financial; Railway News; Produce and Provisions, etc.
SECOND PAGE—Civic Affairs, etc.
THIRD PAGE—Local News, etc.
FOURTH PAGE—Editorial, etc.
FIFTH PAGE—Ottawa Correspondence, etc.
SIXTH PAGE—Dominion Parliament, etc.
SEVENTH PAGE—The Queen vs. Seath, etc.
EIGHTH PAGE—Telegraphic Despatches, etc.

THE POSITION OF CANADA.

It is not going too far to say that everything considered, there are few peoples in the world who have more reason to be proud of their country, or to more confidently look forward to a great and more prosperous future, than have the people of Canada to-day. Not many years ago the very name of Canada was comparatively unknown abroad; while, even in the British Islands themselves, thousands had the most crude ideas as to our geography and climate, and very few indeed knew anything about our resources, or the character and customs of our people. In those days the United States, in the opinion of many otherwise well informed persons, practically covered the whole of the continent of America that was of any value; and Canada was but a small patch of ice and snow, away up in the region of the North Pole, occupied here and there by sparse settlements of fur-clad hyperboreans, who lived on the fruits of the streams and the chase, and occasionally indulged in the pleasure of a drive behind Esquimaux dog-trains and ambling reindeers. That this is no exaggeration can be proved by turning to the geographies that were in use in Europe less than half a century ago, or by the experience of those who can go back that far. Fortunately for Canada the great work of Confederation was undertaken; and the result is that to-day our country is comparatively well-known throughout Europe, though there is still much to be accomplished before we can hope to compete successfully with the United States for the surplus population of Europe, and to stand abroad on anything like equal footing with our great Republican neighbor. When we compare the Canada of to-day with the Canada of twenty-five years ago, the contrast is little short of marvellous. The progress and advancement that have been made are without a parallel in the world's history; and indicate that we have within ourselves all the stamina, energy, perseverance and spirit without which no people can ever become great, without which no country can ever expect to prosper. Our territory extends over an area of 3,600,000 square miles; and, though our population is but five millions, it is increasing at a rate that promises to more than double itself within the next decade. The annual public revenue and expenditure reach over sixty millions of dollars. In the extent and tonnage of her mercantile marine Canada stands the fourth country in the world. Her great fisheries are second to none; while the inland navigation system of her rivers, lakes and canals cannot be surpassed the world over. The aggregate export and import trade of the Dominion amounts to about three hundred millions of dollars, and is constantly increasing. The wealth of our grand forests is practically inexhaustible; while the wooded lands of the east, and the grand prairies of the far west offer homes, surrounded by all the blessings of comfort and contentment, for many millions of people. Our railways, agriculture, manufactures and general industries present abundant evidence that in several important respects we have advanced far beyond many of the old countries of Europe; and that within a few years, we have accomplished that which it took centuries to achieve. That all this is true is beyond dispute; and the figures we have given cannot be questioned. Yet, with all this; with a system of government that presents few defects; with a history and surroundings that entitle us to rank higher, than we do, we are, after all, as helpless and as

powerless abroad as the most insignificant colony of the empire. Though we possess everything that goes to make up a nation, we have no standing as a nation, we are unknown as a nation. Though we may trade with all the world, though we have full power to make our own domestic laws, and to regulate our affairs within our own borders, we cannot talk to our next door neighbours on a simple question affecting our international commercial relations, without the consent and intervention of Downing street, three thousand miles away. Let us not be misunderstood: We are not talking politics now in the general meaning of the word; nor are we hinting at political independence in any possible way. What we are claiming, and what is claimed and desired, we fully believe, by the great majority of the people of Canada is, that we should have the right and power, within ourselves, to negotiate treaties of a purely commercial nature with foreign countries, instead of having the work done for us by others. We know our wants and our trade relations with our neighbours better than they can possibly be known in Downing street. It is a fact that in nearly every instance the interests of Canada have suffered when English diplomats have undertaken to act for us with the Americans; not through any want of earnestness or honesty on the part of those who were acting as our representatives, but through a want of knowledge as to Canada's requirements, as well as through the special sharpness and information of the men with whom they were brought in contact. Canada should no longer be treated as a child. It is absurd that a country of her extent, population, and resources, with her ships on every sea, and trade connections extending to all parts of the world, should have no standing abroad, and should be utterly powerless to enter into the most simple business treaty, without the sanction and assistance of other people. It is high time that we were placed in a different position in this respect; a position that, without weakening the tie that binds us to the mother country, would, at the same time, give us that commercial independence and prominence abroad which we can fairly lay claim to be entitled to.

THE MONTREAL MILCH COW.

La Patrie has an article called "the Milch Cow," in which it applies the term, so far as the Quebec Government is concerned, to the city of Montreal. It is to this city that Mr. Wurtelle turns his attention when he seeks to cover up his deficits and to comply with the demands caused by the extravagance which prevails. Montreal, it goes on to say, pays three-quarters of the impost levied for the administration of justice. It is the same with hotel licenses. This source of revenue Montreal contributes very largely. We agree with this, and hold that we are paying out of all due proportion. Montreal hotel-keepers are discriminated against to the advantage of Quebec and the rural districts. For this there is no reason and no justification, inasmuch as the opposition is not so great as it is here, where there are too many licensed houses conducted at a greater expense than they are in the other sections to which we have referred. Our contemporary continues that for some years a tax was levied on contracts or policies of insurance. In Montreal the large insurance companies have their offices and accept considerable risks. It has been the property owners and merchants of Montreal who indirectly paid this levy up to the time when it was abolished by the highest tribunal in the Empire. But not being satisfied, and still lacking funds, Mr. Wurtelle once more sought out the commercial and industrial companies, the banks and other corporations which had made Montreal the centre of their operations. This system has been followed ever since the introduction of the Federal system in Canada, and it has been Montreal, always Montreal, from which have been drawn the resources which have permitted the Provincial Government to continue to drag its chain and to defer the day of direct taxation. Our contemporary congratulates Mr. McShane upon having protested against this system, and remarks that the Ministry appear to believe that Montreal resembles the inexhaustible cow that was shown at the exhibition of 1881. They bear down upon her merchants, her bankers, her manufacturers, her hotel-keepers, and even her lawyers. "Soon," it is remarked, "we shall be forced seriously to consider the pleasantry of our correspondent, who expressed the idea of annexing the Island of Montreal to the Province of Ontario. Perhaps, it may be necessary to come to that to escape the exactions of the Quebec Government." The article which we have reviewed is extremely well-timed, and for our part we have reason to believe that there are many who look upon the "pleasantry" of the correspondent in question as a contingency, which at no remote date may have to be seriously considered. Mr. Mousseau and Mr. Wurtelle have, it is manifest, about gone the length of their tether, at least they have traversed about the extreme distance which Montreal is willing that they should go. That it may become necessary that we should agitate for a severance of the bond by which Montreal is connected with this Province is a reflection which we should not lightly dismiss. Indeed, it may come to that, and if it does, it is certain that the parties to the agitation will enter upon it with the intention of succeeding. The citizens of Montreal have been long-suffering, but there is a time when that quality will cease to be a virtue, and that time is approaching when in fact those who exhibit it and continue to do so will be criminal to themselves and their material interests. To-day Montreal is not only grievously

and unequally taxed, but she is heavily handicapped in her endeavours to compete for the carrying trade of the continent. Quebec is jealous of the port of Montreal, because she has materially decreased the foreign trade of that city. She grudges every cent either from the Provincial or the Dominion Treasury which is expended for the benefit of Montreal, and particularly has she complained of and vigorously opposed the outlays made by the Dominion upon channel improvements. She has failed to recognize that what is beneficial to Montreal is beneficial to herself; for, if trade comes to Montreal, it cannot altogether pass by Quebec if she is true to herself and has the enterprise that a live city should have. On the other hand, were Montreal made a city of Ontario, the Western cities would more than they do at present realize the community of interest that exists, and with Montreal as the ocean port of Ontario, would have no hesitation about making the appropriations required to enable this city to work out what is her manifest destiny, if she is not wilfully and unpatriotically hindered. There is, we repeat, a growing sentiment in favor of a change in our relations, and something to be done, and that speedily; but so far we are in presence of events which, if not arrested, will drive us where, perhaps, many would not go of their own free will and accord.

THE GOSPEL OF ASSASSINATION.

Those who have been preaching with such earnestness the new gospel, the practice of whose teachings was to bring about all the results which have been by them desiderated, have had no reason to complain that they have had no followers, or that those followers have been unwilling to do as they were commanded—although some of them, fearing the consequences, have discreetly endeavored to save their precious necks by acts of an apostate character. The revelations at the time of the Maitland murders and the subsequent developments in connection with the Phoenix Park tragedy have amply demonstrated how extensive have been the connections and how "admirable," if we may use the term, the discipline of the Murder League, which commenced by maiming dumb animals, continued by popping off landlords and their agents, and is now in the zenith of the fame that has attached to it on account of the cold blooded murder of Lord Cavendish and Mr. Burke, of an endeavour to repeat the exploits of Guy Fawkes, and finally of the valourous outrage perpetrated by two of its miscreants upon a woman, and that woman one who had approved herself to be a true friend of the cause under whose banners the apostles of daggers and dynamite professed to march. A still later evidence of the diabolical singleness of purpose—and that not to build up, but to destroy—of those who have banded themselves together to defy constituted authority, and wreck institutions that are cherished, is found in the evidence of an endeavour to blow up an extensive gas works in one of the most populous parts of the world's metropolis. And yet there are those who affect to justify these things, and who do not hesitate to declare that it serves England right, that it is no more than she deserves, and that it is the only means by which the "liberty" that is wanted can be obtained. Already there are those who pretend that when Lady Florence Dixie made her allegations she was labouring under a hallucination, and that her story was but the product of a fevered brain. Were the Windsor affair an isolated case, one would be inclined to regard it as possible that there might have been some mental deception, but the fact that it is an incident in a long chain of events renders it difficult to believe that the emissaries of the "Invincibles" were put on the track of Lady Dixie, with instructions to make quick work of her. We should be exceedingly glad if it could be proved to be otherwise.

THE SITUATION IN ONTARIO.

The Toronto Telegram of last evening hints at a possible coup d'état in Ontario, which, if attempted, will be likely to create trouble in that Province. It is admitted, even by the Conservatives, that Mr. Mowat has a majority—though a small one—of the people's representatives; but, notwithstanding this fact, it is contended that he polled a minority of the votes cast at the recent elections. Our contemporary says that there are rumours to the effect that Lieutenant-Governor Robinson may, under the circumstances, see fit to withdraw his confidence from the Mowat administration. It is to be hoped that there is no solid foundation for this rumour. It would be remembered that Lieutenant-Governor Letellier was dismissed by the powers at Ottawa for pursuing a somewhat similar course. In the face of their action then, they cannot now advise Governor Robinson to do that for which they so severely punished Governor Letellier. The Ontario Legislature was properly and constitutionally elected by the people. Let Mr. Mowat go before it in due time; and if it be then seen that he has a majority of the House at his back he should be allowed to remain where he is. It will be time enough to dispense with his services when it can be clearly shown that he no longer possesses the confidence of Parliament.

THE ORANGE INCORPORATION BILL.

The Orange Incorporation Bill was discussed in the House of Commons yesterday, and came within an ace of being thrown out. Mr. White, of Hastings, moved that the bill be read a second time to-morrow. Mr. Curzon, seconded by Mr. Burns, moved the six month's hoist. The amendment was lost; yeas, 89; nays, 94; or

a majority of 5 in favour of the bill, in a House of 183 members. Hon. Mr. Bowell was the only member of the Government who spoke on the question; while no prominent member of the Opposition took any part in the debate.

A NEW papier-mache process for covering floors is described as follows:—The floor is thoroughly cleaned. The holes and cracks are then filled with paper-putty, made by soaking newspapers in a paste made as follows: to one pound of flour add three quarts of water and a tablespoonful of ground alum, and mix thoroughly. The floor is coated with this paste, and then a thickness of manila or hardware paper is put on. This is allowed to dry thoroughly. The manila paper is then covered with paste, and a layer of wall paper of any style or design desired is put on. After allowing this to dry thoroughly, it is covered with two or more coats of sizing made by dissolving half a pound of white glue in two quarts of hot water. After this is allowed to dry, the surface is given one coat of "hard oil-finish varnish," which can be bought already prepared. This is allowed to dry thoroughly, when the floor is ready for use. The process is represented to be durable and cheap; and, besides taking the place of matting, carpet, oilcloth, or like covering, makes the floor airtight, and permits of its being washed.

"LA TRIBUNE" says, "I was found that Mr. Mercier, in previous sessions, was too easy-going, too conciliatory, and too indifferent. This year, it is considered, he is too active, too vigorous; that he raises too many questions and divides the House too often. It is in reality, say they, a great mistake that he has not altogether allowed matters to pass without saying anything, that he has not shut his eyes in order that he might see nothing, that he has not been content only occasionally to open his mouth in order that he might not be too eloquent. We have reproached Mr. Mercier for not having entered into a coalition at a time when he might have prevented the evil which was anticipated and which has occurred, when he could have saved his party, at least those who deserved to be in it; but at the present time he is doing what is his duty, his reputation, his honour, the interests of the Province and of his party demand."

JUDGE JEFFERS, of Wheeling, Va., has decided that one may hiss as well as applaud an actor in any place of public entertainment. The other day a person was brought before him for hissing in a theatre. The story was told, and one of the witnesses said that other persons in the audience had applauded the same performer. "Did the officer arrest them?" asked the Judge. "No, Sir," with some surprise. "Did not the applause make more noise than the hissing?" "Yes, I suppose it did." "Well, I will discharge this prisoner. A man who pays his money to see a performance has the same right to express his disapproval in the customary way as he has to testify his approval. The right to applaud implies the right to hiss. You may go, Sir." The prisoner went.

PROFESSOR Wiggins expresses the opinion that the attacks that are made upon him are chiefly instigated by the paid meteorologists in both Canada and the United States; but he does not heed them, being confident that the system upon which he works out his predictions will before long be accepted by the scientific world. An enthusiastic American admirer, Mr. Wm. A. Bryan, of Morristown, New Jersey, who has a large collection of portraits of eminent scientists of both Europe and America, has written to Dr. Wiggins for his portrait, that he may add it to his collection. He says, "I shall reciprocate by sending you something from the copies of works given me by the Queen of the Netherlands."

The editor of the Boston Globe must swallow large charges of gunpowder or nitro-glycerine with his porridge every morning, else he could never explode in this way:—"The anarchists are asking the misgovernors why they should not be abolished, and unless these can give true answer, there will be dynamite explosions enough some day to crack the crust of the planet and let the very fires of hell out to devour what vestiges of order the coalition of tyrants may have left on earth." It would not be safe to light a match in the editorial rooms of our gunpowder-loaded contemporary.

GENERAL sympathy will be extended to Hon. W. Lynch, Commissioner of Crown Lands, on the death of his father, which took place yesterday at Knowlton. The deceased was well and deservedly respected.

It is now stated in Washington, according to a telegram received yesterday, that the President has abandoned his proposed trip to Fortress Monroe, and that he will soon move to his summer residence in the Soldiers' Home.

It seems that Sir Alexander Galt has resigned the Canadian Commissionership in England, the reasons for which possibly the Premier may explain.

It is complained that Mr. Dewdney, Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West, is speculating in lands to the detriment of genuine colonists.

We direct particular attention to the proceedings of the City Council yesterday which are worthy of consideration.

DEATHS.
SNEEDEN—In New York, the wife of Mr. James Sneden Printer, late of Montreal. The funeral will leave Bonaventure Station, on Tuesday morning, 20th instant, for Mount Royal Cemetery, on arrival of the 9 o'clock train from New York. Friends are requested to attend.

WANTED.
A SITUATION, by a young man, to take charge of a drug, sundries or patent medicine department. Has had several years' experience. Address "L," this office. March 20 u 67

Amusements.

THEATRE ROYAL.
J. B. SPARROW - - - Manager.
Thursday, Friday and Saturday, March 22, 23 and 24.
2 Matinees, 21 - Friday and Saturday - F. N. DESLERS.
TRI-MAMMOTH HUMPTY DUMPTY PANTOMIME COMPANY.
Brilliant Association of Specialties!
Three Distinct Shows in One! with the greatest living Clown, ARFAN FAIRBIE, and a Czar of the High Stills.
POPULAR PRICES!—Matinees—25c. for children to all parts of the House. Seats at Prince's Music Store.
March 19 66

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
HENRY THOMAS, - - - Manager.
SPECIAL!
Monday, March 26th, 1883.
FOR THE EASTER HOLIDAYS!
AND FOR ONE WEEK ONLY!

The Eminent English Comedian, MR. CHARLES
WYNDHAM
And his own Comedy Company,
from the CRITERION THEATRE, London, under the management of BROOKS & DICKSON.
Grand Production of High English Comedy!
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday Evenings,
BRIGHTON!
THE LONDON "SARATOGA."
Thursday, Friday and Saturday Eve'g. and Saturday Matinee.
Henry J. Byron's Most Recent Success,
14 DAYS!
THE LONDON SENSATION.
New Scenes! Superb Costumes!
And Original Music!
The sale of seats for every representation will begin on WEDNESDAY MORNING, March 21st.
March 19 66

Montreal Pioneer Freethought Club.
MR. CHARLES WATTS,
Editor of *Secular Review* (London), will lecture under the auspices of the above Club, in the MECHANICS' HALL: Wednesday, March 21st, at 8 p.m.—"Thomas Paine, and the Fallacies of Christian Theology."
Thursday, March 22nd—"Secularism—Its Aims and Objects."
Admission, 25c. Reserved Seats, 50c.
March 16 r 64

ART ASSOCIATION OF MONTREAL.
A PAPER
WILL BE READ IN THE
ART GALLERY,
PHILLIPS SQUARE.
On Tuesday Evening, 20th March, At EIGHT o'clock,
By MR. FREDERICK W. MILLS.
Subject—HENRY PURCELL,
His Life and Works;
with illustrations by a select choir.
Members Admitted by Ticket.
March 17 b 65

DO NOT FAIL TO—
ATTEND
—THE—
PRINTERS' BALL AND SUPPER
IN THE
ASSEMBLY ROOMS
OF THE
QUEEN'S HALL,
ON
EASTER MONDAY,
26th March Next.
THE GRANDEST OF THE SEASON
TICKETS.
LADY AND GENTLEMAN,....\$3.00
Mr. E. HARDY'S Orchestra has been engaged for the occasion.
Mr. A. JOYCE will furnish the Refreshments.
Tickets may be secured from Messrs. C. C. De Zouche, St. James street; Laurent & Laforte, Notre Dame street; John A. Finn, Corner of Bleury and Craig streets; La Miniere office, and A. P. Pigeon, Herald office.
March 14 38

BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY OF CANADA.
NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.
This Company having granted to the Montreal Fire Department the right to use its Pole Lines and Public Office Instruments when required for the service of the Department. It is requested that Subscribers allow the employees of the Fire Alarm Telegraph Service the same privilege when necessary.
All persons authorized to use the Instruments will be furnished with a Badge which Subscribers will please request them to exhibit before allowing them access to their Telephones.
CHAIRMAN TILLOS D. HOOD,
Chairman Fire Dept. Committee.
C. F. SISE,
Vice-Prest. Bell Telephone Co.
March 20 c 67

New Advertisements.

Montreal Horse Exchange,
POINT ST. CHARLES.
Great Sale of 100 Horses by Auction, on THURSDAY, 22nd MARCH, at TEN o'clock. Catalogues will be ready on the morning of sale. Horses warranted as described.
March 19 b 66

NOTICE
All persons having claims against the Estate of the late JAMES COURT are requested to present the same, duly attested, to the undersigned, at their office, 22 ST. JOHN STREET.
JOHN MACINTOSH,
GEORGE HYDE,
Executors.
March 20 m 67

FOR SALE,
Tierces S. DAVIS, Jr.,
DIAMOND BRAND
CINCINNATI HAMS.
VERRET, STEWART & CO.
271 to 275 Commissioners Street.
March 17 1 65

GH. MUMM & CO.
EXTRA DRY
AND
DRY VERZENAY
IMPORTATION IN 1882
86,930 CASES
Henry Chapman & Co.
Sole Agents
FOR THE DOMINION.
February 6 trs 31
RIZONA!
Certificate from DR. GIRDWOOD, M.R.C.S., Eng.:
"I have examined the sample of 'Rizona' sent me, and find it to be a 'pure Farina, prepared from Rice, of a pleasant taste when cooked, and when so treated in the various modes to which it is applicable, either with or without milk, it forms a good and nutritious addition to our list of farinaceous foods, useful alike in health or in sickness."
(Signed,) G. P. GIRDWOOD, M.D., M.R.C.S., Eng.
Professor of Chemistry, Chemical Laboratory McGill College, Medical Faculty.
March 19 66

1879--Havana Crop--1879.
Henry Clays,
Cortina Moras,
Manuel Garcias,
Benito Suarez.
All these Cigars are fresh from Havana.
PHILIP HENRY,
134 ST. JAMES STREET.
March 20 67

THE CARPET WAREHOUSE!
ESTABLISHED 1859
OFFICE FURNISHINGS!
To firms and companies desirous of refitting their offices, wholly or in part, with CARPETS, OILCLOTHS, LINOLEUMS, MATTINGS, RUGS, MATS, &c., the large and varied stock now showing, the extensive range of quality and price, the unequalled facilities in Show Rooms and work departments at the OLD STAND, as well as the discount allowed, FIVE PER CENT for cash, are the inducements offered for their patronage. A call solicited.
JAMES BAYLIS & SON,
459 and 461 NOTRE DAME STREET.
March 6 55

PATERSON & ROLIN,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
(Late with Messrs. H. MORGAN & CO.)
343 NOTRE DAME STREET.
A LARGE STOCK OF
BROADCLOTHS,
DOESKINS,
COATINGS,
TWEEDS and
TROUSERS.
ALWAYS ON HAND.
March 13 61

MOLINO DEL REY
A Delicate, Dry, Non-Alcoholic Sherry.
Direct from the Duke of Wellington's Estate, at Gllora. SOLE AGENT,
FRED. KINGSTON,
25 HOSPITAL STREET, Montreal.
November 25 282

STORAGE!
FREE AND IN BOND.
Special Receipts granted for Banking purposes. A good Double Office TO LET from 1st May.
BLAIKLOCK BROS.,
No. 17 COMMON STREET.
March 19 66

New Advertisements.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.
IMPORTERS OF
New and Fashionable DRY GOODS.
JUST OPENED OUT
One case Findlay's Sheetings and Pillow Cottons in their Letter M, very heavy, and Linen finish in 10-4, 11-4 and 12-4 wide, also, their F.F. fine Twilled in 10-4 and 11-4 wide.
Very fine lines of Pillow Cottons in both American and English.
Very fine lines of Cotton Sheetings in all widths and makes, bleached and unbleached.
Very fine lines of White Sheetings in American, English and Canadian.
OUR OWN MAKE STAMPED
JOHN MURPHY & CO.
J 1 36 in. White Washed Shirting, 13c.
J 2 36 in. " " " 15c.
J 4 36 in. " " " 17c.
Also, "Herrocks," "Hawkins" and other good makes, at lowest prices.
Five per cent. Discount as usual for cash on all purchases over one dollar.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.
403 and 405
NOTRE DAME STREET
Corner ST. PETER ST.
March 20 c 67
ACCOUNT BOOKS
FOR
1883!
Ledgers, Journals, Cash Books, Day Books, AND ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF
BLANK BOOKS
Made to Order.
Full satisfaction, both as regards PRICE AND QUALITY, guaranteed.
ALL KINDS OF
JOB PRINTING
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
All Work Done on the Premises
Estimates Furnished.

'HERALD' OFFICE,
Victoria Square.
CLENDINNEN'S STOVES!
216 and 218 ST. JAMES STREET.
524 CRAIG STREET.
STOVES, RANGES, FURNACES.
MADE IN THE CITY.
Best of Iron.
Every Article Warranted.
Purchasers should bear in mind that
CLENDINNEN'S STOVES,
For Economy and Usefulness, have NO EQUALS.
W. CLENDINNEN.
February 15 39

COALS! COALS!
FOR SALE IN YARD,
English Beamish Smiths' Coals.
Orders taken for the well-known
CALEDONIA MINE COALS,
For delivery during season of navigation f.o.b. at Mines.
J. & R. McLEA,
8 Common Street.
February 21 44

STORAGE!
FREE AND IN BOND.
Special Receipts granted for Banking purposes. A good Double Office TO LET from 1st May.
BLAIKLOCK BROS.,
No. 17 COMMON STREET.
March 19 66

OTTAWA CORRESPONDENCE

Montreal Businessmen and the Railway Commission Bill—Reorganization of the Public Service.—The Ottawa Bill is the subject of the Ottawa Bill. The Ottawa Bill is the subject of the Ottawa Bill.

To-day a deputation of Montreal gentlemen comprising Messrs. F. W. Henshaw, George A. Drummond, W. W. Ogilvie, Thos. Cramp, Robert Reford and A. Allan waited on Sir John Macdonald and Sir Charles Tupper, in reference to the Railway Commission Bill brought forward by Mr. McCarthy. They were introduced by Messrs. Curran and Cossell M.P.s. Messrs. Cramp, Henshaw, Reford and Ogilvie addressed the Ministers pointing out the incalculable injury to our railway, shipping, agricultural and general interest likely to result from the adoption of the Commission Bill. Sir John promised that the subject should have the earnest attention of the Government, and Sir Charles advised the deputation to appear before the Railway Committee when the Bill came up for consideration.

THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

The new scheme of re-organization of the various departments of the public service provides for no less than four Deputy Ministers in the Department of the Interior. A new Mounted Police branch is to be created, over which Mr. T. White will preside, with the rank of Deputy Minister, and with three subordinates or branches. Indian Affairs, Dominion Lands and Geological Survey will be presided over by Messrs. Vanougen, Russell and Selynn respectively. Under the new scheme a large addition will be made to the annual cost of the public service.

SENATE DOINGS.

In the Senate to-day Sir Alexander Campbell moved to amend the act of last session respecting insolvent banks, insurance companies, &c. Mr. Power called attention to the dilatory manner in which public business was proceeded with this session. He was supported by Mr. Alexander, while Sir A. Campbell and Messrs. Kaulbach and Botsford defended the Government course.

THE ORANGE BILL.

A sensation was caused in the House of Commons to-day by the introduction of the Orange Incorporation Bill by Mr. White, of Hastings. The first reading of the bill passed without notice, but when formal motion was made that the second reading be fixed for to-morrow, Mr. Cousens rose and moved the six months' hoist. The member for Montreal East stated that his object was to prevent acrimonious discussion, but the friends of the bill denounced his conduct as unfair and unmanly. A curious scene followed. The galleries were soon filled, and Senators, grown tired of the dull proceedings of their Chamber, came to witness the exciting debate in the Commons. After some discussion, in which the opinion was generally expressed that the bill should not be killed at that stage, Mr. Bowell, Minister of Customs, rose and defended the bill. Mr. Ives referred to Mr. Bowell as the gentleman who represented the Battle of the Boyne in the Ministry. Messrs. Dawson and Hawkins (Conservative Roman Catholics) spoke in support of the first reading, and the division which followed was decidedly mixed. It was evidently desired that the bill should be killed by the votes of the Reformers and French Conservatives. However, all the Quebec ministers voted against the bill, while all those from the other Provinces, excepting Mr. Costigan, voted in its favour. The six months' hoist was defeated by five majority, and the bill will come up for second reading. The supporters of the bill included almost all the Protestant Conservatives from Ontario and the Maritime Provinces, and some Opposition members and Messrs. Dawson and Hawkins. To-day's division, however, is no indication that the bill will pass its second reading. Many members who considered it discreditable to defeat the bill at the first reading, openly expressing their intention of opposing it at the next stage.

SIR ALEX. GALT'S RESIGNATION.

The report that Sir A. T. Galt has resigned his position is confirmed by Sir John's statement to-night in reply to Mr. Blake. His successor will be either Sir Charles Tupper, or Hon. D. L. Macpherson.

THE RECIPROCITY MOTION.

Mr. G. W. Ross made a capital speech to-night on the reciprocity question. Mr. White, of Cardwell, attempted a reply but avoided the subject altogether to extol the present tariff.

QUEBEC CORRESPONDENCE.

The Government and the Cities of Montreal and Quebec.—Proceedings in Committee—Important Paper Document—Death of Hon. Mr. Lynch's Father.

From Our Special Correspondent. QUEBEC, March 19, The Daily Telegraph says this evening: "The member for Montreal West, Mr. McShane, gave a proof of his undying love for his native land when he took the arm of his countryman, Mr. Carby, M. P. P., immediately after the service in St. Patrick's on Saturday, and walked in procession through the whole line of march."

It is reported to-night in the corridors that a member of the Government declared not long since that if they can proscribe this week they will not hesitate to kick out the Quebec and Montreal City Bills, if only to teach those corporations to be not always bringing in their bills towards the end of the session.

The Committee on Privileges and Elections commenced their enquiry this morning into the alleged tampering with one of the petitions relative to the Montagu bill and after examining a few witnesses adjourned till to-morrow. But in view of the arrangement under which the bill itself passed to-night, it is probable that the further usefulness of the enquiry may be considered gone.

In the Private Bills the Valleyfield Bill passed with amendments. The voluminous Quebec City Bill of some 130 pages was next taken up, but a further postponement was insisted upon by its opponent on account of its not being yet printed in English. The consideration of the Montreal City Bill is fixed for to-morrow morning.

Prorogation this week is regarded by most here as an impossibility, in view of the very large number of Government and other orders still on the paper as well as items of supply remaining to be voted. The passage of the Montagu Bill to-night and the consideration of the General Bill in Committee, may, however, expedite matters, as well as give a chance to the Citizens' Gas Bill to pass.

It is reported that the Archbishop of Quebec has just received from Rome another Papal document of the highest importance relative to religious questions in this province. It is alleged by some that it refers to the lately published letters to His Grace and energetically insists upon implicit obedience being given to the Papal injunctions. By others it is thought to be a final decision of the Holy See on the Laval question.

Mr. Paré, of Le Canada, has sued Le Libre in \$25,000 damages for alleged libel in publishing a rumour that he is interested in the contract for the new Parliament buildings.

Crown Lands Commissioner Lynch left for Knowlton to-night to attend the funeral of his father, whose death occurred there this afternoon. The sad news reached Mr. Lynch during the sitting of the House, and elicited a deep expression of sympathy with the hon. gentleman in his bereavement from his fellow-members on both sides. Coupled with the hon. gentleman's reference at the magnificent luncheon he gave on Saturday to the members of both Houses in honour of St. Patrick's day to the unsatisfactory state of his own health and to the probability that it might compel him at no distant day to withdraw altogether into private life, his present family affliction has cast an unusual gloom over the House, of which Mr. Lynch is deservedly one of the most personally popular members.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

"THE WYNDHAM'S."

This company of English comedians appear at the Academy in Easter week. An exchange speaks as follows: As to "Fourteen Days," we can truly say that we have not seen a more amusing play for a long time. It fairly scintillates with wit, while its construction is a marvel of skill. Moreover, Mr. Byron has made his work thoroughly English, a consummation rarely reached by translators from the French. But the most charming part of this work is the highly respectable vein in which it is written, the cleanly atmosphere that surrounds it. Fun without dirt or the suggestion of dirt or the coarsest of vulgarity, is something which few of our latter day dramatists can produce. But this is a distinguishing character of "Fourteen Days," and the patrons of the Academy, we are sure, will appreciate it. The box plan opens on Wednesday morning, at 264 St. James street.

QUEEN'S HALL.

ALBANI.

We hear that a third concert by Albani is assured, so that our readers would do well to leave the ticket speculators severely alone. Already many feel that they are sold, and are advertising the sale of the tickets which they hold. All we say to our readers, buy them only at the regular price.

New Advertisements.

OUR Boys' and Youths' Clothing Department

Is now replete with a large and fine ASSORTMENT OF SUITS, in all of the **LEADING STYLES,** And will repay you to inspect the **Cheapest and Best Stock** Ever Exhibited in this City.

THE BOSTON CLOTHING HOUSE

41 and 43 ST. JOSEPH STREET. February 5 30

DECKER BROTHERS PIANOS!

BEST NOW MADE

DeZOUCHÉ & CO.

SOLE AGENTS,

233 St. James Street.

March 7

LIGHT WINES.

Burgundies.

SHIPPED BY

MESSRS. GEISWEILER & FILS

Nuits, Côte d'Or.

These Wines guaranteed to be according to labels—MAGNON VIEUX, BEAUJOLAIS, POMMARD VIGNAY, NUITS, CHAMBERTIN 1874, CLOS DE VOUE, GEOT 1865, and CHABLIS.

Bordeaux.

SHIPPED BY

MESSRS. DURAND FILS de JOHN

Bordeaux.

ST. ESTEPE, ST. JULIEN, MARGAUX and HAUT BARSAC.

Champagnes.

"PIPER-HEIDSIECK"

H. PIPER & CO'S

"Carte Blanche Sec."

For sale to the TRADE ONLY by

John Osborn, Son & Co.

SOLE AGENTS FOR CANADA.

20 & 22 ST. SACRAMENT STREET

February 9 34

Montreal Brass Works

R. MITCHELL & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF ENGINES AND PUMPS SUPPLIES.

The Continuous Feed Lubricator

For Sale or to Let.

OFFICES TO LET.

In Mr. Cherrier's Building, St. Paul street, and Custom House Square.

Apply to

H. M. PERRAULT,

99 St. Francois Xavier Street.

March 8 37

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A comfortable, neat Cut-Stone House, containing eleven apartments, besides Cellar, two Pantries, Bath and Servants' Bedrooms, two Closets and Hall; situated in one of the most pleasant and healthy places of the city, No. 47 Ste. Famille Street; desirable for both professional and business men; Lot 130 feet deep, wide lane in rear; Stable, and Coach-house. For further inquiry, apply to

A. H. DUBORD,

Office, 42 St. Sulpice Street.

February 22 37

WINNIPEG, MAN.

THE CAUCHON BLOCK.

Stores and Offices to Let.

The finest block in the Dominion, forming the corner of Main and York Streets, being 150 feet on Main and 120 on York, opposite the Hudson Bay Company's large stores.

This block contains in the three upper stories, 50 offices, each having from two to four rooms. There is also an elevator in the building. There are eight stores, six on Main Street and two on York Street, 25 by 80 feet, with plate glass front and sides. Some have three stories, including splendid frost proof cellars. These stores are well adapted for either wholesale and retail business and will be rented to desirable tenants at a moderate rate. The building is heated by steam, and is now open to the public for inspection. For further particulars apply to

JAMES A. GREEN,

Carlton St., Winnipeg.

February 19 37

FOR SALE.

THOSE FINE PROPERTIES, Nos. 56, 58 and 60 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER STREET, and 10 EXCHANGE COURT, will be sold either together or separately. Apply to

ROBERT KANE,

Office Heirs Hon. F. A. Quesnel, No. 10 Exchange Court.

February 20 37

TO LET.

FROM 1st MARY, the ROOM now occupied by the Montreal Stock Exchange (with or without adjacent Offices), No. 58 St. Francois Xavier Street. Apply to

ROBERT KANE,

Office Heirs Hon. F. A. Quesnel, No. 10 Exchange Court.

February 13 37

TO LET.

A BEAUTIFUL VILLA, at "Wendale Park," one mile West of Windsor Hotel; Water, Gas and all modern improvements, fine Grounds, &c. Will be let on very favourable terms to a desirable tenant. Apply to

W. F. LEWIS & CO.,

29 St. Sacrament Street.

February 12 36

TO LET.

Premises on corner St. James Street West and Cathedral, within fifty yards of Bonaventure Station, suited for Railway Offices or Light Manufacturing Business.

Alterations will be made for suitable tenant. Heated with hot water if required. For information, apply to the proprietors on the premises.

DAWES & CO. 32

February 7 37

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THAT SPLENDID VILLA, "SOUVENIR."

The Residence of C. J. COURSO, Esq., M.P. This beautiful property is only partially within the City Limits, and adjoins the mansions of John Hope and Henry Judah, Esquires.

For further particulars, apply to

ROBERT KANE,

Office Heirs Hon. F. A. Quesnel, No. 10 Exchange Court.

January 31 26

TO LET.

A handsome flat, in the HERALD Block, facing Queen's Statue, Victoria Square, St. James and Craig Streets; heated by steam, well lighted, Electric on St. James Street. Apply at the HERALD office.

December 27 309

FOR SALE.

Upon St. Antoine street, the dwelling houses known as Nos. 63, 65, 67 and 69 of said street, with large lot in rear.

Large lot, corner of Craig and Sanguinet streets, now occupied as a coal and lumber yard.

That handsome villa residence, formerly occupied by E. A. Dubois, Esq., with about forty acres of land; large cut-stone dwelling house, outbuildings, garden, etc. This desirable property is situated almost opposite "View Mount," the residence of the late Donald Ross, Esq. Title perfect. Terms easy. Apply to

G. R. S. DEBEAUJEU,

or to 135 St. Denis Street.

E. C. MONK, Esq., Advocate, 132 St. James Street.

February 5 31

TWO SHOPS TO LET.

In Kingston, opposite Market Square, 33 feet x 15 feet 6 inches, with good cellars. One rear fire proof vault. Apply to

RAWDEN & MACHAR, Kingston.

April 19

FOR SALE.

Private Dwellings and Building Lots.

In various parts of the city.

MONEY LOANED ON FIRST MORTGAGE.

F. McMANN & CO.,

96 St. Francois Xavier Street.

November 1 261

SOLID INVESTMENT.

334, 336 and 338 St. Paul Street

AND

173 & 175 Commissioners St.

I am instructed to offer for sale the above valuable Property. The Stores on St. Paul street are newly built and of a most convenient size, and the whole Property is well worthy of the attention of investors.

R. K. THOMAS,

131 St. James Street.

February 26 48

FOR SALE.

SECOND HAND LOCOMOTIVE ENGINES.

10 x 22 Cylinder.

For further particulars apply to

ANTHONY FORCE,

76 St. Peter Street.

March 10, 1883.

Im 59

Auction Sales.

BY SHAW & GOWDEY.

SALE BY AUCTION

OF

VALUABLE PROPERTY.

CUSTOM HOUSE SQUARE.

ALSO,

The Double-Engine, Paddle-Wheel Steamer

"JOHN YOUNG."

BY ORDER OF THE

Harbour Commissioners of Montreal.

At our Rooms, 235 ST. JAMES ST.,

On TUESDAY, 27th MARCH inst.,

At ELEVEN o'clock.

The property comprises the Cut-Stone Block, over 90 feet front, on Custom House Square, 51 feet deep on Capital street, at present occupied by the Port Warden, the Montreal Transportation Co., and others, yielding a large revenue, which can be increased. The central position of this property renders it exceedingly valuable, close to shipping and wholesale trade.

"THE JOHN YOUNG," as described above, was built in 1875. Length over all, 125 ft.; breadth of beam, 22 ft.; Tonnage, 103.32; two independent beam engines, cylinder, 30 inch 8 ft. stroke of piston; steam pressure, 45 to 50 lbs.

Is a powerful Tug and well adapted to lake or river business; has good cabin accommodation, and well fitted and found in all respects. Can be seen on application to Captain MacKenzie, at the Harbour Commissioners' Ship-Yard, Sorel. Full particulars, as to terms, &c., will be made known day of sale.

SHAW & GOWDEY, Auctioneers.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE SALES.

At Private Residences.

Sales of Farm Stock, Agricultural Implements, &c., in the City and Country, and General Merchandise. All receive our best attention.

SHAW & GOWDEY, Auctioneers.

February 19 37

New Advertisements.

"MOTHERS, HOME AND HEAVEN!"

A BEAUTIFUL GIFT BOOK!

Printed on fine Tinted Paper and Handsomely Illustrated.

Recommended by all the Leading Clergymen in the City.

A Book that Should be in the Hands of Every Woman in Canada.

Price: Cloth and Gold, \$3.50. Mailed, free of postage, on receipt of price.

W. J. CLARKE, BOOKSELLER

BEAVER HALL SQUARE.

March 14 62

FOR SALE.

50 Tons Hoop Iron,

For Sale in lots to suit purchasers, will be sold cheap.

WITH LIBERAL TERMS.

R. B. MURRAY & CO.,

36 ST. HENRY STREET.

Montreal, February 5 30

GIBB & CO.

Being Weekly in Receipt of

NOVELTIES

IN

Tailoring and Haberdashery,

INVITE INSPECTION.

The Best and Cheapest Roofing in the Market is the

SPARHAM CEMENT.

The only Roofers authorized to lay this Roofing are the

Sole Agents,

JOSEPH JAMES & CO.,

Corner Latour Street and Busby Lane.

February 6 31

BARB WIRE FENCING

FIRST PRIZE awarded at the Exhibition held in Montreal, September, 1882, and at the MECHANICAL ARTS Machine used in the manufacture of same.

THE MANITOBA

Four-Point Barb Galvanized Steel Wire Fencing.

Ordinary Fencing Barbs 7 1/2 inches apart. Hog Wire for bottom line, Barbs 4 1/2 inches apart.

Plain Twisted Wire Fencing, without Barbs, at REDUCED RATES.

Send for Circulars and Price Lists.

THE CANADA WIRE CO.

H. R. IVES, President and Manager, QUEEN STREET, Montreal.

February 26 48

THE BOLT AND IRON CO.

OF TORONTO

MANUFACTURE EVERY KIND OF

Carriage and Fancy Head Bolts,

Tire and Sleigh Shoe Bolts,

Stove and Sink Bolts,

Railway and Machine Bolts,

Boiler Rivets and other Rivets,

Railway Spikes and other Spikes,

Lag and Gimlet-Pointed Screws,

Plough and Special Shaped Bolts.

DOMINION DESPATCHES.

A Large White Immigration Into British Columbia.

AN IMPORTANT PAPAL LETTER

Proposed Abolition of Imprisonment for Debt in Nova Scotia.

THE FREE BOOKS PETITION, QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, March 19.—A new Roman Catholic association of congregationalists has been established at Lévis. There are 300 members on the roll, and the association was regularly inaugurated yesterday. The pupils of the Laval University and the Seminary were to-day accorded a general holiday on account of it being the feast of St. Joseph, and the 12th anniversary of the consecration of Archbishop Taschereau.

Archbishop Taschereau has received further important despatches from Rome treating on the same subject as those already made public.

OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, March 19.—Word was received last evening of the death at Minneapolis on Saturday, March 17th, of Mr. Allan Napier, at the age of 41 years. He was the second surviving son of Mr. Ross, Deputy Clerk Assistant of the Legislative Assembly of the old Province of Canada. Mr. Napier also leaves a relative in this city, a clerk of the English Records Department of the House of Commons.

LEGAL.

Argument was concluded to-day in the following cases:—Bank of British North America vs. Walker; Worthington vs. McDonald.

TORONTO.

Mr. Gordon Brown and the "Globe."—TORONTO, March 19.—The action brought by Mr. Gordon Brown against the "Globe" for \$5,000 damages for wrongful dismissal has been made ready for trial, and will be heard at the next Toronto assizes about the end of this month. An order was obtained in Chambers this morning to examine Mr. Brown, and ascertain what position he takes in the matter.

A deserter. Joseph Blackhall, a deserter from the North-West Mounted Police, was arrested here to-day. As several cases of desertion have occurred lately, the police authorities will likely deal severely with Blackhall.

THE Lottery Prosecutions.

In the Detroit lottery ticket case to-day James Rennie was fined \$20 and costs on two charges of selling.

The Illness of Archbishop Lynch.

Archbishop Lynch is not so well to-night, a relapse having set in towards evening.

The Free Book Petition.

Several firms of book publishers who had signed the petition for the free admission of books for the free library have withdrawn their names. They sent a despatch to Ottawa, to the effect that they had signed under misapprehension.

The Phillips Case.

Mr. B. O. Oler, Q.C., is now engaged in preparing the bill in the Phillips extradition case in the appeal to the Privy Council.

HALIFAX.

Legislative Doings.

HALIFAX, N.S., March 19.—The House of Assembly was engaged to-day in committee on the bill for the abolition of imprisonment for debt. The Legislature will probably prorogue about the end of the month.

The Proposed Dry Dock.

Major Fraser and Messrs. T. E. Kenny John Deane and J. J. Bremner leave on Wednesday for Ottawa, as a delegation on dry dock business. They intend asking the Dominion Government to guarantee the bonds to be issued by the Dry Dock Board to the amount of cost of construction on the same terms as was done in Quebec.

ST. JOHN.

A Murderer's Story.

ST. JOHN, N.B., March 19.—The coloured man Hughes, sentenced to death for murdering his wife, made a statement to a newspaper reporter to-day. He says that he always had hard feelings against his wife for some unknown reason. They quarrelled and she left him. He tried to persuade her to return, but she refused. "Then I was overcome with the wicked spirit which told me: 'You won't live but a few weeks anyway, kill her and then you will be hung, and both of you will be out of the way.' My mind told me I would give myself to death in a short time, not having her to live with me. I then snatched a hatchet and killed her. I then gave myself up to the law and was brought to jail."

VICTORIA.

White Immigrants.

VICTORIA, B.C., March 19.—White mechanics and labourers are coming in by hundreds. The railway contractor declares Chinese labour unsatisfactory and more expensive, and Orendorck has got 3,000 whites at work.

Projected Railway.

The bill to charter a railway to the boundary line has elicited a sharp discussion in the House. The Premier took the view that the passage of the bill would enable the Northern Pacific Railway to capture much of the Canadian Pacific traffic.

PASSENGERS.

HALIFAX, N.S., March 19.—The mail steamer Circassian, from Liverpool, arrived at 9 o'clock this morning, with the following cabin passengers:—W. Cummings, P. A. Routh, B. P. P. A. Hawkins and wife, J. S. Trider, Lieut. Pearson, A. McMillan, M. Russell, C. F. Hornby, D. Sutherland, W. W. Wakelam, G. Johnstone, M. Hedley, H. Snell, G. Nevins, A. Bickford, G. E. Pain, J. A. Trego, W. A. Dyer, G. E. Evans, also twenty intermediate and two hundred and four steerage.

U.S. Secretary Chandler will send out two expeditions to the Arctic this summer.

A party of men who have been engaged to work in British Columbia on the C. P. R., left Belleville yesterday. A party numbering 100 left Kingston also for the same field of labour.

IRISH AFFAIRS.

Reported Attempt to Blow up a Large London Gas Works.

PARNELL COMING TO AMERICA.

Archbishop Croke Highly Praises Mr. Parnell.

THE GOVERNMENT AND THE DISTRESS, ENGLAND.

Archbishop MacEvilly Speaks. DUBLIN, March 19.—Mgr. MacEvilly, Archbishop of Tuam, replying to the Lord Lieutenant on behalf of the Catholic bishops of Ireland, writes: The action of the Government insisting on extending relief to the distressed people through the workhouse is an outrage on humanity and a covert system of exterminating the native race.

The Parnell Testimonial.

Archbishop Croke writes to the *Freeman's Journal* tendering a subscription of £50 to the Parnell testimonial fund, and strongly eulogizing the Irish leader. Mr. Parnell has, he says, earned for himself the bitter hatred and possibly the execration of Mr. Foster and his associates and of every enemy of Ireland. Archbishop Croke suggests the formation of a National Committee.

Dynamite for a Priest.

KEEPS, March 19.—The parish priest, at Withness in Lancashire, received by mail a box, which was found, on examination, to contain dynamite.

Increased Police and Military.

Sir Vernon Harcourt, Home Secretary, says the police will be increased by 500 men, while the military will protect the public buildings.

Parnell Coming to America.

It has been arranged that Mr. Parnell shall go to America, Mr. Sexton remaining to watch the proceedings in Parliament.

Attempt to Blow up a Gasometer.

Two barrels of powder have been found near the large gasometers of the Metropolitan Gas Company, at Holloway, near King's Cross, London.

O'Donovan Rossa not Believed.

NEW YORK, March 19.—It is stated that leading Irishmen in New York, members of the Land League and various other societies, disbelieve the assertion of Jerry O'Donovan, alias Rossa, and his gang that they planned and executed the recent explosion in London.

WEATHER REPORT.

MONTREAL, March 19. Temperature in the shade by Standard Thermometer, observed by Heaton, Harrison & Co., optician and mathematical instrument makers, 242 and 244 Notre Dame Street: 8 a.m., 7°; 1 p.m., 8°; 6 p.m., 11°; max., 12°; min., 4°; mean, 8°. By Standard Barometer—8 a.m., 30.24; 1 p.m., 30.10; 6 p.m., 29.96.

Meteorological Office.

Probabilities for the next 24 hours:—Lakes—Moderate to fresh winds, fine weather, higher temperatures. Upper St. Lawrence—Fresh to strong north to west winds, gradually clearing weather, stationary or higher temperatures. Lower St. Lawrence—Strong winds, cloudy to snowy weather, clearing at night or tomorrow, not much change in temperature. Gulf—Strong winds and gales, cloudy to snowy weather, not much change in temperature. Maritime—Strong winds and gales, cloudy weather with snow and rain.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

AQUATICS.

ST. JOHN, N.B., March 19.—A Toronto telegram having stated that Hanlan crossed the English Channel to row Wallace Ross this afternoon, and willing to make the stakes \$1,000 a side, Ross today issues a challenge to Hanlan offering to row a four or five mile race for the amount stated. The winner also to receive all money received from railways, etc. Ross will give \$500 for expenses, provided Hanlan will row at St. John, or he will take \$500 and row at Toronto; the race to take place on or after the 1st of July. Ross says he will deposit \$500 in any bank in St. John, to be named by Hanlan, pending the appointment of a stakeholder.

TELEGRAPHIC ITEMS.

—A new wing is to be added to the Ottawa University building.

—Pere Hyacinthe and his wife intend to visit America during the summer.

—The Earl of Dudley, whose income is \$5,000,000, is said to be losing his mind.

—Sir William Armstrong, the English gunmaker, has given \$750,000 to Newcastle, England, during the last twenty years.

—A law has been passed in Maine to forbid the killing of birds and game on Sunday, but an amendment to prohibit fishing was voted down.

—The printers employed on the *Atlanta Evening Star* and *Harris & Co.* printing house yesterday struck for 30 cents. They have been getting 25.

—Several bullets have recently been found in the ground near the residence of Mr. Carrier at Lévis, Quebec, supposed to have been fired during the siege of 1759.

—For creating a row in the vicinity of the Salvation Army meeting house at Toronto on Sunday night, James McCulloch yesterday morning paid three dollars and costs.

—The latest issue of the United States *Congressional Record* contains four unspoken speeches by Representative Wheeler of Alabama, amounting to about 175,000 words.

—The United States Commissioner of Internal Revenue estimates that the reduction of taxes in his department for the next fiscal year, beginning July 1, 1893, will be \$40,000,000.

—Yesterday the Guarantee Trust Co. received a package containing \$70,000 of the People's railway, recently stolen. The Company's officers refused to say how the bonds came to be restored; but declared that they were not compromised.

—The Edison electric light plant in the House of Commons, London, will be actuated by a steam engine made in the United States. This fact evidently chafes the editor of the *London Engineer*, who, when commenting on what he naively terms a discrimination against the mechanics of Great Britain in the admission there of all machinery free while the United States lays a tax of forty per cent. upon like imports, hopes, sarcastically, it may prove more efficient than American engines in England have done heretofore.

FROM THE OLD WORLD.

Serious Accident to Queen Victoria At Windsor Castle.

SEVERE STORM IN GREAT BRITAIN

Fatal Railway Collision near Glasgow, Scotland.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR AND UNIVERSAL PEACE

ENGLAND.

Emigration to Canada. LONDON, March 19.—It is expected that emigration to Canada during the ensuing season will be unusually extensive. The steamer "Parisian," which sailed from Liverpool for Halifax Thursday, took 450 emigrants. A large number of Scandinavians and Germans will proceed to the North-West of Canada in the course of the next few weeks.

British Resident at Vatican.

It is stated the Government never proposed to appoint a British resident at the Vatican.

France and Madagascar.

No demand for mediation in the trouble between France and Madagascar has been made and the Government has no intention to increase the number of British ships in Madagascar waters.

A Large School Company.

There was an interesting ceremony on Saturday at Albert Hall. The Princess of Wales, in company with the Princess of Wales, visited the headquarters of the Public Day Schools Company, an enterprise launched ten years ago under the patronage of the Princess Louise, and now presenting the singular spectacle of a commercial company successfully conducting the education of 5,000 girls, paying a five per cent. dividend, and giving perhaps the best middle class education to be had in England. Lord Aberdare, who is the President of the Company, Lord Lansdowne, Lady Stanley of Alderley, who arranged the admirably organized ceremony, took part. The Princess of Wales spoke with his usual good sense. There were 3,000 pupils present and 10,000 spectators.

President Arthur and Arbitration.

The Universal Arbitration and Peace Society publishes a letter from President Arthur acknowledging the receipt of a letter commending his reference in the last annual message to arbitration. The President's response shows that he sympathizes with their objects.

Death of Sir Hastings Doyle.

General Sir Charles Hastings Doyle, K.C.M.G., is dead.

The Geneva Award Surplus.

Mr. Coleridge Kennard complains of the neglect of the House of Commons of his motion relative to the surplus of the Alabama award. His object is to recover the surplus for the legitimate British claimants and taxpayers.

Accident to the Queen.

The Queen slipped upon the stairs of the Palace at Windsor on Saturday, and sustained injuries, but was able to hold a council with the Ministry to-day.

SCOTLAND.

Severe Storm.

LONDON, March 19.—Saturday's gale in the north was accompanied by extraordinary snow storms and extensive drifts. At Maduff considerable damage was done. It is reported that a number of boats were driven from their moorings in Finsbury Harbour and wrecked. Large quantities of wreckage were washed ashore on the coast of Aberdeenshire. Railway traffic in Scotland is almost entirely blocked. A passenger train from Inverness to Perth struck a drift on Friday night. No trains ran on Saturday. Intense frost seriously retarded every department of agriculture.

Serious Railway Collision.

The Glasgow express from Edinburgh telegraphed a train from Glasgow near the Central Station this evening. Four persons were killed and many injured.

WALES.

Severe Storm.

LONDON, March 19.—Snow fell in the north of Wales and the Midlands, materially interfering with traffic.

GERMANY.

The Ministry of Marine.

BERLIN, March 19.—It is stated the Emperor has accepted the resignation of Von Storch, Chief of the Ministry of Marine. It is reported that Bismarck has forced him to resign.

FRANCE.

Parnell in Paris.

PARIS, March 19.—Mr. Parnell spent Sunday in company with Messrs. Clemenceau and Henri Rochefort.

Correction.

The riotous meeting of Socialists in La Brasserie des Piques, reported in the despatch of yesterday, was held at Geneva not in Paris.

Sunday's Symptoms.

The only serious symptoms in France yesterday, of Socialist activity was an attempt to reduce the soldiers stationed at Rheims, by throwing over the wall of the barracks 200,000 cartridges, directions for blowing up public buildings. Nine persons were arrested.

Troops Ready.

The Government was prepared to send twenty-five thousand troops into the streets yesterday to quell the disturbances.

The Government and the Distress.

After Easter the Government will introduce a bill for the relief of distressed workmen.

DeBrazza Starts for the Congo.

De Brazza has started for Bordeaux, where he embarks for Africa.

Sentences Confirmed.

In the case of Bontoux and Feder, President and Manager of the Union Generale, the Court of Appeal has reversed the judgment of the lower court regarding fictitious payments on stock and the issue of shares of the irregularly constituted company. The sentence was reduced to two years.

Trouble at St. Etienne.

ST. ETIENNE, March 19.—Sixty miners to-day attempted to rescue a comrade from Gendarmes, who used weapons. One miner was mortally wounded. Several arrests were made, and great excitement prevails.

Doings in the Chamber.

In the Chamber of Deputies a Radical motion, relating to the grievances of the mining population, was rejected by 294 to 116.

Regarding the motion granting an am-

nesty to political press offenders, the Minister of the Interior insisted that the present moment was untimely for such action. Calmer popular feeling should be awaited. The motion was rejected by 393 to 8. The Chamber then adjourned for one month.

RUSSIA.

Suicide. ST. PETERSBURG, March 19.—Porsiloff, formerly director of post offices, has again stabbed himself. His wounds are more serious than at the first attempt at suicide. **Suicides Still Vigilant.**

It is reported that despatches from Moscow announce the discovery in the basement of the Imperial Opera House in that city of a large quantity of dynamite and other explosives. The report has caused a feeling of consternation in Court circles, as showing that the Nihilists have not relaxed their activity, and the outlook for the Czar's coronation is considered a gloomy one.

AUSTRIA.

Socialists' Trials. VIENNA, March 19.—It is evident the charge of high treason against the Socialists on trial here has broken down.

TURKEY.

Battle with Arabs.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 19.—Some Arabs to-day attacked four Ottoman battalions near Yerey. Four Turkish officers and a number of soldiers were killed and wounded. The Arabs were repulsed.

NEW WORLD NEWS.

The Relations of Cuba and the United States.

SITTING BULL TO BE RELEASED.

Sitting Bull and His Braves.

ST. PAUL, March 19.—Fort Randall advises that Sitting Bull and his band of about 140 warriors have been taken up by military custody. They will be taken on May 1st from Fort Randall and placed upon the reservation of Standing Rock Agency. There are no indications of future trouble with the Cheyenne and band, who profess an earnest desire for a life of peace and industry in agriculture and stock-raising.

Extraordinary Vitality.

DE RUTHER, N.Y., March 19.—The vitality of Justice Night, mysteriously shot about twenty days ago while in bed, is regarded as phenomenal, as the ball remains in his brain. He takes very little nourishment and is irritable most of the time. It is said the records show no case where, with such a wound, death been so long postponed.

Mormon Converts.

CHATTANOOGA, March 19.—The presiding Elder of the Mormon Church, is here arranging for the immigration of converts to Utah. There are now ninety missionaries in the south, and he says the annual number of converts is 700; 150 will emigrate next week.

In Memory of Karl Marx.

NEW YORK, March 19.—The Cooper Union was crowded to its utmost capacity to-night, mainly by people of a Communist stripe, to honor the memory of Karl Marx. The red flag was everywhere displayed.

A Degrading Spectacle.

BOSTON, March 19.—A benefit to J. L. Sullivan, the prize fighter, to-night, was crowded. Several exhibitions of boxing were given, and the utmost enthusiasm was shown by the people of the cultured and aesthetic "Hub."

Cuba's Foreign Relations.

HAVANA, Cuba, March 19.—During the presence at Point au Prince of the American frigate "Vandalia," Mr. Langston, the United States Minister, entertained Commander Walker and officers at a magnificent dinner at which President Solomon attended with all his Ministers. The representatives of all the foreign nations were present. Solomon gave the following toast:—"I drink to Commander Walker and his officers, to the United States Navy, to the union of great and small powers and to the protection by the former of the latter."

ANOTHER SEVERE STORM.

Yesterday morning another snowstorm set in over Canada generally, and continues unabated up to time of writing. Despatches from Ottawa, Quebec, Toronto, Kingston, Niagara, Welland, St. Thomas, Peterboro, Goderich, Picton, Port Hope, Sarnia, Chicago, London, Ont., Huntingdon, Sorel, Que., and Cornwall, all report a very heavy fall of snow, accompanied by high winds. The quantity of snow on the ground in many places is reported to be unprecedented for very many years.

Toronto, Ont., March 19.—The snow ceased about 7 o'clock to-night. The register at the Observatory shows that between 12 and 13 inches of snow had fallen since Sunday morning. During this afternoon several severe atmospheric interruptions were felt in the Telephone offices. It is needless to say that railway and country traffic is much impeded, except on the main lines, which are only kept open by constant vigilance.

FIRE REPORT.

ST. JOHN, N.B., March 19.—Mrs. Burn's house, at Bathurst, was destroyed by fire on Sunday. Insured in the Western Assurance Company for \$800.

Boston, March 19.—There was a fire this morning in the building occupied by Halsey & Co., hatters, Richardson & Gertz, shirts, and Richards, jeweler. Loss \$50,000.

SHERIDAN, Mich., March 19.—Yesterday an entire block, including a hotel, was burned. Loss about \$30,000.

CRIMES AND MISDEMEANORS.

KNOWLTON, March 19.—On Friday morning, at about 6 o'clock, a man, about 30 years of age, named McLoughlin, sawyer in Messrs. Prouty & Miller's mill here, committed suicide by hanging. No cause assigned.

QUEBEC, March 19.—Three children of Narcisse Fougere, of St. Magloire, County of Bellefleur, were burnt in their beds a night or two ago in the absence of their parents. The party in charge of the house and oldest child escaped, but had their feet badly frozen in making their way to the nearest house. The children burned were aged six, four years and eight months.

During February there were 28 storm warnings issued from the Toronto office, of which 16 were verified.

THE OUTRAGE ON LADY DIXIE.

The Queen Orders A Portrait of the Faithful Dog.

LADY FLORENCE'S OPINION.

Doubt Cast Upon the Truth of the Story.

LADY FLORENCE INTERVIEWED.

A correspondent had an interview with Lady Florence Dixie at her charming little residence "The Fisheries," on the banks of the Thames near Windsor, where she is staying with her husband, Lord Beaumont Dixie, and her brother, Lord James Douglas. Correspondent found Lady Florence in the road surrounded by gentlemen with whom she was conversing. Her ladyship was dressed in a cardinal jersey, her dress, animated appearance and manner showing no traces of the severe and terrible ordeal which she had gone through. Lady Florence said: "I returned from Ireland six weeks ago, and I came here for the purpose of retirement and quiet, as I had a great deal of work to do, though at the period of the year I usually stay at our seat in Leicestershire. On Saturday afternoon at a quarter to five I sauntered into the plantation which adjoins 'The Fisheries,' with my St. Bernard dog, and had reached the gate opening into the Windsor road when my attention was first attracted to a soldier and woman passing by. While looking after them and mentally remarking on the fine physique of the man I was addressed by what appeared to be two tall women dressed in long cloaks of dark stuff and wearing veils, who asked me to tell them the time. I replied I had no watch upon me and turned back again into the plantation. I was about crossing the stile when I noticed the women followed me. This aroused my suspicion as the ground is private, so I faced round to meet them. I had scarcely done so when one seized me by the throat and struck me violently on the head and threw me on the ground. I called loudly for help when they pushed me into my mouth. I then saw by their clean shaven chins that they were men in the disguise of women's apparel. While prostrate I saw the other man raise a knife and aim a savage blow at my right breast. The knife struck the steel ribs of my corset and glanced off. Without uttering a word he again made a stab which I caught in my left hand. I also remember hearing the noise of a cart on the road and seeing my dog fly at the men; then I swooned. I came to my senses half an hour afterward and found myself lying in the same spot where I fell. I got up and walked back to the house and told my husband and brother of the terrible outrage. They immediately departed for Windsor to lay an account before the authorities."

A Noble Dog.

The St. Bernard dog returned to the house after the arrival of Lady Florence. The Queen has requested a painting of the dog. Detectives have taken the corpse, worn by Lady Florence who has suffered no injury beyond a slight scratch from one of the stabs, which, after glancing on her corset, penetrated her chemise and some cuts on palms of both hands. Lady Florence said, "The whole affair is most mysterious. I can ascribe a motive to no one as my sympathies for the Irish people have been openly avowed and are well known. It was assumed the attack would be laid at the door of the Irish, an assumption which was warmly repudiated. 'Every crime must be of Irish origin.'"

The Scene of the Outrage.

The correspondent afterward inspected the scene of the outrage. The plantation extends about two hundred yards from the house in the direction of Windsor, having for its boundaries the river on one side, and the Windsor road on the other side. It is very thinly wooded, the river being plainly seen from the roadway.

The Fisheries.

"The Fisheries" enjoys some renown from the fact of having been occupied successively by all the reigning Georges. Visitors in an uninterrupted string called and left their cards all day, many coming from the Castle. The attack was committed close to the busy highway in open day and within sight of the towers of Windsor.

Extra Precautions Taken.

Following closely on the explosion at the Local Government buildings at Westminster, the attempt to murder Lady Florence Dixie at Windsor has roused public excitement to the highest pitch. These alleged Irish outrages are the absorbing topic of the hour and the Executive are taking active measures in the emergency. The metropolitan police force has been increased by over a thousand men and the detective force has been doubled during the night. Although the officials say that they have clues to the perpetrators of the Dixie outrage no arrests have as yet been made. The affair is still shrouded in mystery. Lady Dixie is perfectly rational in her talk, but excited and seems to know very little about the attack or its circumstances. That she had an unconscious struggle with the alleged assassins is not made clear. There is no evidence of any struggle having taken place and the slightness of Lady Dixie's injuries is causing

DISTRUST AS TO THE ENTIRE TRUTH OF HER STORY.

There is now a vague and current opinion that the affair is either exaggerated or that it is the result of an over-wrought hysterical imagination. That only a few insignificant cuts on her hands and dress should be all there is to show as the result of a murderous attack by two disguised infuriated Fenians, burning with desire to punish an enemy of the cause, is regarded as somewhat suspicious. Gossip says that the whole affair may not be unconnected with a lecturing tour through the United States, which it is said, Lady Dixie has had under consideration for some time. It is understood that if Lady Dixie goes to the United States it will be arranged to have her closely followed Mr. Parnell in his proposed tour.

No Brogue.

Lady Florence Dixie says her assailants spoke with no brogue. She remembers seeing her dog drag one of them backward.

What Egan Thinks.

NEW YORK, March 19.—E